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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 34. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THEY WANT A RAILWAY

British Columbians at the Capital in Force.

The Deputation Say Mining Development in Southern and Eastern British Columbia Has Reached Gigantic Proportions and They Want Railway Facilities - It Will in One Sense Be a Rival of the Crow's Nest Road — The Maxim Guns - Ottawa News Generally

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—(Special.)—There was a great influx of British Columbia politicians to the Capital this afternoon. Among them are Senator T. R. McInnes, his son, Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, M.P. for Vancouver district; Dr. G. L. Milne, Liberal candidate for Victoria at the last election, and Rev. G. R. Maxwell, M.P. for Burrard. They are here to urge the Government to assist them to secure a charter as well as substantial aid to the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, which purposes to build a line from Burrard Inlet through the great mining camps of Fairview, Rook Creek, Camp McKinney, Boundary Creek, Kettle River and East and West Kootenay, to the eastern boundary of British Columbia. The deputation say that mining development is going on in Southern and Eastern British Columbia and has reached gigantic proportions. New leads have sprung up and are springing up every year. Thousands of people are now residing in this great mineral and agricultural country, and their numbers are increasing with unsurpassed rapidity. Thousands of mines have been located and new discoveries are being made every day. They claim, however, that, owing to the lack of railway communication with the coast cities of British Columbia, the development of this country is greatly retarded, as the agricultural lands cannot be opened up nor the enormous deposits of ores be developed without transportation facilities. They are therefore here to urge the construction of this railway in order that Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster may be placed within easy reach of the great mining camp. Last year the promoters of the railway came to Ottawa for a charter, but were refused it by the Railway Committee, as at that time Dr. Milne, who is now with this deputation, opposed the application on the ground that a syndicate of which he was one of the chief promoters—the Burrard Inlet and Fraser River Co.—had a charter over this particular route. Since that time the two companies have amalgamated, and will make a united attack upon the Government for aid. The deputation is to have an interview with Mr. Blair tomorrow.

In a certain sense this road may be regarded as a rival to the Crow's Nest Pass line, although the promoters disavow any opposition to the latter project. Dr. Milne told your correspondent that all that British Columbia wanted was that if Kootenay country is to be tapped from the east by a railway line through the Crow's Nest, thereby giving eastern cities access to Northern British Columbia, the coast cities also desire that they should have equal facilities for sharing in the trade of the mining district by simultaneous construction of a line from Burrard Inlet.

The Department of Militia has under consideration the best means of disposing of fifteen Maxim-Nordenfeldt guns, which have just arrived from England. The desire is to make as effective a use of them as possible. Six or seven will be kept in stock for emergencies, the remainder allotted to city corps. Permanent corps will first be instructed in the mechanism and handling of these guns, and then from the permanent corps an instructor will be assigned to such city corps as may desire to secure a Maxim. As there will not be sufficient guns to give one to each city battalion, it will depend upon the interest which different corps manifest in learning the uses of the Maxim as to whether or not one of these guns be assigned to them. Regular courses of instruction will be given, with competitive examinations founded thereupon, and on the results the Maxims will be allotted to the different battalions.

The Free Press says: "Report has it that a motion will be introduced next session with the purpose of endeavoring to cause trouble in the Government ranks (over the school question). It will affirm the principle of Remedial Legislation, and is specially designed to arouse feeling among the Liberal members who voted in support of the Remedial bill at last winter's session."

Hon. Mr. Fisher has returned to the city and will be here continuously now until the session. He is now looking into the question of reorganizing the patents branch of his department. He is satisfied that it will be in the public interest if some changes are made in the classifications. Under existing conditions, if the examiners devote the time and research which is desirable before reporting on any new invention, they will not be able to handle the business that is continuously pouring in. There are in the neighborhood of 400,000 Canadian patents, and these will have to be revised, and printed lists made up at the Government Printing Bureau. Five thousand dollars will cover the additional expenditure.

The Finance Department has received a letter from a resident in the United States, in which a cheque for $15 is enclosed as conscience money. The writer says that he was engaged in doing work for the Government in the Northwest Rebellion and defrauded the Dominion revenue to the above extent. When he did so he was not aware of the real extent of the evil which he had committed. Since then he became converted, and is now a Christian. The letter is not marked private, and the name and address of the writer are given. He occupies a prominent position in one of the cities of the American Republic, although he was working hard for a small salary during the Northwest Rebellion in 1885.

An appeal has been entered in the case of Bell v. Ottawa Trust Company, a dispute between the heirs of the late Peter McRae and his partnership creditors, as to the disposition of $34,000 of insurance money. Mr. W. L. Scott, Master-in-Chambers, in deciding on the case, allotted three policies amounting to $11,000 to a surviving child, and five policies, amounting to $22,000, to the creditors. He ruled that as the five policies did not definitely name Mrs. McRae and children as the heirs, and as there was no clause in the last will, disposing of the money, other than to the executors and administrators, the money should revert to the creditors.

Rev. Father Lacoste, O.M.I., Professor of Theology in Ottawa University, has received official notification of his appointment as a member of the Roman Academy of Letters at Rome. This academy was founded by Pope Leo XIII. in 1880, and is composed of only thirty members, ten of whom reside in Italy. Rev. Father Lacoste is the only member of the academy in America. He studied in Rome, and it is because of the manner in which he then distinguished himself as a scholar that he has had the present honor conferred upon him. Official presentation of the parchment will take place at the University on March 7, by Archbishop Duhamel.

There have been numerous requests of late for improvements to the mail facilities in the Lake of the Woods and Rainy River mining districts, and the Postmaster-General, while anxious to meet the views of the mining community, has decided that an improved service cannot be given under the existing appropriation. The routes are expensive, especially in winter, therefore he will ask Parliament to vote a specific sum for the purpose.

Sir Charles H. and Lady Tupper arrived from British Columbia to-night. Sir Charles has had an attack of la grippe, but is now recovering.

Dr. McEachren is of opinion that the hog cholera in Essex County is now thoroughly stamped out.

The contract for piers at Kincardine, for which $15,000 was voted last session has been awarded by the Public Works Department to Bowman & Bowman.

James A. Smart has made his report to Mr. Sifton on the land offices he inspected in the west. To-day Mr. Smart started in to reorganize the immigration branch.

It is probable the position of Deputy Commissioner of Patents will be abolished.

The Department of Railways and Canals has awarded the contract for new bridges over the Rideau Canal at Burritt's Rapids and Newboro to the Central Bridge Co. of Peterboro.

A citizens' meeting was held to-night to arrange for a proper celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty. His Worship was authorized to appoint a representative committee to carry out details.

The Cabinet will hold a meeting this week for the purpose of considering the policy of building the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. There are several propositions before the Government.

R. N. Venning, Chief Clerk of the Fisheries Department, returned from British Columbia to-night, where he was attending the Behring Sea Commission. During Mr. Venning's absence his eldest son, a fine young fellow of 18 years of age, died of grippe. He will be buried to-morrow.

BUFFALO CATTLE MEN REJOICE

Because They Can Now Get Good Canadian Beef Without the Quarantine Obstruction.

Buffalo, Feb. 9.—The cattle dealers of Buffalo and vicinity are jubilant over the abrogation of quarantine of Canadian cattle, which went into effect Feb. 1.

The act passed by Congress a year ago requiring all importations of cattle to be held in quarantine 90 days, proved detrimental to the live stock interest of Buffalo. In fact, Canadian consignments became very few.

A member of the firm of Woltz, Hughes, Swope & Benstead stated that it had been more profitable for Canadian breeders to fatten their stock and ship it to England than to allow it to remain in quarantine 90 days at their expense. Continuing, he said: "Last Monday we received 40 cars of horned cattle from Canada, the largest shipment that has been received here under the new law." The major part of this shipment was for stocking purposes, and 20 carloads have been shipped as far west as Wilmington, Ohio, something never before heard of. All this goes to show that the live stock market of the United States is at present very low. American breeders have told me that if they could secure cattle they could fatten them with but little expense, as they now have on hand hundreds of bushels of corn going to waste for the want of cattle to feed.

At the East Buffalo yards business is brisk, as buyers are coming here from all parts of the country and the new regulations will not only prove a benefit to the shippers and consigners but to the consumers.

Dr C. C. Hall President of the Seminary.

New York, Feb. 9.—By the unanimous vote of the directors of the Union Theological Seminary, Rev. Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn, was to-day elected president of the Seminary.

FREE TRADE FARMERS

They Were on Hand at Premier Greenway's Request.

The Farmers Were There at the Request of the Provincial Premier—They Were Farmers' Institute Men and Liberal Patrons—Spokesman Fleming Hailed as Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat, and Was Frequently Applauded—An Apt Simile.

Winnipeg, Feb. 9.—(Special.)—Nearly all the time of the Dominion Tariff Commissioners to-day was occupied in hearing the testimony of farmers who represented all sections of the Western country. The first delegation heard was composed of one representative from each of 40 provincial electoral districts, in attendance at the request of Premier Greenway. This delegation submitted resolutions passed by them as follows:

1. It is our opinion that a protective tariff is detrimental to the best interests of our Dominion and that in the framing of a new tariff it should be entirely abandoned; that until free trade becomes practicable, a "tariff for revenue only" should be adopted, levied mainly on luxuries, or upon articles of general consumption not produced in the country.

2. That agricultural implements, farm machinery and all tools used on the farm, binder twine, fence wire, lumber, nails and building material, coal oil and fruit be free, and that the duty on salt, cotton and woolen clothing be materially reduced.

3. That the high protective tariff has very materially restricted commerce with Great Britain, which is the country we look to above all others for our markets, and has greatly retarded the settlement of this province.

4. That the adoption of an income tax, with a reasonable exemption, would be desirable.

Yesterday a memorial signed by over 2000 farmers was submitted, declaring that to remove the duties on wheat and flour would be disastrous. In view of this the delegation above referred to also submitted a resolution as follows:

"Whereas, it has been represented to the commissioners that the farmers of this province wish the duty retained on wheat and flour, that this meeting hereby expresses its opinion that the said duty is of no practical value to the farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest.

Memorials covering much the same ground were also submitted by delegations representing various farmers' Institutes and Patrons of Industry.

Many representative farmers made speeches, and it was noticeable that they all intimated that if the Laurier Government did not at once inaugurate a free trade policy, they would be heard from.

Mr. Fleming, who was chosen as chief spokesman for the farmers' delegation, said that for 17 years he had fought in ranks of Liberals, believing they were sincere. Now, he declared, he was disappointed and disgusted to hear Liberal Cabinet Ministers assuring "protected" eastern manufacturers they would not be disturbed. He was disappointed to hear Hon. Messrs. Laurier and Mowat now saying the tariff changes must be made slowly and gradually. Hon. Mr. Laurier before election had declared the high protective tariff was legalized robbery, and now did he propose to continue that legalized robbery? Messrs. Laurier and Mowat reminded him of two new and nervous surgeons about to amputate a man's injured limb. They knew the limb must come off, but as the man was "hollering" a good deal and declaring he would die under the operation, they decided to take it off gradually, first by cutting off a toe. The fear was, he said, they would not cut off more than the toes before the next general election, and if that proved the case the chances were that the new doctors would be called in. If Messrs. Laurier and Mowat persisted in such a policy, the speaker could see little difference between it and the Conservative policy.

Nearly all the farmers present were Liberals, and they vigorously applauded these utterances of their spokesman.

LUMBERMEN ARE HIT.

Strong Delegation Lobbying at Washington to Block the $2 Duty.

Alpena, Mich., Feb. 9.—Great interest is being felt here regarding the lumber tariff question, and it is hoped the committee sent to fight the $2 duty will be successful. In an interview with all prominent lumbermen they are unanimous in saying that a retaliatory log duty means the shutting down of Michigan mills. They declare the McKinley schedule sufficient for protection.

Up in Arms.

Detroit, Feb. 9.—A Washington special says: The corridors of the Capitol were unusually lively to-day through the lobbying operations of about 40 active lumbermen. The "All-American" crowd is using matter like the following telegram received by Congressman Bishop this morning: "If Huron shore lumbermen continue to oppose a $2 duty on rough lumber we insist on a duty on Canadian logs. Please notify the Michigan lumbermen, now in Washington, of our position in this matter."

This is signed by John Canfield, Filer & Sons, Manistee Lumber Company, McKillip & Hopper, Eureka Lumber Company, Hope Lumber Company, Louis Sands, Buckley & Douglass, Canfield & Wheeler, Union Lumber Company, R. G. Peters' Salt and Lumber Company, Mitchell, Son & Hanson Lumber Company, Salling, Hanson & Co., Canfield Salt and Lumber Company, J. A. Jameson Lumber Company, S. Babcock & Co. and E. N. Salling. These signatures representing millions in Western Michigan will array that side of the State against those on the east side, who have millions invested in Canada, and the warmth of the battle between the contending forces is expected to increase at a big rate unless the Canadian operators quit. They show no signs of doing so at present, and it will not be surprising if the lobby is materially strengthened here.

Col. Bliss and his committee, representing Canadian lumber operators, feel somewhat as if they had been hornswiggled by the "All-American" people. They say the understanding given them was that they would be in plenty of time to show up their case before the Ways and Means Committee if they got there yesterday. On arriving, however, they found that the lumber portion of the tariff bill is practically agreed upon, that a big lobby is here to oppose them, and that they can get no congenial opening held out by the Ways and Means Committee to make a showing. The committee is going right along with other schedules. The "All-American" fellows are button-holing members on every corner urging the $2 rate on hemlock, yellow pine, basswood, etc., as well as on white pine.

Educational.

Can Accommodate a Few More

Our rooms have rapidly filled during the last two weeks but we have still room for a few more

DAY STUDENTS.

Any one contemplating entering this term should make arrangements at once.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The Night School will close the last of April. Those entering now will only be charged for

Three Months Course.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE PETERBOROUGH
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CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. d21

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
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The Stormer Bicycle,
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
GENTLEMEN'S WHEEL, $75.
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A FINE UPRIGHT $400 MENDELSHON PIANO, in first class condition, including stool, music rack and cover, at $250 cash. Can be seen at 192 Dalhousie-st. 3d34-1w

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RATHBUN CO. AGENCY,
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FINEST GRADES OF
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WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
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IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
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A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
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Stock taking is over. The year's results are are very flattering. The annual turn over has increased year by year. Last year it sprang ahead with a bound. We've not reached high water mark—but we're getting there.

New additions to the stock embrace:

New White Wear,
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New Wrapperettes,
New Prints, New Carpets,
Art Squares, New Veilings and New Laces.

A Car load of European goods will arrive ten days hence, imported direct from London, Manchester; Kidderminster, Halifax, Glasgow, Belfast, St. Gall, (Switzerland), Chemnitz, (Saxony) and Berlin, (Germany).

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SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
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We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

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413 George Street, Peterborough.

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Notice is hereby given that the Annual General meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors for the past year, election of Directors for the ensuing year and other general purposes connected with the business of the Company, will be held at the Office of the Company in the Town of Peterborough on

THURSDAY, the 11th Day of Feb, 1897, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager.

Peterborough, January 27th, 1897.

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 10, 1897

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Matters Looking Serious in the Island of Crete.

Greece Thinks the Time Opportune for Securing Possession of the Island of Crete—Every Nation Urged to Exercise Power on Greece to Hold Her Back It is Said the Sultan is Anxious to Bring Force to Bear to Repress the Troubles —The Anglo-French Ruffle General News by Cable.

Athens, Feb. 9.—The Greek cruiser Hiaouis has started for Retimo, where the Mussulmans have occupied the Christian quarters and are pillaging the stores and houses. Three thousand Turkish troops have been concentrated at Salonica in readiness to embark for the Island of Crete, but the Steam Navigation Company refuses to convey them to their destination until the money for their passage is paid.

Christians the Aggressors.

London, Feb. 9.—Private and official advices, and private letters from English officers, show that the troubles in the Island of Crete are undoubtedly caused by Greek agitators, and that the Christians are the aggressors. The Greek Government, believing that the end of the Ottoman Empire is near, thinks it opportune to carry out the long desire to annex the Island of Crete. Public officials here and on the Continent regard the situation as serious and threatening the peace of the whole of Europe, owing to fears of a collision between Turkey and Greece, in which case it is doubtful whether the entente of the powers could be maintained. The papers everywhere urge the powers to bring pressure to bear on Greece in order to prevent her further aggravation of Turkey.

It is announced to-day that Turkish warships and transports have left Constantinople for the Island of Crete, and that in spite of the advice of his Ministers and of the ambassadors, the Sultan favors the despatch of troops, and repressing the troubles by force.

A Significant Order.

London, Feb. 9.—A despatch from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the official gazette published a royal decree ordering all of the available Greek warships to be put into commission immediately, and requiring several of them to be sent to Crete, with the least possible delay.

Be ready for the Fight.

London, Feb. 9.—A despatch to The Times from Canea says: "The immediate cause of the outbreak here was the news of the troubles at Heraklion. Before dawn one half of the Mohammedans had left the town, and great numbers fired upon Galata and other villages. The Christians descended from the mountains in strong force, and during the next two days there were incessant conflicts around Canea in which the Christians appeared to have had the advantage. The efforts of the consuls and bishop to pacify them failed, and the Mohammedans, whose anger had been aroused to the utmost, found themselves unable to continue their expedition into the country. The excitement among the Christians of Canea increased, but the first fighting in the town was on Thursday. It began with desultory shots, and in a few moments became general and incessant. The shooting continued until dark. Among the victims were Turkish soldiers, but the troops under great provocation behaved excellently."

Nothing Heard in London.

London, Feb. 9.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, said that nothing had been heard by the Government of the formation of a provisional Government in Crete. It is reported here that the Greek flag has been hoisted at Retimo, and that order at that place is rapidly being restored.

Athens, Feb. 9.—A despatch from Canea states that the union of Crete and Greece was proclaimed at Halepa Sunday. It is possible that a Cabinet crisis may follow the popular manifestation made here Sunday in favor of the annexation of Crete.

War Almost Inevitable.

Berlin, Feb. 9.—A large number of the German newspapers, in their comments on the Cretan situation, declare that war between Greece and Turkey is almost inevitable.

Must Move Order First.

New York, Feb. 9.—A special to The Herald from St. Petersburg says: A sensational panic occurred on the Bourse yesterday, which gave rise to all kinds of false rumors of a political nature.

The Bourse here has been weak for the past fortnight, especially in Caucasian naphtha—Nobel and Baku—on which so much speculation takes place here. On Saturday the Bourses of Berlin and Paris were weak. Yesterday's panic here is the contrecoup of these weaknesses, the trouble here being that the market is always sensitive, owing to its being small and speculators not having facilities given to settle "on time," as in New York and London and other exchanges, and being called upon to put up much larger margins. The slump is, it is said by a financial expert, purely local. Business in general is not affected and is just as good as before. Russians understand thoroughly the scheming intrigues worked through Athens. The semi-official suggestion coming from Vienna, that the powers should hold Greece responsible for the rising for the moment meets with considerable approval, as it is recognized that Greece, for her own selfish ambition, does not hesitate to endanger the peace of Europe, that peace of which Russia and France are champions.

In regard to the Cretan question, the Novoe Vremya thinks that no reforms can be applied until order is restored.

The Glasnost is of the opinion that the signal for the rebels in Crete was given from the Yildiz Kiosk.

The Novosti says the same scenes will occur whenever an attempt is made to apply reforms in Turkey.

MORE MODERATION.

The French Press Talk More Reasonably About the Egyptian Dispute.

Paris, Feb. 9.—The Paris newspapers are now beginning to discuss the Anglo-Egyptian situation with more moderation than they have hitherto observed. The Soleil says: "England does not heed the vain protests of France, knowing that they will not be followed by results. Let us, therefore, utilize the territories which France already possesses."

The Dix Neuvieme Siecle says: "Diplomacy is useless unless France makes up her mind to enforce her claims by a resort to arms."

CHANDLER GOES DOWN.

The Forger From Toronto Pleads Guilty and Gets Five Years.

London, Feb. 9.—John Chandler, a clerk, who gave himself up to the police on Dec. 28 last, and who was committed for trial on Jan. 26, charged on his confession with forging bills of exchange on S. F. McKinnon & Co., of Toronto, and others, pleaded guilty today at the Central Criminal Court, Old Bailey, and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude. A list of his forgeries, all for sums exceeding £200, was presented by counsel for the London Bankers' Association.

Muravieff is for Peace.

Berlin, Feb. 9.—The Berliner Tageblatt announces that while in Berlin Count Muravieff, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared that his chief aim would be to preserve European peace. He would regard it as a matter of the greatest misfortune should Russia become involved in a war with any other country, either alone or in conjunction with any other of the powers. Count Muravieff, it is asserted, said that if Russia was ever obliged to declare war he would resign the same day.

Madras People Protest.

Bombay, Feb. 9.—The Viceroy of India, the Earl of Elgin, has given his sanction to Madras being made a port of departure for pilgrims en route to Mecca. The citizens of Madras, however, have entered a vigorous protest. The plague is increasing here, at Karachi, and at Poonah.

Mr. Chamberlain is Better.

London, Feb. 9.—Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, who is confined to his bed with an attack of gout, is somewhat better to-day.

Ironclads for Spain.

London, Feb. 9.—It is reported that the English shipbuilding firm of Armstrong's are about to sell to Spain, with the permission of the Chilian Government, two ironclad warships now under construction in Armstrong's yards upon the order of Chili, and which are nearly completed.

Mr. Jones Will Act.

Rome, Feb. 9.—It is announced that Mr. W. S. Jones, United States Consul-General here, will represent the United States at the International Conference, which is to be held at Venice to consider means of preventing the spread to Europe and America of the bubonic plague, now raging in India.

The Kaiser Urges Unity.

Berlin, Feb. 9.—The National Zeitung says that, in conversation with members of the Reichstag at a dinner given by Dr. Miquel, Prussian Minister of Finance, last evening, the Emperor urged the union of Conservatives and National Liberals in the Imperial Legislative body as the only means by which great national undertakings could be achieved. Among the undertakings the success of which was eminently desirable, the Emperor mentioned that of the increase of the effective strength of the army and navy of Germany, which he warmly advocated.

Russian Strikers Killed.

Moscow, Feb. 9.—A strike among the operators in the cotton mills at Serpukhof, 56 miles south of this city, has resulted in the killing of several of the strikers. The operatives became riotous yesterday, and a detachment of Cossacks was sent to the town to restore order. Upon their arrival they attacked the strikers, and several of the latter were killed. The situation in the town, which has extensive manufactures of woolen, cotton and linen goods, is serious.

Mr Sexton Will Stay Out.

London, Feb. 9.—Thomas Sexton (Anti-Parnellite), formerly member of the House of Commons for the north division of Kerry, who resigned his seat last year, has written a letter declining to re-enter Parliament. Mr. Sexton says: "I am still convinced that the Irish party must have better discipline before anything worth laboring for can be obtained from the House of Commons, even for the most palpable grievances of Ireland."

First Mate Guilty.

London, Feb. 9.—To-day's proceedings in the trial of the first and second mates of the British ship George T. Hay, who, with fifteen of the crew of the vessel, were brought here on Jan. 8, charged with causing the death of a seaman named Brostrom by ill-treatment during the voyage of the ship from Mobile, Aug. 24, 1896, to Rio Janeiro, where she arrived Nov. 22 last, resulted in the conviction of the first mate, Fraser, who was found guilty by the jury of having inflicted unlawful punishment upon Brostrom. The court postponed sentence upon Fraser until the completion of the trial of the second mate and the fifteen seamen, which will take place to-morrow.

The Angloman Ashore.

London, Feb. 9.—The British steamer Angloman, which sailed from Boston Jan. 30 for Liverpool, is ashore on Skerries Island, in the Irish Sea. Assistance has been sent to her. The ship will probably be a total loss. All on board were landed in safety. The Angloman was a steel screw steamer of 4892 gross and 3036 net tonnage, 403 feet 5 inches long, 45 feet 6 inches beam and 25 feet deep. She was built in Laird's yards at Birkenhead in 1892, and owned by the British and North Atlantic Steam Navigation Company of Liverpool.

Sugar Barque Burned.

London, Feb. 9.—The British barque Mark Curry, Captain Liswell, in port at Iloilo, Philippine Islands, for Delaware breakwater, has been burned at her wharf. She had on board a cargo of 1200 tons of sugar.

Twelve Men Killed.

London, Feb. 9.—Through the collapse of the scaffolding of the viaduct of a railway in Cornwall, twelve men fell 150 feet, and were killed.

OLDEST ORANGEMAN DEAD.

He Was 98 Years of Age and Had Been a Member of the Order 77 Years.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—(Special.)—John Brown, the oldest Orangeman in Canada, has just died at Carp village, Carleton County. The veteran Orangeman had reached the ripe old age of 98 years. He was initiated into the order in the year 1820, in L.O.L. No. 911, in the District of Reabarkin, County of Antrim, Ireland, and was therefore an Orangeman of 77 years' standing.

Politics Alleged in Civic Matters.

Collingwood, Ont., Feb. 9.—Last night the Town Council met in the Council Chamber, but the attendance of citizens was so large that they had to remove into the court room. It had been rumored that the Conservatives, who have a majority in the council, were going to apply the spoils system to municipal matters. The event proved that the rumors were well founded, for every official of Liberal politics was summarily dismissed from the employment of the corporation.

The woman who wears an armor of good health protects herself against almost all the ordinary ills and troubles that beset her sex. The woman who takes proper care of the health of her womanly self, who is careful that the organs that constitute womanhood are always well and strong, will be happy in her wifehood and capable in her motherhood.

The best and most-used of all medicines for women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly upon the delicate feminine organism. It makes it strong and healthy. It cures all weakness and disease. It prepares a woman for her greatest mission, motherhood. It does away with the usual discomforts of the expectant period. It insures the health of baby and makes its advent easy and almost painless. Over 90,000 women have testified to its wonderful virtues. More of it is sold than of all other medicines for this purpose combined. Women who want to know more about it should write to its discoverer, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y.

"The best doctors in Kansas City told me that unless I went to the hospital and had an operation performed I could not live," writes Miss Brookie Galloway, of Wilder, Johnson Co., Kans. "I had ulceration and weakness, and each month I would get down in bed and suffer severely for twenty-four hours. I could not keep anything on my stomach for five minutes at a time. I have taken four bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and am now well. I owe it all to your medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it to any suffering as I did."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a safe, sure, speedy and permanent cure for constipation. They never gripe. One is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. All medicine dealers.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. Wettstein, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S

Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1897.

NEW RATES ON WOOL

The Joint Traffic Association is Met After Canadian Pacific Competition for the Seaboard.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—By authority of the Board of Managers of the Joint Traffic Association, the Chicago Committee, composed of all eastern roads having charge of the terminals, gave notice to-day of new rates on wool, the schedule including all important cities of the east. The new tariff amost cuts the old one in two. The following are samples of the reduction: Boston 71 cents, to 44 cents; New York 65, to 39; Philadelphia, 62 to 37; Baltimore, 61 to 36; Buffalo, 39 to 23 1-2. These rates are for corload lots of a minimum capacity of 20,000 pounds, and a penalty of $1 a car is added for each day the car is left unloaded after 48 hours' shipment. This sweeping reduction indicates a desire of the Board of Managers to protect their own roads against competition, as well as the Western Association roads. When the wool crop of the Northwest was being moved last spring the Soo Line and Canadian Pacific, by making low rates, secured a practical monopoly of the shipment from St. Paul to the Atlantic seaboard, via Canada. The Chicago-St. Paul roads vainly protested and appealed to the Joint Traffic Association to join them in meeting the Canadian competition, but the policy of the managers was then against such co-operation.

DIED AT HIS TABLE.

While Enjoying His Evening Meal Mr Christopher Fox of Thamesville Breathed His Last.

Thamesville, Ont., Feb. 9.—Christopher Fox, one of the oldest residents of Thamesville, and at one time a prominent business man of the village, died suddenly to-day while seated at his table enjoying his evening meal. The only other occupant of the house at the time was his son, a boy of 16 years, who immediately called a neighbor, and then ran for a physician, but death had taken place before the latter arrived, and apparently without a struggle. Dr. Stewart, coroner, investigated the circumstances, and decided an inquest unnecessary.

EDWARD FENTON'S DEATH.

All Evidences of Foul Play Obliterated by the Fire.

Shelburne, Ont., Feb. 9.—The adjourned inquest on the death of the late Edward Fenton was held this evening in the Town Hall by Coroner Norton. The only evidence given was by Dr. Barr, who held the post mortem examination. The Doctor's evidence did not throw any light upon the cause of Fenton's death. The body was charred beyond recognition, nothing but the trunk remaining, the arms and legs having been burnt off. The brain, lungs, stomach and liver were so affected by the fire that not much could be learned from them. If Edward Fenton met his death by foul play, then the fire most effectually covered up the tracks made by the atrocious fiends. The inquest is again adjourned at the request of the Crown, until Monday, the 22nd inst., at 7 o'clock p.m., when it is most likely another batch of witnesses will be examined.

One Killed, Anoil or Will Die.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 9.—One man was killed outright and another injured so badly that he cannot live in the railroad cut near "Tin Bridge" this afternoon. The man killed outright is said to be Michael Foley of Northampton, Mass., and the man seriously hurt William Welsh of this city.

Restoring Varnished Furniture.

A mixture of one part of linseed oil and three of spirits of turpentine is an excellent preparation for cleaning picture frames and restoring furniture.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SONGS OF THE BIRTHDAYS.

"Monday's bairn is fair o' face;
Tuesday's bairn is fu' o' grace;
Wednesday's bairn's a child o' woe
Thursday's bairn has far to go;
Friday's bairn is loving and givin'
Saturday's bairn works hard for a livin',
But the bairn that is born on a Sabba' day
Is wise and bonny and good and gay."
(Old Scotch Proverb.)

"Monday's bairn is fair o' face,"
Month like laughter's resting place;
Brow where golden tresses flow—
Sunshine on God's purest snow.
Cheeks like peach bloom, smiling eyes,
Stars of childhood's paradise,
Bless the home where she shall come—
Little living rose in bloom.

"Tuesday's bairn is fu' o' grace,"
Blithe of heart and glad of face
O'er life's cares her feet shall spring
Light as swallows on the wing.
When storms come she's like the grass,
Drops a courtesy as they pass,
Wind nor rain can bring her ill,
Merry little daffodil!

"Wednesday's bairn's a child o' woe,"
But she learns life's solace so
And beyond her early tears
She shall look on brighter years
She shall learn by broken toys
How to mend life's shattered joys,
Hope and trust shall be with her;
She shall be home's comforter.

"Thursday's bairn has far to go,"
Where life's changing waters flow,
East, to learn how life's fair dawn
Puts hope's radiant colors on;
West, to learn how trouble's night
Stars the skies with faith's pure light;
Toward the north, to learn of storm;
South, through all to keep love warm.

"Friday's bairn shall love and give"—
Sweetest life of all to live!
Pity in her heart shall bloom
Even for creatures weak and dumb,
In her life the world shall see
Childhood's dearest ministry,
Like a sunbeam is her birth
Sent from heaven to bless the earth.

"Saturday's child must work to live,"
Fortune shall her plenty give,
Little hands that busy keep,
Shall the richest harvest reap.
Like the bee among the flowers
She shall spend the golden hours,
Till she feasts at last, at home
From joy's sweetest honeycomb.

"But the bairn o' the Sabba' day,
Wise and bonny, good and gay"—
She shall come with many a charm—
Hope and rest and holy calm,
Bringing quiet everywhere,
Like the hush that follows prayer,
Like the day that hails her birth;
She shall bring God's peace for earth.

—ERNEST W. SHURTLEFF.

RAMBLING ROBIN.

BY JAMES DAVENPORT.

People called him "Rambling Robin." You could have seen him almost any day walking along with his head hanging down, and his eyes fixed on the ground. Nobody spoke to him, nor did he speak to anybody. His clothes were in rags. He wore no collar. Sometimes a red scarf was fastened round his neck, but oftener than not his neck and chest were bare to the cutting winds. Nobody knew where he came from, and nobody cared.

Some said he had been an actor at one time—others that he had been a doctor, whilst many maintained that he was a man who had gambled away a large fortune. Whatever he might have been, we could all see that he was no common vagrant.

I do not know whether the peace and good-will which are supposed to come to all men at Christmas-time had anything to do with it, but when I passed him one Christmas Eve a few years ago, as I was hurrying off home, a sudden impulse led me to stop.

"Will you come home with me and have your supper, Robin?" I said.

He stopped and lifted up his head. Poor fellow! I noticed the tears spring to his eyes. Kind words were strangers to him.

"My—my supper!" he gasped. "I never have any supper."

I quite believed him. In fact, if he had said he never had anything to eat at any time, I should not have contradicted him.

"But make an exception to-night," I urged. "Christmas-time, you know. People break the ordinary routine of their lives on Christmas. Come along."

He made no answer; at least, not with words, but his eyes spoke plainly enough, and, quickening his pace, we strode along together towards my home.

At last we reached the house, and my wife opened the door. My little Mabel came toddling to meet us, and as I lifted her up and carried her back on my shoulder, I told my wife I had brought a friend home for supper.

Robin and I sat talking together whilst Annie was getting the meal ready. His face had brightened, and his brilliant conversation confirmed the opinion I had formed of him, that he was a man of culture.

Mabel climbed down from my knee, and went across to Robin.

"Have 'oo no 'itte dirl?" she lisped.

He stroked her hair gently, and shook his head.

"And no mamma?" she asked, looking first at me, and then at the smiling face of my wife.

Robin turned his face away. Trust a child for finding the way to a man's heart.

"No, no mamma," he replied, after a pause.

Mabel sighed, and came across to me "Is 'ee poor man?" she asked.

The intervention of my wife with the information that supper was ready saved me from replying.

The meal over, my wife rose to take Mabel to bed, but before she left the room the little girl ran back, and climbing on Robin's knee, kissed him "Dood night." Then Robin and I pulled our chairs to the fire. His eyes were shining. He seemed a different man. I handed him a cigar, and we sat smoking for awhile without speaking.

"Would you like to hear the history of 'Rambling Robin?'" he asked, bending forward. "If you would, I will tell you the first part. The second part only begins to-night. . . . You shall hear that in a year or two."

I did not quite understand him, but I nodded and waited for him to start.

"Two lines," he began, "frequently occur to me. You remember them:

'Who falls from all he knows of bliss,
Cares little into what abyss.'

They are the truest lines ever written," he said, and he stared into the fire for a time without speaking. . .

"Listen, and I will tell you how I fell. Five years ago I was a young man. Do I look young now?" and he pointed to his sunken cheeks and gray-streaked hair. "And yet five years have made the difference.

"My name is Robin Alerne. I was living with my father in Scotland, and it was there I met my Flora. I can see her now, as she was the day I first met her. It was a glorious day in June. I had sauntered out with my rod in the morning, and was whipping the stream which ran along the outskirts of the wood, when the sound of sweet music fell on my ear. I turned round, and saw a woman. She had not seen me, and as she came along she sang in a voice as sweet and pure as was the singer:

'Her face is fair, her heart is true,
As spotless as she's bonnie, O!
The opening gowan, wet wi' dew,
Nae purer is than Nannie, O!'

"She was slinging her sun-bonnet in her hand, and the sun was playing with her golden hair. Her neck was bare, its whiteness contrasting with her bonnie, sunburnt face.

"When she saw me she stopped and blushed. Then she threw on her bonnet, and walked on hurriedly.

"She was a girl from the neighboring farm. I fell in love with her and we met in the wood, unknown to anyone. Then my father heard. He forbade me to see her, and told me if I disobeyed him he would turn me from the house.

"I met Flora the same night, and persuaded her, on that glorious moonlight night, to be my wife. We came south together, and I married her. I was successful in obtaining a clerkship, and after my work at the office was done, my wife would sit in the little chair by my side, whilst I sat writing at my desk. For I had the gift of writing bits of stories, and often when the night had drawn on, and work was put away, Flora and I would sit talking of the future, of the day when I should be a famous author and the drudgery of the office should be a thing of the past.

"But our happiness was too great to last. The roses on my darling's face began to fade, and, though she tried to smile away the tears, I felt sure she was going to be ill.

"Then one night when I came from the office I found her ill in bed. In despair I sat down to write a story, which, if accepted, would enable me to get her away into the country, or to the seaside. I worked at it all night, and finished it. Then a week later I received a letter at the office from the editor telling me that my story had been accepted, inclosing a check, and asking for more stories.

"Flora had been growing worse each day, but now, I thought, she should soon be better. I cashed the check and bought some luxuries for her, and passing a flower-shop, I went in and obtained a spray of lilies. They were her favorite flowers.

"Then I hurried home. I could hardly walk fast enough, but at last I reached my little house, and entered. I ran upstairs and threw open her bedroom door.

"'Flora,' I cried. 'Success at last, my darling. You shall go away for a few days now.'

"She did not answer me. 'She must be asleep,' I thought and noiselessly I walked across the room.

"I stood over the bed, looking at my sweetheart's lovely face. It was so calm, so beautiful, so pure. There was a sweet smile on her lips, and her hair was hanging down, framing her face in gold. My thoughts wandered back to that day in June, and the words of that song came back to me.

"I knelt at the side of the bed, and placing the spray of lilies in my Flora's little hand, waited in silence, watching and praying—praying that she would soon be restored to health again.

"She awoke with a little start.

"'I am so glad you have come, Robin,' she said, as I kissed her. 'I have had such a glorious dream. I was dreaming that you had written a book, and that the world was ringing with your name.'

"I interrupted her.

"'Perhaps that day is not far off, love. See, my story has been accepted, and the editor begs that I will send him some others.'

"She did not speak, but the proud look in her eyes told me what her thoughts were. Then she saw the lilies and she kissed me for them."

Robin covered his face with his hands, and a sob shook his frame. He rose from his chair and walked round the room. Then he stopped, and, with his face averted, he finished his story:

"In less than a week she was dead. She died in my arms. I thought she was better, but it was to be. She was too good to live. We were too happy for this world. Heaven would have had no meaning could we have lived together longer. And when her last breath was gone I laid her back gently on the bed, and covered her face from my sight. I went on my knees and cursed—cursed my fate and everything else.

"Now, perhaps, you understand my fall. 'Why work,' I thought, 'when I have nobody to work for?' My literary work was neglected, I lost my situation at the office. I have sunk deeper and deeper until now," he paused for awhile, "now I am 'Rambling Robin.'"

Then he came across and stood by the fire.

"But, the innocent prattle of that little child of yours has brought me to my senses. As there is a God above, I will yet make the world ring with my name. Even if I cannot work for my dead Flora, I can work for her memory's sake. And so I will. I start to-night on the second part of my life. In two years I will let you know the result. I will come and see you. Good-by."

I pressed him to stop the night, but he would not. I persuaded him, however, to take the loan of a few pounds, and as he walked to the door I slipped a note into his hands.

And last Christmas Eve he kept his promise. He came to see me carrying a small parcel under his arm. It was a book—the book of the year. He had written it under a nom de plume. His name now is known throughout the English-speaking world, and the book which made his name is indicated:

"To my angel wife and Mabel."

How to Reach the Best.

The way to get the best there is in people is to give them your best. Don't expect others to be sweet and polite and thoughtful, so long as you adhere to the selfish principle that people must "take you as they find you." When your friends begin to grow careless and disrespectful, stop and think whether you are not getting back a reflection of yourself.

Funny Without Knowing It.

A London periodical recently offered a prize for the best collection of unintentionally amusing advertisements. Here is part of one list. It embodies illustrations of the curious effect which the misplacing of a comma, or of a word or two, often has upon the meaning of a sentence:

"Annual sale now goin gon. Don't go elsewhere to be cheated—come in here."

"A lady wants to sell her piano as she is going abroad in a strong iron frame."

"Wanted, a room for two gentlemen about thirty feet long and twenty feet broad."

"Lost, a collie dog by a man on Saturday, answering to Jim with a brass collar around his neck and a muzzle."

"Wanted, by a respectable girl, her passage to New York, willing to take care of children and a good tailor."

"M. Brown, furrier, begs to announce that he will make up gowns, capes, etc., for ladies out of their own skins."

"A boy wanted who can open oysters with a reference."

"Bulldog for sale, will eat anything; very fond of children."

"Wanted an organist and a boy to blow the same."

"Wanted, a boy to be partly outside and partly behind the counter."

"Lost, near Highgate archway, an umbrella belonging to a gentleman with a bent rib and bone handle."

"Widow in comfortable circumstances wishes to marry two sons."

"To be disposed of, a small phaeton, the property of a gentleman with a movable headpiece as good as new."

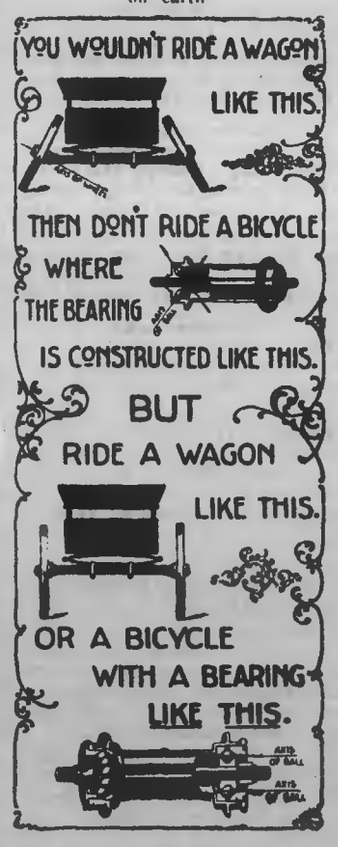
Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a diseased Heart. One dose convinces. This is the only remedy known to the medical world that will relieve in a few moments, and cure absolutely. The ingredients of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure are essentially liquid, and hence neither it nor anything like it can be prepared in pill form. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,
AGENT.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

D. H. KERNEGHAN

Has bought the business formerly carried on by Thomas Brady and will continue in the old stand carrying in stock all lines of

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Seeds, Etc.

No. 442, Corner George and Brock Sts.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In THE REVIEW.

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TOURIST SLEEPING CARS To British Columbia every Thursday and Friday.

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Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

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The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

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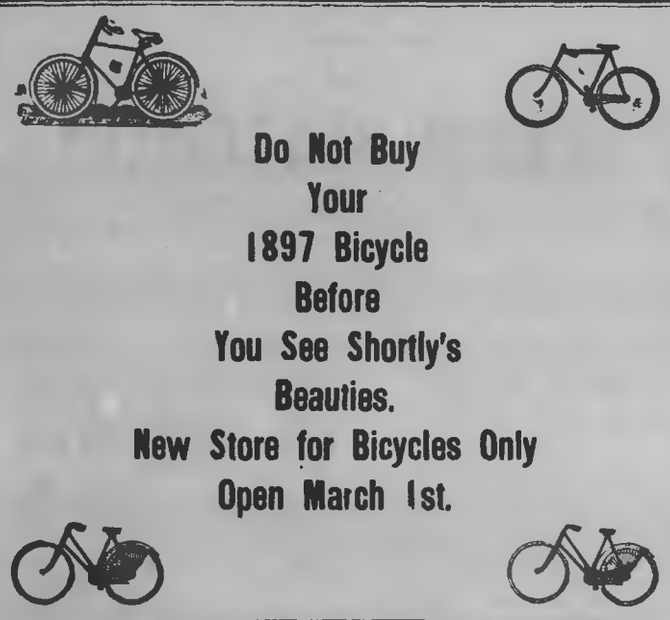

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

CHOICE AS WELL AS CHEAP.

Our stock of Meats is not only characterized by Cheap Prices, it is CHOICE as well. While the variety is large and the stock extensive, we guard against the inferior qualities. Our long-established reputation is a guarantee—for experience is a good teacher. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Select from any piece of meat on our hooks:— Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Sugar-Cured Hams, Poultry, Smoked Meats, Sausage. Howden's Meats will please the most particular people.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

WHY PAY $120 for a TYPE WRITER,

The "EMPIRE" equals any

Surpasses all in many ways.

Visible writing, positive alignment, simple construction. Hard steel parts. Agents wanted.

HALF THE PRICE ONLY $55 00

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd, Montreal, P Q.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

GOODS

ROLLING IN :-:

And out each day at Routley's Old Stand. Big lines of

Crockery, Glassware, Spring Wall Paper, Curtain Poles and Window Shades are at hand this week.

Call and see us. WE SELL CHEAP.

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Loch's.

Pure and Wholesome.

Tea drinkers should take note that the Ceylon and India teas are the most economical because only one-half the quantity is required. Use our 40c. and 50c. blends and you will use no other. MASON & Co., 429 to 431 George-st. 3d31

Personal.

Messrs Dickson Davidson and Herb Hall went to Hamilton with the Lindsay curlers.

The name of Mr M J Carroll, teacher of Ennismore, was inadvertently omitted from the list of successful candidates who obtained certificates at the Ottawa Normal school the last padegogic term.

Runaway on Water-st.

A lively runaway occurred on Water-st this morning when a team of horses belonging to a farmer named Crowley, of Otonabee, collided with a horse and cutter, damaging the cutter. A couple of boys were slightly injured by the runaway, which was brought to a standstill at the market square.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

You Will Be Doubly Well

If you spend your time well and your money well in selecting and buying what you need in future at Clegg's. The stock embraces nearly anything you might want and reductions in the price have been made in every line. Now is the time to buy. This is the bargain season. Remember the place, Clegg's furniture store, 427 George-st. d34tf

Riverside Park !

The grand open air carnival at the Riverside Park skating rink, Ashburnham, Friday evening next, will be a grand success. The rink will be magnificently illuminated. The Fire Brigade Band will be present. The rink is a huge one, which will enable all to skate, there being a dividing line for those in costume and other skaters. Prizes are on exhibition in the window of the Times book store. 1d

Another Lot of Music

has arrived at Mulligan & Potter's music store, and will be sold on Saturday all day at 5 cents per copy. Some of the very latest songs and instrumental music, banjo, mandolin and piano, comprising Brownies Band march, Empire State march, Echoes from Manhattan, Alabama two step, the Sparro Coppo. Songs—Angle of our Home, Let not your Heart be Weary, My Cottage Home, Last Night, Star of Liberty, Our Noble Giant Nine, Sweet Bunch of Daisies, Land of my Birth, The Flower of Calvary. d34tf

Brevities.

—The report of last evening's meeting of the Fortnightly Club will appear to-morrow.

—Nelson & Nesbitt's horse, "Henderson," won first money in the three minute trot at the Ottawa ice races yesterday.

—There were seven applications for the street inspectorship, the salaries asked ranging from $550 to $950.

—Dr. Brown has purchased one of the celebrated Stanley pianoes from the old music firm, the Peterborough Music Co. 1d34

—Alex Robinson was committed to the gaol for 20 days for being drunk by the Police Magistrate this morning. Another man, Hooden Macrea, charged with being drunk, was discharged.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

WORDS OF WEIGHT FOR HOCKEYISTS.

A reader writes to the REVIEW as follows: "Now let the abecedarians of the Peterborough Hockey club show the mettle of which they are made. Let them gird on their metals and o'er the glassy surface of the congealed aqua pura contrive to add another to the laurels already won by the club.

The Peterborough hockeyists seem to be acataleptic, although the genial president never ceases his accreditation in the team. His abjurations for the abnegation and abrogation of self among the players in order that their acceleration and acervation will be full of acumination, is altogether for the obfuscation and paralysation of their opponents. See!

DRUGGISTS CHALLENGED.

The Peterborough Hardware Hockey Association intend to place a strong team in the field against all comers for the championship of Ashburnham and Apsley, and would like to take something easy at first so they hereby challenge the drug men of the city to a game next week, subject to the following rules:

Crossley is barred.

Corn Cure Fife must play against Tom Connal, the modern Sandow.

No man must bleed another for more than a gallon of blood.

Bar iron sticks are prohibited.

Big Gun shall not chloroform the hardware men.

Golddust McWilliams must not throw tobacco in front of the puck.

No more than $10,000 can be bet on any one game.

N B—The hardware men will bury their opponents free of cost.

Witnessed this day

Sporting Editor.

A written acceptance is requested.

WELLINGTONS TO-MORROW NIGHT.

Because it is a junior championship match that is no reason why the contest to-morrow evening in the junior semi-finals between the Wellingtons, of Toronto, and the Junior Peterboroughs, should not be hot. Peterborough wants one championship at least this winter and they will do their utmost to defeat the swift Wellingtons to-morrow evening. Should they be victorious they stand a splendid show of being champions.

GO TO KINGSTON.

The hockey club are discussing whether it is advisable to play the return match in the senior semi finals at Kingston next week, though in all liklihood they will go to the Limestone City. Queen's has a strong team and their defeat on Monday was a great surprise to the hockey world. On their ice, of course, Queen's would be expected to win, but their is no use of the local team feeling that defeat would result. Go to Kingston by all means. Go down, hopeful of victory. If they play the game of Monday night Queens will have to work to win. Peterborough is proud of its hockey team and they want to see them win the senior championship if possible. Had the O H A held to its first decision, that Queens should play its only match in Peterborough, the college team would now be out of the race and Peterborough would stand in a fair way to victory over the winners of Varsity vs Toronto Athletic club.

NOT THE CASE.

The Toronto Telegram brays about the Peterboroughs never being defeated on their own rink. We desire to correct that impression. The Ottawa Electrics won from Peterborough on the local rink not a year ago and only two weeks ago the Kingston Frontenacs played a tie game here. Toronto has no ground for grumbling. Two years ago Peterborough played its semi-final match at Kingston and won, and then went to Toronto and defeated the Granites for the championship on Granite ice. Only once in four years have the Peterboroughs been worsted on foreign ice—at Toronto against the Granites last year, and last week in the match with the Frontenacs at Kingston, and we would let the Telegram understand Peterborough has played scores of games in other towns.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

STARTED ON A LONG SLEEP.

A Belleville Youth Will Sleep in the Opera House Until Saturday.

Prof. Ferris, the hypnotist, and his entertainers had a good audience at the opera house last night, who seemed to be pleased with the performance. A subject was put into a hypnotic sleep and placed in a bed where he will remain until Saturday evening. The opera house is open to the public to go in at any hour and examine the subject. The sleeper is a young man who came from Belleville. A couple of medical men examined the subject last night, but he stood the test.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE WORK OF A YEAR IN FOREIGN MISSIONS

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PETERBOROUGH PRESBYTERIAL SOCIETY.

It Shows What Has Been Accomplished During the Year—The Contributions—The Officers Elected—Public Meeting in the Evening.

At the afternoon session of the convention of the Presbyterial Woman's Foreign Missionary society, in St. Andrew's church, the reports of the officers were presented.

Mrs McNachtan presided, and after devotional exercises the result of the election of officers was announced as follows:—

President—Miss Gilchrist, Baltimore.

First Vice-President—Mrs (Rev) D Sutherland, Warkworth.

Second Vice-President—Mrs (Rev) J K Smith, Port Hope.

Third Vice-President—Mrs (Rev) J G Potter, Peterborough.

Fourth Vice-President—Mrs Alex Stewart, Peterborough.

Corresponding Secretary — Miss Martha Dickson, Peterborough.

Recording and Literature Secretary—Miss Craick, Port Hope.

Treasurer—Mrs J K Craick, Port Hope.

THE YEAR'S WORK.

After a few words from Mrs McNachtan, Mrs Wm Graham, of Lakefield, presented the report of the Presbyterial society, of which the following is a condensation:—

In early June a semi annual meeting was held in Centreville at which interesting papers were read and helpful discussion participated in, a memorable feature being an address at the evening session by Rev J Frazer Smith, M D., late of Honan, China, but now chaplain of the volunteer forces at Inhow, Central India. The exceeding kindness and large-hearted hospitality of the people of Centreville to their guests called forth the warmest expressions of satisfaction and will long be held in grateful remembrance. Though the tearful clouds wept copiously, all were agreed that the meeting was most enjoyable and profitable in spite of the downpour.

MEMBERSHIP.

We regret that there has been a falling off, though not so great as would seem by comparison with the figures given last year, for it was afterwards learned that some secretaries do not quite understand the "hints" sent with the blank forms had inadvertently given slightly inaccurate returns. The consequence was that the membership was in reality 677 and not 704 as reported. You would see the correct figures in the blue book. This year however, we think our figures are more strictly accurate than at any time since the record system of returns came into use, and we are obliged to report a shortage of 91, which is about equally divided between Auxiliaries and Mission Bands. Four Auxiliaries and two Mission Bands report an increase in members, four Auxiliaries and one Band remain the same, while the other 31 branches are more or less reduced in numbers, and this fact we must deplore. Our total membership this year is 586, of which 127 are members of Mission Bands; 169 are members of the General Society, of which number our Mission Bands give us 8; and 4 are now life members. Of the latter two come from St Andrew's Auxiliary, of town, one from St Paul's and one, Miss Greely, from the Ellengowan Branch, who was made a life member by her friends in her ninety-first year. One general Society membership is 7 less than last year, and while on this head we must call attention to the fact that there are 6 Auxiliaries and 5 Mission Bands that have no members of the general society. This irregularity has been explained so often that it is painful to go into it again, and yet it is necessary to have all our branches constitutionally sound. The whole Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the western division is known as the General Society, and its annual meeting, which is held every April, is the same as the great gathering held in St. Paul's church last spring. I need hardly tell you that only those who are members of that society are entitled to vote at its annual meeting or are eligible for office in it, but you may have noticed that the presidents of all Auxiliaries and Bands are vice-presidents of the General Society. Is it not then reasonably clear that in order to be qualified for the office of vice-president, each president must be a member of the General Society, and consequently every branch should have at least one such member. Those branches which have no members of the General Society have not a single voice in the administration of the finances or general affairs of the society, neither are they regularly organized. This is, however, very easily rectified, for by the payment of one dollar annually as a membership fee one becomes a member of the General Society and the branch into which the fee is paid. The payment of $25 at one time constitutes one a member of the General Society for life and of the Auxiliary or Band into which the fee is paid for that one year only. Hence you will see that life members should be reckoned each year with the members of the General Society, but after the first year they must pay the fee of their local branch in order to be counted with its numbers. On the other hand those paying the one dollar annual fee are reckoned both as members of the General Society and the Auxilary or Band that receives the fee. Again we say that most reluctantly we force all this upon your notice year after year, but until the complexities of the matter are understood we must continue to explain. Probably all will now study to comprehend, if only for the sake of hearing no more about it.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.

Under this head we have no occasion for discouragement, for, although our numbers are depleted there is an increase of 4 in the average attendance. In 1894 the average attendance in Auxiliaries was 226, in Mission Bands, 94; in 1895, Auxiliaries 250; Mission Bands, 86; total average attendance for 1896, 337. Thus you see that though the numbers have been decreasing for three years the attendance at monthly meetings has been larger each year. It should perhaps be

Continued on page 7

SHORTLY—RUTHERFORD

Mr B Shortly and Miss Flora Rutherford Married

The nuptials of Mr Benjamin Shortly and Miss Florence (Flora) Rutherford, daughter of the late Arthur Rutherford, were celebrated quietly at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother, Benson-ave.

In the presence of a few of the near relatives of the bride and groom, Rev W R Young, B A., pastor of the George-st. church, performed the ceremony. The bride was attired in a handsome travelling dress of purple and black brocade, souave jacket and a vest of deep cream silk. Little Mary Rutherford, daughter of Mr Wm Rutherford, druggist, Norwood, and neice of the bride, made a pretty maid of honor. The bride carried an elegant bouquet of cream roses. There were no attendants, except the maid of honor. The groom's gift to the bride was a magnificent gold watch set with diamonds. The case bore the engraved initials, "F. S."

After the wedding supper had been partaken of, Mr and Mrs Shortly were driven to the C P R station, where they left on the 4.48 express. Their bridal tour will extend over a week in duration.

Mr Shortly is a prominent citizen and occupies several important public positions, and is at present President of the Board of Trade. He has claimed as his bride a most popular and estimable young lady, and a host of friends will extend to them congratulations.

WEDDINGS AT THE CATHEDRAL.

The Chadwick-Riley and Twomey-O'Callaghan Nuptials.

At eight o'clock this morning St. Peter's cathedral was the scene of a charming nuptial event. It was the occasion of the marriage of Miss Mamie Riley, daughter of Mr. M. Riley, of the Peterborough Lock Manufacturing Co., to Mr. W. Chadwick, contractor, of New York city.

Ven. Archdeacon Casey performed the ceremony in the presence of a number of friends of the young couple. The bride, who was prettily gowned, was attended by her sister, Miss Jennie Riley, and Mr. Geo Riley performed the duties of groomsman.

After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the residence of Mr. Riley, Stewart-st., where a wedding dejunier was served. Mr and Mrs Chadwick left for New York by the 4.48 C P R express this afternoon.

TWOMEY—O'CALLAGHAN.

Yesterday the nuptials of Miss Katie O'Callaghan, daughter of Mr. John O'Callaghan, Otonabee, and Mr Thomas Twomey, of Otonabee, took place, Ven Archdeacon Casey performing the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Nora Devlin, and Mr Jeremiah Twomey supported his brother as groomsman.

WHEELING MATTERS.

George H. Orr After the Presidency—Brantford and the Meet.

The C W A presidency seems to be abou settled. The only man in the field is George H Orr, and it took a lot of persuasion to get him to enter the lists. Simultaneous with the announcement of Mr. Orr's candidature comes the news of the retirement of all other possible candidates. George is very popular and has earned quite a name for himself as chairman of the Racing Board. A O Hurst will not likely make a bid for this position.

"Peterborough has been invited to join with Brantford in making the C W A meet of '97 the grandest in the history of the Association—that's if it goes to the Telephone City. Brantford's claims are well known and every cyclist who visits Toronto on Good Friday and helps the Brantfordites in procuring the meet will have no reason to regret the step he has taken." So says Brantford. In the opinion of many Brantford is the place where the '97 meet should go if the officials expect to make it a financial success. Chatham is also after the prize hot foot.

AT EVENING AT CHARLOTTE-ST.

A Successful Social at the Charlotte st Methodist Church

A social held in the Charlotte-st church Sunday school room last evening under the auspices of the Women's Missionary Society was a pleasing success. The attendance was large and the programme one of excellent numbers that were delightfully rendered. Mrs Kendry's address was one of interest and dealt with the work of the Missionary Society. She was listened to with undivided attention. After the programme refreshments were served and a pleasant social time enjoyed. Rev J J Rae, the pastor, presided, and the programme rendered was as follows:

Instrumental duet. ....The Misses Morrow
Vocal solo. .....Mrs Hunter
Instrumental solo.....Miss McBain
Recitation. .....Miss Lewis
Vocal solo.....Miss Stanley
Vocal solo.....The Misses Bellegham
Instrumental solo.....Miss Campbell
Vocal solo.....Mrs Pearce
Instrumental solo.....Miss Clarke
Address.....Mrs Kendry
Vocal trio.....Misses Stephen, Deland and Sherlock

Advertise in the REVIEW.

ON SATURDAY MORNING . . . .

We put on sale

25 Ladies' Jackets and Ulsters

Good Warm Garments, worth from $3.00 to $10 for

$1.00 each

while they last.

R. H. KELLS & Co

390 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Skating rink.
Prof. Ferris at the opera house.
Hockey practice.
Thistle's curling night.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

Music Lessons.

Guitar, mandolin and banjo. If you purpose taking lessons on these instruments see us. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d32t

OAK HALL.

Wedded at Douro.

A pretty wedding took place at St Joseph's church, Douro, yesterday morning at 9.30 a.m. The contracting parties were John O'Toohil, of Douro, and Johanna Emily Meade, daughter of Maurice Meade, of Indian River. The ceremony was performed by Rev Father Phelan. A large number of friends were present at the nuptial mass.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Everyone Invited.

Call in when you have nothing else to do. We always like to see you. We miss you very much when you don't call. Come in if you want anything and get it. Come in if you don't want anything, you may see something you do want. Every person wants some groceries and you might just as well have the best. That is what you will never fail to get from E Brown & Co., 394 George-st. P. S.—Fine line of canned meats, fish and fruits. d2

MR. LAURIER'S REPLY

To the Invitation to Open the Peterborough Central Exhibition.

The Premier, Hon. Mr. Laurier, has replied to the invitation extended to him by the West Peterborough Agricultural Society to come here and open the Peterborough Central Exhibition in September next. While the reply is not a definite acceptance, it is of such a character as to justify the directors in entertainining the strongest hopes that the Premier will declare Peterborough's big fair formally opened this year.

The Premier's reply is as follows :—

OTTAWA, 6TH FEBRUARY, 1897,

Geo. E. Elliott, Esq., President Peterborough Central Exhibition, Peterborough, Ont ;

MY DEAR SIR,—I have your favor of the 30th of January whereby I am informed that the Peterborough Central Exhibition Society and the corporation of Peterborough do me the honor of inviting me to be present in Peterborough next autumn and formally open the Peterborough Central Exhibition. While much honored by such an invitation, and while much inclined to accept it, I could not, at such an early date, in view of the public duties that may be pressing upon me next fall, give you a formal answer, but let me assure you that should I find my way to accept later on, I will have much pleasure in doing so.

Please accept for yourself and all those who have joined you in tendering me this kind invitation, my very sincere thanks. Believe me, my dear sir,

Yours very sincerely,
WILFRID LAURIER.

THE PLEBISCITE.

The Convention of Local Temperance Workers and its Arrangements.

The local prohibition committee who have in hand the arrangements for the plebisicite convention, to be held on the 23rd of February, are getting everything in good shape for that day. The convention will assemble in the Y M C A hall at 2 p. m. for the purpose of organizing, and it is earnestly hoped that prohibitionists and temperance workers will turn out in large force so that it will be a representative meeting from both town and country.

The evening mass meeting will be held in the George-st. Methodist church, when it is expected that all the resident ministers of the town will be on the platform and prominent temperance workers from outside as well. All who want to see the cause of emperance prosper are urged to turn out and make both meetings a success.

THE SWELLEST LINE!

NEW SPRING COLORED SHIRTS

—White bodies with colored bosoms and cuffs.
—Correct fit, style and make.
—Neckbands on the bias, to ensure perfect fit about the neck, and not to work out under collar.
—In all the new fabrics—striking and nobby.
—Range of patterns lengthy and interesting.
—Soft effects for aesthetic people. Laundried to suit critical shirt men.
—With collars and cuffs attached or detached.
—Prices, 65c., 85c., 98c., $1.25 and $1.45. Take a look at our window display of the 98c. kind.

Established 1857. Mercer's 355 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

TOWN ENGINEER STREET INSPECTORS

APPOINTMENTS MADE AT A SESSION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.

Mr. Sam Belcher Appointed Sewerage Inspectors and Ranney & Innes Street Inspector—The Trent Valley Canal.

Messrs Ranney & Innes were appointed streetin spectors and Mr. Sam Belcher town engineer at a special meeting of the town Council last evening. The reports recommending these appointments were adopted without discussion.

Those present at the meeting were Mayor Yelland and Councillors Best, Laplante, Robertson, Denne, Davis, Dawson, Cobb, McWilliams, Meldrum, Graham and White.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with and general business was not taken up.

Committee reports were called for and the Sewerage committee was the first to report.

MR. BELCHER APPOINTED.

The Sewerage committee reported through its chairman, Councillor BEST, as follows :

GENTLEMEN,—Your Sewerage committee beg leave to report as follows :

That in the absence for several weeks of Mr. John E. Belcher, town engineer, in the old country, and in view of the immediate necessity of having the yearly assessments adjusted upon the sewer work, sections three and four, so as to be placed upon the collector's roll for this year, being the basis upon which the debentures are to be issued for the payment of said sewer work, we recommend that Mr. Samuel Belcher be appointed town engineer to be paid the usual commission upon work upon which he is employed.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
HENRY BEST,
Chairman.

The report was adopted an motion of Councillors Best and Denne.

NEW STREET INSPECTOR.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS read the following report of the Street and Bridge committee :—

GENTLEMEN, — Your Street and Bridge committee beg leave to report and recommend that Messrs Ranney & Innes be appointed street inspectors and engineers for the striking of all grades for street improvements at a salary of $550 per annum, the appointment to take effect on the first of April next.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
J. B. MCWILLIAMS,
Chairman.

On motion of Councillors McWilliams and Robertson, the report was adopted.

LEGAL COMMITTEE.

The Legal committee reported as follows through Councillor McWilliams :—

GENTLEMEN,—Your Legal committee beg leave to report that they enquired into the the claims of Mrs Elizabeth Chatten referred to them, and recommend that, without admitting that she has a claim under the law against the town, she be paid $75, and that out of this amount a cheque be given to the tax collector for the amount of the taxes of 1896 payable by her, that her physician's bill be paid, and that the balance be paid to her in weekly instalments of $3 per week.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
J. B. MCWILLIAMS,
Chairman.

The report was adopted on motion of Councillors McWilliams and Dawson.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Councillor WHITE, chairman of the Fire, Water and Light committee, reported as follows :—

GENTLEMEN,—Your Fire, Water and Light committee beg leave to report as follows:

1 That, as formerly, the fire engine was sent to the Wm Hamilton Manufacturing Co's machine shops for repairs. After the repair swere made the steamer was taken to the creek to be tested During the test a plug blew out of the flue and it was taken back and put in a thorough state of repair. It was again thorougly tested and is now in the fire hall.

2 We recommend that fifty feet of one inch hose be purchased for the fire department, which will also be used in the police cells and for other purposes.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. M. WHITE,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

A communication was read from Mayor Morrison, of Trenton, asking for information as to the time the County Council deputation was going to Ottawa to urge the construction of the Trent Valley canal and urging the Town Council to send a deputation, along with Trenton.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS suggested that the deputation should go previous to the opening of the session as there would be a stronger possibility of an item being placed in the estimates for the canal.

Councillors Best, Denne and Dawson all favored the deputation but they thought it was advisable to wait on the Government during the session.

Councillor MELDRUM also spoke in favor of a deputation to urge the completion of this public undertaking. He agreed with Mr McWilliam's suggestion. Councillor Meldrum moved that the Mayor and Council be a deputation to wait upon the Government along with the other deputations. This was seconded by Councillor McWilliams.

Councillor DAWSON suggested that towns along the line be notified of the date on which the deputation would go to Ottawa.

Councillor BEST explained that the reason he favored waiting on the Government during the session was because the members of Parliament would be in Ottawa at the time.

Mayor YELLAND stated that the members could be taken down with the deputation.

The resolution was adopted.

Councillors Meldrum, McWilliams, Best and Davis were appointed a committee to fix the date for the visit of the deputation to Ottawa to send out circulars announcing the date and inviting other towns to co-operate.

THE SUSPENDED CONSTABLE.

The clerk was instructed to notify P C McGinty that he would be re-instated with the distinct understanding that if he again transgressed he would be dismissed.

On motion of Councillors Meldrum and White, Councillor Best and Mr. Belcher were instructed to visit Toronto and secure information re assessment on sewers, a cheque for expenses to be issued by the treasurer.

A by-law appointing Mr S Belcher town engineer at 5 per cent commission passed its several readings.

The clerk was ordered to notify the Light & Power Co. to supply better electric and gas light.

The Council then adjourned.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowers. Cure sick headache.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

AT BOBCAYGEON.

Two local rinks drove to Bobcaygeon yesterday and played a friendly game with two Bobcaygeon rinks in the evening, the result, after an exciting and interesting game, being 4 up in favor of Bobcaygeon. After the game the Peterborough men were entertained at an oyster supper, and returned this morning delighted with their visit to Mr Smiff's home and pleased with the hospitable treatment accorded them by the Bobcaygeon curlers. This is the first time in eleven years that Peterborough rinks have gone to Bobcaygeon, but such a long period is not likely to elapse before the next.

The score was :—

BOBCAYGEON	PETERBOROUGH
Rink No. 1.	
T McCamus	W G Morrow
W S G C Boyd	J S Knapman
A E Bottum	G S Matthews
W J Reid, skip. . 19	Jas H Connal, s'p. 19
Rink No. 2.	
F Minns	A Ross
W Robinson	W H Meredith
T Gage	W J Thompson
W A Davis, skip, 20	J B Pentland, s'p. 16
Total 39	Total 35

Skip LeBrun defeated Skip R H Fortye in a match for the brooms last evening. Two strong rinks met each other but Mr LeBrun tallied the most shots. The score was as follows:

H Phelan	H Snowden
E Brown	J D Baptie
R S Davidson	T Rutherford
H LeBrun, skip . . 16	R H Fortye, skip. . . 12

In the Kendry cup competition last evening Skip Edmison defeated Skip Davidson by the following score:

J Waddell	H A Morrow
G H Giroux	W H Manson
D W Dumble	G E Whitten
Geo Edmison, skip. 16	R S Davidson, skip. 14

Lakefield curlers are playing the Granites this afternoon. They will meet the Thistles to-night.

KEENE CHRONICLES.

News Notes From Otonabee's Capital—Illness of Mrs. McCamus.

Correspondence of the Review.

VETERINARY—Keene has a veterinary surgeon in the person of Dr Pullyblank, who has removed from Hastings to that village.

ILL—Mrs John McCamus, who has been poorly of late, is at present very low. Her family, including Rev John A McCamus, of Norwood, and Rev D N McCamus, visited her this week.

BREVITES—Owing to the Norwood carnival the Keene carnival has been postponed from the 19th . . . . Crosby and Miller's panorama is to be in Keene on Friday evening . . . . The concert on Friday night last was a grand success . . . . Court Otonabee, 1319, I O O F, meets on Wednesday, 17th.

STEREOPTICAN—Mr R M Roy will give a stereoptican entertainment here on February 19th. Mr Roy is sure to give a profitable and delightful evening.

THEY WORKED WONDERS.

Two Years of Bladder Torment—Bad Attacks of Inflammation—Cured by a few Boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Owen Sound, Feb. 10 (Special)—The people of this town are talking again of another cure credited to Dodd's Kidney Pills. This is the case of Mr. W. Cruse, caretaker of town buildings, who, when seen, had this to say of the matter :—

"For over two years I have been an intense sufferer from kidney disease with occasional acute attacks of inflammation of the bladder.'

"Was under doctors' treatment and have been compelled to resort to instrumental relief many times.

"I have taken eighteen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and am satisfied with results, being perfectly relieved of all suffering."

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE POLICY OF THIS STORE

Is to gain the friendship and esteem of every patron who enters within its doors.

We want you to feel that every atom of business intelligence we possess is being used to further your buying interests, firmly believing that by so doing we best further our own.

There are no class distinctions here. The young and the old, the rich and the poor can alike feel assured of a cordial reception and a careful consideration of their buying needs. It is to the loyalty of our buying public that we owe our growth.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK.

New Blouse Silks.

200 yds. pure Silk, good value at 40c., our price 25c.
200 yds. pure Silk, good value at 50c, our price 35c.
100 yds. choice novelty patterns, good value at $1.25, our price $1.00.

New Dress Goods.

200 yds. all wool Dress Goods worth 50c., our price 25c.

We are offering this week an advance shipment of new Dress Goods in fancy and plain.

New Prints.

Our new Prints are admired as the nicest in the trade and the selling in this department is ahead of any previous season.
1000 yds. Bleached Sheetings, 2 yds. wide, only 20c.
2000 yds. Unbleached Sheetings, 2 yds. wide only 15c.
2000 yds wide Flannelettes only 5c.
1000 yds wide Prints, special price 5c.

WHITE GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Ladies' Night Gowns, elegantly trimmed good value at 65c., our price 50c.
Ladies' Night Gowns, elegantly trimmed, good value at 85c., our price 65c.
Ladies' Night Gowns, elegantly trimmed, good value at $1.00, our price 75c.
Better goods at $1 00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2 00.
Ladies' white Skirts, good value at 75c., our price 50c.
Ladies' white Skirts, good value at $1.00. our price 75c.
Ladies' white Skirts, good value at $1.25, our price $1.00.
Ladies' white Drawers, good value at 35c., our price 25c.
Ladies' white Drawers, good value at 50c., our price 30c
Ladies white Drawers, good value at $1.00 our price 75c.

Print Wrappers.

These are selling very fast for so early in the season. The price we sell them at is the attraction.
100 Ladies' Print Wrappers, regular value, $1.00, our price 75c.
200 Ladies' Print Wrappers, regular value $1 25, our price $1.00.
100 Ladies' Print Wrappers, regular value $1.50, our price $1 25.
Call and see these goods even if you are not ready to buy.

Winter Jackets at Heavy Discounts.

We do not intend to carry over any winter garments if price will clear them out.

There are values in this store not to be found elsewhere in the trade. Our European goods are coming forward early and we are making preparations for a large spring trade. Our stock will be very large and well assorted and in every way we will be in a position to serve you well.

Hall Gilchrist & Co,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

The First Steam Carriage.

The merit of inventing a self acting steam carriage is allowed to be due to Richard Trevethick, a clever but eccentric English engineer. He was the first who practically applied it to work on roads and railways. In 1802 he took out a patent in England for a steam carriage, and this novel machine he exhibited to large and astonished crowds in London. Immediately afterward he adapted his steam carriage for the drawing of wagons on railways, a duty which it successfully executed on the Merthyr-Tydvil railway in 1804. This was the first railway locomotive, but it was far from perfect. It drew only ten tons of bar iron at the rate of five miles an hour.

Through the inventive talent of George Stephenson, the Stockton and Darlington railway in 1821 was the first railway in which passengers traveled in carriages. Yet, even with this measure of assured success, the locomotive was still an imperfect machine, for its extreme speed was but little faster than the walk of a horse. The means of imparting speed had yet to be perfected. In response to a premium offered by the projectors of the Liverpool and Manchester railway for the best locomotive, a trial of which was fixed for October, 1829, the Rocket, constructed by Stephenson & Booth, was most successful. This the first high speed locomotive weighed 4½ tons, averaged a speed of 14 miles an hour, with a gross load of 17 tons, its maximum speed being 29 miles.—Hardware.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Road Improvement

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Would it not be a good thing to suggest to Mr J B McWilliams the advisability of putting down better roads in the town. Everybody would back him up for he is capable of carrying out what he undertakes and the other Councillors I think would be willing to do as he wishes.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Select Your Backbone.

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Peterborough intends after one month after the last publication of this notice to undertake the construction of sewers on the following streets, namely :—

Water Street—From McDonnel street to Argyle street.
George Street—From McDonnel street to Argyle street.
Perry Street—From George street to Aylmer street.
Aylmer Street—From Perry street to Smith street.
Stewart Street—From Rink street to Brock street.
Rubidge Street—From Rink street to Brock street.
McDonnel Street—From Water street to Dickson street, and from George street to Aylmer street.
Murray Street—From Water street to Dickson street.
Harvey Street—From McDonnel street to Dublin street.
Dublin Street—From Water street to Harvey street.
Charlotte Street—From Lewis street to Aylmer street.
Simcoe Street—From the Creek west to Aylmer street.
Hunter Street—From the Creek west to Aylmer street.
Brock Street—From 440 feet west of George street to Aylmer street.
Murray Street—From George street to Aylmer street.
London Street—From George street to Aylmer street.

And to assess upon the real property to be benefitted thereby such proportion of the cost thereof as may be just in accordance with the provision of sections 612 to 628 inclusive of the Consolidated Municipal Act. 1892, or so much thereof as may be applicable thereto, and subject to the provisions of such by-law or by-laws of the said Corporation now or hereafter to be passed as shall be applicable to the same.

Dated at Peterborough, January 27th, 1897

S. R. ARMSTRONG,
Town Clerk.

3d22

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insur ince and Finance Caronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1896.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,020,363	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,084	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

Total Assurance written by the Sun Life amounted to **$7,468,282.**

Total Assurance written by the other 10 Canadian Co's combined, **$23,905,314.**

It may be here remarked that the total gain of assurance in force in Canadian Companies over the previous year was $8,376,-638. Of this amount the Sun Life contributed **$4,060,521.** The other Canadian Companies combined contributed $4,316,117.

W. H. HILL,
MANAGER CENTRAL ONTARIO.

Business Wants Supplied.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

THE
Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. GOODERHAM - - - - - **J. F. JUNKIN,**
President. General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10 000 after age 45.
No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.
For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS.
District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

Some Sample Ballots.

Secretary of State Rupdick has received copies of ballots used in the recent election from 30 different states. These ballots were gathered for reference and for information of the next legislature, in case that body desires to change the form of ballot now in use in Wyoming to conform with some of the more improved ballots used in other states.

The ballots received by the secretary are of all sizes, ranging from the old fashioned ballot as used in New Jersey, which is 3 by 5 inches, to the Australian ballot used in Indiana, which is 2¼ by 4 feet in size. The Pennsylvania ballot is 24 by 32 inches and contains the electoral ticket of nine different parties. The Colorado sample is 22 by 32 inches and contains the electoral ticket of six different parties, eleven different parties being also represented on the sheet. The ticket from Illinois is 24 by 28 inches and is a well arranged ballot.

Of the 30 samples received there are many well arranged, and it seems to be the universal rule to place the ticket of each party in a separate column, with a circle or square near the party name, in order that the voter may with one cross vote the entire party ticket. In some states the voter is furnished a rubber stamp, which he is obliged to use instead of a pencil.—Cheyenne (Wy.) Tribune.

Prominent Business Man of Peterborough Cured of Eczema.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinwear dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts:—"Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eniment doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAFONTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists.
Circular sent on request.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
3 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d192

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 66 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:
"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

of the toro's advances that the men are bewildered by it.

The leader is crushed against the planking, and a second only saves himself by clinging to the horns of the bull, which animal, by a toss of his powerful head, sends him into the crowd.

While this scene is taking place the people have forgotten that they have tongues. The equal of this ebony king has never been seen before. He strikes every one with a peculiar feeling of alarm, and some timid souls are even contemplating the possibility of seeing him tear down the strong barrier, and proceed to demolish the whole amphitheater.

It takes Mr. Bull just about ten minutes to dispose of the banderilleros. He seems to enjoy the fun about as well as the audience do, for some of the latter have found their tongues now, and are shouting to the brute to kill the cowardly curs who dare not face him. The same bravos who shout could not be hired to remain in that inclosure for half the money in Madrid, but it is so easy to sit in security and guy a poor devil whose teeth are rattling together like castanets, and who would not if he could, and could not if he would.

Is this the end?

The black bull remains master of the field, and has not been tired half enough to give the matador a chance of killing him. Of course it is not expected that Pasquez will enter the arena unless men are found to torment the bull still more and weary him with feints.

The management attempt to expostulate with the dart throwers. They will sit upon the fence and cast their missiles at long range, but threats and bribes alike fail to induce them to enter.

A low murmur, that sounds like far away thunder, gradually rising as the storm sweeps near, until the moan becomes a shout, and this in turn a tumult. Jack asks the cause. It is not difficult to find.

The arena contains the figure of a man—Pedro Vasquez, Toledo blade in one hand and scarlet muleta in the other, stands there. Brave man, he knows the cruel chances he takes, but by no sign does he show fear.

One hand is raised, it is to quell the deafening applause, which may unnerve him. Wait until all is over, and then if he wins give him what he deserves; should he lose he will probably need nothing beyond a requiem. Instantly all becomes as silent as death, and those two in the arena face each other, the man cool and watchful, the brute scraping up the sawdust and dirt with one hoof, as if in defiance.

It is a picture for a master.

Mercedes, with clasped hands, gazes and draws in inspiration—she looks as though the man in the arena were a god, and Jack hears her utter words that thrill him like electricity:

"Caramba! I adore a brave man!"

The tableau is broken.

It is the bull that makes the first move. The animal has seemed to scent new danger from the time Pedro Vasquez entered the arena, and at the same time some subtle power has given the brute to understand that he now faces a man and not a coward.

Up to this time the sympathies of the vast audience have been entirely with Taurus. Deep down in their hearts these Spaniards respect bravery, and they cheer the adversary who follows up his blow, and hiss those who strike and then fly as though the Old Nick himself were after them.

Now the toro is in motion again. He comes plunging down upon the daring matador like an avalanche. Pedro Vasquez has done a foolish thing, and he knows it, but perhaps some encouraging remark has urged him on. He will show these people of Madrid, he swears, that the Vasquez of to-day is fully the equal of any matador whose memory is held sacred.

Even the American is forced to admire the man's grit, though he expects to see him suffer for it. In Jack's opinion the Spaniard has not the proper conception of what he should do under these extraordinary circumstances, for never has Pedro faced a mad bull such as the one now rushing upon him.

"Fool! fool!" Jack mutters, almost unconsciously, and then he sees Mercedes turn and give one quick look into his face, showing she must have caught his words.

Then comes the collision—when a fast moving body bears down upon a stationary one, unless the latter gets out of the way in haste, there is bound to be a smash-up. On a railroad the lighter engine always gets the worst of it, and indeed this is generally the case the world over.

Pedro has depended on luring the bull to one side by means of his flaunting muleta, dangled out with his left hand. He seems to have taken it for granted that this animal will follow the tactics pursued by the last, and swerve enough from the course to allow the planting of the sword point upon his left breast, when, as in the case of the red bull, his own velocity will do the rest.

In this he has made a fatal mistake, for the onrushing animal has lowered his head, and keeps a straight course for the man.

A mighty shudder convulses the crowd. It all happens so quickly that no one has time to shout a warning, and up to the last second Vasquez seems to imagine the bull will swerve.

When he realizes his mistake it is too late. He endeavors to spring aside, but has planted himself so firmly, with outstretched legs, to resist the shock when the bull impales himself on the Toledo blade, that he loses a second, and this means all to him.

The man gives a shout as the horns strike him. It does not seem like an expression of fear, but rather one of excitement.

Not a sound has been heard in all that great amphitheatre, for every eye is glued upon the arena. Finding that he has lost the game, the matador tries to save his life by clinging to the bull's horns. It is a most deplorable condition for him, as he may never again be the people favourite he was, but life is sweet even when one has to live without the favour of the fickle public, and there are matadors in the audience who have had their day, and strutted upon the field, of which he has now been king for some years.

The neck of the black terror is all muscle, and when that awful head is thrown into the air Pedro Vasquez is seen flying through space. He strikes a cruel blow upon a post or pillar that holds up the roof, and falls in among a number of chulos grouped there, who immediately bear him away.

Immediately the vast crowd breaks out in excited talk. The black bull goes back to his tuft of grass, and stamps viciously as though asking who will be the next victim.

There is generally a reserve matador, and the people wait to see him appear, but time passes, and the bull alone holds the arena.

It grows monotonous.

News has come that although Pedro Vasquez will live, he has been so thoroughly knocked out that he could not stand up again this day before a yearling bull.

What now? The management apparently have made no preparation for an emergency of this character. The people must be amused, but who will undertake the job? After what has passed, it is all a man's life is worth to enter the arena with that sable monster, be he chulo, picador, or matador.

What is that? Some Englishmen and Americans, delighting in fair play, are shouting "Viva toro! Bravo! old boy! Well done!"

Somehow the words exasperate the Spaniards, whose sympathies have been with Vasquez. They look at each other, and scowl. More than one friend of the matador touches his knife in a significant manner.

Ah! here is the gentleman who represents the management. He advances upon a little elevated platform, and holds up his hand. It is evident he desires to speak.

"Silenzio!" passes the word around, and in a minute so quiet is it that one can hear every word the manager utters. He speaks in Spanish, of course, and in a loud voice.

First of all he tells of Pedro's condition, then of the refusal of the substitute to enter the ring with that mad devil, and deplores the fact that there is no man brave enough to make the attempt pro bono publico.

Turning, so that he faces the foreigners who have been shouting so loudly, he continues:

"The management offers two hundred pesos to the man who will enter the arena and slay that toro with the matador's blow. Don't all speak at once, senors, I beg."

This is a thrust at the vaunted courage of the foreigners who could laugh to see a brave matador meet his fate. The men look at each other, and smile. Each generously declines to take away this pleasure from his companions. As a consequence, no one arises; seeing which, some of the Spaniards in the sun seats begin to laugh.

Jack feels a pair of midnight eyes upon him, the colour mounts to his face, and, turning, he looks at Mercedes. Her words seem before him in letters of fire—"Caramba! I adore a brave man!" Somehow the challenge seems to have been dropped at his feet—he must either pick it up or decline.

The manager still stands on his platform looking around, as if hoping that some old matador may deem the golden lure of sufficient value to risk his neck for, but no one signifies such an intention.

When Jack Evans arises from his seat and takes off his coat almost every eye is instantly glued upon him. He folds his outer garment, and lays it on the seat; then, with a smile, stands upon the railing, takes one look at Mercedes, sees the surprise and consternation on her face, for she

To be Continued.

ADVENTURE OF A $500 ROLL.

Up Against a Half Dollar For a Whole Evening Without Knowing It.

The sporting man stood at the bar toying idly with the dice box.

"Funny thing, Joe," he remarked to the bartender, "how little saloon gambling there is nowadays. Now, there was a time, only a few years ago, when you couldn't go into a saloon up this way without hearing the rattle of the dice box."

A plainly dressed young man came in and ordered a drink of whisky. He gave it a dash of absinthe, tossed it off at one gulp, threw fifteen cents on the bar, and glanced over at the sporting man.

"Shake?" said the latter.

"One or two to kill time," said the stranger.

The sporting man tossed a half dollar on the bar. The stranger did likewise, the dice rolled out and the stranger won. He won the second and the third time, then lost twice and won once more.

"Lucky start," remarked the sporting man. "Have something?"

"Nothing for me, thanks."

The sporting man drank a hot Scotch and the game went on. Half an hour passed away and the sport was $10 behind the game.

"Make it a dollar and one shake," he suggested.

"I never change my game," said the stranger.

"Very well," said the sporting man, good naturedly. "It's a little faster, that's all."

"This is fast enough for me."

"Have a drink?"

"No thanks."

The sporting man drank another hot Scotch, and the game went on. The luck was against him, and his losses grew with every shake. Once in a while he'd make a spurt and win three or four straight pots. Then the stranger would win half a dozen to make up for it. Two hours had passed and the sporting man was $40 in the hole. He grew excited.

"I'll shake you for $80 or quits," he said, hauling out a roll as big around as his leg.

"I never change my game," said the other quietly.

In another half hour the stranger was $50 ahead, and the sporting man was very nervous.

"Friend, will you oblige me by having a drink?" he said.

"I really don't care to drink," said the stranger, and the sport drank his Scotch alone once more.

Then there was a turn in the luck. Ten dollars went back to the sporting man in less than fifteen minutes. Then more followed it, and the sport's brow cleared. The stranger never turned a hair. Gradually the half dollars went back to their original owner, and finally after three hours of play the men were just where they started.

"Now, have a drink," said the sporting man, with a sigh of relief.

"No thanks," said the stranger, tossing a half dollar on the bar and picking up the box. "Let's shake."

In three throws he rolled out four duces. The sporting man threw four trays and hauled in the money.

"Thank you," remarked the stranger, "for a pleasant evening."

"You're not going to quit?" said the sporting man in amazement.

"Can't do anything else. Only started with a half dollar. I couldn't drink with you without asking you to drink, and I couldn't do that without using money which I meant to give you a chance to win back. Good day," and he walked out of the saloon.

"Well, I'm blanked," said the sport to the bartender. "To think I had a roll of $500 up against his fifty cents. Great Scott! If the luck hadn't changed he might have had the whole roll, and I never had a chance to get more than half a dollar. Give me another Scotch," and, looking very pale, the sport drank up his liquor, buttoned his coat and went out.—New York Sun.

A Novelty.

What! work, me lady? Hardly. See?
It isn't my intention;
'Twould be so novel; they would think
It was a new invention.

High-Handed.

"I don't like a friend to domineer over me," said the young man with the patient disposition.

"Who has been doing that?"

"My room-mate. He borrowed my evening clothes."

"That's a good deal of a liberty."

"I didn't mind it. But when he asked for my umbrella, I told him I might want to use it myself. But he got it just the same."

"How?"

"He simply stood on his dignity, and said: 'All right; have your own way about it. They're your clothes that I'm trying to keep from getting spoiled; not mine.'"—Washington Star.

The Fireman Was Killed.

Williamsport, Pa., Feb. 6. A passenger train on the Full Brook Railroad jumped from the rails this afternoon near Cedar Run Station about five miles northwest of Williamsport. Three cars rolled over a 12-foot embankment into the bed of Pine Creek. Andrew Husted, the fireman, jumped from the engine and was killed. No other person was seriously injured. There were only five passengers on the train at the time.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

There doesn't seem to be very much the matter with your child. He doesn't actually lose weight, but there is no gain. He belongs to that large class of children that don't seem to prosper. You look at him a little more thoughtfully than you do at the rest and say "He is not doing well." Failure to gain in weight in a child is a danger signal. Scott's Emulsion should be taken at once. It puts on fat where health demands it, strengthening the digestion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1897.

OAK HALL

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
W. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum. Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne. Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McRain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.58 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa. Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.59 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8 55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If his body is all out of order and run-down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but doesn't feel just right," he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect. If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. That means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these on every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid, healthful flesh.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

PRESIDENT GURNEY.

SKETCH OF THE NEW HEAD OF TORONTO BOARD OF TRADE.

Characteristics of This New York Family Which Settled in Canada—Wherein Father and Son Are Alike—A Well-Equipped Business Man.

In the year 1842 two brothers, Edward and Charles Gurney, came from the State of New York into Upper Canada and settled in the then town of Hamilton. In those days the lines were pretty strictly drawn between the Yankees and Canadians, and these men had reason to complain of the limitations under which they were placed because of their nationality. But soon the name came to be a

MR. EDWARD GURNEY.
President of the Toronto Board of Trade.

synonym of thrift and industry, and their nice sense of honor commended them to their neighbors. It was not long, therefore, before they took first rank as citizens of that burg. Although always interested in public affairs, they never became what might be called technically public men, rather shrinking from that designation. They could not be called colorless in relation to religion or politics, and they were dominant in business in the community in which they lived. Both of these men maintained a good name, acquired throughout long life, and have passed to their reward.

Mr. Edward Gurney, the subject of this sketch, says The Canadian Grocer, was the son of the elder of these two brothers, and claims special interest to-day because of his recent election to the responsible and honorable position of President of the Toronto Bard of Trade. Born in the town of Hamilton (for it was then only a town, in the year 1845), he was educated in the private schools of that town, which immediately preceded the establishment of the public school system, and speaks with some humor of the earnestness displayed by the masters of those days in their methods of discipline. He passed through the different forms of the common school, and, with a short interregnum amongst the Quakers of Prince Edward County, and another short period at the Phillips Academy of Hamilton, may be said to have finished his education in the common school.

On leaving the school Edward Gurney passed into the hands of another schoolmaster, namely, the manager of the business, who advanced him grade by grade until he in turn was fitted for the management of a business of this class.

Mr. Gurney always speaks in high terms of this man, who taught him to read, or, in other words, gave him a taste for the best literature, at a time when without such guidance he might have made a less valuable selection for himself.

In 1869 the firm of E. & C. Gurney purchased the business of the late John McGee of Toronto, which business was placed in charge of the subject of this sketch, who has resided in the Queen City since that date. At the end of the first five years of business here the advance had been so marked as to require the erection of larger premises. The present site was selected on King-street west, and buildings erected, which indicated by their size a good deal of faith in the future of Canada and in the executive capacity of the man in charge, as measured by the judgment of the proprietors. From time to time these premises have been largely increased, until to-day they are easily the largest of their class in the Dominion, and take rank with the large concerns of the United States. In 1891 the firm was turned into a joint stock company, under the style of the Gurney Foundry Co., with Edward Gurney as president.

In 1887 Mr. Gurney established a branch of the business in Boston, Mass., where he spends a small portion of his time, that concern being so organized as not to require a very great share of his attention; the same remark might be applied to the Gurney-Massey Co. of Montreal, which was also established under his general direction.

The Toronto Board of Trade is to be congratulated upon its new president.

The Queerest Boat Afloat.

Here is the queerest boat afloat. It is the invention of a New York man and it will doubtless become a popular

QUEEREST OF WATER CRAFT.

pleasure craft, as it has so many good features to recommend it. The inventor, H. D. Layman, describes the boat in detail. He says: "This boat is made of rubbered cloth, with continuous air chambers, made in two separate compartments, extending around the top of the boat, on which oar locks are buckled, as shown in the illustration. It also has an air tube running lengthwise under the centre of the boat, which serves as a rudder and bumper. The boats are capable of being deflated and packed into a small case or trunk with their seats and jointed oars, and may be carried under the seat of a buggy, or by hand if needs be, as an outfit. The boat complete, capable of carrying comfortably three or four persons, would not weigh more than 50 pounds. The boats are made in four separate compartments, are simple, durable, and absolutely safe against either capsizing or sinking, but if filled with water would then float several hundred pounds. They have been thoroughly tested both in rough and calm waters and are entirely seaworthy; at least this is the verdict of experienced boat builders, sea captains, life-savers, and other competent judges."

FIERCE RIOT AT HAMBURG.

Strikers Attack the Police and a Bloody Fight Ensues With Loss of Two Lives.

Hamburg, Feb. 9.—Ever since the decision of a majority of the men who took part in the great strike here of dock laborers and others employed in the shipping trade to return to work, there has been much discontent among the men, and those who watched the situation closely could see that trouble was brewing. The defeat of the strikers was due mainly to lack of funds, and they felt very bitter that they were compelled to return to work without having in the least benefited their condition. To-night the bad feeling among the men culminated in a bitter fight between a large number of men who had been on strike and the police, who for several days past had been anticipating trouble. Before the disturbance was quelled two men were killed and 19 seriously wounded. Among the latter were five policemen.

It is not known exactly how the fighting started, but one report has it that it originated in a dispute between some men who were arguing as to the correctness of the decision to return to work, and who finally came to blows. When the police attempted to intervene the men abandoned their own quarrel and combined to thrash the policemen, the fighting soon assuming wide proportions. Another story is that the police were the aggressors. However this may be, the fighting became very serious, revolvers and sabres being freely used.

The police were rapidly getting the worst of the contest, they being greatly outnumbered by the raging mob of rioters, whose numbers were quickly swelled, not only by genuine working men, but by the hordes of vicious idlers about the harbor, who were only too anxious under the circumstances to engage with their natural enemies, the police. The latter at first attempted to get the mob to disperse by the use of mild means, but these proving unavailing, sabres were drawn, and orders given to charge the mob. The rioters, some of whom were armed with revolvers, while others had bludgeons and stones for weapons, held their ground tenaciously, and made a desperate resistance, which the police were unable to overcome.

Eventually reinforcements were received in response to the urgent call of the officer in command of the police, and finally the rioters were dispersed with great difficulty. Later crowds of workingmen gathered in Sanct Pauli, Wilhelmsburg and Altona, all of which places are practically parts of Hamburg, and threatened vengeance on the police. The latter, fearing that there would be another outbreak went in strong force to the place mentioned, and compelled obedience to their orders that the streets be cleared.

Killed by His Wife.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 9.—George Davies, commission merchant, was shot and killed by his wife this morning. The shooting was the result of one of many family quarrels.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market rules quiet and prices are steady. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75 to $3.80.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The local market continues firm. There were sales west of red winter at 77c and of white at 78c. White sold east at 80c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 77c, afloat, Fort William, and sales are reported at 92c, Toronto freight.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 28c outside.

Barley—The market is weak. No. 1 unchanged at 31c. No. 2 quoted at 28c to 27c. No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—Trade quiet and prices unchanged, there being sales north and west at 40c.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with sales west at 19½c to 20c for new.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offering. Cars are quoted at 34c to 35c, outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The Western Market to-day was fairly active and prices as a rule are unchanged. Offerings were 50 car loads, and the demand was fair, nearly all selling at about Friday's prices. The best export cattle sold at 3¾c to 4c per lb., and choice bulls at 3c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle unchanged for best qualities, which sold at 3½c to 3¾c per lb., good to medium at 2½c to 2¾c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 400 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4¼c to 4½c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer, with receipts of 1000 head. The best sold at 4⅝c to 4½c per lb., weighed off cars, thick fats at 3¾c, lightweights at 4c, sows at 3c to 3½c, and stags at 2c to 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.—Spring wheat, 6s 6d to 6s 8d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8½d; corn, 2s 6¾d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 20s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; do. light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 22s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 59s.

London—Wheat on passage rather worse. English country markets steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures quiet at 6s 4¼d for March, 6s 5d for May and 6s 4d for July. Maize 2s 7¼d for March, 2s 8¼d for May and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 23s 3d.

Paris—Wheat 22f 90c for March. Flour, 47f 75c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage steady. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat 22f 90c for March. Flour 47f 70c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat dull; futures firm at 6s 4¾d for March, 6s 5½d for May and 6s 4½d for July. Maize steady at 2s 7¾d for March, 2s 8d for May, and 2s 9¾d for July. Flour 23s 3d.

Peterborough Markets,
FEBRUARY 8, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 22	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 55
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 06

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings County, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to try. The result was marvellous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs asthma and consumption. It is pleasant, quick and certain. 25 cents.

IN

HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

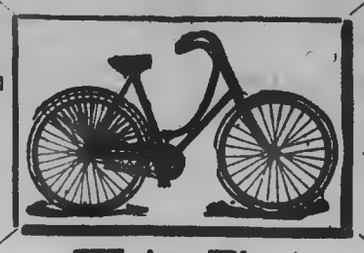
THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

...FOR...

Easy Running Qualities.
Beauty of Design

EXCELLENCE OF FINISH



NATTINESS OF APPEARANCE

We're First

WELLAND VALE MANF'G CO'Y Ltd

Toronto Store— 77 YONGE STREET

Factory— ST. CATHARINES, ONT

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

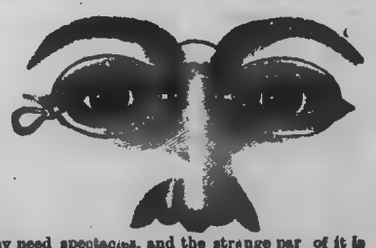
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next doo north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Cluxton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. B. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.
SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. M. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT
ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall' Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 588 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

— THE —

OWNER SPEAKS

88 Albert-st,
PETERBOROUGH, Feb'y 10th, 1897.

Messrs. Fairweather & Co., Furriers, etc, Town.

GENTLEMEN,—It was with feelings of surprise and pleasure that I learned that I was the holder of Coupon 1790 and entitled to the beautiful "Gendron" Bicycle, which has graced your store window for some time.

I herewith express my thanks to you for the receipt of the same and for the courteous and kind manner in which you handed over the bicycle to me, trusting that a good run of business will be the reward of your efforts to secure the public patronage.

I remain,

Yours respectfully,

C. R. SUTHERLAND.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Meda's, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1897

Traveler's Latest.

"Tobacco smoking," said the traveler, "is so common in Holland that it is almost impossible to distinguish one person from another in a room full of smokers."

"But supposing you want to speak to someone present, how are you to find him out?"

"Ah! in such cases a waiter is sent round with a pair of bellows, with which he blows away the smoke from the face of every person until the right one is found!"—Tit-Bits.

Only Once.

"Do you mean to say," said the soulful young woman, "that you have never yet met the woman whose presence and touch thrilled your whole being in an utterly indescribable manner?"

"Only once," said the weary young man. "It was when I was in the hands of a woman dentist."—London Answers.

CAN CURE ASTHMA!

A Leading Physician's Discovery.

He Will Prove It Free of Charge to Every Sufferer in Peterborough.

It is but natural that sufferers from that terrible disease known as "Asthma," after treating with doctors and trying without avail, numberless remedies advertised as "positive cures" have come to the conclusion that there is no cure for this most distressing of diseases, and can be pardoned for being still skeptical, when they learn that Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, the recognized authority who in thirty years of experience as a medical practitioner, has treated more cases of Asthma and its kindred than any living doctor, has at last achieved success by perfecting a remedy which not only gives instant relief, even in the worst and most inveterate of cases, but has cured thousands of sufferers who were considered incurable.

Knowing that in making this broad claim a strong doubt may exist in the minds of many who have been duped by fraudulent nostrums, and that a personal test will establish the truth of his claims Dr. Schiffmann authorizes this paper to announce that any sufferer from Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh or Hay Fever, who will send him their address plainly written on a postal card will receive a free trial package of Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure absolutely free of charge. To accept this most generous and extraordinary offer involves only the cost of a postal card and the remedy undoubtedly possesses the merit he claims for it, otherwise the doctor would not openly invite sufferers to test it absolutely free of charge, before purchasing; even paying the postage on the sample himself. This offer is not good after March 1st, so persons desiring to avail themselves of the same should promptly send their address to Dr. R. Schiffman, 835 Rosabel-st., St. Paul, Minn, U.S.A.

THE WORK OF A YEAR IN FOREIGN MISSIONS

Continued from page 4.

mentioned that we had formerly two juvenile Bands in Port Hope. One of them with a reported membership of 57, but now both are extinct, one at least being crowded out by other juvenile organizations, and the loss of so many young workers has materially reduced our forces as you can readily see. In two cases the average attendance is greater than the membership, on account of some who attend neglecting to pay their fees, though they had promised to do so. In Auxiliaries there are five, whose proportionate average attendance has been so close that we give the names of the five in the order of their standing: Cobourg 17.20, Coldsprings 9·11, Bobcaygeon, 7·9, Garden Hill 5·6, Havelock 8·11. In our Bands these are the two whose attendance exceeds the membership, viz: "The Daisies," of Cobourg, and the "Helping Hands," of Port Hope. Next to these rank the "Earnest Workers," of Keene, 7-9, and the "Wide Awake," of Cobourg, 8-11. The latter band has decided to amalgamate with the Auxiliary, as there are so many church meetings it seems impossible for the girls to keep up their own especial organization.

"SCATTERED HELPERS."

In this department there is also a slight decrease, the total number being 48, with a contribution of $53.36, against 51 and $59.57 last year. One branch reports $21.69 as "Scattered Helpers" contribution, but is unable to give the number of contributors, as the person in charge took no note of names. Last year seven of our branches reported "Scattered Helpers," this year nine report help from this source, and we are quite sure the time will come when every branch will have its association of "Scattered Helpers," realizing the full value of this ally in the work. What the Sabbath school is to the church, this association may be said to be to the W F M S, and no one can fail to see that the very principle of its foundation is Christ-given. "Gather up the fragments that nothing be lost." Norwood and Warkworth still lead in numbers. Norwood with the most "Helpers," and Warkworth with the largest proportionate contribution. We think Mrs Sutherland's methods of conducting this Association should be sought, for her success has been very marked and continuous. Two of Norwood's "Scattered Helpers" have been gathered into the fold above, and their loss is deeply felt. Death teaches heavy lessons hard to bear, and most it teaches us what we have lost in losing those who loved and helped us. "All finer natures walk this bitter world but for a while, then Heaven asks its own, and we can but remember and regret."

VALUE OF CLOTHING.

Of this part of our work we may safely say there has never been in our Presbyterial society such a generous response to the appeal for clothing. The quantity was 300 lbs. greater than last year, and the value increased by $161.43. The supply was sent to Mr Small for his school at Birtle, Man., and Miss McLaren, the matron, in writing of it says it was the best they had ever received. Mr Small wished especial thanks conveyed to the lady in Port Hope who so kindly sent the beautiful freize overcoat, than which, he says, nothing could have suited him better. He further says "It is rather difficult to give the kind ladies who prepared this clothing any conception of how much it is appreciated both by the children and by those who have the alloting of it to them." The bales weighed 1,500 lbs, and the total value as given was $806.89, of which amount $59.30 is to the credit of our Bands. The "Faithful Workers" of St Paul's sent almost $27 worth, and the "Helping Hands" of Port Hope, First church, nearly $12 worth. The new goods were valued at $283 70, and were mostly made up, of this Mr Small says "it was the best of material," meaning that it was strong and warm.

THE CONTRIBUTION

shows a falling off of $7, an increase over 1895 of $77, though there were then 85 more members than in 1896, so that it is apparent the slight diminution is not the result of waning interest. One of our branches suffered the loss of their church by fire. This necessitated re-building, and the women became responsible for the furnishing, pew-cushioning, and the purchase of a pipe organ. With all this burden the Auxiliary, of course, suffered, and, much though they regret it, their financial returns and membership are considerably diminished. The "Helping Hands," of Port Hope, has the greatest increase; St Paul's Auxiliary comes next. Ellengowan third, the Frasers of St Paul's fourth, Vernonville fifth, and the Daisies of Cobourg sixth. Twenty-nine branches reported voluntary offerings, the remaining three having used various means but all but $140 has been given to missions. The report in passing referred to the appeals from Armenia and India. The Letter Leaflet was commended as a help to workers. No new societies have been organized. There were now 23 auxiliaries, 6 missions and 3 juvenile bands. In concluding the report referred feelingly to the loss sustained by the death of six members, Mrs Mann, Baltimore; Mrs McGregor, Ellengowan; Mrs Adam Hall, Mrs Tucker, Peterborough; Mrs Clysdale and and Mrs Cameron Norwood.

THE FINANCES.

Miss Edmison read the read the report of treasurer, Mr Craick, as follows:

RECEIPTS.

To balance on hand, expense fund	$19 37
.. .. .. clothing fund	16 17
.. net balance from annual meeting at Cobourg	2 28
.. net balance from semi annual meeting at Centreville	1 00
.. interest on bank deposit	12 30
.. freight charges on clothing refunded	30 15
. contributions to expense fund from 10 auxiliaries	13 25
	$94 52

EXPENDITURE.

By total for postage, stationery and express charges	$19 97
.. president's travelling expenses	2 25
. discount of draft to treasurer General Society	2 00
.. freight charges on Northwest clothing	16 63
	$40 91
To balance	53 61
Total	$94 52

Contributions received from Auxiliaries:

Baltimore	$ 57 15
Bobcaygeon	29 00
Campbellford	51 40
Centreville	22 00
Cobourg	85 25
Coldsprings	63 00
Ellengowan	33 00
Garden Hill	26 00
Grafton	11 80
Hastings	26 74
Havelock	11 40
Keene	52 00
Lakefield	56 00
Millbrook	23 25
Norwood	37 60
Peterborough, St. Andrew's	177 00
Peterborough, St. Paul's	286 83
Port Hope, 1st church	100 00
Port Hope, Mill-st	36 60
Vernonville	52 00
Warkworth	70 00
Westwood	37 00
	$1,390 72
To contributions from Mission Bands:	
Baltimore	5 57
Cobourg, "Wide Awake"	15 30
Cobourg "Daisy"	20 87
Keene	10 00
Lakefield	29 00
Peterborough, "Faithful Workers"	61 53
Peterborough, "Fraser"	50 00
Port Hope, "Helping Hands"	40 35
Port Hope, Mill-st	6 30
	$ 238 92
Total contributions	$1,629 64

Mrs. Shortreed, of Toronto, closed the session with an effective address. In her remarks she urged that a more active interest be taken in the effort to evangelize the world, first as christians and second as women. She emphasized the importance of increasing the contributions and the necessity for prayer.

The delegates who registered were:—Mrs Shortreed, Toronto; Mrs J K Smith, Mrs R K Scott, Miss Craick, Port Hope; Mrs R Curts, Mrs T Rutherford, Miss Winnie Govan, Mrs John Warwick, Campbellford; Mrs Douglas, Cobourg; Miss Gilchrist, Baltimore; Miss Fair, Miss Greer, Centreville; Miss Jessie Wilson, Mrs S Stickles, Hastings; Mrs Sutherland, Warkworth; Mrs Alex Mathieson, Mrs John Davidson, Norwood; Miss Isabel Jamieson, Mrs W J Speer, Grafton; Miss Christina Shaad, Vernonville; Mrs John Hope, Westwood; Miss Maude Campbell, Keene; Mrs Reeves, Miss McEwen, Mrs W M Graham, Lakefield.

During the afternoon Mrs Mein and Mrs Jones contributed a duet.

EVENING SESSION.

The public meeting held in the evening was largely attended. The pastor, Rev J G Potter, presided, and the meeting was opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev Wm Bennett. This was followed by a solo by Mr G W Mulligan.

At the request of the Presbytery Rev Mr Potter expressed their appreciation of the work being done for the cause of missions by the women. He also extended a welcome to Peterborough. Mrs Hilliard Jones followed with a solo, after which Mrs Wm Graham, of Lakefield, gave a summary of the work done by the society during the year.

The speaker of the evening, Rev J H Buchanan, M. D., was then introduced. He is laboring amongst the Bheels, who number 800,000 of the people of India. Mr. Buchanan dealt with the work in India, with special reference to the introduction of the work amongst the Bheels—a race that had been much neglected. They lived in the lowlands. Mr Buchanan was beginning a work for the Presbyterian church there. He was laboring there with his wife, and was about to erect four buildings, hospital, boarding school, boys' orphanage and girls' orphanage. A friend has already offered to be responsible for the girls' orphanage. During the course of his remarks Mr Buchanan alluded to the famine in India, and declared that no one could realize the awful destitution and suffering. While not desirous of preventing any money being contributed to the relief of these people, on the other hand being eager to see contributions flow in, he felt, however, the money should be distributed through church channels and not by the British Government officials and their heathen underlings.

The meeting was brought to a close with devotional exercises.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

At this morning's session two excellent papers were read, one by Mrs A Stewart on "Systematic giving," and the other by Mrs J W Garvin on "How to reach the uninterested." The Clothing and Packing committees were amalgamated, Mrs Craick, Mrs Williamson and Mrs Carson, all of Port Hope, being chosen members.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CONTAINS PURELY AND SOLELY

V. O. 1890 WHISKY

DISTILLED BY THE LATE

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

Aged in Oak Casks, under Government Supervision.

We are the sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from the Bank of British North America

Ask your dealer for

QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with co k lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $6.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7. will be sold during this sale 3 50

43 Men's Freise Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $6, go now at 4 00

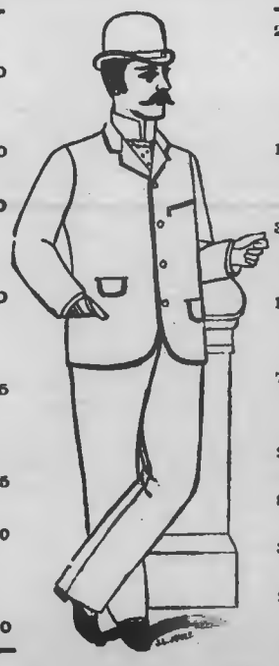
55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $13, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoot, never sold less than $7.50, net price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00



28 Prince Albert Dress Suits, Handsomely lined and trim impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Young Men's Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8 50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2 50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduce to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Baby Eczema and Scald Head.

Infants and young children are particularly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application smooths the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc, sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 130 Charlotte-st.

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FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Ass't S

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

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Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 35. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

HARDY'S SHOW OPEN.

And Uncle Ol, Late Ringmaster, Took It All In,

As Did Hundreds of Others—Society People Were Out in Force and the Ladies Were Beautiful Gowns, a Number of Which Were Decollete, and Perfume Pervaded the Chamber—The Grave Legislators Played Only Second Fiddle—Monsieur Evanturel Unanimously Elected Speaker—Ceremony of Unveiling a Fine Picture of Hon. Edward Blake, Followed by Happy Speeches Regarding the Irish Leader.

Toronto, Feb. 11.

The touch of the Old World ceremony in connection with the opening of our Legislative Assemblies is one of the few picturesque and historic things which a utilitarian western civilization has permitted to linger in our midst; and in these latter days, when the practical common sense of the majority has made it an unwritten law that the male portion of humanity, from a waiter to a Governor-General, shall, so far as dress is concerned, be reduced to a black-coated level, it is not to be marveled at that large numbers of people eagerly seize the opportunity of treating the aesthetic side of their natures to a feast of form and color such as one sees in the picturesque costumes and military uniforms, worn only on such state occasions as yesterday.

But there were other attractions, for not every day is a new Speaker installed with his robe of office or does a new and able Premier assume his arduous duties. And there were to be eulogistic speeches—eulogistic, mark you, largely of the Government members, for do not these, not confessing their own faults and shortcomings, proclaim daily in their organs that there is no health in the Opposition and that the salvation and hope of the country is with them?

From the galleries the ground floor presented a very brilliant scene—there was an immense concourse of people, among whom were our most prominent judges, church dignitaries, lawyers, newspaper men and politicians. Many society women graced the occasion, in beautiful gowns, a number of which were decollete, and in the seats where grave and solemn members are wont to consider affairs of state and great moment, frivolous big hats, with plumes and flowers, swayed and nodded, silk and satin rustled and perfume spread itself mysteriously through the warm air, while bouquets of roses, violets and lilies made summer of the winter afternoon. The galleries, too, were thronged and below that, set aside and known as the ladies' gallery, hung the now locally famous portrait of the Hon. Edward Blake, fresh from the brush of our well-known painter, Wyly Grier.

At 3 o'clock the Government House party and guard entered the Assembly Room and gathered in a brilliant group about the Speaker's chair, where Sir Casimir Gzowski, in military uniform and cocked hat, acted as Administrator, in the absence of the invalided Lieutenant-Governor. The election of the new Speaker was then proceeded with and the new Attorney-General, in very feeling terms, referred to the almost tragic death of the last Speaker, Mr. Balfour, and made a motion for the election of a successor in the person of Mr. Francis Eugene Evanturel of Prescott, a man in whom both sides of the House had every confidence. After some preliminaries the vote was put to the House, and Mr. Evanturel took the chair amid general applause, where he was welcomed by members on both sides of the House. Mr. Whitney's speech especially, was exceedingly graceful and cordial. Although he always speaks with good voice, much distinctness and to the purpose, the leader of the Opposition has seldom been heard to better advantage than on this important occasion, and one felt that his colleagues had done well in appointing him their leader.

Then came the Speech from the Throne, its reference to the long reign and approaching jubilee of the Queen, to the convalescence of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and to the various matters which will be placed before the House for consideration during the session, two of the most important being legislation regarding mining and the care of imported waifs. This usually brings the House to an adjournment, but the presentation of a portrait of the Hon. Edward Blake to the Legislature was the occasion of more speeches and more eulogy, in which Dr. Hoskin, the Speaker, the Hon. G. W. Ross and Mr. Whitney took part. Dr. Hoskin presented the portrait on behalf of the Trust Company, and Principal Sheraton unveiled it from the ladies' gallery. The Speaker acknowledged the gift on behalf of the House, the Minister of Education, in a brief and interesting speech, reviewed the history of the Provincial Parliament and the part taken in it by the Grit members and Mr. Whitney, in a few courteous and pleasant remarks, replied for the Opposition. It was a great occasion, but everybody was glad when the House adjourned, to meet at 3 o'clock to-day.

THE OPENING PROCEEDINGS.

A Speaker Had to be Elected Before the Speech Was Read.

For a short time, which, to the expectant audience, seemed an hour or more, the proceedings were delayed by the non-appearance of Her Majesty's representative. The Ministers and Opposition leaders improved the opportunity by passing among the ladies and giving all a cordial handshake. Sir Oliver Mowat, too, was not idle, and with his usual smiling countenance succeeded in making himself as ardent a ladies' man as any of the others who had not seen half his years.

At last the strains of "God Save the Queen," emanating from the outside, heralded the approach of the representative of the Crown. He wore his uniform as A.D.C. to the Queen, and was ushered through the crowd by an escort composed of his own aides-de-camp and the commanders of the various city corps. Standing upon the throne the aged knight was notified by Hon. E. J. Davis of the vacancy in the office of Speaker, and accordingly proclaimed that before the opening could be proceeded with the Legislature must "choose a fit and proper person" to be Speaker.

Sir Casimir then retired, and the Clerk of the House arose and declared the seats of the three bye-elections which had occurred since the last session, duly declaring Hon. E. J. Davis elected for North York, Andrew Pattullo for South Oxford and John Auld for South Essex.

The office of Speaker having been duly declared vacant, Premier Hardy arose to offer the name of the Government nominee. The circumstances, he said, which had rendered the position vacant were familiar to every member of the Legislature. The late lamented Hon. A. J. Balfour was a man who had possessed the confidence and esteem of both sides of the House. He had won it by his long and faithful membership, his vigor in debate and his impartiality in decision. The fact that the deceased Speaker had but two weeks before his death reached the object of his ambition—a place in the Cabinet—rendered tragic his untimely end. Proceeding, the Attorney-General reviewed the different attributes which should characterize a good Speaker. He should be a man of strict integrity, of fairness of thought, and of impartiality. He thought that the man he was proposing, Mr. F. E. A. Evanturel, member for Prescott, would meet all these requirements. Mr. Evanturel had been a member of the House for ten years, was a graduate of Laval University, and an LL.B. His former connection with the public service at Ottawa had made him familiar with the rules of debate, and he himself was in the foremost ranks of the debaters in the chamber, always listened to attentively. The Government leader then proposed the name of Francis Eugene Alfred Evanturel, the member for Prescott as a fit and proper person to fill the chair.

Mr. J. R. Stratton seconded the nomination. He endorsed the previous speaker's remarks and hoped Mr. Evanturel would be elected by acclamation. A man's race and religion should not be taken into consideration, but a man of integrity and ability was wanted.

Mr. J. P. Whitney, leader of the Opposition, endorsed the Government candidate. He said that it was so seldom he had a chance to agree with the Government that when he did he felt strongly the tension of the situation. He thought that many of the people might wonder at the choice of the Government, not as regards its merits, but because it had been thought that Mr. Evanturel was to be taken into the Cabinet. The speaker believed he was fit for such an office, and could see no reason why they did not make him a Minister of the Crown. He was, however, heartily in accord with the existing choice. The nominee had all the qualities, natural and acquired, necessary to fill the position with safety to the people and with dignity to the assembly over which he would preside. He thought Mr. Evanturel eminently fitted for the position. The hon. members to the left of the House were willing to place their privileges in the hands of a Speaker chosen by the Government because in the past their interests had always been fairly looked after. He was glad to welcome Mr. Evanturel as a compatriot of Tache and Cartier. Mr. Whitney also expressed his pleasure at the idea of a French-Canadian presiding over the assembly. Concluding, he felicitated the candidate and congratulated his proposers.

The Clerk then put the motion, and Mr. F. E. A. Evanturel was declared elected unanimously and was assisted to his seat by his mover and seconder.

And then, with more than his usual eloquence, the Hon. Speaker-elect thanked the members for the honor conferred upon him. The position he now occupied was one which had been held since Confederation by some of the most eminent statesmen and greatest sons of Ontario. He would endeavor to follow in their footsteps and be guided in his conduct by the decisions of the British and Colonial Parliaments. He pledged his honor that his decisions would be marked by the strictest impartiality.

HON. EDWARD BLAKE'S PICTURE

Formally Presented to the Legislature by the Toronto General Trusts.

According to announcement Dr. Hoskin, Q.C., ascended the steps before the throne, to present to the Legislature, on behalf of the Toronto General Trusts Company, the picture of Hon. Edward Blake, which hung on the western wall and directly in front of the Government benches. The painting was unveiled, and presented to view, a life-sized picture of the then youthful Liberal leader in the act of addressing the House. In the background are seen the faces of the late Hon. Alex. Mackenzie and the late Archibald McKellar. In making the presentation Dr. Hoskin said:

"Mr. Speaker: A committee from the Toronto General Trusts Company, consisting of its vice-presidents—Dr. Meredith and Mr. W. H. Beatty, the Speaker of the House of Commons, its managing director, Mr. Langmuir, Mr. George Gooderham, Senator Cox, Sir Frank Smith, Mr. Jaffray and myself, have the honour to wait upon the members of the Legislative Assembly for the purpose of presenting the portrait of the second Premier of the Province of Ontario, the Honorable Edward Blake.

"The honorable gentleman was the first, and for 14 years continuously, president of the Toronto General Trusts Company in the formation of which he took the leading part, seeing from his experience in connection with trusts estates, which come under his notice professionally, the great need for such a company which was the first of the kind called into existence, and upon his retiring from the position of president because of his absence for the time being from the province the directors desired to mark their esteem for him and their appreciation of his services in some lasting way, and to that end it was concluded, with his approval, to present his portrait to the province, and we are here to day, sir, for the purpose of asking you to accept it in the name of the Legislative Assembly.

"The portrait represents Mr. Blake speaking in the old legislative chamber; one or the scenes of his former triumphs; on either side of him will be observed the portraits respectively of the late Alexande Mackenzie and Archibald McKellar.

"The artist, Mr. Grier, I may add, is entitled to much credit for the excellent way in which he has executed his work.

"And words of mine as to Mr. Blake's standing, ability and character will be superfluous—you all know him as well as I do. He is one of Canada's greatest sons, an honorable man, a scholar, a statesman, a lawyer; one who has occupied the highest places in the legislative, scholastic and professional world for many years the Chancellor of the University of Toronto, for many years the treasurer or head of the Law Society of this province, once Premier of Ontario, and formerly the Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada, and while his voice is not now heard in our Legislative Halls and Courts, yet it is frequently and effectively heard at Westminster and in that High Court of the Empire, Her Majesty's Privy Council.

"Apart from the ability to discharge the varied duties pertaining to these high positions, he has manifested great financial skill as evidenced by his connection with the affairs of the Toronto General Trusts Company and by his having been recent-

Continued on Page 2.

COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN

Vigorously Pushing the Trained Nurse Project.

Her Excellency Stated That the Scheme Did Not Involve Opposition to Any Existing Hospital—Trained Nurses Needed in All the Provinces, It Is Claimed—Railway Men Wanted to See Mr. Blair, But Were Disappointed—General News Notes From the Capital.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The meeting held in the Normal School this afternoon for the purpose of hearing Countess Aberdeen explain the scheme of the Victorian Order of Home Helpers, to commemorate the Queen's diamond jubilee, was well attended. His Excellency presided, and in his opening remarks said he thought no better plan to celebrate this great event could be devised than the one now before the public.

Lady Aberdeen spoke for about half an hour and delivered a thoroughly practical address. She said there were two main objects to be considered: First, what memorial would please Her Majesty in connection with this year of jubilee, and second, what memorial would most appeal to the hearts of Canadians. The Countess proceeded to speak of the inception of the work, and also of its need. There was not a province in the Dominion in which it was possible to get sufficient nurses for the rural districts, and she, therefore, believed that a project of this kind was calculated to be a great benefit. The scheme was not submitted in opposition to any hospitals, but as a supplementary of hospital work. In training nurses for the country districts three qualifications would be necessary before they could accept engagements, namely, a practical knowledge of midwifery, practical knowledge of first aid to the injured, and some knowledge of home sanitation. She trusted that a large representative committee would be appointed to work out the details. It was thought $1,000,000 would be required to properly carry out the scheme, which would be equivalent to $1 to each family of Canada. At Lord Aberdeen's request, A. E. Forget, Indian Commissioner, spoke on the project, showing the need for such an organization in the Northwest.

Mr. Laurier, who was received with applause, expressed himself heart and soul in favor of this project. In eloquent language, he sketched Victoria's reign, speaking of the development of arts, letters and science. Charity was the most fitting thing in which the people of Canada could mark appreciation of the diamond jubilee, and he trusted, therefore, that the people would take hold of this proposal. He moved a resolution, pledging the meeting to hearty approval of the scheme, and affirming the desirability of opening a fund for the purpose of carrying it out.

The motion was seconded by Hon. Clifford Sifton and carried unanimously. After speeches from Rev. John McDougall of Morley and others, the meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Local representatives of the Dominion Board of Arbitrators of Railway Employes saw Mr. Laurier again today in reference to their request for the appointment of a committee to enquire into cases of political partisanship on the Intercolonial. Mr. Blair was to have been present, but, as he had left for Montreal during the day, the meeting had to be deferred to another day.

Sir C. H. Tupper informed your correspondent to-day that he expects to be in Ottawa right along until July, when the final argument before the Behring Sea arbitrators comes up. Sir Charles co-operated with the Government counsel in the entire case, and was in fact given a standing which he would not have occupied as a private counsel for those on whose behalf he was specially retained. He does not think that the Government work could have been better done than by the genetlemen to whom it was entrusted. Mr. Peters, leading counsel, with Mr. Beique and Mr. Bodwell, won encomiums on every side. Mr. Dickinson, the American counsel, fought his side well. Sir Charles will be engaged with the Government counsel in preparing their written argument, which is required to be printed and delivered by the end of March. The American counsel will put in a reply and then there will be a closing reply from Canada in writing.

A. W. Ross, ex-M. P., of Toronto, is here on mining business.

The British Columbia delegation had another interview with Mr. Blair today in reference to the railway project. The Minister promised to secure them an interview with all the members of the Government to-morrow. It is said their little line will cost fifteen millions.

In Royal Embrace.

Berlin, Feb. 10.—Archduke Otto of Austria, nephew of Emperor Francis Joseph, and heir-presumptive to the throne of Austria, arrived here to-day and was received with great ceremony by Emperor William, the Imperial Princes and high court, military and civil officials. The Emperor embraced the Archduke and the party was driven to the palace in state carriages, escorted by cuirassiers, amid the acclamations of the crowds in the streets. At the palace the Archduke was entertained at luncheon. A state ball will be given in his honor this evening.

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Proof of Efficiency.

What better proof can be had of the thoroughness of the work done at the
Peterborough Business College
Than that the present premises barely afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a thorough
Business and Shorthand Education.
Full information may be had by calling at the College or addressing
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE PETERBOROUGH
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CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRAHF, Sec.-Treas. d21

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

BICYCLES!
The Stormer Bicycle.
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
GENTLEMEN'S WHEEL, $75.
DO NOT BUY UNTIL YOU SEE THEM
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S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

MASSACRED BY CHRISTIANS.

Charges of Butchery Made by Mohammedans in Crete.

Canea, Island of Crete, Feb. 10.—It is officially stated that 23 Mussulman women and children were massacred at Kissamo and Kastili, westward of Canea. The Greek warships left here yesterday for Retimo. No news has been received here of further fighting on the island.

Englishmen Will Have Their Beer.

London, Feb. 10.—In the House of Commons to-day the bill providing for the closing of public houses on Sundays was rejected by a vote of 209 to 149.

Watching Against the Plague.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—The Russian Government has forbidden pilgrimages of Moslems to Mecca through Russian territory, and has also forbidden Russian Christians to visit the shrines in the east. These measures are taken as a precaution against the bubonic plague, and cordons of officers have been assigned to closely watch the Russian frontiers to prevent the introduction of the plague.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

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BOARD WANTED.
ONE OR TWO ROOMS. Private family preferred. Leave address at REVIEW Business Office. 3635

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T. H. LINSCOTT, Manager, TORONTO, ONT. d135-w5

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FOR SALE.
A FINE UPRIGHT $400 MENDELSHON PIANO, in first class condition, including stool, music rack and cover, at $250 cash. Can be seen at 192 Dalhousie-st. 3434-1w

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RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery, No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 98tf

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
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Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
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No order too large or too small for our capacity.
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See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

Probabilities.
Increasing easterly winds, cloudy with a fall of snow; stationary or higher temperature.

R. F.

Encouraging
. . . AN . . .
IMMIGRATION
POLICY!

Our New Stock purchases made in New York are beginning to arrive. The goods are unique, handsome and the very acme of style. The Golden Lion encourages this sort of immigration policy for it lays before its customers the things THEY WANT; not the things the average house thinks they should buy. This policy has made the Golden Lion a success.

Stock taking is over. The year's results are are very flattering. The annual turn over has increased year by year. Last year it sprang ahead with a bound. We've not reached high water mark—but we're getting there.

New additions to the stock embrace:
New White Wear,
Bleached Cotton and Sheetings,
New Wrapperettes,
New Prints, New Carpets,
Art Squares, New Veilings and New Laces.

A Car load of European goods will arrive ten days hence, imported direct from London, Manchester; Kidderminster, Halifax, Glasgow, Belfast, St. Gall, (Switzerland), Chemnitz, (Saxony) and Berlin. (Germany).

Watch for the pile of cases on the Sidewalk.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 309. - - - Rents Collected.
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Under Market Hall, 396 George-st.

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"A rough road is ever a long one; a good one ever too short."
The Grand Trunk System is good.
When you travel, use the Grand Trunk.
GEO. J. HOPKINS,
City Agent, Bradburn's Block.
W. HAYDEN,
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WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $6.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale 3 50

43 Men's Freise Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $6, go now at 4 00

55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $15, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7.50, net price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for. Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

26 Prince Albert Dress Suits, Handsomely lined and trimmed, impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Youths' Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8 50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2 50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduce to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $3, sale price 1 85

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, catarrh and malaria.

Such Cures as This Prove Merit.

"My little nephew was a plump and healthy baby until a year and a half old, then sores broke out behind his ears and spread rapidly over his head, hands and body. A physician said the trouble was scrofula humor in the blood. The child became one complete sore. We had to restrain his hands to keep him from scratching the sores. We were induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time he had more life. He improved rapidly, his skin became entirely clear of sores and he is now a healthy child."; MRS. FLORENCE ANDREWS, Clearfield, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 1897

HARDY'S SHOW OPEN.

Continued from page 1.

ly chosen to represent [illegible] views of those who are interested in contending that there has been an inequality in taxation.

"We respectfully ask that his portrait may be placed near that of our great and distinguished friend, Sir Oliver Mowat, in the hope that soon will follow those of the first and fourth premiers of this great province, all which will fittingly adorn the walls of this magnificent building, which is a lasting memorial to the name of the late Christopher Finlay Fraser." [Applause.]

Speaker Evanturel replying on behalf of the Legislature, desired to offer to the givers his deep-felt gratitude. There was not a hamlet in Canada to which the name of Edward Blake had not penetrated as one of the greatest sons of our province. He had now crossed the ocean to throw additional lustre upon the Canadian name in the old land. Excellently as the picture had been painted, it would fade long before the memory of Blake would leave us. Concluding he made a touching reference to the two great Canadians, Sir John A. Macdonald and Hon George Brown, whose views were opposed in life, but whose monuments now stood almost side by side, a fitting foreground for the Parliament pile.

Hon. G. W. Ross also made one of his happy speeches in reply. He made a glowing reference to Mr. Blake's services in his capacity as leader of the Provincial and Federal Opposition and as Premier of Ontario. He had been the second to fill the latter office and had been succeeded in it by Sir Oliver Mowat. Sir Oliver, who stood among the concourse of notable gentlemen in front of the Speaker, hung his head and blushed while Dr. Ross proceeded with an eloquent tribute to himself for the services he had rendered his province during his 24 years of power. And yet, the speaker added, "this long lease has left no wrinkles upon his noble brow."

The reference to the ex-Premier was well-received and the Minister concluded by paying his respects to Mr. Laurier, in which the assemblage also endorsed him.

Cries from Mr. Hardy and his colleagues of "Whitney!" "Whitney" resulted in bringing the opposition leader to his feet to make a few remarks. He heartily concurred in the propriety of the incident which had taken place. It would not become him to paint the lily and adorn the rose like Mr. Ross had done, but nevertheless he agreed with all that gentleman had said of Mr. Blake's ability and renown. In time, he concluded, there would be many other pictures of noted Canadians adorning the walls of the chamber, but in that distant future the passageway which led up to the picture of Hon. Edward Blake would be worn by the tramp of sightseers as much as that leading to any other.

Mr. Whitney sat down amid applause and the most brilliant legislative function Toronto has witnessed for many years was over.

An American Honored.

London, Feb. 10.—The Post to-morrow will publish a Paris despatch announcing that the American artist William Donna has been promoted to be an officer of the Legion of Honor.

CURLING FOR THE TANKARD.

Toronto Caledonians and Queen Cityes Beaten—To-Day Will Decide It.

Toronto, Feb. 11.

—First Draw.—

Fergus beat Buffalo by 28 shots.

Hamilton Victoria beat Seaforth by 8 shots.

Queen City beat Scarboro by 9 shots.

Oshawa beat Collingwood by 40 shots.

Sarnia beat London by 26 shots.

Lindsay beat Caledonians by 23 shots.

Brantford and Chatham byes.

—Second Draw.—

Hamilton Victoria beat Queen City by 2 shots.

Lindsay beat Fergus by 9 shots.

Sarnia beat Oshawa by 13 shots.

Brantford beat Chatham by 10 shots.

—Third Draw, 9 a.m., to-day.—

Sarnia v. Lindsay, at the Victoria.

Hamilton Victoria v. Brantford, at the Victoria.

Final draw for the Ontario Tankard this afternoon at the Victoria.

Two rounds in the finals for the Ontario Silver Tankard were completed yesterday as above. Sarnia, Lindsay, Brantford and the Hamilton Victorias are the four clubs left. Fourteen teams started out and seven of them fell by the wayside.

The Hamilton Victorias furnished the feature of the day, securing a possible eight on their sixth head in the morning. Seaforth had one on the tee when Murdock threw his first granite. He took it out and Wilson fell short. Then Murdock drew another and made a record for Tankard games.

Lindsay scored successive sixes on Prentice on the third and fourth ends. This put the Caledonians hopelessly in the rear and though the Bonnies kept abreast of Flavelle until the 19th end McLennan had a lead that proved insurmountable, due to his own good work and miserable play on his opponents.

The other Toronto representatives knocked out the good players from Scarboro in the morning, but in the afternoon all hopes of the Tankard staying in Toronto vanished when the new Church-street club ran up against Hamilton Victorias. It was anyone's game until the last stone was thrown, and then Murdock and Dexter had two over, thanks to the exertions of the older skip. Skip Rogers was called away on important business when the game was half over or the result might have been different.

Capt. Robertson of Sarnia furnished the price of admission alone, both morning and afternoon. He played third for John Chester, and in both games this rink was up, as was the other Sarnia four, for that matter. They had no trouble in defeating London in the morning. Oshawa gave them a run for 10 ends in the afternoon. The captain threw up his hat when Chester knocked out a stone and counted five and afterwards Oshawa was out of it.

The byes went out to Parkdale in the afternoon, when Skip Woodyatt of Brantford won the game for his side by defeating Percy Schollfield 14 shots. Dr. Bray was four ahead of Jolly at the close and thus Chatham was 10 behind. But the Westerners say this result is no indication or the location of the next C.W.A. meet, and Brantford say they will see about that. They had played 21 ends when darkness came along, and there were no electric lights. They wasted 10 minutes in the cosy club room and the last end gave Woodyatt 1 and Jolly 4.

The ice was keen and good in the three curling rinks, over four hours being required to curl the 22 ends. All the scores:

Umpires—Victoria, John Bain. Toronto Club; Granite, C. C. Dalton. Granites Parkdale, John E. Hall, Parkdale.

—First Draw on Victoria Ice.—

Fergus.		Buffalo.	
J B Bayne		John Weber	
R Kerr		D Almas	
H S Mickle		J F Berrick	
G A Reid, sk	22	A A Berrick, sk	26
D Mennie		R Hoyt	
J Mennie		G Meixler	
W A Richardson		T H Heins	
T J Hamilton, sk	36	Dr Frost, sk	22
Total	58	Total	50
Seaforth.		**Hamilton Victorias.**	
W Ament		W R Davis	
M McDougall		F Kilvington	
J Turner		F J Howell	
A Wilson, sk	19	A Murdock, sk	26
F W Tweddle		R A Campbell	
R Logan		J D McKay	
T Richardson		D McPhee	
W Pickard, sk	24	D Dexter, sk	22
Total	43	Total	48
Queen City.		**Scarboro.**	
R B Rennie		J Maxwell, jr.	
Joseph Lugsdin		T Ramsay	
R B Rice		George Elliott	
J W Corcoran, sk	20	D Brown, sk	22
G Clapperton		A Grey	
Q D Day		R Purdie	
J C Scott		J M Ramsay	
J P Rogers, sk	24	D Purdie, sk	12
Total	44	Total	34

—At the Granite—

Collingwood.		Oshawa.	
G C Brown,		T M Luke,	
C E Stephens,		E J Rowse,	
John Sutherland,		F E Dingle,	
Chas. Noble, sk	14	P H Punshon, sk	28
James Brydon,		A G Lambert,	
H G Wynes,		Alex Rankin,	
W A Copeland,		F J Lambert,	
W J Jones, sk	4	J A Sykes, sk	30
Total	18	Total	58
Sarnia.		**London.**	
J J Thompson,		W J Walker,	
K McKenzie,		G B Harris,	
A Crawford,		T Gullon,	
J McGibbon, sk	27	R C Macfee, sk	10
J W Hamilton,		F G Rumble,	
Capt. E McGregor,		H Beaton,	
Capt. F Robertson,		D B Dewar,	
John Chester, sk	24	J P Evans, sk	15
Total	51	Total	25
Caledonia.		**Lindsay.**	
W J McCormick,		T McConnell,	
George E Keith,		M W. Kennedy,	
W D McIntosh,		George Little,	
D Prentice, sk	10	W McLennan, sk	28
A B Nichols,		L McIntosh,	
T Rennie,		J G Edwards,	
J Rennie,		J A McMillan,	
R Rennie,		J D Flavelle, sk	20
Total	25	Total	48

—Second Draw—At Victoria.—

Hamilton Victorias.		Queen City.	
A Murdock, sk	18	J W Corcoran, sk	22
D Dexter, sk	23	J P Rogers, sk	17
Total	41	Total	39
Fergus.		**Lindsay.**	
T D Hamilton, sk	13	J D Flavelle, sk	28
G A Reid, sk	20	W McLennan, sk	16
Total	33	Total	42

—At the Granite Rink—

Oshawa.		Sarnia.	
P H Punshon, sk	22	J McGibbon, sk	28
J A Sykes, sk	18	Jno. Chester, sk	25
Total	40	Total	53

—At Parkdale—

Brantford.		Chatham.	
T Wade,		R Gray,	
Thomas Evans,		J E Johnson,	
B J Wade,		J D Lamont,	
Thos Woodyatt, sk	26	E P Scholfield, sk	12
T P Pollard,		J M McCaig,	
A Bisel,		W T Bray,	
F Westbrook,			
D Jolly, sk	18	Dr J L Bray, sk	22
Total	44	Total	34

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S PRIZE.

The consolation for the Governor-General's prize was something of a frost, only one of the three games being played. London went home. The Bisons took a rest for their game to-day in Hamilton. Scarboro beat Seaforth three shots as follows:

Seaforth.		Scarboro.	
A. Wilson, sk	21	D. Brown, sk	22
W. Pickard, sk	20	D. Purdie, sk	22
Total	41	Total	44

Collingwood, Caledonia, Scarboro, Queen City, Fergus, Oshawa and Chatham, with the losers this morning, are the clubs still in this competition.

He Could Tell.

"See that young couple," said the doorkeeper at the theatre.

"Yes."

"They've been married a little over a month. I don't know their names, nor where they live, but I can tell that much about 'em.".

"How?"

"They used to come every week and sit in the orchestra chairs. Now they come every other week and sit in the balcony."—Washington Star.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Britishers Defeat the Emir of Nupe—Christians in Crete Charged With Massacre.

London, Feb. 10.—Information has been received here that the British Niger expedition has captured the town of Bida, the capital of the Foulah tribes. One officer was killed in the assault upon the town.

Later despatches say that the officer killed in the capture of Bida was Lieutenant Thomson of the Leicestershire regiment. The Foulah army is said to have comprised about 20,000 men, while the expedition numbered a little over 500 men, with six Maxim guns and 900 carriers, backed up by a flotilla of river steamers. No details of the fighting have yet been received.

A Strange Snake Story.

The following story is related by E. N. Ellis of Huron, Kings County. Ellis is a foreman on the Goshen branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad and his reputation for veracity is unimpeachable. "Some months ago we had in our home a peculiarly interesting canary bird, a great songster and a prime favorite in the family. The bird was prized very highly and his sudden taking off was much the same as losing a member of the family.

"One night, long after the family had retired, my wife awoke me from a sound slumber, and said she thought something was wrong with the bird, as it was fluttering and making a great noise. I arose, thinking perhaps my wife was mistaken or that possibly our troublesome cat had been left in the house and was frightening the canary. The cage containing the bird swung from a small crane fastened to the side of the room.

"Near the cage was a small hanging bookcase containing a few volumes. The distance between the cage and the bookcase as they hung on the wall was just twelve inches.

"I procured a light and passing into the room, to my astonishment saw an immense bull snake, with at least ten inches of his length thrust into the cage. The bird was dead, as I was too late to prevent his snakeship from striking.

"In some way, unknown to members of my family, the snake had entered the house, and in order to reach the cage he had first drawn himself up the wall until his length had rested on the bookcase, then passing his head across the space separating the cage from the bookcase he had forced his ugly visage into the cage and struck the bird. The wires in the cage where he had entered were pressed aside, showing that he had used considerable strength in order to force an entrance.

"It was no easy task to extricate the snake from the cage, and when released it did not take me long to dispatch the reptile. By actual measurement he was four feet long, and how he entered the house, which is screened, and then carried his length up the wall to the bookcase, is still to me a mystery."

Pinned His Faith to Two Letters.

A Scotch clergyman, named Fraser, claimed the title and estates of Lord Lovat. He tried, on the trial of the case, to establish his pedigree by producing an ancestral watch on which were engraved the letters "S. F." The claimant alleged that these letters were the initials of his ancestor, the notorious Simon Fraser, Lord Lovat, beheaded in 1747, for supporting the young pretender. The letters, engraved under the regulator, were shown to stand for slow, fast, and the case was laughed out of court.—Youth's Companion.

A Question of Judgment.

Dick—"And how did you proceed?"

Fred—"Why, I just went up to her and asked her if she would marry me."

Dick—"Without first telling her how much you loved her and all that sort of thing?"

Fred—"Of course; I didn't want to prejudice her judgment."

Dick—"My dear boy don't you know when folks fall in love they don't have any judgment?"—Boston Transcript.

A consumptive hopes and hopes, but a time comes when hope ends, and the black shadow of despair forecasts the coming of death. Thousands of doctors say that consumption is incurable. Thousands of consumptives believe that there is "nothing much the trouble and that there is no need to bother with medicine." Both are wrong. Consumption is the most deadly of diseases but it is distinctly curable. It has its inception, like all other wasting diseases, in disorders of the digestive organs, and the first step towards its cure must be the relief of these disorders.

Ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of consumption are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Thousands of consumptives have testified to their complete and permanent recovery through its use, after they were given up by the doctors and all hope was gone. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, makes assimilation perfect, fills the blood with the life giving elements that build up new, firm and healthy tissues, and acting directly upon the lungs drives out all disease-germs. It is a specific for all lingering, bronchial, throat and lung affections.

"I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia" writes Geo. H. Slater, Esq., of Yates City, Knox Co., Ills., "for the last two years. I got a bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and took it as you directed. It did me so much good I am going to get another bottle and take it. It is the best medicine in the world for those who have stomach trouble. I have recommended it to several already."

The best medical book ever published in any language is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Over 680,000 copies of this book have been sold for $1.50 each. It contains 1,008 pages and 300 illustrations. It gives suggestions for treatment of all ailments. There are also prescriptions. This valuable book, in paper binding, may now be had FREE for the asking. Send 31 one-cent stamps to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. If fine cloth binding is desired, send 50 one-cent stamps.

THE TORONTO SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General meeting of the Shareholders of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors for the past year, election of Directors for the ensuing year and other general purposes connected with the business of the Company, will be held at the Office of the Company in the Town of Peterborough on

THURSDAY, the 11th Day of Feb, 1897, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

W. G. MORROW, Manager.

Peterborough, January 27th., 1897.

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OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every [illegible]

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AYER'S Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Catharic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

TRIMMER GOT SQUEEZED.

A Locomotive Fireman Pretty Badly Hurt at the Falls.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 10.—G.T.R. Locomotive Fireman W. Trimmer of St. Thomas got squeezed between the rear of the tender and his engine and the wall of the roundhouse at 6 o'clock this evening. The hostler was backing the engine into the roundhouse, when Trimmer stepped up behind to put his oiling cans in the box on the rear of the tender. He was caught across the stomach, and, although very seriously injured, the doctors say he is not fatally hurt.

A Turn in the Conversation.

"I see," remarked Mr. Snaggs, as he laid down his newspaper, "that Melba's throat is very sore, and therefore her voice can't—"

"Her voice can't what?" asked Mrs. Snaggs.

"Soar."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Conflicting Emotions.

She—"Why, do you appear so pleasantly surprised?"

He—"Because you appear so surprisingly pleasant."

Old Gentleman—"And now I appear unsurprised but unpleasant. Break away and take your corners."

Had Better Learn.

"Going skatin' 'fore long?" asked little Jimmie of his sister's beau, who was waiting in the parlor.

"I don't skate, my boy. Why?"

"I heard Jennie say if you wanted her you better be gettin' your skates on, 'cause they was others."

A FLAT CONTRADICTION.

The Oft-Repeated Statements by Physicians that Chronic Rheumatism Cannot be Cured Refuted by Sworn Statements.

There never was a time when people were so sceptical in reference to medicine as the present; 'tis no wonder, for their credulity has been played upon by the unreliable claims of advertised cure-alls until doubt is converted into a belief that all announcements are imaginary pen pictures. Rheumatic sufferers are of the class whose intense suffering has led them to try first one thing, then another, until repeated failures convince them "there is no help for them." They hear about the startling cures made by Kootenay, but cannot overcome the suspicion that 'tis like all the rest. They do not know of the hidden power in "The new ingredient" peculiar to this preparation, that banishes Rheumatism—of how it enabled George Ball, blacksmith, residing corner Sanford Avenue and Huron Streets, Hamilton, to arise from a helpless condition and take up work in the City Quarries at hard labor, discharged from the hospital with the assurance "they could do nothing for him, his system was so full of rheumatism no power on earth could drive it out;" then lying at his home for weeks unable to lift hand to mouth, having to be fed by his wife, when the King's Daughters of Hamilton brought him Kootenay. Three bottles effected a complete cure. This is not more strange than the story told by Mrs. Guy, wife of Mail Carrier Robt. Guy, Brant Ave., Hamilton, whose mother love breathes thanks for the restoration of their seven year old Willie. His lower limbs were so swollen with inflammatory rheumatism he could not put his feet to the floor, the slightest touch causing intense pain, growing gradually worse, until his condition was pitiful; it seemed they were going to lose him, when Kootenay was used and three bottles completely cured him, so that he is going to school. The detailed sworn statements of above cures, with hundreds of others, can be obtained by addressing The Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. If Kootenay is not obtainable of your dealer, sent charges prepaid on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Send for Chart Book, mailed free.

One bottle lasts over a month.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

THERE ARE NO DEAD.

There is no death! The stars go down,
To rise upon some fairer shore,
And bright in heaven's jeweled crown
They shine forevermore.

There is no death! The dust we tread
Shall change beneath the summer showers,
To golden grain or mellow fruit,
Or rainbow-tinted flowers.

There is no death! An angel form
Walks o'er the earth with silent tread;
He bears our best loved things away;
And then we call them—dead.

Born into that undying life,
They leave us but come again;
With joy we welcome them—the same,
Except in sin and pain.

And ever near us, though unseen,
The dear immortal spirits tread;
For all the boundless universe,
Is life! There are no dead.

—J. L. McCREERY.

A BOLD, BAD BURGLAR

BY EMILY R. SCHMIDT.

"Isn't it perfectly dreadful? It seems there is no place secure from them. The papers contain nothing but burglaries, robberies and hold-ups. I am almost afraid to look under the bed at night."

Blanche Warden turned the rings on her fingers nervously as she spoke. She was not a timid girl, but the final test of bravery had never come to her.

"What would you do in case a burglar entered your room, Mr. Dulano?" she asked, addressing one of her callers.

"Exactly what I did last night," the gentleman replied.

"You surely didn't have a burglar last night!" Blanche cried.

"And why not?" I'm keeping the affair quiet because I have a clew that is being followed up. Of course, it will be safe to mention it here," Dulano replied.

"To be sure. Do tell us about it," the girl said eagerly.

"It must have been about 2.30 o'clock this morning when I was aroused by some one turning a key in the door that communicates with the adjoining room. I'm pretty stupid when I first awaken; but I was soon aroused to full consciousness by something cold against my temple."

"Oh, how dreadful!" Blanche cried, shivering.

"That wasn't the dreadful part," Dulano laughed. "The part I object most to is what followed. The fellow held his gun calmly with one hand while he went through my clothes and helped himself to my watch, my diamond scarf pin and all my ready money."

"At what time did you say that occurred?" Arthur Forrest asked.

"Well, I didn't have any watch to tell me the exact time; but after I had lain awake some three of four hours the chimes on Pilgrim Church sounded the three-quarter hour, and after an equally long time the clock struck three," Dulano replied, with a comical drawl.

"Guess it was watches he was after. He got mine at about the same time. Wonder if he visited any of the other fellows at our house?" Forrest said.

"What! the burglar was in your room too, Arth—Mr. Forrest?" Blanche cried.

"Yes, but he had the kindness to let me sleep until he got what he wanted. He awakened me as he went through the window," the young man replied.

"Oh, please don't tell me any more," Blanche exclaimed. "You will have me so frightened. And I have to stay in this great house with no one but the servants. You know poor Leona is very ill and papa and mamma were called to Chicago to-day, so I am alone," Miss Warden said with some uneasiness.

"Really, Blanche, it isn't safe for you to stay here alone," Arthur said, seriously.

"Oh, I'm not afraid. I'll put the jewels and plate in the big chest in the wine cellar and sleep with a revolver under my pillow. It would be real fun to have a burglar come," Blanche replied, laughing.

Then they dismissed that terror-inspiring theme from their conversation; but Arthur continued restless and uneasy. He stod at the window and sang. As Dulano turned the music for her, he whispered softly:

"Slip into the library a moment. I have something important to say to you." Then he said, aloud: "I think I shall take a smoke in the library, if I may be excused."

When he had left the room Blanche walked over to the deep bay window and laid her hand gently on Arthur's arm. "What makes you so silent this evening, dear?" she asked, tenderly.

"Oh, Blanche, I hate that Dulano. I suppose I am jealous, but I wish you wouldn't have him hanging around here," he exclaimed, while his handsome face crimsoned.

"But, Arthur, you brought him here before you ever spoke of love to me. Surely you are not afraid of him now that you have my promise," the girl said, seriously.

"No, dearest, I do not doubt you. I felt sorry for him, a stranger there at the boarding house. And besides I wanted him to meet the sweetest woman in St. Louis," he whispered, as he pressed just te suggestion of a kiss on her cheek.

"By the way, I'll go and hunt up that Harper for you, dear," he said, with an effort at spontaneity that was not altogether a success. Then she left the drawing-room; walked half way up the stairs, descended softly and slipped into the library. Dulano was at her side in an instant.

"I'm sorry you spoke of the jewels and things," he said. "I have reason to think Forrest is the burglar. He has been losing heavily at cards lately and is in danger of losing his position at the bank," he whispered, hurriedly.

At the mention of Arthur's name Blanche would have cried out, but the man placed his fingers deftly over her lips. As soon as the speech was ended she fled to her room, hunted up the magazine and returned to the drawing-room. The two men were glaring at each other in angry silence when she entered.

"This call promises to be a game of freeze-out, so I guess I will leave and give you a chance to help Miss Warden put away the silver," Mr. Dulano said in a faintly sarcastic tone to Forrest.

"If Miss Warden desires my help I shall certainly remain," Arthur said, angrily.

"I shall require no assistance whatever," the girl said, haughtily, and the two men departed together. For some minutes she sat in the dressing-room, sad and sore. Arthur Forrest, a gambler, perhaps a burglar! No, it could not be. And yet, why had he been so moody of late? Her heart was sore and, with no thought of the valuables in the house, she dragged herself to bed. The night wore on and sleep came not. The clock was just striking the hour of three when the door opened slowly and she could see the shadowy outline of a man. For a moment she was paralyzed with terror. The scream that started from her heart lost itself somewhere in her throat. A thousand awful fancies chased each other through her mind, as the man advanced to the bed. Then she thought of the revolver that she had intended to put under her pillow. Alas, it was peacefully reposing on the dressing table in her father's room. The man was tall and wore a black mask. He must be the same one who had visited Mr. Dulano and Arthur the night before. Perhaps it was Arthur. At the thought of her lover the blood went coursing through her body and to her astonishment, she found that she was calm.

"Are you awake?" the burglar whispered, and his voice sounded strangely familiar.

"Yes," she said, faintly.

"Then get up. Don't be afraid. I am not going to harm you. I only want the family jewels. Take me to where they are kept," he whispered again.

At the sound of that voice the last vestige of fear left her. Indignation and outraged feeling smothered every other emotion in her heart. She would prove this lover of hers. Without a moment's hesitation she arose from her bed, glanced indifferently at the glittering barrel of the revolver in the burglar's hand, and walked over to the table, where she lit her little emergency lamp.

"Follow me; I am at your mercy, but I trust you as a gentleman even though you are a burglar," she said, in frigid tones.

Then she led the way through the corridor and own the back stairway to the laundry and cellars. Blanche, in her indignation, knew not that the granitoid floor was cold beneath her little bare feet. When she had almost reached the wine cellar, she remembered that the key was on her father's keyring, and was probably at that time in Chicago. An idea struck her.

"Here; you hold the lamp while I climb up and get the key," she said, indicating a niche high in the wall. The man's eyes followed her glance, and he was lost. As quick as thought she blew out the lamp, hurled it in resounding fragments on the floor and sprang upon her burglar like a tiger. The revolver was hers without a struggle and the man was her prisoner.

"Are you Arthur Forest? Speak or I'll blow your brains out!" she cried.

"My oGd, spare me, Blanche! I'm Arthur," the man whispered.

She covered him with the revolver, while she backed across the laundry. When she had gained the stairs she bolted the door securely and fled trembling to the hall above. At the library door she halted, and a low cry escaped her lips as she caught sight of another man in the open window.

"Blanche, my darling, are you safe?" Arthur Forrest cried, as he beheld her white-robed figure.

"How did you escape? I thought the outer door was locked," she said, as she repelled his touch.

"Escape!" the young man cried in astonishment. "I have been following him since midnight. One of my men, who was left here to guard the house, tells me that he entered this window ten minutes ago. The fellow was afraid to follow him alone. I have tracked him from Broadway and twice he evaded me. Where is he, darling?"

"Who—who is it you are looking for?" the girl gasped.

"Wallace Dulano. The officers are here to arrest him. Is he still in the house?" Arthur asked, eagerly.

"There is no way of escape except up the pantry stairs," Blanche replied.

Then, while Arthur let the officers in, she slipped away to her room and donned her dressinggown and slippers. In a few minutes she joined her fiance in the reception hall. The gas was burning brightly now and she could hear the heavy tread of men as they took their prisoner from her impromptu jail.

"You are a brave little woman," Arthur said, fondly, as he led her to a divan.

"No, I am a miserable coward; but I am a proud woman, and when a woman thinks she has been wronged, fire and storm cannot stop her," Blanche said, humbly.

"What do you mean by that, darest?" the lover asked.

"Oh, Arthur, he lied to me and I believed him. He told me that you were the burglar and I thought you were using even my love to further your own wicked ends. That is why I had courage to walk downstairs at the end of a revolver. Can you ever forgive me for cherishing such an ignoble thought?" she cried as she buried her face on his breast.

"Yes, my darling," the young man said, tenderly. "But I have stolen something that is of infinitely more value than your plate and jewels. I have stolen this noble heart, and I am willing to admit that I am a bold, bad burglar."

A Place of Love

A good Christian home with its love and prayer and all its gente influence is almost heaven to a child. It is a place of shelter—the storms are not allowed to blow there too rudely. It is a place of holy teaching. There never come again such lessons as those which fall upon the ears of infancy and childhood from the lips of a Christian mother. It is a place of love—there is no other such love in the world as that which warms a true home. Those who live in such homes have immeasurable opportunities of good. Yet too often are the influences resisted. Then by and by the door is shut. The heart that made the home is still and cold in death. The gentle hand that wrought such beauty and good is folded on the breast. Many a man in mid-life would give all he has to creep back for one hour to the old sacred place; to hear again his mother's voice in counsel or prayer; to feel once more the gentle touch of her hand and to have her sweet comfort. But it is too late. The door is shut.

Looking Backward and Forward.

Absolute forgetfulness of the past is an impossibility to a man in the right use of his facilities. Nothing dies in the soul. A thought once struck out, an emoton once experienced, passes into the permanent furnishing of our inner and immortal being. The apostle Paul could not forget the past of his life. How it comes out again and again, like a minor refrain. Yet practically he did forget the past, he did leave it behind. It was but a fugitive look he gave to the sad and guilty days that were gone. The look intent was before. So we are to forget the past if it has been an inglorious one. There must be no useless moaning, no paralysis of the will. That past cannot be unmade or recalled. Give it a swift look of regret. Then, with the purpose of the Olympian runner—on to the future. The future is yours and mine—radiant, sublime, glorious.—Bishop Fallows.

Watchword of Christianity.

The great watchword of Christianity should no longer be, "What shall I do to be saved?" but rather, "What can I do to save others?" The world must be saved by you and by me, and by the spirit of Christ in us all. The non-church-going masses have nothing to do with us because of a feeling that we lack sympathy with what they hold to be the real things of life. These people, drifting to eternity without guidance and life, can only be reached by showing a fellow feeling for them. We must ourselves be ready to face facts as they exist. The person with a charitable texture of soul sheds a diviner luster on the throng of white than does that one who can rabel creeds.—Rev. Dr. Vrooman.

MUNYON'S NERVE CURE

Cures all forms of nervousness, nervous prostration and all the symptoms of nervous exhaustion, such as depressed spirits, peevishness, irritability, general sensitiveness of the whole nervous system, failure of memory, inability to concentrate the thoughts, morbid fears, restless and sleepless nights, pains in the head, noises in the ears and dizziness. It stimulates and strengthens the nerves and acts as a strong tonic. Price 25 cents.

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P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Now, Mary,

we are on our way home again to start housekeeping. I have only one request to make, in all your cooking avoid cheap baking powders—use the best and purest.

Why, yes, John! Mother's teaching has taught me that. She always used

PURE GOLD BAKING POWDER

and I will do the same. I know it's absolutely pure Cream of Tartar and Soda. I also use their brand of Flavoring Extracts.

CAA 188

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

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H. Calcutt's Bargain Day.

On Saturday only. Bottled Ale and Porter at 90c. a doz. delivered in any part of the town. Terms cash. 1d35

Another lot of Blouse Silks opened out at Turnbull's. They are very choice.

All Interested in Banjo.

Mandolin and guitar music and are desirous of learning to play are asked to meet at Mulligan & Potter's music store on Friday night at eight o'clock. Word must be sent to Professor Newton, of Toronto, on Saturday. 2d35

Everyone Invited.

Call in when you have nothing else to do. We always like to see you. We miss you very much when you don't call. Come in if you want anything and get it, Come in if you don't want anything, you may see something you do want. Every person wants some groceries and you might just as well have the best. That is what you will never fail to get from E. Brown & Co., 394 George-st. P. S.—Finest line of canned meats, fish and fruits. d21

Personal

Hon. Senator Cox is in town to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Harrison, of Norwood, are in town to-day.

Mr. Tommy L. Morrison, the popular manager of the Wellingtons, accompanied his team to town to-day. He is one of the most enthusiastic hockey men in Toronto and through his efforts the Wellingtons have attained a high place in the Toronto hockey world.

The Victors and the Spoils.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams has submitted to the REVIEW a list of the men employed on the Government work at Burleigh and at the locks here since the elections in order to disprove the charge made by a correspondent, "One who Applied," in Monday's issue, in which it was charged that Messrs McWilliams and Stratton refused work to those who were not of the right political stripe. This list contains the names of forty-one men, and it is claimed that twenty-two are Conservatives. That these twenty-two voted Conservative is not known to the REVIEW, nor can we give it the time necessary to hunt up the information. That some of them are Conservatives we know, and therefore do not hesitate to publish the fact for the benefit of our correspondent. His charge that the patronage is dealt out through Mr McWilliams and Mr Stratton is not affected by the above.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

Yesterday afternoon between the hours of five and six o'clock the Colts and Collegiate Institute juniors had a tussle for supremacy, and after a well-contested match the Colts managed to pass three shots through the flags to the Collegians' one. Harry King refereed the match and the teams were :—

COLL. INSTITUTE.		COLTS.
Best	Goal	McDonald
S Hall	Point	Graham
L Hall	Cover point	Hallihan
O Dumble / T McGrath / J Dixon / W Robinson	Forwards	Armstrong, McBain, Bradburn, Routley

McBain scored two games and Armstrong one for the Colts. The Collegiate goal was tallied by Dixon.

TO-NIGHT'S CONTEST.

The Wellingtons and Junior Peterboroughs will meet in the semi-finals in the junior championship series at the rink to-night. Two strong and well-matched teams will fight the battle, and a big crowd should be on hand.

The Wellingtons arrived in town at noon to-day.

The Kingston News says: "Win or lose, the Peterborough team will receive a warm welcome when they come to the Limestone City. They are very popular with our local players."

A MATCH AT THE RIVERSIDE.

An exciting game was witnessed at the Riverside park last evening between the Riverside and Lakeview teams. It was the Lakeview's first match and they won by four goals to two. The teams were :—

LAKEVIEWS.		RIVERSIDE
A Picard	Goal	H Neill
W Maher	Point	F Logan
J Picard	Cover Point	J A Scott
W Crowley / H Labbe / H Morgan / E Mitchell	Forwards	L McWilliams, C Calcutt, H Kindred, J Toban

R T Hartley, referee.

In the first half two games were scored by the Lakeviews, J Picard and Labbe tallying. In the last half McWilliams scored two for the Riversides and Mitchell and Crowley one each for the Lakeviews.

To-night's match will be referred by Mr. E. Percy Brown, of Toronto. Mr. A. H. Beaton, secretary of the O. H. A., will be umpire for the Wellingtons.

General Unreserved Sale

of Horses, Cows, Cutters, Sleighs, Harness, Robes, Blankets, one Family Driving Mare, 6 years old, new Cutter, latest style Harness, Robes, Blankets and outfit complete. Terms made known at time of sale. Sale 1 p.m., at the Croft House yard. No reserve. 2d35

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from 3 years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. For further particulars apply Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st.

50c buys a splendid Unlaundered White Shirt, at Turnbull's.

AGNOSTICISM AND RELIGION

REV H SYMONDS DEALS WITH THE SUBJECT AT THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB.

Philosophical and Scientific Agnosticism and Spiritual Religion—An Interesting Discussion of the Subject.

The paper on the above subject read before the Fortnightly Club Tuesday night by Rev H Symonds, consisted mainly of a review of a book bearing the same title by Dr Schurman, the Principal of Cornell University. The subject was divided into three parts: 1, Philosophical Agnosticism. 2, Scientific Agnosticism, and 3, Spiritual Religion.

Philosophical agnosticism is based upon the teaching of the German philosopher, Kant, who taught the doctrine that all knowledge of things was relative to ourselves, and that we do not know things as they really are. The agnostic sets up a hard and fast distinction between apparent and real knowledge. From this it follows that God who is the Supreme Reality is unknowable. Again the same conclusion flows from the teaching that there is an absolute contradiction between the Finite and Infinite, and it is assumed not only that the Finite cannot know the Infinite but that the Infinite cannot make itself known to the Finite.

The reply to this postion of Philosophial Agnosticism is:

(1) That there is no such contradiction as is supposed between apparent and real knowledge. Our knowledge is certainly imperfect but it is true as far as it goes. So of God there are many things we cannot know, but it does not follow that our knowledge is purely imaginary. As St Paul, a man highly skilled in the philosophy of his day, said, "we see through a glass darkly," and "we know in part." (2) There is no contradiction between the finite and the infinite. The former is embraced in the latter. There is something infinite in everything. Only in man there is consciousness of the infinite, which is really only the philosophical way of saying that man is made in the image of God. (3) Hence the almost absurd dogma of the agnostic that the infinite cannot make itself known to man is clearly a baseless assumption.

Scientific agnosticism is the name given to the teaching of Prof Huxley, who conducted three great battles which Schurman entitles the battle of evolution v creation, of Pithecus (the ape) v Adam, and of science v revelation. Few would deny that Huxley had some right on his side, but now that the din of battle was over it was seen that whilst men's conceptions of creation and of revelation were changed, there is in reality no contradiction between evolution and creation, nor between the ape and Adam, nor between science and revelation.

In the third division of his book Dr. Schurman explains what he means by spiritual religion. He describes it as the third and perfect stage of the evolution of religion in the human race. In the first stage ritual or cultus is the all important thing, as is seen for example in the religious forms of the Old Testament. In the second stage dogma or creed occupied the primary place, and orthodoxy was the first necessity, and heresy was the cardinal sin. This second stage is an advance upon the first, but in its turn is yielding to the third stage, viz., spiritual religion. Ritual and dogma will not disappear, but will be recognized not as ends in themselves, but as means to the real end, viz., communion with God and the transformation of character.

In conclusion Mr Symonds indicated some advantages of this third stage of religion First, less stress would be laid upon things external and more stress upon things internal. Secondly, the conscious elevation of spirital religion to the first place will result in an alteration of our test of individuals and of churches. We shall not pass off-hand judgments on men because they are either Roman Catholics or Protestants, Anglicans, Methodists, Presbyterians or Baptists. Thirdly, spiritual religion will tend to unity. Many of our divisions are unnecessary. We have to thank Huxley and the agnostics for rousing us to a sense of the folly in the presence of materialism and scepticism of our religious civil wars. Things are certainly improving, and meantime he would ask all seriously to consider the great words of the apostle. "Now there are diversities of gifts, but the same spirit, and there are differences of ministries, but the same Lord, and there are diversity of operations, but it is the same God that worketh all in all."

Mr. Hampden Burnham opened the discussion of Mr. Symond's paper by saying that if agnosticism is to be successfully opposed it must be, in his humble opinion, by standing firm on revelation. Either God had revealed Himself to man or He had not, and this groping in the dark was the very thing the agnostic seized upon as his strongest argument. How can it be said that the Bible is the Word of God if you turn round and pick holes in it. What is called the higher criticism was in his opinion merely refined skepticism. Men were losing, the agnostic claimed, their clear, firm faith in a God revealed and were betaking themselves to the wider and more visible field of humanitarianism, which some clergymen now found the most popular subject for their sermons.

Mr. Rye in paying a well deserved compliment to the learned lecturer, asked, regarding evolution, how it was that wheat was the same now as it had always been.

Mr. Symonds briefly replied.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

BUSINESS CHANGES

Mr John McKee and Foot McWhinnie will Occupy New Stores—Mr R M Roy in Business.

Several business changes are about to take place in town.

Mr R M Roy has purchased the photograph business of Mr P H Green and will take possession on Saturday. Mr Roy is familiar with the business and his work has frequently been admired. Mr Green will leave for the western part of the province where he contemplates opening a gallery in a large city.

Hall, Gilchrist & Co. have bought the stock of Robt Hall and will offer it for sale at a bargain, as they have secured it at a figure, 61 cents on the dollar, that will allow them to give big inducements to buyers.

Mr John McKee, druggist, will remove to the store formerly occupied by Mr John McClelland, jeweller, and Foot & McWhinnie will occupy the store vacated by Mr McKee.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Three rinks of Lakefield curlers came down yesterday and returned home victorious by a big score over the Granites but were defeated by the Thistles. In the afternoon they defeated the Granites without any difficulty, only one local rink being up but its margin was satisfactory. Four and three ends were abundant during this contest. In the evening the Thistles had to fight hard to win, finally being victorious by four shots.

The rinks and the scores were:

AFTERNOON.

LAKEFIELD.	THISTLES.
Rink No. 1.	
C Strickland	R H Fortye
J E Richardson	W D Parker
W Strickland	W G Ferguson
G A Strickland, sk. 27	R S Davidson, skip. 11
Rink No. 2.	
Levi Payne	R E Wood
R P Strickland	W H Manson
Geo Hilliard	T E Bradburn
R C Strickland, sk. 29	Judge Weller, skip. 11
Rink No. 3.	
G Baptie	R Fair
Jos Fortier	G H Giroux
W Baptie	W L Allen
G Postlethwaite, sk. 5	T P Attrill, skip. 22
Total 61	Total 44

Majority for Lakefield, 17 shots.

EVENING.

THISTLES.	LAKEFIELD.
Rink No. 1.	
H Snowden	Geo Baptie
A Blade	Jos Fortier
C Rutherford	W Baptie
T Rutherford, skip. 25	G Postlethwaite, sk. 9
Rink No. 2.	
Alf Terrill	C Strickland
R H Kells	J Richardson
E Rutherford	W Strickland
Geo Brown, skip. 14	G A Strickland, sk. 14
Rink No. 3.	
R D Kerr	Levi Payne
J D Baptie	J P Strickland
Geo Fitzgerald	G B Hilliard
D Belleghem, skip. 10	R C Strickland, sk. 22
Total 49	Total 45

Majority for Thistles 4 shots.

THE SECOND DRAW

The second draw in the Granite Kendry cup competition has been made as follows:—

Parker vs Boucher.

Connal vs Edwards.

Dumble vs winner of Edmison vs Davidson yet to be played in the first draw.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

Children's Pretty Golf Jersey's, only 75c. each at Turnbull's.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ON SATURDAY MORNING . . . .

We put on sale

25 Ladies' Jackets and Ulsters

Good Warm Garments, worth from $3.00 to $10 for

$1.00 each

while they last.

R. H. KELLS & Co

390 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Skating rink.
Prof. Ferris at the opera house.
Hockey practice.
Granite's curling night.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Bible class at Y M C A
Sunday school convention public meeting at St Paul's church.
Junior championship hockey match—Wellington's of Toronto, vs Junior Peterboroughs.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

New Spring Vellings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Fine Sateen Comforters, filled with clean batting, worth $3 00, for $2 00, at Turnbull's.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Lech's.

Another Lot of Music

has arrived at Mulligan & Potter's music store, and will be sold on Saturday all day at 5 cents per copy. Some of the very latest songs and instrumental music, banjo, mandolin and piano, comprising Brownies Band march, Empire State march, Echoes from Manhattan, Alabama two step, the Sparro Coppo. Songs—Angle of our Home, Let not your Heart be Weary, My Cottage Home, Last Night, Star of Liberty, Our Noble Giant Nine, Sweet Bunch of Daisies, Land of my Birth, The Flower of Calvary. d34tf

THE LOCK COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting Held—The Directors and Officers.;

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Lock Manufacturing Company was held yesterday, when the annual reports were presented and routine business transacted.

The following directors were elected :—Hon Geo A Cox, Messrs John Carnegie, John Burnham, Thos Brooks and J R Stratton, M P P.

At a subsequent meeting, the directors chose Hon Mr Cox as President and Mr Carnegie as Vice-President.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

OAK HALL.

FORESTERS' MEETING.

Important Meeting of the Members of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

A joint meeting in the interests of the different local Courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters is to be held in the Foresters' Hall, Simcoe-st., on Monday evening, February 15th, for the purpose of taking into consideration the notices of motion to be submitted at the annual meeting of the High Court, which commences February 23rd inst. The members of all the Courts in the town and country districts are requested to attend and take part in the proceedings Meeting commences at 8 o'clock sharp. 3d35-1w7

You Will Be Doubly Well

If you spend your time well and your money well in selecting and buying what you need in future at Clegg's. The stock embraces nearly anything you might want and reductions in the price have been made in every line. Now is the time to buy. This is the bargain season. Remember the place, Clegg's furniture store, 427 George-st. d34tf

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE SWELLEST LINE!

NEW SPRING COLORED SHIRTS

—White bodies with colored bosoms and cuffs.
—Correct fit, style and make.
—Neckbands on the bias, to ensure perfect fit about the neck, and not to work out under collar.
—In all the new fabrics—striking and nobby.
—Range of patterns lengthy and interesting.
—Soft effects for aesthetic people. Laundried to suit critical shirt men.
—With collars and cuffs attached or detached.
—Prices, 65c., 85c., 98c., $1.25 and $1.45. Take a look at our window display of the 98c. kind.

Established 1857. Mercer's 355 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

WOMEN TALK ON MISSIONS

CLOSE OF THE PRESBYTERIAL W.F.M.S. CONVENTION.

Wednesday Devoted Principally to Hearing Papers—Mission Band Work—Next Meeting in Port Hope.

The annual convention of the Peterborough Presbyterial Society of the W.F.M.S., which opened in St. Andrew's church on Tuesday, concluded yesterday afternoon. The next meeting will be held in Port Hope in 1898.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

After routine business had been transacted Mrs Stewart read a paper "On systematic giving."

Mrs. J W Garvin followed with a paper on "How to reach the uninterested," of which the following is a synopsis :

Get the women to attend our meetings. (1) By individual personal effort ; every member can induce someone else to accompany her. (2). By concentrated thought and persistent effort. (3) By means of "Look-out," "Invitation" and other committees with specified duties to perform. (4). By christian friendliness, kind, welcoming words and warm hand-shakes.

Awaken and sustain an interest. (1). Furnish good programmes for regular meetings, each containing new material. (2). Appoint a committee to provide suitable literature for distribution ; also short extracts consisting of missionary items to be read at every meeting. 3 Encourage home reading o Missionary news ; members of family reading aloud suggested. 4 Hold meetings in home-like rooms adorned with pictures, Gospel messages and blooming plants. 1 Cultivate a feeling of personal responsibility by earnest daily prayer. "More things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of." 2 By reading and prevailing upon others to read of the self-sacrificing efforts of others, Carey was referred to. 3 By careful training of the young in Christian homes. 4 By giving freely of our home and means ; our efforts and influence will deepen the earnestness of others.

Wednesday Afternoon

The afternoon session opened with devotional exercises. The first business was arranging the next place of meeting and Port Hope was decided upon.

MISSION BAND WORK.

Under the topic "Mission Band Work," three excellent papers were read.

The first was that prepared by Mrs W J Hamilton, of Cobourg, which was read by Miss Lillian Hall. The subject was "How to revive and maintain interest in Mission Bands." It read as follows:—

To have a really deep and lasting revival of interest in mission work we need most of all a revival of love for the Master in the hearts of those who are trying to serve Him. It would be a hard matter to neglect or to be careless of the things which will please those we truly love and yet what a sad fact it is, that, continually, urging and all sorts of persuasion are needed to keep up interest in this work which we know to be near to the heart of the Master. What a happy blessed work it would be if all who profess to love Christ were as much interested in helping on mission work as they are in the thousand one other things which have a place in their lives. If the first place were given, as it should be, to Him whose right it is to reign, Christ's kingdom would soon come.

First, then, to revive interest in Mission Band work shall we not put prayer, both in Mission Bands and in our homes, that the heart of each member may be filled with love for the Master.

To revive interest in a Mission Band which has dwindled away to one or two faithful members, it would seem as if the only way would be to disband and re-organize under new officers with as many of the old members as could be induced to return and as many new ones as could be reached by invitation or otherwise. If the case were not so desperate as to require such a measure a change in the way of conducting meetings might be effective, such as would in any possible way bring all present to take some part.

A way which has been useful when the work of a Mission Band was dragging is to have a stirring address from a returned missionary, if possible ; if not, from one who is able to put the matter in its true light and cause all to see their individual responsibility, not to do any such work as some other one does in any specified way, but to do the little which lies in the power of each person God has made to do what she can, no matter how apparently insignificant that may be.

A partial change of officers very often increases interest by setting others at work ; and so anything which can be thought of to give all members some real part in the work of the band will help along this line.

Then to maintain interest. This, I think, depends largely on the methods adopted by the president of conducting the meetings, and not less but rather more upon the individual faithfulness of the members in attending, even though it may require a sacrifice sometimes on their part to do so. It is no more the duty of the president to be at every meeting than that of each member to be there.

First, then, the president's part—(some methods which might help to maintain interest) : Begin promptly on time ; have bright hymns ; have every item of the programme arranged beforehand with the help of the programme committee ; arrange courses of study in missionary geography and missionary history ; have connected careful study of each country, taking up climate, religion, products, people, &c., and if possible exhibit curiosities peculiar to the country. In making out the programme have short papers, or better still, short talks by different members, having as many as possible take part. In some societies programmes are made out for a whole year, and in some cases for six months, so that each one who has anything to prepare can have plenty of time to get every possible help.

Appoint a committee whose business it is to select items of news or of special interest from the Leaflet, or any other source, and give them at each meeting. Do not lecture those who are present because so many are away ; rather ask each one present to see one absentee and tell her she was missed and not to fail to be present at the next meeting.

Be bright and cheerful in manner and try to cultivate a feeling of sociability among the members by your own example.

Make the devotional part of your meetings the important part and by small beginnings perhaps try to induce all to take part.

Try and train your members up to the true way of giving, setting aside systematically a certain portion to be used in the Lord's work.

Then the member's part, upon which after all, the whole success depends. Let nothing interfere with your attendance at the meetings and always try to bring someone with you.

Come promptly and with a cheerful face. Come prepared with some thought, ready to do your part in making the meeting interesting.

Come prayerfully, feeling that you are personally responsible for the success of each meeting.

Be ready with a smile and a happy greeting for everyone and do not allow yourself to say one discouraging word, rather make up your mind that your Mission Band is going to prosper and encourage your president and fellow workers by bright, hopeful words and helpful acts, but whatever you do let not the feeling that you can take no active part keep you away. Your presence counts for more than you imagine. It is one of the little things that may be of very great importance. No Society can fail of interesting its members and accomplishing good if it secures systematic giving, intelligent study of missionary work at home and abroad, and constant work for every member, surrounding and supplementing all with fervent, earnest prayer to our Heavenly Father for His help and guidance.

CONNECTION WITH AUXILIARY

This was followed by the Miss Maud Campbell, Keene, on "The relationship between Auxiliaries and Mission Bands." It read:

My subject, as you have heard, is the relation existing between Auxiliaries and Mission Bands. We might as well ask the relation existing between a mother and her child, a teacher and her pupil. What would the Auxiliary do if it was not for the Mission Bands? Where do we get the best members we now have in our Auxiliary, was it not from our Mission Bands? The importance of Mission Bands cannot well be overestimated. To them we must look for the replenishing of this Society with women filled with missionary zeal, with knowledge, women familiar with our fields and methods of conducting them, women capable of carrying on the present organization with ability and efficiency. The basis of this Society, the source of its supplies, is the Mission Band, and I am fully convinced that it will have much to do with the missionary character of the future church. Are we fully impressed with the grave responsibility of having such a power in our hands, of the glorious opportunity, ours now, but passing on swift wing. Mission Bands are a training school in missionary work of which no child is too young to learn. Our Auxiliaries and Missions Bands are conducted on the same principles, their object is the same and we are all working for the same Master. Then some one may ask and why have two societies so much alike. Well this is why we like the two.

Because we can have members of all ages to help along the good work. Now, in Mission Bands we have the younger members of the church and in the Auxiliaries the older ones, and we find that we work better than having just one society. The younger people are always a little backward to take part in a meeting where there are people older and much better posted than they are, and if we had just the one society we would find most of the young members attending the meetings, but taking no part in them, and after a while they would get quite careless and inattentive Now, I find the best way to get a person to be a regular attendant of any society is to have them take an interest in it, and how can you manage that unless they take part ? Then when we have a Band of young members we feel that we can speak more freely if we have no older people with us and I suppose the older people feel the same about we younger ones. I have no doubt they like the meetings separate just as much as we do. Of course we enjoy a union meeting once in a while, and thus we keep in touch one with the other. As I said before our meetings are conducted on the same principles, each society having a president, vice, treasurer, secretary and organist. Each officer should feel and work as if the success of the Auxiliary or Mission Band depended on her alone ; and work on cheerfully, needing no other encouragement than the approval of her Master. It is the duty of each officer to derive spiritual benefit for herself and others, as well as to stimulate a missionary spirit. The secret of success is to abide in Jesus Christ, and draw all grace and strength and power from Him. Another duty of the officers is to draw out the resources of the members of Auxiliary and Mission Bands with a view to train them to fill their places. The undeveloped resources to be found in our society, if called into use, would cause a mighty revival in missionary enterprise. Mr. Moody has said "it is better to set ten men to work than to do ten men's work." Before passing on to consider the special duties of each office we would emphasize the necessity of all officers speaking clearly and distinctly, that there be no strain on those listening. It is better to speak five words which can be heard and understood, than ten thousand words in an unknown tongue, or one that cannot be heard without difficulty more than a few feet away. Is not the voice a talent to be used for the Master ? Then, why is it so often wrapped up in the napkin of indifference when the proper use of it would bring pleasure and profit to so many others ? It is the president's duty to open and close each meeting promptly to the hour, and always with devotional exercises, which should be brief, earnest and breathing of the spirit of missions.

The president should carefully follow the rules of business and listen attentively to be able to make a clear statement of any case presented. She should keep herself acquainted with the state of finances and the general standing of the Auxiliary and Mission Band ; see that the other officers attend

Continued on page 8

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

REMEMBERED THEIR TEACHER.

Miss Lily Frise the Recipient of an Address and Presentation.

A pleasant surprise in the form of an address and presentation was accorded to Miss Lily Frise at her home last evening by the Sunday school class of the George-st. Methodist church of which Miss Frise is the teacher.

The presentation, which was a fancy tea set, was made by Miss Bertha Freeburn, while the following address was read by Miss Nellie Manly :

DEAR TEACHER,—It becomes our pleasant duty on our behalf, not forgetful of the fact that by your patient love and devotion to your class, to testify that you have won our highest regards and esteem, you have taken that interest in the class that assures successful results and by the example you have shown us how we may all labor for the Master's cause.

We therefore ask your acceptance of this gift, and trust it will aid in reminding you in the days to come of the hours you spent as teacher of this class, and we assure you that as a patient teacher a wise counsellor, and a most excellent instructor, you will ever be remembered with feelings of deepest affection and esteem.

Signed on behalf of the class,

NELLIE MANLEY,
BERTHA FREEMAN.

February 10th, 1897.

Miss Frise, though taken completely by surprise, spoke very feelingly, thanking the girls for their kindness, and assuring them that the time they had spent together as teacher and pupils would ever be remembered with feelings of pleasure.

Job line of Ladies' and Children's Wool Vests, only 10c. each, at Turnbull's.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION

Opened in St. Paul's Church This Afternoon.

The annual convention of the County of Peterborough Sabbath School Association opened this afternoon in St. Paul's church.

This morning the Executive met and transacted the unfinished business for the year. The president, Mr. E. Hawthorne, presided.

To-night's meeting will be addressed by Revs. H. Symonds and W. R. Young. Mr. Symonds requests the public to bring their Bibles and Testaments.

Mrs. Lainey, of Toronto, has arrived and will address the convention. She has an exibit of primary work.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Brevities.

—A woman appeared before the Police Magistrate this morning and made over her child, a girl of 2 years, to the Children's Aid Society.

—Prof. Ferris, the hypnotist, gave another performance at the opera house last night, aided by his company. The sleeping subject was viewed by many in the opera house yesterday.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HOW DO YOU LIKE THE IDEA

Of taking as a beverage tea that was pointed, doctored and prepared by the nose too clean native labor method of China and Japan.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

It is the unadulterated product (manufactured by machinery) of the finest tea-producing country in the world.

Sealed in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60c. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

Rough and Tumble

A hot foot ball scrimmage—a fierce rush—a hard tackle—often result in a deep gash, a bad bruise or severe strain. No need to suffer much pain from it—no need to have it long in healing—it is foolish to let it go and bring on inflammation.

Just stick on a plaster made with

"Quickcure"

Pain stops instantly, cuts heal quickly, new skin forms in three days. All druggists sell Quickcure in White Glass Pots at 25c., 50c. or $1. Or write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS,
413 George Street, Peterborough.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

D. H. KERNEGHAN

Has bought the business formerly carried on by Thomas Brady and will continue in the old stand carrying in stock all lines of

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Seeds, Etc.

No. 442, Corner George and Brook Sts.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX,

STOVES AND HARDWARE
137 HUNTER ST.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

AT THE REVIEW BOOKSTORE.

LUNAR CAUSTIC.

Her Nibs of the Night a Jolly Old Joker on Occasion.

The Moon—Just watch me scare that rigger.

The Moon—Ah, there!

Treatment of Damp Shoes.

Damp shoes should be cleaned and rubbed with vaseline as soon as they are removed. Then they should be filled with oats and set aside. In twelve hours the oats will have absorbed the dampness and the leather will be as soft as when new.

Prominent Business Man of Peterborough Cured of Eczema.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinwear dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts:—"Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible: tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

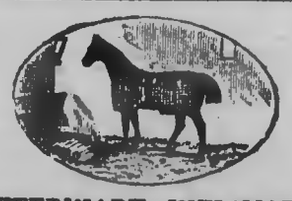
a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Trade Mark. BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.



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Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

has never expected this, and calls out in Spanish to the manager:

"Senor, I accept your offer. I am an American, and I will show you how we do this thing out in Mexico."

"Hurrah for Doctor Jack!" cries a voice from the foreign quarter—an acquaintance has recognized him.

Jack drops lightly over the barrier, and stands in the arena, alone with the black devil of a toro that has been playing such havoc with the regular stock company of bull-fighters.

CHAPTER IV.

Admiration for bravery is not confined to civilized races. Even the most savage people of the world respect those qualities in a man which induce him to face death without flinching, whether in front of a mad bull or as a captive tied to the stake with the funeral pyre about him.

Hence it is that at the conclusion of the daring American's speech a buzz goes around the whole amphitheare, which quickly swells into a tremendous roar, for, although his words in accepting the open challenge may not have been understood by the majority of those present, there can be no mistaking his action in removing coat and vest.

While this shout still makes the welkin ring, Jack has dropped into the arena, lightly scaling the inner barrier. Then a sense of fairness seizes the multitude, and immediately cries arise:

"Silenzio! silenzio!"

The roar becomes a rushing stream, and this in turn a gurgling brook, until almost magically even the last sounds cease, and a death-like silence ensues.

Fifteen thousand human beings have their eyes riveted upon the form of the American gymnast. They seem to breathe as one man, waiting for the shock. Doctor Jack keeps his wits about him, and surely he has need of them with that black devil of a mad toro not more than twenty feet away.

He forgets the presence of the crazy mob that fills the amphitheatre to overflowing. A pair of black eyes have sent him into the arena, and he remembers only this.

His manner excites admiration, he is so cool and collected, and the majority of the good people of Madrid presently secretly wish he may be successful, but there are few who do not fully expect the stranger to be demolished at the first desperate onslaught of the animal, for when a man with the prestige of Pedro Vasquez is tossed out of the arena it seems like madness for an amateur to have a living chance, no matter how brave he may be.

Hardly has Doctor Jack gained the arena than a clattering sound is heard beside him, and turning his head, he sees the muleta, or red flag of the matador, together with his sword, lying near by. Bending down, he takes both into his hands, tests the quality of the Toledo blade in bending it by main strength, and finds it a remarkable weapon, which has served Pedro in many a successful bout, and finally makes a blow, not in the direction of the representative of royalty, but squarely intended for the black-eyed damsel whose words have been the means of sending him upon such a quixotic errand.

All this consumes but a few seconds of time. The black toro has divined, from the rush of applause that greets Doctor Jack's action, something of the truth, and has even ceased chewing at the lone tuft of half dead grass growing near the centre of the ring, to lower his head and dig his blood-stained horns into the sawdust-covered ground, which he tosses up in a horribly suggestive manner, the while uttering those peculiar subdued bellows that strike terror to the ordinary heart.

Evidently the brute sees Jack, and will presently descend upon him with the fury of an avalanche. At present it pleases the royal animal to play with his anticipated victim much as a cat might with a mouse.

This suits the new matador, for it gives him a minute of time to note the position of the bull, and what impediments there may be in the arena, for a false step at any instant may cost him his life, and Doctor Jack is not in this game as a reckless fool, however much his admiring compatriots in the foreign quarter may believe.

The man who has led the life of a Texan cowboy for several years is apt to know something about wild bulls, and from his observation Jack is certain he has met just as fierce brutes in Mexico as this sable devil now preparing to demolish him.

One thing is against him—he is not in proper dress for such business, and unless exceedingly careful may slip upon the bloody tan bark or sawdust when such a thing will be fatal. What would he not give to have on a pair of baseball shoes at this moment, with spikes that might render his footing positively sure?

If the mountain refuses to come to Mahomet, then Mahomet must go to the mountain. The bull continues to toss the earth as though he expected to see his new antagonist make for the barrier, and in truth the presence of the chulos, picadors, and banderilleros perched upon the fence like so many crows, with one leg thrown over, ready for retreat, gives good cause for such belief on the part of the monarch of the battle-field.

With a few rapid movements of his left arm Doctor Jack unfurls the little red flag, then he advances straight toward the bull, which ceases to plough up the soil, and gazes at the other as though deeming him crazy, lowers his massive head, and shoots forward.

The tan-bark flies into the air as his heels spurn it Every human being in that vast audience holds his or her breath in anticipation of what is to come. Is that a shock as the bull's head comes in contact with a human figure? A cloud of dust obscures the scene in the arena, and, confident as to the result, more than one person looks aloft, expecting to see the American whirling through space, badly wrecked.

Suck an anticipate a speedy ending of the adventurer confess their disappointment, and, turning to the ring againg to learn the cause, discover old toro again tossing tan-bark with his horns while the American stands there taunting him.

Jack knows too much to attempt the coup de grace until the beast is in a more exhausted condition. It has been a fatal mistake on the part of Pedro Vasquez, and he does not mean to repeat the blunder.

A nimble leap aside at the proper second has saved him from those cruel horns, and the bull's fury is increased doubly by the fact that he has failed in his first rush.

Ah! again he bears down upon his tantalizing foe, as though determined that this time he will crush the man to the earth or assist him over the barrier. A perfect gymnast, Jack has little trouble in avoiding the onslaught, and but for the ever present danger of a slip, might really enjoy the fun.

While the toro once more amuses himself with the inoffensive tan-bark, Jack coolly takes a look around the amphitheater. From the foreign quarter handkerchiefs are waved, and cries of "Bravo, Doctor Jack!" arise. These are incautious just now, and more apt to disturb the brave man who risks his life in the bull-ring for a woman's smile, than give him new energy. The Spaniards know better than to breathe a sound while the matador faces his foe.

Jack's sweeping glance takes it all in. He sees the eager multitude that is ready to shout "Viva toro!" in case the bull downs him, but makes no note of the swarthy sea of faces. He lets his gaze rest an instant on the Turkish pasha, and notes the look of fierce eagerness visible there that tells him how anxious this man is for the bull to triumph, then his eyes sweep along until they reach his own vacant seat, and catch a glimpse of the beautiful girl next in line, at which he smiles coldly, and bows again.

"Look out, Jack!"

This shout comes from his American friend in the foreign quarter, and warns him that the bull has ceased his side play, and is once again on the war-path. Turning to receive the new charge, Jack's foot slips, and there is danger of his being struck, but quick as lightning he hurls himself out of the way.

Again the multitude breathe easy. They recognize the fact that this man is no amateur bull-fighter, with only reckless bravery to back him up, but one who has made a study of the animals in times past, and is qualified to anticipate the sable brute's every move.

Thus they expect to have pleasure in watching the struggle for supremacy. It is a matter of supreme indifference to most of them whether the bull eventually slays the man or is himself downed, so long as the combatants afford them a good show. The life of a bull-fighter is held very cheaply in Madrid.

Already has Doctor Jack evaded three of those wild rushes. Will he be able to continue this system of tactics until he has wearied the animal out, and brought him into the proper condition for the final blow?

The bull no longer tosses the tan-bark with his horns. His challenge has been met, and he finds himself opposed by one whom he cannot terrorize.

As soon as one furious rush fails the brute wheels and makes another. He is continually in motion, and it seems as though there may come a moment when by some lucky stroke he will disable his nimble adversary, and change the tide of battle.

As yet Jack has acted only on the defensive, leaping aside when the time comes, and each time with rare good judgment. He has not received a scratch, and although the bull steams and puffs with his tremendous exertions, the man is apparently as

To be Continued

A LOST ITEM.

A Piece For the Paper That the Editor Forgot to Insert.

When I was running the Geeville Beacon Light of Liberty, one of my patrons from a way back district came into the office one day late in the fall. Joy was beaming from his face like a candle shining through the holes in a jack-lantern.

"Tol de rol, de rol, de raddidy! Tol de rol, de rol, de ray!" was his first remark, as he cut a series of backwoods pigeon wings around the room. It was court week, during which event the Geeville taverns were wont to set forth to their eager patrons a tipple that had won much fame for the promptness with which it took dull care by the neck and tossed it out of the window, and I at first thought that my friend from way back had been in fond and too protracted dalliance with this insinuating bowl; but such was not the fact. After he had warbled and pirouetted off his first burst of glee, he plunked down in a chair and said:

"I'm goin' ter give yer a piece fer yer paper better'n stealin', or running off with somebody else's wife, or burning your neighbor's barn! Ye know the Widder Buggies, an' ye know the Widder Buggies' place, don't ye?"

I told him I did.

"How old d'ye s'pose the widder is?" he asked, and I told him I had no idea.

"Why, dod turn it! She's sixty-eight! Sixty-eight past. An' ain't she humly? She's so all-fired humly that she sot in her corn patch this season an' actu'lly skeered the crows away! That's pooty durn humly, ain't it? An' ain't she thin? An ash saplin's got more meat on it than the widder has! Fact! She's deefer'n a post, too, an her off eye is out. An' you couldn't raise white beans on that clearin' o' her'n! For agricultr'l purposes, that clearin' ain't wuth nine shill'n an acre. But, do ye know, she won't sell the durn place for any price. She says if any feller wants that clearin' he's got to take her with it. An' who d'ye think's been edgin' round the widder, anxious to git the clearin' on them diskerigin terms? Actually willin' to marry the Widder Buggies to git that clearin'? Why, Pete Sykes! An' why is he so durn willing to git the clearin' on them diskerigin terms? 'Cause he's found out that the clearin' has got this here on it, that's why."

My friend from 'way back took a handful of glittering, heavy bits of ore from his pocket and handed them to me. Then he danced joyously, shouting:

"Gold! Tol de rol, de rol, de raddidy! Gold on the Widder Buggies clearin'! She's old, an' rattly as a dried gourd, an' deef, an' short an off eye, an' her clearin' ain't wuth nine shill'n an acre for agricultur'; but there's gold on her clearin'. Tons an' tons of it! An' Pete Sykes, he's found it out, somehow, an' is willin' to marry the widder! He told me so! But he don't know that the widder's dead sot on me. Pete's going up to ask her to-night! Tol, de rol, de rol, de raddidy. An' the widder don't know she's got gold on her clearin'! She's dead sot on me, an' Pete can't tetch her! She's old enough to be my mammy, but she's got gold! Say! Ain't this goin' to be a piece fer your paper that 'll make things rattle?"

I took the specimens my 'way back friend handed me. They were iron pyrites. I put them on a shovel and held it in the fire. Presently they vanished as if they had never been. The look on my visitor's face was a sight to see.

"That's what they call 'fool's gold,' Jaggers," I said. It's entirely worthless. You couldn't get a dollar for a thousand tons of it. You've had a narrow escape. You might have married the decrepit Widow Buggies and her worthless clearin'. Let Pete Sykes have the widow if he wants her."

My friend at last awoke to the true situation. He stamped and thumped and knocked things around the office, and yelled and swore until things looked blue.

"Let Pete have the widder?" he yelled. "Why, great crackin' heels o' Julius Caesar's ghost! There ain't no widder! The Widder Buggies, old an' rattly an' deef an' without an off eye, ain't the Widder Buggies! She's Elnathan Jaggers, by thumps, fer I stole a march on Pete, an' married her this mornin'!"

And my friend from 'way back dashed out of the office and away.

I never put his piece in the paper.

"Corking Good Stuff."

A Practical Prima Donna.

"Do you think," asked the young man who was preparing some interviews with great people on trivial topics, "that a light opera singer should marry, if she is really and truly ambitious to succeed in her art?"

The queen of burlesque stopped reading what her press agent had written long enough to respond:

"Surely, sir, you cannot be serious. If we didn't marry how could the papers say anything about our divorce?"—Washington Star.

Killed by His Wife.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 9.—George Davies, commission merchant, was shot and killed by his wife this morning. The shooting was the result of one of many family quarrels.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

USE

Baby's Own Soap

and you'll know why we recommend it

BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinksoale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKeg, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa. Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If his body is all out of order and run-down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but doesn't feel just right," he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect. If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. That means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these on every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid, healthful flesh.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

A BEWILDERING SCENE

Greatest Ball Ever Given on the Continent.

There Were Seven Hundred of New York's "Four Hundred" There, Wearing Gorgeous Costumes and Jewels That Represent Vast Fortunes—Priceless Heirlooms Were Among the Gems Worn—Many of the Ladies Ablaze With the Sparklers—Waldorf Hotel a Scene of Enchantment.

New York, Feb. 10.—The Bradley-Martin fancy dress ball took place this evening in the magnificent ballroom of the Waldorf Hotel.

The scene was one of bewildering enchantment, a veritable fairyland, resplendent with all that wealth and taste could command, and graced by the presence of many hundreds of the fashionable set, garbed in costly robes of historic correctness. As a superb social function it has had no parallel in America. There were about 700 guests present. Almost every character of note in the times of Louis XIV. and XV., from the peasant to the jewel-crowned King or Queen, was personated. They presented striking figures, dancing in the stately minuet or whirling in the merry waltz.

The Marie Antoinette ladies predominated. America's historic notables seemed sadly neglected, even the father of this country, George Washington, being honored by only two representatives.

Aside from the beauty of the costumes interest centred in the unprecedented display of jewels, many priceless family heirlooms being worn. There is no estimating their monetary worth, but they certainly represented vast fortunes. Many of the women seemed ablaze with the sparkling gems.

The guests began arriving about 11 o'clock. They entered the hotel through a private door on 33rd-street, and were immediately ushered to the second floor, where a suite of 15 large apartments had been reserved for dressing purposes. Here were stationed numerous hair-dressers, costumers, modistes and all the other functionaries required for the final polishing touches of the exquisite outfits. These rooms were decorated with a profusion of roses and smilax.

After the guests had assembled and made ready for the grand entree, they descended the flower-strewn stairways to the reception parlor on the main floor.

As they passed through the archway they were met by the hostess, Mrs. Bradley-Martin, who stood on a dais surmounted by a canopy of rich tapestries.

Mrs. Martin wore a becoming costume of the Queen Elizabeth period, made of black velvet over red brocade. She was adorned with all the magnificent jewels, including her famous robe of diamonds. Near the dais stood a string of lackeys, and as the guests approached their names and the characters impersonated were announced.

The decoration of the reception room was a beautifully conceived achievement. The walls were covered with costly tapestries of the daintiest color, while myriads of roses, carelessly thrown, rested in the folds as they chanced to fall. The furniture was exclusively of the Louis XV. period. In one corner was placed the Hungarian band, hidden behind a bank of roses.

The guests moved from this saloon through the corridors, which had been made to represent a woodland lit by scores of incandescent lights, to the big ballroom. The decoration of this room was also a work of art, and the illumination brilliant.

As the company entered their figures were reflected in immense mirrors imbedded in the walls. Above each mirror were festoons of lanzet garlands entwined with demousa vine, and a lavish display of mauve orchids. The big candelabra had pendant pouches of blue silk bursting with a wealth of bridesmaid roses. Pink roses, entwined in asparagus vine, made a garden-like effect at the far end of the room. Here also was a balcony handsomely adorned, in which was stationed Victor Herbert's orchestra for the dance music.

Beneath this balcony were green-covered nooks, overhung with southern clematis, where the merry-makers retired for quiet talks.

It was near midnight before the opening quadrille was danced. It had been organized by Mrs. Astor and was the principal dance of the evening. John Jacob Astor was the king of the ball and Mrs. Bradley-Martin the queen. They led the quadrille and at their side were Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish and Robert Van Cortlandt. At the opposite end were Miss Gerry and J. Townsend Martin and Mrs. Whitney Warren and Lispenard Stewart. The opposite side couples were Mrs. Orme Wilson and Harry Lehr Mrs. Lee Tailor and Craig Wadsworth, Miss Lena Morton and Center Hitchcock and Miss Madeline Cutting and J. J. Van Alen.

Following this came Mrs. Edmund L. Baylie's quadrille, which was participated in by Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., Mrs. Henry Sloane, Miss Edith Morton, Miss Van Rensselaer, Messrs. Alfonso de Navarre, H. D. Robbins, Worthington, Whitehouse and others.

Then came the debutante quadrille, all the dancers wearing costumes of Louis Quinz epoch. It was a pretty array of youth and beauty The quadrilles were danced to the slow music of the minuet and the different figures were executed with grace and precision. General dancing was now indulged in until the call came for supper. Then the guests were conducted to the Empire dining rooms. The tables were prettily decorated with vases filled with long-stemmed roses.

Supper over, the guests returned to the ball room for the cotillion. This was led by Elisha Dyer, jr., who wore a costume of the period of Francis I. There were three favor figures in the cotillion, one set of favors being of silver, including repousse match boxes, memorandum tablets for the writing table, or chatelaine cases in repousse silver for memorandum books.

The grey streaks of dawn were struggling through the windows of the Waldorf before the last echo of "Home, Sweet Home" had died in the flower-scented room and the greatest ball in Gotham's history was ended.

There were many guests from out of town, small parties coming from San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Washington, Boston, Philadelphia, Albany and Baltimore.

About fifty persons came down from Albany, Mr. Martin's native city, among them members of the Sard, Townsend, Martin, Cornell, Van Rensselaer, Lansing, Pruyne and Corning families.

Extraordinary precautions for guarding the guests at the ball were put into effect early this evening, and seldom has an affair of this kind brought forth the police guard that was in and around the Hotel Waldorf tonight. Outside of the uniformed officers there were a perfect cordon of detectives and patrolmen in citizens' clothes around the block in which the hotel is situated. Crooks and other lawless characters gave the vicinity a wide berth.

BURNED THE BABY TO DEATH.

Fearful Result of a Fire at the House of Stephen Roguiski in Detroit—Girl Badly Burned.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 10.—Fire at 2.30 o'clock, this morning resulted disastrously to the family of Stephen Roguiski, in a small frame cottage on the Emerson-road. The result is that his 2-year-old son was burned to death in his cradle and his 12-year-old girl Mary is not expected to live. Five other members of the family were also more or less seriously burned before they made their escape from the burning structure. Roguiski was awakened by the flames, and at once awoke his family. With the assistance of his wife he threw the children out of a window to save them from cremation. The 2-year-old child's crib was a mass of flames when the frantic father reached it, and the little one had already become a victim of the flames. Neighbors soon after succeeded in pulling the little body, which had been burned to a crisp, out of the debris with some long poles. Roguiski is the man who was under suspicion of having attempted to kill the Koonczal family of Springwells by trying to blow up their house with dynamite.

ALL FOR FREE TRADE.

The Tariff Commissioners Conclude Their Sittings at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The Dominion Tariff Commissioners concluded their enquiry in the west to-day and leave for Ottawa to-morrow. Most of to-day was occupied in hearing representative agriculturists, the remarkable feature of whose testimony was the unanimity with which they demanded free trade.

They declared almost without exception that Mr. Laurier had obtained their votes on the pledge of free trade, and that if he did not carry out his promises there would be trouble in the Liberal camp.

Many of the delegates pronounced in favor of direct taxation. Farmer Robt. Hogg of Russell said that the Government was on trial now and this tariff commission would be judged by the results. Already there were mutterings of discontent at the utterances of members of the Government. If the Liberal Government did not fulfil its promises of free trade, it would be swept from power.

John E. Smith, representative of Brandon, said if Mr. Laurier gave them free trade they would all take down the motto, "God Bless Our Home" from their walls and substitute one reading "God Bless Wilfrid Laurier."

Mr. Thomas Sissons of Portage la Prairie submitted a memorial from the Portage and Lakeside Agricultural Societies. The memorial endorsed free trade as a policy, and urged the Liberal Government to carry out its free trade election promises.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market is dull and rather weaker to-day. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75 to $3.80.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The local market is dull, without change in prices. Red winter is held at 77c and white at 78c to 79c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 76c afloat, Fort William, and sales are reported at 91c. Toronto freight. No. 1 is quoted at 88c to 88½c, Midland or Owen Sound.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 28c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 31c. No. 2 at 26c to 27c. No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—Trade quiet and prices unchanged, there being sales of 40 cars to-day at 40c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with sales west at 19½c to 20c, for new. A car sold on track here at 23c.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offering. Cars are quoted at 34c to 35c, outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 10.—Spring wheat, 6c 6d to 6s 8d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 20s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 23s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 59s.

London—Wheat on passage steadier. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize on passage, quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures quiet at 6s 4¾d for March, 6s 5½d for May and 6s 4½d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 7¼d for March, 2s 7¾d for April, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 23s 3d.

Paris—Wheat 22f 85c for March; flour 47f 75c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat weak at 22f 70c for March; flour weak at 47f 60c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat ¼d lower at 6s 4½d for March, 6s 5d for May, and 6s 4½d for July. Maize ¼d lower, at 2s 7d for March, 2s 7½d for April, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9d for July. Flour 23s 3d.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 [illegible]c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 48
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

DYSPEPSIA

CURED BY DR. CHASE.

. . FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS W. W. HODGES SUFFERED —DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS EFFECTED AN ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURE. . . . . .

MESSRS. EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

DEAR SIRS,—I take the liberty of writing to you regarding my experience with DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS, and the wonderful cure of dyspepsia of 18 years' standing effected by them with three boxes. I am as well as I ever was, and am a man of 64 years of age. I have recommended DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS to a great number of people and they all say they are worth their weight in gold. If you desire any further statement or certificate of my case, I will be pleased to furnish one.

Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

IN HANDLING BUSINESS

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Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

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17 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS.

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

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Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

CHOICE AS WELL AS CHEAP.

Our stock of Meats is not only characterized by Cheap Prices, it is CHOICE as well. While the variety is large and the stock extensive, we guard against the inferior qualities. Our long-established reputation is a guarantee—for experience is a good teacher. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Select from any piece of meat on our hooks:—Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Sugar-Cured Hams, Poultry, Smoked Meats, Sausage. Howden's Meats will please the most particular people.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

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O'Connell & O'Connor.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

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W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

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W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 588 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyrd&w

A Special Price-Cutting in High-Class

It is your time to save what we are willing to lose.

FURS! FURS!

Owing to the change in our business the stock must be reduced at once.

Your's from to-day on to end of February at less than wholesale prices. Fully one-third less than former prices:

Astrachan Jackets, 36 in. long, this season's latest style, $40.00 quality, for $28 00
Astrachan Jackets, 36 in. long, new style, fine curl, $32.50 quality, for 20 00
Greenland Seal Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, Satin and Farmer Satin Lining, former value $30, now for 20 00
Black Wallaby Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, Satin Lining, worth $30, for 20 00

Grey Lamb Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, very even large curl, were sold $35.00, now $25 00
Grey Lamb Capes, 24 in. long, new style, finest quality, were $27.50, now 18 00
Hampster Lined, fur-lined Cloaks, 30 in. long, full circle sweep, black worsted outside and trimmed with Japanese, Fox and Sable Oppossum, were cheap at $30, now 20 00

Squirrel lined Cloak, 33 in. long, sable trimmed, fine black worsted outside, extra good quality, worth $65.00, now for $47 50
Grey Lamb Jackets, from 24 in. long to 36 in. long, worth from $40.00 to $60.00, now from $25 to.. 45 00
Grey Lamb Caps, worth $2.00, for 1 25
Grey Lamb Caps, worth $3.00, for 1 90
Seal Caps, worth $14, for 9 00
Otter Wedge Caps, worth $14 00 for 8 50

And so on through our large and well assorted stock. Furs at to-day's prices simply cannot be resisted.

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136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received:—

BANK OF TORONTO.

R B Rogers	$5 00
Dr Halliday	5 00

BANK OF COMMERCE.

Anonymous	$1 00

BANK OF MONTREAL.

W L Innes	15 00
T A S Hay	1 00
H S MacDonald	1 00
Rev. V. Clementi	5 00
R. M. Denistoun	5 00
A Friend	1 00
F Edwards	2 00

ONTARIO BANK.

A Friend	1 00
W Stocker	50
Geo Peters	1 00
J W Fitzgerald	2 00
J D Collins	2 00
P Murphy	25
A friend	5 00
W D Parker	5 00
George Burnham, M. D	5 00
Mrs. Geo Burnham	5 00
Omazias de Laplante	1 00
W F Johnston	2 00
A friend	1 00
D W Dumble	2 00
Geo Read (Keene)	15 00
A. E. Mosley	2 00
G. W. Hatton	2 00
	— 00
Total	$91 75

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

AS WELL AS EVER.

A Brickmaker Listens to Reason—Uses Six Boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and Tells it.

Brockville, Feb. 11—(Special)—Mr. W. H. Odell, perhaps one of the best known citizens of this town, has lately recovered from a long continued and painful kidney ailment. He tells the story of his experience to the correspondent as follows:—

"I have suffered for over a year from kidney disease, the pain in my back being so severe that I was unable to stand to my work.

"Noticing the published cures of what Dodd's Kidney Pills were doing for others I concluded to use them.

"Having used only six boxes I can say that I am perfectly cured and well, so that I can attend to business as well as ever I could."

OAK HALL.

Good quality, fast colored Print Wrappers, Neat patterns $150 each, at Turnbull's.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

WOMEN TALK ON MISSIONS

Continued from Page 4.

promptly to their duties, and give hints to those who are not familiar with the work of the society. If any member of the Auxiliary or Mission Band is in trouble or sorrow, she should not be forgotten, though absent. Especially in Mission Bands is it necessary that the president should see that the foundations of missionary intelligence be laid broad and deep; that the members be trained to take a comprehensive view of the work of a personal interest in our own missionaries; that when in future years calls are made upon them they may have sound principle to fall back on and not mere sentiment or impulse. It is her duty to make the meetings attractive, and as much care should be taken as though she were going to entertain them in her own parlors. Besides transacting business, it is the work of the president to extend information and strive to deepen the interest taken in the heathen sisters and those labouring among them. The vice-president's duty is to feel her responsibility for the prosperity of the society and to be ready to take the president's place at any time. She may be called on to do so. She should be interested, well informed and in touch with the work. It is the duty of the secretary to record the proceedings of the society. She will select interesting details and record them in a bright manner fitted to recall pleasant memories of the meeting to those present and fill those who were absent with a sense of what they have missed. As the minutes of each meeting are a journal great care should be taken to have them correct and have the resolutions and motions recorded accurately. It is her duty to give notice of meetings, furnish information of interest to members, collect items from the mission field, give intelligence on all business of the Auxiliary and help to form plans for the well-being of the society. She also conducts necessary correspondence and prepares the annual report and forwards it to the Presbyterial secretary. She should also be prompt in answering any correspondence in connection with the society.

The duties of the treasurer as well as those of the secretary call for promptness and system. She should receive all the moneys and report monthly to the society as to the state of the funds. This duty may seem unimportant, but if each treasurer were to enforce promptness it would do away with many a rush at the end of the year or a resort to a questionable means of raising funds It is her duty to fully understand business details, keep the books in order on business principles and be well informed of the needs of the work and of what has been done. She should try to cultivate a liberal spirit in the society and get as many as possible to adopt the mode of systematic giving. The organist should choose hymns suitable for the meeting and make the meeting as interesting as possible by lively playing, etc., as nothing puts a damper on a meeting so quickly as dragging in singing. One good way of governing a Band or an Auxiliary is to have an executive meeting composed of the office bearers and two or three others, these members to meet regularly between the meetings, to plan and arrange the business and the programme. If four or five zealous members determine to make a meeting a success there is a great hope of that meeting.

Many are too timid to start in this unfamiliar—to them—work, but it unfolds itself, particularly if the Band be a juvenile one, it will probably keep the leader interested. Mrs Graham suggested a good scheme to our society the beginning of this year. It was to make one or two members responsible for each meeting and as each one would try to have her meeting as interesting as possible our meetings would be likely to grow more interesting each month. Then it would make the attendance increase, as we would all like to be present at and see how each of the other members succeeded with the meeting she was responsible for.

JUVENILE WORK.

Mrs John Davidson, of Norwood, gave a general talk on "The Need and Nature of Juvenile Work." She said:

There never was a time when there was such need to develop missionary talent. The whole world in the last thirty-five years has been thrown upon the missionary effort. The Governments of christian nations by recent treaties have been able to open up countries containing 875,000,000 heathen souls.

Our ancestors received the Gospel through the obedience of Paul to the cry "Come over to Macedonia and help us." Shall we, in our turn, who have enjoyed all the benefits of the enlightenments and blessings accruing from the Gospel of Christ all down through the ages *refuse to do* our utmost to give the Gospel to the millions of heathen souls? In order that this great work may be more effectually done it is necessary to train the children of our church.

It is a recognized principle in the world, in order to be successful in any line of work we must be trained and educated early in life Youth is the time to prepare for the duties and responsibilities of after life. It is equally true in regard to missionary work. One writer has said "that all the world could be evangelized within the present generation if all the young people were properly trained and aroused to a sense of their duty and responsibilities concerning missionary work. In Old Testament days Moses gave instruction that the children should be instructed in the law diligently. It is said that Alexander the Great had children in his camp who were trained to arms almost from infancy. They were soldiers born and with those he conquered the world. I repeat if with the children in christian countries were trained to work for this great cause, to pray earnestly for it, and to gather money that they may give for it the present generation could obey the divine command to preach the Gospel to every creature if they only would.

The need for juvenile work is very great when we realize how many are indifferent to the great work of the church, namely, the evangelization of the world. The causes of this indifference are to be found in the lack of home training along proper lines. So many parents have neither the time nor the inclination, nor a knowledge of the needs of suffering humanity, to inculcate a love for missions. They themselves are so wholly engrossed in either making ends meet, or in acquiring wealth, or in the feverish anxiety to have their children equipped with all the requirements for worldly success. Now, who is to do this great work of training the young? The answer comes, the church.

Though the Sunday schools and Endeavor Societies are doing a noble work, still they are not able to cover all the ground, hence the need for Mission Bands.

A healthy child may be defined as incessant activity. The danger to the young arises not from activity, but from a misdirection of their energies. Be assured that they will work at something either good, valueless or positively evil. Fill their lives with useful work and thoughts for others. Much of the selfishness of the world, due not to actual hard-heartedness, but to a lack of that knowledge which tends to arouse sympathy. It is said of Marie Antoinette that she asked why the people did not eat cake, when she was told that they were in want of bread. The chief difficulty that confronts the leader of a Mission Band is to get the children born in christian homes to realize the needs of the miserable.

We must cultivate the faculty of putting one's self in the place of others. In unfolding to their youthful minds accounts of the condition of the poor heathen, the young listeners are or should be constantly called upon to place themselves in their situation, to imagine their trials, their danger, their difficulties in this life together with the lack of means of enjoyment in the future, to reproduce in themselves such feelings as that of being in a world of such ignorance, misery and sin, to be without food or shelter, to be exposed to disease and misery. Thus their sympathy in a variety of forms is aroused. What a power for good a Band of young people may become under the leadership of an earnest christian filled with love to Christ and the desire to bring others to a knowledge of His love. Give the members some work to do for which they are responsible.

Here will come in the use of committees for different branches of the work. Let their energies be used for Christ and the good of their fellow men. I think I hear some one say "Oh, do not burden the children, let them enjoy themselves until they are grown up." The Bible says "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." It is not placing burdens upon children when you give them useful work to do. They have the pleasure of doing for others which is the greatest happiness known to man. If a child is allowed to grow up with no aim, but self-enjoyment until he is twenty, in all probability he will continue with no higher aspirations ever afterwards.

The object of the Mission Band should be to instruct and interest the children in the needs of those in heathen lands and not merely to entertain, and the instruction can be made so interesting and entertaining that even the children will not weary of it. Do not depend much on outside help, but develop the powers within the Band itself, thus teaching the children to be self-reliant. Systematic study is necessary if we would be successful in our work. In taking up the study of a mission field do it slowly and thoroughly. Learn all about the country and people. Do not try to teach too much at once. If the children only get an idea here and there without any connection they soon lose interest. Do what you do well. Review before starting a new lesson or subject. A plan that works well in other work may be employed just here with good results. Let the members have a missionary note book in which they will write out in their own words all they can remember when they go home. Next meeting ask a number to stand up and read aloud what they have written. All cannot read at one meeting, but all will be prepared if called upon. Let the leader keep the names and do not ask the same one twice until all have had an opportunity of telling what they know of the subject. In this way you will be able to judge whether you are going too fast or teaching too much at once. Another way would be to ask some two or three to come prepared to tell the others the substance of last lesson. Still another way would be to let each one tell something of the lesson, then ask one to relate the whole.

All our work and study will avail but little without earnest prayer. The blessings flowing from it cannot be numbered. The subjects both for public and private prayer should be definite.

Sentence prayers have been found very useful in training all except the very young children to take part in this part of the work.

If the children have been brought to a knowledge of the Lord Jesus and taught the needs of the heathen world the giving ought to come quite naturally. It should be systematic and done from principle. Giving for the cause of Christ ought to be looked upon not only as an important duty but a privilege. Encourage the children in real self-denial offerings to give out to their allowance for their own personal expenses. If they have no allowance or income teach them to earn some.

Now I would say to those engaged in this great work. Never be discouraged, pray earnestly for God's blessing on your work. Make the very best use of the powers and talents God has given you for His honor and glory.

A helpful discussion took place on all these papers.

After the closing words by Mrs Sutherland the convention concluded with prayer by Mrs Stewart.

Votes of thanks were tendered to the Board of Managers, ladies of the church, choir, organist and the press.

Baby Eczema and Scald Head.

Infants and young children are particularly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application smooths the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,020,363	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,664	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,993	157,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

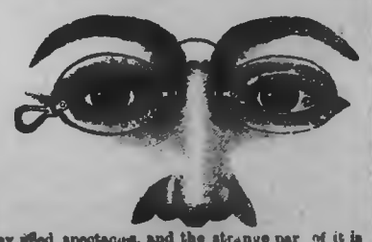
Total Assurance written by the Sun Life amounted to **$7,468,282.**

Total Assurance written by the other 10 Canadian Co's combined, **$23,905,314.**

It may be here remarked that the total gain of assurance in force in Canadian Companies over the previous year was $8,376,638. Of this amount the Sun Life contributed **$4,060,521.** The other Canadian Companies combined contributed $4,316,117.

W. H. HILL,
MANAGER CENTRAL ONTARIO.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

THE Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. GOODERHAM, President. - - - - - J. F. JUNKIN, General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10,000 after age 45.
No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.
For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS.
District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 36. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BIG FIRE IN OTTAWA

Western Wing of Parliament Buildings Burned.

The Blaze Supposed to Have Been Caused by the Carelessness of a Clerk Who Was a Smoker—Hydrants Found to be Frozen and the Flames Went Merrily On—Hose Burst Under the Pressure and the Fire Department Was Sadly Handicapped—Help From Montreal.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—(Special.)—The worst fire which the Capital has had for many a long day is raging to-night, and as the result thereof the taxpayers of the Dominion will eventually have to meet a bill of a quarter of a million dollars.

At midnight to-night the entire roof of the Western Departmental building and offices on the fourth floor are in flames, the efforts of the Ottawa brigade being directed towards keeping the flames from descending to the lower stories of the buildings.

The only portion of the building which has escaped, with the exception of some water in the offices, is the Mackenzie wing from the big tower northerly.

In this portion of the building are the offices of the Departments of Railways and Canals and Inland Revenue. The rooms burnt out were those occupied by the engineers' and architects' staff of the Public Works Department, including hundreds of valuable plans and records; certain offices occupied by some of the clerks of the Marine and Fisheries Department, and the entire offices of the Mounted Police Department.

All the offices below these, occupied by the Departments of Public Works, Marine and Fisheries, Militia, Trade and Commerce and Customs are deluged with water.

The fire was first discovered on the fourth flat of the Public Works Department, and is supposed to have been caused by carelessness of one of the clerks, who had been smoking. For a long time the smell of smoke could be detected before its origin was discovered.

It unfortunately happened that the conflagration broke out in the most vulnerable point of the whole building, as the whole of the top storey was a veritable fire trap. The roof was of wood, the partitions were of wood and the floors were of wood. To add to the disaster this portion of the building is, with the exception of the tower of the Parliament building, situated on the highest level of the city.

At the outset only a private alarm was sent to the central fire station and a single reel responded.

The hydrants in different portions of the Parliament grounds were tried and all, with the exception of one some distance away, were found to be frozen hard. One located almost under the window from which the smoke was now being emitted in dense volumes, was in this unfortunate condition. Just who is responsible for this unlucky contretemps, the Public Works Department or the city, cannot at present be ascertained. There was nothing for it under the circumstances but to secure water from the hydrants on Wellington-street. The first stream showed very poor pressure, and before the extension ladder could be placed in position the flames were bursting from the roof.

Chief Young, who was promptly on the spot, realizing that it would be well to provide for any emergency, called out the entire brigade and had the big steamer "The Conqueror" brought up. The lumber firms also sent their steamer, the Union, and these two gave a good water service.

Inside the building the hydrants had been turned on, but the pressure was very poor and some of the Government hose had burst. On the flat below the officials of the Public Works Department were clearing out furniture and effects from the offices of the Minister and Deputy Minister.

Mr. Tarte was on deck and got all his private papers out. When your correspondent entered the Minister's room with him at 5.15 p.m. water was coming through the ceiling in torrents.

Despite all efforts of the brigade, it seemed impossible to check the progress of the flames. The inflammable nature of the upper structure made it a ready prey, and the fire gradually worked round to the southwest corner of the building. Then it swung round to the southern facade and licked its way along the roof eastward. Over the main south door there is a small tower, and it was thought at this point the fire would be confined, as there was supposed to be a fire wall, shutting off the draughting room of the Public Works Department from the Marine and Fisheries. But even this gave way and the flames gradually crept along to the southeast corner and then ran northerly the entire length of the wing which fronts on Parliament-square, consuming in its progress all the offices of the Mounted Police Department.

Thousands of people assembled on Parliament Hill to see the magnificent sight. The Parliament Buildings and the Eastern Block were magnificently illuminated and the reflection could be seen for miles around.

As the Government carries no insurance on its buildings in Ottawa the entire loss will fall on the country. It is believed $100,000 might repair to-day's damage, but a wooden roof to the building will never be tolerated, and the general impression is the Government will have to put on a metal one similar to that of Langevin block, which is of iron and copper.

At 1 o'clock this morning the burning building presented a magnificent spectacle; the entire roof was still burning, but the fire does not appear to have reached the storey below, except at one point in the Public Works Department, and here it appears to have been checked in one room. When the fire reached the Mounted Police Department the assembled crowd were startled by repeated popping off of ammunition. To check the conflagration a portion of the roof on the south side of the building, equal to 60 square feet, was cut away, but nothing was gained by it.

Two-thirds of the records of the Public Works Department have been destroyed, but the photographic negatives of different public buildings were saved.

The original records of the C. P. R. surveys, it is said, have fallen a prey to the flames.

With good judgment, the officers of the Militia, Marine and Fisheries, Trade and Commerce and Customs Departments got their books, records and papers either out of the buildings or into the vaults, so that, except for the temporary inconvenience of want of quarters, the work of these departments will go on without interruption.

The thermometer registers 5 degrees above zero at this hour. The firemen have been continuously on duty for eight hours and are pitiable sights, being covered with ice from head to foot.

It is thought Mr. Tarte will propose an additional storey to the building to give much-needed additional accommodation.

Help From Montreal.

Montreal, Feb. 12.—A detachment of the Montreal fire brigade, composed of 15 men, with the Selsby engine and two hose reels, left for Ottawa on a special at 11.30 last night in answer to an urgent summons from the Capital, where the West Block in Parliament Square is burning.

RECOUNT IN NORTH ONTARIO.

Duncan Graham Declared Elected by 39 Majority—Order for a Recount Afterwards Granted.

Beaverton, Feb. 11.—In the North Ontario election the returning officer gave the official count here to-day Duncan Graham, Reform-Patron, is declared elected by 39 majority, the total vote being: D. Graham 2403, Angus McLeod 2364. There were 26 spoilt ballots and 59 rejected ballots.

An order for a recount in North Ontario was obtained by Messrs. Reid, Owens, Wood & Arnold, solicitors for Angus McLeod, since the declaration made to-day, to take place before Judge Mahaffy at Bracebridge next Tuesday, the 16th inst.

HOG CHOLERA.

Outbreaks Reported to the Mayor by Dr. Andrew Smith of the Ontario Veterinary College.

The Mayor yesterday received the following letter from Dr. Andrew Smith of the Ontario Veterinary College:

"I find a contagious disease of animals known as hog cholera to exist in my district, and declare in consequence thereof the following area quarantined: That part of East and West York bounded on the north by Lawrence side line, the eastern boundary of East York on the east, the western boundary of West York on the West, the city of Toronto on the south, including the city, the conditions being that no swine be allowed to be brought into or taken out of the aforesaid area for breeding or store purposes; also that no swine be allowed to be removed from one part to another part of the aforesaid area for breeding or store purposes. These regulations not to apply to fat hogs for immediate slaughter, and you and all other persons are strictly forbidden to remove any swine whatever from the said area or bring any thereon as stated in the above quarantine."

Mars Matchery.

Canea, Crete, Feb. 11.—It is stated on good authority that the Governor of Crete, George Pasha Berovitch, is desirous of resigning his office, but that the Porte has expressed the wish that he should remain there.

The entire Moslem population about the City of Heraklion have entered that place, where they attacked the Christians and pillaged their shops. The Prefect of Sitia reports that 300 Moslems have been killed in that district by Christians.

It is reported that the Moslems of Retimo have blown up with dynamite a number of houses owned or occupied by Christians. No mention is made of the loss of life being caused by the explosion. It is reported that Christians are massacreing Moslems in the villages around Sitia, and that 13 of the villages are burning.

The Moslems continue to prevent the departure from the island not only of native Christians but also of foreigners. It is probable that the foreign warships here will intervene and demand that those who wish to leave the island shall be allowed to do so without hindrance.

Confirmation has been received of the reports of atrocities committed on women and children in Kisamo and Kastell.

Camphor as a Barometer.

A piece of camphor gum is a very good indicator of what the weather is going to be. If, when the camphor is exposed to the air, the gum remains dry, the weather will be fresh and dry, but if the gum absorbs the moisture and seems damp, it is an indication of rain.

THE ADDRESS PASSED.

Mr. Pattullo Made a Capital Maiden Speech.

Mr. John Auld, the New Member for South Essex, Seconded the Address—The Opposition Leader Speaks—Patron Leader Haycock Gave Some Taffy, But With Reserve—Kind Words for the Late Mr. Balfour—Premier Hardy Talks About the Changes in the Government.

Toronto, Feb. 12.

After the usual preliminary routine at the Provincial Legislature yesterday afternoon, Mr. Whitney, leader of the Opposition, interrogated the Government respecting the changes which had taken place in the Cabinet since the last session. He voiced the desire of the general public, as well as the Opposition, in asking that the Attorney-General would favor the House with as full and complete information as might be possible, having regard to the circumstances in which he found himself placed. For some time past, since the accession of his honorable friend the Attorney-General to power as leader of his party and the Government of the province, a great many rumors had been heard as to the time at which the general election will be held; as to whether this Parliament would be allowed to live out the full length of its life, as limited by the law. To the personal knowledge of the speaker, statements have been made by the supporters and friends of the honorable leader that the general election will take place in the month of June next; at any event, if not then, later in the year. On the other hand, men high in the counsel and confidence of honorable members on the Government benches have given the statement a positive denial. It is a matter that interests the people, and if there is any doubt or uncertainty respecting it the people are entitled to as full information on the subject as can be reasonably given. The speaker quoted an interview with the Attorney-General which appeared in The Globe newspaper a month or six weeks ago, in which the honorable gentleman denied any truth in the statement that the House was to be dissolved immediately after the next session. He asked for information on the question.

The Attorney-General concurred in the views of the leader of the Opposition that if there is any explantion to be given to the people of the province upon the question referred to the present was an opportune time to give it. He did not know that he could add very much to what has already appeared in the newspapers with respect to the changes in the Government. Sir Oliver Mowat had been invited to join Hon. Mr. Laurier's Cabinet. He had accepted the call, was appointed to a position in the Senate, and this required that he should vacate the seat which he had so long occupied in the House.

This change involved an almost entire reconstruction of the Executive Council. Sir Oliver resigned in the month of July, and next day he (the speaker) was honored with a request to accept the responsibility of forming a Ministry. He had invited all his old colleagues to remain with him and they accepted.

The death of the newly appointed Provincial Secretary, under circumstances which created a profound sorrow, was alluded to in fitting terms and a glowing tribute was paid to the abilities and character of the speaker's late colleague. The vacancy thus created was filled by the appointment of Hon. Mr. Davis. These were the changes that had taken place and they had, he ventured to assert, met with the approval of the country. He could not say that the acquisition of these new colleagues had in any sense changed the policy of the Government, or that the policy of the Government was affected by the change.

In regard to the other question, he had nothing to add to the statement in the interview, which his honorable friend had read, and did not know that he could make it any clearer. He had been asked for a full and frank avowal and could not give any franker expression of the intentions of the Government than that there was no intention of dissolving the House at any earlier period than that at which in the course of nature and its natural existence, honorable gentlemen have a right to expect. He could not say that something might not arise within the year and a half which still remained of its natural existence. It was impossible for him to say anything further as to any necessity which may arise for dissolution. In conclusion, he repeated the words of the interview that he knew of nothing which will interfere with the duration of this Parliament to its natural length.

A MAIDEN EFFORT.

Mr. Pattullo of North Oxford Delivered an Admirable Speech on the Address.

The address in reply to the Speech from the Throne was moved by Mr. A. Pattullo of North Oxford, who expressed his diffidence in attempting the task, and modestly accepted the compliment as being given to the constituency which he represented rather than to his own ability. The speech, remarkable for its clearness and vigor of expression and fluency of delivery, was above the average upon such occasions. In opening brief allusion was made to the history of the constituency, which had given to public life such men as Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. George Brown, Hon. William McDougall and Sir Oliver Mowat. The universal sorrow which pervades throughout the province at the unfortunate illness of Lieutenant-Governor Kirkpatrick was fittingly expressed and a sincere wish for his speedy recovery and return to Ontario, where he and his good lady, to whom a graceful tribute was paid, would receive a warm welcome.

Sir Casimir Gzowski's eminent services to Queen and state were the subject of a passing compliment, and, pursuing the theme of loyalty approval of the reference in the Speech to the celebration of the sixtieth year of Her Majesty's reign was expressed. The full significance of an instance for which no parallel existed in the annals of time could only be appreciated in the light of the full consideration of the events of that long reign, the vast extent of that empire over which Her Majesty reigns, and her own character and influence as a mother and ruler. The speaker asserted amid applause that all parties, races, creeds and classes are loyal, not only to the interests of Canada, but to the interests of Great Britain, and devoted to the person of Her Majesty. Whatever there may be in the womb of destiny for this splendid Canada of ours, only one feeling seemed to pervade the people—that of satisfaction with our in-

Continued on Page 2.

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Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. d21

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
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The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

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The Stormer Bicycle,
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
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FINEST GRADES OF
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WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
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IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
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Glove Buyers.

Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.
Gloves wisely bought are such as give the buyer large value at a low price.
We have at times the opportunity to offer Gloves away below regular values.
—Here is such a time.
—The price is *50c.* per pair.
—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.
—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'
—We know of no gloves better.
—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.
—The goods on sale now.
—It will pay to buy.

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Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $6.50, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale 3 50

43 Men's Freize Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $8, go now at 4 00

55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $13, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7.50, not price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for. Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

28 Prince Albert Dress Suits, Handsomely lined and trim: impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Youths' Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8 50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2.50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduc- to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

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"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, catarrh and malaria.

Such Cures as This Prove Merit.

"My little nephew was a plump and healthy baby until a year and a half old, then sores broke out behind his ears and spread rapidly over his head, hands and body. A physician said the trouble was scrofula humor in the blood. The child became one complete sore. We had to restrain his hands to keep him from scratching the sores. We were induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time he had more life. He improved rapidly, his skin became entirely clear of sores and he is now a healthy child." MRS. FLORENCE ANDREWS, Clearfield, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 12, 1897

THE ADDRESS PASSED

Continued from page 1.

stitutions, hope and confidence in the future, satisfaction with the ruler of the Empire, and universal loyalty toward the flag of England and towards England's Queen.

It was especially fitting, in this connection, that an event of world-wide importance in the treaty of arbitration between the two great English-speaking nations of the world should mark the year in which the celebration to which he referred occurred. If the treaty is productive of peace between Great Britain and the United States it will be a fitting climax to a long and glorious reign.

Great Britain, Canada and the United States constitute a people kindred in origin, in language, and should be kindred in thought, and sentiment, and linked together in bonds of perpetual friendship. There are some sinister influences at work which may possibly defeat the objects of those good and true men who have arranged the treaty, but whatever the result the people of England will have the proud consciousness of having done their duty and strained self-interest in order to do so. There is no good Canadian that does not desire peace and friendliness between these nations, but it is safe to say that, whatever may come, the destiny of Canada is now and always will be in the hands of Canadian people, and the speaker for one, as a young Canadian, believed that the star of that destiny does not now nor will it ever look southwards. [Cheers.]

Attention was next drawn to the fact that owing to the removal of Sir Oliver Mowat to another throne and perhaps a wider domain the political history of the Province was entering upon a new era. The speaker ventured to assert that the high character, wise leadership, tact and marvelous skill in constructive legislation of Sir Oliver had been productive of much real benefit to the Province during the past quarter of a century, and he regretted that he had not been privileged to sit with him in the Legislature.

The speaker then proceeded to deal with New Ontario, but before doing so he modestly disclaimed any intention of framing a policy for the Government, or knowledge of what their policy is beyond the indications in the address. Having asserted that he spoke from the standpoint of an independent member of the House he declared that he was strongly of the opinion that the great work, the supreme duty of the Government and of the House for years to come, is in connection with that district. It did strike him that it is not so much a new policy that is wanted as a rapid and continuous development, extension and improvement of what the Government has already been doing. The establishment of a pioneer farm near Wabigoon had done much good. The first duty of the Government is to exert its influence and resources to the utmost to place "hardy" settlers in every part of New Ontario where there are tracts of good land to be found. [The speaker's reference to the class of settlers which were needed was received with much laughter by the House, the members accepting it as a pun, and it was some minutes before Mr. Pattullo saw the joke and apologized for not having seen the point earlier.]

The attention of the Dominion Government should be drawn to the fact that New Ontario is a part of Canada, and that a fair proportion of the expenditure and of the organized efforts of the Federal Government be devoted to bringing desirable immigrants into Ontario.

Nothing advertises a country so much as the discovery of gold, and the responsibility cast upon the Government by the discovery of the precious metal in New Ontario was pointed out and the hope expressed that, in any legislation which might be passed the claims of the original prospector would be realized as superior to the speculator. It was not the duty of the Government, it was asserted, to start or promote a boom, and attention was called to the fact that the situation at Rat Portage and elsewhere has its dangers as well as its bright prospects. Before leaving this question a word of caution was uttered against rash investments in the mining regions, which can only result in disappointment.

The recent demands upon the Federal Government from British Columbia for better railway facilities were referred to, and the fact was pointed out that New Ontario also has a claim upon the Federal treasury for the same facilities. New Ontario was pictured as the spinal column of Confederation, the Maritime Provinces as the head, Quebec and Ontario the heart and lungs, and the limbs and feet belong to the West.

MR. JOHN AULD

Seconds the Address in Reply to the Speech—Everything Lovely.

Mr. John Auld, South Essex, in seconding the reply, said he thought the Premier had made no mistake in choosing Mr. Pattullo to move the address in reply. The circumstances which had caused the speaker's entrance into the House were particularly painful to himself. The late Hon. Mr. Balfour and he had been partners in business for upwards of 25 years. The deceased was hard-working and faithful, and had served his constituency and his Province well. He was loved by Liberals and admired by Conservatives, and it ever there was a self-made man it was the late Hon. A. J. Balfour.

It seemed strange, he added, not to see the face of Ontario's Grand Old Man present as in former years, but every one was pleased to know that he had been called to a sphere where his abilities would be given higher scope. The cry of the Opposition had been "Mowat must go," but they did not dream of where he would go. They had not thought he would join the trio of Laurier, Mowat and Victory and sweep the Conservative party from power last June. No doubt the cattlery now would be "Hardy must go," but if the last two bye-elections were any criterion it did not look as though his exit would be a hasty one.

Referring to the Speech from the Throne Mr. Auld compared the plenty in Canada with the famine in India, and said he hoped Canada's sympathy would be shown in some tangible form. He believed the farmers of Ontario were more prosperous than those of any other Province, and referred to the amount the Government had spent annually in the interests of agriculture.

Then he dwelt upon the cheese and dairy industries. The cheese export from Canada to Great Britain amounted to $14,000,000 worth, or 53 per cent. of the consumption of cheese of that country. Of this Ontario sent at least two-thirds. And at the same time, while the Mother Country only imported 3 per cent. of her butter from Canada, yet she imported $1,000,000 more in 1896 than in 1895. These facts, he thought, were a sufficient indication for the existence of agricultural and dairy schools. The fruit export trade was also progressing favorably. There never was a time when the farmers appreciated more a farmer's education than now. The present low prices made it imperative that every agriculturist should know how to get as much as possible from the soil.

Continuing, the seconder endorsed the late County Councils Act. He thought it should be a matter of satisfaction to the Government to see how smoothly and satisfactorily the act was working. He believed that a similar bill, to reduce the membership of Town Councils, would also be a move in the right direction.

Passing on, Mr. Auld was also satisfied to know that the financial position of the Province was as good as ever. Concluding, he congratulated Mr. Whitney upon his elevation to the leadership. [Applause.] He was satisfied that the Government would do all in its power to help him. [Laughter]. He hoped the hon. gentleman would have the same success as his predecessors.

The new member for South Essex sat down amid mingled laughter and applause, and was followed by the Opposition leader.

A VIGOROUS CRITICISM.

The Opposition Leader Criticises the Past Action of the Government.

Mr. Whitney was received with applause from the Opposition benches. In a brief but vigorous speech he criticised the past action of the Government, and gave promise of interesting debates when the Opposition attack their policy in detail. After welcoming the mover and seconder of the address and congratulating them upon their speeches, taking up the reference by Mr. Auld to the legislation respecting County Councils, he declared that he had spoken to hundreds of electors from all portions of the province since it was passed by the House, and he had not yet found one who approved of it. It had not reduced the cost, as the Government had claimed it would, and the honorable gentleman was as far astray from the facts as possible when he stated that the people were satisfied with it. With regard to the winning of cases against the Dominion Government, were they not all the one people, of the same speech? Why is it that there was such jibing and jeering at winning a case from their own brethren and people? Probably now that Sir Oliver Mowat was in the Federal Government, he would now turn around and upset all these victories which he had won when Attorney-General. Generous reference was made to the good qualities of the late Hon. W. D. Balfour, and genuine sympathy expressed for his family. A tribute was also paid to the eminent abilities of Sir Oliver Mowat, and full credit given him for the services he had rendered to the province. The speaker congratulated Hon. Mr. Harty upon his restoration to health and the Attorney-General upon his elevation to the leadership of the Government and party as a well-deserved reward for past services.

With regard to the mining industry, the Government should give more than careful consideration to its needs in order to encourage it and increase the opportunities of the people of this province to benefit by their mineral resources. With regard to the proposals respecting Toronto University he saw indications of new ventures on the part of the University. He wanted to tell the Government that the people will not tolerate any further trifling with the interests of the University of Toronto. The people of the province have a high regard for the University and they don't propose to do anything to impair it in its usefulness, but there are a great many people, and their number is increasing every year, who feel that the influence of the Government upon the University of Toronto has had a bad effect, and that the connection with the Government has been primarily responsible for the present unfortunate position in which the University finds itself.

In the speeches of the mover and seconder of the address no reference was made to the Public schools. The people were demanding that something be done to increase the facilities afforded in the Public school education. The education of 95 per cent. of the people commences and ends in the Public schools, and an improvement is absolutely necessary. In support of his contention he quoted from a speech of Mr. Pattullo during his campaign, which formed a concise, condensed indictment of the Government policy.

The Patron leader was next heard from. Mr. Haycock also tendered his hearty congratulations to the mover and seconder of the address.

MR. HARDY'S CONGRATULATIONS.

He Paid the Usual Compliments to the Mover and Seconder.

Hon. A. S. Hardy arose to conclude the debate for the afternoon. He congratulated the mover and seconder of the address in reply to the Speech. The two new members wre a decided acquisition to the House. He was pleased particularly with their references to New Ontario. There would be no greater task before the Legislature than the carrying out of the suggestions the addresses contained. He was gratified for the kindly expressions of personal regard which Mr. Whitney had bestowed upon him. He also thanked Mr. Haycock, the other leader. He did not know whom he might call the leader of the party he saw opposite him. [Laughter.]

Mr. Whitney: There is a hyphen between us.

Hon. Mr. Hardy: Which, I take it, is a bond of union.

Continuing, the Premier added his quota to the tributes already bestowed upon His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor. No one had ever filled the position better. The country had been pained to learn of his unfortunate state of health, and hoped to soon see him return, healthy and vigorous.

The resolution endorsing the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne was then adopted without a vote.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

The Attorney-General has given notice of the following motions:

Bill respecting the fisheries of Ontario.

Bill to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the unorganized districts.

Bill to reduce the number of councillors in towns.

Bill relating to contracts by married women.

Bill respecting wages and estates of deceased persons; and

Bill relating to the audit of municipal accounts.

The Minister of Education will introduce a bill respecting technical schools, and also a bill to set apart certain of the wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) has bills respecting loan corporations and to regulate the immigration into Ontario of certain classes of children.

Mr. Dryden will introduce bills to amend the Agricutural and Arts Act; to further improve the act respecting the Department of Agriculture; to improve the Trades Disputes Act, 1894, and to amend the Municipal Act.

Love's young dream is one that fills the heart with intensest joy. Sometimes the happy dream is realized. Frequently, it is not. In many cases loving young couples fall short of true married happiness because of the ill-health of the young wife. A woman who is tortured by pains due to weakness and disease of the organs that are distinctly feminine, cannot be an amiable and helpful wife. Troubles of this nature rack the nerves with pain and sap the strength. Under their malign influence the most amiable and helpful disposition will become soured. The wife that promised to be a cheerful, capable and willing helpmate surprises her husband by proving a sickly, nervous, fretful and helpless invalid. This unfortunate outcome of "Love's young dream" may be prevented or remedied by resorting to the right medicine for troubles of this nature.

The right medicine is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Over 90,000 women have said so in unsolicited letters to its discoverer Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. It makes them strong and healthy. It allays inflammation and soothes pain. It relieves the strain upon the nerves. It prepares for motherhood and insures the health of the child. All medicine dealers sell it.

"I take pleasure," writes Mrs. Jessie Fulfer, of Eulogy, Bosque Co., Texas, "in writing you again. I am in better health than I have been in six years. I think your medicine is the best in the world. I hope every woman who is afflicted as I was will take it. Your 'Favorite Prescription' has saved my life. I was not able to get up when I was sick until I began to take your medicine. I cannot thank you enough for what you have done for me. You can use my statement as you like."

Constipation is the all-embracing cause of ill-health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. They never gripe.

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Reserve Fund.... .....$ 105 000.00

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FOUR per cent. interest allowed upon deposits, and FOUR and ONE QUART per cent. upon debentures.

MONEY TO LEND upon favorable terms.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

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Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workmanlike manner.

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THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897.

HUMOR

A BIG BRASS BAND.

Comedian Crane Thought Its Members Would Never Cease Coming.

Comedian William H. Crane says that the greatest brass band that this country ever knew was an organization in Ottumwa, Ia., many years ago.

"I've heard Gilmore and Sousa and all the rest," said Mr. Crane recently, "but their bands couldn't be compared with that prairie aggregation for a moment.

"In my theatrical salad days—when I was much younger than I am now—I was trying to pilot a company of Thespian bright lights throughout the western provinces. Business was bad, and our treasury was low. At Ottumwa the theater orchestra had some sort of a grievance against the management and demanded pay in advance. The theater refused, and our organization was not financially in a position to discount the future for a single moment. So I started out to find some sort of music, if possible, to tide us over. I finally succeeded in getting the Ottumwa brass band to agree to play three selections in front of the theater before the performance in return for free admission to the show.

"The band showed up on time, carried out its part of the contract and went into the theater. I was on the door that night, and by and by I was struck by the fact that the Ottumwa brass band must be one of the most remarkable musical organizations in the country. Every minute or two somebody would come up to the door with a brass horn under his arm, wave it at me and sail on into the theater without a word. After I had passed in 50 or 60 musicians in this way I began to grow a trifle suspicious and stopped an old granger who was carrying in a big tuba.

"'Excuse me, sir,' I remarked, 'but do you play in the band?'

"'Nope,' he answered.

"'What are you doing with that horn, then?' I asked.

"'I'm goin to go in on it if I can,' he replied candidly.

"'Whose is it?' I inquired.

"'Blamed if I know,' he said. 'A feller outside there gave it to me and said I could get in with it.'

"I left the door and stepped inside the theater just in time to see one of the band boys drop another horn out of a window into the hands of somebody outside in the alley.

"As nearly as I can calculate, the Ottumwa brass band that night must have had more members than Gilmore or Sousa ever directed at one time."—Chicago Times-Herald.

You Will Be Doubly Well

If you spend your time well and your money well in selecting and buying what you need n future at Clegg's. The stock embrace nearly anything you might want and reductions in the price have been made in every line. Now is the time to buy. This is the bargain season. Remember the place, Clegg's furniture store, 427 George-st. d344f

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

A FLY-LEAF POEM.

(To a little girl with a story-book—"Wynne," by Evelyn Sharp.)

Here, in this book the wise may find,
A world exactly to their mind,
From fairy kings to talking fish,
There's everything such persons wish!

Sweeter little maid than you
Never read a story through,
Through a sweeter little book
Little maid shall never look.

—WILLIAM WATSON.

HER SWEET APPLES.

BY C. D. G. ROBERTS.

Autumn was just beginning to reveal herself in the heart of South mountain, the gorgeous autumn of western Nova Scotia. It was about eight o'clock in the morning, and the air that streamed lightly over the shoulders of the hills had a most bracing savor. Mrs. Buckler, a freckled but comely and tall young woman, was just setting out for a twelve-mile tramp to the little settlement in the valley, where she had to return a flat-iron and a pair of woolcards which she had borrowed of an obliging neighbor.

Neighbors in those days were few and far between in the country districts of Nova Scotia. The great emptiness created by the expulsion of the Acadians had not yet been filled up. For the neighbors, it behooved them to be neighborly.

Mrs. Buckler was an untiring worker, and her rare visits to the valley constituted her only holiday. She had to walk, of course, as her husband had no horse, and she had no ambition to ride one of the faithful but extremely deliberate oxen. And, indeed, a matter of twelve miles seemed nothing of consequence to her.

"Be sure and get back before dark, 'Miry!" admonished her husband, leaning meditatively against the woodpile as he watched her kiss the children for good-by.

"Shoo! Steve, I reckon you can put the babies to bed all right for once, can't you? It ain't often I get off, and when I do, I like to make a good day of it!"

"It ain't lookin' after the children that I'm thinking of, 'Miry, as you know right well!" replied Steve Buckler, earnestly. "But you know how thick the bears are on the mountain this year; and there is no manner of doubt that was a wolf brushed by me in the pasture night before last. It ain't safe for you to be coming up through the woods after dark all alone that way. Stay all night, if you find it getting late!"

"Oh, I ain't afraid!" averred Mrs. Buckler, stoutly. "I may get back afore dark; but if I don't I'll be careful and carry a light with me."

These confident words she flung back over her shoulder, as she started gayly down the rough woodland way.

Arriving in due time at the settlement in the valley, she did her errands, picked up the news, and richly enjoyed the rare luxury of a gossip. Time went all too quickly; and it was on the edge of dark ere she thought of starting for home. Then, of course, there were vehement protests. Her friends urged her to stay all night, picturing the perils of the journey, and representing that her husband would never dream of expecting her. But Mrs. Buckler, as her friends always said, was very "set." Putting aside all arguments, she started out on her long and lonely tramp.

She had little to carry, but that little was somewhat troublesome to manage. It was an armful of sweet apples for the children, a treat which she knew they would enjoy. Sweet apples were then a rarity in South mountain.

When at length Mrs. Buckler reached the last house on the edge of the valley, and found herself face to face with the long climb up the mountain she felt compelled to acknowledge in her heart that the night was very dark. And she had yet nearly four miles to go, through almost unbroken woods. In those four miles there were but two cabins to break the monotony of the way; and the further of these was a mile and a half from her home. She hesitated a moment, then went into the house and asked for a pine knot to light her on her journey.

Here again she was urged to stay, but lighting her torch she set her face resolutely to the mountain side. As she penetrated among the ancient trees the unsteady light of the pine knot cast strangely moving shadows, and monstrous shapes seemed to spring up and disappear on all sides. For the first time she grew nervous, and felt an inclination to glance over her shoulder. This she presently conquered with some scorn. Nevertheless, she could not help hastening her steps; and the first cabin in the mountain had the air of a refuge to her, as she turned in to get a fresh pine knot.

Here, too, she was strongly pressed to end her journey for the night. But now her obstinacy was well aroused. She was nettled at herself for having fet afraid. It was with something of the fair of one who goes forth to battle that she gripped her torch and clutched her apron of sweet apples, as she turned again to the blackness of the forest path.

Between this cabin and the next the distance was but half a mile. Her nerves were now getting so well steadied that she no longer cared for the looking and shifting shadows till at length a shadow distinctly smaller than the rest made the underbrush rustle audibly with its motion. Her heart gave a most uncomfortable leap, and she straightway thought of the wolf which her husband had spoken of. But, wolf or shadow, it fled away without menacing her; and she came in safety to the last cabin between her and home.

Here the neighbors were asleep, and she had to arouse them in order to beg another pine knot. The one which she had got at the previous house was by no means burned out, but she feared lest it should fail before the end of her journey. The sleepy neighbors were astonished at her appearance. They threatened to detain her by force when she refused their invitation to stay all night with them. But Mrs. Buckler was by this time a good deal "worked up," as she afterward expressed herself; and she treated their kind persuasions with scant courtesy. She almost ran from the house; but in her apron among the sweet apples she carried the extra pine knot, all the same.

To ward off unpleasant thoughts, she kept picturing in her mind the way the children would enjoy the apples in the morning. She also thought of the remonstrances, tempered with ill-concealed admiration, with which her husband would greet her return. Her blood quite glowed again as she thought of the lofty fashion in which she would make light of it all. Just at this moment she saw, in the middle of the path before her a large black bear, watching her curiously.

Her heart stood still, and she herself instantly followed this example. Then she reflected that she must appear calmly indifferent, if she would hope to escape. Slowly she moved forward again, swinging her torch; and the bear, stepping out of the path, watched her steadily from among the underbrush as she went by. Then he stepped back into the path and followed her.

Her first and most natural impulse was to run like the wind for home, but this after one startled leap forward, she checked with a mighty effort of her will. She walked on with swift but steady steps, watching the bear out of the corner of her eye, but all the time clutching obstinately at her apronful of apples. The bear, very slowly, kept drawing closer and closer, bent upon attacking, but evidently deterred by dread of the torch.

But the torch, meanwhile, was burning low; and Mrs. Buckler, in her excitement, failed at first to notice this. She was holding the pine knot over her shoulder, as a sort of shield against her pursuer. When, with a shaking at the knees, she realized that it was on the point of flickering out, she tried hastily to light the other; and in the effort some of her treasured apples fell out of her apron and rolled behind her on the path.

As soon as the bear came to these apples he stopped and began devouring them with the keenest relish.

"Why!" thought Mrs. Buckler, with a sudden lightening of her load of terror; "it's not me he's after, but the sweet apples!" and straightway all her courage returned.

She paused and took time to light her new pine knot deliberately and well, then she hurried on, and it was some minutes before her pursurer was again at her heels.

And now, so sudden are the revulsions of a woman's feelings, she was concerned only for the sweet apples. They were the children's apples; and it went sorely against her grain to let a bear have any of them. Not until he had come most uncomfortably close could she bring herself to again propitiate him; and then she dealt out but three of the precious green globes, dropping them on the path behind her with slow reluctance.

The animal took perhaps a quarter of a minute to dispose of this niggardly contribution, and then came on again with a sort of hopeful confidence.

"No!" declared Mrs. Buckler, firmly, "you ain't goin' to have another one!" and she fairly broke into a run. But when that heavy, shambling gallop sounded close at her back, her resolution weakened, and she dropped a couple more out of the apron. While the much gratified bear delayed to eat these, she rounded a turn of the road, and was gladdened by the sight of her own window glimmering some 200 yards in front.

Calling her husband's name two or three times at the top of her voice, till she saw him fling open the door and rush out to meet her, she hugged the remnant of the apples to her breast, flung her torch at the bear, and sped like a deer toward the house. Whether the bear followed her further or not, she never knew. It certainly did not come near enough to the house for her husband to catch sight of it, for, as she flung herself into his arms, panting, triumphant half-way between laughter and tears, he asked her what was the matter.

"Matter!" she cried indignantly. "That's just like a man, after all I've gone through to get home!" And she pulled him violently into the house and slammed the door.

Steve Buckler was quite too judicious to remind her of the fact that he had urged her either to come home before dark, or else stay all night. He did not even let it appear in his face for an instant that he thought of such a thing. He listened to the story with all the breathless excitement that she had anticipated, praised her bravery and resource, vowed to shoot the bear next day, ate one of the sweet apples, and then being very sleepy, went to bed. But Mrs. Buckler, before she followed his example, proudly tucked several of the apples under the children's pillows.

A Thousand Dollar Gamecock

A man in England paid $1000 for a chicken a short time ago, although the fact is not a basis for speculation as to English poultry market prices. In point of fact the price was considered so outrageous even for a gamecock that the story of the sale when it first began to circulate found few believers. But it was a genuine sale. The money was paid and the chicken taken.

It was at the Birmingham poultry show a few weeks ago that this remarkable transaction took place. The gamecock in question, a fine black red, is said to be one of the most perfect of its kind in existence. It has a wonderful reach, is almost perfect in shape and size, while its fine tail is one of its best points. It has a fine ancestral record of prizes and triumphs and is a heavy winner itself. The owner of the bird was Mr. Hugo Ainscough, and the purchaser was Capt. Heaton, agent of the Earl of Ellesmere.

THE $1000 GAMECOCK.

Bran a Substitute For Coal.

Because of the excessive rates charged for coal, various schemes are concocted throughout the State of South Dakota to secure some sort of a substitute for coal. The roller mill at Kimball, that State, is doing its share toward beating the coal trust, bran instead of coal being utilized for fuel. As it would be impossible to feed the furnace in the ordinary way without endless toil, Engineer Perkins invented an ingenious contrivance that feeds the bran to the fire-box automatically. The contrivance holds the steam gauge to 80 pounds for hours at a time without regulating.

A Successful Mother.

Life has been a success for a mother if she has made a home where there was sunshine as well as order and system and there was no friction.

Moonlight.

If the whole sky were filled with full moons, the light would be no brighter than that of ordinary daylight.

RHEUMATISM CURED

Eighteen Months Trying to Get Cured—Had the Best Doctors—He Found What He Wanted in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Goderich, Feb 12, (Special)—A case of great interest here just now is that of Mr Alexander J Sharkey, who for some time has been an extreme sufferer from rheumatism. His statement to the correspondent is as follows:

"For eighteen months I was a victim of Rheumatism and during the whole of that time was trying every means to cure it. I had the best doctors in Canada and took their prescriptions with faith and patience."

"I got tired at last for I found the disappointment nearly as killing as the disease."

But one friend wiser than the others convinced me that my disease must be cured by way of the kindeys and recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I have used two boxes of these pills to effect a perfect cure and I don't care who knows it."

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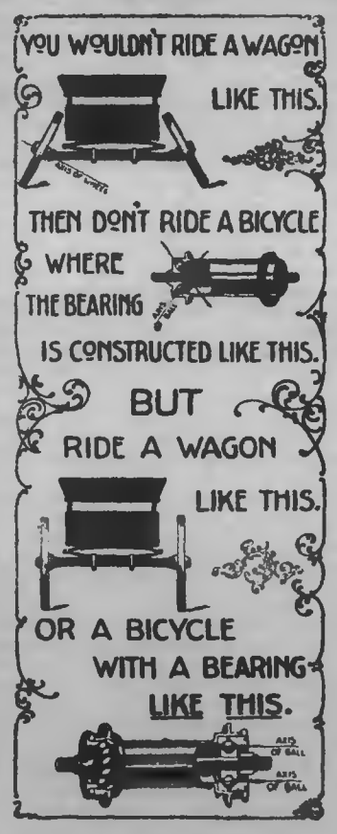

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Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

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Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

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We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger hat is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

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Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

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FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 139

Watch for the Great SLAUGHTER SALE

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GOODS

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CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill

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No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

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CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

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A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Musical Goods.

Everything in the music line at prices that are right. A large and assorted stock to select from. Old Stand. Peterborough Music Co.

Personal

Revs J J Rae and J G Potter attended the North Smith and Harvey Sabbath school convention.

Death of Mrs Fortt

The death is announced of Mrs E L Fortt, at Bowmanville. The deceased was a Miss Knowlson, of Lindsay, and her husband was formerly a member of the local staff of the Ontario Bank. She had been a sufferer for for some time.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

All Interested in Banjo.

Mandolin and guitar music and are desirous of learning to play are asked to meet at Mulligan & Potter's music store on Friday night at eight o'clock. Word must be sent to Professor Newton, of Toronto, on Saturday. 2d35

Everyone Invited.

Call in when you have nothing else to do. We always like to see you. We miss you very much when you don't call. Come in if you want anything and get it, Come in if you don't want anything, you may see something you do want. Every person wants some groceries and you might just as well have the best. That is what you will never fail to get from E. Brown & Co., 394 George-st. P. S.—Finest line of canned meats, fish and fruits. d21

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from 3 years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. For further particulars apply Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st.

General Unreserved Sale.

Of Horses, Cows, Cutters, Sleighs, Harness, Robes, Blankets, one Family Driving Mare, 6 years old, New Cutter, latest style Harness, Robes, Blankets and outfit complete. Terms made known at the time of sale. Sale 1 p m., at the Croft House yard, on Saturday, Feb. 13th. No reserve. 1d36

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE WELLINGTONS COMING CHAMPIONS

WON FROM THE JUNIOR PETERBOROUGHS AND GO INTO THE FINALS.

They Won by Superior Play—It Was a Rattling Game, But the Toronto Team's Forwards Speed Too Fast—The Score Was 6-3—After the Victory.

The Junior hockey team is out of the race for the junior championship. The Wellingtons came down from Toronto, and by a score of 6 to 3 defeated the local youngsters in a semi-final match that was stubbornly contested and filled with brilliant playing by the Wellingtons.

It was a deserved victory, for the Wellingtons played hockey that was superior to the town boys. They had a telling combination that the Peterborough defence had difficulty in offsetting, though Thorne and Glover worked energetically to do so on the local forward line. There was some good individual play, but the combination was poorly handled, though a few successful efforts were made. Crossley did some brilliant work, running the puck down several times past the Wellington defence and scoring. The visitors defence finally got onto his rushes and checked him hard. The Wellingtons possess a rattling forward line, and Hill, their captain, shines anywhere on the ice, and in no small way is the team indebted to him for victory. Morison in goal was kept busy at times, and stopped many a well-directed shot.

But the fact that the local team was defeated should not discourage them, while they are novices at the game, they promise to be fast hockeyists, and in another year will be able to uphold the prowess which Peterborough holds in hockey. Every member played a hard game, but they were outclassed by a faster, quicker team, and when the excellent work of the Wellingtons is considered, the boys can be congratulated on coming out of the tussle with such a small margin between them and the Wellingtons.

A couple of hundred enthusiastic people witnessed the contest. Among them was a couple of dozen of "rooters" from Toronto—young fellows who support the Wellingtons—and they made themselves heard when the Wellingtons scored.

Mr. E Percy Brown, of Upper Canada College, was the referee, and he was the best man for that position that ever stepped on Peterborough ice. The crowd did not think so at the time, but it was their ignorance od the game and excited interest that cause them to hiss. They may be excused in the fact that they have not had the opportunity of witnessing a contest in which the referee was strict on offsides and fouls until last evening. The sooner the habit of hissing and hooting, indulged in by certain portions of local audiences—we are glad to say a small portion—ceases, the better for the reputation of the town. A present Peterborough holds a high place in hockey circles. It is looked upon as a town that has a genial, good lot of hockey players, who never grumble over defeat. Such a reputation is enviable and should be sustained. As to Mr. Brown, he can be classed as the best referee in the province. He is a young fellow, but he carries the hockey rules in his head and serves all alike. But few off sides or fouls passed his eye last evening and those who understood hockey agreed with his decisions.

The teams that played were:

WELLINGTONS		PETERBOROUGH II[d]
H Morrison	Goal	G Dixon
R Gray	Point	R Glover
F Morison	Cover point	R Thorne
C Hill, (Capt)	Forwards	C Graham
Donaldson		R Watt
Rolland		H King
F Morrison		W Crossley
A H Beaton	Umpire	Sam Ray
Alf Rogers	Time keepers	W E Lech

The first half was a rattling exhibition of hockey. It was a case of nip and tuck all through. For fully fifteen minutes the two teams fought desperately on the ice, many a shot of the Wellingtons being repulsed by Dixon who played a great game in goal. Finally Crosley on a run up the ice scored for Peterborough. Dixon and Glover distinguished themselves in the next game and fired back the puck from close places. However in a scrimmage in the Peterborough goal Donaldson managed to score, though Dixon fought hard to prevent a tally. The game had been resumed only a few minutes when the Wellingtons scored again. Half time was called, the score standing 2-1 in favor of the Toronto teams.

In the next half the Juniors seemed to go to pieces and only at the last did they do any real playing, though they failed to score. This was accounted for by poor shooting. Dixon stopped many hard shots but so many poured in on him that he could not keep behind them all. The forwards did their best, but were unfortunate. The Wellingtons tallied the first in the last half. King came along and scored the next for the Peterboroughs on a pass from Crossley. The score was now 3-2 and the juniors held to even the figures but failed and the Wellingtons kept ahead until the last. After some exciting play the Wellingtons scored again and in a few minutes after Watt, who was playing a neat game, scored on a pass from Crosley. The last two games went to the Wellingtons without any difficulty and the match concluded 6 goals to 3 in favor of the fast Wellingtons, amidst the cheers of the victors and their elated friends and the crowd declared a fine team won the contest. It might be said that the Wellington's have played together for two years and have formed a great combination, while the juniors never played together but once or twice.

After the contest there was a jolification at Ed. Welsh's, where about 25 spent a couple of rollicking hours. After a supper Capt. Hill proposed the toast of the Peterboroughs and it was received with wild cheers, but it was not any heartier than the reception of the toast to the Wellingtons. In response to the latter, the popular manager, Tommy Morrison, Alf. Rogers, J. Bryson and Callie Robertson responded. The referee, Mr. Percy Brown, and the secretary of the O. H. A., Mr. A. H. Beaton, also spoke and everybody declared Peterborough the best hockey town in Ontario, as well as possessing a jolly lot of fellows, and the Peterboroughs reciprocated through Manager Horkins, similar feelings towards the Wellingtons. Messrs. Wilkie, Hill, Rogers and others contributed songs and the evening ended with enthusiastic cheers for both teams.

NOTES.

Mr. J. S. Robertson, than whom there is no better hockey enthusiast in Toronto came down to take notes for the "Telegram." He likes Peterborough and isn't afraid to say so.

Secretary Beaton, of the O. H. A. enjoyed the match as well as his visit to Peterborough.

Peterborough Juniors are alright.

Manager Morrison is a happy boy. He sees the junior championship ahead and that his team secures it is Peterborough's wish.

MR. M'CLIGOTT AGAIN ELECTED.

The Bye-Election in Douro Resulted in Mr. Return by 71 Majority.

Mr Jas McCligott, who was elected reeve of Douro on January 4th by a majority of 111, and was afterwards unseated owing to the lack of property qualification, was re-elected yesterday at the election ordered by the township Council.

He was opposed by his rival at the previous election, Mr J M Walsh, and was returned by a majority of 71. The contest was brief, but both candidates worked energetically and Mr Walsh succeeded in decreasing Mr McCligott's majority of January.

Prominent Business Man of Peterborough Cured of Eczema.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinwear dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts:—"Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured.

AN OFFICAL VISIT

Rt W Bro A M Ross, D D G M., Pays His Official Visit to Keene Lodge, A F and A M.

Rt W Bro A M Ross, D D G M., paid an official visit to Keene Lodge, No 374, A F and A M., at its regular communication last evening. There was a good gathering of the members of the craft, Peterborough and Laketield being largely represented.

Rt W Bro Ross was received in due form, introduced by Rt W Bro Wm Miller and Rt W Bro R E Wood, and welcomed by W Bro R J McCamus. In a speech before the Lodge closed, the D D G M expressed pleasure at his visit, paid a compliment to the Keene brethren and made references of interest to them.

After lodge the visiting brethren were entertained at supper, the Keene brethren by their hospitably making the occasion a most pleasant one.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

A rink skipped by Mr G E Whiten had an easy victory over a quartette skipped by Mr G H Giroux last evening. The latter was only able to tally three points, while Mr Whiten totaled nine.

Mr H LeBrun, president of the Thistle Curling Club, has donated a handsome silver medal to be played for by the club, the rink winning the medal twice to become the owner. The following is the first draw:—

Monday—H LeBrun vs R H Kells. J Pentland vs D Belleghem.

Wednesday—John McKee vs A McNeil. John McClelland vs G J Horkins.

Friday—R B McKee vs S Ray. T Rutherford vs W G Ferguson.

The Dryden cup competition commences at Lindsay next Tuesday afternoon.

Three rinks of curlers skipped by Judge Weller, R B McKee and Geo Edmison went to Campbellford this afternoon.

Secretary Knapman, of the Thistles, telegraphed congratulations to Lindsay last evening on their winning the O C A tankard.

Lindsay Wins the Tankard.

Toronto, Feb. 12.

The tankard trials and finals are over and Lindsay curlers take the prize. They fought it out with Hamilton Victorias and, after the third end the Easterners kept the lead. Hamilton drew up to within two of their rivals on the 10th end. Lindsay got four on the next and gradually increased that to 16 at the close.

The ice at Victoria Rink in the afternoon was keen, but tricky. The absence of Toronto rinks lessened the interest locally and the number of spectators was less than a year ago. There was a big crowd about 5 o'clock, but when they saw it was a foregone conclusion, most of them went home to supper, and there was room for everyone in the club room when President Woodyatt handed over the tankard.

Murdock put up a game fight and only lost to McLennan by five, three of these being on the last end. This Victoria Rink put up a good team game and Murdock was cheered for many a clever draw. Flavelle had a big lead when half the game was over and the shooting of his men was too much for the veterans in opposition.

The semi-finals saw Sarnia go down before Lindsay, notwithstanding the vivacity and merriment of Capt. Robertson. Although the Vics had only a majority of one, they had a safe lead near the close and three fat ends for Jolly at the finish, brought Brantford near the winning post.

President Woodyatt paid a high compliment to J. D. Flavelle and Lindsay as a curling centre in making the formal presentation. The victory would be well received everywhere in Ontario. Mr. Flavelle replied, and said the honor of winning was chiefly due to the work of the top ends of the rinks. He was glad to get even with Hamilton, as they lost to the Thistles by one shot two years ago in the final. It was a friendly and sportsmanlike contest—just what every curling game ought to be. Mr. Murdock replied for the runners up. He agreed with the former speaker generally. The Vics were a young club and in a few years they would set about systematically to win the Tankard. A vote of thanks was tendered the umpire and cheers to the two teams ended the Tankard show of the winter. Scores:

—Semi-final Round.—

Lindsay.		Sarnia.	
J D Flavelle, sk	23	J McGibbon, sk	14
W McLennan, sk	19	John Chester, sk	10
Total	42	Total	24

Hamilton Victorias.		Brantford.	
A Murdock, sk	24	T Woodyatt, sk	14
D Dexter, sk	17	D Jolly, sk	26
Total	41	Total	40

—Final for the Tankard.—

Lindsay.		Hamilton Victorias.	
T McConnell,		W B Davis,	
M W Kennedy,		F Kilvington,	
George Little,		F J Howell,	
W McLennan, sk	22	A Murdock, sk	17
L McIntosh,		R A Campbell,	
J G Edwards,		J D McKay,	
J A McMillan,		D McPhee,	
J D Flavelle, sk	25	D Dexter, sk	14

McLennan: 003 012 012 001 203 000 400 3—22
Murdock: 120 100 100 310 010 211 012 0—17
Flavelle: 013 001 112 032 123 001 103 0—25
Dexter: 100 310 000 100 000 120 030 2—14

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S PRIZE.

Four games were played yesterday in the consolation for the Governor-General's prize, Queen City and Sarnia surviving. They will play off this morning and the winner will meet Hamilton Victorias about the last of the month. Several of the teams knocked out of the Tankard did not wait over for the consolations. The scores:

—Consolation Morning Games—

Queen City.		Chatham.	
J W Corcoran, sk	29	E P Schofield, sk	14
J C Scott, sk	16	Dr Bray, sk	19
Total	45	Total	33

Collingwood.		Scarboro.	
C Noble, sk	28	D Brown, sk	15
W T Tower, sk	23	D Purdie, sk	18
Total	51	Total	33

—Consolation, afternoon games.—

Queen City.		Fergus.	
J C Scott, sk	19	H S Michie, sk	18
J W Corcoran, sk	26	J T Hamilton, sk	17
Total	45	Total	35

Sarnia.		Collingwood.	
J McGibbon, sk	23	W T Tower, sk	12
J Chester, sk	23	C Noble, sk	17
Total	46	Total	29

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY, Feb. 13th.

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen B ack and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Skating rink.
Prof. Ferris at the opera house.
Hockey practice.
Thistle's curling night.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke. All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Loch's.

Wedded on Wednesday

At the residence of the Rev Dr Torrance on Wednesday, Feb 10th, Miss Maggie L Fair, was wedded to Mr Wm Bradshaw, both of South Monaghan. The bride was prettily attired in cream cashmere trimmed with silk lace, ribbons and pearls. The bridesmaid, Miss Susie Whitcroft being similarly attired. Both carried bouquets of pink roses and carnations. After the ceremony the happy couple left by the evening train for Toronto and other western cities.

Corn Social, Tuesday night, Feb. 16th., George-st Church School Room by E. L. of C.E. Novel and attractive. Supper from 5 to 9 o'clock. 15 cts. Programme. 4d36

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is God Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

A combination team of the Niffs and Biffs defeated a young ladies team at the rink yesterday afternoon between 5 and 6 o'clock. The girls are highly elated over their victory.

OAK HALL.

"HENDERSON" SOLD FOR $1,000

Nelson & Nesbitt's Pacer Disposed of for $1,000.

Messrs. Nelson & Nesbitt returned from the Ottawa ice races to day.

While in the Capital they disposed of their pacer "Henderson" to Coughlin & Wilson, of Ottawa, for $1,000. This horse with an exception has the fastet ice record of any horse in Canada, and that it is a fine animal is evidenced by the big price received.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

HOCKEY CLUB EXCURSION TO KINGSTON.

Monday, February 15th., Queen's University vs Peterborough. A special train leaves G.T.R. station at 2 o'clock p. m. reaching Kingston at 5 o'clock, Returning leaves Kingston at 12 o'clock and arriving at Peterborough at 3 o'clock a.m. Return Fare $2.25. Children half fare. 2d36

Brevities.

—The Central Bridge and Engineering Co. have been awarded the contract for the construction of two steel bridges across the Rideau canal.

—Mr A Pierce was chosen auditor at the annual meeting of the Lock Manufacturing Co on Wednesday.

—John Stewart, a vagrant, was ordered to leave town by the Police Magistrate this morning.

THE SWELLEST LINE!

NEW SPRING COLORED SHIRTS

—White bodies with colored bosoms and cuffs.
—Correct fit, style and make.
—Neckbands on the bias, to ensure perfect fit about the neck, and not to work out under collar.
—In all the new fabrics—striking and nobby.
—Range of patterns lengthy and interesting.
—Soft effects for aesthetic people. Laundried to suit critical shirt men.
—With collars and cuffs attached or detached.
—Prices, 65c, 85c., 98c., $1.25 and $1.45. Take a look at our window display of the 98c. kind.

Established 1887. Mercer's 355 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

ROBT RAIKES' DISCIPLES MEET

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION OPENS

In St. Paul's Church—A Few Association Report—The Statement of the Officers—The new Staff of Officers—Several Addresses.

Nearly one hundred Sabbath school workers were in attendance when the County Sabbath school convention opened in St. Paul's church yesterday afternoon.

Mr. E. Hawthorne, ex reeve of Dummer, presided, and after devotional exercises, he called upon the presidents of the local associations to give reports of the spiritual condition and general state of their work in their Association, but the response was not very gratifying.

SOME REPORTS.

Miss Stratton and Miss Bennett, were appointed minute secretaries.

Rev. A. C. Reeves reported for the Lakefield and Smith Association and stated that a convention had been held at Lakefield a few months ago. The president elected was Mr. Robt Clifford and Mr. G H Sherin was secretary. The number of schools was 9, officers and scholars, 771; total contributions $510.

In the absence of the president, Dr. Harrison reported for the Otonabee Association. He said that two conventions were held each year, one in June, at which business was transacted and the other in the form of a rally in September. The Executive appointed visitors to each school and they reported. The school does not know the day the visitor well be present and as a result they are visited when they have no opportunity to make a special effort. A deeper interest was being taken in Bible study. Normal work had been very much emphasized and for a length of time Institutes were held.

The president of the Peterborough Town Association being absent, Mr S R Armstrong briefly informed the convention that the Association had not held any convention this winter, but had held monthly prayer meetings on the first Sunday in each month. The executive met frequently and discussed matters that would benefit the schools of the town.

Mr B F Doxsee reported that interest had been awakened in the work in Hastings since the county convention was held in that village.

Mr Wm Thistlethwaite, while unable to report for Asphodel, stated that at his school increased interest had been manifested.

Dummer did not report, and in fact none of the Association gave full reports.

OTONABEE ASSOCIATION.

Otonabee Association was the only one report giving statistics and methods of work. Miss Bennett, the secretary, gave the following report;

It is with grateful hearts we present to this convention the report of the Otonabee Sunday School Association for the past year. Although we cannot report any great material progress we believe the work to be on a more solid basis than a year ago and the interest is steadily increasing. We have 11 schools, 1 Presbyterian, 5 Methodist and 5 Union schools. There are enrolled 88 teachers and officers and 860 scholars, with an average attendance of 653. Three schools have home classes with a membership of 218, making a total membership of 1166 workers and scholars. Several of our schools are giving systematically to missions, setting apart one collection a month for some missionary or benevolent object, and we are trusting the rest will soon follow their example. We have at present no classes in normal training, but some of the schools are making normal work a part of the regular exercises. In July we held a very successful convention. It was our annual. Every school in the township was represented and every school through its representative reported. In September we held our semi-annual rally in a different part of the township, taking up the same programme as at the annual, thus reaching a larger number of Sunday school workers. A feature of this rally was the reports of the visiting committee. The executive appointed visitors for each school and provided them with a list of questions as a basis for their report. Thus the reports were uniform and every school was shown in its true light, and will no doubt prove beneficial. Every school was visited and every report was presented to the rally.

With regard to our method of raising money for the use of the Association, our executive appoints a finance committee, usually composed of the president, secretary and one other member of the association. They meet and determine the amount required to successfully carry on the work of the association and pay our allocation to the county association. In former years they apportioned the amount required of each school. This year we decided to ask for voluntary contributions. A circular was issued setting forth the requirements of the association, explaining how the money was to be used, giving a list of the contributions of the schools the previous year and asking each to give as they felt they were able. In almost every instance the responses were prompt and generous. Several of the schools increased their contributions and the remainder gave their usual contributions.

A DISCUSSION FOLLOWED.

In discussing the reports Dr Harrison found that Asphodel did not report as a township Association, Dummer's president was absent but he failed to see why the secretary had not reported the statistics. Peterborough also failed to report, though the verbal reports showed a feeling of unity amongst the workers, but that did not give any information as to their work. North Smith and Harvey could also have reported.

Rev Mr McLeod, of Smith, said that forms should be forwarded to each school to be filled in. This would go a long way to settle the difficulty in securing the reports.

Mrs Kendry claimed the only way to ascertain the spiritual condition of the schools was to gather from each school those who were members of the church or professed christians.

Mrs J W Garvin contended that the spiritual condition of a school was shown by the acts of the scholars.

In reply to a question, it was stated that this year's presidents of the Otonabee, Dummer and Smith Associations had not visited their schools. Dr Harrison felt that presidents should act as shepherds to the schools in their Association.

Mrs Kendry remarked that the only secretary that reported was a lady, Miss Bennett, for Otonabee.

Rev J McEwan felt this was an "off" year—in other years reports had been presented. The spiritual condition was the hardest question to be answered.

Dr Harrison suggested that a resolution should be passed requesting presidents to visit schools in their Association.

MR HAWTHORNE'S OPINION.

Mr Hawthorne called Dr Harrison's attention to the fact that frequently presidents were connected with schools, and were they to visit the schools of their Association it would result in their absence from their own school from eight to twelve Sundays in a year.

Rev Mr Reeves did not think it would be advisable to compel presidents to visit their schools, though some one should be appointed to do this work.

Miss Bennett said that the secretary of the Otonabee Association had prepared a form, which was sent to each school and in every case they were returned with all the questions answered.

Dr. Harrison mentioned that the Associations of Belmont and Asphodel were defunct.

Mr. Thistlethwaite, of Asphodel, thought they should be revived.

The discussion was closed when on motion of Mr. McEwen the new executive was instructed to deal with the matter of gathering more effective reports.

THE CHARACTER OF THE CHILD.

"The Character of the Child in the Gospel" was the subject of an address by Rev. John McEwen. Though they had a great many important questions before them the greatest study was the child. In their childhood they were nearer spiritual things than ever afterward. The child was the standard of character. The aspiration of a child was the most conspicuous point in its life. It wants larger and greater things. The church of God wanted that spirit of aspiration today, and they as Sabbath school workers wanted people with aspirations in every township. The child was made the special charge of the church of Christ. That was the meaning of all this Sabbath school movement. He showed by Biblical quotations that Christ looked upon the child as the first care of the disciples.

PRIMARY WORK.

Mrs M A Lainie, of Toronto, followed with a short address on primary work, dealing especially with the manner of illustrating the lessons to the child. She advocated simple illustrations and at the close exhibited several articles she used for the purpose. The illustration should be kept out of sight until the proper time, and then quickly remove the first object. The first object they should be able to pick up at any minute was the Bible. Employ the ears, eyes and hands as illustrations. Primary classes were important and required consecrated teachers, as well as suitable appliances for illustrations. The teacher required love to Christ produced by His great love for them. They also required love for little children and their aim should be to bring the little ones to Christ.

Rev C E McLeod, Miss Bennett, Mrs Kendry, Mrs Garvin, Miss Bella Howson and Messrs S R Armstrong, B F Doxsee, E A Stanley, Wm Madill, Jas Roberts and Dr Harrison were chosen as the Nominating committee.

The session was brought to a close with prayer by Rev Mr McEwen.

Evening Session

The evening meeting was held in the auditorium of St Paul's church and was well attended.

The service of song and praise was conducted by Rev Mr McLeod, of Smith.

The chair was occupied, in the absence of the president, by Dr Harrison, of Keene.

Rev H Symonds gave an address on "How we Got Our New Testament." He referred, in opening, to the question asked in his subject arising naturally when it was remembered that printing was a comparatively recent invention. There was no question that the revised version was a more accurate translation than the authorized version, although through sentiment the authorized version was preferred. There was very little doubt that our Lord spoke what was popularly called the Hebrew language. Many Jews, however, spoke Greek, but the great majority spoke Aramaic, or Hebrew. The speaker quoted from the New Testament expressions given in the original—such as the cry on the cross—which tended to show that the language our Lord and the Apostles spoke was Aramaic. The Gospels were, however, writ-

Continued on Page 8

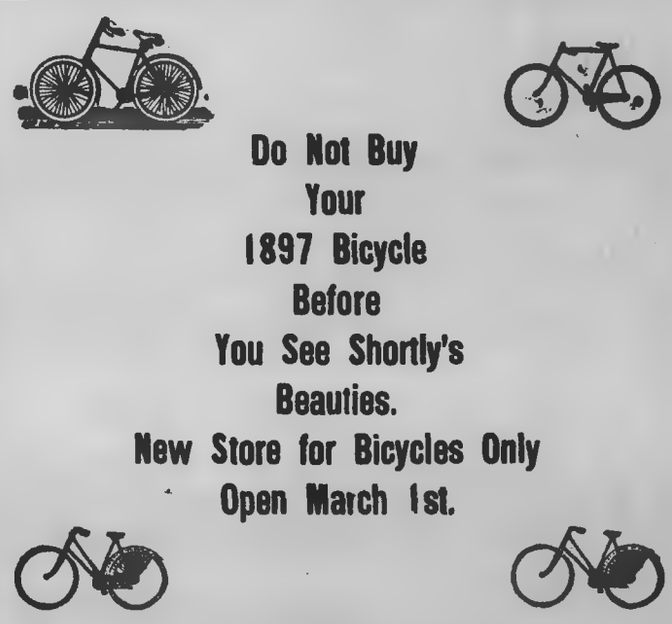
OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.



Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Notice.

I hereby give notice that on and after this date F. L. Robinson and Mrs. T. Fitzgerald are NOT authorized by me to receive payment of my accounts. Also I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by them in my name without my written order.—T. FITZGERALD. 3d37

The Carnival at the Riverside Park, which was to have been held this evening is postponed till Monday evening, February 15th. 1d3q

Rev. Mr. Symonds' Lecture.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—I have read with a spirit of wonderment the lecture of Rev. Mr. Symonds on Religion and Free Thought at a loss to find the ground upon which the reverend gentlemen stands, whether he is in favor of the whole Bible or only a part as the Word of God. If the Bible is only partly God's Word, who has the authority of saying so? I hope he will tell us what he considers to be the true place of the Bible, and what is the medium of God's revelation of Himself to man.

Yours, &c.,

THE FAITH AS DELIVERED TO THE SAINTS.

Peterborough, Feb. 12, 1897.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

CONCERT AT SELWYN.

An Excellent Programme Given by the Selwyn Literary Society.

Correspondence of the Review

The concert held at Selwyn on Friday evening, Feb. 5th, was a success beyond all expectation. The president of the Literary Society, Mr. Eph. McIlmoyle, acted in the capacity of chairman and in a few introductory words opened the concert. The house packed to overflowing and many were turned away. Some of those taking part in the concert were compelled to seek the window for entrance to the stage. The following is the programme which was rendered:—

Opening chorus.....Glee Club
Club Swinging..Leurine and Mary Sullivan
Song..... .... Mr Harry Kearney
Dialogue..... .....The Glass Man
Reading.....Mr Harry Andrews
Instrumental Music.....Mr M Fobert
Dramatic Selection....Miss Louise Kearney
Solo.....Miss Pearson
Song.....Mr Harry Kearney
Recitation.....Miss F Graham
Instrumental music and whistling..Roberts Family and C Mann
Song..... .....Leurine Sullivan
Song.....Mr C Mann
Instrumental music....Roberts Family and C Mann
Dialogue..... Men and Woman's Rights

The committee wish to thank Miss Fobert for the interest she evinced in the concert not only simply taking part herself, but training two little girls whose club swinging and song were among the best items on the programme.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS,

418 George Street, Peterborough.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

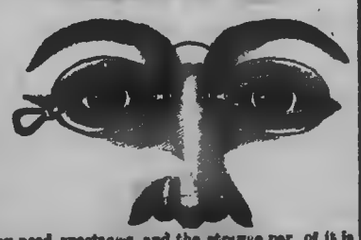
D. H. KERNECHAN

Has bought the business formerly carried on by Thomas Brady and will continue in the old stand carrying in stock all lines of

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Seeds, Etc.

No. 442, Corner George and Brock Sts.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

SMITH COUNCIL MEETING.

Correspondence of the Review.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment on Feb. 1st, all the members present and the reeve in the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed. A by-law to confirm the appointment of township officers passed its several readings, also a by-law to amend by-law No. 432, regulating the salary of clerk and treasurer. The reeve and Councillor Elliott were appointed to examine the road on the 7th con line across lots 13 and 14, with power to arrange for gravelling the same if they think it necessary. The clerk was instructed to notify Jas E and Thos J Cutten to remove their fence off the road allowance on the 17th con line, and also to notify Andrew and James Miller to remove their fence off the road allowance between lots 30 and 31 in the 10th con. The following claims were ordered to be paid, namely, R Heard, building culvert, $3; Hugh Mollmoyl, aid to Mrs Smith, $10, and Wm Davis, aid to Wm Freeborn, $25. After verbally appointing overseers of highways, poundkeepers and fence viewers for 1897, the Council adjourned to meet on Tuesday, the 2nd of March.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 Government Guarantee

CONTAINS PURELY AND SOLELY

V. O. 1890 WHISKY

DISTILLED BY THE LATE—

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

Aged in Oak Casks, under Government Supervision.

We are the sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from the Bank of British North America.

Ask your dealer for

QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with co k lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 383 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

8 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. d162

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

cool and collected as when he began the engagement.

For the first time the people awaken to the fact that the awful black toro has met his master, and when Doctor Jack begins to assume the offensive loud shouts greet him.

Lit O scjlx h and the man went

As the lumbering animal rushes past, the American plucks him by the tail, and gives that caudal appendage a twist that elicits a fierce bellow from the furious bull, drowned by the storm of applause from the audience.

After eluding another charge, Jack pricks the flank of his foe with the point of his Toledo blade, and his action suits the humour of the lookers on, who shout their approval.

All danger to the man is not yet past, and he does not deceive himself. This brute is to be feared until the last vital spark is drawn from his body. Before that time comes, Doctor Jack means to show the good people of Madrid how their cousins in Mexico carry on a bull-fight. Instead of rushing at him now, toro advances with lowered head, as though hoping to come in contact with his foe. He has become blown, and even the chulos could keep out of his way now. Some of these worthies make a move as though to leave their perch upon the barrier, seeing which, Jack roars out:—

"Keep back, you cowards! This is my game!"

His manner, more than the words he utters, give them warning, and if this is not sufficient, the storm of hisses from the audience declares that such interference with the just rights of the bull-fighter will not be tolerated.

Doctor Jack has tamed the beast, and his must be the glory of the final sacrifice. They once more climb the fence, and watch the work of the man in the arena jealously.

Never since the days of Montes or Romero has a Spanish audience looked upon a scent the equal of this. Jack is determined to do the thing up in good style now that he has entered the game. He cares little for the applause of the rabble. It was not to please them he sprang over the stout barrier and faced this terror of a black toro, but he hopes Meredes is satisfied now. He seems to once more hear the Spanish beauty say with that expressive glance, "I adore a brave man," and a warm glow thrills him as glancing up he sees Mercedes watching his movements with an eagerness she makes no attempt to disguise.

Again comes the now wearied bruite. It is nearly time for the final stroke, but ere delivering it Doctor Jack ventures upon a trick he remembers playing in the halcyon days of long ago before an audience in the land of the prickly pear and cactus.

Waiting until the massive head is lowered again, instead of springing aside, as has been his wont, he places one foot upon the broad space between the short horns. The animal has evidently expected to miss his enemy, as usual, and must necessarily be tremendously surprised at this movement. Before he can take advantage of the sudden opportunity, Jack, with a light spring, has vaulted to his back, where he stands for a few seconds waving the muleta, to the intense mystification of the puzzled bull and the delight of the Spanish audience, who, forgetting that the brave matador is a foreigner, give vent to their approval in a whirlwind of shouts and clapping of hands.

Then Jack drops lightly to the ground and makes ready for the final work. He knows his audience, and how far show goes with these people of impulse, so he rolls up the right sueeve of his shirt for business, showing the wonderful arm that has already this day elicited words of admiration from Don Carlos.

All readily guess his motive in doing this. He desires to warn them that the time has come for that seran ann the time has come for serious work, and begs them to keep silent in order that his attention be not distracted at the trying moment. The shouts cease. Again an ominous silence spreads about the amphitheater.

The toro stands near the centre, pawing at the ground with one of his hoofs, as though to prove that the spirit has not yet been entirely broken in him. Evidently he is endeavouring to recoup his broken wind in order to make a last gallant charge.

All is now ready. Muleta in on hand and Toledo blade in the other, Doctor Jack advances toward his adversary. The scarlet flag is waving in the eyes of the bull, and tantalizing him to his death. He is no coward, and the stratagem succeeds perfectly, just as Jack has planned.

As the American slips away a dozen feet, and waving the flag, plants himself for business, the black bull lumbers forward, shorn of much of his former activity, but still determined to carry the war into Africa.

Not once has the red flag deceived him, and on this occasion, too, he heads direct for the man. Jack has fully expected such a thing, and hence is not caught napping. Just before that heavy set head reaches him he steps aside. His eye has marked the spot where he means to press the point of the sword, and the forward motion of the bull will do the rest.

An inch or two out of the way may be the cause of a failure, but Jack is no novice in the study of anatomy, and knows just where to find the heart every time. So the point of Pedro Vasquez's sword presses upon the black satin skin, vanishes from view, and a foot of the weapon is buried in the body of brave old toro. The great beast pushes on a yard or so, stops, trembles, staggers—a mighty shout seems to make the very ground quake—the terible bull is down—blood issues from his mouth—the Toledo blade has snapped off under his weight but half of it remains buried in his quivering body, and the deadly point has undoutedly pierced his heart.

When danger menaced him, Doctor Jack was cool.

In the midst of the wild plaudits that greet valiant work, he does not for an instant lose his remarkable presence of mind. Bending down, he secures the broken sword, places one foot upon the still struggling but dying animal, makes a proud bow in the direction of the governor-general, after which he lays his course for the barriers, leaping the outer one in a manner that pleases the people.

In another minute he has regained his place and resumed his outer garments. Save the fact that he is breathing hard, no one would see anything about him to tell of the encounter which he has just figured in as the leading character.

Don Carlos bends over and squeezes his hand, uttering warm praises, but Doctor Jack hardly knows whether they come from his heart or not. There is a something in Senor Catalina's eyes and face that gives the lie to his words.

Mercedes says nothing, but if looks can convey the language of the soul, then is her silence eloquent indeed. Presently she takes her little lace kerchief and removes a speck of blood from the face of the American, who had gone to what seemed like death because of a woman's whim—herself. No one notices the act, for a new bull has been entered, and the chulos and picadors are goading him—no one—ah! intuitively Jack's eyes shoot sideways to the seats of honour given the members of the Turkish embassy, and when he catches the black scowl of Abdallah Pasha, he knows that this day's work has gained for him the hatred of an unscupulous prince, who will descend to any depth in order to win the game.

He wraps up the hilt of the sword in a newspaper which he takes from his pocket, intending to place it among his trophies, as a souvenir to remind him of this affair.

Shouts arise, for the scene in the arena is the old familiar one of charging bull and fleeing chulos, but the animal is only an ordinary specimen, and soon wearies after hurling one wretch into the crowd, when the dart throwers appear, cast their ribbon-decked missiles, and decorate toro like the prize cattle at Christmas time in Old England.

At last the second matador comes out, makes a bungling stroke, and has to repeat the job before he succeeds in finishing the animal, to the disgust of the audience, who, in derision, loudly call for the American, to which appeal Jack, of course, makes no response.

There are other bulls waiting their turn, but the spectacle has become tame to many in the audience, who admire bravery such as the American has shown, and empty seats begin to become frequent.

Jack himself is tired and disgusted with the business. Still, as long as the ladies make no complaint, he does not offer to withdraw, but welcomes with pleasure a suggestion from Don Carlos that they depart.

The arena is again being cleared for action as they turn away. Jack notes the fact that the Turkish embassy has also departed, and the thought in his mind takes the shape of a speculation as to whether he will ever look upon the face of the pasha again, little suspecting the strange train of events that lie in the near future, and which must bring them in contact.

They push through the crowd. Everyone recognizes the American as he passes. A few scowl at him darkly. Pedro Vasquez has friends, and they instinctively hate the man who accomplished that in which the matador failed.

The exit is reached. A crowd is pouring out. Jack, in the jam, endeavouring to protect the ladies as much as possible, feels a slip of paper thrust into his hand. He does not know who placed it there, and carelessly slips it in his vest pocket to be examined at leisure, doubting not but that it is a note from some amorous

To be Continued

THE FIERCEST OF DOGS.

Fighting a Bull Terrier Is a Very Dangerous Undertaking.

Did you ever have a struggle with a bull terrier? Probably not. If you had you would know that the adhesive power of a bull terrier's teeth is at the ratio of about sixteen to one with that of a vise.

Nature has kindly endowed the bull terrier with a peculiar osseous formation of the jaw. By means of this he

HOW TO FIGHT A BULLDOG.

is enabled to hold on without apparent effort.

That is the reason his lower jaw sticks out further than his upper jaw. When he closes his jaws upon an object they lock themselves and he can keep them in this position with contentment and even amusement while he watches the torture of his victim.

Dute Cabanne of St. Louis, says the New York Journal, has just had a struggle with a bull terrier that illustrates the benefit of collegiate education and the superiority of human intelligence over brute power. Mr. Cabanne was in the football team when he was at college, and so is accustomed to rough handling.

He was a quarterback, and nothing less than the impact of a locomotive would throw him off his balance. Moreover, he is a noted bicyclist, with great power in his shoulders and a grip in his hands like that of death itself.

These are the qualities that enabled Dute Cabanne to get the best of the bull terrier that sprang at him one day as he was walking down South Seventh-street. Why the dog sprang at Cabanne is not recorded. He evidently did not know that his intended victim was a college man who had served on a football team. The terrier probably thought that he was a mere lawyer, a doctor, a minister, or even a pugilist, and so regarded him with the contempt born of a long experience with men of that calibre.

Mr. Cabanne was about ten feet away when he heard the terrier coming for him with his mouth wide open. The brute had broken away from his master, who was leaning him with a chain.

As Mr. Cabanne realized what was about to happen he leaned over in the approved football fashion and prepared for the onslaught. He grabbed the terrier around the throat with both hands.

Mr. Cabanne's hands are strong. With them he has often grasped a football.

He squeezed the terrier's throat until his tongue protruded. The dog gasped for breath and Mr. Cabanne squeezed all the harder.

He collared that dog and held him up in the air, kicking. Then Mr. Cabanne performed a remarkable feat.

Dropping the dog suddenly, as he would drop a football, he at the same time raised his right foot, caught the brute on his toe and sent him sailing into the air. As he turned over and over the bull terrier gazed at him, and the growls that came from his interior could be heard a block away.

The blood-red eyes plainly said: "You wait till I get down." The dog fell to the ground before Mr. Cabanne had a chance to run.

"Landing on all four feet," said Mr. Cabanne, "he lit into me again with a vengeance. This time I was better prepared for the savage beast. As he came at me I let him have my heel good and plenty. It was a red-hot soak and the terrier caved like an embankment.

"Talk about a knockout. It was nothing to this knockout. That terrier never knew what hit him the second time I gave him my foot. He rolled over like a sure-enough dead one, and when his owner came up and surveyed the brute stretched out on all fours he remarked:

"'Well, I guess you have finished him.'

"It was the closest call I have ever had. Yes, it frightened me considerably. After the affair was over and I realized what a tight fit I had gone through, the thought of it was more terrifying than the actual fight itself. It was just like tackling a man on the football field. They come at you like a locomotive and the jar is enough to knock one's lung out."

The February Modes.

Petunia continues to be a very popular color, the pinkish rather than the purple tones of the flower being favored.

Lapped dress skirts, buttoned at the top, with real or simulated button holes on the silk lined flaps, will be a feature of many of the new spring walking costumes.

The small, snug Russian toque is a comfortable and well-favored head covering this winter, and it is worn alike with skating, driving, walking and handsome "dress" costumes, according to the quality and quantity of material and garnitures which compose it.

Some of the handsome Russian-blue costumes are made up with a loker jacket, girdle and cape collar, edged with mink fur, with a blouse vest of blue, cream, gold and green plaid silk, barred with satin, whose soft folds are held by the high girdle. The sides of the front breadth and the hem are bordered with the fur.

Any tendency to premature baldness will be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

You think of Scott's Emulsion as only for those who have consumption or who have inherited a tendency to it. Almost its greatest use is for those whose condition is so impaired as not to be able to get the good they should out of their ordinary food. In nearly every case with these, Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil brings back appetite, stimulates digestion, restores color and plumpness, and controls the diseases of thinness. Book about it, free,

50 cts. and $1.00, at all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LaPlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Brennan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.36 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.36 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.
MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave..........................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive..........................8.15 a.m. and 5.20 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If his body is all out of order and run-down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but doesn't feel just right," he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect. If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. That means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these on every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid, healthful flesh.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Fire at Hiawatha.

A week ago last Saturday, 30th last, Mr. Jno Lukes, of Hiawatha, had his barn and contents burned to the ground. In the barn were straw, chickens, some small pigs and a team of horses, but fortunately no grain. Mr Lukes, who was at home at the time, saved quite a few of the things. The cause of the fire is unknown. On Tuesday following, Mr Lukes had a bee drawing wood to the lake for another. Among those who were at the bee were:—Messrs Geo Mather, David Cruikshank, Arthur Taylor, Wm H Hatherly, Oswell Cragg, Wellington Crowe and Jeremiah Crowe. The amount of wood drawn to the lake was about eighteen cords.

BEGINS TO LOOK UGLY

Greece Takes Upon Herself a Great Responsibility,

London Stock Market Affected by the News of Threatened Fighting—Turkish Minister at Athens Made a Strong Protest Against the Despatch of the Greek Flotilla, but Without Result—The Porte Calls on the Powers for Aid—Other Cable News.

London, Feb. 11.—The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting upon the Cretan situation, says there is abundant foundation for the belief that the sending of the Greek flotilla to Crete is looked upon by the British Government as a matter so serious as to threaten consequences of the greatest import, in view of the fact that the action of Greece was entirely independent and taken without conveying the slightest notion of her intentions to the powers. The Gazette says Lord Salisbury may be relied upon to take prompt and decisive measures to neutralize its effect.

The stock market was weak and flat to-day on reports of threatened fighting between Greece and Turkey, and closed depressed.

The correspondent at Athens of The Daily News telegraphs that the Grecian circular to the powers declares that it is incumbent upon Greece to prevent at all costs the landing of Turkish reinforcements upon the island of Crete.

Athens, Feb. 11.—Assim Bey, the Turkish Minister, to-day visited the Foreign Office and acting under instructions from his Government, made a protest against the despatch of the Greek torpedo flotilla to Crete. Assim Bey was treated with the utmost courtesy, and was informed, so far as diplomacy allowed, of the attitude of Greece on the Cretan question. His protest, however, was, so far as known, productive of no result. The Greek Goverment will not recall the flotilla, and furthermore a second flotilla will shortly start for Crete.

The troubles in the island have caused many of the residents to flee to Greece for safety. Since the outbreak began fully eight thousand Cretans have arrived at the Piraeus. As in the case of the previous exodus from Crete, many of the refugees are unable to care for themselves, and the Government will be compelled to extend aid to them.

The Porte Calls for Help.

Constantinople, Feb. 11.—The Porte has communicated by telegraph with the powers, asking their support in the efforts of Turkey to restore order in Crete, and the ambassadors are conferring upon the question of exerting concerted pressure upon Greece to compel the recall of the Greek fleet from Cretan waters.

All the Bourses Affected.

Paris, Feb. 11.—A very panicky feeling prevailed at the Bourse at the opening this morning, but later there was an improvemen on the report that the powers intended to prevent Greece from intervening in the Cretan trouble. The Berlin and Vienna Bourses were depressed and weak.

Greece Must be Suppressed.

London, Feb. 11.—The Times, commenting on the Cretan embroglio, will to-morrow say that Greece must not be permitted to force the hands of the powers, and that there should be immediate intervention to restore order.

GOOD SHOES.

Rules Which Will Enable You to Buy Them Every Time.

The boot that is well fitted to the foot is well made. There are two kinds of boots.

The ready-made boot and the boot that is made to order.

Shown in the shop windows are shoes all of the same shape, yet no two persons have feet shaped alike, hence the more often footwear is made to order the better. The first thing to do is to examine the foot without a boot If it is a natural foot and the second toe is longer than the great one it is possible to experience some comfort in wearing a ready-made boot, but the greatest of care should be taken to insure its fitting snugly to the instep and to see that the toes are in their natural position.

The round-toed shoe is better than either the pointed or the common-sense shoe.

The natural shape of the foot is nearly straight, with the second toe a bit in advance of the great one, and a rounding decrease in the length of each of the other three.

Now the fashion of the pointed toe, with its right angles from the great toe joint to the tip is going to bring about an abnormal position of the foot by crowding the first two over and upon the others, which soon distorts the muscles and bones and causes great discomfort

The round toe, which in the well-made boot, follows closely the outline of the foot, is much more shapely to look upon and is in reality more sensible than the so-called common-sense shoe. The boot top should be high for wintry weather and rainy days.

For walking and general wear the dongola kid is the best and next comes the light weight calf. It is well to have the uppers of a softer and less heavy quality than the vamping. It makes movement more easy and fit more perfectly.

Choose a boot made wholly in one leather rather than one with the patent leather trimmings. The patent leather will wear out first and look untidy.

No boot is wearable that is not hand-sewed.

Examine closely the stitching to see that it joins well and that the strip of leather up the back is straight.

The soles should be thick for street and school wear, with inners of cork, so as to do away as far as possible with the rubber, or overshoe, which at best are most unwholesome. They allow of no ventilation whatever, and bring about a process of cooking which when the feet are not in motion to keep up the circulation proves thoroughly unhealthful. The heel should be rather large, beginning at the end of the boot and coming well under the foot. To keep a boot leather in proper condition it shuld be frequently rubbed with some soft boot creeam; while polishes of all kinds should be avoided.

Three Arrangements For the Hair

To speak of fashion in dressing the hair of a school girl of twelve or thereabouts sounds a bit absurd but nevertheless there are three distinct modes, and aside from these no manner of arrangement is just now to good taste.

Simplicity, together with a bending to the type of child and a thought for her comfort during the study time will decide for one.

Never use the iron or crimping pin on the hair of growing girls. On no account must the hair be left loose about her face. If a nervous child this will make her more so. If not nervous it will cause her to become so.

If the features are any way regular and the forehead good then by all means have a part through the middle. This quaint touch always adds a charm to the face and if worn so as a child the hair is sure to fashion a pretty outline for the face.

If the hair is short and inclined to curl it may be tied up in a pretty bunch at the napo of the neck. Should it be thin, then brush it most carefully and let it hang in one plait down the back.

Long and heavy hair needs smooth brushing and to hang in two plaits down the back.

Never, no matter how trying the forehead, allow a bang to be worn. Arrange the hair loosely about the face instead and with tasteful training it may be made to gracefully conceal the imperfection.

The hair should be carefully brushed for twenty minutes both night and morning; but never with a stiff brush. Shampoo with tar soap once a month.

The foundation for a coming crown of glory is laid in early girlhood, and any sign of poorly nourished hair should be careful looked into. It is best cared for during sleeping hours by being loosely braided.

For the Tailor-Made Girl.

The young woman who aspires to masculine severity of attire should copy with the utmost faithfulness masculine fastidiousness about collars and ties. Many a girl spoils the effect of a tailor costume by some ridiculously inappropriate tie, and there have been girls who did not seem to recognize that the alpha and omega of the law in regard to collars was comprised in absolute cleanliness.

You cannot, however economically minded you may be, wear a linen collar two successive days. In fact, it is often advisable to change it oftener.

Never accept from the hands of your washerwoman or laundryman a linen collar which has been smudged by the iron. No well-dressed man would, and the girl of masculine attire must follow this custom.

Do not put on ancient and slightly frayed collars under the fond delusion that the ragged edge will escape notice. Even if it does not attract attention itself it will leave a line of red, sore skin upon the neck.

Do not wear with your linen collars ties that no well-dressed man would think of wearing. Find out what is correct in form and learn to tie them correctly and to fasten them in some way so that they will not slide from side to side.

A Story and Moral.

A little whippersnapper of an ass hapened to meet with a bore, had a mind to be arch with him, and so said: "Aw, chappie, howd'y do, howd'y do?" The bore, somewhat nettled by this familiarity, but perceiving a chance to tell his favorite story over again, took the ass by the lapel of his coat and related a series of personal adventures which lasted full an hour. When at last the bore paused for breath the ass fell fainting to the floor, and, noticing this, the bore laughed gleefully, and went out on the pavement to ogle the fair women who happened to be in that neighborhood.

Moral—Only an ass would say "Howd'y do" to a bore.—Baltimore News.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market is dull and rather weaker to-day. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The wheat market is dull, with offerings increasing. Red winter wheat sold West at 76c, and white is quoted at 77c and 78c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 78c to 79c, North Bay and at 80c. Toronto freight, No. 2 hard offers at 84c. Midland, with 82c bid.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 26c to 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c to 18c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c to 17c.

Peas—The market is easy, with sales at 39c north and west, and at 40c middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with sales west at 19½c to 20c, for new.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offering. Cars are quoted at 34c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 11.—Spring wheat, 6s 5½d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 20s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy 24s 0d; do. light, 24s 6d; do. s.c., heavy, 23s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 59s.

London—Wheat on passage weak and 3d to 6d lower. English country markets quiet. Maize on passage rather easier.

Liverpool—Wheat futures ¼d lower at 6s 3¾d for March, 6s 4¼d for May, and 6s 4d for July. Maize ¼d lower at 2s 6½d for February and March, 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 8¼d for July. Flour 22s 3d.

Paris—Wheat 22 f. 75c for March. Flour, 47f 50c for March.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet and steady. Maize steady.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat easy at 6s 3d for March, 6s 4½d for May, and 6s 3¾d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 6½d for February and March, 2s 7d for April, 2s 7½d for May, and 2s 8¼d for July. Flour, 22s 3d.

Peterborough Markets.
FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 22	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 46
Oats	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 23
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2¼	to	0 03

IT STRIKES HOME!

Chase's Ointment Cures All Skin Irritations.

GRACIE AITON.

Of the many skin diseases, eczema is one of the worst and most common. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. Mr. Andrew Aiton, of Hartland, N.B., says: "My little daughter, Grace Ella, aged three and a half, was a dreadful sufferer from eczema for three years. We tried a number of alleged cures and several doctors, but all without effect. Her's was indeed a bad case. Her little body was entirely covered with rash. One day our local druggist, Mr. Wm. E. Thistle, recommended me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I did so, and four boxes effected a complete cure and saved our child."

Dr Chase's Ointment is just as effective for piles, salt rheum and sores of all descriptions. For sale by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto; price 60 cents.

There is nothing to equal Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for severe colds and lung troubles. Large bottle 25 cents.

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THE REVIEW

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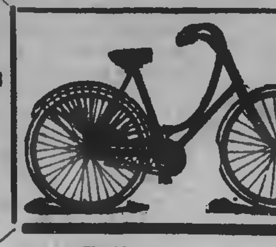

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EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 365 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

— THE —

OWNER SPEAKS

38 Albert-st.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb'y 10th, 1897.

Messrs. Fairweather & Co., Furriers, etc, Town.

GENTLEMEN,—It was with feelings of surprise and pleasure that I learned that I was the holder of Coupon 1790 and entitled to the beautiful "Gendron" Bicycle, which has graced your store window for some time.

I herewith express my thanks to you for the receipt of the same and for the courteous and kind manner in which you handed over the bicycle to me, trusting that a good run of business will be the reward of your efforts to secure the public patronage.

I remain,

Yours respectfully,

C. R. SUTHERLAND.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received :—

BANK OF TORONTO.

R n Rogers	$5 00
Dr Halliday	5 00
Warminster Sunday School, Warsaw,	7 26

BANK OF COMMERCE.

Anonymous	$1 00

BANK OF MONTREAL.

W L Innes	15 00
T A S Hay	1 00
H S MacDonald	1 00
Rev. V. Clementi	5 00
R. M. Dennistoun	5 00
A Friend	1 00
F Edwards	2 00
A Friend	1 00
E A Peck	2 00
Miss Hilton	1 00
E W Reid	1 00

ONTARIO BANK.

A Friend	1 00
W Stocker	50
Geo Peters	1 00
J W Fitzgerald	2 00
J D Collins	2 00
P Murphy	25
A friend	5 00
W D Parker	5 00
George Burnham, M. D.	5 00
Mrs. Geo Burnham	5 00
Ossian de Laplante	1 00
W F Johnston	2 00
A friend	1 00
D W Dumble	2 00
Geo Read (Keene)	15 00
A. E. Mosley	2 00
G. W. Hatton	2 00
C J B	1 00
W H Manning	5 00
	— 00
Total	$120 01

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

Baby Eczema and Scald Head.

Infants and young children are particularly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application smooths the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

SATURDAY, Feb. 13.—General unreserved sale of horses, cows, cutters, sleighs, harness, robes, blankets, one family driving mare, 6 years old, and outfit complete. Sale at the Croft house yard at 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, Feb. 18.—Clearing sale of fancy stock and implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Herr, on his premises, lot 15 in the 1st con. of the township of Asphodel. No reserve, as employer is giving up farming. Sale at 1 p.m.

FRIDAY, Feb. 19.—Unreserved credit sale of farm stock and implements of Mr David Fife, on his premises, lot 12 in the 3rd con. of township of Douro. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

OAK HALL,

ROBT. RAIKES' DISCIPLES MEET.

Continued from Page 4.

ten in Greek because they were written as much, or more, for Greeks and Latins as for Jews, and Greek was the language generally used. The first thing the Apostles did was to preach, but bye and bye as the Apostles began to die it occurred to some that they would soon all be gone and that it would be necessary to leave written records. This probably accounts for the fact that only two of the Gospels were written by Apostles. The subject matter of the earlier preaching of the Apostles was: 1 Jesus is the Messiah; 2 He is the Son of God; 3 He rose from the dead, and therefore we all must believe in Him in order to be saved. This skeleton was the main outline of the Gospels as they were written afterwards. It was practically settled that the date of the Gospels was from the years 60 or 70 to 80. It was not to be supposed that these were the only documents that were written. (Luke 1,1.) Tradition says that St. Matthew first wrote in Hebrew, and that afterwards it was translated into Greek. The speaker then took up an examination of the phenomena of the synoptic Gospels, dealing first with their agreement and then with their difference. There was an agreement was the general plan, identity of narrative and verbal coincidences. In differences there was interpolation of strange matter—narratives found in one and not in the others, and difference in detail and expression. Two reasons have been assigned for the differences found in the Gospels. One was that the Gospels first existed in oral form, and that later it was written. The other was that the evangelists wrote as they were guided. Presumably Mark's Gospel, which is the shortest, was written first and the other writers used it and supplemented facts of which they were aware. The New Testament first existed in manuscripts, of which they now had 1,400, although many more no doubt had existed. There were differences in the manuscripts themselves, which had been classified as intentional changes and unintentional corruptions. Of the first class there were historical corrections, harmonistic corrections, doctrinal corruptions and liturgical changes, and in the second there were errors of eye, memory, pen and judgment. It was the function of text criticism to correct these errors, and no triumphs of science were greater than those of textual critics. The speaker referred to the classes of manuscripts, versions and questions and their value. He referred to the deep debt they owed to the New Testament critics, who worked solely in the interest of truth, and gave illustrations as to the methods of deciding as to the correct readings. There had been enormous work put on the New Testament, and if there had been any reason to doubt it the utmost rigor of criticism would have found it. There were no other documents of antiquity with the same weight of evidence of genuineness. Great had been the gains from the study and criticism and their faith had strengthened and they had every reason for the utmost confidence in the New Testament.

Rev. W. R. Young being called on, spoke briefly, explaining why he would not give an address, and expressing his sympathy with Sunday school work. He was impressed with the vast amount of labor devoted to elucidating the Bible, and as teachers they should be careful to give the correct interpretation. Two books should be used—the authorized and revised versions, and each should use his own Bible, in which he could make marginal notes, marks and index. They should use the very best helps, not the cheapest, owing to the importance of their work.

After the collection had been taken, the meeting closed with a hymn and the benediction by Rev. Mr. McLeod.

Friday Morning.

The convention resumed this morning, President Harrison presiding. The opening exercises were conducted by Rev. Dr. Liddy, of Keene.

The first order of business was the reception of reports. Mr. S. R. Armstrong, treasurer, presented the following report :—

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand	$ 17 81
Collection at Hastings convention	7 72
Mark-st. Methodist S S, Ashburnham	2 00
St. Andrew's Presbyterian S S, Peterborough	8 00
Murray-st. Baptist S S, Peterborough	5 00
Township of Dummer	12 00
Rev E Roberts	1 00
Charlotte-st. Methodist S S, Peterborough	5 00
Hastings Methodist S S	2 00
Otonabee township	24 00
St. George's Church of England S S, Hastings	1 00
St. Paul's Presbyterian S S, Peterborough	10 00
Presbyterian S S, Lakefield	5 00
Methodist S S, Lakefield	5 00
George-st. Methodist S S, Peterborough	10 00
	$115 53

Paid Miss Pettigrew, secretary postage	30
Postage of notices to school	40
Paid R J Score, treasurer Provincial Association	85 00
Paid Dr Harrison, corresponding secretary, postage	2 40
Paid Examiner Ptg Co.	7 00
Balance on hand	20 43
	$115 53

The auditors, B F Doxsee and Geo Stewart, certified that the statement was correct and it was adopted.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Dr Harrison presented his report as secretary as follows:

In presenting the report for 1896-7, I am sorry that I cannot report progress, gratifying progress, all along the line.

Since the date of my last report, the annual convention was held in Hastings where a good work was accomplished. The hospitality of Hastings was bountiful and given with unstinting hands.

The affiliated associations have, some of them, held their annual convention. On February 28th, 1896 Smith Association held an excellent convention at Selwyn. Dummer held a partially successful convention also last February, the reason for the partial failure being the worst of roads and a stormy day. We are indebted to the Rev. Mr McEwan, that veteran Sunday school worker, who, notwithstanding the inclement day and forbidding way, made his way to Warsaw and did effective work. The township of Otonabee held its annual convention at Zion and a rally in September at Salem, both of which were well attended. Again Mr. McEwan assisted at the September rally. The town association has not held a convention, but has reorganized with Mr. John Gilchrist as the standard bearer, from whom we hope much.

The townships of Asphodel and Belmont have lapsed and so far as organized work is concerned are dead, or perhaps only in a condition of catalepsy waiting for a master hand to free them from their bonds of somnolence.

Our back townships, which are divided from us by the granite ridge and strip of sterile rock formation, do not as a rule receive from us that attention that have a right to expect. This autumn they were favored by the presence of Rev. Mr. McEwan who did visiting and held institutes. I will ask Mr. McEwan to give his report of the work done, at the conclusion of this report.

Normal work is alive in our county, but by no means is it what it might or could be. A class in Dummer, who were under the leadership of Mr. Alex Watts, wrote at the provincial September examinations. There was also a class in Otonabee under the leadership of Miss Brough, who is one of the first provincial Normal graduates, receiving her diploma in 1896. This class also wrote in September, 1896. In January, 1897, Mr M W Matchett conducted a successful Normal Institute at Selwyn under the direction of the County Executive. At an early date an Institute will be held in Asphodel and also in Otonabee. The Rev D A Thompson has been for two years doing Normal work in his midweek meeting, but so far has not sent any students up for examination.

This year there are only two training classes that are known of. One is at Mathers' Corners, presided over by Miss Brough, and is taking up the second year's course in the Legion of Honor series. The other is in Keene Methodist Sunday school, who are taking up the first year's work, and are presided over by Mrs Harrison, who is also a provincial graduate.

While thus there is some life astir, we hope for and earnestly long to see many classes at work before 1898 dawns.

The need of the hour in Sunday school work is cultivated, educated and intensely pious workers for teachers in our schools. We must keep pace at least with the secular schools if we are to hold the young men and maidens. The advanced secular culture and diffusion of knowledge given to our young people is making thinkers of them. This being so, we must give them also Biblical and christian culture of a higher order than is at present generally done. The day is past when a teacher can come before his or her class with poor preparation, slipshod thoughts, and a condition of a general unpreparedness, hoping that they can hold the interest and attention of thinking men and women by a kind of goody-goody rambling talk about things in general and nothing very particular. The generation of to-day asks for thoughts—well-considered, digested, connected thought.

Now we think that the general adoption of Normal classes will largely help in the preparing of a progressive class of teachers.

It was intended to hold rallys throughout the county, but owing to the weight of work your secretary has had thus far the wishes of the Executive could not be carried out.

Mr. Hawthorne has been a model president, attending punctually and promptly to his duties as president, and this Association is indebted to him for the service rendered.

We need another step forward. That is a County Primary Union. We are realizing more and more the importance of first impressions and habits, hence the importance of primary workers and teachers meeting in association and going on towards perfection.

I am sorry that this year we are so far behind and weak in our finances. This department of our work needs thoughtful consideration. In a county where there are about forty clergymen supported by salaries ranging all the way from $700 to $1,[illegible] per annum, surely it would be no burden for the christian community of this county to raise $800 to $1,000, and yet we have not had $125. We think the reason is not because there is no money to be had for this enterprise, but that the people have not realized the necessity for it. In politics there is no want of money for party purposes. Men freely give their $5 to their $100 for the sake of the party cause.

Now why is there not the same spirit in Sunday school work which does so much towards making good and intelligent citizens? When the chairman of Finance conducts his conference we hope there will be the freest discussion of this important subject, and that something will be done to place the Association in a better financial position. Just think what it would be to the interests of Sunday school work in this county if we had a Sunday school agent constantly in the field. What good could be accomplished?

The Dominion Alliance is preparing to move along the line of temperance legislation. Let our Sunday schools be alive and awake to the importance of proper legislation and support everything that is right that will tend to hasten a better state of affairs than exists at present. If we have advanced legislation so we must have advanced teaching, for to legislate in advance of a prepared people is to court failure.

To the delegates and attendants at this convention the executive extend the right hand of fellowship asking for the presence and direction of the Master of assemblies.

The report was adopted.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

The Nominating committee reported as follows:

President—Rev A C Reeves, Lakefield.

First Vice-President—Rev C E McLeod, Smith.

Corresponding Secretary—Dr W T Harrison, Keene.

Treasurer—Wm Madill, Peterborough.

Statistical Secretary—Mr E A Stanley, Peterborough.

Minute Secretaries—Miss Laura Bennett and Miss M L Stratton.

Superintendent of Primary Work—Mrs J W Garvin.

Superintendent of Normal Work—Dr W F Harrison, Keene.

Representative on the Provincial Executive—Sheriff J A Hall.

Executive Committee—John Gilchrist, J Jeffries, Mrs Kendry, for Peterborough; W E Roxburgh, Mrs Nelson Beavis, for Norwood; Miss White, for Lakefield; Mrs Vance, for Havelock; Miss Lou Fowlds, Miss Jessie Wilson and Mr B F Doxsee, for Hastings; Miss Bella Howson, Mr John Lancaster and Mr Geo Stewart, for Otonabee; Wm Thistlethwaite, Asphodel; Alex Watts and E Hawthorne, Dummer; Mrs Manning and J W Roberts, Smith; D Weir, Harvey; Mr Sargent, Westwood; Porter Preston, Belmont.

The report was adopted.

It was decided to meet in Lakefield in 1898, an invitation having been forwarded from that village.

Mrs Laisie conducted a primary conference, outlining the work of a primary union and referring to the first union organized.

Rev Mr McEwan referred to the several revivals of religion, their commencement and the result. He remarked that when a revival began in the lower classes it crept up to the upper classes. He reviewed the career of the Sabbath school from its formation by Robert Raikes with paid teachers, though the period of paid teachers, teaching subjects of their own choice to international lessons. The Sabbath school was the church at work. They needed more teaching and co-operation. The Sabbath school service was as important and sacred a service as any the church ever engaged in. They needed tact in order to approach the child on spiritual matters.

Mr J A Patterson, chairman of the Provincial Executive, was introduced and took a seat on the platform.

Sheriff Hall followed Mr McEwan. His subject being "The Importance of Normal work and classes." This, he said, was the age of skilled work in the Sabbath school, and he alluded to the importance of being thoroughly acquainted with lessons, understanding the child, and imparting the knowledge to the child. He was convinced that the Normal work was important.

NORWOOD NEWS

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL—Miss May Eaton is visiting friends in Westwood this week....Mr and Mrs Anderson, of Keene, were in town on Sunday....Mr W H Stephenson has been confined to his house for the past few days ....Mrs Andrew Davidson is visiting her daughter, Mrs Anderson, of Keene....Mr W E Roxburgh has not been able to attend to business for the last few days on account of illness....Mr D Mahony, who has been running a bake shop in Hastings, has sold out and returned to Norwood....Messrs Jas and Chas O'Reilly are visiting friends in Warkworth and vicinity.

PETERBOROUGH SONGSTERS—The St Paul's choir, of Peterborough, are coming to Norwood again and are giving a grand entertainment in the Presbyterian church on Wednesday, 17th.

CARNIVAL—The second grand masquerade carnival will be held in the Palace rink on Friday, February 19th.

A DRIVE—On Thursday evening last a number of our young people drove out to Mr F Birdsall's and spent the evening. They report having had a very enjoyable visit.

CURLING—The other night three of our curling rinks went to Keene and won their first victory. Mr Cummings lost by two points, Mr Moffat came out a tie and Mr Ashe won by three, thus winning on the whole by one point.

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,070,363	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,350	721,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,631
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

Total Assurance written by the Sun Life amounted to **$7,468,282.**

Total Assurance written by the other 10 Canadian Co's combined, **$23,905,314.**

It may be here remarked that the total gain of assurance in force in Canadian Companies over the previous year was $28,376,-638. Of this amount the Sun Life contributed **$4,060,521.** The other Canadian Companies combined contributed $4,316,117.

W. H. HILL,
MANAGER CENTRAL ONTARIO.

STOCK TAKING

THIS MEANS—

Great Bargains in all Winter Goods. Now is the time to buy if you want an Overcoat, Suit or Underwear or Furnishings of any kind. Come and take stock of our Bargains while we are taking stock and reducing prices.

H. Le Brun & Co

George Street, Peterborough

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

An INFALLIBLE REMEDY in all cases of OVERWORK or EXHAUSTION of

Body Brain and Nerves

Delicious in Taste, Immediate and lasting in Effect, no unpleasant reaction.

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

Sold at Druggists, Fancy Grocers and Wine Merchants.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., MONTREAL, SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ASK FOR *Gold Lack Sec Champagne* *Old Empire Rye Whisky*

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas,"

"Richelieu,"

"Perfect," (Patent) and

"Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

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F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 37. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

LOOKS VERY WARLIKE

The Powers Say Greece Must be Restrained.

M. Hanotaux, Foreign Minister of France, Proposes That the Powers Blockade Crete and Take Possession of Canea and Other Disturbed Centres—A Hint That the Scheme is Backed by Russia, With the Object of Throwing Crete Into Greece's Hands.

London, Feb. 12.—The Morning Post will to-morrow publish a news agency statement that the powers are unanimous in their condemnation of the attitude of Greece, and that they will not allow her to continue her present course. She must, it is added, abandon the idea of commencing a war with Turkey.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily News telegraphs that Turkey is forming the marauding bands of Albania into bodies that will be employed to invade Thessaly. The Greek Government is fully alive to the danger in this direction, and is hastening troops to the frontier to repel any attempted invasion of Grecian territory. It is reported that a collision has already occurred between the troops and Albanians on the frontier.

ATHENS TERRIBLY EXCITED.

The People Are Wild Over An Alleged Trick of the Turkish Government.

Athens, Feb. 13, 1.15 a.m.—The greatest excitement prevails here. The newspapers have issued midnight editions, containing a report that the Vali of Smyrna has chartered a steamer for the purpose of transporting troops to Crete, and this in face of the assurances given to the powers by the Porte that Turkey would not send reinforcements to the island.

The newspapers and the crowds in the street declare that the action of the Vali is taken with the full cognisance of the Porte, which has again proved, if proof is necessary, that not the slightest confidence can be placed in its assurances or promises. Hearty denunciations of the Turkish Government are heard on every hand. The city is alive at this hour and the principal streets are filled with Greeks, who demand that the Grecian warships shall prevent the landing of further troops in Crete. It is believed here that orders to that effect have already been given to Prince George, and there is no doubt that he will fully carry out his instructions, in which case war with Turkey would probably result, unless diplomacy or superior force should be employed to divert Greece from her determination to protect the Cretan Christians, and also, perhaps, to bring about the long-sought-for annexation of the island.

Prince George at Canea.

London, Feb. 12.—The Times has a despatch from Canea stating that Prince George of Greece, with four torpedo boats and one transport, has arrived there. The despatch adds that reports from everywhere on the island indicate the increasing gravity of the situation.

An Italian officer of the Gendarmerie has been sent to Kissamo to enquire into the condition of affairs there. It was at this place where 22 Moslems were killed on Feb. 7. The Christians then suddenly began firing in the streets and the Moslems stampeded, making no resistance to their assailants. Seven persons were beheaded with swords, including three women and two children. The Christians fired a volley at a Turkish warship which arrived at Kissamo yesterday.

The insurgents are closing around Sitia.

Halepa to be Neutral.

Canea, Feb. 12.—The Cretans and the foreign consuls here have agreed that Halepa shall be regarded as neutral territory until an attack shall be made on Canea. In the event of such an attack being decided upon, the consuls shall have 24 hours' notice. The commander of the Greek warships here has promised the commanders of the other war vessels to give them 40 hours' notice in the event of his attacking the town. Prince George, the commander of the Greek torpedo flotilla, has not yet arrived here.

Italy Won't Oppose Greece.

Rome, Feb. 12.—A semi-official note has been issued here, stating that Italy will not oppose Greece in any action the latter country may take on the Cretan question. It is added that Italy does not wish to serve Turkey in any way.

War Almost Inevitable.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—The Post of this city this evening publishes an article in which it says that war between Greece and Turkey is almost inevitable. The paper adds that Turkey is entitled to allow her troops to cross the Thessalian frontier in view of the action of Greece.

Blockade Talked.

Vienna, Feb. 12.—It is reported here that a blockade of Crete by the European powers will be established shortly.

A Franco-Russian Scheme.

London, Feb. 12.—M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, has initiated proposals that the powers blockade Crete and that they also occupy Canea, Retimo and the other centres of disorder, pending a settlement of the dispute that will be satisfactory to the Cretans. Active negotiations on these proposals are now proceeding.

A high authority at the Foreign Office to-day told a representative of the United Associated Presses that he believed the proposal of M. Hanotaux was a Franco-Russian scheme to permit Greece to occupy the island, with Prince George, second son of the King of the Hellenes, as Governor-General, the island continuing to pay tribute to Turkey.

Greece Means Business.

London, Feb. 12.—D. T. Metaxes, the Greek Charge D'Affaires, called at the Foreign Office here last evening and presented a note stating the Greek Government had decided to prevent Turkish troops from debarking in Crete by all means in its power.

Greece Must be Held Down.

Vienna, Feb. 12.—The semi-official Fremdenblatt to-day says: Greece must be restrained from going any further. Austria has already acted, and the other powers will not be backward. They will not assist Greece nor hinder Turkey in sending troops and responding with hostilities to the aggressive action of Greece.

JEALOUS-MINDED QUEBECERS.

Newspaper Men From Toronto Not Wanted by Montreal Liberals—Rumpus at the Liberal Club.

Montreal, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—It has leaked out to-day that there was a riot at last night's meeting of the Liberal Club, of which Mr. Alex. Mitchell is president. It was all about The Herald newspaper, and the recent alleged wholesale substitution of Ontario men for former employes of that paper. Mr. Carroll Ryan began the flurry by stating that there was no paper in Montreal to properly represent the Liberal party, and especially in provincial affairs. It seemed to be the policy of the paper, Mr. Ryan said, to taboo everything that savored of Quebec, and to bring in men who knew little or nothing of local affairs.

At this juncture Mr. J. S. Brierley of The Herald rose to deny Mr. Ryan's statement. There was no truth, he said, that Toronto men were supplanting Montrealers on the paper.

Again Mr. Ryan arose and persisted in his former statements. He had it on information he knew to be reliable that the editor of The Herald had expressly declared that no Montrealers need apply for a position on The Herald, and that all vacancies arising would be filled by Toronto men.

Mr. J. E. Atkinson, managing editor of The Herald, rose and denied Mr. Ryan's assertion, summoning him to give his authority for such reckless statements.

Again Mr. Ryan returned to the charge and said the stories which he believed to be true came from different sources. He would mention the name of Mr. Fred Williams, the late city editor of The Herald.

Mr. W. A. Weir sustained Mr. Ryan's views. He himself had heard the story and anyway he said the proof of the pudding was in the eating. There was no denying the fact that Toronto men had been substituted for Montrealers with conspicuous rapidity. The present managing editor was a Toronto man; the city editor, a Toronto man; the writing editor, Toronto man; the sporting editor, a Toronto man, and so on through the piece. Quebecers had been removed to make way for people from Ontario.

After another general denial from Mr. Atkinson the meeting quieted down and the subject was changed.

The Men Who Stole Disher Bros.' Goods Nabbed at the Border.

Ridgeway, Ont., Feb. 12.—The Disher Bros.' store of this village was, on Wednesday night, broken into and robbed of a quantity of overcoats, skates, rubber boots, underclothing, and between $3 and $4 in change, which had been left in the cash drawer. The authorities went direct to Fort Erie. Here, awaiting the departure of the boat for the Buffalo shore, they found the thieves.

Officer Griffin, with Detective Cornish of Buffalo, located the "swag" they had taken, concealed under the English Church at Fort Erie. The prisoners, who gave their names as James Reece and Robert Duncan, both of Buffalo, were brought before Police Magistrate Logan at Fort Erie to-day, separately. Reece pleaded not guilty, but his "pal," Duncan, who seemed less hardened in crime, wilted before the evidence produced by the officers, and confessed to the robbery, and when Reece was placed again before the Magistrate and confronted with Duncan's confession, he also confessed. The goods have been returned to their owners. The Magistrate sentenced Reece to four years and Duncan for three years to Kingston Penitentiary.

GRAND TRUNK LOOKING UP.

The Half-Yearly Report Shows to Decidedly Good Advantage

London, Feb. 12.—The half-yearly statement of the Grand Trunk Railway was issued to-day. It shows that the gross receipts were £2,079,700 during the six months, and the net receipts £616,000. A deficiency of £[illegible],500 is charged to the Chicago and Grand Trunk section, while the Detroit and Grand Haven part of the system is behind £24,900. A surplus of £39,000 is shown for the half year, as against a deficiency of £33,100 for the same period of 1896.

Not Drowned After All.

London, Feb. 12.—The missing crew, 20 in number, of the British steamer Cyanus, from Bilbao, for Glasgow, which on Jan. 10 was reported lost off Ushant, have arrived safely at Audierne, in Finisterre, France. It was supposed that the men had been drowned. All of the crew of the lost steamer are now accounted for.

After a Preacher's Life.

Millsborough, Feb. 12.—News comes here to-day from the interior of Unicoi County, Tenn., of Rev. John Hutchings' narrow escape from lynching, while in the pulpit. He is now hiding in the mountains.

According to the story, the preacher said in his sermon: "The Lord directed the bullet that killed Abraham Lincoln."

The congregation became infuriated, and made an attempt to hang the minister, but he escaped. The mob then visited the preacher's house, and battered it down. Unicoi County is in a rough mountain country, and is not on the line of any railroad.

Rockefeller Will Pay Half.

New York, Feb. 12.—At a meeting of prominent Baptists at the residence of John D. Rockefeller in this city last night Mr. Rockefeller promised to contribute the sum of $250,000 toward the paying off of the total indebtedness of $426,000 resting upon the Baptist foreign and home missionary societies, but stipulated, however, that his gift is contingent upon other friends of the societies mentioned subscribing the remaining $236,000 by July 1, next.

ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Only Twenty Minutes of a Sitting Yesterday.

The Estimates to be Considered Monday—County Councils of Waterloo and Huron Want the Privilege of Allowing Rewards for Horse Thieves—Waterloo Wants to Make Houses of Industry Compulsory in Each County—Toll Roads and Registrars' Fees—Enquiries.

Toronto, Feb. 12.

A 20-minute session of the Legislature was held yesterday. After the usual notices of motion and enquiries had been given, the House went into committee and passed a resolution that the estimates be considered on Monday.

The following notice of motion was given:

Mr. Gibson—Respecting the inspection and regulation of joint stock companies.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

The following petitions were presented:

From the Councils of Waterloo and Huron Counties for an amendment to the Municipal Act permitting County Councils to offer a reward to any person who shall pursue a horse thief; also from the Waterloo Council asking for legislation to make it compulsory for every county or group of counties to establish a House of Industry for the care of their own poor.

Mr. Carpenter—For legislation to relieve counties of the cost of maintaining boys at the Victoria Industrial School, and to place the institution on a similar footing to the Ontario Reformatory.

Mr. Field—From the united counties of Northumberland and Durham for amendments to the General Road Companies Act to make a specification, by which a toll road shall be constructed and maintained, thereafter making it compulsory for each county engineer to examine all toll roads owned by toll road companies in his county once a year at a time to be fixed by the Warden of the county, and whenever the roads or any portion of them are found not to be up to the standard specification that it be the duty of the engineer to order the toll off immediately, the tolls to remain off until the road is properly repaired; and that any appeal from this action be made to the Provincial Road Inspector, and that the Government grant 25 per cent. of the cost of all roads purchased by municipalities within the next three years, this being considered necessary to equalize the difficulty that might arise between municipalities jointly interested in the same road.

Mr. Matheson—For an amendment to the Registry Act, so as to provide that every registrar shall be able to retain each year all the fees up to $1000; of the further emoluments in excess of $1000 and under $2,500 75 per cent.; in excess of $2500 and under $4000, 50 per cent.; in excess of $4,000, 25 per cent.; and that the expenses of the registry office in joint registry divisions be borne by the municipalities in proportion to the fees collected from each.

Mr. Middleton—For legislation to enable City Councils to appoint all the members of the Courts of Revision.

Mr. Matheson—To compel cities to provide proper accommodation at markets where fees are charged.

Mr. Richardson presented a petition which outlines the legislation that will be applied for by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. The company will ask to have its first mortgage bonds and also a mortgage securing the same ratified and confirmed. It will ask that its name be changed to the Metropolitan Railway Company. It will ask for power to start, equip and operate its line of railway within the County of Simcoe and build, equip and operate branches in York and Simcoe; to make contracts with other companies for the use of rolling stock and for the purchase, leasing or hiring of electric power; to grant to the Toronto Railway Company power to run cars over the tracks of the Metropolitan Railway Company to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, and such other powers as may be agreed upon or terms to be arranged between the companies, or in case they differ, to be settled by arbitration; to run its cars over the track of the Toronto Railway Company to the Union Station and water front, the city markets, Toronto Postoffice and such other points as may be agreed upon on terms to be arranged between the companies, or in case they differ, to be settled by arbitration; to acquire the assets and franchise and to operate the railway of the Toronto Suburban Railway Company (Ltd.)

Enquiries to the Government:

Mr. Miscampbell asked if the furnishing of flour to Orillia Asylum for 1897 was let by tender. If so, he wished to know who tendered, the amount per pound of the tender and if the lowest tenderer received the contract.

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return showing the number and amounts of policies of insurance carried on the Parliament Buildings of Ontario; the companies in which they are carried; the percentage paid for insurance; the names of the agents through which the insurance was effected; the rate per $1000 paid; any special conditions attached to the policies and the general provisions of protection against fire in the buildings adopted by the Government.

Mr. Little—Is it the intention of the Government to assist Public schools that have organised continuation classes in connection with the same? If so, to what extent are they to be assisted?

HIGH HONOR FOR KEANE.

Five Dignities Conferred on Him in a Single Day by the Pope—The Recipient Happy.

New York, Feb. 12.—A special from The Journal's correspondent in Rome, Italy, says: "I have just seen Archbishop Keane of Washington, and found him jubilant over the reception given him by the Pope and the dignities conferred upon him. Archbishop Keane made this statement:

"The Pope said to me: 'I am greatly shocked and grieved by these mischief-makers who are so busy in the American press. The idea that anyone would try to put me in the position of disapproving the splendid service of Cardinal Satolli or of publicly disgracing you never occurred to me. The change in the rectorship of the Washington University was submitted to me as a purely pedagogical routine matter. I was astonished and indignant when I learned that mischief-makers had misrepresented the meaning of my act. I desire to denounce their statements and to give evidence of my love and esteem for you. My answer to your enemies will be a substantial one. The policy of the Holy See in America is unchanged.'"

Soon after this conversation the Pope conferred five dignities on Archbishop Keane in one day, making him Archbishop of Damascus, Assistant Bishop to the Throne, Canon of the Cathedral of St. John of Lateran, Advisor to the Propaganda, and Advisor to the College of Sacred Studies.

Little Hope for Bram.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 12.—The second motion for a new trial for Thomas M. Bram, the convicted murderer of Capt. Nash, of the barquentine Herbert Fuller, was denied by Judges Webb and Colt in the United States Circuit Court to-day. The decision says the alleged new evidence was only cumulative.

Saved 449 Sheep and a Horse.

London, Feb. 12.—Four hundred and forty-nine sheep and one horse were saved from the British steamer Angloman, which was wrecked on the Skerries on Feb. 9, while on a voyage from Boston for Liverpool.

:-: $5.00 :-:
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
—+—
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

BICYCLES!
The Stormer Bicycle.
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
GENTLEMEN'S WHEEL, $75.
DO NOT BUY UNTIL YOU SEE THEM
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE STREET Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 140 or 215.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Dental.
DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Wanted.
BOARD WANTED.
ONE OR TWO ROOMS. Private family preferred. Leave address at REVIEW Business Office. 3d35
TENDERS WANTED.
FOR PAINTING YORK-STREET BRIDGE, TORONTO. Apply to W. H. LAW, Central Bridge and Engineering Co., Peterborough. 3d36

For Sale or to Rent.
FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 509 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 8tsod
OFFICE TO RENT.
RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery, No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 8tf
For Sale
OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM
FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
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Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Northerly to easterly winds; fair weather; higher temperatures

R. F.

Fine Gloves
. . FOR . .
Glove Buyers.
Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.
Gloves wisely bought are such as give the buyer large value at a low price.
We have at times the opportunity to offer Gloves away below regular values.
—Here is such a time.
—The price is 50c. per pair.
—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.
—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'
—We know of no gloves better.
—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.
—The goods on sale now.
—It will pay to buy.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

General.
Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950.
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 380. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

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"A rough road is ever a long one; a good one ever too short."
The Grand Trunk System is good.
When you travel, use the Grand Trunk.
GEO. J. HORKINS,
City Agent, Bradburn's Block.
W. HAYDEN,
Depot Agent

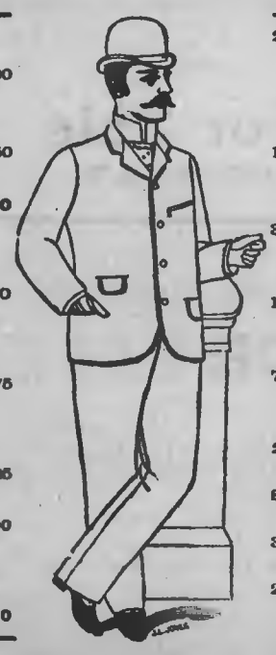
PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD,
Charlotte Street.

WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—



75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $8.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale 3 50

43 Men's Freise Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $6, go now at 4 00

56 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $12, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7.50, net price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for. Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

28 Prince Albert Dress Suits. Handsomely lined and trim. Impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Youths' Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8 50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-whol tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2 50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduced to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.35, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, catarrh and malaria.

Such Cures as This Prove Merit.

"My little nephew was a plump and healthy baby until a year and a half old, then sores broke out behind his ears and spread rapidly over his head, hands and body. A physician said the trouble was scrofula humor in the blood. The child became one complete sore. We had to restrain his hands to keep him from scratching the sores. We were induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time he had more life. He improved rapidly, his skin became entirely clear of sores and he is now a healthy child."—MRS. FLORENCE ANDREWS, Clearfield, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 13, 1897

SPEND TEN CENTS WISELY,

Diamond Dyes are the World's Best.

One package of Diamond Dyes costing ten cents will color from one to six pounds of cotton, wool or silk goods, according to shade required. This wonderful work can only be done satisfactorily by the Diamond Dyes. Every color is bright, clear and perfectly fast, and will stand any amount of soap and washing.

There is no other article manufactured that brings so much satisfaction to happy firesides as the Diamond Dyes. Old, faded, soiled and dingy looking dresses, jackets, capes, stockings, ribbons, coats, vests and pants are made new and fitted for long months of wear at a cost of from ten to twenty cents.

If you wish perfect success in your work, see that your dealer gives you the Diamond Dyes; avoid the imitation dyes that some dealers sell for the sake of large profits.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

How She Fixed It.

Confidential Friend (to young wife)—Your husband must have the best of tempers; you have been more than an hour dressing to go out with him, and he has not called out once to ask if you are ready."

Young Wife—Oh, I always hide his gloves, cigar case and spectacles before I commence dressing, then, when I am dressed, I find them for him, and he apologises for having kept me waiting. It's a very effective plan, my dear, and I recommend it as a peace-maker.—New York Tribune.

Diplomacy.

His father—If you marry old Stubbs' daughter you shan't have a cent of my money.

The son—But, father, if I don't marry her I can't get a cent of old Stubbs' money.

His father (with a grudge to satisfy)—"My own boy! Marry her and render that skinflint penniless.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

EIGHTY IN EVERY HUNDRED

Suffer More or Less From that Most Offensive of Diseases, Catarrh—That Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is a Wonderful Remedy is Testified to by Thousands Who Have Been Cured Outright—Mr Alex Edmonson of Roseneath, Ont. says:—

"I have been troubled with catarrh for a great many years. Have suffered greatly from it. I had tried all the so-called cures, but never received any relief from them. Seeing Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder largely advertised, I determined to try it, although very sceptical about any relief, but I was greatly and agreeably disappointed, for from the first dose I received very great relief, and to-day I can honestly say that it has cured. I keep it constantly in the house, as we find it a quick cure for cold in the head. It gives almost instant relief. I have no hesitancy in proclaiming it the best cure for catarrh, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers from this malady." For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

IT WAS A FIRE TRAP,

The Burned West Wing of the Parliament Building.

Everything Seemed to Conspire Against the Brave Men Who Were Trying to Quench the Flames—Montreal Engine Five Hours on the Road Ottawa Firemen Tuckered Out—Temporary Offices to be Secured—Various Theories, But No One in Particular Can be Blamed.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 — (Special.) — The stately western departmental building to-day, with the exception of the northwestern wing, built during the reign of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, is practically a mass of smoking ruins. At considerable inconvenience your correspondent passed through the building this morning with one of the Government architects and a leading building contractor, and the opinion of these gentlemen, after viewing the wreck, was that while the walls are good the interior of the building will almost entirely have to be renewed. Beams will have to come out, floors be relaid and almost every room replastered. Moreover, the building will have to be made thoroughly fireproof.

HARD-WORKED FIREMEN.

The Ottawa fire brigade was in a pretty demoralized condition when, at 3 o'clock this morning, your correspondent left the scene of the conflagration. They had then had 10 hours of continuous work. There were few onlookers at the time, the poor firemen being left alone to throw water with the temperature at zero. At this hour they were concentrating their efforts on the east wing, where the fire was burning briskly over the offices of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries and his deputy. At this point there was the greatest danger of the fire descending to the main corridor of the Fisheries Department, and indeed at a later hour in the morning it did actually get into Mr. Davies' room, which, with others adjoining, was completely wrecked.

Shortly before 6 o'clock a detachment of the Montreal fire brigade, in charge of the veteran Col. Stevenson, chairman of the Montreal Fire and Light Committee, arrived. There were 15 men all told. As all that the Ottawa men were then endeavoring to do was to check the flames from reaching the lower storeys in the block, the Montreal detachment came as a great relief to the worn-out Ottawa brigade. The Montreal boys were on duty until this afternoon, when they left for home on the 3 o'clock train. The citizens of Ottawa greatly appreciated the generous assistance rendered to them by the sister city. It was a thoughtful act upon the part of Mayor Wilson Smith to tender the services of the Montreal men and Mayor Bingham promptly accepted the offer. The contingent came up by special train over the C. P. R., but made a very slow trip, the journey lasting nearly five hours.

Hon. Mr. Mulock, who happened to be in the building when the fire broke out, is of the opinion that it was very badly damaged. When it started on the west side it seemed, he says, that there should have been no trouble getting it under control, but the firemen, instead of directing the streams against the fire, threw them on the stone walls and the slate roof, where it did no good. As a matter of fact, however, the pressure was not great enough for water to reach the roof, and the extension ladder had not at this time arrived.

Of the manner in which the fire was handled opinions are many. But no estimate of the city service will be a fair one which fails to take into consideration the peculiar circumstances under which it was rendered. In the first place, the entire top storey of the west block was notoriously a fire trap. Constructed of wood, with partitions and passages innumerable, and framed with heavy timbers, the whole thing was a veritable rubbish heap, set on top of an otherwise fireproof building. The situation that tested the efficiency of the water pressure was at the highest point of the city, and the water pressure proved to be lamentably weak. The Wellington-street main, feeding the corridor hydrants of the building and the large hose of the central station, gave a series of very sickly streams, indeed.

The inutility of the hydrants nearest the building was another serious drawback. They were eventually thawed out by the city appliance, but the blame for the neglect which allowed them to be frozen up rests, it appears, entirely with the Public Works Department. The employes who had charge of them under the late Government had all been replaced by new men since the Liberals took office. These new employes had either not been instructed about the care of the hydrants at all, or else had done their work in a very perfunctory manner. Moreover, the Government hose attached to the hydrants in the building was found to be perfectly rotten.

When the fire was discovered a length of hose was run towards the scene of the conflagration, but as soon as the water was turned on it ran out of the hose as from a sieve, and could not be got within many feet of the fire. It is said a like condition of affairs prevails with regard to the Parliament Building and the East Block. In the Parliament Building the statement was made to-day on good authority that the hose there had been in actual use since Confederation, so that its quality may be well judged.

Finally, with regard to the conflagration, it was allowed to get tremendous headway before the brigade was called out. Flames were already breaking out of the west windows when the first of the firemen reached the scene at 4.35, and had doubtless by that time worked well into the woodwork of the building and between the floors. When all these circumstances are taken into consideration, criticism of the firemen's work will doubtless be considerably modified.

A meeting of the Cabinet was held this morning for the purpose of considering the situation It was decided to lease the Sherwood and Slater blocks on Sparks-street, for the Departments of Public Works and Marine and Fisheries. The other departments will be housed in two buildings on Wellington-street belonging to the Nagle estate. It was also decided to at once put a temporary flat roof on the burnt building, so that the work of restoration may be proceeded with in the most expeditious manner possible. Mr. Tarte had received permission of his colleagues to call in the services of two or three leading architects to confer with him and his officers as to the best class of roof which should be placed on the building, and as to how to make the whole structure thoroughly fireproof.

Out of this national calamity the question will naturally arise as to the condition in which the Parliament building and the east block are. The roofs of both of these buildings are just as big fire traps as the one which was burnt yesterday. While a good many valuable records have been lost yet the damage is far less than would have been the case if the fire had occurred in the east block and got amongst the valuable records of the Interior Department, which are in as dangerous a position as regards fire as can be found in Ottawa.

At five minutes to 6 o'clock the city brigade was called out again, fire having started up in the office of Mr. Coste, chief engineer of the Public Works Department. Mr. Coste had locked the door of his room and it was difficult to gain access to it. There was a plentiful supply of water and the flames were soon drowned out. One of the steamers will be kept going steadily all night to guard against future outbreaks.

An important lesson which the fire emphasized is with regard to the care of public records. The archives' branch, which is in charge of Dr. Brymner, is located in the basement of the burnt building. Nearly all these valuable records relating to the early history of Canada are to-day saturated with water. The rooms were visited by Mr. Jarvis, secretary of the Department of Agricultural, who found half a foot of water on the floor.

In the east block are all the valuable records of the Privy Council, kept in that department, while there is a third batch under Col. Audet in the Department of Secretary of State. Besides this, most of the departments have records stowed away in lumber rooms.

At an early date the Government will consider the erection of a special records' building in which all departmental documents, marked N. F. A. (No further action), or which are more than three years old, will be properly filed away. One of the ministers mentioned to me to-night that such a building was imperatively needed. It will cost fully $150,000. The removal of the departmental records to such a building, where they would be readily available, would give considerable more room for offices in the different buildings. It is probable that Parliament will be asked to vote a sum of money for this purpose. Indeed, it would not be a matter of surprise if, as an outcome of yesterday's great conflagration, a million of dollars were spent in putting all the buildings into thoroughly fire-proof condition.

Hon. Mr. Tarte is satisfied that the fire is the result of smoking, and an order was issued to-day prohibiting the use of tobacco in all the Dominion buildings.

With the exception of a little water on the floors of the corridors in the Mackenzie wing, no damage has been done there. The clerks of the departments of Railways and Canals and Inland Revenue were at work as usual, and were decidely pleased that the quarters had escaped fire and water.

Mr. Davies is away from Ottawa and all his private papers have been destroyed.

Hon. R. W. Scott, who rendered good service yesterday, remarked this morning that he had never seen men become as excited as many did last night. They would carry hose that was practically useless upstairs and downstairs, and then leave it. He had no comment to make on the action of the fire brigade. When it was seen that there was danger of the top flat of the block being destroyed, Sir Henri Joly sent to the C. A. R. for tarpaulins to cover the papers and documents in the offices of the lower flats from water. Very few could be obtained in the city.

Several of the employes of the civil service in the Department of Public Works stated to-day that the offices and storerooms in the department had not been cleaned for years. They were full of dust and cobwebs. They further stated that if a blaze had caught in any of the rooms it would have spread as though in the midst of straw or paper.

There is much disapproval of the inaction of the police in failing at the beginning of the fire to prevent traffic along Wellington-street, where the lines of hose were laid. Sleighs, many of them heavily loaded, were for almost an hour allowed to drive over the hose, and in one case a hose is known to have been cut and made useless by a heavy load of stone being drawn over it. It was more than an hour after the fire started before ropes were strung across Wellington-street at the corner of O'Connor, to prevent sleighs from passing.

Continued on Page 7

The widow appeals to the sympathy of even the most callous-hearted. Here is a woman still in the springtime of life, deprived of the stay and support upon which she had every right to depend, and her future overshadowed by the loss of the one man in all the world upon whom she had centered her love and affection. A man has no right to sacrifice his life in the mad race for money, by neglecting his bodily health. A man owes it to himself and to his wife and children to live a long and helpful life. If a man would live he must keep health.

Health is a matter of a little patch here and there. Look after the little ailments and the big ailments will take care of themselves. They will never come. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery keeps the body in perfect health. It promptly eradicates the little ailments that bring serious illness. If the serious malady has already arrived it promptly cures it by removing the cause. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, invigorates the liver and makes the appetite keen and hearty It makes the assimilation of food perfect and supplies the blood with the life-giving elements that build new and healthy tissue and firm muscles. It tones and builds up the nerves. It drives impurities and disease-germs from every organ of the body. It cures all diseases due to overwork and worry and faulty nutrition. It is an unfailing remedy for weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, severe cough, bronchitis, asthma and kindred affections. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption.

Mr. Isaac E. Downs, of Spring Valley, Rockland Co., N. Y., writes: "For three years I had suffered from that terrible disease, consumption, and heart-disease. Before taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I had wasted away to a skeleton; could not sleep nor rest, and many times wished to die to be out of my misery. Step by step, the signs and realities of returning health slowly but surely developed themselves while taking the 'Discovery.' Today I tip the scales at 187, and am well and strong. The 'Golden Medical Discovery' has also cured my daughter of a very bad ulcer located on the thigh."

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Subscribed Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 105 000.00

GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed upon deposits, and FOUR and ONE QUART per cent. upon debentures.

MONEY TO LEND upon favorable terms.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workmanlike manner.

THE REVIEW PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, New York.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, | Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

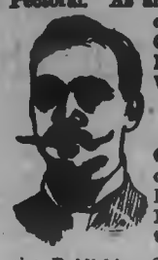
(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,



AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897.

A Trio of Afflictions.

VARIED AGONIES FOR LONG YEARS.

A Man of Seventy-four Years Feels Young Again.

Paine's Celery Compound Gives Him New Blood, Activity and Strength.

The Great Medicine Removes His Troubles and Burdens.

His Cure Vouched For By a Justice of the Peace.

Mr. Thomas R. Baxter, of Karsdale, N.S., aged 74 years, and fast nearing the grave from a terrible complication of diseases—erysipelas for 40 years, bleeding piles for 15 years, and sciatic rheumatism for over a year—was rescued from torture, agony and death by Paine's Celery Compound after all other means had failed.

After reading the following statement, vouched for by a Justice of the Peace, how can any sane man or woman entertain doubts as to the curing virtues of earth's only honest life-giving medicine?

Mr. Baxter writes as follows:—

"I desire to let you know about my wonderful cure by your precious medicine, Paine's Celery Compound.

"I was afflicted by three complaints that made my life a misery and a burden. I had erysipelas for 40 years, bleeding piles for 15 years, and sciatic rheumatism for over a year.

"I tried the doctors and all kinds of medicines, but no help or relief was afforded me, and I could not eat or sleep. I was then advised to use Paine's Celery Compound, and, oh, what a mighty change! The use of the first bottle enabled me to eat and sleep, and after using seven bottles I was quite another man; was perfectly cured and felt young again. All that I have written can be proven by merchants, doctors, magistrates, and by three ministers of the Gospel, and by scores of other people. I shall always thank you and your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound."

"I hereby certify that Paine's Celery Compound has made a well man of Thomas R. Baxter."

JAMES H. THORNE, Justice of the Peace.

He Was Sensitive.

They tell a good story of a local golfing enthusiast, who is never so happy as when wandering over the links. He had gone down town to supper at the Holländen after an exciting afternoon's sport, and attracted much attention by his decidedly striking golf garments. Late in the evening he took a Euclid car for home and dropped into the rear seat. When the motor passed the Pittsburg tracks the conductor looked in at the door and called the next street:

"Tennis!"

"No, golf!" indignantly cried the sporting youth on the rear seat.

He thought the conductor was alluding to his new suit.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Easily Applied Remedies For a Number of Minor Ailments.

Don't send for a doctor whenever you feel badly or your heart isn't right or you have a cold. There are many simple and direct remedies which you can paste in your hat and apply on occasion. Give nature a chance and help her all you can.

Thus, for instance, both sneezing and coughing can be arrested by pressing firmly on the upper lip or in front of the ear.

Boxing the ears of a person suffering from hay fever is said to be a sovereign remedy for that inconvenient malady. That severe attacks of rheumatism are greatly relieved by bee stings has been noted, and in Malta and Russia, where bees abound, they are in such repute as a cure that resort to this primitive kind of inoculation has been a common practice for generations, with most satisfactory results.

Excessive palpitation of the heart can always be arrested by bending double, head downward, and hands hanging. If breathing temporarily suspended while in this position, the effect is all the more rapid. Hiccough can almost always be stopped by this simple action, which is more readily available than the often recommended fright or sudden start which one cannot easily get up for one's self on the spur of the moment.

The distressing cramping of the fingers from constant use of a pen, which may in time develop into writers' cramp, can always be prevented by enlarging the holder either by wrapping string around it or by running the handle of the pen through a bit of rubber tubing.

The innumerable hosts of new and infallible cures for colds would easily fill a good-sized volume, and still they come. One quite too simple way of nipping a cold in the bud is to sit down in front of a good fire and warm your back thoroughly, for the back is the place where cold is usually caught, being careful, of course, not to go at once into a cold room. A French physician goes to extremes by applying a piece of ice at the spine. Indeed, nowadays the curative value of cold is being highly spoken of, and the inflammatory sore throat, which used to be treated by poultices and warmth, is now said to be easily and quickly cured by sucking ice and keeping the patient in a low temperature. Ice at the neck is also a powerful curative for asthma. In fact, it is even predicted that the dry, cold, clear air of the arctic, keen and free from germs, will, before long, be recommended for ailments springing from weak chests.—New York Journal.

Children and Flowers.

It is a sad reflection to me to see how many children there are who have no real love of flowers. They may be attracted by pretty and fragrant blossoms, all children are that, but as for cultivating and giving the tender care that plants require, and thus learing some of the sweetest lessons in life, they know nothing, and all about them are acres of untilled soil.

The keeping of a bit of garden, if only a few feet of earth, nay, if only a few pots in a sunny window, is a valuable bit of training, and cannot fail to inspire a love of the beautiful that will have an important influence on the character throughout life.

It should be remembered that example is the first element to be considered in educating the childish mind. Do not try and force a child to keep a bit of garden, but keep one yourself. Sow seeds and plant slips, and spend spare moments caring for them, and water night and morning, and always have your child with you; be talkative and wax enthusiastic, never mind whether you are understood or not, it will not be long before the child will imitate you, and want a garden of its own, and when this is brought about, you may rest assured you have sown a seed in the childish heart that will grow to a blossoming of great beauty.—New York Weekly.

Housekeeping Notes.

Sir Francis Cruise recommends the use of the sand bath for the common oven for potatoes as preferable to either boiling or steaming, on the ground that a much higher temperature can be used by the first method and a more thorough cooking of the starch grains brought about. Many delicate patients can use baked potatoes who cannot touch them when boiled.

The wick of a lamp which has become short may have a new one darned to the lower end, and in that way be entirely used up instead of being thrown away. Wicks should always be long and the lamps kept as full as possible and not to run over.

In the cleaning of a stove if a little soap is used it will lighten the labor. Wet a flanned cloth and rub it over a piece of soap; then dip the cloth into the stove polish and rub over the stove; finish with a dry cloth or brush. It is said that polish will last much longer than if used without soap.

Removing Stains.

Varnish or paint stains should first be covered with butter or sweet oil, and then rubbed with turpentine. If it is an old stain, the turpentine may be replaced by chloroform, which must, of course, be used with great precaution. Fruit stains will generally yield if you rub according to the grain of the material, with a little salt and water. Sherry will take out claret stains, if they are rubbed gently. Blood stains should be soaked with petroleum, and then washed in warm water. It is said that no stain will resist the following recipe:

Put into a large bottle two quarts of clean spring water, add a piece of white amber the size of a walnut, a piece of potash as big as a hazel nut, and two lemons cut into slices. Let it stand 24 hours, then strain and keep it in well-corked bottles. Damp the stain with this preparation and rub the place with fresh water directly afterward.

Obstacles of Art.

"There is one thing," said the heavy man of the theatrical company, "that'll have to be attended to."

"What is it?" asked the stage manager.

"You remember the scene in which I pledged the princess' health in this crystal goblet of foaming wine?"

"Yes."

"Well, you can do one of three things. You can make that cold tea weaker, put some sugar in it, or else get some man who isn't in danger of making a wry face to play the part."

CAN CURE ASTHMA!

A Leading Physician's Discovery.

He Will Prove It Free of Charge to Every Sufferer in Peterborough.

It is but natural that sufferers from that terrible disease known as "Asthma," after treating with doctors and trying without avail, numberless remedies advertised as "positive cures" have come to the conclusion that there is no cure for this most distressing of diseases, and can be pardoned for being still skeptical, when they learn that Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, the recognized authority who in thirty years of experience as a medical practitioner, has treated more cases of Asthma and its kindred than any living doctor, has at last achieved success by perfecting a remedy which not only gives instant relief, even in the worst and most inveterate of cases, but has cured thousands of sufferers who were considered incurable.

Knowing that in making this broad claim a strong doubt may exist in the minds of many who have been duped by fraudulent nostrums, and that a personal test will establish the truth of his claims Dr. Schiffmann authorizes this paper to announce that any sufferer from Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh or Hay Fever, who will send him their address plainly written on a postal card will receive a free trial package of Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure absolutely free of charge. To accept this most generous and extraordinary offer involves only the cost of a postal card and the remedy undoubtedly possesses the merit he claims for it, otherwise the doctor would not openly invite sufferers to test it absolutely free of charge, before purchasing; even paying the postage on the sample himself. This offer is not good after March 1st, so persons desiring to avail themselves of the same should promptly send their address to Dr. R. Schiffman, 835 Rosabel-st., St. Paul, Minn, U.S.A.

THE BUBONIO PLAGUE.

A Dreadful Disease of China and India That May Girdle the Earth.

The fact that two cases of the bubonic plague have developed in London is a reminder that eastern epidemics too frequently girdle the earth in running their course, as did la grippe, which was first heard from in Russia. We are exposed on two sides to invasion by the bubonic plague, which is the "black death" which in 1665 killed 100,000 Englishmen. Already two cases have occurred on one of the Pacific mail steamers en route from China to San Francisco. This disease is said to have been more or less prevalent in parts of China since the seventeenth century, when it swept all Europe. It took pestilential form in Canton about two years ago.

In all violent outbreaks of bubonic plague, rats seemed first to be seized, and their death in great numbers always preceded by a few days corresponding ravages among human beings. The swarming rats, dying by thousands, were the first warning the Chinamen had that the epidemic was upon them. From China the disease got to Formosa and the Malay peninsula. The Japanese, with their modern learning, kept the deadly invader comparatively at bay; but the disease crept into India, and has spread with frightful rapidity. In India, as in China, the advent of the plague was heralded by an epidemic among rats.

A feature of the disease is the suddenness of the attack. The first symptom is usually a chill. Then follows acute nervousness, with fever that sends the temperature to from 100 to 107 degrees. Headache, thirst and intense pain in the upper part of the abdomen follow. Sticky perspiration exudes from the pores, and then follow the glandular swellings from which the disease takes its name. These occur in the groin, or neck, or under the armpits. The more of them there are, the less dangerous the attack. Dark spots appear upon the skin of the victim just before dissolution.

An eminent Japanese bacteriologist who studied in Europe under Koch has discovered the microbe of "black death," and his discovery was confirmed by Prof. Gersin, formerly attached to the Pasteur laboratory, in Paris. The bacillus is short, thick, easy of culture, and when inoculated on guinea pigs, kills them in 24 hours. It is hoped a vaccine will be obtained that will prove efficacious.

THE MYSTERY OF LIFE.

Important Part Played by Carbonic Acid, Water and Ammonia

What do we know of life? Carbonic acid, water and ammonia, when taken into a plant, produce in some way protoplasm, which is a substance composed of minute corpuscles, and inside each corpuscle there is a smaller body called a nucleus, says London Truth. By taking in carbonic acid, water and ammonia and converting them into this compound, called protein, the plant maintains its vigor, grows and multiplies. The animal does the same by taking in the same compound, with this difference that whereas the plant can manufacture protoplasm out of inorganic matter, the animal is obliged to procure it ready made from the plants. The same nucleated mass of protoplasm that is the unit of plant life is the unit of animal life. The body and the plant are multiples of such units variously modified, but in their composition identical.

When the animal dies the carbonic acid, the water and the ammonia of his body are restored to the collective stock. Again they are taken into new plants and through new plants into new animals. Thus protoplasm is the basis of all life. It is built up or ordinary matter and it is resolved again into ordinary matter. Plants can make protoplasm out of its component parts; animals can convert lifeless into living protoplasm. This is the only difference between a man and a plant as regards their making. How all this is done we have not the remotest notion. All that we know is that it is done. Remove the carbon, the oxygen, the hydrogen and the nitrogen which form carbonic acid, water and ammonia from the globe, and all vitality, whether animal or vegetable, would disappear from it. When brought together under certain conditions they give rise to protoplasm, and this protoplasm produces all the phenomena of life.

Utilizing the Ocean's Waves.

A California inventor is experimenting with a wave motor which is intended to make use of the enormous force of the sea. The especial merit of this device is that all the machinery is on dry land, and thus not at the mercy of storms. There is a buoy anchored in the water, and in it is stepped a mast, the top of which describes a part of an arc as the buoy pitches. To the top of the mast is attached a wire which runs ashore to the motor. By means of drums, a weight and pawl and ratchet wheels the various motions of the mast roll the flywheel constantly in one direction. It would be a great triumph over nature if the forces that cause seasickness could be put to a more satisfactory service.

Rapid Photograph Printing.

The new apparatus for rapidly printing photographs is now employed at the establishment of Arthur Schwartz of Berlin for illustrating magazines. The bromide paper mostly used is about four inches wide and more than 1000 yards long, although a width of about 18 inches is sometimes used, and lifesize pictures of men on horseback have been produced. As many as 40,000 copies of cabinet photographs have been printed and made ready for distribution in ten hours. An elegant print by this process is given in a Russian photographic journal, which states that the 1200 copies of the edition were absolutely identical in tone and finish.

Value of Woods For Charcoal.

The different woods which are to be used in making charcoal may be estimated as to their relative value by this rule: Of the oaks 100 parts will yield 23 parts of charcoal; beech, 21, the elms, the apple and the white pine, 23; birch, 24; maple, 22; willow, 18; poplar, 20; hard pine, 22 1-2. All charcoal used in the manufacture of gunpowder is made from either willow or elder wood.

"77" FOR GRIP AND Stubborn Colds

"Seventy-Seven" Cures Both.

The symptoms of La Grippe as described by physicians are so like a Cold as to baffle the skilled practitioner. First a slight fever with chills, followed by a catarrhal condition of the head, decending to the throat and even to the larynx and bronchial tubes. In most cases there is a most distressing and stubborn cough. The severer cases run for weeks unless checked by the use of Dr. Humphreys' "77."

"77" cures Colds, Grippe, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains in the Head and Chest, Cough and Sore Throat.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free. A small bottle of pleasant pellets fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgia and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I find this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economise fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

SHUTTING DOWN —ON— LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us who he is, a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

AT THE REVIEW BOOKSTORE.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In THE REVIEW.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.15 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

THE WORK OF CHECKING

THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Is being pushed ahead rapidly, and we are now sufficiently acquainted with the stock to be able to promise you such bargains as you never saw before.

Be getting ready your want list and watch for the announcement of

THE GREAT

SLAUGHTER SALE

of this stock at our Simcoe-st. Store.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

GOODS

ROLLING IN :-:

And out each day at Routley's Old Stand. Big lines of

Crockery, Glassware Spring Wall Paper, Curtain Poles and Window Shades

are at hand this week.

Call and see us. WE SELL CHEAP.

C. F. KUTZBACH

ROUTLY'S OLD STAND.
379 GEORGE ST.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants,* which soon lead to *Imbecility, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave.* Has been prescribed over 36 years in thousands of cases; is the *only Reliable and Honest Medicine known.* Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Two Copies for 5 Cents

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Personal.

Mr A E Curran, of Toronto, is in town, the guest of his father-in-law, Mr R Mulholland.

Musical Goods.

Everything in the music line at prices that are right. A large and assorted stock to select from. Old Stand. Peterborough Music Co.

St. Luke's Church, Ashburnham.

Two sermons on the "Unity of the Church," will be preached by Rev H Symonds, the first to-morrow evening, and the second on Sunday week in the evening. All seats free.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

All Interested in Banjo.

Mandolin and guitar music and are desirous of learning to play are asked to meet at Mulligan & Potter's music store on Friday night at eight o'clock. Word must be sent to Professor Newton, of Toronto, on Saturday. 2d35

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Lech's.

The Bible Society.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society has been arranged for Wednesday, February 24th, at 8 o'clock, in St. Paul's church, when the Rev W F Wilson, of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto, will address the meeting.

You Will Be Doubly Well

f you spend your time well and your money well in selecting and buying what you need In future at Clegg's. The stock embrace nearly anything you might want and reductions in the price have been made in every line. Now is the time to buy. This is the bargain season. Remember the place, Clegg's furniture store, 427 George-st. d34tf

Everyone Invited.

Call in when you have nothing else to do. We always like to see you. We miss you very much when you don't call. Come in if you want anything and get it. Come in if you don't want anything, you may see something you do want. Every person wants some groceries and you might just as well have the best. That is what you will never fail to get from E. Brown & Co., 394 George-st. P. S.—Finest line of canned meats, fish and fruits. d21

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from 3 years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. For further particulars apply Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st.

Good quality, fast colored Print Wrappers. Neat patterns $1.50 each, at Turnbull's.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

A SUCCESSFUL COMPANY

IN another column will be found the report of the twelfth annual meeting of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company and attention is directed to that report, which shows a most satisfactory year's business, a result which can be attributed in large measure to the careful, economical supervision and good judgment exercised by the management. It is not necessary to go into the figures given in the financial statement printed elsewhere. It is sufficient to that with the year's earnings, $83,297.47, the directors paid the interest on all borrowed capital, expenses of management, etc., a six per cent dividend on the paid up capital and then $2,010.74 was carried to the contingent fund, which now amounts to $3,457.21, while the reserve fund totals $105,000, making a total surplus of $108,457.21, which is equal to 18 per cent of the paid up stock of the company.

A feature of interest in connection with the year was referred to by the President, namely the departure of the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company as a business competitor from Peterborough and adjacent counties, thus leaving this field to the Toronto Loan and Savings Company. This will make the latter company a Peterborough institution, and, as was remarked, the local gentlemen in the management will be doing business when they are best posted and where their business will be of the safest and best character. This change is being inaugurated gradually, thus reducing the inconvenience and interruption to business to a minimum. Under the new order of things the Toronto Savings and Loan company should not only maintain its sound and solid standing, but should give even better results.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

BOY'S BRIGADE

A Company Organized at St John's Church —The Officers

Company No 43, of the Church Boy's Brigade, has been duly organized at St. John's church, with excellent promises. At a meeting held on Thursday evening the following officers were elected and installed by the Warden, Rev E V Stevenson acting on behalf of the Chief Warden, Rev Chas H Shorth, of Toronto.

Capt—Ford Sawers.
1st Lieut—Archie Hazel.
2nd " —Percy Clarke.
1st Sergt—Harold Byers.
2nd " —Geo Heatherington.
Col Sergt—Edwin Kennedy.
Sub-Warden—Tom Lannin.

Mr Walter Roberts has kindly undertaken the duties of drill sergeant and all may look for an excellent company.

FORESTERS' MEETING.

Important Meeting of the Members of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

A joint meeting in the interests of the different local Courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters is to be held in the Foresters' Hall, Simcoe-st., on Monday evening, February 15th, for the purpose of taking into consideration the notices of motion to be submitted at the annual meeting of the High Court, which commences February 23rd inst. The members of all the Courts in the town and country districts are requested to attend and take part in the proceedings Meeting commences at 8 o'clock sharp. 3d35-1w7

Notice.

I hereby give notice that on and after this date F. L. Robinson and Mrs. T. Fitzgerald are NOT authorized by me to receive payment of my accounts. Also I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by them in my name without my written order.—T. FITZGERALD. 3d37

THE CONVENTION IS AT AN END.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION HOLDS ITS LAST SESSION.

Addresses by Mr. J. A. Paterson, Chairman of the Provincial Executive, Rev J G Potter, Rev A T Dykeman and Dr Couch, of Warsaw—Finance Conference.

The County Sabbath School Association concluded its annual convention last evening with a public meeting in St. Paul's church.

The afternoon session was well attended and additional interest was attached by the presence of Mr J A Paterson, of Toronto, chairman of the Provincial Executive.

Dr. Couch, of Warsaw, was the first speaker. Though much time was paid to secular education, Dr. Couch claimed Sunday school work was more important. Sunday school workers were busy people, but they always could find a little more time for the work. Success did not depend on numbers, but on the quality of work done. Teachers should be consecrated, as their work was responsible and should enter upon their work filled with prayer.

LAWS OF TEACHING.

Rev. J. G. Potter followed with an admirable address on "The Laws of Teaching." Officers, he said, should take part in the discipline of the school and should be prompt and interested. The teachers needed to be possessed with strong mental, moral and spiritual powers. Teachers should also be studious, prayerful and consecrated. They were to teach the Word of God, which had been a great power and through which God had revealed sin and salvation. Mr. Potter said the Gospel had ennobled everything it touched. The teachers taught the boys and girls full of life. As the child was interested it became like the bulb or seedling. The live being developed had its nourishment in the seed. Were it not for that life they would have no christian enthusiasm. The children who formed their classes were children with souls to save; children who must necessarily make up the community ten years hence and bear the responsibility of carrying on the church's work. They were to teach by getting ready promptly for work, by making the Scriptures plain and by personal application of the lesson. They should teach sympathetically, without favoritism. They should be sociable, occasionally invite the class to their home. He advised securing the co-operation of the parents. In the class use simple language, watch over the class, teach at the school, home, street and business, teach constantly. Mr Potter outlined several reasons for teaching. 1 To reflect christianity. 2 Present the truth that they may know the mind of God. 3 To lead to confession of christianity. 4 To lead them to become workers for Christ. 5 To build up a character that will be a blessing. He also pointed out some dangers to be avoided. Teachers should not speak slightingly of parties, superintendent or parent, or in a questionable way of the great institutions of God. Avoid engendering a sectarian spirit or a foul spirit. Teachers should be imbued with power, abiding faith in God, God's words and His work.

CONFERENCE ON FINANCE.

Mr. S.R. Armstrong conducted the finance conference. He was brief and to the point, placing before the gathering three questions to be answered.

First he asked "Why do we want any money," and in reply it was stated that a large portion of the money was contributed to the Provincial Association, the remainder, a small amount, going towards expenses. Mr. Mr. J. A. Patterson explained that the money contributed to the Provincial Association was devoted to paying the salaries of the secretaries, and a certain amount was given to the International Association, which he contended was justified, if by no other fact, that the Association arranged the International lessons.

The next query was "How much do they want?" Eighty-five dollars it was stated, was promised to the Provincial Association and $25 extra was pledged to a debt of that Association.

The appointment of the Finance committee was left to the executive.

THE PROVINCIAL CHAIRMAN.

Mr. J. A. Patterson was then introduced, and he delivered an admirable address on "The Evolution of the Sabbath school," dealing with it from three standpoints: 1. Where the Sabbath school came from. 2. Where it is now, and 3, Where it is going to.

Mr. Wm. Medill resigned the position of treasurer and Mr. Geo Stewart, of Otonabee was appointed to the vacancy.

The session concluded with devotional exercises by Rev J G Potter.

Evening Session.

At the evening session the attendance was not large. Rev J G Potter opened the meeting, and after devotional exercises, stated that the new president, Rev A C Reeves, of Lakefield, was absent, and in his stead introduced the vice-president, Rev C E McLeod, to the convention, who addressed the audience for a few minutes, expressing the hope that the year would be encouraging.

Rev A T Dykemen was then called upon, and spoke forcibly upon the subject, "The Sunday school a factor in National Life." In opening, he defined the word life as meaning correspondence with environment. No matter what class of life it was correspondence of environment. National life, he claimed, should be associated with righteousness. What was necessary for the upbuilding of the human soul was necessary for a nation. Righteousness exalted the individual and a nation. Righteousness meant having the soul dominated and controlled by the spirit of justice and truth. Speaking of national life, he stated that the aim of politicians today was not so much for good government as ambition for fame. The politics of to-day weakened a nation. Erroneous ideas were held as to the life of a nation. He also condemned the social conditions. The christian home, the public schools and the colleges were factors in national life, but none of them were greater than the Sunday school. He wondered if the lack of Sunday schools in Germany caused the nationalism in that country. The Sunday school aimed to develop all the parts of a man. The Bible was its text book. Righteousness and intelligence were two essentials of national life, and they were found in the Sabbath school. They wanted a people who would not be bribed and throw away their convictions. The Bible developed the intellectual powers of men. He believed they found the best philosophy in the Bible. The Bible developed the character. An organization that was doing that deserved to be associated with the actors in national life. The nation that practiced God's Word was the strongest. The strong nations of the world to-day were Bible nations. Then to teach righteousness was the province of the Sunday school. He looked upon the Sunday school as an excellent thing because it began with the young when at an impressionable age. The children were the hope of the future. Speaking to the teachers, Mr. Dykeman advised that they train the children properly and their national life would be elevated

Mr. J. A. Paterson, of Toronto, closed the meeting with an address on "What should not be done in diverting and ruining the teaching of the Sunday afternoon," with special reference to Sabbath school entertainments and anniversaries. He maintained that any time a school was summoned the school must be there. As to the entertainments, he alluded to the picnic, tea meeting and magic lantern. It was important that these entertainments should be conducted on proper lines. If entertainment meant amusement, pure and simple, it should not be held in a church. But the children's entertainment, of dignity and sacredness, was distinct from such as that. The entertainment interested the children and brought the parents into contact with the school. The programme should be carefully watched by superintendents and a committee of the best teachers. Nothing of a secular character should be admitted. The first, second and third points to be aimed at in the Sabbath school concert was instruction; the fourth point, entertainment, and the fifth, pecuniary result. It must be permeated with that which was instructive. While some parts of an entertainment made the unwary laugh it caused the judicious to grieve. He maintained that no one but the infant classes should be allowed to entertain, except it was sacred. He was not so strict with the infant class, but he was careful in their selections however. A properly conducted concert was a lesson radiant with beauty. They should not entertain children unless they instructed them. The great aim was the saving of souls, let all else be subordinate. Mr. Patterson quoted an authentic article from the Forum of December, on church entertainments, which were termed by the writer disgusting and worldly, and the audience evidently agreed with the author and speaker's opinion, though they were forced to smile at the announcement of church entertainments read. Mr. Paterson felt that these entertainments started likely in the Sunday school, for churches did not plunge into these things at the moment. Let us keep our ideas noble, lofty and pure.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Toronto Telegram contains a racy account of the Wellington-Peterborough III match and in concluding the report says:—"One moment. To any club going to Peterborough, apply to the Wellingtons. This club will say that the Peterborough men are the truest and fairest sports in this our air Ontario."

A big crowd should accompany the hockey team to Kingston on Monday. The team will practice for the last time to-night. The following are requested to be on hand for practice to-night:—Wasson, Montgomery Adams, L King, Belleghem, Davidson, Crosley, Hopkins, Borland, Thorne, H King, Grubbe, Watt and Rubidge.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

Rev. Mr. Symonds' Reply.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—In reply to the enquiry of "The Faith as delivered to the Saints" permit me to say that he will find my view of the place of the Bible in Article VI of the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England, and that I regard our Lord Jesus Christ as the supreme and perfect medium of God's revelation of Himself to man.

Yours, etc.,
HERBERT SYMONDS.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

50c. buys a splendid Unlaundered White Shirt, at Turnbull's.

Corn Social, Tuesday night, Feb. 16th., George-st Church School Room by E. L. of C.E. Novel and attractive. Supper from 8 to 9 o'clock. 15 cts. Programme. 4d36

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY, Feb. 13th.

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen Black and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Young Man

if you are not employed call on William Potter, office 416 George-st., and learn how, (if you are respectable and pushing), to make from $15 to $30 per week. This is no piano agency.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

The Riverside Park Rink Carnival

Has been postponed till Monday evening, Feb the 15th inst. There were quite a number disappointed last evening, despite the advertising done in Friday's newspapers. Should the weather prove disagreeable, then the carnival will be again postponed till the following evening. The Fire Brigade band will be in attendance. 1d

Another lot of Blouse Silks opened out at Turnbull's. They are very choice.

Brevities.

—To morrow is St. Valentine's day.

—Rev H G Mellich, of Manitoba, will preach in the Park-st Baptist church to-morrow.

—Mr I Junkin, postmaster at Bobcaygeon, Clerk of the Division Court, and clerk of Verulam and Bobcaygeon, is dead.

—The two Methodist churches in Cobourg will unite and the King-st. church will be sold. The first church, Division-st., will likely be enlarged.

—Counsillor Best, Town Engineer Belcher and the town solicitor returned from Toronto last evening. They interviewed the city engineer in regard to sewer assessment.

—The W C T U will hold their meeting at Mrs Geo Paton's on Monday, Feb 15th, to make arrangements for the coming of Miss Lillian M Phelps, who will give her famous lecture "From Canada to Rome." All are requested to attend. Will give more information next week.

—Several members of the Cobourg Town Council attempted to dismiss Chief Rankin, but failed. However they succeeded in reducing his salary from $450 to $250. They claim that the Chief was absent from town too frequently without giving notice and that he did not enforce certain by-laws.

—To-morrow (Sunday), at St John's church, will be observed as a day for men. There will be a special celebration of the Holy Communion at 8.30 a.m., to which all communicants of the church are invited. At evensong at 7 p.m. an address will be given to men, when all men of the town are cordially invited to attend and will be made most heartily welcome.

ROSS PLEADS GUILTY

To the Charge of Forgery at Cobourg—To be Sentenced

Wm Ross, whose arrest on the charge of forging the name of Mr Wm Kerr to a cheque was announced several days ago, came up for trial at Cobourg on Wednesday.

The prisoner pleaded not guilty but afterwards withdrew the plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the charge of uttering forged paper. His honor remanded the case until to-day, when the prisoner will come up for sentence.

HENRY O'BRIEN'S HORSE

Two Men Charged With the Theft of the Animal

Wm York and Sam Steele, who are not unknown in police circles, appeared before Police Magistrate Dumble this morning on the charge of stealing a horse from Henry O'Brien.

Mr O'Brien, who resides outside the town limits in North Monaghan, claims York wanted to trade horses with him and he refused to do so. York, he says, enticed him to his place in Ashburnham and there succeeded in changing the horses, and he had been unable to procure his own since. Sam Steele is said to have been connected with York in this deal.

Both men were remanded until Saturday next.

OAK HALL.

WHO IS THE "NEXT OF KIN?"

The Question Will Probably Come Up for Decision at the Approaching Assizes.

A case which will decide a point of much general interest will probably be heard at the approaching sittings of the High Court. It will be a case in which the Court will interpret the meaning of "the next of kin." A writ has been issued on behalf of Mayor Yelland against the executors of the estate of the late Dr A E Yelland for $500, being half of a $1,000 policy held by the deceased in the Independent Order of Foresters. The policy reads that the risk is to be paid "to the next of kin," and the Foresters paid over the money which has been placed to the credit of William Albert Yelland, the infant son of the late Dr Yelland. Mayor Yelland claims one-half the policy as being the "next of kin."

Mr. A. P. Poussette, Q. C., is acting for Mayor Yelland, Mr. W. H. Moore for Mrs. Yelland, and Mr. Hoskins, Toronto, for the infant.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

THE SWELLEST LINE!

NEW SPRING COLORED SHIRTS

—White bodies with colored bosoms and cuffs.
—Correct fit, style and make.
—Neckbands on the bias, to ensure perfect fit about the neck, and not to work out under collar.
—In all the new fabrics—striking and nobby.
—Range of patterns lengthy and interesting.
—Soft effects for aesthetic people. Laundried to suit critical shirt men.
—With collars and cuffs attached or detached.
—Prices, 65c., 85c., 98c., $1.25 and $1.45. Take a look at our window display of the 98c. kind.

Established 1857. Mercer's 356 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The Granites meet this evening to arrange for the Dryden cup competition at Lindsay on Tuesday.

A bonspiel is announced to take place at Cobourg next Wednesday.

A rink of colts skipped by Ernie Rutherford defeated four veterans captained by Mr D Belleghem, at the rink last evening by one shot.

Three rinks of curlers went down to Campbellford yesterday afternoon and met the curlers of that village in a friendly contest in the evening. The Campbellford worshippers of the game administered a defeat to the local curlers, Judge Weller's being the only rink that came out on top.

PETERBOROUGH.		CAMPBELLFORD.
	Rink No. 1.	
H Snowden,		
Ed Brown,		
Geo Brown,		
Geo Edmison, skip..	13	E W Gaudrie, skip 21
	Rink No. 2.	
R E Wood,		
W L Allen,		
T E Bradburn,		
Judge Weller, skip	19	Dr Macoun, skip. 17
	Rink No. 3.	
J Robson,		
R Fortye,		
Thos Rutherford,		
R B McKee, skip...	10	C L Owens, skip.. 24
Total.....	42	Total..... 62

Majority for Campbellford, 20 shots.

After the match the Campbellford curlers entertained their guests at an oyster supper.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, Feb. 14th Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor, Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. Septuagesima Sunday. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. Monthly corporate Communion of the men of the parish. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—Messrs W Hinchliffe, R H Kells, J Mulholland and W Roberts. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, Feb. 14th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor.- Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, cottage prayer meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. — Septuagesima Sunday. 8.30 a. m., celebration of Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p.m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evening from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

Prominent Business Man of Peterborough Cured of Eczema.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinwear dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts:—"Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured.

Children's Pretty Golf Jersey's, only 75c. each at Turnbull's.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

TORONTO SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS.

The Twelfth Annual Report and the Financial Statement—Remarks by the President—The Directors Chosen for the Year.

The annual general meeting of the Toronto Savings and Loan Company was held at the Company's office, 437 George-st., on Thursday, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock.

The President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, having taken the chair, the Manager, Mr. W. G. Morrow, acting as secretary, the following report and financial statement was read:—

THE TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE TORONTO SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY.

The directors submit herewith their annual report, with the accompanying statements of assets and liabilities and profit and loss accounts. With the earnings for the year, which amounted to $83,297.47, the directors were enabled to pay interest on all borrowed capital, expenses of management, commission on money borrowed and loaned, a six per cent dividend on the paid up capital, and to transfer $2,010.74 to the credit of contingent fund.

The reserve fund now amounts to $105,000.00, and the contingent fund to $3,457.21, making a total surplus of $108,457.21, equal to 18 per cent. of the Company's paid up capital.

The interest maturing during the year on the Company's mortgages and the rentals on the Company's properties have been well met.

The auditors' certificate, certifying to the correctness of the statements and the condition of the securities is attached.

Respectfully submitted on behalf of the directors.

GEO. A. COX, President.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1896.

Assets.

Net value of mortgages and and other securities.....		$1,521,070 65
Cash on hand.....		1,413 50
Cash in banks.....		21,372 05
Sundry accounts due to company.....		2,503 30
		$1,546,359 50

Liabilities.

TO THE PUBLIC:		
Deposits with accrued interest...	$151,548 92	
Currency debentures interest.....	658,607 55	
Sterling debentures interest.....	8,273 33	
		$ 818,429 80
Sundry accounts due by company.....		1,472 49
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:		
Capital stock subscribed, $1,000,000		
Upon which has been paid.....	$600,000 00	
Reserve fund.....	105,000 00	
Contingent fund, Dec 31, 1895, $1,446 47		
Added from profits of year $2,010 74.	3,457 21	
Dividend No 21, due January, 1897...	18,000 00	
		$ 726,457 21
		$1,546,359 50

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

DR.	
Interest on deposits, currency and sterling debentures.....	$36,665 28
General expenses, taxes, repairs, insurance, etc	8,621 45
Balance carried down, being net profit	38,010 74
	$83,297 47
Half-yearly dividends, Nos 20 and 21	$36,000 00
Transferred to contingent fund...	2,010 74
	$38,010 74
CR.	
Interest of investment, rentals, etc	$83 297 47
	83,297 47
By balance brought down, being net profit for year.....	$38,010 74
	$38,010 74

AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that I have carefully audited the books and accounts of the Toronto Savings and Loan company, for the year ending 31st December, 1896. All disbursements have been properly vouched for, and the postings and balances of the company's ledgers have been checked and found correct.

The above statement of assets and liabilities shows the position of the company on 31st December, 1896, and the profit and loss account is a correct showing of the operations of the company for the year ending on that day.

I have also examined the securities and find everything in order.

E R WOOD, Auditor.

Peterborough, 12th January, 1897.

The President in moving the adoption of the report said:—Gentlemen,—I have now much pleasure in presenting for your approval the twelfth annual statement of this company, printed copies of which have been in the hands of the shareholders for some days, and from which you will be glad to learn that the results of the year's operations have enabled your directors to pay the usual half-yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum, amounting to $36,000.00, and to make a further addition of $2,010.74 to the contingent fund, making it $3,457.21 and the reserve fund $105,000.00. It will be known to most if not all the shareholders present that during the year important changes have been effected in the policy and direction of the company, which it is confidently anticipated will very materially promote its future prosperity. By an arrangement with the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company the Toronto office of this Company has been closed, and, in accordance with the provisions of the charter in that behalf, the head office and entire business of the Company has been transferred to Peterborough where it already has important investments, and by the agreement with the "Central Canada," to which I have already referred, that Company is no longer to compete for business in the counties adjacent to Peterborough, which is to be the future home of this Company. The mortgages now held by the "Central Canada," where it is satisfactory to the borrower and to the Company, will as they mature, be taken over and renewed by this Company. This arrangement which it is thought will be mutually profitable to both Companies by effecting economy in management and closer supervision of business, has been greatly facilitated and strengthened by the cordial co-operation of the Peterborough directors of the "Central Canada," who have kindly consented to throw in their lot with what is now to be a home Company. The intimate knowledge and acquaintance that these gentlemen have of this and the adjacent counties to which the operations of the Company are to be restricted, and the long experience that many of these have had in business in this Midland district will give the company unusual advantages in acquiring a safe and profitable business in one of the most fertile and prosperous sections of Canada. I now move, seconded by Mr. Hall, vice-president, the adoption of the report and the statement herewith submitted, and that they be printed for circulation amongst the shareholders, depositors and debenture holders of the company. Before asking your assent to this resolution I shall be glad to answer any question or furnish any information that may be desired by any shareholder present.

Mr. Richard Hall, the Vice-President, seconded the resolution for the adoption of the report which was carried unanimously.

The usual votes of thanks were passed.

Mr. E. R. Wood was re-appointed auditor for the ensuing year.

The election of directors was then proceeded with, when the scrutineers reported the following gentlemen as duly elected for the ensuing year:—Hon. Geo A. Cox, Richard Hall, Aaron A. Cox, William Cluxton, Peter Hamilton, A. L. Davis, H. J. LeFevre, D. W. Dumble and James Stevenson, ex-M.P.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Hon. Geo. A. Cox was elected president, and Richard Hall and Aaron A. Cox Vice-Presidents.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Job line of Ladies' and Children's Wool Vests, only 10c. each, at Turnbull's.

THE HYPNOTIC SLEEPER

He Will be Awakened To-night After Ninety-six Hours Sleep

Prof Ferris, the hypnotist, who with a company of entertainers, has been in town this week, has been ill and was unable to appear last night or the night before at the opera house. The other members of the company, however, put on a programme. Prof Ferris promises to be at to-night's performance when at 10.30 sharp he will awaken the young man who has been sleeping in a bed in the opera house since Tuesday night.

Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Cured for 35 Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Barbers' Itch, Ulcers, blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors; 35 cents. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

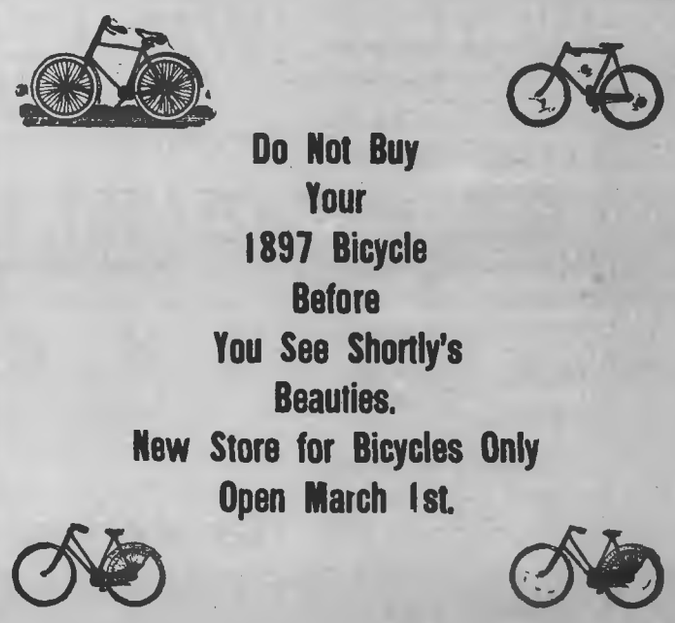
OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.



PURE

Pure and purity are words that mean a great deal—if an article is only 75 per cent. pure, you lose 25 per cent. of what you pay for it in waste; some articles like

GOLD

look pure though the only gold is a thin veneer on the outside. It looks like gold, feels like gold, but does not wear like gold. Use sooner or later wears off the thin coating and shows the baser metal beneath—The Housewife's

BAKING

is the same—Alum and Phosphate Baking Powders will raise a cake, and make it look delicious and wholesome, but in a day or so it becomes soggy, dry and heavy and the insoluable particles that remain in the cake tend to destroy digestion and the delicate lining of the stomach. In Pure Gold Baking

POWDER

an absolutely pure cream of tartar (a product of the grape) and soda baking powder, the raising element, gas, rises slowly and evenly, gently lifting the cake to the required lightness, then holds it till the crust is formed and finally passes off, leaving not a trace of any deleterious substance behind. Insist upon Pure Gold Baking Powder; your grocer sells it.

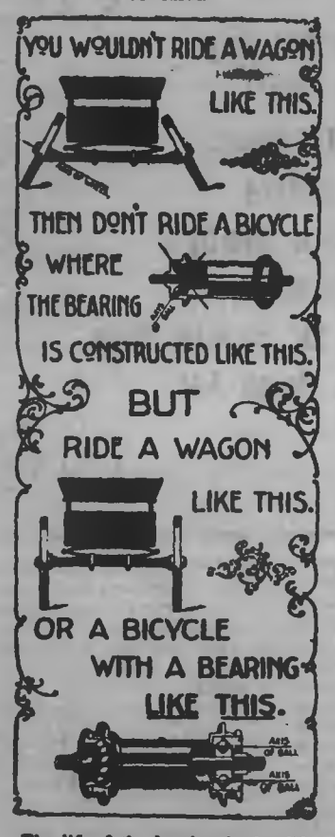
USE PURE GOLD FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE

BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any whee on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,

AGENT.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

8 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON

BY THE MANY IMITATIONS OF

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

That are pushed for the sake of extra profit. See that the word "Salada" is on the lead package.

Sold in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60c. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

Well, my dear if you would only try "Quickcure," the aching would stop at once.

That Aching Tooth

"No matter from what it is caused, yields promptly to one application of "Quickcure."

The pain disappears almost immediately. Inflammation is promptly checked and needless suffering avoided. "Quickcure" may be relied on as a certain cure for toothache. Sold by druggists or

The Quickcure Company Ltd. Quebec, Can.

QUICKCURE QUICKCURE QUICKCURE

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

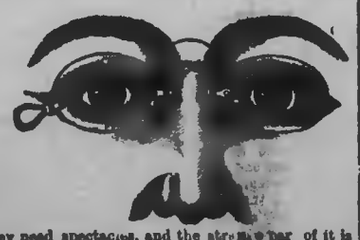
D. H. KERNEGHAN

Has bought the business formerly carried on by Thomas Brady and will continue in the old stand carrying in stock all lines of

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Seeds, Etc.

No. 442, Corner George and Brock Sts.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 252 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE - - - - - Town Building

FINCH W. HELLIER,

Agent and Ass't S

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures

COUGHS and COLDS

in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBER & SON, Beachette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. O. Kiersons of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. O. McComber of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist, 366 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.

Sole Proprietors

MONTREAL

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

Spanish damsel, who imagines she adores him because he has been too agile and shrewd for old toro. Jack long ago tired of these little affairs. The girl who wins him must be wooed, and not do the wooing herself.

CHAPTER V.

At last they gain the street crowd, already swollen by those leaving the pavilion, and as the word goes around that this is the brave American who slew the most terrible bull ever seen in Madrid, and deeded the reward to the poor of the city, murmurs of admiration arise.

Don Carlos secures a vehicle, into which they all crowd, and soon the more quiet streets of the Spanish city are gained, where they con converse at leisure. The elder gentleman speaks again of Jack's bravery, and the senora joins in his praise, but she who was the incentive for the act says never a word in connection with it. This piques Jack exceedingly, and he begs the others to say no more—that it did not amount to a great deal, any way, as he has seen bulls even more fierce in the land of the Montezumas, which remark brings him a quick glance and a smile from Mercedes, who has not forgotten what she said when comparing the animals of the two countries.

The ride is continued along the beautiful Calle del Prado, for the day is fine, and all feel an exhilaration after the bad atmosphere in the Plaza del Toros. Just opposite the museum the senor gives a signal to stop, and orders the drived to wait for them.

Here they spend quite a time with pleasure, for the museum contains a wonderful collection of rare paintings.

As usual, quite a crowd is in attendance—strangers in Madrid always make for the museum the first thing. Here almost all of the old masters are represented, from Rubens and Murillo to Raphael, and the artistic mind finds enough for a long continued feast to cover several days.

People are still crowding in, coming from the bull-fight, many of them travellers. A small admission fee is charged, something one seldom finds in the art galleries of Europe, though the attendants must always be tipped.

Jack is interested more in the lovely woman at his side than the pictures in the gallery, nevertheless he manages to find fault with several masterpieces, and express a plebian taste for modern painting—bits of exquisite landscape, especially when there is some animal in focus. You see, Jack's artistic education has been neglected, and as a general thing he sees through the eyes of the nineteenth century, and not with glasses three hundred years old, which accounts for his love of nature, and repugnance of gloomy paintings, no matter how valuable.

In front of one, however, he does stand entranced—it is a Murillo—"Rebecca at the Well." The colours of garments and features, the well with its bucket, the maidens in the foreground with their loveliness of form, feature, and manner, and the turbaned Oriental attendants farther back, attending to the camels, make a bright scene that holds the eye of the most ordinary observer.

As Jack turns to make some remark to his companion, he comes face to face with the man whose glance he caught at the bull-fight—the Turk. This time he gives as good as he receives. The pasha stops and speaks to Mercedes. Jack's eyes are upon her, and he notes a singular fact. In his rambles through the South-Western States he has more than once seen a rattlesnake charming a bird, and noted the manner in which the poor feathered songster fluttered near the reptile, advancing and retreating, yet lacking the power to break the spell, and bound to fall a victim unless help came.

Somehow he is impressed with the idea now that such a scene is being enacted before him. Mercedes laughs lightly, but there is something in her manner that betrays concern, anxiety—fear of this man.

In the ordinary case it has always been Jack's plan to shoot off the head of the serpent, and save the bird. Perhaps he may have an opportunity to do something of the same sort here later on; meanwhile he will keep his wits about him and watch.

The pasha says something in a low tone to Mercedes, who, turning quickly, introduces these two men, born foes. Both bow gravely, but neither extends a hand. The pasha, in excellent English, makes a remark about the dexterity of the American in regard to killing a bull, and what a foothold he already has upon the ladder of fame if he cares to carry on the business, to which Jack, unruffled, replies that he had rather practice his skill upon something more human than bulls, and has a mission in life a little above the feat of living upon the plaudits of a fickle Spanish audience at a bull-fight.

Just at this moment Doctor Jack's eyes, in ranging past the pasha, fell upon something that gives him a start. It is a face—one such as Murillo would have loved to paint.

The girl is not a native of Madrid. Her face, light hair, and wonderfully bright blue eyes, together with her costume, and, above all, the way in which she carries herself, stamp her as a New Yorker. It is generally true that there is an individuality about the New York girl that can be detected even by careless observers, and Jack could never be called that.

He excuses himself to Mercedes for a few minutes to speak to an acquaintance, he says, but, truth to tell, he has never set eyes on the face of this American girl before. In his pocket he carries a photograph, and watching his chance, he takes this out to compare the face with that of the stately girl who saunters about, swinging her parasol carelessly, and seemingly indifferent to the fact that she has been separated in the crowd from the companion who acts the part of duenna.

"There can be no mistake. I wonder how she will receive me, and whether my story may be credited. Well, here goes, at any rate. My chance has come."

It is easy to understand now why Doctor Jack's glance roved so often in the direction of the foreign quarter at the bull-fight. He was looking for this face.

Perhaps, in comparison with the wonderful features of Mercedes, this American girl could not be called beautiful, but there is something better about her features—they are full of expression, animation, and life. One might go a long way without discovering a face that can compare with that which Doctor Jack fastens his eyes on.

These two are the opposites of nature as revealed in womankind—the one with olive-coloured, velvet skin, magnificent features, hair and eyes as black as midnight, real figure, and the jealousies characteristic of the Latin race; the other fair, frank, fearless, full of love for a frolic, tender if need be, but always her own true self. What a choice for a man.

Such a thought flashes through the mind of Doctor Jack as he looks at the girl before him, but time is precious, and the golden opportunity may not hold out.

He has by this time managed to push his way through the crowd, and is now close beside the divinity from Gotham. Indeed, if he but chooses to do so, he might touch her. Instead, he waits until she looks his way, a trifle annoyed because she is hemmed in by a group of natives, and her silk attire in danger of being crushed.

Their eyes meet. Jack half smiles, and is amazed to see her start visibly. Does she know him? Impossible, for he has never before met this girl face to face, though just at present his mission in Madrid seems to have some sort of connection with her.

He wastes no more time, for surely this chance meeting is auspicious. It must be accepted as a harbinger of success. Politely bowing, he asks:

"I beg pardon, but am I not addressing Miss Avis Morton, of New York?"

She freezes him with her look, and drawing up to her full height, replies:

"That is my name, sir, but I have not the honour of your acquaintance."

The manner implies more than the words would signify, and some men might have been abashed, but Doctor Jack always did prefer to hunt difficult game, and was never known to fish in any well stocked preserve, snatching his trophies from the wild mountain brooks and lakes, where they had every chance in their favour.

Somehow he likes Avis Morton from the word "go." Her looks and manner charm him, and now her words add to the zest. Here is a girl worth the winning, and lucky the man who may wear the wild rose.

Jack has no fear regarding his reception when he tells her what is on his mind, and yet he does not hurry about it. Feeling so positive on this score, he seems to think he might as well enjoy watching the various shades of emotion play over that expressive face before showing his own trumps.

"We have never met before, Miss Morton, but in a foreign country the lack of an introduction does not stand in the way of people becoming acquainted when they hail from the land of the glorious stars and stripes."

She remains as frigid as the Polar seas, and probably there is no one who can assume this character with more hauteur than the New York girl of society. Jack looks in vain for some sign of relenting. His first attack has not been a very brilliant success.

"What you say may ordinarily be true enough, and at some future time I may be pleased to know you, but at present I am in search of my good friend, Madame Sophie. You will excuse me, Doctor Jack, if—"

"Ah! you know me!" he cries, delighted to hear his name fall from those lips.

She colours a little, then laughs.

"Well, to tell the truth, I heard the gentleman in front call out your name."

"Good gracious! were you there?"

"I travel by the old motto of 'When in Rome do as the Romans do,' and it would never do for me to talk of Spain and say I had not seen a bull-fight. Besides, do you know, I actually enjoyed it a little. Perhaps away back I had Spanish ancestors—who knows?"

Doctor Jack has but one idea in view, and this to keep up the conversation, for although Avis has declared that she must not stand and talk with a stranger, like many of her sex, she does exactly what she declares she will not.

Perhaps this is due in part to the singularly attractive qualities of the American doctor, and the fact that he

To be Continued

HOPE ENTHRONED.

LIFE PROLONGED AND ITS USEFULNESS GREATLY EXTENDED.

The Ruthless Hand of Nature Permits Only the Survival of the Strongest But Medical Science Secures the Survival of the Weakest.

From the Cornwall Standard.

The science and art of medication holds a unique place in the esteem of the entire civilized world, because by a judicious application of progressive science relative to the art of healing innumerable triumphs are won in the struggle for health. The profession of medicine, we may safely say, is no sinecure, its triumphs and successes are rehearsed daily by the million. Those who are in the vanguard of this movement are our greatest benefactors. Their discoveries are a boon to humanity; they have given relief to thousands who would have dragged out a miserable and more or less brief existence. Dr. Williams by means of his Pink Pills has earned and enjoyed the gratitude of untold numbers who were on the verge of isolation or death, because their case defied the skill of the ordinary medical practitioner. The ruthless hand of nature permits only the survival of the strongest, but the tender ministrations of medical science, as exemplified in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, secure the survival of the weakest, which is in harmony with the divine injunction, "We then the are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak and not please ourselves."

These famous pills have given strength to the apparently hopelessly weak, and vitalized and invigorated fragile and debilitated constitutions, enthroned health and strength, thus increasing every value and enhancing every joy. In substantiation of the reputed merits of Dr Williams' Pink Pills read the following testimonial of one of Glengarry's responsible citizens. Samuel Neil, of the village of Lancaster, is one of the best known men of the country. "For three successive winters," says Mr Neill, "I suffered from severe attacks of la grippe. Owing to the exhausting effects of these attacks I was unable to attend to my business half of the time The last attack I had was in December, 1895. It was the most prolonged and the subsequent effect the most trying. All the winter of 1896 I was under medical care and being somewhat advanced in life I presented a very frail appearance. My weakness was so pronounced that I became a victim of weak turns, and even with the assistance of a cane I was liable to fall. Attempts to walk were risky, and often to be regretted. I was troubled with a dizziness in the head that rendered locomotion difficult and unpleasant. Besides this general weakness I had pains in my shoulders, something like articular rheumatism in its fluctuations and severity. After a five months treatment I was not any better, in fact the doctor gave me very little encouragement. He said I had palpitation of the heart and it must run its course. The truth is I felt so weak that my hope of recovery was about nil. About the first of May I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was the dizziness left me, day by day my pains vanished into imperceptibility, and I began to feel myself again. The improvement continued until I was able to follow my business with unexpected vigor. I am increasing in flesh and in the general signs of good health, and I unhesitatingly attribute my recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

It is not complimentary to the social abilities of one's guests to suppose that they cannot be amused without elaborate preparations. If a little pains is taken to bring congenial people together, they cannot fail to enjoy themselves.

The Carroll Mansion.

Chief Justice Fuller's new home in Washington is the old Carroll mansion, one of the finest of the old time residences in the capital and famous for its hospitality in bygone days. It was built by a Mr. Bingold, who sold it to Charles Carroll, from whom it takes its name. The builder of the house was a man of many eccentricities, and it is related that when his daughter eloped he expressed his indignation by smearing the newly plastered walls with raspberry jam.

LIKE SUFFERERS ONLY KNOW

R. Scrives, Carpenter, of Hastings, was a Great Sufferer from Kidney Disease South American Kidney Cure Effected a Quick Cure—It is a Specific Remedy for a Specific Disease—It Dissolves and Eradicates All Solid Matter From the System—Is Safe and Permanent

For many years I have been troubled with kidney disease, necessitating the taking of much in the way of remedies. Two years ago they became so bad that I had to seek the aid of a physician. My urine was more like blood than anything else, and was very painful. Just at that time I began using South American Kidney Cure. It gave me immediate relief, and from that time till now I have had no difficulty. I can safely and honestly recommend this great remedy to all persons suffering from kidney trouble. Sold by H S MacDonald.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rozel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkskale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum. Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

AN INSURANCE MAN'S STORY

J J Hannatty, Inspector for the Standard Life Assurance Co., at Peterborough, Cured of Muscular Rheumatism by the Great South American Rheumatic Cure—It Turns the Midnight of Suffering into Midday Brightness of Good Health—These Are His Words

I was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism in my arm; so much so that for days at a time I could not sleep. I walked the floor in pain the greater part of the night. I procured a bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure and found great relief after a few doses. It's a sure cure, and I heartily recommend it. For sale by H S MacDonald.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....4.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If his body is all out of order and run-down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but doesn't feel just right," he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect, If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. That means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these on every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid, healthful flesh.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IT WAS A FIRE TRAP.

Continued from page 2.

Chief Young said to-day the brigade was handicapped by lack of pressure, and the alarm was given too late. He had himself to ring the general alarm, which should have been rung by those who noticed the fire first. The water works pumps, he thought, did all they possibly could. It was impossible to reach the fire by taking hose up the stairs, on account of the cubby holes that were used for offices. The ladder was the only means they had of reaching the fire. The Conqueror worked well until 6 or 7 o'clock this morning, when, owing to bad coal, she became choked up.

Unprejudiced persons admit that, considering the appliances at their command, the Ottawa brigade did nobly. Unquestionably, however, the brigade equipment is not up to the proper standard. Two years ago when a by-law was submitted to the people to raise $45,000 for new appliances it was voted down. The Fire and Light Committee meets to-morrow for the purpose of taking steps to submit another by-law for properly equipping the brigade, and they will have the support of the citizens this time. Two new fire stations will be built, while two new steam engines, probably two chemical engines, a water tower and other modern appliances will be procured. One or two costly lessons of this character have rudely awakened the citizens to a sense of their insecurity.

City Fire Alarm Supt. MacDonald some years ago suggested to the Department of Public Works that it would be wise to put fire alarm boxes in convenient places throughout the buildings. He was practically told to mind his own business. Some of the officials said that with their indoor hydrants, their hose and fire extinguishers, they had no need of bothering the city fire brigade.

Col. Stevenson of Montreal is severe in his condemnation of the Langevin extension ladder. He said they had one in Montreal, but providence fortunately broke it and it had not been repaired since.

An excellent bon mot is attributed to Sir C. H. Tupper. Someone made a joking remark to him about fire originating in Tarte's department. Sir Charles said: "Well, we said we would 'fire' them out in seven or eight months and look there"—pointing to the western block.

Window Glass to Go Up.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The Pittsburg and Western selling agencies of the window glass manufacturers of Chicago will advance prices 2 1-2 per cent. beginning March 1, in the central and western districts. This does not include the Atlantic, Pacific and Gulf coast districts, where imported glass comes into competition.

The manufacturers committee will meet with the eastern jobbers in New York next week to establish a list of discounts for the eastern coast trade.

ANGUS M'LEOD'S MURDERER.

A Convict in Kingston Penitentiary Who Says He Shot the Napanee Man Years Ago.

Kingston, Feb. 12.—The old adage that "Murder will out!" received startling confirmation yesterday, when a convict in the penitentiary named Troy made a voluntary confession that he in September, 1893, shot and killed Angus McLeod of Napanee, Government Detective Rogers, who had charge of the investigation into the murder, and who, a few months ago, visited the penitentiary here in connection with the case, came down from Toronto yesterday and took down the convict's confession, which is said to be most circumstantial. Troy was sent down from the West two years ago to serve a 20 years' sentence for shooting a railway conductor. Angus McLeod, it will be remembered, was shot in his own house while he attempted to grapple with a burglar whose movements his wife had heard. Mr. McLeod rushed out into the hall, and, as he advanced, the man fired, and the shot took effect. The murderer fled, leaving a brown fedora hat behind. It is said that Troy was run down through the headgear. Mr. McLeod was a tinsmith and a former Kingstonian.

Troy is a tramp, who, while stealing a ride on a train from St. Catharines, was noticed by the conductor, who attempted to put him off. Troy pulled a revolver and fired three bullets into the conductor, none of which had fatal effect. The convict comes from the western portion of the Province. He made his confession voluntarily, and in the presence of Warden Metcalfe. Should the confession show sufficiently strong evidence of being genuine Troy, who is a comparatively young man, will be taken to Napanee and there tried for the crime.

WHERE IS THAT WHEAT?

Ten Thousand Bushels Missing and Mr. Ryan Will be Asked About It—Albani at the Bonspiel—Heads Off.

Winnipeg, Feb. 12—(Special.)—Ten thousand bushels of wheat stored in the farmers' elevator at Killarney has disappeared and cannot be accounted for. N. J. Ryan, who was connected with the management of the elevator, has been arrested for theft.

Madame Albani spent yesterday afternoon in one of the curling rinks, witnessing the bonspiel contests. She seemed to know all about the fine points of the game.

Three immigration officials here have been decapitated by order from Ottawa. They are Hugh Carstens, interpreter; G. A. Cloutier, brother of Rev. Father Cloutier, and James Reid.

BLOWING DEPEW'S WAY.

Mr. Morton is Out of the Race for the British Ambassadorship—He Could Not Accept It.

New York, Feb. 12.—"This leaves me the only candidate for Ambassador to England from this State."

The words were spoken this morning by Mr. Chauncey M. Depew to an Evening Journal reporter in answer to an inquiry concerning ex-Governor Morton's withdrawal from the candidacy for the place. "Governor Morton told me several days ago," said Mr. Depew, "that he had written a letter to Major McKinley stating that he must not be considered a candidate, and urging my appointment. He told me that he had despatched this letter to Canton by a friend. I suppose he meant Charles Saxton."

Mr. Depew was sitting up in bed at his home, eating his breakfast this morning when the reporter called. He said he had been threatened with an attack of pneumonia last Wednesday and that he would have to stay under cover for several days. He was all right now, and a few days more in the house would put him on his feet as well as ever.

Wedding at Norwood.

At Norwood on Wednesday morning last Mr Dwyre, of Dummer, and Miss Boland, of Asphodel, were united in the bands of matrimony by the Rev Father Conway. After the ceremony was performed the party drove to the home of the bride, where they partook of a sumptuous repast.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Director Rothen of the International Telegraph Bureau is dead at Berne, Switzerland

Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Mr. Davies left Washington at noon yesterday to return to Ottawa.

A correspondent of a New York paper writes from Cuba that the people want annexation to the States, and that it is Weyler's intention to exterminate them.

Count Von Wolkenstein Trotsburg, brother of the Austrian Ambassador to France, has committed suicide in Vienna by shooting.

The striking union miners at Spring Hill, N.S., yesterday declined another agreement offered by General Manager Cowans, and the trouble is still on. The men will submit another proposal.

Mrs. Leland Stanford has made a deed of gift to Stanford University, to take effect at her death, of the fine Stanford mansion on Nob Hill, San Francisco, with all its furnishings, paintings and art works, the whole valued at $1,000,000. The house is the finest ever built in California.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade has been dull to-day and prices unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The wheat market is dull, with offerings fair. Red winter wheat can be had at 76c, and white is quoted at 77c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard 83c to 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c to 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 38c, north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offering. Cars are quoted at 34c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts at Western yards to-day were 50 car loads, and a few loads were left over from yesterday. The demand was good for choice qualities of cattle, which ruled firm. The best shippers sold at 3¾c to 4c per lb., and good cattle at 3½c. Stockers are quoted at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls bring 2¾c to 3¼c per lb., according to quality. Butchers' cattle unchanged for best qualities, which sold at 3½c to 3¾c per lb., good to medium at 2½c to 2¾c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 400 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4¼c to 4½c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are unchanged, with receipts of 1300 head. The best sold at 4¾c to 4½c per lb., weighed off cars, thick fats at 3¾c, lightweights at 4c, sows at 3c to 3¼c, and stags at 2c to 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 12.—Spring wheat, 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; corn, 2s 6¼d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 20s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy 25s 0d; do. light, 24s 6d; do. s.c., heavy, 23s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 59s.

London—Wheat on passage dull. English country markets quiet. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures lower at 6s 2¾d for March, 6s 3¾d for May, and 6s 3½d for July. Maize, quiet at 2s 6¼d for Feb. and March, 2s 7½d for May, and 2s 6¾d for July. Flour 23s 3d.

Paris—Wheat 22f 75c for March. Flour 47f 40c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat dull; futures quiet at 6s 2¾d for March, 6s 4d for May, and 6s 3¾d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 7½d for May and 2s 6¾d for July. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady. Flour is 3d lower.

FOURTEEN YEARS IN TERROR.

But Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart Gave Relief in 30 Minutes and Three Bottles Effected a Cure which Baffled the Best of Physicians.

This is what Mrs. J. Cockburn, of Warkworth, Ont., says: "For fourteen years I have been a great sufferer from heart disease; troubled very much with sharp, shooting pains constantly passing through my heart. Very often the spasms were so severe that I would become unconscious. My limbs would swell and become quite cold. For these fourteen years I doctored with best physicians without relief. Having seen Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised, I determined to try it, and before I had taken half a bottle I found great relief. I felt the beneficial effects inside of thirty minutes. I have taken three bottles and it has done me more good than any medicine or any physician ever did. I can conscientiously recommend it to all sufferers from heart trouble." For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

ST. PAUL IN PORT.

The Fog-Bound American Liner Reaches Her Dock at Southampton.

Southampton, Feb. 12.—The American liner St. Paul from New York, Feb. 3, concerning the non-arrival of which at this port there was a great deal of anxiety, passed Hurst Castle at 8.25 o'clock this evening, and reached her dock about two hours' later. Capt. Jamieson told a representative of the United Associated Presses that for the first five days out from New York the weather was the severest he had ever known. Throughout the five days there was a succession of terrific northeast gales, accompanied by a very heavy sea. During the last 36 hours there was an extremely dense fog. From longitude 31 west the weather conditions were such that it was impossible to take an observation and the steamer was therefore navigated by dead reckoning.

The St. Paul arrived in the channel at 6 o'clock last night and was fog-bound until late this afternoon. She was compelled to run at half speed for almost the entire passage. Her best daily run was 453 miles and her worst 270.

The St. Paul spoke the North German Lloyd steamer Trave on Feb. 8. 1500 miles from New York. It is expected that the Trave will arrive here to-morrow.

PILL-PRICE

The days of 25 cents a box pills are numbered.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 20 cents a vial are surer, safer and pleasanter to take.

And are supplanting all others. All druggists sell them.

Cure Constipation, Sick and Nervous Headaches, Dizziness, Lassitude, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite and all troubles arising

Peterborough Markets,

(Corrected Feb. 12, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 28	to	0 36
Peas, small	0 42	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 45
Oats	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 00
Rye	0 33	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT
CURES ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT
I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jas. Cassie, Fergus.

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT
Edmanson, Bates & Co. PRICE 60c. 45 Lombard St., Toronto

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

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Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

Old Gold CIGARETTES

W. S. Kimball & Co
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Retail Everywhere . . .

5c. per Package.

17 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS.

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

CHOICE AS WELL AS CHEAP.

Our stock of Meats is not only characterised by Cheap Prices, it is CHOICE as well. While the variety is large and the stock extensive, we guard against the inferior qualities. Our long-established reputation is a guarantee—for experience is a good teacher. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Select from any piece of meat on our hooks:—Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Sugar-Cured Hams, Poultry, Smoked Meats, Sausage. Howden's Meats will please the most particular people.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Stree

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BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st., one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next doe north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Cluxton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall' Terrace.

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DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vigol Co's

A Special Price-Cutting in High-Class

It is your time to save what we are willing to lose.

FURS! FURS!

Owing to the change in our business the stock must be reduced at once.

Your's from to-day on to end of February at less than wholesale prices. Fully one-third less than former prices:

Astrachan Jackets, 36 in. long, this season's latest style, $40.00 quality, for $28 00
Astrachan Jackets, 36 in. long, new style, fine curl, $32.50 quality, for 20 00
Greenland Seal Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, Satin and Farmer Satin Lining, former value $30, now for 20 00
Black Wallaby Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, Satin Lining, worth $30, for 20 00

Grey Lamb Capes, 30 in. long, wide sweep, very even large curl, were sold $35.00, now $25 00
Grey Lamb Capes, 24 in. long, new style, finest quality, were $27.50, now 18 00
Hampster Lined, fur-lined Cloaks, 30 in. long, full circle sweep, black worsted outside and trimmed with Japanese, Fox and Sable Oppossum, were cheap at $30, now 20 00

Squirrel lined Cloak, 33 in. long, sable trimmed, fine black worsted outside, extra good quality, worth $65.00, now for $47 50
Grey Lamb Jackets, from 24 in. long to 36 in. long, worth from $40.00 to $60.00, now from $25 to.. 45 00
Grey Lamb Caps, worth $2.00, for 1 25
Grey Lamb Caps, worth $3.00, for 1 90
Seal Caps, worth $14, for 9 00
Otter Wedge Caps, worth $14.00 for 8 50

And so on through our large and well assorted stock. Furs at to-day's prices simply cannot be resisted.

FAIRWEATHER & CO.

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS, Peterborough, Toronto and Lindsay

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1897

CONVINCED THE SCEPTIC.

The Merits of the Great South American Nervine Withstand all the Assaults of the Credulous and Sceptical—When They are Converted to Its Use in Their Personal Ailments They Become Its Best Friend—For it Never Fails Them.

Mr. Diawoodie, of Campbellford, Ont., says: "I recommend South American Nervine to everybody. I consider it would be truant to the best interests of humanity were I not so do so. In one instance I convinced an avowed sceptic to all remedies of curative powers; he procured a bottle, and it has been of such benefit to him that he continues to purchase and use it, and has proved its great worth as a stomach and nerve tonic. It has done wonders for me and I keep it constantly in my house. An occasional dose acts as a preventive and keeps me well and strong. It is wonderful medicine." For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

OAK HALL.

Why He Came.

Weary Waggles—About er year ago you gave me a pair o' pants, en I foun' a quarter in 'em.
Lady—And you have come to return the quarter?
Weary Waggles—Naw. I come fer er nuther pair o' pants.

CURED OF SCIATICA.

Left Hip Affected—Suspected Kidney Trouble—Relieved and Perfectly Cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Toronto Junction, Feb 3, (Special)—Mr. H. Playter is not a difficult man to find as everybody here knows that he is foreman at No. 1 Fire Hall. He was the picture of health when called upon by your correspondent and told his story thus:—

"In April, 1896, I suffered from a severe attack of Sciatica affecting my left hip and the leg to the tip of the toes. I suspected it came from some form of kidney trouble and as they had been recommended I procured a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

At the end of the fourth day I was entirely relieved, but desiring a permanent cure I continued to use that and another box and am now perfectly cured and as well as ever in my life. A brother of mine living at Pine Orchard has been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Fine Satean Comforters, filled with clean batting, worth $3.00, for $2.00, at Turnbull's.

BIRTH.

SNYDER—At Edmonton, Alberta, on the 2nd February, the wife of Arthur B Snyder, Inspector N.W. Mounted Police, of a son.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCI.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN TREATY.

One of the greatest treaties in its far reaching influence the world has ever seen now sways in the balance. Uneasy, volatile, truculent statesmen—politicians of the carrion species—seek to hamstring the treaty with amendments and thus compass its destruction. The treaty is not really a sudden idea, but rather the development of a policy which has been growing for nearly one hundred years. It culminates in good-will between the United States and Great Britain. It should be regarded as a policy of evolution, reason, supplanting passion, confidence, throwing over distrust. By this convention the standards of civilization are advanced. The gospel of devastation will be given over to the infamy which befell other gospels of hatred and rapine. Industry, thrift, capital, will no longer wither under the blight of incumbant, imminent war. The world, even the serious financial world, is largely governed by the imagination. Universal distress is but the out-come of universal distrust. The acceptance of this convention will tend largely to the restoration of confidence, greatly to the benefit of international trade.

Are the judges of the U.S. Senate willing to stock civilization by amending or mutilating the proposed covenant of peace? What will they lose by the possible failure of the convention? They forfeit their self-respect, not to speak of the respect of the nations of the world. And if they wish to reject the treaty let it be in the open—the judges showing the courage of their convictions. The world is entitled to the jingo reasons for the destruction of this noble endeavor. To hamstring the treaty by such amendments as those proposed in the Senate; to give it the courtesy of Sicilian banditti, and not the grave deliberation of an impartial, conservative Senate, would be a despicable business wanting alike in candor and courage. It is not more than two years since a treaty with China was killed in like manner by the same so-called deliberative body, the U.S. Senate. That the German Emperor is the unwitting author of the Anglo-American treaty is a somewhat startling statement, but it is only an exaggeration of an undeniable truth. The real beginnings of these treaties lie more than a year back when the South African troubles found England "splendidly isolated." We must remember that England's troubles were many at that time. Russia was making very advantageous treaties with both Japan and China. England had her hands tied at Constantinople. France was snarling about her designs on the Upper Nile. England's only ally in Europe, Italy, had more than she could attend to in Abyssinia. This was the situation when, to complicate matters, Cleveland delivered his jingo message about Venezuela and the U. S. was in arms against England. At this point, when England seemed not to have a friend in the world, the Emperor of the Germans, hot-headed as usual, jumped in and sent a message of fulsome congratulation to President Kruger, and the nations held their breath to hear how England would defend her historic fame. This was the situation when Secretary of State Olney penned a communication which strikingly illustrated that comity was the rule of the relations of the U. S. with Great Britain. Among Jameson's followers in that South African raid were three Americans. They were in peril of their lives when President Cleveland requested the good offices of England for their deliverance.

Technically this may not have been recognition of England's suzerainty, but it had the same effect, for in truth all diplomatic question of England's relation to the Transvaal was at that instant settled. Before many weeks Jameson and his followers were sent to England for trial, and the fire works of the German Emperor were forgotten. For the U S questions of far greater importance were settled. England tacitly conceded her right to intervention in the Venezuela dispute, and this was only the beginning of a general extinction of all *causa belli* between the two great Anglo-Saxon peoples. (A few months before, in Secretary Gresham's time, a permanent plan for arbitration between England and the U S was found to be a utile undertaking.) But now Salisbury's point of view seems changed (the "splendid isolation" and the Venezuelan treaty had something to do with it) and from the outset the success of the new arbitration project was all but certain. All that was required was time to agree on the particulars of this scheme, with its many concessions on the part of England. Now, on no diplomatic or historic ground could England's suzerainty of the Transvaal have been questioned; so the overture of the Secretary of State in behalf of three American citizens in the Boer prison was a simple act of international courtesy. But the diplomatic world was not in a temper to grant comity of historical justice to England at that and it is quite believable that through this initiative of the U S she escaped serious complications; and in the better understanding thus established between the two countries lies the secret of the success of these negotiations. Lord Salisbury himself had sincerely desired the success of the treaty and this success might have been reached some time ago but for opposition he encountered from certain coteries of leaders, not only of the Liberals, but of his own party as well, indeed, from members of his own Cabinet.

Is there any wonder that thoughtful Americans applaud the great diplomatic victory of Salisbury and Olney? The public mind even in christian lands is not trained to measure the fruits of a great diplomatic triumph. The dramatic sense of the nations demands war. If the two countries were now emerging from a long, costly bloody war, could either of them have won more than this treaty gives to both? Strictly speaking, the Monroe doctrine heretofore was only a sonorous shibboleth of United States domestic politics, but these treaties raise it to the rank of an international postulate; and if the Senate ratifies the arbitration treaty the United States has gained a powerful ally who at their need must help them to maintain that doctrine against all comers. The treaty will also conserve Anglo-Saxon resources, and organize them to a point of which English and American statesmen of the past have never dreamed. Having the resources and stimulating the enterprise of both the two countries may well carry Anglo-Saxon ideas into every corner of the earth. And in the share of influence which would come with that irresistible progress of the Anglo-Saxon, these treaties offer more to the United States than they could win by half a century of cheese-paring diplomatic arrangements of the old sort with the other crowned heads of Europe. Russia and Germany are growling already, the latter calling it a new sample of Anglo-Saxon greed. But with all the advantages that are on the side of the United States, there are carrion politicians, some jealous of England, some jealous of Cleveland, and some jealous of nothing but their own pet schemes, who are fighting under cover of secret meetings and long amendments to emasculate the treaty which is destined to do so much for christianity and the world. Whether the treaty be ratified or rejected the mere existence of it shows a splendid state of international good feeling, and it marks a new epoch in the aspirations and progress of the two great Anglo-Saxon nations. This result is already doing much to exterminate the strong Anglo-phobia with which United States politics has been incited.

W. S.

You Present Need

Is pure, rich blood, and a strong and healthy body, because with the approach of spring and the beginning of warmer weather your physical system will undergo radical changes. All the impurities which have accumulated during colder weather must now be expelled or serious consequences will result. The one true blood purifier prominently in the public eye to-day is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Its records of cures is unequalled. Its sales is the largest in the world. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will prepare you for spring by purifying and enriching your blood and toning and invigorating your whole system.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NORWOOD NEWS

Correspondence of the Review.

SALVATIONIST.—The provincial band of the Salvation Army was in town on Saturday and Sunday and gave two grand concerts. The entertainments were well attended and all speak very highly of them.

ANNIVERSARY.—The anniversary services of the Presbyterian church will be held on Sunday, the 14th, when the pulpit will be occupied by Rev. Robert Laird, of Campbellford.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—On Sunday the pulpit of the Church of England will be occupied in the morning by Mr P E Cuff and in the evening by Rev Mr Durant, of Havelock. The Rev John Gibson has to be in Toronto.

FOR A MEDAL.—The curlers have started a series of matches for a medal given by the club. Mr W E Roxburgh and Mr Code played the first match in which Mr Code won by 10 shots. The second was between J R McKelvie and W R Cameron, in which Mr McKelvie won by 10 points. The next two to play were Rev John Gibson and Mr Wm Stephenson, which resulted in favor of Mr Stephenson by 2 points. Mr Rork and Mr Moffat also played off, Mr Rork gaining the day by 7 shots. Probably the most exciting match was that between Mr F E Finlay and Mr Ashe, in which the former won by 8 points.

SOLD OUT.—Mr J S McKellar has sold out his stock of dry goods to Richardson & Co. They are taking stock this week.

THE GOAT.—Mr Clancy has purchased a white goat and the young boys are having a good deal of amusement driving it around the streets.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The inaugural meeting of the Board of Education was held on the above date in the Public school. Present—W E Roxburgh, W H Stephenson, P W Stevenson, J L Squires, Jno McNaughton, Thos Robson, John Breckenridge, Thos Rork, Dr P S Ford, A R Anderson. The minutes of last meeting were read, and on motion confirmed. After the new members took the necessary declaration of office the secretary was asked to call for nominations for chairman. It was moved and seconded that Mr W E Roxburgh be chairman. Mr W H Stephenson was elected secretary-treasurer. The following committees were then appointed: Property—P W Stevenson, chairman, and P W Reynolds, John Breckenridge, F Fraser, T Rork. Finance—Dr Ford, P W Reynolds, T Rork. Supply—Chairman, A R Anderson, Wm Webster, Jno McNaughton, J L Squires, W H Stephenson. Executive, chairman, W E Roxburgh, Dr Ford, J L Squires, T Robson, W H Stephenson. The following accounts were referred to the Finance committee: J Chandler, repairing, $1.80; J G Keefer, printing, $5. A communication was received from Mr Davidson asking to have some repairs done. This was handed over to the Property committee. A discussion arose as to who should pay the truant officer, seeing that it was the Council who made the appointment. This was left over to be referred to the Council. A communication was received from Mr Davidson stating that the teachers of the High and Public schools were willing to go back to the old method of being paid quarterly. A discussion arose as to whether people whose property was transfered from one Public school section to another were in this way freed from taxation for High school purposes, but no decision was come to.

Baby Eczema and Scald Head.

Infants and young children are particularly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application smooths the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

Maintain Its Dignity by all Means.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—In your issue of Thursday I noticed the description of the opening of the Ontario Legislature under the heading—in large letters—"Hardy's Show Open," "And Uncle Ol, late Ringmaster, took it all in." Now, sir, if there is anything we Britishers are proud of it is our institutions, our laws, and our mode of government. Sixty years of life and wide reading have left me convinced of this one thing, that the government of Britons—whether under the Imperial or colonial Parliaments—is in fact the government of the people by the people in the highest perfection yet attained amongst men.

We reverence law and order, we reverence the men whom the people elevate to high places for the establishing and maintaining of our laws and institutions. And we people of Ontario are proud to a man of the Governments which for so many years have maintained our rights and so conducted our affairs that we stand before the world as a contented and well governed people.

I ask you then in all candor, knowing your chivalrous feeling of loyalty, is it becoming, and is it loyal to our people, and especially to our young people, to refer to our parliament as a "show," and to so very distinguished a statesman as the Honorable Senator Mowat, as "Uncle Ol, late Ringmaster?"

Our neighbors err in these things—shall we adopt their bad methods? If a newspaper is not in political sympathy with a party it accomplishes less than nothing by ungenerous treatment of men of the opposite side, men who may be none the less worthy, loyal or distinguished than those from whom they differ in honest conviction of public duty.

Let us honor worth and ability at all times, and especially that which is dedicated to the service of the state. And, as we revere our Queen, not only for her worth but because she stands for the sovereignty of the people, by the choice and will of the people, as well as by "the Grace of God," so let us ever speak with respect of those institutions and man who represent the power which molds and upholds the Government under which we live and enjoy so many blessings.

Your obedient servant,
D. W. DUMBLE.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

THURSDAY, Feb. 18.—Clearing sale of fancy stock and implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Herr, on his premises, lot 15 in the 1st con. of the township of Asphodel. No reserve, as employer is giving up farming. Sale at 1 p.m.

FRIDAY, Feb. 19.—Unreserved credit sale of farm stock and implements of Mr David Fife, on his premises, lot 12 in the 3rd con. of township of Douro. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,020,263	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	733,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

Total Assurance written by the Sun Life amounted to $7,468,282.

Total Assurance written by the other 10 Canadian Co's combined, $23,905,314.

It may be here remarked that the total gain of assurance in force in Canadian Companies over the previous year was $8,376,638. Of this amount the Sun Life contributed $4,060,521. The other Canadian Companies combined contributed $4,316,117.

W. H. HILL,
MANAGER CENTRAL ONTARIO.

Money to Loan

— AT —

4½, 5, 5½ and 6

PER CENT.

according to the character of the investment

J. GREEN, Barrister.

Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 26

A Separate Cure for Each Disease

AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 38. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

GONE TO THE WEDDING

And Left This Country Without a Governor.

General Montgomery Moore Holds the Fort in the Absence of His Excellency—Government Employes Having a Time Getting Things Into Shape After the Fire in the Western Block—Vaults Proved to Be Good—Heads Lopped Off by Mr. Sifton—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—(Special.)—General Montgomery Moore was yesterday sworn in administrator of the Dominion during the absence of the Governor-General in the States. Lord and Lady Abrdeen left at noon for Nashville, Tennessee, to attend the wedding of Lady Aberdeen's brother, Hon. A. Majoribanks, to Miss Mysie Browne of Nashville. Miss Browne was here on a visit to Government House two years ago. Readers of Munsey's Magazine will recollect her as one of the prettiest in a group of Southern beauties which appeared in that magazine last autumn. The presence of Lord and Lady Aberdeen at the wedding will naturally encircle it with an extra halo of brilliancy. Their Excellencies are accompanied on this southern trip by Capt. Wilberforce, A. D. C.; Lady Marjorie Gordon and Hon. Archie Gordon.

Yesterday was a busy day for the officials of the departments hitherto quartered in the Western Block, but which for the present are drowned out. Stacks of documents, records, books, etc., had been removed to the House of Commons buildings and there chaos (The Globe's old friend) reigned supreme. In the main entrance, below the steps, is a mass of books, papers and other sundries, while Mr. Harrett's stand, which in the session displays an assortment of fruits, candies and cigars, is now supporting a mass of musty documents and much-watered literature. Round and about these were officials from the various departments, each rescuing the property of his particular branch of the service. Occasionally some article, the ownership of which is unknown, was flished out of the pile, and then the cry resounded through the vestibule, "Here's such and such a thing; who wants this?" The same condition exists along the Commons corridors to the press room and the Conservative caucus room. In the press room, where the Marine Department salvage is placed, confusion is supreme. Here clocks, instruments, books, and papers are everywhere. Small mountains of them rise unexpected from the floor, to the detriment of the unwary visitor. Each and all are mingled on the tables and under the tables. Among these are all the papers which were brought from Victoria, being in use there at the sealing commission. In the Conservative room the state of things is equally bad, for here the floor and tables are strewn with the wreckage of the Public Works Department. The employes are down on all-fours sorting things out.

The vaults in the Customs Department were opened yesterday and the contents found to be as dry as a match. Some of the smaller safes, however, were deluged with water, especially in the Militia Department. Workmen are engaged in making a clearance among the debris on the top flat, and in some places in getting out the water.

Some of the civil servants visited their offices to see how they fared. The tarpaulins were certainly a great saving to the office furniture. The floors on the lower and second flats were flooded with water, and in places the plaster of the ceiling had fallen down. But there was little real damage. All books and file cases had been moved out from the walls. In the Militia Department one room in the stores branch was untouched.

The final disposition of the offices which have been leased temporarily to accommodate the different departments will be made to-morrow. The Departent of Public Works and Marine and Fisheries will, it is certain, be located in the Slater block on Sparks-street; Customs and Militia on Wellington-street, and Mounted Police in the Langevin block. Quarters for the Trade and Commerce Department have not yet been found.

The Free Press (Liberal organ) is strong in its condemnation of the condition of the Government hydrants. Last night it published a communication demanding an explanation of the condition of the Government hydrants, hose and the discipline of the Government staff.

The Fire and Light Committee met yesterday afternoon to grapple with the question of increased fire appliances for the city. While the matter was under consideration two members of the committee left the meeting and broke the quorum, so that no decision was reached. A straight motion on the subject will be made at the council meeting to-morrow night to ask the Legislature for power to borrow $50,000 to secure two new steamers and two chemical engines, and to erect two new stations.

Mr. Sifton is paying some attention to the Indian Department these days. The services of Robert G. Dalton, a first-class clerk, have been dispensed with for misconduct. James Martin, Indian agent at Maniwaki, P.Q., has also been dismissed for not properly conducting the affairs of his office. John Crowe, Indian Agent at Chippewa Hill, who was found guilty of acting irregularly in the conduct of the business of the Chippewa Indians of Saugeen, Bruce county, has also been dismissed, and John Schofield of Allenford appointed in his stead. J. W. Jermyn, who was Indian Agent at Cape Croker, Bruce county, has also been dismissed; John McIver of McIver P.O. has been appointed in his place. Mr. Bateman, Ontario county, has been removed from the agency of the Indian band there on account of political partisanship; Albert Williams has been appointed in his place.

Hon. A. G. Blair left yesterday by special train for Parry Sound on invitation of the officials of the Ottawa, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway. There were two coaches, the Government car, "Ottawa," and the official car, "Opeongo." The intention is to give the Minister of Railways an opportunity of seeing something of the new road through to Georgian Bay. Mr. Blair is accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Currier, and on board were also Mr. C. J. Chamberlain, Mr. G. Mountain and Mr. A. W. Fleck.

Dr. Guay, M.P. for Levis, has been in the city since Thursday, and was confined to his hotel through illness. The Premier, hearing of Dr. Guay's indisposition for the first time yesterday, immediately sent for him, and he is now a guest at the residence of the First Minister.

The Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway Company will apply to Parliament for an Act to enable the company to enter into an agreement with the Michigan Central Railway Company or the Canada Southern Railway Company in reference to the operation of a portion of railway of the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway Company; and to confirm the mortgage bonds of the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway Company, and to declare them a first lien on the said company's property.

Mayor Bingham considers that the citizens of Ottawa could commemorate the Diamond Jubilee year in no better way than in erecting a building for incurables within the city. He contends that there is a great need for such an institution. The hospitals are filled with such cases, while they have enough to do to look after the sick.

The Railway Committee of the Privy Council meets next Thursday.

Ald. Masson has entered an appeal against the election of Ald. Butler on grounds that he is an insolvent and an hotelkeeper, and treated electors. Both are sitting for the same ward.

Mr. H. A. Botterell, Clerk on the House of Commons staff, died last evening of pneumonia. Deceased was a son of Mr. Edward Botterell, Chief of the Distribution Office of the House of Commons. The latter is well known to members of Parliament and newspaper men, as well as to Independent Foresters all over the country, he being their Past Supreme Chief Ranger.

A new Methodist Church on McLeod-street was dedicated by Rev. Dr. Carman to-day. The General Superintendent made a local reference in to-night's sermon to emphasize one of his points. It was this, What is the good of firemen, he said, when the hydrants are frozen?

PRITCHARD WAS TOO SWIFT.

In Jail at Buffalo Charged With Marrying Wife No. 2 Before Free From Wife No. 1.

Buffalo, Feb. 14.—Samuel Pritchard, a building contractor of Blasdell, a suburb of this city, is in the freezer at headquarters on a charge of bigamy. Pritchard came to this city from Canada about 10 years ago. He brought with him his wife, whom he married in Norfolk County, whose maiden name was Ida Shaw. He lived there with her until five years ago, when he had some trouble with her and separated from her. He began proceedings for a divorce on the statutory grounds. About this time he became acquainted with Miss Lizzie Johnston, and on Oct. 3 was married to her. At least, Mrs. Pritchard No. 2 says she has the certificate to prove the marriage. She also alleges that before the marriage Pritchard represented to her that he had secured a divorce from his first wife, and she says he told her parents the same thing. It developed that she lately became acquainted with wife No. 1, and learned that Pritchard's divorce proceedings were still unsettled, and the proceedings against Pritchard followed.

TOOK TWO HOURS TO SEW HIM UP.

William R. Scott of Buffalo Was Roughly Used by the Sons of His Paramour.

Buffalo, Feb. 14.—Miss Harriet Henderson, a comely girl of Sheffield, Ont., married a man named Bennett when she was 13 years old. That was 20 years ago. She lived with Bennett until three years ago, when William R. Scott of the same town told her he loved her, and she said she loved him, and they decided to elope. They did elope. They went to Hamilton, and she took her five children with her. Three of them were boys.

The hero and the heroine and the heroine's children lived there until four weeks ago, when they came to Buffalo. Scott got drunk yesterday, and Mrs. Bennett's eldest boy and his brothers tied his hands and then gave him a thrashing, the net result of which, as seen at the Fitch Hospital this morning, was two beautiful black eyes, a broken nose, cut and bruised cheeks and head, and it took the doctors two hours to sew him up. His face was so distorted that he could hardly speak.

Bombardment Proceeds.

Canea, Feb. 14.—Evening—George Berovitsch Pasha, the Christian Governor of Crete, who, having been menaced by the Moslems, recently took refuge at the Greek Consulate, and the Greek Consul embarked this evening on different war ships. They were accompanied by their families. The Consuls and the commander of the Turkish forces have removed the military post. The insurgents continue their bombardment from the landward side of the fortress, and the Turks are returning their fire with sanguinary results.

HOSTILITIES BEGUN.

Greek Warship Stops a Turkish Transport.

Prince George at Canea With His Fleet—Insurgents Peppering Away at the Fortress—Greek Troops Ordered to Protect the Christians, Which is Tantamount to Occupation of the Island—Greece Holds Herself Answerable to the Powers.

Athens, Feb. 14.—Advices have been received here giving details of the detention at Candia of a Turkish vessel by a Greek war ship. The vessel, which was stopped and compelled to return to her anchorage, was the Turkish transport Fuad, bound for Canea with munitions for the besieged garrison at that place.

As the Fuad moved from her anchorage and started to leave the harbor the Greek war ship headed in such a direction as to intercept her and ordered her to stop. No attention being paid to this order the Greek vessel fired two shots across the Fuad's bows, and the transport being unarmed, put about and returned to her moorings. It is reported that the commander of the British fleet protested against the action of the Greeks, and ordered the vessels of that nation to make no further attacks upon the Turks.

A regiment of artillery has been ordered to start at once for the Thessalon frontier. This regiment will be accompanied by Prince Nicholas, King George's third son.

It is understood that the orders of the troops are to protect the Christian families in Crete and to restore order. This is looked upon as tantamount to the occupation of the island. Greece has notified the powers that she will willingly hold herself answerable for the steps she has taken.

RESERVES CALLED OUT.

The army reserves of 1893 and 1894 have been called out and ordered to hold themselves in readiness to join their colors at 48 hours' notice.

A number of detachments of infantry, artillery and engineers have embarked at the Piraeus for Crete. Their departure was attended with great enthusiasm.

Col. Vassos, chief aide-de-camp to King George, commanded the troops, who numbered 1500. As the men marched aboard the vessel which was to convey them to Crete, large crowds of people who had gathered to witness their departure, cheered them again and again. The troops, who are already styled the "Corps of Occupation,' reached Milo to-day.

Prince George's Movements.

Canea, Crete, Feb. 14.—Prince George of Greece, who arrived here on Feb. 12, in command of the Greek flotilla, after receiving visit from the commanders of the foreign war ships, returned to Milo. It is reported that the Beys of Canea have requested the commander of the foreign war ships here to land men from their vessels to occupy the city. The intense excitement which has prevailed here recently has not at all abated.

Greek Throne in Danger.

London, Feb. 14.—The Standard to-morrow will publish a Constantinople despatch saying that the impression prevails in diplomatic circles there that the opposition to the Greek national sentiment will endanger the Greek throne.

Mr. Gladstone is for Greece.

London, Feb. 14.—Mr. Gladstone to-day telegraphed to The Daily Chronicle the following message: "I do not care to stimulate Greece when I cannot help her, but I shall profoundly rejoice at her success. I hope the powers will recollect that they have their own character to redeem."

The Daily Telegraph to-morrow will publish a despatch from St. Petersburg saying that the military division of Odessa will concentrate 30,000 Cossacks with a view to being in readiness to meet any emergency that may arise.

British Gunboats Sailed.

Malta, Feb. 14.—Three British gunboats sailed hence for Crete to-day.

War is Imminent.

London, Feb. 14.—The London papers this morning concur in the opinion that a Graeco-Turkish war is imminent. The Liberal organs implore the Government not to impede the action of Greece in any way, while the more sedate journals urge the powers to occupy Crete and to decide the ultimate destiny of the island who matters shall have become more quiet.

The Standard declares that the powers must pacify Crete, since they have decided to restrain Greece and Turkey.

Greek Consulates Closed.

London, Feb. 14.—The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Canea saying that George Berovitsch Pasha, the Christian Governor of Crete, took refuge on the flagship of the Russian Admiral and that the entire force of Montenegrin Gendarmerie, who have hitherto been employed in guarding the Governor's residence, have been transferred to the Russian warships.

The Russian and French admirals, the despatch says, have received identical instructions, but the nature of their orders is not known.

The diplomats at Constantinople have accepted Great Britain's proposals for a joint naval occupation of Canea, Retimo and Heraklion, the removal from Cretan waters of the Greek fleet, and the forbiddance of the despatch to Crete of Turkish reinforcements, and it is thought probable that the orders of the French and Russian admirals are in accordance with the program. The refugees who sought shelter at the Greek Consulate have been placed under the protection of the British Consul. The Greek Consul at Heraklion embarked upon one of the war ships after requesting the British Consul to protect the Greek subjects there. The closing of the Greek consulates indicates that a definite rupture has taken place between Greece and Turkey.

The Times prints a despatch dated Canea, Feb. 14, midnight, saying that a Turkish troopship has just put to sea and that a Greek transport has started in pursuit of her.

HORSE HANGED BY ITS FOOT.

The Peculiar Accident That Happened to Mr. Thomas Wilson of Pickering.

Pickering, Ont., Feb. 14.—What might have been a serious accident was narrowly averted here to-night. As Mr. Thomas Wilson was driving across the iron suspension bridge over the river his horse stumbled and fell against the wooden railing, which gave way. Had it not been that the harness broke, the cutter, with four occupants, would have been dashed down on the ice, fifteen feet below. As it was, the horse went over, but in the fall one foot caught in the iron work, and the poor animal hung thus suspended for about twenty minutes. Finally with heavy price the foot was let loose, and he fell on the ice below. The horse was badly cut and bruised, but was able to walk home.

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Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies.....$2 00
For Gentlemen.....3 00
For Girls.....1 50
For Youths.....2 00
For Boys.....1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. d21

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

BICYCLES!
The Stormer Bicycle.
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
GENTLEMEN'S WHEEL, $75.
DO NOT BUY UNTIL YOU SEE THEM
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
383 GEORGE STREET Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

Dental.
DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lost or Found.
LOST
A SMALL FOX TERRIER, WITH BLACK spot between front shoulders; about 4 months old, with tail cut, and yellow and white head, with white streak down front of face. Strayed from 650 Stewart St. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the above address. 1d22

For Sale or to Rent.
FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 559 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 80eod
OFFICE TO RENT.
RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery, No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 981f
FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.
PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Generally fair; light local snow; a little lower temperature.

R. F.

Fine Gloves
. . FOR . .
Glove Buyers.
Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.
Gloves wisely bought are such as give the buyer large value at a low price.
We have at times the opportunity to offer Gloves away below regular values.
—Here is such a time.
—The price is 50c. per pair.
—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.
—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'
—We know of no gloves better.
—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.
—The goods on sale now.
—It will pay to buy.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.

General.
Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $9 50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 339. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 396 George-st.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
"A rough road is ever a long one; a good one ever too short."
The Grand Trunk System is good.
When you travel, use the Grand Trunk.
GEO. J. HOPKINS,
City Agent, Bradburn's Block.
W. HAYDEN,
Depot Agent
ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices :—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $8.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale..... 3 50

43 Men's Freize Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $6, go now at..... 4 00

55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $15, your choice at..... 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7.50, not price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

28 Prince Albert Dress Suits, Handsomely lined and trimmed—impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and..... 3 25

37 Youths' Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8.50 to..... 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2.50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and.... 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduced to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price..... 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

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Subscribed Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund.... .....$ 105 000.00

GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed upon deposits, and FOUR and ONE QUART per cent. upon debentures.

MONEY TO LEND upon favorable terms.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

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Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workmanlike manner.

THE REVIEW PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH 120 Charlotte-st.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.

All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.

"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard." L. SCHMIDT & SON, Springfield, Illinois.

Thousands of druggists say the same.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY FEBRUARY 15, 1897

THE LONDON ELECTION TRIAL.

The London election trial is closed and judgment will be given on March 6th at Toronto. Speaking of the case the London Free Press says:—"Now that the case has been closed, all their powder expended, and they calmly weigh results, what is their satisfaction or expectation? For twenty-one days the proceedings of the London election in June last have been sifted by one of the most searching and drastic examinations ever held in a Canadian law court. Every corner of the case has been ransacked in the hope of finding some fatal flaw or irregularity, but it is doubtful in the opinion of good lawyers if any serious fault has been revealed which could furnish a reasonable ground for putting this city to the trouble of a new election. Of the 1,500 charges contained in the bill of particulars some 200 were dropped at the close, as some hundreds of others were dropped at previous stages of the trial. The petitioner started with the presumption that a very large sum, estimated at $30,000, had been spent illegally. All that they could trace by the hardest kind of swearing was less than $125, and the evidence in rebuttal proved the utter falsity of the bulk of these charges. On the other hand, Major Beattie is shown to have taken every care, by written and verbal warnings, to his committeemen, and all others concerned, to ensure a clean election that could be held against any attack, if it could be won. To the average onlooker, Major Beattie has come out of the tremendous ordeal with unsullied fame, and, indeed, with fresh laurels. The case was surrendered yesterday only when the petitioner was beaten horse, foot and artillery by the forces attacked. It was an ignominious retreat from a position no longer tenable. To have continued offering evidence of the kind which forced the petitioner to abandon case after case without argument would have been to trifle with the cause of justice and merit popular contempt. In despair the pleader threw up his brief, evidently glad to be released from a position at once distasteful and uncreditable to pursue. The hearing throughout was of the most patient and painstaking character, and whatever judgment may be pronounced at the reassembling of the court in Toronto, on March 6th, all must admit that the proceeding on which such finding must be based were fairly and impartially conducted, leaving no room or ground for cavil or complaint."

THE PORK INDUSTRY.

THE question of Canadian pork is receiving some attention from the St. Louis Butchers' and Packers' Magazine, a monthly journal. The publication states the case of the Canadians in this way:—

1. The great progress the pork-packing trade has made in the last few years in Canada, completely changing the business here. Formerly nearly all our requirements were imported from the United States, but now Canada supplies nearly all its wants by Canadian products. In 1886 the imports into Canada amounted to 25,000,000 pounds of meats; last year the imports were reduced to only 4,000,000 pounds. Our exports have increased at a still greater ratio, in 1886 being 9,000,000 pounds, whereas in 1895 the exports were 42,000,000 pounds.

2. The benefit to farmers in having a market at all packing centers considerably over the prices paid in the United States packing points.

3. The bearing it has on the butter and cheese industries, stimulating the raising of hogs in connection with the butter and cheese factories throughout the country. This is especially applicable to the province of Quebec, and we look for a large increase in hog raising in the province on these lines.

4. That bearing the speculative markets in Chicago have on the packing business here where at times, by reason of a short or long speculative interest, they are enabled to depress or advance value without any relation to its cost or intrinsic value. A packer in Canada would not stock up, as should be done in the packing season, as he would be at the mercy of any sudden change in the speculative markets in Chicago.

5. Cost to consumers—We believe that with the large supplies in Canada, and the competition among Canadian packers, the cost to consumers generally is less than if importing was depended upon; in any case, in only two or three articles is cost raised, whereas, in the other articles much more generally used, the cost is less than in the United States.

6. We would also draw your attention to cottonseed oil. This is imported from the United States and pays a duty of 20 per cent or three-fourths cent per pound. It is used to make compound lard. It does not seem to the packing trade that this is an equitable rate of duty, and we would suggest that it be changed to at least 30 per cent on edible cottonseed oil, but not to affect the oil imported for soap makers or other purposes.

The St Louis paper also expresses surprise that the Canadian tariff commissioners heard the representrtives of the big Armour pork packing establishment of Chicago. That there is much truth in the above statement of the question of the Canadian park industry a little thought will reveal. Liberal Canadian tariff makers would do well to take American advice in this case, statements of the Armour representatives to the contrary notwitstanding.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

OAK HALL

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

THURSDAY, Feb. 18.—Clearing sale of fancy stock and implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Herr, on his premises, lot 15 in the 1st con. of the township of Asphodel. No reserve, as employer is giving up farming. Sale at 1 p.m.

HAMILTON GIRL IN HARD LUCK.

Says Her Father Gave Her a Dollar and Sent Her to Buffalo to Look for Work

Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 14.—A poorly-dressed young girl of 16 years of age, who gave her name as Mamie Graham, and her home as Hamilton, Ont., was taken to Police Headquarters yesterday by a depot officer, who found her lounging in the waiting-room, and suspected that she was a runaway. She told the officer she had come here seeking for work, that her father had given her a dollar to pay her fare, and that this had taken 70 cents. She had been here three or four days, had begged her meals and slept where she could. She wanted to go to Springville, she said, where she had relatives able to care for her, and she was sent there.

PREACHED IN A THEATRE.

A Clergyman's Peculiar Text Discoursed on Before a Peculiar Crowd in Hamilton.

Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—The first of the series of Sunday afternoon services by Rev. W. J. Cameron at the Star Theatre was held to-day. The text announced in the Saturday papers was "He Has Seen Better Days," and smoking was to be a part of the program. The Star Theatre is to Hamilton what the Bijou, on Yonge-street, is to Toronto, and it was jammed to the doors. On entering the curiosity-led visitor found an orchestra of twelve pieces playing lively marches, and footlights and all gas ablaze. Until the curtain rang up scarcely a head was bare, and from the gods in the gallery to the workshippers in the pit cigars and corn-cob pipes puffed out little clouds of smoke.

A little after 3 up went the curtain, and the Rev. Mr. Cameron walked forward. He is a young fellow of about 25 years, clean shaven, of middle height, and dressed in a black suit that had no clerical stamp about it. Extending his hand, without delaying by preliminaries, he said, "Bow your heads, while I ask God to be with us this afternoon, and as all hats came off the Almighty was invoked to give power to the spoken words. The prayer over, the reverend gentleman picked up a Bible, and remarking that if Jesus Christ lived now he would write a novel, he read the story of the prodigal son. The reading ended, Percy Peel, the son of the bandmaster, was asked to favor the audience with a cornet solo, which he did acceptably, and called out great applause.

The preacher then apologized for the lack of vocalists, saying that he had asked some city singers to be present, but they had refused on the ground of it being a theatre. Mr. Cameron spoke warmly on the subject, and remarked that if he could have secured the services of the actresses, they would have had such hymns as would have put to shame the singers at the churches.

After the taking up of the collection to defray the rent of the hall, the preacher entered on his sermon, the 13th verse of the story of the prodigal son. In his hand he carried a copy of James Thornton's song "He Has Seen Better Days," and three-quarters of his remarks were given to the description of the circumstances that led to its composition. Referring to the unhappy girl, the speaker remarked that she was "not one of the slats of the city, as the boys say, but a true unfortunate one, lost through the wrong-doing of another," and that the song was popular from the rich curtained room of the wealthy to the drunkard's home, because it expressed so deep a sympathy. The speaker went on, "I don't know who James Thornton is, but if he knew what Christ is and if the Bible were destroyed to-day I could, from that song, renew religion. I make the motion, therefore," went on the speaker, "that the piece be sung in every church next Sunday, to teach the ministers and the church people what Christianity really is." Going from the Bible story, the preacher referred to men daily met with "who had seen better days," and, talking of wasted reputation, spoke of a thief "in Judge Jeffs' list of honor" whom he had befriended when no one else would.

The sermon was closely followed and applauded throughout. At its close the speaker asked for a show of hands as to the desire for another service on Sunday next, and the suggestion carried.

MAWHINNEY SENT UP.

One of the Deputy Returning Officers of Macdonald Will Have to Stand Trial.

Winnipeg, Feb. 14.—(Special.)—John Mawhinney, who was one of the deputy returning officers in the Macdonald election, was on Saturday committed to the Assizes for trial on the charge of ballot-box stuffing.

J. Jerschki, a young ranchman living near Dewdney, was found dead at his ranch yesterday with a gun beside him. The contents were lodged in his body. It is considered a case of suicide, though why Jerschki should commit that crime is a mystery. He was young, healthy and wealthy, and on the decease of his parents, who live in Holland, would have come into a large fortune. He is supposed to have been drinking.

Hon. Mr. Prendergast's resignation from the Manitoba Legislature has precipitated a bitter contest in St. Boniface. J. B. Lauzon is the Conservative candidate, with the support of Archbishop Langevin, and S. A. Bertrand is the Greenway candidate. A pastoral letter was read on Sunday in all the Catholic churches in St. Boniface, instructing the faithful to vote for Lauzon. The election takes place next Saturday.

Discussing the free trade arguments of the farmers' delegates before the recent tariff enquiry here, The Free Press (Ind.) says: "Does anyone for a moment suppose that the Manitoba farmers would have received a higher price for their wheat than prevailed across the line, if the duty on wheat had not prevented the Dakota and Minnesota crops from pouring into our local market? If Canadian millers had not been able to come upon our market and pay these prices the Manitoba farmer would not have received a cent over the Duluth prices, and it was the import duty of 75 cents per barrel on flour which enabled them to do so."

Rufus Atkinson, a well-known Manitoba merchant, is dead.

It is announced that the C.P.R. Company is contemplating building large cold storage warehouses at Winnipeg and Calgary.

The city directory, just issued, figures that Winnipeg has a population exceeding 42,000.

The Mormons have entered upon the task of converting Manitoba to their faith. Three Mormon missionaries have located in Winnipeg, and three have been sent to Provincial points.

THE BARMAID'S KISSES

At a Shilling Each Added Eighty-Seven Shillings to the Famine Fund in Less Than Three Hours.

New York, Feb. 14.—A London special says: The famous Duchess of Devonshire, who bought Parliamentary votes for kisses at a historic election in the last century, has found an imitator in a barmaid at Bexhill Arms, Eastbourne, who has utilized a cupid's bow mouth for a far worthier object. She is very pretty, and has numerous admirers among the bar-frequenting men of the town. When this week the Mayor opened a fund for the India famine sufferers this young woman placed a money box on the bar and intimated that everyone who put a shilling in it might have a kiss. Within half an hour she was kissed by every man who entered the saloon, accumulating twenty-three shillings for the fund. But this novel mode of collection drew such a crowd to the bar that the proprietor put a stop to the entertainment, though not until the barmaid, as the money box proved, had been kissed eighty-seven times in less than three hours.

The wise doctor when he is called in to attend a pain-tortured woman, knows that she could avoid the agony that she endures by taking proper care of her womanly-self. No woman can long retain her general health who neglects the health of the organs that constitute her womanhood. She may suffer only locally for a time. Eventually the nerves are ruined by the constant wear and tear of pain. They cease to impart the necessary nervous activity to the various organs of the body. A general and serious break-down follows.

A wonderful medicine for weak, nervous women, who through local troubles are threatened with a general break-down is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on the delicate organs that are distinctly feminine. It restores them to vigor and health. It allays inflammation and soothes pain. It gives the tortured nerves a rest and permits them to resume their natural function of directing a healthy activity of all the organs. It prepares a woman for wifehood and motherhood. It makes baby's advent easy and almost painless and insures the child's health. It is the best woman's medicine and more than 90,000 women have said so over their signatures. Druggists sell it.

"I cannot say too much for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Miss Clara Baird, of Bridgeport, Montgomery Co., Pa. "I feel it my duty to say to all women who may be suffering from any weakness or disease of the distinctly feminine organism that it is the best medicine on earth for them to use. I cannot praise it too highly for the good it did me. If any one doubts this give them my name and address."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a sure, safe, speedy and permanent cure for constipation. They never gripe. One is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

PULEX IRRITANS, M.D.

"A surgeon I am known to be,
With fame commensurate;
My talent is phlebotomy,
My skill is simply great.

"My name is Pulex Irritans;
I treat the skin and hide;
I live and thrive in many lands,
And, as a rule, I ride.

"I'm free and very much at home,
In social gatherings;
I'm known in Paris and in Rome,
And I consort with kings.

"With noble ladies I have danced—
My choice is aye the fair.
The maids that are by birth enhanced
Are dainty ev'rywhere.

"My courage is a wondrous trait—
A lion I'll attack.
You see that tiger, fierce and great?
I'll land upon his back.

"A horse possesses not my strength,
As I can prove with ease.
I leap a hundred times my length;
Just watch me, if you please."

You think, as you this boaster hear,
"A noted light is he,
Of men of worth and deeds a peer."
Oh, no—it is a flea.

* * * * * * *

'Tis well to balance those who boast
Of friends among the great,
Or those who use the "I" the most,
To take a pennyweight.

"WON IN A GALLOP."

His Explanation to His Fiancee For So Describing Their Engagement.

"See here, Mr. Bunkly, what——"

"'Mr.' Bunkly. Is that the way an engaged young lady generally addresses her fiance?"

"The explanation will appear in what I have to say to you. What did you mean when Mr. Flashly asked if you had at last gained my hand, by telling him that you had won in a gallop; speaking of our engagement as though it were a turf event?"

"If you have as vivid a remembrance of that unhappy occasion as I have you will recall that we were out riding, that you challenged me for a race, that I said that hearts would be the stake, that you accepted and that I won. That I won in a gallop is literally true."

"But the impression you gave to Mr. Flashly was that the victory was ridiculously easy. It was as if you had said to him in a boasting way that you won in a jog or won in a walk."

"Nothing of the sort. As our mutual friend I related the whole pretty affair to him and wound up, as a bit of pleasantry by saying: 'So you see, Flashly, that I won in a gallop.' There was no chance for him to mistake my meaning."

"Then he's not a friend to either of us, for he clearly meant me to understand that you had spoken too lightly."

"Don't you know, dear, that Flashly has long wanted the place I hold?"

"No! You don't mean it! Poor fellow! Perhaps he didn't mean to mislead me after all.

"Oh, yes, he did. But just please keep in mind that I won in a gallop and if you attempt to repudiate I'll post you as a welsher."

Sorry He Spoke.

The bachelor who had boarded at the same hotel for twenty years was perturbed when the thoughtless head waiter set the couple on their bridal trip right opposite him at the table.

"There is no marrying in heaven, I am happy to say," he said to no one in particular.

"Well, I don't care," said the blushing bride. "There is heaven in marriage, anyway. Isn't there, darlo," she continued, turning toward her accomplice, and the bachelor boarder went downstairs and quarrelled with the clerk.—Cincinnati Inquirer.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FORTUNE FOR AN IDEA

GRANT BRAMBEL, A RAILROAD AGENT, AND HIS RICH LUCK.

He Devised a Rotary Engine and the Other Day Sold the Patents For the Vast Sum of $6,700,000—The Machine Is Simplicity Itself.

A young fellow named Grant Brambel, who hadn't any money and was working hard for a living, got an idea one day that he thought was pretty good.

That wasn't a novelty for him; for he was in the habit of having ideas. It isn't a novelty for most young men.

But the peculiarity in Brambel's case—the fact that distinguishes it from the vast majority—is that he didn't forget the idea or get discouraged about it, or simply dream of wealth that would come out of it. He went to work on it, and stuck to it, and pulled it into practical shape; and then he sold it for $6,700,000.

That is the size of the fortune that Grant Brambel, at forty years of age, finds himself master of. It is a great sum, vast in its possibilities of pleasure, of power, of usefulness to others.

A few years ago he was a telegraph operator in Skeneatles, in New York state on a salary of $5 a week. His income in the future will be $5 every seven minutes instead of seven days.

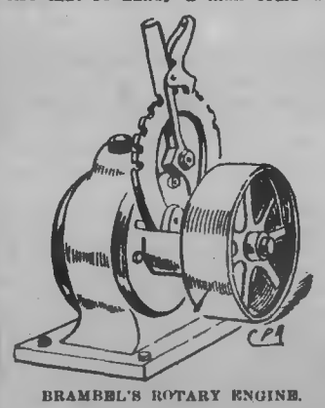
GRANT BRAMBEL.

Four or five years ago he went to the town of Sleepy Eye, Minn., where he was telegraph operator and station agent for the Chicago & Northwestern road. Since then he has performed all the multifarious and petty duties connected with such a position.

The idea that brought him wealth related to the rotary steam engine, long the dream of inventors. It was suggested by the ordinary turbine water wheel. As now perfected it is expected to accomplish mechanical wonders. It saves space, both for engines and boiler, a most important matter in steam vessels; it saves coal, and it accomplishes in general much better results than the best engines of the older patterns. The purchasers of Brambel's patents are English capitalists who have given themselves the name of the Allan syndicate. The Allans of the well-known steamship company are at the head of the combination. The price is, as has been already stated, $6,700,000, and the sum of $1,600,000 has already been paid to Mr. Brambel by check upon a London bank. The values of the patents in various countries were apportioned as follows: England $1,600,000; France and Germany, $2,000,000; United States, $3,100,000.

Mr. Brambel has always been of an inventive turn of mind. Way back in the days of his poverty he devised a burglar proof lock and a submarine incandescent lamp. Pretty soon he succeeded in selling his two patents, and thus got a little money to put into experiments for developing his rotary engine, the idea for which had already dawned upon him.

Such a problem is not to be solved between breakfast and dinner; it takes time, and a man must live meanwhile. Brambel proceeded to earn his own living by telegraphing or anything else that so handy a man could do.



BRAMBEL'S ROTARY ENGINE.

He spent most his leisure time in study. Though he never really took his mind off the rotary engine, he managed to learn enough about electricity to make himself an expert in certain branches of that subject.

In all these years, and for a half dozen before them, Brambel kept busy with the idea that it would be possible to make the turbine idea work in steam, and he made this the basis of the invention that he has now patented and sold. His motor is a steam turbine, so arranged as to give the best possible expansion for the steam and avoiding all friction and dead working parts.

"It took a great many models to get the thing right," says he "and there were a great many failures, more than one would imagine to see this simple little thing I call the 'Brambel rotary engine.' For years I worked on one minor matter that I could not get to suit me, but for the last four years, ever since I have been here, I have had the thing perfect, and have been only trying to see how it would work in every position in which I could place it before trying to sell it. By reason of this isolated locality and the ignorance of the people of my work, as well as by my position in railroad employ, I have been able to do this without exciting comment, and nothing has been said about the engine until a few weeks ago, though my patents have been out considerably more than a year both in this country and in nearly all Europe."

The machine has been tested for several years in all sorts of ways and has proven a success so far. It is claimed that one machine on the Brambel patents is at work in a Trenton, N.J., dynamo room, where it is giving the best satisfaction, and that though it is of 750 horse power, its space on the floor is but six by eighteen inches, and that it is less than eighteen inches high. It is doing its work with about half the steam necessary for the generation of the same power in any of the high-class engines of the day.

It is hard to tell what the possibilities of this engine are if it does what is claimed for it.

PLEASANT YARNS.

Tales Told by Experts for Our Mutual Edification

"A good story is told of a Toronto merchant," said the ambassador of an Ambitious City mercantile house. "He had to go unexpectedly to Montreal on account of a 'lame duck,' and meeting a drummer from that ambitious and rather gay town, he said:

"'How do you fellows manage to get such cheap fares to distant points? I want to go to Montreal, but the price is rather stiff!'

"'I'll fix that for you,' replied the drummer. 'Give me $5 and I will enroll your name as a member of the T. P. A. Then you can travel wherever you like free.'

"The merchant gladly handed his $5, with which his friend secretly bought him a ticket to Montreal. He accompanied him to the train. 'Now,' said he, 'when the conductor comes all you have to do is to move your hand across your mouth from right to left and say: "Yuno." He will then know you are a T. P. A. and you will have no further trouble.'

"To the conductor, however, the drummer said: 'That man with side whiskers is a harmless lunatic. Here is his ticket to Montreal. When you come around he will make this motion and say "Yuno." Just pass him and say nothing. He likes to believe that is a mystic pass and which allows him to ride free.'

"The plan worked to a charm and the merchant marveled at the scheme which made travel so easy and cheap.

"On his return from Montreal another conductor asked for his ticket.

"'Yuno,' said the merchant, making the prescribed gesture. The conductor didn't know, however, and after several attempts the merchant had to pay his fare. On his arrival in Toronto he hunted up his friend, the drummer.

"'Say!' he cried, 'what kind of a trick did you play me? Why, the plan didn't work for a cent coming home.'

"'That's strange,' replied the other. 'You must have made some mistake. What did you do coming back?'

"'Why, I made the pass with my hand across my mouth and said "Yuno!"'

"'Did you move your hand from right to left?'

"'Yes, of course.'

"'That's where you made a blunder. You see, you were coming back, and should have passed your hand across your mouth from left to right.'

The Boys Having Fun.

They are a pair of grandfathers with thin, white hair, faces that bear the inevitable marks of time, forms that have lost the erectness of youth and limbs that have lost the roundness of former years; but they are among the poet's men who are only boys grown tall.

Just after the first fall of snow they were gingerly picking their way over the smooth walks on Cass avenue. The larger one of the two walked the faster, and, without knowing it, had gained a rod or so on his smaller companion. Then a broad smile appeared on his seamed face, there was the suggestion of a boyish light in his eyes, and he recklessly tucked his cane under his arm, while making a snowball that was much more noticeable for size than for symmetry. Then with a stately motion that was meant to be a run, he advanced upon the unsuspecting big man and landed the ponderous missile just where the coat collar and the straggling back hair met.

"What!" shouted the larger one, "attacking me in the rear? I used to beat you at all the games fifty years ago, Abe, and I'm as handy as ever."

There was a hand-to-hand conflict full of laughter and stiffened activity and creaking joints and flying snow, little Abe standing gallantly against the odds in weight. "Hold on, Jim," he gasped. "There comes Dick. Let's ambush him."

Then the two merry old codgers looked up and down the avenue to see that they were not making an exhibition of themselves and that there was no policeman in sight. Hiding around the corner, they squatted, exchanged cautionary nudges and giggled continuously, despite the necessity of keeping quiet and not alarming the game.

Bent and decrepit, Dick came shuffling along, looking only at the path before him. When he was opposite them Abe and Jim opened fire, feebly yelling and laughing. Dick turned in anger with uplifted stick, but when he saw his assailants took to his heels at the rate of about half a mile an hour. Then the three walked together and lamented that the boys of this day don't know what good, healthy, old-time fun is.—Detroit Free Press.

Hank Simpson's Way.

Hank Simpson is without a rival as the smartest man on a hoss trade or any other kind of a dicker in the whole of Claybrick township. When Hank's 30-year-old mule was killed on the railroad that runs through the edge of his farm he promptly put in a claim for $100. The company curtly offered him $40 and declared that that was twice the value of the old thistle eater.

Hank simply said that he wouldn't come down a cent and went home. Then the troubles of the company began. Its track through Claybrick township was softsoaped two or three nights in the week and the time table became a farce. Trains would be stopped in the woods by a swinging lantern and lose half an hour trying to find out what was the matter. There were half a dozen narrow escapes from collisions and a large reward was offered for the author of these troubles. Hank was suspected, but suspicion couldn't be backed up by the necessary evidence. Finally the company sent him a cheque for $100, but he sent it back with notice that he had lost so much time and worried over the matter so much that he couldn't think of accepting less than $150. The company again got on its high horse, but Hank kept himself busy "worrying" over the mule, and at last he agreed to compromise the matter for $200 and a life pass over the line. The company gladly accepted.

Hank had a meadow so full of stones, stumps and roots that he couldn't break it up. He hired an old fortune teller to whisper it around that a miser who died a few years before had hidden his fortune in that field. Hank was overrun with people wanting to dig and blow out stumps in this new ground. He showed some reluctance, but always consented on condition that he got half of such valuables as might be found. In time that field was dug up like a garden plat and Hank made the dupes haul away the stones as well as burn the stumps. He wasn't going to have his land all torn to pieces for nothing.

Couldn't Effect a Sale

The Faker—I have here the most excellent silver polish.

The Lady of the House—Don't need it. I haven't any silver.

"Well, then, it will take grease spots out of wall paper."

"Haven't any wall paper."

"Well, it will make oil paintings look like new."

"Haven't go tany oil paintings."

"Then it will renew the curl in feathers."

"Haven't got any feathers."

"Well, then, a little taken internally will make you feel as if you had some of these things. Good day."—Texas Siftings.

Orchard and Garden.

Young fruit trees must have good care to grow well.

When crops are grown in the orchard be sure to manure it.

Thorough pruning is a prerequisite to successful spraying.

Improve the farm by setting out good fruit trees and taking care of them.

Do not allow too many new plants among the blackberries and raspberries.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CONTAINS PURELY AND SOLELY

V. O. 1890 WHISKY

DISTILLED BY THE LATE

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

Aged in Oak Casks, under Government Supervision.

We are the sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from the Bank of British North America.

Ask your dealer for

QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with copper lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In THE REVIEW.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

THE WORK OF CHECKING

THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Is being pushed ahead rapidly, and we are now sufficiently acquainted with the stock to be able to promise you such bargains as you never saw before.

Be getting ready your want list and watch for the announcement of

THE GREAT

SLAUGHTER SALE

of this stock at our Simcoe-st. Store.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

GOODS

ROLLING IN :-:

And out each day at Routley's Old Stand. Big lines of

Crockery, Glassware Spring Wall Paper, Curtain Poles and Window Shades

are at hand this week.

Call and see us. WE SELL CHEAP.

C. F. KUTZBACH

ROUTLY'S OLD STAND.
379 GEORGE ST.

CARD FROM

MR. R. M. ROY

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having purchased Mr. P. H. Green's complete Photograph Studio on Hunter Street, I take this opportunity of inviting a continuance of the favors of the numerous patrons of this Studio and solicit from my own friends, as well as the public generally, a liberal share of their orders.

Mr. Green will remain with me for a few weeks to personally assist and introduce me to his customers, as well as to complete all work under contract by him.

I have arranged to carry out within a reasonable time any of Mr. Green's unfinished orders, after his removal from Peterborough, and will do all in my power to meet the wishes of my patrons.

This popular studio has been so well known and has enjoyed so large and valuable a patronage ever since its establishment, that it only remains for me to state that it will be my constant aim to continue the high standard of superior photography which it has deservedly maintained.

Miss Dawson will still be in charge of the retouching and finishing department.

Please bear in mind that all Photographs taken by P. H. Green while in business in Peterborough, the negatives of which are in perfect order, are now in my possession, and copies can be had at any time on application.

R. M. ROY.

CARD FROM

MR. P. H. GREEN

I desire to take this opportunity of thanking my numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage I have been favored with during the past twelve years.

It is a pleasure for me to know that during my residence in Peterborough my association with the citizens of the town and county has been of the most pleasant and satisfactory character.

All parties who have left work at the Studio uncalled for, will please call as soon as possible and receive the same. Those who have made engagements with me for sittings are also requested to call as early as convenient, and have their orders filled. For the convenience of parties who may be unable to do so, I have made arrangements with Mr. Roy to execute their orders.

I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Roy to my friends as an expert, practical and enthusiastic artist, who, I feel confident, will fill my place very efficiently.

P. H. GREEN.

Peterborough, February 13th, 1897

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Free to Ladies

Miss Braden, manager of Viave Co., will give a parlor talk to ladies in Y W C A parlors, 168 Brock-st., at 3 p.m. on Tuesday, 16 inst. Subject, "Good Health a Necessity." All ladies welcome.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Lech's.

Went Through the Ice.

Andrew Stevenson, of South Harvey, started for Peterborough last Thursday with a load of rye. When about a mile south of Oak Orchard the ice gave way and horses and load took a sudden plunge. As it was very early in the morning the horses perished before assistance could be got. The rye was recovered, although it will not be marketable. —Bobcaygeon Independent.

Everyone Invited.

Call in when you have nothing else to do. We always like to see you. We miss you very much when you don't call. Come in if you want anything and get it. Come in if you don't want anything, you may see something you do want. Every person wants some groceries and you might just as well have the best. That is what you will never fail to get from E. Brown & Co., 394 George-st P. S.—Finest line of canned meats, fish and fruits. d21

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from 3 years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. For further particulars apply Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st.

The Collegiate Literary.

The regular weekly meeting of the Peterborough Collegiate Institute Literary society was held Feb 12th, with the president in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted. The following programme was then rendered:—Selection, Glee club; reading, Miss Weir; impromptu speeches; impromptu debate: "That basket ball is a better game than hockey." The affirmative was supported by Mr Bennett and Mr Zimmerson; the negative by Messrs. Boswell and Sawers. Reading, Miss McBurney; selection, boys of the Glee club; journal, Miss A Hall; critic's report, Miss M J McDonnell. The meeting closed with the national anthem.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

A CHALLENGE.

Sporting Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Kindly allow us space in your valuable columns to issue a challenge to those obnoxious specimens of humanity, the dry goods clerks, for a game of hockey to be played on Wednesday night next, on the Riverside park rink.

The trophy will be a certain rat trap now held by Bombardier Ames. This trophy has been held by the bombardier for several moons and he has hitherto been able to resist all efforts to take it from his possession.

It is a perfection rat catcher and a sure puck stopper.

The Hardware Hockey Association feel confident that the bombardier, assisted by such freaks as Darkness Rose, Tiny Might, Circus Choate, Sox Denne and other vagrants, will fight desperately for this trophy.

The following rules must be strictly observed: Darkness Rose must leave his game cocks at home; Green Goods Man Choate shall not invoke aid from the spectators with offers of the queer; Bombardier Ames shall not deceive the men of Kingan & Allen's staff by painting imitation pucks on the ice.

The hardware men bind themselves to restrain Redden Ferguson, who claims decent from one of the most warlike of the old Viking Kings, from violently assaulting the boards on the side of the rink.

Beefy Higgins, Apsley's star goal keeper, will be placed between the flags for the hardware seven.

The Hardware Association would like Davy Mason to act as referee, as he is an impartial and deep thinking citizen.

Yours truly,
DODGER DUMBLE,
Sec Hardware Hockey Association.

LAKEFIELD LOST

Lakefield juniors—the team from the Grove—came down Saturday and met a team of local juniors in a friendly contest and won by 4 goals to 3, the Lakefield boys playing a great game. Both teams were well matched. The teams were:

PETERBOROUGH.		LAKEFIELD.
Routley	Goal	C Strickland
Ed Graham	Point	M Strickland
Hallahan	Cover Point	S Strickland
Bradburn, McBain, R Armstrong, McDonald	Forwards	Dunn, Cain, Blomfield, Hutchings
H King	Umpire	Mr McKenzie

Harold Armstrong—Referee

The Huffman House boarders are desirous of arranging a hockey match with the boarders of any other hotel in town. Those who have played in league games are to be barred from playing. Arrangements can be made and documents signed by calling on the REVIEW's sporting editor, or Manager Pope at the Ontario Bank.

Death of an Esteemed Lady

The death took place yesterday morning of Mrs M Lowes, of Springville, at the residence of her mother, Mrs Wm McBain, town. Mrs Lowes was a daughter of the late Wm McBain, and a sister of Mr J J McBain. She was 44 years of age and was born in Springville. In 1875 she was married to Mr M Lowes, who with a family survives. Mrs Lowes was a Methodist in religion, she possessed many admirable qualities and was beloved by all who formed her acquaintance. Mrs Lowes had been ill for a month and last week her illness assumed a serious condition and yesterday she passed away. The funeral will take place to-morrow to the Little Lake cemetery.

CHRISTIAN UNITY

The First of Two Sermons on the Subject by Rev H Symonds, M A., at St Luke's

The first of two sermons on the subject of "Christian Unity," was preached by Rev H. Symonds in St Luke's church last night. Speaking from Eph. iii, he pointed out that christianity had two aspects. First, an individual, and, secondly, a social aspect. Every man is an individual, and must ask the question "How am I to be saved from sin?" The answer to this question had been expounded by St Paul in the Epistle to the Galatians and the Romans. But, although man is an individual, he is not an independent individual. The whole human race is really a family. Therefore there is a social side to christianity, and it is this St. Paul expounds in the Epistle to the Ephesians, I Corinthians and elsewhere. This social side of christianity finds expression in the church, which the Apostle describes as the body of Christ, made up of many members, yet but one. The man who only thinks of his own salvation is a very imperfect christian, and a very selfish christian. The social side of christianity is more and more coming to the front, and in all parts of the world men are pondering the great subject of the unity of the Body of Christ.

The subject will be continued next Sunday evening.

FORESTERS' MEETING.

Important Meeting of the Members of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

A joint meeting in the interests of the different local Courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters is to be held in the Foresters' Hall, Simcoe-st., on Monday evening, February 15th, for the purpose of taking into consideration the notices of motion to be submitted at the annual meeting of the High Court, which commences February 23rd inst. The members of all the Courts in the town and country districts are requested to attend and take part in the proceedings. Meeting commences at 8 o'clock sharp. 3d35-1w7

EXTENDING THE RAILWAY.

Will the Railway be Extended to Jackson Park?

The Street and Bridge committee met this afternoon to consider a proposal of the Street Railway company who are desirous of securing the right of way to extend the railway along Park-st and the creek to the Jackson park.

It is understood the committee favored the proposition, but would not agree to purchase the property along the creek. Representatives of the company and Nicholls Trust were present, and in company with the committee are inspecting the territory this afternoon.

We have a fine line of violins, banjos and guitars, with fittings of all kinds, at prices that will astonish you. Old Stand. Peterborough Music Co. d38tf

Tea and Social.

The Girl's Guild, of St. Luke's church, have arranged for a tea and social to be held in the Foresters' Hall, Simcoe-st., Peterborough, on Monday evening, February 22nd. The reputation enjoyed by this energetic organization for successful catering to the tastes of their patrons will no doubt score for them another success. Tickets 15 cents. 1d

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

HAVE DEFAULTED TO QUEEN'S TEAM.

THE PETERBOROUGHS DECIDE NOT TO GO TO KINGSTON

As the Team Would Have Been Greatly Weakened by the Absence of Ashe and Lionel King from the Ranks—All Peterborough Teams out of the Race Now.

The Peterboroughs defaulted their senior semi-final match to Queens this morning.

This announcement will be a surprise to many, but under the circumstances the executive acted wisely. The prospects of victory at Kingston with a strong team were fair, but with a weak seven Queens would have had little difficulty in winning. The club purposed taking the same team that defeated Queens here last Monday night, but Ashe was unable to go owing to an important business engagement, and Lionel King has been confined to his home with a severe cold ever since the night of the last contest. With these vacancies the team would have been utterly disorganized. However, the executive held out hopes until the last, but they availed nothing, and Queens was notified this morning that the team could not go down. "Jock" Harty, the Queens champion, was sorry, but stated that Queens would not be financially assisted if the Peterboroughs did go down as the rink managers took in all the coin.

Thus endeth the hockey championship season in Peterborough. Defeat is marked against all the teams, and again Peterborough has to go without a championship. But all the teams put up grand fights and have no reason to feel disheartened, and a good bet at the present would be that the teams that defeated the Peterborough aggregations will hold the several championships; that is:—

Senior—Queens, though they did not actually defeat the local seniors.

Intermediate—Frontenacs, of Kingston.

Junior—Wellingtons, of Toronto.

That's our opinion and it will likely be correct.

But because the teams are out of the championship will not cause hockey to drop in public support. The teams have done their best and lost. Probably they have attempted too much, but they can be titled heroic in their attempts and deserve credit.

Gone to New York

The Cobourg Sentinel Star says:—Chief Rankin left on Monday for New York city, where he will identify the notorious criminal, Ed Rice, who is now on trial for forgery. Rice was the centre figure in the big express robbery about 15 years ago. He and a pal in some way learned that $20,000 was to arrive by express at Port Hope at a certain date, and accordingly laid plans to bag it, making their headquarters at Cobourg for a time. When the day arrived, they robbed the express company's safe and extracted what they thought was the parcel containing the $20,000. Upon examination, however, it proved to be only $1000 one dollar bills, and the two thieves were very much disgusted. The parcel containing the $20,000 arrived the next day after the robbery. Rice and his pal were arrested shortly after, when the pal turned Queen's evidence and Rice was sent to penitentary for five years. He is a man pretty well up in years, probably sixty years of age, and is considered to be a pretty slick chap.

THE POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

The Board of Directors Meet and Transact General Business.

The board of directors of the Peterborough Central Poultry and Pet Stock Association met at the call of the President in the Morgan House, at 7.30 p. m. on Friday evening last, the president, Mr J Fred Davidson, in the chair. There were also present William Collins, secretary, and Messrs Cockburn, Garbut, Lush and Millburn, directors.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The secretary read the correspondence. The names of ten new members were received.

The President stated the object of calling the meeting was to discuss the advisability of holding a March public meeting.

It was moved by Mr Cockburn, seconded by Mr Garbutt, that R E Birdsall be appointed a director. This was carried.

It was moved by Mr Cockburn, seconded by Mr Garbutt, that the secretary be instructed to collect the membership fee from all those whose names were handed in as members. Also to write Mr Birdsall and find out whether it would be desirable to hold the March public meeting in Norwood. The meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

E. B. A. Attention.

A special meeting of the above Association will be held this (Monday) evening. As business of importance will be transacted, a full attendance of members is requested. H'y. Carveth, President.

Notice.

I hereby give notice that on and after this date F. L. Robinson and Mrs. T. Fitzgerald are NOT authorized by me to receive payment of my accounts. Also I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by them in my name without my written order.—T. FITZGERALD. 3d37

Ashburnham Briefs.

For the blind Willie Mitchell benefit concert to be given in the new town hall in Ashburnham, on the evening of Friday, Feb. 19th, the following excellent programme is being prepared:—

Musical selection.....Mr Adams
Solo.....Miss B Rightmeyer
Dialogue—"Our Verse".....——
Wand drill. .Marjory Rye and Aggie Collins
Instrumental.....Mr Adams
Dialogue—"Aunt Martha's Ruse"...——
Solo.....Mrs H Jones
Kindergarten song—"Hurrah for the Hero."
Recitation.....Miss Aggie Peterson
Instrumental (violin).....Miss Guerin
Dialogue—"The May Queen".....——
Solo.....Mr James Anderson
Club swinging.. .Annie Sanders and Harriet Goodwin
Instrumental.....Mr H Rightmeyer
Dialogue—"The Sick Doll.".....——
Solo.....Miss Hendren
Recitation.....Miss Aggie Paterson
Instrumental.....Leila and Frank Webber
Solo.....Mr J Browne
Dialogue—"Advertising for a Servant."——
Song.....Mr Adams

It is hoped there will be a very large attendance to assist in this worthy object.

Corn Social, Tuesday night, Feb. 15th., George-st Church School Room by E. L. of C.E. Novel and attractive. Supper from 8 to 9 o'clock. 15 cts. Programme. 4d36

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY, Feb. 13th.

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen Black and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Hockey practice.
Thistle's curling night.
Young People's Society meetings.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Carnival in Ashburnham.

OAK HALL.

Personal.

Miss Humphrey, of Keene, is the guest of Mrs Wm Quinn, Dublin-st.

Mrs. R. Clegg, of Ingersoll, who has been visiting in town, left for home on Saturday.

Miss Irwin who, owing to illness, was unable to write on the examinations at the Nicholls hospital training school for nurses at the same time as the other candidates, has written on the examinations and passed most creditably.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

The Y W C A wish to acknowledge the following donations for the past week :—Mrs Raines, vegetables ; Mr Breeze, gasolier ; Mr. Roger, plants ; Mrs C H Best, canned fruit and pickles ; Mr H Best, kitchen utensil ; Messrs Fortye & Harper, kitchen utensils ; Mrs Walsh, soup tureen ; Mrs Wallis, bell for table ; Miss Nicolls, table cloth, canned fruit and pickles ; Mrs Manning, canned fruit and pickles ; Mr Carver, vegetables ; Mrs McGill, arm chair ; Hon. Geo. A. Cox, $50.

It is hoped that the home will be opened this week when Miss Bottral, general secretary, of Montreal, will be with us. Further notice will be given.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Charlotte-st. church will meet to-morrow afternoon.

A social under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Charlotte-st. Methodist church will be held at the residence of Mr. George May, North Monaghan, on Thursday.

In the anthem at the Charlotte-st. church yesterday morning Miss Hendren took a solo and Misses Sherlock and Hendren a duet.

The new Y W C A rooms and boarding house on Brock-st. will be opened with an entertainment on Friday evening.

The services in the George-st. church next Sunday will be held in the auditorium, as the repairs will be concluded this week. A collection in aid of the repair fund will be taken up at both services.

The George-st. church E L of C E hold a social in the church to-morrow evening.

The morning anthem at St Paul's church yesterday was "Lead Kindly Light," Miss Vair taking the solo. In the evening Mrs Mein took a solo in the anthem "Now the day is Over."

St Paul's Christian Endeavor will hold a missionary meeting to-night when the home field will be discussed. All interested in home mission work should attend.

Good congregations filled the Murray-st. Baptist church yesterday, both at the morning and evening services. Rev. Mr. Dykeman took for his evening text the word "Wonderful," in Is. ix, 6, and preached a most vigorous and earnest sermon, after which a short prayer meeting was held.

Special services, conducted by the pastor, to which all will be cordially welcomed, will be held in the Sunday school room of the Murray-st. Baptist church every evening this week, with the exception of Friday.

The attendance was unusually good at the Murray-st. Baptist church Sunday school yesterday afternoon. By having new music books the singing is much improved in this department. Rev. Mr. Mellick, superintendent of Home Missions in Manitoba and the Northwest, addressed the school, and was listened to with breathless attention as he told of the work among the Mennonites, the Russians, Germans, the Scandinavians and the Indians.

THE SWELLEST LINE!

NEW SPRING COLORED SHIRTS

—White bodies with colored bosoms and cuffs.
—Correct fit, style and make.
—Neckbands on the bias, to ensure perfect fit about the neck, and not to work out under collar.
—In all the new fabrics—striking and nobby.
—Range of patterns lengthy and interesting.
—Soft effects for aesthetic people. Laundried to suit critical shirt men.
—With collars and cuffs attached or detached.
—Prices, 65c., 85c., 98c., $1.25 and $1.45. Take a look at our window display of the 98c. kind.

Established 1857. **Mercer's** 355 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In referring to the meeting held at Lindsay on Thursday night to arrange a reception to the successful tankark rinks the Post says :—"Possibly the most pleasing part of the proceedings of the meeting Thursday night was the break made by the secretary being called to the 'phone to receive the congratulations of the Peterborough club. He was instructed to write to Peterborough, stating to them the great pleasure it gave our club to receive from them this message of congratulation."

In an Innes medal contest on Saturday evening Skip R S Davidson defeated Skip Dumble by 6 shots, the score being :

F J Rogers	J D Collins
G W Hatton	G H Giroux
J S Knapman	W L Allen
R S Davidson, skip 16	D W Dumble, sk..10

In a friendly game on Saturday evening Skip Edwards defeated Skip H M Allen.

The pedagogian's won the rubber and the bankers were turned down. The deciding contest in the matches between the bankers and Collegiate staff took place on Saturday and the latter won their second contest to the bankers' one by the following score :

TEACHERS	BANKERS
J McCaig	B Belleghem
C Fessenden	A Milne
H R H Kenner	W H Manson
J Jeffries, skip...14	W D Parker, skip.11

The Dryden cup competition opens at Lindsay to-morrow. The Thistle skips will be Sam Ray and Thos Rutherford. The Granites chose Skips Attrill and Edwards.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced, Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill ; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

AT DOWNER'S CORNERS.

A Visitor who Spent Two Nights with Col Sanderson Lodge—Old and Young.

"A Visiting Brother" writes the REVIEW as follows :—"I attended the last two very pleasant evenings spent in the Orange hall at Downer's Corners, Otonabee, during the last two weeks. The first entertainment was given by the members of Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 321, on the evening of the 28th of January. An excellent oyster supper was served, and afterwards for three hours the audience were delighted with readings, recitations, dialogues, songs, solos and music given by friends of the Order from Otonabee, Auburn, Peterborough and Ashburnham, and the crowning feature of the evening was a presentation from L O L No 321 to Mr J Graham Weir of a handsome gold jewel. The jewel had on one side the emblems of a past master, and on the other was inscribed, 'A reward of Merit, to Bro J Graham Weir, from L O L No 321.' The presentation was made by the W M., Mr D Kennedy, on behalf of the lodge, and was accompanied by a complimentary and appropriate address. Mr Weir, in receiving the gift, said he could not find words to sufficiently express his thanks to the brethren of L. O. L. No. 321 for their beautiful gift. Coming as it did from the members of his own lodge and the people with whom he was acquainted all his life he would accept it with feelings of pride indeed. If anything was required to increase his zeal for the Order surely that was sufficient. The entertainment was a complete and harmonious success.

And last night, February 12th, a very pleasant and social entertainment was given in the same hall by Colonel Sanderson's juvenile heroes. This lodge of boys, who are in connection with L O L No. 321, have made wonderful progress since their commencement 10 months ago. They have 36 members, a handsome and costly banner and regalia and uniform clothing, and are arranging to have a band of their own. So far they have been under the guidance of Mr. J. G. Weir, but have already proved themselves competent to manage their own affairs. Their master, who is Master Charley Simon, who was chairman for the evening, conducted in an able and off-handed manner the musical and literary entertainment. There was also a fruit supper and valentine drawing which created no end of amusement. One of the excellent numbers given was a recitation in connection with ancient history, given by Mr D Kennedy in grand style and appreciated very much by the audience. For a good social time and a sumptuous supper you want to go to the Orange hall at Downer's Corners.

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. HACKING.

The Hypnotic Sleeper.

The young man who had been in the hypnotic sleep at the opera house since Tuesday night was awakened on Saturday evening by Prof. Ferris before a fair audience. The young man looked drowsy as he arose, but soon brightened up as he took his first meal in 96 hours. Prof. Ferris and company left to-day for Orillia.

FIRE IN PORT HOPE.

The Opera House Gutted and the St. Lawrence Hall Damaged—Peterborough Men Interested

About two o'clock Sunday morning fire broke out at Port Hope in the opera house, on the corner of John and Walton-sts., completely gutting the upper portion of the building, and doing about one thousand dollars worth of damage to the old St Lawrence Hall adjoining the opera house. The following is a list of stores underneath the opera house and the east end of St Lawrence Hall, which received more or less damage by water and smoke:—James Reynolds, barber, loss $200, covered by insurance ; Traders' Bank of Canada; loss probably $50, covered by insurance; Jas Hunter, wines and liquors, loss not yet known, insured ; G T Strong, billiard parlor, tables considerably damaged by water, no insurance ; loss to opera house probably three thousand dollars, insured, amount of insurance not known.

The St. Lawrence Hall block has been vacant for a number of years. The cause of the fire is a mystery. The caretaker of the opera house states that no fire was left in the stoves when he left the building at a late hour last night.

Messrs. T. E. Bradburn, D. W. Dumble and Hon. Geo. A. Cox were interested as owners in this property.

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

News Notes from the Home of Mr Smith—Carnival.

Correspondence of the Review.

WOOD—During the past two weeks our villagers have been getting in a good supply of wood. The sleighing is good, and those who have wood to sell have been rushing it in so that the most of the wood sheds are getting pretty well filled here.

MANSE REPAIRING.—The manse here has been thoroughly overhauled during the past week. It has been painted and papered throughout, and a furnace has been put in, so that it will be quite comfortable for the newly settled pastor, the Rev Bryce Innes, of Knox church here.

ILL—Mr J Junkin, our postmaster here, who was taken suddenly ill while attending his brother's funeral last week, we are pleased to be able to state, is recovering steadily, and will be able to be out soon.

CARNIVAL.—The carnival held in the rink here on Tuesday evening, the 2nd inst., proved a success. Quite a large number were in costume and the costumes were varied and artistic, some being quite quaint. The skaters spent a pleasant time for about three hours and then dispersed for their homes, being well pleased with the evening's amusement.

MOVED AND REPAIRED.—The True Blues here moved their hall round from the park to the main street and have since made some repairs on the inside of it. The location they have now will be much more convenient for the members of the Order than where it was first built.

HAY AND STRAW.—Since the good roads have been, numbers of loads of hay and straw have come into the village.

THE WOODS.—Men from the shanties north of this report that work is progressing most favorably since the snow came.

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion ; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach ? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Brevities.

—Havelock village council is considering the erection of a town hall.

—St Paul's church Sunday school has contributed $25 to the India Relief Fund.

—There will be a meeting of the 57th Bugle Band at the drill shed at 7.30 p m. this evening.

—Caretaker McLelland stopped the town clock this afternoon to do some needed repairs.

—The traffic on the street railway was stopped on Saturday afternoon by the snow but the cars are running this morning.

—The Montreal Star's weather prophet predicts a goodly amount of winter from this out until the 15th of March, then an early spring and a generally warm and dry summer.

—Yesterday was St. Valentine's day, but very few complain of being remembered that such was the case by the receipt of "illustrated insults," as one young man remarked

—The carnival at the Park rink, Ashburnham, this evening will be crowded. Those not knowing where the rink is may follow the Fire Brigade or "Sousie's" bands, both having been engaged for the occasion and will render a choice programme during the evening. 1d.

Breezes from the North.

Bobcaygeon Independent.

Miss Clara Brett Martin, of Toronto, Canada's only female limb of the law, has at last been called to the bar. After being introduced, with a pretty sweep of her lovely arm, she gathered up the fold of her gown, which hung gracefully from her shoulders, and sweetly smiling upon all present, said : Gentlemen, what is to be ? Miss Martin, barrister, attorney and solicitor is all right.

Reliable information assures this journal that the ground hog came out the 1st of February, and was so tickled with the sunny ways of the Dominion Premier, he scampered around to such a ridiculous extent that he threw no shadow. Nothing but somersaults.

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

That sweet scented flower of monarchial culture, Queen Lil, of the Pacific Isle, is at present in Washington, and has gently hinted that if Cleveland wanted to do the gentlemanly thing he would restore her to her throne. Can't be done, angelic one. No. In these days, once a monarch goes out of business it is a case of Humpty Dumpty. The squash is irretrievable.

BIRTH.

MARCHANT.—On Sunday, February 14th, 1897, the wife of Mr. Thos. Marchant, of a son.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars ; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

We claim that it is equal to any and surpasses all in many respects. We will send one to any responsible firm or person on ten days trial, and if not found as we represent it may be returned to us. Half the price of others. $55.00 Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,020,363	3541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

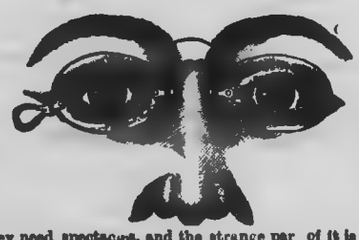
Total Assurance written by the Sun Life amounted to **$7,468,282.**

Total Assurance written by the other 10 Canadian Co's combined, **$23,905,314.**

It may be here remarked that the total gain of assurance in force in Canadian Companies over the previous year was $8,376,-638. Of this amount the Sun Life contributed **$4,060,521.** The other Canadian Companies combined contributed $4,316,117.

W. H. HILL,
MANAGER CENTRAL ONTARIO.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it is hat some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined ree of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

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Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

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EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

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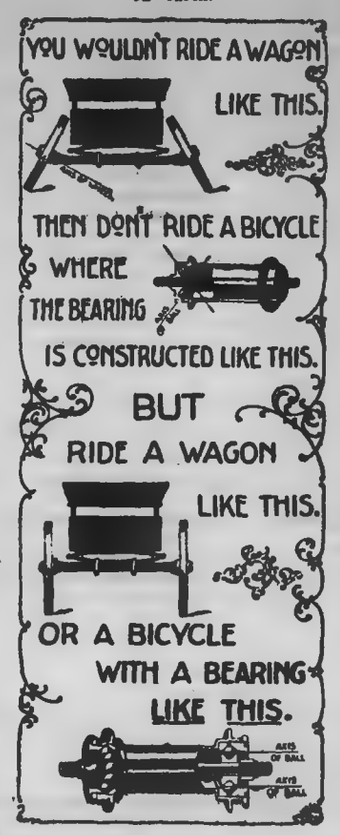

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AGENT.

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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
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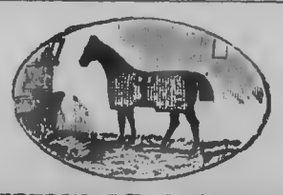

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Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office rom 2 to 5 p.m. ever-

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FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
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Agent and Ass't S

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

is a countryman, which goes a great way when abroad.

"Strange how I failed to see you there, when I examined the foreign booth carefully a number of times, looking for—an acquaintance," he slowly utters, coming very near a slip.

"We came in late, Madame Sophie and I, just as the manager was offering two hundred something or other for anyone to conquer that terirble animal. I assure you, Doctor Jack, I felt proud when you accepted the challenge, and declared the fact that you were an American. But I was afraid you were going to your death up to the time you began to play with Taurus, when the truth managed to steal through my brain that you were a master hand. Where did you learn such a game in our country?"

"I was a cowboy in Texas for several years, but it was in Mexico I fought bulls for amusement and profit combined," he replies.

"Ah! yes, you said so in your little speech. I had forgotten—the events that followed confused me. So you have been in Mexico?" looking at him with some admiration, for although she has declared that she ought not to talk with Doctor Jack without some form of introduction, or, at least, the presence of the duenna, she continues to do so. Truth to tell, there is a peculiar magnetism about him that draws this girl; he is just such a brave man as she has always declared should be her knight errant if ever she had one.

His gallant work in the arena has put a seal upon her eyes, and she does not see that which she would not.

"I was in Mexico several years in the mines. That is where I made my money. Besides, I have roamed over the whole world. There is probably no country under the sun where I have not hunted wild beasts, no prominent city I have not explored."

"And, I presume, with the usual vigour that characterizes your sex, you can boast of a flirtation with a pretty girl of every nation."

Doctor Jack is quite taken with her boldness, but he admires chic, and laughs in reply.

"What would you have, Miss Morton? I have an eye for the beautiful, and admire nature in whatever mood I find it. They tell us woman is the loveliest work of all, and I must be blind, indeed, not to notice what is patent to all men. Besides, I have always been judged something of a connoisseur of a handsome face."

This he says with a meaning look but Avis, quick as thought, turns it aside.

"So I perceive," with a glance beyond him in the direction of Mercedes, "she is certainly one of the most beautiful women I have ever seen."

He turns red, although he does not know why he should, but somehow that clear blue eye seems to confuse him. She evidently believes Mercedes still talking to the Turk, to be his latest love, perhaps his affianced, and he almost shows a ludicrous haste to undeceive her.

"Ah! you mean Mercedes—Senorita Gonzales. I never had the pleasure of an introduction until we met at the bull-fight. Her uncle, Don Carlos, and myself have done some hunting together up in the Pyrenees. Yes she is a lovely creature, but, do you know, I prefer a being of a fairer mould. These Spaniards are jealousy condensed, and I should always tremble for my life if wedded to one of them."

"Oh! you would have to give up your flirtations, that would be all," and a killing little look accompanies the speech.

Doctor Jack finds himself upon the defensive, and although the situation is a novel one to him he rather enjoys it. One will accept thrusts from a certain hand in preference to favours from another, and although ten minutes ago Jack had never set eyes on this bright New York girl he is already interested.

He disclaims being a male flirt, and vows that he has pursued the wild game of forest and mountain so earnestly that he has had little time to look after the gentler kind to be found in towns and villages. She changes the subject with an abruptness that declares the danger line to have been nearly reached.

"What possessed you to enter that ring and risk your life to-day?" she asks, her eyes on his face as if reading him through and through.

Doctor Jack had not known this lively girl ten minutes, and yet something warns him to beware. He does not tell her that it was a woman's smile that urged him on, a woman's eyes that caused him to take his life in his hand and spring into the arena. True, Avis Morton can as yet have little interest in him, but he is too shrewd a man to make so bad a break in the start. First appearances go a great way, and he means that this American girl shall have no cause to remember him with disdain.

"I could not take a challenge, that was all. Besides, something of the old spirit seemed to creep over me, and I wondered if I could do the same tricks I used to years ago in Mexico."

This is the exact truth, and yet not all the truth, for the challenge Doctor Jack took up came from the Spanish beauty at his side and not from the master of ceremonies.

"You talk like an aged man! you do not look so very old," she smiles.

"A friend asked me that to-day, enumerating the countries I had hunted in, and all that I had seen for a score of years. I told him my experience made me about seventy, while in actual truth I lacked by several years being half that old. I have been a great traveller—in Asia, Australia, South and North America, and with Stanley in Africa."

Those large blue eyes grow serious—they still rest upon his face unconsciously.

"I have always been passionately fond of travels myself, though it is only the last year, since coming of age, that I could gratify my whim in that respect. Perhaps some time you may tell me of strange things you have seen."

"With pleasure," Doctor Jack cries, eagerly.

"Oh! I forgot, we have not been introduced—we do not know each other," laughing.

"Humbug! I can refer you to a dozen gentlemen in New York, belonging to the first society, from Pierre Lorillard down, who will vouch for me as a gentleman. What more is needed? You have yourself seen that I am a man."

"Forgive me. I only joked. I would rather trust my eyes and own good judgment than have a reference from any New York society man. They may be mistaken, I never am."

Somehow Jack sees something in this to take to himself as a compliment, and he bends his head toward the girl. Her eyes are on the crowd around. It is evident that she is worried over the absence of her friend.

"I wish I could see Madame Sophie. We were to meet by this 'Rebecca at the Well' in case we became separated. The only thing I can imagine is that she has met Larry."

"Larry?" and Doctor Jack unconsciously takes a sudden alarm.

"My cousin, Lawrence. He wrote that he would be in Madrid about this time, and was bound to find us. Larry never gives up an object he has in view. You would not think it, but he is as stubborn as a mule."

Doctor Jack is contemplating her while she glances around, and meditating upon the possibility of this selfsame Larry's having ever taken a notion to fall in love with his cousin, and also considering what effect his being as stubborn as a mule would have on Avis, who looks herself as though she possesses a little of the family trait in the shape of firmness.

A low cry from his companion announces that she has made a discovery.

"Why, it's the pasha with whom your friend is talking—Abdallah Pasha."

"Good Heaven! do you know that miserable Turk, Miss Avis?" gasps our Jack—he has a reason for it.

"I met him some time ago at the house of Lady Witherspoon, in London, and found him quite an entertaining talker and educated, too. He seemed quite interested in me, and asked about my plans, being delighted to hear I was coming to his city, Constantinople."

"No doubt. These Turks are good judges of beauty. They generally have a score of wives," dryly answers the American, then adds, quickly:—"Perhaps you would like to meet the senorita? I will introduce you if you would care."

"Thank you, Doctor Jack, I will meet her, but for goodness sake say nothing about—you know—our never having met before."

"Believe me, I shall cause them to believe we are old and warm friends," and as he turns away he glories in the blush his words have called upon the New York girl's fair face.

Presently he comes up with Mercedes and the pasha, who still lingers, like a moth about a candle, only to Jack's keen eye the simile loses its flavour because of the suspicion he entertains that it is Mercedes who has been doing all the fluttering up to this minute.

The two girls greet each other warmly, but that is no indication of their real feelings. As a rule the gentler sex are better actors than their male relations, and Doctor Jack looks deeper than the surface to find the truth.

He enjoys standing there and comparing these two types of beauty. It is astonishing how changed his ideas have become since meeting Avis. Previous to that he thought Mercedes the loveliest woman he had ever set eyes on; now her beauty is dimmed, and by a Yankee girl, who makes no pre-

To be Continued

THE BEAUTY AROUND US.

There's beauty all 'round us
We heed not,
Aye, see not.
And sometimes we care not
To see where we might,
For blossoms that sprinkle
The meadows
And hedgerows,
But cling to the shadows
And turn from the light.

We hug to our bosoms
Our losses
And crosses,
And crush the green mosses
That lie at our feet;
Pluck rue for our wearing,
Complaining,
Restraining
Our hands from obtaining
Full morsels of sweet.

"LITTLE MONSIEUR."

How Dieulafoy Lends Piquancy to Parisian Life

There are but three or four ladies in France who have availed themselves of the benefits of that law which provides that women may wear male attire on obtaining a permit from the authorities, which can be had for a merely nominal fee if valid reasons are given why the applicant wishes to wear male garments. Among these few ladies, Madame Dieulafoy, the wife of the well-known explorer and orientalist, is certainly the most interesting. Like Lady Burton she accompanied her husband on his voyages and in order to avoid the unpleasantness always experienced by women when traveling in Oriental countries, as well as for better protection, she adopted boy's clothing at that time, being of a very slight build. While Lady Burton on her return into civilised countries resumed the garb of her sex, the French traveler kept up her habit of wearing the male costume she had grown fond of, and in it she is to-day frequently seen in the literary and scientific society of Paris.

Not long ago a German journalist requested an interview of Madame Dieulafoy, whom he had never seen, and received a very gracious reply to call the next day. He must evidently have been under the impression that she only wears male attire when going out, and that she, like all others of her sex, would prefer the soft gowns, now so much in use by Parisiennes at their homes. When entering her boudoir, a charming room with a wainscoting of old oak and blue cloth draperies, he beheld a rather small gentleman stretched in an easy chair with the feet toward the open grate in which a log fire was burning briskly. The reporter became confused at seeing an apparently young man, where he had expected to meet a lady of mature years, and stammered: "Beg pardon, sir, I requested the honor of meeting Madame Dieulafoy!" whereupon the little monsieur replied smilingly: "Why, that's I!" The visitor was dumfounded, and in his own words we state his experience: "I could not for the moment stammer an excuse, nor an explanation. I mechanically took the proffered chair and sank into it. In silence I attempted to collect my senses, to re-establish my presence of mind. I stared at her, and all I know is that I continuallly repeated to myself the words: "And that is a woman! — —"

Mme. Dieulafoy was faultlessly attired. She had just returned from a wedding. Her Prince Albert coat, closely buttoned, fitted her form wonderfully well; it did not reveal even the slightest trace of female shape. A chamois colored waistcoat and a well tied blue bow could be seen above the coat; her—trousers—thanks to God, the word is out—her trousers, then, were of a pearlish grey cloth. She wore patent leather shoes of the broad-heeled English pattern. Her brown hair was cut short and brushed back smoothly like those of a man and not curly like those of a mannish woman. Her face was rather pale but expressive, and her piercing grey eyes seemed to penetrate into the inmost recesses of mine. I have seen many chess players who look like her, still there was nothing theatrical or constrained about her. While I was perplexed and could not even speak coherently, she, like a true woman of the world, kept up the conversation in order not to let me feel that she noticed my surprise. She was very much at home in her peculiar attire and looked quite serious, almost too serious."

Madame Dieulafoy accompanies her husband everywhere in the costume she has adopted for good, but this often results in very comical episodes. Not so very long ago they attended an evening entertainment in one of the families of the fashionable set. The "portier" (attendant at the door) who was to announce them, received their card, which read: "Monsieur et Madame Dieulafoy." He looked at the card, then at the strange couple, finally he turned to the door in dismay and called in: "The two Messieurs Dieulafoy," much to the amusement of everybody who knew them.

Horses Still Useful.

In the highest civilization horses are essential, whether for work or for pleasure. City street hauling and farm work must yet be done in the same old way with horses. More machinery means more horses and wagons. In spite of the bicycles, more carriages and buggies are made than ever.

As the chances for our western ranges are continually narrowing, and as our export trade is continually growing, we would seem to be surely approaching a better era for the producer. There may be ups and downs yet, but these united conditions must certainly establish a higher range of value for the future.—Wisconsin Agriculturist.

Selection of a Cockerel.

While good size is an item in the selection of a male, activity is fully as important. An extra large cockerel is apt to be sluggish and clumsy when matured. The best plan is to choose a male bird of medium size, compact, active and vigorous, and also to be careful that he was hatched early. In this case he will be reasonably well matured when mated for breeding, and if the flock is largely composed of hens, the produce should show an improvement in the flock. If pullets are the mainstay for the coming season, it will be better to secure a two or three-year-old male

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

We hear a great deal about purifying the blood. The way to purify it is to enrich it. Blood is not a simple fluid like water. It is made up of minute bodies and when these are deficient, the blood lacks the life-giving principle. Scott's Emulsion is not a mere blood purifier. It actually increases the number of the red corpuscles in the blood and changes unhealthy action into health.

If you want to learn more of it we have a book, which tells the story in simple words.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Browneomb e, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

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Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa. Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in the face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and flesh. Hollows and angles will give place to fullness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

NO TREATY PROBABLE

Senator Sherman is Making a Brave Fight.

But is Meeting With Determined Opposition—Some Senators Evidently Resolve to So Fix the Treaty as to Make it Unacceptable to Britain in Order That the Onus of Rejection May Rest With Her—Proposed Relief for India.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations this morning made it apparent that no agreement could be reached on the general treaty or arbitration with Great Britain that would bring the contending factions either in committees or in the Senate together. While Mr. Sherman was not told so in exact words, the inference to be drawn from what Mr. Morgan, Mr. Daniel and Mr. Cameron said, was that under no circumstances could this treaty be ratified at the present session of the Senate. It is believed that with the executive session of the afternoon, Mr. Sherman will cease to press the consideration of the convention objections aimed at the treaty by Mr. Morgan and others to the effect that the submission of all subjects to arbitration under the treaty as now worded would be left entirely to the President. If it is amended as submitted by the committee's action of *this morning, only such matters as* have been agreed to by the full treaty making power of the United States, the President and the Senate acting jointly can be submitted to arbitration.

The power to negotiate and conclude treaties in Great Britain is lodged entirely in the Crown and is exercised for the Crown by the Premier. There has been no suggestion that the British treaty making power has been changed by the terms of this treaty and Mr. Turple's contention was that in like manner the full treaty making power of the United States was to sit in judgment upon all subjects that were sought to be taken before this high tribunal of arbitration.

The Senate did not agreed with Mr. Turple in his interpretation, but found the easiest way to a possible solution of the problem confronting it in giving expression to that interpretation in the text of the convention. With such an amendment the treaty is safeguarded absolutely and the friends of the instrument say there should not be a dissenting vote in ratifying it, for the reason that every question would then come up before the existing Senate as an original proposition.

The action of the committee in adopting the amendment did not bring about harmony. On the contrary the more the whole subject was discussed the more evident it became that the differences were irreconcilable. Messrs. Morgan, Daniel, Mills and Cameron refused to consider the treaty in a favorable light even after they had voted for the amendment.

They opposed the convention on general grounds and said it was impossible for them to believe that the country would be benefited by its ratification at the present time at least. They refused to listen to the pleading of Mr. Sherman and his associates and declined to even admit that the amendment had accomplished what had been sought.

The committee adjourned with the majority feeling anything but comfortable over the outlook. Mr. Sherman notified his colleagues that he should move an executive session early in the day for the purpose of testing the sense of the Senate, and intimated, as he did on the floor last evening, that if there was no possibility of a speedy vote he would not further press the consideration of the treaty.

Mr. Sherman made his demand for an executive session a few minutes after the Senate convened, refusing to yield to anything but the mere routine of morning business. Early in the session Senator Chandler offered an amendment to the convention in the shape of an additional article which is, in fact, a declaration. It states that both the contracting parties in making this treaty do it for the purpose of enunciating their belief in the principle of international arbitration and to bring about if possible, the policy of a general disarmament among the nations. It is further declared that each of the contracting parties express their willingness and intention of making similar treaties with other nations including not only those that are strong and able to defend themselves and who have large military establishments, but also with the smaller families of nations, with whom differences similar to those covered by this treaty might arise.

Mr. Perkins (Rep., Cal.), introduced a joint resolution, which was passed, authorising the secretary of the navy to place at the disposal of the Chamber of Commerce at San Francisco any suitable United States ship or vessel for the purpose of transporting to the famishing poor of India contributions of wheat or corn or to charter a suitable American steamship with a cargo capacity of from 1500 to 3000 tons and making the necessary appropriation therefor.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Satisfactory assurances have been received from Caracas that the Venezuelan boundary treaty will be promptly ratified.

SCIENCE AND SOCIABILITY.

American Association Will Visit Their British Brethren in Toronto

New York, Feb. 14.—A Tribune editorial notice to-day is as follows: One of the most interesting events in the history of the pretty city of Toronto, Canada, will occur next summer. On Aug. 18 the meeting of the British Association for Advancement of Science will begin in that city and preparations for the event are already under way. The sum of £5700 for expenses has been guaranteed by the city, and the Dominion and Provincial Governments. A number of receptions and excursions are being arranged for the members. In fact, if they should accept all the hospitalities that will be offered to them they would have little time to devote to the meetings, which are to be held in the lecture room of the University of Toronto and the School of Practical Science. The meeting of this famous body of scientists on the American Continent will be appropriately noted by kindred American societies. Many of the members of the American Association, which will meet in Detroit on Aug. 9, will attend it, as will also delegations from other bodies. In this way the meeting will do much to promote that catholicity of impulse and public sentiment which is coming so largely to prevail among men of science.

Pittsburg Post Burned Out.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 14.—Fire this morning burned the building occupied by The Pittsburg Post, causing a loss of $90,000. The printing presses, one valued at $25,000 and the other at $10,000 were badly damaged. Ten typesetting machines, valued at $30,000, were ruined.

JACK THE RIPPER OUTDONE.

Woman Killed and the Body Jammed Under the Seat of a Railway Car in London.

London, Feb. 14.—Nothing since the "Jack the Ripper" murders has so aroused London and all England as the tragedy in a suburban train on the Southwestern Railway on Thursday evening. The train from Hounslow reached the London terminus at 8.30 o'clock. After the passengers left, a car cleaner, inspecting the carriages, found the mutilated body of a young woman partially concealed beneath a seat in a second-class compartment. The body, which was still warm, was dragged out with difficulty, for the upper part of the body had been forced under the seat with great violence. It was found that the skull had been crushed in by a couple of heavy blows. There was evidence of a severe struggle before the victim succumbed. There was no trace whatever of the murderer.

The most astonishing feature of the crime was the fact that the train's longest run between stations was only five minutes, an nobody had seen or heard anything to excite suspicion. The young woman was immediately identified by her fiance, who was waiting at the station to meet her. She was Miss Elizabeth Kemp, who was manager of a small hotel at Walworth. She had been spending the afternoon with relatives in the Hounslow suburban district, six or seven miles from the centre of the city. The fact which chiefly arouses public interest is that such a crime could be committed in a railway compartment within London itself and the perpetrator escape without exciting suspicion.

England still clings to the compartment system of railway travel for the very reason which cost this young woman her life. It is the object of every Englishman and woman to secure an unoccupied compartment, if possible, for a railway journey, long or short. The danger from thieves, ruffians and maniacs is supposed to exist only on long runs. It is impossible thus far to assign even a motive for this tragedy.

Nothing has been found connected with the murderer except his weapon, which was a chemist's heavy pestle. This was discovered yesterday near the line at Putney, about three miles out. It was covered with blood and one or two hairs from the girl's head. The victim's clothing was badly torn and smeared with blood, but it is hardly possible that the murderer attempted an outrage, for, with the time at his disposal, it must have been necessary actually to kill the woman on leaving one station in order to crowd the body under the seat in time to leave the train at the next. It is not considered possible that the murderer remained in the car while the train stopped at any way station, for passengers were likely to enter at any moment.

It is not known positively whether robbery was committed, for, although the woman's purse was empty near the body, and no valuables were found in her pocket, her diamond brooch remained fastened at her throat. It is supposed she had quite a sum of money, but this is only conjecture. The police thus far are quite nonplussed, although they are actively following a variety of clues connecting passengers who left the train at way stations with the crime. One theory is that an escaped female lunatic from Putney killed the girl.

A French-Canadian in Charge of the Sheriff at Newport, Vermont.

Newport, Vt., Feb. 14.—An insane man is being detained here pending identification. He has a railroad ticket for Quebec, which was issued at Northampton, Mass., Feb. 11. He came into East Coventry on Friday and remained over night. He was then taken to this city for safe keeping. He has given different names. One of them is Arthur Dorion. His shirts are marked H. Dibble, his cuffs Thomas Orton, and his vest Fitzgerald. He is French, about 25 years old, of medium height, weighs nearly 200 pounds, has sandy complexion, mustache and hair light red, and is well dressed in black pants, grey mixed coat, brown overcoat and black soft hat. Any information should be sent to L. D. Miles, Sheriff, Newport, Vt.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade has been dull to-day and prices unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The wheat market is dull, with offerings fair. Red winter wheat can be had at 75c, and white is quoted at 76c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard 83c to 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c. No. 2 at 29c to 27c. No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c, north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offering. Cars are quoted at 34c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 13.—Spring wheat 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 23s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 50s.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat steady, futures steady at 6s 2¾d for March and 6s 4d for May and July. Maize quiet at 2s 6¼d for March, 2s 7¾d for May and 2s 8¼d for July. Flour unchanged at 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 22	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 46
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO .... BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dawson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

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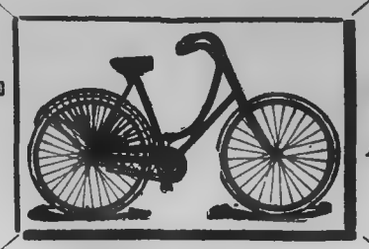

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SNOW SHOVEL

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Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

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EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

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214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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FURS!

At Prices deemed impossible before this Sale.

From to-day on prices of our Furs change in your favor. It is clean up and clear out time to prepare the way for our change of business and the change in the season. The last of this season's reductions. The Furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost. Fully ⅓ less than former prices.

Call and secure a bargain in Furs for next if not this season's wear. It will pay you.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897

The Cuban Troops.

The war reports from Cuba have a great deal to say about the troops. It is a new term in military science, and there is more or less confusion in the public mind as to what it means. In a general way it signifies a strategic line across a given scope of territory, separating one army from another. The line in the present instance extends from Havana to the southern coast of the island, and its original purpose was to divide the insurgent forces, part of which were in the western portion of the island under Maceo, and the rest in the eastern portion under Gomez and Garcia. It consists principally of a barbed-wire fence 3 feet 6 inches high, with sentinel detachments immediately behind it. And about forty yards back of it is a trench three feet wide and four feet deep, with a breastworks of palmetto logs; and fifty yards further back are log houses in which the troops are quartered. The number of soldiers required to guard the whole line is about 15,000. It was Gen. Weyler's idea of comprehensive and effective strategy, and he is said to be very proud of it.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

GRAVEL IN THE BLADDER

Used Eighteen Boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills—The Stone Dissolved and Removed—Knew of Others Cured.

Shelburne, Feb. 15, (Special)—Mr John Medill, known locally as well as far and near as a physical giant glorying in his strength, came to be a great sufferer and tells of his cure as follows:—

"I do not hesitate to speak of Dodd's Kidney Pills or anything else exactly as I find them. If a medicine cures me and if I think it will cure others why not say so?"

"It is true I had been suffering for some time with Bladder trouble and learning of a cure made in a similar case by Dodd's Kidney Pills I commenced using them."

In all I have used eighteen boxes and they have dissolved the stone and have entirely cured me of any sign of such difficulty. I do not hesitate to speak of Dodd's Kidney Pills in the highest terms of praise for I know of many persons who have been cured by them

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A RICH GOLD MINE.

Camp McKinney, B. C., and Its Famous Cariboo.

Figures of the Output of British Columbia Ores—January Was a Record-Breaker—The Production Now at the Rate of $8,000,000 Per Annum—The Minnehaha the Extension of the Cariboo.

The modest little mining boom that began in British Columbia nine months ago has now assumed such gigantic proportions as to attract world-wide attention. That there is a solid basis for this boom the rapid increase in the output of ore from Kootenay gives ample evidence. Official figures are hard facts that cannot be denied. The total value of ore and ore-bearing matte sent out of this district in January of this year was $675,506, or at the rate of over $8,000,000 per annum.

Although the output is so large, still at the present time there are only two mining camps in the whole of British Columbia that can boast of dividend-paying gold mines. The one is Rossland, in Trail Creek district, with its dividend-paying Le Roi and War Eagle; the other is Camp McKinney, with its equally prolific and wonderful Cariboo. Whilst the name of Rossland is on every tongue, and that place is growing up as if it were by magic into a modern city, still very little is heard of Camp McKinney. The character of the ore has much to do with this. In Rossland the ore has to be smelted, requiring a large expenditure of labor in transportation and otherwise, whilst in Cariboo the rock is free-milling and can be stamped and turned into gold on the spot.

Camp McKinney is situated about 60 miles due west from Rossland and about the same distance north of the international boundary line. In McKinney is located the Cariboo mine, which pays dividends, and should not be confounded with scores of other Cariboo mines. This mine has had a wonderful record, and the dividends to date, including one of two cents per share declared this month, amount to $140,964 76 since the summer of 1891, when a ten-stamp mill was erected on the property. This ten-stamp mill certainly has a record to be proud of. There is not another mill of its capacity on the Pacific coast that has produced more bullion. A Toronto syndicate has been fortunate enough to secure the Minnehaha claim, which is the southern extension of the Cariboo ledge. Before placing the property on the market in the east a shaft was put down on the Minnehaha 45 feet, when the vein was found to be about four feet wide and the ore, which was assayed at Vancouver and at the School of Practical Science in Toronto, gave assays running from $20 to $260 in gold. There is no gold to be seen in the rock with the naked eye, as it is all disseminated in fine particles through the quartz. In sinking the shaft 35 tons of this ore was taken out.

The property is one of great promise and the stock was placed on the eastern market by Messrs. Campbell, Currie & Co., brokers, Toronto, at the low figure of ten cents per share. In three days 46,000 shares were sold. The price of the stock will doubtless be advanced between the 20th and 25th of this month, possibly to 13 or 15 cents, as the company do not wish to sell too much of their treasury stock at a low figure.

The officers of the company are representative eastern men, and are as follows:—President, Prof. Henry Montgomery of Trinity University, Toronto, M.A., B.Sc., Ph.B., F.A.S.A., formerly Professor of Mineralogy and Geology and head of the Mining Department in the State University of Utah; Vice-President, Capt. J. F. Ramsay, wholesale merchant, Toronto; Second Vice-President, Alexander K. Roy, Esq., merchant, Toronto; Manager, Major Ainsley Megraw, Camp McKinney, B.C.; Secretary-Treasurer, Hiram Kiteley, Esq., broker, Toronto; Directors: Prof. H. Montgomery, Toronto; Capt. J. F. Ramsay, Toronto; Alexander K. Roy, Esq., Toronto; S. G. Detchon, Esq., wholesale chemist, Toronto; Walter Wells, Esq., dentist, Waterloo; Capt. J. A. Currie, broker, Toronto; W. R. Barnett, Esq., merchant, Paisley; A. G. Seaman, Esq., lumberman, Wiarton; J. L. Ballantyne, Esq., merchant, Tiverton; G. K. Mills, B.A., Stratford; Barthelemi Verret, Esq., wholesale merchant, Quebec.

All the stock of the owners and promoters is pooled and cannot be sold in competition with the treasury stock until the mine is on a paying basis. The treasury stock is 250,000 shares out of a capital of 1,000,000 shares, par value $1 each, with an additional 50,000 shares reserved for the treasury in case there is not sufficient money realized from the first block in the treasury to place the mine on a paying footing. Messrs. Campbell, Currie & Co. have been kept busy issuing prospectuses to inquirers all over the country from Halifax to Vancouver. They will be pleased to send a prospectus and particulars of the property to anyone desirous of obtaining information.

Making Sure of It.

Old Gent—And so that is your employer going to the funeral of one of his clerks?

Young clerk—Not a clerk, but a distant relative of one of the clerks.

"My! my! I'm sure that is very thoughtful."

"Yes, most too thoughtful. Whenever any of us loses a relative and tells him about it he always goes to the funeral. concern him!"

"Eh? And do you object to such kindness of heart?"

"Tisn't kindness of heart, sir. He goes to make sure that the funeral isn't an excuse for a day off."—New York Weekly.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a *healthy* living body, either of man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

REFORM THE BANKING SYSTEM

Will be One of the First Acts of the McKinley Administration—News Notes From Montreal.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—(Special.)—Hon. C. C. Colby, who returned from New York to-day, says that one of the first acts of the McKinley Administration will be to reform the national banking system of the United States. Americans think that the fact of Canada's comparative prosperity must be due to her superior banking system, hence an attempt to legislate in that direction.

Mr. J. B. Murphy of Kingston, who is the father of twelve children, has applied to the Quebec Government for the 100 acres given by law to such happy fathers, but there is a question as to his success, since his residence is in the Province of Ontario.

The father of St. Denis, who committed suicide by hanging, testified at the coroner's inquest that his son was under the influence of liquor and had frequently threatened to take his own life.

ELLIOTT'S STRANGE TALE.

A Man From Toronto Who Barely Escaped With His Life From Madagascar Natives.

New York, Feb. 13.—John Elliott of Toronto, who came over in the steerage of the St. Louis, which arrived to-day, told a weird story to Dr. White of the hospital staff. Three years ago, he said, he went to Madagascar, where he was captured by natives and preparations were made for his execution, when he found a Hova who spoke English. Through the man he was liberated. Then Elliott and the Hova pricked their veins and traded a drop or two of blood; this in token of everlasting friendship. After that Elliott got concessions and things in large quantities, and he brought home a lot of broken pottery, curios and beads, but not very much money. He says in conclusion that he wants a job in the street cleaning department.

Governor of Cape Colony.

London, Feb. 14.—It is officially announced that Sir Alfred Milner, Chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue will succeed Lord Rosmead as Governor of Cape Colony.

Shafting Discarded.

An isolated plant having 27 electric motors and 5000 incandescent lamps is certainly more than ordinarily interesting. Such an installation is that in the United States Government printing office at Washington, D.C. Printing presses of all sizes and types from large web presses printing at the rate of 11,000 per hour down to the "eight medium Gordon presses," also cutting, indexing, stabbing, folding and case-making machines, signature presses; blowers, rolling and sewing machines, are all operated by individual motors. These latter are operated by a one-sixth horse-power motor connected direct to a worm-gear reducing motion. A reduction in some cases is required from 1800 revolutions down to 135.

This office now has in use daily 117 direct-connected and 10 belted motors, varying in size from one-sixth to 30 horse-power, making a total of 353 horse-power in electric motors. Added to this is a 80 horse-power motor in use in connection with the electric elevator employed, making in all a total of 413 horse-power.

Transmission of Electrical Power.

The world-wide renown of Niagara Falls has lent peculiar distinction to the great electric power plant recently installed there, but the American Machinist says that "in so far as the Niagara plant is a long-distance one the work done up to date has been surpassed in several instances, both in the distance covered and the amount of power transmitted." Many of the greatest electric power plants are among the Rocky Mountains and on the Pacific Coast. At Fresno, Cal., a reservoir on the brow of a near-by mountain supplies the heaviest head of water yet used for such a purpose, 1400 feet, and the power is distributed over a distance of 35 miles. In some of the western installations the water, after serving its purpose in generating electric power, is utilized for irrigating land.

Encouragement of Scientists

Another instance of the interest which the German Government takes in the advance of science is afforded by the fact that an item in the appropriation estimates is a vote of 50,000 marks to the Ministry of Public Instruction for investigation of Roentgen rays. The vote is justified by reference to the improvements which the new discovery has been shown to possess in the spheres of physics, astronomy, physiology, zoology, botany and kindred sciences. The object of the grant, according to London Nature, is to enable certain men of science to procure the necessary apparatus and to defray the expenses of exhaustive experiments.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Items of Interest Gathered From the Despatches and Paragraphed for Busy Readers.

John Redmond, M.P., arrived at Cork on Saturday and was welcomed home.

It is said Lord Salisbury may have a Dukedom conferred on him this year.

Sir Arthur Sullivan gets £2000 for his new Victorian ballet at the Alhambra Theatre.

Charles Christy, the last of the famous Christy minstrels, died at the City Hospital in Kansas City on Saturday, aged 68 years.

Mrs. Frederick Barsh, a middle-aged lady, was run over by a freight train at a crossing in Brantford on Saturday, and killed instantly.

Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, is reported to be doing well in London, and expects to leave for home in April.

The Pennsylvania Steel Company has given notice of a reduction of 10 per cent, in wages to take effect March 1. Three thousand men are affected.

Joseph A. Jasigi, Consul-General for Turkey at Boston, is under arrest in New York, charged with embezzlement, and in held in $10,000 bail. He is a wealthy man.

A young man in the gallery of the French Chamber on Saturday by shouting "Treason, Treason!" was arrested after a fierce struggle and proved to be a student gone insane.

Vice-president Martin, of the English Anti-Tobacco Legue, says the Czar's illness is due to cigarette smoking. The same vice, he says, is sapping the vitality of the rising generation in England.

The Prince of Wales, who owns the Kennington oval, the celebrated South London cricket grounds, has in the new lease stipulated that soldiers, sailors, policemen and postmen in uniform are to be admitted at all times free to the grounds.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received:—

BANK OF TORONTO.

R D Rogers	$5 00
Dr Halliday	5 00
Warminster Sunday School, Warsaw,	7 26

BANK OF COMMERCE.

Anonymous	$1 00

BANK OF MONTREAL.

W L Innes	15 00
T A S Hay	1 00
H S MacDonald	1 00
Rev. V. Clementi	5 00
R. M. Dennistoun	5 00
A Friend	1 00
F Edwards	2 00
A Friend	1 00
E A Peck	2 00
Miss Hilton	1 00
R W Reid	1 00

ONTARIO BANK.

A Friend	1 00
W Stocker	50
Geo Peters	1 00
J W Fitzgerald	2 00
J D Collins	2 00
P Murphy	25
A friend	5 00
W D Parker	5 00
George Burnham, M. D	5 00
Mrs. Geo Burnham	5 00
Ozazias de Laplante	1 00
W F Johnston	2 00
A friend	1 00
D W Dumble	2 00
Geo Read (Keene)	15 00
A. E. Mosley	2 00
G. W. Hatton	2 00
C J B	1 00
W H Manning	5 00
	— 00
Total	$120 01

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS AT LAKEFIELD.

Subscriptions are being received at Lakefield by Mr. Benson, of James Linton & Co., bankers, for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. The list is still open for contributions.

The following have already been received:

Rev Geo Warren, Lakefield	$ 5 00
J F Lillicrap, ...	5 00
Mrs J Lillicrap, ...	5 00
Rev A C Reeves, ...	1 00
A Friend	50
R C Strickland	1 00
J P Strickland	1 00
Mrs J P Strickland	50
C J Blomfield	1 00
Laura Grylls	1 00
Mrs Amys, Smith	5 00
Miss Duff, Lakefield	1 00
E A Tanner	1 00
Miss K A S Traill, Lakefield	2 00
Boys of A W Mackenzie's school, "The Grove," Lakefield	3 00
R Graham & Son	1 00
J C Sherin, ...	5 00
F J Tate	5 00
Total	$ 44 00

The contributions will be forwarded to Mr J M Courtney, Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL, SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR *Gold Lack See Champagne* *Old Empire Rye Whisky*

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

SHUTTING DOWN —ON— LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the 'Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co

George Street, Peterborough

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

D. H. KERNEGHAN

Has bought the business formerly carried on by Thomas Brady and will continue in the old stand carrying in stock all lines of

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Seeds, Etc.

No. 442, Corner George and Brock Sts

Furniture Away Down.

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc, all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR:

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.

P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 39. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

WHAT MR. BLAKE SAYS

Of the Settlement of the School Question.

Correspondence Between Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick and the Canadian-Irish M. P. Reaches Quebec by Way of Rome—Privy Council's Decision Did Not Mean a Restoration of Separate Schools as They Existed Prior to 1890 Powers of the Governor-in-Council.

Quebec, Feb. 15.—Le Soleil received this morning the following letter from Rome in reference to the Manitoba school settlement:

From the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Q. C., M. P., to the Hon. Edward Blake, Q. C., M. P., 37 Norfolk-street, Strand, W. C., Jan. 19, 1897:

Dear Mr. Blake,—It has been represented to me that the Roman Catholic bishops of the Province of Quebec have stated to the Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda and Rome that the effect of the judgment rendered in the case of Brophy by the Privy Council was that the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba was entitled to their Separate schools, as they had enjoyed them previous to the Manitoba Act of 1890. As you acted for the Manitoba minority in the case in question, and must, therefore, be familiar with the true import and meaning of the judgment, I would thank you to state whether or not, in your opinion, the effect of the judgment has been correctly stated by the Roman Catholic bishops above mentioned, and I would also thank you to state briefly what has been declared to be by the judgment the powers of the Governor-General and the Dominion Parliament, in so far as it is open to them to remedy the stated grievances of the Catholic minority in Manitoba, and to what extent it is possible to restore the condition of things existing previous to 1890. Yours truly (Signed), C. Fitzpatrick.

The Hon. Edward Blake, 112 Ashley-grounds, S. W.

London, Jan. 20, 1897.—I have considered the questions put to me by the Solicitor-General for Canada contained in my letter of Jan. 19 inst., on the subject of the Manitoba school question. I think it is an entire misapprehension of the judgment of the Judicial Committee in Brophy's case to say that its effect was that the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba were entitled to their Separate schools as they had enjoyed them previous to the Manitoba Act of 1890. The gist of that judgment was that, contrasting the state of things under the laws prior to 1890 with that created by the laws of 1890, the rights or privileges which the Roman Catholics had enjoyed under the former had been affected by the latter laws, thus rendering admissable an appeal to the Governor-General-in-council, under the Manitoba Union Act, and giving the Governor-General jurisdiction to proceed under that act. This was a question of law, or of mixed law and fact, and, therefore, properly entertained by the Judicial Committee as an appellate court of law. It was upon this ground that I succeeded in inducing the court to touch the question at all.

It is absolutely clear, as everyone will see who reads the print of the argument, that the Judicial Committee drew a sharp and, in my opinion, an absolutely true line between this question of the jurisdiction of the Governor-General-in-council, and the question whether at all, and, if so, in what form and to what extent, the jurisdiction should be exercised by the Canadian authorities. These were questions not legal, but political, not of binding obligation, but of discretion, on which the Judicial Committee were not and could not properly be asked to decide, which during the argument they plainly intimated to be beyond their judicial province, and as to which they expressly say that the "course to be pursued must be determined by the authorities to whom it is committed by the statute," and "It is not for this tribunal to prescribe the precise steps to be taken; their general character is sufficiently defined by the third subsection of section 22 of the Manitoba Act."

So far from indicating any impression that the Roman Catholic minority are entitled to be restored to the old position, the judgment says: "It is certainly not essential that the statute repealed by the Act of 1890 should be re-enacted, or that the precise provisions of this statute should again be made law." And I am sure that if in order to succeed in the appeal I had found it necessary to maintain such a position I should have failed in my attempt.

It is true that the concluding passage of the judgment is thus expressed: "The system of education embodied in the Acts of 1890 no doubt commends itself to and adequately supplies the wants of the great majority of the inhabitants of the province, and all legitimate ground of complaint would be removed if that system were supplemented by provisions which would remove the grievances upon which the appeal is founded, and were modified so far as might be necessary to give effect to these provisions."

I am of the opinion that the Judicial Committee did nothing to define, and did not in fact define, what were the precise powers or duties of the Governor-General-in-Council, further than that there was a jurisdiction to hear the appeal and to proceed under the Union Act. Now, the course of procedure under the Union Act is clear. The Governor-General-in-Council, after hearing the appeal, should decide on the nature and extent of the changes in the new law, which, viewing all the circumstances, they think may fairly be proposed for the substantial redress of the grievances, and should communicate their decision to the provincial authority. If, after negotiation, it is found impossible to come to terms, which the Provincial Legislature will embody in law, then, and then for the first time, a power exists in the Parliament of Canada, "only so far as the circumstances of each case may require," to make a remedial law for the execution of the decision of the Governor-General-in-Council.

But the Governor-General-in-Council cannot compel the Provincial Legislature to execute their decision, and both the Provincial Legislature and the Parliament of Canada have the right to act or refuse to act, according to their political judgment. In this case the Governor-General-in-Council decided that the latter Act should be modified by a provincial law restoring to the Roman Catholic minority:

(a) The right to build, maintain, equip, conduct, manage and support the Roman Catholic schools in the manner provided by the statutes which were repealed by the Acts of 1890,

(b) The right to share proportionately in any grant made out of the public funds for the purpose of education.

(c) The right of exemption of such Roman Catholics as contribute to Roman Catholic schools, from all payment of contribution to the support of any other schools, but the Manitoba Legislature refused to pass any such law.

The reason a Remedial Bill was introduced in the Canadian House of Commons, which bill, however, did not attempt to give the Roman Catholics the right to share proportionately in any grant made out of public funds for the purpose of education, unless indeed the Provincial Legislature should itself choose to grant an appropriation for the Separate schools proposed to be established by provincial funds, a thing, of course, under the circumstances, absurd to imagine. It thus appears to have been conceded, "and as I conceive rightly conceded," by the authors of the Remedial Bill that the practical and constitutional difficulties in the way of imposing taxes or appropriating public funds of the Province of Manitoba by the Parliament of Canada were overwhelming. The bill failed to become law. The whole question had been and remained a political question, such as I have described.

All sides seeem to have practically agreed that the complete restoration by the Parliament of Canada (of Separate schools) was impossible in view of the overwhelming difficulties to which I have referred; as to the appropriation of public funds. I believe no thinking man who knows Canada and the provinces can doubt that there would be the greatest practical difficulty in forcing on an unwilling province many other provisions of the Remedial bill, and that in the attempt the interests of the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba and six other provinces would be but too likely to suffer. In this state of things the limitation of power as to money and the dictates of policy alike seems to me to have pointed clearly to an adjustment whereby the province should agree to substantial concessions, and having considered the provisions of the settlement now under discussion I think them infinitely more advantageous to the Roman Catholic minority than any Remedial Bill which it is in the power of the Parliament of Canada to force upon the Province of Manitoba. (Signed) Edward Blake.

HAMMOND MURDER TRIAL

Opened at Bracebridge This Morning—Mr. Osler Will Prosecute and Mr. Johnston Defend.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—A special Assize Court for the Provisional and United Counties of Nipissing and Muskoka was opened here at 5.30 this afternoon, His Lordship Mr. Justice McMahon presiding. The docket is very heavy and contains one case each of murder, manslaughter, rape, house breaking and larceny.

The interests of the Crown are being looked after by Mr. B. B. Osler, Q. C., of Toronto.

On the opening of the court the grand jury was immediately impaneled and His Lordship proceeded to address them. As true bills were returned against the prisoners in the murder and manslaughter cases at the last assize, the judge did not refer to them, but confined his remarks to the other cases which would come before them.

At the conclusion of His Lordship's address the court adjourned till 9.30 to-morrow morning, when it is expected that the celebrated Hammond-Tough murder case will be called. Great interest is being manifested in this case and hundreds of people are in town, all anxious to hear it. The Crown claims to have a very strong case against the prisoner Hammond, and will call about fifty witnesses, some of them coming all the way from New York, Buffalo and Toronto. Mr. B. B. Osler will prosecute, while the prisoner's interests will be looked after by Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, Q. C., of Toronto.

Detectives Greer and Burrows of Toronto and Detective Archy Sloan of Gravenhurst are also here, looking after the Crown's side of the case.

TREVELYAN'S SUCCESSOR.

Sir Charles Cameron Holds the Bridgeton Seat for the Liberals.

Glasgow, Feb. 15.—The election to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons for the Bridgeton Division of Glasgow, caused by the retirement of Sir George O. Trevelyan, Liberal, was held to-day, resulting in the return of Sir Charles Cameron, Liberal, by 4586 votes to 4381 cast for Charles Scott Dickson, Solicitor-General for Scotland, who stood in the Conservative interest. At the last election Sir George O. Trevelyan received a majority over the Conservative candidate of 442, and the Labor candidate polled 600 votes.

POWERS TAKE ACTION

Four of Tham Land Marines on the Island of Crete.

The Crisis Said to be at an End—British House of Lords Had the Matter Before Them as Well as the Commons—The Greek "Army of Occupation" Landed—Athenians Shouted for Joy When They Heard of It—A Bit of a Scene in the French Chamber Over the War.

London, Feb. 15.—The matter of the disorders in Crete and the independent action taken by Greece in sending a torpedo flotilla and transport ships to that island came up in the House of Lords to-day, when Lord Salisbury declared that reforms for the Island of Crete had been arranged and were already being put into effect when Greece intervened. The powers, the Premier said, were unanimous in regarding the action of Greece as ill-advised, to say the least, and had lost no time in expressing this opinion in language of the most earnest and unmistakable character to the Greek Government. The Government of Great Britain, Lord Salisbury declared, remained in complete accord with the other powers, and there was no ground for thinking that they would depart from the policy which they had hitherto pursued.

In the Commons.

London, Feb. 15.—Mr. George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons to-day, in reply to questions regarding the exact situation in Crete, that the powers were taking every step that was possible for them to take advantage of to the end of checking the disorders in that island. All of the foreign consuls in Crete, he added, were under instructions to cooperate in the direction of restoring order.

Mr. Curzon, answering further questions, said that the Government had absolutely no information that the Mussulmans in Crete were exposed to massacre at the hands of the Christians.

Replying to requests for information as to the course to be taken by the British naval vessels in Cretan waters, Mr. Curzon said that the British naval officers had been instructed to take no isolated action in Crete under any circumstances. Mr. Curzon declined to make any statement as to the nature or purport of the correspondence which had passed between the powers concerning the Cretan situation and the position of the powers in regard thereto.

THE POWERS ACT.

British, Russian, French and Italian Marines Landed in Crete

Canea, Feb. 15.—One hundred men each from the Russian, French, British and Italian fleets at Canea, and 50 Austrians have been landed under command of an Italian officer and have occupied the city, the Turkish officials having given their assent to the step. The flags of the nations represented by the occupying force have been hoisted upon the ramparts of the fortress.

The Crisis Ended.

London, Feb. 15.—The Standard will to-morrow print a despatch from its Athens correspondent saying that the powers have decided to supervise the execution of a new charter for Crete, the chief feature of which is the autonomy of the island under the joint rule of the powers, The Standard's correspondent further says that he has been assured by a Greek official of high position that Emperor William of Germany used his influence very largely to effect this solution of the matter, which is hailed with delight, and the crisis is considered over.

Athenians Shouted for Joy.

Athens, Feb. 15.—Advices received here from the Island of Crete announce that the "corps of occupation," consisting of infantry, artillery and engineers, and numbering 1500 men, which embarked at Piraeus yesterday, have landed at Platanias, 14 kilometres west of Canea. The warships of the powers, these advices also state, had previously landed strong detachments at Retimo, Heraklion and Canea.

When the announcement was made here that the "corps of occupation" under comamnd of Col. Vassos, chief aide-de-camp to King George, had landed in Crete demonstrations of the wildest joy were indulged in by the populace. A despatch from Canea states that Col. Vassos has issued a proclamation to the Cretan and has demanded that the Turks surrender.

Could Not Divulge

Paris, Feb. 15.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replying to an inquiry by M. Jaures, regarding the situation in Crete, said that the status of affairs in that island was such as to render a public explanation impossible. M. Jaures expressed his dissatisfaction with the reply of the Foreign Minister to his request for information and demanded that the Cretan affair be discussed at once by the Chamber. Thereupon M. Meline, the Premier, declared that such action was impossible as the discussion demanded would necessitate the divulging of secrets which were not France's alone, and demanded that the consideration of the matter be adjourned, and this course was adopted by a vote of 382 to 70.

Details of the Landing.

London, Feb. 15.—The Times will publish to-morrow a despatch from Canea giving details of the landing from the foreign warships of the force which occupied Canea. The debarkation of the men took place in the afternoon under the direction of the Italian admiral, the senior commander. The weather was brilliant, and the men in their different uniforms made a picturesque scene. Quays were crowded with curious spectators, but not the least demonstration of hostility was made. The Mohammedan population are evidently pleased with the action of the powers in occupying the city. A small fanatical minority alone exhibited any signs of discontent.

Mushavir Ismail Bey, to whom was delegated by Georgi Berovitch Pasha, the Christian Governor Crete, the powers of government, has addressed a note to the commanders of the foreign fleets, gladly accepting the occupation of Crete, and expressing hope that Heraklion, Retimo, Kisamo, Selino and other cities and towns in the island will also be occupied by the powers Other prominent residents begged that the occupation be extended over the entire island.

:-: $5.00 :-:
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRAIG, Sec.-Treas. d21

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

BICYCLES!
The Stormer Bicycle,
HIGHEST GRADE WHEEL.
BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
LADIES' WHEEL $75,
GENTLEMEN'S WHEEL, $75.
DO NOT BUY UNTIL YOU SEE THEM
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE STREET Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lost or Found.

LOST
A SMALL FOX TERRIER, WITH BLACK spot between front shoulders; about 4 months old, with tail cut, and yellow and white head, with white streak down front of face. Strayed from 650 Stewart St. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the above address. 2d39

For Sale or to Rent.

OFFICE TO RENT.
RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery, No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 961f

TO LET.
East ½ Lot 1, Con. 3, Township North Monaghan. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM.
89w81f

AUCTION SALE
Of Town Property in the Town of Peterborough.
UNDER and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale at Morgan's Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, 1897, the following property in the Town of Peterborough viz:—Lot Number Fifty-three, according to Registered Plan Number Fifty-nine for the said town. On the premises are erected a one-story frame dwelling house, together with stable and other outbuildings.
TERMS.—10 per cent. of the purchase money at time of sale and the balance in 14 days thereafter without interest. Other terms and conditions made known at the time of sale or on application to the undersigned. There will be a reserved bid. Dated Peterborough Feb'y 1897.
CHAS. STAPLETON, Auctioneer. d60

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Probabilities.
Light winds; cloudy to fair; not much change in temperature.

R. F.

Fine Gloves
. . FOR . .
Glove Buyers.
Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.
Gloves wisely bought are such as give the buyer large value at a low price.
We have at times the opportunity to offer Gloves away below regular values.
—Here is such a time.
—The price is 50c. per pair.
—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.
—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'
—We know of no gloves better.
—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.
—The goods on sale now.
—It will pay to buy.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

General.

PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $8.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale 3 50

43 Men's Freize Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $6, go now at 4 00

55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $18, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7 50, net price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for. Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

28 Prince Albert Dress Suits. Handsomely lined and trim: impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Young Men's Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8 50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2.50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear, sold at 50c, reduced to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.

All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.

"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard." L. SOMMER & SON, Springfield, Illinois.

Thousands of druggists say the same.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY FEBRUARY 16, 1897

WILL the Liberal Government commissions make you rich? We submit this for the Globe's use to replace its favorite question of a few months ago.

THE OTTAWA fire will do the Government one service. It will allow Mr J Israel Tarte to exercise his spending proclivities in the re-building of the damaged western block.

THE stand taken by Greece in the trouble in the isle of Crete has developed the healthiest war symptoms that have been evident for years. That European war seems bound to develop itself one way or another.

THE proposed extension of the street railway to the western side of the town and to Jackson Park will, it is to be hoped, become an accomplished fact this year. We believe that, while it will be a convenience to the public, that it is along the right line—and the only line—that will make the road a paying investment.

WHEN a woman can be horribly murdered and the murderer escape without leaving any trace of his indentity behind in an English railway carriage, the English railways and the general public should be convinced that it is time that they discarded the ancient compartment system and adopted the modern railway coach.

THE respond which is being made by the Canadian people to the cry for assistance for India's starving millions is creditable to the Dominion. Already over $50,000 has been collected outside of any Government grants. Credit must also be given to the energetic manner in which the cause has been aided by such agencies as the Montreal Star.

IT turns out that the Manitoba "farmers" who told the tariff tinkers that they wanted free trade and direct taxation were a lot of paid praters. When the tinkers struck a real farmer they found that he was in favor of protection for wheat, and he was a Grit too. The Hamilton Spectator remarks in consequence that the tinkers have had some odd "farmers" before them since the first appearance of the bogus article in Hamilton.

MR Tarte dismissed an "offensive partisan" in the person of the humble individual whose duty it was to see that the hydrants on Parliament hill were in working order. Mr Tarte by the dismissal made room for one of the "faithful," and the change cost the Dominion over a quarter of a million dollars in one night. Mr. Tarte and his partisan axe have much to answer for.

NEVER mind, Sir Richard! Instead of continuing in your anxious and foolish chase after reciprocity, which is, to say the least, humiliating to Canada, cease begging at Washington, look away from the American capital to Great Britain and her colonies. Canada will live and prosper without the United States. Take one more leaf out of the good book of your Conservative predecessors and bend your energies to give Canada an increased share of the British markets.

THE trade relations of Canada and the United States are to be made the subject of enquiry by an international commission at some future date. This is the encouragement Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Mr. Davies received by their visit to Washington. Surely the Liberal Government at Ottawa is going to have a difficult time extracting its trade policy from all these commissions. In the meantime the uncertainty which is so injurious to business will contiue.

THE Montreal Gazette thinks there are signs of weakening in Patron principles in Ontario. Its reason for thinking this was because last session the members of the Order belonging to the Legislature sent back to the railways the passes which the latter, following immemorial custom, provided all the provincial law-givers with. This season the handy little pasteboards have been kept. The excuse for this falling away from the path of high independence is that the Government is negotiating for the provision of a sessional ticket for the members in return for the payment of a fixed sum by the province; and until the negotiations are finished the Patrons see no harm in riding free. In the sense that a ticket purchased by the province put the Legislative user under no obligation to the railways, the proposed change will be an improvement. But it is a rather mean way of obtaining an increase in the sessional indemnity.

HON. Mr. Davies on his return from Washington stated that both he and Sir Richard Cartwright are well satisfied with the result of their mission to Washington. These men are now satisfied with what they were so much dissatisfied a short time ago. When the Conservative Ministers went to Washington and refused to sacrifice national interests and honor for reciprocity Sir Richard and his fellow Liberals were loud in their outcry of dissatisfaction. They would go to Washington in a proper way and they would be received with open arms and given reciprocity. Yes, yes. And they have gone. But they only gathered the information that the new tariff bill for the United States had been framed and that it involved higher protective duties This seems to have satisfied Sir Richard and he starts back for Ottawa proud of his achievement. This is the conclusion one would draw from the statement of Mr. Davies, although one cannot imagine where cause for pride comes in or for satisfaction either.

A BOON FOR EVERY HOME.

Every Wise Woman Should See That She Gets the Best.

In special cotton colors the Diamond Dyes far excel all other dyes. These special cotton dyes are recent discoveries of the best dye chemists in the world, and are remarkable for fastness against exposure to strong light and for standing any amount of washing with soapsuds.

Special attention is directed to Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods. This marvellous black has proven its title to first place as a dye for all cotton and mixed goods. It excels all rivals in every good quality. One package of this dye will do as much work as three of any other make of dye.

The Diamond Dyes are first, best and the cheapest to use.

Tell your merchant that you must have the "Diamond."

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

CURTAINS A LA MODE.

The Newest Hangings Developed During the Present Season.

Effective as hangings for bed-rooms are the Madras muslin, or printed frilled curtains, while Oriental effects and heavy figured ones are best adapted for hall, dining-room or library.

The real lace curtains in guipure d'art and creponne launder beautifully and are very nice for parlor and sitting-room.

Sash curtains from the middle of the sash are entirely out; the only short ones now used hang from the top of the sash to the window sill.

When two sets of curtains are used together with shades, the short ones are placed next the glass, then the shades and then the long ones.

In using two sorts of lace curtains long and short, one or the other is tied back, usually the ones nearest the window, and the inside ones hang straight.

Sash curtains of silk in solid color are gaining ground, especially for cold weather hangings. They are placed next the window, draped, have broad seams, are hung from brass rods and are decorated at each end, with tiny bows of ribbon to match. Hemstitching improves them. A pair of Empire green surah silk ones hung lately were exquisite, but pink seems to be the shade most in vogue.

Cords and tassels are most used to tie back curtains, of silk for handsome lace ones and cotton for the Swiss and plainer stuff kinds. If satin ribbon is used it is always white. A piece of the ruffling fastened around is quite effective on frilled curtains.

Portieres are pushed to one side and invariably hang straight; it is no longer good form to drape or fasten them back. They usually have a valence at the top formed by the extra length being turned over.

The all-over patterned lace curtains are quite out of date. The newest ones have a plain back with a border down the front and across the bottom. Frequently this is applique and makes a very showy hanging.

Hemstitched curtains are second in popular favor. Some very late ones imported for early spring sale have a tiny fancy edge put on. Frilled ones are still used, but not nearly to the extent they were.

ARE THERE ANY MORE?

Mildmay Bank Property Seized by the Sheriff—Peculiar Methods of Business.

Walkerton, Ont., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—After a hard struggle with fate for a couple of months the Mildmay private bank has been compelled to assign. Mr. Sheriff O'Connor seized the property of the bank and its proprietors on Saturday, on an execution for $1919 at the suit of Rev. S. E. Wadel of Chepstow, and immediately thereafter the company assigned to Mr. John Snyder, liveryman, of Mildmay. This gentleman has called a meeting of the creditors of the bank for the 27th inst. Another writ for $1600 was issued by Mr. O. E. Klein, barrister, on Saturday, at the suit of Mathias Stroeder against Messrs. Schurter, Geissler, Lobsinger, Hergott and Zettel, proprietors of the bank.

A special writ was also issued against Mr. Zettel individually, on account of a transaction with his son incidentally arising out of the difficulty of the bank. Mr. Zettel sold his farm to his son in November last, taking a mortgage thereon for $4940. Since the commencement of the trouble in the bank Mr. Zettel discharged this mortgage. Mr. Stroeder thinks the discharge was not a genuine business transaction, and has brought suit to have it declared that Mr. Zettel is still the mortgagee. The bank is not an incorporated institution, but merely an association of private parties who, for the past fourteen years, have been carrying on business under the name of the Carrick Financial Company.

All their private property is liable for the debts of the institution, and when a run commenced on them after the Messner failure two months ago, they claimed a surplus of some $50,000 all told. The liabilities of the bank were then given at $64,000, with assets nominally over $65,000. Nearly $40,000 of the liabilities is for deposits by farmers and others in the immediate neighborhood. It is now said that the assets will not pan out nearly so well as at first stated. Mr. Schurter, the manager, has been carrying on a mill and Mr. Hergott, another of the proprietors, has been carrying on a foundry, both of which were dependent on bank capital, and both of which are now closed up. Their notes are in the bank, given by themselves as individuals to themselves as a bank, and counted by the bank as valuable assets. Their value remains to be seen. The interim assignee is a friend of the family and not a business man, so that in the meantime the managers will practically have control until the meeting of creditors on the 27th inst.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

News Notes Covering All Sorts of Topics Culled From the Despatches and Put Into Paragraphs.

President McKinley has an attack of grip and was unable to see callers yesterday.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper arrived at Halifax yesterday by the Mongolian from England.

At Sorel yesterday Mr. E. A. D. Morgan was chosen as the Conservative candidate for the coming local election.

Henry Duvall Gregory, LL.D., who, from 1881 to 1892, was vice-president of Girard College, Philadelphia, is dead.

Hugh F. Cumming, a respected resident of Chatham for 37 years, is dead from paralysis, aged 71. He was born in Inverness, Scotland.

Frederick Edwards, an old gentleman of Guelph, died of apoplexy yesterday morning, aged 66. He was in his usual health almost up to the time of death.

W. H. Breithaupt has been elected president of the Berlin and Waterloo Street Railway Company, to succeed the late M. Carl Breithaupt, who was killed by an explosion in Berlin.

Alexander Wheeler of Bridgeport has been awarded the Yale literary medal, valued at $100. This is the chief literary honor.

Thomas D. Williams, chief operator for the Western Union Telegraph Company in Pittsburg, died yesterday of pneumonia.

William Taylor of New York, born in Quebec, and for some time employed on The Ottawa Citizen, and later cashier of the Dominion Telegraph Company, is to get from The New York Telegram a trip around the world for guessing the nearest to Mr. McKinley's plurality in the late election. He guessed 597,298; the plurality was 597,-539.

The other day a New Yorker started across Broadway. He was in the heyday of ambitious, vigorous youth. A puff of wind blew an insignificant, almost invisible atom of dust in one of his eyes. It blinded him. He clasped his hands over his eyes and staggered on, only to be run down and killed by a cable car. That man's death was due to an insignificant trifle, an atom of dust that was barely visible under the microscope. It is thus with health. Men find that they are suffering from a trifling disorder of the digestion. It doesn't amount to anything, they think, and time is precious. They don't stop to correct it, but stagger blindly on and are run down in the heyday of ambitious youth by death.

Neglected indigestion is the first cause of all manner of wasting diseases and all forms of nervous disorders. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all disorders of the digestion. It invigorates the liver, imparts a keen, hearty appetite and causes the life-giving elements of the food to be perfectly assimilated. It purifies the blood and builds healthy tissue. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder, and nerve tonic. It cures consumption, wasting diseases and all disorders of the nerves.

"I was a sufferer five or six years from indigestion," writes B. F. Holmes, of Gaffney, Spartanburg Co., S. C., "also from sore stomach and constant headache. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' which in a few days gave me permanent relief."

"The People's Common Sense Adviser" explains symptoms of ailments common to every family, and suggests remedies. It has several chapters on woman's diseases and weaknesses. An edition in heavy paper covers will be distributed *absolutely free*. Send the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., 31 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. Cloth binding, 50 stamps.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Subscribed Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 105 000.00

GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed upon deposits, and FOUR and ONE QUARTER cent. upon debentures.

MONEY TO LEND upon favorable terms.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

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Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workmanlike manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc, sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 120 Charlotte-st.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

'TIS JOYOUS NEWS.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures Are Always Permanent.

The Happy Cures That the Afflicted Desire.

A Report from Mr. Douglas Hixon, of Beamsville, Ont.

A great number of men and women, cured months and years ago by Paine's Celery Compound, have taken the trouble to assure the proprietors of that famous medicine that their cures are permanent.

This noble and bright record of permanent cures, shown only by Paine's Celery Compound, is worthy of special notice, as it is the grandest record of the kind in the world. It should also be noted that all the permanently cured people are residents of our own Canada.

There are some medicines that partially relieve pain and suffering, that assist in building up vain hopes of a new life; but after a few days or weeks the terrible agonies come back again in more alarming forms, and hope and faith are lost forever.

This never happens when Paine's Celery Compound is used as a banisher of disease. The first bottle establishes a joyous feeling of security, and soon a perfect cure is affected which is permanent and lasting.

Mr Hixon says: "To-day I think more of Paine's Celery Compound than ever before. Since I was cured—over two years ago—I have never had a bad day or lost a day's work, never having had a return of the rheumatism from which I once suffered so terribly.

"Through my influence many have used Paine's Celery Compound and have been cured. I wish to affirm once more that it was Paine's Celery Compound that took the rheumatism from my system. I strongly recommend it to all rheumatic and sick people."

The Greatest Bore.

Every man, after all, his own hardest taskmaster, his own most monotonous company. With an ordinary bore who calls only now and then, he can make shift to get along, but with a bore who goes to bed with him, gets up with him, breakfasts, lunches and dines with him and is forevermore repeating the old chestnut story of what a fool and failure and sinner he has been, is now, and will keep on being tot the end of the chapter—why, with all this it is a very different matter. Such a bore is each man in peril of becoming to himself—Boston Herald.

Why He Marveled.

"It's very interesting," said young Mr. Giggs' tailor, "to read about some of the customs of people in Asia."

"I suppose so," was the reply.

"I have just learned in that part of the world every man makes it a rule to pay all his bills on the first of each year."

"You don't say so!"

"Yes. And what strikes me as the most extraordinary part of it is that those are the people to whom we send missionaries in order to civilize them."

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

REV. DR. RAINSFORD.

THE EX-TORONTO PASTOR WHO IS AGAIN IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

The Physical Processes by Which He Fostered His Natural Courage — A Bear-Fighting Parson—His Talk With the Extravagances of His Times.

New York.—(Special.)—Many good horsemen are to be seen in Central Park on fine days, but there is one frequent figure among them who never fails to attract attention. If he is not the best, he is among the small group of noticeable superior riders there. He is a tall man, and he is exceedingly well proportioned and vigorous in build. His face is strong, rather broad across the line of the cheek bones and decidedly bronzed.

At a glance you would know you were looking at a man who had seen a good deal of rugged out-door life. Probably as he swept by you on his fine horse, erect and straight as an arrow, you would at a rough guess put him down as an army officer who had seen a good deal of service on the plains.

The small brown mustache, worn with a decidedly military twist, has a tendency to carry out this illusion—for it is an illusion—and then there is a dash of the plains in the graceful, easy way the man sits his horse, which would tend still further to confirm the army impression.

Yet the face and the figure are decidedly English in type, and through the easy Western style of horsemanship there appears unmistakable traces

REV. DR. RAINSFORD.

of the English school of riding. The rider, too, generally wears a short, light coat, which gives a broad hint of the English fondness for plaids. He might be an English army officer, after all. You are very sure at the first glance that you cannot be mistaken about the military strain in the man's training and experience. That is, you are very certain until you get a closer view of his face.

Then you see something in the expression which does not in the least suggest the army or a life of any kind in which stern authority has a predominant part. It is the face of a soldier and of a man of thoughtful, sympathetic nature. In fact, this particular rider is a decided puzzle in his way, and of the hundreds who turn to admire the fine horsemanship and striking figure of the owner, probably nine out of every ten go very wide of the mark if they stop to guess who and what the man is.

Well, for one thing, he is a man who has probably got more grizzly bear scalps at his belt than anybody this side of the Allegheny Mountains, not even excepting Ed. Mott. Eighteen Rocky Mountain grizzlies is his record, to say nothing of the other big game his Bullard rifle has brought down. He is one of the few really serious hunters we have in New York.

From far up in Canada down to Colorado his name and fame are known throughout all the rocky range. Old hunters out there who swagger around the haunts of eastern tenderfeet are tenderfeet themselves as compared to him. He has been everywhere they have been and shot everything in the way of big game they have shot, and, in many cases, a great deal more of it.

But his renown as a hunter is by no means confined to the Rocky Mountains. You may go down to the mountains of Tennessee or North Carolina, or in any of the wilder portions of all the Southern States, and there in the heart of the wildest wilderness you will hear the lank, raw-boned hunters who are still living on the lines of the old frontiersman days, speak with respect of this same New Yorker.

Up in New Brunswick they know him well, also. He belongs to the Restigouche Club, and in all the Restigouche region there are few more expert salmon fishermen than he. He goes up there every year, and he takes a dash out through the Rockies every year, and not a winter passes but the crack of his gun is heard down in the mountains of the south.

In New York he is a great social

A CORNER OF DR. RAINSFORD'S STUDY.

favorite, and with many young men who go in for athletics he is something of an ideal. He is a member of the cricket club and has been president of Rugby Athletic Union. He is also on the rolls of the Century and University clubs, and when you are told he is the Rev. Dr. Rainsford, the rector of St. George's Church, you know why every one who is seized of that fact turns to get another glance at the horseman who has gained added fame by his recent denunciation of the extravagance of spending a quarter of a million on a fancy dress ball. To those who have followed his earnest and hard-working professional life his recent remarks concerning the Bradley Martin ball have caused no surprise. It was just the sort of spur needed to set his sympathies tingling in a practical outspoken manner, and naturally it found its outlet in his ringing pulpit words. How active he is in church work, and particularly in that branch of church work which has charity, in its widest and most beautiful sense, for its object, everybody who knows anything of New York clerical labor fully understands. Some people only see this one side to his character, and so fail to appreciate how evenly developed and all-around man he is. That is the keyhole of his philosophy.

To do good work in any one field, he maintains, a man must be healthy and as free from one-sidedness as possible. For that reason he goes in heart and soul for everything which keeps his physical nature in tone and his mind at an even balance. He takes no long vacations, but he takes three short ones every year, and he crowds into each one of them all the hard out-door work he can get.

He hunts because he is a keen sportsman, and he hunts big game in wild places because he likes the spice of danger, and finds his greatest refreshment from the feverish strain of his hard city labor in savage solitudes.

Hunting with Dr. Rainsford is a serious business. That is the reason he does not take much stock in hunting and fishing clubs. From a remark he dropped since the Bradley Martin criticism and counter-criticism, I imagine he will shortly take another short hunting tour. "I go," he said, "into hunting and the rough mountain life because I find in it the most perfect rest and the best physical stimulus to my work here in the church. There is more exhaustive work in the management of a big church like St. George's than many people imagine. It is a great financial concern, for one thing, with details of business as great as in some of the good-sized business houses. This is, of course, aside from the regular work which falls to a rector in the discharge of his duties."

The moment you enter the hallway of the parsonage just back of St. George's Church, you get a strong hint of the rector's tastes. Great antlers are all about you. In the corner just opposite the door there is quite a tangle of enormous horns, one set of which is probably the largest ever brought to New York by an amateur. They adorned the head of an enormous elk which fell under Dr. Rainsford's rifle in the Rockies a few years ago.

The head which wore them still wears them, though it is a stuffed head, and the startled eyes which look out at you are only glass. Next to this fine specimen is still another head with antlers almost as fine, and underneath them on the wall are the heads of two enormous grizzlies, with their snarling white teeth displayed in anything but cheering welcome.

All about you on every hand are other heads and antlers, and underneath your feet all over the vestibule is the rich, thick fur of bears. The quiet clergyman who sits writing in the study behind the door at the left is responsible for the extinction of all this wild menagerie.

But what you see in the hallway is nothing compared to the trophies which adorn the walls of the study. High up on the walls, close to the ceiling, and quite around the room is a continuous chain of branching antlers, and scattered through the collection are the heads and horns of great mountain sheep, about the most difficult game to bag that is found in the Rockies.

From a long Afghan gun over the chimney there dangles a grim rosary of grizzly bear claws, curved and fully three inches in length. Above the long, crooked-stocked Afghan piece is a clustered group of rifles—a little armory in itself. Under your feet and scattered all about the hardwood floor are more bearskins, and on the sofa close by the wall on the west side of the room is the skin of the biggest grizzly Dr. Rainsford ever shot—a magnificent fellow he must have been—the faint sheen of his scattered white hairs showing through the rich dark brown of his fur. It covers all the

ENTRANCE TO DR. RAINSFORD'S STUDY.

sofa, this skin, and overlaps the edges in ample folds.

Dr. Rainsford is still a young man—just about 50. He passed his boyhood in London, where his father was a Church of England clergyman, and although it seems curious to those who see his rugged physical development now, he was in youth in such bad health that the time most boys spend in school he spent under the care of a doctor.

For two years he lived in Italy, where his health improved, and he returned to England. He was still below par in strength, however, and in 1867 he came to this country for the purpose of trying the rough life of the west to see what that would do for him. He went first to St. Paul, where at that time the railroad lines to the Northwest ended, and, in company with a friend, rode straight across the country on horseback to the Pacific ocean.

It was a wild, adventurous trip, and a perilous one as well, for it was just after the terrible Sioux revolt, and the little band was several times pursued by the savages. But it made a strong man out of a weak one, and laid the foundation not only for Dr. Rainsford's splendid physical condition of to-day, but also for his fondness for that wild mountain life which will never leave him.

When he returned to England he entered Cambridge University. After passing his examinations there he came out to this country and settled in Toronto, Canada, and then he came to New York as a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and with this country and with everything that is good he is in hearty sympathy.

His broad liberality of spirit does not suit the narrow bigotry which still lurks with some force in many quarters, but his healthful, manly influence in the immediate field of his labor is making itself more and more felt.

Some Great Blondes.

Here is a list of the famous blondes of history or mythology: Lilith, the first wife of Adam, was a blonde; so was Eve, Venus, Daphne, Pandora, Diana, Circe, Medusa, Ceres, Flora, Pomona, Helen of Troy, Phryne, Aspasia, Lady Macbeth, Lucretia Borgia, Bianca, Capello, Marie and Catharine de Medicis, Ninon de l'Enclos, Mme. de Chevreuse, Helen Jegado and Mme. Montbazon. There is some doubt about Cleopatra and Mary of Scotland. Shakespeare makes the former a blonde, and if the latter was not an out-and-out blonde, she had at least auburn hair.

Forestalled.

Father (sternly)—Your recklessness must have a check.

Son—Glad you mentioned it. I was just going to ask you for one.

MUNYON

Druggists Testify to the Success of His Improved Homœpathic Remedies.

FACTS THAT CANNOT BE DENIED.

The Sale of Munyon's Remedies Exceeds That of all Other Medicines.

Popular With the People Because they Furnish a Remedy for Every Disease. Cure Promptly and Permanently, and Are Only 25 Cents.

The sale of Munyon's Remedies all through Ontario is simply phenomenal. Druggists are quickly sold out, and it is not unusual for them to make a daily order for some of the remedies. Better than all, that the people come back and tell of the great benefits they have received. Thousands of bottles are sold each week, and each week adds thousands of names to the list of friends of the Munyon system. Read what the druggists say.

Mr. G. Marshall, 308 Queen-st. east says: "We have a steady sale for nearly all the Munyon Remedies. We have sold large quantities since they were placed in Toronto."

Mr. E. Colling, druggist, 382 College-st., Toronto, says: "We have sold large quantities of Munyon's Remedies since they were introduced here and the sales still continue to be good."

Mr. A. E. Kennedy, 222 Queen-st. west, Toronto, says: "We have sold a great number of Munyon's Remedies, and must admit that they have given good satisfaction."

Mr. H. S. Young, Gladstone Pharmacy, Toronto, says: "The demand for Munyon's Remedies has been very large. Have sold a great quantity of each. We are compelled to renew our orders nearly every day."

Mr. H. B. Lander, manager of Johnson's drug store, 708 Queen-st., west, Toronto, says: "We have had splendid results from Munyon's Remedies. The sales have exceeded our expectations."

Mr. B. S. Cerswell, of W. H. Rutledge's drug store, 1094 Queen-st., west, Toronto, says: "The sale of Munyon's Remedies has been extremely large. We sell a great many patent medicines, but we believe that Munyon's have been the most in demand. The sales are increasing daily."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1 and 2 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

QUICKCURE

Yes, I always use Quickcure for dressing Wounds and Bruises.

A Surgical Dressing

The eminent surgeons of the day use it as a dressing for Wounds, Bruises, Strains, Sprains, etc., and they find that for speedy relief of pain and for quick healing there is nothing so good as

"Quickcure"

It is the family emergency cure. Always ready. Easy to apply. Never fails to give relief. For sale by all druggists or

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1888.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE - - - - - Town Building

FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't S

Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In THE REVIEW.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.30 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter

129

AS THE TIME DRAWS NEAR

THE GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

The enthusiasm grows more intense, and it's no wonder; when you think that the public will get the Best Class of Goods at 25c. on the dollar less than any merchant in town can buy his goods. Keep watching this space for the announcement of the greatest sale of Dry Goods ever seen in Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

GOODS ROLLING IN :-:

And out each day at Routley's Old Stand. Big lines of

Crockery, Glassware Spring Wall Paper, Curtain Poles and Window Shades

are at hand this week.

Call and see us. WE SELL CHEAP.

C. F. KUTZBACH

ROUTLY'S OLD STAND.
379 GEORGE ST.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Two Copies for 5 Cents

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
94 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

CARD FROM

MR. R. M. ROY

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having purchased Mr. P. H. Green's complete Photograph Studio on Hunter Street, I take this opportunity of inviting a continuance of the favors of the numerous patrons of this Studio and solicit from my own friends, as well as the public generally, a liberal share of their orders.

Mr. Green will remain with me for a few weeks to personally assist and introduce me to his customers, as well as to complete all work under contract by him.

I have arranged to carry out within a reasonable time any of Mr. Green's unfinished orders, after his removal from Peterborough, and will do all in my power to meet the wishes of my patrons.

This popular studio has been so well known and has enjoyed so large and valuable a patronage ever since its establishment, that it only remains for me to state that it will be my constant aim to continue the high standard of superior photography which it has deservedly maintained.

Miss Dawson will still be in charge of the revouching and finishing department.

Please bear in mind that all Photographs taken by P. H. Green while in business in Peterborough, the negatives of which are in perfect order, are now in my possession, and copies can be had at any time on application.

R. M. ROY.

CARD FROM

MR. P. H. GREEN

I desire to take this opportunity of thanking my numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage I have been favored with during the past twelve years.

It is a pleasure for me to know that during my residence in Peterborough my association with the citizens of the town and county has been of the most pleasant and satisfactory character.

All parties who have left work at the Studio uncalled for, will please call as soon as possible and receive the same. Those who have made engagements with me for sittings are also requested to call as early as convenient, and have their orders filled. For the convenience of parties who may be unable to do so, I have made arrangements with Mr. Roy to execute their orders.

I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Roy to my friends as an expert, practical and enthusiastic artist, who, I feel confident, will fill my place very efficiently.

P. H. GREEN.

Peterborough, February 13th, 1897.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Loeh's.

Furniture Away Down.

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

Opera House, Saturday, Feb. 20, Grand Matinee, 2.30 p.m.

The attraction on the above date will be Stowe & Co's grand scenic production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." That the show is all right and above the average the following notice from the Tonawanda, Pa., Review, will testify:—"Stowe & Co's Uncle Tom's Cabin company gave two satisfactory performances at Hale's opera house Saturday afternoon and evening. The tableaux were especially fine." Watch for the grand street parade. Two brass bands, fife and drum corps. 50 people in line.

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from 3 years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. For further particulars apply Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st.

Rector of Gore's Landing.

St. Paul's church, Toronto, was the scene of a quiet but pleasing event on Wednesday morning, the 3rd inst., when the Rev. Wm. Major, Rector of St. George's church Gore's Landing, and graduate of Wycliffe College, was married to Miss Maude Helene Noxon, only daughter of Mr. Grant Noxon, of Toronto. The service was conducted by the Rev. Prof. Cody, of Wycliffe College, assisted by the Rector of St. Paul's church. in the presence of only the immediate relative and friends of the bride and bridegroom. The presents received by the bride were rich and tasteful as well as numerous.

Market Clerk's Attention.

The market building is large and can accommodate a big crowd, but at present owing to the manner in which it is heated it does not supply much comfort. The warmth afforded is too slight to be noticed and many a farmer's wife sits and almost perishes until she is unable to leave the hall. Complaints of this nature are frequently heard. There are stoves, of course, in the building and they are supplying a certain amount of heat. "But how far can a couple of fires started at seven o'clock go towards warming such a large space as the market building," remarked a merchant who frequently listens to the railings against the frosty atmosphere of the building. "Why," he said, "a fire should be lighted on Friday evening in order to fill the building with the proper amoun of heat."

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The battle is over but the tongues still move. The hockey teams after an energetic effort to win the different championships, now stand to one side and watch the victorious teams pass on to victory. The crowd stands by and explains the cause of all this. "Defeat was caused by such and such an act" they say. It is all well and good for people to take an interest in hockey but they should learn to critizise properly. Now, since the boys defaulted to Kingston, people who paid their admission probably to the Queen's match—the only financial encouragement they gave the team—offer their opinions. "The seniors should have gone to Kingston." "They would have won." "The executive did not know its business." "It has killed hockey in Peterborough." These are some of the expressions that have been uttered by those who knows as much about hockey as a child of two summers.

The hockey executive is composed of level headed young men and their acts might be disputed, of course, but better reasons should be given than those that are now heard. Peterborough at the opening of the season placed three teams in the field—a thing that few cities in the province can say. Each team fought hard and but met defeat when the championship seemed near. That is no reason why the executive should be loaded with unnecessary blame. It showed the right spirit when three teams entered the Association and, though they were defeated, the town holds the position of having the best sports in the province.

But as to the Queen's match—the team would have been weakened by the absence of King and Ashe. Queen's did not feel annoyed over the default, in fact, they considered it wise, under the circumstances. A weak team at Kingston would have been badly beaten and then the denunctions of that section, that advised fighting the collegians, would have been poured forth. Oh, for a man that would criticise at the right time. But in Peterborough there seems to be a section that critise all the time, and know very little what they are criticising about. They always blame somebody for defeat, but never encourage the boys. That class of hockey support should be thrown to the winds.

THE ORIENTAL ACCEPTS

The boarders at the Oriental, the league players excluded, have accepted the challenge of the boarders of the Huffman, and a contest will take place next week. It was found impossible to secure the rink this week.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

WOOLLEN MILLS ASSIGN.

Campbellford Estate Handed Over to an Ottawa Trustee.

Another woollen mill has been obliged to make an assignment. The Toronto wholesale trade was notified yesterday that the firm of Dalgeish, Patterson & Barrett, of Campbellford, had placed their estate in the hands of A P Mutchmor, of Ottawa. About a year ago the firm had a fire which damaged property to the extent of $1,800, but this was covered by insurance. The firm was also, it is said, a creditor of the estate of George A Thorpe, of Toronto to the extent of $1,500.

A meeting of the creditors has been called for February 22.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

Corn Social, Tuesday night, Feb. 16th., George-st Church School Room by E. L. of C.E. Novel and attractive. Supper from 8 to 9 o'clock. 15 cts Programme. 4d36

CHEVALIER'S NEW EXPERIENCE.

The Celebrated Singer of Coster Songs Has a Disagreeable Experience at Ogdensburg.

Mr. Albert Chevalier, the celebrated singer of coster songs, had an experience at Ogdensburg on Saturday night which was as novel to him as it was disagreeable. Chevalier is not accustomed to anything but an enthusiastic, popular reception, and certainly it was a new experience for him to be interrupted and jeered. The reception and treatment of this justly celebrated English actor is a monumental and standing disgrace to the American city of Ogdensburg. When Mr. Chevalier's manager advanced to the footlights before the performance began and announced that the Abbott sisters—who came from Heovelton, or in the vicinity of Ogdensburg—were ill and could not appear, the gallery hissed vigorously. In vain did he read a certificate of sickness from a local physician—they would not be appeased. Not content with hissing Mr. Chevalier's manager they hissed and disturbed other members of the company, Mr. Chevalier in particular. Mr. Chevalier stood it pluckily until an apple-core was thrown at him while he was giving "Our Bazaar." Then he stopped and addressed the audience: "Ladies and gentlemen, I have performed all over North America from New York to San Francisco, and until this evening have always been received with kindness and courtesy. No one regrets the non-appearance of the young ladies more than I do, but I am not responsible for their absence. I have done the very best I can this evening, but I cannot go on with my entertainment." Mr. Chevalier said this in his usual quiet manner, and was loudly applauded. But the entertainment was spoiled and was cut short. From start to finish the performers were harassed and discouraged by the blackguards in the gallery,—a charming illustration of freedom in the Land of the Free!

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a *healthy* living body, either of man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Lacrosse on Ice

The members of the lacrosse club are going to play a game on the Park rink, Ashburnham, some afternoon next week. It is the intention of the boys to play seven or eight on a side and as this is a new idea and the first game of the kind that has taken place in town a large crowd should witness the match. The rink is a good large one and will afford plenty of room for a game.

We have a fine line of violins, banjos and guitars, with fittings of all kinds, at prices that will astonish you. Old Stand. Peterborough Music Co. d38tf

Capt Sinclair

The following from a recent English newspaper will be read with interest by those who formed the acquaintance of Capt Sinclair, when he visited Peterborough last fall: "The introduction on the same day to the House of Commons of two members of the same name, returned, not at a general election, but at bye-elections, was, we believe, without parallel till yesterday when Capt Sinclair, the new Radical member for Forfarshire, and Mr Sinclair, the Tory member for Romford, took the oath and their seats. The recent naturalization of Mr Sinclair was not wholly forgotten. Thus when Capt Sinclair, who was first introduced, moved up the floor of the House, a well known voice was heard from the Irish benches inquiring, "Which Sinclair is that? Is he the Sinclair of home manufacture?"

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

RIVERSIDE CARNIVAL.

The Attendance was Large—Those who Won Prizes.

The Riverside rink was a scene of much brilliancy last evening when a carnival was held on the open rink. The illuminations showering their rays upon a mass of young people, gowned in fancy and comic costumes, formed a pretty scene. It is estimated that 1,500 people were at the carnival, and evidently every person passed an enjoyable evening. The Fire Brigade band was in attendance and supplied the music. The ever famous "Sussey's" band paraded the streets and played at the carnival as well. The costumes were numerous.

The prize list is as follows:—

Best dressed lady, fancy costume—gold chain bracelet with locket—Miss Rose Fox.

Best dressed lady, comic costume — gold locket—Miss Annie O'Neil.

Best dressed gent, fancy costume—gold locket—Frank Lush.

Best dressed gent, comic costume—set sterling silver buttons—W A Logan.

Best dressed girl, fancy costume—silver toboggan broach—Miss May Fitzgerald.

Best dressed girl, comic costume—fancy clock—Miss Lulu Fox.

Best dressed boy, fancy costume, gold horse shoe scarf pin—Percy Jameson.

Best dressed boy, comic costume, sterling silver scarf pin—Archie Seymour.

Partners' race—Prize for gent a pair of gent's cuff buttons; for lady, gold ball bracelet—H H Bell and Lillie Bell.

Boy's race, half mile—Silver scarf pin—D Wesley.

Barrel race—Hockey stick—Aylmer Smith

Three-legged race—Two books of poems—D Wesley and F Davidson.

During the evening a hockey match took place between all Ashburnham and the II lacrosse team, resulting in a victory for the lacrosse boys by 3 goals to nil. Geo Kempt was referee.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edwanson, Bates & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

Personal.

Mr Geo J Hopkins was one of the umpires of the 'Varsity-T A C senior championship match at Toronto last evening.

Mr Arthur White, district freight agent, and Mr W R Tiffin, of Allandale, superintendent of the Northern Division of G. T. R. reached town last evening. Mr Farrot and Mr J F Chapman were also in the party.

Mr Harry Phelan is in Ottawa on business with the Government, who proposed to rent the Nagle block for Government offices until the Public Works building is repaired.

Miss Alice Turner, of Millbrook, left on Friday for her new work at the Blackfoot hospital, accompanied by the Rev H Gibbon Stocken. Dr Turner, with his other daughter, Miss Isabel Turner, will also go to the Blackfoot hospital in a few weeks' time.

Mr Lionel King entertained the members of the senior hockey team and a few friends at supper at the residence of Dr King last evening. He left this morning to resume his studies at Ann Arbor, Mich. No more popular young fellow than Lionel King ever left Peterborough, and he can always rely on the best wishes of every one in everything that he attempts.

Everybody Look.

If you want the choicest and finest ales and porter, wines or liquors, you will always find the following to select from: Ales and Porter's, Labatt's, Dominion, Walkerville, Sleeman's, Carling's, Batts, Grant, Lottridge, Gold Lable, White Lable, Calcutt's, Guinnies Stout, Wines, Champagne, Ports, Sherry and native Whiskey, Gooderham & Worts, Walkers and Seagrams, bottled and also on draught. We have not the space to enumerate all. Come and select for yourself. E. Brown & Co., 394 George-st., wholesale and retail grocers, and wine and liquor merchants.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The Dryden cup competition is taking place at Lindsay to-day.

LEBRUN MEDAL.

The competition for the silver medal offered by President H LeBrun to the Thistles began last evening and resulted in the donor and D Belleghem being defeated on the first round. The scores were as follows:

Rink No. 1.

A J Terrill	W H Meredith
E Brown	A Blade
G L Hay	Geo Fitzgerald
J B Pentland, skip. 20	D Belleghem, skip. 11

Rink No. 2.

H Hall	A J Gough
J S Knapman	H Snowden
Geo Brown	J A Cameron
R H Kelle, skip... 19	H LeBrun, skip... 11

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

OAK HALL.

Death of Mrs W G Hunter

Last evening death removed Mary Graham, wife of Mr W G Hunter, of Otonabee, a lady who had been a sufferer for two years, having been ill for that length of time. The deceased lady was a daughter of Mr Richard Graham, of North Smith, and was born in that township forty years ago. In 1877 she was married to Mr W G Hunter, who with four children survive to mourn the loss of a good wife and kind mother. The deceased was a consistent member of the Methodist church, and a lady much esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances who will sympathize deeply with the bereaved family. The funeral will take place from the family residence, lot 26, 9th concession of Otonabee, on Wednesday afternoon.

Brevities.

—There was two initiations at the regular meeting of Otonabee Lodge, I O O F., last evening.

—The jury sittings of the High Court of Justice open here on March 9th before Justice Meredith. The non-jury sittings commence on May 10th before Justice McMahon.

—The committee of Belleville Oddfellows have commenced work already preparing for the reception of the members of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows which meets there next August.

—The Children's Aid Society acknowledge with thanks the receipt of $10.50 from the Niffs and Biffs girls' hockey team. That amount was the proceeds of the match with the Morning Glories.

—The Lacrosse hockey team and the Ashburnham hockey team played a game at the Park rink last night and the former was victorious by 3 to 0. During the match Fred Lynch received a bad cut on the head. Several others also received bruises.

—A notable sale of unusually fine household furniture will be held on the 26th inst., in the vacant store, north of the office of the Stevenson Coal Co., Water-st. This sale will give an opportunity to purchase some very handsome furniture. Watch for the posters.

—A capital ballad recently issued is "Teach the Little Ones a Prayer," written and composed by Jules Norman Quebec, and published by the author at 1637 Notre Dame-st., Montreal. Copies of this 40c song will be mailed for half price on receipt of money by the publisher.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY,

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen Black and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Hockey practice.
Granite's curling night.
Corn Social at George-st. church.
Riverside Park skating rink.

An Evening Social.

Will be held under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of Charlotte-st. church, at the residence of Mr. Geo May, North Monaghan, on Thursday evening, Feb 18th. Sleighs will leave the Charlotte-st school room at 7.30 p.m. Fee for social, including drive and refreshments, 15 cts. 2d

Henderson vs Henderson.

At Osgoode Hall yesterday the case of Henderson vs Henderson, of local interest, was up. Shepley, Q.C., for defendant, appealed from judgment of MacMahon, J., who tried the case at Peterborough, in favor of plaintiffs in an action to recover possession of the west half of lot 13, in the 9th concession of Otonabee, brought against Mossie Henderson. This was another presentation of the case of Henderson v Henderson, 27 O. R. 93, 23 A.R. 557, the plaintiffs being the same, but the defendant in this case being the infant daughter of the late Robert Henderson, whereas the defendant in the former action was his widow. Watson, Q.C., and L. M. Hayes (Peterborough), for plaintiffs, contra. Appeal dismissed without costs. Leave to appeal granted.

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise.

Yours truly.
J. A. HACKING.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

STREET RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Liklihood of the Road Being Extended to Jackson Park.

There is a strong liklihood of the street railway being extended to the Jackson park, and Councillor McWilliams, chairman of the Street and Bridge committee, intends to give the necessary notice for the extension of the road from George-st. along McDonnel-st. to Park-st. and down Park-st. to Charlotte-st.

Mr McWilliams also considers that it would be in the interests of the town to have the road constructed to the Jackson park; and at the meeting of the committee yesterday afternoon representatives of the street railway, Nicholls park trustees and property owners were present.

It was proposed that the road be extended along McDonnel-st. across Park-st. and the Lindsay branch of the Grand Trunk railway and over the creek. Then turn and run along the west side of the creek to the Jackson park. It was suggested that 80 foot right of way be secured, along the centre of which the railroad would be laid. On each side driveways and walks would be constructed.

The committee did not express itself in favor of purchasing any land for this purpose, but pointed out to the property owners, who seemed to be reasonable and desired to fall into line with the Council as much as possible that their land would be increased in value by the construction of the road.

Another proposition was to run the road along McDonnel to Park and thence north to Smith-st to the east entrance to the park.

The proposed routes were inspected yesterday afternoon and it is likely the street inspectors will be ordered to survey the ground along the creek and a valuator chosen to value the land.

According to the agreement, the Railway company should have constructed a mile of new road in 1895 and a half mile in 1896.

BIRD

HUNTER—On Monday, Feb. 15th, 1897, Mary Graham, wife of Mr. W. G. Graham, aged 40 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, lot No 26, in the 9th concession of Otonabee, on Wednesday afternoon, February 17th, at two o'clock, and proceed to the Little Lake cemetery.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

NEW SPRING LINE OF

English Worsted Serge

In Blacks and Blues, with soft, dull finish. Popular all the Year Round.

These Fabrics are genuine Fast Colors and will command the admiration of young men who show a tendency for inconspicuous patterns of choice English weaves.

Handsomely Tailored, Trimmed and Finished. Very special value.

CASH PRICE $18.00 THE SUIT

FORMER CREDIT PRICE $24.00.

The new English and American Fashion Plates for the Spring of 1897, now on view at

Established 1857. **Mercer's** 356 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

FIRE IN PORT HOPE.

Particulars of the Loss of Sunday's Fire at Port Hope

The Port Hope Guide gives the following details regarding the loss at the fire in that place on Sunday morning:

The loss on St Lawrence Hall will not be much less than $5,000 and the opera house cannot be made as it was before the fire for less than $10,000. The property was insured for $16,000, divided as follows: The Sun and Mercantile had $2,500 each; the British American $3,500, the Western, $3,000; the Royal $1,500; the North British, $3,000.

Of the rented places of business on John and Walton-st., underneath the opera house, Jimmy Reynold's barber shop is in a sorry looking plight, the water from above having rained down upon his easy, plush-cushioned chairs and soaked them through, peeled the paper from the walls and left his paradise saturated from floor to ceiling. His loss he estimates at $300, amount of his insurance in the Commercial Union, Mrs Ida B Wallace, agent.

The Traders' Bank, which a few years ago had been handsomely fitted up, suffered from the heat and water, but no important books or papers were destroyed and the manager and clerks have taken up quarters in the vacant store west of R Deyell's drug store.

Mr. James Hutchings, butcher, had considerable meat destroyed and estimates his damages at $200; insurance $300.

Mr. James Hunter, wine and liquor dealer, estimates his loss at $1,500, with insurance of $1,000. Some of his stock was saved and removed to Deyell's old stand, Quinlan's block. Willing hands were very plentiful in saving and handling the stock.

Mr. Strong's billiard parlor suffered severe loss, the billiard tables sustaining considerable damage by water. Damage estimated at $300, covered by insurance in the Agricultural Co., Seth S Smith, agent.

The opera house or music hall was built in 1872 by J and R R O'Neil, on the guarantee of a certain number of citizens to provide the means to make it pay if it did not do so itself; it never did. From the O'Neils it passed to the Hickey estate, of Kingston, and from thence to Cox, Dumble and Stevenson, of Peterborough, who purchased the opera house and St. Lawrence Hall and improved both very considerably at a total cost of $34,000. The St. Lawrence Hall was built about the year 1852 or 1853 by Mr. Hiram Gillett, dry goods merchant (dry goods paid those days), who becoming financially embarrased sold it to the O'Neils shortly afterwards in an unfinished state.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

Serious Results of a Horse's Kick—The Late I. Junkin.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT—On last Thursday morning Mr. John Anderson, eldest son of the late Hugh Anderson, received a severe kick from a horse while working in the woods for Mr. Thomas Russel, who lives about three miles north of this place. He was in a crouched position, fixing the traces, when one of the horses let fly with one foot and struck him on the forehead and one of the caulks was driven into the skull, breaking through both bones. Mr Russel had him conveyed to Dr. Baker's office here at once, where several pieces of bone were taken out and the wound dressed, and at present the young man is doing as well as could be expected, and hopes of his recovery are entertained.

SLEIGHING—The snow that fell on Friday last has made excellent sleighing, and the people of the neighborhood seem to be making good use of it, for teams loaded with wood, hay or straw may be seen on the streets every hour of the day.

OBITUARY—It is with feelings of the deepest sadness that we chronicle the death of Mr I Junkins, who had been ill for about eight days. Mr Junkin was taken ill when attending his brother's funeral two weeks ago, but his illness was not thought to be dangerous and the family was not alarmed until he took a weakness on Thursday night and passed away in a couple of minutes from heart failure. The entire village was shocked at the news of his death and everyone felt that the village had lost a leading citizen, one whose place would be hard to fill. Mr. Junkin has been postmaster for over twenty years, and a clerk for the municipalities of Verulam and Bobcaygeon for many years, and during his many years of services he was ever punctual and trustworthy. The funeral, which took place on Saturday afternoon, was one of the largest ever witnessed in this vicinity. The surviving members of the family have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole village and neighborhood in their sad and unexpected bereavement.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

JOHN M'KERGOW, ESQ.

SKETCH OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE MONTREAL BOARD OF TRADE.

A Scotch-English Lad Who Has Made His Mark in the Business Community—Characteristics of Character That Have Proved Valuable Acquisitions.

Forty odd years or so ago a boy of Scotch parentage was born within sound of London's famous Bow Bells who was destined to make his mark in the Canadian business community, says the Canadian Grocer. This youngster was John McKergow, the popular Montreal merchant, who was recently elected to the presidency of the Board of Trade.

Although born in the world's metropolis, the new president is a native Montrealer to all practical intents and

JOHN M'KERGOW, ESQ.
President Montreal Board of Trade.

purposes, as he came to Canada with his parents when very young. They settled in Montreal, and their son, John, was educated with a number of others, who now are also leading merchants of the city, at the old McGill Model School.

Leaving school, young Mr. McKergow entered the employment of the Grand Trunk Railway, and was with that company for several years. While still a railway employe he attracted the attention of A. A. Ayer, the senior partner of the firm of which he now is a member.

After two or three years as an employe he was promoted to be a junior partner, and has now been for a number of years a full partner in the enormous export business that A. A. Ayer & Co. carry on. It is probably the largest dairy produce business in the world and some idea of its magnitude may be gathered from the fact that last year this firm exported over 500,000 packages of cheese and butter which approximately represented a turnover of over $4,000,000. It is questionable if there is another individual house in Canada, in any branch of trade, that handles such a volume of business as these figures involve. Mr. McKergow has been closely identified with the development of this great house, and not a little of its present position is due to his keen business sagacity. Perhaps the most striking characteristic of Mr. McKergow—and one that in the opinion of those who know him well is largely responsible for his success—is his faculty of discernment or power of quick analysis.

His intimates state that the promptitude and soundness of his judgment in business matters is almost marvellous, and how valuable such a faculty is to a merchant engaged in a business where speculation so largely enters as the exporting of dairy produce need not be dwelt on here. In a word he, like a few other lucky men, has the gift of promptly seizing on the fallacy or soundness of any certain line of argument submitted to him for consideration. For this reason he has always been considered an invaluable man in committee ever since his connection with the Council of the Board of Trade. Another equally strong trait is his unassuming nature.

Like many another Scotchman he is a believer in the adage that in the great majority of cases silence is golden. He is disposed to let others do the talking if he will be allowed to do the thinking, and it is certain that this habit of his has meant a lot of money to his firm. No one can say that John McKergow ever committed himself in any way. But while a silent man in the general acceptation of the term, when the occasion arises he possesses in a high degree a power of curt, concise expression that is far more effective than the gift of florid eloquence. It is at such times that the dry, cutting humor inherited from his Scotch forbears comes out strikingly. In fact, it is frequently epigrammatic.

Mr. McKergow's judgment of quality in regard to the delicate goods handled by his firm is second to none. In fact, he is considered one of the best judges in Canada, as attested by the frequent demand for his services at the different annual exhibitions. This and his ability as an economical buyer are proverbial in the trade of which he is a member. In addition to his connection with A. A. Ayer & Co., Mr. McKergow is largely interested in real estate in Montreal, is a director of the Laprairie Brick Works Co., the Laurie Engine Co., and other industrial works. He has been a member of the Council of the Board of Trade since 1896, and for two years was the second vice-president.

Oldest Industrial Firm.

Probably the monastery of La Grande Chartreuse, which lies 14 miles from Grenoble, among the French mountains, is the oldest industrial firm in the world. This monastery was founded about 1086.

A Venerable Club

In Lexington, Ky., there is a club the youngest member of which is 89 years old. All the others are over 90. The club meets regularly for the purposes of mutual improvement and social pleasure.

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received up to

MONDAY, the 22nd inst.

addressed to W H Hill, Chairman of Supervision Committee, for the supply of Stationery, chemicals, etc., required for the Collegiate Institute and Public Schools, for the current year. Statement of items to be tendered for may be obtained from the undersigned.

W. C. MORROW,
Secretary Board of Education.

2d39

OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, February 20th

Grand Matinee 2.30 p.m. Evening 8.15.

STOWE & CO'S INCOMPARABLE

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Largest, Grandest and Best in the World

50 people 2 Brass Bands, Grand Orchestra, 20 Great Jubilee Shouters, Picaninny Fife and Drum Corps, the Celebrated Afro-American Swiss Bell Ringers, Buck and Wing Dancers, 2 Quartettes. Grand Mandolin Sextette.

The Original New York cast.

A Grand Cake Walk, introducing 20 prize winners. Grand Parade at noon.

Matinee prices, children 15c, adults 25c. Evening 25, 35 and 50c Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store. d39

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

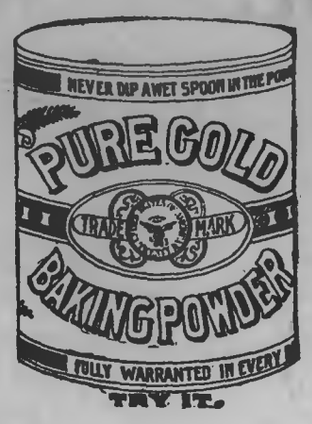
		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1895, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

Pure Gold Flavoring Extracts are as good as Pure Gold Baking Powder.



The Careful Housewife Will Use No Other.

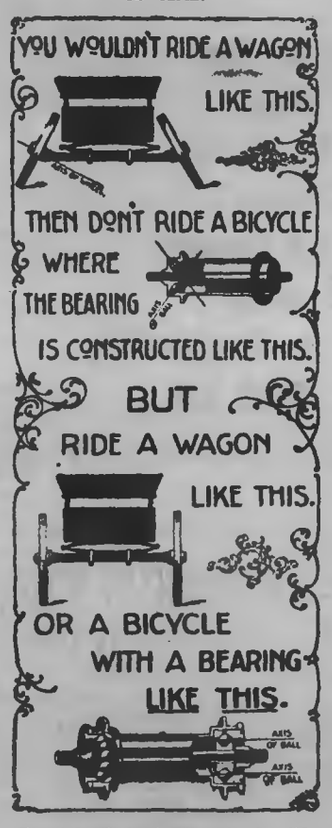
ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Pure Gold Flavoring Extracts. True Flavor.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any whee on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY, AGENT.

EDWIN ELCOME, TAXIDERMIST and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON BY THE MANY IMITATIONS OF

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

That are pushed for the sake of extra profit. See that the word "Salada" is on the lead package.

Sold in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60c. All Grocers.

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

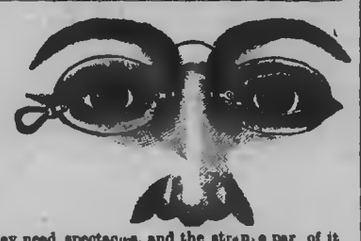
Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS, FUR MANUFACTURERS, 413 George Street, Peterborough.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it hat some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined ree of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON The Jeweller and Optician.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insur nce and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1896.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,020,363	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,62[illegible]
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL, Manager Central Ontario.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

tensions in that line. Doctor Jack awakens to the fact that there is more in expression that mere beauty of contour.

They chat for a few minutes on general subjects. To travellers there is always a host of things of which they can talk. The pasha says little, and devotes that to the ladies, completely ignoring Jack, who watches the Turk out of the corner of his eye, and grates his teeth to see the avaricious manner in which he surveys Avis Morton, as though he would give her weight in gold to convey her to his harem.

Jack's gloomy thoughts are interrupted.

"There she is—naughty Madame Sophie, and as I suspected, dear Larry is with her. How well he looks."

With a sinking of the heart Doctor Jack turns his head to look upon the man whom he has already set down as his most formidable rival.

CHAPTER VI.

Somehow in his mind Jack has pictured Cousin Larry as a good?humoured giant, handsome, and ready to anticipate the every wish of his fair relative. He has known before now of cousins being brought up together like brother and sister, and finally discovering that the world was too small to keep them asunder; and although he has no reason for believing this is a similar case, the notion appears to have entered his head.

There they come, making gestures that they have seen Avis, which she returns eagerly, the crowd separating them. Under such circumstances it is only right that the giant should elbow a passage through for the lady in his charge, but as Jack looks and gapes, he sees it is the latter who throws her weight against the barrier—she is the entering wedge that divides the crowd.

Cousin Larry does not loom up at all. He is concealed behind the ample figure of the madam, but Jack has already sighted him, and an amused smile creeps over his sun-burned face; giving place to the look of concern.

On an acquaintance of fifteen minutes this is getting to be a very serious business with him, but then he has been carrying that photograph around with him, and that might in a measure account for the milk in the cocoanut.

In another minute Madame Sophie rushes up breathless, and hugs Avis with as much enthusiasm as though they had been parted six months or a year.

"You naughty girl! I began to think you had eloped with some one. My heart was in agony until I sighted you. Ah! pasha, is it you? I remember meeting you in London. Permit me to introduce my nephew, Larry."

Larry is a genuine New York dude, small in figure, natty in dress, effeminate in appearance, with his hair parted in the centre, sporting an eyeglass, a heavy cane, and all the well-known paraphednalia of the dude.

Jack is at first inclined to think him a fool, but accustomed to looking beneath the surface, he fancies he sees something there that Larry hides beneath his foppish exterior. Perhaps the stubborn qualities of which Avis has already spoken are not the only good ones he possesses. At any rate, now that his inward fears of Cousin Larry as a rival are set at rest, Jack fancies he may endure the dude, even like him, for her sake.

Naturally Madame Sophie looks toward the others as if desiring an introduction, which Avis readily gives.

"You are the gentleman who upheld the honour of the starry flag today. I shake hands with you because I adore a brave man," says the stout matron, warmly, and Jack starts as he hears the identical words that sent him over the barrier into the arena, "but Avis calls you Doctor Jack. Is that your last name, or have you another?"

"My full name is Jack Evans." While he speaks it the American watches the face of Avis, and is satisfied at the little start she gives, proving conclusively that the name is familiar to her. She looks at him with renewed interest, a quick scanning look it is, mixed with a little wonder, but Jack is chatting and laughing with Larry, whose affected drawl and English ways are quite amusing.

The pasha excuses himself, and walks away, but Jack notices that he speaks a low word to Mercedes as he passes, and that lovely woman shrugs her shoulders in a very Frenchy fashion.

It is Jack's desire to learn where the American ladies are stopping, so he puts the question to Madame Sophie, who replies that they have the best rooms at the Fonda Peninsular, near the centre of the city, where its life is daily seen in the grand plaza known as the Puerta del Sol.

Mercedes is plainly uneasy. She looks often upon Cousin Larry, who stands sucking his cane, and saying little beyond "bah Jove!" and evidently the Spanish beauty seems to think he is some new beast on exhibition. Truth to tell, Larry's face is extraordinarily shaped, and shows a lack of human qualities, more resembling the head of a fox, from which reason Jack judges that he possesses some of the cunning of that animal.

As he is Mercedes' cavalier, he must obey her wishes, besides, he can see Avis again, and what he has to say to her will keep, as it is better suited to the privacy of an hotel parlour than the publicity of the museo.

The girl is watching him. She has never once taken her eyes off his face since he mentioned his full name, and there is an eager, wistful look in those blue orbs, as though she longs to ask something and dares not.

Doctor Jack rather enjoys the fact that he has assumed a new importance in her eyes, but he has no desire to play upon the subject, for there are grave memories connected with it, thoughts that stir up every emotion within him, and take him back to scenes in the past that he often wishes he could forget.

"The senorita no doubt desires to find her friends. I must say good-day," he says, speaking to all, but at Madame Sophie, and that worthy dame replies quickly:—

"We shall not call it good-by. You will drop in, and see us again, Doctor Jack? I am quite proud of being a countrywoman of yours after seeing your gallant action to-day. The Fonda Peninsular, remember."

Jack looks toward Avis, who murmurs something to the effect that she too will be glad to see him. He knows it now that she has learned his name, though what magic there may have been in that does not yet appear.

With what seems to be more ceremony than is necessary, he bids each one good-by, shaking hands with Madame Sophie first, then Cousin Larry, and last of all Avis herself.

This is the opportunity he has looked for. The others are laughing because a fat man has become wedged in between two flanks of the crowd, and looks pitifully around as if for assistance. Only the dazzling eyes of Mercedes Gonzales see Doctor Jack press the fair girl's hand, and bending over say something in a low tone that causes her face to light up and a glad look appear in her eyes.

"I shall call upon you this evening at eight, Miss Avis. I have something to tell you, something for your ears alone, connected with one I knew and loved—your brother, Aleck. Shall I be welcome?"

And looking frankly, fearlessly, into his eyes she replies "yes."

Then they separate, each party resuming the tour of the gallery in diffrent directions. Mercedes is quick to note a change in her attendant cavalier. He had been witty and full of life before this meeting, and now he has become preoccupied in mind, so that several times he answers some sally vaguely, as though his thoughts were far away.

This piques the Spanish beauty at once. There is nothing what will offend a woman quicker than to see that for Doctor Jack before, but now a her attractive powers have been overshadowed by a rival.

She may not have cared a great deal great burning passion eats into her soul. She loves—the spontaneous growth of this plant in the heart of a Southern woman of the Latin races is not uncommon. Their passions are deep and sudden, though far from being as lasting as the slower flower growing in more temperate zones.

This bold American has won her admiration to begin with. He has braved death in the arena for her smile. Yes, there are other causes why he should belong to her, and she is not true daughter of Spain if she sits calmly down and allows him to be taken from her by this girl from over the sea. Deep down in her heart there is a tumult raging. It beats like a tempest upon the shore, surging high at times, and yet above are fair skies, smiles, and a placid countenance. You can trust the intelligent girl of the nineteenth century to hide her emotions. She does not go about with her heart on her sleeve, to show how it has been riddled by the numerous flirtations of the past.

At last they meet Don Carlos and the senora. Jack catches a significant glance, which the former exchanges with Mercedes, and once more the suspicion flashes into his brain that the old Spaniard may not be the warm friend he has believed up to now.

Mercedes complains of being weary, so they pass out and enter the carriage, which soon leaves them at the residence of the Spaniard. This is quite a fine house on the Del Prado, where they find every comfort.

The day is declining, and Doctor Jack is invited to dine with them, which he can hardly refuse to do. Besides, he has a great curiosity to fat-

To be continued.

WINTER REFLECTIONS.

When the frost is on the window
And the pipes are full of ice,
And the furnace heat to warm you
Really does not half suffice;
When a chilling draft is creeping
Like a snake across the floor,
And the man who comes to see you
Fails to shut the outer door;
When your coal supply has vanished
And your hired girl has left,
And your clothes are thin and seedy,
And your pocketbook bereft;
Do not let your fierce emotion
Make you its complaining tool—
But, remember there is virtue
In the act of "keeping cool!"

TEXAS WAY OF MAKING BUTTER.

Novel Recipe Given on the Authority of a Cowboy.

"Aw," grunted the man with a broad-brimmed hat, which he had deposited near him on the table when he sat down on a chair at the restaurant, "what do you call this stuff?"

"Yes, sah. Dat's butter, sah," replied the waiter apologetically.

"Butter! Butter! Butter! Butter!" remarked the westerner, who repeated the name four times. "Aw."

The waiter retired and the man with the broad-brimmed hat turned to another man who sat at the table.

"Is that the sort of stuff they call butter in this country? Aw! That's not the stuff. You ought to see the butter we have in Texas."

"Very good, is it?" inquired the stranger timidly.

"Very good! Aw! Well, I should say it was. Do you know how we make it?"

"How?" was the timid question.

"How? Aw! I'll tell you how. We have big droves of cattle down there, you know. Some of the fellows like grease better than butter. But I don't. Aw! I am an epicure. We don't have none of your churns. Naw! We don't. When we want butter we make it our own way. We take a cow and one of the boys chases her over the range for twenty miles or so on a fast pony. Then we drive her back to our place. The milk inside the cow is churned, and all we have to do is to milk the cow, and she has been so thoroughly shaken that the milk has turned to butter. That's the kind of butter we use. Do you believe it? Aw!"

And the other man answered yes, as he got up and started over to the cashier's desk to pay his check.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Plenty of Excuses for Kissing.

"Good-by, sweetheart!"

He had said it so many times that the repetition of the words sounded like a farce, but now they had by a slow and circuitous route reached the vestibule, and there really seemed to be no reason why the young man should not go at once.

But here "sweetheart" took the matter in hand.

"George, dear, did you ever hear that there's luck in odd numbers?"

The young man looked a little puzzled. He was evidently obtuse when he should be quick-witted. The young woman came to the rescue.

"You kissed me twelve times," she said reproachfully.

George did not need any more prompting. He at once responded to the call for an odd number.

He had his hand on the front door when he heard a low, deep sigh.

"George," the words had a sorrowful tone, "did you ever hear that thirteen was an unlucky number?"

George had just made the number even again when a gruff voice sounded from the landing above.

"That'll do, George; leave some for to-morrow night."

Couldn't Speak to Her Papa.

"Yes, George, dear, I will be yours—" she murmured.

"Darling!" he cried interrupting her, and attempting to embrace her.

"But, George, you must speak to papa."

"Speak to your father!"

"Yes, George; for I am a dutiful daughter. I would not do anything to cause my parent distress!"

"I can't."

"You can't? Oh, George, dear! Do you think papa would object?"

"It isn't that."

"What, then, is the matter?"

"He won't let me speak to him."

"You—you haven't quarreled? Oh, George!" she sobbed.

"No, darling," he replied, attempting to console her. "You see, I hardly like to tell you, but—"

"Oh tell me the worst. I will be calm. I am prepared to hear the awful secret."

"Well you see—well—to tell the truth—you see, your father owes me $12, and, of course, I can't get near enough to him to speak to him."

Hard Luck of a Poor Young Man.

"You're looking glum to-night, old man," remarked the newcomer at the club after he had tried ineffectually to engage in a discussion with the man on the sofa. "Are you ill?"

"No."

"Girl gone back on you?"

"No. Worse luck. She's accepted me."

"That's no reason for looking like a funeral procession. You aren't sorry?"

"Well—yes."

"How's that?"

"You know I'm engaged."

"You just told me. But who to?"

"To Miss Gotrocks. She accepted me last night. This morning her father made an assignment."

A Woman's Wish.

Mrs. Dorcas—You do love that cat, don't you?

Mrs. Cobwigger—Yes, indeed. She's all the world to me. I often wish I was rich, so that I could buy canary birds for her.

A Specific.

Mrs. Brown—Johnnie wrote a letter to-day, and he began it: "I sit down and take my pen in hand." How can I cure him of using such common language?

Brown—Spank him.

Correctly Described.

"Arthur, is in love with a chorus girl," said the fond mother nervously.

"I guess it won't hurt him," said the experienced father. "It is only calf love."—Indianapolis Journal.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

4 FOUR GENERATIONS HAVE USED

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
W. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

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For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Cobourg Peterboro & Pacific Railway.

	EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Montreal	Ottawa	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock		7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston		4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
	WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago		11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate		7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago		11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest		11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and intermediate ....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Perry ....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay ....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East ....Leave 9.05 p.m.

CRAM JUNCTION

Leave .... 8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive .... 8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield ....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield ....10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in her face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and beauty. Hollows and angles will give place to roundness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THAT POSTAL ORDER.

Local Governments Must Pay to the Dominion.

An Innocent Question Sent From the Ontario Government Caused All the Trouble—Cases of Whiskey for Export Must Have Branding That Will Stay—Getting Things in Order After the Fire—Mr Tarte Thanks the Firemen—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Inquiry was made at the Postoffice Department this afternoon as to the extent of the recent order imposing postage on mail matter sent from the public departments of the several provinces. Hereafter the exemption from postage rate will apply strictly to the class of matter mentioned in the Postoffice Act, namely, "petitions and addresses to the Provincial Legislatures of any of the provinces of Canada, or to any branch thereof, and also votes and proceedings and other papers printed by order of any such Legislatures, or any branch thereof." Hitherto the franking privilege has been allowed on the documents mentioned in the following paragraphs of the Dominion Postal Guide, and on these hereafter postage must be paid at the rate of one cent for two ounces.

(15) Periodical bulletin circulars, schedules and reports prepaid by and issued from the Provincial Departments in connection with agricultural, industrial and sanitary matters, as well as returns made to the Provincial Government on schedules furnished by them; forms used by clergymen, medical men and others, when making returns of marriages, births and deaths; contagious diseases reports addressed to the Provincial Board of Health, Montreal, and meteorological reports addressed to the Dominion Observatory at Toronto, are allowed to pass free of postage, but should registration be required, the usual charge of 5 cents must be prepaid by stamps in every case.

(16) These circulars, schedules, reports and returns may thus pass, whether sent with or without envelopes, but if sent in envelopes they are to be unsealed in order to show that nothing but the return is enclosed therein. As regards the obligation to leave the envelopes unsealed, exception is made in the case of certain official reports posted in official envelopes addressed to the "Conseil d'Hygiene de la Province de Quebec" or "Board of Health of the Province of Quebec, at Montreal."

City postmasters were advised last week that as soon as the Postal Guide for 1897 is out, which will be in about ten days, the law will be enforced in reference to the above class of mail matter. The Provincial Secretaries of all the provinces of Canada have been apprised of the opinion of the Minister of Justice, and that the franking privilege hereafter must be confined strictly within the limits laid down by the statute.

It was an innocent question from the Ontario Government that led to the law being looked into and the getting of Sir Oliver Mowat's opinion thereon.

Collectors of Inland Revenue have been notified that hereafter cases containing whiskey for export must hereafter be branded with the letters "Expn" (meaning exportation) with a branding iron, in place of stencil marking them. On whiskey for export no excise duty is paid, and there have been instances where the stencil marking has been rubbed out, and the spirit actually diverted to home consumption. It is to guard against fraud of this kind that the Department will hereafter require a more durable branding mark.

The British Columbia politicians who are in town had an interview with Sir Henri Joly to-day to urge the appointment of Mr. Lawson, assistant to Prof Ellis of Toronto, as public analyst for British Columbia. Before the late Government went out, Mr. Fagan of New Westminster, was recommended for this position, but His Excellency did not sign it. Mr. Fagan is the only chemist in British Columbia who has passed the public analyst's examination.

The work of straightening out the books and papers carried from the Western block on Thursday is proceeding apace. By Wednesday departmental routine will be going on as usual.

The Minister of Public Works is preparing a statement of how the fire occurred, as to the condition of the fire appliances, water supply and other details. It will endeavor to show that the statements published as to the hydrants being frozen and the hose in a dilapidated condition, are all wrong. Meanwhile Mr. Tarte has taken temporary measures to protect the centre and eastern blocks from fire. He has caused to be placed fire protection pails at different points.

Mr. Peter Lyall, a well-known building contractor of Montreal, has arrived here at Mr. Tarte's invitation to guide him in his action regarding rebuilding. He visited the scene of the fire with Mr. Ewart, acting chief architect, this morning, and went over every portion of the building. Mr. Lyall considered the brick and mason work standing above the second storey very sound, and not calling in any way for repair. As regards the building, Mr. Lyall says it certainly was one of the very best of its day. If the block is to be made fireproof in the modern acceptation of that term the interior partitions of wood should all be removed, down to the basement, and replaced by metal. As they are now they are most inflammable and the putting in of a fireproof roof would be no help if the blaze started in the lower floors. Moreover, the walls would have to be all replastered and this would take time. It would mean at least six months before the buildings would be fit for occupation, and would involve a considerable expenditure, but the structure would be as permanent and indestructible as any that could be put up. This is his idea of permanent rebuilding, but if it is only intended to patch things up, the work could be done in six or eight weeks. It rests with the Minister of Public Works to say which shall be done, and the likelihood is that Mr. Tarte will not consent to any perpetuation of another firetrap.

Mr. Tarte, by the way, is almost overcome with pressure of work, and has not been well since the night of the fire. To-day he sent the following letter to Mayor Bingham: "Feb. 13, 1897.—My Dear Mayor,—Permit me to thank you for the great assistance that your municipal organization extended to the Government of Canada in the recent disaster. The fire brigade worked with great energy, vigor and pluck. I have myself witnessed their efforts, and can bear testimony that they have done everything that men could do to save the building. Believe me, my dear Mr. Mayor, truly yours, J. Israel Tarte."

At the council meeting to-night votes of thanks were tendered the Mayor of Montreal, the Montreal firemen and others who assisted the Ottawa brigade in putting out the fire.

The object of the visit of Sir William Van Horne, President, and Mr. Shaughnessy, Vice-President of the C. P. R., to Ottawa on Saturday was to oppose the application which the Victoria, Vancouver and Eastern Railway is making to the Dominion Government for assistance to build its line from the coast into the mining regions of East Kootenay, connecting with the Crow's Nest Pass road. As previously stated, the C. P. R. seeks permission to construct the line from the Crow's Nest, or rather from Lethbridge, in the N. W. T., through to the Pacific coast by the southern route.

The Supreme Court term opens tomorrow, when judgment in two appeals will be given. One of these is the case of the ship Frederick Gerring, Jr., vs. the Queen, involving the legality of a seizure made by the Canadian fisheries protection service last summer for fishing within the three-mile limit.

The City Council to-night approved of the report favoring the immediate purchase of two quick-steaming engines, two chemical engines, two extension ladders and the erection of two new fire stations. Owing to a technical objection of one of the kickers, the motion to ask the Legislature for power to issue debentures for $115,000 to purchase these appliances, and to extend water mains, was laid over until next meeting.

Patent solicitors will hereafter be debarred from direct access to the examiner of the patent office.

Triplets, all girls, were born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Gravelle of 46 Clarence-street on Saturday, and were christened at the Basilica yesterday morning. The three children appeared well, but at a late hour last evening they were dead.

Hon. F. Peters, Q. C., senior Canadian counsel before the Behring Sea arbitration, returned to Ottawa today.

The Canadian counsel in the Behring Sea arbitration have secured a room in the Supreme Court building, which they will use during the preparation of their written argument.

Major McLennan, M. P., is in town.

Hon. L. O. Taillon, late Postmaster-General, arrived in the Capital last night.

A meeting of the Cabinet was held this afternoon.

The Cabinet to-day made a tour through the attic offices of the Eastern Block and saw for themselves the dangerous position in which the valuable records of the Interior Department are

Dr. Borden returned to the city tonight for the first time since his injuries in the railway accident near Dorchester, N. B. Evidently the Minister had a bad shaking-up.

R. M. LIVINGSTONE KILLED.

Melancholy Death of a Nephew of the Great African Explorer.

Toronto, Feb. 16.

A Winnipeg despatch last night told of the death of R. M. Livingstone by falling off the train near Martin station, west of Fort William, while on his way to visit his brother at Seattle, Wash. Deceased was well-connected, being a nephew of the celebrated African explorer, having a brother in the drug business at Listowel, another a bank manager at Georgetown, and a third, the one at Seattle, who is prominent in mercantile circles there. He was on his way from Listowel and was a guest at the Tremont House from Monday until Thursday of last week.

Animals Imitating Plants.

Not long ago Professor Verrill exhibited to the members of the National Academy of Sciences in New York some beautiful examples of mollusks, dwelling in the Sargasso Sea that imitate not only the seaweed among which they live, but even the parasite growths found upon the weeds.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There was a little better feeling to-day, but prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $8.

Wheat—The wheat market is quiet and rather steadier. Red winter wheat is quoted at 75c, and white at 76c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 86c to 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 29c to 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 33c north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offers.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 15.—Spring wheat, 6c 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 23s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 23s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 50s.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage very weak and partly 3d lower. Maize on passage easier.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures steady at 6c 2½d for March, 6s 3¾d for May and 6s 3½d for July. Maize 2s 6¼d for March, 2s 7d for April, 2s 7½d for May, 2s 8d for June and 2s 8¾d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Flour 46f 25c. for March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firmer at 6s 3½d for March, 6s 4¾d for May, and 6s 4½d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for March, 2s 7½d for April, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 15, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 22	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 45
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave. How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

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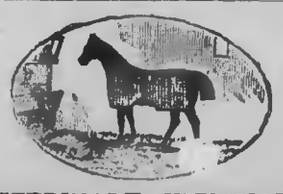

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ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA
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Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used. Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.
Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum:
Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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It is clean-up and clear-out time, to prepare the way for the change in our business and the change in the season. These are the last of this season's reductions. It means a loss to us as the furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost; it is your turn to save what we are willing to loose—So call and secure a bargain. Fully One-third less than former prices:—

COON COATS worth $45, Cost $35, now. $30.00
GREENLAND SEAL CAPES worth $30, cost $22, now 18.00
FUR LINED CLOAKS, (ripple), worth $30, cost $22, now . . . 18.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles', worth $40, cost $31, now $28.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $35, cost $26, now 23.00
COON JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $45, cost $35, now. . . . 32 50
GREY LAMB JACKETS 'latest styles,' choice quality, now $35.00

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The Daily Review.
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1897

PSYCHICAL PHENOMENA.

Prof. William Crookes' Theory of Brain Waves and Thought Transference.

The latest discovery, or, rather, latest theory, in science, is that of brain waves. So, at least, it is described in the presidential address delivered the other day to the British Society for Psychical Research by Prof. William Crookes. He entered before launching his theory, upon an elaborate calculation as to the vibrations which produce sound and light. Then he applied a similar law to the subject of thought transference, and suggested that it was quite conceivable that the intense thought concentrated by one person upon another, with whom he is in close sympathy, should induce a telepathic chain along which brain waves should go straight to their goal without loss of energy due to distance. Such speculation was, he admitted, new and strange to science. It was at present strictly provisional, but he was bold enough to make it, and the time might come when it could be submitted to experiental tests. The professor spoke of the work which is being done by the society as likely to form no unworthy preface to a profounder science of man, of nature, and of worlds not yet realized, and he said he could see no reason why any man of scientific mind should either shut his eyes to it or stand deliberately aloof. He endeavored, in a long argument, to clear away the "scientific suppositions," which prevent many from venturing into research which might in time dominate the whole world of thought. One of the greatest thorns in the path of this society, he said, was the fact that many people started with a certain presupposition, depending upon a too hasty assumption that we know more about the universe than is really known. For instance, among those who believe with him in the survival of man's individuality after death there was a wide-spread illusion that ethereal bodies, if such there were, must correspond to earthly bodies in shape and size. The human body, it was true, was the most perfect thinking and acting machine yet evolved on this earth, but its excellence for its varied purposes depended upon the conditions by which it is surrounded. Its action, for instance, is entirely governed by the strength of the force of gravitation, which had not apparently varied during the ages in which animated, thinking beings had existed. Were the force of gravitation to be either doubled or decreased, there would be remarkable changes in the type of humanity to suit the altered state of affairs. Yet the popular imagination, taking no heed of this, presupposed spiritual beings to be superior to the laws of gravitation, and yet to retain the shapes and proportions which gravitation originally determined. His own picture of the constitution of spiritual beings would make them centres of intellect, with will, energy and power, each centre retaining the individuality and persistence of self and memory, and each mutually penetrable, while, at the same time, permeating what we call space.

Prof. Crookes' tentative speculations must, perhaps, be accepted as the latest and most liberal dictum of science with regard to the existence of a possible world which is beyond the ken of ordinary senses. His address, as a whole, is calculated to give a keen stimulus to the serious investigation of psychical phenomena.

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GENERAL AZCARRAGA.

The Man Who Will Go to Cuba as Capt.-General Weyler's Superior.

General Azcarraga, who will in all probability go to Cuba as Captain-General Weyler's superior officers, is an able director of men, and one of the shrewdest diplomats and intriguers in all Europe. He and Campos have been political enemies for years. The War Minister was not enabled to turn the screws on his enemy until the war in Cuba broke. Azcarraga knew that neither Campos nor anyone else would fare well in the conduct of the Cuban campaign, and it was through his influence the kind-hearted Campos was sent out to suppress the revolution. How Campos was recalled in disgrace is well known. That soldier would probably never have been called home had it not been for the machinations of his enemy. He was an able commander and he was feared more by Gomez and his men than is Weyler. Campos was a fair fighter. At that time it was predicted that the whirligig of politics would bring about Azcarraga's fall, and that it was by no means improbable that the War Minister himself would be sent to Cuba—a mission that any Spaniard may well shrink from. New policies, however, seem to be in the mind. New policies, however, seem to be in the mind. Azcarraga, it is said will make no attempt to repeat the atrocities of Valeriano Weyler, but will begin his operations by releasing all the American prisoners now held in Cuba, including the crew of the Competitor, and, it is said, even Julio Sanguily and Louis Somellion. Should Azcarraga fail in his new work, General Campos' vengeance will be complete. The ups and downs of political life are many, especially in Spain.

The new Governor-General of Cuba, Don Marcelo De Azcarraga y Palmero, is the present Spanish Minister of War, and is also president of the Imperial Council of War, a body composed of the most distinguished Peninsular generals. He is fourth on the list of Spanish Lieutenant-Generals, and is just above General Weyler in rank. His military career extends over a period of forty-six years. He was Acting Captain-General of Navarre in 1880, and performed similar duties as the military and civil governor of Valencia in 1884, when he put down a formidable rebellion. He was appointed Minister of War in 1890. At the end of two years the Canovas Government fell, but returned to power in 1895, when General Azcarraga again became the head of the War Office.

Azcarraga was born in Manilla, in the Philippine Islands, in 1832. At the age of eighteen he became second lieutenant in the cavalry, and was sent to Havana. He returned to Madrid in 1854 and entered the War Office, where he was made lieutenant. He received his commission of captain in 1856, and was again sent to Cuba in 1867. He became chief of staff of the Governor-General of Cuba in 1863, and Lieutenant-General in 1864.

GOV.-GENERAL AZCARRAGA.

Their Location.

Mrs. Murrihill—Why, Bridget, that is the third vase you have let fall this month. How can you be so stupid? Where are you faculties, girl?

Bridget (puzzled, but for a second only)—Paddy Dillon has 'em, mum!

She Had a Chance.

"Can he recover, doctor?" asked the woman whose husband had been hurt in a railway accident.

"I fear not, madam," replied the doctor, "but you can. You should get at least $20,000 from the company."

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Hon. J. M. Gibson Brings in His Bill to Regulate the Immigration of Children.

Toronto, Feb. 16.

In reply to a question by Mr. Matheson, Hon. Mr. Harcourt promised to lay the estimates on the table to-day and to deliver the budget speech on Wednesday or Thursday.

Mr. Dynes presented a petition from the County of Dufferin, representing that the petitioners did not agree with the idea held by some persons, including some judges of the Superior Courts, that vagrants and paupers should not be confined to the common jail with criminals. They think that, as no stigma is attached to such vagrants, the county should not be compelled to erect a poor house for their accommodation. They claim that such institutions cause an unnecessary expense for salaries and would cast a reflection on the social condition of the province. The sheriffs and jail officials should look after the poor. They also suggest the changing of the name "jail" to that of "jail and house of refuge," and recommend that inmates be employed in cultivating a lot adjoining it.

The Township Council of Adjala ask for an act which will separate them from the County of Simcoe and annex them to Dufferin. The latter county petitions for the same.

The Free Methodist Church of Ontario for an act to amend their act of incorporation.

The County Council of Wentworth, by Mr. Flatt, for certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the auditing of accounts. They propose the appointment of county inspectors of municipal accounts. Also to amend the General Road Companies Act by compelling annual inspection of toll-roads.

Also for an amendment to the Pounds Act; also for amendments to the Registry Act respecting the emoluments of registrars.

Hon. J. M. Gibson—To regulate the immigration into Ontario of certain classes of children.

This proposed act will allow the Lieut.-Governor-in-council to authorize any society or agent to carry on the work of bringing in indigent, neglected or dependent children, to provide homes for them, but such society shall be inspected at least four times per year by a duly qualified inspector, who shall report to the Government. These societies must keep a record containing: The full name of each child brought out and the name and address of parents or guardians; the date on which it was brought out and its age and date of birth; the name and place of residence of every person having for a time the child in custody, and such other particulars as the inspector, with the approval of the Minister in charge, may require to be kept on record.

Every society shall maintain careful supervision over each child until it reaches the age of 18 years, and a society agent shall visit him at least once a year. A permanent home is to be provided for children not adopted or allowed to go. Persons adopting the children will be required to give full particulars as to the health, conduct, progress and welfare of the children. Foster-parents not wishing to retain children shall return them to the home at their own expense, the penalty for neglecting to comply with this or for abandoning the child shall be a fine of not less than $10 or more than $100. The society shall be enforced to state cause of return of child to the home to subsequent applicants. In cases where a child runs away from its master or guardian, the society is to give all reasonable assistance in recovering him or forfeit a fine of from $5 to $25 and costs. The bill provides for a penalty of not less than $10 and not more than $100 upon any person bringing in a child after July 1, 1897, contrary to the provisions of the act. Section 11 is an important one. It provides that no child shall be brought from any port in Great Britain or Ireland until a duly appointed examiner shall report that he has satisfied himself that the child named in the certificate is free from vicious tendencies. Equally important is section 12, which provides for a penalty of from $10 to $100, or in default 3 months in jail, upon any person who brings or causes to be brought any child who, from defective intellect, or disease, or physical infirmity, is unable to follow any trade or calling, any child of known vicious tendencies, a habitual criminal, or one who has been reared or resided amongst criminals, or any child whose parents have been criminals, lunatics, idiots, weak-minded, defective, or confirmed paupers or diseased, or without a certificate, as provided for. If children so brought in within three years thereafter become a charge upon the funds of the municipality or province, or charity in any way, they shall be maintained at the cost of the agent bringing them out, and, if the inspector so orders, the latter shall send them back whence they came. Section 14 provides that the society or agent must investigate complaints of ill-treatment of children placed out, the penalty being a fine not exceeding $50, or, in default, imprisonment with or without hard labor for not more than six months. When an imported child is confined in jail the sheriff must notify the superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children regarding the name, age, etc., of such child. The inspector is to take proceedings against violators of the act at his own discretion.

Mr. Hardy—To amend the Married Women's Property Act. The section imitates the English law and provides that contracts of married women are to bind all their separate estate.

Mr. Hardy—Respecting wage-earners and the estates of deceased persons. It will provide that employes of a deceased person shall have first claims upon his estate.

Mr. Hardy—To lessen the number of town councillors and to do away with the election of reeves and deputy-reeves so far as they were formerly required for representation in the County Council. The act provides that in towns of over 4000 population the council shall consist of a mayor, two councillors elected by general vote, and two councillors from each ward. For towns of 4000 and under, the council shall consist of a mayor and six councillors, all to be elected by general vote. Villages, a reeve and four councillors, by general vote; and townships, a reeve and four councillors, by general vote where the township is not divided into wards; where wards exist, each shall elect a councillor, to act with the reeve. The act will also regulate the qualifications of voters and the number of votes each shall be entitled to.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—Bill for the removal from Crown lands of persons unlawfully thereon.

Enquiry from the Ministry—Has the Government received any notice from the Postoffice Department limiting the franking privilege on Government and departmental reports and papers hitherto granted, and, if so, to what extent?

His Secret.

"John G. Tightwad!"

Her tones were full of bitter reproach.

"You are keeping something from me!"

"No, my dear, I am not!" The guilty husband poked his head out from under the coverlid. "Believe me, I—"

"But you are, sir!" persisted the woman whom he had sworn at the altar to love, cherish and protect. "I can find only thirty-seven cents in your trousers pockets."

A Hustler.

Rozenheimer—How did you come to gif your gonsendt to young Swartz's request for your daughter's handt? He has noddings.

Old Swindlebaum—Ven he asks for her undt I tells him she ish only a schoolgirl, he says, "Yase, but I came early to avoid der rush." Vat could I do but gif her to a young veller vat ish such a hustler ash dot?

The Difference.

Jones—What is a counsellor at law?

Brown—An attorney of a couple of months practice.

Jones—Well, what is an attorney?

Brown—A lawyer of a couple of years practice.

Jones—What, then, is a lawyer?

Brown—Oh, a man who has been practising law for a couple of generations.

A Hard Choice.

Mrs. Grimm—Ephraim, which do you favor of those two young men who have been calling on Mary Ellen so often of late?

Old Grimm—There don't seem to be much choice between them. One of them appears to be capable of nothing, and the other looks capable of anything.

SHUTTING DOWN
— ON —
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the 'Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us who he or a man is worth a million *if he won't pay his account.* When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to 'dun' a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co
George Street, Peterborough.

CHOICE AS WELL AS CHEAP.

Our stock of Meats is not only characterized by Cheap Prices, it is CHOICE as well. While the variety is large and the stock extensive, we guard against the inferior qualities. Our long-established reputation is a guarantee—for experience is a good teacher. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Select from any piece of meat on our hooks:—Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Sugar-Cured Hams, Poultry, Smoked Meats, Sausage. Howden's Meats will please the most particular people.

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THE DAILY REVIEW

FEBRUARY 17

1897

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 40. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Council of Women Looking After Working Girls

Employed in Stores and Factories—Better Conveniences are Necessary, Says a Deputation—University Authorities Want Information Regarding the Financial Standing of the Institution—Western Hospital, Toronto, Asks for the Per Capita Grant—Public Accounts Brought Down.

Toronto, Feb. 17.

The usual routine proceedings at the Legislative Assembly yesterday afternoon having been disposed of the Attorney-General moved the appointment of the following committees:

To prepare and report with all convenient speed lists of members to compose the select and standing committees ordered by this House, to be composed as follows: Messrs. Gibson (Hamilton), Dryden, Charlton, Conmee, Ferguson, Haycock, McKay (Oxford), McNicol, Marter, Whitney and Willoughby.

A select committee to act with Mr. Speaker in the control and management of the library, to be composed as follows: The Attorney-General and Messrs. Harcourt, Ross, Bennett, Cairn, Davis, Gibson (Huron), Howland, McKay (Victoria), Matheson, Stratton and Whitney.

The Attorney-General, in a brief speech, moved the following resolution:

"That this House deeply deplores the terrible ravages by famine and the plague among our fellow subjects in India, and will cheerfully approve a grant from provincial funds of the sum of $6000, to be forwarded to the proper authorities to be applied in the purchase of food and otherwise for the relief of the distress now so unhappily prevailing."

Mr. Whitney cordially concurred in the motion, and agreed that the money should be sent immediately.

Mr. Little made the following inquiry: "Is it the intention of the Government to assist Public Schools that have organized continuation classes in connection with the same? If so, to what extent?

Hon. G. W. Ross replied in the affirmative, but added that the extent of the aid would be made known when the estimates are brought down.

Notices of intention to introduce bills have been given as follows:

To amend Municipal Act—Mr. Hiscott and Mr. McKay.

To amend Assessment Act—Mr. McLeah and Mr. Gibson (Huron).

To amend the Marriage Act—Mr. McLean.

To amend the General Road Co.'s Act—Mr. McKay.

To amend the Ontario Game Protection Act, 1893, as amended by cap. 68 of 59 Vic.—Mr. Biggar.

To amend the Public School Act—Mr. Carnegie.

The following petitions were presented:

Mr. Carpenter—From the County Council of Norfolk for amendments to the Municipal Act to compel cities to provide shelter for persons and their produce.

Mr. Hiscott—From T. F. Best and others of Niagara, for amendments to the Municipal Act, respecting the disqualification of electors.

Mr. Little—Mr. Patrick Small, Reeve of the Township of Adjala, and 396 others, praying that no action be taken by the Legislature towards annexing said township to the County of Dufferin.

Mr. Pardo—From the Municipal Council of the city of Chatham, asking that the qualification of freehold electors in cities of less than 15,000 inhabitants be fixed at not more than $200. and that of tenants at not more than $300.

Hon. E. H. Bronson—From the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway and the city of Ottawa, asking for confirmation of a bylaw.

Mr. Pardo—From the County Council of Kent, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act, respecting the erection of shelters for vendors of market produce.

Mr. Paton—From the County Council of Simcoe for amendments to the game law respecting the shooting of deer. They ask that the Legislature prohibit the killing of deer in certain townships in the county until 1900.

Mr. McDonald—From the County Council of Bruce for amendments to the Assessment Act, respecting the sale of wild lands for taxes.

Mr. Biggar—From the County Council of Hastings, asking that steps be taken to lessen the financial burdens of the counties in connection with the maintenance of the Victoria Industrial School and praying that it be placed on the same footing with the Ontario Reformatory for Boys, which is under the maintenance and control of the Government.

Mr. Loughrin—From the Township Council of Springer for an act to confirm a bylaw.

Mr. Biggar—From the County Council of Hastings for amendments to the Registry Act, fixing the emoluments of registrars; also for amendments to the Assessment Act.

Mr. J. L. Haycock—From the County Council of Frontenac, respecting the maintenance and repairs of toll-roads; also respecting salaries of registrars.

Mr. Carpenter—From the County Council of Norfolk, for amendments to the Municipal Act that would permit of the offering of a reward for the capture of horse-thieves.

The only bill introduced was that setting apart certain wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto, by Mr. Ross. The act sets apart six townships, three within the *Rainy River district*, one of which may be near the Township of Dryden, between the towns of Port Arthur and Rat Portage, and the other two in the Seine River District, or near the Lake of the Woods. The University is to execute a release of all claims upon the Government, and upon that being done the Government is to declare the townships that are set apart.

OVERWORKED SHOP GIRLS.

A Delegation From Prominent Organizations Interviews the Government.

The National Council of Women is taking hold of the matter of the overworking of shop girls and boys. A representative deputation asked the Ontario Government yesterday to enact legislation that would amend the Shops Act to protect shop girls in a similar manner as the factory girls are protected by the Factory Act. They desire that the Act should limit the time of work in shops of boys under 14 and of girls under 16 to 60 hours per week. The lunch hour at noon and 45 minutes for supper, as well as a proper lunch room in the larger establishments, are among their other requests. They consider an adequate fire escape, provision for overtime, for allowing the inspector to examine employes under oath, and for the keeping of a register to record the names and addresses of all employes of shops and stores as absolute necessities in connection with large mercantile establishments. Some provisions against overcrowding, against unsanitary or unhealthful work, and many other evils are cited as worthy objects for legislation.

In a pamphlet submitted for the consideration of the Cabinet, they state that a large majority of shops in places outside Toronto make no provision for seats for female employes, have only one lavatory for the use of both men and women, and in many cases have none at all. The inspector in Toronto found many very similar cases, and where the law was enforced these abuses have since been remedied.

Physicians well know that the health of a young woman working under the conditions named above will certainly be impaired; nor will the injury affect herself only—her offspring may suffer also.

Having, as they claim, complied with all the technical provisions of the statutes, and also representing that the institution is up to the required standard, the Board of Trustees of the Western Hospital on Manning-avenue are of the opinion that they should be placed on a similar footing with other and similar charities and receive a per capita grant from the Ontario Government. A deputation waited upon the Ministers yesterday afternoon and explained these facts. They also drew attention to the fact that a recent investigation revealed that there were only 50 vacant ward beds in all the hospitals of the city put together. This, they claimed, was an entirely insufficient margin. The petitioners, therefore, believe it to be incumbent on the Government to grant them the 30 cents per inmate per day appropriation which the boards of other hospitals receive. They have accommodation for 25 patients.

Toronto University Finances.

President Loudon, Dr. Hoskin, Q.C., and Messrs. B. E. Walker and Rutherford waited upon the Ontario Government yesterday to make enquiries regarding the financial standing of Toronto University.

Mr. Richardson Dissatisfied.

Mr. John Richardson, M.L.A. for East York, is not satisfied with the operation of the County Councils Act in his constituency. According to the Act, the north division of the county has four representatives in the council, the west and east having only five in all. The latter, however, are each nearly as large as the first, so Mr. Richardson will move that a readjustment of the various divisions of all counties be made after a number of years.

THAT MANDEMENT

Is to be Launched From Quebec Pulpits Feb 28 With a Papal Letter Attached

Montreal, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—Roma locuta est. The other day your correspondent asked a high ecclesiastical dignity why the collective mandement was not shot off, since it had been signed for many weeks past. He replied as follows: "Don't you think it better for the little guns to await the discharge of the big cannon? Well, the big gun has been heard from, and the small calibre will now rattle forth a fierce discharge. In other words, Pope Leo XIII. has spoken, and conscious of being supported by the head of the Church the Roman Catholic prelates will now be heard from without much delay. On Sunday week the long-delayed collective mandement will be read from the Catholic pulpits, condemning the *Laurier-Greenway* school settlement, and attached to the mandement in question will be a papal brief or encyclical letter enjoining the faithful to listen to the voice of their natural and legitimate pastors, the bishops."

There is naturally not a little jubilation in ecclesiastical circles because of the fact that the document is to be read on the 28th of the month.

Ladder Slipped and Killed Him.

Barrie, Feb. 16.—Yesterday one of the best known citizens of the town met with an accident that resulted fatally. In the afternoon William Ferrier was standing on a ladder chopping the ice off the roof of his house. The ladder slipped, and Mr. Ferrier, who was a very heavy man, fell a considerable distance, striking on the ice. The concussion was so severe that he did not recover consciousness, and died during the night.

MATTERS IN CRETE.

The Greek Commander Issues a Proclamation.

And the King of Greece Has Resolved to End the State of Anarchy—The Lives and Property of Everybody Will be Protected and Religious Convictions Respected—Great Wave of Popular Sentiment in Italy in Favor of Greece.

London, Feb. 16.—A despatch from Athens to The Evening News says that Greek troops have landed at the Bay of Kolymbari.

Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek forces in Crete, has issued the following proclamation:

"Cretans,—You are suffering from the present state of anarchy and are exposed to the excesses of a fanatical populace, excesses which have awakened the national sentiment and have deeply stirred the Hellenic people. This lamentable situation of a people of the same race and the same religion, having common destinies with ourselves, could not any longer be allowed to exist. The King of the Hellenes has resolved to end this state of things by proclaiming a Greek occupation of the island. In making this proclamation, I promise in the name of King George to protect the lives, honor and property of the inhabitants without distinction of religion or nationality, and to respect the religious convictions of the inhabitants, while bringing to them peace and law."

Italy Admires Greece.

Rome, Feb. 16.—The bold action of Greece in attempting to solve the Cretan question with the sword has excited popular admiration everywhere in Italy, and a great philo-Crete agitation is being carried on throughout the country. The sympathies of the people are entirely with the Cretan Christians in their struggle to throw off the yoke of Moslem rule, and this sympathy is taking practical form. Enthusiastic mass meetings have been held in several cities, at which the speakers have traced the whole history of Turkish misrule in Crete, and have dwelt upon the promises of the Porte, broken time and again to inaugurate reforms in the island. At these meetings subscription lists were opened for the benefit of the struggling islanders, and goodly sums have been realised.

Many young men whose enthusiasm has been aroused by the heroism of the Cretan Christians and the bold defiance of Turkey by the Greeks have volunteered to serve with the Christians, and numbers of them have already started for Crete.

Did Not Threaten George.

London, Feb. 16.—The Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, George N. Curson, replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, said that the British admiral in Cretan waters could not have used the threats to Prince George of Greece which were attributed to him in press despatches from Canea yesterday.

The despatches referred to said that the British commander threatened to use force against Prince George of Greece in the event of his executing the orders he had received from the King of Greece and the Greek Government.

Will They Declare War?

Constantinople, Feb. 16.—The Council of Ministers has been sitting at Yildiz Kiosk all day long. As a state of war between Greece and Turkey practically exists, although it has not been officially declared, it is believed that the Council will decide to recall the Turkish Minister at Athens, Assim Bey, and give the Greek Minister here, Prince Maurocordato, his passports.

Fighting is Going On.

Canea, Feb. 16.—Gen. Bor, who is in command of the gendarmerie at Canea, formally notified Col. Vassos, commanding the Greek troops at Akrotiri, yesterday of the joint occupation of Crete by the powers. To this notification the Greek colonel replied: "I am ordered to occupy the island, and must carry out my orders until I receive other instruction."

All business in Canea is suspended except that of a manufacturer of coffins, the demand upon whose wares has largely increased.

Fighting is still going on at Akrotiri and Selion, but it is confined to conflicts between the Turks and Christians. The Greek troops, which were landed on the island, have not yet engaged in a battle. The Christians hold all of the districts around Canea.

A VICTORY FOR GREECE.

Fort Aghia Said to Have Been Taken With 400 Mussulman Prisoners—Rejoicing at Athens.

Athens, Feb. 16.—The first definite news of a Greek victory in Crete was received this evening, and the wildest enthusiasm followed the receipt of the intelligence. The Greeks, it is said, attacked and captured Fort Ahgia, taking 400 Mussulmans prisoners. Among the number are 100 Turkish troops, the remainder of the prisoners being Moslems who had taken refuge in the fort. Details of the engagement are lacking. One report states that no fighting occurred, the garrison surrendering upon the demand of the Greek commander. As no mention of any losses is made in any of the despatches, it is surmised that this report is true.

Notwithstanding the reports that the powers would take concerted action to prevent Greece from taking further hostile action in Crete, warlike preparations are being made with all possible despatch. In addition to the "Corps of Occupation" already in the island, which numbers 1500 men of all arms another regiment embarked upon a transport and sailed for Crete to-night. Another regiment will sail to-morrow. The Government is preparing for every possible contingency, and has summoned two classes of the naval reserves for active service.

The people are in a frenzy of excitement, and demand that the Cretan question be settled now for all time. It is popularly thought that when the powers find the annexation of the island, which Greece has in view, an accomplished fact, they will readily acquiesce in this spoliation of the Turk. The Cretan Christians are wild with delight over the manner in which Greece has come to their rescue. When the Greek troops landed on the island they were received with the greatest enthusiasm, men, women and children hailing them as deliverers from their long bondage to the hated Turks. Everywhere the deepest anxiety was displayed to swear loyalty to King George, the Christians taking it for granted that they were to become at once subjects of the King. The temper of the people is such that they would scarcely hesitate to undertake the foolhardy task of defying the combined powers in their efforts to secure their liberty.

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Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.

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The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. d21

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BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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Lost or Found.

LOST

A SMALL FOX TERRIOR, WITH BLACK spot between front shoulders; about 4 months old, with tail cut, and yellow and white head, with white streak down front of face. Strayed from 660 Stewart St. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the above address. 2d39

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 530 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 35eod

OFFICE TO RENT.

RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery. No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 38tf

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood, Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices.

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

Probabilities.

Fresh to strong winds; mild weather, with light snow or rain at night.

R. F.

Fine Gloves
..FOR..
Glove Buyers.

Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.

Gloves wisely bought are such as give the buyer large value at a low price.

We have at times the opportunity to offer Gloves away below regular values.

—Here is such a time.

—The price is *50c.* per pair.

—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.

—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'

—We know of no gloves better.

—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.

—The goods on sale now.

—It will pay to buy.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

General.

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

WORK AND WAGES.

There are hundreds of people who are dependent on this store for work and wages, and other hundreds who are directly benefitted by our store being their Savings Bank. If retail prices of goods go down anywhere you can be sure it will be here first. If manufacturers are bothered through lack of orders or worried through lack of work and money, we go to the rescue of the calamity-stricken, and as we buy we sell in the same liberal spirit.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED
WAGE-EARNERS' SALE.

Stock-taking is finished and we are planning now for the next season's work. There is no time for hesitation. We can't afford to wait for profitable selling. The Overcoats and Ulsters, the Winter Suits and Furnishings, the Boots, Shoes and Hats—the whole combined aggregation of stock in our two great stores must get the Grand Bounce. Here are a few magnetic prices:—

75 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters, made full long, full back, double breasted, usual price $6.00, go now at $3 00

84 Men's Moscow Beaver Overcoats, large velvet collars, tweed lined, double breast, never sold less than $7, will be sold during this sale 3 50

48 Men's Frieze Ulsters, cut full and long, usually sold at $8, go now at 4 00

55 Fine Men's Tailor-made Overcoats, beautifully quilted, silk-lined; these coats are made equal to the best custom work, never sold less than $12, your choice at 7 00

40 Heavy Nap and Pilot Pea Jacks, warmly lined, well cut, they answer the purpose of a winter overcoat, never sold less than $7 50, our price at this sale 3 75

100 Youths' Overcoats, made from heavy beaver; $6 those coats are sold for. Bring your boy along, we will fit him to your satisfaction at this sale for 3 25

150 Men's Business Suits, the price previous to this sale was $11, go now at 6 00

40 Heavy Tailor-made Scotch Tweed Suits, have only to be shown to be admired. We have been selling them freely at $12, your choice during this sale for 6 00

28 Prince Albert Dress Suits, Handsomely lined and trim impossible to detect the difference between these suits and those made by custom tailors, $16 the price during this great sale, your choice for $9 00

190 Youths' Suits, made from all wool tweed, the workmanship is warranted, the cut is the latest; they go at this sale at $4.25, $3.50 and 3 25

37 Youths' Dress Suits, made from fine black twills, fine farmer satin lined, cut in up-to-date style; reduced from $8.50 to 4 50

145 Boys' Suits, double-breasted made from all-wool tweeds. New patterns of materials, usual price $4 50, reduced to $2.50 and 2 25

78 Children's Suits, made from all the newest designs of materials, usual price $4.50. We have determined to let them go at $2.25, $2 and 1 85

210 pairs Men's Trousers made from strong tweed, usual price, $1.10, reduced to 55

Several broken lines of Fleeced Underwear sold at 50c, reduce to 25

325 pairs of Men's Shoes, regular prices $2.75 and $2.25, sale price 1 90

227 pairs of Women's Button and Lace Boots, regular price $2, sale price 1 35

If anybody asks you "how we do it" tell them "you don't know and don't care so long as you can be suited for half price and under."

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.
Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workmanlike manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. H. W. ENGLING shop 12 Charlotte-st.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. Lapointe, [illegible]

Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd.
Proprietors, Montreal.

They All

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this medicine keep up while others

Come

and in a short time go out of sight entirely, to be heard from no more."

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy which has cured more sickness, relieved more distress and made more happiness by bringing people

Back to

health than any other medicine. Its wonderful cures of the worst cases of scrofula, running sores, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; of dyspepsia and other troubles where a first class tonic and aid to digestion was needed; of catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and other troubles arising from or promoted by impure blood, have made

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 17, 1897

SMALL METHODS.

The petty character of the charges made against some western postmasters has been made public, and has drawn ridicule down upon the men who called themselves "the strongest Government Canada has ever seen." Commissioners and lawyers were given an opportunity to take the people's money by these "investigations," the evidence at which showed that it was the Liberals who laid the charges who were the "offensive partisans," and not the officials who were placed on the carpet. But the Goderich Star exposes a particularly disgraceful feature in connection with the evidence submitted against Postmaster Campbell, of Goderich. To those who did not know Mr Campbell personally it looked exceedingly bad when charges were preferred attributing improper conduct on Mr Campbell's part towards ladies calling at the postoffice. However, it develops that the charges were cowardly and utterly unfounded. The Star says:—

"Respectable people were dragged in as witnesses who had no desire to appear, and who honestly declared they had no grievance and were in court against their will. One lady, whose name they flaunted as the victim of a foul insult, the prosecution dared not call when challenged to do so by the defence, even though the lady was in attendance at the court house, and though her friends asked that she might be heard so as to clear herself from the unpleasantness of being mixed up in such disreputable proceedings. They denied her this opportunity of simple justice, after they had traded on her name for their own mean ends, and then 'consented' to have it struck out of the charges as 'inserted by mistake.'"

Such charges are too serious to even prefer against a man unless the strongest evidence is at hand to substantiate them, and the person or persons who are so cowardly as to use such charges knowing them to be unfounded are not worthy of much respect as men. When "the strongest Government Canada has ever seen" descends to such methods it has reason to be proud of itself and its supporters.

THE DUTY ON COAL.

The duty on bituminous coal has frequently been the subject of discussion in Ontario when tariff matters were up for consideration and lately there has been more or less agitation in favor of the removal of this duty altogether. Speaking at Brantford recently Hon. Mr. Hardy, the Premier of Ontario, argued that Nova Scotia coal mines belonged to Americans and therefore Canadians should not impose a duty on themselves for the benefit of the Americans who own the Nova Scotia mines. But Mr. Hardy should remember that the Nova Scotia mines, no matter who they are owned by, give employment to Canadians, and it is therefore more desirable to benefit the American mine owners who own Canadian mines and employ Canadian labor than it is to benefit the American mine owners and mine laborers in Pennsylvania. But the protection of the duty on bituminous coal, which was maintained by the Conservative Government, promises to be of more far-reaching benefit than many imagine. A capital letter in this connection is, one written by Messrs. Thomas Myles' Sons, coal dealers, of Hamilton, and published in the Spectator. This letter puts the case in an important light. It says:—

We notice in the papers that there is an agitation on foot to reduce the duty on bituminous coal entering Canada from the United States. Now, we sincerely believe that such a change in the tariff is not seriously contemplated, as the reduction of the duty on this coal will greatly interfere with the necessity of deepening the St. Lawrence canals, besides lessening the benefit in sight that the whole of Canada would receive from the enlargement of these canals. For a number of years past the most of the grain and flour consumed in the lower provinces has been shipped there from Boston and Portland, these cities being reached via the Vermont Central railroad from Ogdensburg, where it is brought by American boats. Now all this grain and flour comes from Manitoba and Duluth, and only a small portion, comparatively speaking, reaches the maritime provinces via Canadian vessels to Montreal or "all rail" through Canada.

"There are about a million tons of soft coal shipped into the province of Ontario yearly from the United States, but not one pound enters Ontario from the maritime provinces. The moment the lower canals are completed, a business will be opened up for a new class of Canadian steamers, being the full length of the Welland canal locks, and having a carrying capacity of 2,100 tons. There business will be the carrying of grain and flour from the head of Lake Superior to all the lower ports in the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the bringing of coal, fish, raw sugar and iron to all ports in Ontario. In this they can have no competition from American tonnage.

This class of steamers can carry flour down the whole distance for $3.75 per ton, and coal back for $1.50. We are informed that coal can be bought, loaded on steamer at Pictou, N.S., for $1 per ton, so when the freight, $1.50 and unloading charges at 20 cents are added, the total cost of coal laid down at any port on Lakes Ontario, Erie, Huron and Superior would be $2.70 per ton. At the present time American soft coal costs $1.65 at the bridge, 70 cents freight to Hamilton, and duty 60 cents, making the total cost $2.95. The cost at Toronto and Fort William is about the same.

"The completing of these canals would be the greatest boon you could possibly give to the farmers and millers of the Northwest, be idea developing the coal mines of the lower provinces and creating an enormous trade for Canadian tonnage.

"Now, although there are only four Canadian steamers on the great lakes at present, that are fitted for salt water and could go into this business, we are confident that a large number of steamers of this class will be built just as soon as we have 14 feet of water through to Montreal.

"We have taken up this matter with the mine owners of Nova Scotia, and they are all looking forward with much interest to the securing of Ontario's vessel trade. As vessel owners, we feel that it is the only thing that will revive Canadian marine, which has been decreasing for a number of years."

This letter was addressed to Hon. Mr. Blair and is certainly worthy of the serious consideration of the tariff tinkers.

Mr. Tarte is preparing an official statement of the origin of the fire on Parliament hill, and he will explain that the hydrants were not frozen, that there was no loss owing to neglect in inspecting the apparatus, and that all the newspapers, including the Liberal organ at Ottawa, and the Chief of the fire department and others who declared that a water supply could not be secured and that frozen hydrants caused delay, did not know whereof they spoke. Mr. Tarte's official statement will straighten all this out, but it will not restore the people's destroyed property.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.
Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.
Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.
S. S. Smith, Souris, Man.

Justifiable Elation.

The Washington Star chronicles the fact that a somewhat elderly gentleman entered his own house one day last autumn with such a look of self-satisfaction upon his countenance that his wife was at once struck by it; and like a faithful spouse, she proceeded to put him on his guard.

"Richard," she said, "I hope you have not forgotten that pride goeth before a fall."

"My dear," was the reply. "I am perfectly familiar with that admonition. And I have reason to fear that in my case it applies in a literal as well as in a figurative sense. But I can't help it."

"You are not usually this way."

"I know it. When I was graduated at the head of my class in college I was as meek and modest as the last man on the list. When I was elected to office and ran away ahead of my ticket, I could have defied anybody to accuse me of showing the least elation. When I won my first big lawsuit, I endeavored to bear success with the same philosophy which I should have felt was proper in defeat. When I got my picture in the paper as a leading citizen in my community I could have defied any of my old-time friends to detect the slightest difference in my behavior.

"But this case is different. I hope you'll bear with me, but I've just ridden my bicycle three times round the block without falling off, and I just can't help putting on airs."

Changed Conditions.

"Phew! isn't it cold?" exclaimed Bellefield.

"Don't you like it?" asked Bloomfield.

"I can't say I do."

"But you are one of the men who were wishing for an old-fashioned winter."

"Well, it is a condition and not a theory which confronts me now."—Pittsburg Chronicle.

Non-Committal

Mrs. Brown—Have you met Mrs. Smith, your next door neighbor, yet?

Mrs. Jones—Oh, yes, indeed, often.

Mrs. Brown—What do you think of her?

Mrs. Jones—You know I never criticise my neighbors, and I would be the last to speak ill of any one, but I will go so far as to say that I am sorry for Mr. Smith.

ELECTION CASES.

Argument Before the Supreme Court at Ottawa in the Winnipeg, Macdonald and Other Appeals.

Ottawa, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The February session of the Supreme Court of Canada opened to-day with five judges present, Mr. Justice Taschereau being still absent on leave.

The election cases were first called and the first on the list, the Maskinonge case, was struck off, no counsel appearing for the appellant.

The Winnipeg case was then argued by J. Stewart Tupper, Q.C., for the appellant, and Howell, Q.C., and Chrysler, Q.C., for the respondent. Mr. Tupper stated that only two of the preliminary objections taken would be relied upon: 1. That the status of the petitioner was not proved; 2. That the copy of the petition was not served on the respondent.

On the first point the counsel contended that it was necessary to prove that the petitioner was on the list as finally revised, and also on the list as used by the deputy returning officer.

Counsel for respondent argued that it was sufficient to prove that the petitioner voted, which was prima facie evidence of his right to vote; also that all necessary and possible evidence was given. As to service, that the filing of objections admitted service under the act, moreover service was properly proved.

The Macdonald election case was next called, Mr. Tupper, the same counsel, appearing. Mr. Tupper stated that, without repeating the argument in the previous case, he would rest this appeal on the objection that no proof had been made that the petitioner's name was on the list used at the election.

Davin v. McDougall, the West Assiniboia election case, was next called. In the West Assiniboia case the only question raised on the appeal was whether or not the preliminary objections were filed. They were left with the prothonotary of the court after office hours of the last day for filing, and the judge of the court below held that they were not filed at all, and dismissed them on a motion in chambers. McIntyre, Q.C., contended that, as the prothonotary had received them, the filing was good. Chrysler, Q.C., and Howell, Q.C., for the respondent, claimed that there was no appeal; 1, Because security was not deposited within eight days, as required by the Controverted Elections Act, and the extension of time granted was unauthorized by the act. 2. That it was not an appeal from a judgment, rule, order or decision on a preliminary objection, as, if allowed, the objections must still be dealt with. They also argued that the decision dismissing the objections was right under the Northwest Territorial ordinance. Judgment was reserved.

The Montreal election case, Roddick v. Griffin, was struck off, no counsel appearing on either side.

The Marquette case was next called and Tupper, Q.C., for respondent, moved to quash the appeal, because: 1. The six months for the trial of the petition having elapsed, and an extension refused, the appeal was not substantial, but one for costs only; 2. The petition was dismissed after examination of the petitioner, in which he admitted that his affidavit was false, and that he did not know whether the petition was true. No appeal lies from such a judgment. Howell, Q.C., and Chrysler, Q.C., for appellant, argued in favor of jurisdiction, contending that it was really a preliminary objection and its character could not be altered by the form in which it was taken. Argument was proceeding when the court rose.

How Fast Can Ducks Fly?

While measuring the height and velocity of clouds recently, Messrs. Clayton and Ferguson of the Blue Hill Observatory, observed a flight of ducks passing across their base-line in the Neponset river valley. With their theodolites they succeeded in measuring the height of the ducks above ground, 958 feet, and subsequent observations enabled them to calculate the velocity of flight of the birds, which was about 47.8 miles per hour.

There is no sadder sight than that of the orphan-child bereft of the loving care of a mother. If women would but learn the vital importance of taking proper care of their health, and always look after the health and vigor of the organs distinctly feminine, the pitiful Sabbath day procession of motherless children that goes to the cemetery to "put flowers on ma-ma's grave" would be materially reduced in numbers. Too many women bring a child into the world at the sacrifice of their own life. This sad tragedy may be avoided by any women who will resort to the right remedy.

The usual dangers of maternity are banished by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly and only on the important and delicate organs that bear the burdens of motherhood. It makes them healthy and strong, vigorous and elastic. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period, insures the health of the newcomer, and makes its advent free from danger and almost free from pain. Over 90,000 have testified to its virtues. Druggists who offer substitutes are untrustworthy.

Mrs. William Vincent, of Sidnaw, Houghton Co., Mich., (care Bergland's Camp, Box B), writes: "When I first began to take your 'Favorite Prescription,' four years ago, I was suffering with local weakness and heart trouble. At times I could hardly endure the pain in my sides, quite low down, and had such a pain between my shoulders I could not sleep at night. Was just as tired in the morning as at night. At times there was a very sharp pain around my heart. When I would stoop over there was a dull aching just under the heart. My head ached and was continually sore to the touch. I took ten bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and one bottle of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I can most truly say that as a result I never felt better in my life. I was more like a young girl than a mother of a family. The pain all left me, so I know that your medicines will do all that medicine can do."

A headache is a symptom of constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, promptly and permanently. They do not gripe. Druggists sell them.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

A WISE PHYSICAN.

BROAD OF OPINION. HE THROWS PREJUDICE TO THE WINDS.

Dr. J. L. Limes Endorses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Because he Has Found Them Efficacious—Believes the First Duty of a Physician is to Cure His Patients.

From the News, St. John, Kansas.

Hearing that Dr. J. L. Limes, of St. John, Kansas, had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in his practice with great success, a reporter called upon and interviewed him regarding the matter. The reporter found the doctor a very pleasant and affable man of probably fifty years of age. We were much impressed with his manner, as it was kindly and dignified. When we broached the subject of our call, he proceeded to give us the following for publication :—

"My attention had been called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by several persons of my acquaintance who had been greatly benefited or entirely cured by their use. I determined to give them a trial in my practice and if they proved to be satisfactory I would adopt them and use them regularly. Since I began prescribing them I have never had cause to regret my determination. I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a number of cases of nervous troubles, neuralgia, rheumatism, etc., and in every case have been exceptionally well pleased with the results, and I can honestly and conscientiously recommend Pink Pills for the above diseases. I shall continue to use them and recommend them to my patients, for I consider there is nothing better for the diseases they are recommended to cure than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you desire to use this for publication you can attach my name. I am well known in this part of Kansas. I am secretary of the U. S. Pension Examining Surgeon's Board for Stafford Co., Kansas, and chairman of the Republican County Central Committee for the above named county."

Yours faithfully,
JESSE L. LIMES, M. D.

We also ascertained the doctor's standing in St. John by a few interviews with prominent people, which we herewith publish along with the doctor's statement regarding Pink Pills :—

"I am well acquainted with Dr. J. L. Limes and know him to be an honorable and straightforward man, and whatever he may say can be relied upon.

E. B. BENEFIEL,
Supt. of Schools.

I have known Dr. J. L. Limes for a number of years and can recommend him as a prominent physician, and a man well liked in this vicinity.

HOWARD GRAY,
Cashier Commercial Bank.

I have known Dr J L Limes for many years, and as a physician he is very prominent, and his reputation for honor and integrity are too well known to be questioned for an instant.

H. J. CORNWELL,
Editor St. John News

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood builder and nerve restorer. They supply the blood with its life and health-giving properties, thus driving disease from the system. There are numerous pink colored imitations, against which the public is warned. The genuine Pink Pills can be had only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all others.

THE BEST KIND OF A GIRL.

The stylish girl I love so well when she is on the street,
And if I'm walking by her side, I long some one to meet;
Some plutocratic friend of mine, as by we grandly sweep,
That I may show him visibly the company I keep.
But style without some other things is apt to be a bore,
For style is only style, you know, and it is nothing more.

Upon the pretty girl I love to gaze with tender eyes,
For she has slain much stronger men and many men more wise,
Than I can ever hope to be. Yet though it means a spell,
Just beauty by itself, you know, does not wear very well;
For beauty without other things is apt to be a bore—
It's beauty, only beauty, and it's really nothing more.

The witty girl is charming and how quick the hours have sped,
As I have listened and admired the witty things she said,
And I have laughed the harder and as loudly as I can,
When with the shafts of her sharp wit she pierced some other man.
But wit without the other things is apt to be a bore,
For wit is only wit, you know; it's really nothing more.

The family girl who has a most extensive pedigree,
Would be an acquisition to my own young family tree,
And those who talk of ancestry in tones which show they're mad,
Are just the ones who cannot name the ancestors they've had.
Yet pedigree all by itself is apt to be a bore,
For pedigree is pedigree; it's really nothing more.

I'm looking for a stylish girl, a pretty girl as well;
I'm looking for a witty girl, and one that's very swell,
And there's another quality—'twill help me to decide—
I'm looking for a wealthy girl to be my blushing bride,
But stay—I'll skip the other things, each one of them's a bore;
Give me the girl who has the cash—I ask for nothing more.

THE PHONENBOSCOPE.

A Newly-Invented Telephone For Locating Internal Disease.

One of the latest inventions in the world of medical science is the phonendoscope, an instrument which is a development of the stethoscope, but much more delicate. The phonendoscope, which is the invention of Dr. Bianchi, of Paris, consists of a hollow box, about as big as a large-sized watch, furnished with two vibrating membranes. On one side a short staff, treminating with a button, serves to put the box in contact with the body of the patient, the button being pressed firmly on the surface just over the organ to be examined. On the opposite side flexible tubes are attached, which convey the sounds from the box to the ears of the operator, or operators, for several persons may listen to the sounds at the same time.

The following description is given in a London paper by one who saw the instrument tested in a Parisian hospital:

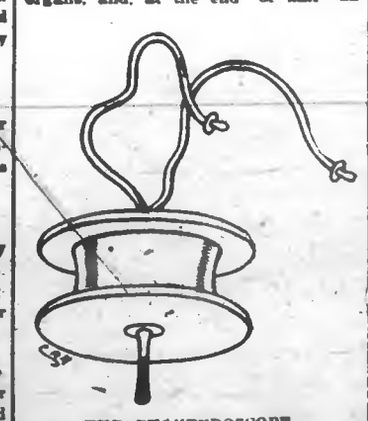
"A man stripped to the waist stood in the centre of a circle of doctors, each of whom held his ears to a pair of flexible tubes connected with a small round box of black rubber which was pressed against the patient's breast. A pair of tubes was also handed to me, and I was asked to listen.

"While we all listened intently Prof. Bianchi gently rubbed his fingers upon the man's skin over the spot where the heart is usually located. Immediately we heard a murmuring sound, and the circle of doctors expressed satisfaction with grunted exclamations and nods. Suddenly, while the professor continued drawing his fingers in larger and larger circles across the man's breast, the sound ceased.

"'Ah, there is no longer the heart there,' said the professor. 'We have touched the end of it.' Whereupon he dabbed a blue pencil mark upon the skin to indicate the point where his finger had arrived when the sound stopped. The patient twisted his eyes downward and stared wonderingly at the mark.

"Prof. Bianchi resumed his rubbing, while the doctors and I stuffed the tubes once more into our ears. As long as the professor's finger was over the heart we heard the mugmuring sound, but the instant the finger passed beyond the boundaries of the hidden organ there was dead silence in the tube. And at every cessation of the sound the pencil, followed by the strained eyes of the patient, made its mark on the skin. This operation was continued for several minutes, at the expiration of which there appeared, clearly drawn in blue upon the man's breast, the outlines of a misshapen heart, strangely shifted from its right position. But I was glad, for the patient's sake, to hear the doctors say that it was not a very bad heart, after all.

"Next the same method was employed to outline the position and shape of the lungs, liver, the stomach, and other organs, and, at the end of half an



THE PHONENDOSCOPE.

hour, the body, front and back alike, was covered with an intricate series of outline pictures showing his internal structure and condition. Any defect in the form or position of an organ and the existence of diseased places in the lungs was indicated at once by the sound or absence of sound in the tubes. The practiced ear, I was told, could detect a difference in the quality of the sound given by different organs of the body, but to me they nearly all sounded alike, except that when the patient was caused to swallow a little water a change in the sound given forth from the stomach was clearly perceptible."

Prof. Bianchi asserted—and a number of members of the Clinical Society of Practitioners of France and the Syndicate of Physicians of Paris and the Department of the Seine, who assisted at teh experiments, corroborated his assertion—that it would be easy by this process not only to discover general disease, but to locate any foreign body lodged in any of the organs or tissues, as well as to determine the existence and extent of a cancerous or similar internal growth.

CLIMATE AND MOVEMENT.

What a Man of Science Has to Say About It.

"The most important factor in determining lines of movement," says a well-known man of science, "has been climate. Speaking broadly, migration follows the parallels of latitude, or more precisely, the lines of equal mean temperature, and not so much, I think, of mean annual heat as of mean winter heat. Although the inhabitants of cold climates often evince a desire to move into warmer ones, they seem never to transfer themselves directly to one differing greatly from that to which they are accustomed while no people of the tropics has ever, so far as I know, settled in any part of the temperate zone.

"There is one instance of a north European race establishing itself on the southern shores of the Mediterranean—the Vandals in North Africa, and the Bulgarians came to the banks of the Danube from the still sterner winters of the middle Volga. But in the few cases of northward movement, as in that of the Lapps, the cause lies in the irresistible pressure of stronger neighbors, and probably a similar pressure drove the Fuegians into their inhospitable isles.

"The tendency to retain similar climatic conditions is illustrated by the colonization of North America. The Spaniards and Portuguese took the tropical and sub-tropical regions, neglecting the cooler parts. The French and English settled in the temperate zone, and it was not till this century that the country toward the Gulf of Mexico began to be occupied by incomers from the Carolinas and Northern Georgia. When the Scandinavian immigration began it flowed to the northwest, and has filled the States of Washington, Minnesota and the Dakotas."—New York World.

England's Largest Orchard.

The largest orchard in Great Britain is at Tottington, in the county of Gloucester. It is 500 acres in extent, and in some seasons yields its owner, Lord Sudley, a profit of $50,000. The trees are chiefly apples and plums.

For Toilet Tables.

Plain Swiss, fitted to the top of the toilet table, edged with a three-inch Swiss frill and lined with pale-green silesia, forms a charmingly fresh and dainty cover.

Girls with a taste for the oriental in furnishing use the deep Indian red pottery jars, with which the curio stores abound, for powder boxes. They are roomy affairs, in which one may keep a goodly sized powder puff.

Small, bedragoned saucers in Japanese metal, costing only 25 cents, make admirable hairpin trays, although the dealers solemnly maintain that they were intended for ash trays.

Some women with a taste for "adapting" things to uses for which they were not originally intended use the small, round bowls of Japanese metals, which were meant for match safes or ink wells, as repositories for their small boxes of cold cream. Big, round bonbonnieres of red Bohemian glass are also used by the ingenious as cold-cream boxes.

A charming toilet table which won the admiration of all who saw it had a cover of white Swiss over a vivid, rose-colored lining. The powder box, cold-cream box, hairpin tray and manicure tray were all of green Bohemian glass. The pin-cushion was a round affair of rose silk, fitted tightly into a green glass box. The hand mirror had handle and back of green glass; so did the brush. On the table a slender green vase always held a pink flower. When it was not a pink rose, thoughtfully presented by friends, it was a spray of artificial Japanese peach blossoms. The green-glass candlestick had a pink shaded candle in it, and altogether the color scheme was deliciously fresh and highly decorative.

Hints to Veil Wearers.

The first and most important hint on the wearing of veils comes from the oculist. It is: "Don't."

Next comes the complexion specialist, who entreats veil-wearers thus: "Whatever you do, don't wear dusty veils. Face steaming and massage will not undo the damage to the skin caused by soiled and dusty bits of chiffon and tulle."

Then the aesthete cries aloud: "Don't, don't, don't wear veils with big 'splotches' of black on them. It makes the prettiest girl look the victim of some hideous plague."

Then the conservative dame says: "Never wear a veil that is conspicuous in color or design. Avoid the greens that give a jaundiced appearance to their wearers, and reds, that no one but silly novelty-seekers would think of destroying their complexions with. Wear fine tulles, chiffons and malines, with modest dots."

The economical girl's rule is: "Always buy thin chiffon, black and white. It will wash like linen; it is always inconspicuous. It does not tear, and it does protect the face from the breezes."

The Newest Modes.

Furs in gray tones are very popular.

Great masses of flowers will be seen on all the spring hats.

Unique boxes are in the form of prim Quaker maidens.

Muffs grow more fanciful day by day. The fur ones even are ruffled and various heads add to the unique style of the plainest hand-warmers.

Embroidery on the various textiles manufactured for gowns has become a fine art. Necessarily it greatly increases the cost of the finished garment.

A bunch of flowers attached to the ends of sash ribbons, either together or singly, is one of the novelties seen in this season's ball dresses, and the effect is good. Of course, it must be so placed that it will not be crushed when the wearer sits.

In Winter Finery.

Metallic ribbon is used on children's gowns.

The crush belt appears on all the newest costumes.

Large, deeply purple, velvety pansies dispute the English violets as the fashionable corsage flower.

Go to any fashionable assemblage and count the number of black costumes worn. They are always in the majority.

Many of the latest wedding gowns have little bolero jacket fronts made of very rich Venetian point, Honiton or duchesse lace, and the satin-strapped ceinture is fastened with little buckles set with French brilliants and points, finished with an applique trimming of the lace.

Cold Weather Frills.

No woman can have too many serviceable black skirts.

A lovely gown worn at the opera recently was of opalescent silk, with ruching of black net.

Few women find the stock collar, with bow in front, half as becoming as when the bow is tied at the back.

Nearly all the summer gowns of thin material will have shirred sleeves and a succession of fluffy capes at the shoulders.

Delay Means Death.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you." —Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y. Sold by E. B. MACDONALD, Peterborough.

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 65 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-lasting cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for cough, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARNOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd.
Proprietors, MONTREAL

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,
FUR MANUFACTURERS,
413 George Street, Peterborough.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FRECH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't S

Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In THE REVIEW.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WILL RUN
SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM **TORONTO**
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

AS THE TIME DRAWS NEAR

THE GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

The enthusiasm grows more intense, and it's no wonder; when you think that the public will get the Best Class of Goods at 25c. on the dollar less than any merchant in town can buy his goods. Keep watching this space for the announcement of the greatest sale of Dry Goods ever seen in Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Wall Papers!

20,000 ROLLS

New Spring Stock Put in Direct from the Manufacturers.

Hundreds of handsome patterns, in all shades and combinations of color. Borders of all widths to match.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

Monday Evening, Feb. 22

AN X RAYS OF SUN DAZZLING WIT,

THE GORMANS

In a Prize-winning Study in Laughter,

"The Gilhoolys Abroad"

EVERYTHING NEW.
New Music New Specialties,
New Costumes. New Ideas.
50—MUSICAL NUMBERS—50

Prices 50, 35 and 25 cents. Box Seats 75c. Seats now on sale. d40

CARD FROM

MR. R. M. ROY

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having purchased Mr. P. H. Green's complete Photograph Studio on Hunter Street, I take this opportunity of inviting a continuance of the favors of the numerous patrons of this Studio and solicit from my own friends, as well as the public generally, a liberal share of their orders.

Mr. Green will remain with me for a few weeks to personally assist and introduce me to his customers, as well as to complete all work under contract by him.

I have arranged to carry out within a reasonable time any of Mr. Green's unfinished orders, after his removal from Peterborough, and will do all in my power to meet the wishes of my patrons.

This popular studio has been so well known and has enjoyed so large and valuable a patronage ever since its establishment, that it only remains for me to state that it will be my constant aim to continue the high standard of superior photography which it has deservedly maintained.

Miss Dawson will still be in charge of the retouching and finishing department.

Please bear in mind that all Photographs taken by P. H. Green while in business in Peterborough, the negatives of which are in perfect order, are now in my possession, and copies can be had at any time on application.

R. M. ROY.

CARD FROM

MR. P. H. GREEN

I desire to take this opportunity of thanking my numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage I have been favored with during the past twelve years.

It is a pleasure for me to know that during my residence in Peterborough my association with the citizens of the town and county has been of the most pleasant and satisfactory character.

All parties who have left work at the Studio uncalled for, will please call as soon as possible and receive the same. Those who have made engagements with me for sittings are also requested to call as early as convenient, and have their orders filled. For the convenience of parties who may be unable to do so, I have made arrangements with Mr. Roy to execute their orders.

I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Roy to my friends as an expert, practical and enthusiastic artist, who, I feel confident, will fill my place very efficiently.

P. H. GREEN.

Peterborough, February 12th, 1897.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

John R. Clark,

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke. All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Lech's.

The Lecturer Entertainer,

An Evening Social.

Will be held under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of Charlotte-st. church, at the residence of Mr. Geo. May, North Monaghan, on Thursday evening, Feb 18th. Sleigh will leave the Charlotte-st school room at 7.30 p.m. Fee for social, including drive and refreshments, 15 cts. 2d

Charlotte st. Church,

Furniture Away

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

Monday and Tuesday evening,

New Books.

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Book of the Native, Roberts; Khan's Canticles, Kerneghan; Socialism in its Growth and Outcome, Morris; Margaret Ogilvie (second copy), Barrie; Guesses at the Riddle of Existence, Smith; Green Fire, MacLeod; The Other House, James; Capful o' Nails, Murray; A Borjar of the Terrible, Wishaw; The City of Refuge, Besant.

February 22 and 23.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

The Young Women's Christian Association new rooms will be formally opened on Friday, Feb. 19th, beginning at 8 o'clock, when a short dedicatory service will be conducted by the ministers of the town. Miss Bolterfl, general secretary, of Montreal, will give an address on the aims and objects of the Young Women's Christian Association here and elsewhere, which will be followed by a musical programme. The public are cordially invited to come and look through the home as we wish every person to become interested in this work for young women.

Tickets 25c. each, or two for 40 Cents.

Everybody Look.

If you want the choicest and finest ales and porter, wines or liquors, you will always find the following to select from: Ales and Porter's, Labatt's, Dominion, Walkerville, Sleeman's, Carling's, Batts, Grant, Lethbridge, Gold Lable, White Lable, Calcutt's, Guinness' Stout, Wines, Champagne, Ports, Sherry and native Whiskey, Gooderham & Worts, Walkers and Seagrams, bottled and also on draught. We have not the space to enumerate all. Come and select for yourself. E. Brown & Co., 294 George-st., wholesale and retail grocers, and wine and liquor merchants.

Subjects "Abraham Lincoln" "To and Fro in London."

AUBURN LODGE ENTERTAINS.

The Good Templars Hold a Very Enjoyable Entertainment.

The third public literary entertainment of Auburn Lodge, No. 250, I O G T, was held at Auburn last evening and was crowned with great success. The dialogue, "Acting Drunk," was well rendered and won merited praise for those who took part. Mr. Geo. Adams brought down the house with his comic songs. The recitations of Mr Richardson were well received. All the performers took their parts well. Mr. Geo. W. Powell ably filled the office of chairman and secured good order. The following was the programme:

Chairman's address.....Mr Geo W Powell
Song.....Mr Geo Adams
Recitation.....Miss Mark
Instrumental.....Mr Geo Adams
Dialogue....."Acting Drunk"....By Messrs Robinson, Brooks, Kitney and McMillen
Song.....Mr Geo Pratley
Recitation.....Miss Hamilton
Duet.....Misses Maude and Bertha Curtis
Recitation.....Mr Richardson
Song.....Mr Geo Adams
Lantern views.....Mr Wm Lush
"God Save the Queen."

The accompaniments were played by Miss E Sainsbury.

They Do Not Despair

An utter loss of hope is not characteristic of Consumptives, though no other form of disease is so fatal, unless its progress is arrested by use of Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil made as palatable as cream.

A GOLD HEADED CANE

The Gift Received by Mr Benj Shortly from His Employees

Mr Benj Shortly, on his return from his bridal tour, was waited upon by the employees of his establishment yesterday afternoon and presented with a beautiful gold-headed ebony cane, suitably inscribed, and an address which read as follows:

DEAR SIR,—We, your employees, desire on this, the occasion of your marriage, to express in some measure the esteem in which you are held by us, and also to thank you for the many acts of kindness and good will you extended to us through the long years some of us have been with you. We wish you to accept this cane as a slight token of our respect for you and hope that you may live to use it for many years.

Be pleased to accept our congratulations and good wishes and we hope that you and Mrs Shortly may enjoy in the years to come happiness and prosperity.

The presentation was a complete surprise to Mr Shortly, but he managed to express a a few words, thanking his employees for their kind remembrance.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

THE LONG SLEEP

Says He Ninety-six Hours Rest Here Was Genuine and That he Had no Food.

There have been several attacks made on Prof Ferris, who was here last week, and his hypnotic power, a Toronto man claiming that he had played "horse" for the hypnotist, and had supplied him with a subject for the long sleep at Belleville. As a result there are many who think the long sleep is a fake. However, John Mercier, the young man from Belleville who slept for 96 hours in the opera house here and who has returned home, tells the Belleville Intelligencer that his sleep here was genuine, and that he had nothing to eat or drink during the 96 hours but two ounces of water each day.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

AWAY NORTH ON THE YUKON.

INSPECTOR STRICKLAND WRITES TO HIS FATHER, MR. R. C. STRICKLAND.

The Letter Occupies Three Months in Reaching Here from Fort Cudahy on the Alaska Boundary—Meat at One Dollar a Pound.

Mr. R. C. Strickland, Lakefield, has received a letter from his son, Mr. D'Arcy Strickland, Inspector of Mounted Police at Fort Cudahy on the Yukon river, at the boundary of British America and Alaska. It is at this point that some valuable discoveries of gold were made and a Mounted Police station was established to protect the miners.

Inspector Strickland's letter was dated November 20th, but did not reach his father until Monday, being almost three months on the way. Mr. Strickland in his letter alludes to Explorer Ogilvie, who is surveying on the Alaska boundary. For some time it was thought Mr. Ogilvie was lost as he had not been heard from, but this week a despatch from Vancouver stated that a letter had been received from Ogilvie, the surveyor, who is working on the Alaska boundary, stating he was well, but will not be able to reach the coast this winter. Mr Ogilvie is at Fort Cudahy.

Mr Strickland's letter corroborates this statement. It stated that Mr Ogilvie intended leaving for Duno City, Alaska, at the end of September but at the time of writing, November 20th, he was still at the Fort. Duno City, which Mr. Ogilvie intended reaching is 800 miles from Fort Cudahy.

Mr Strickland proceeds with a racy letter, first remarking that it was pretty cold for November and those in much more favored climes would declare it was mighty cold if it was 30 degrees below zero in the sharpest days of February. Anyway Inspector Strickland stated it was 30 degrees below zero in November. He speaks of a new creek for placer mining having been discovered. It is called bonanza creek and is very rich with gold. The whole country is wild about this gold discovery and miners are stampeding into the country, and he prophecies that there will be a great rush in the spring. At the time of writing Mr Strickland said they were experiencing a heavy rain, and were in the greatest kind of discomfort. The roof of their home was made of slabs and covered with a foot of earth. After the earth became full of water mud and water leaked through onto the floor and the writer dryly remarked that their enjoyment in that kind of weather could be understood. Mr. Strickland is married and has a young son for whom he says he purchased a parkee of Siberian reindeer and artic rabbits. The boy looks quite well and drinks a can of condensed milk a day. Food was quite scarce and there was a marked scarcity of flour. Some cattle had been brought in and killed that fall and the meat was selling at $1 a pound. He had secured 3 pounds just to say he had meat again. They called it high living on the Yukon. Mr. Strickland said that he had managed to get a can of plum pudding and a bottle of claret from one of the boats and he was keeping it for Christmas dinner. They would have their usual roast joint of moose on that day. He was trying to lay in some ducks and grouse for the winter, but found them scarce this season. In closing Mr. Strickland stated that if he was sent back to the territories he would be entitled to a long leave of absence and would come and see his father. Mrs. Strickland, the son and himself had enjoyed good health.

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. HACKING.

IT WAS A CORN SOCIAL.

The George-st. Church Epworth League Provide a Pleasant Entertainment.

Decidedly successful was the corn social held in the George-st. church last evening under the auspices of the Epworth League, the members of which are gaining—if they do not already possess it—a reputation as entertainers.

A corn social to the average attendant was unique, but proved to be a delightful invention. Around the room there hung husks of corn, and nearly all the edibles claimed corn as one of their ingredients. After supper Rev. W. R. Young took the chair and a brief but charming programme, interspersed with a few minutes' social conversation, was rendered. The Misses Morrow opened the evening's entertainment with a well executed instrumental duet, which was followed by a capitally rendered Shakespearian dialogue by Misses Grace Kendry, Mabel Yenny, Florence Coveney, Aggie Van Every and Mr. Walter Alexander, all of whom acquitted themselves admirably. Miss Alice H. Roger delighted the audience with an excellent instrumental solo. A pleasing number was the vocal trio by Misses Vina Belleghem and Pascoe and Mr. Harvie, Miss Lillie Hurley and Mr. Walter Brooks accompanying on the banjo. The title of the selection was "Massa's in de Cold, Cold Ground," very appropriate for a corn social. The entertainment concluded with an admirable instrumental duet by Misses Sherin and Robinson.

OAK HALL.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE

To Thos A Lang from the Members of Queen's Own Lodge L T B

At the last meeting of Queen's Own Lodge L T B., instructions were given to draft a resolution of condolence to Thos A Lang on the death of his brother, Frederick Lang. The following has been forwarded Mr Lang:

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER,—At a meeting of the above lodge, held on Monday, the 15th inst., the undersigned were instructed to tender to you, on behalf of the members, their sincere and profound sympathy in the affliction through which you have recently passed in the removal (through the providence of God) to the unseen Holy, your dear brother Frederick. While bowing in humble submission to the will of the Supreme Ruler of our destiny, it is but natural that we should mourn the loss of loved ones, that we should miss their cheerful words and their endearing companionship. It should be a source of consolation, however, when we reflect that we too are mortal, and sooner or later will be partakers of that bitter cup of death, so that the separation from our loved ones may not be very long. We trust and believe that your dear brother is happier in Him who is "the resurrection and life," and when we think of the happiness which is in store for him, we should be content to say "O God, Thy will be done." We express the hope that by steady dependence on the mercy of the Great Grand Master on high, who gave life and hath taken it away, your bereaved family and yourself will derive that comfort and sustaining power which no other hand can bestow, and finally conduct you to a happy re-union in the great hereafter.

W H G ARMSTRONG,
Worshipful Master.
SETH ADLAM,
Recording Secretary.

Peterborough, Feb. 16th, 1897.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a *healthy* living body, either of man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

We have a fine line of violins, banjos and guitars, with fittings of all kinds, at prices that will astonish you. Old Stand. Peterborough Music Co. d36tf

AN EPWORTH LEAGUE WORKER

Miss Lillie Frise Presented With an Address by the George-st. Church E L of C E

Miss Lillie Frise is leaving town in a few days and her departure creates a vacancy in George-st. Methodist church circles that will be filled with difficulty. In the Sunday school she held the position of teacher and was an active worker. The Epworth League also had in Miss Frise one who labored energetically towards the promotion of the interests of the Society.

Last evening Miss Frise was presented with an address from the Epworth League. It read as follows:

Miss Lillie Frise:

DEAR SISTER,—The members of the Epworth League of the George-st. Methodist church, Peterborough, regret very much that you are about to leave Peterborough and thus sever your active connection with this League. You have been so long an active member, an efficient officer and a zealous worker that you will be greatly missed in the work of the League, and we will miss no less the bright and gentle example of a consistent follower of the Master that you have given us.

We know that the time we have spent together in this League has not been altogether in vain, and that while pleasant memories will remain of our association as friends—memories that will be cherished by us—there will also be lasting benefits under the blessing of God, follow the work that you have so cheerfully aided us to do. The parting with such a friend and fellow-worker as you have been is not without sadness, yet we hope to meet you frequently in our League meetings in the future, and the sadness of our parting is also lightened by the knowledge that while we lose your helpful association with us, others will be benefited by our loss, and in the end we will again unite in the everlasting praise of our Lord whom we serve.

We will pray for your success and that God's richest blessings may always rest upon you.

Signed on behalf of the League.

W. J. WATTAM,
President.
MARY BARCLAY,
Secretary.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Arrangements for Next Tuesday's Meeting of Temperance Workers.

It is earnestly hoped that there will be a large turn-out at the prohibition convention on Tuesday next, the 23rd inst, in the Y M C A hall at 2 p.m. Prominent temperance workers will be in attendance from different parts of the county and all friends of the cause are considered delegates.

In the evening there will be a mass meeting to be addressed by the Revs Mr Dykeman, Baptist, and W R Young, Methodist, and others, who will be announced later. Mr. Geo Schneider will preside at the organ, and with the assistance of the choir a good time may be expected. Mayor Yelland has promised to preside. Come one and all and show your interest in the cause. Chair taken at 8 p.m. Collection to defray expenses.

CHEESE INSTRUCTORS.

Mr. J. A. Kerr, of Stirling, Will Fill the Position for This District.

A committee of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, consisting of E J Madden of Newburgh; Thos B Carlaw, of Warkworth, and Jas Whitton, of Wellman's Corners, met at Belleville yesterday afternoon. The object of the meeting was to appoint instructors for the western district (from Kingston to Toronto), of the Association. The following were appointed:

No 1 Division, Napanee and Kingston section—Geo Beasley, Warkworth.

No 2 Division, Tweed, Belleville and Prince Edward section—Hugh Howie, Newburgh.

No 3 Division, Colborne, Brighton, Stirling, Madoc and Campbellford—J B Lowery, Frankford.

No 4 Division, Peterborough, Hastings, Lindsay and Barrie—J A Kerr Stirling.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen Black and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Public Library reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Hockey practice.
Thistle's curling night.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Special meeting of non commissioned officers of the 57th battalion.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Dr Ryerson

Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 3d40 1w8

Wedding at St Joseph's, Douro.

On Tuesday, Feb. 16th, at St. Joseph's church, Douro, Mr. Wm. Guerin and Miss Maggie Burke, both of the township of Douro, were married by Rev. Father Phelan. Mr Martin Guerin, brother of the groom, and Miss Lilly O'Grady were groomsman and bridesmaid respectively. A large party of friends gathered to witness the event and congratulate the happy couple. Miss Burke is a daughter of Mr John Burke, while Mr Guerin is a very generally esteemed resident of the township.

Uncle Tom's Cabin

Opera house, two nights only, commencing Friday, February 19th. Grand Saturday matinee at 2.30 p.m. Stowe's grand scenic production, under the management of John F Stowe, a nephew of the authoress, will be the attraction on the above date. The following from the Syracuse Herald is sufficient guarantee of the quality of the performance. "Stowe's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company played to a full house last evening. Of the many times it has been played last evening was the best." Matinee prices will be 15c for children, 25c for adults. Evening 25, 35 and 50c. 1td

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Toronto Wellingtons virtually won the junior championship last evening when they defeated Guelph 6 goals to 3, the same score as that in their match with Peterborough. They play at Toronto next week in the final match. It is not likely Guelph will be able to win on Wellington ice.

Kingston Frontenacs and Berlin meet in Toronto to-night in the final match in the intermediate series. Vice-president Geo J Hopkins, of the O H A., will witness the contest.

The local seniors will likely meet Varsity in Toronto next week.

A team of "greenies" play at Keene to-night.

Last evening a team from Norwood was defeated at Lakefield by the village team by ten goals to four.

The Toronto Telegram deserves to be excommunicated for this break :—Lorne Cosby will referee the Wellington-Guelph game to-night. Lorne says he must have a bell, not a whistle, as the latter can't be heard. The committee on bells have visited Eaton's, McConkey's and Nasmith's, but cannot find a ringer. They should apply to some of the out of town clubs, Paris, Brantford, Orillia, etc, where plenty of ringers may be had at short notice.

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

The Gilhoolys Abroad

There are no more popular people in the dramatic profession than the Gormans, John and George, who will appear here next Monday night at Bradburn's opera house in their new comedy, "The Gilhoolys Abroad." No doubt their many friends will greet them with a crowded house. Their new departure is a great go. John Gorman as "Jonathan Tubbs" and George Gorman as "Owen Gilhooly," are two of the big hits in farce comedy this season. "The Gilhoolys Abroad" will be the attraction at the opera house next Monday night. 1td

NEW SPRING LINE OF

English Worsted Serge

In Blacks and Blues, with soft, dull finish. Popular all the Year Round.

These Fabrics are genuine Fast Colors and will command the admiration of young men who show a tendency for inconspicuous patterns of choice English weaves.

Handsomely Tailored, Trimmed and Finished. Very special value.

CASH PRICE $18.00 THE SUIT

FORMER CREDIT PRICE $24.00.

The new English and American Fashion Plates for the Spring of 1897, now on view at

Established 1867. Mercer's 356 George Street

High-class CASH Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Two matches in the Kendry cup competition took place last evening. The last contest in the first draw in the Granite division resulted in a victory for Skip Edmison over Skip Davidson by six shots. The scores were as follows:

W H Manson	Judge Weller
G H Giroux	R H Fortye
W G Morrow	W L Allen
Geo Edmison, sk..17	R S Davidson, skip 11

In the second draw Skip Parker defeated Skip Boucher, the score being as below:

A Milne	R Waddell
H C Grassett	F J Rogers
T E Bradburn	G E Whiten
W D Parker, skip.14	Dr Boucher, skip..12

THE DRYDEN CUP.

Lindsay will hold the Drpden Cup for 1897.

The competition for this cup took place at Lindsay yesterday, four clubs, Peterborough Thistles, Bobcaygeon, Lindsay and Whitby being represented. In the afternoon Lindsay was drawn against Bobcaygeon and won. The game between Davis, of Bobcaygeon, and Flavelle, of Lindsay, was very exciting towards the close. The Bobcaygeon rink got ahead in the beginning of the game. This Flavelle gradually reduced. In the last end he got three points and ended one point up. The other Lindsay rink gradually crept away from their opponents, and ended eleven shots ahead. The score was:—

BOBCAYGEON	LINDSAY
C Arnberg	A Ross
A P Ross	F Knowlson
W T Gage	W McLennan
W H Davis, skip.22	J D Flavelle, skip.23
T McCamus	H Cuthbert
W T C Boyd	F Crandell
A Bottum	M W Kennedy
W Reid, skip.....15	G A Little, skip..26
Total.....37	Total.....49

Majority for Lindsay, 12 shots.

Peterborough Thistles had Whitby as their opponents and played in the evening, winning by the following score:—

PETERBOROUGH THISTLES	WHITBY
J S Knapman	J E Willis
C N Brown	S H Graham
G L Hay	W Hood
J B Pentland, skip.15	L Sebert, skip....19
R H Kells	W Muir
G Brown	H M Ross
E Rutherford	J Mitchell
S Ray, skip.....25	J F Paxton, skip.16
Total.....40	Total.....35

Majority for Peterborough, 5 shots.

Lindsay and Peterborough were thus left in the finals and they decided to play off, before leaving the rink. The match started at one o'clock this morning and concluded as the sky was beginning to brighten. When the last end was played at 4 o'clock Lindsay was 6 points up and will be in possession of the cup during 1897.

The score was as follows:

LINDSAY.	THISTLES.
Rink No. 1.	
H Cuthbert	R H Kells
F Crandell	G Brown
M W Kennedy	E Rutherford
G A Little, skip..18	S Ray, skip.....17
Rink No. 2.	
A Ross	J Knapman
F Knowlson	C Brown
W McLennan	G Hay
J D Flavelle, skip..15	J B Pentland, skip.10
Total.....33	Total.....27

Majority for Lindsay 6 shots.

The local curlers tired and weary returned at 8.30 this morning.

CURLERS FINED.

Mr James Vance, president of the Ingersoll curling club, has been fined $50 and costs by Police Magistrate Morrison for allowing liquor to be given to the members of a visiting club while playing on the Ingersoll rink. The case has excited considerable interest in the district. It commenced with a newspaper correspondence started by the Rev W W Hutt, and then, at the match in question, several of the members of the Ingersoll team retired from the rink.

Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Shortly have returned from their wedding tour.

Rev. J. A. Jewell, B. A., has been invited to remain a fourth year as pastor of the Hastings Methodist church.

Mr H R H Konner was unable to perform his duties at the Collegiate Institute yesterday being confined to his bed with la grippe.

Mrs G H Davis and Miss Davis returned last evening from Clifton Springs. Mr A L Davis met and accompanied them from Hamilton.

Mr. Harold Fife, who has held the position of district agent of the Temperance and General Life Insurance Co. here for some time, left this morning for Kingston, where he will assume the agency for that district. Mr Wm Might is his successor.

Most Worshipful Grand Master Wm Gibson, M.P., officially visited Beamsville Lodge, A. F. and A. M., last evening. Amongst those present was W. Bro. Alex. Gibson, of Peterborough Lodge, A. F. and A. M.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FEBRUARY NUPTIALS.

The Marriage of Miss Bella M. Mitchell, of Downer's Corners and Mr. John J. Mortimer, of Minden.

A very pleasant event took place at the residence of Mr and Mrs R J Mitchell, Downer's Corners, Otonabee, last evening. The occasion was the marriage of their youngest daughter, Bella May, to Mr John James Mortimer, of Minden. The ceremony took place at 8 o'clock in the evening and was performed by the Rev E Vicar Stevenson, M.A., assistant curate of St John's church.

As the wedding march was being played the bride entered the room supported by her father and accompanied by her bridesmaid, Miss Ada Mitchell, and two maids of honor, Spray and Minnie Erskine. The groom was attended by his brother, Mr Joseph Mortimer. The bride was attired in a costume of Swiss muslin trimmed with ribbon and chiffon. The bridesmaid was also attired in a dress of the same material. The maids of honor were dressed in suits of Swiss muslin and carried bouquets of flowers.

After the ceremony was over about forty-five couple sat down to a sumptuous wedding supper.

The magnificent display of costly and numerous presents showed the high esteem in which the young couple were held by their many friends and acquaintances.

After supper the pleasures and amusements of the evening were so fascinating as to keep the guests from dispersing till the wee sma' hours of the morning.

The young couple take with them to their home in Minden the best wishes of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

TO BE TRIED BY THE COUNTY JUDGE.

Mr. Thos. Brady Will Come up for Trial Next Thursday Before Judge Weller.

The bondsmen of Mr. Thos Brady, who was committed for trial a couple of weeks ago, rendered Mr Brady into the custody of the Sheriff this morning and he was brought before County Judge Weller to elect whether he would be tried summarily by the judge without a jury, or by a jury at the assizes on the 9th of March. He elected to be tried by the judge without a jury and the trial was fixed for Thursday, the 25th.

Mr. Brady was again allowed out on bail.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

At Home and Tea.

The Girls' Guild of St. Luke's church have arranged for an "At Home" and tea on Monday evening next, 22nd inst., in the Foresters' hall, Simcoe-st., Peterborough. An entertaining programme is promised and a pleasant evening expected. Tickets 15 cts. Tea served from 6 to 7.15. 2d40

Wheeling Whispers.

Bliss Corey, of Petrolia, has vacated the field of Vice-President candidates of the C W A, and C W Wells, of Waterloo, and T T Cartwright will have the contest between them.

Mr Geo H Orr has definitely announced that he is an aspirant to the C W A Presidency. He had resolved to withdraw from the wheeling world, but so clamorous were his friends that he should make a bid for the chief office that he has finally consented to run for the position.

The race meeting contest is beginning to wax interesting and Chatham and Brantford have settled down to good hard work. Chatham had the advantage of being first in the field and have thus gained a big start on their only competitor. But the finishing point is a long way off and the fight is not over yet by any means.

Brevities.

—La grippe is becoming prevalent.

—The Chief of Police wants an owner for a fur gauntlet.

—The burlesque, Rush's "Excelsior," is booked for the opera house here on Saturday, 27th.

—The annual meeting of the officers of the 57th Battalion will be held next Tuesday evening.

—St. Paul's church choir will drive to Norwood to-night, probably on wheels. They will give a concert in the Norwood Presbyterian church.

—There will be no skating on the Riverside Park rink this evening owing to the thaw, and the Hardward-Dry goods hockey match will not take place. The Buffers and Duffers meet to-morrow.

—Owing to the opera house at Port Hope being destroyed by fire Stowe's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company has been booked here for Friday night as well as Saturday night. There will be two evening performances with a Saturday matinee.

—Rev J E Hunter, evangelist, was about to speak on heaven at Windsor, N S., when he received a message telling him of the death of his brother, W J Hunter, at Portland, Oregon. He was an insurance manager. He had been for a time in the ministry, but his voice failing he had to abandon it.

MARRIED.

GUERIN—BURKE—At St Joseph's church, Douro, on Tuesday, Feb. 16th, by Rev. Father Phelan, Mr Wm Guerin, of Douro, to Miss Maggie Burke, daughter of Mr John Burke, of Douro.

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received up to **MONDAY, the 22nd inst.** addressed to W H Hill, Chairman of Supervision Committee, for the supply of Stationery, chemicals, etc., required for the Collegiate Institute and Public Schools, for the current year. Statement of items to be tendered for may be obtained from the undersigned.

W. C. MORROW,
Secretary Board of Education.

2d39

OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

February 19th and 20th.

Grand Saturday Matinee 2.30 p.m. Evening 8.15.

STOWE & CO'S INCOMPARABLE

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Largest, Grandest and Best in the World

50 people. 2 Brass Bands, Grand Orchestra, 20 Great Jubilee Shouters, Picaninny Fife and Drum Corps, the Celebrated Afro-American Swiss Bell Ringers, Buck and Wing Dancers, 2 Quartettes. Grand Mandolin Sextette.

The Original New York Cast.

A Grand Cake Walk, introducing 20 prize winners. Grand Parade at noon.

Matinee prices, children 15c, adults 25c. Evening 25, 35 and 50c. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store. d39

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

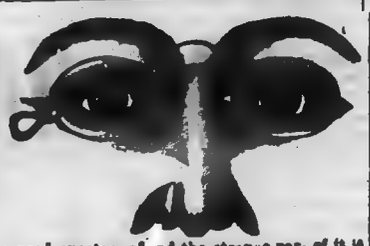
		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed. Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,079,363	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,880,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,680	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,612
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario.

Business Wants Supplied.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business **ENVELOPES**

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

He Knew the Freak

Jenks—No fool like an old fool. Now look at that woman over there in that freak bicycle rig. See her?

Wilks—Yes, I see her.

Jenks—Well, ain't she a sight? What a fool her husband must be to let her loose in such a costume!

Wilks—I know he is.

Jenks—Know him, do you?

Wilks—Oh, yes; I'm him.

A Fine Accomplishment.

Mr. Homewood—What a peculiar girl Miss Point Breeze is! She is out sleigh-riding nearly every night.

Mr. Frankstown—She knows how to drive.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

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Aged in Oak Staves, under Government Supervision.

Golden in Color.
Nutty in Taste.
Exquisite in Flavor.
Glorious in Effect.

Ask your dealer for

QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

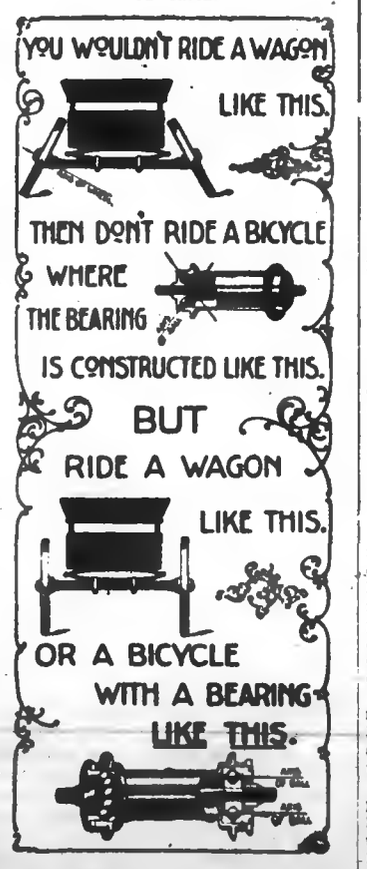
Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,

AGENT.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 166 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every [illegible]

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

from that line of mysteries connected with the past. Why was Mercedes disguised as a Catalan peasant girl in the flower mart on the Rambla at Barcelona? Why did she tell him she would be at the bull-fight in Madrid? How came she to assume the character of Sister Agatha, a nun from the cloister of San Pedro, the Benedictine church at Gerona? What was there in common between this wonderfully beautiful woman and the Turkish pasha?

All these questions can be answered, but it may require time and patience to unravel the skein in its tangled up condition. At any rate it gives zest to his existence, which, up to this period in his career, has been prosaic enough with regard to love affairs.

Mercedes and Don Carlos find a chance to have a quiet talk, while the senora entertains Doctor Jack, who has announced that he will dine with them, but must leave the house by half-past seven. He will come again, and stay longer, but an important engagement demands his attention at eight.

When Mercedes and the old Spaniard meet in the small music-room, her black eyes are full of resolution. The other laughs and pats her on the head as a father might—he is her uncle, and has the right.

"How do you succeed, child?" he asks.

"Everything was going along beautifully until we met a tall girl with a face—well, I am not fool enough to say she is ugly, but certainly her looks are poor beside myself. I know not where he ever met her before, but he loves her. I am sure of it. I could see it in his looks, try to disguise them as he would. Why, at times he seemed as though he would eat her."

Poor Doctor Jack, is this your wonderful acting, when a pair of black eyes can so easily fathom the secret of your heart? Don Carlos frowns. What an interest he takes in Jack's love affairs. It is surely worth something to have a friend like that.

"Carissima! if what you say is true it will give us trouble. What was the girl like?"

"Rather tall, queenly head, blue eyes, stylish appearance. She was with a stout senora, and a monkey man."

"I saw them at the museo, and admired the girl. She was what Doctor Jack would call a 'stunner.' So you imagine he is very much in love with her?"

"I know it. Where are your eyes? They were given to me to use. Besides, the pasha himself was struck. He had met her before, and I think from his manner he would give her weight in gold for this Senorita Avis could he find her in the slave-mart of Constantinople."

Don Carlos smiles and nods, placing one finger on the side of his nose.

"Ah! you give me an idea, girl, which we may yet find occasion to work up if other things fail. If the pasha is struck, we can make use of him, perhaps. About Doctor Jack—you think he is going to see this girl?"

"I know it. I heard him say so."

"It is easy to put some one on his track and find out, if you wish."

Her Castilian face darkens. The white teeth press together, and Mercedes gives a laugh that is not so agreeable as usual.

"It is just as easy to prevent his keeping his appointment, uncle," she breathes, softly.

"You mean to charm him?"

She shrugs her pretty shoulders and pouts.

"Vaya! it is not easy for one to confess the truth. I shall try the power of music and my blandishments, but I fear me they will fail. He is the man to keep an engagement. On my part I, too, have made a vow. Doctor Jack must not leave this house at eight. He is in the spider's web—to escape now may mean ruin."

She is intensely agitated, but the man does not seem to share her alarm. He is not in love with Doctor Jack, and that makes all the difference in the world.

"Bravely said, child. I admire your pluck, but, caramba, we must not let him see our hand yet. If he insists upon going we cannot forcibly detain him," he muses.

"You forget—the cigars! As a last resort, if he insists upon going after music and dinner have failed in turn, you have the drugged cigar. It will make him sleepy and—well, he will disappoint the American girl at eight sharp," with a thrill of triumph in her voice as she pictures the hour passing with Avis waiting in vain.

"A bright idea, girl. I have that cigar up in my room, and will get it."

"Be careful," she whispers as he moves away.

"Of what?"

"That you do not make a mess of it and smoke the wrong cigar."

"Have no fear of me."

While this side play has been going on in the music-room, Doctor Jack and the senora have chatted in the Spanish drawing-room over a number of things, for he manages to temporarily tear his mind away from Avis, and laugh with the good dame, who is genial company for any one, and amuses Jack with her broken English.

By and by they speak of curiosities, and she tells him of a relic which has been handed down for centuries in her family. She has it in her room along with her beads and crucifix, and will get it. So she goes, and Jack is left temporarily alone for the first time since he was intruded upon by Don Carlos while at his morning ablutions.

It is an opportunity he has been looking for these two hours back. Half a dozen times he has remembered the paper thrust into his hand by some one unknown as he pushed through the crowd just outside the pavilion in the Plaza del Toros. Of course it will not amount to anything, he is sure of that, but as curiosity is not confined to the gentler sex alone, he has a desire to see what it is, and in order to have a minute alone, has encouraged the senora in the laudable ambition to show him her wonderful legacy.

Hardly is her form lost to view than the American fishes in his pocket for the paper. It is not to be found where he expected. Then he suddenly remembers that it was in a vest pocket he thrust it, and the fishing goes on space.

Ah! victory! here it is, and now for some silly gush from a young damsel's heart. With a smile Doctor Jack smoothes out the crumpled sheet and casts his eyes upon it.

The characters are in Spanish, written with a lead pencil, and evidently in a hurry, as if time pressed with the scribe. In spite of these defects there is something even in the chirography that tells Jack the writer is a woman. Holding it to the light of the window he reads:

"The American senor is in terrible danger from an unseen source. More I dare not say. Trust no one save your countrymen, and leave Spain as soon as possible."

There is no signature. Whoever this friend may be, she has not dared acknowledge her identity. You see, Doctor Jack still insists that the writer is of the feminine sex.

A singular idea strikes him. He has just been looking at an elegant volume of Cervantes' work with the senora, and noticed an inscription written in the front of it. He picks Don Quixote up, and opens the book to where he reads:

"To my Uncle Don Carlos,
"With much love
"Mercedes."

Now he has what he wants, and laying the note beside the inscription, he compares the two with calm deliberation, makes allowance for the studied work on one and the hurry visible with the other, and then decides positively that the same hand penned both.

This stirs up the waters of the Siloam pool again, and renders the situation more muddy and complicated than before. He has believed that if there is a deep and mysterious game being played Mercedes is in it—his Barcelona adventures tell his so—hence how comes it that she sends him warning? Can it be that after witnessing his feat in the arena she has compassion on him, and desires to undo her share in the conspiracy?

The note must have been written on the sly while the last bull was engaged. Doctor Jack remembers that she seemed to be doing something—he thought searching in her Spanish reticule for bon-bons.

Another thought comes to him, and causes a smile. This note was written before Mercedes set eyes on the bright American girl, and perhaps she would not carry the same project out now. Circumstances alter cases, you know.

Doctor Jack has finished his scrutiny, and imagined half a dozen different theories, when the rustle of a dress catches his ear. Is it the senora returned? He looks up, and finds Mercedes herself standing in the doorway.

The expression on her face tells him that she has been standing there for a full minute, and hence understands his action; but ever cool, he is in no hurry, deliberately folding the note, and replacing it in his pocket.

It is on Jack's tongue to speak, to ask for an explanation of the strange warning, but he gets no further, for a bustling sound comes, and the senora enters the room, proudly holding in her hand the relic of antiquity that has been handed down from generation to generation in her family these hundreds of years.

Jack pretends to show great interest in the matter, but in reality cares less for the specimen of early days than for a piece of the Sphinx that a curiosity hunter once cautiously showed him, and which the vandal assured him solemnly, had been chipped from the nose of that giant figure by his own hands.

No opportunity is given him for a

To be Continued.

SEEING RIGHT-SIDE UP.

A Curious Experiment in Optics and Its Result.

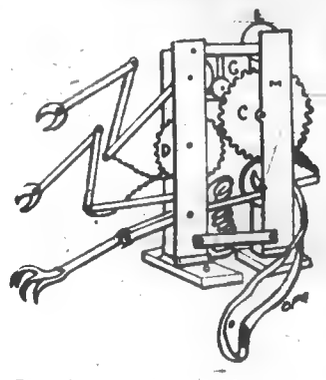
The lenses of the eye produce on the retina an inverted image of objects looked at, and the question is often asked, "Why do things appear right-side up when their images are wrong-side up?" It occurred to Mr. Stratton of the University of California, to try the effect of preventing the inversion of images on the retina. This was accomplished by means of an optical instrument which excluded from the eyes all light except that which passed through the instrument itself. The instrument was adjusted to the eyes at three o'clock one afternoon, and was not removed (except at night, when the eyes were bandaged) until noon the next day. At first, to the person whose eyes were thus treated, everything seemed topsyturvy and illusory, and the mind instinctively tried to imagine objects to be in the position in which they ordinarily appear. After a time, however, the feeling of the unreality of what was seen passed away, and the person experimented on even began to imagine everything that lay outside his field of vision to be arranged in the same way as what he saw. This goes to show that habit and experience counteract the effect of the inversion of images in the eyes.

Animal Wars.

Twenty-five years ago the mongoos, the great enemy of snakes in India, was imported into Jamaica to destroy the rats which were devastating the sugar-cane and other crops of the island. Having exterminated the rats the mongoos next attacked poultry and all kinds of game, as well as snakes, lizards and turtles, and finally even began to feed upon sugar cane, bananas, pineapples, etc. But at length, according to the account recently published by Professor Duerden of Jamaica, the tables were turned against the invader. What its larger foes could not accomplish seems to have been done by ticks and other small insects. The natural enemies of these pests having been driven off by the mongoos, th ticks multiplied enormously, until even human beings suffered from their attacks. The little pests then fastened up on the mongoos, which within the past few years has notably diminished in numbers. And now, as the mongoos gradually disappears, the snakes, birds and lizards are beginning to return.

A POSTER MACHINE.

A Plan by Which the Exigencies of the Occasion Are Met.



Plan for a poster machine.

The modern poster catches the eye

And holds it, too.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Your cough, like a dog's bark, is a sign that there is something foreign around which shouldn't be there. You can quiet the noise, but the danger may be there just the same. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil is not a cough specific; it does not merely allay the symptoms but it does give such strength to the body that it is able to throw off the disease.

You know the old proverb of "the ounce of prevention?" Don't neglect your cough.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. Put up in 50c. and $1.00 sizes.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chisholm, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

Ward No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LaPlante.

Ward No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

Ward No 3.—J. R. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

Ward No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal...	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m.
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston........	4.42 a.m.	11.25 p.m.
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago..................	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate..	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m.
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago................	11.25 p.m.	4.25 p.m.
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest......	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m.

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.25 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.... . ...8.15 a.m. and 8.20 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8 55 a.m., 2 00 p.m.
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in the face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and flesh. Hollows and angles will give place to fullness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

—Mr. H. K. Smith, game warden, Belleville, was a visitor in Minden last week, and several violators of the game laws will receive more attention at his hand than they desire.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

HIS FACE VERY WHITE

Young Hammond on Trial for His Life at Bracebridge.

Twelve Good Men and True Chosen to Decide the Prisoner's Fate—Mr. Osler Outlines the Crown's Case and Tells What He Will Seek to Prove—A Number of Witnesses Examined, Including Members of the Dead Wife's Family—A Conclusion Expected on Thursday.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The Court of Assize for the Provisional and United Counties of Parry Sound and Muskoka resumed its sitting promptly at 9.30 this morning. As was expected the Hammond murder case was immediately taken up. The Town Hall, where the court is held, was crowded with people, all anxious to hear this now famous case.

The prisoner, William James Hammond, was brought in by Constable Armstrong and given a chair (there is no prisoners' or witnesses' box in the room), just behind the lawyers' table and facing His Lordship.

The prisoner is about 5 feet 10 inches in height, slim, clean shaven, and has a very boyish appearance. In fact, he looks much younger than he really is (22 years). His face was very white when he entered the court room, showing clearly the effects of his 11-months' close confinement, but during the day color came back to his cheeks. He was neatly dressed in a black morning coat with brown trousers, and his linen was spotless. He is fairly good looking, and bright in appearance, although at times he looks a little surly. He seems to realize his position keenly and seldom looks up, except once in a while, when he takes a side glance at the reporters. Even when his father stepped over and shook hands with him he scarcely glanced up, and only said a few words to his devoted parent, who is now spending every cent he owns in his defence. The mother died about two weeks ago.

The impaneling of a jury lasted about 30 minutes, there being 17 challenges by the prisoner's counsel, while the Crown asked four to stand aside. Finally the following good and true men were selected:

John Johnston, yeoman, of Morrison Township; W. H. Bray, yeoman, of the Township of Brunel; Alex. Corbett, mechanic, of Huntsville; August Breeze, lumberman, of the Township of Watt; Frank Forge, yeoman, of Windermere; William Tackeberry, yeoman of the Township of McLean; Ralph W. Lee, mechanic, Bracebridge; Charles Oldham, yeoman, of Medora; Isaac Whyte, yeoman, of Medora; James Weir, yeoman, of the Township of Stephenson; Duncan McKenzie, yeoman, of the Township of Chaffey; Moses Dickie, contractor, Bracebridge.

Mr. Osler, Crown prosecutor, then commenced his address to the jury. He spoke for about 40 minutes, briefly outlining the case as it would be presented by the Crown. He said on March 6 last, Katie Hammond, or Tough, wife of the accused, was found dying on Brown-street, in the village of Gravenhurst. The Crown alleges murder and charges the prisoner Hammond with the crime, and it was the sworn duty of the jurors, after hearing the evidence, to say whether it is true or not. The parents of both the prisoner and the deceased live close together in Gravenhurst, and the dead girl and prisoner were intimately acquainted. The prisoner and the deceased were secretly married in Buffalo, N.Y., in November, 1895, under an assumed name, that of James.

Her life was insured in favor of the prisoner for about $15,000, all told, having been applied for on her life. Some of these policies had failed. All the insurance was effected after the marriage. The two lived in Buffalo for a while, then went to New York city, where they lived as man and wife under the name of James, and attending to the placing of the insurance on the deceased's life. They returned to Toronto, but did not live together there, although they frequently met. About three weeks prior to her death she returned to her home in Gravenhurst, and on the Monday prior to the day the crime is alleged to have been committed the prisoner also went to Gravenhurst and met his wife several times. On the fatal night in question she went with him to his father's house, where she stayed about fifteen minutes, and shortly after 8.30 o'clock she was found in a dying condition on the roadside, 100 feet from the Hammond place, and 300 feet from her father's door, with her head towards home. She was carried home, where she died in a few minutes. Her death was caused from prussic acid poison.

The Crown will show that the prisoner bought a bottle of prussic acid that morning from a doctor in Gravenhurst, first saying he wanted it to kill cats, then again saying it was to kill a dog. Prussic acid is a peculiar poison, owing to its rapid action. The prisoner had been a drug clerk for a year; afterwards in a law office. He was prescribing medicine for his wife, as will be shown by a telegram from him, telling her she had the wrong medicine and to stop taking it. She had the utmost confidence in him, and if he intended to kill her this was an easy way to prepare her for to take the fatal dose. We have, therefore, the death by poison, the purchaser of the poison, the secret marriage, placing insurance on her life after the marriage, the insurance payable to him, the administering of medicine to her and his object for procuring a large sum of money.

On the evening of her death the prisoner suggested that the deceased had been taking poison and further suggested that her room be searched. He had been previously missed from the room, where the body was, and he was seen coming from her room. On her room being searched two bottles were found under the mattress, also a cup with a mixture in it. The mixture was not sufficiently strong to cause death. The inference is that the prisoner had been up to her room after her body was found. The action of a fatal dose of prussic acid is very rapid, usually immediate loss of conscious-

Continued on Page 8

OTTAWA BUDGET.

The Warrimoo's Big Cargo—Methodist Delegation to See Mr. Sifton—Mr Ryder's Request—Notes.

Ottawa, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The Department of Trade and Commerce has been advised that the R.M.S. Warrimoo on her last trip from Vancouver, took out a very large cargo for Australia, 2200 tons, being all the vessel could carry, and 250 tons were left on the C.P.R. dock. The Warrimoo's cargo consisted of 1500 tons of flour for Sydney, 60 tons of Massey-Harris bicycles for Sydney, 150 tons of Massey-Harris machinery for various Australian points, and 50 tons of Seattle beer for Honolulu, besides a lot of general merchandise, typewriters, bicycles, boots and shoes, etc.

A deputation of representative Methodists, including Revs. Dr. Carman, general superintendent; Dr. Sutherland, missionary secretary; Dr. Saunders, of the Dominion Methodist Church, Ottawa, and Mr. John J. Maclaren, had an interview with Mr. Sifton to-day in regard to payments to Indian industrial schools in the Northwest, which are under charge of the Methodist Church. In some of the Methodist schools there are double the number of Indian pupils that the department is paying for, and it is contended that a re-adjustment of the financial relations between the Indian Department and the Methodist Church for maintenance of these pupils ought to be made. Arrangements are being made by the Methodist Church to take over the Indian school at Brandon. The deputation also strongly urged that measures be taken to suppress the liquor traffic in Cassiar District, B.C. At one point, where the population numbers ten whites and 40 Chinese, there are six grog shops in full blast, with demoralizing effects on the Indian population.

Mr. Ryder, ex-M.P. for Stanstead County, had an interview with Mr. Fisher, at which he asked that American horses sent over to Canadian farmers for feed during the winter, might be brought in in bond. At present a large number of horses owned in the New England States, where in winter there is neither sleighing nor wheeling, are sent over to Canadian farmers for livery during the winter, but they have to be subject to the full duty on being brought in—of which a rebate of 90 per cent. is made on their return. Mr. Ryder wants the 10 per cent. at present retained, done away with, and bond substituted for the payment of any duty. He contends that if this were done the present number of horses sent over for winter bait, would be greatly increased, and that it would immensely increase the value of the Eastern Townships farmers' hay, oats and fodder by using these articles at home, and doing away with all necessity of sending them to market. Mr. Fisher expressed himself as favorable to the scheme and promised to consult his colleagues.

A Gigantic Pear Tree.

A famous pear tree, which had lived nearly six centuries, near Toulon, was destroyed recently by a violent windstorm. The trunk was nearly twelve feet in circumference. Monsieur Chabaud, the proprietor of the ground on which the tree stood, after corresponding with nearly all the botanical societies in Europe, could learn of no pear tree equal in size and age to this one.

Music for the Deaf.

At a meeting of the Royal Society in December Professor McKendrick described a method by which it was possible to stimulate electrically the sensory nerves of the skin "so that some of the elements of music—rhythm and intensity—might be perceived and even enjoyed by those who had become deaf."

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade in flour continues very dull, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The wheat market is quiet and rather easier. Red winter wheat is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 80c, Midland. No. 2 hard 84c Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c to 27c, No. 3 extra at 26c and No. 3 at 24c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c, north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 33c east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots, $2.85 to $3.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the Western Yards to-day were about 50 car loads. The cattle market was firmer, with a good demand for the best butchers' stock. Export cattle were firm, with best selling at 3⅝c to 4c per lb., and good cattle at 3½c. Stockers are quoted at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls bring 2¾c to 3¼c per lb., according to quality. Butchers' cattle firmer, for best qualities, which sold at 3¼c to 3½c per lb.; good to medium at 2¾c to 2⅞c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4¼c to 4½c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at 4½c to 4¾c per lb., weighed off cars; thick fats at 3¾c, lightweights at 4c to 4¼c, sows at 3c to 3¼c, and stags at 2c to 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 5½d to 6s 7½d; corn, 3s 0¾d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 0d; bacon, l.c. heavy, 28s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c. heavy, 27s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 50s.

London—Wheat on passage steady. English country markets steady. Maize on passage rather firmer.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures ¼d lower at 6s 3d for March and 6s 4½d for May, while July is ¼d lower at 6s 3¾d. Maize 2s 6¼d for March, 2s 7⅛d for May and 2s 9d for July. Flour 22s.

Paris—Wheat 22f 25c for Feb. Flour 46f 60c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat ¼d lower at 6s 2½d for Feb. and March, 6s 3¼d for May and 6s 3d for July. Maize 2s 6⅞d for Feb. and March, 2s 7⅛d for May, and 2s 8⅜d for July. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage very little doing. Maize on passage firm.

Paris—Close—Wheat weak at 22f 25c for March. Flour 46f 25c for March.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel............	0 22	to	0 26
Peas, small............	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 44
Oats,............	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat....	0 27	to	0 30
Rye..........	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$3 50	to	3 75
Flour, bakers per cwt........	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins............	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool............	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool............	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons............	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	4 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt ..	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight, ...	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb............	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb............	0 06	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.......	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)..	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter(per lb)....	0 05	to	0 06
Lard............	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each............	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair............	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag............	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples............	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz............	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag............	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag............	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new........	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets............	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.......	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock............	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin............	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz............	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton............	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load............	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.......	0 2½	to	0 03

...FOR...

Easy Running Qualities
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Factory— ST. CATHARINES, ONT

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

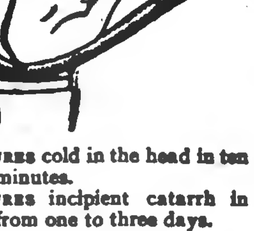
SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE



CURES cold in the head in ten minutes.
CURES incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
CURES chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
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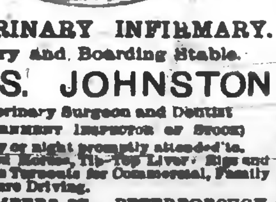
Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard



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Calls day or night promptly attended to.
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The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.
The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.
The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.
The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.
The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.
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EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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At Prices deemed impossible before this Sale.

From to-day on prices of our Furs change in your favor. It is clean up and clear out time to prepare the way for our change of business and the change in the season. The last of this season's reductions. The Furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost. Fully ½ less than former prices.

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1897

NORTH MONAGHAN COUNCIL.

The Appointment of an Assessor—Will Wait on the County Council

Correspondence of the Review.

The Council of the township of North Monaghan met in the treasurer's office on Saturday, Feb. 13th, according to the adjourning resolution of the last meeting. All the members were present, the Reeve, Mr J McIntosh, presiding. The minutes of the meeting of January 11th, were read and confirmed.

Applications for the office of assessor of the township for 1897 were received from Wm Whitfield at a salary of $20; H D Williamson at a salary of $25; H J Forster at a salary of $25; W C Rightmeyer at a salary of $30.

A report was submitted from the committee appointed to meet the County Council of Peterborough County re grant on Cavan boundary.—This was received. The clerk reported having received a list of lands for sale for arrears of taxes in the township in 1897, and also that one lot, that of F Hayes being entered thereon wrongfully. Moved by Mr Hunter and Mr Bradburn, that the clerk is hereby authorized to notify the county treasurer to withdraw the lot of F Hayes, being part of lot 12 in 11th con of North Monaghan, from the list of lands for sale for taxes in 1897—Carried. Moved by Messrs Bradburn and Medill, that the reeve and Mr Hunter be a committee to wait upon the Peterborough County Council and ask for an increase of their grant on boundary equivalent to that made by the united counties of Northumberland and Durham.—Carried. Moved by Messrs. Bradburn and Medill that Wm Whitfield's application for the assessorship of North Monaghan for 1897 be accepted. Moved in amendment by Messrs Yelland and Hunter that the application of H D Williamson be accepted. The amendment being submitted was declared carried, the reeve giving the casting vote. By-laws Nos. 436 and 437 to confirm the appointment of Medical Health officer and assessor were introduced and put through their several readings and passed. The Council adjourned to meet in the town hall on March 16th at 1 o'clock p. m.

OAK HALL.

HOCKEY AT WARSAW.

An Account of a Lively Game Played at Warsaw.

The fastest hockey match of the season took place at the rink at Warsaw on Friday, February, the 12th. The Mohawks arrived in the village on the 2 10 train, accompanied by an immense number of backers. The betting was 7 to 3 on the Stars, with lots of their money in sight. Great excitement prevailed, and when the Stars took their places on the ice the cheering fairly brought down the roof. The ice was in first-class condition. The puck was faced at 7.30 sharp, when the teams lined up as follows:—

STARS.		MOHAWKS.
Choate	Goal	Kidd
Morgan	Point	Kidd
Kidd	Cover Point	Parcels
Snider, Doughty, Lynn, Hughes	Forwards	Conway, Tully, Doughty, Lynn
James	Umpire	Anderson

Referee—H Choate.

Marquis of Queensbury rules governed the contest. Play was about even for the first few minutes when Conway scored the puck and made a long shot which wended its way slowly through the uprights. Time 17 mins. Lynn got the gypsum on the face-off and started to rush but Kidd, who played a star game at cover point, happened to be in his way and got it and passed to Percy Doughty, who scored, evening the score. Time 1 minute 13 seconds. Doughty played great hockey during the next game. He suddenly took it into his head that he had to win the next game, so starting with the puck he made a grand rush from one end to the other and—fell down, but Conway happened to be there and scored.

Notwithstanding the great score rolled up against them the Stars were still the favorites at about 10 to 7. They now started in to win and it was an imposing sight to watch the yellow and black sweaters of their forward line move down the ice in a row sweeping all before them. At half time the score stood 5-3 in favor of the Mohawks.

When ends were changed the Stars began to shine and they reversed the score to 6-5 in their favor. When the next game started the referee's whistle got plugged up and about half an hour was lost getting it into shape.

The Mohawks now started with blood in their eye and some on their faces also. They now scored twice and then as the Stars began to crowd them too closely the goal posts started moving around in a very violent manner. The shots rained in on Kidd, who defended his goal valiantly by placing his feet lengthwise across the goal, which was supposed to be six feet wide. Some of the players now got a little "Fitzsimmoney", and a ring was formed. Hockey sticks were barred out. It only lasted three rounds, however, as there were several other little "goes," about one in each corner, but as there were only four corners everyone could not participate. The game was now called off and as the referee did not give a decision all bets were declared "off."

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

MR M'ILMOYLE WAS CHAINED.

His Neighbors Present Him with an Address and Watch Chain—A Pleasant Party.

On Thursday evening, 4th inst., at the invitation of Mr and Mrs Wm Bell, a large party assembled at their residence, 11th concession of Smith, when a very enjoyable social evening was passed. As soon as the guests were assembled an address was read giving expression to the regard and esteem of the neighborhood for Mr Ephriam McIlmoyle, at the conclusion of which Mr Matthew Bell presented him on their behalf with a handsome gold watch chain.

About seventy sat down to supper and when the guests departed it was the general consensus of opinion that the party was the most successful of the season.

Selwyn Literary Society

The Selwyn Literary Society met as usual in the Temperance hall on Feb. 12th, the President in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted, after which the following programme was rendered:

Critic's report ..... Mr E McIlmoyle
Song ..... Mr A Walton
Reading ..... Miss A Bell
Instrumental Music ..... Mr J Houlihan
Debate..Resolved, that Canada is a better country than the United States ..... Affirmative, Mr W Tyndal and Mr R Pearson—Negative, Mr E McIlmoyl and Mr A Walton.
Duet ..... Mr Thos and Miss B Pearson
Instrumental Music ..... Mr J Houlihan
Paper ..... Editor

Mr. B. Manning was then appointed critic for the next meeting. The meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

HIS FACE VERY WHITE.

Continued from page 7.

ness, but sometimes it takes from 10 seconds to half a minute to operate. No bottle or vessel was found on the road between the two houses, so she must have got the dose at some house. She had not been home for half an hour, so she could not have got it there.

The argument must be that she got the poison in the Hammond house. If she took two steps to a second or five feet each second, in twenty seconds she would be 100 feet away, just about the distance she was found from the Hammond house. When the prisoner was asked what he had done with the bottle of poison he had purchased he said he had thrown it away. A bottle was afterwards found empty on Sarah-street, 100 feet away, the stopper 40 feet nearer the house. Thus the presumption is that it was opened before it was thrown away. Why had it been opened? It had not been used to kill cats or dogs. Then what had it been used for? Self preservation would have made a man of the prisoner's intelligence keep the unopened bottle as an evidence that he did not sell the poison. Another bottle was found, but not the one purchased from Dr. Campbell, supposed to have been placed there by some indiscreet friend. Then there was the trouble of getting the deceased's trunk. The prisoner got her trunk and would not send it to her, although she urged him to do so. In that trunk were found the insurance policies. While his wife was the real actor re insurance, yet we find a letter re insurance which he gets her to copy. Where were the means coming from to keep up these policies? No money in sight to pay premiums, and the only money in the policies was by death. There is also a letter from Hammond to a man in New York, re situation as president of some company, on payment of certain sums of money.

THE EVIDENCE.

Surveyor Galbraith Gave a Plan Showing the Locality of the Crime.

The first witness called was Mr. William Galbraith, D.L.S., who submitted a plan of the scene of the alleged crime.

Here the grand jury entered the court room and presented a true bill against Daniel Tobin, for house-breaking.

Miss Ida Campbell was the next witness. She lived in Gravenhurst; knew the deceased for a number of years as Kate Tough; found her lying in the snow on Brown-street; heard her groan and went for assistance; got Alex. Bailey and found a woman (Kate Tough) lying on her face about three feet off the beaten track, head towards east, arms down, body straight; saw nothing around or about the body; the woman had a cape and hat on; Bailey touched her; went for my father and he, Bowes and prisoner removed the body to the Tough house; Bowes went to the Hammond house to get assistance and the prisoner came back with him; did not recognize her until Rev. Mr. Burton came with the lantern; froth was coming from the mouth when she was carried home.

Cross-examined by Mr. Johnston: The night was dark; hard to recognize the body; I did not recognize her until a lantern was brought; the prisoner was crying at the house; sometimes I have a little bitter feeling against the prisoner, and sometimes I haven't.

Miss Annie Bailey gave similar evidence to Miss Campbell's examination in chief.

John Bowes: Live next to the Hammond house; was called to go out to see a woman at three minutes past 9; turned face of deceased up and there was a strong odor and froth coming from mouth; did not recognize her until the light came; I said I thought it was Kate Tough, and then the prisoner looked at her face and said it was she. The crust on the snow where the body was found was broken; helped carry the body to the house; on the last day of March saw Alex A. MacNab pick up a bottle on Sarah-street and on April 1 found another bottle in Mr. Cockburn's property.

Cross-examined by Mr. Johnston: I felt no smell of drugs at Hammond's door; at the house the prisoner cried; MacNab came up to me at the fence and then looked around and said: "There's the bottle."

The court then adjourned for one hour.

On the court resuming after lunch the Crown attempted to prove that Hammond went up to the deceased's room after the body had been found, and called Colin Campbell, who said he saw prisoner in the front room and afterwards missed him from the room; heard footsteps upstairs and next saw prisoner outside.

The cross-examination somewhat weakened this witness' evidence.

John McAllister gave evidence as to prisoner and his parents visiting his place on the 6th of March last, and staying for tea. The prisoner left his place (which is two miles away), returned to Gravenhurst about 5.45 p.m., saying he wanted to get the mail. There was nothing suspicious about the prisoner's actions.

Rev. John Burton, Presbyterian minister at Gravenhurst, passed up Brown-street a few minutes before the body was found, but did not see anything. When he got home he had a "feeling" to go back, and did so, carrying his lantern. Met friends carrying the body to the Tough residence; went to the house and saw prisoner coming from a corner near the stairway leading to the dead-girl's room.

This reverend witness was severely cross-examined by Mr. Johnston, but he denied having "mental impressions."

Rosina Russell was called to prove the entrance of the prisoner and deceased into the Hammond residence, but as she did not know either of the two, she was asked to stand aside.

John Brodie did not know Kate Tough, but on being shown a photo of her, he said a girl looking very much like the photo came into Dr. Cornell's drug store where he worked on the evening of March 6th at 5 or 6 o'clock and asked for ten cents' worth of phosphoric acid. He gave it to her and she went out. Phosphoric acid is taken as a tonic.

J. R. Dawson: Was in Cornell's drug store at time mentioned by previous witness; saw Miss Kate Tough come in and get medicine from Mr. Brodie.

H. Oaten: Saw Kate Tough at about three minutes past 6 one block south of Cornell's store going towards home.

William Creasor: Had looked for the bottle in company with MacNab, Sloan and Bowes; saw something 50 feet away from the fence, walked over, stooped down and picked it up; it was only a leaf of a tree.

Allan A. MacNab: Live in Gravenhurst; deceased was a niece of mine; was at Tough's on the night of the 6th of March; Frank Tough came in about half-past 8, smoked, and then went to bed upstairs, three-quarters of an hour before the body was brought in. Mike Tough was in good health, and had a cheerful disposition. On the 19th of March saw parties searching for a bottle; saw Bowes looking for the bottle and went and spoke to him, and as I turned around saw a red paper in the snow, which was the bottle, and picked it up; the bottle produced is the one found by me.

Fred Tough: Younger brother of the late Kate Tough; searched for the stopper after the bottle was found; several days after found the stopper about 20 feet from where the bottle was found; brother Frank was with me when it was found; sent for Constable W. Sloan, who picked it up about 10 or 15 feet from the fence and almost directly south of where the bottle was found.

Adjourned to 9.30 a.m. On resuming in the morning, the evidence of the remainder of the Tough family will be taken, then that of Dr. Campbell, followed by evidence of tracing the trunk, and possibly the medical testimony. A verdict is expected on Thursday.

These Murderers Must Die.

Cincinnati, Feb. 16.—There is no hope for executive clemency for Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, the murderers of Pearl Bryan.

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received:—

BANK OF TORONTO.

R D Rogers	$5 00
Dr Halliday	5 00
Warminster Sunday School, Warsaw,	7 26

BANK OF COMMERCE.

Anonymous	$1 00

BANK OF MONTREAL.

W L Innes	15 00
T A S Hay	1 00
H S MacDonald	1 00
Rev. V. Clementi	5 00
R. M. Dennistoun	5 00
A Friend	1 00
F Edwards	2 00
A Friend	1 00
E A Peck	2 00
Miss Hilton	1 00
R W Reid	1 00

ONTARIO BANK.

A Friend	1 00
W Stocker	50
Geo Peters	1 00
J W Fitzgerald	2 00
J D Collins	2 00
P Murphy	25
A friend	5 00
W D Parker	5 00
George Burnham, M. D	5 00
Mrs. Geo Burnham	5 00
Omazias de Laplante	1 00
W F Johnston	2 00
A friend	1 00
D W Dumble	2 00
Geo Read (Keene)	15 00
A. E. Mabry	2 00
G. W. Hatton	2 00
C J B	1 00
W H Manning	5 00
A friend	1 00
A friend	1 00
Total	$122 01

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS AT LAKEFIELD.

Subscriptions are being received at Lakefield by Mr. Benson, of James Linton & Co., bankers, for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. The list is still open for contributions.

The following have already been received:

Rev Geo Warren, Lakefield	$5 00
J F Lillicrap,	5 00
Mrs J Lillicrap,	5 00
Rev A C Reeves,	1 00
A Friend	50
R C Strickland	1 00
J P Strickland	1 00
Mrs J P Strickland	50
C J Blomfield	1 00
Laura Grylls	1 00
Mrs Amys, Smith	5 00
Miss Duff, Lakefield	1 00
E A Tanner	1 00
Miss K A S Traill, Lakefield	2 00
Boys of A W Mackenzie's school, "The Grove," Lakefield	3 00
B Graham & Son	1 00
J C Sherin,	5 00
F J Tate	5 00
Total	$44 00

The contributions will be forwarded to Mr J M Courtney, Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

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LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

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You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

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ENNISMORE EVENTS.

Personal Paragraphs of Interest—A Social Entertainment.

Correspondence of the Review.

A Social Hop—On Wednesday evening, the 10th inst., an entertainment was held in the town hall and a most enjoyable time was spent, there being about seventy-five couples in attendance. The music for the occasion was furnished by the Scollard orchestra and all present availed themselves of the opportunity of indulging in the merry dance till an early hour in the morning.

Personal—Miss Charlotte Watson, of Peterborough, has been the guest of Miss Maggie Flood for some days past....Miss May McPherson has been the guest of Miss Clara Scollard....Miss Lillie O'Brien, of Peterborough, has been visiting friends here for the past week....Miss Hannah McCarthy has returned to Peterborough to complete a course at the Business College.

Obituary—On Friday, the 12th inst, the beloved daughter of Patrick Y Crowley, passed peacefully away. The grief stricken parents have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 41. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

MUST BE LIBERALS.

Tory Pick and Shovel Men Have No Show at Ottawa.

Sharp Discrimination Exercised by Liberal Scouts in Employing Men to Work in the Rubbish of the Western Block—Architect Ewart's Report Blames Nobody—Mr. Sifton is Cautious—A Couple of Writs Issued—Thanks From Calcutta—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, Feb 17.—(Special.)—Mr. Tarte has not yet made up his mind whether the work of restoring the West Block is to be done by contract or by day labor. Much local pressure is being exercised in the latter direction, but it is altogether unlikely that, with the multifarious duties of his department pressing upon him, and with Parliament to meet in a few weeks, the Minister of Public Works will care to assume the responsibility of personally conducting such an important work, for that is what it will amount to unless the contract system be adopted. A foretaste of his responsibilities under the day labor plan has already been afforded.

The work of clearing away the debris from the top storeys was being carried on to-day by a force of about 170 men. Most of these men were, of course, supernumeraries, and the manner of their engagement was suggestive of old-time tales of ante-election proceedings on the hill as to become quite the talk of the town. No applicant for employment was deemed worthy of so much as a hearing unless his political proclivities were vouched for, and to that end several well-posted Liberal politicians from Lower Town were on hand to identify seekers for work. Sweet are the uses of adversity to these sponsors for the political fidelity of applicants for a day's work. Never has their importance in the community been talked of so loudly. Supervisor Charleson has a keen appreciation of the political importance of the task of employing men, which is his duty, but whatever he lacked in discernment was more than made up by the watchfulness of three or four gentlemen who to-day constituted themselves a local committee on credentials. They took every care that none but those politically qualified should have a chance of employment. To the disinterested onlooker their task appeared a woefully small one for business men to be engaged in. Still, the lesson of their littleness will probably not be lost upon so astute a man as Mr. Tarte. It has given him a foretaste of the manner in which the work of restoring is likely to be done should he decide to have it carried out by day work rather than by contract.

Mr. Ewart, Acting Chief Architect of the Public Works, made his report to the Minister of the official investigation into the circumstances surrounding the fire. In the main it pieces with the reports published in the newspapers. The spread of the fire is attributed to lack of water pressure in the attic of the building, the inflammable nature of the structure and the unacquaintance of the city firemen with the premises. Mr. Ewart points out that attempts to cut a section of the roof away as a fire breach were made, but were ineffectual because the roof was a double one. As to the frozen hydrant on the grounds it is shown that it would have availed but little as a water supply, being fed from the tank in the west tower, which also supplies the hydrants in the corridors, while those dispersed on the grounds are said to be for grass watering purposes only. The appliances in the building were never intended to cope "unaided" with a considerable fire, the assistance of the city brigade being always counted upon. Mr. Ewart, in conclusion, finds that the staff of the Public Works Department did its duty, in short "that nothing which could be done under the difficult circumstances was left undone."

The Cabinet will decide on Friday as to the precise manner in which the Western Block will be restored.

The possible consequences of a fire in the tinder-box top floor of the Eastern Block have so impressed themselves upon the Minister of the Interior that he has had a quantity of records of that department removed to the Agriculture Department. The much-abused Langevin building is the only fire-proof structure of the lot, and it is the model room of the patent branch that Mr. Sifton has chosen for the storage of the valuable records of the Interior Department.

The Canada Atlantic Railway ran a special excursion to Montreal this afternoon for the hockey match. The train left here at 4.13 and arrived at Montreal 6.55, which included twenty minutes' stop at Alexandria. The actual running time was 2 hours 17 minutes, not bad for 126 miles.

Richard Nettle of the Inland Revenue Department has been granted leave of absence until July 1, when he will be superannuated. He is possibly the oldest man in the public service in Canada, although not the oldest in point of service. He was first appointed in 1857.

Writs for the Commons vacancies in Champlain and Bonaventure counties will be issued to-morrow. Nomination March 2; polling March 9.

The Government has decided to abolish the office of Deputy Commissioner of Patents, vacant by the death of Mr. Richard Pope. A bill for this purpose will be introduced into Parliament. Since the disputes about patents are now decided by the Judge of the Exchequer Court, Mr. Fisher thinks the signing of official documents can be done by Mr. Scarth, his deputy.

The following telegram was received to-day by His Excellency the Governor-General from Chief Justice Sir Francis McLean, Chairman of Famine Relief Committee, Calcutta: "Am directed by Central Executive Committee to convey their most grateful thanks to your Excellency and the subscribers to the famine fund for their splendid response to appeal."

Detective Flannigan made an important arrest in connection with incendiarism at Harmon school this afternoon, Theresa Kissick being in the cells, arrested on suspicion of having started the recent fires. The girl reported to the police that she had been employed as a domestic at the school for several years. She comes from Eardley, and is said to be well connected.

The organization of the Reform Association for Eastern Ontario is completed. Sir Richard Cartwright has been appointed president and H. A. Bate of Ottawa, secretary. There is a council of thirty, and the Executive is comprised of Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. E. H. Bronson, N. A. Belcourt, M.P., H. A. Bate, O. K. Fraser (Brockville), W. C. Edwards, M.P., and F. T. Frost, M.P. S. W. Dawson, ex-M.P., is paid organiser for the district, with headquarters at Ottawa.

The ratepayers of Hintonburgh yesterday voted in favor of the $8000 debentures bylaw submitted to them. The Molsons Bank and other debts incurred by the council of last year will now be paid. Following is the result of election: For the bylaw 177, against 8.

Lady Aberdeen has addressed a circular letter to the press explaining the details of the Home Helpers' jubilee scheme. The Bank of Montreal has undertaken to receive subscriptions for the Victorian Order of Home Helpers in Canada, at any of their branches.

Mr. Fielding to-day received a representation of the American Bank Note Co., tenderers for the contract for printing Canadian notes, stamps, etc. As far as has transpired, no contract has as yet been definitely entered into.

It is reported that the C.P.R. has made the Government a definite proposition to build the Crow's Nest Pass Railway as part of their system if a suitable and sufficient subsidy is given.

The Department of Railways and Canals have extended the time for receiving cement tenders for Portland and hydraulic cement, instead of for Portland only.

The contract for construction of the wharf at L'Orignal has been awarded to Messrs. Murray and Munro, Pembroke, the lowest tenderers.

Rev. Dr. D. M. Ramsay of Mount Forest to-night received a unanimous call from the congregation of Knox Church.

DUNNVILLE INFANTICIDE CASE.

The Police Authorities Believe They Have Got on the Trail of the Guilty Parties.

Dunnville, Ont., Feb. 17.—In the infanticide case here Detective Murray is slowly but surely collecting evidence and seems to be weaving a web from which the perpetrators of the foul murder and their accomplices, if such there be, will find it hard to escape. The witnesses have been most unwilling and would give no evidence excepting what was forced from them.

The theory of the Crown is that the mother of the child is a Miss Diebolt, who is a servant at the Mansion House here. A young farmer named Ross, living about three miles out of town, is said to be the father of the child. The proprietor of the Mansion House and his wife and daughter said they knew nothing about it, that they never even suspected the girl's condition, and that she had never been absent from her work.

Miss Alice Clark, a former companion of the girl, said she had seen her from time to time and believed that she was pregnant lately, and was also enciente about two years ago, when she went to her sister's, a Mrs. Nelson, in Moulton Township, and when she returned some considerable time afterward she had evidently gotten rid of her child, and she never heard what had become of it.

William Overholt, the Mansion House hostler, on being recalled, said Miss Angeline Diebolt had requested him to procure medicine with which to perform an abortion.

Detective Murray and Constable Stevens drove out and interviewed Ross. He made a statement to them to the effect that he was aware the girl was in trouble and acknowledged that he was the father of her child. Ross cannot now be found.

The inquest stands adjourned until Wednesday, 24th inst. Detective Murray will return to Toronto in the morning.

TO REPLACE WEYLER.

A Crisis Impending in Spain Which Will Affect Cuba.

Madrid, Feb. 17.—El Dia, in an article on the political situation, asserts in the most positive terms that a Ministerial crisis is impending, and that it is possible that Senor Sagasta will return to the Premiership.

The paper also says there is a likelihood that Gen. Ramon Blanco, late Governor-General of the Philippine Islands, will replace Gen. Weyler as Captain-General of Cuba.

Horses and Motors.

In England it is estimated that the cost of fodder for a horse traveling 20 miles a day is twopence per mile, while a motor wagon of 2 1-2 horse power can be driven the same distance at the expense of half a penny per mile.

The Last Stage.

"Is Miss Oldly out of the matrimonial market yet?"

"No, but she's on the remnant counter."

THE HAMMOND TRIAL.

Nothing Else is Talked of in Bracebridge.

Points in Which the Case Resembles the Celebrated Birchall Trial at Woodstock—Reminders of the Hyams Trial in Toronto—The Dead Girl's Mother and Brothers Give Evidence—Hammond Bought Prussic Acid—The Preacher Who Married the Pair Was on Hand—Case Will Last All Week.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 17.—(Special.)—The second day of the great Hammond-Tough murder trial saw no diminution in the interest taken in it by the people of this district. But, on the other hand, the interest is more intense than it was on the opening day, and nothing else is talked about in town.

When court opened at 9.30 this morning the town hall was crowded, and many were unable to gain admittance.

There are many features connected with this case which call to mind that famous trial at Woodstock some six years ago, when Birchall was tried and convicted for the murder of Benwell. Then, as now, the trial was held in an amusement hall, with all the gay features pertaining thereto; the same judge is presiding; the same Crown counsel prosecuting, and the prisoner here, as was the case there, is a young man stylishly dressed and well educated. It has also some resemblance to the Hyams case, as in both cases the Crown alleges that the crimes were committed to secure insurance money on the lives of the victims. The name of Aylesworth, who was famous in the Hyams case, also bobs up in this case, he having been handed the cheque for Miss Tough's trunk by the prisoner's father. Besides, it is said that young Hammond was a friend of Aylesworth's and a continual spectator at the Hyams trial.

Another coincidence is that the prisoner in this case commenced his electric light scheme with the New York man immediately after the Hyams' first trial.

The Crown, in resuming the case this morning, tried to establish the fact that the prisoner had been seen in company with the deceased at about 8 o'clock on the evening of her death; also to prove the identity of the now famous trunk and the finding of the stopper of the bottle on the road, and the discovery of the bottles in the deceased's room. To do this Frank and James Albert Tough, brothers of the dead girl, were called. Both now swore positively that they saw their sister in company with Hammond shortly after 8 o'clock on the fatal night. Frank told how he found two bottles under the mattress on her bed after the body had been brought home. He identified the trunk produced as his, but which his sister was using while she was in Toronto. He further said that when he asked the prisoner if he and his sister were married he (the prisoner) said they were not, but that she was married to a man named James, whom he was acquainted with.

James Albert was sure he saw his sister with Hammond that night. The prisoner also denied in witnesses' presence that he was with Kate that night. The finding of the stopper of the bottle on the road was also told of by this witness. Both the Tough brothers admitted they had strong feelings against the prisoner, and had expressed themselves to the effect that they would like to put a rope around his neck.

Under the severe cross-examination of Mr. Johnston, they both contradicted themselves, and it was necessary for the judge to caution Frank to be careful what he was saying. There are many discrepancies in their evidence to-day with that given by them at the inquest and preliminary trial.

Frank also admitted that he kept a watch on his sister, as he expected she was hearing from Hammond.

Rev. George Whitman of Buffalo, N. Y., was called to prove the marriage of the prisoner to the deceased. This witness affirmed. Mr. Johnston admitted the marriage, but the marriage certificate was produced and read. It showed that the prisoner, under the name of William Thomas James, was married to Miss K. E. Tough at Buffalo on Nov. 19, 1895.

Mrs. William Tough, sworn, said: I am the mother of the deceased. She was my only daughter. She kept company with the prisoner previous to their going to Toronto. There was a quarrel between them about a year before Kate went to the city. The prisoner left Gravenhurst about a year before the deceased did. She left home at Easter, 1895, and stayed away for several months. She then returned and remained at home until October, when she again went to Toronto. I got a letter from her in November, 1895, saying she was in Buffalo. She returned home the Saturday before Christmas, but she did not bring her trunk with her.

She again went back to Toronto the day after New Year's. On Feb. 15 1896, Kate again came home. She had no trunk with her, but expected it and enquired for it at the station. She was in good health and spirits. Never knew her to take medicine, except for neuralgia. She intended going to Orillia the day after her death. While home she was sewing for herself. Made a dress, etc., and quilt. She received letters during her last visit home. While home she did the housework and on the evening of her death prepared tea and had the table cleared away by 7 o'clock. When she went out about 7.30 she wore a large cape, large sailor hat and a black veil. (These articles were here produced and identified by witness.) She came in again, went upstairs, and immediately went out again. Did not speak to her, as I was reading. Mr. Allen McNabb came in at the back door as she went out at the front door. Frank came in shortly after, smoked a while and went upstairs. Mr. McNabb started to leave, but I persuaded him to remain until Kate came back. Think it was about an hour from she went out last until her body was brought in.

I had a conversation with prisoner while standing near the body. He said he had not seen her that day. Told him that he must know what happened, as Kate was his wife. He said she was not his wife, but that she was married to a man named James. The prisoner asked if the deceased had been taking medicine and if there were any bottles in her room or any poison. I had heard of the marriage previously from friends. Parties had called to congratulate Kate. I knew nothing of bottles in her room until told of them by Frank. Gave bottles to Dr. Grant. A cup was found on the window in her room, with something in the bottom of it.

Here Mr. Osler asked the witness to step around and examine the contents

Continued on Page 8

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
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FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRAPE, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

STORMER BICYCLE
HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
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TELEPHONE 189 or 215. Day or night.

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RECENTLY OCCUPIED AS AMERICAN Consulate and Rochester Star Nursery, No. 417 Water street, next the Post Office. Good vault, heated with hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply to DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON. 261

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
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No order too large or too small for our capacity.
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TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
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Glove Buyers.
Who cannot do with an extra pair of Gloves.
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—Here is such a time.
—The price is 50c. per pair.
—The price was from $1.00 to $1.25.
—The Gloves are Perrin Freres.'
—We know of no gloves better.
—500 pairs in the lot. All shades.
—The goods on sale now.
—It will pay to buy.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

General.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Perfect," (Patent) and
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Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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Too Good to Miss! No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing, Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

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The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

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They All

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this medicine keep up while others

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and in a short time go out of sight entirely, to be heard from no more."

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy which has cured more sickness, relieved more distress and made more happiness by bringing people

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health than any other medicine. Its wonderful cures of the worst cases of scrofula, running sores, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; of dyspepsia and other troubles where a first class tonic and aid to digestion was needed; of catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and other troubles arising from or promoted by impure blood, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 18, 1897

FOOD FOR SERIOUS CONSIDERATION.

Once again is the provincial expenditure larger than the revenue. According to the public accounts for 1895, the Government had on hand at the end of that year the following sums:—

Current balance	$ 87,580
Special deposits	350,000
Total	$ 437,580

The special deposits, it should be explained, are what is left of the Sandfield Macdonald surplus of $4,297,000, which was in the banks when the Reformers came to office, determined to economise. During the year 1896 the financial transactions were as follows:—

Expenditures	$3,703,379
Receipts	3,490,671
Deficit	$ 212,708

As a result of this deficiency the Government has had to draw again upon the cash resources. The cash stood on Dec. 31, 1896, in this way:—

Current balance	$ 204,320
Special deposits	22,500
Total	$ 226,820
Less stationery yet to be paid for	1,948
Actual amount in hand	$ 224,872

The difference between the cash balances in hand in December, 1895 and in December, 1896, is this:—

In hand December, 1895	$ 437,580
In hand December, 1896	224,872
Reduction	$ 212,708

This $212,708, it will be observed, works out which ever way the figures are examined. If we take the sum of the expenditures for 1896, and deduct the receipts from it the deficiency is $212,708. If we turn to the cash account we see that $212,708 is the amount by which it has been pulled down. In other words, the Government began in 1896 with $437,580 to its credit, and ended the year by drawing $212,708 from the account to meet the deficiency in its revenue which the large outlay had created. There is another fact that calls for attention. In order to keep the revenue up the Government incurred an addition to the debt by selling another block of annuities. The receipts from this sale were $177,730. The income derived by the creation of new debt is not current revenue. It is a charge upon revenue that has yet to be collected. Deduct the $177,730 from the current, or actual, revenue, and the year's income was not $3,490,671, but $3,312,941. The actual financial result of the year's work, therefore, was this:—

Expenditure	$3,703,379
Revenue	3,312,941
Deficit	$ 390,438

This deficit means that we are going behind at the rate of $32,500 a month, or $7,500 a week, or of $1,240 every working day. The system of deficits, accompanied as it is by a reduction in our cash deposits and by an increase in the debt, has been in progress for some years. Here is a table showing the process under which the cash surplus, which the Government inherited on taking office, has disappeared:—

1872 deposited in banks	$4,297,000
1884	1,538,000
1895	437,580
1896	224,872

Since 1872 the cash that has disappeared aggregates $4,072,180. The debt was, according to last year's budget, $2,668,800. We paid last year $86,200 off this debt, thus reducing it to $2,582,600; but we have added in new annuities $177,730, which brings it up again to $2,760,330. Our position therefore stands in this way:

Less cash	$4,072,128
Added debt	2,760,330
Total	$6,832,458

In other words, we have gone behind to the tune of $6,832,458, or by $284,000 annually. The $284,000 is an average, but we are now making the average larger, seeing that last year the actual deficit was $342,000. It is of interest to note that the Government has kept its deficit down somewhat by taking over municipal revenues or reducing the proportion of revenue going to the municipalities, and increasing the proportion coming to itself; also that it has taken money from the people, as, for example, by way of the succession duties, which realized $165,000 last year. The important and painful facts to bear in mind, however, are that the cash surplus of $4,297,000 has simmered down to $224,000, that a debt of $2,760,000 has been built up, and that the Government, in the face of this situation, is still spending more than it takes in by $32,500 every month, or $7,500 a week, or $1,240 a day.—Mail and Empire.

THE Laurier Government, it is said, propose to place a duty on tea. The object is evidently to relieve the necessaries of life of duty, and incidently, to raise a revenue. That old cry of the Liberals about taxing the breakfast table will be silent.

REPORTS of business stagnation resulting from the tariff uncertainity continue to come from different parts of the Dominion. That the industrial interests are seriously affected cannot be doubted, and yet the "strongest Governmeant that Canada has ever seen" cannot, with the aid of volumes of evidence taken by the tariff commissioners and the information gathered at Washington, U.S., come to any definite conclusion as to what their tariff policy will be. Hence they make no announcement to allay the feeling of uncertainity, but rather increase that feeling from day to day by the utterances of different Ministers. The free trade Ministers cause distrust one day. The reciprocity hunters who have returned from the American capital do the trick the next day. Thus is the uncertainity increasing, and business suffers accordingly. Let these Liberal Ministers cease watching with a humilating eagerness the United States. Let us have some definite utterance. Let business and industrial interests have some understanding regarding the future. Let this stagnation be ended.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the mouth of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

NASHVILLE SOCIETY AGOG.

The Earl and Countess of Aberdeen Made A Great Sensation at the Hon. A. Marjoribank's Wedding.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 17.—There have been notable weddings in Nashville, but none have approached in importance that of Miss Myssie Brown, a member of one of the oldest families in the exclusive section of the South, and the Hon. Archibald J. Marjoribanks, brother-in-law of the Governor-General of Canada, Earl Aberdeen. The wedding ceremony was performed in the First Presbyterian Church of this city, and a more brilliant collection of old families has not been seen here in a long time.

The groom is a brother of Lady Aberdeen and brother of Lord Tweedmouth. The party which accompanied the groom was unquestionably the most distinguished party that has ever visited this city. It consisted of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, their daughter (Lady Marjory Gordon), Captain Wilberforce of the Queen's Boys, Robert Monroe Ferguson of the Royal Scottish Archers and Lieut.-Col. Strathy of the Fifth Royal Scots Guards of Canada.

The groom is a member of the Royal Scottish Archers, and all of the gentlemen named appeared in full regalia at the wedding and reception at the residence of Mrs. Leslie Warner, which followed. The distinguished party will leave in the morning for Canada. The young couple will make their home in England.

Look to the Ball Bearings

One who has had much experience on the road declares that it is one of the most foolish things a bicycle rider can do to use his machine if any of the ball bearings are broken. This occurs frequently and may easily be detected by the hard running of the machine and the grating noise which comes from that part of the machine in which the break occurs. As soon as the break is discovered the best method to pursue is to remove the broken part at once as if left in it will destroy the cones by wearing a groove in them. It is a simple matter to take the bearings apart, and the absence of a ball or two will not materially affect the running of the machine. The balls, when taken out, should be replaced as soon as practicable.

Would Keep Her Too Busy.

He—I have never kissed you, Alice. Would you cut my friendship if I stole just one?

She—I might be tempted to, but I was just reading about forgiving 70 times 7 offendings. Goodness! That's 490.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS.

Will the Powers Permit Greece to Annex Crete?—Fleet Cruising Near the Bosphorus

Constantinople, Feb. 17.—The Ministry of Marine has asked the Government for a credit of £50,000 (Turkish) to defray the expenses incurred in preparing and mobilizing the Turkish fleet. The two squadrons are now being prepared. The first, which will comprise four warships and ten torpedo boats, will sail within five days under command of Vice-Admiral Falk. The second will be commanded by Vice-Admiral Hassan, and will consist of five warships and ten torpedo boats. Fifty thousand naval reserves have been summoned for service in addition to the Redifs of the Third Army corps, now at Salonica, and the Redifs of Trebizond, have also been ordered to join their colors, making altogether 76,900 men who will be concentrated near the Greek frontier.

More Marines Landed

Athens, Feb. 17.—Later advices from Crete confirm the rumors that detachments of marines have been landed from the foreign warships at Heraklion, Retimo and Sitia. The officer in comamnd of the French marines, who compose the force of occupation at Retimo, the advices say, has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of that place.

No Fighting Will be Allowed.

Canea, Feb. 17.—Vice-Admiral Canevaro, commanding the allied naval forces of the powers in Cretan waters, has written a note to the Greek Consul at this place, informing that official that it is the purpose of he powers by their occupancy of various cities of the island to promote a bloodless settlement of the Cretan difficulty, and that, therefore, any attack upon the towns occupied, whether made by Turks or Christians, will be repelled by the united forces of the powers. He also urges the insurgents and the Greeks to abstain from military action in other parts of Crete.

Will They Wink at It?

London, Feb. 17.—The Daily News will say to-morrow: It is reported in the lobby among the Unionist members of the House of Commons that it is not likely that the powers will seriously attempt to dislodge the Greeks from the Island of Crete, but that their presence will, after a decent interval, be acquiesced in with a view to the ultimate annexation of the island to the Greek Kingdom. It is whispered that King George was made aware beforehand that the action taken by Greece would not be resisted desperately.

Greek Captures a Tower.

The Daily News wil print to-morrow a despatch from Athens, saying it is reported there that a part of the corps of occupation commanded by Col. Vassos, to-day attacked the tower of Roncelion. he Turkish garrison, after a brief resistance, yielded and the Greek force took possession.

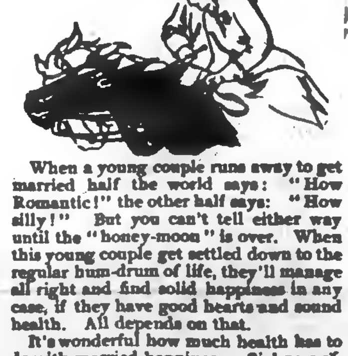
WHAT DOES RUSSIA MEAN?

Black Sea Fleet Ready for Action and Southern Troops Mobilized.

London, Feb. 17.—The Times to-morrow will print a despatch from its St. Petersburg correspondent, crystallizing and confirming the rumors of preparations for war by the Russian Govrenment. These preparations, the despatch says, do not imply any intention on the part of Russia of declaring war, but simply that she is doing everything possible to place herself in readiness for possible warlike action in the vicinity of Constantinople. The Black Sea fleet is constantly ready for action and a large number of troops in the south have been mobilized.

New York State Railroad Commissioners.

Albany, Feb. 16.—The Senate has unanimously confirmed the nominations of George W. Dunn and Ashley Cole to be State Railroad Commissioners. The nomination of Frank M. Baker was confirmed by a strict party vote of 30 to 13.



When a young couple runs away to get married half the world says: "How Romantic!" the other half says: "How silly!" But you can't tell either way until the "honey-moon" is over. When this young couple get settled down to the regular hum-drum of life, they'll manage all right and find solid happiness in any case, if they have good hearts and sound health. All depends on that.

It's wonderful how much health has to do with married happiness. Sickness affects the temper. You can't be happy nor make others happy if you're ailing. When you find yourself irritable, easily worried, beginning to "run-down" it's because your blood is getting poor. You need richer blood and more of it. Your blood-making organs need to be vitalized by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It imparts new power to produce an abundance of the healthy, red corpuscles, and gives you a fresh supply of pure, rich blood. It's a blood-creator; it is for everyone whose blood is impure or in a poor, "run-down" condition. It prevents the germs of disease from getting a hold on your system. Even after disease is settled on you, it is driven out by the blood-creating properties of the "Discovery." It is a perfect cure for general and nervous debility, catarrh, malaria, eczema, erysipelas, scrofula and every form of blood-disease. It is'nt called a consumption-cure but even consumption,—which has its roots in the blood—is driven out by the "Golden Medical Discovery" if taken in time.

The "Discovery" is the prescription of one of the most eminent physicians and medical writers in this country.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897.

The Passenger and the Umbrella.

The man with the yellow goatee meant to ride several blocks further, but, catching sight of a friend on the sidewalk, he hurriedly left the car, and his umbrella was left leaning against the front door. As many as a dozen passengers took notice of his heedlessness, and of the six or seven without umbrellas every one decided to secure the astray for himself. It took cheek to walk up to it, but a red-headed man finally arose, looked around the car, and then advanced to the front door and looked out, at the same time grasping the handle of the umbrella. As he turned to make his way out of the car a man smilingly said:—

"Excuse me, please, but I shall need my umbrella when I get off the car."

"Is this your umbrella?"

"It is, sir."

"Look here!" said a third man, as he half rose up, "it's a mighty queer thing that I can't let go my umbrella without some one gobbling it up!"

"You don't claim this?" queried the man who had it.

"Certainly I do."

"Why, it's my identical umbrella!" gasped the second man.

"Ah, there, don't walk off with that!" put in a fourth. "I've lost about a dozen umbrellas on this line this year, and am getting tired of it. Just put it back where I left it, will you?"

"Not much he won't!" exclaimed the fifth man. "There is a law in this State to punish umbrella thieves, and I'll see that it's enforced if this thing goes too far! Why don't you pick my pockets for a change?"

"Now, then," said the red-headed man, "you can't play no game on me! I guess I know an umbrella which I've carried for six months. Every one of you must have seen me stand it up against the door as I came in."

"No, we didn't!" shouted the others in chorus.

"Then, I'm a liar, am I? Then, I'm a would-be thief, am I? I don't want no row, but—"

At this moment the man who owned and left the umbrella boarded the car, after a hot run, and, advancing up the aisle, he reached out for his property, with the remark:—

"That's the me—always leaving it behind."

"Just so, sir—expected you back for it," said the red-headed man.

"Yes, expected you back," added No. 3.

"Yes; it's his umbrella!" chorused the others.

"I was almost afraid it would be gone," said the loser, as he backed out.

"Oh, no! no!" exclaimed the disputants together. "We knew it was yours, and were saving it for you!"—Washington Star.

OAK HALL.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

—Mr. H. K. Smith, game warden, Belleville, was a visitor in Minden last week, and several violators of the game laws will receive more attention at his hand than they desire.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

VEGETABLE HEALING.

Properties in Wild and Cultivated Plants Useful in the Household.

Do you know that, either growing wild in our fields and forests or cultivated in our gardens, there are over two hundred shrubs, trees, plants or weeds which are known to possess curative powers, and are more or less used in the treatment of disease? For instance, there is arnica, the tincture that gives relief from bruises, wounds and sprains, made from the flowers of a plant that grows wild in northern Europe, and is often cultivated in old-fashioned gardens in this country. It is a standard remedy with both schools of medicine. The common marigold provides the calendula of the doctors' medicine cases, and the tincture made from the leaves and flowers is very valuable for use on fresh cuts and bruises. The common burdock is used in form of a tea for diseases of the kidneys and also for the alleviation of dropsy, rheumatism and skin diseases. The virtues of catnip, sage, red pepper, hoarhound and saffron tea are known to almost every elderly woman, who has often resorted to their use in sudden illnesses with excellent results. The bayberry (Myrica carifera) makes one of the best remedies for scrofulous eruptions, in the form of a poultice made of the bark of the shrub. The bark of the slippery elm makes a tea useful in fevers.

In the lobelia, also known as Indian tobacco, colicweed, etc., we have one of the most effective and safest emetics known. It was the standard Indian remedy for colic, and much in request after one of the feasts at which the savages literally gorged themselves. The leaves of the common fireweed, that pest of waste places, are an excellent blood-purifier, and valuable in all stomachic and bowel diseases, and also for affections of the lungs. Veratrum is a standard remedy with physicians, being used with good effect in diseases of the heart and lungs, especially in pneumonia. It is commonly known as Indian poke and grows wild in swamps and marshes. The rot is the part used, a tincture being prepared from it. Digitalis, prepared from the foxglove of the gardens, is a powerful narcotic poison, but valuable when properly administered, in heart disease, asthma, inflammatory fevers, dropsy of the chest and epilepsy. Nux vomica and strychnine, also belladonna, deadly poisons, but medicines the doctors could illy spare, are prepared from plants.

Hops are tonic; it is the bitter principle in them that gives beer its one virtue—alleged healthfulness. They promote sleep; a hop pillow is supposed to possess peculiar virtues for the wakeful, and a hop poultice is an excellent application for neuralgia, being soothing to the nerves. A tea of hops, and motherwort is often recommended to clear out a sallow or jaundiced complexion. A poultice of the common thistle, and a tea made from it is a German specific for neuralgia. The eucalyptus is a tree that is very peculiar. Wherever it grows, malaria is unknown. The leaves are a remedy for bruises; a decoction of them makes a gargle for sore throat; a salve of the acorns relieves rheumatism; the exudation from some species, when the bark is cut, is an aperient. There is said to be a store in San Francisco where remedies made of the leaves and bark of the eucalyptus which are specifics for two hundred different diseases, are offered for sale.

Keeping a Carpet Clean.

The carpet sweeper was hailed as a boon to women and something destined to drive brooms out of the market. It certainly proves useful in many cases and saves work for tired arms. It picks up the lint and some of the dust, but the particular housekeeper declares there is nothing like a broom for business. The use of the broom, however, necessitates an elaborate dusting, that is as much work as was the sweeping. There is a way of avoiding the double duty and making the carpet clean without either broom or duster. It must be premised, though, that the room is not allowed to get into that condition where the dust lies thick under chairs and tables.

To keep a carpet clean and bright, wring a large cloth—one made of old knitted underwear is best—out of a pail of clean warm water, in which you have put a tablespoonful of ammonia. Wring it dry, then wipe the carpet with it, rinsing it out frequently. It will remove all dust and prevent the dust from sifting through an ingrain or settling into a brussels. This wiping up, too, is much less wearing on a carpet than the use of a broom, which inevitably sweeps off some of the wool. A handful of coarse salt used instead of some of the ammonia at the season when moths prevail, discourages them. And it is not necessary to take up the carpets so often where this cleaning is constantly practised. If the wiping-up process is too laborious make a regular mop and keep it for this purpose. This is easier on the one who does the work. The mop or cloth is always to be wrung very dry, and rinsed after. Thus used it does not at all injure the carpet, while the ammonia keeps the colors bright.

An excellent mixture to clean a very dirty carpet is made by this formula: Dissolve four ounces of any good white soap in four quarts of boiling water. Let it cool, and then add five ounces of ammonia, two and a half ounces of alcohol, the same quantity of glycerine and two ounces of ether. Put in jugs or bottles and keep tightly corked. Use a cupful to a pail of hot water for a carpet; two tablespoonfuls in a pint of strong coffee to clean a black coat or cloak, and to take out grease spots, use without diluting.

Suggestions to Housekeepers.

A mirror should never stand or be hung where the sun's rays fall upon it. The light and heat produce a chemical disintegration of the quicksilver at the back, which injures the reflective power and makes the glass seem dim and dull.

Many cooks believe the white meal, made from southern corn, is superior to the yellow, made from that grown at the north. Nevertheless a johnny cake doesn't seem to advertise itself as such unless it is a golden yellow. The yellow meal is very sweet and nice.

In cooking the breakfast table cereals, the object is to give them a chance to absorb water and to cook the starch thoroughly. The larger and drier the grain the more time must be allowed for the accomplishment of this result. Whole grains are improved by a previous soaking; those that are finely ground must be mixed with cold water to prevent the formation of lumps. Others should be sifted through the fingers into boiling salted water. Cook fast at first, then more slowly over boiling water, covered, and without stirring.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Merry Moments Ensured by Our Friends the Paragraphers.

She—So you are really engaged at last? Oh, I am so glad! Her—You ought to be.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Those people next door are still in their honeymoon." "Do you think so?" "Yes, he goes shopping with her."—Chicago Record.

"Here is a joke about an electric shock," said the humorist. "Put it under the head of 'Current Fun,'" replied the editor.—Life.

Mom—What do you think would be the greatest evil of another civil war? Fos—The plays that would come after it.—Life.

Reporter—Will you be a member of the cabinet? Great Statesman—Um! This weather certainly is very remarkable.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

Fair Poetess—Won't you please print my poem? Conciliatory editor—I can't, really; but I should like to print your picture.—Somerville Journal.

"I've discovered why the Greeks were such a happy people." "Why was it?" "They didn't have their clothes made to fit."—Chicago Record.

"Brownjones is the hardest man to take in shorthand that I every struck." "Does he talk so fast as that?" "No—so confounded slow."—New York Sun.

Frisby—Is it not much more expensive cruising in a yacht than traveling on the cars? Vanwart—The reverse. There are no porters on yachts.—Judge.

"I like to cook enough to last," remarked the young bride. "You do," groaned the devoted hubby, "no matter how little you cook."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

The gay fool-killer now may shirk
At ease, as wintry slush he views,
His victims kindly do the work
By leaving off their overshoes.
—Washington Star.

"Were those cough-drops beneficial?" "They worked like a charm. They have such a horrible taste that the children have all stopped coughing."

"Do you know your neighbors, the Lippertons?" "No, we don't know them at all; they merely used to lend us their lawn mower last summer."—Chicago Record.

"Scientists say that the secret of all life is vibration." "Pooh! I've had lots of people give me the shake, but there wasn't anything secret about it."—Chicago Record.

"I thought perhaps you would give me a lift, sir," he said as he entered the office. "You will find the elevator in the front of the building," replied the bookkeeper.—Judge.

An Unsophisticated Little Thing.

"Oh, girls," said the black eyed saucebox, "do you see that blue eyed little thing over there?"

The other girls saw her.

"She's awfully green."

"Is she?"

"Yes. I asked her if she liked pajamas, and what do you suppose she replied?"

The other girls gave it up.

"She said she never ate any."

All three of the girls laughed at this. It was too funny.

"Ethel," said the black eyed saucebox, "you go and ask her what she thinks of pajamas, and see what she says."

Ethel went and soon came back.

"Well, what did she say?"

"I said: 'Excuse me, but do you like pajamas?' and she answered, 'I never read sensational novels.'"

The three girls tittered again.

"Now you go and ask her, Dora," suggested the black eyed saucebox.

Dora soon returned.

"What did she say?" queried the others.

"She said she never attended farce comedies."

At this the three girls tittered more hilariously than before. Then the black eyed saucebox stopped tittering and asked:

"Girls, you don't suppose that unsophisticated little thing was guying us, do you?"

"I'm afraid she was," replied Ethel.

"That's the way it looks to me now," replied Dora.

The three girls tittered no more.

A Misunderstanding.

Weary Waggles—Kin I see the lady of the house?

Bridget—No; she's engaged.

Weary Waggles—That won't make any difference. I don't want ter marry her.

Some Practical Points

Goatskin rugs can be cleaned by rubbing with a soft rag wet in naphtha. No gas should be lighted in the room when it is being done, and the rag should be hung in the air afterward till the odor disappears.

The following treatment is recommended for neuralgia: Heat a freestone and roll it in a cloth; then wet one side of it, pour over it a teaspoonful of essence of peppermint, lay the face on it, and wrap the head in flannel.

A silver polish can be made by mixing a few drops of ammonia with whiting, and adding enough water to the whole to make it the consistency of cream. It can be bottled, and if corked tightly will keep as long as desired. It cleans silver without hard rubbing.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homœopathic

REMEDIES

SAVE DOCTORS' FEES

With Munyon's Guide to Health and a Munyon Family Medicine Chest in the House You Can

Avoid Long Spells of Illness.

The Munyon Remedies act instantly, giving relief after the first two or three doses and effecting a rapid cure even in the most obstinate cases. There is a separate Munyon Remedy for each disease and each specific has plain directions, so there can be no mistake. If you are ailing read Munyon's Guide to Health; it will describe your disease and tell you how to cure yourself with a 25-cent Munyon Remedy. If you find that you have rheumatism, take Munyon's Rheumatism Cure and your pains and aches will be gone in a few days. If you have stomach trouble take Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure; for a cold or a cough, the Cold Cure or the Cough Cure, and so on. No matter what the disease you can be absolutely certain of a cure if you take the remedy recommended in the "Guide." Where you are in doubt, a personal letter to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, will be answered, with free medical advice for any disease.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c A BOTTLE.

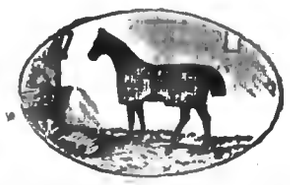
Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.



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BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

Dying by Inches

Many a person is losing his hold on this life by being gradually poisoned by eating food baked with impure Baking Powder. The quantities taken into the system are small, but they are slowly and surely eating the coating off the stomach and ruining the digestion and the nervous system.

Use Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda Baking Powder and live. We guarantee

PURE-GOLD

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THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We [illegible] and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

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166-168 Hunter Street.

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FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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All the Help You Want?

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Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing,

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You Will Find It Pays

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In THE REVIEW.

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WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

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A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.30 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

AS THE TIME DRAWS NEAR TO

OUR GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

The enthusiasm grows more intense, and it's no wonder; when you think that the public will get the Best Class of Goods at 25c. on the dollar less than any merchant in town can buy his goods. Keep watching this space for the announcement of the greatest sale of Dry Goods ever seen in Peterborough.

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SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	100, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

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MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away, John."

TYPE WRITERS THE "EMPIRE" Latest and Best.

HALF THE PRICE OF OTHERS.

The name of the manufacturers is a guarantee of its quality. Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd. Montreal, P.Q.

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Monday Evening, Feb. 22

AN X RAYS OF SUN DAZZLING WIT,

THE GORMANS

In a Prize-winning Study in Lunacy,

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EVERYTHING NEW.
New Music. New Specialties,
New Costumes. New Ideas.
50—MUSICAL NUMBERS—50

Prices 50, 35 and 25 cents. Box Seats 75c. Seats now on sale. d40

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FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

February 19th and 20th.

Grand Saturday Matinee 2.30 p.m.
Evening 8 15.

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UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Largest, Grandest and Best in the World

50 people 2 Brass Bands, Grand Orchestra, 20 Great Jubilee Shouters, Plantation Fife and Drum Corps, the Celebrated Afro-American Swiss Bell Ringers, Buck and Wing Dancers, 2 Quartettes, Grand Mandolin Sextette.

The Original New York Cast.

A Grand Cake Walk, introducing 20 prize winners. Grand Par-de at noon.

Matinee prices, children 15c, adults 25c. Evening 25, 35 and 50c. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store. d39

Wall Papers!

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New Spring Stock Put in Direct from the Manufacturers.

Hundreds of handsome patterns, in all shades and combinations of color. Borders of all widths to match.

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

H Calcutt's Bargain Day

On Saturday only. Bottled porter and ale at 90c a dozen, delivered in any part of the town. Terms cash. 1d41

Y M C A Notes

The "Bible Institute" conducted by Rev J G Potter, will meet to-night at 8 o'clock. All young men are invited.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Give Rickey a call. George-st., next to Lech's.

Impartial Verdict Given

The Legendre stock bought at 55c on the dollar is the best and cheapest in the market. New goods coming in reduced in price to put with them. Special sale of Dress Goods and Linings now going on. 3d41

Furniture Away Down

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc, all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

Money From Licenses.

According to the annual report now to hand the number of tavern licenses in Peterborough in 1896-97 was 24, while the shop licenses numbered 4. The amount received for licenses, transfers, removals, fines, etc., was $7,790 of which $4,531 27 was the proportion paid to the municipality, $3,260 was imposed by municipal by-law. In Smith the license, fees, etc., amounted to $360, Lakefield, $800; North Monaghan, $60; Ashburnham, $935, Harvey, $45.

A Lively Runaway

About one o'clock this afternoon quite an exciting runaway took place on George-st. Dr Halliday's horse and cutter, which were in charge of the doctor's driver, were turning at Simcoe-st. on to George when one of the runners of the cutter came into contact with the street railway track and in attempting to turn from the track the cutter upset and the horse made a bolt up the street, the man holding onto the lines until the animal ran onto the sidewalk when he released his grip and the equine proceeded north until near London-st. when it collided with a telegraph pole, leaving the cutter in the rear slightly damaged.

Heavy Navy Eastman Serge, 48 inches wide at 45 cts a yard at Turnbull's, usually 75 cts.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In the LeBrun medal contest at the rink last evening Skip John McKee was defeated by Skip McNeil by four shots, the score being:—

Dr Greer	H Snowden
W J Thompson	A Blade
J Stanger	C Rutherford
John McKee, s'p. 12	A McNeil, skip....16

Judge Weller and Skip Belleghem had a friendly game which resulted as follows:—

O B Shortly	H Hall
W H Meredith	G H Giroux
Geo Edmison	J McClelland
Judge Weller, s'p. 8	D Belleghem, skip. 8

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

A game of hockey was played a few days ago on the Riverside park rink between the St. John's and St. Luke's boys brigade. The score was 3 to 1 in favor of the Mission.

St. Luke's Boy's Brigade.		St. John's Mission Boy's Brigade.
B Hamilton	Goal	C Sawers
F Burnham	Point	F Roy
F Glover	Cover Point	H VanEvery
A Renton, E Dormer, H Morgan, S Tivey	Forwards	A Brundrette, B Cranfield, N Sawyers, W Hutchinson

Mr M Boswell, referee.

For St. Luke's H Morgan scored one goal. For the Mission A Brundrette scored 1 goal. W Hutchinson scored one goal and B Cranfield scored one goal. H VanEvery on cover point put up a star game, while C Sawyers put up a fine game in goal. N. Sawyers played a fine game on the forward line.

A team of greenies drove down to Keene last evening and met defeat at the hands of the village seven, the score being 5 to 2.

Berlin holds the intermediate championship. They won from the Kingston Frontenacs quite easily last evening, and the boys from the German town went home happy as happy could be. Peterborough shares in the sorrow of the Kingston team, who must have met a mighty fast team in the Berlin seven, for the Frontenacs are not slow by any means.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

Breaking Away.

By a unanimous vote the Grand Lodge Ancient Order United Workmen, Ontario, in session at Toronto yesterday decided to sever all financial connection with the Supreme Lodge, and in future to work independently in so far as the finances of the Order are concerned. It was also determined to move the offices of the Order from St. Thomas to Toronto.

Runaway.

A very exciting runaway took place on George-st. the other day. A small boy who was stopped in his headlong course up street the other day explained that his master told him to run away up to E. Brown & Co's to get some of those choice groceries. The best is cheapest. We have nothing else in stock. E. Brown & Co. 394 George-st., Peterborough. d41ti

Met at Toronto.

President Geo Elliott, Directors J R Stratton, M P P, and D Kennedy, of the West Peterborough Agricultural Society, and President F Birdsall and Director T Blezard, M P P, of the East Peterborough Agricultural Society, attended the annual meeting of the Canadian Fall Fairs Association at Toronto yesterday. Mr. Elliott was chosen a member of the Executive committee.

MR. DAVID BOYLE'S REPORT

To the Minister of Education on the Mounds Discovered in Otonabee.

Mr. David Boyle in his annual report as provincial archæologist, refers at length to his discoveries made last summer on the shores of Rice lake. It will be remembered that Mr. Boyle found some earth mounds near Keene and also unearthed several Indian curios. Mr. Boyle's description of these mounds is exceedingly interesting and those who desire to peruse this volume should send to the Minister of Education for a copy. In the preface to the report Mr. Boyle says: "The work of the past season was signalized by the identification of the principle earthwork on Mijang's point, Otonabee, as a serpent mound, the only one known in Canada, as it is perhaps the only effigy mound of any kind, and it is not displeasing that we should thus be enabled to mark in Ontario, the last year of the first hundred that have elapsed since the birth of prehistoric archæology at Hoxne in Suffolk, England.

In beginning his report, Mr Boyle remarks that there is apparently no more fascinating belief than that which attributes the construction of our American mounds to a semi-civilized and peacefully disposed race which was ruthlessly exterminated by the savage Indian. The archæologist quoted several authorities who opinated that the mound makers were simply Indians. In regard to this Mr Boyle says: "Even, however, some of those who agree that the mass of evidence favors acceptance of the view that Indians were the mound makers, write and speak as if all the mounds were constructed by the same tribe of Indians. There is no more reason to believe this than that all the mounds were built at the same time. Face to face as we are with facts accumulated mainly during the last half century, if, indeed it would not be more correct to say during the last quarter, we concluded that American mound builders were not of one "nation or tongue" nor of one way of thinking, even in the construction of the tumuli. The making of mounds, cairns and pyramids, seems to be inseparable from human nature, embodying ideas of safety, strength, advantage, superiority, dignity, honor or worship, connected with the living or with the dead." Mr. Boyle classified mounds into two kinds, burial and fortification and effigy.

The writer then proceeds to deal with the serpent mound discovered at Mijang's Point. The common name for this point is "De-Zang's," but the spelling should be Mijang. Mijang was the father of the late Chief Pandanah, of the Hiawatha band. Mr. Boyle extensively describes this mound as well as the Gore's Landing ridge, the Miller mound, near Hiawatha, Cameron's Point mound, and Sugar Island mounds. The report contains a photo of the serpent mound by Dr. Harrison, of Keene.

Mr. Boyle also alludes to embanked hollows and refers to one pointed out to him by Mr. Dan Whetung, of the Chemong Indian tribe, who took the archæologist to a place on Chemong lake, which is said to have been employed by the Ojibwas to conceal the women and children during the times of unpleasantness that were so frequent, if not actually chronic, between these people and the Iroquois. These hollows which were found, Mr. Boyle stated, were simply examples of subsidence.

The courtesy shown to Mr. Boyle by Messrs H T Strickland and G W Hatton, town, Dr Shaw, Dr Harrison, Jas Miller, Robt Borland, Thos Borland, Thos Wallace, J A McIntyre, Archie Weir, and Mrs Foley, Keene, F Birdsall and Adam Humphrey, Birdsall, and Thos Blezard, M P P, is acknowledged.

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. HACKING.

ST. PAUL'S CHOIR AT NORWOOD.

A Sacred Concert in the Norwood Presbyterian Church.

St Paul's church choir journeyed to Norwood yesterday afternoon and in the evening they provided a programme at a sacred concert in the Presbyterian church, which was filled with an appreciative audience.

The programme was as follows:

PART I

Chorus....."Praise the Lord".....Stainer
Motette....."Heart be Still".....Warren
Duet....."Rock of Ages".....Spindler
Mrs Mein and Miss Montgomery
Piano solo...."La Truite"..Schubert-Heller
Miss Alice Roger
Vocal duet—Sele and....Miss Vair and Mr J Crane
Vocal Solo....."Angel Voices".....Braga
Mrs Mein.
(With violin obligato by Mr H F McKeown.)

PART II.

Anthem...."The Souls of the Righteous"..Woodward
Obligato solo by Miss Paterson.
Piano solo....."Rigandon".....Raff
Miss Alice Roger.
Unaccompanied chorus.."Thou Wilt Keep Him".....Buck
Solo.....Miss Vair
Recitation...."The Mother's Plea".....
Miss May Weir.
Solor....."Guard While I Sleep".....Warrington
Miss Etta Montgomery.
Solo and chorus...."Now the Day is Over" Marks
Mrs Mein.
Full chorus...."Christ Our Passover"....Simper
Solo.....Miss M Paterson

After the concert the members of the choir were hospitably entertained at supper by the ladies of the church on whom they bestowed the highest praise for their kindness. The concert was a decided success and the choir thoroughly enjoyed the trip.

MISSIONARY EVENING.

The Quarterly Public Meeting of the George-st. Church W M S

The quarterly public meeting of the Auxiliary of the Women's Missionary society of the George-st. church was held last evening the attendance being large.

Rev W R Young occupied the chair, and a short but interesting programme was contributed. Miss Lillie Pascoe rendered a reading entitled "The Man that Died for Me." Miss Sherlock contributed an excellent essay of her own composition entitled "Is Life Worth Living?"

An inspiring and profitable address was that of Mrs (Dr) Hunter, of the Murray-st. Baptist church, who addressed her remarks to missionary workers. Mrs Seward contributed a solo, and Mrs Seward and Miss Pascoe a duet. The programme concluded with a quartette by Messrs. Harvey, Maybee, Goldey and Johnston.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

The Bible Class.

The young men's Bible class will meet in the Y M C A parlor to-night at 8 o'clock. Introduction, the minor prophets. Scripture lesson, Mark xi. Elements of the Greek language at 9 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

A Rabbit Chase.

An interesting half hour was spent in the vicinity of St. Andrew's church on Tuesday night hunting a rabbit. A prominent young lawyer and some friends succeeded in capturing the animal and safely lodged it in St. Andrew's manse. "Bunny" had evidently escaped from its comfortable quarters.

At Home and Tea.

The Girls' Guild of St. Luke's church have arranged for an "At Home" and tea on Monday evening next, 22nd inst., in the Foresters' hall, Simcoe-st., Peterborough. An entertaining programme is promised and a pleasant evening expected. Tickets 15 cts. Tea served from 6 to 7.15. 2d40

The Spring Blouses are coming in at Turnbull's. Pretty dark shades now in.

THE GAME LAWS FOR 1898

Changes Recommended by the Commissioner

At the Ontario game and fish commissioner's meeting, held in Toronto last week, it was agreed not to change the open season, but it was recommended, in regard to deer shooting, that the regulation prohibiting shooting deer in the water be abolished. It was pointed out that the regulation was of no use, and, as the number of deer which can be shot by each hunter is still limited to two, it was thought that nothing would be gained by retaining this rule. The coupon system, by which two coupons are issued to each hunter with his license, one of which must be attached to each deer sent out of the hunting districts, was reported to be working well. Owing to the dissatisfaction among the settlers with the License fee of $2, it was agreed to recommend that this be abolished as regards the settlers, and that a nominal fee of twenty five cents be charged. As to the duck laws it was recommended that the hours during which duck may be shot be changed from "between half an hour before sunrise and an hour after sunset," and also that no blinds or hides be allowed, except within 100 yards of the shore or rushes. The opening of the quail season is recommended to be delayed until November 1st, making it only two weeks, as three-fourths of the birds are not fully grown when the present season opens. Cotton-tail rabbits, it will be recommended, may not be shot after the close season, nor may guns be carried to kill them, as it has been found that people, when they go with guns after rabbits, also kill other game.

The Non-Coms.

The non-commissioned officers of the 57th Battalion met last evening and adopted new by laws and decided to hold a concert about the latter end of the month.

The People Are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honorable men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Brevities.

—The curlers' annual excursion to Toronto will take place in two or three weeks.

—The Charlotte-st Methodist church choir was entertained at the residence of Mr D Kennedy, Otonabee, last evening. Mr and Mrs Kennedy entertained their guests lavishly and were voted a capital host and hostess.

—"The Gilhoolys Abroad," as presented by the Gorman's, is one of the most mirthful pieces on the road this season, and all who wish to enjoy a good hearty laugh should see it. This play will be at the opera house on Monday night, Feb. 22nd. 1td

To-morrow's Grand Attraction

Bradburn's opera house, two nights only, commencing Friday, February 19th. Grand matinee Saturday 2.30 p.m. Stowe & Co's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," will be the attraction on the above dates. The grand cake walk is a new addition to the entertainment. See what the Pittsburg Leader says:—"An immense audience greeted Stowe & Co.'s 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' in the Laird opera house last evening. Nearly every seat in main body of the house was occupied, and standing room in the gallery was at a premium. The audience was well pleased with the performance throughout, as was manifested by the roars of applause. The show is all right, and deserves liberal patronage." Matinee prices will be 15c. for children. Adults 25c., evening 25, 35 and 50c.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY

10 Children's Golfers, were $1.40 to $1.60, for - - - - - - - .50

5 Ladies' Golfers, were $2.25 for - - $1.00

10 Ladies' Plaid Golfers, were $3.75 for - - - - - - - $1.50

25 dozen Black and Colored Kid Gloves 4 buttons, regularly sold for $1.00, Saturday from 6 to 8 p.m. only - 25c. per pair

5 doz Ladies' White Cotton Drawers. trimmed with lace - - - - 15c. per pair

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Hockey practice.
Granite's curling night.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Bible class at Y M C A
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Social at Mr Geo H May's, North Monaghan.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Dr Ryerson

Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 3d40 1w8

Very Newest Songs

Dreams of Long Ago, Merrey; Clang of the Forge, Rodney; Oh, Haste Dear Maid, Neyer. Dreams of Long Ago, Merrey, One third off at the old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d41tf

COLORED SHIRTS!

Our spring line of Fancy Colored Shirts in exclusive and fetching designs are creating a popular demand.

The collarless neglige and the neglige with Collars and Cuffs on are shown in a pleasing variety of fabrics.

If desired, gentlemen can make their selections and have them laid aside subject to their order.

DANISH RED.

The new color in gentlemen's Neckwear, in Puffs, Narrow String Ties, Four-in-hand and made-up Bows.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

WHEELING WHISPERS

Interesting Notes for Wheelmen and Others to Peruse

Mr Geo J Hopkins has been nominated as representative for Quinte district of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association.

Mr Bloss P Corey, of Petrolia, is being boomed for the chairmanship of the C W A Racing Board.

The following towns have had the honor of having the C W A meet:—London '82, Toronto '84, Woodstock '85, Montreal '86, Brantford '87, Belleville '88, St Catharines '89, Ottawa '90, Hamilton '91, Kingston '92, Sarnia '93, Montreal '94, Waterloo '95, Quebec '96.

Mr R J Wilson, of Kingston, is talked of as chairman of the Transportation committee for 1897.

The C W A precentage from the Quebec meet was only $73.

A Pictonian writing to the Wheelman claims that Peterborough should have the C W A meet. He says Peterborough is a "lovely town," and he is right. The members of the C W A are poor judges, but will soon find the error of their ways.

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Personal.

Dr and Mrs Carmichael have returned from their wedding tour.

Mr Robert McClelland, Peterborough, was in town to-day, attending the funeral of his sister, Mrs Clegg.—Port Hope Guide.

Mr Dawson Kennedy is in Toronto attending the annual meeting of the Dominion Grange, which at one time claimed him as Worthy Master.

The Canadian Wheelman of February 15th contains the photos of a group of Brantford cyclists, Mr H A Walker, town, being amongst them.

Dr. Clark left this afternoon for Clifton Springs, N.Y., where he will remain for a week or ten days. The doctor has been confined to his home for over a week with la grippe and muscular rheumatism, contracted in the country. It is the first holiday Dr. Clark has taken in ten years and it is hoped he will be greatly invigorated by this much needed rest.

His Birthday.

Toronto Saturday Night say:—Sanford Fleming, C M G., on attaining his seventieth birthday, about ten days ago, caused his solicitor to send to each and all of his grandchildren, nieces, nephews and other known relatives of the younger generation, a cheque for $17.50, being one shilling (or twenty-five cents) for each of the seventy years he had lived. These cheques were very numerous and found their way to Toronto, Peterborough, Ottawa, Montreal and many other points, and the total amount disbursed in this way aggregated nearly $3,000. Ten years ago Mr. Fleming, on reaching his sixtieth birthday, in the same way sent out sixty shillings. The average old man who is wealthy has a fairly well-grounded idea that many relatives would regard his death as not an unmixed calamity, but in the case of Sanford Fleming scores of relatives are no doubt sincerely hoping that he may live for ever.

NORWOOD NEWS.

Personal Paragraphs—Hockey and Curling News—Other Notes of Interest

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONALS—Mr A J Radden, of Peterborough, was home over Sunday....Miss M Sharp, of Westwood, spent a few days visiting Miss M Eaton during the latter part of last week....Miss B Millar, of Keene, has been visiting friends in town....We are pleased to see that Mr W H Stephenson and W E Roxburgh are able to be around again.

HOCKEY.—On Tuesday evening last a very interesting and amusing game of hockey was played on the rink between the Buffers and Duffers. The match was well contested, and at call of time both claimed the game, and as no decision could be come to, they decided to play again on Friday evening. When the hour arrived to begin to play a host of enthusiastic people were assembled to cheer for their men. Both teams made a desperate struggle for victory, but when time was called the score stood 3-0 in favor of the Duffers, and the Buffers acknowledged that they were fairly beaten. The teams that played were as follows:—

BUFFERS		DUFFERS
Hugh Hill	Goal	Dr J C Moffatt
J W Kork	Point	Jas Bateson
H Ford, B A	Cover Point	R McGregor
E P Cuff	For-wards.	M McGregor
Bert Squires		J R McKelvie
Fred Fry		Fred Wasson
Wm Stephenson		J G Keefer

AT HOME.—On account of the storm on Friday evening the "At Home" in the Presbyterian church was not as successful as it would otherwise have been. Nevertheless those present spent a very enjoyable evening.

ANNIVERSARY.—The Rev Robt Laird, of Campbellford, conducted the anniversary services of the Presbyterian church here on Sunday and delivered two powerful sermons. In the morning he took as his text Numbers 11-29: "Would God that all the Lord's people were prophets and that the Lord would put His spirit upon them." In the evening he based his remarks on I Cor., 3-16: "Know ye not that ye are the temples of God and that the spirit of God dwelleth in you." A free will offering was taken up at both services, which amounted to the sum of $119.50. It is expected that more will still come in.

CURLING.—The curling contest for the medal is still going on and several other pairs have played off. Early in the week Mr J G Keefer and Mr H G Buck played off. This was a close game and much interest was shown. It resulted in favor of Mr. Keefer by a score of 10 to 12. Mr F Fry and Mr L McGregor were the next play off. This resulted in favor of Mr Fry by 6 points. The game between Mr McGregor and Mr Cummings probably aroused the most interest as they are both good players. When one end was played the crowd rushed to the other end and every stone was greeted with cheers. This resulted in favor of Mr McGregor by 5 points. The last match played was between Mr Wm Clancy and Jno E Roxburgh. This was a close game and Mr Clancy only succeeded in winning by three points after fifteen ends had been played. Those who came out victorious drew again last night for the finals.

DEATH.—On Monday morning an old and highly respected citizen, Mr Jas McLanchlan was removed by the hand of death. The funeral took place on Wednesday at 2.30 o'clock and the remains were interred in the Norwood cemetery. Mr McLanchlan was in his 55 year and leaves a wife and four daughters to mourn his loss. Mr. McLanchlan was best known as baggageman at the C. P. R. station.

COUNCIL MEETING—A special meeting of the Council was held in the town hall on Feb 15th, Reeve H G Buck in the chair. Present J Harper, jr, Wm Ebbs and R Nicol. By-law No 200 appointing the village constable, being read three times was put to vote and carried. The communication from M McGregor and Wm Clancy regarding the lowering of the license fee was considered. Moved by Wm Ebbs, seconded by R Nicol, that the license fee remain $250 as formerly.—Carried. An account of Tucker Bros was brought before the Council Moved by Wm Ebbs, seconded by J Harper, that the account be referred to R J Stewart, who was a Councillor in 1896.—Carried. Mr Chas O'Reilley appeared before the Council and asked that a sidewalk be placed on the south side of Ridge-st, also on east side of the concession line. This was left over until the estimates for sidewalks for the year would be made. Moved by Wm Ebbs, seconded by R Nicol, that the reeve and clerk be a committee to look after the borrowing of $600 to settle the account with Mr Lesson, who was injured at the time the Cedar-st bridge gave way.—Carried. The Council then adjourned to meet on the first Monday of March.

For variety in Staple articles go to Turnbull's—for instance, they have 6 different kinds of Towelling at 5 cts a yard.

St Patrick, a Scotchman

Mr Thomas Kerr, of Toronto, delivered an interesting lecture on "St Patrick," in a Toronto church. The lecturer, who is a versatile Irishman, impressed upon his audience that Ireland's patron saint, although claimed as a native of France and also of Wales, was born at Dunbarton, in Scotland, and when a lad of fifteen years of age was taken to Ireland, where he spent the remainder of his days. St. Patrick was a preacher and missionary and was instrumental in leading the people out of darkness and superstition and improving in every way their condition. The saint, it was claimed by the Roman Catholics, was of their religious belief. It was also asserted that he was an Anglican, but the lecturer was firmly convinced he was a Presbyterian. He was a man greatly admired in Ireland, and his name would not soon be forgotten. During sixty years of his mission he established 365 churches and consecrated 365 bishops. His death took place when he was 90 years of age.

You can buy at Turnbull's heavy 8-4 Bleached Sheeting for 17½ cts a yard.

HOUSE DRAINAGE.

Terse Condensations of the Salient Points of a Philadelphia Lecture.

The following notes were condensed from a lecture delivered recently at the Academy of Natural Sciences by Senaca Egbert, M.D., says the Philadelphia Record.

In our house plumbing arrangements the soil pipes run through the cellar into the main house drain, which now runs along the cellar floor. In England these soil pipes are required to be outside of the house so that there is no possibility of leakage into the house.

A Philadelphia ordinance requires a soil pipe running four feet above the roof. It should be away from the chimney, so that back draft may not send a current down the pipe.

The air in the soil pipe is rendered in its passage through the house warmer than outdoor air, so there is always an up and down flow through the pipe, except only when one of the fixtures is discharging (a few minutes total per day), so that if properly arranged we have a constant ventilation through our house pipes.

The little perforated plates on the sidewalk are the covering to the fresh air inlet and thus shut off warm house ventilation. In light snowfalls the warm vapors coming through the trap will melt the snow from these plates.

Waste pipes from the various rooms should empty at a sharp angle into the soil pipe and the fixture should be as close to the soil pipe as possible.

With a long waste pipe emptying at an obtuse angle into the soil pipe, the accumulated filth is in excellent condition for decomposition to set in, with liberation of foul and unwholesome gases.

A trap is a mechanical contrivance to prevent the back-flow of sewer gas.

Each fixture should have a trap between it and the waste pipe and not between the waste pipe and the soil pipe, but the trap should be as close to the fixture as possible and practically at the very beginning of the waste pipe.

All plumbers' joints should be made airtight and curved rather than right-angled, the latter favoring the deposition of filth. The interior of these pipes should be smooth to prevent filth accumulating.

There is a ventilation pipe alongside the soil pipe. When, in the operation of flushing, as the mass of water passes the next waste pipe a vacuum is created with liability of syphonage of the water into that trap. The vent pipe is the preventive. If the air is carried out from the soil pipe proper it is replaced, as rapidly as it goes off through the vent pipe and the syphonage is prevented.

Soil pipes should be installed so that the settling of the house will not disarrange or crack the joints. That can be done by attaching soil pipes to the permanent or solid walls of the house so the pipe goes with the house when the latter settles.

Soil pipes should be paneled in by a board instead of being embedded in a solid wall, thus making them readily accessible.

Fixtures should be as nearly as possible in a line.

To tell whether your soil pipe leaks, close al the fixtures below and fill the close all the fixtures below and fill the will stand full of water of there are no leaks in it.

To test the plumbing of a new house pour in from the roof-top, or at one of the top fixtures an ounce of oil of peppermint and follow that up with a bucket of hot water. That volatilizes the essence, and a good nose will easily locate any leak. The heat of the warm water will outline the course of the soil pipe so that it can be followed through the house and the smell will determine if there be any leak.

The essence of good house plumbing is simplicity. All these fixtures make it look complicated. The pipes should go as directly as possible to the main sewer. Have no obstructions in pipe-curves, the pipes joining one another at acute angles and with no projections of any kind in the interior of the pipe. Have a free flow of air through the whole system provided by the fresh air inlet and by the pipes going out through the roof of the house. Have the sewer air from the main sewer entirely excluded from the house. Have every fixture cut off from the soil pipe and from its waste pipe by its proper trap. Have as many traps as fixtures, and place a trap where each rain-conductor joins the house drain. The rain-conductors should not lead into the house drain without a trap, because the gas might escape in the neighborhood of windows and thus into the circulation of the rooms.

The simpler the trap is the better. The "S" trap is simplest of all, scouring itself each time it is used.

The seal of the trap is the depth of water, not in the trap itself, but is the amount of water that prevents the back flow of gas. The minute the water falls below the proper level the gas percolates through and the trap is useless.

In traps not having the same calibre throughout there is always a chance for the filth to adhere to the narrow portions from the rush of water.

The old-fashioned wash basin with the overflow pipe is utterly to be condemned. Scarlet fever germs have been known to lurk there for a year.

The question of plumbing is not a complicated one, and there is no reason why every householder should not know all about the plumbing of his own house. An hour's study should make every one thoroughly conversant therewith.

Soil pipe leakage occasions sickness in the house, but it has continued at times for months before discovery.

Gas pipes should be tested from time to time. The only efficient test is by the air-pump.

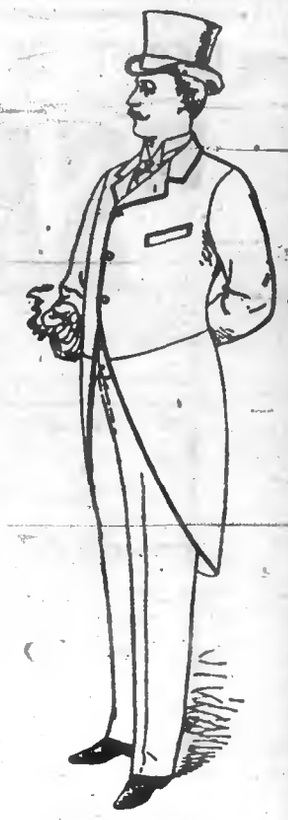
Cain's Land.

Labrador, according to a local tradition which the gleaners of folk lore consider of much importance, is the land to which Cain was banished after the murder of Abel. That country, according to the legend, was cursed by God with perpetual silence on the day when it was granted to the First Murderer. Certain it is that the whole region has been silent and desolate ever since it was first known to white men.

One Good Answer.

Mrs. Warmheart—My good man, why do you let your children go barefoot? Pat O'Hoolihan—For do raison, ma'am, dat I have in my family more feet than shoes.—Harper's Round Table.

OAK HALL



Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

KEENE CHRONICLES

Correspondence of the Review.

HOCKEY—Peterborough v Keene on Wednesday here resulted in a score of 5 to 2 in favor of Keene.

CURLING.—Keene curling club goes to Campbellford on Friday to take part in the medal competition.

ROY—R M Roy gives his fine selection of views on China on Friday night (Feb 19th). Proceeds towards seating town hall.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having claims against the estate of WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Town of Peterborough, who died on or about the 31st day of January, 1897, are required on or before the First day of April, 1897, to deliver or send by post prepaid to the undersigned, GEO. RAWLINGS, Executor of the Estate, Peterborough, their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

GEO. RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.

Dated Feb. 10th, 1897. 5d41

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON

BY THE MANY IMITATIONS OF

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

That are pushed for the sake of extra profit. See that the word "Salada" is on the lead package.

Sold in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60c. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

Delay is Dangerous

Serious results often follow the first neglect of even a slight injury. What to put on the wound and how to do it, is told in the little booklet accompanying every pot of the great ready remedy

"Quickcure"

It is quick, and it is sure and safe—a perfect antiseptic—soothing and healing in it's effect—easy in it's application. With 25c., 50c. and $1.00 pots come cotton and lint. With 50c. and $1.00 pots come also dental pickups for applying "Quickcure" to aching teeth. All druggists sell it, or write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, Ltd. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

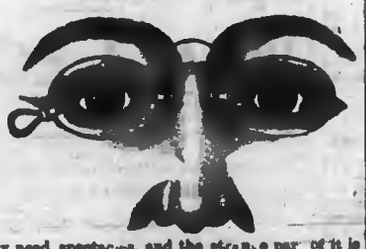
	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,[illegible]	$541,625
North American	2,556,900	1,714,785
Confederation Life	2,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,568,250	731,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,234,902	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. They have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

A Bachelor's Ballad.

I love to sigh as I have sighed,
Times numbered by the score,
And realize how grand it is
To be a bachelor.

I love to sew on buttons, or
Put neckbands on my shirts,
And run the needle thro' my thumb—
Gee whiz! but how it hurts!

I love to put a patch upon
My trousers, and to know
That life is full of trials for
The man who tries to sew.

I love to crawl far underneath
The bureau, and to swear,
Because my collar button's gone,
And vanished in thin air.

I love to darn my socks and things—
The accent on the things—
I love to note the ruined clothes
My washerwoman brings.

I love to come home at an hour
I do not care to state,
And realize no one will ask
Why I've been out so late.

I love to eat my lonely meals
At some cheap restaurant,
Where I can get all else on earth
Except just what I want.

I love to laugh as I have laughed
So often heretofore,
And realize how grand it is
To be a bachelor.

L'ENVOI.

I love—ah me, but she is fair,
The maid that I adore!
She's promised very soon I'll cease
To be a bachelor.

Beyond the Pale.

M'Scorcher—Wobbles and his wife seem very pleasant people. Why have you cut their acquaintance?

Cholly—Had to, dear boy. How could a fellah of my standing associate with people who are still riding '96 wheels?

Whatever Isn't.

"Whatever is, is right," said Pope—
And for his meaning still we grope;
If this be true, why do men strive
For change in everything alive?"

Seeking a Life of Ease

"Why are you trying to get on the police force, Corker?"

"I've grown too heavy for any work requirin' activity, sir."

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

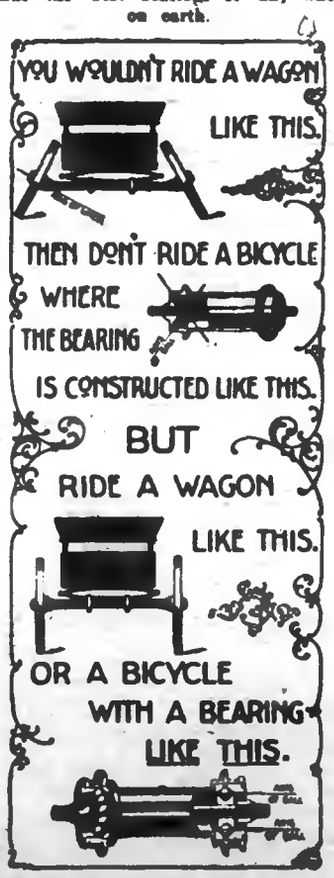
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,

AGENT.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - [illegible]-st.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every [illegible]

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

private interview with Mercedes during the remainder of the evening, so for the present those mysteries which he longs to have solved must remain secrets beyond his reach.

Mercedes is asked to sing, so they adjourn to the music-room. This is a cosy apartment with a leaning toward Oriental luxury, soft divans for lounging, and draperies that hide the walls.

There are many musical instruments here, from a piano and harp down to a guitar and native mandolin. Mercedes is wise enough to leave the former alone. It is hardly in harmony with its surroundings, which are decidedly Moorish in colors and hangings.

Seating herself at the harp, she strikes a few sweet chords that enchant Jack. Then in a low voice she begins. Jack has heard Patti and all the lesser lights of the operatic stage time and again—he loves music, too, and is a little inclined that way—but never in all his life as a rover has he listened to such sounds as fall from the lips of this Spanish beauty, never has he seen so lovely a minstrel.

The volume of melody is at times like a mighty rushing river, and again as if it were a laughing, gurgling brooklet, clear and grand. The theme is the old story of love, always new, and as Jack listens he feels the strangest sensations creep over him, as though he were slowly but surely being charmed.

Truly, worse things might befall a man than to be loved by this wonderful woman, he thinks, as he gazes upon her lovely face, magnificently formed arms, and sees the dreamy passion half veiled in her black eyes.

This will never do. Unless he keeps on his guard he may forget himself, and be drawn into an entangling alliance with a foreign country, which, as a true American, believing in pure Jeffersonian principles, he is averse to doing, so he sets himself to watching, and, although thoroughly enjoying the music, does not let its sweet power overcome him again.

From the harp Mercedes goes to the mandolin, and as the daughter of Spain trills out a ditty, Jack can easily imagine himself once more in Mexico, listening to the dark-skinned beauties of old Montezuma's realm.

Soon Don Carlos joins them, and, as he mentions incidentally how Jack used to sing about the fire in their mountain camp of an evening, Mercedes begs that he will do them the favor now.

Jack is nothing if not obliging. He has a fair baritone voice, in fact a remarkably good one, and can use it well.

So to Mercedes' accompaniment on the harp he sings several Spanish songs. Then, taking the guitar in hand, he accompanies himself to "The Arrow and the Song," and other English ballads.

The pleasure is mutual. Their surroundings are so quaint that the melody seems to have an additional charm. Mercedes notes, however, with a little frown, that more than once this brave American takes out his watch when he thinks he is not observed, and consults it. She knows he is thinking of the engagement at eight, and consequently of the other girl.

This causes the beauty to bite her lips in chagrin. The music has charms, but even these have failed to make Doctor Jack forget. Surely he must be pretty far gone to even remember that there is such a being in existence when under the beaming eyes of this Spanish houri.

At last dinner is announced, for Don Carlos has imported some of the customs of the English into his house, his business bringing him in contact with the islanders, and taking him over frequently to the tight little island beyond the English channel.

Don Carlos offers his arm to the senora, so there is nothing else for Jack to do than escort Mercedes in to the table, not that he has the slightest objection, for any man would have been pleased to have had such a companion.

They loiter over the meal, which is well served, thanks to the English ideas, and a foreign cook the Don had imported.

Jack enjoys himself heartily, but he is at the same time careful about taking wine, with which he indulges only in limited quantities, and then only with his partner.

As they arise from the table Jack manages to get a glimpse at his watch. It is twenty minutes past seven. The time has slipped by, and he must now be going, for if he leaves the house on the Del Prado at half-past seven he can reach the Fonda Peninsular before the hour set for his arrival—eight. He is glad now he had forethought enough to tell the driver of the vehicle to wait for him, not knowing that Don Carlos afterward went out and paid him, saying that the American gentleman had decided to remain, and would not need his services.

Once more they enter the music-room, and Mercedes is about to resume the charming strains of melody where she had ceased at the call to dinner, when Jack begs pardon, but declares it his duty to leave them.

In vain they beg him to remain, even the wonderful eyes of Mercedes, filled with pleading, fail to turn this inexorable American from his purpose. He is of stone, she thinks, piqued more than words could tell at her signal failure, and already the volcano within threatens an eruption which even the great Vesuvius cannot eclipse.

"At any rate come with me to the den I have, and smoke a cigar in company ere going," says Don Carlos finally."

To refuse such a request is an insult to a Spanish gentleman—even if the gravest of evils overhung one, such an invitation is not lightly put aside.

Doctor Jack knows this. It is not yet half-past seven, and even if detained to the quarter of eight limit, an extra tip to the driver will bring him through. Punctual always, he thinks of all these things ere he replies to the other's invitation.

"Certainly, Don Carlos, I can enjoy your company for some ten minutes or so. I am sorry, indeed, to tear myself away from such charming company, but duty calls. I hope to renew the pleasure at an early date."

He sees the face of Mercedes light up as he begins to speak, and even intercepts a meaning glance she shoots toward her uncle; but pretends to be unaware of this signal, bends over her hand at parting, gallantly raises it to his lips in the old time fashion still in vogue among these high bred Castilians, and then turning, follows Don Carlos out of the music-room to one some distance beyond, which he calls his den, but which just now is to be the web that the American fly is to be trapped in.

CHAPTER VII.

Jack has heard about this "den" before, and is a little curious to see it. He believes the eagerness of Don Carlos to have him smoke arises from his desire to show his snug bachelor quarters, of which he has spoken more than once when they camped in the Pyrenees.

The snuggery is on the ground floor, and looks out upon the gardens. Through an open window steals a sweet perfume from the night blooming flowers, soon to be deadened by a stronger odour from the noxious weed.

Around the walls of the room are hung a thousand and one things—mementoes of the chase, pipes from all nations, and many articles in the line of bric-a-brac which a rich bachelor with a leaning toward a sportsman's life might pick up in his travels.

Queer things there are, too, but Jack has even a much finer collection himself. He has no time now to do them justice.

"The first chance I get, Don Carlos, I mean to spend half a day with you. It will give me pleasure to look over these things," he remarks, taking out a cigar, and rolling it between his fingers, an action the other sees with considerable apprehension.

What if the American insists upon smoking his own particular brand of tobacco? He had known smokers to have that habit, and the other has already in more ways than one proven that he can be a very stubborn man when he makes his mind up.

"Notice the rug at your feet, Senor Jack."

"Ah! yes, the bear we killed up in the mountains together. He was about as tough a customer as I care to see, but the old rascal serves a good purpose at last."

Doctor Jack takes a taper from a rack, and is about to hold it in the blaze of the wall lamp near by when a hand touches his arm. Looking around, he sees the senor's face close to him, and his yellow fingers hold a cigar.

"Pardon, Doctor Jack, but in my house you must smoke my cigars. That is etiquette with us Spanish gentlemen, you know," showing his teeth beneath the black moustache as he smiles in the American's face.

"I beg your pardon, Don Carlos. I should have known better," and instantly he slips his own cigar into his vest pocket, accepting that of the Spaniard, whose eyes fairly scintillate with pleasure.

As a cat watches a mouse, so he keeps his black orbs on Doctor Jack until the latter has applied the lighted taper to his cigar and given a few puffs, when, with an inaudible sigh of relief, the Don proceeds to put fire to his own weed.

While his back is turned an expression of amazement creeps over Jack's face. He looks at his cigar, and then at the Don, shaking his head dubiously, the sinner, as though there is something about the weed he fails to [illegible] and yet dares not offend

[illegible]

A TURKEY'S OBSTINACY.

A Homely Yarn That Ought to Change a Current Proverb.

"Which had I rather drive, hogs, cows, sheep, ducks or turkeys?" repeated the Missouri man, who deals in stock.

"Well, not turkeys."

The business of the Missourian was to go all around the country, over hills and mountains and through gulches and hollows, picking up with his assistants all kinds of live stock from the farmers. Sometimes he might be seen driving a thousand geese through the mountain passes, and the procession, it may be imagined, is a most melodious one. These animals and fowls are finally shipped to the large cities.

"Turkeys are mighty hard to drive," continued the drover, "for they are so blamed obstinate. Now a sheep, hog, cow or goose will keep going just as long as you want them to, and you can cover a pretty bit of country in a day. It isn't so with a turkey. As soon as it just begins to get dark he wants to roost and he wants to roost badly and roost he will somewhere or somehow. So what does he do but hop upon a fence or on a limb of a tree and there he'll stay and he won't drive any more. I remember once driving a gang of 200 turkeys which we had collected gradually from the farmers all over the country. Well, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon it clouded up very dark and as we were going through the deep shadows of a gulch, those fool turkeys thought it was night, and every blamed one of them hopped out of the road for a roosting place. And they roosted! We tried to get them to move on, but it was a hopeless task. They wouldn't budge. You could knock a turkey off from a branch and then he'd methodically hunt around for another branch. Of all kinds of obstinacy turkey obstinacy is the strongest. You can't make a turkey think it is day when he imagines it is roosting time. So we simply had to give in, and, although we wanted to get back to town that night, we were absolutely forced to camp on the outskirts. We made the best of it, built a fire of pine knots and went to sleep on pine branches, with our family of turkeys all around us. In the morning, after the sun was well up, we moved on, the turks now obediently condescending to leave their perches and go to town."—Detroit Free Press.

Her Own Charges.

One of the prettiest stories that Mrs. Ballington Booth told last week to the prisoners in Sing Sing was about her three-year-old daughter, Theodora. Theodora, it seems, takes a keen interest in her mother's prison work.

"Mamma," she asked one day, "where did you get your prisoners?"

And Mrs. Booth replied:

"God sent them."

"Has He got any more?" the wee lassie wanted to know.

"Oh, yes."

Theodora gave a satisfied little grunt and said: "Then, mamma, when I grow up I'm going to have prisoners, too."

"You may have some of mine, Theodora," the mother generously offered.

But the little missionary was not to be satisfied with any second-hand charges.

"No, mamma," she urged, "you must please keep all yours; I want my own prisoners."—New York Press.

Too Previous.

Mrs. Muldoon—Be yez hurted, Jimmie?

Mr. Muldoon—Tell yez in a minute.

FACTS FULL OF SUNSHINE.

FOR RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS.

Shakespeare says that "the miserable have no other medicine but only hope," but for those who are made miserable by Rheumatism, even hope has fled in a great majority of cases.

Twenty years is a long time to be the victim of a disease, and yet that is the time Thos. Stevenson, of 122 John St. South, Hamilton, makes oath that he was afflicted with Rheumatism. Twenty years' affliction is enough to banish any hope of cure, and yet Ryckman's Kootenay Cure, after everything else failed, restored Mr. Stevenson to health.

Seven years one would think too long to suffer indescribable torture, and yet Mr. C. B. Hamilton, of 131 Sydenham Street, London, Ont., endured the agonies of Rheumatism for that length of time. At times he could not use his limbs. Kootenay Cure has cured him, and he's truly thankful for it. Hundreds of others, besides these, have sworn to being cured by Ryckman's Kootenay Cure.

There is no mistaking its wonderful power. Thousands of Rheumatic Sufferers have had the sunshine of hope and health come back through its use. If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, or any Blood Disease, it will pay you to investigate. Particulars sent free on addressing the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

One bottle lasts over a month.

Had Its Eye on Them.

Adam and Eve had just performed the first osculatory articulation in history.

"Hist!" she exclaimed. "We are observed!"

"Nonsense, my dear."

"No, Adam," she persisted. "I am certain the ichthyosaurus.'"

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION
necessary
to enable you to buy
a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine — wherever you can — and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chinkmale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....4.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 3.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in the face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and flesh. Hollows and angles will give place to fullness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

ESTIMATES FOR '97

Laid on the Table of the Legislature Yesterday.

Reductions Made in Appropriations for Agricultural Purposes and for Hospitals and Charities—A Host of Petitions From the Province—Salary of the Referee Under the Drainage Act—The Central Prison—Librarian Preston's Job

Toronto, Feb. 18.

The estimates for the year were laid upon the table by the Provincial Treasurer yesterday. The total amount which the House is asked to provide on account of current expenditure is $3,250,341, on capital acount $229,222 and for other purposes $36,504, making a total of $3,516,068, or $190,000 less than the actual expenditure for last year, as shown by the public accounts brought down on the previous day. Maintenance of public institutions continues to be the largest account, closely followed by education with $717,927. Under the last named heading an increase from $8000 to $15,000 for Public school leaving and continuation classes apparently represents the extent of aid which the Government intends to grant toward the establishment of continuation classes. The total increase in the amount asked for educational purposes is $13,000. For maintenance of public institutions, an increase of $7000 is asked, of which $5000 is for the Mimico Asylum. An increase of $1800 for maps and printing is shown in immigration account. The agricultural interests are not to receive as much practical assistance as last year, a reduction of nearly $5000 being made in the estimates this year. The grant of $2000 to the Ontario Creameries Association does not appear this year, and the provision for the Pioneer Dairy Farm is $2600 less than formerly. Hospitals and charities have also suffered from the pruning knife to the extent of $9000, almost the whole of which is taken from those institutions classed as Schedule B in the Act. Grants of $4000 each are made to the Houses of Refuge in Perth and Lambton. The appropriation for repairs, plants and contingencies at Government House is reduced by $1000.

PETITIONS.

Mr. T. Loughrin—From Mayor Cochrane and 48 other residents of Sudbury and vicinity, representing that the northern portion of the District of Nipissing and Eastern Algoma, on the mainland, is well known to be rich in minerals of different kinds, of which several discoveries have been made by prospectors and others, and already valuable mines are being developed in those districts, with profit and advantage to their respective owners.

2. That we are of the opinion that a large number of prospectors will be looking out for minerals hereafter with a better method than in the past, as they have a more thorough knowledge of the country and its formation, acquired by practice, as well as by attending the Mining School sessions held here for the last two or three years.

3. In order to facilitate the work of the prospectors and to enable them to make an intelligent exploration of the country they wish to travel over, it is a matter of vital importance to them to know promptly what part of the lands are already sold or leased, as well as to know where lands are for sale and where they are not.

Therefore, your petitioners ask you to establish a mining land office at Sudbury, where persons interested in the development of our mining resources can obtain all the information required to succeed with their work and save time and money, which are so often wasted by poor prospectors in exploring parts of the district where claims cannot be taken up, lands not for sale or on lease, or already applied for.

The petition is accompanied by a resolution of the Board of Trade of the town of Sudbury, and of the Township of McKim, passed at a meeting on Jan. 15 last, in which they endorsed the petition "asking to establish a mining office at Sudbury to facilitate the work of the prospectors and to enable others to make an intelligent exploration of the mineral lands of the district.

Mr. McLaren—From the Hastings County Council for an amendment to the County Councils Act that will remove the disqualification from members of municipal councils and will restore the election by the majority. Also for permission to issue a reward for the capture of horse thieves.

Mr. Pattullo—From the Oxford County Council for amendments to the General Road Companies Act; also in reference to the appointment of municipal auditors.

Mr. Cleland—From the Grey County Council for amendments to the County Councils Act.

Mr. Blezard—From the Peterboro County Council for protection to produce vendors.

Mr. Taylor—From a number of license holders in the district of North Middlesex, protesting against the amendments to the Liquor License Act as proposed by various temperance societies. They further ask serious consideration of the amendments as proposed by the Ontario License Holders' Protective Association.

Mr. McNaughton—From the Bruce County Council, asking for amendments to the Assessment Act.

Mr. McKee—From the city of Windsor, asking for the passing of an act to consolidate the city debt and give authority for the issue of debentures; from the Essex County Council for amendments to the Registry Act, respecting emoluments of registrars; also for amendments to the General Road Companies Act.

Mr. Reid—From the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham for shelter to produce vendors.

Mr. Chapple—Bill to amend the Municipal Act; bill to amend the Marriage Act, 1896.

Mr. Gamey—Bill to amend the Election Act.

Mr. Garrow—Bill to amend the Consolidated Municipal Act, 1892.

Mr. Whitney asked for an order of the House for a return giving a summarized statement of the amounts paid by the Government of Ontario in connection with the Dominion-Provincial arbitration, and to whom, year by year.

Mr. Kerns asks is it the intention of the Government during the present session to introduce legislation to establish a uniform system of keeping municipal accounts?

Mr. Matheson asked: Has the Government received any notice from the Postoffice Department limiting the franking privilege on Government and departmental reports and papers hitherto granted, and, if so, to what extent?

Mr. Hardy replied that his Government were in correspondence with the Ottawa Government about the matter. He could not as yet give any decisive answer.

Mr. Willoughby—Did B. H. Britton, Q. C., Referee under the Drainage Act, resign his office as such referee? If so, what is the date of his resignation, and up to what date was he paid his salary?

Mr. Hardy's answer was that Mr. Britton had resigned on Sept. 19, had been paid in the ordinary way up to the middle of the month, and was, therefore, in receipt of salary for the whole month.

The actions of the Ontario Prison Inspector next came under Mr. Whitney's scrutiny. His enquiry was: Is James Noxon still in the service of the Government as Inspector of Prisons or otherwise? Is he also in the service of the Government of Canada, and, if so, in what capacity? At what date did he enter into the service of the Government of Canada? Has he received his salary from the Ontario Government since said date, and who has, since said date, performed his duties as Inspector of Prisons?

Hon. E. J. Davis replied that Mr. Noxon was still in the service of the Government as Prison Inspector. He was by commission temporarily appointed by the Dominion Government to make special examination into the affairs of Kingston Penitentiary, owing to his special knowledge relating to the management of public and penal institutions. He served 31 days upon the commission, most of which time was during the three weeks' annual vacation allowed him. He has been in receipt of salary from the Ontario Government except during his absence on the commission. When he was appointed it was understood that his salary would be abated during his absence.

Then came Mr. Whitney's expected enquiry re Librarian Preston. He asked: Was W. T. R. Preston, now librarian of this House, a candidate for the representation of the electoral district of West Toronto, in the House of Commons of Canada at the general election of June, 1896? If so, did he resign his position as librarian, and on what date? Was any promise given, or understanding arrived at, with the said W. T. R. Preston, that, in the event of his defeat at said election, he should be re-appointed librarian? Was he re-appointed librarian, and, if so, on what date?

The Premier stated that Mr. Preston was a candidate. He resigned his position as librarian on June 16. No promise or understanding was arrived at with him that, in the event of his defeat at the election, he should be re-appointed librarian. He was re-appointed librarian on June 30. The Government understood when he resigned that it was because of his nomination as a candidate and that he intended to contest the West Toronto election, and that he resigned for that purpose.

The Attorney-General asked for time to procure copies of correspondence before he could reply to a similar question regarding the resignation and candidature for the Dominion House of James Conmee.

These Murderers Must Die.

Cincinnati, Feb. 16.—There is no hope for executive clemency for Scott Jackson and Alonso Walling, the murderers of Pearl Bryan.

Making Sure of It.

Old Gent—And so that is your employer going to the funeral of one of his clerks?

Young clerk—Not a clerk, but a distant relative of one of the clerks.

"My! my! I'm sure that is very thoughtful."

"Yes, most too thoughtful. Whenever any of us loses a relative and tells him about it he always goes to the funeral. concarn him!"

"Eh? And do you object to such kindness of heart?"

"Tisn't kindness of heart, sir. He goes to make sure that the funeral isn't an excuse for a day off."—New York Weekly.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is very little enquiry for flour, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $9.

Wheat—The wheat market is quiet and prices unchanged. Red winter wheat is quoted at 75c, and white at 76c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 86c to 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c. No. 2 at 26c to 27c. No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c, north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 33c east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 17.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; corn, 2s 6¾d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 23s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage rather worse. English country markets dull. Maize on passage quiet.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 2d for Feb. and March, 6s 3¼d for May, and 6s 3d for July. Maize 2s 6¾d for Feb. and March, 2s 7¼d for May and 2s 6¾d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 22f 25c for March. Flour 46f 35c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat steady at 22f 15c for March. Flour steady at 46f 40c for March.

Peterborough Markets,

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 75c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 70	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 26
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 44	to	0 46
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 27	to	0 30
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	0 85
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz.	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz.	0 15	to	0 19
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

CATARRH
Mrs. Dobell, of London, Ont., Cured for 25 Cents

Doctors Could Help, but Couldn't Cure—Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Released the Prisoner, and To-day She is as Well as Ever—She Says it is a Great Remedy

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dobell," said a comely, pleasant-faced woman at her home on Horton street to a News reporter to-day, "and I will very gladly tell you what you want to know. About three years ago my husband was very ill, and I had frequently occasion to rise in the night and go for a doctor or to the druggist. In my hurry I often neglected to properly clothe myself, and contracted several heavy colds, which turned at last to chronic catarrh. I tried doctors, who helped me, but did not cure me, and several special catarrh medicines. I was relieved but not cured. I was suffering intolerably when Mr. Shuff recommended me to try CHASE'S CATARRH CURE, and it began at once to help, and in about two months had entirely cured me. I cannot speak too highly of this remarkable medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh." The blower included is a great help to sufferers.

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Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.
Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.
Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.
Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 21, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 368 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

ANOTHER DECISIVE MARK-DOWN IN FURS

FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS WE ARE GOING TO MAKE FURS SELL, IF PRICES CAN DO IT.

It is clean-up and clear-out time, to prepare the way for the change in our business and the change in the season. These are the last of this season's reductions. It means a loss to us as the furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost; it is your turn to save what we are willing to loose—So call and secure a bargain. Fully One-third less than former prices :—

COON COATS worth $45, Cost $35, now. $30.00
GREENLAND SEAL CAPES worth $30, cost $22, now 18.00
FUR LINED CLOAKS, (ripple), worth $30, cost $22, now . . . 18.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles', worth $40, cost $31, now $28.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $35, cost $26, now 23.00
COON JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $45, cost $35, now. . . . 32 50
GREY LAMB JACKETS 'latest styles,' choice quality, now $35.00

And so on through our large and well assorted stock. All accounts due the firm must be settled at once.

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1897

REGIONS OF FAMINE.

A MAP WHICH MAKES THE FIELD OF DISTRESS APPRECIABLE.

The Area of British India That Is Affected by the Bubonic Plague and the Terrible Famine — Statistics of the Most Appalling Character.

The area affected in British India is half a million square miles, and is far greater than in any previous famine.

It is as extensive as the combined territory of the sixteen Atlantic states from Maine to Florida, with Ohio and Michigan thrown in, says the Chicago Times-Herald.

The population of the famine districts in round numbers is as follows:

Punjab	8,000,000
Northwest provinces	28,000,000
Oudh	12,000,000
Behar	16,000,000
Orissa	4,000,000
Central provinces	5,000,000
Bombay	8,000,000
Madras	3,000,000
Total	84,000,000

The total population affected in 1876-78, was 58,000,000, in 1883-85, 47,500,000, and in 1889-90, 44,500,000.

Except in southern India, Deltaire,

MAP SHOWING THE REGIONS OF FAMINE IN INDIA.

Bengal and Sindk, which regions are independent of the rainfall, distress is practically universal in India to-day, owing to the high prices for food stuffs.

What is worse, this is only the beginning of the suffering. The London Chronicle, from which the map is reproduced, calls attention to the sombre fact that under any circumstances the existing scarcity must grow until the arrival of the southwest monsoon next June.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a healthy living body, either o man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

OAK HALL.

Cashmere Gloves with Cuffs for 15 cts a pair at Turnbull's, worth 20 cts.

THE HAMMOND TRIAL.

Continued from Page 1

of the trunk, which she did, and, as she handled the articles belonging to her dead daughter, the poor woman wept bitterly.

The witness said the articles in the trunk belonged to the deceased. She also identified the letters found in Kate's room.

Mr. Johnston subjected her to a severe cross-examination, but she stuck to her story, only varying a little in the time given by her now and that given at the inquest.

To Mr. Osler: Kate was nearly three years older than the prisoner, who will be 23 years old next month. I sent over $30 to the deceased while she was in Toronto. Kate only laughed when I asked her about her marriage to the prisoner.

The court here adjourned for lunch.

On the court resuming after lunch Mr. Osler put in a couple of letters from Hammond to the deceased, asking her to make an appointment with him in Gravenhurst. These letters were dated Feb. 28 and March 3, 1896, and signed by W. T. James. They were written from Toronto and addressed to the deceased at Gravenhurst.

Dr. A. J. Campbell was the first witness after luncheon. He said: I live in Gravenhurst; keep a drug store. About 11 o'clock on the morning of March 6 the prisoner came into the store and asked for an ounce of hydricyanic acid (prussic acid), saying he wanted to kill cats. I gave it to him in the original bottle as I get it from the wholesale house. (Bottle exhibited, and witness said it looked like the one he sold the prisoner.) I cautioned him as to its use, and gave him examples of its rapid action. He did not sign for it at the time. I saw the prisoner again on the Saturday after Miss Tough's death at his fathers home, and asked him what he did with the bottle. He said that after he saw what happened to the young woman he threw it away without opening it. The bottle was a sealed one, securely tied. I told him that as people were talking it was a pity he had thrown it away. He said he did not think that he could find it.

In the afternoon I sent for him, and he signed the poison book. (Book produced with Hammond's signature.) Prisoner said that he knew Kate Tough. He said she was married, but not to him; that she was married to a man named James. He also spoke of her having taken poison on a former occasion. Less than a teaspoonful of prussic acid is a fatal dose. I am a coroner; held the preliminary examination, but found I would be a witness, and sent word to the coroner at Bracebridge to take the case.

Cross-examined by Mr. Johnston: The prisoner never denied having purchased the poison. He voluntarily signed the book when asked to do so. One of the bottles found in the deceased's room had been examined by me, and I pronounced its contents as hydrocyanic acid. My opinion at the coroner's inquest was that the deceased was poisoned.

Here Mr. Johnston referred to the fact that the prisoner's father was now left alone, his wife having died about three weeks ago, and with his only child in jail it was an awful ordeal for the poor man.

The prisoner, who up to this time had sat with his left hand in his pant pocket, his right elbow resting on the back of his chair, and shading his eyes with his right hand, lost control of his feelings and for a few moments wept bitterly.

Mrs. Emily Bailey told of having smelt the bottle found by McNabb, but could detect no smell from it.

It being necessary to argue a point of law the jury was sent out for ten minutes. On returning, the evidence of Constable William Sloan was taken. He told of the arrest, and how, while conveying the prisoner to Bracebridge, that he (prisoner) had said, "That the evidence given by Miss Rosina Russell at the preliminary trial was true." This witness also told of taking bottles, etc., to Prof. Ellis in Toronto.

Miss Rosina Russell said she saw a couple on Sarah-street about 8 o'clock on the night of the alleged murder. Could not recognize them. They turned into Hammond's gate and immediately came out again. The girl wore a cape.

John Skitch gave evidence as to conversation with prisoner about his marriage. Prisoner denied being married to deceased.

Mrs. Tough was recalled, and said there was no truth in the report that on a previous occasion Kate had taken poison.

Mrs. Lee of Toronto, where the deceased last worked, told how she had employed the girl on Jan. 4; that she left about six weeks after in response to a telegram supposed to be from Gravenhurst; that the girl left her purse at her house and prisoner came for it. The trunk was taken away the following Tuesday after the girl left. Mrs. Lee also identified an insurance paper which she had signed for the deceased for insurance in the Provincial Provident Company.

Mrs. Bryan of 35 Beverley-street, Toronto, where Hammond boarded, identified the trunk as the one brought to her house by the prisoner. The trunk was called for by prisoner's father after the death of Kate Tough.

Charles Duggan, an expressman, from Toronto, told of having, in company with prisoner's father removed the trunk from 35 Beverley-street to the Union Station.

Detective Burrows had been instructed by the superintendent to hunt up the trunk; got the check from Aylesworth (of Hyams fame) at the Union Station; got the trunk from the Union on the afternoon of March 12. Handed it over to Archie Sloan, who opened it.

Mr. Gormaly, Superintendent of the Union Station, said two men came to him on the morning of the 12th of March and asked him to recall the trunk, which had previously been shipped to Atherly. The trunk was returned by a late train.

Constable Archie Sloan was then called, but as it was necessary to argue the point of law in reference to the admission of the letters that passed between the prisoner and Mr. Moore of New York, re the electric light scheme, and in which the prisoner says he now hands the matter over to his friend James, who will go into it if his wife gets the insurance, and also reference to the telegram sent by the prisoner to his wife in Gravenhurst, telling her: "Stop taking the medicine as the directions were wrong," and signed "W. T. J."

This witness' evidence was not proceeded with.

The jury was relieved for the rest of the day, and the argument commenced—Mr. Osler contended that the letters and telegram should go in, as they had a direct bearing on the case. Mr. Johnston opposed their admission on the ground that the negotiations which the letters referred to were commenced months before the crime was committed; also that the telegram was a privileged communication between husband and wife.

His Lordship reserved his decision until morning. In the meantime he will peruse the commission evidence. If these letters and telegram are ruled out it will materially weaken the Crown's case.

It now looks as if a verdict will not be reached until Friday night or Saturday morning.

HARVEY COUNCIL.

Correspondence of the Review.

The Harvey Council met at the clerk's office on Monday, 15th February, with the members all present. Minutes of January 11th were read and confirmed. A petition was presented requesting the Council to form a new school section at Deer Bay, to include concessions numbers one, two and three of the township of Harvey. The clerk was instructed to notify the trustees of school section number four and the inspector, Mr Brown. The Council gave an order upon Davis & Son for one barrel of flour for George Newton, account C E Stewart for printing placards re diphtheria, etc. A by-law was passed appointing pathmasters, pound-keepers, fence-viewers and deputy-returning officers for the current year. On motion James A Pardy was appointed health officer and Henry Seymour pathmaster, instead of James Ingram. On motion the collector was instructed to collect all the taxes and return the roll by March 15th, 1897. The clerk was instructed to publish a notice in the Independent, forbidding any person or persons to haul or dump the carcases of dead horses or other cattle of any kind on the lakes, streams, marshes or on vacant land within the township of Harvey, and that any person so doing, shall be prosecuted according to law. On motion the clerk was instructed to notify Mr Pearce, county treasurer, to remove from his books all arrears of taxes charged against lot 18, concession 5, also lot 16, concession 5, if any. On motion the Council adjourned to meet at the school house at Bethern on Saturday, 27th March next.

DR. ADOLPH DEUCHER.

He Has Just Been Elected President of the Swiss Republic.

Dr. Adolph Deucher, the newly elected president of the republic of Switzerland, does not go into this important office as a tyro. The doctor once before served as the chief executive of the stanch little republic in the Alps. That was six years ago, and his administration was pleasing and satisfactory to the Swiss. He is a seasoned statesman and understands the needs of his country thoroughly. The president of the Swiss is elected yearly by the Congress of the nation—thus giving more plasticity to the executive department in point of ability and worthiness than is given in most republics. Dr. Deucher is a native of Steckborn, in Thurgau, and was born in 1831. He went abroad for his studies and Heidelberg turned him out as M.D. He finished his medical studies at Zurich, Prague and Vienna. The doctor has been actively engaged in the politics of Switzerland ever since his youth. He was chosen a member of the Canton Council in 1863, and in 1869 was sent to the prefecture of the council. From 1869 until 1873 he was German member of the National Council. He then retired from public life and devoted himself to his profession till 1879, when he was re-elected to the council. He was president of the council from 1883 until 1893. Ten years ago Dr. Deucher was elected to the federal council of his country, and this year was made vice-president of that body, which is equivalent to vice-president of the republic. Switzerland always rewards its vice-presidents by promoting them to the highest office, and all the Swiss knew that the doctor would

DR. ADOLPH DEUCHER.

again fill the office he so well filled before. As president he retains the direction of the department of agriculture and industry as a federal councillor, and the enlargement of his office will serve to assist him materially in the functions of these important internal services. Dr. Deucher is a very patriotic Swiss.

Facts About Municipal Ownership.

Statistics are so often misleading, even when honestly collected and fairly presented, that the country will not build much faith upon the investigation into the question of municipal ownership by the Federal and State departments of labor. But whether or not they furnish data comprehensive enough to justify a conclusion drawn from them, they will unquestionably be interesting to all students of the social problem, says the New York Journal, of the proposed collection of data.

It is proposed to obtain information about all municipal monopolies now under municipal control, and to collect facts showing the cost to the consumer of water, gas and electric light when furnished by municipalities in comparison with the cost when furnished by private enterprise. Work in this direction has begun, and it is expected to be completed within a few months, when a report will be made to Congress.

Whatever may be the result of this investigation, the investigation itself is important as a sign of the times. It adds force to the many other indications that the day when municipal ownership of municipal monopolies will be the rule instead of the exception is not distant.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 16th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co

George Street, Peterborough.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases by the only Reliable and Honest Medical Brain. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave him in hotter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

For sale in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices.

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 42. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

CROWN'S CASE CLOSED

Hammond Cheerful Though Evidence Was Strong.

The Prisoner's Father Sticks by His Son and is Always First to Reach and Last to Leave the Court—The Insurance Branch of the Case Taken Up—Letters From the Dead Girl Read in Court—Possibility That the Accused May Know His Fate This Evening.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—"That's the case, My Lord, for the Crown," said Mr. Osler, at five minutes to 6 o'clock this evening, as Dr. Arthur Jukes Johnson of Toronto stepped from the witness box, after forging the last link in a strong chain of circumstantial evidence around the prisoner, William James Hammond, for the alleged murder of his wife, Katie Tough-Hammond. The Crown has thus taken three days to present its side of this now famous case, and if the defence does not call too many witnesses in the morning the chances are that the prisoner will know his fate late to-morrow night.

The prisoner looked more cheerful to-day than he has at any time since the opening of the trial, although the evidence to-day was much stronger against him than that given yesterday. He takes considerable interest in the trial, and sometimes gives his counsel a few useful hints. This afternoon, however, he seemed to forget his surroundings and for a few minutes contentedly perused a copy of one of the daily papers containing a report of the trial.

The unfortunate youth's father listened carefully to every word dropped by the witnesses and the court. He is one of the first to reach the court room in the morning, and does not leave again except for lunch, until the prisoner is removed to the jail at night. His loyalty to his son is noted by all, and many expressions of sympathy are heard for him.

Court opened promptly at 9.30 a.m., and immediately after the formality of calling the roll of jurors had been completed, Mr. Osler called to the stand his first witness on the insurance branch of the case.

Isaac Armbrust, sworn, said: "I am in charge of the office of the Provincial Provident Life Insurance Company in Toronto. Recognize policy No. 14965 produced as one issued on the life of Catherine E. James. It was issued on Feb. 4, 1896, payable to her husband, W. T. James. The amount is $3000. The premium payments were, membership $18, dues $34.20; total $51.20 for first year. After the first year it would cost $33.20 per year. Recognize the application (produced) dated Jan. 9, 1896. Recognize the photo produced (that of the deceased) as the applicant for the insurance. Recognize letter re insurance dated Jan. 13, and I answered it on Jan. 17 and addressed it to Mrs. C. E. James, Bathurst, City."

To Mr. Johnston: "Never saw the husband (the prisoner) in connection with this insurance transaction."

Dr. W. E. Long: "I am cashier of the New York Life Insurance Company at Buffalo, N.Y. A young woman applied to me for insurance on her life. (Photo of deceased produced and recognized as that of the person he referred to). She called first on Nov. 21, 1895, and enquired about the different forms of insurance. She called again next day and applied for a $5000 policy on her life, payable to her husband. I told her my company never made policies payable to the husband, and made her application to read payable to her estate. The application was refused by the company. The cost of premiums on $5000 would be $160 per year."

To Mr. Johnston: Never saw the husband in connection with this transaction. The company would advance no money on policies until the end of the third year, then only a small amount. Had heard of first year policies being used as security for money borrowed from outside parties."

To Mr. Osler: "Policies at the end of the third year would only have a small surrender value."

Ernest W. Burgoyne: "I am assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Assurance Company at Buffalo, N.Y. I identify policy No. 982364, for the sum of $2000 on the life of Mrs. C. E. James, payable to her husband, W. T. James. I identify the photo as that of the woman who applied for the insurance. The cost of this insurance would be $87.44 per year, payable quarterly. The receipt (produced and identified) paid the policy up to March 13, 1896. The document, dated Buffalo, Nov. 22, was signed by the beneficiary (the prisoner at the bar) in my presence. The prisoner also applied for a similar policy on his own life, but it was refused, as he did not pass the doctor's examination. This policy was to be made payable to his wife. The first application was for $5000 on the wife's life, but it was refused, and the $2000 policy subsequently issued."

The cross-examination by Mr. Johnston did not change the witness' evidence.

After some discussion between Mr. Osler and Mr. Johnston, the following letters, found on the person of prisoner when arrested, were admitted as evidence, and read to the jury. The two principal letters were read at Mr. Johnston's request. They are not important, except as showing the prisoner's desire to effect the insurance on his wife's life, and his apparent determination to retain his wife Katie's trunk after she had left Toronto and gone home to Gravenhurst. The letters are in rather pretty hand-writing, and are worth publishing, as an indication of the condition of her mind during this period.

The first letter was from Buffalo, just after Hammond had gone to New York, whither she was to follow him in a few days. She was remaining over to complete negotiations for the life insurance. Although married, she was living under the assumed name of Katie Harrington, and this name is endorsed on the back of the letter:

Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 20, 1895.

Dearest Will,—You have no idea how lonely it is here without you, and just think you have only been away a few hours. I don't know what I will do before the week is up. I have attended to all business this morning. Everything will be all right, except the Equitable. They are going to send the policy by express, as they think it will be safe, to 1200 Broadway, so you will have to see about it there. They gave me a receipt, which I will enclose in this letter. The New York Life is all right. You can get it by calling at the home office in New York. You will receive a line from them telling you when to call, and I hope everything will be all right. You will hardly get it before the end of next week. I guess the people here thought it strange I should send my trunk, and not intending to go myself, for Olive said at the table she supposed they would be losing me to-day, as I had sent my trunk. She looked surprised when I told her I was not. Now, Willie, be sure and write just as soon as you get this, for I will be very anxious about the receipt, also to hear how you are getting along, and how you like New York. I will pray every night for success in all your undertakings and trust my prayers will be answered. I think this is all at present, so good bye, my darling, my dearest love, and write soon. I remain your loving Catharine.

The next is a brief note, after they had returned from New York to Toronto. Katie had taken a position as domestic at Mrs. Lee's, 450 Bathurst-street, from which house the next is written:

450 Bathurst-street, Toronto, Jan. 16.

Dearest Willie,—As I have to keep house this evening, I will not be able to go to Beverley-street. Would be pleased if you will call about half past seven. Yours in haste, Kate.

The other two letters are written after Katie had gone home to Gravenhurst and before Hammond had left Toronto. They explain themselves:

Gravenhurst, Feb. 18.

Dear Will,—I have waited for my trunk till I am tired. I have to tell one lie after another, till I don't know what I will say next, so you must send my trunk at once, for how in Heaven's name do you expect me to get along without my things, besides pa is going to see Mr. Torrey about it, so for Heaven's sake send it by express or freight! But I am afraid you will have to pay it. I think the least you might have done was to send me word you were not coming when you said, for I have walked the streets for two evenings in the storm. Now remember, I wish you to send my trunk at once. I don't care what excuse you have, I must have it at once. I remain your loving Kate.

Gravenhurst, Feb. 27.

Dear Willie,—This is the fourth time I have written to you and I have only received one card from you since I came home. I have not got my trunk yet. I don't know what to think about it; whether you sent it or not. If you have, it must be lost. I don't know what the people think. They never say anything about it now, but at first I had quite a time, for, as I thought I would surely get the check from you Monday evening, as you said, I told them I had given it to the bus driver. Of course, when it didn't come they were anxious. I told them not to bother, for it was all right. Frank seen the fellow up town and asked him about it. The fellow knew nothing of it, and I got into a terrible fuss. They think it is kept for my board. Think of it! You don't know how ashamed I feel. I got a setting out from pa last night. He told me it was a shame for me to stay away as I did, working for my board, for, as far as he could see, I had made nothing. I had a trunk full when I went away; I came home with nothing but a few rags on my back, not fit to be seen. What does your father say to you about being married, for I suppose he has heard all about it? For it is no secret here. Everyone I see ask me about it, but I give them no satisfaction, so they are in the dark as ever. Annie Scott heard it from Mrs. John Cockburn. She said she thought it was quite true and that we had been seen together in New York. Well, that is bad, for it would not look very well for us to be there unless we were married. I wish I knew who saw us. I told Annie she must have made a mistake, so she thought it must be a mistake altogether. Now, will you please write as soon as you get this. Don't send a card, for I may not get it myself. I can't imagine why I don't hear from you. I watch the office like a cat watching a mouse. If I don't hear from you before next Tuesday I am going down to Toronto, so be sure and write. I remain ever your loving Kate.

Archie Sloan, sworn: "I am head constable at Gravenhurst. The prisoner was arrested by my brother. Found the following documents on prisoner when I searched him: A letter from Armbrust to Mrs. James, re policy in the Provincial Provident Company; a letter from the head office of the same company re the annulling of the policy issued in Buffalo; a post-card from W.T.J. to Miss Tough at Gravenhurst; postcard to Mrs. C. E. Tough; a letter directing that a registered letter addressed to W. J. Hammond be delivered to W. T. James, and endorsed on the back of it "$200; policy 2380"; another letter re annulling of insurance; on the reverse of this letter was a draft of the same letter; also found keys on prisoner; trunk came into my possession on March 13; opened trunk with key found on prisoner; in the trunk found insurance policies, also partly torn letter; two men's shirts and collars, initialed, "W.J.H." were also found in trunk besides the dead girl's clothes; an empty bottle was handed to me by Allan McNabb, after it was found by him; saw the place where the bottle was found, an indentation in the snow; the coroner placed the contents of the cup found in a bottle. The marriage certificate was found in the trunk."

Mrs. E. A. Chamberlain, an old lady from Buffalo, was the next witness. She said: "James (the prisoner) boarded at our house in Buffalo, also a young lady named Harrington. They came there about Nov. 1, 1895. James left a week before Miss Harrington. They did not live as man and wife. Recognize photo produced (that of deceased) as Miss Harrington."

Mrs. Amanda Lecompe, who keeps a private hotel at 221 West 32nd-street, New York, said the prisoner came to her house about three weeks before Christmas, 1895. He gave the name of James. A woman came five days after and she knew her as Mrs. James. The two lived as man and wife. The woman left a few days before James did. He left Christmas Eve. Letters came to her house addressed W. J. Hammond, care of W. T. James.

Dr. A. J. Grant: Live in Gravenhurst; called to see deceased on the night of March 6, 1896, at 11 o'clock. She was dead. The pupils of the eyes were dilated and somewhat unequal; hands not clinched; undue fulness of chest. At that time could not discover any cause of death; held a post-mortem examination with Dr. Cornell and made a report to the coroner.

The report, which was here read, showed several signs of prussic acid poisoning, but it concluded by saying that they could not discern the cause of death. The witness said he was not positive that she came to her death by prussic acid poison. The fourth bottle found was handed him by Bowes on April 1. It contained prussic acid poison. The body was that of a very healthy woman.

Court adjourned for luncheon.

When court resumed Mr. Osler asked to tender the application made by Mrs. James to the Equitable Life. This he did in view of what Morse had said about it in the commission evidence, re James placing insurance on his wife in this company. It was admitted and marked exhibit 16. The application was then read, showing that she wanted a $5000 policy on her own life, payable to her husband, the premiums to cost $27.10 every three months.

Dr. Bridgeland (coroner): Held inquest on the body of the deceased; poured the contents of cup found in her room in a bottle and kept it in my possession until I handed it to William Sloan, who took it to Prof. Ellis in Toronto.

The jury were here taken out of the room while a point of law re the admission of the prisoner's evidence at the inquest was discussed. Coroner Bridgeland told how the prisoner had asked for no privileges, and expressed himself as desirous of giving evidence. The coroner further said that he cautioned the prisoner that what he might say would be used against him. Mr. Osler tendered the prisoner's evidence at the inquest as evidence against him now.

Continued on Page 7

WHO WILL BUILD IT?

Sir Oliver, Blair and Sifton a Crow's Nest Commission.

The Kootenay Country Must Have Railway Facilities, and the People Out There Clamor for Government Construction and Control—The Country's Archives are Safe Now—Difficulties of Making the Public Buildings Fireproof—General Ottawa News.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Special.)—Sir Oliver Mowat and Hon. Messrs. Blair and Sifton have been appointed a subcommittee of council to grapple with the question of construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, and held their first meeting to-day in Mr. Sifton's office. The subject assigned to them is one of the most important the Government has had to consider of late years. The Ministers recognize the desirability of the Kootenay country being tapped by railways from the east and west, but a difficulty arises over the desire of the people of British Columbia for an independent line from Vancouver and the further desire, in which the Territories join, for Government construction and operation.

Mr. A. L. Jarvis, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, left for London to-night to attend the examination of verterinary surgeons for positions as departmental inspectors under the recent cattle quarantine regulations with the United States. The examining board will be Professor McEachran of Montreal and Dr. Andrew Smith of Toronto. The examiners will be in Toronto on Saturday and in Kingston on Monday. Any veterinary surgeon may present himself for examination and appointment.

The Minister of Militia got a bad shaking up in the railway accident near Dorchester, worse, unfortunately, than at first thought. Since he arrived here Dr. Borden has not been out of his bed, and his medical attendant has ordered absolute rest, so that he will not undertake office work for some time, and will probably go south for two or three weeks. Indeed, some people go so far as to say that the hon. gentleman may have to retire from politics altogether.

All the volumes of the Dominion archives, which were in the west block, under the Customs Department, have been safely removed from the burned building to the Langevin block, without the loss of a single volume. The ten thousand volumes were removed in eight hours, and it was found that only about a dozen books had been touched by water.

A new point respecting the condition of things prevailing in the Departmental buildings as regards water supply was brought out to-day. When the Parliament building and east and west blocks were constructed cast-iron pipes were used for carrying water through the buildings. It is said that with the exception of the Mackenzie wing there is no lead pipe in these buildings, and as the cast-iron pipe was not coated inside or out with the preparation which has been put upon it of late years, the present pipe is almost closed up by the accumulation of rust. This may well be understood, when it is pointed out that the pipes have been in use nearly 35 years. It is claimed by the city Waterworks Department that this is the cause of the poor streams of water from the hydrants within the buildings. That there is much in this contention was evidenced by what transpired in the House of Commons building two weeks ago. Down the wall in one corner of room 16, there runs a fresh water pipe. Some days ago the water burst through the pipe, and when the pipe came to be examined it was found to be choked up with oxide of iron, the result of corrosion of 30 years or more. New pipes had to be put in, and Mr. Tarte will probably have to cause the same to be done in the Departmental buildings. That this will not be a very easy job may be realized, when it is stated that there actually does not exist in the possession of the Government a plan of the location of water pipes in the Government Buildings. The only man who is said to have one is Mr. J. R. Arnoldi, former mechanical engineer, but who was dismissed in 1891 at the instance of the Liberals.

Additional watchmen have been put on duty in all the Government buildings. They are employes of the Public Works Department. Now the question arises, if the late fire was caused by the carelessness of one of the departmental employes, as Mr. Tarte thinks, who is going to watch the watchmen?

Some of the models in the patents branch are being bundled out to make way for documents from the Interior Department.

Premier Hardy has written the following letter to Mr. Charles Murphy of this city, President of the Ontario Federal Young Liberal Club: "I learn with pleasure that the officers of the Ontario Federation of Liberal Clubs are taking action towards the perfecting and widening of the organization, and towards securing a careful and thorough revision of the provincial voters' lists. I quite recognize the great activity of the Young Liberal Clubs during the recent elections and their powerful aid in securing the recent triumph of the Liberal principles throughout Canada. I know of no better agency for the extension of these principles throughout the province than the Liberal Clubs. Their action has been in the past powerful for good, and I venture to hope that the same activity may prevail within their ranks in relation to provincial public matters as that shown in the recent Dominion elections. It will greatly gratify the older members of the Liberal party and the Reform leaders of the Dominion and Province to learn of their renewed activity. They cannot throw too much energy into the work of the revision of the voters' lists, or into organization, as upon their efforts and the efforts of kindred associations in these directions very largely depend the results of the elections in doubtful places."

Three hundred Welsh families, who some time ago emigrated to the Argentine Republic, are now in negotiation for a return to British territory. It is said that they will take up farms in the Northwest Territory.

The steamer Stanley, which maintains the passenger and mail service between Pictou, N.S., and Prince Edward Island, was reported to the Department this morning as frozen in an ice floe out in the Straits and maybe lost for a fortnight. She has six months' provisions aboard and the accommodation is of the best so passengers will not suffer any privations.

One of the Toronto members will next session introduce a bill in Parliament to compel railway companies to carry bicycles free of any extra charge aboard passenger trains.

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRAFF, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

STORMER BICYCLE
HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 189 or 215. Day or night.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 437 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 560 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 36ed

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

General.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . . 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

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Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 88. . . . Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 290 George-st.

Probabilities.
Moderate winds: fine; stationary or higher temperature.

R. F.

GOOD GOODS
Are Those that Most Advance the Reputation of a store.
It is by the quality a store sells that one can tell the class of trade that patronizes it.
JUST 100 PAIRS
Out of the 500 pair job lot of High-class Ladies' Kid Gloves left. Very desirable shades 50c., formerly sold at $1.25.
A FEW ITEMS
from our recent spring arrivals:—

2 yards wide Unbleached Sheeting	15c	per yard
5 pieces Job Bleached ....Sheeting, Twilled	15c	worth 25 cents
54 inch Linen Tabling	25c	
Heavy Bag Towelling	5c	
10 ends Union and All Wool Carpets	35c	per yard
50 doz. Ladies' H. S. Handkerchiefs	5c	worth 10 cts.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses	50c	very special
5,000 yards Crumb's New Spring Prints	12½c	
36 doz. ⅞ size Bleached Napkins	$1.00	worth $1.25

Ten New Lines in Ladies' White Underwear to be sold at special low prices for the next two weeks.
Every garment in our White Wear department is this season's styles.
We expect to receive early next week 50 Bales and Cases via S. S. "Lake Superior," Beaver Line, New Spring
Dress Goods, Silks, Carpets and Linoleums.
As hitherto the Golden Lion will be headquarters for fashionable Dry Goods, Carpets and Housefurnishings.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

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See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of a perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
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"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE.---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

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Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co

George Street, Peterborough.

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and **Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates,** besides **Sleigh Bells.**

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

Toronto Savings
AND
Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

They All Come Back to Hood's Sarsaparilla

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this medicine keep up while others come and go in a short time go out of sight entirely, to be heard from no more."

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy which has cured more sickness, relieved more distress and made more happiness by bringing people health than any other medicine. Its wonderful cures of the worst cases of scrofula, running sores, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; of dyspepsia and other troubles where a first class tonic and aid to digestion was needed; of catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and other troubles arising from or promoted by impure blood, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 19, 1897

MR. Marchand, leader of the Quebec Opposition, is now being held up as a business man whose management as Premier would restore the finances of that province to a satisfactory condition. Exactly the same claim was made for Mr. Laurier by exactly the same men during the Federal campaign, and the Montreal Gazette points out that Mr. Laurier has shown his capacity for improving the financial situation by borrowing three million dollars as a temporary loan to tide him over till he or one of his colleagues has time to go to Europe to borrow ten millions.

THE Liberal Ministers seem to have a great weakness for New York. They took the contract for the lithographing of the Canadian bank notes, etc., from a Canadian firm and gave it to a New York company. Now Mr. Tarte brings a New York engineer to inspect the walls of the western block damaged by fire. Surely there are Canadian architects and engineers capable of doing such work, and who could be employed without sending for an American to come up and pass judgment on the ruins of public buildings. These Americans will be justified in reaching the conclusion that Canada have not many capable men if the Liberals continue to hold office, and go to New York with their contracts and for their engineers. At the same time while the Canadian Government shows its weakness for American employees, the United States Senate are closing the doors of their country on Canadian workingmen, by passing the alien labor law.

IT is reported that the Patrons will probably introduce a bill at the Legislature to prohibit Government officials interfering with elections. The bill is in the right direction, but we doubt if Mr. Haycock, as the leader of the Patron wing of the Liberal party, will introduce any such measure. Mr Hardy does not want his army of election workers thrown out of the coming provincial election. The absence of the officials who leave their offices and his themselves to the rural districts and there travel the concession lines in the interests of the Liberal cause would be a loss too serious to be contemplated. And yet such a bill introduced at the present session of the Legislature would force the Liberals to take a stand on the "offensive partisan" question. They are now visiting punishment on Tory officials who said they were Conservatives or expressed a political opinion, even in private, and to see these same men turn around and oppose a measure that would place the public officials out of the service of one political party while they are accepting the money of the whole people would add another shining example to the long, long list of Liberal inconsistencies.

IT looks now as if Mr Laurier would have to make good his promise or declaration and introduce a retaliatory measure against Americans who seek employment in Canada. The immigration bill, embodying the alien labor law, has passed the U. S. Senate by the narrow majority of three. The bill now goes to the President for signature, and, if signed, will go into effect on July 1st. As we have said before when referring to this law, we believe it to belong to a class of legislation that does no credit to a civilized, christian nation. However, if the Republic to our south persists in the face of strong protest in making and enforcing such a law, then it remains for the Canadian Government to awaken them to a proper conception of what is right by giving them a taste of their own medicine. A retaliatory measure will do more to bring the Americans to time than anything else, and an amicable settlement will be reached and an objectionable law removed. Many of the United States Senators were very strong in their opposition to the alien labor enactment, and one of them, Mr Palmer, a Democrat from Illinois, was right when he described it as "a remarkable movement to originate in the land of the free and home of the brave." Americans may have received poor ideas of Canadians through the pleadings of Liberal Ministers and members of Parliament for reciprocity, but they cannot point to any such manifestation of poor spirit on the part of Canadians as is evidenced by the United States in this alien labor law.

Philanthropy and Nature.

Montreal Gazette.

The question of how far modern humanitarianism does well in attempting to interfere with the order of nature is one which has always been of interest to the philosopher and the casuist, and it is not surprising that this issue should be raised in connection with the Indian famine and plague. There is no doubt that the security of British rule has given rise to a tremendous increase in population. War, pestilence and famine used to keep England's teeming millions within bounds, and now that these natural checks have been removed there is a tendency for the population to increase beyond the limits of subsistence. But it would be very rash to conclude from these facts that wise people should close their hearts and their pockets to the cry of the needy. Indiscriminate charity is often harmful, but that is no excuse for no charity at all. When people are overtaken by sudden adversity or sickness it is always right and safe to extend a helping hand. The interests of the race will certainly not be advanced by hard-heartedness or the repression of the finest instincts of human nature. It is still true that mercy is twice blessed—"it blesseth him that gives and him that takes." The people of India could be no better off by being left a prey to the ravages of plague and famine, and the people of Canada and of Great Britain would certainly be no better for leaving such suffering without relief.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

A Good Proposition.

The value of a cow depends so wholly on the amount and quality of the milk she gives that the proposition coming from the North Carolina experiment station, namely, to sell or buy cows by the milk test, seems rather natural and good sense. "The plan is based on the yield of their milk, together with the quality of the same as determined by tests of the milk. The rule is to pay for the cow at the rate of $12 a gallon of milk given a day that is rich enough to show three and one-half per cent. of fat. To this price add or substract one dollar for every one-fourth of one per cent. of fat, which is above or below the three and one-half per cent. By this rule a cow is bought entirely on her merits. It is believed to be a conservative plan, and one which, if adopted (or one upon a similar plan), will certainly raise the standard of cows and increase their milk and butter production; for if they cannot be sold easily for milk cows, they will soon be turned over to the butcher, and a better animal be kept or a willing purchaser be found. The result cannot fail to be beneficial to all parties."—T. Greiner, in Farm and Fireside.

The People Are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honorable men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents

Furniture Away Down

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

By a unanimous vote the Grand Lodge Ancient Order United Workmen, Ontario, in session at Toronto Wednesday decided to sever all financial connection with the Supreme Lodge, and in future to work independently in so far as the finances of the Order are concerned. It was also determined to move the offices of the Order from St. Thomas to Toronto.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PROVINCIAL BUDGET.

Mr. Harcourt Presents His Annual Statement.

When Rich Men Die the Treasurer Has a Hand in—Toronto and Ottawa Are the Cities Which Contribute the Most Money in This Respect—The Treasurer Has Hopes for the Future as the Mining Boom is On—Sources of Revenue—That Surplus Special Votes—Mr. Matheson's Criticism.

Toronto, Feb. 19.

The preliminary business of the Legislature was speedily disposed of yesterday afternoon and the galleries were crowded when Hon. Mr. Harcourt rose to move the House into Committee of Supply.

Hon. R. Harcourt, on rising to present his financial statement, was received with applause from the Government benches. In opening he referred to the fact that if his aim were merely to interest or hold the attention of the audience for an hour or more the topic upon which he was about to address the House was the very last subject which he would select. Yet, said the speaker, the question of our finances, the exact condition of our balance sheet, and everything in fact relating to our expenditure and receipts prove of perennial interest and always command the closest attention.

I have nothing to announce out of the usual or ordinary concerning the finances of 1896, neither as regards our receipts or expenditures. Our receipts for the year, whether taken in the aggregate or having regard to the main heads of revenue taken one by one, are alike satisfactory. I estimated, for instance, last February that we would receive during the year upon which we were then entering $3,122,000. As a fact we did actually receive, excluding the annuities, $3,312,940. This proves that, we are always careful to state as our estimate of revenue an amount well within what we can reasonably hope to receive.

Our subsidy receipt was of course the same as last year. It will be noticed that our receipts for the year under the head of "Interest on capital and debts due by the Dominion to Ontario" are less than they were in former years. For several years prior to 1894 we received as interest from the Dominion on moneys held for us a round sum of $300,000 a year; this sum was an approximate amount, the real and actual amount not being as yet exactly ascertained. In 1894 we received $310,020. The Dominion holds in trust for the province the Upper Canada Grammar School Fund $312,769, the Upper Canada Building Fund $1,472,391, and the Land Improvement Fund $124,685, the three aggregating $1,909,845. Last year the Dominion had withheld from the province two payments amounting to $95,493, being 5 per cent. upon that amount. In my last statement, I roughly estimated the unascertained balance due the Dominion on the open accounts at $2,000,000, and the Dominion contended that the amount due from the province, being about equal to the trust funds I have referred to, the payment of interest should be withheld pending a final and complete settlement. Having regard to the recent decisions of the arbitrators this unascertained balance is less than estimated by at least $250,000.

Crown Lands affords the largest source of revenue aside from the subsidy, the amount being $129,000 in excess of the estimate, a satisfactory result in view of the unfavorable year for the lumber industry. Year by year the aggregate revenue from liquor licenses is declining, and will continue to decline, of course, owing to the steady diminution in the number of licenses issued. Of the revenue received from this source last year $112,261 came from the city municipalities and $155,851 from other municipalities. The various municipalities received $267,072 as their share of the fees. In addition to this amount $18,250 was received from 65 brewers and 8 distillers. Litigation which has been decided by the judgment of the Privy Council on 6th February declares that a license fee imposed upon a person carrying on the trade of brewer and wholesale vendor of ale is not indirect taxation; that it is ultra vires provincial legislation, and it affirms our powers to impose a direct tax upon a bank or other commercial corporation carrying on business within the province.

Local option bylaws are in force in Essex town, South Norwich, West Garafraxa, Mariposa, Parry Sound (town), Pickering, Gainsboro, Lobo, Maxville (village), Storrington, Lanark, Tilbury East, Amaranth, East Garafraxa and East Luther. These bylaws cut off 36 taverns and 3 shop licenses.

From succession duties of estimated $200,000 revenue, we received $152,000. One estate in 1896 yielded $134,000, so that the receipts for that year were abnormal. The total receipts from this source since 1892 have been $643,000 from 285 estates, out of 20,530 estates reported to us. The revenue of 1896 was derived from 99 estates, of which 24 were from York county, 9 from Wentworth and 6 each from Brant, Middlesex, Northumberland and Durham. From Haldimand, Halton, Norfolk, Peterborough, Prince Edward and Prescott and Russell no revenue was derived during the year. The proportion of estates upon which duty was paid was one in eighty-six. The largest receipt of duties came from the County of York, which contributed $48,000, and the next largest, $32,000, was from Carleton. After these came Wentworth and Northumberland and Durham. In all these save six collateral heirs inherited considerable portions of the estate and contributed accordingly to our revenue, and in only 12 did direct heirs, such as wife or child, pay anything, and three of these 12 were valued at over $400,000 each.

Since the passage of the Act authorizing the collection of this duty, the counties of York and Carleton (and this for the most part means the cities of Toronto and Ottawa) have contributed 60 per cent. of the total revenue, the former having paid $152,570 and the latter $321,217. Haldimand, Prescott and Russell have not yet reported a single estate as liable to duty.

From the sale of annuities we realized $177,730, in selling which we have not added to our liabilities, but have substituted terminable annuities for railway aid certificates. We are, on the occasion of each sale, postponing, it is true, a part of the liability which was by common consent of all parties in the Legislature at the time created in the pioneer days of the province. We have expended $4,449,000 for railways, and no one disputes either the wisdom of incurring the liability or the justice and reasonableness of now spreading it over a long term of years. The payment for railway aid in 1896 was $270,067, being the largest since 1891. In 1897 $240,250 will be required for this purpose; in 1898, $211,737; 1899, $197,305; 1900, $191,223; 1901, $159,426, and 1902, $143,269, or a reduction of nearly $100,000 in five years.

The increase of $41,000 in revenue from public institutions is mainly due to closer collections of arrears on maintenance account, rendered possible by an improved method in keeping the accounts. The Central Prison shows a falling off as compared with the previous year. The number of paying patients was 904, or less than one out of five. Of this number 296 were in the Toronto, 218 in the London and 173 in the Hamilton asylums.

Our casual revenue has grown from $72,000 in 1892 to $96,000 in 1896, a considerably larger sum than formerly being received by way of percentages from fees of officials.

The receipts from law stamps were the smallest for many years and $30,000 less than in 1894, which must mean less litigation, a less volume of work in our Surrogate and other offices, and some will argue an approach to that extent to the days of the millennium. The large increased receipts from shooting and fishing licenses, viz., $8208, nearly five times as large as those of last year is noticeable

I need not speak at great length of our expenditures. They will later on in the session be examined closely and with care by the Public Accounts Committee. We succeeded in keeping well within the sums voted by the House. The over expenditure for stationery of $14,267 was largely caused by the public demand for departmental reports, requiring 12,000 additional copies to be printed.

Our expenditure for education keeps growing apace. We spent last year $702,569, or more than one-fifth of our total revenue. No one suggests that we can, consistently with growth, progress and improvement, curtail in this direction

We expended a little less than the educational vote of last year. The over expenditures were for departmental examinations and superannuated teachers. The cost of examinations increases as the number of candidates increase. The fees paid by candidates amounted to $34,061.

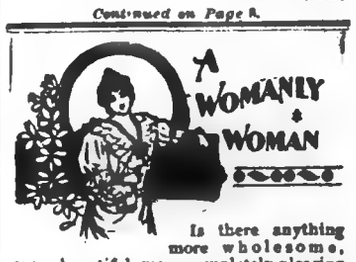
The expenditure for the maintenance of our public institutions represents an amount equal to about one-fourth of the total annual revenue, and was $40,000 greater than in 1893. The over-expenditure on the Brockville Asylum is accounted for by the fact that the number of inmates is small and the cost per capita greater than in larger institutions. The cost per capita of maintenance of patients in the asylums was $134.55, as compared with $142.65 in 1895, $127.22 in 1894 and $125.71 in 1893.

The expenditure for hospitals and charities was the largest the Province has yet incurred. The grants amounted to $194,615. Up to the present time assistance had been given to fourteen counties for County Houses of Refuge, amounting to $53,750. In concluding my remarks on the annual expenditures I wish especially to call attention to the fact that we are year by year reducing our expenses, a reduction of $455,000 having been made in five years.

At this point the speaker passed a eulogy upon Sir Oliver Mowat for his administration of the affairs of this Province, in the course of which he gave a brief history of the progress made by the Province during his regime.

Taking up the question of the accounts in dispute between the Province and Dominion, Hon. Mr. Harcourt, referring to the judgment of the Privy Council exonerating Ontario from liability for the Indian claims,

Continued on Page 8.



Is there anything more wholesome, more beautiful, more completely pleasing than a womanly woman? Such a woman is even tempered, intelligent, strong and healthy. Health really tells the whole story. Health means strong nerves and strong body, and they go far toward bringing good looks and amiability.

A woman worn and wearied by the dragging weaknesses peculiar to her sex, cannot be expected to find zest in any duty or amusement Life is all one dead monotonous gloom to her. On her face is written the story of weakness and pain. The wholesomeness of health is lacking. The cheeks lack fullness, the eyes lack sparkle, the hair lacks luster.

Doctors have learned to locate nine-tenths of womanly sickness in the organs that ought above all others to be strong and healthy.

Sensitive women shudder at the thought of consulting a physician on such matters. A natural feeling of modesty makes them dread the examination, and subsequent stereotyped treatment by "local applications" on which most doctors insist.

Much more often than not, this is unnecessary. It should not be submitted to except as a last resort.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has cured thousands of severe cases of "female weakness." It works in a natural, sensible way. It begins by subduing the inflammation that is always present. Then it strengthens and invigorates the whole body, particularly the organs distinctly feminine. It promotes regularity, cures inflammation and ulceration, and stops the debilitating drain caused by them. Of all dealers.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. Wettstein, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years — not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897.

ONE OF DEPEW'S BEST.

An Old Schoolmate Calls on Him For a Railroad Pass.

Some of the best stories that are told at Lotos Club dinners reach only the small audience that gathers in the cafe downstairs, after the toasts have been spoken to, for a more informal entertainment as a conclusion. To such an audience a few evenings ago, Dr. Depew, in speaking of the many requests that he received for passes, said: "A man whom I have not seen since we were boys together called on me this morning and introduced himself. He looked rather seedy, and he told me he wasn't prosperous. We talked about the days when we were boys together, and the little red schoolhouse, and how the years had dealt with each of us. 'I am glad to see you are getting along nicely, Chauncey,' he said. 'Thank you,' I replied, 'and how have you prospered?' 'I have not prospered at all,' he said, wiping a tear from the corner of his eye, 'but I am on the eve of success if you'll give me a little aid.' 'What can I do for you?'

"'Well, Chauncey, I want a pass to Wappinger Falls.'

"'What are you going to do there to bring you success?' I asked.

"'I'm going to deliver a lecture. It's a good lecture, and it will bring me fame and money.'

"'And what are you going to lecture about?' I asked.

"'I'll tell you, Chauncey, after I get the pass.'

"I wanted to aid my old friend, and I had a pass made out for him. Giving it to him, I said, with some curiosity:

"'Now, John, what is the subject of this lecture of yours?'

"John braced up, threw back his shoulders, and proudly answered:

"'I am going to lecture on how to make money.'"—New York Sun.

A Tramp in Luck.

Boely is a man who never had to work for a living, but he's always busy pursuing some fad, pushing some line of study, or indulging some caprice. The other night, when friends were helping him fill his library with smoke, he told this one.

"Twenty years ago I read of two rich young Englishmen who had become tramps in order to study the species. It caught my fancy and I undertook the same experiment. A thousand interesting incidents might be recalled, but there was one that changed the whole current of my life.

"One evening about dusk I pounded at the back door of a house and was answered by a stately, noble-looking woman, who recognised me with a gasp, while I felt as though turning to stone at seeing her. You know the mental vacuum that visits a man in time of deep embarrassment? I stuttered and sputtered about in a fruitless effort to explain, while she wore a look of mingled pity and disdain. She was wondering if her refusing me two years before had brought me to such a state, while I was inwardly cursing the earth for not yawning just long enough to swallow me. At last I rallied just sufficiently to make her understand. We had a merry meal together, though the hired girl turned up her nose and refused point blank to wait on 'such a lookin' critter.'

"The face of my hostess beamed because I was not the wreck she had thought me. I caught her on the rebound and was accepted, long hair, unshaven face, disreputable clothing and all. She sweetly admitted that she must have been mistaken in thinking I had no aim in life. I had enterprise she had never suspected in me. Now you know why she often calls me her dear old tramp."

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. Hacking.

OAK HALL.

Advertise in the Review.

NOT FOR HIM.

The gas burned low and the fire burned bright,
As he held her hand on that fatal night.

And he felt so good that he did not care
For the things of earth, for he trod on air,

And she happened to mention it looked like snow.
And he said: "Oh, dearest, let us go.

On a grand sleigh ride, if the snow should fall—
Just you and I and the moon, that's all."

And she clapped her hands and she cried, "How grand
It will be, I know! I am yours to command."

And the next day came, and the snow came, too,
And it fell four feet, as she hoped 'twould do.

Then, being a man of his word, he strode
(Though he cursed his fate) to the rich abode.

Of a livery man, and he asked the price
Of a sleighing rig that would be "real nice."

For himself and girl; and the liveryman
Thought long and deep, as he only can.

And he named a sum that he said was cheap,
And the young man fell in a palsied heap;

And after a while, at the close of day,
He picked himself up, and he strode away

To the one he loved, and explained just why,
There would be no ride, for it came too high.

Then the maid wept long, and she cried: "I knew
Just how it would be when you asked me to.

You're a mean old thing, and now no more
Can you call on me," and she slammed the door.

But the young man laughed with a joy immense,
As he slid away o'er the back yard fence.

"I've lost my girl, it is true," he cried,
And all on account of a brief sleigh ride;

But I'll be eternally gol darned," she he,
"If a liveryman gets ahead of me!"

THE LEE-ENFIELD RIFLE.

The New Weapon With Which the Canadian Militia Is to Be Armed.

The Canadian militia forces are to be armed at once with Lee-Enfield rifles, replacing the Snider-Enfields, which have been in use since 1871.

The Lee-Enfield is a bolt action, small bore, magazine rifle of .303 inch calibre, capable of carrying ten cartridges in the magazine in reserve and can then be used as a single loader. The bullet is one and one-quarter inch in length and the complete cartridge three inches long, the greatest diameter of the bullet is .311 inch and its weight is 215 grains. The charge is 30 1-2 grains of "cordite," as it is commonly called.

We will first consider the barrel of the rifle, with a more particular reference to the bore. The extreme length of the barrel is 30 inches, omitting fractions, and it is strongly reinforced at the breech to withstand the enormous pressure developed by the explosion of the cordite charge, amounting to about 15 tons to the square inch. The barrel is rifled, on what is known as the Enfield system, familiarized by the Snider-Enfield, and has five shallow grooves from breech to muzzle of .006 inch in depth; these grooves turn over from right to left and make a complete turn in every ten inches—thus the bullet in passing out of the barrel makes three complete revolutions. The apparent anomaly of a bullet of .311 inch diameter being fired out of a .303 inch bore, is therefore explained by the fact that the diameter of the bore is .303 inch plus the depth of two grooves of .006 inch each, equals .010 inch, equals .313 inch.

The sights of the rifle are the ordinary open military sights, familiarized to volunteers by the Martini-Henry rifle and are scaled for use up to 1800 yards. There are provided, however, for use at ranges between 1600 and 2800 yards, a most ingenious set of "extreme range sights," consisting of an aperture back sight and a "bead" fore-sight, with index finger pointing to the range required, on a graduated dial. These special sights are used for firing at guns, camps or bodies of troops, or may be used with advantage in holding a bridge from a distance and in many other ways their presence is advantageous; when not in use, they fold snugly under cover, into the fore-end of the rifle.

We next come to the action of the rifle, namely, the firing mechanism and its connection with the magazine. The Lee bolt action is very similar in appearance to the bolt action of all the rifles now in use by the continental powers. The bolt is raised by the right hand, drawn back, pushed forward and turned down and, provided the magazine is charged, the rifle is ready for firing, in the ordinary way, by pressing the trigger.

The magazine is a sheet steel box, having a platform actuated by a spring underneath, and fits into a slot in the body of the rifle, just in front of the guard, where it is held by the magazine catch. The magazine is detachable, but is connected to the rifle by a link of chain at the front corner. Ten cartridges can be placed in it, where they lie slightly overlapping one another, and are fed upwards by the drawing back of the bolt, which at the same time withdraws the fired shell and hurls it away to the right. The pushing forward of the bolt drives the cartridge into the chamber. There is a "cut-off" or swing gate provided, which permits of the magazine being

THE LEE-ENFIELD RIFLE.

closed and the rifle being used as a single loader, at will. This is a very decided improvement over some continental weapons, in which the magazine is used all the time.

There is provided a detachable wooden hand guard back of the rear sight and at the point of balance for the protection of the hand during and after firing, as the heat developed by the combustion of the charge is very great, and the unprotected hand could not be held upon the barrel after the discharge of a few shots.

The propulsive force is a combination of two high class explosives, nitro glycerine and gun cotton in the proportion of 58 per cent. to 37 per cent. respectively and 5 per cent. of vaseline jelly, under the name of cordite. This combination of two terrific explosive agents in such a tractable form, is due to the genius of Mr. Alfred Noble, the well-known inventor of dynamite, and it obtains its name from the peculiar form in which it is pressed when in the process of manufacture. Cordite for small arms comes from the dies in thin strings or cords, and when dame is wound upon a drum and exposed to a heat of 100 degrees Fah't. to remove any moisture. It is then wound upon another drum and finally 60 strands are fed into the cartridge cases and cut off by machinery, so that each case contains exactly 30 1-2 grains of explosive. It is almost incredible that such a combination should be quite harmless when exposed to the ordinary action of fire, but such is nevertheless the case. Experiments were conducted by Her Majesty's Inspectors of Explosives in 1890, with a view of determining the explosive action and effect of cordite, when exposed to the action of fire, and, among other experiments, the trial of making a bonfire around 100 pounds of fine rifle cordite, in a box, was tried and when the fire had burned through the box, the cordite ignited with a sort of mild explosion which only forced off one side of the box, thus clearly demonstrating the sluggish nature of the compound, although in the process of manufacture the ingredients form a highly dangerous material to handle and many deplorable accidents have occurred in the factories where cordite is made.

This charge of 30 1-2 grains of cordite is almost smokeless and when fired from the Lee-Enfield rifle gives the bullet a muzzle velocity of 2000 feet per second and so flat a trajectory that at 500 yards the bullet only rises about four feet above the line of sight.

It is wonderful to think that this sluggish compound we have just described, when ignited by its peculiar primer or cap will start the .303 bullet on its journey at the rate of 1230 miles per hour, but such is indeed the case and this little messenger will travel about 2700 yards before its strength is expended.

The Lee-Enfield bullet weighs only 215 grains and is a compound bullet of cupro-nickel and lead.

MOURNING—WITH A REBATE.

McFingle—What are you wearing the band around your hat for?

McFangle—Uncle dead.

"Sorry?"

"Don't know—will hasn't been read yet."

Great Day For Him

"I'm one of the men that proposed by letter," admitted the captain who came out of the war to successfully win in the harder struggle of the business world. "Though a bashful youth I think I would have mustered courage to have put my fate to the test in the usual way, but I was way up in the northwest when a letter from my adored was received, and one of its sentences gave such an inviting opportunity to say that I would like to marry her that I could not resist. Of course, I'll never know whether woman's wit prepared that welcome opening.

"But when her letter of acceptance came I was thrown into a state of total irresponsibility. The tidings of great joy was too much for me. In trying to get out of the post-office I fell over a Newfoundland dog and grasped a pretty young lady to keep from falling. This seemed to me an act of treason and my apology was so confused that she put me down as intoxicated and made an impossible effort to freeze me with a look. I gave a newsboy a quarter without stopping to take a paper, shook hands with several people I had never seen before, beamed on all comers, irrespective of sex, age, color or existing conditions of servitude, and made myself so effusive generally that the opinion formed by the young lady became prevalent throughout the little town. At the hotel her big brother waited on me with blood in his eye, and for some time my heightened sense of chivalry was stumped whether to fight or explain. But I chose the wiser course. It was not long until the entire community knew the whole story, and rejoiced with me. They have a tradition out there that it was a pretty lively time."

More Business for the Barber.

"Where in creation is that razor of mine?" thundered Bingley, after he had wandered all over the house looking for this aid to the toilet. "You can't keep anything in this place. To try to take special care of anything is to make absolutely sure of losing it. The last time I shaved I put that razor away carefully in the upper bureau drawer, and I know it."

"Stop your ranting, Bingley," shouted his better half from a back room. "Your razor isn't lost. I have it here."

"Shaving?" retorted Bingley, in his effort to restore his own good humor.

"Don't get funny now. I'm just using it to rip up this old sleigh robe. I'm going to clean it, darn it and make it ever again."

"Great heavens, woman! Are you crazy? There's as good a razor as was ever stropped. Cost me $3.50 at wholesale. Now it isn't worth as much as a 25-cent pocketknife. Just keep it, madam, and add it to that manicure set of yours. Haven't you sense enough to know that you would ruin the edge?"

"I haven't hurt your old razor. There's plenty of sand ground into this robe and it's just as good as a grindstone for razors. That's what I get for trying to economise and skimp and make a lot of old trash go as far as it will. You're getting so wrinkled, anyhow, that you'd look better with a full beard."

Then Bingley got into his outdoor clothes as though he were going to a fire, slammed the front door so that the cook screamed in the kitchen, took an electric car down the avenue, stamped into a barber shop, and when he was in the chair told the whole story.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 Government Guarantee

Made purely from

V. O. 1890 WHISKY

Distilled by the late

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

Aged in Oak Staves, under Government Supervision.

Golden in Color.
Nutty in Taste.
Exquisite in Flavor.
Glorious in Effect.

Ask your dealer for

QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

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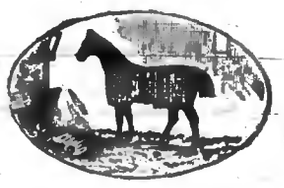
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain



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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest Soaps, Choicest Tooth Powders, Perfumes, Brushes, and all Toilet Articles. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

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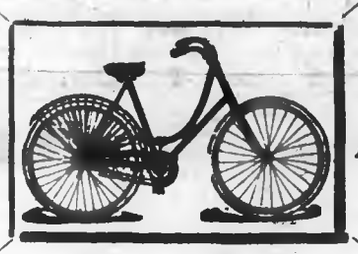

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WELLAND VALE MANF'G CO'Y Ltd

Toronto Store— 77 YONGE STREET

Factory— ST. CATHARINES ONT

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the Review and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
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WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calentt's Porter 120

THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Consists of Prints, Grey and White Cottons, Zephas and Ginghams, White and Colored Flannels, Shirtings, Cottonades, Table Linens, Napkins, Butcher's Linens, Silk Ginghams, Dress Goods, Silks, White Muslins, Lawns, Piques, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear, Collars and Cuffs, Laces, Ties, Casings, Blankets, Carpets, Lace and Chenile Curtains, Floor and Stair Oilcloths, Waterproof Jackets, Capes, Millinery, Velvets and Velveteens, Skirtbraids and Buttons, all of which will be offered at a

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

WATCH FOR THE DATE.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

			1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at		$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at		60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at		60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at		55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at		55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	100, t		65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at		60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at		65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at		60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at		50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at		65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at		65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at		40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at		15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
94 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
February 19th and 20th.

Grand Saturday Matinee 2.30 p m. Evening 8 15.

STOWE & CO'S INCOMPARABLE

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Largest, Grandest and Best in the World

50 people 2 Brass Bands, Grand Orchestra, 20 Great Jubilee Shouters, Picaninny Fife and Drum Corps, the Celebrated Afro-American Swiss Bell Ringers, Buck and Wing Dancers, 2 Quartettes. Grand Mandolin Sextette.

The Original New York Cast.

A Grand Cake Walk, introducing 20 prize winners. Grand Parade at noon.

Matinee prices, children 15c., adults 25c. Evening 25, 35 and 50c Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store. d39

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

Monday Evening, Feb. 22

AN X RAYS OF SUN DAZZLING WIT,

THE GORMANS

In a Prize-winning Study in Laughter,

"The Gilhoolys Abroad"

EVERYTHING NEW.

New Music. New Specialties. New Costumes. New Ideas.

50—MUSICAL NUMBERS—50

Prices 50, 35 and 25 cents. Box Seats 75c. Seats now on sale. d40

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

Wall Papers!

20,000 ROLLS

New Spring Stock Put in Direct from the Manufacturers.

Hundreds of handsome patterns, in all shades and combinations of color. Borders of all widths to match.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to O. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

An Enjoyable Smoke.

The Imperial Sweeper is a new cigar that is kept in stock only by W. B. Rickey. For five cents you can have a pleasant smoke All other fine brands kept in stock. Giv' Rickey a call. George-st., next to Loch's.

John R. Clark, The Boot Black Orator,

Impartial Verdict Given

The Legendre stock bought at 55c. on the dollar is the best and cheapest in the market. New goods coming in reduced in price to put with them. Special sale of Dress Goods and Linings now going on. 3d41

Charlotte st. Church,

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

Don't forget the formal opening of the Y W C A home, at 168 Brock-st., to-night. A good programme has been provided. Miss Betterl, recording secretary, of Montreal, is in town and will also give an address as previously announced, on "The Aims and Objects of Y W C A work here and elsewhere." All are cordially invited.

Monday and Tuesday evening,

Social in the Country.

The Ladies' Aid of the Charlotte-st. church held a social at the residence of Mr. George H. May, North Monaghan, last evening, and quite a number drove out and spent an enjoyable evening. Refreshments were served and Misses Hall, Deland, M. Stephens, Rev. J. J. Rae and Messrs. Squires and Steers furnished the programme.

February 22 and 23.

Runaway.

A very exciting runaway took place on George st. the other day. A small boy who was stopped in his headlong course up street the other day explained that his master told him to run away up to E. Brown & Co's to get some of these choice groceries. The best is cheapest. We have nothing else in stock. E. Brown & Co. 394 George-st., Peterborough. d41tf

Tickets 25c. each, or two for 40 Cents.

Ashburnham Briefs.

The S O E band, of town, have very kindly consented to play at the blind Willie Mitchell benefit concert in the new town hall, Ashburnham this (Friday) evening. This will be a pleasing addition to the already excellent programme A large crowd should be present.

In connection with Rev J J Rae's lecture "Marriage—a success or a failure," in Mark st church, on Friday evening, Feb 26th, there will be a short musical programme. The proceeds are in aid of the Peterborough Y W C A.

Subjects: "Abraham Lincoln" "To and Fro in London."

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Two rinks of Millbrook curlers played here last evening and were defeated, each Peterborough rink standing ahead in the score.

Skip Vance gave Skip Kelly a close match and picked up well at the last, but Mr. Keller rink kept a lead until the last. Skip Edwards, of the Granites, had an easy victory over Skip Needler. The scores were as follows:—

GRANITES.		MILLBROOK.	
R Waddell		T B Collins	
W G Morrow		R Edmunds	
G M Roger		C H Winslow	
E B Edwards, skip	24	C Needler, skip	14

Majority for Granites, 10 shots.

THISTLES.		MILLBROOK.	
D Bellegham		R S Deak	
J S Knapman		A A Smith,	
George Brown		W T Wood	
R H Kelly, skip	18	J A Vance, skip	16

Majority for Thistles, 2 shots.

An interesting contest was that between Mr. J E Hodgson, inspector of High schools, and Judge Weller. Mr Hodgson is in town in a professional capacity, and was invited down to the rink last evening to have a game. Mr Hodgson proved himself to be an expert curler and worsted the Judge's rink by seven shots. The score being:—

H C Rogers	C Fenemden
W H Manson	J Jeffries
J E Whiten	Dr Boucher,

Judge Weller, skip 10 J E Hodgson, skip 17

The curlers will run their annual excursion to Toronto in the first week of March.

No decision has yet been reached as to the place where the final match in the Colts competition will take place. Port Hope does not want to play in Peterborough.

The At Home and Tea

Under the auspices of the Girls' Guild of St. Luke's church, Ashburnham, on Monday evening in the Foresters' hall, Simcoe-st., promises to be an event of more than usual attractiveness. A good programme, an excellent bill of fare and an enjoyable evening, all for 15c. Don't miss it. Tea served from 6 to 7.15. 2d42

New Industry at the Falls.

A Toronto paper says:—Mr A G Peuchen, of this city, waited upon the Fenelon Falls village Council last night to make arrangements with the village for a partial exemption from taxation for a new industry that will employ a staff of 25 men, which he proposes to locate there. Mr Peuchen wants to lease the pulp mill and turn it into a manufactory for wood, alcohol, acetate of lime, charcoal and other products. It is expected the industry will be in operation in June, and 7,000 cords of hard and soft woods will be yearly converted into chemicals.

The Following Songs and Instrumental Music

will be sold all day Saturday for 5 and 10 cents per copy at the new music store, No 416 George-st:—"Cuddle Down Honey," "The Clang of the Forge," "Fencliff," "Alabama two step," "Black America," "King Cotton," "Yale two step," "Sweet Tilly Taylor," "Fallen by the wayside," "Pride of Washington," and hundreds of others just as good. Our string instruments are the very best in the market. Just see our $6 banjos and guitars, you have never seen such bargains. Repairing string instruments a specialty. Mulligan & Potter. 1d42

Little Satisfaction Received

About forty of the Police Magistrates of the Province held a conference in Toronto last week, with a view to forming an association for mutual protection and assistance. Those from the smaller towns, of under five thousand inhabitants, waited upon the Government to lay their grievance before them. Under the present law they receive nothing but the fees, and they ask that the amendment introduced by Sir Oliver Mowat last session, whereby Police Magistrates would be paid according to the population, on the basis of $100 per thousand, should be carried through. Premier Hardy, it is said, gave them little satisfaction.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that speaks and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair renewer cures it.

THE NEW Y.W.C.A. ROOMS

And Boarding House on Brock-st—A Comfortable Home for Young Women.

The new rooms and boarding home of the Young Woman's Christian Association will be opened this evening with an entertainment and dedicatory exercises.

The new home of the Association is situated on Brock-st., immediately west of the residence of Dr. Clarke and will provide a pleasant place for the young women of the town to spend their evenings, while a home for those who desire board at a cheap rate is also afforded.

The Y.W.C.A. began its work in Peterborough several years ago and has since been laboring amongst the young women of the town and the result has been most gratifying. Recently it was decided to establish the Association in new quarters where boarders could also be taken and this commodious house on Brock-st was rented. The churches were given the opportunity to furnish rooms, and the Girl's Guild of the St. John's South Ward Mission, the King's Daughters of St John's church, the Ladies Aid and Young People of St Paul's Presbyterian church and the Young People of the Murray-st Baptist have responded to the call and as a result bright cheerful rooms bear the mark of their beneficence.

In the residence there are nine large bed, rooms, supplied with abundance of light and ventilation. On the ground floor will be found the large reception parlor, reading room, dining room and kitchen: folding doors between the parlor and reading room permit the two rooms being formed into a large apartment where public meetings can be held. These two rooms face Brock-st. and are pleasantly arranged. The parlor is liberally furnished and is a bright spot. It contains a piano. The reading room is supplied with all the leading periodicals. The dining room is found at the right of the hall and is a cosy spot. A clean, tidy place is the kitchen and most of the utensils found therein have been donated by friends of the Association. The two upper storeys contain the bedrooms, and the private room of the matron, Mrs. (Rev.) Roger. In every particular the home will be a comfortable place, with christian surroundings.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Toronto Telegram in its notes of the Berlin-Frontenac match at Toronto has the following paragraphs:—The Frontenacs have a good team, but Berlin have better. At least on soft, congealed ice like last night * * The Kingston men were "touted" from the house tops, everybody from down east said "they'll win." Now what was the result? The result was that many towns, men lost several daily stipends with which to buy beer and bread. But they were not the only sand peeps on the shore, for the Kingston sports will now go without several meals in consequence of foolish gambles. Also a sprinkling of Peterborough men. * * As the two teams have never met on fast ice it would be unwise to say who would win as it would be a mere conjecture. Some say Berlin, while others shout for the Frontenacs. Well, the ice last night was as soft as vegetable soup. It was juicy in fact. * * About 300 came down from Berlin, and fifty of Berlin's fairest. If Kingston brought any up they were not much in evidence, in fact they had not many chances to yell. * * Just before the game was called a small boy broke a pane of glass in the side, whereby some 35 boys did the burglar act. * * There was a rich aroma of sauerkraut as the teams came on the ice. The mascot had a large horn (not top barrel 83) which he blew for joy.

Here is an utterance of the Toronto Telegram:—

"What 'Varsity should do is to ask Walter Phelan to play with them. As a scorer he has no peer in the country." What if he did?

Queen's and Varsity meet in the first match in the senior finals at Toronto to-night.

The boarders of the Huffman will meet the boarders of the Oriental in a contest at the rink on Monday evening between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

PLANS IN PROGRESS

For the International Epworth League Convention to be Held in Toronto—The Prospects.

The committee of arrangements for the third international convention of the Epworth League, to be held in Toronto from July 15 to 18, is rapidly completing the plans and programme in that great event. A letter received by Rev. A. C. Crews, general secretary of the Epworth League, of Canada, the other day from the secretary of the Michigan State League stated that arrangements were being made for a delegation two thousand strong to attend the Toronto convention. He stated that he would shortly visit that city to make fitting preparations for the entertainment of the Michigan State delegation. Rev. Mr. Crews says that the Leaguers of Canada in the far east and far west are becoming increasingly interested in the convention, to the extent, indeed, in Manitoba that a letter just received states that from two to three hundred delegates from the prairie province may be expected. The example set last month to the Ontario Conference leagues by the Bay of Quinte League to cancel their own conventions in favor of attendance at the international in Toronto in July is being followed by the London Conference League, Dr. Thornton, president of that league, having notified the Convention committee that they too have decided to withdraw their Conference convention with the view of the local leagues sending their delegates to Toronto.

The general secretary, Rev Mr Crews, will be arousing interest in the convention among the Ontario leagues during March and April. A series of bulletins are being prepared, one set for Canada and the other largely descriptive of Toronto, for circulation in the United States.

Instead of having one great place of meeting, it is intended to utilize several audience-rooms, that will seat congregations of not more than four thousand each. It is impossible for any speaker to make more than about that number hear with any comfort to himself or his hearers. The principal place of meeting will be the Massey Music hall, which has seats for four thousand persons, and is said to be one of the most magnificant auditoriums in America. Two blocks from the hall is located the Metropolitan church, which will hold twenty-five hundred persons, and one block further on Cooke's Presbyterian church, with a similar capacity; and Bond-st. Congregational church, scarcely less capacious, which have freely been placed at the disposal of the convention. In addition to these five buildings it is the intention to fit up a large skating rink and provide it with chairs for four thousand people. The building was used for evangelistic services by Sam Jones and Rev John McNeil, and is admirably suited for a great audience. Taking the Metropolitan church as a central point, all the convention buildings are within two blocks. It is rather an unusual thing to secure so many admirable meeting places so conveniently located.

It is probable that at least four meetings will be carried on at the same time, and delegates will have their choice as to which they will attend. The Executive committee having the local arrangements in charge is composed of the leading league workers in Toronto, and has been at work for a year. Every member of this committee is enthusiastic over the convention, and determined to spare no pains to made it successful. Anyone desiring information should write to the secretary, Dr W E Willmott, 41 Shuter-st., Toronto.

Opera House To-night.

John F. Stowe's magnificent scenic production of Uncle Tom's Cabin will be the attraction at the opera house to-night and Saturday, matinee and night. The company comes to us this season stronger and bigger than ever, having forty people in the caste and a car load of special scenery and musical effects. One of the special features of to-night's show will be a great cake walk. Don't miss seeing this. The prices are 25, 35 and 50 cents. To-morrow at 2 30 a ladies and children's matinee will take place. The prices for the matinee have been reduced to 15 cents for children and 25 cents for adults.

People buy Hood's Sarsaparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE

Adopt Some Strong Resolutions—Abolish the Bars

The Grand Council of the Royal Templars of Temperance held its annual meeting at Oshawa this week.

The Council took a decided stand on several questions adopting strong resolutions.

The annual report, as follows, was adopted:

That this Grand Council emphasizes the Grand Councillor's wise note of warning as to the importance of the present Dominion political situation, and we call upon every Select Council and member of the Order at once to prepare for the approaching plebiscite, and to bend every energy to the essential duty of winning out of that event an overwhelming victory for the prohibition cause.

We would further urge the union of all forces and that steps be taken speedily for the holding of county or electoral district conventions, and appointing committees for gathering temperance facts and statistics and securing the publication of the same in the local newspapers; also committees on distribution of literature, public meetings and finance.

That we re-affirm the platform of the Montreal convention of 1894, and may we hope the day is not far off when no Royal Templar will choose a lower standard, but will support only known, avowed and reliable prohibitionists.

TO ABOLISH ALL BARS.

The next clause roused the opposition of F. S. Spence and others. It read:—

"We regret that our representatives at the Toronto convention did not advocate the entire abolition of the bar. It is the conviction of this Grand Council that the Ontario Government having pledged itself to introduce a prohibitory bill giving the largest measure of prohibition that the decision of the Privy Council would warrant, we should look for the immediate fulfilment of this pledge, and we hereby request the Ontario Government to introduce a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor in hotels except to bona-fide guests at their meals, thus abolishing the bar and destroying the treating system. We further instruct the executive to appoint a strong deputation to wait upon the Government at the earliest possible moment and urge upon them this action."

Mr Spence and others took the ground that it would be unwise to pass such a resolution, as it would be ineffective, the Provincial Government having already decided to continue the licensing of bars. They also said that by practically sanctioning the sale of liquor to bona-fide guests they were going against the principles of the Order, which was for total prohibition.

DEPUTATION TO MR. MARDY.

The clause was carried by a large majority, as was the following:—

"That a circular be prepared by the mover and the grand secretary, and forwarded to each Select Council, calling attention to the foregoing action of this Council, and urging the Select Councils and members of our Order to write official and personal letters to the members of the Legislature, requesting their support of this policy."

MEMORIAL TO THE QUEEN.

The Council decided to send a memorial to the Queen, assuring her, in this the sixtieth year of her reign, of the sincere loyalty and devotion of the Royal Templar Order, and of their earnest hope that she may long be spared to rule over the vast domain of the British Empire.

Another report recommended more vigorous efforts on the part of Councils and members in the promotion of social purity, wider distribution of clean literature, and that the Dominion Parliament be memorialized to so amend the law governing the age of consent and the penalties attached to the violation of the law as to fix the age at 21, and making the penalty invariably imprisonment.

Much of life's misery ladies to indigestion; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NEW BLACK CREPONS.

Just passed into stock a large lot of Beautiful Designs in Black Crepons —that nice rich looking material that does not retain the dust. See what we are showing before placing your order.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Hockey practice.

Thistle's curling night.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Riverside Park skating rink.

Opening of the new Y. W. C. A. rooms.

Entertainment for benefit of blind Willie Mitchell in the Ashburham town hall.

Stowe's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company at the opera house.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Very Newest Songs

Dreams of Long Ago, Morrey; Clang of the Forge, Radney; Oh, Maste Dear Maid, Neyer. Dreams of Long Ago, Morrey, One third off at the old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d41tf

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

COLORED SHIRTS!

Our spring line of Fancy Colored Shirts in exclusive and fetching designs are creating a popular demand.

The collarless neglige and the neglige with Collars and Cuffs on are shown in a pleasing variety of fabrics.

If desired, gentlemen can make their selections and have them laid aside subject to their order.

DANISH RED.

The new color in gentlemen's Neckwear, in Puffs, Narrow String Ties, Four-in-hand and made-up Bows.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received :—

BANK OF TORONTO.

Previously acknowledged	$ 17 26
Mrs H Grandy	1 00

BANK OF COMMERCE.

Anonymous	$ 1 00

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Previously acknowledged	$ 35 00
Giles Webber	5 00
A C Finnimore	1 00

ONTARIO BANK.

Previously acknowledged	$ 59 75
T G Hazlitt	10 00
Rev J A Windsor (Hiawatha)	5 00
A Friend	1 00
Total	$136 01

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS AT LAKEFIELD.

Subscriptions are being received at Lakefield by Mr. Benson, of James Linton & Co., bankers, for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. The list is still open for contributions.

The following have already been received :

Rev Geo Warren, Lakefield	$ 5 00
J F Lillicrap,	5 00
Mrs J Lillicrap,	5 00
Rev A C Reeves,	1 00
A Friend	50
R C Strickland	1 00
J P Strickland	1 00
Mrs J P Strickland	50
C J Blomfield	1 00
Laura Grylls	1 00
Mrs Amys, Smith	5 00
Miss Duff, Lakefield	1 00
E A Tanner	1 00
Miss K A S Traill, Lakefield	2 00
Boys of A W Mackenzie's school, "The Grove," Lakefield	3 00
B Graham & Son	1 00
J C Sherin,	5 00
F J Tate	5 00
Total	$ 44 00

The contributions will be forwarded to Mr J M Courtney, Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

Personal.

Mr. E. B. Stone is seriously ill.

Prof. Newton, of Toronto, is in town, and is staying at the Oriental.

Mr. J. E. Hodgson, Toronto, is in town inspecting the Collegiate Institute.

Rev Father Collins, formerly of the cathedral staff, but now of Brighton, is in town on a visit.

Miss McCrimmon, of St Thomas, is in town, the guest of her friend, Miss Laura Davidson, Dickson-st

The annual conversazione of Trinity University was held last evening. Alluding to the guests the Globe says :—Mrs. Stevenson (Peterborough), whom everyone was delighted to see again, wore a becoming gown of white satin and lace.

Many friends will learn with regret that Mr Eustache Grubbe has been removed to the branch of the Bank of Montreal, at Regina, N W T. During his occupancy, of the position of ledger keeper at the local branch, he has proved himself an obliging and painstaking official and has became as popular with the business community, as in social circles. Mr Grubbe has been making rapid advancement in the bank. He leaves on Tuesday morning next and will be succeeded by Mr Wartele, of the Brockville branch.

LITTLE LESS INSANITY

The Government Reports Indicate There are 200 Less Insane Persons

The Ontario Government has issued the 29th annual report upon the asylums for the insane and idiotic in Ontario. During the five years ending September 30, 1895, the average annual number of lunatics and idiots admitted was 924; during the year ending on the above date the number was 1048, an increase of 124, while during the year under report there were only 850 or 74 less than the average for the previous five years, and 198 less than last year. No doubt the admissions to the year prior to 1890 were of a considerable extent restricted on account of the limited accommodation available and during five years ending Sept. 30th, 1895 the inflow was greater in consequence of the largely increased room furnished by the construction of the asylums at Mimico and Brockville, where 895 patients are now domiciled, exclusive of the numbers in the added room at all the other institutions.

The daily attendance in the province for the year was 4709, an increase of 252 over 1895.

During the past five years 1688 persons were committed to gaols as lunatics or idiots. Of this number 1554 have been removed from the gaols to the asylums, eighty-two were discharged from custody under certificates of gaol surgeons as recovered eleven have died and 241 have been discharged not insane, or for other causes which would not warrant their detention under the charge of insanity. When it is considered that in many cases the old, feeble and infirm persons committed as lunatics to the gaols could not have an expectation of any very prolonged life, the death rate of lunatics in gaols, namely, sixteen out of a total number of 1688, is remarkably few, and is evidence of the car and good treatment they receive while in custody.

The percentage of recoveries is 37.97, a very satisfactory rate. There has been little change in the death rate, the average being 5.47. For maintenance $595,843 were expended.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a *healthy* living body, either man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Brevities.

—There was no police court this morning.

—The Otonabee Union cheese factory has been sold to Mr. Ernest Doyell, who was the cheese maker last year.

—An entertainment for the benefit of blind Willie Mitchell will be held in the Ashburnham town hall this evening.

—Mr T Rahal has been appointed to succeed the late James McLachlan as baggage man at the Norwood C P R station.

—Collingwood Council recently decided to change the chief of police, and thirty-two applications for the position were received.

—Orillians are agitating for the formation of a new county to be composed of the northern municipalities of Simcoe county, with Orillia as the capital, of course.

—The boy's branch of the Y M C A will be entertained this evening by a debate, resolved "That basket ball is a superior game to Hockey." There will also be readings and recitations. All boys are welcome.

—Mr W H Brethen, P C R, has been appointed to represent Court Rob Roy, C O F, Norwood, at the annual meeting of the High Court which will be held at Niagara Falls next week.

—The Norwood Register says that the programme contributed by St Paul's choir in that village on Wednesday evening was rendered in a very pleasing and excellent style.

—The June session of the Simcoe County Council will be held in Orillia. Barrie, the county town, objected to the meeting being taken away, but the proposition was carried by twelve to five. This is a new idea.

—A deputation from Lindsay waited upon the Minister of Railways and Canals and urged the immediate construction of the Balsam lake and Lake Simcoe branch of the Trent canal, tenders for which were invited but indefinitely postponed last year.

—Dr. Curry, of Minden, J. H. Delamare and School Inspector Crean, interviewed the Ontario Government yesterday afternoon asking for a Government grant to a Model school to be instituted in the north country.

—Barrie Town Council waited upon the County Council and suggested that that body send a deputation to Ottawa to urge the new Government to continue the work on the Trent Valley canal. Mr W H Bennett, M P, also was present, and endorsed the recommendation. The County Council decided to visit the capital in a body while Parliament is in session. Barrie will send delegates

—John F. Stowe's big Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. arrived in town this morning and are stopping at the Grand Central hotel. The company number fifty people, and travel in in their own special train of cars. At noon a street parade was given and far eclipsed anything ever before attempted in Peterborough. To-night the company appear at the opera house, and judging from the number of tickets already sold, a full house is assured

HAULTAIN HAPPENINGS.

The Annual Tea Meeting and Entertainment in Connection with the Methodist Church.

Correspondence of the Review.

The annual tea meeting and literary entertainment held by the Methodist church on Friday, the 12th inst., was, in spite of the stormy weather, a very gratifying success. A committee of the ladies of the church presided over liberally-spread tables at Mr. L. Reid's house, and the following literary and musical programme was rendered at the school house, our esteemed pastor, Rev H S Spence, B. A., acting as chairman :—

Opening hymn.....Congregration
Prayer.....Rev. H. S. Spence
Chairman's address.....
Music.....The Choir
Recitation—My Jessie...Theresa Armstrong
Dialogue—On the Heights....Ella Hales and Henry Stone
Dialogue—Lucinda's love.....Mr and Mrs C Bronson
Recitation—The Country Boy..Willie Hales
Music.....The choir
Recitation..Making both ends meet..Arthur Stone
Reading..Ballad of a bachelor..Miss Arnott
Recitation..A bachelor's home..Will Crary
Music.....The choir
Reading....A skating incident..Will Foster
Dialogue..True to nature..Lottie Sanderson, Jessie Reid and Robert McCauley
Recitation....Finance....Willie Armstrong
Chorus.....Open and let the Master in
Recitation. Grandpapa's spectacles....Mary Bronson
Recitation.....A postcript....Julia Bronson
Dialogue....A change of opinion.....Misses Laughlin and Hales, Messrs Armstrong and Bronson
Instrumental music..Mouth organ and autoharp

RECESS.

Music.....The choir
Recitation..Our wealthy neighbor..E Hales
Recitation.....A Boy's Pocket.....Albert Armstrong
Dialogue....A friendly game of checkers.... Miss Arnott and J D Church
Instrumental music.....Organ and harp
Recitation.....Time to Talk.....Willie Wigg
Recitation....Work and win.....David Bronson
Music.....The choir
Dialogue....A backwoods courting.....Mrs Chas Lander and C Bronson
Chorus.....Over the ice in moonlight shoon
Recitation....Mud pies....Stella Armstrong
Reading.....At the Gate of Heaven..Will Foster
Music.....The choir
Reading.....The Deacon's Proposal....Mrs Chas Lander
Recitation....The Road to Heaven..Maggie Northy
Dialogue.....Martha gets reconciled to home.....Mrs Chas Lander and H Bronson
Music.....The choir
Recitation.....Trials of a twin.....Rollie McCauley
Chorus.....Glory to God
Dialogue.....Mr Crane's proposal to widow Bedott....Miss Laughlin and Harrison Bronson
Closing hymn.....The choir

A pleasant break in the programme was made in the contest for a handsome iced fruit cake given by Mr. Will Crary by which about $5 was made. The contest was very close, Miss Laughlin and Mr. McCauley only gaining the cake by a majority of one vote over their rivals, Miss Sanderson and Mr Bronson. The cake was then distributed amongst the audience and rapidly disappeared. An organ was furnished for the evening by the agent, Mr. Wm. Batten, of Dummer, and Mrs Batten as an efficient organist, with Messrs F Payne, T Payne, Wm Batten, J Halton and Mrs Carveth, the Misses Carveth and Harlow in the choir added much to the pleasure of the evening with their music. Although there was a very short time for preparation the programme was well prepared. Amongst the best were Ballad of a Bachelor, Work and Win, A Boy's Pocket, A Change of Opinion and Mr Crane's Proposal and the choruses. The proceeds amounted to $25.06, and after deducting a small amount for expenses the balance was given to Rev. H. S. Spence. A vote of thanks was given to those who had assisted in the entertainment, and the meeting was dismissed.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

The Gilhooleys Abroad

The attraction at Bradburn's opera house on Monday, Feb. 22nd, will be the favorite German Brothers in their successful musical comedy, "The Gilhooleys Aroad." This play is somewhat out of the usual run of latter-day productions, from the fact that it is utterly devoid of the horse-play buffoonery, usually found in farces and musical comedies. There is much to recommend it to lovers of hilarious productions. It contains the vim and spice which makes it thoroughly enjoyable, yet lacks anything suggestive of vulgarity. The Messrs German have displayed excellent judgment in surrounding themselves with a thoroughly competent company. This company appeared here last April and pleased a full house. Prices 25, 35 and 50c. Box seats 75c.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

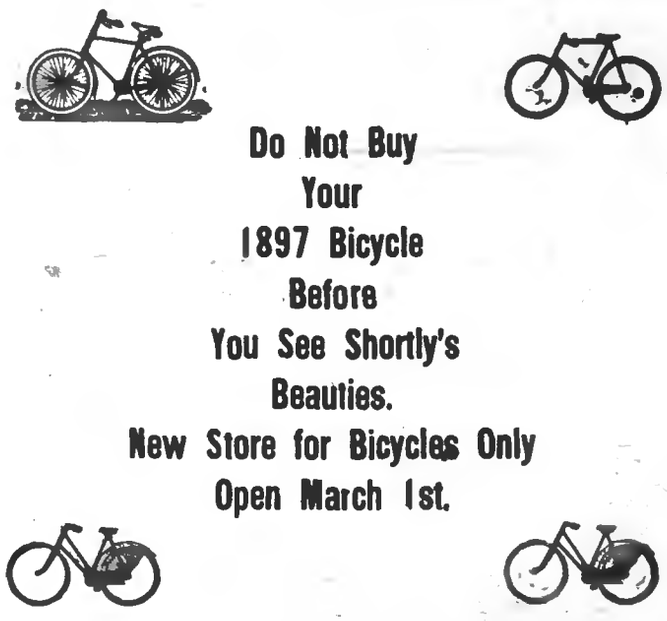
OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.



Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Facts About Furs and Bankrupt Stocks.

Some dealers in Furs believe in selling bankrupt stocks but others there are who do not; yet, at the same time, have offered several bankrupt stocks for sale within a short time while claiming also to sell nothing in Furs but of their own manufacture.

We certainly must stand away ahead of our competitors as we do not require the aid of such stocks but stand on the merits of our own manufactured goods, which we can always guarantee as such. Our reputation of 36 years standing without a failure is the best proof that customers believe in us and support us so well. We do not require to make any bombastic statements regarding the size or quality of our stock; both are only too well known in the town as well as in many other places at great distances. We wish to thank our customers for their patronage through the late season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

FUR MANUFACTURERS.

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Dr Ryerson

Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 3d40 1w6

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Furniture Away Down

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d39tf

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,658	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,856,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it is hat some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined ree of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

Business Wants Supplied.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business **ENVELOPES**

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,
164—166 HUNTER-ST.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK OF PATENTS sent free. Address

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FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

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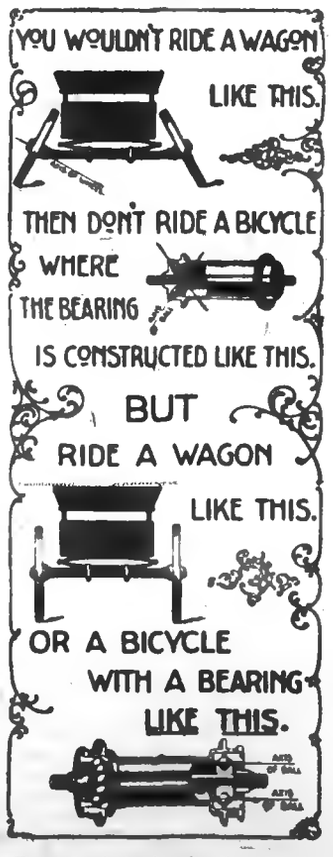
Has the best bearings of any whee on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,
AGENT.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 166 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. over—

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

his host by throwing it away. To himself he mutters :—

"If this is his much vaunted brand, bless my soul what a perverted taste these Spaniards have, and here I always believed they beat the world at growing and using tobacco, especially in Cuba. I wonder——" he does not finish the sentence, but a suggestive smile that flits across his face takes its place announcing that Doctor Jack has conceived a little scheme to at least save himself a headache.

"Don, would you mind getting my light outer coat. There is something in the pocket I wanted you to have to remember me when I am far away. My friends are too few to allow them to forget me when I am away. I brought this from Paris with me."

Don Carlos' eyes sparkle with pleasure. He says he will be back with it in a minute, and hastens from the room.

"No hurry," calls Jack after him, coolly.

The game is won. Hardly has Don Carlos vanished from view than Jack's hand slips again to the upper pocket of his vest, and out comes a cigar—the one he had been about to smoke when his host interrupted. He knows the fine flavour of this, and can vouch for it.

Quickly he bites off the end, then the lighted weed is held close to the new one, a few puffs and the thing is done, after which Jack manages to extinguish the fire from the gift cigar. He looks at it with a shudder, is about to cast it away, becomes seized with an idea, and hastily deposits the suspicious affair in his pocket, which is a good way to get rid of the obnoxious weed, and gives a chance for future investigation.

When Don Carlos returns with the coat over his arm hardly a minute has elapsed. He discovers Doctor Jack leaning back on a divan, holding the cigar between his fingers, and looking at the smoke curling upward with an expression of ecstatic bliss seen only upon a smoker's face—the gnawing has been satisfied.

Don Carlos grins, and mutters "Caramba! the drug is already having an effect," but in this he deceives himself, for it is only the smoker's content that has possession. Then he admires the diamond pin Jack hands him—a decided beauty—and is loud in his thanks

They sit here for some little time indulging, Jack smoking furiously in order to use his cigar up as speedily as possible, and the Spaniard watching him out of the corner of his eye while he talks.

To his surprise shows no signs of giving way to the somnolent god. Something is undoutedly wrong; either the drug has lost its power or else—Don Carlos hardly dares conjecture the other possibility.

He grinds his teeth in secret rage, and yet feels compelled to act pleasant, but the task is such a hard one that Doctor Jack perceives he is troubled.

At length the American athlete tosses the butt of his cigar into the receptacle near by, and rises to his feet, donning his light overcoat as he does so.

In vain the other begs him to remain. He might as well talk to a stone wall, and secretly curses at the misfortune that has beaten him so neatly at his own game. He does not understand it now, but perhaps he may when he gets a chance to examine that cigar stump still smoldering in the cuspidor.

So Doctor Jack takes his hat, bids his host "buenos noches," and passes out of the door. There is a little garden in front, and a couple of lamps hanging from trees show the path to the calle.

It is otherwise as dark as Egypt, and as the door closes behind him Jack makes a bee line for the exit, which he has no trouble in passing, though generally doors and gates are well barried in Madrid after nightfall, as thieves abound in the strange old Spanish city.

Once upon the street he looks around for his vehicle, and of course fails to find it, since Don Carlos was so kind as to countermand his order hours ago.

Doctor Jack mutters a malediction upon the stupidity of Jehus in general and Spanish ones in particular. He is also put out because he stayed so late, as this must of necessity keep him from fulfilling his engagement at the Fonda Peninsular to the letter, and in his eyes it is very important that he give Avis no cause for complaint at this stage of the game.

Such a man, however, is not at a loss for means to carry him through. Since the vehicle has failed him he has his own powers of locomotion, and selecting his course, starts off with a swinging stride down the driving avenue at a pace that promises to bring him to the plaza in the heart of the city within half an hour's time, provided no accident befalls him while en route.

There are lights here and there up on the Calle del Prado, and these help the stranger in a degree. Time was, and not so very long ago, when the honest citizen of this burgh desiring to go out at night had to take a guard along with him, and unless the moon shone, have a link-boy run ahead to light up the way. The Madrid of today has made giant strides, however, though far in the rear of such a brilliant city as Paris.

The street is not deserted, though its life is nothing compared with the heart of the city in the plaza known as the Puerta del Sol, where the pulse of the populace beats, and all gay sights are concentrated.

Doctor Jack meets several slouching fellows, who look at him inquisitively, and with such evident menace in their manner that, considering the circumstances surrounding him, the American may well be pardoned for holding himself in readiness to do battle. He is the worst man in Madrid for such footpads to tackle, as they may find out to their cost.

The hourses become more numerous, and he sees more signs of life. Soon he will have to leave this lighed thoroughfare, and plunge into a narrow street that by devious turnings will, if he have rare good luck, eventually take him to the public square.

If danger is to descend upon him it will probably be at such a time, but there is really no way to avoid the disagreeable task.

Music greets his ear. Beyond a wall comes the serenade song of some dark-eyed senorita enjoying the cool air of the evening in the midst of her friends, perhaps with a stalwart and gallant lover seated at her side. Over the way the music is more weird. A gipsy bolero, as the fandango is called at times, is getting under way, and although matters are tame enough at this early stage, Jack shudders as he remembers the wild orgy upon which he gazed while in the company of Don Carlos on the previous evening.

Passing on he enters among a more animated scene, and finally is filled with joy to actually discover an alquasil, to whom he puts a question and hands a piece of silver, whereupon the guardian of the peace tells him in Spanish that if he enters the first calle on the right, and follows it pertinaciously, he will at length reach the point he is struggling for.

So once more Doctor Jack strides on, covering the ground much after the style of a prize pedestrian on a spurt. Slow going Spaniards look after him in wonder, and shrug their shoulders as they mutter something about the crazy heretics who get loose upon the streets of their wonderful city.

Jack has already found it warm work, and removing the light overcoat, carries it upon his left arm. Later on he has cause to rejoice that it was not hanging from the other, or, worse still, on his back.

Coming to the narrow calle he glances down it in dismay, looks around with a last forlorn hope that there may be some vehicle in sight he can engage or buy, and discovering none makes the plunge with a groan.

It is terribly dark here after coming from the broad and lighted Del Prado, until Jack's eyes become accustomed to the gloom he can see absolutely nothing, and, in consequence the very first thing he does is to come in contact with some unknown person travelling slowly the other way.

In his best Spanish he hurriedly apologizes, and goes on, leaving his victim almost stupefied with astonishment:

Progress is being made, though of a somewhat costly nature, but this man never yet conceived a project that he was not ready to devote all his energies to in order to excute, and he will reach the grand central plaza if he has to walk over the half of Madrid's population first. Such a man is Doctor Jack. No wonder fortune smiled upon him in the old Mexican mines. The earth is bound to open its treasure caves before the knock of a man who possesses the obstinacy of a mule added to the courage of a lion and the shrewdness of a fox.

At the same time Jack is muttering little anathemas concerning the poverty stricken nature of the metropolis that cannot afford to light all her streets, while he gathers neck over see streets, while he gathers himself up after nearly breaking his valuable neck over some obstacle which in New York he would have believed must be an ash box.

Gradually, however, he grows into a better frame of mind. His eyes are becoming more accustomed to the gloom, and he can see—to a limited extent, it is true, but enough to avoid any farther collisions, for which small favour he is correspondingly thankful.

All goes as merry as a marriage bell now, and when he reaches a light that cuts the blackness of the calle, preceding from a shop, Jack takes a notion to see what time remains. So, bending over, he looks at his watch, and finds that it lacks ten minutes of eight.

This is encouraging—if it does not change he will be almost on time.

He takes out his handkerchief, and wipes his face, for such rapid walking has heated his blood. Then he again treaks away, and moves rapidly along.

Before twenty seconds have passed he makes a discovery that hardly pleases him. By chance he turns his head to learn what distance he has put between himself and the area of light from the shop window, when he sees several dark figures stealing after him.

There are three of them in all, and it does not need their skulking manner to tell the American that they are not honest men. These footpads infest all large cities, not so much in our country as abroad, and yet there are scores of streets in New York, near the rivers, perhaps, where a respectable man takes his life in his hands if he saunters along at night.

Here is a contingency which Jack does not exactly relish. In the first place these chaps will not fight like brave men, and this places him at a double disadvantage. Then again he must only use the revolver he carries as a dernier resort, for it is an easy thing to get mixed up in a scrape with the authorities in a Continental city, and the burden of sympathy is always against the foreigner, who is looked upon as a crow, to be universally plucked by inn-keeper and footpad alike, so long as his money is kept in the country.

There are two things Jack can do under this stress of circumstances, and, after all, it is but a choice of evils—he may start on a run down the street, with these fellows after him, or else continue his rapid walk, and meet their attack when it comes.

The first of these he is averse to doing under any and all circumstances, for he looks upon such rascals as vermin; hence, he concludes to go right along and meet danger as it flies.

At any moment the assault may come, and he places his revolver in his left hand, where it is hidden by the folds of the coat he carries, and yet ready for instantaneous use.

Instead of the calle growing lighter, he now reaches what appears to be the worst part of it. At this hour the city is not wrapped in silence by any means, but over this place, perhaps the abode of vice and sin, the gloom of a church-yard seems to rest, as though its inhabitants had temporarily forsaken it for more profitable fields of labour—the lighted squares, where cafes glitter and money at ounds.

Footsteps sound behind him. Doctor Jack realizes that his enemies have crept closer, and are about ready to spring upon him. The prospect of a stiletto in the back is not a very alluring one to this man of the world, who in times past has always made it an object to keep his face toward the enemy, be it lion, panther, jackal, or mad bull in the arena.

Consequently he believes the time has come to turn, and, wheeling half around in the way he faced the furious mob in the streets of Barcelona at the time his treacherous guide, Francisco Marti, betrayed him.

The movement must have been inspired by his good angel, for it saves his life. Just as he turns, something strikes him a severe blow—it is a knife that had been meant for his heart through his back. Now it cuts into his coat—a terrible gash that ruins the garment, as the blade passes through many folds, and just draws blood from his arm.

Thus the little affair in the Calle San Pablo is commenced. Doctor Jack is a fair and square man—he does not like to have the favours all on one side. Tit for tat is a good motto under the circumstances.

Accordingly that terrible right arm of his, so admired by the observing Don Carlos, shoots forward with unerring impetus. There is heard upon the night air a hollow thud, like the stroke of a trip hammer, and the stricken wreth measures his length upon the cobble stones five feet away.

By this time the other two have reached the spot. They either do not realize what has happened to their companion, on account of the darkness, or else have determined to avenge his fall, for they come at the American at bay with the impetus of twin cyclones.

He is ready to meet all comers, and so long as that superb arm falls him not, can render a good account of his stewardship.

It is all over in almost a wink. The three ruffians have struck a snag when they attack the wayfarer. Had they known that their intended victim was the hero of the bull-ring, about whom all Madrid is talking, money could never have hired them to attempt an act.

Every one of them has had a bitter experience with the muscle-knotted arm of the athlete—the first still lies where he fell, and the other two are groaning as they attempt to crawl or stagger away.

As for Doctor Jack, he has no complaint to make, but resumes his journey toward the plaza, which will soon loom up before him bright with lights and gay with people, a tremendous contrast to the avenue which he has used in order to reach it.

The last man who leaped for him came near seising his throat between his teeth, for he sprang at Jack in the manner of a bull-dog, but the other gave him such a shaking, and hurled him against the wall with such gantic power that the wretch must still be of the opinion that he is a second Don Quixote, and the person whom he meant to attack a vengeful windmill.

It is to be hoped this will end the

To be Continued.

We know that Cod-liver Oil is a fat-forming food because takers of it gain rapidly in weight under its use and the whole body receives vital force. When prepared as in Scott's Emulsion, it is quickly and easily changed into the tissues of the body. As your doctor would say, "it is easily assimilated." Perhaps you are suffering from fat starvation. You take fat enough with your food, but it either isn't the right kind, or it isn't digested. You need fat prepared for you, as in Scott's Emulsion.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Doane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePiante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum. Jas. Graham and J. White.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in the face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and flesh. Hollows and angles will give place to fullness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

OAK HALL

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

A LIVING FROM POULTRY.

Sensible Words by One Who Knows Addressed to Enthusiasts.

The question is frequently asked, "Can a person make a living from poultry?" says Major Roessle in Country Gentleman. A very short answer would about cover it, and would run as follows: "It depends on the person." This is really the truth.

We seldom hear questions asked about the grocery, dry goods or banking business. In fact it would seem rather absurd to say, "Can a person make a living from the grocery business?" Livings are made in this country from an endless variety of pursuits, yet rarely are such questions asked beforehand. The fact that fortunes large and small have been made from so many different pursuits leads others into them with the hope of the same success. The examples of success are therefore evidence sufficient, and the beginner argues to himself, if So-and-so made money out of groceries, so can I.

The difference between the poultry business and any other pursuit is the same as between raising and selling any live stock and selling manufactured goods for a profit. If a person embarks in the grocery business, he buys his stock from the manufacturer and producer at a certain price, and sells at a certain higher price. His success would depend entirely on how large his custom was, and what ability he had to hold it. In raising poultry a different condition of things exists. In the first place he should start out with a decided fancy for the business, a love of it, which must be strong enough to last; otherwise certain failure will meet him at the end of the first season.

The great trouble to be found in the unsuccessful poultry venture is the mistaken idea that it is a very easy way of making money. There is no easy way of making money legitimately. Every successful man in this country has worked hard, and has shown an aptitude for the pursuit in which a living or a fortune has been made. And so it is with the poultry business. I conclude, therefore, because so few poultry ventures are successful, out of the hundreds started, that it is necessary to ask the question whether a living can be made from it.

After a person has decided that he has a natural or acquired taste for poultry, his next step should be the purchase and care of a small flock. Let this be a side issue to his regular calling. If he can make a success and show a profit from fifty hens, he may then determine whether he dare undertake to enlarge his plant, and eventually give up his regular trade or pursuit. In other words, it is never safe to give up a certainty for an uncertainty. During this season of poultry shows, the amateur is much excited, and glows with enthusiasm over the fine appearance of the different specimens. He hears wonderful accounts of great breeding establishments, and is led generally to believe that there is a fortune in poultry-keeping. Little does he know, however, of the years of care and hard work these perfect specimens mean. He sees in them the result of the most perfect breeding of the year; he is looking at the top, and does not stop to consider that he must begin at the bottom. This is much truer than one would at first suppose. I will venture to say that in the last ten years the majority of failures in the poultry business have come from beginners who started at the top, and that the successes are all with those who modestly began at the bottom.

A success can be made from starting at the top in but one way. A rich man, with money to invest in any fancy, can buy the best specimens, put up model buildings, and hire an experienced poultryman to run the plant—he may keep at the top, and take many blue ribbons in the shows, and point with pride to his plant and his birds; but he would hardly make a living from poultry. There are many examples of this kind of poultry keeping in this country, but they are not examples for the ordinary amateur to follow, unless he be fortunate enough to be well endowed with worldly goods.

A living from poultry means pluck, perseverance and very hard work. To this must be added personal experience, gained by a small beginning and a gradual progress from the very bottom. If the market side is chosen, and it is the safest at the start, then eggs and meat must be produced and sold at the highest figure possible. The quality cannot be too good to command high prices. If ambitious to be a fancier and breed show specimens, then knowledge must be gained from the experience of others. There is room for all in either branch, for neither is overdone. Fresh eggs, broilers and roasters are always in demand, and every year some new, unknown fancier comes to the front.

A man who has tried several pursuits and has succeeded in none, and finally concludes he will try poultry, could hardly expect to make much of a living from it; but, on the other hand, he who could succeed in any pursuit requiring work and application might reasonably expect to make a success and a good living from poultry.

Was It Loaded?

My wife has become timid about my being out after dark ever since one of our neighbors was sandbagged, and so she presented me with a dainty little revolver and bade me be sure and carry it in my nocturnal rambles. I laughed the whole thing off as perfect nonsense, but of course gave in at last for the sake of pleasing her, and the other evening sure enough a rascally looking fellow brushed up against me as I was passing down a poorly lighted side street, and when I almost unconsciously put my hand up to my necktie the diamond pin that had been my birthday gift was gone. Quick as a wink I ran back and caught hold of the fellow, who had luckily not taken to his heels, and putting the diminutive gun to one of his eyes told him to "hand over that diamond pin as quick as he knew how or I would blow his brains out." Without daring to answer a word he did so. When I reached home I told my better half all about the little adventure, and commended her thoughtfulness in providing me with the firearm. At the same time I gleefully exhibited the recovered gem.

"Why, John," she cried nervously, "I was so afraid that you would lose your diamond pin that I took it out of your necktie when you kissed me good-by this morning."

CROWN'S CASE CLOSED

Continued from page 1.

Mr. Justice MacMahon said that he would follow the precedent of Sir W. R. Meredith in the Hendershott trial, and rule out the evidence given by Hammond at the inquest, but would grant a reserve case so that it could, if necessary, be finally determined before the Court of Criminal Appeal.

The jury returned, and Mr. Johnston proceeded with the cross-examination of Dr. Grant, and for the remainder of the day the court listened to lectures on prussic acid poisoning. Dr. Grant admitted, under cross-examination, that many of the symptoms of prussic acid poison, as laid down in the authorized text books, were absent in this case, while many were present.

The grand jury here filed into court and returned a true bill against John Gray, for rape; also two true bills against Isaac Rittenberg for larceny.

Mr. Johnston stated that statistics showed that prussic acid was largely used by suicides, but seldom for murder.

On re-examination by Mr. Osler, Dr. Grant said that, in face of the authorities quoted by Mr. Johnston, he was still positive that Kate Tough came to her death by prussic acid poisoning.

Dr. Cornell corroborated Dr. Grant's evidence and was subjected to the same rigid cross-examination, at the end of which he still said the deceased died from the effects of prussic acid poison. There was present in the deceased no latent brain or heart trouble.

A flutter of excitement passed over the room when the name of the next witness, Prof. Ellis, of Toronto, was called. He testified to having analysed the contents of the deceased's stomach, and three bottles. Submitted the contents of the stomach to the usual recognized tests; made six or seven tests; ten per cent. of the quantity of prussic acid taken is a high percentage to find at any post-mortem examination; found one-third of a grain of prussic acid in the stomach, also about three and a half grains phosphoric acid. The minimum dose known to kill is six-tenths of a grain; found in unlabeled bottle half an ounce of liquid, one-sixteenth grain of prussic acid, and 22 grains phosphoric acid; in the other bottle half an ounce of the phosphoric acid; in the contents of the cup a little phosphoric acid. A fatal dose of prussic acid will cause unconsciousness in from ten seconds to two minutes.

This witness was closely cross-examined by Mr. Johnston, and admitted that the amount he found in the stomach was not sufficient to cause death. He was, however, sure death was caused by prussic acid, the balance of the acid having evaporated. Phosphoric acid is not poisonous.

Dr. Arthur Jukes Johnson of Toronto was called and said, taking into consideration the post-mortem report, Prof. Ellis' report, and all the evidence he heard, he was sure death in this case was caused by prussic acid.

This finished the case for the Crown and the Court adjourned until morning.

A slight mistake occurred in last night's report. It was there stated that the check for Miss Tough's trunk was given by the prisoner's father to Aylesworth. It should have read: "The key of the trunk was given by the expressman to Aylesworth."

"Tobacco smoking," said the traveler, "is so common in Holland that it is almost impossible to distinguish one person from another in a room full of smokers."

"But supposing you want to speak to someone present, how are you to find him out?"

"Ah! in such cases a waiter is sent round with a pair of bellows, with which he blows away the smoke from the face of every person until the right one is found!"—Tit-Bits.

THE WAR NEWS CONDENSED.

Sir William Harcourt Hopes Britain Will Not Prevent the Liberation of Crete—Greece Stands Firm.

London, Feb. 18.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the leader of the Liberal party, has sent a telegram to the Liverpool Reform Club, in which he says: "I earnestly trust that the Government will not employ the forces of the Crown to prevent the liberation of Crete. Such a proceeding would be universally condemned by the British nation."

The Earl of Kimberly, who was secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in Lord Rosebery's Cabinet, sent a despatch of similar tenor to the club.

The Athens correspondent of The Standard telegraphs that the Greek Cabinet held a meeting to-day and after a full discussion of the Cretan question decided to persist in the policy regarding the island that it had before agreed upon.

Despatches from Athens declare that the war feeling is increasing hourly, and that Macedonians are flocking to join Greece in war against the Turks, 1000 volunteers crossing the border in a body.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is very little enquiry for flour, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7 to $7.50, and shorts at $8.

Wheat—The wheat market is quiet and prices unchanged. Red winter wheat is quoted outside at 75c. and white at 76c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is dull at 75c, Fort William, and at 84c, Midland. No. 2 hard sold at 84c, Midland, and at 90c, grinding in transit, Toronto freight.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 28c outside.

Barley—The market is unchanged, No. 1 is quoted at 31c. No. 2 at 26c to 27c. No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed is quoted at 16½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c north and west, and at 40c, middle freights.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 34c, east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 18.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6¼d to 6s 7½d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., s.c., heavy, 23s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage firmer. English country markets partially 6d cheaper. Maize on passage firmer.

Liverpool—Wheat steady at 6s 2¾d for March, 6s 4d for May, and 6s 3½d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for March, 2s 7¾d for May and 2s 9d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 22f 5c for March. Flour 46f 20c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat firm at 22f 10c for March. Flour 46f 30c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 6s 3d for March, 6s 4½d for May and 6s 3½d for July. Maize 2s 7d for March, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 23s.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

[illegible]

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 33	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 12
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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PETERBOROUGH.

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Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

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OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 366 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yd&w

High-Class

FURS!

At Prices deemed impossible before this Sale.

From to-day on prices of our Furs change in your favor. It is clean up and clear out time to prepare the way for our change of business and the change in the season. The last of this season's reductions. The Furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost. Fully ½ less than former prices.

Call and secure a bargain in Furs for next if not this season's wear. It will pay you.

Fairweather & Co

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.

George Street Peterborough | 101 Yonge Street Toronto | Kent Street Lindsay

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1897

EACH TO HIS TRADE.

A Real Estate Agent Who Was a Veritable Mark Tapley.

The real estate agent looked up from the plan of Crystal City (named from the fact that the major portion of its gaudily colored lots were under water) and saluted his visitor with a cordial handshake.

"Say, commenced the latter, "I've got a little piece of property that I should like you to dispose of for me."

The real estate man took out his notebook and pencil and stood ready to jot down a memorandum of the parcel.

"I'm sorry to say that this place of mine has any number of what some people might consider disadvantages," went on his visitor apologetically.

The real estate fellow smiled incredulously and waved his hand eloquently for him to proceed.

"Well, to begin with, its over a full mile from any place where one can get drinking water."

"Ah, delightful situation," wrote the broker, at the same time repeating his words aloud.

"And it is about six miles from any neighbor."

"In other words, an ideal spot to enjoy all the pleasures of rural life. Go on."

"For another thing, the nearest Post Office is at least seventeen miles away."

"Far from the noisy hum of commerce, and yet with ample mail facilities for all common needs.'

"The nearest railroad station is at least twenty-eight miles distant."

"The vile sound of the shrieking locomotive does not disturb the slumbering ear."

"And the only church of any denomination within reaching distance lies about thirty-five miles over the mountains.'

"The neighborhood is eminently religious and law-abiding."

The prospective seller stopped at this point.

"Is that all?" queried the broker incredulously.

"No, sir," continued the first speaker hesitatingly, "the property is nothing but a jumble of rocks, and there are no trees within fifty odd miles."

"Fine open country," went on the memorandum maker, "with nothing to mar the view for miles around."

As soon as his visitor had departed he commenced to draw up an advertisement in which the foregoing piece of property was recommended as especially suitable for a summer hotel or private insane asylum.

PROVINCIAL BUDGET.

Continued from Page 2

intimated that the Dominion intends formulating a new claim against Ontario and Quebec jointly. The result of the accountant's report and arbitrators' award on the Common School Fund has been to transform the debit balance of $6,561.76 on July 1, 1873, to a credit balance estimated at $187,984.

My estimate of the expenditure of this year is $3,516,963. This is only an estimate. We will, as hon. gentlemen well know, keep within this estimate. We ask this year larger votes for agriculture, for education and for maintenance of our public institutions.

In conclusion, the speaker expressed the belief that we are on the eve of better times, that the period of depression, widespread and severe, is about spent. The steady and prudent development of our mineral resources would certainly prolong and hold a period of prosperity should it come. The work of developing our rich and inexhaustible mineral wealth has attracted world-wide attention to our mineral fields. There were 29 mining companies incorporated during the last year. Only 24 such companies were incorporated during the four preceding years.

To maintain the highest possible efficiency in every department is at the same time an equally important consideration. That our critics in this House and out of it are not candid in their avowed desire to curtail expenditure I do not for a single moment contend. I do not say that their criticism has not at times been of some assistance to the Government, but I ask them to accompany their criticism with suggestions looking toward a practicable diminishing of the expenditure for the development of the resources of the Province and for the increasing, if possible, of its revenues. After challenging the Opposition to show wherever one dollar of the public money had been improperly expended, he resumed his seat amid loud applause from the Government supporters.

It being half-past 5 o'clock Col. Matheson moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House rose.

MR. MATHESON'S CRITICISM.

Expenditures Increasing, But the Revenue at a Standstill.

Lieut.-Col. Matheson, upon resuming, after recess to criticise the budget address, began by congratulating Mr. Harcourt on his concluding allusions to the wonderful resources of the province. Such a thing should always be done in a budget speech, but he was also obliged to condole with the Treasurer upon the deplorable state of affairs he was forced to defend. The expenditures were above the receipts constantly, and, while the former were increasing year by year, the revenue stood at a standstill. Year by year they had to face the same old story of unaltered receipts in the different departments. It could not be expected, therefore, that the criticism of the conduct of the financial affairs should vary to any great degree. There had always existed a great temptation on the part of Ministers to magnify their own importance by increasing expenditure by means of extended patronage, etc., in their several departments. It should be the duty of a strong Premier to hold such colleagues in check. The late Premier, Sir O. Mowat, while he deserved credit in many ways, had no proper conception of the financial condition of the province.

Turning his attention to the demolition of the timber limits, the Opposition financier claimed that at the present rate of cutting the supply would be exhausted in four or five years. The timber limits were now paying scarcely anything. There was no such resource of pine timber as the Government claimed. Before the Minister of Education spent such large sums on new Technical and Normal Schools, he should know where the money was coming from. The receipts from timber limits should be used only for such capital expenditure as public buildings, colonization roads, etc. The statement that the Government was not spending as much as in former years was no test of the financial management. They were not building Parliament Buildings or asylums every year.

Ordinary yearly expenditure had increased by $689,546 during the past ten years. It was natural that there should be a small increase, but the host of 7000 officials who were eating the life out of the province were responsible for such a large increase as $700,000. The $195,000 appropriated for agriculture might be greatly reduced. The same results could be obtained with much less money. The previous speaker had said nothing about the Central Prison. It was said to be self-supporting, but such was not the case. The accounts were so mixed up with those of previous years that it was very difficult to say whether the ordinary receipts exceeded the ordinary expenditure in connection with the industries alone.

The succession duty rate was also much too high. A large amount of revenue was lost for the reason that people who anticipated death arranged their estate in such a manner as to avoid it. If the duty were fixed at as low a rate as it was in many of the United States he thought that testators would not strive so strenuously to avoid the payment of it.

Commenting upon the item of receipts and expenditure from students' fees, he claimed that the Education Department was ane vast machine, of which the Minister of Education was the soul, frame and centre. It was not right that the Government should control all education from the commonschool up to the University. Such management was not in accordance with the liberty of the people, and he quoted John Stuart Mill's essay on "Liberty" to prove what he said. There was no diversity in the education as afforded by the Department. Continuing the subject of higher education, the speaker deplored the fact that it was under the control of the Minister. Why should a land grant be given to Toronto University? It would only mean the placing of land forever in the hands of a corporation. The University would never expand, never do itself justice until it was free from Government control.

Mr. Stratton conveyed his congratulations to the Attorney-General, Provincial Secretary, Mr. Speaker and Mr. Whitney. He justified the expenditures of the Government as being judicious in the best interests of the Province, and challenged the hon. gentlemen opposite to show where one single dollar of the public money had been misappropriated or had been applied for any other purpose than that for which it had been authorized. Would the Opposition object to the expenditure upon the educational institutions, the institutions for the deaf, the blind, the institutions for the care of those unfortunates who are mentally afflicted? Where would they apply the pruning knife? He regretted that the Provincial Treasurer has seen fit to reduce the estimates for colonization roads, and hoped that the hon. gentleman would take the matter into his consideration and restore the grant to the same amount as last year. The hardy settlers had, he thought, enough difficulties to contend against without the addition of poor roads. In reference to the surplus, he did not care whether there was a million dollars of deficit (he would of course rather have a balance at the bank), so long as the Province obtained full value for the money. As proof of the economical administration of the Government he quoted from statistics to show that the City of Toronto expended annually a sum equal to that required for the whole Province. Speaking wholly for himself, he expressed the opinion that the Government should at the earliest possible moment place the pine, of which it was estimated that there are fifty-one thousand million feet matured and fit for lumbering, now standing, upon the market. It is better to sell it now than to allow it to remain to be destroyed by fire, as it most assuredly will unless cut down.

Dr. Ryerson moved the adjournment of the debate.

Just as Good.

"Have you ever been baptised, little girl?"

"No, sir. I've been vaccinated though."

A Matter of Pride.

The shade of Napoleon was much agitated.

"By Marengo!" he exclaimed, "I like to see a good fight, but I never saw fellows mangle each other so venomously as those two over there. Who are they, I wonder?"

A lately arrived spirit overheard him.

"You wouldn't know," he answered, "but one of them is a trolley car gripman and the other is a bicycle scorcher. They got to arguing as to who had killed the largest number of people on earth, and this is the result."

His Word His Bond.

Maud (regretfully)—Yes, he proposed last night, but I had to reject him.

Clarice—But you say you love him.

Maud—I do, dearly; but pa had disposed of me to a French count, and he was never known to fail in a business transaction, so what could I do? His commercial honor was at stake.

Her Sphere.

Madge—Miss Prim believes that education is the salvation of the world, and she is doing a great deal of good in her particular field.

Marjorie—Yes. I have observed that whenever she enters a crowded car she starts all the men to reading their names.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

Strengthens entire system

BODY, BRAIN and NERVES. Lung, Throat, Heart and Stomach Troubles are benefited.

Effect Immediate and lasting.

"For Brain Workers and when expending nervous force Vin Mariani is invaluable.

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

MONTREAL

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA, AND FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky

Too Good to Miss! No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need—no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

QUIET WAYS ARE BEST.

What's the use of worrying,
Of hurrying and scurrying,
Everybody flurrying
And breaking up their rest?
When everyone is teaching us,
Preaching and beseeching us,
To settle down and end the fuss,
For quiet ways are best.

Nothing's gained by worrying,
By hurrying and scurrying,
With fretting and with hurrying,
The temper's often lost;
And in pursuit of some small prize
We rush ahead and are not wise,
And find the unwonted exercise
A fearful price has cost.

'Tis better far to join the throng
That do their duty right along
Reluctant they to make a fuss,
Or make themselves ridiculous,
Calm and serene in heart and nerve,
Their strength is always in reserve,
And nobly stands each test;
For every day and all about,
By scenes within, and scenes without,
We can discern, with ne'er a doubt,
That quiet ways are best.

Only Once.

"Do you mean to say," said the soulful young woman, "that you have never yet met the woman whose presence and touch thrilled your whole being in an utterly indescribable manner?"

"Only once," said the weary young man. "It was when I was in the hands of a woman dentist."—London Answers.

A Mystery Explained.

Crawford—That's a very careful druggist. I've been going there every day for years, and I have never known him to give an overdose.

Crabshaw—Indeed! What have you been buying?

Crawford—Whisky.

THE

Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. COODERHAM, President. - - - - - J. F. JUNKIN, General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10,000 after age 45.

No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.

For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS,

District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR. SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelry.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 43. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

GONE BACK TO JAIL.

Jury Disagreed in the Hammond Murder Case.

Counsel for the Defence Called No Witnesses, But Went to the Jury on the Crown's Case—The Suicide Theory Advanced in Keen Argument—It Took the Jurors Five Hours to Find Out That They Could Not Agree.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 19.—10.50 p.m.—(Special.)—The great Hammond-Tough murder trial is ended for the present, and the mystery surrounding the death of Katie Tough-Hammond is unsolved. The jury have just returned to the court, after being out nearly five hours, and announce that they cannot agree on a verdict. The jury, it is understood, stood five for conviction and seven for acquittal.

Mr. Justice McMahon returned to the court room at 9.45, and a few minutes after took his seat on the bench. The sheriff came up from the jury room and whispered something to His Lordship. Then followed a wait of a few minutes, which seemed hours. The room was as still as death.

The prisoner's counsel here entered and put on his gown and took his seat at the table. Another wait amid deathly silence followed, broken only by the whispers of the reporters.

Then a noise on the stairs was heard, and the jury entered, the foreman handing His Lordship a piece of paper on which was written several questions re the admission of Constable William Sloan's evidence.

His Lordship briefly explained the matter, saying that he had ruled that this evidence should go before them, as the prisoner had made the statement voluntarily.

All this time the prisoner had sat in his favorite position, shading his eyes with his right hand. His poor old father sat at his side, but not a word passed between them. Both seemed in deep meditation.

The jury retired again and remained out for forty-five minutes, and then returned. The time was exactly 10.45, having been out nearly five hours. The usual formalities were complied with. Then the Clerk asked if they had agreed on a verdict, and the foreman stood up and replied that they had not.

The jury was then dismissed, and the prisoner returned to the jail to await another trial in June next.

THE DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Johnston's Address Was on the Line of the Suicide Theory.

Bracebridge, Ont., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The court room has been crowded all day, and many were unable to gain admittance. A peculiar feature of the trial has been the number of women in attendance, and to-day one-half of the audience is made up of ladies.

The addresses of the learned counsel and that of His Lordship were listened to with the closest attention, evincing the great interest which has been taken in the trial.

The prisoner, on being brought in after tea, looked deathly pale, and while waiting for His Lordship to return spent part of the time in reading a newspaper.

As the defence called no witnesses, some discussion took place as to which of the counsel had a right to speak first. His Lordship ruled that the Crown counsel should speak first, and then have the right of replying. Mr. Johnston, counsel for the prisoner, preferred under this ruling to address the jury first. This was agreed to, and he rose to commence what proved to be one of the greatest addresses ever delivered in Ontario.

Mr. Johnston said: "May it please Your Lordship and gentlemen of the jury: The charge is that of murder. No middle course is open to the jury. The verdict is guilty or innocent. The lad is charged with the most serious crime, and if found guilty must pay for it with his life. If it was not a case of murder, it would not make so much difference. If the prisoner is not guilty and convicted we take a life which we have no right to. Theft in time can be remedied, but in this case no remedy can be given. A mistake will be made which time cannot efface. Thus, you see how it is that juries will not convict as readily in murder cases as in other cases.

"Great responsibilities rest on you 12 men. Whatever verdict a jury may see fit to bring in, they are individually responsible to the laws and to their God. I am here to do my duty, no matter what my inward feelings may be, but to go by the evidence. A duty devolves upon me, as well as you. Perhaps this is the first great responsibility that has fallen to you in this district. Look at the responsibility of a verdict of guilty—hanging by the neck until dead—no recalling the consequence. The Crown must bring before you evidence beyond all reasonable doubt. The man who does his duty, exacting his pound of flesh, may make a step which, though not wrong, may not always be just.

"The judge has no alternative but to pronounce the solemn sentence of death if found guilty. Perhaps there is no higher object than to plead for the life of a fellow being. The Crown counsel is not alone here to see that justice is done to the people, but to the prisoner.

"On the other hand, the counsel for the prisoner is here to plead for the life of the prisoner, and no greater prize can be given an advocate than a verdict of acquittal. I am alone in this fight. My client is a poor, sickly youth, without the consolation of a mother. The Crown has everything at its disposal, and raked up evidence from all over, with the Ontario Government at its back. The Sloans, working on the case; also Detective Burrows of Toronto; Detective Greer, paid by the Ontario Government, working on the case for months. Dr. Johnston and Dr. Ellis brought here, both standing witnesses for the Government. Then the oldest counsel in Ontario, specially employed on this case.

"Look at that and see the awful odds against me. Then, would you not be doing your duty by giving me a helping hand? I have here to struggle alone against a conspiracy of the Tough family and their friends to hang Hammond. I don't care whether a witness against me tells the truth or not, but I do care when witnesses come here with a feeling so strong that they are prepared to perjure their souls. When you find this feeling so strong, then you have the key to the situation, to all the manipulations of the bottles. You see, therefore, all these terrible difficulties I have to contend against. The only hope I have after the learned counsel for the Crown is through is that His Lordship will hold the scales of justice so that the weight of a hair will not change it. Then, when it passes to you, you will do equal justice.

"In this case, we start with the prisoner as innocent until proven guilty beyond all reasonable doubt. This is the difference between the way the law and the detectives and press try a man. Suspicions are not evidence of guilt, because in the lives of all of us there is a time when, if we were called upon to explain, we could not do it."

Here the counsel drew a word picture of a fellow-being. The law says no man shall hang where any jury has the slightest doubt as to his guilt. A juror who has a doubt and convicts a prisoner of this kind is almost equally as guilty with the man who commits the crime charged in the indictment. There is doubt thrown on this case by the perjured witnesses of the Crown. If witnesses, as in this case, band together to put a rope around a prisoner's neck, then there is no necessity of a trial by judge or jury in Muskoka. No evidence of guilt is in the telegram from New York telling the deceased to stop taking the medicine prescribed.

"The Crown has not proven that the prisoner and deceased were in Hammond's house—no proof but that there was some vessel near where the body was found; nothing but evidence manufactured by McNabb and young Tough. No one denied that the prisoner had bought poison at Campbell's drug store; no one denied the prisoner's connection with the insurance. If we had wanted to do this, we could have wiped out all evidence bearing thereon, and no man would be the wiser. Men are not hanged to satisfy the pleasure of the Tough family or to rectify the mistakes of Dr. Campbell. Out of 800 cases of murder in France, only four were caused by this drug; but it is the favorite drug for suicides. Although the prisoner had all the letters, keys, documents, etc., yet he does not destroy them. Is that the act of the guilty man? Hang a man on such evidence as the Crown has produced, and no man is safe. A man to do what the Crown alleges must have the mental and physical force of a giant and the soul of a fiend incarnate. Do you think that physical wreck before you is capable of doing it? Can you believe that a man could handle the body of his victim, the wife of his bosom, after he had committed the crime? Yet this man helped to carry the body into the house.

"Then the tears of sorrow shed by him. Is that the evidence of guilt? Take the girl, loved by all who knew her, honest and good, the pet of many, that was Katie Tough; yet, at the time of her death, owing to her first false step, her life and that of the prisoner a living lie; married under a false name; once Katie Tough, the pride of the town; now, by her false marriage to this man, the cowering, shrinking girl, afraid to meet her friends, being chained down by that fatal marriage step; life not worth living. Couple that with the fact that she had poison in her room, and you have the key to the whole situation. Seeing no hope for the future, is not that the woman who commits suicide? In this case it may not have been suicide, but an accidental dose. What had she those bottles in her room for? What had she poison in one of them for? The Crown has failed to connect the prisoner with the poison in her room—does not connect the prisoner in many branches of the case."

His Lordship commenced his address at exactly 4.30. He said every prisoner at the bar stood in the eyes of the law as innocent until clearly proven guilty before twelve of his peers. He urged the jury to keep their minds free from anything they had heard or read, and unbiased. Give your verdict on the evidence submitted and according to your own conscience and you will have done all your country requires or demands. With the result the jurors have nothing to do; their responsibility ends when they give their verdict. The charge here is that the prisoner at the bar caused the death of his wife by prussic acid poison. In this case there is no proof direct of the prisoner administering the poison. This is always the case in murders of this kind. Here His Lordship gave a lengthy description between direct and circumstantial evidence. Did Kate Hammond die from prussic acid poison? If you are satisfied on this point, you can pass on to the next step. Where did she get the poison? The counsel for the defence did not seriously contend that death did not occur from prussic acid poison. If she took the dose either by design or accident, then the prisoner at the bar is not responsible for her acts.

A brief outline of the circumstances connected with this case was here given.

His Lordship concluded by telling the jury that the prisoner is entitled to the benefit of the doubt, if doubt there is, in the evidence. He spoke one hour and forty minutes.

The jury then retired to consider their verdict.

Mr. Johnston took some objection to Mr. Osler's remarks, and asked for a reserve case, also a reserve case on the admission of some of the evidence.

The trial of Daniel Tobin for housebreaking was then proceeded with, and the prisoner having pleaded guilty was let go on suspended sentence.

SALISBURY FAVORS AUTONOMY.

The British Premier Wants Crete to be Free, With a Prince of the Hellenes as Administrator.

Constantinople, Feb. 19.—The report that Lord Salisbury, the British Prime Minister, had sent a circular note to the powers favoring the granting of autonomy to Crete with a Prince of Greece to administer the affairs of the island is confirmed.

They are Fighting.

Canea, Feb. 19.—Moslems have abandoned Voucoulis and have retreated to Alikianos, where they are now surrounded. Fighting is now going on there. A crowd of Moslems marched to-day to the military headquarters here and demanded that they be furnished with arms in order to relieve their comrades. Martini rifles and ammunition were given to them and they marched out of the city. Later fighting occurred on the hills near the city, with no decisive results on either side.

The Thunderer's Warning.

London, Feb. 19.—In its issue to-morrow The Times will condemn Col Vassis, the commander of the Greek corps of occupation in Crete, for taking the offensive and attacking the Turkish outposts at Platania. It says that if King George and the Greek Government encourage Col. Vassos they will have to reckon with the powers, which are demanding the adoption of energetic measures against Greece. To resist the warning that has been given by these powers would be sheer folly.

THE LATEST REPORTS

Showing the Progress of Events in the Disturbed Island

London, Feb. 19.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, said, in answer to questions, that the Porte had not announced any intention to send troops to Crete. The general advice of the powers to Turkey was to abstain from precipitate action. Detachments of marines from the foreign warships, Mr. Curzon said, were now occupying Canea, Sitia and Retimo, and it was probable that they would soon occupy the other Cretan ports. In addition to this the British, Russian and Italian Consuls had gone to Selino for the purpose of preventing further outrages there and to relieve the suffering Moslem families.

Mr. James Lowther, Conservative member for the Thanet Division of Kent, asked what steps had been taken to relieve the interior. Mr. Curzon replied the powers were doing all they could to relieve them.

THE OTTAWA BUDGET.

Tariff Commissioners to Have Another Sitting.

Petitions to Save the Life of Sullivan, the New Brunswick Murderer — Steamer Petrel in Trouble—Cattle on the N. W. Ranches—State of Trade Between Canada and the West Indies—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The Tariff Committee of the Government will hold a sitting here on Tuesday and Wednesday next, the purpose being to afford a hearing to several outside interests, which have expressed a desire to be heard, and yet did not appear at any of the former sittings of the committee.

Petitions have been in circulation for some time back favoring the commutation of the death sentence passed on Sullivan of Moncton, for the murder of Mrs. Dutcher, and the list, which is said to reach something like two thousand signatures, has been sent to His Excellency the Governor-General.

Capt. McElhinney, nautical adviser to the Marine Department, has returned from P.E. Island. Steamer Petrel, which was chartered from the Collins' Bay Rafting Company to maintain the winter service between Capes Tormentine and Traverse, has been idle for a fortnight back on account of her propeller being broken. She has just been repaired and will resume trips at once to keep up the service with the Island, which would be shut off entirely now that the Stanley is off. Capt. McElhinney returns to the Island in a few days.

In spite of the extremely severe weather on the prairies in November and December, which threatened to carry off a large proportion of the stock on the ranches, the conditions have since changed so favorably that reports received from the West are to the effect that the number of cattle ready for shipment from the western ranches this season will be 50 per cent. larger than last year.

In his latest report to the Minister of Trade and Commerce, the Canadian commercial agent at St. Kitts, British West Indies, Mr. S. L. Horsford, says: "Some anxiety has been felt lately owing to a rumor that the subsidized steamers would be withdrawn from the service, but as I have not been able to trace the rumor to any reliable source, I trust there may be no foundation for it. In this connection I think it right to state that the regular and punctual service of these steamers has done much to promote a strong community of interest between the West Indies and Canada, and the growing trade which is being done each year in sugar, and which has been brought about solely by the facilities of shipment afforded by these boats, bids fair to be a very important branch of trade. Imports of Canadian products are also by this means kept up regularly, and the demand for certain goods is all the while increasing."

The Deputy Minister, writing in acknowledgment of the report, was able to relieve any apprehension that might exist as to the continuance of the service. The existing steamship contracts have considerable time to run at any rate.

Commander Wakeham has returned from Gaspe, and will be engaged at the Fishery Department for the next two or three months preparing for the Hudson Bay expedition. The vessel chartered by the Government is a Dundee steam whaler of very substantial build and just the class of vessels for ice work. Although chartered in Newfoundland, she is owned by a Scotch firm. It is the intention to despatch the vessel to Hudson Bay about May 24. It is questionable whether she will be able to get to Hudson Straits early in June, but Capt. Wakeham is anxious to ascertain the earliest day the Straits are open and the last day of the season when it is possible to leave the Bay.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries has given permission for the use of nets for catching coarse fish on Trent River, near Marysburgh. It is said that coarse fish are very plentiful in that vicinity.

The Hamilton civil delegation had an interview with Mr. Tarte to-day and asked for a portion of the canal reserve near Burlington Beach to be transferred to the city for public purposes, the city undertaking to return the property if ever needed by the Public Works Department.

The bell which Earl and Countess of Aberdeen decided to donate to Gatineau Point Church, in recognition of the marvelous escape from drowning of the latter and the kindness of the residents of the Point, has arrived in Ottawa and will shortly be put into position in the steeple. The bell bears the words, "Gratias Domino, Aberdeen, Ishbel Aberdeen, John Sinclair, April 22, 1896." It was cast by Means & Stainbank of London, and weighs 1400 pounds.

Twenty-one new companies gave notice of incorporation in the last issue of The British Columbia Gazette. The aggregate capital is over $19,000,000. The majority of the companies are organised to acquire and develop provincial mines.

Dr. Orton, ex-M.P., has lost his official head. Dr. Steep of Winnipeg has been appointed medical attendant to the Indians of Clandeboye Agency, Manitoba, in succession to Dr. Orton.

W. R. Aylesworth of Belleville has been appointed a commissioner to report upon the state and management of business of the Mohawk Board of the Bay of Quinte.

Mr. Raymond Prefontaine, M.P., of Montreal, is said to be undertaking the floating of the big $6,000,000 bridge scheme at Quebec before Old Country capitalists.

Assistant Clerk Rouleau of the House of Commons has been superannuated.

David Hill, an Indian of the Six Nations, has been appointed clerk in the Indian office at Brantford, vice A. G. Smith, dismissed.

The biggest delegation which has ever visited Ottawa—and there have been some big ones in the past—is to be here next month. It is from the Trent canal district, and will urge the Government to proceed more vigorously with the construction of the canal.

The Government proposes to strengthen the disinfecting appliances at Williams Head Quarantine Station, B. C.

The report current that the opening of the session would be postponed on account of the recent fire [illegible], turns out to have no truth in it.

Mrs. Homler, who hit her husband with an ax on Tuesday night, as a result of which he died last evening, was arrested to-day charged with murdering her husband.

[illegible] Frost, M.P., headed a delegation that waited on the Government to-day asking for a bridge across the Rideau at [illegible].

The 43rd Ottawa Rifles will spend Queen's Birthday at Corn[illegible].

Attack on England

Berlin, Feb. 19.—The Neueste Christian makes a violent attack upon Great Britain because of her reported refusal to join Germany and the other acquiescing powers in the proposal to blockade the Piraeus. The attitude assumed by England the paper declares has been the subject of a heated conversation between Count Von Hatzfeldt, the German Ambassador to Great Britain, and Lord Salisbury.

The National Zeitung says: "Great Britain is again pursuing a separate policy in opposition to the common interests of the powers. Whether England throws off her disguise and openly sides with Greece, or pursues her underhand policy, the powers in either case ought to follow their own course, pressing with united front any attempt to embroil Europe."

In Winter Finery.

Metallic ribbon is used on children's gowns.

Large, deeply purple, velvety pansies dispute the English violets as the fashionable corsage flowers.

Go to any fashionable assemblage and count the number of black costumes worn. They are always in the majority.

Many of the latest wedding gowns have little bolero jacket fronts, made of very rich Venetian point, honiton or duchesse lace, and the satin-strapped ceinture is fastened with little buckles set with French brilliants and points, finished with an applique trimming of the lace.

Educational.

$5.00 Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON —AT THE— BUSINESS COLLEGE. Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA, Business College . . . . Peterborough, Opposite Post Office.

New Advertisements.

Peterborough CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRAPP, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing Elsewhere.
426 Water Street.

STORMER BICYCLE HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers, ARE SOLE AGENTS,
293 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
Telephones 1?0 or 215. Day or night.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL, DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lost or Found.

FOUND.
GENTLEMAN'S SCARF PIN. Owner may have same by proving property, and paying for advt. Apply 216 Simcoe st. 1d44

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 590 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 2tlcod

FOR SALE —AT THE— RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

General.

EDWIN ELCOME, TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

THE CITY . . . Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD, Charlotte Street.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$600 to $9.50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 2??. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 390 George-st.

Probabilities.

Fresh to strong southerly winds; partly cloudy, and milder; local showers to-night or to-morrow.

R. F.

GOOD GOODS
Are Those that Most Advance the Reputation of a sto e.
It is by the quality a store sells that one can tell the class of trade that patronizes it.
JUST 100 PAIRS
Out of the 500 pair job lot of High-class Ladies' Kid Gloves left. Very desirable shades 50c., formerly sold at $1.25.

A FEW ITEMS
from our recent spring arrivals:—

2 yards wide Unbleached Sheeting	15c	per yard
5 pieces Job Bleached Sheeting, Twilled	15c	worth 25 cents
54 inch Linen Tabling	25c	
Heavy Bag Towelling	5c	
10 ends Union and All Wool Carpets	35c	per yard
50 doz. Ladies' H. S. Handkerchiefs	5c	worth 10 cts.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses	50c	very special
5,000 yards Crumb's New Spring Prints	12½c	
30 doz. ¾ size Bleached Napkins	$1.00	worth $1.25

Ten New Lines in Ladies' White Underwear to be sold at special low prices for the next two weeks.
Every garment in our White Wear department is this season's styles.
We expect to receive early next week 50 Bales and Cases via S. S. "Lake Superior," Beaver Line, New Spring
Dress Goods, Silks, Carpets and Linoleums.
As hitherto the Golden Lion will be headquarters for fashionable Dry Goods, Carpets and Housefurnishings.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 437 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 2?5 Stewart Street. Telephone.

PRINTING
Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

PHOSPHATE

is rock, just stone with chemical properties, but nevertheless it is stone and always will be stone, no matter how finely powdered. This is one of the substances used in the manufacture of cheap Baking Powders. When combined with other acids it causes gas, which raises the cake, but the stony particles stay in the cake, going into the stomach, cutting its delicate lining and ruining digestion.

Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda make the only Baking Powder that is safe to use. Only the best of Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda are used in

PURE GOLD

PURE AS PURE GOLD. BAKING POWDER

IF YOU'VE GOT THE PRICE, INVEST IN A

SNOW SHOVEL

You may need it before the swallow flies, or the grass needs cutting, and the price is nothing compared to the real healthy exercise a good snow shovel affords. Yes, and Buck Saws, Chopping Axes, Coal Scuttles, Cow Ties Lanterns, Hockey Sticks and Skates, besides Sleigh Bells.

FORTYE & HARPER

Hardware Merchants, Opposite Fortye & Phelan's Old Stand.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style Art. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. E. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte st.

Too Good to Miss! No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need—no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Sleep

Induced by the use of coca, opiate or narcotic compounds is bad, decidedly bad. It undermines the health and shatters the constitution and the patient is steadily growing into a worse condition—often resulting in the terrible slavery and misery of the cocaine and opium habit. Sleep induced by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla may not come as quickly, but it comes more surely, permanently and is

Sweet

And refreshing because it is realized through nature's great restoring and rejuvenating channel—purified, vitalized and enriched blood. This feeds the nerves with life-giving energy and builds up the system and constitution from the very foundation of all health and life—the blood—pure, rich, red blood.

Refreshing

"I was generally run down last spring, appetite was poor and I could not sleep. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me right up, gave good appetite and I was soon able to get a good night's rest." G. F. WHITNEY, Merchant, Yeomans St., Ionia, Michigan.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 20, 1897

A QUEBEC CRITIC

WE have made reference to the Ontario finances and to the baseless character of the claim of the Government that there is a surplus, notwithstanding that there is a deficit that the expenditure exceeds the revenue. But an outside criticism by a capable authority will serve to further expose the unfortunate condition of our provincial finances. Therefore we publish the following from the Montreal Gazette:—"The surplus claimed for the Ontario Government's administration of affairs of the province last year is a book-keeping fake. To make it apparent, there was included as revenue sums borrowed on annuities and sums withdrawn from special deposit. The actual revenue was $3,312,941. The expenditure was $3,703,379. The deficit was $390,438. There was $177,730 of annuities sold, and $212,708, the saving of former years, withdrawn from the bank. The annuities have all to be repaid; they are an addition to the debt. The withdrawals of deposits were in no sense revenue, and should not be treated as such. Ontario had a deficit last year, the third in succession and the sixteenth in the history of the province. All have been under a Liberal Administration, and they have been incurred in spite of the charges for such services as the building and maintenance of court houses, jails, registry offices, etc., that in Quebec are paid by the province, being put in Ontario on the municipalities. A great deal is said of the Ontario surplus and much credit is unfairly given to the Mowat Government for its existence. The Ontario surplus was a creation, not of Mr. Blake's or Sir Oliver Mowat's or Mr. Hardy's Liberal Administrations, but of John Sandfield Macdonald's Conservative Government. Mr. Macdonald was in power from July, 1867, till December, 1871, and here is the record of his financial management:

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
1867	$ 182,900	$ 50,670
1868	2,250,208	1,179,269
1869	2,625,179	1,445,152
1870	2,500,696	1,678,977
1871	2,333,180	1,816,784
	$9,892,163	$6,077,452

In four years a Conservative Government in Ontario spent $3,814,000 less than it received. In twenty-five years a Liberal Administration has spent $3,760,000 more than it received as revenue. It increased its revenue also by taking the licenses from the municipalities, by imposing an inheritance tax, and by the free sale of Crown timber. John Sandfield Macdonald's Government, in the last year of its existence, spent on the services of the Province $1,816,784; Sir Oliver Mowat's Government spent in the last year of its existence $3,703,379, or more than double the amount its predecessor managed to get along with. Who deserves credit for the surplus that Ontario boasts of is made plain by the above. A Liberal Administration in Ontario has also created a debt obligation that now amounts to a million and a half of dollars for railroad subsidies. Ontario was financially fortunate in its first administration, which was Conservative. Under Liberal rule it has justified the saying that there has never been in Canada a Liberal government, federal or provincial, that has not increased the expenditure, added to the debt and augmented the taxes. All that can be said for the Blake and Mowat Ministries is that they were not as bad as some others of the same political stripe in other provinces."

TIME FOR A CHANGE.

MR. Mathieson in the able speech he delivered in reply to the Provincial Treasurer's budget speech made reference to the system of patronage through which the Liberals hold power in Ontario. So well has Sir Oliver Mowat systematized the expenditure of the public money so as to influence, the public vote where such can be influenced that he succeeded in maintaining his Government in power, although the process has been expensive to the people. As Mr. Mathieson pointed out the public accounts, as published, do not allow the reader to judge of the expenditure. Some of these accounts when investigated have shown extravagance in expenditure. There is no such publication of detail of the provincial accounts as there is of the Dominion accounts. There is no excuse for this, but it evidently does not suit the purposes of the Ontario Government to follow the practice of the federal Government, notwithstanding that the Opposition have repeatedly urged that this should be done. With the patronage is combined the army of officials whose chief duty, in many cases, is to do service for the party rather than for the province. These officials are campaign organizers, election workers, and side-line canvassers. The people are told that economy is the watchword of the Ontario Government, but there is no attempt to reduce the thousands of officials who are placed on the public charge to serve election purposes. Mr. Hardy was anxious to reduce the number of County Councillors, but he did not consider any reduction of his army of officials. But we believe that, with a Liberal Government, of which Sir Oliver Mowat is a member, in power at Ottawa seeking to dismiss federal officials on petty charges as "offensive partisans" and a Liberal Government at Toronto fostering and encouraging a system of official campaigners, the spectacle will be too much for the right-thinking people of this province. They are not always going to allow this system to continue, but will decide that it is time for a change, time for a new set of men to take hold of the affairs of the province, curtail the expenditure, preserve our timber wealth, develop our resources and make a change in the systems with which the Liberals have sought to thwart public opinion and maintain themselves in office. Mr. Hardy's term as Premier will end with the present Legislature.

WHEN the Globe man reads the statement of the provincial finances and sees the annual deficit on hand, he must realize that his old cry is appropriate at the present time in the case of the Ontario Legislature, "It is time for a change"

THE Ontario Government have taxed everything in sight and taken from the municipalities the license moneys, and still they are in search of something more upon which to levy a tax, in their effort to make their revenue equal the expenditure. They might turn their attention to the other side and see if economy would not reduce the expenditure and thus make a balance between revenue and expenditure.

BELLEVILLE is after an essay office and has sent a deputation to press their claims on the Ontario Government. Why should Peterborough not have something to say about this matter. We are in a central location in a rich mining district. Peterborough is better situated in this respect than Belleville. Peterborough has certainly not been deluged with favors by the Ontario Government, and its claim in this matter should receive attention. Mr Stratton might bring forward Peterborough's claim.

SAYS the Ottawa Citizen:—

"Hon. A. S. Hardy, who is Premier of this province, has the following persons drawing salaries from the province's money box:—

"His father, Mr. Russell Hardy, a storekeeper in the London Asylum.

"His son, an official in the Crown Lands Department.

"His niece, an official in the Orillia Asylum.

"His cousin, an official in the Crown Lands Department.

"His nephew, an official in the Education Department.

"Another cousin, an official in the License Branch.

"His sister, an official in the Hamilton Asylum.

"His former partner, Registrar of the Crown Lands Department."

A SHORT SESSION.

Ontario Legislators Asked a Few Questions, Read a Few Bills and Then Adjourned

Fifteen minutes was sufficient to enable the Ontario Legislature to transact its business yesterday afternoon. Beyond the usual number of petitions, the only item of interest was the answer to the following enquiry by Mr. Miscampbell: "Was the furnishing of flour to the Orillia Asylum for the years 1896 and 1897 let by tender? If so, who tendered, and what was the amount of the tenders per barrel? Did the lowest tenderers receive the contract?"

Hon. E. J. Davis, in reply, gave the following information:

The flour purchased for the Orillia Asylum for the years 1896 and 1897 was by tender. The samples called for and submitted by tenderers were tested by an expert, both as to color and strength. In 1896 the following persons tendered at the prices stated per barrel, in bags: Wm. Ryan, Toronto, $3.60; M. McLaughlin, Toronto, $3.82½; Samuel Lukes, Bradford, $3.60; A. Mayes & Co., Listowel, $4.20; P. McIntosh & Son, Toronto, $3.60; D. C. Thompson, Orillia, $3.23; George Vick, Orillia, $3.07; W. H. MacDougall, Alliston, $4.32. The tender of D. C. Thompson was accepted, the expert test showing it was the lowest tender, strength and color considered.

In 1897 the following persons tendered, at the prices stated per barrel, in bags, George Vick & Sons, Orillia, $4.35; D. C. Thompson, Orillia, $4.33; Hunt Bros., London, $4.67; W. H. MacDougall, Alliston, $4.70. D. C. Thompson's tender was accepted, being the lowest tender, strength and color considered, as well as the lowest upon the face of the tender.

In reply to Mr. Whitney, the Attorney-General replied that a return of the amounts paid by the Government in connection with the Dominion arbitration from year to year, and to whom paid, is being prepared.

Before adjournment, Dr. Willoughby asked in what position the report of the commissioner to investigate into the affairs of the East Northumberland Registry Office is.

The Attorney-General replied that the report had, he understood, been handed in yesterday, but he had not yet seen it.

The House then adjourned.

Petitions were presented, as follows:

By Mr. St. John—From the Georgian Bay Ship Canal & Power Aqueduct Company, for an act to extend the borrowing and other powers of the company; also to change the name to "The Ontario Aqueduct & General Construction Company."

By Mr. Paton—From the Simcoe County Council, praying that the Victoria Industrial School be placed on the same footing as the Ontario Reformatory for Boys.

By Mr. Conmee—From Edward Spencer Jenison, for an act empowering him to improve the water privilege at the Eturte Rapids and Kakabeka Falls.

By Mr. Preston—From the Lanark County Council, for amendments to the General Road Companies Act.

The following bills were introduced and given first readings:

Respecting the incorporation and regulation of joint stock companies, introduced by Mr. Gibson, Hamilton, amends and consolidates the Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act, and makes uniform provisions for companies incorporated under special acts, or under other acts, as well as for those incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act.

To amend the Consolidated Municipal Act, 1892, introduced by Mr. Garrow, amends sectio. 542 of the Municipal Act, to enable municipalities to pass bylaws for the construction of electric light works, making the debt contracted therefor payable in 30 years, and confirming such bylaws where heretofore passed, if otherwise valid. It enables municipalities by the same bylaw to provide for constructing gas, electric lights and waterworks.

Mr. Dryden introduced a bill to further improve the act respecting the Department of Agriculture, which provides for enforcing the penalties requiring municipalities to make returns to the Bureau of Industries, by providing that the person designated by the Minister may go into the municipality and make the necessary searches and returns, if the municipal officers make default.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Dryden, in which the various trade unions are deeply interested. It is entitled "An act to further improve the Trades Disputes Act," and provides that if either side to a dispute fails to nominate a member of the Council of Arbitration, the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may fill the vacancy. It imposes the duty upon the Mayors of cities and towns of informing the Registrar under the Trades Disputes Act of any strikes or lock-outs, as they occur, or when they are anticipated, and provides that the Council of Arbitration shall thereupon place themselves in communication with both parties, with a view to amicable settlement.

Mr. Smith—Bill respecting roads laid out along side-lines in certain townships.

Mr. Beatty (Leeds)—Enquiry of the Ministry: "Has the return showing the estimated quantity of pine timber now standing on the Crown domain of the Province, ordered by the House on 11th March, 1896, been prepared, and, if so, when will such return be brought down?"

The Committees on Standing Orders, Printing and Private Bills met for organization yesterday morning. Hon. J. M. Gibson is again chairman of the Private Bills Committee, and Messrs. Stratton and D. McKay (Oxford) of the Printing and Standing Orders.

The Public Accounts Committee meets for organization on Tuesday next. Mr. William Charlton has the call for the chairmanship, which will be relinquished by Hon. E. J. Davis, who is now Provincial Secretary.

The budget debate will be resumed on Tuesday.

The Opposition members are awaiting with impatience the report of the commission to enquire into the affairs of the Registry Office of East Northumberland.

The feeling among the members is one of universal sympathy with Mr. Hiscott of Lincoln in the bereavement which he has sustained by the loss of his daughter. The circumstances surrounding the case are such as appeal to every member, and much attention has been directed by the event to the matter of inspection and regulation of the gas fixtures, and other matters relating to hotels. A deputation composed of Col. Kerns, Messrs. Bush, Carnegie, Brower, Little and Reid, representing the colleagues of Mr. Hiscott, accompanied the remains of the deceased to St. Catharines yesterday.

The Attorney-General yesterday had the pleasure of conducting his younger brother, A. D. Hardy of Brantford, through the Parliament buildings. It was the first time that he had been in those corridors in which his elder brother has for so many years been a prominent figure. It was noticed as the pair passed that there was a very strong family likeness, and many were under the impression that they were father and son.

French Tars Ordered to Duty.

Brest, Feb. 19.—All of the officers and men of the French navy who are absent on leave from this station, have been ordered to rejoin their vessels without delay.

A detachment of men will leave the naval station to-morrow to reinforce the crews of the ships forming the Mediterranean fleet.

Servia Calls in Leave Men.

London, Feb. 19.— A despatch from Vienna to a news agency says the Government of Servia has decided to mobilize the Servian troops and that Prince Nicholas of Montenegro has recalled all officers of the Montenegrin army, who are now absent on leave.

The advantage of a policeman over a burglar is that the officer has the law on his side. Health has the same advantage over disease. The Law of Nature is for people to be healthy. When they are sick, Nature helps to cure them. Nature's law is the guide for curing sick people. There is no way but Nature's way. What the doctors call many different diseases Nature cures in one way; by nourishing the whole body with good, pure, rich, red blood. That is Nature's way of curing scrofula, erysipelas, kidney and "liver complaint," consumption and every form of eruptive and wasting disease. When you want to help Nature with medicine the medicine must work the same way as Nature works, then it has the laws of Nature on its side to make it powerful. That is the secret of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery's wonderful cures. It assists Nature according to her own laws; it is on Nature's side and Nature helps it; it imparts new power to the nutritive and blood making organs to create a large quantity of fresh, red, healthy blood which drives every germ of disease out of the system and builds up strong healthy tissues and *solid* flesh. The "Discovery" completely clears away every form of blood-disease from the system; it even cures consumption. It is the only true radical cure for that disease, facts and testimony to prove it.

"I would like to tell the whole world what your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has done for me. The doctor, who is considered an expert on lung troubles, told me I had consumption. He said both my lungs were diseased and I could not live long. I felt down-hearted for I have dear little children to live for. I just went to him to get his opinion. I am glad I did for now I know what your medicine will do. When I started on the second bottle I was better in every way and was able to take a walk on every fine day. I enjoyed my sleep, my appetite was good, and by the time I had finished the second bottle I began to feel like a new woman. I still had a cough, so I got a third bottle and by the time it was half gone I was completely cured."

(Mrs.) James Gatfield

77 Mary St., Hamilton, Ont., Can.

SPECIMEN ADVERTISEMENTS OF "SALADA"

THAT APPEARED LAST WEEK, COPIED FROM THE FOLLOWING PAPERS:

PITTSBURG CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH.

A Tea-Growing "PARADISE"

THE HOME OF.....

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Every Leaf is Full of Virtue. Every Infusion Delicious.

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

BUFFALO ENQUIRER.

"Rich, Delicious, Pure,"

.....CLEANLY MANUFACTURED

"SALADA"

.....CEYLON TEA.....

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

OTTAWA FREE PRESS.

Would You Drop a Pebble to Pick up a Diamond? If so you will drop using the notoriously colored and adulterated teas from China and Japan and drink.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA.

Grown on the richest tea producing soil in the world, and sold to the public in its native purity Absolutely Pure and Nutritious to the System.

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

CORRY (PA.) LEADER.

The Acme of Perfection . . .

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

HALIFAX MAIL.

The Answer is "NO"

It is not colored or doctored in any form whatever.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

In the cup shows an amazing superiority over all others, "strikingly apparent."

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

WILKESBARRE TIMES.

"A PEACEFUL REVOLUTION"

By the will and consent of the people has pushed China and Japan Teas from their old time eminence and made

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA—The World's Beverage.

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

BUFFALO EXPRESS.

WITH YOUR CONSENT

I'll take another cup, is the general expression of approval from those first tasting

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA.

And well it may be, as the quality is incomparable.

Sold in Lead Packets Only, 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

PITTSBURG PRESS.

"No Spurious Leaves."

NO ADULTERATION

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA—No Nerve-Disturbing Element.

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

SCRANTON (P.A.) TRUTH.

"MILLIONS DRINK"

"SALADA"

.....CEYLON TEA.....

And are enjoying Tea as it was never before enjoyed. Are you on the list?

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c., 40c., 50c., and 60c. per lb.

OLEAN (N.Y.) TIMES.

ARE YOU USING

Colored and Adulterated Teas from Japan?

If so, why not try

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA.

It is absolutely Pure and Delicious. BLACK AND MIXED.

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

TORONTO GLOBE.

"PRUSSIAN BLUE"

And Other Colorings are used on the Teas of China and Japan.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE. DELICIOUS and ECONOMICAL.

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c., and 60c., per lb.

MONTREAL STAR.

YOUR DOCTOR

Is Using It Himself, because he knows a Good Article, once tried.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Sold in Lead Packets Only. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb.

Every Word in these Advertisements is True. You can Prove It by a Trial of "SALADA."

We will send you by mail a Free Sample on receipt of Post Card. Address. "SALADA" CEYLON TEA CO., 25 Front St. East, Toronto; 313 St. Paul St., Montreal; 15 Niagara St., Buffalo.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Cross, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897.

Plan for Currency Expansion.

"Old Pinchdollar thinks he's something of a diplomat, but I tell you he got let down nicely in the spring. The assessor came round to transact his usual business, and Pinchdollar thought he'd slip through the whole affair like a bantam rooster through a garden fence, by giving the assessor something to drink. Well, he filled the fellow full, and he's just found out what his taxes are, and it's going to come confounded near to broaking him up to pay them."

"What's the reason the scheme didn't work?"

"Why, the assessor drank so much that it made him see double."—Brooklyn Life.

WRECKED.

Mrs. Harkley, the Wife of Capt. Harkley, Well-Known Lake Captain of Owen Sound, Ont., tells How La Grippe Left Her, and How Often Doctors Gave up Hope and Her Family and Friends Despaired of Her Recovery—The Great South American Nervine was the Beacon which Directed Her Into the Good Health Harbor.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with a severe attack of la grippe, which left me almost a complete wreck. I was prostrated for weeks. I doctored with several physicians and used many remedies, but none had any lasting effect. My friends began to be alarmed for my recovery. The doctors shook their heads, and held out little hope. I was attracted by an advertisement of South American Nervine, and as my trouble was of a nervous nature I decided to try it. The first bottle helped me greatly. I persisted in its use and this great remedy has completely built up my system, and I positively declare that it is the only remedy that gave me any relief." For sale by H. S. MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

BIG FIRE AT POTTERSBURG.

Glass Bros.' Pottery Works Destroyed Early This Morning.

Pottersburg, Ont., Feb. 20, 2.30 a.m. The extensive pottery works of Glass Bros. & Co. here was discovered to be on fire this morning about 1 o'clock. Nothing could be done to save it and nothing remains now but the warehouse. The loss will probably be about $35,000, said to be fully insured; cause cannot be ascertained at present, but it is known that employes were working late last night at the furnaces.

HIGHER TELEPHONE RATES.

The Bell Telephone Co. Petitioned the Government to Allow an Increase.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—An important request has been preferred to the Government by the Bell Telephone Company of Canada, a request in which nearly every city and town in the Dominion is interested. Under date of Jan. 30, a petition was forwarded to the Governor-General-in-Council by the Bell Telephone Company, asking for permission to increase their rates.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Some of the Minor Topics Covered by the Despatches Boiled Down into Paragraphs.

Chief Justice Beasley died yesterday morning at Trenton, N.J.

Daniel McCarthy was hanged at Chicago yesterday for the murder of his wife.

James Quinn was yesterday convicted at Guelph of barn burning. Sentence was deferred.

The United States Senate again discussed the Arbitration Treaty yesterday, but took no action.

The explosion of a cartridge in the canal at Lockport, N.Y., yesterday, killed Wm. Crogan and injured five other people.

William Conboy's general store and G. Ramsden's hardware store at Erin, Ont., were burned yesterday. Both were well insured.

The Lake Shore Elevator at Toledo took fire last midnight and it was thought would be entirely destroyed, entailing a loss of $300,0000.

It is now reported that Col. John J. McCook of New York will be Mr. McKinley's Attorney-General, and James A. Gary of Baltimore will be Postmaster-General.

Prof. W. Wallace, M.A., professor of moral philosophy in the University of Oxford, was killed yesterday by a fall from his bicycle, which fractured his skull.

The large barns of W. J. Marshall, London Township, were destroyed by fire on Thursday afternoon, with implements and produce. Loss about $200, partly insured.

At New York last night John Nilsson outskated Joe Donoghue in the second of the series of races for the world's championship. Time 5.42, for two miles, beating all indoor records.

A despatch from Manila, capital of the Philippine Islands states that the Spaniards have won a brilliant victory over the insurgents and inflicted a crushing blow upon the rebellion.

Thomas Wallis was hanged at Newcastle, Delaware, yesterday, for the murder of his 18 months' old daughter. He placed the little one in a bag and held it under water in a creek until life was extinct. He said he could not support the child.

Ferdinand Day of Strassburg, Germany, was arrested at New York yesterday on an order in a Supreme Court suit brought against him by a German bank, which involves $222,310. He went to Ludlow Jail, in default of $100,000 bail.

A MINISTER'S STORY

THE PAINFUL EXPERIENCE OF REV C H BACKHUS.

For Five Months he was Helpless and Endured Agonizing Pains—Could Neither Rise up nor Sit Down Without Aid—He Tells How He Found a Cure.

From the Tilsonburg Observer.

The Rev C H Backhus is a resident of Bayham township, Elgin county, Ont., and there is probably no person in the county who is better known or more highly esteemed. He is a minister of the United Brethren Church. He also farms quite extensively, superintending the work and doing quite a share of it himself despite his advanced age. But he was not always able to exert himself as he can to-day, as a few years ago he underwent an illness that many feared would terminate his life. To a reporter who recently had a conversation with him the rev. gentleman gave the particulars of his illness and cure, with permission to make the statement public. The story as told by Rev Mr Backhus is substantially as follows:—About three years ago he was taken ill and the doctor who was called in pronounced his trouble an attack of la grippe. He did not appear to get any better and a second doctor was called in, but with no more satisfactory results, so far as a renewal of health was concerned. Following the la grippe pains of an excruciating nature located themselves in his body. He grew weaker and weaker until at last he was perfectly helpless. He could nor sit down nor rise from a sitting posture without assistance and when with this assistance he gained his feet he could hobble but a few steps when he was obliged to be put in a chair again. For five months these agonizing pains were endured. But at last relief so long delayed came. A friend urged him to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He yielded to the advice and had not been taking them long when the longed for relief was noticed coming. He could move easily, and the stiffness and pains began to leave his joints. He continued the use of the pills for some time longer and the cure was complete. Seeing Mr. Backhus now it would be difficult to think of him as the crippled and helpless man of those painful days. Mr. Backhus is now past his 80th year, but as he said, "by the aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I am as able as those ten years younger. You can readily judge of this when I tell you I laid forty rods of rail fence this year. I am glad to add my testimony in favor of Dr. Williams Pink Pills."

Dr Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restores the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail postpaid, at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

RAILWAY CARRIAGE MURDER.

Funeral of the Victim in London—Police Think They Will Yet Discover the Murderer.

London, Feb. 19.—The railway carriage murder in a London suburban train continues to be the chief topic of local interest. The young woman whose body was found crowded under the seat in a second-class compartment was buried to-day and there was a great public demonstration.

The police are now making some progress, apparently, toward a solution of the mystery. They have been able to ascertain by the process of elimination that the murder was committed between Putney and Wandsworth Stations, where the running time of the train was only four minutes. They arrested yesterday Thomas Stone, a rejected lover of Miss Camp, the victim, on the charge of murder. Stone was traced to Hounslow, where the girl took the train on the evening of the tragedy. The police learned that Stone had ascertained only that day that Miss Camp was going to marry his rival, and he had threatened to prevent the marriage. Stone has been able to establish an alibi and the police have released him.

Some of the effects of the tragedy upon the London public are amusing. A gentleman noticed on a suburban train to-day two adjoining compartments, in one of which 11 women were closely crowded, and in the next an inoffensive-looking lad sat alone. Protests in the newspapers against the compartment system are becoming panicky, even to frenzy.

He Could Tell.

"See that young couple?" said the doorkeeper at the theatre.

"Yes."

"They've been married a little over a month. I don't know their names, nor where they live, but I can tell that much about 'em."

"How?"

"They used to come every week and sit in the orchestra chairs. Now they come every other week and sit in the balcony."—Washington Star.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Pansies in Bride's Bouquets.

Many brides are carrying long clusters of expensive exotics tied with lover's knots of satin ribbon. Others adhere to the shower bouquets.

A fan bouquet is a recent fad. It is composed of orchids with a fringe of white curling blooms at the edge. These fan bouquets are being given for birthday souvenirs also.

Other gifts consist of cushions of flowers tied at the corner with an immense satin bow; the blooms are veiled with delicate cascades of lace, which, upon inspection, are noticed to be dainty lace handkerchiefs for the bride.

A number of recent brides have carried satin hand-painted bags hung from the arm by trailing vines of orange blossoms, and into these the gloves are often slipped instead of handing them to the bridesmaids.

Seen at the Jewelers.

Flexible gold bracelets, with jeweled enrichment, have returned to stay.

The latest fashion in glass jugs exhibits quaintly pointed lips and stoppers of silver.

The heart lockets and brooches are going out. The few lockets that remain are round or oval in shape and set with diamonds. Earrings are gaining in vogue, but the effort made to put the bracelet forth as a popular ornament seems to have quite failed.

Illustrating the new vogue for introducing old-fashioned stones with pearl or diamond setting, is a pansy brooch, the two upper petals being incrusted with tiny diamonds. The effect is weird, while a big amethyst is set round about with raised corners of seed pearls, a very attractive and not expensive ornament.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease

AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 24 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. over

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

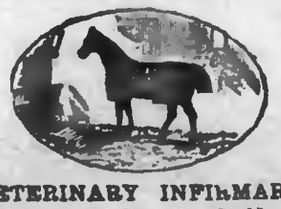
CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House.

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough



VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. d&ewtf

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Consists of Prints, Grey and White Cottons, Zephas and Ginghams, White and Colored Flannels, Shirtings, Cottonades, Table Linens, Napkins, Butcher's Linens, Silk Ginghams, Dress Goods, Silks, White Muslins, Lawns, Piques, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear, Collars and Cuffs, Laces, Ties, Casings, Blankets, Carpets, Lace and Chenile Curtains, Floor and Stair Oilcloths, Waterproof Jackets, Capes, Millinery, Velvets and Velveteens, Skirtbraids and Buttons, all of which will be offered at a

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

WATCH FOR THE DATE.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Wall Papers!

20,000 ROLLS

New Spring Stock Put in Direct from the Manufacturers.

Hundreds of handsome patterns, in all shades and combinations of color. Borders of all widths to match.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Comet (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Beltrose Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

Monday Evening, Feb. 22

AN X RAYS OF SUN DAZZLING WIT,

THE GORMANS

In a Prize-winning Study in Laughter,

"The Gilhoolys Abroad"

EVERYTHING NEW.
New Music. New Specialties.
New Costumes. New Ideas.
50—MUSICAL NUMBERS—50

Prices 50, 35 and 25 cents. Box Seats 75c. Seats now on sale. d40

Money to Loan

— AT —

4½, 5, 5½ and 6

PER CENT.

according to the character of the investment

J. GREEN, Barrister.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme, regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Hickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Impartial Verdict Given

The Legendre stock bought at 53c on the dollar is the best and cheapest in the market. New goods coming in reduced in price to put with them. Special sale of Dress Goods and Linings now going on. 3d41

Runaway.

A very exciting runaway took place on George st. the other day. A small boy who was stopped in his headlong course up street the other day explained that his master told him to run away up to E. Brown & Co's to get some of those choice groceries. The best is cheapest. We have nothing else in stock. E. Brown & Co. 304 George-st., Peterborough. d41tf

The At Home and Tea

Under the auspices of the Girls' Guild of St. Luke's church, Ashburnham, on Monday evening in the Foresters' hall, Simcoe-st., promises to be an event of more than usual attractiveness. A good programme, an excellent bill of fare and an enjoyable evening, all for 15c. Don't miss it. Tea served from 6 to 7.15. 2d42

Cashmere Gloves with Cuffs for 15 cts a pair at Turnbull's, worth 50 cts,

Furniture Away Down

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d38tf

John E Clarke

The world famous lecturer, in his two great lectures, Monday evening, Feb. 22nd, "Abraham Lincoln." Tuesday evening, Feb. 23rd, "To and Fro in London." As Dr. Robert McIntyre, of Chicago, himself said, "Here is another of those great hearted, sunny souled, silver tongued mortals, sent to cheer and hearten this old world. If any word of mine shall speed his work those who hear him have the gain." Charlotte-st., Methodist church, next Monday and Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25c., or both lectures for 40c. 1d

The Spring Blouses are coming in at Turnbull's. Pretty dark shades now in.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

The Y W C Home wish to acknowledge the following contributions for the past week: Mrs McPherson, kitchen knives and forks; Mrs Dunlop, glass and china for a table; Mrs Walsh, table linen, fancy table, mantle ornaments, mirror and screen; Miss M Brown, $2; Mr Butcher, kneading pans; Mrs Davidson, 1 chair, 1 table, 1 lamp, 1 water pitcher; Mrs W H Moore, jelly, apples and oatmeal; Members of Association, spreads for beds. We take this opportunity to thank all those who so ably assisted us with the programme at the opening of our home. Miss Botterell, of Montreal, will conduct the Bible reading in the Y W C A rooms tomorrow at 4 p m. Come and bring a friend with you.

Listowell, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise.

Yours truly,
J. A. HACKING.

An Evening of Fun

The Gormans Brothers seem to have captivated public opinion in their new departure and have renewed the fame once accorded them in the minstrel line. The play affords opportunity for the introduction of a number of songs, dances and interesting incidents. The many good features in the production are received with much applause. "The Gilhoolys Abroad." is full of mirth and as interpreted by the Gormon Brothers and the clever company with which they have surrounded themselves, will undoubtedly be greeted with crowded houses during the engagement here which is for next Monday night, Feb. 22nd, at Bradburn's opera house. Prices 25, 35 and 50c. Secure your seats early as a big house is assured. Seats on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 1d

THE NEW HOME OF THE Y.W.C.A

OPENED IN THE PRESENCE OF A LARGE ASSEMBLAGE.

Ladies Fill the New Rooms and Listen to an Inspiring Address by Miss Botterell, B. A., of Montreal, and Revs. Armitage and Potter—A Brief Programme.

The women predominated at the rate of fifty to one at last evening's opening of the new rooms and boarding house of the Young Woman's Christian Association on Brock-st. Here and there, probably in a half a dozen spots, the face of a man could be seen. It was a woman's meeting, and as such was decidedly successful and evidenced the fact that the Association has the support and sympathy, not only of the young ladies, but the leading christian women of the town. The rooms, though small, contained all the humanity they could accommodate and those that could not gain a place where the addresses could be heard, inspected the boarding house and were impressed with its brightness and cleanliness.

The meeting was presided over by Dr. Fife, and was interesting, the address of Miss Botterell, of Montreal, drawing the attention of many to the work of the Association.

Rev. Dr. Torrance offered a fervent dedicatory prayer, invoking blessing upon the Association and the work it was conducting.

Miss Botterell was first called upon to speak and her brief address caught the ears of the audience, and she enunciated the aims and work of the Association in an able manner. Though a young lady Miss Botterell is gifted with excellent speaking ability. She is a member of the world's Y W C A Executive committee, as the Canadian representative, and also holds the position of corresponding secretary of the Canadian Union. In opening her address, Miss Botterell pointed out that the aim of the Association was the extension of Christ's kingdom amongst young women, the promotion of the spiritual, intellectual, physical and social condition of young women, believing that the more intimate knowledge of one another's work will result in larger mutual sympathy, greater unity of purpose and plan and therefore in more effective action. The scope of the Association was world wide. The Y W C A had been organized with national Association, uniting in the World's Association, which belts every country in the world. The motto of the Association was "not by might nor by power, but by My spirit said the Lord of hosts." Miss Botterell emphasized the comprehensiveness of the work. It reached out to all classes, from the princess to the woman of all work. College associations had been formed and were in operation in all the colleges. During the past year one thousand persons had gathered at the summer schools for Bible study in Great Britain and the United States. In dealing with the need of the Association Miss Botterell remarked that within the last forty years three hundred and sixteen avenues for the earning of livlihood for women had opened up and now the women flocked to the large towns and cities. Home influence was required for such persons as those and the Y W C A provided the home in the boarding house and the influence in the work that was conducted. In this connection Miss Botterell congratulated the Peterborough Association on adding to its work the boarding house, which would supply to the young women a christian home. She characterized the Association the hand-maid of the church. The active members of the Associations were those who were members of the church. There were now 5,000 Associations in the world with a membership of 500,000.

Rev W L Armitage, assistant curate of St. John's, and Rev J G Potter addressed the gathering briefly, strongly eulogizing the work that the Association was carrying on amongst young women and pointed out the line of action which brought the young women into closer connection with Christ. It cheered many a heart that was sad and weary and the Association deserved the support of christian people. Rev E V Stevenson, Rev W R Young and Rev J J Rae were also present.

During the evening Mr J Crane and Mrs Dr Hunter contributed solos in a manner that called forth the commendation of the audience, while Miss Alice Roger skilfully rendered piano selections.

Miss Botterell will address the young women to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

You can buy at Turnbull's heavy 8-4 Bleached Sheeting for 17½ cts a yard.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Kingston Frontenacs feel that they can defeat the Berlin team intermediate champions on keen ice. The Berlin team express itself willing to arrange a contest.

The Wellingtons have not the championship yet. They will play another—the final—match in Toronto on Monday with Guelph and the boys from the Royal City feel confident of reducing if not overcoming the Wellington's lead.

THE LOCAL TEAM.

Queens defeated Varsity on the latter's ice where practice has been held nightly, last evening the score was 6 to 1.

Queens lost at Peterborough by 5 goals to 4.

Is this argument sufficient to quell the opposition of a certain few who have been arguing that Peterborough's senior team if they journeyed to Toronto would be walloped? It has been set forth by a few, who have as little interest in the furtherance of hockey in Peterborough as they have in Australia, that Peterborough could only win on its own ice. They claim either Varsity or Queens can defeat Peterborough on other ice. Some generous (?) supporters of the hockey club have stated that Peterborough would be defeated by Varsity on Toronto ice. Well they would have to hustle to do so. Queens was defeated at Peterborough but won easily from Varsity, what is the conclusion. The arguments of some persons evidently are inspired by personal animosity against the executive and not common sense.

The following from "The Umpire" of Saturday Night will offset some of the statements of those who offer criticism so freely of the local team:

"I journeyed to Peterborough last Thursday to see the semi-final game of the junior O. H. A. series, which resulted Wellingtons 6, Peterborough III 3. It was in many respects a first-class exhibition of hockey, the play was clean, devoid of roughness, and the following on fairly good. Both teams showed some clever combination work, but in this regard the Wellingtons were superior to Peterborough. This was to be expected, seeing the length of time the Wellington forwards have played together, while Peterborough III is practically a new team this season, and has had but little practice. The smallness of the rink, which is a mere box compared with the Caledonia, rendered it exceedingly difficult for the forwards to elude the defence. There was some good individual play on the part of the Peterborough forwards, but as a whole they did not work well together. Crossley and King are both fast men and good shots; all the Wellington forwards, and Hill in particular, played fast hockey and bothered the Peterboroug defence considerably. The latter team have a strong defence. Thorne, the cover point was quick and lifted well; Glover played a good game at point, and Dixon, the goal keeper, was cool and stopped cleverly. The Wellington defence was also strong, and Gray, at Point, besides relieving well, made several brilliant rushes up the ice. The score at half time was 2 to 1 in favor of the Wellingtons. Mr. Brown referred the game in a very efficient manner. He was quick in calling down off sides, and a certain element in the crowd, who apparently were not used to a strict referee, audibly expressed their annoyance at the frequent facing of the puck. As an offset to this, however, Mr. Kenner, the president of the Peterborough team, stated at the dinner held afterwards that it was the best referred game ever seen in Peterborough. Peterborough is certainly to be congratulated upon the creditable showing they made this year. They entered three teams in the O. H. A. and each played in the semi-finals. In all liklihod two teams that defeated Peterborough, viz., Wellingtons and Queen's University (the last won by default), will win the championship of the respective series in the O. H. A."

Particular attention should be paid to the last few sentences.

The People Are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honorable men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

COAL FOUND IN CHANDOS.

REPORT OF THE DISCOVERY OF A COAL DEPOSIT NEAR APSLEY.

A Syndicate Hunting for Gold Strikes a Bed of Coal—Peterborough's Mineral Wealth.

Information has reached town of the discovery near Apsley of what the prospectors believe is coal, and that part of the county is excited over the report.

The REVIEW's informant was a gentleman familiar with the north country and he has strong faith in the mining resources of northern Peterborough.

A syndicate has been prospecting in Chandos and Burleigh recently and have located a coal deposit within five miles of the village of Apsley, and they intend beginning operations in the spring.

The syndicate has also found a good vein of gold on Mr. George Wilson's farm in Chandos. There is not the least doubt but that the townships to the north, of rocky formation, were not placed in the world for no purpose, and in the near future their riches should be brought forth. At present it is difficult to draw capital to this section as the Rainy River and Rossland districts seem to be the magnet. But the mineral wealth of Peterborough and Hastings counties cannot lie idle for a long period. The attention of men with capital needs to be attracted to this section and a boom will follow.

Ashburnham Briefs

On Tuesday evening, March 2nd, the Boys Brigade, of Ashburnham, are to have a concert in St Luke's school room. Those who attend will hear a good programme, and will also assist the boys, who deserve every encouragement.

The Willie Mitchell concert last night was a complete success in every way. The hall was crowded and the programme excellent. The S O E band was on hand and gave two very pleasing and well executed selections. As many remarked, "every number on the programme was good."

A Fast Run.

Hardly any run made recently on the Grand Trunk will compare in time to one made last night, says the Belleville Sun, which is said to be the fastest freight run ever made between Sarnia tunnell and Brockville. The run was made by a train of the United States export stock. The total time for the whole distance was fifteen hours. The train left York at 11.30 last night in charge of Conductor S. Dunk and Engineer P. McLuckie. They arrived here at 3.30 a.m. and in a very short time the train was on the way again in charge of Conductor J. Welsh and Engineer W. Marks. They reached Brockville at 6.50 a m. The run of 203 miles from York to Brockville was made in seven hours and twenty minutes, including stoppages

Officers of the Templars.

The Royal Templars of Temperance convention have elected officers as follows:—Grand Councillor, George H Lees, Hamilton; Vice-Councillor, Mrs R C Goruline, Bloomfield; Past Grand Councillor, Rev W Kettleworth, Galt; Grand Chaplain, Rev H S Matthews, Newmarket; Grand Secretary, Dr C V Emory, Hamilton, Grand Treasurer, G M Baird, Blenheim; Grand Medical Referee, Dr Robertson, Milton; Grand Auditor, P H Stewart, Barrie; Grand Herald, C E Hurd, St. Thomas; Grand Sentinel, Joe Mills, Galt; Deputy Herald, Miss Polly Hill.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreaks and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair renewer cures it.

Personal.

Mrs. Geo. A. Cox is in town, the guest of the Misses Morrow, Weller-st.

Mr. W. E. Sherwood and Miss Sherwood left this morning for Detroit, where they will remain for some time.

Mr J I Davidson, who has been seriously ill, is improved to-day. Mr G Davidson came up from Montreal this morning.

Mr. Dawson Kennedy has been elected Grand Lecturer of the Dominion Grange, which held its annual session at Toronto yesterday.

Rev. D. G. Harrison, of Bethany, is in town. He will preach in the Mark-st. Methodist church at both services tomorrow.

Rev. Frank DuMoulin, son of the Bishop of Niagara, has accepted the Rectorship of Emmanuel church, Cleveland, Ohio. At present he is assistant rector of Trinity church, Chicago, previous to which he was curate of Holy Trinity church, Toronto. Rev. Mr. DuMoulin has officiated in town on several occasions.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In the Campbellford medal competion played at Campbellford yesterday, open to Belleville, Keene, Millbrook, Lakefield and Campbellford, all the clubs defaulted excepting Keene, the result being a win for the home team by 15 shots. As this is the third consecutive win for the Campbellford club they now own the medal. Score:

KEENE.		CAMPBELLFORD.	
Robt English		Geo Benor	
H J Cruikshank		R Lowery	
R J McCamus		J R McCrae	
M Kennely, skip	23	C Owen, skip	27
Robt Brown		R Dinwoodie	
S Mather		D H Douglas	
Wm Campbell,		Dr McCoun	
R McIntyre, skip	13	E W Gaudrie, skip	24
Total	36	Total	51

Majority for Campbellford, 15 shots.

In the LeBrun medal contest last evening Skip Ray defeated Skip R B McKee by the following score:—

W E Loch		O B Shortly	
C N Brown		J A Cameron	
J Stanger		T Counsel	
S Ray, skip	26	R B McKee, skip	12

Mr. E. B. Edwards was in Lindsay last night as umpire in the 13 point competition of the club there. Among the scores made by the Lindsay men were the following:—

S Robinson	34
G W Kennedy	33
G A Little	31
J A McMillan	31
W McLennan	29
L McIntosh	27
J McSweyne, jr	23
W H Stevens	22
H Cathbert	21
T Pratt	20
J M Knowlson	20
W J Williamson	19
M McSweyne	18
J D Flavelle	17
J McAdams	16
F Burke	16
A Mills	11

DE ZANG'S POINT

Mr Boyle was Misinformed When He Claimed it was Mizang's Point says a Writer

In the archæological report of Mr David Boyle's referred to a few days ago. Mr Boyle claims that DeZang's point should be called Mizang's point. His authority is an Indian student at Victoria College who stated that it was Mizang's Point, named after the father of the late Chief Paudash, of Hiawatha. Evidently Mr Boyle has been misinformed. "J M S writing to the REVIEW in regard to the matter says:—

"In looking over your synopsis of Mr David Boyle's last report I find that he has made a mistake or rather has been misinformed as to the proper name of DeZang's or Roach's Point in Rice Lake. The proper name is DeZang and no other. Mozang (not Mizang), Paudash point, is nearer the Indian village of Hiawatha and is called after the grand father of the present Chief Robert Paudash and is usually called Paudash Point. The report is a very interesting one in many ways."

OAK HALL.

The Fox.

Messrs M O'Brien, J B Larocque, Jack Hayes, Mitchell, Jack Shevlin and C Fagan went slooking after fox yesterday. They left town about noon, selected Ennismore as the ground to have the start and were very successful in capturing two, the lucky ones being R Larocque and J Shevlin. They will be rewarded by the farmers of that vicinity.

BIRTH.

SMITH—On Friday, Feb. 19th, 1897, the wife of Mr John H Smith, Ashburnham, of a son.

GRAHAM—In Havelock, on Friday, 12th inst, the wife of James Graham, of a daughter.

DIED

SCOTT—At Preneveau, on Friday, Feb 12, 1897, Elizabeth Scott, aged 82 years.

CROWLEY—In Havelock, on Thursday, Feb 11, 1897, Agnes Crowley, aged 75 years.

Much of life's misery is due to indigestion; for who can be happy with a pain in his stomach? As a corrective and strengthener of the alimentary organs, Ayer's Pills are invaluable, their use being always attended with marked benefit.

NEW BLACK CREPONS.

Just passed into stock a large lot of Beautiful Designs in Black Crepons —that nice rich looking material that does not retain the dust. See what we are showing before placing your order.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Hockey practice.
Granite curling night.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Stowe's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company at the opera house.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Very Newest Songs

Dreams of Long Ago, Morrey; Clang of the Forge, Rodney; Oh, Haste Dear Maid, Neyer. Dreams of Long Ago, Morrey, One third off at the old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d41tf

The Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society will be held (D.V.) in George-st. Methodist church, on Wednesday, Feb 24th, at 8 o'clock p.m. The Rev. W F Wilson, of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto, will address the meeting in the interests of the Society. This will be a treat to the citizens of Peterborough.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

COLORED SHIRTS!

Our spring line of Fancy Colored Shirts in exclusive and fetching designs are creating a popular demand.

The collarless neglige and the neglige with Collars and Cuffs on are shown in a pleasing variety of fabrics.

If desired, gentlemen can make their selections and have them laid aside subject to their order.

DANISH RED.

The new color in gentlemen's Neckwear, in Puffs, Narrow String Ties, Four-in-hand and made-up Bows.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

THE CHURCH LOOKS IMPROVED.

The George-st. Church Brightened in Appearance—Kalcomining and Paint Work the Change.

The congregation of the George-st. church to-morrow will occupy the auditorium for the first time in two Sundays, and they will find a vast improvement in the appearance of the church.

During the past three weeks the painter has been busily engaged applying his brush to the ceilings, walls, wordwork and seats, and to-day the church looks bright and cheerful and everybody will agree that the action of the trustees in deciding upon the renovation of the church was a wise move.

The circular ceilings bear a radiant color, sky blue, relieved with cream kalcomine on the ribs. Not only did the ceilings receive a coat of kalcomine, but the walls were also kalcomined in grey and blocked.

The seats and woodwork have been thoroughly cleaned and oiled and the arms newly upholstered. The gasoliers have also been painted.

Around the pulpit will be found new quartered oak chairs upholstered in crimson. The church has been completely and agreeably changed in appearance and the collections to-morrow for the repair fund should be liberal.

"Bacteria do not occur in the blood or in the tissues of a *healthy* living body, either of man or the lower animals." So says the celebrated Dr. Koch. Other doctors say that the best medicine to render the blood perfectly pure and healthy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Dr Ryerson

Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 3d46 1w8

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

Stowe's Uncle Tom's Cabin Co delighted a large audience at the opera house last evening with their presentation of the old, but popular play "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The cake walk was one of the features and pleased everybody.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

Word of Commendation.

This is an exact extract from a letter received to-day from a wholesale photographer's supply house in Toronto by Mr G E Whiten, photographer, 158 Hunter-st. "It seems to us you are giving the Peterborough photographers a pretty hard shake for the business. Somebody must be losing trade as you are handling a lot of stock and of the best quality." 2d

Patrons on Prohibition.

Now that the Grand Board of the Patrons of Industry of Ontario has submitted to the local bodies the question of making the prohibition of the liquor traffic a plank in their platform, the indications are that over 90 per cent. of the branches voting upon it will favor its adoption. This, it was officially stated yesterday, will commit the Grand Association, which assembles in Toronto, on February 23, to the immediate adoption of prohibition, as the submission of the question was not for a recommendation, but for a mandatory instruction. An element of the Patron Order will make a strong fight for what they term a board policy, and upon its adoption will depend very largely the personnel of the next executive.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCIII.

THE BASIS OF CITIZENSHIP—NO. 4.

The Rights of Man.

"The Equality of Man" and "Fraternity," the subjects of the first and second chapters of Prof. Macoun's book, were expressions which either originated or (for there is nothing new under the sun) were brought into prominence about the time of the French revolution. When we observe that the same thing is true of "The Rights of Man," we shall realize how great a period the last quarter of the 18th century was. It was the birth-time of what we call modern thought. And yet it has been followed by a century of criticism, wherein these very ideas of equality and fraternity, and liberty and rights of man have been torn to pieces and most of them have been shown to be utterly false in the form in which the enthusiast of the French revolution propounded them.

* * *

Thomas Paine, the famous author of "The age of reason," who would accept no religious doctrines that could not be plainly demonstrated to the reason, yet "accepted the rights of man, with an implicit faith which would have done credit to the orthodox believers in whose eyes, one suspects, he was not averse to play the infidel." The French Assembly declared man's natural rights to be life, liberty, pursuit of happiness, property, security, and proceeded to illustrate their faith by guillotining everybody who did not agree with them. "In the groves of their academy," said Burke, "at the end of every vista, you see nothing but the gallows."

The doctrine of "the natural rights of man" was subjected to a severe criticism by Bentham. Legal rights, says he, we know and can understand, but is there any intelligible sense in which we can be said to be endowed with rights by nature? "I have a right to be happy," says one. "Not so" is the reply, "you have a desire to be happy." The assassin pursues his happiness, or what he esteems to be such by committing an assassination. Has he a right to do so? Certain of our desires are recognised by society, and, being legally acknowledged, become rights. "Rights," concludes Bentham, "properly so called, are the creatures of law."

* * *

Bentham's conclusion is in turn criticised by Mr. Macoun, who, however, agrees with him that "the rights of man" are not self-evident, not to be laid down as Paine and the French revolution laid them down as self-evident dogmas, against which it was heresy to argue. On the other hand Mr. Macoun asserts that law does not create rights, but only recognizes them. "Real laws do not give birth to real rights. They inscribe them on the statute book; they provide machinery for their enforcement, but they do not create them.

In regard to this subject, as is the the case with all practical affairs of human life, we are guided by probabilities, and we are limited by circumstances. "Has man a natural right to a vote?" Surely that is a question dependent upon circumstances and not to be answered absolutely one way or another. We can adduce strong arguments in favor of the proposition that every man ought to have the chance of so educating himself that he shall be qualified to take an intelligent part in the government of his country, but few would agree that under all circumstances every man has an indefeasible right to a vote.

There are some things that will never be regarded as civil rights. There are others about which there is doubt, doubt which can only be removed by free discussion. There are other things about which we entertain no hesitation. "As we think of security of person, of property, of contract, of reputation, or of the inviolability of family life, or of freedom of speech and freedom of worship. We need not long cast about to find reasons why these, and such as these, may be placed in the category of things that ought to be enforced.

* * *

Although, therefore, Bentham was right in demanding that those who shouted for the rights of man should demonstrate the ground upon which they build their various claims, he was not correct in asserting that man has no natural but only legal right. "We must not," says Mr Macoun, "fail to recognize that, in its best exponents, it sprang from a right, noble root. Its theoretical insufficiency, its historic groundlessness, its dogmatic enunciation, its rash enactment, its sanguinary results, all put together must not hide the fact that there was bound up with it what is at once beginning an end of all true democracy —the conviction of the worth and dignity of the individual man." Very few people now read Tom Paine, but there is conclusive evidence that his writings influenced Burns and in a familiar poem have influenced succeeding generations. "The patriots of France," said Paine, "have discovered that rank and dignity in society must take a new ground....It must now take the substantial ground of character, instead of the chimerical ground of titles." "The artificial noble shrinks into a dwarf before the noble of nature."

So Burns sings—

A prince can make a belted knight,
A marquis, duke, and a' that;
But an honest man's aboon his might
Guid faith, he maunna fa' that.

For a' that, and a' that,
Their dignities, and a' that,
The pith o' sense, and pride o' worth,
Are higher rank than a' that.

Once more Paine's prose:—

"For what we can foresee, all Europe may form but one great republic, and man be free of the whole." What is this but a feebler version of—

For a' that, and a' that,
It's coming yet, for a' that,
That man to man, the world o'er
Shall brithers be for a' that!

BENEFIT ENTERTAINMENT.

A Large Number Attended the Entertainment for the Benefit of Blind Willie Mitchell.

Blind Willie Mitchell has many friends and they turned out in sufficient numbers to pack the Ashburnham town hall last evening. It was the occasion of a concert for the benefit of the unfortunate young man, and the committee in charge provided an excellent programme, which was deservedly praised by the audience.

Rev. W. C. Beer, pastor of the Mark-st. Methodist church, presided, and a programme consisting of selections by the Sons of England band, address by Rev J J Rae; musical selection by Miss B Rightmeyer; dialogue, Our Verse; wand drill, Marjory Rye and Aggie Collins; solo, Mr J Browne; dialogue, Aunt Martha's Ruse; solo, Mrs H Jones; kindergarten song, Hurrah for the hero; recitation, Miss Aggie Patterson; violin solo, Miss Guerin; dialogue, The May Queen; solo, Mr James Anderson; club swinging, Annie Sanders and Harriet Goodwin; instrumental, Mr H Rightmeyer; dialogue, The Sick Doll; solo, Miss Hendren; recitation, Miss Aggie Patterson; instrumental, Leila and Frank Webber; dialogue, Advertising for a Servant. To the S O E band which furnished excellent music the committee desires to express its heartiest thanks.

HEART PAINS LEAVE IN A DAY.

Unable to Attend to Her Daily Duties—And a Great Sufferer From Heart Trouble—Induced to Try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and it Proved a Wonder Worker.

These are the words of Mrs. W. T. Rundle, of Dundalk, Ont.: "I was a great sufferer with severe pain in the region of my heart. For a time I was quite unable to attend to my household duties. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and I must say the result was wonderful. The pain immediately left me, and after the first day I have had no pain or trouble since." For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

Brevities.

—To-morrow the collections at the George-st. church will be devoted to the repair fund.

—The death of Mr. Mark Fisher, father of Mrs. J. Greer, town, took place at Cobourg this week.

—Adelourde Lavigne was fined $2 and costs by the Police Magistrate this morning for furious driving.

—At Police Court this morning Mr J J Lynch, Park-st., was charged with selling cigarettes to minors. The case was enlarged until Monday.

—A Cobourg deputation will wait on the Provincial Government and urge them to purchase the old Victoria College building for a public institution.

—"Big Ed Rice," who was implicated in the Canadian express robbery at Port Hope some years ago, has been sentenced to 20 years in Sing Sing penitentiary.

—Rev. D. G. Harrison, of Bethany, will preach in Mark-st Methodist church, Ashburnham, to-morrow morning and evening. Rev. W. C. Beer will preach missionary sermons on the Bethany circuit.

—Mr. Geo D'Arcy Boulton, son of Lieut-Col Boulton, of Cobourg, has been appointed vice-president of the First National Bank, Chicago. Mr. Lyman J Gage, the new Secretary of the Treasury in McKinley's Cabinet, has been president of the bank for several years.

—Stowe's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company paraded at noon to-day and attracted a great deal of attention. This afternoon a matinee was held and the slave story was portrayed an excellent style to a crowded house. To night the company appears again.

—Mr. Chas. S. McClelland has opened a neat and well-equipped shop in the new Cox building on Water-st., No 382, where he will do all kinds of repairing in watches, clocks and jewellery. It is unnecessary to say that Mr. McClelland does nothing but the best work, and that all orders will be promptly attended to.

—A young lad from the Feagan Home, Toronto, was sent to the Protestant Home by the police on Thursday. He was on his way to Hiawatha, where he was to reside with a farmer. The latter was to meet him at the G T R station, but did not, the boy waiting from noon until six o'clock, and as a last resort visited the police station.

—The penitential season of Lent will begin this year considerably later than usual. March 3rd will be Ash Wednesday, which is later than any year since 1889. Last year Ash Wednesday fell on Feb 19—two weeks earlier than this year, and terminated with Easter Sunday, on April 4. This year Easter Sunday falls on April 18.

—Mr. J. C. Turnbull has just returned from the city where he was going through the McMaster bankrupt stock. McMaster & Co. was one of the largest and oldest wholesale houses in the trade, the stock at the time of the failure amounting to $194,000. As Mr. Turnbull is well known as one of the best experienced and keenest buyers in the trade, the public of Peterborough may expect to find such bargains as have not heretofore been offered in town, as it is not often you can secure retail wholesale bankrupt goods at wholesale bankrupt prices. These goods will be here and ready for sale by Tuesday of next week. 1d

Advertise in the REVIEW.

There's No Guesswork About Dunlop Tires

THEY ARE SURE, and can be always counted on to give genuine "Tire" satisfaction.

Skillfully made of the finest of carefully selected materials.

They are unequalled in their resilient and durable qualities.

And if a possible puncture comes any one can mend it with no other tool than their hands—quickly and easily too.

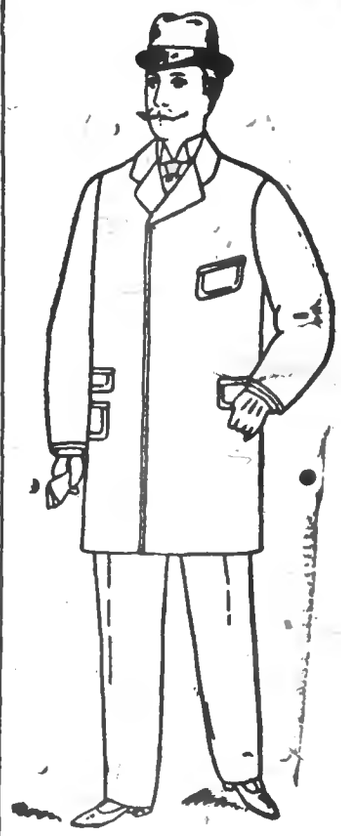
Enjoy the comfort of riding Dunlop Tires, the best tires made—you'll think so when you try them.

Fully guaranteed.

The American Dunlop Tire Company

Lombard Street, Toronto.

OAK HALL

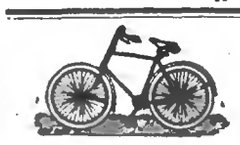


Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.



Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

"CAN'T WE GET"

EVERY READER OF THE JOURNAL TO ORDER A HALF POUND OF

"SALADA"

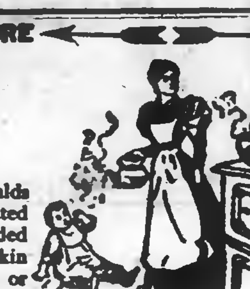
CEYLON TEA

A Tea Pot Test Will Prove how Delicious it is.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

There's many a Slip



Accidents will happen—burns and scalds are bound to occur in the best regulated family. Serious results will be avoided—pain will rapidly disappear—new skin will form in three days, if the burn or scald is promptly covered with a plaster made with

"Quickcure"

Your druggist sells it in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 White Glass Pots, with necessary lint for applying, or you can write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these...

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES....

You can rely on the quality—the best.........

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

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EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.

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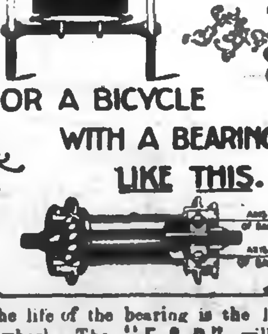

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Legal Proclivity.

A farmer's son up in the country conceived a desire to shine as a member of the legal profession and undertook a clerkship in the office of the village pettifogger at nothing a week. At the end of the first day's study the young man returned home.

"Well, Tobe, how d'yer like the law?" was the first paternal inquiry.

"Tain't what it's cracked up to be," replied Tobe. "Sorry I learnt it."—Harlem Life.

A Hint for Spring.

Mrs. Yeast—I wish I could think of something to keep my husband home at nights.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Get him a bicycle.

Mrs. Yeast—That would take him out more than ever.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Oh, no, it wouldn't! My husband got one day before yesterday, and the doctor says he won't be out for a month.—Tit-Bits.

Male Stupidity.

Mrs. Brimmer—That Mr. Stylus is the most stupid reporter I ever knew. I told him all about our club, and then playfully said: "Now, remember this ain't a new woman's club, and you mustn't say so; for it's just the exact opposite." And how do you suppose he headed his article?

Miss Sere—I can't imagine.

Mrs. Brimmer—"An Old Woman's Club."—New York Tribune.

Entitled to Discount.

Mr. Cash—Don't you think I'm paying you too much for giving my daughter piano lessons? Prof. Crochet will do it for half the money.

Mr. Knoteworthy—Oh, well, he can afford to.

Mr. Cash—Why, is he so very well fixed?

Mr. Knoteworthy—I wasn't thinking about his money affairs. He is stone deaf.—Boston Transcript.

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NEW YORK, MRS. DOWSEY, 42 W. 98th St., "I took "77" for Grippe and it cured me; one small vial."

PENTWATER, MICH., The Crescent Drug Store. "We find your "77" for Grip and Colds 'a wonder.' 'Every package more than satifies.'"

LINCOLN, NEB., O. J. WILCOX, ESQ., of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company, writes: "I have been using your "77" for Grip with such success, that I want to have your other Specifics at hand. Kindly send me Manual of Diseases.

RICHMOND, VA., JOHN MITCHELL, JR., Editor and Proprietor of the Planet: "We are much pleased with the Specifics; they act quickly and without any disagreeable results. "77" is 'electrical' in its action. A friend of mine, W. H. Ishman, 809 N. 5th St., suffering with a Cold of a year's duration, although under the treatment of a physician, was cured by "77."

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

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"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

matter, Jack thinks. Surely none of these discomfited Spanish footpads will dare follow him, but there may be others just as bad, and quite a little space remains to be traversed ere he reaches his Eden.

He keeps himself in readiness for such an emergency, but breathes a sigh of relief when, ahead, he sights the glowing plaza, and realises that in all probability his adventures of the night are over, for, although such a remarkable adept in the use of his powers as a boxer, a fencer, and a marksman, Doctor Jack Evans always feels a reluctance about turning his gifts to account against any fellow human being, however vile.

Presently he debouches from the dark calle into the plaza. It is little trouble now to find dozens of carriages when he does not want them—half an hour back he would have paid fifty dollars, or pesos, for a vehicle.

The Hotel Peninsular is not far away, being one of the best caravanseries in the city of Madrid, and consequently adjoining the throbbing heart of the city, as the ever-lively Puerto del Sol is called.

When Doctor Jack finds himself at the door of this building beyond all doubt, safe in body and limb, he again consults his faithful timepiece, and a grim smile of satisfaction wreathes his face as he sees that it still lacks two minutes to eight.

He has won against all obstacles.

"Just a breathing spell to wash my hands and brush my hair," he muses.

So he finds his way to the washroom of the hotel—he has seen better, but never mind, many hotels on the Continent have none, so he feels he has reason for congratulation.

Here he performs his ablutions, finds the skin on his knuckles a trifle scratched where it came in contact with the cranium of the first land pirate, runs a comb he takes from a pocket through his curly locks and moustache, then once more seats himself in a stuffy little parlour, dimly lighted, waiting to be shown into the presence of the girl who has already entered into his life, though he has known her but six hours instead of that many years.

CHAPTER VIII.

While he sits there waiting, Doctor Jack revolves a number of things in his mind. He goes back to the minute when he first set eyes on Avis Morton, and in a general way remembers the conversation that ensued.

Somehow or other he has a queer feeling at the prospect of seeing this girl again—he had never supposed Jack Evans would ever experience the pangs of love, but it is ever so.

Tremendous difficulties have been surmounted in his endeavour to keep the appointment on time, and the manner in which he has brushed these aside show the kind of a man he is.

Jack does not dare analyse his feelings toward Miss Morton. It has come upon him with the sudden rush of an avalanche. He calls himself a fool, but that does not mend matters a particle.

"Just as I always predicted. I said that if I ever did fall in love it would be like tumbling over a precipice head first," he mutters, with something of a woe-begone face, as though for once his iron will proves of little avail against the insidious force of the god Cupid, who has wrestled with him.

Then he looks about the stuffy little room, taking secret pleasure in the anticipation of what is before him. Time passes—the minutes seem hours to him. Why does not the messenger appear to show him up? Can Miss Morton have other callers?

His mind becomes disturbed. He springs to his feet to pace the room, and thus ease himself of the strange feeling that makes him so nervous, when he comes face to face with the object of his thoughts, who enters the room, stuffy and dimly lighted no more, Jack thinks, for she brings radiance with her.

"You are punctual, Doctor Jack," she says, holding out her hand impulsively, which he takes with an eagerness he does not disguise.

"I began to think I would be unable to be so. Visiting at the house of a friend, I was pressed to stay, and did so until I believed I had just time enough to enter my carriage and come here. Upon bidding the Don good-night I found that my stupid driver had gone away, either temporarily or for good. That gave me but one alternative. I must walk here, for I could get no vehicle, and would not return to worry my friends."

"And you did this?" she asks, with wonder. "Nothing could hire me to go through those narrow streets after nightfall. I would be in constant fear of being robbed"—something in his face catches her quick eye—"tell me, did you have an experience of this kind?"

Jack had not meant to speak of his little engagement—he is not the man to boast of his prowess—but with those eyes upon him he can not well get out of it.

"There were several cowardly sneaks who thought to down me. I foolishly took out my watch to consult the time, and I suppose they saw it. However, they failed to do me up."

"You hardly look like a man who has gone through an encounter with footpads."

"Oh! I used alittlewater in the wash-room of your hotel here. Besides, the clumsy clowns went down like a row of ten pins. It was all over in half a minute. See, there is proof of my first blow—my hand will be a trifle stiff to-morrow, but I presume the fellow who was at the other end will feel worse than that."

Avis gazes at him with kindling eyes—he looks so quiet and modest, and yet seems so capable of taking care of himself against all comers, from a mad bull to a crowd of desperate street rowdies. Heavens! what a man to protect the woman he loves against the world. This thought flashes into her mind without warning—she feels the colour mounting to her face, and fearful lest the scarlet flag of distress may be revealed to his eyes, she lets her gaze drop. By chance it rests upon his left hand—a little cry bubbles from her lips.

"Oh! Doctor Jack, you are wounded!"

He starts, and looking in the direction she points, sees a few drops of blood trickling down the back of his hand. The sight makes him angry and he takes out a handkerchief to hastily wipe the tell-tale stains away.

"I sincerely beg your pardon, Miss Morton, for appearing in your presence in this condition. Honestly, I did not know that knife had touched me. I had my overcoat on that arm. See this rent—that is where is passed through. It must have just cut me a trifle."

"But you are wounded—I am something of a nurse. Let me bind it up for you."

He would emphatically refuse, and opens his mouth to do so, but she had assumed such a pretty air of authority that somehow he feels as though he were a slave, without a will of his own. For once the stubborn man is conquered—that little 'ma Cupid has done it.

Protesting, yet obeying the mandate, he draws up the loose sleeve of his coat, and in half a minute bares his magnificent arm. It is his left, but a splendid specimen nevertheless. Jack hastily wipes the blood away. There is a cut an inch or so long, where the keen blade touched the flesh in its passage. Avis utters an exclamation of sympathy, and begins to wrap her little cobweb of a 'kerchief around it, while Jack expostulates, declaring it to be only a trifle, not worth bothering about—nevertheless he stands the ordeal like a Roman, though the touch of her cool fingers sends the blood rioting through his veins, and threatens to give him a disease that may be incurable during the rest of his natural life.

"A thousand thanks, Miss Avis. It is not every poor devil who may receive such tender treatment after being engaged in a street brawl," and he draws the coat sleeve down.

Then he remembers what is was brought him here—to what he owes the pleasure of this interview.

"You left the senorita well, I trust, Doctor Jack?" queries the girl, and he is amazed to see how easily she guesses where he has been—trust a woman for reading such simple things.

"Quite well, thank you." Jack would not continue the subject, but Avis has no intention of letting him off so easily.

"Since meeting her I have heard that the Senorita Gonzales has a wonderful voice, the most charming in Madrid it is said."

"Her voice is certainly charming," Jack is bound to admit—under the present circumstances he does so unwillingly, not that he believes otherwise, but he dislikes praising Mercedes in the presence of this girl, though some men would do just the opposite, endeavouring to arouse a spark of jealousy by going into raptures over the other.

"She sang for you, then?" quickly.

"Yes—you must hear her some day yourself." He tries to work this in, just as though it is some new operatic star he speaks of instead of a lady friend.

"You are fond of music, Doctor Jack," she pursues—strange how every one calls him thus, seldom mentioning his last name. He likes to hear it fall from her lips.

"Very."

"Perhaps you sing yourself?"

"A little—songs of the hunt, the camp-fire, or a roving life on the deep blue sea. Sometimes we may have a cosy evening together—I am sure you sing."

"I should not dare to try after your hearing such a nightingale as the senorita. How does your arm feel, doctor?"

"Exceedingly comfortable, thank you. When I get to my hotel I shall rub on a salve I have that will make it heal rapidly. Such scratches are nothing. I have had twenty worse than that at one time after a terrible tussle with a grizzly bear out in the Rockies."

"Some time you must relate your adventures to me, as Othello did to Desdemona, you remember," with a twinkle in her blue eyes.

"Yes, and I have often thought what an egotistical chap Othello must have been, telling yarns by the wholesale, himself the hero every time, until poor Desdemona believed him a veritable god. Poor thing, she discovered her mistake afterward, and that he was but an ordinary jealous mortal in spite of his wonderful heroism."

Avis burst into a clear laugh at what he says, and Jack believes it is

To be Continued.

Baby's Own Soap

IS NOT, as most soaps, made from "soap fat," the refuse of the kitchen or the abattoir.

VEGETABLE OILS supply the necessary ingredients—one of the reasons why it should be used in nurseries and for delicate skins.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

Is the Testimony of Frank S. Emerick, of Alvinston, Ont—Says South American Kidney Cure Saved His Life—It Relieves in Six Hours.

"For two years I was greatly troubled with kidney disease. I suffered intense pain, and frequently was unable to work. I doctored at intervals, but got little or no relief. I began to grow worse, and the pains were frequent and intense. About this time I saw South American Kidney Cure advertised as a speedy relief for all kidney troubles. I purchased a bottle, and it gave me wonderful relief in a few hours. I improved steadily, and after taking four bottles I am completely cured. I consider it worth its weight in gold, for it assuredly saved my life." For sale by H. S. MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

OAK HALL.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

The President's Little Joke.

When the bank directors were through with their daily work of being told that everything was all right, the president of the institution set up the cigars and then spun this yarn:

"I began as an errand boy and learned the banking business from stem to gudgeon. I had neither money nor influence on my side, but I knuckled down tight and won my way. I've seen runs on the bank and saw a Denver cashier lay out two robbers that tried to draw money with their guns; but the worst scare was after I had risen to the dignity of paying teller. Our president had a very perverted sense of humor and behind his solemn face he was often chuckling in some of the hidden recesses of his anatomy. One afternoon he called me into his private office, locked the door, had me take a seat and kept me on the rack for five minutes by not saying a word.

"At length he wanted to know, in a stage whisper, whether I knew that a large sum of money had been taken from the bank. I was thunderstruck and must have looked guilty, but managed to enter a disclaimer. "Strange," he said, "very strange. It's your business to know." Then he asked me if I drank, gambled, gave theatre parties or paid attention to more than one girl at a time. I was getting pretty warm when I heard a smothered rumble that became louder and louder. It was the old man's laugh working its way to the surface. Then he took me by the hand, patted me on the head as he did when I was a messenger, and told me that I was to be the cashier, at a handsome increase of salary. Judders, who then held the position, was going to retire at his own request. That "big money" had been taken by a heavy depositor to pay for a silver mine."

The Place to Pad.

Tailor (to mother who is having suit made for her boy)—Do you want the shoulders padded?

Little Boy—No, mamma, tell him to pad the pants.

ONE OF THOUSANDS

"I was a martyr to Sick and Nervous Headaches, caused by Constipation, unfit for business on an average 2 days a week."

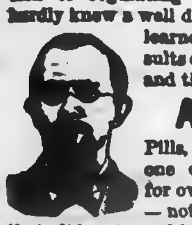
"Some pills helped me, but Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 20 cts. a vial cured me."

"This is my own testimony and it's a fact. Now I never lose an hour or miss a meal."

This is the written testimony of a well-known Toronto journalist—you can have his name if you want it. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, at all druggists, 40 in a vial, 20 cents. Sold by H. S. McDonald.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

MR. H. WETTSTEIN, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of



AYER'S

Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897.

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Felix Brownscomb e, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. L. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum. Jas. Graham and J. White.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.58 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

WILL CARRY THE SCARS TO HER GRAVE.

Spent Thousands for Health, but Did not Obtain this Greatest of all Blessings Until She Used the Great South American Rheumatic Cure—Suffered Intensely for 12 Years.

Mrs. F. Brawley, of Tottenham, Ont., states:—"I suffered almost continually for 12 years with rheumatism, the effects of which I will carry to my grave, and while the joints at my elbows and wrists are yet stiff, I am entirely freed from pain in the use of South American Rheumatic Cure. It has indeed proved a wonderful cure in my case. I have spent thousands of dollars in doctors' bills and medicines without avail. Five bottles of this wonder-worker has cured all pain. I am better in health generally than I have been for ten years." For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

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AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

WHAT IS IT TO BE?

Tragedy or Comedy, Melodrama or Farce?

Have the Powers Put Their Heads Together to Deliver Crete Over to Greece?—Lord Salisbury and Others May Be Shamming, But the German Emperor is Terribly in Earnest—Feels Insulted at the Defiance of Greece—The Only Serious Danger is a Disagreement of the Powers.

New York, Feb. 19.—Mr. H. R. Chamberlain cables from London to The Sun: It is still impossible to say positively whether the great drama, which the nations are playing in the East is tragedy or comedy, melodrama or farce. The number of persons who believe it is the latter is increasing. The question then arises, for whose benefit is the farce being played, and none of the answers are wholly satisfactory.

The commonest suggestion is that the powers, or certain of them have taken this means to deliver over Crete to Greece, in order to avoid an anti-Christian uprising among the Moslems generally, which might be excited by the powers openly despoiling the Sultan of the island. Lord Salisbury and one or two others of the actors in the piece may be playing with their tongues in their cheeks, but the German Emperor is not. He is terribly in earnest. He feels his dignity insulted by the defiance which little Greece flung back in reply to the protest of the powers, and he is stalking from one embassy to another in Berlin, seeking consent to a blockade of the Greek ports.

There is no likelihood that any such step will be taken. On the contrary, it is strongly probable that Greece will secure undisputed possession of Crete when the matter is finally settled. It is impossible to name any definite authority for this view. It is simply the impression created by a great variety of information from the East and from European capitals. It is the idea now generally held in diplomatic circles. It is the confident belief, and here I do speak with authority, of the Greek Government.

But the great mystery is what the Turk will do. It is persistently reported to-day that two or three battalions of Turkish troops, bound for Crete, have already left the Dardanelles. It is doubtful if this will prove true. Such a move would quickly precipitate open war, for there is no doubt that the Greek fleet would attack the troopships if necessary to prevent the landing of Turkish troops. Nobody now believes that the foreign fleet would protect the Turk under such circumstances. Certainly no British ship would dare to fire a shot. A British broadside fire by Lord Salisbury's consent against the Greek flag at the present moment would cause the most ignominious downfall any British Ministry ever suffered. Lord Salisbury has learned something of the British temper in this matter during the past few days, and he knows now, if he did not before, that his own party would not tolerate for a moment the burning of British powder in defence of the Turkish flag.

The position and policy of Greece are therefore much stronger than appears. Public opinion in France and Italy also is now virtually unanimous in support of King George and his subjects. It is impossible to believe that Russia with the strong ties of relationship between the two royal houses, will seriously embarrass or humiliate Greece. All Europe is puzzled to-day by the telegram of sympathy and support reported to have been sent to King George by the Dowager Empress of Russia. Few believe that this message is genuine, but if it is it means much. There is another point of great significance. It is no longer possible to deny that Russia has been energetically preparing for war for more than a month past. In fact, this is virtually admitted in St. Petersburg, and the news censor there yesterday permitted a despatch plainly asserting this fact to be telegraphed to the London newspapers. This by no means implies that war is imminent. It signifies simply that Russia, having agreed to join in coercive measures against the Sultan, which at best, involves serious danger to the peace of Europe, wishes to be prepared for all contingencies.

It is admitted on all hands that the present deadlock in Crete between Greece and the powers cannot continue many days. It is folly to attempt to prophesy which way events will turn. The best thing that can be said is that there is still no indication of any disagreement between the powers, and no other eventuality need seriously alarm the world outside of the East itself.

CARRIED BOTH BYLAWS.

Owen Sound Decides to Have the Big Elevator and Extension of the Waterworks.

Owen Sound, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—To-day the bylaw granting a bonus of $40,000 to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, was voted on and carried by the large majority of 617. A bylaw for the appropriation of $9000 for the extension of the waterworks system, so as to take in residents on the hills, was also carried. It has been a lively day here, the supporters of the bylaws exerting themselves to the utmost to ensure their sanction by the ratepayers. Almost every available vote was polled. The $40,000 bylaw was the most important, and, of course, the chief interest centred in it. It provides for the erection here by the railway company of a grain elevator of 800,000 bushels capacity, the building of flour sheds to hold 20,000 barrels of flour, and the enlargement and extension generally of the shipping facilities here. The work is to be commenced at once, so as to be completed by the first of October, in time to accommodate the heavy fall traffic, and will necessitate an expenditure of upwards of $125,000. General Superintendent Leonard, Assistant Superintendent Williams and other officials of the company are in town making arrangements for the commencement of the work.

Canadians are Generous.

Montreal, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The Famine Fund at The Star office turned $5,000 this evening, averaging $1700 a day for 20 days.

Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Cured for Thirty-five Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Barbers' Itch, Ulcers, blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors; 35 cents. For sale by H. S MacDonald.

THE BROWN FAMILY.

They Are a Stylish Lot.

The Brown family owning allegiance to the Diamond Dyes are the delight of thousands everywhere. They are fashionable and becoming colors for young and old, and so fast and durable are the shades that soap, washing and sun will not fade them.

Fast Seal Brown Diamond Dye gives that very rich, dark color so much admired, or will produce beautiful Milan or Red Browns. From Fast Dark Brown Diamond Dye the home dyer gets that magnificent brown that French dyers prize so highly; an Amber Brown, very stylish, can be made from the same dye. From Fast Brown Diamond Dye you may have the full, Medium Brown, or Gold and Olive Browns.

One trial of Fast Diamond Dye Browns will convince you of their superior qualities and richness. Beware of imitation dyes; see that what you buy are marked "Diamond Dyes."

RHODES AGAIN TESTIFIES.

The Transvaal Trouble Further Investigated in London.

London, Feb. 19.—The South African committee, appointed by the House of Commons, to enquire into the troubles in the Transvaal, and particularly into the raid made by Dr. Jameson and his followers into the Boer territory, resumed its sittings in Westminster Hall to-day, after a two-days' recess. The hall was crowded with distinguished spectators. Mr. Cecil Rhodes, formerly Premier of the Cape Colony, who was under examination by the committee at the time of the adjournment on Tuesday, was again called to the witness stand. Mr. Rhodes was examined as to the cypher despatches which passed between numerous capitalists of the South African States and others prior to the Jameson raid, and were later entered as evidence at the trial of the members of the Johannesburg Reform Committee at Pretoria.

In the course of the examination of Mr. Rhodes the chairman of the committee referred to the British High Commissioner, Sir Hercules Robinson, (now Lord Rosemead). Mr. Rhodes said that he had advised the Commissioner that if any rising should occur he (the Commissioner) would better mediate between the revolting party and President Kruger, with the object of securing to the people their civil rights. Witness had gathered from what the Commissioner said that he intended to act as mediator, in accordance with his suggestion, and therefore gave his personal pledge to the people of Johannesburg that the Commissioner would go to that place if an insurrection should take place. Mr. Rhodes admitted in answer to a direct question that he had not told the High Commissioner that he was actively engaged in promoting an insurrection. The object of the rising, Mr. Rhodes said, was to obtain a plebiscite to ascertain whether the people were in favor of a union of the whole of South Africa, or whether the administration of local affairs should be left to the Transvaal Government. Mr. Rhodes added: "You may be sure that I was not going to risk my position by changing President Krugr for President Rhodes."

Keeping the Pledge.

A Sharpsburg man who has been drinking too much liquor for his own good was induced to sign the pledge the other day. His wife was delighted. She took the document and said: "You must let me have it. I will keep it for you."

So the paper was confided to her custody. On the next day the man was drinking again as freely as before.

"How is this?" asked a friend. "You signed the pledge yesterday and now you are guzzling whisky again!"

"It's all right," replied the pledge signer, in unsteady tones. "I don't have to keep that pledge. My wife says she'll keep it for me. That's the kind of a wife to have, old fellow. Let's take a drink."

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand is inactive, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7, and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The local wheat market is dull with fair offerings and the demand restricted. Holders, however, are encouraged by higher prices in Liverpool and Chicago. Red winter is nominal at 74c, and white at 75c, outside. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 90c, Toronto freight, and at 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard is quoted at 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 sold at 27c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is firmer, with sales of white at 18c west, and mixed is quoted at 17c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c north and west, and at 40c on Midland.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 34c, east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts of live stock at the western market to-day was heavy, there being 90 car loads. There was a fairly good sale for cattle, and prices are well sustained, considering the large offerings. Sales of choice exporters at 3¾c to 4c per lb. and good cattle at 3½c. Stockers are quoted at 2¼c to 3c per lb. Bulls bring 2¾c to 3¼c per lb., according to quality. Butchers' cattle steady for best qualities, which sold at 3¼c to 3½c per lb., the latter for fancy; good to medium at 2¼c to 2¾c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 2¾c to 3c per lb., and butchers' at 2¼c to 2½c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4½c to 4¾c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at 4⅝c per lb., weighed off cars; thick fats at 3⅝c, light-weights at 4c to 4¼c, sows at 3c to 3¼c, and stags at 2c to 2¼c per lb. Offerings were 1200 head.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 19.—Spring wheat, 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 24s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage steady. English country markets easy. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Wheat futures steady at 6s 3½d for March, 6s 3d for May and 6s 4½d for July. Maize steady at 2s 7½d for March, 2s 9½d for May and 2s 9½d for July.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures firm at 6s 3½d for March, 6s 4½d for May and 6s 4d for July. Maize steady at 2s 7½d for March, 2s 9½d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 29s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet and steady. Maize on passage firm.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 78	to	0 80
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 34
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 33	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 40
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Invalids Raised from Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered. Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c.

Markdale—Geo. Crowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveller, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Lucan—Wm. Branton, gardener, pin worms; all gone. Chase's Pills.

L'Amable—Peter Van Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gower Point—Robson Bartard, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching piles; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with rheumatism and suffering from diabetes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills. 25c.

Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject of perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers. Toronto.

BRISTOL'S BRISTOL'S BRISTOL'S

Sarsaparilla

and

SUGAR COATED **PILLS**

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McComber & Son, Bouchette, Que.

report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist, 528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes:

"As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Sole Proprietors MONTREAL

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

SHUTTING DOWN — ON — LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter st., one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 130 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
R. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts., over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. B. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clurton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st., Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.

SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. M. ROGER J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT

ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Motherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER

ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 20th, and on the second Saturday of every month.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 21.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 368 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yd&w

ANOTHER DECISIVE MARK-DOWN IN FURS

FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS WE ARE GOING TO MAKE FURS SELL, IF PRICES CAN DO IT.

It is clean-up and clear-out time, to prepare the way for the change in our business and the change in the season. These are the last of this season's reductions. It means a loss to us as the furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost; it is your turn to save what we are willing to loose—So call and secure a bargain. Fully One-third less than former prices:—

COON COATS worth $45, Cost $35, now. $30.00
GREENLAND SEAL CAPES worth $30, cost $22, now 18.00
FUR LINED CLOAKS, (ripple), worth $30, cost $22, now . . . 18.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles', worth $40, cost $31, now $28.00
ASTRACHAN JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $35, cost $26, now 23.00
COON JACKETS 'latest styles,' worth $45, cost $35, now. . . . 32 50
GREY LAMB JACKETS 'latest styles,' choice quality, now $35.00

And so on through our large and well assorted stock. All accounts due the firm must be settled at once.

FAIRWEATHER & CO. MANUFACTURING FURRIERS, Peterborough, Toronto and Lindsay

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 20 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1897

A VETERAN'S STORY.

At Eighty Years of Age One Box of Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Power Cures a Case of Fifty Years Standing—It Relieves Colds and Catarrh in Thirty Minutes.

George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa., writes: "I am eighty years of age. I have been troubled with catarrh for fifty years, and in my time have used a great many catarrh cures, but never had any relief until I used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One box cured me completely, and it gives me great pleasure to recommend it to all suffering from this malady." For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

A Railway Rumor.

The Lindsay Post says:—"Among railway men there is a general impression that the trip of Superintendent Tiffin and fellow officials over the Victoria line presages an arrangement with Mr Pusey, of the I B & O R R, whereby the Grand Trunk will take over and operate the line. The feeling is strengthened by the fact that Mr Pusey happened to be on the ground at the time of their visit, and returned with Mr. Tiffin and party to Lindsay. Shippers and settlers along the line of the I B & O R R could hear no news that would be more welcome."

"Well, Johnny, I suppose you want to be an Indian fighter when you grow up?"
"Naw."
"Want to be a bold buccaneer, eh."
"Naw."
"A highwayman?"
"Naw."
"Pirate?"
"Naw."
"Well, what is your ambition?"
"Wanter be a trust."
"A trust? Why?"
"'Cause pa says there ain't nothin' worse 'n a trust."—New York Truth.

Strategy Mixed With Gallantry.

When a lady is sitting to a Parisian photographer for a portrait, the operator does not, in a perfunctory manner, coldly request her to "Look pleasant now, if you please!" He says to her, in the most natural and graceful manner in the world: "It is quite unnecessary to ask madam to look pleasant; she could not look otherwise." The lady, of course, acknowledges the compliment with her most gracious and high-bred smile. "Click!" goes the camera, and the picture is obtained revealing the sitter to the greatest advantage.—Tit-Bits.

Complying With Orders.

Full of wrath the commission merchant wrote to the country dealer in the following sarcastic style:

"Dear Sir,—The lost consignment of butter you sent me was good and strong, but the axle-grease maker I sold it to complained that it was a little too fresh. If you have about 50 or 75 pounds of butter strong enough to walk you may ship it to me at once."

And the country dealer sent him an old goat.—Chicago Tribune.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Special collections in aid of the repair fund. Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, Feb. 21st. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor, Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. Sexagesima Sunday. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—Messrs W Hinchliffe, R H Kelly, J Mulholland and W Roberts. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, Feb. 21st. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, cottage prayer meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. — Sexagesima Sunday. 8.30 a. m., celebration of Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p.m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

A mirror could not lie if it wanted to. The glass has nothing to gain by flattery. If the roses of health and plumpness of beauty are leaving your face, your mirror will tell you so. Health is the greatest beautifier in the world. When a woman sees the indications of ill-health in the face, she may with almost absolute certainty look for the cause in one or both of two conditions—constipation and derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure permanently and positively any so-called "female complaint." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure constipation. There is no reason in the world why a woman should not be perfectly healthy. She will gain in health, strength and flesh. Hollows and angles will give place to fullness and grace. She will be that noblest and most beautiful of all creation—a perfect woman.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Tinted Covers for 35 Cents at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st.

Heavy Navy Eastmac Serge, 48 inches wide at 45 cts a yard at Turnbull's, usually 75 cts.

People buy Hood's Sarsaparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now.

A Good Moral From a Short Story.

A Reliable G. T. R. Engineer.

How He Saved Himself.

Used Paine's Celery Compound.

He Is Now Regularly and Steadily at Work.

Engineer R G Morris, of the Grand Trunk Railway, resides in Brockville, Ont. No other engineer working for the great railway corporation is better known or has a more favorable record for skill, care and attention to duty.

Mr Morris had two foes that contributed to make his life miserable—foes that at times even threatened his life. These enemies were neuralgia in the head and chronic dyspepsia.

Failing with doctors, advertised medicines, and electrical appliances, he wisely decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a thorough testing. After the use of a few bottles of earth's best and purest medicine he found himself a well and cured man. Mr Morris, with a strong desire to benefit others, writes as follows:

"Having suffered with neuralgia in the head for two years, I tested the skill of doctors and made use of many kinds of medicines as well the electric battery, but got no relief from any of these sources. I decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial, as I noticed by the press that it was highly recommended for my troubles. I used several bottles, and it cured the neuralgia as well as the dyspepsia from which I suffered.

"Now I am able to work all winter. In the past I had to lay off several months in the cold weather. I am happy to say the neuralgia has not troubled me for over a year. I recommend Paine's Celery Compound to any one suffering as I did with terrible neuralgia and dyspepsia. I trust you will insert this letter in the press so that others may be benefitted.

Cooking Without Eggs.

At this season of the year, when eggs are a scarcity, it becomes the study of the housewife how to use as few as possible in cooking, and convert as many as is practicable into cash. She thus finds that it is less imperative than she had supposed that pies and puddings should contain the exact number of eggs called for in the recipe. Cookies may be made absolutely without eggs by using brown sugar instead of white. If granulated white sugar is used without eggs the cookies come out of the oven heavy, but if brown is used the cookies are as light as it is possible to make with eggs. Perhaps the difference is due to the fact that brown sugar is of finer grain than white. Pumpkin pies can be made as well without eggs as with them by adding a little more pumpkin.—Farm and Home.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

SOME LATE NEW THINGS.

Pneumatic car fenders have recently been patented, consisting of a number of elastic tubes set in metal frames shaped like ordinary fenders.

A handy little coin package is made of metal and is fitted with a sliding section around the barrel portion, which can be closed and fastened with a loop when the package is full.

A new folding table has a drawer set in the under portion of the table top in such a manner that it cannot be removed when the legs are folded up, the legs covering the front of the drawer.

An adjustable handle for carrying traveling bags is arranged so that it can be fastened to either side of the bag by riveting a pair of brackets in which the ends of the handle lock to each side of the bag, thus allowing the bag to be carried either flat or edgewise as desired.

Economy of the Metric System.

Great Britain and the United States will soon be forced to adopt the metric system of weights and measures. The consuls of these two countries agree in reporting that the foreign trade of each would be greatly benefited by the adoption of that system. All European nations with the exception of Great Britain and Russia use the metric system, which, by practical experience, extending over many years, has been found to be vastly superior to the cumbersome tables of British weights and measures. A committee of the British House of Commons investigated the merits of the new system last year. The testimony given before the committee was so convincingly in favor of the reform that it is very likely England will soon follow the example of the continental countries. The House of Commons Committee asserted that the adoption of the metric system would save one year's schooling of all the children in the United Kingdom, and houses engaged in foreign trade testified that its adoption would enable them to get on with fewer clerks. If we introduced the metric system into Canada and adopted phonetic spelling our public school education would be simplified by 50 per cent. One-third of the time spent by children in primary education could be saved, and our educational machinery would be at least 25 per cent. less expensive to operate. These simple reforms would mean the saving of a great many thousands of dollars annually to the people of this city. The republics of Central and South America all use the metric system. Its adoption by Canada would help our merchants in securing the trade they are now trying to cultivate with these countries.—Toronto World.

Sir Casimir Gzowski.

The administrator of the Province of Ontario during the absence and illness of His Honor G. E. Kirkpatrick, the Lieutenant-Governor. Sir Casimir Gzowski, is a gentleman who is universally esteemed by men of all parties and classes.

Canada's Bisley Commandant.

Major Mason.

Major Mason of the Thirteenth Battalion, Hamilton, Ont., is named as the commandant of this year's Bisley team from Canada. He is a good shot, a good fellow, and one who is thoroughly respected by his brother officers. Despite the major's clerical features and air of peace, he is a good soldier. Major Mason is a brother of the Masonic fraternity and of high degree.

The Speed of Blood.

It has been calculated that, assuming the heart beats 69 times a minute at ordinary heart pressure, the blood goes at the rate of 770 yards in a minute, or seven miles an hour, 168 miles a day, and 61,360 miles a year.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,658	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,822
Dominion Life	575,500	272,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

AT THE REVIEW BOOKSTORE.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 44 PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BOMBARDING CANEA.

Plucky Little Greece Had to Haul Down Her Flag.

Notwithstanding Orders From the Admirals, the Insurgents Began an Attack on the Canean Forts, and the Fleet of the Powers Took Action — British Gunboat Said to Have Fired the First Shot—Great Indignation Among the Greeks — Moslems Correspondingly Jubilant—The Fall of Fort Vouhouilis.

Canea, Feb. 21.—The admirals commanding the foreign fleets here yesterday visited Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation at his camp at Aghia. What transpired there has not been made public, but upon the return of the admirals they invited the commanders of the Greek warship Navarchos Miaoul's to visit them. The invitation was accepted, and when the commander met the admirals he was informed that an attack would be made upon the Greek troops and the Greek warship if Col. Vassos advanced into the interior.

Subsequent to the interview, the commander, accompanied by Rear Admiral Harris, commanding the British fleet, proceeded to the camp of Col. Vassos, who was informed as to the decision that had been arrived at by the commanding officers of the foreign fleets.

This morning the insurgents in the vicinity of Canea began firing on the town, despite the warnings that had been given. The firing continued for some time, whereupon the admirals of the foreign fleets ordered their vessels cleared for action, and soon the guns of the fleet were throwing shells into the insurgents' camp. A British cruiser was the first of the warships to open fire, vessels of the other nations following in succession. Forty shells were fired.

The forts fired blank cartridges at the Greek despatch boat Feineios, which had exchanged shots with a Turkish frigate. After shots had been fired by both vessels the frigate withdrew.

The German warship Kaiserin Augusta has arrived here and landed marines, who will share in the foreign occupation of the town.

Later—It has been learned that the ultimatum of the admirals to Col. Vassos was against his attacking Canea. It apparently did not forbid him from marching into the interior of the island, where Col. Vassos purposes to occupy several strategic points. One report states that the ultimatum declared that if the Greek troops or the insurgents approached any nearer to Canea than they were, the fleets would shell them, but if they were quiet they would be permitted to land food. Col. Vassos replied that he did not intend to attack Canea or the flags of the powers. He would remain on the defensive unless he was attacked.

Notwithstanding this assurance, fighting took place to-day on the hills to the east of the town. The combatants, who were Cretan Christians and Mussulmans only, were in plain view from the ships in the harbor. The reply of the Mussulmans to the fire of the Christians was very feeble, and it could easily be seen that they would be compelled to abandon their position if the Christians pressed them. Their gun practice was so very poor that it excited ridicule on board the ships.

The main position of the Christians was in a hamlet on the ridge of the hills where they had hoisted the flag of Greece. This position was about 4000 yards from the war ships.

At 4.30 o'clock the flagship displayed signals for the Dryad, Harrier and Revenge, and one vessel each of the Italian, German and Russian squadrons to open fire on the Cretan position. The order was quickly complied with. The British vessels fired 40 shells, and the other vessels about 30. The aim of the gunners was very good, and it was soon seen that the position of the insurgents was becoming untenable. In about ten minutes the Greek flag was hauled down and as soon as it disappeared the order "Cease firing" was given, and the guns of the fleet immediately became silent. Thereupon the flag was again hoisted on its staff. The rocks in the vicinity were crowded with Cretans. The Mussulmans, encouraged and emboldened by the assistance that had been given to them by the fleets of Christian Europe, now began a lively fusillade on the Cretans, who were engaged in removing their wounded. The Christians were evidently dispirited by the action of the fleets and made no attempt to return the fire.

The action of the foreign war ships has caused the deepest indignation here, and the supporters of the Sultan are bitterly denounced on all sides. It is declared that the powers, in upholding the Moslem rule by force of arms, have made a melancholy and degrading spectacle that Greece will never forget.

DETAILS OF THE FIGHTING.

Which Resulted in the Abandonment of Fort Vouhouilis.

London, Feb. 21.—The Daily News correspondent at Canea telegraphs a detailed account of the fighting at, and the abandonment of Fort Vouhouilis, which the Christians subsequently blew up with dynamite. The Moslems lost 50 killed in the fighting.

After the main body of Greek troops had returned to Platania from Vouhouilis, news arrived that 500 Turks and 300 Bashi Bazouks were attempting to advance from Canea, and that they were held in check in a defile by a force of 200 Cretans. Col. Vassos sent a battalion of infantry and a company of Chasseurs to assist the Cretans. The country was difficult to traverse, being heavily wooded, but the Greeks managed to get through.

The Turks, when they learned of the approach of reinforcements, took positions on the heights, and for three hours made a desperate defence. The Greek troops were all young men who had never seen service, but they fought with admirable courage. They drove the Turks from one position to another, and captured the towers of Ayas and Monkundra and the barracks at Livadia, which they burned.

The Moslems retreated, taking with them three cannons. The Greeks pursued them to within a mile of Canea, and then retired to Platania. The Turkish loss is unknown, but numbers of wounded were taken into Canea.

The Greeks suffered severely. Three officers were killed and one officer was severely wounded. The Athenian students' corps fought beside the troops.

King George Going to Crete.

Berlin, Feb. 21.—The Lokal Anzeiger has a despatch from Copenhagen saying that King George of Greece has telegraphed to his father, the King of Denmark, that he is going to Crete to command in person the Greek troops there.

Riot in Constantinople.

Constantinople, Feb. 21.—The Cretan troubles led to a serious fight here to-day between a number of Greek and Turkish porters. Knives were freely used, and some of the combatants were dangerously wounded. All those who took part in the fight were arrested.

British Escorting Turk.

Athens, Feb. 21.—It is reported here that a Turkish transport, escorted by a British torpedo boat, is conveying 1500 soldiers to Herkalion and Canea.

WILL LAND GUNS.

The Powers Will Compel Greece to Abandon Her Plans.

London, Feb. 21.—The Times has a despatch from Canea saying that the admirals of the several fleets there have decided to land guns to defend the town in the event of the Greek troops or the insurgents advancing.

The despatch adds that wounded Moslems in the hospital declare that the victims of the Sarakimos massacre were offered a safe conduct to Selino, where they would be exchanged for hostages. The offer was accepted, but on the march to Selino the Christian escort and other Christians attacked and massacred them. It is further said that it is believed that the report of the massacre of 2000 Mussulmans at Sitia is greatly exaggerated.

The Berlin correspondent of The Times telegraphs that there is reason to believe that the powers have given in various degrees provisional approval of the German proposal to blockade the Greek ports in order to compel Greece to obey the orders of the powers relative to Crete. The adoption of the German proposal in some form, if Greece remains recalcitrant, is becoming increasingly probable.

SPICER WAS A CANADIAN.

The North Dakota Victim Once Lived Near Toronto and Married an Ontario Woman.

Quebec, Feb. 20.—The news of the terrible tragedy which occurred near Winona, North Dakota on the 18th, in which five persons were brutally murdered, created quite a sensation here, as a brother of John and Thomas Spicer has lived here for the last five years. Richard Spicer, a horse shoer and a trooper in the Royal Canadian Artillery, Mounted Division, was seen this evening at the barracks. Spicer said that Rev. Thomas Spicer was born in England, and came over to this country at the age of 3 years, and settled in Ontario, near Toronto. He was taught the trade of blacksmith, his father's trade, and subsequently married Miss Waldron of Everton, Ont. He then settled in Dundalk, Ont. Five years ago Thomas Spicer went to North Dakota and opened a blacksmith shop near Winona. He then changed his mind and sold the shop to his elder brother, John, who was already established there. He then bought a farm and became a local Methodist preacher. Hence the prefix "Rev." John Spicer, the father of the Winona victim, is a resident at a country place in Ontario, and the address is as follows: "John Spicer, Robb P. O., Ont."

Richard Spicer says that news from his Dakota folks had been rare of late, and that he had an intention of wiring for news, when he read of the terrible tragedy in the papers. He has wired to the Chief of Police of Bismarck, N. D., for more particulars.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Little Notes Culled From the Despatches and Put Into Short Shape to Save Space.

The United States Senate on Saturday passed a resolution encouraging the Cretans in their fight against Turkish misrule.

A despatch from Paris says that Steinitz, the chess player, has died at Dr. Moroseff's Institute in Moscow, to which he was recently taken after losing his mental balance.

The new White Star liner, Oceanic, in course of construction at Belfast, will be 704 feet long and her tonnage will be 17,000 gross. She will be capable of running 23,400 knots without re-coaling.

The Legislature of Missouri has repealed the vagrancy law, which permitted persons convicted of vagrancy to be sold by the sheriffs of the different counties from a block as were negroes in times of slavery.

Rev. A. M. Beebee, D.D., Professor of Homiletics at Colgate University, died at his home in Hamilton, N. Y., Saturday night. He was 77 years old, and became a member of the university of faculty in 1850.

The Pope yesterday received a large number of distinguished personages, who visited His Holiness for the purpose of congratulating him upon the nineteenth anniversary of his succession to the throne of St. Peter.

The Reading Iron Company of Reading, Pa., has posted a notice of a reduction in wages to take effect on March 1. About 2500 men are affected. The amount of reduction is not stated. Severe competition is given as the reason for the cut.

SHOT BY A MONSTER

J. P. Shaw of Emsdale Killed by James Fry.

All Over a Dispute About Pulp Wood, When the Assassin Deliberately Went to Where His Victim Was Working and Fired Three Times—All Shots Took Effect—Fry is a Desperado, Who Says He Will Never Be Taken a Prisoner Alive.

Emsdale, Ont., Feb. 20.—Word was received to-day of the murder of J. P. Shaw, a prominent citizen of this place, about 16 miles east of here. Deceased had trouble with a man by the name of Fry over tan-bark and was shot dead by him at Ravensworth, a flag station on the O. A. & P. S. Railway, where the tan-bark was being loaded.

Fry has so far resisted all attempts at arrest and maintains that he will not be taken alive.

Coroner Dr. Barber is proceeding to the scene of the tragedy. The wildest excitement prevails in this village.

Details of the Tragedy.

Emsdale, Feb. 21.—News is continually arriving in town about the shooting tragedy east of here, and as piece by piece the tale is made complete, people are induced to classify the shooting of J. P. Shaw as being among the most cold blooded and dastardly murders ever committed. That the crime was premeditated is seen from the fact that on the evening previous to the tragedy, when a dispute arose between deceased and James Fry, the latter significantly remarked that he would settle it without resorting to law. On the following morning, Feb. 20, he proceeded to the woods where Mr. Shaw was at work, and found him alone cutting roads to the pulp wood piles. No one was present to see the first shot fired, but apparently deceased was facing his murderer and received the first shot from a 32-calibre revolver in the breast. He turned to escape, when he was again shot in the side. Still keeping his feet, he made a dash to get behind a tree, and catching hold of it was carried on by the force of the effort he had put forth and in swinging completely around it, was shot by his ruthless assassin in the face, causing instant death.

Four of Mr. Shaw's men, hearing shooting, arrived on the scene in time to see him fall. The murderer, having completed his work, coolly walked away and no one knowing the desperate character of the man, cared to interfere with him. He remarked to some whom he met east he had settled with Shaw and the pulp wood. Throwing the empty shells out of his revolver as he went along, he reloaded it and betook himself to his house, where he has so far defied all attempts at arrest.

Serious trouble is anticipated at his capture, as he is well known to be a desperate character, having served in the Texas Rangers and gone through the American Civil War, and he is a crack shot, and places no value on a human life. He has spent about 17 years hunting and trapping in the woods east of here, and knows about every acre of the forest wilderness between here and Ottawa River. Should he once escape into the woods and his trail become covered by snow he could easily elude pursuit. Occasionally, he used to come into Emsdale armed with revolvers and knives, and the restless glitter of his eye betokens him to be a man of more than usual energy.

James Fry answers to the following description. About 64 years of age, six feet in height, slightly stooped, iron-grey whiskers, dark eyes, one slightly closed, no front teeth and usually wears a Cardigan jacket.

The victim of the murder was left lying where he had fallen until the arrival of the Coroner, Dr. Barber, of this place, when his body was brought to town. Deceased is well known in this vicinity, and he and his wife were much respected. He came to Emsdale about seven years ago, and for some time was a successful merchant. Getting into business difficulties, he disposed of his store and has since been dealing in timber produce. Formerly he had been a school teacher and was hardly in the prime of life, being about 36 years old, and carried life insurance to the amount of $3000, one thousand in the I.O.F. and two thousand in the K.O.T.M. He leaves a wife and three small children to mourn his loss.

The sad news was last night sent to his brother, H. P. Shaw, manager of the Trans-Atlantic Transportation Company, Vancouver, B.C., and Duncan Shaw, of Sunnidale Township, in the vicinity of Stayner, Ont.

The Coroner's inquest was commenced late last night, but was adjourned until Monday evening at 7 o'clock, sufficient evidence being taken to warrant the removal of the body.

NIAGARA FALLS POWER

Mr. Hardy's Commissioners Looking Over the Ground—Extension Likely to be Granted.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 20.—J. W. Langmuir of Toronto, B. B. Charlton of Hamilton and George Wilkes of Brantford, commissioners of the Niagara Falls Queen Victoria Park, came here to-day to investigate the development power on the American side of the river, and ascertain is the claim of the Niagara Falls Power Company that the transmission of electric energy long distances is still an experiment, is justified, and to form an opinion from their findings as to whether the time for the commencement of work on the Canadian power plant should be extended 18 months by the Ontario Government. They are to report to the Government without delay. Commissioner Langmuir said tonight that a decision had been arrived at, but nothing could be given out for publication. It is believed the report will favor an extension.

An Unfortunate Comment.

Johnny—You're the meanest, hatefulest, spitefulest thing on him."

Tommy—An you're the crabbedest, [illegible]—

Father—Boys, boys! You forget that your mother is in the room.

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. 621

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

STORMER BICYCLE
HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
383 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

The way to tell if canned food is fit to eat or not, says an environment analyst, is to open the can before it is opened. The contents of a can that is bulged or indented should never be used. Of course an indented can may not be for use, as it may have been indented by a child, and the tin not dented so that no air has reached the goods inside. Its contents, however, should be inspected carefully before eating.

When a can is bulged the contents should not be used, as the condition of the tin shows that air has reached the inside and decomposition has set in, which has caused gases to be generated. The gases thus formed have forced the tin to bulge.

Cases of poisoning through eating canned fruit and meats are so common that the above method of detecting poisonous canned foods should be valuable to housekeepers.

Cold Metals Diffused.

Professor Roberts-Austen of London in a lecture before the Royal Society, recently spoke on "The Interdiffusibility of Solid Metals While Cold." It was then shown that solid metals may be made to mix themselves as if the atoms of which they are composed were living creatures. He showed that when clean sheets of lead and gold are held together in the absence of air at a temperature of 40 degrees they will unite firmly, and can only be separted by a force equal to one-eighth of the breaking strain of the lead. The professor has also proven that if a plate of gold be laid under one of lead about three-tenths of an inch thick, in three days the gold will have risen and diffused itself to the top of the other metal in very appreciable quantity.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lost or Found.

FOUND.
GENTLEMAN'S SCARF PIN. Owner may have same by proving property, and paying for advt. Apply 216 Simcoe-st. 1d44

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 95eod

For Sale
OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

General.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.

Moderate to fresh westerly and northerly winds; cloudy to fair and a little colder, with a few snow flurries.

R. F.

GOOD GOODS
Are Those that Most Advance the Reputation of a store.
It is by the quality a store sells that one can tell the class of trade that patronizes it.
JUST 100 PAIRS
Out of the 500 pair job lot of High-class Ladies' Kid Gloves left. Very desirable shades 50c., formerly sold at $1.25.
A FEW ITEMS
from our recent spring arrivals:—
2 yards wide Unbleached Sheeting ..... 15c per yard
5 pieces Job Bleached ....Sheeting, Twilled .. 15c worth 25 cents
54 inch Linen Tabling..... 25c
Heavy Bag Towelling 5c
10 ends Union and All Wool Carpets ..... 35c per yard
50 doz Ladies' H. S. Handkerchiefs ..... 5c worth 10 cts.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses ..... 50c very special
5,000 yards Crumb's New Spring Prints 12½c
30 doz. ⅞ size Bleached Napkins ..... $1.00 worth $1.25
Ten New Lines in Ladies' White Underwear to be sold at special low prices for the next two weeks.
Every garment in our White Wear department is this season's styles.
We expect to receive early next week 50 Bales and Cases via S. S. "Lake Superior," Beaver Line, New Spring
Dress Goods, Silks, Carpets and Linoleums.
As hitherto the Golden Lion will be headquarters for fashionable Dry Goods, Carpets and Housefurnishings.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS, SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . 498 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S

WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
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S. CLEGG, Residence 285 Stewart Street. Telephone.

PRINTING
Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $9 50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 120. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 308 George-st.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives, Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. R. W. ENGLISH, shop 129 Charlotte-st.

Toronto Savings and Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600 000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.
Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Severe Case of Dyspepsia

"I suffered from dyspepsia 20 years. I had a feeling as though there was a lump in my stomach. I did not dare to eat meat or warm bread, very few vegetables, for fear of the great distress food caused me. I experienced relief right after commencing to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. My appetite increased, I gained in general health and strength. I can eat almost anything now without discomfort. Although I had been an invalid for twenty years, I can truthfully say that I am better than for a long time. I never weighed so much in my life." MRS. EMILY F. BUMP, 46 Portland Street, Middleboro, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY FEBRUARY 22, 1897

THIS GREAT, GREAT LIBERAL.

The Globe seems anxious to impress the people with the honesty and economy of Mr. J. Israel Tarte, and therefore works him into a cartoon in Saturday's issue. The Globe's cartoons, however, do not wipe out the Globe's editorial reference to this same gentleman a few years ago; they do not cause people to forget the "business is business" feature of the case, or remove the remembrance of the fact that this great man who travels in private cars in great luxury, and who seems to be the great idol of the great Liberals, is the same Mr. Tarte who had to secure an advance of $3,000 from a C P R railway official to run his election campaign. This is the same Mr. Tarte that the Globe now glorifies and writes the nonsense about, saying that the Tory party do not know why "I do not like you, Mr. Tarte." The Liberals may be trying to find out why "they liked you, Mr. Tarte," before another parliament is chosen and meets. They will laugh best who laugh last.

NO REGARD FOR ANYTHING.

MR. Tarte in his eager haste to make room for some hungry Liberal has made an unjust reflection on an old and tried public servant, the chief architect of the Dominion, Mr. Fuller, well-known to many in the Peterborough district. Mr. Tarte, who must not be charged with any wrong-doing, who, the Globe once pictured as anything but honest, but who now, according to that great Liberal organ, is the personification of honesty, this Mr. Tarte will make charges against men whose standing before the public has been far better than that of the Minister, regardless of results, feelings or anything else. Mr. Tarte charges that the fire in the western block on Parliament hill was due to carelessness of construction. "To think of an architect," says he, "building a bloom like that on top of such a building. I will rebuild it in iron and copper." And so the architectural problem is settled without difficulty by Mr. Tarte, and an old and trusted public official is chastised. The Ottawa Citizen referring to this explains that it is nearly forty years since these buildings were designed. There was no confederation at that time. The structures were erected by the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada. The original architects were Fuller & Jones for the Parliament-building, and Street & Laver for the department blocks. All but Mr. Fuller retired before completion and he resigned in 1866. Each of these men has made a reputation for himself outside of his Ottawa work. Mr. Fuller was brought back to Canada by Sir Hector Langevin in 1881 as chief architect.

Although the designs for these buildings was made long before he came into power, the western block was built by the Hon Alexander Mackenzie. Whatever defects adhered to it, the dead statesman was responsible for. If timber was used to from the roof instead of metal, it was ordered so by Mr Mackenzie for the sake of economy. Designs for iron construction of the roofs were made and rejected, and these drawings are in the department with all the other old plans of the building. Not only so, but the government refused permission to build fire walls in these roofs. Yet, as the Citizen points out, in the range of building hundreds of feet long with the rafts of timber burned over it, and, except where openings have since been made in the fire-proofing, not a vestige of fire in the rooms originally designed to be occupied, not a gable, chimney, copping-stone or brick displaced and the stone stairs in as good a condition as ever. What modern work would come so well through such an ordeal?

Mr Tarte has been manifestly unjust to Mr Fuller, the chief architect.

A PAPER on life insurance containing some valuable and interesting information and figures has been issued by the Ontario Department of Insurance. In practice it has been found, it says, that a considerable number of the most eligible lives discontinue their insurance, while weakly or less vigorous continue, so that lapses, far from being generally beneficial to the company or society, operate to deteriorate the general quality of persisting lives, and to raise the subsequent death rate. Hence the second quinquennium (or five years) of these persisting policy holders' death rate is always found to be very high, but during the third quinquennium it is relatively or absolutely lower. The comparison is as follows.—

	Per cent
First quinquennium	4.50
Second	6 39
Third	6.37
Fourth	8 89
Fifth	13.45
Sixth	13.64

WHAT a chance for the "business is business" system in the replacing of the western block on Parliament hill. And Mr. Tarte says he will rebuild it of copper and iron.

Of all animals, the human being is most subject to variations in proportions and symmetry, says Dr. A. G. Clopton in the Medical Age. If one were to take the measurements of all the individuals in any one assembly, perhaps not one would be found with the two corresponding halves exactly agreeing. This want of symmetry, a systematic course of training, especially during the period of growth, would correct. The long, lanky, graceless lad, whose height has outrun his muscle, may be made to become a well proportioned, graceful man. He needs the systematic exercise of every muscle; therefore his trainer, whether physician or parent, must understand how this is to be done. The short, stumpy lad, with big head and chest, with legs out of proportion to his trunk, ungainly and unsightly, may be made to represent the highest type of physical manhood. Here the legs need exercise more than the muscles of the trunk, and bicycle exercise should be prescribed early in life. The power of exercise, rightly applied, to develop deficient parts without increased development of normal parts, is remarkable.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

OAK HALL.

—In Wentworth county a woman's branch of the Farmer's Institute was organized. This is an idea that could be followed in Peterborough county with benefit to the farmers' wives.

Good Words for Freddy.

"I think you are rather hard on Freddy," said the man with the cigarette. "Now, really, he is a very good fellow."

"Humph. I don't know exactly how you make that out," declared the man with the cigar.

"He's a great reformer."

"Wants to reform everybody except himself."

"Ah, nonsense. He is one of the kindest hearted people I ever saw. He is always trying to help suffering humanity. It is the dream of his life to to be able to give everybody work—"

"Except himself. He draws the line at that."

"And you know that his heart beats in unison with every good cause."

"Well, I don't know about his heart, but he himself manages to beat pretty nearly everything and everybody."

A Canon's Mistake.

Any one who knows that charming man Canon Ainger, Master of the Temple, will comprehend to the full the humor of this story. Canon Ainger is a great favorite with children, and upon one occasion was asked to assist at a juvenile party. Arriving at what he thought was his destination, a house in a row of others exactly alike, the Canon made his way up to the drawing-room. "Don't announce me," said he to the domestic, and thereupon the reverend gentleman went down upon all fours, ruffled up his white hair, and crawled into the room, uttering the growls of an angry Polar bear. What was his horror and amazement to find when he got into the room two old ladies petrified with astonishment. He had found his way into the next door house, instead of into the one to which he was bidden.—London Tit-Bits.

Very Much in Doubt.

Laura—Mr. Willis said I looked just like a poster girl.

Flora—How complimentary!

"I don't know whether it was or not. He strikes me as a man with too much sense to be an admirer of poster girls."

PINKERTONS FOR McKINLEY.

A Guard of Forty Detectives Has Been Provided for the Inaugural Ceremonies on the Fourth of March.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Like Lincoln, McKinley will be guarded by Pinkertons during his inauguration. William A. Pinkerton, a son of Allan Pinkerton, Lincoln's personal bodyguard, will have forty detectives in Washington during the inaugural ceremonies. They will be clothed in raiment of the latest cut, and it will devolve upon them to see that the amenities of society do not go so far as the taking from associates by thoughtless guests of diamond brooches, gold watches, and the like.

They will also take care that no one is shot or assassinated. The forty Pinkertons will not all guard the same spot. Half a dozen or more will be stationed at the Executive Mansion. Others will frequent the hotel lobbies, and the Capitol, while the rest will be in the parade to intercept any and all bombs that may be hurled at the Chief Executive. Mrs. McKinley's gowns will be watched by female detectives.

CONSERVATIVE WON ST. BONIFACE.

The Manitoba Government Candidate Beaten by a Substantial Majority.

Winnipeg, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The election in St. Boniface on Saturday was a comparatively easy victory for Mr. Lauzon, the candidate of the Church, who, in a total vote of about five hundred, secured a majority of one hundred and eighty. Mr. Bertrand, the Government candidate, saved his deposit by only fourteen votes. Until Saturday midnight it was confidently believed that Lauzon would have but a small majority, and the Government supporters early in the evening were claiming a moral victory. This claim was based on the fact that St. Boniface town had only given Lauzon seventy majority, whereas he counted on receiving one hundred and fifty. The outlying districts of St. Norbert and St. Agathe were expected to give majorities for Bertrand, but when at a late hour returns were received from them they upset all the calculations of the Greenway supporters. St. Norbert gave Lauzon sixty majority out of a total vote polled there of 108, and St. Agathe gave him twenty-two majority. The Church party claim to be well pleased with the result.

What Sir Charles Tupper Says

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Sir Charles Tupper returned to Ottawa last evening, looking all the better for his trip to England. In conversation with your correspondent to-night he expressed the opinion that the result of the election in St. Boniface was an indication that the Roman Catholics are by no means satisfied with the school settlement and that they will make their influence felt in future elections, both Federal and Provincial.

BEN'S NEW BABY.

It is a Girl and Weighs Eight and a Half Pounds Arrived Yesterday Morning.

Indianapolis, Feb. 21.—A daughter was born to General and Mrs. Benjamin Harrison to-day. The young miss arrived at 5 o'clock this morning and weighs eight and one-half pounds. Both mother and child are doing nicely. Many telegrams of congratulation were received at the Harrison home to day.

THREE OF A KIND.

A Case of Triplets. All Girls at Teviotdale Last Evening.

Palmerston, Ont., Feb. 21.—The wife of John Davidson, blacksmith, of Teviotdale, gave birth to triplets, girls, this evening.

The Fish Liar.

"Ever try one of those rubber fishworms?" asked the amateur.

"Only one," said the fish liar. "They are no good. The fish, after he finds how he has been taken in, dies of mortification before he can be taken out."—Indianapolis Journal.

The Beauty of Health

Features don't matter so much. Most any features will do if the complexion is clear, the eyes bright and the lips rosy. Hearty, healthy wholesomeness is better than mere beauty of features. A face full of the glow of good health—full of the kindliness and good humor that health brings, is bound to be an attractive face—a face that will make friends. The face tells the story of the whole body. "Murder will out" —and so will "female weakness" and nervousness and other disorders peculiar to women.

If there is a drain on the system and strength, the record of it will show in the face. If there is nerve nagging "bearing-down" pains, dragging and pulling at the most sensitive organs in a woman's body, the face will show it. Abused nerves draw lines of care and worry on the face. Nervous prostration writes its warning on the face long before it comes. Sleeplessness, nervousness and debilitating drains make more wrinkles than age.

Nine-tenths of the sickness of women comes from some derangement of organs distinctly feminine. Nine-tenths of this sickness can be cured and avoided by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. There is nothing miraculous about the "Favorite Prescription"—nothing supernatural.

It is the result of rational thought and study applied to medicine.

It has been prescribed by Dr. Pierce for over 30 years. It has made thousands of women healthy and happy, and has brought joy to thousands of homes.

In "female weakness" it acts directly and strongly in healing and strengthening the parts that are most severely tried. It clears out impurities and promotes regularity at all times.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. Wettstein, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S

Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S
Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897.

The Latest Chatter

CHOOSING A DOCTOR.

A medical authority who may be presumed to understand the true inwardness of the profession has lately published some advice about the selection of a family phyician, declaring such a choice to be a very important matter, often undertaken in the most haphazard way.

The following "donts" are given: Don't choose an intemperate physician; don't choose one who has not the respect of his colleagues; don't tolerate one who is constantly slinging mud at his brethren; don't believe the claims of one who has to hire a hall or a column in a newspaper that the world may learn of his triumphs; don't choose the man who is ultra-professional.

In choosing a specialist or a consultant it is well to be guided by the advice of the family physician, who, if he be honorable and broad-minded, will cheerfully acquiesce in your desire to have the assistance of some one of his colleagues. If he becomes offended or assumes an injured air at the hint that he is not the only member of his profession the sooner his vanity receives a few hard knocks the better.

There is a mutual obligation existing between doctor and patient. The latter expects prompt and efficient service, at the sacrifice of convenience, social engagements and, if necessary, of comfort and health, on the part of the former. On the other hand, prompt and full payment of financial obligations and the consideration of his comfort, convenience and recreation when emergencies do not prevent are the rights of the physician.

SIZES OF THINGS.

A span is 9 inches.
A hand is 4 inches.
A size in collars is 1 inch.
A quarter of cloth is 9 inches.
A nautical knot is 6100 feet.
A size of cuffs is half an inch.
The nail is 2 1-2 inches long.
A hedgehog is 10 inches in length
One hundred quarts make a cask.
The royal 32 mo. page is 5 by 3 inches.
The royal 24 mo. page is 5 1-2 by 3 1-2.
A square 16 mo. page is 4 1-2 by 3 1-2.
A royal octavo volume is 10 1-2 by 6 1-2.
The ordinary octavo is 9 1-2 by 6 inches.
The 48 mo. paged volume is 3 2-4 by 2 1-4.
A size in finger rings is 1-16 of an inch.
A pace is considered to be about 2 feet.
A bushel is equal to 2150.42 cubic inches.
One hundred spoonfuls make one quart.
The moccasin is from 18 inches to 3 feet.
The ordinary human nose is 2 inches long.
A demy folio volume is 18 by 11 inches.
Desks are from 28 to 30 inches in height.

And Still He Did It.

Station Master—You shouldn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—That is what my friends say.

Station Master—But you musn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—So my doctor tells me.

Station Master—But you sha'n't smoke, sir.

Traveler—Ah! that is just what my wife tells me.—Tit-Bits.

A Sarcastic Papa.

Father (upstairs)—What time is it down there?

Mamie (down in the parlor)—Just 10 by the clock, papa.

Father—All right. Don't forget to start the clock again when the young man leaves.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the Review.

THE CRETAN PEOPLE.

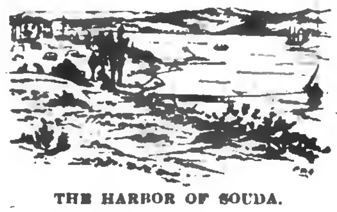
THEIR CITIES, THEIR FRUITS, THEIR PERTINACITY AND WRONGS.

Her Grand Old Man, Who at 93 Is Still Struggling to Throw Off the Turkish Yoke and Annex the Island to Greece.

(Special Correspondence.)

Athens, (Special).—A Greek steamer plies weekly between Piraeus, the seaport of Athens, and the Island of Crete, and travelers who miss it, and who do no care to wait a week longer, usually take passage on one of the many small Greek freighters. These freighters touch first at the Island of Syra, the ancient Hermopolis and the residence of the Governor of Cyclades Islands. After a day in port there they proceed to Crete, touching at the Islands of Naxos, Paros, and Siphnos, the whole trip lasting three and one-half days.

The harbor of Canea, the destination of the vessels, is protected by a well-preserved fortress, one side of which extends down to the waters. The eastern side of the fort is about 1500 feet long, the southern side 2400 and the western side 1800. These walls are protected by four ramparts, two of which face the valley and the other two the sea, and the whole is surrounded by a deep and wide ditch. The northern side of the city is built down to the harbor, which is partly protected by a chain of rocks hardly visible above water. Upon these rocks is a wall 1130 feet long, in the middle of which is a strong rampart. At the eastern end of this wall is a tower with a lighthouse, the light being visible 12 miles away. At the western end there



THE HARBOR OF SOUDA.

is a fortress with a few old fashioned guns.

The harbor of Souda is, strictly defined, the upper bay, being five miles long and one mile and three-quarters wide, with a depth of 450 feet. On a small island at the entrance of the harbor is a fortress with 12 Krupp guns. On the southern shore of the harbor is the Mediterranean navy yard of Turkey. It is in this harbor that most of the European men-of-war sent to Crete find safe and comfortable anchorage.

The city of Canea, being the seat of the Governor-General, has clean streets, fine houses and some public buildings of considerable pretensions, such as the Governor's headquarters and the Court House, both of which are of modern construction. The military hospital, two armories and the health office also are fine structures. The population of the city is estimated at 14,610, of whom 4750 are Greeks and 9500 Turks, 160 Israelites, and 200 Roman Catholics. Nearly every European Government is represented by either a Consul or a consular agent. Most of these representatives live in the small town of Halepa, about half an hour's walk from Canea.

Halepa became quite famous on account of the well-known treaty of 1878 that was signed there by the Cretan plenipotentiaries and the Sultan's envoys. On lofty ground, covered with olive, pomegranate, and almond trees, commanding an excellent view of Halepa and the country around it, there stands the famous Ottoman Tower of Halepa, built by the Janizaries. It is well-fortified, and has been a refuge for Turkish families in revolutionary times.

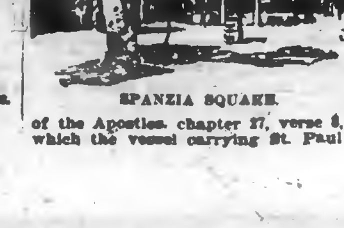
The Turkish quarters of Canea are around the Spanzia square. It was under the plane tree shown in the picture that the members of the Turkish Committee usually met to discuss matters with the Turkish authorities during the last revolution. It was impossible for a Christian to pass through the square without being attacked by the Mussulmans. It is here also that the Mahommedan families gather in the evening for recreation; they sit on wooden benches and listen to the music of the Arab musicians of Canea.

Until a few years ago the population of the Island of Crete was a matter of conjecture. The most trustworthy census on the island was taken in 1881, by order of Governor Potiades, and is regarded by competent authorities, both Christian and Mohammedan, as fairly honest. It gave a total population of 279,165. Of these 205,010 were orthodox Greeks, 73,234 Mohammedans, 253 Roman Catholics, 8 Armenians, 647 Israelites, and 13 Protestants. Nearly all the inhabitants speak Greek. Even the Mohammedan teachers and priests use the Greek language in explaining the Koran or the Turkish lessons to their pupils.

Besides Canea there are two other cities of some importance in Crete, namely, Candia, inhabited by 12,000 Turks and 6000 Greeks, and Retimo with a population of 6321 Turks and 1320 Greeks. Both cities lie on the northern shore of the island, and they are only a short distance apart.

Not far from Retimo is a range of hills, known as the White Mountains, with extensive table land at each end, which are places of refuge during revolutions for the Christian families. The mountains are covered with pine, chestnut and cedar trees, and abound in springs of excellent water.

On the southern coast of Crete there are few settlements of any importance. The only noteworthy spot is the harbor of Fair Havens, mentioned in the Acts



SPANZIA SQUARE.

of the Apostles, chapter 27, verse 8, in which the vessel carrying St. Paul to Malta found refuge. Vessels to-day usually seek refuge in the same part in bad weather. There are but a few small houses at Fair Havens, and these are occupied by Turkish officials stationed there to report to the Aga of Deaki, the chief village of the district, the passing of vessels. These officials have little to do. On the east side of the bay there are the ruins of an old Greek chapel dedicated to St. Paul; legend has it that the chapel was built on the spot on which the Apostle stood when he preached to the natives of Crete.

No island has a healthier or more agreeable climate than has Crete. In the hottest days of summer refreshing sea breezes are seldom lacking, and winter, which begins in December, ends about the latter part of January. The rainy season often continues until late in April, but it very seldom rains in summer.

A chain of mountains divides the island into what are called the northern and southern slopes. One-third of the island consists of rocky slopes; another third has a fairly good soil, which remains uncultivated for want of farm hands; and the other third is cultivated only rudely for the same reason. The cultivation of fruit remains as it was centuries ago. The want of progress is owing to the repeated acts of injustice committed against the Christian farmers by the Turkish tax-gatherers. Olives and their oil are the staple products of Crete. Valleys from one end of the island to the other are covered with olive trees. Next to the olive industry comes that of the vines, producing many varieties of grapes, raisins, and wine. Orchards of orange, lemon, citron and almond trees abound in the valleys, while chestnut and fig trees are found at the base of the mountains. A peculiarity of all Cretan products is their exquisite flavor, which they retain long after they are gathered and shipped. It is the opinion of the oldest and best-informed Cretan merchants that, with proper facilities for transportation of products to the seaports, and a guarantee against misrule and arbitrary taxation, Crete would provide all Europe with oil and fruits of several kinds.

Like Cuba, Crete has always found her curse in the beauties with which nature has endowed her. Since the islan was left by the Venetians to the Turks in 1715 no fewer than nine revolutions have taken place among its people. Each time the revolt was precipitated by Turkish tyranny. The most remarkable feature of all these revolutions is that in no instance have the Cretans been forced by defeat to lay down their arms. Their disarming has been due always to the intervention of some "friendly power" which wished to give an opportunity to the Turkish Government to introduce reforms. Whoever has lived in Turkey has his opinion as to the good faith of Turkey in promising reforms, especially when they are exacted by the threat of the demolition of the Ottoman dynasty in Europe. But for "friendly" foreign intervention Crete would have secured her independence long ago. Russian diplomacy has frustrated the hopes and aspirations of the Cretans in last year's revolution, and, despite the role she is now playing with the other European powers, as if to force the Sultan to carry out the long-promised reforms among the Christians in the dominions, she is the one country directing the Sultan's policy in the east. There is not a Cretan of any prominence on the island who has the least faith in the professions of the Porte as to carrying out any reforms.

At present there is no man more trusted by the Cretans than the Grand Old Man of Crete, old Costa Veloudakes, the permanent president of the Revolutionary Assembly, and a scion of one of the oldest families of the island. He has just celebrated his ninety-first birthday. He has taken part in every revolution on the island

AN ARMED CHRISTIAN CRETAN.

during his time. In the eight-year revolution of 1821 he was at the head of a strong Cretan force, having distinguished himself by liberating sixty-eight Cretan women held in bondage in a Turkish fortress. He is a man of few words, but whenever he speaks his utterances carry great weight. His courage is proverbial. At the battle of the Fountains in 1866 he was fighting beside his two sons when a bullet killed one of them. Without flinching he gave orders to carry the dead from the battlefield; he continued fighting until the enemy were repulsed. In 1878 he was proclaimed Commander-in-Chief of all the revolutionary forces on the island, and was subsequently selected with two other Cretans to proceed to the German capital, during the drawing of the Berlin treaty, to lay before the representatives of the powers the claims of the Cretans.

To give evidence of the low esteem in which Turkish promises are held by the Cretans it is necessary only to quote the remarks recently made by one of the most conservative members of the Cretan Revolutionary Committee.

"Turkish firmans," he said, "granting reforms reminds me of the story of the schoolboy caught in mischief by his teacher, and then resorting to all sorts of excuses and promises of better conduct so as to escape punishment. So it is with the Sultan and the firmans granting privileges to the Christians of Crete; you may always look for them when some high-handed rascality has been committed by his people and the foreign Governments look sternly at him. It is needless to say that the excitement once over 'you need not look for the fulfilment of his promises.'"

Public opinion among the Cretans is adverse to the acceptance of any reforms. The prevailing opinion at the meetings of the Cretans is that they should fight until the union of Crete with Greece is accomplished.

PASCHAL.

Prince George of Greece.

Prince George of Greece is the second son of King George. He was born at Corfu in June, 1869. The young Prince is a tall, handsome, broad-shouldered young fellow of unflinching courage. After completing his studies at home he started to make a tour of the world. His companion through India and the East was the present Czar of Russia, Nicholas II., who was then the Czarewitch. While they were traveling through Japan the Czarewitch was attacked by a fanatical Japanese, and Prince George beat him off with a heavy stick. Prince George continued his travels alone, and, after seeing the sights of the new world in 1891, Prince George sailed for Europe on the Cunarder Servia, which broke a crank pin when two days out and was obliged to return. There was considerable excitement aboard, but it was said that the Prince was the coolest passenger on the steamer. When the Servia got back to New York the Prince immediately engaged passage on the City of New York and sailed the following day.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 28 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

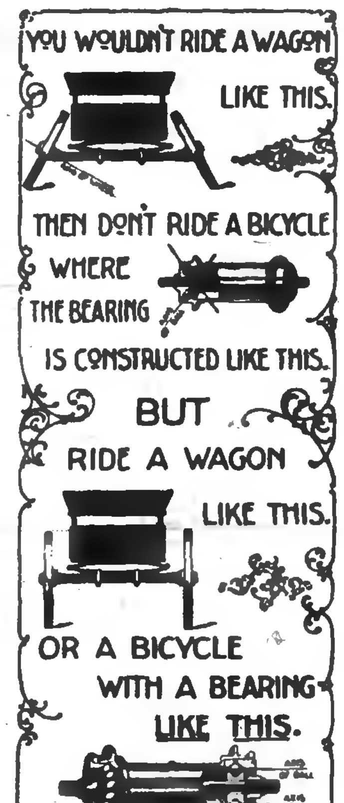
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. eve.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE
BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY;
AGENT.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it hat some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the Review and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

THE

Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. GOODERHAM, President. - - - - - J. F. JUNKIN, General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10.000 after age 45.
No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.
For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS,
District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In The Review.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Stock)

Calls day or night promptly attended to. Good Horses, Up-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

12 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d46w14

THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Consists of Prints, Grey and White Cottons, Zephas and Ginghams, White and Colored Flannels, Shirtings, Cottonades, Table Linens, Napkins, Butcher's Linens, Silk Ginghams, Dress Goods, Silks, White Muslins, Lawns, Piques, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear, Collars and Cuffs, Laces, Ties, Casings, Blankets, Carpets, Lace and Chenile Curtains, Floor and Stair Oilcloths, Waterproof Jackets, Capes, Millinery, Velvets and Velveteens, Skirtbraids and Buttons, all of which will be offered at a

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

WATCH FOR THE DATE.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SPECIAL TO

TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

ROUTLEY'S OLD STAND

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley, 370 GEORGE ST.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed. Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO., 34 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

WHY PAY $120 for a TYPE WRITER.

The "EMPIRE" equals any

Surpasses all in many ways.

Visible Writing, positive alignment, simple construction. Hard steel parts. Agents wanted.

HALF THE PRICE ONLY $55.00

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd, Montreal, P. Q.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT

AN X RAYS OF SUN DAZZLING WIT.

THE GORMANS

In a Prize-winning Study in Laughter,

"The Gilhoolys Abroad"

EVERYTHING NEW.

New Music. New Specialties. New Costumes. New Ideas.

50—MUSICAL NUMBERS—50

Prices 50, 35 and 25 cents. Box Seats 75c. Seats now on sale. d40

Money to Loan

— AT —

4½, 5, 5½ and 6

PER CENT.

according to the character of the investment

J. GREEN, Barrister.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Guitars, Banjos and Violins.

We have a fine line of guitars, banjos, violins and mandolins. We sell on the monthly payment plan at almost cash prices. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d44tf

Music! Music!

By taking a large number of Sousa's marches we are happy to say we can supply El. Capitan march all this week at 10 cents a copy and hundreds of others as good. Repairing string instruments a specialty. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 3d44

Runaway.

A very exciting runaway took place on George st. the other day. A small boy who was stopped in his headlong course up street the other day explained that his master told him to run away up to E. Brown & Co's to get some of those choice groceries. The best is cheapest. We have nothing else in stock. E. Brown & Co. 394 George-st., Peterborough. d41tf

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Special Services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Much interest having been shown in the special meetings held last week they will be continued for a week or two longer. Services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. T. Dykeman, on Monday, Thursday and Friday evenings, and a prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock. All are cordially invited to come to these services.

How They Want Nets.

Some time ago strong representations were received from the anglers living in the counties of Northumberland and Hastings that the bass in the Trent river were being seriously injured by netting. Accordingly an order-in-council was passed prohibiting the use of nets. A petition has now been received at the fisheries department asking for the restoration of netting privileges. Hundreds of names are attached to the petition. The ground upon which netting is requested is that inferior kinds of fish are increasing very rapidly.

Personal.

Ex-Councillor Edward Sutton has gone to Manitoba.

Mr. W. L. Allen is in Bowmanville, his sister being ill.

Mr Robt Howden, his friends will regret learn, is seriously ill.

Mr J I Davidson, who has been seriously ill, is improved to-day.

Lieut Vernon C McGill returned on Saturday evening from London, having finished a three months course at Wolseley barracks.

Miss Emma Woods and Miss Minnie Neill, of Linday, who have been visiting friends in town, returned home on Saturday evening.

Mr Wurtell, who succeeds Mr Eustace Grubbe at the Bank of Montreal, has arrived in town. Mr Grubbe leaves to-morrow morning for Regina.

Mr Lemos, general agent for Buffalo Bill's wild west show, is in town to-day making necessary arrangements for the show to appear here about June 27th.

Dr Chas McKee, of Bailieboro', son of Mr John McKee, town, will likely lose the sight of one eye which was injured in an accident several months ago. The doctor did not imagine his eye was injured until the sight gradually become bedimmed, and he decided to consult specialists, and Drs McCullough, town, and Dr Reeves, Toronto, were consulted, but they do not hold out strong hopes for the recovery of Dr McKee's eyesight, which will be painful news to the doctor's many friends.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held on Wednesday evening in the George-st Methodist church when reports will be presented. The address will be delivered by Rev W F Wilson, the eloquent pastor of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto.

The educational anniversaries of the George and Charlotte-st Methodist churches will be observed next Sabbath, when Rev. R P Bowles, B A, pastor of the Sherbourne-st church, Toronto, and Rev T M Campbell, President of the Bay of Quinte Conference will preach on the educational interests of the church.

Special meetings at Murray-st Baptist church on Monday, Thursday and Friday nights this week, and on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The meetings last week were quite successful.

The congregation at the George-st. church last evening listened to an admirable anthem by the male voices in the choir during the offertory.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST S S

The Annual Meeting—Very Encouraging Reports From the Officers

The annual meeting of the Park-st. Baptist Sunday school was held on Friday evening last, the attendance of officers and teachers being large. Miss M Mann occupied the chair and the first report presented was that of the treasurer, Mr A L Grover, which read as follows:

RECEIPTS.

To balance from last year	$ 4 89
.. ordinary collections	99 48
.. special collections	51 82
.. proceeds of picnic	21 25
	$168 44

EXPENDITURE

By paid library case	$ 20 00
.. .. account	40 23
.. church	10 00
.. supplies	41 07
.. Home Missions	12 15
.. Foreign Missions	9 05
.. Grande Ligne Missions	8 14
.. other expenses	2 30
.. towards janitor's salary	19 00
Balance to next year	13 50
	$168 44

THE SECRETARY'S REPORT.

This report was read by Miss Bertha Hunt, secretary of the school, as follows:—

The year just closed has been the most prosperous in the school's history. We can truly say "The hand of God has been with us," and with deep gratitude record His dealings with us.

Last year we reported an enrollment of 231, with an average attendance of 155; to-day we number 255, with an average attendance of 166.

Along spiritual lines great blessings have attended our way. A large number from our school have been brought to Christ, and twenty-eight have been baptized and added to the church. The officers and teachers have been fully alive to the work. Out of nineteen they have showed an average attendance of eighteen.

Our library has undergone a thorough renovation, and some 75 new books added, making a total of about 350 volumes.

Death this year has entered our school and taken one from us, Norman Eggleson, one of our scholars. God, in His infinite wisdom, has seen fit to take to Himself, and though we mourn the loss, we rejoice that now His eyes behold the King in His beauty.

Our responsibilities are great, but our trust is in Him from whom cometh our help, and we enter another year with the assurance that we shall reap if we faint not.

Remember the "At Home" in the Foresters' Hall, Simcoe street, this evening under the auspices of the Girls' Guild of St. Luke's church. Tea served from 6 to 7.15.

The Gormans To-night.

The Gormans are adepts in the art of dancing and invent all the steps which they introduce in their numerous specialties—wedding the movements to the music, which results in perfect harmony. This season they are introducing many novelties in this line, possibly the most notable and taking of which is the G. A. R., which fairly lifts the audience from its seat. Their "Up and Down Broadway" is prettily arranged and effectively executed. "The Gilhoolys Abroad" is no doubt the best vehicle of fun the Gormans have ever appeared in. Prices 25, 35 and 50c. Don't miss the fun.

WM. YORK IN COURT AGAIN.

He is Found Guilty of Stealing a Horse and Remanded for Sentence.

On Saturday afternoon Wm. York was found guilty of stealing a horse from Henry O'Brien, who resides in North Monaghan near the border of the town, and Police Magistrate Dumble remanded him until Saturday for sentence.

A week ago last Thursday, according to the evidence, O'Brien was driving up Water-st. with a load of wood when York hailed him and asked if he wanted to trade horses, and O'Brien stated he did not, but asked York to direct him to Wilson's cooper shop, which York did. They visited a few hotels and then York persuaded O'Brien to drive over to Ashburnham and inspect his horse. On arriving at York's residence O'Brien's harness was placed on York's horse and the animal was driven around before O'Brien's sleigh. Then O'Brien accepted an invitation into York's for dinner, where he met Samuel Steele, who, however, left the house before the meal was over. After dinner O'Brien went out, but found his horse missing. York told him Steele had taken it down to the village to be shod and he gave O'Brien fifty cents to have his horse, the one belonging to York, shod. York and O'Brien proceeded down to the village with York's horse and O'Brien's sleigh. Several hotels were visited and after driving over to town York left O'Brien with the outfit on the market square. O'Brien returned to the village to secure his horse, but York would not return it and as a consequence a search warrant was issued and the horse procured. York was also arrested and charged with stealing the animal. He pleaded "not guilty" and gave evidence himself, which was contradicted by crown witnesses. Mr W A Stratton appeared for York, while the Crown's case was conducted by Mr R E Wood.

The case was remanded in order that the Crown might be allowed to secure the list of the previous convictions against York.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

DEATH OF WM. BADENACH.

A Prominent Oddfellow and Toronto Curler Who Was Known in Peterborough Dead.

Mr. Wm. Badenach, Grand Treasurer of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, died at his residence in Toronto on Saturday after an illness that had extended over six months. Deceased was 58 years of age and had been Grand Treasurer of the Oddfellows for twenty-one years.

The deceased gentleman was well known and highly respected by many of the local Oddfellows and many of the curlers, he having been a prominent member of the Granite Curling Club.

Death of Mrs. Guy.

The death of Mrs. Guy, relict of the late Richard Guy, took place yesterday morning at the residence of her son, Mr. Walter Guy, Ashburnham. She had been ill for some time. Mrs. Guy formerly resided in Millbrook, but had been living in town for several years. Walter, Charles and Bert Guy are sons of the deceased. There are also a couple of daughters.

Death of John Jenkins.

John Jenkins, a well known and popular native of Peterborough, died this morning at the Nicholls hospital where he had been for some time. The deceased, who was forty years of age, was born in Peterborough, being a son of the late George Jenkins. He received his early education here, and as a young man went to the States where he held good positions in different places. A few years ago he returned home, and had latterly been employed in the offices at the Canadian General Electric works. He was an affable young man who had a host of friends in town who will deeply regret to learn of his demise

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr. Chase's Ointment.

THE PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Meeting of Temperance Workers Which Will be Held Here To-morrow.

It is expected that there will be a large turn out at the prohibition convention to be held to-morrow in the Y M C A hall at 2 p.m. Prominent temperance workers will be in attendance from different parts of the county and all friends of the cause are considered delegates.

In the evening there will be a mass meeting to be addressed by the Revs Mr Dykeman, Baptist, and W R Young, Methodist, and others. Mr Geo Schneider will preside at the organ, and with the assistance of the choir a good time may be expected. Mayor Yelland has promised to preside. Chair taken at 8 p.m. Collection to defrad expenses.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The final match in the C. C. A. competition will be played at Lindsay on Thursday afternoon next. Orders were received to this effect from Belleville this afternoon. Skips D Davidson and Geo J Horkins will meet the Port Hopers.

Cobourg writes asking for a game with two rinks of the local Colts at that town this week. It is hardly likely that two rinks will go down this week.

One Hundred Doses One Dollar is peculiar to and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is economy to buy Hood's.

Brevities.

—A little more snow would be acceptable.

—A larceny case was withdrawn at Police Court this morning.

—"The Gilhooly's" company which appears at the opera house to-night are at the Oriental.

—Mr John McKee druggist, is moving to day to the stand recently vacated by John McClelland, jeweller.

—The charge of selling cigarettes to minors perferred against a grocer was dismissed at Police Court this morning.

—The Street Railway Co. were forced to keep a car running over the line last night to prevent the water freezing on the rails.

—Several invitations have been received by gentlemen in town to attend an assembly to be held at Colborne on Wednesday evening next.

—The Bell Telephone company is asking the Government for permission to increase their rates in Toronto.

—Despite the bad weather, a large audience witnessed the presentation of the old-time favorite "Uncle Tom's Cabin," on Saturday night. The company is in Lindsay to-night.

—Mr. Geo. Smith, town, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., of New York, was in Lindsay opening up an agency for that district, and Mr. Thos. Connolly has been appointed agent.

—In accordance with an order from headquarters the Grand Trunk passenger conductors and brakemen have provided themselves with uniforms of dark blue cloth with metallic buttons. The words "Grand Trunk" are worked with metalic braid on the collar.

—The fruit growers of Ontario are threatened with a new pest, a small insect called the San Jose Scale or Bark Louse. This insect has lately spread throughout the nurseries and orchards of Ohio and New York, doing great damage.

—Mr M Doody, of Cobourg, the well-known contractor for hardwood timber, has about 1,000 pieces of timber ready for shipment at Gelert, Ingoldsby and Haliburton stations. The price paid to settlers was in the neighborhood of $40 per 1,000 cubic feet

—Mr. Robt Fair, proprietor of the Golden Lion, is proving himself to be one of the largest direct importers in the Midland district. He got no less than one solid carload of spring goods, and this is only a portion of the spring consignment. They came to St. John, N.B., via S S Lake Superior.

—A horse took fright at a street car on George-st north on Saturday night, and the two occupants of the cutter, two well known insurance men, were spilled out on the road without any serious result. Once the horse emptied the cutter and passed the car it stopped and did no further damage.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The gladiators will meet to-night. The boarders of the Huffman House will meet the boarders of the Oriental in a contest for nothing but honor. The famous sevens will cut graceful figures on the ice, and a big crowd should be on hand between 10 and 11 o'clock. Cheers will be purchased by the managers of the teams. Before the match lungs will be tested by two doctors and those who lack vocal strength will be given a stick to pound on the sides. The admittance fee will be less than the price of a meal at either hotel, and probably will be worth more. The match will be referred by W J Montgomery who is a boarder at the Oriental, and in case he becomes impartial, he will be booted down by Manager Pope of the Huffman House septette. This should serve as sufficient warning. Teams will be on exhibition three seconds before the contest, and arrangements have been made that the giants, intellectually, morally and physically (?) will face off—that is to say, will fight for the puck first. Persons of a weak disposition need not trouble about faces coming off, though false faces will be removed at the instance of the Huffman House's legal representative, who will lay a charge of playing under false pretences. A dentist will be on hand to extract teeth that have been jolted. Those who make bets on the ice will have their checks easily cashed by special officials of the Ontario and Montreal banks. Lessons in Grecian sports will be given by two recent arrivals from Crete, the Collegiate Institute properly speaking. Each man will play according to his own rule. Mr. Innes, of the Huffman, protests that his line would be surveyed too straight.

PERCY BROWN AS REFEREE.

The following from the Toronto Star will interest Percy Brown's Peterborough friends: Every season, in other games as well as hockey, brings some player into prominence in a way which makes his name a household word among the devotees of the game that claims him as an exponent. No more apt illustration of this fact can be quoted than the manner in which Percy Brown, of Upper Canada College, has sprung to the fore. Last year he was known as the capable captain of that exceedingly clever hockey team which made the Wellingtons struggle so hard for the city championship. This season, while it has added to his reputation as a player, has seen him come forward in a new character, as that of a first-class referee.

In this department of hockey, it is safe to say his name stands prominent among the judges of the game. He possesses all the qualifications which go to make a first-class referee. He has a thorough knowledge of the game, a quick eye, and a courage to carry out the promptings of judgment, irrespective of what the players or spectators may think. Although a strict disciplinarian, his manner towards those players whose delinquencies bring them under his notice is free from all arrogance or under assumption of authority, and no higher tribute can be paid to his integrity and justice than the fact that those teams whose games has been supervised are always anxious that he should act again in the same capacity.

Edmund Percival Brown is the son of Mr C. A. B. Brown, the Vice-Commodore of the R.C.Y.C. He is not quite eighteen, but this has not prevented him from distinguishing himself in other fields than that of hockey. He is an all-round athlete, and is the only boy of Upper Canada College having his colors in three teams. Besides representing his school at hockey, he plays half-back on the football team, and made his mark last year at cricket by carrying off the batting and bowling averages. His prowess on the tennis courts is attested by the fact that he won the single tennis championship, and was one of the two who won the doubles championship. He is also an excellent canoeist, and is quite a voyageur.

His success as an athlete has not prevented him from making his mark in other ways at U C C. In 1895 he carried off two scholarships; last year he was awarded the silver medal for manliness. "Pippin," as he is familiarly known at school, is a favorite with both masters and boys, whose appreciation of him may be summed up in the phrase, "You just bet, Pippin is all right."

NEW BLACK CREPONS.

Just passed into stock a large lot of Beautiful Designs in Black Crepons —that nice rich looking material that does not retain the dust. See what we are showing before placing your order.

R. H. KELLS & CO
369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Riverside Park skating rink.

Thistle's curling night.

Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.

Young People's Society meetings.

Special services at the Murray-st Baptist church.

"Gilhoolys Abroad" at the opera house.

Meeting of the bugle band at the drill shed at 7.30 o'clock.

"At Home" in Foresters' Hall, under the auspices of the St Luke's Girls' Guild.

John R. Clarke at Charlotte-st. church.

Hockey match—Huffman House vs. Oriental.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

COLORED SHIRTS!

Our spring line of Fancy Colored Shirts in exclusive and fetching designs are creating a popular demand.

The collarless neglige and the neglige with Collars and Cuffs on are shown in a pleasing variety of fabrics.

If desired, gentlemen can make their selections and have them laid aside subject to their order.

DANISH RED.

The new color in gentlemen's Neckwear, in Puffs, Narrow String Ties, Four-in-hand and made-up Bows.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

THE 57TH ON TOP AGAIN.

It Leads the Three City Battalions in No 3 District.

The standing of the battalions in No 3 district has been announced, and of the three city battalions in the district—14th Battalion of Kingston, 15th Battalion of Belleville, and the 57th Battalion of Peterborough—the Peterborough Rangers stand at the head with a good lead.

The total points secured by the 57th was 572.85, while the comparative efficiency total was 113.65. Belleville's figures were 386 and 89.33, while Kingston had 411 and 87 61.

The figures for each company were .—

Company	Squad drill 25	Company drill 25	Manual exercise 10	Firing exercise	Clothing & accruts 10	Arms and armories 10	Books and records 10	Target practice	Ans. to questions 12	Total	Deductions abatees.	Total points gained.
No. 1 Company	19	18	8	14	8	5	8	29.75	5.15	98.80	13	85.80
No. 2	13	20	7	14	8	7	9	30	5.15	111.15	10	101.15
No. 3	18	17	7	16	7	6.06	8	31.28	7	115.38	11	104.38
No. 4	16	18	7	14	6	8.15	7	31.68	6	108.23	18	89.83
No. 5	13	19	9	15	7	7	8	21.25	10.06	106.30	6	100.30
No. 6	13	17	7	15	6	6	8	17.29	7.06	104.34	12	92.34
Battalion drill by the C O												18
												590.85

Lieut.-Col. Bell states that an error was made in the figures for target shooting in No. 5, which should be 7 points more than given. The mistake was discovered too late to be rectified.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

CURLERS' EXCURSION.

Watch out for the announcement for the Curlers' Excursion, which will be held next week to Toronto. The popular trip. 4d4

Word of Commendation.

This is an exact extract from a letter received to-day from a wholesale photographer's supply house in Toronto by Mr G E Whitten, photographer, 158 Hunter-st. "It seems to us you are giving the Peterborough photographers a pretty hard shake for the business. Somebody must be losing trade as you are handling a lot of stock and of the best quality." 2d

Furniture Away Down

It is not every day the opportunity offers to buy furniture at such low prices as Clegg is now selling it. Cash purchasers will find everything marked down. Tables, chairs, bedroom suites, sideboards, etc., all reduced. Inspect the goods. Ask for prices. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d39tf

TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE

A TORONTO BARRISTER PROPOSES TO ABOLISH MANY LAWSUITS.

A Radical Reform, Which, If Carried Out, Would Be Equivalent to the Abolition of War—Examples Cited Which Show the Practicality of the Scheme.

(Special Correspondence.)

AS ONE REFORM of great importance, both from its moral and financial considerations I suggest such a change in our legal system as will result in the entire abolition of a very large percentage of our law suits. The proposal to decrease the cost of litigation is equivalent only to the lessening of the cost of war. To prevent war is the wise aim of beneficent governments.

In Norway for over 100 years, and in Switzerland for a period of time not so long, there has existed, for the purpose of preventing litigation, a very simple yet effective tribunal. In Norway every city, every village, containing at least 20 families, and every parish constitutes a separate district of conciliation. The tribunal consists of two members. One is chairman or judge; the other is clerk. These officials are chosen for a term of three years by the votes of the district over which they preside, from among three men nominated by the city or parish council. The method of settling disputes is substantially the following: Before any civil action falling within the prescribed limits can be instituted, the party complaining, in writing, in simple, everyday language, states his cause of complaint, and what he demands of the offending party, and requests that he be required to meet him in the Court of Conciliation. This letter is copied. The summons is made out, and both are delivered to the defendant; and at the same time the complainant is notified of the time and place of meeting. The parties to the controversy are to attend in person; no other person is permitted to attend on behalf of either of them, except when the same is rendered necessary by the sickness, infancy, insanity or other disability of the party, and in no case is any lawyer to be permitted to attend on behalf of any other person.

Having appeared before the tribunal, the parties state their respective sides of the matter in dispute. The production of all documents or other material (except witnesses) which would assist the court in arriving at the merits may be compelled. Having heard the complaint, the court endeavors to reconcile the parties. This is done, unfettered by legal fictions or technicalities, the object being simply to do that which is right, as between man and man. An intelligent official is able oftentimes better than is possible in courts of law, to sift out the facts from the false assertions or statements, and, having learned what is the real matter in dispute, he can urge each to sacrifice some portion of that which he considers his rights in order to come to a friendly settlement. The heavy expense of litigation, the uncertainty as to the result, the worry, anxiety and loss of time involved in its prosecution; the unfriendliness which is almost certain to arise, all these things are put before the parties by an official who possesses their confidence, with the result that the folly of litigation is seen. Then a suggestion to each as to where he can yield a point without serious injury to his rights, and a final suggestion to meet each other half way, in the larger percentage of disputes, results in immediate settlement.

The settlement being reached, a certificate setting out its terms is given to each party, and either can enforce it in the same manner as other judgments of courts, and it is final.

All proceedings are carried on with closed doors and the officials are bound to secrecy. Admissions or concessions made by one party cannot be used against him by his adversary if the case should come up for trial in the regular courts. But a party willing to settle is entitled to a certificate to that effect; and the costs of subsequent litigation may be affected thereby.

Failure to appear before this tribunal is punished by the obligation to pay all costs of subsequent formal trial, whatever be its decision.

A fee of 25 cents is charged for issuing the summons and a second fee of 50 cents in case of conciliation. These are all the costs that can be charged.

If the parties fail to agree they often ask the official to act as arbitrator in the matter.

The result of this simple method is said to be in Norway the settling of 75 out of every 100 disputes which otherwise would have resulted in litigation. In Switzerland, the percentage of disputes thus settled is said to be about 84.

This reform is more important and far-reaching in its results than may at first sight appear. When we consider the large amount of money expended in the furtherance of law suits; the time wasted by litigants in supervising their cases and in procuring evidence, together with the time and energy devoted to the preparation and conduct of this civil strife of other people by the body of men who constitute the legal profession, including the judges and other officers of the courts; and add to this the large amount annually paid out of the public funds for the equipment and maintenance of the court houses, offices and courts, we will begin to realize the severe drain which our present methods impose upon the wealth and wealth-producing power of our community.

But the ethical is of more importance than the financial, and the moral loss arising from litigation is a strong reason why it should be avoided. From some trifling dispute or misunderstanding, which, if the parties could have been brought together in a friendly way, might have been explained and settled without further difficulty, there have arisen, by reason of the absence of the tribunal I have outlined, family or neighborhood feuds which have estranged relatives and friends and led to life-long hatreds. Upon the trial of an action, absolute rectitude requires that the witness should tell the truth without a bias, and as though he were entirely disinterested. But personal advantage stands in opposition to that rectitude. The temptation to deviate from the straight path is too often too strong. Some false shade of meaning favorable to the party's own interest will be given. As every such departure, however slight, loosens the moral fibre, renders the man less manly, more susceptible to temptation of every kind, makes further descent easier, the moral injury becomes a serious factor. Seldom does a man emerge from a lawsuit without some lowering of his moral tone, some loss of self-respect.

The benefits of the Swedish and Swiss method of avoiding litigation are great, regarded merely from the point of view of money saved. Results far more important, benefits far greater, will be the improvement in morals, the gradually increasing recognition of the rights of others; an ability to see both sides of the question growing in the individual; and a resulting fairness of mind which must tend to render unnecessary not only courts of law, but even courts of conciliation.

Can there be a more beneficial and far-reaching reform than this, which, in marked contrast to our courts of law, with their accompanying feelings of revenge, rests upon the basis of mutual forbearance and conciliation? Courts of law produce cunning, sharpness; courts of conciliation bring wisdom, breadth.

F. E. TITUS.

Toronto, Feb., 1897.

A FISH'S MEMORY.

A German Professor Wants Information on the Subject.

We have to live such busy, cyclopaedic lives nowadays that it is very delightful sometimes to turn aside into soe quiet corner and watch a specialist at work. It may be only the eye of a fly or the digestive apparatus of a caterpillar, but he devotes his life to it and thinks nothing of all the noise and human struggles going on outside. A German professor, Ludwig Edinger, is absorbed at present in the question, "Have fish a memory?" and he has written to the Lancet to invite information on the subject. It may seem a trivial question, and the brain of a fish may be very small quantity, but a great many little things in nature are worth studying, and even if the problem cannot be solved it will give a good opening for fish stories. Every disciple of Izaak Walton will have something to say and anecdotes to tell to back his opinions. There are no fish in the neighborhood of Fleet street, says the Westminster Gazette, and, therefore, we cannot try experiments, and the only contribution we can make to the discussion is to ask why anglers have to be so particular about the make and color of their artificial flies if fish have no memory. If fish have vision without a sense of memory surely they would never discriminate between a May fly and a red spinner, and anglers would be saved a lot of trouble.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

CHEESE BOARD

The Annual Meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Board—The New Officers

The annual meeting of Peterborough Cheese Board was held in the Town Council Chamber on Saturday afternoon. The officers and salesmen, as well as a large number of outsiders, were present. The president, Mr J M Drummond, in taking the chair gave a brief summary of last season's business.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. The treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of nearly $100.

Several other matters of business were transacted, and the resolutions will be published later.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—James Drummond.
Vice-President—Geo Stewart.
Treasurer—S Edwards.
Secretary—J G Galvin.

The first meeting for sale of cheese will be held on Tuesday, May 18th, at 1 o'clock p m., in Town Council Chamber.

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

Contributions Being Received at the Local Banks.

Subscriptions are being received at the Ontario Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Commerce for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. Lists are open for contributions.

The following have already been received :—

BANK OF TORONTO.	
Previously acknowledged	$ 18 26
BANK OF COMMERCE.	
Anonymous	$ 1 00
BANK OF MONTREAL.	
Previously acknowledged	$ 41 00
Lansdowne Lodge, S. O. E.	5 00
ONTARIO BANK.	
Previously acknowledged	$ 75 75
"Derby"	1 00
Robt. Riddell	1 00
Total	$143 01

The contributions are forwarded to the Deputy Minister of Finance at Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

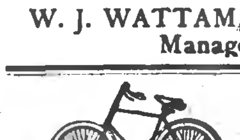
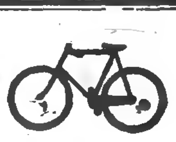
DIED

JENKINS—At the Nicholls hospital, to-day, Monday, 22nd instant, John W Jenkins, aged 40 years.

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL
The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,
W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.
New Store for Bicycles Only
Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,
413 George Street, Peterborough.

YOUNG'S POINT POINTERS.

The Dramatic Club Will Give an Entertainment on St. Patrick's Night.

Correspondence of the Review.

The Young's Point Dramatic club will give a musical and dramatic entertainment in Heard's hall, Young's Point, on March 17th. The favorable reception with which their last public performance was greeted is not only a cause of much felicitation to the members, but has induced them to put forth still greater efforts towards making the entertainment of March 17th next, one which will be vastly pleasing to the public. The club is now hard at work studying for the successful production of the plays on the 17th of March.

SOCIAL.—A social will be held in Heard's hall on Thursday evening, February 25th, under the auspices of the Young's Point Dramatic club. Dancing in order.

PERSONAL.—Miss Ellie J Young is visiting friends in Peterborough....Mr Tyndall, of Selwyn, was in the village the other day....Mr L G Febert, of Chemong park hotel, was in the village on Monday.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Business Wants Supplied.

Do You Need a New LEDGER. DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK, Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF Account and Business ENVELOPES at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW' Stationery, 164—166 HUNTER-ST.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. PATENTS TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. WILL RUN SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M. (Should sufficient business offer) To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates. Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY FOR THE CARE OF Neglected and Ill-treated Children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895. Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private. *Children for adoption.* Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m. OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

MADE PURELY FROM V. O. 1890 WHISKY DISTILLED BY THE LATE McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

Aged in Oak Staves, under Government Supervision.

Golden in Color. Nutty in Taste. Exquisite in Flavor. Glorious in Effect.

Ask your dealer for QUART BOTTLES, also EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL. SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE) The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is Pain-Killer (PERRY DAVIS'.) Used Internally and Externally. Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES . . . You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request. BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Mustard • THAT'S • Mustard Dunn's Mustard MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS. Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Relief for Lung Troubles. The D&L EMULSION In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

the cheeriest sound he had heard for many a day.

"We will defer the adventures, then, to some time in the future. Just now, I believe, you have something else to tell me."

With that he comes down suddenly from his high horse—the interest this girl takes in him may, after all, proceed from her desire to know what message he carries, and all this time has foolishly deluded himself into the belief that she had begun to care for Doctor Jack himself.

Somewhat abashed, he draws within his shell like an old mud turtle, and is upon his dignity, but no one can long remain there while Avis Morton is around—the jolliest girl that ever sailed from New York on a steamer, always the life of a crowd, and adored by every one she meets, male and female.

In his walk in life Doctor Jack has been a most extraordinary character, but once he falls in love he sinks his individuality, and does the same ordinary things all lovers do. It is the common lot.

"Ah! yes, you mean Aleck?" he ventures, endeavouring to collect himself.

"Tell me about him. In one of his letters he mentioned your name—I have never forgotten it, and when I heard you speak it to-day the shock was somewhat painful."

"Aleck was very dear to you, Miss Avis?"

"He was my brother. I loved him as a boy. When he came of age, long before me, he went abroad. I never saw him again, but had an occasional letter telling me of his travels. Then you joined him—later we read in the papers that you were traveling in Turkey together—then came the news of his death—it was a terrible shock to me. I understood that you had escaped, and were still travelling in Europe. It has been my hope ever since to meet you."

Tears dim the azure eyes—Doctor Jack wishes he had the right to wipe them away, but even the fleeting thought frightens him. Not for the world would he offend this girl.

"The story is brief enough, but painful. Do you feel as though you could listen to it to-night, or shall we defer it?"

"No, I must hear it now. Tell me all—how my poor Aleck was murdered, and you escaped."

"Perhaps you will think less of me because I did not fall with him, but—"

"The account I read spoke highly of your courage, declaring that you performed prodigies of valour in behalf of your friend, but were finally struck down, and poor Aleck's body cast into the Bosphorus."

Doctor Jack's face grows singularly white, his eyes flash, and his hands open and shut with a spasmodic movement as his memory goes back to the scene she mentions. With an effort he calms himself. Through an open window the odour of flowers creeps and fills with sweet incense the stuffy little room. Somehow it seems to him as though this girl had brought the flower odour with her—they seem to be one in common.

"Let us sit down, Avis—pardon me, but I heard Aleck call you by that name so often that it falls unconsciously from my lips—we can talk better and be more comfortable. Sit beside this window, where we may hear the tinkling of the fountain near by, and enjoy the fragrance of the flowers. Somehow, this puts me in mind of the many nights poor Aleck and I spent together—perhaps it is because you resemble him in a great measure. Aleck and I were great chums—he was the warmest hearted friend I ever had, and I shall never forget him; but it is needless for me to say anything about him to his sister, who must know him so much better than I ever could."

"Nevertheless, I drink in your words with rare pleasure, Doctor Jack. Any one whom Aleck loved must be—my friend. We were orphans, and all in all to each other."

"Thank you. I will not speak now of our travels, knowing they will keep and that you are particularly interested in the sad event that deprived me of a friend and you of a brother."

She nods her head, but does not look up—he knows her eyes are full of tears, and respects a fond sister's anguish.

"We were in Turkey at the time, and Aleck, who had never been in the Orient before, was immensely taken with the strange things he saw there. He managed to get into a few scrapes through his rashness, but they were small affairs, and the judicious expenditure of a little money cleared him.

"I must have been blind not to have seen that something was on the tapis, but at the time certain things worried me, of which I need make no mention, and I put Aleck in charge of a certain Effendi, who, for a round consideration, agreed to take care of him.

"I had managed to straighten out my affairs, when one day Aleck let a thunderbolt fall on my feet. He was in love. The object of his passion was a wonderfully beautiful girl, the inmate of a harem. Unknown to me, and bribed by Aleck, the Turkish Effendi had taken the boy into the grounds and introduced him to the harem, the eunuchs in attendance being made blind with gold.

"That settled the business. He fell head over heels in love with a girl called Sady, and she returned his passion. Night after night he had been meeting her in the gardens, and life without her was a barren waste.

"He raved of her lovely qualities of mind and person—I was too amazed to speak.

"When I tried to argue Aleck swore he would never leave Constantinople without this girl as his wife—he would rather die with her than live without her.

"What could I do with such a hot head, Miss Avis? Words fell upon a deaf ear. He insisted that I should help him.

"As a last resort I agreed to see the owner of the harem, and leaving Aleck in the room we occupied I had an interview with the guide we had engaged.

"I discovered that the Pasha was away, but his agent could be seen, so an hour later I was in his presence. I could talk a little Turkish, but took an old schoolmate or hodja along to act as interpreter.

"Here I only met disappointment, for I found that the Pasha was one of the richest men in all Turkey, and would not sell one of the inmates of his harem at any price. Incidentally I also learned that the girl Sady was soon to become an inmate of the Pasha's seraglio as a wife.

"I knew full well that this news would drive Aleck wild, but to my surprise he took it calmly. I was deceived by his manner, and believed he had come to his senses.

"Several more days came, and we made preparations for leaving the City of the Golden Horn. Most of our things had gone, and I was thinking of getting tickets, when Aleck came to me and told me to make it three—that he meant to steal Sady from the harem on this night, and by the time the bold theft was discovered we would all be outside of Turkish territory.

"I was amazed at his boldness, and told him he was mad. To make a long story short, I found that he was bound to attempt this insane project, whether I helped him or not, and as it is not my nature to desert a friend, no matter what the wild goose chase he may be engaged on, I found myself in the plot.

"Everything had been arranged. It was a moonlight night, and we had no trouble in entering the sacred grounds. Here Sady met us, and when I saw her face peep from under the vail I did not wonder poor Aleck had gone wild over her beauty, for she was charming—a Georgian girl, I believe.

"All went well until we drew near the boat, then out of the thicket sprang a score or more of savage looking Turks armed with clubs. They attacked us fiercely. I looked around for the guide, but he had disappeared, the heathen dog having betrayed us, seeing he could get no more money out of Aleck after that night.

"Both of us fought like tigers, but it was of no avail. I saw Aleck beaten down, and was sorely pressed myself. Above the fierce cries I heard the deep voice of a man whom I rightly judged to be the Pasha himself, shouting, 'To the water with the Christian dogs! Drown them like rats in the Bosphorus.'

"Several picked Aleck up—he was to all appearances dead, but I made a rush to save him. A cudgel struck me, and I fell across the form of my friend, senseless. They must have thrown me into the Bosphorus, for the cold water revived me, and desperately I struggled to the surface.

"Heaven was kind, for a black cloud hid the face of the moon, and my enemies did not see me swim away; but I returned when they had gone, to search for poor Aleck, and only gave up the hunt when the night was well spent.

"I left Constantinople, and have not been there since, but expect to shortly —in fact, I was heading that way when I learned that you were to be in Madrid, and hence came down here from Barcelona to make the acquaintance of Aleck's sister, and see if she was the kind of girl to join me in an enterprise I have on hand."

If this is the true reason of Jack's coming to Madrid, then the fact that the lovely Catalan flower girl would be at the bull-fight cuts only a side issue in it. Men do not always tell all they know.

At his words Avis looks up—tears are in her eyes, but upon her face a look of wonder—of startled curiosity. What does he mean? His language is strange, indeed. So she puts the question to him.

"By the merest accident in the wide world I have learned a certain

DON'T LIKE THE CITY.

They hain't no peace a livin'
In this ere smoky town,
With folks an' kyars an' bosses
A chargin' all aroun'.

The world is full o' troubles—
You're boun' to hav enuff
'Thout wearin' out your sperits
A hustlin' fer "the stuff."

Hits hustle for grub an' eat it,
An' hustle fer clothes to wear—
Hit's hustle jest simply to hustle,
An' hustle fer water an' air.

Jest gimme a farm in Pickens
With one o' them free stone spring,
An' take yer blasted old city
With its hustlers an' banks an' thing.
—Atlanta Constitution.

ARGUMENT UNANSWERABLE.

So She Thought Because the Editor Did Not Reply.

"Has Scribbler's Magazine printed the poem you sent them?" he asked of the girl in the green gown.

"Oh, my! Didn't I tell you about it? I am sure I did," she replied.

"I think you are mistaken."

"Really? I thought I did. You see it was this way."

"They accepted it?"

"Oh, no. They sent it back, saying that it was unavailable."

"Yes."

"Well, I knew a good deal better, and I told them so. I wrote the editor a long letter in which I analysed all of the poems which he had printed the last six months, and I proved to him conclusively that the poem I sent was suitable for the magazine, and ever so much better than any he had ever printed."

"He admitted it?"

"Yes."

"Let me see it."

"What?"

"The letter from the editor."

"Oh, he didn't send any."

"I don't understand."

"There wasn't any necessity for him to reply. You see my argument was unanswerable."

"I don't understand. Did he print the poem?"

"No, indeed. You don't suppose I'd send it to him again after he had insulted me by sending it back. But his admission of its merit was a great thing."

And he changed the subject of conversation.

A Woman's Way.

"What have you been doing, turning the parlor into a kindling wood factory?"

"No, only sharpening a pencil."

A Cynical Sire.

"Did you speak to my father?" said Miss Gushley.

"Yes," replied the young man with embarrassment.

"You told him that despite your humble fortune we wish to marry?"

"Yes—or something to that purpose."

"And what did he reply? That I was too young?"

"No—not exactly. He said I was old enough to have more sense."—Washington Star.

Not a Millionaire.

Jobson—So you've moved into your new house, Jepson?

Jepson—Yes; moved in last week.

Job.—Going to have a housewarming?

Jep.—Have a housewarming with coal at ten dollars a ton? Do you think I'm a millionaire.—Boston Courier.

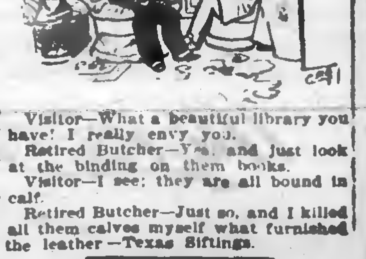
Two Married Men.

"Why do you insist upon taking your wife out for such long walks in this rough weather?"

"The doctor has told her that she must be very careful not to talk when she is out in the cold air."

"Say, whose your doctor?"—Cleveland Leader.

A Literary Butcher.



Visitor—What a beautiful library you have! I really envy you.

Retired Butcher—Yes, and just look at the binding on them books.

Visitor—I see; they are all bound in calf.

Retired Butcher—Just so, and I killed all them calves myself what furnished the leather.—Texas Siftings.

Windsor Salt Purest and Best for Table and Dairy. No adulteration. Never cakes.

Which would you rather trust? An old, true friend of twenty years, or a stranger? You may have little health left. Will you risk it with a stranger? If you have a cough, are losing flesh, if weak and pale, if consumption stares you in the face, lean on Scott's Emulsion. It has been a friend to thousands for more than twenty years. They trust it and you can trust it.

Let us send you a book telling you all about it. Free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscomb a, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8 55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A card on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend he ever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "Pellets" will not cure. They cure *permanently*. Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

Dr Ryerson

Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 2d40 1w8

OAK HALL.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

SOBBENKE ZWEIBACKEN.

By Bjornsten Byjiminyson.

Her parents had a boy and then they had a girl, and they called her Sobbenke Zweibacken when they had time. They went to church and sat in the seat where they could sleep the most. They lived in a place where the sun shone. The girl grew to be very beautiful. She did not know it. This was very convenient, for she did not need so many fine clothes. Her eyes were blue and she had red hair.

She wandered over the heather. She looked over at the house of Borjen Bjunderlaken's father, where every window pane had a wink in it.

She also had a twinkle in her eye.

"Life here is lead slow," said Sobbenke Zweibacken. "I would seek other lands."

The heather rustled, and then it rustled two times.

Borjen Bjunderlaken stood before her. He had a carpet bag and a steamer trunk.

"Why do you not fly with me?" he asked.

He was a large, big man and he grinned.

"You should know the not why," sobbed Sobbenke Zweibacken, and covered her entire face with her hands.

"What big hands!" said Borjen Bjunderlaken, and took as much of one of them as he could in both his own.

They sat down on the steamer trunk and thought. The sun shone on the sunshiny places, and then the moon came out.

"Your hands shall be our fortune," sighed Borjen Bjunderlaken, and he had a very hoarse sob in his throat two times.

They took a ship and sailed to Newa Yorksta.

Now there is a sign in Sixth avenue. It is painted black upon white. I saw it. You may see it if you will. It is in a sunshiny place. It is a big sign. It reads:

SOBBENKE ZWEIBACKEN,
Swedish Massage Operator.

Her hands were her fortune and his. Borjen Bjunderlaken sits in the sunshiny places. He is in Easy street all day.—New York Herald.

Natural Philosophy.

"Papa," asked Bobby, "what is natural philosophy?"

"My son," began papa, as he leaned back in his chair and looked wise, "I am glad to hear you ask such sensible questions. Natural philosophy. You see this little stick? Well, I will toss it up and there! down it comes. Now you know that it ascended in the air and dropped to the floor, but you don't know why it—"

"Did natural philosophy cause it to drop?"

"No, er—n-not exactly. It is the law of gravitation that causes all bodies to—"

"Did natural philosophy make it go up?"

"No, no-not exactly. That was force transmitted to it by my hand, and—"

"Did natural philosophy cause it to bounce when it struck the floor?"

"No, n-not exactly. That was the elasticity of the wood which—"

"Did natural philosophy cause it to make a noise when it struck the floor?"

"No, n-not exactly. That was the vibration of the—"

"Papa, what is natural philosophy?"

"Bobby, don't bother me with your silly questions. If I hear another word out of you I'll give you some of it with my slipper."

Such is life.

Dark Deeds.

Bilkins—Say, old man, I hear that Smith is engaged in a business that won't bear the light of day.

Wilkins—You don't mean it! Counterfeiting, eh?

Bilkins—Oh, no; he's only developing photographs.

The Sole Exception.

"How sorely you must miss your wife!" said the sympathetic friend in tones suitable for expressing condolence. "Her familiar step, the touch of her hand, the sound of her voice—"

"Er—h'm! Especially the sound of her voice," replied Deacon Peck, whose helpmate of more than a quarter of a century had been taken from him by death. "Especially the sound of her voice. For nearly thirty years we dwelt together, and as far as I know the only man who ever talked to her to whom she didn't talk back was the minister who performed our marriage ceremony."

GAMBOLING OVER A MAGAZINE.

The Lethargy of the Great Powers as Compared With the Activity of Greece.

New York, Feb. 21.—Mr. Isaac N. Ford cables to The Tribune: European diplomacy ceases to be a harmless game of blind's man's buff when a pistol shot is suddenly fired in the centre of the room. Greece, the spoiled child of Europe, has interrupted the game, and the powers are now aware that they have been gambolling over a powder magazine. The habit of lethargy has become a second nature, and the powers in the Cretan crisis have concentrated their energies upon prolonging the concert of inaction. They have induced the Sultan not to reinforce the Turkish garrisons in Crete, but to leave them at liberty to do his police work; they have raised six flags at Canea, and have landed a small force of marines, crying "Hands off" both to Turks and Greeks. A force of 2000 Greeks under Colonel Vassos has already landed without resistance from the European squadron, and this army cannot be expelled, since it is now reorganizing the civil administration of the island. The powers, having failed to prevent the Greek occupation of Crete, are now attempting to prohibit the despatch of further reinforcements, and are stopping transports and threatening to blockade the Piraeus.

Meanwhile, the Sultan, after mobilizing on paper a fleet which cannot float, is concentrating the Turkish army in Macedonia for a campaign on the mainland, and King George has called out the reserves, is accepting the help of revolutionary volunteers, and is sending every regiment into Thessaly. The powers are acting together, but find it impossible to hunt with the hounds and run with the hare. The Eastern question is apparently passing out of their control. The Greeks are lectured daily in The Times and other Conservative journals for their contumacy, obstinacy and recklessness. They are evidently the jingoes of the near East, who are inspired with generous and chivalrous impulses for a people in distress, and are lacking in reverence for the European concert of inaction, under which Turkey's appalling crimes in Armenia and Asia Minor have been licensed and condoned. They have gone to the rescue of Crete, just as Americans took up the cause of Venezuela, even at the risk of involving the Anglo-Saxon family in war.

Such conduct is not understood by the Conservative censors in England, but is condemned as jingoish, thoughtless and highly reprehensible. It arouses sympathy among Liberals and plain people. Mr. Gladstone and The Chronicle are already warning the Government that the English fleet must not be allowed to fire upon the Greek ships, and that the Sultan is an outlaw, whose battles cannot be fought by English sailors and marines. There is evidence that the Liberal leaders will offer a united opposition to the policy of blockading Crete and coercing Greece, and there are signs of popular agitation more powerful than the ill-directed Armenian movement.

What is apparent is that the Greeks have rescued Crete from the oppressive rule of the Turks, and it is not probable that the English people will consent to have the work of deliverance undone and the island handed back to the Sultan to be governed by methods of assassination. No majority is large enough to render secure the position of the Government which supports so wicked and abominable a policy as that. As for the trend of Continental opinion, it is most difficult to forecast it. France and Italy are friendly to the Greek cause from purely sentimental reasons, but are waiting for Russia to reveal her policy; Germany and Austria are the strongest opponents of Greek ambition, and are the real advocates of the blockade of the Piraeus. Russia remains as inscrutable as the sphinx. Constantinople is her goal, but she may not yet be ready to march.

THE TREATY IS SAFE.

Senator Sherman Says It Will Have the Necessary Two Thirds Majority When the Vote is Taken.

New York, Feb. 21.—The Herald to-day prints the following special despatch from Washington under last night's date: Senator Sherman intimates that the influence of the McKinley administration will be exerted in favor of the general arbitration treaty, and he is positive the treaty will be ratified by the Senate.

"I have not the slightest doubt that the treaty will receive the votes of the necessary two-thirds of the Senate when a vote is reached," the Senator said to-night. "We have two-thirds now, and the friends of the treaty will be stronger after March 4. The vote taken in executive session, about which I am not permitted to speak in detail, shows that the treaty is safe. Some of the strongest friends of the compact voted for postponement."

Mrs Homier on Trial.

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The preliminary trial of Mrs. Homier for the murder of her husband was in progress in Hull yeterday before Magistrate Champaigne. Mrs. Homier did not display the slightest sign of agitation at being placed in jail yesterday. During the night she seemed to sleep as composedly and soundly as if she were at her own home.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand for flour is slack, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7, and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The local wheat market is quiet, with fair offerings and the demand restricted. Holders are encouraged by higher prices in Liverpool and Chicago. Red winter is nominal at 74c, and white at 73c, outside. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 90c to 91c, Toronto freight, and at 87c, Midland. No. 2 hard is quoted at 84c to 85c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Trade is dull, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 28c and No. 2 sold at 27c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is firmer, with sales of white at 18½c west, and mixed is quoted at 17½c.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c north and west, and at 40c on Midland.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 34c, east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 20.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 5d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 20s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 4¼d for March, 6s 3¼d for May, and 6s 4¾d for July. Maize firm at 2s 7¼d for March, 2s 8¼d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 21s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage rather firmer. Maize on passage firmer.

Paris—Close—Wheat firm at 22f 30c for March. Flour firm at 46f 60c for Feb. and March.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt.	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 05
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 3½	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE'S
Syrup of
LINSEED
and
TURPENTINE
cures
All Throat and
Lung Troubles
Teaspoonful Doses
PRICE 25 CENTS

IN

HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

...FOR...

Easy Running Qualities Beauty of Design

EXCELLENCE OF FINISH

NATTINESS OF APPEARANCE

We're First

WELLAND VALE MANF'G CO'Y Lt'd

Toronto Store— 77 YONGE STREET

Factory— ST. CATHARINES, ONT

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7.468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$1,508,688	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	272,462

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L.V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next doo north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clurton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. B. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.

SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
A. [illegible] J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT

ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Motherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER

ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vievi Co'y, 380 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyd&w

High-Class

FURS!

At Prices deemed impossible before this Sale.

From to-day on prices of our Furs change in your favor. It is clean up and clear out time to prepare the way for our change of business and the change in the season. The last of this season's reductions. The Furs are yours from to-day on at less than wholesale cost. Fully ½ less than former prices.

Call and secure a bargain in Furs for next if not this season's wear. It will pay you.

Fairweather & Co

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

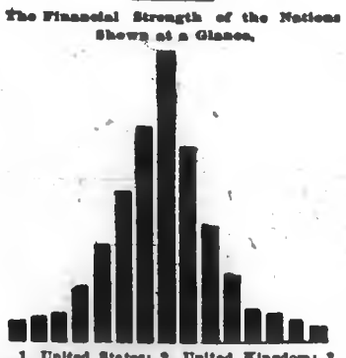
2 Doors from Post Office

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897

AN OBJECT LESSON.

The Financial Strength of the Nations Shown at a Glance.



1, United States; 2, United Kingdom; 3, France; 4, Germany; 5, Russia; 6, Austria; 7, Italy; 8, Spain; 9, Australia; 10, Belgium; 11, Holland; 12, Canada; 13, Sweden; 14, Roumania; 15, Argentina.

The above cut, taken from the eminent British statistician, Mulhall, shows the comparative wealth of nations, the wealth being visible and tangible property of the nation indicated by the number on the column and the corresponding number in the foot note below the cut. The height of the columns in the group represent the wealth of the different countries in land, cattle, horses, furniture, railways, ships, merchandise, bullion, etc., and here are the proportionate totals in English money:

United States	£12,824,000,000
Great Britain	9,400,000,000
France	8,508,000,000
Germany	6,457,000,000
Russia	5,000,000,000
Austria	3,855,000,000
Italy	2,903,000,000
Spain	2,516,000,000
Australia	1,373,000,000
Belgium	1,007,000,000
Holland	980,000,000
Canada	960,000,000

After that the figures run down to Argentina, with its £509,000,000, Sweden and Roumania being a little more than half way between Canada and the latter figures.

Of course, in a contest between the nations this array of wealth does not at all indicate their borrowing powers.

CASTORIA.

Bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher in use for over thirty years.

BOURKE GETS THE JOB

Of Putting on the Roof of the Western Wing.

He is Said to Have Had Another Job, But is Not Very Anxious, Apparently, to Push it Through—Some Things for the Government to Consider in Regard to the Inland Revenue Building—A Norwegian on a Pulp Wood Mission—The Faithful Putting Up Money to Make Themselves Eligible for Jobs—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Mr. Joseph Bourke of Hull has been awarded the contract for placing a temporary roof over the Western block. This is the gentleman who is supposed to be contractor for the Dominion Reformatory at Alexandria, but who, since the Liberals came into power, has found it convenient not to do any work upon the Reformatory, because he finds that he is some $30,000 below the departmental estimate, and if he goes on with the structure it can only be at a great financial loss to himself. Until such time as Mr. Tarte can relieve Mr. Bourke legally of the responsibility devolving upon him, or allow him a better price, the Hull contractor will be kept busy here in Ottawa fixing up the West block to enable permanent repairs to be proceeded with under cover.

No decision has yet been reached in the matter of the nature of the new roof, or as regards a new Records building.

Another question which the Government will have to face is as to the disposition of the laboratory branch of the Inland Revenue Department. This is at present located on the first floor of the Mackenzie wing, and is filled with dangerous compounds and inflammable material. At any moment the Mackenzie wing may be in a blaze by an explosion of some of these combustibles. The Government have already had a warning by the total destruction of the laboratory at the Central Experimental farm last summer, and the suggestion has now been made to the Ministers to put up a special building to accommodate the analysts of the Inland Revenue, the chemists of the Experimental Farm, and the chemists of the Geological Survey. Although each is a separate branch of the public service, yet it is obvious that a single Dominion laboratory would be of great advantage. If the three branches are united under one roof there need be no clashing of interests. Each has its separate sphere of labor, but many of the appliances could be used in common, so that to that extent there would be saving in public expenditure. The matter is one deserving of prompt consideration by the Government.

Dr. Drewsen, a leading chemist of New York and an expert in the manufacture of wood pulp for paper making, was here yesterday, advising the E. B. Eddy Co. in regard to certain matters affecting their business. Dr. Drewsen, who is a Norwegian by birth, takes great interest in matters affecting the United States and Canada, and in conversation freely discussed the present position of the pulp industry. He admits that the supply of pulp wood is failing in the United States, and that the manufacturers there are now looking to Canada to keep their mills going. If an export duty were placed on pulp wood Dr. Drewsen sees no other alternative open to American manufacturers than that they must come and manufacture their pulp in this country. This is a pointer to the Government and Parliament which is well worthy of consideration, more especially as the United States is about to increase the duty on sawn lumber.

Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon Mr. Joseph Martin to contest Winnipeg in the event of Mr. Hugh John Macdonald being unseated. Mr. Martin does not feel very enthusiastic about re-entering politics after the way in which he has been treated. Mr. Sifton, however, is anxious to get Joseph back in the House, but there are other Ministers who are just as well satisfied to have Mr. Martin continue with his mining enterprises.

These are great days for the Ottawa Reform Association. Not for a long while has there been such a rush of applications for membership. There is work on the hill, and plenty of it, for the faithful. Those looking for work want to show that they are of the "faithful," and so it is that Rock Ronan, Secretary of the Reform Club, is raking in the dollars just now and recording the names of new members in order that these latter may get work under Mr. Tarte's department at a dollar or a dollar and a half a day.

T. H. Freeland, Vice-President, and T. Robertson, Secretary, of the American Bank Note Engraving Company of New York are in the city in connection with the contract which has been awarded the company by the Government for engraving Dominion notes, stamps, etc. The contract is now being engrossed. It permits the company to import their dies so that the engraving will be done in New York.

Messrs. Robertson and Freeland were asked as to their intentions about employing Canadian labor. They replied that they did not intend to bring over any Americans to Ottawa. On the contrary, it was their intention to bring some young Canadians to New York to teach them the American Bank Note Company's methods of business.

"We can get all the men we require in Ottawa," said Mr. Freeland, "and we don't therefore intend to employ anything but Canadian labor. Why should we bring men to Ottawa, when we can get them here?"

This is one way of putting the best face on this deal, but all that Canadians will get out of it in the way of work will be very little. They will get all the common work, but the skilled engravers now here will have to move elsewhere, probably out of the country.

Sir Charles Tupper, who arrived here last night, expresses himself as strongly opposed to the postponement of the date of the meeting of Parliament, not that he desires to hamper the Government in its work, but because he is anxious to see the premier colony represented at the Queen's Diamond Jubilee, and he is afraid Mr. Laurier will not be able to get away to attend if the meeting of the House is postponed. Mr. Laurier called at Sir Charles Tupper's house to-day to discuss the matter with him, but unfortunately Sir Charles did not happen to be at home.

Mr. Lount, M.P., was here yesterday and had an interview with Mr. Fielding regarding the trouble between the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association and its Canadian policy holders. Seeing that no satisfaction or information regarding the methods of the association can be got at the Canadian office, Mr. Lount asks that Mr. Fitzgerald, Superintendent of Insurance, be sent to the head office at Boston to look into the company's books, and that if the company refuse him access to them then that the Minister should suspend the company's operations in the Dominion.

The Government of Canada will cooperate in the application which the Newfoundlanders are now making in London for the appointment of a British Consul to look after Imperial interests in the Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. These islands have been the headquarters of the contraband liquor trade for years, and if a reliable man were sent there he might be of great service to the Government in stopping this traffic.

The council of the Dominion Rifle Association will meet on the 23rd of March to consider the question of expenditure in connection with the erection of permanent Canadian quarters at Bisley. With the handsome offers of assistance which have come from various Canadian interests, it is felt that the D.R.A. will be able to keep well within its appropriation from Parliament in the erection of the edifice.

City Clerk Henderson has received word from New Zealand that the Government of that colony aids the capital city of Wellington by paying the entire cost of the police force, and grants the city £4500 per annum in lieu of taxation.

In the Supreme Court yesterday argument was continued in the appeal case of Mackenzie v. Mackenzie, and on conclusion of the argument of counsel for the appellant the appeal was dismissed. The court then adjourned, owing to a slight indisposition of one of the judges, until to-morrow. When the Maritime Provinces list has been disposed of it is probable the court will adjourn for a few days before taking up the list of appeals from Quebec.

Invitations to the Governor-General's state dinner at Rideau Hall on the night of the opening of Parliament, the 11th of March, were issued yesterday, and an intimation of the drawing room in the evening following. The functions will, however, have to be postponed on account of the session being delayed.

The Canada Gazette has another application for a big railway scheme. It is for a road from Chesterfield Inlet, on the Hudson Bay, to Great Slave Lake, and from a point on the Mackenzie River to a point on the Porcupine and Yukon Rivers.

Special sittings of the Exchequer Court have been fixed to take place in the court houses of the following cities on the dates named: Ottawa, March 29; Toronto, April 6; Montreal, April 13; Quebec, April 20; Ottawa, April 26; St. John, N.B., May 20; Halifax, May 25; Ottawa, June 7.

Levi Thompson of Wolseley and Alex. D. Cameron of Brandon have been appointed commissioners to investigate charges against various officers at Moosomin, N.W.T.

The return of Messrs. Heyd of Brantford and Graham of North Ontario was gazetted yesterday.

Capt. Bloomfield Douglas has just concluded a hearing at Digby, N.S., where six parties summoned to appear put in no appearance and a seventh acknowledged the charge.

Dr. Borden leaves this week for Lakewood, New Jersey, for the benefit of his health.

Mr. Sidney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, gives a dance next Tuesday evening at the racquet court.

The residence of Mr. Klock, M.P. for Niphissing, at Klock's Mills, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday.

D. C. Fraser, M.P., is here. He says this will be the best lumber year Nova Scotia has had for a long time, the output this year amounting to fifty million feet.

Mr. Mcregor, M.P., was in town yesterday on departmental business.

Mr. W. R. Riddell, Q.C., was here yesterday, and saw Mr. Blair to urge a subsidy to the Cobourg, Northumberland and Pacific Railway.

Mr. Fraser, M.P., has been invited to deliver an address at Quebec under the auspices of St. Patrick's Society on March 17.

Sir Richard Cartwright left for Avon Springs, New York, yesterday. The Minister of Trade and Commerce is again suffering from rheumatism.

Dr. Guay, M.P., is hot foot after the assistant clerkship of the Commons.

HER 100TH BIRTHDAY

Celebrated by Madam Raymond at Montreal Yesterday—A Daughter Aged 81 The Numerous Progeny.

Montreal, Feb. 21.—(Special.) — One hundred years ago to-day an infant daughter was born to Laurent and Esther Le Roux, who then resided at L'Assomption, P.Q., and, wonderful to relate, she celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth today at the Hotel Dieu Hospital in the City of Montreal. The story of this lady's life reads like a romance. Few men or women now living can remember as far back as the day on which the battle of Waterloo was fought, yet about the time Napoleon Bonaparte was preparing a supreme effort for his dynasty Miss Le Roux had reached the age of 18 and became the wife of J. M. Reaymond in French Canada, in the year of our Lord, 1815. In other words, she came into the world while Bonaparte was with the victorious army of Italy and became a bride a few days before Wellington and Blucher crushed the empire at Mont St. Jean. The old lady became a widow in 1843 and some years later one of her daughters entered the religious order of the Hotel Dieu. Madame Reaymond was much attached to the young nun and, entering the hospital, she has been a boarder at that institution for almost 40 years. Her health is good, her faculties unimpaired, and she can read print and see quite as well as many who have only half the number of years to their credit. Her memory is excellent, and while surrounded to-day by loving friends and relatives she recalled many incidents that took place during her early girlhood, and spoke of the pleasure she yet obtained from life.

Madame Reaymond has five sons and daughters, 35 grandchildren, 160 great-grandchildren and four great-great-grandchildren, making five generations in this life.

Her children are as follows:

Madame Vezeria of Laprairie, aged 81.

Madame Panteux, aged 76, who resides with her son, the agent for the London and North British Insurance Company.

Madame Savageau, 74, residing in St. Louis, Mo.

Madame Magloire Lanelot, 68, living at St. Hyacinth, while the fifth is Mr. Gustave A. Reaymond, aged 63, agent for the Seminary of St. Sulpice, in this city.

The wife of Hon. L. J. Forget of the Canadian Senate is a granddaughter of this remarkable old lady.

MISS KISSICK'S CASE.

The Young Woman Charged With Incendiarism at Ottawa is Now at Liberty on Bail.

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The charges of arson against Miss Kissick, a domestic at the Harmon school, were called yesterday in the Police Court, but the police were unable to proceed with their case. Miss Harmon, Miss Lee and half a dozen other witnesses from the school, who were summoned, failed to put in an appearance. The Magistrate adjourned the case until Monday and issued warrants for the witnesses. The detectives who have been working on the case at the earnest solicitation of Miss Harmon, are considerably annoyed at the action of the Principal and staff in failing to put in an appearance. Mr. Latchford, who represented Miss Kissick, protested against the young woman being detained longer. She was liberated on bail.

SOME OLD BOOKS.

The first anthology was a collection of Greek poems, epigrams and other small pieces by Archilochus, Sappho, Somonides, Meleager, Plato and others between 690 and 95 B.C.

In 1471 a French baron offered a pledge of ten marks of silver that a copy of Avincenna, which he desired to read, would be returned, and even with this security, equal in our money to over $40, his request was refused.

It is asserted by typographical authority that the first Bible printed in America was "John Eliot's Indian Bible," in 1663. The language into which this bible was translated is extinct, and it is said only one or two persons are able to read it.

The "Book of Common Prayer," was prepared by the command of Henry VIII., in 1546. It underwent several revisions, but the second, made in the reign of Edward VI., very nearly approached the prayer book as used today in the Church of England. The prayer for the royal family was introduced by James I.

Most of the chapters of Livy, as well as some of the entire compositions of Cicero and other ancient authors, have been recovered from the palimpsests, the original writing having been partially effaced in order that the monkish transcribers might use the parchment for their homilies.

ODD AND CURIOUS.

The Mississippi River at the point where it flows out of Lake Itaska, is ten feet wide and eighteen inches deep.

The loftiest inhabited place in the world is the Buddhist monastery of Haine, in Thibet. It is about 17,000 feet above the sea.

On the summit of Ben Lomond may be seen the smallest tree that grows in Great Britain; it is known as the dwarf willow, and is, when mature, only about two inches in height.

The sea has no herbivorous inhabitant. Its population live on each other, and the whole of this immense expanse of water is one great slaughter house, where the strong forever prey upon the weak.

Many savage nations worshiped only the malevolent deities, on the principle that the good gods would do all they could for humanity anyhow, while the evil gods or demons needed conciliation.

A bird of immense wing power is the tiny stormy petrel; it belongs to every sea, and, although so seeming frail, it breasts the utmost fury of the storm; skimming with incredible velocity the trough of the waves and gliding rapidly over their snowy crests. Petrels have been observed 2000 miles from nearest land.

Out of the Question

St. Peter—Sorry, Mr. Gerry, but I really can't, you know.

Shade—Don't you know that when on earth I was the president of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children?

St. Peter—That's all right, old man, but we don't need you here. I couldn't afford to come to you for a permit every time the cherubs wanted to sing and dance.

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(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

For Body, Brain and Nerves

Gives Appetite,

Produces Refreshing Sleep.

A SAFEGUARD AGAINST

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DOSE—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

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Gold Lack Sec Champagne

Old Empire Rye Whisky

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

SHUTTING DOWN

— ON —

LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

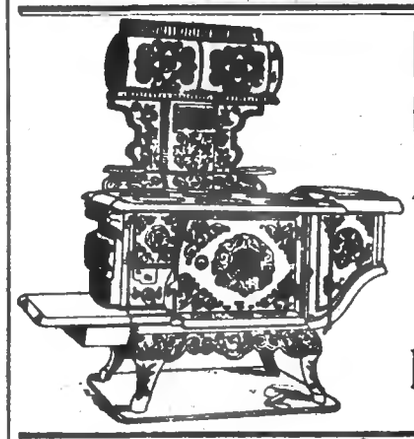
Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who cave their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

The Latest Humor.

IF HE SHOULD GET HIS WISH.

The poet sings in measures sweet,
With touch of memory's woe,
How much he longs once more to greet
The girl of long ago.

But, ten to one, if fate should bring
Them face to face again,
He'd shine up to her daughter, for
That is the way with men.

Much Cause to Thank Them.

Of a certain bishop the following anecdote is told:

While presiding over a conference, a speaker began a tirade against the universities and education, expressing thankfulness that he had never been corrupted by contact with a college.

After proceeding for a few minutes the bishop interrupted with the question:

"Do I understand that Mr. X. is thankful for his ignorance?"

"Well, yes," was the answer, "you can put it that way if you like."

"Well, all I have to say," said the prelate, in sweet and musical tones, "all I have to say is—that Mr. X. has much to be thankful for."—London Answers.

New Method of Securing Rubber.

Apropos to the numerous articles which have appeared lately regarding the probability of the exhaustion of the future supply of rubber is the report of a United States consul at Nicaragua, who reports that a method of securing the rubber less destructive to the trees has been found. Heretofore the trees have been cut down or the liquid made to exud from incisions at the foot of the tree, but it has been found that the leaves of the rubber tree yield a purer and more abundant supply.

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I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 301 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 45. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE ONTARIO ASSEMBLY

Government Will Regulate the Form of Bookkeeping.

An Act to Provide for an Audit—Auditors Will Have Full Power to Summon Witnesses and Compel the Production of Books Just as a Court A Pointer About Municipal Debts—How Money Must Be Kept by Treasurers—What Toronto Will Ask from the Legislature This Session.

Toronto, Feb. 22.

The Attorney-General proposes to introduce an Act to make better Provision for the Keeping and Auditing of Municipal and School Board Accounts," and authorizes the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint an officer to be known as the provincial municipal auditor, and confers power upon that officer to frame rules, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, to regulate the form of books of account to be kept by treasurers and the system of bookkeeping to be adopted and the manner in which securities and moneys of municipalities and school boards are to be kept and the auditing of said documents, that the auditor shall prepare lists of books for use by the various classes of municipalities except cities, and when approved by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council these books are to be procured and used in these municipalities.

The auditor may also, if directed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, prepare books of account for the use of school boards. The auditor may at any time on his own motion, when requested by a member of the municipal council, if directed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, or if required by requisition in writing, signed by 30 ratepayers, make a full audit and inspection of the books and moneys in the hands of the treasurer or collector, or the auditor may authorize the work to be done by some person to be approved by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. The auditor is to have full power to summon witnesses and to compel the production of books and documents in the same manner as in court, and municipal treasurers within five days from their appointment to office are to inform the auditor of their appointment, giving him their full name and postoffice address, and the auditor is to report to the municipality and to make such recommendations as may seem to him to be necessary for the due carrying out of the law. It is to be the duty of the members to see that the Act is duly carried out. The expenses of an inquiry made by the auditor are to be paid by the municipality to the Provincial Treasurer when the auditor personally conducts the inquiry or to the person deputed by him in other cases.

The auditor is to be paid by salary. He is to report annually upon the number and character of the investigations made by him and as to any changes in the rules or law which he may consider advisable. Every bank or company in which the treasurer of a municipality or school board has deposited moneys as such treasurer is to state the balance in the hands of the bank or company at any time when requested to do so by a member of the council or school board, and shall, quarterly, on the first days of January, April, July and October in each year, deliver to the head of the municipality or chairman of the school board a statement showing the balance of such treasurer's account at the close of business on the last day of the preceding month, and the statement is to be read at the next regular meeting of the council or school board.

Every mortgagor or other person liable for the payment of moneys secured by mortgage by or held by municipalities, on the 31st day of December, is to deliver to the head of the municipality a statement of the amount remaining unpaid upon such mortgage on that date, and such statement is to be laid before the council at its next regular meeting.

The treasurers of municipalities and school boards are to keep all moneys held by them as such entirely separate from their own moneys, and are to deposit the same to a separate account, which shall show that the money so deposited is the money of such municipality or school board.

Other bills received their first reading as follows:

Mr. Hardy—An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the administration of justice in those portions of the province which are outside of county organization. This Act regulates the sittings of the courts, the powers of District Courts and judges, the legal officers, Division Courts and other matters connected with the administration of justice in the districts.

Mr. Gibson of Huron—An Act to amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Ryerson—Bill to amend the Municipal Act. Bill respecting the liabilities of hospital trustees.

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return showing (1) any instructions issued to the Provincial Auditor by the Government or Provincial Treasurer regarding his duties; (2) copies of his reports to the Executive Council; (3) copies of reports to the House, the number of witnesses examined by him in the years 1894-95-96 and expense attendant on such examinations.

Mr. Ryerson—Inquiry of Ministry. Is it the intention of the Government to dismiss on the grounds of offensive partisanship, or neglect of Government business, any of its officials who took an active part in the late Dominion election?

Mr. W. B. Beatty—From the municipality of Sandridge, for amendments to the law relating to the collection of back taxes.

Mr. Dynes—From Dufferin County Council, re the emoluments to registrars and also to amend the County Councils Act.

Mr. Maclean—From the Town Council of Napanee, asking that before a provincial grant be given any railway, it shall be made a condition of such grant that all rolling stock be made in Canada.

Mr. St. John—From John Mallon and others of the City of Toronto, for an Act to incorporate the Township of Humber.

Mr. Kidd—From the Carleton County Council, for amendments to the General Road Companies Act.

Mr. Miscampbell—From the corporation of Penetanguishene, for an Act to authorize the payment of debentures amounting to $3000 of the Protestant Separate School Board.

Mr. Pardo—From the Chatham City and Suburban Railway, for amendments to their Act of Incorporation.

Mr. Richardson—From the Council of North Toronto, asking for legislation to empower them: (1) To reduce the number of councillors; (2) to receive from the County of York $500 per annum towards the maintenance of that portion of Yonge-street within the town; (3) to extend the waterworks system, to aid any Street Railway Company running to and from Toronto, to receive an assignment from York County Council of all their rights over the Metropolitan Street Railway Co. in so far as the same is operated in said town, to authorize the chief constable to collect dog taxes.

Mr. Farwell—From Rinaldo McConnell and others of Nipissing, for an Act to incorporate the Mineral and Timber Electric Railway.

Mr. Kerns—From the County Council of Halton, for amendments to the General Road Companies Act.

Dr. Ryerson—From the corporation of Toronto, representing that application was made last session on behalf of certain property owners on Hamilton-street or North Gladstone-avenue, to amend the Act which had validated among other debenture bylaws the one for the extension of Gladstone-avenue. The clause which was drawn up in the city's private bill was more extensive than had been asked for, as it gave all persons upon Gladstone-avenue the right to bring an action against the city in respect of the rates for this street extension. The petitioners ask that the Act be amended to grant relief only to such persons on Gladstone-avenue as applied for it. Also to relieve the residents on Hamilton-street of one-half the rates for street extension. Also to confirm and validate any agreement which may be arrived at between the Mayor of Toronto and the Toronto Railway looking to the extension of the present street railway service to the Island. Also for leave to use the revenue derived from the Street Railway Company to build such bridge or bridges as are necessary to complete this service. Also to confirm and validate any agreement which may be arrived at as to the character and extent of a Sunday service of street cars in the city of Toronto, in the event of the persons authorized by the said Act to vote thereon approving of the operation of street cars upon the Lord's Day.

The city also asks permission to charge for the use of areas or openings from buildings adjoining public highways to give air and light to the basements. Also for permission to widen the Queen-street subway either for its whole length or by permitting the walls on the south side of Queen-street west of Dufferin-street, and on Dufferin-street south of Queen-street to remain. Authority is also asked for proceeding with the assessment of part of the cost of straightening and improving the Don River, without obtaining a certificate, as though a certificate from a City Engineer or other city officer had been obtained.

In response to an order of the House made on March 18, 1896, Hon. E. J. Davis laid a return on the table showing the amount obtained from timber limits and timber dues in the township of Oakley, and all the expenditure of the Government in the township, and also for the District of Muskoka. The total revenue from the timber in the township was $134,295, and the expenditure $179,260. For Muskoka the respective amounts were $1,166 263 and $1,189,911.

An Unfortunate Comment.

Johnny—You're the meanest, hatefulest, spitefulest thing on him."

Tommy—An you're the crabbedest, ugliest—

Father—Boys, boys! You forget that your mother is in the room.

HUGH JOHN AS LEADER.

Manitoba Conservatives Think They Can Carry the Province If They Get Him.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 22.—(Special.—It may be taken for granted that if Sir Charles Tupper will consent to allow his retirement from Dominion politics, Hugh John Macdonald will lead the Conservative Opposition to the Greenway Government in this province. Local Conservatives are exceedingly anxious to secure Hugh John as leader. With the school question settled and Hugh John leading, they are confident they can carry the province at the next election. If Hugh John is leader, it will be possible for Conservatives to obtain strong candidates who otherwise would not run. Senator Kirchhoffer has been chosen by the local Conservatives to interview Sir Charles with the object of obtaining his consent to the proposed arrangement, and will see him in a few days. The Senator will set forth to Sir Charles the view of local Conservatives that it is much more important to have a Conservative Government in Manitoba than to retain the seat for Winnipeg. Hugh John will lead if Sir Charles will consent, but Hugh John through his friends speaks as if he did not believe Sir Charles would consent, and at all hazards he will remain loyal to Sir Charles. Failing Hugh John, local Conservatives will endeavor to persuade J. A. M. Aikins to become their leader.

NO FURTHER FIGHTING

But the Greeks are Full of the Warlike Spirit.

The Eastern Question Discussed in the British House of Commons—Liberals Express Indignation Because the Greeks Were Compelled by the Powers to Lower Their Flag—Representatives Return From the Interior and Terrified Neighbors With Them—Latest News.

London, Feb. 22.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Labouchere (Radical) moved to adjourn, with a view of discussing the situation in Crete, and the motion was seconded by John Dillon, the leader of the Irish National party.

A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, and the Government leader in the House, opposed the motion, and said there was absolute unanimity among the powers to avoid war. When they saw the masters of the colossal armies of Europe moved with the deepest anxiety lest war should be declared, surely it was not for authorities upon international affairs like Mr. Labouchere and Mr. Dillon to say that such fears were illusory. [Cries of "Oh, Oh!"] The united forces were responsible for peace, and the naval action they took at Canea yesterday was forced upon them in the interests of peace. Mr. Balfour expressed hope that debate on Mr. Labouchere's motion would stop where it was, as it would not serve the interests of Europe, nor would it benefit Greece or Crete.

Sir William Harcourt, leader of the Opposition, said that the country ought to know whether the Government were acting upon their old formula, the integrity of the Ottoman Empire, and, if they were not doing so, protested against it. To detach Crete from the rule of the Turk was the only policy worthy of Great Britain, and he hoped that such a policy would be pursued. To take up arms against a people who were rightly fighting for their freedom would not be tolerated by the country.

Prior to the introduction of Mr. Labouchere's motion to adjourn, Mr. Curson, Under Foreign Secretary, stated that the international squadron had no option but to forcibly prevent the insurgents from making an attack upon Canea. [Cries of "Oh, Oh!" and "Shame!"]

H. Campebll-Bannerman, who was Secretary of State for War in the Ministry of Lord Rosebery, asked that the House be furnished with a copy of the instructions which had been given to the admiral commanding the British warships at Canea, and said that the House would be glad to know whether his instructions bound him to do anything which the concerted European powers directed.

Mr. Balfour said he would enquire whether the instructions forwarded to the British Admiral could be produced. He would say, however, that the Admiral was not bound to act with the other powers against his own judgment.

Sir Charles Dilke (Liberal) said that the Greeks had reason to believe that Great Britain had twice led the concert of Europe to prevent them from getting what they otherwise would have obtained. The feeling of the country, he declared, was almost unanimously on the side of Greece.

Mr. Labouchere's motion was rejected by a vote of 243 to 126.

A despatch to the Central News from Constantinople says that official reports from Crete say that the total number of Moslems, men, women and children, who have been killed during the present troubles in that island is over 25,000, and 25 Moslem villages have been pillaged and burned.

No Greeks In It.

London, Feb. 22.—The Greek Charge D'Affaires here gives out the statement that no regular Greek troops took part in the attack which was made upon Canea yesterday. The Greek troops, in obedience to orders, he says, abstained and will continue to abstain from all hostilities toward foreigners in Crete.

Italy to Govern Pro Tem.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The Gaulois says the powers have agreed to entrust to Italy the authority to pacify and administer the affairs of the Island of Crete, pending the establishment of constitutional autonomy for the island.

Austrian Warships Sail

Vienna, Feb. 22.—Five Austrian warships sailed from Pola for Canea on Saturday. The powers have agreed that the granting of autonomy to the Island of Crete must be preceded by a complete cessation of Greek interference in the island.

GERMANY'S POSITION.

Her Main Object is Preservation of the Peace of Europe.

Berlin, Feb. 22.—In the Reichstag today the Government was interrogated on the attitude of Germany in the matter of the situation in Crete. Baron Marschall Von Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replied that the first task of Germany in Crete would be to secure the restoration of peace in the island and remove the danger of war which had been created by Greece's rupture of international law. Germany, he said, had no direct interest in the Orient. (Applause from

Continued on Page 8.

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRAND, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum
For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.
KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
IS THE DIRECT LINE TO THE GOLD FIELDS
—OF—
North-Western Ontario AND British Columbia
AND FOR ALL POINTS IN
"KOOTENAY" AND "CARIBOO"
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS
To British Columbia every Thursday and Friday.
The Second-Class Rates from all stations in Ontario, west of Sharbot Lake or Kingston, are, to Rat Portage $21.00, and to Nelson or Rossland $55.50, and proportionately low rates are made to all other points.
Get full information and Free Pamphlets from any Canadian Pacific Railway Agent, or write C. B. McPherson, 1 King-st East, Toronto.
ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 560 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 36wd

TO LET.
East ½ Lot 1, Con. 13, Township North Monaghan. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM.
39wd tf

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

General.

STORMER BICYCLE
HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 189 or 215. Day or night.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 205 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.

Moderate to fresh westerly and northerly winds; cloudy to fair and a little colder, with a few snow flurries.

R. F.

GOOD GOODS
Are Those that Most Advance the Reputation of a store.
It is by the quality a store sells that one can tell the class of trade that patronizes it.
JUST 100 PAIRS
Out of the 500 pair job lot of High-class Ladies' Kid Gloves left. Very desirable shades 50c., formerly sold at $1.25.
A FEW ITEMS
from our recent spring arrivals:—

2 yards wide Unbleached Sheeting	15c	per yard
5 pieces Job Bleached ....Sheeting, Twilled	15c	worth 25 cents
54 inch Linen Tabling	25c	
Heavy Bag Towelling	5c	
10 ends Union and All Wool Carpets	35c	per yard
50 doz. Ladies' H. S. Handkerchiefs	5c	worth 10 cts.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses	50c	very special
5,000 yards Crumb's New Spring Prints	12½c	
30 doz. ⅞ size Bleached Napkins	$1.00	worth $1.25

Ten New Lines in Ladies' White Underwear to be sold at special low prices for the next two weeks.
Every garment in our White Wear department is this season's styles.
We expect to receive early next week 50 Bales and Cases via S. S. "Lake Superior," Beaver Line, New Spring
Dress Goods, Silks, Carpets and Linoleums.
As hitherto the Golden Lion will be headquarters for fashionable Dry Goods, Carpets and Housefurnishings.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
283 George Street, Peterborough.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . 436 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.
ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need—no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

PRINTING
Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
☞No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER, B
Agent and Ass't Sec

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company
HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600 000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.
Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Severe Case of Dyspepsia

"I suffered from dyspepsia 20 years. I had a feeling as though there was a lump in my stomach. I did not dare to eat meat or warm bread, very few vegetables, for fear of the great distress food caused me. I experienced relief right after commencing to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. My appetite increased, I gained in general health and strength. I can eat almost anything now without discomfort. Although I had been an invalid for twenty years, I can truthfully say that I am better than for a long time. I never weighed so much in my life." MRS. EMILY F. BUMP, 48 Portland Street, Middleboro, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1897

AN AMERICAN ON RECIPROCITY.

WHILE Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. Mr. Davies, Mr. Charlton and other Liberal leaders are humbly begging for reciprocity from the American legislators at Washington, it would be well for them to read the comments of some of the American newspapers who take a fair, straight view of the question. Here is a sample reference taken from the Scottish American of the 17th inst:—

"Our Canadian friends are despairing of deriving any benefit from the proposed new tariff for the United States. The men who are preparing it do not appear desirous of increasing the trade between the two countries, but to make it entirely one-sided—to exclude everything Canadian from the markets here, but to sell the Canadians as much as possible. There is no reciprocity in such an arrangement."

Let the Liberals take some of this advice to heart, and instead of humiliating Canada by their beseechings to Washington lawmakers, let them look to Britain and Britain's markets. Take your eyes off of the the United States, Sir Richard, and study Canada's case as a loyal colony of Great Britain more closely.

MEN OF PECULIAR VIEWS

AN incident related by the Kincardine Review recalls to mind the peculiar position taken by Liberals, of more or less prominence, in regard to free trade or tariff revision. We have Liberal members of the House of Commons who joined with their leaders in their outcry against protection, but who wanted the duty left on the particular line in which they happened to be interested. In one case it was coal oil and in another it was canned goods. These men cried "death to protection" in all cases but those in which they are personally interested. It is such cases as these that will make it difficult for the Government to carry out their revision of the tariff. The incident related by our Kincardine contemporary was as follows:

Robert Mason, of Amberley, was in the Review office on Saturday. Now Robert is a Grit and has been voting Grit for fifty years, according to his own testimony. Speaking of the tariff revision he said he hoped the Government would not lower the duty on coal oil. "I don't think they will," he added. "Just before the election I was down in Petrolia and I told them down there that the Liberals would not interfere with it."

"You have some friends in the oil business?" inquired the editor.

"Yes."

"They were afraid the Liberals would cut down the duty?"

"Yes."

"They probably judged that from what the Liberal leaders said?"

"Yes."

"But you weren't foolish enough to take any stock in their promises?"

"No, sires."

"You're a protectionist?"

"No, I'm not, except in the matter of coal oil."

Mr. Mason is a type of many free trade Liberals. They are utterly opposed to protection except on such articles as they and their friends benefit from by a protective tariff. When so many interests are benefitted by a protective tariff and when so many Liberals are interested in these interests the prospect of a tariff for revenue only becomes "smaller by degrees and beautifully less."

The Liberal tariff will be awaited with interest. It will not, it cannot, be free trade. That it will, of necessity, embody some measure of protection is also a certainty. That it will not please everybody is another sure thing. That it will not suit the ideas or meet the expectations of many Liberals is another certainty, for the tariff tinkers have met several good Liberals who have said "You promised us free trade, now give it to us. You said you would wipe out protection, now do it." The Liberals are having a sorry time of it with their tariff revision, and are taking a long time and spending much money to find out what they made such loud declarations of knowing. Parliament was fixed to meet on March 11th, and now a postponement for two weeks has been made. The delay may give the tariff tinkers more time, but it prolongs the uncertainity which is so seriously disabling the business interests of the country.

Two weeks more before Parliament will meet. This means that it will be two weeks more before the uncertainty regarding the tariff policy of the Government will be announced and business interests relieved.

A remarkable feature in the Crete complications is that the United States have not yet become sufficiently mixed up in the trouble to give an opportunity for an exhibition of spread eagleism on the part of some of Uncle Sam's subjects and press.

THE result of the election in St. Boniface will not be inspiring to the Liberals. It will also casts an unusual interest around the two bye elections which are to be held in two Quebec constituencies, Champlain and Bonaventure. The writs for these elections have not yet been issued, but, now that the meeting of Parliament has been postponed for two weeks, the elections will likely be held before the House meets.

—The Irondale and Bancroft railway, o which Mr. Charles Pusey is the promoter has been sold to the Grand Trunk railway, which will push its ultimate extension to Brockville.

PERFECT DIAMONDS.

The Only Reliable in the World.

Do you make rag carpets, rugs and mats at home? If so, you surely do home dyeing.

It is needless to say that success in your work depends upon the colors you give your cotton and wool rags. When you have a handsome design, rich, bright and brilliant colors give life and beauty to the work of your hands.

Let it be remembered that the best carpet, rag and mat makers in Canada always use the celebrated Diamond Dyes, and as a consequence achieve the success they desire.

The "Diamond" are the only dyes in the world that give perfect colors and satisfactory results. Ask your dealer for the "Diamond" and see that you get them; refuse imitation and adulterated dyes.

Dr Ryerson
Will be at the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, Feb. 27th, for consultation in eye, ear, nose and throat cases. Hours from 12 to 4. 3d40 1w8

MR. BRODEUR ROUGHLY TREATED.

Hustled Off the Hustings at St. Norbert and Not Allowed to Speak.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—(Special.)—Mr. L. P. Brodeur, M. P. for Rouville, was back in town to-day from his journey to the west. Questioned about his Manitoba experience and the recent election at St. Boniface, Mr. Brodeur remarked: There is neither any freedom of speech nor yet liberty of conscience. After the Archbishop had given out in his sermon on Sunday, Feb. 7, that no absolution would be granted to those who did not vote as he directed, the matter was a foregone conclusion. I myself have met with several men of the laboring class who favored Mr. Bertrand's return; but after such threats as those of the Archbishop there was nothing left for them to do but to vote for Mr. Lauzon, a man who, I am informed, can neither read nor write.

"With regard to the report of your not being allowed to speak at a meeting, is that correct, Mr. Brodeur?"

"Yes, it is quite true. I went, as you know, to speak at St. Norbert. I heard that a number of toughs and rowdies were being sent from St. Boniface to stop the meeting. They were nearly all drunk, and made a tremendous noise. It was a carefully organized affair throughout. They pulled me off the hustings before I could say 'Mr. Chairman and gentlemen.' The Manitoba Government are now prepared to administer the settlement in a most liberal manner, and it is not likely that they will mett with any opposition except from the irreconcilable faction at St. Boniface."

Your correspondent has secured the following document, which shows that Mr. Bertrand was quite willing to hoist the Separate school banner in St. Boniface, had Mgr. Langevin been willing to accept him. The program submitted to His Grace of St. Boniface by the Liberal candidate and refused by the monseigneur, reads thus: "Mgr. gives us this direction not to vote for a candidate (1) who accepts the settlement; (2) who is willing to give the settlement a trial; (3) who recognises as leaders the men who approve of the settlement.

"First, I declare that I have never accepted the settlement. My efforts in the Legislature would tend to improve the law in the Catholic sense, and I will propose every possible amendment to the settlement in that sense. Second, I have expressed the opinion that it would be advantageous to us to give the settlement a trial, but as we are forbidden to make or advise such trial, I accept this disciplinary direction and conform myself to it. Third, I blame the passing of the Act of 1890, and I will consider it my duty to say so in the House. My first and second declarations apply to this third point."

RAILROADERS AND THE PREMIER.

Intercolonial Employes Ask for Fair Investigation, Which Mr Laurier Promises.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—(Special.)—The Executive of the Dominion Board of Railway Employes had a lengthy conference with Mr. Laurier and Mr. Blair this afternoon when the question of investigating the charges of political partizanship preferred against certain Intercolonial Railway empolyes was discussed. The delegation included A. B. Hudson, chairman; A. B. Lowe, secretary; W. King, W. H. Hood and J. Litle. It is not generally known that the Government had appointed Mr. Bedard, barrister of Quebec, to investigate a few cases of alleged partizanship. Since the last meeting of the Executive with Mr. Laurier, Secretary Lowe has visited Moncton and explained to the railway unions the Government's intention to appoint Mr. Bedard to investigate all charges and railway men are favorable to him. The railway employes desired the Government to appoint two commissioners, but will be satisfied with one. The deputation pointed out that the matter had been allowed to drift long enough and expected a speedy reply to their request. If the Government decided not to cause an investigation into different charges the grand officers of the several railway orders will be called together and trouble might result.

After these representations the Minister of Railways and the Premier consented to allow Mr. Bedard to investigate the charges against Firemen Huard, Couture, Ringuet and Bernier; operators Gastonquay, A. P. Lebel, L. P. Jean, all of St. Charles' Junction; L. V. Dion, l'Islet, and I. E. Daugon, agent at Metapedia; trackmen D. Therreau, St. Charles; I. Lebel, St. Philippe; Daneri C. Cote, Notre Dame De Portage; H. Dube, St. Alexander; G. Bouci St. Jean, Port Joli, and D. Laberge, Cap St. Ignace. It was admitted that George Chaurier of Levis had canvassed for the Conservative candidate, but it was claimed that his dismissal was unjust because he acted under leave from his trackmaster, and at the request of Conservative Candidate Dion. The following employes who have been dismissed claim they are innocent and want their cases investigated: Robert Douglas, Scotsburn, Pictou county; Findlay Chisholm, James River, Antigonish county; Alex Stewart, Linwood, Guysboro county. It was pointed out that Jas. Yeo had been appointed section foreman at Hadlow without having previously worked on the track. The deputation contended that in fair play to the men and for the safety of the traveling public such an appointment should be immediately cancelled. The deputation also submitted the following definition of political partizanship:

A political partizan, as applied to an Intercolonial Railway man, is one who at the last general election, in addition to casting his vote, canvassed for one or other of the two parties, or took the platform at a public meeting and spoke in favor of either of the candidates, or being at a public meeting disturbed the good order of the meeting by disorderly conduct, or interrupting with intent to annoy or insult a candidate or his friend who might be speaking. Ordinary conversation into which men might be drawn, not at a public meeting, or interchange of opinion as to the merits of a party, a policy or a candidate, shall not be strained to be partizanship, and all charges made under this head shall be investigated by an officer of the road the same as any other charges would. Investigation into an employe's conduct politically shall not go further back than the last general election. That is from the time of the issuing of the writs for said election.

The Ministers accepted the definition and other conditions, giving assurances that the men would get fair play. The deputation thereupon thanked the Premier and his colleagues and retired.

Crawford—That's a very careful druggist. I've been going there every day for years, and I have never known him to give an overdose.

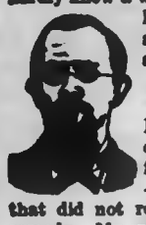
Crabshaw—Indeed! What have you been buying?

Crawford—Whisky.

Some men are afraid of death, some are not. Most of us would rather not meet the grim destroyer today. We would rather put it off until to-morrow, or until next year. Mere wishes do not count for much in the matter. A man may not want to die. He may not want to be sick. He may wish and hope and pray that he will not be one or do the other, but wishing and hoping won't help him. It is what he does, and not what he wishes that serve his purpose. If a man is losing flesh, and is nervous, irritable, sleepless and debilitated, he may wish he would get well, but one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do more than an ocean of wishes. If a man is on the way to consumption, he should make a stop as quickly as possible. He should put on brakes. He needn't be afraid he has consumption if he will do the right thing—if he will just take the right medicine. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures incipient and well developed consumption. Consumption is a germ disease and a blood disease. The "Golden Medical Discovery" kills the germs and purifies the blood. It increases the appetite, helps digestion, makes assimilation perfect, and so builds up solid, *wholesome* flesh. Hundreds of grateful people afflicted with consumption, bronchial, throat and kindred diseases, have testified that it has actually saved their lives. For the sake of the information they contain, some of these letters have been included in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a thousand page, illustrated book, which will be sent *free* on receipt of thirty-one (31) one-cent stamps to pay for customs and mailing *only*. Every family should have a copy for ready reference in case of sudden sickness or accidents. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

MR. H. WETTSTEIN, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of



AYER'S Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897.

DEAR WOMAN'S DELIGHT

Though tender-hearted all may be,
  Today there's scarce a daughter
Of mother Eve who ever shies
  At signs of "whole-sale slaughter."
Or counts a "sacrifice" as aught
  But luck kind stars have brought her.

Does she but see a little mouse
  Her screams are like to rend us;
Yet—wee bit body though she be—
  With courage that's tremendous,
She's ever glad to hid her where
  The slaughter's most stupendous.

E'en she whose sensibilities,
  So fine, have made her shut down
On tales of executions—whose
  Small foot is firmly put down
'Gainst legal murder—strikes out for
  The spot where there's a cut down.

Though woman's eye diurnally
  May scan the papers, one day
More avidly she doth devour
  Their close packed contents. Sunday
'Twould break her precious heart to miss
  The "ads" for "Bargain Monday!"
—Boston Globe.

A recent improvement in monkey wrenches consists of a lever lying parallel with the handle to tighten the grip of the jaws. To operate it the lever is raised and the jaws screwed as tight as possible by means of the usual thumb-crew, when the lever si forced downward, thus closing the jaws more tightly together.

MUNYON'S

Grand Work for Humanity.

Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia and the Most Obstinate Di-eases Cured by Those Wonderful Little Pellets.

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Stop Killing Yourself With Dangerous Doses of Poisonous Drugs—Get Munyon's Guide to Health and Cure Yourself with a 25 Cent Remedy—Positive and Permanent Cures for Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles and All Special Blood and Nervous Diseases.

MRS. MARY MILLAR, 293 EUCLID AVENUE, TORONTO, SAYS: "I was a CONSTANT SUFFERER FROM DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER TROUBLE; had doctored for it for years without benefit. At the Manning avenue dispensary, where I was under treatment, I was told my disease was incurable. I have only taken two bottles of Munyon's Dyspepsia and Liver Cures, and the result HAS BEEN WONDERFUL. I find the medicine DOING ITS WORK SPLENDIDLY, and effecting a cure as fast as I can expect considering the bad state I was in when I began treatment. I HAVE ABSOLUTE FAITH the remedies will CURE ME."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

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A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

NATALIE OF SERVIA.

HOW THE QUEEN KEEPS HER BEAUTIFUL SHAPE.

Natalie Develops Her Neck by Carrying Pitchers on Her Head Every Day—A Picturesque Career Now Closing With Proper Dignity.

The most beautiful Queen in Europe is Natalie of Servia, and her greatest beauty is her neck. The world has just been let into the secret of the method which has largely enabled her to develop this charming feaure.

The Queen takes frequent and regular exercise with a heavy pitcher on her head. The result of this is to

QUEEN NATALIE'S NOVEL EXERCISE.

straighten and strengthen the neck and to give it the form which the highest standard of female beauty requires. Not only does the exercise add to present beauty, but it arrests the ravages which time makes more quickly in the female neck than in any other place.

Natalie is a woman whose career has perhaps been more exciting and picturesque than that of any living occupant or retired occupant of a European throne. Her beauty is of an order that is in keeping with the vigor of her character. Neither amiability nor feminine gentleness enters into the latter to a noticeable degree.

Natalie is now living in the dignity proper to the rank of a queen-dowager, while her husband has a pension, but is not allowed to enter his own country. He spends his money as soon as he gets it in drink and riotous living. The rest of the quarter he lives by begging, borrowing, sponging and playing cards. The Queen, on the other hand, engages in the much more laudable and wholesome employment of preserving her neck and shoulders.

If you could obtain admission to the grounds of the Queen's residence, near Belgrade, at about 8 o'clock in the morning, you would see Her Majesty taking a brisk walk with her pitcher on her shapely head. She is accompanied by a dame d'honneur, who is not herself an expert in the art of pitcher carrying.

Queen Natalie has very abundant black hair and a rich coloring. She is a very finely developed woman. Her figure is very strong and erect and her carriage is perfect, for her favorite exercise tends to develop the latter quality as well as to beautify the neck and shoulders. These are adorable and beyond all criticism. She takes care to dress in a way to show these to the best advantage.

From chin to bust Queen Natalie's flesh has the firmness of marble. Although unlike that substance, it is full of life and blood. Her head is placed on her shoulders after the manner of that of the Venus of Milo. There are no protruding bones, no wrinkles, no hollows, but neither is there any superfluous fatness. The whole is a beautiful poem of form.

The exercise to which Natalie owes so much of her charm is one which has been practised by women of the poorer classes in many countries from the earliest ages. Rachel, it may be remembered, met Jacob when she was going to the well with her pitcher. The women of Oriental countries, of Greece and of Italy have always been accustomed to carry pitchers and other burdens on their heads. They have little idea of beautifying themselves when they do this, but, nevertheless, they are doing so.

The Canadian woman who worries about the shape of her neck probably never thinks that its defects are due to lack of exercise tending specially to strengthen this part. She may be able to profit by the example of the Queen of Servia.

THE BEST WOMAN.

"She Did the Best She Knew, Absolutely.

"Who is the best woman I ever knew?"

To this question, it seems to me, writes Ruth McEnery Stuart, there will, in nearly all cases, be two answers—an answer of the heart and an answer of the head, and blest, indeed, is he in whose consciousness these answers agree on the same woman.

It is sweet to believe that the best loved woman of one's life is the best woman in the world, and, indeed, human nature is so prone to idealize through its affections that I suspect that nearly *every* heart answer to this question to-day will begin about like this:

"The best woman I ever knew was my——"

Perhaps it would be well to hope that this will be the case. Happy is he to whom the woman who seems to embody the best things and the highest is nearly related by the tie of blood or in the tenderest of human relations beyond this.

I remember that I was myself very much pleased when some years ago my little son, then about three years old, said to me, looking very critically into my face as he spoke:

"Mamma, you know somfin? Of course, I know you are the pwittiest woman in the world. Of course, I know you are the pwittiest woman—but, you know somefin, mamma? When I look wight at you I don't fink you are very pwitty."

His heart and head answers did not agree on the question of his mother's beauty, and it pleased me to see that he could consent to confess them at variance, and that, with all her faults of feature, he loved her still. It seemed to me a little out of the common that a child of three should see with other eyes than those of the heart—and I think it was.

I think we are apt to think of goodness in women as expressed negatively, rather than in the achievements of an active life. It is she who bears rather than she who does, who wins the halo. And I am not sure that the world is not right in the estimate. There is so much more compensation for doing than for bearing—compensation in itself. It has always seemed to me that the sentence, "They also serve who only stand and wait" expressed among the most inscrutable decree in a divine scheme—is one of the hardest things to have to accept. If this be true, the woman who finds herself at a post where she is bidden to stand, while all the precious things of life pass by—to guard another, perhaps—it is she who best earns her halo.

I think that one of the popular fallacies in the world's estimate of goodness is that it is oftenest found in hiding, and that virtue is pre-eminently the possession of the humble. I think high and low are about equally good.

I have known some great and good women. And a few who were almost criminally pretty have had, for their even balance, a sweet and loving grace to match every alluring charm. Brave hearts often beat beneath the muffling of costly furs, and the lorgnette need not always express disdain.

It has been my happy good fortune to know a great many good women. My lot has been cast among them. And yet, I am thankful to say, I have known some bad ones, too. When I say bad I mean simply not good. And I am thankful to have known these few "not good" women, because it has helped me to get my values straight.

But to return to the subject, one of the best women I have ever known was black, and she was a shabby old servant—and she thought herself very sinful and bad. She had hard, horny hands—hands that had grown hard in the service of others, faithful, loving hands. She had worked for master, and then for child, and when this worktime seemed nearly over there came to be served a nest of grandchildren—and she obediently, quietly, without question or protest, worked for them. She did all this alone—all her life—for, sorrow it is to say it, she never had a husband. This was very bad, and yet——

Taking her all in all, old black Margaret was one of the best women I have ever known.

She did the best she knew, absolutely.

Dwarf Trees.

The art of dwarfing trees, as practiced in Japan, is in reality simple and very easily understood, as it is based on one of the commonest principles of vegetable physiology. Anything which has a tendency to check or retard the flow of sap in trees naturally prevents the formation of new wood. This process of retarding wood growth is done in many ways. By pruning, to prevent leaves from forming and giving the tree health and vigor; by confining the roots in a small space, by withholding water, and by twisting the branches, and by a half-hundred other processes, all of which proceed from the same principle. When a tree has been chosen, which is usually one that is naturally stunted, its main stem and roots are twisted in zigzag form, which process is intended to check the flow of sap. The pots in which they are planted are narrow and shallow, so that they hold but a comparatively small quantity of soil compared with the wants of the plant, and no more water is given them than is necessary to sustain life. Nature generally struggles against this treatment, but eventually adapts itself to the new condition, and ere long the beautiful and curious dwarf tree of the Orient is produced.

Like Pets in the Poultry Yard.

Bacteriology is a science that gives the greatest pleasure to students, and they are invariably keenly enthusiastic, says an English journal. To have a fine colony of diphtheria or cholera germs in a flourishing condition is a source of great pride to experts, and they inspect the various germ families in their possession with more than the pride of a poultry fancier making a round of his yard. Just now it is a very distinguished thing among bacteriologists to have specimens of the bubonic plague bacillus. Of course, they are expensive, and difficult—at present to obtain in England at all, while in the United States there is said to be only one man who has the bacilli. They may, of course, become as easily procurable as cholera or typhoid microbes, but that will not be yet; and many people will pray—never. It is not pleasant to think that a slight accident may result in the implanting of the bacteriologist's germs in the most fruitful soil, instead of their remaining in his laboratotry to work out their destiny in the case of experimental science.

"Hospital Schools."

"Hospital Schools," are in course of establishment at most stations in India. The commanding officer of the Infantry Battalion tried the experiment of providing, with the sanction and approval of the medical officer, instruction available in hospitals for the voluntary attendance of all patients whose ailments do not render study undesirable or irksome. Thus a sprained ankle, or a broken arm in its convalescent stages, does not afford any impediment to study, and the few hours devoted to such work form a pleasant interlude in the monotony of life in hospitals. Young non-commissioned officers seeking promotion require a second-class certificate of education, and detention in hospitals, owing to minor ailments, has often debarred such men from promotion, or, at least, caused great delay, but, with the hospital school in existence their studies need not be interrupted with. There seems no reason why the Home Service should not derive another lesson from India in this particular.

The Senate's Gift.

The presentation piece from the Dominion Senate to Sir Charles and Lady Tupper, on the occasion of their golden wedding, consists of a solid gold centrepiece or epergne, richly wrought and chased, with massive, handsomely cut-glass centre dish and four branch dishes.

There are four gold shields, one on each side between the branches. One bears the arms of the Dominion, beautifully enameled in colors; another the crest, arms, and motto of the Tupper family, also in colors. The other side

A GIFT FROM THE SENATE.

shields bear the dates, 1846 and 1896. Under the gold maple leaf branches, and over the Canadian beaver hangs the central gold shield, bearing the inscription. The base rests on four gold hoofs of Canadian moose. The whole is representative of Canada in every way. It was made of Nova Scotian gold, and handsomely cased in a chest of Canadian maple.

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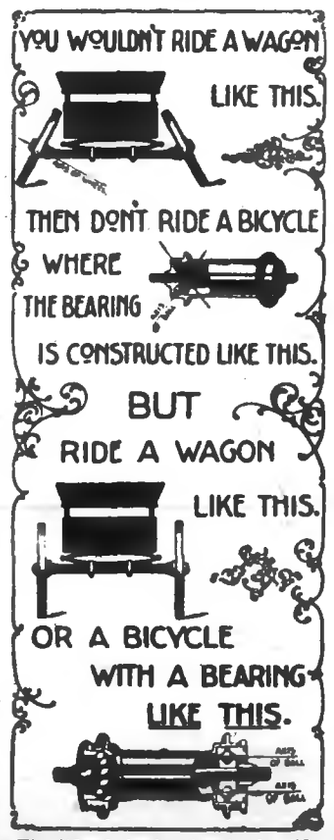

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BREAKFAST COCOA
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DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
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Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

The Bicyclists' Lament.

He's a wise wheelman whose tool bag contains something besides medicine for a damaged machine. He is just as liable to puncture his own skin as to puncture his tire—more liable to bruise himself, than to break his wheel.

Now if I only had a little pot of Quickcure in my tool-bag.

"Quickcure"

is the emergency cure for unexpected injuries. Lint for applying comes with every pot of Quickcure. Make your own plaster—lay it on the wound, Quickcure will do the rest—quickly, surely, painlessly. At all druggists 25c., 50c. and $1.00.

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QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

WATCH FOR THE DATE.

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TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

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SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
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1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition. list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
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AUCTION SALE

Of Town Property in the Town of Peterborough.

UNDER and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale at Morgan's Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, 1897, the following property in the Town of Peterborough, viz:—Lot Number Fifty-three, according to Registered Plan Number Fifty-nine for the said town. On the premises are erected a one-story frame dwelling house, together with stable and other outbuildings.

TERMS.—10 per cent. of the purchase money at time of sale and the balance in 14 days thereafter without interest. Other terms and conditions made known at the time of sale or on application to the undersigned. There will be a reserved bid. Dated Peterborough Feby 1897.

CHAS. STAPLETON, Auctioneer. d8

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Guitars, Banjos and Violins.

We have a fine line of guitars, banjos, violins and mandolins. We sell on the monthly payment plan at almost cash prices. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d44tf

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Music! Music!

By taking a large number of Sousa's marches we are happy to say we can supply El. Capitan march all this week at 10 cents. a copy and hundreds of others as good. Repairing string instruments a specialty. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 3d44

At the Opera House.

The Gorman Brothers appeared before a good audience in "The Gilhoolys Abroad" at the opera house last evening. The presentation gives good scope for fun and frolics, and no opportunity is lost by the company, who also introduce many clever specialties.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

Will the members of the Association please remember the social to be given by the Board of Managers on Thursday evening, Feb 25th, from 8 till 10. Come and spend a profitable as well as a social hour discussing the work, and light refreshments will be served. The boarding home is prepared to take boarders.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

The Price of Furniture.

has taken a drop at Clegg's below anything ever offered in Peterborough for first class goods. It leaves money in the pockets of cash purchasers. These are hard times. Clegg's hard time prices prevail. Buyers have besides the advantage of a large and well selected stock to choose from. Call and inspect. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville. 424 George-st.

New Books.

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—From Cairo to the London Frontier, Traill; The Last Recruit of Clares, Keightley; The Royal Christopher, Justin McCarthy; The Child World, Whitcomb Riley; The Herb-moon, Hobbes; Phroso, Anthony Hope; Limitations, Benson; Tom Sawyer, Detective, Mark Twain; On the Face of the Waters, Steel; The Warden of the Plains, MacLean.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

Personal

Miss Nellie McKee has returned from a visit to Millbrook.

Miss Argue, formerly of town, now of Picton, is spending a few days with her sister Mrs J M White, 28 Manning-ave.

Call and see the bargains Turnbull is offering out of the McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock.

ST. LUKE'S TEA AND SOCIAL.

A Pleasant Evening Spent With the Girls' Guild of St. Luke's.

By the kindness and courtesy of the Canadian Order of Foresters in Peterborough, who of their own initiation offered to the Young Women's Chapter of the Guild the use of their commodious rooms on Simcoe-st., St. Luke's young people and their friends were enabled to enjoy a very pleasant social evening. Tea was served from six o'clock till half-past seven, and was followed by a short programme of music and readings. The programme was:—

Instrumental duet.....Mrs Peck and Miss Hettie Burnham
Reading.....Rev H Symonds
Song.....Mr R B Rogers
Instrumental solo.....Mrs Peck
Reading.....Mr C Brown
Instrumental solo.....Miss Hurley
Song.....Mr Squires
Song.....Mr Lount
Instrumental solo.....Miss Hurley
Song.....Mr Mulligan
Gove Save the Queen.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

WEDDED IN DAKOTA.

A Former Resident of This District Happily Wedded in the West.

A Dakota newspaper says:—"At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Redmond, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 10th, 1897, at 9 o'clock, Mr. John J. Clark and Miss Elizabeth J. Little were joined together in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. A. J. Garry officiating. The bridesmaid was Miss Johnston, while the groom was assisted by Mr. J. Beaton. Mr. Clark has been a resident of Leedes for the past three years and has earned for himself the reputation of being a steady, industrious and exemplary citizen and liked by all who knew him. The bride only arrived here last Saturday from her home in Ontario, but during this short time has made many friends. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few friends. An elegant supper was served after by Mrs. Redmond, which was greatly enjoyed by all, and the rest of the evening was spent in different amusements. Mr. and Mrs. Clark have the best wishes of a host of friends who would like to see them prosper, live long and enjoy many happy years."

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Clark in Peterborough and surrounding district join their Dakota friends in wishing them happiness and prosperity in their new home as they were both well known and esteemed, especially in Lakefield and Hall's Glen, where the bride formerly resided.

McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock has arrived at Turnbull's. Look out for bargains.

Bible Society's Meeting

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Bible Society to-morrow (Wednesday) night at 8 o'clock in George-st. Methodist church. Rev W F Wilson, the eloquent pastor of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto, will address the meeting. Everybody welcome. Collection for the Society's work.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

Foresters' Funeral

The members of Court Little John, No. 92, C O F., are requested to attend a special meeting to be held in their Court room on Wednesday, Feb. 24th, at 1.30 p m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother, John W Jenkins. Members of Sister Courts are also invited to attend. By order of the Court.

W. MENZIES, Secretary pro tem. ROBT. MORRISON, Chief Ranger. 1d

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

BOARDERS ON ICE.

Probably one hundred and fifty people laughed themselves sore and cheered themselves hoarse at the marvellous exhibition of hockey, as it is to be played in 1900, given at the rink last evening.

The teams were composed of seven men from the Oriental and seven from the Huffman House. They were boarders and were fair samples of green hockeyists from the tables of the dining room of each hotel. As a matter of course every man played hockey before, having been members of the most famous teams in the world, but this was all in his dreams. However, when the challenge was issued by the Huffman House boarders the Oriental men accepted it, and the array that lined up last night was the result.

Without practice and full of confidence the sevens wended their way to the Charlotte-st. rink at ten o'clock and there prepared for the combat.

Referee William Jeremiah Montgomery (according to those who don't know) sounded his cowbell and called the septettes upon the ice and in disarranged order they came up as follows:—

HUFFMAN		ORIENTAL
P Corkery	Goal	F D Mackay
H Cluxton	Point	J McCaig
Geo Lewis	Cover point	W L Allen
F D Kerr	Forwards	R Ross
W A Buchanan		H MacGachen
Dr Neill		A McNee
W I Innes		T McDonough
W Crossley	Umpire	B Belleghem

The match was contested for fully forty minutes and in that period Manager Pope lost his balance a score of times counting offsides and was tangled up so badly at half time that he called the captain, Kerr by name, to a secluded corner of the rink and ordered him to use his legal acumen in unravelling the figures. But the barrister was not thinking of offsides, outsides or any other sides, except possibly his own. He declared to the mighty Pope it stood 2 to 1, and the banker disputed the point from an offside point of view. Any way at half time the score stood 2 to 1. Macgachen declared he lost his heart, either near the fence or when the referee brought forth his firearms. Nevertheless MacGachen can play without a heart, and he rushed up the ice in a style that dazzled nearly every lady. In fact the lights went out at one time owing to the brilliant campetition of MacGachen, though the Huffman's electric light, 2000 volts strong, known as Geo. Lewis, from the shores of rough Erie, in turn dazed MacGachan, and many a shock the latter received, and then if the puck passed Lewis, Cluxton carboned the gypsum, though he claims it is porcelain, and tossed it back only to be tumbled up again by McNee or MacGachan. McNee cut no mean figure on the ice, and worked like a trojan. Ross, it is claimed, protested to the referee that it was not fair to play on the hard, hard ice, as he understood it was to be carpeted. Ross, who was evidently laying for a rush on the slightest provocation, made many brilliant ones, and assisted in the score. Thos. McDonough, erstwhile lacrosse player, a clerk at the Oriental, was one of the five Macs on the team of the wise men from the east. McDonough pleaded that he never played hockey before, and could not stand on his feet. That ruined Tommy's reputation, but he consoles himself in the fact that there were other "pebbles on the beach," a new term of the Oriental clerk's. He declares lacrosse on ice is a lovely game. The Oriental defence works were formed of good hardware, upheld by the sound doctrine of a pedagogue. Mr McCaig's effort to impart knowledge with a stick came close to the mark and the small boy was heard to remark "I am glad he does not play the ruler that way." As to Allen at cover point his game was righteous until he got tangled up in Innes' surveying line, and then there was a great howl from both of them as the two fell with a force that upset the Huffman manager's count for a second, but it was regained when Innes struck a straight line and scored. The doctor and the reporter of the Huffman crew acted as feeders to Kerr and Innes and occasionally as stoppers to "that fellow MacGachen," who seemed to be feared both by his opponents and their sympathizers. Dr Neill wished frequently for his pliers and he would have removed the ache that pervaded the Oriental men when the great gladiatorial contest concluded.

At this point it might be said the game was finished, the ambulance corps was dismissed and Referee Montgomery, impartial and abounding with justice, decided that the Huffman men were victorious by 6 goals to 5, though the Oriental men and the majority of the spectators claimed that the score stood 6 to 6, which was the correct score.

HUFFMAN HOWLINGS

On the victorious teams return to their abode, they were called by many colored-robed angels and sat down at a feast provided by Mrs Huffman and the lady guests. The boys not only owe a debt of gratitude for the banquet but those ethereal glances that shot down from the gallery at times were worth feast upon feast.

Capt Kerr was the hero of the night coming down to hard, honest, undisputable facts. He and that man Innes, starred—that is to say, according to Kerr's law dictionary, "shone forth in all their brightness." It might be said that one lady remarked Mr Kerr was on "Osler on skates," and a nasty little Grit girl tossed up her head and said "Oh my I wish the Trent Valley canal would go as fast as Mr Innes."

Mr. Pope lost his pipe in the excitement.

George Lewis came home with a finger lacking clothing. MacGachan had lacerated about 1-36 of ½ inch of skin from his finger. Nevertheless Lewis played a real scientific game. It was said he was encouraged by kind words that were uttered in his ear during the evening. But he only knows.

Corkery in goal was a corker. A most devout hockey player is Mr. Peter Corkery, for on several occasions he faced the forwards of the Oriental on bended knee. His only plea was "Cluxton, watch out for MacGachan."

It was Neill's and one other Huffman forward's first game and they held a jollification together and will challenge the bell boys to a contest on the market square in a few days.

ORIENTAL NOTES.

Be it understood that the Oriental team do not consider themselves beaten. There are numerous reasons for this. First of all the Huffman House goal keeper was afflicted with a tired feeling and laid down in goal. In this position he stopped, or rather his well-protected body stopped, three or four shots from MacGachan. The referee said himself that he should have allowed two of these shots for he had warned the offending goal-keeper. Then the last goal given to the Huffman House was never scored while two other goals scored by the Oriental were not allowed. So that the the Oriental team do not consider themselves defeated, and, with the majority of the spectators, claim the score was 6 to 6 and should have been 7 to 6 in their favor. Referee Montgomery being a boarder at the Oriental was generous to the opponents of his fellow boarders to a fault.

The Oriental team are now willing to meet the Huffman House boarders again and settle the tie in the proper manner. This cannot be refused.

What fun the Oriental boarders would have had with Manager Pope's team if they had played such men as Montgomery, Lefevre, Hollingshead, Chris Graham, who are all at the Oriental.

It was an exciting game, both for the players and the spectators and the next one should attract a crowd. Its worth seeing, if only to pick up a few pointers on how to tend goal or the proper way to make a rush.

The sweet disposition of the Oriental team was seen in the complacent way one of them took several desperate taps from the Huffman's towering forward, Capt Kerr.

The Oriental team will not have its supper until the tie is played off. Then they will have one, whether they win or lose, for their friends are bound to banquet them as a recognition of the hard work they are capable of doing.

No accidents occurred, except such small ones as Kerr making a successful shot on goal, or Cover Point Allen missing the puck, when he forgot himself for a moment and descended to Huffman House methods and tried to play shinny.

Mr. Keaner, who is confined to his room through illness, would have been a great addition to the Oriental forward line. He would certainly have seen that some things did not o-kerr.

The most prominent man at the rink was not on the ice. He was the "General Manager" of the Huffman House team.

The two goal keepers in last night's game have gained many valuable pointers on the business, which they will sell to ambitious hockeyists cheap. Apply to Peter Corkery.

If "Tommy" McDonough had had his way the score would have been 20 to 0 in favor of the Oriental.

GENERAL HOCKEY ITEMS

The Toronto Telegram remarks and the REVIEW agrees:

"George Horkins, vice, and next president of the O H A., came to town to see the contest Saturday night at the Princess. Geo says there will be many changes next year regarding rules, authority, etc. Many clubs will welcome this news."

Mr Horkins is entitled to the presidency, not only by promotion but by hard, energetic work.

The Toronto Wellingtons are junior champions and the Peterborough people extend congratulations, though Guelph defeated the Wellingtons in Toronto last evening by 5 to 4. The score was not sufficient to wipe out the Toronto boys lead of three goals in the match at Guelph.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Two matches in the LeBrun medal competition took place last evening Skips Horkins and Ferguson being the victorious skips. The scores were as follows:

Rink No. 1.

G H Giroux	J D Baptie
W G Morrow	Geo Fitzgerald
E Rutherford	D Belleghem
G J Horkins, skip. 17	J McClelland, sk. . 13

Rink No. 2.

Herb Hall	W E Lech
J S Knapman	A Blade
D Davidson	C Rutherford
W G Ferguson, sk. 17	T Rutherford, sk. . 15

The Toronto Victorias, six rinks strong, will play with the Thistles and Granites here on Friday in the Boucher-Davidson medal contest. The return match will take place in Toronto on Wednesday, March 3rd, when twelve rinks will probably go to the Queen City. They will also play the Toronto Granites the same day. A meeting of the Granites will be held at 8 o'clock sharp tonight to select skips for Friday's contest.

Two matches have yet to be played in the second draw of the Kendry cup competition, Connal vs Edwards and Dumble vs Edmison.

OAK HALL.

A PRIZE FOR GOOD ROADS.

Bicyclists Will Give a Gold Headed Cane to the Pathmaster Who Has the Best Beat on the Chemong Road.

Several enthusiastic bicyclists using the Chemong road, with a commendable desire to encourage the maintainance of good roads, have purchased a gold-headed cane, valued at $15, to be given to the pathmaster who keeps his beat on the communication road between Peterborough and Chemong in best condition for the season of 1897, ending on October 1st. The decision will be reached by ballot, the bicyclists using the road during the season being entitled to vote. The ballot will be taken about October 1st.

There are four beats on the road between Peterborough and Chemong, and the work of the pathmasters will be judged by the freedom of the road from stones and ruts and the general manner in which the road is maintained. It will be the man who gets best results for the statute labor done who will receive the prize. All those who use the Chemong road will appreciate this action on the part of the bicyclists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NEW BLACK CREPONS.

Just passed into stock a large lot of Beautiful Designs in Black Crepons —that nice rich looking material that does not retain the dust. See what we are showing before placing your order.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Riverside Park skating rink.

Granite curling night.

Granite Curling Club meeting.

Mount Hebron Encampment No 56, I O O F.

Annual meeting of the officers of the 57th Battalion.

Rally of temperance workers in the Y M C A hall.

Lecture by John R Clarke in the Charlotte-st. Methodist church.

Hockey match—Druggists vs. hardware.

The Famine Fund.

The fund at the office of the Montreal Star for famine sufferers in India has turned thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000). An average of $1,700 a day for twenty days, the largest food fund in the history of Canada. The churches and schools by the hundred are contributing to the Star fund.

See Turnbull's window of Table Linens and Towellings at wholesale bankrupt prices.

COLORED SHIRTS!

Our spring line of Fancy Colored Shirts in exclusive and fetching designs are creating a popular demand.

The collarless neglige and the neglige with Collars and Cuffs on are shown in a pleasing variety of fabrics.

If desired, gentlemen can make their selections and have them laid aside subject to their order.

DANISH RED.

The new color in gentlemen's Neckwear, in Puffs, Narrow String Ties, Four-in-hand and made-up Bows.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

John R Clarke Lectures on the Great President at the Charlotte-St Church.

Many times has John R. Clarke, famous as the "boot-black orator," visited Peterborough, and every time he has been pronounced a clever lecturer, one thoroughly acquainted with nature and nature's ways.

Last evening he lectured before a small but thoroughly appreciative audience in the Charlotte-st. Methodist church on "Abraham Lincoln," and he treated his subject in an eloquent manner, eulogizing Lincoln as America's greatest man. He reviewed his life from birth up to time he became President, his noble campaign which resulted in the emancipation of the slaves. In impressive sentences the lecturer alluded to the cruel end of the great president by assassination.

Rev W R Young occupied the chair in the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. J. Rae. To-night he will deliver his lecture, "To and Fro in London," for the 1648th time.

The McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock Turnbull is handling consists of White and Grey Cottons, Towells, Table Linens, Lawns, Prints, Cottonades, Tickings, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, White Quilts, Dress Goods, Silks, Hosiery and Gloves, in fact, such goods as you require in every parcel you buy.

OAK HALL.

Excursions and Business Interests.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—I notice that both the hockey and the curling clubs have advertised excursions to Toronto. Now I wish to point out that these excursions are hostile to the interests of local trade. Through the medium of similar excursions thousands of dollars have been spent in Toronto that should otherwise have been placed with our local merchants.

This is the time of year when trade is dullest and money scarcest and it is unfair to local business men to have temptations in the way of low rates presented to the people to visit the city where they have hundreds of dollars that, in a business sense, belongs to Peterborough.

The object of these excursions, is, I take it, to make money for the respective clubs, and as they are not charitable organizations I fail to see what claim they have upon the patronage of the public. If the proceeds were to be devoted to some or one of our local charities there would be less objection. I do not find so much fault with summer excursions to the city, because at that season an outing is necessary, but these winter excursions, run solely as money making affairs, withdraw large sums of ready cash from the town which had better be used in paying overdue accounts.

I have no feeling against either clubs that purpose holding excursions. They are comprised of my fellow citizens, and I wish them every success in the special objects for which they exist. But I decidedly protest against the course they are taking to withdraw large sums of ready cash from local circulation. If the clubs want to have a match in the city it would pay the business men better to pay their fares than to have them run excursions with the results I have pointed out.

In conclusion, I would ask what the Board of Trade is doing. The Board presumably exists for the purpose of protecting the interests of business men. Now is the time to act. Thanking you, etc.,

Yours very truly,

A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Peterborough, Feb. 22rd, 1897.

QUEEN VS BREALEY

Mr J J Brealey Defendant in a Case in Police Court

James J Brealey appeared before Police Magistrate Dumble with the following charge against him.

That James J Brealey, at the town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, on Saturday, the twentieth day of February, 1897, unlawfully and injuriously and with a strong hand entered into a certain dwelling house and certain lands and appurtenances thereto situated in the town of Peterborough and being the premises known as No. 390 Water-st., then in the possession of Wm Brealey, and unlawfully, injuriously, with a strong hand, expelled and put out the said William Brealey from the possession of the said premises in a manner likely to cause a breach of the peace, contrary to the Criminal Code.

He elected to be tried by jury. Mr. Brealey handled his own case. Evidence was proceeded with which showed that Deputy Sheriff F. J. A. Hall, with an assistant, A. B. Downer, had proceeded to the house on Water-st. with a writ of possession and removed the goods in the house and placed the residence and property in possession of Mr. Wm. Brealey. Mr. J. J. Brealey placed the goods back in the house and locked the doors and would not allow the officers to enter. Mr. Downer and Mr. R. M. Dennistoun also gave evidence and the case stands for judgment to-morrow morning.

LITERARY EVENING.

An Evening with Beecher, Mendelssohn and Herschel.

Those who attended the monthly literary meeting of the George-st. church Epworth League last evening enjoyed a rare treat. It was an evening with three famous persons in the scientific, religious and musical world, and the papers on each reflected decided credit upon the authors. Mr. W. J. Wattam presided. The programme opened with an instrumental solo, Mendelssohn's "Morning song," by Miss Vina Belleghem, followed by a paper on "Henry Ward Beecher," by Miss Wynnie Dobbin; instrumental selection "Consolation," by Miss Jennie Eyres; paper on "Mendelssohn," by Miss Maggie Mark; instrumental solo, "On the Sea," (Mendelssohn) by Miss Edith Hubbs; paper on "Herschell," by Mr Harry Cragg, an instrumental solo, "Spring song," (Mendelssohn) by Miss Maggie English, closed the programme.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

A $400 ROBBERY

A Safe in the Office of the Geo Matthews Co. at Ottawa Rifled

The Ottawa Citizen of yesterday says:—"A big robbery took place between six and eight o'clock on Saturday evening. Some party effected an entrance into the office of the George Matthew's Co., on York-st., and breaking open the money vault of the iron proof safe which had been left open during the short absence of Mr Albert Matthews, at supper, extracted the cash box, containing some $400 in cash and several cheques.

"Mr Albert Matthews discovered the robbery when he returned from supper and quickly placed the case in the hands of the police.

"Mr Matthews' duties on Saturday generally keep him busy some time after the others are gone. He has been in the habit of going home for tea at six and returned at eight, continuing his work until finished. Last Saturday was the exception to the rule. At six he left with the other men, and the foreman after seeing that all the back doors were securely closed, locked the front door.

"Examination of the premises after the robbery had been discovered revealed the fact that a side door had been opened. In the yard the cash-box was found, so it was plain that the thief went out that way. As this door was locked and barred at six, and there were no windows broken in the establishment, it is surmised that the thief, who was evidently well acquainted with the habits of Mr. Matthews, got into the warehouse and then hid himself before the doors were locked at six o'clock."

To the Society for Mutual Improvement

Dedicated to the Peterborough Members of the National Home Reading Circle.

Dear me, I'm really quite distressed, 'tis such a horrid bore,
I have to write an essay on the times of Thomas Moore;
They say, you know, that once before (but that's an awful libel)
I tried to prove that Cromwell was the author of the Bible.
That Luther sailed across the seas and landed at New York,
And Wycliffe to Chicago came and made his pile in pork.
Coligney was a Yankee bold, who fought the British troops,
And Washington an Indian, all feathers, paint and whoops.
Columbus, too, I clearly proved, invented ivory soap,
It happened in the year Savonarola ran for Pope.
I showed that Russian Peter bold in boyhood used to play
At building little tin toy ships with Francis Xavier.
In short my essays gained for me much credit and renown,
They're a liberal education, too, for Peterborough town.

SIGMA.

New Spring Vellings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

WHEELING WHISPERS

Interesting Notes for Wheelmen and Others to Peruse

The bicycle has so far entered into our daily life that the man of evil prophecy who declared "wheeling was only a fad, like the roller-skating craze, and like it would pass away," has gone out of business, says a writer in the World. Two or three years ago he was much in evidence; he is now contemplating getting a wheel himself and learning where nobody will see his early, awkward evolutions. If the bicycle habit has brought into prominence a large number of selfish and ruffianly persons who charge headlong down the streets in reckless disregard of the limbs and lives of pedestrians, it has also accomplished a tremendous amount of good by taking men and women, and girls and boys outdoors in the fresh air and the sunshine. Some people pervert the bicycle, just as they perverted everything else. The scorcher is a nuisance. The "bicycle hump," is a deformity which would arouse the scorn of any well conducted dromedary. The female young person who chews gum and wears scanty bloomers on her wheel is one of the unsightliest objects in all this universe. But the cranks and the fools are in a small majority of the cycling army. Sane and descent people outnumber them ten to one. And there are no doctors who will not acknowledge that the wholesome exercise, the deep breathing and the pleasant exhilaration of bicycling are worth more than all the drugs of christiandom to those who lead sedentary lives.

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr Chase's Ointment.

Brevities.

—The opera house and St Lawrence hall, at Port Hope, damaged by fire, will be offered for sale by auction on Monday next.

—The Board of Trade will meet on Thursday evening to discuss the question of exempting machinery from taxation.

—The prohibition convention opened in the Y M C A hall this afternoon, and will be followed by a public meeting this evening.

—Look out for the musical and literary entertainment in St. Paul's school room, Friday evening, 26th Feb. Good programme. Admission 10 cents. 1d45

—The Children's Aid Society are desirous of obtaining board for five children. These children are under the care of the Society which will pay their board.

—A Hunter-st drug clerk was crossing the ice on the creek yesterday when the covering gave way and down went the pill pounder. He managed to get on land again and a hack took him where he could find warmth.

—The REVIEW has received one of the seed catalogues of John A Bruce & Co., Hamilton. Bound with a bright cover and abundant with advice to florists and gardeners it should be in every hand.

—Henry Smith, an Englishman, who has been in Canada four years, appeared in Police Court this morning charged with vagrancy. He was ordered to spend one month in gaol at hard labor, cutting stones for the town's stone heap.

—An Ottawa man named W Taylor, now of New York, but formerly a proof reader on the Ottawa Citizen, recently won a trip around the world, offered by the New York Telegram for the closest guess to the plurality vote of Major McKinley in the recent presidential election. The actual figure was 567,389; Mr. Taylor's guess was 567,398.

—McClure's Magazine for March will contain the first installment of a fine tale of adventure by Robert Louis Stevenson, left unpublished at his death. It is a love story, having for its hero a French soldier held a prisoner of war in Edinburgh Castle; and for its heroine an aristocratic Scotch maiden whom he meets there.

—The police are in receipt of a circular offering a reward of $150 for the arrest of Walter J. Crouch, of Natchez, Miss., a defaulting salesman of the Armour Pork Packing Company, of Chicago, Ill. He is 30 years of age; 5ft 8 inches; form erect; neat appearance; dark hair; blue eyes; thick lips; slow talker, and addicted to the use of tobacco.

—Charles Dana Gibson, in illustrating a short story that narrates the romance of a Princess, for the March Ladies' Home Journal, has created what he regards as his typical English girl. She is said to be as distinctive and striking as his famous American girl, and while essentially different she is quite as interesting. The drawing will illustrate Robert C V Meyers' story, "The Morning After the Servis Got In."

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

DIED

JENKINS—At the Nicholls hospital, on Monday, 22nd instant, John W Jenkins, aged 40 years.

Funeral from his residence, Park-st., corner of King-st., on Wednesday at 2 p.m.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

OAK HALL

Sells Clothing so good that no man can buy and wear it and be dissatisfied.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

See Turnbull's window of 5c. Prints, Towellings, Flannelettes, etc., at wholesale bankrupt prices.

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR!

Warerooms . . . . 437 George Street.

Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

R. CLEGG, Residence 205 Stewart Street. Telephone.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,

361 Broadway, New York.

Dying by Inches

Many a person is losing his hold on this life by being gradually poisoned by eating food baked with impure Baking Powder. The quantities taken into the system are small, but they are slowly and surely eating the coating off the stomach and ruining the digestion and the nervous system.

Use Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda Baking Powder and live. We guarantee

PURE-GOLD

BAKING POWDER

PURE AS PURE GOLD

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business **ENVELOPES**

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to call on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who have their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co

George Street, Peterborough.

Examine the Seed Potatoes.

The earlier the potatoes can be started the better, as it is the hot, dry weather that damages them. It is now customary to sprout the small potatoes before planting, handling them carefully, in order to secure an early start. Now is the time to look over the seed potatoes, throwing out every one that shows the slightest signs of rot, and every potato used for seed should be carefully examined. Do not use seed that came from land where rot has occurred. Better procure sound seed from elsewhere, even if the cost is increased by so doing.

Successful New Fodder Crop.

New fodder crops continue to attract much attention at the Vermont station. Soja beans of the green and black varieties have proven satisfactory each year. No other leguminous hoed crop has given better returns in tonnage of green fodder, dry matter or protein. The green variety yielded at the rate of six and one-half tons green and two tons dry fodder, and nearly one-fourth of a ton of protein to the acre.

WASTES NO WORDS.

Tells What Paine's Celery Compound Wrought for Him.

A Helpful Letter for Doubting Ones.

The Great Compound Cures Nervousness and Heart Troubles.

IT MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL

Mr. J Nichols, of Harborville, N. S., who banished his serious troubles and afflictions by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, says:

"I would like to add my testimony to those you are receiving in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. I have used four bottles of your great remedy for nervousness and heart trouble, and find it all that you can claim it to be. Paine's Celery Compound is well worthy of the name it carries—'the great health-giver.' It is a great remedy for the nerves and blood, and I would advise all sufferers to use it."

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

fact that fills me with mingled sorrow and joy," he says, slowly.

"It is—of Aleck?" she gasps, watching his face eagerly the while, as though she would read the truth there before words can frame an answer.

"Yes. When I came away from Constantinople I believed as firmly as I lived that Aleck had been murdered, else not for all the riches on earth would I have deserted him. Imagine my amazement when I learned, through a source I have every reason to believe, that my friend had not been killed, but was kept a prisoner by the fiendish Pasha, who studied to know how the most terrible revenge could be taken upon the man who had dared enter his harem, and try to steal the gem of all."

At this Avis Morton presses her hands over her eyes—she suffers horrible tortures at the thought of what Doctor Jack's words suggest, but not a tear dims her eyes now—the time for weeping is past.

When she looks up, that first spasm of agony over, Doctor Jack is delighted to find that her face has assumed a resolute expression—such a girl would do and dare wonders for one she loves.

"Tell me, what do you propose?"

"To find out the truth, and if Aleck is alive rescue him if I have to set Constantinople on fire to do it," he answers, quietly, not in a boasting way, but as though he means every word he speaks.

Avis, impulsive Avis, puts out her hand, and he loses no time in grasping it, nor is he in any hurry to release the little quivering member.

"You have aroused a new hope in my heart, Doctor Jack. Please Heaven it is not doomed to disappoint. Whatever a woman may do, yes, more even, you can depend upon my doing for Aleck—he is the only one I have ever had to love," and the tears seem to cause her voice to tremble.

"Can you make your preparations to leave Madrid shortly?" he asks.

"At once."

"It will not do to be too precipitate, as it might excite suspicion, and our task be made harder."

"What! has he spies even here?"

"Worse than that—he is here himself."

"The man who holds Aleck a prisoner and studies how he can invent new ways to torture him? Oh! the fiend. I would like to see him."

"You have done so already."

"I—impossible!"

"Talked with him."

"That cannot be. Let me think. Besides the ambassador in England and Abdallah Pasha I have never spoken to a Turk in my life," she cries.

"You have uttered his name—Abdallah Pasha is the man—your brother's jailer."

CHAPTER IX.

There is a certain dramatic force to these words of Jack's, even though he does not raise his voice. Sometimes a whisper is more effective than a shout in thrilling an audience. Avis is astonished by what she hears—her mind goes back to her meeting with the Pasha in London, and she remembers singular looks he gave her, which at the time impressed her as boldness on the part of this Oriental magnate, but which she now believes to have been inspired by the fact that he has recognized in her the sister of the infidel he hates so terribly.

How eagerly he had inquired about the prospect of her visiting Constantinople, which city he called Stamboul, as all natives do. Then again how earnestly he had dilated upon the wonderful beauties of the Eastern city, its magnificent mosques and towering minarets, speaking in a way to inspire a longing in her breast to speedily look upon these sights, and promising to do all in his power to make their stay a pleasant one.

All this had seemed very kind of the Pasha, and perhaps Avis, possessed of the natural vanity allotted to womankind, laid it at the door of her vivacity, which possibly the old Turk admired.

Now, a dim suspicion begins to creep through her mind that there may have been a deep, dark method in his actions. Such a man seemed fit for treason, stratagem, and spoils, because he had no music in his soul, and would as soon listen to the croaking of a frog as the sweet notes of a nightingale.

So she mentions her thoughts to Jack, who for some reason seems to see enough in the matter to investigate deeper, and asks her numerous questions concerning what passed between the Pasha and herself at their meeting in the English house.

A dreadful suspicion is hammering at the door for admittance, but he can hardly believe it possible that any man could descend to such depths of infamy; so for the present it is shut out, to arise again later on and mock him with the reality.

They talk for some time longer, principally upon the subject that interests them both. Avis Morton believes it is the hand of Providence that brought about this meeting. After the prodigies of valour which she witnessed Doctor Jack perform at the bull-fight, she does not see how anything could long remain a barrier for such a man, and if any one can help her find and save Aleck he is the person.

Their quiet little tete-a-tete is disturbed—loud voices sound without.

"It is Cousin Larry—what can be the matter?" exclaims Avis, rising hurriedly.

The voices have grown more resolute—two men are quarreling, and while one pours hot Spanish oaths in a heavy tone the other squeals American ones in a shrill falsetto.

"I beg you to remain seated here while I see to your cousin. He may be annihilated by that bully," and so saying Doctor Jack passes out of the little room.

He sees a peculiar sight—the dude is face to face with a burly fellow, who glowers upon him as though he would only need an invitation to eat him up.

"You are a thief—a scoundrel!" declares Cousin Larry in the bully's teeth.

This is the last straw on the camel's back—the fellow has reached his limit, and with a roar of anger he aims a blow at the head of the dude. Doctor Jack, too late to prevent the conflict, holds his breath, expecting to see Cousin Larry sent flying across the office, but just here he makes a serious mistake.

A quick ducking movement saves the dude, and then springing up he rains a shower of blows upon the face of his antagonist, who, blinded, roars with pain and fright, and, turning, runs off like the coward that he is, followed by Larry, who manages to administer a parting kick.

It has seemed to Jack so like a fight between a big Brahma fowl and a little bantam, that he almost expects the victor to crow as he comes back again. An odd genius he certainly is, and Jack is glad to know his first estimate of the little man was not far in the wrong.

"It does me proud to see an American stand up like that. Now, what was it all about?" he asks, after stepping out and shaking hands with the victor in the main.

The dandy carefully brushes off a speck of dust he imagines he sees upon his lavender coloured trousers, twists the ends of the ghostly moustache which supports his dignified claim of being a man, and answers in his cool way:—

"The beggah insulted me. He was inquisitive about my cousin's movements, and actually offahed me—Lawrence Edgewater Kennedy, of Fifth avenue, New York—two miserable doubloons if I would induce my Cousin Avis to patronize a hotel in Constantinople that he wepwesented. Bah Jove! I couldn't shake him off, and we had twouble, you see."

The trouble seems to sit lightly on the head of Mr. Larry. Jack, on the contrary, looking beyond, sees a certain significance in this affair of the night.

He does not mean to tell Larry that his cousin is so near, for, selfish as the rest of mankind, he hopes to continue the delicious tete-a-tete in the little parlour.

Hence he is glad when Larry walks over to greet an acquaintance, and Jack is about returning to his fair Dulcina, when he happens to follow the dude with his eyes, and immediately receives something of a shock, for he sees Larry earnestly talking with one whom he recognizes as the Pasha.

How long has the Turk been there? Perhaps he saw Doctor Jack come in, send up his card, and go in the parlour to wait, for the American did not look around, being too much engrossed with his thoughts and anticipations of the coming meeting.

It is even possible that the Pasha knew of the appointment, although not present when it was entered into. Then he has also seen Avis come down and join Jack.

Not once does he look toward the letter, but converses fluently with Larry, who seems to have taken a strange liking to him. Jack imagines that the crafty Pasha, believing he could make the New York dude useful, has cultivated his acquaintance, and as Larry's hair is so evenly balanced on either side, a very little flattery is apt to turn his head.

There may trouble come of this yet, but as the skies are still clear, Jack goes back to enjoy a little more of Miss Morton's company. When finally he leaves her, the Pasha is no longer to be seen in the hotel.

One experience with the footpads is quite enough for Senor Jack, and he looks around for a vehicle to take him to the caravansary at which he is located, and which is situated far away from the Puerto del Sol.

A driver sees his action and antici-

Easy to Fix.

Patient—Doctor, my breath is troubling me a great deal.

Doctor—Oh, well, we'll soon stop that.

Why the Trip Was Put Off.

"Ah, Professor," greeted the student, "I hear that you are about to make a trip to San Francisco."

"You are misinformed, sir," the Professor answered. "From motives of economy I have decided to postpone the trip until winter."

"You see," the pedagogue explained, "taking advantage of one of the great laws I expound in the natural philosophy class every day, I find that the trip can be shortened in cold weather. The principle involved is that law which relates to the expansion and contraction of metals. I find that a steel rail thirty feet in length contracts one-quarter of an inch with the cold. At the rate of 176 rails to the mile in a distance of 3000 miles I make just about two miles and a quarter by traveling in winter."

"Quite a saving, Professor," said the student, and he walked on silently marvelling at the learned one's sagacity.

Considerate.

"You say," remarked the debonaire debtor, "that I am owing more money than anybody else that your firm have on their books?"

"Yes, sir," replied the collector.

"And that I am about the only person with whom they have trouble in getting their money?"

"That's what they told me."

"Young man, I like your looks, and I like your manners, and I'm going to be a friend to you. I hate to have that debt knocking around my accounts, but for your sake I'll put up with it. If I were to pay up, the chances are ten to one that your firm would find collections so easy that they would discharge you, and then I should never forgive myself."—Washington Star.

True Business Insight.

The portly stranger having been admitted to the presence of the successful author, got down to business right away.

"What I want," said he, "is a takin' ad for bakin' powder. You get me up one that'll catch the public, an' you can name yer own price."

The distinguished litterateur was too fin de siecle to be astonished at a proposition of the kind, but thought it well to make some inquiries as to the peculiar qualities and special advantages of the article he was to praise.

"Oh, I don't know; we hain't invented it yet; what we want's an ad that'll knock all these other fellers silly, the powder'll take care of itself."—Chicago Tribune.

The Market Overstocked.

Poet—Eh, I say, Mr. Editor, that's a mighty small price for all the brains I put into that poem.

Editor—Yes. I know it, but calves' brains are cheap nowadays.

Turkey Hill Personals.

The following personal items are from the Turkey Hill correspondence to the Mountaintown Gallon Pot:

Rud Smith walked out across the field last Sunday evening. When he got to the other side he turned around and walked back.

Zack Hendricks has had all his teeth pulled and now has to eat mush.

Tom Green stumped his toe last week.

A fly got on Arch Hooper's nose last Saturday.

Nothing happened to Abe Tucker.

We are having considerable weather now.

Bob Rogers had his socks mended Tuesday. Also Sam Williams took a fresh chew of navy at 10 o'clock a.m.—Atlanta Constitution.

Physical Phenomena.

"Why didn't Johnny shovel off the walk?" demanded Mr. Simpkins, as he brushed the snow off his trousers and dug some lumps of it out of his shoetops.

"The poor boy's back was so lame, I hadn't the heart to make him do it," explained Mrs. Simpkins, apologetically.

"Huh! Where is he now?" demanded her lord and master.

"I don't know, I'm sure. I guess—yes, that's him over there with the Williams boy, rolling those big balls to make a fort."—Cincinnati Tribune.

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

WE BELIEVE
there is no better soap made than our
Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason.
THE PROOF—
Its immense sales.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlanse.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, E. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.23 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.35 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.32 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.32 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A card on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend he ever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "Pellets" will not cure. They cure *permanently*. Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

THE TRADE RETURNS.

Exports Last Year the Largest Since Confederation.

In the Aggregate the Country's Trade in 1896 Was the Best in the History of the Dominion—Some Remarkable Changes—Division in the Liberal Ranks Over Tariff Matters—Dr. Borden May Resign—Hugh John Macdonald May Leave Federal for Provincial Politics—The Famine Fund Growing—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—(Special.)—The trade and navigation returns, issued to-day, show total exports valued at $121,013,852, the largest total export since Confederation. The increase over the previous year was $7,500,000. The imports were valued at $118,011,580, an increase of seven and a quarter millions over the previous year, but lower than any year of the five preceding. The grand aggregate trade for the year amounted to $239,025,380, an increase of $14,500,000 over the preceding year, and certainly the best year for trade in the history of the Dominion.

The blue book shows a remarkable change in Canada's trade with Great Britain and the United States respectively. Away back in the eighties our exports to the neighboring republic often exceeded those to the Old Country. During the last three or four years, however, our exports to Great Britain have, speaking generally, been 50 per cent. greater than to the United States.

Last year, for instance, the value of exports to Great Britain was $56,690,288, and to the United States $44,448,410, chiefly in raw material. In imports for home consumption the United States, however, is still ahead of the Mother Country. From Great Britain the value was $32,979,742, and from the States $53,574,084. Trade with France shows a slight increase, due perhaps to the operations of the French treaty, but still the total trade with France is a mere bagatelle as compared with other countries. The exports to France are valued at only $581,540, an increase of a quarter of a million. With Germany, Spain, Portugal, Italy and Holland, trade continues about the same. To Belgium our exports have fallen to the sum of $98,031; with Newfoundland our exports have decreased to the tune of half a million, and are now back to the figures of 1892. The exports to the West Indies have decreased by $900,000, but have increased with South America by $193,400, the total value being $1,496,118. The exports to China and Japan are valued at $668,011, and to Australia, $517,258, a slight increase in each case.

As regards imports, more has come from Germany by $1,250,000 than the previous year, while our imports from Belgium have increased by half a million. There is a tremendous drop in values of imports from the West Indies, they being $4,794,020 in 1896, and $1,896,426 last year.

The total amount of customs duties paid per head of the population is given at $3.94, which is lower than any year since 1881, with the exception of 1894 and 1895.

The national Indian famine fund has now reached a total of $72,363. Another lac of rupees was cabled direct to Calcutta to-day. The Governor-General received the following acknowledgment from Sir Francis McLean, Chief Justice of Bengal, to-day: "Second instalment received to-day; warmly thank Canadian people."

The Governor-General and party leave Washington for Ottawa on Thursday.

If all that one hears in political circles be true, there is trouble in the Ministerial camp over the revision of the tariff. The recent enquiry has not shown a strong desire in the country for free trade, and this has had an influence on some of the Ministers. This wing of the Cabinet feels, moreover, that the present state of the revenue does not warrant a sweeping reduction, and that if there are to be negotiations with the States looking to reciprocity it would be folly to grant concessions now. A few Ministers, however, believe in sticking to the party platform, tariff for revenue.

Dr. Borden leaves for Lakewood, N. J., to-morrow. It is said that his resignation as a member of the Cabinet may come any day, his injuries being such as to necessitate his retirement. D. C. Fraser, M. P., who is here, is spoken of as Dr. Borden's successor.

It seems altogether likely that Hugh John Macdonald will for the present retire from federal politics. He is being strongly urged to accept the leadership of the Conservative Opposition in the Manitoba Legislature, and, it is said, Sir Charles Tupper is not unwilling to assent to this. Sir Charles Tupper's policy is to attack the provincial citadels, as he realizes the assistance which Mr. Laurier received from these quarters at the general election.

Last week Mayor Bingham gave a lunch to 350 leading citizens. Now he has startled the town by issuing about 600 invitations to the ladies of the city for a luncheon to be given at the Russell House on Thursday. His Worship says that not a gentleman will be admitted. Not even a masculine form shall present itself in the orchestra gallery to mar the fair scene of feminine beauty. Yet there will be music and abundance of it, for fifty or more of the sweet-faced and sweeter-voiced pupils of the Gloucester-street Convent will be there to add pleasure to the scene with their glees and choruses. The other day Mayor Bingham wrote to the Sister Superior of that institution, asking if she would consent to the pupils singing at the luncheon. This morning he received a reply, stating that his request had been acceded to. When the news got around this morning the aldermen looked at each other with curious smiles.

The Minister of Railways and Canals has caused an advertisement to be issued calling for tenders for constructing sections 4, 5, 6, 7 and 12 of the Soulanges Canal, the sections originally awarded to George Goodwin, but on which he has done very little work. Tenders must be in by March 16. Tenders will also be received up to the 29th March for completing one mile and three-quarters of the Grenville Canal enlargement.

The Fisheries Department is advised that 30,000 salmon fry presented to the Hawaiian Government four weeks ago reached Honolulu in safety, but immediately the officer in charge of them, an employe of the Hawaiian authorities, landed, his vigilance ceased. He had been warned that it was imperatively necessary to get the young fish into fresh water on landing, but instead of doing so he allowed them to remain on the wharf for a day or more and they were killed by the heat.

The Ministers think that while the new third storey is being erected on the Western block it would be well to replace the top flat of the Eastern block and the Parliament buildings with permanent material such as would leave no chance for a recurrence of the disastrous fire of a short time ago. One million dollars will do the work.

Concerning the proposed new Franchise Act, it consists solely in the adoption of the lists in use in the various provinces.

Dr. Mark, for many years coroner in this city, and a superannuated minister of the Methodist Church, died this afternoon after a short illness from pneumonia.

Major Sherwood, Commissioner of Dominion Police, returned to-day from the Pacific coast, where he has been looking up information in connection with the Behring Sea investigation.

Mr. William Smith, ex-Deputy Minister of Marine, has failed considerably during the past few weeks, and is now in very poor health.

The Supreme Court did not sit to-day, owing to Judge King's indisposition. He is suffering from grippe.

General Montgomery Moore and his aide-de-camp, Col. North, left for Halifax this afternoon.

There was a meeting of the Cabinet to-day.

Theresa Kissick, the Harmon school domestic, charged with incendiarism, was to-day acquitted, the evidence not being sufficient to convict.

Lady Aberdeen has issued cards for a skating "at home" for the evening of Monday, March 1.

USEFUL AFTER DEATH.

Part Played by the Carcass of a Horse in the Commercial World.

The leg bones are very hard and white and are used for handles of pocket and table cutlery.

The tail and mane are especially valuable and from these are made the hair cloth of commerce.

The ribs and head are burned to make bone black, after they have been treated for the glue that is in them.

The phosphate of lime, acted upon by sulphuric acid and calcined with carbon, produces phosphorus for lucifer matches.

The short hair taken from the hide is used to stuff cushions and horse collars; thus the dead are made to minister to the comfort of the living.

The hide furnishes a waterproof leather known to the trade as cordovan, and is used for the manufacture of high-class hunting and wading boots.

There is an animal oil yielded in the cooking process which is a deadly poison, and enters into the composition of many insecticides and vermifuges.

In the calcining of horses bones the vapors arising are condensed and form the chief source of carbonate of ammonia, which constitutes the base of nearly all ammoniacal salts.

The hoofs of the animal are removed and after being boiled to extract the oil from them the horny substance is shipped to the manufacturers of combs and what are known as Mikado goods.

The bones to make glue are dissolved in muriatic acid, which takes the phosphate of lime away the soft element retaining the shape of the bone is dissolved in boiling water, cast into squares and dried on nets.

Keep the Hens Scratching.

The great secret of securing eggs is really no secret, for every experienced persons knows that everything depends upon the conditions. It is not always the breed or the feed that makes the hen lay. The main point is not to make a laying fat hen. If you have hens for market that are to be fatted, remove your laying hens. Keep the market hens confined closely, but keep your laying hens at work. The secret (if it is a secret) of making hens lay is to have them always busy at scratching. It is something they should be compelled to do from the time they come off the roost in the morning until they go on again at night. The laying hen is a scratching hen. The idle, lazy hen never lays. Do not forget the fact.—Farmer's Voice.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade to-day was very quiet and prices are not quotably changed. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7, and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The market is quiet, with holders a little more confident, and offerings in consequence not so liberal. White wheat is nominal at 75c, and red at 74c at outside points. No. 1 hard sold at 75c, Fort William, and it is quoted at 87c Midland.

Buckwheat—Business inactive, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 at 27c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 18c west, and at 18½c east.

Peas—The market is steady, with sales at 39c north and west, and at 40c on Midland.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 34c, east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 22.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 5d; pork 45s 0d; lard, 20s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 23s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 0d; tallow, 12s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s 6d.

London—Opening—Wheat off coast firm. English country markets steady. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures steady at 6s 4d for March, 6s 5½d for May, and 6s 4½d for July. Maize quiet at 3s 7½d for March, 3s 8½d for May and 3s 9½d for July. Flour, 22s.

Paris—Wheat, 22f 35c for March; flour, 46f 60c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage 3d higher. Maize quiet.

Paris—Close—Wheat easy at 22f 30c for March; flour, 46f 75c for March.

Peterborough Markets.
FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	8 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 04	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE'S CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.
"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

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HANDLING
BUSINESS
Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed
Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.
Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery
THE REVIEW
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CIGARETTES
10c. Per Package
Standard of the World.
KINNEY BROS.
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Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.
AT THE REVIEW BOOKSTORE.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!
Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.
Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.
Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.
Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
314 JARVIS STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 98.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivri Co'y, 395 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr&tw

ALTERATION AND CHANGE!

FAIRWEATHER & CO. :: FAIRWEATHER & CO.

The Next two weeks will be a hay-day for all Bargain-lovers, as we are going to push out our FURS at sacrificing prices, to make room for the workmen during the renovation.

The workmen are about to start a complete alteration in the interior of our store in the course of two weeks—new ceilings, new floors, new front, enlarging of premises etc. This is but the forerunner of other changes which are to be made in our business arrangements, as we have announced through the press during the past month. The most important of these changes to the public will be the placing of all our business on

A SPOT CASH, NO MORE CREDIT, BASIS.

On and after March 15th, 1897, we will conduct our business on a cash basis exclusively, in order to save the large losses which a credit business necessitates. We find there are expenses incurred from losses through bad accounts, by interest in carrying both "long-winded" and "short-winded" accounts, by loss of discounts in not having cash to pay for goods at once, by expenses of extra help required to keep track of and collect accounts, etc. All these in the aggregate mean a very large expense added to any business, so we have determined to curtail this outlay and give customers the benefit of cash buying and cash selling in everything. What we save in expenses our customers save in prices, as formerly those who paid made up the losses, as above mentioned, incurred by credit. To all our old customers, both cash and credit, we would say that you will find it to your advantage, more so now than ever, to see our stock and prices under this new regime. You will find goods that under a credit system must cost you $5.00, can now be sold under cash for $4.00 You will be better suited, we will be better pleased. The benefits of a cash business are mutual.

FAIRWEATHER & CO.

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS, Peterborough, Toronto and Lindsay

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engravings, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Decrepitude, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases in the only Reliable and Honest Medicine Form. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1897

A CHICAGO ROMANCE.

Wherein Is a Moral Regarding Rapid Transit in That City.

CHAPTER I.

"Miss Bloomingay, allow me to introduce Mr. Hicksworthy."

The conditions were favorable to the forming of an acquaintance, the parties having met on a train that was making a rather longer stop than usual at a station on the way to the city.

A shifting of the passengers later on gave young Mr. Hicksworthy an opportunity to take a seat by the side of Miss Bloomingay, and he availed himself of it.

CHAPTER II.

"The length of time we have known each other, Miss Bloomingay, justifies me, I hope, in asking you to tell me your first name?"

"My name is Cora."

"Thank you. Mine is Reginald."

CHAPTER III.

"Cora, dear—"

"Don't speak so loud. Reg—Mr. Hicksworthy. Somebody will hear you."

"Well, I'll whisper it. Cora, shall I ever forget when I first met you—"

"Yet it has been so long!"

"Yes, it has been a long time now, but it has not seemed long to me. Dear girl, I—"

The rest was spoken in too low a whisper to be heard by any ear save that intended.

CHAPTER IV.

He was no longer in the prime of young manhood. His hair was streaked with gray and time had begun to furrow his cheek and brow, but in his eye there still burned the fires of unquenchable devotion.

Time, likewise, had left its impress on the fair face of the maiden, but had not dimmed the lovelight that shone through her soft brown eyes.

He spoke.

"Cora, dearest, when shall we be married?"

"You are sure you will never regret it?"

"I am sure."

"You care for me as when we first met?"

"I do."

"Then we will be married, Reginald, as soon as we reach our destination."

CHAPTER V.

Theirs was a deathless love.

It had stood the test of time.

It had passed triumphantly through the ordeal of a journey on a milk train from Seventy-second street to Dearborn station.

THE END.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NO FURTHER FIGHTING.

Continued from page 1.

the members of the Right.] She was mainly interested in the preservation of the peace of Europe. The powers would now endeavor to put a stop to the extension of hostilities and obtain a satisfactory settlement of the difficulties in Crete. He was not in a position at the present time to communicate to the Cahmber the character of the diplomatic negotiations in progress, but he would assure the House that Germany was responding to the demands of justice and humanity.

Continuing, Baron Marschall declared it to be imperative that the occupation of the Island of Crete by Greece should be promptly suppressed. The integrity of Turkey, he said, would certainly be upheld by the powers, though some measure of autonomy would be granted to the island.

Autonomy for Crete.

Paris, Feb. 22.—It is stated that the powers have accepted the proposal to grant autonomy to Crete. If this is true, it would naturally at once be followed by the despatch of an ultimatum to Greece. This accounts for the Bourse rumors regarding an ultimatum.

Anarchy Increasing.

Paris, Feb. 22.—A despatch was received at the Ministry of Marine today from Admiral Pottier, commanding the French warships off Canea, Island of Crete, in which he says that anarchy is rapidly increasing in the island, and that the foreign admirals are agreed and have so informed their respective governments that they cannot longer be answerable for the avoidance of conflicts unless they are authorized to prevent from landing provisions and the powers compel Greece to withdraw her troops and warships.

Admiral Pottier says that before the firing of the foreign warships began yesterday the admirals made repeated protests to the insurgents against their attacking the town of Canea. The insurgents paying no heed to the protests, advanced upon the town, whereupon the British, German, Austrian and Russian warships opened fire and continued the bombardment until the Greek flag was lowered.

Criticism in the French Chamber.

Paris, Feb. 22.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the Government was sharply questioned by the Socialist leaders MM. Jaures and Millerand and others in regard to the situation in Crete, and in the course of the ensuing discussion of various motions the Government's general policy in the East was severely criticized. In reference to Crete MM. Jaures and Millerand, who were supported in their views by a number of other deputies, held that the manifestations in favor of the severance of the island from Turkish rule, which had been made by the French students, were in full accord with the generous and humanitarian sympathies of France, and declared that if Crete should be left to the Sultan for the renewal of massacres in the island, civilised Europe would be alone guilty of the outpouring of blood.

GREECE IS WRATHY.

An Indignation Meeting Denounced the Powers—People Full of Fight.

Athens, Feb. 22.—The indignation caused by the bombardment yesterday of the insurgent position near Canea by the foreign warships has increased, and the action of the powers is denounced on every hand as a gross outrage and a wanton disregard of the rights of Greece.

A very largely attended indignation meeting was held to-day, at which strong protests were made against the interference of the powers. Prime Minister Delyannis addressed the meeting. He declared that the Cabinet was in perfect accord with the nation. The Government knew its duty fully, and would perform it in face of every obstacle.

There is no denying the fact that the whole Hellenic people are in a temper which would make war welcome, even against overwhelming odds. They are determined to uphold Greek rights and honor, and will persist in helping the Christians in Crete, notwithstanding the attitude of the powers in supporting the Turks.

It is reported that Col. Smolents, Minister of War, has resigned.

M. Skouzes, Minister of Foreign Affairs, visited the Foreign Ministers today and protested against the bombardment and the consequent encouragement of the Turks. It is stated that several Christians were killed or wounded by the shells fired by the foreign warships, and that great havoc was done to property.

One hundred Turkish prisoners, including several officers, are in the camp of Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation.

Korakos, a Greek, at the head of 1000 Cretans, has invested the town of Heraklion. He has cut off the water supply, and has summoned the place to surrender, promising protection to those who do so.

Eight hundred Turkish troops will leave for Heraklion and Canea to-morrow. The transports conveying them will be convoyed by British and Italian cruisers to prevent interference with them by the Greek warships.

Greece Will Declare War

London, Feb. 22.—The Athens correspondent of The Chronicle telegraphs that Greece will instantly declare war if the Turkish troops give provocation. He adds that it would be impossible to exaggerate the intensity of national feeling. Greece cannot and will not draw back. If she did there would be neither a Crown nor a Government in 24 hours. The correspondent admits that the Opposition in the Greek Parliament is partly answerable for the warlike demonstrations.

The Daily Mail has a despatch from Athens, stating that the German legation there is guarded by marines.

A despatch to The Times from Heraklion states that the Mohammedans in the vicinity of Hierapetra were given a safe conduct to the latter place on condition that the Moslems in town would allow the Christians to depart unmolested. The Moslems have broken faith and are detaining 150 Christians as hostages. The bishop has urged an appeal to the consuls of Heraklion to procure the liberation of the detained Christians. The despatch adds that the Mohammedans are pillaging the shops of the Christians.

The correspondent revives the story of the massacre of Mohammedans at Sitia, despite the denials given to it. Peasants who have arrived at Heraklion declare that 1147 were killed through treachery.

Fifteen Christians Wounded.

Canea, Feb. 22.—It was learned tonight that 15 Christians were slightly wounded during the bombardment yesterday. Three nuns in a convent adjacent to the insurgents' position were injured. The Greek warship Hydra landed surgeons and obtained permission to embark the wounded. It is stated to-day that the forts fired on the insurgents concurrently with the foreign warships.

A Little Fight

Vienna, Feb. 22.—A despatch received here from Salonica states that an indecisive encounter between Turkish reserves and Greek troops has taken place at Naschlidza, on the Greek frontier. About 100 men were engaged on each side.

FRY NOT YET CAUGHT.

Detective McCrae of the Ontario Service Goes to Emsdale to Look for the Desperado Murderer.

The desperado James Fry, who shot and killed J. F. Shaw, a prominent citizen of Emsdale on Saturday, has not been captured and the people in the neighborhood are in terror, as the murderer at large is armed to the teeth. Yesterday afternoon Detective McCrae of the Attorney-General's Department left for the scene to assist in capturing Fry. A despatch from Emsdale last night said the coroner and jury who were investigating the case were also in terror of being shot. They were afraid to talk about the crime for fear that Fry might be hunting for more victims.

BLONDIN IS DEAD.

London, Feb. 22.—Blondin, the celebrated tight-rope walker, who was the first person to cross Niagara Falls on a tight rope, which feat he performed on Aug. 17, 1859, died from diabetes today, at Ealing, a suburb of London.

Her Sphere.

Madge—Miss Prim believes that education is the salvation of the world, and she is doing a great deal of good in her particular field.

Marjorie—Yes. I have observed that whenever she enters a crowded car she starts all the men to reading their papers.

GREENHOUSE AMATEURS.

Joseph Meehan Gives Some Excellent Hints For Work.

Many a country residence has a greenhouse attached to it, and in it there should be a little place reserved for propagating a few plants. Aside from supplying plants for summer bedding, there is great pleasure in the labors connected with a cutting bed, and many find it as much satisfaction as in seeing large grown plants. It does not need much space to permit the propagation of quite a lot of plants. A space of three or four square feet may be ample. This should be located in a warm, shaded side of the house, on one of the benches. It should be filled with sand, as clean as can be obtained. That from a sand-pit is more free from vegetable matter than that from a roadside, and is therefore less liable to become a host for fungus.

In such a bed roses, fuchsias, geraniums, heliotropes, coleus, lantanas, abutilons and like plants can be easily rooted. Fuchsia cuttings are obtained from old plants encouraged to grow by placing them in heat. When there are young shoots on these plants of from two to three inches in length they are fit to use for cuttings. Placed in the sand bed spoken of, and shaded from the sun, they soon root. They are then to be potted, and shifted on from pot to pot as they grow. Such plants bloom splendidly in early spring, and in every way are better than old plants.

Roses of all kinds root freely in the bed, but the cuttings should come from plants already growing inside, and half ripened wood should be used. Small side shoots root readily, and appear to make just as good plants as the stronger ones do. The cuttings should be put in now; then by the time spring comes there will be nice plants, and those of the everblooming section will make as good plants for outdoor flowering as can be obtained.

Old plants of geraniums should have their branches cut into lengths of about three inches. They root readily, and if potted afterward and encouraged to grow, they are of good size for bedding when spring comes.

Beside the use of the bed for the insertion of the many cuttings desired to be propagated, it is useful for holding pots or pans of seeds. At this season of the year it will be flower seeds; later on, vegetables. Pansies sown now give nice plants for early outdoor bedding, to embellish flower beds before more tender plants can be trusted out of doors. English daisies, forget-me-nots, lobelias, verbenas and the like, can be sown, and later on petunia and sage, and plants that come to the flowering stage quickly. There are many herbaceous plants which are increased indoors to good advantage. The larspur, hollyhock, gaillardias, marsh mallows and wild asters and goldenrods, which if sown out of doors in spring do not flower the first year, will flower in their first season if plants are raised from seeds sown now.

The chrysanthemum, too, has to be thought of a long time in advance. The little shoots which spring up about the base of old plants should be taken off and inserted in the sand. They root readily, and are then to be potted and grown on for the coming fall.

The heat of the greenhouse should not be great in midwinter, as most plants are the better for a little rest. But with the close of the year a little higher temperature may be maintained to start growth, and with this growth will come the flowers.—Joseph Meehan, in Country Gentleman.

The Dry Side.

"How dare you, Miss Blusox?" piped Georgie, during a lull in the conversation.

"W-why!" stammered Miss Blusox, "I'm on the sunny side of thirty, Georgie."

"Is that why you look so dried up, Miss Blusox?" queried Georgie, interestedly.

Enemies Forever.

Mamie—Fred proposed to me last night.

Clara—That accounts for what he said to me to-day.

Mamie—What did he say?

Clara—Only he lost his presence of mind last night and would be miserable the rest of his life.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Do No Experimenting!

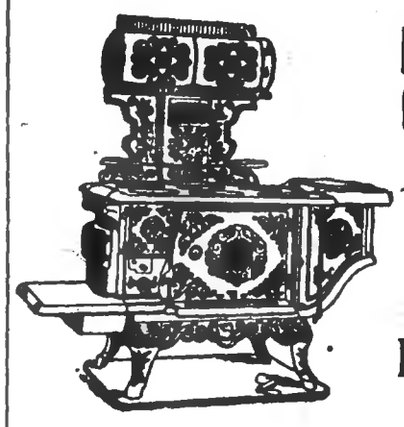
Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

PORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,960,245
Ontario Mutual	2,856,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,131
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 46. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

CRETE IS BLOCKADED.

Warships Are Rushing Up and Down the Coasts.

Many Vessels Stopped and Made to Prove That They Were on Legitimate Business—The Italian Admiral Gave the Signal for the Bombardment of Canea—The Difficulty Said to Have Been Settled on a Basis of Cretan Autonomy—Turkish Troops Cut Up—Latest News From the East.

Athens, Feb. 22.—A despatch to The Asty from Canea says that the foreign warships are now rigorously blockading the coast of Crete. The British torpedo boats are especially active, rapidly steaming along the coast and keeping a sharp look-out to prevent the landing of troops, provisions or munitions of war. Many vessels have been stopped by the blockading fleets and not allowed to proceed until they satisfactorily proved that they were engaged in legitimate business. So strict is the blockade that the carrying of letters to the Piraeus from the force of Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation, is prohibited.

The entire country is in a state of intense anxiety and unrest over the situation, and there is the wildest speculation as to what the final outcome will be. The people are deeply incensed against the powers for their intervention in Crete and their attitude is causing some apprehension in court and Government circles. King George today issued a proclamation that is intended to cool the popular passions and thus avert what might prove a national crisis. He enjoins the country to be calm and dignified and to confide in the Government, which, he says, is doing everything possible to uphold the honor of Greece and maintain the rights of the Hellenic peoples.

More Firing at Canea.

Canea, Feb. 22.—Great excitement was caused here last night by smart rifle firing to the westward of the town. It was soon learned that the firing was taking place between the Turkish outposts and Christian insurgents, and the report spread that the outposts had been driven back and the insurgents were approaching the town. Crowds of residents went to the ramparts of the city and anxiously watched the outcome of the fighting. The firing ceased in a short time without either side having gained any material advantage or so far as known causing any casualties.

A Turkish warship in Suda Bay and the soldiers in the arsenal there to-day fired repeatedly at the village, which was shelled Sunday by the foreign fleets. There was absolutely no reason for this attack except that the Turks were desirous of provoking an occasion for further intervention on the part of the European powers. A white flag was flying over the position occupied by the insurgents, but this did not prevent the firing. The insurgents, understanding probably the motives of the Turks, did not reply to the fire.

The leaders of the insurgents who were shelled Sunday have made through the Greek commodore a formal protest against the action of the foreign admirals. They declare in their protest that, acting in obedience to the powers, they refrained from actual hostilities against the Moslems as long as it was possible, but the Turks having shelled their position for two days, they were finally compelled to reply to the fire. They ask whether the powers are determined to allow the Turks to destroy the Christians in Crete, as they did the Armenians in Anatolia.

Fighting has been going on all day to-day above Tusla on Suda Bay. No details have yet been received.

THE BOMBARDING SIGNAL

Was Given by the Italian Admiral, Who is Senior Officer.

London, Feb. 23.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. George N. Carson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, said in reply to an inquiry upon the subject that the signal for the bombardment of the insurgents' position at Canea was given by Admiral Canevaro of the Italian navy as commander of the united fleets, by reason of seniority.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, replying to the request made yesterday by Sir William Harcourt that the instructions given to the British admiral at Canea be laid before the House, said that he was compelled to decline to comply with the demand as it would be impolitic to do so.

Turkish Troops Cut Up.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—A despatch received here to-day from Constantinople says that the Turkish Government has informed the Ambassadors that two companies of Turkish troops were cut up by the insurgents at Voukoulia, and that only one officer and sixty men escaped.

Withdrawal of Troops Demanded.

Vienna, Feb. 23.—According to despatches received here from Athens this morning the representatives of the powers made a demand upon the Government of Greece to-day for the withdrawal of the Greek troops from the Island of Crete.

It was the intention of Emperor Francis Joseph to have started for Cap Martin for a season of recreation yesterday, but in view of the still unsettled state of affairs in Crete the Emperor has deferred his departure until next Sunday.

MILITIA CHANGES.

Orders Signed by Hon. Dr. Borden Before He Left for Lakewood—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, Feb. 23.—(Special.)—Hon. Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, left for Lakewood, N.J., to-day. Before his departure he signed a militia general order, in which the following appear: Lieut.-Col. John Gray, Inspector of Stores, is retired, to retain the rank of Lieut.-Col. on retirement.

The Governor-General's Body Guard—The services of Lieut. William B. Hagerman are dispensed with.

1st Hussars—A Squadron, to be second lieut., provisionally, Alexander St. Mackintosh; B Squadron, to be second lieutenants, provisionally, John Becket Kilgour and Henry Randolph Abbott.

9th Toronto Field Battery—To be second lieutenant, provisionally, Edward Hastings Bickford.

48th Battalion, Highlanders—To be second lieutenants, provisionally, Arthur Pearcy Taylor, and Colin Larke Harbottle.

34th Ontario Battalion—To be surgeon lieutenant, provisionally, Second Lieut. David Alexander Clark, vice Bogart, retired.

35th Battalion, Simcoe Foresters—No. 1 Company, Lieut. Charles Franklin Ward resigns his position.

36th Peel Battalion, No. 1 Company—Capt. James Scott Brown resigns his commission. To be second lieutenant, provisionally, John Alexander Trimble, vice Brown, retired.

57th Battalion of Infantry, Peterboro Rangers—To be honorary chaplain, Rev. John Cheyne Davidson.

77th Wentworth Battalion—Quartermaster and honorary captain, William Roddick, having left the limits, his name is removed from the list of officers.

Infantry—To be lieut.-col., from May 4, 1876, James Zaccheus Rogers, from the retired list of lieut.-colonels.

To be major, from Dec. 16, 1892, John Dunlop Hay, from the retired list of majors.

Simcoe Regiment—To be lieut.-col., Capt. D. F. MacWatt, from No. 1 Company, vice John MacWatt, deceased.

The Department of Marine will issue in about ten days a new map, showing the navigation of the Lake of the Woods. It will be of great value to persons interested in mining in that district. Great care has been expended by Col. Anderson in preparation of the map, resort having been made to all available sources of information, as well as departmental records. It will be supplied through the Printing Bureau at the price of $1 per copy. The Marine Department has only two lights in operation on the Lake of the Woods, but two others are being constructed this winter. About 180 buoys are used in summer time to mark navigable channels.

As soon as a supply of Lee-Enfield rifles is forwarded to the different city corps about 50 rounds of blank ammunition will be sent to the headquarters of each corps in order that the men may be instructed as to the best way in which to load the new weapon.

A serious accident occurred this morning at the drill hall. As is customary since the P.L.D. guards started rifle practice with the Morris tube, several members of the troop were shooting, and Mr. Thomas Christian, caretaker of the Dragoon Guards, was acting as marker. When standing close to the target, and in no way protected, the rifle accidentally went off while Mr. McIntosh, son of Rev. Wm. McIntosh, was preparing to shoot. The ball penetrated Mr. Christian's left side and lodged in his back. Doctors succeeded in extracting the bullet. Christian is very low to-night.

The action to set aside the election of Ald. Butler in Victoria Ward came up for hearing before Judge Mosgrove this morning. Immediately on the opening of the court, Mr. Horace Pratt, on behalf of the relator, Andrew Masson, stated that his client had been deceived and he wished at that late hour to withdraw from the case and not to have anything further to do with the protest. The judge thereupon dismissed the case with costs on plaintiff.

A large deputation from the vicinity of Trenton were in the Capital to-day to urge upon the Government the desirableness of proceeding at once with the construction of the section of the Trent Canal from Balsam Lake to Lake Simcoe. They had an interview with Mr. Blair this afternoon.

The Premier has arranged to meet a delegation on behalf of the Montreal, Ottawa & Georgian Bay Canal in the Railway Committee room on March 2.

Major Sutherland, M.P., is in the city.

Alexander Smith, Liberal organizer for Western Ontario, is here.

John R. Booth, Ottawa's railway king is suffering from an attack of grippe, and is said to be seriously ill.

It is reported that Senior County Judge Ross has sent in his resignation. Mr. D. B. McTavish, City Solicitor, is to succeed him.

An extra of The Canada Gazette was issued to-day duly postponing the date of the opening of Parliament to March 25.

FLOOD IN VIRGINIA.

People Compelled to Move From Their Homes—Destruction to Property Heavy.

Huntington, W. Va., Feb. 23.—Hundreds of families are moving out of the lowlands in the Guyan. Twelve Pole and Big Sandy Valleys. The loss to property has already reached alarming proportions from flood and the rain continues general along these streams. Some lives are reported lost in Tig River Valley and much live stock drowned. Landslides are reported along the Norfolk and Western and business is temporarily suspended.

ROUGH ON FREE TRADE

Manufacturers Talk Business to the Commissioners.

Reasons Why the Agricultural Implement Men Went Back on the Conservative Party—It is Claimed That They Were Sacrificed for the Farmers—More Protection and Less Duty on Raw Materials—A Field Day on the Tariff Rat Which the Government Has to Crack.

Ottawa, Feb. 23.—(Special.)—Messrs. Fielding, Paterson and Dobell sat as a committee of the Cabinet to-day to take further evidence regarding the tariff and they were kept going pretty steadily from 11 o'clock till after 5. Representatives of the electrical interests were first heard, consisting of Messrs. Robert Jaffray, Hugh Ryan and G. W. Waters of Toronto, members of the Canadian General Electric Company of Toronto and Peterboro. These gentlemen pointed out that the present tariff did not afford any protection to this industry, because it paid on an average a higher duty upon what constituted raw material than upon imported finished articles. The deputation are not seeking increased duty or protection. They simply wanted the present anamolies done away with. They claimed that the imported article paid duty running from 25 to 35 per cent., while on the raw material, which was necessary to enable them to run the business in Canada, including steam castings, copper, charcoal, sheet iron, fine line, varnishes, press board parchment papers, silver tubing, silver wire, etc., the duty ran from 72 to 75 per cent. Mr. Ryan said that the Peterboro works were the largest of the kind under the British flag.

Next came the shovel manufacturers, the deputation including Messrs. C. Jones, Gananoque; B. Willett of Chambly, and G. W. Edey of Montreal. The deputation claimed that in almost everything they use the duty was from 25 to 40 per cent. higher in Canada than in the States. They asked amongst other things a reduction in duty on crude oil for fuel. There was no combine in the shovel trade, but the deputation admitted the Association of Shovel Manufacturers had paid American firms to keep out of the Canadian market.

Messrs. R. Reford, R. B. Ross and D. W. Ross were then heard in private in regard to the duty on paddy rice, these gentlemen being interested in the Montreal rice mills. They do not want any reduction.

Agricultural implement manufacturers came next, being introduced by Mr. Frost, M.P. The deputation included Messrs. W. Massey and L. M. Jones of the Massey-Harris Company, Mr. Noxon of Ingersoll, Mr. Hamilton of Peterboro, Mr. Sylvester of Lindsay, Mr. Cossett of Brockville, and Mr. Folkes of the Wilkinson Plow Works, Toronto. Mr. Frost claimed that gross injustice had been done the agricultural implement man, first, three years ago, by reducing the duty from 35 to 20 per cent, without a corresponding reduction in the duties of the raw material. Farm implements were being supplied as cheaply to farmers of Canada as to the United States. After the reduction of the duty, however, the Americans were able to bring in their manufactured products and, as the Canadian manufacturers had to pay a duty of from 50 to 60 per cent. on the raw materials, it made it almost impossible to continue the manufacture of farm implements in Canada at a profit. Briefly stated, that was the grievance. This industry, in point of size, was fourth in importance in the Dominion. The capital invested amounted to $3,500,000, and wages paid to $1,812,050 annually; the number of men employed between 5000 and 6000, the annual output was valued at $3,-000,000. There was no combine, there being 211 manufacturing establishments in Canada. The trade was natural to the country and there had never been any demand for protection. The duty derived from imported farm implements amounted to $60,000 a year, and this, divided amongst the 700,000 farmers, only meant 10c a head.

Mr. Noxon then took up the parable, pointing out the different classes of articles entering into the construction of farm implements referring to bar iron, pig iron, nuts, bolts, tin, and other things. He said on all of these the duty was much higher than on the finished products. His own firm purchased coal at 50c a ton in Buffalo, paid 60c duty upon it, freight $1.20 per ton from the mine to the Suspension Bridge, and 90c per ton from the Bridge to Ingersoll. A ten-inch wrench was a portion of the completed machine and when imported from the American manufacturer only 30 per cent. duty was paid on the whole, but if the Canadian manufacturer imported these wrenches separately to add to his machines, he would have to pay a duty of 35 per cent. Another thing which militated against the successful competition of the American manufacturer was the question of freights, the charge being as great for shipping agricultural implements from Ingersoll to Napanee, as from Chicago to Napanee. The implements of Canada were classed as double first-class, and in the United States simply as first class.

Mr. Fielding: Of the articles you have mentioned do you use the imported goods?

Mr. Noxon: Yes, chiefly imported from the United States.

Mr. Fielding: Why don't you buy

Continued on Page 5

LATEST STYLES
....OF NEW SPRING
HATS!
ARRIVING DAILY...
DERBY'S and FEDORAS.
English, French, American, and Canadian makes.
OUR CASH PRICE
...For Best Qualities Will Be,
$2 AND $2.50
Remember Furs at Sacrificing Prices during the Great Renovating Sale now going on.
Fairweather & Co
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.
George Street Peterborough | 101 Yonge Street Toronto | Kent Street Lindsay

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $2 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. 421

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

PORTRAITS IN OILS
See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.
Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 350 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 55cod

PIANOS TO RENT.
WE OFTEN hear it said, "Wanted to rent a piano but could not get one to rent in town." If there is anyone seeking an instrument to rent we have two very fine 7½ octave PIANOS to offer for a few days, at 416 George-st. 55cd

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Decreasing west to south-westerly winds; fair and cold, followed by rising temperature.

R. F.

GOOD GOODS
Are Those that Most Advance the Reputation of a store.
It is by the quality a store sells that one can tell the class of trade that patronizes it.
JUST 100 PAIRS
Out of the 300 pair job lot of High-class Ladies' Kid Gloves left. Very desirable shades 50c., formerly sold at $1.25.
A FEW ITEMS
from our recent spring arrivals:—
2 yards wide Unbleached Sheeting ..... 15c per yard
5 pieces Job Bleached ....Sheeting, Twilled .. 15c worth 2 cents
54 inch Linen Tabling..... 25c
Heavy Bag Towelling 5c
10 ends Union and All Wool Carpets ..... 35c per yard
50 doz. Ladies' H. S. Handkerchiefs ..... 5c worth 10 cts.
Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses ..... 50c very special
5,000 yards Crumb's New Spring Prints 12½c
30 doz. ⅞ size Bleached Napkins ..... $1.00 worth $1.25
Ten New Lines in Ladies' White Underwear to be sold at special low prices for the next two weeks.
Every garment in our White Wear department is this season's styles.
We expect to receive early next week 50 Bales and Cases via S. S. "Lake Superior," Beaver Line, New Spring
Dress Goods, Silks, Carpets and Linoleums.
As hitherto the Golden Lion will be headquarters for fashionable Dry Goods, Carpets and Housefurnishings.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS, SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 426 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

STORMER BICYCLE
HAS ARRIVED.
Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
Come, see and buy one. Price $75, at
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
286 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215. Day or night.

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Can't Eat

This is the complaint of thousands at this season. They have no appetite; food does not relish and often fails to digest, causing severe suffering. Such people need the toning up of the stomach and digestive organs, which a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will give them. It also purifies and enriches the blood, cures that distress after eating and

Internal Misery

Only a dyspeptic can know, creates an appetite, overcomes that tired feeling and builds up and sustains the whole physical system. It so promptly and effectively relieves dyspeptic symptoms and cures nervous headaches, that it seems to have almost "a magic touch."

Distress After Eating.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for some time. After eating anything that was sweet I was sure to experience great difficulty and distress. Last fall I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and am glad to say that my stomach trouble has entirely disappeared. I can now eat a hearty meal of almost any kind of food and have no trouble afterwards. Hood's Sarsaparilla has also cured me of nervous spells." JOHN H. HOMRIGHAUSEN, Wheatland, Iowa. Such cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier
Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

PRINTING

Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MEARS,
Agent and Ass't Sec

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc, sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 120 Charlotte-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 24, 1897

THE Cleveland Leader says:—"The general feeling among members of Congress is that reciprocity with Canada would be out of the question unless it gave us a distinct advantage over Great Britain in the Canadian market. * * * Commercial unity between Canada and the United States may be reached some time, but with it must come annexation, or rather annexation must precede it, even though closer trade relation might demonstrate the benefits of political union." This is what the Conservatives when in power had reason to believe after the visit of the Ministers to Washington. Yet the Liberals condemned them for being unable to secure reciprocity. Will the Liberals be any more successful? We think not, for the party as a whole are not any more in favor of annexation than were the Conservatives.

IN a recent interview Hon Peter Mitchell, the first Minister of Maine and Fisheries after Confederation, shows that it was the United States that first assumed a hostile attitude towards Canada by demanding the abrogation of the treaty of 1854. The United States refused to renew the treaty. "We in Canada," said Mr. Mitchell, "did not attempt hostile legislation with regard to dutiable goods to any extent, but we exercised the right to withdraw from the Americans the benefit of our inshore fishery, which they had hitherto, during the existence of the treaty, enjoyed. We prohibited them from the termination of the period of the treaty from fishing within our three-mile limits, and they have so been excluded from that day to the present, very much to the dissatisfaction of their fishermen and at a considerable cost to Canada, for we had to put on ten fast sailing schooners in order to guard the fisheries and keep the Americans from poaching within our limits. From that time to the present the Americans have maintained a hostile attitude towards Canada in regard to trade."

THE Halifax Herald points out Mr Davies' aversion to trading with the Mother Country and his consuming desire to trade with the United States. As he puts it:—"If we can't trade with America, we shall be compelled to trade with Great Britain!" A Canadian, whose heart is in the right place, puts the matter just the opposite way and says:—"If we can't trade with Great Britain, we may be compelled to trade with the United States.' But why does Mr Davies long so vehemently for the market of "the northern fringe of your northernmost states," and fight against trading with Great Britain? He gives his reason thus:—"Once these intimate relations are established with the Mother Country, it will be difficult to break them." A Canadian, whose heart is in the right place, takes his stand and says firmly:—"That is the best possible reason why these intimate relations should be established with the Mother Country," but Mr Davies does not appear to think so, he is looking forward to breaking, not making, intimate, relations with the Mother Country.

AN exchange says the theory is now advanced that poverty is a disease like measles or small-pox. If so, like them, it must be curable. Even cancer and consumption now yield to skillful medical and hygiene treatment. Statesmen and wise people should therefore set their heads to the discovery of an antidote to poverty. They will not find it in the forcible wresting from the two hundred millionaires their possessions and dividing them among the pauper world. As has been many a time said, before night of the day of distribution the conditions would relatively be the same as they had been in the morning. The remedy will be found in the enlightenment of the pauper population. First, their will and self-respect must be cultivated. Then they must be taught that they themselves can cure the disease of poverty. Nobody else can get well of small-pox or a cold for any patient. He must tassle with it himself and overcome. Just so with poverty, so far as men of good physical and mental health are concerned, and if men are not physically and mentally well it is largely their own fault. Any man can down poverty who has dauntless will and ordinary good sense. But for widows and fatherless children who have been left unprovided for, and for a large class of unfortunates who are mentally or physically deficient by birth, or who may have met with disaster by which they have been disabled either mentally or physically the case is quite different. As regards these classes, if poverty is in any sense a disease, it is one that they must have other help than their own will and mentality to cure.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

Opposition Members Are After the Government.

The Army of Office-Holders Who Drive Voters to the Polls to Vote Right—How the Provincial Government Has Loaded Its Debt on the Municipalities, Which Are Now Struggling Under a Weight of $40,000,000—Dr. Meacham of Lennox Also Takes a Hand in the Criticism—Many Bills Introduced.

Toronto, Feb. 24

Dr. Ryerson resumed the debate on the budget at the Legislature yesterday. Answering the charge against the Opposition that they had been out in the cold for so many years, he said they would not stoop to go into power on promises they could not keep, as the late Opposition at Ottawa had done. Proceeding, he cited a preposterously large number of different offices created by the Government for patronage purposes. In all, about 3000 people were occupied in driving the people to the polls to vote aright. He quoted to show that the Province of Quebec was managed more economically under the Conservative regime than under the Liberals. The Ontario Government had *no* debt, because they had unloaded on municipalities obligations they should have met themselves. The municipalities were almost entirely free from debt in Quebec, while in Ontario they owed about $40,000,000. The succession duties were higher than those charged in any of the States. He thought that a man leaving the legacy should have some say as to how the tax should be spent, and if he left large sums to charity that should be enough. The appointment of Sir Oliver Mowat's son to the shrievalty of Toronto was one of the most corruptible jobs ever perpetrated. Sir Oliver was not all that was pure and righteous. Continuing, a eulogy was paid Sir William Meredith, late Opposition leader, amid applause from Conservative benches. Turning to the matter of finance, the speaker combatted the Government contention that increase in population had caused increase in expenditures. It should cause an equal increase in income.

Mr. McLean of East Huron replied for the Government. The previous speaker's arguments were not substantiated. It was a slander on the people of the Province to say they could be driven to the polls to vote at the dictation of any official. The hon. member had named over a lot of officials, but had not stated how they could be done without. The increased expenditures had not at least been caused by mismanagement or corruption. The obligations of the Province had decreased by nearly $100,000 during the year. The Opposition had wobbled on the Separate school policy. No one knew how they stood now. Regarding the Government aid to higher education, he thought that, were it not granted, only the rich could acquire a university education. The only examinations required for a pupil to pass from the Public schools to the university were two, the entrance to the High school and the matriculation. The charge of too many *examinations was therefore groundless.* Mr. McLean sat down at the end of his three-quarter-hour speech amid Government applause.

Mr. Meacham of Lennox followed. The hon. Treasurer had a reason of asking for suggestions, but not wishing for criticism. The sainted leader had gone, and none but the wicked partners were left. Mr. Stratton he considered to be, in baseball phraseology, "on deck," and therefore deserved attention. He had said the Government had not misspent a cent. When Mr. Stratton was at home he was said to be somewhat of an independent. It had been contended that if the Ministry failed in their duty they would be turned out. Besides Mr. Stratton the previous speaker obtained his seat by representing himself as an independent, and it was such members who prevented the Government's overthrow. Regarding the hackneyed subject of the surplus, Mr. Meacham wanted to know why the Government did not include the $125,000,000 worth of timber as an asset and then claim a $100,000,000 surplus, instead of a $4,000,000 surplus? The marked ballots introduced by the Administration prevented many from giving an honest expression of their opinion. Public institutions, while a necessary, could be more economically managed. Money was needlessly spent on the asylums. The cost of the New Brunswick institution was much less, while its work was all but as efficient. The same management could characterise the six similar Ontario institutions. Continuing, the speaker showed that during the past 15 years there had been a steady deficit each year, while the estimates had been as steadily increasing.

The House rose at 6 p.m.

At the evening session Dr. Meacham continued an arraignment of the Education Department. He condemned the continual demand for expensive school books. At least young scholars should have cheap primers, in order that the people of the Province might save thousands annually. The speaker condemned the present system of granting licenses. It was partisan. He instanced in his own riding a case where the licenses of two hotelkeepers had been withheld until they had consented to vote the Government ticket.

Mr. Harcourt: Would the hon. member give the names?

Mr. Meacham thought the Government should themselves investigate the matter.

Mr. J. T. Middleton continued the bearing of the Government standard. He devoted the greater part of his time to a refutation of the arguments of the previous speaker.

Mr. T. Magwood, North Perth, reminded the hon. gentlemen opposite that it was only a few years ago they were boasting of a surplus of $6,000,000 in hard cash; under their management this surplus was rapidly dwindling down. They had boasted of all they had done for agriculture. As a practical agriculturist, he did not hesitate to declare that their chief work had been to fill up the agricultural farm with so many party heelers that if any more were appointed they would have to buy another 100 acres of land, as the farm would not hold them. When a superintendent was wanted the Government had ignored the graduates of the College and had come to Toronto for a man. The whole agricultural policy of the Government was one of boasting and no work. Their educational policy also was one of discrimination against the rural in favor of the city schools, the chief aim and object being to manipulate the offices in order to retain the Minister of Education and his colleagues in power.

Mr. John Craig moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned.

Mr. Ryerson—The City of Toronto Bill, which gives municipalities power to pass bylaws for authorizing the Park Commissioner to plant and remove trees, and to trim trees overhanging the streets; for holding municipal and school elections on New Year's Day. All persons in cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over, who are of the full age of 21 years, subjects of Her Majesty, and whose names are on the last revised assessment roll of the municipality, shall have the right to vote at municipal elections. The bill reduces the real property qualification from $400 to $200; provides for the procedure on taking votes on questions submitted to the electorate by council; transfers the licensing powers from the council to the police commissioners; gives the council of any city power to include in its estimates for 1897 a sum to be expended in celebrating the sixtieth anniversary of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen—in the City of Toronto this sum is fixed at $5000; amends the Board of Control provisions that were passed last year, by providing that the board shall consist of the mayor and four aldermen, three of whom shall form a quorum, and the four aldermen are to be elected by the council at its first meeting for the year. It takes away the double vote of the mayor, by striking out the words giving him a second or casting vote, in the event of a tie.

Mr. Smith—Respecting roads laid out along side-lines in certain townships.

Mr. Chapple—To amend the Marriage Act, 1896; to do away with the necessity of both persons making the affidavit on application for a license.

Mr. Chapple—To amend the Municipal Act, repealing the provisions of section 263, which require the annual publication of a detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures in towns, townships and incorporated villages.

Mr. Dryden—To amend the Municipal Act, amending the sections requiring the return to be made by municipal treasurers, auditors and clerks to the Bureau of Statistics.

Mr. Dryden—To amend the Agriculture and Arts Act, enabling firms or incorporated companies to become members of agricultural societies. It also substitutes butter and cheese association for the dairymen's and creamery associations, and makes some changes in the boundaries of the agricultural districts of North Perth and West Wellington.

NO FORMAL CONFERENCE,

But Matters of Interest May be Discussed With the Colonial Premiers.

London, Feb. 23.—In the House of Commons to-day Dr. James F. Hogan, anti-Parnellite member for Mid-Tipperary, asked if it was the intention of the Government to hold an Imperial conference while the Colonial Premiers were visiting London upon the occasion of the Queen's jubilee in June.

Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, answered that it was not intended to hold any Imperial conference, but if the colonial Premiers came to London in accordance with their acceptation of the invitation, which had been extended to them, the Government would discuss any matters of common interest which the colonial visitors might bring up.

For the Linen Corsets.

These are the days when every housewife worthy the title haunts the linen counters. For these are the days of the far-famed mid-winter sales, when the tablecloths go for a song and doilies may be had almost for the asking.

Luncheon sets come in charming designs in solid colors—pale pinks, blues, lavenders and yellows—but for actual wear white is always to be preferred. These are either fringed or hemstitched, but fringe means a weariness of the flesh and vexation of spirit to mistress and maid alike.

For the small accessories of the table, such as doilies and centrepieces, pure white is at present the vogue, and Mexican drawn work is for the moment much in demand.

The Sunday night supper table may be made a thing of beauty by means of these pretty trifles—the mahogany beneath brings out the patterns of the drawn work, and the serviette at each place may be a dream of cobwebby fineness.

Towels are now mammoth in size, and colored borders are decidedly passe—pure white is the mode; fringes, too, are out, and only the serviceable hemstitched towel is seen in up-to-date homes. These are embroidered in pure white also, the *latest fancy* being for small letters not exceeding an inch in length.

Many fastidious women buy toweling by the yard and hemstitch the desired lengths by hand. But this fashion is not recommended to the average housekeeper, who has multiple duties requiring her time and attention.

United States Ladies Who Will be Presented to Her Majesty.

London, Feb. 23.—The Queen arrived in London from Windsor to-day. The weather was bright and sunny. Mrs. Bayard, wife of the United States Ambassador, will be presented to Her Majesty at the drawing room which will be held at Buckingham Palace to-morrow, also Mrs. Marshall Fox of Maine and her daughter, Miss Maynard Butler of Boston and Mrs. Wentworth of New York.

When love knocks at a woman's heart he usually comes in disguise. Doesn't want it known what he's up to. If she knew all about the little rascal, would she let him in? That's a question.

Women are apt to look upon love and marriage as purely a matter of sentiment and affection. That is pretty nearly right; yet there is a practical side to it too; and the best way to preserve the ideal aspect of marriage and maternity is not to forget the practical part of it. A woman cannot be a thoroughly happy wife and mother unless the distinctive physical organism of her sex is in a healthy and vigorous condition. The best friend that woman ever had is the "Favorite Prescription," of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Prescription," is a perfect and infallible remedy for every form of "female weakness." It cures by restoring health and strength to the internal organism, which cannot be reached by "local applications;" thus the cure is radical, complete and constitutional.

Dr. Pierce's eminent reputation as a physician of wide learning; and his special knowledge of the delicate and intricate organism of women, accounts for the unparalleled confidence, which women place in his "Favorite Prescription," over every other remedy. Its use obviates the necessity of dreaded "examinations" and the stereotyped "local treatments."

Dr. R. V. Pierce, *Dear Sir*:—I suffered fourteen years with female weakness, nervousness, and general debility, trying everything I could find to help me—all to no avail. I then heard of Dr Pierce's medicines and although I was thoroughly discouraged, I thought I would try once more to find relief. I took your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription," and too great praise cannot be given for the rapid relief they gave me. I am now free from the former troubles. Very sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Mary J. Stewart.
Box 46, Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. Wettstein, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years — not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897.

The Latest Fashions

MODES AND MANNERS.

The Proper Things to Do and to Leave Undone.

The proper kind of handkerchief to have is of very fine linen, just simply hemstitched and with your initials hand-embroidered in one corner.

The proper kind of napery to have is pure white with the border running all around. They are invariably hand-hemmed, and hand-embroidered initials are put across the corner just inside the border, smaller-sized letters to match being used for the napkins. The polka dot is the pattern to have this year, the dot in the table cloth being about a quarter of an inch in diameter and the one for the napkins about half the size.

The proper kind of a wedding ring is quite narrow, but heavy and thick through.

The proper kind of a shoe this winter has the "bull-dog" toe. Calf-skin laced ones for walking and street wear, patent leather buttoned ones, with kid uppers (never cloth), for church, teas or dressier out-door wear, and the Duchesse slipper or light colored Oxford for house wear. Indoor shoes have no tips, outdoor ones have straight tips, the pointed tip is passe.

The proper kind of glove to wear is a heavy dog-skin one like a man's for your tailor-made gown or shopping, white glace four-buttoned kid ones stitched with black for other fancier day time occasions and white or light colored suede mousquetaire for evening wear.

The proper kind of a coiffure is a figure eight, either low or half high, accompanied with a parted front, taken back loosely and pushed forward toward the face. To soften the effect long sidecombs are put in with the teeth to the front.

The proper kind of a centrepiece is round with a scallop and an inch and a half fringe outside of this. The designs are almost exclusively flowers in wreath effects and bow knots. The ribbon twining is quite out of date.

The proper kind of side comb to have is at least four inches long, curved and of unornamented tortoise shell. Some handsome ones have very beautiful borders of open work at the upper edge, all cut from one piece of shell. Silver, gold and bejewelled ones became so common from their tawdry imitations they soon were dropped by refined women.

The proper kind of a photograph frame is a hand-embroidered linen one, but mounted under glass this year. This is fastened on with white water-color paper, with the edge running over the glass about half an inch on the back; it doesn't matter—just enough to give it a hold. It is a particular thing to do neatly, but if you are careful you can manage it; if not any picture dealer will do it for from fifty cents to a dollar and a half. It saves both the frame and photograph from being soiled.

The proper kind of carpet to have is a Wilton for hall and parlor, plain centre, with a border for a parlor; while matting and a rug are almost always found in dining-room, sitting-room and library.

He Wanted a Cheap Pair.

He walked into the ordinary's office and asked, as he hung himself on the corner of the office table and pulled off his hat:

"What's a pair of marryin' licenses wuth?"

"Oh, I guess we can make them to you for $1.50," replied the ordinary, good naturedly.

"Fer jest one pair?"

"Yes."

"Can't you beat that a little?"

"That's the best we can do."

"Great Scott! They used to cost that when times wus good. I needed a pair mighty bad, but I can't pay no sich prices es that. I guess there hain't been no overproduction in licenses to fetch them down like cotton, hes they?"

"Not that we have heard of."

"Now, say, pardner, hain't you got an old, second-hand pair of licenses what somebody elst hez dun used wunst, you can sell me fur about 65 cents?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Advertising in the Review pays.

GERMANY'S NAVY.

THE NAVAL RESOURCES OF THE EMPIRE NOT TO BE DESPISED.

Quick-Firing Guns of Large Caliber Are Said to More Than Make Up the Difference in the Number of Ships of Other Countries.

(Special Correspondence.)

Berlin.—(Special.)—Of the naval powers of consequence Germany is the youngest. Practically, too, the German navy is untried and untested. The further fact that Germany is a poor country, when compared with France, England or the United States, and that she is financially unable to support, without seriously crippling herself, the double burden of taxation which the maintenance of her matchless army and of a navy of first-class dimensions would necessitate, has bred the opinion generally held, even by the majority of the German press and people, that the German navy is of not much account, and hardly able to make a decent showing, if the need should ever arise.

This opinion, however, is an erroneous one. It is true that as to size the German navy occupies the fifth place, being outdone in this respect by England, France, Russia and Italy, and only slightly exceeding—at this hour—that of the United States, whereas it is certain that, in conformity with the naval plan and the naval resources fixed under the present administration, the United States will exceed, in the size and fighting quality of her navy, Germany ten years hence. But it is just as certain that Italy will drop behind with each recurring year, her financial embarrassment rendering it impossible for her to keep up the size of her navy on the present scale. As to the Russian navy, it is also, practically, an unknown and untested factor, and marine experts declare to-day that much of Russia's naval strength, like that of her army, exists only on paper.

Be that as it may, I in this instance merely wish to emphasize the fact that the German navy is no mean opponent. At the Kiel naval demonstration, in June, 1895, I heard an experienced impartial American naval commander express himself to the effect that in point of readiness, in point of admirable discipline and actual fighting power, the German navy of to-day comes, in his opinion, in the second rank—directly behind England. Since then several occasions have arisen which tried the mettle of the German navy, or at least vessels and crews forming part of it, and in each case the German vessels and their crews have borne themselves gallantly and worthily. I refer more particularly to the loss of the Iltis in Chinese waters, the little crew meeting its doom with cheers for their emperor and the singing in chorus of a patriotic hymn. Whenever the German navy forcibly interfered during the past 15 years, it did so efficiently, unflinchingly, and in a spirit of Spartan bravery.

It is known that the German Emper-

NEW GERMAN IRONCLAD WOERTH.

or has the ambition of evolving a German navy of such unexceptionable quality and of such fine fighting powers as did his grandfather with the German army. This, in fact, is the pet idea of William II., and hardly a day passes when he does not find time and opportunity to do something for his young navy—examining new models in ordinance or equipment, in some constructive part or machinery. He has so zealously devoted himself to the task of becoming a naval expert, both theoretically and practically, ever since he ascended the throne, that he has, according to the statements of all the German, English, French, Russian and American naval officers who have met him, really attained his goal.

There is no ruler of the present day who is a match for him in this respect. Nothing new and interesting in naval things escapes his keen eye and shrewd attention. Just to cite a point in illustration, I may say that the Emperor was one of the first to discern the great importance of Capt. Mahan's (U.S.N.) books on the influence of navies on national greatness, and that he at once carefully studied these books and had copies of them incorporated in the libraries of the naval academies and schools throughout Germany. It is a further proof of the great virtue he attaches to the growing prestige of his navy that he made his only brother, Prince Henry, adopt the naval career, and that, in the course of time, a number of German princes will follow suit in this respect, for some younger members of several reigning houses in Germany—those of Baden, Mecklenburg and Ogdenburg, for instance—are now serving as naval cadets, and two of the Emperor's own sons are intended to enter the navy.

Whenever the Emperor will succeed in realizing all his naval plans, at least so far as size of the navy is concerned, remains to be seen. Probably he will have to defer a part of them, for to carry them out now, at a time when the military budget is becoming larger each year, would place an almost unbearable burden of taxation on the already tax-ridden German people. But in the end he will doubtless succeed in the main. The German war vessels of the latest type, the ironclads of the Woerth and Sachsen class, are certainly marvels of mechanical ingenuity and monsters in formidable fighting capacity. The casemate guns, with which the vessels of the class to which the ironclad Sachsen belong are partially armed, are said to be beyond anything of the kind on other vessels. But the chief improvement now decided upon for the Germany navy, their being supplied with quick-firing guns of a new and unrivaled pattern, is of even vaster importance.

At the Krupp works in Essen, where experiments are being made all the time, a foreman in the ordinance department, Krause by name, made the invention and the multi-millionaire owner of the establishment purchased this invention of his outright. Not many weeks ago the Emperor visited the Krupp works at the special invitation of the owner, and afterwards witnessed the tests made on a large scale with those new quick-firing guns on the enormous shooting territory of Meppen, near Essen. These practical tests occupied one whole day and the forenoon of the succeeding one, and they were successful beyond anything the Emperor had imagined. The great need not only of the German navy, but of all navies of the present day, had been to make quick-firing guns of a caliber large enough to give the projectiles that amount of destructive, penetrative power necessary in a naval engagement between vessels of large and medium size. Such genius had not existed thus far. Technical difficulties which it seemed impossible to overcome had prevented the construction as well as the placing of them on board ship. Beyond the ten and twelve centimeter caliber none of these quick-firing guns could apparently be safely made. On the shooting territory of Meppen this fall, however, Krupp produced quick-firing guns of 15, 18, 21 and 24 centimeter calibre, and the work they did was so magnificent and exact as to earn the enthusiastic encomiums of the imperial eyewitness.

An arrangement has now been entered into with Krupp, by the terms of which he will manufacture these quick-firing guns for the German army exclusively during a term of years, thus giving Germany an important start over the other navies of the world.

Orders to the tune of 20,000,000 marks were at once placed with Krupp, and additional sums will be voted by the reichstag during the next five years, for the Emperor means to arm all his navy with the new quick-firers.

WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND.

PHILIP MELANCHTHON.

The Celebration of the 400th Anniversary of His Birth.

Lutherans in every part of the world celebrated the four hundredth anniversary of the birth of Melanchthon, who was born at Bretten, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Feb. 16, 1497. Melanchthon holds a place only a little below that of Martin Luther in the history of the Lutheran Church. He was Luther's associate in the reformation, and is regarded as the greatest of Lutheran scholars and theologians. Luther himself thought Melanchthon the ablest man of his time and superior to the great men of any church.

PHILIP MELANCHTHON.

Melanchthon assisted Luther in nearly every important work. It was he who wrote the Augsburg confession. He helped Luther translate the Bible, and was prominent at the famous diet of Worms. Although one of the greatest of theologians, Melanchthon was never ordained, had no degree of D.D., and never delivered a sermon in any pulpit, although he wrote important sermons for others.

The famous theologian was a remarkably precocious boy. At the age of 15 he graduated from Heidelberg University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, but in spite of the fact that he was at the head of his class the university refused him the master's degree because of his youth, so he entered the University of Tuebingen, from which he received the master's degree in 1514. Then, at the age of 17, he began to lecture to the students on Aristotelian philosophy and the classics. At the age of 21 he was appointed Professor of Greek at the University of Wittenburg. He was the most popular professor at the university, and pupils came from every part of Germany to learn from him. It was at Wittenburg that Melanchthon met Martin Luther. They became life-long friends and co-workers in the reformation. He was emphatically a theologian, and his advice had great influence on Luther and the other reformers.

Conciliation and moderation were his characteristics, and he used all of his influence for peace and toleration. He was modest, gentle and peaceful. Until the end of his life he cherished the hope of reconciliation between the branches of the Christian Church which could be accomplished by concession, and this made him unpopular with all the doctrinaries. Luther and Melanchthon, however, remained friends until the older man's death, when Melanchthon delivered a magnificent funeral oration on the dead leader, in which he called him the prophet Elijah and lamented his death as a great calamity to the Church of Christ.

Opposition to his policy increased after Luther's death, and when Melanchthon died, on April 19, 1560, he welcomed death as a release. He was buried at Wittenburg by the side of Luther.

Local Option in Pickering.

Whitby, Ont., Feb. 22.—The scrutiny of the vote for the repeal of local option in Pickering township was continued to-day before Judge Dartnell, when 15 more votes were struck off, leaving a margin of five yet to play. Adjournment was made to Friday, when it is likely the scrutiny will be finished.

On the morning of his twenty-first birthday Harry Enpeck sought a confidential interview with his paternal progenitor.

"Father," said Harry, in his most serious tone, "to-day, as you know, I attain my majority. As you also know, I hold a lucrative position, with a prospect of promotion, and am amply able to support a wife. I love Miss Borbons madly, and I would like to make her my wife without delay. It was to ask your advice that I requested this interview."

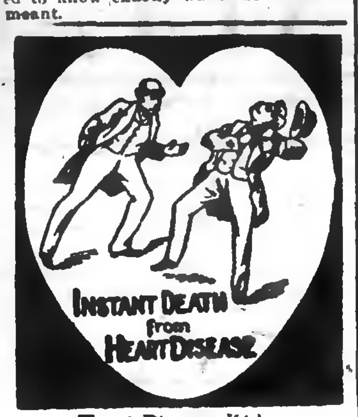
A shadow crossed the face of Enpeck, Sr.

"My boy," said he gravely, "I would advise you not to marry just now. You're too young yet to think about anything of that sort. Wait until you're thirty."

"But, father," exclaimed the young man, his voice trembling with anxiety, "when I'm thirty I may not want to marry."

"No doubt of it! No doubt of it!" said his father, with animation, backing out of the room.

Young Harry Enpeck is still perplexed to know exactly what the old man meant.



Heart Disease Kills.

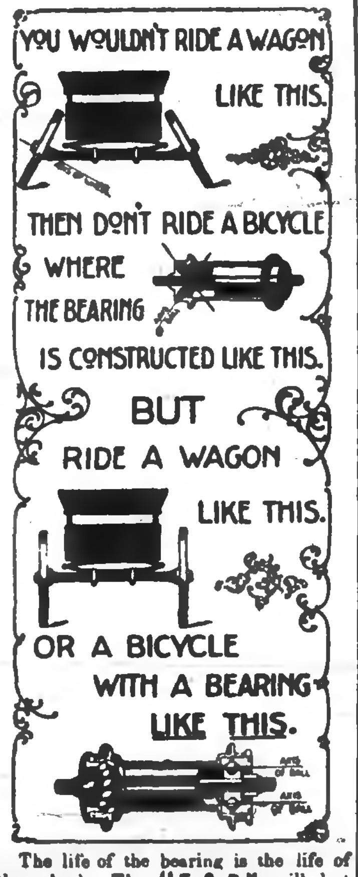
Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY, AGENT.

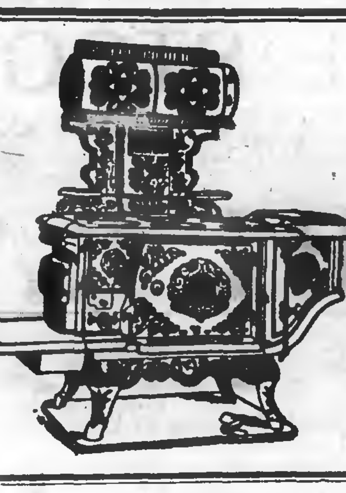
Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc. Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. Lapointe, Shambertown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd. Proprietors, Montreal.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

THE

Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. GOODERHAM, President. - - - - - J. F. JUNKIN, General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10.000 after age 45.

No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.

For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS, District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the Review and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

Do You Seek A Situation? Have You Houses or Land for Sale? Have You Secured All the Help You Want? Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell? You Will Find It Pays To Advertise To Advertise In The Review.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist (Government Inspector of Stock)

Calls day or night promptly attended to. Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH TELEPHONE NO 45.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes

CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.

CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices

BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.

A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

THE STOCK IS NOW CHECKED OVER.

IT WILL TAKE A FEW DAYS TO MARK DOWN THE SELLING PRICES

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

THEN LOOK OUT FOR

A GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

Don't be misled by imaginative sales of bogus bankrupt stocks. There is nothing in the trade to touch this stock at the money. It will pay you to wait.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

WAIT FOR THE ANNUAL

EXCURSION

OF THE

Peterborough Curling Club

—TO—

TORONTO

Wednesday, March 3rd,

Per Canadian Pacific Railway.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS **$2.00**

Tickets good for trains leaving Peterborough TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd March, and all trains on WEDNESDAY, March 3rd. Good to return on all trains up to last on THURSDAY Night.

W. L. ALLEN, Sec. Granite C.C. — J. S. KNAPMAN, Sec. Thistle C.C

Fat or Thin Hands,

Long or short, old or young—ANY kind of hands are the only tools needed to repair

Dunlop Tires

See that your wheel is fitted with them—then you'll have perfect "tire" comfort. They are fully guaranteed.

American Dunlop Tire Co.,
Lombard St., Toronto.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

SPECIAL TO

TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

ROUTLEY'S OLD STAND

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Keene's Last Carnival.

The last skating carnival for Keene of the season will be held in the skating and curling rink on Friday evening, Feb 27th Good prizes offered in competition. Make up a load and take the carnival in. 2d46

Guitars, Banjos and Violins.

We have a fine line of guitars, banjos, violins and mandolins. We sell on the monthly payment plan at almost cash prices. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d44tf

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25 Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Music! Music!

By taking a large number of Sousa's marches we are happy to say we can supply El. Capitan march all this week at 10 cents. a copy and hundreds of others as good. Repairing string instruments a specialty. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 3d44

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

After an Assay Office.

Belleville and Deseronto are not alone in the race for the assay office, to which they hope that the Provincial Government will give assistance to advance the Hastings district A deputation of men from North Hastings waited on the Government yesterday and pointed out the advantages which Madoc possessed for such an institution.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Return Thanks

The local Prohibition Committee wish to express their thanks to the Y M C A Board for the free use of their hall for the convention, the Salvation Army for the beautiful music rendered by the band, the speakers of the evening, the organist and choir of the George-st. Methodist church, and last, but not least, the kindness of our town papers in printing notices of our meetings, sending reports to the convention, and the obliging way in which the staff have treated us at all times. Signed, G W Powell.

Dandruff is an exudative from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

THE OFFICERS OF THE RANGERS.

The Annual Meeting of the Officers of the 57th Battalion.

The officers of the 57th battalion were nearly all in attendance at the annual meeting last evening and, though their time was occupied to a late hour, the election of committees and officers did not take place, but another meeting will likely be held next week.

The officers talked over the question of bringing a battalion to town for the 24th of May. The famous 13th of Hamilton and a crack Montreal regiment are being communicated with and a definite answer will soon be received.

Sergt Major Peters has gone to Kingston to receive instructions in the use of the new rifle issued to the Canadian militia.

Col Cotton, D A G, of Kingston, will be here in a few days to inspect the arms and armouries and it is imperatively necessary that the men bring in their arms and belts and avoid further trouble.

TEAM OF HORSES DROWNED.

Mr. Robt. Nurse, of South Monaghan, Loses a Valuable Team in the Otonabee.

Mr Robt Nurse, a farmer residing near Bensfort, in South Monaghan, lost two valuable horses last evening in the Otonabee river at the extreme end of Lock-st., where the sand reaches the river.

Mr. Nurse's hired man came to town yesday afternoon with his employer's son, who is ill, and who was taken to the Nicholls hospital. He started to return home in the evening, when, it is understood, the horses were frightened by a train near the C P R station, and succeeded in releasing themselves from the grasp of the driver, and were seen going down George-st. at a lively rate of speed.

This morning it was discovered the animals had broken through the ice at the end of George-st. and were drowned, and only the rear bob of the sleigh and a robe was left on the ice.

At the time of the discovery no one knew the circumstances of the affair, and a report gained currency that a man was drowned as well, but it had no foundation.

Mr Nurse has been meeting with misfortunes lately. The other day diphtheria claimed one of his family and now his son has been removed to the hospital.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

OAK HALL

To and Fro in London.

A fair audience heard John R. Clarke deliver his famous lecture, "To and Fro in London," at the Charlotte-st. Methodist church last evening. His inimitable description of the great city, its many sights, the peculiarities of its people and the greatness of its proportions was thoroughly enjoyed.

Paderwski's Rival.

The Toronto Globe says:—"Sieveking, the great Dutch pianist, has played in our fair city and taken our musicians by storm. This Mephisto of the piano is amongst the foremost artists of the world. Sieveking visited the warerooms of Gourlay, Winter & Leeming and while there played on the Gerard Heintzman grand. So greatly pleased was he with the instrument that he expressed a desire to meet the maker of such a magnificent piano, and accordingly visited Mr. Gerard Heintzman at his factory and was agreeably surprised to find such artistic pianos made in Canada. A magnificent 'Gerard Heintzman' upright was selected and sent to the Queen's Hotel for the great pianist's private use while in Toronto over Sunday." Mr. Thos. Dunn is the agent in Peterborough for these pianos.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

MAKING READY FOR THE BATTLE

COUNTY TEMPERANCE FORCES GETTING INTO LINE.

Preparing for the Plebiscite Campaign—Organize the Peterborough Prohibition Association and Elect Officers.

The Y M C A hall contained about 150 persons yesterday afternoon. They were gathered together at a meeting called to organize for the plebiscite campaign. Workers were in attendance from all points of the county and organization was perfected though several of the delegates argued that a rush at the work at present might cause death before the polling day.

Ex-Warden Geo Stewart, of Otonabee, acted as chairman, and Mr A J Johnston was the secretary.

THE DELEGATES.

The delegates in attendance were:—Mayor Yelland, Rev W R Young, Dr Fife, Mrs Geo Paton, Mrs Alexander, Miss Bathgate, Mrs Peacey, Geo W Powell, Samuel Sargent, F W Scott, C F Kevill, A J Johnston, Albert Warne, V E LeBar, J W Kirkpatrick, Mrs Geo McBurney, E F Clarke, Mrs John Dormer, Mrs Isaac Dormer, Mrs B A Kemp, Mrs Robt Wright, Miss Ina Mowry, Mrs L Hunt, Mrs Thexton, W Faint, Miss Emma E Howson, Mrs Faint, Mrs K Mark, Mrs J W Bacon, Miss Lizzie Davidson, S J Griffin, J S Martin, Rev W Bennett, S H Best, Miss McRae, Miss A Carruthers, A D Russell, W A Fletcher, J C Mann, Wm Garbutt, John Carlisle, W B Wilson, Rev A T Dykeman, Geo Brand, Chas Griffin, Percy G Might, K Mark, D A Lewis, Peterborough, Samuel Sargent, A Stewart, Geo Stewart, Samuel Armstrong, R A Deyell, Otonabee; Dr Harrison, Keene; Wm Simpson, J C Mann, G W Mann, ex-Warden Jas Middleton, Smith; Mrs T Orr, Rev J A Jewell, R C Douse, Hastings; W A Payne, F W Payne, W C Spencer, W Howland, P Payne, S R Payne, ex-Warden A R Kidd, Rev Geo Robinson, Wm Wasson, Dummer; Wm Garbutt, Mrs Wm Garbutt, Douro; Rev J W Kirkpatrick, R J Porter, Bailieboro; Rev T J Edmison, Lakefield; Rev W C Beer.

DECIDE TO ORGANIZE.

The meeting assumed a practical shape after Dr Fife had explained its purpose, that of preparing for the plebiscite campaign, and he then moved the following resolution:—

As it appears the Government of the present day intend to take a plebiscite on the question of prohibition, likely within a few months after the next session of the Dominion parliament, we, prohibitionists and temperance workers of the county of Peterborough assembled in convention, deem it advisable to organize in some way so that the largest possible vote on the prohibition question may be given on that date.

This was seconded by Mr. W. A. Fletcher, town, and adopted.

Rev W R Young inquired if they had any definite idea when this legislation looking towards a plebiscite would be enacted.

Dr Fife stated that his information was from the newspapers, but Mr George Powell, Mr George Stewart and Rev J McEwen declared that Mr Laurier had promised to introduce the legislation at the coming session.

Mr Samuel Armstrong, of Otonabee, stated the Liberal party in convention was committed to the project.

Mr. H. S. Armstrong moved a resolution, seconded by Mr A R Kidd, ex-warden of the county, proposing that organization be effected with president, secretary, assistant-secretary and treasurer, with township, village and town committees.

Mr J L Hughes contended that they were a little premature in organizing. A couple of weeks' campaign created enthusiasm, but six months' campaign would likely result in its death. It would be alright to elect the principal officers but not committees for the municipalities.

Mr Samuel Armstrong argued along the same line, proposing that the county officers with a live president and township chairmen be selected.

PETERBOROUGH PROHIBITION ASSOCIATION.

Before the organization was proceeded with a resolution was introduced by Rev W R Young, that the convention resolve into the Peterborough Prohibition Association to be composed of the temperance workers of the county, with president, secretary, treasurer, and vice-presidents from each municipality.

THE OFFICERS.

This was carried and the convention proceeded to select officers:

President—Dr Fife, Peterborough.
Secretary—A D Russell, Peterborough.
Treasurer—K Mark, Peterborough.
Vice-Presidents—Otonabee—Geo Stewart.
Smith—Solomon Northey.
Dummer—A R Kidd.
Douro—Wm Garbutt.
Asphodel and Norwood—Dr Ford.
North Monaghan—Jos Forster.
South Monaghan—John Riddell.
Ennismore—Richard Nurse.
Belmont and Methuen—Dr Jeffs.
Harvey—Robt Shaw.
Lakefield—Wm Harper.
Peterborough—Jas Stubbs.

It was moved by Mr Geo W Powell and seconded by Dr Fife, and resolved that as it will be necessary to have some campaign fund and as the officers should give their time more especially to the general canvas of votes, it is deemed advisable to appoint a Finance committee, who shall arrange for the collection of subscriptions and other moneys, said amounts to be payable over to the general treasurer to be used as the executive may see fit, said committee to be composed of five members.

THE PLEBISCITE.

This call in convention places us on the elevation of time and position where we can with advantage take a retrospective and prospective view of the temperance reform.

THE TEMPERANCE REFORM

in an organized condition is now fully sixty years of age. It began as a philanthropic enterprise simultaneously in Great Britain and America. Men were moved by the misery entailed upon individuals, families and society by the use and abuse of alcholic liquors and agreed to organize themselves, on the pledge of abstinence from spirituous liquors, and achieved much good socially.

The next stage of reform embraced the pledge from all malt and fermented liquors, and this comprehensive programme of abstinence was followed by organization, more compact and better fitted to protect and strengthen the victims of appetite, more influential in its character, variously designated Rechabites, Sons of Temperance, Good Templars, Royal Templars, and though last, by no means least in the extent of its labours, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, all aiming, and in their measure attaining very wide-spread influence in rescuing the victims of the liquor traffic, resisting the aggressions of the manufacturers, saving thousands from its snares, leavening society with a healthy public sentiment as to the importance of the temperance movement, pushing its principles before the attention of church assemblies in their subordinate and supreme departments, Conferences, Synods and Assemblies, until the reform deepened in its volume of power, and in the integrity of its principles and righteousness of its aims, so that now in almost every church assembly, in its representative character, definitely and almost unanimously declare the traffic as at present existing is a sin against God and society, damning alike to the purity of the kingdom of God on the earth and a constant menace to the purity and best interests of the state.

This latter view of the effects of the traffic on the state led men, good and true, to grapple with the political side of the movement, and the responsibility of the state to the traffic and society, whose representative and guardian the state is bound to protect and promote her best interests. These facts brought the movement into the realm of political life—municipal, provincial and federal—in these departments the traffic was defended as a source of revenue, of political and party influence, all at the cost of the dearest interests of society, economically, morally and physically. This collateral movement has had its stages of development and experiment in the Dunkin Act stage, local option, the Scott Act wave of victory, the chapter on provincial rights versus Dominion authority, the commission and its perigrinations, the judgments of the Courts, from local bench to the Privy Council; indeed the entire range of skillful political artifice, legal research and interpretation, judicial wisdom, have all been taxed to the utmost, yea, they have been exhausted and in every important measure and decision the air has been cleared and the outlook enlarged. Righteousness for society through the kingdom of God has been vindicated and national prohibition is the outstanding and clearly defined duty of church and state, involving to both immense problems requiring moral and spiritual courage on the part of both sides of society, cordial co-operation, forbearance and patience, just because vested rights of a material kind are involved. Social interests that enter into the very life of the church and the healthy administration of the affairs of the state will, with prohibition, come with a power that this land has never experienced.

This labored-for day has dawned in that the Dominion Government has pledged itself to the machinery we call a plebiscite by this means to find the real state of public opinion for and against prohibition. We have wrought this machine provincially throughout, the Dominion with hopeful results.

This is our place in the temperance reform historically considered.

THIS PLEBISCITE SHOULD BE

conducted by the advocacy, not of a political programme of solution or partisan methods of revenue; let us as temperance men in this campaign leave these to the politicians and let us, as far and as fast as we can, entrust these confessedly difficult problems to men of righteous aims and strong moral character to deal with the issues as they arise. It is our present duty to make the vote for prohibition so overwhelmingly convincing that the duty of the Government shall be written on the walls of the House at Ottawa in letters of light. Let us advocate prohibition as synonimous with social christianity. The term prohibition is suggestive of the moral law as presented in the Ten Commandments.

"Thou shalt not kill."
"Thou shalt not steal."
"Thou shalt not bear false witness."
"Thou shalt not covet."

Christianity has the inherent right to implant and realize in the social relations of men in the home, in the church, in the state and in business, and whatever is obstructive or subversive of this realization in the individual, in the family, or in society, must be removed, if for no other reason, because its presence is imperiling to all social interests, and if needs be society must be reconstructed to this end. Such we take to be the character and aim of prohibition.

The nearer purpose and aim in the plebiscite is to ascertain public sentiment as indicated above, and at the same time to educate this public sentiment as to the privilege and responsibility of the voter in this regard. This century has already witnessed legal reform in equity, in the integrity of the judiciary, the adaptation of penalty to the enormity of crime, so that a man is no longer sent to the gallows for theft.

Prison reform—So that our gaols are no longer pest houses or dens of filth.

Municipal reform—Seeking the best results in the nearest manner and with the least possible expenditure to the constituency.

Parliamentary reform—In the extended and purified franchise human slavery is wiped out from British and American soil, and we are summoned by the plebiscite to write another chapter in the temperance reform, which looks like the beginning of the end of a long and heroic conflict.

ALL REFORMS AS ENUMERATED

above imply and have been accompanied with the remodeling of *legal codes* and statutory re-construction of business relations, and the temperance reform is no exception. As in the past so in this, it becomes the duty of the state to deal with it should the people demand it.

INSTITUTIONS AND LAWS

are only instruments by which the moral decisions of the people are made effective, and the duty of the state is to make these instruments that they may be effective for the welfare of society, or in other words give position and freedom to social christianity. The motive power of these laws lies in the gospel of Christ in the lives of the people.

ALL CHANGE IN LAWS

modifies and alters the relations of the classes for whose advantage the change is made. To make the good better, by parity of reasoning the bad become worse, that is, this change in laws intensifies life in all affected by it, so that the class who always resist much and obey little become lawless, revolutionary, and imperil the cause of law and order and the very existence of the state. We had sad illustrations of this in the enforcement of the Scott Act. Those who obey much and resist little become the strength and health of the nation, and instead of lawless resistance there is legitimate and constitutional aggressiveness. So much for the purpose and method of the proposed plebiscite with prohibition in view.

The third position in this manifesto is

THE PRINCIPLE AND PROGRAMME OF SOCIAL CHRISTIANITY.

The church in her aggressive attitude to the evils of life has too long overlooked the fact that man is a creature of habits, largely under the influence of society, and that the legal conditions that create surroundings, selfish or unselfish, healthful and stimulating or malarious and distressing, yet these work night an day. The church has to a large degree been working out the problems of the Kingdom of God by saving individuals instead of organizing these units in social forces and making the doing of righteousness easier for the children that are unborn and that thereby they may the easier deal with fresh problems in the Kingdom of God.

The Gospel to be such must proclaim war upon all social prejudices; and careful agencies that are fostered by or lie at the base of our political life.

THE CHURCH HAS BEEN TOO PASSIVE

in the presence of evil, in her fear of entanglement with secular issues. She has preached and practiced the mediaval doctrine, the évils

Continued on Page 5.

SAY

Do You Wear a Shirt?

We mean a White Shirt with Linen Fronts and Cuffs

The Hercules Shirt

is a plump three-quarters of a dollar's worth for

49c.

It has a lot of features that you long for. See it.

R. H. KELLS & CO

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Thistles' curling night.
Meeting of the Bible Society at George-st. church.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

An Accident in Otonabee

Yesterday morning Mr. John Moore, of Otonabee, was loading saw logs in the woods when he fell and had his leg broken below the knee, the bones penetrating the skin.

Wedding at Keene.

Quite a number witnessed a pretty wedding in the Roman Catholic church at Keene yesterday morning, when Miss Margaret Keansley, of Keene, was married to Mr. Daniel McCarthy, of Otonabee, by Rev. Brown, V. G., of Douro.

JUST OUT—

"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In the Innes medal competition last evening Dr Boucher succeeded in defeating Skip G W Hatton, and Skip W D Parker came out ahead of Skip Attrill.

The scores were as follows:

Rink No. 1.

A Milne	Lt-Col H C Rogers
H C Grassett	W H Manson
J Jeffries	W Salisbury
W D Parker, skip..15	T P Attrill, skip..13

Rink No. 2.

H A Morrow	H Waddell
G H Giroux	G M Rogers
G E Whiten	E B Edwards
G W Hatton, skip.11	Dr Boucher, skip..15

FOR THE BREAD.

Skip LeBrun is the king of cakes—or bread, to use a common term—and two institutions in town will have their larder replenished by fifty loaves of bread each, from R H Fortye.

It came about in this way and Skip LeBrun is to be thanked for it. Skip Fortye and Skip Ed Brown had two curling contests and the latter had to acknowledge Mr Fortye king. Then Mr LeBrun met the victorious skip in an exciting contest last evening and Mr Fortye had to come down from his high position and throw up his hands and acknowledge Mr Lebrun champion and king of the crowd. According to agreement the loser had to send one hundred loaves of bread to the local charitable institutions.

The rinks were:

A J Gough	J D Baptie
T E Bradburn	A Blade
R S Davidson	T Rutherford
H LeBrun, skip..14	R H Fortye, skip..11

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

OAK HALL.

Catholic Association Social

The Catholic Association will hold a social in their rooms, George-st., on Monday evening next, March 1st. A fine evening's enjoyment is promised. Excellent music and refreshment provided. Tickets 50 cents each. 2d

Personal

Rev. H. Symonds lectured at Warsaw last evening.

Mr. T. E. Boddy is in Toronto attending the annual meeting of the Dominion Express Co. agents.

Mr. Peter Hamilton was in Ottawa yesterday and appeared before the tariff commission with a deputation of implement manufacturers.

Rev. W. F. Wilson, pastor of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto, who addresses the Bible Society meeting to-night, is the guest of Rev. Dr. Torrance.

MAKING READY FOR THE BATTLE.

Continued from page 4.

of society were to be endured and be a discipline to the soul instead of being controlled and brought into subjection; doing evil made this difficult of accomplishment. Justice and charity must not only be preached to men, but the influence of these brought to them in the interests of life. Great prominence should be given to these things—well illustrated in the campaign for the plebiscite.

THE PREPARATION FOR POWER AND SUCCESS.

Organization is one of God's ways of strengthening the workers and giving success to His Kingdom in the earth.

Inspiration—Comes from Association in work and counsel.

Enthusiasm—Is begotten of simultaneous activity and uniformity of aim.

MORAL ATTITUDE.

In addresses, sermons, canvassing, conscience, power with intelligence and prayer in all meetings for perfecting plans will make the plebiscite felt through the county and be a preparation for prohibition when it comes. Purpose, principles, preparation, followed up by participation by pastors, church officers, municipal leaders of the people, individually and collectively; women's work for women as canvassers and voters; adult classes in Sunday schools; Christian Endeavorers in the line of good citizenship. Let every municipality be helped by the central committee in directing the circulating of literature. Nothing is better than the plebiscite by Rev. W. A. McKay, of Woodstock.

Evening Meeting.

The public meeting in the evening in the George-st. Methodist church was well attended. Mayor Yelland presided and Rev. Dr. Torrance conducted the devotional exercises, after which Mrs. Seward and Mr. James Browne sang a duet.

Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., was the first speaker, and in opening remarked that he was pleased to see Mayor Yelland on the platform as chairman, for he was there not only as Mayor of the town, but as a staunch temperance worker. They were met in sympathy with one of the grandest reform movements the world had ever seen. The liquor traffic knew no class—it had worked itself into the palaces of kings as well as the home of the poor man. It had picked out of the intellectual sky some of its brightest stars. There were two lines of work in connection with the temperance movement. One was the moral suasion theory. They seemed to have in some way, Mr. Young said, passed away from that theory, and he felt that not until one of the great political parties took prohibition as a platform would they secure the abolition of the liquor traffic. He was sorry to state that he had lost faith in political parties and he did not believe in ante-election promises, whether it be a royal commission or the promise of a plebiscite in case a party was returned to power. They were not governed by royal commissions and plebiscites in questions of tariff reform, but only in prohibition or other such moral questions. He wished they had the particulars of this coming plebiscite—time and method. He trusted to see the county of Peterborough roll up a big majority for prohibition.

After a few remarks from Mayor Yelland in which he stated he had been a temperance man for 44 years, Miss Lillie Pascoe rendered a solo.

Rev A T Dykeman followed and announced himself a worker with heart and soul in the cause. Proceeding Mr Dykeman brought the attention of the audience to the meaning of the word bar, and said its definition was always an "obstruction no matter in what respect it was used, a bar or a rum shop was an obstruction. It was a hinderance to respectability. It was a bar to happiness and morality. The bar filled the penitentaries with prisoners. It was a bar to righteousness and civilization. The bar was a curse to many a home, it caused domestic infelicity. Drink was a bar to the financial life of a country. In the plebiscite campaign they would have to discuss the revenue and meet the argument that the country is not ripe for prohibition. They would have to explain how they would meet the loss of $7,000,000 revenue. Their opponents stated the liquor traffic increased the revenue of their land, but he did not believe it and he felt their country would be better if they never had this curse. They would reap far more revenue if they placed this money in machinery and secured more employment for their people. Total prohibition in Canada, he believed, would increase their wealth $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 through the investment of capital in factories and labor and not in strong drink. The traffic produced dead heads, weakened the power of men, and he contended that they had 100,000 non-producing people in Canada as a result of this traffic. A great deal of money was being lost to the country in this way. In the administration of justice the country would be able to save a great amount. He figured that $43,000,000 was being lost to the country through the liquor traffic. The remedy for all this was prohibition and shame on the country that was not ready for it.

Mrs Seward, Miss Lillie Pascoe and Messrs Harvie and Miller contributed a quartette, after which Rev A C Reeves, of Lakefield, addressed the audience. He attached blame to temperance people for not uniting in support of temperance men during an election. They always clung to their party, and this the politicians understood, and not until the temperance people became united would they secure temperance legislation. If they did not vote in favor of prohibition they would never secure it, but if they had a big majority by the plebiscite, prohibition would result in time at least. Their present duty was to stand together and bring in the death knell of the liquor traffic at the approaching contest.

Miss Lillian Phelps, of St Catharines, well known as a temperance speaker, was then introduced and emphasized the fact that the political parties were composed of the people, and the people ruled, and if they favored prohibition, the powers would have to yield to them. Every man's conscience must speak, and they must understand that this question was not delegated to any political party but to the people, and they would be responsible.

After a few words from Rev J McEwen, the meeting was brought to a close.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The hardware men showed their sound metal last evening and the dry goods clerks feel that better muscle is developed in the hardware trade.

The hockey match between the two teams took place last evening and was a contest that excited no end of amusement and piles of excitement. Tom Consal was the referee and he knew as little about the game as those who competed. The hardware men won by five goals to nil, and the dry goods boys wonder if the referee had anything to do with the score.

The men from the hardware stores had some fast men on their seven, Brown profiting by his lacrosse experience, while Dumble and Fred Ferguson benefitted widely by the contest of last year, Ferguson and Higgins played magnificent hockey on defence. Rollie Deane and Butler deserve the greatest praise for work on the defeated team.

The sevens were composed as follows:

HARDWARE		DRY GOODS
Higgins	goal	Manning
Ferguson	point	Butler
Brown	cover point	Picard
White	Forwards	Moher
Comstock		Deane
Dumble		Cheate
Burnham		Might

ANOTHER DEFEAT FOR THE GREENIES

The Greenies drove up to Lakefield last evening and encountered Lakefield's best team in a friendly contest and returned vanquished by eight goals to three, after a contest that was not very exciting. The individual playing in several cases was brilliant. The teams were:

LAKEFIELD		GREENIES
Newbury	goal	McClellan
Ridpath	point	Bradburn
Davis	cover point	Thorne
Ridpath	Forwards	Graham
Mackenzie		King
Ridpath		Watt
Macdonald		Logan

NOTES.

The Huffman boarders, the winners of the Huffman-Oriental match on Monday night, have accepted the challenge of the boarders at the Grand Central for a contest.

The senior Peterboroughs play in Toronto on Friday evening. The T A C seven will be their opponents.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

Don't forget the Auction Sale of Furniture, Furnishings, etc., the property of Mr J M Irwin, in the Store, No. 370 Water St., on Thursday, Feb'y. 25th, and following days. Sale at 12.30 p m. No Reserve whatever. 1d 46

Friday and Saturday Bargain Days.

A sort of bargain musical festival, music and perfume. Messrs. J. Gould and Prof. Hanneon, of New York, will be at our store on Friday and Saturday introducing Hubbard's famous American perfume and sachet powders. The professor will play all the latest music which will be on sale at 5 cents per copy. The perfumes will be sold at 25 cents per oz., the regular price is 60c. Bring your bottles. Everybody is invited to attend. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 2d46

Brevities.

—The members of No 5 company are requested to hand their belts in to Capt Miller immediately.

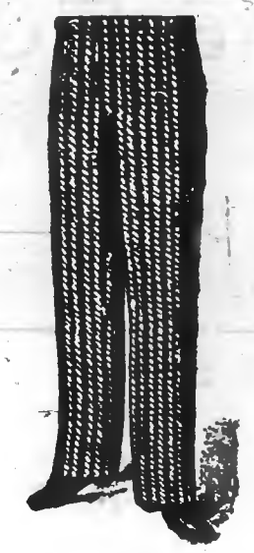
—Mr. R Touchbourne was elected reeve of Lindsay to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr D Ray. His opponent was Capt Crandell.

—The case of the Queen vs Brenley has been settled, Mr Brenley it is understood relinquishing possession of the house on Water-st.

—Another vagrant was sent up to break stone at the gaol by the Police Magistrate this morning. His name was Geo Thompson.

—A team of horses belonging to Mr Wm Hatherley, Otonabee, ran away from the Otonabee mills this morning, but did no damage.

—The woman and two little children sheltered by the Children's Aid society returned to their starting place again yesterday. In the meantime the society will try to get a place as housekeeper for the woman.



No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit slick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. Peterborough.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

—The Riverside skating rink will be open this evening.

Rev. W. F. Wilson Will Speak.

The annual meeting of the local branch of the Bible Society will be held this evening in the George-st. Methodist church when an address will be delivered by Rev. W. F. Wilson, of Trinity Methodist church, Toronto. Mr. Wilson is an able speaker and a large congregation should be present.

BIRTH.

HOOPER—At 181 Dalhousie-st., Peterborough, Monday, Feb. 22nd, 1897, to Mr and Mrs T H Hooper, a daughter.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 89. - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 398 George-st.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,566,658	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,731
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	272,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

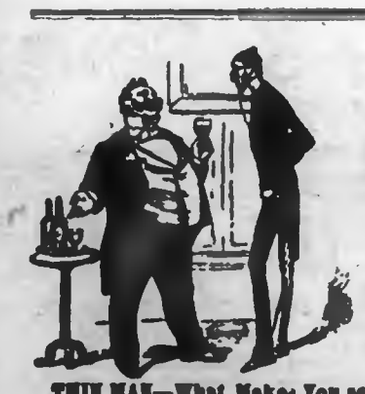
SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business **ENVELOPES**

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.



THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

Restaurant Etiquette.

"Here, waiter, this man is choking to death. A glass of water quick!"
"I am sorry I cannot oblige you, but I am not waiting on him."

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

Aged in Oak Casks,
Golden in Color.
Nutty in Taste.
Exquisite in Flavor.
Glorious in Effect.

MADE SOLELY AND PURELY FROM

V. O. 1890 Whisky

DISTILLED BY THE LATE

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

We pay the Government an extra duty, owing to malt having been used in bond for its distillation.

An official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

Ask for Quart Bottles, also ....EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain.

Pain-Killer. (PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, (Circular sent on request.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSIAH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to stop my children of croup when a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough, which several other remedies had failed to do. It has also proved an effectual cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or bronchitis."

H. O. BARCOCK, of Little Rocklin, N.B., writes:
"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best nothing medicine I know; my children swear it is the best."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lim. Proprietors, Montreal.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Brown Stars," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

pates his wish, for he brings his closed vehicle close to the pavement, and calls out to know if the senor desires a carriage.

Perhaps Doctor Jack might have hesitated about engaging this fellow had he seen him holding a whispered conversation with the Turkish Pasha a short time before; but being in ignorance of this same thing, he jumps into the vehicle gives the driver the name of his hotel, and slams the door.

Again he is threading the narrow calle, and around them darkness hangs much of the time. Fortunately for him the American has his wits about him—a suspicion comes first—he observes the route, and then of a certainty discovers that his driver is away off. Undoubtedly the fellow is up to some ugly business—perhaps he knows the Pasha, and is endavouring to lead the bold American into a trap of some sort.

It takes a wide-awake Yankee to deal with such crafty men. Doctor Jack, when he makes this discovery, does not call upon the driver to halt. They are in a dark part of the narrow street, and the vehicle makes such a noise rattling along that any sound he may cause is drowned.

Without a moment's hesitation he opens the window beside him, over the door, pushes his head and shoulders out, grasps the steel railing around the top of the coach, and begins to draw his whole form out.

None but an athlete could accomplish this, what with the darkness and the moving coach, but Doctor Jack does the job, feels with his foot for the front step, used by the driver, finds it, gives one turn, and with a single motion seats himself beside that worthy, who, never dreaming of the gymnastics going on behind, is tremendously astounded to discover a human body planted beside his own, but who is even more surprised when he feels the cold muzzle of a revolver touch his face, and a voice bellow in his ear above the rattle of steel-shod wheels on the cobblestones :—

"I am your passenger. Your game is up. Turn along the first calle leading to the Del Prado or I'll murder you. No words, but obey," says this terrible voice.

The man shivers—perhaps he fears lest he has picked up a crazy fare—but he obeys orders, and in ten minutes Doctor Jack drops down in front of the little fonda where he has put up, hands the man a peso, gives him a look that makes his hair stand up, and marches into the hotel.

He does not mean to retire yet—there is much thinking to be done ere turning in—and he takes out a cigar to smoke, when he discovers the one given him by Don Carlos.

Again that suspicion comes to him. He takes the cigar to his room, where in a simple way he can tell whether it has been drugged. To his surprise the experiment proves the fact beyond a question.

Then he wonders, while smoking one of his own cheroots, what the game is—why should Don Carlos desire to keep him under his roof against his will—for he remembers how earnest both of them were in beseeching him to remain. Robbery seems out of the question, and Jack never dreams that the fact of his having an engagement at eight cuts any figure in the matter.

So he is all at sea, and the more he ponders the less able he is to get at the kernel which he knows lies hidden somewhere inside this hard, flinty outer shell.

Meanwhile time has slipped by. It lacks less than an hour to midnight now. Jack does not smoke furiously as when with Don Carlos, but in a dreamy fashion.

He is seated near the window, for the night air, laden with the perfume of flowers that bloom in the spring time in sunny Spain, seems unusually pleasant.

At this hour it would seem natural that the city should be growing more quiet, for every metropolis Jack has ever known subsides into a more peaceful state as the night wears into the small hours. To his surprise just the contrary seems to be the case. It is much more noisy than at ten o'clock, when he reached the hotel.

Jack becomes interested. He even leans out of the window to see what is up. New lights have sprung into existence—even streets that were neglected before now seem to throb with a pulsating life, and are in a measure illuminated, as though a great unwritten law compels every citizen to have at least one lamp or candle in his window.

The change is amazing—with every passing minute new lights spring up. Down below he sees a moving throng of people. All seem light-hearted, laughter and jest are bandied about, and it is very evident that no serious business brings these crowds abroad.

Music is heard here, there, and everywhere—distant bands thrill the air, and quicken the pulses, groups on the boulevard sing snatches of songs, and more than one sweet-toned mandolin throbs to the fingers of a music-loving Spanish lassie in the courts near by.

Doctor Jack is amazed—he rubs his eyes as though under the belief that he must be dreaming. What does all this mean? Madrid has awakened from her lethargic state—she seems for the time being to outrival Paris in gayety. One thinks of a royal wedding, with the whole city rejoicing, but Jack knows this cannot be.

What then?

The music grows in volume, and even under his eyes the crowds increase. He can see them better now, on account of th light. If Jack has been sleepy before, he was never more wide awake than now. Instead of abating, his interest grows with the excitement.

Looking at his watch he finds that the hour lacks just nine minutes of twelve. Then the idea strikes him that these mercurial people are waiting for midnight, which time will usher in some great holiday.

He begins to grasp the reins, and reach a solution of the mystery. Looking closer than before he realizes two things. The first of these is the fact that there are scores of women upon the streets as well as men, and it is evident that the night walkers have now been reinforced by a stream of respectable senoras and senoritas from the dwellings.

What Doctor Jack notices in the second place is the fact that many of these women wear long cloaks, and their faces are concealed by masks, while even numbers of the men are also masked. He suddenly jumps to his feet with a laugh.

"Bless my soul, I understand it all. At midnight the great carnival begins!"

CHAPTER X.

Once a year Madrid, in common with all Latin cities, arouses from her long sleep, and for three days and nights preceding Lent, engages in the most extravagant orgies.

During this time the people run wild, and seem never to sleep—day and night the streets are jammed with crowds of pleasure seekers, music fills the air with intoxicating sounds, revelry is in progress at every corner, and to look at the light-hearted people one would never dream that they lived over a mine, which is liable to explode at any moment.

Soldiers are as thick as skippers in an old cheese, their bright uniforms adding splendour to the scene, for Spain is a country where the restless populace, dreaming of liberty and license, have to be constantly reminded of the power resting with the royal family—she has been a republic before and will again, with the shining example of France so near at hand.

As Doctor Jack looks the bells of the Spanish capital ring out the hour of midnight. It is a signal long anticipated, since it ushers in the carnival season. More people flock out of the houses—the brilliant promenade below is thronged. In vain the American seeks a face—at the ringing of the bells every countenance is covered, for it is another unwritten law that, from midnight to sunrise on these three nights, no one shall appear upon the streets unmasked—the penalty may be a broken head.

As Jack has never chanced to be in the south of Europe during the carnival time he is greatly interested in the sight, as will be every sojourner in Madrid. Sleep seems out of the question with such a racket in progress, even if he did desire to obtain it.

Leaving his room he passes downstairs to see the entertainment at shorter range, not that it is his intention to join in just then, though many foreigners do so, and become mixed up in the brawls that often occur. With all the wickedness that marks the Spanish capital during the gay carnival season at least one good thing can be said—few drunken men are seen. Light wines are the drinks indulged in by the people of Spain, rum seldom being used, and whiskey never. They may have copied the absinthe drinkers of Paris to a certain degree, but this serves to stupefy their minds like opium, and not engender street brawls.

Down below Jack finds quite a throng gathered near the doors to watch the merry maskers on the pave without. Everyone seems to own a mask of some sort, and a man stands by selling these for a few pesetas each, so the American invests, intending to saunter down the street and witness the sights.

Once outside he joins in with the throng, and keeps his eyes about him. It is indeed a remarkable sight to look upon the crowds the midnight bells of Madrid have called into review, and Jack photographs them upon his memory for future use.

Along the edges of the sidewalk are many street stands, where is seen the

To be Continued

EARLY SPRING FLOWERS.

The Cro-cus.—Up-to-date.

THE BRIDEGROOM.

His Place Accurately Fixed by the "Old Journalism."

"Now, Mr. Scribbles," said the able editor of the Ruralville Basoo, addressing the high-browed academy student who was about to begin doing the local itemizing for the paper, "in journalism, as in every other profession, there are certain ethics and other sundry tenets which are as inviolable as the justly celebrated laws of the Pedes and Mersians—er h'm!—we should say the Merdes and Pesians—that is, the Perdes and Mesians—er—er"——

"The Medes and Persians, sir," assisted the student, who was especially long on unimportant knowledge.

"Quite right! Much obliged! We were about to say that there are in journalism certain customs which from long usage have become fundamental and must not be deviated from one tit or jottle—we mean, one jit or tottle—er—ah!—that is to say, one tot or jittle—er—h'm!"——

"Jot or tittle, sir," suggested the novice hopefully.

"Thank you! Thank you! For instance, a candidate for office who desires to work the farmers must invariably be styled a handy horned—we mean, horny handed ton of soil—er—er"——

"Son of toil, sir," again interjected the student.

"Exactly! It is astonishing how our tongue is twisted to-day. It doubtless comes, however, from our conversation a couple of hours ago with Lawyer Skinner over the details of the lawsuit of Hitchcock vs. Hotchkiss. Such things have a tendency in that direction, we have no doubt, especially when assisted by a liberal-sized jug of Farmer Dunk's hard cider. But, as we were saying, these traditions of journalism must not be violated. The reading public has grown to expect them, and will not be satisfied with any substitutes."

"Yes, sir."

"Well, now, for example, in writing up the fashionable wedding which occurs to-morrow night, and upon which occasion you will make your debut as a representative of The Basoo, please remember that in such accounts the most important particular—the one, in fact, which transcends and lays it all over anything else—is the bride's costume. Next in importance is the bride herself. Then come the minister, the bride's family, the bridesmaids, the best man, the ushers, the prominent guests, the coalition 'neath which the table groans, and the presents in the order named."

"Yes, sir, but where does the groom come in?"

"Oh, the groom! All that is necessary is to get his name, and if you chance to spell it wrong the mistake is much more easily overlooked than an error in crediting any particular present to its proper donor. The groom cuts even less figure than the 'ph' in 'phthisic.'"

"Can't Lose Me, Charley."

Old Spurhumper—Speaking of coasting. Well, say!

Rat Traps for Earthquakes

In connection with the late earthquake a funny story is told of a well-known Conservative member of Parliament. He lives in an ancient and rat infested mansion near what seems to have been the centre of disturbance. When the earthquake disturbed his slumbers he jumped out of bed, exclaiming that he would stand this sort of thing no longer. With the resolution of a desperate man he then procured and set two large rat traps and retired to rest, feeling that he was prepared for the worst. Traps have been set before now to catch sunbeams, but this is the first time on record of their being employed against earthquakes.—London Truth.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

"Just as Good as Scott's Emulsion"

You hear it in nine out of ten drug stores.

It is the reluctant testimony of 40,000 druggists that Scott's Emulsion is the standard of the world.

And isn't the kind all others try to range up to, the kind for you to buy?

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Dunne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. S. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Dunne, Robert Janes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Wardle, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal		4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock		7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston		4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
	WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago		11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate		7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago		11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest		11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8 55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A card on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend I ever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "Pellets" will not cure. They cure *permanently*. Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

—In Wentworth county a woman's branch of the Farmer's Institute was organized. This is an idea that could be followed in Peterborough county with benefit to the farmers' wives.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

DICTIONARY SNYDER.

An Interesting Character Known to the Students of the Paris Latin Quarter.

Stories of the unique characters that America contributes to the Latin Quarter of Paris, the section in which is to be found the majority of the art students in the gay French capital, are entertainingly told by Mr. Clinton Peters. Charles Snyder, who has lived for the past thirty-one years in Paris, is well known to the students in the Latin Quarter as "Dictionary Snyder." This sobriquet is due to his fund of information. But he is not an artist, but has for years associated with them. Snyder speaks seven languages, has a superior education, which, however, he has seldom been able to turn to advantage so far as his personal benefit is concerned.

"In everything he is a typical Bohemian," said Mr. Peters yesterday, "and indifferent to the future, so long as his wants are provided for in the present. He is a master of expediency.

"At the beginning of the siege of Paris Snyder had but 15 francs, yet he lived on them throughout that long period, when the necessities of life were sold for almost fabulous prices. I asked him once how he managed to survive on such a small sum, and he replied that at the time the siege was announced he resolved to buy a quantity of food that no one else would think of and which would sustain life for a considerable period. Prices were so high that there were very few articles of food that were left to the choice of a limited pocketbook, but he solved the problem accurately. He bought three bottles of olive oil on the first day, when hardly any one of the Parisians thought of such an article of diet, and from day to day purchased small quantities of bread. The oil and bread were mixed together with water and made into a sort of soup, and on this limited though nourishing menu Snyder lived until the siege was nearly ended.

"Toward the close of the siege he became extremely weary of his monotonous diet, and resolved on a bold stroke for a change in the bill of fare. So he left the city secretly and walked boldly up to a German picket. Of course he was grought to a halt by the soldier. Then he explained that he was not a Parisian, but an American citizen, detained in Paris, and a very hungry one at that. He asked permission to enter the German camp, but the soldier told Snyder he had orders to allow no one to pass. Convinced that Snyder meant no michief, but was really a man in need of provender, he finally consented to become a party to a ruse which that fertile gentleman proposed. This was that Snyder was to take to his heels in the direction of the camp, while the soldier, as if in the full performance of his vigilance, was to fire his gun in the air. It was carried out successfully.

"Here he was regaled with cheese, beer and other good things to his heart's content by the Germans, and soon after started to return to Paris. But he had promised the guard who had first arrested his bold flight to return within an hour. Indulging the foaming bear offered him in the camp he had overstayed the allotted time, and on reaching the outpost found another picket. Explanations followed, and Snyder proposed that he be allowed to run for the gate through which he originally came, while the guard pretended to chase and fire upon him. Again was his scheme agreed to and he re-entered Paris. Once inside the gate the Frenchmen regarded him as one who had achieved a marvellous escape and, as the Germans had done, set before him a bountiful repast.

"Although at many times in the greatest penury, Snyder would never accept regular employment. I know of one offer that was made to him by a New York newspaper to take charge of its cable business at a salary of $3000 per annum. This offer was promptly declined by Snyder, who said that it involved a certain amount of routine work which would kill him. He was then living on about four cents a day.

"At the time I was spending most of my earlier days in Paris there was an art student for whom Snyder had a particular fondness. He has since risen to prominence, but in those days the student was far from prosperous. There was to be a dinner given at a restaurant celebrated in the Quarter for the excellence of its menu, and, of course, this student I speak of was particularly anxious to go. But he lacked a most important essential. He had no white shirt! Snyder was called into the meeting of condolence that was held, and at once set his inventive genius to work. He pondered silently for a brief while, but his brow soon lightened and he cheerily asked, "Have you a collar?"

"The student responded in the affirmative, but announced that he had no tie to wear with it appropriate to the occasion.

"'I'll fix that easily,' answered Snyder, reassuringly, as he went through the very limited wardrobe of the art student. He fished up a vivid red stocking, and by means of sundry holes cut in the collar and artistic manipulation the flaming stocking was twisted into a very clever imitation of a becoming neckcloth. The effect was satisfactory to all concerned, and the student departed for the dinner in high feather.

"But unfortunately for appearances, and especially for the poor student, as the dinner progressed he forgot that in his shirtless condition it was important to keep his coat closely buttoned, and in an absent moment he loosened that garment and flung the lapels back against his shoulders. You may well conceive what a sensation the sight of the naked breast, culminating in a stocking-hung collar, produced on the company.

"Another instance of Snyder's ingenuity in a desperate strait, and also another instance of the indigence of the same art student, now the head of a great art institution in America, occurred at another social gathering. Such had been the improvement in the student's fortunes that he was able to afford a shirt, but had no studs to ornament the front. Snyder was once more consulted, and, as usual, repaid this tribute to his genius with a ready idea. He cut three black buttons from his shoes and strung them on a heavy thread. The buttons were hung upon the outside of the student's shirt and the thread from the inside held them deftly in place. They presented a respectable appearance, and the student went boldly to take his part in the festivities.

"Dancing was in order, and the student was one of the gayest of those who danced. But also the exertion of his movements caused the thread to loosen and the shoe buttons to dangle at the bottom holes an inch or more from their proper places. The attention of the student was called to the singular appearance of his improvised studs, but, nothing daunted by the derision such a plight occasioned, he paused in the midst of his dancing, grasped the truant thread, and brought the buttons back in place with a resounding slap against the starchy stiffness of his shirt. He then gravely grasped his partner and continued his gyrations." —Baltimore Sun.

CECIL RHODES AGAIN.

The Ex-Premier Says Oom Paul Did Not Keep His Promises to the Uitlanders.

London, Feb. 23.—The examination of Cecil Rhodes by the Parliamentary Committee appointed to inquire into the Transvaal raid was resumed in Westminster Hall to-day. The Prince of Wales was again present, and Dr. Jameson, the leader of the raiders, made his appearance at the inquiry for the first time.

The examination of Mr. Rhodes occupied the entire sitting of the committee. The hall was not so well filled with spectators as at the former sittings, interest in the inquiry being apparently on the wane. Several times during the examination Mr. Rhodes attempted to justify the raid by calling attention to the fact that England is now in full sympathy with the Cubans in seeking to obtain their civil rights, whereas it was Britons who sought their civil rights in the Transvaal. He also reiterated the declaration he made on the first day of his examination that the people of Johannesburg would never cease their agitation until they had secured their popular rights.

Mr. Rhodes further declared that President Kruger, prior to the revolutionary measures of the Johannesburgers, had promised to grant their demands, but had failed to keep his promise.

In reply to a question by Hon. Edward Blake, Mr. Rhodes said he had been told that he had let Johannesburg in for the Transvaal trouble, but after examining the letters and telegrams he arrived at the conclusion that it was rather Johannesburg that let him in.

Referring to the conversation between himself and "Boddy White," Mr. Rhodes said: We were discussing the Egyptian question. I said: "If Great Britain decided to remain I should stop any foreign power from coming between Khartoum and Uganda." White replied: "We had no instructions." I answered: "Of course not, but it is not the Government's policy that you should lie on your backs and eat three meals a day. You ought to ascend the Nile and make it impossible for the French to cross." I did not know White would apply my remark to something else. It shows how careful you ought to be in what you say."

Mr. Rhodes, in answer to further questions, said that his determination to proceed to extreme measures was reached in conjunction with the leaders at Johannesburg. Owing to the hopelessness of obtaining redress for the existing grievances it was intended to change the Government.

Answering a question regarding the Matabele war, the witness said: "It is fortunate for you that you have'nt had to pay for it."

The committee adjourned until Friday.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade is dull, with demand almost nil. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7, and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The market is quiet, and the feeling unsettled, in consequence of declines in Liverpool and Chicago. White wheat is nominal at 75c, and red at 74c at outside points. No. 1 hard quoted at 74c Fort William, and it is quoted at 86c Midland.

Buckwheat—Business inactive, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c outside.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 at 27c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—Market is unchanged, with sales of white at 17½c to 18c west, and of mixed at 17c west.

Peas—The market is weaker, with sales at 38c north and west. Cables are lower.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 33c east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

There was a very good market to-day, with receipts of 53 car loads, including 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1300 hogs. The demand for cattle was good, and prices rule firmer. Sales of choice exporters at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and good cattle at 3½c to 3¾c. Stockers are quoted at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls bring 2¾c to 3½c per lb., according to quality. Butchers' cattle steady for best qualities, which sold at 3¾c to 3½c per lb., the latter for fancy; good to medium at 2½c to 2¾c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $8 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3¾c to ¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4½c to 4¾c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at 4¾c per lb., weighed off cars; thick fats at 3¾c, light weights at 4c to 4¼c, sows at 3c to 3½c, and stags at 2c to 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 23.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6¾d; peas, 6s 4½d; pork, 45s 6d; lard, 30s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 28s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 52s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage steady. English country markets quiet. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat quiet at 6s 4½d for March and 6s 5¾d for May and July. Maize quiet at 2s 7½d for March, 2s 8½d for May and 2s 9½d for July.

Paris—Wheat, 22f 35c for March; flour, 46f 65c for Feb. and March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 6s 7½d for March, 6s 5d for May and 6s 4⅝d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour, 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage buyers and sellers apart. Maize dull, with buyers and sellers apart.

Paris—Close—Wheat weak at 22f 25c for March; flour, 46f 75c for March.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mammoth	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 15	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 22	to	22
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, patent process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

PAST YOUR PRIME

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you

Dyspepsia.
Rheumatism
Catarrh.
Headache.
Ailments peculiar to women.
Scrofula.
Emaciation.
Sciatica.
Poor blood.
Indigestion.
Liver complaint.
Loss of appetite.
Severe kidney diseases.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, so use the best. One pill a dose; one cent a dose; 25 cents a box.

For sale by all dealers, or by the manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and lung troubles. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25c.

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THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
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PERFUMES FOR THE
HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

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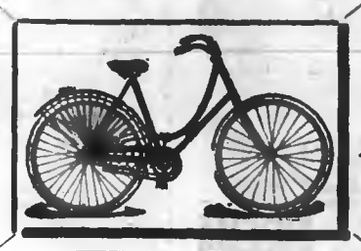

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That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined ree of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan y 15, '97. McFARLANE, WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
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DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, January 30th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 58.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 305 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1ydkw

A TERRIBLE ECZEMA

Her Face Covered with Scales. Could Not Leave Home. Had to Sacrifice Hair.

Tried CUTICURA REMEDIES. Improvement in Three Weeks. Six Weeks Complete Cure.

Four years ago Eczema made its appearance on my head in its worst form. I was attended by two physicians, but notwithstanding their treatment is continued spreading, until my face was covered with scales and became a horrid, loathsome sight. For three months I did not leave the house. I had a fine head of hair, seven years' growth, and had to sacrifice it. I was in despair. The physicians had failed even to relieve me, when one of them recommended CUTICURA SOAP. I used three boxes of CUTICURA (ointment), one half dozen cakes of CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and in three weeks from the time I began, the scales had left my face and the skin lost its florid hue. *In six weeks I was entirely cured.* My face was smooth and my complexion clearer than it had ever been before. MARION A. SMITH, Sunbury, Pa.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

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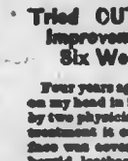

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897

Selwyn Literary Society

The Selwyn Literary Society met as usual in the Temperance hall on Feb. 19th, the president in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted, after which the following programme was rendered:

Critic's report.....Mr J McIlmoyle
Instrumental Music.....Mrs Sam Pearson
Reading.....Miss Ada Middleton
Recitation.....Mrs Thos Bell
Address, Currents events..Mr W C Manning
Instrumental Music.....Mr J Houlihan
Duet.....Miss Bella and Mr Robert Pearson
Reading.....History of our own times.....
Mr J Houlihan
Mouthorgan solo.....Mr Dwyer
Paper.....Editor

Mr Albert Walton was then appointed critic for the next meeting. The meeting was closed by singing the National Anthem.

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr Chase's Ointment.

Lily Lake Literary Society

The Lily Lake Literary Society held its regular weekly meeting in the school house on February 19th, the president in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting being read and confirmed, the critic gave an interesting and instructive report. After the regular business of the society was transacted a short programme of vocal and instrumental music was rendered, interspersed with readings, recitations, etc., followed by a debate on the subject, "Resolved, that winter pleasures are to be preferred to those of summer." Affirmative, Miss Lillie Middleton and Fred Agnew; negative, Miss Sadie Young and Jos. Middleton. Decided in favor of the negative. The meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ROUGH ON FREE TRADE.

Continued from Page 1.

them in England?

Mr. Noxon: The prices are somewhat lower in the United States. Besides I was in England last year and found they were so busy there that I could not get my orders filled.

Mr. Fielding: Why don't you use the Canadian manufactured article? I understand many of these you have mentioned are produced in Canada.

Mr. Noxon: Because the prices are a little higher and the quality is not quite as good. I can buy them in the United States and I lay them down in Canada cheaper after paying the duty than I can buy them here.

The sitting was suspended for the lunch hour.

The bicycle manufacturers had their innings at the afternoon session. Their interests were represented by Mr. Elliot of Toronto, who, in an elaborate and carefully-prepared statement, set forth the grievances under which the trade labors. He pointed out, for instance, that the duty on raw materials reduced the 30 per cent. protection upon the finished article in Canada to a *net protection of only 20 per cent.*, and calculated that it would require a protection of 45 per cent. to place the Canadian manufacturer upon a footing of equality with the bicycle manufacturer in the United States. He proved that in the matter of wheels Canada was certainly being made a slaughter market for low grade machines, and it was against this class of wheel that protection was asked. For example, wheels, parts of which were principally the product of Yankee prison labor, were imported into Canada at a valuation of $18 each. Adding the duty these wheels cost the Toronto wholesaler $24 each, and he sold them retail at $60 apiece. This he was enabled to do by changing the name plate, because it was impossible for any but an expert to detect the difference between a high-grade and a *low-grade machine.*

Another injustice to the Canadian manufacturer of first-class wheels was the facility which the customs afforded to the assembling of machines in this country from parts imported into Canada. He calculated that of 37,000 bicycles sold in Canada last year 20,000 were imported ready-made and about 17,000 imported in parts and put together in this country. This latter process involved but a trifling outlay for labor, so that on the whole not less than $1,400,000 was sent out of the country for work that should be performed here.

Against the high-grade machine the present protection was all right; Canadians could compete with the world in that class. He therefore asked that the duty remain as at present on wheels costing $50 and upwards, but that on low-grade wheels costing under $50 each the duty be $10 each and 10 per cent. ad valorem. Further, that the duty on parts be the same proportionately as upon a finished wheel, and the present duty be in no way reduced.

Mr. Fielding suggested that according to the proposed low-grade schedule the duty upon an $18 American wheel, namely, $13 at present, would be a pretty steep protection.

The agricultural implement manufacturers then took another turn with the commissioners. Mr. Walter Massey, president of the Massey-Harris Company, complained that a great injustice had been done to implement makers by the late Government. There was an excessive duty on the raw material, and the duty on the finished product could certainly not be made less than at present, namely, 30 per cent.

Mr. Fielding: That is, if the duty on raw materials is left as it is.

Mr. Massey: No, but if they are reduced.

Mr. Fielding: If the duty on your raw material is reduced couldn't you do as well with less duty on the finished product?

Mr. Massey: No, sir. We are laboring under peculiarly disadvantageous conditions, which increase as time goes on.

Mr. Fielding remarked that the consensus of opinion among the Manitoba farmers at any rate was quite the other way, although in that perhaps they were a little selfish, just like the rest of humanity.

Mr. Hamilton of Peterboro, who said he had been in the business for 40 years, declared that they were better off under the Mackensie tariff of 17 1-2 per cent. The late Government, just to please the farmers, dropped the protective duty on harvesting machinery from 25 to 20 per cent. For himself he did not wish to be unjust to the iron manufacturers, and he thought the Government ought to be bold and brave enough just to increase the implement makers' protection to 25 per cent.

Mr. Richard Sylvester of Lindsay announced himself as a protectionist, who believed in Canada for the Canadians and in meeting the Americans with reciprocity. He feared Manitoba farmers were largely governed by prejudice in favor of American machines, when they asked a further reduction of the duty. They were now getting the Canadian machine as cheap as the Dakota farmer gets his United States made machine. There was no money in the industry now; in fact, from twenty-five ten years ago, the number of manufacturers of harvesting machinery had been reduced to 6.

Mr. Wallace of Terrebonne spoke in a similar strain on behalf of the industry.

Mr. Foulkes of the Wilkinson Plow Company, Toronto, asked for cheaper crude oil for tempering and complained of cut-throat tactics of American manufacturers.

Mr. Lyman Jones of the Massey-Harris Company had a list of duties paid on raw material, such as cotton duck, nails, malleable iron, chains, etc., to show that they far exceeded the rate of duty on the completed machine. He trusted than any change the Government might make would be introduced with the view to permanency in the tariff, to which all the delegates cried "Hear, hear." In the case of iron manufacturers, he showed that by being protected from step to step there was a net protection of $16 per ton on the quality known as angle steel, a ton of which could be bought in the United States for $20. After alluding to the excessive freight rates, he went on to say that the reason why so many of the agricultural implement makers voted against the late Government was because the latter had singled them out a sacrifice to the farmers. Being large exporters of machines, his firm asked for the retention of the drawback upon raw materials. In five years the Massey-Harris Co. had sent abroad two and a half million dollars' worth of agricultural implements, representing a large amount paid out in wages in this country.

Mr. W. W. Near, representing the Pillow Hersey Company of Montreal, spoke on behalf of the iron manufacturers. He urged a specific duty on certain manufacturers of iron to prevent fraud and protect the revenue. He, too, favored more equitable duties as between raw materials and the finished product. The iron manufacturers estimated their protection at an average of 35 per cent. Their export trade to Australia and the West Indies had been killed off by American competition. He suggested a bonus on exports instead of the present drawback of 99 per cent. of the duty paid on all raw materials entering into the manufacture of the articles exported.

Mr. Lillies of Gananoque complained that manufacturers of carriage hardware had to pay 35 to 40 per cent on their raw material, while the protection on the finished article was only 22 1-2 per cent.

Messrs. J. B. Reid, M.P., G. F. Benson and J. C. Magie appeared as representatives of the Edwardsburg Starch Company. What they desired to discuss was the duty on glucose. The duty of 7 1-2 cents a bushel on corn, it was pointed out, represented a tax of 22 1-2 cents per hundred pounds of glucose and 7 cents a bushel for freight represented another 21 cents. Thus they were paying a tax of 43 1-2 cents for their raw material, which quite wiped out the advantage of the protective duty on glucose. Owing to the comparatively small quantity produced the Canadian manufacturers were making less than one-eighth of a cent per pound profit. They wanted free corn and increased protection on confectioners' glucose.

Sam E. Lichtenstein of the Montreal Cotton and Wool Waste Company, a firm which uses all the waste cotton produced in Canada, and supplies about one-fourth of the demand for cotton waste, asked for protection. At present cotton waste comes in free from the United States, where it can be manufactured cheaper than anywhere in the world. The importation last year amounted to $322,000 worth. A duty of one cent a pound would double the company's output and give $20,000 a year to the Government as revenue from duty upon the balance imported. He also asked a duty of three cents per pound on wool waste. On a capital of $90,000 last year his firm only cleared $3000.

Messrs. Belding & Paul of Montreal said they began business as manufacturers of silk thread with a 17 1-2 per cent. tariff, and had not increased prices with increased production. Mr. Wiman then came into competition with them, and the firm went into ribbons, building up a trade of $100,000 a year. They had done well and paid good salaries, but lately the Swiss manufacturers were running them closely. More protection was needed on ribbons, Mr. Paul said. He believed they made the prettiest goods in the world, paid $75,000 yearly in wages and employed $100,000 worth of machinery. Mr. Wiman's establishment was about half as large as theirs. What they wanted was no change in the duty on silk thread, but higher duty on ribbons; also that they be upon the same footing as woolen manufacturers, who were allowed to import spun silk free.

This concluded the business of the sitting and the commission adjourned until to-morrow.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

The Best Work to Be When the Days Are Stormy

After the delightful hurry and excitement of the mid-winter holidays are over, come the quieter days of February and March, days that high cold winds and falling snows or driving rains are apt to claim for their own. It is then, if ever, that there comes a little leisure for the busy housekeeper, says Margaret Ryder, in Country Gentleman. The stored fruits and vegetables make the preparing of the meals less burdensome, and fewer outside duties claim attention.

These stormy days give the uninterrupted time needed to look over the household supply of table linens, towels, bedding, and the laid-away summer clothing of the family, deciding what must be replenished and what can be repaired. This once planned, most or all of such work can be gotten out of the way before the pleasant days of spring bring their pressing work.

Tablecloths that show signs of "wearing through" near the center can be prepared for longer service by cutting several inches from one end, rehemming, and using the pieces cut off to put undr any thin places. These places should then be darned with the ravelings saved when drawing threads for open-work or hemstitch.

In buying tablecloths, an extra quarter of a yard should be allowed on the length, as a cloth will wear almost twice as long, if the places where the center fold comes and those that come over the edges of the table are changed when they show signs of wear by cutting off a few inches from one end.

When past mending, it will well repay the time required to cut out the best portions of a cloth and hem them, to be used as occasion requires for covering bread or cake, or to be used as towels for wiping glass or silver. If two or three layers of the thinner portions are stitched together, passing back and forth several times, they make very nice soft dishcloths, and will last much longer if used in any other way. In selecting tablecloths for everyday wear, the soft German makes give excellent satisfaction. Unless an extra-fine linen is to be bought, it is best to choose some pattern that closely covers the ground. Napkins to match in pattern come with most tablecloths.

Table linen of course should be hemmed by hand. A very satisfactory way is to fold as for ordinary hemming, then fold once more in such a manner that the edges of the hem come against the body of the cloth, and then hem as if sewing an over and over seam. In this way the thread used in hemming lies the same way as those woven in the cloth, and hardly shows at all. A letter in old English or script can be worked in the corner of each napkin. It should be about an inch long and done with linen floss.

Sheets should be at least two and a half yards long, made with a two-inch hem on one end and a narrow one on the other.

Sheets that show signs of wearing thin along the center can be torn down the middle, the outside edges overhanded together and the sides hemmed with a narrow hem. All wornout sheets and pillowcases should be carefully saved for use in cases of illness where soft, old muslin is often so sorely needed.

Pillowslips will wear much longer if cut large enough to slip easily over the pillow. They are now usually cut long enough not to require either buttons or tapes to fasten them. The edge is often finished with a cluster of tucks above a wide hem, a scant ruffle of embroidery or a lace edge. If the sheets and pillowcases are of linen, they are always hemstitched.

Plain all-white towels with a hemstitched hem are the present fancy. Very nice fine huckaback toweling can be purchased very cheaply by the yard, and the hemming done as "pick up work" at home. Some large Turkish bath towels should always form part of the outfit of every bath or bedroom.

Where there is no bath-room, and the bath must be taken in the bed-room a bathing rug will prove a great convenience. It should be about a yard and a half square. The upper side is made of Turkish toweling and the underside of heavy colored cotton flannel. The two are tied together here and there, the tie coming on the underside with colored linen floss. The edge can be simply bound with braid or worked around in buttonhole stitch with yarn, or a scallop can be crocheted.

Any woman who habitually spends any number of hours daily in housework or sewing should provide herself with clothes suitable for such work. After she once experiences the comfort of this plan she will never be guilty of "wearing out garments," in such work intended for different uses.

Good and comfortable styles for making working dresses are either a princess wrapper, which fits snugly, or a short, round skirt and blouse waist, the skirt sewed on the belt of the waist. Good patterns for either can be bought very cheaply and will last for years. Such dresses for wear next summer can as well be made now as later, and the same with the children's clothes. Even Dame Fashion is kind to mothers now, and pretty plain dresses are stylish for both baby girls and their older sisters.

House jackets are much worn and allow the dress waist to be kept fresh and neat. For early spring and cool summer days, they are made of some pretty colored wool goods. Very nice material, forty inches wide, can be bought for fifty cents a yard, three yards being sufficient for a jacket. They are generally made over a tight-fitting lining with one box or a cluster of side plaits in the back, which are fastened at the neck and at the waist line. The fullness in the fronts is only fastened at the neck and may be either gathers or a group of three side plaits. A ribbon is sewed in at the side seams, which is tied in front when the garment is worn. The neck is finished with a rather large collar. The sleeves are either a moderate bishop or have a puff at the top. These jackets are about six inches long below the waist line and are finished around the bottom with a simple hem. For wearing on warm summer days, they are made of lawn, India silk or dainty gingham.

Conclusive Proof.

Tombstone Advertiser—How about the Spigot's circulation? I want to use only the best advertising mediums.

Editor Cactus City Spigot—Advertising medium! Why, man, the Spigot's supreme. Why, Great guns! We reach every family in the gulch. Last month I ran a little item expressing my intention to shoot the man who had been calling me a liar behind my back. I stayed away from the office next day, and when I came back there were just 237 bullet holes through the door. This is all the more remarkable when you know that our population numbers just 237 adult males.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR **Body, Brain and Nerves**

CREATES AND SUSTAINS

HEALTH and ENERGY

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day. Children half the quantity.

"I owe to Vin Mariani a constitution of iron, which resists all fatigues. This tonic wine is unequalled."

RHEA.

Sold everywhere.

Lawrence A. Wilson & Co.

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Gold Lack Sec Champagne

Old Empire Rye Whisky

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

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— ON —

LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big bait in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.

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BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best his like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

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Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 47 PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

ON THE TARIFF AGAIN

The Commissioners Loaded Up With Protective Ideas.

Mr. Whitton of Hamilton Argues the Case Very Ably Mr. C. A. Birge, Also of Hamilton, Talks in the Interests of the Wood-Screw Manufacturers — Rubber, Glass and Iron Manufacturers Argue for No Reduction or More Protection—How the American Manufacturers Make a Slaughter Market of Canada Paper Makers and Chinaware Men Heard.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—(Special.)—The Tariff Committee of the Cabinet, consisting of Messrs. Fielding, Paterson and Dobell, put in another busy day to-day, and had to put up with sound protectionist doctrine. At the morning sitting Mr. Stephenson of Montreal had a private interview, urging more protection to the manufacturers of book cloth. Mr. E. J. Atkinson of Gananoque had a private interview in behalf of the wire industry. Then the first public delegation were heard, and they had a two hours' siege. They represented the manufacturers of wire nails and kindred industries. Included in the delegation were representatives of the Montreal Rolling Mills, Dominion Wire Manufacturing Co., Peck, Benny & Co., Canada Saw Co., Pillow & Hersey Manufacturing Co., Canadian Lead and Barbed Wire Co., Western Wire and Nail Co., Hamilton Barbed Wire and Nail Co. James Purden & Co. of St. John were not represented, but concurred.

Mr. F. H. Whitton of the Ontario Tack Co., Hamilton, presented the case of his delegation. He said the wire nail industry at present had protection at the rate of $1 per hundred pounds, and if this were reduced it would be necessary to reduce the duty on wire. Practically there was only a protection of 30 cents per 100 pounds to the Canadian manufacturer, when his position was fully considered. He pointed out that wire in the States costs $1.15 on an average and in Canada $1.42. The average price of nails in Ontario was $2.42 at the factories; average price of nails in Pittsburg $1.50 at the factory. The average price of nails in New York was $1.60 at the factory; average price of nails in St. Louis $1.70 at the factory; average price of nails in Chicago $1.60 at the factory. Pittsburg being the cheapest market, Ontario was the chief section to be protected. Out of 92 cents duty the railroad takes 29 cents for freight on raw material and finished product, the wire drawer 13c and jobbers 20c, leaving 30c to the Canadian manufacturer to pay duty on his supplies, coal, etc., to cover difference in cost of manufacture and give 15 per cent. more nails to the keg than the American. Low prices in the States were only possible by reason of making finished products from the ore. The deputation objected to ad valorem duties. Owing to fluctuation in prices, ad valorem duties breed fraud and dishonesty, and by them the Government loses revenue. By the adoption of a system of specific duties the Government would realize a larger revenue without increasing taxes. Cases of undervaluation and sacrifice sales were pointed out, and it was also shown that in freight rates it cost double to distribute goods in Canada, compared with the United States. For instance, to points 40 miles distant, the rate from Cleveland was 8c per 100 lbs.; from Hamilton, 8c per 100 lbs. To points from 60 to 75 miles distant the rate from Cleveland was 7c, from Hamilton 13c. To points from 100 to 110 miles distant the rate from Cleveland was 8 1-2c, from Hamilton 17c. To show that American freight rates to Canadian points were lower than Canadian rates, it was pointed out that the 18c rate from Pittsburg to Canadian points carries from 340 to 400 miles; the 18c rate in Canada to Canadian points carries 74 to 76 miles. The 21c rate from Pittsburg to Canadian points carries 445 miles; the 21c rate in Canada to Canadian points carries 101 to 110 miles. The 25c rate from Pittsburg to Canadian points carries 473 to 659 miles; the 25c rate in Canada to Canadian points carries 161 to 168 miles. Mr. Whitton also showed that in closing Canadian factories, railroads, wire mills, producers of coal and other supplies, saw mills, box factories and cooper shops would be affected; farmers and others would lose the supplying of the employes' wants, and that in throwing trade to the United States it would enable them to market their surplus and keep their mills busy without giving employment to a single man discharged from Canadian factories.

Mr. Paterson said this wire nail industry was one of which much complaint had been made, that it placed special hardships on the purchaser, and the deputation did well to discuss their case in the open.

Mr. Whitton, replying to a question, said a reduction in the specific duty to 75 cents would close up every factory.

Mr. Paterson: Your figures would hardly bear that out.

Mr. Whitton: I think they do.

Mr. Paterson: When the trust collapsed in the United States did prices go down?

Mr. Whitton: Yes, and so did raw material.

The deputation then discussed the duty on tacks, urging no reduction, but asked that the words "shoe nails should be substituted for "spring," the latter word being now obsolete. Mr. Whitton said the conditions of the tack industry in the United States were vicious, manufacturers selling to-day at 60c lower than they need to do on export business, the design being to crush out small manufacturers. In view of this state of affairs a comparison of Canadian and American prices was hardly a fair one. In 1894 the duty on tacks was reduced on some lines 35 per cent., and on others 50 per cent. If there were a further reduction the trade would be seriously injured, and tacks would be still retailed at the same figure. The deputation asked that the duty should be 1 1-2 cents per thousand, but not less than 35 per cent.

Mr. C. A. Birge of Hamilton then presented the case of the wood screw manufacturers, F. Fairmount of the Dominion Wire Manufacturing Company of Montreal being with him. Summed up in brief their request was "No reduction on duties." If specific duties were abolished the manufacturing establishments in Canada must be closed up and a large number of workmen thrown out of employment. Under an ad valorem duty of 35 per cent. Canadian manufacturers could not compete with the United States, owing to present peculiar conditions of the industry. The net price of Canadian manufacturers of screws of all sizes averaged 13 3-4 cents per gross, a not unreasonable figure. He asked for the retention of the present duties. The average reduction in 1894 amounted to 29.84 per cent.

Mr. Fairmount pointed out that the wood screw manufacturers in the States were now asking for an increased duty, and whatever protection was given them should correspondingly be given to the Canadian manufacturer.

Mr. Birge said the sweating process in the States was going on in regard to wood screws as with tacks. He particularly urged that the duty on the larger sizes of screws should be increased from 3 to 4 cents.

Mr. C. W. Briggs, Vice-President of the Canada Screw Company, Hamilton, submitted that in regard to machine screws (30 per cent.), stove bolts and tire bolts, stove rods and iron rivets (1c per pound and 25 per cent.), and copper rivets and bars (30 per cent.), there should be no change in the tariff, as the manufacturers "find it hard now to compete with the present undervaluation and prices below the cost of production."

After an hour's intermission for luncheon the commissioners resumed and the barb wire manufacturers, represented by Mr. Fairman of Montreal, were heard. It was pointed out that in the United States the raw material, galvanized wire, cost from $1.50 to $1.55, and barb wire was sold at $1.65 to $1.70, a difference of only 15c to 20c, which is less than the cost of production. In Canada there are 11 factories, turning out 6000 tons, paying considerable for skilled labor, $6000 yearly for reels, and $30,000 for transportation. The lower price of raw material and larger output have enabled the manufacturers to reduce prices of barb wire until it is now being sold at $2.70 per hundredweight, delivered at almost every point east of Winnipeg. The present duty of 75c per hundredweight is used up as follows: On the galvanized wire, 32c; freight, 17c; jobbers, 14c; excess of freight over United States rates, 4 cents; total 64 cents, leaving a margin of only 8c as protection, so that if the present specific duty were reduced or removed it would mean the closing of every one of the eleven wire factories in Canada, and result in a net loss of $102,000 yearly to the country, in addition to the barb manufacturers.

The spring and axle makers were next heard, represented by Messrs. P. J. Coughlin, Montreal, carriage springs and axles and railway springs; E. W. Blackwell, Canada Switch and Spring Company; James Warnock, Galt Spring and Axle Company, and W. T. Sampson, Gananoque Spring and Axle Company. The latter submitted a statement showing that his company had $150,000 invested, employed 120 men, paid annually $10,000 in wages, and paid $10,000 in duties. Prices have been reduced in teh past ten years about 40 per cent. through local competition. The surplus product of United States factories, worked by cheap foreign labor was being slaughtered in Canada. The net protection on springs, etc., was only 15 per cent., against 45 per cent. protection in the United States. He submitted a confidential balance sheet to show the company's profits were not excessive.

Mr. Warnock pointed out that the retention of the specific duty of 1c per pound in addition to 20 per cent. ad valorem was necessary, the former being swallowed up in the duty of $10 a ton on spring steel.

Mr. Paterson having enquired if the witness had tried Nova Scotia steel, the reply was: "Yes, to a small extent; but I prefer the English to either United States or Canadian."

Mr. Matthews of Gananoque remarked that the Nova Scotia steel men added the duty every time.

Mr. Coughlin said that while a free trader, heart and soul, he certainly thought "we should protect ourselves against the extraordinary and unfair competition from the United States." He noted that United States manufacturers were selling springs at 2 1-3c per pound, a little less than the witness could buy the spring steel for.

To a question by Mr. Paterson, he said he feared the Americans would soon control the iron and steel market of the world. He was opposed to the drawback system. Mr. Matthews added that his firm used Nova Scotia steel and found it of good quality.

Mr. Blackwell did not ask for free raw material, but urged no alteration in the specific duty on switches and springs.

Mr. H. D. Warren, President of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Company of Toronto, said their position was simply that they wanted to be left alone. He submitted a statement showing that the Canadian protection on rubber manufactures was less than the lowest tariff in the States. The duty on rubber did not affect the farmer, who was but a very small consumer of rubber. Except the Pioneer Company of Montreal, all the others had lost money. The market was so limited

Continued on Page 8.

HE DEFENDED BRITAIN

The First Lord of the Admiralty on Cretan Trouble.

The First Lord of the Admiralty Explains the Situation From the Government's Standpoint—An Explanation Will Be Given in Parliament To-Day—Crete Will Never Return to Turkish Rule—Governor's Palace at Canea Burned—The Situation at Selino Represented to be Serious—Things Still Look Warlike.

London, Feb. 24.—In the course of a speech delivered in London this evening Right Hon. George J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, defended the action taken by Great Britain in regard to Cretan affairs in terms similar to those used in the House of Commons two days ago. Mr. Goschen also repudiated the assertion which has been made that the British Government were acting in the interest of Turkey. The British ships overawing the Mussulmans in the seaports of Crete, he declared, had saved thousands of Christians from massacre. Besides this the British vessels were harboring refugees and supplying them with the necessaries of life. Lord Salisbury and Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. Goschen announced, would make clear statements in Parliament to-morrow regarding the future of the island. Meanwhile, he declared, no one who had read the declarations of Mr. Balfour, M. Hanotaux, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, the German Foreign Minister, will believe it possible that Crete will ever return to the rule of Turkey.

Governor's Palace Burned.

Athens, Feb. 24.—A despatch from Canea says that during the fire in the Governor's palace there to-day the Goverpor's safe fell from the floor on which it stood into the ruins and burst open. The safe contained seven thousand pounds Turkish. The soldiers who had gathered about the burning building and were engaged in trying to extinguish the flames, upon seeing the contents of the safe exposed, tried to steal the money, but were prevented by the European officers, who directed the sailors under their command to fire a volley of blank cartridges at the would-be robbers. The incident nearly caused a riot between the Turks and Europeans. Ismail Bey accused the sailors of plundering the palace, and an investigation was at once begun by the admirals of the foreign warships. The inquiry proved that the charges against the sailors were entirely without foundation.

A Vivid Description.

London, Feb. 24.—The Daily News will to-morrow publish a despatch from Canea, giving a vivid description of the burning of the Governor's palace there to-day. Vice-Admiral Canevaro of the Italian squadron, who is in command of the united naval forces in Cretan waters, resided in the palace, which was guarded by a strong force of Italian sailors. The energetic efforts of the British marines, who form a part of the foreign force occupying the town, alone saved the thickly-populated district in which the palace was located from destruction. Detachments of sailors from the warships in the harbor were landed and rendered valuable aid in fighting the flames.

The fire destroyed the last vestige of machinery of the Turkish Government. All of the records were consumed, as well as contracts and financial, legal and municipal documents. While the palace was burning the Moslem rabble set fire to several houses in the town and suburbs. The Montenegrin police, who patrolled the town, extinguished these fires when it was possible for them to do so, but three large houses belonging to Christian merchants who were absent were destroyed.

Situation Causes Anxiety.

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch from Canea to a news agency here says the situation in that town causes much anxiety. The Mussulman populace are armed and greatly excited. Turks have been parading the streets, exhibiting their indignation in various ways.

The situation at Selino, the despatch says, is serious, the Benghasi Arabs threatening to burn the entire town because the Beys, as they assert, have deserted them. The suggestion of the consuls that a mixed force be landed in order to allow the besieged Moslems to retreat has not been adopted, the foreign admirals having decided to confine their action to the sending of warships to exercise a moral influence upon the contending parties, whom, it seems, however, there is little hope of reconciling.

Crete to Be Liberated

London, Feb. 24.—The Daily News to-morrow will say that the statements to be made in Parliament by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour regarding the Cretan situation are to the effect that the powers have agreed to Lord Salisbury's proposals and have decided to liberate Crete from direct Turkish rule.

Greece Will Persevere.

London, Feb. 24.—The Standard to-morrow will publish an Athens despatch, saying it is stated there upon good authority that the Greek Government rejects the proposals of the powers to establish autonomy in Crete and proposes to persevere in the policy adopted by King George.

The despatch also says that the official report of the engagement which [illegible] of Canea on Feb. [illegible] states that 500 Turks were killed and 105 captured.

TURKEY DEANS FIGHT.

The Sultan's Council Decided to Prepare to Advance on Athens.

London, Feb. 24.—The Standard to-morrow will publish a Constantinople despatch, saying it is reported that at the council held at the Yildiz palace yesterday it was decided to make preparations for the eventual advance upon Athens of three columns, comprising six divisions of infantry. A note to the Greek Government would precede the advance, demanding the evacuation of Crete within a certain period, and threatening if this demand was not complied with the Ottoman troops would cross the frontier.

The despatch also says that the Minister of Marine has pledged his word that he would have thirteen warships ready for action within a week. Military preparations are being pushed with unparalleled activity. Reports from various sources state that energetic preparations are being carried on day and night, although many of the instructions issued are impossible of execution, and an ugly feeling of unrest prevails.

New Advertisements.

SUCKLING & CO.
TRADE AUCTIONEERS,
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Spring Opening
TRADE SALE
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New Dry Goods,
British Consignments,
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Braces, Worsteds, Tweeds, Etc.
All new goods direct from
ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS.
Consignors intending shipping for this sale will do well to send in invoices early, as the catalogue will be published on Thursday, February 25th.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
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Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
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PIANOS TO RENT.
WE OFTEN hear it said, "Wanted to rent a piano but could not get one to rent in town." If there is anyone seeking an instrument to rent we have two very fine 7½ octave PIANOS to offer for a few days, at 416 George-st. 2246
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FINEST GRADES OF
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WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
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IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
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A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
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The many patrons of the Golden Lion will be pleased to learn that MISS NEILD will reopen our Dress and Mantle Order Department on MONDAY, the 1st March.
New Spring Dress Goods Opened Up
Our New Spring Importations in separate Costume Dresses, high-class Dress Goods, Medium Grade Dress Goods and Tweeds, Dress Silks, Blouse Silks are on a larger and grander scale than any previous season, and all designs are confined to this store. These Goods are marked at very close prices.
A FEW PRICES
FROM OUR DRESS GOODS COUNTERS
42 inch All Wool Serges, good quality, all colors 25c; 44 Heavy All Wool Serges, all colors, special at 25c; 50 inch new Spring Tweeds, worth 50c., special price for the spring 35 cents.
WE ARE ALSO
In receipt of our own direct importations in New Spring Blouse Prints, Blouse Muslins, Dress Muslins, the latest creations of the London and New York markets. We cordially invite the inspection of ladies. Umbrellas recovered while you wait.
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Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
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Finest, Prettiest and Cheapest High Grade Wheel in the World.
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J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
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No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Merit

Made and Merit Maintains the confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla. If a medicine cures you when you are sick; if it cures your neighbors and your friends when they are ailing; if it makes wonderful cures of many diseases everywhere, then beyond any question that medicine possesses merit. That is just the truth about Hood's Sarsaparilla. Prepared by a combination, proportion and process unknown to other medicines, it has curative powers peculiar to itself. We know it possesses great merit because it has

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Cures, not once or twice or a hundred times, but in thousands and thousands of cases. We know it cures, absolutely, permanently cures, when all others fail to do any good whatever.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to possess merit or the power to cure disease; it is known to be the best building-up medicine on earth; it is known to be honestly advertised, and for these reasons the people buy and take Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of other preparations. In fact, Merit Made and Merit Maintains the confidence of the people in

Hood's
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The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Here is a brief list taken from an exchange of new commissions which have been appointed by the Government:

1.

O K Shepard has been appointed a commissioner to hear charges against fishery officers in Frontenac.

2.

John T Ross, of Halifax, N.S., to enquire into charges preferred against Edwin Clay, immigration agent, Halifax.

3.

Archer Martin, Vancouver, B.C., to be a commissioner to enquire into the affairs of the office of Mr Higginson, Crown Timber agent, B.C.

4.

Edwin Frederick Stephenson, Winnipeg, agent of Dominion Lands and Crown Timber agent, to be commissioner to enquire into and report all matters relating to the sale of certain lots in the town of Banff.

5.

Mr. W R Aylesworth, County Clerk of Hastings, has been appointed a commissioner to report upon the state and management of business of the Mohawk band of the Bay of Quinte.

6.

Levi Thompson, of Wolseley, and Alex D Cameron, of Brandon, have been appointed commissioners to investigate charges against various officers at Moosomin, N W T.

7.

Captain Bloomfield Douglass, who is investigating charges of partisan conduct during the late elections in the Maritime provinces, concluded a hearing at Digby, N. S., on the 21st February, where six parties summoned to appear put in no appearance, and a seventh acknowledged the charge. He is moving toward the western part of the province of Nova Scotia.

When Britain fitted out and despatched the flying squadron about a year ago we were all proud of the defender of the old flag and the prompt and energetic manner in which she showed her readiness to meet all foes, though the whole world should be against her. However, this exhibition of what she can do was not without cost to the British taxpayer. The coaling of the squadron alone meant an expense of $350,000, while the expenditure altogether exceeded the estimate by a million dollars. But the money will not be begrudged by the British taxpayers, for it was well spent in showing the world what England can do on short notice when the occasion demands action.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

FOUR PERSONS BURNED.

Said on a "Speak Easy" Which Resulted in Loss of Life.

Sisterville, W. Va., Feb. 24.—Intelligence has just reached here of a calamity in the interior of the county, by which several persons are reported to have lost their lives and a number were injured. In the oil fields there has been a disorderly house and "speak-easy" running, and the neighbors decided to get rid of the objectionable characters. The mob at first attempted to tear down the house, but, as this was slow work, it was set on fire. The inmates made no attempt to get out while the crowd were tearing down the building, and it is said four of them were unable to reach the street after the place was fired. Those reported to have been burned to death are: Stella Woods of Pittsburg, Anna Johnson of Columbus, John Jackson of Pennsylvania and Frank Stewart of Indiana.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hints for Young Mothers.

When preparing an outfit for an infant, provide the softest and finest materials your means will permit. One should stop to consider how soft and tender the skin of the infant is in its early days.

Embroideries should never be selected for trimming the necks of dresses and nightgowns. Lace is much daintier and while less expensive than embroideries, it gives a richer appearance to the little wardrobe.

For night wear flannels should have an admixture of cotton. This prevents shrinking. The day skirts may also be made of cotton and wool flannel but silk and wool makes a much handsomer skirt and will last for years. A good quality of silk and wool flannel may be had for eighty cents a yard.

Do not provide rubber shields; those made of quilted cambric are much more cleanly and better for the child in every way.

The dresses should be one yard long when finished. A deep hem is the most popular finish at the present time, and is far more sensible than a ruffle of embroidery. The little dresses are far more easily laundered and the extra expense may be added to the quality of the material.

French nainsook should be first choice for the dresses; sheer dimity is also desirable. Soft finished cambric comes next on the list.

Harmony in Footwear.

It is difficult to say what is the correct slipper for the season's wear, so bewitching is the variety from which the dancing maid may choose.

They come in satin, kid and patent leather, and are as correct when beaded clear down to the toe as when plain. Sometimes one, sometimes two or even three straps are worn.

Buckles either of jewels or beads are seen, both with and without bows.

The edict has gone forth that the slipper must match the color of the gown exactly. Black slippers are only worn with black gowns, and white shoes with white frocks.

To have the footgear out of harmony with the exact color-scheme of the dancing dress is considered particularly bad taste this season.

A LABORING MAN'S LEG.

A RUNNING SORE RENDERED IT USELESS. HE COULDN'T WORK TILL HE HAD IT CURED BY KOOTENAY WHICH CONTAINS THE NEW INGREDIENT.

It goes without saying that the average working man finds it difficult to ply his daily avocation without the aid of a pair of good sound legs. To have either of his lower extremities incapacitated by disease is a serious matter. It means inability to provide for himself and those depending on him for support, to which is added the distress and suffering both mental and physical he is called upon in consequence to endure.

Mr. John Dawson, a respectable laborer living at 77 Jones St., Hamilton, Ont., states under oath that about seven years ago an inflammation appeared upon his knee, which continued to grow worse until about three years ago when it got so bad he was unable to work. He tried ointments and various remedies, but the sore continued discharging and the pains in his back were very severe. Last winter he commenced taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure and in a comparatively short time the sore healed up, the pain disappeared from his back and he was able to resume his work. He thinks there's nothing can beat Kootenay, and he's right.

The whole secret of the cure lies in the thorough blood cleansing properties of the "new ingredient," which is the essential element of Kootenay.

It goes right through the system and eradicates all humors from the blood and in consequence there is a rapid replacing of diseased or decaying tissue by a healthy healing process. Don't be cajoled into taking any substitute for Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. If your druggist does not keep it, send $1.50 for a bottle to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

Chart book sent free to any address.

One bottle lasts over a month.

Chemical Steel Etching.

The wide-awake photo engravers for a long time have been trying to discover some process of etching photogravure plates directly on steel. The advantages of direct etching are manifest. When etched on copper the plate must be steeled again after a very limited number of impressions, otherwise the grain of the soft copper plate will be injured by the immense pressure of the copper-plate press and the beauty of the impressions greatly impaired. Besides saving the time and labor necessary in steeling and resteeling the copper plate, directly etching on steel gives more satisfaction in the sharp impressions obtained. A number of recipes for etching steel have been discovered, but Mr. C. Fleck, in a recent issue of Das Atelier des Photographer, declares that perchloride of iron is the best imaginable etching medium for steel. It is for steel what nitric acid is for zinc. Mr. Fleck also points out that the "hard" pictures which are given by steel may be overcome by using for the gelatine paper a sensitising bath rich in bichromate.

Origin of Earthquakes.

The origin of earthquakes is a subject which has given rise to much discussion. Dr. Mallet, a scientist who has made a very complete study of the whole subject, considers that the earth-wave shock may be the result of a sudden impulse or blow—such as a sudden volcanic outburst, sudden cracking of a mass of rock in a state of tension, sudden generation of steam from water in a spheroidal state, or sudden condensation of steam under pressure of sea water. The origin of earthquakes has also been referred to the falling of portions of the earth's crust into great subterranean cavities, and to rain water or the waters of the sea gaining access to the underlying heated nucleus, whereby steam is generated, which rends and dislocates the incumbent mass. Dana held the view that the tension and pressure by which the great oscillations and plications of the earth's crust have been produced have not yet wholly ceased, and that this is generally the most probable cause of earthquakes.

THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD

DOWN IN THE DEPTHS.

Animal and Vegetable Life at the Bottom of the Ocean.

The temperature at the bottom of the ocean is nearly down to freezing point, and sometimes actually below it. There is a total absence of light, as far as sunlight is concerned, and there is an enormous pressure reckoned at about one ton to the square inch in every 1000 fathoms, which is 160 times greater than that of the atmosphere we live in. At 2500 fathoms the pressure is thirty times more powerful than the steam pressure of a locomotive when driving a train. As late as 1800 a leading zoologist explained the existence of deep-sea animals at such depths by assuming that their bodies were composed of solids and liquids of great density and contained no air. This, however, is not the case with deep sea fish, which are provided with air-inflated swimming bladders. If one of these fish, in full chase after its prey, happened to ascend beyond a certain level, its bladder becomes distended with the decreased pressure, and carries it, in spite of all its efforts, still higher in its course. In fact, members of this unfortunate class are liable to become victims to the unusual accident of falling upward, and no doubt meet with a violet death soon after leaving their accustomed level, and long before their bodies reach the surface in a distorted and unnatural state. Even ground sharks brought up from a depth of no more than 500 fathoms, expire before they gain the surface.

The fauna of the deep sea—with a few exceptions hitherto only known as fossils—are new and specially modified forms of families and genera inhabiting shallow waters in modern times and have been driven down to the depths of the ocean by their more powerful rivals in the battle of life, much as the ancient Britons were compelled to withdraw to the barren and inaccessible fastnesses of Wales. Some of their organs have undergone considerable modification in correspondence to the changed conditions of their new habitats. Thus down to 900 fathoms their eyes have generally become enlarged, to make the best of the faint light which may possibly penetrate there. After one thousand fathoms these organs are either still further enlarged, or so greatly reduced that in some species they disappear altogether, and are replaced by enormously long feelers. The only light at great depths which would enable large eyes to be of any service is the phosphorescence of deep sea animals.

We know that at the surface this light is often very powerful, and Sir Wyville Thomson has recorded one occasion on which the sea at night was "a perfect blaze of phosphorescence, so strong that lights and shadows were thrown on the sails, and it was easy to read the smallest print." It is thought possible by several naturalists that certain portions of the sea bottom may be as brilliantly illuminated by this sort of lights as the streets of a European city after sunset. Some deep-sea fish have two parallel rows of small circular phosphorescent organs running along the whole lengths of their bodies, and as they glide through the dark waters of the profound abysses they must look like modern mail ships with rows of shining portholes.

For the Fair Dame

A unique effect in passementerie has beaded ornaments holding two spreading ostrich plumes in Alsatian bow fashion. This is intended to be worn on a low-cut bodice.

The woman who owns a long sealskin ulster now flaunts its furry luxury in the face of the perishing feminine in a tailor-made cloth jacket.

The increasing prosperity toward extravagance is shown in the bejeweled chains, vinaigrettes, bonbon boxes and other so-called trifles that the woman of fashion must have in order to be happy.

One's physical feelings, like the faithful setter, search and point out plainly the fact of disease or health.

If a man is not feeling well and vigorous—if he is losing flesh and vitality, if he is listless, nervous, sleepless, he certainly is not well. The down hill road from health to sickness is smooth and declines rapidly.

At the first intimation of disease, the wise man takes a pure, simple vegetable tonic. It puts his digestion into good active order and that puts the rest of his body in order. The medicine that will do this is a medicine that is good to take in any trouble of the blood, the digestion, or the respiration, no matter how serious it may have become.

The medicine to take is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a remarkable remedy. It cures diseases in a perfectly natural way, without the use of strong drugs. It cures by helping Nature. It has a peculiar tonic effect on the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels. By putting these membranes into healthy condition, stimulating the secretion of the various digestive juices and furnishing to the blood the proper purifying properties, it reaches out over the whole body and drives disease-germs before it into the usual excretory channels. It builds up firm muscular flesh, makes the skin and the eyes bright.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been found wonderfully efficacious in the treatment of skin diseases—eczema, tetter, erysipelas, salt-rheum—from common pimples or blotches to the worst case of scrofula.

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 25, 1897

NEW COMMISSIONS.

Since the Liberals assumed office at Ottawa the most striking feature of their administration of affairs has been the number of commissions they have appointed, from the tariff commission which has been travelling the country in search of a policy for the men who claimed to know just what the country required, down to the commissioners who have been appointed to investigate charges of "partisanship" on the part of an official who happened to tell a friend that he was a Conservative.

These commissions in many cases have been a farce of the worst description, but they have cost the people of the Dominion money. They have served one purpose, however. They have allowed many hungry Liberals to dip into the public purse. This is not the only objectionable feature to these official farces, for, as we have pointed out on other occasions, these commissions have led to charges and reflections being made against public officials who were deserving of different treatment at the hands of the Government. But the expense and the commissions go merrily on, the Government evidently being satisfied to disregard everything in their desire to give pap to the faithful.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. Wettstein, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897.

MY LADY'S PLUMES.

They Are Beautiful, But Tell a Tale of Death.

Writing in Forest and Stream, E. Hough says: You observed the hat of the lady who walked in front of you down the fashionable part of the main street the other day. . . . . You have not noticed, perhaps, that on my lady's hat are some tall, pliant plumes, long as those of the ostrich, but far more beautiful, with delicate filaments as light as frost work on a winter window. . . . . These long, filmy plumes on my lady's hat are the plumes of the white egret. Then the writer goes on to tell how these plumes are obtain-

THE WHITE EGRET.

ed at the egret roosts in Florida. Sometimes a hunter shoots as many as 200 birds a day. The carcasses are in the swamps. "In less than a month," says the writer, "it is over. The long white lines no longer cross the country going to and from the feeding grounds. The white forms no longer appear on the naked trees. Doubly naked the forest stands in silent desolation. Sodden and discolored the once white forms below the trees are sinking into the slime. From beneath the trees and from the nests up in the trees a great stench goes up. Not a bird, young or old, is left alive. The old ones stayed till death came, bound by the great instinct of nature to remain with their young."

Mary F. Lovell, of Bryn Mawr, writes: The mania for egret plumes is still so great that it seems to exceed the former one for wearing the bodies of birds, and it is quite as senseless. Any observant person who notices these plumes waving, not singly, but often in clusters, on the heads of so

THE SNOWY HERON.

many women, must know that the slaughter has not been thousands, but millions. If women must ador themselves, are there not many ways of doing it which need not involve such heartless cruelty? Ought not every good and gentle woman who has learned of it shun the responsibility of carrying aloft the trophies of such brutal work?

There Are Other Requisites.

"I want to marry a man I can look up to," remarked Miss Manchester.

"I think myself that the husband should be taller than the wife," replied Miss Birmingham, "but height is not the only requisite in a man."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

CROWDING.

Don't crowd! There's room enough for all!
Why push and jostle so?
Why shove your neighbor to the wall,
Or seek to lay him low?
Don't crowd!

Don't crowd! You're just an atom here!
Why hold your brother back?
Go seek a way that's new and clear—
Why keep the beaten track?
Don't crowd!

Don't crowd! Once you strove bravely, too,
Against the odds above!
Think how defeat oft reached you through
Some rival's stealthy shove—
Don't crowd!

Don't crowd! Ah, might I just as well
Address the drops that make the sea!
Wherever men or mice may dwell,
There will the jealous ever be
Don't crowd!

—Cleveland Leader.

IN ALSACE.

Salome stood on the bridge which spanned the foaming stream, and gazed dreamily at the mountains beyond, and then at the meadows. Salome's cows were slowly coming homeward. In the pasture she could see her sister, Frederika, making the hay. The girl was not lazy, only dreamy. Presently Salome was by her sister's side. Then each one took a bundle of hay and carried it to their father's outhouse, for old Dominic was the forester.

The girls worked on, when Salome's bundle of hay was seized and carried for her. The girl turned surprised and there was Morand, the young forester. She knew he had come, for her father had expected him. Dominic was to teach him forest ways.

"I thought it was Cousin Joseph," cried Salome, with a smile, and then Frederika laughed. "We were expecting Cousin Joseph; you know he is shut up for weeks in his factory. Joseph cares less for the grand forest and its wild beauty than he does for gardens and their flowers."

"I do not admire his tastes," answered Morand.

Then homeward went the two girls, and the man followed, and as they passed the window of their little house, there was the old mother, and Salome kissed her. Frederika stood a little in the background. She now turned back and sought a new bundle of hay. Then Morand ran after Frederika and took her bundle and carried it for her.

Then the father joined the three young people. Now Frederika, who was the practical sister, went into the house to prepare the evening meal.

"Come along, Morand," sand the old forester; "the soup will get cold, and we must milk the cows before we go in."

Morand looked in despair; he had never milked a cow in his life. "I have much to learn," muttered he, piteously.

"Supper is waiting," said Frederika. As they hastened on, Salome noticed that Morand had stuck in his buttonhole a bunch of flowers. They were crocuses.

"So you like crocuses, M. Morand?"

"I thought you did, Mlle. Salome," he said.

So, for a time, Morand lived with the forester. The harvest was gathered and there was a good stock of potatoes. The winter was coming along, and a cold one, but the family were prepared to face it. Salome's mother required the girl's constant attention.

Morand watched Frederika from morning till night, engaged in her household cares.

"The time will come," he said, softly, to himself.

One night the moon shone in through the frosty windows. Salome sat at the foot of the bed, watching her sleeping mother.

"She looks less pale than yesterday," thought Salome. "Perhaps father is right; she will revive in the spring."

Morand and Frederika were laughing together—sometimes even her father, too—but Salome only sat and watched her mother.

"Take care, my child, take care," the mother feebly murmured, as the listless hand dropped, and over the beloved features came a solemn, terrible beauty. Salome uttered a sharp cry and lost consciousness.

When she came to herself she was beside the kitchen, Morand alone sitting near her.

"Thank God, my child, your mother was not alone when she died!" she heard her father say.

Morand at once found the means of sending the sad news to Joseph, and Joseph came at once. It was a bitter cold day when the mother was buried in the village graveyard. It was terrible work making their way through the deep snow. It was Joseph who gave Frederika his hand and Morand supported Salome.

"Why, why," Salome said to herself a thousand times, "did my poor mother bid me 'take care?'"

Father Dominic seemed to take now no interest in passing events. His wife was dead.

Then an unusual thing happened. Dominic wrote a letter, and Morand went to the village to post it. In a week afterward Morand had a letter, and he read that he had an appointment as forester in another part of the country—or, should he prefer it, he might remain as Dominic's assistant.

Morand hesitated. The old forester who had guessed the contents of the letter, had turned aside.

Salome watched both with evident anxiety. Frederika, busy preparing dinner, was the only one who took no heed.

Morand met Salome's inquiring eyes. "I am appointed forester to a place fairly well paid, but a long way from here."

"A long way from here," repeated the old man. "I begged that favor. I wanted to keep you here; I am not the man I once was; my strength does not come back with the spring. I think she must have taken it away with her, all my courage and all my hope."

His daughters tried to comfort him, but he shook his head without replying. Morand precipitately escaped from the room.

When the young man came back his dinner had been laid for him only. But Frederika had taken care that all should be quite comfortable for him, even more so than usual; and she was in the kitchen alone. Morand seized her hands.

"If I go to that far-off place, will you go with me?"

"Wherever you like," said she, simply.

She had hitherto been too busy to think of love. But when Morand took her in his arms a deep joy took possession of poor Frederika.

When later the father came home Frederika simply said to him: "Morand loves me; he wishes me to be his wife."

"God bless you both," said Dominic, and then he asked: "Do you stay or go?"

The father then thought for a moment and added: "Yes; we must expect that you will want a home of your own. That is right. You know pretty well what are the duties of a forester. It is hard for me to part with both of you, but it is better so."

Salome helped her sister to arrange her wedding dress, silently but energetically. She seemed to have quaffed in one draught her bitter cut, to have cut off her right hand and plucked out her right eye. Salome was bent on rooting out of her soul a love which, however innocent at first, was innocent no longer—Salome watched and prayed night and day.

Joseph was at the wedding. When he asked for a holiday it was with so dull a face that his master inquired laughingly whether he was off to a marriage or a funeral.

Joseph's secret was tolerably well guessed, but the bridegroom was not jealous.

The young couple were gone, the forester's cottage had become silent. Once Salome used to sing at her work, now she worked without singing. It was with difficulty that she remembered little details of housekeeping, so easy to Frederika.

"I am still stout enough to take care of myself, and I want no assistance," said her father. "It was Morand I wanted, but the lad knew better how to shift for himself."

It was the brightest day of the very dull week when Joseph paid his usual visit; he never failed to come early and depart late.

He entered, taciturn and cold, arranging on his lap the flowers he had gathered in the forest, great handfuls of which he often took back to his city home. Never once had he exchanged confidence with Salome, yet he felt she understood him. Whether she spoke or not, her presence was a rest to him. She, on her side, began to find the time long between his visits, and each time when Joseph went away she said to him: "You will be sure to come again?"

The clouds were low and the sky gray when Joseph, stick in hand, took the next time his way to the forester's cottage. Streams long frozen came tumbling down the rocks or filtering through the ground, and the murmur of waters was heard on every side.

Salome stood at the house door, watching the sudden thaw. Her father was away. She knew Joseph was coming, and she felt, she knew not why, glad for that. Then she saw Joseph. She felt like scolding him for having loitered so long. He met her and he laughed; he had been gathering the first spring flowers, but Salome did not laugh.

"You will walk with me, Salome?" he asked. "We may meet your father," and now chatting, the two went toward the glen.

They reached the stream. Then Joseph stopped horrified. It was a roaring torrent. Dominic was not there. The water was tearing down the mountain side.

"For the love of God!" cried Salome, "let us hurry up. Close by here there is a cottage; a poor woman and her child live in it. They will be swept away."

"How brave and strong is she," thought Joseph. He was certain now that he heard a cry of distress. Yes, there at the window he saw a woman, a child in her arms, and the house was shaking. It would topple over in an instant, and the torrent had to be crossed if they were to be saved. A moment after Dominic was by Joseph's side. Then Joseph, in a loud, clear voice, bade the woman come down. She did so, and shrieked when she saw the raging torrent.

Salome fell on her knees upon the bank. Her father stood by her, shouting out advice to the brave fellow, who was already fighting with the torrent.

"That round stone is not firm! There is a hole in the bed of the stream! Brave lad! That stupid woman! She clings to him! She will hinder his getting ashore."

But Joseph's feet were firm on shore. He was able to make a sign to Salome that he would go straight home with the woman and child.

"Let us hurry back and see that there is a good fire and wine and food!" cried Salome.

Meantime Joseph, carrying the child and helping the woman had succeeded in getting home first. He had not yet changed his clothes, but he had made up the fire, placed the woman in Father Dominic's armchair and wrapped the child in a rug, where it lay, warming its little feet in the hearth and smiling up at its preserver.

Salome stood an instant to watch the pretty sight, then took the child in her arms. "Go, Joseph; get yourself dried in father's room. You have done enough for one day. You will be ill yourself."

"Then will you nurse me?" and he took her hand.

"Anything you like, if you will only go and change your clothes."

Some months after Joseph and Salome were walking along the banks of the stream. It was Sunday and the little waves seemed singing a Sunday psalm.

"What a transformation!" said Salome, "since the day when you saved that poor woman and her child! How contented she is now! This stream is not more changed than her life, poor soul! thanks to you."

"And our life, too," said Joseph, tenderly.

"Yes," answered Salome, pressing her husband's arm, "our storms are passed; the stream flows peacefully on. I understood to-day that one may yet be happy."

"I understood it a little before you did, perhaps," said Joseph, smiling.—Anthony Hope, in Leisure Hour.

About Babies.

How to bury foolish theories and keep the baby alive is the question.

Common advice is about as useful as uncracked cocoanuts are digestible.

One mother confesses that the theories which were successful with her first three children were entirely annihilated by the fourth.

Smile on the baby just out of a nap and show a happy face when picking it up.

Good rules may have so many exceptions they become dangerous in common use.

One mother asked another, who had a 1-year-old baby, what she had been doing the last year. Her reply was that she had been giving her theories a respectable burial.

A father of a large family reported that they used to enjoy children at their house. At once time they had a 2-year-old, a pair of 1-year-old twins and a pair of 1-month-old twins. The neighbors had to help a little occasionally on sewing, but the children grew up to marry well and win independence. They were bright and smart—they had to be to get out of the way of each other.

How to Find Out Her Age

Girls of marriageable age do not like to tell how old they are, but you can find out by following the subjoined instructions, the young lady doing the figuring. Tell her to put down the number of the month in which she was born, then multiply it by 2, then add 5, then multiply it by 50, then add it to her age, then substract 365, then add 115; then tell her to tell you the amount she has left. The two figures to the right will tell you her age, and the remainder the month of her birth. For example, the amount is 823, she is twenty-two years old, and born in the eighth month.—August.

Her Winter Fancies.

White paper, with narrow border of violet or pale gray, and a monogram to match, is used for second mourning.

The new photograph frames in Venetian glass afford exquisite effects in delicately tinted flowers and foliage.

Monograms and crests should not be used on envelopes, but only on the paper that is placed inside them, says a society woman of high standing.

The latest novelty in wedding-cake boxes takes the shape of a heart and is of silver, with the combined monograms of bride and bridegroom in gold letters.

—THE—

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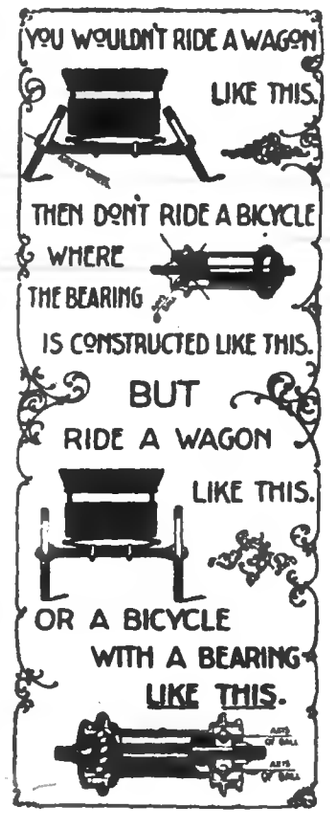

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CEYLON TEA

A Tea Pot Test Will Prove how Delicious it is.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

Oh! how it does ache.

A change of Expression

But Quickcure did its work.

Children's teeth are often sacrificed by neglect—too often extracted before their successors appear—too often cause needless suffering. Every mother should have in the house

"Quickcure"

Dr. S. J. Andrea, Montreal, says; "'Quickcure' overcomes the pain quickly; gives relief for a long time; is especially valuable for children's teeth which should not be extracted until their successors appear. It is perfectly safe to use at all ages, and does not injure the teeth as many other remedies used for toothache do." Ask your druggist for it.

QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the Review and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In The Review.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Stock)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Hearses for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

THE STOCK IS NOW CHECKED OVER.

IT WILL TAKE A FEW DAYS TO MARK DOWN THE SELLING PRICES

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

THEN LOOK OUT FOR

A GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

Don't be misled by imaginative sales of bogus bankrupt stocks. There is nothing in the trade to touch this stock at the money. It will pay you to wait.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

WAIT FOR THE ANNUAL

EXCURSION

OF THE

Peterborough Curling Club

—TO—

TORONTO

Wednesday, March 3rd,

Per Canadian Pacific Railway.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS **$2.00**

Tickets good for trains leaving Peterborough TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd March, and all trains on WEDNESDAY, March 3rd. Good to return on all trains up to last on THURSDAY Night.

J. S. ALLEN, Sec Granite C.C. J. S. KNAPMAN, Sec. Thistle C.C.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Music Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having claims against the estate WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Town of Peterborough, who died on or about the 31st day of January, 1897, are required on or before the First day of April, 1897, to deliver or send by post prepaid to the undersigned, GEO. RAWLINGS, Executor of the Estate, Peterborough, their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

GEO RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.

Dated Feb. 18th, 1897. 5d41

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a crayon and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.

Charlotte Street.

SPECIAL TO

TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

ROUTLEY'S OLD STAND

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Y M C A Notes

The Bible Institute conducted by Rev J G Potter, will meet to-night at 8 o'clock. Young men are welcome.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Keene's Last Carnival.

The last skating carnival for Keene of the season will be held in the skating and curling rink on Friday evening, Feb 27th Good prizes offered in competition. Make up a load and take the carnival in. 2d46

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Shot the Horse

Mr P Crough, of the American House, had to end the life of one of his horses yesterday. The animal was being driven down a grade on Murray-st. when it slipped and a load to which it was attached ran over it and broke one of its legs and the equine was shot.

Music! Music!

By taking a large number of Sousa's marches we are happy to say we can supply El. Capitan march all this week at 10 cents. a copy and hundreds of others as good. Repairing string instruments a specialty. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 2d44

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

Under the Auspices of the E. L. A.

Mr. R. M. Roy has been especially engaged to give his magnificent colored stereoptican plates of "The Jamieson Raid in South Africa," comprising over sixty thrilling views, in the opera house, on March 17th. This is the only set of views on this subject on this side of the Atlantic. The best local instrumental and vocal talent will also contribute to the programme. Plan at Salisbury's store. 9d47

At the Falls.

The delegates from Peterborough in attendance at the meeting of the High Court of the Canadian Order of Foresters at Niagara Falls are:— Court Peterborough: Messrs F J Jameson, Frank Adams, Joe Metheral, D S Harvey, Aaron Comstock, H Nesbitt, W Batten, A Reid, A McNeil, W Hooper, John Alexander and W Galley. Court Littlejohn: Messrs E A Kempt, Joe Saunders and Wm Kempt. Court Langton: Messrs Isaacs, James Kennedy and R A Layfield. Court Forest Queen: Joe Metheral.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

Queen's and Varsity played a draw game at Kingston last evening. Queen's team are senior champions again.

The hockey season, so far as the O H A is concerned, is at an end and the mantles of success have fallen upon Kingston, Berlin and Toronto. The spoils have been appropriately divided—the senior going to Kingston in the east, the intermediate to Berlin in the west and the junior to the Wellingtons, of Toronto, in the centre.

The Thistle and Granite curling clubs will likely meet in a hockey match before the season ends.

RINGERS IN THE MIDLAND.

It is common talk among the hockeyists in the city, says the Toronto Globe, that certain city teams wink at their players "ringing" in the Midland and other hockey leagues. It is said that these "ringers" are in most cases gentlemen's sons and clerks in banks, and that they not only receive their expenses, but also a "little on the side" for such unsportsmanlike conduct Such work will do more to injure hockey than any other one thing a club could possibly do. A game was to be played in a town not a hundred miles east on Wednesday last, when not fewer than eight players from Toronto clubs were to take part, and pools were selling on the result. If these charges can be brought home, and it is said they can, any club permitting such players to retain membership with them should be given the cold shoulder by all respectable clubs in the city. No doubt if this practice continues exposure will follow with unpleasant results.

The team that will go to Toronto to-morrow evening to meet the T A C team will be composed as follows:—Watson goal, Montgomery point, Adams cover point, Belleghem, Crosley, Ashe and Davidson, forwards.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

A Broken Limb.

John Moore, of Otonabee, son of the late David Moore, had a leg broken while working in the woods on the farm on the 9th concession of Otonabee yesterday. The unfortunate young man was struck by a rolling log, and the blow resulted in a compound fracture of one of his legs.

Friday and Saturday Bargain Days.

A sort of bargain musical festival, music and perfume. Messrs. J. Gould and Prof. Hannson, of New York, will be at our store on Friday and Saturday introducing Hubbard's famous American perfume and sachet powders. The professor will play all the latest music which will be on sale at 5 cents per copy. The perfumes will be sold at 25 cents per oz., the regular price is 60c. Bring your bottles. Everybody is invited to attend. Mulligan & Potter, 416 George-st. 2d46

At Police Court.

John Carrol was in Police Court this morning on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. He was discharged. James Hayes was charged with being drunk and incidentally accused with breaking a window in Mrs Brown's store on Simcoe-st. The case was enlarged until Tuesday to allow Hayes to pay for the window.

OAK HALL

A Costly Telegram.

Says the Kingston Whig:—On Monday evening last Miss M. Duncan, of the C P R Telegraph Company, accomplished quite a feat in handling a telegram from Truro, N. S. The despatch contained over 2,000 words, filled thirty-eight telegraph blanks and cost rather more than $22. The message was on a legal subject, a great many technical terms were used, and the utmost accuracy and precision were necessary in prescribing. The telegram was repeated and kept the operator engaged during three hours—from nine o'clock until midnight.

MIGHTY POWER OF THE HOLY BIBLE

DWELT UPON IN AN ABLE ADDRESS BY REV. W. F. WILSON

At the Annual Meeting of the Bible Society—The Reports of the Officers Precede Mr. Wilson's Powerful Effort—The Bible the Greatest Force in the World.

Rev. W. F. Wilson, who has gained a reputation from one end of the Dominion to the other as an eloquent orator, addressed a large audience at the George-st. Methodist church last evening. Mr. Wilson is pastor of the Trinity Methodist church, Toronto, and he came down from Toronto to speak at the annual meeting of the Bible Society, and in a forcible manner eloquently emphasized the grand work the Bible had done throughout the world. Not only is Mr. Wilson capable of holding the attention of an audience with beautifully worded, thoughtful phrases, but his appearance acts in an instant in that direction.

The meeting was presided over by Sheriff Hall and after devotional exercises the business of the year was transacted.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Rev. J. G. Potter was called upon to read his report as secretary. It was as follows:—

This is an eventful occasion in the life of the Peterborough Auxiliary of the British and Foreign Bible Society. A few months before her Majesty Queen Victoria ascended the British throne, the branch was organized. We thus reach our sixtieth year to-night, and I trust that this notable occasion will be marked by a good liberal Victorian collection, in view of the fact that nothing has done more for the glory and success of Britain and the majesty of Britain's Queen than the Word of God.

In looking over the records I find that in the interests of the Bible Society have been found Peterborough's noblest sons and revered and respected citizens, who have ever sought to further the work of the Society and stimulate a deep interest in the Scriptures.

The work of the Bible Society is a gigantic one. All over the world it has made great progress and the circulation of the Scriptures has been greater than ever before. In Mohammedan countries there has been an unusual desire for the sacred Scriptures; in the dark Russian Empire the Word of God has been scattered abroad and even the eastern troubles have opened up the way as never before for the diffusion of the Gospel. Last year 3,970,439 copies of Scripture, including Bibles, Testaments and portions, were issued, being 123,217 in excess of the previous year. Since the organization of the parent society 147,366,669 copies have been issued, yet we are not to imagine our work is done. The demand for free circulation was never greater than at the present time. The population of the British Empire alone is estimated at 277,809,267. The Society has gone hand and hand with the missionary enterprises, and where many of the missionaries have failed the sacred writings of the Son of God have found a lodging place in the hearts and minds of the natives, and to-day we find Uganda producing students of the Bible by thousands.

The work of the Upper Canada Bible Society, with which we are identified, has been progressive, although financially they have felt the effect of the general trade depression. Nevertheless the different departments of the work have been prosecuted with fidelity and with great success. The work consists mainly of colporteurage work, and this carried on in Ontario, Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia, while through the Quebec Bible Society we have been able to render material help for the propagation of the Holy Scriptures in that province.

THE DEPOSITORY.

The abstract of the depository prepared by Peter Connal & Sons, agents, was then read by Mr. Potter as follows:

Feb 20, 1896—To value of depository	$106 60	
Feb 18, 1897—To books received during the year, 105 Bibles	24 75	
		$131 35
By books on hand 96 Bibles and 11 Testaments	$ 79 25	
Cash paid Toronto Society	24 75	
.. .. express	1 10	
.. on hand	26 25	
		$131 35

There has been issued from the depository during the year 77 Bibles and 10 Testaments.

PRESENT VALUE OF DEPOSITORY.

In books	$ 79 25	
In cash	26 25	
	$105 50	
Express	1 10	
		$106 60
Value of depository last year		106 60
To balance carried forward to next year's account		$105 50

TREASURER'S STATEMENT.

The statement of the treasurer, Mr John Crane, was read as follows:

RECEIPTS.

To balance on hand from last year	$ 5 85	
Collection at annual meeting, $13.60 less expenses, $10	3 60	
Collected by W Graham, Smith	13 00	
.. .. Misses Tully & Forsyth	1 50	
.. .. Misses Hutchison and Cochrane	7 00	
.. .. Misses Ritchie and Thompson	50 95	
.. .. T Petrie and H Hunter	8 10	
.. .. Misses Stewart and Deyell	13 30	
.. .. Misses Miller and Pascoe	27 29	
.. .. E Mahood, Smith	6 25	
.. .. Miss Hamilton, Douro	4 75	
.. .. R Reid, Auburn	4 20	
.. .. Messrs Fowler and Stewart	14 25	
.. .. Mrs R Laing	3 35	
.. .. Misses Smith and Wand	8 05	
.. .. Mrs Davidson	9 53	
.. .. Mr T Hall, Smith	5 75	
.. .. S D Carver, North Monaghan	15 20	
		$201 92

EXPENDITURE

Examiner	$ 30	
Remitted to Upper Canada Society	100 00	
.. .. British and Foreign Society	100 00	
		$200 30
Balance		1 62

THE COLLECTORS AND OFFICERS.

The names of the collectors for 1897 were submitted as follows:—Wm Graham, E Mahood, T Hall, Smith; Miss Hamilton, Douro; Misses Stewart and Deyell and Messrs. Hunter and Petrie, Otonabee; Mr A Reid, Auburn; Misses Smith and Wand, Ashburnham; S D Carver, North Monaghan; Misses Ritchie and Thompson, Misses Tully and Forsythe, Misses Hutchinson and Cochrane, Misses Millier and Pascoe, Miss M B Davidson, Messrs Fowler and Stewart, town.

The new officers elected were:—

President—Sheriff Hall.
Secretary—Rev. J. G. Potter.
Treasurer—Mr. John Crane.
Depository—Peter Connal & Co.

MR. WILSON'S ADDRESS.

Rev. W. F. Wilson was then introduced, and began by explaining that he felt at home in Peterborough, for it was at the railing in the church where he was speaking that he was ordained into the Methodist church ten years ago. Taking up his address, Mr. Wilson said that it seemed most providential that this bright century began at the cradle of the Bible Society. This century that had given Gladstone, the statesman; Tennyson, the poet; Livingstone, the missionary, and grand Queen Victoria, also presented to the world Mary Jones. What Robert Raikes was to the Sunday school, Williams to the Young Men's Christian Association, and Dr. Clarke to the Christian Endeavor, Mary Jones filled the same position in the Bible Society. This Society's purpose was to circulate the Word of God. It was unique amongst other societies; it was a British society, and old Britain led the world in justice, education, commerce and religion. The Society stood pre-eminent before and above all others, for it held a book that must be the text book and inspiration of all other societies whose aim was the promotion of God's kingdom. It had a catholic spirit, this Society. Before him stood ministers of all Protestant denominations. They might differ in doctrine, and views on educational and temperance legislation, but now they stood on a common platform gathering around the good old Bible, realizing that many were without its power of benefit and salvation. This book was marvelous in construction, preservation and power. Within it were sixty-six books written by forty different persons, within the extremes of 1200 years apart. Amongst the writers were kings, shepherds and many of other grades. Yet from Genesis to Revelation, Moses to John, they found the same spirit inspiring them all. Mr Wilson characterized the book as the oldest, purest and richest ever written. Take it out of the world and they would feel orphaned; out of the heart and they would wish to die. It revealed God's message of love and life. Though the Bible had met strong opposition it was more strongly entrenched in the world than ever before and they intended to keep it in its entirtey—Old and New Testament. They would never surrender a single book of this volume that had came down through so much persecution, suffering and even death. The Bible was more practically studied, greater loved and believed, than ever. Dealing with the criticisms of the Bible Mr Wilson remarked that some disputed its chronology and history but the great men of the world bowed before and paid tribute to this grand old book. If it was wrong the speaker asked why was not another Bible published? Why was there not another Moses' commandment, another sermon on the mount and another Lord's Prayer? Because God was in all these, he replied. He believed the book to be sound in philosophy and firm in promise.

Mr. Wilson averred that the Bible Society should be supported because it was the best restraining and reforming force of the world. It played an important part with the nations the entronement of law and the upbuilding of character. It was a summary of man's rights and liberties and never stood as high as it did to-day. It was the mightiest book in London, Paris, Berlin, Rome, Jerusalem, Washington, Ottawa, Peterborough—in all the centres. As Luther said, the Bible must save Germany and Garibaldi. Italy, then, said it must save the world. It was great because it had helped to open the commerce of the world. Every nation was indebted to the missionary, with Bible in hand, who opened the pathway for commerce. The Bible and the Bible only will settle the unrest that seems to pervade every nation and tribe on this planet to-day, and when men learned to exercise the self-denial and love taught by the Bible the unrest would be bridged over and the world united as one family. The Bible brought peace to two great nations, England and the United States, at the time of Cleveland's message. For these reasons they ought to support the Bible. While believing in the highest criticism of the Bible, for this work claimed much and should be investigated, Mr. Wilson commented upon some of the criticism as nothing more than intellectual conceit. The day of such criticism was doomed. There could be no war between God's book of love add God's book of nature All hail to scholarship, but never allow it to divorce portions of the Bible, divorce sisters as it were. Mr. Wilson pleaded that the Bible should not only be distributed amongst the heathen, but should be brought into a more important place in the home. They needed more Bible study in the home, in the domestic circle. Study the old book, it would support them when the storms blew. The tendency was to read the newspapers, and in uttering the word Mr. Wilson took occasion to term the Ontario press the best in the world. They must bring the world up to the Bible; it would never come down to the world. The world must be brought up to the book. To-day there was not a single land under the sun that did not know this Bible. There were more consecrated spirits to carry it than ever before and their only protection was the Word of God. The world was now a whispering gallery; they knew every morning at breakfast what was going on over the world. In closing Mr. Wilson declared they were not fighting an enemy they could not conquer, for this was God's world. This blessed book meant a free people, open schools, pure homes and broad characters.

After Mr. Wilson had been extended a cordial vote of thanks on motion of Rev. Dr. Torrance, seconded by Mr. D W Dumble, and a collection had been taken up, a hymn was sung, Rev. W R Young offered prayer and the gathering dispersed.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure

A Lecture

Under the auspices of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, will be given by Rev J G Potter, on Friday evening, March 5th, in the school room of St Andrew's church. The title of the lecture will be "Eloquence of Art and Heart." Silver collection at the door. 3d

SAY

Do You Wear a Shirt?

We mean a White Shirt with Linen Fronts and Cuffs

The Hercules Shirt

is a plump three-quarters of a dollar's worth for

49c.

It has a lot of features that you long for. See it.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Granite curling night.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Bible class at Y M C A
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Lansdowne Lodge, S. O. E.—White Rose Degree.
Finance committee.
Licenses Committee.
Property committee.
Special services at the Murray-st Baptist church.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is sore and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

JUST OUT—

"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Over Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

TWO DOURO WEDDINGS.

Celebrated at St Joseph's Church—Large Gathering of Friends to See the Ceremony—Golden Wedding Ceremony.

O'CONNOR—O'BRIEN.

St. Joseph's church, Douro, was the scene of two happy events on Wednesday morning of this week. At 7.30 a. m. a marriage was celebrated, the contracting parties being Mr R A O'Connor and Miss Maggie O'Brien, Vicar-Gen. Browne performing the ceremony. Mr O'Connor is long a resident of the township of Douro, the bride being a daughter of Mr Michael O'Brien, one of the pioneers of the township. Miss Bridget O'Connor was bridesmaid, Mr. J. O'Brien acting as groomsman. There was a large gathering of friends to witness the ceremony and extend congratulations. Many very fine presents were bestowed on the couple, who afterwards took train at Indian River station, proceeding to Merrickville on a wedding trip.

M'CARTHY—FOLEY.

The church was again brightened with a throng of friends and well wishers who came to see the marriage of Mr J F McCarthy, of Asphodel, to Miss Mary Agnes Foley, of Douro. The ceremony was performed by Rev Father Phelan, who solemnly and firmly tied the knot. The bride, who looked charming, is a daughter of Mr James Foley, and was attended by her sister, Miss Ada Foley, as bridesmaid. Mr. D. F. McCarthy, of Norwood, filled the post of best man. At the close of the marriage ceremony nuptial high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Phelan. The choir of St Joseph's was assisted by the choir of St Paul's, Norwood. Miss Annie Dunn sang several solos charmingly. A large number of friends offered the happy couple congratulations and tangible tokens of esteem were not wanting in the shape of many handsome presents.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

It is fifty years ago the 23rd of February since Mr John Crandley, of Douro, and Miss Catherine Dwyer, of Dummer, stood before the altar in the old church in Douro and were married by the Rev Father Fitzpatrick, who was parish priest at that time. The intervening years have dealt lightly with the old couple who are both in capital health and active. On Tuesday, the golden anniversary of their wedding day, relatives and friends came to St. Joseph's, where mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Phelan, and afterwards the assemblage were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Crandley at the homestead.

Catholic Association Social

The Catholic Association will hold a social in their rooms, George-st., on Monday evening next, March 1st. A fine evening's enjoyment is promised. Excellent music and refreshment provided. Tickets 50 cents each. 3d

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

BRING YOUR BOTTLES

To the Great Music and Perfume Sale at Mulligan & Potter's Music Store, Friday and Saturday. Prof. Harrison of New York will play all the latest music on the world's renowned "Gerhard Heintzman Piano." Sheet music 5 cents per copy. 2d47

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Four rinks of curlers went out of town yesterday for friendly games. Two Granite rinks played in Norwood and returned home victorious, though the Norwoodians gave them an excellent game. A rink each from the Granites and Thistles won and lost respectively at Millbrook.

Skips Wellers and Davidson took rinks to Norwood. Judge Weller won by a good margin, while Skip Davidson was worsted by one shot, his opponent being Dr. Moffat. Norwood will soon have its curlers familiar with the game and then they will be able to give other towns all they can do to win.

The scores were:—

PETERBOROUGH GRANITES		NORWOOD	
Rink No. 1.			
H Snowden		J G Keefer	
W H Manson		F G Code	
T E Bradburn		W Clancy	
Judge Weller, s'p.	17	J W Asho, skip	7
Rink No. 2.			
C LeBrun		James Cummings	
V C McGill		J W Rork	
W D Parker		M McGregor	
R S Davidson, s'p.	15	Dr Moffat, skip	16
Total	32	Total	23

Majority for Granites, 9 shots.

AT MILLBROOK

Millbrook had revenge for its defeat here last week defeating two local rinks by quite a majority. The scores were:

MILLBROOK		PETERBOROUGH	
Rink No. 1.			
R J Dark		H Waddell	
A A Smith		W G Morrow	
C H Winslow		G M Roger	
J T Steele, skip	33	E B Edwards, skip	11
Rink No. 2.			
H Allen		W H Meredith	
H M Wood		J D Baptie	
W T Wood		J B Pentland	
J A Vance, skip	15	D Belleghem, skip	15
	48		26

Majority for Millbrook, 22 shots.

The Toronto Victorias came down from Toronto to-morrow morning and will play three rinks each of the Granites and Thistles in a Boucher-Davidson medal contest. Skips Boucher, Davidson and Attrill will represent the Granites. The Thistles end will be upheld by Skips Rutherford, Pentland and Horkins.

Skip Horkins being ill, his vice, Ernie Rutherford, engineered his rink in the contest for the LeBrun medal with Skip Kells and the latter was defeated, the score being:

O B Shortly		W H Meredith	
G N Brown		J S Knapman	
G L Hay		Geo Brown	
E Rutherford, skip	17	R H Kells, skip	14

The final contest in the Midland Curling Colts competition takes place at Lindsay this evening between Port Hope and Peterborough. If Peterborough wins it will retain permanent possession of the Biggar trophy, the club holding the cup three years in succession being entitled to retain it for all time to come. The local Colts will send up the following rinks:

W J Thompson	C LeBrun
G L Hay	J S Knapman
C N Brown	E Rutherford
D Davidson, skip	G J Horkins, skip

There will be a teachers' curling competition here next Friday—a week from to-morrow. Teachers from Campbellford, Lindsay and Peterborough will compete.

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr Chase's Ointment.

Struck by a Car

Last evening as a farmer was driving up George-st. with a sleigh his team became frightened at a street car and swerved around in front of the car, the rear end being struck and a few boards removed. A man who had been sitting on the back luckily fell into the bottom of the sleigh and was saved from receiving a blow from the car. No further damage was done.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Personal

Miss Jennie McManus, of Peterborough, who has been visiting in Toronto, is in town, the guest of her sister, Mrs Curren, John-st. —Port Hope Guide.

A Good Programme.

The following is the programme of the concert to be held in St. Paul's school room to-morrow evening, Feb. 26th:—Instrumental duet, Misses E Hall and Wrighton; song, Mrs Mein; reading, Mr C Brown; instrumental solo, Miss Alice Roger; banjo solo, Mr E Roper; recitation, Miss L Ostrom; quartette (vocal), Mrs Mein, Miss Montgomery and Messrs Sketch and McKeown; instrumental duet, Misses Cameron; recitation, Master Holden Blackwell; song, Miss M Paterson; recitation, Miss L Ostrom; song, Miss E Carnegie; instrumental duet, Misses Lilian and Marion Hall. Admission, 10 cents. 2d47

THE COST OF THE SEWERS.

An Estimate of the Approximate Cost and the Annual Tax the Sewers Will Be.

There appears to be considerable misapprehension regarding the cost of the construction of the sewers, notice for which work on several streets has been advertised. Some petitions have been circulated in opposition to the work, and the chief source of complaint appears to be in regard to the cost, or rather the reported cost of the work to the ratepayers. The town engineer, Mr. Belcher, and Councillor Best, chairman of the Sewerage committee, have recognized the desirability of placing the ratepayers in possession of an estimate of the cost of the sewer work, and thereby remove the erroneous ideas which exist. These two gentlemen visited Toronto and from information gathered there, and the experience in the work already done, they have made an estimate of the approximate cost of the sewers.

They estimate the approximate cost of the sewers as advertised, including manholes and junctions for private connections, as follows:

15 inch pipe sewer, $1.55 per lineal foot.
12 inch pipe sewer, 1.35 per lineal foot.
9 inch pipe sewer, 1 10 per lineal foot.

For the 15 inch sewer the annual tax to cover sinking fund and interest under 30 years debentures will be 5½ cents per foot frontage on each side of the streets named.

For 12 inch, as above, the annual tax will be 4½ cents per foot frontage.

For a 9 inch, as above, the annual tax will be 3½ cents per foot frontage.

IT WAS ADJOURNED.

Mr Thos Brady Appears before Judge Weller

The charge against Thos Brady of disposing of his goods to defraud his creditors came up for hearing before Judge Weller this morning. Mr H P Eckhardt, of Toronto, and all the witnesses, who gave evidence when the case was heard in Police Court with the exception of Messrs Stone and O'Donnell, were examined. The evidence of Mr W H Moore and Mr E B Stone was ruled out. The judge adjourned the case this afternoon in order that Mr O'Donnell might be present to give evidence. Mr R E Wood conducted the prosecution and Mr W A Stratton appeared for Mr Brady.

IT MEANS MILLIONS.

The Mispickel Gold Ores of Hastings Successfully Treated by the New Process.

The Belleville Intelligencer says:—Mr Swinney, manager of the Delora mines, reports that his company are entirely satisfied with the result of their experiments in treating the mispickel ores of Hastings with the bromo-cyanogen process. This simple statement means millions to the people of this district.

That tired feeling is due to impoverished blood. Enrich the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be strong and vigorous.

If You Want

A first-class piano, organ, sewing machine or anything in musical merchandise at bottom prices and easy payments see us. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co.

Looking for Information.

The Chief of Police has received the following letter from St. Leboire, Quebec:—

SIR,—There is a young man who got hurt here last week who calls himself Harry Barien, and his relations are living in Peterborough. Will you kindly see to it and let me know if it is so, or any details that you may give me. JOS. L. HENREUX.

A Costly Afternoon.

Geo Gallagher had a lively time at Lakefield on Tuesday afternoon. In the course of a few hours he had became intoxicated and ended up by smashing eight or ten windows in the Tremont house, severely lacerating his hands while doing so. He was arrested and placed in the cells and yesterday came up for trial before County Magistrate Edmison. He was found guilty of being disorderly and was fined $2 and $1 costs and was also ordered to replace the windows in the hotel.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

Brevities.

—Sleighing parties are numerous at present.

—The gay season will soon be at an end, at least until after Lent.

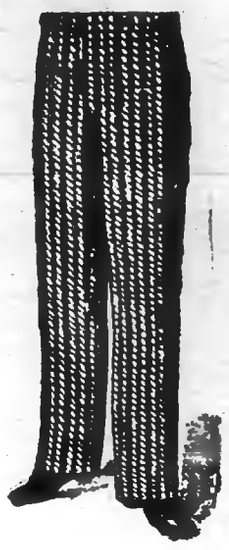
—The Finance, Property and Licenses committees will meet to-night.

—The Lenten season begins next week, Ash Wednesday being the 3rd of March.

—The Rev. James G. Potter, pastor of St. Andrew's church, will lecture in St Andrew's lecture room on Friday, March 5th, at 8 p m. Subject, "The Eloquence of Art and Heart."

—The township of Dummer having expressed a desire to meet the requirements of the Children's Aid act respecting the unfortunate Storms family, the Children's Aid Society will try to remedy this extreme case of destitution and misery.

—The Standard Designer for March already begins to herald the approach of spring, not only in various seasonable articles and picturesque millinery, but in fashions for ladies, misses, and little people of both sexes. Fancywork, floriculture, art, literature, bicycling and cookery are all paid due attention, and it would indeed be a difficult matter to find more really good information and matters of interest collected under one head than there are in this issue.



No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. Peterborough.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

MARRIED.

O'CONNOR—O'BRIEN — At St Joseph's church, Douro, by Vicar Gen. Browne, Mr R A O'Connor, to Miss Maggie O'Brien, daughter of Mr Michael O'Brien, all of Douro.

McCARTHY—FOLEY—At St Joseph's church, Douro, by Rev Father Phelan, Mr J F McCarthy, of Asphodel, to Miss Mary Agnes Foley, daughter of Mr Jas Foley, Douro.

THE "EMPIRE" TYPE WRITER

EQUAL to any in every respect.
BEST of all in many features.

Only $55.00 and like our sewing machines, simply perfect. Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P.Q.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$800 to $900.
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 89. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

I insist upon PURE GOLD BAKING POWDER my doctor recommends it

"When I am persuaded to use other kinds, the children get restless; they do not rest. My physician has analysed Pure Gold and finds it absolutely pure. It's cream of tartar and soda. No adulterations."—A TORONTO LADY.

Some grocers, like the one illustrated, try to sell cheaper goods, on which they make more profit. If you want Pure Gold, insist on getting it. 116

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it, that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined ree of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON
The Jeweller and Optician.

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,[illegible]	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,350	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

After an Assay Office.

Belleville and Deseronto are not alone in the race for the assay office, to which they hope that the Provincial Government will give assistance to advance the Hastings district. A deputation of men from North Hastings waited on the Government Tuesday and pointed out the advantages which Madoc possessed for such an institution.

MUNYON'S KIDNEY CURE

Munyon's Kidney Cure cures pain in the back, loins or groins from kidney disease, puffy and flabby face, dropsy of the feet and limbs, frequent desire to pass water, scanty urine, dark-colored and turbid urine, sediment in the urine, gravel in the bladder and too great a flow of urine. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease.
At All Druggists, 25c a Bottle.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M. (Should sufficient business offer) To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS DUNN'S BAKING POWDER THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

peddler of national drinks or refreshes, with his botigo or Oriental jar containing the expressed juice of some fruit, mixed with sugar and water, and as harmless as it is agreeable. Others have a nobby little tin or brass tray, upon which are placed glasses for the different horchatas, as the good people of Madrid call these cooling non-spiritous drinks.

Along the walk are rows of orange trees, and upon these coloured lanterns have been placed at intervals, and are now lighted up, so that with the yellow gas jets the scene looks like one of enchantment.

Here and there small crowds congregate around some fakir engaged in selling wonderful things, or to watch the astonishing evolutions and hear the weird music that accompany a sidewalk gitano or gipsy dance.

Everywhere reigns an air of mystery—fancy costumes, monks, chevaliers, Oriental warriors, courtly dames, flower girls, and almost every imaginable character we see in our greatest masque balls are to be met with.

Mad revelry abounds—every one appears determined to be as happy and careless as his or her neighbour, so that when the carnival season is over every soul will gladly welcome Lent, which seems to be the idea of all this merriment, the old adage holding good, "Let us eat, drink, and be merry, for to-morrow we—mourn."

So Madrid enters upon the fun. The merriment is as a general thing good-natured, and free from riot or rudeness. Whatever dark secrets may be working beneath the surface, on top all is apparently innocent enjoyment

From the balconies of houses fair senoritas, whose guardians are too strict to allow them upon the streets, have enjoyment of their own in watching the procession below.

At times they toss a flower to this courtly knight who has found favour in their eyes, or drop rice down the back of a more than usually hideous gnome who delights in the shudder his awful appearance causes.

Jack is greatly amused by the kaleidoscopic changes around him. Something in his quiet demeanour attracts the very attention he would avoid, and more than one unknown charmer ventures to address him. These may be the most respectable of senoras, for the mystery of mask and domino gives them assurance and license to a certain degree, but Jack pays little or no attention to their laughing words.

Various processions pass him by, and suddenly one comes that gives him a shock. He hears a cocotte standing near him take up the cry that sounds down the boulevard. What is it she is calling:—"The hero of the bull-fight?"

Presently the excitement increases, and a little party arrive, bearing on their shoulders a square platform upon which rests a chair, and this is occupied by a masked man, who sits there with folded arms, gravely bowing, at times kissing his hand to the senoritas above, now almost wild with excitement.

Doctor Jack is at first indignant, and then he laughs as though amused. This man has been gotten up to imitate himself, and with such success that the platform is fairly covered with flowers tossed upon the hero by the hands of Madrid's dark-eyed daughters.

Now they are close by—the American athlete could with one spring gain that platform, and hurl the mock bull-fighter to the ground; but the temptation comes and goes instantly.

"Let him have his fun—unless I am mistaken he will pay for it before morning," he mutters, and there is truth in his words, for, although all the women go wild over the supposed hero of the greatest bull-fight Madrid ever saw, there are many dark scowls cast after the cavalcade by the male portions of the revelers could one but peep beneath their masks—these are the friends of the defeated Pedro Vasquez, who hate the man upon whose head rests the laurels that should have come to their favourite god.

So the cavalcade wends its way down the Del Prado amid a hurricane of shouts and tremendous excitement, heading for the thoroughfare that leads to the grand central plaza, the Puerta del Sol, where the greatest sights are to be witnessed on these gala occasions.

Jack quenches his thirst with some lemonade from a stand near by, and starting a cigar continues his stroll. Other strange sights greet his eyes, and even his cold Northern blood is to a certain degree fired by the music and the gayety around him, so that he can readily perceive how these warm Spanish people give way to the excitement of the carnival.

He smiles grimly when he hears a great racket far down the street, and makes up his mind that the bogus Doctor Jack has already come to grief, the bull-fighter's friends having probably pelted him with oranges, and perhaps dragged him through the street mud.

The mad scene goes on, and fresh actors in it seem to be continually coming and going. Until the midnight bells announce again that the three days of jollity are past, and Lent ushered in, Madrid will be in one continual ferment, day and night pranks will be played and strange scenes enacted, each citizen vieing with his neighbours in producing noise by day and illumination by night, or adding new features to the parade of masks upon the public streets.

Jack stops to witness the feats of an East Indian juggler and sword swallower, who exhibits on the street corner, surrounded by a curious crowd of masked persons. Several flaming swinging lamps smoke round him—the odour of oil is strong, the weird costumes of the audience striking, and the feats of the juggler something out of the ordinary.

An attendant passes a little basket around, and the crowd is disposed to be liberal, judging from the reals and pesetas that jingle within it as he ends his share of the labour. Then the star of the combination begins business.

Jack watches him curiously, and before the man has gone far makes up his mind that this is not the first time he and the juggler have met, although the last time he saw Ben Achmed was upon the dusty street of Delhi in India.

It is a little singular that he should run across the juggler again so far away from Hindostan, and Jack believes he will wait until the performance is over, when he may have a few words with the other.

Leaning against a neighbouring tree, he smokes his cigar, which luxury the half mask allows, watching the drifting crowds, the weird actions of the juggler, and listening to the jargon of sounds.

From this state of reverie something finally arouses him. A familiar figure heaves in sight—surely there can be no mistaking that dudish dress even if a half mask does hide the face of Cousin Larry. The New York sport is out to see the sights, and perhaps take a hand in any frolic.

As he is passing by his name is uttered by Jack, to whom the little fellow is soon talking. The athlete thinks more of Larry since the exhibition in the hotel. Then again he is a cousin to Avis—that counts for something.

"What! you, Doctor Jack. I thought I saw a fellow of your size riding by on a sedan chair, the women cheering, the men cursing, but made up my mind I was mistaken," says Larry, grasping the outstretched hand eagerly, for he takes quick likings, and, unbeknown to the others witnessed the bull-fight of the afternoon, so that he looks up to the doctor as a hero.

Jack tells him about the imposter and they both laugh. Then the little man grows serious again.

"Do you know, I was on my way to your hotel, Doctor Jack—I believe it is on this dused street, is it not?" he asks.

"That is the building yonder, where the great lantern is hanging—but what brings you here?"

Doctor Jack's curiosity is again aroused—we have seen that he possesses a fair amount of this womanly trait. Why should he not feel a desire to know the cause of Larry's coming when the latter is her cousin? Just now the whole world revolves around Avis Morton—Jack has jumped into a new sphere during the last twelve hours—we shall see in time whether he can play at lover as well as at bull-fighter.

"My pedal extremities, to be sure. I tried to get a carriage, but as beastly luck would have it they were all taken. Then I started to walk, and before I had taken ten paces an impudent alquasil taped me on the arm, and informed me I would not be allowed on the public streets while the carnival lasted, at night any way, without a mask, so I had to stop at a fakir's, and be robbed for once. Just then he said they were worth their weight in oro, he called it which, I take it, means gold. Then I was pushed and knocked about a good deal, but in spite of all here's Larry Kennedy, right side up with care, and don't you forget it."

The dude is long-winded—he likes to hear himself talk, and drawls so that it is misery for Jack to listen. The latter thinks he knows a way to hurry old slowbones up, which plan he stands ready to adopt if necessary.

"Now that you've found the hotel, what do you want with it, Larry?" he questions.

"After all, now that I think of it, the hotel wasn't what I was looking for."

"Ah!" from Doctor Jack, who holds his breath, for he sees the dude thrust

To be Continued

THE COMING MILLINERY.

Soft Stuffs, Ribbons, Flowers and Plumes for Trimmings.

There will be flowers, silk gauzes, crepes, laces and ribbons, and plumes in the spring millinery this year, and bright ornaments in greater numbers than have been seen during the cold months. There are to be many fancy braids in hats, made, some of them, in wide plats, with contrasting colors, which are effective. Other braids are smooth and of a solid color, and are twisted into odd conceits over wire frames. The crowns will be wider this year to allow room for the knot of hair upon the top of the head.

Tall, bell-shaped crowns and hour-glass crowns appear, and rims are found to be narrower in the back than in the front, or if wide at the back, are turned up high. Hats are large, but do not reach the size of the Gainsborough. Malines, chiffon, soft India silks, and tulle will be used with braids in hat manufacture. The thin materials are used for shirred rims and soft crowns. They alternate with laces for veiling the brim and swathing the crown of hats. The lace barb is shown in place of ribbon strings on some French bonnet models, the fashion of the moment says.

Ribbons of plain color will be used, and ribbons with gauze and satin stripes show strong contrasting colors. Black ribbons, fine and light, are of taffeta and watered moire, with a satin back. There are ribbons with mousseline and grass-linen effect, and some of the old glass ribbons are to be seen. These ribbons of the thinner varieties are, some of them, plaided with a Scotch effect, and some are in Roman colors. A feature of the light weight ribbons is their width. They range from five to eight inches in width, some of them being as wide as ten inches. Velvet ribbons for bonnet springs are two and taffeta four inches.

Jet bonnet crowns and ornaments are to be found, and French gold ornaments have taken the place of cut steel and imitation jewels, but the gold ornaments will be set with all of these, and are in a variety of forms. Roses and violets still continue to be popular, and there are spring blossoms and berries not so appropriate to the season. The aigrette is passing, and plums occupy a prominent place in millinery, with occasional birds and wings. Black and black and white will be largely worn, and there are various shades of red, the garnet, jacquominot in different shades to pink and rose, turquoise blue, violet shaded to lilac, dahlia, orchid, and particularly greens—in braids and ribbons.

Don'ts That Make a Well-Dressed Woman.

Don't pin your black hat on with a white pin, and don't wear a heavy, flaring ornate one. It may be the one jarring note in an otherwise pretty toilet.

Don't buy cheap gloves, or, if you buy them, don't wear them on the street. They always look their quality and price, and they are dear at the cheapest.

Don't carry the handkerchief in evidence on the street in the front of the bodice or stuck under the belt. Formerly, a handkerchief was for show. It is now more generally for use; besides you might lose it.

Don't go on the street with the tail or hem of your skirt frayed and soiled. It is not an attractive sight to masculine eyes, and you are lessening thereby the days of usefulness of the gown. Keep your skirt well brushed and the binding neatly in place.

Don't put up your hair so that the end of every pin shows. Use as few pins as possible, and cover the head with the hair. A head bristling or glistening with pins is not attractive.

Don't wear rubbed or unkempt shoes on the street, fancying they do not show. They do, and a few moments devoted to sewing on of buttons and polishing adds very much to your general appearance of neatness.

Don't, if you use a little touch of make-up, use it carelessly. A careful touch sometimes improves, but a careless one invites ridicule.

Don't carry the gloves in the hands. Put them on. It will improve your appearance. Don't wear them unbuttoned.

Don't trust to pins to hold them in place. They often come out at unexpected and inconvenient times. Hooks and buttons sewed firmly are more desirable.—San Francisco Examiner.

Slighted.

The great actor looked very much offended.

"These people must be barbarians!" he exclaimed.

"What makes you think that?"

"I have been at this place for three hours and nobody knows who I am!"

"How can you tell?"

"I haven't had any requests for a pass to the show."—Washington Star.

Colson's Color Photography.

Captain Colson, a correspondent of "Photography," seems to have discovered a practical process of color photography. He uses a gelatino-chloride paper, which he exposes to the sunlight till it becomes chocolate in color. This is done without any negative in front of it. After the paper has become thus discolored it is placed under a colored transparency and then exposed to sunlight for a considerable time. For a little while the paper becomes gradually darker, but with longer exposure this clears until the colors of the transparency are approximately reproduced, though in a dull style and with the high lights very dull and muddy, but by dampening the print and again exposing it for a short time the whites may be cleared up. Washing the paper for two or three minutes before exposing is said to be a better method; then after drying proceed as before. The exposure will be longer but the colors more perfect. The fixing is done by means of an ordinary ink composed of iron acted upon by gallic acid. A sheet of blotting paper is saturated with the ink, thoroughly dried and then placed in contact with the colored print under slight pressure for a couple of days, which makes the picture practically permanent.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND..... GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Browne, Accountant, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chisholm, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

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Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
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Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

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For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

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ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Why Are the Provincial Buildings Not Insured?

Only Provincial Buildings Insured Are Osgoode Hall and the School of Practical Science—Minister Ross Says the Province Has Already Thrown Away $120,000 in Fire Insurance Premiums—Hot Criticism by Mr. Rowland Makes the Premier Angry The Budget Debate Goes On.

Toronto, Feb. 23.

At the Ontario Legislature yesterday, Mr. Matheson enquired: "Has the Government received any notice from the Postoffice Department limiting the franking privilege on Government and departmental reports and papers, hitherto granted, and, if so, to what extent?"

Mr. Hardy replied that the Government had received notice which indicated the removal of the privilege from papers other than those ordered to be published by the House. A later order restricting still further had been found to be unauthorised. The matter now stood in suspense until the Dominion Government had obtained legislation.

Patron Leader Haycock's question as to whether the Government intended introducing a measure to abolish Government House was also replied to by the Premier, who stated that the matter would be referred to a committee, after which the Government could say more definitely what they would do.

Mr. Brower asked: "How many acres of farm land are under cultivation at the Asylum for the Insane at Mimico? What is the nature of the products raised, and in what quantities? What live stock is kept, and the number of each? How much butter is produced, and what is done with it?"

Hon. E. J. Davis replied that there were 133 acres under full cultivation and 30 partially so. The second question, he said, was answered in the inspector's report. Large herds of live stock were kept, but no butter was produced.

Dr. Ryerson's motion for a return showing the number and amounts covered by policies of insurance carried on the new Parliament buildings of Ontario, the companies by which they are carried, the percentage paid for insurance, the names of the agents through whom the insurance was effected, the rate per $1000 paid, and showing any special conditions attached to the policies and the general provisions of protection against fire in the buildings, adopted by the Government, was the occasion of a brief but warm debate.

In supporting his motion, the Toronto member said that the recent destruction of important property and documents at the Ottawa conflagration had drawn his attention to the subject he was introducing. He thought the Government should give some assurance of an indemnity in case of fire.

Mr. Harcourt told how the Government had refused to insure the Parliament buildings in 1895 because the insurance companies had exacted too high rates. It might be that at the present times rates as reasonable as those obtained by other corporations could be had. The School of Practical Science and Osgoode Hall were insured, and expert officials had said that everything possible had been done to afford fire protection to the legislative pile.

Mr. Miscampbell, who seconded the motion, claimed that the Provincial Treasurer had made no definite statement that any sum had been set aside as an indemnity fund in case of fire.

Mr. Harcourt contended that during the 11 or 12 years of immunity from fire the Province had saved all the premiums they would otherwise have paid out.

Dr. Ryerson thought that the Government was pursuing a reprehensible practice in not insuring the buildings. If the protection afforded the buildings was as good as was claimed, *there was no necessity for* charging exorbitant premiums by the companies.

Mr. Matheson contended that the Government should be their own insurers. Other large corporations, such as steamboat companies, etc., followed this principle, and set apart certain sums equal to premiums, which would otherwise be paid to insurance companies. This would be a commendable course for the Government.

Hon. Mr. Ross argued that the sum of $150,000, which had been paid out while the buildings were insured, had been virtually lost. The School of Pratical Science had been insured because of the inflammable material it contained. He did not think it was the practice of any Government to insure its public buildings. The Government had taken every precaution, and he considered had shown reasonable foresight.

Mr. Whitney retorted that if a fire were to occur to-morrow the Government would not be judged to have shown foresight.

Mr. Crawford agreed that the Government should be its own insurer. To do this they should create a fund, and put away annually a reasonably low premium, so that if there was no fire for 10, 15 or 20 years, a nice sum, could be added to the assets, while if a fire did occur they would have money to indemnify them.

Premier Hardy was surprised at the attitude of the Opposition. In former years they had attacked the Government for making an appropriation for insurance; now they were as strongly advocating one. The Government would be just as much its own insurer if it left the sum in the treasury as if it set it aside.

Mr. Rowland believed that the Government were keeping the people in a sort of fool's paradise. They claimed that they had money saved, but where was it? If a fire did occur the fast vanishing surplus would disappear altogether. He did not see any inconsistency in the two positions assumed by the Opposition. The former position was one assumed against favoritism to insurance companies in insuring the old and comparatively worthless Parliament Buildings. Passing on he referred to the present pile as "a large mountain of ill-designed stone and mortar." A very large proportion of the value of other Government buildings was stored within them. The fact that the insurance companies had recognised the greatness of the risk and demanded high rates was another case of fools' paradise.

Mr. Harcourt asked if the speaker knew that the companies had made such a contention.

Mr. Hardy was a little angry. He asked the Speaker to rule the honorable member out of order for making rash and unwarranted statements.

Mr. Whitney retorted that there was no breach of the rules in doing that.

Mr Rowland then resumed that there was no occasion for dispute. He was simply quoting the words of the Provincial Treasurer himself. Concluding, Mr. Rowland reiterated the argument that certain sums should be set aside for insurance purposes.

Dr. Willoughby claimed that the buildings were not fireproof and were inefficiently protected.

Hon. J. M. Gibson could see no clearly defined policy set down by the Opposition. The province had made money by the policy the Government had hitherto pursued. He was surprised at Mr. Rowland's unwarranted reference to the Parliament Buildings. They were the pride of Torontonians, and that was one reason why the member for South Toronto should speak highly of them. Speaking personally, he would like to see the buildings insured and there was no reason why a high rate should be charged. Precautions against fire were unusually efficient.

Dr. Ryerson: Are they ever tested?

Mr. Gibson: Yes.

Mr. Matheson: Who oversees it?

Mr Gibson: The housekeeper; and if it is not done, it is a matter of want of compliance with instructions. He asked the member for East Toronto to withdraw his motion.

Mr. Haycock thought the discussion a useful one. The statistics showed that in the last year $128,600,000 premiums had been paid insurance companies and only $58,000,000, or about 55 per cent., had been paid back in losses. The policy of having the Government its own insurer was right, but where would they get the money to set aside for premiums? [Opposition hear, hear.] To do so they would have to borrow money, sell annuities, or dispose of Crown lands.

The motion was then withdrawn, and the debate on the budget was resumed by Mr. Craig of Wellington. The honorable member defended the appropriations to education and agriculture. He challenged any member to point out an instance in which a License Commissioner in his riding had acted in a partisan manner.

Mr. Crawford replied for the Opposition. He thought it was an evidence of Mr. Harcourt's ability and tact that he had made so good a case with the material he had at hand. The Treasurer admitted that the province had liabilities and he had to admit that they must be paid. The Administration could not check expenditure and looked around to see what they could tax to make the revenue equal it. The deficits at the present rate must lead to direct taxation. He considered this due to the offices created and filled. He had no reason to doubt the word of the previous speaker, but was satisfied that at least in Toronto the License Commissioners acted against the wishes of the people.

The member for South Oxford, Dr. McKay, followed on behalf of the Government. He contended that the Government had continually decreased the expenditure for the past six years. Continuing, he arraigned Mr. Meacham for not giving the names of the hotel-keepers, whom, he had asserted, were coerced by the License Commissioners.

Mr. Meacham arose to contradict the statement. He had not refused to give the names. One of the men referred to was now dead, but he was perfectly willing to give the name of the other.

The member for Oxford retorted: "It is often very convenient to have witnesses dead, except for voting purposes, when they are often resurrected." [Laughter.] Concluding, the honorable member attacked the Opposition for looking to Quebec for a model in financial matters. The Speaker left the chair at 6 o'clock.

After recess Mr. St. John resumed the debate. He gave Sir Oliver Mowat great credit for knowing when to get out after holding power for a quarter of a century. The late Premier had left when the deficits came and direct taxation was in view, leaving behind him unfulfilled promises for his successor to carry out, notably in regard to prohibition. The Minister of Agriculture was charged with gross extravagance in incurring an expenditure of $96,281 for educating 150 pupils to be farmers at the Agricultural College, when the total receipts from fees, stock and crops only amounted to $16,482, or a deficit equal to nearly $600 per pupil per annum. The pretence of the Government that proper attention was given to agricultural subjects in the Public Schools was ridiculed as a hollow sham, inasmuch as the teachers were not qualified to teach the subjects. Another instance of extravagance was the Lands Title office in the County of York, in which the salaries alone amounted to $4712, while the total revenue was only $2055, the deficit being charged up to the Province.

Mr. German challenged the Opposition to show one instance where the license law had been administered in the interests of the Liberal party. The charge was entirely untrue. The policy of the Government was defended as economical, and the Opposition were challenged to show where expenditure could be reduced or the public money had been improperly expended.

Mr. Haycock dealt with the question of the alleged prosperity which the people of Ontario had been experiencing, which was belied by the fact that the public and municipal debt of the country was some $580,000,000, the annual charges upon which amounted to as much as the total value of the exports of cattle, sheep, hogs, swine, poultry, cheese and butter. The owner of the farm could only give a third mortgage upon his own property, as the Dominion and the municipal Governments had already put a first and second mortgage on for him. He objected to the expenditure of $10,325 for immigration, as the wrong class of immigrants were brought out, and advocated a policy which would secure the *settling in Ontario of the tenant farmers*, with capital, from the older countries. Regarding the franchise, he would give every person a vote between 21 and 30 years of age, but would withdraw the franchise from all who had not a certificate of education or an interest of at least $200 in property at 30 years of age. Compulsory voting might be made practicable by adopting the poll book at the last election as the basis of the voters' list.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

The Attorney General introduced a bill respecting fisheries of Ontario, which revises and consolidates the acts relating to the fisheries of the province. Mr. Hardy explained that the recent Supreme Court decision had placed all the fisheries in the inland lakes and international rivers in the hands of the Provincial Governments. The purpose of the bill he was introducing was to regulate the fisheries which would fall to the Government to control. The measure of course could not take effect until the Privy Council had ratified the Supreme Court's decision. Pending that he thought it advisable to have a bill prepared and ready should the Privy Council uphold that decision, and his own opinion was that they would uphold it.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade very quiet, with demand almost nil. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7.50 and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The market is quiet, and the feeling weaker. White wheat is quoted at 74c to 75c, and red at 73c at outside points. No. 1 hard quoted at 74c, Fort William, and at 85c to 86c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Business inactive, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 at 27c. No. 3 extra 26c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is restricted, with sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and of mixed at 16½c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 32c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 33c east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 24.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7½d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 47s 0d; lard, 20s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 50s 0d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; seed, 38s 0d.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, marrowfat	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 18	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 32	to	33
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 00	to	0 00
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 05

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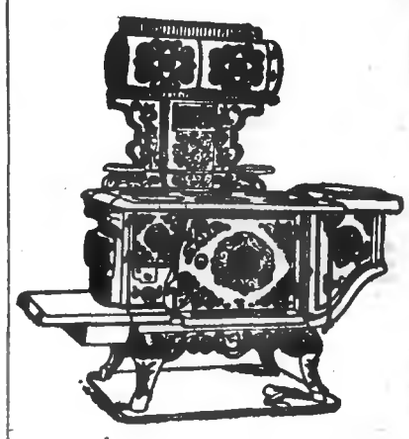

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897

NORWOOD NEWS.

Personal and News Notes—The Curling Contest—St. Paul's Choir Concert.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL — Mr. C. Blackett Robinson, manager of the Canada Presbyterian, of Toronto, was in the village on Tuesday.... Miss Nina Bateson, of Millbrook, is spending a couple of weeks here the guest of Mrs J R McKelvie....Mr. Alex. Calder, of Toronto, was in the village last week....Miss Lottie Blezard spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss May Eaton.

CURLING—The curling contest is still going on. The last draw reduced the number to five pairs, of whom three have played off. The first to do so were Mr M McGregor and Mr Wm Stephenson. This was a good game. At first Mr Stephenson crawled up to 7, while Mr McGregor had hardly a point, but towards the end Mr McGregor pulled up and succeeded in winning, the score being 8 to 13. The next to play were Mr J R McKelvie and Mr J W Rork. This was a close game, and both men played well, but Mr McKelvie won by 2 points. The last who played off were Mr F Code and Mr W Fry. As Mr Fry has had but little practice he was not a match for Mr Code, who won by 12 points. A very interesting match was played between Mr Cumming's and Mr Keefer's rinks Tuesday afternoon. As Mr Cummings had beaten Mr Keefer twice before it was thought that he would have no trouble in doing it again but this game proved that Mr Keefer's rink was not as slow as they were thought to be. The first end gave Mr Keefer 4 points, this was followed by a series of successes and at the end the score stood 9 to 18 in his favor. The rinks were:

J R McKelvie	L McGregor
F Code	Robt Paterson
W Stephenson	Jas F Roxburgh
Jas Cummings, skip. 9	J G Keefer, skip....18

SACRED CONCERT—The sacred concert given in the Presbyterian church by St Paul's church choir on Wednesday evening was a decided success. At 8 o'clock the choir took their places before an appreciative audience. The first selection was rendered in good style and reflected much credit on the choirmaster, Mr Crane. The unaccompanied pieces were well given and well received by the audience. The solos of Mrs Mein and Miss E Montgomery are deserving of special mention and the instrumental selections by Miss Alice Rogers were rendered in such a manner as to make her a credit to the Toronto College of Music of which she is a graduate. The audience was well pleased and "wasn't it grand" could be heard from every corner. We are sure that it will long be remembered by our people and should the choir again visit our village we feel sure they will find a full house.

CARNIVAL.—The second carnival was held on Friday evening last and as usual a large crowd was present. The costumes were well up to the average, both for neatness and variety. Probably the feature of the evening was the appearance of the Haverly band, which was composed of a number of darky minstrels. About half past seven they lined up on the front street, and after giving a selection proceeded to the rink where they afforded considerable amusement. The prizes for costumes were awarded as follows :—

Best Dressed Lady—Miss V Harper, Peterborough, Daisy Queen.

Best Dressed Gent—Wm Fry, Norwood, as George III.

Best Dressed Girl—Miss M Beckett, Norwood, as Portugal Queen.

Boned Dressed Boy—C McKelvie, Norwood, as Red, White and Blue.

Best Comic Lady—Miss Maud Campbell, Keene, as Melinda Slicker from Boston.

Best Dressed Comic Gent—W Stewart, Norwood.

Others in costume were :—

Oscar Brennan	Shepherd Boy
W Roberts	The New Woman
Walter Roberts	Quebec Treasury
Alex Calder	Dutchman
John Chandler	Just Tell Them That You Saw Me
Leo McNicoll	School Boy
Roy McKelvie	Little Valentine
F A Easson	Austrian Gent of the 16th Century
J W McNab	Highlander
Clara McNicholl	Hockey Girl
May Hetherington	Stars and Stripes
Florence McNicholl	Little Bo-peep
B Falon	A Little Princess
Helen Laing	Mary quite Contrary
Mrs Patterson	The Belle of the evening
A MaudeCampbell	Melinda Slicker, of Boston
Jennie Pullock	Sea Nymph
Nellie Hooper	Girl of the period
Annie Bert	Highland lassie
Maud Dawson	June
Regina Frye	Butterfly
Fannie King	May Queen
Maggie Pratt	Old Mother Hubbard
Mary Elliotte	Summer
Mary Bert	Sister of Charity
Grace Pengelly	Little Princess
Maud Eason	Joan of Arc
Patterfield	Marie Antoinette
Nellie Pratt	Spanish ballet dancer
Madge Scriven	Butterfly

BIRTH—On Friday another boy arrived at Mr C Water's home.

DEATH—On Thursday Russell C F Buck, son of John D Buck, of Asphodel, was removed by the hand of death. The funeral took place from his father's residence on Saturday, at 2 30 o'clock, and the remains were interred in the Norwood cemetery.... On Tuesday morning J E, youngest son of Thomas McMillan, of Asphodel, passed away. The funeral took place on Wednesday at 2 o'clock and the remains were interred in the Asphodel cemetery.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

OAK HALL.

The Cheese Market.

The Montreal Gazette of Wednesday says :—There is no change in the news from abroad regarding cheese. London mail advices state that the article is the sensation of the trade, the upward movement continuing without bringing forward any supplies to meet the demand. On the 6th of February 60s was refused for Canadian on the London market. Bristol reports much the same condition of affairs, stocks there being smaller than they have been for years. Coupled with the fact also of Canadian being in small compass the English make is admitted to be very short. Contracts have been made in Bristol at 61s spot fire cost, and a further advance was confidently expected.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

AT THE TARIFF AGAIN.

Continued from Page 1.

that machines were idle half the time and wages were higher than in the United States, because all-round men had to be employed here instead of specialists. The output was quite miscellaneous, a severe handicap. He hoped that, a reduction having been made in 1894, no change would be made now. He added that the present tariff uncertainty was paralyzing business.

Mr. McGill of the Canada Rubber Company spoke in like manner.

Messrs. J. B. Payne and John Archibald of Granby, Que., gave their statement in private on the tobacco question.

The glass manufacturers were next heard. Mr. David Yulle, Montreal, representing the Diamond Glass Company, said there were eleven of the factories in Canada practically running as one. They paid half a million in wages annually and produced to the value of about a million. He complained of subsidized German competition. What cost the Canadian manufacturer $100 to turn out cost the German only $60; the production was only 30 per cent. He asked an added specific duty of 5c a dozen on blown tumblers and 1c per dozen on bottles.

Mr. Snider of the Dominion Glass Company, Montreal, gave some interesting evidence. His chief complaint was of slaughter sales of lamp chimneys from the United States. It was one particular firm he was after, to use Mr. Snider's own words. He produced a circular of this United States firm reading: "We will sell our second grade chimneys outside the United States for what they will fetch; we sell no seconds in the United States." Mr. Snider said this was just what this Yankee manufacturer was doing, selling seconds in Canada for what they would fetch. "Ten cents a dozen more duty will protect us against this unfair competition," he added. "It seems a large duty to ask, but it's right." His factory sold lamp chimneys at 26c to 32c per dozen, according to size; the selling price of these American seconds was 17c to 20c.

Mr. Fielding observed that the protection asked was about equal to 30 per cent., and suggested, facetiously, that it might be as well to provide that the American maker should not give his goods away.

Mr. Snider: He'll not do that. If we get this duty it'll pay him better to break up his seconds and use them over again.

Mr. G. S. Wilcox of the Ontario Rolling Mills, Hamilton, submitted a statement in support of the retention of the duty on their iron products. Amongst other things it was suggested that there should be a bonus on pig iron only, as puddle bar and steel ingot could not be produced cheaply enough in Canada to allow the rolling mills of this country to compete with those of the United States. He suggested confidentially certain changes in the duty on scrap iron.

Mr. William Abbott, Montreal, urged that no reduction be made in the duty on cut nails. He also asked that the present duty of 30 per cent. on horse shoes be changed to "once cent per pound specific, and not less than 30 per cent."

Mr. Wilcox asked that if any reduction be made in the duty on bar iron, the duty be reduced on bituminous coal for rolling mill purposes. At present, laid down in Hamilton, United States soft coal cost five times what it did in the States. The duty was 60 cents a ton, and it took a ton of coal to produce a ton of bar iron.

Mr. William Small, Canada Horse Shoe Nail Co., Montreal, representing also others in the business, asked practically that no change be made in the tariff.

The Paper Makers' Association, represented by Mr. J. C. Wilson, Lachute, Mr. Harber, W. H. Rowley of the E. B. Eddy Company and others, desired to be heard in private. Their spokesmen said they might have to mention names that it would not be well to have published. It is understood they asked, among other concessions, an export duty on pulp wood.

A delegation of wall paper manufacturers was also included in the private hearing with the paper manufacturers.

Messrs. H. E. Stearns and R. Henderson, Montreal, representing the cotton batting and wadding industry, desired no change in the tariff, but asked a different customs classification.

The last deputation was composed of representatives of the Canada Stone and China Ware Company, Messrs. Raoul Aube and E. P. Earle of St. Johns, P.Q. They represented that, although the present duty of 30 per cent. was insufficient protection, foreign competition was helped by the sale of surplus goods in Canada at slaughter prices. It was instanced that an ordinary printed dinner set which sells in France for $4.60 is laid down in Toronto for $3.75 f.o.b., while a similar plain white set could not be sold by the Canada Co. at less than $4.10. They therefore asked for the enforcement of the customs law which rates goods for duty at the selling price in the country of production. Also that duty be reimposed on packages, and that, as they were going into the manufacture of printed ware, duty on that class of goods be made 40 per cent.

It was after 7 o'clock when an adjournment was made, the sitting practically concluding the inquiry stage of the Tariff Commission's labors.

OTTAWA GENERAL NEWS.

Tussle in the Cabinet Over the Building of the Crow's Nest Railway Our Mineral Output

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—(Special.)—There is a lively tussle going on in Cabinet circles over the Crow's Nest Railway charter. Mr. Blair, since his visit to the Kootenay Country, has become an ardent advocate of Government construction and operation of the road, and is, therefore, opposed to the C.P.R. securing a monopoly of the pass. On the other hand an apparent majority of the Ministers are in favor of the big transcontinental company building the line.

A summary of the mineral production of Canada last year was issued by the Geological Survey to-day, the total value being placed at $23,627,305, as against $22,000,000 in 1895. The value of the metal is given at $8,039,640, made up as follows: Copper (fine in ore, etc.), 9,385,556 pounds, $1,021,148; gold, $2,810,206; iron ore, 83,206 tons, $184,313; lead (fine in ore, etc.), 24,199,977 pounds, $721,384; nickel (fine in ore, etc.), 3,500,000 pounds, $1,155,000; silver (fine in ore, etc.), 3,205,343 ounces, $2,147,589; total metallic, $8,039,640. The value of iron metallic totals $15,087,665, the chief items being coal, 2,743,234 tons, value $8,006,305, and petroleum, 726,822 barrels, value $1,155,646.

The official statistical statement shows increases in the production of coal, copper, gold, lead and silver, while the output of iron ore, natural gas ($276,301) and nickel, has fallen off to a considerable extent. The increase in coal is altogether due to Nova Scotia, which produced 296,153 net tons more than in 1896, but this increased output is offset in a large measure by a decrease of 104,629 tons in the production of British Columbia.

Copper shows a large decrease in Ontario, and a small increase in Quebec, while British Columbia's contribution is 2,818,556 lbs., which amount is 1,848,193 lbs. more than in 1895. In gold large increases are to be credited to Nova Scotia and Ontario, but British Columbia heads the list with an increase over the previous year of $497,675.

Owing to the dull state of the iron market during the year, the production of iron ore has fallen off to a considerable extent in all the provinces with the exception of Ontario. The exception is directly due to the erection of the blast furnace at Hamilton, Ont., the company obtaining all the Canadian ores smelted from that province.

The production of lead is altogether that of British Columbia, and has increased in the year by over 1,000,000 lbs., but a decrease in the market price of some 8 per cent. lessens the total value by $28,582.

Natural gas shows a decrease in value of $146,761, or about 34 per cent., which would seem to be due to a heavy falling off in the production of the Welland gas field.

Ontario's nickel production is reduced during the year by nearly 400,000 lbs., and shows a decrease in the value of over $200,000.

British Columbia shows an output of silver amounting to 3,135,343 ounces, valued at $2,100,689, an increase during the past 12 months of 1,439,000 ounces in quantity and in value of nearly a million dollars.

The statistics have been prepared under the direction of Mr. E. Drew Ingall, Mining Engineer of the Geological Survey.

According to advices which have reached the Department of Agriculture, Prof. Robertson has been instrumental in the Northwest in arranging for the establishment of fourteen creameries under Government management, with fourteen cream-gathering stations, in addition to supplying these creameries. When it is borne in mind that there were only three creameries in existence in Manitoba and the Territories last year, it will be seen that Prof. Robertson is doing good work.

Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Adolphe Caron, Sir C. H. Tupper, Mr. J. G. H. Bergeron, M.P., Dr. Lachapelle, ex-M.P., and Mr. J. C. Whitney, leader of the Conservative Opposition at Toronto are announced to address a political meeting to-morrow night under the auspices of Le Cercle Conservateur.

Fishery Inspector O. B. Sheppard of Toronto has reported adversely to the request of the Indians of Georgian Island to use nets in Lake Simcoe.

Mr Charlton, M P., was here to-day on departmental business.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the 'Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co

George Street, Peterborough.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. 421

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 48. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

AUTONOMY OF CRETE

That is the Policy Announced by Lord Salisbury.

An Administrator to Be Appointed—Crete to Remain Under Turkish Rule—The Declaration Made in the British House of Lords Yesterday by the Premier—Public Feeling in Athens Is Such That King George Cannot Recede Without Danger to the Throne—The Situation Is Still Critical.

London, Feb. 25.—There was a large attendance of peers and visitors at the opening of the sitting of the House of Lords this evening. Several peeresses were present, and a number of bishops other than those entitled to sit in the House of Lords, together with some members of the House of Commons, looked on from the galleries.

Soon after the House came to order Lord Dunraven rose and made a formal request that the Government inform the House as to the exact situation in the Island of Crete and the Government's negotiations with the powers looking to a settlement of the difficulties.

Lord Salisbury, upon rising to reply, was tremendously cheered, and when the cheering had subsided said that a telegram had been sent to the British representative at the capital of each of the combined European powers, the phraseology of which ran as follows: "Inform the Government to which you are accredited that Her Majesty's Government propose to make the following declaration of the policy they intend to pursue, which they believe to be in accordance with that of their allies:

"First, that the establishment of administrative autonomy in Crete is necessary to the termination of international occupation of that island.

"Second, that, subject to such system of administrative autonomy, Crete ought to remain a portion of the Turkish Empire.

"Third, that the Governments of Turkey and Greece ought to be informed of this resolution.

"Fourth, that if either Turkey or Greece should persist in a refusal when required to withdraw her naval and military forces from the island, the powers should impose their decision by force."

Lord Salisbury said it did not follow that the Turkish troops would be withdrawn from Crete immediately; nevertheless the practical withdrawal of her troops from the island was a necessary condition to the establishment of autonomy, and they would, therefore, be withdrawn.

The Premier then gave as instances of autonomous administrations the form of government which now exists in the Island of Samos, a Turkish possession, and which formerly prevailed in Servia, and proceeded to say he imagined that the powers would require the Greek troops in Crete to be withdrawn at an earlier date than the Turkish troops, but he was unable to give any further details until he knew what decision had been reached by the powers. Still, it was his belief that the powers recognized the principles he had announced as animating their policy.

Lord Kimberley, who was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Cabinet of Lord Rosebery, said that the statement just made by Lord Salisbury was one of great gravity and would require careful consideration on his part before he felt prepared to make any observations thereon. The House then adjourned.

The whole incident occupied twenty minutes. Subsequently the Earl of Kimberley held a conference with Sir William Harcourt in a private room.

The Commons Crowded.

London, Feb. 25.—The floor and galleries of the House of Commons were crowded with members and spectators at the opening of to-day's sitting, in view of the announcement in the newspapers this morning that the Government would define their policy in regard to Crete.

Shortly after the Speaker had taken his seat Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury and the Government leader in the House of Commons, made a statement similar to the one made by Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords, at the conclusion of which Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the Opposition, said that the statement concerning the Cretan situation and the methods to be employed in its settlement which had just been laid before the House by Mr. Balfour was of the gravest character. It affected the present and future relations of Great Britain with the powers of Europe, besides Turkey and Greece, and its gravity was especially shown in its last paragraph relating to the employment of force in the event of the persistent refusal of Turkey or Greece to comply with the demands of the powers. He requested the Government to fix an early date for debating the matter.

THE THRONE IN DANGER.

Public Opinion in Athens Will Not Allow the Government to Back Down.

London, Feb. 25.—The Athens correspondent of The Standard telegraphs that it is reported that Col. Smolentz, Minister of War, has renewed his offer to resign. There are signs that the remainder of the Cabinet are inclined to take a similar step, but any indication of retreat from the King's policy would involve the greatest danger to the throne. It is, therefore, unlikely that there will be any faltering in the highest quarters. There is doubtless a grim popular determination to follow the sacrifices already made to the bitter end.

An expression of the exasperation felt at the attitude of the powers was given to-day, when 300 volunteers, who had been prevented by the warships from landing in Crete, marched through the streets, accompanied by military bands.

It is understood that the note of the powers arrived to-day and that it will be presented to the Government to-morrow. The reply will probably be dictated by the resolution of the Cretans to yield only to superior forces. The proposal of the powers is regarded as a precarious makeshift, which will not end the crisis.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Athens has sent details of the sufferings of the Cretans to the Pope, praying that he use his best offices to procure an equitable solution of the trouble.

The blockade of Crete is not being strictly maintained. The scarcity of provisions is beginning to be felt. The foreign admirals have stopped all communications between the Greek warships and Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation. A British torpedo boat has undertaken to convey communications from Col. Vassos to Athens.

A despatch from Athens to the Central News says that King George and his Cabinet proclaim their resolve to maintain their present policy. They declare that it is impossible for them to recall the Greek troops from Crete.

Mr. Gladstone's Sorrow and Indignation.

Paris, Feb. 25.—In reply to an enquiry from The Temps, Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to that paper saying: "The ideas which guided me at the time of the Bulgarian atrocities still dominate my mind, but Russia appears to have made a complete volte-face. I wonder what Alexander II. would have thought of Russia's conduct during the past two years and now? My feelings over the entire conduct of the powers during the past two years are sorrow and indignation. The powers are now applying themselves to filling the measure of their dishonor."

The View of the Liberals.

London, Feb. 25.—The Daily News, in its comments to-morrow on the latest developments in the Cretan trouble, while welcoming the broad fact of autonomy being granted to the island, will emphasize the necessity of a searching examination into the details, especially the proposal that the Greek troops shall be withdrawn prior to the Turkish troops. This proposal, the paper declares, must be reconsidered unless the international forces are ready to replace the Turkish garrisons. Apart from this, Greece, having exhorted a settlement from the powers, can bow to superior force without disloyalty to the Hellenic idea. It is presumed that the article in The Daily News officially embodies the Liberal views.

Interview With King George

London, Feb. 25.—The Chronicle tomorrow will publish an interview with King George of Greece. His Majesty declared that he was unable to express his profound astonishment and grief that the reports of the Christian powers had permitted the Turks to employ as a military base a place in which they had taken protection, and that for the purpose of imposing neutrality and peace also they had caused cannons to be fired on a Christian people who had been driven by outrage and massacre into a struggle for life and liberty.

The Chronicle's correspondent says he is authorized to state that Greece is prepared to pledge herself to fully accept the decision of the Cretans if the question of the union of Greece and Crete be submitted to a plebiscite.

The correspondent further says that the rumors of a Ministerial crisis are untrue, though the War Minister, Col. Smolentz, will probably retire.

Bad Faith of Moslems.

Canea, Feb. 25.—On Monday last the despatches of the United Associated Presses told of the bad faith of the Moslems at Hierapetra, who, after their co-religionists in the vicinity of that place had been given a safe conduct to the town on condition that the Christians in the town be allowed to depart unmolested, broke the condition and held as hostages 150 Christians. Efforts were made to obtain their release, but the Moslems persisted in their refusal to let them leave, acting on the belief that their presence would prevent the insurgents from making an attack on the town, as the latter knew that an attack would be the signal for the massacre of the helpless captives. Another aspect was put on the matter to-day, however, and the Moslems learned that they were not to be allowed to do as they pleased under the sanction of the Christian powers. The Italian cruiser Etna arrived off Hierapetra to-day and notified the Turkish officials that if the Christians were not released she would bombard the town. Then a detachment of armed sailors and marines was landed, and the Christians were rescued, taken on board the warship and conveyed to Syra. The Turks are deeply chagrined, as they evidently thought that the foreign warships would uphold them in anything they pleased to do against the Christians.

Five Killed Outright.

Shelburne Falls, Mass., Feb. 25.—On the Fitchburg Road this morning about two miles west of here, the two rear coaches of the east-bound passenger train jumped the track, owing to a defective rail, and rolled over on one side. Those injured were: Miss V. H. Noble of Hawley; Martin Lange of Hoosick Falls, N.Y.; P. H. Hamer of North Adams; A. S. Ross of Boston, and Mrs. Mary E. Slater of Lacona, N.Y. None of them was badly hurt, except Miss Noble. The coaches were badly wrecked.

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

Mr. Harcourt Presents the Promised Amendment.

Druggists Can Only Sell on a Prescription, And Then Not More Than Six Ounces—Saloon Licenses Will Be Abolished—Punishments for Infractions of the Act—Proposed Limitation According to Population—Age of Minor Fixed at 21 Years Instead of 18 Years—The Budge Debate.

Toronto, Feb. 26.

Hon. Richard Harcourt brought down his long-expected bill amending the Liquor License Act yesterday. As was generally expected, he gives the temperance people a little the best of it. Among the half dozen principal features, the Provincial Treasurer explained, was one effecting the unit of population for a license.

The limitation according to population is to be one tavern license for each 250 of the first thousand, but not to exceed three for the first thousand, but this limitation is not to apply to county towns having a population of 2500 or less.

The councils of cities, towns, villages or townships may, between the 1st of January and the 1st of March, in any year, pass bylaws fixing the number of tavern licenses within the limits imposed by this act for three years, commencing with the 1st of May following the calendar year after the passing of such bylaw; such bylaw shall not be amended or repealed, and no other bylaw limiting the number of licenses to be issued in the municipality shall be passed until after the 1st day of January in the third license year during which the said bylaw shall be in force, and then only if passed before the 1st day of March in such year.

The holders of shop licenses in the District of Nipissing, Algoma and Thunder Bay or Rainy River and the northern part of the County of Renfrew are permitted to sell cigars in unbroken packages or five pounds of tobacco.

Druggists are now prohibited from selling any quantity of liquor except upon a prescription signed by a registered medical practitioner, and such prescription shall not exceed six ounces.

The hours for closing bar rooms during every day of the week except Saturday nights and Sundays will be limited to 10 o'clock in townships, villages and unorganized territories, and in cities and towns to 11 o'clock. Any existing regulations of the Boards of License Commissioners that fix the hour of closing at a longer period than the above are to be null and void.

The age of a minor is extended from 18 to 21 years of either sex.

Provision is now made that municipalities under Local Option bylaws shall contribute their share of the expenses of enforcing the law.

No saloon licenses are to be issued after the 30th day of April, 1899. One-half of the existing saloons are to be cut off in 1898 and the balance in 1899; but this provision is not applied to eating houses at railway stations now under license.

One hundred persons, being at least three-fifths of the electors of any polling subdivision, may petition the Board of Commissioners for any city and pray that any tavern license issued for premises situate in the polling sub-division be not renewed on the ground that the locality is residential and not a business locality. Power is given to the board to determine whether the locality is residential or otherwise. One month's notice in writing, setting forth the substance of the petition and signed by at least ten electors resident in the polling sub-division, shall be personally served upon the owner of the premises and shall also be published once a week for two successive weeks in a daily newspaper published in the city. If the board decide that the premises are not situate in a residential locality no similar petition shall be presented for three years.

In cases of conviction for selling during prohibited hours, for sales on Saturday nights and Sundays or for selling to minors or for offences against the rules and regulations of the board, if the magistrate in the case of a prosecution or the judge in the case of an appeal, shall find that the holder of the license was a party or privy to the offence or connived thereat, the magistrate or court shall at the request of the inspector or the person prosecuting, certify as to the finding to the Board of Commissioners. If three of such certificates have been issued within one year, the board shall, by resolution, declare that the license shall be cancelled, and the holder thereof for three years shall be disqualified from obtaining another license.

In case of the insolvency of the holder of a license provision is made for carrying on the business until it is wound up.

Mr. Howland resumed the budget debate. He condemned the abject servitude of the Government followers, instancing a case in which a member had spoken of Sir Oliver Mowat and his successor as kings of the Province. He roasted the Government for not admitting that they had been carrying on the administration out of capital funds. The receipts from all sources had totalled $4,900,000. Deducting the amount spent on public buildings, there was still $2,000,000 of Provincial capital for which they could not account. If crime had increased in the Province as, from the increased expenditure in the administration of Justice Department, it might be suspected, it was not saying much for the Minister of Education's Department.

Mr. Gibson of Huron attacked the system of the late Sandfield Macdonald administration in controlling the different penal and charitable institutions in the Province. Had he continued in office his expenditure in connection with them would have equalled that of the present administration. The Central Prison, which was a legacy from that administration, should never have been foisted upon the Province, and two-thirds of the expenses connected with it should be borne by the Dominion Government. Concluding, he criticised the Opposition for their deprecatory remarks about the Legislative Buildings, which, he said, were a credit to the Province, and were built without the taint of any scandal.

At 6 o'clock Mr. Mimsampbell moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Carnegie—To amend the Public Schools Act of 1896.

Mr. German—To amend the Electric Railway Act.

Mr. Mathieson—To amend the County Council Act; provides that County Councillors shall be ex-officio justices of the peace.

Mr. Crawford—To amend the Assessment Act, by providing that instead of the judges of adjoining counties being called in in cases of appeal from the Court of Revision where large amounts are involved, that the three judges of the county shall sit as a board to hear the appeals.

Mr. Bush—Enquiry of Ministry—Has John Dickinson been dismissed from office of Division Court bailiff at Kemptville? If so, what was the reason of his dismissal, and what is the date of it? Has any appointment been made to the vacancy? If so, who has received the appointment and when?

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return showing the names, residences and dates of appointment of the coroners in this Province.

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return showing the names, occupations and dates of appointment of the issuers of marriage licenses; also the number of marriage licenses issued in 1894-95-96, and the amounts received by the Province from this source of income.

Mr. Howland—Order of the House for a return from the clerks of the Police Courts of Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston and Ottawa giving statistics for the year 1896 of the number, age, nationality, religion, etc., of the children brought before the courts and also as to where they were sentenced for punishment.

Doddling Genius.

Mrs. Bodkins—Oh, I'm so proud of Charley! He writ a piece fer the paper an' they've got his picture printed along wit' it.

Mrs. Dodkins—Indeed! Has he written a great poem or a fine story?

Mrs. Bodkins—Oh, no, but he wrote us a nice testimonial fer Dr. Fakir's wonderful pills.

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Flowering and Decorative Plants

For All Purposes
CHRYSANTHEMUMS in great variety.
CUT ROSES and CARNATIONS at lowest prices
BOUQUETS and FLORAL DESIGNS made up in artistic styles at shortest notice.
A fine quality of BIRD SEED at 7c. per lb. or 4 lbs. for 25c.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing Elsewhere.
426 Water Street.

Toronto Savings
AND
Loan Company
HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH
Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600 000
Reserve Fund 105,000
HON. GEO. A. COX, President.
FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.
Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.
W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 560 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 26cod

PIANOS TO RENT.
WE OFTEN hear it said, "Wanted to rent a piano but could not get one to rent in town." If there is anyone seeking an instrument to rent, we have two very fine 7½ octave PIANOS to offer for a few days, at 416 George-st. 2d46

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 193 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

EPPS'S COCOA
ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd.) Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Northerly winds; fair and continued cold; local snow flurries.

R. F.

DRESS MAKING DEPARTMENT.
SPRING OPENING
The many patrons of the Golden Lion will be pleased to learn that MISS NEILD will reopen our Dress and Mantle Order Department on MONDAY, the 1st March.
New Spring Dress Goods Opened Up
Our New Spring Importations in separate Costume Dresses, high-class Dress Goods, Medium Grade Dress Goods and Tweeds, Dress Silks, Blouse Silks are on a larger and grander scale than any previous season, and all designs are confined to this store. These Goods are marked at very close prices.
A FEW PRICES
FROM OUR DRESS GOODS COUNTERS
42 inch All Wool Serges, good quality, all colors 25c; 44 Heavy All Wool Serges, all colors, special at 35c; 50 inch new Spring Tweeds, worth 50c, special price for the spring 25 cents.
WE ARE ALSO
In receipt of our own direct importations in New Spring Blouse Prints, Blouse Muslins, Dress Muslins, the latest creations of the London and New York markets. We cordially invite the inspection of ladies. Umbrellas recovered while you wait.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
183 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS.
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 205 Stewart Street. Telephone.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists
Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
238 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONES 189 or 215. Day or night.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39 The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash. The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have, and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

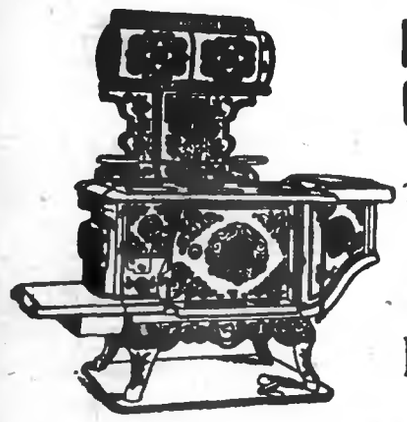
Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business-life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us whether a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

There is a resolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big bait in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

PRINTING

Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

FRANK W. HILLER, Q.C. Agent and Asst'd Sec

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Forestings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. R. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Good

Blood is essential to health. Every nerve and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's

Blood

Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

From

Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished so many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of disease. Thousands today enjoy good health as the natural result of taking

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 26, 1897

IT WILL HAVE ITS EFFECT.

THE Americans are realizing now that retaliation on the part of Canada in regard to the alien labor law is going to be a rather serious thing for a large number of their own people. This is what we said from the commencement. Let the Canadian Government take a firm stand and meet this discreditable legislation as it deserves and the United States legislators will come to their senses and wipe out a law which is unchristian and cannot be defended in this age of civilization. Let the Canadians meet in the same way the action of the Americans in regard to the timber duties and the States will adopt different manners towards the Canadian people, who do not have to look to Washington for anything or do not have to take from Washington anything Washington likes to send with a humble spirit of thankfulness that the Americans have been generous enough not to make it any worse. Canada and the United States have lived and will continue to live, we believe, on the best of terms, as cousins or blood relations should live, but if anything will rouse a feeling between the two peoples it is such narrow legislation as this alien labor law.

ONTARIO'S FINANCES.

Of the public accounts of Ontario it cannot be said that he who runs may read. As a matter of fact they are so complicated that he who reads is most likely to be deceived. Out of the mass of figures, however, the facts can be gleaned, and here are a few which explain the desire of the Government to lay on new taxes in one form or another.

The Government originally had a surplus in money and debentures of seven millions. In December, 1893, this was the condition of affairs:—

Cash in bank	$ 75,016
Special deposits	925,000
	$1,000,016

During 1894 the financial transactions were these:—

Expenditure	$3,842,505
Revenue	3,453,162
Deficit	$ 389,343

On December 31, 1894, the cash was in this shape:—

Cash in bank	$ 268,578
Special deposits	342,095
Total	$ 610,736

Now, deduct the cash in hand on December 31, 1894, from the amount in hand on December, 1893, and the following result is obtained:—

1893, cash	$1,000,016
1894, cash	610,673
Disappeared	$ 389,343

It will be observed that the cash was reduced by exactly the sum of the deficit. In December, 1894, the cash in hand was $610,673. The financial transactions of 1895 were these:

Expenditure	$3,758,595
Revenue	3,585,502
	$ 173,093

The cash account at the end of 1895 stood in this way:

Cash	$ 87,580
Special deposits	350,000
Total	$ 437,580

Deduct the cash in hand in December, 1895, from the cash in hand in December, 1894, and the result is as follows:

1894, cash	$ 610,673
1895, cash	437,580
Disappeared	$ 173,093

The cash balance has fallen again by the amount of the deficit. The year 1896 commenced with a cash balance of $437,580. The financial transactions for 1896 were:

Expenditures	$3,703,379
Receipts	3,490,672
Deficit	$ 212,707

The state of the cash account at the end of 1896 was as follows:

Cash	$ 204,320
Special deposits	22,500
	$ 226,820
Less stationery	1,947
Total	$ 224,873

Deduct the cash in hand in December, 1896, from the cash in hand in December, 1895, and this is the loss:

1895, cash	$437,580
1896, cash	224,873
Disappeared	$212,707

The cash account has fallen by the amount of the deficit for the year. Two annuity loans have been made during the years mentioned, as follows:

1895	$ 171,520
1896	177,730
Total	$ 349,250

Here are $349,250 added to the liabilities. At the same time certain of the debenture, held by the province have been turned into cash and spent. The accounts show the following figures:

1894, drainage debentures	$ 484,222
1895, " "	389,385
Sold	$ 94,837

Now, let us add the deficits or reductions in the cash account, the loans floated to meet current expenses, and the debentures sold and applied to ordinary revenue, and see what the result is:

1894, deficit	$ 389,343
1895, "	173,093
1896, "	212,707
1895, new debt	171,520
1896, "	177,730
1895-6, debentures sold	94,837
	$1,219,230

In three years—1894, 1895 and 1896—we have gone behind $1,219,230. The rate has been $406,400 a year. Mr. Harcourt expects a deficiency of $300,000 for next year. But this is regarded as too modest an estimate by half. Various expedients are proposed looking to a restoration of the balance. We shall see ere long what form the new taxes will take.—Mail and Empire.

MR. CHARLTON has been talking about the lumber duties the Americans propose imposing, and he, no doubt, is well posted on the question from both sides of the case. He refers to the serious complications that will follow, and then speaks of "material interests," etc. Our private opinion, publicly expressed, is that just such men as Mr. Charlton who make trips to Washington to see the Government are largely the cause of the United States getting an idea, as they evidently have, that Canada will submit without retaliation to anything the United States enacts. Let us be friendly with our American cousins, but let us disabuse their mind in this regard. Mr. Charlton's talk about what Canada should do in such a matter we believe will have small weight in Canada.

Trade Returns Settle It.

Hamilton Spectator.

The country is safe. We are enjoying a high degree of prosperity. It may be that some people imagine that business is very slow; that employment is very scarce; that merchants and importers are buying warily; that the manufacturers are at a standstill, waiting for something to turn up; that an unusual number of poor people are being fed by charity. But these facts do not count. They are no evidence. The trade and navigation returns, just published, show that the increase in exports during the last year amounted to $7,500,000 over the previous year, and the imports were $7,250,000 over the previous year! That settles it. We are in a most prosperous condition, for the trade statistics say so. The past year has been the best for trade in the history of the Dominion, and the Hamilton Times can prove from that that the people of Canada were better off during that year than ever before. If a man asks you for work tell him he must be crazy; that there is plenty of work, for the trade returns prove it. If a man asks you for bread tell him he must be lazy or he would have plenty to eat, for the trade returns prove that the country is in an unprecedented condition of prosperity. If a merchant complains that there is no business doing tell him he doesn't know what he is talking about, for the infallible trade returns show that business never before was so good. If a manufacturer says he can't get orders for his goods, point to the trade returns and crush the mendacious impostor. Hurrah for trade!

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

ALONE IN HIS GLORY

Surrounded by a Galaxy of Feminine Loveliness.

Mayor Bingham of Ottawa Entertains Hundreds of the Women of the Capital at the Russell House—All Ranks Were There, From Madame Laurier and Lady Grant to Sweet-Faced Nuns and Salvation Army Lasses. It Was a Great Affair and His Worship Was the Only One of the Masculine Persuasion at the Feast.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—All alone in his masculine glory sat Mayor Bingham in the large dining room of the Russell House this afternoon. There were ladies to right of him, ladies to left of him, and ladies in front of him, but not an individual of the male sex except perchance such an one had donned for the nonce feminine garb. The function was a huge success. People, who two or three days ago had declined the invitation to be present, "feeling insulted at His Worship's action in inviting them, you know," when they found that Madame Laurier and the wives of the Ministers of the Cabinet were to be present, fairly tumbled over each other in their eagerness to withdraw their letters of declination.

Over 300 ladies were present in the room and the scene of itself was a thing of beauty, and one may trust a joy forever, to the whole-souled Mayor and his good lady, Mrs. Bingham. "Sir Samuel" discharged the duties of host in a most becoming manner, and who could help doing so with such an array of feminine loveliness before him? There were wives of Cabinet Ministers—indeed, the Mayor himself took Madame Laurier down to lunch and placed her on his right. There were Salvation Army lasses, sweet-faced sisters from the Grey nunnery, the wives and daughters of public men, a gathering the like of which has not been seen in Ottawa for many a long day. And more would have been there could they have received invitations, and there were many who did not hesitate to ask for them.

The menu card was a tasteful little affair, having on the front the Bingham crest and motto, for His Worship has been dipping into heraldry lately and has decided upon a coronet, with the motto, "In Christ is My Hope," done in green and gold, and the word Bingham at the bottom of the card.

Henri St. Jacques got up a tasty luncheon and it was thoroughly enjoyed by the ladies. The toast list was a very short one. It was said in the morning that the toast of emancipated woman was to be proposed and responded to, but this feature was dropped from the toast list.

His Worship, in eloquent terms, proposed the toast of the "Queen," and it was drunk (in coffee) with such an enthusiasm and manifestation of loyalty that British and Canadian ladies alone can show for the noblest of their sex, Great Britain's greatest Queen.

Then Lady Grant rose and, with a charm and eloquence which reminded one of her husband, the orator of the Ottawa Valley, proposed the health of His Worship. The toast was received with great enthusiasm. An attempt was made to sing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," but the fair guests had not been sufficiently posted in this phase of social gaiety. Absence of husbands, etc., was keenly felt and the singing collapsed. However, the ladies meant it, and doubtless His Worship appreciated the compliment just as much as if the song had gone through without a hitch.

Mayor Bingham, on rising, was received with a volley of handclapping by the Salvation Army lasses. He briefly expressed his appreciation of the compliment, and the proceedings, which had been enlivened by music from the pupils of the Gloucester-street Convent, closed.

When the luncheon was over dutiful husbands, brothers and beaux who had escorted their ladies to the Russell, but had to cool their heels on the outside, while the luncheon was in progress, were waiting to conduct the fair dames home. It was a crushing day for the men of Ottawa. It was a glorious triumph for the women of the Capital. "All hail, Sir Samuel Bingham!" is the sentiment of the women folk.

MR. COWAN IS WRATHY.

The Member for South Essex on the Warpath Over the Alien Labor Law.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—M. K. Cowan, M.P. for South Essex, is here. Mr. Cowan talks very strongly on the question of the Corliss amendment. He says that it is high time for Canada to look after her own interests in this matter. He intends laying his views plainly before the Ministers. He will not only ask that the Dominion Government pass an alien labor law, but that reciprocity in wrecking be done away with. "Some three or four years ago," said Mr. Cowan, "Canada entered by legislation into an arrangement with the United States whereby reciprocity in wrecking was obtained. The result of this was that an American tug could go to the rescue of American vessels in Canadian waters and that Canadian tugs could do the same thing to Canadian vessels in American waters. This was of more advantage to the Americans than it was to the Canadians. What I propose now is to give this work to Canadians in Canadian water, and let the Americans stay on their own side."

Messrs. J. G. Shadford of Halifax and Joseph Bullock of St. John, N.B., representing the Eastern Oil Company, are in the city to try to arrange for a hearing before the Tariff Commissioners. They are understood to offer some points in contradiction of what was already adduced by the oil dealers of Ontario. Mr. Shadford called on the Finance Minister this morning to secure a hearing, but this is scarcely possible, as the committee has completed the taking of evidence, and any further representations can very well be sent in writing.

Hon. A. G. Blair is acting Minister of Militia in the absence of Sir Richard Cartwright, who was given charge of the department during Hon. Dr. Borden's illness.

The writ for Bonaventure election has been issued. Nomination is fixed for March 6, polling a week later. The reason for not ordering the writ for Champlain is that over 1000 electors are now working in the bush, and they would be disfranchised were a contest brought on at present.

A meeting of the French-Canadian Conservative Club was held to-night, at which addresses were delivered by Sir Adolphe Caron, Sir C. H. Tupper, Mr. Lachappelle, ex-M.P., and others. There was a large attendance. Sir Charles Tupper was not able to be present.

In the course of his remarks, Sir C. H. Tupper spoke contemptuously of the "sunny ways" by which the school settlement was reached, namely, the appointment of Mr. Sifton to a portfolio and the promise of a county judgeship to Mr. Prendergast. The latter had, he held, perpetrated the blackest piece of trickery in all our history, except perhaps Mr. Laurier's betrayal of the people of Quebec. Mr. Prendergast had pleaded the cause of the Manitoba minority with great zeal up to a certain point. "But," he continued, "since the day last fall when Mr. Laurier rushed down to the House of Commons for an appropriation for an additional county court judgeship, I have yet to learn that Mr. Prendergast has uttered one word on the subject of the rights of the minority." (Cheers.)

Sir Charles further reminded his hearers how, when he himself having pointed out that no precedent existed for voting a judge's salary when there was no district to appoint the judge to, Mr. Laurier declared it was absolutely and immediately necessary to the proper administration of justice in the province, but no appointment had yet been made. Mr. Prendergast resigned his seat, accepted the "settlement" and would doubtless find that settlement all the more agreeable by sliding into the position before very long. This, of course, was only suspicion as yet, but time would show it was justified.

The Premier was asked to-night about the Solicitor-General's visit to Europe. He replied laughingly that he understood Mr. Fitzpatrick had crossed the Atlantic in connection with the fishery cases. "That is the official story," remarked your correspondent, "but newspapers say he traveled further east." To which the Premier remarked, fencingly. "Well, you cannot interfere with a man's traveling on the Continent for health and recreation."

"Is that all?"

"That's all," remarked Mr. Laurier, sententiously.

A delegation headed by Mr. Lemieux, M.P., is in the city, and interviewed Mr Laurier and Mr. Tarte to-day. They asked for a subsidy for the Chateauguay & Northern Railway of $3200 per mile, and $50,000 to bridge the Ottawa at Bout de l'Isle.

C. N. Paquin, postmaster of St. Cuthbert, Berthier county, Quebec, is $2100 behind in his payments. The matter has been reported by the Post-office Department to the Justice Department.

The Cabinet took up the sessional program to-day. The Crow's Nest Pass Railway matter has not yet been reported upon by the sub-committee.

The statement that the Postmaster-General proposes to wipe out five postal districts by uniting them with other districts is not correct. Mr. Mulock is anxious to economise in the administration of postal affairs and will adopt reasonable measures to that end, and will make provision as far as possible for the staffs of districts that may be amalgamated with others.

William Gibson, M.P., was in the city to-day; so was our old friend Thomas McGaw of the Queen's, Toronto.

L'Assomption sent a big delegation to Ottawa to-day to ask for a bridge over the Ottawa.

Sir Charles Tupper, Sir A. P. Caron and Sir C. H. Tupper left for Toronto to-night.

Information has reached the Fisheries Department that Russian commissioners are considering the case of the Canadian sealer, Willie McGowan, seized off Copper Island in 1892.

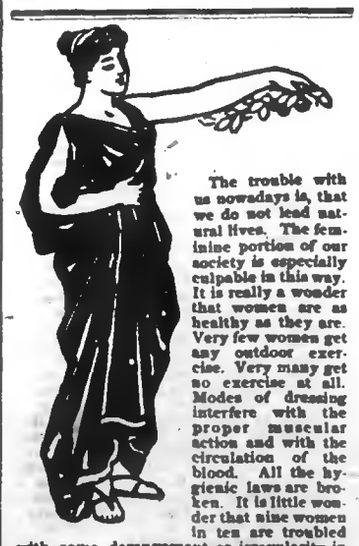
The Dominion statistician is compiling an analysis of returns of deaf and dumb persons in Canada as shown by the census of 1891.

It is probable that the argument before the Behring Sea Commission will take place in Charlottetown next August.

His Size

"Great Scott! Eph, what's the number of your boots?"

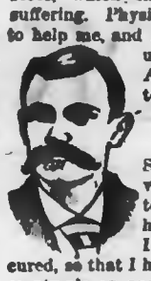
"Two, sah; one foh each foot, sah."



The trouble with us nowadays is, that we do not lead natural lives. The feminine portion of our society is especially culpable in this way. It is really a wonder that women are as healthy as they are. Very few women get any outdoor exercise. Very many get no exercise at all. Modes of dressing interfere with the proper muscular action and with the circulation of the blood. All the hygienic laws are broken. It is little wonder that nine women in ten are troubled with some derangement or irregularity in the action of the organs distinctly feminine. Neglect and wrong living will show themselves first in the most delicate organs of the whole body. With such weakness and sickness so prevalent, it is to be expected that the bearing of children would be fraught with dread and danger. It should not be so, of course. Nature never meant it to be so. The performance of the highest function of which a woman is capable should not be accompanied by pain. If perfectly natural living were the rule, it would not be so. As lives are lived, something else must be done. A remedy must be found. For over thirty years, Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. During that time he has treated thousands of women. He has found in his "Favorite Prescription" a never-failing specific for female complaints. It strengthens the whole body and when taken during gestation, shortens the period of labor and makes childbirth well-nigh painless. It also promotes an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897.

A FAMILY CUSTOM.

How the Aristocratic Mrs. Nevers Came to Banish Wine From Her Table.

"I was brought up to have wine on the table," said aristocratic Mrs. Nevers, "and I have kept up the custom in my household. Boys will never fall into the habit of drinking too much if they always have wine and brandy as free as water."

Nevertheless, Mrs. Nevers oldest son, Robert, the pride and hope of the family, did fall into dissolute ways, to the extreme mortification of his lady mother. Yet, when a great temperance reformer came to the city and Robert became interested in the meetings, Mrs. Nevers said to her beautiful only daughter, Alice:

"I hardly know whether I would rather have Robert a drunkard or have him speak at one of those common meetings."

"It is very common indeed to get drunk, mother," said Alice. "A few days ago as I was walking down Main street I saw my brother Robert on Exchange corner turning a hand-organ while a drunken negro danced."

"Alice!"

"I did, mother, and I held up my head and walked on, saying to myself, this is the beautiful fruit of the aristocratic old family custom of having wine at table."

"Alice!"

"I know you are horrified, mother, so was I, but that was what I said. I have inherited much of the family pride, and it would be the proudest day of my life to see Brother Robert leading this reform that is stirring the whole city."

"And have his name in the Times as one of the pledge signers, I suppose?"

"Certainly, mother."

"And have him lead Gospel temperance mass-meetings, and sing, perhaps?"

"Why not? If he is converted to the Gospel of Christ I hope he may have the courage to live it and proclaim it. He has a fine address and a melodious voice; how could he put them to better account than to become a leader of men?"

"I do not know, child, but I suppose my pride must be humbled."

The next morning's papers chronicled the fact that handsome Robert Nevers, the most popular young society man in the city, had been converted at the meetings, had signed the pledge, and spoken at some length and very eloquently from the platform.

"I shall go to-night," cried Alice with animation. "Say, boys," to her brothers, "let us all go and lead the applause. I never was so happy in my life;" and as her brother Robert at that moment entered the breakfast room perfectly sober for the first time for months, she threw herself into his arms.

"May I go to-night, Rob, and hear you speak, and tie on ribbons?"

"Certainly, darling, if mother is willing. I hardly expected a follower in my own family," replied the young man, much touched at this exhibition of genuine feeling.

"Oh, I am willing for anything," replied the mother.

"And we are all inclined to follow our lion in pledge-taking," said the younger brothers.

Robert shook hands with them all around without a word, and, turning to his mother, said:

"Then, mother, dear, you are willing to have me remove my quarters from here to the new temperance hotel?"

"For what reason, my son?"

"Because I can no longer sit at table where there is wine."

"So I am to be vanquished, am I, with all my traditions?"

"Not at all. I simply announce that I am to leave."

"When it comes to choosing between my son and wine, of course there is but one thing to be said—the wine must go."

"What misery we all might have been saved had you said that years ago, mother."

So the family custom gave way to the reign of temperance. Robert is still a temperance worker, and dainty Alice and her younger brothers are his staunch advocates and supporters.

The aged mother in her new peace of mind says:

"The Lord was good, to save my family, as a brand plucked from the burning, in spite of my determination to keep up the proud old family customs."

NIAGARA.

Some was despair, some grief divine,
Doth vigil keep
Forever here; before this shrine
The waters weep.

Methinks a God from some far sphere,
In sportive part,
In ages past wooed Nature here,
And broke her heart.

—ROBERT LOVEMAN.

NANNY.

BY ANNIE L. WATSON.

Beside a little gurgling creek two children sat at play.

The boy was lame. One foot was twisted and the leg was short. The back bore the burden so hard to bear, a hump. The face was thin and pale and wore a sad beseeching look, yet not a tinge of discontent lingered in those deep blue eyes.

The other child was one of nature's pets. Every curve was perfect. Eyes of laughing brown flashed and sparkled a dangerous rivalry with the shining waters of the brook. Her head was covered with clustering curls of reddish brown, and nothing else.

They had sat beside the stream since early morning playing with a most peculiar plaything—a diminutive mill. Wheels, saws and belts were perfect, the product of their own little hands.

"I will add a new saw to-morrow, Nanny. Then our mill will be complete."

"But, Ted, it is all nice now."

"Yes, nice, but not finished; besides what would we do if we did not whittle?"

"Quarrel," replied the saucy Nanny.

"We will never quarrel, will we, Nanny?" said Ted, looking lovingly into the mirthful eyes of his little friend.

"No, Ted," she answered, laying her hand on his head, while tender pity softened the mischievous face. "Never, you will always be my Ted."

Crash! A big stone fell crashing through the little mill, splintering its tiny wheels and saws, snapping the dainty belts of kid. The results of weeks of patient whittling, thoughtful ingenuity, lay at their feet a complete wreck.

"Well, Humphy, how do you like that? Come on and fight me now."

A painful flush dyed the pallid face of the lame boy as he encountered the insolent stare of the wretched bully.

"No! but I will!"

Like a young tiger, Nanny sprang towards the astonished boy. Seizing him by the collar, she tripped him back. Soon he lay on the grass kicking and creaming with pain, for Nanny had sat down upon him and was showering blows quick and fast on face and ears of the now thoroughly vanquished foe.

"Now, will you call my Ted 'Humphy?' Will you? Will you? You coward! There, you can go now, and when you are ready for another whipping I'll be here."

Seating herself by Ted, she laughingly said: "Didn't I do it well?"

"Yes, dear. But don't fight for me. I am scarcely worth it."

Time passed on. These two, so queerly drawn together, continued their whittling. As they grew older they fashioned chairs and stools, and all the pretty things were kept in order by Nanny in their small workshop in the rear of their own small homes.

Nanny and Ted were neighbors. They were now advancing in years; he was 17, she 16. Both must soon choose the weapon they thought best to fight with for their living.

As yet they both were children.

"Nanny, I cannot work to-day; come down by the brook for a talk. Come, dear, do."

Walking slowly, she unconsciously tendered her never failing support to the poor weary companion of her whole childhood.

As they neared the brook, they met a stranger to their little village. As he passed, Nanny looked up and met the earnest, steadfast gaze of eyes deeply brown as her own. Her breath came fast, while over the dusky face of the stranger there passed a look of reverent admiration.

"Nanny, you tremble, dear. Are you cold?"

"No! Cold this lovely day; you think things, Teddy. I don't think I ever trembled in my life—only the day I licked Percy Grey; but that was with anger. Do you remember the little villain?"

They were now seated where their little mill had been destroyed. An ominous silence sealed both their lips. The brook laughed and flirted as gaily as ever. The leaves above whispered in low murmuring sounds. Why was Nanny silent?

"Teddy, who was that man with the eyes so dark?"

Her voice had caught the murmuring sweetness of the love whispering leaves. Her eyes had left their saucy dance to don the misty garb that love so dearly loves. Ted turned, and, looking in her face, knew the change.

'Twas Ted's turn to tremble. The poor, weak, crooked body quivered as cruel Cupid's arrow killed the boy to make the man. With a low moan of anguish, he threw himself on the ground, burying his head in Nanny's lap.

"Nanny, Nanny! O, my Nanny! I am so crooked. I never know till now how hideous I am, Nanny!"

The last "Nanny" was the wail of a desolate soul.

Two little hands rested on the bowed head.

"Teddy, I love you," she whispered low.

Her little hands stroked gently the bowed head.

"Don't, Teddy, dear. Don't moan so; you are not crooked or hideous to me. We love each other now. Look up!"

Slipping her hand under his head, she turned the sorrowing face upward. Bending down she pressed her lips to his.

"I will wait for you dear. When you have a home for me I will be ready."

* * * *

Eyes deeply, darkly, brown looked into Nanny's, while a voice full and firm, lowered with the tremulousness of love, told all the love and passion that throbbed with his every pulse.

"Nanny, do you love me? Will you be my wife, little one?"

Nanny raised her eyes and looked calmly into those of him she knew she loved as woman loves but once. Joy, sweetly painful, shook her whole being as she answered low and soft:

"I am waiting for Teddy."

* * * *

"I have come for you, Nanny."

"I am waiting for you, Ted, dear."

"I have the home all ready; but, my darling, are you quite sure you love me yet? Have none straighter and stronger sought your love and won it?"

"I have waited ten years for you, Teddy. I love you dearly. We will be so happy in our little home."

She again bent her head and pressed her lips to his.

A flush of glad thankfulness covered his pale, delicate features. Taking her hand in his, they talked long of all the days gone by, when she had fought his battles.

They were married quietly one bright morning and as they journeyed toward their new home he told her of the new mill he had built for them. Ten years this one had taken and all was complete. All it lacked was Nanny's admiration.

"Nanny, would you mind if I took you to see the mill before the home? I love it so. I want to see your bonnie eyes light up with pleasure as you see how I have replaced the old one you and I whittled out and built."

Nanny's face flushed with pleasure.

"Ted, you are able to fight for yourself now. I would like best to see the mill first. It will soon rain and then we will go home."

They soon arrived at the mill with its piles of sweet-smelling pine lumber. As they approached the low, broad building, with its crashing, bussing, whirring saws, mingled with the grinding, rumbling roar of the huge driving wheels, the water was turned off and the ponderous wheels sobbed themselves to sleep, as if they felt their usefulness diminished because they could not welcome their creator.

The men advanced in a body, and as Teddy and Nanny came under the roof there arose such a cheer that the wheels and saws grew envious. Their noise had been outnoised. Cheer after cheer accompanied with hurrahs for "the boss and his pretty bride," rang through the mill until Teddy raised his hand and signed silence.

"All to your places; my wife would see the mill!"

Soon the whirring, spinning saws and roaring wheels and clanking chains were shouting their welcome to Nanny with a greater fervor for their temporary restaint.

She inspected every machine that her Teddy had built and without aid.

"Oh, Teddy, I am so proud of you, my dear. Your mill is perfect."

"Nanny, say 'our mill.' Your tender, loving words by the brook, your gentle 'I love you, Teddy,' gave me the strength to build. Now we will go home; it is getting late." When they reached the road they paused to take one general view of the whole.

Crash, crash! A blinding flash of lightning lit the whole mill, Nanny saw every saw turn to fire. Then a splintering of the huge supporting posts, a rushing crowd of men as they fled from the mill. Soon the flames were seen creeping up around the gang saws. They spread with terrible rapidity among the oil-soaked flooring and stays.

Nanny stood terrified, watching the destruction.

"The boss! the boss!" shouted the men.

Nanny turned to see Teddy lying on the road beside her, dead.

Poor Teddy had been spared the sight of the destruction of his second mill.

Nanny again bent over Teddy's prostrate head. This time she whispered: "I was true to you, Teddy; I have been yours through life."

Rough hands lifted their light burden gently as a woman her babe, and carried him to the beautiful home he had made for his Nanny.

He was laid to rest followed only by the men of his mill and Nanny.

* * * *

Again brown eyes looked into Nanny's with a world of yearning. This time hers drooped heavy with their weight of love. The leaves above ceased their love songs to listen to Nanny's.

"I have waited for you, little one—twenty years. You were seventeen when you told me you were waiting for Teddy. Can you love me now?"

One of Nanny's old-time smiles tripped lightly over her dear face as she answered:

"Fall in love at thirty-seven? See my hair—white with the brown."

Coming near to view the white in the little bowed head, he raised her face to his. Looking earnestly into the clear depths of her eyes, he knew she had always loved him. Stooping he received from Nanny her first kiss of love.

Overhead the leaves clapped softly their little hands.

A Circus Farm.

The "glorious climate of California" is being put to a new and interesting use. A man has purchased 500 acres in Merced County, and intends to add to it 500 more, not for the raising of fruit, but for an experiment in the breeding of elephants, hippopotami, lions, tigers, llamas, nilgaus, kangaroos and other tropical and exotic animals, such as are in common demand for purposes of exhibition. He already has a considerable stock of these creatures.

His design is to obtain the conditions suited to every sort of animal used for exhibition, and he thinks that he can come nearer to realizing these conditions in California than anywhere else. The elephants require a secluded jungle, and this, properly fenced, so that they cannot get out, is to be provided for them.

Sections of the jungle will be fenced off with a wire barrier 16 feet high for the tigers, which, with their offspring, will be made at home here when the weather is warm, and cared for indoors when it is too cold for them in the woods. The kangaroos, nilgaus, zebras, camels, giraffes and llamas will find in properly sheltered portions of this California ranch conditions of life not greatly unlike those in the countries to which they are indigenous.

The proprietor is to make an experiment of raising camels on a large scale, and they and the llamas will be taught to bear burdens, as they do in their native countries.

A flock of kangaroos will be turned loose. It is regarded as likely that they will find themselves even more at home in California than in Australia, as the eucalyptus-tree has done, and that they will scatter themselves through the state.

The hippopotami are to have a lake of their own, where they will be entirely undisturbed for months at a time.

An Ant Fifteen Years Old.

Sir John Lubbock, the naturalist, has been experimenting to find out how long the common ant would live if kept out of harm's way, says the Scientific American. On August 8, 1881, an ant which had been thus kept and tenderly cared for died at the age of 15 years, which is the greatest age any species of insect has yet been known to attain. Another individual of the same species of ant lived to the advanced age of 13 years.

Animal Instinct at Fault.

Many persons still believe that the instinct of animals preserves them from certain accidents, and that they never eat anything that is injurious to them. Well-instructed persons have long known that in this regard animals are no better off than men. A chicken does not hesitate to drink paint; a cow partakes of water in which bags containing nitrate of soda have been washed; ducks strangle and choke in swallowing snails.

"To Such Base Uses," Etc.

The estate in England which was once the home of the ancestors of George Washington has been sold for the purpose of making a cemetery out of it. It is situated in the county of Durham and is called Washington Hall. The historic mansion is now divided up and used as a tenement house.

An Unfeeling Judge.

"You are charged with carrying concealed weapons."

"It is all a mistake, your honor. You see, I had a pair of old pistols that I shoved into my pocket to illustrate a very clever pun I recently worked up. I get the boys to talking about balloons and then I say my life was once saved by parachutes. When they give me the laugh I draw out the old pistols—pair o' shoots, see? Ha, ha, ha!"

"Did you invent that?"

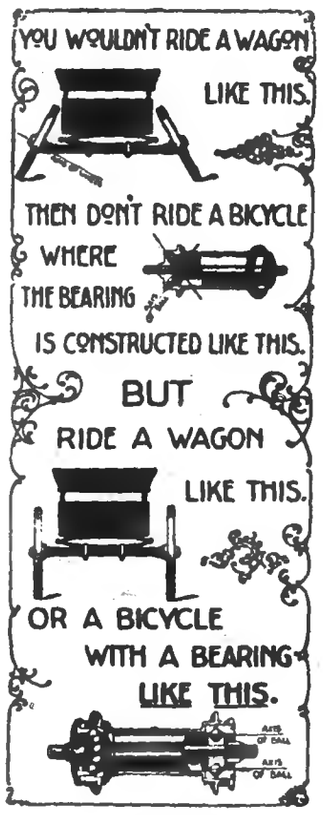
"Yes, your honor."

"Thirty days."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY, AGENT.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

"CAN'T WE GET"

EVERY READER OF THE JOURNAL TO ORDER A HALF POUND OF

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

A Tea Pot Test Will Prove how Delicious it is.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

A change of Expression

Oh! how it does ache.

But Quickcure did its work.

Children's teeth are often sacrificed by neglect—too often extracted before their successors appear—too often cause needless suffering. Every mother should have in the house

"Quickcure"

Dr. S. J. Andres, Montreal, says: "'Quickcure' overcomes the pain quickly; gives relief for a long time; is especially valuable for children's teeth which should not be extracted until their successors appear. It is perfectly safe to use at all ages, and does not injure the teeth as many other remedies used for toothache do." Ask your druggist for it.

QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

THE STOCK IS NOW CHECKED OVER.

IT WILL TAKE A FEW DAYS TO MARK DOWN THE SELLING PRICES

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

THEN LOOK OUT FOR

A GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

Don't be misled by imaginative sales of bogus bankrupt stocks. There is nothing in the trade to touch this stock at the money. It will pay you to wait.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
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1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	100, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
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1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
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Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

WAIT FOR THE ANNUAL

EXCURSION

OF THE

Peterborough Curling Club

—TO—

TORONTO

Wednesday, March 3rd,

Per Canadian Pacific Railway.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS **$2.00**

Tickets good for trains leaving Peterborough TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd March, and all trains on WEDNESDAY, March 3rd. Good to return on all trains up to last on THURSDAY Night.

W. L. ALLEN, Sec. Granite C.C. J. S. KNAPMAN, Sec. Thistle C.C.

BATTALION ORDERS

Issue of New Rifles.

Orders by Lieut Col. R. W. Bell, Commanding the 57th Battalion of Infantry, P. R

AS A NEW ISSUE OF RIFLES IS ABOUT to take place, all Snider Rifles, Bayonets, Scabbards, Cleaning Rods and Slings belonging to the 57th Battalion, must be immediately returned into Stores for shipment to Headquarters. Any person outside the Battalion resources having any of these articles in their possession after this date will certainly be prosecuted. All Belts, Helmets and other Accoutrements must also be immediately returned for semi-annual inspection.

By order,
E. F. MASON, Capt.-Adjt., 57th Batt.
Peterborough, February 25th, 1897. 2d48

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.

Charlotte Street.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

SPECIAL TO

TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

ROUTLEY'S OLD STAND

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

Committees Meet.

The Property, License and Finance committees of the Town Council met last evening and transacted general business, the Finance committee passing the usual accounts. The Property committee did not take any action on the communication in regard to the Central park being placed in charge of the Horticultural Society.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

The Price of Furniture.

has taken a drop at Clegg's below anything ever offered in Peterborough for first class goods. It leaves money in the pockets of cash purchasers. These are hard times. Clegg's hard time prices prevail. Buyers have besides the advantage of a large and well selected stock to choose from. Call and inspect. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Mr. Peoples is Reeve.

A meeting of the electors of the municipality of Belmont and Methuen was held at the town hall, Blairton, on the 13th inst. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of reeve for the balance of the year, said office having been rendered vacant by the death of the late Wm Burgess, Esq. Mr. Jas B Peoples, ex-reeve, was the only candidate nominated and was declared elected by acclamation. Speeches were made by a few persons present, after which the meeting dispersed.—Register.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen:—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

See Turnbull's window of 5c. Prints, Towellings, Flannelettes, etc., at wholesale bankrupt prices.

THREE FAMILIES HOMELESS.

A Fire That Destroyed a Terrace on Paterson-st—Nearly all the Contents Saved.

Three families were driven from their homes last evening by a fire that destroyed the terrace wherein they resided.

About 10.30 o'clock last evening the fire alarm was sounded for a blaze in the south end of the town and for five minutes, regulation time, the town bell banged away. The brigade responded to the call with commendable promptness and proceeded to the scene of the fire on Paterson-st in a terrace owned by P J Galvin.

It was a frame building and the flames soon enveloped one end of the structure and when the brigade reached the spot they found a rapidly spreading blaze to extinguish.

The hose was attached to a hydrant at the corner of Reid and Dalhousie-st and in a few minutes a stream was playing on the building. But the fire crept along at a marvellous pace and while the occupants succeeded in removing their furniture the building was destroyed, the roof falling in and a portion of the walls. The firemen deserve praise for their successful efforts in extinguishing the blaze in such a short time, as the building was formed of material that would in ordinary circumstances be a prey to the flames.

The terrace was composed of four residences, three of which were occupied. The fire was discovered in the woodshed attached to the residence in the east end occupied by Mr Timothy Kearns. It was not noticed until the flames had reached the roof and an alarm was immediately sent in. The Kearns family are unable to explain the cause of the fire but it evidently was started by a smouldering spark in the roof of the shed. The other parts of the terrace were occupied by Mrs Pogue and John Wilkins, the western portion of the building being unoccupied. Nearly all the furniture was saved.

The building, which was valued at about $1,800, was insured for $1,300 in the North British and Mercantile, Cox & Davis agent The contents were uninsured.

NEW RIFLES COMING.

The 57th Will Soon Have the New Lee-Enfield Rifle—Old Ones Must be Returned

Lieut.-Colonel Bell received word yesterday that the new Lee-Enfield rifles would be furnished to the 57th battalion immediately.

Sergt-Major Peters is now in Kingston receiving instructions with the new rifle.

All those having in their possession Snyder rifles and bayonets should return them to headquarters immediately. An advertisement calling attention to this matter appears in another column.

Lieut Col Bell informed a reporter that he was aware rifles were in the possession of people who were not at present members of the battalion and it was necessary that these should be returned without further notice or prosecution would follow.

"Owe No Man Anything."

This means that you should expect greater temporal happiness as well as prosperity if you "pay as you go." Read H. LeBrun & Co's. advertisement on this subject in another column. March will soon be here, and as Mr. LeBrun requires all overdue accounts to be settled by the first of the month, there's not much time to lose. Kindly remember and act accordingly. 1w9 2d48

OAK HALL

A Good Programme.

The following is the programme of the concert to be held in St Paul's school room this evening at eight o'clock:

Instrumental duet..... Misses E Hall and Wrighton
Song..... Mrs Mairs
Instrumental..... Miss Alice Roger
Guitar solo..... Mr E Roper
Recitation..... Miss L Ostrom
Quartette (vocal).... Mrs Mein, Miss Montgomery, Messrs Skeitch and McKeown
Instrumental duet..... Misses Cameron
Recitation..... Master Holden Blackwell
Song..... Miss M. Paterson
Recitation..... Miss L Ostrom
Song..... Miss E Carnegie
Instrumental duet. Misses Lillian and Marion Hall

Admission 10 cents. 1d48

BUSINESS BEFORE THE BOARD OF TRADE

EXEMPTION OF MANUFACTURING MACHINERY FROM TAXATION

The Town Council and a Committee to Confer on the Matter—Eastern Dairymen's Association's Next Convention

The meeting of the Board of Trade called for last evening should have been largely attended as an important question, that of exempting machinery, was announced as one of the matters to be discussed. But the number present was small.

Mr Benj. Shortly, the president, presided, and among those in attendance were:—Messrs John Carnegie, B F Ackerman, Dr A Rose, G W Ranney, G E Whiten, Thos Cahill, Geo McWilliams, A L Davis, Jas Kendry, M P, and Hampden Burnham.

The minutes of two previous meetings were read and confirmed.

THE DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION

A communication was read from Mr R G Murphy, Elgin, secretary of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, stating what was usually done towards entertaining the delegates to the annual convention of the Association and arranging for the meeting. The Mayor usually extended the invitation and the town secured the place of meeting. A large number of delegates attended. This was received.

Mr Cahill suggested that a committee should be appointed to confer with the Town Council, which would tend to unite the Board of Trade and Council on matters of public business.

The President, Mr. John Carnegie, Mr. G. E. Whiten and Mr. B. F. Ackerman were appointed a committee to deal with the matter.

MACHINERY EXEMPTION.

Mr. Carnegie stated that he understood the purpose of the meeting was to deal with the matter of exempting manufacturing machinery from taxation, and it was hoped those who were in favor of the idea would secure legislation that would bring the matter into such a position that the town could act. Some cities used their own power in this respect, but he considered legislation the better plan.

Mr. Davis stated that he had noticed in the Toronto Globe that the Mayor of that city, as well as the Mayor of Hamilton, were endeavoring to induce a large mining machinery manufactory to locate in their respective cities. The representative of the firm, Mr Young, was now in Montreal, and Mr. Shortly communicated with that gentleman by telegraph, pointing out Peterborough's advantages, and requesting Mr Young to visit Peterborough. A reply was received stating that Mr Young would try and visit Peterborough, and in case he did not, a representative of the company would visit the town before any decision was reached. Mr. Davis also read items from a journal stating that two American manufactories intended starting branches in Canada. The secretary was instructed to communicate with these firms.

It was moved by Mr. Carnegie, seconded by Mr. Whiten,—That the president, Messrs. Peter Campbell, Robert Fair and W H Manson be a committee to confer with the Council in regard to the general exemption of manufacturing machinery from taxation. This was carried.

Mr. Hampden Burnham moved, seconded by Dr. Rose,—That the employment of the unemployed during the winter season in Peterborough be a matter for the consideration of the Council of this Board to report upon at its next general meeting. This was carried and the Board adjourned.

In regard to the latter motion it was stated that the unemployed in Peterborough had hitherto received doubtful consideration. It had been very easy to get charity, but hard to get work, a condition of things that is neither desirable or healthy.

The annual meeting will be held in the early part of March, and the attendance of members should be large, as the Board will likely deal with several important matters. An organization that should act as the mainspring of the town's progress deserves the active support of all business men and those whose interests are in the town.

THE CUP IS PETERBOROUGH'S.

The Peterborough Colts Win the Biggar Trophy for the Third Time—Port Hope Defaulted.

The Biggar cup comes home to roost at Peterborough for ever and ever. Port Hope yesterday defaulted to Peterborough in the Midland Curling Colts competition, leaving Peterborough in possession of the cup for the third time, which places the trophy in the permanent possession of the Peterborough colts, the only body of curlers that seem to have done much in that sport for Peterborough this season.

The Midland Curling Colts Association was formed three years ago at Campbellford. Peterborough, Belleville and Campbellford were the first clubs connected with the Association. This year the clubs increased and two groups were formed.

No 1 group was composed of Belleville, Kingston, Cobourg and Port Hope.

No. 2 group was composed of Peterborough, Campbellford, Norwood and Lindsay.

Port Hope won in No 1 group and Peterborough in No 2 group, and Honorary President W H Biggar, M P P, decided that the final contest should be played in Peterborough, But the colts from the south objected and Peterborough, willing to face Port Hope anywhere, left the matter in the hands of Mr Biggar and he ordered the clubs to meet at Lindsay.

Port Hope appeared satisfied, never having notified their opponents anything to the opposite. But yesterday afternoon twenty minutes before train time and when the Peterborough stones and some of the curlers were in Lindsay, Secretary McRae, of Belleville, telegraphed that Port Hope had defaulted, and Peterborough Colts were thus the winners of the trophy.

However the local Colts journeyed to Lindsay, and met the Colts of that town. Victory perched on the champions, as they won by 4 shots, the score being:

PETERBOROUGH	LINDSAY
Rink No. 1.	
H Hall	P McSweyn
J S Knapman	T Robinson
E Rutherford	W Williamson
G J Horkins, skip.14	H Knowlson, skip..14
Rink No. 2.	
W J Thompson	J McClellan
G Hay	J Hart
G E Brown	D Wallis
D Davidson, skip..16	J McSweyn, jr, sk.12
30	26

Majority for Peterborough 4 shots.

A CANADIAN WAS THERE

It takes Canadians to curl and bring victory to Americans in a sport that is fast gaining popularity in the Republic.

John Sailsbury, father of Mr Wm Sailsbury, as was noted several days ago is in Minneapolis visiting his daughter and is passing his leisure hours down at the Minneapolis rink curling. Minneapolis is a new club and of course have had to yield to defeat frequently until this year when they have been outscoring their old opponents, the St Paul curlers. According to the Minneapolis papers Mr. Sailsbury deserves a good deal of the credit. Minneapolis won the annual match with St. Paul, and in referring to the contest the Minneapolis Journal remarks:—"On ice No. 3 the veteran Alex. McCulloch met a most disastrous defeat at the hands of jolly old John Sailsbury, the latter never saying a word from the start to the finish, directing the play of his men by motion of the broom. Although McCulloch is considered one of St. Paul's crack skips and Mr. Sailsbury is over 60 years of age, the score resulted 25 to 5 in the latter's favor."

THE INNES MEDAL.

Skip Parker and Skip Edmison are out of the race for the Innes medal. They were defeated last evening, Skips Edwards and Weller being the victorious skips. The contest between the county magistrate and county judge was intensely exciting, the score standing a tie until the last end, Skip Weller managing to lay 2 shots and win the game. The scores were:—

Rink No. 1.	
A Milne	R Waddell
H Grassett	G H Gireaux
R H Fortye	G M Roger
W D Parker, sp. 5	E B Edwards, skip.21
Rink No. 2.	
C Fessenden	W F Nelson
W H Manson	F J Rogers
J Jeffries	W Salisbury
Judge Weller, s'p.16	George Edmison, sp.14

The Toronto Victorias, six rinks strong, arrived in town at noon to-day and are playing this afternoon in the Davidson-Boucher medal contest. Three rinks each of the Granites and Thistles are playing.

Skip Hatton administered a severe defeat to Skip Allen last evening. It was a friendly game, and resulted as follows:—

Col H C Rogers	D Walker
H LeBrun	H Merrow
Dr Boucher	R S Davidson
G W Hatton, skip..18	H M Allen, skip... 6

GET READY 57TH

The Montreal Star Advocates the Sending of a Large Representation of Canadian Militia to the Jubilee Celebration

In connection with the celebration of Her Majesty's Jubilee the Dominion Government has such an opportunity as only comes once in a lifetime to place Canada in a favorable light before England and the world, says the Montreal Star.

From Australia, from the Cape of Good Hope and from the Straits Settlements detachments of colonial troops are going to London to assist in the celebration. A good representation of the Canadian forces on this occasion would be worth more to Canada than all the immigration literature ever published. The Canadian contingent should be big enough to emphasize the bigness and the nearness of the premier colony. The people of the Old Country would be wildly enthusiastic over such a demonstration of military power and imperial sentiment. Looked at as a mere advertisement the Government would get for an expenditure of fifty thousand dollars something that would be cheap at a million dollars. The visit of the Canadian troops would arouse tremendous interest in the Old Country in everthing Canadian and would bring immediate and practical results by which both the Dominion and the Mother Country would benefit. It would also give a great and very desirable impetus to the volunteer movement in Canada. It might not be convenient to take away from their employment any complete regiment of our volunteers, but there would be no difficulty about getting up, say, three provisional battalions from Quebec, Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, composed of carefully selected companies from our best regiments. The regular forces and the Northwest Mounted Police could also be represented. The cost of the ocean passage to Liverpool and return would, we believe, be only about ten dollars each for the men, and any expenses that the Dominion Government would be permitted to defray in the Old Country would be very small. Parliament might very properly be asked to vote a liberal grant for this purpose. Meanwhile, if the Government are disposed to carry out the project, it would be well to notify the commanding officers that there is a probability of their being asked to find a certain number of men to accompany the Premier when he goes to England.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

A Lecture

Under the auspices of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, will be given by Rev J G Potter, on Friday evening, March 5th, in the school room of St Andrew's church. The title of the lecture will be "Eloquence of Art and Heart." Silver collection at the door. 2d

Roadmaster Dismissed.

Roadmaster McNabb, of the G T R, who has been connected with this division of the road for some years and has been located at Peterborough, has been dismissed as a result of the changes that the new manager is making.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Thistles' curling night.
Special services at the Murray-st Baptist church.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock has arrived at Turnbull's. Look out for bargains.

The Boy's Brigade.

A mass meeting of boys between the ages of ten and seventeen years, interested in forming the Boy's Brigade, will be held to-night in the Sunday school room of St. Andrew's church at 7.30 o'clock, prompt. Sunday school superintendents, teachers and officers are urged to be present and learn of the objects of the Brigade.

JUST OUT—
"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite post Office, Hunter-st, Peterborough

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Toronto Telegram says, and the writer has been here and should know:—

"Peterborough play T A C here to-morrow night. Does little George Horkins accompany the team? Peterborough are a lot of good all round sports. Its very seldon you find towns as good as it is anywhere in Canada. Win or lose, they give visiting teams a royal time. You all know the Cheviot Hills. Well, they're the best that ever came over them."

Thanks, very much.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

NEXT MEETING AT PETERBOROUGH

Peterborough Will Have the Next High Court of the Canadian Foresters.

The next session of the High Court of the Canadian Order of Foresters will be held in Peterborough.

This was decided upon at the High Court meeting at Niagara Falls yesterday. Goderich was also out for the meeting, but lost by 20 votes.

The next High Court meeting will be held in February, 1898, and the number of delegates that will attend will reach 500 or 600.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

Personal

Rev. E. V. Stevenson has been in Toronto.

Mr Ernie Goldsmith, son of Dr. Goldsmith, formerly of town, has secured a position in Montreal.

Miss Kate Menzies, of Peterborough, the Lindsay Post says, returned to her home last night after a pleasant month spent with her brother, Mr. R. J. Menzies, and other Lindsay friends.

The McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock Turnbull is handling consists of White and Grey Cottons, Towells, Table Linens, Lawns, Prints, Cottonades, Tickings, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, White Quilts, Dress Goods, Silks, Hosiery and Gloves, in fact, such goods as you require in every parcel you buy.

Catholic Association Social

The Catholic Association will hold a social in their rooms, George-st., on Monday evening next, March 1st. A fine evening's enjoyment is promised. Excellent music and refreshment provided. Tickets 50 cents each. 3d

Somewhat Colder.

The official self-registering thermometer in charge of Mr. W. Peters, indicated 8 degrees below zero at 6.30 this morning. After some very mild February weather a cold wave struck here last night. This is only the second time this month that the temperature has gone below zero. In Winnipeg last night it was 40 degrees below.

Call and see the bargains Turnbull is offering out of the McMaster & Co's wholesale bankrupt stock.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS

The Reports of the Principal Officers Evidence a Year of Progress

At the High Court meeting of the Canadian Order of Foresters at Niagara Falls the High Chief Ranger submitted the following report:

"It affords me very much pleasure, as your High Chief Ranger, to submit for your consideration the report of my official acts during the time that I have had the honor of occupying the position to which you elected me in the city of Montreal last June. I am deeply gratified to be able to report to you that the Order has made greater progress in point of membership since last High Court meeting than in any like period of its history, there having been initiated into the Order 2,374 members, between the 1st of June and the 31st of December last. The institution of new courts has been alike gratifying, there having been instituted since last High Court meeting no less than 42 courts. Our membership at the close of the year was 24,092. As the High Secretary in his report will submit for your consideration details of the progress we have made, it is unnecessary for me to deal at greater length with the statistics. It is a pleasure to report that the condition of our various funds is thoroughly satisfactory. On insurance account from the 31st of May, 1896, to the 31st December, the income amounted to the large sum of $117,814.27. To the beneficiaries of our departed brethren there has been paid in seven months the sum of $69,156.15, leaving a net increase in the surplus fund for the seven months of $48,656.12, the surplus at the end of the year being the large sum of $525,179.43. The total receipts of the general fund account amounted to $16,012.01, but the payments totalled $17,306.06, showing a debit balance of $1,293.05. This, however, does not prove that the general fund is not in a prosperous condition, because the per capita tax, which is due on the 31st of December, is payable in January, and as it will amount to nearly $12,000, really leaves that fund with a balance of over $10,000 to commence the business of the Forestric year. The sick and funeral benefit fund has been prosperous, the total receipts being $2,385.49 There have been 55 claims paid, amounting to $847.41, so that the balance was $1,536.07 on the 31st December. I have signed 67 cheques for the payment of death benefits, 45 for sick and funeral benefits, and 252 on general fund account, making the total number of cheques signed 364. On October 1st our surplus fund had reached the large sum of over half a million dollars. The High Secretary reported that the total number of members reported last June, including those temporarily suspended, was 22,651. The number permanently suspended from June 1st to December 31st, 1896, was 866, and 67 died during that period, making a total decrease in the membership of 933. Taking 933 from 22,651 would leave a membership of 21,718, and adding the number of initiations, namely, 2,374, to 21,718, gives the membership on December 31st 24,092. During the seven months covered by this report there have been issued 2,098 certificates for $1,000 insurance, 138 for second $1,000, and 221 for $5,000. There have been 297 certificates sent to us for changes in the direction of payment, 43 duplicates have been cancelled, making a total of 2,597 certificates handled and fully registered in our office in the time stated."

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The treasurer reported:—"The receipts on account of insurance fund during the period were $117,814.27, of which I received in remittances from the High Secretary, not including interest, $94,019.89, the amounts reported to me as deposited in the Molsons Bank, Winnipeg, through the District High Court of Manitoba, British Columbia, and the Northwest territories being $13,710.03. On the 31st May, 1896, the close of the last Forestic year, the balance at credit of the insurance account was $476,521.31. The income during the seven months above stated war $117,814.27, making the gross receipts during the period $594,335.58. Out of this was paid to the beneficiaries of 67 deceased brethren the sum of $69,156.15, leaving on hand 31st December, 1896, a net surplus of $525,179.43. There is thus in our treasury half a million dollars and a good start made for another half million. I can safely challenge any other society in the Dominion to show an equally satisfactory state of affairs, or present a list of securities to be compared in point of quality or easy convertibility into cash with our own. In the sick and funeral benefit fund, established by the High Court at its last meeting, the receipts of the period which began with the month of August were $2,385.40, of which $134.25 was received by the D H C in Manitoba, British Columbia and the Northwest. There were 45 claims paid out of this fund, amounting to $847.42."

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr Chase's Ointment.

Great Saturday Sale.

Two thousand copies of all the newest songs and two-steps, including Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century Girl, at 5c per copy. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d48tf

AFTER A MANUFACTORY.

Councillor Davis Brings an Important Matter to the Attention of the Board of Trade.

Councillor Davis, wide awake to the advancement of the town, noticed an item in a newspaper yesterday stating that Mr. J. W. Young, representing the Fraser & Chalmers Co., of Chicago and London, manufacturers of mining machinery, was being interviewed by the Mayors of Toronto and Hamilton with a view to secure the location of the Canadian branch manufactory in their cities. Mr. Young went to Montreal yesterday to sound the officials of that city on the matter. Councillor Davis felt that Peterborough might stand an excellent chance of securing the manufactory and communicated with the Mayor and President of the Board of Trade, and as a result wired to Mr Young at Montreal, the following despatch:—

J. W. Young, Montreal:

Sir,—On your return west we would like to show you Peterborough's inducements to manufacturers. Canadian General Electric Co. here employing 500 hands, also Bridge works, agricultural implement factories, machine shops, lock works and woollen mills, employing several thousand hands. Can supply you with power at about one-half the cost in Toronto, Montreal or Hamilton. Please reply.

Wm. Yelland,
Mayor.
B. Shortly,
President Board of Trade.

Mr. Young responded as follows:—

Will come to Peterborough, if possible, but in any event our president will carefully consider. Will visit your and other locations before final decision.

Mr. Davis brought the matter to the attention of Board of Trade last evening, and the secretary was instructed to communicate with the firm.

REPAIRS TO THE DRILL SHED

The Roof Strengthened and the Shed Repaired at a Cost of $600

A year ago the heavy snow storms almost wrecked the drill shed, the roof being severely strained with the immense load of snow.

However this will be averted for the future at least for a time. The Government decided to have the roof strengthened and the contract was awarded to Mr Thos Rutherford and about $500 has been expended on the roof and walls of the building, and now people can consider themselves safe within the drill shed.

Primary Sunday School Teachers' Union

A meeting of the local union will be held this (Friday) evening at 7.45 o'clock in the parlor of St. Paul's Presbyterian church.

See Turnbull's window of Tab's Linens and Towellings at wholesale bankrupt prices.

Death of Jas Montgomery

Town teamster Montgomery was called to Lindsay to-day owing to the death of his brother, James Montgomery, of Bobcaygeon, who dropped dead in that town yesterday afternoon. The deceased formerly resided in Smith and was widely known. Lately he had been jobbing with lumbermen.

Brevities.

—The Sisters desire to thank Mr. T. Fitzgerald for his generosity in treating the inmates of the St. Joseph's House of Providence to a sleigh drive on Wednesday; also to Mr R H Fortye for 20 loaves of bread.

—The Children's Aid Society have for adoption in desirable homes four children, two boys, aged four and eleven, and two girls, aged five months and five years. All are fine, healthy children.

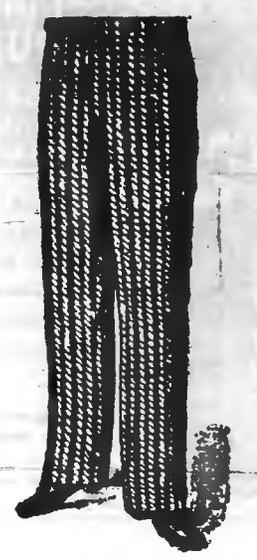
—Messrs. Mulligan & Potter have cancelled the contract with Mr. Gould, of New York, and purchased his entire stock of sheet music which they will dispose of all day to-morrow at 5 cents per copy. Among the number are El Capitan, 20th Century Girl, Independentia, Princess Bonnie and five hundred others. 1d

—Ottawa possesses an inventive Mayor in the person of Mayor Bingham. Recently he gave a dinner to 500 prominent citizens of the capital which was followed by a ball, and now he has invited 500 ladies to a luncheon at which the Mayor was the only gentleman present.

—Says the Campbellford Herald:—"A chair composed of cows' horns, similar to the one in Peterborough which we mentioned in last week't paper, may be seen at the residence of Mr. T. J Barrie, in Campbellford, and it is the work of his own hands. In its make-up are thirteen sets of horns, the whole framework being made in this way, and only the seat and back of wood. The feet are of horns to which are attached castors. Two of the horns forming the arms of the chair are prettily marked as if painted."

—In an article in the March Harper's, entitled "Preparedness for Naval War," Captain A T Mahan, U S N., considers the event of a war with Great Britain as calmy as if our hopes had never been flattered by an arbitration treaty. He agrees with Von Moltke that war is an element of order, and inevitable where national individuality and national honor are so strong. The sensible way to come happily out of it, he argues, is to have a force capable of grappling on even terms with the greatest force likely to be brought against us, and this he proposes to do by developing a large body of seamen in actual service.

Advertise in the Review.

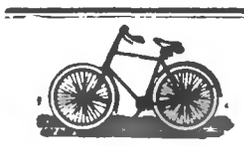


No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. Peterborough.



Do Not Buy
Your
1897 Bicycle
Before
You See Shortly's
Beauties.
New Store for Bicycles Only
Open March 1st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

DIED

HOUNSELL—On Wednesday, February 24th, 1897, Maggie Sarah Zerah Blodgett wife of Mr Charles Hounsell, aged 24 years and 7 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her father, Mr Zimri Blodgett, No 213 Antrim-st, on Saturday morning, Feb 27th, at nine o'clock, and proceed to St Peter's cathedral, thence to Roman Catholic cemetery.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 89, - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

I insist upon PURE GOLD BAKING POWDER my doctor recommends it

"When I am persuaded to use other kinds, the children get restless; they do not rest. My physician has analyzed Pure Gold and finds it absolutely pure. It's cream of tartar and soda. No adulterations."—A TORONTO LADY.

Some grocers, like the one illustrated, try to sell cheaper goods, on which they make more profit. If you want Pure Gold, insist on getting it. 136

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used. Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 127 HUNTER ST.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,566,658	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,028
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]21
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,281,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

Aged in Oak Casks, Golden in Color, Nutty in Taste, Exquisite in Flavor, Glorious in Effect.

MADE SOLELY AND PURELY FROM

V. O. 1890 Whisky

DISTILLED BY THE LATE

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

We pay the Government an extra duty, owing to malt having been used in bond for its distillation.

An official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

Ask for Quart Bottles, also ....EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE) The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M. (Should sufficient business offer) To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

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JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

his hand into a pocket as if in search of something.

"It was you I wanted, Doctor Jack."

"What for, my dear man?"

The hand comes out of the pocket—it holds something, and the sharp eyes of Doctor Jack detect a bit of white paper. His heart gives a throb—it is a message from Avis.

In a moment of time various thoughts and speculations flash through his brain. What can Avis want? Has she learned something since their parting that has a bearing on the purposed mission? He remembers that the Pasha was about the Peninsular at the time, and Larry with him.

These things flit through his brain in a much shorter space of time than it takes to read them in print. Larry holds out his hand.

"That will explain my presence, doctor," he said, languidly, but his indifference is assumed, as indeed many of his moods are—there is more fire concealed under this affected, cool, and deliberate exterior than one could imagine.

Endeavouring to be calm, Doctor Jack unfolds the paper. His hands tremble a little. The paper has become somewhat crumpled in the dude's pocket, but leaning over so that the light from the four smoky flambeaux of the Indian sword-swallower may fall upon it, Jack reads.

He immediately gives an exclamation, and bends closer, Larry watching him with a smile, his slender figure drawn up a la Napoleon as though he deems himself of considerable importance just at this moment.

"Jove! this is singular!" mutters Jack.

Then he looks up, an odd smile crossing his face which the half mask hides—he has suddenly caught a glimmer of the truth.

"Ah! you appear puzzled," says Larry.

"Well, yes. There seems a cipher needed here to set me straight," responds the other.

So Larry straightens his slender legs, throws out his chest, pulls at the awfully diminutive mustache fiercely, and rapping on his breast as a Booth or a Barrett might, he cries:—

"Look on me—I—I am the missing link."

Doctor Jack, remembering his first opinion that the dude resembled a monkey, inwardly chuckles to think how near the mark these words may be construed—children and fools always speak the truth, they say.

"I presume this note does refer to you, my good fellow, but I am afraid it was never intended for my eyes."

"Oh! yes, no doubt of that. Just read it out and then I'll explain."

So Jack once more bends over and reads, in a voice that the other can easily hear above the jargon of sounds on the street, the contents of the note given to him:—

"Four doors below Monsieur Blanc's conservatory of music—will meet you between two and four this day, my charming Larry. I have not forgotten your vows in the garden of the Tuilleries, and I swear to you that I love no other man as I do you. Beware lest you meet my guardian, for ——."

Doctor Jack stops.

A hand is laid on his arm, and looking up he sees the face of the dude close to his own.

"You were right, doctor; I did make a beastly mistake. That is a billet doux from a chawming little cweature in Paris. Turned out she had another lover—we met at the house—he punctured me with a sword in the arm, and I gave him a bullet that kept him in the hospital de la charite for two weeks. I was arrested, but proved to be the assaulted pawty, so they let me off," gabbles the little man.

"But my note—come, man, let me have it" cries Jack, on needles and pins. He feels as though it would do him good to seize hold of this fellow and shake some animation into his slow moving body, but fears the man might fall to pieces on his hands, he is so wonderfully made up.

"I'm getting at it. Patience, good doctor. Your class of men have to exercise a deal of it, I know. Ah! here's another document—let's see if it is what we are after."

Larry is not so reckless with his papers now—perhaps he has other private affairs he does not wish the public to see. So he glances cautiously at this document ere handing it over to the tender mercies of the scoffer.

This seems more like it—Jack reads:

"There is trouble for you, Doctor Jack, here—now—inMadrid. You have enemies. By accident Cousin Larry learned something of their plotting. You can trust him through anything. To get at the pith of the matter ask him questions. He admires you, and stands ready to do anything he can."

Her name is at the bottom—Avis Morton.

"Come," says Jack, decisively, taking the arm of the New York dude in his own, "we will go to some place where we can talk unheard, and there you shall tell me what this means."

"I'm quite agweeable, doctor" lisps Larry.

So they leave the juggler and his admirers behind, turning their backs on the smoky flamboaux, and push a passage through the crowd toward the fonda.

CHAPTER XI.

Jack's first thought is of the hotel, where in the quiet of his room, they may engage in a conversation uninterrupted. He has already passed over half the distance, and the fonda seems near at hand, when he becomes aware of the fact that his companion desires to stop, so a halt is called.

"Beg pardon, doctor, but are you heading for that caravansary yondah?" asks Cousin Larry.

"Certainly. I have a room there. Over a bottle of wine we can discuss this matter," replies the athlete, wondering what is in the wind.

The dude makes a half way French shrug that at another time would have amused Jack more than words could tell, but just now he has his mind occupied with other things.

"The temptation is strong but the wisk is too great, my boy."

"Risk! What the duce do you mean, Larry? They know me here—the best the house affords is at my service," cries Jack.

"Yes, they know you—that's it. For me to be seen in your company is dangerous."

"Eh? I don't comprehend," gasps the doctor.

Larry bends his head over, for there is a noisy band bearing down upon them, filling the air with some national melody, and the crowd of masked students accompany it shouting a college song at the top of their lungs, so that the dude is compelled to give his shrill voice full play in order to be heard.

"Because you are a marked man, Doctor Jack," is the astonishing declaration he makes. "There is a big conspiracy against you, right here in the city of Madrid.

"What has that to do with not entering the hotel, may I ask?"

"Everything. An enemy is there on the watch. He would see us together. Thy would believe I had warned you, and a beastly mess would come of it for don't ye see I'm supposed to be on the other side—that's how I picked up my information, pretending to be as mad as the duse at you because you seemed to have found favour in the eyes of my cousin—I am very particular who she makes up with, don't ye know, for once I thought I'd have her myself, 'pon 'onah, only Avis argued me out of it, deah girl."

Some men would get angry at such talk, but Jack cannot—he knows Larry is a conceited fool—under his breath he calls him a jackass, but it is also dead certain that the little man is wiser than surface indications would promise. His present errand proves it, and Jack is not the one to find fault with a little eccentricity, for it serves as a spice to flavour the soup.

So he makes out that he is highly pleased, presses the dude's hand warmly, and howls in his ear—the villainous band is just passing.

"Awful glad to know you don't object to my cutting you out with Miss Avis. You know that's the fate of cousins, anyhow. If I'm ever so lucky as to succeed you shall be my best man, Larry."

The plot thickens—Larry tumbles into the pit dug for him by the scheming lover, and shakes Jack's hand in return.

"Thanks, awfully, doctor—count on me."

"And now let's move back here a piece. I remember a spot where we can talk—a nice quiet place," shouts the other.

They soon reach the quarter Jack has reference to—it does promise them a chance for a quiet talk, being a little refreshment saloon, gaudily lighted up for the occasion, but as yet not well patronized, for the weird scenes upon the street keep every one on the qui vive.

Entering here, Doctor Jack selects a table just around a corner, where they will not be in view from the open doors. A black-eyed Spanish girl takes their order, and refreshments are speedily served.

Besides themselves there are a few persons in the refresco shop, and the noise from the street is heard with less violence, so they can talk with some sense of security. A stout man, in the guise of a monk, cowled and masked, enters and seats himself not far away. Two students are treating a couple of inamoratas at another table, the party laughing and giggling as the young men endeavour to discover who their companions are, the girls seeming to know them.

Now and then the outside rear in-

To be Continued

O HEART OF MINE.

O heart of mine, we shouldn't
Worry so!
What we've missed of calm we couldn't
Have, you know!
What we've met of stormy pain
And of sorrow's driving rain,
We can better meet again,
If it blow!

We have erred in that dark hour
We have known,
When our tears fell with the shower,
All alone!
Were not shine and shadow blent
As the gracious Master meant?
Let us temper our content
With His own.

For, we know not every morrow
Can be sad;
So, forgetting all the sorrow
We have had,
Let us fold away our fears,
And put by our foolish tears,
And through all the coming years
Just be glad.

—JAMES W. RILEY.

BROOD MARES.

A Thoughtful Article Upon Their Proper Winter Care.

At this season of the year, especially where the breeder is cramped for room, and in inclement weather, when we do not wish to turn our idle brood mares out in the barnyard, some provision for exercise is quite desirable, and, in fact, in some cases, decidedly necessary. It is a well-established fact that if a mare does not receive sufficient exercise the foal is liable in his movements in the womb to become abnormally placed, and any man who has found it necessary to have a colt taken from a mare can readily understand and appreciate what that means, for it is next to impossible to save a colt after several hours' labor, and if the mare escapes with her life she is most dangerously exposed to metritis (inflammation of the womb), as well as several other conditions undesirable. Yet exercise is not all a brood mare needs in the winter, but if it is possible to furnish every mare in foal with a large, roomy box-stall, well ventilated and sufficiently lighted, it will pay good interest on the investment every time.

Some—yes, a great deal—attention is also necessary in feeding such animals. Too rich and stimulating food produces great damage, as does entire liberty at foods of coarse quality. Too much rich food produces too great plethora, which renders any animal more susceptible to febrile conditions, consequently more dangerously exposed to metritis, mammitis, peritonitis, laminitis at parturition, and a host of less important maladies; and after the foal is born the result upon it is anything but beneficial, providing it escapes that fatal form of indigestion peculiar to young colts—the direct result of too rich milk, traced back to the mare's abundant supply of rich, heating grain; or, if it escapes this, the bowels become overtaxed, and either diarrhœa or constipation results, either of which is very fatal.

Again, on the other hand, too much coarse food, such as straw, chaff, pea-straw, too many roots, etc., have their bad effect, producing indigestion (acute or chronic), colic, lympangitis, constipation—any of which are sufficient to produce abortion, especially so from a sympathetic, spasmodic contraction of the womb, or from pressure upon it from the distended bowel, from generation of gasses; and here let me say that mares in foal are peculiarly susceptible to conditions of indigestion when closely approaching parturition, which may terminate in enteritis, constipation and death; or anaemia may result, as shown in the swellings in the in the legs and most dependent portion of the abdomen.

Too much clover hay has been known to produce very bad results in mares far advanced in foal, bringing about a premature secretion of milk, which appears to have a very weakening influence on the colt. I presume from the fact that nature intended only to supply the young from one source, and when the milk is secreted long before the little animal is born the umbilical supply is modified or diverted, both supplies not beink kept up, and in such a case the colt, if not born dead, is so weakly that he soon dies. Therefore it pays to avoid extremes in feeding mares from which we expect good returns, and I would suggest that as a diet a modern allowance (not abundance) of good, clean, well-cured hay, sufficient oats and bran to maintain a strong, healthy condition; occasional bran mashes, containing a regular allowance of salt, or a mess of boiled oats and bran every other or each every night, with a comfortable, roomy, well-ventilated box, and plenty of exercise, or, better still, moderate work in careful hands, avoiding extremes of pulling and backing, especially the latter, and never allowing full liberty to ice cod water in winter. When the country was new and fagners bad to work their mares right through the year, very rarely any of the difficulties with which we have to contend presented themselves, and many a mare had to be unhitched from the plow to foal, usually resting only a few days.—London Farmers' Advocate.

The Production of Eggs

The whole secret of egg production is—after you have a healthy hen—a properly balanced ration. As long as the hen's food lacks one or more of the elements necessary to egg production, it is silly to expect a well-filled egg basket.

In the past few years poultrymen have been greatly favored by having an ideal egg food placed at their disposal at a very small cost, viz.: green cut bone. By analysis and experience green bones have been found to contain every element that is in an egg, and in such proportions as can be used to the best advantage. It is unfortunate that so many farmers are neglecting this most valuable adjunct to the chicken yard. Green bones can be obtained for the hauling of them away; but even if purchased they are cheaper than grain, and worked into a grain ration, the bone makes the grain go much farther.

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897.

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W. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkskale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

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WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
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Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

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For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 5.25 a.m.
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Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
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Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 3.00 p.m
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A card on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend ever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "Pellets" will not cure. They cure *permanently*. Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

A FATAL KNOT-HOLE.

BY ERNEST JERROLD.

Upon the parlor wall of the Finn shanty hung a cheap chromo of the Christ. Upon the frame of the chromo was perched the stuffed body of an English sparrow. Its head was perked on one side in a listening attitude, while the tail stuck upward as if the feathery rudder were about to steer the plump body on an aerial journey. Pendant from the bill of the sparrow by a thread hung a small piece of pasteboard bearing the legend:

: OUR LITTLE MARTYR. :

When alive the sparrow had been the pet of Mickey Finn, the ten-year-old son of the sturdy quarryman. The boy snared the bird one day with a slip-noose made of thread. The pugnacious disposition of the sparrow and the skillful manner in which it had used its beak upon his finger had awakened the boys' admiration, and he released it after a captivity of only one day. In order that he might recognize the bird if he chanced to see it again, he tied a blue ribbon around its neck. Mickey was delighted to see the sparrow remained in the vicinity of the shanty. In the morning when he fed the chickens, the bird flew down from the maple tree to get its share of the meal. One morning Mickey missed the sparrow, but in the evening it returned and brought 20 other pugnacious and vituperative little bunches of feathers. This addition to his avairy filled the boy's heart with joy, and day by day the relations between him and the birds became more intimate. They grew so tame that they sat on his shoulder and ate from his hand.

As the weeks flew by the bird colony increased in numbers, until at the end of a month nearly 200 sparrows used the yard in the rear of the shanty as a rendezvous and took advantage of Mickey's kind hospitality. Every morning when the boy went out to milk the nanny-goat he saw sparrows everywhere, jawing away like garrulous women. They perched upon the fencetop, the roof of the shanty, and covered the chicken coop with a cloud of feathers. And when he appeared with a dish of Indian meal in his hand there was a sudden uprising, a lifting of wings, which seemed to cloud the sun. When he had placed the pan of cornmeal near the door a savage rush was made for it, each sparrow fighting fiercely for more than its share. But it was Mickey's especial pleasure to watch the sparrow with the blue ribbon. She exercised a censorship over the noisy, quarrelsome flock, and while they were feeding she drove back the gluttons with her wings and sharp beak, and helped the weaker ones to secure a portion.

All day the sparrows twittered around the shanty, but at twilight they flew away over the hills, returning at sunrise with unfailing regularity. Mickey was sorely troubled over the disappearance of the birds. Several times as they flew away in the twilight he tried to follow them, but always without success, as the birds flew so fast that they were soon lost to sight in the gathering darkness and the distance. One evening, as the flock dipped over the brow of the hill, a quarter of a mile away, Mickey turned toward the shanty, saddened by the departure of his pets. Just as he opened the kitchen door a faint, far report smote his ear. He turned, and saw the sparrows flying back to the shanty. As they came nearer he saw a trail of feathers behind them, while the birds uttered little cries of alarm. When the flock reached the shanty in headlong flight, two of the sparrows turned somersaults in the air, and dropped with outspread wings dead into the yard. Three others were unable to stand when the flock alighted, and tumbled helplessly from the fence. Their legs were broken. When Mickey picked up one of the wounded birds a shot fell from its coat of feathers into his hand. He took them into the kitchen and tried with bungling, boyish surgery, to bandage up their broken legs with the help of matches and cotton. But the delicate birds had been too severely shocked. One by one they flew over the river into the calm land, and Mickey buried their bodies in the backyard, using tomato can for a coffin.

Then came the blizzard, sweeping down the valley from the Catskills. With vicious, snarling malignity it swept along, tearing shingles from the roofs, strewing its path with the limbs of trees, howling its rage in alternate hissings and bellowings. As the twilight deepened, and the grim darkness of the night shut in the valley, the tempest grew more furious. It smote the Finn shanty like a solid, wrenching the window blinds from their fastenings. Whirlwinds as keen as a razor's edge came howling down the chimney, scattering glowing embers over the floor.

"Mickey, dear," said Mrs. Finn, "its a bitter night for the nanny and the chickens. Did ye take care o' thim?"

"Faith, I did, mother," replied the boy. "Didn't I plug up the holes in the chicken coop lasht week wid paper. There's only wan teeny hole in the door that'll do no harrum. And the nanny has enough dried leaves and straw over her as'll do for a dozen like her."

The chicken coop consisted of two parts. The larger portion was an open framework of lath, where the chickens scratched and exercised, while the smaller part was boarded up tightly to protect them in cold weather. Perched on a stick running across the coop were six Dominick hens, a Shanghai rooster, and a bantam rooster. The eager and biting air had caused the chickens to huddle close together for mutual warmth, but still they shivered as the blizzard sifted snow down upon them from cracks in the roof, until they were covered with a white blanket. Meanwhile, Mickey had forgotten the sparrows. He supposed they had flown back to their usual sleeping places. But, frightened by the cruel shot the little birds had remained around the shanty until the blizzard came. Then the force of the wind was so great that they were unable to fly against it, and they hovered around the shanty and the chicken coop, hiding under the eaves and in sheltered spots. But as the night wore on the cold increased in intensity, until it was 10 degrees below zero. The sharp breath of the blizzard searched its biting way through the downy covering of the breasts of the sparrows, and in an hour 10 of them were frozen to death. All of the sparrows would have died ere morning were it not for the discovery of a knot-hole in the chicken coop by the sparrow with the blue ribbon. The glad news was imparted in bird language to the entire flock, and in a short time each sparrow had squeezed its body through the knot-hole into the comparative warmth of the coop. The intense cold had driven all fear of the chickens from the breasts of the sparrows, and with reckless hardihood they flew upon the stick where the chickens were perched. The bantam rooster muttered sleepily as three sparrows crawled between his legs and spread them apart, while the weight of eight shivering birds caused him to squat nearer to the perch. With much fluttering of wings by the sparrows and gentle complainings on the part of the chickens, the birds all settled themselves for a comfortable night's sleep. But this did not suit the vicious blizzard.

The wind shifted its direction, and now it beat fiercely against the door of the coop. With malicious cruelty it sought out the knot-hole and sang through it a solo of devilish glee. And the air of the solo was filled with fine snow and sleet frozen hard as ground glass. This bitter, biting, insistent death chill was driven through the knot-hole with a hideous shriek, like steam from a whistle. It smote the pyramid of feathers and sprayed it with icy crystals. It froze the comb of the Shanghai rooster and caused the bantam to shiver as with ague. It happened that the bantam rooster was perched right in line with the knot-hole and received the full force of the blast. One by one the sparrows between his legs and upon his back were overcome. Chilled to the heart they fell to the ground with a soft thud. Suddenly the hole in the door was plugged up, the remaining birds settled themselves comfortably, and the mass of animated feathers dropped off into the land of dreams.

When the sun arose over the Berkshire hills next morning, the blizzard had spent its fury. The snow reflected back in dazzling radiance the rays of the rising sun. When Mickey opened the door of the shanty at six o'clock to feed the chickens and milk the nanny before going to school, he was almost buried under an avalanche of snow, which had piled against the door during the night. He forced his way through the drift and, panting with exertion, reached the chicken coop. As he placed his hand on the hasp to open the door his eye was caught by the flutter of a piece of blue ribbon from the knothole. The ribbon was around the neck of a sparrow into whose sightless eyes beat the glory of the sun.

The slender legs were bent under the body. The head was turned aside as if to escape the fury of the blizzard. Very tenderly, almost reverently, the boy took the frozen body from the hole, opened the door of the coop and went into the shanty, while a cloud of hungry sparrows flew about his head and perched on his shoulders. He placed the dead sparrow upon the table, while the living birds flew to the mantel and the chairs and walked around saucily.

"What happened the weeny little bird, Mickey?" asked the boy's mother with gentle solicitude.

The voice of the boy trembled as he replied:

"Well, I dunno, mother; I'm after find'n' her froren stiff in the hole in the chicken coop door."

On Christmas evening, when the bell in St. Mary's steeple was chiming the call to vespers, Mrs. Finn went into her humble parlor.

The benignant, sorrowful face of the Christ looked down at her with pitying compassion from its cheap environment. A mist came into the woman's eyes as she looked at the stuffed sparrow perched just above the Saviour's head, and her breast heaved as she murmured:

"Shure the baby angels must be throwin' crumbs to ye now through the golden bars o' Heaven's gate, an' ye afther dyin' to save yer friends."

Causes Within Causes.

Ten thousand dollars is the sum Simon Applebaum of New York, wants Isaac Crabbage, a tailor, to pay him on account of the non-delivery of a pair of trousers. The trousers were sent to the tailor to be pressed for Applebaum's wedding, and as they were not returned in time, Applebaum claims he was unable to appear for the ceremony, and his bride-to-be sued him for breach of promise.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade very quiet, with demand almost nil. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7.50 to $8, and shorts at $8.50 to $9.

Wheat—The market is quiet, and the feeling unsettled. White wheat is quoted at 74c to 75c, and red at 73c at outside points. No. 1 hard quoted at 74c, Fort William, and at 87c, Midland.

Buckwheat—Business inactive, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 at 27c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with sales of white at 17c to 18c west, and of mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 38½c to 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull, with fair offerings. There were sales to-day at 23c east.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7d; corn, 3s 6½d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 5s 0d; lard, 21s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 23s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s.

London—Wheat on passage 3d lower. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures ⅝d lower at 6s 2¾d for March, 6s 4½d for May and 6s 3¾d for July. Maize ½d lower at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 8d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull, Maize on passage rather firmer.

Paris—Close—Wheat easy, at 21f 75c for March; flour weak at 45f 50c for March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 2¾d for Feb. and March, 6s 4d for May and 6s 3½d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 7¾d for May and 2s 9d for July. Flour 22s.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 26, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakins	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

A Claim AND .... An Offer

WE CLAIM there is only one preparation in Canada to-day that is guaranteed to cure BRONCHITIS, and that is DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE. It is MOTHER'S cure for her child when it is all stuffed up with CROUP and coughing its little lungs out with WHOOPING COUGH. One small dose immediately stops that cough. By loosening the phlegm, puts the little one to sleep and rest. Dr. Chase compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of turpentine and linseed. WE OFFER to refund the price if Dr. Chase's Syrup will not do all that it is claimed to do.

Sold on a guarantee at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard St. Price, 25c.

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Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

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...FOR...

Easy Running Qualities
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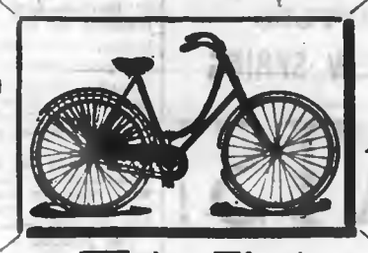
EXCELLENCE OF FINISH



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Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

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Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

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NEW YORK.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

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L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

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W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clurton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

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G. E. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
R. R. D. HALL. LOUIS H. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT

ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall' Terrace.

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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, February 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 20th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 388 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr&w

LATEST STYLES

....OF NEW SPRING

HATS!

ARRIVING DAILY...

DERBY'S and FEDORAS.

English, French, American, and Canadian makes.

OUR CASH PRICE

...For Best Qualities Will Be,

$2 AND $2.50

Remember Furs at Sacrificing Prices during the Great Renovating Sale now going on.

Fairweather & Co

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.

George Street Peterborough | 101 Yonge Street Toronto | Kent Street Lindsay

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1897

Entertainment at Bethel.

A very successful entertainment was held in Bethel church (Keene circuit), on Thursday evening, Feb. 18th, under the management of the choir. The people of Bethel were pleased to have with them Mrs. Dr. Harrison, Mrs. Liddy, Mr. McCamus, of Keene, Miss Hooper, Peterborough, and Miss Wood, Miss Foster, Miss Fry, of Norwood. By eight o'clock the church was well filled. The pastor, Rev J. J. Liddy, acted as chairman, and the following programme was successfully carried out :—

Chorus.....Choir
Prayer.....Rev Mr Liddy
Address.....Chairman
Solo.....Mrs Dr Harrison, Keene
Instrumental.....Miss Maggie Fife
Solo.....Miss Nellie Hooper, Peterborough
Solo.....Miss Jennie Shearer
Instrumental.....Mr Foster and Mrs T Breckenridge
Solo.....Rev Mr Liddy
Reading.....Miss Wood, Norwood
Solo.....Mr McCamus, Keene
Club swinging.....Miss Foster, Norwood
Solo.....Mr Browne
Instrumental.....Mr and Miss and Percy Pallin
Solo....Miss Nellie Hooper, (Peterborough)
Duet.....Miss Addie and Fanny Pallin
Solo.....Miss Jennie Shearer
Whistling Duet....Mr Brown and Mr Foster
Solo.....Mrs Dr Harrison, (Keene)
Solo.....Miss Wood, (Norwood)
Address.....Dr Harrison
Solo.....Mrs Liddy
Solo.....Mr McCamus, (Keene)
Chorus.....Choir
Prayer.....Pastor

OAK HALL.

New Branches.

About twenty-five or thirty young ladies gathered at the Y. W. C. A. rooms last evening, spent a sociable hour, and arranged work to be carried on by the Association. It was decided to form a literary circle, glee club. A Bible class will be held on Thursday evening, and Saturday will be a musical evening, concluding with a Gospel service.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MATTERS ARE CRITICAL.

A Good Deal of Anxiety as Regards War Between the United States and Spain.

New York, Feb. 25.—A despatch to The Herald from Havana, via Key West, says: The situation here is critical. Every soldier and every scamp in Havana knows of the threatened breaking off of relations between the United States and Spain, and they are preparing for it. The work upon defences is being pushed on with great energy, and it is rumored every five minutes of the day that Gen. Lee has received his passports and that war is declared.

Americans are flocking in from the country, and if one-half the Americans who want to leave for the United States on the Mascotte to-day board her she will sink.

The position of our citizens is most critical. The rumor, whether true or false, has gone abroad that the American Government would not intervene, that Americans can be murdered with perfect impunity so long as the trade interests of the country are not interfered with.

Unless something firm and decided and strongly American is done by our Government in Washington, Americans are in great danger of their lives.

The amusement and the great hilarity which were to be observed at the palace yesterday have changed to-day. Minister De Lome, always accurate as a news-gatherer, has cabled the Cptain-General that Lee will not be recalled, that his resignation is not accepted, and that he may be sustained.

The defences of Havana have been the scene of phenomenal activity during the last 48 hours. Last night the work of mounting guns was carried on by electric light on the Morro, the Cabana and the land batteries. Four torpedo tubes were mounted and six of the new heavy guns of the Orondos pattern.

Gen. Navarro, head of the navy, has ordered all available war vessels to concentrate in Havana harbor. The Reina Mercedes was already here. The Legaspi arrived this morning. The slight repairs to the Infanta Isabel, the Nueva Espana and the Nunez Finzon are being pushed day and night with the greatest urgency. The Conde Vendanito and the Alfonso XII. are cruising and patrolling the north coast. They have been communicated with and will be in Havana within two days. The gunboats Reina Christina and Vasco Nunez Balboa are also expected.

The Captain-General has cabled to Liverpool for 50,000 tons of Cardiff Welsh coal for the vessels. Hundreds of cablegrams are pouring in on Gen. Lee from every quarter of the globe, congratulating him upon the stand he has taken, those from the United States promising patriotic action in Congress.

The report that Consul-General Lee had been given his passports by the Spanish authorities in Cuba caused a flutter at the Senate end of the Capitol, where the action of the Senate committee on the Sanguilly case has revived interest in Cuban affairs. Senators are guarded in their utterances, preferring to await some confirmation of the report before committing themselves. It is not beyond the truth to say that a very considerable portion of the Senate hope the report is accurate, for they say that nothing short of an overt act on the part of Spain sufficient to compel this Government to assert itself will bring the trouble on that island to an end or bring about the protection of American citizens.

Will Wait No Longer

Washington, Feb. 25.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations held a special meeting this morning for the purpose of again considering the resolution reported yesterday, instructing the President to demand the immediate release of Julio Sanguilly, an American citizen, now confined in prison in Cuba. The case was carefully discussed, and the committee reached the unanimous conclusion that the Senate could afford to wait no longer for Spain to keep her promises made to Secretary Olney to release him, and the discussion was reached to insist upon the consideration and passage of the resolution to the opposition of appropriation measures and everything else.

Spain Ready to Punish.

Madrid, Feb. 25.—The Epoca, in an article discussing the Cuban situation as affecting the relations of Spain with the United States, alludes to the killing of Ricardo Ruiz, an American citizen, in a Spanish prison in Cuba, and adds: "The Ruiz affair cannot assume the proportions of international importance. Spain is ready to punish any person who shall be proved to have ill-treated Ruiz, and the friendly relations between Spain and the Government at Washington preclude any diplomatic strain over the matter."

Two Murderers Hanged.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Feb. 25.—Two colored men were hanged on the same scaffold here to-day. Robert Coy, for the crime of criminal assault, and Jim Davis, for the murder of Lawrence Williams, a boy.

Russia Gives Greece Notice.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—Russia, through the Russian Minister at Athens, has called upon Greece to withdraw all of her troops and her fleet from Crete within three days.

MR. HAULTAIN'S IDEAS.

The Territories Are Not Ready for Autonomy and Don't Want to Divide With Manitoba Crow's Nest Railway.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—Premier Haultain of the Northwest Territories is in the city on business with the Government in connection with territorial affairs. He recognizes the concessions which have been made to the territories in late years from a constitutional standpoint, but, on being asked by your correspondent what his view was with regard to complete provincial autonomy, he replied that the Territories were not ready for it. Neither is he in favor of any portion of the Territories being added to Manitoba. He points out that all the machinery of government in the Northwest now applies to the Territories as a whole, and that, if a portion of Eastern Assiniboia were transferred to Manitoba, it would destroy the system of government as it now exists. Mr. Haultain will ask for a change in the Northwest Territories Act to permit of the appointment of an Executive Council for the Territories, in place of an Executive Committee, such Executive Council to be chosen by any members of the Legislature who may be entrusted by the Lieutenant-Governor with this duty.

Asked as to his views with regard to railways in the Kootenay country, Mr. Haultain said he thought the Government should build a railway through the Crow's Nest Pass, but should make arrangements with the C. P. R. to run it, and in this way the Government would be able to dictate its own terms in the matter of passenger and freight rates, and use of the line by other companies.

THE RIFLES FOR BISLEY.

Lee-Metford or Lee-Enfield Will be Used for Nearly All the Principal Matches.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—A communication has been received from Col. Mackinnon, secretary of the National Rifle Association, stating that all competitions at Bisley this year are to be fired with the .303 magazine rifle of service pattern, that is the Lee-Metford or Lee-Enfield rifle. This rule will apply to all competitions which count for the grand aggregate. The only exceptions will be those matches which are specially mentioned for sporting and match rifles, carbine and revolver. Volunteer and militia corps in England have been supplied with Lee-Metford rifles to the extent of 12 per cent. of the enrolled strength of battalions, to enable them to practice, and similarly our own corps are to be supplied with the Lee-Enfield.

HAIL INSURANCE.

Manitoba People Want the Legislature to Pass a Bill in That Line—General News From Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—Hail insurance was the principal topic in the Legislature this afternoon. Two bills are before the House to empower a provincial levy and payment of damages. They will be consolidated on coming before committee, as both are identical in principle.

Fire at Qu'Appelle early this morning destroyed three business places, occasioning a loss of about $20,000. All the losers carried insurance.

The provincial contributions to the India relief fund now aggregate nearly ten thousand dollars, of which the school children donated twelve hundred.

James Tuill, electrician, an old resident, formerly of Montreal, died this morning.

The case against Parker, another of the Macdonald deputy returning officers, was dismissed to-day.

A deputation of the Winnipeg School Board has interviewed the Government and received a promise that in future representative trustees will be named as members of the Advisory Board.

Organized labor is working for the establishment of a labor bureau. At a meeting to-night resolutions were adopted in endorsation of the bill prepared, which will be presented to the Government with a request that it be passed.

The Council of Portage la Prairie is seeking legislation to spend one hundred thousand dollars in the construction of a dam and the creation of water power.

At Quebec Wednesday night fire destroyed a building owned by the R. & O. Navigation Company, which was tenanted by Toussaint & Co., wine and vinegar merchants. Damage to stock $20,000, insured for $500; building insured for $700. Hamel's Block adjoining was damaged $20,000, partly insured.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

No article that has ever been offered to the public has received so many voluntary testimonials from eminent people as this world famous tonic wine, Vin Mariani.

As a healthful invigorating and stimulating tonic it has no equal.

"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the Vin Mariani for many years. I consider it a valuable stimulant."

Morell MacKenzie, M.D. London.

Court Physician to Her Majesty the Queen.

At Druggists & Fancy Grocers. Avoid substitutions.

Album of Portraits of Celebrities testifying to the merits of Vin Mariani sent free on application.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA FOR

Cold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky.

Too Good to Miss!

No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S

WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need—no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Paragraphs of News Gathered From the Despatches and Condensed to Save Space.

The Ohio River flood is abating.

David Wright, the oldest member of Cayuga (N.Y.) bar, is dead, aged 91 years.

The Bertillon system for measuring criminals was put in operation yesterday at Police Headquarters in New York.

The North Dakota Senate, by a vote of 14 to 13, has killed the bill increasing the residence requisite to a divorce from 90 days to one year.

Mrs. Caroline Woods, aged 123, has just died at St. Louis. Her mental faculties were unimpaired. She was almost the first white child born on the present site of Louisville, where she married in 1800.

Major McKinley was able to take a walk and a drive yesterday and his health is much improved. Mrs. McKinley is also much better.

Charley Calender, the famous old-time minstrel, died in a lodging house in Chicago Wednesday night. He was more than 70 years old.

At a meeting of the Reform Club of New York last night resolutions favoring the adoption of the proposed treaty between the United States and England were adopted.

Butler, the alleged murderer of Captain Lee Weller, in Australia, says he will fight extradition to the bitter end, and has cabled to Australia for £1000 to carry the case to the Supreme Court.

A. M. Williamson, Collector of Customs at Kingcardine, also Town Clerk, died yesterday, after a short illness, aged 65. He was born in Ireland and was a pensioner of the United States Government. A widow and four daughters survive.

Scott Jackson, who, with Alonzo Walling, will hang March 20 for murdering Pearl Bryan, is writing a confession which, it is reported, will be forthcoming in two weeks. He will sell it to the highest bidder, and expects $10,000 for it.

Practical Butter Making.

Mr. J. B. Moore of Avonbank believed in heating the milk to 65 or 70 degrees in the receiving vat before raising it to 90 or 95 degrees in the tempering vat for separating. He laid stress on watching the speed of the separators in order to do close skimming, and wants samples of the skim-milk taken every twenty minutes for a composite test at the end of each day's run. The separator bowls should be flushed carefully with warm water, so as to remove all the cream. As to ripening cream he preferred a skim-milk starter, and uses as much as ten per cent.. He ripens at 65 to 70 degrees, and believes in quick work, so as to cool the cream in the evening and during the night, so as to have it ready for the churn next morning. He complained of butter-makers neglecting this most important part of their work, and leaving the ripening to be done in a "happy-go-lucky" manner.

As to churning, he is also up to date, using rich cream at 50 to 53 degrees; laid stress on the necessity of keeping cream which had been ripened at a high temperature for a couple of hours at a low one before churning. Always strain the cream into the churn, and use about half an ounce of color—depending on condition—to cream from 1000 pounds of milk, and for export none at all. Do not fill the churn more than half full (one-third is better), take the temperature when the cream breaks, so as to regulate it if necessary. He does not want the butter to come quicker than in 45 minutes, and does not like to wash too much. He uses water at 55 degrees, and draws it off immediately: prefers to salt in the churn and use once, leaving the butter at about 55 degrees.—From Country Gentleman's report of the Western Ontario Dairymen's Association meeting at Brantford.

Peterborough

CURLING & SKATING RINK Co

SKATING TICKETS

SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$3 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN GRAND, Sec.-Treas. 421

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 49. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

ALL IS QUIET NOW

But There May be an Outbreak at Any Time.

Moslems Think Europe is Behind Them and Are Getting Arrogant—They Demand the Blood of the Christian Dogs Who Have Dared to Question the Right of the Turks to Rule Them—Feeling at Athens is Very Bitter Against the Powers—Greece Will Not Withdraw Her Army From Crete—The Tricky Russian.

Canea, Feb. 26.—Most of the foreign warships that were lying in the harbor here have left and gone to Suda Bay, where there is a better anchorage than here. It is likely, however, that their presence here will again be required, as the situation has become more critical than ever before, and it would not be surprising if a conflict should occur. In one respect the interposition of the powers has had a bad effect, in that it has led the Moslems to believe that Europe is back of them in their combat with the Christians. As a result there are this afternoon 3000 Moslem fighting men, besides the Turkish soldiers, all heavily armed, parading the streets of the city and demanding the blood of the Christian dogs who have dared to question the right of the Turks to rule them. The combined forces that have been landed by the several powers number only 800 men and it is believed that without the aid of the warships they would prove of no avail in preserving order in the city.

The popular passion has been added to by Ismael Pasha, the acting Governor, who has circulated false stories to the effect that the Greek troops are mutilating Moslem children. The Governor knows these stories to be untrue and apparently his object is to create among the Moslems deeper hatred of the Christians and to further excite the desire for revenge. He is carrying matters with a high hand and it is likely that the powers will have to intervene to check his ardor in behalf of the Turks. Accompanied by an armed body of Turks he left Candia to-day and occupied strategic positions in the vicinity of the city from which he attacked Christians, causing serious losses to them. The commanders of the warships remaining in the harbor protested to the Governor against his breaking the armistice, but the protest was unheeded. The admirals commanding the foreign fleets have been notified of Ismael's actions and there is much speculation as to the course they will pursue.

Athens, Feb. 26.—The popular indignation against the great powers shows no signs of waning, and if the people had their way they would fight with arms in their hands against the combined forces of Europe in defence of their right to protect the Christians in Crete. It is not alone among the people that this feeling prevails. Parliamentary and official opinion strongly favors resistance to the demands of the powers. The joint note addressed to the Greek Government has not yet been delivered and the delay is unexplained. Only the Russian, Austrian and German Ministers have been instructed by their Governments concerning the note. It is reported that one of the powers has withdrawn from the concert. If this is true it will leave matters in statu quo and will break up the concert, the efforts of which have been directed to overawing Greece by threats.

RUSSIA'S MOTIVES.

The Czar's Government Was Anxious to Prevent the War Extending.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 26.—The Russian demand (that Greece withdraw from Crete within three days) was accompanied by a statement of the motives actuating Russia, namely, that to prevent the extension of the revolution to other portions of the Turkish Empire, imperilling the peace of Europe, a stop must be put to the action of Greece, which is in opposition to international law. Before negotiations for a future Cretan constitution can be entered upon it is asserted Russia has resolved to restore order in Crete. Then, after the Greek evacuation under the protection of the powers, an autonomous Government will be installed under the suzerainty of the Sultan. In this policy, it is said, Russia is supported by France, Germany and Austria. Throughout the entire statement neither England nor Italy is mentioned, but Greece is warned that should she, in blind misconception of her own interests, allow herself to be excited by self-seeking friends to persist in her present attitude under the false idea that the powers are not united, because at the outset one or another has not concurred in Russia's proposals, Russia is resolved to take reprisals, the first step being the blockade of the Piraeus.

The powers considered the Greek annexation of Crete out of the question, and it is asserted in the consciousness of their absolute support Russia will be in a position to prevent the Cretan question from imperilling the peace of Europe, even should any individual power refuse to accede to the proposed measure.

It Cannot be Revoked.

London, Feb. 26.—The Athens correspondent of The Times telegraphs that Prime Minister Delyannis has informed him that Greece's decision to maintain her army in Crete is irrevocable, but that the troops will abstain from the offensive. They will only protect the Christians. Greece will not declare war against Turkey unless the Turks invade Thessaly or the powers render the position of the Greek troops in Crete unbearable.

The correspondent adds that the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Athens has telegraphed to the Pope, asking His Holiness to mediate between Greece and the powers.

The Slippery Russian

London, Feb. 26.—The Vienna correspondent of The Standard and the Berlin correspondent of The Daily News comment upon a despatch from St. Petersburg to a news agency here, which claims to semi-officially describe Russia's attitude on the Cretan question. The despatch says that Russia has ordered Greece to recall her fleet and all her troops from Crete within three days. Other stringent measures are announced and the pwers except Great Britain are named as being ready to co-operate in their enforcement. The opinion in Vienna and Berlin is that unless the despatch is apocryphal, the so-called unanimity of the powers is a mere farce.

Italian Sympathy.

Rome, Feb. 26.—A mass meeting was held at Palermo to-night for the purpose of expressing sympathy with the Cretan Christians in their efforts to rid themselves of Turkish rule. Among the messages received was one from ex-Prime Minister Crispi, who, after expressing his approval of the object of the meeting, said: "It was due to Great Britain that Garibaldi in 1860 was not hindered in landing in Sicily. To-day the case is identical. If the powers intervene it ought to be for the liberation of oppressed nations and never to maintain a state of barbarism, living on incendiarism and assassination."

Turkey's War Preparations.

Salonica, Feb. 26.—The massing of Turkish troops and munitions of war on the frontier is proceeding with feverish haste. All the soldiers on furlough have been recalled and eleven batteries of artillery, a regiment of cavalry and two battalions of infantry have gone from here, Monastir and elsewhere to Elassona.

Two additional battalions of infantry have reached Katerina. The reliefs from Smyrna, Brussa, Trebizond and elsewhere in Anatolia are on their way here and for the frontier, where a total of six divisions will be formed with headquarters at Elassona.

King George Gets Down.

London, Feb. 26.—A Greek firm doing business in London has received a telegram from Athens saying that King George of Greece has accepted the demand of the powers for the withdrawal of the Greek troops and warships from Crete.

The Kaiser's Hot Words.

Berlin, Feb. 26.—The Brandenburg Provincial Diet gave a banquet to-night at the Englischeshaus, at which Emperor William was present. His Majesty made a speech, in which he dwelt upon the centenary of William the Great, declaring that Germany's present commanding position was due to him alone. He then proceeded to attack in the angriest words the ever-growing Umsturz parties, which, he said, did not halt before the highest circles, not even the highest ladies. He declared that he was determined to use every means to crush those who were engaged in exciting revolutionary tendencies, and added that he reckoned upon the assistance of the Brandenburgers in this struggle.

SIFTON'S LITTLE AXE

Was Brought Down From Manitoba, Sharpened Expressly for Decapitation Work.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—(Special.)—It is an open secret that Hon. Clifford Sifton came to Ottawa with his little ax sharpened expressly for purposes of decapitation. The operation was to have commenced in the Interior Department and the Liberal press out west announced plainly enough that the first victim was to be the Deputy Minister, whose place was wanted for Mr. J. A. Smart. Mr. Sifton's plans were frustrated at the outset by the staunch opposition of the Premier, but latterly circumstances have arisen which have given the Minister of the Interior the whip hand. The Manitoba school question is just now in that ticklish situation that accentuates Mr. Sifton's federal prominence because of his influence with the Government of Manitoba, and Mr. Sifton is said to have seized the opportunity for demanding a free hand in his department. The result, so rumor says, is that he has carried his point, and that Mr. Smart will shortly be appointed Deputy Minister of the Interior and Indian Affairs.

That nothing but political exigencies dictates this move is evident from the further report that the present Deputy Minister of the Interior is to be retained in the service, albeit, in an officially inferior position, and without reduction in salary. What is proposed in the case of the Deputy Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs is to relegate him to a less confidential position, but one in which, as in the case of the Interior deputy, his technical knowledge and official experience will be still available. They said truly who declared that Mr. Sifton never surrendered.

Conclusive Proof.

Tombstone Advertiser—How about the Spigot's circulation? I want to use only the best advertising mediums.

Editor Cactus City Spigot—Advertising medium? Why, man, the Spigot's supreme. Why, Great guns! We reach every family in the gulch. Last month I ran a little item expressing my intention to shoot the man who had been calling me a liar behind my back. I stayed away from the office next day, and when I came back there were just 237 bullet holes through the door. This is all the more remarkable when you know that our population numbers just 237 adult males.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY

That is the First Topic in Canada Just Now.

On Condition That the C.P.R. Forgoes the Clause in Its Charter Which Guarantees Ten Per Cent. on Capital Invested—Dr. Milne Continues His Fight for an Independent Line—C.P.R. Asks for $10,000 a Mile for 300 Miles—Prendergast Rewarded—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Crow's Nest Railway is the question in Canadian politics to-day and it is likely that it will be considered in council to-morrow. The sub-committee, which has been devoting a good deal of attention to the subject for the past 10 days, is about ready with its report. It is said that the Ministers, recognising the peculiar position in which a Government road in the Rockies would be placed, as regards its connections, will recommend that aid be given to the C.P.R. to construct the line. Mr. Blair spent three weeks in the Kootenay district and came away thoroughly imbued with the idea of safeguarding the interests of the public in the matter of freight rates. Indeed, Mr. Blair himself would prefer a Government railway, and it is rumored has only deferred to the views of his other colleagues on condition that the C.P.R. forgoes the clause in its charter which forbids any interference with freight rates until such time as the company is earning 10 per cent. on the capital invested. It is stated that this is the offer which will be made to the C.P.R., and that from this there will be no deviation.

Dr. Milne of Victoria, who has a good deal to say on Government matters in British Columbia, has not given up the fight for an independent line. During the past two or three days he has diligently interviewed members of Parliament to secure their influence for a Government or independent road from the coast to Lethbridge.

It transpires that the offer of the C.P.R., as presented by Mr. Shaughnessy last week, asked a bonus of $10,000 per mile for 300 miles, in return for which the company would construct and equip the line from Lethbridge to Nelson, and have it in operation by next January. The company agreed to submit to any reasonable terms imposed by the Government as to freight rates and running powers to other companies over the line.

J. E. Prendergast, former Provincial Secretary in the Greenway Cabinet, has got his reward, an Order-in-Council having been passed appointing him to a county judgship from March 1. It will be remembered that Mr. Prendergast recently resigned his seat for St. Boniface and espoused the Laurier settlement of the school matter.

Mr. Fielding has not yet decided whether he will send the Superintendent of Insurance to Boston to examine into the affairs of Massachusetts Benefit Association, as requested by Mr. Lount, M.P. A high authority to-day discussed the point as to whether the Government can take any action in the matter on behalf of the policyholders. In ordinary mutual insurance the companies practically have the power to make the premiums as high as they like. People who go in for mutual benefit insurance assume that risk in so doing. But Mr. Lount, who is acting for the Canadian policyholders of the company, takes the position that when the Canadian Mutual Company transferred its business in 1892 to the Massachusetts Company there was an agreement as to maximum premium charges. It is stated that the company's assessments in the United States are equally as high as in Canada; that in fact, the organization is making a fight to keep up, and is only demanding unusual payments from its policy holders because of an unusual death rate. There is a desire also to squeeze out old policy-holders and run the business on good risks, that is with young men.

Hon. E. H. Bronson, M. L. A., for Ottawa, is in a precarious state of health, and yesterday was so ill as to cause fears that his recovery was doubtful. He was attacked by heart failure and for a while it was a question as to whether the end was not very close. Six medical men were unremitting in their attentions upon him. The family were summoned, but toward evening the Minister rallied and this morning is much better, but very weak. The trouble is explained as being a collapse of the nerves affecting the heart's action, the primary cause being prolonged over-exertion. Mr. Bronson will have to take a rest from all business cares for some considerable time.

Domat Grand Maitre, a 7-year-old boy living in Hull, was almost instantly killed yesterday by a telegraph pole falling upon him while passing along the street, where employes of the Hull Electric Company were working erecting new poles. The employes were removing a pole from a hole to put it in another, when it fell on the child, who happened to pass at the time, coming from school. The boy had his skull crushed and his face badly cut. He was taken to his father's residence, where he died two hours afterwards.

Coroner Graham was called and held an inquest this morning. After examining a number of witnesses, the following verdict was returned by the jury: "That death was caused by the falling of a telegraph pole, and that the employes are to blame for not taking the necessary precaution in their work."

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
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TRADE AUCTIONEERS,
64 Wellington St West, Toronto.
Spring Opening
TRADE SALE
Wednesday & Thursday
MARCH 3rd and 4th.
New Dry Goods,
British Consignments,
Dress Goods, Fancy Prints, Indigo Prints,
Navy, Fancy Spot Cretonnes,
Furniture, Prints, Ptd. Flannelettes
Velveteens, Handkerchiefs,
Braces, Worsteds, Tweeds, Etc.
All new goods direct from
ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS.
Consignors intending shipping for this sale will do well to send in invoices early, as the catalogue will be published on Thursday, February 25th.

You'll Have Comfort
Riding
Dunlop Tires.
You can rely on them—they are made on the best and simplest principle, and are world famous for their worth and durability.
If a possible puncture occurs

Your hands are the only tools needed to swiftly repair it.
Examine them—ride them. They're fully guaranteed.
American Dunlop Tire Co.,
Lombard St., Toronto.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 26 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 3 to 5 p.m. eve[illegible]

[illegible] the victim of Tu[illegible]'s shooting accident at [illegible] died in the Water-street Hospital this morning. Mr. Christian [illegible] intense misery for some time [illegible] was 25 years of age and was [illegible] a soldier. The lad served [illegible] years in the British army, and [illegible] time of his death he was a member of the P. L. D. G. and caretaker of their armory. The funeral will be a military one, and the expenses will be borne by the officers of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards.

Notice is given of application to Parliament for incorporation of three new insurance companies. Two of these are for life insurance and the third for the purpose of insuring against bad debts. Once before this branch of insurance was tried in Canada, but did not turn out an unqualified success, and in the end the company retired from business.

The Canada Gazette to-morrow will contain new rules of road at sea, which were adopted by a special committee appointed at the instance of the Imperial Board of Trade and approved by the Imperial Government. They go into effect on July 1 next.

The mercury took a sudden drop last night and fell to 10 degrees below zero.

Mr. Oscar McDonell, who has been under treatment in New York re-

Continued on Page 5.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 520 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 35cod

For Sale
OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Westerly winds; fair and cold today; higher temperature to-morrow.

R. F.

DRESS MAKING DEPARTMENT.
SPRING OPENING
The many patrons of the Golden Lion will be pleased to learn that MISS NEILD will re-open our Dress and Mantle Order Department on MONDAY, the 1st March.
New Spring Dress Goods Opened Up
Our New Spring Importations in separate Costume Dresses, high-class Dress Goods, Medium Grade Dress Goods and Tweeds, Dress Silks, Blouse Silks are on a larger and grander scale than any previous season, and all designs are confined to this store. These Goods are marked at very close prices.
A FEW PRICES
FROM OUR DRESS GOODS COUNTERS
42 inch All Wool Serges, good quality, all colors 25c; 44 Heavy All Wool Serges, all colors, special at 35c; 50 inch new Spring Tweeds, worth 50c., special price for the spring, 35 cents.
WE ARE ALSO
In receipt of our own direct importations in New Spring Blouse Prints, Blouse Muslins, Dress Muslins, the latest creations of the London and New York markets. We cordially invite the inspection of ladies. Umbrellas recovered while you wait.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS.
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR:
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Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 236 Stewart Street. Telephone.

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Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
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AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
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WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
298 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215. Day or night.

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

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Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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EDWIN BLOOMS,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600 000
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HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

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FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

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Good

Blood is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's

Blood

Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

From

Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished so many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of disease. Thousands today enjoy good health as the natural result of taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 27, 1897

BRITISH KINSHIP

THE gathering of all the Premiers of the self-governing colonies of Great Britain, which will be held in connection with the great jubilee celebration and at which Canada will be represented by Mr Laurier, will be one of no mean significance. The meeting between these colonial leaders and the men who are the head of affairs in Britain cannot result in anything but a better understanding of one another and a feeling of closer kinship. This latter feeling will also be inspired throughout the whole of the British Empire. The pride which England takes in her colonies and the warm interest she has in them is well indicated in a speech delivered by Hon Joseph Chamberlain at Birmingham on January 30th. In this speech there is a portion which will bear reproduction, owing to its expression of the kinship that exists throughout the the Empire over which the Union Jack waves. Hon Mr Chamberlain said:

"You will have seen that a proposal has been made and is being carried out to secure a demonstration and that an invitation has been addressed to the Prime Ministers of all the self-governing colonies of the Empire to come to England to take part in this unique ceremonial. I have every reason from the replies I have received, to believe that the invitation has been gratifying to the colonies, and that it will be received in the spirit in which it has been tendered. These gentlemen will come here as guests of the Queen. (Cheers.) And who are they? They are the rulers of kingdoms almost all of which are many fold larger than the United Kingdom itself, and all of them inhabited by considerable populations, and are destined to become at no distant date great nations, animated, as I hope and believe, by affection and regard for the great Motherland that has given them birth, and that has instilled into their hearts those sentiments of equal justice and ordered liberty which have hitherto accompanied their progress as independent and self-governing states. (Cheers.) I hope that we shall have the opportunity—not merely in London, but in our great provincial centres—(Hear, hear)—of welcoming these rulers of states beyond the sea, these men who under the Queen are the constitutional heads of the communities which, by their choice, have selected them to preside over the destines of these provinces of a great empire. We shall have them; we shall have at the same time a representation of the great Crown colonies with their infinite variety of climate and of production, and in this way we will secure a demonstration that no other country can make (cheers)—a demonstration of power, of influence, and of beneficent work which will be a fitting tribute to the best and most revered of English sovereigns. (Cheers.) It is my belief that great good will result from this gathering, that a meeting between those who represent in so marked a degree the interests of the great colonies, and the members of Her Majesty's Government will lead to an interchange of ideas about matters of common and material interest, about closer commercial union (Hear, hear), about the representation of the colonies, about common defence, about legislation, about other questions of equal importance, which cannot but be productive of the most fruitful results. (Hear, hear.) But after all this is the great motive which influences the Government—we want to show to these gentlemen, we want to show to the colonies that they worthily represent that the days of apathy and indifference have long ago passed away. We want to prove to them that we are as proud of them as we believe that they are proud of us. (Cheers.) We want to show them that we have confidence in their future and that we have hope in their closer union with ourselves, so that in the future the British Empire, founded upon freedom, buttressed by the affection of its several members, fortified by mutual interest shall stand impregnable and unassailable four-square to all the winds that blow.'" (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

THE Toronto Globe is now a friend of the C.P.R. and favors the request of that company that it be allowed to construct the Crow's Nest railway. The change of the party in power at Ottawa and other things work great changes in the views of the great Liberal organ, and also of many Liberals.

WHAT a difference between the findings of Liberal commissioners that have been investigating charges of "offensive partisanship" against Dominion officials and the Liberal commissioner who investigated the charges against Registrar Mallory. It was indeed fortunate for the latter that he was an ex-Liberal M.P.P., and a good Grit.

HON Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, made a speech at the meeting of the Dominion Temperance Alliance at Montreal on Thursday, in which he urged organization for the plebiscite vote and dwelt upon the importance of the temperance cause. In this speech he said that "the plebiscitory law was in charge of Sir Oliver Mowat, who had stamped upon the laws of Ontario, and particularly upon its license laws, his own strong characteristics, which had made them, from the point of view of temperance, strong and good laws." This will be a matter for doubtful gratification to temperance workers, for Ontario's license law was characterized by more machine manipulation than any other system in this province. Sir Oliver's record on temperance legislation has been of a very peculiar character, and its peculiarities have always been against the interest of temperance when the law came to be enforced.

THE bill introduced in the Legislature to amend the Liquor License Act will not likely result in any particular changes in Peterborough. The abolition of saloons, judging from past experience in Peterborough and the manner in which the license law was administered, means nothing at all, as the conditions can be met. There is one amendment that we have not noticed amongst those proposed, and that is one giving the municipalities power to name the licensee that are to be cancelled if a reduction in the number of licenses is decided upon. Peterborough had one experience in this respect which evidenced the necessity there is for the possession of such power on the part of the municipality if any civic legislation for the reduction of licenses is to be effective.

KIDNEY PAIN

John Snell of Wingham, Ont., was in a Maelstrom of Pain and Agony From Diseased Kidneys—South American Kidney Cure was the Welcome "Life Preserver."—It Relieves Instantly and Cures Surely.

"Five years ago I had a severe attack of La Grippe which affected my kidneys and caused intense pains in my back and urinary organs. I suffered untold misery at times I could not walk, and any standing position gave me intense pain. I became worse so rapidly that my family became alarmed. Just at this time I noticed South American Kidney Cure advertised. Although I had little faith left in any remedy—having tried so many worthless ones—but a drowning man will grasp at a straw, and I procured a bottle. In a few days it had worked wonders, and before have a bottle was taken I was totally relieved of pain and two bottles completely cured me." For sale by H. S, MacDonald.

Canada's Mineral Production

Montreal Gazette.

THE latest bulletin of the Geological Survey Mining Department shows the mineral industry to be the most progressive in Canada. The value of the output since 1886, when the Survey began to issue annual statistics, has increased very nearly 100 per cent. Here is the record by years:

1896	$23,627,305
1895	22,000,000
1894	20,900,000
1893	19,250,000
1892	19,500,000
1891	20,500,000
1890	18,000,000
1889	14,500,000
1888	13,500,000
1887	12,500,000
1886	12,000,000

Naturally, following the discoveries in the British Columbia mining region and the incentive to active operations in other parts of the country their exploitation created, the growth in value of output has been chiefly in the metallic division, including copper, gold, iron ore, lead, mercury, nickel, silver, platinum, etc. In these the growth in value in eleven years has been within a fraction of four-fold. The figures are:—

1886-88 (average)	$2,133,474
1894, production	4,594,995
1895, production	6,373,925
1896, production	8,039,646

The increase has been largely in the last two years, it will be noted, and to it British Columbia has contributed, besides the greatest value in gold and silver, large values in copper and lead, which are found in combination with the ores of the more precious metals. It gave to the country in the year $1,798,000 of gold, $2,160,000 of silver, and some $400,000 of copper, besides a large value in lead. Against these satisfactory features there are noted, in this department, decreases in the production of nickel and iron ore For the first no cause is given. The second is attributed to the dull state of the iron market during 1896, a condition that, happily, now gives promise of soon passing away, when, if nothing untoward occurs, a renewal of growth in this branch of industry should be experienced.]

In the non-metallic division, which includes a large variety of articles, from mica to mineral water, the growth has not been so marked as in the metals. The figures are as follows:—

1886-8, average	$ 9,598,334
1894, production	16,057,330
1895 "	15,295,231
1896 "	15,087,665

The falling off noted is chiefly in the subdivision of structural materials, and is no doubt to be attributed to causes of the same nature as led to the decline, in the past two years, in iron ore production, above alluded to, and arising out of the general dulness of trade. There are, however, some satisfactory features to be noted in spite of the drawbacks. The article of coal, which contributes nearly one-half of the total to the value of the division last year, exceeded the production of 1895, in spite of the slowness in trade, a fact due to the greater activity in Nova Scotia. The following shows the movement of the principal items in the non-metallic division since 1896:—

	Average. 1886-8	Product. 1895	Product. 1896
Asbestos	$ 229,411	368,175	429,856
Coal	5,011,882	7,727,446	8,006,305
Coke	124,024	143,007	111,560
Gypsum	179,804	202,608	174,403
Miner'l water	11,456	126,048	111,736
Natural gas	. ....	423,032	276,301
Petroleum	596,412	1,090,520	1,155,646
Phosphate	288,812	9,565	3,990
Pyrites	216,642	102,594	101,155
Salt	193,016	160,455	169,677
Bricks	965,678	1,670,000	1,600,000
Bull'g stone	612,162	1,095,000	1,000,000
Lime	339,529	700,000	650,000

The disappearance of the phosphate trade and the falling off in the output of natural gas are noteworthy instances of the effects, in regard to the first, of the discovery of larger and better situated deposits, and, in the second, of the exhaustion of the supply. This latter appears to be a danger to which natural gas areas are peculiarly liable. It has been noted in the United States, as well as in the Welland district in Ontario, where the falling off chiefly took place. By many it was feared that the petroleum areas would be subject to similar danger; but the figures of the bulletin do not bear out the theory. The output of the Canadian wells last year was greater than ten years ago, and this in spite of a very material reduction of the protection they had against foreign competition. On the whole the Canadian mineral industry can be said to show many signs of healthy growth, that it can reasonably be hoped will be greatly increased in the immediate future.

BLAZE AT OWEN SOUND.

Parker's Block and the Tenants Therein Suffer Considerable Loss.

Owen Sound, Feb. 26.—(Special.)—Fire was discovered at 7.30 this morning in Parker's new block at the north end of Poulett-street. It commenced in the rear of the law offices of Creasor & Smith, on the first floor, where a good deal of damage was done, and then burned through the floor into the large grocery establishment of Priest & Spragge, causing much injury to the stock. The weather was extremely cold at the time and difficulty was experienced by the firemen in getting the fire out. The loss will amount to $2000, divided between S. J. Parker, owner of the block, and Messrs. Creasor & Smith and Priest & Spragge, and is fully covered by insurance.

"Down Brakes, and Reverse!"

When a train is discovered rushing on to a frightful collision, it is a thrilling instant as the engineer whistles "Down brakes!" and reverses his lever. Brakes alone are not enough; the whole propelling power of the engine must be reversed and made to work in the opposite direction. That is how it is sometimes with disease.

There are times when the system is flying along the track of disease at such a frightful pace that no ordinary methods will prevent disaster. There are plenty of medicines which act merely as brakes to "slow up" the disease and put off disaster for a little while; but that isn't enough. What is needed is a medicine that will instantly reverse the entire wasting, degenerating process.

When people are losing flesh and strength and vitality, with the life oozing out of them day after day, they need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which acts directly upon the vital forces, completely transforms the entire nutritive organism and totally reverses the wasting, debilitating process which is at the root of all diseases.

It enables the digestive and blood-making organs to supply the circulation with an abundance of pure, healthy, red blood. It stops the wasting of tissue, builds up solid muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

Miss Mary Whitman, of East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y., writes: "For nearly ten months I have had a bad cough, and instead of getting better, it grew worse, until I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I hesitated at first, for it seemed to me nothing would give relief only death. My parents were anxious about me, and I was said to have consumption. I tried your medicines, and before I had taken many doses there was a great change. When the second bottle was empty I had no cough and was a great deal stronger."

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS.

Proposed Changes in the License Regulations—Personal Paragraphs.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Mrs John Tait, sr, was at Port Hope last week attending the funeral of her sister, Mrs Clegg, relict of the late John Clegg, of Millbrook. The deceased was formerly a resident in these parts.... Dr W E Tilley, of Bowmanville, was at the home of Mr Jas L Fair last Tuesday night.... Miss Merrit, of Millbrook, spent last week at the home of Mr Wm Byers.... We are pleased to note that Mr H Armstrong, son of Mr David Armstrong, who has been ill, is able to be out again this week.... Last Wednesday, in Millbrook, we had the pleasure of meeting Mr R M Waddell, son of Mr Hugh Waddell, of Peterborough, a former resident here.... Mr McLaughlin, of Cartwright, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs Johnston Fair.

LICENSES.—Mr J J Fair was at Port Hope last Saturday attending a meeting of the East Durham License Board, when some new regulations were brought forward—earlier closing during the week and the removal of blinds and shutters from the windows of bar rooms during closed hours, so that the people can see inside and thus strive to prevent illegal traffic. But the resolutions were laid over until the next meeting in March to see what changes the Legislature now in session will make in the Liquor License Act.

BUILDING.—Mr R Deyell is making preparations to erect a new house on his farm recently purchased. This looks like business.

BOY SINGS.—Quite a number from this part went to Millbrook Anglican church last Sunday night to hear Master Eddie Cook, soloist of St James cathedral, Toronto, sing and he is undoubtedly a great singer.

Will It Be Success or Failure?

Your Decision Means Life or Death

Paine's Celery Compound Guarantees New Life and Long Years.

The Use of Medicines That Have No Record or Reputation is Foolish and Suicidal.

You must choose between success or failure—health and misery—suffering brother or sister. Your decision or verdict means either life or death.

Paine's Celery Compound guarantees freedom from disease; it gives to the sick one health, strength and long years of life. The use of medicines that have no reputation or record to commend them means prolonged agony and death. The wise and prudent make use of Paine's Celery Compound; the foolish experiment with anything that is suggested to them.

Paine's Celery Compound is the world's grand life-boat that has so successfully rescued tens of thousands from the storms and tempests of ravaging disease. Will you while struggling in the billows of suffering, trust the life-saving and life-giving powers of Paine's Celery Compound? Be assured it is able to rescue those who are in the most desperate straits, and will land them safely on the solid rock of health.

Paine's Celery Compound has done a mighty work for your friends and neighbors in past times; its work goes on every day successfully and triumphantly, spreading joy and gladness everywhere.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH.

Talks to a New York Interviewer on the Leading Topics of the Day.

New York, Feb. 26.—Professor Goldwin Smith of Toronto, Canada, who is at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, will attend the banquet of the Alumnae of Cornell University to-morrow night at the Waldorf Hotel. When seen to-day he said that the people in Canada were greatly irritated by Congressman Corliss' clause in the Immigration Bill now before President Cleveland for signature. Congressman Corliss lives in Detroit and the clause he did insert prohibits aliens from residing in Canada and doing business daily in this country.

"It prevents those Canadians," added the Professor, "who reside opposite Detroit, and those small towns opposite Buffalo, and Niagara Falls from coming over daily and working. It is not only an absurd law, if it becomes law, but it is the veriest clap-trap imaginable. Congressman Corliss is evidently endeavoring to make political capital by it and I hope the President will veto it.

"I understand that the President has sent the bill to Secretary Olney to hear his report on it. As I said, it is claptrap, and I will show how utterly absurd and uncalled for such legislation is. It is true many Canadians living in these small towns, the suburbs of Detroit, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, have employment in the latter cities. They take out of these places a little money. In fact I suppose they do their trading and their wives do their shopping in the larger cities. But say they do take much of their money into Canada, why, the entire amount would not equal the sum spent by a United States millionaire in one European summer trip. But I do not believe they save as much in Canada as they spend in the cities where they are employed."

"What will Canada do if the bill becomes law?"

"Canada will pass retaliatory measures, of course, and much irritation and unkind feeling will be engendered. Already there is much feeling on the subject and the Canadians who are anti-United States are not slow in expressing their opinions and making the best of the situation. What must the friends of this country in Canada think, if such a bill becomes law? I am not attacking the bill generally, but the clause that Congressman Corliss had inserted. It is unjust discrimination against a friendly and neighborly nation and is inspired by politics alone. I hope the papers of this country will point out the absurdity of such a clause and prevent, if possible, its enactment."

"Have you any idea what kind of retaliatory laws Canada would enact?"

"That is for the future. But why should not Canada resent any thing so preposterous and unjust?"

The Professor talked about the Cuban question and the situation in Crete in answer to questions. He said that it would be a serious mistake for the United States to annex Cuba. "It would give," he added," great trouble to this country and be a never-ending source of discord and bickering. Look at Hayti, for instance, even as a republic; it has not cut a figure that liberty-loving people can be proud of. Naturally the United States would like to see the Cubans have complete autonomy."

In regard to Crete, he did not anticipate a war in Europe in the settlement of the question.

"Greece," he added, "must certainly have some great power behind her, or else she would not maintain her present bold and defiant attitude. I think that the power must be Russia. The latter Empire never changes her policy and she still has her eyes fixed on Constantinople.

"But what England fears most is a holy Moslem war. If the Turkish Caliph should proclaim a holy war, that would mean a general uprising in India and massacres of all the Christians in Asia Minor and other Turkish provinces. England has only about 30,000 soldiers to oppose the 100,000 soldiers of the Sultan. True, the Turkish soldiers are badly officered, but they are good soldiers, fearless and fatalists. They fight well. As for a sea fight with another great power, there is much speculation about the outcome. There is no glory, as there used to be in sea fights, when the vessels came near each other and often grappled and continued the struggle over the decks. It is all long range, and the brave marines and officers go down in an iron case to the bottom of the sea. Admiral Farragut, when they desired him to leave his wooden ship for an iron one, remarked something to the effect that he did not care to go to hades in an iron pot. Naval warfare now means great destruction and much uncertainty as to the outcome. The great powers are of course careful and do not wish to get into a war with each other."

Mr. Smith said the jingoes in Europe did not know what they were doing and he called Gladstone's war utterances the talk of an old man in his dotage.

McCook is Fastidious.

New York, Feb. 26.—A despatch received here to-night from Canton, O., says: "There is no longer any question that Col. J. J. McCook of New York has absolutely declined to accept any position in the Cabinet except Attorney-General."

Killed His Wife and Himself.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—During a quarrel this afternoon Frederick Rosell, a saloon keeper at 5028 Ashland avenue, shot and instantly killed his wife, and then shot and killed himself.

The Fortifications Bill.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Senate Committee made very little change in the fortifications bill which was reported to-day. They add $463,816, making the total $9,717,141. The estimates called for $18,410,256.

A Dangerous Method.

Young Clergyman—Would you advise me to write my sermons?

Old Clergyman—No. I think it is better to preach without manuscript. But you should first study your subject until you become thoroughly saturated with it. What is your topic for next Sunday?

Young Clergyman—The Rum Demon.

A Quick Deduction.

"This boat seems pretty cranky. Is she perfectly safe for two?"
"Married or single?"
"Married."
"Yes."

AN EVIDENCE OF BAD TASTE.

What is more wretched or ugly than a miserable, faded looking black? Such blacks when seen in ladies' home or street dresses, or in men's wearing apparel are evidences of bad taste, poor judgement and indifference.

The sickly and repulsive blacks just referred to are products of inferior and worthless black dyes.

Had the never-fading Fast Black Diamond Dyes been used the result would have rich, full, clear and lovely jet blacks.

Diamond Dye Fast Blacks will not crock, fade or wash out; they are fast to light, soap and water, and are the strongest and easiest to use.

Beware of the dealer who asks you to take a substitute for Diamond Dyes.

Successful Strategy.

Four-year-old Nell was visiting her aunt, and her big cousin dressed for the morning walk, stopped for a few minutes to entertain the little visitor. Her efforts seemed in vain, however, until, picking up a mandolin, she played a simple melody. Nell listened in seeming entrancement, and, when the last note had been struck, the little one pleaded for a repetition. So the big cousin, not a little complimented, did so.

"Play it again," begged Nell when the piece was once more finished.

And "Play it again" she coaxed when the melody had been worn quite threadbare from constant repetition.

"You're very fond of music," said Cousin May patronizingly.

The little one shook her head. "No," she said, "but," and she laughed gleefully. "I love to watch you play—your plumes do bob up and down so funny."—New York World.

Not a Case of the Heart.

They stood at her door, and there seemed to be some constraint between them.

He was a trifle older than she; and she had the advantage of him in looks, too.

In his eyes there was supplication, and in hers there were disdain, scorn, rejection.

"If I might—" he began.

"No, sir," she interrupted. "It is totally unnecessary."

"But—"
"I do not wish to hear you."
"One word—"
"Not one, sir."
"Well, if you won't—"
"I want nothing you can offer me."
"But, I—"
"Once for all, I tell you I want no tinware to-day."

She shut the door and went in, and the peddler went on to the next house.

His Winning Combination.

The plumber was sore of heart and sad,
As he gazed at the sunny sky,
And he thought of the lack of jobs he'd had
And he heaved a dolorous sigh.

But at last he smiled at the blinking sun
And he threw his lead pipe down,
For he thought of a plan that would make him one
Of the wealthiest man in town.

And the scheme was a winner from the day
That it first popped into his mind,
Now, a richer man than he, they say,
Would be very hard to find.

And his plan was one, I'll say to you,
Such as man seldom strikes;
He plumbs when there's any plumbing to do
And he also doctors bikes.

Contents of a Loaf of Bread.

According to scientists, a typical loaf of bread contains 38 per cent. of water, ten per cent. of protein, two per cent. of fat, and 49 per cent. of sugar, and some other carbohydrates. To this must be added one per cent. of "ash" and perhaps more if the oven is too hot.

SHATTERED NERNES AND PARALYSIS

Shattered Nerves Developed Nervous Prostration—Nervous Prostration Developed Total Paralysis of One Side—Great South American Nervine in the Teeth of Most Adverse and Complicated Circumstances Overcome All, and Restores Wife and Mother in Good Health to Her Family—These Are the Written Words of Edward Parr, Surry Centre, B C.

"My wife was taken bad last August with nervous prostration, which later on developed into paralysis of one side. We tried many remedies, but all in vain. I thought I would try South American Nervine, having seen it advertised in the New Westminster, B C., papers, and I am glad to be able to say that the result after taking three bottles was an astonishment to myself and family. It worked wonders for her and we cannot speak too highly of this great remedy." No case too acute or of too long standing to defy its wonderful merits. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY.

Continued from page 1.

turned to Ottawa in a very bad state of health.

Lieut. Paul Weatherbee of Halifax, N. S., has been appointed architect of the Militia Department, in place of Lieut. Fred White. Mr. Weatherbee is a son of Judge Weatherbee, and a graduate of the Royal Military College of Kingston.

The hydrants in the public buildings have been equipped with new hose.

It is proposed to dredge the Rideau River from its junction with the Ottawa for about half a mile up, to lessen danger of spring floods.

In the Supreme Court to-day, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Q. C., and Mr. Ferguson, Q. C., on behalf of the respondent, moved to quash the appeal entered in Demers v. Bank of Montreal for want of jurisdiction, the appeal being from a mere interlocutory order. Lane, contra, opposed the motion on the ground that the appellant was by the order finally deprived of the right to have a trial by jury. Motion allowed with costs. Cream v. Davidson was next called.

Mr. Pottinger, general manager of Government railways, is in the city.

Mr. William Wainwright of the Grand Trunk is here to see the Minister of Railways.

Major General Gascoigne has been suffering from an attack of grip, but is back to departmental work again and now it is the Adjutant General, Col. Aylmer, who is temporarily on the retired list from the same cause.

Aphorisms.

Diligence is the mother of good fortune.—Cervantes.

Flattery labors under the odious charge of servility.—Tacitus.

Nothing resembles pride so much as discouragement.—Amiel.

Curiosity is one of the forms of feminine bravery.—Victor Hugo.

Censure is a tax man pays to the public for being eminent.—Swift.

I hold that gentlemen to be best dressed whose dress no one observes.—Trollope.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

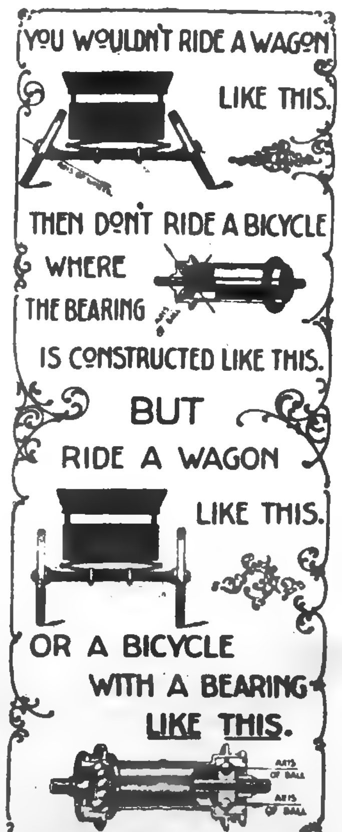
Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 23

A Separate Cure for Each Disease
AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,
AGENT.

YOU TASTED IT AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.........

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

You can get it now from your Grocer.

Ask him for a 10 cent package and try it again.

Sold in lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers

QUICKCURE

Boils.

Unnecessary pain is often caused by ignorance of what a boil really is. It does'nt come from the **inside**, as many suppose, and require to be "drawn out" by painful poulticing, etc. A boil is a microbe **in the skin** and can be removed without pain, without lancing or poulticing, by a simple little plaster made with

'Quickcure'

COLIN SEWELL, M. D., Edn., Dty. Surgeon General, R. C. A. Quebec, writes; —"I have found it a *valuable abortive* for the *suppression* of boils, etc.

which destroys the microbe—soothes the pain—reduces the inflammation and heals the skin.

Sold by druggists everywhere in little white glass pots, with nickel covers, 25c., 50c. and $1.00. If your druggist has run out of it, insist on his ordering it for you, or write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE QUICKCURE QUICKCURE

SHUTTING DOWN
—ON—
LONG-WINDED CREDIT.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 10th., 1897.

NOTICE---From and after this date, Messrs. H. LeBRUN & CO. have decided to shorten the Term of Credit heretofore given, and, in future, no goods will be sold except for Cash, or on such limited time as may be mutually arranged.

We believe the safest way to do business in these days is to sell for Cash The next way is to sell on short dates. Many of our customers who have regularly paid their bills after a reasonable term of credit, would perhaps feel the "Spot Cash" system a hardship, especially while times are so hard and money so scarce. We regard these customers as among the best we have and are quite satisfied to continue to extend to them the same terms of limited credit they have been accustomed to enjoy.

Our chief complaint is with the "long winded" customer, who compels us to say that he makes business life a down-right worry. It makes no difference to us who he is—a man is worth a million if he won't pay his account. When we need money for our business and are repeatedly put off with "promises to pay" by those who are well able to pay, we have no use for such trade. If every customer treated us in that way we could not carry on business at all. Besides, it is very disagreeable to us to have to "dun" a customer half a dozen times, or spend the profits in postage stamps, and wearing out shoe leather to boot. We are compelled, therefore, to shut down at once on long credits. Those who can't pay within a reasonable time, we don't want their account in the future.

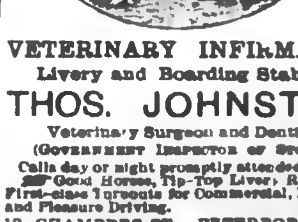
There is a revolution all over the country in favor of Cash or Shorter Credits. Cash is a more powerful friend now than ever, and if we must compete with the Cash Stores, who save their discounts; we can't afford to give long credit. Wholesale houses are now offering such big baits in the way of Cash Discounts that we must be prepared to take advantage of them or be handicapped.

All past due Accounts must be settled by the 1st of March; after that date they will be placed in Court for collection. All parties having contra accounts against us are requested to hand them in for settlement at once.

H. LeBrun & Co.

George Street, Peterborough.

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing.
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In THE REVIEW.



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Livery and Boarding Stable.

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

THE STOCK IS NOW CHECKED OVER.

IT WILL TAKE A FEW DAYS TO MARK DOWN THE SELLING PRICES

OF THE

ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

THEN LOOK OUT FOR

A GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

Don't be misled by imaginative sales of bogus bankrupt stocks. There is nothing in the trade to touch this stock at the money. It will pay you to wait.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Enlipse Racer, weight 25 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

WAIT FOR THE ANNUAL

EXCURSION

OF THE

Peterborough Curling Club

—TO—

TORONTO

Wednesday, March 3rd,

Per Canadian Pacific Railway.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS **$2.00**

Tickets good for trains leaving Peterborough TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd March, and all trains on WEDNESDAY, March 3rd, to return on all trains up to last on THURSDAY Night.

W. J. ALLEN, Sec. Granite C.C. J. S. KNAPMAN, Sec. Thistle C.C.

BATTALION ORDERS

Issue of New Rifles.

Orders by Lieut Col. R. W. Bell, Commanding the 57th Battalion of Infantry, P. R.

AS A NEW ISSUE OF RIFLES IS ABOUT to take place, all Snider Rifles, Bayonets, Cartridge, Cleaning Rods and Slings belonging to the 57th Battalion, must be immediately returned into Stores for shipment to Headquarters. Any person outside the Battalion Limits having any of these articles in their possession after this date will certainly be prosecuted. All Belts, Helmets and other Accoutrements must also be immediately returned for semi-annual inspection.

By order.

E. F. MASON, Capt.-Adjt., 57th Batt.
Peterborough, February 25th, 1897. 2d49

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

This Preparation Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which may lead to Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Can be prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases. In the only Reliable and Honest Medicine Known. Ask Druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if Druggists some worthless medicine in place of this, Number price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

SPECIAL TO

TRAVELLERS!

This week only, a full line of *Trunks, Valises and Satchels* can be had at your own prices. Call and inspect our stock.

ROUTLEY'S OLD STAND

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Death at Campbellford.

Mr. Jas. Dinwoodie, an old resident of Campbellford, died last evening. He was well-known as a railroad contractor and built a number of bridges on the Grand Junction.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

"Owe No Man Anything."

This means that you should expect greater temporal happiness as well as prosperity if you "pay as you go." Read H. LeBrun & Co's. advertisement on this subject in another column. March will soon be here, and as Mr LeBrun requires all overdue accounts to be settled by the first of the month, there's not much time to lose. Kindly remember and act accordingly. 1w9 2d48

OAK HALL.

Personal

Mr. Walter Wesley is in town.

Rev. T. M. Campbell, of Campbellford, president of the Bay of Quinte Conference, while in town will be the guest of Mr. Thos. Morrow, Edinburgh-st.

Miss Flora Collins has returned from a visit to Toronto. The Chit Chat column of the Globe contains an account of an afternoon tea given in honor of Miss Collins and Miss Mairs, of Markham, by Mrs J. Wilkie Collins, of Toronto.

Mr Geo G Gladman, of Parry Sound, is in town on a visit to friends. He came down from Toronto last evening, having been a member of a deputation that waited on the Government urging the construction of the James Bay railway.

St Luke's Boy's Brigade.

St Luke's Boy's Brigade, No 57, will give an entertainment in St Luke's school house on Tuesday evening next, March 2nd. An excellent programme has been prepared, including a talk on "The Storming of Sebastopol," by Mr K Mark, who took part in that event, recitations by Holden Blackwell, songs, dialogues and readings. Admission 10c. 2d59

SEWER EXTENSION.

The question of sewer construction is agitating some of our citizens to a considerable degree at the present time, the cause giving rise to the agitation being the notice that has been given that the work of constructing sewers on certain streets will be proceeded with within one month after the last publication of the said notice. Opposition to the work has arisen, and petitions have been circulated having as their object the blocking of the work on certain streets. Petitions of this character have already been handed in from ratepayers on London and Rubidge-sts. Just what grounds are taken by all the petitioners is difficult to say, but there can be no doubt that the question of cost enters largely into the opposition, and does so undoubtedly from an erroneous idea of what the cost will be The other day we published the figures showing the cost that the sewers would entail on ratepayers, and it may be well to emphasize them by further reference.

First, let citizens consider well what sewer construction means. It will improve our sanitary condition and it will give conveniences to residences that are sorely needed. In fact, in the present day, when the value and importance of a proper system of sewerage has been so emphatically demonstrated and is so strongly urged by sanitary authorities, there should be no opposition to the progress of sewer construction in the thickly populated portion of a town like Peterborough. It means much to our present residents, and will cause our town to be more seriously considered by those who may look towards here as a possible place of residence. Sewerage construction and the completion of the proposed system should only be opposed on the grounds that the system is not well considered or is being rushed ahead without proper attention being paid to economy, present conditions and efficient accomplishment. There may be some citizens who do not desire the convenience and the advantages of sewers, but we are satisfied that these will realize their mistake once the sewers have been constructed. In any event it can be remembered that sewerage will become imperative in all parts of the town in a few years, notwithstanding that the soil may be gravelly, thereby preventing the most favorable condition in the absence of any better means for the absorption of waste matter.

Let us give the estimate of the cost as prepared by the town engineer and Councillor Best, chairman of the committee. For a 15 inch pipe sewer the cost is estimated at $1.55 per lineal foot, which means an annual tax on the ratepayer, in order to provide sinking fund, interest, etc., under thirty years debentures, of 5¼ cents per foot frontage. A 12-inch pipe sewer means an annual tax of 4¼ cents per foot frontage, while a 9-inch sewer would impose an annual tax of 3¼ cents per foot frontage. The latter would be the cost that would have to be borne by the majority of the ratepayers. On a lot with fifty feet frontage, which would be about an average, the cost every year to the ratepayer would be $1.75 for thirty years. This is not a serious burden when it brings a return in the form of sewer convenience and improved sanitary conditions. These figures given as an estimate should be fairly accurate for Mr. Belcher and Councillor Best have the work already done to guide them in their calculations, as well as the information they gathered by a visit of enquiry to Toronto. Citizens should consider well before they consent to oppose sewer construction. If they have objections to the work let them use the press and ask for explanations from the committee or the engineer before they sign petitions which are intended to block the work.

Paderewski's Rival.

The Toronto Globe says:—"Sieveking, the great Dutch pianist, has played in our fair city and taken our musicians by storm. This Mephisto of the piano is amongst the foremost artists of the world. Sieveking visited the warerooms of Gourlay, Winter & Leeming and while there played on the Gerard Heintzman grand. So greatly pleased was he with the instrument that he expressed a desire to meet the maker of such a magnificent piano, and accordingly visited Mr. Gerard Heintzman at his factory and was agreeably surprised to find such artistic pianos made in Canada. A magnificent 'Gerard Heintzman' upright was selected and sent to the Queen's hotel for the great pianist's private use while in Toronto over Sunday." Mr. Thos. Dunn is the agent in Peterborough for these pianos. 1w9 1d47

THE BOY'S BRIGADE

Several Branches Will be Formed in Sunday Schools in the Town

In all likelihood Boys' Brigades will be formed in a majority of the Sabbath schools of the town. A meeting to explain the objects of the brigade was held in St. Andrew's school room last evening and the boys of that church were well represented, a number of others also being present.

Mr A C McCallum explained that the brigade was founded about 12 years ago in Glasgow, Scotland, with the purpose of retaining the interest of the young people in the Sunday school. In Canada there were 142 companies, 426 officers and 5047 members. The object of the company is the advancement of Christ's Kingdom amongst the boys and the promotion of habits of obedience, reverence, discipline, self-respect and all that tends towards true christian manliness. The methods are military drill, gymnastic exercises, healthful games and sports, all coupled with religious and other useful instructions. Boys between 12 and 17 years of age are eligible as members, and the brigade shall be composed of companies to be connected with churches, missions, Sabbath schools and other christian organizations. Each company shall be under the command of a captain whose junior officers shall be lieutenants. The captain appoints non-commissioned officers by promotion from the ranks. Six companies form a battalion.

The boys present displayed much interest in the proceedings. St Andrew's, St Paul's and George-st. Methodist churches will have a boy's brigade added to their list of organizations. Another meeting will likely be held next week and proceed with the formation of the brigade. A branch of the brigade was recently organized in St. John's church.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the skin that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

MERITORIOUS ENTERTAINMENT.

The Fraser Mission Band of St. Paul's Church Scores Another Success.

The Fraser Mission Band provided an excellent programme at their entertainment in St Paul's school room last evening. It was a thoroughly appreciative audience and the numbers merited applause, as those participating in the programme acquitted themselves admirably.

Mr. W L Innes, C E, filled the chair efficiently and the programme which was introduced consisted of an instrumental duet by Misses Edith Hall and E Wrighton; song, "When the tide comes in," Mrs Mairs, reading, "Paddy the piper," by Mr C N Brown; instrumental solo, by Miss Alice H Roger; vocal duet, by Mrs Mein and Mr McKeown, recitation, by Miss Lola Ostrom; vocal quartette, "When the moon light comes again," by Mrs Mein, Miss Montgomery and Messrs Skeitch and Mein; instrumental duet, Misses Cameron; recitation, "The cattle thief," Master Holden Blackwell; song "Vesper Hour," Miss M Paterson; recitation, "The painter's sign," by Miss Lola Ostrom, solo, "Bide a wee," Miss E Carnegie, instrumental duet, Misses Lillian and Marion Hall; recitation, "The charge of the Light Brigade, Master Holden Blackwell.

While all the numbers were admirably rendered, the excellence of the recitations of Miss Lola Ostrom and Master Holden Blackwell deserve special comment. Miss Lola Ostrom has frequently caused Peterborough audiences to marvel at her wonderful powers of elocution and marked histrionic ability, and last evening she appeared at her best and was liberally applauded. Seldom has Master Blackwell been heard, but he bids fair to become a clever elocutionist. Though but a lad he possesses a remarkable voice and renders his selections with a power that indicates that his heart and soul are in his selection. In that difficult selection, "The Charge of the Light Brigade," he won the plaudits of the audience.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

T. A. C. TEAM WON THE MATCH

BUT THEY HAD TO PLAY HARD TO DEFEAT THE PETERBOROUGHS.

The Contest at Toronto was Fast and Exciting—The Peterboroughs Weak Team—The Score was 6 to 4.

A team composed of intermediates and seniors journeyed to Toronto last night and met the T A C seven, formed of some of the best hockey men in the Queen City.

The local boys were defeated by a score of 6 to 4, but they have no reason to feel ashamed as they put up a magnificent game with a weak team, in comparison with the seniors, against a fast team.

The report given by the Mail and Empire is full and impartial and reads as follows:

There was an exciting game of hockey at the Caledonian rink last night, when the Peterborough seven faced the T.A.C. team. The score was T.A.C. 6, Peterborough 4.

The visitors were without the services of King, Phales, Belleghem and Wasson, their goal-keeper, so that Graham and Crossley, two juniors, figured on the team, and Hollingshead, of the intermediate seven, was in goal, a position he had never played before.

It will be seen that the Toronto players were exhibiting new faces on the their aggregation.

Hellwell, of the Dominion Bank, was in goal; Labatt, of the Bank of Toronto, was on the forward line; and "Dutchy" Donaldson, the bright spot on the Wellington team, graced the Toronto seven.

Altogether the spectators saw:—

Peterborough—Goal, Hollingshead; point, Montgomery; cover point, Adams (capt); forwards, Ashe, Graham, Crossley, Davidson.

T A C—Goal, Helliwell; point, Windyer; cover point, McArthur; forwards, Carruthers, Labatt, Donaldson, Miller.

Referee Gordon Crawford, Bank of Toronto.

Umpires—E H Anderson, Imperial Bank, and J D Baillie, Tecumseh Lacrosse Club.

From end to end the players chased the puck until "Dutchy" Donaldson broke the ice for the home team by scoring on a neat pass from Carruthers.

Davidson and Ashe combined well in the second game, carrying the rubber up the rink, giving it into the keeping of Crossley, whose red cap took a circle or two and a game had been scored for Peterborough.

Graham, the junior, went down the ice alone with the disc. He delivered the message which Capt. Adams sent him on, when in two minutes he shot successfully, putting Peterborough ahead 2 to 1.

Donaldson stopped some manœuvres of Adams in the fourth game. Graham was doing lively work. Helliwell and Windyer cleared frequently. Labatt mistook the Peterborough stakes and shot crooked. "Holly," in the visitors' goal, lifted the puck far out of sight as he came down the ice in thunderbolt style, but he could not shoot with any degree of satisfaction. That was Peterborough's weakness all through. Windyer passed the multitude, but didn't score. The Peterborough point tried the same trick, and duplicated Windyer's feat, but ended by scoring. Peterborough 3, T A C 1.

"Geordie" Crawford rang his dinner bell, and the players hurried off the ice in search of a free lunch.

After half-time Carruthers made a pass with which Donaldson failed to connect, Hollingshead got in the way of a couple of fast shots from Donaldson and Carruthers. Helliwell stopped a fast shot just before Miller took the puck down to score for T A C. Peterborough 3, T A C 2.

Donaldson rushed a game through for the home men from a scrimmage in front of the visitors' goal. Peterborough 3, T A C 2.

"Dutchy" repeated this play in 1½ minutes.

Graham evened the score at four all after some very neat combination work on the part of the Peterborough forwards.

It took Miller just five minutes to get the three last goals, which gave the club men the match.

For an exhibition game the play was close and exciting. The Peterborough contingent present were well pleased with the hockey put up by their club, weakened, as they were by the absence of some of their best players.

MARRIAGE—A SUCCESS OR FAILURE

The Subject of an Interesting and Clever Lecture by Rev. J. J. Ree.

Rev J. J. Ree's lecture in Mark-st. church last night was attended by a large, appreciative, and well pleased audience. The chair was occupied by Mr. M. W. Matchett, president of the E. L. of C. E.

The programme was as follows:—Prayer, Mr J Herman Beer; solo, Miss Pascoe; scripture reading, solo, Miss Butcher; lecture, "Marriage—a success or a failure,"—Rev J J Ree; duet, Misses Stevens and De Land.

A hearty vote of thanks was, on motion of Mr. Sam Taylor, seconded by Mr Jas Reid, tendered to the lecturer of the evening, and to the others who assisted.

THE CHEESE MAKERS.

The Thirteenth Annual Meeting of the Peterborough Association.

The 13th annual meeting of the Peterborough Cheese Makers' Association will be held in the Council Chamber, on Wednesday, March 17th, inst. There will be two sessions, the morning session commencing at 10.30 o'clock and the afternoon session at 2 o'clock.

The morning session will be chiefly devoted to patrons of cheese factories and will be addressed by Mr. D. Derbyshire, of Brockville, one of the best up-to-date cheese men of eastern Ontario.

The afternoon session will be more particularly devoted to cheese and butter makers and will be addressed by Prof. Ruddick, superintendent of the Kingston dairy school, and other prominent men.

Patrons and cheese makers are urgently invited to attend as there is even yet many things of importance to be learned in connection with the great dairy interests of our country.

AN ANNUAL APPEAL.

Mr Geo Buskin in Town in the Interests of the Colportage Mission.

Mr. George Buskin, of the Algoma and Northwest Evangelical and Colportage Mission, is making his annual visit to Peterborough in the interest of the fourteenth year's work of the Mission. By its agency 15,000 copies of the Scriptures and scriptural books have been supplied there alone in eighteen languages. More than 600 religious services have also been conducted, and the 27th edition of rudimental scriptural publications in five languages necessary for evangelical work is now near completion. The liabilities for the publishing and supplies and the like amount in all to near $1,200. There is also being formulated by the Mission a ten-acre homestead colony and comfortable dwelling with necessary supplies for 1,000 families, and employment for as many of them as need upon an agricultural and dairy farm attached thereto. Applications have been presented for some time past to the Crown Lands Commissioner of Ontario for the knowledge of a suitable location. It is designed that the lands shall be the inalienable possession of the locatees and their heirs. The benevolent capitalists and the industrious poor can well unite in this matter to their mutual profit and the well being of the land of their adoption. The missionary will attend to any enquiries from those who would avail themselves of the proposed benefit.

The contributions received in Peterborough last year to further the work of the Corporate Mission was $29 90, which the missionary gratefully acknowedges and again respectfully presents the cause for renewed support to continue the work.

Important Foresters' Meeting

The Joint Committee of the C O F., four Courts, Langton, Little John and Peterborough, will meet for the transaction of important business on Monday evening, March 1st, in the Foresters' hall, Simcoe-st, at eight o'clock. By order, Wm. Menzies, Gen. Sec. 1d

Educational Sermons.

Sermons in the interest of the educational society of the Methodist church will be preached in the George and Charlotte-st churches tomorrow. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A., an able young divine, pastor of the Sherbourne-st Methodist church, one of the leading churches in Toronto, will preach in the Charlotte-st. church in the morning and at George-st. in the evening. Rev. T. M. Campbell, president of the Bay of Quinte Conference, will occupy the the pulpit of the George-st church in the morning and in Charlotte-st in the evening.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Natural Science Association.

The executive committee of the Natural Science Association are requested to meet in the Y. M. C. A. hall, March 1st, at 4.15 p. m. to arrange for a public lecture. J. A. Fife, B.A., President.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897, my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10f

Great Saturday Sale.

Two thousand copies of all the newest songs and two-steps, including Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century Girl, at 5c per copy Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d48tf

The Daughters' Concert.

A concert will be given by the Daughters of England society in the S. O. E. hall, Tuesday, March 2nd, at 8 o'clock. A good programme has been provided. Admission 10c. All welcome. Refreshments served at close.

A Lecture

Under the auspices of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, will be given by Rev J G Potter, on Friday evening, March 5th, in the school room of St Andrew's church. The title of the lecture will be "Eloquence of Art and Heart." Silver collection at the door. 3d

JUST OUT—
"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite post-office, Peterborough

YORK GOES TO THE CENTRAL.

Sentenced to Two Years, Less One Day, in the Central Prison.

Wm York, who has gained much prominence in town through his activity in Police Court circles, will spend two years less one day in the Central Prison, for stealing a horse from Henry O'Brien. The Magistrate sentenced York this morning, having found him guilty of the offence a few days ago.

Central Prison and its surroundings will not be unfamiliar to York. The chief informed the Magistrate this morning that York had been sentenced to the Central three times from Whitby and once from Lindsay. He also spent three years in the Kingston penitentiary.

York came to town a couple of years ago and made his debut in Police Court soon after his arrival and very seldom a month passed that he did not appear in Court.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

DOCTOR'S RESIDENCE.

Destroyed by a Fire at Omemee—A Farmer's Loss.

Omemee had a fire last evening. A lamp exploded in a bed room of the house occupied by Dr. Waldon, owned by Mrs. Marr, of Wilfrid, and in a short time the fire was beyond control. Owing to the efficent working of the Evans hand engine the fire was confined to the building, though the adjoining houses were in great danger, being very close and also wooden. Insured in the Western for $300.

A farm house occupied by P Callahan, about four miles north of Omemee, took fire yesterday morning and was totally consumed. Insured in London, Liverpool and Globe for $600.

Scurfy Head.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr Chase's Ointment.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Catholic Association Social

The Catholic Association will hold a social in their rooms, George-st., on Monday evening next, March 1st. A fine evening's enjoyment is promised. Excellent music and refreshment provided. Tickets 50 cents each. 3d

E B A Entertainment, March 17th

Cheap trip to South Africa and return, fare only 25 and 50 cents. Secure your tickets early and take passage at opera house on the above date. Mr R M Roy will act as magician and behold we are at the diamond mines, the charge of the "three hundred", burying the dead, President Kruger and wife and sixty other beautiful colored views. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d47

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TORONTO VICTORIAS DEFEATED

By Peterborough Curlers in the Contest for Boucher-Davison Medal.

In the first contest of the season in the Davison-Boucher medal contest, the Peterborough clubs won from the Toronto Victorias by the narrow margin of 7 shots. Twelve rinks were on the move all yesterday afternoon, the skating ice being utilized by three rinks from each club.

The medal was offered for competition between the two clubs by Dr Boucher, town, and Mr. W F Davison, of the Toronto Victorias, and this is the third year it has been competed for.

The contest yesterday afternoon was interesting from the beginning and as the rinks were finishing, it was uncertain which club was in the lead, but the big majorities Skips Hopkins and Boucher rolled up could not be overcome. Mr Hopkins skipped a quartette of colts and they piled up a big score against their opponents.

The scores were as follows:

PETERBOROUGH	TORONTO VICTORIAS
Rink No. 1.	
F J Rogers	T P Attrill
G H Giroux	V Armstrong
G S Matthews	A H Baines
Dr Boucher, skip.16	W F Davison, sk. 9
Rink No. 2.	
C LeBrun	H W Bickell
C N Brown	J C MacKay
E Ruther[illegible]	W W Belding
Geo J Ho[illegible].23	A F Webster, skip. 8
Rink No. 3.	
H Snowdon	R S Davidson
H LeBrun	B Jones
C Rutherford	Jas Tennant
T Rutherford, skip.11	J Bram, skip.....10
Rink No. 4.	
J D Collins	R Brown
W H Manson	R Southam
T E Bradburn	A E Plummer
D W Dumble, skip.15	Col Sweny, skip...21
Rink No. 5.	
O B Shortly	R Macdonald
J Crane	P Patterson
W Salisbury	Dr Gordon
J H Connal, skip..10	F O Cayley, skip...13
Rink No. 6.	
A J Terrill	W E Meredith
J Stanger	Jas Boomer
G Fitzgerald	C W Taylor
J B Pentland, skip.11	J Cruso, skip.....18
86	79

Majority for Peterborough, 7 shots.

Jack Cruso, well known in town, it will be seen, skipped one of the rinks.

The return match will be played in Toronto next Wednesday.

LINDSAY AGAIN.

Lindsay keeps on winning. Yesterday Sarnia was defeated in the match for the Governor General's cup at Hamilton. Lindsay will soon be forced to rent a building to store its trophies. Lindsay won the match by a big majority, 41 shots.

FOR THE LEBRUN MEDAL.

In the LeBrun medal contest a match took place between Skips Ray and Pentland last evening and Skip Ray had to fall before his opponent. The score was:

W Lech	A Terrill
C Rutherford	W Thompson
J Stanger	G Hay
S Ray, skip 13	J B Pentland, skip..17

Skip LeBrun and his rink sweep with new brooms now. In a match for the brooms last evening Mr LeBrun defeated a rink skipped by J D Baptie. The score was:

R Fortye	G Gough
A Blade	G Giroux
T Rutherford	G W Hatton
J D Baptie, skip..14	H LeBrun, skip....16

NOTES.

Lakefield curlers play at Norwood to-night.

A friendly game between Skips Allen and Belleghem brought forth a remarkable score, Skip Belleghem making 8 points on one end, the highest possible. Skip Allen a few minutes afterwards made a six end.

WONDERFUL.

Piles Cured in 3 to 6 Nights—Itching, Burning, Skin Diseases Relieved in One Day.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all cases of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Barbers' Itch, and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

Brevities.

—The Town Council will meet on Monday evening.

—This morning 10 degrees below zero was registered.

—The life of a tagless dog was ended this morning at the Police station.

—Chief Rossel wants an owner for a lady's fur collar picked up on the street to-day.

—Dr. Lynch of Lindsay, died yesterday from apoplexy. He was a well known practitioner.

—The W.C.T.U. will hold their regular meeting at the residence of Mrs. Geo. Paton, No. 292 Brock-st., on Monday at 3 30. A welcome to all.

—At a session of County Police Court at Norwood yesterday Magistrate Edmison ordered two pedlars to take out licenses and pay the costs of the action charging them with peddling without a license.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCIII.

THE ETHICS OF CITIZENSHIP—NO. 5.

Citizenship.

Prof. Macunn's chapter on "Citizenship" is one of the best in the book, and the following quotation deserves a place in the minds of us all:—"*Not the possession of rights, but the energetic use of rights makes the citizen; the real freeman is he who finds fulness of development in and through active civic life.*" Every right and every privilege entails duties. The base of the democratic state is the misuse of powers and privileges by the democracy. The individual man who sells his vote, or misuses it, is probably as great a sinner as the absolute monarch who impoverishes his people for his own selfish pleasures. "Never can it be enough realized, in democracies especially, that men become citizens in truth and in substance, only when they use their rights. We do not make a man a sportsman by the gift of the best of breech-loaders. Nor do we make him a citizen by conferring on him rights. Rights are not rewards, nor decorations, nor ends in themselves. They are advantages, they are opportunities, they are instruments."

***

The real advantages of the possession by the people of civic rights are to be found only in the intelligent and honorable and earnest use of their rights. The conditions upon which Mr. Macunn maintains that a man may become a good citizen are:—

1. The opportunity to earn an adequate livelihood. The workman who but barely escapes starvation is a bad bargain. A man who is capable and honest has a right to something more than this, and it is to the advantage of the community that he get it. An adequate livelihood is the foundation of that honest independence, which is the mother of courage, tenacity, endurance, thrift, cheerfulness, hope. Penury only too often wears away the moral stamina, and ends in meanness, servility, shiftiness, perhaps worse. An adequate livelihood means the opportunity for happy family life, for the advantages of education, for the rational recreation, for an interest in some of the common goods of life.

2. The second condition of intelligent and useful citizenship is physical health. The number of men and women who through unhealthy surroundings, insufficient nourishment, or a heavy burden of care, exist rather than live, work with pain and sorrow, rather than with that zest and enjoyment which congenial labour gives to a healthy man, is very great. I do not say that the healthy man earning a good livelihood should not strive to better his position, but it is certain that he has the two chief ingredients of happiness. Thousands have exchanged health for wealth and found the bargain a bad one. "I do not," said Edmund Burke, "call a healthy young man, cheerful in his mind, vigorous in his arm, I cannot call such a man poor.

3. To livelihood and health, Macunn adds participation in the influences of family life. The family is the training ground for citizenship. It stimulates industrial motives. It fosters political contentment. "And although it would be rash to deny that some of the world's best work is done by those who have no domestic relationship to divide their devotion, the central fact remains that no man can miss this relationship without sacrificing one of the great formative influences of citizenship."

But citizenship though it begins with the home does not end there. Political or civic rights are also an educational power. It has been said that no man should have a vote until he is fit to use it. But men only become fit to have votes by using them. After all it is not only the uneducated who misuse votes. We are very far from being perfect in the usage of votes. But as Mr. Macunn points out it is "better that men should learn the lesson of political citizenship, even at some cost of blundering, than that they never should learn it at all."

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It is refreshing to find that Prof. Macunn in discussing this splendid subject of citizenship, does not, as so many philosophers and writers are in the habit of doing, quietly put religion on one side, as though it were that one interest in life which could be hedged around and separated from every other interest. Of course the very opposite is the truth. Religion is simply nothing, a sham and a mockery, if it does not enter into and leaven every interest of life. Mazzini, the patriot of Italy, continually insisted upon the truth that not until democracy became a religious movement could it hope to carry the victory. A democratic citizenship needs the alliance of religion for the following reasons:

1 Religion brings to man, as nothing else can, a sense of personal responsibility. And democracy is very apt to be without this sense from its immense mass. It is like a corporation, that is said to have neither a body to be kicked, nor a soul to be saved.

2 Religion strengthens the individual against the tyranny of the majority. Religion can do this because behind all differences of creed, ritual or church government, it brings the perennial message that there is a power, with which the feeblest can ally himself, in comparison with which all the forces that can be arrayed against him are as the dust in the balance.

3 Religion "can habituate an ordinary citizen to live for unseen and distant ends; thereby counterworking that impatience for quick results, and that fatal proclivity for legislative short-cuts, which too surely breed the ill-starred union of democratic materialism and democratic power."

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

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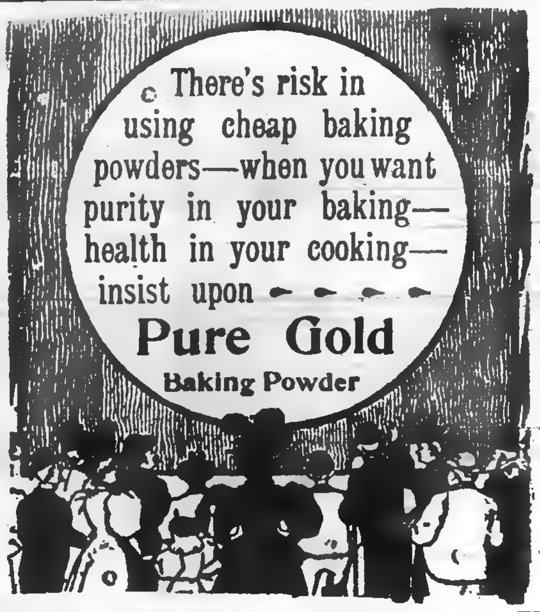

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Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

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Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

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SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	2,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,·31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .

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A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.9 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

Melrose Abbey Factory.

A meeting of the patrons of Melrose Abbey cheese factory was held on Friday when the following appointments were made:—

President—Robert Burgess.

Salesman—John Fitzpatrick.

Sec.-Treas.—Wellington Burgess.

Directors—R H McLaughlin, Robert McConnel, Peter Buchanan, Andrew Buchanan, Daniel Sedgwick, John Williamson, John Fitzpptrick and Samuel Adams.

It was agreed to give Mr Parker 13c per lb for manufacturing of cheese, he to pay all expenses and draw cheese to market.

A vote of thanks was tendered Mr Fitzpatrick for the able manner in which he had filled the position of salesman in the past.

"77" FOR GRIP

La Grippe is epidemic in nearly all parts of America.

That it is not so fatal as in 1889 is largely due to the universal use of Dr. Humphreys' "77," the only Specific ever discovered for the prevention and cure of Grip.

Taken early, cuts it short promptly.

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Taken while suffering, relief is speedy and cure certain.

"77" cures stubborn COLDS that "hang on" and do not yield to treatment. Relieves in a few hours —cures in a few days.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

A small bottle of pleasant pellets fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS DUNN'S BAKING POWDER THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

To Cure RHEUMATISM TAKE Bristol's SARSAPARILLA

IT IS PROMPT RELIABLE AND NEVER FAILS.

IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.

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I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. R. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

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DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

creases, and then dies away again—a strange noise it is, taken altogether, and one that would puzzle a stranger in Madrid, aroused from his midnight slumbers with visions of bloody revolution, perhaps, or the terrors of the dread earthquake that once destroyed Lisbon.

Doctor Jack is not the man to beat about the bush—he goes straight at the mark every time, and hits the bull's-eye. So he takes Larry in hand, remembering the instructions written by Avis—he has that note in the pocket next his heart, by the way.

"Now, tell me what you know, Larry, and kindly make the story to the point. If I desire additional information at any place I shall not hesitate to break in and ask a question."

This is the kind of talk that Larry likes—he wants a man to take hold of him firmly—most men treat him as though he were a fool, and handle him as if they thought he would break. He is ready to swear by Doctor Jack. The latter is surprised to see him toss aside his flippant mood as one might a vail, and for the time being show something of the real spirit behind. Even his lisp is gone, and he talks like other human beings, and not a conceited puppy.

"You know, doctor, I have been arm in arm with that Turkish pasha—had a sneaking notion from the start he was cultivating my acquaintance with an object in view—believed it was the same old story, dead gone on my cousin, and played him for a fool, but I was wrong—dead wrong. He had another game in view.

"I soon got on to it, and found it was hate instead of love. You were the man. At once I became insanely jealous, raved over Avis, and muttered threats against Doctor Jack, all of which seemed to tickle the old pasha.

"I thought he might take me into the game, but he was cautious—not that he suspected my feelings in the matter, but, doubtless, had little faith in my ability to aid him. Then he saw a chance to utilize me as a tool or a fool, and gradually I picked up points.

"There is a deep plot against you, doctor, and a number of persons seem to be interested in it. Among others there is Pedro Vasquez, the bull-fighter you outgeneraled at the pavilion—I saw the thing, and was proud of you. It was luck you jumped when you did, for my blood was boiling at the insult offered America, and, 'pon 'onah, I was just about to step forward myself."

Jack never had such a hard tussle with his features in his whole life—he manages to keep them straight, but it is a severe strain—the thought of the New York dude facing that mad old toro is inexpressibly comical, and he may laugh heartily at another time, but just now he does not want to hurt Larry's feelings.

Again, there may be more grit to the square inch in this little body than most big men carry with them. Jack has not forgotten the scene in the hotel, where Larry knocked the big bully out who was trying to pick a quarrel with him.

"Besides Pedro, who else?" asks Jack, anxious to keep the other on the right track.

"There's the rascally old pasha—perhaps you know why he hates you so, for I don't."

"Yes, I'll tell you all about it later on. It concerns a brother of Avis Morton's."

"What! Aleck! The duse you say."

"Go on, please. You shall hear the story when your own is done."

This is an incentive to urge Larry on, and he goes into further detail.

"Besides, there is another in the deal—a man you have called a friend."

"Is his name Don Carlos?"

"That's it exactly. So you see here's a triumvirate plotting trouble. You must skip from this beastly city, doctor, and give 'em the slip."

Doctor Jack shows no sign of excitement—his manner is calm, and the hand that raises the glass without a tremour. The man who dared to conquer—all unprepared for the encounter as he was—the terror of the arena twelve hours before, after the pride of Madrid had been tossed out on the horns of the mad toro is not apt to show the white feather because a new kind of danger menaces. He will meet it with the same unflinching front he showed the raging bull, quick to take advantage of an adversary's mistake, and always ready.

He has another question to put, though somehow he seems to hesitate about it, as if the subject were far from pleasant.

"Tell me, Larry, was there any hint dropped about a fourth party—a female?"

"Yes, to be sure—I had forgotten. What's coming over this head of mine? There is a woman in the deal—he said she was beautiful, and would make you forget all about Avis. See here, now that I think of it, she must be that darling you were with when I met you in the old curiosity shop they call a museum."

"It is Mercedes," says Jack, sadly, for somehow the thought that this beautiful creature is connected with the plot against his life gives him pain—he does not understand why it should be so, but the facts are as plain as day.

What strange motive can Don Carlos and his niece have for their action? Surely it is not robbery, for in what manner would they profit by his death? There is some deeper, darker mystery back of it all, and he cannot hope to pick up any crumbs from Larry—still there is no harm in trying.

"The Turk did not take you into his full confidence, I presume, old fellow?" he queries.

"No, but he gave promise of doing so if I would consent to join them. You see, he talks broken English, and as I have not burnished up my Turkish tongue lately, we did not get on as well as we might." Larry says this with a peculiar smirk, for, as a linguist, he is a dead failure, knowing nothing but his mother tongue, and precious little of that, some of his acquaintances are fain to believe.

"I am bothered over one thing. Pedro has a cause for hating me—he is a Spaniard, and I am the man who supplanted him in the fickle affection of the public. As for the Turk, there is abundant reason why he should wish to see me sent, Mazeppa-like, over the plains of Tartary on the back of a wild horse, but for the life of me I can't understand why Don Carlos, whose life I have saved in the Pyrenees, and his lovely niece should conspire against me. Perhaps you can throw some light on the subject, my good friend."

But Larry shakes his head—he is unable to solve the mystery that puzzles Jack.

"It seems to me unreasonable that a man like this Spaniard should join in the hue and cry against you. He's of noble blood, and owes you much, because, as you say, you saved his life when bear-hunting. I have no clew that will open the mystery, but I am convinced there must be some deep secret back of it. Are you sure you have given him no cause for such undying hatred?"

It is Larry who turns cross-questioner now, and somehow Jack does not think it odd. He answers in all frankness.

"Never—I am sure of it. We have been good friends ever since we met in Paris. I cannot remember having offended him by word or look."

"What was the nature of your meeting?" Larry is endeavouring to prode around much after the manner of a young surgeon searching for a ball which he hopes to hit by chance.

"Well, now that you speak of it, our meeting was a trifle singular. Let me briefly narrate it. I have spent many months in Paris, and am familiar with almost every part of the city, even beyond those places generally gazed upon by the average tourist.

"One night I was returning to my quarters with a friend, who, by the way, is a Spaniard, the Duke Arroyo, when he proposed that we peep in upon a secret meeting of some sort, I've forgotten what. He had the entree, and I saw a good deal of mummery, but to this day I've never been able to decide whether the Spaniards in that den were plotting for or against the present dynasty in Spain—I know not whether they were republicans, followers of Don Carlos, the Pretender, or of the present government.

"However, it was here I met Senor Carlos—we became friends under these rather peculiar circumstances, and he had stuck close to me ever since that hour. I cannot see any explanation in that account of our meeting to justify this strange enmity on his part."

"'Pon 'onah! now, but I do!" is the startling announcement the dude makes, much to the astonishment of Doctor Jack, whose respect for the monkey-man increases the more he sees of him.

"Explain it, then, my dear fellow," he begs.

Larry glances around cautiously, not that he has any idea of being overheard, but because what he is about to say might involve him in trouble if hostile ears did catch it, then close to Doctor Jack's tympanum he says:

"Those men you saw in council were the trusted adherents of Don Carlos, who has never given over plotting to snatch the throne of Spain. At the time, the Duke Arroyo was esteemed one of their most trusted friends, and any person he brought with him could be greeted with warmth, and a feeling that he was true blue. Are you following me, doctor?"

Jack nods eagerly—the truth already begins to dawn upon his mind. He realizes that a strange freak of fate has hurled him into an arena far more dangerous than the one that held the

To be Continued.

TWO MONTHS TO LIVE.

THAT WAS WHAT A DOCTOR TOLD MR. DAVID MOORE.

The Remarkable Experience of One Who Was an Invalid for Years—Six Doctors Treated Him Without Benefit—He Owes His Renewed Health to Following a Friend's Advice.

From the Ottawa Journal.

Mr. David Moore is a well known and much esteemed farmer living in the county of Carleton, some six miles from the village of Richmond. Mr. Moore has been an invalid for some years, and physicians failed to agree as to his ailment. Not only this but their treatment failed to restore him to health. Mr. Moore gives the following account of his illness and eventual restoration to health. He says: "My first sickness came on me when I was 69 years of age. Prior to that I had always been a strong healthy man. I had a bad cough and was growing weak and in bad health generally. I went to North Gower to consult a doctor, who, after examining me, said, Mr Moore I am very sorry to tell you that your case is very serious, so much so that I doubt if you can live two months. He said my trouble was a combination of asthma and bronchitis, and he gave me some medicine and some leaves to smoke which he said might relieve me. I took neither because I felt sure I had neither trouble he said, and that he did not understand my case. Two days later I went to Ottawa and consulted one of the most prominent physicians there. He gave me a thorough examination and pronounced my ailment heart trouble, and said I was liable in my present condition to drop dead at any moment. I decided to remain in the city for some time and undergo his treatment. He wrote a few lines on a piece of paper giving my name and place of residence and trouble, to carry in my pocket in case I should die suddenly. I did not seem to be getting any better under the treatment and finally left the city determined to consult a doctor nearer home. I was again examined and the idea that I had heart disease was scouted, the doctor saying there was many a man following the plow whose heart was in a worse shape than mine. I remained under the treatment of this doctor for a long time, but got no better. Then my case was made worse by an attack of la grippe, which left behind it a terrible pain in my neck and shoulders. This became so severe that I could not raise my head from my pillow without putting my hand to it and lifting it up. I doctored on until I was trying my sixth doctor, and instead of getting better was getting worse. The last doctor I had advised me to wait until the heat of summer was over when he would blister me for the pains in my back and shoulders, which he felt sure would relieve it. I was on my way to Richmond to undergo this blistering when I met Mr. George Argue, of North Gower, who told me of the wonderful cure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had wrought in him, and advised me strongly to try them. I went on to Richmond, but instead of going to the doctor's I bought some Pink Pills and returned home and began using them. Before I had finished my second box there was no room to doubt that they were helping me. I kept on taking the Pink Pills, and my malady, which the doctors had failed to successfully diagnose, was rapidly leaving me. The pain also left my neck and shoulders, and after a couple of months' treatment I became strong and healthy. I am now in my 77th year and thank God that I am able to go about with a feeling of good health. I still continue taking the pills occasionally, feeling sure that for a person of my age they are an excellent tonic. After the failure of so much medical treatment I feel sure that nothing else than Pink Pills could have restored me to my present condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

Had Half the Prescription

"Madam," said Weary Walker, with his inborn dignity less cropping out like the hair through his hat-crown, "my physician has ordered me to take a small wineglassful of French brandy on an empty stomach every morning before breakfast—"

"Well," she interrupted, briskly, "what have I to do with that?"

"Nothing, madam," returned the polite road-walker, with a far-away expression in his mild blue eyes, "excepting—I have the empty stomach."

40 GEMS, 20 CENTS

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills Cure All Troubles

Arising from Torpor of the Liver.

Easy and Quick—Banish Sick Headache—Purify the Blood and Eradicate All Impurities from the system.

The demand is big. The pills are little, easy to take, pleasant results, no pain. 40 in a vial, and 20 cents at all druggists. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

YOUR CHILD SMILES

when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. .....

His skin after the bath —soft, white, sweet smelling—will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
B. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

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Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m.
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m.
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

But this Time it Was a God-Send to Mr John Brown, a G. A. R. Veteran, of 2,446 Marshall-St. Philadelphia,—Dodged Shot and Shell in the Interest of his Country, only to be Attacked by that Insidious Disease, Catarrh—But Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Cured and Permanently, too—This is What He Says:—

"By a mere accident I came across Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I was a great sufferer from that dread malady—catarrh. To-day it gives me unbounded pleasure to note for suffering humanity's sake that this wonderful remedy effected a speedy and permanent cure in my case, and I have been so thankful for it that I am willing to spend the remainder of my days in spreading the good news to my fellow sufferers." For sale by H. A. MacDonald, druggist.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

THE FISH QUESTION

Brought Up in the Ontario Legislature.

Does Jurisdiction Rest With the Federal Government or in the Local Government on Top?—Mr. Matheson Gets After Hon. G. W. Ross—The Minister of Education Defends Himself—The Education Department Came in for Further Criticism—Notices of Motion

Toronto, Feb. 27.

When the House opened Mr. Whitney asked: "Pending the decision in appeal of the dispute between the Federal and Provincial Government as to jurisdiction over fisheries in inland waters, was any announcement made or instruction given to officers of the Government, to refrain from interfering with persons offering fish for sale, and, if so, how, when, and to whom, and has any return of moneys realized from sales of fish been made by any officer of the Government?"

Mr. Hardy replied that no instructions had been given. The officers had been advised that the law was practically unchanged until the decision of the Privy Council was handed down. Some remonstrance had been made, particularly against the officer at Uxbridge, who was said to have made an illegal seizure. He had to make a return of such money.

Messrs. Whitney and Marter moved for a return, giving copies of all correspondence between any member or officer of the Government and any person or persons, relating to the seizure and sale of a quantity of fish in the possession of a woman named Osborne (or Lebar) at Uxbridge, in the County of Ontario, said seizure and sale having been made by one Matthew Frankish during the month of February, 1897.

Mr. Whitney related the circumstances connected with the affair, and Mr. Hardy stated that Game Warden Tinsley had written Frankish, who was a deputy warden, and had asked him to return his badge unless he could explain his seemingly injudicious action. He did not know but it might possibly be that the fish were being sold out of season.

Mr. Matheson then moved for a return giving the names of all High school teachers who have received specialists' certificates since 1885 as the result of examinations; the names of such teachers who received specialists' certificates on any other ground, stating the year in which such certificate was granted, on what grounds, and the university standing of the recipient; names of all applicants for such certificates who have been refused them, and on what grounds such refusal was based.

Speaking to his motion, Mr. Matheson stated that nearly all the High school teachers in the province were dissatisfied with the workings of the School of Pedagogy. It was a strange state of affairs when men of a first-class university education were plucked annually by men of smaller calibre. The consensus of opinion was that such a school was unnecessary for university graduates. The speaker then quoted a number of prominent English educationists to support his view, as well as a number supporting the system in vogue by the department. Teachers, he continued, were agreed that the school was a farce. There was also great question as to whether political influence was not used. He had been told of parties who had failed in the examination at the school, but had received their certificates through political influence. It was all in keeping with the system of terrorism under which the teachers of the province were suffering at the hands of the machine, of which the Minister of Education was the head.

Mr. Ross was happy to comply with the request of the hon. member, and would have the statistics brought down. The hon. member could, if he wished, substantiate his charges of terrorism in the department. He could also give the names if he desired. Some candidate who had been plucked had evidently poured his troubles into the hon. member's ear and soured him. The objections taken to the school were exactly those brought up against the Normal school at its inception. Whatever argument, therefore, which could be used in favor of training for Public schools could with equal force be used for High school training purposes. The business of the Normal College was to train teachers in the latest methods of treating sciences and other subjects which changed radically every ten years. Every university in the States had a chair of pedagogy and many States were adopting the Ontario method. Twenty years ago only 11 passed for first-class certificates; last year some 600 had passed, and twenty years ago they had had no such school. High school masters did not complain. It was not true that the examiners were inferior to their pupils in educational accomplishments. The only remark which displeased Mr. Ross was that in which political influence was charged. His conscience was free of that, at least. As for the reflection that he terrorized the teachers, the speaker thought it was at least uncalled for and not supported by evidence, as the many letters published over the signatures of teachers in the daily press would show.

Mr. Whitney considered the matter of education a comprehensive question. The difficulty was not in the deficiency of the number of teachers. The point seemed to be to turn as many teachers as possible out of the mill, according to the Minister's own statistics, and not to look after the efficiency of the graduates from the school. It was another sample of the system of cramming, of which the Opposition were complaining.

The report of the Commissioner of Public Works and of the Toronto General Trusts Company, and a copy of an order-in-council, appointing the members of the Educational Council for the province, were laid on the table by Hon. E. J. Davis. The latter council is composed of Hon. Mr. Justice Maclennan, Chancellor Burwash, Rev. Prof. Clark, Prof. A. P. Knight, Prof. A. C. McKay, Prof. W. J. Alexander, Prof. Alfred Baker, Principal J. R. Teefy, Mr. Alex Steele, B. A., and Mr. John Deamers, Inspector of Public Schools.

Mr. Flett—Bill respecting market fees and shelters.

Mr. Bennett—Is it the intention of the Government, by legislation or otherwise, at this session to unite the license districts of Cornwall and Stormont and dispense with the services of one of the inspectors?

Mr. Marter—What was the amount of stock on hand, what was the amount of outstanding accounts, and what was the amount of the net revenue in connection with the Central Prison industries on Sept. 30 and Dec. 31 respectively in each of the years 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896?

Mr. Marter—Order for a return showing the business done during each of the years of 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896 in the following courts in this province, namely: The High Court of Justice, the County Courts and the Division Courts.

Mr. Little—That, in the opinion of this House, the present mode of appointing registrars of deeds and other county officials is unsatisfactory and should be changed, and that the appointment of all the said officials whose salary or remuneration is provided in whole or mainly by the localities for which they are appointed should not be vested in the executive of the province, but in the people of the locality, through their municipal bodies.

Mr. Matheson—That this House is of the opinion that the tender system of purchasing supplies for the public institutions of the province and for the stationery required for public use should be adopted in lieu of the system at present carried on.

Mr. Garrow—That this House is of the opinion that officers or clerks of the civil or public service of the province, or permanent employes, who solely or for the most part obtain their livelihood in the public service, should not actively participate in provincial or Dominion election campaigns, and that officers or clerks of the civil service should not become candidates for municipal councillors.

Mr. Whitney—Order for a return giving copies of the minutes of the meetings of the new Educational Council since its establishment.

THE LITTLE WIDOW WON.

Her Big Rival's Opinion Is Left to the Imagination

It was one of those comedies sometimes arranged by fate. An available widower with a snug fortune on a principal avenue had called upon a little widow who has yet to travel the short end of life's journey. While they were easily conversing before the grate fire, the little widow had a caller who proved to be the big widow living in the block; and her coming seemed to embarrass the parties surprised. This made it inevitable that the weather should be discussed exhaustively.

"Some years we never have a January thaw," said the little widow, when this phase of the subject had been taken up.

"Well, I've seen as many Januarys as any other living person," declared the big widow, who is nothing if not emphatic, "but I never saw one yet when we didn't have a thaw."

"Of course there are a good many people who have seen more Januarys than I have," demurely admitted the little widow, "and we are all liable to mistakes."

But the widower was laughing. The big widow's face was a study in cardinal and her usually ready tongue seemed paised. At length she managed it sufficiently to say that what she meant was that she had seen as many Januarys as anyone who had lived no longer than she had.

"That's practically what you did say, dear," purred the little widow.

Then the caller saw the widower trying to keep his face straight, and she hastened to leave, declaring to the little widow at the door that she never had a more delightful evening.

The little widow has been invited to preside over the snug house on the avenue, and the inaugural ceremonies will take place soon.

Frank Morrill's House Burned.

Yonkers, N.Y., Feb. 26.—The handsome country residence of Frank Morrill, owner of the steam yacht Vamoose, at Alpine, N.J., exactly opposite Yonkers, was totally destroyed by fire to-day. The fire was caused by an overheated flue. The house was worth $50,000, and it contained valuable furniture and handsome paintings. The amount of insurance could not be ascertained.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

There was a good business at the Western yards yesterday, buyers being numerous and prices well sustained. Total receipts, 60 carloads, including about 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1500 hogs. The demand for shipping cattle was good, and prices rule firm. Choice cars sold at 4¼c, and medium grades at 3¾c. Bulls, 3c to 3½c per lb. Stockers unchanged at 2½c to 3c. Butchers' cattle steady for best qualities, which sold at 3⅝c to 3½c per lb., the latter for fancy; good to medium at 2½c to 2⅝c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 250 head. Choice sheep sold at 2¾c to 3c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4½c to 5c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at 4⅝c to 4½c lb., weighed off cars; thick fats at 4c, light weights at 4¼c, sows at 3c to 3½c, and stags at 2c to 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 26.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6½d to 6s 7d; corn, 2s 6¼d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 58s.

London—Wheat on passage steadier. English country markets steady. Maize on passage steady and 3d to 6d higher.

Liverpool—Wheat futures steady at 6s 3d for March, 6s 4½d for May and 6s 4d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 7½d for May and 2s 8d for July. Flour, 23s.

Paris—Wheat, 21f 50c for March; flour, 45f 25c for March.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull; maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 21f 50c for March; flour, 45f 40c for Feb. and March.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 6s 1½d for Feb. and March, 6s 3½d for May and 6s 3d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6d for Feb. and March, 2s 7½d for May and 2s 8d for July. Flour, 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

FEBRUARY 26, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, patent process per cwt.	$2 50	to	3 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 60
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 05
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

HAD INDIGESTION?

For a Matter of Some Forty Years or More.

Joseph Gardner, store dealer, of Bath Ontario, is a great believer in Dr Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, Bright's disease, rheumatism and kidney, liver and stomach troubles generally.

"I was troubled for over forty years with indigestion and constipation," he writes. "At intervals I suffered from severe headache. I spent dollars and dollars without result until Mr. Ball, our druggist, advised me to try Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and must say that they are the only remedy that gave me relief. I would not be without them for anything."

Many people suffer from rheumatism. Bad blood and diseased kidneys bring it on. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will remedy all this and cure rheumatism, sciatica and all kindred complaints. Here is a sample case:

"My boy was all crippled up and suffered awfully with rheumatism," writes Mrs. H. Wills, of Chesley, Ont. "He also had a touch of diabetes. The doctors could do him no good, but Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills completely cured him."

Sold by all dealers and Edmanson Bates & Co., Toronto. 25c.

When all other remedies fail Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine will cure the worst chronic cold 25 cents.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBER & Son, Roachette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist, 528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Sole Proprietors MONTREAL

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

Cramps, Colic, Colds. Cross, Coughs, Toothache.

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer (PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally. Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall Terrace.

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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, February 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 98.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 303 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyr&w

AN AWFUL SORE

A Babe's Untold Suffering And Mother's Many Sleepless Nights.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS.

I herewith write out in full the beginning and end of that terrible disease, Eczema, which caused my babe untold suffering, and myself many sleepless nights.

My baby was born seemingly a fair, healthy child, but when she was three weeks old a swelling appeared on the back of her head, and in course of time broke. Every one called it a boil, and, now it had broken, would soon heal, but that was only the beginning of the trouble. It did not heal but grew worse, and the sore spread from the size of a dime to that of a dollar. I used all kinds of remedies that I could think of but nothing seemed to help, in fact it grew worse, her hair fell out where the sore was and I feared it would never grow again. It continued until my aged father came on a visit, and when he saw the baby he told me "to get CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA ointment right away." To please him I did so, and to my surprise, by their use the sore began to heal over, the hair grew over it, and to-day she has a nice head of hair, her skin is as fair as a lily, and she has no scar left to recall that awful sore.

CUTICURA soothes and allays all itching and burning that cause a child to fret and the mother to worry, and gives rest and comfort both to parent and child.

MRS. WM. RYER, Elk River, Minn.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES AND REST FOR TIRED MOTHERS in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), greatest of emollients and skin cures.

This treatment will give instant relief, permit rest for parent and sleep for child, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, pimply, and crusted skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.

LUXURIANT HAIR with clean, healthy scalp produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Meda's, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27. 1897

Ashburnham Briefs.

The Boys's Brigade of St. Luke's church will hold a concert in St. Luke's school room on Tuesday evening, March 2. A splendid programme is being prepared.

Ashburnham Council meets Monday evening.

The School Board meets on Tuesday evening.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

DIED

HOUNSELL—On Wednesday, February 24th, 1897, Maggie Sarah Zernah Blodgett wife of Mr Charles Hounsell, aged 24 years and 7 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her father, Mr Zimri Blodgett, No 213 Antrim-st, on Sunday afternoon, Feb 28th, at 3.30 o'clock, and proceed to St Peter's cathedral, thence to Roman Catholic cemetery.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a. m., conducted by the Rev T M Campbell, President of the Bay of Quinte Conference, and 7 p. m., by the Rev R P Bowels, pastor of Sherbourne-st. church, Toronto. Collections on behalf of the Educational Fund. Sunday school at 2 30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, Feb. 28th. Educational Sunday. The Rev R P Bowles, M A., B D., will preach at 11 a.m. and Rev T M Campbell, president of the Conference, will preach at 7 p. m. Collections and subscriptions at both services in aid of Educational Fund. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. Quinquagesima Sunday. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Childrens' service and address. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—Messrs G A Smith, W E Conway, F Perry and H S Greenwood. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, Feb. 28th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. — Quinquagesima Sun. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p.m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

A card on the outside of office door says: "Gone to lunch. Be back in ten minutes." And the man will be there on time. That is, for some days, weeks or even months, he will. Then he will be at home occasionally for a day. He'll tell you he had a headache—a turn of cholera morbus, or maybe he'll say he had a lump in his stomach and felt too miserable to move. The lump was probably two or three ten-minute lunches condensed.

The man who "bolts" his lunches will find Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best friend rever met.

There is no case of biliousness, constipation, indigestion, "heart-burn," or any of the rest of the night-mare breeding brood, that these little "Pellets' will not cure. They cure *permanently*. Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," *profusely illustrated*.

CECIL RHODES UP AGAIN

The Ex-Premier of Cape Colony Crosses Oratorical Swords With Messrs. Blake and Labouchere

London, Feb. 26.—The South African Committee of the House of Commons, appointed to inquire into the Jameson raid into the Transvaal, resumed its sittings to-day and the examination of Cecil Rhodes was continued. A number of peers and members of the House of Commons were present, but for the first time since the inquiry began the Prince of Wales was absent. Mr. Rhodes admitted that he had instructed Mr. Rutherford Harris, his agent in London, to communicate confidentially the plans of the secret movement to certain persons in England, but he refused to give their names.

Mr. Rhodes was asked whether he regarded his having a force ready to march into the Transvaal as consistent with his position as Premier of the Cape Colony, and replied that it was for the committee to judge his conduct, which did not appear to him to have been inconsistent.

Witness was then asked concerning the allusion in the statement read by him at the opening of the inquiry as to the intention of the Boer Government to introduce foreign influence into the Transvaal, Hon. Edward Blake adding that he assumed that Mr. Rhodes had adequate grounds for the statement.

Mr. Rhodes said that he had, but if he should state his reasons for his belief it might do harm and cause irritation to a friendly power. Nevertheless he absolutely did believe it.

To questions by Mr. Blake in regard to the Imperial character of the proposed federation of the South African states, Mr. Rhodes replied: "You must remember that when we federated Canada it was a local people federated, and the Imperial Government finally sanctioned it."

Mr. Blake: Do you think that the end justified the means?

Mr. Rhodes: *If I had succeeded we should have had a union of Africa and the Chartered Company would have been profited greatly.* As I failed, I must take the responsibility, and I hope that the future will accomplish the union. I also hope that the committee in their deliberations will take into consideration the objects I had in view.

Mr. Rhodes was then examined by Mr. Labouchere, who asked him whether Germany was the power he believed to have been favored by President Kruger, which question the witness answered in the affirmative.

In response to questions asking for evidence in support of this belief, Mr. Rhodes read extracts from a speech delivered by President Kruger before the German Club of Pretoria on the occasion of the birthday of the German Emperor in 1895, in which the Boer President claimed that Great Britain had relinquished her claims of suzerainty over the Transvaal, and declared that he had been able to make a treaty with Germany, so that if one nation tried to kick the Transvaalers other nations would try to stop her.

Mr. Rhodes also said that he had reason for the belief that President Kruger intended by this speech to claim the right to make such a treaty and confirm it without the sanction of the Queen. The whole tendency of the Transvaal policy, he added, was in favor of foreigners, Germans especially, at the expense of the English.

Mr. Labouchere: Perhaps President Kruger's speech was an after-dinner oration.

Mr. Rhodes: President Kruger drinks nothing stronger than water.

Witness referred to the objection raised by the German Minister of Foreign Affairs in a speech in the Reichstag to a commercial union of the South African *states* as being likely to lead to a political protectorate and the exclusion of German goods, and denied that a policy of protection existed at the Cape. "Protection," he said, "means bad factories and bad articles for the benefit of a privileged few."

Mr. Rhodes further said that in some of the mines they intended to employ Americans only, because of their better acquaintance with deep levels.

To a question by Mr. Labouchere, as to the meaning of the words "civil rights," as used by Mr. Rhodes, that gentleman answered with much warmth: "The Johannesburgers have no civil rights and *no* body of Englishmen will ever remain in any place for any period without insisting upon their civil rights."

Evidence showing the animosity of the Transvaal towards the Cape Colony and Great Britain was introduced, in the course of which Mr. Rhodes took from his pocket and read aloud a long extract from a speech in regard to Crete, recently delivered in the House of Commons by Mr. Labouchere. As he finished reading, Mr. Rhodes said: "I quite agree with Mr. Labouchere, and transferred the same sentiments and state of affairs to the Transvaal." This remark created a laugh, in which Mr. Labouchere joined. Witness said that Mr. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, had absolutely no knowledge whatever of the revolutionary movement, and at this remark Mr. Chamberlain said that he would be very glad to answer any question on the subject.

The committee adjourned until Tuesday.

Venezuela Commission's Last Meeting

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Venezuelan Commission held to-day what was probably the last session of this tribunal. To-day's meeting was in the nature of a winding up of the affairs of the commission. During its existence it has heard and collected much valuable testimony, and prepared a great many exhaustive reports, which are now being printed. The work of the commission has not been lost, as the result of its labors will be to greatly simplify the work of the arbitration tribunal when it meets.

THREE WEEKS IN AGONY.

Inflammatory Rheumatism so Acute He Could Not Attend to His Daily Duties—Lived Three Weeks in Agonizing Pain When that "Good Samaritan" of all Cures, South American Rheumatic Cure, Passed His Way—It Helped in a Few Hours, and Speedily Cured—Cost 75 Cents.

Mr. E. A. Norton, a well known citizen of Grimsby, Ont., was severely attacked with inflammatory rheumatism some 20 years ago—after a time he recovered, but five or six weeks ago the dread disease returned so violently that he had to give up work. For nearly three weeks he lay in bed suffering *terrible agony*. Another resident of the town who had been cured by South American Rheumatic Cure persuaded him to try it, and to his great surprise after using the medicine but one week he was so far recovered as to go about town. From the first dose taken he felt a marked improvement, and to-day he is most enthusiastic in singing its praises. No case too severe for South American Rheumatic Cure to check in six hours and permanently cure. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

OAK HALL.

Y M C A Notes

Gospel meeting and song service to-night at 8 o'clock.

To morrow afternoon at 4.15 the meeting will be addressed by Mr. W. S. Lilly, physical director of the west end branch of the Y.M.C.A. of Toronto.

All men interested in the future welfare of our association are requested to be present.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

Gir's don't forget to come and spend a social hour in the Y W C A rooms to-night. Music provided. Gospel service from 8.30 till 9.

The Y W C A wish to acknowledge the following donations for the past week:—A friend, parlor lamp and shade; a friend, roast of beef.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

The Price of Furniture.

has taken a drop at Clegg's below anything ever offered in Peterborough for first class goods. It leaves money in the pockets of cash purchasers. These are hard times. Clegg's hard time prices prevail. Buyers have besides the advantage of a large and well selected stock to choose from. Call and inspect. No trouble to show goods. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Do No Experimenting!

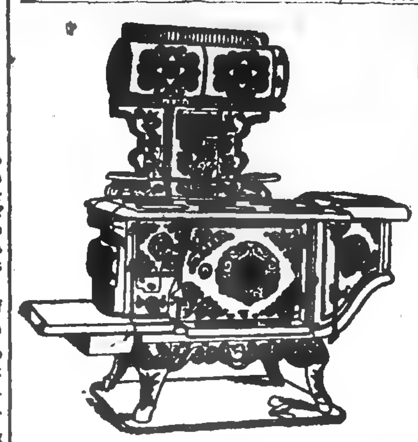
Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

Fortnightly Club.

An open meeting of the Fortnightly Club will be held on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in the County Council Chamber. Sheriff Hall will read a paper on "Amiel." The public is invited.

HEART PAIN.

Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart Defies the Most Intense Pains—No Matter How Long Standing the Trouble, it Masters Disease in Half an Hour, and in the Case of John Crow Five Bottles Cured Heart Disease of Ten Years' Standing—Here's His Testimony Unsolicited:—

John Crow, son of Mr George Crow, farmer, near the village of Tara, Ont, writes:—"I was alarmingly afflicted with palpitation and enlargement of the heart for nearly ten years. I doctored with best physicians and tried numerous remedies with very little benefit. In our local papers I noticed Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised, and I determined to give it a trial. Inside of half an hour I had relief. I have taken about five bottles, and feel to-day that I am as well as ever I was. I am completely cured." For sale by H. S. MacDonald, druggist.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC

Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,

9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

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CURLING & SKATING RINK Co

SKATING TICKETS

SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoo[ns] afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASO[N]

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full ra[te] each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to An[...] McIntosh.

JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas.

SAWS Filed and Gummed First-class style. [...] Scissors, Tools, etc. [...] oned. S. W. ENGL[...] shop 1[...] Charlotte-st.

MRS. APPLEBY

Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of

Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.

The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.

Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.

426 Water Street.

ALTERATION AND CHANGE

FAIRWEATHER & CO. :: FAIRWEATHER & CO.

The Next two weeks will be a hey-day for all Bargain-lovers, as we are going to push out our FURS at sacrificing prices, to make room for t[he] workmen during the renovation.

The workmen are about to start a complete alteration in the interior of our store in the course of two weeks—new ceilings, new floors, new front, enlarging of premises etc. T[his] is but the forerunner of other changes which are to be made in our business arrangements, as we have announced through the press during the past month. The most important of t[he] changes to the public will be the placing of all our business on

A SPOT CASH, NO MORE CREDIT, BASIS.

On and after March 15th, 1897, we will conduct our business on a cash basis exclusively, in order to save the large losses which a credit business necessitates. We [...] there are expenses incurred from losses through bad accounts, by interest in carrying both "long-winded" and "short-winded" accounts, by loss of discounts in not having cash to [pay] for goods at once, by expenses of extra help required to keep track of and collect accounts, etc. All these in the aggregate mean a very large expense added to any business, so we [...] determined to curtail this outlay and give customers the benefit of cash buying and cash selling in everything. What we save in expenses our customers save in prices, as formerly t[hose] who paid made up the losses, as above mentioned, incurred by credit. To all our old customers, both cash and credit, we would say that you will find it to your advantage, more so [...] than ever, to see our stock and prices under this new regime. You will find goods that under a credit system must cost you $5.00, can now be sold under cash for $4.00 You wi[ll be] better suited, we will be better pleased. The benefits of a cash business are mutual.

FAIRWEATHER & CO.

MANUFACTURING FURRIER[S] Peterborough, Toronto and Linds[ay]

MARCH

1897

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 50. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

MOSLEMS DEFEATED

In a Fight That TooK Place Near Canea on Saturday.

Turkish Warships From Suda Bay Began a Bombardment, But it Was Quickly Stopped by Orders From the Foreign Representatives—Korakas, the Greek Commander at Herakhion, Allows Turks to Go and Till Their Land—The Fighting Arose Over An Attempt of Turks to Re-Victual the Blockhouse in Which Moslems Are Barricaded—Cretans Want Union With Greece.

Canea, Feb. 28.—The presence of foreign warships off this port has not had the effect of preventing fighting between the insurgents and Turks save in the town itself, where a comparatively small force of sailors and marines were recently landed for the purpose of preserving order. A skirmish occurred to-day at Malaxa, a short distance from Canea, in which the Turks were worsted, although they outnumbered the Christians.

A Turkish warship in Suda Bay to-day began the bombardment of a position occupied by the insurgents, but before she had done much firing her commander received word from the representatives of the foreign powers that he must silence his guns or take the consequences. This is the second time that the insurgents near Suda Bay have been fired on by a Turkish warship.

The Greek, Korakas, who at the head of 5000 insurgents, has invested the town of Herakhion, has given permission to the Turkes to leave the place in order that they may cultivate the lands adjacent to the town. His action, however, is looked upon with suspicion by many Moslems, they believing that it is his intention to benefit from the labors of the Turks by seizing their crops when they are ripe. On the other hand, those who are acquainted with the character of Korakas declare that he is a just and humane man and that his only object in permitting the Turks to till the fields is to prevent suffering from famine among the women and children in the beleaguered town.

Several British and Italian officers recently visited the camp of Korakas, where they were treated with much courtesy. They were astonished by the excellent discipline maintained among the insurgents and by the perfection of their organization, all of which is due to Korakas, who appears to be a born leader of men. He is enthusiastic in support of the cause of Crete and his force will prove no unimportant factor should Turkey attempt to quell the insurrection by force of arms.

The fighting at Malaxa arose from a fruitless attempt on the part of the Moslems, aided by a detachment of Turkish troops, to re-victual the block house where the Turkish garrison has been blockaded for a number of days. The Moslems made a sortie, but the insurgents were prepared for just such a move and attacked the party furiously, finally driving them back. During the fighting a heavy fire was directed upon the Christians from the Turkish arsenal in Canea. It had, however, very little effect, and the Christians still maintain the position held by them prior to the fight.

Further fighting has occurred in the vicinity of Herakhion. As heretofore, the insurgents under Korakas repulsed the Turks.

Tewfik Pasha, the new military Governor, arrived here to-day and paid visits to the several consuls.

A new danger threatens this unfortunate island, and if it is to be averted a speedy settlement of the present difficulties must be arrived at. Every day the situation is becoming more desperate, owing to the fact that throughout the island the state of war prevents any attention being paid to the crops. In the towns which are besieged by the insurgents the situation is much worse than it is in the country districts. In Herakhion alone, where there has been a very large influx of refugees, the outlook is very serious. There are now in the town, counting the regular Moslem population and the refugees, fully 25,000 persons. Provisions are very scarce and a famine is imminent. Large numbers of refugees are already dying of starvation, and it was the knowledge of this fact that led Korakas, the Greek leader, to issue his order permitting the cultivation of the fields near the town. The lines of the besiegers are absolutely impassable, as has been proved by the failure of the several sorties that have been made. The officials in the town have telegraphed to Canea, imploring the assistance of the foreign warships in raising the siege, but it is not considered likely that their supplication will receive a favorable response, though provisions may be sent to the starving. Korakas has not yet cut off the water supply of the town, which he threatened a few days ago to do. Should he carry this threat into effect the condition of the besieged people will be pitiable indeed.

Korakas, with part of his forces, is advancing upon Hierapetra. He will pass through the turbulent district of Lasithi and the populace there is certain to join him. It is pretty certain the garrison at Hierapetra will have to capitulate when the insurgents reach there unless the foreign warships help the Turks.

On March 3 the armistice of a week, agreed to between the Moslems and Christians at Selino, will expire. The position of the Moslems there is very precarious. The insurgents are so incensed over the bombardment of Akrotiri that it is considered doubtful whether they will listen to the persuasion of Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation, who has promised to use his influence with the insurgents to obtain the release of the besieged Moslems. It has been learned that the fighting at Malaxa resulted in the killing of eight Turks and the wounding of many others. The Christian losses, if any, are unknown. The engagement caused the most intense excitement here and prompted incendiarism in the vicinity of the town. Two villages and several isolated houses were destroyed.

MOSLEMS DEFEATED.

Sharp Fight at Canea in Which Christians Had the Best of it.

Canea, Feb. 27.—A sharp fight took place yesterday between Moslems and Christians near Retimo. The Moslems were repulsed with small loss.

Another Report.

London, Feb. 27.—The Sunday Sun has a despatch from Athens saying that one hundred Moslems were killed in a battle that occurred yesterday near Retimo. The despatch adds that the Moslems retreated, leaving the Christians masters of the field.

Alarming Rumors.

London, Feb. 27.—The Observer will to-morrow publish a despatch from Paris saying that alarming rumors are in circulation, and if the rumors are true they show the situation is extremely grave. Two of the rumors receive credence. One of them concerns Russia's attitude toward the policy of Greece, an attitude which, apparently, nothing will mitigate. The other is to the effect that the Dragoman attached to the Russian Embassy at Constantinople has notified the Porte that Russia will occupy Armenia if hostilities break out.

King George Warned.

Athens, Feb. 27.—In view of the fact that the Chamber has not been in session for some days, the leaders of the Opposition met to-day and signed a protest, which has been presented to the King. The protest declares that the Crown is entitled to act alone in such a case as the present, and if it does not act the Opposition cannot be answerable for the situation.

Dread of Reprisals.

Canea, Feb. 27.—Colonel Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation, has promised to use his influence with the insurgents at Selino to obtain the release of the Moslems who are besieged there. The result is awaited with anxiety, as the continued confinement of the Moslems is causing dread of reprisals.

Want Union With Greece.

Athens, Feb. 28.—A number of Cretan deputies, headed by the Bishop of Retimo, visited King George to-day and presented to him a memorial, which in effect declared that the establishment of an autonomous Government in Crete would not result in the pacification of the island. Such a form of Government would noly prepare the way to a fresh revolution and further endanger the peace of Europe. The Cretans, therefore, had firmly decided not to accept autonomy, but to continue their struggle to realize union with Greece, which the memorialists added even the Mussulmans were beginning to agree was the only practical solution of the question.

THE R M C CLUB.

Annual Meeting in Montreal and Election of Officers—Sir Adolphe Chapleau Ill—Mandement Not Read.

Montreal, Feb. 28.—(Special.)—The 13th annual meeting of the Royal Military College Club of Canada took place at the Windsor yesterday, some 50 members being present from all parts of Canada and the United States. The election resulted as follows: President, C. K. Kirkpatrick, Smith's Falls, Ont.; Vice-Presidents, Capt. J. B. Cochrane and Capt. F. M. Gaudet; Secretary and Treasurer, Capt. J. H. Lambe; Committee, Houliston, Three Rivers; McDougall, St. John's; Lambe, Quebec; Panet, Sherbrooke, and Leslie, Kingston. The reports were all satisfactory, and it was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Quebec.

Sir Adolphe Chapleau was so ill last evening that his warm friends, Postmaster Dansereau and Sir William Hingston were summoned to his bedside at Spencerwood.

The reading of the famous episcopal mandement has again been deferred because of a rumor to the effect that the Liberals had secured the appointment of a papal delegate to Canada in the person of Mgr. Tedesche, an Italian prelate of some eminence. It was also stated here to-day that Hon. Mr. Laurier would during his jubilee visit to England proceed to Rome to make a personal appeal to Rome against what he believed to be the prejudices created against him in the Eternal City.

The administrator of the archdiocese told your correspondent at a late hour that he had not yet received any official confirmation of the appointment of a papal delegate for Canada.

"That's a very stupid brute of yours, John," said a Scotch minister to one of his parishioners, a peat dealer, who drove his merchandise from door to door in a small cart drawn by a donkey. "I never see you but the creature is braying."

"Eh, sir," said the peat dealer, "ye ken the heart's warm when friends meet."—Spare Moments.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA

Serious Irritation Between the Old Antagonists.

The British Cabinet Hastily Summoned on Saturday—Russia Adopts a Tone That is Considered to Be Nothing Short of Threatening—Greece Shows a Disposition Not to Submit—Foot Watson's Savage Lines—Russian War Preparations—Evidently the Muscovite Contemplates a Move Before Long.

New York, Feb. 28.—Mr. H. R. Chamberlain cables from London to The Sun: The Graeco Cretan situation is, in its larger aspect, less hopeful. The announcement of an agreement of the powers for its final settlement was, to say the least, premature. There exists at the present moment serious irritation between Russia and Great Britain, which has provoked the former power to adopt an attitude that can hardly be described by a milder term than threatening. I do not pretend to know the exact cause of the trouble. It was discussed at a hastily summoned meeting of the British Cabinet this afternoon, with what result it is, of course, impossible to say. Singular semi-official communications from St. Petersburg are published today, in which it is set forth: "In the event of Greece, with blind misapprehension of her own advantage, offering further opposition to the well-meant advice of Russia and of the powers in alliance with her, or creating difficulties, or in the event of her allowing herself to be encouraged in her present attitude by self-seeking friends, perhaps on the false supposition of a lack of unanimity among the great powers, because one or another power did not support at the outset the proposals of Russia, which is in perfect agreement with Germany and France, Russia, in such an emergency, is determined upon her course of action, conscious of her unity with France and of her absolute agreement with Germany and also Austria.

"Even if isolated powers should not associate themselves in the steps she is resolved to take, Russia will be in a position, at any rate, not to allow the peace of Europe to be endangered by events in Crete.'"

This is a tone which Russia has not adopted toward any power within living memory. England, of course, is the country meant, and the words employed suggest some exceedingly grave suspicions. It may be, however, that this language was used in the interval between the reception of Lord Salisbury's note, saying in effect that England would do nothing in regard to Greece until the fate of Crete is decided and before England had notified her acceptance of Russia's proposal for solving the difficulty.

That proposal, although agreed to in principle by the six powers, will not be enforced in the form interpreted by Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords on Thursday. Neither England nor Italy nor France will fire a gun to drive the Greeks from Crete in order that the island may be delivered to Turkish troops for "police" purposes. Public opinion in all three countries would put an absolute veto upon that proposition.

Every despatch received from Greece and Crete makes it perfectly clear that such an arrangement will never be submitted to. In fact, the reply of Greece to Lord Salisbury's discouraging speech on Thursday night has been a summons to two more divisions of reserves to mobilize. Nothing but absolute autonomy for Crete will be accepted by public opinion in this country, and Lord Salisbury is fully aware of this fact by this time.

Public anger is slow to kindle in England. Cause and effect in this, as in all things else, are separated by a wider interval than in almost any other country. But public opinion is fully roused now. It did not need another of William Watson's lyrics and a series of Mr. Gladstone's notes to inflame it. Watson's lines are sufficiently savage. This is one of his verses addressed to Greece:

Who are these would bind thy hands?
Knaves and dastards, none beside.
All the just in all the lands,
Hail thee blest and sanctified.
Curst who would thy triumph mar,
Be he Kaiser, be he Czar.

An Englishman who passed through Salonica at the beginning of this week writes that nobody, seeing the Turkish recruits arriving there, would suppose they would be able to make much of a fight against the well-fed and well-clothed Greek soldiers. The newly-mobilized Redifs in particular, who have been called from their homes and families for the third time within twelve months, are ragged, hungry-looking and depressed. Many of them have served since the beginning of last year in Armenia and Crete, but they have not received a single piastre of the pay due them, and are not likely to get anything but hard knocks in the coming campaign. If, indeed, there is to be war, the Porte has announced, blithely, its intention to put 110,000 men on the Thessalian frontier, but so far has been able to obtain funds to equip and transport only about 15,000 men for that purpose. The Porte has no money, but he would be oblivious to history who should lightly assume that this fact indicates that Turkey is not in a position to wage war.

The troops who lately passed through Salonica were without ambulance equipment or surgical appliances of any kind, but their arms were evidently all right, and their ammunition trains appeared to be ample. Their artillery, too, was in good condition and their batteries were well horsed.

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$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
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TRADE AUCTIONEERS,
64 Wellington St. West, Toronto.
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TRADE SALE
Wednesday & Thursday
MARCH 3rd and 4th.
New Dry Goods,
British Consignments,
Dress Goods, Fancy Prints, Indigo Prints,
Navy, Fancy Spot Cretonnes,
Furniture, Prints, Ptd. Flannelettes
Velveteens, Handkerchiefs,
Braces, Worsteds, Tweeds, Etc.
All new goods direct from
ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS.
Consignors intending shipping for this sale will do well to send in invoices early, as the catalogue will be published on Thursday, February 25th.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
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W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

THE INAUGURATION.

All Arrangements About Made for the Big Display Next Thursday.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The police arrangements for the inauguration ceremonies have been completed. Six hundred special officers will assist the regular force of police, and seventy-five detectives from other cities will also be on hand. A special force to maintain order at the Capitol will be sworn in to-morrow.

A tent of the building in which the inaugural ball will be held was made to-day. Fifty arc lights and 8700 incandescent burners are used. One of the features of the ball room is an American flag in colors composed of incandescent lamps. By means of a mechanical contrivance the effect of waving is given. Hundreds of canary birds in cages, guaranteed to sing, despite electric brilliancy and crowds, will be another feature of the ball room decorations.

Divorce Not So Easy.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 27.—The House to-day passed a bill extending the period of residence from three months to one year before action for divorce can begin. The bill carried an emergency clause, declaring that the State and its judiciary are scandalized and the moral standing of the State degraded by the conduct of those who come to this State for divorce purposes.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 509 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 65eod

For Sale
OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
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CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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Probabilities.
Fine; continued decidedly cold.

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Dress Making
Department.
. . . NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.
Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.
New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.
Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ..... 15c worth 20c
Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early.
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ¾ border to match..... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ¾ borders to match..... $1.25 worth $1.60
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Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
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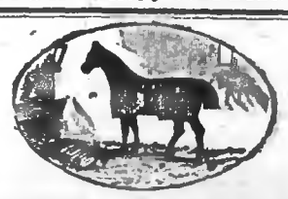
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AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design. Embracing all the up to date improvements.
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Telephone 180 or 215. Day or night.

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD,
Charlotte Street.

Good

Blood is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's

Blood

Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

From

Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished so many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of disease. Thousands today enjoy good health as the natural result of taking

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897

THE TEMPERANCE PROTEST.

The prohibitionists are protesting against the liquor license amendments which Mr. Hardy proposes to offer as a fulfilment of Sir Oliver Mowat's and his promise that the Ontario Government would legislate to the extent of its power. A convention is to be called to protest against such a pretence at amendments, or, as the prohibitionists called them, "an insult to the temperance cause." and Mr. Hardy will be interviewed. However, it is a safe wager that Mr. F. S. Spence and other leading Liberals among the temperance men will, as they have done before, make the road to escape for the Ontario Premier as easy as possible. The temperance people have been indignant at the Ontario Government before. They have seen the Liberals work the license machine to further party ends and thwart measures that had been framed through the instrumentality of the temperance people. They have been highly incensed at this. But the great, great majority of them who were Liberals were pacified and soothed, and voted again for the Government that had always promised them and given them nothing, a Government that allowed and still allows the license system to be used as one of its election engines. Such temperance men as Hon. G. W. Ross, F. S. Spence, and others, are Liberals first.

If Mr. Hardy is forced to make his liquor license amendments stronger or more in the line of temperance legislation he will pull the strings all the tighter on the present license holders, so that he will succeed again in holding both the temperance and liquor vote for his Government. Its a great machine. But it will not last forever.

The British Empire last year took $66,767,139 of Canadian products. All the rest of the world took $43,148,113. If this is the situation without any special concessions from one colony to the other or to the Mother Country, the Montreal Gazette pointedly asks what might be the state of affairs with some such arrangement in operation as Mr Laurier is so anxious to make with the United States!

With an annual deficit in its finances, with the prospect of direct taxation coming nearer and nearer and the army of officials becoming larger and larger, with the machine system being worked more and more to thwart the will of the people, we believe the people of Ontario will come to the conclusion, to use the Globe's own words, that "it's time for a change."

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY

May Not be Built for Ten Years, Says a Minister.

Who Appears to Take No Stock in the Desire to Develop the Mineral Resources of British Columbia—Cabinet Seems to be Afraid of Handling the Matter—Notes of Interest to Military Men Regarding the New Rifles — Trade Returns for Seven Months — General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—(Special.)—The Cabinet had a long sitting yesterday afternoon, but contrary to expectations the Crow's Nest Railway matter did not come up, the report of the subcommittee of the Cabinet not being quite ready for presentation. The sessional program was under consideration, the chief measure discussed being the bill to wipe out the present Franchise Act.

In ministerial circles the impression is growing that the Government may in the end decide to do nothing in the Crow's Nest Railway matter this year or for some time to come.

Conversing with one of the Ministers yesterday he stated most emphatically that personally he was opposed to the expenditure of fifteen or twenty millions on work which Canada could do without for the next ten years. He pointed out that instead of considering whether a railway through the Crow's Nest was really needed, newspapers and public bodies were taking that for granted, and were now simply arguing whether the road should be built by the Government or the C.P.R. Considerably less than half a million people would be affected by such a road. British Columbia had not yet a population of a million, and if the Crow's Nest Railway were constructed out of public money the Pacific province would never be satisfied unless the line was completed through to the coast, meaning ten or fifteen millions of money. Then the Territories, with their sparse population, could not be said to be in dire need of such a railway. There is to-day direct railway communication into the Kootenay country by two lines of railway, while from Revelstoke on the C.P.R. and by steamer on the Arrow Lakes, Rossland can be easily reached ten months in the year. These were considerations, he pointed out, which should be well weighed by the public before compelling the Government or Parliament to embark on the vast expenditure the Crow's Nest Railway would involve.

The Canada Gazette of yesterday contains the trade returns for the seven months ending January 31 last. The imports are $65,568,611, as compared with $66,844,765, or a decrease for the present year of $1,270,154. The duty collected was $11,131,408, as compared with $11,945,773 in 1896, or a decrease of $814,315 in revenue. Exports show an increase of over six million dollars, but fell off over two millions in January.

Hugh Sutherland, ex-M.P., is here. He has had considerable correspondence with the Department of Marine and Fisheries in regard to the vessel to be sent to Hudson Bay, suggesting the employment of a larger craft than the sealer, which the Minister favors. Mr. Sutherland has been engaged for months back in looking after mining property in the Biscan region, and is said to have been fortunate in securing one of the best paying silver mines in that district.

Lieut.-Col. Irwin, A.A.G.A., has sent the following notice to district commanding officers: "It is intended to make an issue of Martini-Henry rifles to garrison artillery corps in the district under your command to replace present Snider-Enfields. You will, therefore, be good enough to cause requisitions to be forwarded in the usual manner for the number of these rifles required to complete the authorized establishment of the different corps. Requisitions to return the Snider rifles into store should also be forwarded."

The Minister of Militia has decided, like his immediate predecessors, to grant free ammunition for all associations competing in the coming season's matches of the Military Rifle League.

The following official notification has been sent out from headquarters to district officers of militia:

"The Major-General commanding has approved of the issue of a complete equipment of Lee-Enfield rifles to city corps (garrison artilleries excepted) that have suitable accommodation in their armories. You are, therefore, requested to notify commanding officers concerned in your district to send requisitions for return into store of rifles now in possession, and for an issue of Lee-Enfield rifle to complete."

Another order in connection with the Lee-Enfields is as follows: "The general officer commanding has approved of the issue of dummy cartridges to all corps armed with the Lee-Enfield rifle. The cartridges will be issued at once in the proportion of 200 to each unit of the permanent corps (cavalry and infantry) and 150 to each city corps entitled to them. These dummy cartridges are for use in imparting instruction in the use of the magazine."

F. X. Demers, one of the French translators of the House of Commons debates, is dead at the age of 51. He was a newspaper editor in the Province of Quebec for many years before taking up his residence here.

Their Excellencies the Governor General and Countess of Aberdeen returned home from the south yesterday.

Mr. E. E. Sheppard, "Don," was in town on Saturday.

If sufficient accommodation can be secured, the Interior Department will be moved over to the Langevin Block in place of the Indian Department, so that the valuable papers in the Lands Department may be safe from fire, and the Indian Department moved to where the Interior now is.

Six of the girls in the press room at the Government Printing Bureau were discharged yesterday as a result of disagreements among themselves.

An Ottawa company several weeks ago placed a diamond drill under the supervision of Burley Smith, at work on Bald Indian Bay, outside of Sultana Island. The drill has struck the Sultana lead rich in 40 feet of water. A steel tube will be sunk and mining operations commenced at once.

The Order of Railway Conductors is to be invited to meet here in 1898.

Mr. E. J. Rainboth, P. L. S., leaves here to-morrow with a staff of surveyors to survey an area of timber limits in the Nipissing district for the Ontario Government.

Trooper Christian of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, who was accidentally shot at the drill hall last week, was buried to-day with military honors.

The Hawkesbury Lumber Company has purchased from Mr. William Mackay his Upper Dumoine limits in the Province of Quebec, which contain 124 square miles of pine lands. The price paid was in the vicinity of $124,000.

The Dominion Arts Association of London is seeking incorporation.

The American Bank Note Company of New York will apply next session for an act permitting them to do a lithographing, printing and engraving business in Canada.

Another application will be made next session for a railway from the head of Lynn Canal, British Columbia, to Fort Selkirk.

F. C. Wade, barrister, of Winnipeg has been appointed to investigate the management of Stony Mountain Penitentiary, Manitoba.

W. J. Bowser, Independent Conservative candidate in Burrard, has been commissioned to investigate alleged cases of partisanship by postal officials in British Columbia at the general election.

Billy Bennett's return as member for East Simcoe was gazetted yesterday.

Hon. William Paterson's business at Brantford will hereafter be handled by "The William Paterson & Son Company (Limited)," capital $125,000.

Sir Richard Cartwright is not expected to return to Ottawa for about ten days. He is undergoing a course of treatment for rheumatism at Avon Springs, N. Y.

There was an alarm of fire from Government House to-night. The chimney of one of the stables caught fire, but little damage resulted.

Her German.

"I have decided to give a german," remarked Mrs. Crewe Doyle.

"Have you ever given a german?" asked the person to whom she confided her intention.

"No, but I understand that it is the correct thing, and I want to do what is correct, you know."

"Of course you have attended german's yourself, though?"

"Well, no," replied Mrs. Crewe Doyle, with a frank little laugh. "I never went out very much until quite lately."

"What sort of refreshments did you think of serving?"

"Oh, things suitable to Germans, of course. I suppose that sauerkraut, bologna sausage, pretzels and such eatables would be of the right thing, with lager beer to drink, wouldn't you think so?"

"I think that your german will be a howling success if you carry it out as you have planned it, Mrs. Crewe Doyle. I shall be highly offended if I do not receive an invitation."

Retributive Justice.

"Howdy-do, Eben!" saluted the Squam Corners storekeeper, addressing Farmer Grayneck, who was driving slowly by. "What kind of hens was them that you got from the chicken fancier in the city last week?"

"Macduffs," replied the honest agriculturist, hauling his team, and waiting in joyous anticipation for the chance to spring his little joke.

"H'm! That's a funny name. Why are they called Macduffs?"

"Because they—haw! haw!—always lay on." And then the farmer's long-suffering horses suddenly bolted and ran wildly down the village street, overcetting the wagon, and throwing their master out on a mass of jagged rocks. His back was broken, and he died soon after in awful agony, amid the huzzas of all the bystanders.

The Proper Head For It.

"Here is a joke about an electric shock," said the humorist.

"Put it under the head of 'Current Fun.'" replied the editor.—Life.

Love has a long way to go to reach the heart of the modern up-to-date young man. When he looks for a wife, he expects a good deal. Probably he expects more than he deserves. He wants good looks, good sense, good nature, good health. They usually go together.

An observing man learns that a woman who is physically weak and nervous and incapable, is likely to be ill-natured too. The sweetest temper is ruined by continual sickness.

A woman whose nerves are constantly racked and dragged by debilitating drains and inflammation, cannot be a genial companion or happy wife; and she is totally unfitted to be a mother.

These troubles prevail almost universally among women largely because of carelessness and neglect. There is no real need of them. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive specific for the weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

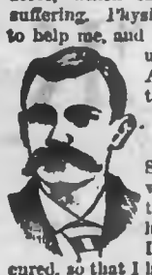
It cures them radically and completely. It heals, strengthens and purifies. It is the only scientific remedy devised for this special purpose by an educated, skilled physician. It is the only medicine that makes motherhood easy and absolutely safe.

Miss Lauretta McNees, of Reno (P. O. Box 773), Washoe Co., Nev., writes: "I have discontinued taking the 'Prescription' and will not take any more (at present). Last month I had no pain at all and worked every day without any inconvenience whatever. It was the first time I never had pain during that period. I cannot say too much for your medicines, especially the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I know of a lady who took one bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' and she says she was not sick like she was with her first baby. This was her second baby. She thinks it a grand medicine. So do I."

Dr. Pierce has had a life-time of experience in this particular field. His 1000-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" contains several chapters devoted to woman's special physiology. A paper-bound copy will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing only; or, cloth-bound 50 stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897

THE CHOOSING OF MEATS.

Here Are Some Rules That Will Pay for Remembrance.

The oyster should be used as soon as opened—the sooner the better. When an oyster is not firm, when it has a cloudy or milky appearance, avoid it. This usually occurs during warm weather.

To buy fish, make sure that the flesh is firm, not flabby. The skin will be clear and the scales bright, the eyes full and the fins stiff.

In purchasing your chicken, select one that is plump and firm, the breast full and broad—except in the case of spring chickens, upon which little fat is found. The lean meat should be white, the fat a pale yellow, the skin will be fine grained, the legs smooth, the breastbone soft, and the toes easily broken by bending back. Many cooks consider a "dry-picked" chicken the best for culinary purposes. A "scalded" fowl may be easily detected by the skin. This will appear smooth and stretched tightly across the bone. In buying young fowls to broil choose those with yellow legs and firm, white skin.

A turkey, when good, has most of the points given above for chicken buying. The tip of the breastbone should be soft, the meat clear and firm. In purchasing chickens and turkeys, be careful to watch the liver, intestines, etc. See that these are of a healthy, normal color.

In buying other birds, as woodcock, quail, etc., do not worry over the gamey smell; this is not taint. All game of the kind has this odor. It is entirely different from that of decomposition.

As to venison—care is necessary with this also. It should show a good bit of fat. The fat should be white and the lean a dark red.

A good tongue may be discovered by certain points. It should be solid and thick. The under side should show a good deal of fat.

In sausages, pick out such as are firm and solid, being somewhat dry upon the outside.

In selecting pork, the main object is to secure such as comes from a young animal. The flesh should be firm and of a pale red color, the fat white, the skin white and clear. A poor quality of pork is shown by the fact that the flesh is soft and the fat yellow. When the pork has been salted a good pork will take on a pale pink shade. Nothing is more dangerous than pork which is unsound or from an unhealthy animal. The rind will be thin in the proper article, the grain will be fine, and the skin cold.

Good veal has several points by which it may be known. It should not be purchased when having a bluish tinge and a flabby feeling to the touch. This means that the animal was too young. The fat in the proper thing will be white and firm. Never buy veal in which the flesh is very white. This shows that the animal was bled before being killed. Veal, newly slain, changes color very rapidly.

In choosing lamb, select meat with red bones, with hard, white fat.

For mutton, take that which has fat hard and white. Meat of a fine grain, firm, dark red in color and juicy in appearance.

In beef, look for the following points: Good, young beef, whether of steer or heifer, is fine in grain, is firm and solid, with yellowish white fat. When first cut, it is dark red in color, which changes rapidly to light red as the air reaches it. It will contain much juice. The suet in good beef is dry. It is easily crumbled and is almost without fiber. The flesh of ox and cow is considerably darker in color than that of the young animals. It will appear rather dry. The grain will be coarser.

All fresh meat, to be sound and good, should be firm when tried by the fingers. It should show clearly the veins and branches. A pink hue in some cases warns one of disease. A deep purple suggests that the death was a natural one. No disagreeable odor should be noticed when the meat is cut before cooking. The fat should be white and sucty. Moist and flabby fat shows poor meat.—Philadelphia press.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BILL JOHNSON'S OPINIONS.

I've allus noticed, fellers,
Hit's a risky thing to do
To talkiate accordin'
To how things looks to you.

The man 'at talks the sleest
Don't hep you up the hill;
The one 'at prays the loudest
Don't allus pay his bill.

Sometimes the biggest fishes
Bites the smallest kinds o' baits;
An' mighty ugly wimmin
Can make the best o' mates.

The smartest lookin' feller
May be a reg'ler fool.
You're allus kicked the highest
By the meekest lookin' mule.
—Atlanta Constitution.

OUT OF THE FIRE.

The little town of Graham was thrown into considerable excitement when it was reported that George Stapleton, one of its leading citizens and most prominent business men, had failed for a large sum and had committed suicide in consequence. Grave charges had been whispered against him for some months in connection with some of his operations in the business world, and now had come the ruin and collapse of the firm, immediately followed by the tragic ending of the erring and unfortunate man's life.

There were but few who ventured to raise voices in extenuation of Stapleton's errors, or offer a word of kindly human sympathy to his heart-broken widow and son. These pointed out the fact that his bookkeeper and clerk, taking advantage of his employer's unbounded confidence and his frequent absences from the city on business, had mismanaged the affairs of the firm for some time, precipitating the ruin of the house, which all Stapleton's efforts were powerless to avert.

It was known that the bookkeeper, James Gillin, had thrown up his position suddenly, some months before the final crash, and betaken himself to parts unknown; but those who had lost money by the failure would hear of no excuses, and much bitterness of sentiment prevailed even among those who had no direct loss to complain of, but who, merely looking on the surface of things, passed a condemnatory verdict in general.

Some days after the funeral, Mrs. Stapleton sat one morning in the dining-room of her once happy home, gazing blankly out at the sunlit scene presented from the window. Her pale, haggard face and sombre attire looked out of keeping with the bright summer day, and she seemed to realise it, for she lowered the curtains. There was a slight noise at the door of the room, and she half turned in the great armchair, his chair, into which she had thrown herself, and tried to smile—a poor, frozen attempt at a smile—as her son Laurence entered the room.

He had a crumpled newspaper in his hand. There was a stern look about his beardless mouth and chin, which gave him a strong resemblance to his mother. The pictured face of the dead husband and father which looked down upon them from the wall bore traces of temperamental weakness that was looked for in vain in the frank, clear-cut face of his son. He was but a youth, scarcely more than eighteen years of age, but there was already promise of a grand manhood about him, his mother thought, as she lifted her weary eyes and surveyed the supple young figure and handsome face of her boy.

He stood with his back to the mantel, facing her for some moments in silence evidently seeking to stifle some inner feelings. She saw that something was amiss, but waited for him to speak. His voice vibrated with anger and pain, as he said, with a gesture towards the newspaper, which he had thrown aside:

"I suppose you know something of what they are saying about him, mother?"

"Yes, I know," she rejoined sadly. "They do not understand the circumstances of the case. Your poor father's greatest fault was too great a trust in others—in Gillin."

"The unprincipled villian!" exclaimed Laurence, fiercely. "Would that I could meet him face to face and deal with him as he deserves! But never mind, little mother," he continued in a softer tone, "we will make the best of things. We must give up this place to the people who have lost money by the failure. I know he would wish it. We will begin the world anew, you and I, penniless, to be sure; but you shall never know want as long as there is work in the world for the hands and brain of a willing man."

"I have been thinking," said Mrs. Stapleton, whose sad face brightened a little at her son's brave, manly words, "that it might be better for us to leave Graham—better for your future, I mean, dear."

"I don't think so, mother. Let us stay if we can and live down the misfortunes that have come upon us. I don't like the idea of flying before disaster and unmerited condemnation. I would much rather remain here; but if you prefer—"

"No, no, Laurence, I was but thinking of you," she interrupted.

So it was understood that they were to remain in Graham, where, the widow reflected, they had yet a few friends who retained the kindest feelings towards them; and soon after they moved into a small but decent cottage in the suburbs of the town, where they were themselves as comfortable as possible under the circumstances, and took up the battle of life from this new and strange standpoint with what courage and hope they could muster.

Early one morning Laurence made his appearance in the office of Herbert Marston, the head of the leading manufacturing business in Graham, and requested employment of some kind that would enable him to support himself and his mother. Marston had been his father's friend, and had stood by them through all the time of their affliction and reverses. He surveyed the young fellow with an admiring almost fatherly gaze, as he put a few questions to him relative to the matter of employment.

"You would not object to a little hard work, I presume," he presently said, with a searching glance into his young friend's face, and then at his shapely, well-kept hands.

Laurence smiled, and his frank gaze met that of the older man as he answered:

"No, sir; you may put me at anything within the limits of my strength. I am not asking for a sinecure, but will earnestly endeavor to fulfil any duties that may be assigned me, whether requiring effort of head or hands, or both."

A pleased smile came over Marston's face at this reply, and it was soon decided that Laurence should take his place in the works at an early day. He left the office feeling hopeful for the future, and resolved that he would make his way up the ladder of success if there were yet virtue in human effort.

Success generally follows unremitting industry. During the years that followed young Stapleton's advent into the business world he justified all belief, and hope centred upon him by his friends. By the time he had attained to man's estate he had become an important factor in the concern with which he was connected, and Marston felt that he had done a good thing for himself when he secured his services.

"He is the most remarkable young man I have ever seen," he declared to his wife and daughter. "His character has developed exactly in accordance with my expectations."

Helen Marston, a lovely girl in her teens, looked up brightly.

"I have always admired Laurence's courage," she said. "Why does he so seldom come to see us, papa? He is more than welcome here."

"I fancy he keeps pretty busy; his mother tells me he studies every evening. But I'll speak to him about it."

"Oh, no!" cried Helen, with a vivid blush. "He must please himself in the matter. No doubt he will come when he feels inclined." And she hastened to change the subject, leaving her father a trifle puzzled by what he considered her contradictory words.

Again and again was Laurence promoted by the firm until he became foreman of a large division of the works, and found himself, at the age of 24, the recipient of a handsome salary. There were some remonstrances when Marston made choice of so young a man for a position requiring in its incumbent so much judgment and practical knowledge. But he replied to them with characteristic bluntness and emphasis:

"That young fellow," said he, "knows more about machinery, even the most complex, than any other man in the place. Do you suppose I would have kept on promoting him for no good cause? And, by the way, he has been working for nearly two years on an invention of his own that should he succeed in carrying out his ideas, is destined to work a revolution in one branch of our business. The saving of material alone under its operation would amount to thousands annually."

It was true that Laurence Stapleton stood on the eve of making a great mechanical discovery, over which he had worked and studied for many long months, and upon which his hopes were becoming more and more fixed. For should he succeed did it not mean wealth—the ability to pay every dollar of that old indebtedness? He had always dreamed of some day being able to clear his father's name entirely from every hint or shadow of reproach. It meant also comfort for his mother's declining years—his noble, patient mother, whose life had been so stricken with sorrow and misfortune. And, last of all, did it not promise happiness for himself? His face grew bright and tender as his thoughts turned to fair, sweet Helen Marston, she who had been the admiration of his boyhood and was now the secretly worshipped idol of his manhood. Not that she would look upon wealth as a necessary qualification in a lover—he knew her better—but he was too proud to go to Mr. Marston with empty hands and ask him to receive him as a son-in-law. And so he struggled and worked on in silence, while other suitors for Helen's hand came and went at her father's house.

Helen had always been a great favorite with Mrs. Stapleton, and in her visits to the cottage she sometimes met Laurence, and if her eyes sought his at times in wistful questioning when she rallied him on having forsaken them, so rarely did he call he feared to believe what they seemed to say. On the subject of his own hopeless love honor bade him to be silent. And so he worked and waited, hoping for the day when he would be free to seek the woman he adored and win her for his own.

Thus matters stood when one morning Laurence surprised Mr. Maraton by bursting into his private office with an unusual show of animation and almost boyish precipitation.

"Come," he cried. "Come and see it! It is wonderful—it is perfect!"

Marston tried to question him, but the young man half dragged him from the room, repeating, "Come and see it!" And Marston followed him to an apartment adjoining the main wing of the works.

A small singular-looking machine stood on a rough table, to which Laurence directed his attention. It was a working model of the invention over which he had labored so long, and he now began to illustrate to his employer its perfect, successful working. Marston, looking on, was struck with the marvellous ingenuity of the machine, and realised that it was destined to be the means of fame and riches to his friend. He took the young inventor by the hand and warmly congratulated him with every expression of pleasure.

"That will bring you wealth and fame, my boy," he said, as they were leaving the room. "But we shall lose you. I suppose—in the works, I mean—and I have come to depend on you as though you were my son."

Laurence impulsively seized his hand. "Mr. Marston—my friend and benefactor—if only I might become your son in reality! This has been the sweetest dream of my life; may I seek Helen and plead for favor now that there is hope of my having something to offer her?"

"Something to offer!" repeated his friend, blankly. Then, collecting his wits a little, "Do you mean to say that you love my daughter, and she has refused you because of your poverty?"

"No, no!" replied Laurence. "I have never mentioned my love to Helen, though surely she must know something of the state of my feelings. How could I seem to take advantage of yours and her kindness to me by offering myself as her husband, she who may look so much higher."

"I see—I see!" said Mr. Marston, thoughtfully. "I understand just how you felt, my dear boy. And you love Helen, and want her for your wife, eh?"

"Heaven knows how much!" answered Laurence. "I am unworthy of her—as almost any man would be. Yet—"

"Oh, yes, just so," interrupted the older man, with a slight smile. "Never mind that, Laurence, but go to her as soon as you will. You have my good wishes for your success. You are a gentleman, sir, and I shall be glad to claim you as a son."

Two months later Graham society was thrown into a state of excitement by the announcement that Helen Marston, the daughter of the millionaire manufacturer, had married her father's foreman, Laurence Stapleton, who was himself on the high road to fortune.

Before the end of the year Laurence had paid up the last dollar of his father's debts, bought back for his mother her old home, and built a small, but handsome residence for himself and Helen. As time passed, and the world saw that Dame Fortune continued to smile upon the Stapletons' many of the friends so called, who had turned their backs upon them in the days of their misfortunes and struggles, came fluttering round them again. But the widow could not forget the past so easily, and the young wife understood her feelings and sympathised in them to such extent that the returning favor of the world was accorded a very cold welcome.

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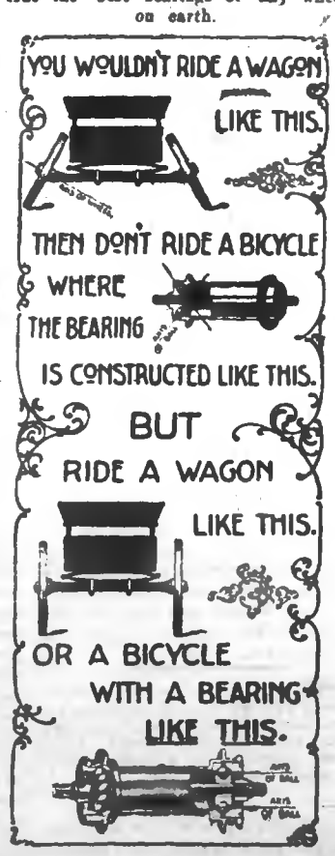

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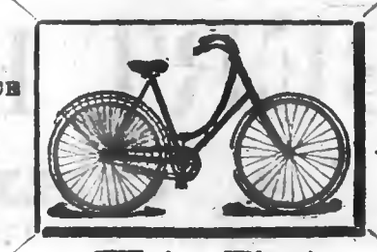

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Sheet Music Sale Continued.

The Peterborough Music Co., old stand, have decided to sell until further notice at 5c per copy Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century and McKinley Two-steps New songs at same price. d50tf

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

The Date of the Annual Meeting Changed.

The annual meeting of the Baptist Women's Missionary Society will be held on Tuesday, March 9th, instead of to-morrow evening, as previously announced. Mrs. Davis, a retired missionary, will give a talk on "The Women of India."

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

St Luke's Boy's Brigade.

St Luke's Boy's Brigade, No 37, will give an entertainment in St Luke's school house on Tuesday evening next, March 2nd. An excellent programme has been prepared, including a talk on "The Storming of Sebastopol," by Mr K Mark, who took part in that event, recitations by Holden Blackwell, songs, dialogues and readings. Admission 10c. 2d59

Will be in Town After Easter

The Mail and Empire says:—"A most enjoyable evening was spent in the St John's church school room last night, when Mr C T Longley Taylor delivered a pleasing and instructive lecture, entitled "A Deep Sea Voyage, and Across Australia." Mr Taylor gave a graphic description of his personal experiences and a thrilling account of a journey across the unknown regions of the Australian continent. The lecture was interspersed by musical selections by local talent." Mr Taylor, who has numerous friends in this vicinity, announces that he will lecture in Peterborough after Easter.

Elite Event of The Season.

The management of the opera house takes pleasure in announcing that they have secured the Smyth & Rice Comedy Co. for a one night's engagement at the opera house next Friday, March 5th. This company will present "My Friend from India," which is without doubt the funniest farce comedy of the age, having had a continuous run of 112 nights in New York city. The company is a very strong one, and the play a very enjoyable production, free from vulgarity of any kind, and should fill the opera house on next Friday night. The prices for the engagement are 25c, 35c and 50c, with a few of the best reserved seats placed at 75c. Secure your seats early as a packed house is expected. 1d50

THE STREET INSPECTORSHIP.

It is probable that at to-night's meeting the by-law appointing Messrs Ranney & Isaac street inspectors, in accordance with the report of the Street and Bridge Committee adopted at the last meeting of the Council, will come before the Council. This appointment is one of importance and should be given careful consideration before final action is taken.

The general complaint that has been made regarding the condition of our streets is probably accountable for the Council proposing to make a change in the street inspectorship. Whether the present street inspector deserves such treatment or not or whether he had a fair opportunity to show what he could do is not to be discussed now, as the Council has evidently decided to make a change. But having decided on a change the Council should make sure that no mistake is made that they do not make things worse. What people want are better streets, an official who understands the work and can give it an active and intelligent supervision. A capable man, one who would be responsible, could and should be given a freer hand, and we are satisfied that better streets and more satisfactory results would be secured. It is important, therefore, that the Councillors should see that the duties of the new inspector or inspectors be clearly defined. The fact that it is proposed to appoint two street inspectors is rather confusing, for it cannot be expected that two professional gentlemen will give their time to the office for $550 a year. The town's street inspector should give his whole time to his duties, for there is plenty of work to occupy his whole attention. Any proposal to employ a foreman would also be a mistake, for again the responsibility would be divided and the expense would be equal to that incurred if a good man was employed to take the whole responsibility and have the whole work in charge. How the committee expected two inspectors — one holding a position that he would not resign to take another at $550, and the other well up in years—to satisfactorily serve the town for the small salary given them is a mystery, and an explanation should be made. If the decision to appoint two inspectors is adhered to let the by-law define their duties clearly so that the responsibility for the work that may done can be placed where it belongs. We do not question the professional ability of the two gentlemen who have been named for the position, but we are opposed to any deal system. There should be one capable head who would be responsible for the condition of the streets and for the work done on them. Experience in all undertakings has shown that it is a mistake to have two men with equal authority superintending the one work. If a good man who will give his whole time and accept full responsibility should cost one hundred or two hundred dollars more a year, he would easily save that amount by his management in expending the ten or twelve thousand dollars that are annually spent on our streets, and we will have better streets into the bargain. It pays to have a capable inspector, even if he does cost a little more than an incapable man. He can inaugurate a system that would soon make itself evident in improved streets. Two inspectors and a foreman would be a mistake. It is not businesslike. It is not desired by the citizens, who readily recognise that they will be at a loss to know who is responsible. Let there be one inspector and let that inspector be an active, capable man who will be required to give his whole and undivided time to the work of street supervision.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

New Books.

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—The Gospel in Brief, Tolstoi; An Ethical Movement, Sheldon; Story of Extinct Civilization, Anderson; Pickle, the Spy, Andrew Lang; Conventional Lies, Max Nordeau; Knight of the Nets, Barr; Sister Jane, Harris; Captain Jacobus, Cornford; Loveday, Wickham; Dulcie Everton, Lynn Linton.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

SPECIAL SERMONS THAT SHOULD BE READ

EDUCATIONAL SERMONS IN THE TWO TOWN METHODIST CHURCHES.

Rev. T. M. Campbell, President of the Conference, and Rev. R. P. Bowles, M.A., of Toronto, Preach Forcible and Eloquent Sermons in the Local Churches—Education and Religion are Hand in Hand—Religion and the Home.

Special services were held in the local Methodist churches yesterday, when the claims of the educational funds of the church were presented by able preachers—Rev. T M. Campbell, President of this Conference, and Rev. R. P. Bowles, M.A. Both these gentlemen preached able sermons, one being in the George-st church in the morning and the Charlotte-st church in the evening, and the other being in the Charlotte-st church in the morning and the George-st church in the evening.

In the George-st. Church.

A large congregation listened to the sermon by Rev. T. M. Campbell, President of the Bay of Quinte Conference, in the George-st church in the morning. In introducing his subject the speaker called attention to the increasing importance and magnitude of the educational work of the church. This work was defined as the equipment of leaders of men. This work, he said, is in the hands of the congregations. The best workers in the church were not from wealthy families. Being brought up surrounded by wealth begets a desire for more wealth, and men brought up under such conditions seldom entered the ministry. The clergy were drawn from

THE RANKS OF THE POOR

who both needed and deserved support. The speaker struck the keynote of modern Methodism when he said that churches demanded men of culture, men strong in education as in piety. The congregations had created this demand so should make the supply of it possible by liberally supporting education.

The text chosen was Isaiah 33-6, "And wisdom and knowledge shall be the stability of thy time and strength of salvation." The gospel has two missions. First, the personal mission of bringing one from sin to salvation and into the friendship and fellowship of God. Second, to bring to humanity all the blessings and resources of the earth. Religion is a reverent and obedient faith in God leading the heart into purity and love; education is the acquisition and retaining of knowledge by which one gets a power of self-development, self-knowledge and a mastery over the forces of nature. It is the combined operation of these forces, religion and education, that is at the base of

ALL INDIVIDUAL AND NATIONAL EXCELLENCE.

The end of teaching should not be to enable man to die simply. Man is a body and is a soul rather than has a body and has a soul. God's book is not all theology. His care of His chosen people, Israel, shows His plan to be that of helping them towards complete living, including their religious, social and material interests. The whole of history shows the operation of God's plan. Nations built up on strategy and the sword, such as Egypt, Babylon, Rome, have perished; nations built up on the truth have increased and maintained their strength. France and Spain are standing still or retrograding—religion is scoffed at and education neglected. Great Britain and United States are reaching out and growing. Likewise Germany, though she has undergone a period of scepticism and rationalism, is now strong, chiefly owing to her high educational influence. Piety and education make peace-loving people, but people none the less true and courageous under the

VICISSITUDES OF WAR.

During the Fenian raid the noble Ensign McEachren was the first to fall on the plains of Ridgeway with his high courage, deep piety and fine scholarship. Down through the ages the leaders of men and of movements were men deep in learning and piety.

The finest types in social life found in any part of the Dominion belonged to Ontario where the church and the school were most influential. With these divorced, men and society alike become unbalanced. From education without religion we get rationalism and communism. From religion without education we get fanaticism. With these combined we get man developed according to reason, to the needs of society, to the good of man himself, and to the plan of God as set forth in teaching of history and in his divine word.

Charlotte-st. Church.

In the morning Rev. Mr. Bowles occupied the pulpit of the Charlotte-st. church, Rev. Mr. Campbell taking the service in the evening.

Mr. Bowles in the morning preached a forcible sermon on "The Sacred Character of the Home," founding his remarks on the words:—

Then Jesus six days before the passover came to Bethany where Lazarus was which had been dead, whom He raised from the dead.

There they made him a supper and Martha served, but Lazarus was one of them that sat at the table with Him."—John xii, 1-2.

Mr. Bowles began by eloquently emphasizing the sacred character of the home. It was a divine institution—an institution created by God. It was one of God's brightest ideas that had burst into flames. The home, he argued, should be filled with social as well as spiritual life, social happiness as well as spiritual devotion. The home could not be taken away, and for this reason they should establish it on the foundation of religion and dedicate it to God—a place where prayer was considered appropriate and where hymns ascended to heaven. The Bible had been the sworn enemy of every sin and defied them. It had championed the home and was to-day the assurance of its abidance. Mr. Bowles looked with disfavor upon countries that

PERMITTED DIVORCE

laws, and he termed a nation that did not adhere to the truths of the Bible unchristian. The minds of the community upon the subject of the home must be sound and adhere to the teachings of God. While believing in the love of native land, Mr. Bowles declared the love of God was superior, and a nation possessing that sentiment would be a true nation—a nation of godly fathers and godly mothers. It would be a happy nation blessed with true homes. Mr. Bowles declared that there could be no conflict between the church and home, though he acknowledged there was an apparent conflict, but the church could not be divided against itself. A pastor often said to a parent, "I would like to see you at the prayer meeting," and the parent replied that the home demanded them, and possibly in some cases the church thrust itself upon the home too much. He did not believe the church intended parents to be away from home at church services all the time. The home needed attention. Mr. Bowles believed that once a man became a christian and had a christian home, he would not be at church services all the time. Some parents depended upon the Sunday school for the religious instruction of their children and did not teach

SCRIPTURE AT THE HOME.

Religious life was crowded into church and none left in the home—a way of getting rid of it. The church could not do its work unless the home accepted and acted upon its duties. Mr. Bowles claimed that too frequently people arrayed their homes in competition with neighbors and not to please God. They could make their homes luxurious, bright and comfortable in a manner acceptable to God and not in sheer, pure vanity. It was a becoming thing that their homes should be places of prayer. It had a right to be there. Mr Bowles created smiles by stating that if he urged people to have prayer in their homes as a matter of good taste, they would have it, though they would possibly engage a chaplain to pray. Years ago the father considered himself the priest of the altar and made sacrifices for his family. The neglect of

RELIGION IN THE HOME

would be disastrous. Homes without prayer would be a disaster. They could not divorce religion from their home life. Men spending nights at the clubs, smoking and drinking and chatting until late, was a sin against home and humanity. Home life must be looked after. He could not understand husband and wife giving up the cares of home and boarding. They did not possess the true idea of home. Children will lose all their good qualities if they did not have religion in the home. Nobody, he claimed understood God until they enjoyed the affections of home life.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

Rev. J G Potter will lecture in St Andrew's church on Friday evening.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the George-st church next Sabbath.

The anthem at the Charlotte-st church yesterday morning was rendered with excellent effect. During the offertory Miss Headren rendered a solo.

Rev. W. R Young was in Toronto yesterday, occupying the pulpit of the Sherbourne-st church both morning and evening.

DESTROYED THEIR DWELLING

In an Attempt to Disinfect it After Case of Diphtheric Character.

On Thursday last the house occupied by Mr. Sam. Bonar, South Monaghan, was burned with all the contents except a few articles of trifling value. The family had previously suffered from an attack of what was defined as being diphtheric croup. It was decided to thoroughly disinfect the premises, and eight pounds of sulphur was put in a pot which was inside a tub filled with water and placed in the main room of the house. The sulphur was lighted and the family went across to relatives to allow the disinfecting to proceed undisturbed. Inside of an hour neighbors saw smoke issuing from the house and on breaking in the door were met by flames that destroyed the house in a very short time. Very little of the contents were saved. Mr. Bonar's loss is a very severe one, and he has the sympathy of all. This is the second time he has been burned out, and his circumstances are now very bad indeed. Two of his children died within the last month, and the whole circumstances form a case that is well worthy of assistance.

Other cases of diphtheria have been causing much unrest in South Monaghan, but it is hoped that the disease is now under control.

DEATH OF MRS. GEO. WEBBER.

The Wife of Mr. Geo. Webber Passes Away After a Long Illness.

After a prolonged illness Mrs. Geo. Webber was claimed by the hand of death yesterday at her residence in North Monaghan. Mr. Webber and the bereaved family will have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

Mrs Webber was a true type of the christian wife and mother. In her home she was devoted to the interests of her family and in the social circle she formed acquaintances that were lasting. Mrs. Webber's maiden name was Elizabeth McKee, her father being the late Wm McKee, formerly of Smith, but who afterwards removed with his family to Kansas. Mrs. Webber was born in Smith fifty-one years ago, and about thirty years ago she was united in marriage with Mr. Geo. Webber, who, with three children, Harry, Frank and Miss Lila, survive. In religion Mrs. Webber was a member of the Charlotte-st Methodist church and was a regular and interested attendant at all church services.

Mrs Oakley, of Kansas, sister of Mrs Webber, and Mrs John McKee, of Kansas, sister-in-law, have been with Mrs Webber for some weeks. The remainder of her brothers and sister reside in Kansas.

The funeral takes place to-morrow afternoon to the Little Lake cemetery.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completly cured me."

THE TORONTO EXCURSION.

The Curlers' Excursion to Toronto on Wednesday promises to be well patronized. Toronto and return for $2, good for two days. Take it in. Tickets can be had from Messrs. J. S. Knapman or W. L. Allen.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897.

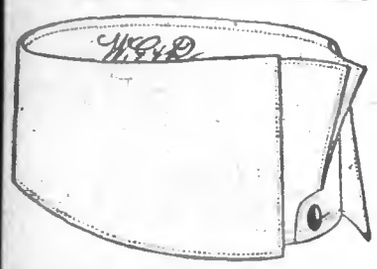
THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Thistles' curling night.
Town Council.
Ashburnham Council.
Young People's Society meetings.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Lansdowne Lodge, S. O. E.
Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897, my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf



JUST OUT—
"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post-office, Peterborough

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

WHO WILL GET THEM.

At the Lindsay bonspiel the second place in the double rink competition was taken by the Peterborough Granites rinks skipped by Messrs H M Allan and R S Davidson. The prize for this position was two pair of stones. To settle the rink that would hold these valuable pieces of curling paraphrenalia the two rinks met on Saturday evening and contested for the stones, Skip Allan winning by a good majority.

The score was:

G H Giroux	E H D Hall
G E Whiten	H LeBrun
W L Allan	T P Attrill
H M Allan, skip..19	R S Davidson, skip.10

As there are only two pair of stones Mr W L Allan and Mr Whiten will play against Mr H M Allen and Mr Giroux, the winners retaining the trophies.

FOR THE OYSTERS.

Skips Andrew McNeil and Geo Fitzgerald had a contest for the oysters on Saturday evening and Mr Fitzgerald had to treat the crowd, the score against him being eight more than his own tally, as follows:—

H Snowdon	Geo Brown
T Rutherford	D Belleghem
J S Knapman	A Blade
A McNeill, skip..17	Geo Fitzgerald, skip.9

MARKET RATES WITHDRAWN

Persons Attending Saturday Market Will Have to Pay Full Fare in the Future

The market rates on all branches of the G T R and C P R have been discontinued and from to-day henceforth those persons along the line of each railroad who attend the market at Peterborough will be forced to pay full fare instead of single fare rate that has been in force for some years.

The agents of both railroads in town have received official notice and the order goes into effect to-day.

The change will no doubt effect Peterborough's large Saturday market and the merchants will likely take some action at once.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Evangelistic Services.

The special evangelistic services being held in the Murray-st Baptist church will be continued every evening this week. At three o'clock on Wednesday and Friday afternoons a prayer and praise service will be held in the basement. All are invited to come to these meetings, where they will be heartily welcomed.

Wedding in Douro

At St Joseph's church, Douro, this (Monday) morning at ten o'clock Rev Father Phelan performed the solemn ceremony that united in wedlock Mr Patrick McMurray, of Douro, and Miss Emma Hogan, daughter of Mr Thos Hogan, also of Douro. The bride, who was becomingly attired in a blue silk, was attended by Miss Hannah McAuliffe, of Emily, as bridesmaid, while Mr Francis McMurray supported the groom. Their many friends will extend warmest congratulations and well wishes.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE LENTEN SEASON
DUTIES AND SERVICES

THE LENTEN ANNOUNCEMENTS MADE IN THE CHURCHES YESTERDAY.

The Special Services to be Held and the Addresses to be Given at St John's—A Parochial Letter—The Services at St Peter's and St Luke's.

The Lenten season will commence on Wednesday, and in the Anglican and Roman Catholic churches yesterday reference was made to the special services which are to be held during this solemn season.

At St John's church and St John's Mission the special services announced were as follows:

Every week day (except Wednesday), evening prayer and short address at 5 p m.

Wednesday evening prayer and sermon at 8 p. m.

The special Lenten addresses will be delivered as follows:—

Wednesday, March 3rd—Rev E V Stevenson.

Wednesday, March 10th—Rev C L Ingles, M A., Toronto.

Wednesday, March 17th—Rev J S Broughall, Whitby.

Wednesday, March 24th—Rev F H Hartley, Young's Point.

Wednesday, March 31st—Rev H Symonds M A., Ashburnham.

Wednesday, April 7th—Rev G Warren, Lakefield.

Wednesday, April 14th—Rev W L Armitage.

The following letter was also placed in the hands of the parishoners of St Johns:—

St. John's Church, PETERBOROUGH,
Quinquagesima Sunday, 1897.

To the Parishoners of St John's Church and St. John's Mission:

DEAR BRETHREN,—Once more the solemn season of Lent is upon us. It is a season in which our beloved Church in the name of her Divine Master, calls His willing subjects to a season of more complete retirement from the ordinary course of social life, to a closer communion with Him.

It is gratifying to see that many bodies of christians, who otherwise view things from a different standpoint to our own, have come to recognize the spiritual value of such seasons of abstinence and prayer. Many have their week of self-denial and prayer; others perhaps a few days of greater spiritual exercise; but one main object forms the basis of their efforts and of our own. And it is the greatest and most earnest desire of your clergy, who have the privilege of serving you, that the approaching season of the church's retirement, should be one of great benefit and value to your christan life. To enable us to accomplish this purpose of our beloved church in the highest sense, may we ask for the earnest and hearty co-operation of each man, woman and child within our care. May we not confidently hope that for us all our Lent may be one of reality. That our attitude throughout shall be that of seriousness, sincerity and earnestness; and not one of indifference to the call, much less one of formal compliance with it.

To this end our Church's ministrations to her people will be *designed, not merely to* edify the intellect, nor to excite the bodily sentiments of our worshippers, but to quicken the spiritual life; to deepen and strengthen our devotion to the Master. Let us be reminded that our personal aim is not simply to "put on" a religious form; but to weave into our lives the principles of Christ; not to put away our besetting sins for a season, but forever; not a brief communion with Christ, but the beginning of a closer walk with Him.

We would further venture to suggest a few simple thoughts for our guidance in private and public life.

In Private Life—

1. To try and read daily some portions of the Gospel story of the life of Christ.

2. A closer attention to prayer and self-examination.

3. And to exercise some simple but real act of self-denial for the love of Christ and for the advantage of His church.

And Our Public Attitude

Is one of equal importance. It should be such as will tend to prohibit the least possible reflection or criticism of our church's rules at the instance of those who do not recognize her obligations or sympathize with her aims. The world, we know, is ever watchful to discover a weakness in such an attitude of christian life as seems to claim for itself a more definite righteousness. We can avert such unwelcome criticisms only by a simple, secret, unostentatious, yet loyal adherence to our principles. Said our Lord, "When ye fast, be not as the hypocrites, of a sad countenance."

A complete severance from social pleasures of any kind will help our cause, and strengthen our lives. And so far as possible we should avail ourselves of the ministrations which the Church has to offer for our welfare.

Brethren, it remains with us, entirely, what our Lent shall be. Shall we rejoice while the Church rests, fasts, and prays, or shall we with her watch and pray? Only let us think what blessings and what power Almighty God, through the ministrations of His Church, may pour into our lives in the retirement, thought and discipline of this solemn season of Lent.

We shall not lose our reward, but, with the glad Easter morning, we shall awaken to sing with feeling and with power, the triumphal song which shall encircle the world: "Christ is risen from the dead and is become the first fruits of them that slept."

On behalf of the clergy of the parish, believe us to be,

Your humble servants in Christ Jesus,
W. L. ARMITAGE.
E. VICARS STEVENSON.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.

The following Lenten announcements were made in St Luke's church yesterday.

Wednesday next being Ash Wednesday there shall be morning prayer at 10.30 and evening prayer with an address at 8 p m. Services will be held on every Wednesday

continued on page 8.

ENVELOPED WITH FLAMES.

Milton G. Walker, the Bicyclist, Frightfully Burned by an Explosion of Benzine—A Narrow Escape.

Mr. Milt. Walker, of Walker Bros., bicycle dealers, is confined in the Nicholls hospital to-day and considers that he had a miraculous escape from being burned to death this morning.

With his brother, Mr. Herb Walker, he resides over their store on Simcoe-st. This morning he arose to start the fire and took a can, which he supposed was filled with coal oil, to hustle the fire along, and in placing it over the blaze a loud report followed and Mr. Walker aroused his brother by screams which betokened an accident of some nature. His brother leaving his room found the kitchen in a blaze and Milt. running towards him, his clothes in flames. Quick as a flash he covered the burning clothes with a blanket and smothered the flames which surrounded his brother. But it was too late to prevent serious injuries. "Milt's" trousers and shirt were almost removed from his body by the blaze. His hair and eye brows were singed. His hands, arms and body, received the most serious wounds. The skin was burned from his body in many places and his hands and arms lost their natural clothing completely. He was taken to the Nicholls Hospital and this afternoon is slightly improved, though his nervous system is suffering from the shock. Mr Herb Walker burned his hand badly in extinguishing the flames, which caused a good deal of damage to the kitchen and might have resulted more seriously. There is no doubt that had "Milt" been in the room alone, he would not have been able to escape as he was completely enveloped in the flames.

The explosion was caused by benzine, Mr Walker, taking a can of that inflammable liquid instead of coal oil, and he had hardly placed it on the fire when the explosion occured.

Pancake social and Programme. Shrove Tuesday, March 2nd, by Senior and Junior Girls' Guild of St. John's Mission, from 5.30 to 7.30. Sale of work in afternoon. Admission 15c. 1d

The Recent Militia Orders.

From the militia general orders dated 30th January, a portion of which appeared in our news column of February 24th, we found that the following was omitted:

"3rd The Prince of Wales' Canadian Dragoons—To be Major, Captain Henry Smith Greenwood, from the engineer reserve of officers, to complete establishment."

This announcement will be received with satisfaction by local military men, for it is a matter for congratulation that the service should again have the active connection of an experienced officer such as Major Greenwood. The Prince of Wales Dragoons, with headquarters in Peterborough, have a fine officer in their new Major. Major Greenwood is an ex-cadet of the Royal Military College, and has served as Captain and Adjutant in the 4th Hussars, of Kingston.

Personal.

Rev. R P Bowles while in town was the guest of Rev. J J Rae.

Mr. Geo Edmison left for Toronto on a business trip on Saturday.

Sheriff Shirreff, of Chatham, N.B., father of Mr. Shirreff, formerly of the Bank of Montreal here, died last week.

Mr. Geo T Riddell, of Campbellford, who has been visiting friends in town during the past week returned to his home to-day.

Dr Chas McKee is improving. His practice is being taken by Dr Chas Thompson, of Hiawatha, who graduated with Dr McKee.

Miss Armstrong and her staff from the millinery department of "The Golden Lion," are in Toronto attending the millinery openings there.

Mr C B Routley, who retired from business at the first of the year, has purchased the large stock of wall papers, fancy goods, etc., of Covey & Co., Queen-st. west, Toronto, and leaves to-day to take possession. Mr. Routley was in business in Peterborough for many years and during that time he was respected for fair, honest dealing and good business methods. He will be a loss to Peterborough, and his friends here will wish him success in his venture in Toronto.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. Peterborough.

Warwick Bicycles are Built on Honor.

PRICES:

RACING WHEELS .....$100.
ROAD WHEELS. . 65, 75, and $100.
PNEUMATIC CUSHION $85 and $110.
TANDEMS .....$150.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE .....

WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

Takes up all the jar and vibration on Rough Roads. To TRY one is to BUY.

WARWICK CYCLE MF'G. CO.,

54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

WEST NORTHUMBERLAND TO BE VACATED.

Mr. C. C. Field, M.P.P., to be Appointed Collector of Customs at Cobourg—Bye-election to Follow.

In a few days, there is every probability, a bye-election for the Provincial Legislature will be in full swing in West Northumberland.

The REVIEW has been informed by a person who is in touch with the affairs of that riding that Mr. C. C. Field, the present member, will resign and be appointed Collector of Customs at Cobourg by the Dominion Government. Mr. Field has been the member for several years, and there is likely to be a warm contest for the Liberal nomination.

Brevities.

—The chief wants an owner for a kid mitt.

—The Town and Ashburnham Councils will meet to-night.

—Mr W C Moore has been appointed Division Court Clerk at Bobcaygeon to succeed the late Mr Junkin.

—The Montreal express yesterday morning was delayed for several hours at Maberly, owing to an accident to a freight train.

—The telegraphic report of the great prize fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be received by rounds as it is fought at the Oriental hotel. Special arrangements have been made for the report.

OAK HALL,

DIED

WEBBER—On Saturday, February 27th, 1897, Elizabeth McKee, wife of Mr. George Webber, aged 51 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, on the gravel road, North Monaghan, on Tuesday afternoon, March 2nd, at 2.30 o'clock, and proceed to the Little Lake cemetery.

See Turnbull's window of Table Linens and Towellings at wholesale bankrupt prices.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

WAIT FOR THE ANNUAL

EXCURSION

OF THE

Peterborough Curling Club

—TO—

TORONTO

Wednesday, March 3rd,

Per Canadian Pacific Railway.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS **$2.00**

Tickets good for trains leaving Peterborough TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 2nd March, and all trains on WEDNESDAY, March 3rd. Good to return on all trains up to last on THURSDAY Night.

W. L. ALLEN, Sec. Granite C.C. J. S. KNAPMAN. Sec. Thistle C.C.

The Elite Event of the Season.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE,

FRIDAY, March 5

THE ISHAM & LYTELL COMEDY Co

Presenting the Latest and Present New York Success

My Friend From India

The Comedy that has Broken all Records in New York at both Wallack Hoyt's Theatres.

A Continued, Pronounced, Immediate and Emphatic Success.

Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Seats now on sale.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,658	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

An Official Government Excise Stamp Seals each Capsule.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

Aged in Oak Casks, Golden in Color, Nutty in Taste, Exquisite in Flavor, Glorious in Effect.

MADE SOLELY AND PURELY FROM

V. O. 1890 Whisky

DISTILLED BY THE LATE

McDOUGALL DISTILLING CO., of HALIFAX, N. S.

We pay the Government an extra duty, owing to malt having been used in bond for its distillation.

An official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

Ask for Quart Bottles, also ....EMPIRE TOURISTS' FLASKS

with cork lined metal caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

black tore—the battle-field of human passions and plottings, where men—and women, too—scheme for power, sworn to stand by their cause no matter at what sacrifice. He has unwittingly become mixed up in Spanish political intrigues—a worse fate could not well overtake a man.

"Since that time it has been discovered that the duke is a royal spy, sent by the present government to learn the plans of the plotters, and he is a marked man, doomed to death. You, as his friend, have been put on the same footing—perhaps certain things you have done make them believe beyond a doubt that instead of a wealthy American you are paid out of government funds to watch the friends of the plotting Don Carlos. At any rate this seems to me to be the whole truth."

Jack puts out his hand, and seizes the diminutive member of Larry Kennedy, which he shakes with a gravity quite natural to him—for he is not impulsive in his ways.

"As sure as I live I believe you have struck the truth—it is a most reasonable explanation of this deep mystery. There is only one thing puzzling me now."

"What may that be? Perhaps I can prove to be a magician in that case also," laughs the strange little man.

"I am wondering how you, Lawrence Kennedy, of New York, come to know these things?"

The dude's laugh freezes on his lips, and when he turns directly toward Jack to look him in the face—they have removed their half masks long before—the athlete can detect the slightest shadow of anxiety upon the queer physiognomy, as though Larry realizes the fact that he is playing with fire.

"Doctor, there need be no secrets between us. To tell you the truth, I belong to the revolutionist party myself," he announces, with a forced grin.

"The duce you do. Really, you are the last person I should expect to find meddling with such dangerous business. Couldn't you find excitement enough in hunting or kindred sports at 46 to 47½c, and 300 of oats at 24 to 25c without risking your neck in this way?"

The other assumes an air of importance that ill becomes his small stature.

"I preferred to engage in a game that required the exercise of brains, for do you know I am something of a Richelieu in my way. These parties wanted an American representative, and I joined them. Oh! I'm a double-dyed plotter, and don't you forget it, doctor. That is how I got on the track of your game—I knew about the duke, and your mention of him put me on the scent, you know."

"Well, this is a singular business, I must say, all around. I wonder if I could convince your friends that I have no interest in exposing them—that the duke was but a casual acquaintance of mine, and that not for worlds would I betray them?"

Jack is serious, because he has other matters on his mind, and does not care to be mixed up in this political intrigue.

"Once the gun is aimed it is next to impossible to check its fire. I know what these men and women are, what terrible oaths they have taken upon themselves, and the fate they doom an informer to. Perhaps by this time the duke may have met his fate—it will appear to be some accident, a fall from his horse when riding, or the discharge of his gun while hunting, but his doom is sealed. Ugh! it makes me shudder to remember the vindictive manner in which they took the oath that the royal spy should die within the next moon."

"As for me, I have never yet turned my back upon any danger; but a man would be a fool to fight a league as powerful and unscrupulous as this. If I cannot make these parties understand that I am innocent, I presume the sooner I shake the dust of Madrid and Spain off my feet the better. As for you, my friend, give me the chance some time to repay your kindness."

"Nonsense! it is nothing. I merely—" begins Larry, when Doctor Jack stops him.

"Say no more. You are risking your life for me. The man who does that is my friend."

"I don't think I take any risks—I have been dused careful how I came here, you know, and I'm sure you'll never whisper a word of it to a living soul."

"For my life I would not, but I have just made a discovery that concerns you—that will doubtless cause you to cast your fortunes with mine, and leave Spain behind."

Larry shows signs of excitement.

"What do you mean—what have you discovered?" he asks, watching the calm face of the doctor.

"In the first place, remain cool. Now, carelessly look in the mirror behind me. You can see the whole of the cafe—laugh as though I had uttered a joke—at the same time cast your eyes upon the seeming monk near by—do you recognize him, comrade—that man is the old Turk—our foe."

CHAPTER XII.

These startling words, if true, tell Larry that he has been followed after all, and that the intelligence will soon be communicated to the terrible Council of Ten, concerning his warning the man they have doomed as a spy.

It is enough in itself to make a man's flesh creep, and those who professed to more bravery than the little dude of Gotham might well be pardoned for trembling.

When he speaks again, however, there is no emotion discernable in his voice—perhaps the calm demeanor of the man of steel who sits opposite to him has a quieting effect.

"Are you sure of what you say, doctor?" he asks, after having glanced at the monk, whose gown and mask baffle him—"how have you guessed such a thing? I would not know my own brother in such an outlandish rig."

"Perhaps I would be as badly off, only for one thing, and that has given me my point. I noticed the Pasha in the museo—watched him like a lynx out of the corner of my eyes, for I wanted to know him again wherever I might meet him. As a result I got on to a certain little trick he has of tossing his head in a peculiar way, as if——"

"There he goes now," interrupts Larry, with a gesture of delight—then drops his eyes as the masked monk turns that way.

"Yes, that is it. I know positively that this man is the pasha, and if so I'm afraid your disinterested kindness has gotten you into a scrape."

"Don't worry about me. I don't flunk when danger calls. There are ways of outwitting these bloody Spaniards—trust a Yankee's long head for that, my boy. Have you any suggestion?"

"Let me think a minute."

So Doctor Jack reviews the situation, and sees things in something of a new light. It makes him wince to realize how near he has come to falling in the pit dug for him—not only once at the house of Don Carlos, but in the arena—for with his new vision he believes Mercedes was playing a deep game when with voice and eyes she urged him on to meeting the bull—no doubt believing and expecting he would never leave the bull-ring alive.

Somehow this thought makes him feel cheap—he does not care for Mercedes, but he is a man, and does not like to have been made a plaything of a beauty's smile.

So he rapidly reviews the situation, and endeavours to see something in the future that will warrant his forming a plan, while Larry sips the contents of his glass, and steals furtive glances at the disguised pasha, who seems to be paying no attention to them.

"Come, we will go out of here," and Jack rises, settles the account, then passes beyond the portal.

"Look back, Larry—is he following?" he says.

"Yes, he has arisen, and walks this way, the old heathen. I'd like to——"

"No, no, we must do nothing rash. At all events, it is essential to the success of my plans that Abdallah Pasha lives to return to Turkey, for I intend to meet him—to outwit him in a tremendous game being played, the stakes of which are contained in a human life."

They pass along to the fonda near by, with the same merry crowd jostling them, the same frolicsome senoritas pouring rice upon them from over-hanging balconies, amid shrieks of mischievous laughter, and all gayety and laxity that is always a part of the grand carnival.

At another time Doctor Jack might have joined in the mirth of the hour with all his heart, for he is a convivial fellow, and believes in getting a certain amount of pleasure out of this grim old world of ours, with its fleeting shows; but just now so many things are on his mind that the music and laughter bother him a little.

He feels that a net is being spread about him, and not only does the danger menace himself, but that fair girl, Avis, as well. She is not suspected of any connection with the government by these political conspirators, but the look Abdallah Pasha gave her was enough to cause alarm in the mind of the American doctor.

Used to reading the faces of men—his power fails short when tried upon the other sex, for they baffle his penetration—he has discovered that the evil eye of the Turk has picked out Avis as the one creature above all others he would delight to see in his harem. Beautiful slaves he may buy in the mart in Constantinople, but never one of her animation.

Besides, the vindictive pasha has doubtless known from the start that she is the sister of the man he hates

To be Continued.

MY WORLD.

I like a big world to live in,
A world not walled about,
And darkened by chill Suspicion,
Nor barred against Hope by Doubt.

I like a world bright and cheery,
A big, bright world whereof
The motive power—the main spring—
Is ever and only Love.

I could never breathe in the narrow
Mean world that many make
For themselves, wherein no draught is
The thirst of the soul to slake.

I should die in the dreary desert,
Where the pessimist doth dwell,
Where no flower of Hope e'er springeth,
Where no living waters dwell.

Oh, give me the broad horizon,
And the heaven that bends above,
The big, bright world whose sunshine
Is shed from the heart of Love.

—MARY NORTON BRADFORD.

LONGEST RUN WITHOUT STOP.

Cornwall Express Travels From London to Exeter Without a Pause.

The longest regular daily run made without a stop by any railway train in the world has just been placed on the schedule of the Great Western Railway of England.

It is made between Paddington station, in London, and Exeter, a distance of 194 miles, in three hours and thirty-six minutes, by what is known as the Cornwall Express. It is remarkable not so much owing to the time, as for the fact that not a stop is made from one end of the run to the other. There have been longer runs made without a stop, but they have been made by special and not regular trains. The average speed attained by the Cornwall Express when making this run is 51.7 miles an hour, although, owing to a peculiar construction of the road at Bristol, 118 miles from London, the train is obliged to slow down to a speed of ten miles an hour.

The express train is composed of six long coaches, a tender and engine. An American would call it a vestibule train, but the English prefer to call the cars "bogie clerestoried corridor coaches," bogie being a term applied to the trucks. They are fully as heavy as an ordinary drawing-room car, each one weighing about forty-seven thousand pounds, while the train without the engine and tender weighs one hundred and forty tons. The weight of the engine and tender is eighty-one tons, making the total weight of the train as it rushes along on its long run two hundred and twenty-one tons.

During the run it is necessary to take water for the engines twice. This, however, does not necessitate any stop, as it is taken up from a trench beside the track as the train speeds along at nearly a mile a minute.

The engine which draws this essentially "through train" is a curious-looking ponderous affair quite unlike any locomotive seen on American roads. It has on either side a single huge driving wheel seven feet eight inches in diameter, while what must by comparison be termed the small wheels of the engine, six in number, known as trailers, are four feet six inches in diameter.

The water tank of the engine holds thirteen thousand gallons, and when running at full speed there is a steam pressure of 160 pounds to the square inch, while there is a heating surface of 1561 square feet.

Each day the run is made, the train leaving Paddington station at 10.25 o'clock in the morning, and it never fails to roll into St. David's station, in Exeter, exactly on time. The time allowed by the schedule of this run makes no allowance for delays of any kind. Even the time lost in going over the loop around Bristol and the necessary slowing down, when going through Bath is not allowed for.—New York Herald.

The Family Dinner.

Why is it that in most households the dinner table becomes a dumping ground for the wholesale plaints of its members? Probably because this is the only meal of the day when the entire family meet together, each one feels it a duty to air a few personal grievances in order to seek consolation from the others.

One of deference to digestion, if for no other reason, dinner table conversation should be of the spiciest, but this fact is lost sight of in the general desire of everybody, from papa down to the youngsters, to serve up only those topics which have marred rather than made the day's happiness.

Hardly has the man of the house finished his carving duties before he falls into an animated financial discussion with his wife. Household expenses, are rehashed; bills grumbled over, and the cost of living recalculated with tedious regularity.

Mother, in her turn, eagerly pours into any listening ear her domestic woes. The day's errors below stairs are minutely recorded. She sighs over Bridget's butter waste, declares that the butcher's indifference to her order is becoming intolerable, and so on.

Then the small boy (poor little target for family flaw-picking) comes in for his share of criticism. His failures at school are relentlessly raked up and all sorts of punishments threatened unless there is speedy reform.

If there are guests present this talk of the inner circle is for courtesy's sake given a less personal flavor, but only then. "Good cheer and plenty of it" is not the motto of the average family dinner.

French Women Authors and Artists.

There are in France 2150 women authors and journalists, and about 200 women artists. The provinces contribute most of the writers—about two-thirds—while Paris is represented in the same proportion among the artists. Among the writers 1000 are novelists, 200 are poets, 150 educational writers and the rest writers of various kinds. The artists comprise 107 sculptors, and the others are painters, ranging over all branches of the pictorial art.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

If we told you that your baby was starving, that it actually didn't get enough to eat, you might resent it. And yet there are thousands of babies who never get the fat they should in their food or who are not able to digest the fat that they do get. Fat is a necessity to your baby. It is baby life and baby beauty. A few drops of Scott's Emulsion for all little ones one, two and three years of age is better than cream for them. They thrive and grow on it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Bellville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY MARCH 1, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
S. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

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Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman. The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East .....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8 55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

A DREAM OF RUSSIA.

THE DOMINATION OF ALL EUROPE AND OF THE ORIENT.

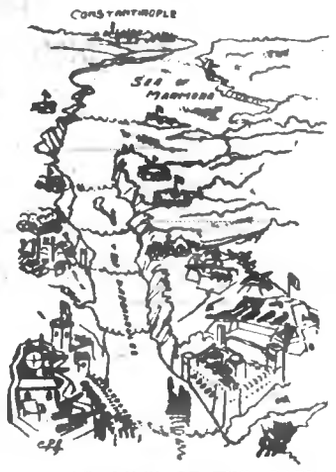
The Ambitious Czarina—Her Influence in Molding Events to Muscovite Advantage—Eastern Alliances Projected—Gigantic Enterprises of Conquest.

Certain optimistic people, who make it a matter of principle to deny anything which they find disagreeable, always smile pityingly upon whoever says that Russia will bear watching. Yet it is a matter of fact, which will demonstrate itself in the near future, that Russia is gathering herself for the most amazing coup d'etat in the annals of history.

It has always been a menace to the rest of the continent, and thus far an inactive one solely because the expedient time to strike has not yet come. All the well nigh countless millions who swarm her enormous territory are the more dangerous because of their unrelieved ignorance. The brief formula of "God and the Czar," which expresses their religious creed, declaring the Emperor the sole intermediary between heaven and earth, also marks the limit of their understanding.

In the opinion of these benighted fanatics, all other countries than their own are wholly lacking in importance; they furthermore believe that all countries outside of Russia would be immeasurably better off if brought under her control, which alone can insure them both divine and earthly safety and guidance. War to them is a holy thing, which, in the language of Portia, "blesseth him that gives and him that takes." Consequently they would feel that they were conferring the supremest of all favors upon any nation they might succeed in annexing.

Besides a fond yearning to be mistress of the continent, Russia has always bitterly resented being blocked in behind the nations which hold fast against the Arctic Ocean, with no seaward exit available throughout the year. She has never been ignorant of her ability to muster an army great enough to wrest so desirable a pathway from either of her neighbors. How to equip such a body for such a warfare, has been the sole distracting problem.



BIRDSEYE VIEW OF THE DARDANELLES.

The barrier of poverty has ever stood between her and the attainment of her ends—poverty and debt. She has many times tried to force her export trade into relieving this, but as she has always been lacking in any high order of business ability, he has never been of business ability, she has never been cope with her wants in times of peace, to say nothing of a season of war.

Her dreams, though, are even of a vaster empire, in some golden age, when the domain of her eagles should range from the Orkneys to Behring Sea, and from Nova Zembla to Gibraltar; but the magic agent which alone could change this pretty dream into a golden reality—the element of gold itself—has ever been beyond her grasp.

No feasible way of alleviating the country's lack of money ever occurred to any Russian ruler. Whatever genius they have had has invariably run in other directions. About the middle of the reign of the father of the present Czar, an American with more knowledge than sense breathed something into the ears of the Imperial autocrat which changed everything. It was an explanation of the fact that in Siberia are richer mineral deposits than have ever yet been mined—many times more gold than the coinage of the world would amount to. Alexander put these statements to the severest scientific test, only to be convinced that his American informant had understated the case, if anything. Even then, for a time, so particularly opaque is Muscovitish density, he could not readily adjust himself to the idea of devoting the national dumping ground for political offenders to more laudable purposes.

After much reflection he grasped the fact that herein was a means to the end of attaining Russia's perpetual ambition. Then he began evolving plans, which were still in the process of elaboration the day of his death. They pointed to the utter subjugation of the continent and England, with a kind of modified "home rule" for such powers as would submit gracefully to Russian control with no preliminary passage-at-arms.

The late Emperor discussed these plans frequently and freely with the present Empress while she was still a German princess, with alleged English tastes. Strange to say, in spite of her German blood, they met her entire approval; for, though it is little known, Princess Alix of Hesse, from the moment when her elevation to a share of the Russian throne became a settled certainty, has been the most ambitious woman in Europe. Because he fully understood this, Alexander considered her very much more the probable future ruler of Russia than his son.

The latter, however, was thrown into a state of mild delirium as soon as he grasped these gigantic schemes, and his desire for precipitate action on them, even since the death of his father, has only been delayed by the restraining influence of his wife. She realizes the full magnitude of the undertaking, and is much too shrewd to have it imperiled by haste. The possibility of being Empress of Europe is much too sweet a confection to sacrifice to a boy's feverish impatience.

In 1893 there was a kind of love feast between the French and Russian navies which was the initial step toward the unification of Europe under Russian auspices. It was said in Russia that, like itself, France stood very much apart from the rest of Europe. Her detestation of England and her yearning toward the subjugation of Germany were also duly considered. There was, too, a considerable natural sympathy between France and Russia. When Russia decided that she was in fit condition to begin the readjustment of Europe it would be excellent policy to have a powerful arm put out where it could promptly strike England if she sulked. France could undertake this nicely because of her geographical position; but, since she might not altogether relish having Europe overrun with the Northeastern barbarians, her scruples must be overcome. If she were assured of being made custodian of Great Britain, and promised the lion's share when the partition of Germany should take place, it was reasonable to suppose that she would stand by Russia. The fact that such delicate hints as were dropped to France by her Muscovite guests gave no offense sent the latter home in high glee.

Not long ago, when the Czar made a tour of Europe, it was done entirely for the purpose of giving him a personal opportunity to sound the French feeling toward Russia.

A preliminary test of Russia's general power over Europe in connection with these plans, the true inwardness of which seems to have escaped the eyes of all outspoken observers, has already been made.

It began with Russia's interference in the matter of the concessions granted by China to Japan in the recent war between these two far Eastern countries, and was clearly visible in the trickery by which Russia practically displaced Japan in Corea. Still no one outside the small circle which knew the facts seemed to see anything suspicious in this until it became known tat Russia ad agreed to stand as guarantor for China in the colossal loan which the latter country wished to negotiate in Europe toward paying her war indemnity to the Japanese. Then a great deal of moderately accurate guessing was done throughout the world, and the Czarina saw that more might be disclosed than would suit her purpose unless Russia ceased to act as China's indorser.

The woman's wit prevailed. So far as humanity at large could see, the Mongols were left to flounder in their deserved helplessness. Privately, though, they received directly from the friends of teh Czar and Czarina a loan sufficient to smooth out a great many of their most pressing difficulties.

This retreat left so small a scar to mark its place of exit that it made the Czar a little reckless in the recent "moral support" he gave to Turkey in the Armenian affair. He hoped that, if Russia seemed to be the power behind the Mohammedan throne, the rest of the world would keep its hands off. His purpose in this was two-fold—to prevent a partition of Turkey, which would permanently settle an international armament exactly were he had the least use for it, and to keep Turkey entirely undisturbed until the mines of Siberia have made Russia rich enough to undertake her desired modifications of the map of Europe. If, in the meantime, she has dandled Turkey on her protecting knees, she believes, that when the expedient hour strikes she will be allowed to occupy the key of the Bosphorus with no more than a formal protest.

The plan did the Czar credit, but his wife soon saw that there must be another Muscovite retreat, for Russia was not yet ready for the international brawl which must ensue unless the villainies of the Kurds were frowned upon.

So again the mistress spoke, and the master obeyed, but not with any very good grace.

What ominous thing shall befall Europe when some future Czar is on the Russian throne, with some other style of wife, or none at all, may not at this day be predicted.—Boston Transcript.

The Seamy Side.

"They say food has an effect on character."

"That may be, but hustling for food has sawed of many of my most charming characteristics." — Detroit Free Press.

A Lone Hand.

Ted—Tom had a game of poker with his wife the other night.

Ned—Which won?

Ted—His wife. She had the poker.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The flour trade is quiet, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7.50 to $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—The market is dull. There is no export demand, and only a limited enquiry from local millers. White wheat sold outside to-day at 74c, and red is quoted at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 85c to 86c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 83c to 84c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is steady. No. 1 is quoted at 31c and No. 2 at 27c. No. 3 extra 23c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white at 17c to 18c west, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 58½c to 59c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 18½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull and prices unchanged. Car lots are quoted at 33c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 27.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 0d to 6s 7d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures ¼d higher, at 6s 1⅝d for March, 6s 3½d for May, and 6s 3½d for July. Maize unchanged at 2s 6d for March, 2s 7½d for May, and 2s 9d for July. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage, buyers and sellers apart. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat easy at 21f 40c for March. Flour 43f 20c for Feb. and March.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 1, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 68	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

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THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universit New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 566 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

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English, French, American, and Canadian makes.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1897.

THE LENTEN SEASON DUTIES AND SERVICES

Continued from page 5.

evening at 8 o'clock, when the addresses will be given by the Rector. There will also be a short service at 5 p.m., with a reading on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday afternoons during Lent.

On the Sunday evenings of Lent the following course of sermons on "Some Aspects of the Teaching of Christ," will be given:

1 The old teaching of the Scribes and the new teaching of Christ.

2 Teaching by parables.

3 The Gospel of character.

4 The Gospel of progress.

5. The Gospel of self-sacrifice.

9. Easter Sunday. The Gospel of the Resurrection.

A special course of lectures on Christian Unity will be given in St Luke's school house on Friday evenings at 8 o'clock, as follows:—

Friday, March 5—The Nature and Benefits Christian Unity—Rev Dr Torrance.

Friday, March 12—The Advantages and Disadvantages of Church Unity—Rev W R Young.

Friday, March 19—The Spirit of Christian Unity—Rev J G Potter.

Friday, March 26—Christian Unity, What may we reasonably hope for?—Rev Herbert Symonds.

Admission to these lectures is free, but to defray expenses a plate will be placed at the door, upon which those who feel disposed may place their offerings. With special reference to these lectures Mr. Symonds preached a third sermon on "Unity" last night from the text, Eph. 11, 19-21, "Ye are no more strangers and foreigners, but fellow-citizens with the saints, and of the household of God; and are built upon the foundation of the apostles and prophets, Jesus Christ Himself being the chief corner-stone, in whom all the building fitly framed together groweth unto an holy temple in the Lord." Three figures of unity are employed in this passage. (1) Christians are fellow-citizens; (2) they are of the household or family of God; (3) they are a temple, composed of many parts, each part beautiful, but of little use or beauty unless fitted into its proper place. The duty of christian was not merely to seek to save their own souls, about which remarkably little was said in the New Testament, but their duty was to seek to advance the kingdom of God upon earth. Admitting, as all do admit, that there is room for a more perfect realization of unity than we have, the question is, "What can we do?" He (Mr. Symonds) had proposed this course of lectures as a first step to the officers and workers of St. Luke's. Without their earnest co-operation he desired to do nothing. They were absolutely unanimous in favor of the proposal, and for their sympathy and encouragement he was most grateful. We ought to remember that the circle of our agreements was a vastly larger circle than that of our differences, and for the sake of emphasizing the smaller circle we ought not to ignore the larger, and wherever we have common ground we should seek to stand upon it for the sake of Him who prayed that all His followers might be one, that the world might believ that He came from God.

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.

As usual the Lenten season will be observed by special services in St Peter's Cathedral on Wednesdays and Fridays, when instructions will be given on Fridays. The stations of the cross will be erected and the mysteries will be explained. The first service will be on Wednesday—Ash Wednesday—when ashes will be blessed and distributed. There will be masses up till 9 o'clock.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

KEENE'S SECOND CARNIVAL.

Another Big Crowd Attends a Carnival at Keene—Those Who Won Prizes.

The second carnival, and the last of the season, was held at Keene Friday evening and was, as is usual with such events in Otonabee's capital, a decided success—big crowd, enjoyable time and excellent costumes.

The names of those in costume were as follows:—

GENTLEMEN.

Herb Turner.....Looking for Work
F A Eason.....Wild Man from Borneo
Dennis Roach.....Ching Ching Laundry
John Dickson.....Tramp
John Hewie.....Bootblack
G H Stewart.....Tramp
Hilliard S Nelson.....Volunteer
Andrew Soucee.....Back
A Gillespie.....Dude
Gordon Laing.....Punch
Alvie Dawson.....One of the Firm
John Kirby.....Pickwick
John F Connie.....Free Trade
Ernest Howson.....Young Cadet
Bruce Baker.....Tramp
F J Wallace.....Oliver Goldsmith

LADIES.

Miss Nellie Renwick.....Jewess
.. Nellie McGregor.....Fairy
.. L Miller.....Black Diamond
.. Mabel Harrison.....Bo-peep
.. Adeline Eason.....Tambourine Girl
.. C McG Powell.....Britannia
.. B Roxburg....Assyrian Lady of Rank
.. Jennie Nelson...Lowland Shepherdess
.. M Bryce.....Portia
.. Bessie Baker.....Housemaid
.. Mary Hope.....June
.. Helen Laing.....Luna
.. M Tucker.....Fans
.. Kate Roach.....Night
.. Emeline Miller.....Violets
.. Aggie Campbell.....Napoleon
Mrs. S Mather.....Maid of Athens
Miss Willena Miller.....Soubrette
.. Maud Eason.....Pocahontas
.. Annie McIntyre.....Defender
.. Bella Howson.....The Belle
.. Jennie McGregor.....Shepherdness
.. Mary Miller....New Haven Fish Wife
.. Ettie Edwards.....Red Riding Hood
.. Florence Miller.....Fairy
.. Lillie Campbell.....Fatiniza
.. Flora Roach.....Old Woman

The judges awarded prizes as follows:—

Best Dressed Lady—Miss Roxburgh

Best Comic Lady—Miss M Eason.

Best Dressed Girl—Miss Lillie Campbell.

Best Dressed Comic Girl—Miss Nellie McGregor.

Best Dressed Gent—Mr L Wallace.

Best Dressed Comic Gent—Mr Alvin Dawson.

Best Dressed Boy—Ernie Howson.

Best Dressed Comic Boy—Dennis Roach.

The races proved interesting, and resulted as follows:—

Boys scramble—1 F Howson, 2 Dennis Roach.

Couple—1 Miss Lillie Bell and Jas Quinn, 2 Miss Flora Miller and F Quinn.

Mile open—1 F Quinn, 2 Len Brown.

Boys' race—Not decided.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

OAK HALL.

Advertise in the REVIEW

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

Continued from page 1.

RUSSIA'S PREPARATIONS.

Talk of an Advance into Turkey at Easter if Not Before.

New York, Feb. 28.—Mr. Harold Frederic cables from London to The Times: The Russian war preparations in the south are now so open and extensive, with whole corps mobilized and Grand Dukes hurrying to their military posts, that it is impossible not to believe that there will be a Russian advance into Turkey at Easter or before.

This accentuates the mystery of Russia's present posture in the "concert" and strengthens the impression that there is something underneath the published accounts of negotiations about which we know nothing. The natural idea is that an outbreak of hostilities on the Macedonian frontier is known by experts to be more imminent than the public supposes, but I heard tonight from members of the Armenian Committee that new massacres in Asia Minor are more likely to be the pretext Russia is waiting for before she moves.

The Turk Means Mischief.

London, Feb. 28.—The Daily News to-morrow will publish a despatch from Constantinople saying that many officials there declare that Turkey will never give her consent to the scheme of the powers to establish an autonomous government in Crete. Well-informed persons believe, basing their belief on the military and naval preparations, that Turkey is making that the Porte intends to resist coercion should the powers attempt to apply it. The same paper's Paris correspondent telegraphs that the French Government has certainly received information that Abdul Hamid means to take advantage of the present imbroglio to commit mischief. The correspondent quotes from an article in The Temps, which he believes to have been inspired, in support of his statement.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

The Case of Durocher v. Durocher is One in Which the Circumstances are Most Unique.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—(Special.)—In the Supreme Court yesterday the first case heard was Robin v. Duguay. The dispute arises as to the construction of the will of the late Joseph Rochon of Terrebonne. Robidoux, Q.C., for appellants, argued that the will which left his property to his two sisters, and on their decease to their children, created a substitution by which the estate passed in two shares, the children of each family taking the moiety as a body which had been first taken per capita by their mothers respectively. A Geoffrion, for respondents, claimed that the will did not create a substitution, but merely a usufruct to the sisters, and that the ownership passed directly to the children of both, share and share alike, at the death of the testator, subject to the usufruct charged in favor of their mothers, and to be divided only on the death of the last survivor. Judgment reserved.

The next case heard was Durocher v. Durocher. The circumstances in this case are unique. The dispute is as to the ownership of valuable lands in the central part of Montreal, supposed to have been a part of the Donegani estate, yet no records of title appear in the registry office. Appellant claims title against his father, who is in possession, basing his claim as heir-at-law of his mother, deceased. The father probated a will purporting to have been made in his favor by his deceased wife, but the will was subsequently set aside as a forgery. A deed was also executed by which the son excused the father from accounting as guardian of the children and administrator of the estate of the mother and abandoning his rights in the land to his father, which was also set aside as an illegal transaction between a guardian and his ward. The son now claims title to the land against his father, as a usurper, basing his claims on the tacit admissions of adverse title by the forged will and the invalid deed by which he attempted to make a title in his own name. The case was tried in the Superior Court in Montreal, and issues found against the son. On review before three judges they were unanimous in favor of the son's pretensions, but the Court of Review was reversed by the majority of judges in appeal. The present appeal is taken from the last judgment. The complication of questions as to title, evidence and legal limitations and presumption is quite ususual, the judges in the courts below being divided, four for dismissal of the son's action and five in favor of maintaining his rights as claimed. The arguments were not concluded when the court adjourned. Robidoux, Q.C., for appellant. A. Geoffrion for respondent. The next case on the list is Lambe v. Armstrong.

WILL CANADA GIVE UP?

The Treaty in Regard to the Alaskan Boundary Said to Give Us the Worst of It.

Ottawa, Feb. 28.—(Special.)—An examination of the treaty just signed at Washington by Sir Julian Pauncefote and Mr. Secretary Olney for the delimitation of the boundary between the Northwest Territories and Alaska makes a surrender to the United States in the matter of territory which it would be well for the Dominion Government to consider before assenting to the ratification of the treaty. As is well known, the 141st meridian of west longitude is, by treaty, the line of demarkation between British and American territory in the far northwest of this continent. According to the surveys made jointly by Canada and the United States surveyors, under the charge of Mr. W. F. King, astronomer for the Dominion, and Gen. Duffield, Chief of the Geodetic and Coast Survey of the United States, the summit of Mount St. Elias is agreed to be 2.41 miles east of the 141st meridian; that is, it is nearly 2 1-2 miles from the American boundary and in Canadian territory. A portion of the west slope, however, is on United States soil. In place of defining the boundary on the 141st meridian, the treaty provides that the line shall be run northward from the summit of Mount St. Elias for 20 miles until it there strikes the 141st meridian. In other words, Canada is giving to the United States a strip of territory 2 1-2 miles wide at the base and running northward for 20 miles gradually narrowing until it strikes the 141st meridian. In this territory there may be untold wealth. Why, then, should Canada concede this to our neighbors? In the past, when boundary questions have arisen between Canada and the United States, this country has generally come out of the small end of the horn, as, for instance, in regard to the boundary in Maine and that abortion known as the "Northwest Angle." It may be contended that the summit of Mount St. Elias, as an initial point from which to run the boundary, would be more readily recognizable than a row of mounds, pillars or monuments, but the principle is the same. It is a surrender of Canadian territory for which there appears to be absolutely no necessity. This is a defect in the treaty in regard to which the Canadian Parliament should speak with no uncertain sound.

The duty imposed upon the commissioners to be appointed by the two Governments under the treaty will be an arduous one, and the work will take years to perform. From the vicinity of Mount St. Elias northward for probably 500 miles the line will have to be run and marked every few miles with distinctive marks, either by earth mounds, cairns or iron pillars. On the international boundary between the State of New York, Vermont and the Eastern Townships the boundary is defined by iron pillars, six feet high, placed a mile or so apart, and the same method of marking applies along a portion of the Manitoba boundary; over a greater portion of the prairies, however, mounds of earth have been substituted, and in the Rockies piles of stone are used. It is expected that the surveyors will run the line past Forty-Mile Creek, where the 141st meridian crosses the Yukon, a distance of about 175 miles further north, that is where the meridian line crosses the Porcupine River, a tributary of the Yukon. Up to the present time observations for determining the position of the 141st meridian have been made at two or three points only. At Forty-Mile Creek (Fort Cudahy) there was a difference of but six feet between the Canadian and United States observers. At another point the difference was 600 feet. The treaty stipulates that in the work which has to be done under it, where the difference is less than 1000 feet, such difference shall be split, a not unfair proposal. Where the difference exceeds 1000 feet the representatives of both countries are to jointly determine the location of the boundary. No one can object to this arrangement, but there does seem a grave objection to Canada at the very outset being asked to surrender a portion of the territory which is hers.

BOASTED OF HER SHAME.

Mrs. Robert Dobson Shot the Man Who Ruined Her Reputation and the Jury Acquit Her.

Harrisville, Mich., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Robert Dobson was last evening found "not guilty" of the murder of James Anderson. The jury was out eight hours. On the first ballot they stood six to six, then nine to three, and reported to the judge that they could not agree. Judge Simpson instructed them if they had any doubt of the woman's sanity they could not find her guilty. Mrs. Dobson never moved or said a word when the verdict was read, but was so exhausted she had to be carried out of the court room. The story of the tragedy is now well known, how she was drugged and betrayed by James Anderson in a Bay City hotel, how he boasted of her shame and refused to set her right before her neighbors, how she was expelled from her church, how she brooded over her terrible position, and, finally, as the jury decided, became emotionally insane and shot Anderson dead in front of a Harrisville hotel. Both parties came from Canada several years ago.

Good appetite, Restful Sleep Perfect Health and Strength

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The Ideal Tonic Stimulant for

BODY, BRAIN AND NERVES

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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLINE Shop 120 Charlotte-st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

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413 George Street, Peterborough.

Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only Open March 1st.

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

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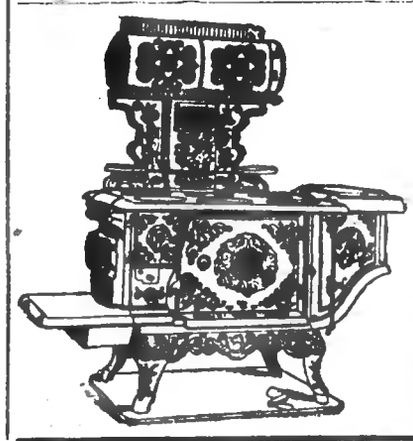
Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

PITY!

"God pity us!" in pleading tones we say,
Remembering our sins day after day.

"So easy 'tis to fall! So rough the path!
At the great day of reckoning spare Thy wrath.

"Life is our school. Dear Master, tenderly
The imperfection of our lessons see.

"And while our failures we with anguish rue,
Set to our credit what we meant to do."

Thus do we speak, when rising from our knees,
Some luckless debtor in sharp anger seize:

And, careless of the Love to which we pray,
Extort from poverty the utmost pay.

Ah! at compassion's fount he vainly sighs
Who pity to his fellow man denies.

—MARY F. BUTTS.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

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SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
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FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN GRAFF, Sec.-Treas. 421

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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants leased for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 301 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 51. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE ONTARIO HOUSE.

Mr. Whitney Got After Mr. Dryden Yesterday.

Inquiries Will be Made Into That Charge—Nervous Women Will be Thankful for Proposed Concession to Their Bashfulness—No Arrangement Concluded as to Members' Passes—Assessment of Farm Lands—Inspection of Municipal Accounts.

Toronto, March 1.

On the opening of the Local House yesterday, Mr. Haycock asked: "Has the Government made any arrangements with the railway companies in regard to securing a special rate for transportation of members of this House, in lieu of their yearly indemnity?"

Hon. Mr. Gibson said in reply that no arrangement had been made, but there had been correspondence.

Before the orders of the day were called, Mr. Whitney arose with a copy of yesterday's World in his hands, and asked the Premier for an explanation of the paragraph which appeared in it, headed "A Very Grave Charge."

The paragraph in question reads as follows:

"Referring to the causes which led to his defeat last June, Smith said the vacancy in the Registry Office had been the chiefest. This office, after Dr. Rae's death, just prior to the Dominion election, was deliberately sold by the Hon. John Dryden to the highest bidder, and the money paid over and used to defeat the Conservative candidate. Had the protest against Mr. Burnett's election been tried, this would have been shown to be what was done. Were a commission issued in the Local House to enquire into this disgraceful affair, he would prove his statement to be true. Mr. Smith's remarks created quite a sensation, there being a number of Reformers present."

Hon. Mr. Hardy replied that he had called his colleague's attention to the matter, and that Mr. Dryden had already communicated with Mr. Smith, asking him if the report was an accurate one. If the report were true, there was not a word of truth in the accusation, as no selection had even yet been made for the position of Registrar, the work having been meantime done by his deputy. He apprehended that the accusation was made, if it was made, by a candidate smarting under defeat. It was also made at a party rally, and he had no doubt that there was no truth in it, even if Mr. Smith confessed that he made the statement.

Hon. Mr. Dryden did not think Mr. Smith had made such a statement. The latter was a near neighbor of himself, and they had always been on the best of terms. If he did say it, it was an infamous slander. It would be time enough to deal with it when it was ascertained as to whether he did or did not say it.

This little diversion over, Mr. Gibson of Huron moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Municipal Act by empowering County Councils to remove farm lands from certain municipalities and add them to others. The motion was carried. Col. Matheson having stated that he had himself been asked to introduce a bill along the same lines.

Mr. Chapple caused a little mirth when he moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Marriage Act. His amendment made it necessary for only one of the contracting parties to be present in making out the affidavit before the issuer of marriage licenses.

Mr. Whitney did not like to see the bill go through without first hearing the Attorney-General's opinion with regard to it.

Hon. Mr. Hardy explained the difference which the amendment would make. Newspaper agitation had brought the matter before Government notice, and he readily understood why young women should desire the change.

The second reading was carried, and the bill referred to the Legal Committee.

Considerable discussion was occasioned by Mr. Chapple's motion for the second reading of his bill to amend the Municipal Act. The bill strikes out sub-sections 3, 4 and 5 of section 233 of the Consolidated Municipal Act, 1892. The sections are those requiring that the annual statement of municipal councils be presented for public inspection on the 14th or 15th of December of each year. The proposed change was to save expense.

Mr. Howland thought that more time should be given for consideration before so important a matter was allowed to pass. The Attorney-General presumed that after due consideration the committee had concluded that the sections were unpopular, and had resolved to have them repealed. He asked that the House express their opinion on the subject.

This brought forth protests from Messrs. Haycock, Little, Dryden, Kerns, Bush, Raven, Reid, Magwood and Gamey that the people would not be able to ascertain how their money had been spent by the old council before they elected a new one, if the amendment carried.

Mr. Chapple withdrew his bill.

In reply to Mr. Marter, Hon. E. J. Davis promised to bring down the return ordered a year ago, and showing the indebtedness of parties to the Crown Lands Department.

PUBLIC BILLS.

Hon. Mr. Gibson—Bill to consolidate the [illegible] regarding building and loan companies.

Mr. MacNish—Bill to increase the amount of exemption on incomes from $700 to [illegible]00.

Mr. MacNish—Bill to amend the Municipal Act by providing that encumbrances on property be not taken into consideration in deciding qualifications for municipal councillors.

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return of copies of all letters, telegrams, reports and documents in connection with the investigation into the conduct of and dismissal of Henry Thornton, bailiff; also the names of all applicants for the position, and copies of correspondence regarding the same.

Mr. Barr—On Wednesday next, bill to amend the Ontario Game Law.

Mr. Barr—On Wednesday next, order of the House for a return of all correspondence between the Government, or any member of the Government, or the chief game warden, and any member of the Government of the Province of Quebec, with reference to the provision of the Game Laws of the two Provinces requiring residents of each Province to take out licenses, in order to enjoy the privilege of shooting in the other Province.

Mr. Flatt—From the Township Council of Scarboro', for an act declaring that the County of York shall pay to the townships the sum of $2,000 per annum, towards the maintenance of the Kingston-road.

Mr. Middleton—From the Hamilton City Council, asking for repeal of the act which gives power to municipalities to exempt from taxation.

Mr. Richardson—From E. A. Macdonald and others of Toronto, praying that an act may pass to incorporate the Toronto Radial Railway Company. The petitioners ask for a renewal of the privileges and franchises of the Toronto Belt Line Railway Company.

Mr. MacNish—From the St. Thomas City Council, asking that the Province bear the expense incurred in support of Victoria Industrial School.

Mr. Ferguson—From the Dresden Town Council, for amendments to the Assessment Act; also asking that it be ascertained that all railway rolling stock be made in Canada before granting subsidies.

Mr. Ryerson—Enquiry of Ministry, when and by whom were the books of the Toronto Registry Office last audited, (1) on behalf of the City of Toronto, (2) on behalf of the Ontario Government.

A despatch from Moscow says that a Moscow passenger train fell over an embankment, and that 19 passengers were killed.

HUGH JOHN ACCEPTS.

He Will Become Leader of the Opposition in the Manitoba Legislature—Interview With Mr. Foster.

Winnipeg, March 1.—(Special.)—Hon. Hugh John Macdonald announced to-day that he would accept the Opposition leadership in the Legislature, provided it was the wish of his friends. If unseated for Winnipeg he will not contest the city again for the Dominion House. A letter was received to-day from Sir Charles Tupper, assenting to Hugh John's retirement.

The budget debate did not take place in the Legislature to-day, as expected. It will probably begin to-morrow.

Hon. George E. Foster, formerly Minister of Finance for Canada, arrived in the city from the west this morning, and will remain here some days a guest at Government House. Mr. Foster stated that his impression of the vast mineral resources of British Columbia was greatly strengthened by his visit, which was in the interest of the British-Canadian Gold Fields Company, of which he is president.

Of the Crow's Nest Pass road, Mr. Foster said his opinion of it is already known. He is impressed with the necessity of it, and is convinced that the Government would not be wise in building it, as a company could do it cheaper and with better results to the country. It is a comparatively short line by itself, and would be dependent on the C. P. R. The Government has built as many roads as was required under the Act of Confederation, and the policy of building more would not be the right one to adopt. The road, he says, is necessary to the development of the country.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

News Notes of Interest Culled From the Despatches and Boiled Into Paragraphs to Save Space.

President McKinley has about recovered his usual health and spirits.

Mrs. Edward Terry, wife of the proprietor of Terry's Theatre, in London, is dead.

The American Plate Glass Factory at Alexandria, Indiana, was burned yesterday. Loss, $200,000; partly insured.

General Julio Sanguilly and family have arrived in the United States from Cuba, where Sanguilly was imprisoned, but released.

C. O. Paradis, ex-Mayor of Sorel, has been chosen as the Liberal candidate in Richelieu County, Quebec, for the Local election.

Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, United States Ambassador, with his family, left Rome yesterday on their return to the United States.

Vice-President-elect Hobart, Mrs. Hobart, and their son will go to Washington this morning on a special train on the New Jersey Central Railway.

The management of the Balmoral Hotel, Montreal, has made an assignment on the demand of W. W. Ogilvie. The rent claim alone is $22,000.

Uncle Sam's new torpedo boat, the Farragut, made a trial yesterday, and is claimed to have run for a short distance at the rate of 30 knots an hour.

Five hundred employes of the Globe Ship-building Company at Cleveland inaugurated a strike yesterday against the employment of non-union labor.

President McKinley left Canton yesterday evening for Washington, amid a blaze of fireworks and the cheers of his neighbors. He made a brief farewell address. Mrs. McKinley is with him.

Cable despatches from Manila say that more than 200 insurgents were killed in the recent battles fought with the Spanish troops at Silang and Las Marismas, Philippine Islands.

The Nova Scotia Legislature closed its session yesterday. One of its last acts was to adopt an address to Her Majesty the Queen, congratulating her on her record reign.

The wife of Rev. C. J. Curtis, Methodist, of Inverary, died yesterday at Kingston, after a week's illness. She was a native of Freelton, Ont., and had been married 12 years.

Thomas Newbigging of Bridgeburg, Ont., died yesterday, aged 87. He had lived in Welland County 51 years, and was a justice of the peace and clerk of the Division Court. He came from Glasgow to Canada in 1848. His surviving sons are Thomas L. of Bridgeburg, William of Buffalo and Joseph of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway, and two daughters also survive.

Alex. McLachlan, a school teacher at Salford Village, Oxford County, is charged with having kept a pupil named Ida Quinn after school hours on the plea of instructing her in history, and taking undue liberties with her. A charge of attempted criminal assault was laid by her father, and McLachlan was sent to Woodstock Jail, bail being refused.

GREEKS VERY ANGRY.

A Meeting of Their Parliament Yesterday.

The Fighting Which Brought About the Bombardment Was Begun by the Turks—The Premier Said the Blockade of Crete Was Inexplicable in the Light of International Law—Many Skirmishes on the Island—Situation Grave at Selino—Mussulmans Looking to the Powers for Protection.

Athens, March 1.—After a recess that called for the protest of the Opposition, the Boule, the single parliamentary chamber of Greece, met to-day. Nearly all of the members were present and the gallery of the chamber was filled with visitors, all eager to listen to further authoritative statements of the Government's position in regard to Crete and the powers. There was an air of suppressed excitement, and all the patriotic references of the speakers were applauded.

Prime Minister Delyannis announced that he had received positive information that the fighting at Akrotiri, which had induced the bombardment of the Christians' position by the foreign warships, was provoked by the Turks, the Christians not having left the neutral zone.

M. Levides, Minister of Marine, read the joint note from the admirals of the foreign fleets, forbidding the Greek ships or troops to attack the Turks. This caused much excitement among the members of the Chamber, and Deputy Seals sprang from his seat and declared that the reply to the note ought to have been a declaration of war.

M. Delyannis denounced the bombardment of the Christians as savage, impious and unjust. He said that the blockade of Crete by the powers was inexplicable from the view point of international law. Greece, he added, had instructed her representatives of the countries to which they are accredited. He further said he was convinced that the admirals had acted without instructions. In conclusion, M. Delyannis said: "We are a small nation and cannot prevent such acts, but we protest against them with the force of a great nation. We know that all great peoples are with us."

The Prime Minister was cheered again and again as he took his seat.

A despatch received here to-day states that the insurgents have captured the town of Kandamos, but gives no details of the engagement.

Many Skirmishes.

Canea, March 1.—Reports have been received to-day of skirmishes in many parts of the island. A number of houses have been burned. In some cases the fires were started by Christians and in others by Moslems.

The various Beys requested Tewfik Pasha, the new military Governor of the island, to invoke the aid of the Sultan to save the Mussulmans in the different towns that are besieged by the insurgents. He replied that the Sultan was powerless to act, and that any appeal in behalf of their endangered co-religionists must be made to the powers.

A despatch from Selino, the interior town which is in a state of siege, states that the insurgents have captured Fort Stavaros, which commands the village of Kandamos, or Cadano, where the Consuls were recently fired upon by the Christians, though they were bearing a white flag. The garrison of the fort, numbering 3700 men, were made prisoners. The Moslem officials have conferred with the British Consul with a view to securing their release.

The news from Selino is very grave, and it is evident that unless assistance is rendered by the powers the place will soon have to capitulate. This fact has caused the greatest excitement among the Moslems here, who fear that the capture of the town by the Christians will be followed by a massacre of the Mussulmans.

The insurgents have mounted four guns on commanding positions, and since yesterday have been delivering a hot fire on the town and fort.

A deputation of leading Moslems visited the Consul here to-day and declared that as the powers had practically cleared the island of Turkish forces and refused to permit the Sultan to send re-inforcements to those remaining, it devolved upon the powers to protect the beseiged Mussulmans. They laid the utmost stress upon the iminent peril threatening the Moslems at Selino, and said that their only hope was in the powers. The British Consul proceeded immediately after the conference to Suda Bay to consult with Rear Admiral Harris, commanding the British fleet. The location of Selino is such, however, that effective assistance from the war ships is impossible, the town being in the interior, far out of range of the guns of the war ships.

Another cause of excitement was the action of the Italian patrol, who stopped a party of Moslem women in the streets, suspecting that they were men in disguise. Moslem officials allege that the women were roughly handled, but the Italians strongly deny the charge. The presence of the patrols from the foreign war ships is much resented by the Mohammedan officials and they have urgently requested that they be withdrawn. The road to Suda is clear and is patrolled by marines. The insurgents at Akrotiri are thus cut off.

Joint Note Not Delivered.

London, March 1.—It is learned that the joint note of the powers, addressed to Turkey and Greece, has not yet been delivered. Its delay will probably be now deferred until Wednesday. The Athens' correspondent of The Times, says it is believed that the reply of Greece to the note will inevitably be an absolute refusal to evacuate Crete.

He adds that the destinies of the country are now in the hands of neither Government nor King, but of a violently excited democracy, who are swayed completely by enthusiasm. The moment anybody ventured to plead moderation or suggest deference to the Consuls of Europe, he would be denounced as a traitor. The leaders of the Opposition insist that the withdrawal of the Greek fleet and troops from Crete must be resisted to the bitter end. They propose to meet the ultimatum of the powers with a counter ultimatum, declaring that Europe must allow the Greek army to remain in the island or face the prospect of a general war, resulting from a struggle in Macedonia. They believe they can thereby compel the powers to yield.

Russia Severs Relations.

Berlin, March 1.—The Frankfort Zeitung publishes a despatch from Constantinople saying that relations between the Russian and Greek courts have been completely severed.

Educational.

$5.00

Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON —AT THE— BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.

PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 88 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every [illegible].

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATINGRINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. d21

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

AUCTION SALE
Of Town Property in the Town of Peterborough.
UNDER and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale at Morgan's Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, 1897, the following property in the Town of Peterborough viz:—Lot Number Fifty-three, according to Registered Plan Number Fifty-nine for the said town. On the premises are erected a one-story frame dwelling house, together with stable and other outbuildings.
TERMS.—10 per cent. of the purchase money at time of sale and the balance in 14 days thereafter without interest. Other terms and conditions made known at the time of sale or on application to the undersigned. There will be a reserved bid. Dated Peterborough Feb'y 1897.
CHAS. STAPLETON, Auctioneer. d8

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
West and North-west winds; fair, colder weather; local snow flurries.

R. F.

Dress Making Department.
. . . NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.

Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.

New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.

Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ...... 15c worth 20c.

Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early.
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c & 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ⅝ border to match.......... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ⅝ borders to match............ $1.25 worth $1.60
English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $9.50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 20, - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 390 George-st.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers, ARE SOLE AGENTS,
[illegible] GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
[illegible]

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S
WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not ourpolicy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte st.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 100,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD, Charlotte Street.

Good Blood is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's

Blood Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

From Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished as many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of disease. Thousands today enjoy good health as the natural result of taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897

To Get Good Color Effects.

In furnishing a house make up your mind exactly as to the wished-for effect of each room before you begin to buy furniture, carpets or curtains, for, says the New York Journal, it is essential that there should be harmony of colors, even if suites of furniture are discarded in favor of odd bits. But here again be careful you do not run to the extreme of an inharmonious whole. That is to say, do notarrange a portion of a room in Moorish fashion, for instance, or with bamboo, while near by are strictly modern English chairs and tables. If you begin to decorate a room in one distinct style carry it out within those four walls, though other rooms may represent totally different periods. It is very important that the tints of the carpet, of the paper or paint of the walls and of the window curtains blend together in each room; that is, either possess a general resemblance of color or various colors in pleasing contrast or harmony with each other.

HER MAJESTY'S

Loyal Canadian People,

THEY SHOULD ALL BE STRONG AND HEALTHY.

Paine's Celery Compound Will Enable Our Women to Live As Long as Our Queen.

IT WILL GIVE OUR MEN STRENGTH AND VIGOROUS MANHOOD.

Sickly Canadians Can be Made Hale, Hearty and Happy, and Worthy of Their Country.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND DOES THE GOOD WORK.

Our splendid variety of Canadian climate is unsurpassed in the world. Our men and women should be perfect examples of health, vigor and strength. Unfortunately, we have too much sickness and disease in our land, but it is the fault of the people, not the land they inhabit.

To those who are sick and ailing we would say, try what wonders Paine's Celery Compound can do for you. Its marvellous health-giving virtues can make us a nation of strong and healthy people in a very short time.

Paine's Celery Compound quickly banishes nervousness, debility, dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, blood diseases, rheumatism and neuralgia. It is nature's spring cleanser and healer. If you are not in sound health one bottle will quickly convince you of its great value and power. "Paine's" is the only genuine; see that you get it.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

JOB FOR "SIR" PETER

Hon. Clifford Sifton is Now Boss of the Situation.

It Took a Little Time, but Clifford Got There in Due Course—Smart of Brandon Will Be His Deputy — A Little History Telling How It All Came About—Things Are Interesting in Nova Scotia — The Bisley Bungalow—Mr. Drolet on His Mission to Rome — Blake and Joe Martin—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 1.—(Special.)—Hon Peter Mitchell is to be appointed an Inspector of Fisheries in connection with the Fisheries Department.

It looks as if Mr. Clifford Sifton is the master mind of the Laurier Cabinet. A few weeks ago, when it was announced from Manitoba, that Mr. J. A. Smart, ex-Mayor of Brandon, was about to leave for Ottawa to assume the duties of Deputy Minister of the Interior, the accuracy of the report was denied by Ministers here. These gents evidently did not know Mr. Sifton, for the new Minister has got his way, and in a few weeks, as announced on Saturday, Mr. Smart will be installed in the Deputy's chair, having charge of both the Interior and Indian departments. Evidently, Mr. Sifton does not want to lose the services of Mr. Burgess, for he has offered him the position of Dominion Lands Commissioner at his present salary, with headquarters at Ottawa. Mr. H. H. Smith, the present Dominion Lands Commissioner, whose head office is at Winnipeg, and who receives a salary of $4000 per annum, is to be superannuated. Mr. Hayter Reed, Deputy Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, has been offered superannuation, or a subordinate position in the Indian service at $2000 per annum.

A peculiar thing in connection with this shuffle is that while Mr. Burgess is offered a position with his present salary, there is no alternative of superannuation, as in Mr. Reed's case.

It is said that Mr. Laurier, Sir Oliver Mowat and Mr. Scott were strongly opposed to these changes, but with the school question still unsettled, Mr. Sifton is a power in the Cabinet and the Ministers had to fall into line.

Everybody is now looking for the motive which has induced Mr Sifton to force Mr. Smart into the public service, and a little ancient history is given in explanation of the Minister's action. In 1893, at the time of the World's Fair, Mr. Smart as a member of the Manitoba Government had charge of the Manitoba exhibit, which was located in a building contiguous to the fair grounds. The way in which that exhibit was mismanaged cast a good deal of discredit upon the Greenway Government, and at the provincial elections, which took place the following year, Mr. Smart was defeated and was quietly dropped by Mr. Greenway. Robert Watson, then M.P. for Marquette, a complete outsider as far as provincial politics were concerned, was given a provincial portfolio and a seat in the House of Assembly was found for him. Ever since that time Mr. Smart has had it in for Mr. Greenway and his quondam colleagues, of whom Mr. Sifton was one. Mr. Smart's opportunity came last fall, when Mr. Sifton presented himself for election as the representative of Brandon in the House of Commons. Mr. Smart was then Mayor of Brandon and a man of considerable local influence. Mr. Sifton had to placate him and it is said Mr. Smart's opposition to the election by acclamation was purchased by the promise of the position of Deputy Minister of the Interior.

Whether this story be true or not, Mr. Sifton has got his way, and Mr. Smart is here. The manner in which Mr. Smart has secured his appointment will be discussed in Parliament, and the declaration will, it is said, be made by the leader of the Opposition that any man brought into the public service under like circumstances to those of Mr. Smart will receive short shrift when the Conservatives return to power.

A report is current in political circles that the Nova Scotia Government intends to bring on the provincial elections at a very early date—indeed, before the tariff bill is brought down to the Federal Parliament. It is expected that Mr. Fielding will propose either a reduction in the duty on bituminous coal, or else its total abolition, and the Nova Scotia Government feels it would never do to hold the elections after a sweeping tariff change affecting that province.

Sir Charles Tupper left for Halifax this afternoon to aid the Conservatives in perfecting their organization for the coming provincial fight.

John Shields has been appointed timber inspector for the Balsam Lake section of the Trent Valley Canal; at least the order-in-council making appointments reads that that position is given to John Shields of Toronto. Mr. Shields was promised a position in the Inland Revenue Department by the present Government, and, on the strength of that promise, worked like a Trojan in the Grit cause during the recent North Ontario bye-election. Now that the election has been won, Mr. Shields has to put up with an inferior and temporary position.

Senator William Miller, who is here, is strongly opposed to any expenditure of public money in the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. Speaking to your correspondent to-night, he said: "I think before any policy is decided upon, the whole Dominion must be satisfied that the enormous expenditure contemplated will be a national benefit, in the interest of the whole country, not merely to the advantage of the section locally concerned, a benefit adequate to the burden to be assumed. It must not be forgotten that the heavy end of that burden, like the debt already incurred in connection with the Northwest and British Columbia, must be borne by the old provinces. It is refreshing to hear people locally interested demand the proposed expenditure as a matter of course, the great bulk of which must be borne by others, a comparatively small fraction of it only falling on themselves. I am not now and never have been animated by any narrow or sectional feeling in regard to further heavy expenditures in our western provinces, such as the Hudson Bay Railway, or the Crow's Nest Pass branch would entail, but our public debt is now quite big enough and should not be materially increased, except for the clearest necessity, and on the most justifiable grounds—conditions that are not yet self evident in relation to the proposed outlay in the Rocky Mountains. One thing, however, is certain, if this railway branch is to be constructed at all, it should be done in the way that will impose the smallest possible liability on the country, not certainly as a Government work. It must not be forgotten," continued the Senator, "that the Senate will have a voice in this matter and that the Government does not control the Senate. It will be no harm for the powers that be to bear in mind that when a former Government attempted to force an expenditure of millions on the country in connection with the unnecessary Harvey and Salisbury branch of the Short Line Railway in New Brunswick, the Senate defeated the measure, and was applauded for doing so from one end of the Dominion to the other. We were then told in some quarters that our House saved more money by that one act than the Senate would cost the country for all time to come. I moved the six months' hoist to the bill on that occasion, and I or somebody else will be prepared to make a similar motion whenever any similar case arises to justify such a course."

Maj. Perley, a member of the Council of the Dominion Rifle Association, leaves for England in a very short time to take charge of the erection of the Canadian Bungalow at Bisley. Maj. Sam Hughes, M.P., who was in town to-day, examined the plans for the building, and is well-pleased with them. He made the excellent suggestion that the floors of the building should be deadened, which will be a great improvement.

Mr. O. A. Drolet of Montreal, who undertook the mission to Rome to lay before His Holiness the desirability of sending an ablegate to Canada to investigate the actions of the hierarchy in regard to the elections, is in the city the guest of the First Minister, to whom he presented a statement of what he had been enabled to accomplish at Rome. Mr. Drolet speaks freely of the result of his visit to the Vatican. He says the papal court was fully satisfied with the representations made by him in so far that they decided to lose no time in sending a representative to Canada. He was asked whether it was desirable to have this representative remain in the Dominion permanently or not, and replied that the Holy See could act as it saw best in that regard. Then the question arose as to a suitable choice for the office, and naturally there was some difficulty in making the selection. Mr. Drolet, however, expects a cable message any time informing him of the name of the prelate who will be sent over. When the ablegate arrives in Canada, he will take evidence from Halifax to Victoria in all matters where difference of opinion has arisen between church authority and the laity. Especially in Quebec will his investigations be full and thorough. He will investigate the actions and words of those members of the hierarchy, and of the Quebec hierarchy as a whole, in the late general elections, and the bitter party stand which they took against Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberals of Canada. "The papal ablegate will determine," said Mr. Drolet, in conclusion, "whether the French of Quebec are to be kept 60 years behind their fellow countrymen in all that pertains to intellectual and commercial advancement. The investigation by order of the papal authorities will be from the beginning to the end of the school question, and I expect will last fully two or three years."

Mr. Davies has under consideration the report of the commissioners, who investigated the wreck of the steamer Warwick, which was lost some weeks ago off the Island of Grand Manan. The case is an important one, involving some knotty points respecting marine law. It may be some days before the Minister's decision is finally handed down.

In connection with the work of rebuilding the upper storey of the west block, and the improvements to be made, as already projected, a plan to

Continued on Page 7.

The Fountain of Youth.

We all remember the story of Ponce de Leon seeking the fountain of eternal youth; and we all sympathise with him in his search. Youth means so much. It means more than life—for sometimes life becomes a weariness. But youth—with its abounding health and vigor, elastic step, glowing cheeks, and sparkling eyes—we all covet genuine youth.

The weakness or disease which ages people before their time, is not the result of accumulated years; it is the effect of wrong living and unhealthy blood. When the blood is pure and fresh the body will be full of youth.

Thousands of people who seemed to have lost their youth by disease and suffering have found it again through the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the most perfectly natural and scientific rejuvenator of the physical forces ever known to medical science.

It gives the blood-making organs power to make new blood, full of the life-giving red corpuscles which drive out disease, build up fresh tissue, solid muscular flesh and healthy nerve force. It gives constitutional power, deep and full and strong; rounds out hollow cheeks and emaciated forms; gives plumpness, color and animation.

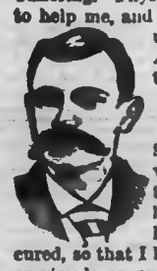
It does not make flabby fat like cod liver oil. On this account, it is a perfect tonic for corpulent people.

It aids digestion and the natural action of the liver, and by feeding the nerves with highly vitalized blood banishes nervousness, neuralgia and insomnia.

Where a constipated condition exists, the "Discovery" should be used in conjunction with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which are the most perfect, mild and natural laxative in the world. There is nothing else "just as good." There is nothing that will do the work so thoroughly, surely and comfortably.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897

Honest Horse Trade—

Swapping horses, it is said, is of all trades the most trying to men's honesty. Men who can deal squarely under ordinary circumstances yield to the temptation to get the best of a bargain when it is a question of horseflesh. Hence it is a pleasure to read the following anecdote, which proves the exception to the rule:

Two gentlemen of Marshalton, Va., whom for convenience we call Mr. A. and Mr. S., met one day and agreed to swap horses.

"I'll tell you what, John," said Mr. A., "if you get the best of the trade you shall bring me two bushels of wheat to bind the bargain, and if I come out best, I'll do the same by you, eh?"

"That's a go," said Mr. S., "and I low you'll bring me the wheat."

"That's as it may be," retorted Mr. A. "But let it be agreed, then, that a week from this afternoon the one's that's best suited, be it you or me, shall give t'other two bushels of wheat."

The week passed, the day came, and as luck would have it, Mr. A. and Mr. S. met on the road about midway between their respective homes.

"Where to, John?" cried Mr. A., as they stopped a moment to chat.

"To your house with the two bushels of wheat," replied Mr. S.

"Well, now, that's good" remarked Mr. A., "for I was on my way to your house on the same errand. This horse you let me have can't be beat."

"Just what I think of this nag" retorted Mr. S., and then they had a hearty laugh, and separated after exchanging wheat.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES CURE

Catarrh, Deafness, Asthma, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Female Complaints and All Blood and Nervous Diseases.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease.

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies at All Druggists—25 Cents a Bottle.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops cough, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE SWEDISH EXPOSITION.

THE GREAT SHOW OF 1897 NOW NEARLY COMPLETE.

The Scandinavian Fair Which Is to Be Opened at Stockholm by King Oscar in May—Description of the Building and Grounds—The King, Princes and Fair Officials.

Stockholm, (Special.)—In about three months from now, on the 15th of May, the great Scandinavian exposition of 1897 will be opened in this city by King Oscar and the officials who have been engaged in the active work of its preparation. The interest of the entire country is centered in the event, and the city of Stockholm is in a state of excited activity over the work of putting on the fine finishing touches and preparing for the reception of the guests who are expected to participate in the opening ceremonies.

THORE BLANCHE, Secretary Swedish Exposition, Chairman of Press Committee.

This will be the fourth of the great Scandinavian expositions. The first was held in Stockholm in 1866, the second and third in Copenhagen in the years 1872 and 1888. It is expected and indeed now assured that the exposition soon to be opened will far excel in departments any of its predecessors and be a worthy representation of the great advance the Scandinavian

SWEDISH EXPOSITION—THE MAIN ENTRANCE.

countries have made in industry, science and art in the last quarter of a century. Indeed the whole Scandinavian north, bound by ties of near relationship and common interests, has cooperated in this effort to show the fruits of ancient culture and the uninterrupted development of nearly 90 years of peace.

The exposition grounds are prettily situated at the beginning of the far-famed Djurgarden, the Bois de Boulogne of Stockholm, the great pleasure park where are located many summer restaurants and other pleasure establishments, such as Hasselbacken, Skansen, Tivoli, Alhambra, Novilla and others equally famous.

Djurgarden a Fine Natural Park.

Djurgarden is a great natural park, surrounded on all sides by water, and is well divided by beautiful drives that run here and there through its rocky eminences and across its sunny meadows. The grounds are reached from Stockholm by land and water, either in the comfortable trams that run there every minute or so, or on the busy little steam launches that ply between the city and the park. The trip from the city is easily made in fifteen or twenty minutes. The main thoroughfare of the city runs along the shores of Nybroviken, through the newest and grandest part of Stockholm, down the beautiful boulevard, Strandvagen, and on to the exposition park.

The grounds occupy an area of 210,000 square meters. They are not large, but they are certainly as beautiful as were ever offered for the site of a great exposition. They are situated on a narrow point of land projecting out toward Ostermalm, with the idylic Djurgard Brunsviken on one side and the city of Stockholm on the other. The land is not level, but it is divided into terraces that slope on both sides to the water. Back from the water and on the top of one of the high hills is situated the renowned open air museum and zoological gardens of Skansen. On account of their situation, with their extensive water fronts, the grounds are naturally divided into sections, between which runs the great thoroughfare of Djurgarden. Over this thoroughfare are built three viaducts connecting the two sections of the park.

While the exposition will not reach the proportions of the Great Columbian Fair at Chicago or the last exposition at Paris, it will have much more complete representation of the products of Scandinavian countries than was ever before shown. Russia is the only one of the greater powers of Europe that will make a particularly extensive exhibit, but the other countries will have representations that are creditable and interesting. In the art section the ex-

THE SWEDISH EXPOSITION—ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

position will come nearer to being international than in any other. Prince Eugen, the youngest son of King Oscar, has felt an especial interest in this section, and largely through his efforts it will be one of the grandest of the entire show.

In all departments the exhibitors will be numerous from the three Scandinavian countries. From Sweden alone about 2500 applications have been made, and from Norway, where the principal manufactories in all branches of the industry of the country have applied, there will be the handsomest exhibit Norway has ever shown, and almost three times as large as the Norwegian exhibit in Copenhagen in 1888. The interest of Denmark is also considerable, and the exhibit will far exceed the one it showed at Paris in 1889.

Besides the three Scandinavian countries it is expected that Russia will be represented by one of the very fine and oldest church in Stockholm, where Olaus Petri first publicly declared the reformation, and the old city hall, with Stortorget, the scene of the great Stockholm blood bath in 1520. In old Stockholm there will be several shops and stalls in the style in vogue during the sixteenth century.

Some of the Special Exhibits.

The most prominent among the separate pavilions of the exhibition is the one in which the city of Stockholm gives an exposition of the state of the community at the end of this century. The stately pavilion is situated to the left of the great open promenade between the main entrance and the industrial hall. Its two pavilions are to contain models of hospitals and poorhouses, a large relief chart of Stockholm and exhibits of hygienic arrangements. The pavilion, which, like all the larger monumental buildings of the capital, is in barcque style, was designed by Architect Wickman.

Just inside the main entrance, near the shore of Djurgard Brunnsviken,

THE SWEDISH EXPOSITION—PALACE NORTHERN MUSEUM.

and partly built out over the water, is the great pavilion containing the tourists' and sportsman's exhibit. This will not be a special exposition of a large number of similar articles, but a collective exhibition in panoramic style. The theatrical and musical exhibit will be situated in a special pavilion on the hill, where Hammer's villa lies, and bids fair to be an interesting Swedish historical museum of theatrical curiosities. The Jenny Lind collection and the many objects from the times of the ancient opera are especially noteworthy. Christina Nilsson contributes to the exhibit several valuable objects.

The horticulture exhibit will be in a large hall beside the theatrical exhibit, on the beautiful hill near Hassenbacken restaurant.

Besides all these of course there will be several special exhibits of interest.

Officers of the Exposition.

Baron Gustaf Tamm, the Governor-General of Stockholm, is the president of the exposition, and has proved himself to be the right man for the place. Two of King Oscar's sons are also officials. Gustav, the Crown Prince, is the chairman of the Central Committee, and Prince Eugen is the chairman of the Art Committee. The other officials are Arthur Thiel, commissioner of the industrial exhibit; Oscar Bjork, commissioner of the art exhibit, and Thore Blanche, chairman of the Press Committee.

Among the special attractions of the exposition will be the fourth international press congress, near the end of June, and the jubilee in celebration of the completion of King Oscar's twenty-fifth year on the throne. On the latter occasion there to be great festivities. Among the royal visitors expected are the Prince and Princess of Wales, the German Emperor and Empress, the Czar and Czarina of Russia, the Royal Family of Denmark, and in all about 200 royal personages.

It is expected that the Swedes in Canada and the United States will visit Stockholm in large numbers this summer. At least 200 members of the American Union of Swedish singers are expected about the last of June.

Stockholm a Beautiful City.

During the last twenty-five years Stockholm has become a favorite place for tourists. It has been called "the northern Paris," as well as "the Venice of the north." The transformation the city has undergone during twenty-five years is wonderful. Where some years ago there were hovels and foul suburbs, there are now miles of boulevards with palatial buildings. Squares and parks have been laid out, and modern Stockholm is architecturally one of the best planned and built cities of Europe. In 1866 the real estate taxed was worth $30,000,000. Now it is $160,000,000. Its hotels, theatres, restaurants and cafes have a world-wide reputation. During the charming summer nights, when at midnight it is still light enough to read, the people of Stockholm are always out of doors. The music from a hundred orchestras floats on the air and innumerable little steamers cross and recross the canals between the seven islands on which the city is built. Vessels from the navy and merchant marine of every civilized country reflect their spars and flags in the mirrorlike lagoons. Beautiful melodies come over the lake from wooded hilltop and island, and life to the people of the northern capital is indeed a delight.

The exposition officials have organized a "hotel and room department," by which every room to be let to travelers in Stockholm during the exposition must be registered, whether in hotel or private dwelling. The rate of

THE SWEDISH EXPOSITION—ART BUILDING.

charges is, therefore, in the hands of this department, and its uniformed agents will meet every train and steamer.

The Metric System.

The time that the United States has lost and the French have gained is shown in the history of the progress of the metric system in the respective countries. In his opening message of the second session of the first Congress Washington introduced the subject with his recommendation. That was the Congress called for the 1st Jan., 1790, but the first President did not succeed in his endeavor although he held the presidency until 1797. On the other hand, Tallyrand introduced the measure giving France the metric system and carried it through on June 10, 1790. France, in her financial system or in helping a stricken neighbor, has always been in advance of the United States.

PATHFINDER.

Divided Skirts in Disfavor.

"And you have the assurance to tell me that you discharged your laundress because of her belief in divided skirts? A new woman like you?"

"You didn't let me finish. I was going to explain that she had an idea that it was the proper thing to divide my supply of skirts between herself and her eighteen-year-old daughter."—Indianapolis Journal.

Won't Pay for Ben Tillett's Arrest.

London, March 1.—The Globe says that it understands upon high authority that great tension exists between Great Britain and Belgium on the subject of the demands of Great Britain for indemnity as a result of the imprisonment of Ben Tillett, the Englishman who was arrested at Antwerp last year, charged with promoting a strike. Belgium, The Globe says, has refused to pay any indemnity.

Dr Chas McKee is improving. His practice is being taken by Dr Chas Thompson, of Hiawatha, who graduated with Dr McKee.

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ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

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GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

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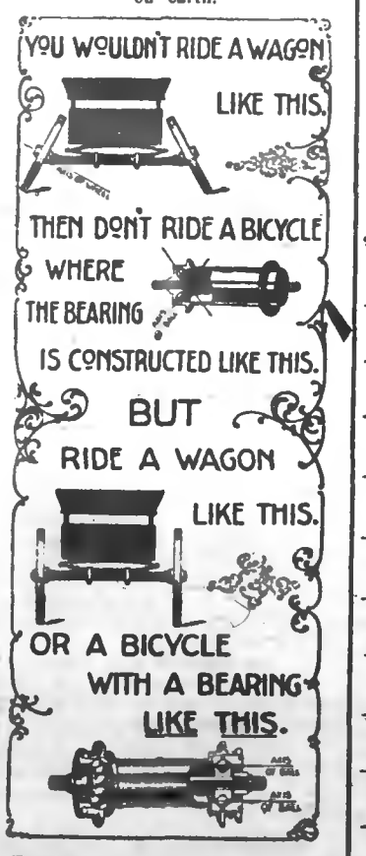

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O. B. SHORTLY, AGENT.

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"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

You can get it now from your Grocer.

Ask him for a 10 cent package and try it again.

Sold in lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers

QUICKCURE

Rough and Tumble

A hot foot ball scrimmage—a fierce rush—a hard tackle—often result in a deep gash, a bad bruise or severe strain. No need to suffer much pain from it—no need to have it long in healing—it is foolish to let it go and bring on inflammation.

Just stick on a plaster made with

"Quickcure"

Pain stops instantly, cuts heal quickly, new skin forms in three days. All druggists sell Quickcure in White Glass Pots at 25c., 50c. or $1. Or write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, Ltd. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

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Do You Seek A Situation?

Have You Houses or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or Have You a Really High Class Stock of Dry Goods or Clothing, To Sell?

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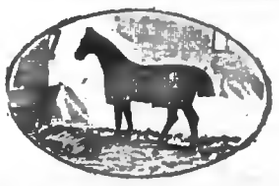

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

If you think

That it would be a desirable thing to place in your home a

PIANO

The first questions that naturally present themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have half a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—SHARE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
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Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

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Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

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THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

We claim that it is equal to any and surpasses all in many respects. We will send one to any responsible firm or person on ten days trial, and if not found as we represent it may be returned to us. Half the price of others! $55.00 Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.

Berlin Wools

This Week, only 6c. oz.

Draping Material,
Wall Papers,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades.

The above lines have been bought very cheap and if you want a bargain come at once

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C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Sheet Music Sale Continued.

The Peterborough Music Co., old stand, have decided to sell until further notice at 5c per copy Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century and McKinley Two-steps New songs at same price. d50tf

Berlin Wools for 7c. an ounce for this week to make room for new stock. Stamping done. Miss Melville, 424 George-st.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will hold at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

E S A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many, Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun, State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d47

THE MARKET DAY FARES.

THE withdrawal of the market day rates on the two railways, as reported in the REVIEW last night, caused a great deal of discussion among local business men, who felt that the railways had made a mistake and, at the same time, had dealt a severe blow to the town's business interests.

Just what reason the railroads have for their action we do not know, but we agree with the business men in the opinion that the action is a mistake and that it will materially affect local business. Of course the railway companies are managed by gentlemen who understand their business, and it does seem like the old story of an outsider knowing another man's business better than he does himself. But the town's standpoint is the one from which we view it, while the company look at it from their own standpoint. The town of Peterborough has always made the very best provision for the farmers who came here to sell their produce. Hence, we have the fine, large market building with its splendid accommodation. This was built on the supposition that our market would continue to be well attended, and one recognized feature in the large attendance were the cheap fares given on the two railways. These brought hundreds of farmers to Peterborough's market and to Peterborough's stores and shops every week, farmers who would have only reached town once perhaps in two or three weeks. Their absence will be a loss to the town. It will also be a loss to the railway, for now it is safe to say that many of the farmers along the line of the two roads who came to town by train every week will now only make the trip once in three or four weeks. Where two or three of a family formerly came, only one will come now, unless the team is hitched up and the long drive taken. In any case the railway company is to be a loser, as well as the town of Peterborough.

Our business men have every reason to feel somewhat agitated over this move of the railway companies. The railways and the town have always maintained the best of relations, the one helping the other, and, if this change is not to materially benefit the railroad company and is going to work serious injury to the town, we are hopeful that the town's presentation of the case to the railways will result in the cheap fares being restored on the railways on market days.

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

THE GRAND MASTER WILL BE INVITED

To Visit Otonabee Lodge, I O O F, at the Same Time that Lindsay Oddfellows are Here.

Otonabee Lodge, I. O. O. F., will have an interesting Oddfellows' gathering at a near date, probably the first or second week in April. Grand Master White will be invited to visit the lodge on the occasion of the visit of Lindsay lodge, the members of which are coming here to exemplify the degree work in competition with Otonabee lodge. It will be remembered that the Otonabee lodge degree team visited Lindsay some time ago and enjoyed themselves immensely, thanks to the hospitality of the Lindsay brethren. This visit of Lindsay Oddfellows to Peterborough will be made of more than usual interest by the presence of the Grand Master. The lodges of the district will also be invited.

Committees have been appointed to make all preparations for the occasion.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

OAK HALL.

Personal

Mr. R. J. Winch went to Montreal on business this morning.

Mr. R. H. Kells is in Toronto to-day making extensive purchases of dry goods from the McMaster & Co. wholesale bankrupt stock.

General and Mrs. Hualtain leave to-day for Toronto, where they will join their son and proceed to Atlantic City, where they will spend the spring months.

Ash Wednesday at St. John's.

On Ash Wednesday (to-morrow) services will be held as follows at St. John's:—8.30 a. m., celebration of Holy Communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer, commination service and second celebration of the Holy Communion. 3 p. m., evensong and address. Ushers as on Sunday.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Look Out for the bargains R. H. KELLS & CO. are offering, of the wholesale Bankrupt Stock of McMaster & Co., Toronto. 1d51

TALKED BUSINESS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

THE TOWN COUNCIL DEALS WITH A BIG BATCH OF IMPORTANT BUSINESS.

Five Committees Present Reports—Grant to the Horticultural Society—No Street Inspectors Yet—Fire Insurance—Machinery Exemption — Carters Complain — The Dixon Park—No Grant to the Indian Relief Fund.

For four hours the Town Council sat last evening and discussed several important questions and came to decisions on some, while others remain unsettled. It was a regular monthly meeting.

Mayor Yelland was in the chair and Councillors Best, Laplante, Denne, Neill, Davis, Dawson, Cobb, McWilliams, Meldrum, Graham and White were in attendance. A large number of ratepayers gathered to listen to the proceeding.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following communications were read:

From E B Edwards, town solicitor, enclosing by-laws and calling the attention of the Council to the advisability of a movement being inaugurated towards having the liability of towns for accidents on sidewalks lessened, and for this purpose he suggested that the towns of the province should be invited to hold a meeting of representatives at Toronto during the present session to take action with regard to this matter.—Legal committee.

From Felix Browncombe, town treasurer, submitting a statement of the receipts and expenditures during February. The receipts were $1,541.57; expenditure $5,927.06. The balance remaining in the bank on February 28 was $1,336.54.—Received.

From Mrs G A Goodfellow asking to have her eating house license renewed without any fee—License committee with power to act.

PAID FOR CHARITY.

From S R Armstrong, secretary, submitting the following statement of the expenditure of the Board during February:—

Groceries given	$ 58 83
Wood given	12 11½
Railway tickets	3 25
Sundry aid and expenses	12 65
Total	$146 86½

This was received.

From J Dolan asking that the Council allow the addition he has added to the City Hotel driving shed to remain as it did not interfere with any other property.—Left in the hands of the Building Inspector.

From J A Harper, secretary of the Fire Brigade band, asking for the usual grant to the band.—Finance committee.

From Thos Bradburn and ten others petitioning against the construction of the sewer on Perry-st. between Aylmer and George-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From Hatton & Wood, claiming on behalf of Mr. J W Brisbin a certain account of Mr Thos Erady, assigned to W C Tully.—Town solicitor.

From a ratepayer in reference to the Trent Valley canal. He stated that the deputation which was to be sent to Ottawa should interest the members for Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Vancouver and Winnipeg in the scheme, as the canal would afford a shorter route for the conveyance of the produce of the great east to the west.—Received.

From James Clancy asking for a change in the carters' by-law so as to allow two horses to be attached to a cart when necessary without extra charge.—Received.

THE CARTER'S REQUEST.

From James Clancy and 11 other carters petitioning the Council to prohibit farmers and others doing carting without a license or reduce the license fee to $2.—Received.

From Frederick Smiley, of the Summer Resort Guide Publishing Co., proposing that the town spend $100 for 8 pages describing and illustrating Peterborough and the resorts surrounding it in the Guide, the illustations and matter to be approved by the Council.—Received.

From J W Bennett asking that the usual reduction be made on the Y M C A tax bill—Court of Revision.

From Hampden Burnham, honorary secretary, asking that the usual yearly grant be given the Children's Aid Society.—Finance Committee.

From Antonio Fibbian claiming that there was a mistake in his assessment and asking that $3.40 taxes be refunded.—Court of Revision.

From S Rose asking for an extension of a month to pay his taxes.—Received.

From J E Stratton informing the Council that the Eastern Dairymen's Association might hold its next annual convention in Peterborough providing an effort was made and suggesting that the Council extend an invitation.—Finance Committee.

From E Pearce, county clerk, naming committees appointed by the County Council to confer with the town in regard to Mud lake bridge and prison labor.—Street and Bridge committee.

AGAINST THE SEWER.

From Jas H Metheral and four others, notifying the Council that they did not desire the sewer laid on Murray-st. between George and Water-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From John A Fowler and 35 others, petitioning against the sewer being constructed between Rink and Brock-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From M Flanagan, city clerk, enclosing draft petition of Kingston city council, re grants to railway companies, also amendments suggested to the Municipal and Assessment Acts. The first was received and the latter referred to the Finance committee.

From J W Morton, secretary of the Royal Canadian Humane Association, re the purchase of ice ball rollers for life saving.—Property committee.

From C S Gzowski, administrator of the Province of Ontario re Indian Famine Relief Fund.—Received.

From E H D Hall asking that taxes of A, Kay & Co., Curling Stone Manufacturer, be remitted owing to their loss by fire.—Granted.

From J A Hall and R N Clarke, presenting their report as auditors.—Received and the usual copies ordered to be printed.

ACCOUNTS PRESENTED.

The following accounts were presented:

Walter Stocker	$ 1 00
Wm Hetherington	2 00
Joe H Yelland	2 85
C N Brown	70
Jas Edgecumbe	4 60
Philip Crough	47 50
Geo Carton	9 00
Peterborough REVIEW	39 68
Peterborough Protestant Home	12 00
George J Horkins	1 65
Jos Batten	63 55
Peterborough Water Co	9 00
T. Fitzgerald	6 03
J W Moore & Co	3 00
James English	2 75
E Brown & Co	6 00
W Van Every	6 50
R H Nesbitt	4 00
Canadian Rubber Co	10 00
Thos McDonald	1 00
Hugh McIndoo	1 00
R J Lane	3 00
Walker & Co	8 50
J Beatty	19 00
J D Craig	2 00
H Wills	40
Wm Hetherington	3 40
Light and Power Co	6 40
W A Sanderson	1 00
Jacob Isbister	7 85
John Giles	1 00
T E Boddy	2 30
E F Mason	13 25
T Williams	1 00
Times Printing Co	4 80
Examiner	36 75
W Bradshaw	17 00
Duncan & Gray	60
W E McCall	1 50
Harper & Co	14 25

The accounts, with the exception of those of Duncan & Gray, R H Nesbitt and James English which were ordered to be paid, were referred to the Finance committee.

The account of P Crough, for stone, was ordered to be paid on certificate of Street Inspector.

FOR THE COURT HOUSE PARK.

Councillor DENNE reported for the Finance committee as follows:

GENTLEMEN,—Your Finance committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1. That the demand of the Board of Education for this year be paid in monthly instalments as asked by the Board.

2. That a grant of $500 be made to the Peterborough and Ashburnham Horticultural Society to maintain and make repairs in the Court House park.

3. That $500 be advanced to the Central Charity Board to enable them to purchase a supply of wood for next season, the advance to be paid back to the town by the Board out of its regular grants as the wood is used.

4. That William Aldridge be paid $15 balance due for making examination of and report on property in arrears for taxes.

5. That the following accounts be paid:

Charles Wynn	$ 141 38
H Wills	3 75
Jas Jobe	1 00
T Williams	3 75
Walter Stocker	3 00
T J Michiel	1 00
Peter Connal & Co	33 50
M H Halpin	6 00
Little Lake Cemetery Co	4 25
J J Lynch	2 00
J Smith	2 00
A J Warne	4 00
Peterborough Hardware Co	1 48
F J R Mitchell	2 00
Mrs Dunford	3 00
John Nugent	2 00
J W Brisbin	7 50
G H Noble	50
Alex Elliott	8 00
T W Robinson & Co	12 00
W H Hamilton	11 70
George Sanderson	2 00
Joseph H Yelland	9 40
Central Bridge & Engineering Co	29 02
C N Brown	70
T Fitzgerald	4 50
Chas A Alexander	2 00
J H Greer	3 65
W S Cocks	5 50

All of which is respectfully submitted.

T H G DENNE,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

SUPPLYING STONE.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS read the following report of the Street and Bridge committee:—

GENTLEMEN, — Your Street and Bridge committee beg leave to report as follows:

1 Your committee, as authorized, asked for tenders for stone suitable for street purposes to be delivered at the county gaol and received eleven tenders. We awarded contracts for delivering twenty-five cords each to Philip Crough and Ned Murphy at $1.90 per cord, their's being the lowest tenders received.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. E. MCWILLIAMS,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT.

Councillor WHITE, chairman of the Fire, Water and Light committee, reported as follows:—

GENTLEMEN,—Your Fire, Water and Light committee beg leave to report as follows:

1 Your committee received a report from the Chief of the fire brigade regarding the fire department and its equipment, and after considering it we recommend that the following articles be purchased: Three pliable branch pipes, one cellar revolving branch, two dozen common hose keys, new cords for the harness hangers, and eight pairs of couplings.

2. Your committee also recommend that the Chief of the brigade and the chairman be authorized to visit places where improved systems of fire alarms have been installed and inspect them with a view to ascertaining whether the system in Peterborough can be improved, and if so what system would be best adapted for this town, and what the expense would be to put it in operation. That the treasurer be authorized to pay expenses of delegation.

3. We recommend that the Chief be instructed to visit the fire hall regularly to see that the hall and apparatus is kept in proper order.

4. The light given by the electric lights in the town offices have not been satisfactory, and the fact has been ascertained that since the building was wired for the lights additional lamps have been put in, which is said to have caused the poor light. We recommend that the lamps on the metre circuit be changed to 104 volt lamps, the Light and Power Co agreeing to change the transformer and metre, as the Co. states that this will remedy the defect.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. M. WHITE,
Chairman

Councillor DAVIS suggested that the engine should be insured with the Boiler Inspection Co., at a cost of $20 for three years, and the engine would be inspected. The engine had not given satisfaction of late and should not be allowed to remain in its present condition.

Councillor MELDRUM considered that it was a question of paramount importance. The town should endeavor to remain in a position that the Fire Underwriters Association would not raise the rate. It was necessary the fire appliances should remain in the best of condition.

Councillor BEST considered that they were being imposed upon and that they were paying tribute to larger cities in the matter of insurance. Their rate of insurance had increased, though their protection had been improved, and he thought the inspector of the Underwriters Association should explain to the Council. Mr Best favored the town conducting its own insurance and not pay tribute to larger places. This latter statement was applauded.

Councillor DAVIS in reply stated 75 per cent of the premiums during the past 25 years had been paid back in losses. Toronto had advocated

MUNICIPAL INSURANCE,

arguing the small towns were benefitted, but big losses by fire followed and it cooled the ardor of those who were in favor of municipal insurance. Some maintained the companies were not losing anything but they were paying big rates, yet his office had suffered the loss of $100,000 in insurance on manufacturing concerns more than they would receive in premiums, in several years. Mutual insurance companies did not stand. Mr Davis stated that a general manager of a company stated the reason that the rate had been increased was due to the fact that after paying losses and expenses they only realized 5 per cent. on their premiums.

Councillor BEST stated Mr Davis' remarks were slight from an insurance man's standpoint. He contended Peterborough was paying its own risk as well as that of Toronto and other large cities.

Councillor DAWSON agreed with Mr Best's remarks. The Council adopted several recommendations of the Inspector of the Underwriters' Association but he still kept on recommending.

Councillor BEST explained that he desired to see the Fire Brigade efficient.

Councillor BEST moved, seconded by Councillor CONS, that the report be referred back the committee, Mr. Best stating that he wanted information.

Councillor DAVIS argued that the people were willing to pay extra for insurance in companies with a capital at their back, than in a mutual company.

Councillor WHITE moved, seconded by Councillor GRAHAM,—That the report be adopted, with the addition of a clause recommending the insurance of the fire engine.

Councillor MELDRUM moved that the report with the addition of the clause respecting fire engine insurance, be adopted, but that the second clause be excepted and referred back to the committee. Councillor Neill seconded this motion and it was adopted, the other motions being withdrawn.

THE CENTRAL PARK.

Councillor GRAHAM submitted the report of the Property committee as follows:

GENTLEMEN,—Your Property and Health committee be leave to report and recommend as follows:—

1. That no action be taken with reference to the letter from the Horticultural Society offering to take charge of the Central park.

2. That in view of the expense necessary to retain the property known as Dixon park, and of the proximity of other parks to it, that the property be conveyed back to Mr.

Continued on Page 5.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Riverside Park skating rink.

Granite curling night.

Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Entertainment at St. Luke's church.

Ashburnham School Board.

Board of Education.

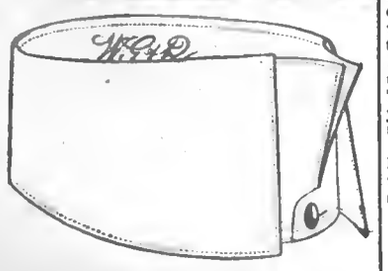
Daughters of England entertainment.

The Best Advertisements.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases! None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897, my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf



JUST OUT—

"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

GOING TO MONTREAL.

Miss Edith Shortly Presented with a Flattering Address by the Members of the Epworth League.

For several years the George-st. Methodist church has possessed an active, earnest worker in the person of Miss Edith Shortly—a young lady endowed with the most estimable qualities, and one whose work in the Sunday school and Epworth League has been blessed.

Miss Shortly in a short time will depart for Montreal, and last evening the Epworth League expressed to Miss Shortly its deep sense of regret on her departure. During the meeting of the League Miss Shortly was called forward and the following address was read :—

Miss Edith Shortly,

DEAR SISTER,—Knowing that you are soon to leave Peterborough, the members of the Epworth League of the George-st. Methodist church, desire on this occasion, when so many of our friends are with us, to give expression to our regret on account of the loss we will sustain as a League through your departure. As an active member of our League you have from its organization been a most efficient worker, and in the many offices you have held you have always been prompt and faithful in the performance of your duties, and the success of the League has in no small measure been owing to the help you have given.

We know that we shall greatly feel the loss of your counsel and assistance, but we shall remember as an incentive your example in the performance of duty. We shall miss your presence, but shall cherish recollections of the pleasant and profitable intercourse that we have had, and shall feel that the friendship which has been so pleasant shall not be severed by distance. While we remain and endeavor to carry on the work here in which we have been so long associated, we know that you will also be engaged in work for our Master, and that we shall still be united in the service of our Saviour. This will give us courage to bear parting with you, and we shall gladly welcome you at any time that you may be able to visit us.

We heartily wish you all the success you hope for, and every blessing you desire, and will pray that God, who alone can give true success and happiness, may always bless you.

W. J. WATTAM, President.
MARY BARCLAY, Secretary.

Miss Shortly replied in a few appropriate words, remarking that her work in the League had been of the most pleasant character, and she regretted the severance of the ties that had been formed.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Two Men Arrested.

County Constable Moore arrested George Moncrief, town, and John Atkinson, of Smith, to-day, on the charge of stealing a steer from Mr. Geo. Webster in 1893. They were taken to the police station.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DEFINING DUTIES OF THE POLICE

THE COUNCIL WILL DEFINE WORK FOR THE CUSTODIANS OF THE LAW.

Councillor Laplante Declares He Can Lay Charges in Committee — Councillors Argue That Duties Should Be Defined.

The duties of the police force are to be defined by the Council.

The Mayor last evening agreed to call a committee of the whole Council to deal with the matter, though for some time he labored under the idea it was an investigation and would not yield to the request for a meeting until charges were laid. But when several councillors informed his worship that the resolution adopted at the previous meeting asked for a meeting to be called to define the duties of the police the Mayor agreed.

The matter was introduced by Councillor Dawson, chairman of the Supervision of Police committee, who alluded to the request for an investigation asked for at a previous meeting. Mr. Dawson declared it was impossible to define the duties of the police. He explained that at present two men were on during the day and two at night. They were called upon to distribute notices calling for committee meetings, which they could not do if their beat was defined. They were also expected to look after truants and act as sanitary inspectors. A man was necessary at the station all the time to receive complaints. Mr. Dawson took occasion to deny that the Chief of Police was guilty of dealing with some hotels in a partial manner. The records would show that such was not the case.

Councillor Laplante urged that the investigation be carried out, but Councillor Dawson contended that an investigation could not be held unless charges were laid and he would not call a meeting of the Police committee until written charges were laid.

Councillor Laplante pressed the matter and declared it would do no harm to have the police spurred up.

Mayor Yelland stated that he would not call any meeting until charges were made, but Councillor Best argued that it was the Mayor's duty to call a meeting. The duties of the police had never been defined; they defined their own. Their work seemed to be confined to the territory between Brock and Charlotte-sts. Mr. Best claimed the the Chief when complaints were made to him always quoted law and asked for names before charges would be laid. The Chief, he aid, should investigate all cases reported to him.

Councillor Neill thought it was proper to define the duties of the police, and Councillor McWilliams maintained that the Mayor should have called the meeting.

Councillor Laplante stated that he could lay charges, but he would not do so in open Council.

Councillor Meldrum felt that the police, now that the discussion had taken place, would be warranted in allowing the investigation to go on.

The Mayor, after a little further talk, said "alright," and the meeting will be called.

WEDDED AN AMERICAN

The Marriage of Miss Edith Douglas and Mr J H Simmons, of Atlanta, Ga.

At the residence of Dr M A Morrison, Gilmour-st., this afternoon at 2 o'clock, Mr J H Simmons, of Atlanta, Georgia, a progressive American and an extensive manufacturer of caskets, was united in the bonds of wedlock with Miss Edith I Douglas, daughter of the late Andrew Douglas.

The ceremony was performed by Rev J J Rae, pastor of the Charlotte-st. Methodist church, in the presence of a few intimate friends. There were no attendants and after the event had been solemnized Mr and Mrs Simmons took the 4.48 G T R express for Toronto and will proceed from that city to Washington to attend the inauguration of President Cleveland, thence to New York, from where they will travel by steamer to Atlanta.

The bride was the recipient of some handsome gifts from her circle of friends and she enters married life with their well wishes.

My Friend From India.

On next Friday night, March 5th, "My Friend From India," a farce comedy of the highest order, will be the attraction at the opera house. This company comes direct from New York city after a successful run of 112 nights, having played to immense houses. The play is one of the best and most pleasing farce comedies ever written and will be sure to please the theatre going people of Peterborough. Don't miss seeing this attraction; it will make you laugh hard and long. The prices of admission are 25, 35 and 50c, with a few of the best reserved seats at 75c. Secure your seats early. Advance sale tickets at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 1d51

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51t

Advertise in the REVIEW.

TALKED BUSINESS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

Continued from page 4.

A E. Dixon in accordance with the terms of the deed from him to the town.

3. That this committee be authorized to advertise for tenders for a nuisance ground for the year beginning the first of May next.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JAS GRAHAM, Chairman.

Councillor GRAHAM moved that the report, with the exception of the second clause, be adopted. This was seconded by Councillor White.

Mr. J A Fife addressed the Council and stated that they, as property owners, had been induced to purchase property in the vicinity at the time the town had accepted the park as a gift from Mr. Dixon. That portion of the town had improved and as a property owner he opposed the deeding of the park back to Mr. Dixon.

Councillor DAVIS explained that the town had agreed to expend a certain amount on this park each year, and Mr. Dixon was asking that the property be deeded back owing to the town not carrying out the town's agreement.

Mr. J. C. Smith argued that the town should hold faith with the citizens. They as property owners had purchased property understanding that they were to have a public park. The town could not, he claimed, give the deed back to Mr. Dixon. In case the Council should return the deed the town as a matter of justice should improve the roads, but he hoped the park would not be deeded back.

Councillor MELDRUM contended that the town should adhere to its agreement. Mr. Dixon did not want to take the park back, but he wanted it improved as promised. The ratepayers in that part of the town had not been justly treated.

Councillor DAWSON claimed that he did not see how they could spend any more money in improvements. He favored spending money on the streets in that locality.

Councillor WHITE felt the town should adhere to its promise. After praising Mr. Dixon for his action the Council seemed to be throwing it back in his face.

Councillor Graham's motion was carried.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.

Councillor LAPLANTE presented the following report of the Licence committee :—

GENTLEMEN,—Your License committee beg leave to report and recommend as follows :—

1. That the pedlar's license given to Mrs. George Dawson last year be renewed and that she be given a new license in renewal without the payment of the license fee.

2. That James Condon be given a refund of $3.75 on account of an eating house license fee paid by him.

3. That the chairman of this committee be authorized to procure a supply of dog tags for this year.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

N T LAPLANTE, Chairman.

The report was adopted.

CARTER'S CASE.

Mr. James Clancy supported his communication re the license on two horses. With reference to reducing the license of the the carters from $5 to $2, he claimed that the by-law had not been prohibitive, though that was the intention when the fee was increased.

Mr. H. Wills argued that those who paid for a two horse truck did not receive any better prices than those with one horse. They as carters had not the slightest protection.

Mr. O'Brien stated that he advocated the increase in the fee to $5, but the by-law had not been adhered to. Some carters came from Ashburnham without paying a license, and Ashburnham people were loyal to their carters. In opposition to Messrs. Wills and Clancy he said that if they could afford to pay a two horse license they would not do so unless it was paying.

Councillor MELDRUM suggested that the License committee meet the carters and arrange a satisfactory by-law.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS moved that the license fee be reduced to $2 for ratepayers, and that others be charged $10.

Councillor DAWSON stated that the town solicitor had declared Mr McWilliams' intention illegal.

Mr MELDRUM jocularly remarked that Mr McWilliams was becoming a protectionist.

The matter was finally referred to the License committee who will meet the carters and frame a satisfactory report.

The question of defining duties of police came up, and the Mayor agreed to call a meeting and deal with the matter.

Councillors MELDRUM and WHITE argued that action should be taken in regard to the foot bridge at Auburn in connection with the railway bridge.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS promised to call a meeting of the Street and Bridge committee to deal with the matter.

GRANT FOR THE PARK.

Councillor DENNE introduced a by-law to grant $400 to the Horticultural Society, with an addition of $100 for improvements. It received its first reading.

On the second reading, Councillors Laplante and Meldrum opposed the grant.

Councillor MELDRUM moved that the by-law be amended providing that the grant be $400, and that the Council make connections with the sewer to the fountain, and the town team draw cinders to be placed on the paths.

Continued on Page 8.

Remodeling

Of our store will commence next week. We are preparing for it. Prices in Furs have reached their lowest point. The point is—you can well afford to buy now—for next winter's wear—as there is no possibility of another such saving opportunity for you. This week's prices are Bargain Bringers. Never have we offered Good, Reliable, Well-made Fur Garments at such low prices. The object is to reduce the stock at once before work commences. We would like to show you through.

Fairweather & Co.

FURRIERS

Peterborough - - - - - - - Toronto.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Skips McNeil and Ferguson met twice in the LeBrun medal contest yesterday, Skip McNeil being victorious in the afternoon match by 9 shots, while Skip Ferguson won in the evening contest.

The curlers go to Toronto to-morrow. Six rinks will meet the Toronto Victorias in the second match in the Davidson-poucher medal competition. Their is a possibility of a couple of rinks going to Hamilton to play with the Thistles of that city.

A couple of rinks went up to Lakefield this afternoon for a friendly game.

A Lindsay rink skipped by J. D. Flavelle will play here on Friday with Skip Ray, while Skip Thos Rutherford will play in Lindsay. The contest is for two barrels of flour.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

Yelland vs Yelland

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Some days ago an incorrect statement of this case appeared in your columns and it is to be regretted that the report has been used with the apparent object of injuring Mayor Yelland. Were it not for his public position I would not trespass upon your space regarding a matter which is entirely private, but it is only fair to His Worship that an erroneous impression should not be allowed to prevail. The facts of the case are briefly as follows:—The late Dr Yelland was a member of The Canadian Order of Foresters and as such held a certificate for $1,000, payable "to his next of kin." At the time this certificate was issued he was not married to the lady who is now his widow, consequently neither she nor his son was in his mind. Now it happens that the term "next of kin" has a well settled meaning, and it may be fairly assumed that a corporate body like the Foresters perfectly understood its meaning, and that such meaning was equally understood by the late Dr. Yelland. So far as I know it is not disputed in this case that "next of kin" includes *all* those of equal degree of consanguinity who are nearest to the deceased. In this case the father and son of Dr Yelland come within this definition and are equally entitled to the sum in question unless the Court should hold that the Foresters' certificate is void under a statute passed in the reign of George the Third. That point may make a difference in the ultimate decision, but it is rather subtle and cannot be entered upon here. If Dr. Yelland had by his will left his father $500 no one, I apprehend, would have a word to say against Mayor Yelland taking that sum; why then should anyone object to his taking it if he is entitled to it under the Foresters' certificate? It is a well-known fact that Dr. Yelland wished his father to be a beneficiary and spoke of it when too near his end to make provision. Those who know the circumstances are well aware that it would have been but just for the father to have received a much larger legacy than $500.

Your obedient servant,
A. P. POGSETTE.

March 1st, 1897.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

A team will go to Millbrook to-morrow. It will be composed of Wasson, Thorne, Crossley, King, Watt, Graham and Glover.

A team of the Ackerman harness factory challenge a team from any establishment in town, the Electric works included, to a game to be played on a date to be mutually arranged. Acceptance may be sent to the factory on George-st.

Brevities.

—Full rehearsal to night of those taking part in the cantata "Ruth." Rehearsal at St. Andrew's church school room.

—The Children's Aid Society has a case in hand where a young girl was put out by her stepmother. The Society has 4 fine healthy children for adoption.

—The third degree was conferred on four candidates at the regular meeting of Otonabee lodge, I.O.O.F. last night.

—The Ashburnham village Council held a monthly meeting last evening. A report will appear to-morrow.

—A regular meeting of the the Town and County of Peterborough Historical Society will be held in the County Council Chamber on Thursday, the 4th of March, at 7.30 p.m. Mr. J. Hampden Burnham will read a paper.

—The Catholic Literary Association held a very successful dance at their rooms last evening. The music was splendid and everybody was delighted.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

The Elite Event of the Season.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE,

FRIDAY, March 5

THE ISHAM & LYTELL COMEDY Co

Presenting the Latest and Present New York Success

My Friend From India

The Comedy that has Broken all Records in New York at both Weland Hoyt's Theatres.

A Continued, Pronounced, Immediate and Emphatic Success.

Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Seats now on sale.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

A Gold Mine

of health and good cooking for every household where they use the purest and best Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

It makes the most delicious cakes and doughnuts, and makes light, delicious flaky pastry.

PURE GOLD

Baking Powder.

CAA 120

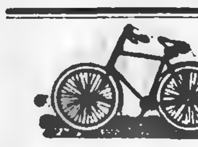
NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.



Do Not Buy Your 1897 Bicycle Before You See Shortly's Beauties.

New Store for Bicycles Only

Open March 1st.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

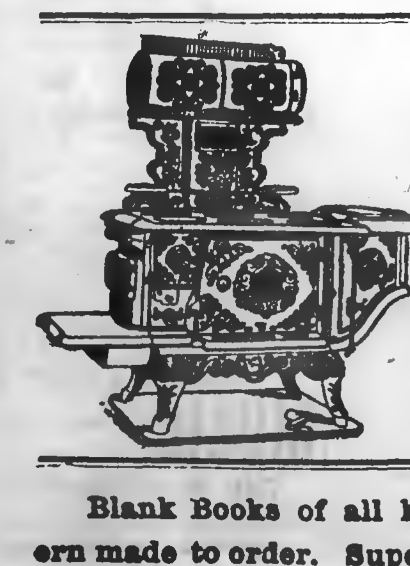
Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

393 George Street.

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1894.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Ass't Sec

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY

DURING

MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

—the prisoner of the palace—and it may be he hopes to thrust another thorn into the heart of Aleck Morton when he can be able to show him his beloved sister an inmate of the grand seraglio.

Thus it will be seen Doctor Jack has no child's play before him. First he must outwit the league that seems bound to wind up his mortal affairs for him, and when this has been accomplished, by a bold and ingenious plan he means to hoodwink the pasha and save Aleck Morton, if that worthy is in the land of the living.

In this undertaking he will need help, and hence is not at all sorry that circumstances have arisen which will necessitate Larry's accompanying them cut of Spain.

The dude is just the man to assist—his mind is crafty; and it is more upon diplomacy they must depend for success than strength. So Jack, revolving these things in his mind, determines upon his course.

They have reached the roomy fonda, and as there is a corner where the papers are kept, Jack draws his companion thither—they secure a copy, and go to Jack's apartment, where the latter immediately consults the railway time-table.

Used to American methods, one would be distracted endeavouring to understand the jumble in which the arrivals and departures are announced—there is a lack of system in everything throughout Spain, just the opposite of what the traveller finds through France and Germany, where things are done according to a set rule.

Jack is good at deciphering enigmas, however, and he soon makes out that a train leaves the city for Bordeaux and beyond by way of Zaracoza at eight thirty in the morning, which may be construed as nine o'clock in Spain, for few things are done on time.

This is the most direct way to get beyond the Pyrenees and into France. True, the other route via Barcelona takes one along the sea where the ear can hear the sad moan of the waves, the eyes rest upon vineyards, orange groves, olive orchards and great fields of wild thyme, while the perfume-laden air is exceedingly grateful to the senses; but it is twice as long as the one chosen, which hurries the traveller over a high, hot plateau, in places a desert.

Time is a factor in the calculations of the doctor just now, and he means to give up all other considerations in order to get out of Spain with the least possible delay.

Taking out a small but accurate map, attached to a guide-book, he traces the course they will pursue to Paris, and then east, until at length his finger remains stationary over a dot that marks the Oriental city on the beautiful Bosphorus—Constantinople.

"There we rest—in that city duty calls. Will you go with us, Larry, and lend assistance in the effort to save your Cousin Aleck, held a prisoner in the pasha's palace?" he asks.

"Tell me the story—I will give you my answer when you are done," returns the other.

So Jack begins, and narrates all. It does not take him long, but he describes the thrilling scene in the wonderful gardens adjoining the harem of the wealthy pasha with such eloquence that Larry is quite carried off his feet, and before the other can put the question to him again he has seized Doctor Jack's hand earnestly.

"I am with you heart and soul, my friend. From this hour count me as one of you. We will thus form a little triumvirate of our own to oppose the enemy, and you will find this brain of mine as fertile in resources as that of the old time plotter, the Cardinal Richelieu."

Jack does not smile—he would not be surprised at anything Larry might do now, the little man has shown such a decided genius for diplomacy. He trusts him fully, and such action is apt to bring out everything there is in the dude.

Jack makes no error by underestimating the power of the enemy. He knows they will be watchful, and continually on the alert to circumvent any plans that may be formed.

All is to be kept a secret—no one must know that they intend leaving Madrid in the midst of the glorious carnival, for people would at once believe them insane, since the Spanish mind cannot conceive of a more glorious spectacle, longed for through many, many months, and enjoyed with all the fervour of their hot-blooded race.

They talk in low tones, for it is not absolutely certain that hostile ears may not be bent to hear their plans—these Spanish fondas in the cities, as well as the taverns, or posadas, in the villages, being rambling dwellings, with the queerest rooms imaginable, and ever so many nooks and hiding-places, quite bewildering to one used to straight halls as seen in English and American hotels.

It is easy to get lost in such a labyrinth, and does not require a great stretch of the imagination to people various dark corners with ready eavesdroppers, especially when the party concerned has cause to believe himself watched.

Jack is the last person in the world to allow any nervousness to lay hold on him, but he understands the situation and what he must expect—his enemies are unscrupulous and powerful, and this alone is enough to cause him uneasiness.

Step by step he goes over the plan with the other, to make sure there is no mistake, for such a thing would perhaps be fatal to the success of the role they have arranged.

Larry is to go to the Fonda Peninsular, and manage to let every one know that he is to take his aunt and cousin out early in the morning in a vehicle to see how Madrid looks after the first night's debauch—thus alarming no one when the carriage is ordered later on.

The trunks can be gotten down at the last moment, all preparations having been made by the ladies, to whom he will deliver a communication from Jack as soon as he reaches the hotel on the puerta.

Thus it is neatly arranged, and if they have even ordinary luck, by nine o'clock on the morrow the whole party will be aboard the fast Paris express, speeding over the rails in the direction of the gay French capital.

It is not their intention to remain there any length of time—duty demands that they at once seek the battle-field again, to stand up with the plotting pasha, and see if diplomacy cannot beat him in the game now on.

They are small in number, but as force cuts a poor figure in the deal, they mean to outgeneral the enemy. What the future holds for them only Heaven knows, but their hopes are strong, and when Jack bids Larry good-night, meaning to get a few hours rest, he squeezes his hand warmly as he says:

"In six hours we are away. Don't forget to be on time, my friend," and Larry answers:

"'Pon 'onah! now, Doctor Jack, we shall soon be on the road. Then hurrah for Paris!"

CHAPTER XIII.

When Doctor Jack finds himself alone once more he closes the door of his room, and sits down to think. A cigar helps him in this respect, and he grasps the reins of the situation in his hand.

Minutes slip away thus, and he has gone over the whole situation. The thought of what lies beyond in the near future seems to stir the most sluggish blood in his veins into action, for he can no longer remain seated, but springing to his feet begins to pack the small portmanteau with the few things he carries with him—your old traveller knows too much to encumber himself with a variety of luxuries when on the jump, however much he might enjoy these same things if settled down.

When this job has been completed Jack consults his watch, and finds that the hour lacks but a few minutes of four. Through the open windows there still comes the sound of merry laughter from the street—the noise jars on Jack's mind, for he is in rather a melancholy state, as though certain coming events were casting a shadow before.

He tries to sleep, throwing himself upon the bed, but it is of no avail, and presently he is once more on his feet pacing the room.

This in a measure calms him, and when his attention is directed toward the street by an unusually boisterous crowd passing, Doctor Jack walks to the window and leans out.

How cool and pleasant the night air, and what a delicious odour of flowers comes to him. He can hardly endure the closeness of the room, in which the flickering gas has burned so long.

Looking down he sees that while many of the lights may have burned out, these are principally the Chinese coloured lanterns hung on the trees by the residents. The avenue is still brilliantly illuminated by myriads of tiny flames, and the pavement by no means deserted, though by far the greatest crowds have surged in the direction of the great central plaza, where the populace of Madrid delight to jostle one another upon gala occasions like this.

Attracted by the light and sounds coming from this quarter, the American turns his gaze thither—he can hear the roar of voices, the rising and swelling music of bands, and see the glow of fireworks as the many-coloured balls cut the black heavens, or bursting rockets send a shower of golden rain down from on high.

Madrid is having a grand old time, and woe unto the luckless travellers quartered in the hotels on or near the Puerta del Sol, the Fondas Peninsular, de Paris, de los Principes, de Rusia, or de los Embajadores—sleep will be an utter impossibility for them on these three full nights of the carnival.

Doctor Jack has stood thus, his elbows resting on the window-sill, which

[To be Continued.]

MIDNIGHT AT PICCADILLY.

The Bishop of London Opens Religious Services for the Uplifting of the Night Owls.

New York, Feb. 28.—A special from London to The Sun says: All the world knows that Piccadilly and other streets of the West End of London are given up nightly to a parade of the vast army of purveyors and patrons of vice. The night scenes of London have no parallel in any other great city, but they have come to be regarded as a necessary evil by most Londoners, for all the legal and other ordinary methods of reform have availed nothing. This week, however, a new influence has been brought to bear, and Piccadilly at midnight has had a novel experience. The Bishop of London, co-operating with Bishop Barry, the rector of St. James', the fashionable church in Piccadilly, has entered upon a well-organized crusade against vice in its very citadel. A series of "social purity" services has been held three nights of the present week in St. James' fashionable church. The church has been thrown open at 11 o'clock, and a large number of gentlemen, including many of high social position, have spent the ensuing hour in the street inviting those of their own sex in the gay throng outside to attend the midnight service. In response to these invitations and the ringing of the church bell the house has been filled each evening before midnight, when the service began.

The Bishop of London delivered an address on the first night, the Bishop of Durham on the next and Bishop Barry on the third. The audiences were mixed. Nearly half were gentlemen who are associated with the clerical leaders, who are making this attempt to secure some reform in the matter of restraining the parade of vice in London. The remainder were persons whom it is designed to reach—idle promenaders who were seeing the sights of the town, and who came in out of mere curiosity. They heard some plain talk.

The Bishop of London spoke from the text, "The body is not for fornication, but for the Lord; and the Lord for the body." He said he was there to speak plainly on a subject of vital importance, both to individual and to national life. It was useless to speak of it except directly and straightforwardly. There was a strong temptation to pick up habits and ways of looking at things from those around, but true manhood meant facing questions for one's self and reaching principles. Religion saved men from a low and irresponsible view of life, because it demanded that they should view their life in its relation to God. Under the term life everything was included, the body as well as the soul. No part of man could be dismissed as outside the sphere of religion, least of all the body. The Bishop proceeded to show the difference between the body which was natural and holy and the flesh, which meant bodily appetites undisciplined and unrestrained. He dwelt upon the danger of impurity to society as destructive of the race and of the higher forms of civilization. He pointed out its brutalising effect on character, as cruelty and callousness of heart always accompanied lust. Pure love was the foundation of home and of family, and purity, once lost, could never be entirely regained.

The eminent preacher was, of course, listened to with closest attention, the large congregation remaining, with few exceptions, until dismissed, shortly before 1 a. m. It is announced that the Bishop of London will lead a much larger movement, which will be of the nature of a united crusade of the church against vice in London. Such methods, however, as those pursued by Dr. Parkhurst in New York are not for a moment to be thought of. The Bishops and their followers are, however, urging the local authorities of the West End to pursue a more vigorous policy against disorderly houses, and an appeal will be made to the Home Secretary for a resort to some legal measures dealing with the street evil. Meantime, London at large is watching the movement with considerable interest, but little faith as yet in its practical efficacy.

America's Richest Woman

A woman past 50, who has had her share of youthful good looks, may, if she keep her health, retain the essential part of her attractiveness, which consists in character and expression. Such is the case with Hetty Green. Time has touched her gently, withal. Her hair is not yet quite grey, nor her face wrinkled. She has keen, blue-grey eyes, a clear complexion, and strongly marked features that indicate truly the force and determination behind them. In repose, her expression becomes more softened, and she looks like the home-loving and domestic woman that she is at heart. Mrs. Green has the reputation, not altogether undeserved, of being a bad dresser. This appears to be rather an affectation, perhaps with a purpose, on her part, rather than a deficiency of feminine taste. Her ordinary street attire of rich, but plain black, with a violet-trimmed bonnet, has nothing outré about it. Her manner, in talking about her battles with courts and financiers, is full of aggressive animation, and gives the impression that fighting suits her temperament. A peculiar picturesqueness is imparted to her speech by the traces of New England quakerism that cling to it. In moments of self-forgetfulness she says "yaas" almost as broadly as the characters in a Yankee dialect story.—Leslie's Weekly.

One Compositor's Work.

Sixty-five years ago Hiram Lukens entered The Intelligencer office at Doylestown to learn printing, and he is there yet setting type as fast as anybody around the place. His record of continuous service with one establishment is probably unequaled in the business. Several times the management has changed, but he has never left his case. Three sets of floor boards have worn away under his feet in that long time, and 130 pairs of thick-soled boots have been put on the retired list. For over 19,500 working days his eyes have been trained on the type, but still his vision is unimpaired, and he handles the smallest size with ease.

It is a fair estimate that he has set and distributed an average of 8000 ems of type a day, or a total in 65 years of 156,000,000 ems. This is equal to 23 884 columns of common type—enough for all the reading matter in The Record for over a year and a half. Besides attending to ordinary duties he has trained at least 150 apprentices, but not one of the lot could ever show so clean a proof as he. Very few of them approached him in point of rapid composition. Philadelphia Record.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completly cured me."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

USE

Baby's Own Soap

and you'll know why we recommend it

BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY MARCH 2, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. O. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edcoumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.23 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.23 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.23 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave..........8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive..........8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8 56 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

JOB FOR "SIR" PETER.

Continued from page 2

further render the block substantially fireproof from top to bottom is now being considered by the Department of Public Works. The proposition is made to renovate and improve the basement of the block and to remove the wooden flooring at present covering the floors of the corridors in the basement, substituting therefor cemented walks; also to remove all wooden or inflammable material in the basement that can properly be dispensed with. The Deputy Minister of Public Works stated to-day that nothing definite in regard to the matter had been determined upon, but that rough plans had been drawn up and submitted to the Minister, which were to be discussed later on.

When Hon. Edward Blake left political life in Canada, he accepted a big retainer from the C.P.R. Hon. Joseph Martin is also now said to have gone into the service of the C.P.R., as soon as he quit politics. A western newspaper says that the principal work of Mr. Martin will be to get the Government to give the C.P.R. the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway.

Mr. Tarte was on the sick list again to-day, and kept to his room at the Russell House until 3 p.m., when he left for Montreal.

A deputation of Ottawa citizens, headed by Mr. Hutchinson, M.P., saw the Premier and Mr. Blair to-day to urge dredging of the Rideau River in Ottawa City, for the prevention of spring floods. The Premier promised careful consideration.

Owing to the snow storm to-day Her Excellency's skating party, which was to have been held to-night, has been postponed till to-morrow.

Mr. Edward Farrer was in town to-day and interviewed some of the Ministers.

Mr. A. G. Gilbert, poultry manager, at the experimental farm, returned to-day from the Maritime Provinces, where he addressed 10 successful meetings on the management of poultry.

Mr. Hugh Sutherland of Winnipeg left for Toronto to-night.

Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, M.P., of Quebec, arrived in the Capital on Saturday evening for the purpose of seeing Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Adolphe Caron. He had conferences with both these gentlemen.

Mr. Thomas Rubridge of the Cornwall canal, and Mr. R. B. Rogers, superintending engineer of the Trent Valley canal, are both here on business with the Department of Railways and Canals.

Hon. E. H. Bronson, M.P., is improved in health to-day. He continues to gain strength daily.

The American Bank Note Company will erect a $15,000 building on their recently purchased property on Wellington-street.

HIS ARM WAS TORN OFF.

Agonizing Death of James Hamilton at Uxbridge Yesterday.

Uxbridge, Ont., March 1.—This morning at 10 o'clock James Hamilton, who has been renting power and running a chopper at the Organ Company's factory here, met with an accident which caused his death an hour and a half later. It appears he was reaching over the main shaft to put on a belt, when his arm became caught in the shafting, and he was wound round the shaft. His right arm was pulled off at the elbow. Doctors Bascom and Clarke were soon on the scene and did all in their power to relieve his sufferings, but he died at 11.30, surrounded by his father, brother and young wife. Deceased was about 30 years of age and a son of Mr. George Hamilton, who lives about two miles south of this town.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Some Questions Asked and Answered—General News by Cable.

London, March 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Charles Dilke asked the Government whether they had any information that the King of Corea is under the protection of Russia; that the Corean military are being drilled by Russian officers, and whether, in the opinion of the Government, the action of Russia in Corea is consistent with the pledge given by that power when England abandoned Port Hamilton.

Mr. Curzon, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said, in reply, that it was true that some Corean troops were being instructed by Russian officers. The King of Corea, he continued, left the Russian Legation on Feb. 20 and returned to the palace. Nothing was happening, Mr. Curzon said, that could be regarded as being at variance with the guarantee given by Russia in 1886 that she would not take possession of any Corean territory.

Mr. Curzon made a statement to the House in regard to the situation in Crete, in which he said that instructions had been given to the admiral commanding the British warships in Cretan waters to prevent, as far as possible, any acts of aggressiveness on the part of the combatants in the island. In line with these instructions, he said, the admirals commanding the several squadrons had issued a proclamation, declaring their purpose to oppose any hostile acts on the part of the Greeks, Turks or Cretans by the presence of warships at any point where disturbances may occur. In regard to Selino, Mr. Curzon said the situation was critical, and four warships had been sent to the relief of the beleaguered garrisons, and to facilitate the departure of the refugees. Mr. Curzon added that Col. Vassos, commanding the Greek army of occupation, had promised to send an officer to induce the insurgents to allow the departure of the blockaded Turkish troops, and a despatch just received from Canea announced that the officer had already been sent by the Greek commander.

Mr. Patrick O'Brien, Nationalist member for Kilkenny city, asked the Government whether they had communicated with the United States or any European power concerning the disturbed state of Cuba, and asked for information whether the Government would use their good offices with a view of securing the freedom of that island.

Mr. Curzon replied that the Government had had no communication with the United States or any other power concerning Cuba, and he was not aware that there was any intention on the part of Great Britain to use her good offices to bring about a settlement of Cuban troubles.

AWFUL WEATHER.

Steamers Arriving in the Clyde Report Fearfully Rough Passages—One Captain Drowned.

London, March 1.—Trans-Atlantic steamers arriving in the Clyde report having experienced terrific weather for the past few days. The British steamer Heathfield, at Bristol, from Newport News, had her deck swept by a tremendous sea, which carried overboard and drowned one of her crew. The British steamer Caspian, at Glasgow, from Philadelphia, lost 88 head of cattle from her deck by the heavy seas. The British steamer Scandinavian, from Boston, Feb. 11, arrived at Glasgow to-day, with the loss of 42 head of cattle. The British barque Vilalta, from Tacoma, Nov. 9, for Freemantle, West Australia, is ashore 60 miles north of that place. Capt. Harland, her commander, was swept overboard and drowned. Assistance has been sent to the barque from Freemantle.

WOMEN BACHELORS AND MASTERS.

Degrees Will be Granted to Ladies, But They are Barred From Membership.

London, March 1.—The report of the syndicate appointed by the University of Cambridge to consider the question of granting degrees to women was presented to the University authorities to-day. Though the committee are not in favor of admitting women to membership in the University, they recommend that the degree of bachelor of arts be conferred by diploma upon women who have passed the final tripos, and that in due course such women may proceed to the degree of master of arts. The committee also decides that the University may grant honorary degrees in arts, law, letters, science and music to women who have not complied with the usual conditions, but who have been recommended for such degrees by the Council of the Senate.

STRUCK BY AN AVALANCHE.

The Left Wing of the Great St. Bernard Monastery Demolished.

Berne, March 1.—The left wing of the great Monastery of St. Bernard has been demolished by an avalanche. No lives were lost, nor was anyone seriously injured, but the monks occupying the monastery were in serious danger for some time before their safety was assured. When the great masses of snow and ice descended upon the building the occupants took refuge in that part of the building which remained intact, and from there they were able to dig a tunnel under the snow, through which they crawled. Most of them were seriously frost-bitten.

The Indian Famine.

London, March 1.—Advices from Delhi, India, state that in Sirsa, in which district there is more suffering from the famine than in any other section of the southern Punjaub, the death rate has reached 23 per cent. of the population, 40,000 persons having died. The killing of the cattle by the Mohammedans is causing trouble with the Hindoos. The usurers are reaping a harvest.

The Oldest Showman Dead.

Delavan, Wis., March 1.—Mat Buckley, 87, the oldest show man in the United States, died here yesterday. He was born in England and was in the circus business from early manhood until age compelled his retirement.

The Methodist Ministerial Association of London had before them yesterday morning a deputation of the W.C.T.U., who laid before them their views disapproving of the bill re liquor licenses, introduced by Hon. Mr. Harcourt in the Ontario Legislature. The association passed a resolution condemning the measure and protesting against it as disregarding the wishes of the temperance people of the Province.

Shot and Instantly Killed.

Windsor, March 1.—Michael McCarthy was accidentally shot through the left breast and instantly killed in Malden, near Amherstburg, Saturday afternoon. Isaac Thresher had called to get McCarthy to go rabbit shooting. Thresher carried his shotgun beneath a sweater, and, as he was removing it, the hammer caught, and the gun was discharged. The coroner deemed an inquest unnecessary.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Business remains quiet, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $7.50 to $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—The market is quiet, with the feeling a little better, although prices are no higher. White is held at 75c west and red at 74c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 86c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c to 83c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is firmer. No. 1 is quoted at 31c to 32c and No. 2 at 28c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white at 17c to 18c west, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 38½c to 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull and prices unchanged. Car lots are quoted at 33c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 1.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6d to 6s 7d; corn, 2s 5¾d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 43s 9d; lard, 21s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage steadier. English country markets 6d to 1s cheaper. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures firm at 6s 2¾d for March, 6s 4d for May, and 6s 3¾d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 5¾d for March, 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 9d for July. Flour 23s.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat easier at 6s 1¾d for March, 6s 3¾d for May and 6s 3¼d for July. Maize 2s 5¾d for March, 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 8¾d for July. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet and steady. Maize quiet and steady.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 1, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 43	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt.	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 80	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 60	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

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Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from head ache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 366 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5

And continuing until the whole Stock is turned into Cash, at

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Having purchased the above well known stock of high-class ***Dress Goods, Trimmings, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Underwear and Corsets, Millinery, Mantles, Carpets, Curtains and General Staple Dry Goods,*** at the very low figure of 61 cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost, and by selling it in our own store at no extra expense for rent or heating or extra help, we are in a position to sell this stock and have decided to offer it at from 25 to 30 per cent. less than the regular wholesale cost of the goods.

You all know that as Mr. Hall was in business but a short time, that there is really no old stock, but on the contrary every article in this stock is of a high-class character, well bought and selected with excellent taste.

WE WANT TO TURN IT INTO CASH AT ONCE and will make the prices do the selling. You make it a point to make a note of this and be on hand FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, AT 9 A.M.

Dress Goods and Silks

	Original Price	Sale Price
1000 yds All Wool Dress Goods	25c	15c
2000 " "	40	25
1500 " "	60	35
1500 " "	85	50
1000 yds Dress and Blouse Silks	50	25
1000 yds Linonette Lining	10	5
500 yds Double Width Selecia Lining	10	5

Black and Colored Trimmings at about half price.
Black and Colored Velvets and Velveteens.

Dress Steels	10	5

Corsets, Underwear and Muslins.

200 yds White Apron Muslins	10c	5c
100 yds White Lawn Muslins	18	10
200 yds Check Muslins	15	10
1000 yds Embroideries	12½	5
1000 " "	20	10
100 Misses' Corsets	75	40
200 Children's Waists	85	50
200 Ladies' French Corsets	$1 50	$1 00
200 Ladies' Corsets	75	50
100 Ladies' White Skirts	75	49
100 Ladies' White Night Gowns	65	45
200 Ladies' White Drawers	35	25

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

	Original Price	Sale Price
1000 yds White and Cream Cotton Laces	10c	3c
25 doz Handkerchiefs	5	2 for 5
300 pair Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose	40	25
300 " " "	60	40
200 " " "	75	50
200 " Kid Gloves	1 00	75
150 " "	1 25	95
100 " Chamois Gloves	75	50

Ribbons, Pins, Buttons, etc., at half price.

Men's Furnishings and Tweeds.

1000 Men's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs	15c	5c
200 " Silk Neckties	25	12½
300 " "	40	25
200 " "	50	35
100 " Shirts and Drawers	75	50
100 " " "	$1 00	75
100 " White and Colored Shirts	1 50	98
200 " Linen Collars	15	10
200 yds Heavy Tweeds, for Boys' Suits	35	25
150 yds Heavy Tweeds for Boys' Suits	50	35
100 Top Shirts	75	50
100 Unlaundried Shirts	65	39

Mantle Department

20 Ladies' Jackets	$5 00	$2 00
15 " "	6 50	2 50
10 " "	7 50	3 50
10 " "	10 00	5 00
20 Children's Reefers, *$1.50, $2.00, $3.00,* worth twice as much.		

	Original Price	Sale Price
10 Tweed Waterproofs	$5 00	$1 00
10 " "	6 00	1 50
10 " "	6 75	1 75
15 Heptonette Waterproofs	5 00	3 50
25 Special Tweed	6 50	3 75

These Waterproofs are much below wholesale prices and all new and good quality.

100 Print Wrappers	$1 00	75c
100 " "	1 50	1 00
100 Print Blouses	1 00	50
150 " "	1 50	1 25

Millinery Department

Trimmed Hats	$2 00	1 25
" "	3 00	1 50
" "	4 00	2 00
100 Ostrich Tips	25	10c
100 " "	40	15
100 " "	60	25
1000 yds Fancy Ribbons	40	10
500 " " "	50	15
50 Felt Hats	1 00	25

Flowers at less than half wholesale prices.

Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and Shades

5-frame Brussels Carpet	1 25	99c
4-frame " "	1 15	85
4-frame " "	1 00	75
Best Tapestry Carpet	85	65
All Wool Carpet	90	65
Hemp Carpet	15	8

	Original Price	Sale Price
Opaque Window Shades	60c	40c
Curtain Poles complete	25	17
Lace Curtains, 2½ yds long	60	40
" " 3½ " "	1 25	85
Chinelle Curtains	5 00	3 00
" "	6 00	4 00
" "	9 00	6 50
Tapestry Table Covers, 2 yds wide	2 00	1 25
" " " " "	5 00	3 00

Cottons, Sheetings, Prints and Staple Washgoods

1000 yds Grey Cotton	5c	2½
1300 yds " "	8	5
1000 yds " "	10	8
1000 yds Wide Flannelette	8	5
100 yds Heavy Roller Towelling	5	3½
200 yds very heavy Roller Towelling	8	5
200 yds extra " " "	10	8
100 yds heavy Sheeting, 2 yards wide	15	10
100 yds " " 2 " "	18	12½
100 yds " " 2 " "	20	15
200 yds Table Linen, good patterns	25	20
200 yds Bleached Table Linen	25	22
100 yds unbleached " "	35	25
200 yds bleached " "	50	39
1000 yds Prints, fast colors		5
200 yds " " "	10	8
300 yds " " "	12½	10
500 yds 42 inch Pillow Cotton	15	10
300 yds 44 " " "	18	10
200 yds 46 " " "	20	12½
1000 yds best Shirting	12½	10
500 yds Cottonade	15	12½
1000 yds "	20	15
2000 yds "	25	20

THIS STOCK is large, and space will only admit mentioning a few lines, but rest assured we have not bought this stock to keep it. IT MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE to make room for our new goods. This is a chance to get goods 25c. on the Dollar less than wholesale prices. THIS IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE BEST BANKRUPT STOCK EVER OFFERED TO A BUYING PUBLIC, and GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

THE SALE COMMENCES ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, and CONTINUES UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

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are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1897.

Cross Women.

A druggist doing business in a large Ontario town recently wrote as follows:—

"I have lately met with some very cross women. For reasons best known to themselves they purchased common package dyes instead of the reliable and never-failing Diamond Dyes for home Dyeing. They were merely disappointed in results, and had their goods spoiled. They came to me afterward, knowing that I sell only the Diamond Dyes."

Moral: When you are coloring goods at home use the "Diamond" that guarantee success; refuse all imitations.

Nicholls Hospital

The following is the report of the Nicholls hospital for the month of February:—

No. of patients remaining in hospital	19
No. of patients treated	44
Pay patients	20
Free patients	24
From Peterborough	32
Other places	12
Cured	14
Improved	7
Died	2

Dr. Bell, attending physician for the month. Drs. Halliday, King, Greer, Carmichael, Scott, Brown and Eastwood attending private patients.

TALKED BUSINESS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

Continued from Page 5.

Councillor Cobb stated that the society by a close estimate found the cost of improvements would be $100.

Mayor Yelland favored the grant.

Councillor Dawson said only $400 had been given for the four past years, but this year he favored the increased grant, as the improvements were necessary.

The amendment of Councillor Meldrum was defeated, and the by-law received its second reading and was passed.

NO INSPECTOR YET.

Councillor McWilliams introduced a by-law to appoint Messrs. Ranney & Innes street inspectors. The by-law was read, and Councillor Best asked who the Street Inspectors were responsible to and Mr McWilliams replied "To the Council or the Street and Bridge committee." Mr Best said he should be responsible to Mr Belcher, town engineer, and Mr McWilliams argued Mr Belcher was only engineer for sewerage.

Councillor Dawson stated he could not see his way clear to vote for two street inspectors (Applause.) He wanted to understand the reason the present street inspector was dismissed. Mr McWilliam's idea was that Messrs Ranney & Innes would be useful in making grades, etc., but who would they have to inspect the streets. They wanted the streets properly inspected and men that were surveying all the time could not attend to the street inspecting properly. The next thing would be a request for a foreman.

Councillor Meldrum felt that the wording of the by-law would cause the street inspector's duties to clash with those of the town engineer.

Councillor Dawson moved that a new by-law be framed and Mr Graham seconded.

Councillor Best at this point sprang a surprise on the Council by stating that the whole action of appointing new inspectors was illegal and quoted an article from the Municipal World which showed the Municipal Act to read that it was illegal to appoint officers at the lowest tender.

Councillor McWilliams said the lowest tender had not been accepted.

Councillor Dawson moved that the question be referred back to the committee. This was seconded by Councillor Graham and carried and the Street and Bridge committee will deal with the matter again.

NOTICE TO THE RAILWAY.

Councillor McWilliams moved, seconded by Councillor Cobb, that the Street Railway Co. be notified to extend their line along Park-st. from Charlotte-st. to Macdonnel and along Macdonnel-st. from Park to George-st. in accordance with the franchise.

Councillor Davis claimed that the town should deal fairly with the company and the capital invested in the town should be protected.

Councillor McWilliams said he was here in the interests of the citizens and felt that the company should carry out the agreement. It was in the company's interest and would tend to bring about a settlement of a difficulty that Mr. Davis alluded to.

Councillor Davis said he did not speak in favor of the company, but spoke from a citizen's standpoint.

Councillor Meldrum stated it would be in the interests of the company to adopt the resolution. In the present state it would seem he will to take up the rails.

Councillor Best moved in amendment, seconded by Councillor Deane, that a committee of the whole Council be appointed to meet the president and directors of the Peterborough and Ashburnham Street Railway Co. for the purpose of considering the further extension of the system.

The amendment was defeated and the original motion was carried.

MARKET RATES.

Councillor Davis brought up the action of the G.T.R and C.P.R. in regard to the market rates and moved the following resolution:

That whereas the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railway have discontinued the issue of low rate tickets for use on Saturday, whereas it has been found by the merchants that their trade has been materially increased by the use of said cheap tickets, thus proving that the number of tickets sold since the low price tickets were issued is much greater than the number issued before that period and as it is possible that the railway companies may not have lost any money through the issue of said tickets, it is hereby resolved we appoint a committee, consisting of the members of the committee on Manufacturers and Railways, to interview the railroad authorities and urge upon them the reconsideration of their decision on the matter.

This was seconded by Councillor Meldrum and carried.

MACHINERY EXEMPTION.

Councillor Davis introduced the subject of the exemption of manufacturing machinery from taxation.

Councillor Meldrum strongly supported the proposal and said a bill of that nature would attract manufacturers to Peterborough, as was the case with Hamilton. It would bring capital, people and more taxes to the town. The town would greatly benefit.

Councillor Davis moved that the clerk and town solicitor draft a bill empowering the town to exempt manufacturing machinery from taxation and forward it to Mr Strattes.

This was seconded by Councillor Meldrum and carried.

THE FAMINE FUND.

Councillor McWilliams moved that a grant of $100 be made to the Indian Famine Relief Fund. This was seconded by Councillor White.

Some of the Councillors treated the matter with smiles and Councillor McWilliams remarked that was not fair play to do so as these millions of famine stricken people were British subjects and might in a short time come to the assistance of Great Britain in the troubles now brewing in the east.

Councillor Meldrum and Dawson opposed the motion claiming there were enough poor at home deserving assistance.

The motion was defeated, only Councillors Best, Davis, McWilliams and White voting yea.

A motion of Councillors Meldrum and Neill that $100 be granted, to accompany the bill re machinery exemption if necessary was defeated on the following division.

Yeas—Councillors Neill, Davis, McWilliams and Meldrum.

Nays—Councillors Best, Leplante, Deane, Dawson, Cobb, Graham and White.

The Council then adjourned.

The Mayor will call a meeting of the committee of the whole Council this evening to discuss the machinery exemption and police investigation.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A Little Paint

in the right place, and of the right kind, will make a great change in the looks of the room or a home. The window casing, baseboard, picture mouldings, chairs and tables—all these can be brightened and made clean with paint.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS ENAMEL PAINT

is just the thing for furniture, and decorative work. It gives a fine, glossy, enamel-like surface. The tints are delicate for indoor use. "Enamel Paint" is prepared ready for the brush. Any one can use it. We make paints for every purpose—each is a special kind suited to a special use.

Our booklet **"Paint Points,"** tells all the little kinks about paint—the good and the bad. It tells the best special paint for buggies, boats, farm tools, barns, fences, roofs, houses and all other painted things. Send to-day for a free copy. For booklet address, 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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Before and After.

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The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

For Sale in Peterborough and everywhere by all responsible druggists.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

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Jeweler and Optician.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewellery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 52. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO

Mr. Cleveland Squelches the Immigration Bill.

It is a Radical Departure From the National Policy Relating to Immigration, Which Has Done So Much to Build up the Country—The Arrangement Should Not Be Upset Without Some Adequate Substitute — Labor on Public Works and the Crossing of the Border.

Washington, March 2.—The President sent the following message vetoing the Immigration Bill to the House late this afternoon:

I hereby return without approval House bill No. 7864, entitled, "An Act to Amend the Immigration Laws of the United States." By the first section of this bill it is proposed to amend section one of the act of March 3, 1891, relating to immigration, by adding to the classes of aliens thereby excluded from admission to the United States the following: All persons physically capable and over 16 years of age, who cannot read and write the language or some other language, but a person not so able to read and write who is over 50 years old, and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over 21 years of age, and capable of supporting such parent or grandparent, may accompany such immigrant, or such a parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of a child or grandchild over 21 years of age similarly qualified and capable, and a wife or minor child not so able to read and write may accompany or be sent for and come and join the husband or parent similarly qualified and capable.

A radical departure from our national policy relating to immigration is here presented. Heretofore we have welcomed all who came to us from other lands except those whose moral or physical condition or history threatened danger to our national welfare and safety. Relying upon the jealous watchfulness of our people to prevent injury to our political and social fabric we have encouraged those coming from foreign countries to cast their lot with us and join in the development of our vast domain, securing in return a share in the blessings of American citizenship. A century's stupendous growth, largely due to the assimilation and thrift of millions of sturdy and patriotic adopted citizens, attests the success of this generous and free-handed policy, which, while guarding the people's interests, exacts from our immigrants only physical and moral soundness and a willingness and ability to work.

A contemplation of the grand results of this policy cannot fail to arouse a sentiment for its defence, for, however it might have been regarded as an original proposition and viewed as an experiment, its accomplishments are such that if it is to be uprooted at this late day its disadvantages should be plainly apparent and the substitute adopted should be just and adequate, free from uncertainties and guarded against difficulty or oppressive administration.

It is not claimed, I believe, that the time has come for the further restriction of immigration on the ground that an excess of population overcrowds our land. It is said, however, that the quality of recent immigration is undesirable. The time is quite within recent memory when the same thing was said of immigrants who, with their descendants, are now numbered among our best citizens. The President then goes on to argue against the claims of the restrictionists.

ROUGH ON THE WORKPEOPLE.

The Rubber Factory at Milltown, N.J., Shut Down—400 People Out

New Brunswick, N. J., March 2.—The Meyer Rubber Company of Milltown has received orders from the headquarters of the Rubber Trust to turn over all orders it has on hand or those that may be received in the future to the rubber factory at this place. The Milltown factory is to be closed. This will result in great hardship to the residents of Milltown, as they are nearly all dependent on the rubber factory for employment. About 400 families will be affected by the shut-down.

THE TROUBLE IN THE EAST

Discussed in Both Houses of the British Parliament—Gingerly Speech of Sir William Harcourt.

London, March 2.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, read telegrams received from the British Consul at Canea, saying that the Mussulmans in the Island of Crete decided that they would not consent to a union of Crete with Greece and placed high hopes in the action of the great powers to prevent it. The admiral commanding the British warships in Cretan waters, Mr. Curzon said, wired that the flags which are hoisted at Retimo, Kandanos and Ekritons show that those towns are under the protection of the powers. The Moslems at those places, however, are in great danger of being massacred. The despatch added that a report was in circulation that Christians were exterminating Moslems wherever they went.

Sir William Harcourt raised a debate upon the statement made by Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords on Feb. 25, declaring the policy which the Government intended to pursue in regard to Crete involving the autonomy of that island and the withdrawal of Turkish and Greek naval and military forces, and threatening to impose force in the event of the refusal of Greece or Turkey to withdraw their forces when required to do so. He began by asking whether the powers had assented to the proposals, and pursuing the subject inquired how far it was believed that the autonomy of the island would rid the island of Turkish rule, which was the cause of the present evil. Mr. Curzon said that the powers would not allow Crete to be taken out of their hands, as the arrival of the Greek forces upon the island had excited the Christians and infuriated the Moslems.

The House debated the Cretan question until midnight. The speech made by Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the leader of the Liberal party, was a lengthy one, but it consisted merely of eloquent rhetorical platitudes. He created the impression in the lobbies that he had been requested by the Government to treat the question gingerly, as the situation is too critical for outspokenness.

Arthur J. Balfour, the Government leader, said that by autonomy for Crete the Government meant that, subject to the suzerainty of Turkey, the Porte would be powerless to intervene in the local affairs of the island. The Cretans would certainly be enabled to appoint a Christian Governor. If the island should be handed over to Greece it would not add an iota to its freedom, while on the other hand its transfer would imperil the whole peace of Eastern Europe. Greece, he added, had attained her object and if she acted further she would incur the suspicion that she was not animated solely by pure motives.

John Morley said that he believed that to compel Greece to withdraw her fleet and troops from the island would endanger peace. He regarded the Government's scheme with doubt and dissatisfaction and feared that they were only now beginning what would prove a most formidable series of transactions.

At the close of the debate Sir William Vernon Harcourt said a division would be contrary to the interests of Crete, and he therefore withdrew his motion that the House adjourn, which he had made in order to furnish an opportunity for the debate.

In the House of Lords to-day the Earl of Kimberley raised a debate upon the subject of Lord Salisbury's statement of Feb. 25, by asking questions similar to those asked by Sir William Harcourt in the House of Commons, adding that in his opinion it would have been wiser to have joined Crete with Greece than to have given the island an autonomous administration.

Lord Salisbury replied that the proposals setting forth the policy it was intended to pursue in Crete had been accepted by the powers, though that part relating to the withdrawal of the Turkish troops had met with some opposition. They must consider, he said, the interests of the Cretans, and take into account the question whether they desired to become a part of the Hellenic Kingdom. Moreover, they must sympathise with those wider views which favored the preservation of the paramount blessings of European peace, views that had greatly influenced the nations in deciding upon the granting of autonomy to the island, which would be effectual and mean the withdrawal of the arbitrary power of the Sultan. After remarks on the subject by other peers the House adjourned.

MRS. ROWATT IS DEAD.

Her Husband Shot Her Last June in Toronto and She Lingered Until Last Night.

Mrs. Aggie Rowatt died at midnight in the General Hospital, and a charge of murder will now be laid against her husband, Samuel Rowatt. The story of the sad episode, the result of a domestic row, will be remembered by readers of The World.

On June 12 last Rowatt fired two shots at his wife, both of which lodged in her body. One inflicted a wound in the shoulder and the other struck her spine, causing paralysis below the hips, and she has since been in the hospital lying on a water bed, hovering between life and death. On Saturday last she became unconscious and her death last night was not unexpected.

Two weeks before the tragedy last June Rowatt and his wife rented a room from James Douglas, 276 Victoria-street. They formerly resided at 23 Clyde-street. It is only about three years and a half ago that they were married, but their nuptial relations were not happy, and there were several separations. Mrs. Rowatt's maiden name was Watson. Her first husband was named Gosney and she has a sister in Cobourg.

On the morning of June 12 Rowatt left the house for McFarlane's woodyard, where he was employed, but returned home at about 9 o'clock and became angry because his wife refused to allow him to accompany her down town. He went out, returning before noon, and going upstairs to their apartments fired the two shots at his wife. He got away, but in the evening surrendered himself to the police.

The noise of the shooting had alarmed the neighborhood and Mrs. Rowatt was found writhing in terrible agony on the floor. Medical aid was summoned and but little hope was entertained for her recovery. She was taken to the General Hospital and if she had lived for a year, according to the statute, no charge of murder could have been laid against her husband.

Soon after admission to the hospital, Mrs. Rowatt gave Crown Attorney Dewart her story of the occurrence and this will be used as evidence against Rowatt.

Bonaventure Nominations.

Caplin, Que., March 2.—At the Conservative nomination convention, held here to-day for Bonaventure County, Mr. Charles Cyr of Quebec was chosen for the Federal, and J. B. Belanger of New Carlisle, Que., for local candidate.

OTTAWA SHIP CANAL.

The Project Fully Thrashed Out Yesterday.

A Deputation of Two Hundred Persons Waited on the Premier, Sir Oliver and Other Ministers and Asked for Government Aid—Mr. Laurier Would Like to Help Everybody, But is Afraid the Funds Would Run Short—Sir Oliver Inclined to be Jocular—Mr. Scott Favors the Scheme.

Ottawa, March 2.—(Special.)—The Ottawa ship canal project received a full exploitation before a sub-committee of the Cabinet this afternoon. There were delegates present from all the municipalities from North Bay to Montreal, the deputation numbering about 200 persons. The Ministers who heard them were Mr. Laurier, Sir Oliver Mowat, Messrs. Scott, Blair and Dobell.

Mr. Belcourt, M.P., briefly introduced a deputation and presented memorials in favor of the project from Ottawa, Hull, Arnprior, Pembroke, Mattawa, North Bay and other places.

Then the energetic promoter, Mr. McLeod Stewart, took the floor and briefly and concisely explained the scheme, pointing out the advantages which the Ottawa ship canal route possessed over the Erie or even the St. Lawrence, as far as grain-carrying is concerned, and the enormous impetus which would be given to development in northern Ontario. In substance, his request was that the Government should pass an order in Council promising aid to the extent of $250,000 per annum for 20 years after the canal was completed and opened for traffic. The cost of the canal would be about $15,000,000 for a 10-foot draft.

The other speakers were: W. R. White, Q.C., Pembroke; A. J. Jeffery, Arnprior; President Foster of the Pembroke Board of Trade; Sir James Grant, Mayor Thomas Murray of Pembroke; C. R. Devlin, M.P., R. W. Shepherd of the Ottawa and Montreal Navigation Company, and W. J. Pouspore, M.P.

The Premier, in reply, said the canal project was not a new one. Within his memory, he did not remember a day when he had not heard of this scheme. It was a more living project 30 years ago, perhaps, than 10 or 15 years ago. As soon as construction of railways commenced, then, seemingly, this scheme was laid aside. It was true, however, as one speaker had pointed out, that the Ottawa River 100 years or more ago had been the great artery of communication between the East and West on the Continent of America. The sum asked for by Mr. Stewart in the way of bonus, represented a capital of $6,000,000. This was a pretty large sum. Although the scheme was a good one the Government at present had many other schemes before it. The demands before the Government for subsidies at the present time exceeded $50,000,000 and the deputation would realize that it is quite impossible for the Government all at once to satisfy these demands. In due time the Government hoped to give the facilities required in every part of the country, but he was not prepared to-day to say that they could do this immediately. This question has been considered from the standpoint of public revenue and public interests. He promised that the matter should be laid before his colleagues.

Mr. Blair said this project was to him an entirely new one, and he was bound to say the deputation had made a great effect upon his mind. He realized fully the magnificent possibilities of this country, but it would be necessary for the Government to act wisely and prudently with regard to any undertakings which they might promote, applying a calm and careful judgment to them. If this were done there would be no mistake made in lending support to this enterprise. The Government was deeply sensitive of its duties and their action would only be restricted by the measure in which they would receive the approbation of the country.

Sir Oliver Mowat said the scheme was not unfamiliar to him. When he was Premier of Ontario his Government thought it was not one that they could aid at that particular time. He jokingly remarked that the Conservatives had been considering this question for 18 years and now a Liberal Government was expected to take it up and push it through in less than 18 months after taking office. He was glad to know that the Liberal Government was appreciated so highly. Neither he nor his colleagues were afraid of large schemes, but they have to act cautiously and prudently.

Mr. Scott, speaking as an Ottawa Valley man, said he had always been a warm supporter of this enterprise. He was surprised, however, that Montreal did not take more interest in it, as that port would benefit by it more than any other city along the route. He mentioned that the cost of insurance of vessels on the Great Lakes would pay half the interest on the capital required to build this canal. As to the great possibilities of the route he thought this was amply demonstrated by the fact that the Sault Canal in seven or eight months carried more traffic than did the Suez Canal, which was open all the year round. He was warmly in favor of the enterprise.

The Porte Appeals.

Constantinople, March 2.—The Porte has appealed to the powers to compel Greece to recall her ships and troops from Crete.

A note from the powers was presented to the Porte to-day, but its contents are not known precisely.

LATEST STYLES
....OF NEW SPRING
HATS!
ARRIVING DAILY...
DERBY'S and FEDORAS.
English, French, American, and Canadian makes.
OUR CASH PRICE
...For Best Qualities Will Be,
$2 AND $2.50
Remember Furs at Sacrificing Prices during the Great Renovating Sale now going on.
Fairweather & Co
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.
George Street Peterborough | 101 Yonge Street Toronto | Kent Street Lindsay

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 186 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
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All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 3 to 5 p.m. over ...

Quickest Repairs
ARE MADE IN
Dunlop Tires.
And no tools are needed but your hands

But—these tires are so well made of such splendid materials, that they rarely need repairs.
Ride them for your own comfort's sake—they're Simple, Practical, Durable and fully guaranteed.
American Dunlop Tire Co.,
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Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
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Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 300 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 20cod

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. 421

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
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CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Prohibition.

High winds, with unsettled weather and snow or sleet.

R. F.

Dress Making Department.
... NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.
Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.
New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.
Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ..... 15c worth 20c
Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early.
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ¾ border to match..... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ¾ borders to match..... $1.25 worth $1.60
English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.
UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
383 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
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Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 89. - - - 20% Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215. Day or night.

Too Good to Miss!
No Time to Lose!

GOUGH'S WINTER WIND-UP

These are Wind-up Days, and GOUGH BROS' Slashing Cut in Clothing Cloths, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishings, &c., to wind up the Winter Selling Season, is an extraordinary event too important to miss. Never since the days of Adam has good Clothing and Boots and Shoes been sold so cheap as we're selling them now. A colossal stock of Clothing and Boots and Shoes for Men, Women and Children at prices that revoulutionizes the trade, and emphasizes the possibilities of this great emporium for clothing the people.

THE STOCK MUST MELT!

The sudden thaw in prices must dissolve the Bargain Lots on Tables, Counters and Shelves, and the flood of bargains will lend spirit and snap to bargain lovers while they last. Our plan of campaign demands that all Winter Goods must be out of the way for Spring Arrivals. Besides we want to do our share in alleviating present distress by helping the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, the women and the youth, and at the same time keeping our tailors and salesmen busy.

New Spring Goods are rushing in upon us faster than we can place them, so we have decided to let the "hide go with the hair" until our two big stores are clear of winter lines.

More gigantic selling, forced on by tremendous buying, has never been planned, for we dump everything into this Colossal Sale at an average reduction all round of

20 Per Cent. Below Manufacturer's Prices!

These bargains now stare you in the face, and what is worth emphasizing is that in all the lines we show a large variety of patterns and sizes, both in Clothing and Boots and Shoes. It is not our policy to select two or three catch lines. You get the choice of the whole stock. You merely choose what you need--no question about the goodness of the material or workmanship.

Gough Bro's.

The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers, - - Lindsay, Peterborough, Port Hope.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, catarrh and malaria.

Such Cures as This Prove Merit.

"My little nephew was a plump and healthy baby until a year and a half old, then sores broke out behind his ears and spread rapidly over his head, hands and body. A physician said the trouble was scrofula humor in the blood. The child became one complete sore. We had to restrain his hands to keep him from scratching the sores. We were induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time he had more life. He improved rapidly, his skin became entirely clear of sores and he is now a healthy child." MRS. FLORENCE ANDREWS, Clearfield, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897

Simon Clancy, repairs	$ 3 05
J H Marshall, H Handles	2 00
Scott & Hogg, charity wood	1 50
E Courtney, repairs	25
Jas Kerr, charity	2 50
Rathbun Co., charity wood	2 25
J Kerr, goods R and B	2 00
W Stocker, 1896 acct	1 50
T Emmerson	75
	$ 15 80

This was carried.

A by-law passed its several readings authorizing the Reeve and treasurer to borrow $3000 from the Canadian Bank of Commerce to meet current expenses.

THE TAXES.

It was moved by Councillor Johnston, and seconded by Councillor Rutherford,—That the taxes of R Mowry be remitted and that the treasurer issue his cheque to the collector for the amount, $1.90.

This was carried.

The time for the return of the collector's roll was extended to 10th March and the collector was authorized to take proceedings to have all the taxes collected by that date.

FOR THE CONSTABLE.

The Property committee's report was read. It recommended that the committee be empowered to purchase the following:—1 baton, revolver and pair of handcuffs for the village constable.

Councillor Smith moved, seconded by Councillor Johnston,—That the Property committee be instructed to ascertain the cost of the said articles and report to this Council at its first meeting.

This was carried.

It was moved by Councillor Smith, seconded by Councillor Rutherford, and decided that the treasurer be instructed to issue his cheque to Stratton & Hall, solicitor for John Craig, for the sum of $18.22 in full of his service.

GO TO OTTAWA.

The reeve and the whole Council were appointed a deputation to go to Ottawa with the other deputations to urge the Government to proceed with the work of completing the Trent Valley canal.

On motion of Councillors Smith and Johnston the Council was appointed a committee to obtain information with reference to the cost of the proposed extension of the Water Company's mains to the village and report at the next meeting.

The Council then adjourned.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

OAK HALL.

Came From Peterborough.

A Winnipeg despatch states that Thos. Gay, aged 37 years, who has been working in a wood camp at Deerwood during the winter, while eating his breakfast this morning threw up his hands, fell backward and expired without speaking a word. He came from Peterborough some eight years ago. He was a widower and has a son living at Fish Lake, Prince Edward county.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

Mr. Miscampbell Scores the Ontario Government.

O, Where is That Surplus?—Timber Lands are Being Rapidly Depleted. The Opposition Orator Pleads With Mr. Hardy and His Ministers to Save the Mineral Lands of the Province From the Same Devastation—Expenses for Public Institutions Going Up—Division Court Clerks Discussed.

Toronto, March 3.

Pursuant to the expressed determination of the Provincial Treasurer to push the matter through, the debate on the budget was resumed yesterday afternoon.

Mr. A. Miscampbell of East Simcoe affirmed that the Opposition, although they did not oppose a good education or the maintenance of public institutions, yet they did object to the extravagance of the expenditure in connection with these departments. The total receipts of the Province since 1891 were $[illegible] and the expenditures $[illegible], or a balance of $[illegible] in favor of the Province, but taking railway certificates into consideration the actual deficit was over two million dollars. The hungry followers of the Government would have to be fed by grants upon the timber lands or mineral resources. In the past three years there had been a total deficit of $1,[illegible], or over $400,000 annually.

The question of education should not be a party one; it should be above the scope of politics. He read a letter from a prominent teacher to prove his assertion that the curriculum was too complex. The continuation classes already established were the product of the agitation of the Opposition, and the Government could take no credit for them. There had been an increased expenditure in the department of $50,000 since 1885, but there was nothing to show for it except a few night schools. Most eloquently the speaker exhorted the Minister of Education to inaugurate a curriculum which would be beneficial to the rural schools. He also asked that something be done to encourage agriculture in the public schools.

The timber, he resumed, was rapidly becoming depleted. The Government instituted a Forestry Department to preserve the forests, but the devastation was going on as much as ever. The forestry report had calculated 1,000,000 feet average worth of timber to the mile. But by actual calculation on the basis of three trees to the acre the amount was only 450,000 feet, so that over half the alleged asset of $76,000,000 in timber was lacking.

He hoped the mineral lands would not be used as the timber lands had been. He hoped the speculator would not be permitted longer to cheat the prospector from his claim. Offices should be established in the mining districts to assure the prospector that his rights would be maintained. He had not yet caught the gold fever himself, but he wanted to see those who were interested get fair play.

Turning to the question of the maintenance of public institutions, the hon. member continued that notwithstanding that the purchasing power of the dollar was now twice what it was in 1871, yet in the different institutions the cost for sustenance per patient had increased from $115 to $121, and the expense for officials per patient from $25 to $37. Looking at the account for furniture and furnishings, this had amounted in the past six years in all to $548,964. This expenditure was increasing at an enormous rate and could be greatly reduced. He hoped that the new leader of the Government and his new Provincial Secretary would sweep out the old corners and present a bill of curtailed expenditure next year.

Mr. Miscampbell, after making perhaps the best Opposition speech of this session, was loudly applauded as he resumed his seat.

Mr. J. T. Garrow of Huron defended the Government. He thought that unless some value for the money spent was wanting the Government could not be accused of extravagance. The administration of justice was also carried on in the Province in a most fair manner. Criticism which merely pulled down and did not suggest anything was not profitable. He agreed with the last speaker's opinions on extravagance as a general principle, but the latter did not suggest how the expenditure could be curtailed. It was the same old complaint which had been repeated by the Opposition for the past seven years. The Opposition had been talking of Government heelers and leaches who were sucking the life blood out of the Province, but did not mention what officeholders could be profitably done away with. The question, for instance, as to whether Dr. Clarke should be paid $500 or $300 for his services at the Asylum was not a Liberal or a Conservative question. It was not in the scope of party politics. The fact that the Government had always kept well within the estimates which the House had voted them be considered an example of statesmanship. Would the Opposition, he asked, give a list of the heelers of which they continually talked?

Col. Mathieson: What about Division Court clerks?

Mr. Garrow: Not a cent comes from the coffers of the Province to support Division Court clerks. Their offices were made, he added, to support themselves, and, in fact, like those of bailiffs, were made to furnish revenue after the officials had drawn sufficient remuneration. Not only were registrars, etc., necessary appointees of the Province, but in his opinion the County Court judges should be also. It was only fair that the men who administered the laws of the Province should be appointed by the Attorney-General, who was the head of the Provincial bar. Diverting to the subject of maintenance of institutions, the speaker claimed that the Government had only struck their gait during the past ten years, that during that time such expenses had not materially increased.

Speaking of the question of the Public schools, the hon. member concluded that there was something in the wind from the attacks of the Opposition. They were evidently about to add some new planks to their platform. The argument of interference with teachers was a figment in the Opposition brain. The Minister of Education actually had not the power to interfere with the teachers if he wished. He could not grant their certificates, nor yet withhold them. Did the Opposition desire to do away with the position of Minister of Education, and revert to that of superintendent, as in former days? If they did, why did they not place themselves on record?

Mr. Whitney: They did do so.

Passing on, Mr. Garrow complained that many of the Public school teachers were too young. This was due to the possibly excusable economy in not paying high salaries.

Mr. W. Beatty of Leeds took up the gauntlet for the Opposition. He devoted his attention to proving by documentary evidence the mismanagement of the Crown Lands Department.

Mr. Platt, the Liberal member for Wentworth, made a spirited defence of the Crown Lands policy of the Government. He said that he had probably bought more timber than any man in the House, and he felt that the Government were the most close-fisted business men to deal with he ever knew.

As Mr. Platt's stentorian tones rang through the chamber, the House appreciated the humor underlying his forcible style of argument, and applauded again and again.

The following bills were introduced:

Mr. Gamey—To amend the Election Act. The same Act was introduced last session to prevent officers of the Government from taking part in elections to the Legislative Assembly by canvassing, speaking at public meetings or acting as agent or otherwise on behalf of candidates, or by collecting funds in the conduct of an election. It provides for a penalty of $200 and forfeiture of office.

Mr. Taylor—To amend the Act respecting Cheese and Butter Manufacturing Associations. An Act was passed in 1895 enabling the association to mortgage its property, but provided that the assent of two-thirds in value of all the shareholders in the association should be required. This bill provides for the assent of two-thirds in value of the shareholders present at a special meeting called for the purpose.

Mr. Carnegie—To amend the Municipal Act to enable any township or village in the Provisional County of Haliburton to grant aid by way of bonus or loan or by taking stock to the extent of $5000 towards the establishment of a grist mill in the municipality. The residents in many townships in Haliburton have been put to great inconvenience and loss owing to the distance they must travel to a mill.

Mr. McNichol—Resolution—Whereas, the procedure in the Division Courts of the Province is of the simplest kind consistent with a due regard to the interests of litigants therein, thus enabling such litigants to procure justice in a speedy and inexpensive manner;

And, whereas, great delay and expense is occasioned to the public who have occasion to resort to the tribunal of a higher jurisdiction, owing to the system of pleading and practice in vogue therein, and such system is unnecessary for the preservation of the rights of the parties in many cases now out of the jurisdiction of the Division Courts;

And, whereas, the Division Courts are almost entirely self-sustaining and require little, if any, support from the public funds;

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House it is in the highest degree desirable that the Division Courts Act should be amended so as to extend the jurisdiction of the said courts as follows: (a) To all personal actions where the amount claimed does not exceed $200. (b) To all personal actions where all parties consent thereto and the amount claimed does not exceed $500. (c) To all claims and demands of debt account or breach of contract or money demand, whether payable in money or otherwise, where the amount or balance claimed does not exceed $250. (d) To all claims for recovery of a debt or money demand, the amount or balance of which does not exceed $500, and the amount or original amount of the claim is ascertained by the signature of the defendant or of the person whom as executor or administrator the defendant represents.

Mr. McDonald—Bill to abolish exemptions from garnishee of Government employes.

Mr. Moore—Bill to amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Carnegie—Bill to amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Ryerson—Order of the House for a return showing the names, occupations and dates of appointment of the Justices of the Peace of this Province.

Mr. Chapple—Bill to amend the Consolidated Municipal Act of 1892.

Mr. Howland—Bill for the prevention of accidents through elevators.

After recess Mr. Little (Cardwell) resumed the debate. He paid special attention to the question of expenditure on the maintenance of public institutions, and quoted extensively from the public accounts to show that, had the cost per capita for maintaining inmates been kept at the same figure as it was 20 years ago, there would have been an annual saving of $123,530. The Agricultural College at Guelph should be so conducted that the pupils attending there would be taught farming upon a basis that would enable them to make both ends meet when they attempted to farm for themselves. Unless the college did this it would be a great deal better for the pupils if they never went there at all.

Mr. Cleland eulogized the policy of the Government as liberal and in the best interests of the Province. He challenged the Opposition, who had been finding fault with the educational policy, to announce their position upon this question and to let the people know what changes they proposed in the High Schools and University.

Mr. McDonald, the Patron member for Centre Bruce, found a congenial subject in the condition of agriculture in Ontario. He expressed a deep anxiety that those hon. gentlemen who assured the House that the agricultural industry is flourishing would show where they found the prosperity. He opposed the grant to the University on the ground that the Province should educate the masses and allow those who wanted higher education for professional purposes to educate themselves.

Mr. Macdish (West Elgin) in a brief speech, charged the Opposition with preaching a doctrine of "blue ruin" to the

Continued on Page 7.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD, Charlotte Street.

FOR THE TRENT CANAL

Ashburnham Council Sends a Deputation—The Water Company's Extension—The Regular Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Council of the village of Ashburnham was held on Monday and some important business was transacted

The reeve, Mr F Adams, presided, and there were present Councillors Johnston, Smith, Rutherford and Morgan.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following communications were read:—

C S Zowskie, Administrator of Ontario, re Indian Famine Relief Fund. W Robson, secretary Canadian Fire Underwriters Association and A McDonald tendering for supply of cedar and pine.

THE FINANCES.

The treasurer's statement of receipts and expenditure for the month of February was as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Rents	$ 25 00
Taxes	665 82
	$690 82
Payments	$488 95

It was moved by Councillor Johnston, seconded by Councillor Smith, that the following accounts be paid:

"'TIS LOVE THAT MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUND."

Some people think money is a greater power than love. Oh! What a mistake! See how the great money kings are controlled by the little boy Cupid! See how the great soldiers and men of power are twisted around his little fingers!

A woman's most precious possession is the capacity for awakening pure and noble love. More potent than wit or intellect is the womanly capacity for happy wifehood and motherhood.

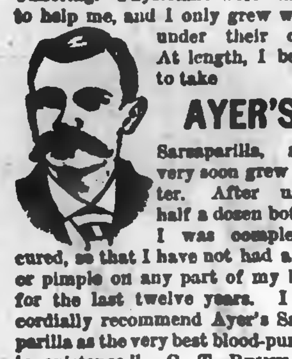
A woman who is weak or diseased in the special organism of her sex is deprived of the power and prestige which naturally belong to her. Such troubles are not a necessity. Perfect health and strength of the feminine organism is insured by proper care and the aids afforded by enlightened medical science. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all weaknesses and diseases of woman's special organism.

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. No other physician has had a more extensive practice or greater success in the treatment of women's diseases. No other such perfect and scientific remedy for these ailments has ever been devised. It has restored health, strength and womanly power to tens of thousands of women.

Women who would understand their own powers and possibilities should read Doctor Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is the most interesting and enlightening book of the kind ever published. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a handsome cloth-bound copy send 50 stamps.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897

THEIR FAMILY MEDICINE.

SO SAY THOUSANDS CONCERNING DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Mrs John Wood, of Notre Dame, N. B., Says they Restored Her to Health and Strength After Other Medicines Had Failed.

From the Richibucto, N. B., Review.

In the village of Notre Dame, N.B., live Mr. and Mrs. John Wood, respected by all who know them. Mrs Wood had gone through a trying illness from which she is now happily recovered, and this recovery created so much comment that your correspondent called upon the lady with a view to getting the facts for publication. The reporter was cordially welcomed and was told by Mrs Wood that she had no objection to making a statement for publication if it were likely to benefit anyone else. She then gave the following particulars of her illness and cure. "For some time previous to February, 1896," said Mrs Wood, "I had been feeling unwell and from that time out my health seemed to be going from bad to worse. I suppose the words general debility would best characterize my condition. I was weak, my blood seemed as thin as water. I felt continually drowsy, and yet could not get sound, refreshing sleep. My appetite was poor and I had no relish for food. I was reduced in flesh, and yet my limbs were bloated and swollen and I was told that I had dropsy. but really I cannot say if this was the case. I tried several medicines but they did me no good, and I almost felt like giving up in despair. One of my friends urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I began using them in the early spring. It did not take very long to see that I had at last found a medicine that would cure me if any could, for after taking a couple of boxes I felt both better in health and spirits than I had done for some months. From this out I gained strength continually. My flesh became sound and healthy, the bloating left me, my weight increased, and I soon found myself restored from the position of an unfortunate invalid to a strong and healthy person. I can say nothing but words of praise for Dr. William's Pink Pills, and I strongly recommend them to all who may be suff ring." Mr. Wood endorsed what his wife said, and added that Pink Pills would hereafter be their family medicine.

Dr Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail postpaid, at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

—Sim Fax, the well known comic soloist, died in Montreal on Monday.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

A MODERN MINERVA.

She is fair in form and feature; quite an airy, fairy creature, and of art a leading teacher; she can talk and play, and sing, too, in a manner quite divine.

She is up in French and Sanscrit; can survey with chain and transit; name a dance, and she can dance it; and in golf and tennis playing she is always first in line.

She can drive a fiery tandem; troll for bass and neatly land 'em; and she never talks at random, for she has good stores of knowledge upon which she loves to draw.

She is quite a politician; is a well-versed rhetorician, and a very keen logician; and she knows the hidden secrets that are wrapped up in the law.

She is very literary; very keen of wit—yes, very; and she's what all folks declare a very wonderful young lady who has wisdom without stint.

She is versed in Greek and Latin; paints on canvas, placque and satin; quoting poetry she's pat in; but she cannot bake a biscuit that is half as soft as flint.

—Omaha World-Herald.

DAVID'S BABY.

"He's jest a common-sized boy, ma'am."

This was the baffling reply to Mrs. Wilmot's question about the size of Mrs. Brown's boy. Mrs. Wilmot was the minister's wife and Mrs. Brown one of his outlying parishioners, a mountaineer from one of the steepest and wildest peaks of the ridge. Her husband had died in the great snowstorm of the past winter, and David, her only boy, was the sole prop and stay. Mrs. Wilmot thought a suit of clothes would not come amiss, even if second-hand.

But what was "a common size" for boys? In Mrs. Wilmot's experience they were of all sorts and sizes. Her mind reverted to Richard, her long boy, and his aunt Ellen's frequent entreaty: "Richard, my dear, uncross a few of your legs!" to Robin, a head shorter, who was now crumpled up in a heap over "Stories of Lion Hunting in South Africa," and John, a round, roly-poly of a boy—and she looked slightly perplexed.

"No'm, he ain't to say big, nor yit small; he's jest a common-sized boy, betwixt and between."

Mrs. Wilmot, in despair, went after the clothes, and saw by the delight in his mother's eyes as soon as she saw them that they might at least be worn by David.

"I'm mo' than thankful, ma'am." Her voice trembled, and Mrs. Wilmot hastened to ask:

"Haven't you a little girl, too?"

"Thar's two gals—Lucy, she's go'n' on seven, and the baby; the folks calls her 'David's baby,' he's so good-natured with her. I never see a boy so tuk up with a baby befo'. She ain't a mite of trouble when he's 'round;" and her hard-worked, thin, worn face looked quite illumined by her smile of pride and delight.

Robin let his book fall. "Are there any bears on Priest's mountain?" he asked, suddenly.

"Oh, nonsense!" said his mother; but Mrs. Brown answered seriously:

"Ef it's a mild winter, mebbe you won't see one; but in a long freeze they'll come right down the mountain. They don't ginerally attack humans; the damage they does mostly is to young creeturs—pigs and sech things. I seed one myself; 'twas in the summer, too, three or fo' years ago; and I don't want to see another."

"Tell me about it," said Robin, coming over to the chair next hers.

"Well, 'twas a long, hot spell, and I'd gone out to get blackberries. Mos' of 'em was leetle and dry with the drouth, but jest above my head on a long ledge of rocks I see a big clump of briers, all hanging with berries, big, juicy berries, ez shiny ez silk. I kin see 'em now. I put my hand out to pull the nearest branch down, and then I heerd a growl—there ain't much more onpleasant noises than a growl or a hiss in the woods, I kin tell ye! Thar stood a big b'ar just on 'tother side o' the blackberries, showin' his teeth in an ugly sort o' grin. I didn't stop to have no words 'bout the berries—in fact, there was mighty few berries in my basket when I got home, I came so fast. Them was the finest berries on the mountain," she added, regretfully; "big and shiny and sweet-lookin', and jest bustin' with juice; and I hadn't fa'rly teched 'em when I heard that growl."

"Would he have showed fight if you had stayed?" inquired Robin, eagerly.

Mrs. Brown's eyes twinkled.

"I didn't keer to argy a point with him," she answered.

"What other wild beasts live near you?" pursued Robin in a tone of positive envy.

"Why, squirrels and possums and foxes, and wildcats—it do sound mighty lonesome to hear 'em cry! I reckon the woods is right full o' prowlin' varmints after nightfall."

"But you have Dave to take care of you," said Mrs. Wilmot.

"Yes'm; and he's tolerable strong fur a boy. He kin shoot, too, mos' ez well ez his uncle. He's been takin' David out huntin' with him this spring and summer."

A few weeks after this talk David bustled into the mountain cabin at "sundown" in great excitement.

"Hello, Sissy!"—to Lucy—"there, honey!"—to the baby, who was laughing and gurgling with delight to see him—"Brother will take you in a minute—jest es soon es he kin wash his hands."

David Brown was a plain, freckled-faced boy, so tanned that his skin was several shades darker than his flaxen hair and pure eyes; but the sweetness and good humor of his homely face made it a pleasant sight to more than "David's baby." Everybody on the mountain liked David, from the gruff mountaineers themselves down to their curs that snapped and snarled at everyone else. As he whistled to the baby, who was now changing her rapturous noises to a more imperative demand, Spot, his own "yaller dog," watched his every movement with his keen, blinking eyes, and the blac kitten, a recent stray, rubbed itself between his legs with a satisfied purr, and gazed up into his face with its yellowish-green opals.

"You've got some news, David," said his mother, bringing out the meal and a sifter.

"You are the beatin'est one to guess, mother," exclaimed David, admiringly. "I've got a job. Mr. Jones wants me to help him drive his cattle down to the station to-morrow, and he'll give me a man's pay if we have 'em there on time and in good condition. Me and Spot'll do the job fine, won't we, young 'un?" and he held out his hands to take the baby.

"You see a lot o' sto' by that chile, David," observed his mother, laughing.

"Yes'm. I see a lot o' sto' by the baby and Lucy, too;" and he patted the other child's head, as she flushed with delight. It was not David's way to forget anyone.

"Mother, 'spose you take the children and go with me es fur as Uncle Martin's? I don't like leavin' you all—a passel o' wimen folks," he said, laughing at the very small one on his lap—"by yo'selves all day; and mebbe I'll be back late."

"It'd be powerful lonesome here," answered his mother, "thet's a fact. But how would I know when you was back?" she added, anxiously.

"Why, I'd 'lowed on meetin' you at the dividin' fence 'bout dusk, and totin' the baby for you. An' the moon'd be up early; ef I git back sooner, I'll come up ter the cabin, but I'll be sho' ter be at the fence by nightfall, anyhow."

Mrs. Brown enjoyed her long, neighborly day, getting a new receipt from sister Martha and hearing old Martha say how "peart" the baby was, and Lucy as rosy as a peach blossom. As for David, she never wearied in talking of him, and it was really dusk before she was fairly started. The "dividing fence," a boundary line between two large tracts of mountain land, was often used as a trysting place by others than lovers, and would save David a good many steps.

As they reached the fence in the woods a cloud was over the moon, and it was quite dark; but she could see a dim figure on the other side.

"David, have you been waitin' long?" she called out, and handed the baby over in a hurry, turning as she did so to see what was the matter with Lucy; for the child clung to her skirts in fright, and cried out that it wasn't David.

When with some difficulty she had lifted her over the fence, struggling and crying still, and had herself climbed over—Mrs. Brown was not as active as she had been—there was no one in sight.

"David!" she cried. She heard a rustling in the bushes, but the moon, shining out at that instant, showed the place empty. "David!" she cried again, in terror.

Then he reappeared just at the bend of the mountain path, whistling cheerily, and with Spot leaping and barking at his heels. But where was the baby?

For he had called out to her to give him the child as soon as he had caught sight of her, and David was not giving to fooling. She could not answer for her sobbing and crying.

Lucy tried to tell him the strange story. When she said: "A big, black, shaggy man," he threw himself on the ground, examining every mark. Spot smelled, too, and his yellow hair began to bristle with rage, and he growled fiercely, for there were surely the recent footprints of some large animal.

"Mother, run back and rouse the neighbors. Tell 'em to bring their rifles," and, breaking off a stout stick, David dashed into the bushes, Spot springing in front and leading the chase.

Once David thought he heard a half-stifled baby's cry, and hurried faster. For a "common-sized boy" he was making good speed; but Mme. Bruin was on the homestretch, and she knew it.

At last he caught a glimpse of a big, clumsy, black form, trotting briskly along with what seemed like a bundle dangling from its mouth. He was none too soon. The cave in which the little black cubs rolled about, impatient for their supper, was but a hundred yards or so distant. He thought she must be near home by her quickened gait, and he knew, if she ever got the baby inside its black, yawning mouth there would be no hope of bringing it out alive.

With the energy of despair he darted forward and gave the bear a sharp blow over the nose with his long stick. Spot closed in at the same moment, yelping and snapping at her legs.

The huge beast, enraged but not hurt by this simultaneous attack, dropped the baby, and reared up on her hind legs, looking in the mingled moonlight and shadow so like a human figure that David did not wonder afterward at his mother's mistake. She showed her sharp, white teeth with a fierce snarl, and stretched out her forepaws for a grapple. She was near her own babies now, and she meant fight.

David looked at the precious bundle. It lay just under the creature's claws, and to attempt to pick it up would have placed him utterly at the bear's mercy, unless her attention could be diverted.

"At her, Spot! at her, good dog!" he shouted; and again he rained a shower of blows on her eyes and nose so quick and fierce that, blinded and confused for the instant, she backed a step or two, growling horribly.

Spot inflicted a sharp bite on her hindquarters, and she turned her head. It was his only chance. Quick as a flash he seized the baby and fled, leaving poor Spot to receive a terrible blow from the brute's paws, at which he, too, broke and ran, the blood streaming from his wound, and howling at every jump.

Half way down the mountain they met the Martins with dogs and torches. The bear, after a fierce fight, was brought to bay and killed, and the poor little cubs taken captive.

Old Martin untied with rough, but trembling fingers the knot he had laughed at—the knot which had saved the baby's soft limbs from the bear's teeth. David hardly dared to be certain that he had heard a cry in his headlong flight; but when they had unwrapped fold after fold and unfastened the veil, there lay the baby—"David's baby" now, without doubt or question—as rosy and fresh as a flowerbud, its big blue eyes full of wonder and fright; but ready to smile at the first sight of David.

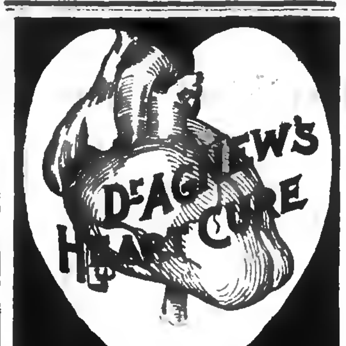
David was more his mother's hero than ever. She never told the story without adding:

"And he was jest a 'common-sized boy' when he done it."—N.Y. Independent.

Wildcat and Porcupine.

A large wildcat that had been hungry three days sneaked down the big beech ridge above Balygump, Me., with its face screwed into as ugly a sneer as ever a wildcat wore. Beyond the ridge, where the ground sank into a gully-like swamp, the wildcat found a fat porcupine on the ground. The cat evidently found the porcupine tempting to look on, for it promptly went on the hunt with all the craft it could exercise. Behind a hummock, along a snow ridge, over a fallen log and through a sprinkling of bush tops the cat made its way, and approached the porcupine. Then it sprang, and gripped its claws on its prey. It sought to roll the porcupine over so as to bite it on the belly. It succeeded only partially, and filled its jaws full of short quills from the porcupine's side. The porcupine died quickly, but the wildcat, with its jaws distended with the quills could not eat the meat, being able only to lap up a little of the blood.

The agony of the wildcat was so great after a while that the brute rolled over and over in the snow, finally forcing a quill through an eye and into its brain. Sam Hansome of Balygump picked up the carcass before it was cold.—New York Sun.



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Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. This is the only remedy known to the medical world that will relieve in a few moments, and cure absolutely. The ingredients of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure are essentially liquid,—and hence neither it nor anything like it can be prepared in pill form. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

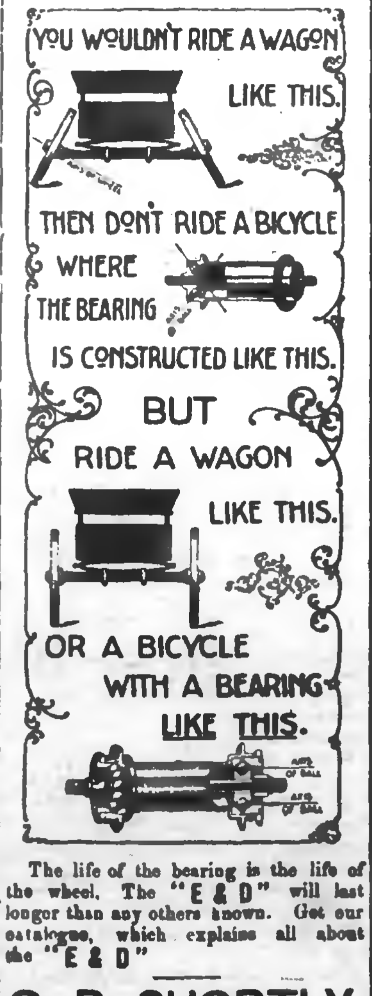
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



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O. B. SHORTLY, AGENT.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

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Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

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Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger h a i a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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166-168 Hunter Street.

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COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

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THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5

And continuing until the whole Stock is turned into Cash, at

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Having purchased the above well known stock of high-class ***Dress Goods, Trimmings, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Underwear and Corsets, Millinery, Mantles, Carpets, Curtains and General Staple Dry Goods,*** at the very low figure of 61 cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost, and by selling it in our own store at no extra expense for rent or heating or extra help, we are in a position to sell this stock and have decided to offer it at from 25 to 30 per cent. less than the regular wholesale cost of the goods.

You all know that as Mr. Hall was in business but a short time, that there is really no old stock, but on the contrary every article in this stock is of a high-class character, well bought and selected with excellent taste.

WE WANT TO TURN IT INTO CASH AT ONCE and will make the prices do the selling. You make it a point to make a note of this and be on hand FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, AT 9 A.M.

Dress Goods and Silks

	Original Price	Sale Price
1000 yds All Wool Dress Goods	25c	15c
2000 " "	40	25
1500 " "	60	35
1500 " "	85	50
1000 yds Dress and Blouse Silks	50	25
1000 yds Linenette Lining	10	5
500 yds Double Width Selecia Lining	10	5
Black and Colored Trimmings at about half price.		
Black and Colored Velvets and Velveteens.		
Dress Steels	10	5

Corsets, Underwear and Muslins.

200 yds White Apron Muslins	10c	5c
100 yds White Lawn Muslins	18	10
200 yds Check Muslins	15	10
1000 yds Embroideries	12½	5
1000 " "	20	10
100 Misses' Corsets	75	40
200 Children's Waists	85	50
200 Ladies' French Corsets	$1 50	$1 00
200 Ladies' Corsets	75	50
100 Ladies' White Skirts	75	49
100 Ladies' White Night Gowns	65	45
200 Ladies' White Drawers	35	25

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

	Original Price	Sale Price
1000 yds White and Cream Cotton Laces	10c	3c
25 doz Handkerchiefs	5	2 for 5
300 pair Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose	40	25
300 " " "	60	40
200 " " "	75	50
200 " Kid Gloves	1 00	75
150 " "	1 25	95
100 " Chamois Gloves	75	50
Ribbons, Pins, Buttons, etc., at half price.		

Men's Furnishings and Tweeds.

1000 Men's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs	15c	5c
200 " Silk Neckties	25	12½
300 " "	40	25
200 " "	50	35
100 " Shirts and Drawers	75	50
100 " " "	$1 00	75
100 " White and Colored Shirts	1 50	98
200 " Linen Collars	15	10
200 yds Heavy Tweeds, for Boys' Suits	35	25
150 yds Heavy Tweeds for Boys' Suits	50	35
100 Top Shirts	75	50
100 Unlaundried Shirts	65	39

Mantle Department

20 Ladies' Jackets	$5 00	$2 00
15 " "	6 50	2 50
10 " "	7 50	3 50
10 " "	10 00	5 00
20 Children's Reefers, *$1.50, $2.00, $3.00,* worth twice as much.		
10 Tweed Waterproofs	$5 00	$1 00
10 " "	6 00	1 50
10 " "	6 75	1 75
15 Heptonette Waterproofs	5 00	3 50
25 Special Tweed	6 50	3 75
These Waterproofs are much below wholesale prices and all new and good quality.		
100 Print Wrappers	$1 00	75c
100 " "	1 50	1 00
100 Print Blouses	1 00	50
150 " "	1 50	1 25

Millinery Department

Trimmed Hats	$2 00	1 25
" "	3 00	1 50
" "	4 00	2 00
100 Ostrich Tips	25	10c
100 " "	40	15
100 " "	60	25
1000 yds Fancy Ribbons	40	10
500 " " "	50	15
50 Felt Hats	1 00	25
Flowers at less than half wholesale prices.		

Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and Shades

5-frame Brussels Carpet	1 25	99c
4-frame " "	1 15	85
4-frame " "	1 00	75
Best Tapestry Carpet	85	65
All Wool Carpet	90	65
Hemp Carpet	15	8
Opaque Window Shades	60c	40c
Curtain Poles complete	25	17
Lace Curtains, 2½ yds long	60	40
" " 3½ " "	1 25	85
Chinelle Curtains	5 00	3 00
" "	6 00	4 00
" "	9 00	6 50
Tapestry Table Covers, 2 yds wide	2 00	1 25
" " " " "	5 00	3 00

Cottons, Sheetings, Prints and Staple Washgoods

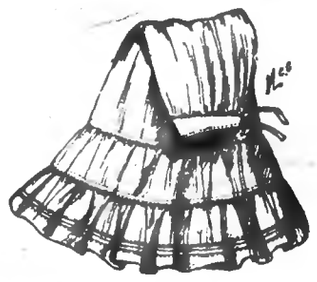
1000 yds Grey Cotton	5c	2½
1300 yds " "	8	5
1000 yds " "	10	8
1000 yds Wide Flannelette	8	5
100 yds Heavy Roller Towelling	5	3½
200 yds very heavy Roller Towelling	8	5
200 yds extra " " "	10	8
100 yds heavy Sheeting, 2 yards wide	15	10
100 yds " " 2 " "	18	12½
100 yds " " 2 " "	20	15
200 yds Table Linen, good patterns	25	20
200 yds Bleached Table Linen	25	22
100 yds unbleached " "	35	25
200 yds bleached " "	50	39
1000 yds Prints, fast colors		5
200 yds " " "	10	8
300 yds " " "	12½	10
500 yds 42 inch Pillow Cotton	15	10
300 yds 44 " " "	18	10
200 yds 46 " " "	20	12½
1000 yds best Shirting	12½	10
500 yds Cottonade	15	12½
1000 yds "	20	15
2000 yds "	25	20

THIS STOCK is large, and space will only admit mentioning a few lines, but rest assured we have not bought this stock to keep it. IT MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE to make room for our new goods. This is a chance to get goods 25c. on the Dollar less than wholesale prices. THIS IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE BEST BANKRUPT STOCK EVER OFFERED TO A BUYING PUBLIC, and GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

THE SALE COMMENCES ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, and CONTINUES UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

The Place is 130, 132 and 134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.



Berlin Wools

This Week, only 6c. oz.

Draping Material,
Wall Papers,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades.

The above lines have been bought very cheap and if you want a bargain come at once

—TO—

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Sheet Music Sale Continued.

The Peterborough Music Co., old stand, have decided to sell until further notice at 5c per copy Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century and McKinley Two-steps New songs at same price. d50tf

Monday Night's Attraction

at Bradburn's opera house is McKee Rankin in his new play, "True to Life," which has made such a success in New York city, and in which also appears Miss Nance O'Neill, who created such a furore and set the critics all wild by her marvelous dramatic ability. Read the Toronto papers of Tuesday, March 2, and see what they say of the play.

Meeting of Bicycle Club

Members are requested to attend a meeting of the Peterborough Bicycle Club to be held at the rink on Thursday evening, March 4th, at 8 o'clock.

A Funy and Frettul Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

Died in Toronto

Mrs Nathan Taylor, of Bridgenorth, died very suddenly at St John's hospital, Toronto, on Monday. Mrs Taylor had been improving but a relapse a week ago culminated in her death. The deceased was a daughter of Mr Wm Stubbs, of Smith, and was married in 1875 to Mr Taylor, who, with an adopted daughter, is left to mourn her demise. Mr Jas Stubbs and Mrs W S Northey are brothers and sisters of the deceased.

A Coming Lecture

Mr John A Paterson, of the law firm of Kerr, Macdonald, Davidson & Paterson, Toronto, will lecture here in the Y M C A hall on Tuesday, March 9th, at 8 p m., under the auspices of the Natural Science Association. Mr Paterson's subject will be "The Scriptures of the Sky," which is indicated in the following synopsis:—1, the scale upon which the universe is built; 2, the plurality of worlds; 3, condition of life bearing planets; 4, Mars down to date; 5, the meteorites of 1899; 6, the moon and unsolved problems of astronomy. An invitation is extended to all to be present. There will be an admission fee charged and all are welcome. 3d

Advertise in the REVIEW.

INSTITUTE INSPECTION REPORTED UPON

HIGH SCHOOL INSPECTOR HODGSON PRESENTS HIS REPORT

Of the Peterborough Collegiate Institute —An Efficient Staff of Teachers Doing Excellent Work.

High School Inspector Hodgson's report of his inspection of the Collegiate Institute, read at the meeting of the Board of Education last evening, again adds testimony to the excellency of this institution which to-day ranks high in the province, thanks to the efficient staff and the able management.

The report will prove interesting reading. The numerals indicate: I good, II fair, III poor, IV bad. The report is as follows:—

ACCOMMODATION.

Water closets, II; water supply, I; school grounds, III; school buildings, III; class rooms, II; halls, I; waiting rooms, I; cap rooms, I; teachers' private rooms, I; desks, I; lighting, II; heating, I; ventilation, I.

EQUIPMENT.

	Value at last Inspection.	Value of additions	Present Value.
Library, references	$559.45	$ 7.00	$566.45
Library — supplementary reading, English literature	62.40	52.50	114.90
Maps, globes, etc.	139.00	10.00	149.00
Apparatus	771.29	116.00	887.29
Gymnasium	600.00		600.00
Equipment for physical education	160.00		160.00

ORGANIZATION.

Subjects on the programme not taught—None.

Provisions made for teaching—In all subjects in accord with the requirements of the regulations.

Division of duties of teachers—Satisfactory.

Ratio of pupils to teachers—Satisfactory.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Staff—All the members are legally qualified.

Discipline—Excellent.

Attendance—All the pupils have been regularly admitted.

Text books—In accord with the regulations.

Registers—Daily and generally properly kept.

Supplementary reading in English literature—Good provision is made.

Sight work in classes and French and German—Good provision is made.

CHARACTER OF THE TEACHING.

English and History 1, classics 1, drawing 1, mathematics 1, French and German 1, reading 1, science 1, commercial 1, drill, calisthenics and gymnastics 1.

At the time of my visit Mr O'Brien was absent. The grading of these items is based on the work of his substitute, Mr Kavanagh.

CHARACTER OF THE PUPILS' WORK.

Reading—Last class of entrants of 12, examined 6 are good, 4 fair and 2 poor, other pupils not favorably inspected; estimates based on incidental work, good.

Bookkeeping sets—Satisfactory.

Drawing Books—Satisfactory.

Drill, calisthenics and gymnastics—Satisfactory.

I have to report to this Institute that in regard to equipment, organization and teaching power it continues abreast of the best in the Province. I do not doubt that new quarters will be provided at the earliest convenience of the Board.

Mr. Hill addressing the Board commented favorably upon the report and referred to it as an encouraging one. The teachers, he said, were entitled to a great deal of praise on the excellent result of their labors. The Peterborough Collegiate Institute had gained an enviable place in recent years. Formerly it was in the same rank as Omemee and Norwood and was surpassed by Lindsay, but now this state of things has changed and the school led all others

EARLY MORNING BLAZE

Destroys the Office of Mr. R. Wolstenholme's Livery Along With the Contents.

Surrounded by mystery is the fire that occurred at Robt. Wolstenholme's livery stable, Charlotte-st., between five and six o'clock this morning and by which Mr. Wolstenholme sustains a loss of $300.

The alarm was sent in shortly after five o'clock this morning and the ringing of the fire bell for five minutes, regulation time, aroused the neighborhood, and on investigation flames and smoke could be discerned issuing from the office of Mr Wolstenholme's livery. The brigade responded to the call promptly, and though the blaze had gained great headway the flames were confined to the office, a small building adjoining the sheds and near the entrance off Charlotte-st. The office contained robes, harness, saddles, rugs and other articles, and Mr. Wolstenholme's loss is estimated at over $300 with no insurance.

The buildings are owned by Mr William Snowden, and his loss on the office is slight, as the structure was a small frame one. He is insured in the Queen's Assurance Co., W. H. Hill, agent, for $150.

The foundation of the fire forms the mystery, and no one has the slightest idea how the blaze started. The office was closed and locked about midnight. A few coals were left smoldering in the stove, but Mr Wolstenholm does not think the fire originated from that source. Mr Snowden was on the street at five o'clock this morning, and there was no appearance of fire, but he had hardly returned to his hotel, when on turning around flames were issuing from the office.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Select Your Sunbeams

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

A Cathedral Wedding

On Monday morning Ven Archdeacon Casey united in marriage Miss Margaret Spencer, of town, and Mr John Connors, of Lindsay. The groom was attended by Mr. John Gifford, of Ennismore, while Miss Agnes Harrington, was the bridesmaid.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Parents Can't. Police Can.

Evidently Peterborough parents are losing the control of their children rapidly. Yesterday the police had to return a 11 year old girl, who had ran away from home to her parents. To-day a seven-year-old boy was taken to school by the police, the parents' efforts in that line being fruitless.

Of Interest to Riders.

The card of Messrs. Best & Metheral, machinists, appears in another column. Hundreds of owners of bicycles will be glad to know that the firm are putting in the appliances for enamelling bicycle frames. They also commence work to build a bicycle to be known as the "B. & M." Their skill as machinists is well known, and they should be able to turn out a very satisfactory wheel.

OAK HALL.

Laid to Rest.

The funeral of the late Mrs. George Webber took place yesterday from the family residence, North Monaghan, and one of the largest cortege ever seen in this district followed the remains to their last resting place in Little Lake cemetery, evidencing the esteem and respect in which the deceased lady was held. The services were conducted by Rev. A. T. Dykeman and Rev. Mr. McLeod. The pall bearers were Messrs. Benj. Matthews, Wm. Aldridge, J. L. Hughes, Jas. Harrison, Jas. Forster and Thomas Allen.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

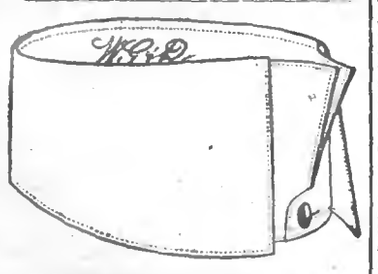
Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Riverside Park skating rink.
Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.
Thistles' curling night.
Separate School Board.
Lenten services at St. John's church.
Lenten services at St. Peter's cathedral.

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and so music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

Death of Mrs. Ahearn.

Mrs. Ahearn, wife of Mr. Geo. Ahearn, of the Lock works, died last night after a couple of weeks' illness. A family of small children with Mr. Ahearn survive.



JUST OUT—

"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

THOSE SPECIAL SERMONS.

A Communication Regarding the Special Educational Sermons Preached in the Methodist Churches.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—As you call the attention of your readers to "special sermons that should be read," it may not be impertinent for one of your readers to ask why are they worthy of special notice? Is it because a large congregation listened to them, or that the utterances of the preachers are founded on solid logic or good reasoning. If on account of the former I have nothing to say; if the latter I take exception.

To my mind the definition you give of religion is extravagantly vague and unworthy of perusal. It would be far more advantageous and more worthy of perusal if the speakers would place before your readers a clear idea of what religion is, in what it consists, and to prove by solid arguments the divinity of the Methodist religion, tracing it back in an unbroken line to the days of the Apostles. While I wait for an answer to these questions, allow me to fill out the —— after the sentence France and Spain are standing still or retrograding, which the speaker seemed unwilling to do. France and Spain are standing still. Why? Not because they are Catholic, as I think the speaker would like to insinuate, but because these countries are under the very system which he seems to approve of—state educationalists.

In Italy, France and Spain where the State has had practically the exclusive contract of education for a full century it is too true they have been standing still and retrograding. Signor Costa, keeper of the Great Seal of Italy, sought, it is true, to attenuate the significance of the fact, but the Opinione, the organ of the Government, admits the full gravity of the matter and practically throws up the case of lay education. If the speaker had only read the pamplet by Baron Garofalo, chancellor of the Court of Appeal in the ministry of grace and justice, he would have cleared himself from the accusation of trying to leave false impressions in the minds of your readers. But these countries now declare on the floor of Parliament that the children in schools should be taught to know the supreme principles of conduct, the laws which man had not made and cannot unmake. And I am sure if they were all so taught and taught to pursue these principles to their original source and logical conclusions, the Methodist preacher would soon find himself without a pulpit or a congregation.

I would just ask one other question, from your report of the sermon of the Rev. Mr. Bowles, which you claim should be read, and I have done so. It is this, if the Rev. Mr. Bowles looks with disfavor upon countries that permit divorce why does he not look with disfavor on the church that grants them?

Yours, etc.,
J. O'SULLIVAN.

Peterborough, March 2nd, 1897.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MEMBERS AGAINST INCREASING SALARIES

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION REFUSES TO INCREASE A CARETAKER'S SALARY.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board—Committee Reports—Inspector Walker's Report of Attendance—Other Business.

The Board of Education held its regular meeting last evening. Mr. Peter Hamilton, chairman, presided, and there were present Dr Caldwell, Dr Burnham, and Messrs J. J. McBain, H. Dense, J J Hartley, J Edgecumbe, W H Hill, W B Bamford, Jas Stevenson.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Communications were received from the following:

From Jas Russell asking for an increase in his salary as caretaker of the George-st school.—Received.

From John Millar, Deputy Minister of Education, stating that the sections of the regulations in regard to (1). library; (2), physical and chemical apparatus; (3), maps and globes; (4), models for drawing, and (5). gymnasium would be carried out in cases of Institutes that failed to meet the requirements—Supervision committee.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Principal Fessenden submitted the following report of attendance at the Collegiate Institute for February.

	On Roll	Ave
Form IV	20	19
.. III	38	36
.. II	31	30
.. Upper I	50	46
.. I A	42	40
.. I B	42	39
	223	210

It was received.

From W G Morrow, secretary-treasurer, stating that the fees received amounted to $16 from Public schools, $18.25 from kindergarten and $3,000 from town treasurer.—Received.

ACCOUNTS PAID.

The following statement of accounts paid during the month was presented:—

Wm Fowler, for wood	$22 50
James Lillico	8 45
W Blewett	8 25
E Archer	5 65
Walter McBain	40 00
Joseph Harrison	56 25
R S Sutton	9 00
Robt Ballantyne	22 50
David Payne	21 00
Walter McBain	12 00
Robt Ballantyne	67 50
R A Craft	24 75

ACCOUNTS PRESENTED.

The following accounts were presented:—

Bell Telephone Co	$10 00
Cox & Davis	55 50
Peterborough REVIEW	6 75
Times Printing Co	1 00
Sailsbury & Co	1 00
W H Hamilton	75
A H Stratton & Co	40 40

They were referred to the Finance committee.

FOR SUPPLIES.

Mr. HILL presented the following report of the Supervision committee:—

GENTLEMEN,—In arranging for the supplies of chemicals, stationery, etc., for the current year your Supervision committee advertised for tenders.

Of those submitted your committee found that for chemicals that of Messrs. Ormond & Walsh was the lowest, and for stationery, etc., that of Messrs A H Stratton & Co. was the only one presented. In the case of both the prices were slighly lower than those paid for similar articles.

Your committee therefore recommend that the contract for chemicals for the present year be given to Messrs Ormond & Walsh and that the contract for stationery, etc., be given to Messrs A H Stratton & Co.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
W. H. HILL,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

SCHOOL INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

Inspector Walker reported verbally that the schools were in a satisfactory condition and that the number of "lates" had decreased. He reported the attendance as follows:—

THE CENTRAL SCHOOL.

Room	On Roll	Ave
W Smith	50	47
J C Smith	40	37
Miss Nicholls	44	41
.. Eyres	59	51
.. Beckett	50	46
.. Perry	32	31
.. Richardson	34	32
.. Peters	36	33
.. Noble	44	39
.. Might	52	43
	441	403

SOUTH CENTRAL SCHOOL.

H A Yeomey	55	51
J N Sornoleit	48	44
Miss Brown	54	50
.. Perrin	50	41
.. Throop	54	49
.. Meharry	56	48
.. Finlay	50	47
.. Elson	52	46
.. Aldridge	48	42

BARNARDO-AVE SCHOOL.

W H Walkey	49	43
Miss Pakenham	48	44
.. Lough	37	33
.. Morrow	46	40
	190	159

Continued on Page 8.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Items of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

A team of intermediates will play at Millbrook to-night. Lindsay will play here on Friday evening.

Probably the oldest hockey player in harness is Ashe, of Norwood, who played his first game with Quebec 17 years ago. He captained Winnipeg in '88-90-91-92-93, and was a member of the Montreal Vics in '83 and '84.

Norwood defeated Lakefield 13 to 4 on the Norwood Rink last night.

There was heaps of fun at the rink last evening between 10 and 11 o'clock. The employees of H LeBrun & Co. and the dry goods men had a contest and those who were present enjoyed themselves. The score was a tie, one goal each. The teams were:

H LEBRUN & Co.		DRY GOODS.
P Corkey	goal	W Squires
A McPherson	point	W Meagher
F Logan	cover point	J Picard
L LeBarr	Forwards	T Manning
A Picard		R Dense
E Hickey		F Davidson
M Hickey		Geo Wesley

Referee—R Davidson.
Umpires—S Choate, P Rubidge.

A team of the senior Colts played the Junior Collegiate Institute team at the Charlotte st. rink yesterday, when the score was 3 to 3. Mr H King was referee, while the team were as follows:

Colts—McDonald goal, Graham point, Hallahan cover point, Bradburn, McBain, H Armstrong and R Armstrong, forwards.

Collegiates—Best goal, Burnham point, Robertson cover point, McGrath, Dumble, Dixon and Hall, forwards.

Mr. Geo J Hopkins returned from Belleville this morning. He refereed a Bay of Quinte district hockey match between Belleville and Napanee. Belleville won by 3 goals to 2.

COUNCILLORS IN COMMITTEE.

The Duties of the Police Were Already Defined and Were not Amended.

The Town Council met last evening in committee of the whole, when the matter of defining the duties of the police was up for consideration. There was considerable talk about the police and their duties, and Chief Rossel attended, but had no charges of a serious character to face, as far as appeared he having given satisfactory services. The complaints regarding the force came from the South Ward. As to defining the duties of the police, a voluminous type-written document was produced which defined the duties of the police very minutely. These were read over and no amendments were offered. This list of duties had been laid down some years ago when Mr. Jas. Kendry was chairman of the Committee on Police Supervision. The discussion of the matters did not result in anything as there was nothing to be acted on.

The Councillors also discussed the proposed law for the exemption of machinery, but nothing was done.

ASH WEDNESDAY.

Lent Begins with Services at St. Peter's, St. John's and St. Luke's Churches.

To-day is Ash Wednesday, the opening of Lent, and special services were held at St. Peter's cathedral, St. John's and St. Luke's churches.

At St. Peter's cathedral masses were said at 7, 8 and 9 o'clock, when large congregations were present. There will be a service this evening. Devotions will be held every Wednesday and Friday evenings at 7.30 o'clock, during Lent.

At St. John's church there were services at 8 and 10 o'clock. The communion service at 8 o'clock was well attended and at 10 o'clock a fair congregation was present at morning prayer, commination service, with Holy Communion. This evening at 7 o'clock there will be evensong with the first of the series of Lenten addresses. To-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock service will be held. There will be a short address on "The Fall of Man." On Friday evensong at 5 o'clock in the afternoon with short addesss on "The consequences of the Fall," and Saturday, evensong with short address on "The Cure of the Fall."

On Friday evenings during Lent, services will be held at St John's South Ward Mission. Rev. Mr. Armitage will deliver a course of lectures on "Christian Life."

"My Friend From India."

Who was it said "laugh and grow fat?" Well, never mind. The person who believes in the saying and wants to grow fat should seek an introduction to "My Friend from India." The person who believes the saying and doesn't want to grow fat should stay away. For when once introduced he will find it impossible not to laugh, be the result what it may. That is, if the effect of the piece on last evening's audience is to be taken as a criterion of what it will be on others. The laughs began with the first uncouth pirouttes of Tilly, the German maid, before the big mirror, and ended only with the fall of the curtain on the last act, having of course the waits between the acts, and some necessary intervals for a breath between laughs. In short the play was a success from the beginning.—Boston Globe, Jan. 5th. This attraction will be at Bradburn's opera house next Friday night, March 5th. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents., with a few of the best seats at 75c. 1452

Bicycle Frames Enameled.
REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

ANOTHER GRAND SALE

The great winter sale of beef on the market is drawing to a close.

Have you decided your summer's trade?

Instead of being able to supply you only for a few months of the year, we are here to do yon good the year round by having on hand the year round the best of meats at all times

WATCH OUR ADS

Kennedy & Nelson

340 GEORGE STREET.

Warwick Bicycles are Built on Honor.

PRICES:

RACING WHEELS .....$100.
ROAD WHEELS. . 65, 75, and $100.
PNEUMATIC CUSHION $85 and $110.
TANDEMS .....$150.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE.....

WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

Takes up all the jar and vibration on Rough Roads. To TRY one is to BUY.

WARWICK CYCLE MF'G. CO.,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

Classical.

The following selections have arrived at Mulligan & Potter's music store, 416 George-st: "Dreams of Rosseland," "Rosseland Lancers," "Espanita," "Sweet as the Rose." 3d52

Personal

The Belleville Sun states that Miss L Vair, of Peterborough is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Graham, in that city.

Mr. Dickson Hall, of the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co., arrived home to-day from his trip to Great Britain and Europe, where he has been visiting the leading centres, making purchases for his firm. Mr. Hall returns in excellent health.

Mr Jas S Kemp, of Missoula, a brother of Mr E A Kemp, town, is the Grand Master of the Oddfellows of Montana. The Oddfellows and Rebekahs of Missoula presented him with a "veteran jewel" recently. This jewel can only be worn by those who have been members of the Order for 25 years. It is the eighth jewel of its kind in Montana.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

Cantata Ruth

The date of the "Cantata Ruth" concert has been definitely settled for March 30th, Tuesday. The soloists are Miss Hendren, Marion; Mrs Mein, Ruth in first part; Mrs H Jones, Ruth in second part; Miss Clara Bellegham, Orpha; Mr G W Mulligan, Boaz. The reapers song will be taken by Mr Ball, Mrs Mulligan, Misses Butcher, Anna Bellegham, Garrow McKnabbe, Fowler, Mahony, Miller, Mr G Ball, Mr J Miller, Mr Godwin, Mr Parsons, Mr Peace, Mr Browne, Mr Petrie, Mr Jones, Mr Weir. Chorus will number 60 voices. A full rehearsal to-night. Miss Gladman, pianist; G W Mulligan, conductor.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & Co.

Brevities.

—The collector of taxes will return his roll at once. There will be no extension.

—Farmers report that the ice on Rice Lake in some places is in a treacherous condition and escapes in some cases have been narrow.

—Mr. Geo Ruskin desires to acknowledge with grateful thanks the receipt of $27.75 from Peterborough friends for the Algoma and Northwest colporteurage mission.

—Missionary services in the Presbyterian church at Keene on Sunday were conducted by Rev. D. A. Thompson. The proceeds from collections amounted to over $69.

—The report of the meeting of the Ashburnham School Board last evening and an item regarding the trip of Rev J C Davidson are crowded out to-day.

—The subject of the paper to be read by Mr. J. H. Burnham on Thursday evening at the meeting of the Historical Society at the Court House, is "Glimpses of Peterborough 60 years ago."

—Mr. John Irwin, of the post office, has received several photos of the mining machinery at the mines near Johannesburg, South Africa. They are mammoth concerns. They were sent by his son, Mr. Fred Irwin

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

The Elite Event of the Season.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE,

FRIDAY, March 5

THE ISHAM & LYTELL COMEDY Co

Presenting the Latest and Present New York Success

My Friend From India

The Comedy that has Broken all Records in New York at both Waland Hoyt's Theatres.

A Continued, Pronounced, Immediate and Emphatic Success.

Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Seats now on sale.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, March 8th.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF THAT STERLING AMERICAN ACTOR,

MR. McKEE RANKIN,

In his Great New York Success

TRUE TO LIFE.

A story of intense human interest. The cast includes

MISS NANCE O'NEILL,

the young actress who leaped into popularity in a single night.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. A few of the best reserved seats 75 cts. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d52

ALL THE LATEST

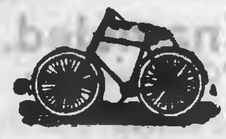
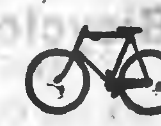
MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

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New Store for Bicycles Only
Open March 1st.

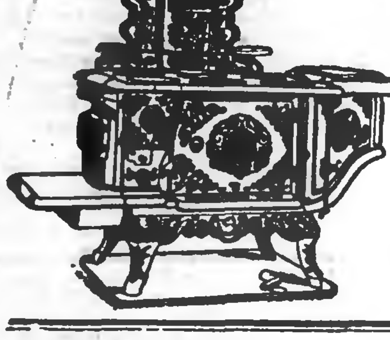
THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.
Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.
Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.
Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.



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THE KIND THAT SUITS.
THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.
GUARANTEED.
FORTYE & HARPER
392 George Street.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .

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WILL RUN
SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.
Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Commel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

Resembles an Old Brandy in color, flavor and taste.
Admitted by connoisseurs to be the best Rye Whiskey ever distilled in this country.

MADE FROM McDOUGALL'S, HALIFAX, N.S.

V.O. 1890 Whisky

Aged in Oak Casks, under government supervision.
We are sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from Bank of British North America.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

Ask your dealer for Quart Bottles also for
Empire Tourists' Flasks
with Cork Lined Metal Caps, suitable for travelling.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
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SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne,
Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
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FINCH W. MILLER,
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Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists.
Circular sent on request.
BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is invaluable. If you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.
The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.
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Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.
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Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.
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Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.
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EDWIN ELCOME,
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and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

CHAPTER XIII. (Continued)

is high up from the floor of the room, perhaps ten minutes, when he becomes aware of a singular thing—someone is knocking at his door. In itself this is not so strange, but the hour makes it so.

He turns around, and as he does this the rap is repeated—not a bold sound, such as a man would make, but a timid one. Jack for the moment is amazed—he wonders if some new trick of the carnival is about to be sprung on him.

Then he recovers his self-possession, and walks to the door. The knocks have ceased, but he immediately opens the door, to find, as he already expected, that his caller is a woman.

She is masked, and wears a black domino that in a measure conceals her form. Jack has seen dozens disguised in this manner upon the street. It flashes over him that perhaps this senora is stopping at the hotel, and has made a mistake of the room, but she evinces no surprise or consternation at sight of him, so this can hardly be. Then the idea flashes into his mind that it is a prank-loving senora, who has possibly some giggling companions hidden in the hallway watching to see her little passage at arms with the brave American who slew the black toro, and whom the gentler half of Madrid's poulation has gone almost crazy over ever since.

These things flit through Jack's mind with the rapidity of lightning, and although but a few seconds have passed since he opened the door, he has already decided that he must beware of the black eyes that gleam from behind the other's mask.

His early morning caller has during this time stood there observing him—she evidently waits for him to speak, so he musters his Spanish, and says, laughingly:

"The senora would play some trick upon the American for the amusement of her friends. If she will consent to remove her mask, and call those who look on, I will have the landlord set an early breakfast or a late supper down below, where we can become better acquainted, and talk of the great carnival"—for Doctor Jack knows sleep is out of the question for him, and is ready to welcome this little episode of the grand masquerade in order to pass away some of the leaden hours that must elapse before the time comes when he can start for the fast Paris express.

All manner of liberties are taken during the continuance of the carnival, most of them innocent in themselves. Spanish women are generally shut up the better part of the year, and allowed little freedom, so that when the time comes for them to don a mask, secure from recognition, they do many things that at another time would be far from their thoughts. This is only human nature, and the black-eyed dames of Spain are nothing if not human.

To Jack's surprise, however, his unknown visitor does not eagerly grasp at his munificent offer of a feast for herself and friends. On the contrary, she seems to draw herself up haughtily, as though offended in a degree at his familiarity, and Jack guesses he has made a mistake.

"Senor Evans does not know who he addresses, evidently," and thus speaking, she removes the mask suddenly.

To say Jack is startled would hardly cover the ground—in all his life he does not remember feeling such a shock as when his eyes fall upon that face. It is Mercedes—her beauty seems to light up the dingy room as she stands there in the dorway. Doctor Jack fairly gasps, and for the moment loses his voice; but he is too old a campaigner to remain in this state long, and presently recovers.

"Mercedes—Senorita—how can you pardon my seeming rudeness? I never dreamed of this—ah, great pleasure—but I believed I was about to be made the victim of a joke by some fun-loving senoras living at the fonda. You will—you must pardon me."

All this he says in such an earnest manner, looking so sorry for the blunder, that it does not lie in a woman's heart to bear malice. Mercedes smiles—he is forgiven. She makes a movement as though she would enter—Jack immediately picks up a heavy chair with one hand, as though it were a chip, and begs her to be seated, while at the same time he is madly speculating as to the cause of her presence here at this strange hour.

True, the carnival is on, and it gives a sort of license to its votaries, but Mercedes is hardly the one to take advantage of this. He believes from the start that he must seek further if he would learn the truth.

Looking backward he can see all that has happened to him in connection with this woman who wears the crown of beauty. Like the shifting scenes of a moving panorama, the events pass before his mind's eye. First, there are the meetings in the flower market of Barcelona, when his eye is captivated by the loveliness of the supposed Catalan peasant girl who frequents the Rambla and sells him bouquets and boutonaires. Then he sees that face back of the veil worn by the nun from the cloister of the Benedictine church of San Pedro—she leans over him, her perfumed breath touching his cheek, her liquid eyes drinking his soul.

Last of all comes the bull-fight—his leap into the arena—the look of mingled pride and consternation he sees upon her face, and then the scene at her home, where she sings for him all the tender Spanish love songs she knows.

Is it any wonder Doctor Jack's heart beats faster than its wont, as he realizes that this magnificent creature has come to him bent upon some secret errand?

For a moment he even forgets that this creature—one of the loveliest works of Heaven—has been engaged in a plot against his life, because she is devoted, body and soul, to the cause of the Carlists—but it rushes like a wave over him again, and he becomes cautious.

What game can she be playing now? He almost fears Mercedes, her beauty is so great. Somehow she makes him think of a tigress, so magnificent in her bearing, and yet so subtle. Mentally he compares her with Avis, and the latter does not suffer thereby, for frankness is stamped upon her brave face, if the beauty of Mercedes is the greater.

"Kindly close the door, Doctor Jack. It would not do for anyone to see me here. I risk much in making this visit," she says, in her low, velvet-like voice, that thrills the American, though he cannot tell why.

He obeys her behest, and even turns the key in the lock as an additional safeguard against intrusion. Whatever her mission may be, it is his duty to protect her.

Standing near her, with his hands resting on the back of a chair, he looks straight into her colouring face, where the blushes creep under the satin-like, olive-complexion, as though he would read her secret there. She gives a short little laugh—it is certainly a strange thing for a young woman of the highest circle of Madrid to seek a private audience with a gentleman at such an hour, but there must be some strong reason for her action.

"Senor Jack, you think me unmaidenly for coming to you here—now. I confess it is a strange thing to do, but I have a powerful reason. Your life is in danger."

She says this in a thrilling tone, just as if she expects Jack to start back in amazement; but he does nothing of the sort. This is an old story to him now—even when he heard it first from Larry he had shown little signs of wonder, and hence is not apt to go into a state of agitation at this late hour.

"Indeed!" is all he says, and so quietly that she bites her lips in chagrin.

"You do not believe it?" she cries.

"Pardon me, but I know it to be a fact."

"Ah! who has told you?" quickly.

"I have a faculty for finding out these things, senorita. I know that I am a marked man by the Carlists, simply because I happened to be a friend of the Duke de Arroyo, who has turned out to be a royal spy."

Jack says all this without excitement—she looks upon him in wonder.

"You know that your life has been forfeited—that you may be among the missing at any day, and yet you do not feel afraid?"

"Senorita, you have seen me master that crazy black toro in the ring."

"Ah! it was a superb sight, but I trembled for you, Senor Jack, and regretted my rash action in goading you on."

"Why should you?"

She does not answer in words, but the tell-tale colour flies into her cheeks. If Mercedes is playing a part she is an admirable actress, the finest Jack has ever seen off the stage.

"You must leave Spain, Senor Jack."

"I intend to," he replies.

"Immediately. A few hours may be fatal to you. Even now the word has gone out that means your death"—her manner has become excited, the great black eyes glow with volcanic fire, and fascinate Jack, who realises now what a great possibility for good or evil lies in his wonderful girl.

"All this I already know, senorita, but nevertheless I thank you just the same. I cannot understand your motive in taking this risk to warn me, who can only be considered a friend at the most." Jack would be moved to more warmth in his speech could he get rid of the notion that the girl is acting a part—believing this, he does not care to be demonstrative.

Her quick woman's intuition guesses the truth instantly—she sees he distrusts her, and a resolve flashes into her mind. He must know all—the fearful risks she has taken to warn him, and, yes, even the reason why this has been done, unmaidenly as it

To be Continued.

SHE FORGOT.

But What She Forgot Can Only Be Learned From What Follows.

"I am very sure if I had it to do over again. I would not marry."

The only person who could possibly find pleasure in those words would be a sour old maid, a crusty old bachelor or the individual who uttered them.

I was neither the one nor the other.

The one person who could find the least pleasure in them was the individual who was married to the person uttering them.

I was that individual.

My wife was the speaker.

"My love," I said gently, as was my wont on occasions of domestic disturbance. "I think you really don't mean that."

"What you think and what I know are entirely different matters," she responded, as I observed a small heptic spot on the end of her nose, a feminine storm signal to be heeded.

"Granted, my love," I bowed, "but you shouldn't tell everything you know."

"That isn't everything," and there was a knife edge in the short, hard laugh which followed it.

This was not the first time my wife had sought to kindle the fires of jealousy in her husband's bosom. Nor was it the first time she had failed. One can't exactly explain why, but it is a well-known matrimonial fact that both parties to a marriage cannot be jealous. In this instance my wife's husband was not the jealous one.

"My darling," I smiled, "the comprehensiveness of your knowledge surprises and delights me. At the same time I must still contend that when you say what you said a few moments ago you do not really mean it."

The small hectic spot flashed out and lighted up my wife's face.

"I think I know what I am talking about," she said with a flirt of the handsome silk skirt I had given to her only three days ago.

"What you think and what I know are entirely different matters," I replied, following the original as nearly as I could.

She had evidently heard the words before, and their force compelled her to silence.

"Consider a moment what you have said," I continued, "and you will, as a sensible woman, see that your husband as usual is right."

"I don't see why a woman's husband is the only one of them who should always be right," she snapped, and the hectic spot again flashed out across the gulf between us.

I had not come prepared to argue any difficult propositions of that nature and at once began to sheer off into safer waters.

"That is merely begging the question," I said with an air of superiority which I had acquired from some years of practice as a husband. "What you said was that if you had it to do over again, you wouldn't marry."

"And I wouldn't," she replied with renewed vigor; "I tell you I wouldn't. A woman doesn't know what she is getting into, and when she has discovered she can't get out of it."

"But you seem to forget one thing, my love," I said soothingly, for I wouldn't have hurt my wife's feelings for all the world.

"Forget? Forget?" she answered in a tone which was of anger rather than of bitterness I was glad to observe, "How can I forget?"

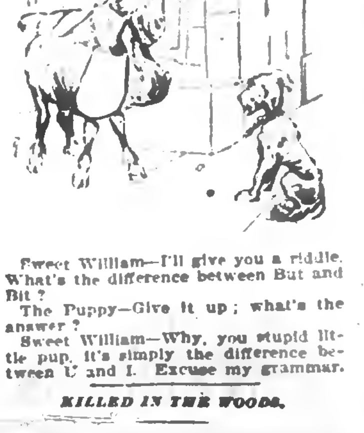
"I don't really see myself," I smiled, "but you have."

"I have forgotten nothing," and she pinched our large tomcat's tail so maliciously that the old gent arose with hurried dignity and walked out of the room.

"But you have, my dear," I insisted. "You have entirely forgotten that you were a widow when I married you."

Whereupon, with a toss of her shapely and pretty head, my wife arose and went out after the cat, leaving her husband quite alone, and sad.

But and Bit.



Sweet William—I'll give you a riddle. What's the difference between But and Bit?

The Puppy—Give it up; what's the answer?

Sweet William—Why, you stupid little pup, it's simply the difference between U and I. Excuse my grammar.

KILLED IN THE WOODS.

Fred Wahl Struck by a Limb of a Falling Tree With Fatal Result.

Petersburg, Ont., March 2.—A sad accident occurred this morning to Fred Wahl, a farmer residing three miles north of here. While chopping down a tree in his wood, a limb broke off and struck him on the head, rendering him unconscious. His brother, Henry, was with him, and removed him at once to his home, where he died a few hours afterwards. He never regained consciousness. Deceased was a brother of Jacob Wahl, who for the past 35 years held the office of Councillor and Deputy Reeve of Wilmot township.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarr Cure completely cured me."

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites brings back the ruddy glow of life to pale cheeks, the lips become red, the ears lose their transparency, the step is quick and elastic, work is no longer a burden, exercise is not followed by exhaustion; and it does this because it furnishes the body with a needed food and changes diseased action to healthy. With a better circulation and improved nutrition, the rest follow.

For sale at 50 cents and $1.00 by all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 3, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. E. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
W. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

Ward No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
Ward No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
Ward No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
Ward No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Best, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jas. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

WEDNESDAY, March 3rd.—Mortgage Sale o Farm and Town Property at Morgan House, 2 p m.

SATURDAY, March 6th.—General Auction Sale of Horses, Cows, Harness, Cutters, etc., at Croft House yard at 2 p.m.

TUESDAY, March 9th.—Giving up farming. Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mrs. J. Wilson, on her premises, lot 4, in 10th Con. of Dummer. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, March 10th.—Clearing Out Sale of Horses, Cattle, Implements, etc., of Mr. W. G. Dixon, at the residence of Mrs. Jas. Dixon, at the head of Park and Smith-sts., adjoining the town. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, March 11.—Strictly bona-fide Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, Hay, Straw and Household Furniture, of Mr. John Gilroy, on his premises, Lot 3, in 1st Concession of Douro. Sale 12.30. No reserve.

FRIDAY, March 12.—Mortgage Sale of Brick House and Lot, being No. 31, on west side of Park-st., in the town of Peterborough. Sale Huffman House 2 p. m.

SATURDAY, March 13.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, on lot 4, in 5th Con. of Douro. Without reserve. Sale at 1 p m.

TUESDAY, March 16.—Important Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Jas. E. Mellmoyl, on his premises. Lot 23, in 13th Con. of Smith. Sale at 12.30. No reserve.

FRIDAY, March 19th.—(Bound for the West.) Credit Sale Farm Stock, Implements, Household Furniture and Farm, of Mr. J. Slater Knox, on his premises, Lot 20, in 3rd Con. of Asphodel. Sale 12.30. No reserve.

MONDAY, March 22.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. D. J. McCarthy, on his premises, Lot 17, in 8th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 12.30. No reserve.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

Continued from page 2.

disadvantage and injury of the financial reputation of the Province. They had utterly failed to show a single instance of extravagance or waste by the Government.

Mr. Gurd (Lambton) devoted his attention principally to the "surplus," which, if the Government took into consideration their liabilities of $4,890,193 for outstanding railway aid, certificates and annuities, would be wiped out and a deficit of $116,000 would be shown instead. In passing, he referred to the absence from his place in the House of the hon. member from West Algoma (Mr. Conmee), who, he feared, had been lost somewhere about the Bureau of Mines.

Mr. Farwell (East Algoma) justified the expenditure on railways for the development of the new districts, and urged the construction of the James' Bay Railway. Speaking on behalf of the settlers, he appealed to the Government to protect them from the lumbermen by reserving for their use from 25,000 to 30,000 feet of pine on each lot. He also asked that the Government enforce the laws with regard to the performance of settlement duties.

Mr. Kerns moved the adjournment of the debate, which, at the request of the Attorney-General, will be made the first order of the day for this afternoon.

MARTIN A C.P.R. MAN.

He Has Retired From Politics and Will Work for the Railroad's Interests —Winnipeg News.

Winnipeg, March 2.—(Special.)—At the Portage la Prairie Assizes, which opened to-day, the Macdonald election trials are to take place. The deputies charged with ballot box stuffing are being tried under section 190 of the Dominion Election Act. There are 400 witnesses to be examined.

Joseph Martin has confirmed the rumor that he has accepted a special solicitorship of the Canadian Pacific Railway and has retired from politics. He makes the announcement in connection with declining the nomination for Macdonald. Mr. Martin denies positively that he has been engaged to do lobbying for a railroad bill or any other bill.

In the Manitoba Legislature to-day Provincial Treasurer McMillan brought down the budget, delivering the budget speech, and claiming many economies for the Greenway Government. Mr. Roblin on behalf of the Opposition, replied, questioning these claims.

J. H. Brock is mentioned as the Conservative candidate for Winnipeg in the event of Hugh John Macdonald being unseated. Ex-Mayor Jameson is almost certain to run as the Government candidate.

A deputation of the Trades and Labor Council to-day asked the Greenway Government to establish a free labor bureau at Winnipeg.

At the Winnipeg Assizes to-morrow George Anderson, a Winnipeg horseman, will come up for trial charged with having incited deputies in the last Winnipeg Dominion election to stuff the ballot boxes.

Referring editorially to Hugh John Macdonald as leader of the Provincial Opposition, Premier Greenway's chief journal, The Tribune, says: "Mr. Macdonald, we believe, will cast in his influence on the side of decent politics, and if he does so the country will be the gainer."

COAL AT VANCOUVER.

Every Foot of Ground Within a Radius of a Mile Has Been Bonded.

Vancouver, B.C., March 2.—(Special.)—It is said that an excellent quality of coal has been struck at South Vancouver, where boring operations have been in progress for some time. Indications became favorable two or three days before coal was struck, and now every foot of ground within a radius of a mile fro mthe prospect has been bonded.

Private advices from London, Eng., say that capitalists are afraid of the big capitalization of companies of British Columbia, and are looking with more favor on the Ontario properties.

FREE SEED FOR FARMERS.

Over Ten Tons Sent Out From the Experimental Farms—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 2.—(Special.)—The Experimental Farm authorities have decided that no further applications for free samples of grain seeds can be entertained after March 31. Letters asking for samples still continue to pour in day after day, with scarcely any diminution in the number. During the first 17 days of February last, 6000 applications were received. There had been 6717 parcels of seeds (more than 10 tons) mailed to farmers up to the middle of last month, each parcel being three pounds weight and grain true to name and pure in sample. The record of distribution by provinces shows as follows: Ontario 2518 packages, Quebec 1577, Nova Scotia 891, New Brunswick 680, P.E.I. 392, Manitoba 347, N.W.T. 201, B.C. 106. The distribution this year bids fair to exceed in volume that of the previous season, when 36,000 packages were sent out.

Dr. Milne of Victoria, chief promoter of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Line, the B.C. projected railway from the Pacific Coast through the Crow's Nest to Alberta, left for home this afternoon. He believes the Government will not reach a definite conclusion respecting its railway policy in British Columbia until after further enquiries, possibly sending out a commission to investigate on the present needs of such a road, the possible amount of traffic, and so forth. Dr. Milne says his can build the line as cheaply as any other syndicate.

The Government thinks the country has had enough of patent ballot for which the late administration paid ex-Mayor Durocher of Ottawa $2500, and will drop it in connection with the new franchise measure to be introduced at the coming session, substituting a simpler ballot paper.

Chancellor Boyd presided over this morning's sitting of the weekly High Court. In the case of the Queen v. Butler, an action to unseat Ald. Butler, Dr. Wickstead appealed from the order of Judge Ross, dismissing the action. He moved for a new trial and to compel Mr. Andrew Masson to continue in the capacity of relator in the case. Mr. O'Gara appeared for the defendant and opposed the motion. Judgment was reserved.

Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick has consented to deliver a St. Patrick's Day oration in this city. Of course, if he leaves for Rome this week, as reported, the local society will have to look out for another orator.

To-morrow being Ash Wednesday, it will be kept as a holiday by the public departments.

Sir A. P. Caron has returned to the city.

The council had a two hours' session this afternoon, discussing the sessional program. The Crow's Nest Railway matter may be up to-morrow.

The at home given by the Countess of Aberdeen at Government House this evening was a great success. The weather was all that could be desired and a large number enjoyed the skating and tobagganing. Their Excellencies made all their guests heartily welcome.

Hon. William Paterson, Minister of Customs, returned from Toronto to-day.

Mr. Tarte returned from Montreal this afternoon.

In the contributions towards the Dominion fund for relief of famine-stricken India the $100,000 mark is now well within sight.

TURKISH GENDARMES MUTINY.

They Wanted Their Back Pay and Threatened to Burn the Town if They Didn't Get It—One Officer Killed.

Canea March 2.—The Turkish gendarmes in this city refused yesterday to perform further duty unless they were at once paid 15 months' arrears of wages. The money, of course, was not paid, for the reason that the officials did not have it. To-day the men openly mutinied, threatening to burn the town and massacre the inhabitants. This afternoon Major Bor, the Irish officer who commands the gendarmerie, summoned the mutineers to assemble. Trouble being expected, British marines and French, Italian, Russian, German and Austrian sailors were ranged in the square in front of the site of the palace of the Governor, which was burned a few days ago. The mutineers, who numbered about 45, were addressed by Major Bor, who offered to pay them immediately three months' arrears on account. The offer was refused. The men were then commanded to lay down their arms, but they refused to do so.

Major Bor repeated the order three times, but no attention was paid to it. Another officer then laid his hand upon the shoulder of the nearest gendarme, saying, "Lay down your rifle." Immediately a voice from behind cried, "Don't give in. Fire, gendarmes!" Then several shots were discharged, one of them killing a Turkish colonel who was standing by Major Bor's side. Thereupon the Russians were ordered by their commanding officer to advance and fire upon the mutineers. The British marines were ordered to make ready, but they did not receive the command to fire. The gendarmes replied to the fire of the Russians, wounding an Italian sailor. Then five of the mutineers having fallen, the gendarmes yielded. In the confusion the leaders of the mutiny managed to escape. The remainder were surrounded by the foreign sailors and marines, and were soon lodged in prison.

Major Bor assured the men that they will all be released with the exception of those who first fired. Two of the mutineers were killed and two others are dying from their wounds. The affair created the most intense excitement in the town, where Col. Suleiman Bey, the Turkish officer who was killed, was greatly liked. His murderers are confined on board the British warship Barfleur. A lieutenant-colonel and some other officers were wounded by the fire of the mutineers.

Evacuation Demanded

London, March 2.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily News telegraphed that the diplomats this evening presented an identical note to M. Skouzes, Minister of Foreign Affairs, demanding the evacuation of Crete by the Greek forces within six days, under a threat of coercion. The note informs Greece that the powers are agreed upon two points: First, that they will not allow Crete to be annexed in any form at present, and, second, that they are prepared to endow Crete with a complete scheme of autonomy. The powers express the hope that Greece will respect their decision.

The correspondent adds that he is assured by the highest authority that Greece will reject the ultimatum.

Insurgents Ask Russia's Help

Canea, March 2.—The insurgents at Akrotiri to-day asked the Russian Admiral to assist them to leave. The Admiral agreed on condition that they lay down their arms, which the insurgents refused to do.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is a quiet trade, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—The market is quiet, with little or no change in prices. The feeling, however, is firm. White is quoted at 75c west and red at 74c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 86c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c to 83c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 31c to 32c and No. 2 at 29c. No. 3 extra 25c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull and prices unchanged. Car lots are quoted at 33c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts at the Western Market to-day were represented by 60 car loads, including 300 head of sheep and lambs and 2500 hogs. The cattle market was weaker, except for choice lots. Exporters brought 4c to 4¼c per lb. for the best and 3½c for medium. Stockers ruled at 2¾c to 2⅞c per lb. The Buffalo market was weaker. Bulls 3c to 3¼c per lb. Butchers' cattle steady for best qualities, which sold at 3¼c to 3½c per lb., the latter for fancy; good to medium at 2¾c to 2⅞c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 300 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4¾c to 5c per lb., according to quality.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at $4.80 to $4.90, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4c to 4¼c, lightweights at 4½c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2¼c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 2.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6d to 6s 7d; corn, 2s 5¾d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage steadier. English country markets steady. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady, futures steady at 6s 2½d for March, 6s 4½d for May and 6s 4d for July. Maize quiet at 2s 5¾d for March, 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 8d for July. Flour 22s.

Paris—Holiday.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 3, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter(per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

DYSPEPSIA

CURED BY DR. CHASE.

..FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS W.W.HODGES SUFFERED —DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS EFFECTED AN ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURE. ....

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dear Sirs,—I take the liberty of writing to you regarding my experience with *Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills*, and the wonderful cure of dyspepsia of 18 years' standing effected by them with three boxes. I am as well as I ever was, and am a man of 64 years of age. I have recommended *Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills* to a great number of people and they all say they are worth their weight in gold. If you desire any further statement or certificate of my case, I will be pleased to furnish one.

Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S
FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
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The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

Mrs. Joseph Norwick, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. Barbour, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.
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Factory—ST. CATHARINES, ONT
KINGAN & ALLEN, Agents, Peterborough.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,028
North American	2,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,993	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	721,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,712,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter st., one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L.V. O'Connor, B.A. Daniel O'Connell, B.A

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DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
R. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. Money to Loan.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts., over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clarkson's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over *Dixon's* Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

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RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinics and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 368 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

My baby had Eczema in its worst form. The top of her head was as raw as a piece of beef, the hair eaten down to the scalp by applying tar poultices, and I thought if she ever got well she would be bald. The best physician in the city attended her, but she continued to get worse all the time, and he finally admitted "it was the most obstinate case he had ever seen," and that he was "at his wits' end." Some one suggested CUTICURA REMEDIES, which I purchased and tried. *In a few days I noticed a great change.* She continued to improve, and *to-day is entirely cured,* has a nice head of hair, is lively and hearty, and the disease shows no signs of returning. I send you her photograph to show her as she is to-day.

J. B. JACOBS, 2831 Wilkens Ave., Balt., Md.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure the Worst Eczema," free.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN Luxuriant Hair produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

CLARKE & GIBSON

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are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Emblems, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

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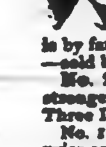
Cook's Cotton Root Compound



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Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1897.

OVER LAKES THROUGH FORESTS.

MR. J. B. M'WILLIAMS' RECENT OFFICIAL TOUR OF INSPECTION.

A Visit to the Lumber Camps in the North Country—The Amount of Timber—The Algonquin Park.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams returned a few days ago from an official tour of inspection of the lumber camps in the north.

Mr. McWilliams found the trip very laborious, as there was not sufficient snow to guarantee rapid and comfortable traffic in the rocky sections of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Haliburton and North Hastings. Mr. McWilliams left the train at Huntsville on the Northern division of the Grand Trunk. He drove from there through a rough section of country, sheltered, however, from cold winds by thick forests and almost insurmountable walls of rock, though the open ice was frequently resorted to to ensure clear driving. Passing through the townships of McClintock and Livingstone to the village of Dorset, the former headquarters of the Gilmour Company, Mr. McWilliams proceeded to the headquarters of the superintendent of the Algonquin Park at Canoe lake. There the superintendent's dwelling and office are situated. The park covers 23 townships, and the superintendent with six assistants controls this great stretch of territory, which by order of the Government cannot be settled or occupied, though at present the Gilmour Company have their new mill and boarding houses erected in the park, but at the end of their lease of ten years they must remove their buildings. This company is securing timber from the territory surrounding the park and cutting at the mill near at hand.

From the Algonquin Park Mr McWilliams proceeded to the Madawaska and thence to the Parry Sound railway at Whitney—the headquarters of the St Anthony Lumber Co. who have extensive limits in that district. The Parry Sound railroad, as is well known, was constructed through private enterprise, and will be utilized principally in conveying lumber to the east for shipment. One passenger train and one freight train go up and down the line each day from Emsdale, near Parry Sound, to Ottawa.

Mr. McWilliams visited during his tour the camps of the Rathbun Co., Gilmour Co., Nickle Dyment & Son, J D Stone, and St Anthony Lumber Co., and inspected operations amounting to 80,000,000 feet, board measure of saw logs, and 530 cubic feet of board timber, representing a total revenue to the Government of over $110,000. Mr. McWilliams found the largest stick of board timber on the limits of Mr Dyment. It measured 305 cubic feet. In the St Anthony Lumber Co. he found a log 4,000 feet, board measure. The largest average in the size of logs were those of the Gilmour Co., 230 feet being the average. A log in this portion of the country is considered to be very large at 100 feet. Mr McWilliams declares the Rathbun Co. to have the best camp and the best provisions for the men. They do the closest culling and take greater care in preserving their lumber. One thousand men is his estimate of the number employed by the lumbering firms. Mr McWilliams leaves on Friday for the Lake Superior district.

CURLING CHIT-CHAT

Notes From the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

PORT HOPE'S GASPE.

Lo the bewailing and growling that ascends from the impartial Port Hope Colts and is blowing northerly to Peterborough through the Port Hope Times. A writer to that journal in the person of Mr G D Clarke, endeavors to offset the claim that Port Hope acted unsportsmanlike in defaulting to Peterborough in the final contest for the Bigger trophy in the Midland Colts Curling Association, and in turn this gentleman argues Peterborough was all to blame. Nothing else could be expected. But facts speak louder than retorts. As Mr Clark's letter is lengthy it will not be reproduced but in justice to the Peterborough Colts, a few of the statements should be answered.

First, Mr Clarke states that he addressed letters to the Peterborough secretary, Mr Horkins, that were not answered. Probably Port Hope curlers are mind readers, but when Mr Horkins is out of town he cannot read letters that are at Peterborough and that he has not seen. Mr Clark in his impartial resume of the matter forgets to mention the fact that the Association ordered the final contest to be played at Peterborough. Of course the local colts, did not write the Association and say "Here we don't want to play in our own town, let us play in Port Hope." Port Hope would have made an awful kick if the match was ordered to be played there. They are so kind and sportsmanlike.

Port Hope wanted the contest to take place on neutral ice. Lindsay was suggested by Port Hope and the curlers of that town named Thursday afternoon, February 25th, as the time, which correspondence can prove. Peterborough agreed and arranged for a match with the Lindsay colts for the evening. Then Port Hope finding Peterborough accepted all their propositions asked the match to be played in the evening as the Port Hope curlers could not leave their business all day. This came on Monday, 22nd, and after consideration and cancelling the match with Lindsay in the evening, the Port Hope club was informed the Peterborough colts would play in the evening, just as Port Hope asked, but the Colts from that town did not make their appearance, defaulting to the Peterboroughs. Is that sportsmanlike? Mr. Clark says that Port Hope could not play in Lindsay in the afternoon, (though they named that time themselves), owing to their players being unable to be away all day on account of business. Now Port Hope is an awfully busy place we acknowledge, and it is also the seat of the gods of charity, all sporting organizations are aware. An instance. Last year Peterborough played in Cobourg. They went down in the morning and requested Cobourg and Port Hope, who were drawn against each other, to play in the morning and then meet Peterborough in the afternoon in order that the Peterborough Colts could return on the evening train. Port Hope won the morning match and had dinner from 1.30 o'clock until four. They are very fast down in Port Hope, especially at their meals. Anyway the umpire ordered the match to be played at 4 o'clock, but it was not finished in time for the Peterborough boys to return and they had to drive to Port Hope and remain all night. The match could have been played just as well in the afternoon at an earlier hour. So much for Port Hope's respect for business.

Port Hope made suggestions this year that Peterborough agreed to in every instance. Likely if Port Hope had suggested the match for Port Hope and Peterborough had accepted Port Hope would have changed their minds. Generous, fair-minded Port Hope is capable of doing anything. Mr. Clarke in concluding his letter says:—Absolute possession of the trophy is the reward of three annual victories, of which Peterborough has already secured two. The tactics employed to the end of completing the tric need not be remarked on. As for the appelation of a "New Hog Town" it is something if the northern town has at last conceded that there are others. To Mr. Dick Davidson, one of the gentlemanly skips from "Old Hog Town" the thanks of the club are due for a very fair proposition, which unfortunately came too late to be acted upon."

As to this, Peterborough won the trophy by playing out of town and agreeing to the Association's decisions. No other club in the Association has uttered a word in regard to the matter, and the local Colts have played in every town in the Association except Kingston, Port Hope and Norwood.

Mr Davidson's suggestion referred to was made nine days before the date of the match. He asked Port Hope if they would play one rink in Peterborough and one rink in Port Hope, and with accustomed swiftness, Port Hope declare the notice too late.

So much for Port Hope's arguments. Curling is a gentlemanly game that only gentlemen should play. Port Hope's methods border on the unsportsmanlike, but it is well known that the organizations of that town possess a fever which quarantines them in their own town; they will never play a match on neutral grounds, when such have been ordered and they have defaulted to Peterborough threetimes in different sports.

Mr. Clark acknowledges a good deal of discussion on this matter, and surely it was not from a Peterborough source, because the local Colts accepted everything that Port Hope offered. In writing Mr Davidson on Feb. 22, Mr. Clark said: "Discussion regarding the holding of this game is becoming somewhat tiresome."

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB.

An Excellent Paper on "Amiel" Read by Sheriff Hall at the Regular Meeting.

There was not a very large attendance at the meeting of the Fortnightly Club last night, but those in attendance were delighted with the really excellent paper prepared and read by Sheriff Hall on "Amiel."

In his paper Sheriff Hall said Henri Frederic Amiel was born at Geneva in 1821, and was a decendant of one of those Huguenot families which had left France on the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. He was appointed professor of moral philosophy in the University of Geneva in 1848, and lectured there for 30 years. He was a man of brilliant parts and immense learning, a delightful companion and correspondent, but as a lecturer he made no mark, largely because, as he says, he made his lectures conscientiously dry, considering it unworthy in a teacher to impart to instruction any artificial graces which might tend to make it attractive. In his "journal," however, which he wrote daily for 30 years, he has given us thoughts upon almost all the subjects which have been agitating the minds of men, and clothing these thought in language of poetic beauty. In the journal Amiel, as it were, stands upon an eminence and surveys modern intellectual Europe, dealing with the human consciousness in its relation to the unseen and the unknowable, as well as to the visible universe. There is scarcely any field of human investigation or learning that he has not explored. Renan says of him: "He was certainly one of the strongest speculative heads who have reflected on the nature of things and in this book he has given us without sacrifice of truth to artistic effect the perfect mirror of a modern mind of the best type, matured by the best modern culture."

SHROVE TUESDAY

A Successful Pancake Social at St. John's South Ward Mission

The pancake social and entertainment held at St John's Mission last evening was highly successful in every respect. The affair was under the auspices of the Junior and Senior Girls' Guild.

In the afternoon there was a sale of goods of the Judior Guild followed by the social from 5.30 to 7.30, when pancakes and other refreshments were served.

At 8 o'clock the entertainment began when Rev W L Armitage took the chair and introduced a programme that was admirable. It consisted of an instrumental duet by the Misses English; dialogue, four girls; piano solo, Miss Comstock; recitation, Miss Lecta Strong; piano solo, Miss Fannie McFadden; chorus, Junior Guild; drill with tableaux of camping scene, ending with the song "Tenting Night" by Boy's Brigade; instrumental duet by Misses Staunton and Pollock; reading, "Shrove Tuesday," Fred Roy; solo, Miss Jackson; piano solo, Miss Pollock; reading, Rev W L Armitage; instrumental duet, Miss Bullen and Mr Beaton, and "Good Night" drill and tableaux by eight little girls.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

MEMBERS AGAINST INCREASING SALARIES.

Continued from Page 5.

GEORGE-ST SCHOOL.

Miss Mark	40	38
.. Hall	41	39
.. Ames	37	33
	118	110

PARK ST SCHOOL.

Jas McCreary	46	42
Miss Cairns	45	40
.. Jenkins	44	38
.. Thomas	39	31
	174	151

KINDERGARTEN.

Miss Warner	47	36
.. Davidson	47	42
	94	78

The High School Inspector's report was read and received.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The following report of the Finance committee was presented by Dr. BURNHAM:—

GENTLEMEN—Your Finance committee beg leave to recommend payment of the following accounts:

Peterborough Hardware Co	$ 24 45
C Barrett	6 50
E Rutherford	1 00
W J Ingram	1 50
A Hall	6 96
Cox & Davis	74 00
Light & Power Co	13 43
J R Donnel	1 50
Peterborough Water Co	21 91
A H Stratton	144 22

Your committee would recommend that hereafter all accounts be rendered monthly and that the orders for supplies be attached for every account.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
GEORGE BURNHAM,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. HILL gave notice of the following motion:—I beg to submit as notice of motion that it is my intention at the next regular meeting of the Board to propose certain changes in the present salary schedule of the Public school teachers, the object being to remedy one or two defects in the present system by making merit as well as seniority to be a factor in the fixing of salaries.

It was taken as a resolution and referred to the Committee on Appointments.

INCREASE OF SALARY.

Dr. BURNHAM moved that the salary of Mr James Russell as caretaker of the George-st. school be increased from $50 to $100, to take effect on May 1st. It was seconded by Mr. Denne.

Mr. MCBAIN and Mr. Bamford opposed the increase as they considered others could be secured to do the work at $50 a year.

Mr. MCBAIN moved that the request of Mr Russell be not granted.

Dr. Burnham withdrew his motion and the communication was referred to the Property committee.

The Board adjourned.

R B A Entertainment. Opera House, March 11th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Sallsbury & Co's. 9d47

Yelland vs Yelland

To the Editor of the Review

SIR,—I was exceedingly surprised to observe in your last night's issue a communication from Mayor Yelland's solicitor, because of the former having sued his infant grandson for recovery of $500 insurance money, paid by the Foresters on the doctor's life, and the attempt therein made to stem adverse criticism. Mr Poussette and you and your readers well know that the trial will be an open and public one, and the merits and demerits of the case fully entered into; and I would respectfully call your attention to the great and evident impropriety of publishing such a statement of a pending case, construing the law, prejudging the result and attempting to obtain a prejudice in Mayor Yelland's favour prior to the action having come before the proper tribunal. Experienced journalists like the REVIEW should know that they and the Mayor by this act, have been guilty of a very grave offence, known as a contempt of Court, and punishable in a summary manner. For most obvious reasons the communication should never have appeared, and unpleasant results would follow if the attention of the Court were now called to it.

Your obd't. serv't.,
W. H. MOORE.

Peterborough, March 3rd, 1897.

Willie Mitchell's Thanks

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Kindly allow me space in your columns to thank all those who in any way contributed to the concert for my benefit. I hope I will always be worthy of the confidence reposed on me.

Yours respectfully,
WM. E. MITCHELL.

New Vice-President.

Mr. S. L. Graham a few years ago was a clerk in the private bank of Mulholland & Roper. He went to Rossland at the time the mining boom was first on the tapis and now he is vice-president of the Sophia Mountain Gold Mining company, with headquarters at Rossland, B.C. The company is incorporated under the laws of British Columbia.

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. **Peterborough.**

A PAST PRESIDENT'S JEWEL

Presented to Miss Harris by the Daughters of England.

The Daughters of England held a social and entertainment in the Sons of England hall last evening. After refreshments had been served a programme was rendered, Miss Stock occupying the chair.

During the evening the Past President, Miss Harris, was presented with a Past President's jewel by the lodge, and the recipient made a very neat reply.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

Don't forget Bible class to-morrow evening in the rooms to be conducted by Miss Forsythe. Come and bring a friend.

The boarding house at 168 Brock-st. is now ready for girls wishing comfortable quarters. Special care exercised in connection with employment bureau.

VIN MARIANI

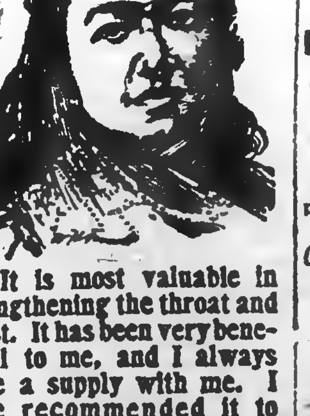
(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.



"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

If you think

That it would be a desirable thi[ng to] place in your home a

PIANO

The first questions that naturally [pre]sent themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" an[d]
"Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century e[xperi]ence in the Piano business and may be a[ble to] help you to a satisfactory answer. We b[elieve] we can do so. Perhaps we can save yo[u] money. We have exclusive control in c[entral] Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINT[ZMAN]
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano[] for superiority, for reliability, for [] excellence.

$350 buys a better piano fr[om us] than you will be asked [] elsewhere. Will you c[] allow us to demonstrate th[]

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY,

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416 George Street

Pianos rented with privile[ge of] purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEE[MING]

188 Yonge Street, Tor[onto]

SAWS Filed and Gu[mmed] First-class style. Scissors, T[ools] ... ened. S. W. E[] shop 129 Charlo[tte]

DR. M. A. MORRI[S]

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Depa[rtment] Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. o[f] Office Bank of Commerce Buildin[g, opp]osite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peter[borough]

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 53. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE AXE AGAIN FALLS

Mr. Sifton Decapitates Two More Officials,

Postmaster-General Mulock Will Make Changes for the Benefit of Business Men Regarding Transmission of Small Amounts of Money—Talk of More Q.C.'s Which Was Without Foundation—Col. Hamilton's Case Not Decided—Changes in Fire Department—Other Ottawa News.

Ottawa, March 3.—(Special.)—Mr. Sifton's little ax has taken another whirl and two more official heads have fallen into the basket. They are those of Mr. J. W. Down, Commercial and Immigration Agent for Canada at Bristol, England, and Mr. Thomas Graham, who fills a similar position in Glasgow, Scotland. It is not known definitely whether Mr. Sifton will fill the vacancies thus created, but the chances are altogether in that direction, as the agents have been paid good salaries, with a liberal allowance for expenses, and there are party friends looking for office. Applications should be addressed Hon. Clifford Sifton, Ottawa.

The Postmaster-General was asked to-day if he purposed making any changes with a view to the introduction of postal notes for the remittance of small amounts, such as are issued in the Mother Country. Mr. Mulock replied that the matter had been under consideration by him, but, in view of the many subjects requiring attention, arising out of the administration of his department, he had not yet evolved a method of procedure, although he is a thorough believer in simplifying the money order system and facilitating the transmission of small amounts of money through the mails. It is the intention of the Postmaster-General to ask Parliament for an appropriation for the extension of the money order service next year by the opening up of additional offices. At the present time there are about 1200 money order offices in existence, and it is proposed to increase this number by about 300, many important places having hitherto been without the facilities which such an office affords to business men.

A report was current to-day that Sir Oliver Mowat proposed to recommend to His Excellency a list of barristers for appointment as Queen's Counsel in view of the recent decision of the Court of Appeal. Your correspondent learns that this report is altogether premature. The Court of Appeal for Ontario in effect decided that the Dominion Government had the right to appoint Q. C.'s for the federal courts, and the local governments for the provincial courts. It is the intention of the Minister of Justice to appeal from this decision directly to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. If appeal had been made to the Supreme Court, leave would have had to be obtained from the Judicial Committee to secure a final decision there, but by going direct to England from the Ontario Court of Appeal the Judicial Committee, under its rules, must hear and decide the appeal.

The statement telegraphed from Toronto that Col. Hamilton is to be reinstated commandant of the Queen's Own is without foundation. Gen. Gascoigne informed me to-day that, owing to the unfortunate accident which befel Dr. Borden, and his subsequent abstention from public duties, he has not been able to look into the report of the commission of enquiry, of which Col. Maunsell was chairman, and until such time as the Minister is in a position to sift the evidence and reach a conclusion, it is obvious that no decision can be reached.

The Dominion statutes for the second session of last year have just been issued from the Printing Bureau. The volume is the smallest volume of statutes since Confederation. It only embraces 60 pages.

Messrs. Cross and Munro of Toronto, who were requested two months ago by the Postmaster General to investigate into the accounts of the Postoffice Department, have completed their work and handed in their report to Mr. Mulock. It will doubtless be embodied in the annual report of the department.

The Council of the Dominion Rifle Association met here to-day to approve of the annual report, which is to be presented to the association when it meets here next month. Major Perley's appointment as superintendent of the construction of the Bisley bungalow was approved. The Major will leave for England on the 15th of next month. Among the officers from a distance who were present at to-day's meeting were Major J. J. Mason, the prospective commandant of the Bisley team; Col. Starke and Major Blaiklock of Montreal. The meeting authorised Secretary Col. Bacon to notify the Bisley 20 to send in their acceptances. Lee-Enfield rifles will be issued to them right away, so that they may commence practice with the weapon immediately the snow is off the ground.

This being Ash Wednesday, it was duly observed as a holiday in the departments.

The Fire and Light Committee to-night adopted the report of the subcommittee, recommending sweeping changes in the Ottawa Fire Brigade. Chief Young, Deputy Chief Favreau, two guardians and one fireman are over the age limit and are retired with gratuities. Capt. P. Provost of No. 4 Fire Station, Montreal, is recommended for appointment as chief at a salary of $1700 per annum, with full scope to change the personnel of the brigade as he thinks fit.

A large delegation arrived here from Montreal to meet the Government in regard to obtaining a subsidy for the South Shore Railway Company to build a road from Sorel to Levis. The road is now built from Montreal to Sorel. The idea is to get the Government to operate the road after its construction as part of the Intercolonial system, which would, in that case, extend as far as Montreal. They saw Messrs. Laurier and Blair and discussed the matter with them, receiving the usual promises.

The Cabinet has decided that the sentences of death passed on "Charcoal," the Blood Indian, who murdered another Indian, and killed Sergt. Wild of the Mounted Police, and Sullivan, the Moncton, N. B., murderer, shall be executed. The former will be hanged on the 12th and the latter on the 16th.

Hon. Mr. Bronson was not quite so well to-day. His progress towards recovery is but slow.

The Government will soon appoint a fishery inspector for Quebec.

Mayor Bingham is still making himself solid. To-day he sent a letter to City Treasurer Kirby, instructing him to distribute his salary for the month of February to five public institutions. The Mayor did the same last month.

GALE AND FLOOD IN ENGLAND.

A Number of Vessels Wrecked Off Yarmouth—Some Loss of Life—The Storm Still Raging.

London, March 3.—A terrific southwesterly gale is prevailing along the coasts and in the interior of England. A number of vessels have been wrecked off Yarmouth and isolated cases of drowning are reported. Heavy seas have swept over the decks of the Channel packets, all of which are greatly overdue in arriving at their destinations. The gales have been accompanied by heavy rains and immense tracts of land in Hertfordshire and Bedfordshire are inundated.

Details of the damage done by the gale continue to come in, but owing to the general prostration of the wires they are still meagre.

A train running was overturned by the force of the wind, but no loss of life is reported.

Along the coast and in the interior as well miles upon miles of telegraph wires have been broken off. Weymouth harbor is filled with wreckage of all kinds and all manner of craft in the harbor is adrift. The extensive harbor works which were in course of construction at Hastings have been demolished and a great quantity of valuable machinery and material carried away. Scores of fishing boats have foundered at and off Lowestoft, but in some cases nobody was on board, and in others the crews were rescued by hard work on the part of the life-savers. The pier at Fremington has been crushed to pieces by the tremendous seas and a large number of wrecks are reported on the Devonshire coast. The gale is still raging with no indications of abatement of its fury.

Reports of the havoc wrought by the gale are still being received. A despatch from Cardiff says that a boat containing six workmen was swamped in the harbor there and its occupants were drowned.

The schooner Amaranth arrived at Cowes, Isle of Wight, to-day and reports that her captain was carried overboard by a heavy sea and drowned.

Many sailing vessels were reported to be ashore on the south coast of England and a large number of deaths are said to have been caused throughout the country by falling trees and walls. There is a perceptible lessening of the violence of the gale this evening.

M'KINLEY'S CABINET.

The Able Gentlemen Who Will Assist the Man From Ohio in Running the Government of the U. S.

Washington, March 3.—The following is a complete list of the members of the McKinley Cabinet, with the portfolios as they have probably been assigned:

State—John Sherman of Ohio.

Treasury—Lyman J. Gage of Illinois.

War—Russell A. Alger of Michigan.

Navy—John D. Long of Massachusetts.

Interior—Cornelius N. Bliss of New York.

Postmaster-General—James A. Gary of Maryland.

Attorney-General—Joseph McKenna of California.

Agriculture—James Wilson of Iowa.

A LIBERAL RETURNED.

The Halifax District in England Rejects Tom Mann, the Labor Candidate.

London, March 3.—The election to fill the seat in the House of Commons for the Halifax district, made vacant by the retirement of William Rawson Shaw (Liberal), was held to-day, and resulted in the return of Alfred Billson (Liberal) who received 5664 votes to 5252 for Sir C. Crossley, the Conservative candidate, and 2900 for Tom Mann, who stood in the Labor interest. At the general election in 1895 the result of the polling in this constituency, which returns two members, was as follows: A. Arnold (Conservative) 5475, W. R. Shaw (Liberal) 5085, J. S. Booth (Radical) 4283, J. Lister (Labor) 3313.

The people who live in the cities do not appreciate how great a loss has been sustained by the farmers of Iowa during the past season because of the ravages of hog cholera, says the Iowa State Register. Nearly 2,000,000 hogs have died from the incurable and dread disease, and Chief Sage of the Iowa weather and crop service estimates that the loss to the farmers of Iowa has been $15,000,000.

THE CRITICAL MOMENT

People of Athens Unanimously Support the King.

The People Are Absolutely Unanimous in Supporting King George's Firm Stand—Appeal to the British People to Protest Against and Take Steps to Prevent the "Unparalleled Humiliation" Which Would Be Caused by a British Alliance With Turkey.

London, March 3.—The Daily Chronicle will to-morrow publish a despatch from Athens saying that the contents of the joint note addressed by the powers to Greece have caused a solemn realization of the critical moment which has arrived. The Palace Square, the despatch says, is constantly crowded with groups discussing the situation. The people are absolutely unanimous and everybody appears to have perfect confidence in the King's firmness. On all sides are heard declarations that should the King order the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete, Col. Vassos, who commands the army of occupation, alone would return and all the other officers would join the forces of the insurgents.

A great demonstration, the despatch states, has ben arranged for March 4, to urge the King to remain inflexible in the stand he has taken.

A despatch from Athens says that Commodore Reineck, commanding the Greek war ship Hydra, who in reply to a demand by the foreign admirals at Canea that the Greek war ships withdraw from Cretan waters, declared that he would only obey the orders of his own Government, has been recalled for his failure to fire upon the Turkish ship Faud, when that vessel joined with the foreign warships in the bombardment of Cretan Christians.

The Daily Chronicle will print tomorrow a leaded article, a column in length, appealing to the nation to protest against and take steps to prevent the unparalleled humiliation which would be caused by Great Britain becoming an ally of the Sultan of Turkey against Greece.

Turkey's Fleet.

London, March 3.—The Standard will to-morrow print a despatch from Constantinople saying that the commission, appointed to enquire into the condition of the Turkish fleet, has reported to the Sultan that there are now 22 ships in condition for active service, including the Admiral Fund. The despatch further says that the Sultan has issued an order directing that the 72,000 troops already mobilized be increased to a total of 120,000.

Volunteers From Sicily.

Rome, March 3.—A despatch to The Tribune from Athens says that Sig. Parbato, a Socialist member of the Italian Chamber of Deputies, in command of 100 Sicilian volunteers, has arrived there and sailed for Crete for service under the Greek Government.

Danish Volunteers.

London, March 3.—The Daily News will to-morrow publish a despatch from its Berlin correspondent, saying that a party of volunteers has been raised in Copenhagen for service in the Island of Crete and started to-day to join the Greek army there. The recruits were addressed by the Crown Prince just prior to their departure for Crete.

Gradual Withdrawal.

London, March 3.—The Post to-morrow will publish a despatch from Constantinople to a news agency here, saying that the collective note from the powers presented to the Porte yesterday mentions the gradual withdrawal of the Turkish troops from the Island of Crete, and suggests a military convention between the powers and the Porte for the settlement of the details. The despatch also says that negotiations are proceeding between the powers' representatives and the Porte regarding the appointment of a Governor for Crete, who, it is stated, the Porte insists shall be a Turkish subject.

Took the Oath.

Athens, March 3.—M. Metaxas, the newly appointed Minister of War, took the oath of office to-day.

Asking Anglicans for Help.

London, March 3.—A despatch from Athens to the Central News says the Greek Metropolitan has telegraphed to the Archbishop of Canterbury, invoking the support of the Anglican church for the Greek cause.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

President and Mrs. Cleveland last evening entertained President-elect and Mrs. McKinley at dinner in Washington.

Andrew Carnegie is reported seriously ill at his home in Greenwich, Conn., from an attack of pleurisy, though the physicians do not think his condition alarming.

President Cleveland is confined to his bed by an acute attack of rheumatism, and his physician orders him to remain there; otherwise he will be unable to participate in the inaugural proceedings.

Captain-General Weyler has issued an edict authorizing the Spanish troops, local guerillas and citizens to capture all stray cattle roaming in the fields and to use them for the consumption of the troops and residents of the towns.

Archbishop Begin of Quebec started for Rome on Monday night, and now it is announced that Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick will at once follow him to the Eternal City. Both go, it is said, in connection with the school settlement.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario, Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 120 Charlotte-st.

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BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1896.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every [illegible].

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having claims against the estate of WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Town of Peterborough, who died on or about the 31st day of January, 1897, are required on or before the First day of April, 1897, to deliver or send by post prepaid to the undersigned, GEO. RAWLINGS, Executor of the Estate, Peterborough, their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

GEO. RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.

Dated Feb. 18th, 1897. 5441

ALL THE LATEST
MUSIC Five Cents a Copy
VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.
Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.
IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
94 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.
Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
—AT THE—
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 30nod

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR:
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. 421

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Fine and moderately cold.

R. F.

Dress Making Department.
. . . NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.
Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.
New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.
Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ..... 15c worth 20c.
Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early,
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c to 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ⅝ border to match..... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ⅝ borders to match..... $1.25 worth $1.50
English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.
UMBRELLAS RE COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.
—:o:—
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
393 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 88. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215. Day or night.

Your Grocer

sells things for everybody's taste. If you're particular in your idea of what a Baking Powder should be, he will sell you

PURE GOLD

Baking Powder

nine times in ten. He knows it never fails to give satisfaction. IT'S PURE AS PURE GOLD.

Pure Gold Flavoring Extracts are Good Extracts.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,
413 George Street, Peterborough.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$841,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,030	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD,
Charlotte Street.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, catarrh and malaria.

Such Cures as This Prove Merit.

"My little nephew was a plump and healthy baby until a year and a half old, then sores broke out behind his ears and spread rapidly over his head, hands and body. A physician said the trouble was scrofula humor in the blood. The child became one complete sore. We had to restrain his hands to keep him from scratching the sores. We were induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time he had more life. He improved rapidly, his skin became entirely clear of sores and he is now a healthy child." MRS. FLORENCE ANDREWS, Clearfield, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897

PUBLIC BANQUETS.

The London Advertiser has been advancing some suggestions as to reforms that might be inaugurated in connection with public dinners. Some of the suggestions we have seen are of a very sensible character. Why should public dinners, the Advertiser asks, not begin at six o'clock so that they may be over at a seasonable hour. This question can only be answered in one way. There is no reason why this suggestion should not be acted on, and then the end would be reached at or before midnight instead of the fag end of the toast list dragging itself out until two or three in the morning, keeping the company waiting for the usual platitudes which usually characterize the closing toasts. Then again, our contemporary claims that "The Queen and all in authority," would be a sufficiently comprehensive toast to embrace at least half a dozen sentiments that now call forth several speeches, which in many cases would be dispensed with in order to give the toast of the evening its proper time and attention. These suggestions of the London paper are worthy of consideration, especially the changing of the hour to six or seven o'clock, the usual dining hour.

PRESIDENT Cleveland has vetoed the immigration bill, which embodied the alien labor legislation. President Cleveland's action was what would be expected from a man of breadth of mind and liberality of spirit. He was guilty of mistakes while he was President, but Grover Cleveland by his veto power has prevented some bad laws going on the American statute book.

IN the world there are 22,968 foreign mission stations altogether. To these stations 6,356 women are 5,219 men missionaries have been sent out by the various evangelical mission societies, making a total of 11,574. In addition to these there are 70,638 native helpers in the field. The number of converts is 1,557,688, and the amount spent in one year is $14,441,807. So says the Mid-Continent. Yet, while these figures look large, what are they in comparison to the work that is to be done, or to what the christian world is capable of doing if it desired.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

OAK HALL.

K B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Sallabury & Co's. 9d47

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MAJORITY DOWN TO 16

Conclusion of the Budget Debate in Toronto.

Messrs. Kerns and Marter and Dr. Willoughby Attack the Government With Characteristic Energy and Strong Effect—Patrons Nearly All Go With the Opposition—Mr. Marter Scores the Government on the Reckless Sales of Crown Lands and the Increase of Salaries—Bills, Notices and Enquiries.

Toronto, March 4.

The budget debate was resumed yesterday at the Legislature by Mr. Kerns of Halton. The surplus, he said, according to the Treasurer's own statement, and after deducting such liabilities as the $1,402,000 of railway certificates and $1,506,000 of annuities, was only $1,540,008. This was a great reduction from that bequeathed by the late Sandfield Macdonald Administration. It was claimed that the reduction was caused by withdrawals from capital account, due to the erection of public buildings, etc., but it had not been mentioned that capital account had been increased by sale of Crown lands, etc., to a much greater extent. The decrease in surplus could only be due to extravagance.

The scheme of taxing estates upon the death of the testator was a failure. It was becoming customary to avoid the duty by getting rid of the property before death. This rate should be greatly reduced if a larger revenue was to be derived.

It would be a great mistake to tax the banks and monetary institutions, as it was hinted by the Treasurer. Another unjust tax was that on insurance agents.

Regarding the new License Bill, the public press clearly showed how badly the temperance people were satisfied with it. The remarks concerning Mr. Marter's temperance principles were not endorsed by the people, who had more faith in them than they had in those of any member of the Government, particularly since the introduction of Hon. Mr. Harcourt's bill.

Mr. T. W. Chapple of North Ontario replied. He defended Sir Oliver Mowat against the charge of making promises to the temperance people and getting out of the Government in order to avoid carrying them out. Sir Oliver's record was too well known by the people to give credence to such arguments. He contended that the new County Councils Act was a popular one. It had saved the County of York alone $1000 in the past year.

Mr. Marter was obliged to the member for North Grey for his remarks about his backdown from temperance principles. The remarks were, no doubt, caused by his speech at the London election. The speaker explained that of the two candidates at the election, one was known to be a prohibitionist, while the other was not. The Reform temperance men had taken shelter in supporting the latter on Sir Oliver's pledge to introduce as full a measure of prohibition as the Privy Council's decision would allow. He (Mr. Marter) had said at the time that it was foolish for the Conservatives to make prohibition an issue until after that decision. He wished to say now, as he said then, that he had not swerved one jot or tittle from his principles as to prohibition. He had also said at the election that he was glad the liquor party had more confidence in the Conservative party than in their opponents, because of the unfulfilled promises of the latter as regards prohibition.

The sale of the Crown lands to derive revenue was on the same principle as that when a farmer sold so many acres of his farm each year to meet his expenses. Continuing, he argued that the annuities and railway certificates were liabilities, and thus left the Government with a debt, instead of surplus. Turning to the subject of public officials, he roasted Dr. Chamberlain, the Prison Inspector's, little extravagances in carrying a $10,000 life insurance policy at Government expense, and also for charging up sundry little traveling expenses. The system in vogue at Ottawa would not permit of such things. If every little detail were published in the Auditor-General's report, as was the case at Ottawa, they would be avoided in the local service. The amounts, it was true, were small, but the principle involved was a vital one. He would like to see the Ottawa system adopted by the Government.

The sum of $100,000 was spent annually on colonization roads, and the people did not know how it was spent. An Auditor-General's report should tell who was paid for work, how much, and for what. The total increase in the expenditure of all the departments between 1886 and 1896 was $228,185, and yet, although times were hard, salaries of Government officials were being raised. Some officials were not paid enough, but others were paid far too much. This should be remedied.

A surplus should mean cash which could be obtained within 24 hours' notice. The public accounts should be such as he who runs might read, but they were bungled up. While, for instance, the Treasurer excluded all liabilities not directly payable, yet he took care to mention every asset he could lay his hand upon. Yet, when discussing this question, and bringing out this point, some two years ago, the Minister of Agriculture had taken a polite way of calling him a "liar."

Analysing the surplus, he doubted if the $380,000 drainage debentures lent the municipalities would ever be paid back. As a Province, the only sum they could place their hands on was $616,000, which meant, when liabilities were taken into account and everything settled up on a cash basis, a deficit of $652,000.

In spite of the remarks to the contrary on the part of Government supporters, he affirmed that there was a feeling that politics were entering into the conduct of the Public Schools. He agreed with Prof. Goldwin Smith, who had urged that agriculture be taught in the High Schools, to prevent, in a measure, the influx of young men to the cities.

Concluding, the ex-leader of the Opposition hoped Hon. E. J. Davis would not go back on his temperance principles when he got to office, because it was by reason of them that he got there. Speaking for himself, Mr. Marter said he was prepared to support any measure of the Government tending to prohibition.

Mr. Jacob Baxter of Haldimand thought the fact that the succession duty was imposed in so many different countries was evidence that the act was a good one. The expenditure in connection with the Central Prison was objected to, but the Opposition forgot that the late Sandfield Macdonald Government had proposed to have three such prisons. The Opposition accused the Government of selling Crown lands, but forgot that Sandfield Macdonald had inaugurated that system.

The debate was continued at the evening session by Mr. Whitney, who, in replying to the charge that the Opposition had changed its position upon the Succession Duties Act, declared that they stood exactly where it had alway stood, viz., that it was a strange and abnormal method of raising revenue which had been resorted to by the Government in view of the rapidly increasing expenditure and stationary or falling revenue. If the necessity for an abnormal method was admitted there was not, perhaps, any source of taxation which would do less harm and bear less upon poor people, than the succession duties. Many of the public institutions for the establishment of which the Government claimed credit, had been instituted by the Sandfield Macdonald Government.

He congratulated the Hon. the Provincial Treasurer upon having been the first gentleman occupying that position who had told the people of the Province that the Government had borrowed money and was a debtor for money borrowed; that the statements of the Opposition in this respect were correct. This admission would be a surprise to 90 out of 100 of the electors of the Province, who had refused to believe the statement that a Provincial debt was being piled up. The expenditure had, year by year, been increasing, and for some years past they had deficits; that for this year being a very large one. The time had arrived for the Government to consider what course should be pursued in the future to alter such a state of affairs, and to minimize the deficit. This increase was attributed to the fact that the Government had departed from the simple, inexpensive form of government which had been indicated for the Province by the founders of Confederation. Hon. gentlemen had taken credit for the administration of the license law. He had personally stood in an hotel in a Scott Act County and witnessed the sale of liquor publicly and openly over the bar, and this occurred within a stone's throw of the Government Inspector's house. He accepted the challenge of hon. gentlemen opposite to give an instance where the money of the Province had been improperly applied, and quoted the case where it was proved upon the floor of the House that money had, without the authority of the Legislature, been handed over to Upper Canada College and Sir Oliver Mowat had been compelled to admit that the Government had acted irregularly.

Anticipating the remarks of the Minister of Education, who was to follow him, the speaker denied that the Opposition were attacking the High Schools. In 1895 and again in '96, he had brought before the House the desirability of proportioning the expenditures upon education more in accordance with the requirements and necessities of the masses, and that the scope of the Public schools should be enlarged. The High schools of Ontario are, he declared, par excellence for the poor man, and upon that platform the Opposition now stands, as it has stood in the past.

The speaker then turned his attention to the utterances of the Attorney-General at London and Owen Sound, which, he declared, were derogatory to the dignity of the Premier of the Province, calculated to debase the standard of politics and exercised a demoralizing influence upon the party press.

Hon. G. W. Ross congratulated the leader of the Opposition upon the wonderful canter in which he had ridden upon his first outing, and predicted for him an honorable career in his new sphere. He admitted that the hon. gentlemen opposite had offered valuable suggestions, but he denied that they had formulated a policy for the Government. He also denied that they were entitled to credit for having originated the continuation classes. He defended the Attorney-General's appeals to the electorate at London and Owen Sound on the ground that he could not consistently ask them to vote in favor of the Opposition. Referring to the motion placed upon the order paper by Mr. Garrow, that the servants and permanent employes of the Province should not actively participate in Provincial or Dominion election campaigns, or become candidates for municipal councillors, he stated that it would receive his cordial support.

The sooner the civil service of the country, irrespective of Provincial or Dominion control, realizes that it is the servant of the whole people, and not of any political party, the better it will be. The Government is well able to defend itself without looking to these officials for assistance. But hon. gentlemen opposite should understand that they live in glass houses in this respect.

Taking up the financial question, the Government would not, he said, deny that the expenditure had increased, but not, he contended, in greater proportion than the growth of the Province warranted. He defended his own department from the attacks of the Opposition, and asserted that there were fewer examinations and at less cost than when he assumed charge, and also that the number of pupils had largely increased, and the standard had been raised. He admitted that there is a falling off in the number of pupils studying agriculture in the Public Schools, but attributed it to the growing distaste for farm life and the inducements to young people to enter industrial pursuits. There had been no discrimination against Public in favor of High Schools, and the Educational Department was not, he declared, in any sense a political department, but Ontario had an ideal system, which was being copied by other countries.

Dr. Willoughby, in a brief speech, arraigned the Government for its shortcomings in placing the Succession Duties and County Councils Acts upon the statute book, measures which were generally condemned by the electorate; also for their hypocrisy in assuming that it was at the request of the temperance people that they took over the license system. He moved: "That this House regrets to observe the steady increase in the Provincial expenditure, and also regrets that the present value of the indebtedness for annuities and railway aid certificates does not appear in the statement of liabilities of the Province, over and above which a surplus is declared."

Hon. Mr. Harcourt declared the amendment was a vote of want of confidence, and that there had not been one single argument adduced by the Opposition to justify any former supporter of the Government in withdrawing his support. He also made a special appeal to the independent members of the House to support the Government.

Col. Matheson could not see any ground upon which the Government had any reason to expect the support of the House. With a deficit of $620,000 staring it in the face this year, the Government had made no effort to reduce the expenditure, so as to place the financial affairs of the Province upon a satisfactory basis.

The members were then called in, and the vote upon the amendment resulted as follows:

Yeas—Beatty (Lb), Brower, Bush, Carnegie, Crawford, Dynes, Fallis, Gamey, Gurd, Haycock, Hiscott, Howland, Kerns, Kidd, Langford, Little, McCallum, McDonald, McLaren, McNaughton, McNeil, McNichol, Magwood, Marter, Matheson, Meacham, Preston, Reid (Addington), Reid (Durham), Ryerson, St. John, Shore, Tucker, Whitney, Willoughby—35.

Nays—Auld, Barr, Baxter, Beatty (Parry Sound), Bennett, Biggar, Blezard, Burt, Campbell, Carpenter, Chapple, Charlton, Cleland, Conmee, Craig, Dana, Davis, Dickenson, Dryden, Farwell, Ferguson, Field, Platt, Garrow, German, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Harcourt, Hardy, Harty, Hobbs, Macnish, McKay (Oxford), McKay (Victoria), McLean, McPherson, Middleton, Moore, Mutrie, O'Keefe, Pardo, Paton, Patullo, Richardson, Robertson, Robillard, Ross, Smith, Stratton, Taylor, Truax—51.

Pairs: Hon. Mr. Bronson and Miscampbell, McKee and Hagarty, Loughrin and Currie.

During the greater part of the debate, Mr. Haycock, the Patron leader, was sitting on the Government side of the House chatting with Hon. J. M. Gibson. Before the division took place he crossed the floor to his own seat, and, with 10 of his followers, voted for the amendment. Two only of the Patrons voted with the Government, one was paired with a Government supporter, and another (Mr. Caven) was absent. The two independent members voted with the Opposition.

San Francisco, March 3.—The Supreme Court this afternoon filed a decision denying a new trial to Theodore Durant, the murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams.

AN ACTIVE DAY.

President Elect McKinley Received a Large Number of Callers and Dined With Col. Hay at Night.

Washington, March 3.—The President-elect passed a very active day. He received a large number of callers and made a formal visit to the White House and took dinner to-night with Col. John Hay.

Major McKinley's most important callers from a political point of view this morning were Messrs. Platt, Bliss and Hanna. Mr. Hanna and Mr. Bliss met at breakfast and had a long talk about the New York situation. Mr. Bliss, who had steadily and stoutly declined, up to that time, to reconsider his determination not to become a member of the Cabinet, finally agreed to do so, and authorized Mr. Hanna to say to Major McKinley that he would accept the position of Secretary of the Interior if it were offered him. Mr. Hanna went over to the Ebbitt House at once. In a short time Mr. Bliss was summoned, and a few moments later Mr. Platt. A full, frank discussion followed, and then Mr. Bliss was offered a portfolio in the Cabinet of Major McKinley. He will be Secretary of the Interior, unless ex-Governor Long of Massachusetts should indicate a willingness to take that place, and if he does, Mr. Bliss will probably become Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. Platt and Mr. Bliss understand each other thoroughly, and it is said they will be jointly consulted about all important New York appointments. The Republican leaders here express great satisfaction over the appointment of Mr. Bliss.

They Wish Him Well.

London, March 3.—The Standard to-morrow, in an article on the incoming administration at Washington, will say: "There is every disposition in this country to judge President McKinley favorably and to wish him success. On the whole, his Cabinet promises fairly well. Its most doubtful member, unhappily the one with whom foreign countries will be brought most directly in contact, has been both aggressive and moderate in foreign affairs, and it is to be hoped that the latter influence now prevails with him."

HE DIED A CATHOLIC.

Henry Lacroix Joined the Spiritualists, But Repented on His Deathbed—Spirit Band Wanted to Bury Him.

Montreal, March 3.—(Special.)—Henry Lacroix was a spiritualist, living on Urbain-street, and consequently wandered away from his mother Church of Rome. Before he died, however, Mr. Lacroix was visited by a Sulpician priest and his family gave out that he had returned to his first love and died a good Catholic. The breath, however, had scarcely left his body when a crowd of Montreal spiritualists, of whom there are said to be 7000 among the French-Canadians alone, invaded the death chamber, and demanded their brother's remains. Mrs. Palmer, daughter of the deceased, having objected, the spiritualists remonstrated, saying that the spirit community would have a great deal to answer for if the body of their late brother slipped out of their hands. "He was not a brother," replied the daughter, "he died a Catholic," and up to a late hour this evening Mrs. Palmer held the fort and the body, too, to the discomfiture of the spirit band.

LEAVE A CLEAN SHEET.

The Officials of Cleveland's Administration Will Leave the House in Order for Their Successors.

Washington, March 3.—President McKinley's Cabinet officers will find all work in their various departments finished up to date. The State Department has had a rush of business relating to Cuban affairs, but the business of the department is in shape to be turned over to the new incumbent immediately.

Secretary Lamont will return to New York and settle down to private life.

Secretary Francis, of the Interior Department will return to Missouri and resume his law practice.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert has decided to begin the practice of law in this city and will make his permanent home here.

Eternal Vigilance.

"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." It is the price of everything worth having.

It is the price of life itself. A man needn't be always looking for danger, afraid that something will happen to him; but a wise man will form a habit of care about the important things of life.

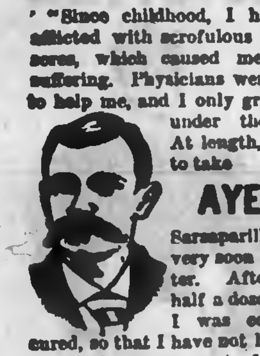
It isn't half so much trouble to take care of yourself as it is not to. A man who follows regular, healthy habits, feels good all the time. Life is worth living to him. But a man who "don't want to bother" with taking care of himself has more pain and misery crowded into one day than a good healthy, hearty man who lives right would ever know of in a whole year.

When a man's stomach is out of order, and his digestion don't work; when his liver gets to be sluggish and won't clear the bile out of his blood, it is time for him to look out for himself. He gets no nourishment out of his food. His blood gets thicker and thicker with impurities. His nerves get irritated. He loses energy and fighting force.

He may say, "I can stand it, I will feel better to-morrow;" but the chances are he will feel worse to-morrow and worse still next day. He ought to put himself right at once. He needs Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is made for just this condition. It rouses up the digestive and nutritive organs, and gives them power to extract from the food all the nutritious elements and transform them into rich, nourishing blood. It enables the liver to cleanse out all bilious impurities and pour into the circulation an abundance of highly vitalized blood, full of the life-giving red corpuscles which build up healthy flesh, muscular strength and nerve-energy. It does not make flabby flesh. It is the only suitable tonic and strength-builder for corpulent people.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897

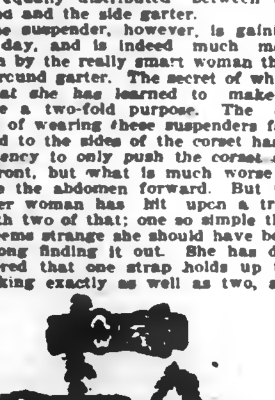
CLASPS AND BUCKLES.

Suspenders Have Almost Done Away With the Elastic Circle.

Take a look at the latest creations in garter clasps and buckles. Even in these trinkets are represented all the designs that have of late characterised the more important departments of art. The combination of silver gilt with blue and white enamel in the quaint Delft figures is among the very newest things in garter buckles, the white silk elastic being clasped with the most unique little landscapes or figures in a filigreed gold frame. Not only is the round garter thus ornamented, but the same fascinating decorations are applied to the side suspenders. As these are of sterling silver with triple gilt plate, and the best of porcelain, they are a possession for all time.

Of course those who can afford to be truly elegant pass by these ingenious and pretty devices, and indulge in the solid gold or jeweled buckles, and the number and beauty of these designs would seem to indicate that there are many such. The four-leafed clover, with perhaps a diamond in the center, and the fleur de lis are very favorite designs in gold, or just a plain gold square with a glittering diamond here and there may prove sufficiently alluring, if not perhaps a scroll of red enamel with a gold border and a brilliant diamond in the center may do. These range all the way from $30 to $60 and are equally distributed between the round and the side garter.

The suspender, however, is gaining the day, and is indeed much more worn by the really smart woman than the round garter. The secret of which is that she has learned to make it serve a two-fold purpose. The old way of wearing these suspenders fastened to the sides of the corset has a tendency to only push the corset out in front, but what is much worse to force the abdomen forward. But the clever woman has hit upon a trick worth two of that; one so simple that it seems strange she should have been so long finding it out. She has discovered that one strap holds up the stocking exactly as well as two, and



ORIENTAL GARTERS.

this she wears fastened to the front of her corset, just back of the steel, the effect of which is to press the abdomen back. Broad bands of elastic with strong fastenings at either end come ready to be worn in this way; but there is a scheme even better than that which any woman can make for herself. Take a rather wide piece of silk elastic, and encase it in two pieces of ribbon stitched together and of the length of the elastic when stached to its utmost limit. Stitch one end of this to the corset just back of the steel. In the other end work two strong eyelids, or better still, have two corset eyelets clamped in, through which to pass a yard of ribbon. Then sew a loop of wash ribbon attached to the elastic and tie in a dainty bow.

This is exceedingly pretty in effect, holds the stocking absolutely secure, and keeps an obtrusive abdomen in place. If it needs anything more to recommend it, let it be said that such an arrangement has just been put upon a corset the exact counterpart of the $200 one worn by the Duchess of Marlborough at her wedding. Of course, the eyelets in this case were of gold, as were the eyelets and hooks of the corset; but this is fortunately not absolutely necessary to the perfect security of the stocking.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

FREAKS OF FASHION.

ELLEN OSBORN TELLS OF THE GOWNS AT MONTE CARLO.

Gay Gowns as They Are Worn by Pretty Women—Where Rich Opera Dresses Jostle Tailor Gowns—A Curious Mixture of Models and Morals.

(Special Correspondence.)

Nice, France.—I did not expect to find all the nobility of Europe at Monte Carlo, nor yet to get a snap shot at despair on the verge of suicide; but still the utter commonplace that was everything I saw at first was a disappointment. The shop-worn look of the people at the roulette tables was the more distressing because Monaco's palm gardens, fountains and terraces had proved quite as paradisical in fact as in the French novel. So it was with the great halls of the casino, with their magnificent proportions and sumptuous decorations. These were equal to the most hysterical of the many descriptions, and deserved quite another set of inhabitants than the rusty men and tired, elderly women who sat at the long tables making their stakes at the

IN THE CASINO AT MONTE CARLO.

monotonous call "Faites vos jeu, messieurs," with the dull patience of plodding industry. There was no more romance about these gamblers, chronics who play all day long, making small gains and losses on a small capital, than about wrinkled ballet dancers cast for nymphs and fairies.

This was early in the evening. People who had money were still at dinner. Later, things grew better, from the spectacular standpoint. The great hotels, the restaurants and the evening trains by 9 o'clock had emptied their crowds into the majestic salle des fetes, and men and women of more sleek and prosperous look were promenading by twos and threes or drifting into the reading-rooms of the salles de jeu. The fossils were thrown into shadow, but the assemblage remained a curiously mixed one as to its clothes.

There were men in evening dress and men in traveling costume. There were women in rich velvets and with bare white shoulders and women in tailor gowns. There would be great emeralds glinting from the blonde hair of one's neighbor on the right, while one's left-hand neighbor kept her locks covered under a big hat with plumes. Demi-toilet or theatre dress was the most usual, but no manner of dress could be said to prevail. A majority of the women dressed well, a few overdressed, some were clothed sumptuously.

Women almost outnumbered men at the roulette tables, where the stakes may be low. Men had four out of five seats at treute et quarante, where they must be high. The most interesting woman I saw did not go near the tables the entire evening. She had more fascinating business than gambling on hand. She sat on a couch in a recess where the light was shaded, engaged in a desperate flirtation. Her partner was a man of military look, young and fairly prepossessing. The girl was piquant in face and knew how to manoeuvre her hat plumes. She wore a simple but uncommonly fresh and effective dress of powder-blue silk, with plain skirt and blouse bodice, yoke of exquisite lace and triple collar of three shades of rose velvet. This collar took the form of a skeleton jacket, its three folds upon the shoulders tapering in front until just a line reached the waist on either side. Disappearing under the narrow belt of draped velvet, the jacket skeleton reappeared in three tails, which lay against the skirt about the hips, giving a little fulness to the figure in that region. A little turban hat of rose velvet was trimmed with rosettes of lace and sweeping black plumes. Now the girl would bob her head so that the long feathers darted down to touch her cheek, and now she would give a quick turn to the side to make them brush in turn the face of her companion. Prettier sport than roulette but just as dangerous, maybe.

Even when things were at their liveliest some tables were comparatively empty, while people were three deep about others. At one of the crowded tables a conspicuous figure was a tall woman, who stood motionless, as if she neither saw the rain of coins nor heard the clink of piece against piece as the couplers raked them in. She had not removed her wrap and her regal cloak of old rose velvet swept the floor and made a blot of rich color in the throng. Its broad collar of ermine fell low upon her shoulders and turned back from the open front in revers to show a vest of velvet of a darker rose shade. The revers of ermine crossed at the waist, that from the right shoulder reaching in a broad sweep well down on the left side. The large sleeves had deep ermine cuffs, and a border of ermine nearly a foot in width gave swing and stiffness to the hem. A flaring collar of lace came up to the lady's dark hair and framed her pale, dark face, which was still and expressionless, as if she were either bored or waiting.

At the same table and watching the roll of the ball with the open interest of novices sat two quite young women. Each had pencil and paper for the jotting down of numbers as if in some amateurish effort to play a system. The prettier of the two was a curly-headed blonde in a dress of fine velvet cloth with blouse of white embroidered chiffon. Over the blouse was an odd little figaro of velvet silk, cut up in points in front and edged with an embroidery of pearls. Epaulettes from the figaro came over the sleeves which were close-fitting affairs of violet and pale pink brocade. Heavy ruches of lace threaded with narrow velvet ribbons finished neck and wrists, and at the waist was a broad, folded belt of violet and pink ribbon.

The second player, who was a little nervous over her losses, could not have been above 20. She was gowned in creamy brown cloth of a very delicate tone. Her blouse of soft yellow silk showed under the square-cornered jacket of the skirt material, which turned back in front in square revers faced with brown silk and ornamented with lace rosettes set on like big buttons. Handkerchiefs of lace came from under the flat collar and fell over the bosom. The belt standing collar had huge lace rosettes for decorations. Behind the two young women, not playing, but observing their play, a handsome man of 30 or threabouts loitered till they should have done.

A beautiful Russian, beautiful at least in the evening, passed from table to table, a cavalier at either hand. She was not young, but her figure was at its best and she used her rouge with the skill of an artist. She was in evening dress and very richly robed. Her skirt was of pale green velvet with a panel in front of white spangled tulle. This panel was bordered with sable fur. A low tulle bodice brocaded with white and gold. Very large brocade epaulettes fell over short puffed velvet sleeves. Epaulettes and bolero were edged with sable. A ruche of black lace and fur headed the bodice to complete the square cut of the decoletage. There was a pointed belt of black velvet embroidered with pearls. The lady wore pearls at her throat and pearls in her hair. She had strolled in to the salles de jeu from the opera giver in the same building as one of the Casino's attractions.

So I fancy had most of the other women who were in full dress array.

A pretty pink frock was one of the most noticeable. It was of a soft silk that hung the better for the four ruffles with which the skirt was trimmed. They were very full ruffles edged with black velvet. The low bodice was finished with a scarf of white tulle draped about the shoulders like a bertha. Three ruffles of the silk fell from below the bertha, making wide shoulder epaulettes, but narrowing in front under a bow of pink ribbon on the bosom. Long white gloves and a white fan were dainty accessories.

A woman who won quite steadily though not largely for the time I stood behind her was more tastefully dressed than almost any one else I saw. She had a skirt of silver gray silk brocaded with black, and with long sash ends of black ribbon. She wore a draped bodice of black velvet with brocade sleeves. The sleeve epaulettes came down to form narrow bolero fronts edged with lace. A wide and exquisite lace made a flaring collar.

Most of the women were good losers. And they needed to be, for they practiced saying good-by to their 5-franc pieces every time the ball went round. I heard one woman say that she had played three evenings. The first night she lost 50 francs, the second 250 francs, the third 770. This seemed to have satisfied her, for she took no seat while I was in her neighborhood. She had not so much as left her muff in the cloak-room, but stood holding it in a pretty red brown dress with square figaro jacket, from which two flaring collars of ruby velvet came up above her ears. A fichu of lace showed under the figaro, and the skirt was trimmed with black silk braid.

I meant to say something about the men. But, after all, it was the scene that was of interest, and not the individuals; the crowd, made up of all sorts and conditions of people, under the brilliant lights and in those magnificent halls bent upon the wretchedest business human wit has devised. For me I liked it better out in the moonlight within sound of the sea.

ELLEN OSBORN.

The Great Apple Crop.

The largest of the estimates made months ago of last year's enormous apple crop on this continent have been more than verified as far as verification is possible. The crop was by far the greatest ever known. A peculiarity of many of the apples of this great crop, says the New York Sun, is that they have ripened after picking more rapidly than apples usually do. Many apples are as ripe now as they ordinarily would be on March 1, and this condition of things exists all over the United States and Canada. Greenings especially have ripened and scalded so that it has been necessary to crowd many of them on the market in advance of the time for which they were held. For example, any greenings that had been held for February have been put on the market and sold.

The stock of apples in growers' and dealers' hands is still very heavy, but the tremendous consumption, due to the great supply and low prices, especially in the west and southwest, has cleaned up to a considerable degree the supplies put away last fall, and caused a renewal of inquiry. There is said to be now a favorable prospect for a more satisfactory sale of the remainder of apples held throughout the country.

Substantially the same state of affairs exists in Europe. There the apple crop last fall was smaller than usual, but the exports to Europe from American ports have been far greater than usual, and they have continued large; the markets there have been overstocked at times, and some American shipments have resulted in loss to the shipper, the proceeds not covering cost of shipment. Extremely low prices have, however, helped in Europe as here to close up stocks, and there is now a renewed inquiry for apples from the United Kingdom and from continental ports. A very extensive receiver and shipper of American apples said that this might result in such increase of shipments as to bring about another glut in European markets; but it was thought that of apples hardy enough to export the supplies remaining are not so great as to make it impossible for European markets to take at reasonable prices the quantities that will be sent. The exports of apples last week from the United States and Canada amounted to about 75,000 barrels, of which between 30,000 and 40,000 barrels were shipped from Halifax.

Train Stopped by an Eel.

That famous fast train of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the "flyer," due in Bath, N.Y., at 5.15 o'clock, came into the station five minutes late a few evenings ago, and it is probable that in all the history of railroading no train was ever delayed by cause so singular.

The train was in charge of Peter Fairbanks, conductor, and was drawn by engine No. 30, in charge of John Evans. Before reaching Corning both the engineer and fireman noticed that it was impossible to keep up the necessary steam. They found that little water was in the boiler, and on investigating found that something prevented the passage of water from the tank through the pipe into the boiler.

The train was stopped near Corning and the pipe detached, in order to remove the obstruction. Imagine the surprise and amazement of the engineer to find in the pipe a huge eel, which so completely obstructed the passage that scarcely any water could get from the tank to the boiler. The eel was alive and unhurt.—Susquehanna (Pa.) Correspondence New York Press.

The Useful Egg.

According to the Medical Record eggs are useful in the following applications: A mustard plaster made with the white of an egg will not leave a blister; a raw egg taken immediately, will carry down a fish bone that cannot be extracted; the white skin that lines the shell is a useful application to a boil; white of egg, beaten up with loaf sugar and lemon, relieves hoarseness, a teaspoonful taken once every hour; an egg in the morning cup of coffee is a good tonic; a raw egg, with the yolk unbroken, in a glass of wine, is beneficial for convalescents.

Thinks it Will be Ratified

New York, March 3.—The Venezuelan Minister at Washington, Jose Andrade, is sojourning in this city. In an interview to-day expressed himself as pleased with the results of the efforts made by the United States to arrange for the settlement by arbitration of the dispute between his country and England. He had no fears, he said, but that the Venezuelan Congress would ratify the arbitration treaty. Senor Andrade spoke in high praise of President Cleveland's efforts in helping to bring about arbitration. A bust of President Cleveland, he said, had been erected in a town near Caracas, named Miranda.

A Quick Deduction.

"This boat seems pretty cranky. Is she perfectly safe for two?"

"Married or single?"

"Married."

"Yep."

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

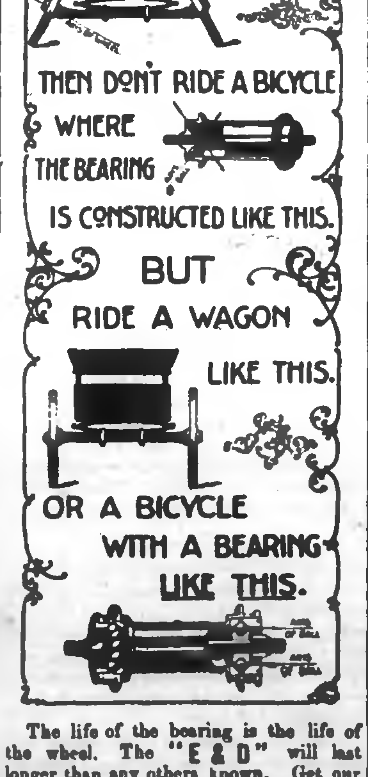
a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY,
AGENT.

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YOU TASTED IT AT THE WORLD'S FAIR........

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

You can get it now from your Grocer.

Ask him for a 10 cent package and try it again.

Sold in lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers

Do No Experimenting!

Experiments in matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger h a i a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

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Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Stock)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5

And continuing until the whole Stock is turned into Cash, at

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Having purchased the above well known stock of high-class ***Dress Goods, Trimmings, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Underwear and Corsets, Millinery, Mantles, Carpets, Curtains and General Staple Dry Goods***, at the very low figure of 61 cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost, and by selling it in our own store at no extra expense for rent or heating or extra help, we are in a position to sell this stock and have decided to offer it at from 25 to 30 per cent. less than the regular wholesale cost of the goods.

You all know that as Mr. Hall was in business but a short time, that there is really no old stock, but on the contrary every article in this stock is of a high-class character, well bought and selected with excellent taste.

WE WANT TO TURN IT INTO CASH AT ONCE and will make the prices do the selling. You make it a point to make a note of this and be on hand FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, AT 9 A.M.

THIS STOCK is large, and space will only admit mentioning a few lines, but rest assured we have not bought this stock to keep it. IT MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE to make room for our new goods. This is a chance to get goods 25c. on the Dollar less than wholesale prices. THIS IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE BEST BANKRUPT STOCK EVER OFFERED TO A BUYING PUBLIC, and GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

THE SALE COMMENCES ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, and CONTINUES UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

The Place is 130, 132 and 134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Berlin Wools

This Week, only 6c. oz.

Draping Material,
Wall Papers,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades.

The above lines have been bought very cheap and if you want a bargain come at once

—TO—

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
370 GEORGE ST.

If you think

That it would be a desirable thing to place in your home a

PIANO

The first questions that naturally present themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

128 Yonge Street, Toronto

TYPE WRITERS THE "EMPIRE" Latest and Best.

HALF THE PRICE OF OTHERS.

The name of the manufacturers is a guarantee of its quality. Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd. Montreal, P.Q.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Sheet Music Sale Continued.

The Peterborough Music Co., old stand, have decided to sell until further notice at 5c per copy Handicap, King Cotton, El Capitan, 20th Century and McKinley Two-steps New songs at same price. d50tf

You should not fail to see the beautiful new spring dress robes Turnbull is showing. 2d531w

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Boys for Farmers.

A party of boys is expected at Marchmont Home, Belleville, early in April. The ages will be from 7 to 14. Some are for adoption and the older ones for wages. They are bright, healthy lads, willing and anxious to please those who adopt or hire them. Applications with minister's reference may be sent to Rev. Robert Wallace, Marchmont Home, Belleville.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 304 George-st. d45

A Coming Lecture

Mr John A Paterson, of the law firm of Kerr, Macdonald, Davidson & Paterson, Toronto, will lecture here in the Y M C A hall on Tuesday, March 9th, at 8 p m., under the auspices of the Natural Science Association. Mr Paterson's subject will be "The Scriptures of the Sky," which is indicated in the following synopsis:—1, the scale upon which the universe is built; 2, the plurality of worlds; 3, condition of life bearing planets; 4, Mars down to date; 5, the meteorites of 1899; 6, the moon and unsolved problems of astronomy. An invitation is extended to all to be present. There will be an admission fee charged and all are welcome. 3d

The Boy's Brigade Concert

The St Luke's Boy's Brigade gave a very successful concert in the church school house Tuesday night. Lt Col H C Rogers presided and in his few opening remarks commended the boy's brigade to the members of the congregation. He also gave the boys some good advice. The principle features of the programme was an address of "The Storming of Sebastapool," by Mr K Mark, and recitations by Master Holden Blackwell, including by request "The Charge of the Light Brigade." Other numbers of the programme were an instrumental solo by Miss Lizzie Scott, a vocal duet by Misses Maud and Bella Long, a mouth organ solo by Sidney Tivey and a recitation by Clarence Batcher.

A Funy and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

MERCHANTS WILL NOTICE THE CHANGE.

THE RAILROADS' ORDER IN REGARD TO MARKET DAY FEES.

Full Fares Will Decrease the Saturday Traffic to Town—What Some Merchants Say.

To Peterborough the placing of the railroad fares on Saturday back to the every day rate will occasion a visible decrease in the size of the Saturday market and probably the Saturday sales in the business establishments. The action, of course, is condemned by business men and the Board of Trade will likely meet to discuss the course that should be taken on the matter.

Smaller towns hail with delight the new order of things, for the cheap market day fares have attracted customers away from them to

LARGE TOWNS,

where special inducements to purchase goods are offered. But of course each gentleman looks at the matter from his own standpoint and how it effects his business.

A Norwood citizen—a business man—overheard a REVIEW reporter asking a local gentleman his opinion of the change, and he stated to the scribe that so sure as the G P R yielded to any pressure to replace the Saturday rates, then Norwood people would do all their shipping at Hastings.

"Well," remarked the reporter "the G T R will give the cheap fares as soon as the C P R," nevertheless the Norwoodian maintained they would go to Hastings, likely to spite the C P R.

MR R HALL'S OPINION.

Mr Richard Hall, of the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co., while allowing the rates attracted a large number to town on Saturdays that possibly would not come here otherwise, thought that from a common sense view the action of the railroad companies was just, and though it might injure Peterborough's trade, it would assist other places. It would shut out Toronto, said Mr Hall, from drawing crowds from towns and villages within a radius of 50 miles of the city, which would be a boon to the merchants in the former places. "But" said Mr Hall "while the people from a distance will not come to town so often they will however take a trip every two or three weeks and make larger purchases." Evidently Mr Hall was hopeful that the change would have no very noticeable effect.

Mr B Shortly, president of the Board of Trade, Mr Alex Gibson and Mr E F Mason declared the cheap rates had drawn traffic from distant points to the town, some of them doing business with persons at Burketon and Myrtle—nearly fifty miles west, every Saturday

A CROWD CAME

from Millbrook and Omemee, Norwood and other centres and these would be greatly lessened by the change.

Mr. R. B. McKee maintained that the railroads would lose as well as the merchants by the change. People would not drive eight, ten or nineteen miles to town and could not afford to pay full fare.

It is well known that the number of passengers on the Grand Junction, Lakefield branch, Midland and C P R every Saturday was extensive, and if the old rate is not again put on the lists the company as well as the town will lose, and one merchant remarked that it would have the effect of driving trade to the departmental stores through mail orders. Another citizen remarked that the people in the outside towns were eager to do their trade in the larger cities where the prices were lower, but if any opposition was raised it was by the merchants.

LENTEN ADDRESS.

The First of the Series at St. John's Church Delivered by Rev. E. V. Stevenson.

The first of the Wednesday evening Lenten addresses at St. John's church was delivered last evening by Rev. E. V. Stevenson, the attendance being fair. Mr. Stevenson took as his text the words:

For what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world and lose his own soul? or what shall a man give in exchange for his soul.—St. Matthew xvi, 26.

The speaker began by alluding to the value put upon life in the world. In the business world the worth of men was discussed from the point of dollars and cents, and in comparison with the Vanderbilts and Astors they would be worth nothing. But this was the wrong estimate. They found men willing to relinquish their wealth for position and power, but they would always be willing to give their money for life. So the valuation of life with wealth was erroneous. Men they knew would exchange life for honor, duty and glory, but there were few things they placed a higher estimate upon than life itself. That being the case, how much value would they place upon the life that belonged to them? If they desired to obtain that life, they must acquire the circumstances that would give it. Let no one say that he had not time. They should make time and not rob their soul of that which belonged to it by right. There shall come a time if they did not do so now when they would wish for further time, but then it would be denied them. In this season of Lent, God asked them to retire from the storms and tempests of life, to come beside Jesus, where they would be happy. It was to their advantage to draw near to Jesus. Lay the foundation during Lent. Christ was able to give all and fill all the deficiencies in their life. He urged them to endeavor to give themselves earnestly and faithfully to the accomplishment of this life. Now was the time when they should sow the seed for the life eternal.

A RAILROAD TO APSLEY

Forty or Fifty Miles of Road From Lakefield North Would Give the Connection

A correspondent from Apsley writes to the REVIEW and expresses an anxiety that a railroad should be constructed through that section of the country to connect with the Irondale and Bancroft road that has now been taken over by the Grand Trunk. To do this, he says "would only be about forty or fifty miles from Lakefield, and would go through a country rich in minerals and where there is lots of valuable timber yet, especially fire wood." He continues "that he does not understand why this part of the country is and always has been ignored. The Trent Valley canal will do us no good whatever," he concludes.

There is no doubt that it would mean much for that section of country and its development if such connection was made, and it would also mean something to Peterborough, as it would allow the town to tap a large section of country, which may owing to its mineral wealth become of more importance than is at present anticipated.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LEE-ENFIELD RIFLE.

Sergt.-Major Peters Receives Instructions at Kingston—Its Superior Points.

Sergt.-Major Peters, of the 57th Battalion, has returned from Kingston, where he had been receiving instructions on the new Lee-Enfield rifle recently introduced into the Canadian militia. He was at Fort Henri and received the instructions from Sergeant Instructor Groves.

The Lee-Enfield rifle replaces the Snider, and the Sergeant-Major declares it to be very complicated, but superior in many respects to the Snider. The principal points are that it will fire further, is more accurate and will fire more rapidly. It is a magazine rifle and will discharge nine rounds consecutively. The powder used is smokeless. The bullet is filled with 60 strings or thirty grains of cordite, and the bullet moves with such force that it will penetrate through the bones of a man's body without the least difficulty.

The 57th's supply will reach here as soon as the old rifles are returned to Kingston and drill will commence shortly after.

ASHBURNHAM SCHOOL BOARD.

The March Meeting and the Business Transacted.

A regular meeting of the Ashburnham School Board was held Tuesday evening. There were present Messrs. Adams, chairman, Agnew, Maniece, Sheridan and Pollock.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The Headmaster's report for February was read and received. The attendance was as follows:

	On roll	Ave.	
Miss Erskine's room	43	34	80 p c
" Dawson's, room 44		38	84 ..
" Fitzgerald'sroom	33	30	92 ..
" Stevenson's room	41	38	93 ..
Mr. Matchett's room	47	45	95 ..
	208	185	89

Accounts were received as appended:

T B Maniece, 1 cord wood	$ 3 00
Joseph Manly 2½ cords wood, $2.60	6 50
M McNicholl, 6 cords wood	12 50
M Boyler, 4 bottles ink	2 00
A Hall, furnace	205 00
Total	$235 00

Moved by Mr Sheridan, seconded by Mr Maniece,—That the accounts as read be paid.—Carried.

Meeting then adjourned.

SECURED BY A LIBERAL.

Mr. Jas. Crowe, Will Carry the Mails From Warsaw to Peterborough.

Mr. Donald McIntosh, who has carried the mails between Warsaw and Peterborough daily for eight or ten years, is a victim of the Hon. Mr. Mulock's administration of the postal department.

Before the end of the year tenders were asked for the carrying of the mails to Peterborough from several points, though the contract term, four years, had not expired. Mr. McIntosh communicated with the department and inquired the cause for this action and was informed that the Minister had decided to ask for new tender in cases where the time of contract had been extended without calling for tenders.

Mr. McIntosh tendered again, but it is learned that Mr. Jos Crowe, of Dummer, a good Liberal, was the successful applicant.

The ladies of Peterborough have now an excellent opportunity to replenish their stock of linens, towellings, sheetings, tickings, cottons, etc., at away down prices by visiting the sale of wholesale bankrupt stock at Turnbull's. 2d53 1w

IN SOUTHERN EUROPE.

Rev. J. C. Davidson and Mrs. Davidson Enjoying Their Tour in the Old World.

Rev. E. V. Stevenson, curate of St. John's, has received a very interesting letter from Rev. J. C. Davidson, who is touring through southern Europe with Mrs. Davidson.

The letter is dated at Rome, February 13th. Mr. Davidson states they had a good passage on a magnificent steamer, the North German Lloyd, to Naples. He mentions the day they passed through the Azore islands and a day at grand old British Gibraltar, with its rock and redcoats, as the most enjoyable of the passage. On their arrival at Naples they went to Sonanto, at the other end of the bay, and during their stay enjoyed a beautiful drive around the bay to Naples, which Mr. Davidson describes as a unique city, with gesticulating, talkative people, living in filth. The back yards, he says, face the street and there is no presentable front. From Naples Mr. and Mrs. Davidson proceeded to Pentoli, Lake of Avernerus and the Styx, in the north and to Pompeii, the silent city of the dead, on the south. It was a strange experience, remarked Mr Davidson, to walk through that city, covered up and hermetically sealed at the very time of our Lord's coming, revealing now the very impress of the life of wanton luxury of that great epoch. They saw a baby volcano in operation but old Vesuvius was not working actively at the time. Rome was disappointing at first, continued Mr Davidson. One gets mixed up with the number of things to do and the difficulty of doing them and had to search and read hard to get satisfactory results. After three weeks in Rome, Mr Davidson said, they proposed going to Florence about February 24th, where there they would remain ten or twelve days. Then they will go to Venice for a week, after which they would probably begin their journey to England via Milan.

Mr Davidson states that there are two English and one American church at Rome, with several other Protestant churches. He remarked that the weather was too rainy for comfort but at the time of writing it was pleasantly warm and the day before his letter was written he had sat on a green bank and viewed the catacombs for some time, and the day before they had picked wild flowers. The windows were open all day.

Mr Davidson remarks that sight seeing is not loafing but hard work, though a change.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure

The Bridge at Auburn.

It has been a matter of satisfaction to the residents at Auburn to see that the matter of a foot bridge across the river has been brought before the Town Council and will now receive some attention from the committee. This is a needed accommodation. Councillor White, who called the attention of the Council to it at the last meeting, recognizes that it should be given consideration, and his interest in the bridge was evidenced by his bringing it before the Councillors, in doing which he was supported by Councillor Meldrum.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Riverside Park skating rink.

Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Granite curling night.

Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.

City Lodge, I. O. G. T.

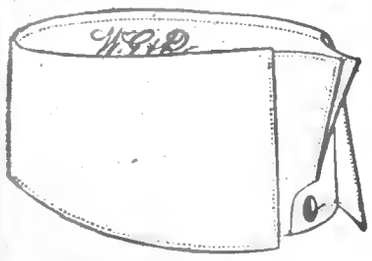
Bible class at Y M C A

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf



JUST OUT—

"REVELSTOCK"

Here is our latest Collar.

The name is "REVELSTOCK."

Isn't it distinctive and distinguished?

Note its handsome lines and stylish "get-up."

"REVELSTOCK" is brand new and just out.

Get "REVELSTOCK" into your Wardrobe. They are designed to please.

THOSE SHIRTS.

"A Pronounced Success," is the general verdict passed upon our new line of Fancy Colored Shirts.

So appropriate for new Spring and Summer wear.

Mercer's

A COMMENDABLE DECISION.

The Bible Class of St. Andrew's Church Decide to Purchase a Scholarship in Queen's University.

The Bible class of St. Andrew's church has decided to contribute the sum of $500 to Queen's University, Kingston, payable in instalments of $100 a year for which they will have the privilege of sending a student to the University each year for ever.

The said student must belong to St. Andrew's Sabbath school or Bible class, and the boy or girl standing highest in the matriculative examination at the Collegiate will secure the scholarship which exempts from class fees during the entire arts course. This is only open for those attending the Peterborough Collegiate.

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

The Belleville Sun says that Mr. Geo. J. Hoskins made a most satisfactory referee in the match between Belleville and Napanee.

A team from town was defeated at Millbrook by 8 goals to 3 in a match with the fast little team of that village. Quite a crowd witnessed the match, which was refereed by Mr. E. S. Clarry. The names were:—

MILLBROOK.		PETERBOROUGH
W Coombe	Goal	G Kempt
C Lech	Point	R Thorne
T Natrass	Cover Point	W Crossley
J Natrass	Forwards	W Borland
F Lech		H King
H Duncan		R Watt

Classical Music.

The following new classical selections have arrived at Mulligan & Potter's music store, 416 George-st: "Dreams of Rossland," "Rossland Lancers," "Espanita," "Sweet as one.' 3d52

To-morrow Night's Attraction.

To-morrow night "My Friend from India," the most laughable farce comedy on the stage during the present season, will be presented at the opera house. This is good acting and plenty of good fun, without anything approaching the vulgar. The success of this presentation in other places is a guarantee to the Peterborough public that they can accept "My Friend from India" as one of the best things that has visited the town. It is worth seeing. Tickets 25c, 35c and 50c. 1d53

Personal.

Mr Alf Gunye, traveller for the Brantford Bicycle Supply Co., is in town.

Mr. Thos Kerr, city agent of the Standard Life Insurance Co. at Toronto, is in town. He accompanied the district agent, Mr. J. W. Doran.

Rev. H. T. Lewis, B. A., of Orono, was in town for a few days this week. He has been asked to remain another year at Orono.

Mr. Richard Hall is around after an attack of la grippe.

Mr G W H Edmison, Phm. B., son of Mr G Edmison, barrister, town, closed a deal on Monday last with Messrs White & White, of Woodstock, for the purchase of their entire stock of drugs, shop furniture, good-will, etc., and Mr Edmison was immediately let into possession and in future will continue the business in the old stand, which has been occupied as a drug store for upwards of 26 years.

See the latest novelty in ladies' collars, to be had at Turnbull's, the headquarters for all the latest in neckwear. 2d531w

LOCAL CURLERS AT TORONTO.

THE TORONTO VICTORIAS WIN THE DAVISON-BOUCHER MEDAL.

The Victorias Win all Around by Five Shots—The Toronto Granites Lost to Peterborough—A Visit to Hamilton and the Result.

Peterborough curlers only won one match on their trip yesterday, their opponents on that occasion being the Toronto Granites. In the Davison-Boucher medal contest the Toronto Victorias won by 12 shots, and as Peterborough only won by 7 shots here last week the Victorias hold the medal, as the majority of points in the two matches decide the winners. In the evening three rinks went to Hamilton and lost to the Thistles of that city by four shots. It will be seen by the score which follows that the contests in every instance were close.

FOR THE MEDAL.

The score in the match for the Davison-Boucher medal was as follows:—

AFTERNOON.

Toronto.		Peterborough	
Dr Leslie		R Fair	
Geo Sauer		J S Knapman	
A Hood,		W L Allen	
T Edmonds, skip	14	H M Allen, skip	14
F A Fleming		F J Rogers	
Chas Swabey		H Morrow	
R K Sproule		R S Davidson	
A D McArthur, skip	15	G W Hatton, skip	14
E H Cameron		H Hall	
H Bethune		D Davidson	
R D Gamble		C McGill	
W B Smith, skip	10	W G Ferguson, skp	16

EVENING.

R G Muntz		R M Waddell,	
Dr Dame		G M Roger	
		E B Edwards	
W Maclean, skip	23	T P Attrell, skip	11
E W Lake		W H Meredith	
H W Wilcox		J Baptie	
C S Leonard		W T Wood	
T Hodgetts, skip	21	K H Kells, skip	17
R Macdonald,		W J Thompson,	
H Muntz		G L Hay	
H R O'Reilly		J B Pentland	
H A Drummond, sk	19	S Ray, skip	18
Totals	102	Totals	90

Majority for Toronto, 12 shots.

PETERBOROUGH DEFEATS GRANITES.

A friendly match was played at the Granite rink yesterday afternoon with the visiting Peterborough curlers, four rinks aside, and the local players won by 17 shots.

GRANITES		PETERBOROUGH	
W H Gillard		A McIntosh	
F G Cox		J D Baptie	
T G Williamson		H LeBrun	
G H Gooderham, sk	13	T Rutherford, skip	21
D Roberts		W H Meredith	
D S Barclay		D W Dumble	
J Boomer		W T Wood	
C A B Brown, skip	12	R H Kells, skip	25
H Williams		W Thompson	
K Dunstan		G Hay	
R Watson		J B Pentland	
C C Dalton, skip	19	S Ray, skip	11
W G Hamilton		R M Waddell	
D L Van Vlack		G M Roger	
W H Bleasdell		E B Edwards	
W C Matthews, sk	16	T P Attrill, skip	20
Total	60	Total	77

Majority for Peterborough, 17 shots.

AT HAMILTON.

The Hamilton Thistles won from the Peterborough curlers by the following score:

THISTLES		PETERBOROUGH	
H C Yates		R Fair	
J Leggat		H LeBrun	
J B Young		W L Allen	
T C Haslett, skip	10	H M Allen, skip	12
A Wilson		F J Rogers	
R R Bruce		H A Morrow	
R King		G W Hatton	
H McKinnon, sk	10	R S Davidson, sk	11
J Maw		H Hall	
J C McKeand		D Davidson	
J Jeffrey		C McGill	
C Stiff, skip	16	W G Ferguson, sk	9
Total	36	Total	32

Majority for Thistles, 4 shots.

At Toronto the Peterborough curlers were entertained at dinner at the Victoria club.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In scratch games Tuesday evening Skip Connal defeated Skip Dumble by 20 to 17, and Skip Weller won from Skip Attrill by 11 to 9.

The silver medal donated by Mr. H. Le Brun for competition amongst the Thistle curlers is on exhibition in the cigar store of Sam Ray and has been much admired.

In the absence of Skip Hoskins, his vice, Ernie Rutherford, skipped the rink last evening in a LeBrun medal contest against Andrew McNeill. The score:

J P McClelland		A Blade	
D Belleghem		J Stanger	
Judge Weller		C N Brown	
A McNeill, skip	14	E Rutherford, skip	16

Brevities.

—Rev Mr Potter's class in the Y M C A will meet to-night at 8 o'clock. All young men are welcome.

—The talk of all the ladies of Ottawa is the Mayor's reception. That of the Peterborough ladies is the McMaster wholesale bankrupt stock Turnbull is handling. 2d531w

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

SEPARATE SCHOOL BOARD

Held Their Regular Meeting and Transact Important Business.

The regular meeting of the Separate School Board was held last evening, there being present Messrs. Quinlan (chairman), McGrath, Hickey, Doris, Kylie, Gosselin and Sheehy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

A communication was received from Mr. Keogh, the principal of the Murray-st. school, asking for supplies.—Received and referred to the Property committee with power to act.

Accounts were presented as follows:—

A H Stratton & Co	$21 77
Review Printing Co	2 50
James Murty	10 35
John Heffernan, wood	2 25
Dan Farley, wood	37 50
Jas Harrington, wood	2 66

On motion of Mr Sheehy, seconded by Mr Gosselin, the accounts for wood were ordered to be paid when certified by the chairman of the Property committee. The other accounts were referred to the Finance committee.

Central school—No on roll 215, average attendance 190.

Convent School—No. on roll 218, average attendance 197.

Lake-st. School—No. on roll 162, average attendance 141.

Total No. on roll, 593; average attendance, 528.

The Finance committee reported through Mr McGrath, the payment of the following accounts:

Walter Stocker	$ 1 00
Review Ptg Co	2 25
M McFadden	1 00
J Murty	5 00
A H Stratton & Co	3 98
.. ..	14 37
Peterborough Hardware Co	4 14

Moved by Mr McGrath, seconded by Mr Doris, that the report be adopted.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

AN OPEN MEETING

Mark-st Church Missionary Women Hold an Open Meeting

A very successful open meeting of the Mark-st. W M S was held last evening. The President, Mrs Matchett, presided. The programme, which was exceedingly interesting was as follows:

Singing.....

Prayer.....Mrs (Dr) Fife

Trio.....Misses Howson and Armstrong and Mr H S Armstrong

Scripture reading.....

Trio.....Misses Smith and Armstrong and Mr Armstrong

Address on the work.....Mrs Orr

Instrumental (mandolin).....Miss Boyler

Reading.....Japan.....Mrs Wand

Duet.....Miss Howson and Mr Armstrong

Collection.....

Closing prayer and benediction.....Rev Mr Beer

Mrs Orr's address was listened to very earnestly and was full of useful and interesting thoughts.

THE WEATHER IN FEBRUARY.

Mr. Walter Peters' Observations—Comparison with other Months.

A few notes on the weather for the month that has just passed, compared with the corresponding month of former years may be of interest.

January was an exceptionally mild month; the average temperature for the month as a whole was a fraction under 18 degrees, or some 4 degrees above the average of former years. February, however, was even milder, and a month which is generally associated with storms and cold dips, was comparatively mild. The average for February was 18.73 degrees. The temperature went below zero three times during the month, viz., on 13th, 26th and 27th. The coldest day was the 27th, last Saturday, when the thermometer stood at 11 degrees below at one time. The warmest day was the 17th, when 41 degrees above was marked. The day of greatest range (that is the difference between the highest and the lowest temperature) was on the 14th, when there was a difference of 35 degrees. There were no storms worthy of the name during the month, the nearest approach to one being on the 12th, when about 3 inches of snow fell with a strong north-east wind. Though the snow fall was light and not nearly up to average, yet the heavy rain of the 6th and 7th brought the total precipitation of the month up to the average. Rain fell on the 6th to the depth of 1.02 of an inch—a heavy rain for one day at any time, and very unusual during a winter month. The three last days of February were the coldest of the month, and March was ushered in with the regulation winds and a low temperature.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trousserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBrun & Co.

QUICKCURE

That Aching Tooth

Well, my dear if you would only try "Quickcure" the aching would stop at once.

"No matter from what it is caused, yields promptly to one application of "Quickcure."

The pain disappears almost immediately. Inflammation is promptly checked and needless suffering avoided. "Quickcure" may be relied on as a certain cure for toothache. Sold by druggists or

The Quickcure Company Ltd. Quebec, Can.

QUICKCURE QUICKCURE QUICKCURE

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. Peterborough.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

ANOTHER GRAND SALE

The great winter sale of beef on the market is drawing to a close.

Have you decided your summer's trade?

Instead of being able to supply you only for a few months of the year, we are here to do you good the year round by having on hand the year round the best of meats at all times

WATCH OUR ADS

Kennedy & Nelson

340 GEORGE STREET.

The Elite Event of the Season.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE,

FRIDAY, March 5

THE ISHAM & LYTELL COMEDY Co

Presenting the Latest and Present New York Success

My Friend From India

The Comedy that has Broken all Records in New York at both Wallack Hoyt's Theatres.

A Continued, Pronounced, Immediate and Emphatic Success.

Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Seats now on sale.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, March 8th.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF THAT STERLING AMERICAN ACTOR,

MR. McKEE RANKIN,

in his Great New York Success

TRUE TO LIFE.

A story of intense human interest. The cast includes

MISS NANCE O'NEILL,

the young actress who leaped into popularity in a single night.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. A few of the best reserved seats 75 cts. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d52

Do Not Buy
Your
1897 Bicycle
Before
You See Shortly's
Beauties.
New Store for Bicycles Only
Open March 1st.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox :

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox :

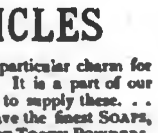
GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, in drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Duchess of Oxford Ranges
THE KIND THAT SUITS.
THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.
GUARANTEED.
FORTYE & HARPER
392 George Street.



NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THE CITY . . . Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WILL RUN
SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.
Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

SECOND-HAND WHEELS
AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse, Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.
GEO. J. HORKINS.

Most Valuable Spots on Earth.

Probably the most valuable spots on the face of the earth (as the burial sites in Westminster Abbey cannot be bought with gold) are the four corners where Wall-street touches Broad, and the two where it meets Broadway. I cannot guess how large a price any one of these might bring in the market now; but $1,000,000 and $500,000 more were recently paid for five lots on Broadway opposite at Bowling Green. This was the value of the land alone, as the old buildings that it bore were at once to be torn down; yet, says Philip Hone, a lot in just this place sold in 1829 for only $19,500. As late as 1840 lots on Cortlandt-street could be had for $1000, or even $700. But a year or two ago the corner of Liberty-street and Nassau, measuring seventy-nine feet along the one, 112 along the other, and about 100 feet in depth, brought $1,250,000, and this, again, for the sake of the land alone.—Century.

MUNYON TALKS ON Dyspepsia.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF

In all forms of stomach trouble Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure will promptly cure where there are such symptoms as pain or soreness in the stomach, indigestion or distress after eating, pressure and fullness in the stomach, shortness of breath, poor appetite, coated tongue, sour or bitter raising from the stomach, heartburn, wind on the stomach, constipation, dizziness, faintness and lost energy.

When these symptoms are associated with biliousness, yellow-coated tongue, nausea, bitter taste in the mouth and sallow skin take Munyon's Liver Cure in alternation with the Dyspepsia Cure, an hour apart. Where there is obstinate constipation keep the bowels open once a day by using Munyon's Constipation Cure until they become regular under the effect of the Dyspepsia Cure. When there are troublesome heart symptoms alternate Munyon's Heart Cure with the Dyspepsia Cure. If there is great nervousness or inability to sleep, alternate Munyon's Nerve Cure with the Dyspepsia Cure. If the blood is poor in quality alternate Munyon's Blood Cure and Dyspepsia Cure. By this plan of treatment one can eradicate the worst forms of stomach troubles and their complications, and make the cure permanent.

A separate specific for each disease. Sold by all druggists, mostly for 25 cents a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical adice for any disease.

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Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
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Children for adoption.
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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
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CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
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BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

may be for a woman to disclose the secrets of her inner heart to the man she loves—these impulsive Spanish women are not so coy and backward as their American cousins—the tropical clime engenders more fire in the blood, and their passions, if less enduring on the whole, are like the hot blast of the sirocco while they last.

"Senor Jack, you understand, that I have not come here at the order of any league—this time my actions are controlled by Mercedes Gonzales alone. I assume a grave risk in seeking to warn you."

"And again I thank you, senorita. The risk is lessened by the fact that many senoras are upon the streets even now, enjoying the carnival. I am glad of that, and trust no one among your friends will ever hear that you came to warn your American acquaintance at such an hour. It does your woman's heart credit, senorita. May you find such a friend in time of need."

Does he speak in sarcasm? Mercedes fails to read his face, but she hastens to say:—

"You do not understand me, Senor Jack. When I speak of assuming a risk I do not mean that to which you refer. That is nothing to me. But if the league to which I belong—those who are devoted to the cause of Don Carlos as our future sovereign—should know that I came here to warn you, my life would pay the penalty."

She shudders while she speaks, and all at once the truth dawns upon stupid Jack. He knows all.

This is not the superb acting of a woman who plots, but the plain confession of a woman who loves. He does not know what to do—was never caught in such a position before in all his life, and hesitates.

A minute of silence ensues. She hangs her head in maidenly shame, yet does not retreat a step in the course she has marked out. He observes her thoughtfully, even in perplexity.

Perhaps at another time he might have entered into the game with ardor, for that lovely face is enough to stir the heart of even a stern anchorite, but now things have changed—he has met Avis Morton, and the memory of her seems to hover over him like a good angel.

It would be playing with fire to deceive this girl into the belief that he cared for her, and he makes up his mind not to do it, even though much might be gained from such a move.

"Senorita, believe me, you have the gratitude of my heart for this action. I understand it all."

"All?" she gasps, trembling like a frightened bird.

"Yes. Your gentle nature could not bear the thought of such a needless sacrifice—in your heart you realized that it was absurd to believe me capable of being concerned in these Spanish intrigues. You would even break your own oath to the Carlist league in order to warn me. It was noble of you. While I live you shall have my most sincere gratitude."

At the word, with all it implies in English, she starts into life and being; her face assumes a determined look, and from those superb eyes shafts of softness strike Doctor Jack.

"Gratitude!" how she tears the word to pieces in the bitter way she pronounces it. "Ah, Senor Jack, that is what the dog feels toward the hand that tosses him a bone. It may do for your cold English or American ways. Here in Spain we know not such a phrase. With us it is either love or hate."

She pauses again to observe his telltale face, on which a flush has mounted, for Jack is dused uneasy—it is the first time in his life he has ever been made love to, and, considering the extraordinary beauty of the woman, and his determination not to encourage her, his situation is a peculiar one.

He wonders how Mercedes will take it, for as yet he has not been able to decide what her true nature is. In his experience he has generally found that a beautiful face and a warm, womanly heart, seldom travel hand in hand—usually beauties are cold, exacting, imperious, and selfish.

"I do not know what you may think of me, Doctor Jack, for telling you this, but I can in no other way assure you of the truth of my warning. You believe I am here in the interest of the league—that through some deceit I desire to accomplish your ruin. By the Virgin, I swear to you it is love that brings me here to save you from an awful fate."

She goes on hurriedly without looking up at him, and it is well she does not, for Jack's face expresses both surprise and displeasure:—

"When I met you as the flower girl I was acting the part given me by the league—I hoped in making your acquaintance to learn the truth, whether you were one of our enemies or the man you claimed to be. From the first day I saw you I seemed to feel that you held my fate—I could not help it. Then came the accident in the street—those were not bandits you fought, but Carlists—your guide, Francisco Marti, is a leader in our class, and it was he brought about the melee, hoping to have you killed. Your bravery, senor, saved your life. The hand of fate directed that you should fall in the doorway of a house that belonged to a Carlist. I was sent in the guise of a nun to listen to any ravings you might utter, in order to learn the truth.

"They would have been glad had I allowed you to die, but this I would not do, and when I looked upon you lying there, lifeless as it seemed, I understood my heart—senor, pardon me, but I loved—I believed you belonged to me.

"Then came the scene in the Plaza del Toros, and when, for a smile from me you faced that terrible bull, I was thrilled with the hope that you perhaps returned my love. Senor, in your country it is unmaidenly for a girl to show her heart to the man she loves—she must suffer in silence the pangs of passion, and never learn her fate until he chooses to speak; but in Spain we are of a different mold, and at times a senorita may do the wooing without being unsexed. You think me bold—perhaps despise me, her voice breaks, and she goes into a fit of weeping.

It is a woman's last card—when all else fails to bring man's obdurate heart to terms she has resource to this, and many a victory, almost lost, has been won under the influence of an April shower.

Poor old Jack becomes dreadfully uneasy—he fears lest he is about to be taken by storm. A woman in tears always does touch him, and when the matter has been brought about because of his own hardened heart, it grows exceedingly dangerous.

He wishes the floor would open beneath and swallow him up, but unfortunately such an event is not likely to occur—it never does when most desired. Mercedes sobs bitterly, and Jack bites the ends of his moustach savagely. Good heavens! to think of this affection being wasted upon a fellow of his size, when there are dozens of amorous swains in Madrid sighing for one sweet glance from the eyes now brimming over with tears—it is a shame!

Something must be done, and that quickly. Jack strides over to the window—if he could only find a loophole of escape—but it is hopeless, and he must stay to face the music. She watches him from behind the lace cobweb with which she seems to mop up the scanty tears.

He turns again—approaches—the sobbing grows more intense—ah, he puts out his hand and lays it on her head—it is something of a paternal way, but thrills the Spanish beauty. Hitherto she has laughed at the mad pleadings of lovers—the truth has come to her with redoubled force, and now in her bitterness of spirit her scorned admirers are amply avenged.

Jack speaks—he tries to do so calmly, for he really and deeply regrets that this scene has occurred, and will never remember it with any feeling of pleasure.

"Your suffering pains me, senorita. I am unworthy of your regard—a mere wandering old stone, gathering no moss. Presently I shall vanish from your sight, and when you see me no more you will soon forget me."

He says this much in a quiet way, and means to add more, but just then something occurs such as he has never suspected—never dreamed of, and which brings his displeasure to a climax.

Mercedes suddenly springs erect, and clasps her arms around his neck madly—she forgets her maidenly modesty in the wild rush of love for this man who is to her a hero—a god.

Jack is indignant now—perhaps he is a trifle more emphatic than necessary when he unclasps her hands, for her face grows deadly pale—she feels that she has staked her all in the game, and lost.

"Senorita Mercedes, this gives me more pain than I can tell you. I am not a marrying man, but a wanderer, desirous only of seeing as much of the world as I may."

"Ah! Senor Jack, if you loved me I would be only too glad to go with you as your wife to the ends of the world."

"Say no more, I beg, senorita. My respect you shall ever have. I cannot forget that you cared for me. Some day, when the happy wife of a man who will be worthy of you, I may take your hand, and by your looks you will thank me for doing what now causes me pain. Let us be friends, Mercedes, the best of friends. I have no sister—why will you not be one to me?"

She tears her hands away from his grasp as if in a fury at his words.

"A sister, to give you counsel—to be loved one minute and forgotten the next. No, no: if you will not, can-

To be Continued

THE MODEL WIFE.

A Profound Editorial Essay Upon a Subject of Paramount Importance.

This kind of a person of our ideal is not easy found, as it takes much of thought and knowledge upon the part of man and woman to become thoroughly acquainted with each other's way in every toil of life.

Our writer of this article had had no experience as to a model wife, and yet if he should find one it would be a pattern for all to follow. She doubtless would be good and kind and lovable whose house will be as handsome as can be on the inside. She should be ready to receive him on his return and also at his departure for the day. Then arrange your house in general, see to the wants of the cook and hired girl as well as to all men about your place. Pay all bills and run no debts if possible. Don't idle away your time making calls to see neighbors. Call on sick and the minister. Do all the good you can to entertain strangers and make them feel at home. Have your rooms swept and this is generally what the model wife should do.

Of course husband and wife are differently situated. Some can live in the country, while others like city. Pay particular attention to what kind of a wife we get. The start for some are as economical and will spend faster than we can make. Yet, as a rule, model wives are at ease in a way, while others are not, so saying.

As to a country girl for a wife she is far superior in many ways to those who have been brought up in the city. As to the latter wife she likes theatres, operas, high life, society and dress, and out late at nights every week, and all this that goes to make up a city life. Whereas a country wife is ignorant to all such and has no advantages maybe, and they generally make the best of wives.

Men married, but are not repenting at leisure. Some have no way to either help themselves or their wives to the road of prosperity. The so-called term of model wife becomes penulous. The lateness of the hour has prevailed upon the drainage of whisky to a fabulous price.

The calculation upon the support of our nation has been miscalculated down to sands of time by extravagance of a failure in not being able to economise in years of our youth. Can it be possible to have a model wife if our husband's means are limited beyond control, simply by pleasing self. I trust not. A model wife should be at the post of her own country, and if we get only five cents though it be small it will be twenty-five times that amount if saved by industrious and thrifty husband, who gives it to his wife to keep for him for some day in need.—Fuller's Gleaner.

THE VALLEY OF PAIN.

HOW ONE WOMAN MADE HER ESCAPE.

A LIFE OF TORTURE CHANGED TO A LIFE OF COMFORT AND HAPPINESS BY KOOTENAY CURE.

Of all the intense and persistent forms of pain one can scarcely conceive of anything more agonizing than Neuralgia. Its victim is one of those that draws forth our sympathy and pity as all efforts to effect a cure with the ordinary remedies signally fail to do anything more than give the merest temporary relief. Unbounded joy should fill the hearts of neuralgic sufferers at the announcement that in Kootenay the "new ingredient" is effecting miracles in the way of banishing the excruciating agony which has rendered their lives a curse, perhaps for years.

Mrs. William Judge, of Crumlin, P. O., in the County of Middlesex, went before C. G. Jarvis, a notary public of Ontario, and made a solemn declaration (so firmly did she believe in Kootenay) to the effect that for many years she was an intense sufferer from Neuralgia. She says that the pains in her head and neck were so severe she thought she would lose her reason.

She has taken Ryckman's Kootenay Cure and willingly testifies it has been her salvation, and believes that without it she would now be in the asylum.

This lady has had the deep shadow of suffering lifted from her life. She has been transported from the Valley of Pain to the Hill Top of Health—and all through Kootenay.

Mrs. James Kenny, of 30 York St., Hamilton, Ont., and many others testify *under oath* how they were released from suffering through the agency of Ryckman's Kooteny Cure.

Full particulars of these cases will be mailed you by sending your address to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

The remedy is not dear, one bottle lasts a month.

Four-Legged Traders.

There is a mouse in Florida locally known as the trading mouse. It is commonly a woods mouse, but it quickly adapts itself to human habitation. A colony of such mice carried two bushels of shelled beans thirty feet during six nights recently and replaced the beans with seed pods of a weed. Jewelry, too, has been taken by these little traders. One woman on the east coast of Florida at an Indian River winter resort found a number of seeds instead of a pair of earrings that she had left on the bureau. A search in the place where the seeds had been kept disclosed the earrings.

A man who had a box of poker-chips in his room in an open-topped box was surprised to find in their stead a string of prayer beads, a small crucifix and a number of shells. A priest who had roomed nearby was equally puzzled by finding the colored poker-chips in his room. It is generally believed that the trading mouse learns its curious ways by robbing squirrels or bluejays of nuts laid by for future use.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richwood Corners, N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarr Cure completly cured me."

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY MARCH 4, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Feliz Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Walts.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8 55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

OAK HALL,

ROBBED CANADIAN MAILS.

The Charge Against Henry Laraway, Who is Now on Trial in Detroit—What Inspector Larmour Says.

Detroit, March 3.—The trial of Henry Laraway, charged with rifling mail pouches at the Fort-street Union depot last September, is in progress in the United States District Court.

Postoffice Inspector James L. Larmour told how he laid the trap for Laraway's detection. He said it took him about nine months to secure evidence, although he knew that the pouches were being cut open and rifled. The Inspector next bored a hole through the wall under a platform, which ran along one side of the room and on the night of Sept. 14 last, claims to have plainly seen Laraway cut open a mail pouch, extract a package of letters, and sew the bag up again. The arrest was then made.

Inspector Larmour stated that $25,000 was too low an estimate of what had been missed from the mails. One bank had lost more than that amount. "I think at least 10,000 letters were stolen," he said. "They were all from Canada, and were taken from Canadian pouches."

Alexander Findlay, railway mail clerk, between Montreal and Toronto, described the method of handling letters. Superintendent of Mails Fuller, of the Detroit Postoffice, testified that he examined the through mail pouches with Inspector Larmour on the train before it reached the depot on the night of Laraway's arrest, and found them all right. The day mail agent at the depot, James Crouch, said he remained at the depot with Larmour and Chief Clerk Swan, who were watching the movements of Laraway. He found that the through Canadian pouch for Chicago had been ripped and sewed up again. Laraway was called in and asked for a package of letters taken from the pouch. He denied knowing anything about it. There was a wooden box under Laraway's table and when Inspector Larmour searched that he found the package of letters inside of a paste-board box.

Laraway's wife and two daughters are constantly in court. During a brief recess to-day the younger daughter threw her arms about her father's neck and clung to him, weeping as if her heart would break.

ABOUT THE WEATHER.

Facts, Theories and Recorded Observations of Heat and Cold.

January 19, 1814, quicksilver froze solid at Moscow.

The mean temperature of the whole earth is about 60 degrees.

The earliest snow ever known in England was October 7, 1829.

In 1775 hailstones said to weigh 20 ounces fell at Murcia, in Spain.

The average annual snowfall over the whole earth is 36 inches.

In 1035 there was a frost in England, July 1, that destroyed nearly all the vegetation.

The heaviest rainfall is near the equator, and diminishes steadily as the latitude rises.

In the year 310 hardly a drop of rain fell in England, and 40,000 people died of famine.

Every civilized nation of the world, even China and Japan, now has a weather bureau.

When soda crackers are damp, as though water-soaked, the indications are favorable for rain.

Sun spots, now believed to have an effect on meteorological phenomena, were first observed in 1611.

When pigs are seen carrying straw in their mouths, the idications ardwgall in their mouths the omen is favorable for a change of weather.

The coldest place in the world is Yakutsk, Russia. The thermometer sometimes falls to 72 degrees below zero.

The falling snowflakes bring with them all the floating dust of the air, leaving the atmosphere extremely pure.

In 1856 a hailstorm at Norwich, England, wrecked houses and killed many animals that could not reach shelter.

A wind moving at 40 miles and hour exercises a pressure of nine pounds to the square foot; at 100 miles of 56 pounds.

In 1544 the winter was so severe in Europe that in Flanders wine was frozen and was cut in blocks and sold by weight.

In 1855 extremely cold weather prevailed in the United States. Mercury froze and forest trees were killed by the frost.

The summer of the year 306 witnessed so much rain Scotland that all the crops failed and the people perished of famine by thousands.

A window cord is an excellent barometer. When it tightens the reason is found in the fact that the air is full of moisture, and rain is probable.

In A.D. 42 the Nile failed to rise because of the lack of rain in the heart of Africa the crops failed, and over 1,000,000 perished in Egypt.

The wettest place in the world is Cherrapungi, in Assam, where the average rainfall for 15 years has been 493 inches. In 1861 it was 905.

The winter of 1812 and 1813 was one of the most severe ever known in Russia, a fact which partially explains the terrors of the retreat from Moscow.

One of the heaviest snowfalls known in this country was February 19 to 24, 1717, when the snow remained five to seven feet deep all over New England. —Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Speedy Razorback.

A wild boar hunt was the exciting sport a number of the young men of South Jacksonville had looked forward to last week with a great deal of pleasure. The wild boar was a razorback hog. He was installed in a pen and fed with red pepper, gunpowder and dynamite, and became as fierce as his reputed cousin of the Black Forest.

On the day of the hunt a cavalcade assembled at the meeting place armed with javelins and spears made of bamboo with hunting knives tied to the end.

The wild boar was liberated and trotted away into the woods. He squealed a half-contented, inquisitive, where's-the-rest-of-my-family sort of a squeal with no thought of the pursuers who spurred and whipped their horses into furious pursuit.

The wild boar trotted along—just simply and coolly trotted. He didn't look as if he was going, but the gait soon distanced the pursuers, and they were robbed of the pleasure of "jabbing" him full of holes.—Florida Times Union.

GET OUT AND HUSTLE.

The Liberal Organizer Calls on the Faithful to Get Ready for Battle.

Mr. Alex. Smith, Liberal organizer for Ontario, has sent out the following circular to the faithful. I twas on these circulars that the Provincial Government were forced to pay postage:

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Manhood Franchise (M.F.) prevails for the elections for the Local Legislature.

The assessment rolls for this year (1897) will form the basis of the voters' list to be used at the next provincial elections. A change will shortly also be made in the Dominion Franchise Act so as to bring it in harmony with the principles of good government, and it is additionally advisable that the provincial lists be well attended to. It is therefore of the utmost importance that the name of every voter friendly to the Liberal cause should be entered on the assessment roll, and care must be taken to have the initials M.F. placed thereafter in the fourth column of the roll.

All other franchises conferring a vote for the Local Legislature are merged in that of the Manhood Franchise (M.F.) The qualifications are:

Residence in the province for nine months and in the particular municipality at the time of the beginning of the assessment (Feb. 15) 21 years of age, and a British subject.

(a) Temporary absence as lumberman, mariner, fisherman or student at an institution of learning in Canada, shall not disentitle such person to be entered on the voters' list. But no student shall be entered on the list where he attends school, etc., unless he has no other place of residence entitling him to vote.

(b) Enfranchised Indians may vote without a property qualification, and non-enfranchised Indians, not residing among Indians or on an Indian reserve, may vote if assessed for $200 in cities and $100 in villages and townships.

Many persons are quite indifferent as to their names appearing on the voters' list until too late; these our friends must look after and urge them to have their names entered upon the roll. Not a few have just come of age or are nearly of age (then, too, there are hired men and others) who have never voted and who may not be aware of their right to vote, which was conferred upon them by the Provincial Government. The importance of having the names of all these placed on the roll cannot be over estimated. Full information concerning them can only be obtained through you and others in your immediate locality.

A personal application to the Assessor (followed up if necessary by an affidavit in the proper form) will cause him to place all these names on his roll. I hope that you will use every endeavor to have all our friends in your locality duly enrolled by the assessor. It is the duty of the assessor to place on the roll all persons qualified as voters without requiring them to make any affidavit whatever.

Let me urge upon you to see that every voter in your polling sub-division applies personally to the assessor to have his name enrolled. Remember that many constituencies are carried by very narrow majorities, and that the omission of only one name in each polling sub-division might seriously affect the result of an election.

Yours faithfully,
ALEX. SMITH.

A SENSE OF RELIEF

Caused Along the Niagara Frontier by President Cleveland's Veto of the Corliss Immigration Bill

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 3.—(Special.)—The news that President Cleveland had vetoed the Corliss bill was received all along the Niagara frontier with the keenest satisfaction, and the nervousness occasioned by it, which for the past week had almost grown into anxiety, has subsided. Laborers who work across the river went to work this morning with a safer feeling than for many months past.

The feeling across the border amongst the masses is in favor of the bill, but even those do not think it possible that the bill will be put through in spite of Cleveland's veto. The cries for retaliation which were heard on all sides yesterday have almost ceased, but prominent men of the place think it wise policy for Canada to protect herself from threatened invasions of a like nature in the future.

During the agitation for municipal or local retaliation, an interesting fact to the residents of Niagara Falls was brought to light, viz., that the charter of the Michigan Central Railway Company calls for terminal offices on this side of the river. These offices, in which about 20 clerks are employed, are situated across the river, and any benefit a locality might derive from them is enjoyed by Uncle Sam, when in justice it belongs to Niagara Falls, Ontario.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour There is a quiet trade, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—The market is dull, with the demand very slow. Offerings more liberal. White is quoted at 74c to 75c west, and red at 73c to 74c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c to 83c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 31c to 32c and No. 2 at 28c. No. 3 extra 26c, and No. 3 at 21c to 22c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white at 17c to 17½c west, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 20c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Rye—The market is dull and prices unchanged. Car lots are quoted at 33c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

Montreal, March 3.—C.P.R., 50½ and 53; Duluth, 4½ and 3½; do., pref., 10 and 7; Cable, 168 and 165½; Postal Telegraph, 98½ and 97½; Telegraph, 170 and 168½; Richelieu, 90 and 87; Street Railway, 225½ and 223½; Gas, 194½ and 194¼; Telephone, 165 and 158½; Toronto Street Railway, 76½ and 70½; Montreal Bank, 231 and 228½; Molsons, 180 and 165; Merchants', 172 and 168½; Commerce, 130 and 127½; Toronto, 235 and 229; Ontario, 85 and 83.

Morning sales: Montreal Telegraph, 44 at 167; Street Railway, 100 at 224½, 100 at 224¾; Halifax Railway, 25 at 91; Toronto Railway, 100 at 76, 50 at 76½, 175 at 76¾, 75 at 76½, 5 at 76, 25 at 76½; Gas, 25 at 194¾, xd.; Quebec Bank, 11 at 121.

Afternoon sales: Street Railway, 100 at 224¾, 200, 5, 9, 5 at 225, 50 at 225½, 325 at 225¼; Toronto Railway, 25 at 76½; Halifax Railway, 50 at 92; Gas, 250, 15, 150 at 194, 50 at 194½; do., xd., 100 at 190½, 50 at 194¼; Royal Electric, 20 at 140; Merchants' Bank, 25 at 170.

Peterborough Markets.
MARCH 3, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 68	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mammoth	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	4 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 02½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 80	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 05
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 16
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 13	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

IT STRIKES HOME!

Chase's Ointment Cures All Skin Irritations.

GRACIE AITON.

Of the many skin diseases, eczema is one of the worst and most common. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. Mr. Andrew Aiton, of Hartland, N.B., says: "My little daughter, Grace Ella, aged three and a half, was a dreadful sufferer from eczema for three years. We tried a number of alleged cures and several doctors, but all without effect. Her's was indeed a bad case. Her little body was entirely covered with rash. One day our local druggist, Mr. Wm. E. Thistle, recommended me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I did so, and four boxes effected a complete cure and saved our child."

Dr Chase's Ointment is just as effective for piles, salt rheum and sores of all descriptions. For sale by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto; price 60 cents.

There is nothing to equal Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for severe colds and lung troubles. Large bottle 25 cents.

IN HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

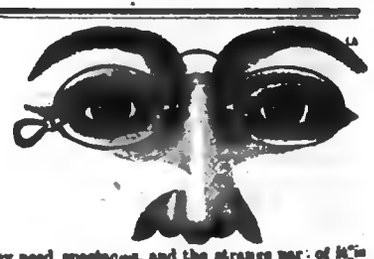
Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS.
NEW YORK.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

THE Guaranteed Pension Bond

ISSUED BY THE

MANUFACTURER'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

GEO. COODERHAM, President. - - - - - J. F. JUNKIN, General Manager.

Guarantees an Annual Income of $100 to $10,000 after age 45.
No Medical Examinations. Same Rates for both Sexes.
For Rates, etc., apply to Head Office, Toronto, Canada, or

GEO. J. HORKINS,
District Manager, Peterborough, Ont.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 120 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
R. A. PECK. R. H. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. E. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clarkson's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 194½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post-Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.
SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. M. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. E. D. HALL. LOUIS H. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT
ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Mothersill's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

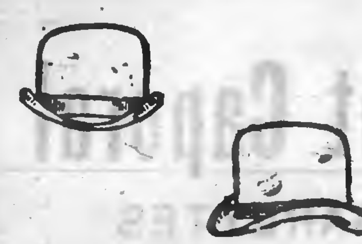
Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, February 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 308 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyr&w



Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well preportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only. **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

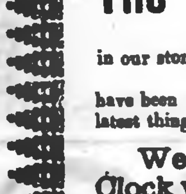
are prepared to execute all styles of Meda's, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy.



Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address. **The Wood Company,** Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897.

THE INDIA RELIEF FUND.

The Contributions That are Being Received at Lakefield.

Subscriptions to the India Relief Fund are being received at Lakefield by Mr. Benson, of James Linton & Co., bankers, for the national famine relief fund for the suffering millions of India. The list is still open for contributions.

The following have already been received:

Previously acknowledged	$ 44 00
T G Grieve, Lakefield	2 00
Henry Lefevre, Lakefield	1 00
F D Armstrong, Douro	1 00
Master S E Armstrong	5
A friend, Lakefield	1 00
F R S Barlee	25
Miss I M Blomfield	1 00
Hugh A Lempriere	1 00
C Attwood	1 00
Mrs Lingwood	50
Col B Chamberlin	2 50
Mrs B Chamberlain	1 50
Total	$ 56 80

The contributions will be forwarded to Mr J M Courtney, Ottawa, who is acting as treasurer for the fund.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

True to Life.

McKee Rankin in his new play, "True to Life," will appear at Bradburn's opera house, Monday night, March 8th. The sterling actor and his new drama have jointly made a great hit in New York city, as well as his new leading actress, Nance O'Neil, who leaped into popularity in a single night. Look up the Toronto papers of Tuesday, March 2nd, and read what they say of the attraction. 1d53

Y. P. S. C. E. COLUMN.

Paragraphs of Local Interest to Endeavorers Supplied by the County Union

THE WORLD'S C. E. PRAYER CHAIN.

Subject of Prayer for March.—Pray that churches may be filled with the evangelizing spirit of Christ, that the members may dwell together in Christian unity and service; that they may loyally uphold the pastors' hands; and that the great mission of the church in winning men and training them into Christlikeness may be fulfilled.

LOCAL UNION.

The local executive met at the Y M C A parlors on Tuesday evening and acted in conjunction with a committee of the County Union to draft a programme for the annual county convention to be held on Easter Monday. The programme was arranged and will be published later. The Union decided to furnish a room in the new Y M C A building to be known as Endeavor room, the room will be fitted up suitably for directors' meetings and executive meetings. A committee will be selected from each of the Societies represented in the Union to raise funds to defray the expense.

St Paul's Society will be asked to take charge of the sunrise prayer meeting of Easter Sunday morning. The next meeting will be held on the first Tuesday of April when the officers for the ensuing year will be nominated.

BETHEL (KEENE) CIRCUIT.

The members of this society drove to Zion on Wednesday evening and held their regular meeting in view of organizing a society at that place. The meeting was led by Mr Oliver Fife, and Mr Morley Nelson conducted the prayer meeting. Mr S Armstrong spoke for a short time on the work in the E L of C E society, after which we organized a society under the name of Zion E L of C E. There were twenty-eight joined—nine active and nineteen associated. The following is the list of officers and convenors of committees:

President—Miss Duff.
Vice-President—Mr Lancaster.
Rec.-Sec—Miss Smithson.
Cor.-Sec—Miss Bennett.
Treasurer—Miss Emmerson.
Organist—Miss Kindred.
Reporter—Mr H Smithson
Convenors of Committees:—
Lookout—Mr J R Kindred.
Social—Mr R Pullybank.
Prayer meeting—Mr A Kent.

After the meeting we were invited to the hall where we were hospitably entertained at supper by the ladies of Zion on whom we bestow the highest praises for their kindness. We hope to be able to meet the people of Zion again, and may God bless them in their effort to do more work for the Master.

SALEM—OTONABEE.

Letter of condolence to Sister Ethel and Brothers Herbert and Willie Hunter, on the sad loss they have sustained through the death of their beloved mother:

We the members of Salem E. L. of C. E., wish to convey to you our heartfelt sympathy in the trial which you have been so lately called upon to bear.

The very word "mother" has a charm and we feel that we can only dimly realize what it must be to have the dear living presence removed from sight. But even in the saddest moments there comes a bright ray of light and hope. Thou cannot see her; rest assured her spirit will hover over around her loved ones here below; from the bright upper world where the weary are at rest, she is watching and waiting with beckoning hands, calling her dear ones to heavenly lands. While here below she suffered and languished in weariness and pain. You miss her bright, loving presence, feel that the future is dark and dreary, but remember the promise, "When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee, and through the rivers they shall not overflow thee." He who so loved her that He hath removed her to a mansion of glory and peace where no suffering comes will not forget her motherless children, but will come with especial tenderness and blessing, saying, "I will not leave you comfortless."

The very thought of a mother in heaven should act as a powerful magnet to draw you to the heavenly goal. Mourn not her departure, for safe from the world's temptation she lives whom we call dead. May you so order your lives that in the Heavenly Kingdom you may be one re-united family to dwell forever where all tears are wiped away.

We ask you to kindly accept this heartfelt testimonial of our sympathy and sorrow.

Signed on behalf of the Salem E L of C E.
Emma E Howson, 1st Vice.
Mrs Geo Seaney, 2nd Vice.
H S Armstrong, Sec.

ASHBURNHAN PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The Report for February for the Schools of Peterborough's Suburb.

Fifth Class—870 marks.

Oscar Matchett....733	Mollie Blois....679
Eliza Edwards....601	

Senior Fourth Class—835 marks.

Florence Butcher.664	Edith Beattie....660
Mabel Scott.....596	Terrot Glover....596
Laura Craig.....584	Jessie Crane....554
Ralph Quinn....532	Robert Maniece..527
Bruce Beattie....525	Walter Tighe....520
Harold Crane....507	George Smith....505
Lannie Mowry..501	Daisy Distin....494
Alice Scott......486	Wallie Wood....466
Mat'ew Edwards.466	Harry Crocker..447
Sid Tivey.......441	Maggie Smith....437
Frank Eden....413	Sybil Stethem....410
Ethel Record....393	Rose Craig......375
Florence Dormer.365	

Jr Fourth Class—735 marks.

Mamie Ingram...576	Ida Smith........573
Maud Long.....549	Mabel Crocker....547
Pearl Law......545	Harry Cox........535
Gordon Logan...517	Carrie Noyes......501
Bruce Pollock....488	Donald Edwards..484
Alex Gillespie...465	Helen Stethem....449
Harry Rogers...441	Sid Gibbs........437
Grace Goldey....427	Bertha Symonds..422
Annie Dawson...396	Claude Rogers....372

Sr Third—Effie Fowler, Annie Ferguson, Mary Ferguson.

Jr Third—Willie Distin, Carry Doupe, Olive Smith.

Sr Second—Emma Williams, Maggie Record, Jennie Moore and Florence Wood.

Jr Second—Tommy Edwards, Jennie Anderson, Edna Debbin.

Miss Erskine's room—Sr Pt II—Nettie Castle, Stanley Eden, Mary Clarke.

Jr Part II—Laura Smithson, Clara Adams, Tillie Graham.

Sr Part I—Jennie Back, Ethel Pakenham, Jim Burgess.

Jr Part I—John Decker, Roy Eden, Lizzie Telford.

Miss Dawson's room.—Sr Part II—Jessie Waddell, Hattie Williams, D'Eyncourt Stone and Sidney Ferguson.

Jr Part II—Janet Quinn, Minnie Revey, Percy Crane.

Sr Part I—Henry Mather, Edith Scott, Lillie Chrowe.

Jr Part I—Elsie Pollock and Willie Henthorn, Robbie Paterson, Hazel Craig.

In the case of many of the pupils the regularity of attendance has been a source of great satisfaction. Those who do not attend regularly cannot expect promotion.

HERE'S THE NEWEST,

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

HELP THAT COMES TOO LATE.

'Tis a wearisome world, this world of ours,
With its tangles small and great,
Its weeds that smother the springing flowers,
And its hapless strifes with fate;
And the darkest day of its desolate days
Sees the help that comes too late.

Ah! woe for the word that is never said
Till the ear is too deaf to hear,
And woe for the lack to the fainting head
Of the ringing shout of cheer;
Ah! woe for the laggard feet that tread
In the mournful wake of the bier.

What booteth help when the heart is numb?
What booteth a broken spar
Of love thrown out when the lips are dumb
And life's barque drifteth afar,
Oh! far and fast from the alien past,
Over the moaning bar?

A pitiful thing the gift to-day
That is dross and nothing worth,
Though if it had come but yesterday,
It had brimmed with sweet the earth—
A fading rose in a death cold hand,
That perished in want and dearth.

Who fain would help in this world of ours,
Where sorrowful steps must fall,
Bring help in time to the waning powers,
Ere the bier is spread with the pall,
Nor send reserves when the flags are furled,
And the dead beyond recall.

For baffling most in this weary world,
With its tangles small and great,
Its lonesome nights and its weary days,
And its struggles forlorn with fate,
Is that bitterest grief, too deep for tears,
Of the help that comes too late.

—MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

A REMARKABLE CONTEST.

A Sick Woman's Struggle to Outlive an Invalid for Her Children's Sake.

A remarkable case developed at Morristown, Ind., says The St. Louis Republic. Morgan Chandler, a banker and a resident of Greenfield, several weeks ago executed his will, dividing his large estate among his nearest relatives. Among them was Eliza Burton, to whom he had bequeathed $10,000, which she was to receive providing she was not living with her husband, Charles, at the time of the testator's death, she having married Burton against his wishes. It was also stated in the will that, should the testator survive the niece, the bequest was to go to the legatees named in the will, not to Burton nor his heirs.

Soon after the will was drawn Burton died, leaving Mrs. Burton to support the children, which she did, by taking in washing, sewing, etc. Several weeks ago the niece was taken ill, and at about the same time the wealthy uncle was also stricken. Both grew constantly worse. The neighbors and friends of the widow took great interest, wishing her to survive the uncle, having learned the provisions of the will.

Greenfield and Morristown have telephone connections, and the friends of the widow were kept constantly informed as to the condition of the uncle. Both patients grew weaker. At times the mother would seem to be breathing her last, but stimulants would be administered and she would revive, or long enough to enquire as to the condition of her relative, when she would return to a comatose state.

This was continued thirty-six hours, and all hopes of prolonging her life longer were virtually abandoned. Finally a message came that Morgan Chandler was dead. Mrs. Burton had endured the tortures of death long enough to secure a fortune for her children. They were summoned to her bedside, and with a blessing upon them she closed here eyes and passed away. Cashier McDonald of the Union Bank has been appointed their guardian.

Foreign Notes.

Every Berliner takes 170 street car rides a year, while the average in Vienna is only sixty-five.

The number of passengers carried on British railroads in 1874 was 447,000,000. The number in 1896 was 929,000,000.

The highest village in Switzerland is Inf, in the valley of the Avers, 2133 meters above the sea. But on the Italian side there is the village of Rery, which lies twenty meters higher.

Any one can use Paint that is properly prepared and use it in the right place. The difficulty is that most people do not know the difference between good paint and poor paint, nor the proper place to use even a good paint. All paints are not alike. One may be good for outdoor use, and not for indoor use, one may give a bright, glossy finish, another an oil finish that can be washed. It is knowing what to use, and where to use it, that makes painting a success.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS FAMILY PAINT

is made for touching up the little things about the house. It gives an oil finish. It can be washed—so it is suited for shelves, cupboards, etc.

Our booklet **"Paint Points,"** covers the ground. It tells what you need to know about good or bad paint. It tells what to use for a buggy, what for a bath tub, for iron bedstead, for a house, for a floor, for a bench. It is a practical book for the home. It is free to any address. Send for it to-day. For booklet address, 19 St. Antoine St., Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

CLEVELAND
CHICAGO
NEW YORK
MONTREAL

2

Remodeling

Of our store will commence next week. We are preparing for it. Prices in Furs have reached their lowest point. The point is—you can well afford to buy now—for next winter's wear—as there is no possibility of another such saving opportunity for you. This week's prices are Bargain Bringers. Never have we offored Good, Reliable, Well-made Fur Garments at such low prices. The object is to reduce the stock at once before work commences. We would like to show you through.

Fairweather & Co.

FURRIERS

Peterborough - - - - - - - Toronto.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
891 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 54. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

WEED OUT BAD ONES.

The Bill to Regulate Pauper Immigration

Welcomed by All Parties and Read a Second Time in Local House Yesterday—Particulars Given of the Many Hundreds of Waifs of Both Sexes Brought to Canada by Various Societies Each Year—Mr. McKay Considers it a Crime Against the Honest Children of Ontario—The Wholesome Provisions of Mr. Dryden's Bill.

Toronto, March 5.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting regulation of immigration into Ontario of certain classes of children, Hon. Mr. Gibson stated that the proposed act was simply a complement to that of 1893. The Children's Aid societies had been doing good work in all the large cities. Attention had been called to the work of the British immigration societies. There had been great difference of opinion as to how far this work should be allowed to go on. A large element of popular opinion held that the importation of these children was objectionable by reason of their physical or mental deformities. He would not go so far as to say that the harsh criticism sometimes indulged in against the practice was deserved, but it was plain that a great many of the children were not useful additions to Canadian population.

The bill proposed to regulate and limit the immigration carried on by such societies. Such immigration as tended to degenerate the nature and calibre of our people should be stopped. The number of such agencies was limited, and therefore it would not be difficult to carry out the provisions. One of them, Dr. Barnado's, brought in, in 1892, 627 children, and in 1893 839 children. This agency was probably the most important one; it carried on good work, which was probably free from objectionable features than the others. Of the latter, the agency of Miss McPherson had brought in 222 and 120 in the same respective years; the Brockville agency, 255 and 268; that of Belleville, 208 and 251; Miss Rye's at Niagara, 89 and 139; and Dr. Stevenson's at Hamilton, 67 and 65.

Reviewing the clauses of the bill, which has in substance been published in these columns, Mr. Gibson claimed that it would greatly reduce the objectionable immigration and would prevent the perpetration of any cruelty on the children when they were brought out.

Mr. Whitney thought that the bill deserved the approbation of the House.

Mr. Meacham thought that one examiner could not examine all the children brought out, there being upwards of 1600 in 1893 alone. He objected to clause 12, because it might cut off such otherwise healthy young children as happened to be brought up in homes of crime. He believed, however, that if the law was workable it was a good move.

Dr. Willoughby believed that it would be better if such immigration from the Old Country were prohibited altogether. The class of children brought out was not a desirable one. We had a large poor population and many of their children could be adopted into more comfortable homes with safety. If the bill would prevent the many from coming, and restrict it to a few of the better quality of children, it was a commendable one and the Government had done a wise thing.

Mr. John McKay of Victoria thought it was a crime against the children of Ontario to have the offspring of criminal and dissolute parents brought among them.

Mr. Howland thought the bill did credit to the Hon. Minister's heart as well as to his head. He deplored the tendency to blame the imported boys for many of the crimes imputed to them in some of the back settlements. Too often the "sullen and vindictive" temper reported about the child was due to inhumane treatment on the part of its guardians. The clause providing for the inspection into the character of the adopted homes of children was therefore commendable. He suggested that instead of inspecting the children at the port of deportation, they be inspected at a home established for the purpose, and in case of their not proving satisfactory to be sent back at the society's expense.

Mr. Haycock thought that the Government would have been doing their duty better if they had prohibited the importation of children altogether.

The second reading was then carried unanimously.

Hon. John Dryden's bill to further improve the Act respecting the Department of Agriculture, was then brought up. The amendment provided that when returns are not made to the Bureau of Industries as provided by the Consolidated Municipal Act of 1892, or if the returns are incomplete, the Minister may grant access to the books of the office or person neglecting to comply, and if such access be refused may impose a fine of from $20 to $100. The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Dryden's bill to amend the Municipal Act also passed its second reading.

The bill to amend the Agriculture and Arts Act by re-organizing the Amalgamation of the Dairymen's and Creameries' Association into bodies to be known as the Butter and Cheese Associations of Eastern and Western Ontario was, after some discussion, also read a second time.

NEW BILLS.

Mr. Moore—To amend the Municipal Act, enabling township councils to pass bylaws for permitting, regulating and licensing the pasturing of animals upon the highway and for fixing the rates of such licenses.

Mr. Stratton—To amend the Municipal Act, where an iron bridge upon stone piers or abutments crossing a navigable river which forms a boundary between two counties, and which is 300 feet in length, and which has been erected from municipal, provincial and Dominion sources, shall be deemed to be a bridge forming a boundary line between two counties, and shall be maintained jointly by the two counties.

Mr. O'Keefe—To amend the Assessment Act, enabling councils to exempt Y.M.C.A. buildings from taxation.

Mr. Stratton—To amend the Assessment Act, where a council adopts the provisions of the Assessment Act, enabling them to take the assessment between the 1st of July and the 1st of October in any year, and there has already been an assessment made for that year, the Council instead of taking a second assessment in the same year may adopt the assessment roll already prepared.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—For the removal from Crown lands of persons unlawfully thereon. The bill provides for the summary eviction of persons from Crown lands whose presence thereon is deemed dangerous to the public peace. The Act applies to Algoma, Thunder Bay, Rainy River, that part of Nipissing lying north of the waters of the Mattawa River, the township of Ferris and the French River.

Mr. German—Respecting cemetery companies. This bill is to enable cemeteries to be established within the limits of towns, where it has been shown to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council that the cemetery may be established with safety, and where the Municipal Council, the Local Board of Health and the Provincial Board of Health sanction the same.

Mr. Stratton—To amend the Municipal Act; to enable cities, towns and villages to purchase water-power and lands connected therewith, and giving them power to issue debentures therefor, subject to the approval of the electors in the usual manner.

Mr. Biggar—To amend the Game law, repeals the provisions passed last session preventing hunting or killing in the water. No person is to expose or keep for sale, either directly or indirectly, sell or barter or exchange, venison, no matter where killed, until the 1st day of January, 1896.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS.

Mr. Auld—Bill to amend the Municipal Act, also bill respecting affidavits and declarations made before Notaries Public.

Mr. Dynes—To amend the Registry Act by entitling every Registrar to retain to his own use in each year all the fees and emoluments received by him in that year up to $1000 and of the further fees and emoluments received by him in each year in excess of $1000 and not exceeding $2500, he shall be entitled to retain to his own use 75 per cent. and no more, and of the further fees and emoluments received by him in each year in excess of $2500 and not exceeding $4000 he shall be entitled to retain to his own use 50 per cent. and no more, and of the further fees and emoluments received by him in each year in excess of $4000, he shall be entitled to retain to his own use 25 per cent. and no more, and that the expenses of the Registry Office in joint registry divisions be borne by the municipalities in proportion to the fees collected from each.

THE TROUBLE IN THE EAST.

A Few Notes Covering the Latest News From Greece and Crete Skirmishes at Many Points.

Reports from Selino say the situation is uncertain. It is said that Kausnios still holds out.

Canea was calmer yesterday than for some time past.

Warlike preparations continue at Athens. The reserves of 1891, 1890, 1889 and 1888 have been summoned to join the colors and they are responding with alacrity. A great meeting was held there to protest against the action of the powers and to give expression of approval of the policy of King George. The crowd marched to the Palace and entered its precincts shouting for war. Several speakers addressed the crowd, vehemently denouncing the powers for the support they were giving to the Turks against Christians, and calling upon their hearers to shed their last drop of blood in upholding the honor and rights of Greece.

A Russian war ship arrived at Canea from a cruise around the island, made for purposes of observation. Her commander reports that fighting is going on in the vicinity of all the coast towns.

A Constantinople correspondent of The London Standard telegraphs that the police have reported that 10,000 Greek residents of the city are preparing to make trouble.

Sir Charles Dilke, Sir Thomas Reid, Mr. Henry Labouchere, Mr. John Dillon, Mr. Herbert Gladstone, Rt. Hon. A. J. Mundella and nearly 100 other Liberal members of the House of Commons have subscribed their names to a letter to the King of Greece paying him a tribute for his services to Crete and expressing hope for the future safety and welfare of Greece.

The Standard will say to-morrow that the letter has excited indignation among the supporters of the Government. The letter, it adds, is calculated to encourage the King to resist the powers and to produce a mischievous result.

Mr. Gladstone writes from the South of France that to expel the Greek troops from Crete and keep as police the butchers of Armenians would further deepen the disgrace of the powers.

Cincinnati, March 4.—The Price-Current summarizes the crop conditions for the past week as follows: Complaints are somewhat more numerous and more positive of injured or unpromising conditions of wheat crop in portions of Illinois and to a less extent in Indiana and Missouri, but the crop is exceptional elsewhere and there are but unimportant changes in the general position, which favors good results.

A convention of dairymen and farmers of Bruce County was held at Port Elgin yesterday, presided over by Mr. J. W. Wheaton of London. Prof. Dean and T. R.

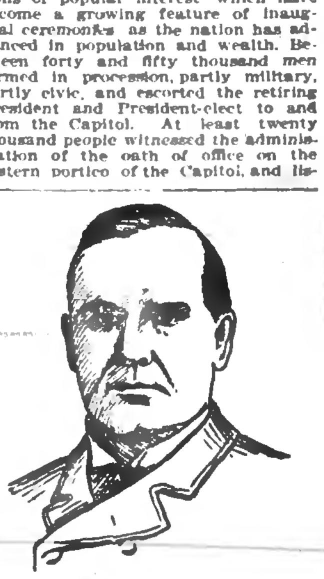
M'KINLEY'S FIRST DAY.

New President In and the Old One Out.

Parade Up Pennsylvania-Avenue Was a Grand One—A Horse Fell Down and Made a Commotion—The President's Inaugural Address Was the Expression of a Capable Man—Adheres to the Protective Policy, Wants Banking System Improved and Goes for the Arbitration Treaty—Notes of the Day.

Washington, March 4.—The inauguration of William McKinley as President of the greatest republic on earth was attended by ceremonies which could scarcely be exceeded in pomp and splendor. To-day also Grover Cleveland for the second time passed from the exercise of the high office of President and re-entered private life. In his capacity as ex-President he has but one living contemporary, his immediate predecessor, Benjamin Harrison.

The proceedings of the day were characterized by all the imposing spectacular effects and demonstrations of popular interest which have become a growing feature of inaugural ceremonies as the nation has advanced in population and wealth. Between forty and fifty thousand men formed in procession, partly military, partly civic, and escorted the retiring President and President-elect to and from the Capitol. At least twenty thousand people witnessed the administration of the oath of office on the eastern portico of the Capitol, and lis-



PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

tened, or attempted to listen, to the delivery of the new President's brief inaugural address, and at night a gorgeous state ball, at which the people and President will be present, will close the proceedings.

No grander theatre for such a pageant could well be found. Pennsylvania-avenue, 125 feet from curb to curb, along which the procession passed from the White House to the Capitol, presents an uninterrupted vista of over a mile, commencing with the massive Grecian facade of the Treasury Department, which intersects the view at one end, and terminating in the beautiful white dome-crowned Capitol at the other end, with the needle-like shaft of the Washington Monument standing sentinel guard on the right hand, towering 550 feet upwards to the clouds.

All street car traffic was, of course, suspended along the route of the procession; the sidewalks were roped off and were so crowded with people that locomotion was impracticable. Mounted police prevented anyone from attempting to break through the "trocha." It seemed as if Washington's normal population of 200,000 had been swelled by more than an equal number of visiting strangers, and that all were out to see the sight.

Every building on the line of march was draped in bunting of the national colors, and every window and point of vantage was occupied.

The President's personal escort was troop "A," of Cleveland, O., 80 cavalrymen mounted on coal-black chargers, and, still more interesting, a detachment of grizzled veterans from the Twenty-third Ohio Volunteers, Maj. McKinley's old regiment. Gen. Miles, commanding the United States Army, and Rear-Admiral George Brown, ranking officer of the navy, in full uniform, rode immediately after the Presidential party. The second brigade of the First Division consisted of the superbly-drilled and handsomely-equipped National Guard of the District of Columbia. A more brilliant and inspiring scene than this part of the pageant presented could hardly be pictured.

It was a dignified procession that walked from the blue room to the carriage waiting under the portico.

As the President and President-elect approached the carriage Major McKinley stepped back to allow Mr. Cleveland to enter the victoria. Mr. Cleveland was President still, so, by virtue of his office, he took a position on the right hand side of the rear seat. Mr. McKinley sat by his side, facing Senator Mitchell, with Senator Sherman occupying the fourth place.

There was an awkward wait at the west entrance to the driveway, while the military escort was being marched into position. When the last file of regular troops had gone by troop "A" of Cleveland wheeled into position, the gates were opened and the triumphal progress of the new President to the Capitol began. All the stands erected

Continued on Page 7.

LATEST STYLES
....OF NEW SPRING
HATS!
ARRIVING DAILY...
DERBY'S and FEDORAS.
English, French, American, and Canadian makes.

OUR CASH PRICE
...For Best Qualities Will Be,
$2 AND $2.50

Remember Furs at Sacrificing Prices during the Great Renovating Sale now going on.

Fairweather & Co
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.
George Street Peterborough | 101 Yonge Street Toronto | Kent Street Lindsay

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Ass't Sec

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 185 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

Educational.
$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
-AT THE-
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dental.
DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.
FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 580 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough.

New Advertisements.
SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies.................. $2 00
For Gentlemen.............. 3 00
For Girls..................... 1 50
For Youths.................. 2 00
For Boys..................... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Unsettled; rain or sleet in many places; higher temperature to-day, colder to-morrow.

R. F.

Dress Making Department.
. . . NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.
Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.
New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.
Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ...... 15c worth 20c.
Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early,
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c & 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ⅝ border to match.......... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ⅝ borders to match............ $1.25 worth $1.60
English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.
UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
393 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation, Different prices.
Telephone 189, - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 336 George-st.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY ?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers, ARE SOLE AGENTS,
363 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 160 or 215. Day or night.

SHORTLY'S
BICYCLE
BUSINESS
Is now in the New Stand
428 GEORGE-ST.
O. B. SHORTLY.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,568,038	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,886,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,650	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,032
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.

All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.

"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard." L. SCHUTER & SON, Springfield, Illinois.

Thousands of druggists say the same.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897

M'KINLEY'S FIRST DAY.

Continued from page 1.

along Pennsylvania-avenue and Fifteenth-street were fairly well-filled with spectators, though the crowds were not quite as great as expected. Every window along the line of march framed half a dozen heads or more. For that entire distance of a mile and a quarter the sidewalks were packed several deep.

Just as the carriage containing Mr. Cleveland and Major McKinley turned the corner of Fifteenth-street into Pennsylvania-avenue at the southeastern end of the Treasury building, a halt occurred and while it lasted one of the four mettlesome horses that drew the White House victoria, quivering with excitement, at the music and the shouts, slipped on the asphalt and fell in a heap, after an exciting performance on its hind legs. This excited the other horses, and for a minute or two the mishap gave evidence of serious results. President Cleveland and the President-elect were laughing together at the time. Neither appeared in the least startled, and continued their conversation when the fallen horse had regained his feet.

The approach to the Capitol building was made through a vast concourse of people and the appearance of the retiring and incoming Chief Executive was announced by vociferous cheers that were distinctly heard within the walls of the Senate Chamber. Mrs. McKinley arrived ahead of her husband and repaired to a committee room for a short rest before taking her seat in the gallery.

The Presidential party walked up the main steps of the outside entrance to the Senate. The ascent was evidently burdensome to Mr. Cleveland. He walked with a distinctly pneumatic tread, and supported himself upon a strong umbrella which he carried in his hand. When he reached the top of the steps Mr. Cleveland was puffing considerably, and only recovered from the exertion after he had had a short rest in the President's room.

Mr. McKinley walked briskly, but measured his tread to correspond with that of his companion. He was accompanied to the room of the Vice-President by Senator Sherman. Vice-President-elect Hobart and Senator Elkins received Mr. McKinley. The first question Mr. McKinley asked as he stepped into the room was as to whether Mrs. McKinley had safely reached the Capitol and been taken care of. Assured that this had been done, the President-elect sat down for a short rest, during which he chatted with Senators Sherman and Elkins and Gen. Porter, Grand Marshal of the parade.

At 1.10 o'clock a ringing shout announced the approach from the Senate of the official Presidential party. It was headed by Marshal Wright, of the Supreme Court of the United States and Marshal Wilson of the District of Columbia. Following them came the members of the Supreme Court of the United States, headed by Chief Justice Fuller, with Clerk McKenny carrying the Bible. Then came the Committee of Arrangements, Senators Sherman, Elkins and Mitchell of Wisconsin, and next President Cleveland and Major McKinley. Following these the other occupants of the Senate chamber, headed by Vice-President Stevenson and the Senators, reached the platform and were seated. While this was being done the crowd enjoyed themselves by singing "America" and cheering for McKinley, Cleveland and Sherman.

The first feature of the ceremonial was the administration of the oath of office. The Bible upon which the President took the oath of office was radically different from any that had previously been used on similar occasions. Heretofore the book has been of the style known as pocket Bibles, and was easily held in the hand of the Chief Justice in administering the oath, but to-day the Bible was an immense affair, weighing fully 20 pounds. It was a magnificent specimen of typographic and bookbinders' arts, bound in flexible covers of black seal. In one of the lids was inserted a silver plate, inscribed: "William McKinley, President of the United States, inaugurated March 4, 1897." The Bible was prepared by the bishops of the African M. E. Church. It is the intention of the bishops to formally present the Bible to President McKinley.

The tumult was so great while the oath was being administered that the ceremony was mere pantomime, the voices of the Chief Justice and the President being wholly inaudible to those within a few feet of them.

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

Mr. McKinley is Willing for a Reform in the Coinage and Banking Laws.

After the oath had been taken by the President he delivered his inaugural address, in the progress of which he said: "The responsibilities of the high trust to which I have been called are augmented by the prevailing business conditions, entailing idleness upon willing labor and loss to useful enterprises. The country is suffering from industrial disturbances from which speedy relief must be had. Our financial system needs some revision; our money is all good now, but its value must not further be threatened.

"If, therefore, Congress, in its wisdom, shall deem it expedient to create a commission to take under early consideration the revision of our coinage, banking and currency laws, and give them that exhaustive, careful and dispassionate examination that their importance demands, I shall cordially concur in such action.

"The question of international bi-metallism will have early and earnest attention. It will be my constant endeavor to secure it by co-operation with the other great commercial powers of the world.

"Economy is demanded in every branch of the Government at all times, but especially in periods like the present of depression in business. The severest economy must be observed in all public expenditures, and extravagance stopped wherever it is found, and prevented wherever in the future it may be developed.

"The best way for the Government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goes—not by resorting to loans, but by keeping out of debt—through an adequate income secured by a system of taxation, external or internal, or both. It is the settled policy of the Government, pursued from the beginning and practised by all parties and administrations, to raise the bulk of our revenue from taxes upon foreign productions entering the United States for sale and consumption, and avoiding, for the most part, every form of direct taxation except in time of war. The country is clearly opposed to any needless additions to the subjects of internal taxation, and is committed by its latest popular utterance to the system of tariff taxation. There can be no misunderstanding, either, about the principle upon which this tariff taxation shall be levied. Nothing has ever been made plainer at a general election than that the controlling principle in the raising of revenue from duties on imports is sealous care for American interests and American labor. The people have declared that such legislation should be had as will give ample protection and encouragement to the industries and the development of our country. It is, therefore, earnestly hoped and expected that Congress will, at the earliest practicable moment, enact revenue legislation that shall be fair, reasonable, conservative and just, and which, while supplying sufficient revenue for public purposes, will still be signally beneficial and helpful to every section and every enterprise of the people.

"To this policy we are all, of whatever party, firmly bound by the voice of the people—a power vastly more potential than the expression of any political platform. The paramount duty of Congress is to stop deficiencies by the restoration of that protective legislation which has always been the firmest prop of the treasury. The passage of such a law or laws would strengthen the credit of the Government, both at home and abroad, and go far towards stopping the drain upon the gold reserve held for the redemption of our currency, which has been heavy and well-nigh constant for several years.

"In the revision of the tariff, especial attention should be given to the re-enactment and extension of the reciprocity principles of the law of 1890, under which so great a stimulus was given to our foreign trade in new and advantageous markets for our surplus agricultural and manufactured products. The brief trial given this legislation amply justifies a further experiment and additional discretionary power in the making of commercial treaties, the end in view always to be the opening up of new markets for the products of our country, by granting concessions to the products of other lands that we need and cannot produce ourselves, and which do not involve any loss of labor to our own people, but tend to increase their employment.

"Business conditions are not the most promising. It will take time to restore the prosperity of former years. If we cannot promptly attain it, we can resolutely turn our faces in that direction and aid its return by friendly legislation.

"Our naturalization and immigration laws should be further improved, to the constant promotion of a safer, a better, and a higher citizenship. A grave peril to the Republic would be a citizenship too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate the great value and beneficence of our institutions and laws, and against all who come here to make war upon them our gates must be promptly and tightly closed.

"Congress should give prompt attention to the restoration of our American merchant marine, once the pride of the seas in all the great ocean highways of commerce. Commendable progress has been made of late years in the upbuilding of the American navy, but we must supplement those efforts by providing as a proper consort for it a merchant marine amply sufficient for our own trade to foreign countries.

"It has been the policy of the United States since the foundation of the Government to cultivate relations of peace and amity with all the nations of the world, and it accords with my conception of our duty now.

"We want no wars of conquest; we must avoid the temptation of territory aggression. War should never be entered upon until every agency of peace has failed.

"Upon our invitation a treaty of arbitration was negotiated between the United States and Great Britain, and transferred to the Senate for its ratification, in January last. Since this treaty is clearly the result of our own initiative, since it has been recognized as the leading feature of our foreign policy throughout our entire national history, the adjustment of difficulties by judicial methods rather than by force of arms—and since it presents to the world the glorious example of reason and peace, not passion and war—controlling the relations between two of the greatest nations of the world—an example certain to be followed by others, I respectfully urge the early action of the Senate thereon, not merely as a matter of policy, but as a duty to mankind. The importance and moral influence of the ratification of such a treaty can hardly be overestimated in the cause of advancing civilization."

The President, having decided to convene Congress in extraordinary session on the 15th inst., submits his motive:

"There could be no better time to put the Government upon a sound financial and economic basis than now. The people have only recently voted that this should be done, and nothing is more binding upon the agents of their will than the obligation of immediate action. It has always seemed to me that the postponement of the meeting of Congress until more than a year after it has been chosen deprived Congress too often of the inspiration of the popular will and the country of the corresponding benefits. It is evident, therefore, that to postpone action in the presence of so great a necessity would be unwise on the part of the Executive."

When President McKinley arose to read his inaugural address there was a great cheer, but when it subsided the crush and tumult of the restless, moving crowd were so great that it was impossible to hear a word. The crowd surged around the stand and many ladies were almost crushed. Cries of "police" were the only words that could be recognized in the confusion. Many of the crowd were compelled to climb the fence surrounding the platform in order to escape serious bodily harm. In the midst of all the confusion President McKinley read his address, standing with bared head, while his predecessor sat at his right, beaver tile on head, and gave his attention not so much to what was being said, as to the noise and tumult about him. The situation was somewhat relieved by the people on the edges of the crowd moving away and giving more room to those near the speaker.

Major McKinley read his speech from manuscript. His hat rested by his side, his head was thrown back, as is usual with him when speaking earnestly, and his fine face stood out with silhouette distinctness against the background formed by the massive Capitol building. He was dressed in dark colors, and wore the badge presented to him yesterday by Postmaster-General Wilson at the request of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon, the college fraternity of which the President is a member.

Toward the close of the reading of the address the commotion in the crowd stilled and Mr. McKinley's clear, ringing voice penetrated to a great distance from where he stood. His patriotic declaration that the institutions of the country must be preserved and the law of the land recognized and obeyed evoked loud cheers. The colored people in the crowd tumultuously applauded the sentiment that lynchings must cease, that courts, not mobs, enforce the extreme penalty of the law. The sentiment that Civil Service reform must go on evoked loud applause, but the most enthusiastic reception was given to the assertion that in our foreign policy the recognition of the utmost rights of American citizens would be insisted upon. Equal almost was the pleasure expressed at the announcement that he would convene Congress in special session on Monday, the 15th of March, only 10 days distant.

At the close of the address President McKinley was congratulated by ex-Vice-President Stevenson, Hon. Galusha A. Grow, the venerable ex-Senator of the House of Representatives and others.

The new President and ex-President then left the stand and were conducted to the room of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, where a luncheon was spread for them and their immediate attendants.

While the inaugural ceremonies were progressing in the Senate Chamber, the vast throngs on the plaza of the Capitol resorted to various devices to pass the time waiting for the appearance of the Presidential party. At 12.30 someone started the familiar strains of Bethany, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and they soon swelled into a mighty roar.

The new President's mother, assisted by her son Abner and his wife, and her daughter Helen, were next welcomed by Mrs. Cleveland, and then several others of the McKinley party.

Within three minutes Mrs. Cleveland had said a pleasant word to each of these and had bidden Mrs. McKinley an affectionate farewell. Then, with tears in her eyes, she entered Secretary Lamont's carriage and was driven rapidly to his house, where the retiring Cabinet ladies were awaiting her at luncheon. She was compelled to hasten her departure, however, and, with a hurried handshake and a kiss to those who have been her nearest friends, she was off again to the station with Secretary Thurber, and at 3.17 o'clock, the very moment Mr. Cleveland was leaving the White House, his wife, in a special car, left Washington for her future home at Princeton.

It was 3.20 when President McKinley ascended the steps leading to the reviewing stand. As he appeared at the rear central door the relatives, friends and guests on the platform gave him round after round of handclapping. Bowing to right and left, with smiling countenance, he walked, hat in hand, to the sheltered niche selected for him. He was cheered, as was also Vice-President Hobart, as he stepped forward, followed by Mrs. Hobart. The appearance of the President was the signal for the halted procession to resume its progress. A cannon boomed off in the distance and the grand review began.

The Governors of States, as they marched past with their brilliantly caparisoned staffs, were loudly cheered, especially Gov. Bushnell from McKinley's own State.

The marching of the regulars, cavalry, artillery, infantry and marines was all that could be desired, and drew cheers all along the line.

BRITISH COMMONS.

Canada's Opinion Asked in Regard to Regimental Districts—Six Premiers Accept.

London, March 4.—In the House of Commons to-day W. S. Broderick, Parliamentary Secretary to the War Office, said the Government's proposal to create regimental districts in the colonies had been referred to the Dominion of Canada for an opinion thereon. The Imperial Government were alive to the desirability of the creation of such districts, and would encourage any tendencies toward their establishment on the part of the colonies, but it was obvious that the subject needed careful consideration.

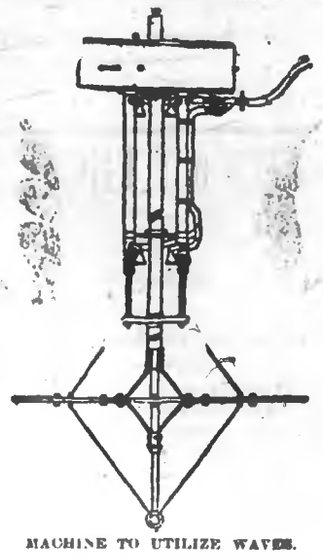
Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, announced that the Premiers of Cape Colony, Newfoundland, Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania and West Australia had signified their intention to be present at the celebration of the sixtieth year of the reign of Queen Victoria next June upon the invitation of the Government.

Mr. Chamberlain added that Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, had said the invitation would be heartily entertained, but he would be obliged to consult with his colleagues on the subject of its acceptance.

UTILIZATION OF WAVE POWER.

A Machine Built by a British Engineer to Get Work Out of the Sea.

B. Morley Fletcher, an associate member of the British Institute of



MACHINE TO UTILIZE WAVES.

Civil Engineers, has been engaged for some time in carrying on experiments in England looking to the utilization of the force developed by the rise and fall of the waves of the sea. Many attempts have been made to use this enormous power for mechanical purposes, and it has been estimated that a very small fraction of the energy developed in the sea by the winds would suffice for all human needs. Mr. Fletcher has succeeded in making an experimental machine which promises to be of real utility for many purposes.

The machine is simply a pump arranged in an ingenious manner, so that the waves shall work it up and down, and the force of the stream of water thus propelled may be used either directly for operating engines or be carried to reservoirs and used from these for producing enegy. Mr. Fletcher's machine consists, first, of a strong metal rod, the lower end of which is held stationary at a fixed distance from the bottom of the sea by means of chains and anchors. Near the upper end, and built so that it can slide on the rod, is a big round, hollow float, shaped like a cheese box. Attached to the lower side of this float, one on either side of the central rod, are the barrels of two long pumps whose piston rods are made fast to a cross-piece on the certal rod below. It is evident that if the central rod is held firmly the rise and fall of the floating cylinder at the top will work the pumps. The difficulty to be overcome lies in the fact that the central rod would naturally rise and fall with the float. To overcome this tendency Mr. Fletcher has carried the lower end of the central rod down into the sea below the zone of wave action, and there fastened a great flat disk to the rod. This disk offers so much resistance to movement that it holds the central rod practically still while the float rises and falls and does the pumping. A small machine which was used at Dover had a float about four feet in diameter, and a stroke to the pumps of four feet; and this, when in full action, developed 2.7 horse power.

The Sore Exception.

"How sorely you must miss your wife!" said the sympathetic friend in tones suitable for expressing condolence. "Her familiar step, the touch of her hand, the sound of her voice—"

"Er—h'm! Especially the sound of her voice," replied Deacon Peck, whose helpmate of more than a quarter of a century had been taken from him by death. "Especially the sound of her voice. For nearly thirty years we dwelt together, and as far as I know the only man who ever talked to her to whom she didn't talk back was the minister who performed our marriage ceremony."

Love in the Scale.

"How much does the baby weigh" is only another way of asking, "Is he healthy and strong?" When a baby is welcomed into the world with loving care and forethought, his chances of health and strength are increased a hundred-fold.

A prospective mother cannot begin too early to look after her own health and physical condition. This is sure to be reflected in the baby. Any weakness or nervous depression, or lack of vigor on the mother's part should be overcome early during the expectant time by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which promotes the perfect health and strength of the organism specially concerned in motherhood.

It makes the coming of baby absolutely safe and comparatively free from pain; renders the mother strong and cheerful, and transmits healthy constitutional vigor to the child.

No other medicine in the world has been such an unqualified blessing to mothers and their children. It is the one positive specific for all weak and diseased conditions of the feminine organism. It is the only medicine of its kind devised for this one purpose by a trained and educated specialist in this particular field.

Mrs. F. B. Cannings, of No. 4320 Humphrey St., St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I am now a happy mother of a fine, healthy baby girl. Feel that your 'Favorite Prescription' and little 'Pellets' have done me more good than anything I have ever taken. Three months previous to my confinement I began using your medicine. I took three bottles of the 'Prescription.' Consequence were I was only in labor forty-five minutes. With my first baby I suffered 48 hours, then had to lose him. He was very delicate and only lived 12 hours. For two years I suffered untold agony, and had two miscarriages. The 'Favorite Prescription' saved both my child and myself. My baby is not yet three weeks old and I do not think I ever felt better in my life."

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review

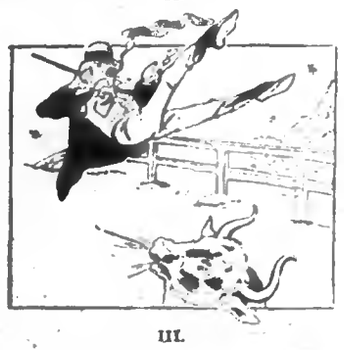
FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897

THE CITY ACROBAT.

And Now He Met the Emergency of the Rural Taurus.

I.

II.



III.

IV.

The New Millionaire.

I ran across a new millionaire the other day whose name I have not yet seen in the papers. I found him and his family in a little room from whose windows one could see the lake. The living that my friend Midas needs many servants and a palace to make passable goes grandly on here in one room and an alcove. Three servants, Love, Willingness and Good Nature, do all the work gratis. On the looking-glass was printed this little poem of Lucy Larcom's:

"ALL THINGS ARE MINE."

"I do not own an inch of land,
But all I see is mine—
The orchards and the mowing-fields,
The lawn and gardens fine;
The winds my tax-collectors are,
They bring me tithes divine—
Wild scents and subtle essences,
A tribute rare and free;
And more magnificent than all,
My windows keep for me
A glimpse of blue immensity,
A little strip of sea."

—Chicago Record.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE PASSING YEARS.

The years are passing o'er me,
Life's race will soon be run,
And sunset skies before me
Proclaim that day is done.

But what hath death of sorrow?
Well know I that to-day
Is parent of to-morrow,
With all its bright array.

At eve, when down I lay me,
In quietness to sleep,
This thought shall sweetly stay me;
Eternal love doth keep.

The future I can gladly
Leave to God's gentle care,
But one thought stealeth sadly
Upon me unaware.

So few the hours remaining,
For tasks of love and good;
I pray for grace sustaining
To use them as I should.

For burdened souls beside me,
Who mourning lift their plaint,
With word of help provide me,
At what time, Lord, they faint

O, Font of living waters,
Deign through my life to flow,
To cheer Thy sons and daughters,
In time of want and woe.

—ROBERT M. OFFORD.

CATCHING A BURGLAR

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

"No," said Betsey Jane, "nothin shall induce me to change my mind, mem. I've give warning, and I shall stick to it. No, girl, mem, as respects herself could put up with the sort of treatment as I gets at No. 54. The way cold meat, mem, is weighed afore it goes off the table to make sure as there ain't anything cribbed off it befor it goes back for nine o'clock supper, with a Welsh rabbit and a pickle! And as for me, mem, I'm expected to live off bread and cheese and salt pork. And the old gent, he measures all coal by the scuttleful, and says I'll bring him to the poorhouse if I don't leave off wasting the kindling wood—and Miss Zeruiah she counts every lump of sugar and the apples in the store chamber. Why, mem, there couldn't a black beetle grow fat in that house, let alone a respectable sized mouse, and no money couldn't hire me to stay, after my month is up."

And, catching up the tin cup which contained a cent's worth of yeast, Betsey Jane hurried home, much relieved by this free expression of her mind to Mrs. Jones, the baker's wife. With all the speed which she could make, however, Miss Zeruiah Hardscrabble was lying in wait for her behind the parlor door when she came in.

"Betsey Jane," said she severely, "you've been gossiping with some young man."

"I've been for the yeast, miss," said Betsey Jane, panting with the speed she had made.

"I don't believe a word you say," said Miss Hardscrabble, brusquely—at which Betsey Jane only tossed her head and made no reply.

"Go and make some toast for tea," added Miss Zeruiah, "and put my father's slippers and dressing gown warming against he comes in; and if your young man is prowling about the premises, he'll be sorry for it, for I'm going through the basement with a candle and make sure that all is right."

"It ain't nothing to me, mem, how much you go through it with a candle," said Betsey Jane, stung beyond her control.

"Don't dare to be insolent, girl!" said Miss Hardscrabble.

"No, mem, I won't," said Betsey Jane, in a tone which might be interpreted as meaning: "I'll be as insolent as I please, and you can't help yourself."

Miss Hardscrabble nearly annihilated her retainer with a glance as she lighted the candle and set forth on her nightly round of investigation.

"I always go at dusk," said Miss Hardscrabble, "because that's the most dangerous time for thieves and burglars; and after that the doors are all locked, and Betsey Jane has to come to me for the key if she wants to go outside the doorstep."

Through the back kitchen—peeping under the tubs in the laundry, across the stone-paved hall toward the vault-like cellar, walked Miss Hardscrabble, a modern type of Lady Macbeth in the sleep-walking scene.

"Ha!" said Miss Hardscrabble, with a tragic start, "the coal-cellar door ajar! What does this mean?"

Opening it the least possible section of a crack, Miss Hardscrabble dropped the candle on the cat and uttered an eldritch scream. But, in the height of her panic she had still presence of mind enough to bolt and double bolt the cellar door on the outside.

"Run for the police Betsey Jane!" said Miss Hardscrabble, flying upstairs. "I've got him!"

"Got who, mem?" said Betsey Jane, who was on her knees before the kitchen fire, vainly trying to brown a slice of bread before its handful of smoldering coals. "La! said Betsey Jane to herself, "toast knows stingy people as well as anybody. And it won't never brown for 'em!"

"Your young man!" said Miss Hardscrabble. "In the coal cellar! But he's safe now until the justiciary comes."

"It ain't nothin' of the sort!" contradicted Betsey Jane. "I ain't got no young man! And if I had, he ain't skulkin' in your coal cellar, Miss Hardscrabble, no more he ain't. It's the cat."

But Tabby herself, rubbing up against her, with a good deal of melted tallow still adhering to her fur, served as a mute contradiction to this last assertion.

"Go for the police," said Miss Hardscrabble, her voice rising a semitone higher, "or I shall instantly discharge you without your month's wages!"

Thus adjured, Betsey Jane, grumblingly took down the sleeves which were rolled up above a pair of plump and mottled arms, removed her checkered apron, and reached down her hat from the pegs behind the kitchen door.

"Hurry, why don't you?" said Miss Hardscrabble.

"I am a-hurrying, ain't I?" retorted Betsey Jane.

But at this moment a rumbling sound, like the throes of a miniature earthquake, struck on both their ears.

"He's knocked down the whole half ton of coal!" screamed Betsey Jane.

"He's banging at the door to get out!" shrieked Miss Hardscrabble.

Away went Betsey Jane after the police, while her mistress locked herself in and considered whether there was enough red lavender and valerian in the house to justify her in going into hysterics. And the police arrived, and she hadn't time to indulge her nervousness.

"Come out of here, you villin'!" growled Policeman 20,000,02.

"Let me out!" roared a voice from the inside.

"Yes, I'll let you out," said Policeman 20,000,02. "Oh, you hoary-headed old sinner, just come along with me!"

"How dare you!" shouted the captive.

"If you've any questions to ax, you'd better keep it to ax his Honor in court," said Policeman 20,000,02, and he dragged the culprit out and clapped on a pair of handcuffs before Betsey Jane and her mistress could believe that the desperate villain was really in custody.

"A-breakin' into peaceable citizenses' coalholes and frightenin' the ladies! I wonder you ain't ashamed of yourself," said Policeman 20,000,02 with an extra jerk to the necktie of the brigand. "I say, come along, why don't you? Now, ladies, don't be scared! The gang's all broke up!"

At this juncture the fluttered doves of this cote ventured to peep over the banisters of the basement staircase. Miss Hardscrabble uttered a shriek, which, as Policeman 20,000,02 said, "ran through him like a carving knife."

"It's pa!" said Miss Hardscrabble.

"It's master!" said Betsey Jane.

"Brute of a policeman!" cried Miss Hardscrabble, "release my parent!"

"Ain't he a burglar?" demanded Policeman 20,000,02, in great perplexity.

"No more than yourself," said old Hardscrabble, who, with his mouth and eyes filled with coal dust, and his face resembling that of a negro minstrel ready for the stage, presented a most indescribable appearance.

"Dearest pa!" exclaimed Miss Hardscrabble, flinging herself upon him.

"Don't be a fool, Zeruiah!" was the tenderly parental response.

"But how came you there?" demanded the policeman, naturally reluctant to let go the burglar whom he had captured with so much eclat. "This 'ere whole proceeding has got a kind of a queer look, to my mind."

"I don't know that it's anybody's business," said old Hardscrabble, sneezing vehemently, "but I went down on my way from the office to measure out the coal in scuttles and make sure there hadn't any of it been spirited away. I didn't speak to anybody because I didn't want anybody to know; but that stupid servant girl—"

"It was me, pa," said Miss Hardscrabble, "locked up the house."

"No matter who it was," said Mr. Hardscrabble, angrily. "Between you two fools I got locked in before I could make you hear. And now the whole matter is explained. You needn't wait, policeman. Go about your business, girl. Zeruiah, if you're quite through staring, perhaps you'll lay me out a clean shirt."

The policeman slunked away. Betsey Jane descended into the kitchen, giggling under her breath, and Miss Zeruiah disappeared into the linen closet, while old Mr. Hardscrabble, rubbing his abraided joints, sat before the parlor fire, uttering to himself:

"Such fools as people are!"

MR. GEORGE W. RUSSELL.

Something of the Man Who Is Delving Among Ireland's Literary Antiquities.

Toronto, (Special.)—In the renaissance of Irish lyric poetry, which has startled the English literary world during the last few years, nothing appears to be so striking as the source of its inspiration. Few are aware that hid away in sundry storehouses, Trinity College, Dublin, being one of the chief, there exists an Irish literature unrivalled in volume, in antiquity, in

MR. GEORGE W. RUSSELL.

historical accuracy, and in genius, by the literary remains of any other European nation. The Bards of two thousand years ago are exerting a more direct influence upon Irish thought than the songsters of last century, and Moore sinks into insignificance beside some of the old masters of Tara.

Among those engaged in the study and translation of these hoary scriptures, George W. Russell has attracted decided attention in London critical circles. His poems at first appeared over the pen-name "Æ," and when collected were issued in a very ordinary looking little book, and still anonymously. The demand proved so great that an American publisher issued an enlarged edition under the title "Homeward Songs by the Way," and this enjoys an appreciative sale.

Russell is an artist as well as a poet, and any who have had the good fortune to see some of his marvellous cartoons, more suggestive of Blake than ought else, can understand that he is no mere translator, but a Maker as of old. With that Celtic audacity, which is reverent also since it perceives the vastnesses, and is audacious simply because it has large perceptions, the little-minded only attempting little things, his poems deal with the deepest heart of Nature, the glory of the great Life in its unity, and the majesty of her vestures.

The ancient Irish wisdom, like to that of Egypt and India, breathes through his verse, and everywhere he is an one "journeying with Deity." His preface to quotat enough to quote. "I moved among men and places, and in living I learned the truth at last. I know I am a spirit, and that I went forth in old time from the Self-ancestral to labors yet unaccomplished, but filled ever and again with homesickness I made these songs by the way."

Day.

In day from some Titanic past it seems
As if a thread divine of memory runs;
Born ere the Mighty One began his dreams,
Or yet were stars and suns.

But here an iron will has fixed the bars;
Forgetfulness falls on earth's myriad races;
No image of the proud and morning stars
Looks at us from their faces.

Yet yearning still to reach to those dim heights,
Each dream remembered is a burning glass,
Where through to darkness from the Light of Lights
Its rays in splendor pass.

Every voice and feature of nature has symbolical meaning for him. "We rise," as he says, "but by the symbol chariot'ed. Through loved things rising up to Love's own ways."

"If a thousand ages since
Hurled us from the throne;
Then a thousand ages wins
Back again our own."

To work out this simple philosophy of life appears to be the main purpose of the poems, which do not lend themselves to quotation. Each is a fragment, perfect in itself and pregnant with elevating thought.

"In miracles of fire,
He symbols forth his days;
In gleams of crystal light
Reveals what pure pathways
Lead to the soul's desire,
The silence of the height."

IRIS H. HILL.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

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MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
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BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
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GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
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In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
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Homœopathic Chemists, London,
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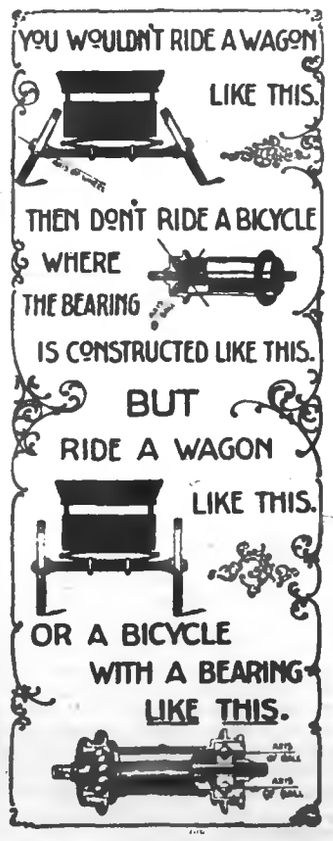

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AGENT.

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Ask him for a 10 cent package and try it again.

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Do No Experimenting!

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Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

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Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
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THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5

And continuing until the whole Stock is turned into Cash, at

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO

Having purchased the above well known stock of high-class ***Dress Goods, Trimmings, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Underwear and Corsets, Millinery, Mantles, Carpets, Curtains and General Staple Dry Goods,*** at the very low figure of 61 cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost, and by selling it in our own store at no extra expense for rent or heating or extra help, we are in a position to sell this stock and have decided to offer it at from 25 to 30 per cent. less than the regular wholesale cost of the goods.

You all know that as Mr. Hall was in business but a short time, that there is really no old stock, but on the contrary every article in this stock is of a high-class character, well bought and selected with excellent taste.

WE WANT TO TURN IT INTO CASH AT ONCE and will make the prices do the selling. You make it a point to make a note of this and be on hand FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, AT 9 A.M.

THIS STOCK is large, and space will only admit mentioning a few lines, but rest assured we have not bought this stock to keep it. IT MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE to make room for our new goods. This is a chance to get goods 25c. on the Dollar less than wholesale prices. THIS IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE BEST BANKRUPT STOCK EVER OFFERED TO A BUYING PUBLIC, and GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

THE SALE COMMENCES ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, and CONTINUES UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

The Place is 130, 132 and 134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Berlin Wools

This Week, only 6c. oz.

Draping Material,
Wall Papers,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades.

The above lines have been bought very cheap and if you want a bargain come at once

—TO—

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

If you think

That it would be a desirable thing to place in your home a

PIANO

The first questions that naturally present themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

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Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

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TYPE WRITERS THE "EMPIRE" Latest and Best.

HALF THE PRICE OF OTHERS.

The name of the manufacturers is a guarantee of its quality. Agents wanted.

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Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme. regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Classical Music.

The following new classical selections have arrived at Mulligan & Potter's music store, 416 George-st: "Dreams of Rosaland," "Rosaland Lancers," "Espanita," "Sweet as the Rose." 3d52

Primary Sunday School Teachers' Union.

A primary union was organized in Peterborough in connection with the County Sunday School convention held in February. The local meetings are being held weekly in St. Paul's church parlor. All primary workers will be made welcome every Friday evening at 7.45 o'clock.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their groceries from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

New Books

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Scientific Philosophy (vol 3), Spenser; Story of the Nations (Canada), Bourinot; Baffling the Blockade, Oxley; The sign of the Cross, Wilson Barrett; Barker's Luck, Bret-Harte; My Bagdad, Nixon; Arrested, Stewart; Babe B A., Benson. A Girl of the People, Mead; The Seals in Cloak, Bolderwood.

There Will be no Crusher.

The Street and Bridge committee at a meeting yesterday afternoon decided that the men should remain employed breaking stone, though some of the Councillors advocated the purchase of a stone crusher, but this was opposed by a majority of the members, who felt that it paid in the end to employ citizens who were idle to do the work. Chairman McWilliams and Street Inspector Clinkscale visited the several places in town where work has been done. The Auburn bridge matter was discussed and a subcommittee will carry on the negotiations.

OAK HALL.

A Coming Lecture

Mr John A Paterson, of the law firm of Kerr, Macdonald, Davidson & Paterson, Toronto, will lecture here in the Y M C A hall on Tuesday, March 9th, at 8 p m., under the auspices of the Natural Science Association. Mr Paterson's subject will be "The Scriptures of the Sky," which is indicated in the following synopsis:—1, the scale upon which the universe is built; 2, the plurality of worlds; 3, condition of life bearing planets; 4, Mars down to date; 5, the meteorites of 1899; 6, the moon and unsolved problems of astronomy. An invitation is extended to all to be present. There will be no admission fee charged and all are welcome. 3d

PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO.

"GLIMPSES OF PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO."

The Subject of An Interesting Paper Read Before the Historical Association by Mr Hampden Burnham—Information Regarding the Early Days of Peterborough Town—An Art Loan Exhibition.

The monthly meeting of the Peterborough Town and County Historical Association in the County Council Chamber was well attended, and those who were present listened with interest and profit to an admirable paper by Mr Hampden Burnham on "Glimpses of Peterborough sixty years ago."

Lieut.-Col. Rogers occupied the chair, and during the meeting several matters of business were dealt with.

Ten new names were proposed and accepted as members.

Lieut.-Col. Rogers suggested to the Association the advisability of holding an Art Loan exhibition of articles of historic interest for the purpose of opening the new museum at Inverlea.

On motion, Messrs Richard Rall, Lieut.-Col. Rogers, Lieut.-Col. Bell, E. B. Edwards, Sheriff Hall, George Dunsford, F R Yokome, H. T. Strickland and Hampden Burnham were chosen a committee to assume control of the exhibition, and, in case sufficient encouragement was received, to fix the date and arrange all matters in connection with the exhibition.

PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO.

Mr. Hampden Burnham read a paper on "Glimpses of Peterborough Sixty Years Ago." This paper was prepared in part from information gathered from old old residents, early records, and various literature on the subject. As it deals with Peterborough's early history it is of more than passing interest to residents of the town to-day. The REVIEW has, therefore, decided to publish the paper in full, but owing to its length it will be divided into two instalments, the first of which is given to-day. Mr. Burnham said:—

It is not my purpose to attempt anything of an ambitious kind in this little paper. I simply wish to recall the settlement now known throughout the province as the town of Peterborough as it was more than sixty years ago, and reference will be omitted subsequent to 1837. Those of us who have gone far into the trackless forest or have sought the little lakes with which this county abounds, placed as they are frequently in situations at once romantic and picturesque, will have some idea of the beauty of this part of the Newcastle district as it was a century ago. If scenes such as I speak of are pleasing to us, how much more delightful were they to those who fled from the scene of the American revolution, or who left the older countries when the lapse of fortune or the pressure of population required it. Though the incomers felt, as the history of those times shows, all the sadness of exile from their native lands, yet the glorious country to which they came, free from the objectionable features of those which they came from, presented to their eyes not only the prodigality of nature in wood and water and fertile soil, but the vision also of a future of their own building, the vision of a freedom bounded by the narrow will of no man. In talking over old times with

SOME OF THE EARLY SETTLERS,

many of whom now lie in the quiet churchyard, I have invariably found that the hardships and privations suffered in the early days in the new and unbroken country instead of destroying the pleasures of life enhanced these delights when they came. When men and women walked thirty and forty miles to see each other, they did so because they rejoiced in the visit and not because of the fatigue of leisure and idle hours at home. In this district, as in many others in Canada, some of the settlers were people of education and culture, and these have left behind them materials from which we may gather both the natural and social history of the country. In Peterborough there is but little documentary evidence of events previous to 1845. The story of the district prior to that time has depended largely on the memory of the "oldest inhabitants." Before 1818 the County of Peterborough, or at least that part of it lying to the north, was uninhabited by white settlers. An odd surveyor or explorer had been through, but that was all. The Indians, chiefly of the Ojibway and Mississagua tribes with a few of the Mohawks held undisputed sway. In order to give a just idea of the appearance of the country at that time I shall quote from Mrs. Dunlop's edition of the letters of her mother, the wife of the Hon. T. A. Stewart, written, many of them, to her friend, the distinguished novelist, Maria Edgeworth, and also from a letter or two of Mr. Stewart's as well as from Major Strickland's striking history of "Twenty-seven Years in Canada West." This extract is from

A LETTER OF MR. STEWART

to his wife at Cobourg, where she remained until her husband had placed their new home in the back woods in order:—

"DEC. 15, 1822.

"I was waiting till I had seen our lands before I write to you. (These lands were situated along the river above the Auburn mills.) I went up there some time ago with some provisions and warm clothing for Mr. Reid and the party we have working building houses and clearing land. The township we have got land in is called Douro and is just 36 miles due north (of Cobourg.) I will give you a short description of my little journey up there. * * * I hired a yoke of oxen to take us and our luggage to Rice lake, so-called from the great quantity of rice that grows in it, which is very nice for soup, &c. We had a rough ride of it, as the road is very bad through the woods. We got to the ferry house at dark and the next morning the boat, with our luggage and ourselves, was ready to start about 12 o'clock. We went across the beautiful Rice lake All it wants to equal Killarney is the mountains. There are some beautiful islands covered with woods and long points running out into the lake. * * * After rowing about three-quarters of an hour we entered

THE FINE AND NOBLE RIVER OTONABEE.

To describe this river is beyond my pen, but you may conceive a deep and slow-running river about three times as wide as the Liffey, lined on both sides to the water's edge with large trees and the banks in general rising from the water to a considerable height, except here and there you can see a few acres cleared away and a neat log house built. Almost all are inhabited by naval or military officers."

I shall now proceed to read an extract bearing on the climate as well. This time from Major Strickland's account of this district before 1830:—

The dry air of Canada, though so low in temperature, has not such chilling effects on my frame, as that of England. Besides the sharp piercing cold of the Canadian winter is really invigorating, and warm thick clothing protects the person from the effects of the climate, while nothing can guard the frame from damp which we continually breathe in England and which no precaution can rarely exclude."

My next extract is a quotation credited by Major Strickland to McGregor's "British America" and quoted by him with approval.

"It is indeed impossible to exaggerate the autumnal beauty of these forests. Nothing under heaven can be compared to its effulgent grandeur. Two or three frosty nights in the decline of autumn transform the boundless verdure of a whole empire into every possible tint of brilliant scarlet, rich violet, every shade of blue and brown, vivid crimson and glittering yellow. The stern, inexorable fir-tribes alone maintain their eternal sombre green, all others on mountains or in valleys burst into the most glorious vegetable beauty and exhibit the most splendid panorama on earth."

These extracts give an idea of the feelings excited in the early settlers, and if there is one thing more than another of profit to

THE PRESENT GENERATION

in these experiences it is the evidence of a disposition on the part of these early settlers to be content with their surroundings so different from the frivolous and complaining tendency of to-day, when indeed it is difficult to find the least trace of that resignation and quietude of mind which is so conducive to bodily health and mental happiness. It must not be supposed, however, that these people did not amuse themselves, but their amusement was the recreation of people who enjoyed entertainment after care and not the idle frivolity of people who neither think nor spin. Their reading and reflections, as we see, were of the deepest and purest kind, so that we find more food in a page of one of these old settler's letters than in a week of much of the conversation of the present. The lesson of patience and simplicity is, I think, the very best legacy they have left us.

From Poole's "History of Peterborough," we learn a variety of things, more especially regarding the rise of the business portion of the place. In the year following the settlement of the township of Smith, that is in 1819, we find a party landing just above what was afterwards Spalding's Bay, and selecting a mill site about where the Peterborough Canoe Co's building is situated. The first mill was a combination of saw and grist mill under one roof, and was established there about two years after, which would be in 1821, and was known as Scott's mill. Up to 1825 the

PRESENT TOWN OF PETERBOROUGH

had only two inhabitants, Mr. Scott, the owner of the mill, and one employee. The line of travel from "the front," was across Rice Lake and up the river leading from the town to Cobourg, a place of some importance in the south, past Scott's mill to the townships of Smith and Douro in the north and in the east riding to the townships of Otonabee, &c. The east riding especially in its southern part, was a considerably older settlement than the west, although all told the number of settlers north of Rice lake at this Period did not exceed five hundred. The autumn of 1825 was signalized by the arrival of the Hon Peter Robinson's emigrants at the infant village of "Scott's Plains," after 1827 to be named Peterborough in honor of Mr Robinson. They were brought up in a large boat sixty feet long and eight feet wide propelled by oars, which by repeated trials landed them all at the same spot which Scott and his party landed at six years before. Provisions were furnished by the Government. Roads were then cut in various directions to allow of these and other settlers getting to as from their locations in the townships. A few families remained permanently in Peterborough. It will perhaps be better now to confine ourselves more to the town of Peterborough, which began with the peopling of the townships to increase also in population and importance.

Poole says that "a reserve was made in the survey of the township of North Monaghan in 1818 for the site of the future town of Peterborough, but it was not till 1825 that

THE TOWN PLOT WAS LAID OUT

by actual survey by Richard Birdsall, Esq., surveyor, under the direction of the Hon Zaccheus Burnham to whom this task, to

Continued on Page 5.

TERRIBLE ENDING TO A YOUNG LIFE

LETTLE ROY MORRISON RUN OVER BY A SLEIGH AND KILLED

The Four-Year-Old Son of Mr Robert Morrison, of the Electric Works, Meets With an Accident That Resulted Fatally

Fatal in its results was the ride that little Roy Morrison, the four-year-old son of Mr Robert Morrison, of the Canadian General Electric works, took on a sleight last evening.

Master Roy, with a number of other children on Albert-st., were jumping on sleighs as they passed to and fro during the afternoon. About a quarter after six o'clock in the evening Mr M J Johnston, butcher, Rubidge-st., was driving to his home in North Monaghan with a load of barley on a bob-sleigh. When he reached Albert-st a crowd of boys and girls jumped on his sleigh, and he warned them to leave but they did not heed. He drove on and suddenly the noisy children jumped from the sleigh and on turning around he noticed them gathered in a circle in the rear. It never came to his mind that there was a sad cause for the children's actions and he drove on to his home, but this morning on return to town he learned with deep sadness that his sleigh had run over young Roy Morrison and resulted in his death.

The little fellow had been hanging on the ride of the sleigh and evidently lost his grip and fell between the "bobs" and was run over by the rear runners, the weight of the contents of the sleigh coming down upon his weak frame with terrible force.

Kind hands conveyed the poor child to the residence of Mrs. Brownlee, where he succumbed to his injuries in a few minutes. Death resulted from an injury to the spine and the crushing of the body. Dr. Bell, coroner, considered the fatality purely accidental and did not consider it necessary to order an inquest.

The accident, while painfully sad, will serve as a lesson to the hundreds of girls and boys that daily practice the dangerous habit of hanging on sleighs, risking their lives and occasioning much annoyance to those who have occasion to drive. In this sad case the little child was not at all to blame. He was only four years of age and did not understand the danger, but was led on by other children.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Fine Quality.

The old music firm, Peterborough Music Co., have made arrangements to have a fresh supply of fine imported violin, banjo and guitar strings shipped them every two weeks. New stock this week. d54

St Luke's School House, Auburnham, To-night.

The first of the course of lectures on "Christian Unity," will be given this evening at 8 o'clock by Rev Dr Terrance. Subject "The Natural Benefits of Christian Unity." All are cordially invited to attend.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Lindsay-Peterborough hockey match.

Lenten address at St. Luke's.

My Friend from India at the opera house.

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

Entertainment in City Lodge, I.O.G.T.

Last evening the members of City Lodge and a few others enjoyed a very pleasant entertainment given by local talent. All the numbers on the programme did credit to the performers, but the recitations were especially applauded. Those by Misses Edna Armstrong Alberta Mark, Sadie Rutherford and Ethel Bradburn were remarkably well rendered for so young elocutionists. These young ladies show decided talent, and, if they persevere, Peterborough will not rank second to her sister towns even in literary merit in the future.

Harris Tweeds

From the Highlands o' Scotland.

We have been fortunate in securing a limited supply of these rare and much admired Scotch Tweeds, so highly prized by the aristocracy of the old country.

The chief beauty of the **Harris Tweeds** lies in their rough finish, being homespun and dyed, and deftly woven on hand looms by thrifty and ingenious hand weavers of the Highlands of Scotland, never having been inside of a factory.

They are guaranteed pure Scotch Wool, and retain the peculiar odor of the heather and peat, so susceptible to the olfactory nerves of the sons of Auld Scotia.

In neutral shades, devoid of anything like conspicuous pattern, for Shooting, Cycling and Outing Suits.

The demand for the **Harris Tweeds** is always in excess of the supply—only 25 pieces having been secured for Canada, of which we obtained a select number. Ask to see these novelties at

Mercer's

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Bobcaygeon curlers came to town yesterday afternoon and played friendly games with the local curlers in the evening and this morning. The result of the evening contest was a decided victory for the Peterborough curlers, the score being as follows:

PETERBOROUGH		BOBCAYGEON	
H R H Kenner		F Minns	
C N Brown		T McCamus	
W Sailsbury		A E Bottom	
J H Connel, skip	20	W J Read, skip	12
H Snowden		Charles Arnberg	
C Rutherford		Jas Robinson	
J Stanger		A P Ross	
J Pentland, skip	27	W A Davis, skip	7
Geo Giroux		J Wilson	
Geo Whiten		Dr Baker	
W L Allen		W McIntyre	
Judge Weller, sk	22	W Robinson, skip	5
	69		24

Majority for Peterborough, 45

The Bobcaygeon curlers were defeated again this morning. A rink skipped by Mr. J. S. Knapman won from Skip Bottum by one shot and Skip D Bellegham won by 9 shots from Skip Read.

The Blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

A HARVEY DEPUTATION

Wait Upon the Ontario Government and Ask for Aid to Improve Dams.

Messrs. Shaw, James Richmond and John Crandle, from the township of Harvey, waited upon the Provincial Government at Toronto yesterday morning, and asked for aid to the extent of $1,000 for improving dams on Squaw river. They stated that a large lumber concern, which some time ago drew their logs along the river, used to keep the dams in repair. The concern have lately stopped their works in that region. The settlers, however, use the river for the same purpose. The deputation stated that if the money was advanced and dams immediately repaired, the Government would receive, from tolls, two or three thousand dollars within the year.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

Opera House To-night.

Don't forget that to-night "My Friend from India," the most laughable farce comedy ever presented before a Peterborough audience, will be the attraction at the opera house. This comedy comes to us very highly recommended, having pleased large audiences wherever presented. The acting is good, and the piece extremely funny, and will be sure to please all who attend. The prices are 25c, 35c and 50c, with a few of the best reserved seats at 75c.

SHEET MUSIC.

2 Copies for 5 Cents, all day to-morrow, at MULLIGAN & POTTER'S, 416 George-st. 1d54

PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO.

Continued from page 4.

gether with the survey of some of the neighboring townships, had been assigned. In the spring of 1825 the general site of the town was still in a state of nature. The ground west of the creek (that is English's creek) was densely wooded with a heavy growth of pine, interspersed with beech and maple while between that stream and the river the character of the soil was that known as the 'plains,' and the trees were of stunted oak and scrubby pine with smaller brushwood and occassional grassy spots, several of which bore traces of the Indians' camp or hunter's solitary fire." Mr. Scott's own house, the first in Peterborough and recently pulled down, was just behind the present Huffman House. The buildings next erected were four log houses for the benefit of the emigrants, one being a church, one the surgeon's surgery, one the provision house and one a business office. A large log building, known as Government House, was erected also where the Bank of Montreal now stands, having an extensive garden, which included what is now the eastern portion of Simcoe-st. The emigrant families, which intended to remain on "The Plains," had also put up small log shanties.

THE VARIOUS TRADES

were shortly after represented by little shops in the same vicinity and two taverns graced the landscape. The "cash business" was then a thing unknown and the difficulties of the credit system were numerous, since the incoming tradesmen did not know the settlers by name. Consequently entries like this had to be made, "a barrel of soap to the woman with the red cloak." In 1827 and 1828 the number of business houses increased so rapidly that they lost the charm of novelty. To show how the value of land changes on the coming in of population, that corner now occupied by the Bank of Toronto was offered as a free gift to Mr. Robt. Reid in 1825, but declined by him, being so low and wet as to be worthless. The first school house was a log building near the present site of the Central school. The Rev. Mr. Armour, the first Church of England clergyman in Peterborough, was the head and staff. It is interesting also to notice the occasion of the first law suit. A man named Crawford put up a little frame tavern in the neighborhood of the building recently occupied by the Bank of Commerce in 1828. This building was afterwards drawn down to the piece of land occupied by Stenson's shoe shop, but the reputed owner of this land, one Graves, had failed to pay for it to the real owner, Mr. Birdsall, and, to make matters worse, insisted on retaining possession. Hence the first law suit was Birdsall vs. Graves and Crawford. Now let us go back to 1826. You will remember my mention of the Government House on the present site of the Bank of Montreal. To the consternation of the small band of inhabitants a visit of the Governor, His Excellency, Sir Peregrine Maitland, was announced in the winter of that year. He was accompanied by a suite, consisting of Col. Talbot, Sir John Robinson, Hon. Z. Burnham and Mr. Bethune. The journey from Cobourg was made in sleighs. After crossing Rice Lake they drove up through the township of Otonabee and were entertained at dinner by Capt. Rubidge, R.N. At "The Plains" as they were yet called, they were met by the chief settlers and entertained in the Government log house. The honors were done by the Hon. T. A. Stewart, Capt. Rubidge and Mr. Reid. His Excellency held a reception and was presented with addresses by the inhabitants of the different sections of the Newcastle district. His Excellency drove up to Ennismore to inspect a new colony there and visited the house of Mr. Eugene McCarthy. I mention this visit of His Excellency to Peterborough and his inspection of the district to show the care taken by the colonial department of the Home Government of the interests of the colonists. It is interesting to note the change in our governmental relations with England since that time. Now we rely upon ourselves and the duties of the Governor General are purely formal. It was upon the occasion of this visit too, that the name of Peterborough was given to "The Plains." In response to the appeals of the people in their addresses, the Government built a new grist mill. In urging the appeals, one Smithtown farmer said that he had to get up in the night and chew grain for the children's bread on the next day and that his jaws were giving out. It was put up on the Dickson property, where the first dam was built and was sold to Messrs. Hall & Lee, who operated it. At the same time (1826), the Government built a bridge across the Otonabee, near the sight of the present one. It was carried away, however, and, when the river was not fordable, a rope was stretched across to which a boat was attached, and then by the manipulation of the rudder, on the principle of the oar of a gondalier, the current was made to furnish the power for driving the boat back and forth. Thus necessity is productive of progress. The erection of the Government mill was the second step of prime importance in the history of the new settlement. The next step was a longer step—a very long step indeed—which some of you will no doubt recognize by the length of it. I refer to the Trent Valley canal. In November, 1833, N. Baird, Esq., C.E., made a survey of it. Some work was done below Rice lake, at the locks at Peterborough and Bobcaygeon, but the rebellion of 1837 put an end to it.

Concluded to-morrow.

THE QUEEN VS BRADY

The Accused Found Guilty and Sentence is Imposed by Judge Weller

Mr Thos Brady was found guilty of the charge of disposing of his property to defraud his creditors by Judge Weller, who sentenced the accused to two months in the county gaol and ordered him to pay a fine of $250 and in case of non-payment of the fine to serve four months further in gaol.

It was an adjourned session of the Judge's Court. Mr J P O'Donnell was examined for the prosecution, and the defence called Messrs N F Johnston, R M Dennistoun and E Brown.

Judge Weller in summing up the evidence stated that if guilt had depended upon the transaction of returning tea to a firm in Toronto, he would not have been prepared to find him guilty; nor would he have considered the sale of the clover seed sufficient, but the transaction was the sale of his stock and disposal of proceeds. In his mind there was no doubt the whole proceeds of the sale, $700, had been given by the prisoner to some person whom he could trust to keep it for him and that not one cent went or was intended to go to his creditors. The judge said that the monies found on the prisoner were not any part of the proceeds of the sale. It was not the right of the prisoner to dispose of his goods, which in reality he only held as a trustee for his creditors; his proper course, if he had intended his creditors to have the benefit of the stock, was to have made an assignment, but to the judge's mind it was plain that the prisoner had formed a scheme for the purpose of defrauding his creditors and had carried out that scheme.

The judge found Mr. Brady guilty and sentenced him. Mr. R E Wood conducted the prosecution and Mr W A Stratton defended Mr Brady.

THE "PIONEER" HEADLIGHT

The Historical Society Will be Presented With the Headlight of the Old "Pioneer."

Mr. J. L. Aunger, ex-deputy reeve of Belmont, has presented Mr. J. B. McWilliams with the headlight of the first engine that ever ran on a railroad in Canada.

It was taken from the old "Pioneer" that ran between Peterborough and Cobourg on the old Cobourg and Peterborough railroad. Mr. Aunger secured it and has had it in his possession for several years.

Placed alongside of a modern headlight, his one is most unique and ancient. It is small though made of heavy material, and likely did not throw a strong reflection ahead. Mr McWilliams will present the light to the Peterborough Town and County Historical Association.

While a reporter was examining the light Mr McWilliams called Conductor Staunton, of the Grand Junction, into his office and the conductor was surprised to find the old headlight in existence. Mr. Stanton, always in possession of a grist of yarns, related one that was quite ludicrous. He recalled the day many years ago when an excursion was being run from Cobourg to Rice lake. The old engine, with this headlight gracing it, was shunting at the Cobourg station. An old citizen of Cobourg with his better half were coming up the track, the wife being some distance behind. The crowd noticed the engine coming close to the lady, but could not notify her, therefore she was struck and carried some distance and then thrown from the track. The people were terrified and were certain the lady was fatally injured.

Mr. Stanton ran to her rescue, and she had arisen and was staggering, but fell to the ground. The conductor asked her why she did not get out of the road of the engine. She replied "I could not see it for the smoke," and though badly cut, her face was bandaged and she took in the excursion with the crowd.

ENNISMORE EVENTS.

Correspondence of the Review.

MATRIMONIAL.—On Tuesday morning, the 2nd inst., a very happy event took place at St. Martin's church, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Father McColl, when Mr. Daniel Shanahan and Miss Katie Cavanagh were made man and wife. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Minnie Cavanagh, and Mr. Daniel Shanahan, of Peterborough, cousin of the groom, supported the latter. The bride was the recipient of numerous and costly presents.

ACCIDENT.—A few days ago while Mr. John R Hickson was engaged in cutting wood he had the misfortune to get struck on the head with a cross-cut saw, inflicting a severe wound.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The annual entertainment will be held in the town hall on the evening of March 17th.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

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418 George Street, Peterborough.

WILL SUPPORT BRANTFORD

The Bicycle Club Met Last Evening and Decided to Support Brantford for the C W A Meet

A meeting of the Peterborough Bicycle Club was held last evening, when, with a rather small attendance, club matters were discussed. In regard to the C W A meet, the club decided to support Brantford for the event.

Personal

Hon. Senator Cox is in town staying at the Huffman house.

Mr. T. A. S. Hay has been confined to his home through illness.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. R. Young left to-day on a visit to Newburgh.

Miss Sara Robinson has returned from a visit of over two months duration to Toronto

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

Brevities.

—The Globe says that seven licenses will be cut off in Peterborough if Hon. Mr. Harcourt's new License Bill comes into effect.

—The Children's Aid Society had to spend $25 in clothing the Storms family, as they were not in fit condition to be brought into town.

—The Riverside park skating will close for the season Saturday (to-morrow). Parties having skates, hockey sticks, &c., will kindly call for them during the day.

—In the report of the Ashburnham Council "Richard Mowry" was said to have made application for remission of taxes. It should have read "Richard Morrissy" as Mr. Mowry made no such application.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & Co.

A DWELLING AND A BARN BURNED

Farm Buildings in Anstruther and a Dwelling in Chandos Destroyed by Fire.

On Thursday night, Feb 25th, fire was discovered in Mr Wm Webster's barn in Anstruther, and before assistance could be obtained the building with all its contents was totally consumed. The horses and cattle were saved from the stable, which with sheds and other outbuildings were also burnt to the ground. Mr Webster was away from home at the time, but Mr Steele and his youngest son got out the horses, cattle and part of the harness. Fortunately the wind was blowing away from the house or it would have shared the same fate as the barn, as no other aid came for quite two hours after the fire was discovered. How the fire started is unknown. The only supposition is that it must have been a spark from the house.

Another fire occurred in Chandos on Saturday, Feb 27th, by which the dwelling house of Sylvester Campbell, together with the contents, was destroyed. As far as learned the fire started in the roof from a defective stove pipe, and there only being Mrs Campbell and two children at home it had gained such headway before the neighbors arrived that it was impossible to save anything. Both Mr Webster and Mr Campbell have the sympathy of all their neighbors, as their loss will be felt all the more happening at this season of the year.

MARRIED.

FIELD—CONES—At the residence of the bride's father, 210 Dublin-st., on March 3rd, Arthur Albert Field, to Eva May Cones, both of town.

The Elite Event of the Season.

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THE ISHAM & LYTELL COMEDY Co

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My Friend From India

The Comedy that has Broken all Records in New York at both Waland Hoyt's Theatres.

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BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 8th.

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TRUE TO LIFE.

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MISS NANCE O'NEILL,

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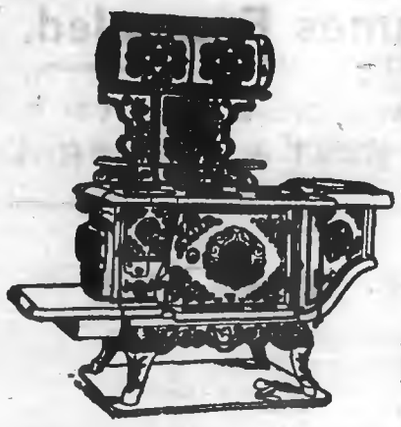

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THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

not, give me love for love, then we must part forever."

Secretly Jack is delighted with the success he is meeting in this game. No one knows better than he how true, when applied to Spanish women, is the old saying that "hell hath no fury like a woman scorned," and although determined to do his whole duty, he has fully expected to see Mercedes denounce him, and call down all manner of curses on his head—so he is pleased at the way she takes it.

If he can but lead her mind into another channel all may be well.

"You came to warn me, senorita, but I am all ready to go," pointing to the portmanteau strapped and locked near by.

"You mean to leave Madrid ?" eagerly.

"In the morning. So, you see, I shall soon be beyond all danger of your league, and I trust you will not worry about me. We go to Paris."

Unlucky slip of the tongue—Jack could have bitten the member by way of penance.

"You do not go alone ?" she cries, quickly.

"No—you see—there is a party—" he makes the matter worse with his hesitation.

"Yes, and that American girl—Avis Morton you called her—is one of them. Ah ! Senor Jack, I read your secret—you love that cold girl !"

CHAPTER XIV.

Of what avail is it for Jack to vehemently deny the soft impeachment, when his face gives the lie to his words—the latter die away to a murmur on his lips, and he stands there, a convicted criminal.

As for the Spanish beauty who has condescended to beg for this man's love—emotions chase each other over her face, her heart seem to stand still at one moment and then beat like a trip hammer the next, while her small hands are clenched until the nails almost enter the palms.

It is the supreme moment of her life—from that pivotal point she must go either up or down as the inner spirit urges—some women, built upon a grand model, would be more gentle, more gracious after such a lesson, others would prove themselves fit devotees of Satan's wiles.

Jack fears the worst, but nothing he may do can help her choose—that must come from within, for "as the twig's inclined the tree is bent." He knows the storm—if storm it proves to be—cannot be averted by his means, and so he bows his head to meet it, as might the sturdy oak in the forest.

But the Spanish beauty does not burst out into a hot harangue as he has expected. She seems to possess some control over her feelings after all, and Jack finds himself unable to decide as to what course she means to adopt.

"You cannot deceive me, Doctor Jack—I know that girl is in your mind, your heart, and that Mercedes Gonzales can never hope to gain your love. It is very sudden—very cruel," she murmurs, passing one hand over her forehead in a dazed sort of way.

"I am sorry—" begins Jack, hardly knowing what to say, but she interrupts him with a proud gesture and a strained laugh.

"Make no apologies—I am something of a Mohammedan in my ways, and as Abdallah Pasha might say, 'Kismet—it is fate.' But what would you expect a Spanish woman to do who has been supplanted in the heart of the man she loves by another ? What torture could be too great for that other frail being, to appease her outraged feelings ?" she almost hisses.

"You will pervert the matter—I have only seen Miss Morton once or twice in my life—it is a business arrangement that takes us away in company." He has been alarmed at the idea of harm coming to Avis because of him, and would avert the storm, but she laughs again, and sneeringly says :—

"Have no fears—I am not that vindictive. Though you have scorned my love, I do not wish you ill. May you surmount the difficulties that surround you and be happy."

"What would you do ?" he asks, as Mercedes rises proudly from her chair, defeasted, stung with contending emotions, and yet a woman.

"The worst that I shall do is to leave you to your fate. Adios, Senor Jack."

He takes the hand, and somehow a great feeling of tenderness for this lovely woman almost overwhelms him—he knows what her southern nature dictates, for he has seen the vendetta of Corsica carried out by frail women, so that he now beholds Mercedes as one who had gained a signal victory over the passions she inherited.

"Forgive me the pain I cause you, senorita, and believe me, I am not worthy of your thoughts. I trust and believe the future has happiness in store for you, and that you will never repent such generous action, for I know and appreciate the national spirit of revenge which you have conquered. Heaven guard you, senorita."

He bends over the little hand and kisses it in a true cavalier style. Mercedes looks at him with her heart in her eyes, as though this little action has aroused a false hope in her breast ; then, seeing no change in his face, the wistful look turns to one of keen disapointment, and tearing her hand from his clasp, she opens the door of the room, and is gone.

Jack is left in even a more disturbed frame of mind than before. He does not know, he cannot tell what Mercedes will do. The spirit that moves her may be for good or evil. She has said she will simply leave him to his fate, but who can guess what a woman of her electric nature, once madly in love, may not attempt ?

He can hardly understand what it is has caused him to put aside the temptation—any man would be flattered by the love of such a royally beautiful woman, and yet Jack has been able to resist the subtle charm. Where is the talisman that has saved him ?

Almost unconsciously he puts his hand into his pocket, and draws something out, upon which he gazes long and earnestly. It is the portrait of Avis Morton, and since he has met the original, Jack finds a new charm in the picture.

"Yes, it was Avis who kept me from yielding myself a captive to her Circe-like charms, ransom or no ransom. Such a wife would never do for Jack Evans. I want one who will be the same yesterday, to-day, and to-morrow, such a girl as Avis Morton, for instance, and please Heaven, if I can convince her of that same thing after we have done our level best to save Aleck, she shall take me for what I am worth, old nomad that I am."

Thus he mutters to himself, and presses the dumb counterfeit resemblance of Avis to his lips after the manner of all foolish lovers. Had Mercedes witnessed the action she would have been possessed with a mad desire to tear the photograph to bits, and perhaps scratch his eyes out in the bargain, for who can account for the vagaries of a woman who has stooped to conquer and been repulsed ?

Sleep is not to be thought of—the plot thickens, and morning is near at hand—the time of action, when they shall make a move, and open up the enemy's masked battery if they have one.

As Doctor Jack walks to the window and glances out, he sees a faint light in the east that tells him the night is spent and dawn at hand. He watches it grow broader slowly but surely, while the magic lights of the carousing city become pale under the influence of the coming day. The cohorts of darkness seem to gather for a last final effort in the rear of the great buildings which are in a line with Jack's vision, but steadily advance the battalions of the sun, the skirmishers are already entering the city, and before their invincible onset the last remnant of the king of darkness' forces are sent flying in rout.

So the day opens—the sun begins to make his appearance—masks vanish from the streets, and something of business begins, although little unnecessary work will be done in Madrid during the festival time.

Jack bethinks himself of breakfast, and goes down to see about it. He knows the value of a few silver reals, judiciously placed, and thus avoids much of the friction that most travellers meet with in a Spanish fonda. Hence his meal, simple as it is, consisting of eggs, toast, and tea, is soon ready, and he does it justice.

All the while his thoughts are flying to other scenes—he wonders whether Larry has carried out his instructions to the letter, and if the ladies are ready to depart. Much depends on this scheme being carried out thoroughly, and there are so many chances of something happening to throw a wheel out of gear, that the American is not a little worried.

His anxiety causes him to finally leave the table. Consulting his timepiece he finds it a quarter to eight. Then he goes out, and is lucky enough to engage a vehicle. From the man he learns all about distances, then has his portmanteau brought down.

"To the Fonda Peninsular in hot haste," he says to the driver, and the latter, having already been heavily feed, with the prospect of more ahead, does not let his animals sleep on the way.

Many heads are thrust out of windows—the good people of Madrid believe every fresh rush or bustle on the street nowadays announces the coming of some new spectacle, and they are determined to keep well posted.

So the hotel is soon reached—there is beginning to be a show of life around it, as the American leaps from his carriage and enters. Another moment and he has cornered the proper functionary who serves as a clerk, and of whom he asks whether Miss Morton has gone.

The other leisurely surveys him, and

To be Continued.

COMFORT.

I like to hear the merry bells—
To hear the sleighers shriek;
I like to listen to the wheels
That grind and squeak and creak ;
I like to think of frozen streams,
Of hills that bleakly rise
Until each whitened summit seems
To mingle with the skies;
I like to think of facing Fate
Upon some lonely track—
When I can stand before a grate,
With my hands behind my back.

WHY THE GAS WAS BURNING.

Experience of a Man Whose Wife Left Him to Keep House.

"He hadn't been married very long," says The Chicago Times-Herald, "and it was the first time his wife had left him. When she bade him good-bye, upon starting for a holiday visit to her own people, she gave him countless directions as to the various household matters which needed nightly attention. Among other things, she carefully impressed upon him the necessity of making up the furnace every night."

"I don't want to come home and find the house like a barn," she told him, plaintively, just as the train pulled out of the depot, "and that's the way it will be, with neither myself or the girl to remind you, unless you attend to the furnace religiously every night. You will, won't you, dearie ; now, promize me," she called back, and he shouted the required promise after her.

And oh ! the burden which that promise became to him ! Night after night he forgot all about it until he was comfortably in bed, and the chilly trip down the two flights of stairs grew to be a regular nightly annoyance. The only thing more annoying about his housekeeping experience was his fear of burglars. For some reason or other he was far more nervous when alone than when his wife was at home. He is wont to explain this by saying that it makes him nervous to have nobody to protect. It was through a combination of this fear and the furnace that he met with the most trying experience of his life.

He came home one evening several hours later than usual, and with his nerves and imagination excited by the enjoyment of a pleasant little supper with two other temporarily wifeless men. As he neared the front door of his suburban home he noticed that a brilliant light was streaming out of the basement windows. The fear of a burglar instantly seized him. Of course they had entered the house and were in the basement searching for the box in which his wife had hidden the silver. And equally of course they would handle an intruder roughly. For a few moments he shivered idly ; then he rushed to the house of his nearest neighbor, half a block away, and requested assistance. The man of the house was absent and his wife went into hysterics immediately. The nearest neighbor on the other side was at home, but his wife wouldn't let him leave her. The man across the street was laid up with pneumonia. It was evident that he must face the danger alone.

The light was still burning when he quietly approached the house, after a desperate hunt for the solitary policeman who patrols a mile and a half of suburban property. The light was still in the basement. Evidently the burglars had heard of that box of silver, and were still hunting for it. A bright thought occurred to him. He would slip into the house noiselessly, take up his stand at the head of the basement stairs, and shoot them as they came up. The idea of the unguarded back door never entered his mind at all, but he left the front door open in order to be able to call in the assistance of any casual pedestrian who might pass by.

For nearly half an hour he shivered there, and no sound came from the basement. He hardly knew what to make of this strange silence. It became evident that he must descend the stairs and investigate further. But what if they had heard him enter, and were also laying in wait ? He fairly trembled at the very thought, and when the figure of a casual acquaintance appeared silhouetted against the light of the street lamp outside, he forgot all about caution and nearly fell on his neck, and wept for joy. When he had partially recovered from his transports they softly descended the basement stairs, and found—nothing. He had simply forgotten to turn out the gas after his nocturnal trip to the furnace on the night before, and it had been burning all day long.

And the worst of the affair is that the caller told the story far and wide, while the absent wife scolded about the gas bill on her return.

World Growing Better.

"I say, Penman," said the editor to his assistant the morning after the snowstorm, "are you sure these are all the communications that came in the morning mail ?"

"Quite sure, sir."

"Have no letters been mislaid ?"

"None, sir."

"It's very strange !"

"Were you expecting something in particular, sir ?"

"Yes, Penman."

"A cheque, sir ?"

"No."

"A pass, sir."

"No."

"What then, sir?"

"Why, a poem or two on the beautiful snow."

"And none came, sir ?"

"Nary a one."

"It's very remarkable, sir !"

"So it is, Penman ; so it is. Just leave me, and tell any callers I cannot be seen. I want to be alone while I write an article on the subject : 'The World is Growing Better.'"—Yonkers Statesman.

Mr. Romance's Bad Fall.

Stevensville, Ont., March 4.—Mr. John Romance, proprietor of the National Hotel of this place, fell from a load of hay this morning, at the farm of Mr. John Weiss, Humberstone, and received internal injuries which are very likely to prove fatal.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure : "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

There are thousands of sickly school-girls all over this broad land that are dragging their way through school-life who might enjoy that abundant life which belongs to youth by simple attention to hygienic laws and a proper course of treatment with Scott's Emulsion. This would make the blood rich, the heart-beat strong; check that tendency to exhaustion and quicken the appetite by strengthening the digestion. Our book tells more about it. Sent free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY MARCH 5, 1897

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. L. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Cinnamon, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LaPlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Ferguson.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.58 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.43 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.30 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....................6.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

OAK HALL.

EAST INDIAN HUMOR.

The Natives Are Without a Conscious Sense of Fun.

The process of domestication in a foreign land—in itself an intricate one—is learning a foreign language. And when I say learning, I mean not so much speaking it, for that is comparatively simple, and superlatively ineffectual; but understanding it as spoken by the natives of the country, and making the natives of the country understand it as one speaks it. The last two are indeed proud achievements.

The Hindustan language is not conquered in a day by foreigners, regular as it is, even when one is not handicapped by study from a grammar, that worst of preparations for vernacular success. But being the original tongue of but few of the Indian servants, and all having to learn it together, the heads of foreign households in India, and their retinues of servants, hardly even less than forty to each house, meet on common ground, at one vast interchangeable disadvantage. All are brought polyglot grist to one linguistic mill, and ground out ungrammatical utterers of one language. It would be foolish to expect a foreigner to master the six or seven dialects of his Oria, upcountry, Hindu and Mohammedan attendants; so the different kinds of men have to learn Hindustani, which is more useful and general than any other.

Of course the domestics learn it much more quickly than the stiffer-tongued and duller-eared Europeans. Any European, however, with a talent for languages can learn Hindustani in three months.

Phil Robinson's "Punkah-Coolie and the Cow," deals with this very theme of Coolie dishonesty in small things. His punkah-coolie struck to a forged claim to four annas for about a year, and his master compromised with his conscience by paying it, "because it was Christmas Day!" Everybody has some reason like that, but the claim gets paid, and the preferrer knows it. Hence, possibly, this obstinacy.

The description of the coolie's cow is a delicious morsel. If the Indians could only see themselves as Phil Robinson sees them what books they could write!

"This peculiar coolie of mine was an interesting study, for he owned a cow. How he got it I cannot guess, for he did not look like a person with rich relatives to remember him in a will, nor could he have stolen it, for his legal ownership was ostentatiously displayed at all times. It was not a cow to be very proud of. It was not a big cow, and gave no milk. Nor did it drag anything about—a cart or vehicle of any kind. But it was very cheerful. * * * From pure lightheartedness it used to scour about the compound with its tail, from an ecstasy of mirthfulness, curled up in a knot on its back. * * * When its owner was not pulling my punkah he was generally running slowly and indefinitely after it. The cow always went much faster than the coolie, for I never saw him catch it except when it was standing still; and when he came up with it he never seemed to know what he should do next. He used to pull it about in a possessive manner, and jerk its rope as if he wished it to move first in the direction of the compound gate, and the cow would cheerfully trot alongside of him, but on a sudden there would be a violent jerk, and the cow would find the coolie pulling in the opposite direction, whither it would, without demur, follow him. Whatever the change of program, the cow acquiesced in it with the utmost heartiness, and thus, after having blithely proceeded a little in each direction, it generally found itself pretty much where it started from. The coolie would then carefully tether his property to the largest weed that was near, the cow looking on at the elaborate process with a contemplative aspect; after which, the coolie having turned to go, it would eat the weed up and gayly accompany its master toward the veranda. The cow was quite useless to the coolie, and as he could not demonstrate his ownership by doing anything with it, he would sometimes throw stones at it—just to show that the cow was his."

Neither White of Selborne nor Charles Lamb could have exceeded the spirit of gay literary humor represented in this sketch of a coolie and a cow.

Humor of the conscious kind is an unlearned art among natives of India at home. A sense of the ludicrous is a thing unknown. There is not a joke seen, heard or recorded in the whole nation's history. A native of India enjoying himself is one of the most serious sights on earth. I don't know how it is in Japan, but after leaving Italy, if you keep on any route eastward until you reach Batavia or Hong Kong, passing at Egypt, Ceylon, stopping anywhere in Hindustan, penetrating to Upper Burmah as you go, dropping in at Singapore or any coast or island point, there is no such thing, you will find as facetiousness. That is to say, of course, not as a western mind would classify it. Miss Edwards says in describing the enjoyment of the masses at Cairo, assembled to watch a procession go by and supposed to be at their happiest: "For my part I know no sight more incongruous than the solemnity with which a full-bearded, middle-aged Egyptian squats upon the tiny board seat of a huge swing, and holding on to the ropes for dear life, goes calmly careering into the air forty feet at every turn." Not that swinging is a joke by any means. Many joyously disposed persons took anything but happy when they find they have left their whole digestive apparatus behind as they career, and people do not giggle at such precarious moments anyway. But the same sobriety is observable among natives on all festive occasions. They chatter over their bubble-bubbles or cocoanut pipes, they laugh sometimes—heaven knows at what, since nothing is funny to them; but they would not know a joke if it were introduced by name. Nor do they know any kind of wit, nor appreciate it, nor recognize it. It is not in them to do so. They smile sadly as if to say, "How unlike one's self!" when a monkey plays a prank or a child dips into mischief.

"Speak to that horse, he is frightened," said an English memsahib to a groom. Shocked at the insult to his dignity, he remained immovable, or jerked at the bridle. "Speak to him, I tell you," she repeated. The man was stung to retaliate—a rare event: "How can I speak to a horse?" he asked, solemnly. "He could not understand my talk."

Indian servants wither at satire, not because they understand it, but because they don't. They look upon a sarcastic turn with something of the same horror with which they regard a photographic machine or a census-taker. And this last to them is the cruelest invention of a torturing foreign devil.

A census is next to nothing but a whirlwind for scattering a household retinue. The difficulties of gathering statistics, it may be seen, therefore, are immense. No one can be found who is not actually on duty; and the questions, "What is your name?" "What is your age?" double them up with terror when at last they are tracked and tackled—as if with colic. Pain is visible in every lineament, and an attack of fever one would suppose had prostrated every inmate of a large establishment, so numerous and frequent are the demands to be excused from service for that dreadful day. They give one another's names, too, and the ages of their youngest children (apparently), for their own, in their confusion. A nearly naked gardener was hauled into the presence, and asked the fatal questions. He regarded the blank book and pen with stony horror and his attenuated ebony legs almost interlaced in his squirmings. The inquisitor, enjoying his discomfiture, made the queries a little unconventional. "What is your name?" "What is your age?" (the latter cited as 7, if one remembers, the subject being an elderly man). The questioner went on as if in earnest. "Where are your clothes?" to which the poor creature made as coherent a reply as he could, never suspecting the liberty taken with the code.

"Wit," said a Bengali Baboo to the writer once, "in our language consists in alliteration and in repetition." He then read, as an illustration of his meaning, part of a poem which he himself had written on the occasion of the Prince of Wales' visit to India. It was extremely witty, and began thus:

Oh, Prince of Wales, oh, Prince of Wales,
Be thou well-wisher of India as thou art well-wisher of Wales!
The heir apparent to India's throne,
Is to come, as was known.
To him my pen delights to say,
As my pen guides me on its way.

And then comes the real wit, the screaming humor of the skit—at least, so I have always supposed.

Be thou in farewell in all the way;
And approach India in farewell in all the way;
India welcomes thee in farewell,
And to thy farewell India wishes to be in farewell.

"Ah!"—watching him narrowly to see when to laugh—"the play upon 'farewell and 'welfare' is the joke, is it not? Very good, indeed. Ha! Ha!"

"Not at all," said the Baboo severely. "It is the repetition of the words 'farewell,' 'well-wisher' and 'way.' It is not what you of England (natives, as a rule, do not discriminate, lumping all English-speaking persons under one head) would call a 'pun.'"

Here the Baboo nearly smiled, but not quite, at his familiarity with English wit.

"Besides 'well-wisher' and 'Wales' and 'way' are alliterative. We call in 'alliteration's artful aid,' he added classically, and 'kill two birds with one stone.'" This last was to show his familiarity with another branch of literature. The Baboo beamed mildly upon the listener, and paused to watch the effect of genius. And, so far as I know, this is one of the best specimens of Hindu humor.

MARY ABBOTT.

Will Some One Please Explain This?

Celeste (offering box of confections)—The paper manufacturer sent these. Poor fellow, he has failed!

Gertie—Why, didn't he make good paper?

Celeste—Yes, he made good enough paper—but his paper was no good!

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is a quiet trade, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at \$3.70 to \$3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at \$8, and shorts at \$9 to \$9.50.

Wheat—The market is dull, with the demand inactive. Offerings more liberal. White is quoted at 74c to 75c west, and red sold at 75c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 88c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 83c to 86c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is quiet and weak. Five thousand bushels of No. 1 sold at 29½c west, and five cars of feed barley at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white at 17½c west, and mixed at 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 19½c to 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots \$2.80 to \$2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 31c to 32c west.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 4.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6d to 6s 7d; corn, 2s 9d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 46s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 23s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage nominally unchanged. English country markets 6d dearer. Maize off coast quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 3d for March, 6s 4d for May and 6s 3¾d for July. Maize 2s 5¾d for March, 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 9d for July.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 2¼d for March and 6s 4¼d for May and July.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 3, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 00	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mammies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	\$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt.	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 03¼
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter(per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 25
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 26

DR CHASE'S CURES ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR CHASE'S OINTMENT

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

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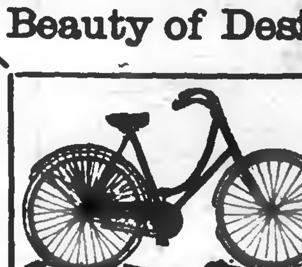

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GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
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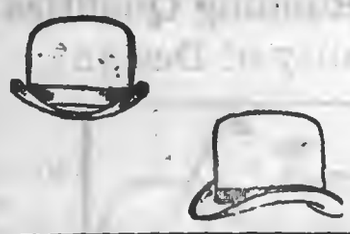
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 363 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yd&w



Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows op *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill, Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897.

These Special Sermons.

To the Editor of the Review

DEAR SIR,—It was with some surprise that I read in your columns last evening a letter taking exception to some "special" sermons which had previously appeared therein. Of a truth I failed to see why "J. O'Sullivan" should be ready to rush into the arena and defiantly wave his red flag to bait the bulls of argument because of them. He asks why they are worthy of special notice? I would ask why the words of any man speaking for the good of the people are not worthy of notice, be he Methodist, Roman Catholic, Mussulman, or any creed whatever? Even infidels, who boast of no religion whatever, are granted attention when they say a wise thing. I take it that these sermons are special because they are full of good homely truths, which does not say that they are, however, palatable to everyone, or that every one must wholly and solely agree with every statement therein. J. O'Sullivan will remember that they were preached to Methodist churches, printed for the benefit of Methodist readers or any others who might gain by them. The last thing intended, I should judge, would be the stirring up of strife among the churches. Not long ago your columns contained at good length a "special" sermon preached in St. Peter's (town) which I, and no doubt others, read with pleasure, picking out the good things leaving the doubtful as pertaining to the people to whom they were preached. There was no member of a Protestant church who declaimed against sermon, preacher or body of worshippers on that occasion. Why on this? It is all very well to take objection to any statement if wrong for the purpose of correction, but why attack so sweepingly a whole body for the sake of one man.

The hapless word "religion" has a great deal to bear in the matter of definition—a very good bone for divers mouths to attack and growl over. In my dictionary four phrases and words are used to describe it, any and all of which are equally true. It is on the same plane as the word "crust." There are crusts of the earth, crusts of salt, crusts of bread, etc. One cannot say that a crust is not a crust because it is of bread, and not of salt, or the earth, and vice versa. What there is vague and unworthy in Mr. Campbell's definition, I fail to see. At any rate it accords with the definition, aye, and the most expansive definition, in the dictionary under my hand, which is an acknowledged authority. Why did not J. O'Sullivan state his own definition of religion and argue therefrom?

Moreover, I take Mr. Campbell's sermon to be not so much an expounding of the "divinity of the Methodist religion," as an appeal in favor of the necessity and advantage of the church's religion and education going hand in hand in the common purpose of doing good, always remembering that the words were addressed to a specified people in a specified brotherhood.

I am not in a position to compare Mr. Campbell's statements in regard to France and Spain with J. O'Sullivan's counter one, seeing I cannot take the latter's advice of reading the authorities mentioned by him as a preventive of being under a misapprehension, but this I know, that not long ago I listened to a most impassioned appeal brought by a messenger of the Gospel, who came from a country dominated by the Roman Catholic religion, who had also lived there some time, for light for the darkness of souls, for help to lift the moral degardation, for assistance to gain freedom of thought and new life for a down trodden people, where everything pertaining to higher culture was repressed and neglected. A country whose "missions" were Roman Catholic. So urgent was the appeal that it startled me, and I asked if in this age such things could be. Yet no man would dare to publicly call for help for such if there were not very grave facts to be seen.

The nations of the earth rise and fall. Whether they have gained their apex by sword, strategy or worldly cunning, fall they will so long as they are of the earth earthy. The only nation firmly founded, that will rise above every obstacle, the kingdom that will have no end is the Kingdom of God, where all know and keep His laws; and it is safe to say that there is not a Protestant church today who would not be willing to stand by the teaching of "the laws which man has not made and cannot unmake." God's laws, pure and simple, are at the core of all Protestant churches; sects, schisms, idolatries, and atheisms would all soon be swallowed up and the church of God, *Christ in God*, triumphant if that core were reached. Given the possibility that every one, great or small, rich and poor, child and man were taught these laws without the construction and veto of any man-appointed representative of God to confound them. And I am sure that every faithful "Methodist preacher" would be quite willing to drop the "Methodist" and stand a "preacher" certain of an overflowing congregation and an assured pulpit.

J. O'Sullivan asks the question "If Rev. Mr. Bowles looks with distaver upon countries that permit divorce, why does he not look with distaver on the church that grants them?" If J. O'Sullivan will name *the church that grants them* he will, I think, find that his sword point is turned home. I know of only one church that grants divorce, or countenances those divorced, unless they are willing to acknowledge themselves sinners, and that church is certainly not Methodist.

Just at this season in town there is a grand effort being made for the "unity of churches." I sincerely hope that all participating therein will show their good-will now, for I think their sympathy is decidedly called upon. If there be christian charity among our Protestant churches let us all stand shoulder to shoulder, upholding one another, that the love of Christ and the enlightenment of each soul may be proved and accomplished. If the Methodist body have an Apostle Paul, let him stand forth ready to fight or treaty, and let the sister churches wave high over him the noble banner with its glorious inscription "For God and the Right" the while that each and every one prays for the good estate of Christ's church *militant* here upon earth.

Yours, etc.,

NOT A METHODIST.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

MR. DEVLIN STEPS OUT

At All Events That is the Report From Ottawa.

The Liberal Politicians of Hull Said to be Getting Ready for a Bye-Election—Mr. Devlin's Grievance is Two-Fold, According to Some Rumor—He Not Only Declines to Swallow Himself on the School Issue, But Has a Personal Grievance.

Ottawa, March 4.—(Special.)—That "settlement" of the Manitoba school question appears to be unsettling everything in sight. The latest story in connection with it is that Charles R. Devlin has resigned his seat in the Commons for the County of Wright, not caring to face the issue in Parliament, in view of the strong position he took a year ago in favor of the remedial bill.

In Hull to-day the report of Mr. Devlin's resignation was the talk of the town. Nobody seemed to question its accuracy. It is said this step is not the result of any sudden decision on Mr. Devlin's part, but, on the contrary, was taken after serious discussion of the whole situation with Mr. Laurier himself. Indeed, it is generally believed that prominent Liberals of Hull have been aware for some time of Mr. Devlin's intention, and that the party organization over there has been keyed up for the event of a bye-election.

The Liberal candidate will probably be Mr. L. N. Champagne of Rochon & Champagne, advocates. Who the Conservatives will put up against him is not, of course, known as yet, but in all probability Mr. J. M. McDougall, Q. C., will be asked to contest the constituency again in the Conservative interest.

There is talk, of course, to the effect that Mr. Devlin's resignation at this juncture is not solely due to his unwillingness to stultify himself on the school question; that, in fact, he is still nursing a personal grievance at having been passed over in the formation of Mr. Laurier's Cabinet. But, whatever there may be in that report, it is generally believed in Hull that the Manitoba "settlement" is the rock on which Mr. Devlin has wrecked his political ambitions, or he will, of course, retire to a pretty snug office of some sort.

Consideration of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway matter by the Cabinet has been postponed sine die.

Prof. Robertson, dairy commissioner, returned from his Northwest trip to-day. He traveled as far as Edmonton, visiting the principal points along the line of the C.P.R., as well as on the Prince Albert branch. He expects as a result of his visit there will be a great impetus given to dairying in the Northwest this year. As soon as the commissioner has been able to tabulate his returns he will be in a position to announce the number of creameries and the cold storage accommodation which will be forthcoming.

The Minister of Justice has caused to be submitted to the British Columbia Government a minute of council dealing with certain acts of the Legislature of British Columbia, and which appears to trench upon the Federal prerogative. One section of an act respecting co-operative associations comes under the criminal code, and the Legislature is asked to repeal this provision. Another measure dealing with the preservation of forests from destruction by fire is covered by the Dominion Railway Act. Then there are certain sections in the British Columbia Municipal Act which confer powers on municipalities not coming within the domain of a local Legislature. For instance power is given to municipalities to make bylaws for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Another relates to quarantine matters, both of which are declared to belong to Dominion legislation under section 91 of the B.N.A. Act.

At the opening of navigation in the spring, an improved illuminating apparatus will be put in the lighthouse at Point Pleasant, or Indian Point, at the entrance of the Bay of Quinte. As heretofore, it will be a fixed white light, elevated 52 feet above the level of the lake, and should be visible from all points of approach by water. A similar change will be made in the illuminating apparatus in the Back Range tower at the mouth of the River Thames, Lake St. Clair.

In the Supreme Court to-day the appeal in the Queen v. O'Neill and Campbell was argued. The claimants were contractors for the construction of certain works on the line of the Digby and Annapolis Railway and on a dispute as to an amount of $98,845, in addition to $511,603 previously paid, a reference was made by the Minister of Railways to the Exchequer Court, where, after trial of issues and a special reference and report by three engineers, it was adjudged that the claimants should recover $37,840 against the Crown on 13 specified items. The Government has accepted six of these items, as found by the Exchequer Court Judge, but appeals against the others on the ground that the seven findings complained of were not justified by the terms of the contract. The claimants also have a cross appeal against three of the items as found, to have them increased by about $11,000, and also asking for interest on balances during litigation since the 11th of May, 1892. Ritchie, Q. C., appears for the Queen; Chrysler, Q. C., for the claimants. Argument will continue to-morrow.

The new Domn ballot is framed on the lines of the present one, except that there is a black line of about a quarter of an inch in width between the space containing the name of each candidate, thereby rendering the intent of the voter clearer, should he not place his cross in the disc. Under the law of last session a cross not placed in the disc is to be counted.

Two Men Blown to Atoms.

Buffalo, N.Y., March 4.—A frightful nitroglycerine explosion occurred on Albert Pike's farm at Orchard Park, this county, this afternoon. Pike was instantly killed by the explosion. A laborer from Bradford, name unknown, was also blown to pieces. He was helping Mr. Pike handle the explosive. The building in which the nitroglycerine was stored was completely destroyed.

Good appetite, Restful Sleep Perfect Health and Strength

PRODUCED BY...

VIN MARIANI

"MARIANI WINE"

The Ideal Tonic Stimulant for

BODY, BRAIN AND NERVES

THOUSANDS OF

Physicians, Composers, Authors, Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyers, Artists and others of both sexes testify to this.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Once tried, always relied upon.

LAWRENCE S. WILSON & CO.

MONTREAL,

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne

Old Empire Rye Whisky

Truth in a Nutshell.

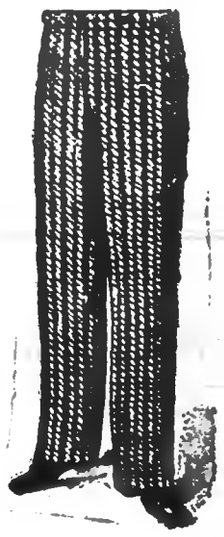
Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure

—Adjt. Wiseman and wife, of Peterborough, kept their engagement here on Monday and Tuesday of last week, says the Campbellford Herald. They met the local army force the first night in private council as to future work; and the following night Mrs. Wiseman very ably conducted a service of song and recitation, the Armenian story of the murder of a little fourteen-year-old girl having been beautifully given.



No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. Peterborough.

Warwick Bicycles are Built on Hono

PRICES:

RACING WHEELS . . . . . $100.

ROAD WHEELS. . 65, 75, and $100.

PNEUMATIC CUSHION $85 and $110.

TANDEMS . . . . . $150.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE . . . . . .

WARWICK PNEUMATIC

CUSHION FRAM

Takes up all the jar and vibration Rough Roads. To TRY one is BUY.

WARWICK CYCLE MF'G. CO

54 Beaver Hall Hill Montreal, P. Q.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
301 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 55. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

MR. CONMEE'S AVIDITY

Applied for Much and Was Granted Little.

Here Was Asked by Hazelwood & Whalen—These Three Persons, Whom the Opposition Wish to Show are in the Same Deal, Were Eager After Pulp Wood—Particulars Given as to the Insurance of Government Buildings—Registry Books are Open to Public Inspection—Bills Read a Second Time.

Toronto, March 6.

In reply to Mr. Miscampbell, the Provincial Secretary stated that Mr. George Wheeler was the expert employed to make examination of samples of flour tendered for the Orillia Asylum, and that he had been paid by the Government 75 cents per sample. There were seven horses and 21 horned cattle kept at the institution.

Mr. Willoughby asked: "What number of mining locations have been applied for, and what number granted in the name of James Conmee since Feb. 1, 1894? What number in the name of James Whalen or in names of Haselwood & Whalen since above date, and how many acres comprised in such grants? What number of applications for and grants of pulpwood locations to said parties since said date, and what is the total acreage of such grants?"

Replying, Hon. J. M. Gibson stated that 1?3 mining locations had been applied for in the name of James Conmee, that none had been granted, and that the lands so applied for were still open for application. There had been 21 duly filed applications in the name of James Whalen for locations, but *only 11, involving some 372 acres*, had been granted. Two applications for 66 acres and another for 160 acres, the latter in the 9th concession of Pic, had been filed in the name of Hazelwood & Whalen, and upon due filing of evidence, making surveys and paying the purchase money, had been sold.

In the name of James Conme three applications had been made for pulpwood locations, and one had been granted covering 21 1-4 square miles. Haselwood & Whalen had made nine applications for permits to cut pulpwood, but only one had been issued, covering 37 1-2 square miles. James Whalen had made one application for the right to cut pulpwood, which had not been granted.

In reply to Dr. Ryerson, Hon. Richard Harcourt stated that the insurance on the Government Buildings was distributed as follows: University buildings, insured for $626,700, the premiums amounting to $4325; the old Upper Canada College block for $22,500, premiums $239; Agricultural College, Guelph, for $32,000; Central Prison binder twine factory, $9900; Government interest in Osgoode Hall, for $150,000; School of Practical Science building $120,000, contents $90,000.

Mr. Harcourt also informed Mr. Bennett that it was not the present intention of the Government to unite the license districts of Cornwall and Stormont, and to so dispose of the services of one of the inspectors.

Dr. Ryerson asked: "When and by whom were the books of the Toronto registry office last audited (a) on behalf of the city of Toronto; (b) on behalf of the Ontario Government?"

Mr. Harcourt informed the hon. member that the law did not provide for a regular audit of registry office accounts. Registrars, however, made annual returns and their books were subject to an annual examination by the inspectors. One of the registrars had informed the Government since the question was put upon the order paper that his books were scrupulously and accurately kept. The books were all open to any person desiring to investigate.

Mr. Langford's enquiry as to the intention of the Government to refund to actual settlers the money paid by them for licenses to shoot deer during the past year, and as to their intention to amend the Game Act regulations passed in 1896, was answered by Hon. Mr. Gibson. Refunds had been and would be made when the applicant came under the scope of the Act and where due application had been made.

In reply to Dr. Willoughby, who asked on behalf of Mr. Brown, the Provincial Secretary stated that there were kept 21 horses and 42 milch cows, besides hogs and sheep, at the London Insane Asylum. There were 134 acres of land under cultivation, the remainder being taken up by sewage lands, roads, etc. The oats grown supplied the institution for about three-quarters of the year.

On motion of Mr. Whitney for an order of the House, Mr. Ross will bring down a return of copies of the minutes of meetings of the Educational Council since its establishment.

SECOND READINGS.

Mr. McLean's bills to amend the Assessment Act and to amend the Marriage Act were read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Ross' bill to empower Knox College to confer degrees of Doctor and Bachelor of Divinity also passed a second reading.

Bill to amend the act to provide for the division of the Township of Tilbury West.—Mr. Auld.

To legalize and confirm an agreement entered into by the municipality of Dysart and others.—Mr. Carnegie.

Mr. Crawford moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Assessment Act, which is promoted by the city of Toronto. The bill provides that in cases of appeal against the decision of the Court of Revision upon an appeal against assessment of corporations, etc., the final decision shall rest with the three judges of the county where there are three judges, instead of with the senior judge of the county in which the appeal arises, and the senior judges of the two nearest counties as at present.

Mr. Crawford, in support of the bill, urged that it would be preferable to have such an appeal determined by local judges instead of by strangers, who were not acquainted with the surrounding circumstances.

Hon. Mr. Ross, who was leading the House in the absence of the Attorney-General, pointed out that this was a purely local matter and affected Toronto alone.

Hon. J. M. Gibson could see no reason why such an appeal could not be considered by a tribunal composed as required by the law at present. It was altogether probable that the senior and junior judges of a county would entertain the same view. He did not mean that it would necessarily follow, but in matters of municipal policy it would be more than likely the senior judge's opinion would be coincided in by those who are his juniors. If an impartial tribunal is wanted, he thought it would be much easier to obtain one that is free from local bias by bringing in judges from adjoining counties. Some of these questions of assessment are of great importance, and he would like some provision by which the assessments of great corporations should be subject to appeal to the Court of Appeal, where an authoritative decision might be obtained. The bill might be referred to the Municipal Committee.

Mr. Howland regretted that in the past legislation had been asked for by the City Council of Toronto in which the Council by no means represented the opinions of the citizens. In regard to this bill, he was not prepared to say that he was a supporter of it, or that he was very strongly opposed to the principle of it. There is, however, a certain amount of argument in favor of it, the principal of which is on the ground of economy. He fully agreed with the Minister of Crown Lands that a disinterested tribunal is necessary. There is a great deal of force in the objection that a tribunal constituted of the judges of the locality is not at all in the best position to deal with the question.

Mr. Crawford again urged that the bill go to the Municipal Committee and the House concurred.

Mr. Harcourt promised to convene the Public Accounts Committee on Tuesday.

LARAWAY IS GUILTY.

The Charge of Robbing the Canadian Mails at Detroit Proved—Affecting Scene With His Family.

Detroit, Mich., March. 5.—The trial of Henry Laraway, charged with cutting open and rifling mail pouches at the Fort-street Union Depot was concluded in the United States Court to-day. After Judge Swan had charged, the daughters of the prisoner burst into a violent fit of weeping, giving way wholly beneath the long strain which had been imposed upon them. A moment later they, with his wife, went to the side of Laraway, where they remained for a considerable time in earnest conversation. The court room was densely packed, chiefly with friends of the family. The jury were out less than an hour, returning a verdict of guilty. The wife and daughters of the prisoner were deeply affected, weeping and wringing their hands, but the affecting scene was cut short by the prompt remanding of Laraway for sentence. The prisoner himself was also deeply affected by the distress of his family, but accepted the situation with the coolness which was conspicuous in his conduct all through the trial. When his wife and daughters gathered around him, clinging helplessly about his neck in bidding good-bye, his lip quivered perceptibly, but he made no other demonstration. The usual ten days was granted in which to move for a new trial.

THE VATICAN AND CANADA.

Mr. Laurier Said to Have Received an Important Communication From Rome.

Montreal, Que., March 5.—(Special.)—A good deal of history is being made just now in the Province of Quebec, and for the first time since the beginning of the religious war the Liberals appear to have got the ear of the Vatican. It is understood that Hon. Mr. Laurier, who arrived in the city today, has received important news from Rome, which the Premier at once proceeded to transmit to La Patrie as follows:

"We are in a position to announce that instructions have been given by the Holy See to the bishops to cease all agitation on the school question until the Court of Rome has had an occasion to pronounce in connaissance de cause on the pilitico-religious situation in Canada. We give space to this important news after first being assured that the Vatican would permits its publication. In taking hold of this paper, our first advice to the readers of La Patrie consisted in appeals to prudence and moderation, which we renew to-day. There is no humiliation for the episcopacy in the fact that representations made to Rome by sincere and devoted Catholics have been heard. The instructions coming from Rome have been the cause of Mgr. Begin's precipitate departure for Rome. His Grace making the trip with the intention of opposing the sending of a papal ablegate to Canada, and we respectfully yet firmly express the hope that his mission will not be crowned with success."

HE DIED LAUGHING.

James Ireland of Halifax, Traveler for a Toronto Firm, Died in a Railroad Car Last Night.

Amherst, N.S., March 5.—James Ireland of Halifax, traveler for Alexander & Anderson of Toronto, expired suddenly on the C.P.R. express here to-night. Deceased, who was returning to Amherst from Moncton, was in the first-class car laughing and talking with some other gentlemen, when, just as the train was entering the station he fell back in his seat a corpse, death seizing him without a moment's warning.

A Smelter for Vancouver.

Vancouver, March 5.—(Special.)—The City Council have adopted the recommendation of the Smelter Committee to accept the offer of the Rothschild syndicate to build a 150,000-pound smelter at Vancouver. An exemption and free water bylaw will be submitted to the people at once.

GREECE CANNOT YIELD

So King George is Reported to Have Said.

If Greek Troops Were Withdrawn it Would be the Signal for the Greatest Massacre of Modern Times—A Situation Which No Civilized Nation Could Endure or Tolerate—Greek Ironclads on the Move—London Money Market Affected—Things Look Warlike.

New York, March 5.—The Journal's correspondent in Athens sends the following:

King George received me at the palace yesterday and spoke with absolute frankness in reply to the demand of the six great European powers. "I cannot see how Greece can alter her course," he said, "in spite of what the powers say. If the Greek troops were to be withdrawn from Crete there would be the greatest massacre of modern times. It is appalling to think of what would follow.

"The Cretans themselves will refuse to accept the proposals of the powers to create a municipality. They will fight to the last against it, and will rather perish in the attempt to establish their liberties and rights than submit to the new form of oppression. If Greece should withdraw her forces from Crete it would simply mean the abandonment of the island to barbarous and indiscriminate slaughter.

"I say emphatically that the Sultan of Turkey has no responsibility for the existing state of things in Crete. I hold the Sultan to be free from blame in this respect.

"Nine months ago the Sultan granted to the powers authority to put reforms into effect. What have these six nations done to end the horrors and atrocities of the Cretan war of extermination? Nothing, absolutely nothing!

"The situation was horrible. No civilized nation could endure or tolerate it. The great powers say they want peace, but is every nation to have peace but Greece? We, too, want peace, and the powers have refused to act except when they fired a few days ago on the Christian flag. Think of the situation. Every year we have thousands of men, women and children flying to our shores and begging us, with tears in their eyes, to save them from starvation, and to protect their helpless relatives in Crete from mutilation and death. What civilized nation would continue year after year to turn a deaf ear to these prayers, and to tax its people to support multitudes of suffering refugees?

"Greece has something like 20,000 subjects in Crete, and the great powers say she has no right to land troops to protect them, although six nations, which have only a handful of subjects on the island, have landed their forces.

"The situation in Macedonia, too, is very critical. I cannot foretell the future, but the great powers have delivered their message to Greece, and we shall see what the result will be. The powers have taken upon themselves a great responsibility. They have deliberately offered encouragement to the excited Turks."

The correspondent then says: "I can say that Greece will absolutely refuse to withdraw her army and navy from Crete. That is quite certain. I know, also, that the great powers have decided to withdraw their legations from Athens if at the end of six days Greece has not complied with their imperious command. What they will do then no man knows."

Greek Cabinet Meeting.

Athens, March 5.—The Cabinet Council, which met last evening, sat until 1 o'clock this morning. It is reported that, as the result of the deliberations of the Ministers, several important decisions were reached. According to report the Cabinet determined upon the action of the Greek fleet on the coast of Macedonia, with a view of aiding the mobilization of the Macedonian forces, the guarding of the Macedonia towns devolving upon the army and the battalions. It is estimated that Greece will soon have 100,000 men under arms, including the reserves. The Greek ironclads Spezia and Tsara have sailed from the Piraeus under sealed orders.

London Stock Exchange Alarmed.

London, March 5.—The wild, sudden alarm at the closing of the Stock Exchange last evening continued to-day on the news from Athens. Consols for money fell from 111 3-8 to 110 15-16, and consols for account fell from 111 1-2 to 111 1-8. In addition there were lower prices in all departments and substantial reductions.

The Stock Exchange market opened with an uneasy feeling under the influence of the news from Athens and the general outlook in the east. Consols, both for money and account, were depressed, and shortly after the opening were 1-16 lower for the former and 1-8 lower for the latter. Both closed 3-8 lower on the day. Foreign securities were dull. Grand Trunks and Mexicans had a dropping tendency. Mining shares were dull. Other securities were depressed and showed marked declines. Despatches from Berlin, Paris, Vienna and other centres show that all the Continental bourses were unsettled at the opening.

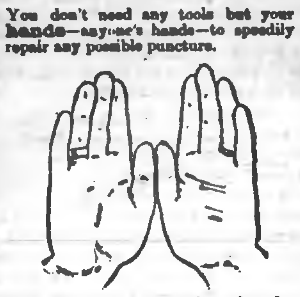
Albanians Disarm Turks.

Constantinople, March 5.—Evidence was given to-day of the feeling that has been created in Albania by Greece's defiance of the powers. A strong force of Albanians, who were all prepared for active hostilities, surrounded at El Bassan two battalions of Turkish reserves who were marching to the greek frontier. The Turks were disarmed by their captors, who appropriated to themselves the captured rifles and war material carried by the reserves.

Russia's Desire for Peace.

St. Petersburg, March 5.—The Journal (semi-official) makes a statement in

Continued on Page 7.

If You Ride
Dunlop Tires.
You don't need any tools but your **hands**—anyone's hands—to speedily repair any possible puncture.

Examine them. They're simple, practical, durable Tires, fully guaranteed.
American Dunlop Tire Co.,
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THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FENCE W. MILLER,
Agent and Ass't Sec

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

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ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Educational.

$5.00
Will pay for Instruction and Books for the remainder of the
NIGHT SCHOOL SEASON
- AT THE -
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Students may take any subject or combination of subjects they please.
PRINGLE & McCREA
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH.
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DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 2?? Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. ?6tod

For Sale
OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM

New Advertisements.

SPRING WORK IN FIELD AND GARDEN . . . .
Is at Hand For Choice Fresh
Field, Garden and Flower Seeds.
Buy from the noted MASON SEED and PLANT HOUSE. Immense stock of choice Cut Flowers and Plants suitable for table and window decorations.
Floral Designs and Bouquets made up on shortest notice.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies.....................$2 00
For Gentlemen.................. 3 00
For Girls...................... 1 50
For Youths..................... 2 00
For Boys....................... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. d21

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 122 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.
Fine; fresh to strong west to north winds; decidedly colder; local snow flurries.

R. F.

Dress Making Department.
. . . NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
We begin the spring season with our full staff of dressmakers.
Dress Goods.
Special tables of New Spring Costumes and Spring Tweeds.
All exclusive in design.
New Prints.
Our designs in Prints and Muslins are the latest and newest patterns, and are entirely different to anything elsewhere shown.
Staples.
White Cotton Bleached Sheeting double fold ...... 15c worth 20c.
Carpets.
Just now we are selling unusually cheap and bargains are numerous in our Carpet Department.
We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early.
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c & 35c
English Body Brussels Carpets with ¾ border to match.......... 90c
English Pile Carpets, Wilton Backs, ¾ borders to match............ $1.25 worth $1.60
English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.
UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION
393 George Street, Peterborough.
THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 99, - - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
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S. CLEGG, Residence 236 Stewart Street. Telephone.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY ?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
363 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 160 or 215. Day or night.

•Now, Mary, w are on our way home again to start housekeeping. I have only one request to make, in all your cooking avoid cheap baking powders—use the best and purest.

Why, yes, John! Mother's teaching has taught me that. She always used

PURE GOLD BAKING POWDER

and I will do the same. I know it's absolutely pure Cream of Tartar and Soda. I also use their brand of Flavoring Extracts. CAA 122

Remodeling

Of our store will commence next week. We are preparing for it. Prices in Furs have reached their lowest point. The point is—you can well afford to buy now—for next winter's wear—as there is no possibility of another such saving opportunity for you. This week's prices are Bargain Bringers. Never have we offered Good, Reliable, Well-made Fur Garments at such low prices. The object is to reduce the stock at once before work commences. We would like to show you through.

Fairweather & Co.
FURRIERS
Peterborough - - - - - - - Toronto.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.
Charlotte Street.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.

All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.

"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard." L. SOMMER & SON, Springfield, Illinois.

Thousands of druggists say the same.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897

THE DOOR TO GOOD HEALTH.

Is Through the Kidneys—Like a Well Planned Sanitary System They Keep the Body Human Healthy—Interesting Story From Quebec.

The kidneys have very appropriately been described as the sanitary system of the human body. Let them become inoperating and disease will quickly follow, and unless the obstructions are removed, death will be the result. Mr. D. J. Locke, of Sherbrooke, P.Q., suffered for years from complicated kidney trouble, and spent over $100 in efforts to secure relief; but no relief came until he used South American Kidney Cure. His statement is that four bottles completely cured him, and to-day he is in the enjoyment of sound health. In the most distressing cases this remedy gives relief in six hours. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

NORWOOD NEWS.

Notes of Personal and General Character—The Council Meeting.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONALS—Mr Reg. Smart, of Toronto, was in town on Sunday, he has received the position of operator on the C P R at Manvers ....Miss Fife, of Otonabee, has been visiting at Mr Walter Scott's....Miss L Wynn, of Peterborough, spent a few days in town last week, the guest of Mr Thos Rork....Miss Jean Fowlds, of Hastings, has been spending a few days at Cessnock....Mr F B Frankish, of the Canadian Permanent Loan and Savings Co., of Toronto, was in town on Monday.... Mr E Woodman was in town last week looking after the interests of the Society of United Workmen....Mr John McKellar left town on Monday to look for a position elsewhere. We are sorry to lose John but wish him success where ever he goes.....We are sorry to learn that Mr Wilbert Stuart intends leaving town. He will be much missed by the hockey boys.... Mr. Joe Hughes, of Peterborough, is visiting his grandfather....Mr Geo Somers, of Campbellford, has been in town for a few days....Mr E Cuff, of Peterborough, was in town to-day....Dr J Turnbull, veterinary surgeon and dentist, has come to town and is staying at the Clancy House. He is a graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, and comes highly recommended.

COUNCIL MEETING—The Council met on March 1st, there being present Reeve H G Buck, and Councillors Ebbs and Harper. The minutes of the last regular and special meeting were read and on motion ordered to be signed. Collector F Fraser appeared before the Council and gave a statement of the balance to be collected at this date of $821. Moved by Councillor Harper, seconded by Councillor Ebbs, that the collector be authorized to collect the balance of the taxes and return the roll at once.—Carried. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Harper, that the following accounts be paid and orders issued on the treasurer for the same. Geo Heatherley, running snow plough, $3 25; Dr P S Ford, attendance on 8 Lessons, $100; Dr Geo Pettigrew, attendance on 8 Lessons, $11.50.—Carried. Moved by Councillor Harper, seconded by Councillor Ebbs, that the communication of Mrs Wm Hill be received and that the reeve procure a double cord of stove wood for her as charity.—Carried. By-law authorizing the reeve and treasurer to borrow the sum of $600 was read three times and carried. The Council then adjourned.

HOCKEY—If the curlers were beaten by Lakefield the hockey boys reversed the order on Monday evening and succeeded in winning by a score 13-4. At 8 o'clock the boys lined up and a very interesting game followed. At the end of the first half the score was 7-4 in favor of Norwood and during the second half they scored 6 more. The Lakefield boys played well but they were at a disadvantage on account of the size of the rink.

WEDDING.—On Tuesday, 23rd, a very pretty marriage took place in Walkerville, when Miss Julia O'Reilly and Mr Philip Conroy were united in the bonds of matrimony by the Rev Father O'Connell, of that place. After the ceremony the happy couple drove to Hastings where they took the train for Toronto. Mr D Gillmurray, who is attending school, attended the marriage and was best man.

PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO.

Continued from Page 8

ing the feeling in 1837, Mr Claxton's own words are of interest: "At the time of the rebellion there was general dissatisfaction with the Government. We were governed at that time by what was known as the "Family Compact." The governors were very high strung gentlemen, and showed their power. The feeling was loyal, however. There were a few who considered that things were not as they ought to be, but they had not reached the stage of disaffection." As we know from the history of those times, it was a case of where there was right on both sides. The Home Government ruled the Canadians and the other provinces directly from Downing-st. and as it paid a large share of the expenses of colonial government, naturally it thought it had a right to "a say" in the administration. On the other hand the colonists were impatient and felt also that they had enough to contend with without

THE TEDIOUSNESS OF RED TAPE,

and in many cases governmental blunders. The governors sent out had two much power. The result of the rebellion was responsible government for Canada. We have now a system theoretically perfect, although sometimes it is jarred, by the working, not of the home governors and a family compact, but of the half-concealed contrivance known as "the political machine." At that time, as Mr. Claxton says, there were class distinctions, and hence arose popular resentment at the monopoly of political appointments by a privileged class, although the more important appointments involving the liberty of the subject and the administration of civil justice were still continued by popular consent in the hands of men of prominence and proven character. The militia was divided into two kinds, the active and sedentary. You will remember it is not long since the joke died out of a man's belonging to the sedentary militia. The active militia, however, was no joke. When W. L. Mackenzie was compelled to flee from Toronto rumor had it that he was hidden in the vicinity of Peterborough, and a local company spent the night in looking for him but he was not found. The local regiment also marched to Toronto and in various ways distinguished itself from the sedentary division. The reference to national order and disorders naturally reminds us of constabulary, and I find that there was

NO SYSTEM OF POLICE AS WE KNOW IT.

When people fought they fought it out. It seems, however, that whiskey didn't make men as savage then as it does now. But the magistrates were all-powerful, could appoint special constables and had the militia, and if necessary, the regulars at their backs, so that there was due respect for law and order.

People in those days rode on horseback a great deal. Buggies were unknown and waggons were not comfortable on a hard road. Mr. Claxton says that going to Port Hope over frozen roads in a waggon was "worse than going to Africa."

I shall close with a remark or two on the social life of the people. Customs and manners were quite different from those of to-day. It was well on in the thirties before there were such things as millinery openings in Peterborough. Fashion was confined to "the front." When the first bonnet was worn here by a resident it created quite a sensation. J. P.'s were municipal, governmental and judicial officers in one. There was

MUCH MORE DRINKING THAN AT PRESENT.

To illustrate the expedients necessary to topers in order to meet the difficulties of the times I am told that men usually went in couples, so that if one got tipsy the other might see him home. In fact this was, I have heard, a settled custom, and on one occasion the one who had just had his turn at getting tight dearly wanted to get faddled again, so he politely asked his partner if he would mind foregoing the right in his favor, which, I have been told, his esteemed friend as politely acceded to. From all I can learn, however, notwithstanding some of these quaint unions of polite and pernicious peculiarities many of the men of those days were of a decidedly finer and more manly stamp than those of these more socialistic but less individualistic days. Men and women, if of the right moral fibre, are much nobler specimens of the human race, considered in their individual capacity than when taken by the dozen like so many herrings. However, I suppose that this has all resulted from the power and advantage of combination. Life is, perhaps, too hard a battle now-a-days, with the coming in of capital into the battlefield, to be fought otherwise than by a massing of the forces of the people, yet the change of times, if they have brought strength, cannot be said to have added beauty to the manners and customs of the good old days. Combination is sometimes more sinister than custom.

BEAUTY AND HEALTH TO FAIR WOMEN.

Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N. B., Once the Victim of Nervousness and General Debility, Takes on the Health of Early Years.

Some remedies are nothing more than a temporary stimulant, and the reaction aggravates the disease. Where the system has become run down, and nervous debility in its worst forms have shown themselves, South American Nervine will cure. It strikes at the nerve centres and builds up the system by removing the real cause of the trouble. Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N.B., a lady well known in the Maritime Provinces, suffered terribly from indigestion and nervousness, and her case seemed incurable. She accepted South American Nervine without hope that it was any different to other remedies, but her words are, "I had taken only one bottle when my system began to take on the health of earlier years, and after taking three bottles I was completely cured." For sale by H S MacDonald.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MR. DEVLIN OUT OF IT

Going to Ireland to a Good Fat Berth.

Mr. Devlin Says He is Agreed With the Government, but the Wicked Tory Gossips are Saying That He is Shelved Because He Can't Swallow the School Settlement—A Scare Rumor That Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick Had Resigned Found Not to be True.

Ottawa, March 5.—(Special.)—As announced last night Charlie Devlin, M. P. for Wright, is down and out of Parliament. But it is not a simple question of resignation; he has accepted the "Chiltern hundreds," and a good fat "hundred" it is reported to be. It is well known that Mr. Devlin does not like the Laurier-Greenway school settlement, and rather than that he should manifest his opinion on the floor of Parliament it has been thought advisable to give him a place elsewhere, and so he has been appointed immigration agent for Canada in Ireland, at a fine salary—$1200 a year and expenses. Mr. Devlin was asked to-day about the report of his resignation and replied as follows: "You are aware that last spring I was stricken down with sickness in the House of Commons. After a month of suffering I rallied and was enabled to go through the campaign. At that time I was anxious to withdraw from political life for some time, but my Liberal friends insisted that I should accept the candidature, which I did, and with the result known to all. To-day personal reasons, in addition, which in no way interest the public, may necessitate my withdrawal. I will sever my connection with the county with sincere regret. It is untrue that differences have arisen between myself and the Government, as I will explain at a meeting to be convened in Hull. I am a supporter of Mr. Laurier, and if I continue in the House my position will be clearly defined. It is true that I have pressed Mr. Laurier to allow me to withdraw. He has my confidence; I have his; and were it not for personal reasons, which I cannot divulge, I would remain in political life."

One evening newspaper says Mr. Devlin would not say a word about Ireland. This shows there is no politics about his retirement.

The startling rumor was current in the city to-day that Mr. Fitzpatrick, Solicitor-General, had resigned his office, Charlie Devlin stepping down and out probably gave rise to the rumor. Your correspondent looked up Mr. Fitzpatrick, and found him doing business at the old stand. He laughed heartily when told about the rumor, and said there was nothing in it.

SIFTON'S AX AGAIN.

Whizz, once more goes Mr. Sifton's ax, and another head is off. John Dyke, for many years Canadian Agent in Liverpool, has been retired, and Alf. Jury of Toronto reigns in his stead. Nuff sed. Dyke has been off duty some months on account of ill-health, but recently resumed work fully recovered. He is still in the prime of life.

Matters are very quiet in political circles to-day. The Premier was in Montreal and consequently no council meeting was held.

Sir C. H. Tupper is to be leader of the Local Opposition in Nova Scotia. So current report has it, and the general impression in Conservative circles is that it is correct.

RICH YUKON DISTRICT.

The Yellow Metal Abounds in the Little Streams and All in Canadian Territory—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, March 5.—(Special.)—The wonderful mineral riches of the Canadian Yukon district are attracting the attention of British capitalists. To-day there is in Ottawa a Mr. C. W. Wilkinson of London, who representes some of the gentlemen interested in the British South Africa Company. Some time ago the company had their attention drawn to the Yukon district and their surveyors and prospectors have been at work. On numerous creeks flowing westward into the Yukon River, placer beds have been discovered, yielding from $9 cents to $30 the pan. Two or three instances are actually vouched for where as high as $150 to the pan was taken out, an unprecedented yield. The Rossland country is simply not in it with these yields. These discoveries, it is satisfactory to know, are all made in Canadian territory, miles east of the international boundary. The company represented by Mr. Wilkinson has decided to develop the Yukon country on a large scale if they come to terms with the Government. A bill of incorporation will be asked from Parliament, with power to the syndicate to do a general trading and transportation business. The company does not ask financial assistance from the Government, except what is implied in a guarantee of 3 per cent. on a million dollars' worth of bonds. No monopoly is intended, although the development plans of the company include the construction of many miles of railway. They will utilize the White Mountain Pass to gain access to the country.

Prof. Robertson, Dairy Commissioner, says that, as a result of the establishment of creameries in the Northwest, there will be an assured living to those farmers who become patrons of the creameries, altogether irrespective of the wheat they may grow. In localities where co-operative creameries have been in existence, farmers have formed a Butter and Cheese Manufacturing Association, with limited liability, agreeing to erect a suitable building, provide a sufficient water supply, and to supply the milk or cream from not less than 400 cows. When these conditions are complied with the Government makes a loan to the association of an amount sufficient to purchase the butter making machinery and plant for the creamery. The Department of Agriculture agrees to manufacture and market the butter at a charge of 4 cents per pound, which meets all the expenses between the delivery of the milk or cream by the farmers at the creamery and the shipment of the butter on the railway cars. At the end of each season shares in the Butter and Cheese Manufacturing Association are issued to each farmer in proportion to the amount contributed by him to the loan fund. By these arrangements farmers will pay off the loan granted by the Government without interest in a few years.

Some 16 fully equipped creameries and 17 tributary cream collecting or cream separating stations will be managed by the Government during the current year. From these it is expected that from $30,000 to $35,000 worth of butter per month will be turned out. The cost to the Government will be a loan of $15,000 without interest for a few years. The principal will all be recovered through the loan fund, and the Government holds a lien on the manufacturing plant until the loan is paid in full. The maintenance account will probably cost the Governmens $3000 the first year more than the revenue from manufacturing.

The Timber Trades Journal of London, Eng., has rendered the Dominion, and its lumber interests in particular, excellent service by publishing a special article on the wood interests of Canada. It consists of a series of articles by Mr. Haynes, who was specially deputed to visit Canada to investigate and to write up our lumbering and timber interests.

The Canadian Indian fund exceeds $100,000. Another lac of rupees was cabled to Calcutta yesterday.

In the Supreme Court to-day the arguments in the Queen v. O'Neill and Campbell were concluded and judgment reserved. The court then adjourned until the 8th inst., to take up the list of Ontario appeals.

Fifteen motormen of the Ottawa Electric Railway to-day received bonuses from the company for good conduct and immunity from accident with their cars during the past year.

The Free Press (Ministerial organ) hints that the Government is seriously considering the question of extending the Intercolonial to Montreal. It says that in such a nevent, the road might be placed on a paying basis.

The Ottawa men who constitute the Prescott Elevator Company have ordered six steel barges to be built in time for the opening of navigation. They will cost $15,000 each and will carry 30,000 bushels of grain.

The date for holding the Bonsventure election has been postponed from the 13th to the 17th of March.

The City Council, by a vote of 18 to 5, to-night adopted the report of the Fire and Light Committee, recommending the reorganization of the Fire Brigade, including the appointment of Capt. Prevost of Montreal as chief.

Riley Coates and Willie Callahan fought a duel in Leslie County, Kentucky, on Thursday over a woman. Callahan was killed. Coates fled.

Heavy rains have again swollen the Ohio River to the danger point at Cincinnati. At Milford, 50 families have had to move from their homes.

Ex-Congressman Bellamy Story of Cincinnati has been tendered and has accepted the office of First Assistant Secretary of State in McKinley's Cabinet.

Hereafter American citizens found guilty of interference in Cuba are to be expelled from the island instead of being killed. This is a new order from Spain.

G. W. Atkinson was sworn in as Governor of West Virginia yesterday and the Democratic party retired from the State administration for the first time in 25 years.

The Joint Traffic Association has fixed the freight rates on articles of iron and steel at 25 cents a hundred between New York and Chicago, effective from the 15th inst.

There was a large attendance of spectators in the gallery of the Senate Chamber on the opening of the first session of the fifty-fifth Congress at Washington yesterday. Mark Hanna took the oath as Sherman's successor from Ohio.

QUEEN VICTORIA.

Men in Public Life and Service Whom She Has Outlived.

All members of the Privy Council who were alive in 1837.

All the peers who held their titles in 1837, except the Earl of Darnley, who was 10, and Earl Nelson, who was 14 in that year.

All the members who sat in the House of Commons on her accession to the throne, except Mr. Gladstone, Charles Villiers, the present Duke of Northumberland, the Earl of Mexborough and the Earl of Mansfield and John Temple Leader.

Her Majesty has seen eleven Lords Chancellor, ten Prime Ministers, six Speakers of the House of Commons, at least three bishops of every see, and five or six of many sees, five Archbishops of Canterbury and six Archbishops of York and five commanders-in-chief.

She has seen five Dukes of Norfolk succeed each other as Earls Marshal, and has outlived every Duke and Duchess and every Marquis and Marchioness who bore the rank in 1837.

She has outlived every member of the Jockey Club and every master of foxhounds that flourished in 1837.

She has seen seventeen Presidents of the United States, ten Viceroys of Canada, fifteen Viceroys of India, and France successively ruled by one King, one Emperor and six Presidents of a republic.—London Public Opinion.

The Strength of Nature.

According to the ancient mythology, when Hercules wrestled with Antæus, every time he was thrown he jumped up again stronger than ever, gaining fresh power from every contact with the earth. Hercules conquered him at last only by holding him in the air away from the source of his strength, until he grew weaker and weaker and finally became exhausted.

Antæus is a perfect symbol of mankind. Nature is the real source of health and vigor. The closer we keep to Nature's laws the stronger and healthier we grow. When we get away from them we are sure to be overcome by weakness and disease.

When sickness gets hold of a man the only remedy to really cure him must be a natural remedy. It must work according to natural laws and bring him right in touch with Nature. Any unnatural stimulus or mere temporary "appetiser" does no permanent good to a person who is debilitated and "run-down."

In these conditions the most perfect, natural strength-builder is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It acts directly upon the natural nutritive processes, and creates solid, permanent strength and vital force in the same way that Nature creates them.

It expectorates the stomach and liver to vitalize the circulation and feed the nerve-centres with pure, healthy blood. This is exactly Nature's way of curing nervous exhaustion, debility, insomnia, and neuralgia.

During the past 30 years, Dr. Pierce's medicines have become recognised standard remedies throughout the world. His "Pleasant Pellets" are a perfect and permanent cure for constipation.

Sister Elisa L. de Falcon, of Corpus Christi, Nueces Co., Texas, writes: "This is to tell you that I have been ill for twenty-one years and was finally cured by your medicines 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' I was completely cured after taking the medicine."

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897

With the "Diamond" Success Is Fully Assured.

The world renowned Diamond Dyes are put up for every color, with special dyes for cotton and all kinds of mixed goods, and are so simple and easy to use that even a child can dye a perfect color with them—colors that will not fade, crock or wash out—equal to the best colors made by professional dyers.

If women are induced to buy imitations of Diamond Dyes they must be prepared for failure and loss of goods.

Insist upon getting the Diamond Dyes from your dealer; they cost no more than the poor imitation dyes sold for the sake of large profits.

In Error.

Toothpick Charlie—Fer de land sakes, Dusty, where did ye git the bloomers?

Dusty—I swapped togs wid er clothes line in der dark, and didn't git on ter de sex er de clothes till 'twas too late ter go back. How d'yer like um?

TERRORS OF RHEUMATISM.

A Remedy Which is Instantaneous and Permanent in Effect—A Calgary Resident Crippled for Three Years, Becomes Strong as an Athlete.

No subtle or mysterious force could be more miraculous in its effects than is South American Cure in all cases of rheumatism. James A. Anderson, of Calgary, N.W.T., says that seven or eight years ago he became afflicted with rheumatism, and for three years it made him a cripple, so that he had to use a stick to get about. In his own words: "I suffered untold misery, and though treated by the best physicians in the country, and I spent a term in the hospital, recovery seemed as hopeless as ever. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. It gave help immediately and after the second bottle I threw away my stick. To-day I am as strong as an athlete." Price 75 cents. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

For the Fair Dame

A unique effect in passementerie has beaded ornaments holding two spreading ostrich plumes in Alsatian bow fashion. This is intended to be worn on a low-cut bodice.

The woman who owns a long sealskin ulster now flaunts its furry luxury in the face of the perishing feminine in a tailor-made cloth jacket.

The increasing prosperity toward extravagance is shown in the bejeweled chains, vinaigrettes, bonbon boxes and other so-called "trifles" that the woman of fashion deems she must have in order to be happy.

Sensitive.

Saidso—In the winter of 1816 there were five feet of snow.

Herdso—On the level?

Saidso—Do I look like a liar, sir?

20 CENTS Secures a Good Liver AND GOOD HEALTH

As a System Renovator and Blood Builder, Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are Supplanting all others.

So Great has been the Demand that it's hard to Supply it.

Cure Constipation or Nervous Headache, clear the complexion, rid it of eruptions, yellow skin, coated tongue, etc. Act easy—never gripe and the after effects are a positive pleasure. In vials, 40 pills, 20 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

THE FOOTBALL FIELD

HOW TO PLAY THE ASSOCIATION GAME OF FOOTBALL.

Capt. Jarrett, One of the Greatest of International Association Forwards, Gives Young Players Some Interesting and Valuable Points.

St. Louis.—(Special.)—Football is war. By this I do not mean to say that it is a murderous game, although some of the recent contests have been rather bloody. What I mean to convey is that the same principles underlie both games. As I go on this will become apparent.

Being a forward player myself, it is but natural that I should incline especially to treatment of playing in the line. If I do know anything about football, and I have played it all my life, it should be how it should be played by the forwards. For two years I played outside left wing for my native country, Wales, in her international matches with England, Ireland and Scotland. I afterwards played with the famous Bolton Wanderers, which team I left to come to America. During my stay in this country I have been identified with some of its greatest association football teams. Therefore I flatter myself that, poor as I may be from a playing standpoint, I know a thing or two about the game.

About Playing Forward.

The most difficult position to play on a team is outside wing. This has been demonstrated for years in England, where the supply of outside wing men has never been anywhere equal to the demaand. A man who plays the outside position must be much faster than an insider. He must also be a better shot, or rather a better passer, as it is very rarely that an outside man is in such a position that he should take a chance at a clean shot. Outside men should invariably pass to the center men for a shot at goal, and above all they should not carry the ball too far down the field before "centering it," as the play is called. By carrying the ball away down in the corner of the field an outside wing gives his opponents a chance to concentrate in their goal and it is far more difficult to shoot from a position along the goal line than pass to the center when away up the field. Very many forwards fall into the bad habit of monopolizing the ball and carrying it down too far before passing to the center. They invariably have all their work nullified, as the inevitable result of such playing is to send the ball over the goal line in an ineffectual attempt at goal, and a place kick sends it back down the field. It is also advisable for the wings to pass from one to another when well up the field. This bothers opposing backs.

The outside wings are the cavalry of the team. When the field is comparatively clear the ball should be given to them for a good swift run. When the ball is close play in the center, with the men of both teeams hard at it all around the leather, I favor a system of passing between the three center men. This tends to bring the opposing halves and full-backs in toward the center. When they are drawn in the field is clear for a run by the outside wing man. He makes a feint at the center of the enemy's position in order to make him draw his wings to reinforce the threatened point. When this is done he turns his cavalry loose for an eruption in the enemy's territory. A retreat of the backs to the goal causes a general rout, which the attacking team should not be slow to take advantage of. This was a favorite move of the great Napoleon, massing his men at a certain point in the enemy's line and then switching at another.

The qualifications of the other forwards are the same as those of the wing men, save perhaps that it is advisable that they be better shots, as they do more shooting. All forwards should be expert passers. I have known many men who were otherwise faultless who could not pass properly. They might pass true and cleanly, but in many cases it was impossible for the man who received the pass to handle it at once. The science of "toeing" the ball so that you can shoot it along pretty fast and make it stop "dead" at a certain place is a fine one. I have seen men who could shoot the ball like a rifle bullet for 10 yards and then make it stop as dead as a nail. To accomplish this you kick, or rather shove, the ball smartly just below the center with your toe pointing slightly downwards. That gives the sphere a forward and at the same time a rotary motion towards the man who kicked it. The trick works about the same as the masse in billiards. The ball goes so far and then the reverse "English" takes effect, causing it to fall dead at the feet of the man to whom you passed. He can therefore take possession of it at once. Or you can make it stop "dead" in a certain spot until he comes up to it. It will be seen that this sort of a pass has many advantages over one which, if the man is not there to stop it, will keep on rolling indefinitely until one of the opposition gets it. Then, when a man gets a hard, fast pass he cannot pick it up in his stride; he has got to make a stop to steady it and then get into his stride again.

I am opposed to the practice of all the forwards and half-backs going right into the goal on corner kicks. The centre and the two inside men are enough. If all hands go in and the ball comes out of the crowd there is nobody to take hold of it, and if an opposing player gets it there are only the full-backs to stop him. If the halves and the wing men stay out of the goal and the ball comes out, they have a chance to send it in again. Then, too many men get in each other's way.

I do not believe in players charging indiscriminately or trying to hammer each otehr out of the game. A player who devotes his time to playing men is not a good one for the team. Of course, I do not mean to say that judicious blocking is not good policy at times, but I want to protest against indiscriminate slashing and smashing at all periods of the game. I protest against this from my own men rather than from my opponents, as nothing pleases me better than to have an opposing team start in to lay me out. I know that while they are doing it I can run in a couple of goals that I might not get if they were playing the ball instead of men.

I have noticed that many forwards pass too straight ahead. This is a mistake. With a man between them, it is very hard to make a forward pass successfully, and then by passing in a straight line ahead you do not break up the backs as you should. Therefore, it is advisable to pass well to right or left rather than ahead. Do not be in too great a hurry to give the ball to your partner. Wait until the man who is between you gets right at your toe. Then give it to your man in the right place.

A good, effective forward must never give an opponent any idea of what side of him he is going to dribble the ball. A feint to go on one side and an actual movement to the other is often effective. Then, all forwards should cultivate the power of stopping as suddenly as possible when at top speed, and to stop without giving an opponent who may be running with them any idea of what they are going to do. I attribute any success I may have attained as a forward solely to my ability to stop short and without any preliminary motions. I have seen many forwards faster, trickier and better shots than myself, but I can say without any undue personal pride that I have never known any forward who could stop as short as I can when going at the same high speed.

Duty of Half-Backs.

The main duty of half-backs is to keep the forwards supplied with the ball. The qualifications of a good half are about the same as those of a good forward. He must be fast, sure with his feet and a good pass. Then, above all, it is requisite that he should be quick to divine the intentions of his opponents and to intercept passes from one of their forwards to another. Then he should be able at a glance to divine where he should pass the ball when he gets it. He should always put it where one of his own forwards has a cinch on it. Many half-backs make the mistake of kicking the ball away up the field to the opposing full-backs. This is a great error. The ball on no account should be sent beyond easy reach of the forwards.

Half-backs should also be good with their heads; that is, good to "head" the ball when close pressed by the opposing line. They should never allow a high kicked ball to bound, but should catch it before it strikes the ground and pass it to their forwards. The result of a bound is very often deceptive, and a man coming to you has all the best of the situation. Good halves should be always on the alert for a back pass from a hard pressed forward. This is something that local players are never expecting, but it is one of the most effective and pretty plays a forward and half can make.

Full-Backs Must Be Big Fellows.

Full-backs should be good, big fellows, if possible. It is absolutely indispensable that they should be good, strong kickers with either foot, all right with their heads and tricky. A full-back should be a big, strong kicker, for it is his business to clear the ball away from the threatened goal as fast as possible. A full-back never should attempt to dribble the ball in front of his goal, but should send it on to his forwards as quickly as possible. They should see to it that the goal-keeper is never charged by the forwards of the other team. Good full-backs will never allow their goal-keeper to be charged. The man who holds the fort is a very vulnerable mark when he is engaged in stopping a high shot, and a forward, if he is so disposed, can hurt him badly by "socking" into him. If the full-backs know their business they will block the forward who is making the charge and thus give their goal-keeper a chance to get the ball away.

Goal-Keepers' Faults.

If the ball is on one side of the goal, many goal tenders are accustomed to go over to that side, leaving the rest of the goal undefended. This is a great mistake. It is ten chances to one that if the ball is shot it will go at the corner of the goal farthest from the shooter, as the angle is not so sharp. In that case the goal defender has to go back to stop it, and he cannot tell what may be behind him. The slightest push or little bit of "hip" will stop him and let the ball through. Then, it is apparent that a man can run faster to meet a ball than he can go back to it.

Never under any circumstances should a goal keeper meet ball with a running kick. Always get it with the hands in the surest possible way, and then punt it out. Drop kicks are dangerous, even at the toes of the best kickers. Even if you have to go down on the toes of the forward get the ball with your hands.

All players should be careful not to embarrass their goal keeper by crowding him in the goal. He should have plenty of room to work in. The backs should see to it that he is not charged hard by opposing forwards when he is handling the ball.

Ten years' experience in football in four countries and on two continents have taught me many things, chief among which is to play fair, clean football, and to respect the decisions of the referee. Never in the course of my career on the football field have I been accused of playing foul football, and never have I found fault with the decisions of the referee, no matter how unfair they might be, although, to speak truly, I have never seen what could be called a deliberately unfair referee. I have seen many whom I thought made mistakes, but a very and deliberately and unfair one I never remember seeing.

In conclusion, I would say to young players: Keep cool, play the ball, never mind the man, never commit an intentional foul, and never talk back to the referee. R. H. JARRETT.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitaliser imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 26

A Separate Cure for Each Disease AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, | Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Saluting a Cat.

There is at least one place in the world where the cat was until recently held in high honor, and received the attention due to one of so high a station of life. That place is India, where in a fortress the sentries invariably used to present arms to every cat that appeared on the scene.

The custom is accounted for by this singular anecdote, which comes from what appears to be good authority:

Some fifty years ago it happened that a very high English official died in an Indian fortress, at a place that is one of the centres of Brahaminic religion, and at the moment when the news of his death met the Sepoy guard at the main gate a black cat rushed out of it.

The superstitious guard presented arms to the cat as a salute to the dying spirit of the powerful Englishman, and the coincidence took a firm hold upon the locality, that up to a few years ago neither exhortation nor orders could prevent a Hindoo sentry at that gate from presenting arms to any cat that passed out at night.—Harper's Round Table.

Bricks of 1612.

The first bricks made in this country for building purposes were manufactured by colonists in Virginia in 1612. They were used in the construction of a church edifice at Jamestown and the residence of the Governor of the State. A part of the Jamestown church is still standing, and the bricks are in a good state of preservation, showing that the colonists believed in making articles to resist wear by exposure to all kinds of weather.—Boston Budget.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

—Grace Church Sabbath school will hold their first anniversary entertainment on Tuesday evening next, March 8th.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Lillian Nordica to Women.

Health-giving Paine's Celery Compound the Best Spring Remedy.

Mme. Nordica has the distinction of being the first prima donna born in the United States.

She testifies to the wonderful health-giving effects of the greatest product of medical science—Paine's Celery Compound.

Not since Christine Nilsson has there been a Marguerite to be compared to Nordica's splendid impersonation.

All her achieved successes had for a foundation the most unrelaxing study and effort. No one knows better than the applauded prima donna what such severe work means to the nerves and strength. The following letter from Lillian Nordica to Wells & Richardson Co. must be gratefully read by hosts of women:

"It certainly gives me great pleasure to testify to the health-giving effects of Paine's Celery Compound. I truly believe it to be the best of all spring remedies."

If the winter has left you weak and languid, Paine's Celery Compound will restore strength to your nerves, will purify the blood and make you well. Don't allow nervous debility to go on. Take warning from dyspepsia, nervous headache and sleeplessness. Guard against that tired, played-out feeling that so often appears as spring approaches. Neuralgia and rheumatism—awful enemies—must be conquered.

Paine's Celery Compound is the world's true disease banisher, renovator of the system, and a life-giver at this time of the year. It quickly furnishes nutriment for the innumerable nerve fibres; it arouses the organs of digestion and assimilation to brisker action; it enables the wasted body to build up flesh and muscle, and dissipates every fearful and apprehensive feeling.

Paine's Celery Compound is truly the medicine for women when weakened and burdened by work and home cares. It gives them fresh new blood, vim, energy and activity, and a new lease of life. Try it, and when you go to your dealer for Paine's Celery Compound, see that you get it; no other medicine can take its place successfully.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. 4mw

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.

Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,

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It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

20 CENTS Secures a Good Liver AND GOOD HEALTH

As a System Renovator and Blood Builder, Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are Supplanting all others.

So Great has been the Demand that it's hard to Supply it.

Cure Constipation or Nervous Headache, clear the complexion, rid it of eruptions, yellow skin, coated tongue, etc. Act easy—never gripe and the after effects are a positive pleasure. In vials, 40 pills, 20 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5

And continuing until the whole Stock is turned into Cash, at

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO

Having purchased the above well known stock of high-class ***Dress Goods, Trimmings, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Underwear and Corsets, Millinery, Mantles, Carpets, Curtains and General Staple Dry Goods,*** at the very low figure of 61 cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost, and by selling it in our own store at no extra expense for rent or heating or extra help, we are in a position to sell this stock and have decided to offer it at from 25 to 30 per cent. less than the regular wholesale cost of the goods.

You all know that as Mr. Hall was in business but a short time, that there is really no old stock, but on the contrary every article in this stock is of a high-class character, well bought and selected with excellent taste.

WE WANT TO TURN IT INTO CASH AT ONCE and will make the prices do the selling. You make it a point to make a note of this and be on hand FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, AT 9 A.M.

THIS STOCK is large, and space will only admit mentioning a few lines, but rest assured we have not bought this stock to keep it. IT MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE to make room for our new goods. This is a chance to get goods 25c. on the Dollar less than wholesale prices. THIS IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE BEST BANKRUPT STOCK EVER OFFERED TO A BUYING PUBLIC, and GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

THE SALE COMMENCES ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5th, and CONTINUES UNTIL ALL IS SOLD.

The Place is 130, 132 and 134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

Berlin Wools

This Week, only 6c. oz.

Draping Material,
Wall Papers,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades.

The above lines have been bought very cheap and if you want a bargain come at once

—TO—

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
370 GEORGE ST.

If you think

That it would be a desirable thing to place in your home a

PIANO

The first questions that naturally present themselves are:

What Make shall I get?" and

"Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE	—GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN	—KARN
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Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

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416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

COURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, March 8th.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF THAT STERLING AMERICAN ACTOR,

MR. McKEE RANKIN,

in his Great New York Success

TRUE TO LIFE.

A story of intense human interest. The cast includes

MISS NANCE O'NEILL,

the young actress who leaped into popularity in a single night.

PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. A few of the best reserved seats 75 cts. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d52

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

On Monday Again.

John Atkinson and George Moncrieff, who were arrested the other day on the charge of stealing a steer, were again remanded until Monday by County Magistrate Edmison yesterday. Atkinson was allowed out on $2,000, but Moncrieff was remanded to goal.

Council Meeting.

A Council meeting will held at some future date to consider the usual business of the town, and it is to be hoped that after the usual routine of business is done with they will repair to their homes and consider the advisability of obtaining their grocories from E Brown & Co., wholesale and retail grocers, 394 George-st. d45

My Friend from India.

It was a delighted audience that passed a couple of hours at the opera house last evening listening to the comedy "My Friend from India." It was a case of laugh, laugh, all the time, and the many ludicrous situations of the play were thoroughly enjoyed, and the comedy was pronounced one of the best ever heard from the stage in Peterborough.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

The Trent Valley Canal.

It is expected that operations will be resumed on the Trent Valley canal at Lakefield again in a few weeks when the work will be pushed vigorously. The greater part of the dry wall has been completed and work has been stopped on it for a time. During January and February the weather could not have been better for working, and the Lakfield News thinks that a mistake has been made in not working during that time.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

Come to the rooms to-night and enjoy a good musical programme and short gospel services.

The regular meeting of the Board will be held on Monday at three o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

The ladies desire to thank those from whom they have received the following donations:—Mrs Everett quilt, Mr Courtney clothes horse, Mr Edgecombe $2 worth of groceries, Epworth League of Mark-st. church, Ashburnham, $10, A friend, pillows, Mrs James Wood, of Ottawa, $5; Miss Veals, Toronto, $5.

OAK HALL.

A Coming Lecture

Mr John A Paterson, of the law firm of Kerr, Macdonald, Davidson & Paterson, Toronto, will lecture here in the Y M C A hall on Tuesday, March 9th, at 8 p m., under the auspices of the Natural Science Association. Mr Paterson's subject will be "The Scriptures of the Sky," which is indicated in the following synopsis:—1, the scale upon which the universe is built; 2, the plurality of worlds; 3, condition of life bearing planets; 4, Mars down to date; 5, the meteorites of 1899; 6, the moon and unsolved problems of astronomy. An invitation is extended to all to be present. There will be no admission fee charged and all are welcome. 3

LINDSAY LOST.

Peterborough Won the Match With Lindsay by 9 Goals to 3.

Lindsay sent down a team of its best hockeyists last evening to cross sticks with a Peterborough team. The result at the call of time was nine to three in favor of the local boys, but the score does not in the least indicate that an exciting game was contested. The play on both teams was fast, the checking close and hard, but the combination of the local forwards astonished the visitors and they were unable to cope with the lightning work of the rush line.

Mr E Watt refereed the match and the teams were:—

LINDSAY.		PETERBOROUGH.
Gross	Goal	Wasson
Keenan	Point	Hollingshead
Martin	Cover Point	Thorne
Parkin	Forwards	Adams
Callaghan		Bellegham
Knowlson		Davidson
Matthews		King

HOCKEY HAPPENINGS.

Notes of News That Will Interest Local Hockeyists.

Lakefield and Norwood hockeyists are at loggerheads. Lakefield hockeyists claimed Norwood played "ringers" in their last match against Lakefield, and the boys of the latter village want to meet the Norwoodians in Peterborough.

The REVIEW's sporting editor has received the following from the hardware clerks:—"Where are the Drugs? It has been the custom of the drug and hardware men to play an annual game of hockey. For three years this game resulted in a draw, and the hardware men being anxious to show their supremacy over the drugs, do challenge them to play next Tuesday night for blood, money or oysters."

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners N. B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarr Cure completly cured me."

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Died From His Injuries

Some days ago the Chief of Police received a communication from St. Lebaire, Que., inquiring about Harry Barron. The Chief learned that he was a son of the late Mrs. Beckett, town, and had an aunt in Campbellford. Barron was 17 years old and while attempting to board a morning freight he fell between the rail and platform causing a ing an injury to one of his legs, that resulted in his death in a hospital at Montreal on February 20th.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c; General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d47

Make a Strong Combination.

There is some talk of an amalgamation between the Tecumseh and the Toronto Lacrosse clubs. The officers of both the clubs have met several times of late, and it is understood that they have talked the matter over. They refuse to say anything whatever of the deal so far, and it will be some time before it is announced definitely. It is understood that the Toronto lacrosse club have offered to lease the Rosedale grounds to the Indians for $1,000 a year, and promised that the street cars would run to the grounds.

REV. DR. TORRANCE AT ST. LUKE'S CHURCH

"CHRISTIAN UNITY" IS THE SUBJECT OF HIS ADDRESS.

The First of the Series of Lectures on Christian Unity at St. Luke's—A Good Audience Listens to a Clear, Forcible Lecture by the Pastor of St. Paul's.

Considering the inclemency of the weather there was a good attendance at St. Luke's school house last night when the first of the series of lectures on Christian Unity was delivered by Rev Dr Torrance. Rev H Symonds presided, and after the hymn "The Church's One Foundation," had been sung and prayer had been offered up, he said that the subject they were about to consider was one of the utmost importance at the present day. In England especially conferences had been organized, held on neutral ground in Switzerland, in which the leading communions had all taken part. He read a letter commending to the attention and prayers of all christian people the Grindelwald conference and signed by Lord Nelson, the Bishop of Worcester, Rev Hay Aitken, Dean Fremantle, Canon Wilberforce and other members of the Church of England; Rev H K Moore and Professor Stokes, of the Church of Ireland, Dr. Marcus Dods and Dr. Gibson, of the Church of Scotland; of the Congregationalists, Dr. Cave, Rev. R. F. Horton, Dr. Mackennal and J Guinness Rogers; of the Baptists, C F Aked and Dr Clifford; of the Methodists, Rev Dr Dallinger (one of the foremost men of science of the century), Rev W J Dawson, Rev H Price Hughes and Rev T Bowman Stephenson.

Rev Dr Torrance said he would connect his remarks with St John 10, 16 and 17, 20 and 21. "There shall be one flock and one shepherd, and that they all may be one, as thou Father art in Me and I in thee that they may be one in Us, that the world may believe that Thou hast sent Me."

The first of these verses implied that christian unity should one day be an accomplished fact, and the second that it should be in answer to the prayers of our Lord.

What is Christian unity? Some say it is a purely spiritual, that is, an invisible unity of all those who love our Lord Jesus Christ, and quite independent of external organization. Others that the unity of outward organization was the essential feature. In his opinion there was truth in both these views. It could not, however, be merely a spiritual unity for which our Lord prayed, because the great reason for unity was that the world might believe that the Father sent the Son. Certainly these words indicated a unity of such a kind as could be seen. On the other hand mere unity of external organization was not sufficient. "As thou, Father, art in Me, and I in Thee that they may be one in Us," indicated a deeper unity than mere outward unity. The ideal Christian unity was both spiritual and visible.

Dr. Torrance then briefly, but comprehensively, exhibited the Scriptural evidence in favor of unity. Christians were compared to a building, to a vine and its branches, to the head and body. In each of these the centre or foundation of unity was Jesus Christ. St. Paul, too, most forcibly illustrates the unity that should exist by the illustration of the body and its members. "If one member suffer all the members suffer with it." There is, argues St. Paul, one Body because there is one Lord and one faith. A common love to a common Saviour unites them to one another.

In the church after the day of Pentecost there was outward and visible unity. We read of the first converts, that they continued in the Apostles' doctrine and in fellowship, and in the breaking of bread and in the prayers. The narrative of Acts XV beautifully testifies to the unity of the church. From St. Paul's 1st Epistle to the Corinthians we learn that that church whilst not actually divided was much weakened by party strife. The apostle brought them to be of one mind. If the state of things at Corinth filled the apostle with dismay how would he have regarded the christendom of to-day.

In coming to the question of the benefits of Christian unity, Dr. Torrance spoke first of the evils of rivalry. Branches of the church arrayed against each other. How had persecutions in bygone days contradicted the spirit of the Gospel. The first benefit of Christian unity was that it would diminish an evil spirit of rivalry.

2. Christian unity would consolidate the work of foreign missions. The evils of division are seen in many a village in Canada, where there are four or five weak struggling congregations where one would be sufficient. Here is a waste both of men and of money.

3 And, thirdly, the united church would show a strong front to her foes. Infidelity asks how those outside the church can be expected to enter it, when those within are so divided? Now, though there was no tittle of the spirit of unity amongst Christians, it could not be denied that there was much force in this question.

The hymn—

"O Lord how joyful 'tis to see
The brethren join in love to Thee,"

was sung.

The Rector made a few remarks drawing especial attention to the strength of the Scriptural ground of unity. On behalf of the congregation of St. Luke's he tendered to Dr Torrance cordial thanks for accepting their invitation, and for the clear and forcible lecture he had given them.

Next Friday at 8:00 p m Rev W R Young will lecture on "The Advantages and Disadvantages of Church Unity." All are cordially invited to attend

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The pedagogians of Peterborough, Campbellford and Lindsay have struck a new idea. They gathered here and met each other in friendly curling contests.

Last evening Peterborough and Campbellford had the first tustle and Peterborough won. The local rink was skipped by Sam Ray in the absence of Mr J Jeffries through illness. The score was:—

PETERBOROUGH.	CAMPBELLFORD.
J McCaig	R Boyce
C Fessenden	W Thompson
H R H Keaner	A M Shields
S Ray, skip....17	W Gandrie, skip.... 9

This morning the learned gentlemen from Lindsay had to take defeat from Campbellford. The score was:—

LINDSAY	CAMPBELLFORD
A Passmore	R Boyce
E A Hardy	W Thompson
W H Stevens	A M Shields
F Armour, skip 10	E W Gandrie, skip 12

Lindsay and Peterborough are playing this afternoon.

The second match in the Lindsay-Peterborough cup competition takes place on Monday.

FIVE MEMBERS OF A FAMILY

The Children's Aid Society Given Charge of Five Members of the Storms Family

Five children were yesterday transferred to the care of the Children's Aid Society, on the order of the County Police Magistrate Edmison.

They were members of the Storms family whose destitute circumstances have frequently been brought to the attention of readers of the REVIEW. The family reside in Dummer and the members who will now be taken in charge by the Children's Aid Society consist of James M., aged 8; Benjamin, aged 6; Amanda, aged 6; Martha Caroline, aged 4, and Emily Ann, aged 2.

The father was present at the sitting of the Court and gave consent to the Magistrate making an order.

The Brick Building

On Hunter-st, west, erected by Mr. White, has been leased by Coughlin Bros., monument workers, and they have removed across the road to their new premises where they have more room to manufacture more extensively to meet the demand of their increasing trade. Intending purchasers should call and inspect these works, designs and prices as they manufacture the most of their monuments which they are enabled to sell at manufacturers' prices. 1d55-w1

THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

Non-Jury Sittings Open on Tuesday—Three Slander Cases on the Docket.

The jury sittings of the High Court of Justice open on Tuesday, at one o'clock, before Justice Meredith.

There are seven cases on the docket, made up as follows:

JURY.

Scriver vs McMillan—John Bryant Scriver of Asphodel, claims one thousand dollars for slander with costs of the case, from Frank McMillan, of the same township. G J Sherry, (Norwood), for the plaintiff, Stratton & Hall for the defendant.

Gray vs Weir—Thos T Gray and Hessie Gray, his wife, claim $1,000 from John G Weir, of Otonabee, for slander and the costs of the action. D O'Connel for the plaintiff, and C W Sawers, for the defendant.

Baldwin vs Lundy—An action by W A C Baldwin against J J Lundy claiming $25,000 damages for slander and wilfully harboring the plaintiff's wife and children. E B Stone for the plaintiff, Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson for the defendant.

NON JURY.

McDonald vs Goselin—This action is brought by Alfred McDonald, of Peterborough, against Francis James Goselin and Harriet Goselin, of Peterborough, claiming $252.50, and $19 on a mortgage and interest and possession of certain lands. Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson for the plaintiff, and Hall & Hayes for the defendants.

Anthony vs Port Hope Electric Light & Power Co.—Frank Anthony, of the town of Peterborough, claims from the defendants the return of $150, deposits with the defendant, under a certain contract and interest thereon and for excavating 117 cubic yards of rock, $117, and $200 for breach of contract. E B Stone for the plaintiff and Chisholm & Chisholm, Port Hope, for the defendants.

Village of Lakefield vs Strickland & Co., and George Arthur Strickland—The corporation of Lakefield pray that the defendants may be ordered to remove a beathouse on a public highway and wharf, that the rights of the plaintiffs be declared; that the defendants pay the costs. Dumble & Johnston for plaintiffs, and A P Poussette, Q C., for the defendants.

Stewart vs Kennedy—Robt Stewart, of Otonabee, claims $1,300 for an account for work done and services rendered, for goods sold to defendant, for monies loaned. Stratton & Hall for plaintiff, John Burnham, Q C., for defendant.

If the hair is falling out, or turning gray, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will prevent it.

Fine Quality.

The old music firm, Peterborough Music Co., have made arrangements to have a fresh supply of fine imported violin, banjo and guitar strings shipped them every two weeks. New stock this week. d54

The Grand Junction Too.

A Montreal despatch says: Happy indeed should the citizens of Belleville feel as a result of the business-like and appreciative treatment accorded to the civic deputation which waited on Manager Hays in Montreal Friday. The reception accorded them by Manager Hays was of the most cordial character and the result in a nutshell is: That Belleville and Madoc will promptly be given the desired connection with Eldorado; that a direct G.T.R. train from Coe Hill to Belleville will in all probability be arranged; that the Pinnacle-st grievances as to allowing cars to stand and leak of a station will be remedied; that an attempt at proper connection from Marmora via Anson junction will be made; that there is every room to believe that the Actinolite-Madoc branch will also be operated once more, and that the Belleville-Peterborough service will be improved.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

SPECIALS

.... For Saturday.

3 prs Super Extra White all Wool BLANKETS, 7lbs, were $4.55..... $3.15

4 prs Florida BLANKETS, all Wool, size 72x90, were $3.00 ..... $2.45

2 prs Super White Wool BLANKETS Extra heavy and warm, 7 lbs..... $2.75

These goods cost more money but we do not carry any stock from one season to another.

500 yds New English PRINTS in Red and White, Blue and White and Fancy Colorings, worth 12½c for 7½c

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

A Plump and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Y M C A Notes

Gospel and song service to-night at eight o'clock.

Men's meeting to-morrow afternoon at 4.15. Subject, "Elijah Taken to Heaven."

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealers about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, itching piles, and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

New Spring Veilings, at Miss Armstrong's, No. 390 George-st.

It Was Years Ago.

In the brief discussion following Mr Hampden Burnham's paper at the Historical Society's meeting on Thursday evening Lieut-Col Rogers recalled an interesting as well as amusing incident in connection with the early history of Peterborough. Mr Rogers gained the information from Mr Choate, the venerable post master at Warsaw, who stated that early in the twenties he was driving from Port Hope with provisions for some persons on the Communication road. Ahead of them they saw in the distance what seemed to the father and son to be either a bear or cow. Driving on they found it to be a man, and Mr Rogers remarked to the astonishment of the audience, that Mr Choate declared it was Mr Scott, who was the first settler on the present site of Peterborough, walking to Port Hope from his mill with a 200 pound crank on his shoulders. He was taking it to Port Hope to be repaired.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

UP TO DATE

MUSIC STORE.

MULLIGAN & POTTER,

416 George-st., Peterborough.

Dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental Music Books, Church Hymnals, Band Instruments, Trimmings, &c., &c. Agents for the principal publishing houses in the United States. VOICE CULTURE by Prof. G W. Mulligan in studio. Apply at store. Cash paid for Second Hand Bicycles. 3md&r

DID YOU SEE THE METEOR?

The Secretary of the Toronto Astronomical and Physical Society Would Like to Know.

In an interesting communication to the Astronomical and Physical Society Dr W T Harrison, of Keene, reported having observed a brilliant meteor while driving between Fowler's Corners and the communication road between Peterborough and Lake Chemong. The light was blue and orange, and the rush of the body was accompanied by a hissing sound. It was moving from north to south and appeared to strike the earth somewhere near the town of Peterborough. If the doctor is correct in his estimate of the distance from him when first observed about one-half mile, the hearing of the sound is accounted for. The latter is a phenomena not unrecorded, but still rare. It is quite possible that the meteor did strike where it appeared, though usually a body of this kind is sublimed into dust by its rapid flight through the atmosphere before contact with the earth. The secretary of the Astronomical Society would be pleased to hear from any others in the neighborhood of Peterborough who may have observed it at the same time as Dr Harrison, 9 p. m., Feb. 15.—World.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

McKee Rankin's Engagement.

It is only once in many years that discoveries are made in the dramatic world. In bringing Miss O'Neill to this town Mr. McKee Rankin will afford our citizens an opportunity of seeing that young actress in the part that made her famous in a single night. "True to Life," in which she plays the heroine, is a beautiful story, beautifully told, and teaches a moral lesson. It will be produced at Bradburn's opera house on Monday night, March 8th. Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c, with a few reserved seats placed at 75c.

HARRIS TWEEDS

..... FROM THE HIGHLANDS O' SCOTLAND.

We have been fortunate in securing a limited supply of these rare and much admired Scotch Tweeds, so highly prized by the aristocracy of the old country.

The chief beauty of the Harris Tweeds lies in their rough finish, being homespun and dyed, and deftly woven on hand looms by thrifty and ingenious hand weavers of the Highlands of Scotland, never having been inside of a factory.

They are guaranteed pure Scotch Wool, and retain the peculiar odor of the heather and peat, so susceptible to the olfactory nerves of the sons of Auld Scotia.

In neutral shades, devoid of anything like conspicuous pattern, for Shooting, Cycling and Outing Suits.

The demand for the Harris Tweeds is always in excess of the supply—only 25 pieces having been secured for Canada, of which we obtained a select number. Ask to see these novelties at

Mercer's

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCIV.

THE ETHICS OF CITIZENSHIP—NO. 6.

Party and Political Consistency.

Party government has to such an extent become the method of modern democracy that most of us can scarcely conceive of any other way of conducting the affairs of the country. Yet it is not an ideally perfect form of government. There must be times (and given the system, rightly) when a man sacrifices his own predilections to the claims of his party, and on the other hand finds himself compelled to oppose what in his private capacity he believes to be in the best interests of his country.

The advantages of party government are:

1. That it ensures practicalness. For the accomplishment of great ends, men must work in association. To work in association there must sometimes be a sacrifice of personal desires, or personal opinions. How far a man may sacrifice his own opinions is a matter which must be left to his own conscience. But it should be remembered that there is not of necessity any deception involved in voting for your party and not your opinion, when is is well understood that under a party government a man is elected not to propagate his own views but to support, as long as he believes it is working for the general good, his own party.

2. Party government unites men on grounds of general principle and general policy—principle and policy that admit of many a varied application. "If it makes demands upon its members, and exacts from them much self-suppression, it offers none the less a comprehensive creed, in which some of the most vigorous minds have for a lifetime found room enough and to spare."

3. The private citizen is incapable of arriving at a purely independent judgment upon all the complex problems of modern life. Where he does arrive at his own conclusions he finds them tally with the conclusions of one or other party in the state, to which he therefore gives his adherence, and to which he looks for light and leading as to an oracle upon all subjects.

* * *

Yet it is true that consistency to party may be too strong. "We must not brand with inconsistency every politician who quits his old associates, not even though he may turn and rend them." Burke was the greatest advocate of party whom this country or any country has ever seen. He was also the architect of a party. * * * And yet by the wing of fate it was reserved for Burke when the French revolution came to do more than any other man to bring to disintegration and impotence the very party to which he had given the labor of his prime. Yet Burke was entirely consistent. When he first joined the Whigs he joined them in resisting what seemed to him to be the menacing and unconstitutional encroachments of the Crown. But when the French revolution came the danger appeared to him to come no longer from the crown, but from the people. As Mr. John Morley says, "He changed his front, but he never changed his ground."

In some form or another party government would seem to be a necessity, and consistency to party to be desirable. But a mere slavish consistency, a consistency unthinking and unreasoning, a consistency based upon a parrot-like devotion to mere shibboleths, long after they they have ceased to have any real value, this is a grave evil. Probably every man should revise (not necessarily change) his political creed, once in a lifetime. In our earliest youth we are what our fathers were, and that seems to be and is, for the time being, a sufficient reason. But when we become men we should put away childish things, and think as men. Underlying parties are principles. Our nature is such that we can better understand either this set of principles or that, and give a more cheerful and reasonable support to them. Especially on entering manhood we should seek to discover what are the underlying principles of the political parties of our day, which principles appeal most strongly to us, and then give to the party which embodies them our firm and hearty support.

Finally it might preserve many from adopting their political party from prejudice rather than from principle, if for say four or five years, say from twenty-one to twenty-six they resolutely held their minds in suspense. There would be less likelihood of any "wobbling" afterwards. To form a sound judgment on things we require enlightenment: we must decide with deliberation, and we must seek to be disinterested. The surest way to secure a sound judgment is to preserve during our most plastic years a mind open to impressions, which yet deliberates upon all its impressions, so as to be neither the slave of prejudice, nor the victim of impulse.

Personal

Mr. J B McWilliams leaves this afternoon for a tour of inspection in Algoma.

Miss Gould and Miss Hughes, of Uxbridge, are the guests of Mrs. J S Knapman.

Ms. E. B. Stone was able to be around yesterday, after his recent severe illness.

Miss Edith Burnham, the Lindsay Post says, is the guest of Rev. C H Marsh and Mrs. Marsh, Lindsay.

Miss Mabel Kerr, of Cobourg, is in town for a few days, the guest of her brother, Mr. F. D. Kerr, at the Huffman House.

Mr. A W Strickland, formerly teller in the Bank of Montreal, here, has been transferred to Rossland, B.C., to the branch of the bank there.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Ministers Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Love Feast at 9.15. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at close of morning service. Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, March 7th. services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. conducted by the pastor. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. First Sunday in Lent. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 10 a.m., Morning Prayer. 11 a. m., second celebration of Holy Communion and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 4.15 p.m., Baptism. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—Messrs G A Smith, W E Conway, F Perry and H S Greenwood. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, March 7th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. First Sunday in Lent. 8.30 a. m., Holy Communion. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting or men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

ELOQUENCE OF ART AND HEART

Rev. J. G. Potter's Lecture at St. Andrew's Church—Useful and Fine Arts.

Notwithstanding the very disagreeable evening a large number turned out to hear the lecture on this subject by Rev. J. G. Potter in St. Andrew's school room last night. The lecturer divided his subject into two parts—the first referring to the useful arts, and the second to the fine arts. He drew from all the many important lessons they each, and after pleasing references to the great painters and sculptors, confined himself to the three great arts that have been potent factors in the progress of christanity, viz, eloquence, literature and music. These were illustrated by quotations, &c.

Mr. F W Gladman presided and during the evening a quartette composed of Mrs H Jones, Miss M Fowler and Messrs McKeown and Mulligan rendered in splendid style "Moonlight come again." Miss Vida Gladman also assisted with instrumental selections

THE LICENSE AMENDMENTS.

The Bay of Quinte Conference Is Protesting Against Them.

The Methodist Ministers in the Bay of Quinte Conference have received a circular letter regarding Mr. Hardy's liquor license amendments. The important clauses of this circular reads as follows:—

The bill now before the House, to amend the license law of this province, we regard as utterly failing to fulfil the promises of the Government, or to meet the demands of the people for the restriction of the liquor traffic. It is a crisis in the temperance movement, and the time for action is short.

Will you arrange at once for a public meeting on your circuit, to protest against the bill, and to press for the legislation asked for by the Temperance Alliance.

Mr. Hardy's failure to fulfil his promises to the prohibitionists seems to be awakening a very strong protest.

OAK HALL.

Brevities.

—James Hayes, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined $5 and $4.50 costs by the Police Magistrate at Police Court this morning.

—The Kingston Whig comes to hand bright and newsy as usual, but fashioned in new style. It is now an eight-page seven-column daily.

—Mr. A B Rechie, who spent last summer in South America and who intends going there this summer to engage in mission work in Bolivia, will speak at both services in the Park-st. Baptist church to-morrow.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

ANOTHER GRAND SALE

The great winter sale of beef on the market is drawing to a close.

Have you decided your summer's trade?

Instead of being able to supply you only for a few months of the year, we are here to do you good the year round by having on hand the year round the best of meats at all times

WATCH OUR ADS

Kennedy & Nelson

340 GEORGE STREET.

SHORTLY'S BICYCLE BUSINESS

Is now in the New Stand

428 GEORGE-ST.

O. B. SHORTLY.

HIGH PRAISE FOR CANADA.

Ian Maclaren's Opinion—The People British to the Core.

The Evening News, London, England, publishes an interview with Ian Maclaren, just after his return from America.

"You devoted a week to Canada, I believe, Dr. Watson. What of education and the social and political outlook in the Dominion?"

"The Canadians are putting a great amount of intelligence and sacrifice into the cause of education. The universities at Montreal and Toronto are both adding new buildings, and the facilities provided there, especially for science research, filled me with envy. I'll tell you a new thing I saw in Canada—a college for the training of teachers for secondary schools—a special seminary finely equipped for the purpose. It's quiet time we had one in this country. The secondary teacher ought to know the history and science of his own craft; the university degree is not enough, and may mean very little, say in geography."

"Canada is British to the heart's core, is it not?"

"Yes, they are very loyal in Canada—more loyal, if possible, than we are at home and extremely sturdy and intelligent. Great things are hoped of the prime minister, Mr. Laurier, a French Canadian. Clearly Canada has no wish to be annexed to the States; nor have the Americans any desire to annex the Dominion, although individuals may, and do hold that annexation, or union, is the ultimate issue."

EASY VICTIMS

A Large Percentage of Members in the Commons Suffer From Catarrh—The Hope of Fifty Found in Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—They Tell Thier Own Story of Successful Recovery Through This Remedy.

Mr W H Bennett, member of East Simcoe, and forty-nine others of the House of Commons, have, over their own signatures, told of the good effects of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. What the remedy has done for these Parliamentarians it is doing for thousands of others in public and private life the Dominion over. With cold in the head it gives immediate relief inside of half an hour, and a little perseverance quickly rids the head of all trouble. It is easy and pleasant to use and produces no hurtful after effects. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases in the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet free to any address.

The Wood Company,

Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,

9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

B. D. Hatcher, cashier of the defunct Northwestern National Bank, at Great Falls, Mont., which closed its doors Feb. 5, has been arrested on a complaint made by Bank Examiner Lamar, which charges him with misapplying money, credits and property of the bank in the sum of $30,000.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii got into the diplomatic gallery for the inauguration ceremonies at Washington, and now official correspondence has to be resorted to to find out how the dusky lady got a ticket. It turns out that Mr. Sherman recommended that the ex-Queen be given one of the 40 tickets sent out.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & Co.

SOLD ON HONOR

As being the purest and most delicious of all teas.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Sealed lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

QUICKCURE

Yes, I always use Quickcure for dressing Wounds and Bruises.

A Surgical Dressing

The eminent surgeons of the day use it as a dressing for Wounds, Bruises, Strains, Sprains, etc., and they find that for speedy relief of pain and for quick healing there is nothing so good as

"Quickcure"

It is the family emergency cure. Always ready. Easy to apply. Never fails to give relief. For sale by all druggists or

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE QUICKCURE QUICKCURE

Do No Experimenting!

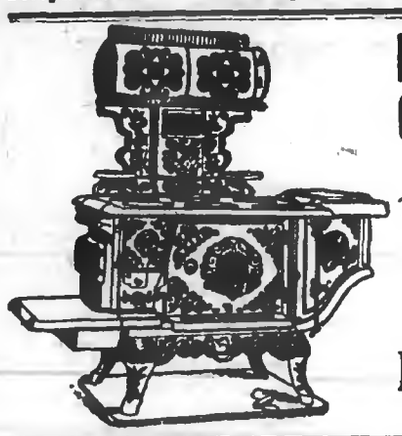
Experiments is matters of food do not pay. The best is none too good to meet the daily drain on vitality. A good, square meal is the best possible help to a good day's work.

Of a good square meal the MEAT is an important part. Get it good, wholesome, tender, nutritious. How shall you know that what you are buying has these qualities.

You already know what our reputation is. That reputation has cost us money to keep good meats. You can rely on being well and promptly served. Hundreds of customers of ours are pleased. May we not have the opportunity to try and please you.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street



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THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

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A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

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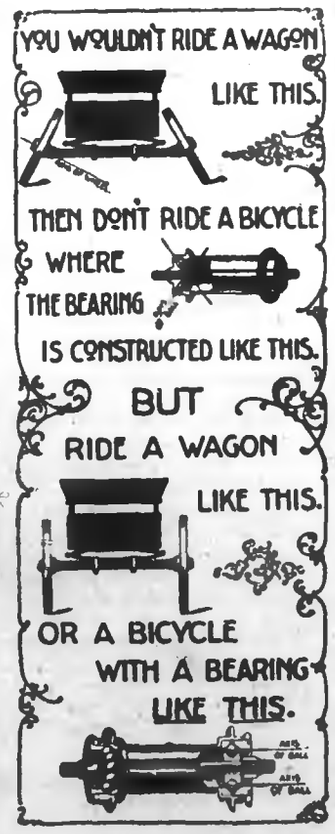
Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



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O. B. SHORTLY

AGENT.

King George of Greece.

By his bold stand in sending a fleet of warships to the Island of Crete to protect Christians from the Turkish Moslems, King George has attracted the attention of the civilised world. Since the occupation of the island by

KING GEORGE OF GREECE.

his troops, the allied powers, including Great Britain, have directed the fire of their naval guns upon the Greciana, and the people of Greece and Crete are indignant at this treatment by Christian Europe. King George, however, is not only a brave and bold man, but a wise one as well, for he has issued a proclamation that is intended to cool the popular passions and thus avert what might prove a national crisis. He enjoins the country to be calm and dignified and to confide in the Government, which, he says, is doing everything possible to uphold the honor of Greece and maintain the rights of the Hellenic peoples.

"77" FOR GRIP

NO ONE DIES of Plumonary Disease who takes "77" in time.

Twenty per cent; one person in five; die of Plumonary Disease. Colds, Grippe, Pneumonia, Consumption, who could be saved by the timely use of "77," Dr. Humphrey's famous Specific.

Since "77" came into general use, the fatality has decreased; and it only remains for its adoption as a national remedy, to rob our climate of all its terrors.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS DUNN'S BAKING POWDER THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

Is CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, G.P., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

begins to talk in a rambling way about finding out; but Jack knows what that means—an interminable wait—precious minutes lost, and nothing gained when the servant finally returns. Time is too valuable to be allowed to slip so easily. He knows that this party is like the rest, and the jingle of a few reals will make him awaken. Speedily they pass from his own hand into the itching palm of the clerk, and the effect on that party is quite surprising. He becomes aroused at once like a man who must now think for himself, makes a grand, heroic effort, and then glows with triumph, just as the excited pullet cackles after laying her first egg, Jack thinks.

"Si, senor, the lady has gone. I assisted her into a carriage not ten minutes ago, and the trunk, too. Por Dios, it was heavy," he rattles on, for he has learned to speak very fair English from coming in contact with so many foreigners at the hotel.

This is god news to Jack—he does not regret the investment of the few reals.

"The lady was not alone?" he asks.

"Vaya! no, her aunt accompanied her."

"No gentleman?"

"Only the pasha," carelessly.

"What!" almost howls Doctor Jack, who comes very near scaring the clerk out of a year's growth.

"The Turkish pasha—he was very attentive to Senorita Morton, and always asking whether she was in or not."

"Think again, man—did the pasha accompany the ladies, or was it Miss Morton's cousin, the strange dandy, Larry Kennedy?" and Jack fairly holds his breath in suspense.

"Caramba! what am I thinking about? My thoughts are wool-gathering. It was the little man who ordered the vehicle. We thought they were going sight-seeing, but at the last down came the trunk, the account was settled, and they were off. Quite a sudden flitting. I trust, senor, they did not leave you in the lurch?"

Jack pays no attention to the question, but pounds away at his subject:

"Why did you say at first the pasha accompanied them—what put it into your mind?"

"I will tell you—it was easy enough to get them mixed, senor. Just after they had gone, the Turkish general comes to me and asks about the ladies"—he unconsciously jingles more reals in his pocket, which Jack readily understands have passed into his possession from the hand of the Turk—"and when I inform him of their departure with the trunk he is greatly excited, settles his account, engages a vehicle without regard to its cost, and is off carissima, like a house afire."

"I see. Well, I cannot let all my friends leave me in the lurch this way, so I will follow suit."

Jack puts the words into practice, and in another minute is once more seated in his vehicle en route for the railway station. There is just good time to reach it easily, and he is not at all worried, but leaning back, smokes his cigar in contentment.

When about half way there he suddenly sits up straight, and looks out of the window. There has been an accident—a crowd has gathered. He sees that a coach has broken down—something has allowed the wheel to come off, and the vehicle lies there on one side, canting downward, the bare axle touching the ground.

The accident is not an uncommon one in the streets of Madrid, where the holes in the roadway wrench a vehicle badly, but Jack's attention is directed toward a certain little man who rages up and down, endeavouring to stir the driver into action with alternate threats and promises of heavy pay, but neither of which appear to do much good, as the man seems prostrated with his trouble.

Jack knows this figure—it is Larry. Good heavens! the broken vehicle is the one they were in. Where are the ladies—are they hurt—how can the station be reached in time?

These things fly through Jack's brain, and his first move is to stop his own vehicle. Then he dismounts, and at sight of him Larry utters a war-whoop, and would throw his arms around the neck of Doctor Jack did not that worthy prevent it.

"Where are the ladies?" he demands.

"Here, doctor," and they make a brave showing, seated upon the trunk near by.

"Are you hurt?" he asks, anxiously, approaching them, but his words are meant for Avis only.

"Not at all, but a trifle alarmed—it came so suddenly, you see," replies the girl.

"Well, we must not miss that train. In a pinch, my vehicle will hold us all. Let us get the trunk up quickly, Larry. Not a minute to waste."

Jack's driver professes to be horror-stricken at the load he is to take, but the promise of several golden doubloons cause him to show more alacrity—the ordinary Spanish Jehu will risk even his neck for such royal pay, and think little of his vehicle.

So the trunk is taken up, the ladies placed inside, and Larry squeezes among them. Jack is about to clamber on top among the trunks, but they will not hear of it—the ladies insist, and nothing loth, he crowds in, though to do so he is compelled to have the proud New York girl sit upon his lap.

Stranger things than this often occur to travellers on the Continent, and Avis laughs heartily at the situation, while they bowl along, lurching this way and that, sometimes threatening to be toppled over. She blushes beautifully when she catches Jack's eye, which has a twinkle in it, for do you know, the sly fellow is chuckling to himself at the thought of how this ludicrous situation would strike the eye of Mercedes could she but see it.

It is impossible for Jack to even glance at his watch in order to note how time is passing—he is on tenter-hooks, so to speak, until the vehicle drives up to the station.

Then he finds they are in ample time for the train. He takes it upon himself to oversee all matters, pays the driver, buys four first-class tickets for Paris, looks after the luggage, and last, but not least, secures a compartment to themselves. Such is the magic power of money on the Continent—in fact, the same applies all over the civilized world.

They are all feeling particularly joyful over the success of their game. No one but Jack is aware of the fact that the pasha knows of their hurried departure from Madrid.

Doctor Jack walks up and down outside on the platform, under the pretense of smoking a cigar, although the ladies have given him the privilege of doing so inside—an opportunity which Larry does not scruple to improve by using up an unlimited number of horrid cigarettes.

In reality Doctor Jack is looking for familiar faces—he wonders if the pasha will come, but looks in vain for the red fez among the crowd. If the Turk has arrived before them, he is all this while in one of the other carriages. Jack, as he walks up and down, glances sharply into each compartment, but fails to see the man he looks for. A number of shades are down over the windows, and it is as likely as not the pasha may be in one of these compartments.

Besides, Jack keeps his eyes open—there are other enemies to think about, without taking the pasha into consideration, and if any of them are about he wants to know it. In his mind he also thinks of Mercedes, and glances curiously at a number of ladies, but all of them are strangers. One attracts more than a passing glance—he cannot see her face, for the rebosa hides it, but her carriage is stately and her form indicates youth and health.

He suspects that it is Mercedes, but would make certain, so he enters into an agreement with a man who seems to be a porter—there is a hasty exchange of silver—the man grasps the situation, picks up a box, and in passing the lady manages that a corner shall catch in her long vail, which is instantly dislodged. Jack chuckles at the success of his little game, even though disappointed at seeing the indignant face of a stranger, who looks after the clumsy porter with daggers in her black eyes, and proceeds to rearrange her rebosa.

A bell sounds—the guard cries "all aboard" in his Spanish way, and Jack, tossing his cigar aside, enters the carriage. Then the door is locked, but as the American has bought the guard, body and soul, he will be on hand as soon as the train stops at a station to see what is needed.

Then they begin to leave Madrid behind. No one is particularly sorry to do this, for the Spanish capital has little to charm the modern tourist like gay Paris, and as the road from the first generally leads to the second, every emotion can be summed up in anticipation.

Our friends are very comfortable, but Larry is the only merry one of the four. Avis is thinking of what lies in the near future. Will they find Aleck and manage to save him? As she looks in the direction of Doctor Jack, somehow a feeling of great peace comes upon her—his face seems so strong and masterful, that she believes nothing can be impossible with such a man. It will be readily perceived by even the dullest reader that the effect of their singular meeting is having full sway, and that Avis is just as deep in the mud as Doctor Jack is in the mire.

As for that worthy, he appears to be glancing over the pages of a magazine, but his thoughts are not on it. Now and again he looks over the top of the pamphlet at the fair face near the window. He is pondering upon many things, and the chief of these is the game which he is expected soon to manipulate.

Will they succeed? If not, the result must mean disaster to them both, for Abdallah Pasha is just the man to have a terrible revenge.

Doctor Jack knows the danger—he has assumed it without a single fear, for he also guesses the stake he is playing for—Avis.

If he succeeds she must be his. As he feasts his eyes upon her from time to time, he makes up his mind that she is just the girl a man might go through fire and water for. The train proceeds in jerks—at times their speed is so rapid that it almost makes them dizzy—the car swings from side to side, and they have to hold on to their seats. Then again they creep along at a snail's pace. Larry laughs, and again frets and fumes, declaring that if the door were only open he would get out and help push the train along.

Their course is almost due north-west until the city of Zaragoza is reached, which at this rate will not be until near evening. Then they head north-east, finally north, crossing the border by keeping close to the

(To be Continued)

A VICTIM OF ASTHMA

HAD NOT SLEPT IN BED FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

Seemed Doomed to Torture and Continual Misery—Father, Grandfather and Great Grandfather had Died From the Trouble—Release Comes in Old Age—The Cure Looked Upon as a Miracle.

From the Whitby Chronicle.

For years stories of famous cures wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have appeared in the Chronicle. During this time we have been casting about for a local case of such a nature as to leave no doubt of the efficiency of these pills. We have found several, but in each case it proved to be a sensitive body who could not bear to have his or her name and disease made public. Recently, however, a most striking case came to our ears.

Mr. Solomon Thompson lives on a beautiful farm on the west shore of Mud lake, in Carden township, North Victoria. He has resided there for forty years, being the first settler around the lake. He was reeve of Carden and Dalton townships thirty-five years ago, before the counties of Peterborough and Victoria were separated, and he used to attend the Counties' Council at Peterborough. Mr. Thompson has been a victim of asthma for forty years or more. However we will let him tell his own story on that head.

On October 15th, 1896, we took a trip to Mud Lake to visit the haunts long familiar to us, and made it a duty and found it a pleasure to call upon Mr. Thompson and learn from seeing him and hearing his account of it how he had been cured. For twenty-five years we had known him as a gasping, suffering asthmatic, the worst we ever knew who managed to live at all. We often wondered how he lived from day to day. On calling he met us with a cheerful aspect and without displaying a trace of his old trouble. Being at once ushered into his house, we naturally made it our first business to enquire if it were all true about the benefits he had received from using Dr Williams' Pink Pills. "Beyond doubt," said he. "How long have you used them, and how many boxes have you used?" he was asked. "I started a year ago, and took eight boxes." We next asked him if he felt that the cure was permanent. "Well," said he, "I have not taken any of the pills for three or four months. Still I am not entirely satisfied yet. You see my father, grandfather and great-grandfather died of asthma. My people all take it sooner or later, and it always ends their days. I have lost three brothers from the fatal thing. Knowing my family history it is hard for me to gain faith, but I can tell you for nearly thirty years I never slept in bed until I took Pink Pills. As you must have known, I always slept sitting in the chair you now occupy. I had a sling from that hook in the ceiling, and always sat with my head resting in it while I slept. I now retire to my bed when the other members of my family do." "How old are you, Mr Thompson?" "Seventy-six," was the reply "and I feel younger than I did thirty years ago, I was troubled a great deal with rheumatism and other miseries, probably nervous troubles arising from want of sleep, but nearly all the rheumatism is gone with the asthma."

During the conversation Mrs Thompson, a hale old lady, the mother of thirteen children, came in and after listening to her husband's recital of these matters, she took up the theme. "I never expected that anything could cure Solomon," said she. "We were always trying to find something which would give him relief, so that he would be able to sleep nights, but nothing ever seemed to make much difference. At first he took one of the pills after each meal, but after a time he increased the dose to two. We noticed he was greatly improved after taking two boxes and began to have hopes. Later on when we saw beyond doubt that he was much better, I recommended the pills to a niece of mine, Miss Day, whose blood had apparently turned into water and who had run down in health and spirits so bad that she did not care to live. Why, she got as yellow as saffron, and she looked as if she would not live a week. You would hardly believe it," said Mrs Thompson, "but that girl was the healthiest and handsomest girl in the neighborhood before three months had passed, and all from taking Pink Pills." Mrs Thompson was called from the room at this juncture to attend to some household duties, and Mr Thompson resumed the subject of his marvelous cure. "You can have no idea," said he, "what it is to go through twenty-five years without a good night's sleep without pain. I can find no words to make plain to you the contrast between the comforts I now enjoy and the awful life I had for so long. I had a big family of mouths to feed and had to work when at times I felt more like lying down to die. I would come in at night completely tuckered out, but even that was no guarantee of rest. There was no rest for me. I seemed doomed to torture and continual misery. When my folks urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I thought it would be useless, but I had to do something or die soon, and here I am as right as a fiddle." The old gentleman shook his head to add emphasis to his last sentence, and looked like a man who felt joyful over a renewed lease of life, with all his old miseries removed.

After congratulating our old friend on his divorce from the hereditary destroyer of his kindred we drove away. At many places in the neighborhood we opened discussions upon the case and found that all regarded it as a marvellous cure. Where the Thompson family are known no person would have believed for a moment that anything but death would relieve him from the grip of asthma. Every word that is written here can be verified by writing Mr. Solomon Thompson, Dalrymple post office, and an intimate acquaintance of twenty-five years enables the writer to vouch for the facts narrated above, and for the veracity of Mr. Thompson in any statement he may make.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

4 FOUR GENERATIONS HAVE USED "BABY'S OWN SOAP" AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY MARCH 6, 1897

WONDERFUL

Piles Cured in 3 to 6 Nights—Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Relieved in One Day

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all case of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Barbers' Itch and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

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For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.36 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.36 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid health flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

GREECE CANNOT YIELD.

Continued from page 4.

effect that the Russian Imperial Cabinet is animated by an ardent desire to further the work of pacification, and in that spirit took the initiative in proposing the plan formulated in the identical notes of the powers to Turkey and Greece. The paper, in conclusion, says: "There is reason to hope that further difficulties will not arise, and that Greece will prove her wisdom by bending to the mighty will of united Europe in the common interests of peace and legality. Greece cannot desire to endanger her future by an act of folly, and the Greeks may be happy in the knowledge that their kinsmen in Crete will in future enjoy local autonomy. Russia, which has ever had the interests of the Christian peoples of the East at heart, will regard the suggested solution with satisfaction, all the greater seeing that it is in harmony with her desire for universal peace, and is in the spirit of equity by which the Imperial Government is constantly inspired."

A Cautionary Article.

London, March 5.—Concerning the despatch signed by 100 Liberal and Irish Nationalist members of Parliament, which was sent to the King of Greece last night, expressing sympathy with the efforts of Greece in behalf of Crete, The Westminster Gazette (Liberal) says: "When the King receives this message of sympathy he will do well to take notice of the fact that the British Government has a majority of 150 in the House of Commons. If he understands the bearing of this, and if he knows that the Government of Great Britain can only be diverted from its decision by an adverse vote in the House of Commons, which there is apparently no chance of obtaining, he will better understand the value of the message."

To Help the Rascally Turks.

London, March 5.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that the battleship Rodney, with three foreign warships, had started for Selino, Crete, with orders to assist the Turks who are besieged by Cretan Christians near that town.

Troops Called Out.

London March 5.—The Greek Consul here has received a telegram from Athens stating that 40,000 Greek troops have been called out and are to be despatched to the Turkish frontier with the least possible delay.

Looks Very Warlike.

The latest despatches indicate no cessation of the warlike preparations in Greece. Both the army and navy are being put into condition with the utmost rapidity.

It has been decided that there shall be a general mobilization of the Greek forces and to this end the two classes of reserves that had not been summoned previously have now been called out.

The reserve forces alone give a total of 104,500 men and behind them is what is called the territorial army, which numbers upwards of 146,000 men, a not by any means insignificant force. The standing army numbers about 25,000 men of all arms.

Ammunition and supplies for the troops are being supplied as rapidly as possible and in a few days the whole available war strength of the nation will have been prepared for any eventuality that may occur.

THE RHODES ENQUIRY.

President Kruger's Arbitrariness in Favoring the Germans in Trade Matters.

London, March 5.—The examination of Cecil Rhodes, ex-Premier of the Cape Colony, was resumed in Westminister Hall to-day by the Parliamentary Committee appointed to inquire into the Jameson raid, into the Transvaal. There was a fair attendance of spectators, but there were not nearly so many persons present as at the previous sittings.

Mr. Rhodes testified that the Transvaal Government had raised the railway rates for passengers and freight through the special intervention of President Kruger, the object being to divert traffic, so that the bulk of it should be secured by the Netherlands line. Witness said that he himself had told President Kruger that the result of such action would be that the Cape Colonists, and even a great many of the Boers, would resent it and try to turn him out of office. To this Kruger replied that he had the power and meant to use it.

The opposition to commercial federation, Mr. Rhodes said, came in chiefly from Germany and fearing to interfere with the German trade the Dutch did not oppose the wishes of the Germans.

Mr. Rhodes said that his main object in assisting an insurrection in the Transvaal was to secure free trade throughout South Africa and a more tolerant attitude on the part of the Transvaal Republic towards Cape Colony.

In answer to questions relating to the expenses of his operations against the natives in South Africa, Mr. Rhodes said that he had sold 40,000 shares of the British South Africa Company's stock to pay the expenses of the war against the Matabeles, and had expended £34,000 in defraying such expenses, from which outlay there had been no return.

Mr. Rhodes further testified that he had paid £50,000 towards the fines which had been imposed by the Transvaal upon the Johannesburg Reform Committee prisoners. The examination of Mr. Rhodes was then concluded.

Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Rhodes are mutually polite during the sitting, but there did not appear to be any feeling of hostility between them. The questions put and the answers given throughout Mr. Rhodes' examination, however, agreed in showing that the narrow and reactionary policy of the Transvaal Government is endangering the peace of South Africa.

Kruger Takes the Whip.

Pretoria, March 5.—President Kruger has addressed a letter to the chief justice and the judges of the High Court of the South African Republic demanding that they conform to the law passed by the Volksraad on Feb. 25, placing the High Court under the jurisdiction of the Volksraad within 14 days, and further warned them not to arrogate to themselves the right to place their own interpretation upon the constitution of the country.

French Ambassador to Britain.

Paris March 5.—The Soleil asserts that Gen. Jean Baptiste Billot will succeed Baron de Courcel as French Ambassador to Great Britain. Gen. Billot is a life-member of the French Senate and was Minister of War in the Cabinet of M. De Freycinet, from Jan. 30 to Aug. 7, 1882; and in the succeeding Cabinet formed by M. Duclerc, from Aug. 7, 1882, until Jan. 29, 1883.

Comments on the Inaugural.

London, March 5.—The Globe, commenting upon the inaugural address of President McKinley, says it does not commend itself to British manufacturers and merchants, as extreme protection is visible throughout it.

The St. James' Gazette says the references in the address to currency problems are as vague as Mr. Gladstone, adding: "English merchants have no need to be alarmed at the suggestion of a restoration of American shipping. McKinley comes from an inland state and is hardly an authority on the subject."

SAUNDERS FOUND GUILTY.

The Jurors Say He Stuffed a Ballot Box in Macdonald.

Winnipeg, March 5.—(Special.)—Saunders, the deputy returning officer in the Macdonald Dominion election, charged with stuffing a ballot box in Nat Boyd's interest, was tried at the assizes and found guilty by the jury to-night. Sentence was reserved.

BIG FIRE IN QUEBEC.

The Syndicate and Myrand & Pouliot's Large Dry Goods Stores Pretty Seriously Scorched.

Quebec, March 5.—A disastrous fire occurred here to night at 10.30 at the corner of Crown and Joseph-streets, in the buildings occupied by the drygoods firm of the Syndicate of Quebec and Myrand & Pouliot. Both these stores were closed as usual at 6 o'clock last evening. Passersby noticed flames issuing from Myrand & Pouliot's building at 10.30. An alarm was sounded as the flames burst through the upper part of the building, casting a lurid glare through the city. The Fire Brigade was on the spot in a few seconds and worked well, for in a very short time the flames were reduced, efforts being directed to the Syndicate building, the interior of which was burning fiercely. The fire was put out in the Syndicate building in time to save part of the stock and building. It is thought that the Syndicate loss is about $35,000, while the damage to Myrand & Pouliot is placed at about $45,000. At 12 o'clock the fire was completely under control and a small squad of firemen were kept busy putting out smouldering embers.

The Decline of Sheep

Statistical reports would seem to indicate that there is a general decline in the number of sheep raised, says The Atlanta Constitution. Australia has been suffering from the decline in the number of sheep—not quite so severely, perhaps, as has the United States, but without having been subjected to important tariff changes. The principal reason of the decline has been the great drought in New South Wales and the snowstorms in New Zealand. The loss has been mainly in New South Wales. The following table shows the changes in the number of sheep for the past five years, according to reports received by the Bureau of Statistics of the treasury from London authorities.

Year	New South Wales.	Total Australia.	New Zealand.
1892	61,831,416	106,412,348	18,570,752
1893	58,080,114	103,313,917	19,380,369
1894	56,980,688	99,853,250	20,230,829
1895	56,617,270	100,040,000	19,826,604
1896	47,617,687	91,800,270	18,982,080

The changes in the grand total for both Australia and New Zealand show an increase from 20,000,000 sheep in 1860 to 50,000,000 in 1870, a decline to 65,000,000 in 1880, advancing to 102,000,000 in 1890, and to 124,983,100 in 1892. The totals for the succeeding four years, representing the aggregate of the items in the table were 122,695,286 for 1893; 120,084,088 for 1894; 120,767,213 for 1895, and 110,782,350 for 1896.

The strike at the Globe Shipbuilding Works, in Cleveland, is growing serious. The Blacksmiths' and Shipbuilders' Helpers Union, composed of employes of the Cleveland Shipbuilding Company, 150 strong, went out and declared that they would stay out until a scale was signed. The shipbuilding industry in that city is now at a standstill and fully 1000 men are out.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is a quiet trade, with no change in prices. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—There is a little better feeling, holders being encouraged by the higher cables from Liverpool and advance in Chicago. A lot of 8000 bushels of red was worked for export at 74c west. White sold to millers at 75c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 86c to 87c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 84c.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of 10,000 bushels of white at 17½c, west, and mixed at 17c.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 32c to 33c west.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings to-day were 53 car loads, including 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1500 hogs. The demand for cattle was fair, with prices of exporters unchanged. Choice sold at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and ordinary at 3¼c to 3¾c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3c. Bulls 3c to 3¼c per lb. Butchers' cattle steady for best qualities, which sold at 3¼c to 3¾c per lb., the latter for fancy; good to medium at 2¾c to 2⅞c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2¼c to 2½c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c per lb.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at $4.90 to $5, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4¼c to 4⅜c, lightweights at 4¾c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 5.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 7d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6¼d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 24s 6d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 17s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage 3d to 6d higher. English country markets steady. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures firm at 6s 3½d for March, 6s 5¼d for May, and 6s 5d for July. Maize steady at 2s 6¼d for March, 2s 8d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 85c for April. Flour 46f for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 2¾d for March, and 6s 5d for May and July. Maize firm at 2s 6½d for March, 2s 8½d for May and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm, but little doing. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat 22f for April, Flour 46f 20c for April.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 3, 1897.

WHEAT.				
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70s	to	0 80
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 43	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 08
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 60
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 60
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO .... BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. MCCOMBER & SON, Bouchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

MR. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist, 528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Sole Proprietors MONTREAL

BRISTOL'S BRISTOL'S BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla and SUGAR COATED PILLS

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS, 413 George Street, Peterborough.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used. Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum. Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON.

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 26.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 388 Water-st....

BLOOD AND SKIN HUMORS

Afflicting a Whole Family. Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Statements Sworn to Before the Clerk of the Supreme Court.

My wife had appear on her limbs, just above the ankles, five small pimples that began to enlarge, and soon developed into eating ulcers of the indolent type, which, despite all remedies and our efforts to cure them, grew worse and worse, and at the end of three months had become very bad, two of them having eaten to the bone. At that time we began to use CUTICURA remedies, and with two bottles of RESOLVENT, one box of CUTICURA, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, they were cured sound and well in about two months. The scars are there to-day as living witnesses of the severity and extent of the ulcers.

I also was afflicted the same winter with papular rash, from which I could not rest day or night. My skin became in a very bad fix when I began using CUTICURA remedies. I used them for about one month and was cured.

My little baby girl, when about ten months old, was afflicted with Eczema, her limbs from her knees down were one solid sore from which she suffered greatly. We tried several remedies which only aggravated them, before we began the use of the CUTICURA remedies, in which case there was a complete cure with no return of the disease.

A. A. McLARTY, J. P., Wine, Ga.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-sixth day of November, 1896.

[L. S.] R. R. JAMES, *Clerk Supr. Court.*

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT for Every Kind of Blood and Skin Humor.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, cure when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Skin Humors," free.

BABY'S SKIN Scalp and Hair Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Meda's, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1897.

AWFUL HEART DISEASE.

Death Charmed Away Under the Spell of Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart—More Wonderful Than a Fairy Tale is the Story of Mrs Roadhouse, of Willscroft. Ont.

Where disease has affected the heart the remedy to be applied must be speedy in its effects, or all may be lost. Mrs. Roadhouse, of Willscroft, Ont., says:—"Cold sweat would stand out in great beads upon my face, because of the intense suffering from heart disease. I often felt that the death struggle was at hand. No medicine gave me help until I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. In thirty minutes the severe pain was removed, and after taking little more than one bottle the trouble had vanished. I know nothing of it to-day." For sale by H. S. Macdonald, druggist.

Murray-st. Baptist Church.

The sermon at the Murray-st Baptist church to-morrow morning will be in memory of the late Mrs George Webber, who for many years was an active member of the church. It will be preached by the pastor. The subject for the evening sermon at the Murray-st Baptist church is: "The honest people of Peterborough—who are they?

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

THE COMING MILLINERY.

Soft Stuffs, Ribbons, Flowers and Plumes for Trimmings.

There will be flowers, silk gauzes, crepes, laces and ribbons, and plumes in the spring millinery this year, and bright ornaments in greater numbers than have been seen during the cold months. There are to be many fancy braids in hats. made, some of them, in wide plats, with contrasting colors, which are effective. Other braids are smooth and of a solid color, and are twisted into odd conceits over wire frames. The crowns will be wider this year to allow room for the knot of hair upon the top of the head.

Tall, bell-shaped crowns and hour-glass crowns appear, and rims are found to be narrower in the back than in the front, or if wide at the back, are turned up high. Hats are large, but do not reach the size of the Gainsborough. Malines, chiffon, soft India silks, and tulle will be used with braids in hat manufacture. The thin materials are used for shirred rims and soft crowns. They alternate with laces for veiling the brim and swathing the crown of hats. The lace barb is shown in place of ribbon strings on some French bonnet models, the fashion of the moment says.

Ribbons of plain color will be used, and ribbons with gauze and satin stripes show strong contrasting colors. Black ribbons, fine and light, are of taffeta and watered moire, with a satin back. There are ribbons with mousseline and grass-linen effect, and some of the old glace ribbons are to be seen. These ribbons of the thinner varieties are, some of them, plaided with a Scotch effect, and some are in Roman colors. A feature of the light weight ribbons is their width. They range from five to eight inches in width, some of them being as wide as ten inches. Velvet ribbons for bonnet springs are two and taffeta four inches.

Jet bonnet crowns and ornaments are to be found, and French gold ornaments have taken the place of cut steel and imitation jewels, but the gold ornaments will be set with all of these, and are in a variety of forms. Roses and violets still continue to be popular, and there are spring blossoms and berries not so appropriate to the season. The aigrette is passing, and plums occupy a prominent place in millinery, with occasional birds and wings. Black and black and white will be largely worn, and there are various shades of red, the garnet, jacqueminot in different shades to pink and rose, turquoise blue, violet shaded to lilac, dahlia, orchid, and particularly greens—in braids and ribbons.

Don'ts That Make a Well-Dressed Woman.

Don't pin your black hat on with a white pin, and don't wear a heavy, flaring ornate one. It may be the one jarring note in an otherwise pretty toilet.

Don't buy cheap gloves, or, if you buy them, don't wear them on the street. They always look their quality and price, and they are dear at the cheapest.

Don't carry the handkerchief in evidence on the street in the front of the bodice or stuck under the belt. Formerly, a handkerchief was for show. It is now more generally for use; besides you might lose it.

Don't go on the street with the tail or hem of your skirt frayed and soiled. It is not an attractive sight to masculine eyes, and you are lessening thereby the days of usefulness of the gown. Keep your skirt well brushed and the binding neatly in place.

Don't put up your hair so that the end of every pin shows. Use as few pins as possible, and cover the head with the hair. A head bristling or glistening with pins is not attractive.

Don't wear rubbed or unkempt shoes on the street, fancying they do not show. They do, and a few moments devoted to sewing on of buttons and polishing adds very much to your general appearance of neatness.

Don't, if you use a little touch of make-up, use it carelessly. A careful touch sometimes improves, but a careless one invites ridicule.

Don't carry the gloves in the hands. Put them on. It will improve your appearance. Don't wear them unbuttoned.

Don't trust to pins to hold them in place. They often come out at unexpected and inconvenient times. Hooks and buttons sewed firmly are more desirable.—San Francisco Examiner.

Worcester, Mass., suffered a loss by fire yesterday estimated at from $400,000 to $500,000.

Seven people are dead to date as the result of the gas explosion in Boston on Thursday.

Mr. Davis of Minnesota is to be acting chairman of the United States Committee on Foreign Relations until further notice.

PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO.

"GLIMPSES OF PETERBOROUGH SIXTY YEARS AGO."

The Conclusion of the Paper Read by Mr Hampden Burnham Before the Local Historical Association—The Early Churches—Facts Recalled by Mr Wm. Cluxton.

The following is the conclusion of the paper on "Glimpses of Peterborough Sixty Years Ago," read by Mr Hampden Burnham before the Peterborough Historical Society:—

Let us now devote a word or two to the school which has developed into the present system. The first school house was put up in 1826. It was a log building and stood where the shed of the Central school now stands, Rev Samuel Armour being the head-master as already mentioned. As time went on other buildings were put up about the village and known as Common schools, while the original one became the Grammar or advanced school. Then a combination of all the Common schools into one moved into a vacant church opposite the Temperance House, once owned by the British Methodist Society. Then the old Grammar school joined the combination. This continued until the present large Central building was put up and opened in 1860. The early principals of the schools and successors to the Rev Samuel Armour were Rev Moses Williamson, Rev R J Taylor and Mr O'Grady. The Roman Catholic Separate school was not organized till 1851. Now let us turn to

THE CHURCHES.

Up to 1830 services were held by the different religious bodies in different houses, except in the case of the Church of England, whose services were held in the old log school house, the Rev Samuel Armour being the first clergyman.

Concerning this commencement of the Church of England services in Peterborough there is an interesting incident related by Mrs Stewart in one of her letters dated January 1827. "An interesting event took place in the village about three weeks ago. Thirty-five Indians, men, women and children, came to church, our log school house used for a Church of England service, by Rev Mr Armour. The Indians behaved extremely well during the service; they were very attentive and anxious to understand. After service was over they came forward with their primers and cards of letters requesting the ladies and gentlemen to instruct them, seemingly very desirous to be taught. They had been converted to christianity in the summer before by a converted Indian, who had been taught by an English missionary, and though they had been continually drunk, since their conversion they have become quite sober and well behaved."

In 1831 an agitation began amongst the Church of England people for a better edifice, and in 1835 the stone church known as St. John's

WAS BEGUN AND FINISHED

three years later at a cost of nearly £2,000. The drawing by Miss Faulkner, which I have here, gives an excellent view of the church, the hill and the old winding course of Hunter-st. Mrs. A. C. Dunlop unearthed it the other day and asked me to present it to the Society with her compliments. I am sure we are greatly obliged to Mrs. Dunlop for this interesting sketch. Mr. James Wallis, of Merino, was deeply interested in the building of St. John's and held many of the memoranda bearing on the building committee's work. Mr. Charles Wallis has kindly handed them over to our custody. One amusing incident in connection with the undertaking—at least [amusing to us—was the mistake made in the government land office in drawing the deed of grant of the land. It was drawn after the building of the church. The concession in which the site stood was said in the deed to be the 3rd instead of the 13th concession. Hence the trustees who had incurred the financial responsibility practically held nothing either in trust or as security. This, however, after much trouble was in the end rectified.

The Roman Catholic services were first held in a log building by the Rev. James Crowley. Then the present site of the Cox block extending to Hunter-st and other lands was granted to the Catholics for church purposes. A small frame building was erected on this plot. It was burned in 1835 and the land having been disposed of the funds were devoted to the erection of a stone edifice at the head of Hunter-st, since restored. This was finished in 1838 and was dedicated to St. Peter-in-chains. It is a monument to the zeal of the Rev. John Butler.

Dr. Poole, whose book is both interesting and valuable, has collected some data regarding the Church of Scotland also. The Church of Scotland received a grant of land where St. Andrew's stands at the head of Brock-st. The Rev. J. M. Roger, who came here in 1833, was the first minister. When the Free church separation took place he went with that body, which worshipped in various places until

THE BUILDING OF ST. PAUL'S.

The Wesleyan Methodists received a grant in 1834 of land opposite the present George-st church. Their first church was a house on the land now occupied by Mrs. O'Sullivan's residence. In 1844 they erected a large frame church near the corner, which has been ultimately succeeded by the present building.

The Baptists built on Aylmer-st in 1845. The Rev. John Gilmour, so well and happily remembered by most of us, was the first minister. There were other representatives of church and christian unity scattered about the town.

Next the Otonabee bridge, on the north side of the street, was a tavern called "McFadden's Hotel," subsequently bought by Thomas Chambers, and finally passing into the hands of Mr George Hall, who changed it from a tavern to a law office and practiced there. He got the Government to give him the road allowance along the river's edge, and gave in exchange the roadway now running along the raceway. I wish now to go on across the Otonabee bridge at this point to Ashburnham. The earliest main roadway from the front led from Cobourg, and this was joined by the one from Keene, both, you will observe, running through the East Riding. This road reached the Otonabee river just about where the C P R bridge is now, and ran along nearly parallel to the present C P R line. In anticipation of the through traffic, one Thompson began to build a hotel where Mr. J. J. Landy's residence now is. But it was not finished, chiefly because, I suppose, the bridge project was not carried out. The Rev. Mr. Dunsford came down from Verulam to

THE SCOTCH VILLAGE,

and bought this place, calling it "Verulam House," which name it still retains. Afterwards he let the house to the Rev Mr Taylor, who had a private school there. It was after the failure to build this bridge that the other one was built where it is now. This was carried away, as I have before referred to, then people crossed by the rope and scow line. Then another common board bridge was built, which was carried away by a jam of timber at 2 a. m. in the year 1846, Mr. Dunsford being the only one present as it moved off. Then came the bridge with the high close board sides, which after many years was replaced by the first iron bridge, which collapsed and was replaced by the present sound structure.

In December I took a shorthand writer with me and had a most interesting interview with our well-known townsman, Mr. Cluxton. He came to Peterborough as a lad in 1832, when the population was 500. In 1839 he received a responsible business appointment, and ever since that date he has been an authority on all matters of business. The coinage in vogue then was £, s. d. There were also the Spanish dollars, also called Pillar dollars, because of the stamp of two pillars upon them. Strange to say, though they had English shillings, six-penny pieces, and half-pennies, there were no three-penny bits.

MONEY WENT A LONG WAY THEN.

A shilling would buy at least twice as much as at present of goods and produce, excepting wheat, hence the wheat raiser with a fair acreage was likely to become a wealthy man. Farmers wore home-made Canadian cloth, and it was very soft and warm. Before bonnets came in for general use they were worn by the privileged few and were a mark of distinction. Speaking of bonnets, Mr. Cluxton says that if a woman wore the round Scotch bonnet or tam in these days, as she does now, they would have thought her mad. Before stocks came in for men's neck gear they had something that served the same purpose. A piece of silk was wound around a bit of newspaper for stiffening, and this was put about the neck. Pins were sold, not in boxes, but in half-penny rows, hence the saying "not worth a row of pins." Regard-

Continued on Page 2

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

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I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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GREECE STANDS FIRM.

A Courteous Note to the Reply of the Powers.

Determined to Protect the Cretans—Crete, She Says, Belongs to Her and Will Have Her Support—Will Great Britain Assist in the Coercion Game—Germany Will Keep Out of the Fight—The Situation is Decidedly Warlike.

London, March 8.—The Chronicle to-morrow will publish a despatch from Athens giving the full text of the reply of Greece to the powers. After a brief preamble, the reply continues:

"In view of the extraordinary gravity of the results which will follow. His Majesty's Government considers it to be its duty to submit to the powers its opinion of the measure decided upon, an opinion which is the result of long experience and a profound acquaintance with the situation in Crete.

"Impressed by the sentiments which animate the powers and their solicitude for general peace, the Greek Government will not fail in this duty, since Greece also ardently desires to contribute to the maintenance of peace and to save from utter ruin the population of an island put to so severe a trial and so often decimated.

"We believe that the new regime of autonomy adopted by the powers unhappily cannot correspond to the noble intentions that inspired it, and that it will suffe teh fate of the different administrative systems which at various times and without success, have been tried in Crete.

"This is not the first time that Crete finds herself in a state of insurrection. In recent times on more than six occasions the horrors of anarchy have shaken and imperilled her existence.

"If then the new regime with which it is proposed to endow her is not calculated to re-establish order in a definite manner, the Greek Government cannot doubt the impossibility of putting an end by means of it to the present state of revolution. Anarchy will continue to ravage the country with fire and sword in its hands. Blind fanaticism will continue its destructive work of exterminating a people which assuredly does not deserve such a fate.

"Before such a prospect our responsibility would be enormous if we did not most earnestly urge the powers not to insist upon the scheme of autonomy proposed, but rather to restore to Crete what she already had at the time of the enfranchisement of the other provinces which form the Kingdom of Greece, and to lead her back to Greece to which she belonged since Capodistrias was President.

"In the presence of the recent scenes of massacre, pillage and conflagration in Canea, in the presence of frightful anguish, to which the inhabitants of Crete have been exposed and menaced by the boundless fury of the Mussulman population, who prevented the departure of Christian families for Greece, which has always been a providential refuge for allthese miserable beings ,our whole country was torn with remorse for the responsibility it assumed last year in inducing the Cretans to lay down their arms. The misfortunes that resulted forbid us to undertake once more such a task, and if we had attempted it our voice would certainly have been feeble. Its echo would not have reached the Cretan people.

"It being the case, therefore, that a new regime of autonomy could not fulfil the noble aim of the powers, it is obvious what would be the situation of the unhappy island from to-day until the establishment of this regime.

"If the powers believe it to be their duty to persevere in their resolutions with the above views and in the name of humanity,as well as in the interest of the island, the pacification of which is the unique object of the solicitude of the powers ,we do not hesitate to appeal to them on the subject of their measures, namely, the recall of our military forces. Indeed, if because of the presence of the united squadrons in Cretan waters, and in the conviction that these squadrons will not permit Turkish troops to disembark on the island, the presence also of all the ships of the Greek fleet off Crete is judged to be unnecessary, the presence of the Greek army on the island is, nevertheless, shown to be desirable, alike from sentiments of humanity and in the interests of the definite re-establishment of order.

"Our duty specially forbids us to abandon the Cretan people to the mercy of the Mussulman fanaticism and the Turkish army, which at all time has deliberately and intentionally participated in the aggressive acts of the populace against the Christians. Above all, if our troops on the island, who are worthy of all the confidence of the powers, had received a mandate to pacify the country their desires and intentions would have received promptly the most perfect satisfaction. It would be then, after the re-establishment of order, that it would be possible to learn the desires freely expressed of the Cretan people for a decision as to their fate.

"The sorrows which have recurred regularly in Crete for many decades past not only do not occur without profoundly agitating the Hellenic people, but they also interrupt social activity and gravely disturb the economy and finances of the State. Even if we admit that it would be possible to forget for an instant that we share the common religion of the Cretan people, that we are of the same race and bound by the ties of blood, we could not in silence allow the powers to assume that the Greek State is able any longer to resist such shocks.

"For this reason we appeal to the generous sentiments animating the powers, and beg them to permit the Cretan people themselves to declare how they desire to be governed."

The Chronicle adds, on high authority, that the Greek envoys abroad have been instructed on receipt of the reply to inform the Government to which they are accredited that Greece is prepared to recognize the temporary suzerainty of the Sultan to withdraw her fleet completely and to place the Greek army in command of any military representative of the powers senior in rank to Col. Vassos for restoring order in the island if the powers are willing ultimately to leave the decision as to the fate of Crete in the hands of the people.

Greek Vice Consul Must Leave.

Canea, March 8.—Admiral Canevaro, Commander of the Italian fleet here, has notified M. Baraklis, the Greek Vice-Consul, that he must leave the island. M. Baraklis was recently instructed by King George to go to Selino to intervene with the insurgents there in behalf of the besieged Mussulmans of Kandamos. The Vice-Consul insisted upon going in the Greek warship Hydra, but this the foreign admirals would not permit. They offered to place a Russian torpedo boat at his service, but M. Baraklis declined to accept the offer. It is supposed that his banishment is due to this refusal.

The foreign admirals have telegraphed to their respective Governments that they will immediately despatch 600 men to maintain order in the various towns.

It is reported from a Turkish source that the Musulmans at Kandamos and in the Province of Selino have started for Palikora, where they will be out of danger. It is expected that they will arrive at Palikora this evening. Two steamers will be despatched to fetch their belongings.

What Will Britain Do?

London, March 8.—The Vienna correspondent of The Chronicle says much anxiety is felt there lest Great Britain refuse to join in coercing Greece. As yet Austria, Germany and Russia are the only three of the six great powers that have assented to the proposals made by the foreign admirals in Cretan waters, which imply a severe blockade of the coasts of Greece. The correspondent adds that the vessels of the Greek navy, which are going to Volo harbor, are kept under strict surveillance.

The Peace League Steps In.

Berne, March 8.—The committees of the International Peace League will send an addres to the powers and also to Greece and Turkey through the respective diplomats here, proposing to solve the crisis by a plebiscite of the Cretans.

Will March Inland.

London, March 8.—The Times will to-morrow publish a despatch from Canea, saying that a torpedo boat destroyer, which has arrived in Suda Bay from Selino, reports that the negotiations of Sir Alfred Biliotti with the insurgents at Selino, in behalf of the besieged Mussulmans, have failed. The five hundred men from the various warships who accompanied Sir Alfred will march inland.

Germany Will Keep Quiet.

Hamburg, March 8.—The Hamburg Correspondent semi-officially states that, in the event of Greece rejecting the ultimatum and the powers not agreeing speedily as to their future course of action, or in teh event of a Graeco-Turkish war breaking out, it is understood that the German cruiser Kaiserin Augusta, now in Cretan waters, will be recalled. Germany will then quietly retire into that reserve that is suited to her political interests.

Does it Mean War?

London, March 8.—The Times to-morrow wil say: "Despite the studied courtesy of the language of Greece's reply, it merely re-affirms a policy which the powers have pronounced inadmissible, and atetmpts to justify the conduct of Greece by sophistries which have already been abundantly refuted." The powers, the paper adds, remain in absolute agreement. There can be no question that if Greece does not submit quickly they will employ coercion.

The Standard deduces from the promise made by M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, in the Chamber of Deputies, that no military operations would be conducted without the assent of the Chamber; that there will be no summary chastisement of Greece. It does not pretend to say what will be done, but it warns King George that he is risking the ruin of his kingdom. It says, moreover, that he will only delay the emancipation of Crete by deferring the inevitable order for the recall of the Greek fleet and troops.

The Daily News will say that it still believe a compromise will be reached, although a peaceful blockade may precede it.

The Chronicle will say that in the face of such an answer, British coercion of Greece is impossible.

In the French Chamber.

Paris, March 8.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, ex-Minister Goblet pressed the Government to consult the Chamber before taking any active steps in regard to Greece.

Prime Minister Meline and M. Hanotaux both declared that it was impossible to speak on the subject before Greece's reply, and her intentions were officially known, but they added there would be no military operations by France without the consent of the Chamber.

M. Millerand, a Socialist member, asked

Continued on Page 7.

CHARLEY'S FAREWELL,

He's Going to Ireland to Send Out Good People.

Besides Not Agreeing With Mr. Laurier on the School Policy, He Says He Has Not the Capacity to Hold His End Up as a Minister of the Cabinet—The Party Machine Slipped a Cog at the Nomination Meeting in Hull, and Mr. Laurier Will Be Called On to Repair the Damage.

Ottawa, March 8.—(Special.)—Charley Devlin, ex-M. P., addressed his late constituents at Farrellton, Lowe Township, yesterday. Speaking of the reports of his alleged disappointment at not receiving a portfolio when the Laurier Ministry was formed, he said: "My position on the school question rendered it absolutely impossible to take into consideration any such proposal, even were I otherwise qualified to sit in council with gentlemen so able and so distinguished as those who form the Government of Canada. It was necessary, in pursuance of the policy of conciliation announced by Mr. Laurier, that the new Government should treat with the Manitoba Government on a friendly basis. Would this be possible, or could much success have been hoped for were I a member of the Ottawa administration? No; my denunciation of the Manitoba Government and of members thereof had been strong; in fact, too fierce, to entertain the idea that my good offices would hasten the success of a policy of conciliation. I knew this, everybody knew it. You will understand that I am leaving in the background my personal unworthiness, as well as the glaring reality that, although I enjoy the affection and confidence of my countrymen to alarge extent, I do not possess the experience, the ability or the skill to worthily represent that great element of our country known as the Irish Catholic people of Canada.'"

THE MACHINE BROKE DOWN.

A Cog Slipped When the Nomination for Wright Was Going Through.

The Liberal nomination meeting in Hull to-night was spicy, exceedingly so, and the spectacle of party disunion was not very edifying. The machine had everything cut and dried that ex-Mayor Champagne was to be the candidate in Wright, but the machine got out of kilter and would not work. Mr. Laurier, master workman, is to be called on to-morow to repair the break. It was after Charley Devlin's pathetic farewell that the fun began. Charley, in the course of his speech, announced that he was going to Ireland, the land of his ancestors, to people the North-west with an Irish and Catholic population to contribute to the moral and material progress of that community. The Government had approved of his proposal and he had been chosen to represent the Government of Canada in Ireland. He would tell them his confidence in the Liberal party by stating that if, when circumstances permitted, Mr. Laurier should call him back, he would willingly come back again and take up the battle of the Liberal party. He concluded by moving that the candidature of L. N. Champagne, advocate, of Hull, which has already been announced in the different parishes of the County of Wright, be and is approved by this meeting.

Then what a roar there was. It was "Major, Major," continuously. The meeting wanted C. B. Major, a well-known Hull lawyer, instead of Champagne.

Mr. Major rose and said he would never accept Champagne unless nominated at a regular convention. Mr. Laurier had told him he had only endorsed Champagne because he understood he was most acceptable to the party.

Amid great excitement Champagne, Devlin, Rochon and Bourassa, M. P., addressed the meeting. The latter begged of them for God's sake to present a united front to the enemy. Finally it was agreed to see Mr. Laurier to-morrow to endeavor to settle the difficulty.

Sir C.H. Tupper remains in Federal politics. Mr. Stairs, ex-M.P., having been prevailed upon to take the leadership of the local Opposition in Nova Scotia.

PAIR OF COLTS KILLED.

Farmer J. J. Hillis' Team Ran Away and Dashed Into a Freight Train.

Hanover, Ont., March 8.—This evening about 5 o'clock the whistle of a G.T.R. special frightened a valuable span of colts, belonging to Mr. J. J. Hillis, a farmer living near here. Mr. Hillis was loading a grist at Helmbacker's grist mill, and while stepping into the mill to get a bag the horses turned and ran away, up towards the railway crossing. The train was passing at that moment and the horses ran in between two cars which dragged them about 100 yards, killing them instantly.

Trust.

"Harold," she said, almost in a whisper, "am I the first girl you ever kissed?"

"You are," he answered with eager earnestness.

"I believe you," she replied, looking him full in the face. "Sincerity must command confidence. Yes," she went on with a far-away look in her eyes, "sincerity must ever show for itself with those who think. And the amateur is always sincere. You are the most inexperienced kisser I ever encountered."—Detroit Free Press.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
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Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
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We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early,
Special new designs in English Tapestry Carpets .. 25c worth 35c.
Tapestry Carpets in 1897 pattern, 27 in. wide 30c & 35c
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English Linoleums heavy quality, choicest designs .. 50c the sq yd.
Inlaid English Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
Special low prices for ladies Blouses and White Wear during March.

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WHY ?
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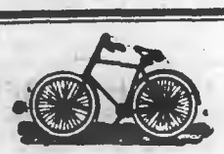

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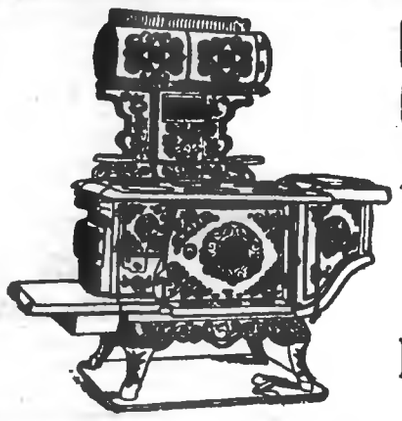

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For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this medicine keep up while others

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and in a short time go out of sight entirely, to be heard from no more."

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy which has cured more sickness, relieved more distress and made more happiness by bringing people

Back to

health than any other medicine. Its wonderful cures of the worst cases of scrofula, running sores, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; of dyspepsia and other troubles where a first class tonic and aid to digestion was needed; of catarrh, rheumatism, malaria and other troubles arising from or promoted by impure blood, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1897

TWO ORIGINAL SUGGESTIONS.

THE Montreal Gazette calls attention to two original suggestions—made by the Victoria (B. C.) Colonist—as to the way in which the Queen's jubilee should be celebrated in Canada. The first is that the Dominion Parliament should adopt an address, praying that the name of Canada may appear in the title of the Sovereign and that a sprig of maple may appear on the Imperial arms. In this connection, the Gazette remarks, it is interesting to remember that at confederation Sir John Macdonald was very anxious that the united provinces should be styled the Kingdom of Canada. The change from kingdom to Dominion was made at the instance of Lord Derby, then Foreign Minister, who "feared that the first name would wound the susceptibilities of the Yankees." So Sir John Macdonald said in a lettter to Lord Knutsford, written from Riviere de Loup in July, 1889, in which he expressed his regret that the Colonial Minister of that day treated the B. N. A. Act as if it were "a private bill uniting two or three English parishes," and failed to grasp the imperial scope of the measure. Sir John continues: "Had a different course been pursued—for instance, had united Canada been declared to be an auxiliary kingdom, as it was in the Canadian draft of the bill—I feel sure (almost) that the Australian colonies would, ere this, have been applying to be placed in the same rank as 'the Kingdom of Canada.'" However that may be, it is certain that an application from Canada of the character suggested by the Colonist would be followed by a similar application from the Australian colonies, and the amplification of the Royal title might become a matter of difficulty. At present it runs: "Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India." The last clause was added in 1877, so that there is a precedent for the inclusion of Canada, if Lord Salisbury were so inclined, and it would certainly be a graceful compliment to the loyalty of the leading British colony.

The Colonist's other suggestion is less important, but no less interesting. It is that the troops to be sent to London from Australia, India and Hong Kong to attend the jubilee celebration should travel by way of Canada, and be reviewed at the principal cities en route. This seems to be a capital suggestion, and one to which no objection could be raised. A word from the Dominion Government to the imperial authorities who have the matter in hand would probably be sufficient, and the visit of the troops would be an occasion of unique interest. Their reception here, our contemporary thinks, would be of the most enthusiastic kind, and would give them a foretaste of what they had to expect in London. Besides, it would be a magnificent object lesson of the extent and power of the Empire, bound together under one flag in allegiance to the Queen, whom all her subjects, of whatever race, clime or creed, delight to honor.

MR. Alfred Jury has been given his reward, and certainly if political agitating and haranguing of a none too high-class character is entitled to reward then the Liberal Government has done well in giving the Toronto tailor a share of "the spoils" by sending him to Liverpool as an immigration agent. It is to be hoped that Mr. Jury will not continue to frame his speeches in Liverpool on the same lines that he did his political discourses in Canada, for he could picture depressed, down-trodden Canada in colors that could not fail to warm the cockl.s of the heart of even such a deep-dyed blue ruin knight as Sir Richard Cartwright. It will be interesting to watch Mr. Jury at Liverpool, and Mr. Devlin, who has been straightened out of his party by an appointment to Ireland as immigration agent, in order to see the streams of emigrants they will send to our shores to till the fertile plains of our Northwest. Of course, Mr. Jury understands that we do not want any more mechanics in this country. He was in the habit of talking about this frequently.

THE Globe makes a very labored defence of the proposed amendments of the License Law in an attempt to make the temperance people believe that the Hardy Government is a temperance Government. The Globe might call up as proof of its claim, the manner in which "the machine" works the liquor vote in the interests of the Government, the manner in which this temperance Government allows its license enactments to be evaded. Why the cutting off of saloons, on which the Liberals lay such stress, means nothing, as Peterborough knows. When charges were laid here, the necessary accommodation was shown and there the cases ended. Will the Globe tell its readers why the Ontario Government holds the reigns in its own hands and is gathering them in more tightly all the time? For instance will the Globe explain why a municipality that has the right to move to decrease the number of licenses, should not have the right to name the places that would be cut off by the reduction. Certain places which may be objectionable may be the cause of the municipality desiring the reduction, yet for party reasons the commissioners cut off the very men who are conducting their business on the best lines. Let the Globe get down to business and talk the license enactments of the Ontario Government from the standpoint of the facts as they exist under the law.

MR. Whitney, the leader of the Ontario Opposition, visited Hamilton on Friday evening last and addressed the Conservative Club, the members of which organization were most favorably impressed and enthusiastically inspired. Mr. Whitney evidently is a strong man who has only to be heard and known to make many admirers for himself. Referring to the Conservative leader's address, the Hamilton Spectator says:—

Rarely has as good a political speech been made in Hamilton. The speaker's manner, his language, his grasp of the situation, the telling manner in which he handled the facts, his pointed criticism of Conservative delinquency in the past, and his forceful way of putting things combined to make the speech a most effective piece of political oratory. Before last evening Mr. Whitney was unknown in Hamilton. To-day he is the talk of the Conservative element of the city, and his speech is spoken of with hearty approval on all hands. When next the enemy taunts the Ontario Conservatives with lack of power, want of "debating talent" in the Ontario Legislature, the Conservatives of Hamilton will know that the taunt is not now deserved. They now know that they have a leader who towers above the best men in the Hardy Cabinet in ability. Mr. Whitney is a strong man, and one who is able to win the confidence and esteem of the Conservatives of the province. And he has good backing. Some of his colleagues were with him last night, and there are strong men in the Opposition who were not with him last night.

Mr. Whitney has to succeed an able man in Mr. W. R. Meredith, but he is a most worthy successor.

WHEN Mr Hardy views the agitated and wrathy gathering of temperance people, he will sincerely wish he had Sir Oliver's "Evidences of Christianity" wherewith to cover himself and hide the multitude.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache
" " Incipient Catarrh
" " Hay Fever
" " Catarrhal Deafness
" " Cold in the the Head in 10 min.
" " Foul Breath caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

Echoes from Pigeon Lake.

Bobcaygeon Independent.

Mayor Bingham, of Ottawa, is a daisy. His civic soul is not to be chained to sewers and back taxes. No sirree. He soars to the realms of the true, the good and the beautiful, and will certainly be heard of before long as hob-nobbing with Smiff, the gentleman who writes the leading articles for this journal. The mayor gave a luncheon last week to over 300 ladies. All sets of society were represented, Salvation lassies, the leaders of upper tendom, sisters of charity, all were mingled, and not a masculine being was present but his alba, the Mayor. Lady Grant proposed the Mayor's health and the way the dear girls sang "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" caused the gods to turn handsprings in their astonished delight. Bingham, dear boy, though there is but one man knighted this year, you shall be that one. 'Tis said.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PARTISANS ARE SAFE

Mr. Hardy Will Not Dismiss Election Workers.

The Premier Says It Might Be Proper to Debar Provincial Officials From Taking Active Part in Provincial Campaigns, but Not in Federal Elections—The Matter He Would Leave to the House—Progress of Bills—Inquiries of Ministers.

Toronto, March 9.

The House went into committee yesterday and passed, preliminary to the third reading, Mr. Ross' bill to amend the Act incorporating Knox College, Mr. Auld's bill to amend the Act to provide for the division of the Township of Tilbury West, and Mr. Carnegie's bill to legalize and confirm an agreement entered into by the municipality of Dysart and others.

Replying to Dr. Ryerson's enquiry, "Is it the intention of the Government to dismiss, on the grounds of offensive partisanship, or neglect of the Government's business, any of its officials who took an active part in the late Dominion election?" Hon. Mr. Hardy stated that the Government had not dismissed any of its officials on such grounds, and did not have any dismissals in contemplation. While it might be proper to debar provincial officials from taking active part in provincial campaigns, he did not know that it should debar them from participating in federal elections. In such cases he thought officials were acting within their rights. However, if the House saw fit to pass the resolution on the order paper, and it represented the views of the Government, the Government would abide by it.

Mr. Carnegie asked: "What are the regulations which govern the distribution of the statutes to Justices of the Peace and clerks of municipalities?"

The Attorney-General replied that it was the rule to send the volumes to clerks of the peace, addressed to the person entitled to receive them. If such persons did not take them the clerks were instructed to return them to the department.

In accordance with Mr. Howland's motion for an order of the House, Hon. Mr. Gibson promised to bring down a return from the clerks of the Police Courts at Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston and Ottawa, giving statistics in detail as to the work of the courts during the year 1896.

Mr. Marter moved for an order of the House for a return showing what was the amount of stock on hand in the Central Prison industries on Sept. 30 and Dec. 31 respectively, in each of the years 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896; also what was the amount of the outstanding account in connection with the Central Prison industries on Sept. 30 and Dec. 31 respectively in each of the above years, showing also what was the amount of the net revenue from the Central Prison industries on Sept. 30 and Dec. 31 respectively in each of the above years.

Hon. Mr. Davis stated that a complete statement, showing the amount of stock on hand and also the amount of outstanding accounts was taken each Sept. 3, and that if Mr. Marter would not ask for a statement about Dec. 30, which it would be all but impossible to get, he could comply with the motion.

Mr. Marter agreed to the amendment and the return will be brought down.

On motion of Mr. Marter, a return showing the business done during the years 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896 in the High Court of Justice, the County Courts and the Division Courts will be brought down.

Considerable discussion followed Mr. Howland's motion: "That it be a rule of this House, that all amending bills shall, when printed, set forth the section intended to be amended in full, with the proposed amending words or clauses in italics, and shall also indicate, by brackets, any words of the existing act proposed to be omitted."

Mr. Howland explained that the introduction of his motion was in part the result of the Attorney-General's request that a full discussion be given each bill introduced. Mr. Howland explained that the present system of introducing amendments not only made it very difficult for the House to comprehend the meaning of the bill, but it also caused vexatious delays in their interpretation in the courts.

Hon. Mr. Hardy agreed that there was ground for the introduction of the motion, but favored the application of the usual procedure in such cases, that of leaving it to a committee.

Messrs. Howland, Whitney, G. W. Ross, Matheson, Gibson and St. John followed.

Mr. Hardy then gave notice that he would move that a select committee be appointed to revise the rules, orders and regulations of this House, to be composed as follows: The Attorney-General and Mr. Speaker, and Messrs. Gibson (Hamilton), Ross, Baxter, McKay (Oxford), Whitney, Howland, Matheson and Caven.

The following bills then passed a second reading:

Bill to amend the Act respecting Cheese and Butter Manufacturing Associations.—Mr. Taylor.

Bill to amend the Public Schools Act.—Mr. Carnegie.

Bill to amend the County Councils Act, 1896.—Mr. Matheson.

Mr. Miscampbell—Order of the House for a return for copies of all correspondence between the Commissioner of Crown Lands or any other official in the department and any individual or parties in reference to the licensing or cutting of timber under license for trespass of either the Township of Coffin, or the Coffin addition, in the district of Algoma.

Mr. St. John—Enquiry of Ministry: (1) Who is the head carpenter in the Mimico Asylum; (2) how long has he been so employed; (3) what are his duties; (4) what were his qualifications for such duties when appointed; (5) does he keep a horse; does he require a horse; (6) has the Government kept his horse at the asylum; (7) if so, how long; (8) when was the horse removed from the Asylum stable?

Dr. Ryerson—Enquiry of Ministry: How many notaries public are there in each county of the province?

Mr. Carnegie—Order of the House for a return of all copies of all orders-in-council, correspondence, etc., if any, relating to the appointment of a commission to investigate the conduct of the civil or public servants of this province during the pas telections for the Legislative Assembly of the Province and for the House of Commons.

Mr. Carnegie—Order of the House for a return, giving copies of all correspondence between any member of the Government and any officer of the Northern Exhibition, held at Walkerton, relating to the withholding of money payable to prize winners.

Dr. Ryerson—Enquiry of Ministry: How many coroners are there in each county of the province?

Mr. Matheson—Enquiry of Ministry: Has there been any correspondence between the Government or any member of it and the Dominion Government or any member of it with reference to an increase of the subsidy payable by the Dominion to the province?

Mr. Howland—To enable councils of municipalities to pass bylaws for licensing and inspecting elevators and hoists used by the public or employes for passengers or freight.

Mr. Auld—To amend the Municipal Act to provide that where an incorporated village has been erected into a town, the town shall become responsible for the maintenance of the bridges in the town, and to provide that bridges crossing a river, lake or pond at any point where the same form the boundary line between two municipalities, shall be in the jurisdiction of the county.

A representative deputation of insurance men waited upon the Government yesterday to ask that the license fee now imposed upon the agents of the companies be abolished. They also requested that the tax in a bill now in process of passing the House, and which proposed to tax loan companies acting in the province, be not fixed to include insurance companies in its operation.

The Attorney-General relieved their minds by stating that it was proposed to abolish the license fee paid by agents, and that the Loan Companies Act was not intended to refer to them.

CRUEL MURDER AT THE FALLS.

Robert Powley Enters His Wife's Room and Deliberately Shoots Her to Death as She Lay in Bed.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 8.—Across the river to-night about half-past 10 o'clock Robert J. Powley went to his wife's room and deliberately shot her twice as she lay in bed. Then he set the room on fire and ran away, but was captured and locked up. Powley is said to have been living with another woman, and for this reason his wife left him six months ago. They were married in Montana and it is said Powley has a wife there living with another man. The couple have two children, a boy and a girl, who were rescued from the fire by neighbors. The murderer's aged parents live on this side of the river, and, though poor, they are highly respected.

A Practical Test.

"Here, stop that!"

This exclamation came from young Mr. Hazelwood and was addressed to little Robbie Riverside, who was keeping the young man company until Robbie's big sister should descend to the parlor.

"What are you sticking pins in me for?" Mr. Hazelwood demanded of the little fellow.

"Pa said you were thin-skinned, and I wanted to see if it was so," replied Master Robbie.

A Confession.

"Honestly, doctor," said the man who prides himself on being skeptical, "isn't there a great deal of imagination in your profession?"

"To be candid with you," replied the physician, "I think there must be. A number of my patients seem to imagine they have paid my bills in full, when, as a matter of fact, they haven't even given me a dollar on account."—*Washington Star.*

The Evil Eye.

Savage people have a superstition that an evil eye may be cast upon a person to bring all sorts of trouble and misfortune. That seems like a pretty foolish notion, but it isn't much worse than some of the notions which civilized people indulge in. One worn out superstition is the belief that if a man inherits weak lungs from his parents he is pretty sure to die of consumption. The actual fact is that if such a man will only take proper care of himself he will really be safer from consumption than a careless person who has no inherited weakness. Carelessness is the real evil eye. Carelessness will develop a tendency to consumption in any body.

The lungs are composed of very delicate, sensitive tissue, even in the healthiest person; that is why they yield so quickly to the attack of tainted blood. If the blood is allowed to get impure and impoverished, and bile-poisoned, the seeds of consumption will spring up in the best kind of a constitution. The real consumption-taint is in the blood.

Hundreds of cases of so-called "hereditary" consumption have been completely and permanently rooted out of the system by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, simply because it gives the blood-making glands power to pour a fresh abundant supply of rich, red, healthy, blood into the circulation. This drives out all poisonous and unhealthy germs. It stops the waste of tissue and the formation of morbid deposits; builds up fresh, normal, healthy lung tissue and solid, muscular strength.

In all the weakened debilitated conditions which are the forerunners of consumption, Dr. Pierce's Discovery is the most perfect nutritive and strength-builder. It is assimilated by the weakest stomachs.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1897

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

They Grew Old Fast.

Native (in Arkansas)—Yes, sir, this here climate's the healthiest on the face of the earth!

Stranger—Healthiest! What, with all these swamps around? I'll bet the folks don't live to be very old!

Native—Why, man, a feller'll be older here when he's 40, than he'll be when he's 70 in any other doggoned country!—Puck.

Noble Resolve.

"Why," asked the friend of the lady from Boston, "why did she marry so illiterate a person?"

"To reform him," said the other friend of the lady from Boston. "She told me that it should be her sacred duty to devote her life to reclaiming him from his habit of using the singular verb with the plural noun."—Indianapolis Journal.

Smart Boy.

In a small village school not fifty miles from Belfast the first standard was being examined in arithmetic.

Teacher—Tom, what is one and one?

Tom—Three, sir.

Teacher—You're a blockhead. Suppose you add yourself and me together, what will be the result?

Tom—Two blockheads, sir!—Answers.

MUNYON'S STATEMENT.

TELL THE TRUTH AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH.

Do His Remedies Cure or Not? He Says the People Have a Right to Know, and He Refers to Many Who Have Been Cured, and Who Will Cheerfully Answer All Questions.

MR. I. E. LEWIS, A WELL-KNOWN PHOTOGRAPHER, 307 CHURCH ST., TORONTO, SAYS: "My infant child had a very severe cold in the head, and the nostrils were obstructed to an alarming degree. We were afraid of catarrh, as the symptoms were of that character. We consulted Munyon's specialist, who prescribed Munyon's Catarrh Cure, and before we had used half a bottle the obstruction had been entirely removed and there has been no recurrence since. The child is now in good health. We always keep a few vials for general use in the family and find it a splendid remedy."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in few days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1 and 19 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

FASHIONS FOR MEN.

BREAST POCKETS NOT ALLOWED IN NEW SPRING TOPCOATS.

Fashion Says They Must Go—Chesterfield and Paletot Overcoats Are Preferable and Covert Popular—A Word About Materials.

THE few days of mild weather which are experienced from time to time at this season of the year have served to make men think of spring styles. The heavy overcoat has already been discarded for several days at a time and spring overcoats are beginning to make their appearance while the tailors are partial to the Chesterfield and paletot styles, the covert bids fair to hold its popularity. Tailors recognizing the signs of the times have laid in an enormous stock of covert coatings, and these form their principal stock in trade. Covert coatings will, however, be made in Chesterfield styles. West of England cloths in covert effects seem to be the most popular, but a covert coating in mixed stripes and plaids, which has made its appearance during the past month, is winning some favor. These goods are generally in brown and drabs, which will be the

NEW SPRING TOPCOATS.

favorite for overcoats during the spring, as they were last year.

The Chesterfield will be very popular. For it, unfinished worsteds, with a twill, will be popular in browns and olive browns, and soft worsteds with a twill are also good. Cheviots in Oxfords and grays are well liked and look well when made up.

Clear-cut oak worsteds find favor with elderly men, while many conservative dressers find half-dress worsted goods in heather mixtures, laurels, black and olives. Tweed cheviots retain some vogue, but it is noticed that very few melton, kerseys or Venetians are worn.

The Chesterfield coat, which the tailors believe to be the best for spring wear, is made of a light-colored worsted. The overcoat is made shapely to the waist, has a moderate amount of bottom fulness and averages about 38 to 39 inches in length. The shoulders, which are moderately broad, are slightly built up to produce a rounded, not a square, effect. The shoulder seams are very high at the scye, the side seams are moderately curved and the back has a vented centre seam. The under arm cut is absent, as a rule, although many tailors retain it at the wish of their customers. The gorge is moderately low and extremely long, the notch width being one and three-quarter inches, while the roll ranges from six to seven inches in length.

Breast Pockets Tabooed.

Breast pockets are tabooed in accordance with a late dictum of fashion which declares that they are used only for the display of handkerchiefs or gloves, and that opportunities for such display should not be afforded. The flaps of the lower side pockets may go either in or out and are prick-stitched.

The covert coat, which is likely to retain its popularity, does not differ from the topcoats worn last year. It should be made half box in style and its average length is from thirty-three to thirty-four inches. The back has three seams and the side seams are vented. The shoulders are the same

NEW SPRING TOPCOATS.

as for the Chesterfield, but the back is wider at the waist and there is no underarm cut. The collar and roll are from one-half to one inch longer than for the Chesterfield. The fronts are finished with a fly, the edges are double-stitched from three-eighths to one-half inch wide, the seams are lapped, and, as a rule, stitched to match the edges, though some men prefer to have them strapped, which is also correct. Breast pockets are lacking, the roll is self-faced, and the sleeve finish is a plain vent.

Fashionable Paletots.

Cheviot or worsted is the best material for the paletot. That of which the front view is shown in the accompanying cuts from The Sartorial Art Journal is of cheviot. The collar, which is self-covered, is extremely long, meeting the lapels flush and being one and three-quarters inches wide. The lapels are very much peaked, and are two and one-quarter inches wide. The roll extends to just above the level of the scye; the silk extends to the edges, which are single-stitched, close. The side flaps are slightly crescent in shape and go either in or out. The sleeve finish is a three-button vent sewed on or a cuff closed with three buttons.

The length of the coat is from forty-three to forty-six inches. The shoulders are moderately broad, and are built up to produce a rounded, not a square effect, this being an important change in style. The back is cut whole, and the width between the hip buttons should be six inches. The side bodies are cut separate, but the forepart and skirts are in one piece. The skirts are French pressed and there is a false back skirt which extends from the right side edge to the opposite side at the hip.

Of the Materials.

The worsteds and vicunas and woolen cloths are for the most part used.

Velvets have been in some demand through the winter for overcoatings, and an attempt was made to introduce them for cuffs as well as for collars. During the spring, however, they will disappear, and very few overcoats will be made in that fashion.

For rough and heavy goods leather buttons are popular.

THE SCHOOL OF MYSTERIES.

Its Corner-Stone a Piece of Onyx From the Temple of the Sphynx.

Mrs. K. A. Tingley laid and dedicated the corner-stone of an institution to be known as "The School for the Revival of the Lost Mysteries of Antiquity," on Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1897. The site of the college at Point Loma, San Diego County, California, says The San Francisco Call, is a beautiful one of 135 acres, located on the heights on the ocean side of the point, nearly opposite Roseville and overlooking the mighty Pacific to the west.

To the north and east as far as the eye can reach is a chain of mountains and hills which stretch away southward into Mexico, while almost at one's feet reposes the perfect bay of San Diego, its shores bordered by the cities of San Diego, Cornado and National City.

Over the entrance to the inclosure where the ceremonies took place was a large arch of evergreens supporting a banner of yellow silk, upon which was worked in purple silk the motto of the order, "Truth, Light, Liberation for Discouraged Humanity."

Near the inclosure was pitched a small closed tent, which none but the initiated were allowed to enter.

At 2.30 o'clock the participants in the ceremonies, twelve in number, came out of the tent, each carrying some symbol, whose meaning was afterward explained to the company.

Then, standing by the corner-stone with Mrs. Tingley by his side and the others ranged in parallel lines at his right angles to each other, President E. T. Hargrove of the Theosophical Society in America spoke on the objects of the school.

The cap of the corner-stone, which

MR. E. T. HARGROVE,
President of the Theosophical Society in America.

is not really a corner-stone, but a block of San Diego granite, highly polished on its face, was then lifted, disclosing a companion stone having an orifice for the receptacle of a tin box in its centre.

This cap corner-stone, which is engraved on its face with the initials of the school and its date, is inlaid in the centre with a piece of Egyptian onyx taken from the Temple of the Sphinx, and which was presented to the crusaders by a sheik of the Bedouins of that neighborhood.

The stone is designed to be subsequently removed from its position and placed in the centre of the marble floor of the main hall of the temple.

Advancing to the stone Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, who is the directress of the school, placed within the receptacle a square tin box containing a history of the movement, "Best Thoughts of Crusaders" and various parchments.

The capstone was then lowered and formally dedicated impressively. Mrs. Tingley said:

"I dedicate this stone, a perfect square, a fitting emblem of the perfect work to be done in the temple for the good of humanity and the glory of the ancient sages."

Corn, oil and wine were brought in order by the participants and sprinkled by the directress upon the stone. These were followed by earth, emblem of man's body; broken bottle of air, emblem of man's breath; water, emblem of man's inner self, and fire, emblem of man's spiritual power.

"May these fires be lighted, and may they burn forever," was the invocation offered.

Rev. W. Williams of England then read a portion of Christ's sermon on the mount from the orthodox Bible, following which quotations appropriate to the occasion were recited from Hindoo scriptures, St. Paul, Hennes, the Bible, Chinese sages, Confucius, Emerson, the Persian Bible, Buddhist scriptures, etc.

Following, Mrs. Tingley spoke of the great significance of the occasion. "The school," she said, "will be international in character, but American in center; a light to lighten the dark places of earth. Children will be taught the material rules of physical, mental and spiritual life, and how to gain strength to use them for the blessings of the entire world."

The exercise then closed with a number of eloquent and impressive addresses. President Hargrove, in the course of his remarks, stated that the tuition in the school would be free, teachers draw no salary and the real object would be to bring about the true and harmonious development of the pupils in the highest sense of the word.

The objects which the school hopes to attain, as given in the articles of incorporation, which are duly filed in Albany, are:

"The mutual improvement in religious knowledge by the comparative study of religions; investigation of the secret mysteries of antiquity; the performance of charitable and benevolent services."

The officers of the institution are Dr. J. D. Buck of Cincinnati, president; F. M. Pierce of New York, vice-president; E. Augustus Neresheimer of New York, treasurer; and Clement A. Griscom, jr., secretary.

An English lady has given £4,800 to found one of the professorships.

HE DREW A PRIZE.

He drew her as Diana,
  His model fair to see,
He drew her as a sephyr sweet,
  And as Melpomene,
He drew her as a goddess,
  He drew her as an elf,
He drew her as the rising sun,
  He drew her as herself.
He drew her as a dewdrop,
  He drew her as a sprite,
He drew her as a mermaid fair,
  He drew her as the Night.
He drew her every which way,
  Knuckrining her in art,
Until he fell in love with her,
  And drew her to his heart.

Happy Men.

Happy, contented men, on whose faces no frown ever appears, are they whose mothers, wives and daughters use the Diamond Dyes for domestic dyeing.

The coloring over of old, faded and dingy looking garments is so easy, and the results so magnificent, that the joy of the women is always shared by the men.

Happy, well-regulated homes, presided over by wise women, are the homes where Diamond Dyes are prized.

Rich, bright, pure and fast colors are always obtained when Diamond Dyes are used. When buying from your dealer see that he gives you the "Diamond," they are first and best.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110,	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Felt's Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

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Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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City Florists.

Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
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Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

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As being the purest and most delicious of all teas.

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CEYLON TEA

Sealed lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

QUICKCURE

Delay is Dangerous

Serious results often follow the first neglect of even a slight injury. What to put on the wound and how to do it, is told in the little booklet accompanying every pot of the great ready remedy

"Quickcure"

It is quick, and it is sure and safe—a perfect antiseptic—soothing and healing in it's effect—easy in it's application. With 25c., 50c. and $1.00 pots come cotton and lint. With 50c. and $1.00 pots come also dental pickups for applying "Quickcure" to aching teeth. All druggists sell it, or write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, Lte. QUEBEC, Can.

QUICKCURE QUICKCURE QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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166-168 Hunter Street.

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—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

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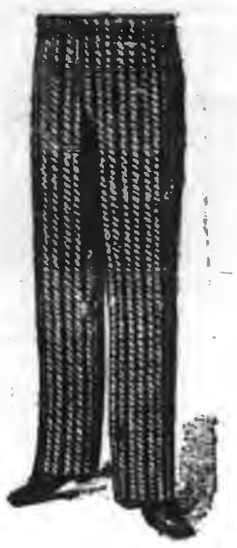

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

PIANO POINTS

For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
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Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

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Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

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WHY PAY $120 for a TYPE WRITER

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Visible writing, positive alignment, simple construction. Hard steel parts. Agents wanted.

HALF THE PRICE ONLY $55 00

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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE . . . . . .

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme. regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

A Fine Line

of high grade violins, guitars, banjos, mandolins, accordians, autoharps, etc., with trimmings at exceptionally low prices during balance of March. Old stand, Peterborough.

To-Night's Lecture.

The programme for this evening in the Y M C A hall promises to be a very interesting and entertaining one. The harmony of the instrumental duet by Mrs. Peck and Miss Burnham, who have kindly consented to play, will be a most fitting introduction to the interesting and popular lecture by Mr. J. A. Patterson on "The Scriptures of the Sky." A kindly welcome to all. Come early and secure a good seat.

Cobourg Journalism.

It is indeed flattering to see the Saturday Morning Post so very generally quoted each and every week in the columns of our scores of exchanges throughout Ontario. The new wig-rig combination issued by H Dorenwend Laird and the itemless petticoat publication (principally Baltimore bawling) got out by the 14 dollar bald-headed bean man, somehow fail to receive satisfactory recognition.—Cobourg Post.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite annecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

THE CUP COMPETITION.

Peterborough Wins From Lindsay in the Second—Other Curling Notes.

Up to the present the Peterboroughs lead in the second match in the Peterborough-Lindsay cup competition by 10 shots, but Skip Connal is playing in Lindsay this evening in this series and the result is being eagerly awaited.

Three rinks of the Lindsay curlers came down yesterday afternoon and received a severe defeat at the hands of the Thistles, all the rinks of the visitors having their score on the shady side of their opponents'. The local rinks piled up big majorities in all the rinks, the score at the conclusion being:

PETERBOROUGH.		LINDSAY
Rink No. 1.		
J S Knapman		H Cuthbert
Geo Brown		T W Greer
R H Kells		F Knowlson
T Rutherford, sk.	25	J A McMillan, sk. 12
Rink No. 2.		
C LeBrun		N McSweyn
C N Brown		W R Widdess
E Rutherford		J H Hart
G J Horkins, skip.	22	M W Kennedy, sk. 16
Rink No. 3.		
H Snowden		A Mills
C Rutherford		J W Anderson
J B Pentland		J Keith
S Ray, skip	21	J W Waller, skip 8
Total	68	Total 36

Majority for Peterborough, 32 shots

AT LINDSAY.

Two rinks of the Granites played at Lindsay yesterday afternoon, Skip Connal going up with the other rink this evening. The rinks of Skips Hatton and Attrill were defeated yesterday by the following score:

PETERBOROUGH		LINDSAY
Rink No. 1.		
R Waddell		
G E Whiten		
W L Allen		
T P Attrill, skip	12	J D Flavelle, skip 32
Rink No. 2.		
J Anderson		
V C McGill		
W D Parker		
G W Hatton, skip	16	W Needler, skip. 18
Total	28	Total 50

Majority for Lindsay, 22.

The two colts' rinks that won the Association trophy are prepared to meet any two rinks in the Thistle and Granite clubs in a contest for two barrels of flour, oysters or anything else.

TO BE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Will County Councillors Fill That Important Position?

An amendment to the County Council Act has been introduced in the Legislature. It is as follows:—

18a. All county councillors shall *ex officio* be Justices of the Peace for the whole county or union of counties in which their respective divisions lie, and no county councillors after taking the oaths or making the declarations as such shall be required to have any property qualification or to take any further oath to enable him to act as a Justice of the Peace.

JUSTICE MEREDITH ILL.

Court Will Not Open Till To-morrow When Chief Justice Meredith Will Preside.

The jury sittings of the High Court of Justice were to have opened at 1 o'clock this afternoon but Justice Meredith, who was to preside, did not reach town. He is ill, and will not be able to attend, but Chief Justice Sir William Meredith will arrive to-night and will preside. The Court will open to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

FOR GENTLEMEN THIS TIME.

We have placed on sale a purchase of 150 pairs Men's Unlined English Leather and Kid Gloves to be sold at 75 cents. per pair; the former price being $1.25 to $1.50. These are choicest goods and every pair perfect. ROBERT FAIR, Sign of the Golden Lion. d56tf

A Pleasing Presentation.

It was a delighted audience that left the opera house last night after having witnessed the presentation of the melodrama, "True to Life," by McKee Rankin and his company. The play is interesting but strongly emotional, the relief to the tension arising from the Irish washerwoman, Mrs Mary Ellen Higgins, a character that was capitally presented. Mr. Rankin as Phil Garth, the convict, was a good character, but interest centred more around the young actress Nance O'Neil, who had been heralded as the young lady who set New York agog in one night by her effective acting. Miss O'Neil is certainly talented. Tall and slender, she is graceful in every movement, and her face is particularly charming. Her impersonation is intense and forcible, with no labored pathos or ranting in speech. It was a decidedly pleasing performance.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ILLICIT WHISKEY "STILLS."

Two Were Found by Detective Greer, But they Were Not in Operation.

From near midnight until the early hours of this morning Provincial Detective Greer, and County Constables Cochrane and Moore, wandered about the town and vicinity looking for reported illicit whiskey stills.

Some time ago the Attorney General's department was informed that "stills" were in operation in Peterborough and Detective Greer was requested to investigate during his visit to town, and last evening he started out and it is reported that he secured two "stills," though they had not been used in the manufacture of whiskey, in fact one of them was owned by a well-known temperance worker, who had used the affair for another purpose and was unaware that it was a "still."

Nothing will result from the investigation except that those who may possess "stills" will destroy them or secret them in darker corners than before.

THE BELMONT MINE.

Some Interesting Information Regarding This Gold Mine in This County.

The Belleville Sun has a special correspondent in the gold fields of North Hastings, and in a letter from there the correspondent has this to say of the Belmont mines:—"Mr. A. W. Carscallen, M.P., was seen by the Sun representative and was brimful of news. He is the owner of one of the best mines in the district, the Belmont, which is situated in the county of Peterborough and adjoins the Ledyard mine. In speaking of other mines he named over a large number of claims which have been or are now being worked. The Ledyard mine is seven miles from Marmora and is yielding free milling quartz mixed with iron pyrites. On a mill test the ore yielded over $20 per ton. There are about 20 men working there at present. On the premises are a mill building 66 x 28 feet, a wing 41 x 16 feet, in which is an engine and boiler, and the necessary boarding houses and offices.

"Mr H T Strickland, of Peterborough, who has had over 25 years' experience as a miner and prospector in Hastings and Peterborough counties and in the Lake of the Woods and Nova Scotian belts, in describing the Belmont gold mines gives a high standard. He was the original discoverer of gold in this property and is well acquainted with the place. The property consists of the east half of lot 20 in the first concession of Belmont, and consists of 100 acres, The mining right to the road allowance between the east half of lots 20 and 21 and the south-east quarter of lot 21 in the same concession, and the west half of lot 20 in the first concession of Marmora have since been added to this. There is plenty of good cordwood and mining timber available at reasonable prices. The road from Marmora to the mine is a good one and the Central Ontario railway runs close to the property. The county rock, which covers the greater part of the property, is of a diorite formation, with a general north and south trend. Four veins, which all yield free gold in the miner's pan, have been traced by their outcropping to lengths varying from 2,000 to 3,500 feet. The quartz is of a granulated bluish white and carries throughout sulphurets of iron and some copper. The development has been nearly all on the north vein in lot 20, and convenient to the road. A shaft has been sunk on the most elevated portion of the west end to a depth on the dip (which is about 80 degrees south) of 132 feet, and the vein has proved to be strong, with the exception of a "pinching" of about 20 or 25 feet. It averages about six feet in width at the bottom. The walls are chloritic schist and well stratified and give evidence of being a part of the vein on which the deeper shaft is sunk, and carries as high a per centage of gold. Messrs. Ricketts & Banks, well known New York experts, took samples of the ore and in seven essays it showed an average of $17.96 of gold to the ton. A lot of ore, consisting of 220 tons, was milled and an average of $10.46 saved to the ton, and this under unfavorable milling facilities. The mine is the sole property of Mr. A. W. Carscallen, M. P., of Marmora."

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

OAK HALL.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Sailsbury & Co's. 9d47

IN NEW QUARTERS.

Mr. O. B. Shortly's New Bicycle Agency on George-st. Opened.

Mr. O. B. Shortly has opened out in the bicycle business on a larger scale than last year. He is now occupying the store on George-st. recently vacated by Mr. J. H. Greer, electrician, and has on view some of the best wheels on the market, for which he is agent.

Mr. Shortly's success as an agent has been remarkably gratifying to himself and the firms which he represents. He is thoroughly acquainted with the general details of the business and his information can always be relied upon.

This year he is agent for the Evans & Doidge, a high grade standard wheel, the Gendron, a popular easy riding bike, the New Barnes, which is attracting much attention, as well as the Dayton and Reliance. At present his store is filled with these wheels, lady's and gentleman's. He also has some good second hand wheels for sale as well as a supply of bicycle sundries.

MARKET RATES

The Manner in Which the Change Affects the Small Town and the Large Places.

A Toronto exchange deals with the recent abolition of market rates, in the following words:

"Heretofore it has been the custom to grant a round trip at the rate of a single fare to certain of the principal market towns, and farmers and others dwelling in the neighborhood of other towns within a radius of the central market town all brought their produce to sell at the latter place, and in return took home goods. For instance, there were between fifteen and twenty towns around Toronto where the cheap fares were granted to this city, but it future full fare will have to be paid.

"While this new order, of course, is expected to increase the revenue of the railroads, the railway officials say that it will eventually benefit the smaller towns which are not market centres, and which were simply being drained of business to build up the larger places. Such towns as Georgetown, Newmarket, Tavistock, Hamburg, Brampton, Markham, Oakville and Tottenham, to mention a few, were pointed out as being losers in a business way by the cheap fares, which allowed their citizens to go to other places to purchase their goods. This argument is supplemented, the railroad people say, by their belief that if the larger places afford peculiar facilities for purchasing, then those who desire to take advantage of these facilities should pay full fare to get them, and in the future they will have to do so.

"A considerable change has also been made in the system of granting commutation tickets, and the prices for these are advanced, although the railway officials claim that they are still quite reasonable. A number of points to which commutation tickets have heretofore been sold are now cut off altogether. The ten trip commutation tickets good for a year are now being issued at practically a single rate for the round trip.

"An important change is made in other tickets. Formerly 52 trip tickets were issued, good for three months; now 55 trip tickets are issued, which must be used up in a month. While the price of the latter has been increased they are still considerably below single fare. School children, under the old regulation, could purchase a commutation ticket at one-half the commutation price; now they must buy 46 trip tickets, to be used up in one month, the price being at the rate of a single fare for the round trip."

A Tale of Foster Children

The agent and his wife of the Childrens' Aid Society had a somewhat saddening experience yesterday at a village in this county. Some time ago two pretty little children, a boy aged five and a little girl a few months over three, but no relation to each other, came into the custody of the Society and were placed in the temporary shelter so generously afforded by the managers of the Protestant Home. In the interval, during which the Society was hunting up desirable homes for them, they grew to be as fond of each other as brother and sister. This rended it too great a hardship to separate them. They were a quaint little pair, and at last a most desirable home was found for them. They could not understand being taken away from the Protestant Home, and on their way to the half-way meeting place at the village they wept bitterly, but in time reconciled themselves to the agent's wife. At the village at first when dinner time came nothing could tempt them to eat. But by putting them off in a little room by themselves they were persuaded to take a little food. Then came the severest trial of all. The foster parents came to take them away, when they set up such a lamentation that the agent's wife declares that she could not go through it again. The last seen of them was as they went away, their little hands covering their eyes, weeping bitterly.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Advertise in the REVIEW.

DEATH OF REV J W SAVAGE

After Years of Faithful Work in the Methodist Ministry

Rev J W Savage, a superannuated minister of the Methodist church, died here early this morning at the residence of his sister-in-law, Mrs A A McIntyre, College-st. The deceased came here some months ago with his wife who was called to the home of her sister, Mrs McIntyre, who was ill. He had not been in good health for some time, and was recently stricken with paralysis, since which time he gradually sank until the end came at two o'clock this morning.

The deceased was sixty-eight years of age and was the son of the late Rev T Savage, a minister of the Wesleyan church. The deceased had labored during his ministry on many circuits in the Toronto Conference, and was widely known and as widely respected as an earnest, faithful, devout preacher and pastor. His last station was Brooklyn, Ont., and it was while stationed there that he became connected with this Conference and two years ago was superannuated. After his superannuation he removed to Toronto, where he resided on Lisgar-st. The deceased was twice married, his second wife being Miss Spence, sister of Mr F S Spence, the well known temperance worker of Toronto, who survives to mourn the loss of a Christian husband.

The remains were taken to Toronto this morning and the funeral and interment will take place in that city.

RAN OVER HIS ARM.

Brakesman Adams, of the C.P.R., Falls Between a Train and Pontypool Station Platform.

At noon to-day Mr. Sid Adams, of Toronto Junction, a brakesman on the C.P.R., was brought to the Nicholls hospital suffering from serious injuries sustained this morning at Pontypool.

Mr. Adams was alighting from the engine of the way freight to the station platform, when he fell between the platform and the train and the wheels passed over his arm and his thigh was also seriously injured. His hip was badly bruised and at one time it was thought he would not survive. The noon express conveyed him from Pontypool to Peterborough, and on his arrival here he was taken to the Nicholls hospital, where an operation will be performed this afternoon. His nervous system was in too weak a condition for an operation to be performed on his arrival.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

According to the Berlin despatch in Saturday's Montreal Star, the intermediate hockey champions of Ontario are anxious to go to Montreal at once to play for the Dominion championship, and on the return trip will stop off at Kingston and give the Frontenacs a whirl.

Chatham, in a neat little pamphlet, has sent broadcast twelve "pointers" as to why the C W A meet for 1897 should be held there. The reasons are all well founded and ought to carry weight with the wheelmen generally. It is promised that this phamphlet is only the thin edge of the wedge, and that sledge hammer blows, in the form of strong arguments, will drive the wedge home to success.

A Croupy Cough Was Soon Driven Away by Dr Chase's Linseed and Turpentine.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough,' says Mrs. Smith, of 256 Bathurst-st. Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs Hopkins, re, commended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising, the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

Personal.

Dr A J Robertson, formerly of town, now of Toronto, was in town yesterday.

Detective J. W. Murray, of Toronto, is in town to give evidence in the Gray vs Weir case.

Messrs. Geo. H. Watson, Q. C, E. F. B. Johnston, Q.C., Toronto, and D. B. Simpson, Bowmanville, are in town to attend court.

Rev. H. Symonds and Mr. D. Curtis are in Brantford attending the annual convention of the Sons of England.

Mr. J. F. Morrey is in town, and has started his men to work preparing the material for another directory for Peterborough. It is two years since the last directory was published.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Entertainment at Grace Methodist church.

Annual meeting Woman's Missionary Society Murray-st Baptist church.

Lecture in Y M C A hall by Mr. Patterson.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March. 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

OAK HALL.

Oldest Couple in the World

It is pointed out by the Napanee Beaver that the oldest married couple perhaps in America, or in the world, are Mr and Mrs Jacob Hiller, now living at Elkton, Michigan, both of whom were born in Ernesttown, not far from Napanee, where they lived until their family of eleven children were born. It is nearly forty years since they removed to Michigan. Hiller was born on October 30th, 1790, and Mrs Hiller in March, 1792. They still have an old newspaper recording the death of Hiller's father at the age of 107. Jacob Hiller is now 106, and Mrs Hiller 104. Hiller remembers the war of 1812 and tells what he saw in the way of fights on the lake near Kingston. They were married in Ernesttown, Ont., in April 1819, and have been married nearly 87 years.

UP TO DATE

MUSIC STORE.

MULLIGAN & POTTER,

416 George-st., Peterborough.

Dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental Music Books, Church Hymnals, Band Instruments, Trimmings, &c., &c. Agents for the principal publishing houses in the United States. VOICE CULTURE by Prof. G. W. Mulligan in studio. Apply at store. Cash paid for Second Hand Bicycles. 3md5r

THE NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL.

Inspector Hodgson's Report on That Institution—Excellent Standing.

Below will be found Inspector Hodgson's official report of the Norwood High school:

Accommodation—Ventilation I, heating I, lighting I, blackboard I, desks I, halls I, and buildings, grounds, water supply and cap rooms II each.

Equipment—Reference library, value $327.58; apparatus, value $256.65; maps and globes $18.

Organization—Writing, in accordance with the regulations. Reading, in accordance with the regulations. Other subjects—The time table is well arranged; division of work among teachers, satisfactory; ratio of pupils to teachers, satisfactory.

Miscellaneous—Staff, all the members are legally qualified; discipline, excellent; attendance, all pupils regularly admitted; text books, in accordance with the regulations; registers, daily, properly kept; registers, weekly, properly kept; supplementary reading in English literature, good provision is made; sight work in classics, French and German, good provision made; book-keeping sets satisfactory.

Character of pupils work in reading—Of last class of entrants, 13 examined, 7 are good, 4 fair, and 2 poor. Other pupils—Of 17 examined, 10 are good, 5 fair, 2 poor.

Character of teaching—Grade I highest, IV lowest: 1 English and history, I; 2 Mathematics, I; 3 Science, I; 4 Classics, I; 5 French and German, I; 6 Commercial, I; 7 Drawing, I; 8 Reading, I.

General Remarks—"I have to report of this school that it is well organized, and that the character of the teaching in the various departments is of a very high degree of excellence. The school has for many years held a foremost position among the very best in the province."

DIED.

CARSON—On Monday, March 8th, 1897, Letitia Carson, relict of the late James Carson, aged 51 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 203 Charlotte-st, on Wednesday afternoon, March 10th, at 2.30 o'clock, and proceed to the Little Lake cemetery.

HARRIS TWEEDS

..... FROM THE HIGHLANDS O' SCOTLAND.

We have been fortunate in securing a limited supply of these rare and much admired Scotch Tweeds, so highly prized by the aristocracy of the old country.

The chief beauty of the Harris Tweeds lies in their rough finish, being homespun and dyed, and deftly woven on hand looms by thrifty and ingenious hand weavers of the Highlands of Scotland, never having been inside of a factory.

They are guaranteed pure Scotch Wool, and retain the peculiar odor of the heather and peat, so susceptible to the olfactory nerves of the sons of Auld Scotia

In neutral shades, devoid of anything like conspicuous pattern, for Shooting, Cycling and Outing Suits.

The demand for the Harris Tweeds is always in excess of the supply—only 25 pieces having been secured for Canada, of which we obtained a select number. Ask to see these novelties at

Mercer's

THE VICTORIA CHEESE BOARD.

The Annual Meeting of the Lindsay Cheese Board and Officers Elected.

The annual meeting of the officers and salesmen of the Lindsay Cheese Board opened Thursday at 11 a. m., in the Council chamber, and continued, with an intermission for dinner, until after 5 p m. The attendance was not as large as was expected, owing partly to the fact that some of the factories selling on the Board have not yet held their business meeting to appoint their salesmen for the coming year, and partly the neglect of the secretary to inform the press.

The election of officers resulted as follows:—

President—Thos Robertson, Dunsford, re-elected.

Vice-President—John S Crouse, Minden Valley, re-elected.

Treasurer—F Sandford, Fenelon Falls, re-elected.

Secretary—Eugene Shine, Downeyville; Vice, J L Read, Bobcaygeon, resigned.

During the afternoon very interesting addresses were delivered by Messrs. Jas Whitton, of Belleville; Morden Bird, of Stirling; and C J Madden, of Newburg, officers of the Eastern Dairymen's Association, who were in attendance to press upon the officers of the Board and the salesmen the great importance of arranging for an instructor to visit each factory a number of times during the season. Incidentally a great deal of information was elicited from the speakers on matters connected with cheese making and dairying that cannot fail to prove beneficial to the patrons. Mr. Flavells, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Shine, Mr. Brown of Reaboro factory, and others also contributed to the discussion. The value of the whey was one of the matters thoroughly ventilated, and the practice of carrying it back in the milk cans was strongly condemned as being the primal factor in the production of a poor article of cheese. Peterborough and other boards have declared against the practice, and it is likely that factories doing so will have a star placed against their names on the Lindsay Board this season for the information of buyers.

At the close of the meeting a resolution was passed to engage the instructor at a cost of about $175 for the season.—Post.

Brevities.

—It was slippery walking lasty night.

—The street cars were missed yesterday.

—The McKee Rankin Co., are in Belleville to-night.

—There will be a full rehearsal of the cantata "Ruth" this evening.

—The Childrens' Aid Society acknowledges an anonymous contribution of $1.

—The next attraction at the opera house is on the 16th, when "The Defaulter," Lincoln J. Carter's latest, will be here.

—The Belleville Sun comes to hand in new form—having been changed from a five-column eight-page paper to a seven-column four-page sheet. The change allows the news to be given in more compact form.

—At St. Paul's on Sunday morning Mrs. Mein and Mr H F McKeowen contributed a duet, "I need Thee," in excellent style. In the evening there was a full chorus anthem "For the Lord God Reigneth."

—The petition being circulated in the northern part of the township of Cavan praying for the drainage and opening up of a road through what is known as the "long swamp," is being well received and there is every reason to believe that the project will go through.

—Some Port Hope gentlemen are desirous of having the Cobourg people join them in a scheme to bonus a company to build an electric railway between the two towns. More will be heard of the scheme later on.—Cobourg Post.

—Arthur Dermott, who was charged with obtaining a load of wood under false pretences and remanded to goal until Wednesday by Police Magistrate Dumble, appeared before the Magistrate last evening instead, and was ordered to pay $3 for the wood and $4 80 costs.

—The boys, as well as a great many young men, who occupy seats in the gallery at the opera house, should endeavor to stop talking and laughing during acts. Last evening during the serious parts of the play "True to Life," there was a continued chattering and laughing from the gallery, making it most unpleasant for those who desired to listen to the play.

—A citizen whose acquaintance with Canadian weather dates back nearly three-quarters of a century, remarked to a reporter last evening that he remembered a bridal party driving into old St. Andrew's church on the 9th of May when the snow was three feet deep. He had also known spring sowing on the farm to be in operation during the first week of March.

—Citizens should lend encouragement and assistance to the Historical Society in its effort to hold an art loan exhibition—to collect articles of historical interest. Messrs. Richard Hall, E. B. Edwards, Lieut-Col. H. C. Rogers, Lieut-Col Bell, R M Dennistoun, F R Yokome, Sheriff Hall, Geo Dunsford, H T Strickland and Hampden Burnham represent the society as a committee to deal with the matter.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

Funeral of the Late Richard Kingdon.

The funeral of the late Richard Kingdon, who died at Selkirk, Manitoba, and whose remains were brought here for interment, took place this afternoon from the residence of Mrs Madden, 263 Stewart-st, The local Oddfellows were represented at the funeral by a delegation from the two lodges, while six members of the Order were pall bearers the deceased being a member of a Manitoba lodge. Rev J J Rae, chaplain of Peterborough Lodge, I O O F, conducted the services. The pall bearers were Messrs W J Paterson, J A McGill, W Paterson, Alf Kingscot, H Snowden and G W Bennett.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrong's. 290 George-st. d56

A Jubilee Suggestion for Peterborough

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Do you not think it would be a good idea for the people of Peterborough to celebrate their portion of the diamond jubilee of our gracious Queen by contributing to the establishment of the museum which the Historical Society has in hand at Inverlea. Here is something useful and spectacular as well. The coming generation on entering would read "The Victoria Museum," and within would find a tablet of explanation and round about many objects of interest and instruction.

Yours, etc.,
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

See Signs of Spring.

Bobcaygeon Independent.

No mistake about it. A solemn declaration can be taken that a loon flew over the village on Wednesday afternoon. He had his larboard eye on the river and Dr. Thorne's windmill, and was steering for Pigeon lake, with a lift towards Nogey's creek. As to the sanity of the loon, he was probably no better than normal, but all the same he was here, and with loons and grippe, in the air, punts, anchors and capstans trailing after shanty teams, and gangs of "river drivers" reported as moving north, it is evident that gentle spring is sleepily stretching her arms, and sort of drawing the lace trimmings together around her pretty neck, while she opens her dear little peepers. Yes, sir, winter is on the wane, the sleighing is exceedingly thin, and will break with a very few days sun, consequently those interesting individuals who engaged to bring in cordwood on their arrears to this great journal, cannot hustle their forest produce in the slightest degree too precipitately. This world-famed journal needs cordwood; it must have cordwood; it lives on cordwood; its very existence hangs upon its supply of cordwood; on cordwood depends the survival of the world's great and only advocate of the true, the good and the beautiful.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & Co.

Ungrateful Child.

"Sir," said the jilted one, "your daughter has treated me brutally. She has thrown her promise in my face, thrown me down——"

"Has, eh?" murmured her father. "My daughter, young man, shall be punished for it. I want to know by what right she usurped her father's fond privilege."—Philadelphia North American.

The Requisite.

"He is very nice," said the young woman. "And he bears an illustrious name."

"Yes," replied her extremely practical mother, "but titles don't make any difference in my mind unless they have some standing in the recorder's office. In my opinion what this generation ought to demand is deeds, not words."—Washington Star.

Prediction Discredited.

"The weather bureau predicts light snow," said Mrs. Cityman, reading from the newspaper.

"Well, I'll bet a cookie it will be dark brown as usual," replied Mr. Cityman.—New York World.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

— THE —

OPENING DAYS

of the Robert Hall

BANKRUPT STOCK SALE

A GRAND SUCCESS.

Our store has been crowded with the prudent buyers of the town and country. The selling surpassed all previous records. The prices at which we are offering these goods brings the blush to the faces of those who bought at bogus bankrupt stock sales. This is the only genuine sale going on. We must have the money at once for this stock. The store is crowded with bargains, in many cases 25 per cent. less than wholesale prices. EVERYONE COME!

A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS:

Grey Cotton, regular price 5c., sale price 2½ cents.

Heavy Towelling, regular price 5c, sale price 3c.

Grey Cotton, regular price 8c., sale price 5 cents.

Heavy Fast Color Prints, usual price 10 and 12½c, sale price 6½c.

Cotton Laces, usual price 8c, sale price 3 cents.

Flannelettes, usual price 8c, sale price 5 cents.

Sheetings, usual price 25c, sale price 15 cents.

Table Linens, usual price 30c, sale price 22 cents.

Table Linens, usual price 40c, sale price 25 cents.

No such values in the trade.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

1000 yds. Silks, Robert Hall's price 50c, sale price 25c.

3000 yds. All Wool Dress Goods, Robert Hall's price 25c., sale price 15c.

2000 yds. All Wool Dress Goods, Robert Hall's price 50c, sale price 25c.

2000 yds. All Wool Dress Goods, Robert Hall's price 70c., sale price 35c.

50 Dress Lengths at less than wholesale price.

100 pair Dress Shields, Robert Hall's price 20c., sale price 10c.

120 doz. Twin Dress Steels, Robert Hall's price 25c., sale price price 10c.

WASH CHAMBRAYS and ZEPHYRS

1000 yds. all shades, Robert Hall's price 25c., sale price 10c.

CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES AND UNDERWEAR.

600 yds. Embroideries, Robert Hall's price 12½c., sale price 5c.

700 yds. Embroideries, Robert Hall's price 20c., sale price 10c.

200 yards Apron Muslin, Robert Hall's price 10c., sale price 5c.

75 pair Misses' Corsets, Robert Hall's price 75c., sale price 40c.

150 pair Ladies' French Corsets, Robert Hall's price $1.25, sale price 75c.

White Skirts, Corset Covers and Drawers away down in price.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND LACES.

1000 yds. Laces, Robert Hall's price 20 cents, sale peice 10c.

300 pair Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, Robert Hall's price 40c., sale price 25c.

300 pair Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, Robert Hall's price 60c., sale price 40c.

Kid Gloves, Mendings, Cashmere Gloves, Ribbons, Pins, Hair Pins at wholesale prices.

CARPETS AND OILCLOTHS.

All at Bankrupt Prices while they last

MEN'S SUITS TO ORDER.

Special prices during this sale.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

Blouses, Jackets and Waterproofs all at bankrupt prices.

MILLINERY.

Everything here must be sold.

There is no reserve. This stock must be converted into Cash. Bargains Galore. Ladies will do well to call in the forenoon.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

Warwick Bicycles are Built on Honor.

PRICES:

RACING WHEELS .....$100.
ROAD WHEELS. . 65,$75, and $100.
PNEUMATIC CUSHION $85 and $110.
TANDEMS .....$150.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE .....

WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

Takes up all the jar and vibration on Rough Roads. To TRY one is to BUY.

WARWICK CYCLE MF'G. CO.,

54 Beaver Hall Hill Montreal, P. Q.

POSITIVE FACTS!

We have on hand the following:—

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB, BREAKFAST BACON, PORK, HAMS, ROLLS, VEAL, LARD IN 3 AND 5 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 10 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 20 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 50 LB. TUBS

Our Cooked Hams and Rolls are delicious. The Breakfast Bacon, Hams and Rolls are all our "Own Curing." The Pork we use is Farmer's Fed. Our Beaver Brand Lard is equal to the best lard on the market. Don't forget that all our stock is of the best selection.

KENNEDY & NELSON,

340 George Street.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from head ache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

PRINTING

Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right

We order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

PURE

Pure and purity are words that mean a great deal—if an article is only 75 per cent. pure, you lose 25 per cent. of what you pay for it in waste; some articles like

GOLD

look pure though the only gold is a thin veneer on the outside. It looks like gold, feels like gold, but does not wear like gold. Use sooner or later wears off the thin coating and shows the baser metal beneath—The Housewife's

BAKING

is the same—Alum and Phosphate Baking Powders will raise a cake, and make it look delicious and wholesome, but in a day or so it becomes soggy, dry and heavy and the insoluable particles that remain in the cake tend to destroy digestion and the delicate lining of the stomach. In Pure Gold Baking

POWDER

an absolutely pure cream of tartar (a pro duct of the grape) and soda baking powder, the raising element, gas, rises slowly and evenly, gently lifting the cake to the required lightness, then holds it till the crust is formed and finally passes off, leaving not a trace of any deleterious substance behind. Insist upon Pure Gold Baking Powder; your grocer sells it.

USE PURE GOLD FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

—THE—

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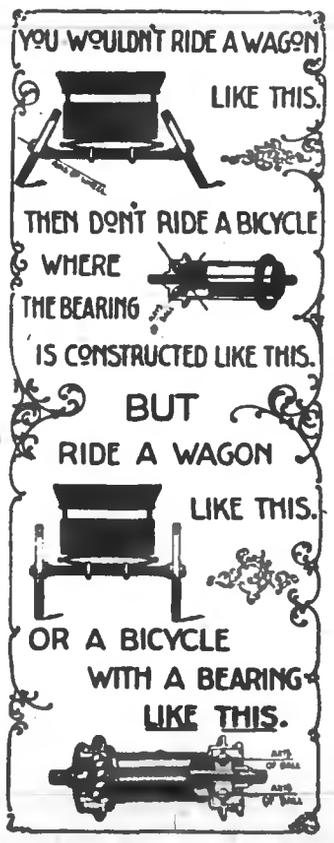

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CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 191 Charlotte-st.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

That was the story—a very simple one, and with just enough of the ludicrous about it to create a general laugh. Doctor Jack, however, sees deeper into the game than any of the others, and taking advantage of the first opportunity he tells Larry so.

"The whole affair was a set up job," he declares.

"What!" cries the dude.

"That man had lost no wife, or sister, or grandmother. He simply fled."

"With what object in view, pray?"

"To detain you in Zaragoza while the rest of us went on," replies Jack.

"To wob me?"

"It might have come to that, although I am not sure. The main object was to separate you and I."

"The duse! What for?"

"Simply that Avis might have one the less protector when the attack on the train is made."

"Attack on the twain!" gasps Larry.

"Certainly. I have learned that after we leave Logrono, at a certain small station where the train stops to give the locomotive a drink, a band of Carlists mean to attack us. Their object you can readily guess—it is to take our lives, for you are also accounted a traitor to the cause, since you are hand in glove with me."

This information astounds the New York dude, but does not frighten him. It seems a pity that such indomitable spirit should have been placed by a freak of nature in such an insignificant little body.

"Well, the first part of their scheme has been a failure—we can outwit them, I rather guess, and if not, then we'll fight."

"Bravo! Larry, old boy. Never fear but that two such cronies as you and I will fall upon them hip and thigh if the occasion arises. But I hope to avoid it by leaving the train at Logrono, and waiting over until tomorrow. By the way, are you armed, Larry?"

The dude nods.

"I've got a revolvah in my hip pocket, and was accounted the crack shot of the Bon Ton Rifle Club in New York," he makes reply.

"Better and better. I myself am no mean marksman, and I have a dandy six-shooter in my portmanteau, which, as you see, the guard has placed under the seat there. We will not worry over the matter, old fellow. Let us go to the ladies—they look this way, as though wondering what we are plotting about."

Soon they are all eating fruit and chatting as merrily as though not the slightest shadow hung over them. But Jack speedily becomes aware of a certain fact—it causes him additional worry. Avis has turned as cold as an icicle toward him. When she chats with the rest she is as merry as of yore, but if he asks her a question she answers in the shortest way possible.

Even the others notice her manner—how can they help it—and wisely decide that a chance should be given these two to make up, for already they look upon Jack and Avis as lovers.

As for Doctor Jack, he is puzzled over the action of the girl. He knows no reason for it, and is about to set the thing down as some peculiarity in her disposition—his experiences in the past have warned him that truth lies in that old refrain of the poets:—

"Oh! woman, in our hour of ease,
Uncertain, coy, and hard to please.
And variable as the shade
By the light, quivering aspen made—
When pain and anguish wring the brow,
A ministering angel, thou."

As chance will have it, he finds himself with the young girl while the train rolls on up the valley of the Ebro. Avis has something on her mind, but she does not know how to go about introducing it. If Jack only knew what it was he would gladly help her, but by accident he stumbles into the breach.

They are talking of some queer things seen on the way, and Jack happens to express his opinion of people with black eyes, first looking into the translucent depths of her own blue orbs.

"Strange as it may seem, my fancy has always been in that direction—I have declared to my friends that if I ever married it would be a man with black eyes. I adore them," she says, just like a woman intent on causing him pain.

"The pasha has the finest I ever saw in a man," he returns, nonchalantly, but the thrust only causes her to gasp a little, and resume:—

"And I never saw such wonderful eyes in my life as were possessed by the peasant boy of Castile you were talking with at Zaragoza."

Doctor Jack smiles—he has discovered what is on the mind of Avis now, even before she sails her craft any closer to windward.

Ah, you noticed him. I was wishing you would. I wanted you to see him.

"Indeed! I should have thought that under such circumstances you would have brought him up to the car window," she says, coldly.

Jack is entirely unmoved—firm in his position, knowing he has only done all that a true man might, he does not shrink from the investigation about to begin at the hands of the fair girl he loves.

"I endeavoured to influence him, but he would not come. Too modest, I presume, Miss Avis."

She laughts at this—how disagreeably even the sweetest girl in the world can laugh when she wants to be particularly perverse—and Avis Morton just now is struggling with a little demon her heart has never known before—jealousy.

Jack casts a side glance at her—wonders as to what she knows, and how much she suspects, and in the next breath learns all.

"It was my opinion, Doctor Evans, that I had never seen more effrontery exhibited by any one than was shown by—that person."

The last words are spoken through her pearly teeth with particular force, and Jack knows now that Mercedes has been unmasked—her secret has not been able to stand before the clear vision of those keen Yankee eyes.

He hardly understands just how to go about it, but an explanation in certainly in order, and nothing but the whole truth will satisfy Avis.

"Miss Morton, there is no need of you and I mincing words. We understand each other. I am led to believe from what you say that you have discovered that boy's secret."

"Boy—well, no doubt other eyes were deceived, but not mine," she replies, and there is a touch of eagerness in her voice, for she has a curiosity to know what has caused the haughty Spanish woman to so demean herself as to appear in this humble disguise.

"You recognised her by her eyes?" he asks.

"Well, I remembered seeing such dazzling orbs before—something sent a suspicion into my brain, and when she looked at me I knew I was right, for she seemed ashamed. Now Doctor Evans, I don't know whether you owe me an explanation or not, but I have believed and trusted in you as a gentleman, and unless you have objections I should like to know why Mercedes Gonzales is on the same train with you, in deep disguise, and why she talked with you so earnestly at the station."

Straight to the point these come, but Jack is ever ready to defend the absent, which trait is one of the noblest in his make-up.

"First of all, Avis—Miss Morton—before I tell you the whole story from the beginning, I must beg that you will not condemn the Senorita Mercedes from our cold American standpoint. They do things differently here in old Spain, and that she is possessed of a noble nature after all, I can prove by telling you that she is even now risking her own life to save us from a threatened danger—warning of which she gave me at Zaragoza."

At this Avis looks sorry—her cold manner vanishes like the hoar-frost in the morning sun, and upon her face steals a look of eager anticipation. Already her heart is warming toward the Spanish girl, and it will soon beat with even greater sympathy when she learns how Mercedes, in her strange way, played for the stake and failed to grasp it.

Jack glances toward the others—Aunt Sophie is fast asleep, and Larry head over ears in a French novel that chains his attention. The coast is clear, the rattle of the train prevents other ears catching his words than those are intended for.

The doctor is a capital story-teller—he has proven this upon the same audience when he related his adventures in Turkey at the time her brother got into trouble. Avis unconsciously snuggles down closer in order to hear better, and—well, Jack makes no objection.

He begins with his visit to the mountains, tells of Don Carlos, then of Barcelona, the pretty flower girl of the Rambla, the adventure in the streets, and the nun of Gerona. Then he goes on to tell of the bull-fight and all has happened in Madrid.

When he comes to Mercedes' visit to his hotel he tries to soften the Spanish girl's actions as well as he can, and although Avis despises the one who could thus sue for a man's love, she cannot but regard Jack with more respect because he tries to shield Mercedes and make light of her folly.

One thing burns to the heart of the New York girl—Jack has hinted that when he first saw Mercedes he was somewhat struck by her intense beauty, and that only for a certain thing he might have returned her love—what does he mean—can it be possible—why does the blood leap so wildly through her veins at the bare thought of such a possibility?

There is a magnetic power about this man, and to herself she admits that he has come through the fiery furnace unscathed—yes, and with an

To be Continued

ROUND THE WORLD IN THIRTY DAYS.

FIGARO'S BET OF $25,000 THAT IT WILL SOON BE DONE.

A General Dissertation on the Art of Globe Trotting—Some of the Fakes That Have Been Worked in This Regard—How the Trip Will Be Made.

Before long the circling of the globe will be brought within the radius of a summer vacation. Instead of spending a month in gay Paris, people of means who are fond of adventure will start on a thirty-day globe trotting trip via San Francisco, continuing their journey from there via Behring Straits, which will then have become a sort of intercontinental ferry.

This sort of thing was foreshadowed when the Trans-Siberian Railway was first thought of, but now a bet has been made that the thirty-day feat is possible. The person laying the wager is the editor of The Figaro, the most enterprising and the wealthiest of European journals.

Figaro is willing to lose $25,000 if, after the completion of the railway across Siberia, its representative does not succeed in racing around the world in thirty days.

Globe trotting has fallen into desuetude during the last twenty years. Since it was found impossible to beat the chimerical Jules Verne by more than a week or ten days, adventurers of all sorts and nationalities have undertaken to show what great lengths of time one can spend in this enterprize if she or he have plenty on hand.

F. Gustav Koegel Frederick Thoener of San Francisco tramped 20,000 miles over A merica, Europe and part of Asia, consuming two whole years in the task, and losing their bet because the White Czar would not permit them to sell their photographs and write for newspapers in Siberia, from the income of which they hoped to work their way. Miss Annie Londonderry of Boston and Chicago recently completed a journey around the world on a bicycle, and without changing her clothes, as she says. It took two years and two months to accomplish that feat according to a reliable umpire, but as to the stipulated use of her bike the records are not clear, one of her biographers insisting that while on board ship she stowed her machine away instead of riding it continuously around the decks as required by the wager.

Another recent globe trotter by means of the bicycle is Albert Fleck of Hanover, Germany. He was in New York in September last, says The New York Journal, and said he expected to finish by the time the next century had begun. Captain Adolph Frietsel of Brooklyn, who started out in June in a 28-foot sailboat to circle the globe, hopes to accomplish the task at about the same period.

Gil Blas sent one of its editors, M. Charles A. F. Brouard, around the world about a year ago, on a $20,000 wager, starting him on his trip with the princely sum of three sous. Brouard was allowed to walk, ride, swim, or proceed as he pleased, the sole condition being he should make his living as he went along. Brouard, according to his own statements, beat his way around the globe in eleven months, and, so he said, "lived like a fighting cock" most of the time.

Figaro's man will travel neither as a beggar nor as a sport nor as a freak. He will go about his business like an ordinary drummer, valise in hand, expecting to eat his three meals a day. This is his itinerary as laid down by the editor:

"Leaving Paris at noon on the first day of the month, he will reach St. Petersburg on the evening of the second, that is, after thirty hours. The same night he will be on the road to Siberia, arriving at the starting point of the new Trans-Siberian road on the third day. The end of the road—that is, the city of Vladivostock—will be reached on the ninth day. Vladivostock by that time will have become one of the world's great seaports. It has a beautiful harbor. From there he goes to San Francisco in ten days by one of the new trans-Pacific line steamers. As in 1900 probably not more than four days and a half will be needed to cover the distance between 'Frisco and New York, the traveler can embark for England on the 24th, which would land him at Southampton on the morning of the 30th. So he may reach Paris on the evening of the same day, having from twelve to fifteen hours to spare of the time allotted him."

The above calculations are entirely within the range of possibility. All that is needed to bring this interesting bet to a successful issue is the completion of the Trans-Siberian Railway, and as the railway is to be a war road beyond all things else, it may be expected that Russia will push things so that the railway will be ready for overland travel within a few years.

A Natural Mistake.

"I want to see the lady of the house," said the wandering gentleman.

"I am she," answered the lady.

"Indeed? You look so perfectly happy and independent that I hope you will excuse me taking you for the hired girl."—Indianapolis Journal.

Harsh.

Cholly—Are you going to wear hoop-skirts if they become the fashion, Miss Peanblow?

Penelope—Yes. Are you?

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary to enable you to buy a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine — wherever you can — and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY MARCH 9, 1897.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
W. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F Wardle, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Samford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., has found time in which to write a good book of over a thousand pages entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies having been sold at $1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the large amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to *give away absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1009 large pages, and over 200 illustrations, some of them in colors. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

WILL ENTER A PROTEST.

North Ontario Conservatives so Decided Yesterday at Beaverton and Put Up the Money for the Purpose.

Beaverton, Ont., March 8.—A large meeting of the Liberal-Conservatives of Thorah, Mara and Beaverton was held in Alexandria Hall, Beaverton, this afternoon. Addresses were delivered by Philip McCrea, chairman; Hugh Wilson and W. H. Hoyle, Cannington; Major Sam Hughes of Lindsay, Robert Birmingham of Toronto; W. S. Bell, Thomas Treleaven of Beaverton, and others.

The following committee reported favorably on entering a protest against the return of the Reform candidate: Messrs. George S. Proctor, Thomas Treleaven, T. C. Hodgkinson and Jas. Duncan of Beaverton; D. Gillespie, Alex. McRae, T. Hodgkinson, W. Osborne, Thomas Francis, Peter McDougall and Alex McNeill of Thorah; and Philip McCrea, D. Bruce, H. Furniss, T. Morgan, Joseph Clutchey and W. McEachern of Mara, and the necessary funds were promptly raised. Resolutions were adopted, congratulating Queen Victoria on her long and prosperous reign, condemning the conduct of Government officers in the recent recount, pledging loyalty to Angus McLeod, expressing confidence in Sir Charles Tupper, Dominion leader; Hon. John Haggart, Dominion leader for Ontario; J. P. Whitney, leader of the local Conservative Opposition in Ontario, and Major Sam Hughes, M.P., chairman for the Midland Counties district.

The work of organization was also discussed. A telegram from George McCormick, M.P., from Orillia, was read, regretting that the serious illness of his wife prevented his attendance.

The Year's Losses by Fire

New York, March 8.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin will say to-morrow: The fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of February shows a total of $8,676,750 as compared with $9,730,100 for the same month last year. The first loss for 1897 so far, is very close to the figures for the same period of 1896. March has opened up very expensively and it is not unlikely that the record for the first quarter will exceed that for the first three months of 1896.

A Thief Killed Himself.

New York, March 8.—Johann G. Rinnblad of Halmstead, Sweden, who fled to this country to escape prosecution on a charge of embezzlement of public funds, shot and killed himself in a hotel here to-day just as officers were about to arrest him.

Flemming's Hard Luck.

"Hear about Flemming's wife? She hasn't said an unkind word to him for nearly a week."

"You don't tell me! How is it to be accounted for?"

"She lost her voice. I'm sorry for him, poor old chap!"

"I should think you'd want to congratulate him."

"No. The doctor says it isn't likely to be permanent."—Cleveland Leader.

SO MANY GONE!

Professional Etiquette Responsible to a Certain Extent.

Friends and Relatives Filled With Remorse.

Paine's Celery Compound Could Have Saved the Majority.

It Saves Life When All Other Medicines Fail.

The winter months have brought bereavement and dark clouds of sorrow to many homes in Canada.

Fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers have been removed by the grim reaper death, the majority of whom might have been saved, had their friends given them Paine's Celery Compound instead of the worthless and, in many cases, life-destroying medicines that the sick ones were forced to swallow.

In many families a too slavish obedience to medical dictation kept the true agent of life from the sick and dying ones. Past records of victory achieved by Paine's Celery Compound were set aside; it was unprofessional to introduce the life-saving Compound in any way!

Ah! Remorse is now doing its quiet and effective work, and those most closely interested are suffering for their neglect.

Will you, reader, allow some dear relative or friend to pass from life without making an effort to save the perishing one by Paine's Celery Compound? The chances for life-saving by Paine's Celery Compound are great and mighty. Even though your friends have suffered long, and neared that point when the family physician can do no more, even then there is hope if Paine's Celery Compound be used.

The life-saving work, the desperate cases overcome in the past, is the bright and living proof that Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well.

The truly honest physicians of the day are quietly and unceasingly recommending Paine's Celery Compound as the best spring medicine that ailing men or women can use. Its wonderful popularity has induced some to bring out imitations that are vile and worthless. See that you get "Paine's," with the stalk of celery on the bottle label and cartoon.

GREECE STANDS FIRM.

Continued from page 1.

that to-morrow be fixed for debating the question.

Prime Minister Meline refused to fix the date, and he was supported by the Chamber by a vote of 325 to 194.

M. Jaures, Socialist, said that he would renew the interpellation on the subject daily.

Unsatisfactory to Germany.

Berlin, March 8.—The reply of Greece to the note of the powers has been received here, and, as we expected, it is unsatisfactory. In consequence, Germany and Russia have signified their approval of an immediate blockade of the Greek and Cretan coasts.

To Withdraw Their Ministers.

Rome, March 8.—It is semi-officially announced that, owing to the adverse reply of Greece to the demands of the powers, the latter will at once withdraw their Ministers from Athens.

Was it an Ultimatum?

London, March 8.—In the House of Commons to-day, Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, denied that the collective note which the powers had addressed to Greece was couched in the form of an ultimatum. There was no doubt, he said, that there was a difference between the position of Turkey and that of Greece. The latter was acting in defiance of the powers, while Turkey was acting purely on the defensive, and showing that she had no desire to resist the desires of the powers.

G. N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, said it was impossible to pledge the powers to the appointment of a Christian Governor of Crete.

The full text of the collective note addressed by the powers to Turkey and Greece last week was issued by the Foreign Office to-day, and it is seen that the notes do not differ in purport from the summaries which were published at the time. The note addressed to the Porte states that the autonomy of Crete implies progressive reduction of the Ottoman forces on the island, to begin after the Greek troops now in Crete are withdrawn.

It is announced here this evening that the French, German and Russian Ministers have approved the carrying out of the threat contained in the identical note of the powers to blockade the coasts of Greece in the event of her refusing to accede to the demand that she withdrawn her troops from Crete and her fleet from Cretan waters. Their reason is that, although the reply of Greece gives some hope of a compromise it does not comply with the demand made by the powers.

The reply of Greece has not been issued officially, and it is, therefore, impossible to state its exact terms.

The Morning Post will to-morrow publish a despatch sent from Athens to-night saying that Greece in the course of her reply demands the annexation of Crete to her territory, on the grounds of historic rights and community of race and religion. Nevertheless she declares that she would withdraw her fleet from Cretan waters if the powers would delegate to the Greek army the work of pacifying the island. After this work was accomplished the Cretans should be allowed to freely express their opinion as to the future fate of the island.

Lord Salisbury went this afternoon to Windsor Castle, where he conferred for some time with the Queen. The subject of the conference has not been made public, but it is supposed that it had some bearing on the Cretan question. According to announcements previously made the Queen is to start for the Riviera on Wednesday and the Prime Minister would undoubtedly have visited Her Majesty under any circumstances prior to her departure.

WHAT SIR CHARLES DILKE SAYS.

Does Not Think a General War Will Follow the Coercion of Greece.

New York, March 8.—The Journal addressed the following questions to Sir Charles Dilke, who is considered one of the ablest Englishmen now in public life:

1. What percentage of Englishmen are opposed to the coercion of Greece?
2. Can the English masses influence the Government against coercion?
3. If Greece declares war on Turkey, is a general European war certain to result?

Sir Charles replied as follows: "I do not propose to write upon your first two questions, as the matter is in too delicate a situation to make it wise to do so.

"With regard to your third question, I do not think there is the slightest risk of a general war in Europe arising out of anything that is likely to occur in the Greek islands.

"It is my own opinion that a general war is not likely to arise, even out of events which might occur and may occur in Macedonia, but a general Continental partition of Turkey is, in my mind, highly dangerous, and likely in the long run to prove a cause of war."

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade quiet, there being no business reported. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—There is a very dull market, with quotations generally unchanged. Red winter is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 88c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 84c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. White sold outside at 17½c to 18c, and mixed at 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 32c to 33c west.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 8.—Spring wheat, 6s 5½d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 43s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 6d; do., light, 23s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage quiet and steady. English country markets firm. Maize quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures firm at 6s 4d for March, 6s 5⅜d for May and July, and 6s 4½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 6⅜d for March, 2s 7½d for April, 2s 8½d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 10⅜d for Sept. Flour 22s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 90c for April; flour 45f 90c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures steady at 6s 3½d for March, 6s 5d for April, 6s 4⅝d for July and 6s 3⅝d for Sept. Maize 2s 7½d for April, 2s 8½d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 10⅜d for Sept. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet. Maize on passage firm.

Paris—Wheat weak at 21f 80c for April; flour weak at 45f 40c for April.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 9, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mammoth	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

CURES cold in the head in ten minutes.
CURES incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
CURES chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

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Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
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The Wood Company,
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For Sale in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1897.

TO FOUND A NEGRO CITY.

Colored Man's Scheme to Rehabilitate a Georgia Boom Town of 1860.

One of the most novel negro colonization schemes yet sprung has originated right here in Atlanta. The person at the head of it is no other than the well-known barber, politician and military captain, Moses Bentley. Bentley has his plans under way and he will not take his emigrants to any far away place in Africa or Liberia, but will settle them in Georgia, and will do so at a small cost to those who follow.

Bentley's scheme is unique in the fact that he will found a city exclusively for the negro. He is to have the entire government conducted by the people of his own race—a negro mayor and negro councilmen, negro policemen, and, in fact, as there are to be no white people living within the city limits, every office-holder will be a negro. Then the laws are to be the work of negro mental labor.

The scheme of Bentley's is doubly interesting, as he contemplates resurrecting an old "Deserted Village," re-establishing the city which once flourished nearly a hundred years ago, and which has literally been wiped off the face of the map. This was Sunbury, the city which was located on the Sunbury River, at its mouth, in Liberty County, and on the sea coast. In the year 1800 Sunbury was a South Georgia "boom town," and it quickly sprung into popularity, all the wealthy planters of that section going there and building beautiful homes. In 1820 Sunbury had some fifteen or twenty thousand inhabitants and was considered a model city. Ships came into its harbor, and it was regarded a commercial centre of no mean proportions. But suddenly Sunbury began to decline. It was sickly on account of malaria and the people fled from the city as if a plague had stricken the place. In a few years the place was almost deserted. And now only three or four huts mark the spot where once it flourished.

Bentley is to build his model negro city on the site of old Sunbury. He has ascertained that while the white people cannot stand the malaria of that district, the miasma has no ill effects upon negroes. The land is rich and can be bought cheap. It can be made a shipping point for the products of the country for many miles around. Bentley has recorded all these points.

"Yes," he said, "I have my plans well under way. I have written to the parties owning the land where old Sunbury was once located, and I expect to hear from them in a few days. This is no wildcat scheme. I mean business, and I already see the money in sight for the preliminary work. I have had this in my mind for several years. I wish to show the world what the negro of the South can do toward self-government. I want to say right here that we will have no worthless negroes in our new city. They have got to be industrious and of good character. I expect to have a city of 5000 people in two years from now."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Best Uses of Oatmeal.

Oats yield most of their nutrient principles to boiling water, therefore oatmeal gruel and oatmeal water represent a fair proportion of their nourishing strength. Oatmeal gruel, especially excellent for invalids, is prepared by adding an ounce of washed oatmeal and a pinch of salt to three pints of water, then boiling down to two pints, straining, allowing it to cool and pouring o the clear liquor. A few raisins added toward the close of the boiling impart an improved flavor. Sugar, lemon juice and nutmeg are sometimes added to improve the flavor. With beef tea oatmeal is of value in the sick room, and the two are combined in this manner: Mix two tablespoonfuls of oatmeal with two of cold water, add to a pint of strong beef tea, boiling; boil six minutes, stirring all the time, then strain through a fine sieve and serve hot.

Oatmeal water is prepared by boiling oatmeal in considerable water and straining it. Added to the milk given bottle-fed babies, it prevents coagulation of the caseine of the milk in large, firm curds, and is also mildly laxative. A little salt should be added to the water while boiling.

The Cosy Kitchen.

The modern kitchen, incased in brick walls at the back of the house, lacks much of the charm associated with the old-fashioned kitchen of a generation or so ago. Yet a small expenditure of time and money will make bright and cheerful an apartment where at least one human being spends three-quarters of her life. A clock ticking cheerily and some thin white sash curtains at the window add much to its comfort and cost but little. The floor should be covered with a bright oilcloth or linoleum and the wall is tinted some sunshiny color. A rack for three or four books and two or three plants on the window-sills will help to brighten the kitchen, and there but few maids who will not appreciate these efforts made in her behalf.

The Demand For Thermometers

A dealer in thermometers said that under ordinary conditions the sales of thermometers were about ten per cent. greater in winter than in summer. There were more people, and so more buyers in town in winter, and he thought, too, that people were more interested in the temperature of winter weather than in that of summer. If there should be a prolonged spell of very hot weather in summer the sale of thermometers would increase enough to make it equal the usual sale in winter. A like cold spell in winter, however, would increase the sale in that season, so that take it altogether the average sale of thermometers was greater in winter than in summer.—New York Sun.

As Lot's wife perceived that she was turning to salt, her tears broke forth a fresh.

Her feminine instinct, so prone to conventional symmetry, impelled her to even things up thus opportunely.—New York Press.

Rural Ragges—Say, Tatts, do you know why we's like slot machines?

Tramping Tatters—No; I don't. Why is we?

Rural Ragges—'Cos we never work.—New York World.

Wot's the Use.

Wot's the use o' eatin', say?
Gotter eat again!
Wot's the use t' go t' sleep?
Gittin' up's sech pain!
Work until yer simply lame—
Nex' day gotter work the same!

Wot's the use o' gettin' full?
Gotter sober up.
Wot's the use t' ride a wheel?
Only gotter stop!
Wot's the use o' livin', say?
Only gotter die some day!

THE PAPAL ABLEGATE.

Government Officially Apprised of the Appointment—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 8.—(Special.)—The Government has been officially apprised of the appointment of Mgr. Mery Del Val, private secretary to Pope Leo XIII., as ablegate to Canada. It came in the following message received late Saturday night:

"The Apostolic Delegate, Mgr. Mery Del Val, starts soon for Canada. The Pope desires it to be known that in despatching one so closely attached to his person he gives exceptional assurance of his special personal interest in the religious welfare of Canada. (Signed) C. Russell."

Mr. Russell is legal agent in Great Britain for the present Government, and son of the Lord Chief Justice.

On the 24th of February the following despatch was received by the Government from Mr. Russell, Q.C., who accompanied the Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick to Rome on his recent visit:

"Cardinal Rampolla desires me to inform you officially that a request has been forwarded to the bishops to suspend all action. (Signed) C. Russell."

On the 4th of March the following cable despatch was sent to Mr. Russell from the Dominion Government:

"Are we authorized to publish the message informing us that the bishops are instructed to suspend all action?"

To this the following answer was received:

"You are authorized to say that the bishops have been instructed to suspend all action, pending consideration of the issue. (Signed) C. Russell."

Then followed La Patrie's announcement last week.

Mgr. Mery Del Val is private secretary to His Holiness, and although a young man, 30 years old, stands high in the Vatican councils. He is by birth a Spaniard, but his mother was an English woman. The coming delegate is said to be a man of great scholastic attainments and diplomatic ability.

The Capital is to celebrate the great Jubilee by a big military demonstration on May 24th. It will be grandest military pageant ever witnessed in this city. The full garrison, including all the military organizations in the city, will be reviewed, and it is expected that a number of outside battalions will take part in the celebration. The troops will be reviewed by His Excellency the Governor-General, who will be attended by a galaxy of officers. The details have not been fully arranged as yet, but overtures will be made to the committee of citizens appointed at the request of His Worship Mayor Bingham to arrange for a local celebration with a view to securing their co-operation.

Profound regret was expressed in civil service circles to-day at the news of the death of Mr. J. B. Lynch, formerly accountant of the Agricultural Department at San Fernando, Cal., at the early age of 38 years. The deceased left Ottawa two years ago on account of ill-health and settled in Pueblo, Cal. Mr. Lynch came to Ottawa from Woodstock, N.B., where his parents still reside. He was employed for some time on the staff of the Auditor-General's Department before becoming accountant of the Agricultural Department. He also occupied, while in the latter branch, the position of inspector of quarantine stations, and was one of the best-informed men on quarantine matters in Canada. For a number of years he was President of St. Patrick's Literary Society of Ottawa and other Catholic bodies, but was esteemed and beloved for his sterling qualities and sunny nature by Protestants equally as by Catholics.

The funeral of William Smith, ex-Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, took place this afternoon. There was a large attendance, including the entire staff of the Marine and Fisheries Department, headed by Minister Davies. Among others present were Sir C. H. Tupper and Sir James Grant.

The Hawkesbury Lumber Co. paid $124,000 for the Dumoine timber limits purchased from Mr. W. Mackey.

Peter Brown, a city contractor, took carbolic acid yesterday in place of medicine, and is now in a precarious condition.

Messrs. J. A. McMillan, C. R. Cunningham and John Henderson, commissioners for Knox Church, left for Mount Forest to-night to extend the call to Knox Church pulpit to Rev. Mr. Ramsay. It is expected that Mr. Ramsay will accept. The Ottawa Presbytery will meet to-morrow morning to extend the call and it will be forwarded by telegraph to Mount Forest.

It is reported that Samuel St. Orme Chapleau, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, has been appointed assistant Clerk of the House of Commons in place of Mr. Roxleau, superannuated, combining with the duties those of his present office.

The Government is advised that one of the largest freight vessels afloat will ply to Montreal the coming summer.

A. F. Jury, the newly-appointed immigration agent at Liverpool, was in town receiving his instructions. He does not know the date of his departure.

Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States Ambassador to England, and Mrs. Bayard are arranging to make a tour of Italy, and will probably start for Florence on March 20.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Many Little Items of Interest Gathered From the Despatches and Put Into Paragraphs to Save Space.

A report from Panama states that ex-Vice President Eseta died yesterday in Colon.

The New York Central Road earned gross for February $3,301,460, an increase of $94,850.

Mussulmans are robbing Christian graves in Crete in order to steal the valuables buried with the bodies.

The officials of the Joint Traffic Association report rates to be fully maintained throughout their jurisdiction.

The Assembly of Uruguay has given the Cabinet a free hand, with instructions to suppress the rebellion at any cost.

Jeromie Decarie, Mayor of Toutes Graces, Que., has decided to accept the Liberal candidature for the County of Hochelaga.

Baron De Courcel, French Ambassador to Great Britain, went to Windsor yesterday and presented to the Queen his letters of recall.

At Chicago yesterday James Powers shot his wife Mary, killing her instantly, and then sent a bullet into his own brain. He cannot live. Jealousy was the cause.

The G.T.R. management has dismissed Conductor Cromwell, Engineer McLean and Brakeman Loughrey of London, for running into a local freight at St. Paul's, Ont., a short time ago.

Sir Donald A. Smith, Canadian High Commissioner in London, will sail for New York on his way to Canada on board the steamer Teutonic, which will depart from Liverpool on March 10.

The Bahia fanatics in Brazil have killed Col. Moreire Caesar, three officers and 200 soldiers. There is great excitement in Rio Janeiro, where the people have pillaged and burned the offices of two monarchist papers.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher died yesterday morning at Stamford, Mass. The deceased lady was a Miss Bullard, and married Mr. Beecher in 1837. Her father was a doctor and farmer, and there were seven sons and two daughters in the family.

E. M. Raynor, a former engineer on the New York Central Railway, made a noose with the curtain cord of an engine cab on Sunday night, and hanged himself in the cab, after drawing the curtain. Jack McCarthy, another engineer, discovered the body shortly after the occurrence.

A Fatal Defect.

"I understand, Rastus, that your daughter is quite a singer."

"Deyn't no doubts erbout dat, boss."

"That's lucky. I suppose you will have no difficulty in getting her a position in one of the church choirs in town."

"She tried dat, boss, but it didn't wu'k. Eb'ry time she dun open her mouf it made sich a draf in de chu'ch dat de congregation caught col', sah, an' she hatter resign."—Richmond Dispatch.

Lonelyville Forethought.

Mr. Isolate (of Lonelyville, mildly)—I don't see why you should send me over to borrow the Hermitage's lawn mower so early in the spring, Anabel. We certainly won't need it for some time yet.

Mrs. Isolate (earnestly)—Yes, I know that, Ferdinand, but it will be such a satisfaction to know that we have it in the house in readiness for use when we shall need it!

SPRING HAT STYLES!

Can Best be Studied Here!

WE SPECIALIZE HATS During Hat Season our whole time and attention is devoted to this one line—selecting the best goods and the latest popular styles.

THIS SEASON we show makes, styles and qualities we never were able to show before. We have in our Toronto business a field to cover in city trade which demands the very nobbiest and nattiest things to be picked up. With this in view we have this season gotten together Special Styles, Qualities and Makes, that it would be impossible to show in a trade limited to a town only.

HATS made by Youman's, Stetson, Lincoln Bennett, Christy, Wilkinson, Benson, &c., are among our exclusive makes.

AT SPOT CASH we are able to give better values than we ever could under a credit and cash system. This we will convince any of, if they but step in and see how our Hats are marked. No trouble to show you through. Won't ask you to buy if you don't want to.

FAIRWEATHER & Co.
HATTERS,
PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

A LITTLE PAINT

will make an old farm wagon look like new. If you keep your farm implements and tools well painted they will last twice as long as if they were never touched after they left the shop.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

are made for every purpose. A paint for houses, another for floors, another for barns, still another for furniture and decorative work. A paint for buggies, for shelves, for cupboards, for farm tools, for bath tubs—each exactly suited for the purpose intended and nothing else. A paint that is recommended as good for everything is probably good for nothing. No two articles to be painted are exactly alike. Upon one you may desire a glossy varnish surface, upon another an oil finish that can be washed.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT

is made for floors, and floors only. It dries quickly. It is made to walk on, and to stand being walked on.

Our booklet, "**Paint Points,**" tells many valuable things about good paint and bad paint, how to paint and what to paint. Send to-day for a free copy, a postal will do. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine St., Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
CHICAGO
NEW YORK
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Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been staring in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 58. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BRITISH CABINET MET

And Considered the New Situation in Crete

The British Premier Sent Out a Lot of Telegraphic Messages, the Contents of Which are Not Known—Sir William Vernon Harcourt Asked Questions But Got No Satisfaction—Greece Continues War Preparations Vigorously—Italian Warship Fired on Christians—Suspense in All Countries.

London, March. 9.—An extra meeting of the Cabinet to consider the new Cretan situation arising from Greece's practical refusal to accede to the demands of the powers was held this evening in one of the private rooms of the House of Commons. After the meeting Prime Minister Salisbury went to the Foreign Office, where he was visited by Count Deym, the Austrian Ambassador. Later Lord Salisbury sent telegraphic messages to the other capitals and to Admiral Sir Michael Culme Seymour, commander-in-chief of the British Mediterranean squadron.

As the House of Commons was on the point of adjourning this evening, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the leader of the Liberal party, arose, and while disavowing any desire to embarrass the Government in the negotiations necessarily arising from Greece's reply, he said he desired an assurance that the British forces should not be employed against Greece before Parliament was given a chance to express its judgment on the matter. Sir William said he believed that a situation had arisen in which an amicable settlement of the question was possible. He was confident that the Government would do its best to ensure such a settlement. He did not base his request on constitutional right, but on a policy of the highest description, really involving the issues of peace or war.

Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, the Government leader, in reply to Sir William, said the course demanded by the Opposition was extremely inexpedient and absolutely contrary to precedent. The Government, he added, could not be guided by the practice of France, to which Sir William had referred. He recalled the bombardment of Alexandria in 1882, and the blockade of Greece in 1886, when Sir William was a member of the Government. He could not believe that any stronger action, and hoped that nothing as strong, was now likely, but in neither case to which he referred had any notice been given to Parliament beforehand.. The Government was most anxiously desirous of an amicable settlement. It was in every way conscious of its responsibility, and was acting in the firm belief that it was pursuing a policy that would bring liberty to Crete and preserve the peace of Europe. It was not prepared to imperil either by a pledge which might hamper its action at a critical moment.

In reply to a question asked by Sir Charles Dilke, Mr. Balfour said he did not think that the negotiations now in progress would be terminated by Thursday, enabling a statement of the intentions of the powers to be made on that day, as had been promised by Mr. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister.

Italian Cabinet Talks It Over.

Rome, March 9.—The Cabinet met in council this forenoon, the Premier, Marquis Di Rudini presiding, to discuss the reply of Greece to the collective note of the powers, and as the result of the discussion a communication was wired to each of the great powers, saying that, according to the opinion of Italy, the powers are still out of accord as to the method of coercion which should be directed against Greece and that nothing can be done until the question is settled. The despatch further says that the foreign admirals in Cretan waters differ in opinion from Admiral Canevaro, commanding the Italian squadron, and by reason of seniority, directing the united fleet, who reports that the mere blockading of the Piraeus would be ineffective. The united fleet, he says, must extend its operations from the Piraeus to Volo, in Thessaly. The communication of the Government to the powers adds that Italy will not entertain a proposal to occupy Crete alone, but if there shall be any occupation of the island it must be a mixed occupation.

Must Make a Blaff.

London, March 9.—Despatches from official sources in Berlin say that a certain measure of blockade of Greece must be observed, though it may not be immediately enforced. The form of blockade which Germany favors is something similar to that which was put into operation in 1886, which was pre-eminently a peaceful blockade. Under the German plan, as outlined in the Berlin despatches, a fortnight should elapse before any action is taken. At the expiration of that time a pacific form of blockade should be put into operation, under which any Greek or other vessel that may be arrested will not be confiscated, but will be released when the blockade is raised.

The latest despatches from Athens say that the fever of excitement is abating and the city is becoming quieter. The Greek Government have reason to believe that the moderate tone of Greece's note to the powers will be approved by the Governments at Paris and London and oblige the powers to pause. Germany and Russia, in the opinion of the Greek Government, will not act alone and a halt on the part of the powers is believed to be assured. Another despatch from Athens says that every available steamship in Greek waters has been chartered for the purpose of conveying war material to Thessaly. The reserves, who have been summoned to arms, by the Government, are arriving by thousands amid the cheers of the populace and are being hurried to the front.

Col. Vassos Interviewed.

Berlin, March 9.—The Lokal Anzeiger publishes a report of an interview with Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete, in which he declares that he and all his officers will leave Crete only as victors. Col. Vassos say he has four thousand troops and sufficient ammunition and provisions to last through six months' defence of a blockade. At his headquarters he says he has an ample larder and a large stock of excellent wines and beer. "Though the Cretans, especially the women and children," Col. Vassos is quoted as saying, "have suffered through the blockade of the island from lack of bread, they have had an abundance of meat and drink. The insurgents are well clad, and are excellent marksmen. They are armed with Martini rifles. If it should come to an open war, and the powers should remain neutral, I could take Canea in four hours and Candia and Retimo in a day."

Take This With Salt.

London, March 9.—A despatch from Candia, Crete, under yesterday's date, says:

A large number of Moslem women and children are confined in the hospital here suffering from mutilation inflicted upon them by Christians. News from the interior shows that massacres of Moslems by Christians are almost of hourly occurrence. Out of 167 Moslems in the village of Cykia, only one person, a child, escaped slaughter.

Ordered to Leave.

Canea, March 9.—Admiral Canevaro, commanding the united fleet of the powers, has notified the Greeks here, including the Greek Vice-Consul, that they must leave the island at once. It is reported that the siege of Kandamos has been raised, and that the Mussulmans who were beleaguered there, have moved to places of safety. The insurgents made an attack upon the Turkish position at Akroti yesterday, but were stoutly resisted by the Turks and finally repulsed. The insurgents were reinforced during the night, and renewed their attack upon the place to-day.

Italians Fired on Christians.

Canea, March 9.—Advices from Hierapetra, on the south coast of the Island of Crete, say that Mussulmans in possession of that town were summoned to surrender by the Christian insurgents, who were investing the town, and that the Mussulmans refused to do so. The insurgents then fired a volley into the fort, which was held by the Moslems, whereupon an Italian cruiser lying off the town fired upon the insurgents, compelling them to retire.

A Turkish transport, with Turkish civil officers and soldiers on board arrived here from Kastela to-day, but was refused a pilot to bring her into the harbor, owing to the fact of her having smallpox on board.

Will Wait Till He's Kicked Out.

London, March 9.—The Westminster Gazette, published a despatch from Canea, saying that the Greeks have been ordered by the commander of the United fleets to leave that place immediately. The Greek Vice-Consul at Canea, who is included in this order, has replied that he will submit only to force, which, the despatch adds, will be employed by the powers if necessary to compel obedience to the order.

Englishmen Ready to Fight for Greece.

London, March 9.—M. Skouses, Greek Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent a telegram in response to numerous offers of Englishmen to take up arms in the Greek cause, saying that only Greeks are admitted to the Greek army.

The list of British authors who have signed an address, expressing sympathy with Greece, includes Grant Allen, Justin McCarthy, Hall Caine, William Watson, Anthony Hope and Israel Zangwell.

Austrian Troops Under Orders.

London, March 9.—A despatch from Vienna to the Central News says that the 87th Infantry Regiment at Trieste has ben ordered to be mobilized in readiness to proceed to Crete.

The Greek reply to the identical note of the six great powers has been received at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, where it has been "most carefully considered. It is not considered at all satisfactory, as it is evasive, Greece apparently being desirous of dodging the very points upon which the identical note was based.

France is Delaying

Paris, March 9.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Millerand, Socialist, again interpellated the Government regarding the Cretan question, and the action to be taken by France in view of the refusal of Greece to heed the ultimatum of the powers. Prime Minister Meline and M. Hanotaux asked that consideration of the subject be deferred until Thursday, and this was agreed to by the Chamber by a vote of 342 to 205.

They are Full of Fight.

New York, March 9.—The probability that war will be declared against Greece has aroused the Grecian residents of this city to a high pitch of

Continued on Page 7.

OVER TEN MILLIONS

Paid in Life Insurance Premiums Last Year.

Thirty-Nine Companies Did Business—Some Have Dropped Out, However, Leaving the Field to Canadian Companies—The Beneficiary Societies Have Done a Big Business, Too—Coal Magnate Whitney Evidently Anxious About the Tariff—Supreme Court Business—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 9.—(Special.)—A summary of the life insurance business of the past year has been issued by the Finance Department. Thirty-nine companies were doing business in Canada during 1896. Of those 11 were Canadian, 14 British and 14 American; but of the latter three have ceased doing new business, while six British companies have also dropped out of the Canadian field. These 39 companies had on Dec. 31 the considerable amount of $327,730,011 in force, an increase of $8,472,930 over the amount of insurance in force at the close of 1895. The premiums of the year totaled $10,597,076, an increase of $306,722 over the business of the previous year. Of the total, no less than $6,075,996 was taken in by Canadian companies, which is about 60 per cent. Claims were paid during the year to the amount of $4,706,157, an increase of $956,114. Canadian companies alone paid out $2,128,561. There are now 150,148 life insurance policies in force in Canadian companies, out of a total of 261,259 policies in force throughout the Dominion in various companies.

Besides the line companies' business, a large amount of insurance is held in the various societies doing insurance on the assessment plan. The members of these societies paid assessments last year to the amount of $1,641,686, and the societies paid out $1,154,302 in claims. The net amount of insurance in force in the several societies is $122,890,399. Of this sum $61,603,000 is held in the I.O.F., which received $624,497 last year in assessments, and paid out $440,020 in claims; and $17,050,500 in the C.M.B.A., which received $187,965 in assessments and paid out $168,150 in claims.

With reference to the statements of Mgr. Gravel of Nicolet, Archbishop Langevin, and others of the hierarchy that they have not received orders from Rome to "suspend their action" on the school question, it is explained here that this is quite possible, as the orders have been mailed from Rome, and will not likely reach the archbishops and bishops until next week.

Charges have been preferred to the Department of Justice against Judge Woods, County Court Judge for Perth County, of frequent inability to attend to the duties of the bench. The charges are made by local residents and they will be investigated by a special commissioner.

President Whitney of the Dominion Coal Company, is here anxiously watching tariff matters. It is significant that he should be in town when tariff revision is under consideration, as it was in council to-day. Mr. Whitney and his colleagues are anxious as to the probable decision of the Government in respect to the duties now imposed by Canada upon imports of bituminous coals. In view of the United States, and the cheapness of the soft coal products of that country, a relaxation of the present Canadian duty of 60 cents per ton, it is said, would strike a serious blow at the Nova Scotia coal industry. It is learned that the great railway corporations are strongly urging a further reduction in the Canadian duty on bituminous coals.

In the Supreme Court this morning, conspicuous in the chamber, had been erected a colored cotton loom as an exhibit in the case of the Canadian Cotton Co. v. Talbot. The machinery was in the same position as when the accident occurred which caused the suit. Argument will proceed to-morrow.

The delivery of judgments in election appeals is now awaited with considerable anxiety on account of the near approach of the session. Unless the judgments come in a few days there will not be time for fixing trial in several suits before the House meets, and then the members will retain their seats for next session.

Hon. L. H. Davies, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, was interviewed by your correspondent to-night in regard to the order-in-Council bringing into force on the lakes the "international rules of the road at sea," agreed to by the maritime powers. The Minister said that the explanation of the apparent anomaly to which attention was drawn yesterday, was simply this: That according to statute it was imperative that the maritime regulations brought into force as regards Canadian waters should be made to apply to "all" the waters of Canada, to inland navigable waters as well as to territorial waters accessible to seagoing vessels. Thus the Imperial Government, having requested the promulgation in Canada of the international rules of the road at sea, the Dominion was bound to make their application general to all our territorial waters. According to this the matter of a uniform system on the great lakes is a matter for subsequent arrangement. As more than four-fifths of the lake shipping is owned in the United States, vessels of the latter flag carrying fully fifty per cent. even of the international freight traffic, it is easily apparent that Canadian vessel masters will be bound for the sake of safety to conform to the American code. In the face of these facts, how silly appears the proposition put forward in the semi-official press that if the American shipmasters do not conform to these rules "the dangers and difficulties consequent upon the existence of different rules of the road will be their fault and not ours." It is well known that the American Inland Marine Associations have steadfastly maintained that the code of sea signals is altogether inapplicable to lake navigation.

Messrs. L. N. Champagne and C. B. Major and their friends had a conference with Mr. Laurier in his office this forenoon in regard to the nomination in Wright. It was agreed that Mr. Champagne should be the Liberal candidate, but it is not announced what promises Major received. Mr. Laurier will speak at a meeting in Hull in favor of Mr. Champagne. As a consequence of to-day's conference the Liberals will not hold a convention. It is not yet settled who the Conservative candidate will be, except that the strongest of several good men, including Messrs. J. M. McDougall, Q.C., of Hull and Charles Logue of Maniwaki, will be chosen. Everything points to McDougall as the Conservative standard-bearer. Many Hull Liberals are greatly displeased with Champagne's candidature, so that Conservative prospects are bright.

Prof. Robertson, Agricultural Commissioner, has issued a bulletin for farmers and dairymen, giving concise directions how to equip a small-sized cold storage building.

Major Chapleau, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, says he would not accept the position of assistant clerk of the House of Commons if it were offered him.

West End Park has had its name changed to Victoria Park in honor of Her Majesty.

The directors of the Protestant General Hospital, not being able to come to terms with the medical staff, who resigned some months ago, to-day elected new men.

The annual meeting of St. George's Society was held to-night. Ald. Fred Cook was elected president, Messrs. C. Downing, Fripp and J. A. Phillips vice-presidents, and Capt C. F. Winter secretary.

C. W. Sutter of Edmonton has been appointed immigration agent for Alberta, with headquarters at Calgary.

Mr. Robert Henry, ex-M.P., Brantford, was in the city to-day on private business. He saw Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster during the course of the day, and left for Montreal in the afternoon.

Mr. Colter, ex-M.P., Haldimand, is here on departmental business.

W. L. Griffith of Emerson, Man., has been appointed immigration agent for Wales, by the Dominion Government.

Mr. Tarte was in Montreal to-day attending Mme. Dansereau's funeral.

Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick is in Quebec.

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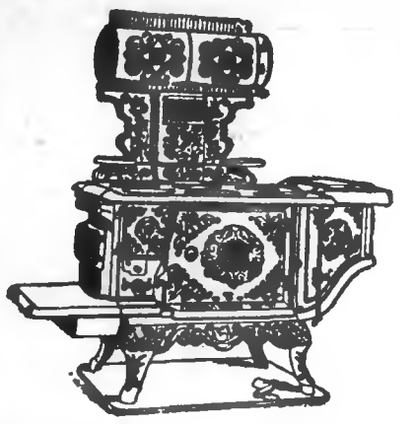

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897

ONE of the good results which may follow the law reforming the provincial civil service by compelling them to keep out of the election campaigns should be a reduction in the number of officials. There is no doubt some men have been given positions simply because of the service they could be to the party. To be of service under the proposed law they would have to be turned out of office.

THE Conservatives of North Ontario have decided to protest the election of the Liberal candidate, and no doubt will be successful, for few bye-elections are protest proof, especially when a Liberal Government is in the contest to win at any cost. Mr McLeod made a gallant fight in the bye-election, and if all the ballots had been counted as the voters intended they should he might have been elected. He and the party are, therefore, justified in opening the constituency if possible, and having another test, which should and no doubt will result in the return of Mr. McLeod.

THE announcement made in the Legislature by Mr. Hardy that the resolution on the order paper regarding public officials and their relations to elections is an important one from a campaign standpoint. The Premier said that the resolution represented the Government's views on the question. The resolution is as follows;—

"This House is of opinion that officers or clerks of the civil or public service of the province, or permanent employees, who solely or for the most part obtain their livelihood in the public service should not actively participate in provincial or Dominion election campaigns, and that officers and clerks of the civil service should not become candidates for municipal councillors."

The enforcement of such an enactment is only just and right. As has been argued time and time again, it is not right that men who are in the employ of the whole people, men who take the money of all citizens irrespective of politics, should go out and work in the interests of one section of the people whom they are supposed to serve. The effect of the enforcement of such a law as the above resolution will be seen in an election, and Mr. Hardy can hardly allow it to be enacted unless it is to be enforced. However, Mr Hardy proposes to give the officials a free hand in Dominion politics arguing probably that the provincial officials are not serving the people of the whole Dominion. It will be interesting to watch this legislation when it is before the House.

MANY people, without money and without any particular money making talent, are flocking to Rossland and the gold fields in that country, and many more will follow in the spring. That the large majority of these will not better their position is a certainity and many of them will find their case worse in the west than they did in Ontario, Quebec or the Maritime Provinces. For the information of any in this vicinity who may be considering a Rossland trip the following paragraph from the Rossland Miner is published.

For some time past there has been a considerable number of laboring men with very limited means out of work in Rossland. This number is being rapidly augmented by the arrival in camp of others seeking employment, who are, in most cases, unfitted to do such work as offers, and frequently have no money to fall back on to sustain them while here looking for work, or to take them back home. To all such men the Miner would say, do not come to Rossland. There are plenty of laborers here—enough, in fact, to fill all the jobs which will be vacant in the next two months. In the past week over twenty cases have been brought to the Miner's attention of women coming to Rossland in search of work, who arrived here practically without a dollar. This is simply criminal folly on the part of the individuals in question, and that such conduct has not already produced a tragedy, or at least, a scandal, is more owing to good luck than anything else. Rossland is well supplied with female labor of all kinds. Numbers of girls have been taken in by families who had no need of them. These girls are not, in most cases, earning any wages and their presence in the camp results only in a lowering of the scale of wages for all kinds of work for women.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Premier Hardy Denies Charges of Nepotism.

Woman's Property Emancipation Bill—Interesting Discussion on Municipal Government New Act Respecting Town Councils—Have We Too Many Rulers?—Duties of Provincial Auditors Discussing the Estimates—The Forestry Department.

Toronto, March 10.

Upon the opening of the Legislature yesterday the Attorney-General asked the privilege of the House to make some remarks about an article which had appeared in The Toronto Mail and Empire in reference to his appointment of relatives to office under the Government.

The Premier stated that this was the same old story which had been used in the last campaign. It had been refuted once before and therefore The Mail was not speaking in ignorance. In the first place, he had no father in the London Asylum; his father had been dead 10 years. He had no son in the Crown Lands Department, and no niece in the Orillia Asylum. Neither had he a sister in the Hamilton Asylum, nor a cousin in the license branch. It was true he had a cousin, but not a nephew in the Education Department, but the latter had been in the employ of the Government before he (the speaker) had entered Parliament. He was a son of Rev. Thomas Jeffers and a nephew of Dr. Jeffers. Miss Hardy, a matron of the Orillia Asylum, had been employed there for over 15 years, and now received a paltry $450 per year. Miss Parker, of the Hamilton Asylum, spoken of as his sister, was a sister of one of Sir Oliver Mowat's oldest and most staunch supporters. True, he had a relative in the Crown Lands Department, H. Ryerson Hardy by name, but he was not certain which of the two names, Ryerson or Hardy, had had the most influence in putting him there. [Laughter.] He thought it might be the first name. [Renewed laughter.]

Mr. Hardy concluded, amid applause from Liberal and Patron benches.

The Attorney-General then moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Married Woman's Property Act. Explaining its provisions, he stated that he considered it the last step in woman's property emancipation. The bill provided that contracts entered into by married women should bind all their separate estate, and also that the will of a married woman should take effect at her own death and not after her husband's.

Mr. Whitney assented and the bill went through.

The act respecting town councils, also read a second time, provides for the election of a mayor and two councillors, elected by general vote, and two councillors elected for each ward for towns of over 4000 population, and for all towns under that, a mayor and six councillors to be elected by a general vote. Similar provision is made for villages and townships, which are to be governed by a reeve and four councillors. Reeves and deputy reeves in towns are done away with.

The Attorney-General stated that he had not been able to come to a conclusion in reference to the voting by a ward system. It was urged by the labor and Roman Catholic elements that the election of one councillor by the ward and the other by the city would do them an injustice in cases where they were in a minority. He had also been asked to limit the number of wards, but as each town had always mapped out its own wards, this course would be impracticable.

Mr. Whitney thought that the bill, with some exceptions, was apparently a desirable one.

Mr. Haycock was fully in accord with the idea of the reduction of the number of rulers. Canada was too much governed and, therefore, such reductions were in the right direction.

Mr. Matheson thought that a small council would be more inclined to have everything cut and dried before they sat at the board, while a larger one would be more likely to try to get the ear of the people. A council of 9 or 10 in most cases was not too large. The result of reduction of the City Council of Toronto had not been to improve its quality.

Mr. Howland considered the first clause very beneficial, but the second gave opportunity to a minority clique to plump and elect their man.

Mr. Crawford was in full accord with the spirit of the bill. He did not agree with Mr. Haycock, that a longer term than one year for councillors was unsatisfactory. He agreed with Mr. Matheson that the personnel of the Toronto City Council had not improved by reduction of its numbers.

Mr. Meacham characterized the election of two councillors by a general vote as a freak.

Mr. Magwood did not agree with the spirit of the act at all. He had heard of no complaints regarding the old system.

Mr. Kerns was of the opinion that the bill was in the right direction.

The bill was then read a second time.

The House then went into committee to discuss the estimates, Mr. Charlton presiding.

Mr. Matheson objected to the salary list in the Bureau of Mines appearing under the heading of Crown Lands, and not under that of Civil Service.

Hon. J. M. Gibson considered the unusual activity in mining development justified the expenditure under the Crown Lands Department.

Mr. Matheson did not object to the expenditure, but thought that, as the offices would likely be made permanent, the officers should come under the head of Civil Service. He objected to the increasing expenditure in the Crown Lands, occasioned partly by the Road Commissioner and partly by the Forestry Clerk.

Hon Mr. Gibson commended the report of the latter official.

Mr. Whitney asked what his duties were, and the Commissioner replied that he earned his salary and in the province's interest.

Asked by Mr. Meacham as to this clerk's previous experience, Mr. Gibson was silent.

Mr. Howland commended the forest policy of Germany to the Government.

Mr. Whitney was not satisfied with the qualifications of the Forestry Clerk.

Mr. Haycock agreed that the forestry report was interesting. He also agreed that the matter should stand to give the members a chance to read the forestry report

The Attorney-General explained the Forestry Clerk's duties as to visit the various parts of the province and to report on the adaptability of the soil for pine growth and in portions where the growth was exuberant, as to how it could be utilized.

Mr. Whitney was then satisfied that there was more than enough for the gentleman to do.

Mr. Matheson recognized that the work may have been hard, but ridiculed some items of the expenses.

The item passed.

Mr. Matheson called attention to the very large sum required for sessional writers and messengers compared with the expenditure for the same service at Ottawa. He had found some of these officials even stowed away in the cellar, and some down at the old Parliament buildings.

The Attorney-General intimated amid laughter that the House would probably like to know what errand had taken the honorable member for South Lanark to the cellar upon the occasion on which he made the discovery.

Mr. Whitney exhibited some concern as to the fate of these gentlemen when the old Parliament buildings are sold, but the Attorney-General did not enlighten him upon the subject.

Upon the items for maintenance of public institutions, Mr. Haycock called attention to the large sum required for fodder at the various institutions where farming operations are carried on.

Mr. Little followed up the line taken by Mr. Haycock, pointing out that at the Mimico Asylum 5 horses and 20 head of cattle were kept. The value of crops raised on the farm was $2500 and $2000 was asked for in addition for fodder. He doubted whether any 25 head of stock could be found that could eat that amount of feed.

PUBLIC BILLS.

Mr. Auld—To amend the Municipal Act. This bill is intended to provide for the equitable settlement of the respective interests of separated towns and cities situated within the county in the court house jail and registry office, re improvements made from time to time therein; as to the method of ascertaining the contribution to be made by the separated city or town in the improvements or repairs.

Mr. St. John—To abolish judgment summons procedure in Division Courts.

Mr. Magwood—To amend the Public Libraries Act. The object of this act is to enable the municipality to take over certain libraries established before the act respecting mechanics' institutes was passed.

Mr. Currie—To amend the law respecting the registration of deaths. The object of this bill is to provide that where a death takes place in a township, registration may be made with the nearest registrar, and not with the registrar of the district.

Mr. Flatt—To enable blocks of land to the extent of four acres in towns and villages to be assessed as farm lands, and amends the provision for giving notice of claiming exemption from taxation for certain municipal services.

After recess the House again went into Committee of Supply. The following votes were passed with very little discussion: Treasury Department, $23,225; license and administration of justice accounts, $9400. On the item Provincial Board of Health, $7950, Mr. Matheson inquired whether Dr. Bryce was in receipt of any other salary than the $2000 under this heading, and the Provincial Treasurer answered in the negative.

Mr. Matheson a few minutes afterwards pointed out that Dr. Bryce had received $500 as Deputy Registrar last year, and urged that the system practised at Ottawa be adopted in this House and that a list be furnished with the estimates showing the exact amount of salary received from all sources by each official.

Upon the item of $6750 for the insurance branch, Mr. Matheson enquired whether there would be any loss of revenue owing to the abolition of the fees to insurance agents.

Mr. Gibson replied that the change would cause a reduction in revenue of between $1500 and $2000.

Mr. Matheson protested that this item of expenditure had grown in 10 years from $3500 to $6750.

Hon. Mr. Gibson explained that the work had been doubled since the inspection of benefit societies had been undertaken.

A slight increase in the Department of Agriculture caused Mr. Whitney to remark that he supposed it was useless to expect a reduction in any of the items.

Mr. Matheson inquired what the immigration secretary was doing. It appeared to him that the gentleman was a purely ornamental officer.

The Attorney-General stated that this officer is the only one left of a large department, and is now the only Government official available to look after immigrants coming into the province. He does all the work formerly done by half a dozen agencies.

The item passed.

Mr. Matheson inquired whether it is the intention of the Government to take tenders for groceries required for public institutions this year.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt replied that wherever the tender system can be satisfactorily applied it is the intention to do so.

Mr. Matheson pressed the point, whether groceries are to be tendered for.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt intimated that Inspector Christie had not recommended any change in the system of purchasing this class of supplies.

Mr. Matheson complained of the increase from 74 to 92 in the number of attendants at the Mimico Asylum, the number of inmates being stationary.

In reply to Mr. Matheson, the Provincial Secretary stated that binder twine continues to be manufactured at the Central Prison.

Mr. Matheson expressed regret that since the Provincial Secretary had taken charge of the Reformatory at Penetanguishene no attempt had apparently been made to effect a reduction in the expenses. At the last election the Warden made himself very officious in sending out the carriages of the institution for election purposes.

Mr. Meacham figured it out that it cost $240 per inmate annually at this institution.

Mr. Matheson objected to the vote for two chaplains to the Reformatory, the amount ought to be reduced.

Hon. J. M. Gibson asserted that the item for chaplains ought to be the last to be attacked.

Upon the vote for Hospitals and Charities, Mr. Matheson drew attention to the statement which had been made in the public press, and had not been denied, that Dr. Chamberlain, the Government Inspector had gone to Ottawa and informed the directors of the hospital that unless the medical staff were taken back he would withdraw the Government grant.

The Provincial Secretary explained that there are certain conditions under which the grants are made, but the report in respect to the Inspector was not correct.

The Attorney-General protested against the Government being held responsible for newspaper talk. The Inspector had given the statement referred to a positive denial

The item passed and the House adjourned at 10 p.m.

Drank Himself to Death.

San Francisco, March 9.—The coroner's jury in the case of John M. Oakley, the Pittsburg millionaire, who died at the Palace Hotel a week ago, under sensational circumstances, returned a verdict to-day giving the cause of his death as excessive use of liquor.

A FEARFUL EXPERIENCE.

Two Men Out of Three Blown to Sea on an Ice Floe Perished—The One Saved Was in an Awful State.

Halifax, N. S., March 9.—Arsen Turbide, assistant keeper of Bird Rock came here this afternoon, and he reports that on Friday afternoon he and his two assistants, Damien Cormier, aged 64, and Charlie Turbide, aged 17, left the Rock to capture some seals that were within 100 yards of the shore ice. The wind was moderate from the northwest. After they got on the ice it began running and the wind increased. It was impossible for them to get back and they drifted in a southeasterly direction. From trying so hard to regain the Rock they fell in the water several times and got their clothes all wet. Charlie Turbide perished about 2 o'clock, Saturday morning, and Cormier perished a little after daylight. He (Turbide) left them on the ice under the upturned flat, and with a heavy heart tried to make land, which he could see. After walking by day, and trying to keep himself from freezing by night, he landed at Low Land Cave, about eight miles west of here, last night, and was taken care of by people who found him and brought him to the telegraph office to-day. His feet are badly frozen, and he is suffering with snow-blindness. He says the only person on Bird Rock is the wife of the above-named Cormier.

BRUTAL SPANIARDS

Convey Prisoners to Havana Bound Like Cattle, Starving and Exposed to Tropical Heat.

Havana, March 6.—(Via Jacksonville, March 9.)—Among the political prisoners brought yesterday from Puerto Principe, I noticed Hazuey Cespedes, whose grandfather led the revolt in 1868, and became President of the First Cuban Republic. With him came Victor Miranda, Jose Estrada and Julian Carbo.

They were taken on a Spanish tansport at Nuevitas, bound like cattle. They were thrown upon the deck, and kept exposed to the hot tropical sun and the night dew, without food or drink, until their arrival at Havana, 48 hours later.

The wife of a Spanish officer and other passengers, moved by the piteous appeals of the prisoners, interceded to at least have their cords loosened, but all in vain.

Three Cuban ladies of respectability, Senoras Rosa Marques, Mercedes Banos and Nieves Reyes, held as political suspects, were sent yesterday to Casa de Recojidas to await court martial.

The Winner.

At Harle Syke it is the custom in the racing season to send to Burnley to see which horse has won.

One day the telegram read: "Snowstorm; races postponed."

Thinking an outsider had won, the messenger hurried back and exclaimed: "You's all gone deaw'n. Snowstorm's first and Postponed second."—Tit-Bits.

Love is the keystone of a woman's life. Her fondest hopes rest upon this tender emotion; her highest pride is in her capacity to awaken the love which makes a happy wife; her noblest ambition is to become a loved and loving mother.

Any weakness or disease which incapacitates her to fulfill the exalted function of motherhood is the saddest blight which can come upon a woman's life.

But there is no reason in nature why any hindrances or derangements of this kind should continue to exist. Ninety-nine times in a hundred they are completely overcome in a perfectly natural and scientific way by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which gives healthy power and capacity to the special organs; reinforces the nerve-centres and makes natural, healthy motherhood possible, safe and comparatively easy.

It makes the coming of baby almost free from pain; gives strength and cheerfulness to the mother, and constitutional vigor to the child. It is the only medicine in the world devised for this one purpose by an educated physician, a skilled and experienced specialist in this particular field of practice.

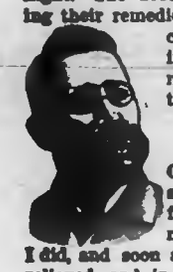
"I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as it has done me a world of good, and has, undoubtedly saved my life," writes Mrs. Florence Hunter, of Corley, Logan Co., Ark. "I miscarried four times; could get no medicine to do me any good. I concluded to try the 'Favorite Prescription' and after taking several bottles of it I made my husband a present of a fine girl. I think it is the best medicine in the world."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets: One is a laxative, two a mild cathartic.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of



AYER'S Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897

A FIGHT FOR LIFE.

THE EXPERIENCE OF MR SAMUEL SPARKS, OF NAPANEE.

A Terrible Sufferer from Sciatic Rheumatism—At Times as Helpless as a Child—The Trouble Aggravated by What the Doctor Said was Consumption of the Bowels, and No Hope of Recovery was Held Out.

From the Napanee Beaver,

The life of one afflicted by rheumatism is at times almost unbearable. The sufferer is racked with pain until he thinks even death would be a relief from this painful malady. Among those who have suffered much and found relief is Mr. Samuel Sparks, a market gardener well known in Napanee and vicinity. Mr Sparks recently related to a reporter how he was restored to health and strength. He said:—"For several years I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism in my limbs. The doctor who attended me called it sciatic rheumatism, and the trouble was always worse in the spring than at any other season. In the spring of 1895 I had a very severe attack, and was much worse than I had ever been before. I was not able to do work even of the lightest kind. I suffered the greatest agony and could get no relief either sitting up or lying down. At times I was as helpless as a little child, for my legs felt as though they had become paralyzed. Then the trouble seemed to settle in my bowels, and the doctor said it was consumption of the bowels and that I could not live much longer. As the doctor could do nothing for me I determined to make another fight for life and try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I felt that even if they would give me relief it would be a blessing. Great was my astonishment, however, when within forty-eight hours after beginning the use of the pills I found relief. I kept on taking the Pink Pills, every day growing stronger and stronger, until at last I was a new man and again able to do as hard a day's work as any man in the township. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too much, as in my case they restored health after all other means had failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood and nerves, building them anew and thus driving disease from the system. There is no trouble due to either of these causes which Pink Pills will not cure, and in hundreds of cases they have restored patients to health after all other remedies had failed. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and take nothing else. The genuine are always enclosed in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or 6 boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Brockville, Ont.

—The March number of Massey's Magazine comes to hand brimful of interesting and bright articles by well-known literary persons. Prof. Clark has an article on "With Parkman through Canada," dealing with the "Half Century of Conflict." The well known art critic, Bernard McEvay, writes a bright sketch of "Edward Detaelle, a painter of war subjects," accompanied by numerous illustrations. Military men will read with pleasure a splendid sketch of the Winnipeg Field Battery. There is the usual supply of stories and other reading matter.

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THE ROMANCE OF SAVINGS BANKS.

INTERESTING EXPERIENCES TOLD BY THE PRESIDENTS.

Truth, Even in the Commonplace Savings Bank, is Oftentimes Stranger than Fiction—A Few Cases That Seem to Bear This Description.

A savings bank would not generally be looked on as a place to be haunted by a budding genius in seach of materials for his great romance, which the monthly magazines will vie with each other to secure the right of publishing serially, and which in book form is sure, in the author's mind, to run through edition after edition with marvelous rapidity. The usual conception of such a bank is that it keeps going through a humdrum, prosaic round. The tellers and clerks are constantly buried with passbooks and cashbooks and ledgers and large numbers of people, most of them of an uninteresting type, come in from time to time to make deposits, consisting largely of greasy bills or tightly clutched coins.

True, there are vast sums of money handled, and if you chance to get the ear of one of the bank officers he will discourse as readily of the millions of dollars' worth of securities deposited in the vaults under his care as the average dry goods clerk does of the wares he offers to people on the other side of the counter. There is something beyond the grasp of the common mind in deposits that run up, as is the case with one of the New York savings banks to more than $50,000,000, and it gives one pause to be told that the interest paid by this bank to its more than 120,000 depositors amounts to upward of $3,000,000 annually.

That truth is stranger than fiction, or, at any rate, sometimes as strange, can, however, be learned behind the doors of a commonplace savings bank, though the clerks poring over the big blank books from morning until night may know it not. Many accounts in these banks are opened by people of little means, and the sums to their credit gradually accumulate from small beginnings. Thousands of them have only a limited education, and it is hard for them to realize that they are to get the benefit of the interest accruing on their money unless they actually see the amount entered in their pass-books, every six months. Some even go further. The figures are not enough for them. They must see and handle the cash for themselves to be convinced. So it sometimes happens that one of these doubting Thomases will present his book to a paying teller and have the interest due him counted out, and then, without leaving the bank, will join the line on the other side of the room and deposit it again.

If one has the good luck to get several presidents of savings banks together, and, when they are through with talking business, hear them exchange interesting experiences, he will have an enjoyable hour. Here are some of the things which he will be likely to hear, or might have heard any time within the last few years. Imagine a group of presidents seated around a glowing sea coal fire in the luxurious office of one of them. After the conversation has "become general," as some of the novel writers say, Mr. A. discourses to this effect:

"I don't know whether any of the rest of you have ever had anything like this in your experience or not. It is against the rules, of course, for our bank to take charge of the books of any of the depositors, but I must plead guilty to violating the rule, to a certain extent, myself. In one of the drawers in my desk, for the last six or seven years, I have kept the book of a woman who opened an account that long ago. As soon as she had done so she came to me and told me a moving tale of the cruelty of her husband, saying that he would give her no peace day or night if he knew she had put money in a bank. She was afraid to take the book home with her, as she had no place to conceal it where he could not find it, and she didn't want to tell any friend about what she was doing 'unbeknownst,' as she might have said. So she begged me, with tears in her eyees, to allow her to leave it with me, and as a personal favor I consented to take charge of it. Every now and then she comes in here, asks for the book, takes it out to make her deposit and then returns it to me. Her account now amounts to about $800. And I think I can say that I have never suffered from a pricking of conscience because of having winked at a violation of a rule of the bank."

Mr. A. having been acquitted of the unanimous silence of his confreres, President B. began to speak. "I don't want to bore any of you who may have heard this before," he remarked, "but it certainly was a singular experience. Some years ago a hard-working mechanic opened an account in our bank, to which he added regularly for some time. After that for a long period the account lay dormant, growing by the addition of the interest until it amounted to about $2500. In some way an unscrupulous lawyer heard of it, and, after the manner of his kind, went to the mechanic with a plausible tale. 'What will you give me,' he asked, 'if I will prove to you that there is a sum of several thousand dollars due you, and put you in the way of getting the money?' The mechanic was naturally astonished, and was easily prevailed on by the smooth-tongued lawyer to sign a contract that if the lawyer could make out such a case as he said he could the money would be divided between them. Thereupon the lawyer let out his 'secret.' 'The money is due you,' he said, 'from such and such a savings bank.' 'Oh, I know all about that,' replied the mechanic; 'I have known all along that I had the money there.' But the lawyer flaunted the contract in the man's face, though it was a plain case of fraud, the man believed it was a valid contract and actually gave the scoundrel lawyer half the amount in the bank."

After a suitable interval President C. took up the tale. "I dont know that I can do better," he began, "than to tell a little story which I heard a few years ago from the president of one of the Brooklyn banks and I shall try to tell it as nearly as possible in his own words, as I recall them. 'As I was sitting in my office one day one of the young men in the bank came to me and showed me a book which bore a date of many years before. He said it had been brought in by an old woman. I told him to send her to me. On inquiry, I learned that she could neither read nor write, but she said the book belonged to her, and she had put the money in the bank a long time before. As nearly as she could remember, the amount was about $300, and several times, pointing to the book, she asked anxiously if it was not all there. I assured her that it was, and proceeded to question her as to why she had left the account so long undisturbed. She said that many years before she had been employed as a servant in Brooklyn, and had taken all she could spare from her wages and put the money in bank. After a time she went away from the city, and had never set foot in it until that day. She was getting old, and thought it would be a good thing to go and get her money. Again she asked if it was all there, indicating the book, and of course I told her it was all right, except the interest—a word that seemed to convey no idea to her mind. I became convinced that she was entitled to the money, and told one of the clerks to write up the book just as though it had been an active account all the time. When his work was done I found that the amount due the old woman was about $3000. She was simply dazed, and asked how it could be. I explained as well as I could about the interest, but she was unable to understand it. Overcome by her feelings she burst into tears when the money was brought to her. "Oh sir," she said, "you don't know what you have done for me. I can't understand at all how all that money belongs to me; but, do you know, I shan't have to do another day's work as long as I live." I don't think,' said my Brooklyn friend in telling the story that I ever had a keener appreciation of the benefits of savings banks than at that moment,' and I fancy all of us would have said the same thing if we had been in his place."—New York Tribune.

CITY SAVINGS BANKS.

How the City of Paris Provides for the Wants of Her People.

I have shown how Paris as a city government provides shelter, food and even clothes, to some extent, for her dependent poor; also how the city has provided pawnshops, which have been established over a hundred years to loan money on goods and chattels at a low rate of interest to unfortunate citizens in the time of their misfortune or distress, both as a matter of municipal humanity and prudent business, says Joseph Arbury Johnson in The San Francisco Call. I now invite attention to her municipal savings banks in the briefest manner possible.

My authority for the information presented is the same that I have frequently cited of late, "Municipal Government in Continental Europe," by Albert Shaw. I take the liberty of transcribing a paragraph. "A good system of savings banks is much more than a convenience to the prudent and economical of a community. It is a powerful promoter of thrift and a constant enemy of extravagance and improvidence. The multiplication of savings banks throughout France—municipal and private systems as well as the branches of the national postal system—is a factor of prime importance in the conservation of the national wealth. Paris is elaborately served by a series of branches belonging to the national system; but it has also a distinct municipal system of earlier date and of still greater local importance."

Some details must be given. There is a great central bank and it has in all forty branches located throughout the city and in the suburbs. The number of individual depositors in 1890 was 582,000, which had increased in 1893 to 639,000. Thus one person in every four for the population was a depositor in 1893. In that year the total amount of the deposits was 160,000,000 francs, or $32,000,000, and nearly half the depositors had less than 25 francs, or $5, their deposits being about a million and a half of the total $32,000,000 of deposits. In 1892, ten years after the establishment of the national postal savings banks, which are kept in the branch postoffices, the Paris depositors had to their credit in these banks 68,600,000 francs, though the average credit was much smaller than in the municipal banks.

The primary schools of Paris also have school savings banks, which are branches of the municipal system and are established mainly for educational purposes; and yet these school banks annually collect about 150,000 francs from the small school children. The funds of all these savings banks are invested chiefly in public bonds of various kinds, municipal and state, and depositors are paid from 3 3 1-4 to 3 1-2 per cent. interest on their savings.

When we read that Paris advances rent-money to her distressed citizens; that the municipality loans money as a pawnbroker to people in financial straits at 6 per cent. as a business affair and finds it profitable; that municipal employment agencies find work for the unemployed free of cost as an economic measure; that the city has lodging-houses in which to shelter and feed destitute men and women while seeking employment; that poor children are clothed, fed, sheltered and educated and healthful occupations found for them on leaving school; that skillful physicians are sent to the homes of the destitute sick, and medicines and nurses are supplied gratis by the city; that the city provides slaughter-houses, inspects the meat and protects the people against infection and extortion; that city dairies supply pure milk to the poor at the lowest price which returns a small profit; that, in a word, the municipality assumes the care of the less fortunate of the population in the fraternal spirit of "a big brother" who cares for his own and is able to do it, because he cannot afford to have members of his family in distress or sick and dying for the want of a helping hand; and that all these humane things are done by such wise business methods that the municipality not only saves money by preventing crime and breeding criminals, but actually "makes it pay," and at the same time is elevating and enlightening the whole substratum of society, we may well pause and do a little rational thinking.

Hunting With a Mirror

A taxidermist at Northwood, N.Y., has been making experiments as to the effect of light reflected in a bird's eye. A glass seven or eight inches in diameter has been found most serviceable. The antics of blue jays are remarkable when the light strikes them as they sit in the shadow of an evergreen tree. They jump to another branch and try to look into the light, but they have to turn away, as the light dazzles them. Then they fly around the reflector, but after practice one is able to keep the light always on them, and the birds not infrequently come within reach of a man's hand.

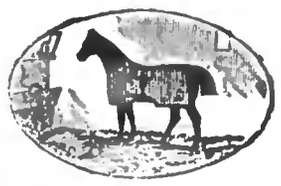
A ruffed grouse gives a startled look when the light strikes it. Then it jumps and away it goes. Hawks, too, are usually startled or annoyed so that they fly off. Woodpeckers don't seem to mind it at all.

Rabbits blink and stare at a glass for a while, then go around a stump and sit up again, as if waiting for the light to play tag with them.—New York Sun.

Delay Means Death.

One Dose Believes—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y. Sold by H. S. MACDONALD, Peterborough.



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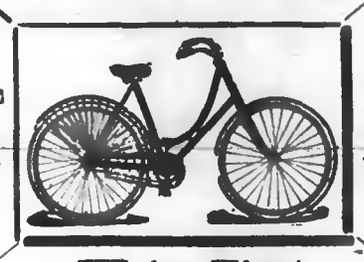

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KINGAN & ALLEN, Agents, Peterborough.

THAT PETTY: LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger h a i a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

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FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

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		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.

Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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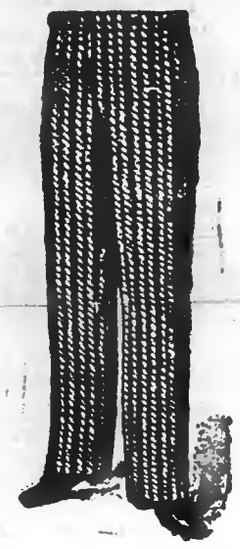

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

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W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

PIANO POINTS

For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

WHY PAY $120 for a TYPE WRITER.

The **"EMPIRE"** equals any

Surpasses all in many ways.

Visible writing, positive alignment, simple construction. Hard steel parts. Agents wanted.

HALF THE PRICE ONLY $55 00

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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE.....

WEDDING PRESENTS.

—:+:—

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme. regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

A Fine Line

of high grade violins, guitars, banjos, mandolins, accordians, autoharps, etc., with trimmings at exceptionally low prices during balance of March. Old stand, Peterborough.

Baths! Baths!

Hot Springs and Turkish Baths at home in your own room, at a nominal cost. Inspect sample at our office. All are invited. T. HURLEY & Co. 4d58

The Injured Brakeman.

Sid Adams, the injured C P R brakeman who was taken to the Nicholls Hospital yesterday, is still very low to-day, although holding his own. The doctors have not yet been able to perform an operation owing to his condition.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

Owing to the natural growth of their Dry Goods and Tailoring business and a desire to give more prominence to Linens and Wash Dress Goods, Messrs. Hall, Gilchrist & Co. find their present store too small and have leased the store on George-st. next to the Bank of Toronto, formerly occupied by Jos. Armstrong & Co., and will have it fitted up specially for a Tailoring and Men's Furnishing establishment. They have made large purchases of imported Tweeds and Suitings as well as Men's Furnishings and will make this the leading men's store in town. High class goods, coupled with low cash, prices, is bound to make this move a success. 2d53-1w11

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

BAPTIST WOMEN AND MISSION WORK

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MURRAY-ST. BAPTIST W.M.S.

The Work of the Year Outlined in the Secretary's Report—The Election of Officers—Presentation to Mrs. James Stratton.

The annual meeting of the Women's Missionary Society of the Murray-st. Baptist church was held last evening. The attendance was large and the meeting was very interesting. The president, Mrs. (Dr.) Hunter, presided and the first order of business was the presentation of the

SECRETARY'S REPORT,

which read as follows, by Miss Nicholls:

Again we have reached a halting place in the history of our mission Circle, and we meet to-night to review the work of the past year and make arrangements for the ensuing year.

Our mission year closes with a membership of 53, ten less than last year. The number of contributors to foreign missions is 38, home missions 36. The decrease in the membership is accounted for by the formation of the Park-st. Circle, which took ten of our members. Their names were reluctantly dropped from our list of workers. We knew this change meant extended work in the Master's kingdom, and parted with them wishing them God-speed in their new field of labor.

We have been called upon to deplore the loss of two of our number by death. Lovingly and tenderly we remember their loving, quiet and willing service for the Master.

Meetings have been held each month with an average attendance of 15. The monthly meetings have been made interesting by reading and discussing missionary news from the various mission fields. In November a very successful thank-offering service was held. At the conclusion of a good missionary programme, a very pleasant season of social intercourse was spent. The offering amounted to $27. This was equally divided between home and foreign missions.

We should like to see our missionary periodicals, the Link and Visitor, more widely spread among the members of our church and congregation. There are 16 subscribers for the Link and 40 for the Visitor.

The money this year has been raised by our five faithful collectors, with the exception of two thank-offering services. We made one of our charter members, Mrs. Stratton, a life member for foreign missions. The money for this object was raised partly by special subscription.

We now leave the past year, with all its opportunities gone from us forever. As we enter on another year, may it be with hearts full of zeal for the Master's work, ever remembering that time is short and "The night cometh when no one can work."

THE FINANCES.

Miss McDonald, the foreign missionary treasurer, and Miss E. J. Aldridge, the home missionary treasurer, presented their reports. The amount contributed to foreign missions was $79.02, home missions $52, Northwest Indian missions, $2.80, a total of $133.82.

THE OFFICERS.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. (Dr.) Hunter, (re-elected).

Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Dykeman and Mrs. (Dr.) Scott.

Secretary—Miss M. A. Nicholls, (re-elected).

Treasurer Foreign Missions—Mrs. Geo. Matthews.

Treasurer Home Missions—Miss E. J. Aldridge.

LIFE MEMBER.

The proceedings assumed a pleasant condition when Mrs (Dr) Scott arose and in an address alluded to the eighteen years faithful service in the work of Mrs James Stratton, who was one of the charter members. The Society had had its discouragements as well as its encouragements, and had participated in uphill work. Mrs Scott concluded by presenting Mrs. Stratton with a life membership certificate.

Mrs. Stratton in reply said:—

"I thank you all for the honor you have conferred on me. I esteem it a great privilege to have been permitted for so many years, to assist in a small way, the spread of the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ, while so many who were associated with us have been taken from us by death. What I could do was done willingly; it was a great pleasure to me and my regret is that I could not do more. The younger members of our Circle are enjoying privileges in training for usefulness in the great abundance of missionary news which the old members could not have, and I trust it will result in greater usefulness and more consecrated living. I trust and hope that the Circle may steadily go forward in the future, as it has year by year in the past, and that all may be to the glory of God. If I may be permitted to give you at this time a watchword it is, "Little children love one another; as Christ has loved you so ought ye to love one another."

SOME ADDRESSES.

Mrs. Davis, wife of a returned missionary from India, gave a talk on "Life in India," illustrating the manners and customs by models.

After a few remarks by the pastor, Rev A. T. Dykeman, a duet was rendered by Mrs. Dr. Scott and Miss Hutchison, and the successful meeting closed with prayer. After adjournment a social hour was spent.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

Chief Justice Meredith is Presiding—The Grand Jury Empanelled.

The postponed jury sittings of the High Court of Justice opened at the Court House this morning at ten o'clock, Chief Justice Sir Wm R Meredith presiding. The bar was represented by the following gentlemen:—Messrs G H Watson (Toronto), E F B Johnston (Toronto), D Burke Simpson (Toronto), R E Wood, R Max Dennistoun, John Burnham, Q C, George Sherry (Norwood), W A Stratton, D O'Connell, F D Kerr, C W Sawers, F Gladman and A P Poussette, Q C.

The Grand Jury was then empanelled as follows:—

John Moloney, foreman.

J G Armstrong	Geo E Elliott
Jas Cummings	Wm Fowler
Wm Crough	W G Hunter
Chas T Trotter	W H Hill
F Dover	Dawson Kennedy

The Chief Justice first made reference to the postponement of the Court yesterday. He congratulated them that there were no prisoners in gaol awaiting trial, a fact that was satisfactory. His Lordship then went on to refer to the charge of theft which was to come before them for investigation. There was no other business to come before them, although there duties included an examination of the gaol. He made reference to the vagrants confined in the gaol. He had referred to this he said when here a few months ago. These people had committed no crime and it seemed unfortunates that no better place could be got for their accommodation. No man would go into gaol without a taint being upon him, and no man should be subject to this taint unless he had been guilty of crime. In concluding he said they would examine the public institutions if they desired.

SCRIVER VS. MCMILLAN.—This was the first action on the list. It was brought by J B Scriver, of Asphodel, against Frank McMillan, of the same township, for $1,000 damages for slander. The defamatory statements complained of were that the plaintiff, who had been a tenant on a farm owned by the defendant, had stolen the shingles off the barn, the lumber off the threshing floor and the floor out of the cow stable on what was known as "the Carter farm," and that the plaintiff had also stolen some oats, owned by a Seymour man. The jury gave a verdict for plaintiff, the damages being named at $75. Geo J Sherry (Norwood) for the plaintiff; W A Stratton for the defendant.

BALDWIN VS LUNDY.

This case was adjourned at the request of the plaintiff till the Fall Assizes upon terms that the plaintiff (Baldwin) pay to the defendant (Lundy) all the costs of the present trial lost to the defendant by reason of the adjournment as between solicitor and client. Costs to be paid by the plaintiff (Baldwin) within twenty days, and if not paid action dismissed with costs and judgment for defendant (Lundy) for $1,000 with costs.

The case of Gray vs. Weir is in progress as we go to press, the first witness being called at 2.30 o'clock.

THE CRIMINAL CASE.

The only criminal case, that of Queen vs. Scriver, in which the accused was charged with having stolen a quantity of marsh hay, came before the Grand Jury and a "true bill" was found. The case, however, was allowed to stand over until the Court of Sessions.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

ONE SHOT THE MAJORITY.

Peterborough Curlers' Narrow Majority in the Lindsay-Peterborough Cup Competition.

Peterborough curlers won the second match in the Lindsay-Peterborough cup competition by the narrow majority of one shot.

On Monday when five out of the six rink had played Peterborough was ten "up." Skip Connal went to Lindsay last evening and met Skip G A Little and was defeated, but not by a sufficient majority to place Lindsay in the lead. The ice was heavy and the local men were tired out at the finish.

The score was as follows:—

PETERBOROUGH		LINDSAY	
G H Giroux		D McGibbon	
G L Hay		J McAdam	
D Belleghem		W McLennan	
J H Connal, skip.	14	G A Little, skip.	25

Majority for Lindsay, 9 shots.

This leaves Lindsay and Peterborough with one match each to their credit and the final, to decide the holder of the cup for 1897 will be held as soon as the weather will permit.

A Croupy Cough Was Soon Driven Away by Dr Chase's Linseed and Turpentine.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough," says Mrs. Smith, of 256 Bathurst-st. Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

THE DELEGATES TO GENERAL ASSEMBLY

CHOSEN AT A MEETING OF THE PRESBYTERY OF PETERBOROUGH

At Port Hope—A Motion to Divide the Presbytery—Committees Present Reports—Important Business.

The Presbytery of Peterborough met at Port Hope in First Presbyterian church hall yesterday, holding morning and evening sessions.

Rev John Hay, in absence of the Moderator, Rev J U Tanner, occupied the chair.

There were present Rev Messrs Bennett, Cleland, Duncan, Hay, Hyde, Gilchrist, Laird (Alex), Laird (Robt), Lord, McLeod, Potter, Reeves, Smith and Torrance, ministers, and Messrs H Carruthers, Peter Brown, Hugh Donaldson, R Tally, Jas Ferguson, J F Clark, elders.

The Rev Jas G Potter, B A., of St. Andrew's church, Peterborough, was elected Moderator for the ensuing six months.

The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

GOING TO GERMANY.

Rev Robt Laird, of Campbellford, applied for leave of absence for six months in order to take special course in one of the German Universities. Mr Laird explained that excellent supply had been arranged for during his absence. Leave was granted.

Rev A C Reeves, B. A., Lakefield, introduced the subject of changing the age at which ministers might take advantage of the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund, from 70 to 65 years. It was agreed that this be recommended when the state of the fund permits.

AUGMENTATION FUND.

The reports of visits to augmented charges were then given all showing that while there had been much difficulty owing to general trade depression that the people had been very liberal and much interested in the work. The following augmentation grants were then recommended:—Warsaw $300, (conditionally); Springville, $200; Havelock, $300; Janetville, $300; Bobcaygeon, to be reported.

Reports of standing committees were then given:—

Sabbath school, by Rev R Hyde; church life and work by Rev Dr Smith; statistics, by Rev Wm Bennett; augmentation, by Rev John Hay; Y P S C E, Rev C S Lord; Home Missions, Rev Dr Torrance. Following the report of the Home Mission committee the following appointments were made:—Rev R McKnight to Harvey and Mr R P Hall to Apsley. The Apsley congregation were encouraged to proceed at once with the erection of a church.

TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Commissioners were then appointed for the General Assembly in Winnipeg in June.

Ministers—James Ross, Bethesda; John Hay, Cobourg; D A Thompson, Hastings; A K McLeod, Brighton; C S Lord, Grafton; Peter Duncan, Colborne; J R Gilchrist, Baltimore.

Elders—James Craick, Port Hope; alternate, Wm Douglas, Port Hope; G M Roger, Peterborough; alternate, Alf Johnston, Peterborough; W E Roxburgh, Norwood; James Russell, Cobourg; Robt Tully, Peterborough; John S Fitzgerald, Lakefield.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The evening session began at 8 o'clock. The Rev R Campbell, D D, of Renfrew, was nominated as Moderator for the next General Assembly. Presbytery representatives on Assembly and Synod committees on bills and overtures were as follows:—Assembly, Rev John Hay; Synod, Rev Dr Smith and Mr Clark, Port Hope.

St. Andrew's church, Peterborough, was chosen as the next place of meeting, on July 6th, at 9 a. m.

The application of the Rev R McKnight to be granted his standing as a minister of the church was considered very favorably. Mr. McKnight has done excellent service and has won the appreciation of his people in his present charge. Rev Messrs John Hay and C S Lord were appointed to support the application before the General Assembly. The remits from the General Assembly to Presbyteries were then considered with reference to place of meeting and

BILLETING SYSTEM.

It was agreed that the present system of going to different cities be continued, and that they do not interfere with the billeting system.

With reference to board of publication and appointment of an editor for Sunday school literature, it was unanimously agreed that no publishing house be established, but that an editor for Sunday school literature with office in Toronto should be appointed.

With reference to the establishment of a Central Mission Board to supervise all other standing committees of General Assembly, it was agreed that this would not be expedient.

The report of the W.F.M.S. was then presented, and reference was made to the good services of the Society.

DIVIDING THE PRESBYTERY.

A motion was introduced by the Rev. C. S Lord in the direction of dividing the Presbytery, the intention being to have one Presbytery extend along the line of the G. T. R main line east and west, and the other along the line of the C. P. R. running north as far as Lindsay. A committee, consisting of Rev. Messrs. Lord, Hay and A. Laird, was appointed to confer with similar committees from other Presbyteries.

The Presbytery then adjourned, the Moderator pronouncing the benediction.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

THE SCRIPTURES OF THE SKIES

The Subject of an Interesting Lecture by Mr J A Paterson, of Toronto. Before the Natural Science Association.

Those who braved the warring elements last night to hear the lecture of Mr. J. A. Paterson, barrister, of Toronto, under the auspices of the Natural Science Association in the Y. M. C. A. hall were well repaid. Mrs Peck and Miss Burnham's rendering of a selection from one of Rossini's operas was truly a fairy-like prelude to so ethereal a trip, as Mr. Patterson's subject was "The Scriptures of the Skies." Mr. J. A. Fife occupied the chair. Mr. Paterson in his first division, the scale upon which the universe was built, gave numerous examples which took his hearers into the millions leaving them more than conscious of their inability to grasp the infinite. Then when he diminished the earth to the size of an ordinary pea, and continued his relative comparisons, the mind was still lost in wonderment. In his second division he dealt with the plurality of worlds, the abyssinal distances crossed were marvelous, and yet the Paleides which Tennyson describes as "a swarm of fireflies tangled in a silver braid," Orion, with his gorgeous glittering belt, the pale daughter of Andromeda still, as here, displaying her trembling jewels, and the Great Bear pointing out on Earth's Polaris, all these were still unchanged. 'Twas this Bishop Warren saw when he said "The universe is God writ large." To quote from Mr. Paterson "The question of the plurality of worlds is one that strangely fascinates the trembling hearts of the sons of men. It is good for man, this spiritual atom inhabiting a material atom, to have penetrated the mysteries of creation, but if the universe remains only a great material mechanism, moved by physical forces, it were nothing in his eyes but a gigantic laboratory. If this matchless magnificent science of the heavens confines the human mind eternally to the geometry of the orbs, if the universe is merely an assemblage of inert bodies floating in space and only to be investigated by formulæ and diagrams, then indeed this science will not attain its end. Can we not go further? Can we not stretch forth the hand and feel under dead matter the throb of life? This empire is one of life and not of death. Are these planets, that with our earth were cradled in the fiery sun and sparkle in the garments of the night, merely splendid sepulchres "Cast as rubbish to the will?" while this little earth of ours is the only one that pulsates with the waves of life.

Certainly the condition of life bearing planets was like the opening of the pages of a freshly cut volume, revealing "swarms of living molecules who are giants compared to a lower order of creatures who feed like parasites upon the larger living atoms. Life is so thronged on this little plant, that it struggles and pants for even a foothold. Life is so exuberant that it pours over as from an overflowing cup, and it is from this that we derive the first principles on which the product of the universal habitation of the heavenly bodies must be fixed.' The audience then paid a flying visit to the moon only to find "a dead ruined wreck floating like some abandoned bulk in the vast Atlantic of space, a derelict in the universe, a burnt-out cinder neither air, nor water, nor cloud on the side next us at least. But a German astronomer, Prof. Hansen, found from observing a lunar eclipse that the centre of gravity there was not the centre of the figure but thirty-five miles farther from us, and therefore the side which we never see may be peopled; and is it not a natural question to ask why have these planets received years, seasons, movements and material just like our mother earth if not for habitation? God's Son said: "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold." Where are the other folds? Does Wordsworth sing truly:

"The stars are mansions built by nature's hand,
And haply there the spirits of the blest
Dwell, clothed in radiance their immortal rest."

Mr. Patterson fully elaborated on all the divisions by vivid picturing and striking comparisons. It is to be regretted that so few enjoyed such an able lecture.

Sheriff Hall moved a vote of thanks to Mr Patterson for his kindness in assisting the Association, as well as to the ladies. Rev J J Rae seconded the resolution. Mr. Patterson in reply said he considered that he had been paid the highest compliment possible by the close attention given his remarks.

The next meeting of the Association will be held in the Collegiate Institute on the evening of March 23rd. Mr J A Fife, B A, will read a paper on "Biology."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Lenten services at St. John's church.

Lenten services at St. Peter's cathedral.

Hiawatha Encampment

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

OAK HALL.

Personal

Miss Edith Mason has returned from visiting friends for the past month in Kingston.

Mr J F Jeffries, M.A., formerly of Peterborough, has entered into partnership with Mr R Boyle, of the Belleville Business College.

Miss Mabel Harding, of Peterborough, who has been the guest of Miss Blair and Miss Winters for the past month, returned home last evening, says the Lindsay Post.

Dr Clarke, Medical Health Officer, returned yesterday from Clifton Springs, N Y., much improved in health, and has resumed practice.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d47

UP TO DATE

MUSIC STORE.

MULLIGAN & POTTER,

416 George-st., Peterborough.

Dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental Music Books, Church Hymnals, Band Instruments, Trimmings, &c., &c. Agents for the principal publishing houses in the United States. VOICE CULTURE by Prof. G. W. Mulligan in studio. Apply at store. Cash paid for Second Hand Bicycles. 3md5r

NEW BILLS

Two Proposals Affecting the Municipal Laws—Before the Legislature.

Mr. MacNish, M P P., has two bills before the House, one of which affects the Assessment Act and the other the Municipal Act. The first one raises the amount of income which shall be exempt from taxation up to $1,000, instead of $700 as formerly.

The second bill provides that the qualification of an alderman or councillor shall be taken as the face value of his property according to the assessment roll, and that liens or incumbrances of any kind shall not affect the valuation. By this act, if it passes, a person may be qualified for aldermanic honors if he is assessed for $1,000 despite the fact that his property may be mortgaged for the full amount of its assessment.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

WEDDED IN TORONTO.

A Nuptial Event Celebrated in St. James Cathedral That is of Local Interest.

An interesting wedding was unostentatiously solemnized in St. James cathedral, Toronto, this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock, when Mr. Robt. J. Fife, son of Mr. Robt. Fife, and one of Peterborough's most popular young business men, being a member of the drug firm of Ormond & Walsh, was united in marriage to Florence Blakeslee Lawrence, of Bradford, Ont. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Sullivan. The bride was attended as bridesmaid by Miss May Patterson, of Caledonia, while the groom was supported by Mr. R. H. Ross. The happy couple will arrive in Peterborough this week, and will be warmly welcomed by a host of friends who will extend the heartiest congratulations and warmest well wishes. The esteem and friendship of many friends was evidenced by a magnificent array of wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Fife will reside at 380 Stewart-st., which has been prepared for their residence.

Passed Customs.

We have passed through Customs, direct from Scotland, our advance shipments of the Latest Patterns of New Spring Cloths and Tweeds—consisting of unrivalled selections of the newest 1897 designs in

Scotch Suitings,

COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, FANCY VESTINGS, and LIGHT OVERCOATINGS—exclusive novelties, made for the most fashionable West of London trade.

Having bought to better advantage in anticipation of our Spot Cash Policy, enables us to discount our own past. That means that we can do better this year than last. SELLING for Cash enables us to BUY for Cash, and that is the reason, pure and simple, of the drop in our prices, since discarding the credit system. You have the assurance of our very best attention to any orders entrusted to us. Respectfully,

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 186 George St., Established 1857

INDIAN RESERVES OF THIS DISTRICT

THE INDIANS WHO ARE RESIDENTS IN PETERBOROUGH DISTRICT.

Facts Concerning the Rice Lake, Chemong and Alnwick Indian Reserves—The Vital Statistics, Health, Occupations, etc., of the Indian Population.

Indian Agent John Thackeray, in the report to the Dominion Government of the Hiawatha, Alnwick and Chemong reserves says:

ALNWICK.

Location and Area.—This reserve is in the township of Alnwick, in the county of Northumberland, and contains three thousand four hundred and four acres, chiefly good land, of which about two thousand four hundred and seventy acres are cleared and largely under cultivation.

Vital Statistics.—This band numbers two hundred and thirty-eight, that is when I took the census on the 1st of May last, being an increase of nine over last year, made up as follows:—Four births more than deaths during the year and five immigrations from outside of the reserve, caused by men marrying women from other bands and places.

Health and Sanitary Condition.—There is no infectious disease amongst the Indians here, with the exception of one case of consumption. These people in general are clean and keep their houses and surroundings clean and tidy.

Farming and Other Occupations—A large proportion of the cleared part of this reserve is worked by the Indian locatees and they are doing fairly well. Last year they raised one thousand one hundred and seventy bushels of wheat, two thousand four hundred and forty-five bushels of oats, one thousand eight hundred and sixty bushels of peas, three thousand one hundred and five bushels of potatoes, besides large quantities of other cereals and roots. About one thousand and fifty acres are worked by white tenants. A few of the Indians make their living by making baskets, fishing, hunting, gathering wild rice and working for farmers and others, but the chief mode of living is by farming.

Buildings, Stock, &c.—Most of the buildings on this reserve are good, they are chiefly frame houses and barns. These Indians have sixty horses, sixteen cows, sixty-six pigs, besides other stock; twenty-eight ploughs, twenty-four harrows, eighteen wagons, and numerous other implements.

Education.—There is a good brick schoolhouse on this reserve, well equipped. The school was taught last year by Mr A O Kidd, who holds a third-class certificate. He was well liked and had the very best order in his school and the children made good progress. There are about thirty-five children in the band of school age, and the attendance was fairly good, but not as good as might be desired. The course of studies pursued in this school is the same as in the public schools in Ontario.

Religion.—There is one church on the reserve and it is under the Methodist denomination; two services are held each Sunday and are fairly well attended.

Characteristics.—The Indians are law-abiding and many are industrious and are growing richer each year in the way of accumulating stock, farming implements and furniture, etc. I might mention Robert Franklin, Chief Crowe, ex-Chief Chubb, E. Comego, John Sunday (grandson of the celebrated John Sunday, head chief of many Indians), James Marsden, Robert Marsden, John P. Chase, and several others.

Morality and Temperance.—The Indians on the whole are moral, but there are a few who indulge in the use of liquor occasionally.

RICE LAKE RESERVE.

Location and Area.—This reserve is in the township of Otonabee in the county of Peterborough, and contains about seventeen hundred and fifty acres of good land, of which about seven hundred and fifty-five acres are cleared and under cultivation and pasture, &c.

Vital Statistics.—This band numbered seventy-nine when I took the census last spring, being the same as the year before. There were three deaths, one immigration and two births during the year. The immigration was by marriage from Chemong lake.

Health and Sanitary Condition.—The health of the members of this band is good; there is but one case of ill-health, being that of an old woman, and this is due to old age, I think. These people are clean and tidy in and about their houses and premises.

Resources of Reserve and Occupation of Indians.—The greater part of the cleared land is worked by the locatees and many of them are doing very well; last year they raised eleven hundred and forty bushels of wheat, nineteen hundred and eighty five bushels of oats, eight hundred and fifteen bushels of peas, ten hundred and ninety five bushels of potatoes, in addition to other grain and roots. About two hundred and ninety acres of the reserve are rented to white tenants. Nearly all the resident Indians make their living by working their lands and are doing very well by getting stock and implements about them; I might mention Daniel Cowe, jr., Jeremiah Crowe, Chief Paudush, James Jarvis, Wellington Cowe and others. A few of the resident

Continued on Page 8

WILL CELEBRATE THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE

ENERGETIC LOCAL COMMITTEES HARD AT WORK.

The Canadian Foresters Have Taken the Matter in Hand and Peterborough Will not be Behind Other Places.

Preliminary organization meetings have been held for a month past by the four local Courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters for the purpose of celebrating the Queen's jubilee.

Strong committees representing each Court have organized into a joint committee who have appointed an executive officer to push forward the celebration with energy.

Already both the agricultural show grounds and the driving park have been secured by the Foresters for the occasion, as the extent and character of the demonstration which they aim at will require the use of both grounds, and the loyalty and enthusiasm of the officers and members of the various sub committees, indicating a determination to make it a credit to the town.

From the activity and spirit manifested by the Foresters in taking the initiative for celebrating this important event Peterborough will not be behind in honoring the jubilee in an attractive and loyal manner.

Every encouragement should be given the Foresters to assist them in their laudable undertaking. The joint committee meet every week to discuss and perfect the programme, and they wish the public to understand that any practical suggestions they have to make will be appreciated.

The Foresters will also be glad to cooperate and assist in any civic demonstration that may be suggested by the citizens.

GRACE CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The First Anniversary Entertainment a Most Successful One.

A good crowd attended the first anniversary entertainment of Grace church Methodist Sunday school last evening. All present enjoyed a most pleasant evening, and those who had the entertainment in charge are to be congratulated on the entire success of their efforts. Rev. W. R. Young occupied the chair and the following programme was presented, each number being excellently given:

Opening Chorus. "Standing on the Promises"
Chairman's address.....Rev. W. R. Young
Address of welcome.....Stanley Pringle
Recitation.. "A little girl's advice"...Gussie Daly
Secretary's report.....Mr. W. J. Wattam
Chorus.. "We are little travellers"..Primary class
Dialogue.. "Curiosity"..Fred Allison, Howard Robinson and Ernest Payne
Recitation.. "A little girl's troubles"..Gertie Allison
Address.....Mr. D. W. Dumble
Recitation.. "The naughty kitten"..Richard Wattam
Recitation... "Tobacco"...Stanley Kingdon
Recitation..... "The little merchant"....Roy Parnell
Reading.. "Melting moments"..Willie Wareham
Temperance alphabet..Twenty-six boys and girls
Solo.. "There are lonely hearts to cherish"..Bertha Parnell
Reading.. "A winter in town"..Mr. D. W. Dumble
Song.... "I belong to Him"...Primary class
Recitation.... "The death of little Jim"....Lucretia Higgins
Dialogue.. "Calls"..Clayton Chowen and Laurance McClennan
Address.....Mr Wm Might
Musical Novelty, "The Mocking Bird,"..Mr Chambers (encored)
Hoop Drill.....14 Girls
Address.....Mr S R Armstrong
Solo.... "Have Courage my Boy to say No" Mr Daly
Dialogue.. "Subscribing to a Missionary Fund"..Mrs Wattam, Miss Detcher, Miss Morrow and Walter Robinson
Closing Chorus .....School

At the opening of the school a prize of $5 was offered by Mr. D. W. Dumble to the class having the highest percentage of attendance for the year, and a second prize of $2 was given by Rev W R Young, and at a later date the superintendent, Mr Wm Might, added a third prize of $1. The first prize was won by boy's class No. 5, of which Mrs Syer is teacher, the second by Miss Nettie Syer's class of girls. No. 4, and the third by Miss Morrow's class, No. 5, girls. The latter class has been in attendance for only a little over six months, and during the half year only one absent mark has been recorded against it. A prize for the scholar reciting the largest number of verses during the year was won by Harold Daly. This prize was given by an anonymous donor, and the fact of its having been offered was not announced till last evening.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrong's 380 George-st. d56

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WE ARE BUSY CONVERTING The Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock INTO CASH.

The crowds are daily increasing and the buying is general. Owing to the very heavy purchase made in Europe for the coming Spring Season, we must get this Bankrupt Stock sold at once.

It will pay you to come often and look about. There are bargains in every department.

Dress Goods and Silks
Waterproofs, Jackets and Capes
Hosiery, Gloves and Laces
Underwear, Whitewear and Embroideries
Flannelettes, Sheetings, Table Linens
Towellings, Pillow Cottons
Grey and White Cottons
Wash Dress Goods
Carpets, Curtains and Oilcloth.

A special lot of Children's Cashmere Hose.

Make no mistake there is money to be saved by buying at this Bankrupt Stock Sale.

The Stock must be closed out for cash. A call will convince you of the values.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

POSITIVE FACTS!

We have on hand the following:—

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB, BREAKFAST BACON, PORK, HAMS, ROLLS, VEAL, LARD IN 3 AND 5 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 10 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 20 LB. PAILS, LARD IN 50 LB. TUBS

Our Cooked Hams and Rolls are delicious. The Breakfast Bacon, Hams and Rolls are all our "Own Curing." The Pork we use is Farmer's Fed. Our Beaver Brand Lard is equal to the best lard on the market. Don't forget that all our stock is of the best selection.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants.

Brevities.

—Spring like.

—The streets are in a bad condition.

—How long will skating remain?

—Two cases of scarlet fever were placarded on Stewart-st. yesterday.

—City Lodge, I O G T., visited Westwood Lodge on Monday evening.

—St. Andrew's Board of Managers have decided to fit the church with six incandescent electroliers instead of the arc lights. The contract has been awarded to Mr. J. H. Greer, who will proceed with the work at once.

—A large crowd watched over twenty cases of oil cloths, linoleums and carpet being lifted from George-st. to the fourth story of the "Golden Lion" on Monday. Mr Fair's importation made an inspiring display and spoke louder than words regarding the business that is being done by the Golden Lion.

—The Rev C L Ingles, of St Mark's church, Parkdale, Toronto, will preach at the evening service in St John's church to-night at 8 o'clock. This will be the second of the special Wednesday evening addresses. The public are invited. There will be a meeting of the congregation in the school house directly after the service.

—The enterprising farmers of Palestine district, Eldon township, have recently organized a cheese factory including Hartley, Glenarm, Portage Road, Eldon Station and Long Point, Fenelon routes, says the Warder. They have been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. William Warren, an old Verulam boy, recently cheese maker of Smith township factory, Peterborough county. This move is along right lines and the farmers should be gainers. The officers with the cheese maker after a brief canvass of the district, have been fortunate in securing four to five hundred cows for the season.

—It is reported that Mr George Bickle, of Cobourg, will be the manager of Port Hope's new hotel.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

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Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Why?

SHOULD YOU ASK FOR

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890

GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

BECAUSE:

1 It contains purely and only **McDougall's V. O. 1890 Whisky.**

2 It is the best Rye Whisky undoubtedly ever distilled in this country.

3 It was aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

4 It is Golden in Color.

5 It is Nutty in Taste.

6 It is Exquisite in Flavor.

7 It is Glorious in Effect.

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9 An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

SOLE CONTROLLERS MONTREAL.

AND SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

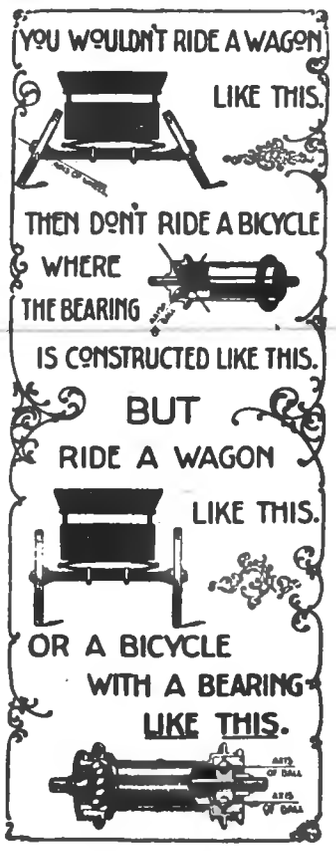
Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY

AGENT.

Break Up a Cold in Time

BY USING

PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 66 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:

"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:

"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lim. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

added lustre in her sight. He is one to be proud of—a faithful friend, and as a lover—well, she dares not think upon such a forbidden subject, but declares secretly that Jack Evans is by far the noblest character she has ever met.

When Jack finishes his story Avis knows all, even the danger in prospect, and yet this does not alarm her, since Jack will be there. She has already learned to rely upon his mighty right arm, and should the occasion ever come when the American athlete must bow to superior numbers in her presence, Avis will be doubly shocked, believing him invincible.

Evening is coming on apace, and the train still winds in and out, up the valley of the Ebro. It is very picturesque as seen in the light of declining day. At the next station the guard enters and lights the lamps.

Jack has ordered a bountiful supper, which is put aboard here in the same manner that the dinner was, and as they annihilate space—that sounds very big for use upon a Spanish railroad, but it happens that just then they are making pretty good time—they set about enjoying the meal.

Then they chat about various things, and the time passes away. All is gotten in readiness for leaving the carriage at Logrono, where they will find a decent hotel, and can await the train that leaves for Bayonne about three the next afternoon.

Jack finds it is ten o'clock.

"In half an hour or so we will be there," he says. Larry declares they are behind time, and the speed with which they travel seems to prove that some thing is wrong.

Half-past ten arrives—there is no town in sight at all. About twelve minutes later they rush into a place—lights are seen—a whistle shrieks, bells jingle—they pass a station on which people can be detected, and once more plunge into the darkness beyond.

Doctor Jack turns to Larry—the latter is aghast.

"'Pon 'onah! that's dused queer," gasps the dude.

"That was Logrono, sure enough—we are late, and the conductor must have had orders not to stop. All very good, but I guess we're in for it, Larry, my boy," adds Jack, with a grim smile.

CHAPTER XVI.

The situation is appalling—Madame Sophie shrieks and hides her face with her hands, for she has been told the danger—even Larry delivers himself of a singular mixture of choice expressions such as are heard upon Broadway in the vicinity of the Brunswick, and nowhere else, by means of which he intends to let the surplus steam escape.

As for Avis, she stands there as white as chalk, and with her starry eyes fastened upon Doctor Jack. In an emergency like this, thank God for the presence of a man.

The latter, after throwing his last words at Larry, coolly bends down and seizes his portmanteau, which has been lying snugly ensconsed under a seat. With a turn and a toss he has it out upon the floor. The others watch him in dumb anxiety while he fits a key, and then throws open the little leather trunk.

Inserting his hand he draws out two leather holsters of unusual size, such as might be worn by the dashing cowboys of the wild West. Each of these holds a weapon of some sort.

Laying them on the seat, Jack again locks the pormanteau. Then he places it against the side of the car in such a way that it will afford protection in the threatening engagement.

"Come, Larry, look alive, man. We must do our level best to beat these fellows. Take all the cushions, and form a rampart—they will make almost as good a fort as sand bags."

The dude sees the idea, and catches some of his enthusiasm. He springs to the task, and in a short space of time the interior of that first-class compartment presents a most singular and ridiculous appearance, to say the least. With the cushions and everything that can be made available, the men have formed a bullet-proof barricade, behind which one might lie in security while leaden rain rattled about, for the hair in the cushions would arrest the progress of any ball.

True, there is only room for two behind it—Avis notices this fact, and looks at Jack.

"Where will you be?" she asks anxiously—for already her interest in his welfare is great, and it makes a great difference to her whether he is wounded or unhurt.

Jack smiles in reply—it gives him a peculiar satisfaction to realise that she is worried about his condition.

"Oh! Larry and I will get on well enough out here, I reckon."

"I presume you are bullet-proof," sarcastically.

"Not exactly, but you see we can crouch down, and if we are struck"—with a shrug of the shoulders—"why, it's the fortune of war."

"Very good—of course you can please yourselves so far as that is concerned, but you forget that if both of you are shot we shall be without any protectors."

It is ingeniously put, and Jack laughs.

"Very good, as you say. Do you and Madame Sophie crowd close to the wall as possible, then when the time comes, and should the bullets fly too thickly, we may creep behind the barrier, too. I confess your last argument has floored me." He speaks a little coldly, as though wounded by her words, and seizing the opportunity while Larry is stowing Madame Sophie away, Avis bends her head close to the curly locks of Jack, whispering:

"Forgive me—I only used that as an argument. It was you I thought of, not myself," and before he can turn she is beside Madame Sophie.

All seems now arranged. The whistle gives a series of diabolical shrieks, no doubt as a signal for the watering-place ahead, and they can feel the train begin to slacken its speed.

Evidently the critical time is near at hand—Jack gives one last look around. It is a strange spectacle, and he will never forget it. He has already taken the two long, deadly-looking Western revolvers from their holsters—it is like slipping the hounds of war from the leash. These weapons may have been through many singular scenes in the past, but they never saw one that equalled the present.

"Are you all right?" asks Jack. He receives a look from Avis that nearly sets him wild, for it tells him how anxious the New York girl is about his welfare. Every one having answered in the affirmative, Doctor Jack proceeds to quickly extinguish the lamps.

Darkness comes—inky darkness. The train is gradually slowing up, so that whatever may be in store for them they must soon know the worst. It is a wild country just along here, and the whistle of the locomotive has sounded as though they were passing through a deep valley, the echoes are so loud.

Doctor Jack presses his face against the window, and endeavours to see what is coming. There is a great light of some sort ahead—it flashes and flickers as might a huge fire, which is probably the cause of the illumination. Jack is glad of this, as it will give them a chance to see what goes on. If they can remain in darkness while their enemies are in the light the advantage must surely rest with them.

Slowly the train creeps along, and at length, after several jerks, comes to a full stop. The shouts of excited men can be heard, and also a roaring, crackling sound, as the huge fire burns up the combustible material given to it, while the pulsations of the engine may be detected at regular intervals.

Taken altogether, and considering the fact that they are the cause of all this excitement, the situation is one that can never be forgotten by the American tourists. The women hold their breath with suspense, and pray—the men grit their teeth and watch.

Louder and hoarser grow the shouts—they are approaching nearer. Jack drops a window, and thrusts his head out. He sees a sight well calculated to thrill even the bravest man when he remembers that it is himself all this racket is about.

Ahead burns the great bonfire, so close to the track that the cars will be blistered by the heat if they remain stationary long. A water tank is seen, and the engine-driver is taking in a supply of the aqueous fluid with the nonchalance that distinguishes railroad men the world over. It is none of his quarrel—his duty is only to see that the locomotive is in a condition to go. Perhaps he, too, is a Carlist, and deep in the plot—who knows?

Scattered along the side of the train are a score of men—they advance in the direction of the compartment our friends occupy, and it is evident that this is the object of their rush. Several carry lighted flambeaux, which they whirl about over their heads in a weird manner—they look like fiefiends leaping forward to seize their prey.

Jack is intensely interested in the picture, but the time is hardly a profitable one for sight-seeing, since these men are advancing with murder in their minds. He counts their number, and finds about a score—of course it is possible there may be more on the other side of the train, but all that are in sight he has enumerated in this figure.

What manner of men they are remains to be seen. Jack does not have a very exalted opinion of what Carlists he has already met, and doubts not but that these fellows will prove to be cowardly. Still, their number may carry the day.

An idea strikes Doctor Jack—he wishes he had thought of it before—is

To be Continued

PART OF THE SHOW.

A Feature That a Knowing Young Man Did Not Understand Until Too Late.

She tripped lightly down the aisle, and an usher gave her a seat in the first row. To be sure, her hair looked as if peroxide had lent a helping hand in giving it color, but from under the huge hat appeared a pretty face. Now, a pretty face covers a multitude of sins, and the chappie who was seated behind her tried his best to let her know he was there.

Her appalling hat was adorned with plumes, and people behind her wondered if she would take it off. Chappie was sure of it.

"There's a girl who is up to date," said he; "she reads the papers, and I'll bet she takes it off when the curtain goes up."

"I hope she does," replied the man next to him; "for if she leaves it on I'm afraid I shall not see much, and I am sure you won't, because you are directly behind her."

"Don't worry," Chappie said consciligly.

The maiden heard part of the conversation and smiled under the hat.

The orchestra came in and played the overture, but she still kept the hat on.

The bell rang, the curtain rose, and she sat there wholly unconcerned.

Chappie's expressions of admiration changed to remarks of disgust, but the damsel noticed him not.

The play was well under way, and Chappie was about to utter a good, round protest, when his revenge came in a different way.

The two comedians came down to the footlights and sang a topical song. They sang of various things of interest and gradually drifted around to the theatre hat. Right in the midst of the song they stopped and looked down at the pretty blonde in the first row. The audience began to titter, and Chappie laughed aloud. The damsel hesitated a moment and then raised her hands to her head, pulled out two long hat pins and lifted off her hat.

The house roared, and Chappie yelled "Good!" at the top of his voice. The comedians finished their song, and then the pretty blonde got up and went out. As she passed Chappie she smiled at him, but he had hardened his heart against her and took no notice of her.

"That's a good thing," said a young man to Chappie, as they strolled out.

"What's a good thing?"

"That big hat," explained the young man. "It goes with the show."

Chappie smiled a sickly smile, but kept his peace.—Detroit Free Press.

Seldom the Latter

She—Do humorists ever make jokes at their own expense?

Humorist—The first few thousand are at their own expense; after that they get paid for them or give it up.

A Failure to Entrap.

A would-be wit once tried to entrap James T. Fields at a dinner party. Before Mr. Fields' arrival one of the gentlemen informed the other guests that he had written some lines which he intended to submit to Mr. Fields as Southey's, and to ask in which of that author's works they could be found. This program was carried out. "I do not remember to have met with them before," replied the publisher, "and there were only two periods in Southey's life when such things could possibly have been written by him." "When were those?" "Somewhere," said Mr. Fields, "about that early period of his existence when he was having measels or cutting his first teeth, or near the close of his life, when his brain was softened. The verification belongs to the measles period, but the ideas betray the idiotic one."—San Francisco Argonaut.

CURRENT FUN.

"What's the matter with Bixby? He looks worried lately."

"I should think he would. He has enough to worry him."

"But what's wrong?"

"He's still paying his wife $11 a week alimony, and now the second one has just got a divorce and an allowance of $9.50 per week. His salary is $20 a week, and I suppose he's wondering how he can afford to try it again without waiting for a funeral."—Cleveland Leader.

Weary Raggles—If I wuz to join enny society, it wud be one o' dem fer de preservation o' forests.

Wandering Willie—Why so, pard?

Weary Raggles—'Cause, if dey hed their way there wudn't be enny wood to saw.—New York Journal.

"What's the most noticeable thing in connection with the practice of your profession, doctor?"

"Thousands of able-bodied men have suddenly discovered that they require the air of Nevada, and are arranging to be there about the middle of March."—Detroit Free Press.

"For heaven's sake, Katie, don't applaud so much—the audience will think that you got in on a pass."—Fliegende Blaetter.

"Oh, Clarence!" exclaimed Mrs. McBride as her brother entered the house, "baby's cut a tooth."

"Why do you let her play with knives?" asked the unimpressed bachelor brother.—Judge.

Bridget—Mum, here's the man wid the coal.

The Mistress—Yes, Bridget; just show him into the parlor, and tell him I'll be down as soon as I've had the safe prepared for the coal's reception.—Philadelphia American.

Sleep

Induced by the use of coca, opiate or narcotic compounds is bad, decidedly bad. It undermines the health and shatters the constitution and the patient is steadily growing into a worse condition—often resulting in the terrible slavery and misery of the cocaine and opium habit. Sleep induced by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla may not come as quickly, but it comes more surely, permanently and is

Sweet

And refreshing because it is realized through nature's great restoring and rejuvenating channel—purified, vitalized and enriched blood. This feeds the nerves with life-giving energy and builds up the system and constitution from the very foundation of all health and life—the blood—pure, rich, red blood.

Refreshing

"I was generally run down last spring, appetite was poor and I could not sleep. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me right up, gave good appetite and I was soon able to get a good night's rest." G. F. WHITNEY, Merchant, Yeomans St., Ionia, Michigan.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 10, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.43 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.43 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto.... Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope....... Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay........ Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East....... Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.................. 8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.................. 8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield...... 8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield... 10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

—Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., has found time in which to write a good book of over a thousand pages entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies having been sold at $1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the large amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to *give away absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical libery, complete in one volume. It contains 1008 large pages, and over 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

THE RIVALS.

She's a winsome colleen!
Whin I take me dudheen,
And the smoke wreaths arise,
I can see her bright eyes
Whur a laugh lurkin' lies,
And her white little chin
Wid its dape dimple in—
Oh, there never was seen such a winsome colleen
As her through the smoke of me good owld dudheen!

She's a poutin' colleen
Whin she sees me dudheen!
Whin the smoke wreaths arise
There's a snap in her eyes,
Whur an imp lurkin' lies,
And she tilts her white chin
Wid its dape dimple in—
Oh, there never was seen such a poutin' colleen
As her whin I take up me good owld dudheen!

What ails the colleen
Whin I take me dudheen?
It's me rival," sis she,
Wid a side glance at me.
"And it's aisy to see
Which howlds the first place,
And I say to your face
It's plain to be seen that ye want no colleen
Whin yer lips are glued fast to your darling dudheen!"

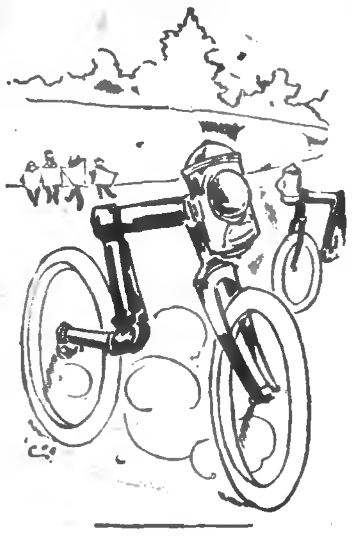
Thin I drop me dudheen—
Jist to plase the colleen,
And to prove that wan sip
From her swate poutin' lip
Would onloosen me grip
From me pipe or me life!
Darlin' Connie, me wife!
Oh, there never was seen such a darlin' colleen
As her—whin she's coaxed me to drop me dudheen!

Thin I eye me dudheen,
And I eye the colleen;
And she'll prisintly rise,
Wid warm love in her eyes,
While she laughin'ly tries
To breathe back a light
In me pipe that's out quite.
Oh, there never was seen such a witchin' colleen
As her whin pertindin' to light me dudheen!

—Annie V. Culbertson, in "Lays of a Wandering Minstrel."

IN THE 20TH CENTURY.

And This Will Verily Be the Fate of the Bicycle Fiend.



The Congregation.

One fine Sunday morning a tourist arrived at a kirk in Argyleshire, intending to enter for the English service as soon as the Gaelic was over. "Is the Gaelic service over?" he inquired of the beadle.

"No; but it will not be fery long."

So the tourist strolled on into the churchyard, where the tombstones lay deep in the long grass. By and by he was recalled by the shouts of the beadle, who stood at the door waving to him.

"But is the Gaelic service over?" he asked, once more.

"Oh, ay! It will be over."

"But I have not seen the congregation; which way did it go?"

The beadle directed his attention to a solitary figure slowly wending his way up the hill, and said: "That's him."—London Tid-Bits.

A Man of Parts.

Mr. Dukane—Young Mr. Homewood is about as smart a man as you'll find in a day's journey.

Mr. Gaswell—So?

"Yes, sir. He can give editors points on how to run newspapers."

"Pooh! Every man in the city can do that."

"But Homewood also knows how to run a hotel and a railroad, and, besides, he can tie his own four-in-hand scarf."—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

The 1897 Parasols.

Parasols are out in full bloom in the shops, but the most elaborate productions look suspiciously like those of last season. There are the same gauzy vanities, all ruffled and plaited and edged with lace or banded with ribbon, and everything in the way of a fancy silk parasol. Plain moire lined with a contrasting color makes a pretty combination, which is likely to be popular.

His Advice.

"Do you know anything about buying crockery for the house?"

The man with the bald head looked at his questioner pityingly before replying.

"A little," he said at last.

"You've tried it, have you?"

"I have."

"Then you're just the man I want. You see, I need a little advice in regard to a dinner set."

"You may put it down as an incontrovertible truth," said the man with the bald head oracularly, "that the only advice in that line which is of the slightest value is contained in three words."

"Which are—"

"Don't try it. Don't let your enthusiasm and self-confidence permit you to make the mistake of your life. Just give the money to your wife."—Chicago Post.

BRITISH CABINET MET.

Continued from page 1.

excitement. Since the publication of Consul-General Rotassi's call for reserves the enthusiasm has been intensified at numerous meetings held by the natives of Greece. More than a thousand men have already responded to the call, and have signified their willingness to enter the Grecian army if their passage is paid across the sea. The feasibility of chartering a steamer to carry the patriots to Athens has been considered, and arrangements have been made to take 500 men to that city at $24 each. Mr. Rotassi was unable to say to-day whether that number of men could be secured to sail this week, but an effort will be made to get as many as are willing to go.

Russia Pursuing Greece.

London, March 9.—The Chronicle will to-morrow publish a despatch from Athens, saying that the kernel of the situation is that Russia is pursuing Greece with a terrible vindictiveness that it is impossible to explain. It is stated, however, that Russia realizes that Millions of Greek Christians in the East yield religious allegiance only to the Greek patriarch at Constantinople, which is a serious bar to Russia's plans. M. Muravieff, the Russian Foreign Minister, is anxious to remove this bar by humiliating Greece and destroying her influence with the patriarch.

BRAM MUST DIE.

The Mate of the Fuller Sentenced to be Hanged June 18—He Protests His Innocence.

Boston, March 9.—Thomas M. Bram, the convicted murderer of Captain Nash of the barquentine Herbert Fuller, was this afternoon, in the United States Circuit Court, sentenced to be hanged on Friday, June 18. Bram said in court: "In the presence of Almighty God, I am innocent of the crime with which I am charged. God knows it, and He will protect me."

SPAIN WINS A VICTORY.

General Zaballa Was Killed, But His Men Went Forward and Won the Battle.

Madrid, March 9.—A despatch received here from Manila confirms the report of the capture of the town of Salibran in the Philippine Islands by the Government troops. General Zaballa of the Spanish forces was killed while leading the attack upon the insurgent position. The Spanish lost 10 killed and 30 wounded, and the insurgents had 76 killed.

Exhausted Resources.

"What are you bothering your father about?" asked the boy's mother.

"I want him to tell me a story; and he says he doesn't know any."

"Perhaps he will make up one as he goes along."

"I asked him to. But he says he has been testifying before an investigation committee all day, and it had used up all his material."—Washington Star.

DEATH OF COL. SHANLEY.

An Old and Respected Resident of London, Ont., Crosses the Bar.

London, Ont., March 9.—The death occurred at his residence, 301 Piccadilly-street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, of Col. James Shanley, Master of the Supreme Court, and Deputy Registrar in Chancery. He had been ill about three weeks with a heavy cold, which developed into pneumonia, with the above result.

He was one of London's oldest and most respected citizens, having resided here for 50 years. He took an active part in suppressing the Fenian raid, being commander of the London Field Battery at that time. One son, Charles J. N. Shanley, of the Postoffice Department, survives him.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade remains inactive and prices rule steady. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—There is a very dull market, with quotations generally unchanged. Red winter is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 86c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 84c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quote at 31 to 32c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. White sold outside at 17½c to 18c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 32c to 33c west.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the Western yards were fair to-day, and prices firm all round. About 50 car loads offered, including 250 head of sheep and lambs and 1500 hogs. The demand for export cattle was only moderate. Choice sold at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and ordinary at 3¼c to 3⅝c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3c. Bulls 3c to 3¼c per lb. Butchers' cattle in good demand and firm, best qualities selling as high as 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 2⅞c, and inferior at 2c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $9 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 250 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c per lb.

Hogs are firm for choice light qualities. The best sold at $4.90 to $5, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4¼c to 4½c; lightweights at 4½c; sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 9.—Spring wheat, 6s 5½d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 8d; corn, 2s 6¼d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 0d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage 3d lower. English country markets steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures steady at 6s 4½d for May, 6s 4½d for July and 6s 3d for September. Maize quiet at 2s 7¼d for April, 2s 8d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 10¼d for September. Flour 23s.

London—Wheat off coast quiet and steady, on passage dull. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 21f 80c for April; flour 44f 75c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 6s 4d for May and July, and 6s 2½d for September. Maize steady at 2s 7d for April, 2s 7¼d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 10¼d for September. Flour 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 9, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 60
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

CATARRH

Mrs. Dobell, of London, Ont., Cured for 25 Cents

Doctors Could Help, but Couldn't Cure—Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Released the Prisoner, and To-day She is as Well as Ever—She Says it is a Great Remedy

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dobell," said a comely, pleasant-faced woman at her home on Horton street to a News reporter to-day, "and I will very gladly tell you what you want to know. About three years ago my husband was very ill, and I had frequently occasion to rise in the night and go for a doctor or to the druggist. In my hurry I often neglected to properly clothe myself, and contracted several heavy colds, which turned at last to chronic catarrh. I tried doctors, who helped me, but did not cure me, and several special catarrh medicines. I was relieved but not cured. I was suffering intolerably when Mr. Shuff recommended me to try CHASE'S CATARRH CURE, and it began at once to help, and in about two months had entirely cured me. I cannot speak too highly of this remarkable medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh." The blower included is a great help to sufferers.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc. Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., Proprietors, MONTREAL.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	721,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,621
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A.

C. W. SAWERS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 130 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clurton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.

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WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.

SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.

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G. M. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT

ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Motherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER

ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 366 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yd&w

ECZEMA TEN YEARS

Suffered Untold Agonies. Limbs Swollen so Could Not Get About.

Almost Physicians Signally Failed. Was Absolutely Disheartened. Had Lost All Hope.

Gave CUTICURA a Trial Which Resulted in Absolute and Perfect Cure.

For ten years I suffered untold agonies from that dread disease Eczema, my lower limbs most of the time being so swollen and broken out that I could hardly go about. I had to wear slippers so that I could move about at all. My brother, a physician of thirty years' practice and extensive experience, had tried in vain to effect a cure and signally failed. I tried other physicians of splendid ability with like results, and had reached that point where I became absolutely disheartened, and in fact had lost all hope, when a friend (after long and continued persuasion) succeeded in inducing me to at least give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. I shall never regret that I did so, and until my dying day I shall sing the praises of them. I used two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP and two boxes of CUTICURA (ointment), and it resulted in an absolute and permanent cure. I feel that I owe suffering humanity the debt of at least, in my feeble way, calling their attention to my case and absolute cure. I am now, I feel, perfectly cured, sound as a dollar, and the sweets of life are still mine, thank God, and to CUTICURA REMEDIES I attribute my almost miraculous cure. I refer all interested to the Postmaster of this place, any of the ministers, the prominent business men, and all of the citizens of our vicinity indiscriminately, and especially to my friend, John A. B. Shippey, attorney at law, who succeeded in persuading me to give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. With profound gratitude, I remain your most enthusiastic admirer, DAVID M. SAFF, Plymouth, Ill.
Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, etc.

SUREST CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. ☞ "How to Cure Eczema," free.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897.

INDIAN RESERVES OF THIS DISTRICT.

Continued from Page 5.

Indians make their living entirely by fishing, hunting, gathering wild rice, working for other, etc.

Buildings, Stock, &c.—The greater number of houses on this reserve are log (flatted logs) but in general they are good and comfortable; the remainder are frame of a very good quality. These Indians have fifteen horses, twelve cows, fifty-nine pigs, thirteen young cattle, besides numerous farming implements.

Religion and Education—There is a frame church and frame school house on the reserve. The school house is small and poor, but it is very well equipped. The school was taught last year by Mr John A Windsor, who holds a second class professional certificate. I consider him a good teacher and many of the children made good progress under him. There are about fifteen children on this reserve of an age to attend school, but there are five at the Muncey Institute, and I am informed they are doing well there.

Characteristics—These people on the whole are moral and well behaved, and I have found them honest, but a few unfortunately indulge in liquor occasionally; they are, however, law-abiding people.

CHENONG OR MUD LAKE RESERVE.

Location and Area—This reserve is in the township of Smith, in the county of Peterborough, and contains about two thousand acres. A part is good land and a part is very stony, of which only about two hundred and ten acres are cleared.

Vital Statistics—This band numbered one hundred and sixty-three when I took the census in May last, being an increase of one, caused by one immigration by marriage; the births and deaths were equal during the year.

Health—There has been no epidemic of any kind during the year, and the health of the people generally has been good.

Occupation—As the country around this reserve becomes more settled and cleared up, hunting and trapping become less remunerative, and fishing too is becoming less productive; these circumstances are forcing the younger members of the band to turn their attention to other pursuits as a means of making a living; some hire with farmers, others work in the lumber woods in the winter season and on the "drives" in the summer season, and as a rule get good wages; while those who remain at home give much more attention to the cultivation of their lands, and as a result they are becoming more self-reliant.

Buildings—There are sixteen frame and seventeen log houses on this reserve. The frame houses are good, but the log ones are old and poor. There have been nine new frame houses built recently, which adds very much to the appearance of the reserve and to the comfort and health of those who occupy them. There are several frame houses now under construction.

Education—There is a good frame school house on this reserve fairly well equipped. The school was taught during the year by Mr A. E. Kennedy, who holds a second-class certificate (professional); it was open during the whole year, and the children attended very regularly except in a few cases, and on the whole made very fair progress.

Religion—The church services are well attended, and the Sabbath school is open the whole year and is fairly well attended by the children and young people.

Characteristics—The people on this reserve with few exceptions are clean, well behaved and law abiding.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache
.. .. Incipient Catarrh
.. .. Hay Fever
.. .. Catarrhal Deafness
.. .. Cold in the the Head in 10 min.
.. .. Foul Breath caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

The following is the standing of the Midland hockey league, according to the Port Hope Guide, the championship of which will be settled this week:—

	Won.	Lost.	To play.
Port Hope	5	1	2
Oshawa.....	3	3	2
Bowmanville	3	3	2
Cobourg	2	6	0
Whitby (died March 2, buried May 24th)			

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & CO.

OAK HALL.

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

The Sudden Death of James Montgomery—A Couple of Accidents.

Correspondence of the Review.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. James Montgomery, of this place, died very suddenly in Lindsay on Thursday, the 25th ult., at the Central hotel from heart failure. He drove up the ice to Lindsay on Wednesday to see Mr. Flavelle about some logs he was getting out, but after he had finished his business he did not feel well, so he was persuaded to remain in Lindsay at the Central hotel, although he thought he was quite able to return to Bobcaygeon. However, on Thursday about noon he suddenly became worse and in the evening he passed quietly away. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon and was largely attended by friends and relatives, who followed the remains to the cemetery here.

NEW CLERKS—Mr. C. E. Stewart has been appointed clerk for the municipality of Bobcaygeon; Mr. George Taylor received the appointment for the municipality of Verulam, and Mr. W. C. Moore is to be clerk of the Division court. The above positions were held by the late Irving Junkin.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Richard Garlick went out to hitch up his horse on Saturday afternoon and in walking across his own yard he slipped on the ice and broke his leg. Drs. Baker and McCamus were called in, and they set the leg, and at present Mr Garlick is doing as well as could be expected.

RECOVERED.—Mr. John Anderson, who received a severe kick from a horse on the forehead about three weeks ago, is able to be out again.

FIRST LOON—The first loon of this season passed over the village on last Wednesday. Evidently spring is coming nearer, or else that loon had taken a fit of lunacy.

KICKED BY A HORSE.—While Dr. Thorne, of this place, was attending to one of his horses on Saturday afternoon, it let fly with one of its hind feet and struck the doctor on the leg, inflicting an ugly wound, but fortunately the leg was not broken, and it is expected that the doctor will be able to be about as usual to attend to his practice.

LECTURE — The Rev. Mr. Symonds, of Peterborough, delivered a lecture on the history of the church in the town hall here on last Monday evening to a fair house. The lecture was most interesting and instructive.

LEAVING SOUTH MONAGHAN.

Mr and Mrs John Donaldson Leaving Their Old Home Are Remembered by Friends—An Address and Presentation.

Last Friday evening a goodly number of the residents of South Monaghan armed with smiles, baskets, fiddles and good intentions, wended their way to the residence of Mr John Donaldson, who is about to remove to Lindsay. After kind greetings were over the visitors gathered around Mr and Mrs Donaldson and, after reading an address, presented Mr Donaldson with a fire wolf-skin fur coat and Mrs Donaldson with a beautiful rocking chair.

Mr Donaldson in replying on behalf of himself and wife said he was taken completely by surprise. He did not think he had merited the kind words of the address or the handsome presents he and Mrs Donaldson had been made the recipients of. He regretted very much leaving the township where he had spent so many happy days, and it was still harder to part with the warm friends he had in South Monaghan and Cavan, and, although he hoped to have many good friends where he was going, he would still hold the memory of his early friends dear. When he got settled in his new home nothing would do him more good than to see his old friend come to pay him a visit.

After singing "for he was a jolly good fellow," the ladies spread the cloth and put the "tea a-steeping," and all sat down to a pleasant evening meal. After supper the young folks, and indeed some of the old ones, tripped the light fantastic toe away on to the wee hours of the morning, when the party broke up after spending a very pleasant evening.

The address which was presented read as follows:—

To Mr. John Donaldson,

DEAR FRIEND AND BROTHER,—Your old neighbors and fast friends and brethren of L.O.L. No. 46 wish to take advantage of the occasion of your leaving the township of South Monaghan to express our deep regret at losing a neighbor whom we all hold in such high esteem, and to express how much of that regret arises from the sterling qualities you have shown during your life long residence amongst us.

While you have been a public spirited man and progressive citizen, we who have now the pleasure of addressing you value you most for your sterling good qualities as a neighbor. We have all found you at all times most willing to oblige, and that not only when it was convenient, but your kind acts have often been at no small personal sacrifice on your part.

In our tribute to your worth we would also include your estimable wife and family, whom with you we will very greatly miss, and we wish you all many years of prosperity in your new home, where, though you are sure to make friends, you will make none who will value you more highly.

We again wish you the greatest prosperity in your new home and in earnest of our good wishes and in testimony of our esteem we ask you to accept this fur coat for yourself, and this rocking chair for Mrs Donaldson, feeling sure that the first cannot cover a warmer or more generous heart or the other hold a better mistress of a well regulated household.

On behalf of your South Monaghan friends,

J. J. HERON,
ARCH REYNOLDS,
JOHN LIGHTFOOT,

South Monaghan, March 5th, 1897.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

For Body, Brain and Nerves

Gives Appetite, Produces Refreshing Sleep.

A SAFEGUARD AGAINST

Mental Diseases.

As palatable as choicest old Wines

DOSE—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

ASK FOR

VIN MARIANI.

Lawrence J. Wilson & Co.

MONTREAL

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne

Old Empire Rye Whisky

SPRING HAT

STYLES!

Can Best be Studied Here!

WE SPECIALIZE During Hat Season our whole time and attention is devoted to this one line—selecting the best goods and the latest popular styles.

THIS SEASON we show makes, styles and qualities we never were able to show before. We have in our Toronto business a field to cover in city trade which demands the very nobbiest and nattiest things to be picked up. With this in view we have this season gotten together Special Styles, Qualities and Makes, that it would be impossible to show in a trade limited to a town only.

HATS made by Youman's, Stetson, Lincoln Bennett, Christy, Wilkinson, Benson, &c., are among our exclusive makes.

AT SPOT CASH we are able to give better values than we ever could under a credit and cash system. This we will convince any of, if they but step in and see how our Hats are marked. No trouble to show you through. Won't ask you to buy if you don't want to.

FAIRWEATHER & Co.

HATTERS,

PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

☞ Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, **Right for Now . . Right for Spring.**

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25,* and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox-blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelry.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 59. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE PEACE OF EUROPE

Is Above Every Other Consideration, Says Salisbury.

The British Policy Could Not be Shaped by Personal Sympathies or Religious Proclivities and Sentiments—Devonport Dock Yards Employes Working Over Time—Hot Fighting Reported at Candia—The War Cloud Discussed in the British Commons—Stories Told by Mussulmans.

London, March 10.—At the dinner of the Associated Chambers of Commerce here this evening, Lord Salisbury delivered an address, in which he referred briefly to the crisis which has been reached in the affairs of Greece over the Cretan question. His Lordship said it must be remembered that the British Government could not be guided in their policy by personal sympathies or religious proclivities and sentiments. They were the trustees of a great nation's interests and obligations, which they were bound to maintain above everything else. If they manfully did their duty under the circumstances it would promote, as no other course of conduct could do, freedom and justice, and, above all, European peace, upon which all commerce, industry and well being must depend.

The Premier's remarks were received with loud cheers. The speech throughout was devoid of any expression of party feeling.

Working Over Time.

London, March 10.—The entire staff of employes at the Devonport dock yards, numbering 5000, have been ordered to work overtime for the purpose of hastening the completion of the fitting out of vessels, upon which they are engaged. The order is believed to have been issued in view of the crisis which has arisen over the Cretan question.

A Protest From Greece.

Athens, March 10.—The Greek Government has instructed its representatives abroad to protest against the expulsion of Greek subjects from Canea as an arbitrary violation on the part of the powers of international law.

Talk of a New Regime.

Paris, March 10.—The Temps publishes the announcement that active negotiations have been opened with a view to the organization of a new regime in Crete, and intimates that the French Government is especially concerned in the giving of a satisfactory reality to the scheme for an autonomous administration of the affairs of the island.

Hot Fighting at Candia.

Cologne, March 10.—The Gazette publishes a special despatch from Candia, Crete, under yesterday's date, which says that fighting between a force of Bashi Bazouks and a band of insurgents has taken place before the gates of that town, in which the Bashi Bazouks lost 60 of their number in killed and wounded. The fighting continues and the exasperation on both sides increases. It is probable that the insurgents will set fire to the town if they are able to do so.

Mussulmans are Safe.

Canea, March 10.—The Mussulmans who were besieged by the insurgents at Kandamos have arrived here on board an Italian warship. British and Italian transports with troops on board are lying off this port.

The Financial Aspect.

London, March 10.—The correspondent of The Times at Athens criticises in a very unfavorable manner the financial cost of the mobilization of the Greek troops, and calls attention to the fact that the cost, when, in 1895-96, the Government of Tricoupis mobilized the troops of Greece, was 1,25,000,000 drachmas. This expenditure, the correspondent says, entailed the reintroduction of a forced currency, which had a disastrous effect upon the money situation of the kingdom.

The Athens Proia asserts that the national exchequer is abundantly able to meet all the extraordinary expenses from the ordinary revenue, owing to the "forethought of the Government." The Times' correspondent criticises this assertion by remaking "the budget in which such economies were shown is not specified. It is thought, however, that the sympathy of England and France will prevent any coercive measures from being taken against Greece."

THE LATEST NEWS.

Zealous Reports of Christian Cruelty Upset When the Truth Came Out.

London, March 10.—The Daily News tomorrow will publish a despatch from Canea saying that the British, French and Italian admirals landed this afternoon and held a conference with the insurgent leaders at Akrotiri. They expressed regret that they allowed the Turkish warships and troops to fire upon the insurgents during the previous day's fighting, believing then that insurgents were the aggressors. Since then, they said, they had learned that it was the Bashi-Bazouks who provoked the conflict.

In the course of an interview, the despatch says, it transpired that the Cretans had not received the admirals' warning previous to the bombardment of Feb. 21, and that they were unaware also of the promises of autonomy for Crete of the offer of the surgeons, which communications were entrusted to Commander Reineck, of the Greek warship Hydra. The News, in commenting on the despatch, will suggest that the communications entrusted to Commander Reineck were delivered in the wrong quarter.

The Standard will to-morrow publish a despatch from Canea, saying that it is rumored there that the Greek army of occupation, under command of Col Vassos, are short of provisions, their supplies of eatables consisting only of biscuits and oranges. The despatch will also say that the admirals of the foreign warships have warned the commandant at Canea that if the Bashi-Bazouks again provoke the insurgents to an encounter their village will be bombarded by the warships and moreover that no band of Bashi-Bazouks will hereafter be allowed to enter Canea or to sally out into the country.

The Stories They Tell.

London, March 10.—The Daily News tomorrow will publish a despatch from Canea stating that the Mussulmans who had been besieged at Kandamos, and who have arrived at Canea, were conveyed there on board the Italian transport Trinacria, and that another vessels is expected to arrive shortly with more refugees. The force which relieved the beleaguered inhabitants of Kandamos also assisted 112 soldiers who were besieged in the Spaniako block house.

The arrival of the Trinacria with her load of refugees has created a deep impression in Canea. One of the chief Beys says it is impossible to express the gratitude felt by the Moslems towards England.

The Daily News correspondent relates the story of the rescue of the beleaguered residents at Kandamos, upon the authority of the officers of the Trinacria, the Turkish Governor at Kandamos and others. His account says the utmost credit is due to Sir A. Billiotti, the British Consul at Canea, who managed the entire affair personally. Without him, the correspondent says, the besieged people could never have escaped. In the first instance, he went alone to Kandamos, after conferring with the Cretan leaders, who expressed doubt of their ability to control their followers. The place was surrounded by 7000 Cretans, who kept up a continuous fire, which sometimes was replied to by a light fire. Consul Billiotti entered the town and remained until nightfall, when, having become convinced of the absolute necessity of employing a force of Europeans to effect the release of the beleaguered ones, he returned to Selino, from which place he started on his return to Kandamos before dawn with a force of 250 British, 100 French, 100 Austrians, 150 Russians and 85 Italians, with four guns. This force was commanded by the captain of the British warship Modney. Upon arriving at Kandamos the troops remained upon the outskirts while the Consul entered the town to arrange for the sortie. The Cretans had ceased their firing, and consented that the Moslem soldiers should retain their arms, but when the latter emerged and a start was made for Selino a scene of wildest confusion and one of the greatest danger took place. The horde of Cretan insurgents surrounded the refugees, and wherever a gap occurred in the escort would dash in and tear their weapons from the Bashi-Bazouks, and snatch the bundles which many of the women and children carried. It was with the utmost difficulty that the Moslems were prevented from firing upon the insurgents, and thus bringing about a horrible slaughter. During the confusion one girl was kidnapped by the Cretans. The insurgents followed the refugees, pressing in upon their column, as far as Spaniako, where there is a gorge, which was blocked by the escort after the refugees had passed. This prevented the Cretans from advancing further.

The embarkation on board the Trinacaria began at 5 in the evening, and ended at 9 o'clock. After sunset the Cretans at Selino began to make hostile demonstrations towards the Moslems, and several shots were fired by them and several houses were burned. With a view to putting a stop to these manifestations, the warships fired several rifle shots in the air and also fired one of their guns.

The Governor of Kandamos says that when the people in the town were relieved by the Europeans there were only seven boxs of cartridgs lefgt, and that the gun ammunition was completely exhausted. Thirteen persons had been killed and 20 wounded since March 6. There were neither bread nor rice in the town, but there was a plentiful supply of meat. The correspondent says the refugees are rapidly debarking at Canea, and that the Trinacria will return to Selino for more.

Censorship Over Telegrams.

Canea, March 10.—The Governor here will hereafter exercise a censorship of all telegrams received here and sent hence. The admirals of the foreign warships, it is said, approve of this plan.

Russia's Offer to Servia.

Belgrade, March 10.—It is announced here that the Russian Government has offered Servia 120 magazine rifles on credit. It has not been decided yet whether the offer will be accepted or refused.

The Hierapetra Fight.

London, March 10.—The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Athens, saying that the fighting at Hierapetra yesterday and the expulsion of M. Barakiis, the Greek Vice-Consul at Canea, has re-aroused the war fever there.

The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Canea, saying that the situation at Hierapetra is one of anxiety. The insurgents under the Greek leader Korakas, are said to be supplied with guns and it is feared that they will make another attack upon the town.

Mr. Charles Logue Declined and Mr. McDougall Accepted the Nomination—An Enthusiastic Meeting

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—A representative convention of leading Conservatives of Wright County was held at Hull this afternoon, at which Charles Logue of Maniwaski and J. M. McDougall, Q. C., of Hul, were nominated, the former declining for personal reasons. Mr. McDougall asked a few hours to consider the question of acceptance. At 8.30 to-night a general meeting of Conservatives was held, when Mr. McDougall accepted the nomination, amid great enthusiasm. Speeches were delivered by the candidate, eMssrs. Josh Ellard, Labelle, Stephenson and Rogers.

MGR. MERY DEL VAL

Will be the Papal Delegate to Canada—Mgr. Tedeschi is Only Going to Baltimore—Press Reports Wrong.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—An Associated Press report this afternoon states that Mgr. Tedeschi is the Papal delegate to Canada. This is incorrect. Mgr. Tedeschi is going to the Ecumenical Council at Baltimore. Mgr. Mery del Val is the delegate to Canada.

Death of a Woman of 600 Pounds Weight

Pittsburg, March 10.—Mrs. Ruth Holler, who weighed 600 pounds, died at her home in Allegheny yesterday of fatty degeneration of the heart. Within the last three years Mrs. Holler had increased in weight from scarcely 100 pounds to over 400 pounds. During the past six months she had lived in the second storey of her home. Being unable, on account of her enormous size, to get up or down stairs. She was only about four feet five inches in height.

KICKING ALL ROUND

About the Way Mr. Sifton is Doing Things.

Duncan Campbell Scott Has Been Put Down, Though No Fault is Found With His Conduct—The Ministers and Tariff Revision—The Apparent Discrepancies in the Postoffice Accounts—Complaints of Incompetent Appraisers—Personal and General Notes From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—There is a good deal of kicking, even amongst Liberals, over the sweeping changes which Mr. Sifton is making in the Indian Department. Whoever may be responsible for prompting the Minister, the general impression in town is that Mr. Sifton has been ill-advised. It is only a few months ago that Mr. Laurier, on coming to Ottawa to take up his official residence, declared that it would be his utmost endeavor to make the capital the centre of arts, literature and learning in the Dominion. And how is this being done? Certainly not by encouraging literary men. Duncan Campbell Scott, a poet of whom Canada has reason to be proud, has for the last three or four years been secretary of the Indian Department, because Mr. Scott unfortunately cannot live by poetry alone, and has to earn his daily bread; but now, to suit the purpose of some machine politicians and to secure the advancement of a consummate wirepuller, Mr. Scott is relegated to a somewhat inferior position, and Mr. J. D. McLean is made secretary of the department. And who is this Mr. McLean? He has been on the staff of the Indian Department for many years, and is an ardent Liberal. It is currently reported in Departmental circles that, during the time the Conservatives were in power, McLean kept a diary record of everything that transpired in the Department within his knowledge, in order that he might use it to the detriment of the Conservative party, and to further his own ends. As soon as the new Government had taken office last July, McLean sent this private diary to one of the Ministers, but to the credit of the Minister, be it said, he promptly returned the book to McLean, with a sharp note saying that he would scorn to make use of information procured in such a way.

As far as can be ascertained there is a very clear explanation of the alleged discrepancy discovered by Messrs. Cross and Munroe of Toronto in the accounts of the Postoffice Department. The two auditors make the annual deficit to be much larger than what the departmental report shows it to be. This is owing to their including the June quarter in the transactions of the year, although it appears that since Confederation the payments due on the 30th June have always been paid in the July quarter. If these payments have to be made within the fiscal year it will mean that for this year at any rate the five quarters will have to be paid for, thereby apparently greatly enhancing the expenditure for the current year. It appears also that the two auditors have adopted the unusual course of including in the expenditure of the department the cost of running it, which has hitherto been paid out of the civil Government appropriation, and for which a special annual vote is made by Parliament.

One of the Ministers states that considerable work is being done toward the preparation of the tariff resolutions as they will be introduced into Parliament.

Sir Richard Cartwright is still absent from the Capital, but Messrs. Fielding and Paterson have been devoting attention to the tariff revision, and as soon as the Minister of Trade and Commerce does return there will be joint sittings. Asked as to when the bill might be looked for in its completed form, the answer came that the House will not have to lose any time waiting for it to be brought in. By the time that the preliminary work of Parliament is through and the members have really settled down to the work of the session, the tariff bill will be introduced by Mr. Fielding.

The Minister of Justice has caused communications to be sent to the several Provincial Governments to see if a mutual arrangement cannot be reached in reference to the appointment of Queen's Counsel. If this is done, then the appeal from the finding of the Ontario Court of Appeal in this matter will not be taken to the Judicial Committee. Your correspondent gathered, in conversation with the Minister, that his idea is that federal and local authority should agree upon certain hard and fast rules to govern the conferring of the silk, and that active work at the bar for a fixed term of years, possibly 15 or 20, should be indispensable. The proposal implies a recognition of the power of the local authorities to create Queen's Counsel for provincial courts, and of the federal authority for Dominion courts, as decided by the Ontario Court of Appeal. Whether or not there shall be mutual recognition of federal and provincial appointments, with concurrent jurisdiction, must be a matter of negotiation.

At the sitting of the tariff enquiry in Ottawa and elsewhere complaint was made of the incompetency of appraisers at the smaller customs ports, and some manufacturers did not hesitate to ask for the abolition, on the ground that foreign products are allowed to pass through their hands at figures far below the proper valuation. It is held, however, that these complaints are exaggerated. The oversight which the department exercises to prevent the entry of goods under a wrong duty and otherwise to check the entries at the smaller ports has a most beneficial effect. In any case, the entries at the smaller ports are seldom of any great size, and where a mistake has been made once the attention of the authorities is generally directed to it in order to prevent recurrence.

Hon. William Mulock, Postmaster-General, returned to the Capital this morning.

Last night's rain had a deplorable effect in the Western departmental block. It found its way through the temporary roof and soaked a number of places which had about dried off the water poured on them the day and night of the big fire.

A son of the Hon. William MacDougall has been appointed to a clerkship in the library of Parliament.

Mayor Wilson Smith and a Montreal civic deputation arrived here to-day to consult with the Minister of Railways and Canals concerning a new bridge over the Lachine Canal at Atwater-street, Montreal. The people of St. Henri want the structure within their bounds, but Montreal thinks the traffic on its side is much heavier.

Col. Smith, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Commons, is here attending to sessional arrangements.

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We strongly advise you to buy your Carpets and Curtains early,
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Inlaid Engli h Linoleums at the lowest prices yet asked for these goods.
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THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having claims against the estate of WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Town of Peterborough, who died on or about the 31st day of January, 1897, are required on or before the First day of April, 1897, to deliver or send by post prepaid to the undersigned, GEO. RAWLINGS, Executor of the Estate, Peterborough, their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.
GEO. RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.
Dated Feb. 18th, 1897. 5641

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

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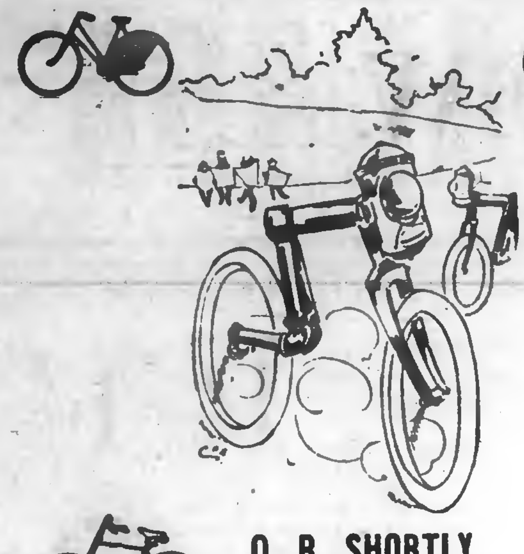

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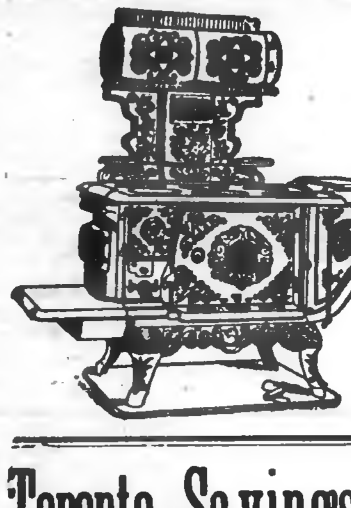

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"I was generally run down last spring, appetite was poor and I could not sleep. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me right up, gave good appetite and I was soon able to get a good night's rest." G. F. WHITNEY, Merchant, Yeomans St., Ionia, Michigan.

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Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.
THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897

A YEAR'S CRIME

The Crimes for Which Prisoners Were Committed—Some Facts.

The provincial report upon gaols, prisons and reformatories gives the total number of committals to common jail in 1896 as 9,058; in 1869 the number was 5,650. Committals are classed as follows:—Crimes against property; Arson, 43; burglary, 75; counterfeiting, 8; destroying property, 61; embezzling, 5; forgery, 41; fraud, 134; housebreaking, 284; horse stealing, 72; larceny, 156; receiving stolen property, 29; and trespass, 365. Crimes against public morals, 370; crimes against public order, 4,833; crimes against the person, common assault, 387; felonious assault, 106; cutting and wounding and stabbing and shooting with intent, 86; rape and assault with intent, 45; murder, 29; manslaughter, 4; attempted suicide, 7; and miscellaneous, 10.

The number of men over sixteen committed annually has increased from 3,559 to 7,632 since 1869; the number of boys has decreased in the same period from 294 to 265; women from 1,680 to 1,147, and girls from 82 to 24. Of those committed 5,319 were Canadians, 1,310 were English, 1,196 were Irish, 625 Americans, 367 Scotch, and 250 miscellaneous; 3,002 were Roman Catholic, 2,727 Anglicans, 1,386 Methodists, 1,192 Presbyterians, and 751 miscellaneous; 2,886 were married men and 6,172 were single; 1,408 could neither read nor write; 3,408 were temperate, and 5,650 were intemperate.

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DOURO DOINGS

An "At Home" Given by Mr and Mrs R A O'Connor on Returning From Their Wedding Tour

Correspondence of the Review.

AT HOME.—The "At Home" given on Monday evening by Mr and Mrs R A O'Connor, of Douro, on their return from their wedding tour was a grand success. Many relatives and friends were present and after extending congratulations to the happy couple a sumptuous supper was served and the rest of the evening was spent in dancing and many other amusements. The music, which was furnished by Messrs G Whibbs, S Miller and F Leahy, assisted by others, was excellent, and one of the principal means of making the evening pleasant. The young people enjoyed themselves till early morning when all departed well pleased with the evening's entertainment. Mr and Mrs O'Connor have the best wishes of their many friends who would like to see them prosper, live long and enjoy many happy years.

THE WEDDING.—The Merrickville Mirror says:—A wedding took place at St. Joseph's church, Douro, on Wednesday last, when Miss Maggie O'Brien, sister of the late Father O'Brien, of this place, became the wife of Mr R A O'Connor, a highly respected young man of Peterborough county. The young lady resided here for about three years during the pastorate of her brother and was favorably known. She removed to Peterborough two years ago. After the ceremony the young couple left the Plate Glass City and came to Merrickville, where they remained for a few days, the guest of Miss Frankie Real. The bride's many friends here extend hearty congratulations.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A DEAL IN MINES

Which Mr. Whitney Says is Fraught With Danger

The People of Ontario Will Not Submit to This High-Handed Way of Taking From Them Their Rights in the Mining Districts—Commissioner Gibson's Explanation—Wait for the Papers, He Says—Premier Hardy Supports His Lieutenant—Papers Will be Brought Down.

Toronto, March 11.

When the introduction of the usual bills had been concluded, Dr. Willoughby arose and moved the adjournment of the House.'

This move was to give the leader of the Opposition a chance to make a few remarks.

Mr. Whitney arose and called attention to a mining deal which The Globe of yesterday had reported as having taken place between the Government and a South African mining syndicate. The article in question stated that the Government had granted a license of occupation covering some 64,000 acres, 44,000 acres lying to the northward of Rainy Lake and another block of 20,000 acres, consisting of a part of the peninsula lying between Shoal Lake (west) and the Lake of the Woods, which license granted the syndicate exclusive rights of exploration and prospecting in that territory for three years from May 1, 1897. To ensure that prospecting would be done, the following provisions were made: "The syndicate must expend in actual exploration, development and mining upon the said lands during the first year not less than $30,000, during the second year not less than $40,000, and during the third year not less than $50,000, and to ensure that both blocks shall be at once prospected, not less than $10,000 must be expended on either one during the first year, the remaining $20,000 to be expended upon the other. Proof of such expenditure is to be furnished at the end of each year to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Crown Lands."

Never, said the Opposition leader, had an act been committed by any Government fraught with more serious results to its people. The agreement was truly characterized as novel. It was unique, for never had such an agreement been presented for the endorsation of the Legislature by any Government in the Dominion. He would be endorsed in condemning it by a large majority of the people, if not of the members of the House.

The best information he could secure was that there was no better known gold-bearing land in Ontario than in the two townships. The Globe contended that the only serious objection to the arrangement was that it withdrew from general exploration for three years a considerable area of land. That was, indeed, an objection. Sixty-four thousand acres of the best mining land the province contained was to be locked up and fenced in for three years from the people of the country who had a just right to it. The company, it was contended, could do no more than prospect on the land. The injustice in this lay in the fact that they could go on making explorations for three years and find all the choice spots. What was to hinder them from purchasing them when this time was up? No one else would know their value. The effect would be the same as though the territory was sold now. There was no doubt but the deal would work untold injury to the people of the province.

Coming to the consideration which the syndicate would have to guarantee before the arrangement was validated, Mr. Whitney considered that the company could not be going at it blindly. They would not be willing to come up from South Africa to secure a lot of wild land if they did not know that they had a good thing. He had information from a good source that the South African Company was only a myth, and that the real company was in part composed of men who had been within the walls of the House within the last four days. He could not conceive what reason the Government could give for their action. It was an old maxim that "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," and it was never better exemplified than in the present instance and in connection with the present case. The people of the province, he concluded, would not submit to this high-handed way of taking from them their rights. He would take the first opportunity of testing the House on the matter.

Mr. Whitney concluded his most vigorous and earnest address, and one which could not but carry conviction with it, and sat down amid vociferous applause from the benches to the Speaker's left.

Hon. J. M. Gibson's conduct of affairs having been impugned, that gentleman replied. The word "novel," he said, might be even more properly applied to the course which Mr. Whitney had taken in bringing the matter before the House than to the agreement which was being complained of. He characterized that gentleman's remarks as a theatrical display, intended to call public attention to the fact that the Government was being closely watched. [Mr. Whitney: "They need watching."] How could the hon. gentleman, he continued, say that the arrangement was a good or bad one until the papers had been shown to the House? He was satisfied that when they were produced, the people would think that the bargain had been an advantageous one, and their interests had been well looked after.

Hon. A. S. Hardy also addressed a few words. The great public demand of the past year had been for the Government to open up the mineral resources of the province. Another great public demand was that streams of English capital should be induced to come over to this country. This had been the aim of the Government in this deal, to induce this capital and to have British capitalists experiment and see if Ontario's mines were good or not. It was due to the strong demand of the country, that they should inaugurate a progressive mining policy.

Hon. Mr. Gibson promised Mr. Whitney to have the papers brought down forthwith, and Dr. Willoughby withdrew his motion.

TO ELECT REGISTRARS.

The Opposition Arraign the Government on Their Policy in Regard to Appointments.

At the Legislature yesterday Mr. Little of Cardwell introduced the motion that led to perhaps the most heated debate of the session and finally resulted in a division. He moved: "That in the opinion of this House the present mode of appointing registrars of deeds and other county officials is unsatisfactory and should be changed, and that the appointment of all the said officials whose salary or remuneration is provided in whole, or mainly, by the localities for which they are appointed should not be vested in the executive of the province, but in the people of the locality through their municipal bodies."

Mr. Stratton ridiculed the alleged inconsistency of the Opposition, who, he alleged, had advocated election of officials by popular vote at different times within the past ten years.

Mr. Meacham contended that the record of the Opposition on the matter was always uniform and clear. The question was whether such men should be appointed by the Government or by the municipalities. Why should the people who pay the officials not appoint them? The present system of appointing party heelers did not tend to assure a good quality of work.

Mr. Howland charged that, as a rule, the appointments were made without qualifications. He referred to the statute prescribing the qualifications of the office. The duties required that the registrar should be able to give an abstract of the contents of instruments ,and this the ordinary registrar was incapable of doing. The officials frequently had to call in assistance in performing their duties, thus involving extra expense. Had the appointments been made by municipalities, there would have been no such reprehensible action as the division of the Toronto registry district.

Mr. McLean of Huron believed that the officers were as much responsible to the people, being Government appointees, as if they were appointed by the municipalities. The defalcations of recent years showed that County Council appointees were not better officials than those under Government control. He contended that the County Councils were as liable to make political appointments as the Government. [Opposition: "No, No!"]

Dr. Willoughby denied that County Councils were influenced by party considerations. He quoted the minutes to refute Mr. Stratton's statement that the Opposition was inconsistent.

Hon. G. W. Ross thought the resolution a vital, far reaching one. To change the mode of appointing administrators of justice was no light matter. The Opposition proposed to change the British system of Government appointment to that of election, as in the American Union. If the province changed the system they would be the first British colony to do so. The present system had stood the test of centuries well. The late Lexow investigation had revealed the corruption existing under the American system.

Mr. Whitney understood why the Oppoisit could not get a full and fair discussion of the subject. It was stated that under the present system all were eligible to office, while it was notoriously true that only supporters of the Government could have such position.

Hon. E. J. Davis began to remind Mr. Whitnew that he had attacked the Government for appointing Liberals to office, which the Opposition leader promptly denied, and Mr. Davis started on another tack. Continuing, he contended that there was no strong desire on the part of the people of the province for any such change as was proposed. There were no complaints mentioned as being made against the work of the Government officials.

Mr. Haycock, in reply to the Minister of Education, respecting the vote given by the Patrons upon a similar question in 1895, stated that vote had been given because the Government had indicated that legislation would be introduced providing for the election of county officials. The Patrons felt warranted under the circumstances in giving the Government a fair opportunity to carry out their policy. But circumstances have changed. Since that time the Government had taken no steps towards carrying out its promise upon that line. The Government had also changed the composition of the County Councils, and the Patrons, therefore, felt justifiedh in voting now in favor of the motion. The present system had been abused. The offices were kept hung up as prizes with which to reward party services. The man who had rendered the most signal service to the party had the best show for it.

Mr. McKay (South Oxford) congratulated the honorable leader of the Third Party on the graceful way in which he fell into line against the Government with the Conservative party. He also congratulated the honorable gentleman who led the Opposition upon his change of sentiment towards the Third Party since he spoke recently at Hamilton.

Mr. Marter was surprised that the honorable gentleman opposite would try to throw dust in the eyes of honorable members by referring to the United States system, a comparison which is in no way applicable to the present question. This resolution applies only to registrars who are purely county officers. These officers are paid by fees, and those who pay the fees are the people residing in the county who give the mortgages. The honorable gentleman opposite had laid stress upon the rigid inspection of the offices. It was not the rigid inspection that brought to the notice of the people the irregularity in the registrar's office of Northumberland, where the fees of the office had been used to pay for sawing wood, cutting grass and grooming the horses of the registrar. The report of the Fees Commission, which cost $12,000 to procure, was quoted in support of the resolution. Mr. Alex Manning of Toronto, Mr. Walkem of Kingston and Principal Grant had expressed the view that these appointments should be taken away from the Government.

The Attorney-General expressed the opinion that if hon. gentlemen at the next election succeeded in getting seats on that side of the House this would

Continued on Page 7.

THREE CHILDREN DROWNED.

A Deplorable Affair in the Town of Bowmanville Yesterday.

Bowmanville, Ont., March 10.—The saddest fatality that ever occurred in this town happened in Williams' flats this afternoon, when the three eldest children of Frederick Buxon, who is employed as deliverer of ice with M. W. Willian, were drowned just outside their garden gate in a hole that once formed part of a mill race.

The children were out for an airing in the warm sunshine, and no one was near but Mrs. Luxon, their mother, who is nursing a baby only 10 days old.

The eldest girl, Ida May, aged 8 years, had scrubbed out the kitchen floor before going out, being her mother's only help. Just how the accident happened will never be known. It is supposed the youngest child strolled too near the hole, which is surrounded by ice, and slipped into it, when the others flew to her rescue and lost their footing and slid in too.

John Luxon, the grandfather, called just after 3 p.m. to inquire after the health of the family. He chatted with Mrs. Luxon for about 15 minutes, when she asked if he had noticed the children as he came in. Answering in the negative, he was requested to go out to see where they were. He went, but could not see them anywhere and walked down the bank of the highly swollen creek to see if they had strolled that way, watching the rushing water that ran tempestuously towards Lake Ontario. He could find no trace of them having been that way. Then he returned and went out the front gate to go up the stream. Close by the garden gate he discovered the lost children, all three floating in the little pool of water about six feet deep. He fished them out with a pole and ran for help and telephoned for Dr. A. S. Tilley, who came quickly and tried to resuscitate the eldest, but was unsuccessful, as they had been in the water fully half an hour.

The three lifeless children were laid out by kind hands and presented a terribly heartrending sight to the hundreds of beholders who called to see them.

The case is dreadfully sad, owing to the delicate condition of the mother and the affectionate regard both parents possessed for their little family of girls. No event that has transpired here for a long time has caused such widespread sympathy as this terrible calamity.

Some Strange Economies.

Indeed we don't know how the other half lives.

There is nothing much more curious than the revelations—usually unconscious—which from time to time creep out and tell us how our neighbors lives go secretly on under those sheltering roofs. No one has the same economies or extravagances as ourselves, and we do and they—our neighbors—do what each thinks mean and at the same time foolishly lavish of the other. A vast majority of women will dress well if nothing else is accomplished with income. In not only one instance known, but in several similar circumstances, a housekeeper has been discovered to do the family washing who wore, habitually, the finest of silk underwear and paid proportiate sums for her hats and boots and gloves, while her gowns were made at an extortionate costumer's. Such people never buy books, of course, nor go to the play, nor art exhibits. They save in a million ways, but they do dress well.—Philadelphia Press.

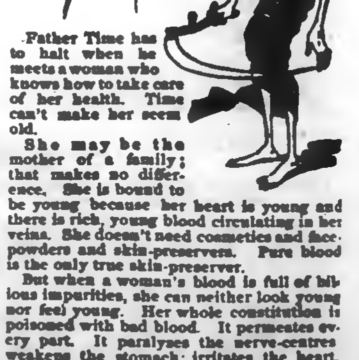
From the U.S. to Britain.

The United States sent 103,000,000 pounds of ham to Great Britain last year. Something over 300,000,000 pounds of American bacon took the same route, and as for lard Great Britain received 40 per cent. of the total exports, which amounted to 200,000,000 pounds.

His Question

Della Ware—Do you believe in the Biblical admonition of giving a kiss for a blow, Mr. Westside?

Westside—Well—er—that depends, Miss Ware. How hard are you going to strike me?—Buffalo Times.



Father Time has to halt when he meets a woman who knows how to take care of her health. Time can't make her seem old.

She may be the mother of a family; that makes no difference. She is bound to be young because her heart is young and there is rich, young blood circulating in her veins. She doesn't need cosmetics and face-powders and skin-preservers. Pure blood is the only true skin-preserver.

But when a woman's blood is full of bilious impurities, she can neither look young nor feel young. Her whole constitution is poisoned with bad blood. It permeates every part. It paralyzes the nerve-centres weakens the stomach; irritates the heart, preys upon the lungs and bronchial tubes.

It reduces a woman to a state of weakness, nervousness, irritability, dejection and melancholy. Such a woman can't possibly be youthful, no matter what her age may be. She needs the youthfulness of highly vitalized blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will give it to her. It will help any woman to get back her youth and freshness again.

It gives the digestive and blood-making organs and the liver power to produce good, pure, healthy blood. It gives color to the cheeks, and sparkle to the eyes; drives away pimples and blotches; wipes away wrinkles rounds out emaciated forms, and creates firm, natural, healthy flesh.

Mrs. Rebecca F. Gardner, of Grafton, York Co., Va., writes: "When I was married I weighed 135 pounds. I was taken sick and reduced in health and broke out with a disease which my doctor said was eczema. He treated my disease but failed to do me any good, and I fell away to 90 pounds. I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and thank God and you, I began to improve. Now I weigh 140 pounds and have only taken two bottles. I cannot say too much about the medicine. My husband says I look younger than I did the first time he saw me, 15 years ago."

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

WILL PUSH THE BILL NOW.

School Amendments Will Come Up in the Manitoba Legislature To-Day—Orangemen Disapprove It

Winnipeg, March 10.—(Special.)—In the Legislature this afternoon the Attorney-General announced that he would ask that the second reading of the bill containing the amendments to the Manitoba School Act be made the first order of business to-morrow. He intimated that the Government would push through these amendments, complying with the terms of the school settlement, without further delay.

The Orange Grand Lodge of Manitoba is in session in Brandon, and it is expected resolutions will be passed in regard to the school settlement. There can be no doubt that to a very large proportion of the Orangemen the terms of the settlement are not acceptable, and it is believed Mr. Greenway's delay in passing the amendments is due more to Orange opposition than Catholic resistance. Numerous Orange lodges have passed resolutions disapproving of the settlement.

BRITAIN'S TRADE WITH US.

The Motherland Bought Much More Largely From Canada in January and February Than Last Year.

Montreal, March 10.—A Star special cable from London says: "The British imports from Canada are showing a remarkable expansion. They increased 166 per cent. in February and 100 per cent. in the two months of 1897, while the British imports from all countries only advanced 4 per cent. Canadian cheese jumped from £55,000 in the same two months last year to £140,000 this year; fish from £12,000 to £118,000; butter from £2000 to £13,000; oxen from £21,000 to £34,000; wood £78,000 to £94,000. The exports to Canada decreased 21 per cent. for the month and 10 per cent. for the two months.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

A CURE FOR EACH DISEASE

With Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies in the House, Mothers Can Become the Family Physician and

SAVE DOLLARS IN DOCTORS' FEES

Get Munyon's Guide to Health from Your Druggist—It will Tell You What to Use and How to Cure the Most Obstinate and Complicated Diseases.

Professor Munyon is honored to-day as the leading authority in the medical world. His new and humane methods of treatment have swept away all the old-fashioned ideas of doctoring with poisonous drugs that create a dozen diseases in the effort to get rid of one. He does not claim that he has one remedy that will cure all complaints, but that he has prepared a specific cure for nearly every disease. He does not claim that Munyon's Rheumatism Cure will cure consumption, dyspepsia or any other complaint, but he does assert that it will cure rheumatism. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is prepared expressly to cure dyspepsia; Munyon's Cough Cure to cure coughs; Munyon's Catarrh Remedies to cure catarrh; Munyon's Kidney Cure to cure kidney troubles. The same may be said of all Munyon's different remedies. They may be obtained at all drug stores, mostly at 25 cents a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

THE MAGIC OF THE BLACKFEET.

WONDERFUL FEATS OF JUGGLERS AMONG THE INDIANS.

A Medicine Man's Dance in a Red-Hot Kettle—A Lodge Shaken and a Bound Man Released by an Unknown Agency—Pet Rattlesnakes.

"In the days long previous to the advent of the white men into the Northwestern territories of Canada," says Capt. C. E. Denny, who went out to the Northwest with the mounted police in the early seventies, and since then has been Indian agent and has held other offices under the Dominion Government, "the Indians used to practise their medicine ceremonies, and many of their medicine men were adept in the use of roots and herbs, and were looked upon as having intercourse with spirits, and accordingly greatly feared by the tribes among whom they practised their rites. On my arrival in the Northwest Territories with the Northwest mounted police in 1874 I was curious to find out how far there medicine men carried their arts, and also what these arts consisted of. I heard from Indians many tales of wonders done by them, but it was a long time before I got a chance to be present at one of these ceremonies. The Indians were reluctant to allow a white man to view any if their medicine ceremonies. As I got better acquainted with the several tribes, particularly the Blackfeet, I had many chances to find out the truth regarding what I had heard of them, and I was truly astonished at what I saw at different times. Many of the medicine feats done by their medicine men before me did not allow of any jugglery, the man being naked, with the exception of a cloth around his lions, and I sitting within a few feet of him.

"All Indians believed in their familiar spirit, which assumed all kinds of shapes, sometimes that of an owl, a buffalo, a beaver, a fox, or any other animal. This spirit it was that gave them the power to perform the wonders done by them, and was firmly believed in by them all. On one occasion I visited a lodge where a medicine smoke was in progress. There were about a dozen Indians in the lodge. After the smoke was over a large copper kettle, about two feet deep, and the same or a little more in diameter, was placed empty on the roaring fire in the middle of the lodge. The medicine man, who was stripped, with the exception if a cloth around his lions, was all this time singing a medicine song in a low voice.

"The pot after a short while became red hot, and a pole being passed through the handle it was lifted in this state off the fire and placed on the ground so close to me that the heat was almost unbearable. On the pole being withdrawn, the medicine man sprang to his feet, and, still singing his song, stepped with both naked feet into the red hot kettle, and danced for at least three minutes in it, still singing to the accompaniment of the Indian drums. I was so close, as I have before said, that the heat of the kettle was almost unbearable, and I closely watched the performance, and saw this Indian dance for some minutes with his bare feet in it. In stepping out he seemed none the worse; but how he performed the act was and is still a mystery to me.

"On another occasion I was sitting in an Indian tent alone with one of the medicine men of the Blackfeet Indians. It was at night, and all was quiet in the camp. The night was calm, with a bright moon shining. On a sudden the Indians commenced to sing, and presently the lodge, which was a large one, commenced to tremble, and the trembling increased to such a degree that it rocked violently, even lifting off the ground first on one side and then the other, as if a dozen pairs of hands were heaving it on the outside. This lasted for about two minutes, when I ran out, expecting to find some Indians on the outside who had played me a trick, but to my astonishment, not a soul was in sight, and what still more bewildered me was to find on examination that the lodge was firmly pegged down to the ground, it being impossible for any number of men to have removed and replaced the pegs in so short a time. I did not enter the lodge again that night, as the matter looked, to say the least, uncanny.

"I have seen the loosening of a man when strongly bound with ropes, as done by some of our own jugglers, but with different variations. In one case, in the centre of a large lodge a smaller one was pitched, the small lodge being just large enough to hold one man sitting down. All over the ground covered by this small tent and about six inches or even less apart, dozens of wooden pegs were driven into the ground. They were each about six inches high, and all sharply pointed. A small bell was also bound to one of the poles at the top of the lodge. The medicine man was tightly bound with rawhide ropes, and was then carried by two Indians to the door of the small tent, which was all this while wide open, and was thrown, all doubled up, into the centre of it and of course on to the sharp-pointed pegs. The blanket was quickly drawn over the door, and for about five minutes no sound was to be heard inside the tent, when, of a sudden, the little bell at the top of the tent commenced to ring, and it seemed without human agency. The blanket was thrown back, and the medicine man stepped out freed from the ropes, and without a scratch. I looked into the tent and found the ropes lying among the pegs, not one of which seemed to have been moved.

"I will give you one instance that came under my own observation, among many curious things performed by Indian medicine men. I had long heard of a Blackfeet Indian, who, it was claimed, had a living rattlesnake in his stomach, which he could cause to appear, when he wished, out of his mouth. He was considered by the Blackfeet as very strong medicine. It was a long time before I had a chance to see him, but one morning he turned up at my office with a party of Blackfeet, I being Indian agent at the time. On my promising him some tea and tobacco he agreed to produce the snake, which he said lived in his stomach. After rubbing the pit of his stomach for a few minutes he opened his mouth, and I was startled somewhat by seeing the flat head and about two inches of the neck of a good-sized rattlesnake appear. I was so close that I saw there was no deception in it. The forked tongue shot back and forth rapidly, and of its liveliness there could be no doubt. After allowing me a short view the Indian placed his hand before his mouth, and stroking his throat with the other hand, he again opened his mouth, and there was no snake visible.

"As a general thing the Blackfeet Indians are afraid of snakes and cannot be induced to touch or handle them, but one notable exception I know of is that of a Blood Indian named Calf Shirt, who is still living. This man carries about with him next the skin generally two and sometimes three full-sized rattlesnakes. This is during the summer, while in winter I have seen the snakes in a hole in the floor of his house in a partly torpid state. He will go down to a spot on the Belly River in the spring and capture the number of snakes he requires. This place is near old Fort Whoopup, and abounds with rattlesnakes. He has informed me that he boils the root of some plant and washes its body with the water, and that the snakes will then allow him to catch and handle them. He has often been bitten, but says that by drinking a tea made from some herb and placing some of the masticated root over the bite he suffers no bad effects. The fangs of the snakes he carries are not extracted, and he will bet a horse with anyone who doubts that this is so, and allow one of the snakes to bite a dog, when the truth is soon seen by the death of the animal in a short time. This I have seen on several occasions.

"I have given these few instances of, to say the least, curious things done by Indian medicine men, and do not pretend to give any explanation of them; but I know that some of them are fully as wonderful and also unaccountable as anything ever done by the jugglers in India. I doubt if among the Blackfeet to-day, with the exception of Calf Shirt, the Blood, that tribe being a branch of the Blackfeet, anything of the kind I have mentioned is to be met with, as since the advent of the white man and the settling of the Indians on reservations all the old-time medicine men are dead, and the secret of these rites has died with them."

Shoe Don'ts.

Dont fail to rub patent leather shoes, particularly new ones, with the palm of the hand until quite warm before putting on, and it will prevent splitting and cracking.

Don't wear overgaiters unless to protect the upper part of your shoes from the swish of your wet skirts in stormy weather. This fashion is out of date, looks mannish and makes the feet look much larger.

Don't have fancy pointed tips on your shoes these days—they are quite passe; the proper kind is a plain straight across one, with just a single row of perforations to mark the edge.

Don't polish calfskin shoes with liquid dressing; it will crack them. The paste that men use is the thing, and don't put too much of this on or it will not polish so readily, besides hurting your shoe.

Don't neglect to turn the uppers of shoes down and put them by an open window for an hour or two to air after wearing. It is more hygienic, economical and fastidious.

Don't wear a shoe run down at the heel. It is one of the things that detracts most from the nicety of a woman's dress and it will very soon spoil the shape of the shoe.

Don't wear a low priced shoe; they are not cheap. Economise on something else, if necessary. Good leather cannot be bought for a song, and shoes made to sell at a bargain are seldom good shaped, therefore not as comfortable, and certainly do not wear as long.

Don't fail to take good care of good shoes. Don't put them away soiled and dusty. When packing for a journey stuff them out with tissue paper, so they will retain their shape and wrap each shoe in tissue paper, so it will not get rubbed or scratched.

A Spider Keeps Time to Music.

At a recent rehearsal of the Apollo Male Quartet of Coldwater, Mich., a large spider came slowly down his silken thread to about the height of the singers' shoulders, where he hung suspended for a few moments, then began to move up and down in front of the music rack.

The second tenor, who was leading the air, soon noticed that the movements of the spider corresponded with the variations of his voice, up and down the scale, and in perfect time. They then began a series of experiments, and found that the spider would ascend or descend about a foot for every octave, and though the melody was carried ever so lightly, and the bassos thundered in their heaviest tones, the insect could not be deceived, but always followed the leading part accurately and with the precision of a director's baton.

All kinds of songs, from "Down in the Cornfield" to "The Bridge," were sung to test the ability of the wonderful little being, and each time he came out of the conflict not a beat behind. At last the four voices struck an awful discord and instantly the spider scurried up his improvised metronome and disappeared in the chimney.—St. Paul Globe.

Feminine Chit-Chat.

Silver handles for toothbrushes are arranged so that the brushes fit into them, and can be renewed whenever necessary.

For bathing purposes, long mittens made of Turkish toweling are much more convenient than a washcloth or sponge. At night put them in a washbowl of salt water, and in the morning wring them out, put them on and rub the body with them.

It is a mistake to wear a shoe too small for you, thinking it will make your foot look prettier. It causes your foot to look cramped, heavy and clubby, and will effectually prevent you from walking well, comfortably or gracefully. Flat heels are the only sensible heels to shoes.

"I merely made a mistake in my calling."

He knew it now. Tears stood in his eyes. But it was too late to be remedied.

"No—I shall never call again upon a full house," he said.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SOUPS MADE OF FRUITS.

Unique First-Course Dishes New to Most Cooks.

In one of the lectures on cooking, Miss Annie Barrows spoke of fruit soups, which are quite common in foreign countries, particularly in Sweden, says The Philadelphia Times. They are appetizing and healthful, and offer a pleasing variety from those common to the American bill of fare. The one she made for purposes of illustration was delicious. For it she took one tablespoonful of raisins, two tablespoonfuls of raw rice, three whole cloves, and one cupful of dried apricots which had been thoroughly soaked. To these was added three pints of water. This mixture was cooked for about an hour; then it was rubbed through a sieve, and afterward half a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of sugar were added. The seasoning, Miss Barrows explained, would depend upon the fruit. Apples, being much more acid, naturally would require considerably more sugar than the amount used for apricots.

Something new in the way of salads was made by combining apples, celery and nuts. For this dish, the lecturer said, there is an almost unlimited field for the exercise of one's ingenuity. There were almonds, pecans and walnuts in this particular combination, blanched first and then cut into small pieces. The apples were pared and cored, and also cut up, as was the celery. A cupful of each was used, and over them was poured a tablespoonful of salid oil and a little smaller quantity of lemon juice. After that had stood a while a mayonnaise dressing was poured over all, made of a teaspoonful of paprika (a bit of cayenne would do), four tablespoonfuls of lemon (half may be of vinegar), a pint of oil, and the yolks of two eggs.

The lecturer told how to vary breakfast farina by cooking it in fruit juices; to improve insipid pears by preserving them in grape juice; of the value of serving fried or broiled apples with fat meats, and how to make a filling for short cake, which might do for a sauce as well, by cutting bananas and cooking in lemon and sugar.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

EDWIN LLCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse' Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at,	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

FINCH W. MELLER,
Agent and Ass't Sec

SOLD ON HONOR

As being the purest and most delicious of all teas.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Sealed lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

QUICKCURE

There's many a Slip

Accidents will happen—burns and scalds are bound to occur in the best regulated family. Serious results will be avoided—pain will rapidly disappear—new skin will form in three days, if the burn or scald is promptly covered with a plaster made with

"Quickcure"

Your druggist sells it in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 White Glass Pots, with necessary lint for applying, or you can write direct to

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger h a i a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

FOR SALE

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RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

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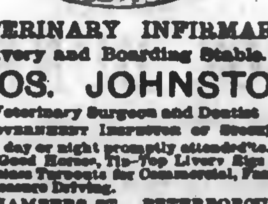

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Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to. Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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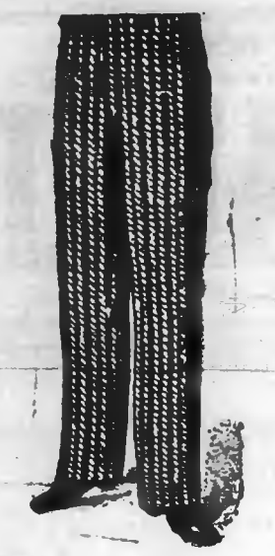

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

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For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, March 16th

ANOTHER SUCCESS!

The Defaulter

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S NEW PLAY.

The Most Thrilling and Naturally Presented Play on the Boards, mounted with all the lavishness and regard to detail characteristic of Mr. Carter. The Greatest Mechanical Effect of the Age, the terrific "Double Loop-the-Loop." A Perfect Wonder in Stage Craft. PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 6d39

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE . . . . . .

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

THE "EMPIRE."
TYPE WRITER

EQUAL to any in every respect.
BEST of all in many features.

Only $55.00 and like our sewing machines, simply perfect. Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P.Q.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Primary Sunday School Teachers' Union

The members of the local Union are asked to meet punctually at 7.45 o'clock to-morrow (Friday) evening, in St. Paul's church.

Baths! Baths!

Hot Springs and Turkish Baths at home in your own room, at a nominal cost. Inspect sample at our office. All are invited. T. HURLEY & Co. 4d58

India Famine Fund.

The following subscriptions have been received for the "India famine fund," at Lakefield:

Previously acknowledged	$56 80
Mrs. R C Strickland, Lakefield	2 00
Rev. F. H. Hartley, Young's Point	1 00
	$59 80

The amount has been forwarded to the treasurer at Ottawa.

New Tailoring and Gents' Furnishings Store.

Owing to the natural growth of their Dry Goods and Tailoring business and a desire to give more prominence to Linens and Wash Dress Goods, Messrs. Hall, Gilchrist & Co. find their present store too small and have leased the store on George-st. next to the Bank of Toronto, formerly occupied by Jos. Armstrong & Co., and will have it fitted up specially for a Tailoring and Men's Furnishing establishment. They have made large purchases of imported Tweeds and Suitings as well as Men's Furnishings and will make this the leading men's store in town. High class goods, coupled with low cash, prices, is bound to make this move a success. 2d58-1w11

Advertise in the REVIEW.

The

AT ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

Rev. C. L. Ingles, of Parkdale, Addressed the Wednesday Evening Lenten Service.

Rev. C. L. Ingles, M.A., of Parkdale, addressed a large congregation at the Lenten service at St. John's church last evening. Evensong was conducted by Rev. E. V. Stevenson.

Rev. Mr. Ingles founded his address on the words:

"The enemy that sowed them is the devil."—Matthew xiii, 39.

Mr. Ingles began his remarks by referring to the interpretation of Nebuchdnezzar's dream by Daniel, showing the prophecy of the founding of the kingdom of God, which was to embrace the world. He alluded to the fact that each parable in the chapter opened with the words, "The kingdom of heaven is likened," and in this prophecy he showed that the kingdom was being established as prophesized by Daniel. "And in the days of those kings shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed." Mr. Ingles then developed the idea of the church in the kingdom and showed that the existence of evil in the church had been from the beginning and the text recalled that the enemy had sowed tares, and that enemy was the devil. He cited Ananias and Sapphira representing to present the whole offering to God when they were really keeping back a part. Peter said to them "Why hath satan filled thine heart to lie to the Holy Ghost." Then the speaker referred to Judas Iscariot into whom satan had put the plan to betray Christ. He applied the text to the church and remarked that often those who were professed Christians lead evil lives. In concluding Mr. Ingles drew several practical lessons from the parable.

A Croupy Cough Was Soon Driven Away by Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough," says Mrs. Smith, of 256 Bathurst-st. Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising, the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

Just Think

Packets of vegetables and flower seeds that always sold for five cents each can now be had two for five, and birdseed seven cents per pound or four pounds for twenty-five cents, at Mason's Seed and Plant House, Peterborough. 2d59-1w11

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrong's 390 George-st. d5

Kicks Coming In.

Mr F S Spence, secretary of the Dominion Alliance, has a bunch of documents to read at the protest convention against Mr. Harcourt's license bill to-day. These are resolutions inimical to the bill from various churches, temperance societies, Epworth Leagues and societies of Christian Endeavor throughout the province. There is one resolution each from the North Bay Baptist church, the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Methodist church, Kingston, the Arnprior Epworth League, the W C T U, Bowmanville, and the Meaford Temperance Lodge. There are sixteen Methodist churches which sent formal resolutions. These are from the congregations at Roslin, Stockdale, Osterhaute, Oshawa, Campbellford, Trenton, Smithfield, Thomasburg, Frankford, Harts, Hazzard's Corners, and also the Methodist churches of Rawdon circuit, and the three Methodist congregations of the Bath circuit. Besides these resolutions have been passed at many points, though not yet received.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

THE SLANDER CASE OF GRAY VS WEIR

IT EXCITED CONSIDERABLE INTEREST AT THE HIGH COURT.

The Evidence That was Given for the Plaintiff and the Defendant—The Case Occupies Considerable Time.

The action for damages for alleged slander brought by Thos. T. Gray and his wife Hessie Gray, against J Graham Weir occupied the attention of the High Court of Justice yesterday afternoon and was continued this morning. This action recalls the Scollie murder trial, in which it will be remembered the two Grays were charged with the murder of old David Scollie who perished in a fire which destroyed the Gray dwelling in February, 1894. The Grays were acquitted at the trial, and the present civic action is brought by them against Mr Weir, who, they claim, expressed the opinion before the trial that they had murdered the old man. The plaintiffs' case was conducted by Mr. D. O'Connel, and the defendant was represented by Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, Q. C., who has gained a reputation in several of the celebrated murder trials of recent years, and Mr. C. W. Sawers. Alex. Austin, Joseph Gray, Thos. Bullen, Jas. Lavalle, Mrs. McGregor, Mrs. Thos. Gray and Detective Murray were the witnesses during the afternoon.

Alexander Austin, the first witness sworn, said he was employed with Mr. Weir in 1894 and had a number of conversations with Mr. Weir regarding Thos. Gray. Mr. Weir, he said, told him that Gray had murdered old man Scollie and had gone to Havelock to keep down suspicion. Again the defendant told him, "Oh, the Grays; they murdered the poor old man Scollie." These expressions, Austin said, were used a good many times. To Mr. Johnston, witness said he was not particularly friendly with the Grays. He had no ill-feeling against Mr. Weir Mr. Austin said he had never said anything whatever about the case.

Joseph Gray in his evidence stated that he was not a relation of the plaintiffs. He had overheard Mr. Weir remark to Mr. Austin "Damn those Grays they killed old man Scollie."

Thos Bullen, sworn, said that he had a conversation in 1895 with Mr. Weir in regard to this case. Mr. Weir had told him that he believed the Grays had killed Scollie. He said they killed the old man and burned the building to cover the crime. The witness said he remarked to the defendant once that the head and feet had both been cut off, and he wanted to know the object. Mr Weir replied that Mrs. Gray was a cunning little devil, and they were neither good to king nor country. In Mr. Johnston's cross-examination, witness said he did not offer to not appear as a witness in this case if Mr. Sawers would give him $18. Mr. Sawers, he said, offered to lend him money if he would skip out and not appear. He did not tell Messrs. Graham and Mitchell at the Orange hall, Downer's corners, that he knew nothing against Weir that could in any way hurt him. If he had got the money from Mr Sawers he would not have gone away, but would have given chattel security for it. He did not offer to Graham that if he would give him money he would go away. Re-examined by Mr. O Connel, witness said he was presented by Mr Graham with an agreement to sign to evade service.

James Lavalle in his evidence swore that he had a conversation with Mr Weir on a steamboat the day of the farmers' picnic in 1888 It was at the time that it was reported that Gray and Scollie had signed an agreement. "Mr Weir asked me what I thought of it," said the witness "and I said if they were pleased I was satisfied." Mr Weir stated that Scollie would get a hurried send off. Mrs Gray was a perfect devil and she would end the old man's life some morning yet. Mr. Lavalle said that he had another conversation with Mr Weir at the time of the inquest, when Mr Weir, he said, asked him why he did not give the same evidence as he did, and Mr Lavalle replied that he could not see why he should for as far as he knew what Mr Weir said was not true. To Mr Johnston, the witness, said he never heard Mr Weir say that the Grays had murdered Scollie. As far as he knew Mr Scollie was burned to death accidently. Mr Lavalle surprised the court when in reply to a question of Mr Johnston's he said he saw the head attached to Scollie's body, the morning after the fire. Questioned as why he did not announce this before, the witness said he had been summoned as a witness for the defence at the murder trial but had never been called upon to give his evidence. Asked what his feelings were in regard to the case, Mr Lavalle said that he felt Weir should pay the Grays the loss they had sustained.

Mrs McGregor, sister of Mrs Gray, sworn, declared that she and her sister had not been on the best of terms owing to a family trouble. Detective Murray and Mr Weir had visited her place. One of the remarks Mr Weir made according to Mrs McGregor was that "Gray was always a liar" and he said the last word pretty hard. Mr Weir also said that he did not think Gray was away at the time of the fire.

Mrs Gray and Detective Murray gave important evidence.

THIS MORNING'S HEARING.

When the Court opened this morning the hearing of Gray vs Weir was continued.

Rev. J J Rae was the first witness. He had been out addressing a gathering at Downer's Corners, and Mr. Weir drove him home. He remembered Mr. Weir speaking of the Gray case, but he could not remember the whole conversation. In substance Mr. Weir's belief was that old man Scollie had been killed before the fire.

Wm Garvey, who was next called, said he had worked with Mr Weir for four days. He remembered that he heard Mr Weir say that there was no doubt the Gray family killed the old man. Witness, however, had forgotten the name of the old man referred to, and under cross-examination he could not remember anything that came before or after those words. To Mr. Johnston witness said Austin, one of the witnesses of the first day, and another man had driven to his place last night with a bottle of whiskey. Austin told him some words that he had given in the Court the day before, but witness could not remember what he had said.

Mrs Gray was re-called. She recollected a visit of Mr. Weir to her place when she was splitting wood. Mr. Weir said "Is it splitting wood you are." "Yes, sir" she said. Mr. Weir said "That's the way with these Irishmen," and then took the axe and split a couple of armfuls of wood and carried them inside. He then asked witness if she ever drank beer. She said she never tasted beer, and Mr. Weir proposed that he bring a keg and put it in her cellar and they could have it without Mr. Gray or Mrs. Weir knowing anything about it. This was fifteen years ago. She recalled another occasion when the defendant came to the house and after talking kissed her. Another time she said he tried to kiss her again. In cross examination witness said she would be about nineteen or twenty years old at that time, fifteen years ago.

This closed the case for the plaintiff.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr C W Sawers was the first witness called for the defence, his object being to contradict the evidence given by the witness Bullen. He was solicitor for the defendant. Regarding what took place between him and Bullen, he said on the 26th of February a man, whom he did not know, came to his office and said he was in trouble, that he had gone to his (witness') brother who had helped him before and he (the brother) had sent him to witness. This man he knew now to be Bullen. He said he was pressed for his rent and must have money. Mr. Sawers asked him what security he could give, and he said a canoe and his tools. Mr. Sawers took a list of the tools, and produced this list. He swore positively that he did not know this man Bullen, who was a boat builder, was a witness in this case, as the Bullen who was a witness was described as a painter. Witness asked the man who was seeking the loan if he knew a Bullen, a painter, and he said no. Witness said "There is a Bullen mentioned in this Gray case," and Bullen said he knew something of the case, and went on and told what he knew. Witness made no offer to the man. Bullen told witness that he (witness) helped him he (Bullen) would help him and keep out of the way and would not be subpœnaed. Witness said that Bullen's evidence was not true. There were some things that occurred that were misrepresented. For instance Bullen asked witness if Mr Weir was an Orangeman, and said he (Bullen) was not an Orangeman but all his brothers were and that he turned out on the twelfth and was as good a Protestant as any one. Mr Sawers said he never made any offer to the man regarding his evidence, but Bullen had bothered him to death.

Wm Starr, who worked for Mr Weir, had been sent out last night to examine the planks referred to by Gray in his evidence as as having been sawn off by him, and he swore that the planks had not been sawn off after they had been put down.

Thos Starr, who worked for Mr Weir, had also examined the floor, and said no planks had been sawn off.

Thos E Bowie was next called and he told of a conservation regarding building a barn he had with Austin, who had been a witness for the plaintiff. They mentioned this action and Austin said he had not spoken to Graham Weir for two years, except once and then only to pass and say "Good day." Austin also said "More than that, I never heard John Graham Weir mention the Grays' names." This was two weeks ago. In cross-examination witness said he saw Mr. Austin on behalf of Mr. Weir, who asked him to do so.

Detective Murray was recalled and said he never heard of this case prior to 1895.

J Graham Weir, the defendant, was next sworn. He swore positively that he never made use of the words charged in the statement. He had never made any such statement that the Grays killed old man Scollie to Austin, Gray or any other of these witnesses. He had had trouble with Gray, the witness. It was over Gray's application to the Orange Order being black-balled. He also positively swore that he never kissed Mrs Gray. He had no hard feelings against the Grays. He remembered no such conversation as related by Mr Lavell. He had taken no part in the prosecution of these people, except in connection with the Crown officers. He had had trouble with Austin, and hard words passed between them. He had ordered Austin out of one of his houses which Austin was occupying, and witness had issued a landlord's warrant. He never drove in with Mrs McGregor, but with Detective Murray in his (Murray's) horse and buggy and Mrs McGregor was taken with them. He never knew witness Garvey until he came to his place, and he swore that there was no such conversation as Garvey related. He never knew, heard of or saw witness Bullen until he saw his name on the bill of particulars in this case. In cross examination witness told how Graham and he found out who Bullen was and of going down to see him, but he swore that he never gave Graham any instructions to see Bullen and fix him. He said Graham told him Bullen wanted to get some money, but witness did not give him any. He never saw or never knew of any agreement being made with Bullen.

Joe Gray was recalled by the plaintiff, and swore that the boards in the barn were cut on the north side, and the cut end turned towards the grainery.

It was about twelve o'clock noon when the case closed, and the addresses of the counsel and His Lordship occupied until three o'clock, without adjournment. The jury then retired and at the time of going to press (4.30) had not rendered a verdict.

A PUBLIC MEETING

Called by the Mayor to Consider a Jubilee Celebration.

In response to a petition signed by some eighty-five or ninety business men Mayor Yelland has called a public meeting of the citizens for Tuesday night next to discuss the matter of a celebration of the Queen's jubilee. A large attendance of citizens is desired so that this important matter may be considered by a representative gathering.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

NON-JURY CASES.

The Cases Disposed of at the High Court of Justice—The Decisions.

There are four non-jury cases on the docket at the High Court of Justice. Last evening Chief Justice Meredith heard a couple of cases.

ANTHONY VS. PORT HOPE ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER CO.—This was the first case called. It was one in which Frank Anthony sued for $150 deposit on his excavation contract and for the amount claimed to be due on his partially completed contract. The action was dismissed, and defendants allowed costs to the amount of $125, plaintiff to complete contract, and defendants to retain the amount of their costs out of the contract price. If plaintiff fails to complete contract, then writ to issue for amount of costs, $125. A. P. Poussette, Q.C., appeared for plaintiff, and Geo. H. Watson, Q.C., of Toronto, and D. H. Chisholm for defendants.

McDONALD VS. GOSELIN.—This case came on for trial about nine o'clock yesterday evening and after the taking of the evidence judgment was pronounced in favor of the plaintiff for foreclosure, immediate payment of the mortgage money and possession of the mortgaged lands with costs. Proceedings stayed for thirty days. Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson for the plaintiff; Hall & Hayes for defendant.

The other cases have also been cleared off and the court will rise on the rendering of the verdict in Gray vs. Weir.

An Accident at the Electric Works.

George Smith, a student at the Canadian General Electric Works, this morning was struck with a piece of metal on the forehead and received a bad gash, which was dressed by Dr. McCullough. The young man was working with a test.

Brevities.

—Rev. J. G. Potter's class at the Y. M. C. A. will meet to-night at eight o'clock.

—Mr. Gadbois, the well known horse buyer, is in town again. He is at the Phelan house.

—The Church Boy's Brigade, of St. John's Mission begin to-night to practice for the entertainment after Easter.

—The Hastings Star reports that Rev R McGinnis, has resigned the pastorate of the Anglican church in that village.

—Mr S Neal, of Niagara Falls, has been appointed to succeed Roadmaster McNabb, on this division of the G T R. He has reached town and his family will soon take up their residence in town.

—Yesterday afternoon the old people at the Protestant Home enjoyed their annual sleigh ride at the hands of Mr. T. Fitzgerald, who with consideration for the pleasure there is in the outing, has made this an annual affair. The sleighing is fast disappearing and the ride was had on the edge of the disappearing snow.

—It is the custom in Australia, by permission of the English Government, to lease out convicts to the best families as servants. Only convicts with good records are selected, and they are known as "assigned servants." It is on this custom that the story of Lincoln J. Carter's great play, "The Defaulter," which appears at the opera house next Tuesday night, is based. We are informed that the author has made splendid use of the subject and written a melodrama that appeals to every class of theatre-goers.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme, regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d434f

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Bible class at Y M C A
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

OAK HALL.

Death on the Track.

A few days ago the REVIEW referred to the death of a son of Mr. David Gamble, at Ocala, Florida. An Ocala paper gives the following additional particulars:—"Oscar, the bright little ten-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. David Gamble, met with a painful and fatal accident Sunday afternoon while playing with several other small boys near the Ocala lime works. The little fellows were amusing themselves by riding on a hand-car down a steep grade, and while the car was at full speed, Oscar jumped in front of it, thinking he was strong enough to stop its speed, but instead he was knocked down and run over, receiving several bruises and internal injuries from which he died in about two hours."

E S A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d47

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

LOOKING FOR EVIDENCE.

Manager Doyle Still Looking for Evidence in Regard to Fires in the County.

Mr. M. J. Doyle, manager of the Dominion Mutual Fire Insurance Co., who has been investigating fires through which the company has suffered losses, left to-day for Garden Hill, and will proceed to Toronto in a day or so. He will likely return next week.

Mr. Doyle was at Lakefield on Tuesday, and examined several persons in regard to a fire that occurred on the farm of Mr. Armstrong in Smith.

He also enquired into a fire in Monaghan yesterday. It is understood that as yet evidence sufficient to warrant action being taken has not been secured.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Clear off the Crossings.

The early and rapid thaw of the last two days has left the crossings a mass of slush and running water. In Peterborough we should be getting into a better way of things and if it is well to clear the snow off the walks in winter, so much the more we should clear the slush off the worst crossings in spring. A number of crossings at points on the thoroughfares most used are in a very bad state. On Reid-st., near St. Peter's cathedral, a crossing much used by those from the west end part of the town, the slush was, Wednesday night 7 inches deep, actual measurement. The crossings at the G.T.R. track are in a bad state. This condition prevails at many other points. Why not set a few men to work to clear it off? The convenience of women and children of the town deserve this much consideration. It is true the bother will be over in a week if the thaw continues, or unless it freezes up. In the meantime the average rubber shoe is not high enough to be absolutely waterproof. What can be done to remedy this state of affairs. It might have occurred—it probably did occur—to many that running a snow plow over the sidewalks and crossings yesterday would have cleared off a lot of the slush.

Passed Customs.

We have passed through Customs, direct from Scotland, our advance shipments of the Latest Patterns of New Spring Cloths and Tweeds—consisting of unrivalled selections of the newest 1897 designs in

Scotch Suitings,

COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, FANCY VESTINGS, and LIGHT OVERCOATINGS—exclusive novelties, made for the most fashionable West of London trade.

Having bought to better advantage in anticipation of our Spot Cash Policy, enables us to discount our own past. That means that we can do better this year than last. SELLING for Cash enables us to BUY for Cash, and that is the reason, pure and simple, of the drop in our prices, since discarding the credit system. You have the assurance of our very best attention to any orders entrusted to us. Respectfully,

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 356 George St., Established 1857

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT.

At the High Court of Justice—The Tramp Nuisance—The House of Refuge.

The Grand Jury brought in their presentment at the High Court of Justice this morning. It read as follows:—

The Grand Jurors for Our Lady the Queen beg to present as follows:

We regret the recent illness of Mr. Justice Meredith who was appointed to take the Assizes at Peterborough, and we trust that his indisposition will be of but short duration and that he will soon be able to return to those judicial duties which he has heretofore performed with eminent judgment and ability. We are highly pleased to see your Lordship so soon returned to our county, and we congratulate both you and ourselves that at the sittings of the High Court, so far as criminal business is concerned, you are freed from duties which, however necessary in the administration of justice, must always be a source of regret.

We beg to report that we visited the following institutions receiving public aid from the Provincial Government, namely: The Nicholls hospital, the St. Joseph's hospital and the Protestant Home. It must be indeed a source of pride to the people of this county that there are such well equipped and handsome hospitals to meet the necessities of those in sickness and distress, and it is with pleasure that we report the scrupulous care with which they are managed and conducted.

We observed in the gaol a considerable number of able-bodied men who have been imprisoned for vagrancy, but who are in reality common tramps. We beg to call your attention, and, through you, the attention of those in authority, that the tramp nuisance is growing every day larger and larger, and is in this district, and also in other parts of the country, a source of continual terror to the women of the community and a danger and menace to the peace and comfort of the people. We would suggest that special legislation should be introduced directed to their suppression, with penalties which would meet the requirements of this class of our criminal population.

We beg also to call your attention to the fact that as to the aged and infirm people confined in the gaol who are guilty of no crime but afflicted with the infirmities incident to their advanced life, and unable to support themselves, the Country of Peterborough in the June session of the County Council in the year 1894, expressed their willingness to co-operate with the town of Peterborough in the erection of Houses of Refuge suitable for the comfortable maintenance of this class of our population, but up to the present time the town of Peterborough has taken no action in the matter to the regret of those in the community who take a great interest in the welfare and happiness of the general community.

This state of affairs is the more to be deplored inasmuch as such institutions would be more or less self-sustaining and the first cost of their erection would be the only permanent obligation cast upon the municipalities interested.

A copy of the resolution of the County Council in the matter is attached to this presentment.

JOHN MOLONEY,
Foreman.

March 11th, 1897.

His Lordship said it was a matter for congratulation that they found the institutions in such excellent condition. Regarding the tramp nuisance he said the question whether some amendments might be made in the present law to meet the evil, and promised that their recommendations should be forwarded to the Attorney General. He thanked them for the references to his brother and himself and relieved them from further duty.

New Comic Songs.

"He Tried It," by Ventru; "Mariar Mariar," sat song, by W Packard; "Melinda Johnston," by Fred M. Dean. One-third off. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d59tf

The Injured Brakeman.

This morning an operation was performed upon Mr Sid Adams, the injured brakeman, at the Nicholls hospital. Mr Adams condition is as satisfactory as can be expected under the circumstances. Dr White, father-in-law of Mr Adams and Mrs Greenway, his mother, both of Port Hope, are in town.

Ashburnham Briefs.

The Mark-st. E L of C E gave the proceeds of Rev Mr Rae's lecture, $10, to the Peterborough Y W C A as their contribution towards the new rooms.

On Friday evening, March 12, the members of the League intend holding a Diamond social at the residence of Mrs. Wand, Lake-st. The ladies will provide refreshments. A good programme will be rendered and a pleasant time is expected. Everyone is invited.

Miss L Stevenson, of the Ashburnham Public school staff, is at present confined to the house with an attack of la grippe. Many others are suffering from the same disease.

FOR GENTLEMEN THIS TIME.

We have placed on sale a purchase of 150 pairs Men's Unlined English Leather and Kid Gloves to be sold at 75 cents per pair; the former price being $1.25 to $1.50. These are choicest goods and every pair perfect. ROBERT FAIR, Sign of the Golden Lion. d56tf

Personal

Mrs (Rev) G H Davis is ill. Her son, Rev G H Davis, of Lacolle, Que, reached town last evening.

Rev. C. L. Ingles, of Toronto, while in town, was the guest of the Rev. E. V. Stevenson.

Mr A H Semuller, of the Pope Mfg. Co., of Hartford, builders of the Columbia and Hartford bicycles was in town to-day and made arrangements with Messrs Mulligan & Potter to handle the Columbia in Peterborough.

SONS OF ENGLAND AT BRANTFORD

ANOTHER PROSPEROUS YEAR ENJOYED BY THIS ASSOCIATION

The Reports of the Grand President, Grand Secretary and Grand Treasurer, Deal With Advance of the Order in Canada.

The Sons of England Grand Lodge, which met here last year, is now in session in Brantford.

Yesterday the reports of the grand officers were presented.

THE GRAND PRESIDENT.

The report of the Supreme Grand President, John W London, of Belleville, deals concisely with many matters of interest and importance to the brotherhood. In speaking of the lodges inaugurated during the year, special attention is called to the opening up of new territory in Newfoundland, where a lodge started last July has already over 100 members and is still rapidly growing, with a prospect of several off-shoots in the near future. It is also stated that the planting of the Order in England is confidently anticipated in a short time. In the general matter of promulgating the society the chief executive declares that the members should be prepared to provide more liberally and suggests an increase in the per capita tax paid for working expenses.

The approaching diamond jubilee is touched on and the proposal made that a simple, plain memorial expression should be given of continued loyalty to the throne and person of her Majesty.

The naval brigade, of which there is one company in active operation (Toronto, No. 1), is commended for its faithful labors, and the local lodges urged to accord it generous support.

The report announces that preliminary steps have been taken to incorporate the society in Quebec, and a permanent agent has been appointed in that province.

The question of an official journal published periodically in the interests of the order is mentioned, and several other matters of internal economy dealt with, the Grand President concluding with a general expression of renewed confidence in the continued and increased prosperity of the society in the future.

GRAND SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Supreme Grand Secretary John W Carter submitted a voluminous report, which, as usual, was replete with statistical information. The state of the Order was, he thought, more encouraging, for, in spite of the continued stringency, the society was holding its own. Twelve lodges had been instituted during the year, and four charters had been cancelled, leaving 210 lodges working in the Dominion and five in South Africa. There had been 1,749 members initiated, an increase of 540 over last year; number in good standing, 10,851, an increase over the last report of 335, with several lodge returns not received when the books were closed. Present total membership, 12,094, with several lodges to hear from. There are 204 honorary members, and 5,052 White Rose degree members.

Financially, too, there had been an improvement in the condition of the society. The amount of cash received by subordinate lodge secretaries had been $75,960 55; paid for sick benefits, $22,734.23; paid doctors, $13,756.54; cash in bank and other securities, $53,226 95, an increase of $4,004.91; in hand of lodge treasurers, $7,912.81; liabilities, $4,053.74; management, $21,196.80; total funds of the lodges, $57,332.64, an improvement of $5,075.89 over last report a year ago.

THE

Gold and Silver Mines DEVELOPING CO., (LTD).

Shares Fully Paid-Up and Non-Assessable

The objects of the Company are to acquire and develop mineral claims in the Provinces of Ontario and British Columbia.

It already owns, unencumbered, TRILBY and PRINCE OF WALES in the SOUTH BELT at Rossland, upon which development work has been carried on during the past six months, with showings unsurpassed by any property in the district at the same stage of development. These mines are now about to be equipped with machinery.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C. B., K. C. M. G., President.
ROBERT JAFFRAY, Esq., Vice-President.
C. A. P. PELLETIER, C. M. G., Speaker of Senate.
R. J. FLEMING, Esq., Mayor of Toronto.
HON. T. MAYNE DALY, Q. C., former Minister of the Interior, Rossland, B. C.
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Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

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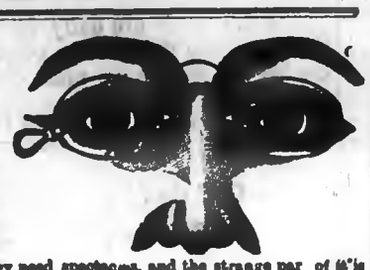
Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange par of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been go ng through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from head ache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

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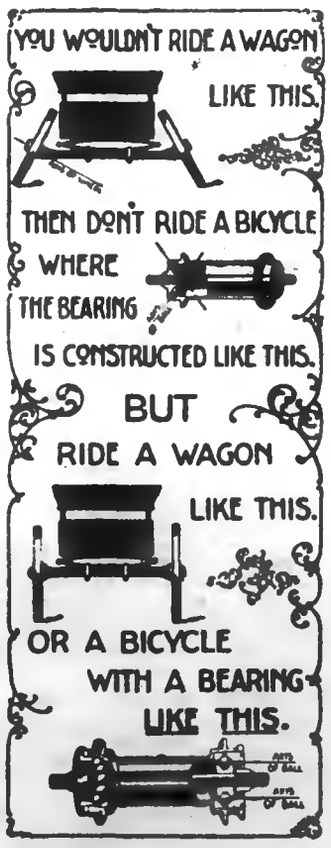

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AGENT.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

it too late now? He turns to Larry, and in a quick tone says:—

"Would you dare to try and make your way up to the engine, and force the engineer to pull out at the point of the revolver? I'm afraid he's in league with them. It is our only hope."

His enthusiasm is communicated to the dude—Larry is ready to do and dare anything.

"Yes, I will go, but do you think you can keep the fiends out of here?" he asks.

"I will hold the fort against a hundred for ten minutes," replies Jack, firmly.

"That ought to be ample time—let me take an observation—now pass me through the open window—good-by, Avis."

He is gone.

All has been said and done in less than a minute of time. The foremost of the advancing Carlists is not far away, but his eyes are blinded by the torch he carries. Besides, the men seem to have an idea that the railway carriage at which some of them are now pounding is the one in which they may find those they seek, hence as yet no attention is paid to the one which our friends have barricaded.

As Jack thrusts his head out again he sees this fact—Larry is not in sight, having been wise enough to at once crawl under the car, and get upon the side where the shadows lie.

The situation is indeed thrilling. Jack, from his perch, watches what is going on beyond, and to himself counts the throbs of the locomotive—each pulsation is like a heart-beat, marking the passage of time, and time is what they want now to insure safety. Each second is precious, and fraught with great possibilities.

The carriage the Carlists have attacked contains the pasha and Don Carlos—Jack sees them appear—hears the latter call upon the assailants to cease their foolish demonstrations, and apply them in the proper place. Then Jack sees the senor point in his direction—a shout arises as if the crowd sight him, and a forward rush is made.

The man of steel calmly awaits the assault—a physician might have taken hold of his wrist just then and be amazed to find his pulse beating as regularly as clock-work.

On come the shouting fiends—they are at the carriage windows now—several blows from clubs dash the glass into a thousand pieces, and men clamber up. The glare of the torches show their excited faces—they look like demons let loose from Hades.

No longer is the interior of the carriage wrapped in darkness, for the blazing flambeaux thrust near each window reveals all. Loud shouts are uttered—above all else Jack can hear them calling him an accursed government spy, and demanding that he come out to his doom.

But for the helpless women, whom he has sworn not to desert, Doctor Jack is just the man to leap into the midst of the mob, and let them have a fair chance to down the foreigner who slew the mad bull—he will not leave the carriage now unless dragged out.

In one hand he holds a revolver—the other weapon is close by, within reach. A man leans through the broken window, and with a horrible laugh lays hold of the American's sleeve, as though he would draw him out of the opening, but Jack clutches his wrist and gives it a twist that breaks the bone, and sends the wretch howling back.

Others by this time are endeavouring to squeeze themselves through—if Jack will not come out to them they mean to enter and take him by force. The time will admit no delay, nor does Jack hesitate. Since the battle is on, he means to give these wretched Carlists all they can manage, and in a case of this kind one determined man may accomplish wonders by prompt action

The terrible right arm is brought into play, and in a shorter space of time than it takes to tell it the car windows are cleared. They spring up again, or others in their places, and Jack is kept busy.

By this time the uproar is terrible. Several shots have been fired in at the windows, and although they are sent at random, one at least draws the brave man's blood. All this while, from the noise outside, one would think pandemonium had broken loose. Ordinary passengers on the train, thinking they have been stopped by bandits from the mountain passes, add to the racket by their cries of terror.

The two women in the barricaded coach do not shriek out—Madame Sophie, huddled in the corner, moans and groans—Avis, with elevated head, and white face, watches the actions of her hero, expecting to see him fall at any moment, when her heart must break. Those terrible minutes bring Doctor Jack closer to her than years might during an ordinary acquaintance—she sees the man as he is, bold as a lion in defense of the woman he loves.

It is now fast becoming apparent to Jack that he must adopt other tactics, since his enemies have about given over the idea of entering the carriage, and are opening upon him with all manner of weapons.

So he begins to shoot. When he spoke to Larry about having some practice in this line, he did not come near the truth—his equal as a pistol shot would be hard to find, since he can drive a nail as far as the eye can see it.

Hence, it is not at all likely that he will waste a single bullet—not that he aims to take life, but rather to inflict such wounds as will place the victim hors de combat, and reduce the number of his foes.

Consternation soon becomes visible among the Carlists—they have met with a resistance unlooked for, and quite demoralizing. Could Jack keep up the firing indefinitely, he will have no difficulty in driving them off, but already one of his revolvers fails to explode as he pulls the trigger, and he knows the cylinder is empty, while the other cannot be far from the same condition.

The enemy seem almost ready to break and run when Jack ceases firing. The fact that the terrible rain of lead has stopped gives them new courage, and they rally. As he sees them advance again Jack, who has everything in readiness, tries to insert new cartridges into the cylinder, but this work cannot be easily done, and he only gets three seated when the howling demons are again at the windows.

Once more the scene is enacted, but while Jack has hopes of keeping them off he sees a new and terrible danger menace the occupants of the car. Some of the Carlists, inflamed to white heat by their wounds, have run to the great bonfire, and snatching up armfuls of the brush begin to carry it along, and pile it under the car. Their intention cannot be mistaken—they mean to set fire to the railway carriage, and roast the occupants.

In vain do the Pasha and Don Carlos storm—their men have been transformed into devils by the stubborn resistance of this man who defies them, and are no longer amenable to discipline. Those who urged them on have sown the wind, and they must reap the whirlwind.

It is a horrible situation, and even brave Doctor Jack feels his flesh creep as he contemplates the doom before him. Nothing that he can do will avert the disaster—already he is compelled to strain every nerve to keep the wretches from clambering in at the windows.

Oh! if the train would only move—minutes have passed since Larry disappeared, and they have been the longest minutes Jack ever knew, seeming more like hours. What has become of the little dude—could he have been waylaid and knocked over before reaching the locomotive? If so, their doom is assured.

Already a flaming torch has been applied to the brush beneath the carriage, and the crackling of flames cause Madame Sophie to cry out in terror.

"To think that I should come all the way from Boston to be cooked in an oven like a baked potato. Some one save me—help! help!"

No one notices her cries, for they have other things to do. Avis no longer crouches by the side of the Bostonian—she has arisen to her feet, and Jack, feeling a hand upon his arm, turns and confronts her.

"What are you doing here? Avis, for God's save go back again. You might be struck by some flying missile," he cries, earnestly.

"I am in no more danger than you are," she answers, "besides, unless *something desperate is done soon* we are doomed. That fire will set the car in a blaze."

"Yes, yes—if I could only get one of my revolvers loaded, I would jump down among these wolves, frighten them off, and extinguish the blaze, but—" and his action completed the sentence, for he is compelled to clear the windows of the clinging wretches again.

"Give me the weapon and cartridges. I know how to load it, thank heaven. You should have done this before, Jack."

Manlike, he has not thought of such a possibility, but he sees the wisdom of her proposition, places the long revolvers and cartridges in her hands, and then springs at more ugly heads in the windows, which must be kept clear at whatever cost.

The flames crackle merrily below as the fire gains headway, and the Carlists seem to be abandoning the attack to some extent, certain that the heat will either roast their enemies in the car, or drive them out to fall victims to those who lie in wait.

In the midst of this intensely dramatic situation there suddenly rings out upon the night air a shrill cry—the voice is clear and resonant, piercing the atmosphere and striking ter-

To be Continued

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HATS IN PARLIAMENT.

They Are Important Factors in the British Lower House.

Of all the customs and traditions that still cling to the House of Commons, even in this matter-of-fact age, the hat plays the most important part, says The London Mail. In the last century one of the speakers permitted the introduction of oranges, and even nuts, if they were not loudly cracked, on the plea that they were not "tangible articles of food." But, some years after, this decision was reversed by another speaker, who, on high medical authority, declared that as it would be possible to support life on either of these two vegetables, they must be considered tangible products, and their public consumption would, therefore, not be permitted. Out of this decision a custom arose, which, not being checked, slowly deepened into a tradition. The dexterity which Bobby Lowe exhibited in transferring a packet of sandwiches from one of the side pockets of the remarkable coat he used to affect to the interior of his hat, and the way in which he would use his headgear to conceal the process of mastication was, it is said, a sight to behold.

The occupants of the ministerial and front opposition benches are able to moisten their throats during the delivery of a speech with a little liquid, but, although the private member is not expressly excluded from the participation in this privilege, no provision is made for the consumption of any lubricant he may require. The traditions of the House allow him to conceal a sandwich or a biscuit in his pocket, but not a bottle. Any honorable member may have a glass of water, but, whilst the leading members of the opposition have the great central table on which to deposit their glasses of water—which is not supposed to be qualified by the introduction of any other liquid, ahem!—the private member is expected to hide his glass in his hat.

It is really astonishing what an important feature the hat plays in the deliberations of our legislators. As no private member can claim by right any particular seat in the House, except in a few cases where members are tacitly allowed to appropriate certain points of vantage, a hat has to be deposited beforehand as an intimation that the seat is secured. On ordinary nights a seat can be retained by a card being inserted in the slip provided at the back of each seat for that purpose, but when a debate of more than usual interest is expected the hat is the medium employed.

IT DOESN'T PAY

TO PARLEY WITH RHEUMATISM.

Rheumatic joints, and aching limbs mean inability to work, and inability to work, for most people, means inability to gain a livelihood. So from that point of view it doesn't pay to parley with Rheumatism. Then there's another side of the question—the days of agony and suffering.

How many people are there whom Rheumatism compels to give up their occupation, and threw up a splendid position that it took them perhaps years to attain?

Mr. Thomas Warren, of 134 Strachan St., Hamilton, states under oath that he had to give up his situation in the shops of the "Big Four R. R." on account of Rheumatism. He tried mineral springs in Indiana and mud baths, but these did him so little good that he returned Home to Hamilton a cripple.

Then he started taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure, and four bottles have completely cured him. He feels fit to start to work now.

If he'd only known of Kootenay at the outset, how much time and money he would have saved, and how much suffering he would have escaped.

Mr. James Watson, living at 64 Florence Street, in the City of Hamilton, makes a sworn statement, he is employed as moulder in the Grand Trunk shops. He had Rheumatism so bad in his feet and knees that he could not work steadily. He says since taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure he has not felt a twinge of Rheumatism.

Now he can work every day, without the slightest suffering. Kootenay has put the Rheumatism to rout.

It will pay you if you are a victim of Rheumatism or Sciatica to investigate the Merits of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure To parley with these diseases means loss of time, loss of money, loss of health.

Sworn statements of cures sent free on application to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

One bottle lasts over a month.

The Boy's Reply.

"My boy," said old Drywater, "in all creation you won't find any animal except man who makes a habit of smoking."

"Yes, sir. But neither do I know any other animal that cooks his meals."—London Tit-Bits.

How They Adjusted It.

Mrs. Tildeath Dunspart—Henry, I'm not going to put up with this a bit longer. I'll take the baby, and go right over to mother's.

Mr. Tildeath Dunspart—Yesh, an' (hic) I'll take th' jewelry, and (hic) go right over to my uncle's.

Exhausted Resources.

"What are you bothering your father about?" asked the boy's mother.

"I want him to tell me a story; and he says he doesn't know any."

"Perhaps he will make up one as he goes along."

"I asked him to. But he says he has been testifying before an investigation committee all day, and it had used up all his material."—Washington Star.

Baby's Own Soap

IS NOT, as most soaps, made from "soap fat," the refuse of the kitchen or the abattoir.

VEGETABLE OILS supply the necessary ingredients — one of the reasons why it should be used in nurseries and for delicate skins.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY MARCH 11, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

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BOARD OF HEALTH.

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Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.50 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 3 00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., has found time in which to write a good book of over a thousand pages entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies having been sold at $1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the large amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to *give away absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1000 large pages, and over 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

AUTO-CARS FOR TOURING.

An Innovation Promised as a Feature of Continental Travel.

The bicycle will have a rival on the continent this coming season. There is in London an organization known as the Motor Car Club, and its members are devoted to the one idea of developing and popularizing in every way possible those curious inventions which are like and yet unlike the horseless carriage. Dr. Carl Seelig, a leading club member, who is the tourist's guide, philosopher and friend, has taken up the matter of motor car excursions, and will devote his time entirely to the project this next season.

The auto-car which he has in view for general use by the tourists is of seven horse power and will carry six people. Dr. Seelig declares that it will make better time than any team of horses, and, besides, all danger of a runaway will be avoided. This auto-car will be fitted up in a luxurious manner.

There was a quiet experiment made last year with one of these vehicles, although the invention had not been perfected to the extent it is at present, and the result was surprising. It was almost like having your house along with you. A stop could be made at any time, and no one had to stay in the car to hold the horse. Supposing the party reached an inn where there were poor accommodations for horses, they found the usual drawback entirely absent. A tarpaulin, which is carried in the bottom of the car, could be thrown over the vehicle, and that was all the shelter it needed.

It was demonstrated on this trial trip of the machine that the great fear of both the inventor and the builder was in no danger of realization. It was believed by both of the gentlemen mentioned that while the car would move briskly along on roads that were fairly good, when it came to genuinely rough travel, such as tourists who traverse the continent must of necessity often experience, the greatest difficulty would be found in making progress.

So the car was taken to Switzerland and from there to France through the passes and over the rough roads with which the country lying on the borderland of the two nations abounds. What was the surprise of the four persons occuping the vehicle, all of whom had made the trip before by other conveyances, to find that locomotion was easier and attended with much less danger than when they had traversed the country at the mercy of the diligence.

These things were kept quiet until this season, but now those who experimented are relating their experiences to all who care to listen, and the result has been that Dr. Seelig, after making a series of experiments, has

A LONDON MOTOR CAR.

reached the conclusion that he will devote his attention to the auto-car, because convinced that by means of it the tourist can really see the country to better advantage and with infinitely more enjoyment than by any other means yet devised.

The first of these tours, according to present plans, is to be made in June and will embrace England and Wales. Among the mountains of the latter section of Britain the auto-car will receive as severe a test as it did last season. Dr. Seelig has induced six young women to take the trip, and he will accompany the car on horseback. One of the girls will be taught how to manage the vehicle, for that part of it is simplicity itself, and so it will be, in a way, an excursion of women, although under the protective eye of man.

The second tour will be through Scotland, where the kilted shepherd and the Edinburgh scholar will alike be astonished by a view of the remarkable method which the tourist has adopted to see the sights. On this occasion there will be three auto-cars containing a total of eighteen persons. It is possible, the inventor of the auto-car holds, to form a regular train, coupled together, provided the leading one be equipped with sufficient motor power.

The one question which threatened heretofore to prevent the auto-car from becoming popular as a vehicle for persons of ordinary means is that of expense. It has been believed and openly stated heretofore that the invention would cost a large sum of money and that it was impossible to make it less expensive. Now, however, the manufacturers say that so long as present prices for material and labor rule, there will be no difficulty in making a complete auto-car and placing it on the market, fully equipped, at a cost below that of the ordinary carriage. The word "ordinary" is used advisedly, the high-priced carriage not being meant.

Sleeplessness.

To cure sleeplessness, a noted doctor says, let the feet be put in water as hot as possible before retiring. Hot water is also advised by physicians to be taken internally. It quiets excited nerves and is good for indigestion, these two being causes of much insomnia.

Sageman—I suppose you have heard about your neighbor Goldleaf? He is very seriously sick as a result of overwork.

Seeker—Don't say! What has he been doing to bring it about?

Sageman — Trying to collect his thoughts.—Boston Courier.

Standard for Apple Barrels.

The United States National League of Commission Merchants, in session at Boston, adopted the following standard for apple barrels: "Seventeen and one-half inches in diameter at the head and 28 1-2 inches in the length of stave, with the regular bulge in the centre."

TO ELECT REGISTRARS.

Continued from page 2.

be the last heard of this resolution, except in an attempt to remove it from the journals of the House.

Mr. McNichol accepted the Attorney-General's challenge and repudiated the charge of inconsistency. Having failed to carry his resolution on a previous occasion, he was prepared to accept the next best thing, and even at the risk of being charged with inconsistency, he was going to keep his pledge and support the resolution.

Mr. Mutrie attributed the action of the Opposition to a conviction that they were destined to failure in their efforts to obtain the confidence of the electors.

Mr. Gurd took issue with the Government upon the contention that better officers would be appointed by the Government than by the local municipalities. That might be the case of the inspector was appointed by a different body to that which appointed the official. If this were not the case the Government would not now be called upon to introduce legislation to remedy the state of affairs which existed in some municipalities at present.

Mr. St. John declared that an enraged people, many of whom were supporters of the Government, were demanding that the abuse of patronage should cease. The Patron members were quite consistent with their record in voting to take this patronage from the Government. Honorable gentlemen opposite were very uneasy while the resolution was under discussion because it struck at the very core of that system of centralization by which they had sustained themselves in power.

Mr Chapple endorsed the present system.

Mr. Kidd instanced as an illustration of the use of the present system for political gain that in the County of Carleton, where the large majority of the County Council is Conservative, the Government had appointed Reformers to every office, and in the case of the office of registrar it had been kept dangling over the heads of the Government supporters, and two Reformers had been returned for the city of Ottawa as a result. When the appointment was made Mr. Ira Morgan, a good Reformer, although endorsed by the Conservative County Council, was ignored and a gentleman was appointed owing to influence which was exercised from the western part of the province.

The members were then called in and the Government was sustained by a majority of 18. Four of the Patrons voted with the Government, Messrs. Currie, Caven, Bennett and Robertson. This was a gain of two upon the last division, but the absence of Mr. Loughrin on the Government side without a pair reduced the majority to 18 instead of 20, as it would have otherwise been. The two Patrons who joined the Government forces on this vote were Messrs. Currie, who voted with the Opposition, and Caven, who was absent from the last division.

The Government and Opposition voted upon strict party lines. There were three pairs: Messrs. Bronson and Miscampbell, Garrow and McLaren, Moore and McNaughton.

Mr. Haycock moved his motion providing for the election of county officials. In support of the motion, Mr. Haycock defended the Patron members from the charge of inconsistency in voting for the resolution favoring the appointment of registrars by municipal bodies. They would now vote for the resolution in favor of a system which had been in operation for 100 years in the United States and had worked well. When the Patrons failed to get a whole loaf, they would take half a loaf, and on that principle he voted for the motion moved by Mr. Little.

Mr. Whitney, before the vote was taken, declared that the Opposition did not believe in the principle of election of the officials referred to, and therefore could not consistently or conscientiously support the motion.

The Speaker ruled the motion out of order, unless some amendment was made. Mr. Haycock accepted the suggestion and the motion was then put as follows: That the elective system of electing sheriffs and other county officials should be given at least a trial. That a favorable opportunity of making a test is afforded by the vacancy now existing in the registrarship of Ontario county. That provisions should therefore be made for the immediate election of a registrar for said county by those qualified to vote at municipal elections. And, further, in order that the elective system may receive a still fuller and fairer trial, this House is of opinion that the same elective system should be applied to all vacancies occurring in the offices of registrars during the next five years.

The vote was: Yeas 18, nays 70. Mr Robertson, the Patron from North Waterloo, voted with the Government, and Reid of West Durham voted with the Patrons.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand for flour is limited and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $8, and shorts at $9 to $9.50.

Wheat—There is nothing doing in the local wheat market. Red winter is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 89c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 86c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c middle freights.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices heavy. No. 1 is quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. White sold outside at 17½c to 18c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with offerings at 38c north and west and 39½c bid.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 32½c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 10.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 7½d; corn 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 23s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 0d; tallow, 17s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage steadier. English country markets steady. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 3d for March, 6s 4½d for May, 6s 4½d for July and 6s 2½d for September. Maize quiet at 2s 7d for April, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 8d for May. Flour 27s.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 2½d for March, 6s 3½d for May, 6s 3½d for July, and 6s 2½d for September.

Peterborough Markets,

MARCH 9, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	4 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 12	to	0 13
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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Black Heads
Pimples
Eczema
Salt Rheum
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And All Itchy Skin Diseases

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Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 303 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyr&w

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is economical. It is easier to take care of than a dusty, heavy carpet. It is more healthful because it is cleaner. A nicely painted floor with a neat rug, gives any room a clean, tidy look.

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Our booklet, **"Paint Points,"** tells many things you would like to know about paints, and its uses. It tells about the best paints to use for shelves, cupboards, baseboards, bath tubs, buggies, boats, wagons, farm tools, houses, barns, fences, etc., and why they are best. Send for it to-day, it is free. Our paints are sold by over ten thousand dealers. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Selwyn Literary Society.

The Selwyn Literary Society met as usual in the Temperance hall on March 5th, the president in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted, after which the following programme was rendered:

Critic's report.....Mr A Walton
Recitation.....Mr Jos Nichols
Reading.....Mr J Heasman
Song.....Mr Dwyer
Instrumental music....Messrs Houlihan and Dwyer
Speeches, 3 minutes....Messrs R Pearson, Mat Bell, J Morrison and W McIlmoyl
Dialogue....Messrs A Walton and J McIlmoyl
Reading.....Mr N Nicholls
Recitation.....Mr Eph McIlmoyl
Song.....Mr Dwyer
Reading.....Mr B Manning
Instrumental music.....Mr J Houlihan
Reading.....History of Our Times....Mr W Tyndal
Paper.....Editor

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An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

NORWOOD NEWS

Personal and News Notes of Interest—Proposed Re-organization of the High School.

Correspondence of the Review

Personal—Miss M. Birdsall, of Rice lake, is visiting Mrs. Gibson this week....Miss M R T Campbell, science teacher in the High school here, received a telegram on Sunday calling her to her home as her father is in a very low condition. She left on Monday for Port Elgin....Miss Dobbin, of Peterborough, is spending a few days in town the guest of Mrs Rutherford....Mr Wm Doig, inspector of organizations for the Canadian Order of Foresters, is in town this week....Mrs Vare, of Newcastle, is visiting Mrs Battertield this week.

Business Changes—Mr Wm Rutherford is selling off his stock of stationery, etc., this week at cost. He is leaving for British Columbia in a few days where he has received the position of manager in the drug department of a large establishment in Nelson.... Mr Joseph Hughes, a former Norwood boy, has opened a gent's furnishing establishment in Mr Metcalf's block. He has things very nicely arranged and expects more stock in a few day.

The Churches—The sacrament of the Lord's supper was dispensed in the Presbyterian church on Sunday by the Rev. J F Somerville.

Curling. — The curling contest for the medal has at last come to an end. On Thursday Mr. Clancy and Mr. Patterson played off. This was a close game, but resulted in favor of Mr. Patterson by one shot. The next to play off were Mr. McKelvie and Mr. Code. It did not seem to be Mr. McKelvie's day for playing, and Mr. Code won by a score 13 to 3. Then the final game was played between Mr. Code and Mr. Patterson. This was a very interesting game. Gradually they crawled up until each had 9 points, but Mr. Code succeeded in scoring each end, and thus won the medal by four shots. On Wednesday last four rinks came down from Keene and played a friendly game with the home rinks which resulted in a victory for Norwood. The skips were:—

KEENE.		NORWOOD.	
J McIntyre.....	17	Dr J C Moffatt...	9
R McCamus.....	12	F Ashe.....	13
W Campbell.....	11	Jas Cummings....	22

Board of Education.—The regular meeting of the Board of Education was held on the 8th inst. for the transaction of business, Present, Mr W E Roxburgh, chairman. Messrs Thos Robinson, Thos Fraser, John McNaughton, Wm Webster, Thos Rork, P W Reynolds, J L Squires, A R Anderson, P W Stevenson, Dr Ford and W H Stephenson. The minutes of the last meeting were read, and no objection being made were ordered to be signed. The High School Inspector's report for February, his last visit, was laid before the Board and was read by the chairman. Moved by A R Anderson, seconded by Thos Rork, that the report be received.—Carried. A communication was received from Miss M Harper asking the Board to accept the services of a substitute to the summer vacation, that owing to a throat trouble she found she would be unable to do her work. Moved by P W Stevenson, seconded by A R Anderson, that the request of Miss Harper be granted and that the Board will accept the substitute who has taken her place for the past six weeks.—Carried. Notice was given that the following motion would be made at the next meeting:—That in consequence of the decrease in the number of pupils attending the High School caused in the first place by the organization of combination classes in several of the surroundings villages as authorized by the School Act of 1896 and partly by the large surplus of Public school teachers, both of which causes are likely to be operative for some time to come, it is expedient to re-organize the work on the basis of three teachers on the staff instead of four as at present. That in order to maintain to the utmost the efficiency and prevent possible injury to the school that might result from the reduction of the staff and from the change of teachers it is both a wise and expedient policy to re-engage the present principal of the school, who has served the Board so long and so faithfully, at the salary he has been receiving for several years, viz., $1,100. That the first and second assistants be both University graduates and specialists from the Ontario Normal college, the former to teach English and modern languages at an initial salary of $700, and the latter to teach science and such other work as the principal of the school may from time to time assign him, at an initial salary of $600. That these changes take effect at opening of the school after the summer vacation." Two communications were received from Mr Davidson, but were left over until next meeting.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

Saturday, March 13.—Sale of Farm in the Township of Smith, known as the Rogers Homestead, and three Houses and Lots, on Water and Park-sts. in the town of Peterborough. Sale at the Huffman House at 2 p.m.

Saturday, March 13.—Sale of Farm in the Township of Douro, Lot 4, in 5th Concession, Sale at Morgan House at three p. m.

Monday, March 15.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, on lot 4, in 5th Con. of Douro. Without reserve. Sale at 1 p m.

Tuesday, March 16. — Important Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Jas. E. McIlmoyle, on his premises, Lot 23, in 3rd Con. of Smith. Sale at 12.30. No reserve. Lunch provided.

Thursday, March 18th.—(Bound for the West.) Credit Sale Farm Stock, Implements, Household Furniture and Farm, of Mr. J. Slater Knox, on his premises, Lot 20, in 3rd Con. of Asphodel, Sale 12.30. No reserve.

Friday, March 19.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Thos. Eason, on the premises, Lot 2 in 7th Con. of the Township of Douro, known as the Anderson Farm. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

Saturday, March 20.—Auction sale of Farm, in the Township of Dummer, being Lot 5, in 10th Concession. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

Monday, March 22.—Auction Sale of the Market Tolls. Sale in the Town Council Chamber at 11 a.m.

Tuesday, March 23.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. D. J. McCarthy, on his premises, Lot 17, in 8th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 12 30. No reserve.

Wednesday, March 24.—Auction sale of a Village Lot in the village of Havelock. Sale at Graham's hotel at 1 p.m.

Thursday, March 25.—Unreserved Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Samuel H. Faulkner, on the premises, Lot 16, Con. 2, in the Township of Emily. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

Monday, May 29th.—Farm Stock, Implements, Household Furniture, etc., of Mrs. H. Reynolds and sons, on their premises, adjoining the village of Norwood. Sale at 12.30 No reserve.

STOPPED OFF AT PETERBOROUGH

A Young Ottawa Lad Reaches Toronto on a Freight—Was in Peterborough for a Few Hours.

A Toronto despatch says:—A lad who gave his name as George Shea came to police headquarters with a pitiful tale yesterday morning. He said that he lived in Ottawa with his mother at 220½ Nepean-st. His father was dead and his mother supported herself and her only child by going out washing. Last Friday, according to his story, two boys, Fred Matthews and Fulford Bailey, both of them bigger and older than he, coaxed him to run away from home, drawing highly colored pictures of the fun they would have together. They promised, moreover, to send him back whenever he wanted to go.

George had little experience in the ways of the world, and with the two others left Ottawa on Friday, the 5th inst. They travelled in great grandeur in a freight car as far as Peterborough, where they got off to see something of life there. But George somehow was left behind in Peterborough, and found himself a stranger in a strange land. Still, he was determined to keep moving, so he boarded a freight train and came up to Toronto. On the train he met a man who advised him to go to the Chief of Police as soon as he reached this place, which was about four o'clock. Accordingly on his arrival he told his story to the chief constable, and was handed over to Staff Inspector Archibald, who had him placed under the care of Mr. Hynes, in the St. Nicholas Children's Home.

Here he will remain until inquiries can be made, and the truth of his story established. If his story is true an attempt may be made to get hold of the lads who coaxed him away, as it is quite possible they wished to use him for evil purposes. The poor little fellow was very much travel-stained when he arrived here, but he is now in good health.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowers. Cure sick headache.

OAK HALL.

—W. Rankin, chief of police of Cobourg was dismissed by the Council of that place on Monday evening, according to the Port Hope Times. Mr. John Rouse was appointed to the position in his stead.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

Furs

Go they must and quickly!
It's late in the season!
Our store is being remodeled!
If never worn this season, Furs will be, at prices offered, the very best investment you can make, for other season's wear.

A CUTTING CUT IN CUT PRICES

HERE'S SOME SAMPLES OF CUTS:—

20 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Grey Lamb Gauntlets, finest quality, were $5 and $6, have been selling during the past few weeks for $4 and $5, now cut to..... **$3.50**

All other Gauntlets sold at a like proportionate reduction.

$14 Seal Wedge Caps—$9 has been the price during our last sale, now for..... **$7.00**

Fur Caps of all kinds at equally great cut.

$10 Sable Muffs, sold for $7 during sale, now for..... **$5.50, $6**

Prices in all our Fur Muffs reduced proportionately.

Coats, Jackets, Capes, Fur Lined Cloaks. Collars, etc., all to be cleared out at once at big cuts on last week's prices.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

Lily Lake Literary Society

The regular meeting of the Lily Lake Literary Society was held in the school house on March 4th. There was a large attendance. After the newly elected officers were installed, following programme was rendered:—President's address; secretary's report; treasurer's report; critic's report; opening chorus by glee club; recitation by Miss Edna Middleton; speech by Mr Wm Simpson; instrumental, Lou Ferguson; recitation, Vally Tully; reports from hall committee; debate Resolved that iron is more useful than wood; affirmative—Messrs R Elliott, H Middleton and J Story; negative—Messrs G A Reid, J Mahood and T Calvert; paper by editor; speech by Miss Ada Middleton of Selwyn society; God save the Queen.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

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Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency* and all *effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry*, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to *Insanity, Insanity, Consumption* and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 36 years in thousands of cases; is the only *Reliable* and *Honest Medicine known*. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet free to any address.

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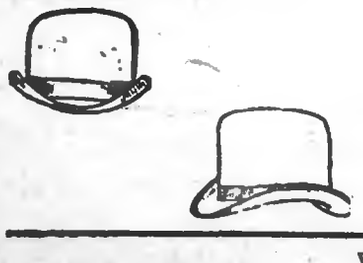
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every



Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 60. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE PROHIBITIONISTS

Protest to Government Over the Harcourt Bill.

Premier Hardy Will Neither Retract Nor Concede Anything—Denies License Bill is Retrograde—"We are a Temperance Government," Says He—Cannot Do Impossibilities—The Government Had Promised License Reforms, Not Prohibition—Indignant Interviewers Pass Strong Resolutions of Regret.

Toronto, March 12.

Yesterday was Prohibition or rather Protest Day in Toronto, and about 500 prohibitionists, many of them from outside places, assembled in the morning at the Guild Hall, McGill-street, for an emergency convention at the call of the Dominion Alliance, to discuss and protest against the new license bill of the Government.

The meeting was opened by Dr. J. J. Maclaren, who described the negotiations with the Government and the steps taken by the Dominion Alliance. The Harcourt bill was far short of what had been expected, and the only course open now was to bring the greatest possible pressure on the Government.

Ald. F. S. Spence advised that an Executive Committee be appointed to deal with the proposals and resolutions submitted to the convention. On this motion, the following twenty-five were elected: Dr. J. J. Maclaren, Q.C., Rev. William Kettlewell, G. H. Lees, F. S. Spence, Rev. Dr. McKay, Rev. A. C. Courtice, Rev. W. F. Wilson, Rev. Dr. Ryckman, Mrs. Thornley, Rev. J. S. Ross, Hon. S. C. Biggs, Rev. J. McEwen, Rev. W. A. Hunter, W. H. Orr, E. S. Cummer, Miss Wills, Mrs. Chamberlain, George Wrigley, S. J. Duncan-Clarke, Mrs. A. O. Rutherford, Hon. Senator Vidal, Mrs. Lees, Mrs. Watson, F. W. Watkins, Rev. Mr. Aull.

The committee went right to business, and the delegates talked over their troubles and aired their differences of opinion, which were many.

Mr. G. H. Lees moved that the whole convention march in a body to the Parliament Buildings and impress the Government by force of numbers.

Finally, the motion of R. N. Burns was carried, that the Committee on Resolutions appoint the speakers who should lay the demands of the meeting before the Government, and that as many members of the convention as could should attend at the interview.

After an adjournment for lunch, the convention resumed and took up the report of the Committee on Resolutions, each clause of which was taken up in turn, with the result that the following was ultimately decided upon as the proper thing to go to the Government:

"That in view of the mandate of the people of this province on Jan. 1, 1894, and in view of the pledge of the Government, this convention affirms: (1) The unalterable basis of its approach to the Provincial Government to be the most effective temperance legislation within its jurisdiction and such as will be an adequate response to the demands of the people and as an honorable fulfilment of the Government pledge.

"(2) That we reaffirm the request of the temperance convention of last July to be a very moderate instalment of temperance reform, and we express great dissatisfaction with the proposed legislation as a response to our requests as being far behind what is within the power of the Government to grant.

"(3) That, while we do not consider the bil as satisfactory, we consider the following points as favorable: (a) That the age limit has been raised: (b) that the new bill cuts off 5 per cent. of the present number of licenses; (c) that it somewhat restricts the sale by druggists, but the clause in question requires important modification so as to prevent abuses.

"(4) We consider the following points as retrograde legislation: (a) That section 1 of the bil shall not apply to county towns having a population of 2500 or less; (b) the withdrawing from Municipal Councils of the power they now possess of annually reducing the number of licenses in the municipality.

"We regret that the word 'apparently' be struck out in reference to the age limit; (2) we are thoroughly dissatisfied with the present bill as to the number of licenses to be issued in proportion to the population; (3) we also thoroughly condemn the proposed method of elections preventing the renewal of a license in any polling subdivision; (4) we are quite dissatisfied that no response had been made to our appeal to prohibit drinking and distribution of liquor in clubs; (5) we are dissatisfied with the bill as to the closing hours which are proposed; (6) we object to the inefficient legislation in the bil for the cancellation of licenses irreguarly and improperly granted."

Rev. Mr. Courtice, seconded by Rev. Mr. Kettlewell, wanted the following added, but was persuaded to withdraw it after a heap of warm discussion:

"Having reviewed the development of the temperance movement leading up to the present bill and having considered the bill itself in its particular provisions with an expression of our views on the same, we offering our conviction that the temperance situation in Ontario as created by the plebiscite vote, the Government's pledges, and the Privy Council's decision, warrants us in expecting, and we hereby pledge ourselves to work for, a far more thorough reconstruction of the license system than we have yet asked for, with a view of securing that measure of partial prohibition which was promised by Sir Oliver Mowat, and is possible under a provincial license law unless the adoption of Dominion prohibition shall relieve our provincial legislators; more particularly we affirm that the prevention of bar room drinking and of the treating system and of the drinking on the premises where the liquor is sold is possible within the limits of a licensed retail and wholesale trade in the Province of Ontario, and we inform the Government that it will be our purpose to crystallize public opinion to such an issue and our expectation that the Government will respond in up-to-date aggressive measures."

The resolutions to go to the Government had been adopted when there was a most unseemly wrangle between Rev. Mr. Kettlewell, the Mayor and nearly everybody else. Mr. Kettlewell wanted the following to be added to the resolutions:

"That sec. 5, sub-sec. 2, of the committee's report be struck out and the following substituted therefor: 'That the people of this province have declared by a majority of nearly 82,000 for prohibition to the extent to which the Legislature of this province has jurisdiction; that the Government has promised such a prohibitory bill as the decision of the Privy Council warrants; that it is the conviction of this convention that the Legislature has the power to so regulate the traffic as to cut off all hotel licenses, and we hereby request that a law be enacted by the Legislature providing that all hotel licenses be extinguished."

After the wrangle Mr. Kettlewell was ruled out of order, and the deputation half an hour late went to interview the Cabinet.

The Council chamber was packed with delegates, sitting and standing, and many who could not get inside were crowded in the corridor. Seated around Premier Hardy were Hon. Mr. Ross, Hon. Mr. Harcourt, Hon. Mr. Davis, Hon. Mr. Harty and Speaker Eventurel. The Mayor had got mixed in the shuffle and was not handy after a short wait, so Ald. F. S. Spence told the Premier what the deputation were in attendance for. He said the people had at the polls by an enormous majority declared in favor of prohibition of the liquor traffic. Sir Oliver Mowat had promised prohibition as far as the law would allow. Sir Oliver had been transferred to another sphere, but it was understood from Mr. Hardy last July that the Government have the same feeling as its predecessors, and would go as far as public sentiment would warrant.

A bill had been presented which falls far short of what might reasonably be expected. It did not come up to the expectations due from the promise given by Premier Hardy last July. Twenty-three amendments had been asked for, and a few of them more important than the rest, and on these the bill did not come up to expectations at all. The prohibitionists were thankful that the age limit had been raised and thankful that the sale of liquor had been to some extent restricted by druggists.

Mr. Spence contended that the bill did not go as far as the feeling of the people demanded. It was to be regretted that the hour of closing was still 10 and 11 p.m. If the sentiment was against it the electors in the municipality should have the power to change it. He spoke on the lines of the resolution, which was then read by Rev. Dr. Ross.

The committee appointed to lay the case before the Government then in turn spoke. Mayor Fleming, Rev. Dr. McKay, Rev. A. C. Courtice, W. W. Buchan, Mrs. May Thornley, Hon. S. C. Biggs and Senator Vidal all spoke in a livily strain, Mrs Thornley particulairly saying some very plain things to the Government. Applause was frequent from the crowd, which was so great that it filled every corner of the room.

Hon. Mr. Hardy said the Government was always glad to meet the temperance people and hear their views. Speaking for himself and his colleagues they had nothing to recall. He had listened to the speakers, and if he had one regret it was that the bill was called a retrograde measure. There was not a retrograde line in it. The one question upon which there might be a difference was taken from the Scott Act, relating to the three years' life of a bylaw granting license, and if that was a mistake the Government were prepared to reconsider that question. Referring to his promise in July, Mr. Hardy said: "I do not for one moment take back what I said. We are a temperance Government and I do not retract for a single moment."

"I was," continued the Premier, "not speaking of a prohibition bill, but a license bill. The people seem to combine the two. They are at opposite ends of the pole. Prohibition is one thing—license another. There is not a word spoken in reference to a license law. It was prohibition in part or prohibition wholly."

"No, no," and hisses.

"I have the documents in my hand," Mr. Hardy replied. "Mr. Marter had introduced a bill doing away with the sale of liquor by retail. Sir Oliver doubted if the Government had the power to prevent sale of liquor by retail, and if so, it also had power to prohibit wholesale. The question was submitted to the Supreme Court."

The Premier pointed out emphatically that Sir Oliver Mowat spoke, not in reference to a prohibition, but to a license law. It wasn't argued before the Privy Council as regards licenses—it was as regards prohibition. The dispute was not what Sir Oliver had said, but the way the deputation had applied it—whether he had been referring to a prohibition or a license law.

As to his own promise, it was "as far as jurisdiction will permit and public sentiment will approve. What can we do?" We are not expected to attempt to carry through what we cannot. Our majority is not large, perhaps 8 or 9 on a test vote. We claim some

Continued on Page 7.

ATTITUDE OF GREECE.

The Question Came Up in the British House of Commons.

The Greek Communication Will Be Laid on the Table To-day—King George Does Not Count on His Relations—Britain, France and Italy Are in Complete Accord—Hanotaux and Di Rudini Concur With Lord Salisbury's Views—Improved Situation at Athens.

London, March 11.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir William Vernon Harcourt asked the Government if it was true that Greece was prepared to recognize the autonomy of Crete under the suzerainty of the Sultan.

Mr. Geo. N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, said in reply to Sir William that Greece had made a communication to the Government on the subject of Crete, and this communication would be laid upon the table to-morrow. He added that Sir William's question did not express accurately the attitude of Greece.

Right the Strength of the Feeble.

New York, March 11.—The following special despatch from James Creelman is published in The Journal:

Athens, March 10.—I know from the very highest authority that Greece has prepared a plan for the Macedonian campaign to the minutest detail. The responsibility for the future rests with the powers. If such a flagrant insult to Greek nationality as the violent deportation of the Greek Consul from Canea is repeated the sound of the opening shots of a great European war will circle the globe and European Turkey will be dismembered.

Athens is flooded with enthusiastic recruits. The Prime Minister writes to The Journal on the position of Greece the following:

"Right is the strength of the feeble."
Theodore P. Delyannis.

The King Doesn't Rely on Relatives.

Athens, March 11.—King George authorizes the United Associated Presses to state that he does not expect, nor has he at any time since the present troubles arose, expected either advice or aid from his relatives upon or near thrones of Europe, but relies entirely upon the justice of Greece's cause. The King admitted to the representative of the United Associated Presses that he had expected the most from the Prince of Wales, whose wife is the King's sister, and advised him to influence the recall of Sir A. Biliotti, the British Consul at Canea. But, His Majesty added, Biliotti was a titled personage, and was enabled to spread official lies concerning the troubles in the Island of Crete, which found ready believers. King George further said that the marvelous mobilization of the Greek fleet had provoked the jealousy of the powers. The Greek Government has deposited the sum of money necessary to pay the coupon on the debt.

What King George Says.

Vienna, March 11.—The Neu Freie Presse publishes a report of an interview had by its correspondent in Athens with King George of Greece. The King is quoted as saying: "Greece has done in Crete as Austria did in the case of Bosnia, when the Bosnian Christians took refuge in Austria." The King also said that the Greek troops would remain in Crete and protect Greeks and Turks alike. His Majesty complained of the conduct of Sir A. Biliotti, the British Consul at Canea, in assisting the Turks. Though Biliotti was a British Consul, he said, he was a Levantine, more Turkish even that the Sultan himself.

Britain, France and Italy in Accord.

London, March 11.—Lord Salisbury declines to discuss the Cretan situation until it shall be shown that the negotiations which have been resumed with Greece have failed, and action is taken upon the ultimatum of the powers. M. Hanotaux, Foreign Minister of France, and the Marquis Di Rudini, Prime Minister of Italy, concur in the view taken by Lord Salisbury and decline to express any opinion upon the subject. Italy already has 15 warships in the Levant, and is on the eve of sending ten more. The Italian ironclad Saldegna, the largest warship in Italy's navy, has arrived at Spezzia, where the Italian flying squadron is assembling.

The Situation at Athens.

Athens, March 11.—The situation here is improving. The city is quieting and apart from an occasional burst of enthusiasm on the part of the people, there is very little of an exciting nature to engage public attention.

Amilcar Cipriani, the Italian Socialist agitator, arrived here to-day, accompanied by 16 volunteers, for the purpose of entering the Greek military service. The party was met by a mob, and was cheered almost incessantly as it marched through the streets. The Government denies the report that the military authorities are forming a foreign legion. The authorities want it to be understood that they do not desire any disorderly element or filibusterers in the military, sufficient number of Greeks to fight the battles of Greece being available.

Witnesses of the arrivals of Cretan refugees at the Piraeus, where 8000 of them are quartered, describe their state as being extremely pitiable. They are utterly destitute, and most of them are emaciated from hunger and illness. Most of them are women and children, and many of them were brought in open-decked sloops, exposed to the weather in an absolutely nude state. Many of the women were driven raving mad through their sufferings and from fright, and several children were born at sea or upon the landing stages, where the miserable creatures disembarked.

Insists on the Landing of Troops.

London, March 11.—A despatch from Rome to The Daily News says that Admiral Canevaro, the Italian who is in command of the combined fleets in Cretan waters, insists upon the necessity of landing troops to quell the rebellion in the interior of the island. The Italian Government, after conferring with the Governments of other powers, has therefore decided to send a force of troops to Crete.

The Daily News will to-morrow publish a despatch from Salonica confirming the report of the unceasing military preparations that are being made by the Turks. The officials in Salonica, Macedonia and Kassandra are seizing for the use of the army all the horses and mules belonging to the Christians in these places. They have received orders from Constantinople to collect next year's taxes in advance. This fact, together with the loss of other property, has caused despair among the Christians and much discontent among the Mussulmans.

What Greece Would Accept.

London, March 11.—The Athens correspondent of The Times telegraphs that he has obtained from the highest authority the outlines of a scheme which Greece is willing to accept, pending a final solution of the Cretan question. The first part of the scheme is that the Turkish troops be immediately withdrawn from the island; secondly, that the restoration of order be entrusted to part of the European fleet co-operating with the Greek army, which will act under a commander of the joint forces senior to Col. Vassos; third, that the insurgents submit to the powers; fourth, that after three months a plebescite be held to decide whether autonomy be established or the island be annexed to Greece, and, fifth, that the powers immediately induce Turkey to withdraw part of her troops on the Greeek frontier, Greece to withdraw her troops in the same proportion.

The Times says that the Government regards the chief danger as being on the frontier. Both the Greek army and the Thessalian peasantry are so excited that an outbreak may occur at any moment.

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The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
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For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
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ON WEDNESDAY, March 10th, A BLACK COCKER SPANIEL, answering to the name of "TRIP." Any person detaining the animal after this notice will be prosecuted. J. W. MAYBEE, 86 Hunter-st. 60tf

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The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 160 or 215 Day or night.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Probabilities.

Mild, with rain to day; turning colder to-morrow.

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We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.

We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

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THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
E. R. WOOD,
Secretary.

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

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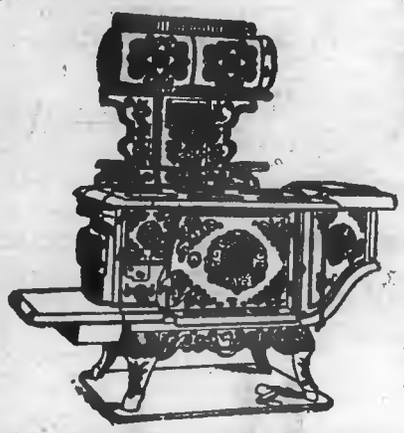

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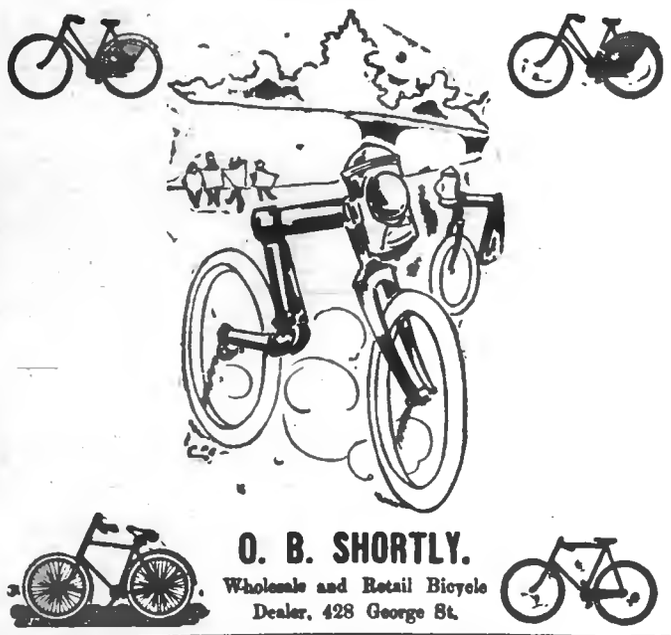

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Is prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897

IN MEMORIUM.

OF MR. FRED LANG, WHO DIED FEBRUARY 5TH, 1897, PETERBOROUGH. TO MY DEPARTED FRIEND.

Fred, departed friend, thou has left us,
Thy toils, and cares are o'er;
In heaven we hope at last to meet thee,
But on earth, alas, no more.

Affectionate, kind and gentle we'rt thou;
Oh! thy loss we deeply feel,
Pray that kindest heaven may send us,
Some consoling balm, our heart's to heal.

A mother's joy, a father's pride,
A loving brother dear,
Has bid farewell to earthly friends,
And gone away from here.

At the early age of twenty-nine,
Just full of life and bloom.
Mr Fred Lang, of Auburn mills,
Was called to his everlasting home.

He has left a lonely mother
To weep and mourn for him,
And a broken-hearted father,
To grieve the pain of sorrow.

There' a vacant chair within their home,
A loved one now has gone,
To share the heavely bliss:
Dear friend, thrice blessed art thou.

Be thou our guardian angel,
And guide us safely home,
Then there, to be with Jesus,
To join thee, and the glorified throng.

There's many a dear friend gone before thee,
To that blessed home, where thou dost dwell,
There with them, may we join thee,
Till then, loved friends, we say farewell.

BY J. AND E. C.

A Croupy Cough Was Soon Driven Away by Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough," says Mrs. Smith, of 256 Bathurst-st. Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising, the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS.

Death of Mrs. George Ferguson—A Wedding—Personal Notes.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Mr Wilgar, teacher north of here, spent Sunday in Millbrook at the home of Mr David Chambers....Last Wednesday Mr Isaac Larmer and son attended the funeral of the late Miss Sophia Fee, eldest daughter of Mr Henry Fee, of Manvers.... Miss Maggie Hamill, of Garden Hill, is visiting at Cedar Valley with friends on the seventh line.

DEATH.—Mrs Ferguson, relict of the late George Ferguson, died at the family residence, Ida, on Wednesday, March 11th, aged 86 years. Funeral on Friday, March 13th, at 2 p. m. to Back church cemetery.

A FLYING SAW—A short time ago while the Messrs. Elgar Bros were cutting wood with a cross cut sawing machine, the saw broke going with such a velocity as to carry it about 100 yards, cutting a limb two inches thick off a tree. It finally stuck in another limb cutting it partly through. Providentially no person was hurt.

WEDDING—On Wednesday last Mr John Finlay, of Cedar Valley, was married to Miss Lottie Clark, daughter of Mr Wesley Clark, of this place, at Cavanville parsonage, by Rev Joe Kilgour. The bride was supported by her sister, Miss Minnie Clark, and the groom by Mr Clare Moor. The happy couple went on a wedding tour to Toronto.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE.

Preliminary Trial of Robert J. Powley at Niagara Falls Charged With Killing His Wife.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., March 11.—The preliminary trial of Robert J. Powley, charged with murder in the first degree, began this morning. Only witnesses for the prosecution were examined. After medical testimony, Miss Mary Yost was sworn. She is the young woman who was in the room with Mrs. Powley when the murder was committed, and will be the principal witness against Powley during his trial. She is 21 years of age and a native of Harriston, Ont.

Witness was at Mrs. Powley's apartments on Monday night last when the murder was committed. Mrs. Powley went out for a short time early in the evening to fit a dress. She returned and retired about 9.15 o'clock. Witness had put the little boy to bed about 8 o'clock. She remained up a few minutes after Mrs. Powley had retired, and then went to bed. It seemed to her that she had scarcely dozed off when she heard a crash as if someone was violently moving chairs about. She occupied the bed in the same room with Mrs. Powley and almost simultaneously with the noise mentioned she heard Mrs. Powley cry out twice: "That's him." Then she saw a man coming into the room. He walked directly to Mrs. Powley's bed, and said twice: "Is that you, dear?" Then Mrs. Powley called, "Mary, Mary," to which witness answered, "Yes, yes."

Witness then rose up and saw Powley with his left arm either upon Mrs. Powley or over her. Two stifled cries of "Murder!" came from Mrs. Powley, and from the manner in which they were uttered the witness thinks the murderer had his hand over her mouth. Then the shooting began. Witness jumped up and ran past the murderer and out on to the street. Four shots were fired while she was in the room. Three were fired at Mrs. Powley, and she thinks the fourth was fired at her, as she saw the man turn partly towards her, and heard the report directly behind her.

On cross-examination, the witness stated that there was no light in the room where the murder was committed and that the window curtains were down. She could see objects quite plainly in the room, however, and distinctly recognized the murderer as the man whom Mrs. Powley's children had pointed out to her as their father. She did not see a revolver in his hand. The lower door to the street entrance was not barred, as another family had moved in that day. The door to Mrs. Powley's apartments was locked. She did not see Mrs. Powley lock the door, but she heard her do so. She did not see a struggle or hear the murderer speak to the little boy. She passed within a foot and a half of the man when she ran from the room. He said nothing to her. She is certain she heard one shot after arriving on the street. The witness was asked if she saw the man who did the shooting in the court room, and she pointed out the prisoner, saying she was positive that he was the man. The prisoner's father on two occasions visited Mrs. Powley while witness was there.

Other testimony of the incidents following the shooting was given, and the prisoner waived his right to plead.

He scarcely moved during the examination of the witnesses, and held his right hand continually inside his vest over his wound.

The case was adjourned until Saturday at 2 o'clock.

THE SCHOOL AMENDMENTS.

Discussion in the Manitoba Legislature—Mr. Roblin Uses Strong Language.

Winnipeg, March 11.—(Special.)—In the Manitoba Legislature this afternoon Attorney-General Cameron moved the second reading of the bill containing the amendments to the School Act, in accordance with the terms of the Laurier-Greenway settlement. In doing so, Mr. Cameron expressed the belief that the terms of settlement were satisfactory to nearly all the people of Canada, and he thought this would be the last ever heard of the school question.

Mr. Roblin, leader of the Conservative Opposition, replied, pronouncing the bill a hydra-headed, illegitimate offspring of political duplicity and dishonesty. Mr. Roblin wanted to know what had been settled and with whom it had been settled. He declared it was humiliating and exasperating, that as a result of the bill ambassadors were now going back and forth between Rome and Ottawa and the Dominion had a paid solicitor sitting at the feet of Rome. He charged Mr. Laurier and Mr. Tarte with wilfully deceiving the electors of Quebec, and wound up by moving the six months' hoist. The debate will be continued to-morrow.

The Liberal members of the Manitoba Legislature wired Clifford Sifton their hearty congratulations on the anniversary of his birthday, and wished him many happy returns. Mr. Sifton replied by wire to-day thanking them for their kind congratulations.

It is popularly supposed, writes Consul-General Bowen, from Barcelona, that the interest in bull-fighting in Spain is lagging, but the facts of the case indicate that, if anything, popular interest is more intense than ever. The remuneration received by the matadores, from the figures he gives, appears to rank with that obtained by the star operatic singers in this country. During the bull-fighting season, from April 5 to October 20, 1896, there were 478 fights in Spain 1218 bulls, valued at $300,000, and 5730 horses, valued at $200,000, were killed. The number of matadores, the principal fighters who killed the bulls, was 23, and they were paid for their services in all about $221,500. The least renowned matadores received from $300 to $100 for each fight in which they took part, while the more famous were paid $500 to $850. The famous Guerrita appeared in 63 fights, killed 174 bulls and received in all $51,000. Bombita fought 43 times, killed 112 bulls and was paid $21,000.

A Bequest for Good Roads.

The will of the late Peter Whitcomb of Boxboro, Mass., filed in the Middlesex probate court at Cambridge recently, bequeaths $5000 to the town of Boxboro, the income of which is to be used for the care and rebuilding of roads and bridges in the town.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Abolition of Government House Proposed by Mr. Haycock But Withdrawn—Yesterday's Proceedings.

Toronto, March 12.

After the usual preliminary routine at the Legislature yesterday, the Attorney-General moved: "That a select committee of this House be appointed to consider all questions relating to Government House property, and the further question of the future maintenance or the discontinuance of the maintenance of Government House by the province or otherwise, and to report therein. And that such committee consist of the Attorney-General and Messrs. Bronson, Dryden, Ferguson, Stratton, Haycock, Howland, Macnish, Macpherson, Marter and Whitney."

Mr. Hardy explained that the intent of the motion was to endeavor to evolve some feasible scheme relating to the support of Government House.

Mr. Haycock immediately objected, and moved in amendment: "That in the opinion of this House the maintenance of Government House and the establishment connected therewith at the expense of the Government should after the expiration of the term of office of His Honor the present Lieutenant-Governor be discontinued."

The Patron leader, in explaining his amendment, complained that a resolution worded exactly the same and appointing the same committee had been passed two years ago. The committee had performed their duties well, and had reported to the House a year ago, so that the members had all the information they needed on the subject, and Mr. Hardy's motion was unnecessary. He wanted the opinion of the House on the subject immediately.

Hon. Mr. Hardy hoped Mr. Haycock would not force the question in this manner, as he would like to have the committee consider the matter and make any suggestions they deemed expedient. This was a matter of form, and he hoped the amendment would be withdrawn.

Mr. Haycock consented to withdraw it only on condition that the Attorney-General would promise to have the report of the committee presented to the House before the close of the session.

The Premier assented, and the amendment was withdrawn. The motion accordingly carried.

The following bills then passed in committee:

Bill respecting wages and the estates of deceased persons—The Attorney-General.

Bill to further improve the Act respecting the Department of Agriculture—Mr. Dryden.

Bill to amend the Married Women's Property Act—The Attorney-General.

The bill to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the administration of justice in those portions of the province outside county organization, introduced by the Attorney-General, passed its second reading.

In moving the second reading of the bill respecting loan corporations, Hon. J. M. Gibson made a few explanatory comments. The present laws relating to such companies were scattered and disorganized. The object of the bill would be to consider and harmonize them. In the first place, the method of incorporation would be entirely changed by it. Application, including certain declarations, had to be made to the Provincial Secretary. The hon. gentleman then proceeded with a resume of the details of the bill, the substance of which has before appeared in these columns.

Continuing, Mr. Gibson said the fact that the general powers as to loaning were not to be enlarged was one that would probably provoke some opposition on the part of loan companies. The present law left it doubtful as to whether loan companies had power to lend to their own stockholders on the security of their stock. In the nature of things terminating companies had that power. The difference between the permanent and terminating stock companies was that no terminating company could borrow money on debentures of take deposits, while the permanent companies operating on paid-up stock were given authority to borrow money by debentures or take it on deposit. These circumstances made the borrowing power of the companies important. If a certan company should meet with disaster, they could borrow $1,000,000 on debentures and squeeze out the shareholder by loaning the money to the full extent of their stock and thus defraud the debenture-holders.

He thought it important, therefore, to declare distinctly and firmly that there should be no power on the part of permanent loan companies to lend money to their own shareholders on their own stock. The working out of the bill would be in the hands of an officer of the Government, not exactly with the powers of an inspector, but with a view to see that the company was a sound one. It would be left to the vigilance of the shareholders to see that the business was being rightly transacted. Provision was made that in case any shareholder should suspect frauds he could, upon application, have the books inspected by a special auditor. The fact that annual registration was required brought the companies under direct Government control. The registrars were to have access to all books and unregistered loan corporations would be prohibited.

Mr. St. John thought the object of the bill a commendable one.

Mr. Stratton believed the loan companies themselves would be satisfied with it, as the present laws relating to them were conflicting.

Mr. Whitney also commended the bill, which he considered was intended to put an end to the crookedness believed to exist in the conduct of the loan companies. He knew that public opinion demanded it, and hoped that it would protect the public interests.

In accordance with the desire of the Attorney-General, who had to give an audience to the temperance delegation, Mr. Speaker left the chair at 4.30 o'clock.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

The only bill introduced yesterday:

Mr. Crawford—To amend the Assessment Act. It is intended to enable the city to sell the interest of lessees or tenants of city property for arrears of taxes.

Hon. J. M. Gibson—For an Act to amend the Act respecting the highway and bridges over the Desjardins Canal, which closed the high level bridge leading over Burlington Heights within the city of Hamilton, by permitting the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railroad to build a bridge and approaches thereto at its own cost. The Hamilton & Milton Road Co. are to receive $60,000 to renounce their right to collect tolls at their bridge—$20,000 from the city of Hamilton, $20,000 from the county of Wentworth and $20,000 from the T., H. & B. Railway Co. The city will also be empowered to issue debentures for $25,000 to provide for the pay-

EVENING SESSION.

Upon resuming at 8 o'clock, the House immediately went into Committee of Supply, Mr. Pattullo in the chair. The items, comprising the total of $77,285 for maintenance and repairs of Government and Departmental buildings, were passed.

During the discussion Mr. Haycock inquired whether it would be too much to ask that the items for Government House be allowed to stand over until the report of the committee which had been appointed that afternoon was received. He intimated his intention to move to strike out some of the items.

The Attorney-General, although the items had been passed, expressed his willingness to afford Mr. Haycock the opportunity which he desired. He pointed out that if desired a resolution to strike out any item might be submitted upon concurrence.

Mr. Meacham, upon the item relating to the Central Prison, questioned the wisdom of the large expenditure for machinery for carrying on the industries there by the prisoners.

Hon. Mr. Davis replied that the machinery was required for carrying on the work of manufacturing binder twine. The cost of maintaining prisoners at this institution was $93.

Mr. Matheson supported the contention of Mr. Meacham that it would be better to employ fewer prisoners upon machine work, and put more of them upon work that was more largely performed by hand.

Mr. Haycock urged that the men who were placed in the Central Prison should be made as nearly as possible self-sustaining, and in order to do this it might be necessary to obtain the very best machinery that could be obtained.

Hon. Mr. Gibson inquired what kind of employment by hand labor the hon. gentlemen would suggest for the prisoners.

Mr. Meacham suggested that it might be more profitable to employ them in the manufacture of school books instead of binder twine. The Government might then be able to supply them cheaper than at present.

The items, $133,177 for public buildings and $41,336 for Public Works, were then passed and the committee rose.

The bill for the removal from Crown Lands of persons unlawfully thereon was, upon motion of Hon. J. M. Gibson, read a second time.

HUGH JOHN ACCEPTS.

He Will Become the Conservative Leader in Manitoba—Protest of the St. Boniface Election Talked of.

Winnipeg, March 11.—(Special.)—Representative Conservatives of all Manitoba districts met at Winnipeg last night, when Hon. Hugh John Macdonald was formally tendered and definitely accepted the provincial leadership. It is understood that at the close of the present session of the Legislature one of the members of the Conservative Opposition will resign to make way for Hugh John in the House. It was determined to do aggressive work and W. H. Hastings, barrister, of Winnipeg, was chosen as salaried organizer for Manitoba.

The Tribune to-night intimates that the St. Boniface election is to be protested on the ground of clerical interference. The Tribune announcement seems to leave no doubt that this course has been decided upon.

Flood at Ann Arbor.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 11.—The heavy rains have flooded the Michigan Central Depot and the newly macadamized street leading thereto has been washed out in several places. The Huron River is higher than ever before, and it is feared the dam will give way. The Michigan Central track in the western part of the city is covered by about a foot of water.

There is no message which brings more gladness to a true woman's heart than the sweet assurance that a little one is coming to bless her life and call her "Mother."

But in all her loving preparations for the expected little guest, a mother is liable to forget that her own health and physical condition is the most important provision which can possibly be made for the baby's happiness.

If the prospective mother is weak, nervous and anxious, this condition is bound to react on the baby's constitution. No dainttiness of wardrobe will compensate for the loss of the natural, healthy vigor which a mother should bestow upon her baby.

As early as possible during gestation, the expectant mother should reinforce her bodily powers with the sustaining, health-bringing influence of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It gives natural, healthy vigor and elastic endurance to the organs specially concerned in motherhood. It makes the coming of baby perfectly safe and almost painless. It gives nerve-strength to the mother and vital hardihood to the child.

It is the only medicine devised by an educated physician specially to overcome all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organs.

Mrs. Roscoe Venover, of Robinson Creek, Pike Co., Ky., writes: "I wish to express my thanks to you for the good I have received from your 'Favorite Prescription.' I have used it at different times for the last five years, and always with the most gratifying results. But the greatest good received from the 'Favorite Prescription' was about four months ago when my last baby was born. I was afflicted with 'child-bed fever.' Instead of sending after a doctor I used the 'Prescription' and was cured. A lady friend of mine was similarly afflicted and sent after the doctor and took his remedies and died. I am 27 years old, weigh 147 pounds, the mother of five children, and am enjoying the best of health."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, promptly and permanently.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897

FOUNDERED AT SEA.

Over the old pier the wild sea leaps,
Over the brown rocks the white spray sweeps;
On the horizon a far, lone sail
Drifts, grey and ghostlike, before the gale.

Black is the north as with clouds of night,
Plowed is the sea into furrows white;
High o'er the harbor the sea-mews wheel,
Wildly the tall masts rock and reel.

Boats at their moorings tug and strain,
Sharp as the whip-lash strikes the rain;
Fishers ashore in the gable lee,
Pray, "God help folk out in such a sea!"

Over the grey pier the wild wave leaps,
Over the harbor the salt spray sweeps;
But ah, my heart! On what sad shore
Waits Love for the sail that shall come no more?

—JESSIE KERR LAWSON.

Interesting Creatures That Have Become Extinct

An English scientist, Prof. A. C. Haddon, declares that students should spare more time from the investigation of the past to keeping a record of forms of life that are daily becoming extinct.

Many large and curious animals have vanished from the earth within recent years. The moa has gone from New Zealand, the aepyornis from Madagascar, probably within not many centuries; the dado has disappeared from Mauritius, the solitaire from Rodriguez, the great auk from Arctic shores, Steller's sea cow from Behring's Island, and half a cozen other birds or beasts are either dead or just dying out. How long will huge tortoises exist in the Galapagos? They have already disappeared, with the flightless birds, from the Mascarene Islands. The bison, once so abundant in North America, is now comparatively scarce, and the big game of Africa has become far less numerous than formerly.

Races, too, are going, as the Tasmanian has gone. The languages of Polynesia are being destroyed or mutilated, while in most nations the folklore is being forgotten or mingled with alien elements. For no one, in the growing confusion of nations, is the opportunity receding more quickly than for the anthropologist.

At the present time civilization is more active than at any other in wiping out forms of life which are not necessary to it. Prof. Haddon wants a committee of scientists formed to study this subject.

Cleaning Windows in Winter.

Often the window glass requires to be cleaned, but it is so cold and the air so full of frost that it does not seem advisable to wash the glass with water. Try a flannel cloth; moisten it with paraffin oil and rub the glass with it. Have at hand a fresh flannel cloth and rub over the glass with it. This method will give better results than soap and water.

A Novel Spring Costume.

A novel costume for spring is made of dark blue and white shepherd's plaid with a wide plait, both back and front, on the bodice, narrowing toward the belt, and a plain skirt with a wide plait in front, spreading out wider at the foot and fastened down just below the waist with fancy buttons. Buttons also decorate the front plait on the bodice above the bust, and blue silk forms the collar and belt.

Harmony in Footwear.

It is difficult to say what is the correct slipper for the season's wear, so bewitching is the variety from which the dancing maid may choose.

They come in satin, kid and patent leather, and are as correct when beaded clear down to the toe as when plain. Sometimes one, sometimes two or even three straps are worn.

Buckles either of jewels or beads are seen, both with and without bows.

The edict has gone forth that the slipper must match the color of the gown exactly. Black slippers are only worn with black gowns, and white shoes with white frocks.

To have the footgear out of harmony with the exact color-scheme of the dancing dress is considered particularly bad taste this season.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TO MAKE HOME AN IDEAL HOME.

THE PROGRAM FOR A SCHOOL OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMICS.

A Society Established to Deal With Those Problems—Suggestions For Housewives—A Curriculum Suggested Consisting of 18 Lessons.

The National Household Economic Association has for its object to teach the science of home-making. In speaking of its aims the other day, Mrs. Shaller, the vice-president for New York State, said she hoped to awaken women to the need of trained servants, which she believes are quite as possible as trained nurses, and equally as necessary.

"The ordinary woman does not realize that housekeeping is a science," said Mrs. Shaller, "whose ramifications touch the moral and spiritual no less than the physical organism. Household economics mean no more to her than suggestions about baking and brewing, dressing the children and managing the servants.

"It is this careless comprehension of the subject which has retarded the work of the association. The wall of incredulity and conservatism, obstinately planted upon tradition, with ately planted upon tradition, with which we have met has not yet been penetrated."

Dr. Green suggests that an appeal should be made to each woman's organisation to inaugurate a department of household economies; this not to be a temporary, but a permanent, department of club work, to be carried on year after year, as thoroughly and systematically as literature, art or science.

In substitution for this, clubs or study classes should be formed for the study of this subject. The following program is offered by her, as a suggestion for the study of household economies in such clubs or classes during the coming year:

No. 1.
The building of the home.
From cellar to attic.
The use and abuse of ornamentation.
Home keeping v. house keeping.

No. 2.
Physical effects of light and heat.
Different methods of heating the home.
Sunshine, the light and life giver.
Ventilation and plumbing.

No. 3.
The chemistry of cookery.
Hygienic values of different methods of cooking.
How may our modern methods be improved?
How to select and purchase food.

No. 4.
Nutritive value and digestibility of food.
The advantages and disadvantages of a meat diet.
Demonstration—how to select meat.
Food values and starches, sugars and fats.
Soups and soup-making.

No. 5.
Nutritive value of fish.
Oysters and oyster culture.
Turtle, shellfish and molluscs.
The work of the Department of Fisheries.

No. 6.
The hygienic value of vegetables.
The proper cooking of vegetables, cereals and legumes.
The rationale of vegetarianism.
The Aladdin oven.

No. 7.
Milk as a food.
Butter.
Butterine.
Suet, lard and their compounds.
Cocoanut butter.

No. 8.
Cheese, the universal food.
Eggs—their food value and proper cooking.
The chafing dish—practical demonstration.
The essentials of a modern cook-book.

No. 9.
Maple sugar.
Palm sugar, sorghum and honey.
The sugar beet industry.
Jellies and marmalades.

No. 10.
Flour and other prepared cereals.
Bread, the staff of life.
Bread of different nations.
The chemistry of bread-making.
Macaroni and pastes.

No. 11.
Food value of nuts.
Fruits as food and medicine.
The fruitarian theory.
Healthful deserts.

No. 12.
The aromatic herbs.
The spices of the Orient.
Sauces, flavors and cordials.
Chills and pickles.

No. 13.
Coffee, its history and usage.
Tea.
Chocolate and cocoa.
Mate.

No. 14.
Water.
Pure water vs. disease.
Water as a cleansing agent.
Ice and our ice supply.

No. 15.
Food of civilized Europe and America.
Food of the Esquimaux, Laps and Alaskan Indians.
Food of Asiatic peoples.
Food of the natives of the tropics.

No. 16.
Economy in the use of food.
Adulteration of food.
The theory of co-operative housekeeping.
Household science in the public schools.

No. 17.
Chemical effect of bacteria upon food.
Nature and growth of bacteria.
Bacteria as factors in disease.
The sterilization of food.

No. 18.
The life and work of Count Rumford.
Housekeeping in the twentieth century.
The science of physical culture.
Health and dress reform.

Dr. Green recommends the following books for auxiliary reading:

"Science of Nutrition."—Edward Atkinson.

"Chemistry of Cooking."—W. Mattieu Williams.

"Household Science."—Youmans.

"Atwater's Reports."—(To be ordered from the Agricultural Department, Washington, D.C.)

"Food products of the World."—Mary E. Green, M.D.

Even though women are so circumstanced as to be precluded from enjoying the advantages of a club, it is felt that private study on the above lines may do much good, and it is suggested that everywhere they try it.

Escalloped Calf's Head.

Escalloped calf's head may be made from the pieces of meat left over from calf's head soup. Place a layer in the bottom of the baking-dish, then a layer of tomato, then a sprinkling of breadcrumps, half a teaspoonful of celery seed, a layer of chopped parsley, and a dusting of pepper; then another layer of meat, tomato, breadcrumbs, and so on until the dish is filled, having the last layer breadcrumbs. Put over the top a tablespoonful of butter cut into bits; bake in a moderate oven thirty minutes.—Mrs. S. T. Rorer, in March Ladies' Home Journal.

The Latest Fashions

FOR SMALL GIRLS.

Hats and Frocks for the Tots for the Spring of '97.

Spring and summer frocks for little maids are every bit as charming in style as those designed for their mammas and big sisters.

First on the list—because they are now seasonable—come the charming little cloth suits that are really tailor-made. These smart frocks are just what the little daughter from 10 to 16 needs during the first spring days when she has left off her heavy winter cloak, but still must be rather warmly dressed. In fact, even throughout the summer the small cloth costume is very useful.

In making up the small girl's new outfit the tailor-made frock should always be considered.

To the fashionable "ladies' tailor" shop there is now added the department of "misses' costumes."

In the misses' department of one of the uptown ladies' tailor shops I saw a fetching little coat and skirt suit fashioned of soft blue cloth for a little miss of 12.

The tiny skirt was shaped, being gored and silk lined. The short little box-front coat had two rows of big heavy pearl buttons and turned-back revers to show a fancy chemisette with a fluffy little collar formed of narrow ruffles of lace. The seams of the back of the jacket were strapped, and there was no sign of ripple in the skirt of the coat.

A lovely frock for a miss of 15 was one of tan broadcloth, the coat also a box in shape and trimmed with big dark brown bone buttons. Under this coat will be worn soft little silk blouses, until it is time to put on more airy suits.

Easter frocks for young girls are already in process of construction.

One of these is of moss-green silk-warp Henrietta cloth, worn over a blouse of leaf green taffeta finely lined with pink.

The front of the bodice is shirred to form two graceful puffs, and the long sleeve that points at the wrist is also gathered, so as to fall in a big puff above the elbow.

The puff that forms the sleeve of the little bolero parts to show the silk puffed sleeve over which it is worn.

A moss-green satin ribbon ties about the waist, finishing in a full, short bow at the left side. The skirt is gored and lined with silk.

The other frock is a blue French cashmere flecked here and there with yellow silk threads. The deep-pointed yoke is of heavy yellow silk lace. Ruffles of lace edge the sleeves and the pointed cloth pieces that fall over the top of the sleeve.

Rosettes and long loops of blue and yellow striped ribbon are artistically arranged on the yoke and bell, both back and front.

A dainty little frock for the wee girl of seven is also shown on this page. This is made of the white China silk with trimmings of wide white lace and cherry-colored ribbons. A change of ribbon makes a little frock of this design always new and fresh. As the accordion pleated skirt does not launder well, it is better to gather it very full, running several rows of gathering threads.

Organdie will be the favorite material for the little girl's best summer frock.

While most of the organdies show very large floral designs, there are still many of small pattern that lend themselves beautifully to the making of dressy small frocks.

Dimity is another fabric that will be very popular in the liliputian warm weather wardrobe, and may be found now in all the leading drygoods shops in greater variety of color and design than ever before.

Fine ginghams, with very small checks, are trimmed with embroidery and are made up into serviceable everyday frocks.

Pique and light wash silks make also pretty and economical dresses for the small girl.

Short little pique jackets lined iwth wash silk of some delicate shade will be more in vogue than ever this summer for light wraps, and are strikingly pretty and suitable for the tiny wearers. These little jackets are cut like the cloth ones, after the box model.

Hats for children are picturesque, as hats for little folks always should be.

The "poke" is still retained in favor, as its revival proved so acceptable during the winter.

"Easter bonnets" for the little maids will be quite as much in order as bonnets for the belles some years older than themselves.

One particularly pretty bit of childish millinery is a wide "poke" of white silk ribbon strings. White ostrich tips cpri over the crown and brim. A simple little bonnet, but one that is bewilderingly becoming to a fair little face.

Another pretty "poke" of white chip has a fluted brim lined with pale blue chiffon shirred in very full, and the edge trimmed with a frill of white lace. Wide blue satin ribbon stands up in wired loops on the pretty little bonnet, and strings of the same tie it down under the babyish chin.

Neat little low crowned and felt-trimmed hats for everyday wear are trimmed with simple chains of small flowers surrounding the crowns and caught at one side by upright loops of taffeta ribbon. These hats are called sailors, though the only resemblance they bear to the original sailor is in lowness of crown and flatness of brim; the floral and ribbon trimmings make one think of them as something more dressy than the sailor was ever meant to be.

Walking hats of cloth, in shape, will be worn considerably for young girls from now until it is time to put on straw hats. Some of the little tailor-made frocks have hats made of a bit of the cloth to go especially with them.

Fashionable Buttons.

Nearly all the elegant buttons are now shown in three distinct sizes designed for one costume. Many of the smaller buttons are veritable jewels in their artistic beauty of color and design and they are set exactly like actual gems on low mountains of whitened silver or pure gold or pearl. Jet plomb-colored enamel, and bronze buttons set in riveted points, are all familiar styles. Some of the handsome jet and iridescent cord passementeries have buttons to match which are not intended to have any strain upon them, but are merely used as decorations all over the cloth of other costume.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

SATURDAY, March 13.—Sale of Farm in the Township of Smith, known as the Rogers Homestead, and three Houses and Lots, on Water and Park-sts. in the town of Peterborough. Sale at the Huffman House at 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, March 13.—Sale of Farm in the Township of Douro, Lot 4, in 5th Concession. Sale at Morgan House at three p. m.

MONDAY, March 15.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, on lot 4, in 5th Con. of Douro. Without reserve. Sale at 1 p m.

TUESDAY, March 16. — Important Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Jas. E. McIlmoyle, on his premises, Lot 23, in 3rd Con. of Smith. Sale at 12.30. No reserve. Lunch provided.

THURSDAY, March 18th.—(Bound for the West.) Credit Sale Farm Stock, Implements, Household Furniture and Farm, of Mr. J. Slater Knox, on his premises, Lot 20, in 3rd Con. of Asphodel. Sale 12.30. No reserve.

FRIDAY, March 19.—Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Thos. Eason, on the premises, Lot 2 in 7th Con. of the Township of Douro, known as the Anderson Farm. Sale at 1 p.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, March 20.—Auction sale of Farm, in the Township of Dummer, being Lot 5, in 10th Concession. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, March 22.—Auction Sale of the Market Tolls. Sale in the Town Council Chamber at 11 a.m.

TUESDAY, March 23.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. D. J. McCarthy, on his premises, Lot 17, in 8th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 12 30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, March 24.—Auction sale of a Village Lot in the village of Havelock. Sale at Graham's hotel at 1 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 25.—Unreserved Credit Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Samuel H. Faulkner, on the pre-

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

OAK HALL.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Kelly's Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

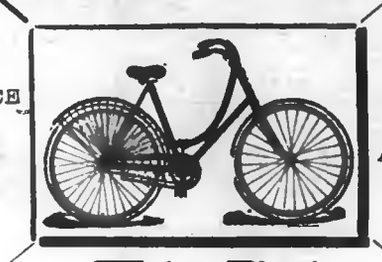
Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed. Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

...FOR...

Easy Running Qualities Beauty of Design

EXCELLENCE OF FINISH



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WELLAND VALE MANF'G CO'Y Lt'd

Toronto Store— 77 YONGE STREET

Factory— ST. CATHARINES, ONT

KINGAN & ALLEN, Agents, Peterborough.

THAT PETTY: LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber. IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

18 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. d182w

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

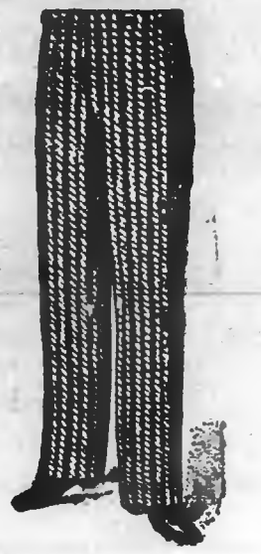
(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE"

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW



No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

PIANO POINTS

For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority; for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, March 16th

ANOTHER SUCCESS!

The Defaulter

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S NEW PLAY.

The Most Thrilling and Naturally Presented Play on the Boards, mounted with all the lavishness and regard to detail characteristic of Mr. Carter. The Greatest Mechanical Effect of the Age, the terrific "Double Loop for Life." A Perfect Wonder in Stage Craft. PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 1459

New

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb., 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE.....

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Baths! Baths!

Hot Springs and Turkish Baths at home in your own room, at a nominal cost. Inspect sample at our office. All are invited. T. HURLEY & Co. 4d58

Rev. Mr. Savage's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Rev John W Savage, who died here on Tuesday, took place at Toronto Wednesday afternoon to Mount Pleasant cemetery. He was a member of Wesley church, Toronto, and yesterday Rev. R. N. Burns, pastor of the Wesley congregation, conducted the funeral services at the house. The cortege then proceeded to the church where Rev. J. F. Ockley, chairman of the West Toronto District, conducted the service, assisted by Rev. Dr. Sutherland and Rev. M. L. Pearson.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

A Brantford Opinion.

The Brantford Council published a special Sons of England supplement on Tuesday and it was a most creditable number It contained a sketch of the Order. Grand Lodge and the Brantford lodge. It was illustrated with cuts of the grand and local officers, Rev. H. Symonds being among them. In its sketch of the Grand Chaplain, the Courier says:—"The reverend gentleman is a most scholarly man and it will be remembered his lecture in Grace church school house recently on christian socialism provoked a great deal of attention, ranking as one of the ablest lectures ever heard in this city."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

AT THE CONVENT DE NOTRE DAME

A Highly Creditable Musical Entertainment—The Presentation of Medals.

Those who were fortunate enough to be present at the musical entertainment in the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame last night were treated to a delightful evening of music and song. The occasion was the distribution of gold medals to the six lady graduates of this institution.

A large audience filled the assembly room, and occupying the front row of seats were noticed His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, Ven Archdeacon Casey, Rev Fathers Scanlan, Fitzpatrick and O'Sullivan, His Worship Mayor Yelland, Messrs R Fair, H S MacDonald, B Earle, H Phelan, M H Quinlan and A J Gough.

Promptly at eight o'clock, on the entrance of his lordship and the clergy, the pianos and violins struck up the "Grand March," the first number on the following excellent programme:

Instrumental music....."Grand March"....
Pianos—Misses M Pollock, S Staunton, A Doris, N Lewis, H Manson, A Manson. Violins, L Bell, B Pollock.
Guitars.....Irish Airs.....
Misses Denoon, Sollitt, Lewis.
Vocal solo....."Granny's Rings".....
Miss L Bell.
Instrumental....."Sunny Hours".....
Misses D Hopkins, M B Flinn, M Donovan.
Instrumental....."Mazurka".....
Misses K Driscoll, M L Quinlan, N Coughlin.
Instrumental....."Daily Recreations".....
Misses E Finley, L LeGros, A Macdonald.
Vocal solo....."Irish Ballad".....
Miss N Lewis.
Mandolin solo.."Roman March".....
Master A Cox.
Chorus."These Moments Entrancing"....
Instrumental.."Happiness".....
Misses L LeGros, J Lynch, A Macdonald.
Instrumental....."Mr Darling".....
Misses A Manson, E Kelly, J Lynch.
Guitars.....Waltz.....
Misses Denoon, Lewis, Sollitt.
Vocal Solo."The Sweetest Songs of All"..
Miss A Simons.
Instrumental."Triumphal March".....
Pianos—Misses A Manson, E Kelly, J Lynch, L Legros, A Macdonald, V Clancy, E Finley, K Driscoll, M L Quinlan.
Violins—Miss L Bell, B Pollock.
Vocal Solo."The Star of Eternity".....
Miss N Lewis.
Instrumental."Minuet"..F F Paderewski
Misses N Lewis, A Doris, H Manson.
Chorus....."Let Erin Remember the Days of Old"
Instrumental..."Dancing Shepherds"..V [Delacour
Misses M Pollock, S Staunton, F Nimmo.
Vocal Solo....."Answers".....
Miss A Simons.
Instrumental....."Rondo Capriccioso"... [Mendelssohn
Miss M Pollock.
Vocal Solo....."Happy Days".....
Miss I. Jackson.
Instrumental."Grand Gallop".....
Pianos—Misses M Pollock, F Nimmo, S Staunton, A Doris, N Lewis, J Lynch.
Violins—Miss L Bell, B Pollock.

The programme was faultlessly rendered and the exactness, taste and execution displayed in the different numbers was indeed delightful to listen to. The vocal solo work of Misses L. Bell, N. Lewis, L. Jackson and A. Simons, as well as the different instrumental numbers of the evening, added still more to the excellent reputation already won by the musical department of the convent. Misses B. Pollock and L. Bell, the violinists of the evening, added considerably to the programme, the brilliantly rendered obligatos by Miss Bell being delightfully rendered.

One of the most pleasing features of the evening, however, was the distribution of the gold medals to the lady graduates as follows:

Gold medal (instrumental music) presented by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor—Miss M. Pollock.

Gold medal (instrumental music) presented by Mr. J. R. Stratton—Miss S. Staunton.

Gold medal (instrumental music) presented by Mr. A. J. Gough—Miss A. Doris.

Gold medal (instrumental music) presented by Mr. A. L. Davis—Miss F. Nimmo.

Gold medal (vocal music) presented by Mr. H. Phelan—Miss N. Lewis.

Gold medal (vocal music—Irish,) presented by Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald—Miss A. Simons.

The six young ladies were each handed their medal by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, and a beautifully worded address of thanks was, in return, made by Miss A Doris.

His lordship then addressed those present, expressing his delight and pleasure at having enjoyed such a musical treat and urging the pupils to persevere in their studies.

Mayor Yelland expressed himself as surprised and delighted at the excellence of the programme rendered, and would always remember with pleasure the delightful evening spent. He urged the young children to continue in their studies, and stated it would afford him considerable delight to be present on future occasions of this nature.

Messrs. M. H. Quinlan, H. Phelan and A. J. Gough also spoke, as did Ven Archdeacon Casey, who, on behalf of the Sisters, thanked all those present for their interest in the convent.

The proceedings closed with the National Anthem.

ANOTHER MONAGHAN PIONEER.

The Decease of Mr. John Green, who Had Almost Reached the Century Mark—Sixty Years in the Township.

After a residence of over sixty years in the township of North Monaghan, Mr. John Green passed away last evening at seven o'clock at the family residence on the gravel road. For some time Mr. Green, who had passed his 90th year, had been suffering from bronchitis brought about by an attack of la grippe, which gradually weakened the constitution of the old gentleman, though at his advanced age, he had always enjoyed good health and retained his faculties until the last.

Mr. Green was one of the pioneers of the township, and his death removes the last of the early settlers. With others he toiled in the bush, clearing the way for the cultivation of the land and the appearance of the log shanty. This was years ago, and in his later years he was almost dazed with the great changes that had taken place within half a century, for he had been residing in the township over sixty years. Peterborough was then a place of few houses, the roads were rough and lined by dense woods, and the life of the farmer was hard but conducive to that spirit of fortitude and energy that had been handed down from generation to generation.

The deceased was born in Lincolnshire, England, in November, 1806, and, when eighteen years of age, he left his English home with other members of his family and spent about twelve years in the Niagara district, eventually settling in North Monaghan where he had resided ever since. All Mr. Green's brothers who came to Canada, and they were all younger than he, preceded him to the grave, with the exception of Mr. Robert Green, of Dakota, his youngest brother, who recently paid a visit to town. Shortly after his arrival in North Monaghan Mr. Green married Mrs. Hard, who shared the joys and troubles of the pioneer farmer's wife until 14 years ago, when her death took place. Four sons survive from this union, Mr. Robert H. Green, late market clerk; Mr. John Green, barrister; Mr. Joseph T. Green, who resides at the homestead, and Mr. W. J. Green, merchant tailor. The late Mrs. Wm. Forster, of Monaghan, was a daughter of the deceased. Mr. Green in politics was a Conservative, though he never participated in public affairs, being very reserved and desirous of leading a quiet, home life. In religion he was in early days a member of the church of England, but of late years he had been attached to the Methodist church. Up to within five minutes of his death Mr. Green retained consciousness, and passed away peacefully.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon at 3 o'clock to the Little Lake cemetery from the family residence on the gravel road.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The Figures of the Births, Marriages and Deaths in the Province.

The annual report regarding the registration of marriages, births and deaths, in Ontario, gives these figures:

Population 2,211,101, and births 41,628, being 18.8 to the 1,000. Marriages 13,987, or 12.6 to the 1,000. Deaths 22,461, or 10.1 to the 1,000. The number of births decreased 423, the marriages 354, and the deaths only 77 from the figures for 1894. The birth rate in Prescott and Russell was the highest, reaching 29.8 to the thousand. Leeds and Grenville are at the bottom, with a rate of 11.8 to the 1,000. Essex leads the list of marriages with a ratio of 15.6; Carleton comes next at 8.2, and Ontario lowest with 4.7 to the 1,000. Carleton leads the death list with a ratio of 17.7, while Muskoka and Parry Sound have the best record, with but 6.6 to the thousand. Of the towns Berlin leads the birth list with 27.9, and Windsor foots it with 15.9. Niagara Falls leads in marriages with a ratio of 17.2. In Toronto Junction there were only 5.3 to the 1,000. Peterborough leads the death rate with 14.91, having 154. Sarnia the lowest with 8.4.

In the cities the maximum and minimum figures are:—Births, Brantford 27.8, Chatham 11.7. Marriages, Windsor 19, St Catharines 6 4. Deaths, Ottawa 23.2 and Stratford 11.5, to the 1,000. The twelve highest causes of deaths in the province for 1895 and the number of deaths from each are as follows:—Phthisis, 2,472; Pre natal period (stillbirth), 2,286; old age, 2,053; pneumonia, 1,551; diphtheria, 942; cholera infantum, 863; valvular diseases, 843; paralysis, 784; typhoid fever, 588; convulsions, 550; bronchitis, 533; accidents and wounds, 462. Of the births 21,621 were males and 20,007 females. Of these 587, or 1 in every 71, were illegitimate; there were 355 cases of twins and 12 cases of triplets. Of the persons married 9,813 were Methodists, 5,866 were Presbyterians, 4,373 were Anglicans, 4,023 were Roman Catholics, 1,679 were Baptists, 664 Lutherans, 276 Congregationalists, 183 Evangelical Associations, 140 Mennonites, 31 Quakers, 737 other denominations, and for 169 no denomination was given.

In Peterborough County, Ashburnham and Peterborough town and Lakefield not included, the deaths numbered 185. Peterborough's death list numbered 154 a decrease of 14. The number of births in the county was 796 a decrease of 40; in the town 261, a decrease of 27. The marriages reached 212 for the county, an increase of 12, and 92 for the town, an increase of 17.

DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

The Death of Brakeman Adams, of Toronto Junction, at the Nicholls Hospital.

A pronouncedly sad death was that of Mr. Sidney Adams, the C. P. R. brakeman, at the Nicholls hospital yesterday afternoon. Not only did the death come in a terrible manner, but it also leaves a young widow and small child to mourn the loss of an affectionate husband and loving father.

The accident which resulted in his death occurred at Pontypool on Tuesday while Mr. Adams was alighting from a freight train. He was taken to the Nicholls hospital, and yesterday morning an operation was performed but the efforts of the doctors were of no avail, as the shock of the accident was too much even for his strong constitution.

Mr. Adams was twenty-five years of age, and had been employed on the railroad for several years. He resided at North Toronto Junction. He was a member of the Order of Railway Trainmen, the Independent Order of Oddfellows and Sons of England. He was a son of Mrs. Greenaway, of Port Hope, and son-in-law of Dr. White, of the same town. The body was taken to Toronto this morning by the C. P. R.

The local Oddfellows interested themselves in the sad case, and when death came Otonabee Lodge took charge and made all necessary arrangements. A member of the lodge, Dr. Rose, accompanied the remains to Toronto this morning, with the unfortunate man's wife, she, although in delicate health, having come to the bedside of her dying husband. The local lodge laid a beautiful floral wreath on the coffin of the deceased before it was taken from the hospital.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In a Kendry cup match at the rink last evening Skip Connal defeated Skip Edwards by the following score:

C Fessenden	R Waddell
H R H Kenner	G E Whiten
J Jeffries	G M Roger
J H Connal, skip..25	E B Edwards, skip..5

New Comic Songs.

"He Tried It," by Ventru; "Mariar Mariar," cat song, by W Packard; "Melinda Johnston," by Fred M. Dean. One-third off. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d59tf

Just Think

Packets of vegetables and flower seeds that always sold for five cents each can now be had two for five, and bird seed seven cents per pound or four pounds for twenty-five cents, at *Mason's Seed and Plant House*, Peterborough. 2359-1w11

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 330 George-st. d5

Bargains in Bedroom furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Personal

Mrs C L Owen and Miss Phœbe Owen, of Campbellford, spent to-day in town.

Mrs (Dr) Greer has been visiting friends in Cobourg.

Mr and Mrs H S Pendleton have returned from a trip to the Southern States. They attended the Presidential inauguration at Washington.

Mr John Johnston, representing the New York Tire Co., was in town yesterday. He is a brother of Mr W F Johnston, of Dumble & Johnston.

Conductor Pym and wife passed through town this morning on their way to Peterborough, says the Lindsay Post. The genial conductor is suffering from an attack of la grippe, and may not be able to resume charge of his train for another week.

This afternoon Mr Wm Loch left for New York, en route to Berlin and Leipsic, Germany. Mr Loch will make his usual purchases in the great fur markets of Europe, and will also visit his relatives at points in Germany. His friends will wish Mr Loch a pleasant journey and safe return.

A Jubilee Memorial.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—"God Save the Queen's" suggestion that a museum of local interest be established at Inverlea is the best I have yet heard. We run to froth and noise in this country and it would have a very good effect in a district where, as a rule, people have very little idea of what true education means. A fine house well fitted up and well lighted, with an interesting collection of relics would be one of the best things possible for our young people. Is not the best plan to record the fact of a jubilee year the plan that records and, in addition to recording, educates as well?

Let us have more letters on the subject.

Yours, &c.,

FOR A MUSEUM.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache
.. .. Incipient Catarrh
.. .. Hay Fever
.. .. Catarrhal Deafness
.. .. Cold in the Head in 10 min.
.. .. Foul Breath caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

Verdict for the Defendant in Gray vs. Weir—The Disposition of the Other Cases.

The High Court of Justice rose last evening.

It was 4.40 when the jury on the slander case of Gray vs. Weir came into Court and rendered a verdict for the defendant. Their verdict was so recorded. It is understood that the jury stood 10 to 2 for the defendant.

Village of Lakefield vs. Strickland & Co., and George Arthur Strickland—The corporation of Lakefield prayed that the defendants might be ordered to remove a boat house on a public highway and wharf, that the rights of the plaintiffs be declared; that the defendants pay the costs. Dumble & Johnston for plaintiffs, and A P Poussette, Q C, for the defendants. Consent minutes were given to a judgment deciding that Water-st. in the village of Lakefield is a public highway and the wharf on which the obstructing buildings are built is a public wharf; the defendants are to remove buildings at present built by them on Water-st. and said wharf by 1st of May, 1897, they to be perpetually restrained from encroaching on Water-st. or the wharf with any buildings, and to pay the costs of the action.

Stewart vs. Kennedy—Robert Stewart, of Otonabee, claimed $1,300 for an account for work done and services rendered, for goods sold to defendant, for monies loaned. Stratton & Hall for plaintiff; John Burnham, Q C, for defendant. The case was referred to the County Judge to take accounts.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

Lenten address at St. Luke's.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

To-morrow (Saturday) evening don't forget to come and enjoy some good music from 8 to 8.30. Gospel service 8.30 to 9 o'clock.

Keep yourselves disengaged for Sunday evening next when Rev. Mr. Symonds has kindly promised to come and give an address, also to see if a literary circle can be organized.

The Defaulter.

The scenes between the defaulter and his wife in Lincoln J. Carter's standard production, "The Defaulter," which appears at Bradburn's opera house next Tuesday night, are full of naturalness and pathos, and the sympathy of the spectators is bestowed on the patient but suffering wife, whose faith in the husband's innocence remains unshaken till the end.

The George-st. Choir Entertained.

Mr. A. E. Micks, of the hardware firm of Micks & Cox, entertained the George-st. Methodist church choir at his residence, London-st., last evening. A pleasant time was spent and the choir enjoyed themselves splendidly. Before breaking up Mr. Geo. Schneider, the organist of the church, on behalf of the choir thanked Mr. and Mrs. Micks for their kind hospitality shown toward the choir during the evening.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

LIFE INSURANCE

The Amount of Business in Operation in Canada—The Increase During 1896.

A summary of the life insurance business for the past year has been issued by the Finance Department. Thirty-nine companies were doing business in Canada during 1896. Of these 11 were Canadian, 14 British and 14 American; but of the latter three have ceased doing new business, while six British companies have also dropped out of the Canadian field. These 39 companies had on December 1 the considerable amount of $327,730,511 in force, and increase of $8,472,930 over the amount of insurance in force at the close of 1895. The premiums of the year totalled $10,597,076, an increase of $304,722 over the business of the previous year.

Of the total no less than $6,075,995 was taken in by Canadian companies, which is about sixty per cent. Claims were paid during the year to the amount of $4,706,157, an increase of $956,114. Canadian companies alone paid out $2,128,561. There are now 150,148 life insurance policies in force in Canadian companies out of a total of 261,259 policies in force throughout the Dominion in various companies. Besides the life companies' business, a large amount of insurance is held in the various societies doing insurance on the assessment plan. The members of these societies paid assessments last year to the amount of $1,641,686, and the societies paid out $1,154,302 in claims. The net amount of insurance in force in the several societies is $132,890,390. Of this sum $61,603,000 is held in the I.O.F., which received $624,397 last year in assessments, and paid out $440,020 in claims; and $17,030,500 in the C.M.B.A., which received $187,965 in assessments and paid out $168,150 in claims.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Passed Customs.

We have passed through Customs, direct from Scotland, our advance shipments of the Latest Patterns of New Spring Cloths and Tweeds—consisting of unrivalled selections of the newest 1897 designs in

Scotch Suitings,

COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, FANCY VESTINGS, and LIGHT OVERCOATINGS—exclusive novelties, made for the most fashionable West of London trade.

Having bought to better advantage in anticipation of our Spot Cash Policy, enables us to discount our own past. That means that we can do better this year than last. SELLING for Cash enables us to BUY for Cash, and that is the reason, pure and simple, of the drop in our prices, since discarding the credit system. You have the assurance of our very best attention to any orders entrusted to us. Respectfully,

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 326 George St., Established 1837

THE WORK FOR CHILDREN

The Fourth Annual Report of the Department of Neglected and Dependent Children.

The fourth report of the Department of Neglected Children has just been issued. It contains a number of engravings of children who have come under the supervision of the department. In the introductory pages of the report mention is made of the work of home finding. Several difficulties were referred to as being met in this connection, in the Province of Ontario. One of these was the fact that "long established custom and usage have placed the orphan asylum on a high pinnacle of Christian veneration; all the passages of Scripture bearing upon the care of the young have been construed into commands to build and enlarge these institutions and anyone calling in question the aims or methods pursued is apt to be regarded with suspicion and distrust. Each institution is managed by a committee of from forty to sixty ladies occupying the highest social position, and he would be brave, indeed, who would willingly antagonize such powerful combinations. It must be remembered, also, that those who are interested in the management of children's asylums have devoted many years of earnest and indefatigable effort to this cause, have cared for the children before public opinion was ripe enough for the inauguration of children's aid societies, and have come through years of unanimous commendation to regard institutional work for children as beyond question. If, in the course of years, a change in methods is brought about, it will not be by coercion, but by the carrying on of a steady educational propaganda and a gradual acquiescence in a movement that fully demonstrates, in operation, its own rationality." The appointment in April last of Mrs L J Howie as Government children's visitor in connection with this same branch of the work is spoken of as having been "found essential" owing to its rapid growth. Her special work is the supervision of over three hundred children scattered in all parts of Ontario, and the manner in which she has carried on the work is referred to in terms of warmest praise. The importation of children is the subject of lengthy reference and several suggestions. These are in brief (1) Government inspection of organizations bringing children to, and distributing them throughout the province. (2). Furnishing of guarantees that only healthy, normal children, free from disease, be brought into the province. (3) That a sufficient staff of officers be provided, so that the condition and treatment of each child will be under close supervision. (4) In the event of any child becoming a public charge, within a certain time after its arrival in the country, the expenses of dealing with it be borne by the party or parties responsible for bringing it to the country. Statistics are given showing the number of children in homes in Great Britain, and the amount expended annually for their care. Coming back again to the province it is estimated that during the three years the number of children provided with homes through Children's Aid Societies, and the central office, was five hundred. Of these, one hundred and eleven went direct from the provincial office. The annual reports of the Children's Aid Societies throughout the province are included in the report. The report was compiled by Mr. J. J. Kelso, superintendent of the department, and is in every respect complete.

OAK HALL.

Brevities.

—The Sons of England Grand Lodge chose Mr. Barlow Cumberland as Grand President, and Ald. Parnell, of London, Grand Vice-President. The Grand Lodge will meet in St. Catharines next year.

—The License committee met last evening and heard a deputation from the carters. It is understood they will recommend to the Council that the present single horse fee be maintained, but the "double" be reduced.

—A leading official of the Grand Trunk railway, when questioned about the abolition of commutation and market tickets, said that when they issued them they were bitterly denounced by the merchants of the small towns affected, who accused the railway of helping to take trade out of town.

—Two well known citizens of Bobcaygeon met with painful injuries the other day. Mr Richard Garlick slipped on a bit of ice while going to the stable and broke his leg, and Dr Thorne was kicked by one of his horses, from the effects of which he is yet suffering.

—A Barrie man advertises a new machine for compressing straw for fuel and building purposes, which he claims to have proved a great success. By this system eight pounds of compressed straw will bake an oven of bread, and the cost of compressing and preparing that straw does not exceed $1.50 per ton. Fifty tons pressure is put on every bundle. It is claimed that one ton of straw will last a month and give heat equal to coal or wood. For building purposes the compressed straw is submitted to a solution of cement, which gives each block the consistency of stone or brick, and much cheaper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

ONTARIO BEANS POOR

A Liverpool Firm Gives Ontario Bean Raisers Some Pointers.

Messrs Kamm and Schremft, of Liverpool, England, have made the following report on Ontario beans to the Ontario department of agriculture:—"We fancy that we were the importers of almost all the Canadian beans brought to Europe, and therefore able to judge of that class of produce. Beans of 1895 gave satisfaction, and were mostly up to the mark, but last year's crop was delivered to us in a very disappointing manner. Evidently the latter beans had suffered from excessive rain, and contained no end of damaged grains. We cautioned the shippers before hand to keep up the standard of prime quality, but the producers, either to save themselves the trouble of part picking or carelessness, sent off inferior quality, which has done a good deal of harm to the reputation of Canadian beans, we fancy, in the face of the splendid late deliveries of Californian and other American beans, which come reliably packed and free from damaged grains. We also found in many cases the small pea beans were mixed with a larger variety called "mediums," which is a great disadvantage, and we would therefore suggest to the farmers rather to change their seed if they want to be successful in future years. If some care to go in for a little additional expense, we should like to persuade them to go in for growing also the larger varieties of beans, viz, giant baricots, large flat baricots, Zealand beans. All these will yield better than the varieties now grown in Canada, and they also fetch considerably higher prices."

Birds Dance to Piano Music.

Sparrows—some of them, at least—are inordinately fond of music. So a young woman has discovered. When she was playing a melody on the piano the other morning two sparrows flew to one of the parlor windows and perched themselves on the ledge. They cocked their little brown heads in a listening attitude, and when the music was merriest began hopping gayly about on the narrow sill.

They chatted joyously and shrilly, attracting the attention of pedestrians. When the music stopped the sparrows ceased dancing. When the music was resumed they again danced. It was only when they were wearied that they flew away to a nearby tree and rested themselves.

Since then they have flown to the window every morning as soon as they heard the piano, and danced much after the fashion of children who cluster about the hand-organs in summer.—Albany Correspondence New York Press.

The Decay of Personal Honor.

The idea of personal honor bids fair to die of anaemia. A man is slandered to make news. A woman's name is besmirched to tickle the ears of a merry company. Once that would have meant death to some one. But there is little peril in it now. The remedy of the libel court is worse than the remedy itself. They have a stain of their own, which sticks, whatever event. Personal vengeance ceases to be dignified when cited as assault and battery. A man checks the impulse to chivalry lest he make himself merely ridiculous. A general lowering of standards must take place in a people grown indifferent to personal honor. The law does not cherish this as it should. The duel is no longer tolerable. Who will show us out of the dilemma?—The Illustrated American.

Barbed Wire Telephones.

Clarence and John Taylor, living a mile apart, on the Taylor farms, in East Dickinson County, Kansas, have solved the communication problem. Attaching fine telephone instruments to the barbed-wire fence that connects their places, they have an easy method of communication. During the recent storm, when weeds and debris were piled on the fence, it made no difference in the transmission of sound and they talked with ease. They will extend the line two and one-half miles to Pearl Station, on the Rock Island, and receive market reports and news by telephone. The whole neighborhood is fenced with barbed-wire, and several other instruments will doubtless be put in, making a large prairie system.—Correspondence St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Forty Immortals.

The French Academy was founded in 1635 by Cardinal Richelieu, and is the first of the five academies constituting the "Institut de France." It is composed of forty members, usually referred to as the "forty immortals," and a place on its role is eagerly sought. It was formed for the purpose of refining the French language and style, and after its period of idolatry for Cardinal Richelieu had passed, it became the leading literary society of Europe. Its duties are now the composition of the historical dictionary of the French language and the examination of important literary, historical and scientific works. Each of the 40 members receives 1500 francs a year, and the six members of the "dictionary commission" receive an additional 1000 francs each.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

WE ARE BUSY CONVERTING

The Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock

INTO CASH.

The crowds are daily increasing and the buying is general. Owing to the very heavy purchase made in Europe for the coming Spring Season, we must get this Bankrupt Stock sold at once.

It will pay you to come often and look about. There are bargains in every department.

Dress Goods and Silks
Waterproofs, Jackets and Capes
Hosiery, Gloves and Laces
Underwear, Whitewear and Embroideries
Flannelettes, Sheetings, Table Linens
Towellings, Pillow Cottons
Grey and White Cottons
Wash Dress Goods
Carpets, Curtains and Oilcloth.

A special lot of Children's Cashmere Hose.

Make no mistake there is money to be saved by buying at this Bankrupt Stock Sale.

The Stock must be closed out for cash. A call will convince you of the values.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Signs of Spring.

The gentleman will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & Co.

POSITIVE FACTS!

We have on hand the following:—

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB, BREAKFAST BACON, PORK, HAMS, ROLLS, VEAL

LARD IN 3 AND 5 LB. PAILS
LARD IN 10 LB. PAILS
LARD IN 20 LB. PAILS
LARD IN 50 LB. TUBS

Our Cooked Hams and Rolls are delicious. The Breakfast Bacon, Hams and Rolls are all our "Own Curing." The Pork we use is Farmer's Fed. Our Beaver Brand Lard is equal to the best lard on the market. Don't forget that all our stock is of the best selection.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Wholesale and Retail Meat Merchants.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE
137 HUNTER ST.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

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Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
☞No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

Why?
SHOULD YOU ASK FOR

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

BECAUSE:

1 It contains purely and only **McDougall's V. O. 1890 Whisky.**

2 It is the best Rye Whisky undoubtedly ever distilled in this country.

3 It was aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

4 It is Golden in Color.

5 It is Nutty in Taste.

6 It is Exquisite in Flavor.

7 It is Glorious in Effect.

8 It's price is within everybody's reach.

9 An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
SOLE CONTROLLERS
MONTREAL.
AND SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

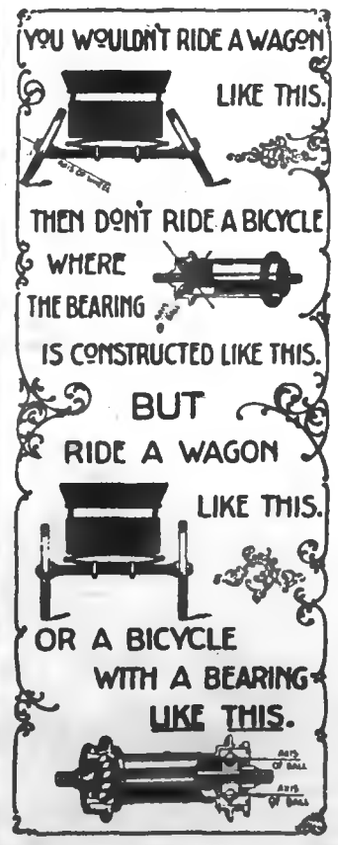
Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 8c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

EDWIN LELOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

—THE—
EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life o the wheel. The "E & D" will las longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY
AGENT.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

ror to the heart of each Carlist.

"Fly! fly for your lives, comrades! It is a trap! We are lost! The soldiers are surrounding us. Fly in the name of the Virgin!"

Wild excitement ensues—men utter oaths, and the wounded pray aloud to be taken off. Jack thrusts his head out of the carriage—he has recognised the voice that has uttered those thrilling words in Spanish. It is Mercedes—yes, as he glances along the side of the train he sees the supposed peasant boy running toward them, waving his cap, and still shouting the words of warning that have created such consternation in the breasts of the Carlists.

Reaching the car under which the fire is blazing the brave girl immediately dashes the burning brands aside—they are saved!

It is only a temporary respite, however—the Carlists are recalled by the commands of Don Carlos, who understands the situation, and come running or crawling back. Undoubtedly it is their intention to repeat the performance, having seen how near success they came before.

By this time, however, Avis has placed the loaded revolver in Jack's hand, and taken the other from him. He feels that all is not lost so long as this brave girl is beside him—her presence gives him a new courage, and he knows they must succeed.

Again he opens on the advancing foe—now he does not care where his bullets go so long as they cut home.

These inhuman monsters would burn innocent women to death in the car in order to get at him, so there is no reason he should spare them.

They are possessed of a certain desperate valour—perhaps the sight of blood has wrought them up to the highest pitch of excitement. At any rate, they continue to rush upon the car in a way that astonishes Jack, who has never believed them equal to it.

Some crawl underneath—it is their object to once more gather the scattered brands and make a new blaze, which this time they will guard sealously, and no false alarm shall send them scurrying toward the hills.

Again the situation becomes strained—Jack has emptied his revolver—he seizes that which Avis thrusts into his hand, and moves in the direction of the window. She reads his intention, and knows it is a forlorn hope.

"No, no, you shall not go," she cries, her hand clasping his arm tightly.

"I must—it is our only chance. I shall scatter the jackals—or die trying."

"You must not—will lot! It is unnecessary. See, do you not feel the car shake—we are moving. Jack—the train starts—yes, and we are saved," and she falls back on his arm almost in a swoon, while Jack, discovering the truth, cries:—

"Thank God! Larry is at the lever!"

CHAPTER XVII.

When Larry finds himself under the railway carriage he has already mapped out the course he means to pursue. The other side of the train is partly in darkness, and consequently this must be his line of advance in the direction of the locomotive.

He pursues it, at times hiding in order to screen himself from observation, but all the while drawing nearer the head of the train, that pulsating engine, panting there as if eager to continue its onward race.

Once a man confronts the dude—he seems to be desirous of halting him, perhaps recognising Larry as one of the party against whom the animosity of the Carlists is aroused; but the tourist is in a hurry, and cannot stop to satisfy the curiosity of this fellow—the clamour that arises from the rear announces that the battle is on, and *seconds are precious*. When the man attempts to use force, Larry gives him the benefit of the weapon he carries, and presses on toward his goal, the puffing motor.

More than once he is delayed by being compelled to hide, so that minutes elapse before he finds himself in the vicinity of the engine.

The panic is now on, and Larry wonders what causes it, as he has not understood the cry raised by Mercedes in advancing. It ceases, and once more the melee begins, but, thank heaven, he is now beside the locomotive.

In appearance it differs from those he is in the habit of seeing in America, but they all work on the same principle, and, if necessary, Larry is ready to set the lever and open the throttle himself.

The engine-driver is in the cab, but has his head out, interested in what is going on. If the mob is about to burn the rear carriage, some one had better uncouple it from the rest, and let him pull them off to a point of safety.

He is just telling a train man this when he feels a clutch on his arm, turns around, and looks into Larry's revolver. The desperate dude never appeared so big to any one in all his life as he does in the eyes of the astonished engine-driver—the fact of his holding a loaded revolver may have something to do with it.

"Start the train ahead!" snaps Larry. His look and the tone of his voice cannot be mistaken even if the other does not understand the words used. The man makes a gesture, and in broken English stammers that he dares not start without orders.

"There is your order—start the train," roars the irate dude, thrusting the revolver into the other's face, and pointing to the throttle.

The man looks him over as if to size him up—there is something he does not like about the diminutive New Yorker, and perhaps he sees death in his eye—at any rate, he turns sullenly around, grasps lever and throttle, throws the one into place, and opens the other cautiously.

As the train moves, a shout arises without—men run frantically toward the engine, and Larry stands ready to shoot the first one who tries to come aboard.

"Faster—open the throttle, man!" and he gives the driver's arm a jerk—the throttle is thrown open, and with a jump the train begins to gather headway.

It is too late now to unfasten the last car—no one can do it, for most of the shouting Carlists are left behind, and a few who still cling to the cars are dropping off in great terror lest they be carried off, and fall into the hands of the government forces.

Larry beams with triumph, but he knows it is too early to crow—not for a moment does he relax his vigilance, since he has become assured that the engine-driver is a Carlist and may play them a trick yet.

By this time the blazing fire is left far behind—they are plunging along through the darkness of the valley, with only the stars as guides, but the rails hold the iron horse on his way, and all is well.

Every mile passed over makes them so much farther away from their enemies—the driver has made up his mind to the inevitable, and watches ahead, as is customary, while he holds his hand on the throttle.

Looking back, Larry sees that the train is intact, and he breathes free. One thing alone gives him worry—this is the uncertainty as to whether his friend has come out of the scrimmage unwounded. He has known all along that a terrible battle must have been fought back there by the barricaded coach, and with the odds so tremendous, it is possible that Doctor Jack may have been downed.

He dares not leave his post of duty to find out the truth, and while the train rushes onward Larry remains in a state of great anxiety, hoping for the best but fearful.

Larry has an idea how the land lies ahead, and upon questioning the driver he finds he is correct. There is a junction some ten miles farther on, where they take a new course, and head almost north, for distant Bayonne and Bordeaux.

At this place there will be lights, engines, people, and the motor will be changed. They are behind time, but they present speed will make up what was lost if no accident occurs.

So Larry must posses his soul in patience, and wait—it will not be for long. The swaying of the locomotive is dreadful to one unaccustomed to it, and many a-time Larry is thrilled to the heart as he imagines the massive piece of mechanism about to topple over; but mile after mile is placed behind, and as yet everything seems safe.

On the right he can see the stars glimmering on the bosom of the flowing Ebro, and which river they must cross at the junction. When he sees the engine-driver raise his hand and pull the whistle-cord, he knows they are approaching the place where he can be relieved from guard duty and look up his friends.

Lights are shining ahead now, and it is evident they are nearing the point where the trains *meet*. Their pace becomes slower, and at length they come to a halt. Signs of bustle abound, and Larry even imagines it resembles in a degree an American station.

He leaves the driver to his own devices, and leaping to the ground, hurries back along the side of the train, anxious to ascertain what has become of his friends. On the way he runs into some one whom he has not noticed.

"'Pon 'onah! you must pawdon me, but—"

"Larry! Great Scott!" is shouted in his ear, and he feels himself lifted bodily from the ground by the strong arms of Doctor Jack, who is as delighted to find his friend as though the dude were a long-lost brother.

Together they walk to the carriage, where they find things in their normal condition, and the two ladies looking out of the window. Larry is warmly greeted by both of them, who look upon the little dude as a hero, although Avis can never place him in the same

To be Continued

AN ADDRESS TO THE CLERGY.

Many a poet has sung ere now
Of the song he hoped to sing,
But never has quite found the music right
That was there in the quivering string,
Forever lovely and strong and sweet,
It was there just back of his tongue;
But never the word, like a joyous bird,
Its heart on the breeze had flung.

Now we that preach as the others sing,
We know how it is ourselves:
We have sermons galore, a fearful store,
Packed up on the handy shelves;
But where is the sermon we fain would preach,
Have followed for many a year,
And, yet, somehow, to our cleaving prow,
It is never a whit more near?

There are days when we think it will surely come,
There are nights when the dark is bright,
With the trail of its hem, like a precious gem,
As we wake with happy fright—
To find it has vanished, already far
On the track it has held so long,
Away and away where it will not stay
Any more than the flying song.

Now you that love the preacher's work
As much as the poet his,
Come, tell me true, what would you do
For to touch this height of bliss?
I know; you would wrestle and sweat and pray,
Like Jacob, the livelong night,
If at break of day it would come to stay—
The sermon you fain would write.

And when it came, O God, to think
What a sermon it would be!
It would be as high as the starry sky
And as deep as the deep, deep sea;
It would stir the heart of the youth and maid,
With a strange and sweet unrest,
And their souls would yearn for a glad return
To the things they know are best.

And the sinner there in his cosy pew,
As snug as a man could be,
Should sudden feel, like a stroke of steel,
The truth that would make him free—
If he would but heed; and the aching heart,
So weary under its load,
Would laugh and sing like a crazy thing,
For joy of the painful road.

And the Sunday paper should be accursed,
And the women forget their whist,
And the children's play for that one day
Be never a moment missed,
It would be for all such a goodly time
Auith e stars in their courses know
When they are all out with a joyous shout,
And the earth lies still below.

But it will not come, it will not come,
The sermon we fain would write,
It is evermore just on before,
If it isn't way out of sight;
But better so than to smiling go
In the way by the foolish trod;
Let us do our best with a manly zest,
And leave the rest to God.

—John White Chadwick.

IDLENESS ENCOURAGED.

Failure of a Picturesque Industrial Scheme.

Switzerland has attacked the problem of socialism, and the provision for the laboring man in an extremely novel manner; namely, in a scheme of state industrial insurance, mention of which has already been made. Recent consul reports from Switzerland give the details of the plan. Originally the scheme of insuring against the loss of employment was brought before the national Government, but was not acted upon definitely. This has not deterred two Cantons, Berne and St. Gall, from going ahead, they having adopted the plan over a year ago. Basle, Zurich and Lausanne are very much interested, but what action they will take is not known. The Berne plan differs essentially from that at St. Gall. In the former Canton it is left to the will of the laborer to insure or not as he pleases; in St. Gall each must insure. The basis of the Berne system is as follows: The working people, laborer and professional men are all united under one head. Each person insured pays eight cents a month. Each city in the Canton contributes 7000 francs ($1351). Members must have been enrolled six months, paid dues regularly and be out of work 14 days at least before being entitled to a pension. The aid given is one franc daily for unmarried men, and 1.5 francs for married men. The money is paid over during December, January and February. A workingman who refuses to take any work offered him, or loses his work through his own fault, or joins in a strike loses all rights to the pension. Most of the men supported or aided belonged to the building occupations which are necessarily more or less idle each year.

In St. Gall each person, citizen or stranger earning under five francs (96 1-2 cents) per day is compelled to contribute. The payments are graded according to the amount earned, the highest premium being six cents a week. The pension rates are similarly varied, running from 1.8 to 2.4 francs, but in no case can anyone get a pension for more than 60 days in one calendar year. This scheme has proved unsuccessful, and is to be abandoned in June of this year, by common consent of the workingmen themselves, as determined by popular vote, because among other things it was found that the knowledge of the existence of this system of insurance had drawn to St. Gall a considerable number of unemployed from other parts of Switzerland.

An African Silhouette.

"I wish to figure a little on the uncertainty (the cannibal chief knit his wool thoughtfully) of life. Bring me a blackboard."

Obedient to his demand, the high muckamuck executioner aimed the royal blunderbuss at the nearest swarthy subject and pulled the trigger. Then he fetched the king the blackbored he had ordered.—Cincinnati Tribune.

A Harrowing Suggestion.

The champion pugilist sprang from his easy chair. "Mary," he shrieked to his wife, "can't something be done to these infernal steam pipes? I tell you my nerves won't stand it! They do nothing but thump, thump, thump, all day long!" Great beads of sweat stood on his brow, and as he resumed his seat he was trembling violently.—New York Press.

You can't go on losing flesh under ordinary conditions without the knowledge that something is wrong, either with digestion or nutrition. If the brain and nerves are not fed, they can't work. If the blood is not well supplied, it can't travel on its life journey through the body. Wasting is tearing down; Scott's Emulsion is building up. Its first action is to improve digestion, create an appetite and supply needed nutrition. Book free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY MARCH 12, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jas. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., has found time in which to write a good book of over a thousand pages entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies having been sold at $1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the large amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to *give away absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1008 large pages, and over 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead *of* cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

ATTITUDE OF GREECE.

Continued from page 1.

voice in interpreting our promises. We don't leave our promise to any person to construe it and apply it his own way. A change of five votes, and the Government drops. [Cries, "Let it drop."] It doesn't do to say we are to rely on the Opposition. We can't hand over the reins to the Opposition. I have not seen or heard from the Legislature that we have any more power. He himself had carried 4 or 5 bills through the House, and could recall none but that came out much different to the way it came in. This bill is introduced on the same ground. We are prepared to discus sit.

Our record is not hostile to temperance, continued Mr. Hardy, and then he mentioned how Senator Vidal had been 30 years in the Dominion Senate, but what had he done in the way of temperance legislation? This was an illustration of how much easier it is to preach than to practice. Mr. Hardy continued that we have to be practical, to do what we can, and although he did not say the bill reached the limit, he could say it was reasonable. [Cries of "Oh, oh!"]

I don't see the gentleman who says "Oh, oh," and I don't want to be goaded into saying anything warmly, remarked the Premier, and he went on to defy anyone to point out in fair discussion anything reactionary in the bill excepting, perhaps, that which related to the three-year term of license.

In addition to the reduction of licenses, druggists were prohibited, and where one hour was taken off closing time it was good in proportion with three hours, was it not? [Laughter.] Then "sale to minors." He did not suppose it possible to amend it, but some one said there, "No advance." Saloon licenses were to be abolished—"No advance," he supposed.

Concluding, Mr. Hardy said: "When you come to consider ultimate action, we can only go as far and as fast as we can. That's our pledge. Sir Oliver was on a different question."

Whn Mr. Hardy took his seat the Mayor said the deputation would like to hear Hon. Mr. Ross, and the latter gentleman replied that it was unnecessary, and in a few remarks pointed out that the members of the Government were unanimous regarding this bill.

When the Minister had concluded the members of the Cabinet left the chamber and Ald. Spence was detailed to hunt up a place for a meeting right away to consider Mr. Hardy's reply. The lecture hall in the Y. M. C. A. was the building secured. The delegates made their way there and the place was soon packed.

Here all kinds of nasty things were said about the Government and the Mayor evidently didn't think it was a proper place for a good Reformer, so he left the chair, and went to attend another meeting, Rev. Mr. Van Wyck taking his place. Following are samples of what some of the delegates thought of Mr. Hardy's reply:

Rev. Dr. Ross: No give, no yield. I am totally dissatisfied with the answer. Mr. Hardy has quibbled and he cannot convince the country that he has not broken faith. No Government can stand if there is a well-grounded suspicion of breach of faith prevailing.

Mrs. Thornley, London: Totally and utterly unsatisfactory; in fact, Mr. Hardy wished us to understand that we can't expect him to keep any promise that would endanger his political life.

A large number of the delegates spoke and there was dissatisfaction from all.

Rev. Mr. Courtice moved, "That we authorise a deputation of the temperance workers in Toronto to represent this prohibition convention and wait on Mr. Whitney and leaders of the Opposition, also on Patron Leader Haycock and members of the Patrons to explain the situation as presented in the convention, and ask for their assistance in securing the advanced legislation we are seeking. This was lost, this amendment by Dr. Ross carrying: "That a committee be appointed to watch the progress of the bill through the House and to promote as far as possible amongst the members the policy adopted by the convention."

The committee appointed is composed of Messrs. Maclaren, Q. C.; F. S. Spence, Rev. A. C. Courtice, Hon. S. C. Biggs, Mayor Fleming, L. Duncan, Dr. Fisher, Rev. Dr. Potts, ex-Ald. Jolliffe, Rev. E. E. Scott, Ald. J. J. Graham, R. W. Dillon.

This warm resolution was moved by Mr. Lees, seconded by Mr. Watkins: "That, after having heard the report of the deputation appointed to wait on the Government, and after considering the reply of the Premier, giving the reasons of the Government for their failure to fulfil their repeated promises to give us the maximum prohibition in their power, resolved that it is our deliberate opinion that we have been grossly deceived, and that, unless the Government brings in a bill to adequately redeem their pledges they are no longer worthy of the support of prohibitionists."

This was looked upon as a little strong, and, as the bill was not yet passed, Ald. Spence made an amendment to the effect that the motion be considered six months hence.

Mr. R. W. Dillon came forward with another amendment, as follows:

"That this convention, having heard the reply of the Attorney-General, expresses its profound dissatisfaction with the same, as not being in harmony with the moral effect produced by the pledges given by Sir Oliver Mowat and himself."

This seemed to catch on well, but the next amendment by Rev. Dr. Ryckman carried:

This is it: "Resolved that this convention, having listened to the report of the statements of its representatives before the Government on the amendments to the license law now before the Legislature of Ontario, and also the statements of the Hon. Mr. Hardy in reply, cannot refrain with its responsibilities in expressing its deep dissatisfaction with the result of the interview with the Government.

"In the opinion of this convention the claim of the Premier, that the present amendments are a fulfilment of his pledges, and that he is to estimate the public sentiment of the country by the atmosphere of the present Legislature instead of by the result of the plebiscite and the evident warmth of public feeling at the present moment, is entirely unsatisfactory. Although disappointed, this convention will not be discouraged, but will earnestly persevere in all proper endeavors to accomplish the object ever before it, viz.: the entire prohibition of the liquor traffic."

The meeting then adjourned after the delegates had had a few more wrangles among themselves and a blessing had been asked.

A STATESMAN'S WAGER.

How Lord Randolph Churchill Sprinted Across Westminster Bridge.

The late Lord Randolph Churchill was scarcely less famous as a wit and joker than as a statesman. His colleagues in the House of Commons were oftentimes the victims of his pranks, and many a good story in which Randy figures as the hero is still told in the lobbies.

One night while Lord Randolph was converring with several friends in the cafe attached to the House, a question arose as to the time it would take a pedestrian to cross Westminster Bridge. Different opinions were expressed, but no two of the disputants were able to agree. At length Lord Randolph, who had been a silent auditor of the discussion, offered to wager that he could cross from the Middlesex to the Surrey side of the bridge while "Big Ben," the great bell in the clock tower of the Parliament Buildings, was striking the four-quarters and the hour of twelve. The wager was accepted by one of the members of the company, and it was arranged that at the hour named witnesses should be stationed at each end of the bridge to watch the performance.

A few minutes before midnight a select party of well-known members were seen to emerge from a little door near the speaking quarters in the Parliament Buildings, and stalk sedately across the bridge. At the further end the party paused, and was soon surrounded by a curious throng. Several other distinguished legislators soon afterward appeared, and politely requested passersby to keep to the left.

Just as "Big Ben" began to strike the first quarter, the lithe figure of a man, wearing a top hat and evening clothes, was seen to leap out of a little group of men on the Middlesex side. Some waggish friend raised the cry of "Stop, thief!" and in a jiffy half a score of wondering men and boys were fast on the heels of the doughty sprinter. A policeman, hearing the cry and observing the fleeing man, started in pursuit.

As "Big Ben" continued to clang the pace grew hotter and hotter. One by one the pursuers began to fall away, but the big policeman hung grimly to his task. When the centre of the bridge was reached the quarters had been rung and the great bell had already begun to strike the hour. A cheer arose from the watchers on the Surrey side, and Lord Randolph, who had until then been running up an incline, now had the descent in his favor. A few moments later the panting policeman came upon his man, surrounded by admiring friends.

"What's up?" stuttered the breathless and bewildered bobby.

"Two strokes to spare!" puffed the victorious Lord Randolph.

The officer stared, blushed, apologized, wiped his brow and went his way.—New York Sun.

An Explanation.

Two ladies had called, and, while they were waiting for their cards to be taken up they examined the pictures. "This," said one, "must be one of the old masters."

"If ye plase, ma'am," replied the servant, who was standing in the door, "ye're mistaken. All thim pictures belongs to the missus."—Washington Star.

Not Such a Fool.

"My friend," said the city missionary, "do you not realize the foolishness of the course you have been pursuing?"

"Huh!" said the gentleman behind the bars; "I ain't so big a fool as you are. You're comin' round here when you don't have to."—Indianapolis Journal.

And He Was Caromed Off.

Traveler (at a crowded hotel)—How much do I owe? What's my bill?

Hotel Keeper—Let me see; your room was—

Traveler—I didn't have any room. I slept on the billiard table.

Hotel Keeper—Ah, well—40 cents an hour.—Boston Post.

Hard Lines.

Bangs—The police won't allow our old blind apple-woman to build her stand on the corner of that vacant building-lot any more.

Fangs—Poor old woman! That is the second time she has lost her site.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand for flour is limited and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $9, and shorts at $10 to $11.

Wheat—There is nothing doing in the local wheat market. The feeling is weaker. Red winter is quoted at 73c, and white at 74c to 73c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 86c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 84c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c middle freights.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with no changes in prices. White sold outside at 17½c to 18c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c west.

Peas—The market is quiet, with offerings at 30c north and west and 38½c bid.

Corn—The market is unchanged, with new quoted at 20c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales outside at 32½c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 11.—Spring wheat, 6s 5d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 7½d; corn 2s 6¾d; peas, 4s 4½d; pork, 45s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage rather easier. Maize off coast quiet and steady. English country markets quiet.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures dull at 6s 3¾d for May, 6s 3¼d for July and 6s 2¼d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for April, 2s 7⅜d for May, 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 45c for April. Flour 44f 60c for April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage, buyers and sellers apart. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 21f 50c for April. Flour easy at 44f 40c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 6s 3¾d for May, 6s 3¼d for July and 6s 2¼d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 7⅜d for May, 2s 9d for July and 2s 10½d for Sept. Flour 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 9, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70s	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 43	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Invalids Raised from Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered. Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c.

Markdale—Geo. Crowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveller, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Lucan—Wm. Branton, gardener, pin worms; all gone. Chase's Pills.

L'Amable—Peter Van Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gower Point—Robsme Bartard, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching piles; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with rheumatism and suffering from diabetes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills. 25c.

Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject of perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers. Toronto.

IN—

HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

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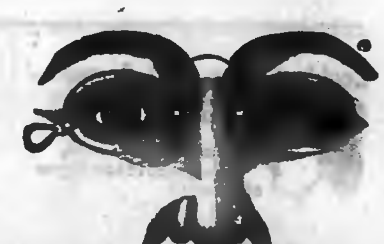
THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,098	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,905	1,122,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,345
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	773,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,735
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

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EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897.

The Pope's Household.

Pope Leo XIII. is a very careful housekeeper, and accordingly he has provided for the budget of the Vatican for the year 1897 long ago. The expenses for the year will foot up fully seven and one-half million lire ($1,500,000). The "St. Peter's Pence" is still one of the largest sources of the Papal income. It is contributed principally by the poorer classes in the various Catholic countries; but, if all Catholics in the world were to pay the entire expense of the Vatican, a pittance of three-quarters of a cent from each would furnish sufficient funds. The "Department of State," which is managed by Cardinal Rampolla; the Legations in France, Austria, Spain and Portugal; the nuncios in America, Bavaria, Belgium and Brazil and the other diplomatic representatives of the Holy See cost at least 1,000,000 lire. The Cardinals' College, consisting of six Cardinal Bishops, 53 Cardinal Priests and 14 Cardinal Deacons, costs another 1,000,000 lire. This includes, however, the income of the four Cardinals in the Palace, the 15 Cardinals who are prefects of congregations and the six Cardinals in charge of Papal Cabinet offices and ministries. The greatest item of cost is the household proper. At the head of this is the majordomo, then the high chamberlain, the cardinal auditor and the master-of-the-palace; among the other high charges are the secret chamberlains, of whom four are always on duty; the master of alms, the master of ceremonies, secretaries and pro-secretaries, assessors, chiefs of various offices; the employes of the museum, of the galleries, of the Astronomic Observatory, of the Vatican Library, and the Swiss Guard and Palace Guard of Catholic Noblemen. The finances of the Vatican are managed by a bureau named the Papal Chamber.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

OAK HALL.

RIDING A BLACKTAIL.

A TUSSLE WITH A WOUNDED DEER IN THE ROCKIES.

A Thrilling and Sympathetic Description of the Incident by a True Sportsman—Some Points in Which the Writer's Human Nature Sticks Out.

The writer of the following in the Badminton Magazine was gathering in some saddle horses from their winter ranges along the eastern side of the Rockies, and there had the experience which he thus describes:

Casting my eyes up, I suddenly saw one of the most striking sights I ever remember to have met. It was a reproduction of Landseer's magnificent picture of a stag, standing broadside upon a knoll, and with a turn of the head majestically facing the spectator. But it was a living and unconscious tableau, set in the gray solitude of nature's own frame, so did it grandly beggar the mere painted picture by its effect, and I checked for a moment, the better to absorb it. The massive front of the mountain showed purple through the rifted mists behind him, and mist and mountain together combined to throw into fitting relief what seemed to me the noblest deer I had ever seen. For in that situation and that atmosphere he loomed up more like an elk than a blacktail, though he was not thirty yards away.

The butt of my six-shooter was touching the heel of my hand, but I thought of the engraving that used to hang on the wall at home, and I did not draw. For that brief moment he was sacred. Putting my horse in motion, I resolved to go my way and let him go his.

But when I came out upon the flat top of the ridge, I found to my astonishment that he was still almost in the same spot, but moving in a most erratic manner, zigzagging to and fro as if demented. To be on the same level with him, and to see him acting thus, took away a measure of the softer feeling with which I had lately regarded him, but still I stopped short of shooting. The lasso, however, coiled for a dash at the horse I was seeking, was in my hand. I could not resist the temptation. Swinging the loop, I pressed the spurs home and let fly. But I had not reckoned sufficiently with the great spread of his horns and the zigzag of his movements, so that, instead of compassing both horns, and noose reached only the near one, and before it could be drawn taut a swoop and a toss of the head had left it only hanging upon the extreme tip, from which it flew with a sweep the moment that his weight came upon it.

With a whistling snort, he started along the ridge toward the open prairie, and I was just thinking that that was about my last of him, when he suddenly stopped short, turned about, and started back, straight up the ridge again, for the mountains. But I had relopped and coiled the rope again, and as he came into line across my front I pushed out, and, leaving the horns out of calculation, caught him by both fore feet, bringing him down all of a heap. Before he could make another move I had snubbed him short up to the saddle-horn, in spite of the misgiving snorts of my horse, who did not at all relish such side-shows to business.

At four paces' distance then, and from the height of my saddle, I had a good look at my capture, admiring immensely the spread of his horns, and thinking how glad I was that he had not yet shed them for the spring. Then, as he began to struggle, it flashed into my mind to ride him. Many men had ridden buffaloes—I had seen it done myself the summer before—but I had never heard of any one riding a blacktail deer. Never stopping to think, I slipped the reins over the horse's ears, and leaped down. Pulling the horse a step nearer, till the rope slacked sufficiently, I slipped the noose off the deer's forefeet, threw my legs across him, and seized him by the horns as he rose beneath me. It felt more like being astride of some sort of snake, so slim was his body after that of a horse, and so much did he squirm as he staggered a half stride forward to gather himself.

He was heading down the ridge. I saw that as I felt his back hump beneath me, and then all the world was fog and fur, as he lit in to bucking with a vim and skill that would have astonished even a Mexican mule.

I had seized his horns at first with the notion of preventing his bucking too fiercely. A horse needs to get his head down between his feet before he can do much in that line. But this gentleman apparently remembered that he with an improvement upon a horse in that he had horns as well as ears, and his object appeared to be to play cup-and-ball with me and catch me upon them. The first jump enlightened me as to what I had undertaken, for he seemed to develop a hundred tines and antlers upon those horns, and I hit them every one with outlying portions of my anatomy as he came down, stiff-legged, with all four hoofs together. His slim and limber body gave my knees no grip to hold me off those points as he laid them back to meet me, and when he came up beneath me like a new earthquake for the second jump, I knew that I should have to go, and that instantly, if I did not intend to be spiked.

But when he came down I no longer had any option. So seriously did the tines hurt me that I piled down shoulder first upon the flints, and for a moment was quite unable to draw breath.

When I did manage a gasp I saw that my lord the buck was regarding me from half a dozen paces' distance, head down as if facing a wolf, and evidently prepared to renew the contest as soon as I liked. But I was only thankful that he had not jumped upon me the moment I fell. I was wondering why he had not done so, and staring at him the while as I lay, when I at last noticed that he had a freshly-bleeding bullet tear, low down in the off ear, with a corresponding scar on the base of that horn, and now I guessed at once that some fellow up above had hunted him off the mountain with that close shot, and that the shock of it had dazed him, causing that eccentricity of movement which had so puzzled me. At least, I could think of no other solution, for deer are not like horses; they never eat the "rattleweed"—"rattle" meaning crazy.

But while I guessed he whistled again, and struck the ground sharply with his off forehoof. I had better move before he did jump. Already he was gathering himself to spring, and I scrambled hastily up and hobbled to my horse. Climbing painfully into the saddle, I saw that the buck had raised his head, disconcerted at the new move. Naturally, I could not shoot him then, after he had beaten me at my own choice, but I grew more and more savage as the blood trickled down inside my shirt, and the next minute I had coiled the rope for another throw. I'd be hanged if I'd be beaten by an etceterated deer; I'd boss him if it took a leg to do it. But he took alarm at the swinging of the loop, and made for the mountain again. Yet he was stubborn, and kept a straight line, in spite of its bringing him so near across my front.

I swung for his feet again, my horse at the gallop, and as the rope caught and tumbled him, the buck in his struggles caught his off hind in the loop between his forefeet. Thus he was at my mercy, as I brought my horse round to face him. Bundling stiffly down and winding at every move, I made the rope fast with a slipknot; so that it was impossible for him to rise. Then the ignoble impulse to revenge took me, and I caught him by the spread of his horns and shook him as I growled out, "You son of a gun, you! I've a good mind to ride back to camp for a saw and saw your horns off, and ride you, anyhow."

But he looked so piteous, bound and helpless as he was, and there was such a human look in his great eyes, that my heart smote me, and when, just then, he gave a great gasp like a sob and let his tongue loll out, I confess I was undone, and gave in at once. Mounting again, I looed the rope from the saddle-horn, and then, stooping down, slipped the knot from his feet.

He got up jerkily and started off with a very undeerlike gait, for the first few lengths. But at that moment, the mist lifted, and tore wide in front of him, showing the mountain and its ragged gulch ahead, and he leaped away with a bound, like one who suddenly finds himself again after long bewilderment. I sat apostrophising him as he went, "Don't I wish you'd been a man! You wouldn't ha' got off so easily, and don't you forget it," etc. For the raw mist was nipping my hurts shrewdly through the rags of my shirt.

I dressed my hurts with rosin and bear's grease in secret, and said nothing in public, not even when, the winter following, I happened to kill the very same deer upon the top of that mountain, hunting him from a timber camp on the other side.

Not only did I know him by the earmark which I had seen when freshly made, but he was famous on the mountain, having been driven out from the herds by the younger bucks and so been compelled to run alone. Running alone, he had thus to depend solely upon himself for safety, and this had bred a degree of cunning which had spread his fame among the axmen. But the manner of his killing would make another story as long as this one, and so I leave it.

And yet I think I was sorry when, after killing him, I found that he was none other than my friend of the ride.

History of the Japanese.

The Japanese claim that their nation was founded B.C. 660, by Jimmu, the dynasty of this monarch being still on the throne. The first literary account of the Japanese was from the pen of Marco Polo, who visited the country in the thirteenth century.

The Consoling Part.

Mrs. Wagg—So the poor fellow was blown into fragments in an explosion? What a terrible death!

Wagg—Not to him, my dear. Don't you remember he was always afraid of being buried alive?

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(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR **Body, Brain and Nerves**

CREATES AND SUSTAINS

HEALTH and ENERGY

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day. Children half the quantity.

"I owe to Vin Mariani a constitution of iron, which resists all fatigues. This tonic wine is unequalled."

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THIS SEASON we show makes, styles and qualities we never were able to show before. We have in our Toronto business a field to cover in city trade which demands the very nobbiest and nattiest things to be picked up. With this in view we have this season gotten together Special Styles, Qualities add Makes, that it would be impossible to show in a trade limited to a town only.

HATS made by Youman's, Stetson, Lincoln Bennett, Christy, Wilkinson, Benson, &c., are among our exclusive makes.

AT SPOT CASH we are able to give better values than we ever could under a credit and cash system. This we will convince any of, if they but step in and see how our Hats are marked. No trouble to show you through. Won't ask you to buy if you don't want to.

FAIRWEATHER & Co.

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PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO

Warwicks are Built on Honor.

At the first Canadian Cycle show at Montreal was seen the Wheel that is "Built on Honor."

The Exemplification of Perfection . . . .

THE WARWICK

. . . . The Vermilion Rimmer is a Winner.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE . . . . . .

WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

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CATALOGUES FREE.

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CANADIAN AGENCY,

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Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, **Right for Now . . Right for Spring.**

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognise the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

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Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 301 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 61. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

HE DID NOT RESIGN

So Premier Hardy Said of Mr. James Conmee, M.L.A.

Mr. O'Keefe Wanted to Exempt Young Men's Christian Associations From Taxation—Owing to Vigorous Opposition, Motion Was Withdrawn—Mr. Howland Favors Church Exemptions—Hon. Mr. Gibson Gives Notice of Motion That the House Approves the Deal of Rainy River Mining Locations.

Toronto, March 12.

Mr. Whitney's long-standing question on the order paper in regard to the reported resignation of Mr. James Conmee, the member for West Algoma, received an answer yesterday. The question was: "Was James Conmee, Esq., who was elected as member of the Legislature of Ontario, for the electoral district of West Algoma, in the year 1894, a candidate for the representation of the electoral district of Nipissing in the House of Commons of Canada at the general election in June, 1896, and, if so, did he at any time previous to the day of polling resign his seat in the Legislature of Ontario? If he did so resign, what was the date of such resignation, on what date was it received, and by whom?"

The Attorney-General replied that Mr. Conmee was a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons at the time and for the district mentioned. His resignation had not been placed in the hands of the Speaker or any member of the Government or Legislature. Mr. Conmee had stated after the election that he had placed his resignation in his solicitor's hands and instructed him to forward it to the Government. He had afterwards learned that the solicitor had not done so. In November last, some months after the election, Mr. Conmee had consulted him (Mr. Hardy) as to whether or not he should then resign. He had submitted the matter to his colleagues, and they had come to the conclusion that it would not be advisable at that late date to have Mr. Conmee do so, as it would only serve to involve the country in some $3000 election expenses. Mr. Conmee had not, therefore, resigned. The speaker had since learned that the solicitor, Mr. Kerr, had not forwarded the resignation for reasons which he had afterwards submitted. Concluding, Mr. Hardy said he could see no good in accepting the resignation so long after the election had taken place.

Mr. Whitney enquired: "Have any timber berths been sold by tender within the past year? If so, were the calls for tenders advertised, and in what manner? What were the dates of any such sales; the names of those tendering in each case and the amount of each tender? The names of the persons whose tender was accepted and the number of square miles sold in each case? In each such case, what was the reason why the sale was made by tender, rather than by auction?"

In compliance with the request of Hon. J. M. Gibson, who stated that the question involved a voluminous reply, the Opposition leader agreed to put his question in the shape of a motion for an order for a return. He explained that he desired to be informed on the matter to set his mind at rest about a report he had heard. He had been informed that the limits in question had not been sold by public auction, but had been sold by tender for the purely nominal reason that they had been damaged by fire. He had also heard that the gentlemen who had acquired the property were not very hostile to the Government either.

Hon. Mr. Gibson was certain that when the return was brought down Mr. Whitney would be satisfied that there was no irregularity in connection with the sale. There had been no sales of burnt timber during the year. Two sales of timber, however, had been prominently advertised, and had resulted in keen competition. There was no reason to suppose that the province did not get full value for the timber.

Mr. Whitney's motion for an order of the House for a return of copies of all orders-in-council during the past year referring to the sale of timber berths by tender rather than by public auction, was amended by the addition of the words, "and reasons for such sales," and carried.

Mr. McKay of Oxford then moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Municipal Act. The bill provides that the voters' list can be made up in certain towns before the assessment roll has been revised. The motion carried.

Mr. McKay's bill to amend the General Road Companies Act by providing that a red light be placed on toll gates when the bars are closed at night was also read a second time.

Mr. German's bill to amend the Electric Railway Act by providing that a village street railway might be incorporated under the general act was also read.

On motion of Mr. German, the bill to Amend the Division Courts Act, providing that balances of accounts due creditors should be now sued for in Division Court instead of in County Court as formerly, was considered. The idea of the bill was to so enact that, while the plaintiff in such suits would have his case tried before the same judge, his costs would be smaller in proportion than they formerly would have been.

Messrs. Whitney, Matheson, Garrow and Howland objected that the defendant was not obtaining sufficient protection by the bill. It gave plaintiffs a chance to prosecute without fearing any heavy costs if they failed in their suits.

The second reading, however, carried.

Mr. O'Keefe, in moving the second reading of his amendment to the Assessment Act, explained that the idea was to allow municipalities to exempt Y. M. C. A. buildings from taxation. Such buildings carried on a similar work to churches, and he thought they should be entitled to the same privileges.

The Attorney-General agreed that the societies had worthy objects, but exempting them from taxation was another question.

Mr. Whitney wished to go on record as being opposed to the bill. There was too much exemption from taxation in the province already.

Mr. Howland was not opposed to the exemption of churches, as they were not competitive business organizations, and had a tendency to raise the value of property where they were situated. Y. M. C. A.'s, on the other hand, were speculative business enterprises. The building in Toronto contained revenue-paying theatre, lodge rooms and stores. True, the business was carried on by Christian young men, but he hoped the same could be said of other business.

The promoter of the bill yielded to the vigorous opposition and withdrew it.

Mr. Moore's bill to amend the Municipal Act by empowering municipalities to license and permit the pasturing of cows on the highway without involving such municipalities in any liability by reason of it, provoked some discussion, but finally passed.

Among the notices of motion given yesterday were the following:

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton): That this House doth approve of an agreement and license of occupation granted to Col. W. T. Engledue of England et al of certain locations in the Rainy River district, bearing date Feb. 17 last.

Mr. Dryden—Bill respecting shops and places other than factories.

THE SCHOOL SETTLEMENT.

Manitoba Orangemen Pass a Condemnatory Resolution—The Debate in the Legislature Continued.

Winnipeg, March 12.—(Special.)—The Orange Grand Lodge of Manitoba, in session at Brandon passed a resolution condemning the Laurier-Greenway school settlement and urging the Provincial Legislature not to adopt it. This resolution was passed during an all-night session, after a number of delegates had retired, and there are indications of a row over it. Greenway supporters claim it was a snap resolution, but those on the other side of the fence declare it represents the Orange sentiment in Manitoba.

In the Manitoba Legislature to-day the debate on the motion for the second reading of the bill embodying the amendments to the Manitoba School Act, in accordance with the terms of the Laurier-Greenway settlement, was continued. Premier Greenway at the night session made an earnest speech in favor of endorsing the terms of the settlement. James Fisher, who strenuously opposed the Greenway Government on the abolition of Separate schools, made a speech generally endorsing the terms of the settlement. This speech was somewhat of a surprise, as Mr. Fisher is the law partner of John S. Ewart, chief counsel for the Catholic minority, and thus far has been in accord with Mr. Ewart's views.

Editorially The Winnipeg Free Press condemns the Ontario Government's arrangement regarding the mining lands of Western Ontario. It says: "Winnipeg and Manitoba are more directly interested in the region in question than Ontario, but they have no voice in the matter. Our sister province may easily make a mistake, the result of which seems so plain to us from our experience regarding reserved lands. The attention centered upon the question from the discussion going on may prevent this, and people in the west will hope that it will have this effect."

A despatch from Lethbridge, N. W. T., to-day, says: "Dan Mann, railroad contractor, arrived here this morning. In view of the contemplated building of the Crows Nest Pass road, a staff of Canadian Pacific Railway engineers, under the direction of M. H. McLeod, has been engaged during the past week in making a final selection of the various projected surveys."

Charcoal, the Indian who murdered Sergt. Wilde and has been sentenced to death, will be hanged at McLeod, Alberta, on Tuesday next, March 16.

Of all the cases instituted against deputy returning officers charged with ballot box stuffing in Nat Boyd's interest, only one conviction was obtained at the assizes. The one found guilty by the jury, George Saunders, has taken an appeal to the Supreme Court.

Kruger in the Orange Free State.

Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, March 12.—President Kruger has arrived here to arrange for a closer union with the Transvaal. He was entertained at a public luncheon, and, replying to the eulogistic toast of President Steyn, said he was not there to controvert the Queen's rights. Time would show he had always defended Her Majesty, and he had told his people to respect her. He hoped the two republics would form indissoluble ties, but he never had any idea of the Free State being absorbed by the Transvaal. President Kruger said he knew he had to abide by the London convention, but the Queen was a troublesome woman, and it was, therefore, necessary to deal with the question of union with the utmost caution. He hoped some day to see a union of the whole of Africa.

NEW DANGER CROPS UP

Fresh Outbreaks Are Now Threatened in Anatolia.

Sir Philip Currie Has Called the Attention of the Turkish Government to the District—Thrilling Scenes at the Evacuation of Kandamos—The Powers Should Formally Proclaim to the Cretans the Fact That Autonomy Is to Prevail—Mussulman Refugees Starving at Canea.

Constantinople, March 12.—The opinion obtains here that the negotiations between the powers on the reply of Greece to the Cretan ultimatum will be protracted. In the meanwhile, another threatening feature has been added to the situation. Renewed outbreaks are threatened in Anatolia. The British Ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, has draw the attention of the Turkish Government to the condition of this district of Asia Minor, and has requested that immediate steps be taken to avert another catastrophe. It appears that the condition of the Christians there is deplorable. They are the victims of constant outrage and murder, and the situation at Payas is so critical that a massacre is feared. Advices from Erzeroum say that large forces of Russian troops are concentrating on the Armenian frontier in the direction of Sarikemysh, in the District of Kars.

Still They are Fighting.

Canea, March 12.—It is reported here that the Turkish fort at Sjinalonga is being attacked by the insurgents. The Moslems are said to be making a gallant resistance. It is also reported that several encounters between Moslems and Christians have taken place in Archanes.

Terrible Scenes Witnessed.

London, March 12.—The correspondent of The Standard at Canea telegraphs a description given by an eye-witness of the evacuation of Kandamos by the Moslems, who have now reached Canea. He says that swarms of wild-looking insurgents swooped like kites on the outgoing refugees and seized and hauled off oxen by their horns and tails. They fought desperately with each other to gain possession of chairs and tables. The insurgents wanted to loot the place and were ready to risk their lives for a sheep or a mule.

Should Formally Proclaim It.

London, March 12.—The Daily News will to-morrow publish a despatch from Canea saying that it would be of the greatest advantage if the powers would formally proclaim to the Cretans the fact that they had determined to establish autonomous government on the island. Most of the inhabitants are not aware of the intention of the powers. The few isolated chiefs of the insurgents who have learned that Turkish rule in the island is to be brought to an end, have declared their joyous acceptance of the scheme of the powers.

Starving Mussulmans.

Canea, March 12.—The destitute Mussulman refugees here are on the verge of starvation. Bands of robbers are pillaging the towns and the adjoining country.

Greek Troops on the Frontier.

Paris, March 12.—The Journal publishes a despatch from Larissa, on the Turkish frontier of Greece, saying that the Greek troops there and at Mikala number 25,000. The equipment of the men is perfect, their magazines are filled with ammunition and they are well provisioned. The enthusiasm of the men is indescribable.

Not a Bad Suggestion.

Vienna, March 12.—The Admirals commanding the European squadrons in Cretan waters have suggested to their respective Governments the advisability of each power contributing 1000 soldiers to be employed in occupying the towns in the northern part of Crete, for the purpose of preserving order.

Is There a Prospect of Settlement?

Athens, March 12.—With the abatement of the war fever here, there is a growing belief that an amicable agreement between Turkey and Greece with regard to Crete is possible.

Must Employ Force.

Vienna, March 12.—The semi-official Fremdenblatt to-day says that the view of the Greek reply taken by the powers is that it can only be replied to by the employment of force to induce Greece to obey the will of Europe.

What Does This Mean?

Berlin, March 12.—A report comes from Constantinople that large quantities of Gras rifles and cartridges are being smuggled into Chios, an island belonging to Turkey, off the west coast of Asia Minor, and sold to the inhabitants at nominal prices. The arms are smuggled by the way of Smyrna.

Bloodshed at Everek.

Constantinople, March 12.—The Porte and the foreign diplomats have received news of bloodshed at Everek, a mountain village in Kaisarieh. The situation in these regions is most lamentable, and rumors are current in this city that a massacre is impending there.

Rustic Reserves in Swarms.

London, March 12.—The Times will to-morrow publish a despatch from Athens saying that the city is swarming with enthusiastic rustic reserves. Two thousand of them were sent to the frontier yesterday.

Turkey Buying Ironclads.

Constantinople, March 12.—It is positively stated here that the administration of the Sultan's civil list will enter into negotiations with the United States Government for the purchase of two or three ironclads that are already completed. It is said that £400,000, Turkish, will be paid on account of the purchase money.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

LEARN THE VALUE OF METHOD!

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Eighty-five out of every hundred men who venture into business FAIL. And why?

From want of capital, dishonesty, incompetency and lack of business methods,—the latter the largest percentage.

How can good business methods be acquired? By experience, by observation of others who are expert. But to absorb good methods by experience there must be a foundation of preparation. Without it, as well try to build a bridge on a bottom of sand.

We teach the principles of good business methods. We give practiced instruction in business usages, forms, transactions, methods. We know our teaching is right: those who have so profited tell us so. We can do for others what we have done for them.

Is it not a good investment to have us teach you what you may be years learning by the routine of experience. Our work pays from the start.

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West to north winds; fair and cold.

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We are ready for the Spring Trade with charming lines of New Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. These have been imported direct from the makers, and are branded with our name woven on each roll, as follows:—

"Manufactured Expressly for Robert Fair, Peterborough."

Preparations have been made for Spring Carpet buyers, which abundantly justify our title to the leading Carpet Emporium of this district. At least, nothing is wanting to warrant the necessity of journeying to the cities for floor coverings.

Time was when we could not honestly have made that last statement. We have done experimental work but that time has passed now. We have the endorsement of most of the best carpet buyers in the district for having the best carpet stock, the best carpet ideas, and the best values in carpets to be found.

Rugs, Mats Stair and Hall Carpets to match. Real English Linoleums and Inlaid Linoleums, (something quite new,) in superb assortment.

Kensington and Art Squares, Crumb Cloths, etc., in new colors and patterns.

The latest Ideal Drapery, Lace Curtains, High-class Portiers and Chenille Portiers, in a select assortment of special merit.

We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.

We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

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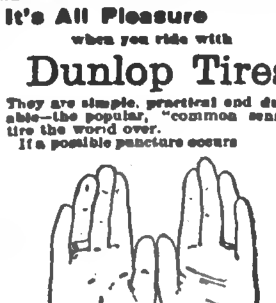

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The objects of the Company are to acquire and develop mineral claims in the Province of Ontario and British Columbia.
It already owns, unencumbered, TRILBY and PRINCE OF WALES in the SOUTH BELT at Rossland, upon which development work has been carried on during the past six months, with showings unsurpassed by any property in the district at the same stage of development. These mines are now about to be equipped with machinery.
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The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers, ARE SOLE AGENTS,
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TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after
THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.
The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
E. R. WOOD,
Secretary.
Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
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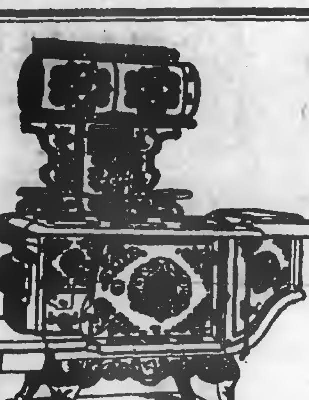

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THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

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392 George Street.

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HOWDEN'S BRAND OF

Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

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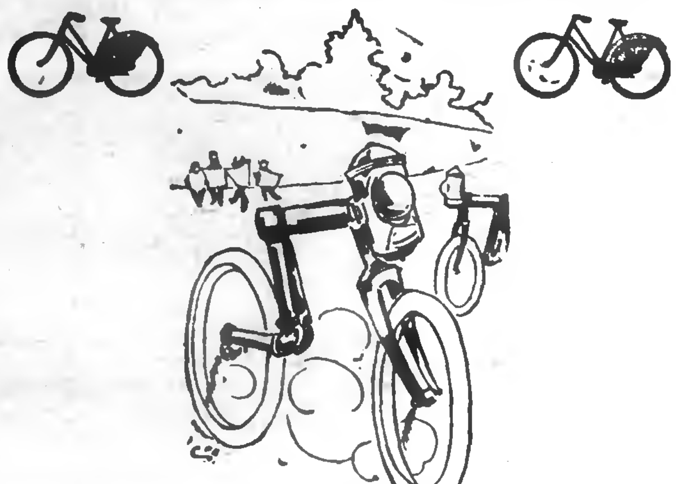

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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
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THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

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See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD,
Charlotte Street.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer (PERRY DAVIS')

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McComber & Son, Bouchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. Hutty, Chemist, 528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

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MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Can't Eat

This is the complaint of thousands at this season. They have no appetite; food does not relish and often fails to digest, causing severe suffering. Such people need the toning up of the stomach and digestive organs, which a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will give them. It also purifies and enriches the blood, cures that distress after eating and

Internal Misery

Only a dyspeptic can know, creates an appetite, overcomes that tired feeling and builds up and sustains the whole physical system. It so promptly and effectively relieves dyspeptic symptoms and cures nervous headaches, that it seems to have almost "a magic touch."

Distress After Eating.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for some time. After eating anything that was sweet I was sure to experience great difficulty and distress. Last fall I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and am glad to say that my stomach trouble has entirely disappeared. I can now eat a hearty meal of almost any kind of food and have no trouble afterwards. Hood's Sarsaparilla has also cured me of nervous spells." JOHN H. HOMRIGHAUSEN, Wheatland, Iowa. Such cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897

GUARD THE PUBLIC TREASURY

WITH the new Administration at Ottawa came the clamorings of new men for financial aid to all kinds and descriptions of undertakings, and the demands if considered to any extent would mean a great increase in the debt burden of the Dominion. Mr. Laurier told the deputation that waited on him to secure a guarantee of interest on the cost of constructing the Ottawa River canal, that the appeals for aid for public and semi-public projects now being pressed on the attention of the Government would, if acceded to, take fifty million dollars from the national treasury—would, in fact, involve an increase of that amount in the public debt. As the Montreal Gazette pointed out the other day, demands of this character, as is generally known, were during the time of the late Government, very heavy, and more than Liberals were inclined to censure the Conservative Ministers for the countenance given the promotors. The country has, as a result of a too vivid appreciation of the benefit of public expenditure on one side, and a too easy acquiescence on the part of those who held the purse strings on the other, post offices and public buildings, the revenue collected in which could not pay interest on the cost of construction, canals which are not used, and railroads which are not operated. The objects of the promoters were attained when the things were dug or constructed. If it was expected that a change in the party complexion of the Ministry would bring about a change in the conditions that led to such results, a mistake was plainly made. If anything, taking Mr. Laurier's word for it, the cry for public money to assist private enterprise is stronger now than ever. With the new Government has come a new, sturdier and more voracious set of clamorers for aid from the treasury, for schemes many of which business judgment condemns as commercially impracticable which can yield no return on the money invested in them, which can only benefit the promoters and constructors. These schemes run from six million dollar bridges and fifty million dollar canals to a hundred million dollar railroad from the Rocky Mountains to Lake Superior. It is plain from what is transpiring that, even more than was the case with the late Conservative Government, one of the most imperative duties of the present Liberal Administration will be that of defending the treasury against the raids of scheme promotors. It is a duty that wins for Ministers little credit; but it is the most imperative of all they have to discharge, and in the doing of it, in resisting the claims of projectors of ill-considered and commercially ill-advised projects, they will have the sympathy of business men who understand what the end of acquiescence must be. An accumulation in nine months of demands for fifty million dollars out of a treasury that only has five millions of people to pay taxes into it is startling.

THE Government and the party that works the liquor license machine deserves to lose the temperance vote.

MR Hardy will have considerable difficulty in proving that claim of his that his is a temperance Government.

THE temperance people seem to be convinced at last that as far as the Ontario Government is concerned that it is "time for a change."

LET the Town Council consider the question of the establishment of a House of Refuge, and remove the charge against it of being uncharitable and wholly regardless of the condition of the aged poor who are confined in the county gaol. The county is ready and waiting to co-operate.

THE Liberals have been twenty five years in power, but they appear to be pretty well convinced that they are nearing the end. At least one would be led to think this when he reads of them giving the South African Company 64,000 acres of Ontario's mining lands.

SIXTY-FOUR thousand acres of the lands of the province, lands which may be the most valuable in Ontario, locked up for three years. Other prospectors will not venture in. They may explore, find a good thing, and then discover that the property they have located belongs to the African Company to which Mr Hardy and his Government have given the sixty-four thousand acres. This deal, at present at all events, seems inexplicable, but Mr. Whitney, the leader of the Opposition, promises to get to the bottom of it, and will not hesitate to censure the Government for their wholesale sacrifice of the people's property.

THE temperance people, after interviewing Mr Hardy, have expressed their dissatisfaction with the license law amendments and the failure of Mr Hardy to fulfil his promises. Mr. Hardy does not seem to have the happy faculty possessed by Sir Oliver of pleasing the temperance people by some slight of hand performance which made them believe he was their friend and the enemy of the liquor men. Mr. Hardy still claims that his "is a temperance Government," but he will have to produce more of the "evidence," of which Sir Oliver had such good supply, before the temperance people will be humbugged by him any farther.

THE Tory press, headed by the Mail, is beginning to talk of the "collapse of the Provincial Government." It always does when election times approach. It has done so for twenty-five years. It is getting wearisome.

This is from the Liberal organ at the Capital, the Ottawa Free Press. We have no doubt the talk of the "collapse of the Provincial Government" is making our Ottawa contemporary weary, and many other Liberals are being similarily affected. This weariness is sure to increase as the collapse approaches, for come it will. Mr. Hardy and his combination, his machine politics and centralization of power, his deficits and his sacrificing of mineral and forest wealth the Government and its iniquitous systems must go. The people realize that it is time for a change.

Sir Oliver Mowat Afflicted with Kidney Trouble.

The news has been flashed across the wires from the old country that Sir Oliver Mowat, who is there seeking medical advice, is a victim of kidney disease. His friends say that the case is not as alarming as the press reports have stated. But there seems to be no disguising the fact, that with Ontario's Premier, as thousands of others, kidney disease has seized the system. It is laying waste the lives of our best people in all parts of the Dominion. And yet those who have learned to use South American Kidney Cure are finding in it a remedy far surpassing a sea voyage, or even the skill of England's greatest physicians. It is a kidney specific, not a cure-all, but as a specialist in this particular it gives relief within six hours after the first dose, and renewed health to all who use it. For sale by H. S. MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

ALL FOR HER.

There Is no Question in This House About the Boss-ship.

"Oh, I guess I'm getting into the game now," chuckled the little man on the street car as he hugged his packages and smiled at the sympathetic man with glasses who sat next.

"I don't quite understand, my friend."

"Of course not, but it's this way. You see, it's kind of an open question up at our house whether she or I is the head of the family, and we're both doing the cunning act just to feel our way. Christmas she had saved up enough of my money to buy me some presents. What I got was a diamond ring that's so small that she has to wear it, a lot of toilet fixin's for our common sleeping room and a pair of kid gloves that happened to be her number. I took it all so meekly that she thinks she's the boss, and that I daren't enter a protest."

"Wouldn't it be well to assert yourself, just enough, you know?"

"Well, I should clearly enunciate! To-morrow's her birthday. See these bundles? All presents for her. There's a *pair of trousers* made to my measurements, three neckties, half a dozen big linen handkerchiefs, a pair of shoes that she could slip down and sit in, a 7 1-8 Derby hat, a briarwood pipe and four pounds of smoking tobacco," and the little man laughed till he dropped most of his packages.

Next forenoon the same two happened to ride down town together, and the little man had his packages. "How did your wife enjoy the presents?" asked the sympathetic man.

"I don't see what business you have inquiring into my private affairs, sir. If I choose to get these things exchanged I don't have to advertise the fact."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

DIAMOND JUBILEE DAY

Will be June 22, as Decided by the Imperial Government.

Deep Waterways Commissioners Getting Their Report Ready—A Western Ontario Delegation of Subsidy Seekers—Liberals of Wright County Are Making Hay While the Sun Shines—Cases Before the Supreme Court—Father Lacombe's Half-breed Colony—Mr. Hobbs of London Gets a Snap—Ottawa News.

Ottawa, March 12.—(Special.)—The Government has been advised that Her Majesty's Government has selected Tuesday, June 22, as the day on which to hold the official celebration of the Diamond Jubilee, and the Ministers are consequently considering whether it is advisable to set aside this day for official celebration in the Dominion, or to hold it on Monday, 21st.

DEEP WATERWAYS REPORT.

Mr. Thomas Munro, C.E., and Mr. T. C. Keefer, C.E., deep waterways commissioners, are in town, and will be joined to-morrow by Mr. O. A. Howland, M.L.A., chairman of the Canadian Commission, when a meeting will be held and a report to Parliament drawn up. The report of the American commissioners has been presented to Congress.

Mr. McGregor, M.P., headed a deputation which was in town to-day from Western Ontario with the object of interviewing the Government to secure a subsidy to the Lake Erie & Detroit River Railway, which now runs from Walkerville to Ridgetown. The deputation desired that the line should be extended from Ridgetown to St. Thomas, a distance of 42 miles. The deputation ask the usual subsidy of $3200 per mile. Among the deputation were Mr. Casey, M.P., Mr. Hyman, ex-M.P., Mr. Hobbs, M.L.A., John Campbell (St. Thomas), A. McKay, E. J. Sutherland (Chatham), T. Fuller (Leamington), J. A. Elliott (Ridgetown), J. Degurse and W. J. McKee (Windsor). They talked the matter over in a friendly way with Mr. Blair, who promised that he would submit the request to his colleagues.

These are halcyon days for the Liberals of Wright county. It used to be a standing joke of the Liberals to talk about the "Dandelion brigade," because some years ago Charlie Mackintosh, so it is said, got men appointed to cut down the dandelions growing on Parliament Hill. But the Conservative workingmen never had such luck as has fallen to the lot of the Liberals of Wright. The fire in the West Block has proved a veritable godsend to the Government. Men are tumbling over each other in this building, as thick as blackberries in autumn, and pretty nearly every man who is employed there lives in Hull. It is a case of "No Ottawa men need apply." Sixty men were put on yesterday and 70 more to-day, and the fun of it is that some who did not secure employment are raising Cain with the Public Works Department.

The city has made an arrangement with the vendors of Rockcliffe Park by which the present suits in the Supreme Court will be withdrawn and the park becomes the property of the city at a cost of nearly $60,000.

In the Supreme Court the case of Fraser v. Davidson was taken up this morning. The question in the case was whether, under the Ontario Act against fraudulent preferences, which prohibits an insolvent giving to one creditor, bonds, bills, notes or securities, but allows payment of money, a debtor could transfer a third party's cheque to a preferred creditor, who in this case was the debtor's wife. In other words, is such a cheque "money" unde the act? The majority of the Court of Appeal, reversed the Divisional Court and Meredith, J., held that it was not "money," but an assignment of a bill of exchange, and as such subject to the statutory prohibition. Wilson, Q.C., for appellant, G. G. Mills for respondent. Judgment reserved.

By consent of the parties the appeal in Sombra v. Chatham was withdrawn, and the counsel in the next case, Rogers v. the Toronto School Board, not being prepared to proceed at once with the argument, the case was allowed to stand until to-morrow.

Mr. Hobbs, M.L.A., of London, was in town to-day, and has closed a contract with the Department of Justice whereby he handles the total output of binder twine from the Kingston Penitentiary, which will be made up to next August. Last autumn the Government sold 500 tons to a St. John firm, who have re-sold to Hobbs, and the latter has now arranged to take the balance of the penitentiary output, which will be fully 500 tons more. The price is not given.

Rev. Father Lacombe, Northwest missionary, is in town with Rev. Father Leduc. Their visit has reference to the colony of half-breeds at St. Paul Des Metis, on the northern branch of the Saskatchewan. For some time Father Lacombe has been working the scheme. Since last summer a certain amount of improvements have been made at places where the mission is located. Rev. Father Therien, one of the assistants of Father Lacombe, is there already with a number of families preparing for next spring. Thirty houses are built and many others will be constructed in the near future. The desire of Father Lacombe is to have an industrial school, which will help the enterprise. Just now the expenses have been contributed by friends who want to help the scheme, which everybody understands will be for the welfare of the *half-breeds*, on whom Father Lacombe has devoted a great part of his life.

Edward Lachapelle has taken an action for $5000 damages against the Ottawa Electric Co. for injuries he is alleged to have sustained by falling off an electric light pole on Argyle-avenue two or three months ago.

The Canada Gazette to-morrow will contain the announcement that His Excellency the Governor-General has appointed Mr. David Erskine of the Scottish Archers to be secretary in place of Capt. John Sinclair, M.P., resigned. Mr. Erskine has been a member of His Excellency's staff from the commencement of the Governor's tenure of office until last year, when, owing to his presence being needed at his home in consequence of the serious illness of his father, he resigned his position as A.D.C. Mr. Erskine, sr., having now become much better, his son is free to accept the position offered him. Pending Mr. Erskine's arrival at the beginning of next month, the duties of the office will be performed by Capt. Sinclair as acting Governor-General's secretary, without pay. Capt. Sinclair is due to arrive within the next few days, and will remain in Canada for a few weeks.

J. M. McDougall, Conservative candidate in Wright, had two successful meetings in Hull to-night.

The Government has decided to accept the judgment of the court in the case of the Queen v. St. Louis, and a cheque for $72,000 in settlement of his claim has been forwarded to him.

The National Famine Fund has now reached $119,000.

The Executive of the Jubilee Celebration Committee met to-night and decided that the presence of the military was essential to the success of the demonstration on June 21. As the Governor-General has ordered a military review here on May 24, Hon. R. W. Scott, Senator Clemow, Mr. Belcourt, M.P., Mr. Hutchison, M.P., and Mayor Bingham were deputed to wait upon His Excellency and ask him to forego the Queen's Birthday review for the one on June 21.

P. J. Taeger, cigar dealer, Rideau-street, was fined $12 by the Police Magistrate this morning for selling cigarets to a minor.

Col. Tache, M.P., is in town.

REV JOHN MUTCH DEAD.

The Pastor of Chalmers Presbyterian Church Passed Away at an Early Hour This Morning

Toronto, March 12.

Rev. John Mutch, pastor of Chalmers' Presbyterian Church, Toronto, died at his residence, 110 Havelock-street, at 1.15 this morning, after a week's severe illness. For several days the end had been expected, and Mr. Mutch's wonderful vitality was a surprise to his medical attendants.

It is not a fortnight since Mr. Mutch, in apparently the best of health, took part in a meeting of the Toronto Ministerial Association. By this body, as well as the clergymen who are not therewith identified, the deceased was held in the highest esteem.

H was a man of culture and thought, and many who were his classmates at Toronto University and Knox College will deplore his departure in the zenith of his powers. As a pastor no minister in this city of churches was more devoted and beloved. He was practically the father of modern Presbyterianism in Parkdale and Brockton, where he labored in building up what has become one of the most successful churches of the Toronto Presbytery.

As a pastor, Mr. Mutch was sympathetic; as a preacher, thoughtful and earnest; as a citizen, calm in counsel and considerate in act. But it was as a man among men that his loss will be most felt, for under a somewhat rugged demeanor dwelt the kindly heart which prompted the generous word and humane deed.

The death of Rev. John Mutch is a distinct loss to Presbyterianism and the Christianity that is not bounded by sectional names and considerations.

Mr. John Mutch was a Canadian. He was born in the Township of Egremont, in the County of Grey. He was educated at Hamilton Collegiate Institute, at Toronto University, where he took the degrees of B.A. (1880) and M.A. (1881), and at Knox College, from which he graduated in 1884. As a student he was popular with all his classmates and he took great interest in all college affairs. During his college course at Knox, Mr. Mutch had charge of the Brockton Mission.

On graduating from Knox College he was ordained and inducted as the first minister of what is now Chalmers' Church, one of the largest and most prosperous Presbyterian congregations in the city. Under his earnest ministry the church made great progress in all departments.

Mr. Mutch was popular with all the city ministers, irrespective of denomination, and was active in spiritual, moral and benevolent work. He was a member of the Board of Knox College, and took a personal interest in all its concerns.

Deceased married a Hamilton lady who survives him, and he leaves four children.

Japan Adopts the Standard.

London, March 12.—A despatch to The Times from Yokohama states that the House of Representatives of the Japanese Parliament has adopted the gold standard of currency

Choosing a Husband.

George Eliot says in one of her novels, that almost any woman can marry any man she makes up her mind to. Whether this is truth or fiction, certainly a woman chooses her husband oftener than he knows it. But she must play the negative part. She can only make herself as attractive as possible in a modest, womanly way and rely upon human nature and manly instinct.

A sensible man naturally seeks a wholesome-looking, healthy, capable companion. Men are not unselfish enough to willingly assume the care of a weak, nervous, debilitated wife.

Men are not attracted by a sallow, pimply complexion, foul breath, or thin, emaciated form, because these symptoms are the sure index of poor digestion and impoverished blood.

A woman afflicted by these mortifying miseries should seek the powerful, purifying and nutrimental influence of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which completely dispels all unwholesome appearances by clearing and renovating the organic sources of healthful vitality.

It helps the liver to filter all bilious impurities from the blood. It gives the digestive organs power to extract nourishment from the food. It rounds out thin forms; wipes away wrinkles, and gives to the complexion its natural clearness and bloom.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me of a severe case of poisoning of the blood," writes Mrs. Celia Rice, of Coast, Santa Cruz Co., Cal. "Boils one after another would break out on my arms, and were very painful. I have tried the loudly praised Sarsaparillas without any benefit whatever, and not until I took your 'Discovery' did I get well. That was two years ago, and I have not had a boil or sore of any kind since."

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR

Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897

HEART DISEASE STRIKES DOWN ALL CLASSES

The Essential Matter is to be Prepared for Any Emergency

It is painful to pick up the daily papers and observe how people of all classes are being stricken down with heart disease and apoplexy. One day it is the farmer in the field, again the labourer carrying his hod or, as this week, a prominent architect in Ottawa. Perhaps it is not too strong a statement, that 20 per cent of the people of Canada are afflicted with heart disease to some degree. What a blessing it is then, that there exists a medicine like Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart, which is so quick in producing relief. Instantly the patient obtains that ease that is so longed for when the heart is afflicted. There is absolutely no case of heart disease that it will not help, and, with few exceptions, will produce a radical cure. Sold by H S MacDonald.

MGR. MERY DEL VAL'S APPOINTMENT

Was Not a Concession to the Canadian Bishops, Says Mr. Russell, Who Has Been at the Vatican.

London, March 12.—Mr. Russell, who with Charles Fitzpatrick, Solicitor-General of Canada, visited Rome for the purpose of presenting the Manitoba school case to the Pope, and also to obtain the appointment of an apostolic delegate to Canada, has returned to London. In an interview with a representative of the United Associated Presses to-day Mr. Russell said he was highly satisfied with the result of the several interviews which he had with His Holiness, who evinced a particular interest in Canadian affairs. Mr. Russell expressed regret that some persons had claimed that the nomination of Mgr. Mery Del Val as apostolic delegate to Canada was a victory for the Canadian bishops. That view, he said, would greatly pain the Pope, who felt the greatest confidence that Mgr. Mery Del Val would conciliate the conflicting parties.

Wah Wants Trial by Jury.

Cobourg, March 12.—Wah Lee, the Chinaman who is held here on charges of larceny, horse-stealing and letter theft, was before Judge Benson this morning. He elected to be tried by a jury.

Fast Losing Ground.

Dealers and druggists who handle and sell common package dyes for home dyeing are finding out that they are fast losing ground as business men.

Once a woman is deceived she never returns to the merchant that caused her loss of time and money.

The dealers who give their customers Diamond Dyes when dyes are asked for are the successful and trusted business men in every part of Canada.

Diamond Dyes are perfect in color and dyeing power; the only dyes that can warrant satisfaction. Every buyer should see that the name "Diamond" appears on each package handed to them by a dealer.

—The Millbrook and Lakefield newspapers and others in the surrounding small places endorse the action of the railways in withdrawing the cheap rates on market days.

March, April, May,

Are the months in which to give especial attention to the condition of your physical health. If you pass safely through these months and find yourself strong and vigorous, on the arrival of warmer weather, you may reasonably expect that you will be well in summer. Now is the time to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, because now is the time when the blood must be purified enriched and vitalized, and because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye to-day. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to make you healthy and guard your system against disease.

AN INTERESTING DOG.

FOR STATELINESS NO BREED COMES UP TO THE BLOODHOUND.

Some Facts About the Variety Which Are Not Generally Known—How Well Trained Animals Follow a Trail

For stateliness of appearance no breed of dog is comparable to the bloodhound, says The Sketch, while the stories attending its unerring pursuit of its quarry have furnished the novelist with material of the most exciting character. But it is a fiction to associate the bloodhound with ferocity. He never worries or mangles what he tracks down. His vocation is to find, and to find only, whether engaged in pursuit of man or wounded deer. The bloodhound has figured in history from time immemorial, and no breed of dogs has preserved its characteristic points so persistently. The high, pointed cranium, the long pendulous ears, the ample dewlap, the wrinkled forehead, the overhanging flews, and even the red haw, or third eyelid—commonly called the sealing-wax—may be traced more or less in the Talbot hound, in the modern fox-hound, the otterhound, the basset, the French dachshund and in the Swedish beagle, which last is a miniature bloodhound, though lighter in build. The Count le Conteaulx de Canteleu, in his work "Les Races des Chiens Courans Francais," harks back to the famous St. Hubert hounds, black and white, as the recognized progenitors of the breed. The present writer was particularly impressed by the strong bloodhound type which characterised the packs of French hounds from the various provinces exhibited in the international show in Paris in the year 1878. However, it will be more interesting to leave speculative discussion and come to the regions of fact. In borderland history bloodhounds were compulsorily maintained by each hamlet for tracking the moss troopers after their raids, and till comparatively lately the rural constabulary in England employed bloodhounds to trace sheep and poultry stealers. In Bedale a police superintendent not long ago had a wonderful hound named Voltigeur, which could find its master wherever he might be and at any hour of the night. And this reference suggests the inverse remark that the bloodhound, even as a pup, will pick up the trail of a stranger quite easily, and perhaps more eagerly than that of his master.

Another interesting fact is that the bloodhound, when alone, hunts mute, but when hunting in a pack, he makes music of most delightful melody. His tracking instinct is so keen that he hunts the "clean shoe" as well, if not better, than when the foot of the fugitive has been purposely fouled, and it is a pretty sight to watch a trained hound following his quarry over a fence if the pursued has gone that way, or under the rails, if such has been his course. The training of bloodhounds has not been very persistently followed of late years, but there have been several important trails at Boxmoor and at Alaxandra palace to wit. It is noteworthy to remark that the trail at Boxmoor came off when deep snow was on the ground, and that while snow was actually falling the hounds laid on were equally persistent in tracing the quarry. A well trained bloodhound will follow for five miles even after six hours have elapsed since the fugitive started, and although many other trails may have crossed the track. But he is frequently at fault over stone flags. It was for this reason that the pursuit of Jack the Ripper by bloodhounds, at one time mooted, was, after a trial, discarded. It was the late Mr. J. Bell's Countess which served as a model to Landseer for his bloodhound in "Dignity and Impudence," and also for his "Sleeping Bloodhound," while the late Sir John Millais' Cromwell figured in more than one of that artist's pictures. Other fine hounds have been Lauth XI., Hector II. and Danger. The bloodhound's aristocratic appearance, his invariable good temper and his watchfulness commend him to social notice, while the vulgar idea regarding his ferocity renders him an invaluable companion for ladies and children against the annoyances incidental to the genus "tramp."

The World's Costliest Book.

The most expensive book ever published in the world is the official history of the war of the Rebellion, which is now being issued by the Government of the United States at a cost up to date of $2,234,328. Of this amount $1,184,291 has been paid for printing and binding. The remainder was expended for salaries, rent, stationery and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses, and for the purchase of records from private individuals. It will require at least three years longer and an appropriation of perhaps $600,000 to complete the work, so that the total cost will undoubtedly reach nearly $3,000,000. It will consist of 112 volumes, including an index, and an atlas which contains 178 plates and maps illustrating the important battles of the war, campaigns, routes of march, plans of forts and photographs of interesting scenes, places and persons. Most of these pictures are taken from photographs made by the late M. B. Brady, of Washington. Several years ago the Government purchased his stock of negatives for a large sum of money. Each volume will, therefore, cost an average of about $26,785, which probably exceeds that of any book that was ever issued. Copies are sent free to public libraries, and 1,347,990 have been so distributed. The atlas costs $22, and the remainder of the edition is sold at prices from 50 cents to 90 cents a volume.

There does not seem to be a large popular demand, for only 51,194 copies have been sold for a total of $30,154. Thus it will be seen that the entire proceeds received from sales thus far but slightly exceed the average cost of the 112 volumes. The books can be obtained by addressing the Secretary of War.

The material used in the preparation of these histories is taken from both the Federal and the Confederate State archives, and is purely official. The reports of the commanders of armies, corps, brigades, regiments, etc., are carefully edited and arranged so as to give a consecutive account of all engagements with as little duplication and unnecessary material as possible, and as the writers represent both sides of the struggle it may be regarded as impartial.—Chicago Record.

HOTHOUSE LIVES.

Disease Germs in Homes that Are Badly Ventilated.

Sickness and Disease Prevail at This Season.

Paine's Celery Compound Gives New Life.

It Should Be Used by Every Ailing Person This Month.

The all important thing for nervous, sleepless and run down people to know is that Paine's Celery Compound builds up the whole physical system, improves digestion and regulates the nerves. By accomplishing this work, sound, regular and refreshing sleep is insured, that daily helps flesh building and the gathering of strength.

In the winter the majority of men and women have lived hothouse lives. Thousands of homes are badly ventilated and without proper sanitary arrangements. The air is full of poison germs that are inhaled by the inmates, and we find sickness and disease holding sway.

This is the month when the blood is impure, when eruptions, boils and skin diseases make life a misery. This is the month when we see the sallow faces, the hollow cheeks and sunken eyes, betokening ill health and weakness. This is the month that demands physical repairing and cleansing, in order that the seeds and germs of disease may be eradicated from the system.

Paine's Celery Compound is the medicine needed by every broken-down and diseased mortal at this time. Its marvellous virtues have been noted and commended by the ablest physicians in the world, and its best and strongest advocates are those whom it has restored to perfect health.

Dr. A. W. K. Newton, an eminent physician and surgeon, of Boston, says:

"Paine's Celery Compound is not a patent medicine, and it must not be confounded with the ordinary nervines, bitters and sarsaparillas. It is as much superior to them in formula and results as the diamond is superior to glass. It purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, and is nature's food for the brain.

"I had some trouble myself from blood poisoning received in a very delicate surgical operation. The formula of Paine's Celery Compound led me to try it, and I was much pleased with the result. I prescribe it for men and women who have no appetite, cannot sleep, and are weak and run-down. For this condition, and for disorders of the blood and nerves, it has no equal.

"When a man or woman has lost appetite, lost sleep, and feels that life is a burden, that person is in a serious condition. I prescribe Paine's Celery Compound for my patients who have these common and dangerous symptoms with invariably satisfactory results. It is the best possible remedy to keep up one's strength and energy during the spring and summer months."

THE DUTY ON COAL.

Hon. Mr. Fielding Makes an Important Statement to a Montreal Deputation.

Montreal, March 12.—(Special.)—Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, made an important statement to-day on the tariff question. He was waited upon at the Windsor Hotel by the representatives of the coal mining interest, who again urged upon him the necessity of maintaining, if not increasing, the present duty on coal. They urged that the duty should also apply to anthracite coal, which is now imported largely from the United States, without the payment of duty. In support of their contention they laid much stress upon the report that the United States Congress is about to largely increase the coal duty, with a view to excluding Canadian coal, a moderate quantity of which is now imported into the United States.

In the course of his reply to the deputation, Mr. Fielding made the following statement: "I have not felt at liberty to give any encouragement to the deputations which have from time to time waited upon me for the purpose of advocating a high duty on coal. It is well known that the tendency of the policy of the present Canadian Government has been towards a reduction of the duty rather than towards an increase. We still desire to move in that direction, unless events on the other side of the line make it impossible for us to do so. We recognize the fact that where our policy touches our trade relations with our neighbors to the south, it may have, to a considerable extent, to be influenced by their disposition towards us. I do not think that we ought to proceed on the assumption that it is the intention of the American Congress to increase the coal duty. You gentlemen in the coal trade are well aware of the fact, but it may not be so well known to the general public, that the present Canadian duty on coal is considerably higher than the American duty. This fact has already been used to our disadvantage at Washington. It has been advanced as a reason why the American duty should be raised. Is it not possible that this argument would be strengthened, and further harm done, by having the idea go abroad that we are determined to maintain our duty and even increase it? May not all good purposes be better served by having it known that we are disposed to proceed in the line of reduction if our neighbors are willing to do what is fair? If this be clearly understood, and if those in the United States who are interested in holding their Canadian market for coal bestir themselves, the increase of the American duty, which you regard as likely to occur, may not be made. If, however, your view is correct, and it turns out that the United States duty is raised to a higher figure, then we shall claim and exercise the right to revise our views respecting the Canadian duty, and we shall feel bound to impose a duty not only on bituminous coal, but also on anthracite coal, which at present comes into our market from the States free of duty. We should much prefer, however, to move in the other direction, and we shall still hope that nothing may occur at Washington to prevent our carrying out our desire."

Whims of Fashion.

Moire velour is greatly favored for skirts.

Trained skirts are seen on the new costumes.

The violet toque gains favor as the season progresses.

Collarettes and jabots boasting frills of chiffon are considered very correct.

In strong contrast to the very small sleeves seen in gowns, those that are employed in opera jackets are so large that they *resemble capes*.

The more a fabric looks as though ink had been indiscriminately spilled on a light background, the more decidedly modish it will be regarded this spring.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

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FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.

Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to cause stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. Moore, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

You Don't Care, Eh?

Well perhaps you will wake up to the fact when it's too late that you are playing havoc with your nervous and digestive system by the daily use of the adulterated nerve-disturbing rubbish of China and Japan masquerading under the name of tea

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Absolutely Pure. Nutritious and Delicious.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

QUICKCURE

The Bicyclists' Lament.

How if I only had a little pot of Quickcure in my tool-bag.

He's a wise wheelman whose tool bag contains something besides medicine for a damaged machine. He is just as liable to puncture his own skin as to puncture his tire—more liable to bruise himself, than to break his wheel.

"Quickcure"

is the emergency cure for unexpected injuries. Lint for applying comes with every pot of Quickcure. Make your own plaster—lay it on the wound, Quickcure will do the rest—quickly, surely, painlessly. At all druggists 25c., 50c. and $1.00.

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

Signs of Spring.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LEBRUN & CO.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

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OFFICE - - 22 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY

DURING

MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

Peterborough

CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.

SKATING TICKETS

SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

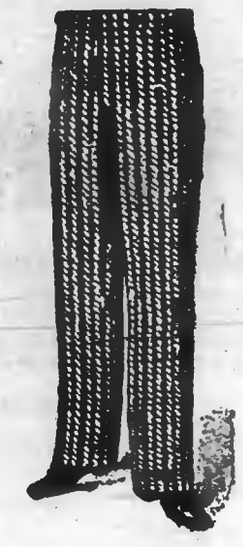
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas.



No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from begging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants wil tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

PIANO POINTS

For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, March 16th

ANOTHER SUCCESS!

The Defaulter

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S NEW PLAY.

The Most Thrilling and Naturally Presented Play on the Boards, mounted with all the Witchery and record to detail characteristic of Mr. Carter. The Greatest Mechanical Effect of the Age, the terrible "Double Loop of Life." A Perfect Wonder in Stage Craft. PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d39

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE .....

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone.

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Baths! Baths!

Hot Springs and Turkish Baths at home in your own room, at a nominal cost. Inspect sample at our office. All are invited. T. HURLEY & Co. 4d58

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

To-night we have our social gathering, music from 8 to 8.30. Gospel service 8.30 to 9 o'clock. Come and bring your friends.

Rev Mr Symonds will give his address on Tuesday, not Sunday evening.

Personal

Mrs (Dr.) Eastwood has gone to Whitby and Toronto for a month's visit.

Messrs. G. M. Furby and S. S. Smith, of Port Hope, are in town to-day.

Mr Geo S Ames, of Hall, Gilchrist & Co.'s., went to Toronto yesterday to attend the funeral of his mother.

St. Luke's Church.

The special monthly celebration of the Holy Communion in St. Luke's church will be held to-morrow after morning prayer.

To-morrow evening the first of the course of sermons on "Some aspects of the teaching of Christ" will be given by the Rev. H. Symonds. Subject, "The old teaching o the Scribes, and the new teaching of Christ."

A Drumcrochty Tea.

The St Paul's Endeavor Society have arranged a novel entertainment for Tuesday evening next, when they will give a Drumcrochty tea in the church school room. The tea will be served in Drumcrochty style, while the programme that will follow will be of Scottish character. This tea and programme will be as interesting and entertaining as it is novel. Admission 15c, two tickets for 25c. 1td

The New High

(Read on.)

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb., 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

A LOCAL PROTEST.

Peterborough Good Templars Enter a Protest Against the License Amendments

At the regular meeting of City Lodge, I O G T., Peterborough, held on Thursday evening, March 11th, it was moved, seconded and resolved :—

That whereas the Provincial Legislature in its regular session has seen fit to introduce a bill at direct variance with their repeated pledges to the Temperance community, we the officers and members of City Lodge, herewith enter our vigorous protest against such legislation, and, be it further resolved that a copy of this resolution be sent to the local papers, and also to the persons representing the ridings of East and West Peterborough in the Provincial Legislature.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache
.. .. Incipient Catarrh
.. .. Hay Fever
.. .. Catarrhal Deafness
.. .. Cold in the Head in 10 min.
.. .. Foul Breath caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN.

The Principle Practically Applied in Teaching Music.

The musical kindergarten which Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, intends starting will be a novelty to Peterborough. All over the United States the idea of training children from 4 to 15 years of age in the "rudiments of music," as well as other musical accomplishments, has met with universal success and approval.

By the most approved and simplest methods children are taught to read music intelligently and given also a fundamental knowledge of the key board, so as to even acquire a musical tone quality when striking the keys or when singing. Everything that can develop their talents will be brought out with little effort and make them juvenile musicians, and the system has proven to be as great a success in music as in the schools. Those interested are referred to advertisement in the local columns of this issue.

It is not to be wondered at that Ayer's Pills are in such universal demand. For the cure of constipation, biliousness, or any other complaint needing a laxative, these pills are unsurpassed. They are sugar-coated, easy to take, and every dose is effective.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

A Funy and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

OAK HALL.

Tuesday Night's Attraction

Lincoln J Carter's plays, "The Fast Mail" and "The Tornado," depend largely upon their scenic effects for success but it is just the reverse with this sterling production "The Defaulter," the story of which possesses sufficient power and interest to attract attention, and yet, at the same time, it is staged with all new and beautiful scenery that forms a fitting frame-work for the pictures. Prices 25, 35 and 50c. Seats now on sale.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

REV. W. R. YOUNG AT ST. LUKE'S

THE PASTOR OF THE GEORGE-ST. CHURCH ON "CHRISTIAN UNITY."

A Large Audience Hears Rev Mr Young's Address—Church and Unity Defined—The Next Address.

There was a large audience present in St. Lukes school house last night when the second of the course of lectures on "Christian Unity" was given by Rev. W. R. Young. After prayer and the singing of the hymn "Thy Kingdom Come, O God," the Rector briefly introduced Mr. Young, who said that he greatly appreciated the kindly invitation which had been given him by the Rector and churchwardens of St. Luke's to deliver a lecture on Christian Unity. In defining this great subject it was necessary to take note of two words, viz., "Church" and "Unity." The word Church designates the whole body of believers in Christ, or any of its branches. In systematic theology the word was used in two senses: 1, The invisible church, a spiritual reality, a mystical and ideal fellowship; 2, the church visible was the manifestation of Christ's Kingdom upon earth. It was a corporate body, invested with certain attributes. The 19th Art. of the Church of England well defined the visible church of Christ as "a congregation of faithful men in the which the pure Word of God is preached, and the sacraments be duly ministered according to Christ's ordinance in all those things that of necessity are requisite to the same."

The word "Unity" signifies oneness of aim, purpose, intention. It is not uniformity. If one could make a distinction between Christian Unity and Church Unity, he would say that Christian Unity is the oneness of the invisible church, and Church Unity the oneness of the visible church. The visible church has been divided upon doctrinal grounds by diversity of opinion about church government, about the sacraments, about forms of worship. There are three great bodies each claiming to be the visible church, and in each of which much truth was to be found, the Greek, Roman and Protestant communions. Each is strongly entrenched, each counts its adherents by millions, and each so fixed in its belief as to, in his opinion, close the door of hope to unity. He did not think the Greek would ever concede the claims of the Romish Church.

When we turn to the phenomena of Protestantism, we are on more hopeful ground. We have the same Bible, the same Triune God, the same Mediator, the same hymns. We are all united in aiming at the overthrow of sin and the triumph of righteousness. In his opinion forms of government, methods of work and worship, were non-essentials. Some bodies lay more stress upon the historical root, others upon the living fruit. The time was opportune for the discussion of the question of a more intimate union between these branches.

In turning to the proposed methods of accomplishing unity, Mr Young said there were four, two of which he rejected as impossible and undesirable, and two of which seemed practical. First, there was the method of absorption—the swallowing up by one of all the other bodies. He did not believe this was possible. (2) Organic union—one organization with cast iron form of polity, worship and work. This did not appear to accord with what we could gather of the working of God in the world of nature and history. All the trees of the forest were not the same, there were varieties of species of the human race, and so different organizations had different missions to fulfil. Nor does the history of organic union altogether encourage us to hope that it will produce the millenium. (3) Fraternal union, a recognition of each other's Christian union and standing, a mutual recognition of membership and officials of the various bodies, which should visibly manifest the power of the love of Christ. (4) Federation. It was along the lines of federation that the speaker was most hopeful of unity. The present system he regarded as very wasteful of both men and means. In Ontario there was one minister to every 700 of a population. In China 1 to every 600,000. In Africa 1 to every 800,000. In many places he feared there was keen competition not to win souls for Christ, but for this or that church. This was an age of federation, and in the church, federation would result in a saving up of men and means, in the conservation of forces, and the opening up of new avenues. He believed that such meetings as these would foster the spirit of unity.

After the hymn—

"Gracious Spirit, Holy Ghost,
Taught by Thee we covert most
Of Thy gifts at pentecost,
Holy, heavenly love,

the Rector said he was sure Mr. Young had given them all much to think about, and he found himself in substantial accord with the speaker. He specially commended to them the thought of "unity in variety" as the principle of the Divine method in the world of creation, and therefore likely to be the true principle of unity in the world of grace In the name of the church workers of St. Luke's he tendered a very cordial vote of thanks to Mr. Young.

Letters of regret for their inability to take a part in the present course of lectures were read from Rev. E. V. Stevenson and Rev. W. C. Beer.

The next lecture will be on "The Spirit of Christian Unity," by Rev. J. G. Potter, on Friday, March 19th. All are cordially invited to attend.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.

The Annual Rally of the Baptist Young People's Society Next Tuesday.

On Tuesday, 16th, the Young People's Societies in the Baptist churches of the Peterborough Association hold their annual rally in the Park-st. church. There will be two sessions, afternoon and evening. An interesting programme has been prepared, addresses and discussions, all relative to Young Peoples work, will be given. Rev V H Cowsart, of Belleville, Rev J W Kirkpatrick, of Baillieboro, Rev T Watson, of Colborne, Rev A T Dykeman, of Murray-st. church, town, and others will take part in the meeting.

The afternoon meeting will begin at 2 o'clock and the evening one at 7.45.

A pastors' conference will be held in the Park-st. church on Wednesday.

A DIAMOND SOCIAL

Held Under the Auspices of the Epworth League of the Mark-st. E L of C E.

A very successful "Diamond Social" was held at Mrs. W. Wand's under the auspices of the Mark-st. E. L. of C. E. on Friday evening, March 12. A very pleasant time was spent in social intercourse, games, etc. An interesting programme was given and refreshments were served by the ladies in their usual excellent style. The programme was as follows :—

Piano Solo ..... Miss Kate Wand
Song ..... Miss Hooper
Instrumental Duet ..... Miss Beer and Mr. Carton
Reading ..... Mr A Fowler
Duet ..... Misses Hooper
Reading ..... Mr W B Beer
Instrumental Duet .. Misses Beer and Wand
Speech ..... Mr W Wand
Piano Solo ..... Miss L Beer

Brevities.

—Fifteen street lamps have been erected in Havelock.

—Mr E J Hartley and Mr W Jackson, attended a skating tournament at Havelock on Thursday evening.

—Wm. Hall was arrested this afternoon on the charge of stealing canned fruit from the residence of Mr. R. H. Leary.

—It is said that it has not cost the Grand Trunk a dollar this season to keep the track clear of snow on this division.

—The Lakefield Council has been appointed a deputation to accompany the other deputations to Ottawa to urge the claims of the Trent Valley canal.

—The public meeting to consider the celebration of the Queen's diamond jubilee will be held in the Town Council chamber on Tuesday evening next.

—Mrs. E. Howlett, of Dummer, died on Tuesday night of last week, aged 84 years. The funeral took place on Sunday, the remains being interred in the Norwood cemetery.

—Yesterday afternoon a young man named Curtis was lifting some materials among which was phosphorous which ignited and burned his eyes, face, hands and left side. The accident was very painful.

—The W. C. T. U. will meet at Mrs. Geo. Paton's at 292 Brock-st., at 3.30 sharp, on Monday, and a large attendance is desired. Business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

—The committee of the Bicycle Club were out yesterday canvassing for members. In a short time 154 members subscribed their names and the necessary fee, and there are 50 more members in sight, at least. Peterborough will hold its place in the front as far as bicycle club membership goes.

—About seven o'clock this morning the fire brigade was called to Dalhousie st. to what proved to be a chimney blaze at the residence of Mr. Charles Huffman. The services of the firemen were not required and the bell sounded all the time.

—Mr F W Miller, has received a letter from his son Thomas, who is connected with the Scots Guards, at London, Eng. The letter was dated February 23rd and Mr Miller says the Guards had been drilling six days of the week, marching 18 miles each day. The Queen witnessed the parade a few days before he wrote.

—In referring to the Grand Jury presentment at the recent Assizes the Lindsay Post remarks :—Victoria County Councillors should take note of the concluding paragraph :—"This state of affairs is the more to be deplored inasmuch as such institutions would be more or less self-sustaining, and the first cost of their erection would be the only permanent obligation cast upon the municipalities interested."

—The Lakefield News says :—On Monday evening last quite a number assembled at the rink to witness the exhibition of fancy skating given by Mr. E. J. Hartley, of Peterborough. Mr. Hartley is considered to be one of the best fancy skaters in Canada, and he ably sustained his reputation on Monday night. He executed a variety of movements, comprising changes of edge, inside and out, all kinds of eights, vines, single foot spins, double foot whirl, lock foot spins, waltz step, and many others. Those present were well pleased with the exhibition, and Mr. Hartley was requested to appear in the rink again."

ALMOST READY TO BEGIN OPERATIONS

THE FINE PLANT OF THE AUBURN POWER COMPANY.

A Description of the Plant That Has Been Placed in the Power House to Furnish Cheap Power for Local Manufactories.

The plant of the Auburn Power Company is now almost ready for operation, and a description of the plant that will supply electric power for local manufactories will, therefore, be interesting. The following description is furnished by Mr. W. H. Meldrum, managing director of the company.

The plant is of the three-phase type, for power purposes only, furnished by the Canadian General Electric Company, and is A.P. 36-250-200 type, having 36 poles, and operates at 200 revolutions per minute, having a periodicity of 60 cycles per second, with a potential at full load of 2,000 volts.

THE SWITCH BOARD

consists of two standard white marble panels, 24 x 90 in., and 2 in. thick, and contains the following instruments :—Generator panel : 3 one hundred and fifty ampere single pole switches, 1 current indicator, 1 potential indicator, 1 station transformer, 3 fuse blocks, 1 exciter reostat, 3 lightning arrestors, 1 ground detector, 1 exciter switch double pole double throw, 1 current indicator for exciter, 75 amperes; the feeder panel : 4 seventy-five ampere triple pole single throw switches, 12 fuse blocks, 2 current indicators, 100 ampere capacity, with connections to cut in on any leg of any circuit.

The exciter is of the slow speed multipolar type, having a capacity of 9 kilowatts, or double what is necessary to excite the present machine, this machine, together with switch board, being designed and connections arranged with a view of adding another generator of 500 h p. capacity, to be driven by two water wheels to be erected on the south side of the power house. The voltage used is as low as is consistent with economy in the transmission of power for that distance. The first manufacturer to use this power is the Canadian General Electric Co., starting off with 150 h.p., with an option on another 150 h.p.

The machine and exciter are driven by two 66 in. "Boss" wheels, made by The Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co., of Peterborough. The shafting, crown wheels and pinions, with eye beams, branch trees, etc., were furnished by Messrs Wm & J G Greery, of Toronto, and the operating of the same reflects credit upon the manufacturers, there being some 18 tons of iron, outside of the water wheels. The gear runs as smooth as a clock. The

WHOLE DRIVING ARRANGEMENT

is carried on four steel girders, 6 x 14 in., bolted to six solid concrete piers. The water wheels operate under a 15 ft. head of water on the Auburn dam, and are tabled to 450 h. p., and are coupled together, the same shaft extending to the generator, which is 12 ft. in diameter and rests on a solid concrete bed. A large coupling bolts the armature of this large generator to the shaft, making a thoroughly rigid direct-coupled plant. The power plant is all in shape, and the big generator weighs some eighteen tons. It is the intention to supply power to all classes of manufacturers in Peterborough, both alternating current for induction motors and direct current for small motors. The latter will be supplied from a central station 250 and 500 volts, reducing the liability of burnt armatures to a minimum.

The starting up of this electric plant will mark a new era in the manufacturing industries of Peterborough, not only being a boon to present manufacturers but it should also be

QUITE AN INDUCEMENT

to intending manufacturers to locate here where they can get the advantages of cheap power, without the disadvantages of being located on the river when manufacturers take units of 50 h p or over. The price is $20 per h p per year, this being much lower than is offered by any company in Canada today, the aim of the Auburn company in purchasing the plant and of the engineer in designing the same, being to get such results as would enable them to offer power at half the cost of steam and to utilize the large amount of power now running to waste down the river since the destruction of the flour mill by fire last May.

The use of motor power, it can also be remembered, instead of steam in operating machinery makes a large saving in insurance and in space occupied by motor as compared with boiler and engine, to say nothing of the advantage of having power always on tap by the simple throwing in of a switch.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, early birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45c

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

New Comic Songs.

"He Tried It," by Ventra; "Mariari Marian," cat song, by W Packard; "Melinda Johnston," by Fred M. Dean. One-third off. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d59tf

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

For D. D. H. C. R.

At a meeting of the representatives of the four local Courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters last evening, Bro. E. A. Kemp, of Court Little John, was recommended to the High Court, as D. D. H. C. R. for the town of Peterborough.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

OAK HALL.

Lieut.-Col. Cotton in Town.

Lieut.-Col. Cotton, D. A. G., Kingston, reached town yesterday afternoon, and began an inspection of the armories, adjutant's books and quarter-master's stores of the 57th Battalion. This morning he is inspecting the arms, armories and accoutrements of C squadron of the 3rd Prince of Wales Canadian Dragoons.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from three years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. Applications must be in by the 16th inst. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st. 2d

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCV.

THE CHURCH AND SOCIAL REFORM.

The following article which recently appeared in a Canadian journal, is so closely allied to the questions recently discussed in the Fortnightly Club column, that we think it will be perused with much interest by our readers:—

It is to be expected that the present great social awakening should be marked by crudities of thought and extravagances of statement. The evils are so evident, the suffering so acute, the enthusiasm for reform among individuals so strong and impatient of delay, that such things can hardly be avoided.

Prof. Ely, in an article on trusts lately contributed to The Independent, places as the first remedy a new ideal and training in government. The professor simply voices a growing conviction among all classes that the hour has come for fundamental change. The public thought is turning away with impatience from the well-worn creeds and expedients which have hitherto served to guide the ship of state, and is focusing itself upon the origin and meaning of government itself. This means a re-examination of all the forces that enter into social life. Among these great agencies none is more worthy of thought than the Christian Church, and none receives more unjust, flippant criticism from many who are honestly set for the good of the world. The rock of offence appears to lie in the fact that many members of Christian churches are leaders in those great financial enterprises which seem to injure a large number while benefitting the few. It is, moreover, urged with persistent iteration that the great reforms have originated outside the church, and for the most part have been carried on in spite of the church. In respect of the first it may be pointed out that the case is comparatively recent, and the attempt to bring the subject under discipline is beset with the greatest difficulties. The defence is made that there is no method of compelling a man to love his neighbor as himself, that those alleged to be guilty of moral wrong are in no sense violators of the conventional moral standards of the hour nor of the law of the land, that they are simply doing on a large scale what their neighbors are all practising in a smaller way, and to disfellowship them the churches, in order to consistency, would, have to annihilate themselves, since all are guilty. It is pointed out, moreover, that the very writers who demand such discipline on the part of the churches towards great monopolists are themselves often guilty of lack of love and mercy in their smaller personal relations. Again, there is grave objection upon the ground that for a church to interfere in the legitimate conduct of a man's private business is to place itself above the laws of the state and to interfere with the rights of private judgment and initiative.

These objections are all significant of modern life. Whether they have weight or not, the fact remains that if the church is to abide true to the spirit and example of its Divine Founder it must take cognizance of the manner in which its members make their money as well as of the way they use or abuse it. "We that are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak and not to please ourselves" is the changeless law laid down by the apostle. Surely, then, this means that no man ought to increase the burdens of the weak and at the same time retain his place as an adherent of this principle. The church is composed of every-day people. The principles of Christianity are continually at work in their lives, counteracting and correcting the influence of their social environment. But when that environment is overwhelmingly against the practise of the Christian virtues in common affairs who can wonder that the church falls far short of its own professed ideal? Instead of scourging the Christian church let the people make it possible for the church to act consistently by refusing to be bought or bullied or gulled into submission to all sorts of injustice. A man who by his vote and influence perpetuates social injustice has no right to pronounce against a church for its inability to overcome that injustice. The church is not to be excused in weakness and wrong-doing, but her critics ought themselves to be consistent.

The second common charge is true in form but false in fact. The church is the conscience of the world. Her effects are two-fold, direct and indirect. Directly, in an organized and corporate capacity, it is obviously impossible to secure unanimous and aggressive action upon matters of opinion. Indirectly she acts in the creation and culture of a public conscience.

There are no reforms in Africa, nor China, nor India except those planted there by Christian peoples. To remove the church from any community means the immediate deterioration of that community, although officially it may not have taken a stand against a single evil. Moreover, if the principle of the separation of church and state is true the church is shut up to indirect and unofficial methods of influencing the course of social and political affairs.

Bearing all these facts in mind, there is no doubt that, in common with all other social agencies, the church has come under the blight of modern commercialism. This it must escape from in order to achieve the highest usefulness. We need a revival of everyday righteousness. We must look for it to begin in the church. Periodic revivals of life and power have marked its history. *The next revival will be along the line of social practice.* And once the Christian people of the world determine at all costs to live the golden rule the church will instantly become the supreme arbiter in human affairs, and social laws and customs will take on her spirit as naturally and inevitably as flowers spring up to greet the sun.

A Croupy Cough Was Soon Driven Away by Dr Chase's Linseed and Turpentine.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough,' says Mrs. Smith, of 256 Bathurst-st. Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 330 George-st. d5

The Jubilee Celebration.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—While not wishing to advocate anything in opposition to other plans for celebrating the Queen's jubilee, I cannot help thinking that the best suggestion yet made is that of a "Victoria Museum" at Inverlea. It fits the case in every way and would be a lasting memorial after the day is over at really little expense.

Yours, etc.,
EDUCATION.

BIRTH.

SYMONDS.—At Grace Hospital, Toronto, on March 12th, the wife of Rev. Herbert Symonds, of a son.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE FIRE ENQUIRY HELD AT LAKEFELD.

THE INVESTIGATION INTO A FIRE IN SMITH.

The Fire that Destroyed the Dwelling of Mr. F. Armstrong, in Smith, being Investigated—The Evidence Given before Justice of Peace Hull.

As already stated in the REVIEW, an investigation was held at Lakefield on Tuesday last before Mr. John Hull, J.P., at the instance of Mr. R. J. Doyle, manager of the Dominion Mutual Fire Insurance Association, to enquire into the cause of the fire which occurred on Mr. Frank Armstrong's farm on lot 21, con. 12, of Smith, on December 25th, last, by which the house and contents, with the exception of a few articles, were completely destroyed. There was an insurance of $600 on the contents. The Lakefield News gives the evidence that was given.

The first witness called was Frank Armstrong, who, being duly sworn, said:—I live in the township of Smith. Have lived there for thirteen years, with my father and sister. Was insured in the Dominion Mutual Insurance Association. There had been no other person in the house the night before the fire. I did not lock the house or barn doors the night before the fire. I first discovered the fire at 3.30 o'clock on the morning of Dec. 25th. I found several doors and a gate opened which had been shut the night before. There was a little snow on the ground but not enough to trace a track. The fire could not have taken place from ashes as I put them in an iron pot and tin pail. I discovered the fire in the north end of the summer kitchen, and it was just breaking into the winter kitchen. I saw no person around at the time. No person had ever threatened to burn me out. There had been no fire in the summer or winter kitchen or shed for some time. I was always careful about ashes. I have no opinion as to the origin of the fire. When I first discovered the fire I started to carry out clothing and bedding. After a short time I went to look after the barn. When I went to the barn the fire was too far advanced to save anything more. My sister took out some pictures and other things, but she received several burns, and could get nothing more. Dr D Fraser first appeared at the fire about 25 minutes after it started. He advised them not to go in any more as it was not safe. Mr R Duff assisted me in making out the bill of stuff destroyed. I was not angry or abusive to the inspector when he called. The value of the stuff in the bill was correct. Wm Davis was the next to the fire, followed by a number of the neighbors. I looked for tracks but could not find any. To the best of his knowledge it was set on fire by some person or persons unknown.

Wm Davis, of Smith, sworn, said:—I was coming home from Bridgenorth when I saw the fire. The large part of the house was not down but before I got there it fell. I saw Mr Armstrong and he told me this was his second trouble of this kind, and he seemed to be in great trouble. He told me he thought it was set on fire. I only stayed about 15 minutes as I could do no good.

John Fanning, of the township of Smith, being duly sworn, said:—I was at the fire at Armstrong's on the morning of December 25th. I live about three-quarters of a mile from there. I was awakened by my father, who told me there was a fire. When I got there the whole building was burned down. There was very little of the contents saved. I have no idea how the fire started.

Lawrence and James Fanning, jr., were next called, and their evidence was about the same, both having arrived at the fire after the house was burned down.

James Fanning, sr., of Smith, being sworn, said:—I was awakened by the reflection of the fire through the window about 4 o'clock. I was not at the fire. I thought I heard some person yelling when I got up. I cannot tell anything as to how it happened.

Dr. D. Fraser, of Lakefield, being sworn said:—I was coming home from a call when I saw the fire. The shed and kitchens were pretty well burned when I got there. All the stuff that was saved was out before I got there. Nothing could be taken out after I got there, and shortly after the flames burst out all over the house. Mr. Armstrong thought it was set on fire by tramps. Mr. Armstrong told me he had some trouble in getting his father out. I did not meet any person coming from the house.

Miss Armstrong was unable to be present on account of illness.

Mr. R. Duff, of Smith, being sworn, said: I live about half a mile from Mr. Armstrong's place. I did not go to the fire until ten o'clock. Mr. Armstrong told me he did not know how the fire started, but thought it might have been set on fire by a tramp. I assisted Mr. Armstrong in making out the bill of stuff destroyed. He fixed the prices. They endeavored to arrive at a fair value of the goods at the time of the fire.

Mrs R Duff, of Smith, being sworn, said:—I was in Mr Armstrong's house last summer. The house was very well furnished. All the furniture was in good repair. I was not consulted with regard to the value of the things. I thought some of the things were not marked high enough.

W. G. Graham, of Smith, being sworn, said:—"I was at the fire on Dec. 25th, but did not get there until the building was burned down. I helped to carry some of the things to the barn. I have no idea how the fire started I had been in the house and it was very well furnished.

Wm. Ayers, of Peterborough, Vice President of the Company, and who also acted as Inspector, was duly sworn:—I inspected Mr. Armstrong's loss about Jan 6th. I looked over the ruins and inquired how the fire originated. Armstrong told me that he thought some one had been stealing meat and by some means fired the building, as the fire started near where the meat was. I asked Armstrong if it had not started from ashes, but he said not, as the ashes were placed in another part in a barrel. I made a careful survey of the place and then asked Mr. Armstrong for a statement of his loss. He handed me a statement in bulk sums, but I told him I wanted a bill of items. Armstrong told me he could not give it to me then but would send it to Peterborough, which he did. He also wanted to know how soon it would be settled, and said he supposed the company wanted to cut him down, as one other company had done before. I visited Armstrong's place a few days ago, and Armstrong told me again what he considered was the origin of the fire. I arranged to send Mr. Armstrong claim papers to fill out and forward them to Peterborough, which he did.

In the evening a number of witnesses were re-called, but nothing new was brought out. The court of investigation was then adjourned until March 24th. Mr. W. H. Moore, of Peterborough, acted for Mr. Armstrong.

ON MONDAY MORNING

WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds. Pure Silks

All Shades, 27 inches wide. Part of

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

original price 65c. Our clearing price

25c.

These will go quickly. Everyone should see them.....

TO-DAY

We place on Sale the whole of the Robt. Hall Bankrupt Stock of

Children's and Misses' Plain and Ribbed Cashmere Hose,

in sizes 4½ to 8, at prices.....12½c up.

All less than wholesale cost. You can get waited on best in the forenoon, but come when it suits and get Bargains.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

Furs——

Go they must and quickly!
It's late in the season!
Our store is being remodeled!
If never worn this season, Furs will be, at prices offered, the very best investment you can make, for other season's wear.

A CUTTING CUT IN CUT PRICES

HERE'S SOME SAMPLES OF CUTS:—

20 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Grey Lamb Gauntlets, finest quality, were $5 and $6, have been selling during the past few weeks for $4 and $5, now cut to..... $3.50

All other Gauntlets sold at a like proportionate reduction.

$14 Seal Wedge Cape—$9 has been the price during our last sale, now for..... $7.00

Fur Caps of all kinds at equally great cut.

$10 Sable Muffs, sold for $7 during sale, now for..... $5.50, $6

Prices in all our Fur Muffs reduced proportionately.

Coats, Jackets, Capes, Fur Lined Cloaks. Collars, etc., all to be cleared out at once at big cuts on last week's prices.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

Passed Customs.

We have passed through Customs, direct from Scotland, our advance shipment of the Latest Patterns of New Spring Cloths and Tweeds—consisting of unrivalled selections of the newest 1897 designs in

Scotch Suitings,

COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, FANCY VESTINGS, and LIGHT OVERCOATINGS—exclusive novelties, made for the most fashionable West of London trade.

Having bought to better advantage in anticipation of our Spot Cash Policy, enables us to discount our own past. That means that we can do better this year than last. SELLING for Cash enables us to BUY for Cash, and that is the reason, pure and simple, of the drop in our prices, since discarding the credit system. You have the assurance of our very best attention to any orders entrusted to us. Respectfully,

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 398 George St., Established 1857

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite the Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PURE GOLD Baking Powder

A Cream of Tartar and Soda Baking Powder.
Pure as Pure Gold.

Two Million Dyspeptics

In Canada. Some do not know they are troubled with dyspepsia. They don't feel well and blame it to the heat, the weather or a hundred other things. Cheap Phosphate (stone), Alum (Sulphate of Lime) Baking Powders are eating their lives gradually away. They are being slowly poisoned.

Pure Gold Baking Powder is made only from absolutely Pure Cream Tartar and Soda, and these in the baking go off in gas, leaving no trace behind.

G.A.A. 128

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 127 HUNTER ST.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,566,088	8541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,758
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,836,250	722,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

PRINTING
Of Every Description. Style Art. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

EDWIN LACOMB,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK).
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d68w

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Correct After All.

An English coachman complained to his mistress, not long ago, of the thin laprobe allowed him, and the severity of the weather: "I'm *starved* with cold across my knees," he said. His employer repeated the sentence to some friends later, as an example of odd usages of verbs, and was surprised at being told that the man was justified in hi speech. No less an authority than Washington Irving uses "starve" in precisely the coachman's sense. It is of ancient lineage, and not obsolete although one very rarely hears it so employed in this country. It is, however, not uncommon in England, the country of its birth.

GRIP IN THE AIR.

THE CITY FULL OF IT.

Like a Cold, only Stubborn.

The symptoms of **La Grippe** as described by physicians are so like a **Cold** as to baffle the skilled practitioner. First a slight fever with chills, followed by a catarrhal condition of the head, decending to the throat and even to the larynx and bronchial tubes. In most cases there is a distressing and stubborn cough.

"77"

stops

GRIP

Taken early, cuts it short.

Taken during its prevalence, preoccupies the system and prevents its invasion."

Taken while suffering, relief is speedy and cure certain.

"77" cures stubborn COLDS that "hang on" and do not yield to treatment. Relieves in a few hours—cures in a few days.

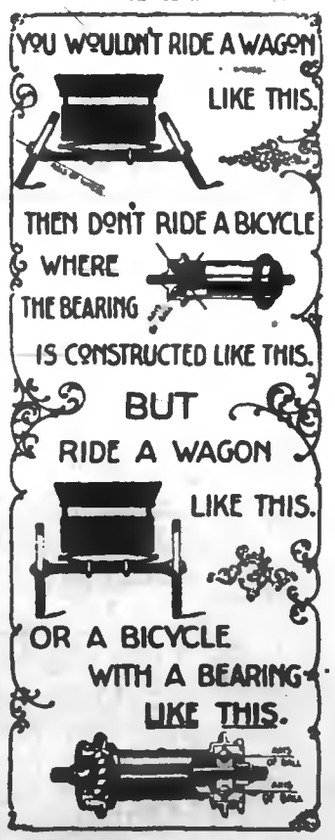
Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphries' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

—THE—
EVANS & DODGE
BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life o the wheel. The "E & D" will las longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY
AGENT.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

class with the man she saw holding the mob at bay.

So far as they can forsee, their troubles of the journey are now over. True, Don Carlos and the pasha are probably on the train, and Doctor Jack remembers having seen Pedro Vasques, the matador, in their company, but it does not seem probable that they will be able to do any more mischief on the road to Paris, however, much they may accomplish later.

Soon they are once more on the move. It is nearly midnight, and until early dawn they will creep northward. With the early morning they may expect to see the green waters of the magnificent Bay of Biscay on their left as they advance upon Bayonne.

The railroad approaches the coast, because in this way the great mountain wall of the Pyrenees is avoided in passing over to France. Besides, there are cities of considerable importance that need to be visited.

When they move on, the gentlemen make the ladies comfortable with rugs, having changed to another compartment at the junction because of the dilapidated condition of the one that had sustained the attack of the mob—the guard, who belongs to Jack, body and soul, goes through to Paris, it seems, and he looks after them.

Jack manages to sleep some himself in spite of the jostling of the car, which fact proves what a nature he has—few men could calmly sit down and take a nap after engaging in a sanguinary battle with a desperate mob, determined to have his life.

Time slips by—Jack is up and down, now out talking with the guard at a station, and more than once bending over to gently replace a rug that has slipped down from Avis' shoulders. Her eyes are shut, she seems to be asleep, and he stands a minute looking into that fair face. Will he ever have the privilege of pressing a kiss upon that sweet mouth. He is sorely tempted, but turns away with a sigh, which causes Avis to open her eyes and wonder what worries Doctor Jack.

All things must have an end, and this seemingly interminable night is no exception to the general rule—light appears without, and gray dawn shows them the waters of the bay. In places so close does the railway trend along the shore that the waves, rolling in and lashing the little beach, seem directly beneath them.

Then they run into the small town of San Sebastian, and soon the sun rises. Bayonne comes next, and our friends breathe a sigh of relief to think they have actually left Spain behind, and are speeding along toward Bordeaux.

At last they are in a condition to congratulate each other on the success attending their efforts; but the end is not yet—other dangers lie in the future, which may be as yet hidden from their view, but are nevertheless as real as those they have just come through.

The run to Paris is now no great matter, and with bright skies above them they pass through Bordeaux, and speed onward toward the gay French capital, where every tourist eventually turns, no matter what his object on the Continent. There is but one Paris—it is much the same to-day as during the last Napoleon dynasty, when galloping along the road to Ems with blindfolded eyes. It seemed a terrible thing to poor humiliated France to have Germany at her door, and the gay capital of the world in the hands of the Teutons, but looking back to-day, who would have it changed, since that defeat was but one of a series of events, destined to shake the grasp of the Napoleons from the throat of la belle France, and leave the country in the happy condition she rejoices in to-day—a republic, with no tyrant at her head.

It is early in the afternoon when the delayed express enters Paris. Our friends immediately debark. Jack keeps a sharp eye around for familiar faces, but those he hopes to discover keep shady, for he fails to discover them.

A carriage is hired, and they set out for a hotel, glad to be out of Spain, with the many discomforts that greet one there. It is not their intention to remain long in the French capital—duty beckons them on toward the Orient, where, as they believe, poor Aleck Morton languishes in confinement, a victim to the vengeance of the Pasha.

It is necessary that they have a breathing spell, however, and hence they determine to remain over a day or two until Jack has a chance to perfect his plans.

He knows the Pasha is in the city, keeping track of them, and the idea that the Turk will arrive in Constantinople as early as themselves gives him some concern. If some scheme could be devised to hold him back one or more days it would give them a start.

Doctor Jack has been considering this matter for some time—it made him sober while on the train, even after all troubles seemed to have been brushed aside, and ever since the idea has remained with him.

By degrees a plan has been evolved, and Doctor Jack becomes more sociable, since he has solved the enigma. He spends the rest of the day with his friends, and goes to the theatre at night—Patti or some song bird is at the Grand Opera House, and our friends enjoy the sights and sounds that greet them here.

It is after midnight when they return to the hotel, somewhat weary. Doctor Jack finds a chance to whisper to the driver in French:—

"Wait—I have further need of your services."

The man winks one eye, as though he understands—he is an old Jehu, and on many an occasion has taken the head of a family or the male members of a tourist party to the Parisian Mabille after the regular performances at the standard theatres are over.

Doctor Jack sees his friends into the hotel, bids them all good-night, and, as they believe, retires, but he has work to do this night. Three minutes later he emerges from the hotel, and comes upon the driver pacing up and down. Jack can chatter in French like a native.

"I am ready, driver," entering the vehicle.

"Where will monsieur go?" asks the man, with a leer, closing the door—the glass is down.

"To the office of the prefect of police," comes the astounding answer.

"Le diable!" ejaculates the Jehu, staggering back, "then it is not to the Mabille gardens?"

"You have my orders—drive on."

"Oui, monsieur." Scrambling to his seat, his mouth is in a pucker as of a man trying to whistle, but unable to make a sound, until several blocks have been passed over.

There probably does not live a Jehu in New York who does not know where the mayor's office is, since they get their licenses there. In Paris every driver can tell you exactly where the prefect of police may be found—even the daily habits of this high and mighty functionary are well known to them.

Hence it is that Jack's driver has no difficulty in taking his patron to the building where he will be apt to find the head of the greatest police force of modern times at work—for Monsieur le Prefect has a holiday very seldom, and at certain hours is always to be found in his office.

Jack knows himself where he is going—he has not spent weeks and even months in Paris without learning a few things, though as yet it has never been his fortune to meet the prefect of police save in a social way.

Leaving his vehicle in a quiet street, he enters a door—it belongs to no public house, and is one of the private ways for reaching the elevated office of the head officer.

On the way he passes two quiet men who look at him closely, and then silently bow, pointing onward. In this manner he finally reaches an ante-room, where he finds several officers gathered—they look like the aids of a general waiting either to deliver reports or receive orders, which is really the case. One of them steps forward, looks him in the face, and says:—

"You are Doctor Evank?"

"Yes. I would see the prefect," replies Jack.

"He is expecting you—pass through yonder door, and you will find him," is the astounding answer Doctor Jack receives—he can hardly believe his ears, for not to a single soul has he mentioned his intentions with regard to paying a visit to this place—surely the secret police of Paris must have supernatural power to be able to read one's very thoughts.

Filled with wonder and awe—he is not the first one who has been thus amazed by the power of these men—

Jack does as directed, opens a door, and enters a room, where he finds the prefect engaged in writing.

"One moment, Doctor Jack," calls the officer, never raising his eyes from his work, and the American has another shock.

His coming is known, just as though he were some high official, and his business of a great public importance, instead of a private affair, interesting to few besides himself.

He watches the prefect, notes the high character and shrewdness of the man as indicated by his countenance, and wonders what success he will have here, for the mission that has taken Doctor Jack to the office of the prefect of police is something of a haphazard one, and he cannot even wager on the result, but depends in a great measure on his luck to take him through.

At length the bell is sounded—an official enters the room, and the paper is handed to him with a few low words—the man makes a military salute, and is gone.

"Now, Monsieur Jack, I am at liberty to pay attention to you. If I mistake not you come here to tell me

To be Continued

AN IMPORTANT LETTER

SHOWING HOW A SUFFERER FROM SCIATICA WAS CURED.

A Correspondent of the Orillia News-Letter With Permission From the Author Makes the Letter Public—It Will be Gladly Read by Other Sufferers From This Painful Malady.

From the Orillia News-Letter.

The following letter has been forwarded us by the Coldwater, Ont., correspondent of the News-Letter, which we have great pleasure in publishing:—

COLDWATER, Sept. 25th, 1896.

A few weeks ago I became very unwell from an attack of sciatica, and remembering that a while ago a well known friend of mind, Mr. C. T. Hopson, of Fesserton, a few miles from here, had been a great sufferer from this painful complaint, I thought it would be well to consult that gentleman as to the medicine he gives credit to for his relief and cure, as I was aware that he was now well and hearty and had ever since been in steady work among lumber—his regular business. He gave me the information required, and wrote out the following testimonal which he desires to have published in any way I think proper, hoping that it will meet the eye of many sufferers like myself who are anxious to get relief. I therefore forward it to you to publish:—

FESSERTON, Sept. 18th, 1896.

"It is with the greatest pleasure that I testify to the marvellous benefit and cure that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effected in my case. In the year 1892 I was taken very bad with sciatica. I was treated at different times by two doctors but dispensed with their services as I found I was not getting the hoped for relief. I then tried different remedies advertised as a cure for sciatica, but with no better result. Then I tried strongly recommended electrical appliances, but still to no purpose. I did not improve any, and the pain was excruciating, and I began to lose all hope of ever getting better. I could not sit down or move about without suffering intense pain, and the only relief I could get was when I lay down with my legs stretched straight out and then the pain was somewhat less. I was in this position one day when I picked up a newspaper lying by my side and there I read of a man cured of sciatica by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Always having but little faith in proprietary medicines, and in view of the experience I already had, I would not have tried them but for the fact that my wife insisted on going at once and procuring some. She got a box and persuaded me to take them. By the time I had finished the box I believe I felt better, so I kept on taking the pills and by the time I had taken six boxes I was entirely cured. I had been laid up for four months before taking the Pink Pills, and I shall continue to take them occasionally as I know them to be an excellent medicine. I shall never cease recommending them.

Yours truly,
CHARLES T. HOPSON.

Our correspondent adds that this letter is from a much respected resident of Fesserton, whose word is generally considered as good as his bond.

A Chopper's Misfortune.

Mr. Thomas Woods, sr., met with a serious accident while working in the woods near Havelock on Tuesday of last week. He had just finished chopping a tree and had stepped back out of the way when the top of the tree came in contact with another one, which threw the butt off the stump in the direction in which he had gone. In trying to back out of the way he caught his foot on a snag and before he could release himself the tree fell upon his foot. As soon as possible he was relieved from his unfortunate position by some other men who were working in the vicinity, and Dr. Pettigrew, of Norwood, and Dr. Fowler, of Havelock, were summoned, when it was found necessary to amputate the foot above the ankle.—Norwood Register.

QUEBEC HEARD FROM.

Henry G Carrol, M. P., for Kamouraska Que., Sounds the Praises of Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

It will be noticed by those who have studied the testimonials for this wonderful catarrh remedy that they are thoroughly unsectional in character. Every province in the Dominion, through its members of Parliament, and most prominent citizens, has told of the peculiar effectiveness of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It is of a character that overcomes any local or climatic conditions, and as with Mr Carroll, it is a most effective remedy for catarrhal troubles, in whatever shape, not omitting hay fever, where it works like a charm, and in every case is speedy in effect. For sale by H S Macdonald.

—The Lakefield W C T U have passed a strong resolution condemning the Ontario Government for the proposed license law amendments.

While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

WE BELIEVE
there is no better soap made than our
Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason.
THE PROOF—
Its immense sales.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY MARCH 13, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. S. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownsmeath, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
H. E. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. H. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Dennis, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkumale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Moldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Dennis, Robert Lanes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.35 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.35 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., has found time in which to write a good book of over a thousand pages entitled, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified. Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies having been sold at $1.50 each. The profits on this enormous sale having repaid its author for the large amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to *give away absolutely free* 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1000 large pages, and over 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The *Free Edition* is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

LABBY GREW OFFENSIVE.

Told Sir Graham Bower, Who Was Under Oath, That He Did Not Believe He Was Telling the Truth.

London, March 12.—The examination of Sir Graham Bower, formerly Imperial Secretary at Cape Colony, was resumed to-day by the South African Committee, sitting in Westminster Hall. Witness testified that he had never told Cecil Rhodes to communicate his intention of assisting in the raid into the Transvaal to the High Commissioner. He understood that Rhodes intended to do so. Rhodes Sir Graham continued, had communicated his intentions to him as a personal friend, not as Imperial Secretary. He did not know if he had ever asked Rhodes whether he had informed the High Commissioner of his plans.

Mr. Labouchere, who is conducting the cross-examination, insisted upon a positive reply by the witness to the questions. The High Commissioner, he said, had wired last evening denying that he had ever been told anything before the raid that showed any connection between the force that had gathered on the frontier and the citizens' movement at Johannesburg. The witness persisted in the statement that he could not recall whether Rhodes had said to him that he had told the High Commissioner of his intention.

At this point the chairman interposed and ruled against Mr. Labouchere's continuing to press the point, whereupon Mr. Labouchere said he believed the witness was not telling the truth.

Mr. Chamberlain, speaking warmly, said: The committee must protect the witness from insult.

Mr. Labouchere: I repeat that it is my opinion that the witness is not telling the truth.

The Chairman: You are out of order.

Mr. Labouchere: I shall move that the room be cleared on every opposed question if necessary. I am going to see whether this enquiry is a sham or a reality.

The Chairman: This is not the way to facilitate business.

Mr. Labouchere: The way to facilitate business is to let me ask questions.

Then, turning to the witness, Mr. Labouchere asked: "Did Mr. Rhodes keep faith by informing the High Commissioner of his intentions of assisting in the rising?"

The witness vouchsafed no reply to the question, whereupon Mr. Labouchere asked: "Do you decline to speak in order to shield yourself?"

Other members of the committee interposed at this point, but Mr. Labouchere persisted in demanding an answer to his question, and the witness finally said:

"It is a matter of opinion whether Mr. Rhdes kept his word or not. I decline to say further."

In reply to a question by Sir William Harcourt, the witness said he did not think that Mr. Rhodes had co-operated with the High Commissioner in such a way as could have averted the raid.

Foreign Notes.

Two-thirds of the population of the British channel islands are females.

In Canton, China, they name streets after the virtues, as here they are named after persons. Thus there is a street called Unblemished Rectitude, a Pure Pearl street, a street of Benevolence and another of Love.

John C. Sutton of Denver spent all his money, $30,000, a few years ago in building a church in Denver, on condition that he should be allowed to live in the tower and be employed as the sexton of the church.

Hardly Thought She Could.

"And now, ladies," said the patroness at the conclusion of the opening address at the installation of the free refreshment room for the benefit of working girls who desire to improve their minds—"and now, in conclusion, I want you all to promise me that you will not think it necessary to put on your best attire when you come here. Just come in your working clothes Promise me that, will you?"

The plump girl with the large eyes timidly held up her hand. "If you please, ma'am, I am afraid I can't. I—I am in the chorus."—Indianapolis Journal.

Not a Cinderella.

A certain regiment had a very small band; but the commanding officer's feet were—well, very large. One day the regiment was to march out, but the music was not forthcoming.

"Where the deuce is the band?" queried the Adjutant.

For some time there was no reply; but, when the question was repeated, a gruff voice was heard from the rear rank: "I believe, sor, the Colonel trod on it be accident."—London Tid-Bits.

Basely Maligned.

"I have good reason to be," said the young man when they asked him why he was so sad. "You know I appeared at the Fadley Smarton ball as a fifteenth century Englishman.

"Yes."

"And, to make sure that I would be correctly reported, I had my office boy send an item to the papers. And he abbreviated it so that it came out that I was in the character of a 15-cent Englishman."—Indianapolis Journal.

THE GREAT PUGILISTS.

Fitz and Corbett Got Final Instructions From Referee Siler—In-Fighting Allowed.

Carson, Nev., March 12.—Several knotty questions in connection with the big fight were discussed and solved to-day, among them being the agreement between the fighters as to the Queensberry rules, and Dan Stuart's compromise with the Kinetograph Company. The principals in the main event of the carnival eased off in their work, and a large delegation of sporting men from the East arrived.

Martin Julian, representing Fitzsimmons, and W. A. Brady, acting for Corbett, met George Siler and Dan Stuart in the latter's office this afternoon and took up the question of rules. Each clause of Siler's instructions was taken up and worked over. The first eleven rules of Queensberry were passed upon without a hitch. Rule 12, touching upon the London prize ring regulations, brought Julian to white heat, and he protested strongly, but ineffectually, against Siler's judgment, which allowed hitting in clinches with a free hand, and also on breakaways. "No man who has followed Fitzsimmons in many of his battles will admit that this style of fighting suits him," asserted the stout manager. "Bob is essentially a puncher, and not a wrestler. At long range he is invincible, but I will not allow him to go in any 'mixed ale' scraps if I can help it. I thought this fight was to be the most scientific ever fought. Now, why does Corbett want to mix matters up so?"

Julian found nobody ready to agree with him. Brady came to the scratch at the outset and informed all present that Corbett would agree to anything reasonable. Siler, he said, was not Corbett's preference for a referee, but Jim had faith in the gentleman's discretion and honesty, and would not squabble over any ruling which was not downright unfair.

When Julian realized that he was alone in the controversy, he appealed to Dan Stuart for judgment, agreeing to abide by what the big Texan thought was right. Stuart invited Siler into a private room, where they conversed for a few minutes.

"Gentlemen," announced the promoter, "Mr. Julian has given us his word that he will accept my decision in this matter. I hope he knows me well enough to believe that I would not wrong Fitzsimmons in any manner. I am of the opinion that Mr. Siler's interpretation of the rules is absolutely impartial and gives neither of the fighters the slightest advantage. Let it be understood then that Corbett and Fitzsimmons may hit with a free hand during clinches, and that they may also bang away at each other during separating. In short, Mr. Siler's instructions are to be followed to the letter. I trust this will satisfy you all."

"Very well, then," Julian rejoined. "let it go at that. I won't kick."

Three hours of fast work on the road this morning left Corbett with plenty of steam for this evening's work. The punching bag was not touched, but Jim put in a few extra licks with the gloves after taking three straight games of handball from Al Hampton. He was closely watched by a number of Eastern gentlemen, who arrived on the early train, and they all pronounced him better able to put up a fight than ever. Many of them were Fitzsimmons' partisans, but they wore long faces after seeing Jim drive Woods around the court and knock him groggy while apparently holding himself back. Corbett was not even breathing hard when he turned in for his rub-down. He was a trifle nervous, though, and frequently warned his trainers to be careful about running in on him.

The roads about Cook's Ranch have dried materially, and Fitzsimmons tried his bike this morning. He wheeled 14 miles before 11 o'clock without a mishap, but his arms appeared to be stiff when he put the gloves on with Hickey. Dan was at his best, and Bob did not show up any too well in the bout. Roeber limbered the Australian up a bit, and Stenzler came in for some fancy short-arm punches. Clinch after clinch followed in the last set-to, and each time Bob showed his short-range punching ability in a wonderful manner. If, as Julian asserts, he is a long-range puncher, nobody has been able to discover the fact. His method of getting in on a break is totally different from Corbett's. Instead of swinging on his opponent's jaw with a downward and half-circular motion like Jim, he slips up under the guard with a swift and strong uppercut on the chin.

An obliging friend of Dan Stuart in San Diego has warned the director general that his box office is to be looted on the day of the fight. According to the Southern Californian an organized band of robbers will station themselves around the office, and, when they think enough money is in sight, guns will be whipped out and all hands stood up. Dan is not losing any sleep over the plot. He was also informed that the Eastern pool rooms had conspired to beat the fight by means of outside information, which would reach them ahead of the telegraphic bulletins. This dream will cause no trouble.

George Siler and Stuart were formally notified this evening that Jimmy Colville of Boston would serve as Corbett's timekeeper and that Lou Houseman of Chicago would hold the watch for Fitzsimmons.

Martin Flaherty, with a lean face, as brown as a berry, drove in from Genoa to-day and paid a visit to Corbett. Martin is down to 124 pounds, and has practically finished his training. He reports that Mysterious Billy Smith tips the scales at 147 pounds now, and is in excellent condition.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand for flour is limited and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $10; there is none offering. Shorts $10 to $11.

Wheat—There is nothing doing in the local wheat market. The feeling is irregular. Red winter is quoted at 73c, and white at 74c, west No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 30c to 32c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and feed at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, there being only a limited supply. White sold outside at 17½c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 3½c to 38½c, north and west.

Corn—The market is firmer, with car lots at 22c to 24c, outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales at 32c, east.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the western yards today were larger than usual. There were 68 car loads, including 250 head of sheep and lambs and 1800 hogs. The prices show little change. Choice export cattle sold at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and ordinary at 3½c to 3¾c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3c, and there was a good demand from Buffalo. Bulls 2c to 2½c per lb. Butchers' cattle in good demand and firm, best qualities selling as high as 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 250 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 3c to 3½c per lb.

Hogs are firm for choice light qualities. The best sold at 3¾c, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4¼c to 4½c; lightweights at 4¼c; sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 12.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 5d to 6s 6d; corn 2s 5¾d; peas, 4s 3¼d; pork, 48s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy 28s 0d; do., light, 28s 0d; do. short cut, 24s 0d; tallow 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage rather easier. English country markets steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 2¼d for May, 6s 2¼d for July and 6s 1d for Sept. Maize 2s 0½d for April, 2s 1½d for May and 2s 0d for July. Flour 2s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 60c for April. Flour 44f 35c for April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage steady.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 6s 2d for July and May and 6s 0½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 0¾d for April, 2s 1½d for May, 2s 0d for July and 2s 10½d for Sept. Flour 22s.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 13, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 80	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 05
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE'S Syrup of LINSEED and TURPENTINE cures All Throat and Lung Troubles
Teaspoonful Doses
PRICE 25 CENTS

Relief for Lung Troubles
The D. & L. EMULSION
Is CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.
By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I filled this Emulsion to vest I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal
50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

To Cure RHEUMATISM
TAKE
Bristol's
SARSAPARILLA
IT IS PROMPT RELIABLE AND NEVER FAILS.
IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL.
Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

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Standard of the World.
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NEW YORK.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.
All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.
WM. LECH & SONS,

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.
If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.
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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, March 13th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 303 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1ydkw

SCALES LIKE A FISH

Terrible Condition of a Baby from a Scaly Skin Humor.

Our baby boy was born July 1, 1894. In the fall his legs became rough, from some skin trouble, from his knees down to his toes, also his arms, breast, and abdomen. We tried a great many different kinds of remedies, but without success. In the summer of 1895 it became a little better, but in the fall, and all winter, it was a sight to behold. He had scales on his body and arms like a fish, and almost black. In fact we were ashamed with it, but could not help it. We were almost in despair until we had used CUTICURA REMEDIES for about four days, when we noticed an improvement. Every time my wife washed him, her apron became covered with a scale-like skin. To-day it is gone, his skin is as smooth as any child, and we owe it, with the blessings of God, to CUTICURA REMEDIES. If you can use this testimony, we give our full consent.

GEO. HUTBEKER & WIFE,
378 Maple Street, Detroit, Mich.

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective as CUTICURA, greatest of skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies. CUTICURA RESOLVENT daily performs more great cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating skin, scalp, and blood diseases than all other blood and skin remedies combined. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, constitute the only unfailing external and internal treatment for all humors of skin, scalp, and blood humors known.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Baby Humor," free.

PIMPLY FACES Prevented and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897.

Intense Pain From Sciatica—The Mystic Remedy, South American Rheumatic Cure Conquers it in Two Days.

The following comes from the wealthy lumberman of Merrickville, Ont., Mr. E. Ferrett: For a number of years I have suffered intense pain from rheumatism and sciatica in my left hip. It is needless to say I have doctored constantly, but without receiving anything but temporary relief. South American Rheumatic Cure was at last tried and its effect was truly magical. In two days the pain was all gone, and two bottles of the remedy cured me completely. I was so bad that for two years I could not lie on my left side if I got the universe for so doing. At present I have not a symptom of sciatica or rheumatism, and hence it is with much pleasure that I recommend this great remedy. I know it will cure. For sale by H. S. MacDonald.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 2d4

Advertise in the REVIEW.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor. Subject for evening sermon, "It is hard to be a Christian and be a Railroad Man." Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, March 14th. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. conducted by the Rev J C Anderson, of Norwood. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. 2nd Sunday in Lent, 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. This is the monthly communion of the men of the parish. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—R Fair, W G Howden, H Claxton, W J Montgomery. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, March 14th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. 2nd Sunday in Lent. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

LITTLE BRAVES!

Old time a quarter-a-box. "Purgers" are quitting the field in whole battalions.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 20c. a vial are driving them out at all points.

Because they Act gently, more effectively, never pain and are easy to take.

Sick Headache succumbs to one dose. Chronic Constipation dispelled with one vial, and Stomach Disorders of years standing absolutely cured. 40 doses, 20c. at all druggists. For sale by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

The Latest Chatter.

THE CHICK-A-DEES.

Out in the woods one bitter day,
When drifts blew high and skies were grey,
Three chick-a-dees with plaintive cry
Said, "Give us food or we will die."
I took my ax and smashed a stump,
Disclosing grubs all fat and plump;
Red-headed, wrinkled, long and luscious,
Glossy, toothsome, tasty, juicyous.
No matter—they were wholesome food;
The birdies said that they were good,
Their thankful, tuneful anthem rose up.
How dare we turn our haughty nose up
At what our fellow-creatures eat?
Your poison is your neighbors' meat.
A duck will make a meal in muck,
We strip, stuff, spit and eat that duck!
My birds flew down with great delight
And fed with hearty appetite.
And then in tones, harmonious, sweet,
They thanked me kindly for the treat.
Who feeds the ravens—if you please—
Sent me to feed His chick-a-dees.

* * *

And now, whene'er my ax they hear,
The birds come thronging far and near;
And every tree that crashing falls,
The chick-a-dees to breakfast calls.
The sound of chopping skyward borne,
That is their gladsome dinner horn.
I feel while chopping by the cord,
I'm a side partner of the Lord.
And I'm His agent, 'mid the trees,
To feed His hungry chick-a-dees.

* * *

They tell me that in heaven are bowers,
All filled with "never-withering flowers;"
A splendid place for birds, I wis—
That makes me think and write like this?
Some day my chick-a-dees will die,
Then may my dear ones upward fly,
To be in Heaven—oh, winsome thought,
Sweet angel chick-a-dees, why not?

—The Khan, in Toronto World.

British Strikes in 1896.

The annual report of Mr. J. Burnett of the Labor Department of the British Board of Trade, on strikes and lockouts, "shows that there were 876 disputes resulting in stoppage of work during 1896, and these involved 263,758 workpeople, as against 1061 disputes and 324,245 workpeople in 1894. As regards results, 303, or 34.6 per cent. of the disputes ended in favor of the workpeople, as against 35 per cent. in 1894; but in these successful disputes 24 per cent. of the persons affected during the year were involved, against 22.1 in the preceding year. The aggregate number of days lost in 1896 was 5,542,652, compared with 9,322,606 in 1894 and 21,205,062 in 1893. The average duration per head of disputes in 1896 was 21.6 days, as against 29.8 in the preceding year. The value of the aggregate number of working days lost, worked out as wages, would amount to about £1,120,000, compared with £2,000,000 in 1894. The percentage of persons concerned in the disputes of 1896, which were settled by conciliation or negotiation, was 74.8, as against 56.7 in 1894."

Bees and Grapes.

The Michigan experiment station has conducted experiments to determine whether bees injure grapes. Experimenter Taylor concludes that not only do bees not injure grapes, but that by gathering the juice of cracked ones they prevent decay and consequent destruction of sound ones.

She Got a Seat.

It was noon in a large quick lunch place. A young woman, comely as well as self-reliant, entered and glanced deliberately around in search of a vacant chair.

She saw one that appeared to be unoccupied, and, providing herself with a cranberry tart and a cup of coffee, started to take possession of it. But a man's hat was on the chair, and the owner of the hat happened to be at elbow with his modest luncheon in his hand. "Beg pardon, but this seat is engaged," he said.

Returning to the counter, the young woman put down her tart and coffee and started to find an empty chair. She found one in a remote corner of the big eating room, and, raising her hand to her head, she pulled out a couple of hairpins and flung her hat into the chair with a defiant "There! that's taken!"

She then brought over her tart and coffee, and enjoyed them in the consciousness that she was dependent upon no man's gallantry for the comforts of life.—Philadelphia Press.

No Excited Suspicion.

"Look here," said the tourist who had stopped at Canton, O., "I wish you'd tell me why you've been following me about in this manner for the last four hours?"

"Well, sir, as long as you've noticed it, there's no use of my trying to keep it back. I'm a detective."

"But why am I placed under the scrutiny of the law?"

"Well, sir, when you got out at the depot you remarked that you didn't come here to get any office. That aroused our suspicions. We hadn't seen anything like that in so long a time that the department thought they'd better detail a man to find out what you were up to."—Washington Star.

Money No Object.

Society was not exactly shocked, but it was considerably disturbed, the other day by the marriage of two very respectable young persons of the best set, neither of whom is possessed of any means to speak of. Society is speculating and awaiting the result of a practical experiment of that faded condition—love in a cottage. Several young ladies were discussing it the other day, with the result that love got a very black eye. One young woman however, was true to her affections, and would choose love in a cottage.

"I would sooner marry the man I love," she declared, "if he had only $10,000 a year than marry a millionaire that I didn't love."—San Francisco Post.

Nansen's Success.

The extraordinary social boom enjoyed by Dr. Nansen, which quite exceeds anything London ever did for Stanley or any other British explorer, has lifted the success of his book beyond doubt. The Constables paid such a huge price for it that the publishing trade believed it would ruin them; but I have their assurance that every subscription received after last Monday noon represented a net profit. The book will appear on Monday, and will monopolise the British reading world to the exclusion of all else.

Other European countries are not so excited over the Swedish hero, and in Norway, perhaps because he is a Swede, the papers are cynically referring to him as Finansen. Certainly his monetary rewards are going to be enormous.—London Cor. N.Y. Times.

A Cure for Corpulency.

A physician who makes a specialty of physical culture and the reduction of obesity tells a rather amusing story of a sidewalk peddler who came to him for some remedy to check his growing corpulency. The man was a dealer in toy balloons, and the most prominent portion of his frame was his abnormally large abdomen. The physician prescribed no drugs, but advised the man to change his line of goods, and to offer for sale some mechanical toy that would be displayed on the sidewalk. The new prescription obliged the patient to stoop over two or three hundred times a day, and the doctor declares it to be a fact that in three months' time this exercise, without diet or medicine, had reduced the man's girth 11 inches.—Harper's Bazaar.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 26

A Separate Cure for Each Disease
AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

Barns Cost Money

to build, and will cost money to replace. Paint 'em and save 'em. Paint of the right sort, carefully used, will give good returns on the investment. The barn will last longer and look better. Lumber that has become weather beaten, is beginning to decay. Good paint closes the pores of the wood, stops decay, and preserves the structure.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CREOSOTE PAINT

is the best barn paint. It is made for use on coarse grained woods. It is good for barns, roofs, and fences. The colors are right, the paint is right. It is economical.

If you are in doubt as to the best paints to use for bath tubs, chairs, cupboards, shelves, baseboards, buggies, boats, plows, wagons, floors, houses—for any paintable thing under the sun—send for "Paint Points." It is a book for the house-keeper and house-owner. It tells what is good paint and bad paint, when to paint, and how to paint. It is a handy book for anyone to have. It is free. Send for it to-day. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
CHICAGO
NEW YORK
MONTREAL

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 36 years in thousands of cases in the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR:

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 206 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

MRS. APPLEBY

Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of

Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.

The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.

Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.

426 Water Street.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25.* and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 62. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY

Arrayed Against Russia, Germany and Austria.

The New Cleavage is the Work of Public Sentiment, and the Political Leaders, Though Opposed to It, Cannot Ignore It—Growing Antagonism in Britain Against Germany—The Significant Words of Mr. Goschen in the British House of Commons Regarding the Navy.

New York, March 14.—The Sun's special London cable says: The general belief now is that the powers will condescend to argue the subject of Crete with Greece, in spite of their absolute ultimatum which King George has disobeyed. The reason for this concession is, as was telegraphed mid-week, that the French Government is unable to commit itself to drastic measures of coercion without the consent of public opinion in that country. M. Hanotaux has postponed until Monday his appeal to the Chamber of Deputies to support the Government in whatever policy seems necessary, but it is pretty clearly indicated that this policy will not include any punitive action against Greece at the present moment, although the three Emperors are openly desirous of dealing with King George in a high-handed fashion. Each day's delay is making more conspicuous the new cleavage of Europe which the Greece-Cretan crisis has caused.

Public opinion is now openly divided, east against west. Great Britain, France and Italy are arrayed against Russia, Germany and Austria. It would not be surprising or unnatural if this division became more distinct and permanent. I do not desire to imply that there is any desire on the part of the Cabinets of the Western powers, or any one of them, to secede from the European concert. The new cleavage is the work of public sentiment, and nothing else. Lord Salisbury, M. Hanotaux and Signor Rudini are all opposed to it. Nobody can calculate yet to what it may lead.

Sympathy with Greece in this country is being strengthened daily by the growing antagonism against Germany. Emperor William's naval program has aroused intense feeling in all parties. Its virtual rejection by the committee of the Reichstag to-day will not mitigate English bitterness.

There is immense significance in the British Government's reply to the German Emperor, announced last night by Mr. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons. His language means more than is contained in the ultimatum to Greece. He said: "In the present year there will be built sixty-six ships, and there will be 106 under construction. Is that program sufficient? It had been settled on the principle of seeing what forces we might have to meet. Looking at the normal shipbuilding of various countries we took a survey, and the result of that survey is embodied in the estimates we propose. But there is what I may call a balance of power in navies of Europe, and we should watch with some anxiety that that balance should not be disturbed by any abnormal effort on the part of any other power.

"I am not frightened by programs. You have programs of all sorts, political and naval programs, and they are not always executed. Some of the largest programs of foreign countries have never come into execution, and, therefore, when a program is first launched to the world we cannot take it too seriously, because, like other programs, it may be for home consumption or it may be for foreign consumption. I make these remarks in order to assure the House that, though we may not take into consideration any particular program, yet if any abnormal efforts are made or any abnormal program is actually put into execution, that would seem to disturb the general amount of naval power which would belong to different countries, certainly I should think it to be my duty, and the Government would think it to be its duty, to reconsider its position; and they would be perfectly certain, whatever happened, if it were necessary in consequence of abnormal efforts on the part of any other power to make corresponding efforts here, to receive the support of the House of Commons."

These few remarks on behalf of Lord Salisbury's Government will cause more bitterness in Berlin than anything that has happened since the flying squadron was sent out. They were applauded by both sides of the House of Commons, and they are indorsed by Great Britain en masse.

BLEW UP TURKISH TROOPS.

A Railroad Bridge near Salonica Shattered by Dynamite and Many Drowned.

Athens, March 13.—A despatch from Larissa, in Thessaly, says that a railway bridge over the River Vardnaria, near Salonica, Turkey, was blown up with dynamite while a train with 300 Turkish troops on board was crossing over it. A large portion of the bridge was completely wrecked. Several of the cars were overturned and fell into the river. Many of their occupants were unable to get out and perished before assistance could be rendered them. Other soldiers who managed to get free from the cars were dragged down by the weight of their accoutrements and drowned. It is not known how many lost their lives, but it is reported that the number is large.

It is supposed that the explosion was caused by Macedonian malcontents.

Advices from Canea show that the pillaging of the houses of Christians is being continued, not by Turkish troops alone, but by the Turkish municipal authorities, and despite the fact that sailors and marines from the foreign warships landed ostensibly to protect the town, no attempt has been made to stop the robberies. Last night and to-day the municipal officers went to the houses of Christians, who fled from the city, and opened them under the pretext that they were to be used as lodging places for some of the many refugees. The object of the officers, however, was to steal anything they could place their hands on. They even took away the furniture and household utensils, to say nothing of other valuables they found. In some cases the house was completely dismantled.

Gave Him Five Minutes to Leave.

Athens, March 13.—The Greek steamer Smyrna arrived at Canea this morning. Immediately after she had come to shore her captain received an order from one of the foreign admirals directing him to leave at once. The captain of the Smyrna refused to do so, whereupon the admiral who issued the order sent him notice that he would be given five minutes in which to obey his command. In view of this peremptory notice the Smyrna weighed her anchor and left Canea.

MORE WARLIKE AGAIN.

Greece Issues a Decree of Mobilization, the Same as in War Time.

New York, March 14.—A special cable from Athens to The Journal says:

A royal decree just issued declares the army in a state of mobilization, excepting those exempt from service, amounting to 60,000. This measure authorizes requisitions and the formation of battalions of unlimited numbers as in time of war. This order, issued at a time when all advices from Europe indicate that the powers have agreed to maintain their decision with regard to Crete, and are on the point of issuing their ultimatum to Greece, is proof that the Government has resolved not to recede from its position.

English Radical Demonstration.

London, March 14.—Another radical manifestation to express sympathy with Greece in her efforts in behalf of the Cretan Christians was held this afternoon in Trafalgar Square. There were 20,000 persons present. The speakers included Michael Davitt, Francis C. Hanning J. Havelock Wilson and J. H. Dalziel, all members of the House of Commons, and several Nonconformist ministers. The speakers maintained the right of the Cretans to settle their political differences themselves without any intervention on the part of the powers, and denounced Prime Minister Salisbury for the part he has taken in connection with Russia, Germany, Austria, France and Italy to compel Greece to abandon her attempts to liberate Crete and to save the Christian population of the island from Turkish misrule, oppression and massacres.

The resolutions adopted protest against the use of the British forces to suppress the laudable efforts of Greece in behalf of civilization and Christianity. They also declare that the reply made by the Hellenic Government to the note of the powers offers a satisfactory basis for a settlement of the whole question, and urge the Government not to assent to the policy of coercion that is advocated by certain of the Continental powers, notably Germany.

ANATOLIA IS TROUBLED.

Armenians Are in Fear of Their Lives and a Massacre is Reported.

London, March 14.—The Morning Post will to-morrow print a despatch from Constantinople, saying that advices have been received there from Adana showing that the people of that town are in a terrible condition. The Armenians are in fear of their lives, and dare not leave the quarter allotted to them for occupancy. The Turkish officials are using every means to enforce the collection of taxes, despite the fact that the district has been devastated and the people have scarcely anything to meet the demands made upon them. The Turkish troops have not been paid in months, and they threaten to commit excesses if their arrears of wages are not promptly settled. Many similar reports have been received from other provinces in Anatolia. It is rumored that a massacre of Armenians has taken place in Sivas, but no details are given.

It is stated that the Russian troops on the Anatolian frontier will occupy the country in the event of the disorders breaking out. Advices from another source are to the effect that disorders have occured at Gemerek in the vilayet of Sivas and that several Armenians have been killed. An agent named Yussuf, who was disbursing relief to the sufferers at Sert in the vilayet of Diarbekr, has been murdered and robbed of five hundred pounds which had been furnished to him for relief purposes by the Duke of Westminster's Armenian fund. The offenders were probably Kurds. Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador, and Hon. A. W. Terrill, the American Minister, have demanded that the Porte punish the murderers and restore the money stolen.

The Porte Agrees.

Constantinople, March 14.—The Porte has agred to concentrate the Turkish troops now on the island of Crete in the fortified towns as soon as the Greek forces are withdrawn.

Will Proclaim It.

Canea, March 14.—The fact that the powers have decided to establish an autonomous government in Crete is

Continued on Page 7.

JUBILEE 3-CENT STAMP

A Special Issue to Commemorate This Eventful Year.

Some Misunderstanding as to the Military Order From the Old Country—Bisley Men Are Accepting—Gift to Public Libraries of Old Census Books—Rogers' Case Before the Supreme Court—Great Boom in the Lumber Trade Just Now in View of the Prospective Increase of Duty—Ottawa News.

Ottawa, March 14.—(Special.)—Here is good news for postage stamp collectors. The Postmaster-General proposes, as far as his department is concerned, to commemorate Her Majesty's diamond jubilee by the issue of a new 3-cent postage stamp, appropriate to the occasion. It will have a limited circulation only, probably for a period of months covering the jubilee celebrations during the coming summer. When the sale is stopped the present 3-cent stamp will be put in circulation again.

The invitation received from the Colonial Office for Canada to send a representation of militia to take part in the diamond jubilee celebration has been under the consideration of the Government. It is somewhat ambiguous in its terms, and uncertainty prevails as to whether the invitation includes only officers, or whether it embraces officers and men. Until such time as definite information upon the point has been received, a decision as to the Canadian representation will not be made.

Although only a few days have elapsed since members eligible for Bisley were notified to send in their acceptances or not, the secretary of the D.R.A., Col. Bacon, has received nine letters of acceptances and no refusals.

As more accommodation is needed for clerks in the Department of Agriculture, it has been decided to get rid of the accumulations of census volumes. The Minister therefore proposes to present a set of census volumes of 1891 to every public library in the Dominion.

In the Supreme Court yesterday the case of Rogers v. the Toronto School Board was argued. The plaintiff, Rogers, was superintendent of the coal company which had a contract to supply coal for the Ryerson School in Toronto. Between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening before the day for delivery he went to examine the premises. A caretaker lived in a cottage near the school house, and being laid up from an accident his wife pointed out to the plaintiff the windows through which the coal was to be put into the basement. He asked to see the basement and a man named Rooney, who was a friend of the caretaker's, and in his house at the time, volunteered to take him down. It did not appear clearly whether or not he got the key from the wife, or if the door was open. The plaintiff followed this man downstairs, and in doing so fell into a pit near the furnace and was severely injured, for which he brought the action for damages. He recovered a verdict and $5000 damages at the trial, which the Court of Appeal reversed, and dismissed his action. Counsel for the appellant argued that the plaintiff was on the premises by the implied invitation of the board, and also that he could recover if he was a mere licensee. McCarthy, Q. C., for appellant; Christopher Robinson, Q. C., and Hodgins, for respondent. The arguments of counsel were not completed when the court rose. The next case on the list is the Consumers' Gas Company v. The City of Toronto.

The prospective increase in lumber duties by the United States Congress has had a marked effect on the Canadian lumber trade. At present Canadian dealers are almost unable to meet demands for lumber coming from American buyers. Larger and better sales are being made this season than ever before. Owing to the open winter and consequent lack of snow the cut in the various camps has not been as extensive as in previous years, although the demand is much greater. The Canada Atlantic Railway is making very large shipments from Rockland, Hawkesbury and Ottawa. The company is doing its utmost to find cars in which to carry on the export trade. The officials of the road state that never in its history has the C. A. Railway been so pressed for cars and accommodation as at present.

Messrs. Howland, Keefer and Munro, Canadian commissioners under the Deep Waterways Commission, had a meeting here yesterday to complete their report to the Government of their joint diliberations with the United States representatives. Much valuable information has been gained and plans formulated, with accompanying sketches and maps. The United States Government will be asked by its commissioners to appropriate $150,000 for surveys. Canada may be asked to contribute a little, our part of the work being nearly done. About $15,000 will be sufficient for all purposes. The commissioners' report will be presented to Parliament at the approaching session.

Mr. F. H. Walker of Walkerville was here yesterday on business with the Inland Revenue Department. Mr. Walker says his firm did not manufacture any whiskey last year on account of a double stock laid in during the previous year, when grain was selling at low prices. If the firm had waited till this last season they would have been perhaps further ahead, because grain was purchaseable for a time at even lower figures.

Senator Bechard is dying. Mr. Tarte went to see him Friday.

The Order of Trappists are applying for incorporation to hold and maintain institutions in Manitoba and the Northwest.

James William Bain, Postoffice Inspector of Montreal, and Francois Choquette have been appointed commissioners to investigate and report upon certain complaints respecting the management of the Louiseville postoffice, Quebec.

William Cook, Fergus Murphy and John C. Howe, Quebec, have been appointed commissioners to investigate into and report upon the nature and extent of the losses incurred by the citizens of Quebec in consequence of the landslide that occurred there in September, 1889.

The Indian Department is advised of the death of Dr. Richard Stephen, Indian medical officer on Manitoulin Island.

The Department of Trade and Commerce has received the reply of the Victoria Board of Trade to circulars sent out by the department. It recommends the appointment of commercial agents in foreign countries, the pushing of emigration and building of lines to develop the resources of the Pacific Province.

Cyrus Beardsley, who kept a boot shop on Rideau street, is missing, and yesterday Judge Rose codemned him to serve twelve months in jail for defrauding his creditors. Recently Beardsley declared himself insolvent, his liabilities being placed at $12,000 and the assets at $1900.

BE ONE WITH SUCCESS.....

What better proof can be had of the thoroughness of the work done at the

Peterborough Business College

than that the present premises barely afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a

Business and Shorthand Education

Full information may be had by calling at the College or addressing

PRINGLE & McCREA,
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Lost or Found.

DOG LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY, March 10th, A BLACK COCKER SPANIEL, answering to the name of "TRIP." Any person detaining the animal after this notice will be prosecuted. J. W. MAYBEE, 36 Hunter-st. 66tf

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 509 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 69eod

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET

FURNISHED RESIDENCE, with all modern improvements, electric light, etc., in good locality, to rent at once. For particulars apply to 217 London-st. 14d

Wanted.

Wanted, Help.

RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $46 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. 459-w11 3m

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

SAWS Filed and Gummed to First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH 290 Charlotte-st.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 236 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

ASSIGNEES
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Probabilities.
Fair and cold.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Timber Limits
In the Townships of Cavendish, Anstruther and Harvey, known as
"The Scott Limits"

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Memorandum of Agreement, dated the 15th day of September, 1893, made between The Dickson Company of Peterborough (Limited) and J. W. Howry and Sons, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Oriental Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on

Thursday, the 15th day of April, 1897

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, those valuable Timber Berths or Limits, commonly known as "The Scott Limits," situate in the Townships of Anstruther, Cavendish and Harvey, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, particularly described as follows:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF ANSTRUTHER:
Concession 1, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 4 inclusive, and 12 to 17 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 6 inclusive, and 14 to 17 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and 12, 13, 16, 17.
do 5, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, except 13 and 14
do 6, Lots 1 to 13 inclusive and 16.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
Containing in all 28,300 acres, equal to 44½ square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF CAVENDISH:
Concession 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive
do 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive, and Islands Nos. 2, 3, 4.
do 6 Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, 18, Island Lot 19. Island No. 1, and Lots 22 to 29 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 16 to 29 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
Containing 39 900 acres, equal to 62 square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF HARVEY:
Concession 7, Lots 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28.
do 8, Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
do 9, Lots 25, 26, 28.
Containing 4,480 acres, equal to 6¾ square miles, more or less.

Also the following Patented lands in the said Township of

HARVEY:
Lot 15, Concession 8 and Lot 15, Concession 9

All the foregoing Timber Berths are under License from the Department of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario and are subject to an annual ground rent of $3 00 per square mile and to the Crown Timber Regulations relating to timber dues, locations etc. They are well timbered, principally with White Pine, besides Cedar, Hemlock and other woods. They are well watered for the driving of logs, the streams which are well improved with dams, slides etc., being tributary to the Mississaga River. The extreme distance from these limits to the town of Peterborough is about 30 miles.

The whole property described will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to the right of the vendors to buy same in.

TERMS—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Vendors at the time of sale, a further payment of twenty per cent. in one month thereafter and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum secured upon the property in manner appropriate to its peculiar nature.

The other terms and conditions will be such as are usual upon sales under the power contained in a mortgage and will be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendors' Solicitor.

For further information application may be made to

MESSRS. BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto Building, Toronto.
MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH & CASSELS, Solicitors, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto and to the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough March 3rd, 1897.

A. P. POUSSETTE,
379 Water Street Peterborough,
Solicitor for the Vendors, the Dickson Company, of Peterborough, (Limited.)

This advertisement is published by leave of His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Peterborough.

R. F.

CHARMING CARPETS!

We are ready for the Spring Trade with charming lines of New Willtons, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. These have been imported direct from the makers, and are branded with our name woven on each roll, as follows:—

"Manufactured Expressly for Robert Fair, Peterborough."

Preparations have been made for Spring Carpet buyers, which abundantly justify our title to the ladies Carpet Emporium of this district. At least, nothing is wanting to warrant the necessity of journeying to the cities for floor coverings.

Time was when we could not honestly have made that last statement. We have done experimental work but that time has passed now. We have the endorsement of most of the best carpet buyers in the district for having the best carpet stock, the best carpet ideas, and the best values in carpets to be found.

Rugs, Mats Stair and Hall Carpets to match.

Real English Linoleums and Inlaid Linoleums, (something quite new,) in superb assortment.

Kensington and Art Squares, Cumb Cloths, etc., in new colors and patterns.

The latest Ideal Drapery, Lace Curtains, High-class Portiers and Chenile Portiers, in a select assortment of special merit.

We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.

We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6.) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary.

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

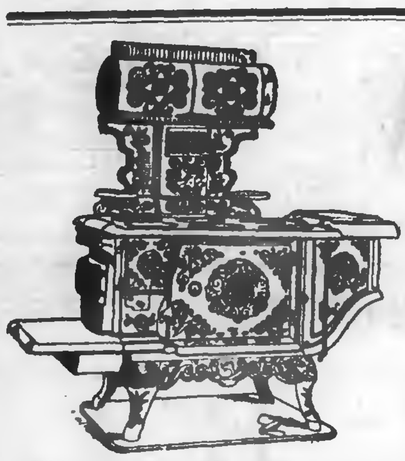
AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE STORMER BICYCLE.

WHY?

Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.

J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
293 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 218 Day or night.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

SMOKED MEATS

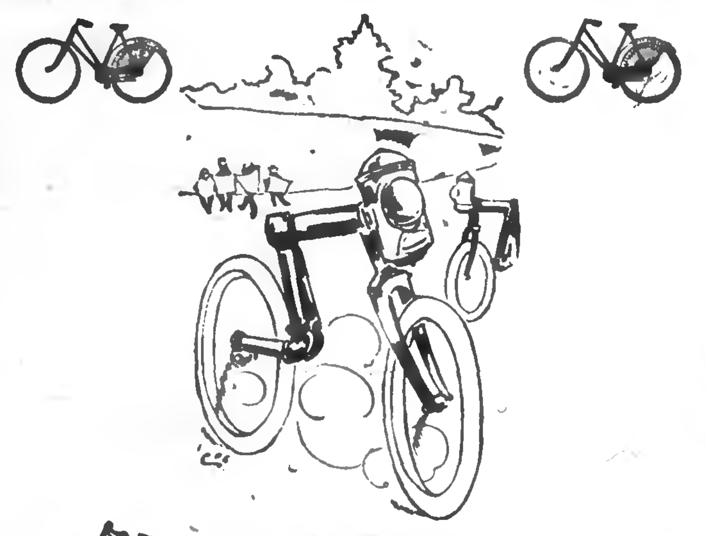
HOWDEN'S BRAND OF

Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.



O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

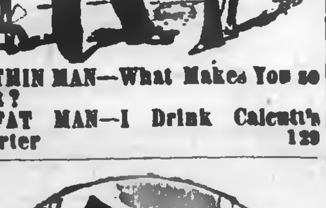
These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD,

Charlotte Street.



VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. d47w

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Horrors of Dyspepsia

Sour Stomach, Heart Palpitation, Nervous, Sleepless

Now Able to Do All the Housework —What Cured Her.

The excellent qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a stomach tonic and appetizer enable it to relieve and cure dyspepsia even when cure seems hopeless. Read Mrs. Willett's letters:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very

Letter No. 1

Weak and Nervous.

About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Still Praising Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Letter No. 2

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897

MR. Hardy seems quite anxious to be a temperance man and to have it believed that he is at the head of a temperance Government. But, like Sir Oliver, he plays with the license machine. Unlike Sir Oliver, however, he cannot play the same soothing airs to the temperance people.

THE fire in the western block on Parliament Hill, at Ottawa, seems to have been a windfall to the Liberals in two ways. It gave the Government an excuse for further postponing the meeting of Parliament for which they could not have been ready, and it is now furnishing a great election force in supplying work for men from Hull where the Wright bye-election campaign is in progress.

THE Opposition are going to investigate some of the public accounts before the committee of the Legislature. There is no doubt that there is a great field in the provincial accounts for investigation, but a change of Government would do more to unearth the dark spots than any committee where a Liberal majority have the control. The people realize this, and recognize that it is time for a change.

THERE may have been a good many in Ontario who did not know the new Conservative leader in Ontario, Mr. Whitney, but it is safe to say that he will not be long in making himself known among his friends and felt among his opponents. In fact he has started well on the work during this first session of the Legislature since he assumed the leadership. He has proved himself to be alive to the provincial interests, fearless in performing his duty and able and capable in defence. He is strong in debate, and promises to make things exceedingly interesting for Mr. Hardy and his following.

THE Montreal Gazette remarks that Mr. Labouchere tried his hand on Friday at bullying a witness in the Transvaal raid enquiry and got sat upon for his pains. There is too much of an impression that a man in the witness box forfeits all right to civil treatment. Lawyers, and sometimes judges, encourage it. It is refreshing to find that ancient defender of the liberties of the subject, the British House of Commons, standing out in defence of a witness and protecting him from insult. The courts might do worse than take a hint from the House of Commons committee.

IT is now said that the Dominion Government will have very little business ready for the House when Parliament meets next week although they have delayed the session much later than is usual. This is simply proof of the fact that these men who talked so much in Opposition are not prepared to step out and take action when they have the opportunity. The commissions that have been busy hunting for a policy for the Government do not seem to have returned to Ottawa with sufficient evidence along any one line to warrant definite action, unless that action be along the lines of the Conservative Administrations which were so much and so bitterly criticized.

MR. Hardy had no apology to offer for one of his followers, Mr. Conmee, who was a candidate for the House of Commons in the last Dominion election while still a member of the local Legislature, but he did explain that some months after the election Mr Conmee asked the opinion of the Government on the matter, and he was advised not to resign as no good would be accomplished. No good for the cause of the Government or Mr. Conmee, perhaps, but the case is one that of does no credit to the man who tried to be a member of both Parliaments at one time, or to the Government that allowed him to be a candidate without paying the penalty, that seeking re-election by the people who refused to place him in the House of Commons. Mr. Conmee has become a prominent member of the Liberal party in the Legislature. We wonder if they are really and truly proud of him.

WE would offer one suggestion to those who may assemble to discuss the proposed Queen's Jubilee demonstration at the public meeting called for to-morrow night. Whatever demonstration is held let provision be made or ways and means considered for making provision to meet the expenses of the day's celebration as nearly as possible, so that there will not have to be a twenty-five cent admission fee charged to see whatever programme is arranged. Let the celebration, if possible, be a people's holiday. One in which all may participate without money and without price. Let the poor as well as the well-to-do join in a joyous celebration of the diamond jubilee of our most Gracious Queen. Let the celebration which the citizens arrange be open to all. Let it be a citizens' celebration, which need not necessarily interfere with demonstrations or programmes which may be arranged by private or society enterprises.

THE Peterborough temperance people are told that the proposed amendments to the liquor license law will reduce the number of local licenses by seven. Well and good. But local temperance people can remember when the Town Council made a reduction of six in the local licenses, but their purpose was frustrated and their object blocked by the licence commissioners who left the very places that were objected to and which it was desired to have closed with a license and were preparing to cut off men who had kept respectable hotels, where travellers and the farming community were given excellent accommodation and the license law was observed. If the proper places are not cut off, little will be gained by a reduction of seven in the number of licenses. The Legislature should give the municipality the right to name the places that would go under a reduction. The machine will manipulate things on political lines, just as sure as the reduction is made.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d43t

"That Confounded Buckwheat!"

Only the other day a dairy student at the University of Wisconsin asked Professor W. A. Henry if buckwheat was an injurious stock food, and the professor said: "No, but that is a widespread belief, and even when a farmer gets the scratches he lays it to the buckwheat. You see," continued the Professor, "in summer time some farmers never eat buckwheat and when the summer work is done, he loafs around the house and wants to fill up on buckwheat. Comes down stairs in the morning where his wife has a well spread table of buckwheat cakes and hog's grease; that is his winter's diet, you see; at morning, noon and evening he has the same, buckwheat and hog's grease. As the cold winds blow harder and fiercer with the advance of winter, he hugs closer to the stove and of course (with a satanic grin) the hog's grease is started—he bathes once a year when that is sufficient, and very seldom washes; appears day after day in the same blue jeans, goes to the store, close to the stove, and cusses the corner on soap or the monopoly on board of health lactometers. His liver is beginning to get bad. He comes home and sees the hitching post in front of th[illegible] it is suggestive as a scratcher; he feels he has the scratches. After dinner he comes out and tackles the hitching post with his back and makes such a racket that his wife comes out exclaiming, 'Oh, John, you've got the scratches!' Yes, says John. 'Oh, John, why what could have given you them?' Well, the only thing I don't eat in the summer that I [illegible] the winter is buckwheat [illegible] is that confounded [illegible]—Thomas Dixon, in Ho[illegible]

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BOUGHT YANKEE RAILS.

A Canadian Government Order for the Intercolonial Given to a Maryland Firm.

Montreal, March 14.—(Special.)—For the first time since the completion of the Intercolonial, an American firm has received an order from the Dominion Government for the supply of steel rails, and consequently the fact is more or less commented on in trade circles. It has for many years past been the custom of the Department of Railways and Canals to purchase several thousand tons of rails every spring, and a few weeks ago tenders were invited for the supply of 1000 tons of 56-lb. rails for the Prince Edward Island section and 2000 tons of 67-lb. rails, the latter to be landed at Halifax.

All the agents of English firms tendered, but your correspondent learns to-day that the Maryland Steel Co.'s tender has been accepted by the Government, and it is understood that the price is in the neighborhood of $20 per ton.

As before intimated, this is the first time an American firm has ever been a successful tenderer for Intercolonial rails, although it is understood that Belgian rails have already been purchased for the Government railway.

It was quite natural that Hon. Mr. Fielding's statement on the coal question, which was published in The World of Saturday, should cause considerable interest in Montreal, yet all has not yet been told. It is well known that President Whitney of the Dominion Coal Co. spent a portion of last week in Ottawa, where the Canadian Finance Minister and the shrewd American went into the question of the coal duties very fully. Mr. Fielding and Mr. Whitney are not newly-formed acquaintances, the present Finance Minister having been Premier of Nova Scotia when the Government of that province made the deal with the powerful coal company in question, and it was hinted by wicked Tories that the company's subscription to the Liberal election fund in the Bluenose province was generous in the extreme. Indiscreet people say that the only coal men who met Mr. Fielding at the Windsor on Friday were the representatives of the Dominion Co. in Montreal and Halifax, and that the whole thing was a put up job to secure Mr. Whitney an official statement to be used at Washington, where his friends are already hard at work endeavoring to have legislation adopted that will prevent any lowering of the coal duties at Ottawa.

Amongst late arivals here were Hon. John Harris and Mr. A. S. Rendell of St. John's, Nfld. Mr. Harris is a member of the Legislative Council of that colony, a body of sixteen gentlemen, who, unlike M.L.C.'s in other countries, do not represent any particular district, but rather interests or creeds. These gentlemen in conversation with The World imparted the information that a great deal of dissatisfaction still existed amongst the Newfoundland mercantile classes at the disadvantage the fishing interests of the island labor under while competing with the cod caught by French vessels on the French shore of Newfoundland and exported to the Mediterranean ports.

Being asked to explain, Mr. Rendell, who is the head of the trading firm of A. S. Rendell & Co., stated that the French Government hide away a sufficient sum in their navy estimates to enable them to pay a bounty of not less than $2 per quintal on all fish caught on the so-called French shore, and when there is a surplus in la belle France it can be easily seen that these fish, which are so heavily bonused by the Government of the Republic, will come into fatal competition with the direct exports of the Newfoundland dealers.

"Has the matter been recently brought to the notice of the Imperial authorities?" the correspondent asked.

"Yes, until we are tired; for nothing is ever done to relieve our people of this disadvantage. There is also another feature not generally recognized by those who discuss this question of fish bounties. The French Government grant this bounty of $2 per quintal on the plea that the Newfoundland fisheries form a training school or recruiting ground for the French navy, when, as a matter of fact, very few, if any, of these men ever enter the navy of Old France."

Mr. Rendell, as well as Hon. Mr. Harris, believes that if the Canadian Government could hold out any prospect of a satisfactory settlement of this question there would be little objection on the part of Newfoundland to cast in her lot with Canada and round off the Dominion.

Manitoba wheat is still being got out of the hands of the farmers. From March 1 to March 11 181,850 bushels were received at Portage La Prairie, Carberry, Brandon, Carman, Gretna, Souris, Glenboro, Morden, Emerson, Killarney and Deloraine. For the season up to the 11th there were 8,929,965 bushels received at the above-named points, against 14,497,000 bushels for the same period of 1896. The following figures will give an idea as to the quantity received each day at the different elevators along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west of Winnipeg: March 4, 25,000 bushels; 5th, 15,060; 6th, 21,290; 8th, 8800; 9th, 11,800; 10th, 17,200; 11th, 24,700. The quantity of grain in store at Fort William on March 11 reached 2,966,248 bushels.

There appears to be little doubt that the huge bridge to connect Montreal with the south shore, the name of which will be the Royal Albert, is to be begun this summer. An order-in-council has been passed at Quebec aiding the enterprise to the extent of $500,000, the payments to extend over a period of twenty years. The Dominion Government is supposed to give the usual 15 per cent., while 15 per cent. additional will be forthcoming from the City Council.

The Witness says that Mr. Fielding's statement of the Government's policy in regard to the coal duties will neither please the tariff reformers nor the protectionists.

After a trial extending over several days, an Italian named Pagnuelo Ciarlo, charged with the murder of Fred Linto of Montcalm-street, was yesterday acquitted by a mixed jury. It was pretty well established that the man who struck the blow escaped and that Ciarlo had nothing to with the stabbing.

Hon. F. J. Flynn and Hon. A. W. Atwater will address a public meeting in Lachute on Tuesday next.

It is now known that Mr. Langlois, the present clever editor of La Patrie, will be appointed Senate translator at the end of the coming session, and that he will be replaced here by Mr. Bourassa, M. P. for Labelle.

The Canadian Pacific will send a private car to New York to-morrow evening to meet Sir Donald Smith, who will be accompanied to Montreal by Mr. Clouston, general manager of the Bank of Montreal.

Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific, has returned home from Toronto.

Mr. J. B. Carlyle of The Toronto Economist is now in the city on business connected with his well-known paper.

Mr. Charles Parmalee, M. P. for Shefford, declares that Hon. Mr. Dobell made a big break when he declared that the Government were prepared to give a million to the Quebec bridge.

Water Plants as Landmarks

One of the earliest surprises of the writer, on a botanical collecting trip, was to enter a wildwood on a beaten path and on returning find a stream of some thirty feet wide and of unknown depth right across that path. It was his first experience with a floating island. The wind had changed and blew the island to the opposite shore! When sand enough would be collected from the winds, possibly the island would sink, and then logs would be found beneath the surface, as white cedar logs are now found below the surface in the bogs of New Jersey. How plants prepare the way for such growths we often had illustrated. Captain W. A. Shaw of the St. John's River steamer Everglade, says that he has never seen anything like the quantity of hyacinths as now float in the river between Palatka and Astor, and he has been in command of a steamer on the river for more than a quarter of a century.

Palatka is the worst choked up point on the river, as acres of the water vegetable cover the surface of the river, and to get through [illegible] the steamer is a hard job. Th[illegible] become clogged, the bow ban[illegible] against, and it is going ahead and [illegible] for hours at a time to make a passage. Not only is the river obstructed, but all the creeks between Jacksonville and Palatka.

Only for the river traffic these water plants would be undisturbed, and in the end dust and sand would grow moss and similar low orders of vegetation. On these seeds of grass and larger plants would be borne by birds and by the wind, and rotting, form a thick, peaty surface. Then come tree seeds and the young forest in time sinking by its own weight. But the process again renewed from time to time, the whole would be filled up, and a deep peat bed formed, and real land appear in due time. Yes, water plants, as well as all things, have an appointed mission to fill.—Mechanic's Monthly.

Electric Lights in Hospitals.

A committee of doctors in charge of the hospital at Crewes, England, recently gave striking testimony to the value of electric lights for hospitals. In this hospital the number of beds in the various wards was apportioned in such a manner that there would be 2000 cubic feet of space for each patient, thus insuring a sufficiency of fresh air. This apportionment was made while gas lighting was employed, but now, on the recommendation of the committee, electric lighting has been adopted, and the committee further advise that the number of beds in the hospital be increased from 28 to 45, stating that as electric lighting does not vitiate the air like gas, the cubic space per patient can be diminished in the above ratio without harm.

THE SHOT KILLED HIM.

Accidental Discharge of a Shot Gun and Death of James Miller of Wellandport.

Welland, March 13.—(Special.)—On Thursday afternoon Mr. James Miller, who lives at Wellandport, was stepping out of his boat on the Welland River at that place, when the trigger of a double-barreled shotgun which he had in his hand caught and the weapon was discharged, the contents burying in his head and back. He was taken home and medical aid made every effort to save his life, but he died last night. Deceased was an old resident of Wellandport, and had been in the hotel business for years. He leaves a small family.

What a wonder it is that some women are so heedless about the things that concern them most. They endure all sorts of pain and misery with carelessness which would never be possible if they realised the consequences.

Comparatively few women understand that when they neglect their health because they are too busy or overworked or their minds are taken up with other concerns, that they are balancing on the edge of a fatal precipice.

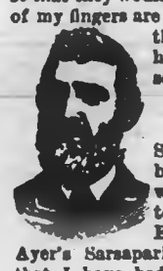
Any weakness or disease of woman's special organism is no trifling matter. A woman who through indifference neglects these troubles is laying the foundation for life-long wretchedness.

A modest woman naturally recoils from the mortifying ordeal of examinations and local treatment which doctors insist upon. But there is no necessity for any such repugnant alternative. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures these delicate complaints positively and completely. It is a medicine devised for this particular purpose by one of the most eminent of living specialists in woman's diseases.

Dr. Pierce has been for nearly 30 years chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. During this time he has received fully ninety thousand letters from women who have been cured by the "Favorite Prescription." Some of these letters are printed by permission in one chapter of Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It contains advice and suggestions for self treatment which every woman ought to read. More than half a million copies have been sold at $1.50 each. An absolutely free edition in paper covers will be sent for a limited time to anyone sending 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing only. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a handsome cloth-bound copy send 50 stamps.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897

ELECTRIC WONDER.

THE NEWEST AND GREATEST ELECTRICAL DISCOVERY.

Energy Direct From Coal, Without the Intervention of Fire—A Telling Object Lesson of the Principle Involved—Sundry Experiments.

If the announcement made the other night by Willard E. Case proves true, then he has made the greatest discovery of the age—a discovery which far overshadows the Roentgen ray.

Man's principal business is getting power out of nature, and electricity seems to be the best form of that power. Such being the fact, this is the way the business stands:

Coal is the producer, steam is the middleman, electricity is the retailer and man is the consumer. Now comes science, the advertiser, and says to man: "Electricity isn't going to have anything more to do with steam; it's going to deal directly with the producer—with coal. It's going to make an enormous saving in getting rid of the middleman, and humanity will reap the benefit. All prices will be reduced 70 or 80 per cent. The energy that throbs in all the workshops of the world will be offered as a bargain, at an early day."

This message from science was delivered by Willard E. Case, in a lecture before the Electrical Society, a learned scientific body which meets within

The comparative amount of coal required by the present and the proposed systems of making electricity.

the walls of Columbia College, New York. He demonstrated the possibility of getting electricity directly from coal without fire.

This message is of tremendous importance to every human being.

Fire has been called a good servant, but it isn't. It is a very wasteful servant. This is the way it works when it is asked to produce electricity: Fire burns coal and produces heat which changes water into steam. The steam drives an engine and the engine runs a dynamo. Thus, finally, we get electricity, but meanwhile we have lost about 90 per cent of the power which we originally had in the coal.

Now we can't stand such waste as that. Coal—even if there were no trust—would be too precious to throw away. There's only a certain limited amount of it in existence, and scientific men can tell us with considerable accuracy when it will be all used up, at the present rate. If we can get the amount of power which we now use and save more than three-quarters of our coal bill, it is a matter of general rejoicing; and that is just what Mr. Case's experiments foreshadow. Foreshadow is the word, for the thing cannot be profitably done to-day. While there is a vast saving in energy, it is accomplished by a great extravagance in money. The materials used in Mr. Case's battery are very expensive. It is the principle which has been discovered; the commercial details must be worked out in the usual way—the way of every invention that has benefited humanity.

Now let us see what Mr. Case does. Desiring to get electrical energy, he puts coal into a battery and turns its latent force directly into electricity by a new chemical process. This process is described in the following statement given by the inventor in the interests of science:

"We have made a glass jar containing two electrodes, one of platinum and one of carbon immersed in a solution of dilute sulphuric acid, into which is passed peroxide of chlorine, an explosive gas which gives up its oxygen to the carbon, oxydizing it without heat and producing electricity direct. The product of the oxidation is carbonic acid gas. The electro motor force of the cell is about 1.3 volts, depending on the kind of carbon used. The gas contains oxygen in loose combination, and gives it up readily to the carbon, so oxydising it, just as the blood gives up its oxygen to the tissues in the human system and oxydises them, producing work.

"WILLARD E. CASE.

What does this mean? It means that the enormous and costly furnaces and boilers of the Atlantic liner can be dispensed with, when this new system has been developed. Occupying but a small part of the space, yet furnishing an equal power, will be a system of batteries built on a plan which will be here described. No naked stokers will toil in the dreadful heat that rushes out from the furnace doors. Instead, there will be a group of electricians feeding the batteries, and watching the wires and the whirling dynamo.

The most valuable part of the ship which is now occupied by the steam-generating apparatus will be made available for cargo and passengers, while nine-tenths of the room now given up to coal will be saved.

A little lump of coal weighing two-tenths of a pound can be made by Mr. Case's method to yield as much energy as the best electric plants to-day secure from five pounds of coal. By his new chemical process a lump of coal weighing one pound will produce exactly five horse-power for one hour.

That means that the Campania, a vessel of 30,000 indicated horse-power, would need according to this new system about three tons of coal per hour to drive her at her present speed,

PRESENT STOKEHOLD OF AN OCEAN STEAMER.

or 72 tons of coal per day. As a matter of fact, the Campania at the present time consumes about 350 tons of coal per day, securing precisely the same amount of energy, heat and light therefrom that she would extract from 72 tons of coal under this new system.

The Campania now burns about 2450 tons of coal on a seven-day voyage. If her screws were driven directly from electric batteries into which the coal had been thrown, and her massive furnaces and boilers entirely dispensed with, she would need only 504 tons of coal on a seven day voyage. This would mean a saving of 1946 tons of coal, which, at $5 per ton, would amount to $9700 saved on a single voyage, while the saving of room would amount to almost as much again.

This is but one illustration of the enormous economy which may be secured by the discovery of Willard E. Case. Mr. Case has estimated that one pound of coal will run sixty ordinary incandescent electric lights for one hour, according to his new system.

The same lump of coal thrown into one of the batteries devised by him will light an incandescent lamp for sixty hours. This is at least 90 per cent. more light than the same one-pound lump of coal can be made to produce according to the present wasteful methods.

"All electrical experts agree," said Mr. Case after his lecture, "that at present the waste in the transmission of energy from coal amounts to at least 90 per cent. This energy is lost mainly in heat.

"The amount of heat which a steam engine wastes has been calculated with mathematical accuracy, and, relatively to the amount which is utilized, it is enormous. There is absolutely no such waste in the method which I have illustrated before the Electrical Society.

"A thermometer applied to the apparatus used by me at various stages of the experiment has shown that there was no heat whatever. Every bit of energy in the coal was extracted, and put into the most convenient form for utilization—that is, electricity—which can be made to furnish power, light or heat. Practically all of the electricity now used in commerce the world over is secured from coal through steam power, with the consequent loss of ninety per cent.

"I simply drop a lump of coal into a battery, and immediately take off the electricity, and this, turning a wheel, will yield ninety per cent. more power than if the same amount of coal were burned to produce steam to drive an engine that in turn would drive a dynamo. It is a short cut to the same result."

Mr. Case was asked if the new system, the success of which he had demonstrated on a small scale the previous evening, could be expanded so as to utilize it in place of the engines now in use. He replied that there was no mechanical difficulty in the way.

He said that precisely the same results could be achieved if a thousand batteries were used in place of the one he exhibited at Columbia College. The power thus secured would be a thousand times greater than that shown at his lecture.

The amazing power of his little apparatus—a greater relative power than was ever known before—could, he said, be duplicated indefinitely at the present time, and that, there being no secret about the process, anybody

STOKEHOLD OF AN OCEAN STEAMER WHEN ELECTRICITY IS GENERATED DIRECT.

could start in at once and take the energy from coal without the use of a steam engine. Mr. Case said that the driving of the Campania across the ocean by means of this new system was mechanically practicable; that there were no engineering difficulties in the way, and that the means by which these results could be secured were now known to the electrical world.

Mr. Case said, however, that he expected many improvements to be made in the near future in the system he had devised of extracting the energy from coal, and that the attention of the scientific world having been called to the subject, he looked for new discoveries as to the chemicals best adapted to the work.

"I make no secret about this process," said Mr. Case, "and with the simple explanation I have written any electrician can go to work and perform the experiment. Any chemist will see at once how the results are secured. I wish, however, to call attention to the fact that the gas employed is an explosive one. This gas any chemist or electrician will know how to handle with safety, but an ignorant boy might do himself injury in endeavoring to extract the full potential energy from coal."

Mr. Case was assisted by Mr. Prosser, a student in the School of Mines, and the first experiment astonished the members of the audience, all of whom were electrical experts. Hitherto the only known method of securing energy from carbon by a chemical means has been through a galvanic battery, but the zinc is so expensive as to make this method impracticable as a substitute for steam.

The inventor explained to his audience at Columbia that he had succeeded in doing with carbon what the galvanic battery does with zinc, carbon or coal being very much cheaper. He then attached the wires from his cell to an electric bell, and as soon as he had dropped in some powder coal the bell began to ring. This showed that the energy of the coal was doing the work. The wires were then unfastened by Mr. Case and attached to an electric fan. The fan flew around with lightning speed.

Mr. Case then said that a remarkable illustration of economy in the conversion of fuels was furnished by animals, whose bodies were twice as economical as the steam engine. One-fifth of the potential energy of their food, he said, is converted into work, and four-fifths is converted into heat. But this four fifths was not all waste, as the human body had to maintain an average of heat under varying climatic conditions. Mr. Case then explained the operation of the lungs in taking oxygen from the air. The blood from the lungs carries this oxygen through the arteries and to the tissues, which become oxydised and so produce heat.

Mr. Case then performed an amazing experiment. He demonstrated that the chemical apparatus he has devised will extract force from blood just as well as it will take it from coal. He exhibited a large test tube containing a solution of haemoglobilin from the blood of an ox. Holding the test tube up to the light, Mr. Case showed that it was of the color of arterial blood, being fully oxydised. Then he added a reducing agent (a substance that absorbs oxygen) to the blood and excluded the air from the tube by means of a rubber cork. The contents of the tube took on the color of veinous blood. Mr. Case then pulled out the cork, admitting the air, and the blood then took in the oxygen and assumed the arterial color again. The lecturer explained that this was precisely what happened with the blood in the human body, and that the experiment might be performed again and again. Every time the reducing agent was introduced the blood in the tube changed color, and when the cork was withdrawn it resumed its original hue. Mr. Case utilized this test tube as a miniature cell. The two wires leading from its electrodes he connected with an electric bell. The energy from the blood was transmitted over the wires, and when it rang the bell there was enthusiastic applause. Connected with an electromoter, the force of the current could be measured.

Mr. Case then explained that in this novel battery the carbon was completely oxydized at normal temperature by oxygen held in loose combination.

INCIDENT OF THE WAR.

Heroism of a Wounded Confederate Toward a Wounded Unionist.

William Wilkerson, who was for many years jailor of Fayette County, Kentucky, related to a Lexington Leader contributor the following pathetic incident of heroism which he witnessed shortly after the battle at Richmond, Ky., in 1862:

"A son of my friend, Hon. Cassius M. Clay, was killed in the fight at Richmond, and it was made my duty to visit the battle field to identify the body and take it to his father's home. While riding slowly over the scene of the battle I heard groans, which I was sure came from a cornfield near at hand. Looking down the corn rows I soon discovered two wounded soldiers lying about forty yards apart. One was a Federal and the other a Confederate. A cannon ball had broken and terribly mangled both of the Confederate's legs, while the Federal was shot through the body and thigh.

"'I am dying for water,' I heard the Federal say, just as I discovered them. His words sounded as if they came from a parched mouth.

"'I have some water in my canteen. You are welcome to a drink if you'll come here,' said the Confederate, who had feebly raised his head from the ground to look at his late enemy when he heard his pitiful cry for water.

"'I couldn't move to save my life,' groaned the Federal, as he dropped his head to the ground, while his whole body quivered with agony.

"Then I beheld an act of heroism which held me spellbound until it was too late for me to give the assistance I should have rendered. The Confederate lifted his head again and took another look at his wounded foe, and I saw an expression of tender pity come over his pain-distorted face, as he said:

"'Hold out a little longer, Yank, and I'll try to come to you.' Then the brave fellow, by digging his fingers in the ground, and catching hold of the corn stalks, painfully dragged himself to the Federal's side the blood from his mangled legs making a red trail the entire distance. The tears ran down my cheeks like rain, and out of sympathy for him, I groaned every time he moved, but I was so lost to everything except the fellow's heroism that I did not once think of helping him.

"When the painful journey was finished he offered his canteen to the Federal, who took it and drank eagerly, the water seeming to sizzle as it passed down his parched throat. Then, with a deep sigh of relief, he reached out to the Confederate and it was plain to see as they clasped hands and looked into each other's eyes that whatever of hate may have rankled one in the hearts of these men had given place to mutual sympathy and love. Even while I watched them I saw the Confederate's body quiver as in a spasm of pain, and when his head dropped to the ground I knew that a hero had crossed the dark river. The Federal kissed the dead hero's head repeatedly, and cried like a child as I had him removed to the hospital where he too died the next day."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

JOURNALISTIC COLORS.

Of course, old Bulwer Lytton, when he wrote of sword and pen
And affixed the prize blue ribbon to the latter,
Had never seen the office of a daily paper when
It was press time and the boys were "short of matter."
The penman cuts no figure in the busling world of news,
The reporter is a skirmisher, it's true,
For he fights for fleeting items and he captures interviews,
But his weapon is a Faber No. 2.

Now, the journalistic underling, whose pencil marks are black,
Is subservient to a pencil mark of blue;
For some high and mighty personage must make a pigeon track
Before a single line of "copy" can go through
But there's still another color, far above both black and blue—
The man who owns the paper scans it o'er,
And, if the stuff needs editing, he'll take an axe or two
And express his personal sentiments in gore.

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Tuesday, March 16th

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PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d60

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(Read on.)

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

The health talk by Miss Braden, which was to have been given in the Y W C A parlors last Tuesday, was postponed on account of the weather and will be given in the same place on Tuesday, 16th inst., at 3.15 p. m. Subject, "Nature vs Surgery.

New Books

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Private Peter Halkett, Olive Schreiner; The Western Avernus, Roberts; The Ocean of Theosophy, Judge; Spiritual Sense of Dante, Harris; Jesus Christ Before His Ministry, Stapler; Frances Waldeaux, R Harding-Davis; What Cheer, Russel; Dorcas Hobday, Rokeby; The Sin of Angels, Anon; Kriegspiel, Groome.

Fire in Manvers

The farm residence of Mr Robt Jamieson, of Manvers, was burned on Thursday night last, with all its contents. The fire is supposed to have started from the kitchen stove or chimney, and it had obtained a good start when detected at 3 a m. Mrs Jamieson was overcome with smoke while groping for the doorway, and had her moans not been heard by Mr. Jamieson she would assuredly have been suffocated. The girls ran for help to Mr. Fee, a near neighbor, in their night clothing and with bare feet, and nearly perished, their feet being badly frozen. Mr. Jamieson, Mr. Fee and several others succeeded by dint of hard work in keeping the fire from the barn. The loss will be close upon $1,500.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

COUNTY PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Inspector Brown's Report to the Government—Apportionment of the Grants.

The Minister of Education, Hon. Geo. W. Ross, has issued his annual report, which deals with the educational institutions of the county at length.

According to the report there were 113 Public school teachers—42 males and 71 females in the County of Peterborough; of these 26 have attended the Normal schools. 21 have first class certificates, 25 second class certificates, 79 third class certificates and 6 temporary certificate. The highest salary paid is $700. The teachers' salaries totalled $31,273.84. The number of scholars in attendance was 5,839. In the county there was only one Roman Catholic Separate school—that in Asphodel. It had 32 pupils and the teachers' salary is $210. The salary of Inspector Brown is placed at $1,320. At the request of the Minister Mr Brown furnished the following special report:

1 Truancy is not on the increase. It is very rare in rural schools.

2 My impression is, quarreling is decreasing.

3 In the matter of courtesy, humanity, etc, I have noticed but little difference.

4 Perhaps the most common offence among Public school pupils is lying.

5 I think the moral tone of the teaching profession is improving, except perhaps in the matter of underbidding as to salary.

6 Only one certificate has been suspended during the time I have been Inspector of the County of Peterborough, and that occurred during 1896.

7 Perhaps seventy-five per cent of the male teachers, and nearly all the female teachers, are abstainers from alcoholic drinks.

8. Corporal punishment is not on the increase; rather the reverse.

9. In the difficulty of school discipline, I have noticed little difference for years.

10. Whipping with a strap is the most common form of corporal punishment.

11. The methods for the moral improvement of pupils most frequently adopted are indirect ones, as occasion may arise.

12. In many schools the Lord's Prayer and the ten commandments are repeated.

13. Instructions in morals are direct and indirect, chiefly the latter.

14. The great majority of teachers are members of Christian churches. Many of them are active and most useful members.

15. Many of the Public school teachers teach in Sunday schools.

16. In the matter of religious instruction, teachers carry out the official regulations fairly well.

17. Religious instruction is conducted reverently. It is very rare to find it otherwise.

18. Religious exercises are beneficial from both a moral and a religious standpoint.

19. Religious instruction should be given. A small text book on morals should be prepared and regularly taught. In this way the young would be assisted in growing up to honest and worthy citizenship.

20. My attention has not been called to a request on the part of trustees or ratepayers for an extension of time to be devoted to religious and moral instruction.

21. The moral character of the teacher is a most important factor in determining the moral character of the pupils. Everything that can be done by legislation and regulation to raise the moral character of the teaching profession should be done. In perhaps no other way can the general character of the people at large be effectually improved.

22. At present I cannot recall an instance of either teacher or trustee objecting to the visit of a clergyman, or, to his addressing the pupils.

The Government grants were apportioned as follows:—Anstruther, $31; Asphodel, $188; Belmont, $224, Burleigh, $45; Cavendish, $17; Chandos, $95; Douro, $239; Dummer, $263; Enniskmore, 110; Galway, $99; Harvey, $137; Methuen, $27; Monaghan, North, $103; Otonabee, $120; Smith, $339. Total, $2,337.

E S A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Sailsbury & Co's. 9d4

Success at Ottawa

On several occasions Miss Lillie Simons, daughter of Mr. Peter Simons, appeared before local audiences as an elocutionist. She was tendered richly deserved praise and was acknowledged to be an accomplished artiste, and one who would gain the applause of the most cultured. Lately she has been taking a course in elocution with Rev. Dr. McMeekin, of the Ottawa University, and her friends will be delighted to learn that she captured the gold medal and highest honors in the class. In referring to the matter the Ottawa Free Press said:—"The test piece was 'The Ocean,' and the last five names on the programme were the contestants. Miss Simons was by all odds the choice for the gold medal. Nature seems to have endowed her with more than usual talent for the work Miss McFarlane, who won the silver medal, was good, but there was a lack of the natural tact which Miss Simons possessed."

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The rink from the Collegiate Institute staff journeyed to Lindsay on Saturday and played the return match with the quartette from the Lindsay Collegiate, whom they defeated here last week. The Peterborough pedagogues took the lead and held it until the fifteenth end, when they were one up. On this end, however, the Lindsay men got a four end, and on the sixteenth Peterborough got a one end, making the score two in favor of Lindsay. For three years these matches have been played between the two Institutes, and each year each rink has won one game. The score on Saturday was:—

PETERBOROUGH.		LINDSAY.	
J McCaig		W Passmore	
C Fenenden		E A Hardy	
H R H Kenner		W H Stevens	
J Jeffers, skip	14	S Armour, skip	15

The final match in the Lindsay cup competition will be played to-morrow. Skips Connal, of the Granites, and Rutherford and Ray, of the Thistles, play here and Skips Attrill and Edwards, of the Granites, and Hopkins, of the Thistles go to Lindsay.

General Manager McGill, of the Ontario Bank, was in town on Saturday. He had two matches but lost, his opponents being Skips Attrill and H. M. Allen.

Y W C A Notes

Rev. Mr. Symonds will give a literary talk to-morrow evening. Try and arrange your plans so that you can be present.

OAK HALL.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme, regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Gold and Silver.

The management of the Gold and Silver Mines Developing Company (limited), have been advised by their representative at Roseland, Mr. John McMartin, that in a new shaft being sunk on their Trilby mine, five feet of fine looking ore was struck. The ore is a galena pyrhetite and fine quartz, exactly similar to the fine shipping ore in the Mayflower, which has yielded among the highest assays yet obtained in the south belt. Silver values run high in this ore.

Complaints Were Made.

Complaints have been made to the REVIEW to-day regarding the service given by the snow plows yesterday. None of the plows were out before the morning service, and the town plow in the central district had not been round when church came out at noon. The northern and southern districts had been visited when the people were returning from church, but such does not seem to have been the case in the centre of the town. Now, there is no excuse for this sort of thing. The snow had fallen during the night, and, although the storm may not have entirely abated, the sidewalks should have been cleared before church time if possible, and before noon at any rate, so that the ladies and children would not have had to wade through the drifts. Some one should be stirred up, and, although the snow storms are probably about over, a point should be made to see that this work is not neglected again. Sunday seems to be one day when the authorities neglect our streets, the very day in case of a storm that they should be best looked after.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. M. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

Rev. J. C. Anderson, of South Dummer, occupied the pulpit of the Charlotte-st. church at both services yesterday.

The Baptist Young People of this district hold their annual convention in the Park-st. Baptist church to-morrow. On Wednesday the pastors will hold a conference.

Rev A H Ranton will commence evangelistic services in the George-st. church on Tuesday, March 23rd. He has labored in many places in the province with success.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y M C A. are enlisting the support of the ladies of the local churches in an effort to assist in furnishing the new building and meetings have been called to consider the matter.

At George-st. church last evening Rev. Mr. Young preached a sermon full of interest to the large congregation that listened to the discourse. The text was selected from Genesis 32 29. "And he blessed him there." The chapter from which the text was taken deals with an event in the life of Jacob, and Rev. Mr. Young made some comment on the circumstances referred to in the sacred record. He then recounted how, having recently came from the bedside of a dying man, with a remark made by the sufferer before him, "It is hard to be a Christian and a railroad man," some thoughts on the possibilities of individual effort and will, shaped themselves into the foundation of a sermon. In his sermon Rev. Mr. Young sketched the state of affairs as existing in the commercial world, the effects of competition, the nullifying of personal effort, the trend of the age to "machenize" even the individual and the absorbing efforts made to do things and carry out plans as near as possible on an automatic basis. All of this tended to sink the individual to the level of the machine, and to kill personal responsibility. Competition in manufacture, competition in systems instituted to cheapen production, competition in men who must get work or starve brought about a state of affairs that left but little that was cheering in life for those who bore the brunt of the conflict. Did such a condition of affairs as many a man found himself surrounded by offer an excuse for a want of earnest effort to lead a Christian life? He felt that the excuse—while offered—had nothing behind it. No matter what the occupation of the individual there was time which was his own. As a matter of observation he (Rev Mr Young) knew that the use made of spare time was a much greater factor in shaping character than the nature of the employment engaged in from day to day. There seemed to be time for amusements; there was certainly time for the performance of the duties of life as relating to the home and family, and there was time in which to be a Christian. Any man, or woman, who was not a Christian to-day was not a Christian because he or she had neglected to make an earnest personal resolve and effort to be one.

Evangelistic service in the Baptist church—These interesting meetings are being well sustained, and will be held on Monday, Thursday and Friday evenings of this week. All are welcome. Last evening the ordinance of baptism was administered to three candidates.

To-morrow Night's Attraction.

While "The Defaulter," Lincoln J. Carter's big success, does not depend upon scenic and mechanical effects for its success, it nevertheless has the benefit of magnificent stage settings prepared expressly for it. The scenery is very elaborate and handsome. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. 1d62

Personal.

Mr. Robt. Hall left on Friday for British Columbia.

Miss Nellie McKee is at Campbellford on a visit to friends.

Miss Cora Davis, of Belleville, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams has returned from a trip to the Lake Superior district.

Miss Bessie Connal has returned from an enjoyable visit with friends in Toronto.

Mr. John Adams, of Longford Mills, is in town on a visit to his brother, P. C. Robert Adams.

Mrs. R. Wickens and her little son, Master Stanley, from Toronto, are visiting with her mother, Mrs. R. Meharry, Aylmer-st.

Miss Ella Choate, who had been the guest of Mrs. (Dr.) Herriman, left yesterday to visit Peterborough and Warsaw friends, the Lindsay Post states.

Friends of Mr Jackson Sanford, son of Senator Sanford, of Hamilton, will learn with deep regret of his death. He was a graduate of Victoria University.

Mr. M. O'Brien, who has been attending Queen's University, Kingston, since last autumn, has returned and resumed his duties at the Collegiate Institute. Mr. O'Brien has not been enjoying good health of late.

The Misses Susan and Hattie Wilkinson, of Toronto, and their brother, Mr. Richard Wilkinson, of Peterborough, came to the Falls on Saturday, to attend the funeral of their father, the late John Wilkinson, on Monday.—Fenelon Falls Gazette.

An engagement that is of interest to a large number of people, especially in Peterborough and Cayuga, as well as in town, is that of the Rev. E. Vicars Stevenson, of St. John's church, Peterborough, to Miss Nellie Grand, daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Grand, of Toronto, which has just been announced.—Toronto Globe.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Advertise in the REVIEW.

A WIFE AT THIRTEEN.

An Affair that has Created a Sensation in Northumberland County.

News of a disgraceful affair which happened near Castleton during the past fortnight, has just come to hand, which requires the attention of the officers of the law in that county. It is the case of a 13-year old child being cajoled into marrying a man many years her senior, and the connection of an issuer of marriage licenses and a professing minister of the Gospel therewith. It seems that a man and his wife and 13-year-old daughter, Matilda, reside near Castleton. A man from near Mount Carmel wanted to marry the girl, and the mother seemed disposed to consent, while the father strenuously objected. The mother subsequently insisted, it is said, and in order to prevent such an outrage the father went to the issuer of marriage licenses and forbid him issuing the license, and also warned the minister against marrying the couple, the reason in each case being that the child was only 13 years old. On application being made for the license, the unnatural mother swore an affidavit to the effect that the girl was of the legal age to marry, 18 years, and the license was thereupon issued, notwithstanding the father's protest. When the minister was approached to perform the ceremony, it is said, he questioned the girl as to whether she wanted to be married and if she understood the responsibilities of her action. She replied that she did not know what it meant, whereupon her mother, it is said, chipped in "Oh, yes you do, you have a chance to get a man which you may never have again." The ceremony was then performed.

The Cobourg Sentinel-Star says it "has the above facts of the case from an officer of the law who has investigated the matter, and the Crown Attorney cannot have the whole outfit arrested any too soon, if the facts as stated are correct. The issuer of the license should be ashamed of himself, while the conduct of the minister is reprehensible; and their conduct should be reported at once and their commissions cancelled. The mother should be proceeded against criminally for perjury, while tar and feathering is too good for the bridegroom. We sincerely trust that Crown Attorney Kerr will rip the whole disgraceful affair open, and have the guilty parties severely punished."

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 320 George-st. d5

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

A Change on the G T R

In the future, Conductor Morris and crew of the Belleville train will take charge of a freight to Lindsay on the arrival of the train from Belleville every evening, returning in the morning in time to take the train to Belleville. If the arrangement works satisfactorily, several families may be forced to remove to Lindsay.

A Bowery Girl.

Miss Lillian Keene will appear in the title role of Harry Williams' most successful play, "A Bowery Girl," at Bradburn's opera house on Friday night, March 19. The melodramatic scenes of the play are interspersed with brilliant comedy. Her singing and dancing are special features of her excellent work. The management has given much care to the selection of a competent cast, and altogether the play is presented equally as well as last season when it scored such a grand success. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. 1d62

The Late Brakeman Adams.

The Toronto News of Saturday says:—The remains of the late Sidney Adams were conveyed to the 11.40 C P R express by the brethren of Stanley Lodge, I O O F, and B of R T and put in the train with Mrs Adams and deceased's ten-months-old daughter, Hettie M, who died a year ago, and was raised from Prospect cemetery to be interred with the father. A committee of each lodge accompanied the corpse and transferred it on to the G T R at the Union station for Port Hope, where they will be met by Bro Henry White, Grand Master, who will take charge of the funeral service, assisted by the Port Hope lodge. The Rev L W Hill, of the Annette-st. Methodist church, conducted the services at the house. The casket was covered with black cloth and silver trimmings, on which were laid a link of flowers from Otonabee Lodge, I O O F, from Peterborough, and a floral cross from the nurses of the Nicholls' hospital, Peterborough, where deceased died; a floral pillow from Lakeview Lodge, No. 272, Toronto Junction, of which deceased was a member, and a floral pillow with "Dear Brother" from the B of R T, 255.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Granite curling night.
Young People's Society meetings.
Special services at the Murray-st. Baptist church.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

A New Agent.

Mr. Wm Schuster, who has for some years been in the employ of the Rathbun Company in Belleville, has been appointed manager of the company's business here. He reached town to-day.

New Comic Songs.

"He Tried It," by Ventra; "Mariari Mariar," cat song, by W Packard; "Melinda Johnston," by Fred M. Dean. One-third off. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d59tf

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

OAK HALL.

A Musical Kindergarten.

Besides receiving pupils in Voice Culture, Piano and Theory, Mrs. Klingenfeld, of Toronto, will start a MUSICAL KINDERGARTEN, in which children from three years upwards can be taught by the most approved methods, a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of music, and be prepared at an early age for a musical education. These classes will be formed at once, and will cost $3 per term. Applications must be in by the 16th inst. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Seward, 340 Water-st. 2d

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

CASES OF ASSAULT.

A Resident of Smith Fined $2 for Assault—Two Other Charges to be Heard.

County Police Magistrate Edmison was busy on Saturday attending to several cases that came before him.

Mrs. Martha Rogers, employed as housekeeper with Mr. John J. Finlay, Communication road, Smith, charged her employer with assault. Mr. Finlay was found guilty and fined $2 and costs.

Mr. Edmison also fixed Friday next as the day to hear evidence in the charge preferred by Thos E McIlmoyle against Wm A McIlmoyle, of aggravated assault occasioning actual bodily harm. The defendant was arrested on a warrant and appeared before Mr Edmison on Saturday, Mr. W A Stratton acting as his solicitor. Bail was taken from Mr McIlmoyle at $500 with two sureties of $250 each. Mr Wm A McIlmoyle has laid a counter charge against Thos E McIlmoyle, the date of offence being February 19th.

The Late John Green.

The funeral of the late John Green took place on Saturday from the family residence, North Monaghan, to the Little Lake cemetery. Rev. W. R. Young conducted the services at the house and grave. The pallbearers were Messrs. Thos. Weir, John Fowler, Andrew Young, D. Galloway, Thos. Fry and C Leary.

A Native of Cavan

The remains of the late William T Robertson, who died from typhoid fever, in Tonowanda, N Y., on Thursday, arrived here last evening and were interred in the Little Lake cemetery this afternoon. He was a son of the late Alex Robertson, of Cavan and was for a time in the employ of Mr. Henry Best, town. He leaves a widow and five brothers and sisters, viz:—Alexander, of Springville; Josiah, of Peterborough; Mrs. Robert Lamb, and Mrs John Lamb, of Penetanguishene, and Mrs. Joseph Scott, of Souris, Manitoba.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

Passed Customs.

We have passed through Customs, direct from Scotland, our advance shipments of the Latest Patterns of New Spring Cloths and Tweeds—consisting of unrivalled selections of the newest 1897 designs in

Scotch Suitings,

COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, FANCY VESTINGS, and LIGHT OVERCOATINGS—exclusive novelties, made for the most fashionable West of London trade.

Having bought to better advantage in anticipation of our Spot Cash Policy, enables us to discount our own past. That means that we can do better this year than last. SELLING for Cash enables us to BUY for Cash, and that is the reason, pure and simple, of the drop in our prices, since discarding the credit system. You have the assurance of our very best attention to any orders entrusted to us. Respectfully,

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 365 George St., Established 1857

MR. KAVANAGH'S DEPARTURE

Mr J E Kavanagh, Who Has Been Supplying on the Collegiate Institute Staff, Goes to Port Hope

Mr. J. E. Kavanagh, who has been occupying Mr. M. O'Brien's position on the Collegiate Institute staff during the latter's absence at Queen's University, Kingston, left to-day for Port Hope, Mr O'Brien having returned to resume his duties. Mr Kavanagh will supply for one of the teachers in the Port Hope High school for several weeks.

During his brief residence in town Mr. Kavanagh, has formed many friendships and his departure will be regretted not only among his friends, but in church circles, with which he connected himself upon his arrival in town.

Yesterday afternoon at the conclusion of the lesson, Mr. Kavanagh's class in the George-st. Methodist church Sunday school, expressed their regret at the severance of the pleasant ties with their teacher in the following address which was read by Miss Laura Belleghem:

Mr. J. E. Kavanagh,

DEAR SIR—We, the members of your Bible class in the George-st Methodist Sunday school, have learned that you will leave town at once to take a position in another Collegiate Institute, and that through your removal the class will lose your services as teacher. We cannot permit you to leave us without giving expression to the gratitude we feel because you became our teacher, and our thankfulness on account of the patience, kindness, earnestness and ability you have exercised in endeavoring to instruct us, week after week, in the lessons from God's Word. Although the time you have been with us has been comparatively short—a little over half a year—we feel that you have been enabled to accomplish much for us, and we beg to assure you that, although you may have felt this work added to your daily duties somewhat of a trial, it has not been in vain, the lessons have been explained with such thoroughness and tact, the instructions you have given us will, we feel sure, not easily be forgotten, and we hope that your work here will continue to bear fruit. We deeply regret your departure. We regret the departure of a teacher who has shown much ability and zeal, a friend who has taken a deep interest in the class and endeavored to benefit each one of us, and of a christian instructor who has pointed out to us so earnestly the way to God and how to live a life that would be pleasing to Him.

We hope that you will always be most successful in your profession, and that the presence of the blessed Master whom you serve will ever abide with you.

Mr. Kavanagh was taken by complete surprise, but succeeded in expressing to the class his appreciation of their kind words.

THAT TEMPERANCE PROBLEM

And Mr Stratton's References to It Dealt With by a Member of City Lodge.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—In Saturday's issue of the Examiner a lengthy article appeared condemning a resolution passed at a recent meeting of City Lodge, I.O.G.T., and I have the following to say in defence of the resolution:—

In reading Mr. Stratton's criticism, we notice that he complains of the absence of the names of the mover and seconder of the resolution. The facts are as follows: A committee was appointed to draft the resolution and submit it to the lodge, who accepted it unanimously, so it stands not as the opinion of one or two "extreme temperance advocates," but of a lodge who are pleased to have such a character given them. And as for not giving the matter "mature consideration," the temperance people generally throughout Ontario, measured by Mr. Stratton's standard, can not have given it "mature consideration" since they, with us, are in arms against the proposed legislation. Mr. Stratton again states that "he was not aware that the 'Legislature at its regular session' had promised anything," and by so doing merely shows that he has not given the condemned resolution his "mature consideration," since nowhere therein does it state that "the Legislature at its 'regular session' had promised anything." Sir O. Mowat and Hon. Mr Hardy both promised the temperance people to go as far as law and public sentiment would permit, and public sentiment, as shown by the plebiscite, said, "go as far as law will permit," and this, we claim, is not done by the proposed bill. It is true that the bill decreases the number of licenses in places the size of Peterborough, but greatly increases the number in larger centres, such at Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., while it takes away from municipalities the power of annually decreasing the number of licenses.

Again Mr. Stratton harps on the intemperate language of the resolution, but we can't see that it is any stronger than the occasion warrants. However, if it be "intemperate" it is still strongly "temperance," and its strength has answered its purpose when it caused Mr. Stratton to devote over a column of his valuable paper to its condemnation.

In conclusion, as the prospects of the bill being changed in its course through Parliament, we prefer to run no risks, but would rather have it changed at once. However, if Mr. Stratton will use his influence to have the bill altered (either before or during its passage through the House) so as to be more in accordance with the promises made by the leaders of the Government, the resolution will have answered it purpose and City lodge will be the first to extend the hand of congratulation and thanks to Mr. Stratton on the stand he will have taken in the interests of temperance.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space, we are yours, etc.,

MEMBER CITY LODGE.

Peterborough, March 15th, 1897.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DISEASE IN LUMBER CAMPS.

Hon. E. J. Davis will Introduce a Bill to Safeguard the Public.

E. J. Davis, Provincial Secretary, will introduce a bill in the Legislature this week relative to health administration in the unorganized districts of Ontario. It has been known for some time that disease has been known for some time that disease has been scattered abroad by means of the lumber camps, and it is to check such propagation that Mr. Davis will bring in the bill. It empowers the Provisional Board of Health to inspect the lumber camps and make sanitary improvements at the expense of the proprietors of the camp. Formerly such improvements were made at the expense of the province. By this bill every proprietor of a lumber camp will be required to allow every person living therein a certain amount of cubic air space. In the case of camps at present constructed so as not to permit of the fulfillment of such condition, fans or electric appliances must be placed therein to secure fresh air. Sanitation as to water and the disposal of garbage will also be closely inspected. The bill also provides for the erection of an isolation hospital. Infected patients will not be allowed to leave a camp while infected. The same conditions will apply to lumber camps, mining camps and mills, and if not fulfilled by the proprietors will be executed by the Government at the proprietor's expense.

Lacrosse Club Meeting

The Peterborough Lacrosse Club will meet for organization on Thursday evening next at 8 o'clock at the Oriental. All those who take an interest in the club should make it a point to be present at this meeting.

Brevities.

—Hay sold in Cobourg last week at $6 50 per ton.

—A Book-keepers' Association has been organized at Tweed.

—Mr John Watson, butcher, of Hastings, has sold his business to Mr L Killoran.

—Whitney's "Rob Roy" opera company has been engaged to appear here on March 29th.

—The death is announced of Mrs. Howden, wife of Major Howden, of Port Hope, and formerly of Millbrook.

—The Childrens' Aid Society will be grateful for money contributions as the work on hand is in need of them.

—Only the public libraries of Brantford, Hamilton and Toronto have a greater number of volumes than Peterborough.

—Dan Simons, who has been meeting with brilliant success on the stage, intends to return home on a visit in a short time.

—Mr Fred Church, of Cramhe township has secured the contract for carrying the mails between Colborne and Warkworth.

—Returns from the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight by rounds will be received on Wednesday afternoon at the Oriental and the Pullman.

—The East Peterborough License Commissioners met on Saturday and fixed April 17th for the reception of applications for licenses.

—Mr W J Crossen, of Cobourg, has been awarded a contract for building a number of cars for the Hamilton Radial Electric Railway Company.

—The water pipe in the cellar of Stroud & Co.'s tea store burst yesterday and flooded their cellar as well as that of the Peterborough Hardware Company.

—The snow storm yesterday did not interfere seriously with traffic. Nearly all the trains managed to get through on time, though they had to encounter some big drifts.

—A petition containing more than one hundred names of ratepayers was presented at a special meeting of the Council in Stirling praying to abolish a shop license for the sale of liquor in that village.

—Great interest is being taken by Peterborough people in general in the fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons on Wednesday. There is quite a bit of money up on the result, Fitzsimmons seemingly being the favorite.

—Ministers of the gospel are unaware that at a convention of railroad passenger agents held in Chicago a few days ago, it was resolved to furnish all ordained ministers with transportation at single fare, over the leading roads of Canada and the United States. The resolution appears to be known to few agents or ministers.

—The Rev. O. Tarrant, incumbent of St. John's church, Havelock, has accepted an appointment to a parish in Michigan, and expects to leave for his new field about the 20th inst. The vestry met on Tuesday of last week and extended an invitation to Rev. Mr. McGuinness, of Hastings, to fill the vacancy caused by Rev. Mr. Tarrant's resignation.

—In the township of Mara, in the riding of North Ontario, may be found the oldest married couple in Canada and probably in America, says an exchange. The combined ages are 204 years. Mr Duncan Graham is 101 years of age, and Mrs Graham is 103. The pair have preserved their faculties and senses and at a recent bye-election in North Ontario Mr Graham journeyed to the polls and voted for his namesake, Mr Duncan Graham, M P.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

ON MONDAY MORNING

WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds. Pure Silks

All Shades, 27 inches wide. Part of

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

original price 65c. Our clearing price

25c.

These will go quickly. Everyone should see them.....

TO-DAY

We place on Sale the whole of the Robt. Hall Bankrupt Stock of

Children's and Misses' Plain and Ribbed Cashmere Hose,

in sizes 4½ to 8, at prices.....**12½c** up.

All less than wholesale cost. You can get waited on best in the forenoon, but come when it suits and get Bargains.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street, you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, MARCH 19th

HARRY WILLIAMS' BRILLIANT SUCCESS,

"A BOWERY GIRL."

MISS LILLIAN KEENE in the Title Role.

A HAPPY BLENDING OF SENSATION, COMEDY AND PATHOS.

Interspersed with bright and catchy songs, dances and up-to-date specialties. Special scenery and effects.

Prices 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats now on sale. 5d62

MRS. APPLEBY

Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of

Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.

The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.

Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.

426 Water Street.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 89, - - - ☞ Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,638	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,044	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	721,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

Why?

SHOULD YOU ASK FOR

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890

GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

BECAUSE:

1 It contains purely and only **McDougall's V.O. 1890 Whisky.**

2 It is the best Rye Whisky undoubtedly ever distilled in this country.

3 It was aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

4 It is Golden in Color.

5 It is Nutty in Taste.

6 It is Exquisite in Flavor.

7 It is Glorious in Effect.

8 It's price is within everybody's reach.

9 An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

SOLE CONTROLLERS MONTREAL.

AND SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

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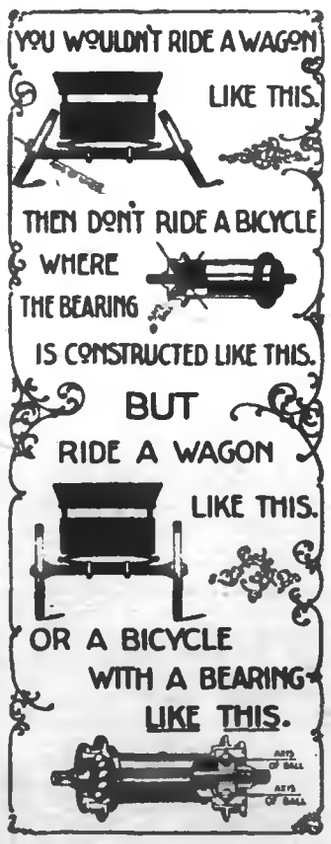

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O. B. SHORTLY

AGENT.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

a story and ask a favour."

"Monsieur, it is apparent to me, from what I have seen and heard, that much of my story is already known to you," remarks Jack, at which the prefect smiles and answers:—

"Our system is much the same as under the regime of Napoleon. We watch our borders, scan the passports of all strangers, and make it our business to find out who they are, whither they came from, and why they enter France. The moment you set foot on French territories enquiries began to be made, and as a result I know much about you—something I knew when you were here before, but since then Doctor Jack has seen strange things. I have half an hour to spare—it happens to be a lax time with me. If it pleases you, I would like to hear your story."

It does please Jack immensely—he sees he has a splendid opportunity to gain his point, and anxious not to lose it, begins. First of all he tells of the adventure in Constantinople, and as all the world loves a lover, especially a Frenchman, he soon sees that Monsieur le Prefect is interested in Aleck Morton.

Then he skips to Paris, and relates the event that has had so strong a bearing on his late career in Spain—his looking in upon a secret council of Carlists in company with the Duke Arroyo. After this he goes to the Pyrenees, and tells of the bear hunt in company with Don Carlos. Then comes the visit to Barcelona, the flower girl, struggle in the street, and the mystery of the nun who nursed him.

Jack speaks modestly of his own share in these events—he never could be a boaster, and is apt to make the description of a scene too tame because of his extreme diffidence.

Rapidly he sketched his advent in Madrid, the meeting with Mercedes, and the bull-fight. Then comes the little affair in the Museo del Prado, a mention of Avis, and the fact that she is the sister of his friend Aleck, in captivity among the Turks. He lightly describes all that took place in Madrid, and then reaches the railroad journey toward Paris, dwelling on the heroism of Larry, while just mentioning the fact that he had a little excitement in keeping back the mob of Carlists meanwhile.

When he finishes, to his surprise, this wonderful French official, who has the interests of the whole republic in his keeping, reaches out and shakes hands with him most heartily.

"Mon Dieu! I love such a man as you, Doctor Jack—you are brave, and you would conceal it. Better and better—the brave are always modest. But you cannot expect to keep this light hidden under a bushel. Our Parisian papers published a long account of the grand bull-fight, telling all the particulars of your heroism. Ah! my good man, Doctor Jack for twenty-four hours was the hero of Paris—every American was proud that you belonged to New York. As for the little affair beyond Logrono—I have had a full account of it from a secret agent who was in the next compartment to yours, and I am proud to know the man who performed such prodigies of valour during that night."

Jack turns very red in the face—he knows the prefect not only has a comprehensive idea of the past, but must guess his secret of the future—even his love for Avis. He keeps in mind what has brought him here—does the wonderful official know this?

"Monsieur, I came here to ask a favour," he says, and, as he expects, the other smiles.

"I can guess it, Doctor Jack. You would have me assist you by detaining the pasha."

"I may be asking too much—" begins Jack when the other interrupts him.

"As a man, I would assist you with every pleasure in the world—as the prefect of police in the city of Paris, I must be more cautious. True, France and America, sister republics, are joined hand in hand in ties that I trust shall never be broken; but we are also at peace with Turkey, and it would be a serious matter to offend officially one so high in authority as Abdallah Pasha—complications have arisen from even a smaller thing than that, which have threatened the peace of all Europe."

"Not for the world would I cause you trouble, Monsieur le Prefect. I was foolish to think you could give me assistance, not that I shall ever doubt your goodness of heart, but I see now more clearly that you have an official character to sustain."

Doctor Jack reaches out his hand for his hat, as if to go, when the other lays a finger on his arm, looks into his face, and says:—

"Patience, Doctor Jack. I have still ten minutes left, and we may find a way out of this trouble yet."

CHAPTER XVIII.

His words give the American new hope, and he once more settles down to listen to this man who can help him so much.

"How long would you have the Pasha detained?" asks the Frenchman.

"One day would be good—two better," is the quick reply of Doctor Jack.

"We shall see. I have a plan whereby I think it can be done, without committing any official act which could be reported to his government. He might fall into the power of a secret clique that has long defied our most careful scrutiny. They have even held one man for ransom, and received it, too, right here in Paris."

"It seems incredible," gasps Jack—the power of the police has appeared so tremendous to him that he cannot conceive of any men defying their utmost endeavours, and working such a game even in the heart of the French capital.

"Nevertheless it is true. Only lately we discovered that the gang had its headquarters—where do you think?—in the catacomb sewers under the city. We have broken them up, but still factions might and probably do exist. Now, it would not be strange for some of these men to capture Abdallah Pasha, convey him to a hiding-place in the sewers, and hold him there for ransom several days."

Jack grasps the idea instantly, and the look on his face shows his pleasure.

"You will put me into communication with the man who will arrange this?" he cries.

"Immediately. You will find him in the room that door leads to. Tell him just what you want done, and leave the money in his hands to pay his men for their trouble. As for myself, you understand I am to know nothing about the matter. Monsieur Duprez will do all you ask him when you give this sign from me." Here the officer takes Jack's hand, and as he presses it allows one finger to rest on the other's wrist—it is a secret grip, and possesses a significance.

"A thousand thanks—I will never forget your kindness," murmurs the American, rising.

"I have done nothing—you must not even think otherwise. But I admire a brave man always," replies the other.

Doctor Jack comprehends exactly what this is intended to convey—he salutes the prefect, and moves toward the door indicated. Opening this, he finds himself in another room, where a little man, with a face very much like that of the first Napoleon, strides up and down, his hands behind his back.

He nods pleasantly to the American, who does not forget to advance and shake hands with him, in order that he may make use of the secret grip, which is warmly returned.

"You know who Abdallah Pasha is, and where he stops in Paris?"—Jack strikes from the shoulder, as is generally his way.

"Yes, Monsieur Evans. The Turk has purchased tickets for the morning train—he means to leave Paris on the nine-twenty," returns the little man with the smooth face.

"The duse! he would steal a march on me. Whatever is done to detain him, then, must be carried out in the next few hours."

"You speak truly—what is your wish?"

"To have him kept in Paris two days—three if it be possible. That will give us a fair start—he cannot overtake us."

"Have you any plan Monsieur?"

"Yes, and a good one, too, thanks to—" the other frowns warningly, and Jack adds—"the inventive powers of the human brane."

He proceeds to tell Monsieur Duprez about the secret clique that has long baffled the police of Paris, and the other listens quietly, just as if he has not lain awake many a night endeavouring to concoct ways and means of discovering where this gang held forth.

All is soon arranged—Monsieur Duprez is guarded in his promises, but Jack has faith in the man, and knows he will do even more than he says, so he hands over a comfortable roll of bills, and bids the other good-night.

"This way, please—we will not disturb Monsieur le Prefect again—he is probably busy," and the sub-lieutenant opens a door, shows Jack a flight of steps, at the bottom of which is a door, and this, as he opens it, takes him to the street.

All that has happened in the last half hour has seemed like a dream—he looks up at the sombre houses as though he can hardly believe his senses, but not ten yards away is the vehicle that brought him there.

Jack laughs softly to himself at the success of his midnight venture, and walks toward the carriage—he has done his part well, and there is little reason to believe those who have been intrusted with the rest will fail in their mission. Nearly five hours still remain before morning, and great things can be done in that time.

To be Continued

SUPERLATIVES IN CLIMATE.

Parts of the Country That Take the Cake for One Peculiarity or Another.

I have run about the United States a good deal for the last thirty years and have made memory notes of such climatic peculiarities as have come under my observation.

The place having the widest range of temperature of any with which I am familiar is Fort Keogh, in the Yellowstone Valley. Not infrequently in the winter the mercury tumbles down to 50 degrees below zero, and it has been known in summer to climb up to 120 degrees above. Here is an extreme range of 170 degrees, and yet people manage to live very comfortably there the year around. In the early summer the grass on the plains and hills turns brown and yellow and all green vanishes from the wide landscape, except where a fringe of cottonwood trees skirts a watercourse. It is a peculiarity of the extreme high temperature in the arid regions that you do not perspire at all—that is, you do not sensibly perspire. The moisture is all evaporated from your skin as fast as it is formed by the extreme dryness of the air. The heat is not nearly so oppressive, however, as it is at a temperature of 80 or 90 degrees along the Atlantic seaboard. If you are indoors or under the shade of a tree you are quite comfortable. Anything that will break the fierce rays of the sun is sufficient to relieve you from all oppression from the highest temperature. Traveling some years ago across the hot billowy plain of the great basin of the Columbia with a camping party looking up a route for a railroad, we came to a huge columnar rock of black basalt. The day was intensely hot. We stopped the team, and throwing ourselves down on the shady side of the rock, we recalled the phrase in the Bible about "the shadow of a great rock in a weary land," and realized that a little shade meant as much to the people of arid Palestine as to us tired travelers in arid America.

The hottest place in the United States is unquestionably Death Valley, in Southern California. It is about 200 feet below the sea level and is rimmed around with black, bare mountains. Birds flying across this valley in the heated seasons often drop dead. Borax is found here, but the mining processes cease in the heats of midsummer. I read somewhere of a party of men who entered the valley in July, knowing nothing of the deadly heat, and who preserved their lives by lying all day in the water of a little stream that came out of the mountains and was soon dried up in the fierce rays of the sun. They were glad to escape under the cooling shades of night.

The rainest place in the United States is Neah Bay, on the Strait of Fuca, in the State of Washington. It actually rains every day in the year, and the total annual precipitation is nearly 100 inches. There is an Indian reservation on the bay. The natives have a very pretty knack of making ornamental basins and carving wooden bowls, which they decorate with high colors. They make long, graceful canoes from the trunks of cedar trees, which they hollow out with infinite labor and with the aid of fire.

The most remarkable climatic barrier in the United States is that of the Cascade Mountains in Washington. In winter time the railway train toils up the easter slope of these mountains between walls of snow higher than the roofs of the cars in a long winding lane scooped out by the rotary plow. Once through the tunnel on the Northern Pacific, or over the switchback on the Great Northern, you suddenly leave winter behind you, and, whirling down the western slope of the mountains, in less than an hour you meet the full spring. The grass is green, water fowl swim on the rivers and bays, the crows are holding their annual conventions in the tree tops with much oratorical clamor, and when you arrive at Tacoma you find the flowers blooming in the dooryards. The change seems magical and is as great as if you should start from Chicago in January and travel to the Gulf of Mexico, yet the whole distance you have traversed to bring about this wonderful transformation is less than 100 miles.

The most peculiar climatic region with which I am familiar is the Puget Sound basin, in the State of Washington. It is separated from the ocean on the west by the rugged snow-clad range of the Olympic Mountains, and its eastern boundary is the still loftier range of the Cascades. The sound is connected with the Pacific by the broad strait of Juan de Fuca, and up this strait pours a great volume of moist air, brought by the Japan current from far out to sea. The mountains of Vancouver Island on one side and the Olympics on the other make of the strait an enormous funnel, and the moisture-laden winds are condensed against the cold, snowy ranges on either hand, and are precipitated in frequent showers upon the shores of the sound. It rarely snows there, but it rains a little almost every day from October to June. The result is to produce a dense vegetable growth in the forest consisting of immense trees—firs, hemlocks, spruces and cedars—and of undergrowth so dense that it is almost impossible to force your way through it without hard work with an axe. A St. Paul man of my acquaintance went out to that region last fall to see what he called his farm. He owns a tract of land five or six miles from Olympia, the capital of the state, and had often boasted about that farm to his acquaintances. He set out from Olympia on horseback to view the land, but after three hours hard struggle in the forest he turned back without even getting sight of his possessions, and was followed as far as the clearing by a cougar, which hastened his progress by its dismal and menacing howls.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Washington's Rival.

"Who was Ananias, pa?"

"I believe he was the leader of the opposition to George Washington."—Truth.

Chickens Reared on Milk.

A special breed of chickens, known as the poulet de lait or poulet mignon—has been reared in France for eating purposes. The fowls are hardly larger than a pigeon, and when cooked are said to appeal particularly to gourmets. The chickens themselves are reared on a diet of boiled milk and barley flour, which makes them plump and gives their flesh a particularly delicacy.

Your anxiety is for your delicate child; the child that in spite of all your careful over-watching, keeps thin and pale. Exercise seems to weaken her and food fails to nourish. That child needs Scott's Emulsion with the Hypophosphites—not as a medicine, but as a food containing all the elements of growth. It means rich blood, strong bones, healthy nerves, sound digestion. No child refuses Scott's Emulsion. It is pleasant and palatable.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY MARCH 15, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

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WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

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For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.23 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.43 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

—Telephonic connection has been completed between Campbellford, Gore's Landing, Harwood and Cobourg.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE

And the Fighting Championship Will be Settled.

Athletes From San Francisco Have a Look at Corbett and Pronounce Their Fellow-Citizen in First Class Condition—Tommy Ryan and George Green Matched to Fight in Syracuse—Experts Size Up the Gladiators.

Carson City, March 14.—There was an air of repose round Cook's Ranch this morning, as Fitzsimmons contented himself with a plunge bath and a drive into town with his wife. The Cornishman took an off day, and did no real work, as a flurry of snow this morning softened the roads, which were in a very muddy condition.

There were plenty of visitors to Shaw's Springs, where Corbett did some indoor work, which Trainer Charley White lightened somewhat from the ordinary routine. In fact, both men have about concluded with the heavy work, and will let up a good deal during the next two days.

Eight athletes from the Olympic Club of San Francisco arrived on the morning train and hastened to Shaw's Springs, where they critically observed Corbett at work. All of them had known Jim from childhood, and he was particularly anxious to hear their opinion as to his condition. Jim Nealon, the veteran handball player, who is probably closer to Corbett than any man living, edged around behind the champion and took in his every move.

"What do you think, now, honestly, Jim?" asked Corbett, as he prepared for his rub down. "You and I have played marbles together, you known, and I would go more on your judgment than anybody's. Speak right out in meaning, old man, and let us have your honest opinion."

"Well, Jim," replied Nealon, "what I have just seen lifts a load from my mind. You did look kind of jaundiced when you left home, and although I would not say so for the world, I thought you were a bit foggy. I knew you'd pick the winner of this fight after I had watched you box a few rounds, and had a good look at you when the bout was over. If you ain't fit to-day to fight for your life, then I don't know you, that's all. You look better, work faster and blow less after exertion this minute than I ever knew you to do before. I don't think you are able to beat me at handball, though. I'll take that conceit out of you to-morrow." The other members of the party agreed with Nealon that Corbett was ripe for a championship battle.

The roads were too muddy for Corbett to-day, and he did all his work indoors. Charley White struck out eight rounds in their boxing program, but he allowed Jim to linger with the wrist machine five minutes longer than usual. A little extra work with the dumbells was also permitted, and the regulation three games of handball were allowed. Corbett showed more speed than usual this morning, probably because he was not worn down by the heavy road work.

A representative of the Empire Athletic Club of Syracuse, N.Y., to-day matched George Green (Young Corbett) and Tommy Ryan, the welterweight champion, for a 20-round go on April 27. Should Green lose his fight with Smith he will still go against Ryan, and if possible the club will arrange a meeting between Smith and the winner of this battle.

Green and Hawkins finished training to-day. They have not been advised by Stuart when he will require them to enter the ring, but they were given to understand that they might be called upon March 17, should the big fight not last too long. William Muldoon looked over all the fighters to-day, and seemed pleased with their appearance.

ALMOST PROHIBITORY

Are the New U. S. Duties Upon Canadian Products—A Talk With a Prominent Canadian.

Chicago, March 14.—William E. Curtis wires from Washington to The Record: The duties upon Canadian products are almost prohibitory, and the rate on white pine, spruce and similar lumber will probably be $2 a thousand, which is double that of the McKinley law.

I asked a prominent Canadian to-day what effect these duties would have upon the people and politics of the Dominion.

"Of course it will be very serious for us," was the reply. "It is proposed to increase the duties on hay, eggs and all other farm products so that they will be practically prohibitory, and if this is done it will deprive the Canadians of their market."

"Will this promote annexation?"

"The people will be forced to realize that if they want freer trade they will have to follow Mr. Blaine's suggestion, that if they wish to sit at the American table they will have to join the American family. It will promote the exodus of farmers to the United States. Whatever may be said about who pays the duty, it comes to this: When the man who has the monopoly of selling fixes the price, the duty comes out of the buyers; when the man who has the monopoly of buying fixes the price, the duty comes out of the seller."

The new tariff bill has been sent to the printer.

Even Kindling Wood Taxed.

New York, March 14.—The Herald prints what purports to be a synopsis of the new tariff bill, in which it is stated that the wood schedule stands as in the McKinley Act, with the exception that white pine has been made dutiable with spruce at $2 per thousand feet, and a paragraph has been inserted taxing kindling wood in bundles not exceeding a quarter of a cubic foot each, three-tenths of a cent a bundle, and larger bundles three tenths of a cent for each additional quarter of a cubic foot or fractional part.

In the agricultural schedule horses and mules shall pay $20 per head, provided that horses valued at $50 and above shall pay a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem; cattle more than a year old, $5 per head, valued at more than $20 a head, 25 per cent. ad valorem; one year old or less $2 per head.

High Duty on Barley.

Washington, March 14—The new agricultural schedule will affect seriously many articles largely imported from Canada if it does not altogether shut off trade from that country in certain lines. Besides the duty on pine lumber of $2 per thousand feet, the barley duty will be put at the almost prohibitory rate of 30c per bushel, and barley malt at 45c. Butter, eggs, peas beans, potatoes, and in fact nearly everything in the schedule, go back to McKinley rates. Hay will be taxed $4 per ton, and sheep and hogs $1.50 per head.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY.

Continued from page 1.

not generally known to the insurgent leaders. This it is said is due to Admiral Reinrek, lately in command of the Greek fleet, who refused to act as an interpreter between the foreign admirals and the insurgents for the conveyance of information furnished by the former. Great Britain has now taken steps to have the Christian leaders informed of what it is intended to do, in the belief that as soon as the information spreads it will have the result of stopping the fighting. Sir Alfred Billotti, the British Consul here, has been instructed by his Government to have printed as soon as his colleagues receive similar instructions a proclamation announcing the decision of the powers to grant autonomy to the island. The proclamation will give no details of the scheme, but will declare as a cardinal point that Turkey shall have nothing whatever to do with the internal affairs of Crete. The proclamation will be distributed as widely as possible and it is thought that the effect will be very beneficial.

Still Holding Out.

Athens, March 14.—Advices received here this evening from Canea show that the insurgents are continuing their bombardment of the town of Spinalonga. The Turkish garrison is still holding out, though the cannonading has now been going on for nearly three days.

Soldiers are Suffering.

London, March 14.—The Standard will publish to-morrow a despatch from Janina, Southern Albania, stating that the weather has become very severe. It adds that the Turkish soldiers on the frontier are badly fed and lodged and that they are suffering from disease. The Mussulman Redifs destined for the frontier, upon reaching Arta, returned hurriedly, not liking the looks of the Greek irregular troops. The despatch further says that the Greek troops on the Macedonian frontier are also suffering from cold and exposure, but notwithstanding this, their ardor is unabated.

Blockade Will Begin Wednesday.

London, March 14.—The Chronicle will in its issue to-morrow claim to have authority to state that the blockade of Crete and certain unnamed Greek ports will begin on Wednesday, an ultimatum to that effect having been delivered to Greece. Various reports concur that a blockade of Crete is immediately imminent and a blockade of Grecian ports later if Greece persists in her present attitude. Negotiations are proceeding towards having France and Italy jointly occupy Crete or Italy alone with a mandate from the powers.

SNIFFS WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Royal Irish Regiment Under Orders, and Commanders of Indian Regiments Said to Have Been Notified.

New York, March 14.—The Sun's London special says: It is announced to-day that a month hence the Royal Irish Regiment, one of the finest corps in the British army, will sail for South Africa, nominally to relieve certain troops in Cape Colony and Natal, but it is really to be a reinforcement. The garrison is already largely in excess of normal requirements. It may be added, and the announcement is now made public for the first time, that the commanders of several British regiments now in India have been secretly warned that their corps may be required for active service in South Africa before the summer is far advanced.

Be Cheery.

Why should a person make himself a nuisance? What gain is there in grimness, and sourness, and unsociability? Few people care to listen to whining and complaint. On the whole, the world uses us as well as we deserve. It is very hard for the defeated to admit this, but it is a fact, nevertheless, and, if only admitted, one of the chief reasons for defeat is removed. A cheerful philosophy is an important element of success. He who is perpetually suspecting others of ill-treating him and keeping him down is not a welcome companion. Every man is of less importance to the world around him than he likes to think. But he can easily test it by asking how much he himself dwells upon the condition of others. By as much as their grievances do not particularly concern him, by so much his own are matters of indifference to them. So let him be pleasant, bury his sorrows, pocket his affronts, make himself agreeable, trust to Providence and thankfully take what comes.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The flour trade is dull and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $11 to $12; there is none offering. Shorts $10 to $11.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings not large. The feeling is irregular. Red winter is quoted at 73c and white at 74c, west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 81c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 30c to 32c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and feed at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, there being only a limited supply. White sold outside at 17½c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—The market is firm, with car lots at 23c to 24c, outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales at 32c, east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 13.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4½d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 5¾d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Close—Wheat off coast and on passage quiet. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat firm at 21f 60c for April. Flour 44f for April.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat quiet; futures dull at 6s 0½d for March, 6s 1½d for May, 6s 1¼d for July and 6s 0½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 6¼d for April, 2s 7¼d for May, 2s 6d for July and 2s 1¾d for Sept. Flour 2's.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 13, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 16
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

" HIRAM FREY,
" Wheel Maker,
" Norwood, Ont."

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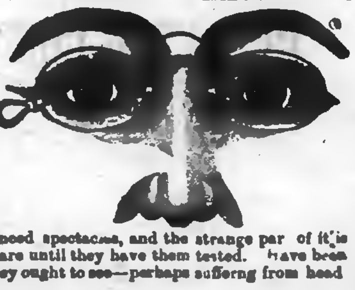
THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Eyes to See and See Not.



That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

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The Jeweller and Optician.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
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Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

So'd in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1897.

Hints for Young Mothers.

When preparing an outfit for an infant, provide the softest and finest materials your means will permit. One should stop to consider how soft and tender the skin of the infant is in its early days.

Embroideries should never be selected for trimming the necks of dresses and nightgowns. Lace is much daintier and while less expensive than embroideries, it gives a richer appearance to the little wardrobe.

For night wear flannels should have an admixture of cotton. This prevents shrinking. The day skirts may also be made of cotton and wool flannel, but silk and wool makes a much handsomer skirt and will last for years. A good quality of silk and wool flannel may be had for eighty cents a yard.

Do not provide rubber shields; those made of quilted cambric are much more cleanly and better for the child in every way.

The dresses should be one yard long when finished. A deep hem is the most popular finish at the present time, and is far more sensible than a ruffle of embroidery. The little dresses are far more easily laundered and the extra expense may be added to the quality of the material.

French nainsook should be first choice for the dresses; sheer dimity is also desirable. Soft finished cambric comes next on the list.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

—The Warkworth Journal says there is one home in that village in which there are five people whose total ages amount to 356 years.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

NICOLA TESLA'S GRAND VISION.

THE EMANCIPATION OF MANKIND BY THE USE OF ELECTRICITY.

The Modern Agent For the Equalizing of Conditions in a Material Sense—What the Montenegrin Scientist Is Devoting His Energies To.

A sketch of the famous electrician, Nicola Tesla, concludes with the statement of his belief that the development of applied electricity will be the emancipation of mankind; that the labor-saving devices which may be operated by the mysterious energy will reduce the necessary hours of labor and level the difference between the rich and the poor. To that end he is bending his energies and using his wonderful talents for invention and investigation, says The Pittsburg Dispatch.

His purpose is a grand and noble one; his belief is sublime—perhaps some will say it is impracticable and foolish. It is a fact, however, that the achievements of the era that began with the end of the French revolution, and the untrammelled opportunity of man, have made it possible for twice as many people to live comfortably within a given area as before that time. The capacity for production has been so enlarged, and the process so cheapened, that the fear of overpopulating the earth has been forgotten, and that, too, in the face of the most rapid increase of population within historic times.

We are all accustomed to note the tremendous increase in population in this country, a large portion of which is due to immigration; but it is not so common to recognize the fact that the populations of the lands from which our immigrants are drawn are increasing more rapidly than they were a century or half-century ago. Yet such is really the fact. Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Austria, Belgium and Holland, which were considered crowded and in need of new lands, to which the surplus population might emigrate a century ago, now contain double the population of that time, and are not overcrowded, as they then seemed to be. This wonderful change has been wrought by the invention of labor-saving machinery, by the development of applied steam power. The contrast of wealth and poverty has not, however, been abolished, by any means, but the poor have been enabled to enjoy some of the comforts that could only be afforded by the very wealthy a century ago. The discovery of the new applications of electrical energy has already added materially to the world's resources, and it is as certain as anything human can be that this power will develop in many more useful directions in the future. It is probable that it may do vastly more than has been done by steam to support added population, if not to wipe out the differences of wealth.

It is possible that discovery of processes for generating the current direct from coal, and means for conserving the generated energy, may so cheapen light, heat and power, that all mankind may be supplied with the necessities and comforts of life almost without labor. To the man unfamiliar with what has been accomplished in the field of applied electricity, it may seem like a hazy dream of the unattainable; but to Mr. Tesla, deep in the mysteries of this wonderful energy, that seems to pervade the whole universe, it is the distinct perception of that from which he is only divided by a thin veil, and which he might view face to face if he could but find the means to raise the curtain.

What Causes Sex?

The determining factor in sex has always been the subject of controversy, but up to the present time, although numerous theories have been propounded, none can be deemed satisfactory, and the causation of sex is still as much shrouded in mystery as is biogenesis. Perhaps one reason why so little progress has been made in the elucidation of this profound problem is the fact that there are so few opportunities of ascertaining reliable facts relating to the human subject in this connection. Be this as it may, there can be no doubt that experiments on animals with a view to clearing away the mist with which this question is obscured would greatly add to our knowledge of the subject, and if the controversy which is taking place in the columns of our contemporary, The Stockkeeper, should have this effect, not a little good may result. The theories which up to the present have been propounded are well-known to readers of The Lancet, in the columns of which several attempts have been made to thresh out the subject; but a letter from Mr. J. F. Chambers in the issue of The Stockkeeper of Jan. 8, in which he ably propounds what may be called the katabolic and anabolic theory, will be read with interest. He says the foetus passes through three cycles: (1) sexless; (2) hermaphrodite or bisexual; and (3) unisexual; and argues that at the second stage the "breeder may step in and enjoin nature to proceed after his wishes." The practical results of breeders' experiments, however, will be more valuable than any number of theories.—The Lancet.

SCHOOL SETTLEMENT.

The Strong Resolutions Passed by Orangemen in Grand Lodge at Brandon.

Winnipeg, March 14.—(Special.)—With the bill now before the Manitoba Legislature to ratify the terms of the Laurier-Greenway school settlement, all the bitter school controversy seems to have been renewed. The remarkable feature of the discussion now is that, judging from the utterances of representative bodies and men, neither Protestants nor Catholics agree with the settlement. The Manitoba Orange Grand Lodge, for instance, condemns Mr. Greenway for betraying the cause of national schools, while Mr. Pare, chief representative in the Legislature of the Manitoba Catholics, declares that no concessions have been made to the minority, and he sees but a further insult in the so-called settlement.

The resolution passed by the Orange Grand Lodge was exceptionally strong. It first sets forth that the Manitoba Orangemen sacrificed party to strength en Mr. Greenway's hands against coercion, and says: "But as soon as the Laurier Government came to power the cloven foot was exposed, and the terms of settlement arranged between the Provincial and Federal Governments, which is one of the rankest and barest acts of duplicity in the history of responsible government, and a menace to the liberty of the Manitoba Protestants. The teaching of Roman Catholic dogmas is again restored and the principle which Orangemen have contended for, that the State should not recognize any religious denomination in our schools, has been sacrificed. The Roman Catholic Church has been specially singled out for favors, while all Protestants are simply referred to as non-Catholic."

After vigorously condemning the bilingual system, which provision the Orange Grand Lodge says answers the double purpose of introducing into the Public schools the dual language and Roman Catholic teachers, the resolution proceeds:

"This settlement has other features even more vicious than the old Separate school law. The policy of Rome has ever been aggressive. Roman Catholic teachers will be scattered throughout the province, and will have an opportunity of proselytizing to a much greater extent under the terms of settlement than ever before."

After referring to the sending of emissaries to Rome, the resolution says: "The humiliation of our great Dominion in the eyes of every liberty-loving nation must indeed be great, when our rulers so far forget their dignity and that of our country as to endeavor to obtain the sanction of a foreign potentate before legislation is submitted to Parliament. Therefore, be it resolved, that we express in the strongest terms possible disapproval of the settlement and denounce it as a delusion and a snare, and we will use every legitimate means of defeating every member of Parliament who votes in its favor."

The debate on the schools settlement will be continued in the Legislature tomorrow.

A Catholic writes to The Tribune, declaring that Archbishop Langevin in a sermon at St. Norbert just prior to the St. Boniface election made a statement to the effect that all those who voted for Mr. Bertrand at the last election held in the electoral division of St. Boniface would be refused burial in consecrated ground should they die in their present state. The writer then adds that some electors went to confession since election. The first question asked by the priest was: "Who did you vote for at the last election?" "I voted for Bertrand," answered the penitent. "Then," said the priest, "you will have to go to the Archbishop. I can do nothing for you."

The elector did go to His Grace, and judge of his surprise when he was asked to sign a printed document, acknowledging his guilt in having voted for Bertrand and promising in future to vote according to the bishop's instructions.

And Still He Did It.

Station Master—You shouldn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—That is what my friends say.

Station Master—But you musn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—So my doctor tells me.

Station Master—But you sha'n't smoke, sir.

Traveler—Ah' that is just what my wife tells me.—Tit-Bits.

A Sarcastic Papa.

Father (upstairs)—What time is it down there?

Mamie (down in the parlor)—Just 10 by the clock, papa.

Father—All right. Don't forget to start the clock again when the young man leaves.

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(MARIANI WINE)

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"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the Vin Mariani for many years. I consider it a valuable stimulant."

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Court Physician to Her Majesty the Queen.

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Album of Portraits of Celebrities testifying to the merits of Vin Mariani sent free on application.

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For Girls	1 50
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Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

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Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

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F. S. SCHNEIDER
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I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 63. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE OFFICIAL ARMY

Which Keeps the Ontario Government in Power.

Ministers State That It is Fitness, Not Favoritism, That Controls the Appointments—Toronto's Bill Passes Its Second Reading—Number of Controllers to be Increased and the Franchise to be Widened—Bills Advanced a Stage.

Toronto, March 16.

Hon. J. M. Gibson brought down the documents in reference to his now famous deal with the alleged South African Development Company yesterday.

The House first went into committee, Mr. Charlton presiding, and passed the following bills:

Bill, to authorize the issuing of debentures by St. George's Cathedral Church, Kingston—Mr. Harty.

Bill, respecting the village of East Toronto—Mr. Richardson.

Bill, to amend and consolidate the acts relating to the Kingston Hospital—Mr. Marty.

Bill, respecting the village of Huntsville—Mr. Stratton.

Mr. Howland asked whether the attention of the department of Attorney-General has been called to the part taken by Mr. Aplojohn, Registrar of Titles at Rat Portage, in relation to a recent sale in Jaffray township, whether the sale had not come off before Mr. Aplojohn as Registrar, by application for certificate of title or otherwise, and whether the Registrar did not afterwards negotiate the sale of such land to another party, while the intending purchaser was waiting for the certificate of title, whether the Attorney-General, or his department, will obtain all correspondence by letter or telegraph, relating to the land, which passed between the Registrar and the former owner, Mr. H. De Q. Sewell, and lay the same before this House at an early date.

The Attorney-General stated in reply that complaints had been made in relation to the sale in question. Mr. Aplojohn had sold the land after making a bargain with other parties. There had been some correspondence between the Registrar and the Attorney-General's department. The former had been asked to explain his conduct and his reply had been unsatisfactory. The correspondence would be brought down.

In moving for an order of the House for a return of copies of all correspondence between the Government or any member of the Government, or the Chief Game Warden and any member of the Government of the Province of Quebec, with reference to the provision of the game laws of the two provinces requiring residents of each province to take out licenses in order to enjoy the privilege of shooting in the other province, Mr. Barr regretted the existence of a sort of tariff wall between the two provinces in game matters.

Hon. J. M. Gibson agreed with the previous speaker that such a state of affairs was deplorable. The fault, however, lay with the Province of Quebec, which charges a fee to Ontario residents for hunting game, while Ontario had specially exempted people from Quebec from any special tax for such pursuits. The probability was, if the latter province should change their game law and assume a more friendly attitude towards Ontario, that this province would do the same.

In moving for an order of the House for a return showing the names, occupations and dates of appointment of the Justices of the Peace of the Province, Dr. Ryerson complained of the illiteracy of many of these officials of the Government. There were 268 Justices of the Peace, representing all classes, in the County of York alone. He calculated, at the rate of 100 to the county, there were 4300 in the Province. It afforded a splendid opportunity for the bestowal of patronage. He believed it impossible for the people to express their voice at the polls in the face of such an army of officials as the 6000 or 7000 such men, many of them bakers, teamsters, etc., in the province.

The Attorney-General did not believe that the mover of the resolution could be in earnest. It would be possible to bring down a return for the years 1894, 1895 and 1896, but it was scarcely fair to ask for those appointed ever since Confederation. He did not agree with the mover that bakers, teamsters, etc., would not make as good magistrates as the merchant or the lawyer. Such views were not surprising, coming from a man of top-lofty ideas such as Dr. Ryerson had. It did not prove that a man was not intelligent because he could not write well. Doctors and lawyers and the speaker himself were not known by their friends to be proficient in that line.

Mr. Howland thought it an extraordinary state of things if the Attorney-General could not furnish the names as required. A record of such men should be kept. They were men who had powers to oppress the people or to use their office for their personal interest, and should, therefore, be kept under control.

Mr. Gibson of Huron thought it would be impossible to find a list of all acting magistrates. The only one he remembered that could not write his own name was a Conservative

Mr. Matheson was followed by the mover, Dr. Ryerson, who read a list of the J. P.'s of Toronto to prove that no Conservative was ever appointed.

Hon. G. W. Ross characterized the last speaker's remarks as casting a stigma on the judiciary of the province. He moved that the motion be amended by adding the words, during the years 1894, 1895 and 1896.

Mr Rush did not object to the appointees being Liberals, so long as they were the best men available, but they were very often far from being such.

Mr. St. John asked light on two recent appointments of alleged Conservatives in Prescott.

Messrs. Martin and Reid followed and the resolution was finally compromised to make the order extend from 1890 to 1896.

Mr. Rush moved for an order of the House for a return of copies of any report of the Inspector of Division Courts and all other documents in connection with the dismissal of John Dickinson, bailiff. Also, giving the names of all applicants for the position, and copies of all correspondence regarding the same.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt stated that there would be no objection to the motion. He explained that Mr. Dickinson had perpetually violated the rules. His most aggravating failures were those of neglecting to keep either a process or a free book, and also of retaining money of clients.

Mr. Matheson charged that Mr. Dickinson was ousted to make room for a Reformer, and thought if the same rigorous treatment were applied to all bailiffs a great many reformers would also have to go.

Hon. Mr. Gibson wished to repudiate the charges of the last speaker. The Government carried on the administration in regard to Division Courts on strictly business lines. He wanted it understood that favoritism was not a factor in such matters. Just as many Reformers as Conservatives had been dismissed in the past few years.

Dr. Ryerson moved the second reading of the City of Toronto bill to amend the Municipal Act.

The Attorney-General replied that there were some clauses of the bill with which he was not altogether in accord. For instance, it proposed to increase the number of members of the Board of Control, which had, so far as he was able to learn, been doing its duties well. The widening of the franchise was also a matter which was worthy of due consideration by the committee. He consented that the latter, however, should take the matter in hand, and the second reading passed.

Mr. Gibson (Ham.)—Bill to amend the Mechanics' and Wage Earners' Lien Act, 1896; also, bill to consolidate and amend the acts respecting insurance.

Mr. Ryerson—Bill respecting liens of repairers, mechanics and artisans, upon personal property.

Mr. Howland—Bill to amend the Municipal Arbitrations Act; also, bill to amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Macnish—Bill to amend the Municipal Act.

The Attorney-General—Bill with reference to the registration of instruments in respect of unpatented lands and the valuation of mining lands for the purpose of assurance under the Land Titles Act; also, bill respecting a short form of certain municipal bylaws.

The following bills were brought down yesterday:

Mr. Hiscott—To amend the Municipal Act, to enable councils to pass bylaws disqualifying municipal electors in arrears for water or light rates, and disqualifies such persons altogether from election to municipal councils.

Mr. Pardo—To amend the Municipal Water Works Act, to enable municipalities to levy a rate on property abutting on streets along which water mains or any extension thereof have been constructed, for the purpose of paying money taken from the general funds of the municipality for the purposes of the construction.

JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE.

Pompadour Jim and Lanky Bob Will Rest a Day and Then Fight—Both Sure They'll Win.

Carson, Nev., March 15.—Dan Stuart today decided that all three of the fights will be pulled off on Wednesday, thus making the carnival the greatest in the history of pugilism. The Texan settled on this course late in the afternoon, and Hawkins, Flaherty, Green and Smith were expected to begin hard for medical inspection on Wednesday morning. Stuart evidently believes in common with the majority of the experts that the big mill will not be very prolonged, but it is not by any means certain that the other two bouts can be finished the same day.

A temperature of summer, coupled with a bright sun and a clear sky, greeted Corbett and Fitzsimmons this morning, when they arose to prepare for the last finishing touches of their training.

Two specials and the regular train landed a goodly crowd of sports to-day, and the town put on quite a busy appearance, which was enhanced in picturesqueness by the presence of a number of cowboys, who participated in an exhibition of equine skill just outside the town. Among the arrivals by the specials were Parson Davies and his colored Chicago giant, Bob Armstrong, and Tom Sharkey, who arrived by the special from San Francisco.

The pool rooms opened this morning, but there was little or nothing doing in the way of betting, and no big wagers were recorded.

Both Corbett and Fitzsimmons bid adieu to most of their training paraphernalia today. Both of them went through the usual program with slight modifications.

Corbett played with his favorite wrist machine for nearly 10 minutes. He next punched the bag for an hour and then announced himself ready to take Jim Nealon's scalp at handball. Three red-hot games were played in less than an hour and Nealon did not figure in any of them to much extent. His easy victory over Nealon left Jim in good humor and he took pity on his trainers when the gloves were brought out. Eighteen rounds in all were gone through with and no blood was spilled.

Not a glove touched Corbett during the entire exercise and he finished without a show of exhaustion. While Jim was taking his rub down his trainers speculated as to his weight. None of them have seen him on the scales and nobody can say for certain just what he does weigh. White's guess of 182 pounds is probably within two pounds of the correct figure.

On the afternoon sprint Jim narrowly escaped meeting Mr. and Mrs. Fitzsimmons. The couple were driving along the road to Shaw's Springs, when they saw Corbett trotting down on them a few hundred yards ahead. Fitzsimmons jogged along until he reached a fork in the road, where he turned off on the pike towards Reno. Mrs. Fitzsimmons leaned far over in front of her husband and took a good look at the Californian, but Bob kept his eyes ahead and never once glanced in Jim's direction. Corbett jogged along with his trainers, paying no heed to the pair on his right. He switched around when he came to the railroad track and faced in the direction of Empire, doubling back four miles from home and sprinting most of the distance to his quarters.

Very few visitors saw Fitzsimmons put in his last day's work. The Cornishman scorched around the ranch on his wheel for half an hour with Yarrum as a pacemaker, before putting on his running shoes. He did not waste much time in sprinting and seemed content to get in the gymnasium. The punching bag was given a long innings, and the drives which Bob let go were not love taps either. Roeber, Hickey and Stenzler received no consideration, and they had little energy left when the boxing was over. In the afternoon Bob took his wife out for a drive, which extended about 12 miles.

Green, Hawkins, Smith and Flaherty are through with their training. Green is down to 146 pounds and looks all over a winner. Hawkins will not have a pound to spare in order to get within the limit of 126, but he appears to be in better shape than any man in the bunch. Smith is the most unlikely-loking pug in the lot. Flaherty is down to 124. He will have more coin behind him than any of the others.

The great championship battle will not be a betting affair.

In fact, there is less play on the heavyweight event than on any of the other fights. Most of the combinations beginning with Corbett and ending with Hawkins, command a premium of about 20 per cent. over those ending with Flaherty and almost 40 per cent. over those beginning with Fitzsimmons. Smith and Green are being played lightly at about even money. Fitz' adherents want 10 to 6 on their man.

The pool rooms are laying 10 to 7, and

Continued on Page 8.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

Mr. Blair Orders Dismissals on the I. C. R. to Stop.

Intercolonial Railway Employes Were Being Bounced Right Along and Mr. Blair Was Appealed to—Mr. Laurier's New Home—Toronto Gas Co.'s Case Before the Supreme Court—Memorial Service at Rideau Hall to the Late Prof. Drummond—General News from the Capital.

Ottawa, March 15.—(Special.)—Since the interview between Mr. Blair and the Executive of the Legislative Board of Railway Employes, further dismissals have taken place on the Intercolonial Railway. When the Legislative Board heard of this they entered a vigorous protest to the Minister, as it was understood at the conference, when an agreement for an investigation to be held was reached, that dismissals should cease. Mr. Blair has now telegraphed imperative orders that no further dismissals shall take place pending Mr. Bedard's inquiry, except in cases of persons previously ordered by the Minister to be dismissed.

Mr. Laurier has secured for himself a comfortable home on Sandy Hill, having purchased the residence of the late John Leslie, situated at the corner of Theodore and Chapel-streets, within a minute's walk of the Rideau rifle range. The sale was concluded to-day. The price is said to be $9400.

A service to the memory of the late Prof. Henry Drummond was held at Government House to-day. A cablegram was received on Saturday by His Excellency from Dr. Barbour (an intimate friend of the late Prof. Drummond's) as to the funeral arrangements, as follows: Dr. Marcus Dods preaches at Stirling to-morrow (Sunday), holds service at Glenelm (the family residence) Monday, and then Dr. Stalker, Professor Charteris and Professor George Smith conduct public service at 3 in the church, and Dr. George Whyte at the grave. Paraphrase 54 will be sung and "O God Our Help." Glasgow students are bearers. Their Excellencies were represented at the funeral by Lord Haddo, who is at present in Scotland studying with his tutors at St. Andrew's University. At the service held to-day at Government House the "Dead March in Saul" was played, and the following hymns were sung: "God is love, His mercy brightens," "Jesus, lover of my soul," "O God, our help," "I'm not ashamed to own my Lord" (54th Scriptural paraphrase), Mendelssohn's "O for the wings of a dove" was played as the concluding voluntary. Dr. Gibson acted as organist.

In the Supreme Court to-day the arguments in Rogers v. The Toronto School Board were concluded and judgment reserved.

The Consumers' Gas Company v. The City of Toronto was next heard. The appeal is against the assessment of the gas mains under the public streets and roads in Toronto. The question is whether the mains are assessable under the Assessment Act of 1892, the assessment being imposed for the first time in 1894. The Act exempts personal property of the company from assessment, and it was contended by the appellant that the mains are not real property or fixtures thereon, and consequently there is no authority for their assessment. The Chancellor first heard the case and held that the mains being permanently placed in the ground were fixtures, and assessable as such. His decision was affirmed by a majority of the judges of the Court of Appeal, for which the company now seeks relief. McCarthy, Q.C., and Miller, Q.C., for appellant; C. Robinson, Q.C., and Fullerton, Q.C., for city, respondent. Arguments were not completed when the court rose.

Mr. D. L. McLean, barrister, to-day served a notice upon the city to quash the bylaw passed by the City Council a year ago prohibiting the License Commissioners from granting more than 65 tavern licenses for the year 1897-8. Mr. McLean is acting for the Licensed Victuallers' Association, who move to have the bylaw set aside on the ground that it was not passed before the 1st of March, the time stipulated by the statute.

The Department of Railways and Canals has given a contract for 3000 tons of steel rails for the Intercolonial Railway to the Maryland Steel Company of Baltimore. The department says the price is lower than that submitted by any English firm.

The Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association has endorsed the action of the City Council in proposing to provide necessary additions to the fire brigade appliances. A civic deputation, consisting of Mayor Bingham, Ald. Stewart, White, Roger, Cook, Donaldson and Payment and Solicitor McTavish, left for Toronto to-night to attend before the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature when the measure comes up.

Mr. Nosse, Japanese Consul from British Columbia, is expected here in a few days to see the Government and protest against the proposed measure seeking to impose a capitalization tax on Japanese entering the country.

Mr. Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, has informed the Manitoba members that it is impossible to establish a second experimental farm in that province.

It is generally expected here that there will be a big delegation of prohibitionists during the coming session.

The Premier will address a meeting in Hull to-morrow night in Mr. Champagne's interest.

Dr. J. R. E. Chapleau has been offered the position of assistant clerk of the House of Commons in connection with that of chief translator.

Mr. Code, Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Ottawa district, is to be superannuated.

Sir Richard Cartwright returned to the city this evening.

The Premier was confined to his room on Saturday owing to a severe cold, but was able to be out to-day, and was present at the meeting of the Cabinet.

Local Option Stands in Essex.

Essex, Ont., March 15.—Temperance still leads. The bylaw to repeal the local option as now in force here was defeated to-day by a majority of 75. Both sides worked vigorously, voters being present from Windsor, Amherstburg, Ridgetown and other places. When the local option bylaw was voted on here six years ago it was carried by a majority of 110.

One Fare to Toronto for Leaguers.

New York, March 15.—The Joint Traffic managers have approved of the following special fares: One fare of the round trip for the Epworth League International Convention, Toronto, July 15-16; round trip fare, $10, Atlantic City to Niagara Falls, Oddfellows' excursion, Sept. 14.

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Peterborough Business College
than that the present premises barely afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a
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1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, 1 (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.
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SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
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FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. d21

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Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
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Probabilities.

Fair; a little higher temperature to-day; milder to-morrow.

R. F.

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We are ready for the Spring Trade with charming lines of New Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. These have been imported direct from the makers, and are branded with our name woven on each roll, as follows:—
'Manufactured Expressly for Robert Fair, Peterborough."
Preparations have been made for Spring Carpet buyers, which abundantly justify our title to the leading Carpet Emporium of this district. At least, nothing is wanting to warrant the necessity of journeying to the cities for floor coverings.
Time was when we could not honestly have made that last statement. We have done experimental work but that time has passed now. We have the endorsement of most of the best carpet buyers in the district for having the best carpet stock, the best carpet ideas, and the best values in carpets to be found.
Rugs, Mats, Stair and Hall Carpets to match.
Real English Linoleums and Inlaid Linoleums, (something quite new,) in superb assortment.
Kensington and Art Squares, Cumb Cloths, etc., in new colors and patterns.
The latest Ideal Drapery, Lace Curtains, High-class Portiers and Chenille Portiers, in a select assortment of special merit.
We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.
We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

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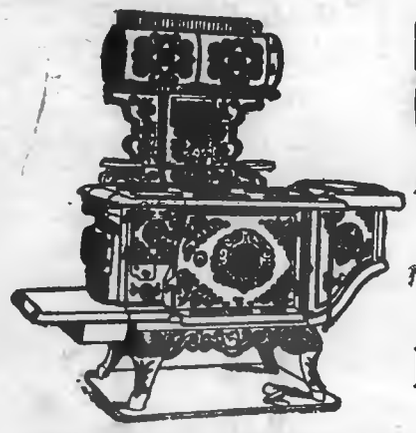

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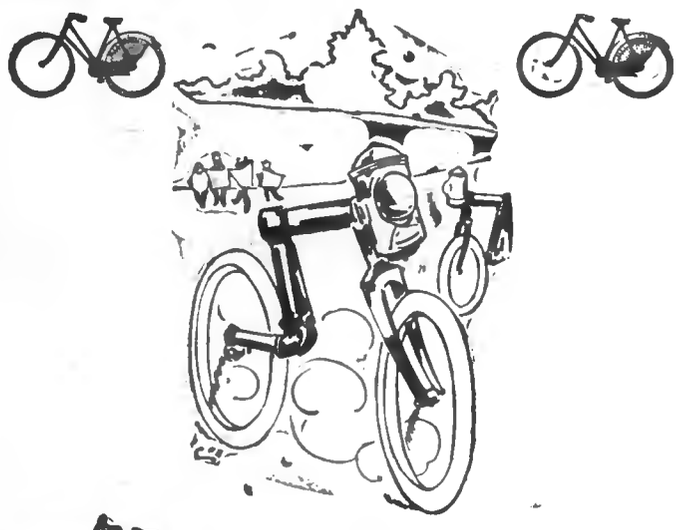

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Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children."

MRS. L. KLAUPFELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897

Isn't too bad that Mr. Hardy is known as the "wicked partner" and is not under the faintest suspicion of having assisted Sir Oliver in writing "The Evidences of Christianity." If he only had, he might now be able to succeed in making the temperance people believe that his is "a temperance Government."

As the further investigation by the Toronto World of the utterances of Major McGillivray in his speech at the Foresters' meeting in Chicago reads, we think the Major stands entirely relieved of any serious suspicion which the publication of the anti-British report may have placed him under. The report of the speech was foolish in the first place and would not be believed by any one who weighed for one instant the position of the man who was alleged to have uttered it. In the next place Major McGillivray's denial was complete and emphatic, and is backed up by the statements gathered by the World man who investigated the matter in Chicago.

THE economical Liberal Government, represented in the present case by J. Israel Tarte, has given the contract for replacing the roof on the damaged western block at Ottawa, no small contract, to a Hull contractor without asking for tenders. There are two reasons apparent. One is that this same contractor tendered for a Government job a short time ago and tendered so low that he could not carry out his contract. Mr. Tarte, therefore, did not want him to lose money again by tendering. Another reason was that a bye-election is now on in Wright, and Hull is an important factor in the riding, and the Hull contractor will give work to Hull voters. Hence the necessity—according to Liberal economy—of giving this contract regardless of cost.

Who is to be Adjutant of Bisley Team in 1897?

Apparently it rests between Major A. T. Patterson, of 85th battalion of Montreal, and the popular Major of the 8th Royal Rifles of Quebec, who has written the author of "Pheno-Banum," saying: "Your 'Quickcure' stops toothache immediately. I have known of its merits for many years. As a pain allaying and healing remedy it is fully worthy of confidence."

Signed, J. S. DUNBAR.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d454

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE 55TH CONGRESS

Opened in Special Session at Washington Yesterday.

President McKinley's Message Shows How the Finances of the Country Have Been Going Down Hill—Revenue Must be Raised and the Home Market Preserved—Foreign Products Must Pay Taxes to Run the Government—No Talk of Concessions to Canada, but Rather the Reverse.

Washington, March 15.—The extraordinary session of the 55th Congress was opened this noon.

The corridors of the Capitol were overrun with people an hour before noon; and although police officers were stationed at the foot of the marble staircase to keep back all who were not possessed of cards of admission, there were enough persons so provided to occupy every seat in the galleries.

The election of Speaker resulted: For Reed, 199 votes; for Bailey, 144 votes; for Bell, 21 votes, and for Newlands of Nevada, 1.

Reed was declared elected.

The President transmitted his message. In opening he says:

Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together, I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the country. It is conceded that the current expenditures are greater than its receipts, and that such a condition has existed for now more than three years. With unlimited means at our command, we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon an even economical and prudent administration of the Government.

An examination of the subject discloses the fact in every detail, and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be corrected.

The President then reviews the finances of the Government for the past three years. Coming to the last fiscal year, he says:

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, the revenues of the Government from all sources amounted to $409,475,408.78, while its expenditures were $434,679,654.48, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of $25,023,245.70. In other words the total receipts for the three fiscal years ending June 30, 1896, were insufficient by $137,811,729.46 to meet the total expenditures. Nor has this condition since improved. For the first half of the present fiscal year the receipts of the Government, exclusive of postal revenues, were $157,507,603.76, and its expenditures, exclusive of postal services, $195,410,000.22, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of $37,902,396.46. In January of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were $24,316,994.06, and the expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $30,269,289.29, a deficit of $5,952,395.24 for the month. In February of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were $24,400,997.38 and expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $28,796,056.66, a deficit of $4,395,059.28, or a total deficiency of $186,061,580.44 for the three years and eight months ending March 1, 1897. Not only are we without a surplus in the Treasury, but with an increase in the public debt there has been a corresponding increase in the annual interest charge from $22,894,883.20 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1852, to $34,387,397.60 in 1896, or an increase of $11,483,414.40.

It may be urged that even if the revenues of the Government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its repletion. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such a conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country. Congress should promptly correct the existing condition. Ample revenues must be supplied not only for the ordinary expenses of the Government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the principal's interest of the public debt.

In raising revenue, duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as possible, to our own producers; to revive and increase manufactures; to relieve and encourage agriculture; to increase our domestic and foreign commerce; to aid and develop mining and building, and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate rewards to which skill and industry are justly entitled. The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue need not be further urged. The demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that Congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted, let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the Government without the contracting of further debt.

William McKinley.

Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897.

The message occupied the undivided attention of the Senators and of the audience in the galleries, but no demonstration followed its conclusion.

Then, on motion of Mr. Allison (Rep., Iowa), the Senate at 2.25 adjourned until to-morrow at noon.

At quite a late hour in the session of the House to-day Chairman Dingley presented for reference to the Committee on Ways and Means, of which it was well understood, he was again to be chairman, the tariff bill, upon which he and his Republican associates have been engaged for many weeks.

In discussing the general scope and purport of the bill to a representative of the United Associated Presses today, Chairman Dingley gave an interesting synopsis of what he expected of it.

The bill has two purposes, namely, to raise additional revenue and to encourage the industries of the United States.

On the basis of the importations of the last fiscal year the bill would increase the revenue about $112,000,000 among the several schedules, roughly as follows:

A—Chemicals, $3,500,000.
B—Crockery and glassware, $4,000,000.
C—Metals, $4,000,000.
D—Wood, $1,750,000.
E—Sugar, $21,750,000.
F—Tobacco, $7,000,000.
G—Agricultural, $6,300,000.
H—Liquors, $1,800,000.
I—Cottons, $1,700,000.
J—Jute, linen and hemp, $7,800,00.
K—Wool, $17,500,000.
K—Manufactures of wool, $27,000,000.
L—Silks, $1,500,000.
M—Pulp and paper, $58,000.
N—Sundries, $6,200,000.

This estimate is on the supposition that the imports of each class of goods would be the same the next fiscal year as in the fiscal year ended last June.

Undoubtedly any delay beyond the first of May in placing the bill on the statute book would result in a large loss of revenue.

The increase of revenue is secured by transferring wool, lumber, crude opium, argols, paintings and statuary, straw ornaments, straw mattings, burlaps and various other articles from the free list of the present law to the dutiable list; by increasing the duty on woolens to compensate the manufacturer for the duty placed on wool; by raising the duty on sugar about 3-4 of a cent per pound in order to encourage the production of sugar in this country, which it is believed can be done ,and thus give our farmers a new crop, which we now import mainly from abroad; by increasing the duty on agricultural products affected by Canadian competition ,and on fine cotton goods, some advanced manufactures of iron and steel, manufactures of jute, flax and hemp, in order to encourage these and other industries here, and especially by increasing duties on such luxuries as liquors, tobacco, silks, laces, etc.

As a rule the rates of duties proposed are between the rates of the tariff of 1890 and the tariff of 1894, such reduction of rates from the former law preserving the protective principle, being made feasible by changed conditions.

The iron and steel schedule is changed very little from that schedule in the tariff of 1894, the change being entirely in the more advanced articles. The same is true of the cotton schedule.

In the agricultural, wool and glass and earthenware schedules alone are the duties of the act of 1890 fully restored as a rule and in a few cases increased with the view of amply protecting an encouraging our farming interests at every possible point.

In framing this new tariff the aim has been to make the duties specific, or at least partly specific, so far as possible, to protect the revenue and also to protect our own industries. The very general substitution of specific duties, even where they are only the equivalent of existing ad valorem, will, of itself, increase the revenue and strengthen the protection afforded to our industries.

The reciprocity provisions of the act of 1890 have not only been fully restored, but this policy has been extended by adding sugar, tea, coffee and hides as articles on which to make reciprocal agreements, such articles as champagne, brandy, wines, artificial and natural mineral waters, chicle argols and silk laces. In adding these articles the reciprocity provision is strengthened greatly by providing for a reduction of duties on them to countries giving us similar concessions.

The bill as a whole has the unanimous support of the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, and will, it is hoped, receive the support, not only of Republicans, but of others who believe that revenue should be at least equal to expenditures, with the conviction that in adjusting duties to secure such duties it is a wise policy to encourage home production and manufactures, and thus provide employment at good wages for the laborers of our people, on whose purchasing power depends the market for our products.

THE WOOL SCHEDULE.

The wool schedule is divided into three classes.

Class 1, including all wools of merino blood immediate or remote, and others imported from Buenos Ayres, New Zealand, Australia, Cape of Good Hope, Great Britain, Canada, Egypt, Morocco and elsewhere.

Class 2, Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire, down combing wools, Canada long wools, or other like combing wools of English blood, and hair of camel, Angora goat, alpaca and other like animals.

Class 3, Donskoi, native South American, Cordova, Valparaiso, native Smyrna, Russian camel's hair and wools heretofore imported from Turkey, Greece, Syria and elsewhere.

Silk goods of all classes and character are detailed at their different rates of sample duty, while the lengthy iron schedule includes in the duty list iron ore, iron in pigs, bar iron, round iron, plate iron or steel railway bars, hoop iron and all other varieties placed on an increasing scale. Wire is similarly placed.

THE WOOD SCHEDULE.

Timber hewn and sawed only, $1 per 1000 feet board measure; timber used for spars and in building wharves and timber squared and sawed only, not specially provided for in this Act, 1c per cubic foot.

Sawed boards, planks, deals and other lumber of white wood, sycamore and bass wood, $1 per 1000 feet board measure; sawed lumber, not specially provided for in this Act, $2 per 1000 feet board measure; but when lumber of any sort is planed or finished, in addition to the rates herein provided, there shall be levied and paid for each side so planed or finished, 50c per 1000 feet board measure; and if planed on one side and tongued and grooved, $1 per 1000 feet board measure; and if planed on two sides and tongued and grooved, $1.50 per 1000 feet board measure; and in estimating board measure under this schedule no deduction shall be made on account of planing, tonguing and grooving; provided, that in case any foreign country or dependency shall either directly or indirectly impose upon spruce, pine or elm or other saw logs, or round unmanufactured timber, pulp wood, stave bolts, shingle bolts or heading bolts, an export duty, discriminating dues, ground rents, customs, regulation, or other duty or tax, when such articles or any of them are exported or intended for export to the United States from such country or dependency, then a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem upon the lumber mentioned in this paragraph shall be levied, collected and paid in addition to the duty herein imposed when the same is imported from such country or dependency.

Paving posts, railroad ties and telephone, trolley, electric light and telegraph poles of cedar or other woods, 20 per cent.

Kindling wood in bundles not exceeding one-quarter of a cubic foot each, 3-10c per bundle; if in larger bundles, 3-10c for each additional quarter of a cubic foot or fractional part thereof.

Sawed boards, planks deals and all forms of sawed cedar, lignum vitae, lancewood, ebony, box, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, satinwood and all other cabinet woods not further manufactured than sawed, 15 per cent.; veneers of wood and wood manufactured, not specially provided for in this Act, 20 per cent.

Clapboards of pine or spruce, $1.50 per 1000 feet.

Hubs for wheels, posts, last blocks, wagon blocks, oar blocks heading blocks and all other blocks or sticks, rough hewn or sawed only, 20 per cent.

Laths, 15c per 1000 pieces.

Pickets, shingles and staves of wood of all kinds, 10 per cent.

Shingles, 30c per 1000.

Casks and barrels (empty), sugar box shooks and packing boxes and packing box shooks of wood, not specially provided for in this Act, 20 per cent.

Chair cane or reeds, wrought or manufactured from rattan or reeds, 10 per cent.; osier or willow prepared for basketmakers' use, 20 per cent.; manufactures of osier or willow, 50 per cent.

Toothpicks of wood or other vegetable substance, 1 1-2c per 1000 and 15 per cent. ad valorem.

House or cabinet furniture of wood wholly or partly finished and manufactures of wood, or of which wood is the component material of chief value, not specially provided for in this Act, 35 per cent.

LIVE ANIMALS.

Horses and mules, $20 per head: Provided, that horses valued at $50 and over shall pay a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Cattle, more than 1 year old, $5 per head; valued at over $20 a head, 25 per cent. ad valorem; 1 year old or less, $2 per head.

Hogs, $1.50 per head.

Sheep, 1 year old or more, $1.50 per head; less than 1 year old, 75 cents per head.

All other live animals, not specially provided for in this Act, 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Any animal imported specially for breeding purposes shall be admitted free, provided that no such animal shall be admitted free unless pure bred or a recognized breed and duly registered in the book of record established for that breed.

Animals brought into the United States temporarily for a period not exceeding six months for the purpose of exhibition or competition for prizes offered by any agricultural or racing association, a bond shall be given in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury; also teams of animals, including their harness and tackle, and the wagons or other vehicles actually owned by persons emigrating from foreign countries to the United States with their families, and in actual use for the purpose of such emigration under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; and wild animals intended for exhibition in zoological gardens for scientific and educational purposes and not for sale or profit.

BREADSTUFFS.

Barley, 30 cents per bushel of 48 pounds.

Barley malt, 45 cents per bushel of 34 pounds.

Barley, pearled, patent, or hulled 2 cents pound.

Continued on Page 4.

In the Yosemite Valley a while ago, a young fellow went out on the edge of a shelving precipice two thousand feet high, and balanced himself on his head. A little slip or little puff of wind would have sent him to eternity. Not one man in a million would be that kind of a fool. But nine men in ten are all the time taking foolish chances.

There is no deadly peril about a little fit of indigestion or biliousness, and yet if a man allows these troubles to get a hold on him he is taken serious risks. Dyspepsia alone seldom kills anybody; that is, it only kills you by inches, and takes a good many years doing it. But it weakens and undermines the constitution so that it is all ready to receive and fertilize the dangerous diseases which do kill you outright.

Disease-germs won't grow in healthy blood any more than corn will grow on a rock. A man who keeps his digestion perfect and his blood pure may eat and drink and breathe disease-germs, but they gain no foothold. They are cast out of the system. But a man with a dyspepsia-weakened constitution breathes in typhoid or diphtheretic germs and down he goes.

The best health-insurance a man can have is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It acts directly on the stomach and liver. It gives the blood-making organs power to make healthy blood. It clarifies the blood from all impurities, and builds up the healthy flesh, muscular power and nerve energy, which fortifies you against disease.

His life-long success in the treatment of chronic diseases has given Dr. Pierce's medicines a world-wide reputation. His "Pleasant Pellets" cure constipation.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Run on Time.

According to the new rules in vogue on the Grand Trunk railway, all passenger trains must run on time, or a good reason be given by those in charge of the train why time was lost. This new rule accounts for the fast time now being made over certain sections of the Grand Trunk. "Orders have been issued and will be carried out to the letter," said an official, "that where a locomotive on passenger trains is not capable of making the running time she will be taken off at once. This rule will apply to the engineer also. If he can not make scheduled time he will be removed. Should a train be delayed by late connections all efforts must be made to bring it in on time at terminal points."

MUNYON'S GREAT WORK

Day by Day he is Relieving Suffering Humanity With his Wonderful Medicines.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From all Parts of the Country Tell of Marvelous Cures by Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies.

ALL DOCTORS ENDORSE THEM.

Get Munyon's Guide to Health at Your Nearest Drug Store. Select a 25 Cent Remedy and

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

MR. HUGH PATTON, director of Public Works, 153 Bleeker street, Toronto, Can., says:—"I suffered very severely with rheumatism in the legs and back, and for hours at a time most excruciating pain passed through those portions of the body. If I sat down for half an hour my leg was so sore I could scarcely arise. This was in July last, and I procured a bottle of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure. After using it three days I was completely cured. I have not taken any medicine since, and have not had a pain or ache since that time. I have told a number of others of the wonderful results of my own experience with Munyon's Rheumatism Cure."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

LONGEST RAILROAD.

THE TRANS-SIBERIAN NOW HOLDS THE RECORD.

More Than Twice as Long as Our Trans-Continental, the Canadian Pacific—The Wonderful Work of Russian Engineers.

The Frenh engineer, M. Levat, who has just returned from Siberia, gives to The Monde Illustre some interesting details in regard to the gigantic railway which the Russians have now almost completed. It is called the Trans-Siberian or Great National Russian line, and it merits the title, because everything connected with it is Russian. Evidently great progress has been made in railroad building in the empire of the Czars since the French engineer, Michel Chevalier, placed the first rail upon that soil. To-day the Russian engineers come from the national schools. The iron comes from the mines in the Ural, and they work it in their own foundries. They have no need for the assistance of foreigners for any part of their material. In this immense enterprise of the Trans-Siberian everything is Russian, everything will be Russian, and at the same time everything will be done according to the last advance in railroad progress.

From St. Petersburg to Vladivostock the line will cover more than 9000 versts, more than 6000 miles, or about eleven times the distance from Paris to Marseilles. "The traveler who from the window of his railway car watches the panorama of our fields and provinces rolling before his eyes from Paris to the Mediterranean," says M. Levat, "feels a sensation of pride when he thinks of the size of France. But what will be the sentiment of the Russians when the locomotive will carry them from St. Petersburg to Vladivostock?" The trans-continental C. P. R. from Halifax to Vancouver is not half that length. The Trans-Caspian, the elder brother of the Trans-Siberian, whose rapidity of construction and boldness in undertaking excited so much admiration some years ago, is only about 800 miles in length.

The real head of the line is at Tcheliabinsk, the first great Siberian town where one arrives from Moscow in 80 hours. The rails are at present laid down as far as Nijnesudinsk and beyond Krasnciarsk in Central Siberia, that is to say one-half of the distance. It takes from 200 to 250 hours to reach Tcheliabinsk, the present terminus. Commercial exploitation has not yet extended to that point; but for some time all Western Siberia has had its regular services. Trains run three times a week back and forth. Along the entire line stations are made at the points where commercial life is developing rapidly. The cars are very comfortable, even of the third class. Each traveler is furnished with a little bed. The cars are of the American type, enabling the travelers to pass from one to the other the whole length of the train. There is a platform and a lavatory in each car.

Russian engineers are remarkable for the extraordinary rapidity with which they lay down rails across the steppes, through the forests and mountains, and over the rivers. Five hundred miles of line is only child's play for them. They finish it in a few months, notwithstanding the rigor of their winters. They always proceed with order and method. At the head of the line which they are laying down they have a large number of hands, who live on board the train, which follows the line as it is laid; and supplies are brought by the trains behind. In this way they proceed along the freshly constructed railway.

In the leading train are always officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who form the cadres of the corps laying the rails. A grocery wagon, a forge, a bakery, etc., make the train a moving village. As soon as a train is unloaded, the material is rapidly carried forward, and no less rapidly fixed in position. In a single day they can lay down about four miles of railway.

The difficult work of making bridges is also done with great rapidity during the summer season. On the great Siberian rivers, when they are frozen over, or when the ice is breaking up, it is impossible to use floating material in their construction. The greatest bridge is that of Innessef, which is about 5000 feet in length. Another curiosity of the Trans-Siberian will be the crossing of Lake Baikal. In a few months, when the weather will permit, the line will be laid at the point turning the southern extremity of the lake, but just now it is necessary to go straight and quickly. On their arrival at Listvinitza the engineers determined that the trains should pass over the lake to the other side, at Moulsseova; but between these two points the distance is about 50 miles, and, although the Russian engineers undertake almost anything, they could not dream of making a bridge there. But that made no difference; the trains went on all the same. They were simply embarked on board boats specially built for the purpose, which carry them from Listvinitza to Moulsseova, even in winter, because they keep a canal cut through the ice of the lake by means of ice boats of the same model as those at present in use at the entrance of the port of Vladivostock in cold weather.

From Lake Baikal the line reaches to Strettinsk, a town situated at the terminal point of the navigation of the Chilka, a northern branch of the Amour. To reach there it is necessary to cross the Yablonowoi Mountains. The Russian engineers were obliged to get through them without a tunnel.

At Strettinsk the old proposed line followed the valley of the Amour as far as Khabarovsk to reach to the south of Vladivostock. It formed an immense arc of a circle in a country where communication was already established by fluvial navigation. This was long and expensive. The direct line following the chord of the arc was preferable. But it cut through Chinese Manchuria, and the Government at Pekin opposed the project on the ground that it really meant taking possession of the territory; and here it was the business of Russian diplomacy to obtain the necessary permission from China. It was obtained. The authority was hardly given before the enterprise was undertaken.

Already the Russian engineers are tracing out their lines in Manchuria. To-morrow the workmen will be there, and after to-morrow the old mandarians will hold up their hands in horror when they witness the sacreligious arrival of the locomotive. When the Russian locomotive engineer starts his engine through China, who can tell where he will stop? The Russians already say that, as the port of Vladivostock is frozen over in winter, it will be necessary to extend the terminal point of the Trans-Siberian on to Fusan, the Corean port of the south that never freeze over, and where the Japanese are still garrisoned.

No Longer Friends.

"By George, my wife's a queer woman."

"So my wife says."

MUNICIPAL WORKS.

A State Board For Their Control Proposed in Illinois.

John Mayo Palmer has drafted a bill for the creation of a State Board of Municipal Works and to provide for improvement in the methods employed in furnishing light, water, heat and facilities for local transportation and communication, says The Chicago Record. This bill will be introduced in the General Assembly at an early day, and in connection with it, Mr. Palmer says:

There seems to be a deep-seated impression that the methods now employed in this State for dealing with such subjects as water, gas and electric lighting, street railways, telephones and other similar conveniences of city life are exceedingly defective, if not absolutely vicious, and it is demonstrable to a certainty that our system of improving country roads, if we do in any true sense improve them at all, is worse than useless.

The chief features of the bill are found in the following abstracts from it:

That the Governor be and is hereby directed to appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate a board to consist of seven members, to be known as the State Board of Municipal Works. The members of said board shall be citizens of this State, and not more than four thereof shall be members of the same political party.

It shall be the duty of said board to ascertain by all such lawful means and by resort to all such sources of information as to it may seem appropriate to that end. First, what methods or system of ownership, management and control of works or plants devoted to the furnishing of water, light, heat and facilities for local transportation and communication are now or have been employed in this and other civilized states or countries, and what results with respect to economy of construction and operation and cheapness and efficiency of service have been or are thereby attained; second, under what regulations, organic, constitutional, govermental, legislative or municipal, such methods or systems are or have been adopted; third, what proportion of the total value of such works or plants is created by grants, concessions, licenses, franchises or privileges from the public, and what return or compensation is made to the public therefor; fourth, what methods are adopted where public ownership or control of such works or plants is retained for procuring funds to defray the cost of construction, operation and repairs and the repayment thereof, and what influence or effect such methods have upon the rate of general or special taxation; fifth, what methods are adopted for the laying out, control and permanent improvement of roads and highways or furnishing facilities for local transportation and communication, without the limits of cities, in respect to the physical character thereof, the cost thereof, the means employed to defray the same, and what income or revenue derived from tolls, charges, rentals or otherwise from persons using the same for travel or subsidary purposes; sixth, what influence or effect has the character of the ownership, operation or management of such works or plants, as being public or private, upon the cost or expense thereof, the promptness and certainty of the collection of the revenues or income therefrom, and the facility and cheapness with which loans or advances of funds are obtained for the construction thereof; seventh, what influence or effect has the character of such ownership, operation or management, as being public or private, upon the free and independent exercise of the elective franchise, or the proper discharge of other obligations of citizenship by those engaged or employed in connection therewith.

After providing for the bond and other requirements the draft of the bill says:

It is hereby made the duty of all persons, firms or corporations who are in any manner employed in furnishing water, light, heat or facilities for local transportation or communication within this State, and their respective officers, servants, agents, attorneys and employes, to give and furnish to said board upon its request all such information within their power or control as may relate to any of the subjects proper to be investigated by said board in the performance of its duties as prescribed by the Act, under like penalties, to be recovered in like manner as provided in the next preceding section thereof.

Joke on the Landlord.

A few days ago a very exalted personage was entertained at dinner in one of the chief hotel restaurants in Berlin, and, as it was known that he is exceedingly fond of still Moselle, it was determined to give him with his fish a bottle of a more than ordinary vintage. A kind of practical joke was played. The bottle was placed before him without any label being on it, and the landlord was requested to name only a moderate price if the noble guest should detect the quality of the wine and make any special enquiries about it. This precaution turned out to have been necessary in one sense, but it led the host into an expense that he did not bargain for. He has now learnt a new lesson—namely, that one may suffer from deprecating what one has as well as from exaggerating its value. "That is a capital wine," said the guest. "Let us send for the landlord and ask the price of it. I would not mind having a few hundred dozens of that in my cellar."

Mine host hurried up, and assured his illustrious interrogator that the delicious liquor cost no more than 1s 9d per bottle. "Well, I am not going to throw away so good a chance as this," replied the astonished connoisseur. "That is very cheap, indeed. Have the kindness to send my cellar master a thousand bottles." A cold shudder crept over the limbs of the rash entertainer, for his wanton duplicity had let him in for an order he did not anticipate. It was too late to inform the illustrious guest of the trick played upon him—in fact, he might have taken it amiss. The Moselle he had been drinking did not cost him 1s 9d; it was a brand the price of which was 7s a bottle.

This practical joke therefore cost its author no less than £260, for he had to make up this difference out of his own pocket. I need hardly add that the happy possessor of this thousand bottles continues to quaff with great gusto flagons of this memorable Moselle, with its delicious flavor and luxuriant bouquet, and that he invariably boasts to his guests of his fabulous good fortune in obtaining so choice a wine for so small a price.—London Daily Telegraph.

A BAFFLED FLORIST.

Now Gladys sends for catalogues
From seedsmen far and near,
And studies them with diligence
As she does every year.
Most lovingly she turns the leaves
And lingeringly she looks
At pictures of plants never seen
Except in seedsmen's books.

A new kind of chrysanthemum
Just fills her with delight,
A pictured sweet pea is a thing
To dream about at night.
And so fair Gladys turns the leaves
And makes her mental choice
And when she speaks of flowers you hear
The love tones of her voice.

Well, when she's looked the book all through
And made her little list,
She foots the figures up and then
You see a sudden mist
Of fleting tears in Gladys' eyes;
Her order represents
An eighteen-dollar outlay, and
Her limit's fifty cents.

FOR YOU! FOR ALL!

The Great Life-giver.

Paine's Celery Compound Removes Load and Burden.

It Is Foremost As a Spring Medicine.

IT MAKES WONDEROUS CURES.

The promise of a new and happier existence is personal and general. It is for you! It is for all!

Men and women, young and old, enter into the spring season with a variety of diseases and arise from a faulty or impaired nervous system. These ailments cause more sufferings and earlier deaths than all others, and that is why so much attention and prominence has been given to Paine's Celery Compound.

Of all medicines, Paine's Celery Compound stands first as a rapid and sure cure for all nerve diseases such as nervous debility, neuralgia, rheumatism and sciatica. Sleeplessness, nervousness and dyspepsia originate from an imperfect condition of the nervous system, and a perfect and permanent cure can only be looked for from Paine's Celery Compound.

In the spring season, when the blood is impure, thin and impoverished, Paine's Celery Compound is the agent of life that quickly cleanses and purges the life stream, bringing strength, vigor and robustness.

The use of one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound will quickly convince the sufferer that he or she has truly laid hold of a spring medicine that leads to health and a new life. Thousands in the past have thrown aside their ills and troubles; you may do the same if you get the medicine that cures. Paine's Celery Compound, and it alone, can meet your expectations. Take no other medicine from your dealer, no matter how strongly he may recommend it.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.05 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

You Don't Care, Eh?

Well perhaps you will wake up to the fact when its too late that you are playing havoc with your nervous and digestive system by the daily use of the adulterated nerve-disturbing rubbish of China and Japan masquerading under the name of tea.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Absolutely Pure. Nutritious and Delicious.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek

A Situation?

Have You Houses

or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured

All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or

Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing.

To Sell?

You Will Find It Pays

To Advertise To Advertise

In THE REVIEW.

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE .....

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, March 16th

ANOTHER SUCCESS!

The Defaulter

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S NEW PLAY.

The Most Thrilling and Naturally Presented Play on the Boards, mounted with all the liberalness and regard to detail characteristic of Mr. Carter. The Greatest Mechanical Effect of the Age, the terrific "Double Loop for Life." A Perfect Wonder in Stage Craft. PRICES—25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. 5d39

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, MARCH 19th

HARRY WILLIAMS' BRILLIANT SUCCESS,

"A BOWERY GIRL."

MISS LILLIAN KEENE
in the Title Role.

A HAPPY BLENDING OF SENSATION, COMEDY AND PATHOS.

Interspersed with bright and catchy songs, dances and up-to-date specialties. Special scenery and effects.

Prices 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats now on sale. 5d42

AUCTION SALE.

BY DIRECTION OF R R. HALL Assignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 339 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on

MONDAY, the 29th day of March,

1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	567.00
TOBACCOS	214.06
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	280.09
Total	$1834.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.

TERMS.—10% down, 40% in cash within two days and balance secured in 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.

JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer. STRATTON & HALL, Vendor's Solicitors. 6d32

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Will Carry the Mails

Mr. George Fowler has been notified that his tender for carrying the mails between the post office and G T R and G P R stations was accepted. Mr. Thos. Fee, who has held this position for several years, will be succeeded by Mr. Fowler on April 1st.

A letter from Judge Angers, brother to the ex-Lieut.-Governor of the province of Quebec, has been written to the author of "Quickcure," saying: "It has always given my child relief from toothache; its effect is wonderful. I have also found it good for burns and cuts."

Signed, C. PAMET ANGERS.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here are a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Sailsbury & Co's. 9d4

The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.

This agency has decided to give special attention to the assignee department of their business. There is a wide field in this direction, and this concern, with its able management and the large capital it has to carry on its business, must certainly achieve success. The company have secured the services here of Mr. R. W. Errett, long an "official assignee," under the Insolvent Act of 1869 and succeeding acts, whose experience in winding up insolvent estates, will be a great assistance to the company and the parties who may find it necessary to place their estates in the hands of an assignee, the company's large capital being a sufficient guarantee of security to all parties interested.

The New High Class but

(Read on.)

A BIG JEWELLERY HAUL

A Young Englishman, Richard Goodwin, Pleads "Guilty" to Stealing $400 Worth of Jewellery From a Nipissing Hotel Keeper.

Richard Goodwin, a young Englishman, Nellie Goodwin, his wife, and two small children, one a bright little girl of five summers and the other a child in arms, occupied the prisoners' bench at Police Court this morning, and the charge that faced the father and mother was most serious, that of stealing the following articles of jewellery from Mr. W. J. Henderson, formerly proprietor of the Imperial hotel, at Warren, a small lumbering village in the district of Nipissing, midway between the towns of Sudbury and North Bay on the main line of the C P R:

1 lady's gold watch.
1 lady's plated gold watch.
1 lady's silver watch.
1 lady's gold chain.
1 gold chain and locket.
1 small gold chain.
1 gold lead pencil.
1 gold locket bearing the initials W J H.
1 pair gold cuff buttons.
1 gold brooch.
1 pair of gold ear-rings.
1 gold brooch, set with stones in the form of a star.
10 gold rings.
1 gold scarf pin.
1 gold chain bracelet.
1 gold bracelet.
1 gold button hook.

This array of precious jewellery, Mr. Henderson values at nearly $400.

When the charge was read the prisoners arose, and Mr. F. D. Kerr, who appeared for them, pleaded "guilty" for Goodwin and "not guilty" for Mrs Goodwin. The magistrate consulted with Mr. Henderson, who was in court, Mr. Wood County Crown Attorney, and Mr. Kerr, and finally announced that Goodwin was remanded for a week, while his wife was discharged. It was an extremely sad scene as the young mother, with her two small children, left the Court weeping bitterly, filled no doubt with thoughts of a heavy sentence upon her husband and wondering how the cruel world look upon her, as she might have to fight the difficulties that would face her in the days to come.

The circumstances connected with the case indicate that the prisoner, Goodwin, has been running in the hardest of luck. It appears with his wife he was employed as cook at Mr. Henderson's hotel at Warren, and while there took the case of jewellery from Mrs. Henderson's apartments. He was almost penniless at the time, according to his story, and sent his wife to her home in Ingersoll and he followed shortly after, but his means of travel was far from comfortable. While his wife enjoyed a seat in a second class car Goodwin beat his way to Toronto and Ingersoll by blind baggage and on the front of the engine in the cold, sharp days of December. After being in Ingersoll for a while he found that he was unable to procure work and was advised to come to Peterborough. He disposed, he acknowledges, of some of the jewellery in Ingersoll and Toronto, and reached Peterborough, where he has been residing ever since. Three weeks ago his wife found him, and with their two children they have since been living on McDonnel-st. Mr. Henderson was informed shortly after he discovered the loss of his jewellery that Goodwin was the thief, but would not believe it. However, as he was unable to gain any trace of the articles, he came to Peterborough, where he learned Goodwin was living, had a search warrant issued and found the property in Goodwin's house.

Goodwin evidently does not realize the grave charge that is against him. He acknowledged without any beating about the bush that he stole the jewellery, but in a talk with a reporter he said he was forced to. "I was in hard luck, did not get any wages, and was driven almost to desperation in my efforts to support wife and children. Just before I left Warren my wife was summoned to her home in Ingersoll owing to the death of her sister, and I had to collect enough money to send her. I took the jewellery, and did not let my wife know until a short time ago, and then she rebuked me." Goodwin has a pronounced English accent, and since his arrival in town has been willing to work at anything even the most menial labor, in order to gain a livlihood.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

THE '97 RED BIRD.

This Year's Brantford Wheel is an Exceptionally Fine One.

This year's Brantford Red Bird bicycle bids fair to be even more popular than any of its predecessors, and has a variety of strong points that will commend it to the experienced rider.

The greater width of the hubs will give additional strength.

The large tubing used all around adds to the strength and rigidity, besides being very pleasing in appearance.

The bearings are absolutely dust proof, being protected by four different protectors.

It is fitted with the new patent ball oilers, the best oiling device ever used on a bicycle.

The finger washers, with which it is adjusted, being most sensitive to the touch, make an ideal means of adjustment.

Solid steel centre pedals, with corrugated ends and side plates, that increase their strength by 200 per cent, will be used. The oilers in these pedals are located in the side screws, and are invisible to the casual observer.

A new feathered axle introduced in the '97 model, prevents the axle from turning in adjusting.

The new straight bottom fork tubes give greater strength.

The larger balls in crank-hanger will add to their world-wide reputation of being wonderfully easy-running.

New fork sides, tapered from end to end, will give increased strength.

New crown plates, that, while being lighter than those used in the '96 model, have a greater distance between them that is certain to increase the strength at this important point.

It will be seen that the improvements made in the '97 model will give increased strength where it is most important to have it.

Riders of the '96 model will probably doubt that it is possible to build a bicycle that will run easier than the wheel that scored such a succession of victories last year, but the larger balls used in this year's crank-hanger will certainly give this result.

The '97 ball-oiler is a little thing in itself, but it is such an excellent one, and is such a safeguard against dust and grit entering the bearings by way of the oiler, that it is most important.

Besides the improvements made in the '97 model, the very best material it is possible to buy is used in its manufacture; the greatest care is given the manufacture of every part; each wheel is beautifully finished and thoroughly tested before leaving the factory. Nothing has been left undone that should have been done to make the '97 Red Bird the perfect bicycle it is to day.

The handsome '97 catalogue pronounced by Cycling to be a work of art, will be sent to any reader of this paper, on receipt of a post card. Address, THE GOOLD BICYCLE CO., Lt'd., Brantford, Ont.

Y W C A Notes

Come to-night and hear Rev. Mr. Symonds' literary talk. If a sufficient number present are anxious to take up systematic reading a circle will be organized. Don't miss the chance.

The Sisters of Charity, "Grey Nuns," Guy-st., Montreal, writes: "Having made use of your 'Quickcure' in our establishment, we are happy to add our testimony, also, in its favor." Nothing equals "Quickcure" as a dressing for Burns, Scalds, Cuts or wounds; even Toothache need no more be dreaded.

To-night's Public Meeting.

The public meeting called by the Mayor to consider the holding of a citizens' jubilee celebration here will be held to-night in the Council Chamber, and there should be a large attendance if a demonstration is to be undertaken. The meeting will open at eight o'clock.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

Special Inducements.

We sell high grade violins, guitars, banjos, autoharps, accordians and all small musical goods on the monthly payment plan at almost cost prices. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d63tf

A Famous Play by a Famous Writer.

Harry Williams' valuable production known by the popular title of "Bowery Girl," by Ada Lee Bascom, will make its initial appearance in this town at the opera house, on the evening of Friday March 19. Considerable interest has been manifested by the theatre-goers of our town in this production as the time for its appearance approaches. This has been caused by the reports received of the universal success it is meeting with on its tour through the country. Everybody seems to be unanimous in its praise, and good news now-a-days in this age of electricity, travels equally as fast as the proverbially bad news. Certain it is, that nothing but good reports have reached us regarding this attraction.

A Clergyman's Opinion

Rev. Edgar B. Husband, The Rectory, Paspebiac, Quebec, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of 'Quickcure' for Toothache. I have used it after other remedies failed, and found almost instant relief. I always keep it with me."

A FREE LIBRARY.

The Public Library Should be Made Free to Mark the Diamond Jubilee.

To the Editor of the Review

SIR,—The question "What can Peterborough do to signalize the longest and greatest reign in English history" is now exercising the minds of all loyal citizens, and with your permission I should like to put in a word for our Public Library.

Whilst the reign of Victoria has been remarkable for a marvellous expansion of the material resources of the empire, it will perhaps by the future historian be regarded as chiefly and most worthily distinguished as a great era of educational activity. In 1837 education was the privilege of the few, to-day it is the right of all.

But education, like every other good thing, is liable to abuse, and our large towns are flooded with literature of a worthless and pernicious character. We have given to everyone the opportunity of a good education. It is equally important to give to all access to the best kind of reading.

We have in Peterborough one of the best libraries and reading rooms in the province, and a Board of Management that is, as the recent improvements show, progressive and enlightened. With the means at their disposal they do all that can be reasonably expected of them, but I venture to suggest some improvements which would be a worthy memorial of the diamond jubilee.

1. The library and reading room should be made free. One dollar and a half is not much for the privileges of our library, but it is a hindrance to some, and it is to be remembered that the policy of an enlightened town should be to *encourage* its citizens to a good use of their spare time. The city of Brantford, but very little larger than Peterborough, has a free library. Why should we be behind? In Massachusetts it is the rule for every village of 1,000 inhabitants to have its free library.

2. We need better quarters. If we realized the value and importance of good reading rooms, we should not be content to have them obscurely situated at the top of a steep flight of stairs. Fancy an enterprising saloon-keeper similarly concealing and obstructing the road to his bar! The Public Library and reading rooms of such a town as ours should occupy commodious premises, and should be one of the first things which we might with pride commend to the notice of visitors.

3. A Public Library should not merely have books and a reading room, it should seek to foster a taste for the beautiful. Around the walls of its rooms should be hung good pictures of Canadian men, men of mark, Canadian scenery, Canadian enterprise. One hundred dollars a year, or even fifty spent judiciously, would soon furnish handsome and valuable object lessons of many kinds.

The Victorian age has not only been an age of education, but of splendid literary achievement. I do not think there is another country in the world that has in the last sixty years produced such a galaxy of genuis, and genius of a very high and noble kind, as England. The names of Carlyle, Ruskin, John Stuart Mill, Arnold of Rugby, and Matthew Arnold, of Dickens and Thackery, of Stanley and Milman, of Darwin, Spencer and Huxley, of Freeman and Green, together with the whole school of those who have made history a new and living study, and last, but not least, of our two great poet prophets, Tennyson and Browning, will occur to every mind.

For these reasons, sir, I venture to request our citizens to take into consideration the appropriateness and the utility of celebrating this great year by giving to our town and environs for all time to come a Public Library which shall be the pride and joy of us all, and an exemplar to every other town in Ontario.

Yours, etc.,
HERBERT SYMONDS.

Peterborough, March 16th, 1897.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

Personal

Miss Kemp has returned from a pleasant visit with Lindsay friends.

Miss Ethel Goodfellow returned last evening from a three weeks' visit with friends at Port Hope.

Mr E D Goldey left for Deseronto this morning where he has secured a position in the car shops.

Mr. Wm. Walsh's condition is slightly worse to-day. Dr. Graham, of Toronto, is here in consultation.

Mr. Wm. Johnston, of Belleville, District Inspector of Weights and Measures and Electric Light, is in town on business.

Messrs. H. Rush and J. W. Bennett are in Toronto attending the annual meeting of the Confederation Life Insurance Company.

Mr Wm Schuster, of Belleville, arrived here yesterday in connection with the business of the local agency of the Rathbun Co., with which he has been employed at Belleville. Mr. Schuster, however, does not come here as manager, as noted yesterday.

Mr. D. Derbyshire, prominent in dairy circles and president of the Eastern Ontario Cheese and Butter Association, came up from Brockville this morning to attend the annual meeting of the County Cheesemakers' Association to-morrow. He is visiting the Lakefield cheese and butter factory with Mr F S Kline, who is the maker, to-day.

His Lordship Bishop O'Connor left to-day for Montreal to attend the 50th anniversary—the golden jubilee—of St. Patrick's church, Montreal. The first mass was celebrated by the late Bishop Prince on March 17th, 1847. Bishop O'Connor will celebrate Pontifical high mass to-morrow.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The first draw in the LeBrun medal competition was completed last evening, when Skip Horkins defeated Skip Pentland, in an exciting contest. The score being:—

W J Thompson	A J Terrill,
C LeBrun	R Kerr
E Rutherford,	G L Hay
G J Horkins, skip..19	J B Pentland, skip, 18

The curling Colts with commendable spirit, have donated the trophy, donated by Mr. W Biggar, M. P. P., to the Midland Curling Colts' Association for annual competition amongst the Thistles and Granites. This trophy was won three years in succession by the local Colts, coming into their permanent possession this year. The two clubs were notified of their offer last evening and replies in which the action of the Colts was highly spoken of were made Skip Edmison, of the Granites, and Skip Kells, of the Thistles. This year six rinks from each club will play. The match will take place to-morrow night. In the future the two clubs will make joint arrangements.

The Colts displayed their zeal for the promotion of curling in town by the presentation of this valuable trophy and the senior curlers are gratified.

THE CHALLENGE CUP MATCH.

The final game in the Lindsay-Peterborough challenge cup competition is being played this afternoon. Three rinks are playing in Lindsay and three here. At the Charlotte-st rink Skip Flavelle is pitted against Skip Rutherford, and at the tenth end the Lindsay veteran, who had got a six end on the Peterborough crack skip, was five up. Skip Ray was playing Skip McLennan and Sam was three up. Skip R S Davidson was playing Skip Needler and they were tied, leaving Peterborough two down here all round. This was at three o'clock. The game to-day decides the holder of the cup.

Mrs. Thom, wife of one of Quebec's best known educators for fifty years, writes: "It is marvelous how 'Quickcure' subdues pain."

Brevities.

—Good Friday comes on April 18th.

—The market tolls will be sold next week.

—Mr. Geo. McHugh, M.P., South Victoria, is president of the Mutual Gold Mining Co.

—To-morrow is the Irishman's "Day of the Year"—St. Patrick's Day. The shamrock will be in evidence.

—At Police Court this morning three local horsemen were fined $3 and costs for furious driving on the streets of the town.

—The annual convention of the county cheesemakers will be held to-morrow afternoon and evening.

—Hugh McConaghy, of Midland, and well known in town, is going to Great Britain to play lacrosse with the Crescent club of New York.

—The annual district meeting of the Baptist Young People Societies opened this afternoon in the Park-st. church. It will be followed by a public meeting to-night.

—Mr. L. Croly has on exhibition in Mr. J. B. Oke's store several fine shamrock plants, which will be quite appropriate to-morrow.

—Mr John Burnham, a well-known citizen of Cobourg, died at the General Hospital, Toronto, on Friday last, where he had undergone an operation.

—Between eight and nine o'clock last evening the fire brigade was summoned to a chimney blaze in the residence of Mr A Cooney, opposite the gas works. Their services were not required.

—To-morrow, St. Patrick's day, masses will be held at St. Peter's cathedral at 8 and 10 o'clock. There will be high mass at 10 o'clock followed by a sermon by Archdeacon Casey on "St. Patrick."

—The extension of the Grand Trunk system from Meaford to Owen Sound is talked of. A feeder would thus be afforded via Allandale, Orillia, Lindsay, Peterborough and Madoc Junction to Belleville, where it would meet the double tracks.

—The town charity officer sent a woman to the Nicholls hospital this morning suffering from a severe attack of bronchitis, and the Children's Aid Society, having taken temporary charge of her children for her, have put them in the Protestant Home by kind permission.

—The report by rounds of the great prize fight to-morrow between Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be received at the Oriental hotel as the event proceeds by direct special wire, the service being given by the Great Northwestern Telegraph Co., which is the only Canadian company that has a direct wire from the ring side. The Oriental will, therefore, have the only direct report.

—On Saturday evening last, Mrs. John O'Brien, of Lindsay, mother of Mrs. B. J. Gough, narrowly escaped fatal injury. While on her way up town to make some purchases, she was knocked down by a team of horses driven by Mr R Montgomery, of South Ops, while crossing a street. Two wheels of the heavy lumber wagon passed over her right side near the lower ribs, and a severe bruise was inflicted over the right eye, probably by the knee of one of the horses.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,

9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Thistles' curling night.

Public meeting to discuss Jubilee celebration.

Meeting of the Baptist Young People.

"The Defaulter" at the opera house.

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

OAK HALL.

Opera House To-night.

The two comedy parts in Lincoln J Carter's great play of "The Defaulter," which appears at the opera house to-night, are written in the author's usual breezy style and the several scenes are not only very funny, but take their place in the story naturally and gracefully, and bright and sparkling specialties permeate every act. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. Don't miss this grand attraction. 1d63

—Female life insurance agents, says an exchange, have never been successful, because of their unfortunate tendency to talk a man to death before getting him insured.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Squaw River in Harvey.

In alluding to the visit by the Harvey deputation to Toronto with the request to the Government for aid to repair dams on the Squaw river, the Bobcaygeon Independent says:—The repairs should have been made last fall, and no further delay can be allowed, consequently Mr John Coburn with a party of ten men went down to the river on Tuesday, under instructions from Mr. Flavelle, to put the dams in some sort of condition for holding the water at least for this spring. The Rathbun Co has some 35,500 pieces on the lower part of the river. Mr Flavelle has about 16,000 pieces higher up, and behind him Mr Kelly, of Bridgenorth, has a quantity of stuff. It is positively necessary that every drop of water shall be saved, for there is scarcely any snow in the woods, and there will be nothing but the spring rains to give water for the "driving." Under the circumstances if the Government intend giving any assistance, it should be given without a day's delay, for it is no use building dams for this spring's "drive," when the river has run dry.

W. J. Fraser, Esq., Manager and Agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, Quebec, writes: "My wife suffered intensely from ear-ache for ten days, causing complete deafness in affected ear. We tried several *remedies* without effect. 'Quickcure' *warmed* and dropped into the ear removed the pain, and in one night hearing was restored. We have also found it splendid for toothache and burns."

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10t

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

NEW SCOTCH TWEEDS, and ENGLISH WORSTED SERGES.

This is a decided change in the Spring Suitings this season. The progress of the weaver's art shows up in the finer finish and newness of shades.

If you want a Spring Suit equal to those worn in the fashionable parts of London, we're ready to make it for you.

We believe in making the highest class garments at a price within your reach, and accomplish this by doing a cash business and importing direct from Europe.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 365 George St., Established 1837

A HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF ADVICE

HOW TO MAKE A Y.M.C.A. REACH THE YOUNG MEN.

An Advertising Expert Tells How not to do It—A Common Sense Talk From a Practical Point of View.

Mr. Chas. Austin Bates, of New York city, is an expert in the business of writing and preparing advertisments and advertising matter. Mr. Bates, for a fee, will give advice on the way to conduct a business or enterprise. That people retain Mr. Bate's services is evident when it is stated that he is known to be in receipt of an income from his profession of over $30,000 a year.

Recently the trustees and directors of the Young Men's Christian Association, at Springfield, Illinois, retained the services of Mr. Bates in their behalf. They sent him copies of printed matter they had issued, told him of their plans, of the series of lectures they proposed to give, of the titles of these lectures. They enclosed a cheque for $100 and, signing themselves "yours respectfully," waited for Mr. Bate's reply. It came. It is not known exactly the degree of consternation that developed around the board when the letter of advice was read, but the hard common sense contained in the propositions laid down commend it to the careful perusal of the directors of any and all societies or organizations working to the end of making the youths and young men of to-day a better material out of which the citizens of the future shall be moulded. The reply reads as follows:—

"It is undoubtedly true that the best advertising you can get is the local reading notices in your newspapers. They are probably willing to give you as much space as you care to fill in this way, and this feature ought to be worked for all it is worth.

"The thought that strikes me when I look at the first reading notice I find in your letter is, that the subjects chosen, or at any rate the titles, are not likely to be attractive to the very class of people you wish to reach.

"As I understand it, the Young Men's Christian Association is designed to reclaim if possible, young men who have gone a greater or less distance on the downward path. These boys are not going to be attracted by a lecture on 'The Effects of Alcohol on the Mind and Body.' They know pretty well the effect of alcohol in a superficial way. They know that alcohol makes them drunk and that is the exact purpose for which they drink it.

"It seems to me that this is the fault with most of the entertainments offered by the Y. M.C.A. They are

NOT SUFFICIENTLY ATTRACTIVE.

They are too decidedly didactic. I should think that the great idea would be to get young men into the Association building to show them what an attractive place it really is.

"I believe that a great many young men hesitate to go because they feel they are going to be lectured at. You can hardly say that they are lectured to. The trouble is that you offer them too solid food.

"Another reading notice I see says that the programme will consist largely of music, Scripture reading, etc. That is just the announcement that will keep away the people you want. Why don't you provide something that is not so distinctly a religious entertainment? I don't mean that you should have a minstrel show on Sunday afternoon, or anything of that sort, but have practical talks by practical men. Figure on something that will draw a crowd of the people you want. The young man who

DOESN'T THINK ENOUGH

of morality and religion to keep himself straight and clean will not be attracted by a discourse on morals or the Christian religion. He would tell you that these things would make him tired, and they probably would. If you get him to come to the Y.M.C.A. for the purpose of hearing something interesting and entertaining or amusing, you can do him good without making him conscious that anything is happening to him. Of course, I presume that this part of the business is not my affair at all, but it has a great deal to do with getting a crowd, and that is what you are after.

"It seems to me that most of the Y M C A folks make the mistake of making the association too churchy. The field of usefulness would be so much widened if they would only take a more practical view of the mission of the association, and a talk on organized labor and the church would attract more of the right sort of people than a straight theological discussion. The trouble is with the titles, and the talks themselves are rather above the heads of the people you want. What they need is practical suggestion to help them in

THEIR EVERY-DAY PROBLEMS.

"Theories about conduct by some reverend gentleman who knows nothing at all about the trials of ordinary men are likely to be of little use to the men who most need help. I don't believe the average preacher really understands anything at all about the conditions and trials and ambitions of the people he attempts to teach, and that is the reason why he so frequently fails. I have no doubt that the gentlemen who you have had to give lectures have been very able men in their lines, but I don't think they have given the sort of lectures that would be likely to bring a large number of people.

"You announce, for instance, an address on 'Christian Loyalty,' by Chas. P. Stevens of Chicago. It simply sounds like an invitation to a sermon, and the boys can go to hear sermons every Sunday the year round at fifty different churches in Springfield. You say that Mr. Stevens is a successful business man. Why don't you have him talk on 'Success in Business'; why don't you have him state how he succeeded, and now he found that honesty and morality in business were great helps to success? He can bring in just as many

POINTS ABOUT CHRISTIANITY

as he pleases, but let him make an interesting, practical, helpful, every-day talk, something that young men will understand and appreciate, and that they can make use of on the following Monday.

"It may be a very sad commentary on the condition of young men in general, but I will venture to say that not one in a thousand, no nor in ten thousand, would be attracted by an address on 'Christian Loyalty.' As a matter of fact they don't care anything about 'Christian Loyalty.' It is a meaningless phrase to most of them; I don't know but it is a meaningless phrase to me. It may be a great, good thing to hammer the Christian religion into these young men. That is all right, I'll agree with that proposition for the sake of avoiding an argument. It is also a good thing to induce children to eat oatmeal and things of that sort, but when you try to make them eat it raw, you are sure to strike a large number of disagreeable 'snags.' You have got to take that oatmeal and cook it nicely, put some salt, butter, sugar and cream on it, then the child eats it and likes it and gets fat on it.

"If you want to get a crowd of people to your association meetings you have got to put some butter and sugar and cream on

YOUR RELIGIOUS OATMEAL.

You will accomplish a great deal more by doing this than you will by trying to force the boys to take something they don't want.

"It don't do any good to stand up any say: 'Well, this is right,' and 'this is what you ought to have,' and 'it is the best thing for you,' and all that sort of thing. The main thing is to get this information and these ideas inculcated in the brain of the young men who need them, and if you have to use diplomacy to do it, go ahead and use diplomacy. My notion is that the real point is to make these young men good and useful citizens. That is really what you are after, and the method you use to do it doesn't make a bit of difference.

"The gist of all this is that if you want to get crowds, you must get lectures that will appeal to the crowd. I want to ask you what is the sense of of announcing a lecture on 'The Profitableness of Godliness in this World?' That title is enough to drive away the people you want. It would drive me away if I were a young man, and the more ungodly I was the more it would drive me away, and the farther I should not be driven away. The young man who likes that sort of thing doesn't need it. He is all right. He is safe in the fold, and you needn't worry about him. It is the boy who has started out to be tough, and who thinks it is smart to run around to saloons and gambling houses, and worse places, that you are after. He is the boy who

NEEDS HELP AND NEEDS ADVICE,

but you have got to get it to him in the right way. He is as skittish as a young colt. If you went out into a field to catch a colt, you would at least hold the halter behind you, and an ear of corn in front of you. The most of the Y M C A people go right out into the field and flourish the halter. They make no pretence of having any corn.

"I will not attempt to criticise the cards that you have sent me further than to say that the printer works too hard on them. They are not plain enough. You have comparatively few words to put on one of these cards, and it would be better to set these words in plain type without display, or with very little display.

"I have stumbled onto the title of one of your lectures that I like—'Grit.' The title 'Behind Prison Bars' also gives promise of something interesting. The announcement of the 'Gospel Phonograph' would be likely to draw the people who are interested in the Gospel and who, therefore, do not need it; and to drive away those who are not interested and who, therefore, need it the most.

"I note what you say as to the object of your meetings. Naturally I understand that you wish 'to lead young men to accept Jesus Christ as a personal Saviour, and to carry out in their every-day life the principles which He taught.' That is all right, but the class of people who need this leading will have to be captured by diplomacy.

"I believe that you would rather produce the desired effect in

AN INDIRECT WAY

than not to produce it at all. It is a great deal easier to lead some people than it is to drive them. There is no subject that cannot be made to point a moral and to show conclusively that the life principles laid down by Jesus Christ are unalterably right. It doesn't make any difference whether a man believes in the divinity of Christ or not, he cannot say that Christ's teachings were not right, and there is plenty of opportunity to weave these teachings into

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

The 27 inch Silk at 25 cents, are all Sold. Watch for change of our Advertisement to-morrow.

Hall Gilchrist & Co,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Electric Tires Cost More Than Other Tires, But First cost is Last Cost.

Electric Tire Advantages.

The adjusting of the Electric Detachable Tire is a matter of the utmost simplicity.

They can be and are satisfactorily used on single piece light rims.

Fitting perfectly true on the rims they cannot roll, and it is impossible to blow them off.

They are very easily deflated and detached.

They are so constructed that when fitted to rim all the resilience is thrown into the tire and none lost in attachment.

It takes less than three minutes to deflate, detach, repair puncture and replace ready for use.

Being an incorporated tire it is lighter than a cement made tire and the rubber is less liable to come loose from canvas. It also wears longer and retains air just as long as any double tube tire.

The special pebbled tread prevents slipping and renders them much less liable to wear than a smooth cover.

The tubes are specially manufactured and are of a velvet finish. They are round and perfectly air tight. Being made of pure gum they are always the same in all degrees of temperature.

Two years of experimenting with a perfect tire as the objective point has given us a tire in our Electric Single Tube that we believe to be as near perfection as it is possible to make it. It possesses the resilience, appearance and wearing qualities of the Double Tube. The world's fastest quarter-mile was made on this tire by Angus McLeod at Sarnia.

When submitted to actual test on the tire testing machine, the best makes of other single tube tires ran but 700 miles, Electric Single Tubes over 3,000 miles; other makes of double tube tires, 200 miles, Electric Double Tube Tires over 3,000.

Our tires are all guaranteed by the most liberal guarantee and should there be a defect, no time is lost in making it good. Insist upon having your '97 mount fitted with Electric Tires. They cost more money but they will give you perfect satisfaction every day you ride them.

The Brantford Bicycle Supply Co., Ltd.,

BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.

DIED.

MAITLAND—At Peterborough, on Tuesday, March 16th, 1897, Lovina Lafferty, aged 26 years, beloved wife of Geo. Maitland.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, 186 Antrim-st., on Thursday afternoon, March 18th, at 2.30 o'clock, and proceed to Little Lake cemetery for interment.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

We claim that it is equal to any and surpasses all in many respects. We will send one to any responsible firm or person on ten days trial, and if not found as we represent it may be returned to us. Half the price of others. ($55.00 Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

PHOSPHATE

is rock, just stone with chemical properties, but nevertheless it is stone and always will be stone, no matter how finely powdered. This is one of the substances used in the manufacture of cheap Baking Powders. When combined with other acids it causes gas, which raises the cake, but the stony particles stay in the cake, going into the stomach, cutting its delicate lining and ruining digestion.

Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda make the only Baking Powder that is safe to use. Only the best of Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda are used in

PURE GOLD

PURE AS PURE GOLD. *BAKING POWDER*

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

Blank Books of all kinds and of any pattern made to order. Superior papers and substantial work.

AT THE REVIFW BOOKSTORE.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO, TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st (to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

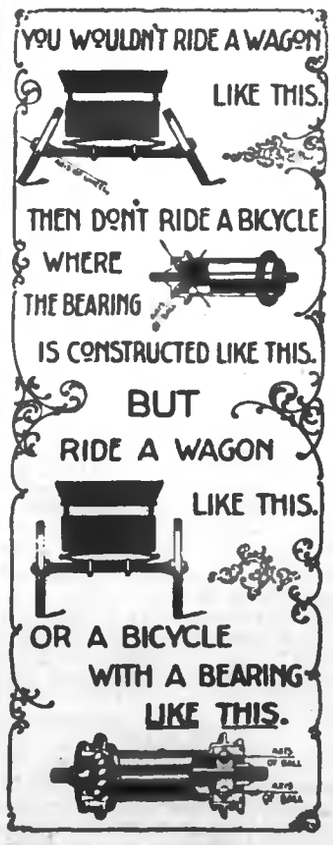
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

—THE—

EVANS & DODGE BICYCLE

Has the best bearings of any wheel on earth.



The life of the bearing is the life of the wheel. The "E & D" will last longer than any others known. Get our catalogue, which explains all about the "E & D"

O. B. SHORTLY AGENT.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

Reaching the vehicle, he finds his man inside fast asleep, but he is soon aroused, and mounts his box, wondering, of course, what the American traveller can have in common with the prefect of the police that he should visit that high functionary at such an hour.

So Jack finally reaches his hotel again, and retires to snatch a few hours' sleep—he expects to be on the road with the morning, and after that rest will be a stranger to him most of the time.

In his portmanteau he has a diminutive clock, which he carries with him always. The alarm he sets for seven, as he desires to get the others up, and everything ready. It was the intention of the Pasha to take the nine-twenty express out of Paris—Jack and his party will board the train early, with a double object in view, the first part of which is the fact that they cannot leave Paris earlier, and then again it will be easy to learn whether the trap has been sprung. If Abdallah Pasha does not show up at the station for that train, Jack is ready to accept the matter as settled that the Turk is at that moment held in durance vile by a remnant of the once famous catacomb clique, who demand for his release a heavy ransom, and will be in no great hurry to collect it, possibly giving him a chance to escape after several days.

Jack throws himself on the bed only partially disrobed, and in three minutes is fast asleep—such is the severe strain that has been of late upon his nervous system that he tosses about considerably, but does not once awaken until the faithful little clock, placed close to his head, rings out its silvery summons.

At the first note of alarm Jack sits up, rubs his eyes, notes the time, for the gas, though turned low, has been kept burning, and then stretching, proceeds to dash some cold water in his face to chase the drowsiness away.

Upon raising the curtain a little later he finds it is broad daylight. The sun has failed to show himself, as clouds hang low, threatening a deluge at any moment.

When Jack has dressed and completed his packing, his next move is to arouse the others.

A few words with Larry is enough to let him know what the game is, and in turn he communicates it to the ladies, who have the room adjoining his, with a door between.

Meanwhile Doctor Jack goes below, and hires a vehicle to take them all to the station in good time for the nine-twenty train east.

Then he waits around until Larry appears, of course inquisitive concerning the reason of this unexpected move, for when they separated on the preceding night there was nothing said about leaving Paris in the morning.

Jack soon tells the story, and is complimented by the dude on his forethought—he does not even smile while Larry speaks, although chuckling inwardly at the queer conceit.

Then the ladies appear, and Jack is dazzled by the bright smile of Avis Merton. How bewitching she looks—no wonder the Turk has been smitten by such a bright face and beautiful figure—Jack feels as though he himself would go through fire and flood in order to win her.

As the Turk comes into mind, he wonders how the plan succeeded, and what that worthy thinks by this time of his subterranean quarters—for Jack never dreams that the plans of Monsieur the Sub-lieutenant could go astray, or that Abdallah Pasha can be anywhere than in the net.

They go in to breakfast, which can be gotten at almost any hour. Over the table they daily nearly an hour, since time must elapse ere they can go to the station. Jack does not fail to note how well Avis graces the end of the table, and handles the coffee urn with such skill that he pictures to himself—poor fellow, it shows how badly he is caught at last—that same graceful figure seated at the table in an establishment owned by a certain Jack Evans, called a doctor by his friends because he graduated as such and practised in the hospitals of Germany. Somehow, the thought of such a possible happiness in the future makes him smile, and she, noticing his glance, turns rosy red, just as though she imagines he is regarding guilty secrets in her face.

At length breakfast ends—it is after eight and the carriage awaits them at the door. Jack has given orders—the luggage is already down, so that all they have to do is to put on their outside wraps and leave the hotel.

Avis has become grave—she seldom smiles now, for there is a weight upon her mind. In leaving gay Paris she remembers the danger that lies ahead—their mission must occupy all thought now to the exclusion of everything else.

The ride to the station is almost a silent one—outside the rain patters down—then the sun breaks out, to be followed by another shower—it is just such an April weather day as we are accustomed to here, and yet the winter has hardly flown.

It is early yet—Doctor Jack has come long before the scheduled time for the train to leave in order to ascertain the truth about the Pasha. He walks up and down the platform smoking—Avis remembers the scene in Madrid, where he did exactly the same thing, and hopes they will not have the same trouble en route that came to them in Spain.

Watching closely, Jack fails to discover anything of the party for whom he looks—the Pacha has not turned up. Nearer comes the time for starting, and still there are no signs of the Turk.

No wonder Avis' eyes follow him as he walks up and down the platform. There is nothing of false pride in his manner, no strut such as a vain man might show, but for all he has a firm, manly carriage, that indicates self reliance and independence.

She is proud of him, and exceedingly glad to remember that he is her friend—that he has devoted himself to her cause. She has such confidence in Doctor Jack that it seems impossible any enterprise can fail which he backs with his indomitable will power. The man who conquered the black toro, and defeated the plots of the scheming Carlists, must surely be a master in the game now before them, and will discover some means whereby Aleck may be rescued from his awful position.

Then she remembers how she saw the disguised Mercedes approach him. Will she still follow, or is the game to be dropped at Paris? Unconsciously she, too, begins to glance beyond, and survey the people who pass in review, but she is not looking for the same party as Jack—he seeks the red fez and bronzed face of the Turk, while Avis is endeavouring to discover, under some disguise, the most dazzling black eyes she ever met. Not that she is jealous of Jack—she believes every word he has told her with regard to Mercedes, and yet somehow Avis feels that the Spanish woman does not mean to give up the game yet.

More time passes—she wishes the gong would sound, and Jack climb into the carriage. When this occurs she will feel better satisfied—as though he really belonged to her. As it is, Avis is in a continual nervous state lest something should occur to prevent his going with them—a number of things seem to flash into her mind—a telegram may be handed him requiring his attention on some grave business matter, or perhaps the crafty Pasha may prefer a charge against him, and the police arrest the American just before the train moves out. These things may seem foolish, but they are one and all within the range of possibility, and in her present frame of mind Avis can invest each with an air of truth.

So she holds her watch in her hand and casts many an anxious look upon it. Evidently Jack is preoccupied with his thoughts, for he parses the window a number of times without looking up to meet her eyes.

"Is it not nearly time, doctor?" she asks.

"Two minutes more. I think we will start out on time, which is a good beginning. See how they toss the luggage into the van. We can't say much worse of our baggage-smashers at home. There comes the man in charge of the train—note the proud step—Jove, a little authority makes fools of some men. A conductor on our side of the big pond attempting such dignity would be unmercifully guyed, I tell you."

Avis herself has to laugh at the pompous Frenchman—she sees he is the Grand Mogul—guards cringe before him, and scowl behind his back. Jack has already bought up the fellow with whom they will deal, and as the compartment has its allotted quartette, there is no danger of their privacy being intruded upon, which is the main cause for dissatisfaction with the European method of travelling first-class—you must either pay for the entire compartment or have disagreeable fellow passengers thrust in with you, unless wise enough to tip the guard heavily.

The rush now becomes a scramble, as belated travellers seek to get their tickets, look after luggage, and find accommodations. Many ludicrous scenes are always occurring at a time like this, and although it seems in a measure heartless to laugh, those who have a keen sense of the ridiculous cannot avoid smiling at the odd pictures presented.

As the critical moment draws nearer the excitement increases—its equal cannot be found on the globe, for in the main these people are excitable Frenchmen, and even the commonplaces of life are rendered with dramatic fervour by the Gaul.

To be Continued

A FAIR EXCHANGE.

One evening as I walked with Flo
Along the lane where lilies grow,
She cried in fear: "What can this mean?
I've lost my heart, O, have you seen
It lying anywhere about?
I only just now found it out.
I've lost it since you came, I know.
You've stolen it! Your eyes say so!"

I said: "Now don't be cross, my dear,
Though I've your heart, never fear,
For, since I have no need of two,
I'll give you mine. Will not that do?"
A smile shone in her tearful eyes,
A rainbow over stormy skies.
She answered: "Since I must confess—"
The rest I cannot tell you. Guess!

Willing to Be Warned.

Old Gotrox—So you are going to take my daughter from me, without any warning?

Mr. Stayleight—Oh, not at all, sir. If there is anything about her that you want to warn me of, I am perfectly willing to listen.

They Exchanged Medicines.

Lack of confidence in one's own medicine was aptly illustrated a few days ago. The scene was in a popular downtown cafe. "Con" (the proprietor) and a well-known physician being the principals.

"How do, Doctor?" said Con in a husky tone.

"I have a bad case of grip," said the physician, "and it seems to hang on like chills to a darky."

"So does mine," replied Con. "But I think this medicine you gave me will break it up. See, half the pills are gone. I take 'em regularly three times a day. This pain in the chest and huskiness is what bothers me most. But I'm sticking to your pills."

"That's my case, too, Con," said the physician. "Seems hard to break it up. Give me one of your hot apple toddies. They're just the thing for a cold."—St. Louis Republic.

Poetry and Mathematics.

It is often the case, remarks Tid-Bits, that there was once a methematical minds are incapable of appreciating poetry. There was once a mathematical tutor in one of our great universities who was in the habit of boasting that he neither knew nor cared to know anything about poets or poetry, and considered it all a lot of unpractical rot.

A certain brother tutor was very anxious to convert him to the admiration of fine poetry, and by way of accomplishing this gave the famous "Charge of the Light Brigade" to read.

The mathematician took it up and began to read aloud, thus:

"Half a league, half a league, half a league," then he banged the book down, exclaiming impatiently, "Well, if the fool meant a league and a half, why on earth didn't he say so?"

Ready to Listen.

"Can I talk to you a few minutes?" asked the life insurance agent.

"Yes," replied the superintendent of the factory, "if you don't mind walking about the building with me. I haven't really the time to sit down."

"That's all right," said the agent. "I'd rather move around a little, anyhow."

The superintendent led the way out to the pattern room, thence into the woodworks department, stopping every moment or two to converse with some operative, and took his caller at last into the room where the huge triphammers were filling the air with their unearthly din.

"Now," he said, yelling into the ear of the life insurance man, "I'm ready to listen to you. Go ahead."—Chicago Tribune.

Accounted For.

"Have you noticed," asked the Observant Man, "that there are not so many golden-haired girls visible to the naked eye now as there were some years ago?"

"I had not noticed it," replied his hearer, "but since you mention it, I believe you are right. What has become of them?"

"Their disappearance is another of the results of the general use of the bicycle."

"Your explanation needs explaining."

"It is very simple. The bicycle has driven a great many horses off the streets and roads, and of course among the horses which have gone there must have been a good many white ones. As there are not so many white horses it naturally follows that there are not so many red-headed girls."

Sing Lee's Asylum.

Sing Lee was an enterprising young Chinaman who conducted a laundry in a small mining camp in Colorado some years ago. His never-failing good humor made him a universal favorite, and on more than one occasion the boys found that he had a ready tongue in his head.

A Presidential election occurred about this time, and one of the boys—an Irishman—remarked to Sing:

"Well, Sing, yes'll have to be goin' to China now. The Irish be goin' to run things here, and they won't have any hathen Chinee around."

Quick as a flash Sing retorted: "All right, me go Ireland. Irish no lun things there."

How She Found Out.

"Mr. Scorjel," said Kitty, addressing the caller, whom she suspected, "how much money did you have when you went downtown this morning?"

"I think I had just $28, little girl," replied Mr. Scorjel.

"And how much did you have when you got back home?"

"I had $27."

"Then," replied Kitty, making a mental calculation, "this valentine of mine cost just a dollar!"

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND..... GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY MARCH 16, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossal, Chief of Police.
Robt. Claikscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Watts.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield.....10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

OAK HALL.

—The Cobourg Sentinel-Star has a type of the Cobourg Star of 1831.

A BASHFUL BACHELOR.

He Had Reasons Enough for Failing to Win a Wife.

"Fate made me what I am," growled the gouty old bachelor who has his luxurious quarters within a block of Grand Circus Park. "I was intended by nature to love and be loved, and to have the joys of old age in a bright family circle instead of being shut up in a decorated dungeon like this. The fickle jade has played me a mighty mean trick.

"Why didn't you marry like a sensible fellow?" asked the old friend, who was making a duty call.

"Fate, I tell you; predestination, hard luck, or some of those other agencies to which we charge all misfortunes. When a young man I was smitten a score of times and hit so hard that it dazed me. It made an awkward sort of an idiot of me. I could neither think, talk or properly control my motions. The only thing on earth I was afraid of was a pretty woman and she simply paralyzed me."

"Pshaw; nothing but bashfulness, and you could have overcome it."

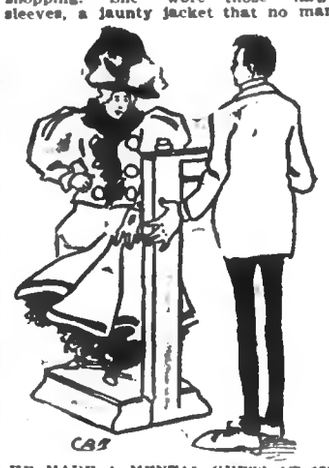
"You don't know what you are talking about. It wasn't anything of the kind. When in love I was controlled absolutely by some ulterior force. If I attempted to cross a room to address a young lady my feet would walk me out of the door. When I bowed I would fail to straighten up till someone broke the spell by a word or a laugh. I'd start to say something, and the result would be something else entirely irrelevant."

"Why didn't you make one grand effort and throw off the strange control?"

"That's what I did when I was visiting in Tennessee and fell in love with the grandest woman that ever lived. One day in the garden I set my teeth and determined to propose. Then I passed out of myself. I walked through a flower bed, fell over a baby carriage into a barbed wire fence, swore like a pirate and came up with a face on me like a cranberry patch. The sweet creature ran. So did I. That was my last love affair, and now there is nothing left but to sit in solitude and nurse the gout."—Detroit Free Press.

She Fooled 'Em All.

It was in a downtown store. A pretty miss of 18 or thereabouts was shopping. She wore those large sleeves, a jaunty jacket that no man



HE MADE A MENTAL GUESS AT 130 POUNDS.

could describe, and one of those bell-shaped skirts, which remind old-timers of the days of hoops. After making her purchases she concluded to ascertain her weight, and stepped on the scale. The affable clerk made a mental guess at 130 and so adjusted the weights. No, that was too much. Then he tried 125, but that wouldn't do. Then 100, then 95, 94, 93, 92, 91, 90.

"Ah! Just even 90 pounds, miss."

With a "Thank you, sir," she tripped away, and, as the front door closed after her, the clerk heaved a sigh and remarked:

"My, but won't some young fellow get badly fooled when he gets her?"—St. Louis Republic.

A Tale of Woe.

"Yes, suh, it made my heart blee-e-d, suh!"

Colonel Bourbon Straight brushed his coat sleeve across his eyes and uttered a deep, deep sigh.

"As you are well aware, suh, Majah Stillon belongs to one of the very first families of the South, suh. Owned a regiment of slaves befo' the wah, suh, and was worth a heap of money. Had it to burn, suh. Well, suh, I met the Majah on the street to-day, and we had a chat about old times befo' the wah, and he told me something, suh, that made my heart blee-e-d, suh.

"Yes, suh, and what was worse, suh; what was an actual disgrace to the proud name of Straight, suh, was the fact, suh, that it also made my eyes watan, suh—watah, suh—just think of it, suh! From what he told me that proud Kentucky family, suh, are in the most straightened circumstances, to-day, suh.

"Why, suh," the Colonel cried impressively, again brushing disgrace from the eyes of the house of Straight; "why, suh, from what the Majah told me to-day, suh, his family are in the most actual want, suh."

"No bread in the house, I suppose?" said the man from the North.

"No bread!" cried the Colonel. "Worse than that, suh, worse than that. Why, suh, they are actually without the necessaries of life, suh. They haven't got a drop of whisky in the house, suh.—not a drop of whisky in the house."—New York Journal.

No Rhetorical Blemishes.

"Mr. Gibbons," said the teacher of the class in rhetoric, "point out the absurdity in this figure of speech: 'At this time the Emperor Frederick hatched out a scheme,' etc."

"It seems to me all right," replied the young man after some reflection.

"It does? Explain, if you please, how he could have 'hatched out' a scheme."

"Well, he might have had his mind set on it."—Chicago Daily Tribune.

Another Cranium.

Mrs. Wallace—What does that idiot of a writer mean by saying his hero "heaved a crimson sigh?"

Mr. Wallace—Perhaps he had been drinking red liquor.—Cincinnati Enquirer

Advertising in the Review pays.

THE 55TH CONGRESS.

continued from page 2.

Buckwheat, 15 cents per bushel of 48 pounds.

Corn or maize, 15 cents per bushel of 56 pounds.

Cornmeal, 20 cents per bushel of 48 pounds.

Oats, 15 cents per bushel.

Oatmeal, 1 cent per pound.

Rye, 10 cents per bushel.

Rye flour, 1-2 cent a pound.

Wheat, 25 cents per bushel.

Wheat flour, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Butter and substitutes therefor, 6c lb.

Cheese, 6c lb.

Milk, fresh, 5c per gallon.

Milk, preserved or condensed, including weight of package, 3c per lb.; sugar of milk, 3c per lb.

FARM AND FIELD PRODUCTS.

Beans, 40c per bushel of 60 lbs.; beans, peas and mushrooms, prepared or preserved, in tins, jars, bottles or otherwise, 40 per cent. ad valorem; broom corn, $8 ton.

Cabbages, 3c each; cider, 5c gallon.

Eggs, 5c dozen; eggs, yolk of, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Hay, $4 ton; honey, 20c per gallon; hops, 15c lb.

Onions, 40c per bushel.

Peas, green, in bulk or in barrels, sacks or similar packages, 40c per bushel of 60 lbs.; peas, dried, 20c per bushel; split peas, 50c per bushel of 60 lbs.; peas in cartons, papers or other small packages, 1c lb.

Plants, trees, shrubs and vines of all kinds, commonly known as nursery stock, not specially provided for in this Act, 30 per cent. ad valorem.

Potatoes, 25c per bushel of 60 lbs.

SEEDS.

Castor beans or seeds, 50c per bushl of 50 lbs.

Flaxseed or linseed, poppy seed and other oil seeds, not specially provided for in this Act, 30c per bushel of 56 lbs.; but no drawback shall be allowed on oil cake made from imported seed.

Garden seeds and other seeds, not specially provided for in this Act, 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Vegetables of all kinds, prepared or preserved, including pickles and sauces of all kinds, not specially provided for in this Act, 45 per cent. ad valorem.

Vegetables in their natural state, not specially provided for in this Act, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Straw, 30 per cent. ad valorem.

Teazles, 30 per cent. ad valorem.

FRUITS AND NUTS.

Apples, green or ripe, 25c bushel; apples, dried, desiccated, evaporated or prepared in any manner and not otherwise provided for in this Act, 2c lb.

Grapes and peaches, 2 1-2c lb.; plums and prunes, 2c lb.

Plums, prunes, figs, raisins and other dried grapes, including Zante currants, 2 1-2c lb.

Fruits preserved in their own juice, 30 per cent. ad valorem; orange peel and lemon peel, preserved or candied, 2c lb.

MEAT PRODUCTS.

Bacon and hams, 5c lb.

Beef, mutton and pork, 2c lb.

Meats of all kinds, prepared or preserved, not specially provided for in this Act, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Extract of meat, all not specially provided for in this Act, 35c lb.; fluid extract of meat, 15c lb., and no separate or additional duty shall be collected on such coverings, unless as such they are suitable and apparently designed for use other than in the importation of meat extracts.

Lard, 2c lb.

Poultry, live, 2c lb.; dressed, 5c lb.

Tallow, 1c lb.; wool grease, including that known commercially as degras or brown wool grease 1-2c lb.

SALT.

Salt in bags, sacks, barrels, or other packages, 12c 100 lbs.; in bulk, 8c 100 lbs.

A Fatal Collision.

Danville, Ill., March 15.—In a collision on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad near here yesterday Engineer Monroe Ray and Fireman John Cody were killed. Switchman Oscar Kinearman, who was riding on the engine, had both legs cut off, and Engineer Larue had his ribs broken.

A Belt Killed Him.

Tottenham, Ont., March 15.—Samuel Fleming, jr., of Hockley, eight miles west of here, was to-day struck in the head by a belt which flew from the drive wheel of an engine in his saw mill, and died from the effects a few hours later. The deceased was a very industrious man of about 35 years.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The flour trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $11 to $12. Shorts $10 to $11.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. The feeling is firmer. Red winter is quoted at 73c and white at 74c, west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 22c east.

Barley—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 1 is quoted at 30c to 32c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and feed at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, there being only a limited supply. White sold outside at 17½c, and mixed at 16½c to 17c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—The market is firm, with car lots at 23c to 24c, outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales at 32c, east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 15.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 8d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4½d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 46s 3d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage steadier. English country markets steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures steady at 6s 2¼d for May, 6s 1½d for July and 6s 1½d for September. Maize steady at 2s 7½d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 45c for April; flour 44f 70c for April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage nominally unchanged. Maize steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat 21f 85c for April; flour 45f 40c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 0¾d for March and September, 6s 2d for May

Peterborough Markets, March 16, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

PAST YOUR PRIME.

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you

Dyspepsia.
Rheumatism
Catarrh.
Headache.
Ailments peculiar to women.
Scrofula.
Nervousness.
Sciatica.
Poor blood.
Indigestion.
Liver complaint
Loss of appetite.
Severe kidney disease.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, so use the best. One pill a dose; one cent a dose; 25 cents a box.

For sale by all dealers, or by the manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and lung troubles. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25c.

IN HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,345
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	731,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	706,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 184½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 130 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
R. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next doo north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. S. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Claxton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

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A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.
SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. M. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES
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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kennedy

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 168 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyr d&w

Paint Means Cleanliness

and cleanliness is a good habit. Many want to paint the little things about the home, but do not know how to go about it. It's easy.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

are prepared ready for immediate use—no mixing to get the shade desired, no inconvenience, no hard work. Just open can, stir the paint, dip in your brush and go ahead.

Our booklet, "**Paint Points,**" will help you. It tells just the things you would like to know. It is a practical talk about paint. It tells the best paint for tables, chairs, settees, for buggies, for boats, for cupboards, for shelves, for barns, fences and roofs, for bath tubs, for houses. There is one good paint for each paintable thing, and only one. Mailed free to any address. Send to-day. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine St. Montreal.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1897.

Another Fire Inquest.

The Port Hope Guide says:—At Garden Hill station, at Mr James Webber's, an investigation was held on Thursday and Friday last as to the cause of the fire on lot 30, 8th concession of Hope, which took place on the 3rd of February, 1896. The house belonging to Mr Samuel Barkwell, Port Hope, and then occupied by his tenants, was totally destroyed by fire, and he is suing the Dominion Mutual Fire Insurance Association to recover the insurance, the case is to be tried at the ensuing Spring Assizes at Cobourg. The enquiry was held before Mr James Brock, J P, and Mr S Caldwell, J P. Mr R J Doyle, the company's manager, and Mr Wm Eyres, the district agent, acted for the company, and Mr W H Kerr, of Cobourg, for Mr Barkwell.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

Cigar Snaps

Shakespeare and Creme De La Creme regular 10c. cigars, for 5c. Also the celebrated Flor De Formosa, 7 for 25. Be sure and try them at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. d43tf

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 290 George-st. d5

—Dr. Turner, who is leaving Millbrook to reside in the Northwest, was banquetted by Millbrook Masons last evening.

Small Potatoes.

Mr. W. H. Dean, of Moira, who has been carrying the mail for the past 30 years between Moira and Plainfield, a distance of nine miles, three times a week, for the magnificent sum of $125 per annum, has been relieved of his contract by the Postmaster General. For the last year his route has been from Moira to West Huntington, daily, and the contract price was $175 per annum, or a little under 56 cents per day for six miles travel, with attendant responsibility. His contract does not expire until next fall, yet a Grit wanted the job and offered to do it for some $15 less, and economical Mr. Mulock cries out, "Off with his head, he's only a Tory!" Off it went and a Grit was given the job. Small potatoes truly.—Belleville Intelligencer.

Useful Information From a Dentist About Tooth Powders and Mouth Washes.

Many of the best tooth powders contain coarse particles or grit, and many of the mouth washes contain acid. Grit injures the enamel of the teeth, and also causes inflammation of the gums; and the slightest acid (sometimes used in mouth washes to whiten the teeth) will soften the enamel after a short time, and finally *destroy* the teeth; some washes contain ingredients "to harden the gums"; this is dangerous, as it causes the gums to recede from the teeth, which finally become loose and are removed. It is well to be sure that what you use is free from all these evils, Grit, Acid, Astringents—such as Myrrh, which is *too commonly supposed* to be harmless, or Camphor, which tends to make bone brittle, and will cause the teeth to split more readily). Ask your dentist about this important matter and he will tell you to use the "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder."

It contains the finest precipitated powder, washed, strained, and again re-precipitated, rendering it so fine that it remains for hours suspended in the fluid forming the mouth wash, which is delightfully refreshing to use and guaranteed to be absolutely free from acid or any injurious ingredient. "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder" for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per bottle.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

A HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF ADVICE.

Continued on Page 8

a practical lecture, and to show that they are practical teachings, that they are useful every day, and that they are not merely for the guidance of the religious on one day of the week.

"The trouble with the lecture, 'Some Sins and Their Results,' is the trouble I have found with most of the titles. The medicine ought to be disguised just a little bit. When a young man sees this title he knows in a general way just what that lecture is going to say. Of course he doesn't know the exact form of words, but he can pretty nearly guess what the sins are, and he can come pretty near guessing what the results will be. He has heard these things before. My idea is that you must show people that it pays to be honest and that

IT PAYS TO BE MORAL.

This may be a very sordid view to take of it, but it is the practical, material things that appeal to most people nowadays. They don't see the connection between religion and everyday life, and it seems to me that it is the mission of the Y.M.C.A. to bring out this point. Now that there is great interest in Cuba, why not have some practical man talk about Cuba and give some facts about the history of Cuba and the history of Spain. It wouldn't be much trouble to make several volumes of morals out of the progress of Spain. The history of that country is full of morals of all sorts, and its present state of degeneration can be shown to be the direct result of wrong doing. The man who delivered this lecture could cover every point that was in the lecture on 'Some Sins and Their Results,' but he would do it in an interesting way, and could show the practical side just as well. It doesn't make a bit of difference what a man starts out to talk about, he can put anything he pleases into his lecture.

"The series, 'Helps and Hindrances to Manhood,' seems to be a good enough idea, but I have to make the same criticism that I have made a number of times before. For instance the lecture on

'TOBACCO AND DRINK.'

Any man who knows that that lecture is to be delivered in the Y.M.C.A hall knows that tobacco and drink are to be 'roasted.' He knows pretty nearly what is going to be said before he goes. If he doesn't use tobacco, and if he doesn't drink, it will be a pleasure for him to go and hear these things condemned and to hear himself praised for not using them.

"If he does smoke and drink, he will be likely to pay no attention to it at all. It is the same way with a number of other titles in this list. How many of the people who need praying for do you suppose will be attracted by a lecture entitled 'Prayer,' or by a lecture entitled 'Bible Study,' or by the one entitled 'The Gospel of Christ'? You have got to tell these people something that they want to hear, and incidentally tell them what you want them to hear.

"The same critisisms apply to 'Christianity's Challenge' as to the preceding series of lectures. These lectures are apparently for the people who are interested in Christianity, and the people you want to interest are the ones who are not interested in Christianity. The ones who are all right don't need these lectures at all.

"The 'Five Great Questions' are all right if they were disguised. Question No. 1: 'What shall it profit a man if he shall gain the whole world and lose his own soul?' is one which can be woven into an intensely

PRACTICAL EVERY-DAY TALK

that would be helpful to every one who heard it, but the trouble is you can't get them to come and listen to it under any such title. It ought to have some title like "Success in Business,' or 'How to Achieve Success in Business,' or 'What is Success, and How to Get It.'

"The book you send is no good for the purpose of interesting people in the Association. It is perhaps a pretty good scheme with which to secure money from business men, but if I were running a Y. M. C. A. I would never permit anything of this kind to be done. This book comes under the head of advertising schemes. The men who advertise in it get absolutely no return for their money. They have the gratification of seeing their names in print and that is all. Such advertising does not pay, never did pay, and never will pay, and that is the reason the Y. M. C. A. should not ask a business man to buy it. To be really plain with you, it is 'obtaining money under false pretences.' The business men buy this space thinking that it may do them some good in business, and it will not. They would probably be just as willing to give the Association that much money. I don't know on what sort of a basis this book was printed, but I know that frequently these things are gotten up by

SOME ADVERTISING SCHEMER

who gives the Association a small amount for the privilege of 'working' the business men. Another method is for the advertising schemer to get the Association to publish a book and pay him a good stiff commission for securing the ads. It is bad enough for the Association to publish the book; it is much worse for the Association to farm out the privilege. So far as the good to the Association is concerned, it would be about ten times as good to print in a neat book just the matter pertaining to the Association, and to distribute it where it would be likely to do most good. If you want the business men of the town to pay for the booklet, make it up the way you want it to be, and go to one or two (preferably one), tell him that you want to print so many copies of this book and that it will cost so much money; that you would like to have him pay for it for the good of the cause; tell him that you will print a statement on one of the blank pages to the effect that 'five thousand of these booklets have been supplied to the Y. M. C. A. with the compliments of Mr.———' This or any other suitable notice would be entirely appropriate.

"I can tell you what you probably do not know, and that is, that business men resent the working of such schemes as these. Most of them know that the advertising as advertising is utterly worthless. They look upon the Y. M. C. A. as a beggar; as a not altogether necessary nuisance. They should be made to understand that the work of the Y. M. C. A. is helping them in their business; that it is producing young men who will make good employees and good customers, and that the more they help the Y. M. C. A. the more they help themselves. Let them understand that you are not trying to 'work' them. That you are not using every opportunity to get money out of them."

Heavy Losses and No Insurance.

The women of Canada lose thousands of dollars every year by having valuable garments and goods ruined by adulterated and imitation package dyes.

There being no security or insurance against losses resulting from spurious and deceptive dyes, defrauded women cannot claim damages or expect to be recouped by the makers of common dyes.

Let it be understood perfectly that every package of Diamond Dyes is fully warranted to do what is promised for it.

The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes are the only responsible makers in the world of package dyes for home dyeing, and they succeed because their dyes are pure, strong, bright and never-fading, and the easiest to use.

SPOT CASH, ONE PRICE.

Money Back if You Want It!

THIS IS OUR NEW METHOD

OF DOING BUSINESS.

O'd "Credit-and-Cash-System" Done Away With!

It is a well-known fact that a great proportion of the losses in any credit business are caused by about four main items:
1st.—Bad debts. 2nd.—Interest on account's carried.
3rd.—Expenses of collecting and keeping track of accounts.
4th.—Losses sustained through not being able to cash discounts when buying stock.

These losses, in the aggregate, are quite a heavy item, and are all a direct charge on any business run on a Cash and Credit basis, and must, of necessity, come out of the profits. In marking goods one has to figure on the cost of giving credit just the same as for rent, taxes, help, etc. For example:

Take a business where there is an average credit given of $5,000; that is, at times books show $8,000 and at other times accounts would be reduced to $2,000, leaving the average on books for a year about $5,000.

Losses from bad debts would be not less than	$150 00
Cost of Stationery, Postage, Ex'ra Help, Books, etc.	200 00
Interest on average of Accounts, $5,000 at Bank rate 8 per cent	400 00
Losses through not having $5,000 in cash to take Discounts in buying stock 5 per cent	250 00

Or to an $8,000 credit business there is an extra cost over cash of $1100, or an expense of 14 per cent.

In comparing our own experience with other merchants we find that as near as we can approximate the above figures are correct.

After looking at these facts we have determined to live up to the experience gained, and dispense with credit altogether, believing that a Spot Cash business will be mutually beneficial. It is an undoubted fact that the man who sells the cheapest is the man who sells for Cash—selling for cash we can and will sell at lower prices than ever before.

Buying where credit is given you not only have to pay for your own goods but have the extra cost of paying for credit business losses.

In marking our Spring Stock of Hats we have kept in view the ONE-PRICE, SPOT CASH rule which we now adopt. All old customers, both Cash and Credit, and all those who will favor us with their patronage, will find that our goods are being sold at fully from 10 to 15 per cent. lower prices than formerly, and the high quality of stock strictly maintained. In stopping this leakage customers will be money in pocket and we will be better off.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE.

Continued from page 1.

taking in nothing on the Australian. Not a single individual bet of any magnitude has been reported in Carson.

The ring posts and ropes arrived from San Francisco to-day and will be set in place to-morrow morning. The platform will be floored with tongued grooved white pine carefully planed and covered with resin. The ring proper will be 24 feet square, within the ropes, and the platform will project 18 inches beyond the ropes.

Tom Sharkey, who has taken the measure of both the champions, arrived with a bulging pocket book this morning and will be ready with a challenge to the winner on Wednesday morning. The sailor will receive no recognition whatever from either Corbett or Fitzsimmons if the statements of their managers go for anything. Choynski, Maher, Goddard, and others, who are reported to be ready with a deft, will also be overlooked.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

☞ So'd in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR:

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 64. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE NEWS IS WARLIKE

Creek Cabinet Shows No Sign of Backing Down.

Crown Prince Constantine Momentarily Expected to Leave for the Frontier to Assume Command of the Greek Forces in Thessaly—Greek and Turkish Troops Within Sight of Each Other—A Single Shot or Any Trifle May Start a Conflict—France is With the Concert of Powers

Athens, March 16.—A prolonged meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day. The Ministers discussed at great length the attitude to be taken in the event of the powers attempting to coerce Greece into a compliance with their demands. It is stated that no disposition was shown to accede to the demands, and that it was finally decided to take active measures as the only possible solution of the difficulty.

It is thought that by active measures is meant a declaration of war against Turkey, which in its effect will be to give Greece the right to maintain her army in Crete and deprive the powers of any right of interference.

Crown Prince Constantine, with the First Regiment of infantry, is momentarily expected to leave Athens to assume command of all the Greek forces in Thessaly.

The prevailing conviction here is that war is inevitable.

It is understood that the Cabinet at its meeting to-day discussed a plan of campaign against the Turks.

The whole garrison of Athens and nearly all the reserves have started for the frontier.

The departure during the night of a number of troops for Volo, Thessaly, was undoubtedly owing to the Government receiving information regarding the blockade.

France is With the Concert.

Paris, March 16.—M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, made in the Senate to-day a declaration of the policy of France in the matter of the Greco-Cretan situation, similar to what he made in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, when he announced that France would adhere to the concert policy, and at the conclusion of his statement asked for a vote of confidence in the Government. The Senate attested its confidence in the Govrnment's policy by a vote of 240 to 32.

One Shot May Start War.

London, March 16.—The Chronicle, Daily Mail and Telegraph have correspondents with the Greek forces on the Thessalian frontier. They all concur in their descriptions of the rapid massing and continual drilling of the troops. They add that the excitement and enthusiasm of the soldiers are a dangerous element of the situation, as a trifle may start a conflict with the Turkish forces on the frontier, who are in sight of the Greeks.

A despatch from Canea to a news agency, says that the foreign admirals have not yet proclaimed the blockade. The statement received from Vienna this afternoon saying that the blockade began to-day were re-affirmed this evening, but as it is not officially, it is likely that it is premature.

Troops Ordered From Malta.

London, March 16.—A despatch from Malta says that 600 British troops were ordered to Crete from that station to-day. In the House of Commons this evening Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, made the following announcement on behalf of the Government: We have to-day addressed a communication to the powers in regard to Greece, but it is impossible, as it would be improper and against public interest, either to state the terms of the communication or to encourage debate on the subject.

Lord Kimberley asked that the Government make a further and more explicit statement in regard to the Cretan situation, but Lord Salisbury referred him to the admirable speeches delivered by Foreign Minister Hanotaux and Premier Meline in the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday, in the sentiments expressed in which he (Lord Salisbury) said he heartily concurred.

Lord Kimberley: "But I should prefer to have a statement of Great Britain's policy by Great Britain's Ministers."

Lord Salisbury: "The policy of the powers was explained in the speeches of MM. Hanotaux and Meline. If I have not used their brilliant language, it is my misfortune and not my fault."

In the lobbies of the House the remarks of Lord Salisbury are regarded as indicative of an aim on the part of the Premier to secure closer entente with France, and also as indicating that England and France are closer united with one another in understanding in regard to Crete than they are with the other powers.

Greek Warships Move.

Canea, March 16.—As a result of the operation of the blockade of Cretan ports by the combined fleets of the powers, the Greek squadron, with the exception of two small warships, left Cretan waters to-day. The two vessels that remain are preparing to take their departure.

The Blockade Begun.

Vienna, March 16.—The blockade of the ports of the Island of Crete by the warships of the concerted European powers went into effect to-day.

Is Russia Inciting Greece?

New York, March 16.—A despatch to The Herald from Athens says: There is a whisper in court circles here that Russia is secretly urging Greece to war. Faithful to Prince Lobanoff's policy and under the mask of friendship to Turkey, Russia will occupy Constantinople, when a rising in the Balkans is brought on by Greece. Russia will then retain Constantinople and abandon Crete and a part of Macedonia to Greece. The attitude of Germany is resented by the Greeks, who propose to retaliate by obstructing German commerce and oriental exports and favoring the French.

Greeks Resist Coercion.

London, March 16.—A despatch to The Times from Athens says that since the action of the powers in ordering the beginning of coercive measures against Greece became known in Greece, the popular determination that the Greek army of occupation shall never be withdrawn from Crete has become stronger than ever. The people are unanimous in this matter, and the King and the Government have no choice but to swim with the tide of popular feeling.

The commander of the Greek troops in Crete is fortifying his position upon the hills at Alikianu.

A Pro Tem Commissioner.

Vienna, March 16.—It is announced here that until the powers shall declare the appointment of a Governor for Crete, a commissioner will be appointed to act in that capacity in the name of the European powers.

Thessalians Moving.

Athens, March 16.—Information has been received here that two band of Thessalians one of one thousand men and the other of three hundred men, have entered Macedonia from the Larissa and Volo districts of Thessaly.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Members Put in a Fairly Good Day's Work Yesterday—Municipal Auditing and Other Business Considered.

Toronto, March 17.

The correspondence in connection with the now celebrated Engledue deal was brought down by the Provincial Secretary yesterday. An account is given in another column.

The sitting of the Legislature yesterday was otherwise unmarked by any peculiar sensation, the business being the advancing a stage of a number of bills.

The House in committee then discussed the Attorney-General's bill to make better provision for the keeping and auditing of municipal and school accounts, Mr. Stratton in the chair.

Mr. Reid of Addington suggested that the County Councils be empowered to appoint the auditors.

The Attorney-General opposed this, because it meant the appointment of too many officials. He had read the public press and they had all demanded just such a measure as he had introduced.

Mr. Whitney objected to the bill, because it was another means of taking their power from the people and placing it in the hands of the Government.

Mr. Matheson contended that there was nothing in the bill providing for the audit of all municipal accounts.

Hon. G. W. Ross stated that the system of auditing proposed had been asked for by the public. It was stated that one Government official would take away so much public liberty, but at that rate he thought 45 county auditors would take away 45 times as much liberty.

Mr. Whitney contended that as many sub-auditors would have to be appointed by the Government as would be appointed by County Councils, so that the main difference was that the people would be robbed of their power.

The Attorney-General denied the existence of a shadow of foundation for the previous speaker's comments. If the County Councils were empowered to appoint auditors they would simply retain the old ones and there would be nothing done.

Messrs. Meacham, St. John, Gibson and Howland followed.

The bill with a few unimportant amendments passed the committee stage.

Hon. John Dryden's bill to amend the Agriculture and Arts Act was next considered. The bill, it will be remembered, amalgamates the Creameries' and Dairymen's Association.

Mr. Howland contended that the bill would do away with the Creameries' Association, which had done much for that industry.

Mr. McPherson replied that the interests of the butter and cheese men were so much in common, that both would profit by the bill, and expenses would be reduced.

Mr. Meacham objected that the butter makers were being injured to the advantage of the cheese men.

The Minister of Agriculture could not give the exact statistics, but was certain that the two industries were in the hands of the same men and therefore the bill could not injure any class.

Mr. Whitney also objected that the Act would be discriminating against the butter makers of the province. He accepted the challenge of Hon. John Dryden, and proved that the traveling dairy was an idea suggested by the Opposition.

Mr. Pattullo did not believe that there ever was any necessity for a creameries' association at all. The province should not relax its attention to the cheese industry, because it had met so far with such great success.

The bill was then passed with slight amendments.

AT THE EVENING SESSION.

Several Government bills were disposed of in committee. Bill No. 108, for the removal from Crown lands of persons unlawfully thereon, was amended to provide that the provisions thereof shall not apply to Manitoulin Island. The penalty for infringement of the Act was altered to a fine not less than $20 or more than $100 and costs, and in default of payment imprisonment for a term not exceeding three calendar months.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and the estimates for the Department of Education were taken up.

Upon the item for poor and district schools, Col. Matheson asked for an explanation for the increase of $3000.

Continued on Page 7.

THE NEW U. S. TARIFF

Cabinet Ministers at Ottawa Would Not Talk.

It is Stated, However, That Arrangements Have Been Made at Washington for a Joint Commission to Meet and Consider the Whole Question, With a View to a Reciprocity Treaty—A Washington Man Spent a Few Days With the Ottawa Lumbermen Before the New Bill Was Finally Adopted.

Ottawa, March 16.—(Special.)—Ministers decline to criticize the United States tariff bill, but one of their number, recently returned from Washington, declared that its fiercely protective features were not unexpected. They had been told in Washington how it would be, but were assured the protective character of the tariff would not prevent reciprocity negotiations being entered into. He added that early in April President McKinley would be invited by the Ottawa Government to name American representatives on a joint commission to look into the whole question of international trade and suggest lines upon which a reciprocity treaty might be arranged.

A local paper says that while the Republican leaders who compose the Ways and Means Committee of the new Congress were still in session, namely on the 5th of March, there arrived in Ottawa an accredited agent of the new regime, Mr. F. J. Sheridan, who duly registered at the Russell from Washington. Mr. Sheridan made no secret of the fact that his mission was to confer with leading lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley in regard to the lumber schedule of the proposed new United States tariff. Mr. Sheridan remained in and about Ottawa until the 11th inst., when, his mission having been fulfilled, he quietly took his departure for Washington. There is no doubt his business was to confer with the lumbermen of the Ottawa section as to the duty on sawn lumber, and the comparatively moderate treatment of that product in the wood schedule of the new tariff is evidently the result of the understanding arrived at during the commissioner's stay in the Capital.

NOMINATION DAY AT HULL.

Mr. Laurier Speaks on the School Question—Not What He Wanted But Best He Could Get.

Ottawa, March 16.—(Special.)—The transpontine town of Hull was a busy political centre to-day. In the forenoon the Conservatives of Ottawa county met to nominate a candidate for the Local Legislature, and in the afternoon the regular nomination of candidates for the representation of Wright county in the Commons was held. At the Conservative convention Hon. G. A. Nantel, Minister of Crown Lands for Quebec, was placed in nomination by Warden Ellard and seconded by Mr. N. Tetreau, ex-M.L.A. The acceptance of Mr. Nantel as the standard-bearer of the Conservatives was urged by E. B. Eddy and several other prominent people, and the nomination was made unanimous. J. McDougall, Conservative, and L. N. Champagne, Liberal, were duly nominated for the Commons for Wright county. The election takes place on the 23rd, two days before Parliament meets.

Speech-making commenced in the City Hall at 2 p.m., and after the candidates had been heard, Mr. Laurier was introduced and warmly welcomed. The Premier was in rather poor voice, but he enthused the Liberal electors present to the shouting pitch. Speaking of the school settlement, he said that when he entered office he entered into negotiations with the Government of Manitoba and obtained from them concessions which give the French Catholics of Manitoba religious teaching in their schools, and the protection of their language. As a result the French language will now be taught in the schools of Manitoba. "Are you satisfied?" Cries of "Yes, yes." He appealed to the good sense of all reasonable men if this was not a satisfactory settlement. "I want the two languages taught in all the schools," he said. "I speak French, because it is the language of my mother, of the historic nation from which I have sprung, but I also speak English, because it is the language of business. This double-teaching will enable the children of Manitoba to earn their living as they could not otherwise do."

Towards the close of his address Mr. Laurier said: "I appeal, not to your prejudices, but to your good faith. I am a Catholic as you know, and I have the good of my countrymen at heart. It is not by hostility that we can come to an understanding, but by compromise. I know I have not got as much as I wanted, but I have got as much as I could. We have settled the question to the best of our power. It will not satisfy Archbishop Langevin, it will not satisfy some extremists, but the policy of the Government will, I am convinced, be accepted by all fair thinking Catholics without exception."

Ex-Postmaster-General Taillon replied. He dealt thoroughly with the question from the standpoint of the hierarchy. But, when in scathing terms he denounced Mr. Laurier's hypocrisy and traitorous treatment of the trustful electors of Quebec, an organised gang of Champagne's claquers raised a great racket. Mr. Taillon, finishing amidst this racket, sat down with the remark that succeeding Liberal speakers need not expect better treatment. The McDougall men took the hint.

Mr. Bourassa, M.P., Mr. Marcil, the candidate, in Gaspe, and the Controller of Customs essayed to speak, but were howled down and the meeting, which was very evenly divided, broke up in disorder.

Murder in a Church.

Harrington, Del., March 16.—The congregation of the colored M. E. Church was panic-stricken Sunday night by a murder committed in the church. Arthur Gray and Matthew Hayes courted the same girl. Gray had threatened to kill Hayes if he found him with her. Hayes took the girl to church Sunday night and Gray stepped up behind the pair as they sat in a pew and shot Hayes. The murderer escaped.

Don't be Crooked.

Buffalo, N.Y., March 16.—The Mercantile Review says to-day: It won't pay to enter your Canadian cattle below cost. The inspectors are looking sharply after the interests of the Government, and the result of too low values of entry was the levying of penal duty on one load last week and another load to-day.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.

Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

PIANO POINTS For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE —GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN —KARN
—FISCHER —WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY
THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING
188 Yonge Street, Toronto

ASSIGNEES
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PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Lost or Found.

DOG LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY, March 10th, A BLACK COCKER SPANIEL, answering to the name of "TRIP." Any person detaining the animal after this notice will be prosecuted. J. W. MAYBEE, 88 Hunter-st. d60tf

LOST

ON TUESDAY, March 16 h, between James-st., Ashburnham and St. Paul's church, A LADY'S SILVER WATCH, having a small gold ball and silver locket, containing hair, attached. Being very much valued as mementos, the owner will be very glad to hear of them through this office. A reward will be given for their return. 3d62

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 509 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 80eod

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Wanted, Help.

RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey, DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethune Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

MRS. APPLEBY
Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

Probabilities.

Becoming decidedly milder to-day and to-morrow; fair to-day, with a few local showers to-night or to-morrow.

R. F.

CHARMING CARPETS!

We are ready for the Spring Trade with charming lines of New Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. These have been imported direct from the makers, and are branded with our name woven on each roll, as follows:—

"Manufactured Expressly for Robert Fair, Peterborough."

Preparations have been made for Spring Carpet buyers, which abundantly justify our title to the leading Carpet Emporium of this district. At least, nothing is wanting to warrant the necessity of journeying to the cities for floor coverings.

Time was when we could not honestly have made that last statement. We have done experimental work but that time has passed now. We have the endorsement of most of the best carpet buyers in the district for having the best carpet stock, the best carpet ideas, and the best values in carpets to be found.

Rugs, Mats, Stair and Hall Carpets to match.

Real English Linoleums and Inlaid Linoleums, (something quite new,) in superb assortment.

Kensington and Art Squares, Crumb Cloths, etc., in new colors and patterns.

The latest Ideal Drapery, Lace Curtains, High-class Portiers and Chenile Portiers, in a select assortment of special merit.

We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.

We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

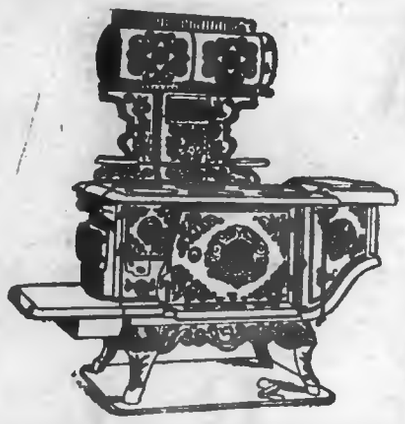
ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
283 George Street, Peterborough.

It's No Bother
To mend a possible puncture in
DUNLOP TIRES
They are so genuinely good they rarely need repairing, but if they do
YOUR HANDS
—whoever you are—are the *only tools* required to make things right in a jiffy.

For your own comfort's sake have them on your wheel. Fully guaranteed.
American Dunlop Tire Co.
Lombard Street, Toronto.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 119 or 215 Day or night.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. G. W. ENGLISH, shop 129 Charlotte-st.



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THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

SMOKED MEATS

HOWDEN'S BRAND OF

Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.

O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
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THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
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Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d82 w

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

PORTRAITS IN OILS

See the samples in our Studio Window on Charlotte Street.

These are colored in Oils direct from the Photo.

Lifelike and of perfect outline and expression. More satisfactory than a painting and equally durable.

PRICES MODERATE.

A. E. FORD.

Charlotte Street.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Took Hood's in the Spring

It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

From Which He Had Suffered From Boyhood.

If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

Commenced to Take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897

NORTH MONAGHAN COUNCIL.

The Township Will Urge the Settlement of the Sewer Arbitration Costs—Other Business.

Correspondence of the Review.

The North Monaghan Council met at the town hall on Tuesday, March 16th, at one o'clock. All the members were present, the reeve, Mr. J. McIntosh, presiding. The minutes of the meeting of February 13th were read confirmed. A communication was received from F. Brown, pound keeper, asking permission to change the site and rebuild the township pound upon his premises.—Received. The following accounts were presented:—J W Taylor, for 10 loads gravel drawn on loop line extension and putting in culvert on same, $2.50; Robt Haskill, account for cutting out road allowance opposite west end of east half of lot 2, concession 13, on the boundary between North Monaghan and Smith, $6. Moved by Mr Hunter, seconded by Mr. Yelland, that the account of Mr J W Taylor be referred to the reeve for investigation and report to this Council at the next meeting.—Carried.

Moved by Mr Bradburn, seconded by Mr Hunter,—That the account of Mr Haskill for underbrushing on the boundary between Monaghan and Smith, be paid and that the township of Smith be requested to pay their proportion.—Carried. Moved by Mr Bradburn, seconded by Mr Yelland,—That the request of F Brown to remove the pound to the other side of his barn be granted, the work to be done at his (Brown's) expense, and to the satisfaction of the reeve.—Carried. Moved by Mr Bradburn, seconded by Mr Madill,—That the clerk advise Mr Edmison that the township must have the bill of costs re sewer arbitration, North Monaghan vs Peterborough, on or before 1st April next.—Carried. Moved by Mr. Hunter seconded by Mr. Yelland, that the reeve and Messrs Bradburn, Madill and the clerk be a committee to act with the municipalities of Otonabee and South Monaghan in the matter of urging and using any means they may agree upon, to have the cost of the sewer arbitration adjusted and settled at once.—Carried. Moved by Mr. Madill, seconded by Mr. Bradburn, that the reeve and Mr. Hunter be a committee to confer with parties owning gravel pits to arrange for the purchase of gravel for road purposes in the township.—Carried. Moved by Mr. Bradburn, seconded by Mr. Madill, that the reeve and Messrs Yelland and Madill be a committe to formulate a scheme to improve the present system of road contracting and repairing in this township, and to devise ways and means to provide the money necessary therefor.—Carried. The Council then adjourned until called by the reeve.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, early birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SEED GRAIN SENT OUT

Nearly Twenty-Five Tons Distributed From Ottawa.

Hon. Peter Mitchell's Appointment Gives Him Authority Over Quebec and Maritime Province Fisheries—Rumor That Charlie Mackintosh and Sir Henri Joly Will Shortly Retire—Talk of Returning Mr Gillies for Pontiac—Toronto Gas Co v Toronto Before the Supreme Court—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, March 16.—(Special.)—The free distribution of samples of seed grain from the Central Experimental Farm proceeds apace. The work commenced on the 1st of January, and up to last evening 16,511 packages of 3 pounds each, aggregating nearly 25 tons, have been sent out through the mails to applicants in all parts of the Dominion. The distribution for this year will not be finished for some time yet.

RETURNS AHEAD OF TIME.

Mr. Justice Taschereau of the Supreme Court has somewhat unexpectedly returned to the Capital. His leave of absence, most of which he spent in India, does not expire for six weeks.

Hon. Peter Mitchell has been appointed general overseer of fisheries for Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. He will have supervision over fisheries in that section of the Dominion, with headquarters at Ottawa.

It is said that Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh of the Northwest Territories has announced his intention to retire from the Governorship at the expiration of his present leave of absence. Mr. Mackintosh was appointed in November, 1893, so that his term is only about half expired.

The rumor comes from Quebec that Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere will shortly resign the Controllership of Inland Revenue and be succeeded by Mr. Choquette, M.P.

The Conservatives of Pontiac county meet to-morow in Shawville to select a candidate for the Quebec Legislature. There is some talk of returning Mr. Gillies, ex-M.L.A., on condition of his giving a pledge to accord an independent support to the Flynn Government.

In the Supreme Court to-day arguments in the Consumers' Gas Company v. The City of Toronto were concluded and judgment reserved.

The cases of the City of Ottawa v. Clarke and Keefer, in connection with Rockliffe Park, having been settled and withdrawn from the roll, the next case taken up was May v. Logie, in which the dispute is over the title to lands in Mimico, to which appellant claims title through the heirs at law of the late William Pidgeon, respondents having been for many years in occupation and basing their title as well upon long possession as upon a deed from Pidgeon's widow granted as his universal legatee. The will is a peculiar document written by the testator himself, who appears to have tried to follow some legal form, but in effect says: "It is my will that as to all my estate (stars) my wife Elizabeth," leaving it elliptical in form. Meredith, J., who tried the case, assumed that the proper reading of the will was to make it accord with the only evidence of the testator's intentions, and decided that it was a valid bequest to th wife, and this judgment was affirmed by the Court of Appeal. Arguments were not concluded when the court adjourned for the day.

This is the last case on the Ontario list, and completes the roll of cases inscribed, with the exception of the reference as to the provisions of the criminal law in relation to bigamy.

A daring robbery was committed last night at the residence of Mrs. O'Reilly, Nepean-street, when two men succeeded in carrying off some plate, a gold watch, sealskin coat and a pair of seal gauntlets. The men were working at the sideboard when disturbed, and passing out through the hall grabbed the coat and gloves.

MEAT TRAIN DITCHED.

A Casualty Which May Result in the Death of Two Persons—Woman Burned to Death in Chicago.

Chicago, March 16.—A meat train bound for Hammond, Ind., jumped the tracks and was ditched on the belt line of the Chicago, Hammond & Western Railway near the 47th-street crossing, Lagrange, last evening. George Maxwell, fireman, inhaled steam and was severely scalded, may die; Charles Merryweather, brakesman, internally injured, recovery doubtful; W. F. Peck, engineer, thrown from the cab and sustained a gash over the eye; Charles Pullman, telegraph operator, had his leg broken.

Barbara Newman was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the home of her uncle, William Spier, last night. Her cousin, Rose Mayfield, jumped from a window, after being badly burned, and was seriously injured in the fall. Mr. Spier, an invalid, was rescued with difficulty, while his wife and sister were slightly burned in saving the four children of the family.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

Mr. Schreiner Doesn't Think Mr. Rhodes Had Any Chance to Stop the Jameson Raid.

London, March 16.—In the inquiry into the circumstances of the Transvaal raid, which was resumed by the Parliamentary South African Committee in Westminster Hall to-day, Mr. W. Z. Schreiner, formerly Attorney-General of Cape Colony, was called to the stand. Mr. Schreiner said in answer to questions that he very much doubted whether there were any steps which Mr. Rhodes could have taken that would have stopped the raid made by Dr. Jameson into the Boer territory. The overthrow of the existing Government of the Transvaal Republic, he said, would greatly endanger the peace of South Africa. He had positive knowledge, he added, that the Transvaal Government were extremely anxious to observe their treaty obligations with England.

Lord Justice Kay Dead.

London, March 16.—The Hon. Sir Edward Ebenezer Kay, Lord Justice of Appeal, is dead. He was born in 1822 and was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge. He became authorized reporter in the court of Lord Hatherley, then Vice-Chancellor Wood, and published "Kay's Reports" and a part of "Kay and Johnson's Reports." He became a Queen's counsel in 1866, was appointed a judge of the Supreme Court in 1881, was subsequently knighted and succeeded Sir H Cotton as a Lord Justice of Appeal in 1890.

THE DAY BEFORE THE FIGHT.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons Received Friends—Both Confident of Victory.

Carson, Nev., March 16.—Less than 24 hours remain before the greatest pugilistic encounter of the century will be decided in the arena which has made the capital of the State of Nevada a focus for the interest of the sporting fraternity throughout the world. Both Corbett and Fitzsimmons have finished a course of training in which every device known in the history of the prize ring of modern times has been used to develop their capacity, and confidently await the result of the battle which will commence a few minutes after 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Although individual opinions differ as to result of the fight, there is no doubt whatever in the minds of those who have traveled from east and west to see the contest that both the Californian and the Australian are in the very best of condition.

Not since the period when Carson took in a portion of the human current that flowed to her neighbor, Virginia City, when the famous Comstock lode brought the horde which followed a successful stroke in Nevada has the chief city seen the excitement under which it is laboring now. Every available room in the town has been let, furnished, and every householder is an amateur boniface. The hotels and restaurants are taxed far beyond their limit.

The special trains from the East and West yesterday and this morning unloaded the bulk of the eastern visitors, and with the remaining California specials, which are due here this evening and to-morrow morning, it is estimated that the crowd will number between 4500 and 5000 people.

Corbett's morning exercise was very light, and consisted merely of foot work in the gymnasium and a couple of games of handball.

At Cook's ranch the curriculum was even easier than at Shaw's Springs. Fitz contented himself with a few sprints around the yard, a playful frolic with Harrum and a still more gentle gambol, in which the son and heir of the champion played a prominent part.

The 24-foot ring was put up this morning. The platform is of white pine, which was planed as smooth as a pane of glass. The platform projects 18 inches outside the ropes, and the ring posts are carefully padded. The gong is in position at the south side of the ring.

This afternoon the weather is bad and the clouds threaten snow or rain, probably the former. The kinetoscope people can take pictures in this light, however. The Weather Bureau indications this afternoon say fair to-morrow. Dan Stuart says there will be no postponement unless there is a heavy snow or rain storm.

The regular train from the West, which arrived two hours and thirty minutes late, brought nearly five hundred sports. A Pullman special, with 280 horsemen and bookmakers from the Oakland and the Ingleside tracks, followed fifteen minutes later. The first Siler-Hogan special arrived a few minutes before noon. Three crooks boarded the special last night and made way with a few watches and some coin. They were spotted, however, and most of the plunder was recovered.

Virginia City turned in a crowd of two hundred Cornish miners this morning, and 500 more are expected on the local train to-morrow. They will bring a few dollars to bet on Fitzsimmons. Fitzsimmons' right wrist, which he sprained while boxing with Hickey at Colorado Springs a month ago, and which he has favored in his training, is as sound as ever. Bob tried it this morning in the most severe manner without pain. He will wear no bandages on his hands to-morrow.

Corbett is absolutely without blemish. His hands, usually tender, are hard as nails, and there is not a sore tendon or an aching joint in his body.

The Australian seemed a trifle careless in exposing himself, and did not hesitate to indulge in hot mineral baths, which he claimed broke up his cold. He is more rugged than Corbett, and his complexion resembles crimson parchment.

P. J. Corbett, Jim's father, when he entered his son's cottage to-day, had not much to say. "Jim seems to have muscles sticking out all over him," was the old gentleman's comment. "I am satisfied with the lad's appearance, and if he don't win he should have no excuse to offer the folks at home."

The betting remained about the same all day. There is plenty of Corbett money in sight, but Fitzsimmons cash is not forthcoming in sufficient quantities to make the pencillers change the odds of 6 ½ to 10 on the Californian. Paris mutuels with Corbett, Green and Hawkins as the pick of the combinations, were very slow, and there was scarcely any buyers for Fitzsimmons, Smith and Flaherty.

Jack McAuliffe, the ex-lightweight champion attracted some attention on Carson streets this afternoon. "I have not seen either of the big fellows stripped," said Jack to a crowd in front of Stuart's office. "I can't tell a great deal by a man's face, and not much more by seeing him stripped, but according to my notion both Jim and Bob are finer than silk. I think the pace will be so hot that the fight will not last more than six rounds. The fight is for blood, and it will be all over by 1 o'clock to-morrow if the sun shines."

Stuart's office has been jammed with ticket buyers all day. The high-priced seats are most in demand, but there are purchasers for all grades. Three stalwart detectives are on guard within the office, and a fourth is stationed outside the door. Secretary Wheeler claims that more than 4000 tickets have been sold, but there is no way of verifying his figures. Stuart says he can see daylight already, and that any number over 3000 will let him out a winner.

There is only one candidate for master of ceremonies, Billy Jordan of San Francisco, but he is particularly unknown to Stuart, and may not get the place. The official timekeeper is also yet to be selected.

CANADIAN CHILDREN MARRIED.

Alfred Izzard, Aged 18, Charged by His Wife in Buffalo With Non-Support.

Buffalo, N.Y., March 16.—Alfred Izzard, a boy who says he is 18 years old, but looks less than 16, was before Judge King this morning charged by his wife with non-support. Izzard was married over two years ago in Canada to a girl about his own age. A baby was born, but it died last July, and soon afterwards Izzard came to Buffalo to look for work. He got it, but it was not profitable enough to support more than one. His wife followed him and obtained employment as a domestic, but tiring of that decided to compel her husband to support her. The pair are about the same age, but Izzard told the judge he was forced to marry against his will. He pleaded guilty to the charge of non-support and the judge suspended sentence for one month to enable him to seek and obtain employment from the earnings of which he could support his wife.

All Right as It Is Now

London, March 16.—In the House of Commons the Right Hon. R. W. Hanbury, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, stated, in reply to a question that the Government did not intend entering at present into negotiations with the American postal authorities for a modification of the existing arrangements, because the present Atlantic mail contracts secured the best available service all the year round between Great Britain and the United States.

Canadian Girl Burned to Death.

Manchester, N.H., March 16.—Miss Emma Garceau, aged 24, employed in the Manchester Mills weave room, dropped a lighted lamp on her clothing at her boarding house last night and was burned to death. The deceased leaves a brother and a sister here and parents in St. Flore, Canada.

HANGED BY THE NECK.

Charcoal, the Indian Who Killed Two Men and Wounded Others, Executed at Fort McLeod.

Winnipeg, March 16.—(Special.)—Charcoal, or Bad Young Man, the Indian who murdered another Indian and shot Sergt. Wilde, and who led the Mounted Police a wild chase for many weeks, terrifying settlers and reserve Indians, was hanged at McLeod this morning in the yard off the police barracks. Charcoal was pinioned in the guard room and lifted to a wagon, then driven to the scaffold, a distance of 300 yards. He gave a few whoops, but was silenced by Father Legal, who remained with him. He was carried up the stairs to the scaffold by a constable and placed, sitting in a chair, as he was unable to stand.

During October and November last Charcoal killed one Indian, one white man and wounded two white men. He also exchanged shots with the police and Indians. Several times he broke into a number of houses, and also stole some 30 horses to supply himself with remounts.

Pembina-street Public School building here was burned to the ground this morning. The children and teachers were all safely got out of the building.

Contractor D. D. Mann returned to the city last night from Lethbridge and McLeod, where he went on business connected with the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. It is understood that he has engineers at work running lines for the information on which to base the tender in the event of construction being proceeded with. He leaves for Montreal to-morrow.

Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh arrived from the West this morning en route East on private business. His Honor was recently granted leave of absence for three months, and has been spending a portion of the time visiting the mining districts of the Kootenay, of which he speaks enthusiastically and predicts a busy summer there.

J. H. Bell, Assistant Clerk of the Manitoba Legislature, and a Winnipeg pioneer, is dangerously ill and thought to be sinking.

The debate on the school settlement was not continued by the Legislature to day, but will be resumed to-morrow.

The Italian Government has recognized the impracticability of raising from the bottom of the Lake Nemi the two huge ships which Tiberius used as floating palaces. The Government is now considering a scheme recommended by engineering experts for the draining of the lake in question in which its waters shall have to be lowered sufficiently to bring these ships to the surface. It is estimated that the cost of the operation will not exceed $50,000.

POISONING THE FOUNTAIN.

If the fountain of life is poisoned at its very source, there can be no health in any part of the body. When a woman has any disease or weakness of the delicate seat of her special organism of her sex, the fountain-head of her physical existence is poisoned and she cannot be healthy in any respect until this one fundamental trouble is cured.

The family physician may make the very common error of ascribing all the trouble to superficial causes; he may prescribe for neuralgia, indigestion, insomnia, or headache, when these are merely symptoms of some deep-rooted malady of the distinctly feminine organs.

Any woman suffering from these delicate complaints may be completely cured right in the privacy of her own home (without recourse to mortifying examinations and "local treatment") by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

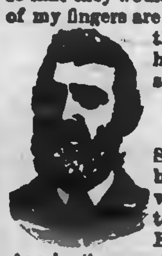
It gives health to the special organism of womanhood. It purifies all diseased conditions; gives elastic strength to the ligaments, and vitality to the nerve-centres. It promotes good digestion, sound sleep, and freedom from pain.

It is the only medicine devised for this one purpose by an educated, skilled specialist in this particular field of practice. It is the only medicine which insures prospective mothers against the dangers and sufferings of motherhood.

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" contains several chapters devoted to the special physiology of woman, with advice and suggestions for self-treatment which every woman ought to read. A paper-bound copy sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for customs and mailing *only*; or, cloth-bound, 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897

A HAPPY HOUSEHOLD.

A HUSBAND REJOICES IN HIS WIFE'S RENEWED HEALTH.

She was Weak and Easily Tired, Subject to Severe Headaches and Depression of Spirits—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Her to Health.

From the Moncton Transcript.

One of the happiest couples in Notre Dame, N.B., is Mr. Will Colborne and his wife. For the cause of so much happiness they are indebted in a great measure to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, by which Mrs. Colborne was quickly and permanently cured of a most stubborn malady. This is how Mrs. Colborne tells the story of her illness and cure: "When I was three years old I had an attack of inflammation of the lungs from which for a long time I did not wholly recover. I was ever after a weak and delicate child, very languid and the least exertion fatigued me. I was extremely nervous, my appetite was never good and my nights frequently sleepless. Growing up I felt my affliction less severe and as time went on I married. Shortly after my marriage all my old symptoms came back in an aggravated form. I could eat nothing and could not sleep at all. My blood became thin and weak and I felt dull and spiritless. I had no ambition and the thought of moving about was distasteful to me. I was so easily fatigued that the exertion of walking up stairs almost overcame me, and I suffered from an almost constant bilious headache. My husband became alarmed at my condition and called in a doctor, though nothing beneficial resulted. I continued to grow worse and acting on the earnest counsel of friends my husband procured six boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I began taking them according to directions. Almost immediately I felt a change, my appetite became keen and I ate my food with a relish. I began to sleep well and the color came back to my face, I became strong and ambitious and could do my usual housework. All the tired feeling disappeared so that I felt like a new person. I have not since felt the least symptom of my former trouble, nor have I any fears that I shall. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a great blessing to mankind and I strongly recommend them to all. They are the greatest medicine in the world."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic medicine. By their use the blood is renewed and the nerves made strong and vigorous, and in this way disease is driven from the system. As a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unsurpassed. If feeling languid or "out-of-sorts" a box or two will restore you to vigorous activity. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and take nothing else.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

—The new cheese factory at Omemee is being pushed forward rapidly. Mr. R. E. Ford has the contract; he has the foundation already completed, and will have the building finished early in April. Stock to the amount of $600 has been subscribed and the milk of 850 cows promised.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

A LUNATIC'S PAPER.

SENSIBLE PEOPLE, HOWEVER, SUBSCRIBE FOR AND READ IT.

The Most Unique Canadian Production Ever Heard Of—A Paper Edited by Insane Persons—Careful Business Management.

THE LANCASTER ARGUS
Is published by inmates of the
PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM
St. John, N.B., Canada, B.N.A.,
And issued early each month.

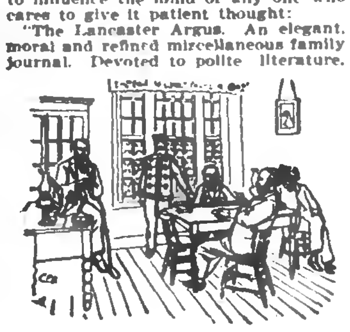
This is the heading of what is probably the oddest newspaper which the public has opportunity to read. It is, just as stated, published by the inmates of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at St. John. It is edited and prepared for publication by insane persons. Every article that is in it is written by a person who is insane. That is why one of the advertisements, which adorn the first page, is really deliciously humorous when it says: "Sensible people subscribe for the Lancaster Argus."

There are 500 patients in the St. John asylum, so there is plenty of material to choose from for the talent with which to furnish material to "fill up." The average person who reads a newspaper, paricularly in the rural districts, find much pleasure in sending various communications to the country editor, with the memorandum that he needs something to 'fill up with." Now all the people who do this have some employment. Therefore, the question naturally presents itself, what must be the situation with 500 persons to contribute, who have nothing else to do?

The Argus bears the proud title of "a journal of scientific industry." Just where the science comes in is not exactly clear, but there is certainly evidence of a desire to do something to make the motto seem appropriate, as, for instance, the statement which treats of the science of obtaining dinner for 1 cent. That would surely puzzle a great many persons who claim to be entitled to considerable reputation in the scientific world. There is a story about how the aerial torpedo is going to destroy towns and armies, and there is another about elephants at work.

The advertising department of the Argus evidently receives the keenest attention, for there is plenty of it, and in great variety. Various arguments are presented throughout the columns of the publication with the view of influencing the circle of readers. Here is one that displays great erudition and excellent learning: "Put your ad. in The Lancaster Argus. It circulates over a large area of the cosmogony." Then there is another statement sure to influence the mind of any one who cares to give it patient thought:

"The Lancaster Argus. An elegant, moral and refined mircellaneous family journal. Devoted to polite literature,



THE CRAZY EDITORIAL STAFF.

wit and humor, prose and poetic gems, and original matter written expressly for this paper. Nothing of an immoral nature will ever be admitted into its columns; therefore making it emphatically a paper for the million, and a welcome visitor to the home circle."

And all this is available for only 25 cents per annum.

Under the delicately insinuating caption: "Pas Capable," appears the following literary gem: "We received gracious invitation to be present at graduating exercises at the Insane Hospital Clarinda, Iowa, of the noble ninety-six class of the epulotic, gallant, intrepid Hawkeyes, and ravishingly lovely and bewitchingly fascinating Hawkeyesses, but the brevity of the notice and great distance involved would have required our being catapulted thither thro' a pneumatic tube at a vertiginous velocity, contraindicated by the cerebrasthenic condition of our cerebral nerve centers. Compelled reluctantly to deny ourselves anticipated pleasure.".

Again on the same page appears this convincing appeal to the summer-resort proprietor: "The Lancaster Argus circulates now in nearly every state in the Union, thus touching the very cordial core of the business. Every hotel-keeper in the lower provinces should card his caravansera in The Argus and reap a harvest of golden shekels this season. Verbum sap." It is evident that the advertisement writer of The Lancaster Argus knows his business.

There is no disputing, however, that The Argus is an established fact. The accompanying illustration gives an exact idea of the truth of this statement. It is reproduced from a photograph taken expressly for giving additional interest to this article. Every person seen in the picture, with the exception of the bearded attendant, who, wearing a uniform cap, stands against the window, is a simon-pure maniac. It seems hard to realise, looking at these men, all with countenances showing intelligence, but they all have their peculiar mania, and sometimes are likely to be violent.

At the left of the illustration is the pressman, that most potent factor in the production of the modern newspaper. Without him the genius of editors would burn and no one be the wiser. Here is printed the paper for the million, although the style of press indicates that the circulation has not yet reached that figure, and The Argus, too, is without that follower of Ananias who has come to be considered a necessary adunct to all well-regulated newspapers.

The gentleman sitting at the table, facing the reader, is one of the compositors, and, withal, foreman of the composing room. It is the custom of the provincial asylum for leaders to really lead, and so the foreman sticks type himself. It will make every printer smile to see the way he is doing it, for, sitting down in a comfortable chair within a reasonable distance from the floor and placing the cases on the ordinary table, is a new system, and one that is likely to be limited to insane asylums. The gentleman with the close cut beard is the assistant foreman and compositor. He has no case of type as yet, but he is holding his stick as if he would know what to do with one if he saw it.

At the end of the table, with his face turned from the reader, sits the editor. It is his duty to prepare the manuscript, etc., for the printer, or the two printers. The proof is the only feature that is not handled by a lunatic. Superintendent George A. Hetherington performs this task, but his duties are not arduous. And thus in one picture can be seen the evolution of the modern newspaper, from the brain to the printing press. Here is a complete newspaper establishment, and all in one room.

Just what the circulation of The Argus is has thus far remained a secret for the outsider, as it is one of those matters which it is considered to be the part of discretion to keep quiet about. There is no doubt of the publication being one of exceeding interest, however. Neither can the fact be questioned that in its own field it stands alone.

THE BUNGALOW AT BISLEY.

The Rifle Buildings at Bisley For the Canadian Team.

The accompanying cut shows the design for the Canadian buildings to be erected as the permanent quarters for the Dominion riflemen at Bisley.

At the meeting of the Council of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association, held at Ottawa on the 5th January, 1897, Lieut.-Cols. Tilton and Anderson, with Majors Perley, Mason and Blaiklock, were appointed a committee with full power to obtain the detailed plans and specifications, and to have the work of erecting the building at Bisley proceeded with and completed in

CANADIAN BUNGALOW AT BISLEY.

time for the next Bisley meeting. Members of the council were also requested to co-operate with the committee when and as called upon in the matter of soliciting and obtaining contributions of material and furniture for the building.

The $5000 which was granted by the Dominion Parliament toward the erection of permanent quarters at Bisley for Canadian riflemen will not be sufficient for building and furnishing a house like the design selected, and to meet this excess in cost contributions in material, furnishings and money are being accepted, all communications being received by Major Perley, who has kindly consented to act as secretary, and who will gladly furnish any desired information.

The building, as designed, will afford not only all needed accommodation for the team, but will also be amply commodious for the hospitality of the Canadian camp.

The interior is to be finished in Canadian woods, and it has been suggested that the native wood of a province be used for each particular room or hall, and that in a prominent place of such room a plate be affixed showing which province supplied the wood.

The plans at Ottawa have been examined by many military men, who are well pleased with them. Major Perley leaves shortly for England to personally look after the erection of the bungalow.

To Build a Town Well or Ill.

About the year 1870 two suburban speculations were begun in the neighborhood of Chicago. One district was situated nine miles from the town; the other six; but both were on the same railway and land in each was worth from $100 to $200 an acre. The managers of one district laid out their plan in what was then the usual way; they made streets of prairie soil with neat open ditches on each side, and they left proper spaces for sidewalks, along which trees were planted. They hit upon a good name, issued lithographs and advertised—with no very profitable results.

The managers of the other district borrowed a large sum of money at a high rate of interest. With this they underlaid the land with several miles of drainage pipe, then built macadamised roads with paved gutters, iron gratings, concrete sidewalks and broad borders frequently spreading into little greens and commons planted picturesquely. All the natural wood and the banks of the stream which passed the place were made public property, and shelters, seats, bathing and boat houses were provided upon it. An artesian well was sunk, and with a steam pump water was sent to all parts of the property. Before these improvements were nearly complete the owners began selling land upon the roads at $20 the front foot, and soon afterward advanced the price to $30, and then gas was introduced. The price of land rose, even in the outskirts, in two years from $80 to $1000 an acre.

In the twenty years of their existence it is evident that the first community has had to expend many times the amount wisely spent in the beginning by the other. These instances suffice to show, in a way that ought to appeal to the most conservative, the pecuniary importance of thorough preparation.—Mary C. Robbins, in the February Atlantic.

Premier F. W. G. Haultain, N.W.T.

Premier F. W. G. Haultain, of the Northwest Territories, has been at Ottawa consulting with the Government concerning territorial affairs. The Northwest Premier is the second son of the late Col. Haultain of the Royal Artillery, who settled in Peterboro, Ont., and was a member of the Legislative

tive Assembly of Canada before Confederation. Premier Haultain was born near Woolwich, Eng., in 1857, and was educated at the Montreal High School, Peterboro Collegiate Institute and Toronto University. He graduated as a B.A., in 1879, with first-class honors in classics. He was called to the bar of Ontario in 1882, and settled at Macleod in 1884. He was first elected a member for Macleod in the Northwest Council in 1887, on the resignation of Viscount Boyle. He was elected to the Legislative Assembly by acclamation in 1888, and was again returned at the last election when he became Premier, December 13, 1892. He is a Liberal-Conservative, but opposed to party lines in the Assembly.

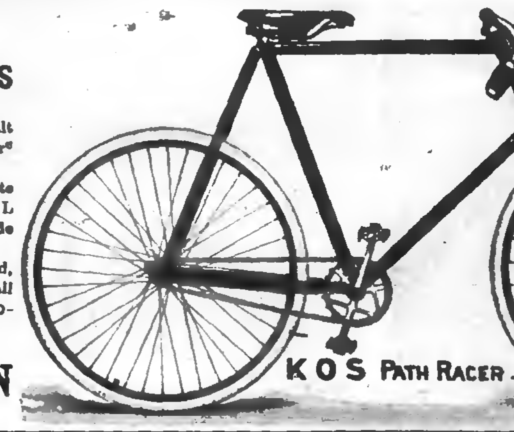
King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

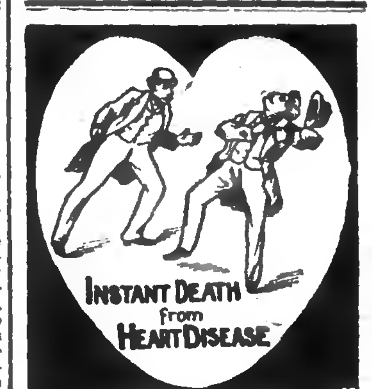
Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an **Unapproached First Place.**

W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.





Heart Disease Kills.

Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., Proprietors, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WILL RUN
SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.
Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

PRINTING
Of Every Description, Style A-1.
Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 2[illegible] HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing.
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In THE REVIEW.

No suit is complete without an extra pair of Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.

W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE.....

WEDDING PRESENTS.

—:+:—

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley, 379 GEORGE ST.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, MARCH 19th

HARRY WILLIAMS' BRILLIANT SUCCESS,

"A BOWERY GIRL."

MISS LILLIAN KEENE in the Title Role.

A HAPPY BLENDING OF SENSATION, COMEDY AND PATHOS.

Interspersed with bright and catchy songs, dances and up-to-date specialties. Special scenery and effects.

Prices 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats now on sale. 5d62

TENDERS WANTED

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert D. Tully, late of the Village of Warsaw, Hotelkeeper, Deceased:

TENDERS will be received up to Saturday, the 3rd day of April, 1897, for purchase or rental of the hotel and premises situate in the Village of Warsaw, known as "The Morgan House."

This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor. Splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license.

A reserve price and rental have been fixed and the accepted tender must equal or exceed them.

Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1897.

HALL & HAYES, 116 Hunter-st., Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administrator of R. D. Tully.

d44w13

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $0.50

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 89. - - - ☞ Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 320 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

At St. John's Church.

Rev J S Broughall, of Whitby, will be the special preacher at St. John's Lenten service to-night. A large congregation should attend.

Special Inducements.

We sell high grade violins, guitars, banjos, autoharps, accordians and all small musical goods on the monthly payment plan at almost cost prices. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d63tf

Personal.

Mrs. Geo A Cox came down from Toronto to-day to visit friends.

Mrs. (Judge) Burnham, of Whitby, is in town on a visit to her son, Mr. C. H. Burnham.

Mrs. A. E. Curran, of Toronto, is in town, the guest of her father, Mr. R. Mulholland, at the Huffman House.

Mr. J Graham Weir and Mr. D Kennedy leave to-day to attend the meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East which meets in Picton. Mrs Weir accompanies Mr Weir.

An Untimely Demise.

Mr. George Maitland will receive much sympathy in his sad bereavement, his wife Lovina Lafferty, aged 26 years, having died after a brief illness yesterday. The deceased lady was taken ill three weeks ago, and was thought to be progressing favorably until Sunday, when an operation was deemed necessary and she was removed to Nicholls hospital where she died on Tuesday morning. Her bereaved relatives will have much sympathy in their sad affliction. The funeral takes place from the family residence, 186 Antrim-st., to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

Coming.

Jebb (formerly of New York), Doctor of Refraction in Optics, and inventor of the famous Recherche Optometer, the latest and most improved instrument known to modern science for pointing out every defect and disease of the eye and sight. Cures granulation and inflammation of the lids, headache, and straightens cross-eye, &c., without medicine or operation. A cure guaranteed in every case or money refunded. Consultation and examination free. Treatise on the eye and sight free. Will be at Messrs. Clarke & Gibson's jewellery store, March 22nd and 23rd. 1d63

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The New High Class but Low

(Read on.)

AN IMPORTANT STATEMENT.

The Government Will Continue the Construction of Canals Says an Ottawa Paper.

The Ottawa Free Press, a Liberal paper, makes the following announcement to which some importance can be attached:

Preparations are already under way and plans are being formulated for the continuance of canal works in the Dominion next season. Minister Blair has made up his mind that there must be no more delaying of contract work. If it is worth doing at all it should be pushed through and the Soulanges canal which has been dragging along now for the last few years is an example of the half hearted way in which the affairs were managed by the late Minister. Mr. Blair will take the best of care that the same sort of thing does not occur this year. Already, although the snow is still on the ground, there is stone being hauled from the quarries to be used in the construction of piers and locks along the Soulanges and as soon as the weather is mild again and the frost is out of the ground men will be set to work. On the Trent canal operations have never really ceased and Mr. Rogers, the superintending engineer, was here last week putting through plans with the Minister.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

DRUMTOCHTY TEA

A Scottish Night at St. Paul's Church was a Success.

There was a Scotch air about St. Paul's church last evening. The Y P S C E held a Drumtochty tea in the school room and it was a decided success. Everything was Scotch—programme, decorations and tea—and everybody, especially those who claimed Scotland as their home, enjoyed themselves.

The class rooms were set apart from the room, with chenelle curtains. A wave light was furnished by candles, while the fire place stood upon the platform.

Mr. A. J. Johnston occupied the chair and programme consisted of the following numbers:—Instrumental duet, Misses Cameron; reading, Bengough's, "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," Mr. A. C. McCallum; solo, "The Auld Scotch Sangs;" Miss McNab; reading, "Lauckie Wilson on Braid Scots," Miss Simpson; solo, "Caller Herrin," Mrs. Mein; reading, "McClure's Last Illness," Mr. McCallum; piano solo, Miss Code; solo, "The Land o' the Leal," Miss M Paterson; duet, "The Crooked Bawbee," Mr. and Mrs. Mein; closing with Auld Lang Syne. Then refreshments of coffee and Scotch cake were served and a most delightful evening was brought to a close with the singing of God Save the Queen.

HULL COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

On the Charge of Stealing Some Jars of Fruit From Mr. R. H. Leary.

Wm. Hull was committed for trial by Police Magistrate Dumble this morning on the charge of stealing some fruit from the cellar of the residence of Mr. R. H. Leary, Water-st.

Hull, who resides on Hunter-st., was arrested on Saturday after the Chief of Police had searched Hull's house and discovered some jars of fruit, which Mr. Leary identified as his property.

When the the charge was read the prisoner pleaded "not guilty" and elected to be tried by a jury. Mr. R. E. Wood conducted the prosecution and the prisoner was defended by Mr. F. D. Kerr. After evidence had been taken the magistrate committed Hull for trial.

WELSH GETS SIX MONTHS.

David Welsh Will Serve Half a Year in the Central.

David Welsh, who appeared in Police Court not long ago with Mark Lockington on the charge of committing a burglary at the Morgan House, was sentenced to six months in the Central Prison by Col. Denison, of Toronto, yesterday, having been found guilty of picking the pockets of a lady in T. Eaton & Co's. The evidence against the prisoner was strong.

Welsh served a year in the Central on a commitment from Peterborough, for throwing stones at a moving train. Chief Grassett wrote to Chief ROand this morning stating that Welsh had acknowledged the Peterborough conviction.

Notice.

On and after the first day of March, 1897 my grocery business (which is for sale), will be continued on the cash basis. All goods will be marked down to the lowest cash prices. ALEX. ELLIOTT. d49-w10tf

BOB FITZSIMMONS WINS THE FIGHT.

THE GREAT PUGILISTIC BATTLE AT CARSON CITY.

Four Thousand People Witness a Fierce Fight Between Corbett and Fitzsimmons—The Account by Rounds.

Carson City, March 17. (At the ring side)—The great arena is rapidly filling up, and the streets adjacent to it are blocked with people. All the notable sports of this continent are gathered together to see the battle of the century. John L Sullivan has just appeared resplendent in a shining silk tile, the noblest Roman of them all, and is greeted with tumultuous cheering Here comes the car of the day, George Siler, the referee, upon the turning of whose thumb depends the fate of the modern gladiators.

Jimmy Colville will act as timekeeper for Corbett, and L W Houseman for Fitz. Billy Muldoon timekeeper for Stuart. Billy Madden will handle the gong.

Billy Jordan, the well known old time master of ceremonies of San Francisco, is in the ring and announces that he is there in behalf of Frank B Dunn, of Boston, to challenge the winner of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight to meet John L Sullivan for $5,000, and he will deposit $1,000 with the New York World. Loud cheers for John L. Sullivan. Sullivan is away down the aisle and jumping into the ring, said, "Gentlemen, there is nothing I can add to Mr Jordan's remarks. I think there is one more fight left in me, and I am here for business." Great applause.

Billy Madden announces he has deposited $500 with Warren Lewis, of New York, on behalf of Joe Goddard to fight the winner. Also says Tom Sharkey has $2,500 in the Journal's hands with the same object in view.

Carson City, 11.15 a.m.—There is absolutely no change in the betting. Corbett still rules favorite at 10 to 6½. Julian and Brady are inside the arena and Corbett and Fitz are undergoing final preparations. It is estimated that there are 4,000 people seated in the arena and another special train to arrive.

Here comes Fitz, and the crowd cheers him lustily. He is bare-headed and attired in a Japanese bath-robe.

11.59½—Here comes Pompadour Jim and the vast multitude greets him with applause.

Behind Corbett are Charley White, Delaney, Jeffries, McVey, Joe Corbett, Billy Wood and Al Hampton.

In Fitz's corner are Martin Julian, Ernest Roeber, Stenzler and Hicker. Billy Madden is now announcing the timekeepers.

Fitz is walking leisurely around the ring and chatting pleasantly with all the people therein and in close proximity to the ropes. Corbett does a little jig step in his corner. Both men are looking in fine shape.

Madden introduces the referee. The men proceed to strip; Fitz. looks light, but is a bunch of muscles, Corbett look easily 50 pounds the heavier, and his skin, as white as Fitz's, look like polished mahogany. The men put on the gloves. Fitz refuses to shake hands.

Time called 12 07.

Round One—Sparing for an opening, Fitz forcing Corbett to his corners, gives a free left swing which Jim ducks cleverly, Jim smiling. Fitz is very aggressive and lands a light one on Corbett's neck. Jim feints and lands hook on stomach; follows with a left hook on Fitz's jaw; they clinch but no damage is done. In the break away Corbett lands a right swing on Fitz's ribs; another clinch and no damage in break away. Fitz lands on Jim's head; Jim lands hard right on Fitz's short ribs; clinch and Fitz lands heavy right hand on Jim's head; Jim says "Oh" and laughs; Jim lands his right on Fitz's ribs as gong sounds. End of first round.

Round Two—Corbett advances to centre and faces it for a minute. A clinch follows, but no damage in break away; Fitz hits short on ribs with left swing; more clinches. Jim is very cautious and looking for the slightest opening. Jim lands two stiff left swings on Fitz's head; Fitz swings right and lands lightly on Corbett's head. The fight is of a lively character and both men very lively on their feet. Jim landed a hard left hand round jab on Fitz's stomach and follows with another in same place. He is jabbing Fitz right and left on body when bell rings.

Round Three—Corbet starts right in with hard left hook on the body; Fitz gets savage and tries his left and right at Corbett's head, but does very little damage; Corbett lands another left jab on the body and follows with right short on the ribs; Jim chuckles; Corbett lands right hand over heart; Fitz mixes it up and gets the heel of his glove in Corbett's face; in the clinch Jim keeps his right working like a piston rod on Fitz' body; they clinch and Fitz roughs it, then they break away. As the gong sounds Fitz seems anxious to continue but Corbett laughingly sticks his right glove in Fitz's face, and they go to corners.

Round Four—Corbett rushing lands the left again on body; Fitz is short with left; Fitz follows it with a stiff left in the stomach and they clinch. Rough it again. They are fighting at a terrific rate and its a beautiful fight. Fitz rushes and Jim meets him with stiff right hand short in stomach; Fitz is doing the rushing and hitting and roughing in breakaways. Corbett is by long odds making the most clever fight. He is playing systematically with right and left on the body and an exchange of lefts at head as time is called.

Round Fifth.—Corbett lands his left on Fitz's jaw; again that left goes on Jim's jaw. Fitz's blows have plenty of steam behind them but are not so frequent as Corbett's. They clinch and exchange compliments with one hand loose; Corbett lands a very slow left and Fitz lands left on Jim's neck. Jim throws a stiff half round with left on Fitz's nose, drawing first blood; they mix and Corbett has the better of it; Corbett lands another stiff right on the body and left on chin. This round is in favor of Corbett.

Round Six—They clinch and Fitz tries to wrestle Corbett down. Cries of "Oh, oh." Corbett lands light left jab on the face; Fitz counters on jaw; Corbett upper cuts Fitz fiercely with right and has Fitz going. Fitz is literally covered with blood, but is fighting like a demon. Corbett is showing the signs of fast work. Fitz is down on one knee and takes the time limit. He is full of fight on arising. Corbett is slaughtering him with upper cuts. Corbett's leads are bit wild and he misses many well intended blows. Time called with Fitz looking very much the worse for wear and Corbett puffing.

Round Seven—Corbett, forcing, misses left swing at head and upper cuts Fitz hard again on the face. Fitz is bleeding again but he is fighting like a lion. Both looking for a knock out blow. Jim lands light left on Fitz's mouth; Fitz misses right and left swings; Fitz tried a swing which is ducked by Corbett and countered with heavy right over heart. Corbett is very tired. Fitz looks like a stuck bullock, but is as strong as other man.

Round Eight—Fitz is forcing it and exchanges; no damage; Fitz misses a left swing and is knocked off his feet by a jab from Corbett on the marks; Fitz is doing all the forcing this round; Fitz tried right hand cross but Corbett ducks; Fitz lands his left on Corbett's face; Jim counters with right on body, sparring for wind; Fitz tries his hand right at Corbett's head but is countered heavily on jaw with Jim's good left. Fitz has the worst of this round when gong sounds.

Round Nine—Long range sparring; both very active on their feet; Fitz lands below the belt and is cautioned by Siler. Corbett lands stiff left on Fitz's wind; Fitz rushes Corbett, but does very little damage; Jim is jabbing and clinches, upper cutting with right on break away. Fitz lands very hard left hand swing on Jim's jaw and tries a right cross, but Jim is inside; Fitz again tries right cross, but he is short. He is landing more often than Corbett now.

Round Ten—Fitz spits the blood out of his mouth and tries a hard left swing at Corbett's head; Fitz comes back with stiff left and right on Jim's head and body. He is very much cooler and stronger than Corbett at this stage. Corbett stops a left swing with straight left on mouth. Fitz is bleeding rapidly but forces Corbett back, apparently being the stronger man. They mix it up and honors are even; both are fighting hard; Fitz catches Corbett around the neck and drags him to the ropes. When time was called Corbett lands right on Fitz's mouth. Corbett's blows are lacking in force, but he is fighting very cautiously.

Round Eleven.—Corbett lands his right on the ribs and is countered by left jab on chin. Fitz is receiver general for Corbett's left jabs, but he is like a bear in strength, Corbett misses a half round hook in the jaw; Fitz lands a hard left straight on Corbett's face; they clinch and Fitz crosses wild with right in the clinch; they mix it and Fitz has decidedly the best of the roughing; Fitz fights Corbett to his corner and has him weak when the gong sounds.

Round Twelve—Corbett rushes it and is countered on the face; Fitz is bent on rushing it and Corbett is keeping away; Fitz gets the worst of it in the rush: more clinching; Corbett lands left on Fitz nose and follows with half round at body; he forces Fitz to ropes and smashes him hard on short ribs; Fitz spits copious wads of blood; Corbett is now rushing and lands right and left on Fitz's face, and follows right on body; he tries a knock out upper cut with right but it is a hair too short. This is Corbett's round.

Round Thirteen—Fitz lands right short on Corbett's ribs and a left on jaw; Jim finds Fitz with good left. Fitz rushes Jim to his corner, but does no damage. Corbett jabs Fitz lightly on the head and he is back again with same on the body; Corbett is sparring beautifully, and ducking out some very dangerous blows. Fitz lands his left straight hard on Jim's face; Fitz tries two hard right swings but it does no good.

Round Fourteen—Corbett lands that left jab again on Fitz's head; Fitz counters with that terrible right swing on Corbett's neck and he has Corbett going back for a moment; Fitz lands a terrible left hand jab on Corbett's stomach and Corbett goes to his knees with a frightful look of agony on his face The timekeeper calls the seconds up to nine, but Corbett comes to his feet. He rushes to Fitz and endeavors to choke him; there is a terrible uproar; the decision has not been given yet, but Siler decides that Fitz wins. The blow that did the business landed over Corbett's heart and he collapsed. Time of last round 1 min. 45 sec.

HULL VS. STEVENSON.

A Case of Local Interest Heard by Justice McMahon at Osgoode Hall.

At Osgood Hall on Monday the case of Hull vs Stevenson, came up for hearing before Justice McMahon. The judgment was as follows:

Hull vs Stevenson.—Judgment action tried without a jury at Peterborough. The plaintiff claimed that as between him and all subsequent purchasers and mortgagees of lots 1 and 2 in block E plan 11, for the town of Peterborough, he is entitled to a judgment and order which will throw registered mortgage 7,761 from defendant Stevenson to one Denne (assigned to defendants the Midland Loan Company), on the whole lots, save the parts sold to defendant Douglas and plaintiff, and in exoneration of such parts, being the north 90 feet of lot 1, and declaring that such ninety feet should only be liable for such mortgage in the event of the remainder of the lots not realizing sufficient to satisfy the mortgage debt, and he asked that a sale might be ordered of lots 1 and 2, except the ninety feet; also for judgment against defendant, Daubuz, allowing plaintiff to apply $1,100 and interest on account of the amount, if any, with payment of which his forty feet might be charged upon the mortgage, No 7,761. Judgment for defendants the Midland Loan and Savings Company, the Bank of Montreal, Hague, and Daubuz, dismissing the action with costs, for the defendants Douglas and Macdonell, dismissing the action against them without costs; for the defendant Stevenson, dismissing the action as against him without costs and without prejudice to plaintiff's right to recover against him on his covenant; and dismissing without costs the claim of defendant Douglas against defendant Hague. W Nesbitt and R E Hall, (Peterborough), for plaintiff. Moss, Q C, and S S Smith, (Port Hope), for defendants the Midland L and S Co. Watson, Q C, and W H Moore, (Peterborough), for defendants Hague and Daubuz. Poussette, Q C, for defendant Douglas. W A F Campbell, (Norwood), for defendant Macdonell. L M Hayes, (Peterborough), for defendants the Bank of Montreal. R M Dennistoun for defendant Stevenson.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S DIAMOND JUBILEE

THE CELEBRATION OF THE SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF HER MAJESTY'S REIGN.

Considered at a Public Meeting of Citizens—A Committee Formed to Deal With the Matter and Arrange for a Celebration—Proposals to Devote the Funds to a Free Library and Children's Aid Society.

The public meeting to consider the celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of the reign of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, called by Mayor Yelland in response to the requisition of a large number of citizens, was held in the Town Council Chamber last evening and was attended by about a hundred representative citizens. The question was fully discussed, a strong committee was appointed to act on the matter and it will meet and organize at once. The meeting had no difficulty in deciding to hold a demonstration, but the discussion centred on the subject of disposing of the receipts and the question of the proposed Foresters demonstration. The Children's Aid Society seemed to be favored as the organization best entitled to financial consideration, though the establishment of a free library was strongly upheld. It is likely the Foresters will withdraw their celebration and unite with the citizens in a monster demonstration, worthy of the town and of the Sovereign in whose honor it will be given.

The meeting was presided over by His Worship, Mayor Yelland. Town Clerk Armstrong acted as secretary. Among those in attendance were:—Councillor Meldrum, Councillor White, W H Moore, C W Sawers, F J Jameson, F W Millar, R McWhinnie, T B McGrath, F H Dobbin, Peter Campbell, F. Foote, H Long, S W Lowry, T C Irwin, Councillor Dawson, D S Harvey, A McNeil, Benj Shortly, T E Bradburn, R Kindred, J J Hartley, Wm Taylor, G M Roger, Thos Cahill, E M Poussette, A P Poussette, Alex Reid F Ray and others.

Mayor Yelland after explaining the purpose of the meeting declared that the demonstration which would be held in Peterborough should be a citizens' demonstration, one that they could all participate in.

MR. MELDRUM'S RESOLUTION

Councillor Meldrum did not feel enthused by the presence of such a limited number and thought it did not speak well for the loyalty of the citizens of Peterborough. Mr. Meldrum strongly favored a citizens demonstration but did not consider it would interfere with a separate celebration by the Canadian Order of Foresters, who composed a portion of the loyal subjects of their Sovereign Queen. Proceeding he stated that the feeling in Britain was in favor of the donation of the contributions received to charitable organizations. Mr. Meldrum expressed himself in favor of a sum being raised, the interest accruing from its investment to be devoted to the Childrens' Aid Society. Mr. Meldrum concluded by moving the following resolution:

Whereas this year signalizes the completion of the sixtieth year of the reign of our most gracious sovereign, Queen Victoria, the longest, as it is the greatest, and most glorious in the annals of history, be it therefore resolved, that this meeting representing the citizens of the best town of the first province of the greatest colony owing allegiance to Her Majesty, declare that it is our duty as loyal citizens of the town and loyal subjects of the empire to fittingly commemorate so important an event as the Diamond Jubilee, and that the following be a committee to make arrangements looking forward to such a celebration as will include all interests and all classes of citizens: The Mayor and Town Council, Jas Kendry, M.P., J. R. Stratton, M.P.P., Peter Hamilton, Dr. Burnham, Dr. Halliday, Dr. W. Dumble, E. B. Edwards, Lieut.-Col. Rogers, Lieut.-Col. Ball, Adjt. Mason, C. W. Rogers, T. E. Bradburn, H. C. Winch, Geo Stevens, John Carnegie, J. J. Landy, H. LeBrun, Dr. McGrath, E. Brown, W. B. Samford, Gus. Gough, E. J. R. Mitchell, Fred. Foote, H. Long, F. H. Dobbin, John Crane, W. H. Isaacs, W. Menzies, A. MacFarlane, J. J. Hartley, W. H. Law, Wm. Hamilton, jr., Jas Hay, Hampden Burnham, R. M. Dennistoun, Thos. Cahill, Thos. Kelly, A. P. Poussette, Rev. H. Symonds, John Burnham, G. M. Roger, M. H. Quinlan, W. Taylor, Capt. Miller, Jos. Metheral, D. S. Harvey, E. H. D. Hall, B. Shortly, F. J. Jamieson and A McNeil.

Mr. Moore acknowledged that the intention of these celebrations seemed to be to assist charitable institutions, and alluded to the suggestion of Rev. Mr. Symonds, in the evening REVIEW, that the Public Library should be permanently established as a

FREE LIBRARY.

Mr. Moore heartily agreed with the suggestion and declared the free library would always remain as a memorial of the Queen's diamond jubilee. The monument would not be ephemeral—a flash in the pan—but would long remain to mark not only the day, but the event.

Mr. McNeill claimed that the Foresters deserved the credit for the inauguration of the celebration of the day in town. He agreed with Mr. Meldrum that the funds accumu-

Continued on page 8.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

E B A Entertainment, Opera House, March 17th

One of the principal attractions on the above date will be Mr R M Roy's beautiful colored views. Here'hre a few of the many. Jameson, Rhodes and secretary, portrait of Jameson, Jameson calling for volunteers, Jameson's start, cutting the telegraph wires, Kaffir's wild flight, troopers and Maxim gun State artillery coming up by train, charge of the three hundred, etc., etc. Reserve seats 50c. General admission 25c. Plan of hall at Salisbury & Co's. 9d4

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Brevities.

—The Market committee is called to meet to-morrow evening.

—The Board of Trade will hold its annual meeting in the Town Council chamber to-morrow evening.

—The long-standing fire protection account of $800 of the village of Ashburnham with the town has been settled.

—At the public meeting last evening Mayor Yelland remarked that he remembered well when Queen Victoria was crowned, which few could say.

—Mr. Christopher Leary, father of Mr. R. H. Leary, drove to Minden and back last week. He is eighty-four years of age, but is still hale and hearty.

—The news of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight was awaited by a great crowd at Oriental hotel where the G N W had a special instrument which connected direct with the ring side. The reports were eagerly sought for.

—Mr. Wm. Manning, formerly of South Monaghan and lately of town, is now a resident of Minden, having procured the contract of carrying the mails from Gelert station to Minden. He will also be engaged drawing freight.

—Mr. Wm. Johnston, district Inspector of Weights and Measures and Inspector of electric meters, inspected a number of meters at the General Electric works yesterday, which are bound for Regina, N. W. T. Mr. Johnston left town last night.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

The Board of Trade.

To the Editor of the Review

DEAR SIR,—Pardon, kindly, my trespassing on your space. Being an ordinary member of the congregation who were assembled at the public meeting to determine as to the proper way whereby "Her Most Gracious Majesty's 60th Reign" should be celebrated on the 21st of June next, permit me to take exception to the present President of the Board of Trade's remarks, "That he did everything for Peterborough." It struck me that the office as far as he was concerned was a perfect sinecure.

If I were writing this anonymously it would be a different affair. But being personaly interested it did strike me as the height of inconsistency, insofar as I and 42 other commercial travellers were concerned who have borne the brunt of the Grand Trunk railway's inconsistency in taking off the local 7 a m. service, necessitating the removal of some of the above mentioned number from our town, and if prolonged until the 1st of May will call for the removal of the whole. The ordinary public, or commercial travellers in particular, do not seem to be appreciated so far as revenue is concerned by the *new* manager. Forty-three drummers freights do not apparently seem to be considered, while the freights of the merchants account for nothing in Peterborough. Allow me to say that the freight of the 43 combined does amount to something, when we have made a resolution, which has already been done.

Again, I understand that Mayor Yelland has made applications which have not been properly treated, not only on this matter, but upon the Saturday single fares which were recently cut off to benefit whom, *the farmer?* *Not so, sir.* Has the Board of Trade done its simple duty to the residents of the town? If they have the citizens would like to know it, through the columns of your valuable medium.

Yours faithfully,
ANDREW MCNEIL.

Peterborough, March 17th, 1897.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

OAK HALL.

NEW SCOTCH TWEEDS, and ENGLISH WORSTED SERGES.

This is a decided change in the Spring Suitings this season. The progress of the weaver's art shows up in the finer finish and newness of shades.

If you want a Spring Suit equal to those worn in the fashionable parts of London, we're ready to make it for you.

We believe in making the highest class garments at a price within your reach, and accomplish this by doing a cash business and importing direct from Europe.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 86 George St., Established 1837

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Lindsay has won the Lindsay-Peterborough challenge cup by reason of the victory they won over the Peterborough rinks in the final game yesterday. Each club had won a match, and yesterday's was to decide the ownership for the season. At home the Peterboroughs came out on top, although their lead was pulled down on the last few ends. At Lindsay the Peterborough men came out 30 down all round, Skip Attrill meeting with severe defeat. Skip Horkins and his rink of Colts at Lindsay came out up, and were accordingly jubilant. The Lindsay curlers won the match and the trophy by 23 shots all round.

At Peterborough the local rinks managed to pile up a larger score than the Lindsay men, who were skipped by three of the best skips that town could send out. Only one local rink was down, that of Skip Rutherford, his opponent being the famous Skip Flavelle, who almost always plays under a lucky star. Skip Rutherford, who was down at the tenth end by reason of a six end that the Lindsay men scored, got a lead on the tankard skip and held it until near the last, when the Lindsay men succeeded in laying a four end which put them in the lead. Skip Ray and R S Davidson fared better, though the former skip was very unfortunate towards the last, Skip McLennan, his opponent, getting the last three ends, one being a five ender, but it was not sufficient to put Mr. Ray out of the lead. Skip Davidson's lead dropped three on the last end, as Skip Needler corralled three shots. The score was as follows:

LINDSAY	PETERBOROUGH
Rink No. 1.	
W G Gordon	R H Fortye
F Crandell	W D Parker
T McConnell	W G Ferguson
W Needler, skip..16	R S Davidson, sk..18
Rink No. 2.	
H Porter	A McNeil
S Robinson	C Rutherford
W Dundas	J B Pentland
W McLennan, sk.18	S Ray, skip.....26
Rink No. 3.	
R Miller	J S Knapman
Dr Walters	D Bellegham
J McSweyn	C McCill
J D Flavelle, sk..22	T Rutherford, sk..19
Total.....56	Total.....63

AT LINDSAY.

At Lindsay the score was decidedly in favor of Lindsay all round, though their majority was all made on one rink. The score was as follows:

W J Thompson	
C LeBrun	
E Rutherford	
G J Horkins, sk..26	G A Little, skip...20
G H Giroux	
W G Morrow	
W L Allen	
T P Attrill, skip.. 6	J A McMillan, sk.40
V C McGill	
Geo S Matthews	
D W Dumble	
E B Edwards, sk..22	M W Kennedy, sk.24
Total.....54	Total.....84

Majority for Lindsay, 30 shots.

Lindsay's majority in the match was therefore 23 shots.

LINDSAY DEFEATS LAKEFIELD.

Two of Lindsay's rinks remained over and played two rinks from Lakefield in the evening winning by eleven shots, the score being:

LINDSAY	LAKEFIELD.
Rink No. 1.	
R Miller	C Strickland
Dr Walters	L Payne
J McSweyn	M Strickland
J D Flavelle, skip.22	G A Strickland, sk.11
Rink No. 2.	
H Porter	J Fortier
S Robinson	J P Strickland
W Dundas	J Richardson
W McLennan, sk.11	G Postlethwaite, sk.11
Total.....33	Total.....22

Majority for Lindsay, 11 shots.

THISTLES VS GRANITES.

The following is the draw in to-night's competition for the colts trophy between the Granites and Thistles:

1 Edmison—Rutherford.
2 Boucher—Bellegham.
3 Weller—Davidson.
4 Hatton—Kells.
5 Parker—Ray.
6 Dumble—Horkins.

SUPERINTENDENT WEBSTER TO RETURN.

A Rumor that he Will Again Become Superintendent of This Division of the G. T. R.

It is rumored in railroad circles that Mr. James Webster, who was recently removed from the position of superintendent of this division of the G. T. R., was to be reappointed to his old position. In this connection it is stated that Mr. W. R. Tiffin, who has been filling Mr. Webster's position, was only appointed pro-tem in order that some changes that General Manager Hayes desired might be made. Mr. Webster, it is said, did not feel like carrying out Mr. Hays' instructions as he was too well acquainted with the division to agree with the proposals. It is well known that since Mr. Tiffin took charge of the division dismissals and changes have been numerous. Now that this has been done it is reported that Mr. Webster will go back to his old division.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF YOUNG BAPTISTS.

TWO SESSIONS WERE HELD IN THE PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Attendance was not Large, But the Addresses were Practical and Beneficial—Methods of Work—Christian Stewardship—Evening Meeting.

A convention of Baptist young people of the Peterborough Association was held in the Park-st. Baptist church yesterday afternoon and evening. The attendance at the afternoon session was very slim, but the meeting was marked by deep interest, the discussions being fully participated in by those present, and as the chairman, Rev. Mr. McLeod, remarked, much benefit resulted from their remarks.

IN THE AFTERNOON.

At the afternoon gathering the time was occupied in the discussion of practical work. Rev. C. E. McLeod, of the Gilmour Memorial Baptist church, presided. He is one of the foremost workers amongst Baptist young people in the province and has held high offices in the B. Y. P. A.

After devotional service of half an hour's duration a conference on "Methods of Work" took place.

Miss Mann, of the Park-st. church, took charge of the first subject, "How to conduct a missionary meeting." In order to have a good missionary meeting Miss Mann advised a couple of weeks' preparation. Then they should pray for a certain country that needs a civilizing influence each month. They could deal with Armenia, India or South America at a meeting, drawing attention to the country, its condition and people. The meeting should be commenced on time. Open with devotional exercises and have as many take part in the proceedings as possible. Arrange for papers on the country that was being considered. Let the meeting be missionary—hymns, prayer and papers. In closing the meeting have singing and prayer.

The next subject was "How to conduct a sacred Literature meeting," and Rev. A. T. Dykeman dealt with it. He said they needed preparation, prayer, punctuality and participation in all their meetings and pleasure and profit as a result of them. Mr. Dykeman related his experience with a sacred literature meeting. First it opened with devotional exercises, then the subject followed. Before the audience was a map elucidating the subject. If it referred to Palestine, there was a map of Palestine; life of St. Paul, a sketch of his travels. These studies interested the young people and they endeavored to gain as much knowledge as possible. In some cases it was advisable for the pastor to take charge of the meeting and deal with it as a Sunday school class. The purpose "We study that we may save" should be emphasized.

Mr. A. L. Grover spoke upon the subject "How to conduct a devotional meeting." In their society, the Park-st B Y P U, the prayer meeting committee took charge of the consecration meeting and instruction meeting, two a month. At the instruction meeting they considered such subjects as the lives of prominent Baptists, church covenants, etc. Two were deputed to arrange and conduct the meetings. They began their meetings punctually. At the close of the topic a praise service closes the meeting and then five minutes was spent in acquainting themselves with strangers and conversing with those who were not Christians. The latter plan, Mr. Grover stated, had resulted in good for the society. This was followed by a short business meeting, when propositions for membership were voted upon, committee reports received and names of sick members presented.

In the discussion that followed Mr. Wm. Graham aptly suggested that a collection should always go hand in hand with a missionary meeting.

Rev. Mr. McLeod remarked that the devotional meeting was symbolic of worship; the missionary of worship and instruction.

Mr. Grover did not look upon the idea of taking offerings for missions at all missionary meetings with favor. Their meetings were held for instruction and they made their contributions at the time the church asked. He did not look upon the society as a money making organization.

Rev. Mr. Dykeman characterized the three departments as devotional for worship, missionary for work, and sacred literature for wisdom.

CHRISTIAN STEWARDSHIP.

Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick, of Bailliebor', followed with an address on "Christian Stewardship." A steward, he said, they knew was one who had entrusted to him something of value which was not his own, and he was expected to use it properly. They were all stewards. A Christian's honesty was maintained only as he was a faithful steward. Scripture taught them that every gift they possessed they were entrusted with as stewards of God. Mr. Kirkpatrick remarked that the idea of stewardship was too frequently considered from a financial standpoint. It would be considered theft to utilize for their own benefit another person's money. So it was virtually in the case of all God had entrusted to them. They were expected to give Christian service. If they recognize themselves stewards, God would see that they were not losers. The Christian who was spiritual would be practical. The Holy Spirit was leading them in the faithful discharge of every duty either in the church or out of the church.

Messrs. Grover, R. E. Harding, Croly, W. Graham, Smith, E. J. Porter, Bailliebor', and Miss Mann, participated in the discussion which followed. Mr. Croly emphasized Mr. Kirkpatrick's point, that they only possessed God's gifts as stewards. Mr. Porter declared there was a joy in giving a tenth to the Lord, and others stated this was a beneficial plan.

Rev. A. T. Dykeman termed unfaithful stewardship as embezzling the gifts of God. It was a serious crime to embezzle money, and brought forth punishment, and the punishment that God should mete out to those who did not fill the position of steward faithfully would be even more severe.

The session closed with devotional exercises, after which the ladies entertained the delegates at supper.

The public meeting in the evening was largely attended and forcible addresses were listened to from Revs. McLeod and Dykeman. The choir contributed music.

TO-DAY

WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds Crepons, Cashmeres and Canvas Cloths

In evening Shades, Nile, Cream, Pink, Sky Blue and Veiva Rose, suitable for Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns and Children's Dresses, part of

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

ORIGINAL PRICE 50c., SALE PRICE

25c.

These goods will go as fast as the Silks. Come early and see them.

ALSO

Special Pillow Cotton.

40 and 42 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price **12½c**
44 and 46 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price **15c**
This is an exceptional price. Call and see it.

25 doz. Ladies Heavy Ribbed Cashmere Hose, clearing price **25c.**

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Electric Tires Cost More Than Other Tires, But First cost is Last Cost.

Electric Tire Advantages.

The adjusting of the Electric Detachable Tire is a matter of the utmost simplicity.

They can be and are satisfactorily used on single piece light rims.

Fitting perfectly true on the rims they cannot roll, and it is impossible to blow them off.

They are very easily deflated and detached.

They are so constructed that when fitted to rim all the resilience is thrown into the tire and none lost in attachment.

It takes less than three minutes to deflate, detach, repair puncture and replace ready for use.

Being an incorporated tire it is lighter than a cement made tire and the rubber is less liable to come loose from canvas. It also wears longer and retains air just as long as any double tube tire.

The special pebbled tread prevents slipping and renders them much less liable to wear than a smooth cover.

The tubes are specially manufactured and are of a velvet finish. They are round and perfectly air tight. Being made of pure gum they are always the same in all degrees of temperature.

Two years of experimenting with a perfect tire as the objective point has given us a tire in our Electric Single Tube that we believe to be as near perfection as it is possible to make it. It possesses the resilience, appearance and wearing qualities of the Double Tube. The world's fastest quarter-mile was made on this tire by Angus McLeod at Sarnia.

When submitted to actual test on the tire testing machine, the best makes of other single tube tires ran but 700 miles, Electric Single Tubes over 3,000 miles; other makes of double tube tires, 900 miles, Electric Double Tube Tires over 3,000.

Our tires are all guaranteed by the most liberal guarantee and should there be a defect, no time is lost in making it good. Insist upon having your '97 mount fitted with Electric Tires. They cost more money but they will give you perfect satisfaction every day you ride them.

The Brantford Bicycle Supply Co., Ltd.,

BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

The Anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint—Sermon at St. Peter's Cathedral.

The Irishmen throughout the world are to-day celebrating the anniversary of their patron saint, and to-day coat lapels adorned with green shamrocks were almost as numerous as the people upon the streets.

As is usual, service was held at St. Peter's cathedral this morning, masses being held at 8 and 10 o'clock. At 10 o'clock Ven. Archdeacon Casey preached a stirring sermon on St. Patrick. During the service Mrs. Balmag "St. Patrick's Day."

To night the E B A holds an entertainment in the opera house.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Warwicks are Built on Honor.

At the first Canadian Cycle show at Montreal was seen the Wheel that is "Built on Honor."

The Exemplification of Perfection . . . .

THE WARWICK

. . . . The Vermilion Rimmer is a Winner.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE . . . . . .

WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

Takes up all the jar and vibration on Rough Roads. To TRY one is to BUY.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.
340 George Street.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used. Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an applicatica of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the nook and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—— THE ——

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

We claim that it is equal to any and surpasses all in many respects. We will send one to any responsible firm or person on ten days trial, and if not found as we represent it may be returned to us. Half the price of others! $55.00 Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

A. OLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. OLEGG, Residence 205 Stewart Street. Telephone.

ASK YOUR DEALER
.... FOR ....

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

It is sold everywhere in

Quart Bottles and Empire Tourists' Flasks.

with Cork Lined Metal Caps, suitable for travelling.

The best Rye Whiskey ever distilled in this country and contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from the bank of British North America.

Aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 66 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It is indeed myself of a long-standing cough, after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARTSCH, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lim. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

The magnate sweeps his electric gaze up and down the station, glances at his watch, gives one more look around to see that all eyes are upon him, holds his arm suspended in mid air for just ten seconds, then, describing a grand parabolic sweep, it descends, the clang of a gong is heard, the guards cry, "all aboard" in French, and there is one last spasmodic effort on the part of the delinquents to gain some carriage.

Doctor Jack smiles—he has reason to feel satisfied, for not a trace of the pasha has he seen, which in itself is evidence that the Turk has fallen into the hands of the enemy.

Te tosses away his cigar, and turns to enter the carriage, when a hand is laid on his arm. Avis gives a gasp of alarm as she sees a tall Frenchman in citizen's garb thus prevent the American from entering—she believes her worst fears are about to be realised, and Doctor Jack will be dragged off to jail on some trumped up charge—anything in order to separate him from the rest.

To her satisfaction, however, while she clutches the ledge of the window, and holds her breath to catch what is said, she hears in French:

"Doctor Jack Evans, I believe?"

"Correct—you have—"

"This," and thrusting a paper into Jack's hand the tall Frenchman strides away.

There is no time to lose, and Doctor Jack enters the carriage—the train moves out of station, and presently they are sweeping through the outskirts of the great French capital.

Although suspecting what the message is—Jack glances at it eagerly—the writing is French, but he reads it like a native. No name signed—he needs none:

"The pasha will not leave Paris today— he has changed his mind, and is paying a visit to underground Paris, which charms him so much he may desire to spend several days in exploring the mysteries described by Victor Hugo. Send your address—may warn you of his flitting."

CHAPTER XIX.

There are no secrets between the devoted quartette now—even Madame Sophie is interested in effecting the release of Aleck Morton, her favourite nephew, so Doctor Jack shows them the note, and they laugh over the lovely situation the Turk finds himself in this early spring morning. How he must fume and fret at the detention just at this time when time is of so much value to him. Perhaps a glimmer of the truth may creep into his brain, and if so his sate of mind will certainly be anything but improved by the consciousness that his crafty enemy has outwitted him again.

"What is our course?" asks Larry, who has fallen back upon the cushions, and seems to be taking life easy—indeed, the little man has a way of doing this quite his own.

"We shall take the most direct line now open—there has been an unfortunate series of accidents happening lately that temporarily closes several routes. To reach Vienna, and then Buda-Pesth, we must pass through Baden and other portions of Germany. Wait, I will try and mark our course on this guide-book map."

So Jack busies himself while Avis leans over his shoulder looking on and offering suggestions now and then. A very pretty picture Larry thinks as he watches them through his half-closed eyes, and it would be a shame for any man to ever come between two who seem to be so mutually smitten—so he nobly resolves to give up his own chances in the affair, and let Jack have a clear field—a resolution that does him credit under the circumstances seeing that he has three times asked Avis to have him and on each occasion sent the New York girl off into a spasm of laughing for which she has always apologized, though declining to enter into any partnership arrangement with a cousin.

They are making good time, and before the day ends stop at a station on the border, where a customs official makes a pretense of searching their luggage, receives his tip, glances at their passports, and they are free to enter Germany.

It is long after darkness sets in that they cross the historic Rhine, and feel they are in the heart of the German empire. Now and then the gentlemen step out at the stations to stretch their limbs and smoke. The night passes away. Once there seems a long delay, and Jack fears lest this, the last method of reaching Vienna, may be closed to them, as there has been an accident ahead. In case it is a landslide, that may be hours and days being cleared up, he soon makes up his mind what they will do.

In Europe money will accomplish wonders, even as in our own country, and in the morning they may find a conveyance of some sort that will take them beyond the obstruction, where they can find a train.

Should this fail, one more course remains—to pass down through the St. Gothard tunnel into Italy, reaching Venice on the Adriatic, and there taking a steamer for Constantinople.

Thus Jack lays his plans and goes to sleep—he is awakened by a jarring motion, and finds they are on the move again. Good! only an hour or so has been lost.

Morning finds them at Munich, and if all goes well they should reach Vienna some time before the sun goes down in the west. Breakfast is eaten here, time being given the travellers. Avis looks a little jaded, but she seems to stand the rack of travel upon a Continental railway wonderfully well, Jack thinks, as he helps her back into the carriage. Again they are off, over the Inn river, and along its bank, until finally another official appears. It is at Simbach, and they are now on the border of Austrian territory. Travellers in Europe grow accustomed to these things, but they are a terrible nuisance, and we never realize what this business is like in the States until we have a yellow fever epidemic like the one at Jacksonville, Florida, in the summer of 1888.

Vienna at last, and all well. They are obliged to remain over night in the Austrian capital, as there is no train until morning. True, they might take one of the boats down the Danube, but this would be slow work, indeed.

"Where shall we go?" asks Aunt Sophie, as they roll into the station, and see the omnibuses and cabs waiting in line just as in New York.

"There is only one hotel here to my mind. That is called the Englischer Hof," declares Jack.

"Ah! you have been here, before," cries Avis, "we shall benefit by your knowledge."

And they do.

Jack secures what information he desires to begin with, engages a carriage, and in a short time they have entered the city, and are in the pleasant rooms of the hotel. Evening is near at hand, but after enjoying the luxury of a little fresh water, the party start out to view the crowds on the Ringstrasse near by.

One can spend most of his time in Vienna on the streets or in the cafes—it is amusing to study the characters to be met upon the streets of the great city, for Austria is made up of a dozen small nationalities, from Hungarians and Germans to Poles and Servians.

They might at any other time have gone to the opera in the evening, for Vienna is a second Paris, and her inhabitants must always have numerous amusements going on—each strasse, especially if a boulevard, seems to be thronged all day long—music sounds from every quarter, and one soon gets an idea that the Viennese are a lively people, and the city one of the finest in Europe.

In the morning they leave Vienna, and once more their course is southeast. A long journey still lies before them, and at the end of it is the Turkish city, where they expect to find the prisoner of Abdallah Pasha.

Buda-Pesth is reached by noon, and to their surprise they find a magnificent city on both sides of the Danube, conected by a splendid bridge, Buda being on one shore and Pesth on the other.

During the afternoon they pass near the border of Servia, but night still finds them in Austria. Another examination of passes—this time it is by the Turkish officials sure enough. They make slow progress now, for a lightning express in Turkey would be such a novelty that the Sultan's people might expire from fright.

The wearisome journey draws near an end, and with the morning they find themselves close to their goal. Great inroads have been made in the old time habits of the Turks by the progress of civilization rushing eastward. The advent of the railroad has changed many of their customs, and some of the most intelligent among the officials would follow after the ways of their Western neighbours if the mass of people were not so settled in their old dogmas.

Gradually the Turk is being pushed out of Europe—many of his fairest provinces have been taken away and made into new states that, formerly a coalition, will put a nation between Austria and the Black Sea.

Some day there will be an upheaval, and Mr. Turk will cross the Bosphorus in a hurry, to return no more, when Constantinople, taken originally by force, will revert to new owners. The Turk is nothing if not philosophical, and when this dreadful day of disaster comes he will probably say, resignedly:—"Kismet! Allah is Allah, and Mohammed is his prophet."

At a quarter to ten Jack calls their attention to a sight that inspires them into a burst of enthusiasm. The sun has climbed half way up in the heavens, and as they chance to be upon an elevation where they can see the blue waters of the Bosphorus, before their vision comes a glimpse of Con-

To be Continued

WELSH RAREBIT RECEIPE.

Should you ask me, friend and actor,
"Whence the flavor of the rarebit,
Whence its odor and its smoothness,
Whence its subtle fascination?"
I should answer, "I should tell you:
"From the method of its mixture,
From the choice of its ingredients,
And the time of introduction.
This the way to make a rabbit:
"Give me of your cheese, oh grocer:
Good fresh dairy cheese, domestic—
Cheese quite fresh, not old and moldy,"
Cut it then in dainty fragments—
Fragments cut in sizes equal!
Light the spirit lamp and place it
'Neath the blazer, brightly steaming;
Then a lump of butter placing
In the blazer, watch it creaming,
Creaming in the heated blazer;
Then with deftness and the substance—
Creamy substance, cut in fragments.

"Then when it doth melt an dthicken,
Pour on ale—the ale called Bass';
Gently add in scanty spoonfuls,
Always stirring, stirring always.

"When the cheese to heat surrenders,
Drop into this dish so tempting
Two teaspoonfuls, measured finely,
Only two, of good dry mustard,
This you add to keep dyspepsia,
Grim dyspepsia, from partakers—
All this while keep up the stirring,
Always stirring, stirring always.
Add a touch of red parika,
Made from pepper tips Hungarian;
This the foe of indigestion,
Deadly foe of indigestion.

"Now you stir with vim ardor,
For the rabbit nears completion,
And the appetites are whetted
By the subtle, faint aroma,
Plates, hot plates, must be beside you;
Crowned with buttered toast, and waiting
For the baptism of the rabbit,
Hot and smooth, and, oh, so fragrant!

"Quickly bid the guests assail it,
Ere a breath of air can chill it;
Ale or beer attends the feasting,
And delay is most disastrous;
Plates and toast and beer and glasses
Must be ready at your elbow—
Quickly served and quickly eaten,
And the grace bespoken after.
This the secret of the rabbit."

—Deshler Welch, in "The Bachelor and the Chafing Dish."

MARRIED IN A HURRY.

One of the Things That Could Only Happen in Indiana.

"While I was down in Indiana the other day," said E. G. Carlisle, to The Chicago Times-Herald, "it was at Jeffersonville, across the river from Louisville, I heard a story that would make a good incident for a novel. It was told me by an old justice of the peace. The Indiana marriage laws are very lax and you do not need a license or anything else to get married. The justice of the peace was defending the system, which by the way is a very profitable one for him, as he has married a good many people who have come from Kentucky for the purpose. He pointed to a man in the corner of the hotel, and told me that if it had not been for the laxity of the Indiana law the man would never have been married.

"That man and his wife were courting each other for six years before they got married," said the justice. "They were never able to agree upon the date, and it was the talk of the town. Every now and then they would speak to me about it, and arrange a day, but when the day came neither would appear. One day I met them walking along together on the street. I determined to marry them then and there. So I asked Tom if he still wanted to marry Miranda. He replied yes, and began to make objections; but I cut him short. Then I asked Miranda if she wanted to marry him. She also said yes. Then I said:

"'I now pronounce you man and wife. I will mail the certificate to you to-night.'

"Both began to protest, but I went home and mailed them the certificate and persuaded them that they couldn't get out of it and that they were legally married; as they were. Since then they have been living together happily, and they now have three children. Could you do anything like that if the law of marriage wasn't as it is in Indiana?"

She Didn't Know "Dem Waleses."

It was in Maryland. She was a member of the F. F. V.'s, or the Maryland equivalent, and she was about to give a dinner. That was a simple matter on ordinary occasions but the cook was ill and only the Maryland equivalent of the F. F. V.'s of the colored race could cook a dinner which would be fit to set before her guests.

There was just one person who could do it, and to her she went. No "low-down white trash" would be at the dinner, and she could count on her cook.

"Mary," she said, "you must come and cook my dinner for me. You know all the people who will be there. There will be the Goldboroughs, the Lloyds, the Tilmans, and"—to put in a comprehensive and impressive way the one New York woman who was to be the guest of honor—"and, the Princess of Wales."

"Yes," said Mary, suspiciously, "I knows the Goldsboroughs an' de Lloyds an' de Tilmans, but I don't know dem Waleses."—New York Times.

Contempt of Court.

"Ten dollars," said the magistrate.

"But, your honor," said the prisoner, "I protest against this fine. I have the right to make a defense against the charge."

"But you have already pleaded guilty," said the magistrate.

"I beg your honor's pardon; I denied the charge in the plainest terms."

"Young man," said the magistrate sternly, "I want to call your attention to the fact that the court understands the English language. You have pleaded guilty in unmistakable words. The plaintiff charges you with assault and battery. It is clearly evident that he has been assaulted and battered. According to your statement he approached you on the street and used abusive language toward you. Then you say that you 'didn't do a thing to him.' If the court understands the language spoken by seventy millions of people, you immediately wiped up the earth with him. The fine stands, and any further reflection upon the court's knowledge of English will cost you ten more."—Detroit Free Press.

Anæmia means "want of blood," a deficiency in the red corpuscles of the blood. Its cause is found in want of sufficient food, dyspepsia, lack of exercise or breathing impure air. With it is a natural repugnance to all fat foods. Scott's Emulsion is an easy food to get fat from and the easiest way of taking fat. It makes the blood rich in just those elements necessary to robust health, by supplying it with red corpuscles.

For sale at 50 cents and $1.00 by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 17, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossi, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edecumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your owe fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

OAK HALL.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

OVER A MILLION LOST.

The Great Fire in the Walker Stores at St. Louis Caused Tremendously Heavy Damages.

St. Louis, March 16.—Last night's fire in Ely Walker Drygoods Company's building was finally gotten under control this morning. All that remains of the massive seven-story granite structure and the enormous stock of drygoods is a mass of smouldering ruins. The loss to the Walker Company is estimated at $800,000, and the building, which was owned by the Myer Tobacco Company, was damaged to the extent of $300,000. The adjoining business houses were damaged to the extent of $50,000 by fire and water. All the property was fully covered by insurance. During the progress of the fire Fireman John G. Gottwild was killed by falling walls, and Jeremiah Cahan, Luke McCook, Charles McCarthy and Mrs. Annie Ridge, a spectator, received serious inuries.

A CURE FOR TOOTHACHE.

A Cowboy's Radical Remedy Applied to the "Kurnel."

One morning the Colonel rolled out of his blankets with the jumping toothache, says M. Quad in The New York Journal, and, though he exhausted all the remedies in camp, nothing had any effect. It was forty miles to the nearest town, with the chances against finding a dentist there, and it was finally decided to appeal to one of the cowboys on his station, five miles away. He came over in response to a message, and, after taking a look at the tooth, which was a double one on the upper jaw, the cowboy said:

"Kurnel, I kin shoot that tooth out as slick as greece if you don't mind the scar it will leave on your cheeks."

"Shoot it out!" shouted the Colonel. "Why, man, you must be crazy!"

"Wall, mebbe I kin pick in enough powder to blow it out."

"Never!"

"Might chuck it out with a piece of iron and a stone," continued the cowboy.

"And you might go to Texas and beyond!" exclaimed the suffering and indignant man.

"I'm only telling you how we do it out here, and if you don't want that tooth out you'll hev to stand the pain."

The cowboy started for his station, but after a gallop of a mile he returned to beckon the rest of us aside, and said:

"He seems to be a purty squar' sort o' man, though a little teechy, and I'm sorry fur him. Is he a good rider?"

"Only fair."

"Kin he shoot?"

"Not very straight."

"Then I think I kin cure that toothache."

He spent two minutes unfolding the plot, and then went over to the sufferer, and said:

"Kurnel, I've cum back to say you ar' a booby!"

"What!" yelled the Colonel, as he sprang up from his seat before the campfire.

"A booby and a squaw, Kurnel, and likewise a durned old liar!"

The Colonel jumped for him, but the cowboy dodged and ran for his horse. We had another ready saddled, with two loaded revolvers in the holsters, and the booby sprang into the saddle and gave chase. After getting out on the prairie half a mile the cowboy began to circle and shoot and yell, and the Colonel followed him and shot away the whole twelve bullets without sending one within five feet of him. When the twelfth one had been fired the kind hearted cowboy rode off at the top of his speed, and the Colonel came into camp to dismount and say: "Get me a hundred cartridges and my own horse and I'll follow that man to the end of the earth!"

"How's the toothache, Colonel?" was asked.

"Toothache!" Why, it's all gone, and I'll have that fellow's scalp if I have to stay out here all summer!"

Troubles of a Marriage Broker.

Samuel Jacobs, the little old man who does whitewashing, paperhanging, plumbing, carpet-beating, and runs a marriage bureau in the rear of his second-hand clothing store, appeared yesterday with both eyes almost closed and badly discolored, and one arm in a sling.

"I feel sorry for them," he muttered, when questioned concerning his injuries.

"For whom?"

"For them that did it," and he shook his head ominously. "You see she wanted a husband with means, and he wanted a wife with money. She promised me $100, and he agreed to give me $150. I introduced them, and they were married. When I called on her for the hundred yesterday she poured hot water on me, and when I went after him for $150 he knocked me down and beat me. But I feel sorry for them."

"Why? Have you had them arrested?"

"No."

"Hired some one to give them a beating?"

"No."

"Then why do you feel sorry for them?"

"Well, they've only been married two weeks, and if they hate me that bad for bringing them together what will they do to each other?"—San Francisco Post.

A Fatal Error.

Manager—That was a great mistake you made, treating our audience as though they were a lot of horrible examples.

Temperance Lecturer—What do you mean?

Manager—You opened your lecture by saying you were glad to see such a full attendance.—New York Evening Journal.

Hibernian Twins.

Flannigan—I met a man, last week, and bedad, I'd have sworn it was yourself.

Toole—And wasn't it?

Flannigan—Never a bit! But he was your very image, barrin' he was a thrifle gray. I suppose now ye haven't such a thing as a twin brother a few years older than yourself?—London Tid-Bits.

The Link.

Quericus—What is it that connects thoughts of love with thoughts of war?

Cynicus—Marriage.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Continued from page 1.

The Minister of Education urged the necessity for the increase, basing it largely upon the hard times which had rendered some of the people in the back districts less able to meet the demands upon them for school purposes.

Mr. Meacham protested that vague reports had reached him respecting the method of distributing this fund which looked like favoritism. He had been informed that there were too large grants made to the undeserving and too little given to the schools which are much in need.

The Minister of Education denied the accuracy of the reports and asserted that the fund was distributed according to a regular scale.

The classes for domestic science came in for some criticism and Hon. Mr. Ross defended them as tending to educate and encourage the public mind upon this point.

Mr Whitney asserted that there was more or less dissatisfaction throughout the country on the operation of the continuation classes, which had not achieved the objects desired by a large number of the people.

The Minister of Education contended that the classes were working well.

Mr. Meacham entered a plea for the scholars who could not use the continuation classes.

Col. Matheson objected to the item for salary of Inspector of Teachers' Institutes. He declared that the teachers did not want the official, who only visited the institute once in three years, and he argued that the $850 salary could be saved.

The Minister of Education did not agree with the assertion that the office is useless.

Mr. Whitney argued that the official's work had not shown any good results. If any official at all is needed, an additional one is necessary, so that the inspection can take place more than once in three years. The chief objection to the inspector being present was that his presence tended to prevent argument or discussion at the meetings.

Col. Matheson voiced the strong feeling throughout the country against the expense of keeping up the examiners for departmental examinations. The majority of pupils of the High Schools are not well off, and the result, of course, is that there is a strong feeling that the whole course of education is tending in the wrong direction. The results of the system of 20 years ago were better than to-day.

The Provincial Treasurer proceeded to point out the desirability and absolute necessity for the examinations.

Mr. Whitney somewhat warmly repudiated the construction which Government supporters sought to place upon the objection to the examination system offered by the Opposition. He did not object to examinations properly conducted, and which were necessary; but did object to the system now practised and demanded that the Government stop centralizing the examinations in Toronto.

The Provincial Treasurer reminded the previous speaker that the bulk of the examinations are held in county towns, the papers being sent from Toronto. It is necessary that the papers be prepared by the Department in order to preserve a uniform standard.

The item for public and separate school education then passed.

A GRAVE SITUATION.

British Troops in the Transvaal Ordered to Hold Themselves in Readiness for an Emergency.

London, March 16.—The Daily Mail under the caption "The Transvaal—A Grave Situation," will to-morrow publish a despatch from Cape Town saying that the British troops there have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for an emergency. The despatch quotes anti-British utterances published by the press of the Transvaal.

John Hay for London.

Washington, March 16.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations to be Ambassadors extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States: John Hay, of the District of Columbia, to Great Britain; Horace Porter of New York to France; Henry White of Rhode Island to be Secretary of the Embassy of the United States to Great Britain.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The flour trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted outside west at $11 to $12. Shorts $10 to $11.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. Buyers holding off. Red winter is quoted at 72c and white at 73c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 sold at 31c and 6000 bushels of No. 3 at 21c. No. 2 is quoted at 27c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, there being only a limited supply. White sold outside at 17½c, and mixed at 16½c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 23c to 39½c north and west.

Corn—The market is firm, with car lots at 23c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with sales at 32c, middle freights.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the Western yards today were 46 car loads, including 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1500 hogs. Prices generally were steady, with little change from those of Friday. Choice export cattle sold at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and ordinary at 3½c to 3¾c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3c. Bulls 2c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle in good demand and firm, best qualities selling at 3¼c to 3¾c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $25 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 3c to 3½c per lb.

Hogs are firm for choice light qualities. The best sold at $5, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4¼c to 4½c; lightweights at 4¼c; sows at 3½c to 3¾c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 16.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 6¾d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 47s 6d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c. heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage rather firmer. English country markets steady. Maize quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures quiet at 6s 2½d for May and July, and 6s 0½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for April, 2s 8d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11d for Sept. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 85c for March and April; flour 43f 40c for March and April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 1¾d for May, 6s 2d for July and 6s 0½d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7d for April, 2s 8d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 10½d for Sept. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm, but little doing. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Peterborough Markets.
MARCH 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 12
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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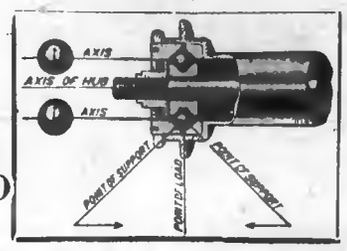

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SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$1,308,638	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	737,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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Blood and Entire Body Covered. Itching Intense, Would Scratch Till Blood Came.

Had to Put Mittens on His Hands To Keep Him from Tearing His Skin.

One Application of CUTICURA Soothes Him to Sleep. Complete Cure.

When my little boy was about three months old his head broke out with a rash, which was very itchy and ran considerable watery fluid. We tried everything we could, but he got worse all the time till it spread to his arms, legs, and then to his entire body, and he got so bad that he came near dying. The rash would itch so that he would scratch till the blood ran, and a thin, yellowish stuff would be all over his pillow in the morning. I had to put mittens on his hands to keep him from tearing his skin around his wrists. He got so weak and run down that he took fainting spells like we would think him dying. He was almost a skeleton, and his little hands were thin like claws.

He was bad about eight months when we tried CUTICURA REMEDIES. I had not laid him down in his cradle in the day time for a long time. He had got so that he just slept in our arms all the time. I washed him with CUTICURA SOAP, and put on one application of CUTICURA, and he was so soothed that I put him in his cradle. You don't know how glad I felt he felt better. It took one box of CUTICURA, pretty near one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, and about half a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cure him. I think our little boy would have died only for CUTICURA REMEDIES, and I shall always remain a firm friend of them. Mrs. M. C. MAITLAND, Jasper, Ont.

Cuticura Remedies have effected the most wonderful cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating skin and scalp humors of infants and children, as well as of adults of every age. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. They are the most speedy, economical, and infallible skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times.

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1897.

The Defaulter.

A good crowd witnessed the presentation of "The Defaulter," Lincoln J Carter's new play, at the opera house last evening. The play combines a fund of comedy with the pathos of the melo-drama, and the scenic effects seemed to please the audience.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 390 George-st. d5

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CHEESEMAKERS IN CONVENTION

SOME PRACTICAL POINTS DEALT WITH BY PRACTICAL MEN.

A Paper on Bacteria in Milk—Mr. D. Derbyshire Practical Talk on Dairying—The Kingston Dairy School Spoken of by the Superintendent.

The annual meeting of the Peterborough Cheesemakers Association opened in the Council Chamber this morning, when there was a good gathering of the cheesemakers and factory patrons of the county and district present. Mr. D Derbyshire, President of the Eastern Cheese and Butter Association, and Mr. A J Ruddick, superintendent of the Kingston dairy school, were present and gave practical, interesting addresses.

The president, Mr. F E Kline, opened the proceedings by expressing pleasure at having Mr. Derbyshire and Prof Ruddick present.

BACTERIA IN MILK.

Mr. A D Perry was the first speaker and he read a paper on the "Care of milk from a bacteriological standpoint." He first referred to bacteria and to the treatment of these microbes. How these bacteria got into the milk was next discussed, an opening remark being that the warm milk was the hot bed for the formation of germs. He referred to the ways in which these germs, which got into the milk, in feeding, in the dirt and dust in the stable, in contamination on the way to the factory and at the factory. He enumerated the precautions which should be taken in care of the stable, keeping it free from dirt, in the milker washing his hands and drying them well, cleanliness in factory, where too much hot water could not be used. The worst tainted and most gassy milk he had to make up last season was from a single patron who fed turnips. Do not, he said, give a cow stagnant water. Inflammation of the udder was another cause of taint. If gas continues from day to day he advised setting samples of milk up in half a dozen test tubes with a little rennet in each, and the next day they could tell which milk was gassy. Then send this milk home or make it up into cheese and send the cheese to the patron who sent the milk. In conclusion, he emphasized cleanliness, warned them not to have pig pens or swill buckets near the cans, and to allow no carrion in the pasture field.

Mr. Derbyshire asked if cleanliness in the stable, in the food, in the cans, etc., was not the first point to be enforced in dealing with these bacteria.

Mr. Perry said there really were no bacteria in the milk when made, they all got in from outside. In answer to a question he said the reducing of the temperature of the milk after milking to sixty degrees would render the bacteria stupid and they could not increase. He would advise cooling and airing both. Strain, air, and then cool, was the order he prescribed.

Mr. S. R. Payne thought that cooling the milk below the temperature of the air in which it sat was a mistake, because when lower than the air it would contract or take in odors.

The balance of the morning meeting together with this afternoon's session will appear to-morrow.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

QUEEN VICTORIA'S DIAMOND JUBILEE.

Continued from page 4.

lated by the celebration should be devoted to the Children's Aid Society. The societies were entitled to credit for the monster success of the celebration of the Queen's golden jubilee in 1887.

CITIZENS CELEBRATION.

President Shortly, of the Board of Trade, was opposed to any society taking a lead in this celebration, and claimed that they as *citizens* should *conduct* the demonstration. He favored both the suggestions of Mr. Meldrum and that of Mr. Symonds in reference to a free library, which Mr. Moore had referred to. The proposal to endow a museum was also a capital one.

Mr. Jameson stated that the Foresters did not desire to air their loyalty any more than anybody else. As a Canadian benevolent order, truly loyal subjects of Her Majesty, they took the first step to celebrate the day. He felt they could hold a celebration without any antagonism to the town demonstration. They were willing to work in harmony and he felt they would forego any previous intentions and devote the receipts to any loyal object proposed.

Mr. Moore again emphasized the importance of the affair being a citizens' celebration. Would the Foresters devote their funds to a local purpose and not for their own benefit.

Mr. Jameson reiterated that he believed the committee would do so.

Mr. Shortly strongly opposed any order having any control over the celebration. It should be a citizens' celebrations.

Mr. Moore suggested that the committee meet and decide upon a course of action which could be ratified at another public meeting.

Mr. Foote, while a member of several orders, wanted to celebrate the day separate from any Society, but as a citizen of the town and

A LOYAL SUBJECT

of Her Majesty the Queen.

Mr. Hartley stated that the Foresters had taken action on ascertaining no move was being made to hold a celebration. The Foresters were good citizens of the town and they were willing to do everything towards making the celebration a success. A joint meeting of the two committees would he felt bring about an amicable decision. The meeting, he said did not evidence that the citizens were even eager to celebrate the day. As to the disposal of the funds, he considered the donation of the receipts to the Childrens' Aid Society to be commendable.

Mr. Moore pleaded with the Foresters as a society, to drop out of the matter. The quicker it was done the better. The citizens should meet and formulate a scheme.

The Mayor stated that when he called this meeting he was not aware the Foresters' proposed holding a demonstration.

Mr. Jameson asserted that the Foresters would not get in the way of a harmonious celebration but if they dropped out the Foresters considered they should be reimbursed for any expense they had entered into.

Mr. Alex. Reid, as a Forester, said the Order had never asked anything from the town. It seemed to be a Foresters' meeting.

Mr. Meldrum's motion deciding to hold a celebration was carried.

On motion it was decided that ten members of the committee form a quorum.

The meeting then adjourned and a meeting of the committee will likely be called in a few days.

MR. D. DERBYSHIRE AT LAKEFIELD.

The President of the Butter and Cheese Association of Eastern Ontario Addresses a Meeting at Lakefield.

Mr. D. Derbyshire, of Brockville, president of the Butter and Cheese Association of Eastern Ontario, addressed a meeting at the Lakefield butter and cheese factory last evening. This is a model factory and is supplied with the best machinery. Mr. Derbyshire says that it is one of the nicest factories that he has ever had the pleasure of visiting.

Mr G J Galvin presided at the meeting and in a brief address referred to the opening and fitting up of the factory.

Mr. Derbyshire was then called upon and addressed the meeting in an interesting style. He complimented the company on having such a nice factory and apparatus, and especially on their move forward in the direction of making butter in the winter as well as cheese in the summer. Mr. Derbyshire furnished figures to show that there was plenty of room for the expansion of the butter trade. At present Canada was supplying $16,000,000 worth of cheese of $26,000,000 that Great Britain import, while they supplied $2,000,000 of $4,000,000 exported in butter. They made a million dollars worth more of fancy creamery butter for export in 1896 more than in 1895, and from the energetic way that their factories were taking the industry up he felt sure they would add another million more in 1897 than in 1896. In concluding Mr. Derbyshire talked to the audience on cheaper production, growing corn, building silos and having plenty of nutritious food for carrying on this work in the winter.

After votes of thanks had been extended to the chairman and Mr. Derbyshire the meeting closed with the singing of "God Save the Queen."

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DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

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It's late in the season!
Our store is being remodeled!
If never worn this season, Furs will be, at prices offered, the very best investment you can make, for other season's wear.

A CUTTING CUT IN CUT PRICES

HERE'S SOME SAMPLES OF CUTS:—

20 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Grey Lamb Gauntlets, finest quality, were $5 and $6, have been selling during the past few weeks for $4 and $5, now cut to..... $3.50

All other Gauntlets sold at a like proportionate reduction.

$14 Seal Wedge Caps—$9 has been the price during our last sale, now for..... $7.00

Fur Caps of all kinds at equally great cut.

$10 Sable Muffs, sold for $7 during sale, now for..... $5.50, $6

Prices in all our Fur Muffs reduced proportionately.

Coats, Jackets, Capes, Fur Lined Cloaks. Collars, etc., all to be cleared out at once at big cuts on last week's prices.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

SPRING SHOW.

A Stallion Show Under the Auspices of the Central Exhibition.

The directors of the Peterborough Central Exhibition have decided to hold a spring show of stallions on Saturday, April 24th, at the Oriental hotel yards, when first, second and third prizes will be given for thoroughbreds, coach or carriage, hackneys, heavy imported draught, Canadian breds. The show promises to bring together a number of first class stallions. Exhibitors must be members of the West Peterborough Agricultural Society.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt; one price only. **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill, Men's Biretted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelry.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 65. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

PARTISAN OFFICIALS.

Mr. Hardy Calls Sir Charles Tupper a Dictator.

And Says Support of the Bill by the Opposition is Rank Hypocrisy and a Sham Indignation—Mr. Ross Says Offending Officials Will be Dismissed in Future—No More Dabbling of Civil Servants in Party Politics—Mr. Reid Declares Public Servants Had Tried to Defeat Him.

Toronto, March 18.

A resolution condemning the practice of Government officials taking part in election campaigns was the most embarrassing subject handled by the Legislature yesterday.

Mr. Garrow, a Government supporter from West Huron, caused a short but heated debate, which embarrassed considerably his leaders, by moving "That this House is of opinion that officers or clerks of the civil or public service of the province, or permanent employes, who solely or for the most part obtain their livelihood in the public service, should not actively participate in provincial or Dominion election campaigns and that officers or clerks of the civil service should not become candidates for municipal councillors."

Speaking to his motion, Mr. Garrow said it would not be fair or just for a political party in power at Ottawa to say that offensive partisanship on the part of the officials shall no longer be a virtue and at the same time to wink at it at Toronto. The resolution was not intended to censure the past actions of officials, but only to cause them to stand aside in future. The place of the official constitutionally was to stand between the Crown and the people, and the latter could not place much confidence in such officers as dabbled in party politics. It was all right for them to say that they took their official lives in their hands when they did so, but they had no right to do so. They had, however, a right to speak their views privately and to cast their votes. Clever as many of the officials were, their influence had been greatly overrated, as they were looked upon as hirelings. As far as becoming candidates for civic honors was concerned, he did not believe that civil servants had time to devote to such things.

Mr. Reid of Addington complained that his chief opponent in the late election had been a Government official in receipt of a salary of $1200, and he had been so surrounded by officials that he wondered how he ever won his seat. Money had been used by Government officials to defeat him. Sir Oliver Mowat had stood on a platform against him, surrounded by officials, and then afterwards, before the Young Liberal Club, he had been reported as saying that he did not know of a case of official partisanship. He told how 40 voters had been put on Government lands to enable them to qualify to vote for the Government. He would support the resolution.

Dr. Ryerson characterized the motion as an awakening of the Liberal conscience. But the question was, would the Government legislate and impose a penalty on such officials as violated the principle of the motion? The motion looked like a sop. It related only to permanent officials, while he believed it should also apply to those who take fees and such other emoluments. It looked as though the Government were making things easy for their officials in the consciousness that they were soon to be swept from power. [Laughter from Messrs. Ross and Hardy.]

Continuing, the member for East Toronto retorted that the Government would find out when their cold water temperance friends got after them how soon they would go out.

The Attorney-General recalled the fact of Dominion officials taking an offensive part in the elections, and therefore he could not understand why the Opposition should show an indignation which they did not feel about provincial officials doing the same. It had become as much a part of Conservative policy at Ottawa as the National Policy.

Quoting Sir Charles Tupper, he said the latter had come up from Nova Scotia and had met together with the Opposition. "We challenge him to come forward and nail his colors to the mast to meet us," said Mr. Hardy with some warmth.

"Who said that?" asked Mr. Whitney, the Premier's remarks having become somewhat tangled at this point.

"I said it," said Mr. Hardy. Continuing, he designated Sir Charles as a dictator of his party, a man who had put Hugh John Macdonald at the head of the Opposition in Manitoba and Mr. Whitney in that position in Ontario, as though they were creatures of his own. Sir Charles had said, in discussing the dismissal of Mr. Wade, that his views had been mistaken, if they had thought he did not desire officials to give full and active support to the Government which appointed them.

In the face of those words it was rank hypocrisy for Opposition members to decry the partisanship of Ontario Government officials. He was not saying that officials should become candidates, but he did object to the Opposition's policy of condemning his friends for permitting the evil, while they themselves condoned it in their own ranks. There were some positions, such as judicial ones, in which officials should refrain, but he did not seriously object to their interference as a whole.

The Attorney-General quoted an editorial from The Recorder of Brockville, a paper published in Mr. Whitney's constituency, in which Mr. Whitney was charged with bringing out a Mr. Brodeur, a customs official, as a candidate for the Dominion House. And now, he continued, he was condemning such tactics as flagrant offences. The motion was in accordance with the Ottawa platform of the Liberal party, while the Conservatives were now clamoring for the principle involved in it, after accepting official services in both the Dominion and local elections.

Mr. Whitney was surprised that the Premier should belch forth against him when he had not as yet taken part in the debate and had expressed no opinion either way.

"He must have been betting on Corbett," said the Opposition leader. "I can see no other explanation of his attack." [Loud laughter.] Mr. Garrow had forced Mr. Hardy to make statements, he resumed, which were utterly untrue, and had accordingly put him in the hole.

The man who had written the article in the paper quoted, continued Mr. Whitney, had been defeated by the speaker by a tremendous majority. That accounted for the venom of the article. For himself, he had not brought out Mr. Brodeur, and had actually been in the city of Toronto when he received a telegram saying that Mr. Brodeur had been nominated. He had not asked for a single vote for him, and the Attorney-General had made a blunder in taking the word of the man who ran the paper.

Continuing, Mr. Whitney said he had been charged with traveling with Sir Charles Tupper and going on the platform with him. This he denied, although he would not be at all ashamed to own that he had traveled or spoken with Sir Charles. He had only been on the same platform with him once and that was at Ottawa, but there Sir Charles had not been allowed to speak. The provincial officials in Ontario outnumbered those appointed by the Dominion Government by 4 to 1. They could be organised into a company of militia in each county. It had been made a doctrine in the Liberal party that partisan officials should be ousted from their situations, while there was nothing said about firing Liberal officials who laid themselves open to the same charge. High officials of the Government had told around the country that they had been sent out by the Government to cover certain territory in the campaign. This, if necessary, he could prove. The Opposition would support the motion.

Hon. Mr. Ross did not wish to have it understood that the resolution was a censure on officials who had sinned in the past. It was simply intended to oppose the principle of men going up and down the country and acting in an offensive manner toward the public. The motion would warn the Government officials that they should abstain from this. He had yet to hear of an official disturbing public meetings or acting offensively in that way. He knew of certain well-known, able and respected men among this class taking the platform in the Dominion elections. That was in accordance with platform courtesy. If the friends of the Opposition were now in power at Ottawa he did not believe they would so generally support the motion. The Liberal party would go to the country now depending on their own merits, and would abide by the declaration of the motion.

Mr. Marter: Will there be legislation, or does it end with a declaration?

Mr. Ross explained that the Government would, if the motion carried, feel obliged to dismiss any offending officials in the future, but reserved to themselves the right to judge when offences were committed.

Mr. St. John followed, after which the motion carried unanimously.

At the evening session Mr. Gamey moved the second reading of Bill No. 97, "An Act to amend the Election Act," which enacts as follows:

1. No sheriff, county crown attorney, clerk of the peace, registrar of deeds, clerk of a surrogate court, clerk of a division court, bailiff of a division court, license inspector, registrar, clerk or other officer attached to the Superior Courts, no permanent official employed in any of the departments of the Government of Ontario, or any prison, hospital, asylum, or institution of the Government of Ontario, shall actively engage in any contested election to the Legislative Assembly, by canvassing, speaking at public meetings, or acting as agent, or otherwise on behalf of any candidate at such election, or by collecting funds for the conduct of such election or in any other manner.

2. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding $200 for each offence, such penalty to be recoverable in any court of competent jurisdiction by any person who may sue therefor, and shall in addition, at the discretion of the judge presiding at the trial of such action, be liable to forfeiture of his office.

No one appeared anxious to place himself on record and it appeared as though the bill would pass. The Attorney-General cast anxious glances at the empty benches behind him, and then rose to address the House. He referred to the fact that there are very few precedents for the resolution that had passed. It had been a concession from the Government, and he believed that he had a right to appeal to the hon. member (Mr. Gamey) whether it was quite right for him to press this bill when the resolution had been placed upon the order paper and carried through the House unanimously. He did not know that he ought to go further unless his hon. friend says that he intends to press the bill to a vote.

Mr. Gamey intimated that he certainly wished to give hon. gentlemen on the opposite (Government) side an opportunity to carry out the views expressed by them during the afternoon.

The Attorney-General did not think the bill was couched in the proper language to effect the desired object.

Continued on Page 8.

HE SCORED SALISBURY.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt Condemned What He Termed the Humiliation of Great Britain.

London, March 17.—The annual meeting of the National Liberal Federation opened at Norwich to-day. The Earl of Kimberley, late Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, made a vigorous protest before the meeting to the statement made yesterday by Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords in reply to a question regarding the Cretan situation, in which he referred the Earl of Kimberley to the speeches made in the French Chamber of Deputies by Premier Meline and Foreign Minister Hanotaux, setting forth the policy of the powers in the matter, France's policy, Lord Kimberley said, is therefore, according to Lord Salisbury, that of Greaet Britain, and is based upon the maintenance of the integrity of the Ottoman Empire.

Sir William Harcourt said of Lord Salisbury's statement that such a disgraceful, abject answer had never before been given by a British Minister to a British Parliament. The nation, he said, had never been exposed to a greater humiliation than it is now, when it is chained and coerced by the menace of wars in which it has no concern, to abstain from doing what it is under the highest obligations of honor to do, and compelled to do what its conscience condemns. Sir William denounced the integrity of the Ottoman Empire as a sham, every breach in which, he declared, was a benefit to mankind, and paid a tribute to Greece for the steps she had taken, while the concert of the poyers held aloof, for rescuing the Cretans from the urk. This brave champion the British nation was bidden in the name of Ottoman integrity to aid in crushing with the fist of which the nation was so proud. "Is it not time," asked Sir William, "that the British people take a stand and demand to know what are the limits of British submission and cooperation in this anti-Grek crusade?" He defended the "fair offers" made by the Greeks in their repl yto the ultimatum of the powers, to which, he said, the only answer was a declaration that the blockade of Greece would be enforced. None knew, Sir William declared, wha a day might bring forth, but he prayed that the shame of a great fre nation being made an unwilling partner in an odious policy might yet be avoided.

The speech was throughout received with enthusiastic cheers, and is considered by far the most telling utterance on the subject yet made.

Vassos Will Not Withdraw.

Rome, March 17.—A despatch from Canea says the Cretan insurgents have declared that they will reject autonomy and offer all possible resistance to the occupation of the island by the powers. The despatch also says Col. Vassos, commanding the Greek army of occupation, is about to move his camp to the mountains of Sphakia, where he will fortify himself so that his position will be almost impregnable. He will not withdraw his troops from the island under any circumstances.

The Porte Accepts the Principle.

Constantinople, March 17.—The reply of the Porte to the note which was presented to the Turkish Government by the powers simultaneously with the presentation of the ultimatum of the European Governments to Greece, has been officially published. The Porte admits the principle of autonomy for Crete, but reserves discussion of the forms and details of such an administration with the diplomatic representatives of the powers, these details to be subordinate to the withdrawal of the Greek warships and troops from the island.

Will Declare War.

Vienna, March 17.—It is asserted in official quarters that Greece will declare war against Turkey.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

News Notes Culled From the Despatches and Condensed Into Paragraphs to Save Space.

The Manitoba Legislature took a vote on the school settlement last night and the settlement was upheld by 32 to 5.

Mr. Guite, the Government candidate, was elected to the Commons yesterday over Mr. Cyr, Conservative, by about 850 majority.

Dora Dorsman, aged 17, danced every dance at the Tammany ball on Tuesday night and then went home and died from the effects.

Archbishop Begin has cabled to Montreal from Paris that he will at once return home, not being able to do any thing in the matter of the schools by going on to Rome, owing to the absence from the Vatican of Mgr. Mery Del Val.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East met in thirty-eighth annual session at Picton yesterday, with large attendance of delegates, who were welcomed by the town. Satisfactory reports were presented, and the Grand Master, J. W. Bell, M. P., referred in his address to the school question in the same terms as the Grand Master of Ontario West did a couple of weeks ago in Woodstock.

Two Apples.—"When Jagsby was young he used to regard his wife as the apple of his eye." "Yes, but he never treated her as well as he did the apple of his throat."

Corrected.—Mrs. Gray—It's positively disgraceful! Black has begun courting again before his dead wife is hardly cold. Mr. Gray—My dear, I think you wrong Black. I happen to know that his wife was cremated.—Boston Transcript.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.

Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

AUCTION SALE.

BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL ASsignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on
MONDAY, the 29th day of March,
1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
TOBACCOS	214 06
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	250.00
Total	$1824.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.
TERMS.—10% down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.
JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer. STRATTON & HALL, Vendor's Solicitors. 6d62

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse' Racer, weight 16 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.
GEO. J. HORKINS

CLARKE & GIBSON
Manufacturing Jewellers,
are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc.
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2 Doors from Post Office

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TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent.

A WARLIKE OUTLOOK.

Secret and Rapid Military Preparations in England.

London, March 17.—Secret and rapid preparations are now being made at Woolwich and other military establishments of Great Britain. The chiefs of the various garrisons have been ordered to prepare details from the regiments available for foreign service. A number of large steamers have been chartered by the Goverment, and have been ordered to embark war stores at Woolwich for Malta. Two thousand tons of these stores leave Woolwich to-morrow.

Trouble is also expected at the Cape of Good Hope. War stores are being rapidly forwarded there by all the Castle line steamers, which have been fitted with special magazines.

Bonaventure Election.

Quebec, March 17.—Mr. Guite, the Libera candidate, was elected in the Dominion bye-election held in Bonaventure to-day by a majority of 850.

Educational.

BE ONE WITH SUCCESS.....

What better proof can be had of the thoroughness of the work done at the
Peterborough Business College
than that the present premises barely afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a
Business and Shorthand Education
Full information may be had by calling at the College or addressing
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BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

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WANTED.
MUST BE A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT Apply 389 Brock-st. to MRS. W A SANDERSON 3d6

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary, $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d89-w11 3m

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DRESSMAKERS
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All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
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FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rates each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN CRANE, Sec.-Treas. d21

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Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
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Probabilities.
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We are ready for the Spring Trade with charming lines of New Wiltons, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. These have been imported direct from the makers, and are branded with our name woven on each roll, as follows:—
"Manufactured Expressly for Robert Fair, Peterborough."
Preparations have been made for Spring Carpet buyers, which abundantly justify our title to the leading Carpet Emporium of this district. At least, nothing is wanting to warrant the necessity of journeying to the cities for floor coverings.
Time was when we could not honestly have made that last statement. We have done experimental work but that time has passed now. We have the endorsement of most of the best carpet buyers in the district for having the best carpet stock, the best carpet ideas, and the best values in carpets to be found.
Rugs, Mats, Stair and Hall Carpets to match.
Real English Linoleums and Inlaid Linoleums, (something quite new,) in superb assortment.
Kensington and Art Squares, Crumb Cloths, etc., in new colors and patterns.
The latest Ideal Drapery, Lace Curtains, High-class Portiers and Chenile Portiers, in a select assortment of special merit.
We sell Housefurnishings of every sort, and save you something on every purchase.
We pride ourselves on QUALITY as well as QUANTITY—in the BEST as well as the CHEAPEST.

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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
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2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $9.50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
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Information requested, Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
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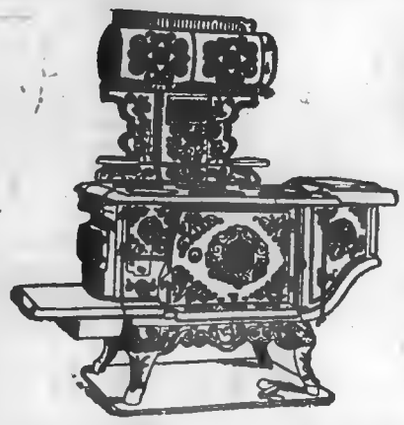
TELEPHONES 160 or 215. Day or night.



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Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

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Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.

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Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
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THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

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Livery and Boarding Stable.

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Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Up-Top Livery Rigs and First-Class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

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THE REVIEW

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That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter

Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured

Smooth, Soft, White Skin Now.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:

"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes

Would Be Covered with Blood.

We had a great many doctors to see her, but they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and her face is as

Smooth and White and Soft

as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.

N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

OTONABEE FOOTBALL TEAM.

On Monday evening, March 15th, the Otonabee Football club held their regular meeting for the purpose of electing officers and making arrangements for this season's sport. The boys are waiting anxiously for fine weather so as to get a go at the ball once more, after which they will be ready to accept challenges from any of the surrounding teams. Any person or club desirous of any further information can obtain same by writing to the secretary or from any of the officers who are as follows;

President—Mr Joseph J Duffus.
Captain—Mr Chas C Munro.
Vice-President—Mr Alex Hughson.
Secretary—Mr M J Duffus.
Treasurer—M G Gillespie.
Committee—Mr Robt A Wilson, Mr John Gillespie, Mr Alex Thompson.

Useful Information From a Dentist About Tooth Powders and Mouth Washes.

Many of the best tooth powders contain coarse particles or grit, and many of the mouth washes contain acid. Grit injures the enamel of the teeth, and also causes inflammation of the gums; and the slightest acid (sometimes used in mouth washes to whiten the teeth) will soften the enamel after a short time, and finally *destroy* the teeth; some washes contain ingredients "to harden the gums"; this is dangerous, as it causes the gums to recede from the teeth, which finally become loose and are removed. It is well to be sure that what you use is free from all these evils, Grit, Acid, Astringents—such as Myrrh, which is *too commonly supposed* to be harmless, or Camphor, which tends to make bone brittle, and will cause the teeth to split more readily). Ask your dentist about this important matter and he will tell you to use the "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder."

It contains the finest precipitated powder, washed, strained, and again re-precipitated, rendering it so fine that it remains for hours suspended in the fluid forming the mouth wash, which is delightfully refreshing to use and guaranteed to be absolutely free from acid or any injurious ingredient. "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder" for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per bottle.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 330 George-st. d5

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FITZSIMMONS' VICTORY.

A More Extended Report of the Big Fight.

It Was a Fast and Furious Fight, and for the First Half Corbett Appeared to Have the Best of It—His Opponent Stood a Great Deal of Punishment and Bled Freely, But Showed Wonderful Stamina and at Last His Opportunity Came—Corbett Acknowledges Himself Beaten.

Carson, March 17.—One straight left punch from Bob Fitzsimmons on the pit of Jim Corbett's stomach settled the pugilistic heavyweight championship of the world this afternoon after 14 rounds of fast and furious fighting.

Corbett did not bear a mark on his entire body. He had drawn streams of blood *from Fitzsimmons' split lips and sore nose*, but he could not place the blow he calculated on to win the fight.

THE WINNER.

In the fourteenth round, Fitzsimmons, after several wild leads, got his left in on Jim's stomach with terrific force. Jim doubled up and came forward into a second left on the jaw, and the battle was over. Corbett fell to his knees, crawled toward the ropes, with his right hand across his breast and his left stretched out as if to grasp the lower rope for support.

His face wore an agonized expression, pitiable to behold. Fitzsimmons stepped quickly back to his corner, where he stood surrounded by his seconds.

Referee Siler stood over Corbett with both hands uplifted and slowly and in a loud voice counted the seconds. At seven, Jim made a desperate and convulsive effort to raise himself to his feet. It was of no use, and his head dropped down until the referee had reached the fatal count. Siler threw his hands up at ten and made his way quickly out of the ring.

A scene of the most indescribable confusion followed. Fitz was quickly surrounded by a crowd, who burst through the ropes, and the Australian danced about for a few seconds. Corbett was assisted to his feet by McVey and White.

The ring was crowded in an instant, and it was impossible to clear it. Wild rumors and cries of "Foul," were heard for a few minutes, but they quickly died out when it became known that Fitzsimmons had won a fair fight. The crowd on the platform was cleared partially by the guards, and Corbett, seeing Fitzsimmons through the break in the crowd, made a wild dash at the Australian and led for his head with both hands. Fitzsimmons dropped his hands by his side, and as Corbett came in, the Australian twisted his head around, never raising his hands, and Jim was pulled away. As Bob was the first to reach the arena, so also was he first to leave. But his reception on his arrival and that on his departure, were very different. The crowd quickly made a lane for the triumphant champion and his smiling wife, and cheered them loud and long. Bob lifted his cap in acknowledgment of the applause, and Mrs. Fitzsimmons shifted the reins from her right hand to her left and waved a tiny cambric handkerchief. Thirty minutes later Fitzsimmons sat down to his dinner at Cook's ranch, as though nothing had happened. A swollen lip and a red nose were all the marks of a struggle which could be observed about his face.

Corbett was a pitiful sight. He cried like a baby and raved like a wild man.

"Oh, it's all right, boys," he sobbed, "I ain't kicking, but to think that I was licked with one punch by a cur who was afraid to stand up before me when he came into the ring. I had him going, boys, you know that. Look, there ain't a mark on me. He knocked out two of my teeth in the thirteenth round. Wasn't I fresh? He missed that left lead time and again, before he got in. I never thought it would reach me, but it did, and I was put out fair and square."

Corbett's version of his own Waterloo did not vary greatly from Fitzsimmons. "I made a mistake in not keeping away," was

THE LOSER

was the way he put it. "Fitz, I knew to be a terrific puncher, but I never calculated on his being able to reach me. If the sixth round had lasted ten seconds longer I would have landed him to a certainty. His nose as clogged with blood and his legs were wobbling. The gong sounded just as I was about to plug him with my right, and end the battle. He recuperated wonderfully and I stayed away from him until I thought he was about ripe for another drubbing at short range. My neglect in not standing off when he tapped me on the cheek in the fourteenth lost me the championship. That heart punch simply choked me up. I could not breath or move for 15 seconds and it was several minutes before I realized that I had committed a breach of etiquette in trying to follow up my opponent after he had put me out. I meant it when I said I would be his friend hereafter. He whipped me fair and square, but I don't think he is the best man yet, and we will have another go if money can bring him into the ring."

The weather was fine and about 5000 paid to see the fight.

The fight was clean and speedy. It demonstrated two facts—that Corbett is the cleverest boxer of his weight in the world, and that Fitzsimmons is able to hit him. The Californian smothered the Cornishman with left jabs in the face and right and left body blows. Fitzsimmons' most effective attack was a semi-fake left swing followed by a quick half arm hook. The first time he tried it, was in the third round. Jim threw back his head from the fake blow, coming forward for a counter, when he thought Fitz's glove was comfortably past his jaw. Quick as a flash Bob doubled back and barely missed Jim's jaw with the hook. Corbett's smile died away for an instant, and he took no more chances on countering on that particular form of lead afterwards. The battle as predicted was fought on purely scientific and almost new principles. Neither of the men took any advantage of the privileges allowed them in the London prize ring rules, and there was very little hitting in clinches. Frequently Bob worked Jim into a corner and reached for him right and left with blows that would win any championship battle if they had landed. Fitzsimmons, himself, admits that Corbett shuffled and side-stepped his way to safety in a manner which simply dazed him.

"I never saw such a clever man in my life," said Fitz, to-night, "he got away from me time and again when I thought I had him dead to rights. I knew I could wear him out and so I kept coming right along until my opportunity arrived. He was weak in the last round and all his cleverness could not keep him out of that left punch under the heart. The only blow that really worried me was the one which *split* my lip. The others I never felt. He fought fair and hereafter he may have my respect, if he continues to merit it."

Timekeeper Muldoon pulled on the gong string at 12.08 o'clock and the men faced each other. Corbett with his back to the sun and Fitzsimmons blinding slightly as the bright rays struck him full in the face. Corbett danced around lightly on his toes, Fitzsimmons covering his ground more slowly. Both were cautious and smiling. They feinted for an opening and Fitz seemed inclined to force matters. Corbett broke ground and danced about his opponent. Fitz forced his man into a corner and was the first to land, with a left swing. The Californian did not land in his first attempt. More leading at long range followed. Fitz forced Corbett into a rally and uppercut him lightly in the clinch. In a mix-up which folowed no damage was done. Corbett shot a light left on the body and broke away clean. Fitz swung his left, but missed. A hard exchange of lefts followed, in which the Australian got a little the worst of it. Fitz then adopted aggressive tactics and rushed Corbett to his own corner, but Jim got out of danger and sent in a heavy right on the body as he stepped away.

Fitz put a hard left over the heart and Jim swung wildly with his left, but landed his right on Fitz's wind. Corbett ran into a clinch, but they quickly broke clean. Fitz was still forcing matters, but a hard left swing put him on the defensive. Jim swung his left in the heart and they came together. On the breakaway Bob sent a vicious left uppercut to the jaw. A clinch followed and the men broke without a blow as the gong sounded.

Round 2—Fitz opened with a left swing, but missed his mark. They came to a clinch and were rather slow in breaking away. A vicious left from Fitz just grazed Corbett's breast and again they were inclined to hug in the clinch. After a breakaway Fitz put on steam and Jim broke ground before the Australian, although the latter contented himself with feinting and did not lead. Finally Jim stood his ground and sent in a neat left on the face and a right on the body, dancing away without a return. Fitz seemed determined to keep on the aggressive and again forced him into his corner, swinging right and left for the body, but Jim's fast foot work took him out of reach. Fitz came into a clinch and in the breakaway got a stiff left uppercut. Bob swung wildly right and left. Some very pretty defensive fighting followed, neither man being able to get inside the other's guard. Long range sparring, in which Corbett did most of the leading, followed. Jim got in a left on the ribs and repeated the blow a moment after. Fitz smiled and tried to corner Jim, who dodged quickly out of reach and came back with a left on the wind. Another left on the stomach brought the round to a close, with the men in a clinch. It was clearly Corbett's on points.

Round 3—Jim opened with a rush and sent a left jab hard on the wind. Fitz did not like it and tried hard to rush in return, but was wild with right and left. Jim stopped another left lead for the heart and countered smartly on the stomach. Corbett put a left on the wind and a right on the side of the head. Bob's stomach showed a red blotch where the Californian's left *struck*. Bob took a hand in the forcing and lashed out wildly, missing with both hands. After a little long-range work Jim shot right and left on the body and Bob came into a clinch and landed his right on the ear before they separated. Corbett shot a terrible right on Bob's side and followed with a fast left on the wind.

Both men were getting carefully and cleanly out of the clinches. Bob's left reached the wind, but Corbett swung right on the jaw in the clinch that followed. Then Jim put his left on the body, and as Bob came in to clinch him Jim piled two stiff rights on the wind and followed up with another on the body. Fitz landed a nice left on the jaw, after missing the right lead for the stomach. A clinch followed and Bob got in a straight drive on the wind. A little hugging followed, and for the first time the referee came in between the men and broke them. Before the *bell sounded Fitz put in a neat right* on the body and swung his left to the jaw, and the honors were fairly even.

Round 4—Jim again led off with a left, which failed to land, and they clinched and broke clean. Bob tried the right for the head, but missed, and Corbett put in a hard *right punch on the body*, and in the clinch swung his right on the jaw. Bob was determined but slow. Corbett commenced to make things pretty lively, but they clinched three times without a blow being struck. A light left swing on the jaw from Corbett was returned with interest by Fitz as far as intention went, but Bob's right and left missed the mark by a few inches. Corbett landed two heavy rights on the wind and put a straight left flush in the face. Then Jim planted his right under Bob's ear and easily escaped a right and left. Jim sent his right to the wind and Bob clinched, taking an uppercut on the chin before the break. Corbett seemed to cling to Fitz in the clinches, as if to save his strength. Fitz shot out his left with terrific force on the wind, and swung a vicious right for the jaw, which was short. Corbett's left landed on the stomach and he repeated the dose a second later. He swung, missing right and left, but on his third trial he sent his right to the stomach and followed up with two swift lefts on the jaw. Corbett was on the agressive now, and after missing a left for the head he sent his right across on the stomach. Time was called with the men clinched and smiling in each other's faces.

Round 5—Jim swung a hard left on the jaw, which made Fitz groggy and the Australian tried to corner his rival, but Jim was too fast and got away, sending a left on the jaw, as he skipped back. Bob was not grinning quite so much now. Jim was a bit wild with the right at the stomach on the first attempt, but on the second he landed viciously on the wind. They exchanged hard right body blows and then Corbett landed with both hands, his right finding the body and his left the jaw. In the clinch he uppercut Fitz and the latter *returned the compliment with a right hook* on the jaw. Corbett sent in two right hand body punches and they clinched. After they stepped back Jim's right reached the wind, but Bob countered with a jolt under the chin.

A left jab from the Californian made Fitz's mouth bleed and a howl of joy went up from Corbett's admirers at the sight of blood. This seemed to nerve Jim and he came in with a vicious right and left on both sides of Fitz's head. Fitz came back with a right swing, which caught Corbett just above the ear and the Californian clinched. They stepped back on the word *from the referee and then Jim put a heavy* left on the jaw, to which Bob had no return.

A right on the body and a stiff left on the jaw flush on the face made the claret flow freely from Fitz's nose and mouth, and he appeared a little rattled. Jim was now doing all the work, and he supplemented a right and left on the jaw with a half arm punch, which was just enough behind the point of Fitz's jaw to minimize the danger. Corbett showed much more confidence and shifted his attack from body to jaw. Four times before the bell rang Jim's right and left landed lightly on the point of attack and as the bell rang he uppercut Fitz.

Round 6—Fitzsimmons opened the round with a right and left swing for the jaw, which were both short. The fast Australian seemed to grow very vicious at his failure and he rushed at Jim and hugged him hard, attempting to wrestle him against the ropes. Referee Siler quickly noticed the roughing and cautioned Fitzsimmons. The caution seemed to have the desired effect, for in the clinches which followed Bob was much more careful. Corbett landed a light left on the face and Bob came back with his right on the body lightly, but missed a terrific left swing for the jaw. They clinched and Bob caught Corbett a hard clip with the right on the side of the head on the breakaway.

Corbett sent in a neat and effective right on the wind and came again with a right on the ear and a left on the mouth and nose, which started the blood afresh. Encouraged by his seconds and the shouts of his friends in the arena, Corbett followed his man all over the ring, jabbing him hard with the left. Bob appeared to be very near Queer street and hugged Corbett closely. While he clung on Corbett uppercut him in the wind, pasted a right and left on the jaw and forced Fitz into his corner. Fitz came back at him, however, and the fighting that ensued was fast and furious, both men being covered with blood. Jim sent a hard right to the jaw and swung his left catching Fitz under the ear and bringing him to his knees.

The Australian remained down until Siler called nine and then got to his feet. Jim rushed at once and planted right and left on *both sides of the face*. Fitz kept away for a time and recovered easily, showing his wonderful recuperative abilities. He was slow, however, and kept clinching. Jim uppercut him repeatedly in the clinches and swung right and left three or four times on the jaw. Fitz appeared very groggy, but Jim lacked strength to get in the deciding blow. In a clinch Jim took a short arm punch on the nose from the Australian, who had recovered wonderfully. A couple of jolts on the wind before the bell rang weakened Jim. As Fitz went to his corner he heard his wife say something about blood on his face. He turned quickly and said:

"Never mind the blood, I've got him licked."

Round 7—Fitz came up looking fresh and stood his ground. Corbett, however, was the first to lead with a left on the jaw and right on the body. Fitz stopped a hard right lead for the body, but was wild with his right and left and Corbett jabbed him three times in the face. Fitz put a light uppercut on the chin and they came together. Fitz was bleeding freely and Corbett was plentifully besmeared with the Australian's gore. Jim sent a light left on the face. Bob returned with a left on the body, which was *also light. Bob swung* his right hard for the jaw, but missed and they clinched. He tried again with the same result. Both were cautious for a moment and then Jim let fly a light left on the nose. Bob reached the face with a light left, but missed with both hands in an attempt to get to the jaw. Jim shoved his left twice in the face, Bob countering the last blow with a left on the jaw. Corbett's right caught Fitz hard on the wind, but the Australian countered heavily on the head. They were slow in breaking away. Fitz's right on the wind brought a counter from Corbett, with a left on the same spot. Jim landed a light left on the jaw and both swung wildly. Fitz put his left glove lightly on the face and, as Fitz clinched, he uppercut Corbett with a right on the jaw. Both were sparring for wind at the end of the round.

Round 8—Jim opened with a light left, which Bob stopped. The Australian swung right and left, but missed, and Jim drove his left on the wind. Bob faked a left lead and then caught Jim lightly on the jaw with a right. Fitz forced the fighting, with a heavy left on the wind, but he was very wild with his right swings and a couple of clinches followed. Corbett cleverly evaded a left for the head and then sent his own left for the body twice. Fitz drove left hard above the heart, but Corbett drew back in time to avoid the full force of the blow. Jim landed a hard left punch on the side of the jaw and Fitz commenced to bleed again. Fitz ran into another left on the jaw immediately afterwards. They sparred at long range for a time and both were very cautious. A light left on the face by Corbett was followed by two left jabs, which landed on Bob's nose. The latter swung left wildly and caught Jim's left on the nose. Again Fitz swung, but Corbett ducked and shot his left past Bob's guard full in the face. Just as the gong sounded Corbett jabbed a stiff left on the damaged nose and Fitz was quickly covered with blood. However, the Australian seemed to be getting stronger as the fight progressed and the enthusiasts who were offering 5 to 3 on Corbett found a good many takers among his adherents.

Round 9—Both sparred cautiously and Fitz seemed to be boxing well within himself. Jim started the ball rolling with a light left on the nose, Bob countering lightly with the right on the body. More long range sparring took place before Jim shot a stiff left on the wind and then shoved his glove into Bob's face. Fitzsimmons rushed in and put a left on the chin, but was met by two stiff efts, one on the jaw, the other on the nose. They clinched and Jim drove his right over the heart before they stepped back. Fitz missed two left swings before he successfully landed on the jaw with a left hand hook, which staggered Corbett. Jim swung his left for the jaw, but Bob ducked. Fitzsimmons did a lot of leading, but failed to land.

Jim put his left on the face and stepped

Continued on Page 7.

A sick person trying to keep up on mere stimulating tonics is like any one pretending to swim while supported by a belt. The instant the support is withdrawn down you go.

Nearly all diseases result from a deep-seated impairment of the nutritive powers which cannot be reached by any temporary exhilaration. The only good that any medicine can do is to increase your own natural powers of recovery and make you able to swim for yourself.

The debilitating weakness, nervousness and digestive disorder which indicates this state of mal-nutrition can only be overcome by a scientific remedy like Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which acts directly upon the digestive and blood-making organs, and effects the nutritive transformation of food into rich, healthy blood, which carries genuine permanent vitality to every corner of the system.

It is vastly more nutritious than malt-extracts. It does not paralyze the nerves, but feeds them with health. It is better than cod liver oil emulsions. It is assimilated by the weakest stomachs. It does not make flabby useless fat, but muscular strength and healthy nerve-force. It is the only perfect invigorant for corpulent people.

Mrs. Ella Howell, of Derby, Perry Co., Ind., writes: "In the year of 1894 I was taken with stomach trouble—nervous dyspepsia. There was a coldness in my stomach, and a weight which seemed like a rock. Everything that I ate gave me great pain; I had a bearing down sensation; was swelled across my stomach; had a ridge around my right side, and in a short time I was bloated. I was treated by three of our best physicians but got no relief. Then Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was recommended to me and I got it, and commenced the use of it. I began to see a change for the better. I was so weak I could not walk across the room without assistance. I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and one bottle of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I began to improve very fast after the use of a few bottles. The physicians who attended me said I had 'dropsy' and that my disease was leading into pulmonary consumption. I had quite a cough, and the home physicians gave me up to die. I thank God that my cure is permanent."

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897

THE '97 RED BIRD.

This Year's Brantford Wheel is an Exceptionally Fine One.

This year's Brantford Red Bird bicycle bids fair to be even more popular than any of its predecessors, and has a variety of strong points that will commend it to the experienced rider.

The greater width of the hubs will give additional strength.

The large tubing used all around adds to the strength and rigidity, besides being very pleasing in appearance.

The bearings are absolutely dust proof, being protected by four different protectors.

It is fitted with the new patent ball oilers, the best oiling device ever used on a bicycle.

The finger washers, with which it is adjusted, being most sensitive to the touch, make an ideal means of adjustment.

Solid steel centre pedals, with corrugated ends and side plates, that increase their strength by 200 per cent, will be used. The oilers in these pedals are located in the side screws, and are invisible to the casual observer.

A new feathered axle introduced in the '97 model, prevents the axle from turning in adjusting.

The new straight-bottom fork tubes give greater strength.

The larger balls in crank-hanger will add to their world-wide reputation of being wonderfully easy-running.

New fork sides, tapered from end to end, will give increased strength.

New crown plates, that, while being lighter than those used in the '96 model, have a greater distance between them that is certain to increase the strength at this important point.

It will be seen that the improvements made in the '97 model will give increased strength where it is most important to have it.

Riders of the '96 model will probably doubt that it is possible to build a bicycle that will run easier than the wheel that scored such a succession of victories last year, but the larger balls used in this year's crank-hanger will certainly give this result.

The '97 ball-oiler is a little thing in itself, but it is such an excellent one, and is such a safeguard against dust and grit entering the bearings by way of the oiler, that it is most important.

Besides the improvements made in the '97 model, the very best material it is possible to buy is used in its manufacture; the greatest care is given the manufacture of every part; each wheel is beautifully finished and thoroughly tested before leaving the factory. Nothing has been left undone that should have been done to make the '97 Red Bird the perfect bicycle it is to-day.

The handsome '97 catalogue pronounced by Cycling to be a work of art, will be sent to any reader of this paper, on receipt of a post card. Address, THE GOOLD BICYCLE CO., Lt'd., Brantford, Ont.

—Mr. Renwick and Mr. Thompson, of South Harvey, were over the other day getting lumber with which they are enlarging the accommodation for the Lakehurst Agricultural show, the Bobcaygeon Independant states. South Harvey has a fine class of farmers, prudent yet enterprising, and who make a splendid exhibit of stock at their fall show.

A Clergyman's Opinion

Rev. Edgar B. Husband, The Rectory, Paspebiac, Quebec, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of 'Quickcure' for Toothache. I have used it after other remedies failed, and found almost instant relief. I always keep it with me."

THE GRECIAN RULERS

THE BRAVE STUFF OF WHICH ONE ROYAL FAMILY IS MADE.

The Reigning Family of the Plucky Little Power Which Has Courteously Defied Armed Europe — The Prince Commanding the Greek Fleet

For the first time in modern history Greece has assumed the most prominent position among the powers of the earth. This time it is not forensic glory that she seeks, but the glory which is won by the feats of arms and by the sincere satisfaction of having championed the cause of the patriot as against the fanatic, by performing in spite of fearful opposition a deed which all Christendom has openly or secretly applauded. No one can tell what will be the result.

It may be that the stern hand of the Liliputian power has been the one to open the floodgates of conflict and turn all Europe into an armed camp. It is a prophecy made so many years ago that no one can remember the date, that when a Constantine and a Sophia again reigned in Athens, then the Eastern Empire, which means united and extended Greece, should be again revived in all the glories and all the power that belonged to it when the first Emperor Constantine lived that life which made his name and fame imperishable.

There is, among the nations of the world, none whose history is like unto Greece. For centuries before history was made for modern eyes to read she was a power and her people more enlightened than any other known to exist. With such a background it is small wonder, indeed, that she has held her own in the memories and minds of men where other and greater nations have fallen into oblivion and left no works behind them to rescue

PRINCE GEORGE OF GREECE, COMMANDING GREEK FLEET IN CRETAN WATERS.

their name from everlasting silence. Greece is not a larger country. No part of her is forty miles from the sea nor ten from the hills. Her area is 24,977 miles.

Her population, according to the last census, was 2,187,208, and should she, despite the intrusiveness of the other European powers, succeed in annexing Crete, she will have added 300,000 more to the sum total of her inhabitants, and a territory of 150 square miles.

In some respects Greece is admirably adapted to carry on a defensive warfare. She has few rivers and many hills. None of the former are navigable, and all of the latter can be fortified, as many of them are. In the complexity of her make-up and the variety of her natural features, Greece excels every country in Europe. Her inhabitants are inquisitive, fond of excitement, and, like the ancient seers of Athena, love discussion, long for knowledge, learn easily, and are aggressively patriotic. Despite universal patriotism the country is made up of three different races, who really speak three different languages, and consider themselves entirely distinct from one another. The first of these is the Greek, the second the Albanian, and the third the Roumanian.

Over all these people there rules with an iron hand a man who went from the masthead of an English cruiser to the throne of Greece. Thirty-four years ago he was Prince George of Denmark, the brother of the Princess of Wales, and a midshipman in the British navy. One day, while aboard the cruiser, and at the masthead by way of punishment for some mischief of which he had been guilty, he was suddenly called down by the executive officer, and on the quarter-deck met the representatives of the Athenian Government and the great powers, who hailed him as the King of the Hellenes.

If a solid shot had dropped out of the sky and struck the deck directly in front of him the royal middy could not have been more astounded. Greatness that is thrust upon the scions of royal houses, however, has to be accepted, and so the young sailor left the berthdeck of the cruiser for the palace of Athens. He has administered from the first the government of his turbulent, divided and yet united kingdom, with such sagacity and wisdom that he has endeared himself to each and every one of those who vow to him allegiance.

The royal family of Greece is the sturdiest in Europe among all upon whom the fierce light of a throne shines. Queen Olga, the consort of King George, is the daughter of that statesman and philanthropist, the late Grand Duke Constantine Nicolaevitch of Russia. Five sons and two daughters are the result of this union. Six of these children are still alive, the seventh, the Princess Alexandra, died a year after her marriage to the Grand Duke Paul.

By far the most notable, however, of the children of the royal pair, is Prince George, the third son, who, like the Duke of York, is a sailor because he likes to be. It is he who is in command of the naval expedition that has given the Cretans aid. It is he who, when notified by the admirals of the allied powers, that an attempt by him to land would result in a bombardment by them, said: "I shall do my duty, let the consequences be what they may." At the same time this remark was made, King George of Greece, in his palace at Athens, said to the British Minister: "I shall do my duty by the Cretans. My people demand it. I would rather be a dead monarch than an exiled King."

It may also be stated that Prince George, the worthy son of a worthy father, has many other acts of gallantry to his credit than those which he has already performed at Crete. In addition to saving the life of the present Czar while in Japan, he has saved the life of a common seaman at the risk of his own under these circumstances: Two years ago, while on board a Grecian cruiser, a terrific hurricane was encountered in the Bay of Piraeus. A boat, containing a sailor, capsized, when, without even doffing his uniform coat, Prince George jumped into the ocean, reached the sailor, and, finally getting within reach of the cruiser, caught a rope that was thrown to him. Holding to the rope with one hand, he held the senseless seaman with the other, and the two were thus drawn on board.

The Crown Prince of Greece is Constantine. His wife is the sister of Emperor William of Germany; but neither the Crown Prince nor the Crown Princess is on speaking terms with the Kaiser, because the Princess abandoned the Lutheran Church and embraced the Greek national faith. Constantine is a statesman. As Abraham Lincoln once said: "He has his ear to the ground at all times, and can tell just what the people are doing." With the mass of the Grecian people he is more popular than any of his brothers, unless it be Prince George, whose recent gallantry has made him very dear to all those who love liberty and religious freedom.

Prince Nicholas of Greece, the second son of King George, is an artillery officer, and in command of the forces on the Grecian frontier. He is not a giant in stature, although an exceedingly well developed young man above the average height and weight. It is his duty to prepare for the threatened invasion by the Turkish troops, and his attitude thus far indicates that the Sublime Porte will have his hands full when he tries to enter Hellas, as the Greeks call their country. The mother of these boys, Queen Olga, is worthy of the sons who have caused her so much gratification. She is the only petticoated Admiral in the world. There are plenty of women who hold official positions in the army, but Queen Olga is the only admiral, and she arrived at this distinction through the late Czar of Russia, who made her an Admiral of the Russian navy. Like Prince George, she is passionately fond of the sea, and uses her yacht as other women of royal lineage do their carriages. She has successfully passed the examination required in order to secure the diploma of a full-fledged sailing master. Not only does she hold the commission of an admiral, but, if necessary, could perform the duties of one. Withal, she is a woman, true, sincere, sympathetic. Charity is her delight, and the sick and the poor of the kingdom bless her, not for her royal station, but for her womanly, loving kindness. The people of Greece love her, as they do her eldest son. She is not only the Queen of their country, but of their hearts as well.

All this indicates the sort of stuff of which at least one royal family is made; a family who will do and dare; who will dare to do right and dare to be true.

FIRST SPRING SUITS.

No Extremes in Fashionable Styles For Well-Dressed Men.

New spring clothes, which are now appearing, indicate that fashion will be less severe in her demands upon men than she has been in the past. Almost anything will be permissible. Tailors say that the favorite materials will be cheviots, worsteds, homespuns and tweeds in fancy suitings. These range in design from mixtures to mottles, from fine to broad stripes, from small chicks to broad plaids, or combinations of all of them. Colors of all sorts are found, from sober grays to startling combinations of browns, reds, blues and greens.

The cheviots will probably be the most popular. Worsteds are next in popularity and they are preferable in Scotch effects. Unfinished worsteds in checks are a novelty that is likely to be popular. Serges in blacks and blues retain their popularity of last year for sack suits.

Extremes are avoided in the cut of the garments. Coats will be neither loose nor tight, the shoulders will be of about the natural width, and vests will give to the body an apparent

FIRST SPRING SUITS.

length in harmony with the full height. Trousers will be wide enough for convenience, but they will show the curve of the leg.

The roll of the single-breasted coat will be wide, though the notch will be small; collars will be long. The double-breasted frock will have a tapering effect, and the double-breasted vest will have a peaked lapel roll. Trousers are to be cut so as to fall over the instep without a front hollow.

It was thought that the influence of cycling and outdoor games would lead to a relaxation in men's dress, but the disposition seems to be to draw the lines more closely between day dress and negligé costume. So he must have a cycling suit when cycling, a golfing suit when playing golf, a yachting suit when sailing—all in addition to the full and semi-dress clothes and the business suits which are a part of every well-dressed man's wardrobe.

The new styles show the double-breasted sack for business wear, every part of which indicates comfort, convenience and utility. There is the long-waisted, short-skirted cutaway frock, which has about it a commercial air, the cut away frock of dark material. But the double-breasted frock, with a richness of roll, a fulness of skirt and general dignity will be more worn than ever before this spring. The well-dressed man must wear it at every function of any kind when the sun is below the horizon. It is the only garment which is full dress or semi-dress for affairs during the daytime.

The length of the frock coat during the present season will average from thirty-seven to thirty-eight inches for afternoon wear, while for morning wear it should be an inch shorter.

The vest may be either single or double-breasted, the former being preferred for morning wear. If single-breasted it will average twenty-five and a half inches in length and will open a trifle lower than the coat, having a collar of liberal width. The double-breasted vest for a frock suit has the lapels cut off. It will close with four buttons opening lower than the coat and being a trifle longer than the single-breasted vest.

Trousers should be of the same material as the coat for morning wear, but for afternoon wear may be of moderately light colored material.

Double-breasted sack suits will be more popular than ever, plain, dark materials being preferred for the coat and vest, which should be worn with fancy trousers. The coat will average thirty and one-half inches in length and be the same in the back as the cutaway sack. The collar will be extremely long, and the lapels will be moderately peaked. The buttons will be set well away from the edge. There will be no breast pockets, as is the case with all clothes made this year.

Expensive Gratitude.

In one of the Western States an exciting under trial was in progress. It happened that the attorney for the defense had in his employ a colored porter, who naturally became very much interested in the case.

When the jury retired he awaited their return with feverish impatience. At last, after several hours, they came in with a verdict of "not guilty." At the announcement the negro's self-control deserted him entirely, and he cried out: "Thank de Lord."

The judge immediately called him up and fined him ten dollars for contempt of court. The poor fellow was nearly scared to death, but after he recovered from his fright he remarked: "Dis heah am a funny country when you hab to pay ten dollars for thankin' de Lord."

MUNYON'S COLD CURE

Colds lead to coughs, coughs to pneumonia and consumption; therefore, it is all important to check a cold before it reaches the lungs. Munyon's Cold Cure will positively break a cold inside of twenty-four hours if taken as soon as the cold manifests itself. When the cold reaches the lungs or bronchial tubes the Cough Cure should be used alternately every half hour with the Cold Cure. The Cold Cure is guaranteed to prevent pneumonia if used in the beginning of a cold. *Pneumonia*, or inflammation of the lungs, can be controlled by the use of these two cures.

The Cough Cure positively cures bronchitis, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, soreness of the chest, difficulty in breathing, hacking cough and all pulmonary diseases where the lungs are not too far consumed by disease or covered with tubercles.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.30 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

You Don't Care, Eh?

Well perhaps you will wake up to the fact when its too late that you are playing havoc with your nervous and digestive system by the daily use of the adulterated nerve-disturbing rubbish of China and Japan masquerading under the name of tea.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Absolutely Pure. Nutritious and Delicious.

Lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers.

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for:

Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek

A Situation?

Have You Houses

or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured

All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or

Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing,

To Sell?

You Will Find It Pays

To Advertise To Advertise

In THE REVIEW.

No suit is complete without an extra pair or Trousers, if it is to be worn day in and day out, for no one has found yet a way to keep trousers from bagging and wrinkling when in constant use. We have a great variety of Extra Trousers in plain and fancy patterns, both in Tweeds and Worsteds, that will go farther than anything else towards keeping your suit spick and span the rest of the winter—and the cost is not much. A pair of our $1.75 or $2.00 Pants will tone-up an old coat wonderfully, and our $2 50, $3.00 and $3.50 Trousers would add more than twice that difference in the appearance of any suit you might have. Remember we are offering Extra Values in Extra Trousers.

N. B.—Any Alterations that are necessary will be made free of charge.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS.
W. J. WATTAM, MANAGER. **Peterborough.**

ALL THE LATEST
MUSIC Five Cents a Copy
VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.
Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.
IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
94 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.
Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

EDWIN LOOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.
RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.
Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.
Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having claims against the estate of WILLIAM TAYLOR, late of the Town of Peterborough, who died on or about the 31st day of January, 1897, are required on or before the First day of April, 1897, to deliver or send by post prepaid to the undersigned, GEO. RAWLINGS, Executor of the Estate, Peterborough, their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

GEO. RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.

Dated Feb. 18th, 1897. 5641

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE
FRIDAY, MARCH 19th
HARRY WILLIAMS' BRILLIANT SUCCESS,
"A BOWERY GIRL."
MISS LILLIAN KEENE in the Title Role.
A HAPPY BLENDING OF SENSATION, COMEDY AND PATHOS.
Interspersed with bright and catchy songs, dances and up-to-date specialties. Special scenery and effects.
Prices 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats now on sale. 5643

SAWS Filed and Gummed in first-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE.....
WEDDING PRESENTS.
Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.
C. F. KUTZBACH
Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Bickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Y W C A Notes

Don't forget the Bible class to-night, which Miss Forsythe is to take charge of.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Special Inducements.

We sell high grade violins, guitars, banjos, autoharps, accordians and all small musical goods on the monthly payment plan at almost cost prices. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d63tf

St John's Women Auxiliary.

St. John's branch of the Women' Auxiliary held its annual meeting on Monday afternoon. The reports of the various officers show that much excellent work has been accomplished for parochial as well as missionary objects, and there is also an increase in the funds of the society this year. The Mission Board report is deserving of special notice. The little workers raised the sum of $61.75 during the past year. The officers were re-elected as follows:—Hon. President—Mrs Waller; President—Mrs G A Smith; Vice-Presidents—Mrs Jas Bost and Mrs Boswell; Secretary—Miss Errett; Treasurer — Mrs Clark; Parochial secretary—Miss Halliday; Superintendent of Mission Band—Mrs H S Greenwood.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The New High Class but Low Priced
(Read on.)

A TRIP THROUGH IRELAND

The St. Patrick's Day Entertainment, Under the Auspices of the E B A., at the Opera House.

Usually the St. Patrick's day concerts drew big audiences, but this year the record was broken, only a comparatively small audience attending the entertainment under the auspice of the Emerald Benefical Association. Nevertheless those that were present enjoyed the programme. The views of South Africa by Mr R M Roy had been announced as the principal attraction, but the audience had to forego the pleasure of looking upon the scenes of recent important events in the Transvall and South Africa, for, as Mr. Roy explained, the views which he had expected daily for two weeks did not arrive and he attached the blame to the officials across the Atlantic. However, Mr. Roy, as soon as he found that the views would not arrive here for the entertainment, secured a splendid set of views of Ireland, which he threw upon the canvass last evening, holding the attention of all, many of whom looked upon scenes where their childhood had been passed or where in recent years they had paid a visit. The audience was taken on a trip through the green isle, all the famous spots and large cities being viewed, Mr. Roy describing each scene.

During the evening a programme was contributed. Miss Primeau rendered several recitations that ranked her as a promising young elocutionist. The audience also had a surprise in store for them when Master Rupert Phelan made his debut before a Peterborough audience as a soloist. He possesses a rich, clear voice which, when cultivated, should bring to the boy an enviviable reputation. Mr W Desautel appeared in a couple of jigs and dances that were liberally applauded. Miss N. Lewis, as usual, sang in fine form. The other numbers on the programme were a well executed instrumental duet by Misses Pollock and McCabe and an admirable quartette by Messrs Edgecumbe, Harvie, J Miller and Jas Browne. The accompaniste of the evening was Miss McCabe. In Miss Lewis' selection Mr. J. W. Butcher assisted Miss McCabe.

Mrs. Thom, wife of one of Quebec's best known educators for fifty years, writes: "It is marvelous how 'Quickcure' subdues pain."

Miss Girouard and staff of milliners are very busy making preparations for the big Millinery opening at Turnbull's on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

The Millinery show rooms at Turnbull's will be open on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, for the convenience of their customers when all the new spring dress fabrics will also be displayed.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms 427 George-st. d43t

Baptist Young People.

The Baptist Young People elected Rev O H Cowsert, Belleville, president; Mr L B Randall, Port Hope, vice-president; Mr L Croly, Peterborough, recording secretary; Mr R Burgess, Lakefield; Mr F Minor, Colborne; Mr V Faulkner, Holloway, executive.

The Craig Mine.

This well-known free milling mine of Tudor township, Hastings county, has recently been developed by a shaft to the depth of 55 feet, having a mineralized ore body for the whole depth of the shaft. Seven tons of ore have recently been sent to the Kingston School of Mines, and the "bullion" yield is pronounced by the experts of that institution as that of a good property. The mine has recently been transferred to the Toronto Tudor Mining Company, Limited. Up to the present time the owners have not offered shares for sale, as they preferred to develop the property and prove its value. They have now decided to place a limited amount, namely, 100,000 shares of stock on subscription next week at 25 cents per share, and an announcement will appear in these columns. The officers are A. J. Patterson, president, manager of the Canadian Homestead Loan and Savings Association; G. R. Warwick, vice-president of the firm of Warwick Bros. & Rutter, the well known book and stationers; J. W. Carry, secretary and treasurer, Crown Attorney of the city of Toronto; Alderman Arthur F. Rutter and Fred Diver, Manager of the Central Press Agency. 1d65

THE WHEELS ARE TURNING

And the Auburn Company's Big Generator is Running Steadily—Will Supply Power on Monday.

On Monday the wheels and big generator at the Auburn Power Co.'s power house were set in motion. The generator was installed by the manufacturers, the Canadian General Electric Co, of town, and will be in their care until some tests are completed. The generator has been running steadily since, sending out a current of 2,100 volts, which is, so to speak, emptied into the flume. No power load is carried by the generator, the work it is doing being only preliminary. The power developed is approximately 350 h.p. The wheels and generator are running without noise and very smoothly.

On Monday next the Power Company will serve current to the electric works, where two synchronous motors are being installed, one in the power house to drive the direct current dynamos now being driven by the engine, and another motor in the machine and erecting shop to take the work of the engine at present in use. The boilers—with a part of their occupation gone—will be used for heating purposes and as a reserve.

The Auburn Company have fixed power rates at a minimum and very much below the rates charged in Toronto, Hamiltion or Ottawa, and have in view the substitution of their current for power purposes in several other factories in town.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

PASTORS' CONFERENCE

Several Baptist Pastors Read Papers Which Are Followed by Discussions.

Rev. Messrs. T. Watson, Colborne; S. E. Weaver, Brighton; C. E. MacLeod, Smith; A. T. Dykeman, Peterborough, and J. W. Kirkpatrick, Bailliebоro; attended a pastors' conference of the Peterborough Baptist Association in the Park-st. church yesterday and listened to excellent papers on subjects particularly interesting to the church, and participated in the discussions that followed.

During the day several papers were read. Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick read a paper on "Heresis and Doctrine"; Mr. Jos. H. Mann, Bridgenorth, on "Tithing"; Rev. A. T. Dykeman on "The Immortality of the Soul"; and Rev. T. Watson, on "Is God the Father of All?" A paper prepared by Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, M.A., of Port Hope, on "Socialility in our Churches," was read by Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick in the absence of Mr. Dayfoot.

In the evening Rev. S.S. Weaver preached an excellent sermon to a fair congregation. This closed a most profitable conference.

The Sisters of Charity, "Grey Nuns," Guy-st., Montreal, writes: "Having made use of your 'Quickcure' in our establishment, we are happy to add our testimony, also, in its favor." Nothing equals "Quickcure" as a dressing for Burns, Scalds, Cuts or wounds; even Toothache need no more be dreaded.

Patrons Meeting.

A meeting of the patrons of the Pine Grove cheese factory will be held on Monday, March 22nd, 1897, at 3 o'clock in the cheese factory.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

St. John's Lenten Service.

Rev. J. S. Broughall, Rector of Whitby, preached at the Lenten service at St. John's church last evening. The congregation was fair and the sermon was an earnest and practical one. Revs. E. V. Stevenson and W. L. Armitage assisted in the service.

Miss Armstrong is showing a special line of torchon and linen crescent point lace; also check, dotted and plain muslin for children and ladies' aprons and dresses. New millinery goods just arrived at Miss. Armstrongs 330 George-st. d5

At Central Smith.

A highly successful meeting of those interested in the cheese industry was addressed by Mr. D. Derbyshire at the Central Smith factory last evening The cheesemaker, Mr. C. F. Kivel, presided, and the Smith band contributed music during the evening. The speaker and the band were extended votes of thanks.

Personal

Mr. Edward Piper, senior member of the firm of Noah L Piper & Sons, Toronto, was in town yesterday. During the day he placed the agency for the firm's new patent bicycle rack with Mr. O. B. Shortly.

The condition of Mrs (Rev) G H Davis remains unchanged.

Messrs. J B. McWilliams, P. C. M., S. B. Weir, D. M., and J. A. McWilliams are in Picton attending the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario East.

Dr. Chas. McKee has resumed his practice at Bailliebоro', his condition being sufficiently improved. His mother, Mrs McKee, will remain with him for a short time.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

The trophy donated by the Colts for competition amongst the Thistles and Granites was won last evening by the Thistles in a six rink match, the victory being pronouncedly in their favor, every rink being up. Skip Parker is entitled to first position amongst the Granites, as the majority against him was the smallest, though he had to combat with Skip Sam Ray. All the rinks were utilized, three rinks being formed on the skating ice. The two Colt skips, Messrs. Horkins and Davidson, were in charge of rinks and had easy victories.

The result of the contest was as follows:—

Rink No. 1.	
C LeBrun	R Waddell
G L Hay	G H Giroux
E Rutherford	E B Edwards
G J Horkins, s'p. 25	D W Dumble, s'p. 7
Rink No. 2.	
A McNeil	H Grassett
J Stanger	H R H Kenner
J B Pentland	R S Davidson
S Ray, skip.....18	W D Parker, skip. 13
Rink No. 3.	
W H Meredith	V C McGill
J S Knapman	H A Morrow
Geo Brown	Geo E Whiten
R H Kelts, skip. 19	G W Hatton, skip. 11
Rink No. 4.	
J H Hall	R E Wood
C N Brown	W H Manson
W G Ferguton	T E Bradburn
D Davidson, skip. 19	Judge Weller, s'p. 13
Rink No. 5.	
H Snowden	F J Rogers
J McClelland	H Finnimore
Geo Fitzgerald	Geo S Matthews
D Belleghem, skip. 22	Dr Boucher, skip..15
Rink No. 6.	
H LeBrun	W F Nelson
A Blade	A McNeil
C Rutherford	W G Morrow
T Rutherford, s'p. 28	Geo Edmison, skip. 19
Total 131	Total.....77

Majority for the Thistles, 54 shots.

After the contest the trophy was presented to the Thistles by Mr. C N Brown on behalf of the Colts, and suitable replies were made.

THE GRANITES' POINT GAME.

The Granites will play their point game at the rink to-night. Members will govern themselves accordingly.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

PETERBOROUGH AFTER IT.

Peterborough Bicycle Club Out for the C W A Meet.

The Canadian Wheelman, official organ of the C W A, contains the following letter from the secretary of the Peterborough Bicycle club:—

SIR,—At a meeting of this club held last week I was instructed to write a brief note and to request publication of the same in your next issue.

Within the last month many references have been made in the Ontario cycling papers to Peterborough's claim for the meet of 1897, and favoring this town as the location of the meet. We feel assured that the friends who so kindly favour us think that Peterborough, by the fight put up during the last two years, deserves to have the gathering of 1897.

While we are glad to recognize these good offices and appreciate very much the interest in our behalf, Peterborough is not a candidate for the meet of this year. Peterborough's delegation returning home after the Waterloo of Good Friday last, brought many friendly assurances that the next time the meet swung to the east that Peterborough should get it. That it should go to the west this year we are quite willing, but Peterborough will be early and heartily in the field for the meet of 1898. This has been generally and I may say clearly understood by our members and they have not bestirred themselves.

For the meet of 1897 our club has decided to support Brantford and trust that enterprising town will be successful. Brantford has had a meet—this true—but at a time when the meet was very much more in need of a benefactor than now. Brantford took it in and helped it, and is now, it seems to us, fully entitled to the opportunity to do the thing handsomely and I am sure successfully. With thanks for favor of publication.

Yours fraternally,
F. H. DOBBIN,
Secy. P.B.C.

Peterborough, March 8th, '97.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced, Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache.. 25 cents.

IT CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

A Blaze in E. F. Mason's Flour and Feed Store Caused by the Explosion of a Lamp.

The nucleus of what might have proved to be a serious blaze in E. F. Mason & Co.'s store was discovered in the nick of time by Mr. Bert Armstrong, clerk in the store, last evening, and though the damage by fire did not amount to much, Mr. Mason received a fall which shook him up severely.

Mr. Mason was in the flour and feed department, having gone to secure some boxes that were placed near an old cellar door. He carried a lamp and set it down on a box while he was taking out the boxes. He had hardly commenced his work when the lamp exploded and the flames leaped into a tub containing paper and also ignited some sulphur in a bag near at hand.

Mr. Mason in order to escape opened the trap door into the cellar, and forgetting that the ladder reaching from the ground had been removed, stepped into space and fell to the earth, below He was dazed for a few seconds so that he could not give the alarm. But Mr. Armstrong, who was attending to a customer in the grocery department, noticed the bright light and ran into the other store and found the corner in a blaze. He immediately poured a quantity of water on the flames and soon extinguished the fire, though had he been a minute later it is likely he would have been unable to succeed. Calling for Mr. Mason, he heard a response from the cellar and went to his assistance and brought him to the store. Mr. Mason was taken home and is much improved to-day and will be able to be at work to-morrow. Neither of the gentlemen were burned to any extent. None of the contents of the store suffered, only the end of the "bin" and a few boxes being touched by the flames.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

To-morrow Night's Attraction

Harry Williams' famous play, "A Bowery Girl," which appears at Bradburn's opera house to-morrow night, was the theatrical triumph of last season in the principal cities of America. It was written by the celebrated Californian novelist and dramatist, Miss Ada Lee Bascom. Miss Lillian Keene has been engaged for the leading roll. She is a bright and talented artiste who has won well-deserved fame. This little lady is an exceptionally clever dancer and singer, as well also as a very accomplished actress. The company supporting Miss Keene has been selected with care by the management, and is said to be fully up to the requirements of the play. Prices 25, 35 and 50c.

The ladies of Peterborough will kindly accept this invitation to Turnbull's Millinery opening on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

OAK HALL.

Primary S. S. Teachers Union.

The regular weekly meeting will be held to-morrow (Friday), evening, at 7.45 o'clock, in St. Paul's church.

Mr. Fessenden at Toronto.

Principal Fessenden, of the Collegiate Institute, was summoned before the Public Accounts committee of the Ontario Legislature at Toronto yesterday. Mr. Fessenden is the author of the text book in physics. In answer to questions he stated that the book on physics was a cheap one, not costing any more than a book of the same size published in America. He thought the school of Pedagogy an exceedingly useful and necessary institution. There was great difficulty throughout the province in having a uniform oral examination. He thought that in conducting examinations many teachers were careless about the answers they received from pupils. Instead of insisting on a clearly expressed answer they often allowed a slipshod answer.

Everyone requiring Laces should see the immense new stock in Turnbull's Lace Department.

Brevities.

—The annual meeting of the Board of Trade will be held this evening.

—Considerable local money changed hands on the result of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight.

—Mr. W. J. McCallum has on exhibition in his restaurant photos of mining scenes in South Africa, loaned by Mr. John Irwin.

—The Ladies Aid Society of St. Andrew's church have arranged for a recital by Miss Alexander Ramsay for Tuesday, April 20th.

—The annual examination of Methodist probationers in the Bay of Quinte Conference will be held in Brighton on April 20th. Rev. W. R. Young, B. A., is one of the examiners.

—A case of diptheria from the outskirts of Ashburnham was reported to the Medical Health officer and taken the St. Joseph's hospital, where the child died this morning. There are no other cases in the village.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood diseases, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Skating rink.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Granite curling night.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Bible class at Y M C A
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Board of Trade.
Market committee.
Organization meeting of the Lacrosse Club at the Oriental.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

The Railway Men Grateful.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR, — Would you, through the columns of your valuable paper, permit me on behalf of West Toronto Lodge, No. 255, Brotherhood Railway Trainmen, to express our thanks and sincere gratification to the superintendent and nurses of Nicholls hospital, Peterborough, for their untiring efforts and marked kind treatment afforded our late Bro. Sidney Adams, in that institution, between the time of the sad accident and his death. Also for the floral contribution of respect from the nurses.

We feel that we cannot let this opportunity of expressing our sentiments of the staff of that hospital pass by unnoticed. Believe me, that the many favors extended to our dead brother are appreciated by this lodge. Thanking you for the space in your issue. I am sir,

Yours respectfully,
J. F. COOK,
Secretary.

Toronto, March 16th.

Who is to be Adjutant of Bisley Team in 1897?

Apparently it rests between Major A. T. Patterson, of 85th battalion of Montreal, and the popular Major of the 8th Royal Rifles of Quebec, who has written the author of "Pheno-Banum," saying: "Your 'Quickcure' stops toothache immediately. I have known of its merits for many years. As a pain relieving and healing remedy it is fully worthy of confidence."

Signed, J. S. DUNBAR.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

The Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—The manly art, or a short chapter of incidents from the great arena a Carson City where all the notable sports o continent are assembled to witness the greatest battle of the century, which took place yesterday, 17th of March. Four thousand onlookers! Streets adjacent crowded with people! Great excitement! Oh, what a spectacle to men, angels and demons! Two worlds looking on while two beings, calling themselves men, fight like two beasts. And what is it all for? Money in the first instance; secondly, to please the animal or coarser nature, which, if developed sufficiently, displays the devilish side of our being; thirdly, to acquire a morbid notriety—about the same reason given by some criminals for committing some fearful crimes, that their names might be published abroad or, if the crime is particularly heinous, their names may go down to posterity.

Some of the rounds are omitted, but all ar heart sickening.

Fifth round, first blood.

Sixth round—Fitz is literally covered with blood, but is fighting like a demon.

Round seven—Fitz looks like a stack bullock.

Round ten—Fitz spits blood out of his mouth.

Round twelve—Fitz spits copious wads of blood.

Round fourteen—Fitz lands a terrible left hand jab on Corbett's stomach and Corbett goes to his knees with a frightful look of agony on his face. The blow that did the business landed over Corbett's heart and he collapsed.

Thus ends another of those beastly exhibitions which might do credit to the dark ages or be an admiring spectacle to a tribe of savages, but we may well ask ourselves, where are we? Yes, in the nineteenth century, in this great Victorian age, the greatest of all the ages for culture and refinement, and yet such a scene for four thousand people to look on in admiration, and many more thousands would like to have been where the four thousand stood. Where, I would like to ask, under the blue dome of heaven is there a man that can give us one elevating thought in connection with such an exhibition as took place yesterday?

Yours, etc.,
FOR HUMANITY.

Another department added at Turnbull's. A big stock of American Window Shades. The latest styles at low prices.

NEW SCOTCH TWEEDS, and ENGLISH WORSTED SERGES.

This is a decided change in the Spring Suitings this season. The progress of the weaver's art shows up in the finer finish and newness of shades.

If you want a Spring Suit equal to those worn in the fashionable parts of London, we're ready to make it for you.

We believe in making the highest class garments at a price within your reach, and accomplish this by doing a cash business and importing direct from Europe.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 255 George St., Established 1877

THE CHEESEMAKERS IN CONVENTION

THE ADDRESS OF MR J A RUDDICK ON CHEESEMAKING.

A Practical Talk Full of Instruction to the Cheesemaker—The Kingston Dairy School—Election of Officers.

At the morning session of the county cheesemakers' convention in the Council Chamber, after the paper by Mr. A. D. Perry, Mr. D. Derbyshire addressed the meeting.

A PRACTICAL TALK.

Mr. Derbyshire in a short reference to Mr. Perry's paper strongly emphasized cleanliness as the important factor in making fancy cheese and butter. Expensive stables were not necessary. A stable that had the sunshine in the morning and the afternoon to purify it, was well ventilated and had regular temperature, was all that was needed to give healthy animals and milk free from bacteria. Cheaper production was the requisite of the trade, as it was of all others, at the present time. Yet the farmer to-day was taking just as much to produce one hundred pounds of milk as ever. The farmer must look to himself, and must reduce the cost of milk production. The unparalelled advance made by the cheese industry in Canada showed that the business was lighted up by the highest intelligence, with the exception of one man, the milk producer. What was to be done in regard to this to remedy it. The study was in the cow that could produce the most milk, and in the food that was to be given to the cow. Ensilage corn was necessary to assist production. June was the most favorable to milk production, and the nearer they kept the cow the year round in June temperature the better. The cow would require nutritious food. It was greatest importance that they should have ensilage to keep up the milk flow in the hot, dry weather of summer when pasture was bad. Once the milk ran down they could not get it up again. This was the cause of a loss of a million dollars to the Province of Ontario. When cheese prices got low the farmer let the milk business go to pot and then when the prices went up he had not the milk to send to the factories. Until they got the farmers to weed out the poor cows, keep clean and dry stables, have good and proper food supply so as to reduce the cost of production of milk while increasing its quantity they would never have prosperity in the dairy industry. Canada had the best conditions in the world for making first-class cheese and butter. They should get good results from a cow the year round, for a cow could not earn a living in six months any more than a man. They should learn the cow from the time she first came in to milk the year round. He believed the adoption of the Babcock test, the paying for the milk just what it was worth, was a step in advance in the right direction. In concluding he again urged cleanliness all along the line. The cheesemakers should set the patrons a good example by their appearance and habits. The cheesemakers should visit the patrons and investigate the conditions under which the milk was made. He dwelt on the importance of winter butter making, the butter trade in Canada being yet in its infancy, as Canada only supplied two million dollars of the forty million dollars worth of butter used in Great Britain.

Mr. Ruddick was next introduced for a short address. He recalled the first address he had made before a dairyman's Association, which address had been given in this same room ten or twelve years ago. He then went on to speak of the Kingston dairy school and the work it was doing with its efficient staff of instructors. The attendance this year had been larger than any other, and a gratifying feature of the attendance was the fact that the students came back from year to year. For instance, of the 90 students this year 25 of them had been at the school before. There was a demand to-day for men who could make both butter and cheese, and it was a mistake for a cheese maker to neglect getting familiar with butter making. The objects of the dairy school was not so much to teach the practical part of handling butter or cheese, but to teach them the principles underlying practice and gave them the reasons for doing certain things. They laid great stress on cleanliness in the school. The association of the cheesemakers with one another at the school had important beneficial effects.

The meeting then adjourned to 1.30 o'clock.

AFTERNOON TESSION.

The county cheesemakers concluded their annual convention in the afternoon, with the re-election of the officers of 1896. The Association will make strong efforts to secure the meeting of the Eastern Dairymen's Association here next year.

The first speaker at the afternoon session was Mr. J A Ruddick, of the Kingston Dairy school, whose remarks dealt with topics of general interest to cheese makers.

After a brief introduction Mr. Ruddick stated that greasy curds had been troubling the cheese makers in the east and if any maker in this section had been troubled with the same he hoped they would let them know. Most of them knew that milk was composed of a variety of substances. There was 87½ per cent of water and that fact should cause farmers to be careful in selecting the water to give their cows. Fat was a very important constituent. The solid fat, such as sterine palmatine and orine, made the butter. Sterine was a hard white fat, palmatine solid and orine oily. The volitile fat was that which the cow derived from food. The sugar of milk was also important, for on it depended the souring of milk and ripening of the cream. They depended upon sugar for certain classes of fermentation in making cheese. There were nearly five pounds of sugar in every hundred pounds of milk. There was also some mineral matter in milk. Mr. Ruddick remarked that one-half of the solid matter of milk passed off in the whey, only one-half being used in the cheese. Naturally milk taken from a healthy cow will remain unchanged. Referring to taints, he defined it as an undesirable flavor. Many of these bad odors come through filthy stables and yards in winter. In the summer the taints came from organisms that gathered about the cow. Moisture developed organisms and did not help to keep the milk pure, but dry atmosphere had a purifying effect. Milk should be kept in a dry place. Mr. Ruddick then alluded to rust spots in cheese, which had affected some sections. The cheese in the creases became colored like rust. In one instance it had been discovered that this rust was caused by a variety of bacillis, which had found excellent opportunity for growth in a gutter running from a factory. If one organism had an injurious effect, such as this, Mr. Ruddick believed others would cause similar results. All drains should be kept covered to prevent foul air arising.

They could not make cheese without a starter. To his mind the most practical way was to select the very best milk that came to the factory and put it in a separate can by itself and protect it. Heat this milk and add some pure water to prevent curd from forming too solid. Dealing with the process of cheese making, the speaker alluded to the ripening of the milk. It did not, he said, make any particular difference as to the test they used, but it should be exact. It was well to ripen it so that the whey could be run off in three hours. If they lowered the temperature it was spongy. Raise the temperature to 105 they had a solid curd, but it weakened when heated at any higher temperature the same as when lowered. Always use cold water in the vat of milk for diluting the rennet. It was generally conceded that rennet had nothing to do with the curing of milk, but it was principally due to micro organisms. But the principal result was that rennet caused the cheese to be solid and aided it in curing quicker. In cutting the curd they should begin as soon as it becomes solid and it should be done carefully. Heating was sometimes done too quickly. Before drawing the whey always have the curd solid. After the curd is drawn, one plan was to stir the curd on the bottom of the vat, They could also use the racks. They milled the curd in order that the salt might be equally distributed amongst the particles. Always use a mill that cuts the curd evenly. Cheese salt should not be too fine and the amount used could vary from a 1½lb in the spring to 3 lbs in the fall. Salt gathered bad odors and should be kept in a dry place, to prevent this. Salt had the effect of drawing the moisture out of the curd. They should strive to use pure, clean salt. In hooping the curd they should aim at solidity. Before putting the curd into the press, he liked to see it cooled down to 80 degrees as it would give them a fine cheese. If the cheese were warm they would knit together quicker and seal the air in, which would result in the cheese bursting. When cool the curd came together slowly and gave time for air to escape. Do not press cheese to quickly as they would destroy the flinty texture of the cheese. Above all things try and make a neat looking cheese. The cheese should not be cured at a high temperature; it would lose a great deal of weight. They should keep the temperature of the factory lower and this would prevent a great deal of shrinkage. Not only would the quantity be increased but the quality would also be improved. Cheese sometimes moulded, the result of too much moisture, caused probably by a new factory or dampness. The mould probably did not interfere with the quality, but the trade was beginning to object to it. He would not keep a room dark where there was moulding; he would allow the sunlight in. Cheese cracking was caused by the room being too dry. When it was occuring they could add moisture by sprinkling floor with water, or keeping a canvas wet with an overhead pipe. Keeping the room dark would also help to prevent cracking.

MR. RUDDICK'S REPLIES.

Mr. Ruddick was then handed a few questions to answer.

One maker asked "What is the cause of milk becoming thick, but still remaining sweet and of good flavor?"

This was caused, Mr. Ruddick said, by the milk becoming contaminated by a rennet like subject that thickens the milk.

When curd was gasy, the professor advised the application of more rennet.

"Will slack pressing cause cheese to crack?" was another question. Cracking was very largely due to too much dry atmosphere. He did not think slack pressing ordinarily would have that effect.

In disposing of curd kept over, Mr. Ruddick advised pressing it along with other cheese.

Continued on page 8.

TO-DAY

WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds Crepons, Cashmeres and Canvas Cloths

In evening Shades, Nile, Cream, Pink, Sky Blue and Veiva Rose, suitable for Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns and Children's Dresses, part of

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

ORIGINAL PRICE 50c., SALE PRICE

25c.

These goods will go as fast as the Silks. Come early and see them.

ALSO

Special Pillow Cotton.

40 and 42 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price 12½c
44 and 46 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price 15c
This is an exceptional price. Call and see it.

25 doz. Ladies Heavy Ribbed Cashmere Hose, clearing price 25c.

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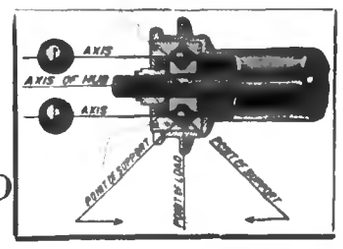

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NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

W. J. Fraser, Esq., Manager and Agent or the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, Quebec, writes: "My wife suffered intensely from ear-ache for ten days, causing complete deafness in affected ear. We tried several *remedies* without effect. 'Quickcure' *warmed* and dropped into the ear removed the pain, and in one night hearing was restored. We have also found it splendid for toothache and burns."

TYPE WRITERS THE "EMPIRE" Latest and Best.

HALF THE PRICE OF OTHERS.

The name of the manufacturers is a guarantee of its quality. Agents wanted.

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Many a person is losing his hold on this life by being gradually poisoned by eating food baked with impure Baking Powder. The quantities taken into the system are small, but they are slowly and surely eating the coating off the stomach and ruining the digestion and the nervous system.

Use Pure Cream of Tartar and Soda Baking Powder and live. We guarantee

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We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—*After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success.* Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Electric Tires Cost More Than Other Tires, But First cost is Last Cost.

Electric Tire Advantages.

The adjusting of the Electric Detachable Tire is a matter of the utmost simplicity.

They can be and are satisfactorily used on single piece light rims.

Fitting perfectly true on the rims they cannot roll, and it is impossible to blow them off.

They are very easily deflated and detached.

They are so constructed that when fitted to rim all the resilence is thrown into the tire and none lost in attachment.

It takes less than three minutes to deflate, detach, repair puncture and replace ready for use.

Being an incorporated tire it is lighter than a cement made tire and the rubber is less liable to come loose from canvas. It also wears longer and retains air just as long as any double tube tire.

The special pebbled tread prevents slipping and renders them much less liable to wear than a smooth cover.

The tubes are specially manufactured and are of a velvet finish. They are round and perfectly air tight. Being made of pure gum they are always the same in all degrees of temperature.

Two years of experimenting with a perfect tire as the objective point has given us a tire in our Electric Single Tube that we believe to be as near perfection as it is possible to make it. It possesses the resilence, appearance and wearing qualities of the Double Tube. The world's fastest quarter-mile was made on this tire by Angus McLeod at Sarnia.

When submitted to actual test on the tire testing machine, the best makes of other single tube tires ran but 700 miles, Electric Single Tubes over 3,000 miles; other makes of double tube tires, 900 miles, Electric Double Tube Tires over 3,000.

Our tires are all guaranteed by the most liberal guarantee and should there be a defect, no time is lost in making it good. Insist upon having your '97 mount fitted with Electric Tires. They cost more money but they will give you perfect satisfaction every day you ride them.

The Brantford Bicycle Supply Co., Ltd.,

BRANTFORD, ONTARIO.

THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

We claim that it is equal to any and surpasses all in many respects. We will send one to any responsible firm or person on ten days trial, and if not found as we represent it may be returned to us. Half the price of others, $55.00 Agents wanted.

The Williams Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.

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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary.

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

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Seldom is a piano bought off hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and "Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

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—HARDMAN	—KARN
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Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

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DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

atantinople. Never, while they live, will they forget that first view of the Oriental city. It seems like the phantasy of a dream, with the golden sunlight flashing from numerous domes and minarets, marking the mosques, of which there are several hundred in Stamboul—as the natives call the city.

Soon the train reaches the station. Jack having been here before, knows the ropes, and pilots his party by means of what seems to be an underground railway into the city proper.

Here they emerge, and find themselves in Stamboul—around them are the thousand and one strange sights that greet the traveller in Turkey today.

Jack takes them to a house—here he finds an old friend with whom Aleck and himself lodged on the former occasion, and who now receives him warmly.

Hotels are almost an unknown luxury in Turkey, and what inns there are European visitors avoid as a general thing, seeking some private house to which they have been referred by friends who have been here before.

Avis watches Jack closely—she realizes that everything depends on him, and does not desire to divert his mind from the business on hand. She believes he will succeed, but the position is grave, and nothing must occur to annoy him.

As for Larry, he is in for seeing the sights, and without any loss of time proceeds to take them in, wandering about the crooked streets under the care of a man he has engaged, whose ordinary business is that of a hamal, or porter, but who nevertheless makes a good guide.

One can spend weeks in Stamboul sight seeing—the mosques, almost always crowded, are a daily spectacle—then there are other things upon the streets to attract attention, such as the bazaars, with their glass roofs, where the Turkish tradesmen offer for sale the strangest things one can imagine—where are crowded in their stalls, elbow to elbow, men who carry on every business known to the Orient, and the display of goods is so varied, ranging from the jeweler and seller of henna, down to the maker of the national headgear, the fez, that one can easily imagine himself in an enchanted land.

Yes, Constantinople is a splendid lounging place, to pass away a month—new sights can be seen every day, and one does not even grow weary of the old ones.

Jack Evans has not come here for such a purpose, however—no man has a greater weight on his mind than he. Somehow he has reached the conclusion that his own fate depends upon his success in this game—that if he saves Aleck he wins his sister, and, indeed, remembering the desperate nature of the work before him, it is not out of the way to believe that he must rescue Aleck or lose his own life in the attempt.

Having seen the ladies safe in the house, Jack gives them a few directions, and then sets out to make arrangements. Most tourists when visiting the Turkish capital lodge at Pera, on the outskirts, where the English and American people congregate, and where the consulates are generally located, but Jack, prefers to be in the city itself, where he can hear the bells on St. Sophia call the Moslem to prayer, or the loud voice of the muezzin upon the minaret chanting the adan at sunrise—memories that never leave the mind in later years.

He has another motive. If the Pasha reaches Stamboul before the grand finale of the game, he will look for his enemy in Pera or Galata, the fashionable suburbs of the old city, where, of course, he will not find him.

The detective force of Constantinople is hardly equal to that of Paris—when a man desires to hide himself in the former city he can easily do so, and it will only be by accident his whereabouts may become known.

So Jack believes himself secure. He purchases a red fez the first thing, and adopting this, renders himself less conspicuous, for many of the Turks have come to wearing just such garments as Frenchmen—they cannot quite go the usually loud costume of the average English tourist.

It may be set down for granted that Jack has his hands full, but he is feeling like a fighting cock, and was never better in his life, so if he fails, he cannot offer as an excuse that he was not in condition.

Two days and nights—that is the most he can count on ere Abdallah Pasha turns up—perhaps even now the Turk is on the way, driving fast as a European train can take him for the city on the Bosphorus, eager to thwart the schemes of his shrewd Yankee enemy.

Jack's first desire is to find this out—there is a telegraph line to Paris, and he seeks the Hotel de Londres in Pera, where he sends a message to the prefect of police, carefully worded, and desires an answer.

Then, knowing that it will be some hours before he can receive his reply, he asks the operator, a Frenchman, to hold it for him, after which he saunters away.

The Turks are accustomed to seeing Franks in all places, and derive much income from them, so that they pay no attention to them so long as they saunter about.

Hence Jack is too wise to rush along, no matter what eagerness he may be restraining, but makes up for this by peristence, so that he gets there all the same.

Leaving Pera, he makes enquiries, and finally enters the shop of an armorer in a bazaar. The man looks at him closely, gives a cry of "Allah is great! it is my master," and kisses his hand impulsively.

This Turk is a man whom Doctor Jack has made his slave—when here before, circumstances allowed him to do Achmed a great favour, and the man fairly worships the ground he walks on.

Jack needs his now—he tells him what the risk is, and the man shrugs his shoulders. His life would have been taken before but for Jack, and he is quite willing to jeopardize it now, if by so doing he may prove his gratitude.

Such words please the American, and he knows Achmed means it, too. He will do whatever he is told to the best of his ability.

Jack becomes more positive in his belief that if Aleck is alive they will save him. He is very dogged in his way, and having set his course, will sail it until the mast is blown out, before changing.

He gives the Turkish armorer certain work to do, and declares that he will return to the shop to hear his report at dusk. Achmed knows where Abdallah Pasha has his residence—just outside of the great city, and overlooking the blue Bosphorus—one of the loveliest sites the human mind could conceive. His grounds are noted for their magnificence. Certain European friends of the Pasha, who have travelled a great deal, have seen and admired the palace and its surroundings, but none of them have, with the owner's consent, ever set eyes on the interior of the harem or the seraglio, where the beautiful houris of the Orient pass their life of luxury.

Achmed has a hard task before him, but he is more than ordinarily shrewd for a Turk. It was from him Jack got his hint that his friend Aleck had not been killed, but was a prisoner in the Turk's palace, and he is now sent out, well supplied with money, to ascertain the exact truth.

As for Doctor Jack himself, he hies away to the water front. His idea is to buy a fast boat of some sort, and have it in readiness for immediate flight.

There are a number of men-of-war at the Golden Horn, and among others Jack sees one bearing the Stars and Stripes. What a thrill the sight of the dear old flag gives him. If he could only rescue Aleck, and all of them get under the shelter of that flag, they would be safe, but he knows the commander would not dare shelter them after they have entered a Turkish palace and defied the power of a Pasha, so he makes up his mind to depend only on himself.

Making enquiries he finds a vessel for sale, and discovers she is an English yacht, small in build, but well manned. He meets the owner on board, has a private talk, and in half an hour the Thistledown is his. The crew greet their new master, and Jack is in charge.

He has a talk with the captain, and examines the interior of the yacht, making some suggestions regarding the hold, where a fine hiding-place can be made between two bulkheads.

Having given explicit orders, Doctor Jack again lands. It is long past high noon, and he has done remarkably well for the few hours he has been at work.

Something to eat is easily obtained at a cafe, and Jack is enough of a Turk to know what is best, so he fares well where a stranger might almost starve.

After this is over he again seeks the hotel in the Pera suburb, eager to see what the news may be from Paris. A dispatch is awaiting him—it is brief and to the point.

"He left Paris on the night of the fourth."

Jack calculates quickly, consults his red-covered vade mecum, which gives the arrival and departure of trains. Unless the pasha is detained on the way, he will arrive at Stamboul some time early on the second night, but Jack has never known a train to be on time here, and he counts on having both nights entirely.

This is as much as he expected. The work is before them, and they must make haste. He hurries to the shop of Achmed. That worthy is not in.

To be Continued

FOLLOWERS OF THE CALF.

One day through the primeval wood
A calf walked home, as good calves should;

But made a trail all bent askew,
A crooked trail, as all calves do.

Since then two hundred years have fled,
And, I infer, the calf is dead.

But still he left behind his trail,
And thereby hangs my moral tale.

The trail was taken up next day
By a lone dog that passed that way;

And then a wise bell-wether sheep
Pursued the trail o'er vale and steep,

And drew the flock behind him, too,
As good bell-wethers always do.

And from that day, o'er hill and glade,
Through those old woods a path was made.

And many men wound in and out,
And dodged and turned and bent about,

And uttered words of righteous wrath,
Because 'twas such a crooked path;

But still they followed—do not laugh—
The first migrations of that calf.

And through this winding woodway stalked
Because he wabbled when he walked.

This forest path became a lane,
That bent and turned and turned again;

This crooked lane became a road,
Where many a poor horse, with his load,

Toiled on beneath the burning sun,
And travelled some three miles in one.

And thus a century and a half
They trod the footsteps of that calf.

The years passed on in swiftness fleet,
The road became a village street,

And this, before men were aware,
A city's crowded thoroughfare,

And soon the central street was this
Of a renowned metropolis.

And men two centuries and a half
Trod in the footsteps of that calf.

Each day a hundred thousand rout
Followed the zigzag calf about;

And o'er his crooked journey went
The traffic of a continent.

A hundred thousand men were led
By one calf near three centuries dead.

They followed still his crooked way,
And lost one hundred years a day;

For thus, such reverence is lent
To well-established precedent.

A moral lesson this might teach,
Were I ordained and called to preach.

For men are prone to go it blind
Along the calf-paths of the mind,

And work away from sun to sun
To do what other men have done.

They follow in the beaten track,
And out and in, and forth and back,

And still their devious course pursue,
To keep the path that others do.

But how the wise old wood-gods laugh,
Who saw the first primeval calf!

Ah! many things this tale might teach—
But I am not ordained to preach.

A Quick Deduction.

"This boat seems pretty cranky. Is she perfectly safe for two?"

"Married or single?"

"Married."

"Yep."

The River Thames.

If the plans now under way are carried out as anticipated, the great work of widening and deepening the River Thames will before long be an accomplished fact, and the commercial importance of that river greatly increased. It being clear to the authorities on extended examination and consultation with engineering experts, that a 26-foot channel was required for at least nine-tenths of the shipping, it was decided that the work should be prosecuted, to be done solely by dredging. According to this plan, there will be from Gravesend up the river as far as Grayford Ness, opposite Harfleet, a channel width of 1000 feet at low water, spring tide, while from Grayford Ness to the Albert docks the width is to be 500 feet and the depth 22, and from the latter to the Millwall docks there will be a channel at least 300 feet wide and 18 feet deep.

MOTHERS REJOICE

AS THEY SEE THEIR LITTLE ONES MADE STRONG AND WELL BY KOOTENAY WHICH CONTAINS THE NEW INGREDIENT.

A sick child always appeals to our love and sympathy. It commands the tenderest care and watchfulness of its mother, who would gladly sacrifice anything to have her darling well.

To mothers who have children suffering from any disease brought about by thin, watery or impure blood, Kidney Trouble following Scarlet Fever, Rheumatism, Eczema or any other skin rash, or any condition in which the child is puny, weak and delicate, and does not thrive well, one would strongly recommend the use of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure, not because we say it's good for these conditions, but because *Mothers gladly state under oath* how it saved their darlings when everything else failed.

One of these mothers was Mrs. Geo. White, who lives at 139 Stinson St., Hamilton, Ont. She says that her daughter Louisa is nine years of age, has always been delicate, and has had Eczema since birth. Since giving her Kootenay Cure the Eczema has gone, and her general health is greatly improved.

Another, Mrs. Isabella Sullivan, of 63 Walnut Street South of the same city, has a little boy aged five, who was attacked with Rheumatism and pains in his back and Kidneys so bad that he could not stand or get out of bed without assistance. Despite the skilled medical attendance he grew very weak, and at times would faint. Kootenay has gladdened the heart of Mrs. Sullivan by restoring her boy, so that now she says he can play hard all day, and is as healthy a child as one could wish for.

Instances like these are well worth the serious consideration of those having sick or suffering children.

The detailed sworn statements of the above cases, together with hundreds of others, sent free, by addressing the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

The New Ingredient works well.

One bottle lasts over a month.

YOUR CHILD SMILES when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. ....

His skin after the bath —soft, white, sweet smelling — will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY MARCH 18, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePiante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.25 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.25 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.......Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

OAK HALL.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

FITZSIMMONS' VICTORY.

Continued from page 2.

back from two vicious leads. Fits would not be denied, however, and he came again with a pile-driving right on the body. As the round ended Corbett caught a slight left on the mouth. Fitz was very strong, but was breathing hard as he sat in his chair. Corbettt was not showing the cleverness his ardent admirers expected of him.

Round 10—Bob led off with a left swing, which Corbett avoided, but the Australian came back at him, and in the clinch which followed put a hard left jolt on the jaw. Both swung wildly and then clinched. Corbett blocked Bob's left, but could not stop a stiff right that landed over the kidneys and a hard left that found the jaw. Bob's left found the body, and he pushed his right contemptuously in Corbett's face. Jim faked a left lead, but could not draw the wily Cornishman out. Jim saw this quickly and he adopted different tactics. He sent his right with lightning speed on the wind and his left on the body and face, and came back again with a right on the body and a left on the face. Fits did not like this treatment and he took a hand in the attack himself. He put three hard lefts in succession on Jim's head and swung a right over the ear that Jim tried to avoid but failed. Jim's left reached the face, and with his right he sent a vicious uppercut to the Cornishman's chin. Jim poked his left in the face again, but took a stiff left-hander on the jaw in return, and this was followed by two strong lefts on the shoulder. Jim put his left on the body and came to a clinch. As they broke away Fitz hooked him with a right under the ear, but Jim retaliated with a right and left on the jaw. Fits appeared very confident and strong as he went to his corner. Corbett did not seem to be weak, but his face had a greyish pallor and his eyes shifted nervously as he sat in his chair. He had lost the confident smile with which he opened the battle.

Round 11—Bob rushed, but his left lead for the jaw was stopped, and Jim shot two little lefts on the jaw. Corbett's right then found the wind, and he ducked a hard left from Fitz. The Australian's left caught Jim hard on the jaw twice before they clinched. Jim's right went to the body and then he shot his left twice under the ear. Fits put a light left on the sidet of the head, and Jim's counter on the nose was very weak. Fits forced matters with a hard right swing on the body and a right on the side of the head, and got away without a return. Corbett's left landed high up on the forehead and they clinched. Fits tried hard for a knock-out on the breakaway, but Corbett cleverly avoided danger. Clinches were frequent and Corbett began to appear tired. His blows seemed to lack steam, wholle Fitz's though not landing quite so often, had a great deal more force behind his gloves. A light left on the jaw from Jim was neatly countered by Fitz's right, which landed on Corbett's chin. Twice in succession Fits swung his right on Jim's jaw and rushed him all over the ring. Corbett clinched and Fits uppercut him hard. The Cornishman kept up the attack and landed two left jolts on Jim's chin. Fitz's adherents grew wild with excitement as their man rushed in with a hard left on the jaw, at right on the body and another left on the jaw. Corbett clinched desperately and time was called before Fits could do any further damage. The bell was a welcome relief to the Californian.

Round 12—Fits came fast from his chair and swung right and left, but missed. He ducked Corbett's return. Both were cautious and sparred at long range until Fits came in with a hard right on the side of Jim's head, pushing it back. Fits missed two left leads and then shoved his glove in Corbett's face, but received in return a dangerous right well backed by the forearm. Jim put to left on the face and they clinched. After the breakaway Jim shot his left on the jaw. Fits countered with the right on the neck. Jim's right and left landed on the jaw, but appeared to lack force. Fits was wild with right and left, and Jim fought him to his own corner, sending in two heavy body blows and a left on the face. Fits clinched and they broke clean. Corbett shot four lefts in quick succession without return, but Fits piled into the attack with a heavy right on the head and uppercut Jim as he clinched. After a breakaway Fits put a heavy left on the body that came near doubling Jim up. Corbett put a left on the face and received a right counter on the jaw. Jim put his left on the body and then shot it in Fitz's face. Both missed vicious swings. Fits was bleeding freely when the bell sounded.

Round 13—Fits got to work with a right on the wind and shot his left for the face, catching Corbett flush on the mouth and loosening one of his gold-filled teeth. Vicious in-fighting followed, both men exchanging hard lefts on the body. Fits punched his man stiffly with his right twice on the body, but Jim neatly evened up with lefts on the head and body. Fits rushed but missed, and a clinch followed in which Corbett uppercut the Australian with a right. In the sparring that followed Corbett took occasion to spit out the loosened tooth. Corbett tried his right for the jaw in a clinch, but Fitz kept his shoulder well in the way. Fits led wildly and Corbett ducked, sending a stiff punch to Bob's nose. Jim in turn missed, and took a hard right on the short ribs, which drove him back a foot. Corbett sent his man's head back with a left jolt on the chin, and followed up with a heavy left punch on the body, Fits countering with a right uppercut. Jim poked his left on the nose, which bled again freely, but the flow seemed to do the Australian no harm. Corbett was standing the battle fairly well, but his color was not as fresh as the Cornishman's. It was easy to see that Jim was tired.

Round 14—Jim missed the opening lead with his right, but on the next attempt put his left on the jaw, countering stiffly with a right on the side of the head. The Australian sent in a right and left on the jaw, which jarred Jim, and then piled in a left uppercut, and as Jim turned around to skip out of reach Fits pasted him on the back of the head. Fits seemed to have more power than ever behind his blows. Jim hooked his left on the jaw, but Fits retaliated with a heavy right on the same spot and they clinched. They broke clean. Fits made a fake lead with his right. Instead of keeping his body rigid and throwing his head back as was his usual custom in allowing blows of this kind to slip by his face, Corbett underestimating his opponent's cunning, contemptuously threw back his head and chest, thus throwing his stomach forward. The Australian's small eyes twinkled, and with panther-like speed he drew back his left, with the forearm rigid, and ripped it into the pit of Jim's stomach a little under the heart. Corbett was lifted about a foot off the ground, and as he pitched forward Fits swung his right on the jaw and Corbett came heavily down on his knees. He remained down for 15 seconds and Fitz retired to his corner, while Referee Siler slowly announced the fatal seconds. Reaching the last count he threw up both his hands and left the ring.

The noted bicyclist viewed with disdain the crowds of spectators who had gathered around the new arrival. "What a lovely spinal curve," they exclaimed, "for a rider!"

"Rider!" he shrieked. "Why, he's never been on a wheel in his life! He's been humping himself earning money to buy one!"

It appeared, indeed, that the new comer was posing under false pretenses.—New York Press.

UNCLE OATCAKE EXPLAINS.

But His Explanation Puzzles His Little Nephew From the City.

"Say, Uncle Oatcake," said the little boy who was staying at the farm, "what makes you go to bed now?"

The time was 8.15 on a winter's evening, and Farmer Oatcake, according to his life-long custom, having wound up the kitchen clock, thrown the cat into a snowdrift, and read a chapter from Hezekiah, was preparing to go to bed, says Truth.

"What makes me go to bed now?" repeated the agriculturist in blank amazement. "Why, so I can git up early."

"But, uncle, now that there is no work on the farm, what is there to do so early?"

"God bless the boy!" said Farmer Oatcake. "Do? Why, light the fires, to be sure."

"But what do you want the fires for so early?"

"Har, har!" laughed the farmer. 'Well, now, don't that beat all? Ef you don't have no fire, how are you going to git breakfast?"

"But, uncle," persisted the boy, "what is the good of having breakfast so early?"

"The good of it!" cried Uncle Oatcake. "By gosh, sonny, ef you was to git up at 4 on a winter's morning you wouldn't want to be kept waiting round for breakfast! No, siree!"

"But you said you only got up to light the fire?"

"That's it," assented the farmer.

"And you only light the fire so as to get breakfast?"

"That's right."

"And you only have to get breakfast because you're up so early Aren't you arguing in a circle?"

"Aren't I which?" said the farmer.

"Arguing in a circle—a vicious circle?"

"See here, bub," said Uncle Oatcake, sternly. "I've been working hard on this place for nigh 40 years and, by gun, I ain't going to have a young whippersnapper like you telling me my life's vicious. I git up because I've got to git up, and don't let me hear any more dummed fool questions!"

Saying which, Farmer Oatcake took down his bootjack from its hook and retired.

What Folks Talk About.

A certain physician of this city who never neglects an opportunity to study the traits of the people among whom his business takes him, has been making some observations recently that may serve as a basis for estimating the character of the average modern American.

"I have to travel on street-cars a good deal," the physician said in explaining his course of procedure, "and I hear all kinds of people talk. A short time ago I thought I would keep a record of the words most frequently used within my hearing by people of all classes.

"I omit names, profanity and vulgarity, but otherwise this list, which represents one week's street car conversation, is absolutely correct. Here then is a summary of what married men talk about:

"Dollars mentioned within my hearing, 407 times; business, 95; money, 206; dollar, 194; stocks, 163; bonds, 152; job, 81; son, 63; daughter, 11! wife, 4; literature, 0; music, 0; art, 0.

"Married women: She, 409; party, 326; dress, 324; splendid, 316; dollars, 194; trimming, 187; cards, 151; prize, 151; society, 130; baby, 50; perfectly awful, 46; doctor, 43; medicine, 34; music, 6; literature, 0; art, 0.

Young men, unmarried: Corker, 502; daisy, 467; girl, 416; beaut, 391; fairy, 306; winner, 302; stunner, 284; hummer, 151; society, 130; baby, 2, 119; clothes, 84; weather, 62; rich, 60; lovely, 59; perfectly awful, 46; doctor; 43; medicine, 34; music, 6; literature, 0; art, 0.

"Young women, unmarried: Lovely, 509; just-perfectly lovely, 491; horrid, 476; gorgeous, 463; fellow, 409; engaged, 287; dress, 371; stunning, 352; love, 295; party, 291; wear, 284; she, 206; opera, 108; ring, 31; mamma, 28; papa, 16; music, 9; mother, 1; picture, 1; poem, 1; art, 0.

"I intend," the doctor concluded, "to pursue this subject further, and may some day be able to give additional figures that will be interesting."—Cleveland Leader.

A Cobbler's "Ad."

Here is an advertisement which should bring trade, even though people had to use a grindstone to wear holes through their shoes: "I am the father of twenty-six children! No twins. I am also a cobbler and need work. If I have served my country well it is evidence that I will mend your shoes well. One good turn deserves another. My shop is in the rear of Caldwell & Laniers'. Let me half sole those. J. M. Linney.—Boot and Shoe Recorder.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The flour trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at \$3.65 to \$3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings small, Shorts \$10 to \$11 west.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. The tone of the market is a little stronger. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c and white at 73c to 74c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c to 85c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c to 83c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 sold at 31c and No. 3 at 21c. No. 2 is quoted at 27c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firmer. Sales of white at 18c west, and of mixed at 17c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c to 38½c north and west.

Corn—The market is firm, with car lots at 28c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots \$2.80 to \$2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with market unchanged at 32c to 33c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 17.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 47s 6d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures steady at 6s 2d for May and July, and 6s 0½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7½d for April 2s 8½d for May, and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 23s.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 2½d for May, 6s 2d for July and 6s 1½d for Sept. Maize firm at 2s 7½d for April, 2s 8½d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11d for Sept. Flour 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 70c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 65	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 00
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 17	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 20	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	\$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 25	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 80
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 60
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 18
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 10	to	0 00
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

A Claim AND .... An Offer

WE CLAIM there is only one preparation in Canada to-day that is guaranteed to cure BRONCHITIS, and that is DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE. It is MOTHER'S cure for her child when it is all stuffed up with CROUP and coughing its little lungs out with WHOOPING COUGH. One small dose immediately stops that cough. By loosening the phlegm, puts the little one to sleep and rest. Dr. Chase compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of turpentine and linseed. WE OFFER to refund the price if Dr. Chase's Syrup will not do all that it is claimed to do. Sold on a guarantee at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard St. Price, 25c.

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THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**\$7,468,282**	**\$4,060,521**
Canada Life	\$1,508,088	\$541,628
North American	2,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	2,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,735
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University, New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate, late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 28.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt.

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 505 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

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with a rug is always clean. It saves your time, your back, and your patience. At the start it costs less than a carpet. It is cleaner, healthier and easy to take care of.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT

is the best floor paint made. It is easy to put on, and will stand the hard uses a floor always gets. Color cards showing shades, will be mailed free upon application.

Our booklet, **"Paint Points,"** is a plain practical talk on paint. It tells the difference between good paint and poor paint. It tells just the particular paint to use for each purpose—for houses, fences, roofs, barns, bath tubs, cupboards, shelves, buggies, boats, furniture, tables, chairs, settees, and every other paintable thing. Send for it to-day—it is free. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1897.

A Funy and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

SATURDAY, March 20th.—General Sale on the market square of Horses, Harness, Furniture, etc. Sale at 10 a.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, March 20.—Auction sale of Farm, in the Township of Dummer, being Lot 5, in 10th Concession. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, March 22.—Auction Sale of the Market Tolls. Sale in the Town Council Chamber at 11 a.m.

TUESDAY, March 23.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. D. J. McCarthy, on his premises, Lot 17, in 8th Con. of Asphodel, adjoining the village of Norwood. Sale 12 30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, March 24.—Auction sale of a Village Lot in the village of Havelock. Sale at Graham's hotel at 1 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 25.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Samuel H. Faulkner, on the premises lot 16, in 2nd Con. of Emily. Sale at 12.30. No reserve.

FRIDAY, March 26th.—Bona-fide Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc, of Mr. Jeremiah Coughlin, on his premises, lot 6, in 7th Con. of Douro. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

MONDAY, March 29th.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements and Household Furniture of Mrs. H. Reynolds and Son, on the premises, adjoining the village of Norwood. Sale at 10 a.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Auction Sale of Farm in the Township of Otonabee, Lot 11, in 17th Con., known as the John Hunter Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31.—Cash Sale of Household Furniture, in the village of Keene, of Mrs. J. Gall, widow of the late J. Gall, at the residence. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, April 3rd.—Mortgage Sale of Farm, in the Township of Douro, being Lot 6, in 7th Con., known as the Jeremiah Coughlin Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CHEESE MAKERS IN CONVENTION.

Continued from Page 5.

Sawdust in curing rooms caused a musty odor.

Rennet kept over from season to season should be pure, but might be a little weaker. It ought to be kept in a tight jar bottle.

In reply to another question, Mr. Ruddick said it would be better if whey was not carried home in tanks. If it was necessary he would examine the tank and ascertain if it was clean, and also have the patrons return with pure whey. Cans should be cleaned as soon as the milk is removed. It was almost impossible to heat whey unless with a special apparatus.

Mr. Payne stated that the Warnaw factory had heated their whey, and, while it had given satisfaction, it was very expensive.

"In practice I think it is impossible to feed turnips to milch cows without injuring the milk," was a reply of Mr. Ruddick to a question that met with applause. He did not see any necessity for raising turnips for feeding cattle. Other foods would be far more satisfactory.

FEEDING TURNIPS.

Mr. Keevel thought they should go on record as an Association against feeding turnips.

Mr. Wm. Cluxton, in a brief address, expressed his disapproval of feeding turnips to cattle. He also referred to the remarks of Mr. Grant, the well known cheese man, who is in Liverpool, stating that English dealers had decided to refuse to purchase fodder cheese. There was enough cheese in England now to last until July. Mr. Grant urged them not to commence making until May and that cheese would be on the English market as soon as the present stock was about finished. Mr. Cluxton declared the Peterborough Cheese Board was the best in Canada and he had almost concluded its prices ruled other markets. He condemned the system of making contracts for their cheese; sell it on the Board and get a good price.

The following resolution was at this point introduced and unanimously adopted:

"The butter and cheese makers of Peterborough and Victoria counties assembled in their thirteenth annual convention, hereby desire to put on record that we, as a body, condemn the feeding of turnips of any kind to milch cows, which milk is sent to butter and cheese factories of our section and that we will do all in our power to eradicate this practice."

CLEAN FACTORIES.

Mr. S R Payne followed with an excellent paper in which he emphasized the importance of keeping cheese factories clean. He began by stating their health as cheesemakers, the health of the consumers and the flavor of the goods demanded clean factories. Decency, respectability and civilization also demanded cleanliness. Mr. Payne acknowledged it was difficult to keep anything where there was milk clean. There were few factories that were not partially cleaned every day, but they never did it thoroughly. As cheesemakers they did not realize the result of their carelessness until they were overtaken by failing health. In order to protect the health of the consumers they should keep the factories scrupulously clean so that they could supply pure, wholesome cheese, and Mr. Payne considered the Government should appoint a man to inspect the sanitary condition of factories. The smell from a factory should be sweet and the appearance clean. The flavor of the foods certainly demanded cleanliness at present. The milk supplied was as of as fine a flavor as they could get it, but it could retain it in a building foul with taints. They as cheesemakers argued that the farmer should practice cleanliness about his farm, but their argument did not amount to much if they did not follow the same idea. Among the many things that caused uncleanliness about a factory were leaking vats, poor floors and trenches.

OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

The election of officers followed the reading of the minutes of the last annual meeting, and the president, Mr. F. E. Kline, Lakefield, and the secretary, Mr. C. F. Kivell, Smith, were re-elected without opposition.

Mr. D. Derbyshire addressed the meeting briefly, emphasizing some of the points in Mr. Ruddick's address. In referring to the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association he stated that the Association would not consider any place for the annual convention, unless an official invitation was received.

A most successful meeting was closed after votes of thanks had been extended to the Town Council for the use of the Council Chamber and to the officers and the reporters.

A letter from Judge Angers, brother to the ex-Lieut.-Governor of the province of Quebec, has been written to the author of "Quick-cure," saying: "It has always given my child relief from toothache; its effect is wonderful. I have also found it good for burns and cuts."

Signed, C. PANET ANGERS.

A Question of Cost.

"It was really a most enjoyable occasion," remarked Mrs. Cayenne.

"Then you regard it as worthy of being classed with the social successes of the season?"

"Oh, dear, no; I couldn't think of going so far as that. No one has yet informed me how much it cost."—*Washington Star.*

He Didn't Propose.

"I suppose you suspect what I came for," he said, as he prepared to ask her father for her hand.

"Oh, yes," replied the father; "you want to borrow money, but I haven't a cent."

And the young man deferred his proposal.—*Philadelphia North American.*

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

SIR ALFRED MILNER.

The New British Governor of the Cape Colony.

Sir Alfred Milner, who succeeds Lord Rosemead as Governor of Cape Colony and High Commissioner of South Africa, is a rather young man for such an important post. He is not yet 44, but his career has been one of brilliant successes in the service of the British public. Sir Alfred is said to have made a deep impression on Mr. Goschen in a debate at Oxford while Milner was still an undergraduate. Mr. Goschen is said to have remarked that Milner was the first undergraduate he ever heard talk like a statesman. After leaving the university Mr. Milner entered the field of journalism and associated himself with Mr. Stead on The Pall Mall Gazette. He withdrew from that journal to become Mr. Goschen's private secretary, and in 1889 he entered

SIR ALFRED MILNER.

the Egyptian service. In the reorganization of the Egyptian finances he played an important part, and his book on Egypt was at once accepted as the standard vindication of the control which Great Britain saw fit to establish over Egypt. All this was very satisfactory to those Englishmen who believe in the acquisition of territory, and Mr. Milner's way was clear. In 1892 he was appointed chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue. He rose rapidly in public affairs and made friends with Sir William Vernon Harcourt, whose patronage did not hurt him. The new Cape governor has a sharp, thin face and looks much older than he really is. He will rule South Africa with a strong hand.

Remarkable Horse Trade.

Two gentlemen of Marshallton, Va., who for convenience we will call Mr. A. and Mr. S., met one day and agreed to swap horses.

"I'll tell you what, John," said Mr. A., "if you get the best of the trade you shall bring me two bushels of wheat to bind the bargain, and if I come out best I'll do the same by you, eh?"

"That's a go," said Mr. S., "and I low you'll bring me the wheat."

"That's as it may be," retorted Mr. A. "But let it be agreed, then, that a week from this afternoon the one that's best suited, be it you or me, shall give t'other two bushels of wheat."

The week passed, the day came, and as luck would have it, Mr. A. and Mr. S. met on the road about midway between their respective homes.

"Where to John?" cried Mr. A., as they stopped a moment to chat.

"To your hourse with two bushels of wheat," replied Mr. S.

"Well, now that's good," remarked Mr. A., "for I was on my way to your house on the same errand. This horse you let me have, cant be beat."

"Just what I think of this nag," retorted Mr. S. and then they had a hearty laugh and separated after exchanging wheat.—*Youth's Companion.*

The Baby Did It.

Mr. Newera—I thought your wife was a new woman?

Mr. Muchblest—Well, she was. But she has sort of given it up.

Mr. Newera—What made her give it up?

Mr. Muchblest—The new baby.—*Chips.*

SPOT CASH. ONE PRICE.

Money Back if You Want It!

THIS IS OUR NEW METHOD

OF DOING BUSINESS.

O'd "Credit-and-Cash-System" Done Away With!

It is a well-known fact that a great proportion of the losses in any credit business are caused by about four main items:
1st.—Bad debts. 2nd.—Interest on accounts carried.
3rd.—Expenses of collecting and keeping track of accounts.
4th.—Losses sustained through not being able to cash discounts when buying stock.

These losses, in the aggregate, are quite a heavy item, and are all a direct charge on any business run on a Cash and Credit basis, and must, of necessity, come out of the profits. In marking goods one has to figure on the cost of giving credit just the same as for rent, taxes, help, etc. For example:

Take a business where there is an average credit given of $5,000; that is, at times books show $8,000 and at other times accounts would be reduced to $2,000, leaving the average on books for a year about $5,000.

Losses from bad debts would be not less than	$150 00
Cost of Stationery, Postage, Extra Help, Books, etc.	200 00
Interest on average of Accounts, $5,000 at Bank rate 8 per cent	400 00
Losses through not having $5,000 in cash to take advantage Discounts in buying stock 5 per cent	250 00

Or to an $8,000 credit business there is an extra cost over cash of $1100, or an expense of 14 per cent.

In comparing our own experience with other merchants we find that as near as we can approximate the above figures are correct.

After looking at these facts we have determined to live up to the experience gained, and dispense with credit altogether, believing that a Spot Cash business will be mutually beneficial. It is an undoubted fact that the man who sells the cheapest is the man who sells for Cash—selling for cash we can and will sell at lower prices than ever before.

Buying where credit is given you not only have to pay for your own goods but have the extra cost of paying for credit business losses.

In marking our Spring Stock of Hats we have kept in view the ONE-PRICE, SPOT CASH rule which we now adopt. All old customers, both Cash and Credit, and all those who will favor us with their patronage, will find that our goods are being sold at fully from 10 to 15 per cent. lower prices than formerly, and the high quality of stock strictly maintained. In stopping this leakage customers will be money in pocket and we will be better off.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

PARTISAN OFFICIALS.

Continued from page 1.

"Why," he asked, "does it not include the Dominion civil servants? What particular reason is there to draw the bill in the way in which it is drawn? Is it because the Dominion officials are all upon the other side of politics?"

Mr. Haycock intimated that they were quite willing to amend the bill to include the Dominion officials.

The Attorney-General: That is all right, but what about the municipal officers, the army of letter carriers, the horde of Custom House officers and the organizers that are so valuable to hon. gentlemen opposite and without whose aid hon. gentlemen opposite would be swamped? Why are the officers of this Government singled out? I thought that the generosity which was performed this afternoon, which is unparalleled in the history of any country, ought to be sufficient to satisfy my hon. friends. But if the bill is to go to the full length that it is proposed it must go a great deal further. It must be a great deal more comprehensive and there must be a great many other officers brought within the scope of its operations.

As there were supporters of both parties absent the Attorney-General accepted the offer of Mr. Whitney to adjourn the debate.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
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DENTIST

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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now .·. Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well preportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill, Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 66. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BLOCKADE OF CRETE

Will be Inaugurated on Sunday Next.

Mr. Balfour Replies to Questions—Mr William Harcourt Challenged to Bring on a Motion of Censure—Mr. Gladstone Writes Strongly on the Eastern Crisis, and Soundly Condemns the Government's Policy—The Grand Old Man Praises the Pluck of Greece and Scores the Powers in Vigorous Language—Latest War News.

London, March 18.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Charles Dilke, Liberal, asked whether a blockade of the ports of Crete had been declared by the powers and whether Germany had declined to employ her forces in the interior of the island.

Mr. John Morley, Liberal, asked whether Greece had been invited to accede to the terms of the identical note of the powers before the blockade of the ports of Crete was instituted.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, replied that the British Minister at Athens, Mr. E. H. Egerton, had been instructed to notify the Government of Greece that a blockade of Cretan ports would be instituted.

In reply to Sir Charles Dilke's other question, Mr. Balfour said he had no information that Germany had declined to send troops to Crete. Germany thoroughly agreed with the policy of the powers.

Mr. Morley asked if this technical notification was what M. Meline, the French Premier, referred to in his recent speech in the French Chamber of Deputies.

Mr. Balfour: "I don't know. I must say that it is not satisfactory to answer questions put by gentlemen who embarrass the Government as much as they can by questions inside and speeches outside of the House." [Loud cheers by the Conservatives.]

Sir William Harcourt, amid Liberal cheers, protested against Mr. Balfour's censuring the Opposition members who sought legitimate information. He then proceeded to say: "Lord Salisbury referred to Premier Meline's speech, and we must have an answer thereto. That reference made in the House of Lords contains the only information that has been given to this House or to the country. [Cheers.] I again ask, M. Meline having stated that Greece would be reinvited to accede to the terms of the note of the powers, and that the ports of Crete would not be blockaded nor the number of European troops in the island increased until Greece had been again notified, whether that has been done."

Mr. Balfour refused to make any explanation concerning M. Meline's speech and said if Sir William Vernor Harcourt wished to move a vote of censure on account of his refusal, let him name the day. [Conservative cheers.]

MR. GLADSTONE'S VIEWS.

Ex-Premier Challenges the Government to Dissolve Parliament on the Issue.

London, March 18.—Under the title "The Eastern Crisis," a 16-page pamphlet by Mr. Gladstone will be issued to-morrow. The pamphlet is in the form of a letter from Mr. Gladstone addressed to the Duke of Westminster, in which the former Premier proceeds to say: "Events in crowds have been occurring in the East at short intervals for the past two years of such a nature as to stir our common humanity to its innermost recesses and to lodge an appeal from official to personal conscience. Until the most recent dates these transactions have seemed to awaken no echo save in England, but now light has flashed upon Western Europe and an uneasy consciousness that nations as well as Cabinets are concerned has taken a strong hold upon the public mind. Later massacres in Armenia have occurred upon a scale of intensity and in a diversity of their wickedness beyond all modern, if not all historical, experience. All this has been done under the eyes of the six great powers, which are represented at the Porte by ambassadors, who thought their feeble verbiage a sufficient counterpoise to instruments of death, shame and torture, provided that in framing it they all chimed in with one another."

The letter then goes on to review the Eastern question since 1880. Mr. Gladstone recalls the fact that his Ministry in 1880 organized a European concert to procure the fulfilment of the treaty of 1878 in regard to Montenegro and Greece. The forces of moral suasion had been exhausted and a squadron of war ships of the six powers assembled on the Montenegrin or Albanian coast. It was soon found that to several powers a "Concert of Europe" meant toy demonstrations, which were not intended to pass for reality. "We did not waste any time to galvanize the corpse into life," Mr. Gladstone continues, "but framed a plan for the seizure of an important port of the Sultan's dominions. We found as our principal support the wise and brave Alexander II., who then reigned in Russia. The effect was perfect. There was no war in Europe, though this bugbear would doubtless have been used had our proceedings gone beyond privacy. Our plan became known to the Sultan, and without a single difficulty Montenegro obtained her present considerable extension and Thessaly was added to Greece later.

"It is time to speak with freedom At this moment two great states, with a European population of 150,000,000, are under the Government of two young men, each bearing the title Emperor, but who in one case is wholly without knowledge and experience and in the other case has only such knowledge and experience, in truth limited enough, as have excited much astonishment and some consternation when an inkling of them have been given to the world. In the concert of the powers these powers fight steadily against freedom. But why is our Government pinned to their apron?"

Mr. Gladstone then reviews the history of Greece and Crete and says: "We have before us a David, facing six Goliaths." He argues that Ottoman rule in Crete is a thing of yesterday, but Crete was a part of Greece, and the Cretan people were part of Greek people, 3000 years ago.

"Nor have their moral and human ties ever been broken or relaxed," he says, "and years and centuries will come when this bad dream of Ottoman dominion has passed from Europe that the union will still subsist.

"Greece, by her bold action," Mr. Gladstone continues, "has conferred a great service upon Europe. She has made it impossible to palter over this question as we have paltered in Armenia. The nations of Europe are in various stages of their training, but I do not believe that it is the European people whose judgment will tolerate the punishment of Greece for the good deed she recently priformed. Certainly, it would not be France, who so largely contributed to the foundation of the kingdom, nor would it be the Italians, who are so mindful of what their fathers have undergone, and least of all the English, who, if the road were open to them by the dissolution of Parliament, would show how they are minded by returning a Parliament which upon this question would speak with unanimity."

TO BEGIN ON SUNDAY.

After 8 a. m. on March 21 Greek Vessels Must Keep Away From Crete.

Athens, March 18.—In the Boule today M. Skouzes, Minister of Foreign Affairs, announced that the foreign admirals in Cretan waters had issued a proclamation stating that a blockade of Crete would begin at 8 o'clock on the morning of March 21. After that time no Greek vessel would be allowed to enter the ports of the island and the vessels of other nations desiring to enter must first obtain permission from the admirals.

Italian Troops Will Start.

Rome, March 18.—The Italian warship Eridano, with 600 troops on board, will start for Crete to-morrow.

That Autonomy Proclamation.

Canea, Crete, March 18.—The proclamation issued by the foreign admirals, announcing the conditions under which autonomy will be granted to Crete, promises the adoption of measures to regulate the working of complete autonomy for the island, and guarantees to every one, of whatever race or religion, perfect liberty and security of property. The proclamation concludes by saying: "A new era is opening for Crete. Let all persons lay down their arms. The powers count upon the co-operation of Christians and Moslems alike to aid in the task which promises to insure order and prosperity."

Russian Steamer Through Dardanelles.

Constantinople, March 18.—A Russian steamer conveying a battalion of troops to Crete has passed through the Dardanelles.

A Greek Schooner Sunk.

Canea, March 18.—The Government has received advices that the Austrian gunboat Sebenico has sunk a Greek schooner with a cargo of munitions of war and a number of Cretan insurgents on board. The Sebenico, under the orders of the British admiral commanding the British squadron, in Cretan waters, was patrolling off Cape Dia, Crete, when the schooner hove in sight. The schooner was hailed by the gunboat and the insurgents on board, in reply, opened fire upon the Sebenico, whereupon the latter turned her guns on the schooner and sunk her.

Cretans Notified.

Canea, March 18.—The admirals commanding the fleets of the powers here have cabled to the representatives of their respective governments in Constantinople notifying them that the blockade of the island will be inaugurated on Sunday. Warships will make a cruise around the island, delivering to the inhabitants of the chief ports proclamations declaring that the powers intend to establish autonomy in the island and that the blockade will begin on the day specified.

It has been decided that the foreign troops who are to be landed to carry out the purpose shall be located at different places. The French troops will be placed at Sitia and Spinalonga, the British at Candia, the Russian at Retimo and the German at Suda Bay and Canea. It has not been stated where the Austrian and Italian forces shall be placed.

Denim of a golden tan or old red shade makes a very effective and inexpensive portiere for a library or dining room. Make leaves, fleurs de lis or some conventional design, cut from black velveteen, and fasten them to the cloth by pasting them on with boiled starch; outline these figures with a heavy yellow silk floss and you will have a very handsome-looking material for hanging. The figures may be placed at regular distances over the denim or arranged as a border about eighteen inches from the top.

The Sexes in Massachusetts.

It is not only in recent times that women have outnumbered the men in Massachusetts. This condition of affairs has obtained for 120 years. Ten years ago the excess was so great that there were 3000 more unmarried women than men.

LOOKING FOR PLUMS.

Leading Contractors Waiting About the Capital.

Contracts on the Soulanges Canal Are in View—The Japanese Consul at Vancouver Protests Against the Proposal to Tax Immigrants From His Country—Mr. Rogers of Toronto Looking After the Interests of Coal Oil Pedlars—Cabinet Still Talking on the Tariff—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 18.—(Special.)—Many leading contractors are in town waiting to see how the pendulum will swing in the matter of the Soulanges Canal contracts. As the work of enlarging the St. Lawrence canals approaches completion, and as there is little doing in the way of great public works in other portions of the Dominion, naturally the reliable firms want to hold on until the very last. This accounts for the anxiety on the part of some regarding the letting of the contracts which have been taken from George Goodwin. Among the leading contractors whom your correspondent ran across to-day were Mr. P. Larkin of St. Catharines, M. Haney of Ryan & Haney, Toronto; Fauquier Bros., Randolph MacDonald, Toronto; J. D. Cameron, Quebec, and Andrew Onderdonk of Hamilton. For sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Soulanges Canal work, there are about 20 offers in, and it is the current belief that Messrs. Munro & Murray, ex-M.P. (of Pembroke), will be found to be lowest tenderers. For section 12, which is a very important work, there are about a dozen tenders, but it is not possible to night to ascertain the name of the lowest tenderer, as the working out of the tenders has not yet been completed by the officers of the department.

Mr. T. Nosse, Japanese Consul-General for Canada at Vancouver, arrived in the city to-day to confer with the Government on matters relating to the trade of the two countries. He had a long interview with Mr. Parmalee, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, this afternoon, and will see the Premier and Sir Richard Cartwright to-morrow. He was asked as to the story published in some of the newspapers that the Japanese Government were contemplating the conquest of Hawaii. Mr. Nosse ridiculed the report, and said it could only be regarded as the outcome of trade jealousy. The Consul-General is strongly opposed to the suggested capitation tax on Japanese entering Canada, as he believes it will have a serious effect on the good relations now existing between the two countries. He says, of 800 Japanese in Canada, 450 are British subjects.

Mr. W. Peterson, a leading steamship man of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, is in the city and has had interviews with Sir Richard Cartwright and other Ministers respecting the Fast Atlantic Steamship Company. His own firm is willing to build and manage a fast line of steamers between Liverpool and Quebec. In view of the apparent suspension of negotiations with the Allans, Mr. Peterson believes the opportunity favorable to submit an offer to the Government.

The Cabinet was in session to-day working of the tariff. Quite a number of measures have been under consideration by the Ministers, among them a bill to restore the Departments of Customs and Inland Revenue to their old status as independent departments and to make the two Controllers full-fledged Ministers. It will be remembered that last July Mr. Laurier gave a pledge to Hon. William Paterson that this would be done at the coming session.

Since Mr. Justice Taschereau has returned from his leave of absence in India the rumor is again afloat of his intended retirement from the Supreme Court bench. The Free Press gives currency to the report that a successor has been fixed upon, in the person of Mr. Langelier, M. P., of Quebec Centre, one of the ablest members of the legal profession in the Province of Quebec, and an able parliamentarian.

The leader of the Opposition was asked to-day for his opinion on the Bonaventure election. Sir Charles Tupper replied: "I am not at all surprised. The Government have an immense leverage upon which to work, and they did not fail to exert all their power. They promised railroads and the expenditure of large sums of money in the constituency and the result was not unlooked-for by me."

The Premier was the recipient of numerous congratulations to-day in regard to the success of the Government candidate in Bonaventure. He would say nothing in the matter.

Mr. Clerque of Sault Ste. Marie, who is engaged in the manufacture of pulp, is here to-day, and had an interview with some of the Ministers in regard to this industry. He wants an export duty on pulp wood. Strong pressure is to be put upon the Government from different quarters to place an export duty on pulp wood.

The Government has completed arrangements for the cold storage of butter and other perishable food products, which would be shipped weekly in steamships running between Montreal and London, Liverpool and Bristol.

Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Majoribanks arrived in the city yesterday from New York and are the guests of Lord and Lady Aberdeen.

Mr. Charles R. Devlin has left for the Northwest to pick up information which will be of value to him in endeavoring to persuade Irishmen to emigrate to Canada.

Mayor McCreary of Winnipeg has just received a letter from a Nova Scotian, who went out to look over the Dauphin country, to ascertain the opening there for settlements, and fixed upon 16 quarter section farms for friends of his in Pictou County, N. S., to which they will remove in the spring.

Dr. MacKay, M.L.A., of Ingersoll, was here to-day, as also was Mr. Lyman Jones of the Massey-Harris Company. The latter is giving the Ministers information in regard to the probable effect of the new American tariff.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries has sent out a relief party to Bird Rock Lighthouse, where Mrs. Turbide is now alone.

It is reported that E. D. Lafleur, assistant engineer of the Public Works Department, has got his walking ticket, but the reason therefor cannot be ascertained.

Dissolution of the Nova Scotia Legislature is looked for any day.

The constitution of Victorian Order of Home Helpers has been drafted by Prof. Robertson, acting for the National Council of Women.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street.....
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

AUCTION SALE.
BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL ASsignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on
MONDAY, the 29th day of March,
1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
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Stock list can be inspected on premises.
TERMS.—10 % down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.
JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer. STRATTON & HALL, Vendor's Solicitors. 6d63

SECOND-HAND WHEELS
AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
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1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, 1 (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
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The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
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Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
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Peterborough Business College
than that the present premises hardly afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a
Business and Shorthand Education
Full information may be had by calling at the College or addressing
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BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Lost or Found.

DOG LOST.
ON WEDNESDAY, March 10th, A BLACK COCKER SPANIEL, answering to the name of "TRIP." Any person detaining the animal after this notice will be prosecuted. J. W. MAYBEE, 86 Hunter-st. d60f

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FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 522 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 6food

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OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X. REVIEW office. d66 f

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MUST BE A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 309 Brock-st. to MRS. W A SANDERSON 3d6

WANTED.
BY A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN A POSition as Housekeeper, country preferred. Apply for address to REVIEW business office. 1d66

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d39-w11 3m

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"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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Wishes this week to call the attention of the Ladies to a NEW and well ASSORTED stock of
Tinted Table Covers, Denims, Art Ticking, Plaid Sateens, Fancy Cords, Tinted Fringe, Etc.
The latest Novelties in FRAMES. Also a Handsome line of STAMPED LINENS.
Call and inspect our Stock before purchasing ELSEWHERE.
426 Water Street.

Probabilities.
Decidedly milder, with occasional showers.

R. F.

An Extra Event.

Preparations are on foot at the Golden Lion for an Extra Event next week which will be of unusual interest to the ladies.

On Tuesday, March 23rd,

We will hold a magnificent Advance Exhibition of everything that's Fashionable and Stylish in

New Spring Dress Goods.
New Spring Blouse Silks.
New Spring Mantles and Capes,
New Spring Carpets.

It will be an all-day exhibition for the ladies, and from the most charming conception of the cream of Foreign Textiles and fashionable novelties for the spring of 1897.

Newness, Beauty and Elegance will reign, constituting a
RECEPTION DAY
highly instructive and interesting to the many patrons of this store who wish to become posted on the coming styles.

The goods will be marked off and effectively arranged for easy seeing so that the jury of ladies can decide on their superiority and value.

We can accomodate hundreds of people on the ground floor of this store and in the various departments up stairs without overcrowding, so that no apprehension of discomfort need be entertained.

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BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$800 to $0 50
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
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FOR THE CARE OF
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Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
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The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
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To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
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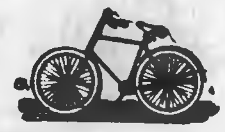

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HOWDEN'S BRAND OF
Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon
Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.
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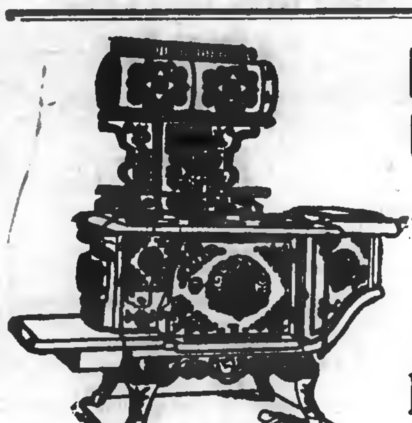
Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.



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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .
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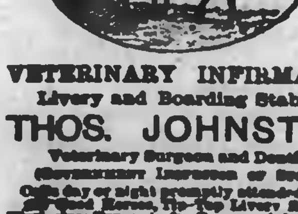
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120



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We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.
THE REVIEW
PETERBOROUGH.

All Women Should Read

This Interesting Letter—"I was Nervous and Weak."

Life Changed from Misery to Joy by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The terrible trials of the "gentler sex" are beyond description. How Hood's Sarsaparilla is adapted for them and how it restores health and helps over the hard places, is well illustrated by Mrs. Place's letter.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—In early life I suffered much from stomach troubles and spent a great deal of money in doctoring. I received temporary relief only to have a return of sickness, and for the past five years life has been made miserable by constant illness. During this period there have been six months that I was not off my bed, and for one year I suffered most severely. I was

Nervous and Weak

and life seemed a burden. It happened that my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it in small doses. In a short time it was evident that it was helping me. In two weeks I felt that I was being greatly benefited. About this time our youngest son, then 15 years of age, was taken down with typhoid fever. He passed on to his reward, and soon others of the family were taken ill, until I was the only one left to care for them. I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to the surprise of myself and all the neighbors, I not only kept up and took care of the sick, but my

Health Continued to Improve.

For nearly three months this siege of typhoid fever held the family down. All this time, as by a miracle, my health kept up and I grew strong. At present I am feeling well and know that the benefit derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla is permanent. Other members of the household have since taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills with good effect." MRS. REBECCA PLACE, N. Sixth St., Goshen, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Insist upon HOOD'S; take no substitute.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897

MR. Hardy is waxing warm these days, and he appears unable to assume that quiet dignity which characterized Sir Oliver as Premier. Mr. Hardy gives every sign of a man who is being hit hard and knows it. Mr. Whitney and the Opposition are certainly making things active and exceedingly interesting around the Parliament buildings at Toronto.

THE Government's progressive mining policy, represented in the agreement to hand over 64,000 acres of the mineral lands of this Province to a syndicate, seems to be rather unpopular with the people, who fail to see any progress in the policy, except further progress along the line of wasting and sacrificing the forest and mineral wealth of this province. It is time for a change.

MR. Hardy sneers at Sir Charles Tupper. And why? Because Sir Charles has shown some interest in the provincial wing of the Conservative party. Had the federal leaders taken more interest in provincial affairs, the Liberals might not have remained so long in power at Toronto. Mr. Hardy may have this exemplified in the next campaign, for a united effort on the part of every Conservative is all that is required, combined with Mr. Hardy's own mistakes and the party's record, to send Mr. Hardy and his party to the Opposition benches.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS

The Marriage of Mr John Ward and Miss Jennie Byers

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Mrs (Rev) Jas Cattanach returned home last week after spending a while with her parents in Baltimore, U S.

WEDDING.—Mr John Ward, of Cedar Valley, and Miss Jennie Byers, daughter of Mr Wm Byers, were married at the residence of the bride's father, west of here about three miles, on Monday last at 2 p m., by the Rev Dr Hunter, of Toronto. The bride was supported by Miss Mary McCartiney and the groom by Mr Samuel Hunter, of Cedar Valley. The bridal party drove to the G T R station, Millbrook, and the happy couple took the five o'clock train on their way home to the Northwest where the groom has been living a few years accompanied by his mother Mrs. R. Ward.

CASTORIA
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LANKY BOB'S VICTORY

Aftermath of the Big Fight at Carson City.

Referee Siler Shows That Fitzsimmons Was Never Nearly Out, and That His Ultimate Victory Was Only a Matter of Time—Corbett Landed 41 Blows to 24 for Fitzsimmons—What Senator Ingalls Thought About the Mill.

The following account of the battle was written by Referee Siler:—The fight of the century has been won and lost. It was by long odds the best contest I ever saw. It was clean throughout, and there never was even a suspicion of foul work on either side. Fitzsimmons to-day ranks head and shoulders above all living pugilists. It is a question whether the world will ever see his equal. I know that he weighed 157½ pounds and that Corbett scaled 183 or more. That a man giving away this amount of weight should be a 10-to-7 second choice is not to be wondered at. This weight matter is no guess. While both found it difficult to land on his opponent at times, Corbett cleverly evaded the hammer-like leads of the lanky one. Fitz worked with a confidence and reserve which evinced his ultimate desire to land just one. There were stages in the contest in which Bob, with his blood-bespotted face, looked as though he was having a hard time of it. He kept up his good-natured grin throughout, however. Every time Corbett landed on him his face expanded into a broad grin, and then, gritting his teeth, he would press in and out.

The notion that Robert Fitzsimmons is not game suffered a serious set-back this afternoon. He took the cleverly-delivered leads of Corbett and went in after more. He acted as though he liked it. 'Give me your head; here is mine," appeared to be written over his features.

I shall never forget that scene at the finish. If Dan Stuart and his friend, Rector, successfully photographed the finale, the projecting picture will be worth millions of dollars. Talk of bedlam and a Kilkenny fight! The vast house just lifted itself into the ring and within the circumscribed limits of a 24-foot ring there were more people in a jiffy than ever gathered together before in double that territory.

From the beginning the fight bore the ear-marks of a spectacular affair, but the finish came a scene such as I never hope to witness again. I stepped out of the ring as soon as I found an opportunity to declare Fitzsimmons the winner, with the intention of evading any sort of argument with the losing side. It looked a bit like trouble, and I thought that the sooner the principals and the referee vacated the ring, this could be avoided.

Dan A. Stuart's partner, W. K. Wheelock, came at me as soon as I jumped out of the ring and asked me if I had declared a winner. I told him that I had and then he went about to clear the ring. This was a job which entailed the work of all the Pinkerton operatives in the arena.

There is little to say about the fight proper. Corbett boxed cleverly. He landed and landed at will, and had Fitz on what to the laymen appeared like "Queer-street." As a matter of fact, however, Julian's man was miles removed from this thoroughfare. He appeared to be worse than he really was, but he was as strong as an ox and made up his mind to land that one punch, even though it took all day to get there.

A left-hand blow delivered under the heart won the heavyweight championship of the world for Bob Fitzsimmons in the fourteenth round. The blow was a terrific one and took the breath out of Corbett.

The punch did not go a great distance from its starting point, not more than eighteen inches, but it was a desperate blow delivered by a desperate man. The effect of the blow did not come at once. In fact, Fitz followed it with another blow by the right, which landed on Corbett's side, but did no damage. A brief moment after the left hand landed, Corbett, with his guard still up, and apparently strong as he had been for several rounds back, sank down slowly on his right knee.

A dead hush fell upon the big crowd. Corbett dropped his right hand on the staging and for an instant remained balanced in that position on one hand and one knee. His head was dizzy, and he toppled over and groped blindly about with his left hand high in the air. He was about ten feet from the ropes and equally between his corner and that of his opponent. It was the ropes Corbett was trying to reach to drag himself to his feet. At the call of "four" Corbett, still waving blindly towards the ropes, fell forward on his face. The effort appeared to brace the Californian, and it also brought him close to the ropes. At "seven" Corbett had grasped the ropes, and was again on his knees. "Eight" came amid a giant roar from the crowd, and then "nine" was tolled off by the waving of the referee's arm, and then the fatal "ten and out." A new bona-fide champion had been created in a most surprising manner, for Corbett was still on one knee, his hand grasping the upper rope.

I tapped him on the shoulder in signal of defeat, and Timekeeper Muldoon continued to toll off the seconds to make certain the end of the fight. "Fifteen" and Corbett slowly staggered to his feet.

Then followed one of the most exciting scenes ever witnessed in a prize ring. Fitzsimmons reached over the ropes in his corner and grasped the hand of his wife, who was tearful and trembling. Then the new champion seized a small British flag and tramped about the ring, waving it over his head. Corbett arose with a murderous look on his chalky face. The sight of his conqueror marching in triumph set him in a frenzy, and, rushing across the ring, he began pulling Fitz in a vigorous manner. Seconds and spectators jumped in the ring in a jiffy. Fitz was on the floor, with Corbett standing over him. Corbett was dragged away, struggling like a madman. Three times Corbett broke from his captors and tried to get at Fitzsimmons. The latter was also excited, but watched Corbett closely.

There were, of course, the usual arguments and kicking by the partisans on each side, and which, as usual, ended up in nothing. After the run-in, as it were, Corbett's seconds led him to his corner, and, after being quieted down, he walked over to Bob's corner and begged for another fight. Fitz, however, turned him down, saying that he would not fight again, and if he did he certainly would not meet him.

"Take your own time, but promise to fight me, won't you?" pleaded Corbett.

"Nope. If I ever do fight again, it will not be with you."

"Then I'll lick you the first time I meet you," said Corbett.

Fitz laughed queerly, and answered: "I'll kill you if you try it."

That is how the great battle ended. Corbett was a great disappointment. After having his man groggy, bleeding, and, to all appearances, beaten, he failed to grasp his opportunity. His blows were light and often weak, and extreme care led many to think he was showing evidence of cowardice.

A peculiar thing about the knockout was that Fitz, as soon as he saw Corbett sinking to the platform, walked over to his wife, who sat near the corner, reached over the ropes, and shook her by the hand. By that time Corbett had been counted out, and Fitz, seeing it was all over, jumped into the centre of the ring, waved his colors, the red, white and blue, and bowed to the spectators.

From the very outset Corbett outsparred his man. In the sixth round he who would have bet one on Fitz against ten on Corbett would have been considered foolish. The famous right-hand punch of Fitz was not in evidence. The kangaroo could not land on his man, even when he forced the work. Corbett's work was perfect. Of him it must be said that he is clever beyond comparison but as a hitter and finisher of a hard-hitting lightweight he won't do. Corbett's guard invited al kinds of leads, and when they came Corbett was quick as a flash with defence. When victory seemed to be in his grasp, his deficiency in finishing work was wofully apparent. He is a magnificent boxer, but not a fighter. There were a few about the ringside who claimed that the blow that made Fitz a champion was questionable. It cannot be argued in a sensible manner that it was.

Charley White attempted to claim a foul. He shouted that Corbett had been struck in the groin, and Joe Corbett was also vociferous in the same claims. Both were laughed off the stage by even those who had bet plenty of money on the Californian.

INGALLS DESCRIBES THE MILL.

Corbett the Dying Gladiator—Fitzsimmons Was the Freak With a Grin.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls wired a realistic picture of the mill and the terrible knock-out blow to The New York Journal from Carson City, as follows:

Carson, Nev., March 17.—The delegates to the convention began to gather at the coliseum soon after breakfast. The weather was of incomparable loveliness. The Sierras were marble, the sky turquoise and the wind was tempered to the lambs that were shorn later in the day.

The amphitheatre was like a huge bowl, with tiers of benches ascending from the platform in the centre to the upper rim. It filled gradually, till by noon it contained an audience of 7000 or 8000 well-dressed, orderly, decorous, average American citizens. Miners, merchants, farmers, cowboys, ranchmen, lawyers with some toughs and crooks that like beasts of prey, follow every crowd, seeking whom they may devour.

There were a few women interspersed among the multitudes, attended by fathers or husbands or brothers. The boxes, which were little pens with chairs near the platform, in which the price of a seat was $40, were partially occupied by men in the garb of cities, with Van Dyke beards and the aspect of opulence, culture and refinement.

It had been bruited abroad that the event would occur at 10 o'clock, but there was the customary delay, for belated trains, for the kinetoscope or for some reason not disclosed, and it was nearly noon by the time the gladiators entered the building. During the interval the audience was good-humored and patient. Noted arrivals were greeted with applause, and Delegates Sullivan, Sharkey and "One-Eyed" Connolly made brief addresses from the platform upon the issues of the day.

The entrance of Fitzsimmons and Corbett, in grotesque bath robes, bare headed, with attendants, bearing red fans, bundles of cloths and sponges, buckets and bottles, was like the opening procession in one of Gilbert and Sullivan's operas.

It may as well be said here as elsewhere that the entire performance, with the single exception of the incident mentioned hereafter, lacked earnestness and sincerity, and left the impression of a duel on the stage.

The convention was called to order by the national chairman, who announced the names of the referee, timekeepers and other officials, and presented them to the audience, which received them with applause.

Corbett's countenance was dark and drawn, lined deeply with the furrows of care and concern. He posed obviously and smiled complacently.

Fitzsimmons had the visage of a freak, with a silly, open-mouthed grin, and an uncouth, awkward, shambling gait, like a clown.

The appearance of the two men when their robes were thrown off and they were stripped for the ring was grotesque, for, with the exception of a small breech cloth, they were naked to their ankles, where their stockings were rolled loosely down over the tops of their thin, flat-soled shoes. Laced to their wrists were stuffed gloves that prevented cutting or mutilation.

According to the precedent of Queensberry, three minutes for sparring and one for rest was a round. The blows fell muffled and the contestants seemed to be on good terms and frequently united, even in the most violent encounter. When the gong was struck by the timekeeper, they promptly retired to their respective corners, sat down in their chairs, and were diligently fanned, rubbed, sponged and wiped by the men in red sweaters, as grooms care for a horse. The men seemed to be fatigued early, perspired profusely and breathed with their mouths open.

During some of the rounds Corbett hit Fitzsimmons on the face, making him look like a great schoolboy, and gazing around with a smile like Banquo at the banquet of Macbeth. And so it went on for nearly an hour, the audience sitting quietly as at a theatre or in a circus or at a ball game, with occasional cries of applause at some agile movement or some resounding blow.

And then, without warning, the most surprising, unexpected and inexplicable event occurred—the first, the last and the only dramatic incident of the occasion, like the catastrophe of a tragedy that falls before the climax has been reached.

The auditors had grown a trifle listless. Bets were still offered at 100 to 75 on Corbett. He was not marked by the attacks of his adversary, whom he seemed to touch almost at will. But it was observed that his blows had little effect upon the tough, obdurate trunk of Fitz. They lacked steam and force. The early predictions of a short, sharp and decisive battle by the partisans of both men had already been disproved. The tension was relaxed among the spectators, who had apparently concluded that the struggle might be indefinitely prolonged without decisive results.

Corbett advanced rapidly from his corner, with agile step and confident smile. There was the customary display of gymnastics, feinting and prancing forward and backward, ducking and dodging, followed by a repetition of the apparently harmless exchange of futile blows that had become fatiguing by their previous monotony.

Suddenly Fitzsimmons was seen to deliver a savage body blow near the pit of Corbett's stomach. He then sprang away, and Corbett did not follow him. Fitzsimmons was the only man beside his antagonist who recognized the awful character of the blow.

He knew the fight was over, as his conduct showed.

The pugilists had separated near the western side of the platform, and Fitzsimmons turned with buffoon gesture and bloody grin to the audience. When Corbett, who was still erect, suddenly tottered, a swift spasm shuddered through his limbs, he sank slowly upon his left knee, his head fell forward upon his knotted chest, a deadly pallor overspread his features, he leaned for an instant upon his right hand in a precise attitude of the dying gladiator in the familiar statue described by Byron when his manly brow "consents to death, but conquers agony."

Then he clutched the rope with his gloved hand and pulled himself with tremendous effort to his knees. Meanwhile the fatal bell was tolling his knell—one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine—and before he had fully regained his feet it struck ten and the battle was over.

For an instant the audience seemed quite as much dazed as the defeated pugilist, and was uncertain what had happened or how it was done. There was tremendous tumult, hubbub and confusion, and a wild rush for the platform, with cheers for Fitzsimmons.

Corbett, meantime, having recovered from the effects of the concussion of his heart, exasperated by defeat, sought to renew the conflict, and for a moment a general fracas seemed imminent.

The platform was a furious hurly-burly of struggling attendants, officers, detectives and spectators, which the referee was powerless to calm. But it soon subsided.

The victor and the vanquished had an amicable interview in the conqueror's corner, and Fitzsimmons departed for glory, fame and fortune. John J. Ingalls.

FITZ WON WITH 24 BLOWS.

Corbett landed 41 clean blows to 24 for the Cornishman. The difference was all in the first seven rounds, when Jim got in 31 to Bob's 14, leaving 10 for each in the last part of the battle. Here is the summary:

Round	Fitzsimmons.	Corbett.
1	5	4
2	2	7
3	5	8
4	0	4
5	1	4
6	1	2
7	0	2
8	1	2
9	1	1
10	0	1
11	2	1
12	1	3
13	3	1
14	2	1
Total	24	41

MISCAMPBELL [illegible]SLY.

The East Simcoe Conservative Convention Renominates Him by a Standing Vote.

Orillia, March 18.—The Liberal-Conservative convention, which took place in the opera house here to-day, was attended by about 400 delegates from all parts of the constituency. On the platform were: Messrs. W. H. Bennett, M. P., A. Miscampbell, M.L.A., Mr. St. John, M.L.A., West York, and Mr. Magwood, M.L.A., Perth; R. Birmingham, organizer of the Liberal-Conservative party, Mayor Sanderson, J. W. Slaven, Mr. Thompson, William Calverly of Orillia, A. P. Robinson, Reeve of Orillia Township; Charles Newton, Reeve of Tay; Wellington Fisher and H. L. Lovering.

Mr. G. McCosh, president, was in the chair. After a few remarks, he called upon Mr. Birmingham, who addressed the convention.

Mr. St. John spoke for half an hour on the local politics of the day.

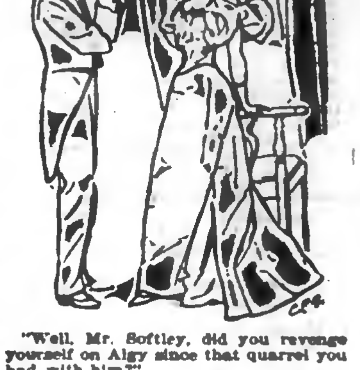
Mr. Magwood spoke on organization.

The President at this stage named Mr. A. Miscampbell as candidate for the next local election, which was unanimously agreed to by the convention rising to their feet and giving three cheers.

Mr. Miscampbell accepted the nomination and spoke for some time.

Mr. Bennett was the next speaker and addressed the meeting on local matters at some length.

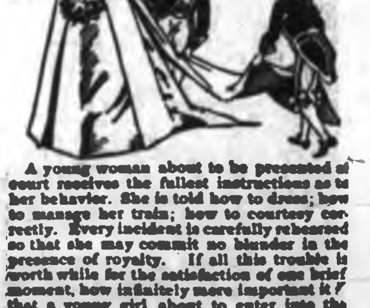
A Terrible Vengeance.



"Well, Mr. Softley, did you revenge yourself on Algy since that quarrel you had with him?"

"Yes, indeed. I ordered my man to be wude to his man when he meets him."—London Punch.

Presented at Court



A young woman about to be presented at court receives the fullest instructions as to her behavior. She is told how to dress; how to manage her train; how to courtesy correctly. Every incident is carefully rehearsed so that she may commit no blunder in the presence of royalty. If all this trouble is worth while for the satisfaction of one brief moment, how infinitely more important it is that a young girl about to enter into the sacred precincts of womanhood, should be properly instructed in all that concerns a life-time of possible happiness, or possible misery.

Every mother ought to see to it that her daughters are healthy and strong in a womanly way. She ought to make them aware that any neglect or irregularity of the special functions of womanhood may result in life-long weakness and disease.

Any mother or daughter may write concerning these delicate ailments, with the utmost confidence to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. Her letter will be answered free of charge with suggestions for self-treatment at home, by which these complaints may be overcome without need of mortifying examinations.

Dr. Pierce has had over thirty years' experience in the treatment of women's diseases, and is an eminent specialist in this particular field of practice. His "Favorite Prescription" cures completely and permanently the most obstinate cases of [illegible] weakness and disease. It heals all [illegible] conditions, strengthens and tones the nerve centres and the entire womanly organism.

For prospective mothers and nursing mothers, the "Favorite Prescription" is a perfect strength sustainer.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

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Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoal

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897

FUNNY FOLK.

The Paragraphers Who Furnish Fun for Merry Moments.

Chicken Repartee.—Young Coxcomb—What makes you look so seedy to-day? Uncle Haytop—My chrysanthemum has just gone to seed. Young Coxcomb—Ah, comb off!

Mr. Labouchere called the Sultan a cur and a blot. Labby may have got his metaphors mixed, but he meant well.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mr. Weyler is determined to make a trocha which is a trocha. He has ordered a lot of Pittsburg barbed wire to fence it in with.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

Mrs. Newlybleased (gratified)—You say baby looks like his father?

Her Brother (critically)—Yes; it has its father's bicycle face.—Puck.

A man who has been toying with the wheat market on scientific principles says there are three liars—the liar, the blank liar, and statistics.—Minneapolis Journal.

He had taken the morning paper to read before going to his office for the business cares of the day.

"What a lot of destitution there seems to be in the city at the present time," said he, glancing over the top of the page at his wife, after he had read the annual report of the Board of Charities and Reforms.

"Yes," said the wife in reply. "And I think there are many things which we ought to be thankful for when we read of the suffering of others. We have plenty of fuel to keep us warm, a good home comfortably furnished, and plenty to eat."

This was said in a tone fully expressive of the sympathy and candor that lay beneath it.

"Yes," replied the husband, "and we each have a bicycle!"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Question of Crops.—Farmer—If this weather keeps on it'll bring things right out of the ground, won't it? Widower—I hope not. I've got two wives there already.

Ready Reckoning.—Miss Sereleaf—Papa has always given me a hundred-dollar bill every birthday, and I've saved it all. Miss Caustique—Indeed, dear, five thousand dollars is not to be despised.

A prominent Democratic member of the House was asked:

"How do you feel to think that the only Democratic President we have had in forty years leaves office a week from to-day?"

To which he promptly made reply:

"How do I feel? How should I feel? Ain't I a Democrat? Whoop!"—Washington Times.

"You hawn't set down no fixed rule o' conduct in this life," said old Wiggins, the barley-mow orator. "Ramson got into trouble 'cause he got 'is hair cut, and Absalom got into trouble 'cause he didn't.—London Tid-Bits.

Ask your grocer for

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BATHS AND BATHING.

THE USE OF COLD WATER WILL DRIVE AWAY MANY ILLS.

Water is Not Injurious to the Skin—The Society Woman's Failings—Country Boys Did Not Have Towels—Use of Cold and Hot Baths.

"The subject of baths and bathing is one which has excited more pros and cons than almost any other relating to general health, said Mrs. Etta Morse Hudders in opening her lecture upon baths and bathing in the Brooklyn Institute. "In most subjects different authorities agree on vital points, but not in this. Dame Nature makes no mistakes, and when she provided so much water she intended it to be used, but there is no one subject so much misunderstood.

"There is no more popular failing than the idea that water is injurious to the skin. Properly used no more efficient and beneficial agent can be found. I will admit that improper use has injured the skin. I heard a prominent physical culturist say some years ago that if she had her way she would take every bath tub from the houses. I should say instead of that put another bath tub in and have two. Warm water should always be followed by cold in the bath, and if we could have a bath tub for hot and one for cold water it would simplify matters. The higher our civilization becomes and the more luxuriant our living the more we are in need of water.

"The society woman puts herself in opposition to nature, and there is no way by which she can retain her physical equilibrium better than by means of bathing. We know that a man who has been dissipated finds the Turkish bath one of the most effective means of recovering from the effects of his dissipation. All kinds of baths are taken to-day to preserve the health of the body. If we should consider all the baths used for medicinal purposes it would take us two or three lessons.

"Hot and cold water is available for all, and hot and cold baths can be taken by every one. The hot bath has been much abused. It is taken more than the cold probable because we are lazy and it is easy to take. We are indolent concerning measures for health and preventive treatment. We will take any amount of pains for our pleasure or for anything we wish in other directions, but when the care of our health is concerned we are negligent.

"Both men and women look upon cold water as very satisfactory for the hands and face, but the thought of using it for the whole body seems to send cold shivers down the spine. I never shock people so much as when I say they should take a daily cold bath.

"We should begin early with the cold bath and accustom our children to it. It is well to begin with them in the summer. Teach them to swim and they will enjoy it so much that they will not object to the bath at home later.

"Hot water for the bath should always be followed by cold. Take the subject of linen, and we will see the analogy. Do we every think of the reason we rinse our clothes in cold water. The hot water first softens and liberates the impurities and the cold water carries them off.

"There are four benefits we receive from the bath: First—It dissolves and frees the impurities of body and blood, second, it eliminates the waste matter; third, it improves circulation, and, fourth, it energizes the body, strengthens the resistance and increases vitality. Living in overheated houses, improperly clothed and improperly fed, our muscles become soft and we do not have proper resistance. Most disease comes to us from this lack of resistance.

"I remember, some time ago, before I had studied these subjects as I have now, I was staying in the country, and my boy, who had been out playing, came in and said that he had been in bathing with the boys. 'What did you do for towels?' I asked. 'Oh, we did not have any towels,' he answered; 'we put on our clothes and didn't need them.'

"I was frightened, and made him undress so that I could dry him properly. But I found him warm and dry and his skin in a normal condition. The hardy little country boys were in the habit of going into the water every day in that way, and sometimes more than once, and they never took cold.

"You should always be warm before taking a bath. Some women say they awaken with cold feet. It is necessary to be warm before taking the bath, but by that I do not mean to put your feet up to a radiator or stove to warm them. I have taken a bath when I have been at a hotel in a small place, where I had to break the ice in the pitcher before I took my bath, but I was entirely warm when I had finished.

"The best plan for any one who is not accustomed to taking a cold bath is to begin with the water tepid. It is well to bathe half the body at first, and the rest later in the day, but never one hour before meals or two hours afterward. The food is digesting after meals, and it is easy to understand why we should not bathe before meals. If we give the matter thought. The object of bathing is to bring the blood to the surface. If we bring the blood to the surface we take it from the stomach, where we need it for digestion. Mrs. Lemcke, who lectured upon food here recently, says that nothing that she can do will bring on an attack of indigestion so soon as to take a bath just before eating, and she is a strong and healthy woman.

"The disadvantage of our mode of living is that we have not much animal heat. The cold bath generates heat. We can resist the cold better after it, and we can wear less clothing. We, most of us, wear too much. Occasionally I find families who for several generations have been accustomed to the use of cold water. They are healthy and rosy and active.

"The hot bath is good for two things. It loosens and clears the impurities from the skin, which, if not removed, would be carried back into the system. The constant relaxation of the skin by frequent hot baths where people are delicate and anaemic is very bad. The bath should always be followed by cold water, which closes the pores of the skin. A skin of fine texture, if constantly accustomed to warm water, has the pores opened, and they finally become permanently open.

"A hot bath should be taken at a temperature of from 90 to 95 degrees and the temperature should be decided by a thermometer placed in the water. The hand will not do, and it will not do to dash the thermometer in and remove it immediately.

"Babies and old people may take a bath at from 95 to 100 degrees, but baby should be accustomed to a cold bath early, and he soon learns to enjoy it. In some cases where the circulation is bad a bath at 112 degrees may be taken where it is not convenient to take a Turkish bath. I should not advise those as often as some people take them without the advice of a physician.

"Never take a bath when the body is chilled. We hear a great deal about taking a bath when the body is overheated, but it is not so bad as to take a bath when the body is cold. If you are a little heated, it is a favorable time for taking a cold bath. The pores are open, but you must be careful to avoid getting in a draught, as you take it.

"The morning is the best time to take the daily bath, because at that time the body is rested, and we should be in the best physical condition. Hot water drinking an hour before meals should be always after the cold bath, not before. If you are not up in time do not give up the bath on any account, but take the hot water at night before going to bed.

"A salt-water bath is very good when coming in from a ride on the wheel. If not overtired, take this bath immediately. If tired, remove the clothes, put on a flannel gown, and rest first. When there are not two tubs in a bath-room and there seldom are, it is easy to obtain the cold water after the hot bath by reducing the temperature of the water in the tub, which can be quickly done. A spray can be attached to the faucet and used to advantage, and some people prefer to apply the cold water while standing in the warm water and using the cold water on the feet later.

"These directions are all general. They may not all of them agree with each individual. We must all take only what suits ourselves. If there is one thing that does not agree with you, it is not necessarily bad, but it is bad for you, and you must not attempt it."

Old-Time Keelhauling.

Keelhauling was a method of naval discipline particularly in vogue with the Dutch navy, for, as Van Tromp swept the channel with a broom at his masthead, his countrymen sometimes used human sweepers under their keels. In large square-rigged vessels the victim was lashed to a spar and had iron weights secured to his feet, spans were secured to this spar, and lines were led from it to the mainyard. When all was ready the culprit was swayed up to the mainyard, dropped into the sea, and hauled under the ship to the other side. Here is the way Marryat describes its operation in that small cutter where Smallbones suffered and Snarleyow was thought to be a dog fiend:

"This ingenious process," he writes, "is nothing more or less than sending a poor navigator on a voyage of discovery under the bottom of the vessel, lowering him down over the bows, and with ropes retaining him exactly in his position under the keelson, while he is drawn aft by a hauling line until he makes his appearance at the rudder chains, generally speaking quite out of breath, not at the rapidity of his motion, but because when so long under the water he had expended all the breath in his body and induced to take salt water in lieu. * * * In the days of keelhauling the bottoms of vessels were not coppered, and in consequence were all studded with a species of shellfish, called barnacles, which attached themselves; and, as these shells were all open-mouthed and with sharp cutting points, those who underwent this punishment (for they were made to hug the keelson of the vessel by the ropes at each side fastened to their arms) were cut and scarred all over the body, as if with so many lancets, generally coming up bleeding in every part. But this was considered rather advantageous than otherwise, as the loss of blood restored the patient if he were not quite drowned, and the consequence was that one out of three, it is said, have been known to recover after their submarine excursion."

No words can add to this weird description of a very old and hearty sea way of murdering. All the officers of junior and middle rank, and all the men, whether volunteered, shanghaied or pressed, were underpaid and robbed.—Harper's Weekly.

Put It in English.

A noted wag one day dropped into a cafe for dinner. The waiter had just flicked a piece of lint from his customer's coat collar when the guest opened out on him.

"Yes," said he, glancing at the menu, "you may bring me some eggs blushing like Aurora."

"Beg pardon," explained the waiter, "it's not on the bill."

"Isn't, eh? What's this, oeufs a l'aurore?"

"Oh, yes," replied the young man, blushing and shifting somewhat uneasily.

"And I feel like some breeches in the royal fashion, with velvet sauce."

The waiter turned red, white and blue.

"Got you again," chuckled the guest. "Well, I suppose you call it cutlotte a la royale, sauce veloute."

"Oh, that! Yes, sir; yes, sir," and the waiter briskly rattled the cutlery around the plate, as though he fain would drown the guest's voice.

"Be sure you bring a stew of good Christians."

"Now you are joking," mildly expostulated the waiter, with a sickly smile.

"Not a bit of it, map. See, here on your bill, compote de bons chretiens."

"Oh—ah—ugh," gulped the waiter.

"And a mouthful of ladies."

"Eh?"

"Bouches de dames—quick, help—a glass of water—dash it in his face."

But the guest was too late. The waiter was in a dead swoon, from which he did not recover until late in the afternoon.—London Caterer.

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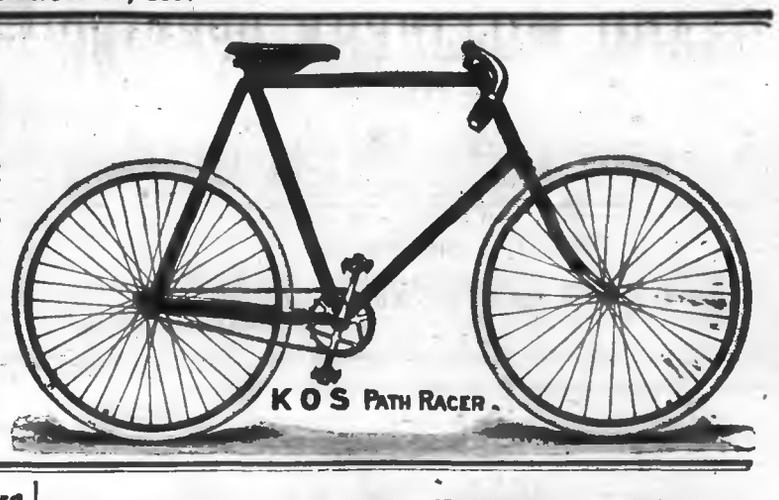
Agent, Peterborough.



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THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (3%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,

Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH

BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., Proprietors, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY

DURING

MARCH AND APRIL

AT 8.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.15 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 186 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek

A Situation?

Have You Houses

or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured

All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or

Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing,

To Sell?

You Will Find It Pays

To Advertise To Advertise

In THE REVIEW.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

— ON —

Tuesday & Wednesday

MARCH 23 AND 24.

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

☞ The Store will be open each evening until 9 o'clock.

MISSES CAHILL,
403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring
(Read on.)

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CHOICE . . . . . .

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Have just opened a nice lot of new goods in Cut Glass, Art China and Silverware, making the choicest assortment ever offered by us.

C. F. KUTZBACH
Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.
290 GEORGE-ST.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

If You Intend

getting a piano, organ, sewing machine, violin, banjo, or guitar, let us surprise you in showing how easy they may be obtained on the monthly payment plan. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d66

Mr Winch's Class Re-union

Mr. R. J. Winch's class in the George-st. Methodist church held its annual re-union last evening and those who were present, and they numbered half a hundred declared that the evening would long be remembered as one of sociability and enjoyment. The class is one of the largest in the church and under Mr. Winch's guidance much good work has been done. Last evening was spent in partaking of a delectable supper, passing a few hours in social intercourse and listening to choice selections by the choir who were also entertained. Before departing for home Mr. D. W. Dumble and Rev. Mr. Young alluded to the pleasant evenings furnished by these social re-unions and expressed their thanks to Mr. Winch and his class. Mr. Winch made a neat reply and a few words were also added by Mrs. Shields.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moon, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

TO KEEP FAKIRS OFF THE MARKET

An Effort Being Made in that Direction by the Market Committee.

The Market committee met last evening and considered a proposed change in the Market by-law whereby fakirs would be prevented from selling their goods and holding entertainments on the market square. However, no decision was reached, but it is likely action in this direction will be taken.

The market has been infested with quack doctors or medicine agents for many years, and some days it is almost impossible to move about or carry on a conversation owing to the crowd that flocks aroud a fakir to listen to his remarks, which are usually delivered in a style very much like a howl.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

TO OTTAWA APRIL 6TH.

The Date Fixed for the Reception of the Trent Valley Canal Deputation.

Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, has fixed April 6th, as the date for the visit of the deputation to Ottawa to urge the completion of the Trent Valley canal.

Mayor Yelland received word to this effect yesterday, and a committee of the Council and the Board of Trade and will meet on Saturday evening to complete arrangements.

Orillia, Barrie, Simcoe county, and in fact all the places interested, will likely go to Ottawa on this date, which will be after Parliament meets.

Trouble at Harwood

For some time the Grand Trunk authorities have been complaining that the brakes on their cars stored on the old Harwood line have been loosened, and the cars have as a consequence been injured by collision and run-ins. The nuisance became so troublesome that a few days ago G T R Detective Holman arrived in town, and in company with High Constable Rankin, went over the line and ferreted the culprits out. Three young men, Alfred Dickson, Alfred Thompson and John Curtis were arrested and appeared before Magistrate Dumble on Tuesday. They pleaded guilty, and the Magistrate having no jurisdiction to try the case, he sent it on to Judge Benson for trial. The prosecutions will probably put a stop to interference with the G T R property.—Cobourg Sentinel Star.

THE LACROSSE CLUB.

The Annual Meeting and Election of Officers —Will Enter the C. L. A.

Few meetings of the lacrosse club have been held in recent years at which so much real interest was manifested as at the annual meeting of the club at the Oriental last evening. It was well attended and a staff of officers that will actively look after the interests of the club were chosen.

Mr. A. J. Terrill occupied the chair and the first order of business was the election of officers, which resulted as follows:—

Patron and Patroness—Mr. and Mrs. H. LeBrun.

Honorary President—Mr. W. A. Sanderson.

President—Dr. McGrath.

First Vice-President—Mr. R. J. Fife.

Second Vice-President—Mr. Wm. Rudkins.

Secretary—Mr. Alf. Terrill.

Treasurer—Mr. R. Glover.

Captain—Mr. Fred Dobbin.

Executive Committee—Messrs. W. E. Loch, George J. Hopkins, C. LeBrun, J. McCabe, P. Rubidge, G. Lipsett and W. Borland

The club decided to enter the C. L. A. and Mr. Alf Terrill will attend the annual meeting at Toronto on Good Friday. The club will likely support Mr. J. J. Craig, of Fergus, for the Presidency.

The executive will immediately arrange for grounds and will endeavor to secure possession of the P. A. A. A. grounds.

An effort will be made to arrange a match with the Young Shamrocks, of Montreal, for May 24th.

THE MARKET TOLLS

Will be Offered for Sale on Monday—Will the Price be Decreased

The market tolls will be offered for sale by public auction on Monday morning next in the Council Chamber. Mr. R. H. Nesbitt has had the lease of the market during the past year.

In conversation with a Councillor to-day a reporter learned that there was a liklihood of the bid being a couple of hundred dollars below the usual price received as the attendance since the change in the market rates on the railroads had noticeably decreased.

Those who have visited the market the past few Saturdays will agree with this opinion, as the market and building which has usually been filled with farmers' wives, offering butter, eggs and fowl for sale, is now scarcely more than half filled.

Personal

Mr. Walter Stocker is out to-day after two weeks' illness.

Mr. John A. Barron, Q.C., ex-M. P., Lindsay, was in town this morning.

Mr. G. W. Mulligan is around this morning after a few weeks' illness.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. R. Young has returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Newburgh.

Miss Ella Choat, who has been visiting friends in Lindsay, Peterborough and Warsaw, returned home to-day.—Port Hope Guide.

Mr. R D. Conger and family have taken up their residence in Toronto, where Mr. Conger will engage in business. Mr. Conger, although only a resident here for a short time, made many friends, who, while regretting his departure, will wish him success in Toronto.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

Mr. E. Rutherford scored the highest in the point games for the medal donated by Mr. E. Brown. The points also count in the competition for the O.C.A. medal. The score was as follows:

E Rutherford	40
T Rutherford	35
T P Attrill	34
A Blade	32
C Rutherford	28
Geo Brown	28
Sam Ray	27
W G Ferguson	26
W Allen	26
E B Edwards	26
R S Davidson	26
J B Pentland	24
C N Brown	24
Geo Fitzgerald	20
D Belleghem	19
E H D Hall	17
G Hopkins	15

THE KENDRY CUP.

Skips Connal and Dumble are left to fight for the Kendry cup. Last evening Skip Connal's rink led by Vice Skip Jeffries in the absence of Mr. Connal, defeated Skip Parker by the appended score:

C Fessenden		R Waddell	
G H Giroux		H Grasett	
H R H Kenner		G Edmison	
J Jeffries, skip...	21	W D Parker, skip.	9

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

THE LICENSE AMENDMENTS

Are not Satisfactory to the Members of Auburn Lodge, I.O.G.T.

The following resolution was passed by Auburn Lodge, I.O.G.T., at its last regular meeting:—

Moved by Bro G W Powell, and seconded by Bro J Simpson, and resolved that we, the the officers and members of Auburn lodge, No 250, I.O.G.T., wish to place on record our dissatisfaction with the license bill introduced by the Hardy Government this session There are some provisions in the bill that meet with our approval, but a large proportion of the bill we consider not at all suitable, nor a fulfilment of the Premier's promise to the temperance party in July last. While we would thank the Government for past favors, we expect an amended bill (with the assistance of the Opposition and Patron members that are friendly to our cause), that will be more in keeping with the temperance sentiment of our fair province. We believe saloons should be abolished at once, greater reductions than proposed in the number of licenses, club drinking stopped, hours of sale shortened to 5 and 9 p.m., instead of 10 and 11 as proposed, and better enforcement of the law against selling on Sunday and prohibited hours.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

FASTER FREIGHT SERVICE.

New System Inaugurated by the Grand Trunk.

The officials of the Grand Trunk have just completed a re-organization of the fast freight service in and out of Toronto by which it is expected that very much faster time will in future be made with freight. Under the new service, which goes into effect at once, merchants in Toronto who ship goods over the Grand Trunk will have their merchandise loaded and sent out on the evening it is received and delivered at most of the large cities and towns in Ontario early the next morning. For instance such places as Peterborough, Belleville, Kingston, Allandale, Hamilton, Brantford, London, Uxbridge and Collingwood may expect to have their freight delivered between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning. In some instances the new system will beat the old time by almost 24 hours. The system will also apply to freight coming to Toronto as well as freight being sent out.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

OAK HALL.

To Make Houses of Refuge a Requirement

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—The citizens of Peterborough had their annual compliment from the honorable judge last week in reference to our having poor aged men, though innocent of any crime, in the gaol to spend their last remaining days. Now the citizens of Peterborough are not to blame for their being there, for ninety per cent. of our citizens have shown that they are willing and anxious that our Council should proceed and build a House of Refuge. Now you are aware that there is a group of counties that have no House of Refuge for the poor. Well, you circulate a petition in any one of the said counties and you are met at once with the following objections to the petition:

Sir, if we build a house of refuge the counties adjoining our's have none, and consequently the poor of those counties will flock to our county and soon fill our's. Who, then, can remove the said objection? Why the Government of the province and nobody else. So, having a new Premier, I therefore shall lay the blame on him, if the said objection is not removed, for all he has to do is to bring a measure requiring every County Council who have no House of Refuge to proceed and build one this present year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-seven. Then the said objection will be removed, and an act of humanity performed. It's to be hoped that our new Premier will accomplish the same and add a clause that no more innocent persons shall be committed to goal in the province of Ontario. By so doing I believe he will immortalize his name. He certainly will have the blessings of those who consider the poor together with the poor themselves. Now in sincerely hoping that our Legislature will not close without passing some measure that will accomplish the desired object of making ample provision for the aged poor,

I remain respectfully,
Yours, etc.,
HUMANITY.

Peterborough, March 12, 1897.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

Let Us Propose to the Young Men this Year That They all Wear

GOUGH'S HATS!

We take pleasure in notifying our many patrons that we have already received our Spring Shipments of

HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS, BEAUTY BLOCKS, Right for Now . . Right for Spring.

Made on the blocks prepared for the present season. Grace in every line and Goodness in every particle. A stock as big as any ordinary Hat Store, and everything new, up to the calendar of 1897, and a satisfying money's worth. Styles this year are the most marked that have been shown for the past three or four seasons, being well proportioned medium shapes, in popular shades—Black, Brown, Light Brown, Fawn, Nutria and Navy.

SOFT FEDORAS - - - - From 50c. up.

The "WAKEFIELD" Best Fur Felt Fedora made for the money. **75c. to $2.50**

HENRY CARTER A Special line of English manufacture which we are importing this year in Fine Fur Felt, one price only, **$2.50**

AMERICAN HATS IN THE NEWEST SHAPES, **90c. up to $1.75**

Cheaper lines of Soft Hats, broad and narrow brimmed, at *60c. 85c. and $1.25*, and Tweed Caps at *10c., 25c.* and *35c.* All the wanted kinds for Men, Youths and Boys. You can safely buy any style in our store and be satisfied you are wearing an Up-to-date Hat. Our lines in Extra Fur Felt will surprise our customers, especially our Stiff "Henry Carter's" and "Wakefield."

OUR GRAND WINTER WIND-UP OF CLOTHING, AND BOOTS AND SHOES will be kept going for a week longer, with a full current turned on. The money-making Bargains your neighbors have been sharing in, are still open to you. Men's Heavy Working Boots, bellows top *90c.* Men's Waterproof Boots, high tops, two buckles, for a One Dollar Bill. Men's Rivetted Bals. or Congress, special, at *$1.25.* The latest thing in Men's Ox-blood Shoes at *$1.40.* For the Clothing—you wouldn't recognize the old selling prices now. Don't come without money, but you don't need much.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

ONE OF THE MARKS OF A GENTLEWOMAN

.....Is Her Dress.

If she is a Gentlewoman, her dress is sure to be right. In the same way you can judge a Dry Goods store. If it is up to the mark in Dress Goods you can follow its guidance in other things. You know who has the best reputation for Dress Goods in this town. We are living up to that reputation this spring.

R. H. KELLS & CO

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Thistles' curling night.

Lenten services at St. Peter's cathedral.

Lenten address at St. Luke's.

"The Bowery Girl" at the opera house.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

To-night! To-night!

Read what the Kingston Daily Whig says of "A Bowery Girl," which appears at Bradburn's opera house to-night:—"Miss Lillian Keene, in the title role of Harry Williams' successful play, "A Bowery Girl," scored a decided hit in Martin's opera house last evening. Her singing and dancing are specially pleasing features of her work. The work of little Helene is far above that of the average stage juvenile, and the entire company gives Miss Keene excellent support. Altogether the play is presented equally as well as, if not better than, it was last season, when it made such a brilliant success. The attendance last night was good." Prices to-night 25, 35 and 50c.

Freight Traffic on the G. T. R.

Through freight traffic on the Grand Trunk has been very dull lately, but local traffic is picking up. The Grand Trunk elevators over the entire system are filled with wheat, but the owners will not move it, and as the wheat movement forms no inconsiderable portion of the Grand Trunk's through traffic this is one of the principal reasons for the present dulness. The new elevator at Portland, which the Grand Trunk is erecting will be completed in the course of a week or ten days. The exports of apples by the Grank Trunk have been exceptionally heavy this season, but this is a source of traffic that will stop in about another week. There are also heavy shipments of eggs to eastern points at the present time. Another source of revenue, and an unusual one, is the large shipments of turnips that are being made from Canada to the United States. These come mostly from Paris and neighborhood, and are heavier than were ever before known. American canners are taking all the Canadian turnips they can purchase.

UP TO DATE!

NEW MANDOLINS,
NEW BANJOS,
WASHBURN GUITARS.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

Brevities.

—Spring weather.

—"Dr." Catechum, a well known character, died at Chemong Indian village last week.

—Two assault cases are being heard by County Police Magistrate Edmison this afternoon.

—A number of local True Blues paid a friendly visit to Stanley lodge, Lakefield, on Wednesday evening.

—Citizens should now give a little attention to the sidewalk in front of their respective residences. The walks should be cleaned to the boards, and ways of escaped made for the water if possible.

—Port Hope is holding a public meeting to consider a jubilee celebration. The Port Hope times publishes Rev. H. Symonds' letter, to the REVIEW with the free library suggestion and urges Port Hope to accept the excellent suggestion made therein.

—Sergt Major Morgans, of Kingston, the champion swordsman, will be among the attractions at an entertainment to be given by the non-commissioned officers of the 57th, under the patronage of the officers.

—Mr. John McGrath has given Mr. E. Elcombe a rare bird to mount. It is a guillemot, a species of diver, seldom seen except upon the sea coast. Mr. McGrath secured it on the Rathbun limits and Mr. Elcombe says it is a rarety to find this bird such a distance from the sea.

—It is understood that Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, the president of the Grand Trunk railway, will not make his annual trip of inspection over the road this spring. It has been the custom heretofore for the Grand Trunk president to visit Canada in May and go over the entire Grand Trunk system, and Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson has, since he was appointed president, made two such trips. This year, however, Mr. Joseph Price, vice-president of the company, will make the trip in place of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson. Mr. Price is interested in a number of railway enterprises on this continent, and is vice-president of the Ontario and Western railroad.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Spring Days..

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our spot Cash Reductions.

...OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS...

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 3?? George St., Established 1857

NEW OFFICERS OF BOARD OF TRADE.

MR. JOHN CARNEGIE CHOSEN FOR THE IMPORTANT POSITION OF PRESIDENT

At the Annual Meeting of the Board—Excellent Reports from the Officers—Mr. W. H. Manson Vice-President, and Mr. H. S. MacDonald Secretary-Treasurer.

The Board of Trade held its annual meeting in the Town Council chamber last evening, the attendance not being large, though those who were present were representative business men. Reports reviewing thoroughly the work of the past year were presented by the president and secretary. The election of officers resulted in the choice of prominent and active citizens for the important positions and the Board under their direction should prosper. During the present year several matters of general interest will be taken into consideration by the Board and it is hoped that the meetings will be largely attended. The importance of booming the mines of this district was emphasized by Mr. Thos. Cahill, and the Board will likely deal with this important subject.

Among those present were: Mr B Shortly, president, who presided, Mr J S Knapman, secretary, and Messrs R Fair, Thos Cahill, J Gilchrist, F J Rogers, R B Rogers, Wm Davidson, R Mulholland, H S MacDonald, W Hamilton, jr., Hampden Burnham, Peter Campbell, W H Manson, F H Dobbin, A L Davis, Dr A Rose.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

A communication from A W Wickham, secretary of the Trade League of Canada, was read, asking the Board to assist in securing a grant from the Government for the League. It was referred to the Council of the Board.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER.

Mr Hampden Burnham explained to the Board the intention of his notice of motion in regard to the employment of the unemployed of the town, introduced at the last meeting. Mr Burnham considered it in the town's interest that the unemployed men should be employed upon the town's stone pile instead of being allowed to starve or forced to seek charity. This system of charity distribution had done irreparable injury to the town. They knew of people who were pensioners of the town and who had swindled people into keeping them. The only way, Mr. Burnham said, to prevent this was to furnish an alternative and provide men that were able with work. Breaking stone was not remunerative to the man, but it was better than starvation. The town stone pile was an excellent opportunity to supply men with work and indirectly improve the streets. The Town Council had shown a commendable spirit in the matter up to the present. Mr. Burnham suggested that the matter be referred to the Council of the Board for a searching investigation.

Mr. C. Fessenden was balloted upon and accepted as a member of the Board.

The committee re the deputation to Ottawa to urge the claim of the Trent Valley canal upon the Dominion, was instructed to act.

ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT.

The annual address of the president, Mr. B. Shortly, was then given as follows:—

GENTLEMEN,—This is the second occasion upon which I have addressed you in the capacity of President of the Board of Trade and it is my intention this evening to deal briefly with several matters that interest the business community—the majority of members of that section being connected with this Board. I may however express my individual opinion on some subjects, but my chief aim will be to draw your attention subjects that will likely be before you for consideration.

Allow me in beginning to express to the members my grateful thanks for the cordial and active assistance that has been given me in my position during my term and though the past year, the close of which is recorded to-night, has not developed many important questions for us to discuss, still local affairs have received our attention and we have not been idle. One thing before proceeding to review some of the work of the year I would like to call to your attention, and that is the meagre attendance at our meetings, and though you will all acknowledge that they have not been numerous, still that fact is a strong reason why the presence of every member should have been guaranteed. The Board is formed to deal with the interest of business men and should be dealt with in the same manner as a merchant deals with his own affairs. United action only will bring about the remedies and improvements we desire. I hope that during the year we are about to enter that the meetings will be marked by the presence of nearly every member. It should be our aim to place on our list of membership many new names, so that at the next annual meeting we would be able to report decided progress in every branch.

Locally little can be alluded to that will interest you. The town has made steady progress, though the state of business has not reached that stage when the merchant can rest on his oars, as it were. We have been forced to pay strict attention to our interests and economize as much as possible, for the depression which has had its grip on Canada, as well as other countries still lingers, though we are hopeful that the recent encouraging reports from the mineral districts will revive business generally and bring about a settlement of the unrest which we are forced to acknowledge has been apparent. But before branching out into the discussion of questions of national importance, let me allude briefly to local affairs.

Since I last addressed you the main sewerage system has been completed and now the Council is considering the extension of the system on other streets of the town. I have noticed with a feeling of regret the petitions that have been presented to the Council opposing this extension and I hope the ratepayers will look at this matter from the proper standpoint—that of making the town healthy as well as modern. The cost is but little and the result in the end beneficial. It is to be hoped the Council, the members of which seem to be progressive and anxious to promote the town's interest, will see that the streets are improved during the year. The necessity of this, I believe, has been sufficiently stamped upon their minds, and will not be lost to memory.

As to our own affairs as a Board, we have interested the Council in several matters.

The Board drew the attention of the Council to the advantages of collecting the taxes semi-annually, and before another year has passed we hope the citizens of the town will be enjoying the benefits of that system. The attention of the Council was also drawn to the possibility of securing several large manufactories, but as yet they are only within the range of possibility. Peterborough's natural advantages, railroad facilities, etc., should be sounded throughout the country in order that manufacturers may become familiar with the town. In this connection I might allude to the agitation to have manufacturing machinery exempted from taxation. The Board fully considered the matter, and brought the question before the Council, who agreed that the proposal was an excellent one, but did not arrange for a private bill being introduced in the legislature to empower the town to act, and as a result a bill cannot be introduced until the next session, when it is hoped this commendable piece of legislation will be carried out and enable the town to offer enticing inducements to manufacturers.

I am glad to report that the Council took prompt action on the matter of the change in the market rates. You are all familiar with the abolition of these rates by the railroads and no doubt realize the loss occasioned to merchants in the decrease of Saturday trade. The Board will be expected to consider the matter.

During the year two important personages visited the town. I refer to His Excellency, Lord Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, and Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals in the new Liberal Government. On both occasions banquets were given in their honor. Lord Aberdeen was present to open the Central exhibition and viewed the sights of the town and left greatly impressed with his visit. Mr. Blair, as Minister of Railways and Canals in a new Government, desired to make himself familiar with the route of the Trent Valley canal and its advantage to the district through which it passed. At the banquet the history of the canal was reviewed and its many advantages emphasized.

I would not be yielding to my feelings if I did not allude to another important affair—the banquet tendered by the citizens to the Hon. Geo. A. Cox. It can be said without fear of contradiction that no person has been more prominently identified with our business interests than Mr. Cox, and though not now a resident of the town, his former fellow citizens have watched with pride his rapid progress in the financial world until to-day he stands at the top of the ladder. The banquet was one of the most successful ever held in town and testified most emphatically that the citizens of Peterborough felt honored in having Mr. Cox selected to occupy a seat in the Canadian Senate. The Board of Trade I think will endorse my statement, when I say that the Government of Canada in choosing such a capable man did itself credit and not only placed an honor upon Mr. Cox, but upon the business community of Ontario.

In April of 1896, Mr. Stapleton Caldecott, ex-president of the Toronto Board of Trade, addressed a meeting under our auspices. His speech abounded with gems for business men and he dealt with matters that interested us and his remarks in every respect were of a most beneficial character and will be long remembered.

Looking upon the year we, as a Board, are to enter, I think the signs augur well for national prosperity. The agriculturist has been encouraged by the advance in the prices received for his grain and feels that the period of depression is at an end. Not only was this satisfactory to the farmer, but it also pleased the merchant, yes, and, I may say, the people generally.

The devlopment of the mineral resources of British Columbia and our own province has attracted the eyes of the world to Canada, and as a result a great amount of foreign capital has been invested. Within a few miles of Peterborough in the township of Belmont, mines are now in operation, and I consider the town should at once endeavor to attract the business accruing from these mines to Peterborough. Belleville, Madoc and Trenton have taken action in the matter, having waited upon the Provincial Government and urged assistance in the construction of reduction works, smelters and the establishment of assay offices. Peterborough is situated right in the centre of this district and an effort should be made to secure the benefits offered by proximity to mining localities.

Again thanking you for the many kindnesses shown me during my term of office,

I remain,

Your obedient servant

BENJ. SHORTLY.

Mr. Shortly was heartily applauded when he concluded his report.

THE SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Mr. J. S. Knapman, the secretary, read the following address:—

Mr. President and Gentlemen,—

I have the honor of presenting to you the eighth annual report of the Peterborough Board of Trade.

We have added several new members during the year and hope that the coming year will see a still larger increase in both members and interest in Board of Trade matters.

The past year has been a very trying one to merchants and manufacturers on account of the Dominion elections. The result being the first change in the Federal Government for eighteen years, has had an unsettling effect upon business and especially along such lines as are effected by tariff changes, and until our tariff and that of the United States are finally settled business will naturally be very quiet.

Business throughout the Dominion has not been good. The number of failures for 1896 was 2,118 with $17,169,000 liabilities, as compared with 1891 failures and $15,892,000 liabilities for the previous year.

The mineral wealth of the Kootenay and Western Ontario district has been greatly developed this last year, and over $5,000,000 has been taken out of the Kootenay district alone. A large amount of money has been invested in mines in these districts, and if heavy losses should be made on mines of doubtful character it will have the effect of checking capital being put in to the mines for some time to come.

Our milling industry has suffered greatly by fire this last year, and two of our finest flour mills have been burned to the ground. These mills were of great importance to the town, and with the water power that we have available in our river it is to be hoped they will be replaced before very long.

The Board has been in communication with several manufacturing concerns, but have not been able to bring any to our town. However, very few new industries have started in the Dominion during the past year, and there is not much likelihood of them starting till the tariff of the Dominion Government and the United States Government has been settled.

The Board had a very interesting address on April 8th by Mr. Stapleton Caldecott, past president of the Toronto Board of Trade, on Board of Trade matters. It was listened to with great interest and if we had more addresses on the same line and from men of high business standing, I think that there would be more interest taken in Board of Trade matters.

The Board joined with the citizens in endeavoring to secure the Canadian Wheelman's Association meet here, but, as you all know, met with poor success, and would suggest that a strong committee be appointed to take the matter in hand and push it for Peterborough for 1898.

Hoping that the year 1897 will prove a successful one for the Board and trade generally, I remain,

Your obedient servant,

J. S. KNAPMAN,
Secretary.

THE REPORTS ADOPTED.

Mr. Cahill congratulated the President upon his able and elaborate report, and also complimented the secretary upon his concise report. Mr. Cahill referred to the President's allusion to the mining industry and stated that he felt the Board had not taken sufficient interest in the surrounding country. The mines in this locality had not been given sufficient prominence, but he hoped the Board would take action at an early date. As far as could be understood, they were led to believe there were rich mines within almost a gun shot of the town and Mr. Shortly deserved the thanks of the citizens for referring to the matter.

On motion of Messrs. Cahill and Burnham, the reports were adopted.

MR. CARNEGIE PRESIDENT

The election of officers was then proceeded with. Mr. Mulholland, after expressing to the president and secretary the thanks of the Board for their services and regretting Mr. Shortly's determination to retire, nominated Mr. John Carnegie for the position of president, a gentleman who would be able to deal with important questions that would come before the Board during the year. The motion was seconded by Mr. Manson, and Mr. Carnegie was elected without opposition.

Mr. W. H. Manson was elected vice-president on the motion of Messrs. Fair and MacDonald.

Mr. H. S. MacDonald was chosen secretary-treasurer on the motion of Messrs. Knapman and Burnham.

For the position of chairman of the Council Mr. Peter Hamilton was elected without opposition.

Messrs. Mulholland, Campbell and Burnham were appointed a committee to nominate a council and standing committees and report at the next meeting.

The Town Council was thanked for the use of the Council Chamber and the reporters also received a vote of thanks for attending and reporting the meetings.

The Mayor was also requested to attend the meetings as an honorary member.

The meeting then adjourned.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

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WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds Crepons, Cashmeres and Canvas Cloths

In evening Shades, Nile, Cream, Pink, Sky Blue and Veiva Rose, suitable for Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns and Children's Dresses, part of

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25c.

These goods will go as fast as the Silks. Come early and see them.

ALSO

Special Pillow Cotton.

40 and 42 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price 12½c

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MISS LILLIAN KEENE in the Title Role.

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Interspersed with bright and catchy songs, dances and up-to-date specialties. Special scenery and effects.

Prices 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats now on sale.

5??2

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First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

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413 George Street, Peterborough.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 30x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, in drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE
137 HUNTER ST.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

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with Cork Lined Metal Caps, suitable for travelling.

The best Rye Whiskey ever distilled in this country and contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers, having purchased the entire balance from the bank of British North America.

Aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

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MONTREAL.

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The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

PIANO POINTS
For Purchasers.

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We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

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Names that are synonymous in the piano world for supeiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

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DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

and he has to wait. At dusk he sees the armourer coming through the crowd. Already the smoking oil lamps have been lighted in many of the booths, giving the scene an additional weird aspect as the dark faces and many-coloured garments of the groups are seen under the yellow of these illuminating agents.

Jack cannot but notice these things even while his mind is engrossed with the business in hand, for he is something of an artist in his way, and always grasps the picturesque.

Achmed makes an obeisance as he comes in—his veneration for the American is great. As is his usual custom, Jack proceeds to get the facts from him immediately.

He learns that the Turk has been in the palace of the pasha, bribed one of the servitors, and even looked upon Aleck Morton in his prison. This he describes to Jack as a dungeon beneath the ground, where Aleck has been kept all these weeks and months. His garments are in tatters, his face thin, but his Yankee spirit unbroken.

Twice he has attempted to escape, and came near doing it, but the vigilance of the guard prevented him. There is a grating of iron covering an air hole that lets a ray of light into the dark dungeon during the day time. Could Achmed lead him to it after nightfall? The faithful Turk prostrates himself and declares it is impossible. Jack asks more questions, makes an appointment, and hurries away.

He hies himself to the home of the American minister—it is possible that this gentleman may interfere and save Aleck, for no matter what his offence has been, he is an American citizen, and entitled to the protection of his flag.

The fates are against him. He finds that the minister, together with the British ambassador, has gone off for a cruise on a new vessel that has just been built for the antiquated Turkish navy.

"When will he be back?"

"With rare good luck, if the engines do not break down, in a day or so, but," with a shrug, "we always allow for accidents in Stamboul."

Just so, and this sets Doctor Jack back a peg or two in his calculations. He remembers the Quinnebaug, the old style American man-of-war, thes in port, and wonders if her captain dares to assist him, shakes his head grinds his teeth together, and says emphatically:—

"Before I could set the wheels going he would be here—no, I see very plainly this good arm alone stands between Aleck and death."

CHAPTER XX.

If ever Doctor Jack was aroused in all his life, he certainly is now—a lion at bay could not exhibit more animation, for success or failure means much to him. There are rare qualities about this man that make him an enemy to be feared—his usually quiet manner can be thrown off, and a fierce aggressiveness takes its place

Passing along through the streets he heads toward the bazaar. Crowds jostle him—they are composed of representatives of many nations—Circassians, Arabs, Russians, Jews, negroes, Greeks, Armenians added to the Turks themselves, Servians, and natives of Montenegro—each in his national costume, make a spectacle not to be found elsewhere upon the globe

Looking neither to the right nor left, Jack more than once stumbles over some mangy cur, of which millions, one could almost say, roam the crooked thoroughfares and alleys of old Stamboul, where day and night magnificence and squalor go hand in hand.

A pilgrim with a camel, direct from Egypt or perhaps Persia, adds to the Oriental interest of the scene, while a fellow who has a performing bear from the Ural Mountains, draws quite a crowd but mighty few piastres, for the Turks, as a rule, are close with their small coins.

So Jack pushes in. He is so wrapped up in thought that he overshoots his mark, and finds himself opposite a mosque, which he remembers in farther down the street than the bazaar in which Achmed has a stall.

His attention is attracted by the loud voices of a band of howling dervishes in the mosque, and he glances in for a moment to hear their continual shouts of "La illa ha illa Allah!" and witness their contortions.

Jack is no stranger to the sight. He has looked upon dervishes of all grades, from the dancers of Stamboul to those of the singing tribe, who take the place of our "little German band" in Persian cities.

Turning back, he is soon in the bazaar—it is less crowded now, but Achmed is there, waiting, ready to lead the daring American to the prison of his friend, no matter what the danger.

They pass out, and once upon the street, Jack manages to disguise himself a little more, so that at first sight he may be taken for a Turk. Under the guidance of the faithful Achmed they gradually leave the busy mart behind, and enter upon another portion of the city.

They are aiming for the suburbs in the direction of the Sultan's palace which is situated upon an elevation, so that the Grand Mogul of the Turks may from his flat roof under the shelter of the canopy, lounge and look upon the fairest scene mortal eyes ever beheld—the wonderful city flashing in the sun, the blue Bosphorus with its white sails, and the shore of Asia beyond, whither some day the last of the Turks will retreat when Russia has her will.

The palace of Abdallah Pasha is not a great distance from the grand residence of his Sultan, and though not attempting to rival the latter, it is a place of no mean pretensions—the building itself being of marble, filled with costly ornaments bought in Western capitals like Paris, and the grounds of spacious extent, walled in, and filled with trees and shrubbery that charm the eye.

Jack has been in it before—the memory of that awful night can never leave his mind, and more than once he has thought what an outrage that so fair a domain should be owned by such an ogre as the old Pasha, but such a generally the case in this world, where one does not have to be beautiful in order to admire lovely creations.

Avoiding observation as much as possible, they approach the wall that marks the end of the Pasha's grounds. This can be scaled by an energetic climber, though the average Turk might be appalled at the prospect. Jack has made preparations for just such an emergency, and this is where his former experience stands him in well. On his person Achmed carries a rope—it is slender, but of a strength beyond question. He now produces it, and by the time it is unwound from his waist, where he has carried it, there is a length of some twenty feet revealed.

The stars are hidden by a canopy of clouds, and the darkness of the night favours their design, though sharp eyes can see something even amid the general gloom. All is silent around them—the weird noises of the city have been left behind, and in this region of royalty quietness reigns.

Jack takes the rope, and moving along the wall to a certain spot, casts it from him. Having once upon a time been a cowboy in Texas, he knows how to handle a rope—every trick in that line is familiar to him, so that it only requires a few throws in order to fasten the noose above.

Jack tries it, his weight does not dislodge the rope, and he mounts upward hand over hand, with the agility of a Jack Tar. Reaching the top of the wall, he waits for Achmed, who is longer coming, and whom he is compelled to assist by an energetic pull. The descent is easy enough, and presently they stand in the garden. Jack makes a note of the spot, by means of a cypress tree that leans toward the wall, and thus feels sure of finding it again in case of a hurry, for there is no telling what adventure may befall them ere they again see the outside of those walls.

He has made inquiries of the Turk with regard to the truth of the rumour that a pack of fierce hounds from the steppes of Siberia, accustomed to pulling gaunt wolves down, are let loose in the Pasha's gardens at nightfall. Achmed can attest to the presence of the dogs, for that day he saw them in their kennels, but he believes it is intended that the fierce brutes shall only be allowed their liberty on certain occasions, and that the report has been circulated by means of the newspapers and hodjas or school teachers who read them aloud in the cafes, in order to frighten people who might be tempted to climb the walls and enter the Pasha's grounds. The one experience Abdallah had with inquisitive foreigners, when one of them so nearly ran off with the prize flower of his harem, has been a lesson to him.

Passing among the trees, representing many countries, and along wonderful flower beds, that in the daytime present a gorgeous spectacle, Jack and his companion draw near the white walls of the palace, which is built something after the manner of a mosque, having a dome, and several minarets alongside.

A great snarling from one quarter tells where the Siberian hounds are held in leash, and Jack puts one hand to where he has his faithful revolver, for should these brutes get loose, they would overtake them long before they could reach the friendly wall at the point where the rope dangles, and a terrible encounter must task the prowess of the American adventurer to the utmost. Still, not a twinge of fear goes through his heart—the man does not know its meaning, and has faced many a danger even more dreadful without flinching.

Now they reach the wall of the marble palace, and Achmed turns to

To be Continued

THE NAMELESS SAINT.

What was his name? I do not know his name,
I only know he heard God's voice and came,
Brought all he loved across the sea,
To live and work for God and me;
Felled the ungracious oak;
Dragged from the soil
With horrid toil
The thrice-guarled roots and stubborn rock,
With plenty piled the haggard mountain side,
And at the end, without memorial, died.
No blaring trumpet sounded out his fame.
He lived—he died—I do not know his name.

No form of bronze and no memorial stones
Show me the place where lie his moldering bones.
Only a cheerful city stands,
Builded by his hardened hands;
Only ten thousand homes,
Where, every day,
The cheerful play
Of love and hope and courage comes.
These are his monument, and these alone;
There is no form of bronze and memorial stone.

And I?
Is there some desert or some pathless sea
Where Thou, good God of angels, wilt send me?
Some oak for me to rend; some sod,
Some rock for me to break;
Some handful of Thy corn to take
And scatter far a-field,
Till it in turn shall yield
Its hundredfold
Of grains of gold.
To feed the waiting children of my God?
Show me the desert, Father, or the sea.
Is it Thine enterprise? Great God, send me!
And though this body lie where ocean rolls,
Father, count me among all faithful souls.

A POACHING PHOTOGRAPHER.

He Only Snapped His Camera on Forbidden Ground.

A member of the Berlin Photographic Society who waged a relentless warfare against the decision of the managers of the Exposition, which prohibited the photographing of objects or persons within the grounds of the Exposition without a permit, which could be had only at great expense, and accompanied by such restrictions that even then it was a difficult matter to obtain really good views, recently showed in an illustrated lecture at the society's rooms how easy a matter it was to elude this prohibitive law. He described a number of cases, when he had taken pictures in the immediate presence of the attendants, stationed there to prevent the taking of pictures. The picture of the temple of Kadra, taken in the Cairo street, was made right over the shoulder of the guard. The entrance of the pyramid, which he photographed three times, was taken each time by requesting politely the attendant to step in first. A picture of the tower of the main building was made with the guard looking straight in the direction of the photographer, and the latter's face in the foreground is one of the most prominent features on that plate. The lecturer was caught but once in the Colonial Exhibition, when a guard, whom he had not noticed, almost surprised him in the act; but, recovering quickly, he slipped his camera into a coat pocket, and the eager Cerberus had to turn about empty-handed. In old Berlin, where photographing was allowed to all, he did not take any pictures, because he had no chance of carrying on his illicit sport. Attempts at obtaining pictures from the balloon were also made, but the results were rather poor on account of the violent rocking of the balloon.

An Electric Bicycle Lamp.

Electric lamps for bicycles have for the most part been dead failures. They were too heavy or too inefficient or too troublesome, and the bicyclist, as a rule, felt that he had thrown the purchase money away. The latest electric wheel lamp, however, is of an entirely different order. It is a clean, powerful illuminator, which cannot be blown out, jarred out or extinguished by the ordinary accidents which affect other lights. It consists of two parts, the battery, or source of power, which is carried in a compact leather case, hung from the top bar of the diamond frame machine. The lamp proper is very small, heavily plated with silver reflector, mounted on a cord with the battery. Within this is the small incandescent lamp which gives the light. The whole outfit is almost as useful in a carriage as it is on a bicycle. The most striking thing about it is the power of the light, which the rider can instantly reflect in any desired direction. It is more like a miniature search-light than an ordinary lamp, and it throws a strong beam ahead. This increase of the light of a 1-candle-power lamp to over 100-candle power simply by a scientifically made reflector will probably suggest to some thoughtful people that they may cut down their bills for electric light 50 per cent. or more by going the right way about it.

The battery will run for eight hours on one charge, and may be recharged at any incandescent lamp socket, or by the special appliances which are provided to save trouble in the process. Many bicycle clubs now keep a charging outfit for the use of their members.—Pittsburg Despatch.

Divided Interests.

He (reading paper)—King George—hum—hum—flower of Greece.

She (also reading)—The flowers were simply wonderful—hum, hum.

He—Sailed for Crete—hum, hum—displayed all his decorations.

She—Yes, the decorations were marvelous—hum, hum.

He—It looks as if the consequences would be dire.

She—Yes, Dyer led the cotillon.

He (dropping paper)—What are you reading about?

She (also dropping paper)—About the Bradley Martin ball, of course. And you?

He—Why, the Cretan situation.

She—Rubbish!

He—Rot!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"What! Another five-dollar bill! Do you think I'm made of 'em. No wonder the old poet was onto your tricks."

"Which poet was that?"

"Scott, I believe."

"What was the poem?"

"Why, it's the one commencing, 'Oh, woman, in our hours of Va'—I've forgotten the rest."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Scott's Emulsion makes the blood richer and improves the circulation. It increases the digestion and nourishes the body. It corrects diseased action and strengthens the nervous system. In a word, it places the body in the best possible condition for preventing the germs of Consumption from beginning or continuing their work. In that one sentence is the whole secret. Book covering the subject very thoroughly sent free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY MARCH 19, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chisholm, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Denne and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford.

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec-Treas.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.23 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.26 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.23 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.25 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.23 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

OAK HALL.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Government Strongly Criticised in Regard to the Educational and Other Estimates.

The Legislature yesterday passed in committee, Mr. Charlton presiding. Hon. John Dryden's bill to improve the Trades Disputes Act, which provides for the appointment of an arbitrator by the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council and the notification by the Mayor to the Registrar in cases of strikes or lock-outs.

The Attorney-General's bill respecting the Fisheries of Ontario, regulating and controlling the fisheries of the province, pending the decision of the Privy Council, was then considered clause by clause and adopted with few amendments.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting the incorporation and regulation of joint stock companies by letters patent, Mr. Gibson stated that the Imperial Parliament was considering a similar measure.

Mr. Howland considered the bill an important one. He proceeded to point out to the Government a number of objectionable features which he thought should be altered or removed.

The bill was then read a second time.

The House then resolved itself into Committee of Supply, Mr. Stratton presiding.

Col. Matheson objected to the large royalty paid to the author of High Schools Algebra.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt thought the royalty did not pay the author for the work spent on the book. Text books of the same kind in the States were sold at $1.25, while the Ontario book sold for 75 cents.

Mr. Whitney favored open competition in producing text-books, a system which was not followed by the department.

Hon. G. W. Ross explained that the two algebra authors, Mr. Robertson and Dr. McLellan, had written equally good text books and both had been accepted. The Government or the House had no right to enquire how much the publishers or authors made on their books. The School Inspector of Toronto had reported to the department that the pupils had paid but 18 cents each on an average for text books during the past year.

Dr. Ryerson reminded the Minister of Education that he had not dealt with his bad bargain on Public School "Readers." The city of Toronto Public School pupils paid last year $2000 more than should be necessary for school text books.

Col. Meacham admitted that the Government did not directly pay the royalty, but it came nevertheless out of the pockets of the children of Ontario. The school books cost double what they should cost. He suggested that American books might be cheaper.

Col. Matheson affirmed that the House would not submit to having favoritism shown in the authorization of school books.

Hon. G. W. Ross read a copy of an agreement which every publisher had to endorse before he was authorized to publish a text book. The quality of binding, paper, etc., was guaranteed, so he thought the department could not possibly take more care.

He quoted the prices of Ontario and American school books to show that in all cases the former were much cheaper. Col. Meacham had suggested the introduction of American text-books. He would not introduce a single American book while there was a Canadian author capable of writing it.

Mr. Gibson of Huron followed in defence of the department.

Mr. Whitney ridiculed Mr. Ross' assertions that this educational system was being copied in the States. He did not care how dear or cheap books were in other countries. The point was, could the books be produced at a lower rate here? A very small amount of profit on one book amounted to an immense sum throughout the province.

The House resumed after the Speaker's dinner at 8.30 o'clock in the evening. The appropriations for the Normal School and the School of Practical Science came in for rigid scrutiny, but were passed.

Coming to the $46,000 appropriation for public libraries, Col. Matheson criticized the department for claiming to have reduced the proportion of fictional literature from 64 to 48 per cent. in a few years, when they had compiled the statistics by such means as classing historical tales as history, and stories of adventure as travels. He was informed that the Superintendent of Libraries was using his office for personal gain.

Hon. Mr. Ross had heard stories to the same effect before. He would inquire into the matter and bring down a statement.

Mr. Whitney thought it was unfair to deceive the public by the classification made in regard to literature in the Public Libraries. He asked Mr. Ross to explain his classification, if only to enable the public to place confidence in his other reports.

The Minister retorted that the classification was the same as it had always been.

A tilt followed between Messrs. Ross and Whitney, the latter gentleman accusing the Minister of "as usual" avoiding a direct reply to a statement. This aroused Mr. Ross' ire and he very warmly repudiated any desire to depart from the rules of debate or dodge the question. The Opposition leader had too often made it a point of asserting that he could not rise and answer a question without avoiding the point at issue. Mr. Whitney withdrew the words "can not" and substituted "will not"; peace was restored, and the two members smiled goodnaturedly across the chamber.

The items were all passed.

The Department of Agriculture was next reverted to. The presiding Minister addressed the House at some length in defence of the various appropriations.

A deputation representing the building and loan companies waited upon the Cabinet yesterday to ask for amendments to the bill to regulate such companies now before the House. Mr. Somerville, representing the Huron & Erie Company, specified amendments which his company desired. Mr. F. H. Pardom, representing companies in London, St. Thomas and Sarnia, asked that the bill be laid over until next year in order that it may be thoroughly considered and separate bills be drafted for regulating the permanent and terminating companies respectively.

As the discussion had been protracted beyond the time at the disposal of the Ministers, the Attorney-General asked that a small committee be appointed to confer again with the Cabinet.

Mr. A. J. Robertson of the St. Catharines High School, the author of the Public School History, was examined before the Public Accounts Committee yesterday. Mr. Matheson charged that Mr. Robinson had been given the work as a sop to prevent him from telling a few things he knew about the conduct of the Education Department. Chairman Harcourt ruled the charge out of order, as it had nothing to do with finances. The voice of the committee was appealed to, and it sustained the ruling of the chair.

A Catastrophe.

The train was roaring along about forty miles an hour, and the conductor was busily punching tickets full of holes, when a little, thin, old man who sat in one of the corner seats plucked at his sleeve.

"Mr. Conductor, you be sure and let me off at Speers station. You see, this is the first time I ever rode on steam cars, and I don't know anything 'bout them. You won't forget it, eh?"

"All right sir; I won't forget."

The old man brushed back a stray lock of hair, and straightening himself, gazed at the flying landscape, every now and then exclaiming. "Gracious!" "By gum!" etc.

Suddenly there was a crash and after a number of gymnastic moves that made him think of his school days, he found himself sitting on the grass of the embankment alongside the track.

Seeing another passenger sitting a short distance away, patiently supporting various parts of the splintered car across his leg, he inquired:

"Is this Speers crossing?"

The passenger, who was a drummer, and not altogether new to such happenings, replied with a smile, although considerable pain:

"No; this is a catastrophe."

"Is that so," he irritably exclaimed. "Now I knew that conductor would put me off at the wrong place."—Harper's Round Table.

"Peculiar."

"Yes, Johnnie is considered a vicious boy, but he isn't responsible for that."

"Why not?"

"Because he is peculiar."

"In what way?"

"In a great many ways. One day his father told him to go to the store and come right right back. He didn't come, and when his father looked for him he was playing ball with some boys in the back lot."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, and that isn't the worst of it."

"No?"

"He hadn't been to the store at all!"

"How strange."

"And another time his sister said he shouldn't eat so many pancakes; that eleven were enough for any boy."

"Well?"

"Well, he ate thirteen."

"No!"

"Yes. Not long after this his Sunday school teacher cautioned him against the sin of lying. The next day he broke down the clothes line and said it was Jimmie Harrigan that did it."

"I want to know!"

"Yes, it's a great comfort for me to remember that if Johnnie ever gets in any trouble it will be so easy to prove that he was 'peculiar.'"

Cured.

"Say, Sal, did enny one catch yer under de mistletoe dis yere?"

Sal—Yep; pa ketched me standin' under some, wid a wistful gleam in me eye, an' give me a lickin'.

Coloring Calicos.

Calicos are colored by printing machines, as many printings being required as there are colors in the pattern.

TORONTO MARKETS

LOCAL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Flour—The flour trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers, nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited, car ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. The demand, however, is unsatisfactory. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c and white at 73c to 74c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c to 85c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c to 83c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firmer. Sales of white at 18c west, and of mixed at 17c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c to 38½c north and west.

Corn—The market is firm, with car lots at 23c to 24c outside.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with market unchanged at 32c to 33c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool March 18.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 2½d to 6s 3d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 47s 6d; lard, 22s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage firmer and 3d to 6d higher. Maize off coast quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures steady at 6s 2¼d for May, 2s 3d for July and 2s 1½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7¾d for April, 2s 8¾d for May, 2s 10d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 22s.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat strong at 6s 2¾d for April, 2s 3d for July and 6s 1¼d for Sept. Maize strong at 2s 8d for April, 2s 9¾d for May, 2s 10¼d for July and 2s 11¾d for Sept. Flour 22s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 80c for April; flour 46f 15c for April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm, but little doing. Maize firm.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 43	to	0 43
Oats	0 18	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	3 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 60	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 25	to	0 40
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 60
Cabbage per doz	0 60	to	0 60
Turnips, per bag	0 25	to	0 00
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 3½	to	0 06

HAD INDIGESTION!

For a Matter of Some Forty Years or More.

Joseph Gardner, stove dealer, of Bath, Ontario, is a great believer in Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and kidney, liver and stomach troubles generally.

"I was troubled for over forty years with indigestion and constipation," he writes. "At intervals I suffered from severe headache. I spent dollars and dollars without result until Mr. Ball, our druggist, advised me to try Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and must say that they are the only remedy that gave me relief. I would not be without them for anything."

Many people suffer from rheumatism. Bad blood and diseased kidneys bring it on. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will remedy all this and cure rheumatism, sciatica and all kindred complaints. Here is a sample case:

"My boy was all crippled up and suffered awfully with rheumatism," writes Mrs. H. Wills, of Chesley, Ont. "He also had a touch of diabetes. The doctors could do him no good, but Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills completely cured him."

Sold by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 25c.

When all other remedies fail Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine will cure the worst chronic cold. 25 cents

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Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

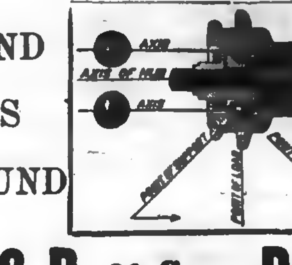
THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND ONLY IN THE



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SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,5[illegible]	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,044	1,360,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	773,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	709,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	706,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

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L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clarkson's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

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E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth doorgeast from George Street, Motherall's Terrace.

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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 28.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 368 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

Furs——

Go they must and quickly!
It's late in the season!
Our store is being remodeled!
If never worn this season, Furs will be, at prices offered, the very best investment you can make, for other season's wear.

A CUTTING CUT IN CUT PRICES

HERE'S SOME SAMPLES OF CUTS:—

20 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Grey Lamb Gauntlets, finest quality, were $5 and $6, have been selling during the past few weeks for $4 and $5, now cut to..... $3.50

All other Gauntlets sold at a like proportionate reduction.

$14 Seal Wedge Caps —$9 has been the price during our last sale, now for..... $7.00

Fur Caps of all kinds at equally great cut.

$10 Sable Muffs, sold for $7 during sale, now for..... $5.50, $6

Prices in all our Fur Muffs reduced proportionately.

Coats, Jackets, Capes, Fur Lined Cloaks. Collars, etc., all to be cleared out at once at big cuts on last week's prices.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

PETERBOROUGH AND TORONTO.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1897.

NORWOOD NEWS

Many Personal Paragraphs—The Indian Relief Fund.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Mr John Laing, M.P., of East Peterborough, was in town on Tuesday.... The Misses Cox, of Lakefield, are visiting Mr Geo Mendren this week....Mr Alex Robertson and his daughter were in town last week....Mr J R McKelvie left on Wednesday for Picton as delegate to the Orange Grand Lodge....Mr Campbell, father of Miss M R G Campbell, science teacher in the High school here, and a retired minister of the Presbyterian church, passed away at his home in Port Elgin in his eightieth year. Miss Campbell, who was called away on Monday, the 8th, returned to her duties on the 15th....Mr W E Hexburgh has been appointed a commissioner to the meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, which is to be held in Winnipeg in June....Mr Daniel McCarthy, who is leaving town, intends selling his farm stock and household goods on Wednesday next....Miss Williams has been called away to wait on her father who is very ill....Mr D H Booth paid a visit to his home on Tuesday..... Miss Padget has returned to her home after a long visit to Toronto....Mr A Cunningham, of Havelock, was in town on Tuesday ....Mr J Chandler has secured a position in Mr Plant's foundry at Hastings....Mr D Gillmarray has been in bed with "grip" for the past four days.. Mr Brien Mulhearn, of Campbellford, was in town on Tuesday.

INDIA RELIEF FUND.—A mass meeting of the townspeople was held in the town hall on Tuesday evening last to consider what steps could be taken in regard to the India famine fund. Mr W E Roxburgh was appointed treasurer and the different congregations of the town have been asked to take up a collection next Sunday. It is hoped there will be a large response.

DEATH—On Saturday last Mrs Thos Robinson passed away at the home of her son in Dummer. The deceased was 83 years of age and a member of the Presbyterian church. The funeral took place on Monday and the remains were interred in the Norwood cemetery.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

GABRIEL HANOTAUX.

Sketch of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Gabriel Hanotaux, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, whose part in the present Cretan trouble is by no means an unimportant one, is one of the most picturesque French statesmen. He began his career as a paleographer and an archivist, and his interesting monographs on the Egyptian Thebes, Ninevah, Babylon, Carthage, Pompeii and Herculaneum are said to be of real scientific value. He has written many interesting studies of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, a life of Henri Martin, and a biography of the great Richelieu, which last named book is the chief of his works and the one upon which he bases his claim to membership in the French Academy. He graduated from a position on the staff of Gambetta's paper, Republique Francaise, into the Foreign Office in 1879, and he has been in politics ever since. In 1885 he left the Foreign Office to go to Constantinople as secretary of embassy, and retired from the diplomatic branch to enter the Chamber of Deputies as representative of a constituency in the Aisne. The Minister of Foreign Affairs does not like England, and discourages a taste for English literature among his private friends, advising them to turn to the Germans, which means that M. Hanotaux would be pleased to coquet with Germany. M. Hanotaux bears a striking resemblance to Cardinal Richelieu—a resemblance of which he is by no means unaware. The pointed beard and the twisted moustache of the Cardinal are affected by the nineteenth century statesman, and evil-minded persons say M. Hanotaux

GABRIEL HANOTAUX.

gets himself up for the part. "Why," asks these meddlesome persons, "does he write a life of Richelieu?" And yet his life of Richelieu is by far the best thing of its kind in literature.

Tears as Medicine.

Human tears are not recognized as a specific against disease in any other country but Persia, and there only tears shed at a funeral are supposed to have any curative qualities. In the country named the custom of bottling tears is quite an important feature of the funeral ceremony. To each of the mourners present the master of ceremonies presents a piece of cotton, wool or sponge, with which to wipe away the tears. The contents of the wool or sponge are afterward squeezed into a bottle and these tears are preserved as a powerful and certain restorative when all other medicines have proved useless.

POWERS OF PLANTS.

EVIDENCES SHOWING THAT THEY THINK FOR THEMSELVES.

From Fern Spores and Pot Mould to Mangroves and Mistletoe, the Marvellous Powers of Life Choice Are Shown—How It Manifests.

Plants, just as much as animals, are irritable beings, and like animals they may show irritability to varying degrees. Thus some plants may be described as mildly irritable. Every plant has to look after its feeding. Green plants, furthermore, have to seek for a very important part of their food in the air, and this they take up under the influence of light, so that it is not surprising to find the influence of environment, making itself felt on every plant, and causing the plant in one way or another to react to its surroundings. It is the particular response to stimuli which we may call irritability. A plant is irritable because it is able to respond.

Higher plants no less than lower are irritable. The shoots of a tree responding to the influence of light, place the leaves in the most advantageous position for the work they have to perform, and the roots, in obedience to the stimulus exerted by gravitation, grow downward into the earth. Tendrils are modified leaves or branches which have become irritable to contact.

A little plant, the ivy-leaved toad-flax, found covering limestone walls, affords an interesting instance of irritability. When in blossom, the long flower stalks of the plant turn outward and carry the flowers from underneath the leaves, in order that they may secure the visits of insects, which are necessary for their fertilization. The stalk of the seed vessel is, fortunately for the welfare of the plant, an irritable structure. When flowering is over it no longer seeks the place which is most strongly lighted, but carries the ripening fruit behind the leaves into a little cranny in the wall. Here the seed vessel bursts and discharges its contents, not among coarser weeds, where its growth would be inevitably checked, but upon the soil which has collected in the cranny. Young seedlings soon make their appearance, and, as a result of the flourishing start in life, the ivy-leaved toad-flax is usually found abundantly in districts where it is found at all. Here we have a flower stalk responding to the stimulus of light, and a reversal of the influence at different periods of development enabling the plant to accommodate itself to its environment.

All plants only succeed so long as their irritability leads them to adapt themselves to their surroundings. The more lowy organized, by reason of their simpler structure, show greater versatility in this respect than their more complex relatives. It is easy to understand how a mass of protoplasm can more readily adapt itself to varying conditions than a higher plant with its extensive differentiation of tissue.

Bacteria are especially sensitive from this point of view. They can distinguish with very great nicety between the relative suitability of two nutrient solutions. Many of them are capable of perfectly astounding discrimination in this respect. In the same way the white blood corpuscles are attracted by certain foreign—often pathogenic—substances to the spot of the intrusion of bacteria into the blood. Here it is the business of the white corpuscles, if possible, to destroy the bacteria. This attraction shown by many organisms toward chemical substances is known as chemiotaxis.

The spores of ferns and mosses afford a remarkable illustration. The male cells are discharged by the plant and may be seen swimming in all directions in water, when suddenly they will make a dash in the direction of the female organ. This sudden rush is a chemiotactic phenomenon. In the case of ferns malic acid, and in the case of mosses p-sugar, is the substance secreted by the female organ, causing the surprising activity of the little swimming antherozoids. Wonderfully dilute solutions are careful of causing the stimulus. Supposing the strength of the solution be gradually increased, the limit is shortly reached, beyond which the solution acts as a repellent instead of an attractive stimulus, causing the plants to swim away as far as they can. If, however, the plants be compelled to live in a strong solution, they will in time get acclimatized and will swim vigorously toward a solution of the attracting salt, although it may very much exceed the normal maximum of attracting strength.

The following is an example of chemiotaxis, which a plant has discovered to secure its own ends. Isaria is a fungus which infests silkworms and other caterpillars. Melanospora is another fungus parasitic upon isaria, an extremely intelligent parasite, and unless it happens to meet with a filament of isaria it entirely misses its vocation. Now melanospora apparently secretes some substance which exercises considerable attraction for isaria filaments, for they seek out the apparently harmless spores of melanospora and grow freely over them. When the spore is surrounded by isaria filaments, it puts out its germ tube and proceeds to feed upon its host.

Not so obviously intelligent, although it is in reality, is the life of the green plants. The fact that the branches of a tree grow upward into the air and light, while the roots grow downward into the soil, shows that the different parts are endowed with especial irritability. Green plants also possess the power of adapting themselves to circumstances. A potato, when grown in the cellar, in the attempt to get its leaves into the light puts out very much elongated shoots bearing small leaves, for in the darkness leaves are unable to perform the important functions of taking food from the air. This behavior of the potato plant is, then, a direct attempt to overcome disadvantageous conditions by putting all the strength into the work of elongating its stem, if haply it may bring its leaves to the light.

Roots show remarkable intelligence in the way in which they move through the ground. It is necessary for the proper performance of its duties that the root be supplied with oxygen. It has no difficulty in obtaining this oxygen from a healthy soil. In the tropical mangrove swamps the soil consists of a mass of decayed vegetation, where very little oxygen is found among the putrefying substance. The mangrove accordingly adapts itself to circumstances. Its roots begin by growing horizontally in the normal way, but if not aerated they proceed to take a turn upward, grow along in the air for a short distance above the ground, and then go down again. A root may repeat this process at intervals. In the aerial parts is found a permeable tissue which allows of the free circulation of air between the cells.

The entire behavior of roots is influenced by gravitation. If the influence of gravitation in a particular direction be done away with, as by causing a growing seedling to rotate and to receive the gravitation stimulus in all directions by turns the root will grow quite horizontally, thus showing that the downward direction is due to gravity. The tap root is stimulated by gravitation in such a way that it grows vertically downward, while lateral roots under the action of the same stimulus grow in a very much more oblique direction. If now the plant be tilted, the growing end of the tap root turns vertically downward, while the lateral roots curve in such a manner as to restore what may be called their normal direction. If by any mischance the tap root gets broken off or destroyed, the want is supplied by neighboring lateral roots which now behave toward gravitation as did the tap root, and change their sloping direction for the vertical. Another instance of gravity causing a member to grow in a definite direction, making an angle with the vertical, is afforded by the daffodil. The daffodil always hangs its head. This depends not on the weight of the flower, but on the stimulus of gravity, for no matter how the stalk may be placed the flower always makes an angle with reference to the direction of gravitation.

When a part of a plant responds to an external stimulus the whole plant need not necessarily know in which direction the stimulus tends. In the case of roots a certain part is increasing in length, and this is the portion in which curvature takes place under the action of the stimulus of gravitation. But this is not the part which knows which way gravity is pulling. Near the tip of the root, just behind the root-cap, is a very small patch of tissue which perceives the stimulus. Cut off the tip of the root, and with it this little patch of irritable tissue, and invert the plant, and the root, which is thus placed uppermost, grows vertically into the air. A very interesting experiment in illustration of this fact, and one easily tried is as follows: Take a thin glass tube shaped like a boot, the toe being rather short and more than two millimetres long. Allow the root of a seedling to grow into this, fixing the plant at the open end of the tube. The root grows vertically down the tube, and when it reaches the toe it turns horizontally along it. The tissue at the tip of the root sends a message up the plant that there is something preventing it from responding to the stimulus of gravity and growing vertically downward, and this is necessitating its horizontal growth. In response to this message the elongating portion curves at right angles in the hope of thus getting the tip of the root round the opposing structure. But it is unconscious that a trick is being played upon it, that the root is fixed in the glass tube unable to move forward, and that the curvature, instead of pushing the root horizontally forward, acts upon the shoot, pushing this horizontally in the opposite direction.

The berries of some foreign species of mistletoe show a remarkable behavior in their endeavors to penetrate the trunk of a tree. The sticky berrie fastens itself to a branch and sends out a root, which, curving over, meets the branch again and forms a saddle-like mass of tissue. It attempts at this point to pierce the bark. If unable to do so the berrie is deposited a little further on. The saddle now becomes detached, and, by another bending of the root, is placed once more on the branch beyond the berrie. If the roots can penetrate in the new station all goes well, but if not the plant performs another somersault. One berrie that was made the object of continued observation performed five jumps in two nights and three days. A number of unfortunate berries were once seen hopelessly traveling along the telegraph wires in Ceylon, vainly endeavoring to find a profitabe resting place. The sensitive plant and the Venus fly trap furnish two examples among many others of restlessly irritable plants which react violently to the stimulus of contact. It is a curious and little-known fact that the Venus fly trap only responds to the stimulus when one of the hairs on the centre of the "trap" is touched twice. No effect is observed after the first touch.

The wonderful purposefulness of these habits and mechanicisms forever dispel the idea that botany treats of inert, objectless plants. It is instead a science of life and living things, each one of which is endowed with marvellous and different powers of making the best of life in the sphere in which it finds itself.—Pharmaceutical Journal.

The Giantess of the Sea.

The largest steamship ever built—greater even than the famous Great astern, until now the largest ship—will be launched at Belfast next January. It will fly the flag of the White Star Line, and will be placed in the New York and Liverpool service. The shipbuilding firm of Harlan & Wolff has been commissioned to build this modern giantess of the seas. The feminine form of the noun is used to designate the ship, because Rudyard Kipling, who is an authority on all such things, has said: "The liner, she's a lady—the man-o'-war's her husband," and this ship, not being an engine of destruction, but intended to carry passengers and the mails, why, she's a lady, and a most colossal lady.

Over an eighth of a mile in length will be this giantess. To be exact, she will have a length over all of 704 feet—twenty-five feet longer than the Great Eastern, which, after performing the historic service of laying the Atlantic cable, retired because its proportions made it unwieldy.

The Oceanic—that is to be the name of the new greatest ship—will be sixty-five feet longer than any vessel now afloat or in process of construction, and, with the knowledge gained since the Great Eastern was built, she will not be unwieldy. She is to be a twin screw steamer, and while she will be fast enough, speed itself will be subordinated to the comfort of passengers.

"I don't see why you keep an office!" exclaimed the careless man's candid friend. "You're never in it."

"Of course, I'm never in it."

"Then what makes you maintain it?"

"Why, I've got to have some place for the bill-collectors to come, haven't I?"—Washington Star.

She—Then a "tariff-tinker" is a man who wants to make changes in the tariff?

He—Yes—that is, changes which we oppose. If he wanted to make the changes which we advocate he'd be a statesman.—Puck.

Something That Was Familiar.

A quick retort is credited to a young author whose tongue is as ready as his pen.

Not long ago as he was walking with a friend in Fleet-street a man came up behind him and gave him a resounding slap on the shoulder. The writer turned a surprised face toward the new-comer, who said:

"Look here, you must remember me. Now, don't you?"

"I can't say that I remember your face," returned the young author gravely, "but your manner is certainly familiar."—*London Answers.*

She Challenged Comparison.

"Charley," said young Mr. Torkins, "I hope you will never again reprove me for being slow about getting ready to go with you to the theatre. I'm not so bad as some people."

"What do you mean?"

"I heard you say last night that it took a gentleman named Corbett two or three years to get in a pair of gloves."

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

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LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL, SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA

ALSO FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne Old Empire Rye Whisky

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

Peterborough CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.

SKATING TICKETS

SEASON 1896-7.

The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.

RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON

For Ladies	$2 00
For Gentlemen	3 00
For Girls	1 50
For Youths	2 00
For Boys	1 50

FAMILY TICKETS—First two, full rate; each additional member half rates.

Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.

JOHN GRANT, Sec.-Treas. 421

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT —OF— OAK HALL

Men's blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool lined Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin lining and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cashimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds. Substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits

A Handsome Premium Picture given away FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 67. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

MR. CONMEE'S ACTION

Justified by Mr. Hardy in the Legislature Yesterday.

West Algoma's Representative Pleads for a Charitable View of the Transaction—Is the Honor of the House at Stake?—Did the Government Take Advantage of a Mistake?—The Wordy Wrangle Is Now Over and Correspondence Will Not Be Brought Down.

Toronto, March 20.

The alleged resignation of Mr. James Conmee was again ventilated in the Legislature yesterday. As the matter was left, the blame is all thrown on the shoulders of Mr. Conmee's solicitor, Mr. J. K. Kerr, who for reasons of his own did not, it was claimed, forward the resignation to the proper quarter. The Attorney-General denies that any responsibility rests upon the Government in the matter, and justified his refusal to accept the resignation in November last.

Mr. Marter asked a series of questions as to material purchased for Central Prison industries.

Hon. Mr. Davis gave in reply the respective statistics as follows: Material purchased from Sept. 30, 1896, to Jan. 1, 1897, $10,008; sales for same period, cash $11,797, credit $22,355, total $34,152; outstanding accounts against industries, $10,457; credit balance in bank Sept. 30, 1896, $10,457; Jan. 1, 1897, $15,064.

The leader of the Opposition then opened the debate in reference to Mr. Conmee's resignation. He moved for an order of the House for a return of copies of all correspondence. He said there were matters disclosed in the Attorney-General's recent answer to his question on the same subject which added to its seriousness. The proceedings in Mr. Conmee's election were certainly irregular. He knew of enquiries which had been made from Ottawa to Toronto at the time as to whether the resignation had actually taken effect, and he also knew for a fact that the answer had been telegraphed back that it had. By reason of this answer certain proceedings which otherwise would have taken place at the nomination were dropped.

It would appear that the member for West Algoma had at least been guilty of improper conduct. The fact that the resignation had been placed in his solicitor's hands might or might not absolve Mr. Conmee from any irregularity. It all depended on the reasons why the resignation had not reached the Government.

Continuing, the speaker quoted an address by Sir Oliver Mowat in the Senate, in which that eminent legal authority had stated, "If Mr. Conmee did not send in his resignation he had done an illegal thing." There was, therefore, no question as to whether that gentleman was bound legally to resign or not. The Attorney-General had stated in his reply to the speaker's question that Mr. Conmee's solicitor "had given reasons" for not forwarding the resignation. He thought it due to the House, to the public and to the Government itself that the Attorney-General should therefore take the House into his confidence and disclose those reasons.

The Attorney-General said he had never spoken to the solicitor personally and the latter had therefore given no reasons to him. He had only heard that Mr. Kerr had given reasons, but he did not even know to whom, and in fact did not remember who had told him of the reasons having been given. He concurred entirely with Sir Oliver Mowat's opinion that without a due resignation his candidature was an illegal one. He did advise Mr. Conmee not to run at the time and this was all the conversation he had ever had with him about it. As for the Government, they had nothing to do with it. They were not concerned directly or indirectly with the resignation. He quoted the statutes to prove that the resignation should be handed to the Speaker of the Legislature, and if not to him to two members of the House. Mr. Conmee, therefore, was not obliged to place his resignation in the hands of the Government. He knew nothing of the communications between Ottawa and Toronto spoken of by Mr. Whitney, except that the reply sent to Ottawa did not come from the Government itself. There was no correspondence to bring down and, therefore, he proposed that the motion be withdrawn.

Mr. Conmee was glad to notice the moderation of the remarks of the Opposition leader. It was just as possible to assume an honest purpose in the transaction as to assume that there was some trickery in it. He had himself thought that his resignation was in the Speaker's hands, but his solicitor had failed to do so, and he was, therefore, as much surprised as anybody to learn by the papers after the election that he had not actually resigned. The reason that the resignation had not been forwarded was as follows: As was well known, the District of Nipissing, which he was contesting, contained a large French-speaking population. He had stated that if a French speaker would not be available at his nomination meeting he would not accept the nomination. Upon the urgent solicitation of his friends, however, he had consented to do so, but his solicitor, fearing that he would not accept, had not thought it prudent to forward the resignation. He asked the House to look at the matter charitably and accept his statement of the case.

Col. Matheson hesitated to speak of the matter, as it was one which concerned the honor of the House and of the province as well. It appeared that Mr. Conmee had taken advantage of a mistake, and that upon the advice of the Attorney-General, to resume his seat in the House. No such advantage as that could be taken with propriety. The people of the province could not but feel that if Mr. Conmee had been elected the matter would have been made all right. He did not see that it was proper for the Attorney-General to advise him not to resign for such a mere quibble as a matter of what the election would cost the province.

Mr. Whitney agreed with everything Col. Matheson had said. He had never yet hesitated to accept the statement of any member of the House, but he could not help remarking that Mr. Conmee had not given an excuse which removed all blame from his solicitor. He moved that the motion be withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. Ross resented the insinuation cast upon his leader by the member for Lanark.

Col. Matheson: Does the hon. member justify the advice given Mr. Conmee by the Attorney-General?

Mr. Ross: "Most certainly, I do." It saved the province, he continued, the expense of $1000, $2000 or $3000 for an election campaign. Mr. Conmee's agent had offended and upon his head should fall the blame. Any other Attorney-General would have done the same thing. [Ironical "Hear, hear," from the Opposition.] The course taken was strictly in conformity with the law, but he did not doubt but that Mr. Conmee would have been glad if his resignation had been duly handed in.

Mr. Howland's theory was that, although there was no resignation in law, there was one in equity. He did not believe it honorable or right to throw contempt upon the constitution of the Dominion, which directly condemned the practice. The equity of the law did not endorse the opinion of the Attorney-General. He was not certain either whether or not Mr. Conmee had laid himself under the infliction of a penalty. He considered that the resignation, after it had been placed in Mr. Kerr's hands, was the property of the Speaker, and not of Mr. Conmee, and that Mr. Kerr was simply a messenger. A degree of moral condemnation of the House certainly rested upon the Attorney-General for his part in the affair.

Hon. Mr. Hardy accused the last speaker of framing laws out of his imagination. He was the first lawyer he had ever heard take a stand such as Mr. Howland had done in reference to Mr. Kerr's responsibility. He should cite some reliable, some sensible authority, for his statement. Before any court in the land his contention would be laughed at. For himself, he had been called upon to state whether the resignation, as matters stood, effected Mr. Conmee's seat in the House, and he had expressed the opinion that the resignation could not do so. He had not hesitated to advise Mr. Conmee some weeks or months after the election not to resign, as he did not care to put the country to expense. Such matters might be illegal and yet not reflect upon the honor of anyone, and he believed Mr. Conmee's to be a case in point. He did not believe that a resignation several months after the event would, at any rate, condone for any offence.

Mr. Conmee agreed that his solicitor had taken too much upon himself. He quoted a precedent in the case of a member for King's County, P. E. I., in the Dominion House, and asked why the Opposition justified the illegal action in that case.

Col. Matheson retorted that they had nothing to do with the case mentioned.

The motion was here withdrawn.

A number of bills then passed a second reading and Mr. Garrow's bill respecting the town of Mitchell was passed in committee.

DENNIS IS NOW OPEN.

The Patron Member Takes Off by Typhoid Fever—General News From Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, March 19.—(Special.)—Watson Crosby, the Patron member of the Manitoba Legislature for Dennis, died in the General Hospital here to-day of typhoid fever. He was a native of French River, Prince Edward Island.

In the trial of Clarke, a deputy returning officer in the Macdonald Dominion election, charged with stuffing ballot boxes in Nat Boyd's interest, the jury disagreed a second time. Clarke is now remanded to the next assizes.

There are rumors here in railway circles that Superintendent Whyte of the C. P. R. here is to be moved to another division, as a result of Superintendent Abbott's resignation. Mr. Whyte has become so popular in Manitoba that there will be most sincere regret if the rumor should prove true.

Another sensation has developed out of the locally celebrated grain speculation prosecutions. Dr. Bergmann, who is prosecutor of Beech & O'Brien, grain operators, charging them with conducting a gambling business, has been arrested, charged with theft. The Doctor is alleged to have received money from the grain firm on behalf of a client, which money he misappropriated.

The Austrian Government is preparing legal measures for this year to admit women to all faculties of the universities, except that of theology, and also to grant to women who have obtained medical degrees at foreign universities the right of practicing in Austria after having undergone an examination.

NEW TROUBLE IN SIGHT

Turks Said to Have Violated the Berlin Treaty.

Indignation at Athens Over the Supineness of the Powers in Allowing the Berlin Treaty to be Broken—Greek Troops Start for the Frontier Amid the Prayers of the People—Rumor That Russia is Urging Turkey to Attack Greece and Offering Financial Assistance.

Athens, March 19.—A new feature in the situation has developed which threatens to result in serious complications. The Turks are engaged in rapidly constructing fortifications on the Turkish side of the Gulf of Arta. This work is in direct violation of the provisions of the Treaty of Berlin. The Greek Government has made a vigorous protest to the powers against this action on the part of Turkey. Great indignation is felt here that the powers should stand supinely by and see Turkey violate the Berlin Treaty, but the impression grows that to gain their own ends the Christian nations of Europe will submit to anything in their support of the Turks.

The first regiment of infantry started to-day for Larissa. Prayer was offered prior to their departure, which has been witnessed by large crowds of cheering spectators.

It is rumored here that Russia is urging Turkey to attack Greece, offering financial assistance to the Porte if this is done. Russia believes that the first battle would result in a disastrous defeat of the Greek troops and she could then call off the Turks and propose terms that Greece would be bound to accept.

Gone to Notify Vassos.

Canea, March 19.—An Italian officer has started for the camp of the Greek troops with instructions to notify Col. Vassos, their commander, that the blockade of the island will begin at 8 o'clock Sunday morning, in accordance with the proclamation issued by the foreign admirals.

Preparations are being made for the arrival of the foreign troops.

The admirals have had another interview with the insurgent leader at Akrotiri. They handed to the Cretans copies of the document proclaiming that an autonomous government would be constituted for the island, but this intelligence was not well received. The rebel leaders did not hesitate to express their hostility to the plan of the powers to leave them under the suzerainty of the Sultan. They defiantly declared they were done with Turkey, and added that they would resist to their last drop of blood any such regime as the powers proposed. Their desire was to have the island annexed by Greece, and they would hold out until this became an established fact.

No Sign of a Back Down.

Athens, March 19.—The Cabinet assembled in council last evening and sat until 2 o'clock this morning. After exhaustive discussion of the question, it was decided to recall the Greek warships Alpheios and Peneus from Crete and send them to Volo, Thessaly; and it was also decided to push forward the reinforcements of the Greek troops on the Turkish frontier with all possible expedition.

It is officially stated that only 1500 out of the 65,000 army reserve men called out have failed to respond, thus setting at rest the stories circulated of wholesale failure to answer the call to arms.

They Expect War.

Telegrams from the Macedonian frontier describe the situation as one of the utmost activity and of expectation of war at an early date. The Greeks are working hard to improve the roads.

All the outposts are connected by telegraph with headquarters at Larissa, where searchlights have been fixed. Both Greeks and Turks are suffering much from the cold. The Crown Prince is expected daily. Telegrams from the European capitals indicate that the powers are still negotiating for the joint occupation of Crete with 10,000 troops.

Col. Vassos' Forces.

Canea, March 19.—The camp of Col. Vassos consists of 2000 regulars, 500 volunteers and about 17,000 insurgents.

The French colony is preparing a protest to the Government at Paris against the proposed occupation of Candia by a British detachment. The only ground of protest stated is that Candia, besides being the central telegraph station for communication with France, is also the chief trading centre. Almost all of the merchants and exporters in Crete are Frenchmen.

More Promises by the Trickster.

Constantinople, March 19.—The Sultan has summoned a grand council of Ministers to meet shortly at the Yildis Kiosk to consider a scheme of reforms proposed by His Majesty. This, it is reported, comprises a constitution on the model of Midhat Pasha's and is intended to forestall any possible action of the powers in the direction of a peremptory demand for better government in the Turkish provinces.

A military commission is discussing the expediency of summoning the last line of reserves, which would bring the whole number under orders to more than half a million. Additional ordnance has been sent to the Dardanelles, which are being constantly strengthened to the complete neglect of the Bosphorus.

Greeks Plotting in Constantinople.

London, March 19.—A despatch from Galatz, Roumania, says it is reported there in Greek circles that a plot is hatching among the Greeks at Constantinople, where there are 30,000 well-armed Greeks, to revolt against the Government. It is added that there are few Turkish troops now at Constantinople except the Sultan's bodyguard, and that it would be impossible to recall hurriedly the troops from the Greek frontier in the event of a revolt at Constantinople. A large body of Greeks, which recently left Galatz ostensibly for Greece, is now said to be really destined for Constantinople.

Rumors From Larissa.

Berlin, March 19.—According to a despatch received here to-day from Larissa, the Turkish consuls in Thessaly, having pointed out to the Turkish Government the threatening attitude of the Greeks, have been authorized by the Porte, if they consider it advisable, to vacate their posts and return to Constantinople.

CASTORIA.
Fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethune Street.....
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

TENDERS WANTED
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert D. Tully, late of the Village of Warsaw, Hotelkeeper Deceased:
TENDERS will be received up to Saturday, the 3rd day of April, 1897, for purchase or rental of the hotel and premises situate in the Village of Warsaw, known as "The Morgan House."
This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor. Splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license.
A reserve price and rental have been fixed and the accepted tender must equal or exceed them.
Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.
Dated this 17th day of March, 1897.
HALL & HAYES,
116 Hunter-st., Peterborough,
Solicitors for the Administrator of R. D. Tully.
d61w12

It's a Treat TO RIDE
Dunlop Tires
They always give solid satisfaction.

Your hands, however dainty, are the only tools needed to easily repair any possible puncture in a jiffy.
For your own comfort's sake have them on your wheel. Fully guaranteed.
American Dunlop Tire Co.,
Lombard Street, Toronto.

ASSIGNEES
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent.

Educational.

BE ONE WITH SUCCESS.....
What better proof can be had of the thoroughness of the work done at the
Peterborough Business College
than that the present premises barely afford sufficient accommodation for the large number now in attendance. Our pupils and the public generally appreciate our efforts to provide a
Business and Shorthand Education
Full information may be had by calling at the College or addressing
FRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

WANTED.
BY A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN A POSition as Housekeeper, country preferred. Apply for address to REVIEW business office. 2d67

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d66tf

WANTED.
MUST BE A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 309 Brock-st. to MRS. W A SANDERSON 2d6

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

For Sale OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
JOHN BURNHAM

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

Peterborough
CURLING & SKATING RINK Co.
SKATING TICKETS
SEASON 1896-7.
The rink is now open for skating forenoons, afternoons and evenings.
RATES For TICKETS For The SEASON
For Ladies..... $3 00
For Gentlemen..... 3 00
For Girls..... 1 50
For Youths..... 2 00
For Boys..... 1 50
FAMILY TICKETS—First two, each additional member half rates.
Tickets for sale at the rink. Apply to Angus McIntosh.
JOHN GRAHAM, Sec.-Treas. d21

Probabilities.
Clearing, with strong west to north winds and lower temperature, preceded by rain at first in some localities.

R. F.

An Extra Event.
Preparations are on foot at the Golden Lion for an Extra Event next week which will be of unusual interest to the ladies.
On Tuesday, March 23rd,
We will hold a magnificent Advance Exhibition of everything that's Fashionable and Stylish in
New Spring Dress Goods.
New Spring Blouse Silks.
New Spring Mantles and Capes,
New Spring Carpets.
It will be an all day exhibition for the ladies, and from the most charming consumption of the cream of Foreign Textiles and fashionable novelties for the spring of 1897.
Newness, Beauty and Elegance will reign, constituting a
RECEPTION DAY
highly instructive and interesting to the many patrons of this store who wish to become posted on the coming styles.
The goods will be marked off and effectively arranged for easy seeing so that the jury of ladies can decide on their superiority and value.
We can accomodate hundreds of people on the ground floor of this store and in the various departments up stairs without overcrowding, so that no apprehension of discomfort need be entertained.
IT'S FAIR'S WAY.
ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
283 George Street, Peterborough.

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses, Good Situation—$900 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 59. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. HILLIER,
Agent and Asst'd Sec

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
328 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

DO YOU READ THESE ADS?

We would call your attention to the stock of Cured Meats we carry. Without doubt our Breakfast Bacon is the best on the market. It has just the right flavor and hundreds are calling for it. Use it and convince yourselves.

Our Hams, Rolls, Lard, Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal,

Etc., Etc., are of the Best and Sure to Please You.

If you are down street you'd do well to stop and examine our store.

KENNEDY & NELSON,
340 George Street.

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

SMOKED MEATS

HOWDEN'S BRAND OF
Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.

Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . 426 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Meats)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
12 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. 626tw

BRISTOL'S
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Sarsaparilla
and
SUGAR COATED **PILLS**

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR
Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Relief for Lung Troubles
The **D&L EMULSION**

Is CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of "The D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strengthening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897

THAT EXPRESSION OF OPINION.

WITH an exhibition of temper Premier Hardy acquiesced to the resolution offered in the Legislature by one of his supporters expressing the opinion that provincial officials should not actively participate in election campaigns. The Ontario Premier was forced to allow this resolution to pass, but he entered his objection when Mr. Gamey, later on, presented a bill embodying as legislation the opinion expressed and endorsed by the House in the resolution referred to. The debate on the bill is not yet concluded, and the course of the Government will be closely watched. Are they going to break their Tammany system? Will they cease to take the people's money to pay election workers and campaigners to work their cause for them? Will they, after having endorsed the principle by allowing the resolution to pass, refuse to put this principle into legislation so that it will be of avail? Will they do this, and render the resolution a farce, or will they take the step which public opinion, regardless of political complexion, says is only fair and just, only what should be. The people will have an opportunity of seeing whether Mr. Hardy is endeavoring to play with the question. When the Dominion Government is dismissing Conservative official on the faintest evidence of what it calls "offensive partisanship," Mr. Hardy, who made it his business to go into the Dominion campaign in the Liberal interests, cannot refuse to inaugurate the principle in Ontario where "offensive partisanship" on the part of officials is such a standing disgrace.

In this district the people are so well informed on the open and active part taken by some of the Ontario officials, a part that is sometimes openly boasted of, that it is unnecessary to deal with our own case. But it is no local grievance, nor is the activity confined to the provincial campaigns alone. Plenty of evidence of this fact is gained by reference to a debate on the subject during the last session of Parliament. The case of Mr. Preston, who resigned office on the day of nomination and was re-appointed the day after the election, was referred to, along with numbers of others. Mr. Bennett, of East Simcoe, bore testimony to having had the pleasure of defeating another employee of the Provincial Government. But there were one or two references made where persons were mentioned which showed the extent of the abuse perhaps in strongest light. The statements were made and were not contradicted. For instance, Mr. George Taylor, member for South Leeds, speaking of Dr. Chamberlain, Inspector of Prisons, says:—

"I wish to say that Dr. Chamberlain came to my county on the 16th May last to organize for the Reform party on behalf of my Grit opponent, Mr. Fredenburg. At the same time he steered the Patron candidate, and managed both meetings, and presided at the joint meeting. He organized all through the county. He stumped at every meeting held by the Reform candidate. He spoke at the nomination in favor of the Reform and Patron candidates. He went throughout the country collecting subscriptions, and on Sunday preceding the nomination he travelled throughout the county with his satchel, visiting every town and village, calling on the leading men, and thus spent the whole Sabbath day. Whether he distributed boodle or not, I do not know. He certainly visited all the headquarters of the gang throughout the county, carrying his bag, and the bag, we know, had lots in it. Then he went to North Gray."

Such conduct as this calls for more than an expression of opinion, and Mr. Hardy can give no justification for his conduct if he refuses to allow the bill making such conduct an offence to become law.

MR. Alfred Sturgiss Hardy is the next man to be "knocked out," to use the parlance of the hour. And the "knock out" will come.

IF the Hardy Government is sincere in expressing the opinion that public officials should not be active election workers why should it refuse to make it an offence by legislation?

ANOTHER local temperance lodge has passed a resolution expressing dissatisfaction with Mr. Hardy's proposed amendments to the Liquor License Act. It will be in order now for the members of this lodge to be told they do not know what they are talking about or what they want.

THE Montreal Gazette has this to say of the Bonaventure election:—"The Bonaventure election has gone as was expected. It was carried in June last by Mr Fauvel by over 300; Mr Guite carried it yesterday by over 800. The Conservatives had an uphill fight against a good candidate. The Government, through the Baie des Chaleurs railway, which it is pledged to operate and extend, and which traverses the length of the constituency, had a powerful influence in favor of its supporter, which it used with effect; and this, probably, had as much as anything to do in bringing about the result. The Conservatives knowing all the facts, will not feel deeply depressed at the Government's retaining a constituency where circumstances made it, for the moment, particularly strong."

IT is reported that Mr. Laurier is beginning to realize that the Government at Washington was not waiting in a state of fevered anxiety for a Liberal commission from a Liberal Government to go to the American Capital seeking reciprocity in order to make reciprocity trade arrangements with Canada. It is well that Mr. Laurier should learn his lesson well, for he will perhaps cease the Liberal habit of talking reciprocity in Canada and begging for it at Washington. Canada is now to be called upon to face—not reciprocity—but a higher tariff wall in trading with the United States. This fact need cause no alarm here. Canadians faced a McKinley tariff before, and Canadian trade affected by the new tariff will adopt itself to the new conditions, and Canada and her trade interests will continue to prosper independent of the Republic to our south. Mr. Laurier, look away from Washington and give your attention to Canadian interests solely in framing your tariff and Canadian trade will not suffer by McKinleyism.

A PREACHER'S STORY.

Like Other Mortals he fell Victim to Disease—Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder was the Agent which Restored him to Health and he Gladly Allows his Name to be Used in Telling it that others may be Benefitted, too.

Rev. Chas. E. Whitcombe, Rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal church, and Principal of St. Matthew's Church School, Hamilton, was a great sufferer. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured him, and he now proclaims to the world that as a safe, simple and certain cure it has no equal. It never fails to relieve catarrh in ten minutes, and cures permanently. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Divine Guidance.

All is over, we are stranded
On the rocks of disappointment;
For beyond us there is nothing
But the suffering caused by wasting
Golden hours when we might have
Made a fortune and been famous.

From the shipwreck, we are rescued
By the guidance of Jehovah,
Who cares *for* us. Calling forth our
Latent powers, He directs them
To advantage, giving comfort
With contentment—the true *riches*.

W. M. EADIE,

N. B.—Parlor meetings daily at 576 Aylmer-st., 10 a.m., 3 p.m., and 8 p.m. All are welcome. Divine guidance—W. M. Eadie.

Who is to be Adjutant of Bisley Team in 1897?

Apparently it rests between Major A. T. Patterson, of 85th battalion of Montreal, and the popular Major of the 8th Royal Rifles of Quebec, who has written the author of "Pheno-Banum," saying: "Your 'Quickcure' stops toothache immediately. I have known of its merits for many years. As a pain relieving and healing remedy it is fully worthy of confidence."

'Signed, J. S. DUNBAR.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CHANGES IN JUDICIARY

Rumor That Mr. Justice Osler Will Go to Supreme Court.

Ottawa Free Press Eats Humble Pie in Connection With Its Announcement of Justice Taschereau's Resignation—The Jubilee Celebration—Civil Servants Must Work Longer Hours—Emigration Agent for Scotland—Nickel in the Kootenay—The Bank Note Contracts—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 19.—(Special.)—In due time the Government press will be permitted to announce changes which are pending in the Ontario Court of Appeal.

Last autumn when Chief Justice Hagarty intimated to the Government that he was desirous of retiring from official life, he was informed that the usual leave of absence of six months would be granted to him. This was in September, but after his period of leave had commenced the Chief Justice was prevailed upon to hear one or two cases in order to help form a quorum of the court. Judgment in these cases were delivered in November, and now the question has arisen whether or not the leave of absence of Chief Justice Hagarty commenced in September or November. If the former, then the chief's holiday is up; if November, there will be no vacancy on the bench until about the beginning of May. It is the Government's intention then or sooner to promote Mr. Justice Osler to the chief justiceship, Mr. Charles Moss, Q.C., as stated the other day, being designated for the vacant judgeship.

Mr. Justice Taschereau is very angry at The Ottawa Free Press for stating that he intends to resign and that Mr. Langelier, M.P., is to succeed him.

It was a bad break for the Government organ, and to-night The Free Press has to eat humble pie, and says it is authorized to deny that Mr. Justice Taschereau has any intention of resigning his seat on the Supreme Court bench.

Some diversity of opinion exists in regard to the proposed military celebration in Ottawa, as to whether it should take place on May 24, as suggested by His Excellency, or on June 21. A deputation composed of Mayor Bingham, Mr. Hutchinson, and N. A. Belcourt, M.P.'s, and Senator Clemow laid the matter before Sir Richard Cartwright, Acting Minister of Militia, to-day. His answer was that he would talk the matter over with Major-General Gascoigne.

A change is coming over the spirit of the dreams of civil servants at Ottawa. The palmy days when a man could reach his office at 10 o'clock in the morning, and hold down a chair until 4 o'clock, with a brief intermission of two hours for lunch, will soon be no more. From this time out, on the principle that "Business is business," the service will have to put in longer hours, so the fiat has gone forth. During the winter months the office hours will be from 9 to 6, with one hour intermission for lunch; in summer the hours will be somewhat shorter, probably from 9 to 5. This change, coupled with the decision not to grant the usual statutory increases, must demonstrate to the civil service that things are not as they used to be. Taking them all round the service consists of a fine body of capable men, but excesses on the part of a few led to the adoption of more restrictive rules affecting the many.

Mr. John Grant, steward to His Excellency, and who came to Canada from Scotland with Lord Aberdeen, has been appointed emigration agent for Canada in Scotland. Mr. Grant is the poet laureate of the Haddo Club; a man of good ability, who, having had abundant opportunity of seeing all parts of Canada, should be able to dilate on the resources of the Dominion. It will not be necessary to send him out to British Columbia, as in the case of Alf. Jury and Charlie Devlin, before leaving for the Old Country.

R. G. McConnell of the Geological Survey, has found considerable nickel in samples of ore from the Columbia and Kootenay mines. He has written to British Columbia asking for more samples to be sent to him, as he thinks there may be enough nickel in the ore to increase the value considerably.

The representatives of the American Bank Note Company, Messrs. Robertson, Probest, Berg, and Freeland of New York, are here to conclude arrangements for their contract with the Dominion Government for the engraving and printing of the Dominion notes and stamps. Their temporary quarters will be ready for occupation by the first of May, but the machinery may not be set going till later on.

Speaking yesterday of the rumor that Sir Henri Joly was to retire from office shortly to take the position of Superintendent of Experimental Farms, a prominent Quebec Liberal remarked that to those acquainted with Sir Henri's circumstances the idea of his accepting a position in the Government service seemed absurd. "If Sir Henri," said he, "decided to retire from political life, he would find abundant occupation in looking after his own business affairs. He is the owner of an extensive lumber interest in Lotbiniere, his sawmills, situated in Leclercville being the largest in that part of the province."

At the Wright County political meeting at Wakefield yesterday Hon. Mr. Foster was frequently interrupted by a Free Press reporter, who was present. Hon. Mr. Foster paid no attention to the interruptions for a time, but finally he became so annoyed that he roundly denounced the newspaper man, claiming that as a reporter he had no right to interrupt a public speaker. Some people in the back of the hall wanted to eject the reporter, but their wishes were not put into execution.

Mr. Higman, chief electrician of the Inland Revenue Department, gave an interesting exhibition of the Roentgen rays last evening before the members of the Government House Club. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen were present, accompanied by several members of the vice-regal household.

A small colony of Danes from the Northern States are about to take up land near Cape Scott, on the Pacific coast. Two of their number, after looking over the ground, decided that the prospects were much brighter on this side of the boundary, and they have accordingly received inducements from the local authorities, and 75 families will remove at once.

Hon. Mr. Mulock intends going to the meeting of the Postal Union in Washington in May next, if he can possibly get away.

The Cabinet was sitting again to-day considering the estimates.

J. L. Tyrrell of Hamilton, who is doing some exploring for the Dominion Government, is in the city to-day on business with Mr. Sifton. Mr. Tyrrell will spend the greater part of the summer among the gold fields of British Columbia.

Mr. James A. Smart, the new Deputy Minister of the Interior, and W. F. McCreary, Dominion Immigration Commissioner in the N.W.T., are in Montreal interviewing the C.P.R. authorities on immigration matters.

Hon. Mr. Mulock, Postmaster-General, has sent a sketch of the new Diamond Jubilee 3-cent stamp to the British-American Bank Note Company to be engraved. It is oblong and nearly as large as the World's Fair exhibition stamp.

The writ for Champlain County was issued to-day. Nomination March 31, polling April 7.

Ed. Gordon, chief Railway Mail Clerk in this district, has been superannuated and Charles Plumb, a second-class clerk, promoted to the position.

Sam Barnett, restaurant for the Senate and Commons, has arrived for the session.

MRS. STERNAMAN'S CASE.

Attorney Thayer Thinks He Can Get Judge Coxe's Decision Reversed by the Court of Appeal.

Buffalo, March 19.—Wallace Thayer, attorney for Mrs. Olive Sternaman, who is confined in the Erie County Jail on a charge of murdering her husband, and, who, the Canadian authorities are endeavoring to extradite, yesterday afternoon procured from Justice Lambert in Special Term an order appointing A. T. Thompson, a barrister of Cayuga, Ont., commissioner to take testimony of important witnesses in the case for use in the action brought by Mrs. Sternaman against the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for the recovery of $1000 on a policy of insurance on her husband's life.

If the statements made to the court by Attorney Thayer are true, the evidence secured from these witnesses ought to have an important bearing on the case of murder which the Canadian Government is trying to make against Mrs. Sternaman.

The witnesses whose testimony Mr. Thayer wants are Philip Paterson Park and Thomas TiptonSteele Harrison, the doctors who made the post mortem examination on the ody of the deceased; Eliza Jane Sternaman, mother of the deceased, and William Hodgson Ellis, the chemist who examined the stomach after the post mortem. Attorney Thayer claims that these witnesses can testify to facts which will show eyond any doubt that the woman is not guilty of the crime of murder. The order of the court provides that Barrister Thompson shall begin his work on April 3. The evidence is to be taken in Toronto.

Mr. Thayer said to-day that the appeal from Judge Coxe's order extraditing Mrs. Sternaman will be argued before the Circuit United States Court of Appeals in New York city in April. Mr. Thayer is confident that he can get Judge Thayer's ruling reversed.

The treaty between the United States and England provides that extradition cannot be effected unless a prima facie case is made out against the defendant. Mr. Thayer claims that thus far the Canadian authorities have made out nothing but suspicion. "Mrs. Sternaman is not guilty of the crime," insisted Mr. Thayer.

Sarah Belch of Belleville is suing Samuel Smith of Sophiasburg for $5000 for breach of promise of marriage.

Chairman Dingley has given out figures showing how the revenue is to be increased $113,000,000 by the new tariff.

Beauty is the power which captivates the strongest natures.

A woman's personal attractiveness is the weapon with which she conquers her world. Almost every woman believes that she possesses at least some one attractive feature and strives to make the most of that. But mere regularity of feature is not the most attractive form of beauty.

Mankind is more influenced by the bright glowing vitality of perfect health. A classic cast of countenance will not make a woman attractive and captivating, if she is pale, thin, weak and nervous, or has a pimply complexion or unwholesome breath.

These complaints are due to imperfect nutrition. The digestive and blood-making organs fail to extract the needed nourishment from the food, and the liver is too sluggish to cleanse the blood of bilious impurities. The entire constitution becomes weak and poisoned.

The only perfect antidote for this state of things is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It gives power to the digestive and nutritive organs to make an abundance of pure, rich, highly vitalized blood, which permeates the whole system with the sweetness of purity; the beauty of womanly vigor and animation.

It creates solid, healthy flesh and natural color; clears the complexion; dispels wrinkles; rounds out the form and imbues the whole physique with the irresistible natural magnetism of perfect health.

Miss Julia Ellis, of Faith, McLean Co., Ky., writes: "After suffering for a long while with a lingering disease, I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I took seven bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' and found relief. Life is now no longer a burden to me. I weigh 180 pounds. A year ago I weighed 92 pounds. I shall praise Dr. Pierce's medicines wherever I go. I feel better than ever before. My health was very much impaired, and I feel that I owe a great deal to your wonderful medicines. I truly believe they saved my life. I thank you for the advice which you so kindly gave me while taking your medicines."

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoal

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897

A New Brunswick Story.

Mrs. John Drum, living in Port Accord, N. B., says: "I have used Diamond Dyes for years, and from every color I have always had perfect results. Last summer a friend asked me to help her with some dyeing. I said I would if she used the Diamond Dyes. Unfortunately she took ———Dyes from her storekeeper, and after five hours working the dyed coat looked like one that had been out all summer to frighten crows. At last she had to get the Diamond Dyes to color the coat."

To save time and money, and to insure success, the Diamond Dyes should always be used. Do not allow your dealer to foist his poor dyes on you. He is anxious to sell them because they pay him larger profits.

An Affair to Be Remembered.

Ye editor attended a terpsichorean ball last week given at the home of our talented and estimable citizen, Hon. Sim Pendleton, the event being one of the most recherche and distingue events of the season. About forty couples participated in the mazy convolutions of the dance, and the tout ensemble was one of the most bewildering and charming magnificence. The Smith boys performed the music and Hank Williams called off in his most inimitable style. The scene, as the ladies, clad in splendid dresses floated around the room on the arms of their gallant partners, was like a ravishing dream of Oriental magnificence. The soiree dansante at Sim Pendleton's will long be remembered by everyone who had the felicity to be present on that enjoyable occasion.—Pontiac Cook (Me.) News.

Useful Information From a Dentist About Tooth Powders and Mouth Washes.

Many of the best tooth powders contain coarse particles or grit, and many of the mouth washes contain acid. Grit injures the enamel of the teeth, and also causes inflammation of the gums; and the slightest acid (sometimes used in mouth washes to whiten the teeth) will soften the enamel after a short time, and finally *destroy* the teeth; some washes contain ingredients "to harden the gums"; this is dangerous, as it causes the gums to recede from the teeth, which finally become loose and are removed. It is well to be sure that what you use is free from all these evils, Grit, Acid, Astringents—such as Myrrh, which is *too commonly supposed* to be harmless, or Camphor, which tends to make bone brittle, and will cause the teeth to split more readily). Ask your dentist about this important matter and he will tell you to use the "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder."

It contains the finest precipitated powder, washed, strained, and again re-precipitated, rendering it so fine that it remains for hours suspended in the fluid forming the mouth wash, which is delightfully refreshing to use and guaranteed to be absolutely free from acid or any injurious ingredient. "Q. C. Liquid Tooth Powder" for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per bottle.

Timber Shipment.

Mr. M. Deody, of Cobourg, is now shipping the elm and birch timber taken out for him along the I B & O R R and at Gelert and Haliburton during the winter, says the Post. In all he expects to have about 500 car loads. The timber is taken direct to Montreal, as it is intended for the foreign trade.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dead, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

STORY OF TWO FACES

INFLUENCE OF LONG YEARS' ASSOCIATION ON THE FACE.

Because She Was "Wrapped Up" in Mr McKinley, the Wife of the New President of the United States Has Come to Look Like Him.

It is an old theory that a man and his wife grow to look like each other after they have lived side by side for years.

When they are in perfect sympathy, in close accord and much in love, their mental likeness is transferred to the lines of their faces, so the old wives say.

No matter how opposite in appearance they may have been at marriage, if the marriage relation is thoroughly congenial and of long continuance, a marked resemblance is noticed often to develop, and in certain cases this resemblance becomes very marked.

Seldom has a more extraordinary case come to notice than in the faces of President-elect McKinley and his invalid wife. And especially has the resemblance been noticed in the trying hours of the last year.

Those who have lived near the McKinleys for years first called attention to the likeness of expression which is

MAJOR AND MRS. M'KINLEY.

fast moulding Mrs. McKinley's face into the outlines of her husband's countenance. Often in other cases the resemblance is of that fleeting, intangible sort which belongs to the soul rather than to actual flesh, but in Mrs. McKinley's case the cold and calculating camera can catch this wonderful similarity. Just look for yourself at the two profiles shown in the accompanying picture, taken from the latest photographs of the two.

But it is not very strange that this should be so.

For years Mrs. Ida Saxton McKinley has been "wrapped up" in her husband. This homely old expression is to be taken literally. Night and day, be he far or be he near, her thoughts have been of him, and of him almost entirely. Never once on his many long tours about the country has he neglected to send her three telegrams a day—one at early morning, another at the dinner hour and another to say good night—so that her first and last thoughts of the day should be the sweet remembrance that in the busy scenes of life, his mind was upon her in her loneliness.

When he was gone, Mrs. McKinley would sit for hours fondling his photographs. She has a collection dating from the time he came a-wooing on up to the present day—pictures of William McKinley as a law student, as prosecutor, as congressman, as Governor—and always as lover and faithful and true.

It is small marvel, therefore, that they should have grown to look alike in these days, when the ambitious, fascinating dream of his and hers has at last been accomplished.

She has been the "weaker vessel," because of bodily ills.

He has been the strong man, the supporter, the worshipped hero of her life.

And so it has come about that she has taken on during the long hours of adoration that resemblance that comes from the most beautiful thing in the whole world—love—which has made of the married life of the new President "one grand, sweet song."

Plaitings for Skirts.

Gowns of almost every material are arranged with skirts of violet plaiting, and these skirts, fitting snugly over the hips, and even about the hem, suggest no more fullness than does the skirt, cut in the ordinary way. There are many trimmed and even draped skirts in Paris now, but even these define the figure. A pretty frock of mauve watered silk has the entire skirt laid in sunburst plaitings. The bodice is covered by a blouse of plaited mauve mousseline de soie, with high belt of dull green velvet. The jacket is edged with lace and cut into points that barely reach the waist line. The choker is of green velvet and confines a frill of lace that descends in ruffles. The sleeves of silk are long and tight, although wrinkled. The slight fullness at the top is trimmed with the same lace embroidery that appears on the jacket, and the hands are half covered by many frills of lace.

She Was Very Practical.

"It was a difficult matter to make up my mind which to accept," said the girl with a practical mind.

"I understand that both are very bright."

"Yes. They're inventors."

"There is something noble in that profession. I cannot think without the profoundest admiration of these men who harness that giant force of nature to do the bidding of the human will."

"Yes. That sentiment applies to William. He's at work on a flying machine and a new kind of electric engine. But one can't buy moquette carpets and dining-room chairs with fine theories, you know."

"Aren't you going to marry William?"

"No. I accepted John. He's going to be a rich man. He has an invention under way for fastening on suspender buttons so they can't come off."—Nebraska State Journal.

SIR DONALD SMITH

Says Mr. Laurier Will Have a Warm Reception When He Goes to England—Canada Stands High.

Montreal, March, 19.—(Special.)—Sir Donald Smith is again in Montreal, looking much better than when he went away. Speaking to your correspondent of Canadian matters in England, the High Commissioner said: "Canadian matters in England are beginning to attract a great deal of attention. England is becoming very deeply interested in her colonies, and particularly in Canada, which is nearer to her than any of the others. This must have a beneficial effect on Canadian interests. Here in Canada, we are not quite so prosperous as I should like to see, but I suppose that there is nothing more the matter than must be looked for in the face of the changes which have taken place in the United States, and in consequence of a change of Government here. The change of Government in Canada has not excited the English people very much. They are so used to putting a party in power only to turn it out again in a few months, or perhaps a year or two later, that they think that there is nothing unusual in the fact that after holding the reins of power for 18 years, a political party in Canada has been obliged to resign them. I can, however, assure you that should Mr. Laurier go to London he will be given a magnificent reception. He will be the guest of the Crown, and the people also of the country will do all in their power to show that the welcome comes from them also."

Continuing, Sir Donald said: "I heard something of the new Papal ablegate before I left London. Everyone speaks of him as a man eminently fitted for the task which has been assigned to him, and I believe he will come to Canada determined to investigate matters and settle them in a manner which will give satisfaction to everyone. I do not know whether they thoroughly understand the Manitoba school question over in England, but that is not to be wondered at, for they have a school question of their own over there, which keeps them busy all the time. I am sure, however, that the Roman Catholics there and a certain section of the Church of England would be only too glad to get the concessions which have been made to the minority of Manitoba by the agreement."

"Do you think that that agreement was a fair settlement of our own differences?"

"There will always be a difference of opinion as to that, I suppose, and while I do not express myself on one side or the other, I wish to say this: I believe that Mr. Laurier and the members of his Government approached the settlement of this difficult matter in a studious, fair-minded and open manner, determined to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the subject, and with the intention of doing all in their power to meet the demands of both parties in a fair and proper manner."

"Then of course you would at least favor a proposal to give the new arrangement a fair trial?"

"I consider, certainly, that when an agreement is entered into between two parties, it is an agreement, and the only thing to be done is for both parties to make the best of it. Unfortunately, there are always some hot heads who will not look at it in this light, and this is especially the case when a matter of religion is involved in the bargain. However, this should all settle itself in good time. Take New Brunswick and Nova Scotia as examples. There is no question of rights there, and yet concessions are made on both sides and everything works in a most harmonious manner. Why should it not be so in Manitoba? I can only say that for my part, I know of no reason whatever."

The City Council and Citizens' Committee are in labor over the Queen's Jubilee, and every one of them has a scheme of his own. So far, however, the only practical proposition is that advocated by Mayor Wilson Smith, who would like to see Montreal possessed of a vice-regal residence, and he thinks that there are 200 gentlemen in this city who would give $1000 a piece to bring about such result. The Mayor, whom everyone hopes to salute as Sir Wilson Smith on the morning of June 21, believes that the establishment of a vice-regal abode in the commercial metropolis would bring people to the city, and money to the pockets of all classes. There are a few who criticise His Worship's scheme, but no one has yet suggested anything as good.

Lady Aberdeen's nurse scheme is simply out of the question as far as Montreal is concerned.

Sir William and Lady Dawson celebrated to-day their golden wedding and received presents and congratulatory messages from the Governor-General and the graduate societies from all over the country.

Hon. L. O. Taillon, who was Postmaster-General in Sir Charles Tupper's Cabinet, has been unanimously nominated by the Conservatives of Chambly as their candidate for the Quebec Legislature. He will make known his decision in a few days.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain Asks Some Significant Questions About St. John's, Newfoundland.

St. John's, Nfld., March 19.—Secretary of the Colonies Chamberlain, corresponding with the Colonial Minister here, has asked the size and capacity of the drydock at St. John's, the amount of wharfage and storage available for the use of warships, to what extent work is possible in the machine shops and foundries, and the coal supply usually provided at St. John's. He has also asked a number of other questions with a view to the Imperial Ministry making this a naval station and maintaining a squadron of warships here all the year round. The correspondent intimates the further probability of garrisoning St. John's and restoring the fortifications formerly existing. This course is taken with a view to the strategical importance of the new railroad across Newfoundland, which is now nearly complete. Preparations for the installation of troops are likely to be taken during the coming summer.

Tomb of Alexandre Dumas.

A Paris correspondent writes: The monument which the well known sculptor M. de Saint-Marceaux is executing for the tomb of Alexandre Dumas, fils, and which is to be exhibited this spring, is likely to be a very fine work. It consists of a full-length reclining figure of Dumas. The novelist is represented in the long robe which he habitually wore when at work, and as was also his custom, with his feet bare. The pedestal is simple and is decorated with laurels, oak, camellas and pansies. The effect of the whole is excellent.

Not on the Upper Part.

She is known as one of the most charming members of the literary and art circles of New York. Her charm of manner is exerted among all classes of people, and it was from this fact that she "found her level," as she says in telling the story.

Even studios require, once in a while, the prosaic efforts of the scrub-lady to keep them in a condition suitable for all occasions, and it was the scrub lady who frankly undertook the leveling process.

She was an aristocratic individual, and her conversation, as she worked under the careful supervision of the mistress of the setablishment, turned continually upon the elegance of the families with whom she was accustomed to associate—in a way of business as scrub-lady—from day to day. "On Fifth avenue," rolled from her tongue in swelling cadences so many times that her listener was at last tempted to remark:

"But it is not so much to live on Fifth avenue. We live on Fifth avenue."

"Ah!" replied the scrub-lady, and there was a world of expression in her tone, "but not on the upper part."—New York Times.

Vase From a Single Emerald.

In the Cathedral of Genoa is preserved, and has been for 600 years, a vase of immense value. It is cut from a single emerald. When exhibited it is suspended around the neck of a priest by a cord, and no one is allowed to touch it but him.

Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBER & SON, Bouchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Charron of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

MR. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist, 328 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Sole Proprietors MONTREAL

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

"THE ENEMY IN CAMP"

is the "substitution fraud" styled "Just as good."

Just as good as

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Doesn't Exist, and never did.

Sold in lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

290,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO, TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET, PETERBOROUGH

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

— ON —

Tuesday & Wednesday

MARCH 23 AND 24.

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

☞ The Store will be open each evening until 9 o'clock.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

BABY ... CARRIAGES

Selling very Cheap.

$8.00	Baby	Carriages	for	$2.50
7.50	"	"	"	4.00
8.00	"	"	"	5.00
10.00	"	"	"	6.00
12.00	"	"	"	7.50
15.00	"	"	"	10.00

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,

March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.

290 GEORGE-ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

If You Intend

getting a piano, organ, sewing machine, violin, banjo, or guitar, let us surprise you in showing how easy they may be obtained on the monthly payment plan. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d66

St. Luke's Church, Ashburnham.

The second of the course of sermons on "Some aspects of the teaching of Jesus" will be given to-morrow evening in St. Luke's church. Subject, "Teaching by parables."

TRULY ASTONISHING. — Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

Special Missionary Services.

Rev. James McEwen and Rev. A. P. McDiarmid, the secretaries, respectively, of the Ontario and Quebec Baptist Home and Foreign Mission Boards will preach to-morrow in the town Baptist churches. In the Murray-st. church Mr. McEwen will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock and Mr. McDiarmid in the evening.

Mrs. Thom, wife of one of Quebec's best known educators for fifty years, writes: "It is marvelous how 'Quickcure' subdues pain."

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and

(Read on.)

IT COST HIM OVER $70

William McIlmoyle, of Smith, Found Guilty of Assaulting Thos. A. McIlmoyle.

William A. McIlmoyle, of the township of Smith, was taxed the big sum of $71.28—fine, expenses and costs—by County Police Magistrate Edmison yesterday for aggravated assault upon Thos. A. McIlmoyle, also of Smith. A counter charge by W. A. McIlmoyle against the plaintiff in the first instance was dismissed.

The assault, the evidence showed, was the outcome of an altercation between the two men while working in a bush. However, nothing was heard of the matter again until the two men were driving home from Peterborough not long ago. The defendant left his cutter and walked back to the plaintiff's sleigh and after a few threats administered a severe beating to Thos. E. McIlmoyle, to which, it was stated, no resistance was offered. Mr. W. A. Stratton appeared for Wm. A. McIlmoyle, Mr. R. E. Wood represented the Crown and Mr. John Earnham, Q.C., acted as private prosecutor.

The Magistrate found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of $40, with $20 for medical expenses and $11.28 costs, $71.28.

WONDERFUL.

Piles Cured in 3 to 6 Nights—Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Relieved in one day.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all case of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Barbers' Itch, and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

Fatal Accident.

A very sad and fatal accident occurred in the Vanaickle settlement in Methuen, on Tuesday of last week, the victim being Mr. Jas. Cole, a highly esteemed resident of that neighborhood. Mr. Cole was cutting wood in the bush and in felling a large beach the butt of the tree rebounded, striking him on the head, causing a fracture of the skull. He lived for only a few hours and leaves a wife and three children. The funeral took place to Rockdale cemetery on Friday last. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved family. The eldest son, aged 13, was completely prostrated with grief.—Register.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Renewer will prevent it.

The Millinery show rooms at Turnbull's will be open on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, for the convenience of their customers when all the new spring dress fabrics will also be displayed.

SPRING FRESHETS

Midnight Express Delayed Eight Hours at Pontypool Owing to a Washout

Spring freshets are beginning to trouble everybody that is within the locality of overflowing creeks and to-day men are at work attempting to prevent a big washout near Patterson's tannery. The thaw of yesterday and the heavy rain of last night loosened the ice up the creek and this morning it was piled up in a heap along the creek between Brock and Hunter-sts and Inspector Clinkscale had men engaged all morning forcing the ice away. The water was rushing down in torrents and the supports of the bridge were carefully watched. The Ashburnham creek has also expanded considerably and a couple of lots have been covered with water.

The midnight express due here at 11.35 o'clock this morning was eight hours late, having been held back at Pontypool owing to a washout which removed the earth from beneath the track for a considerable distance, and supports had to be put in before the express could pass over with safety. To-day traffic is passing without much difficulty. On the Grand Junction the track at Campbellford is covered with water.

A little pond has been formed at the driveway entrance to the C P R platform and hackmen are complaining.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderful soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

CURLING CHIT CHAT.

Notes from the Rink and the Curlers Here and Elsewhere.

In a couple of inches of water Skip Connal and Skip Dumble's rink met in the final contest for the Kendry cup last evening and Skip Dumble was the winner. It was a game where strength was necessary, and this was noticably required by nearly all those who participated as they found it difficult to place their stones within the tee. However, Skip Dumble managed to score the most shots and will hold the Kendry cup for 1897. The score was:

J McCaig	J D Collins
G E Whiten	G H Giroux
H R H Keener	W L Allen
J Jeffries, skip..11	D W Dumble, skip.16

W. J. Fraser, Esq., Manager and Agent or the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, Quebec, writes: "My wife suffered intensely from ear-ache for ten days, causing complete deafness in affected ear. We tried several *remedies* without effect. 'Quickcure warmed and dropped into the ear removed the pain, and in one night hearing was restored. We have also found it splendid for toothache and burns."

A Musical Treat.

Whitney's "Rob Roy" opera company has been secured for a one-night's engagement at the opera house here, the company coming here after their engagement in Toronto. This is a musical treat that should receive a liberal patronage as an evidence of appreciation of the enterprise of the management in securing this really first class opera company for Peterborough. The particulars will be given in the advertisement later. The date is Monday, March 29th. 1d67

REV. J. G. POTTER AT ST. LUKE'S.

THE THIRD OF THE COURSE OF LECTURES ON CHRISTIAN UNITY.

The Pastor of St Andrew's Church Delivers The Weekly Address on this Important Subject Before a Large Audience.

There was again a very large audience in St. Luke's school house last night to hear the third of the course of lectures on Christian unity by Rev. J. G. Potter, of St. Andrew's church. After the usual opening ceremonies Rev. H. Symonds, who presided, introduced Mr. Potter, referring to two great Presbyterian theologians who had strongly upheld the need of Christian unity—Rev Marcus Dods and the late Rev. Prof. Milligan, of Aberdeen.

Mr. Potter said it gave him great pleasure to take part in this course of lectures. He was sure the subject of Chirtian unity was one which would more and more occupy the attention of the Synods and Conferences of our churches. His subject was "The Spirit of Unity," and the secret of unity lay in the discovery of the spirit of unity. Many analogies in the world of nature might be presented. In the individual body were many members, but all were animated by the one spirit. Human life was a unity, although that unity expressed itself in a variety of activities. So is it in families, and to a great degree in nations. This spirit of unity should not be wanting to the church. The spirit of Christ is a spirit of unity standing in contrast to the spirit of partyism. The spirit of unity was often sacrificed to that of sectarian propagandism. In this connection the speaker quoted the words of St. Paul, "Unto the Jews I became as a Jew, that I might gain the Jews; to them that are under the law, as under the law, that I might gain them that are under the law; I became all things to all men that I might by all means save some." The church too must accommodate herself to the needs of men. Forms and methods of work were like vessels from which we draw the water of life. The vessel may be of gold or silver, or iron, but the water is the essential thing. The spirit of unity was illustrated by the spirit of loyalty that pervades the British empire, and by the spirit of loyal and ready service of the army. How much greater should be the spirit of unity pervading the army of Christ.

The dangers of exclusiveness were illustrated from the example of the Jews, who were unable to comprehend the universality of the Gospel. The divisions of the church of Corinth, of the church both before and after the Nicene period, the great and unnecessary schism of the 9th century between the eastern and western churches, the divisions of the reformation period all furnished material for many lessons.

The aspiration of men to-day for unity is a growing hunger. Unity must, however, be a matter of growth, not of mechanical manufacture of a constitution. The contributions of the humanitarian, the democratic and the socialistic spirit of our day to the cause of unity were noted. Humanitarianism breaks down pride and prejudice, the democratic gives every man an opportunity and bids him use it, the socialistic tends to abolish distinctions that are only artificial.

How can we foster the spirit of unity? We should acquaint ourselves with others' work, methods and modes. Conferences between various bodies might be held. Ignorance and prejudice were two deadly enemies to be contended against. Pan-Anglicans, Pan Presbyterian, Pan-Methodist gatherings pointed to the development of the spirit of unity. From the Anglican Communion there had come strong resolutions in favor of unity. We should all pray that we might forgive and forget the errors and sins of the past.

The lecture, which was listened to with the greatest interest from beginning to end, concluded with an eloquent tribute of honor to the great religious bodies of the past and the present. In the language of the Greek church we received the oracles of God. She had produced innumerable confessors and martyrs. The great Latin Church was in early days the Alma Mater of the barbarians, and to-day was zealous in missionary works and works of charity to the poor and suffering.

The Church of England had given to the world the best version of the Scriptures ever made, and the best Prayer Book. The Presbyterian church had wrought a wonderful transformation in the Scottish people Her order and discipline, her zeal for God's Word and for education had made the Scotch people what it is to-day. The Methodist Church had been the home of the greatest revival of religion since the day of Pentecost. The Baptists and Independents too stood for principles. The world will never become wholly Greek, or wholly Roman, or wholly Anglican or Presbyterian or Methodist, but it will become wholly Christian.

Rev. H. Symonds cordially thanked the lecturer for his earnest and forcible lecture, and expressed the pleasure it gave him to see such a large number of strangers present. He thoroughly agreed with the lecturer that the first and foremost work of to-day was the fostering of the spirit of unity. The body would come in due time.

The last lecture will be given next Friday by Rev. H. Symonds, "Christian Unity; what we may reasonably hope for." All are cordially invited to attend.

Personal

Mr. P. W. Reynolds, Norwood, and Mr. W. P. Plant, Hastings, are in town to-day.

Mr. R. S. Munro, of the Minden Echo, was called home this week owing to the illness of his father, Mr Geo. Munro, Division-st.

Rev. J. C. Roper, well known in town, has resigned the Rectorship of St. Thomas' church, Toronto, to accept a professorship in an American University.

Mr. John Dixon and Mrs. Dixon, who have been visiting relatives and friends in this district for a couple of months, departed on Thursday evening for their home at Maple Creek, N.W.T.

Mr. T. Armstrong, of Lindsay, has purchased the fur and hat business in that town formerly carried on by Fairweather & Co As an old Peterborough boy, friends will be glad to hear of his venture, and trust that he will be successful.

Mr. Bert Armstrong, who has been employed as clerk with E. F. Mason & Co. for some time, has secured a position in the Northwest, and will leave for the west in a short time. Mr. Armstrong is a steady, ambitious young man, and his removal will be regretted. In the George-st. Methodist church he has been an active worker.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Another department added at Turnbull's. A big stock of American Window Shades. The latest styles at low prices.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

NEW KID GLOVES!

Passed into stock to-day our new Kid Gloves for Spring. All the new things. We handle Perrin's make. Every pair is guaranteed.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Skating rink.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Granite curling night.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

Miss Girouard and staff of milliners are very busy making preparations for the big Millinery opening at Turnbull's on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

The Bowery Girl.

"The Bowery Girl," a story from life on the Bowery, was presented at the opera house last night with some very good scenic effects and some clever specialties. Miss Lillian Keene is a bright, vivacious actress, who, as "Nora Halleban," a Bowery society leader, was equal to her work, and carried the play over what otherwise would have been some very tiresome places. There was only a fair audience.

The Sisters of Charity, "Grey Nuns," Guy-st., Montreal, writes: "Having made use of your 'Quickcure' in our establishment, we are happy to add our testimony, also, in its favor." Nothing equals "Quickcure" as a dressing for Burns, Scalds, Cuts or wounds; even Toothache need no more be dreaded.

Y W C A Notes

Come to our social gathering this evening. Music from 8 to 8.30. Gospel service 8.30 to 9 o'clock.

The ladies desire to thank the kind donors for the following gifts:—Miss Dugan $5, Mr. Oke, $3 in goods; Mrs. George Burnham, bedstead and bureau; Rev. Mr. Symonds, Review of Reviews; The Times news office, papers and magazines. Charlotte-st. Methodist church and St. Andrew's Presbyterian are each furnishing a room.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

OH! THE MISERY.

Mrs. Galbraith, of Shelburne, Ont, was a Great Sufferer from Indigestion, the Bane of so Many Lives—South American Nervine Released its Hold—It Relieves in one Day.

"I was for a long time a great sufferer from indigestion. I experienced all the misery and annoyance so common to this ailment. I tried many remedies and spent a great deal on doctors' bills without receiving any permanent benefit. I was strongly recommended to try South American Nervine. I procured and used it, after using only two bottles I am pleased to testify that I am fully restored to health, and I have never had the slightest indication of a return of the trouble. I recommend it most heartily." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Everyone requiring Laces should see the immense new stock in Turnbull's Lace Department.

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinoscope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, early birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45t

Battalion Orders.

HEADQUARTERS,
PETERBOROUGH, March 20th, 1897.

Orders by Lieut.-Col. R. W. Bell, Com, manding the 57th Battalion of Infantry-Peterborough Rangers.

The members of the Bugle Band will meet on Monday night at 8 o'clock at their rooms in the drill shed.

By order,
E. F. MASON, Capt.
Adjt. 57th Batt

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO.

High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 395 George St., Established 1857

MASKED MEN

Go Into a House in Port Hope and Demand Money.

The Port Hope Times says:—"The unusually quiet neighborhood of Englishtown was somewhat disturbed last evening by the report that a lady had been choked to death. On investigation, however, it was found to be a bold attempt at robbery, which was only prevented by the heroic conduct of the ladies.

"Two men wearing masks on their faces entered the house occupied by Mrs. Carr and her two daughters last evening about half-past eight o'clock and demanded money. Miss Carr was at the cupboard helping her mother to a glass of milk when she felt herself suddenly seized from behind. On turning she was confronted by a man, who demanded money. She screamed for her sister and was immediately seized by the throat by the man, who told her that he would choke her if she did not keep quiet.

"Her sister had retired earlier in the evening suffering from an attack of la grippe, but, hearing her sister's screams, immediately went to her assistance. When she appeared on the scene she was rudely seized by the throat by the other man and told to keep quiet.

"They screamed, however, and the robbers, who had demanded five dollars each, thinking that some person would hear the screams, quickly left by the back door.

"The chief of police was immediately telephoned for, but on arriving could find no trace of the robbers, who had made good their escape. A number of suspicious characters were noticed around last evening and as the Chief has a good description of the men he hopes to have them soon behind the bars."

A Clergyman's Opinion

Rev. Edgar B. Husband, The Rectory, Paspebiac, Quebec, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of 'Quickcure' for Toothache. I have used it after other remedies failed, and found almost instant relief. I always keep it with me."

ODDFELLOWSHIP LAST YEAR.

Annual Statement of the Year's Work of the Society—A Satisfactory Report—The Membership Increased.

Mr. J. B. King, Grand Secretary of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, has issued to the subordinate lodges and membership in Ontario the statement of the work of Oddfellowship in Ontario for the past year. The results of the year, the report says, have been most gratifying, despite the fact that the past few years have been marked by a general trade depression, which doubtless affected the order not a little in members and in finances. The order, however, had grown steadily in membership. The increase for the year had been 483, though in the last half of the year there was a slight loss of 21. The increase, the report says, was not all that could be desired, but so far as failure was concerned the locality in which it occurred might trace its unfavorable results to the apathy, or worse, of its members. The report proceeds as follows:—

"The funds of the lodges appear to have steadily increased, notwithstanding the inevitable increase of sickness and deaths, which it were folly not to expect, as the lodges and their members grow older. It is safe to attribute much of this increase in funds to the more complete financial return now made by lodges, as required by the insurance act of 1892, the lodges feeling assured that the information asked for is in their interests and for their safety. The total invested fund of lodges aggregates nearly a round million of dollars, being an average of $40.84 per member, $812,560 being in cash or its equivalent. The experience of a lodge in Ontario very recently should warn lodges everywhere that it is unlawful to invest its funds in a private bank. Lodge funds can only be invested in a chartered bank, etc. The record of 1896 is here before you; it will remind one and all that the age is telling, and tell it surely will. During 1896 there were 300 more brothers sick than in 1895. The weeks' sickness of 1896 exceeded that of 1896 by 1,637 weeks, while the total sick benefits of 1896 were $6,508.74 greater than in 1895, the total benefits and relief of 1896 being $7,722.31 more than in the previous year—the average daily relief of 1896 being $225.84, or $21 per day more than in the previous year. These are the facts which sound the warning and bid us, one and all, ask the question, 'Are we, in the days of prosperity, making preparation for the days of adversity which may—nay, will come some day?' so that our members will be safe in relying that no promise made to an Oddfellow by his lodge will be violated."

The death of William Bedenach, the late Grand Treasurer, who for nearly twenty-two years, the report says, had endeared himself to the brotherhood, was referred to in terms of regret. Mr. W. J. McCormack was elected by the Executive to serve as Grand Treasurer until Grand Lodge meets in August next.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

Brevities

—Revs. W. R. Young and J. J. Rae will exchange pulpits to-morrow morning.

—All those having skates at the rink are requested to call for them this evening.

—Mr. John Cooper has been awarded the contract for carrying the mails from Lakefield station to the village.

—Men's meeting to-morrow at the Y. M. C. A. at 4.15 p. m. Subject to-morrow, "How to Run a Race."

—The River Road Union Sabbath school has contributed $7.37 to the Indian Relief fund, and Benefort Union Sunday school has given $7.

—The Historical Society is now ready to receive communications respecting articles of interest for the coming Loan Exhibition at Inverlea House. Cards may be addressed to the secretary, T. A. Hay, C.E., Secretary.

—Mrs Doupe, relict of the late Joseph Doupe, one of the oldest residents of east Belmont, died on Friday last. The funeral took place on Sunday to Garrison's cemetery. Deceased, who was 77 years of age, had resided in Belmont for over 40 years.

—The Lakefield News says:—One day last week while Mr. E. Thompson, of the T.V.C., was walking on the road near lock No. 4, he slipped and fell, breaking one of his ribs. Although the injury is painful, Mr. Thompson is able to be around all right.

—A temperance meeting was held at Bobcaygeon. The proposed legislation bill was read and considered clause by clause. While some parts were approved of, the meeting felt that it did not go far enough in the way restriction, and a motion of disapproval was drafted and carried.

—Many Peterborough citizens will remember with pleasure the visits of Mr. Chas. Kelly, of the Kelly-Emslie Concert Company. Mr. Kelly has recently been appointed choir instructor of Knox church, Guelph, at a salary of $450 per year. The Kelly-Emslie Concert company will locate in Guelph permanently.

—On Thursday of last week, while Master John Coughlin, son of Mr. Martin Coughlin, of Douro, was playing at the Brick school, says the Lakefield News, he fell on a nail, tearing a big gash just below his knee. The little fellow was taken to a doctor, who put a number of stitches in the cut. He is getting along nicely, but it will be some days before he will be able to attend school again.

—The committee of the Town Council and the Board of Trade to confer regarding the deputation to Ottawa regarding the Trent Valley canal will meet to-night. It is important that a large deputation, as well as a representative one, should go from Peterborough in order to properly impress the Government with the earnestness of the people in the canal section. There might better be no deputation at all than a small one.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the cholera and yellow fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and more deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headache, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser, profusely illustrated.

OAK HALL.

The ladies of Peterborough will kindly accept this invitation to Turnbull's Millinery opening on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

May Lose a Hand

Geo Hatherly, who resides in Norwood, had his hand badly crushed while working a sawing machine. There is a probability that amputation will be necessary.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

SCAVENGING.

All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d571f

TO-DAY

WE PLACE ON SALE

1000 yds Crepons, Cashmeres and Canvas Cloths

In evening Shades, Nile, Cream, Pink, Sky Blue and Veiva Rose, suitable for Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns and Children's Dresses, part of

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

ORIGINAL PRICE 50c, SALE PRICE

25c.

These goods will go as fast as the Silks. Come early and see them.

ALSO

Special Pillow Cotton.

40 and 42 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price 12½c

44 and 46 in. Circular Pillow Cotton, sale price 15c

This is an exceptional price. Call and see it.

25 doz. Ladies Heavy Ribbed Cashmere Hose, clearing price 25c.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

SPOT CASH. ONE PRICE.

Money Back if You Want It!

THIS IS OUR NEW METHOD

OF DOING BUSINESS.

Old "Credit-and-Cash-System" Done Away With!

It is a well-known fact that a great proportion of the losses in any credit business are caused by about four main items:

1st.—Bad debts. 2nd.—Interest on accounts carried.

3rd.—Expenses of collecting and keeping track of accounts.

4th.—Losses sustained through not being able to cash discounts when buying stock.

These losses, in the aggregate, are quite a heavy item, and are all a direct charge on any business run on a Cash and Credit basis, and must, of necessity, come out of the profits. In marking goods one has to figure on the cost of giving credit just the same as for rent, taxes, help, etc. For example:

Take a business where there is an average credit given of $5,000; that is, at times books show $8,000 and at other times accounts would be reduced to $2,000, leaving the average on books for a year about $5,000.

Losses from bad debts would be not less than	$150 00
Cost of Stationery, Postage, Extra Help, Books, etc.	300 00
Interest on average of Accounts, $5,000 at Bank rate 8 per cent	400 00
Losses through not having $5,000 in cash to take Discounts in buying stock 5 per cent	250 00

Or to an $8,000 credit business there is an extra cost over cash of $1100, or an expense of 14 per cent.

In comparing our own experience with other merchants we find that as near as we can approximate the above figures are correct.

After looking at these facts we have determined to live up to the experience gained, and dispense with credit altogether, believing that a Spot Cash business will be mutually beneficial. It is an undoubted fact that the man who sells the cheapest is the man who sells for Cash—selling for cash we can and will sell at lower prices than ever before.

Buying where credit is given you not only have to pay for your own goods but have the extra cost of paying for credit business losses.

In marking our Spring Stock of Hats we have kept in view the ONE-PRICE, SPOT CASH *rule* which we now adopt. All old customers, both Cash and Credit, and all those who will favor us with their patronage, will find that our goods are being sold at fully from 10 to 15 per cent. lower prices than formerly, and the high quality of stock strictly maintained. In stopping this leakage customers will be money in pocket and we will be better off.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

I insist upon PURE GOLD BAKING POWDER my doctor recommends it

"When I am persuaded to use other kinds, the children get restless; they do not rest. My physician has analyzed Pure Gold and finds it absolutely pure. It's cream of tartar and soda. No adulterations."—A TORONTO LADY.

Some grocers, like the one illustrated, try to sell cheaper goods, on which they make more profit. If you want Pure Gold, insist on getting it. 116

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM!

Is the best appliance to economise fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used. Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum. Yours very truly,

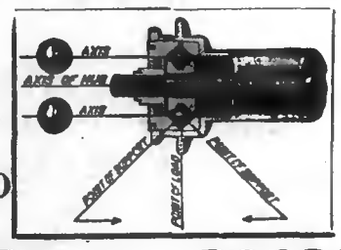
Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



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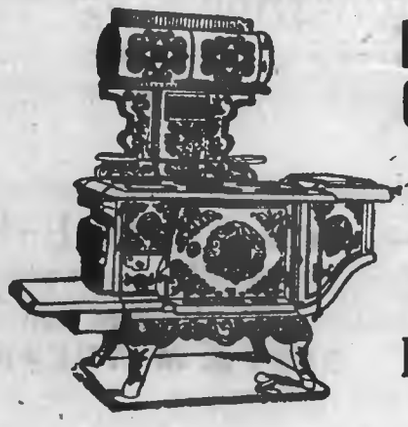


Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

NORWOOD NEWS

FORESTERS.—Mr R J Stewart, district organizer of the C O F, succeeded in organizing a Court at Smiths Falls last week. The officers are:—C R, Mr A K Kirkpatrick; J P C R, H A Lavelle; V C R, F Whitcomb; Fin. Sec., J Crane; Rec.-Sec., Dr Young; S B, Mr S Ormond; J B, H Grey; S W, J J Ferguson; J W, W Livingston; Court Physicians, Dr Coverty, Dr Eaton.

"77" FOR GRIP

"Afraid-of-a-Cold"

The wise man at this time of the year gives much thought to over-coats, over-shoes and umbrellas and other things, which insure safety in spite of changes in the weather. Among the other things is a vial, of Humphreys' "77" for colds, in the pocket.

They find that other preventive measures may be forgotten—that mistakes may be made about the weather—that exposure is often unavoidable, but "77" in the pocket meets all emergencies.

A certain proportion of the people are always afraid of catching Cold or Grip. The usual line of treatment prescribed by them is, that easily spoken injunction; "Take care of themselves." Circumstances are not always favourble for following this good advice—something more is wanted and it is found in "77." It is the only thing that these "afraid-of-a-cold" people can find, that will prevent Colds and Grip.

"77" always breaks up stubborn Colds that "hang on."

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphries' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

PIANO POINTS

For Purchasers.

Seldom is a piano bought *off* hand. It is a matter for serious thought and consideration. The first things that suggest themselves are:

"What Make shall I get?" and

"Where shall I get it?"

We have had a quarter of a century experience in the Piano business and may be able to help you to a satisfactory answer. We believe we can do so. Perhaps we can save you some money. We have exclusive control in central Ontario of the

—KNABE	—GERHARD-HEINTZMAN
—HARDMAN	—KARN
—FISCHER	—WHALEY-ROYCE

Names that are synonymous in the piano world for superiority, for reliability, for artistic excellence.

$350 buys a better piano from us than you will be asked $400 for elsewhere. Will you call and allow us to demonstrate this.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

188 Yonge Street, Toronto

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

get his bearings, so he may lead his benefactor to the spot where he saw the grating over the dungeon in which the "dog of a Christian" is immured.

"This way," he whispers, and Jack follows without a word—they get down on hands and knees, and inch by inch crawl along, making not the faintest sound by means of which their presence can be discovered.

It is exciting work, even if silence does mark their progress, for they are on the grounds of the man who hates Doctor Jack with all the vemon of his eastern nature, and, once discovered, their position will be one of extreme peril.

Jack chuckles as he thinks of Adballah Pasha, fretting and fuming over some small delay en route—if he only knew what the "Christian dogs" were up to how he would tear his hair and gnash his teeth in impotent rage. Somehow the thought encourages the American, and gives him new vim to go at the business in hand.

He sees Achmed come to a dead halt, and crouch low. Has the faithful fellow found the granting? Are they over the dungeon where poor Aleck languishes? Jack is about to speak when a sound falls on his ear. He is rooted to the spot, for it is the soft voice of a woman he hears. Looking beyond the Turk, he now sees a white robed object close to the ground, and as it moves, he realises that here is the source from whence emanates the sounds he has heard.

Both men are crouching low, their heads are near the earth, which is a splendid conductor of sound, hence they can hear plainly. It is a female beyond, and her voice is like the rippling of the brook in the forest, soft, mellow and musical. Jack has only once before heard such a voice, and it was here on the Bosphorus.

Can this be Sady, the lovely houri with whom bold Aleck fell in love and to rescue whom he placed himself in his present terrible condition? Jack's mind goes back to the scene on the border of the Bosphorus, when last he saw this enchantress, and he decides in the affirmative.

What is she doing here? It is folly to ask—love, blind god though he may be accounted generally, is keen of eye, and Sady has not only discovered where the one she loves is incarcerated, but has also found a means of communicating with nim.

Even as they look she rises and glides away in the direction of the harem, and the last words they hear her drop through the grating are in English:

"I will come if I live, Aleck."

Jack is tempted to stop her, but fears lest she may be surprised into crying aloud, and bringing upon the scene some of the Pasha's janizaries, remnants or descendants of the famous band which was broken into fragments many years before. Their business is with Aleck, and the beauty whose face has drawn him into this dire scrape could be barred out of the question altogether.

Achmed no longer holds back, now that the girl has glided away, and in another minute Doctor Jack has his hands resting upon the grating that lies between Aleck Morton and liberty—between the fair Avis and his own waiting heart. Instinctively he feels the bars to test their resisting qualities, and smiles as he remembers the *mighty strength* that *lies* in his own sturdy arms and Herculean shoulders. If it comes to a tug of war, he does not doubt but that he will be able to tear the whole grating out, and thus mature an opening for Aleck to pass through.

Achmed says nothing, but goes a little farther on—the faithful armourer would mount guard while Jack holds his conversation with the man in the dungeon, so that he may warn them in time should any one approach.

It would be hard to define the feelings of the American, as he crouches low and puts his head near the grating to listen. Surrounded by the many things that remind him of the fact of his being in a Turkish garden, and a garden of a bitter enemy at that, ne yet remembers that he is Jack Evans, and his friend the brother of the girl he loves, lies in a dungeon below.

Listening intently, he can hear no sound—all is as silent as the grave. Were it a tomb he hangs over, it could not be more desolate and still—truth to tell, it is a living tomb for the wretched prisoner of the Pasha.

Jack can stand it no longer—he must speak, and know the worst. So he presses his face close down to the cruel bars, and whispers:

"Aleck!"

The sound seems to steal down into the awful darkness of the dungeon, but no reply comes back to greet him. Jack listens for a minute, and then tries again, this time in a louder key.

He believes he hears a rustling sound—on the instant he imagines it is the clanking of chains, Achmed has not said anything about Aleck being weighted down this way, and a feeling of actual horror seizes Jack at the very thought.

He conceives an idea—in the old days when Aleck and he were chums they had a secret little whistle used as a signal—it is easily given, and by a stranger might be mistaken for the notes of some sleepy bird awakened at the wrong hour. Jack smiles to remember how history repeats itself—how, when hundreds of years ago, in the times of the Crusades, the English king, Richard Coeur de Leon, was held captive by Duke Leopold of Austria in the old castle of Durenstein, his faithful minstrel, Blondel, roaming all Europe in search of his missing master, played and sang the familiar romaunt under the walls of the castle, and in this way discovered his king, who recognized the air he loved and the voice of Blondel.

He gives the signal whistle clearly—there is a distinct movement below, and then a groan. A voice breaks on his ear, full of lamentation and misery—he can hardly realise it is Aleck who thus exclaims:

"Surely my dream is come true—my mind wanders. I imagine I hear sounds that in the nature of things cannot be. Let me look the truth calmly in the face—what does that indicate? Am I to go mad? Oh! ye gods, it is a fate I have always shuddered at. Anything but that. If he would only kill me outright I would thank him, but to die and yet live for years—what can I do to bring the end quickly? If he would put me up and have a file of his soldiers shoot me, I would show him how an American boy could meet death with a laugh, but such a fate as this—I wonder if Avis will ever know—dear Avis—never to see her Aleck again—I hope she may be happy in her ignorance of his cruel doom."

Jack can stand it no longer—a great lump seems to have arisen in his throat as he listens to the ravings of his friend in the prison below.

"Aleck!" he calls, perhaps louder than prudence may have dictated, but for the moment caution is a secondary *matter with him—the querulous voice* below ceases its murmuring.

"Who calls me?" asks the unseen Aleck, in a quivering tone of mingled hope and fear.

"It is I—Doctor Jack."

"No, no, you deceive me—he is dead—they told me so—they swore it to me," cries the prisoner.

"Then they lied to you," cooly replies Jack. "Have you any means of climbing up here to this grating so we can talk?" for he has a pretty good idea that Aleck was close to Sady at the time she cooed her farewell to him.

"Yes, yes, in a minute. Wait for me—don't go away, Jack, for God's sake. I'm coming, indeed I am," he talks constantly, poor fellow, as he laboriously climbs the wall in a way he has arranged long ago, just as though he fears lest it shall all prove a delusion and a snare. "I have been up here many a night looking at the stars and wondering if Avis were watching them then. Here I am at last—I was sure to get here—where are you, old fellow? You haven't gone—you wouldn't desert your Aleck? Answer me, my brain will burst—answer, for Heaven's sake."

Jack does more—he seizes the hand that has been thrust through the grating and squeezes it in both of his—ay, bends down and kisses it, and without shame to his manhood, drops a scalding tear upon it, as he realizes how thin is Aleck's once plump member.

"Poor boy! poor Aleck! to think what you have suffered here, while I roamed the streets of Paris with every luxury that money could buy. I never dreamed that you were alive until lately when I learned certain things that gave me a clew, and I made all haste to reach your side."

He caresses the thin hand as a mother might that of her sick child.

"I can hardly believe my senses. Can it be you, indeed, Jack? Then my prayers are answered and—bend down, and let me touch your face—I cannot see you, but I may feel."

The hand creeps over Jack's face—how it thrills him—then a feeling of horror strikes to his soul—Aleck has said he could not see. Have they turned out his eyes in torture? It is a favourite method of revenge among the Turks.

"Great Heaven! you are not blind, Aleck—they have not put out your eyes?" he cries.

"No, no, it is the darkness I complained of. I know you are Jack now, and I thank God for the fact of your coming. You can now carry the news of my fate home to Avis."

"Carry fiddlesticks! I came here to take you away with me, and I'm going to do it to-morrow night if I have to blow the whole castle of the Pasha to pieces."

"That would be joy indeed, but I am afraid you cannot do it, Jack. You will be caught and put to death—we could never quit the country. Better leave me to my fate."

"Don't bother your head about that. Rest assured that when Jack Evans decides to do a thing mountains won't

To be Continued

POVERTY OF THE BLOOD

A TROUBLE THAT IS MAKING THE LIVES OF THOUSANDS MISERABLE.

It Brings in its Train Nervousness, Pains in the Back and Side, Headaches, Heart Palpitation and Results Fatally Where Efficacious Treatment is Not Resorted to.

From the Sussex, N.B., Record.

There are many ways in which people may prove benefactors of the human race. There are those who of their abundance spend large sums in erecting public buildings and beautifying public parks. Others spend their money in charitable work, and in alleviating the sufferings of less fortunate fellows, and for these acts these people are honored. The person who having obtained relief from sickness and makes public the means by which health was regained, is none the less a public benefactor. Among these latter is Miss Elena O'Neil, daughter of Mr. Jas. O'Neil, a well-to-do farmer living near Millstream, Kings Co., N.B. Miss O'Neil was attacked with anæmia (poverty of the blood) a trouble unfortunately too common among the young girls of the present day, and one which is certain to terminate fatally if not promptly checked, and the blood enriched and renewed. Having discovered a remedy that will achieve this happy result, Miss O'Neill is willing that less fortunate sufferers may reap the benefit of her experience. To a correspondent of the Record, Miss O'Neill related the story of her illness and cure. She said: "I believe that had I not begun the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my trouble would have ended fatally. My illness came about so gradually that I can scarcely say when it began. The first symptoms were a loss of color, and a feeling of tiredness following even moderate exertion. Gradually I became as pale as a corpse, and was extremely nervous. Then I was attacked with a pain in the side, which daily grew more and more intense. I coughed a great deal and finally grew so weak that if I went up stairs I had to rest when I reached the top. My appetite forsook me. I was subject to spells of dizziness and severe headaches, and was gradually wasting away until I lost all interest in life. I had tried a number of medicines but found no relief. In this apparently hopeless condition, while reading a newspaper, I saw a statement of a young lady whose symptoms were almost identical with my own, whose health had been restored through the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills. This statement was so encouraging that I determined that I would try this medicine. In my case as in that of the young lady whom I had read about, the result was marvellous. The pain in my side from which I had suffered so much, disappeared, my nerves were strengthened, my appetite returned and my whole system seemed to be strengthened and renewed. I am now as well as any member in the family and have not known what sickness was since I discontinued the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills.

My gratitude towards this grand medicine is unbounded, and I hope my statement may be the means of bringing encouragement and health to some other sufferer.

The gratifying results following the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the case of Miss O'Neil prove that they are unequalled as a blood builder and nerve tonic. In the case of *young girls who are pale or sallow*, listless, troubled with a fluttering or palpitation of the heart, weak and easily tired, no time should be lost in taking a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which will speedily enrich the blood and bring a rosy glow of health to the cheeks. They are a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Why They Do It.

A Toronto paper says:—People often wonder why so many dealers continuously mark their goods at such odd prices as 49 or 99 cents, thinking that if it were to induce trade by the saving of the extra cent it must in time lose its efficiency. However, that is not the reason, but such prices are made as a protection against pilfering by their clerks. By this means in almost every sale the clerk is compelled to make change, and need the amount passed in to the cashier for this purpose; whereas, if the price was even, upon receiving the exact amount he could deliver the goods and make no return of the money.

WOMAN, WHY?

You have Sallow Skin, Pimples, Eruptions, Discolorations.

Why resort to cosmetics and powders to hide the effects?

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills regulate the system and restore to the cheek the healthful rosy bloom and peach blush of youth.

Disorders like these arise from sluggish liver. From one to two pills a dose, will clarify and purify the complexion in short order. Dr. Agnew's pills at all druggists. See that you get what you ask for. 25c. for 40 doses. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

USE

Baby's Own Soap

and you'll know why we recommend it

BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY MARCH 20, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Round, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

Look the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Partly, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.43 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.43 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.... .....6.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.45 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

GOOD WOMEN—BAD HEART.

When Could the Life of a Loved One be More Uncertain than When Attacked by Heart Disease?—If you have a Hint of it Have Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart always at Hand, it is the only Remedy which can Relieve you in 30 Minutes and Cure you Permanently.

"This is to certify that my wife has been a sufferer from heart disease for over twenty years. After having tried doctors and remedies innumerable without benefit I procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and she has received more benefit from it than from all the doctors and all the cures used heretofore. I am pleased to certify to the excellence of this wonderful remedy.

"AARON NICHOLLS,
Peterborough, Smith t'p."

Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

AN UNEXPECTED OPENING.

Politicians in Winnipeg Speculating as to Hon Hugh John Macdonald's Chances in Dennis.

Winnipeg, March 19.—(Special.)—Though Mr. Crosby, the member for Dennis in the Manitoba Legislature, only died this morning, already the politicians are predicting that this unexpected vacancy will give Hugh John Macdonald, the new leader of the Provincial Opposition, the desired opportunity of obtaining a seat in the Legislature. Dennis is a pretty evenly divided constituency politically, Crosby being a Patron, and slipping in at the last election between the Conservative and Liberal candidates. The Opposition is so eager to get Hugh John in the House that there is little doubt he will be the chosen candidate and Dennis is likely to be the scene of a hot election very shortly.

REPLY OF LORD SALISBURY

To the Remarks of the Earl Kimberley in Regard to the Eastern Situation

London, March 19.—In the House of Lords to-day Lord Salisbury made a bitter criticism upon the speech delivered by the Earl of Kimberley, Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Rosebery Cabinet, at the meeting of the National Liberal Federation at Norwich Wednesday evening, in which he asserted that, "according to Lord Salisbury, the policy of France is also that of Great Britain, and is based upon the maintenance of the integrity of the Ottoman Empire." This assertion, Lord Salisbury said, was untrue. If, he continued, the policy of the Liberal party was to abandon the Ottoman Empire, it had been lately adopted. Lord Kimberley would probably again become Foreign Minister of Great Britain and in that event, he asked, would His Lordship then disregard the past policy of maintaining the integrity of the Ottoman Empire?

Lord Kimberley replied that he had intended what he said to mean that the Liberal party would depart entirely from its past policy regarding Turkey, and maintained that the Ottoman Empire was a standing menace to the peace of Europe.

MGR. MERY DEL VAL HALTS.

The Papal Delegate Doesn't Know What to Make of the Manitoba Legislature Vote.

London, March 19.—Monsignor Mery Del Val, the recently appointed Papal delegate to Canada, who is now in London, intended to sail for Canada to-morrow, but the United Associated Press representative learns that the reported action from Manitoba Legislature in regard to the schools of that province will probably cause him to postpone his departure. Both Cardinal Vaughan and Mgr. Del Val express themselves as surprised and shocked at what they consider a breach of faith in rushing through a settlement of the school question after having obtained the good offices of a Papal delegate with that end in view.

SOUTH AFRICAN COMMITTEE.

Mr. Schreiner Suggests That the Boers Will Be Better If Left Alone.

London, March 19.—At to-day's sitting of the Parliamentary South African Committee to inquire into the Transvaal raid, the examination of W. Z. Schreiner, Attorney-General of the Cape Colony in the ministry of Cecil Rhodes, was resumed. Schreiner testified that the conditions necessary to the exercise of the franchise in the Transvaal could not be maintained, but thought that the Boers ought not to be hurried in the matter of making changes, as they were indomitably adverse to dictation, and would be vastly more likely to do what they should do if they were left alone.

Floods are doing immense damage in Arkansas, where many people have been drowned, people driven from their homes, and live stock lost.

William Green of Owosso, Mich., lost a house and lot on the Fitzsimmons-Corbett fight, and yet says he would bet on Corbett if the two fought again.

Joseph Holt has been convicted at Chatham of shooting Patrick Harrington, alias Mannix, in the shoulder a short time ago. Sentence will be delivered to-day.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The flour trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited: ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. The demand continues slow. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, and white at 73c to 74c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 sold at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 18c west, and of mixed at 17c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c to 39c north and west.

Corn—There is a good demand, but offerings are limited. Very little coming out, owing to bad roads. Sales were made west, to-day at 25c to 27c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with market unchanged at 32½c to 33c east.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts at the Western Market to-day were 50 carloads, including 1000 head of hogs and 200 sheep and lambs. There is no change in the prices of cattle. Choice qualities were scarce. The best sold at 4c to 4¼c per lb., and ordinary at 3½c. Choice bulls are quoted at 3c to 3½c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3c. Butchers' cattle in moderate demand and firm, best qualities selling at 3¼c to 3½c; good to medium at 2½c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $30 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c to 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 4c to 5½c per lb.

Hogs are firmer for choice light qualities. The best sold at 5¼c, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4¾c to 4⅞c; lightweights at 4¾c; sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 28

A Separate Cure for Each Disease AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 19.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; corn, 2s 8d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 47s 6d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 24s 0d; do., light, 26s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet and steady. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures steady at 6s 3½d for May, 6s 3½d for July and 6s 1½d for Sept. Maize firm at 2s 3½d for April, 2s 3d for May and 2s 10½d for July. Flour, 23s.

Paris—Wheat, 21f 85c for April; flour, 45f 20c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures quiet at 6s 3½d for May, 6s 3½d for July and 6s 2½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 3½d for April, 2s 9½d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s for Sept. Flour, 23s.

London—Close—Wheat off coast steady; maize steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat dull at 21f 80c for April. Flour quiet at 45f 10c for April.

The Cheese Market.

The Montreal Star says:—The exports from New York last week footed up 4,223 boxes, instead of 1,439 boxes to Liverpool, 804 boxes to Southampton, 353 boxes to London, and 1,627 boxes to Glasgow. Exporters there are still vainly searching for desirable under priced cheese. Of the situation in Liverpool G. B., on March 6, Messrs Hodgson Bros. write:—"The demand has been on a moderate scale, there being no change of importance to note in values. We quote finest September-October make at 57s to 58s per cwt., for colored and white, and low to medium grades scarce at 25s to 48s, according to quality. The stocks in Liverpool on the last day of February aggregated 86,598 boxes. The local market is still necessarily dull. Mr Grant, the well-known shipper, at present in Liverpool, cables as follows:—

"Advise the cheese factorymen throughout the country not to open their factories before May 1. Canadian fodder cheese are being offered in thousands for future delivery on the English market at a price equal to seven cents in Montreal, thus causing great demoralization in the trade. The largest English jobbers are forming a combination not to buy fodder cheese at any price. If farmers will persist in making fodders they will ruin the price of grass cheese, and also destroy confidence in the future of the market. The supply of autumn cheese in England will fill the requirement of the trade at the present rate of consumption until July 1. Filled cheese are being imported from the States in defiance of the law, being double bandaged and having the branding smudged in order to evade the regulations the revenue department."

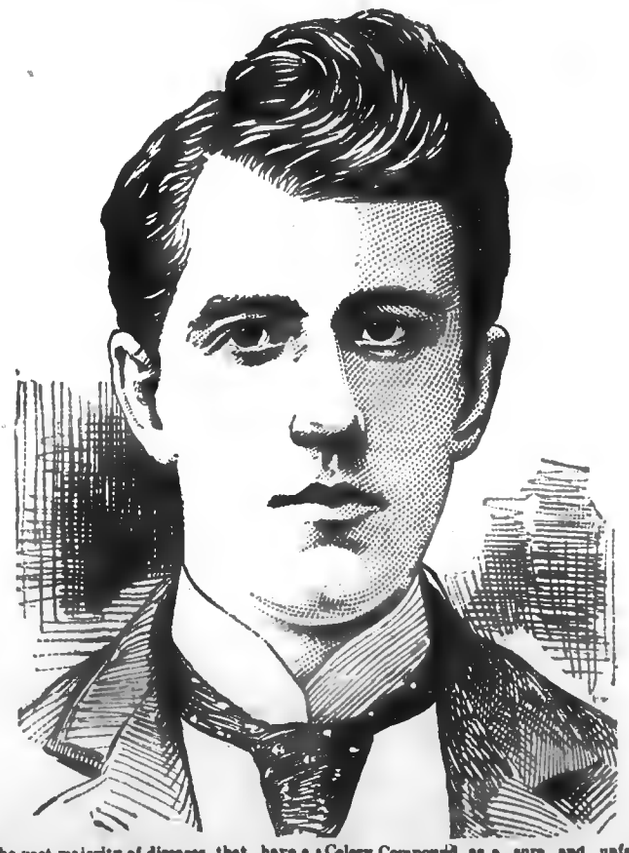
Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 18	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 08
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 08
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

WONDROUS IN POWER

The Great Life-building Medicine for Spring is Paine's Celery Compound.



The vast majority of diseases that have a disastrous ending might be quickly and permanently cured if all sick people could be induced to use Paine's Celery Compound instead of the old fashioned and worthless medicines sold for the sake of large profits.

Paine's Celery Compound is just the medicine needed by men and women who have been burdened with disease all winter. If sick, weak and half dead people carry their debility, nervousness, bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, dyspepsia and headaches into the last weeks of spring and early summer they court permanent suffering and death.

Mr. J. A. Bioux, a young French Canadian gentleman, of 13 Parthenais Square, Montreal, who suffered as thousands now suffer, says:

"It is with great pleasure that I recommend your celebrated medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, as a sure and unfailing fortifier and life-builder. I was suffering from weakness and debility, and after using four bottles of the great medicine I have entirely recovered my strength, and feel happy and grateful."

At present sick and ailing people are in want of good, pure and rich blood, and plenty of it, to supply the almost famished nerves and tissues. This wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, should be used without delay. It will without fail repair all weak organs, restore strength, and give a condition of health for the advent of summer that every wise man and woman so heartily desires.

Remember, it is Paine's Celery Compound that cures; be careful to ask for it, and see that you get it.

Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS. NEW YORK.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,698	$541,628
North American	3,554,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,044	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	722,028
Federal Life	2,005,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,731
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS
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DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. E. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. E. E. HALL.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Claxton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
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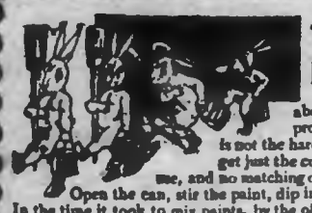
Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 24th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Coy, 289 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr dkw



THINK OF THE LITTLE THINGS

about the house that would be improved by being painted. Painting is not the hard work it used to be. You can get just the color you want, mixed, ready to use, and no matching of colors, no fussing, no trouble.

Open the can, stir the paint, dip in the brush, and go to painting. In the time it took to mix paints, by the old methods, you can now have the work well finished.

One kind of paint will not do for a house, table, buggy, and a bath tub any more than one kind of cloth would answer for all sorts of clothing.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS are made for all purposes. Not one paint for all surfaces, but a different paint for each surface.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS FAMILY PAINT is made for cupboards, shelves, baseboards, etc. It has an oil finish that can be washed. It is made in twenty-one colors.

Our booklet, "Paint Points," is a good thing for you to have. It tells many interesting things about paints—good and bad paints. It tells what to paint, and how to paint it. It is free. A postal will bring it. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897.

A HEALED HERALD.

Thinks Rheumatism is Born of the Lower Regions, but Proclaims South American Rheumatic Cure a Heavenlsent Healer

Henry Humphreys, East London, sends his unsolicited testimony: "I was seized with painful rheumatism in my left foot. I could not rest with it day or night, the pain was so intense. I tried many remedies, but they had no more effect on me than water on a duck's back. I was persuaded to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I followed the directions closely and in a very short time this wonderful remedy effected a complete cure, and there has not been the slightest hint of a return of the disease. It is a sure remedy and I delight to herald the goodness all over the land." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. conducted by the Rev J J Rae, and 7 p.m. by the pastor. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, March 21st. Services at 11 a.m. conducted by the Rev W R Young and 7 p.m. conducted by pastor. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p.m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev F T Tapscott, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. 3rd Sunday in Lent. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer. Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—R Fair, W G Howden, H Clinton, W J Montgomery. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, March 21th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. 3rd Sunday in Lent. 11 a. m., Holy Communion with sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 8.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 6 o'clock to 6.45. Gospel meetin for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

PARLOR MEETINGS daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m. Singing, addresses and conversation. All are welcome. Divine guidance.—Rev. W. M. Eadie.

GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

The Report Recommends an Increase of Wardens and Salaries—Some Suggestions

The annual report of the Game and Fish Commissioners has been laid before the Legislature. On the very first page it recommends an increase in the number of wardens, and consequently in the expenditure, on the ground that "it is utterly impossible for them (the wardens) to cover the vast territories committed to their care in such a way as to make the work without exception," and "that the payment of the extra sum for salaries would be money well spent in the interest of the province." In reference to deputy wardens a statement is made which, in some degree, reflects upon the Government responsibility for their appointment. The report states:—"Each year brings further evidence to the commissioners that the system of unpaid deputy wardens is wrong, for though there are many good and efficient officers in the force of nearly 500 which exists still the majority literally do nothing, and occupy places where protection should be afforded but is not. Then again, many of them do worse; they use their position to incite foreigners and others to break the law, in fact go out hunting with them, acting as guides, and promising to shield them from the action of the law if discovered. One deputy was even caught red-handed stealing a deer out of season from a company's preserve." For this reason it is urged that there should be a force of, "say, fifty deputies," each drawing a "small salary," distributed over the districts where game abounds, so that there would be some definite organization under the chief warden, and he would have some control of them. In lieu of this plan a weeding out of inactive deputies and the appointment of more efficient men in their places is recommended. Several varieties of game birds and animals are mentioned as becoming scarcer. In relation to insectivorous birds, the report states:—"The commissioners still have reason to think that too many permits or licenses are given to boys and others for so-called scientific purposes. There is a strong feeling throughout the province that our bird life is too much sacrificed to the craze for collecting bird skins and eggs, and that steps should be taken, and at once, to limit the number of permits granted. Your commissioners would urge that a fee of not less than $5 be charged for the permit, that no one under eighteen years of age be granted one, and then only when recommended by two reliable and well known scientific men; also that the applicant be required to give bonds of at least $200 that the permit will not be used for other than strictly scientific purposes and not for barter." Dealing with fisheries the report says:—"Many of the lakes, rivers and streams have been, through reckless and extravagant fishing at all seasons of the year, sadly depleted of their fish, and unless some intelligent action on the part of the Government is taken at once, what heretofore has been a great source of food and recreation will be a thing of the past." Various recommendations are made looking to further protection for game and fish, and most of these will be embodied in a bill to be brought down by the Government.

A letter from Judge Angers, br other to th ex-Lieut.-Governor of the province of Quebec has been written to the author of "Quickcure," saying: "It has always given my child relief from toothache; its effect is wonderful. I have also found it good for burns and cuts."

Signed, C. PAMET ANGERS.

OAK HALL.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCVI.

THE ETHICS OF CITIZENSHIP.

Luxury.

The question of the use and abuse of luxury is one often debated and never completely settled. Does a man who spends $10,000 in diamonds benefit the community? Thousands of dollars were spent in flowers at a recent ball in New York. Was this expenditure an economic gain? Is it good use of money to pay $20,000 for a fine picture? We must first define our terms. Perhaps by the most general use of the term luxury we denote any thing delightful to the senses or feelings which is not a necessity to a healthy and complete life. Variety in food seems to be necessary for human beings. We should not therefore call roast beef a luxury, but "blue points on the half shell" we should. We ought not to deem a bath room a luxury, but if we panelled its wall with mirrors, and laid a velvet pile carpet on the floor, and fitted our bath with silver mounted taps, we should rightly describe these things as luxurious furnishings. No doubt, regarded from the moral point of view, some things that would be luxuries to the poor man are not to the rich. A man who honestly earned $10,000 a year might reasonably regard 25 cents as a legitimate outlay for a cigar, whilst it would be a sinful luxury to one whose income was but $500.

* * *

Luxury is a form of consumption of wealth. But nothing is ever really consumed. What really takes place in the consumption of wealth is the transformation of one form of matter into another form. "A passer-by once stopped to visit the workshop of an old joiner. There in a corner lay piled together a heap of small flat oblong bits of wood. He asked the old man what they were. The answer was that they were old planes, worn thin and useless by the friction of a life-time's industry. That was consumption of wealth. But then, the results were not gone; they were still there in the acquired skill, in the honorable independence and reputation of the consumer of them." Now the point is that whilst consumption of wealth is a transformation of the form of wealth, all transformations are not equally beneficial. "Is then, the change of form implied in the production and consumption of luxuries industrially and commercially profitable?" That is one question we will attack, and the second is, "Is the consumption of luxuries good for our characters as individuals or as a nation?"

* * *

1. The political economists are unanimous in the decision that from the economic point of view "expenditure on luxuries is a wasteful perversion of wealth." Consumption of wealth implies the occupation and remuneration of labor. But all work is not equally beneficial. Mr. Macculna separates three kinds of work.

(a). Work done in producing some instrument of commerce or industry.

(b) Work done in producing some object not available as such an instrument.

(c) Work terminating in itself, i.e., services which leave no product of any economic significance at all.

An illustration of each of these is given. Of the first the building of a great Atlantic liner, to be used in commerce. Of the second the building of a pleasure yacht. Of the third the preservation of game on some large estate, involving an outlay for gamekeepers, but producing no result of any accountable economic significance. "In all three cases there is work done by which men earn a livelihood. And some are so impressed by this view of the matter, that they seemingly care to go no further." "Why," says the yachtsman, "does not my yacht employ carpenters?" "And does not my forest employ gamekeepers?" And the sportsman, "Is not our money doing the country good?" From the commercial point of view the answer is "No, your money is not doing the country any good." It is clear that the wealth of nations cannot be secured simply by setting men to work. If the Government employed two thousand men at $5 a day here in Peterborough to throw stones into the river, we should for a while appear to be a wealthy community. But the country would be poorer. "Never can it be too clearly understood that the amount of work or effort in a country is no measure of its industrial or commercial prosperity. Prosperity depends on reward of work or effort."

* * *

Here then is the ground of the economist's judgment against luxury. The greater the growth of luxury, the greater the amount of human effort diverted to work that produces mere instruments of pleasure, or work that produces nothing at all, and this commercially is a waste of wealth. "A man," said Adam Smith, "grows rich by employing a multitude of manufacturers; he grows poor by maintaining a multitude of servants."

From the purely commercial point of view then we may conclude that neither the man who spends $10,000 on diamonds, nor the expenditure of thousands of dollars on flowers at a ball, nor of $20,000 for a fine picture are in the long run beneficial to the community. But there is another aspect of luxuries besides the commercial, and the subject is one of such real practical importance that we propose to devote to it another column.

To be continued.

The Loon.

The loon is found in all the northern regions of this country. It is a very awkward bird on land, but a graceful and rapid swimmer. It is a remarkable diver, and it is thought that no other feathered creature can dive so far beneath the surface or remain so long a time under water. A specimen was once found attached to the hook of a fisherman's set line in Seneca lake, it having dived nearly 100 feet to reach the bait. It feeds on lizards, fish, frogs, all kinds of aquatic insects, and the roots of fresh-water plants, usually swallowing its food under water. It is a very large bird, about three feet in length and spreads its wings fully five feet. It builds its nest in marshes, near water or rushes and grass, which it twists together in a huge heap on the ground, usually among tall reeds. The eggs, usually three in number, are a little over three inches long, and in color of a dull greenish ochre, with indistinct spots of dark umber, most numerous toward the broad end. During the winter this bird lives near the sea shore, especially in the salt marshes on the Long Island coast, and along the shores of the Chesapeake; but in the summer it goes as far north as Labrador and breeds there in great quantities.

Sorry He Spoke.

The bachelor who had boarded at the same hotel for twenty years was perturbed when the thoughtless head waiter set the couple on their bridal trip right opposite him at the table.

"There is no marrying in heaven, I am happy to say," he said to no one in particular.

"Well, I don't care," said the blushing bride. "There is heaven in marriage, anyway. Isn't there, dearie," she continued, turning toward her accomplice, and the bachelor boarder went downstairs and quarrelled with the clerk.—Cincinnati Inquirer.

Cured Too Soon.

Doctor—Will you ever get well? Why, I'll have you on your feet again in a week."

Patient—That will never do. The railroad company has promised to send a man up by that time to agree on a compromise.—New York Tribune.

A SUBTLE THIEF.

Kidney Troubles Steal on one Insidiously—A Slight Cold—Then Congestion—Then Inflammation—Then the Deadly Malady Bright's Disease—South American Kidney Cure is a Kidney Specific—It Relieves in Six Hours and Cures—Never Fails.

Mr. James McBrine, of Jamestown, Ont., says:—"I believe South American Kidney Cure saved my life. I was so severely afflicted that my friends had to attend me daily to take the urine from me."

Mr. A. Williamson, Customs officer, Kincardine, Ont., writes:—"I can highly recommend this specific as the greatest of boons to suffering humanity for all affections of the bladder and kidneys." Sold by H. S. MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb., 4 lbs. for 25c.

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VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

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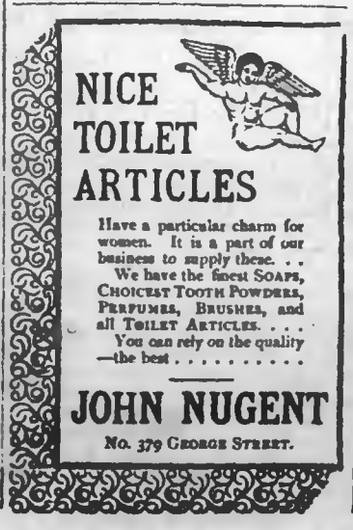

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You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

Wild With Eczema

Hands and Limbs Covered with Blisters, and Great Red Blotches.

Scratched Until Almost Wild. Burned Like Fire. Sleep Impossible.

Cuticura Brings Speedy Relief, and a Permanent Cure at a Cost of $2.

I was a sufferer for eight years from that most distressing of all diseases, Eczema, but can now say truthfully that I am entirely cured. I tried some of the best physicians in the country, but they did me little good. The palms of my hands were covered, and would become inflamed; little white blisters at first would appear, then they would peel off, leaving a red, smooth surface which would burn like fire and itch; well, there is no name for it. On the inside of the upper part of both my limbs, great red blotches, not unlike hives, would appear, and as soon as I became warm, the burning and itching would begin. Night after night I would lie awake all night and scratch and almost go wild. I heard of CUTICURA remedies, got a box of CUTICURA (ointment), a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT (blood purifier), and gave them a thorough trial, and after a few applications I noticed the redness and inflammation disappear; *before I had used one box there was not a sign of Eczema left.* I can truthfully assert that $2.00 worth of CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me. Any one I meet who has Eczema, I do not hesitate a moment in recommending your remedies.

JOHN D. PORTE,
1115 Carson St., Pittsburg, Pa.

INSTANT RELIEF AND SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP. Sole Props., Boston.

"All About the Blood, Skin, and Scalp," mailed free.

FALLING HAIR Pimply Faces, Baby Blemishes, Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency* and all *effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants*, which soon lead to *Insanity, Decay, Consumption* and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the *only Reliable* and *Honest Medicine known*. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL AT 9.00 P. M.

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A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE."

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Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 68. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

FIRST ACTUAL THREAT

The Powers Will be to Blame for Whatever Happens.

The Greek Prime Minister is Opposed to War, but the Situation May Become Uncontrollable—Turkey Proclaims the Autonomy — A Correspondent Proposes That the United States Refuse to Recognize the Blockade — The First Gun Against the Cretans Will Topple the British Government, Says Mr. Ballard Smith—The Feeling in England.

New York, March 21.—Under yesterday's date James Creelman cables from Athens to The Journal: Prime Minister Delyannis to-day authorized me to make public the following declaration as a result of a talk with him. It is the first actual threat uttered by the responsible head of the Greek Government: "If the great powers will not be convinced of the injustice and impracticability of the measure they have decided upon, the situation will become worse and probably may become uncontrollable, nor is it possible to foresee the result, but it will be unjust to throw upon Greece the responsibility for what may follow."

The gravity of this statement may be judged by the fact that Delyannis is opposed to war.

The Journal's special from Canea says that Turkish men-of-war at Suda, in the presence of the European fleet, to-day opened fire on the insurgents who were engaged in fighting native Moslems.

The barracks of the Turkish troops are being prepared for the reception of 1600 international troops, who will land here in a few days. There will be landed in all the towns in the island 3600 European troops. Five hundred English troops are to be stationed at Heraklion. This seems an utterly insufficient force to keep order among 45,000 Moslems, crowded in that town. The whole management of European interference here shows a lamentable ignorance on the part of those directing affairs.

The following proclamation was issued this morning by the Turkish Government: "We bring to the notice of the people that, according to a telegram from the Grand Vizier, autonomy has been given to Crete under the suzerainty of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan."

I had an interview to-day with Ismael Bey, acting Governor of Crete. He is a small, wrinkled man, with small eyes, projecting ears and a hooked nose. He said: "Turkey and the European powers consider the Cretans like our children. We wish to treat them kindly, but if they disobey we will bring large bodies of troops here to force them to terms."

Europe, according to this statement, has allied herself with Turkey to force upon the Cretans a government no one wants. Richer Moslems especially complain of this. Some of the Beys of Canea have even told me in private that they would prefer a union with Greece to autonomy, which would mean a government by their hated Christian compatriots.

From the interior I hear that the clause in the proclamation of admirals requiring Cretans to lay down their arms is, as I thought it would, exciting comment. Cretans have always carried arms, and even if they were inclined to accept autonomy, they would not lay down their arms before knowing what sort of autonomy Europe proposes to force on them.

A Wild Proposition.

New York, March 21.—A special cable despatch from London to The Sun says: Why should not the Government of the United States refuse to recognize the blockade of Crete? The terms of the official notice of the blockade, which were issued by the British Government in London to-day, are a direct violation of the law of nations. The notice says: "Ships of the six powers, or neutral powers, may enter into the ports occupied by the powers and land their merchandise, but only if it is not for the Greek troops or the interior of the island. These ships may be visited by the ships of the international fleets." If any ship or officer of the blockading fleet undertakes to enforce these regulations against a vessel carrying the American flag it will be an act of war against the United States. There can be little doubt about the correctness of this view.

WILL TOPPLE THE MINISTRY.

That Will be the First Effect of British Guns Firing on the Cretans.

New York, March 21.—Ballard Smith cables from London: The first reverberation of English guns fired against Greece—and it is likely that it may come—would in all probability topple over the Salisbury Ministry like a house of cards. All England is heartily ashamed of the Government's attitude towards Crete. This is becoming more obvious daily, in spite of Lord Salisbury's still intact majority in Parliament. The expressions in Mr. Gladstone's letter to the Duke of Westminster ring through the land.

Punch's cartoon of a British sailor contemplating a Turkish janissary threatening a Greek soldier reflects the popular humor here. It is labelled: "Ah, that Greek's a plucky little chap." Sir John Tenniel makes Jack Tar say: "Precious sorry that me and my furrin' mates have to stop him."

Another periodical imagines two doges of Venice discussing the present situation.

Francisco Mormosi remarks: "Why, there is sound of cannon at Canea."

Luigi Mocenigo replies: "Doubtless it is the fleet of the republic once again defending Europe from the Turks."

An official caretaker explains: "No, Excellencies, it is Europe defending the Turks from the Christians."

Mormosi and Mocenigo exclaim together: "Back, back, to the tomb—better to be with the dead."

THE BLOCKADE.

Hard to Find a Man in Europe Who Approves of the Action of the Powers.

New York, March 21.—In his special cable despatch from London yesterday to The Times, Mr. Harold Frederic says: To-morrow morning at 8 o'clock the combined European fleet begins its active defence of the Turks against the Christians in the very same waters where four centuries ago the fleet of the Venetian Republic did battle in defence of Christian Europe against the Turk. Roughly speaking, the same period also separates us from the introduction of printing, and upon this coincidence philosophers may base interesting speculation on the rules governing human progress.

It is just as hard to find in Germany or Austria or France, as here in England, an educated or thoughtful man who will not in private conversation confide to you his horror and sick disgust at what Europe is doing. Modern militarism has fastened such tremendous automatic control upon the actions of the Continental nations, however, that what any one class of individuals thinks, or, for that matter what almost all classes think, is of no practical importance. Strangely enough, it is a much simpler matter for a Government to autocratically disregard the sentiments of the people it governs than it has been at any previous period in the history of Christendom. The extension toward universal suffrage in one direction has been more than offset by the advance of universal conscription in the opposite. There are grave politico-social problems wrapped up in this troubled war menace, and if the truth were known it would probably be found that the Emperors are thinking of these, even more than of its racial or international aspects. They dread that when really great war finally comes its finish will have liberated the European mind from the abominable nightmare of conscription.

THE BLOCKADE PUT IN FORCE.

It Will Strike the Christians Hard, While the Mussulmans May Do About as They Please.

Canea, March 21.—According to the proclamation issued by the foreign admirals, the blockade of Crete began at 8 o'clock this morning. It is apparent that the blockade is directed solely against the Christians in the interior, and that the Moslems will suffer little inconvenience from the action of the six great powers. It appears that the object of the blockading squadron is to prevent the landing of supplies of food, clothing, etc., destined for the starving Christians in the interior, while the Mussulmans who have flocked to the coast towns are allowed to land whatever they want.

The few Christians remaining here find it difficult to understand the motives that are prompting the powers to exert their energies to crush the Christian population of the island, while the Moslems are given a free hand to do about as they please. About the only hope of the Christians outside the coast towns is in Greek blockade runners, who will not hesitate to run tarough the cordon of foreign war vessels around the island.

There was an exchange of shots yesterday between insurgents and Moslem volunteers in the vicinity of Suda Bay. The Turkish warship in the bay bombarded the insurgents, but the result is not known. A number of foreign warships were in the bay, but they took no part in the firing.

Prince George for Governor.

Athens, March 21.—It is stated here that the powers are seriously discussing the question of nominating Prince George of Greece for Governor of Crete.

A number of Greek sharpshooters at Pramanda, on the frontier, fired upon some Turkish soldiers who were on their own territory. The Turks were deeply angered, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that their officers prevented a conflict. The Greeks were equally desirous with the Turks for the opening of hostilities, and it was hard to hold them in check. The advices reporting the incident do not state when it occurred.

Serious Trouble.

Constantinople, March 21.—It is officially reported that there has been serious trouble at Tobat, 58 miles northwest of Sivas, in Asia Minor. Beyond stating that fifteen Armenians and three Mussulmans were killed, no details of the affair are given.

While the battle ship Osmaniyeh was passing out of the Golden Horn yesterday, in company with a number of other Turkish war vessels, she collided with the old bridge leading from the Un Kapani quarter of Constantinople to Galatea. There was a large crowd assembled on the bridge to witness the departure of the war ships, and when the Osmaniyeh struck the structure there was a panic, the crowd thinking the bridge would be knocked down. In the rush for solid ground many persons were injured. What damage was sustained by the war ship, if any, is unknown.

Outrage Charged Against Christians.

Belgrade, March 20.—Newspapers here publish a story of an outrage committed by Albanians upon a party of Christians at Tetova. A young Christian couple had just been married, and a party of their friends had gathered to celebrate the event. While the festities were in progress a number of Albanians appeared and demanded that the bridegroom pay a so-called wedding tax. He refused to do this, and his refusal so exasperated the Albanians that they attacked the Christians and killed or wounded twenty of them.

The British steamer Yarniva signalled the German steamer Kaiser Wilhelm, just arrived at New York, "Sixteen, steamer St. Nazaire, French," which was taken to mean that sixteen survivors of the ill-fated French vessel had been rescued.

MIXING OF THE TROOPS

Canadian and Imperial Soldiers to Change Places.

No. 4 Company of the R. R. C. I. to Exchange With a Company of the Berkshire Regiment at Halifax—Good Trade May be Done With Japan—A Sou Man Who Wants a Duty on Pulp Wood and Nickel Matte—Money to be Made by Shipping Paving Blocks to the Old Country—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—By arrangement and with the hearty approval of the Imperial authorities, an important experiment is about to be tried, which may have a far-reaching effect so far as the Canadian permanent force is concerned. On the 1st prox. No. 4 company of the Royal Regiment of Canadian Infantry, and ten men from No. 3 company of St. John's, will be transferred to Halifax, for six months or more, as a company of the Berkshire Regiment, while one company of the Imperial battalion will take possession of the quarters at Fredericton, vacated by No. 4 company of the Canadian force. This exchange will have the practical effect of assimilating the Canadian regiment to the Imperial one. Should the experiment prove successful, and there is no doubt on that score, other companies of the R. R. C. I. from time to time will be attached to whatever British regiment may be stationed at Halifax.

An impression is gaining ground that May 24 will be chosen as Ottawa's jubilee celebration day. The review will certainly be the finest ever held in this district. The local committee are talking of inviting the 48th Highlanders of Toronto, and the Victoria Rifles of Montreal to take part.

The Department of Public Works has awarded a number of contracts, among them the following: Messrs. Boon & Armstrong of Toronto have secured the contract for the harbor works at Collingwood. Mr. Luke Madigan of Mount Forest receives the contract for the harbor works at Goderich. Messrs. Messier & Naylor are the successful contractors for the construction of a wharf at St. Valentine.

Consul-General Nosse of Japan had an interview yesterday with Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce, when trade matters were discussed between the two gentlemen at some length. Mr. Nosse proposes to recommend to his Government to establish consular agencies in Toronto, Montreal and other places, and it is not unlikely that he himself may be transferred from Vancouver to Ottawa. Mr. Nosse believes that it is quite possible to largely develop trade between Japan and Canada. Canada imports about $1,000,000 worth of Japan tea every year. The consul believes there is a great opening for Canadian lumber in Japan. Recently he received orders for 5,000,000 feet of lumber and placed 3,000,000 with the different mills in the Vancouver district. This trade, he thinks, should grow enormously, as the timber limits in Japan are pretty well worked out.

Mr. P. J. Loughran, a leading labor organizer, is here urging the impositino of a duty of $2 a cord on pulp wood. He will visit the principal centres of population to talk up this subject, the town in which he lives, Sault Ste. Marie, being vitally interested in the matter. The American mills are, he holds, bonused to the extent of $100,000 if no export duty is imposed by the Canadian Government. They must draw their supply from Canada, and as long as the spruce is allowed to leave our territory it places the American mills on an equal footing with us as regards cost of manufacture, while on the product there is a duty of 15 per cent. on all Canadian pulp going into the States. The Canadian pulp mills sell almost their entire output to the States, so that it can readily be seen how hard they would be hit. The pulp industry is one that has largely contributed to build up Sault Ste. Marie. If an export duty is imposed it will mean the increasing of the American duty on lumber to about $3.50 per thousand. It would create a revenue of $200,000 a year, however, to the Canadian Government, and a fair way would be for the Dominion to pay a portion of this by way of bonus to our mill owners upon whatever lumber they may export. Mr. Loughran also urges the imposition of an export duty on what is known as crude nickel, or "matte," from the Sudbury mines, to encourage the refining of the product here in Canada.

The High Commissioner has informed the Minister of Trade and Commerce that money may be made shipping hardwood paving blocks from the Dominion to Europe. They are being used very largely by the vestries for paving, and the supply is drawn from the European countries. A form of contract was also supplied for the perusal of the Canadian timber men, and he advises that samples of Canadian woods suitable for paving be sent to London, where they can be shown.

In transmitting his final report to the Government, Mr. John W. Down, commercial agent at Bristol, says the shipment of apples from Canada was quite heavy last month. Some arrived in the very best of shape and sold well. Others, though including consignments from the United States, through faulty packing, were of little commercial value. A Toronto firm has been active in making shipments of

Continued on Page 7.

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St. John, P.Q.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Changes Promulgated by the Department on Saturday.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—The following militia changes were promulgated yesterday:

Royal Canadian Dragoons—The brevet rank of Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain William Forester will date from April 2, 1894.

12th "Newcastle" Field Battery—To be Major, Captain Richard L. Maltby, vice Call, retired.

14th Battalion, "The Princess of Wales' Own Rifles."—Captain Frank L. Cartwright resigns his commission.

16th, "Prince Edward," Battalion—To be Hon. Chaplain, the Rev. Alfred Creegan.

32nd, "Bruce," Battalion—To be Lieutenant, Second Lieutenant George Henry Sherman, vice Marrs, retired.

33rd, "Huron," Battalion," No. 8 Co.—To be Captain, Second Lieutenant Samuel George Kaine, vice Kaine, retired.

34th, "Ontario," Battalion—To be Hon. Chaplain, the Rev. George Alexander Rix, No. 4 Co.—Provisional Second Lieut., E. C. H. Tisdale.

35th Battalion, "Simcoe Foresters," No. 6 Co.—Second Lieut. George S. Wilgress resigns his commission.

47th, "Frontenac," Battalion—Major Charles Nathaniel Spooner is granted the brevet rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

48th Battalion, "Highlanders"—Captain John F. Ramsay resigns his commission. To be Captain, Lieut. James Henry Mitchell, vice Ramsay, retired. To be Lieutenant, Second Lieut. John T. M. Burnside, vice Mitchell, promoted.

77th, "Wentworth," Battalion—To be Quartermaster, with honorary rank of Captain, Provisional Second Lieut. John McRobert, from No. 5 Co., vice Roddick, retired. No. 4 Co.—To be Second Lieutenant, provisionally, George D. Farmer.

Sault Ste. Marie Rifle Company—Provisional Second Lieutenant C. F. Farwell retires. To be Second Lieutenant, provisionally, Clarence Thomas Adams, vice Farewell, retired.

Sudbury Rifle Company—To be Second Lieutenant, provisionally, Robert Hugh Arthur.

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Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
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If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,
and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones,
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not to mention many of lesser grade—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

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THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Horrors of Dyspepsia

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Letter No. 1

"Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very

Weak and Nervous.

About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Still Praising Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

Letter No. 2

"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897

THE PULP INDUSTRY.

IN a lengthy article the Montreal Gazette discusses the Canadian pulp industry and the proposition that an export duty be placed on pulp wood, a request to do which has been made to the Federal Government. The Gazette says that taken by itself there is a strong case made out in behalf of the imposition of an export duty on pulp wood. The pulp industry is not only a large one, but it is growing in Europe as well as America. In Norway it has reached such dimensions that the consumption of the pulp mills has reduced the quantity of timber available for export, and British timber merchants are looking to Canada now for supplies that in former years they obtained from the Scandinavians. Norway is the chief supply centre of Europe for pulp wood, very much as Canada is becoming for North America, with this difference, that in the case of Norway it is generally the pulp that is exported, whereas in the case of Canada circumstances are shaping themselves in a way that threatens to confine the exports to the chief consuming country, the United States, to the wood. The labor and profit of manufacturing, which the Norwegians generally retain, will be largely lost to Canadians, unless by some means the threatened increase of duties by the United States is prevented. There are, in Canada, it may be said, thirty-four pulp-using paper mills, operated in connection with which are nine chemical fibre and eight ground pulp mills. There are two chemical fibre and fifteen ground fibre mills operating for export. The paper made in Canada amounts to about 64,000 tons a year, the chemical fibre to about 27,000 tons and the ground pulp to about 125,000 tons a year. The capital invested in the mills is in the neighborhood of $8,000,000, the annual output is about $6,500,000, and the 3,250 mill employees earn in wages $1,200,000 a year. The industry is a very considerable one, and would, no doubt, be largely increased were it not for the artificial conditions created by United States tariff legislation. With the situation as it exists, continues the Gazette, Canada exported to the United States during the last fiscal year $557,000 worth of pulp and $600,000 worth of pulp wood. That was in face of a duty of 10 per cent ad valorem. The proposed duty under the Dingley bill is specific, and amounts to from $1.66 a ton on ground to $2.33 and $5 a ton on chemical pulp. The difference between the two rates of duty, it is calculated, will prevent the exportation of Canadian pulp to the United States, cause all Canadian paper-making material exported to the United States to be sent in its rawest state, that is as rough wood, and give the greatest amount of employment to United States factories and workmen. The United States, in short, is seeking by tariff legislation to deprive Canada of her natural advantages as the chief source of supply on the continent of wood suitable for pulp and paper making. The natural feeling is one of resentment. The wood is here. The United States mills have, practically, to come here and get it. Many of them have been located on or near the border in view of this fact. There are some 1,600 square miles of wood land in this province leased by United States pulp and paper makers. There are large areas held also in New Brunswick. There could be and should be no ground of complaint at this, if Canadians were given a fair field otherwise. But this they have hardly had under the existing United States tariff, and will be entirely deprived of if the Dingley duties are put in force. Hence the demand for such an export duty on pulp wood, the raw material, as will offset the United States import duty on pulp, the finished product. Though very extensive, the Canadian pulpwood area is not inexhaustible. The present demands of the trade deplete about 9,500 acres a year; those of the United States mills clear out 100,000 acres a year; and there is no replanting. The time is coming when the value of the wood will be greater than it is now, though it has increased by some 25 per cent. within the past few years. Looking at all these facts, and further at the other fact that workmen thrown out of employment in Canada through the operation of the new Dingley duties will be treated almost as criminals if they seek to cross the border to earn wages in the United States pulp mills that use Canadian pulp, it is asked that a duty of $1 a cord be put on all exported pulp wood. There could not well be a stronger case made out, and there would be little hesitation in recommending action upon it, but for the consequences that would have to be faced by those engaged in other branches of the wood trade. A Canadian showed the United States public men how to frame the tariff law, so as, in his opinion, to make it unprofitable for Canada to defend her interests in this matter, and he understood his business. The imposition of an export duty on pulp wood or sawlogs, and the one stands to pulp-making in the same relation as the other does to lumber manufacturing, would be followed by the imposition by the United States of an import duty on Canadian lumber that is intended to be prohibitive. Some of those concerned in the sawmill industry assert that they do not fear the result of such a step, though in this they differ from the general opinion of the trade as expressed a few years ago under somewhat similar circumstances. Both phases of the case are worthy the consideration of the Government, and if it should see its way to reconcile the conflicting interests, and accede to the requests of the home industry, there is little doubt how public opinion would show itself. It is, however, as the recently printed provisions of the United States tariff bill showed, a very awkward and double-sided question that confronts the Ministers.

MR. WHITNEY and the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature are keeping Mr. Hardy and his Government on the defensive, and keeping them very busy too. This augurs well for the fight at the polls. The Premier fears that the people are anxious for a change and he is becoming restive and short tempered under the warm fire from the Opposition.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

OAK HALL,

Three Great Fairs

The dates of three fall exhibitions, three greatest in Canada have been arranged:—Canada's great Victoria-era exposition and industrial fair, Toronto, Aug. 30th to Sept. 11th, 1897. W. J. Hill, secretary. Montreal exposition to annual exhibition, Aug. 19th to 28th, 1897. C. S. Stevenson, secretary. Peterborough central exhibition to be held in town of Peterborough, Sept. 21st to 23rd, 1897. W. J. Greer, secretary.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Bargains in Bedroom Furniture

If bargains in prices would be any inducement to you to invest in a nice bedroom set call and see what is being offered at Clegg's. Fine oak, curly birch and mahogany sets at almost manufacturers' prices. All new goods of the best make and finish. This is a rare opportunity, take advantage of it. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 427 George-st. d45c

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DESOLATED BY FLOOD.

Wealthy Lost Heavily and the Poor Lost All.

Lowland Opposite Memphis, Tenn., Inundated for Forty Miles—Steamers Employed Bringing in Those Driven From Their Homes—The Big Sioux River in Iowa is on the Rampage—Whole Towns Under Water in Nebraska—Michigan and Minnesota Also Suffer From the Freshets.

Memphis, Tenn., March 20.—The sorrow, the desolation, the dismalness of the flood cannot be realized or described. Only those who have experienced the horrors of escaping with their lives can understand the situation. Some have lost their lives.

The wealthy have been heavily damaged, and the poor have lost their all, and to day they shiver for want of sufficient clothing and shelter, and feel strongly the pangs of hunger. They are huddled together in temporary places of safety and are provided with little, if any, food.

The lowlands opposite Memphis are inundated for 40 miles out. The little towns of Ashport and Gold Dust, Tenn., are up to the windows in water and the houses in the low places are up to the eaves. On the opposite side of the river the towns are in equally as bad condition except Osceola. The low islands are also flooded, and many of the inhabitants have lost everything they possessed. From above Ashport to below Plum Point, which is over 100 miles, is a low levee, which has always been amply protected; now it is mostly under water. It is impossible to estimate the loss to property. So far the loss of life reported is placed at fifty.

Marion, a small town on the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf Railroad, is inundated, and the relief steamers go from here daily to gather up the suffering ones. Some are found on rafts floating, with nothing but corn to eat, and some are on their housetops absolutely starving. Skiffs from Memphis are going all through the woods across the river, rescuing people and stock. They tow flatboats, on which the live stock and household effects are loaded. When they reach Memphis there is a company of women who meet the boats and serve them soup and sandwiches and direct them to shelter. Rations were issued to-day to 750 people, besides meals served to 538.

Every boat brings an additional number. Five lines of railway going out of Memphis are stopped on account of washouts. There is very reliable information to the effect that at points below Helena the water has gone over the levee, and the levees being in such a mushy condition from the rains it is not thought possible to protect them much longer from the ever-rising flood.

Iowa is Suffering.

Sioux City, Ia., March 20.—The flood is receding here to-day and at all points above. The Big Sioux is on the warpath and has every town and farm in its valley under water. It rose 20 feet in 36 hours and is still coming up. The Milwaukee road has suffered incalculable damage to its line between here and Harwarden. The Missouri River broke up here last night, but is bringing down quantities of wreckage from its tributaries. There is hardly a bridge left across any stream in this section. In Sioux City are many destitute families who have been driven from their homes by the flood. Farmers in outlying districts, who were forced to abandon their homes are also drifting in. Last night no provision had been made to care for them by the city and considerable suffering resulted. They will be cared for after to-day.

Reports of damage by floods came in to-night from towns all over the territory about Sioux City. The Big and Little Sioux, Vermilion, Jim Rock and Elkhorn Rivers are a few among the more important streams which are causing trouble. Bridges are nearly all gone on many of the railroads, and farm land is under water.

All Have Suffered.

St. Louis, March 20.—The warning sent out by the Government Signal Service yesterday that the Mississippi River and all its tributaries would continue to rise has been fulfilled to the letter. Communication with the flooded section has become difficult, but despatches received from widely separated points show that all have suffered alike. It is estimated that a section of country with an area equal to that of the State of Missouri is now under water and that the worst is not over. Advices from Cairo, Paducah, Memphis and Helena show that the region beginning north of New Madrid, Mo., west to and including the valleys of the St. Francis, the White and the Arkansas Rivers, in Arkansas, east in Kentucky and Tennessee, off the valleys of the Tennessee, the Cache, the Obdon and the Yazoo Rivers, and south to the Red River, are under water. The intervening ranges of hills and high ground are the only places of refuge. The despatches received here tell but one story—lives lost, stock drowned and a country desolated. At Cairo, Ills., to-day the river reached 50.9 feet, and rising slowly, which is but one foot off the high record of 1883. All the country south of there to Memphis is submerged.

Flood at Sheboygan.

Sheboygan, Mich., March 20.—Portions of this city are flooded to a depth of two feet. Five vessels tied up at winter moorings have broken loose. The schooner Moore crashed into the Eighth-street bridge, and then passed outward toward the lake. The other boats followed the Moore, wrecking themselves as well as the docks and other vessels tied at the docks. Great damage has been done. Three vessels are now out in the lake at the mercy of the sea, and two tugs are trying to get out to them.

Fearful Out in Nebraska.

Omaha, March 20.—The general thaw of the past week has started the ice in the Logan and Elkhorn Rivers, and towns along their banks have been threatened with floods, but only two of any importance have been seriously damaged.

Pender, on the Logan River, is to-night partly submerged and Norfolk, the sugar beet factory city of Madison County, is in several feet of water.

While the Missouri River is very high, the danger point has not been reached. At Norfolk thousands of dollars' worth of damage has been done. All the business portion of the city is under from three to six feet of water. The newspaper presses in the city are under four feet of water and publication is suspended.

At Elk Point, S. D., the Missouri River has broken up and risen 10 feet in the last 10 hours. The Sioux River has risen 14 feet in the last thirty-four hours The expanse of water is four miles wide. Many families have been driven from their homes. The Milwaukee track is washed out for about 3000 feet of its track, and its span bridge across the Sioux River is gone. Within 20 hours the Big Sioux has risen to such a height at Flandreau, S. D., that the highest bridges in the county are impassable.

The river is now rising at the rate of an inch every 15 minutes.

Danger at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Ia., March 20.—The Des Moines River rose four feet at this point from last evening to noon today, and is now about stationary.

The sudden rise flooded many houses and people were taken out in boats. The great gorge in the Iowa River at Iowa Falls went out this afternoon. Onawa despatches say the Little Sioux is out of its banks there and in places four miles wide and still rising fast. At Cherokee the situation is worse than ever before. The Little Sioux has flooded all the lower part of the town and hundreds of people are driven from their homes. The town is cut off from communication with the outside world by rail.

In Minnesota Also.

St. Paul, Minn., March 20.—The Great Northwest continues a victim to rising waters and the damage financially is very large. The railroads are the principal sufferers from washed out tracks and bridges. Reports received to-night from points in Minnesota, Wisconsin and South Dakota indicate a further rise in the rivers, due to melted snow, which has been unusually heavy in depth this winter.

No trains have passed between Hokah and La Crosse for 24 hours, due to the Root River floods, and mill property is in great danger along the Redwood and Minnesota Rivers.

VERY BADLY BATTERED.

Steamer Finsbury From Rotterdam Tossed by the Atlantic Waves.

Boston, March 20.—The steamer Finsbury, which arrived at this port to-day from Rotterdam, had a severe experience. She left the latter port Feb. 20 in ballast. On the first day out from port her steering gear gave way, and the vessel had to put into Plymouth for repairs. Leaving Plymouth four days later, she encountered heavy gales and fearful seas. The steering gear broke again, and the vessel wallowed for sixteen hours in the trough of the sea. The ballast tank worked loose and flooded the hold with water, and the pumps were rendered useless by sand, which also filled the engine tunnel and the bilges, and there was eight feet of water in the hold. During this trouble the wind was blowing with hurricane force. On the 12th the steamer got among a large number of icebergs, and her bow plates on both sides were stove. On the 17th the steering gear gave way again, and the feed and circulating pump broke, and the vessel again wallowed in the trough of the sea, rolling in a terrible manner before repairs could be made. She is in a badly battered condition. Several members of the crew were injured.

Free-for-All Fight.

St. Louis, March 20.—The Democratic city convention in Masonic Hall was the scene of a free-for-all fight to-day in which over 200 men participated, and which resulted in two riot calls being sent to Police Headquarters and three wagon loads of police given an opportunity to ply their clubs on the heads of innocent and guilty alike.

Cupid, the Beggar.

How Love goes a begging for a little kindly treatment! How many women turn their backs on the little fellow! They give freely of their time and attention to fashion or social pleasures, but seem to regard happy wifehood and motherhood as a mere secondary consideration.

They take no end of trouble over the fit of a gown or the success of a dinner party, but think they have no time to bestow upon the health and physical soundness which are absolutely necessary to happy wifehood and motherhood.

Any weakness or disease of the delicate special organs of her sex totally unfits a woman to be a wife or mother. It is a woman's primary duty to be strong and healthy in a womanly way. Careful living and judicious treatment will certainly and completely eradicate these delicate complaints.

A complete and practical treatise on this subject with careful professional advice and suggestions for self-treatment are contained in "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by R. V. Pierce, M. D., chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. This 1000-page illustrated book will be sent paper-bound absolutely free *for cost of mailing and customs only*—31 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 50 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce, as above.

Dr. Pierce has given a life-time to the study of women's diseases, and has had as wide a practical experience in this particular field as any living physician. His "Favorite Prescription" is a perfect and scientific remedy for diseases of the feminine organs.

It is the only medicine devised for this particular purpose by an educated and skilled physician. It is a positive and permanent cure as attested by more than ninety thousand grateful women.

Scrofula is a word you don't quite understand, but if you talk with your doctor, he will tell you that it is generally believed to be due to the same cause which gives rise to Consumption. It appears mostly in those who are fat-starved and thin, usually in early life. A course of treatment of Scott's Emulsion with the Hypophosites wherever Scrofula manifests itself, will prevent the development of the disease. Let us send you a book. Free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897

CAN FARMING BE MADE TO PAY?

A PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE THAT PROVES THAT IT CAN.

Average Results Quadrupled by Wise Efforts—Suggestion for Co-operative Effort—How It Would Affect a Whole County.

How can the ordinary farm be made to pay? This is the pertinent question to which Mr. D. M. McPherson, M.P.P. for Glengarry, essays a reply in a letter published in The Farmer's Advocate:

"I shall strive," says Mr. McPherson, "to give you a few details of the results of work done on my farm seven years ago, and last year, and how it is done. The nature and kind of soil is light and sandy on the south end, tending to loam, sand and clay towards the north; had been cropped with grain, hay and pasture from 50 to 60 years. It would, seven years ago, pasture twenty head of milk cows, grow 800 to 1000 bushels of grain and about 40 to 50 tons of hay; the crop value produced would be about $1000, and the cash sales annually would be about $500 to $600. This would be from 125 acres of cleared arable land. The crop products and value in 1896 were as follows: Milk cows pastured, 75; milk produced from May 1st to October 31st, 236,921 pounds; pork produced (200 pigs fed and pastured on six acres), 24,000 pounds; veal calves sold, 60; cured hay (from 39 acres), 115 tons; corn ensilage (26 acres), 750 tons; grain (oats and barley, 13 acres), 650 bushels (straw 18 tons)."

The values produced in this way are tabulated in a business-like statement:

Milk, net at factory	$1506 25
Pork	384 00
Veal calves	150 00
Total from May 1 to Oct. 1	$2040 25
Loss paid for heavy feed	600 00
Total	$2040 25

The total value of the hay, corn, grain and straw was $3386, making the net value of the summer's work $5,426.25. In the winter a good deal of the crop saved was used in supplying food for unproductive cattle and horses. Not all, however, as a net profit was derived from feeding cattle for beef, from hogs and from the sale of milk, of $2300, making a cash profit for the year of $4340. In addition to this Mr. McPherson demonstrates that whereas in the old days he would deprive the farm annually of about $60 by reducing its fertility that much, now by feeding all his crops on the farm and selling only milk, beef and pork, he is able to add, because of heavy foods purchased and fed, a value in fertility of $1386 annually. The farm did not pay a cash dividend the first five years, as all profits and some additional capital went into fertility account to enrich the land, but a gradually increased dividend can now be withdrawn, besides adding to the fertility. The maximum crop value sought to be obtained is $40 an acre, and the cash sales realized from beef, pork and milk $30 an acre.

Extraordinary Results.

The significance of this last statement of Mr. McPherson naturally arises from the fact that he has attained the object toward which he has labored. But its full bearing can only be understood when a comparison is made between the results obtained per acre according to this showing and the averages in his own and other counties. It will be seen that 39 acres produced 115 tons of hay, or 2.95 tons to the acre; the average crop in Glengarry is 1.55 tons to the acre, and for the province 1.38 tons. Of corn for ensilage 26 acres produced 750 tons, or 28.85 tons to the acre, whereas the average for Glengarry is 14.15, and for the province 11.85. The Glengarry average for oats is 31.4 bushels, and for barley 23 bushels. There were 14 acres under these crops. Assuming ten to have been of oats, the average yield for both would have aggregated 406 bushels. Mr. McPherson obtained 650. The net encouragement for having kept the farm in a good state of fertility was therefore a surplus over average crop of 54 tons of hay, 383 tons of corn, and 244 bushels of grain, representing $1692 on 79 acres, to say nothing of the other 46 acres, which produced a net revenue of $2000 in the summer months.

A Suggestion Offered.

Having these results in mind, and mindful, too, that only a few years ago his farm was one of the average class, Mr. McPherson suggests that, either separately or in combination, the Ontario and Dominion Governments institute experiments along the lines that he has adopted for the improvement of his own property.

"Some may be inclined to ask the question, Can these results be made general, and how can it be accomplished? My answer to such a question is that it can be generally practised, but it takes a long time, large capital and high skill. The practical method I strongly advise is for the two Governments—Provincial and Federal—to unite and form a scheme to undertake to operate a few farms throughout a small section of the country, supply the capital and skill, and control the workings of these farms (not own them, only direct the work of the owner). If these prove successful, then undertake to control a number more, and so on, until the whole section (say one county) is built up, and sufficient time and experience would be obtained, not only as to direct results, but as to the ultimate value of the undertaking in regard to the nation's welfare. If such would prove satisfactory in a small section, and sufficient to warrant its extension, then a new and larger scheme could be devised, more perfect in every way, as experience would cause the correcting of error and the upbuilding of sound principles of finance and business execution. The experiment the Canadian farmer wants to-day to be solved is how can he be put in a position to make his farm pay, and increase in value from year to year."

Applied to a County.

Looked upon only as an illustration of the possibility of individual success in farming Mr. McPherson's letter would possess elements of interest to many whose struggles have been unremunerative, says The Globe, but when to this is added the suggestion that the aggregate wealth of the province might be developed and increased by similar means one is prompted to compare the known present conditions in a limited area with what they would be were these enriching methods applied to that area with similar success.

The County of Halton is one whose land is of average fertility, and one which is a good deal below the average of size. Its principal crops in 1896 were fall wheat, oats, hay, peas, corn, potatoes and barley. The total area of assessed land is 224,833 acres, of which 168,423 are cleared.

Of these 111,392 were under crops of various kinds and produced in that year an aggregate yield worth at market prices $1,250,298, or an average of $11.22 an acre. Of the dairying industry in the county there are no adequate results attainable, but the fact that only $3000 worth of cheese was reported as having been made there, and as no returns were made by the four creameries that were in the county, the probability is that the revenue from the 33,921 acres of pasture lands did not exceed on the average the returns from the area under crop. As the cost of seeding, working, harvesting, feeding unproductive stock and transportation of product would be much greater proportionately than where the average yield was $40 an acre, the net return for a farm of 125 acres in this county was more probably below than above the $600 mark. The total assessment of the townships for real and personal property is $7,540,000, say, $50 an acre of land now under crop or pasture. It would, therefore, mean something to the 13,000 inhabitants of these townships, and probably to the 7000 in the towns, if the annual net cash return could be brought up to $30 an acre, or 60 per cent. per annum on the present farm values.

Assuming, then, that either by the intervention of Government or by voluntary co-operation in carrying out the suggested plan of scientific supervision and enrichment of lands, this county had been brought to a par with Mr. McPherson's farm for productiveness, and assuming that Hon. Mr. Fisher's cold storage system had established a market for Canadian produce in the English market, these would be the results. Keeping well within the mark there would be 1200 farms of 125 acres each. These would produce in the summer season 129,230 hundredweight and in the winter 86,155 hundredweight, of butter, reckoning 22 pounds of milk to one of butter. Selling this at 104 shillings the cwt., a low estimate, would return $5,384,625. Pork and veal fed and sold in summer would bring a further return of $1,360,800, after paying for purchased feed, more, it will be observed, than the total present crop value. Winter feeding of beef and pork would yield $1,800,000 more, and, to crown all, $1,680,000 would be added to the productive power of the land.

Advantages of Co-operation.

In addition to the enormous addition to the fertility of the soil the gross output reaches eight and a half millions of dollars a year, or a little better than $7000 a year for each 125-acre farm, whose present total value is from $5000 to $6000. It will be observed that the return for butter exceeds very considerably Mr. McPherson's figures. His are based upon cheese factory returns, which yield him two-thirds of a cent a pound of milk. But it must be plain that if such a county as Halton were organized into dairy farms there would be a further co-operative system involving cream separators at short distances and butter factories near the railway lines. The cost of production would be reduced to the lowest point, and the farmers themselves would share the profits of the enterprise. Such, in a measure, would also be the case with the sale of the products. It would be absurd under such conditions to be at the mercy of competing middlemen. Selling agents would be kept in the English markets to dispose of products. In Denmark and in Ireland this plan has been tried, with the best results. So, too, has the plan of co-operative manufacture and sale of bacon, and the probability is that under favorable circumstances enough could be added to Mr. McPherson's sale prices of pork and beef to allow of the vast totals given in the foregoing estimate being net results without deducting from the sum indicated as the return for butter.

If, either by the guidance of Governments or by the voluntary efforts and co-operation of farmers within such an area, results like this could be obtained by the thousand men as well as by the thousandth man, there would soon be an end of the agitation against educating boys to leave the farm for the city. Property such as this would bring the advantages of city life to the front door of the farm homestead.

EYES IN THE FINGERS

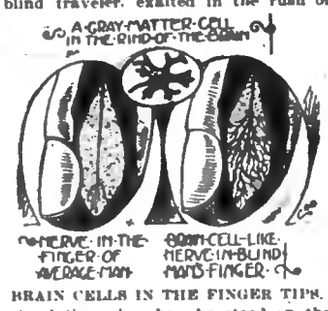
WHAT THE BRAIN CELLS IN THE FINGER TIPS LOOK LIKE.

How the Blind Possess the Acute Sensibility They Do in the Ends of Their Fingers—Some Wonderful Instances That Almost Surpass Belief.

An addition to our knowledge of the anatomy of the blind has just been made by Dr. S. Millington Miller. Everyone knows that the blind man is in a small degree compensated for the want of sight by acute sensibility in the finger tips. The fingers of the blind can never see, but with practice they come near it. They can read raised letters with inconceivable rapidity, and they arrive at exact measurements of form simply by passing their fingers swiftly over the contour of an object. Sanderson, the blind professor, could detect a spurious Roman coin by feeling it over carefully with his fingers. A smart blind man can read character by touching the hand of a stranger. By the combined senses of touch and hearing he can form a shrewd idea of the stranger's age, temper, ability and nature. Chris Buckley once said that he could always tell a man's age by holding his hand and letting him talk for a moment. There have been blind weavers whose touch was so keen that they could weave a rug of colored wools embracing every variety of scroll work, and blind mineralogists who could identify a specimen by the feel.

Whether the blind can tell colors by the touch has always been a disputed question. A very intelligent blind official of a blind asylum once said: "I know the difference of colors because I remember them, but I can't distinguish them by touch, nor do I think that any blind man in the world ever could or did." Blind people in the schools can tell the color of their rods, but they do so by putting their tongues to them, and distinguishing those which have been dipped from those which have not. Indeed, the closest scrutiny has failed to detect any difference of texture between a piece of cloth or paper which has been stained red and another which has been stained green. Locke's story that a blind man told him the feel of scarlet was like the blast of a trumpet is obviously a flight of fancy.

Prescott, the blind historian, once said that a blind man's knowledge of things which were within his grasp, was more thorough than that of a man who could use his eyes; but objects at a distance he not only could not see, but could not conceive, nor could he realize their working. Holman, the blind traveler, exalted in the rush of



BRAIN CELLS IN THE FINGER TIPS.

stimulating air when he stood on the top of Adam's Peak in Ceylon; but as he could not see the foggy depths all round, he could not be made to understand the consequence of a false step. His eye did not see, and therefore his mind did not fear.

Still, the blind man's finger tips are so far superior in sensitiveness to those of the man who sees that the contrast has provoked inquiry among anatomists. Dr. Miller undertook to unravel the mystery with scalpel and microscope. The inner surface of the index and middle fingers of the corpse of a blind man were carefully sliced off, and sections of perhaps a sixteenth of an inch in thickness were placed under a powerful microscope. In these numbers of Pacini's corpuscles were discovered. (For the benefit of the non-medical reader, it may be explained that a Pacini's corpuscle is the infinitesimal body or atom in which a nerve ends.) Starting from these corpuscles, a complex ramification of nervous filaments spread in every direction, like twigs in a thickly-branched tree. In the ordinary finger a single nerve extends to the tip, with a few branches at the extremity, each of which ends in a corpuscle. In the blind man's finger the branches were past counting, and they began to be thrown off from the main nerve long before the main extremity was reached. It was evident that the sense of touch in the blind man's finger was kept in such constant employment that a flow of blood into the finger was induced, and the growth of the nerve system was consequently stimulated. Dr. Miller goes so far as to say that the Pacini corpuscles are the blind man's finger-tip brain, and he implies, under some reservation, that the finger tips are eye and mind to the blind, containing the same gray matter as the brain. This theory would imply that the organs of perception and reasoning are not confined exclusively to the interior of the skull, but may exist in other parts of the body, and that Shakespeare may not have been so absurd, after all, when he said that the liver was the seat of love.

We know a great deal more about the blind than our ancestors did in the last century, and yet we have still much to learn. A popular impression prevails that when the sight is taken away nature offers compensation by strengthening the other bodily and mental powers, so as to make up for the deficiency. This notion is unfounded and probably was conceived in order to mitigate the horror of a hopeless misfortune. There is no reason for supposing that the other senses of the blind—hearing, touch, taste, smell and comparison—are more acute than in people who see. On the contrary, incurable blindness is apt to break down both body and mind, to destroy hope and spirit, and to lower its victim below the normal level of humanity.

Of course there have been single exceptions—Milton, Sanderson, Dandolo, Ziska, Gower, Moyes, Salinas, Huber, James, Stanley, John of Bohemia, Fielding, Arago, Fawcett and others—whose career demonstrates the truth that the loss of sight does not necessarily and in all cases impair the quality of the mind. But the visitor to our modern blind asylums cannot avoid the conclusion that as a rule blindness impairs all the faculties, and that if there is anything in Dr. Miller's theory of a branch brain in the finger tips it ought to be studied with a view to the development of its possibilities.

HE SAW STARS.

1.—Mr. Touch-Down (half-back)—Golf is too tame a game. Give me some sport that has the element of danger in it.

2.—But just then Mr. Bunker Links drove the ball from the tee.—Comic Home Journal.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd.) Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,

Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek

A Situation?

Have You Houses

or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured

All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or

Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing,

To Sell?

You Will Find It Pays

To Advertise To Advertise

In THE REVIEW.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

— ON —

Tuesday & Wednesday

MARCH 23 AND 24.

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

☞ The tore will be open each evening until 9 o'clock.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

BABY... CARRIAGES

Selling very Cheap.

$6.00	Baby	Carriages	for	$2.50
7.50	"	"	"	4.00
8.00	"	"	"	5.00
10.00	"	"	"	6.00
12.00	"	"	"	7.50
15.00	"	"	"	10.00

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,

March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.

380 GEORGE-ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

See the display of Dress Goods this week at Turnbull's. The cream of many manufacturers' stocks is being shown.

If You Intend

getting a piano, organ, sewing machine, violin, banjo, or guitar, let us surprise you in showing how easy they may be obtained on the monthly payment plan. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d66

HERE'S THE NEWEST.

The newest thing is the Kinescope and it can only be bought at Miss Melville's, 424 George-st. Call and see it. d51

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

All the members who are interested in music and wish to join the Glee club, come to-morrow evening when Mrs. Wallis intends to organize.

Fortnightly Club.

The Fortnightly Club meets in the County Council Chamber to-morrow evening at 7.45. The paper will be by Mr. James Coyle Brown on "Chinese Gordon." The public are invited to attend and are requested to note the change in the hour of meeting, as a number of the members of the Club are on the committee which meets to-morrow night to arrange for the celebration of the Queen's diamond jubilee.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's

(Read on.)

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Aragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

Rev. A. H. Ranton, who has been laboring with success in the Euclid avenue church, Toronto, will begin evangelistic services in the George-st. Methodist church to-morrow evening. His subjects for the week will be:—Tuesday evening, "First Things First"; Wednesday evening, "The Unpardonable Sin"; Thursday evening, "How to Get There"; Friday evening, "The Greatest Thing Anywhere." Song service at 7.45 each evening by chorus choir.

The new Roman Catholic Presbytery at Hastings has been completed and is one of the finest Presbyteries in the diocese, and Rev. Father Connelly, through whose labors it was erected, deserves great credit. His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, went down to Hastings on Saturday and examined the house and returned this morning after spending Sunday in the village.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment of these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few. You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d68tf

Opera Companies.

The town of Orillia owns a handsome opera hall in its new market building, but of late the merchants have been arguing that it should be closed up on the ground that it takes money out of Orillia and does not benefit the town in any way. "Touchstone," the well-known Toronto dramatic writer, after noting that the town refuses to accept a rental of $320 per annum, adds: "The consideration that the public might require some amusement does not cut much figure because it is a question whether it is not worldly in one to desire amusement at all. It is the general testimony of actors who visit the northern sections that instead of hundreds and hundreds of dollars they usually have about 50c to take out of Orillia, and sometimes less than that."

Remember Turnbull's Millinery Opening days are to-morrow and Wednesday, the store being open both evenings.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

THE FRESHETS DO DAMAGE

The New George-st. Bridge Damaged—Both of the Eastern Abutments Cave in Along the Creek

The spring freshets are causing damage to property and anxiety to those citizens who reside near the creek.

On Saturday and Sunday the water was high and cellars not flooded were an oddity. The ice coming down choked up the creek in several places and the street inspector and his men were kept busy preventing a serious jam, and succeeded.

The town has suffered considerable loss at the new George-st. bridge at Spaulding's bay, both the abutments facing the Little lake having been taken away by the freshet. On Saturday the north abutment was swept away, portions of it also gradually falling away yesterday. During Saturday night the other end also dropped from its place and now the eastern portion of the bridge is unfit for traffic, the other end still withstands the great rush of water. The cause of the damage to the bridge has been attributed to several things. The opening through which the water has to pass, it is said, is far too small and the great torrents of water in the spring fairly tear away the stone work. However, it is stated that the cause of the present "fall away" was due to the ice becoming chocked up in the passage and the water forced its way under, rushing into the crevices of the stone work and soon caused the abutments to topple over. The use of dynamite on the ice on Sauturday would have likely prevented any accident. It will cost a couple of hundred dollars to replace the abutments, and likely some changes will be necessary to prevent a recurrence next spring.

All the bridges along the creek had to be watched. The bridge across the creek at Paterson's tannery was swept away yesterday. Up the creek Whyte's dam was in danger and men are still working at it forcing the ice through. The torrent at this spot forms a minature falls and occasions a great roar. The Wm. Hamilton works had several of their shops flooded. Wood piles along the creek toppled over and portions of the timber floated down the creek. The bridges in Jackson park are in good condition.

The G.T.R. had a gang of men at work all day yesterday examining the bridges and endeavoring to prevent the tracks being overflowed. Near Lily lake, however, the track is covered and in that vicinity the water is very high. The bridge near the Protestant Home and the one on Bethune-st have the eyes of the employees on them all day, but no damage resulted from the freshet.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, Rectory, London.

Natural Science Association.

Owing to the meeting of Fortnightly Club on the evening of the 23rd, the Natural Science Association will postpone their meeting until the 30th, when Mr. Fife will read an excellent paper on biology.

The Deputation to Ottawa.

The joint committee of the Town Council and Board of Trade to arrange for the Trent Valley canal deputation met on Saturday evening and this morning and will meet again this evening to confer with the railroads in regard to the rates. The Board of Trade may run the excursion. Circulars will be sent out as soon as the rate is fixed to all towns along the route of the canal, urging that deputations be sent to Ottawa on April 6th.

SALE OF THE MARKET TOLLS.

They Bring Thirty Dollars More Than Last Year—Sold to Mr. R. H. Green.

The market tolls were sold by public auction in the Council Chamber at eleven o'clock this morning, and, contrary to the expectation of many, sold for $30 more than last year, the purchaser being Mr. R. H. Green at $1,990. Last year Mr. R. H. Nesbitt purchased the tolls at $1,960.

There was a good crowd present when Auctioneer Stapleton opened proceedings by reading the announcement of the sale. Mayor Yelland, Councillors Robertson, chairman of the Market committee, Denne, Dawson, Meldrum, McWilliams and White were among the interested gentlemen within the Council rail.

There were only two bidders who had deposited the necessary bonds with the town clerk and were entitled to enter the competition. These two were Messrs. R. H. Nesbitt and R. H. Green.

Before the bidding commenced and after the town solicitor had read the conditions under which the sale was to be made, Mr. Nesbit asked if fakirs were to be prohibited from the market. He saw in the newspaper that action of this kind was talked of, and he would like to know before he bid as it made a great difference to the man who got the market.

Mr. Edwards said he had read the conditions of the sale. Any changes would be a matter for subsequent consideration.

Mr. Nesbitt said no changes should be made after the sale.

The Mayor said nothing had been done by the committee to change the by-law. The matter had only been talked of.

Bidding was then proceeded with, Mr. Nesbitt starting it at $1,000. Ten dollar bids were then made by the two bidders until $1,050 was reached. Then Mr Nesbitt jumped it to $1,250. Fifty dollar bids then followed until $1,450 was reached. Then Mr Nesbit dropped to the ten dollar raise, and the bidding ran along with a $10 increase each time until $1,990 was bid by Mr Green, and Mr Nesbitt left the field. Mr Green accordingly got the market.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Personal

Mr. J F. Day, of Port Hope, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. H. H. Bradburn, baby and nurse, have returned to Peterborough after an extended visit with friends in Toronto.

Miss Mabel Kerr, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. F. D. Kerr, for a couple of weeks, returned to her home in Cobourg to-day.

Mr. C. W. Given, representing the Whitney "Rob Roy" Opera Company, which is booked for the opera house here for Monday night next, March 29th, is in town to-day completing arrangements for the appearance of the company here.

No, It is One Result of Mr. Laurier's Policy of "Sunny Smiles"

To the Editor of the Review

SIR,—I was told last night that a new Governor General was coming to Canada, in fact that he had already sailed, Lord Merry del Val or something like that.

I had an idea that our Governors came from England, but this one seems to come from Spain or Rome. Please let me know in the REVIEW whether there is any truth in what has been told me, as to this gentleman being our new Governor.

Yours truly,

ANXIETY.

SUNDAY MORNING FIRES

Two Blazes in Jas McComb's Store—Stock Damaged by Smoke

The fire brigade was summoned to fires twice yesterday morning, both blazes being situated in the same place, Jas McComb's store on Hunter-st., near the post office.

Smoke was first discovered issuing from the grating beneath the show window about 2 o'clock, by Nightwatchman Gordon, who immediately gave the alarm and Mr. McComb was notified as was also Mr. Alex. Gibson, whose store adjoins Mr. McComb's. The brigade on arriving poured a stream into the cellar, where the fire had been located near the furnace in some paper. The store also became densely filled with smoke as it gained an outlet through the cellar way and grates. However the fire was soon smothered and the brigade left satisfied, but they had no sooner retired to their beds when another alarm was sounded at 5 o'clock for the same store and in the cellar again. This time the fire was in a bundle of wool only a short distance from where the other blaze had been. It was not long, however, before this was extinguished.

The smoke will cause considerable damage to Mr McComb's stock. The loss is covered by insurance. Mr. McComb informed a reporter that there had been a fire in the furnace all day Saturday.

The stock is insured for $5,000 and the shop fixtures for $500, the insurance being divided between the Manchester, Phœnix, of Brooklyn, North British and Mercantile, Scottish Union and National, Cox & Davis, agents.

The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto Ltd.

This agency has decided to give special attention to the assignee department of their business. There is a wide field in this direction, and this concern, with its able management and the large capital it has to carry on its business, must certainly achieve success. The company have secured the services here of Mr. R. W. Errett, long an "official assignee," under the Insolvent Act of 1869 and succeeding Acts, whose experience in winding up insolvent estates, will be of great assistance to the company and the parties who may find it necessary to place their estates in the hands of an assignee, the company's large capital being a sufficient guarantee of security to all parties interested. 1d

Brevities

—The market clerk should have the market cleaned at once.

—The street railway will probably resume traffic to-morrow.

—Port Hope, Belleville and other places are experiencing their annual freshets.

—A graphaphone entertainment will be given in St. Andrew's church next Friday evening.

—The Citizens' committee to arrange for the celebration of the Queen's jubilee, will meet to-morrow night.

—The Auburn Power company began supplying the power to the Canadian General Electric works this morning, the big generator and the plant having stood the test of last week satisfactorily.

—The new chief of police in Ashburnham was initiated on Saturday. He was assisting in removing some ice, which had formed in the creek and in doing so lost his balance and down went the policeman for a cold water bath.

—A fine, handsome thoroughbred St. Bernard dog of Ven Archdeacon Casey's is being much admired. It is eight months old and weighs over 120 lbs. Those who have seen the animal envy the Ven Archdeacon's prize.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

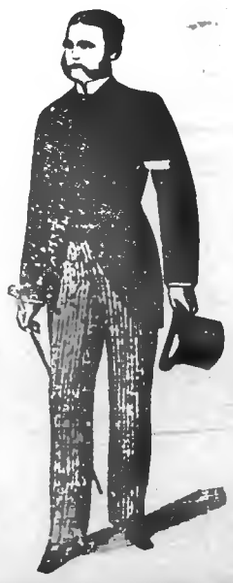
ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

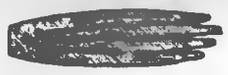
"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.



We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

NEW KID GLOVES!



Passed into stock to-day our new Kid Gloves for Spring. All the new things. We handle Perrin's make. Every pair is guaranteed.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Young People's Society meetings.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

OAK HALL.

Must Have Been Dizzy.

An American paper states that a wheelman hung his bicycle from the cellar ceiling, near a swinging shelf on which food was kept. A mouse jumped from the wall to the tire of the great wheel in an effort to reach the food. The wheel started to revolve, and the mouse naturally ran towards the highest part of it; it was able to stay on top of the tire, but was afraid to risk the jump back to the wall. Next morning it was very much exhausted, though still running. The cyclometer showed that it had travelled over 28 miles.

Have you seen the new American Bicycle Corset. Also the very fine make, said by those who have worn them to be away ahead of ordered goods. Only to be had at Turnbull's.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68tf

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.
416 GEORGE-ST.

OBSERVANCE OF THE SABBATH

Sunday Papers Condemned by Ven Archdeacon Casey—Allusions to Gambling

At St. Peter's cathedral yesterday morning Venerable Archdeacon Casey delivered a strong sermon on the Mass, its effects and the obligations which Roman Catholics were under to hear Mass on Sundays and Holy days and the necessity of relinquishing servile work on Sundays. They should not be satisfied with that but should strive to make the day what it was intended—the Lord's day, in observing the day do the works pleasing to God, especially the works of mercy, spiritual and corporate. They should also spend some of the time in pious readings. Some thought they had fulfilled their obligations when they had heard Mass and they spent the rest of the day in idleness reading novels and what are called Sunday papers, which Archdeacon Casey condemned. These papers, he said, should never be allowed inside of a Christian home. They contained pictures of the greatest criminals, scenes of their crimes and descriptions of the foulest deeds men ever committed. Proceeding, Archdeacon Casey declared the devil always found work for idle hands to do. Certain relaxations on Sunday were permitted. As the workingman toiled six days of the week and needed rest, so the work done for the Lord did not exclude rest, but it must be the Lord's day. The day which should be the Lord's was often employed to offend Him, and the preacher made reference to the different ways idleness lead them to pass time, and he laid particular stress upon young people being led into gambling and the evil effects of it, and wound up by saying that he hoped all would be faithful in the observance of the Lord's day, attending Mass, reading pious works and in meditation, to attain for themselves happiness through this life and eternal happiness.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary disease or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High Class Garments, especially when considered with our spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

QUIET OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Gray to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 351 George St., Established 1857

BAPTIST MISSIONS, HOME AND FOREIGN.

THE SECRETARIES OF THE TWO MISSION BOARDS IN TOWN.

Rev. Mr. McEwen Deals With the Home Mission Work, Giving Facts and Figures of What Has Been and is Being Accomplished—Rev. Mr. McDiarmid Deals With the Foreign Missions.

The claims of the Baptist Home and Foreign Missions were presented in strong light before the members of the two local Baptist churches yesterday by the respective secretaries of the two Mission Boards, Rev. James McEwen and Rev. A. P. McDiarmid. The former was at the Murray-st. church in the morning and at Park-st. in the evening, and the latter was at Park-st. in the morning and Murray-st. in the evening.

The Home Missions.

There was a good congregation present at the morning service at the Murray-st. Baptist church to hear Rev. Mr. McEwen present the claims of the Home Mission work. Rev. Mr. Dykeman, the pastor, conducted the opening exercises and introduced Rev. Mr. McEwen. The latter did not preach a sermon, but in a most effective manner dealt with the work that is being done by the Baptist denomination in Ontario and Quebec. An immense map of Ontario and the western portion of Quebec was stretched across the front of the church. This map showed the Baptist mission stations and chapels and churches throughout Ontario and Quebec, and also included drawings of McMaster University, Woodstock College, and other institutions of the church.

Rev. Mr. McEwen first gave a general statement of the Home Mission work, and then with the assistance of the map went into particulars and details. He said in opening that it was most desirable that they should acquaint themselves with the work that was being done in their own land. They had at the present time 145 missionaries, who were preaching at a little over 300 churches and preaching stations in Ontario and Quebec. He pointed out that this meant a large number of places necessarily dependent on the support they got from the Home Mission funds. It was a large work when they remembered that twelve years ago the mission stations did not number one-third of what they did to-day. He said during the past twelve years because it was twelve years ago last October that the church entered on a more vigorous policy of mission work. For seven years prior to that time the net gain had been practically nil, as the losses about equalled the gains. About twelve years ago, however, the brethren decided to enter on a more vigorous work, and during that twelve years 120 charges and over 100 churches had been organized on the Home Mission field. In answer to those who said that the day of their opportunity was gone, that the stronger denominations had gone in and possessed the land, he quoted the fact that their net gain in membership had been over 14,000 persons. Twelve years ago they numbered 27,000 members, and to-day they numbered 41,000. They should recognize what the Lord had done. He was speaking in no boastful spirit, for he recognized that there was no occasion to magnify themselves on the condition of the world. Had they been more consecrated and Christlike, had their hearts gone out in deeper longing and had their supreme desire been more to exalt the Lord Jesus their Saviour the record of the past would have been different. So he said it was

WITH NO FEELING OF BOASTING

in the presence of God and the world that he admitted that God had not withheld his blessing but had caused rich blessing to fall upon their people. During the past 24 months 2,700 persons had been baptised, and there never was a time when so many doors were open to them as at present. He met the statement sometimes made that churches that once received help from the Home Mission Board remained pauperized, by saying that within the past twelve years 65 churches that were missions or had no existence before were now self-supporting. They desired to attempt larger things in Ontario and Quebec and in the Northwest. The Home Mission churches last year gave $5,000 to give the Gospel to the Telugus and the French Canadians. The total amount, including the McMaster annuity, received was $25,000, and of this the self-supporting churches sent an additional $5,000, all but $20, so that here they had $10,000 given by these missions or churches which were missions a short time ago to give the Gospel to India and to help the Grand Leigne work. Where could they get a better investment than this? They could not increase the work in India or in Quebec unless they increased the size of the base in Ontario. Hence his appeal on behalf of Home Missions. They must first organize churches and then through their gifts give the Gospel to the remotest parts of the earth. The rev. gentleman, with the assistance of the map, went over in detail the work that had been and is being accomplished in Ontario and Quebec, showing how in every instance the new demands on the funds came as the result of workings of God among the people at places where the church had not gone in until specially appealed to. He also told what it was hoped would be done. His manner of presenting the work and its needs was very effective, and he concluded by making an appeal for assistance in the work of giving the Gospel and the ministry to the people in the large stretch of new country where the people could not support a minister themselves, having all they could do to get a livelihood.

The Foreign Missions.

Large audiences attended the services at the Park-st. Baptist church yesterday morning and evening.

At the morning service, Rev A P McDiarmid, secretary of Foreign Missions, occupied the pulpit, and his sermon was earnest and practical, and was founded on the words:—

"That which we have seen and heard declare we unto you, that ye also may have fellowship with us; and truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with His Son, Jesus Christ."—I John, i, 3.

Mr. McDiarmid first dwelt upon the importance of good companionship, John having as his companion, Christ. It was a common saying that a man was known by the company he kept, and by it a person's life was made either better or worse. Companionship was the leveller of character. John claimed high companionship, and it was impossible to live without yielding to its power. The companionship which he enjoyed, that of Jesus Christ, would ennoble, purify and stimulate the life. Mr. McDiarmaid then dealt with companionship with Christ in Christian works; first fellowship with Christ in his thoughts about others; second, fellowship with Christ in his heart experience in relation to Christian work, and, third, their fellowship with Christ in that work. Speaking to the first point, the preacher alluded to the condition of the people when Christ made his appearance in the world. He saw around Him people who placed high value on the things of the world. Christ declared that was all wrong, and showed them the value of a human life. Nothing else, He said, had

A HIGHER VALUE.

Mr. McDiarmid enquired of the congregation whether they still clung to the things of the world, placing high values upon them, rather than being concerned about their souls. Christ placed supreme value upon a human soul wherever found, and in whatever condition. The preacher asked, "Are you making the saving of human souls the great aim of your lives?" If they had Christ's conception the purpose of their lives would be the seeking and saving of the unsaved. A lost man in God's opinion, was a man lost in his guilt and sin, estranged from God without His spirit and regenerating power. If, Mr. McDiarmid said, his hearers believed Christ's meaning, they should earnestly endeavor to bring the tidings of salvation to the lost. "God so loved the world that he gave His only begotten Son that whosoever believed on Him should have everlasting life." Had they entered into companionship with Christ in that thought?

If they possessed fellowship with Christ in His thoughts they would have fellowship with Him in His actions. They must have some heart experience. When they saw the lost, needy and distressed with none to care for them or to tell them of Christ's love was their heart moved towards them? They learned that Christ found His supreme joy in the salvation of the lost ones. That was the fountain of joy from which Christ wanted them, His disciples, to drink. They learned of Christ's deep grief of soul over men and women perishing as he looked upon the people of Jerusalem who were about to reject Him. He thought of them having turned their faces away from God, but not with retaliation. His soul was pained and anguished. Were they indifferent, unconcerned and careless in this matter, asked Mr. McDiarmid, and not in close fellowship with Christ? The speaker said he was often surprised when he found people who expressed no sympathy with missions and did not care for the soul of their fellow men.

In the work there must be blending of their life with Christ's. Christ's spirit was that of toil and service in hard work. Christ's energy was not placed in the things of this world. He was

TOILING AND WORRING

on behalf of others, and that was what brought Him into fellowship with the Father. When they were working for Christ they had fellowship with Him. Salvation was the forgiveness of sins and they might have fellowship with Christ on earth as well as hereafter. In conclusion Mr. McDiarmid alluded to the missionary work. This work of saving souls was right at their hands, probably not out of their own family. It did not stop in Peterborough. They had mission organizations all over the world reaching out where they could not go, but where they could assist. The Baptist Mission in Telugu, India, was instanced, the marvellous results being emphasized. After 23 years labor on the part of the Ontario and Quebec Baptists 27 churches had been established, with 2,750 converts. There were ten ordained Telugu pastors, sixty evangelists, sixty Christian school teachers and twenty-five Bible women. Had they not reason to thank God that they could join in this work?

Rev. Mr. McEwen preached in the evening.

When in at Turnbull's opening this week ask to see the new Chiffon and Velvet Capes and Boleros.

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2,000 yards Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, usual price 40 and 50c. bankrupt price 25c.
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Better Silks at less than wholesale cost.

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75 pair of D. and A. Corsets, regular price $1.00, bankrupt price 75c.
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200 Tweed Waterproofs to be cleared at prices unheard of.
50 Spring Capes, bankrupt stock. Correct styles, Special prices.

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Our new Millinery is all in stock. Miss Johnston and her assistants are busy trimming for our opening on 30th and 31st. Miss Murdock is again in charge of the show room and you can get the best and latest that's going here.

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IN A RAGING TORRENT.

Mr Halford, of Welcome, in the Water Two Hours Before He Was Rescued—All Attempts at Rescue.

A Port Hope despatch says:—Mr. Richard Halford, who works for Mr. H. A. Walker at Welcome, three miles north of Port Hope, had a narrow escape from drowning on Saturday morning at Martyn's Bridge, on the sideline between lots 15 and 16 in the 4th concession of Hope. When Mr Halford reached this point he found the road overflowed and a mad torrent flowing. Underestimating the force of the current he drove on, and in a moment horse, rig and driver were carried down the stream. The horse and rig disappeared, but the driver succeeded in gaining a foothold, where he stood, up to his shoulders in the icy stream shouting for help. Mr. Walter H. Walker left home about two hours after Mr. Halford, and when he got to Martyn's bridge discovered Halford's critical position. He attempted to drive in, but soon found that impracticable. An attempt on horseback was also futile. Mr. John Gist's team was hitched to a heavy waggon with a rack, and a rescue crew, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Walker, John Gist, Frank Anderson, James Graham and James Carney, launched into the stream. They drove as near the perishing man as they dared, but one of the horses went down. The other stood firm, and his mate gained his footing. They could not drive near enough to effect a rescue, but finally contrived to back the rack within the reach of the nearly drowned man. When he at length landed safely upon terra firma, Mr. Halford was unable to stand, but had to be carried to Mr. Anderson's residence, where he was placed in bed and restoratives applied. He must have been in the water for over two hours. No trace of the horse and buggy was found.

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Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 32x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,
Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,
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MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE
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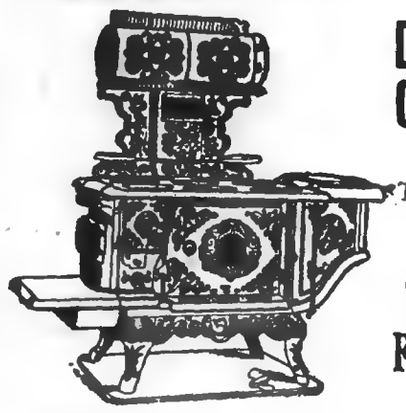

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DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

nait him. Out of this you come in another night dead certain. I've made all preparations, old fellow, and we'll soon be beyond the jurisdiction of Mr. Turk."

"You give me new life—already I seem to sniff the salty air of liberty. Yes, I will go with you, and if we succeed I shall take you to Avis—you remember how often I have talked of her—she shall reward you for your noble devotion to her Aleck."

Jack's heart beats like a trip hammer—the words seem so prophetic that he laughs merrily.

"Aleck, old man, I've got the start of you there. Avis and I are good friends—it is as much for her sake as your own that I am here now."

"Avis—you know her?" surprised and delighted.

"Know her—yes, and love her with all my heart and soul," earnestly.

"Thank God for that—it is what I have longed and dreamed for in the past. Where did you meet her—where is she now?"

"We met in a picture gallery at Madrid—she was at the bull-fight, and saw me get away with a black devil of a toro that had flung the regular matador out of the ring. Some strange adventures followed, and we have become very good friends, indeed—sworn allies in the design of rescuing one Aleck Morton from the hands of the wily Turk."

"She is here?"

"Yes, in Stamboul, ready to lend any assistance in her power, to show her love for you. But no more need be said—I must go now. You will be ready to-morrow night?"

"Ready—the minutes between will be years," breathes the poor prisoner.

"Well, good-by until then, old fellow. Take care how you descend. Have your trunks all packed ready for a sea voyage," a squeeze of the hand, and Doctor Jack turns away with tears in his eyes, for this meeting has affected him in a most extraordinary manner.

CHAPTER XXI.

Time is valuable to Jack, and really there is nothing more to say to his friend. He has already forgotten all about Sady, nor does she come into his calculations; but it would have saved him some future trouble had he figured on her in the game.

He makes a sign to Achmed, who knows the interview is at an end, and once more leads the way along the palace foundations, with the intention of reaching the wall at the point where the friendly hope hangs.

Jack has a dozen things upon his mind, and is endeavouring to solve a certain puzzle, when something happens to arouse him. The Siberian wolf-dogs burst out into so fierce a clamour that one can almost imagine they have slipped the leash, and are running loose. This sound gives Jack a start, and he glances up, to see Achmed trembling just in front, as though he has looked upon a ghost.

"Senor Jack!" comes in a soft voice, as if from the very palace wall.

The American does not restrain the cry that bubbles to his lips—he recognizes that voice, and yet can hardly believe his senses. Those soft tones he listened to in the flower mart of Barcelona, again while the nun from Gerona bent over his wounded form, then at the bull-fight in Madrid, and later when the train stopped at the station, and the seeming peasant boy warned him of the danger beyond Logrono. Yes, it is, indeed, Mercedes, but what in the name of Heaven does the Spanish beauty here—he has fondly believed she still searches Paris for him.

A terrible suspicion flashes into his mind—can the pasha have arrived ahead of time? Almost on the instant he dismisses it—such a thing is impossible—Mercedes was not detained in Paris like the pasha, and there has really been nothing to prevent her following them in some clever disguise.

These things go through his mind with the rapidity of lightning, and a very few seconds serve to convince him that there is no reason to believe all is lost. Of course the mystery of her presence remains as great as ever, but that may speedily be cleared up.

He turns toward the marble wall of the palace, and discovers a small opening—a window of some sort undoubtedly. In this he sees Mercedes—she is not three feet away, and Jack can account for the voice almost breathing in his ear his own name.

"You here, senorita?" he stammers, and is greeted with a low, silvery laugh.

"Senor Jack does not half know my accomplishments, or he would not be so surprised. Vaya! I am here, and every slave in this palace obeys my will. If I uttered a signal a score of janisaries would sweep the garden from end to end and woe to any living thing they found there."

She utters these words slowly, as if to allow them to fell deep into the heart of the man who listens, so that he may comprehend their full significance, and Doctor Jack, for perhaps the first time in his life, has a spasm of fear creep over him.

An awful thought takes possession of his brain—one that for the moment almost paralyzes his tongue and prevents speech. Why is Mercedes here—how comes she to have such omnipotent power in the palace of the Turkish pasha unless she has sold herself to him to become his latest wife, and if this is the case, why has she done this, loving another man all the while?

Jack believes he knows the Spanish character well—revenge comes into the life of most people who live under Southern skies, and she—Mercedes—has sacrificed herself in order to get even with the man she worships, but who can find no love for her in return.

What will she do? She is here as the representative of the pasha, and has his hatred for Doctor Jack to look after as well as her own feelings in the matter.

Shaking off the dreadful clutch of that dumb monster, fear, Jack addresses the other—he must know the worst.

"Mercedes, can it be possible you have sold yourself to that wretched Turk?" he asks.

She gives a sort of hysterical laugh.

"I am his wife—we were married in Paris. I hold an istrument whereby he has sworn to immediately dispose of every slave now in his harem, and never to displace me. It was arranged through Don Carlos, who made sure that the knot was tied in such a manner that no process could defeat it."

"How came you here?" he continues.

"On the same train as yourself, but you did not know it. There are a good many things Doctor Jack does not know—for instance, that I was aware of the visit he made Monsieur le Prefect of Police in Paris, and guessed what his intention might be."

"And you did not warn the pasha?"

"You see I did not. At the time I was already his wife, and little did I care whether he remained in Paris forever. My business was to watch you—I have done it, and, caramba! a pretty chase you gave me."

She is a mystery to him yet—a man he could fathom, but the motives that influence a woman are beyond the ken of any mortal being, not even excepting herself. He fears Mercedes now, for her power seems to threaten the one he loves—Avis Morton.

"You know why I have come here, Mercedes—to save my friend Aleck?" he says.

"Yes—her brother—I remember," with a sneer.

"You have it in your power to assist me."

"Indeed—how?"

"Did you not tell me you were here, that your word was law by the power he gave you, until he himself comes?"

She holds out her hand, and he takes it.

"That ring—notice it, Senor Jack. It is the sign of my captivity, and yet it holds a wondrous power—at sight of it his slaves prostrate themselves before me."

"Then, Mercedes, you have power to open the dungeon doors of Aleck Morton—to set him free before the pasha reaches Stamboul. You will do this—I beg of you, I entreat you, by the memory of the past—"

"Stop! That is the last talisman Senor Jack should call to his aid. The memory of the past would cause me to cry aloud and fill this garden with his slaves seeking the blood of the Christian. You should have said by my hopes for the future. But it is all the same—useless."

"You will not help me?" reproachfully.

"I cannot. On oath he made me swear by everything sacred not to give Aleck Morton his freedom. His hatred for that man and you is something terrible. He would sacrifice everything in the world to gratify it. Indeed, it was through this channel that I made such remarkable terms with him—in a word, he believes his feelings are equalled by my own."

"Meaning that you, too, hate me," sadly, for the future looks dark, indeed, now—Avis seems farther away than ever to him.

"That is not true, Senor Jack. My feelings have undergone no change since first we met in Barcelona," she replies, quietly, and a glimmer of the truth begins to creep into his brain like the first gleam of daylight over a scene of darkness. He has believed this lovely woman possessed extraordinary capacities for good or evil, whichever way she might incline, and now there seems to be a chance that the good angel has dropped a seed in her heart, which, watered with the tears of her disappointment, may develop into a glorious tree, bearing fruit fit for heavenly picking.

"Mercedes, you are a mystery to me. In the name of Heaven, tell me plainly why did you marry Abdallah Pasha?" he exclaims, not willing longer to beat around the bush.

She hesitates a moment, and then her reply electrifies Doctor Jack as human words have never done before:

"To save you, Senor Jack," she goes on, quickly, just as when she acknowledged her love for him, as if afraid lest he might interrupt her. "I knew you would not give up your plans, and I feared that disaster would overtake all, so I resolved to put myself in a position where I could save you at last, or, if all was lost, die with you."

Imagine Jack's feelings—can he ever go to a part of the world where the memory of such a woman's devotion could not reach him? True, in his country women do not say such things, however they may feel, but he does not forget that she is of Spain, and that a little gipsy blood runs in her veins. He will know all—if her resentment goes to Avis she might as wel direct it toward him.

"Of you still regard me as your friend, Mercedes, how about Miss Morton?"

Even in the semi-darkness he knows a spasm crosses the beautiful face as he mentions that name, and in imagination he can see fire flash from her eyes, "the most magnificent black eyes I have ever seen," Avis has said of them.

"Avis—yes, I should despise and hate her because she has stolen what I hoped belonged to me. That is the creed by which I have been raised, Doctor Jack. And yet," with a tremble in the voice, as though a sob chokes her, "I have tried in vain to do so—something comes between me and the thought every time—I believe it is the face of my sainted mother in Heaven. Instead of hating, strange as it may seem, I love Miss Morton—I would save you for her!"

Jack experiences a revulsion of feeling; his fears have flown, and in their place comes the deepest admiration for this noble creature, amounting almost to veneration. The woman who could rise above the weakness of her sex, above social and religious training in a country beset with the sin of retaliation for wrong—for the vendetta is practised in Spain even as in Corsica or our own Kentucky—such a woman is a rara avis, and deserves the deepest homage.

The American adventurer seizes her hand again and presses it hotly to his lips.

"Thank God, Mercedes, for your noble heart. I knew not what a pearl I passed by when I looked beyond you. Never, I vow, did a man know in the same day two such women as Avis and Mercedes. Understand me, I beg of you. For months I carried her picture with me, discovered in Aleck's baggage. I loved her even before I met her, though, being a cynical old bachelor, I would never admit that fact even to myself. I would not have you think I was won from you."

"Let us speak of something else, Senor Jack," she says, quietly, realizing that he is becoming slightly hysterical in his endeavor to explain how he came not to fall desperately in love with her, and Jack finds himself brought up with a round turn.

"Pardon me—yes, it was of Aleck we were talking. You said you had made a solemn vow not to assist him to escape—that does not cause you to throw any obstacle in the way of my rescuing him?"

"No, no. My vow was binding in but one way, and then only until he comes."

Jack has cause later on to comprehend why she emphasizes those last words, but just now he hardly notices them.

"The pasha is on the way. I have received word—he will be here to-morrow night, or the next day. Before a second morning breaks I hope all will be done, and my friend rescued."

"And then you will leave Stamboul never more to return?" with sadness in her voice.

"Yes, indeed. It would not be safe for us here after that. A man like the pasha, bold and unscrupulous as he is powerful, would hesitate at nothing in order to carry out his revenge. We cannot leave Stamboul too soon. Were my plans for departure arranged this very night would see us beyond the Golden Horn."

"You go by water?"

Jack hesitates. He believes there is no need of secrecy between Mercedes and himself now that she has bared her inner soul to his gaze, and he knows the noble impulse that actuates her, but she notices that he does not immediately reply.

"Do not trouble yourself, Senor Jack, about telling me, yet it was not wholly curiosity that impelled me to ask. The pasha has a steam yacht in the harbor, and perhaps—who knows?—this fact might play an important part in the game."

"You mistake me, Mercedes. I only hesitated because my plans are not wholly arranged. I have bought a small English yacht—the same captain and crew remain. Somehow we shall all get on board, and make for the Mediterranean."

"Ah! you would never pass the forts below. A telegraph line connects them with the city, and orders will soon be sent them to search every vessel leaving the Golden Horn."

"I have considered that. They will find no one on board the Thistledown but the captain and crew when they search."

"Ah! I forgot—you are a Yankee, and can hoodwink a Turk every day. Well, Senor Jack, you must have much to do. If fortune should decide that we may not meet again, here's my hand, and success go with you. Buenas noches."

The vision at the little window disappears—Mercedes has gone to battle again in secret with the great sorrow of her life, and Jack gazes only at the blank white walls where the now closed trellis shutter marks the fissure.

He has received a lesson on this night he will not forget. Henceforth

To be Continued

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY MARCH 22, 1897

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Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Wardo, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

Look the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Partly, enrich and vitalize four blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 3 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

MIXING OF THE TROOPS.

Continued from Page 1.

Canadian apples to Bristol, and their goods meet with satisfaction. Mr. Down sees every reason to expect an improvement next year. As regards pears, he thinks Canadian fruit growers could make money by shipping pears, provided they are wrapped. Other Canadian shipments generally, including cattle and horses and dairy products, he reports as quite brisk.

Hon. Mr. Davies, Minister of Marine, addressed a meeting at Aylmer last night in the interests of Mr. Champagne. In the course of his speech Mr. Davies said within two weeks of the opening of Parliament, the Government would bring down the budget and tariff measure, and show, to the surprise of Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster, that a political party could keep its ante-election pledges.

The Ottawa Guards have cabled to England for new uniforms. It is hoped to have them here by the 24th May, but it is feared it will be impossible. They will be here, it is expected, by the 21st of June anyway.

Major-General Gascoigne has appointed Capt. Henry A. Bate of the Governor-General's Foot Guards as honorary aide-de-camp on his personal staff.

Lieut.-Gov. Mackintosh of the Northwest Territories is in the city on Government business.

H. H. Smith, Dominion Lands Commissioner at Winnipeg, is in the city.

Mr. Donald Archibald of Halifax, sheriff of Halifax county, has been appointed a marshal in the Admiralty of the Exchequer Court for the district of Nova Scotia.

Nathaniel Porter of Townsend township, in Norfolk, has been appointed a preventive officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

The deposits in the Postoffice Savings Bank for February amounted to $626,511, and withdrawals to $592,719, leaving a comfortable margin on the proper side of the accounts.

The inland revenue accrued during February amounted to $585,141.

In the Dominion Government Savings Banks the deposits for February were $231,976 and withdrawals $182,-118.

Mr. Gillies, M.P. for Richmond, is in town.

The Montreal Land and Gravel Co. are applying for incorporation with a capital of $46,000. The promoters are Montreal men.

The M. S. Brown Co. are seeking incorporation to carry on a business in watches and jewelry, with the chief place of business in Montreal.

The Quebec Bridge Company will next session ask Parliament to extend the time for commencement of their works by two years and for the completion of the same by six years.

Mr. Laurier left for Montreal this morning.

BRITISH CAPITALISTS

Want a Charter Which Will Give Them Power to Open Up the Yukon Country.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—Among the many projects which will come before the House during the coming session is a proposition from a strong combination of British capitalists to open up the Yukon. There lies, say the promoters of this plan, the greatest area of gold-producing ore in the world. What they want the Government to do is to grant them a charter to administer the country, as the Chartered Company administer the affairs of South Africa. Either that or guarantee the interest upon a million dollars of the capital necessary to open up the country by means of railway and steamship lines which will cover the whole of the Yukon country. The railway is to be through the White Pass. Once this latter distance is covered, said the promoter of the enterprise, the Yukon would be open for navigation from six to seven months, and the route would be available over the ice for the remainder of the year, and the feasibility of the route is vouched for, not only by representatives of private enterprises, but by the Government explorers. The objection has been raised that part of the proposed route would be through American territory, but to this the English capitalists make reply that many of the existing railway systems are similarly situated, and yet no difficulties ensue.

IS THE KAISER MAD?

The Correspondent of a New York Paper Says If He is Not Insane He Has Fits of Aberration.

New York, March 21.—A despatch from London to The World says: The story of Emperor William's alleged insanity is told with startling frankness in a letter to The Daily News. The writer notes that the Emperor of Germany is the sovereign previously referred to as pinching his guests and trying to trip them up with his sword. The letter continues: "The fact is now that there is no doubt that the Emperor, if not specifically insane, is liable to fits of aberration, which, while they last, are indistinguishable from madness.

"His local derangement behind the ear and almost in contact with the brain has hitherto been kept in safe limits by a treatment which provokes a constant discharge. While the discharge lasts the pain is not very great and the inflammation and swelling of the affected parts being relieved there is nothing either intolerable or alarming.

"But, it appears, it has lately become increasingly difficult to maintain the process, and the result is a combination of pain, excitability, depression and restlessness which has brought the Emperor to a condition fearfully alarming.

"No Hohenzollern is allowed to ascend the throne or to keep it if he is afflicted with an incurable disease, and it is obvious no madness can be tolerated in the Emperor. The knowledge of this is said to be disabling the rule of his house, and is doubtless intensely aggravated by the symptoms of disease.

"It is said that should things get but little worse Prince Henry of Prussia, the Emperor's brother, will be proclaimed regent, with an advisory council, on which the constituent sovereigns of the Empire will be represented."

GLEN WILLIAMS FLOODED.

The Little Village Suffers From a Blockade of Ice and Things are Looking Serious.

Georgetown, Ont., March 21.—There is great excitement in the village of Glen Williams to-day on account of that place being completely flooded. The recent rains and mild weather broke up the ice on the River Credit very suddenly. This has made a massive dam just below the village, causing the river to overflow. The main street is a running torrent, and debris of all kinds is floating along the street. Some houses are half filled with water, the inhabitants having vacated them, and depending on the generosity of their friends, who are lucky enough to dwell on more elevated places. Two bridges have been swept away, and if the water keeps on rising as it is at present, things will become serious. A huge block of ice struck a brick house belonging to Mr. A. Cooper, and knocked down one wall and completely demolished the frame kitchen. Other less damages are reported to dwelling houses. The several mills will have to close down as the races providing the water power have been washed away.

PEARL BRYAN'S SLAYERS

Jackson and Walling Suffered the Death Penalty at Newport, Ky., on Saturday.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 20.—The once promising lives of Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, the young dental students, paid the penalty on the gallows for the murder of Pearl Bryan of Green Castle, Ind., and the extinguishing at the same time of the tiny spark of life that had driven her to desperation through fear of open shame. The scene was Fort Thomas. The victim was decapitated to prevent identification, and the head has never been located. The arrests, trials, "confessions" and general progress to the awful sequel of to-day have been largely of the spectacular order, especially the closing hours of the tragedy, this morning in Newport, Ky. Nearly all forenoon Walling's fate seemed swaying in the balance, and the 5000 people, with a plentiful sprinkling of richly uniformed militia acting as guards, waited with interest at the highest tension for the springing of the fatal trap or the announcement of the clemency extended by Gov. Bradley.

Walling went to sleep at 1 o'clock and slumbered brokenly until 6 o'clock. Jackson slept little. From that early hour until the final announcement that both must hang at 11.30, the prisoners sat at the windows of the jail, facing the crowded court house yard with every appearance of unconcern. On the gallows neither was deserted by the "gameness" that has marked their conduct ever since they first posed before the public in the celebrated tragedy. At 11.40 the double trap was sprung and they swung in mid-air for 20 minutes before the horrible work of strangulation was completed.

The hour originally set was 7 o'clock, but almost as the start was made for the gallows Jackson made another "confession," in which he said Walling was not guilty of "wilful murder." Again the Governor was appealed to at Frankfort by wire, Jackson himself telegraphing: "Walling is not guilty of this crime, but I am." Finally Gov. Bradley, after patient investigation of Jackson's tardy attempt to save his comrade, including a long distance telephone consultation with Judge Helm, the trial judge, and the attorneys in the case, sealed anew the doom of both by declaring against further delay.

Jackson is said to have left another written confession, to be published or not as his friends may see fit. The one of Thursday, diabolically trying to shift a part of the crime on an innocent man, both Jackson and Walling acknowledged this morning to be a fake. As there was objection to the receiving of the body of Jackson in the Green Castle Cemetery for burial, it was shipped this evening over the Big Four to his former home at Wininsoc. Walling's body was taken to Hamilton, Ohio, by his family for burial.

She Carried No Passengers.

London, March 20.—A despatch from Brest, France, says that there were no passengers on the Dutch mail steamer Utrecht, which is supposed to have foundered in the vicinity of Ushant. The crew of the steamer numbered thirty-six.

The Utrecht sailed from Rotterdam Feb. 28 for Batavia. A week ago a quantity of wreckage was washed ashore at Ushant, including some doors bearing the name Utrecht. There were also found on the shore photographs of officers of the steamer, which confirms the belief that the vessel had sunk.

TORONTO MARKETS

Flour—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited; ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—Trade is quiet, with offerings moderate. Red winter is quoted at 73c, and white at 74c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard steady at 84c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 82c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 sold at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 18c west, and of mixed at 17c to 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c to 39c, north and west.

Corn—There is a good demand, but offerings are limited. Car lots quoted at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—Trade quiet, with market unchanged at 32½c to 33c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 20.—Spring wheat, 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 3d; corn, 2s 8½d; peas, 4s 8d; pork 47s 6d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light; 27s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat firm; futures firm at 6s 2½d for May, 6s 3⅜d for July and 6s 2½d for September. Maize firm at 2s 8½d for April, 2s 9½d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s for September. Flour 23s.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage rather firmer. Maize on passage rather firm. American wheat parcels 6d higher.

Paris—Close—Wheat dull at 21 f. 75c for April; flour dull at 45f. for April.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 17, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 18	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings County, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to try. The result was marvellous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs asthma and consumption. It is pleasant, quick and certain. 25 cents.

IN

HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

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THE REVIEW

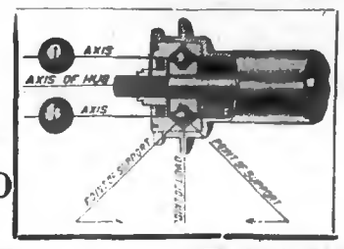
PETERBOROUGH.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



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WINDSOR, ONT.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,122,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	722,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

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DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. B. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clarton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
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A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.

SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

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G. H. ROGER J. W. BENNET.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Mothersall' Terrace.

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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 388 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrdkw

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

Who's Your Hatter?

In buying Hats it is not so important for some people to save money as to get exactly what they want. Here you can do both. We can give you the latest Spring Styles from the most renowned Hat manufacturers of England and America.

We can show you the latest assortment of Stiff and Soft Felt Hats in shapes and shades that more than satisfy.

Selling only at SPOT CASH, we can give you the Lowest Prices compatible with good goods. All we charge you for is HAT, not losses through waste in business methods.

We don't sell as many $3.00 Hats as we do $2.50 and $2.00 Hats. We sell such a good Hat for $2.00 and $2.50 that it really is not necessary to spend $3.00. We sell good Hats for $1.00, good styles, Derby and Fedora.

Our 75c Hats are as good as you think our $1.00 ones are but your "thinker's" wrong.

Remember we also sell Umbrellas, Silk, Alpaca, etc,

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1897.

THE MONEY ORDER PLAN.

Canada's Post Office Department has Made a Re-arrangement of Rates.

Postmaster-General Mulock has re-arranged the tariff of commissions payable on post office money orders. The changes are designed to meet the competition of the express companies, which have been effectively catering to the public as money-sending mediums. For some time past the post office department has been getting all the small orders and the express companies all the larger ones, and with a view of altering this state of things the tariff on small orders is to be increased and that on larger ones decreased.

While this change may on the face of it seem to bear more heavily on the poor man than on the rich, the expediency of alteration from a Government revenue standpoint is easily recognized.

Heretofore the commission on post office orders up to $4 has been 2c; on sums over $5 and up to $10, 6c; over $10 and up to $20, 10c; over $20 and up to 40, 20c; over $40 add up to $60, 30c; over $60 and up to $80, 40c; over $80 and up to $100, 50c.

After April 1st the tariff on post office orders up to $2.50 will be 3c; on orders over $2.50 and up to $5, 4c; over $5 and up to $10, 6c; over $10 and up to $20, 10c; over $20 and up to $30, 12c; over $30 and up to $40, 15c; over $40 and up to $50, 20c; over $50 and up to $60, 24c; over $60 and up to $70, 28c; over $70 and up to $80, 32c; over $80 and up to $90, 36c; over $90 and up to $100, 40c.

The rates on orders payable in the united kingdom and in foreign countries and the British possessions stand as they are.

For the sake of comparison the tariff charges by the express companies are appended as follows: $5 and under, 5c; over $5 and up to $10, 8c; over $10 and up to $20, 10c; over $20 and up to $30, 12c; over $30 and up to $40, 15c; over $40 and up to $50, 20c; over $50, at the same rates.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Honest Boy.

A gentleman from the country placed his boy with a *dry-goods merchant* in —— street. For a time all went well. At length, a lady came to the store to purchase a silk dress, the young man waited upon her. The price demanded was agreed to, and he proceeded to unfold the goods. He discovered, before he finished, a flaw in the silk, and pointing it out to the lady, said, "Madam, I deem it my duty to tell you there is a fracture in the silk."

Of course she did not take it.

The merchant overheard the remark, and immediately wrote to the father of the young man to come and take him home; "for," said he, "he will never make a merchant."

The father who had ever reposed confidence in his son, was much grieved, and hastened to the city to be informed of his deficiencies. "Why will he not make a merchant?"

"Because he has no tact," was the answer "Only a day or two ago he told a lady, voluntarily, who was buying silk of him, that the goods were damaged, and I lost the bargain. Purchasers must look out for themselves. If they cannot discover flaws, it would be foolishness of me to tell them of their existence."

"And is that all the fault!" asked the parent.

"Yes," answered the merchant, "he is very well in other respects."

"Then I love my son better than ever; and I thank you for telling me of the matter; I would not have him another day in *your store for the world!*"

Hair Dyes for Colored Folks.

Nothing so much surprises negroes from the South visiting New York as the elaboration with which colored women in the cities dress their hair. The stage has made people that have not been south familiar with the way negroes dress their hair down there—little twisted and pomated pigtails brought in a bunch over the brow. There is some character about it when properly managed, but city women will have none of it.

There are half a dozen establishments on the west side where colored women get their hair dressed. The largest of them is run by a Hebrew, a blood relation of the late Mother Mandelbaum.

"Colored women," she said yesterday, "use more false hair than do white women. The 'kinkier' the real hair, the straighter will be the switch chosen. These people do not like to spend much money, so we have to manufacture goods especially for them. Switches, psyche knots, buns and curls sell for 15 cents each. If they could be manufactured to sell for less there would be a demand for them.

"A colored woman who has once had her hair bleached or dyed—and many a one has tried it—becomes a slave. She has to apply the dye daily in order to keep up with the new growth of black hair. A colored woman's hair will be simply spoiled by the application. The wool readily takes a red dye."

When a minister comes to a church he's "called,"
But we dare not print nor say
The awfully terrible things he's called
When they want him to go away.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

REPORT FOR THIS DISTRICT.

Game Warden Smith's Report to the Provincial Government.

Mr. H. K. Smith, game warden for this district, has submitted the following report to the Provincial Government:

SIR,—I have the honor of submitting my annual report as Warden of the eastern district, and send herewith tabulated statement showing the number and results of the prosecutions which I have instituted for violations of the game laws during the year 1896. In addition to these I have attended a number of trials on behalf of the deputy wardens, the results of which will appear in their returns.

The amendment to the law requiring deer hunters to take out licenses has met with general approval, but it is conceded that the bona fide settlers in the deer country should be relieved from the payment of the fee of two dollars, or a nominal one substituted therefor.

The prohibition of killing in the water, has not, I regret to say, received the same unqualified approval, and suggestions have been made to me by sportsmen in the different localities with a view to a compromise, which I will have the honor of laying before you at the meeting of the commission. It is, however, a matter of congratulation that the wholesale destruction of deer has been greatly checked by the restrictive measures above mentioned, and I believe the public have now come to the conclusion that the number killed during the years 1894 and 1895 was largely in excess of what it should have been, having in view the perpetuation of the sport of deer hunting in this province.

The law with respect to smaller game seems to be quite satisfactory with but few exceptions, one of which the is allowing of ducks to be pursued in open water; and another in the closing of the season for hares or rabbits on the 15th of December, and I have been repeatedly asked to draw your attention to these, with a view of having recommended to the commission the advisability of compelling duck shooters to erect their blinds, etc., within a reasonable distance from shore and rushbeds, and of extending open season for hares to the 15th, or at least the 1st of February, and, if need be, for this purpose, to so divide the province into districts, that the law could be applied or suspended as the case might be, according to circumstances.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and to-day it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

The Cuba of the Mediterranean.

Crete is the Cuba of the Mediterranean. From time out of mind it has been swept and swept again with war and convulsed by uprisings. This is the Crete of classic lore, whose famous King was Minos, and which contained the fabled labyrinth to confine the Minotaur. There, too, is Mount Ida, in one of whose caves, Zeus, the supreme God of the ancient Greeks, was reared. With their mythologies and histories so intimately entwined, the bonds of kinship that bind Greece and Crete are the most natural conceivable. Whatever may be the requirements of European politics, the union of the island to Greece can be sustained by every argument of tradition, sentiment, kinship, and good order.

But many centuries have passed since Greece and Crete were one. The Romans conquered the island in 68 B.C., and the Saracens in turn obtained control in 823. In 961 it was retaken by the Greeks, but in 1204 the island was sold to the Venetians, then in the heyday of their commercial glory. In 1669 the Ottoman Turks captured it after a siege of twenty-four years, in which 200,000 men perished, and since then the island has been under Turkish and Moslem rule. During the nineteenth century there has been a steady succession of insurrections, and constant appeals to the powers to relieve the Christian population from the galling yoke. There were insurrections in 1841, in 1866, in 1868, in 1877, and in 1890. Every time a union with Greece was desired by the Christian population, and every time Greece held out her hands to receive the distracted island into the mother arms. But the "integrity" of the Ottoman Empire "must be preserved," and Crete was again and again forced back, "pacified," under the hideous rule of the Porte. And almost always the Sultan granted "reforms."—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Good appetite, Restful Sleep Perfect Health and Strength

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The Ideal Tonic Stimulant for

BODY, BRAIN AND NERVES

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Physicians, Composers, Authors, Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyers, Artists and others of both sexes testify to this.

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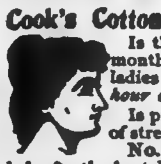

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company,
Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

AUCTION SALE.

BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL Assignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on

MONDAY, the 29th day of March.

1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
TOBACCOS	214.06
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	250.00
Total	$1824.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.

TERMS.—10% down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.

JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer.
STRATTON & HALL Vendor's Solicitors

This Is Kellow,

the Australian rider, who won $2500 in two weeks on a Brantford Red Bird, his success as a rider dating from the day he adopted the staunch and speedy Canadian wheel for his mount. The same easy running qualities that helped Canadian Red Bird Riders win four out of five of the Class B Championships of 1895 and four out of five of the Canadian professional championships of 1896, assisted Kellow in scoring a marvelously brilliant succession of wins on the Australian race tracks.

Write to-day for our handsome '97 Catalogue; a post card brings it.

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GOOLD BICYCLE CO.,

—LTD.—

Brantford, Ont.

Branches—Toronto, Montreal, St John, N.B.; Winnipeg, Sydney, Australia; Capetown, South Africa.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Timber Limits

In the Townships of Cavendish, Anstruther and Harvey, known as

"The Scott Limits"

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Memorandum of Agreement, dated the 15th day of September, 1893, made between The Dickson Company of Peterborough (Limited) and J. W. Howry and Sons, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Oriental Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on

Thursday, the 15th day of April, 1897

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, those valuable Timber Berths or Limits, commonly known as "The Scott Limits," situate in the Townships of Anstruther, Cavendish and Harvey, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, particularly described as follows:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF ANSTRUTHER:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 4 inclusive, and 12 to 17 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 5 inclusive, and 14 to 17 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and 12, 13, 16, 17.
do 5, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, except 13 and 14
do 6, Lots 1 to 13 inclusive and 16.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.

Containing in all 28,300 acres, equal to 44¼ square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF CAVENDISH:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive
do 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive, and Islands Nos. 2, 3, 4.
do 6, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, 18, Island Lot 19. Island No. 1, and Lots 22 to 29 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 16 to 29 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.

Containing 39,900 acres, equal to 62 square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF HARVEY:

Concession 7, Lots 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28.
do 8, Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
do 9, Lots 25, 26, 28.

Containing 4,480 acres, equal to 6¾ square miles, more or less.

Also the following Patented lands in the said Township of HARVEY:

Lot 15, Concession 8 and Lot 15, Concession 9

All the foregoing Timber Berths are under License from the Department of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario and are subject to an annual ground rent of $3.00 per square mile and to the Crown Timber Regulations relating to timber dues, locations etc. They are well timbered, principally with White Pine, besides Cedar, Hemlock and other woods. They are well watered for the driving of logs, the streams which are well improved with dams, slides etc., being tributary to the Mississaga River. The extreme distance from these limits to the town of Peterborough is about 30 miles.

The whole property described will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to the right of the vendors to buy same in.

TERMS.—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Vendors at the time of sale, a further payment of twenty per cent. in one month thereafter and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum secured upon the property in manner appropriate to its peculiar nature.

The other terms and conditions will be such as are usual upon sales under the power contained in a mortgage and will be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendors' Solicitor.

For further information application may be made to

MESSRS. BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto Building, Toronto

MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH & CASSELS, Solicitors, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto and to the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough March 3rd, 1897.

A. P. POUSSETTE,
279 Water Street Peterborough,
Solicitor for the Vendors, the Dickson Company, of Peterborough, (Limited.)

This advertisement is published by leave of His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Peterborough.

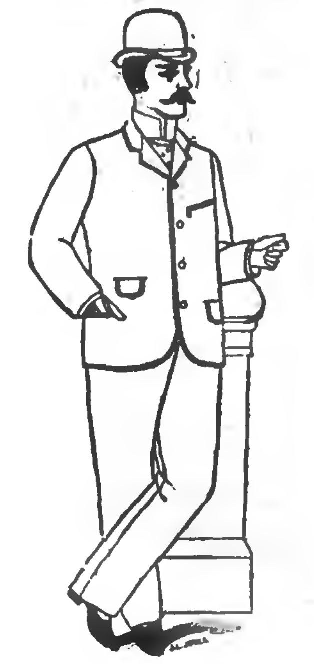
SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

SPRING

ANNOUNCEMENT

—OF—

OAK HALL



Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician,
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 69. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

A NEW MARRIAGE LAW

Which Mr. Davis Proposes in the Local House.

Only British Subjects May Celebrate Marriages—Several New Provisions in the Bill—Expenditure on Public Works Details Wanted—Big Batch of Bills Receive Second Reading—Much Business Quickly Despatched in a Small House.

Toronto, March 23.

Yesterday's session of the Legislature was characterized by the transaction of an unusually large amount of business without anything heated in the line of debate. A large number of bills were read a second time, some a third and others passed the committee stage.

Mr. Miscampbell moved for a return of copies of all correspondence between the Commissioner of Crown Lands, or any official of the department and any person or persons, in reference to the licensing, or cutting of timber under license or trespass, in either the township of Coffin or "Coffin Addition."

Hon. Mr. Gibson had no objection to the motion, but stated that he had not until recently heard of any trespass. The motion carried.

Mr. Little moved for a return showing the expenditure on colonization roads, bridges and other roads in each electoral district of the province for the last 15 years.

Hon. Mr. Gibson stated that the information could not readily be obtained. Colonization roads were not built by electoral districts, no distinction being made in that way.

Mr. Whitney suggested that the total amount of work done, together with the names of the electoral districts concerned, might be given.

Mr. Little will amend the motion in compliance with Hon. Mr. Gibson's wish and present it again. The object as hinted by Mr. Whitney, is to find out how such public works are used to influence election campaigns.

Hon. J. M. Gibson's bill for the removal from Crown lands of persons unlawfully thereon was read a third time; and Mr. O'Keefe's bill to incorporate the St. Luke's General Hospital, Ottawa, passed the committee stage.

The following private bills passed a second reading:

To incorporate the St. Luke's General Hospital—Mr. O'Keefe.

Respecting the debt of the Village of Milverton—Mr. Magwood.

Respecting the City of Windsor—Mr. McKee.

Respecting local improvements in the City of Ottawa and for other purposes—Mr. O'Keefe.

Respecting bylaws Nos. 1458, 1628 and 1797 of the City of Ottawa—Mr. Bronson.

To confirm an agreement between the Hamilton, Grimsby & Beamsville Electric Railway Company and the City of Hamilton—Mr. Middleton.

Respecting the directors of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital—Mr. O'Keefe.

To confer powers on the Village of Port Dalhousie—Mr. Hiscott.

To incorporate the Mineral and Timber Electric Railway Company—Mr. Farwell.

Respecting the Penetanguishene Protestant Separate Schools—Mr. Miscampbell.

Respecting the Township of York—Mr. Burt.

To amend the Assessment Act—Mr. Dickenson.

To amend the Municipal Act—Mr. Hiscott.

To amend the Municipal Act—Mr. Middleton.

The bills introduced included one by Hon. E. J. Davis respecting the solemnization of marriage. It renders it necessary that persons solemnizing marriages shall be British subjects, and provides that only one of the parties is required to make an affidavit before the issuer of marriage licenses as at present. One section allows a license to be issued for the marriage of persons under 14 years of age, to prevent the illegitimacy of children, upon the production of a medical certificate. The supplying of marriage registers is transferred from the county to the local municipality in order that clergymen may be brought into direct relation with the division registrar or recorder of vital statistics.

Mr. Davis—A bill to amend the law respecting registration of vital statistics. By it a marriage solemnized in Ontario may be registered with the Registrar-General at any time before the expiration of 10 years after the marriage. It also provides that a certificate of death can be got from the nearest registrar and for the registration of a death where a body is brought into the province to be buried.

Among the more important bills read a second time was that respecting affidavits and declarations made before notaries public, introduced by Mr. Auld, and making the attachment of a seal unnecessary to validate any affidavit made before such notaries public.

Mr. Flatt's amendment to the General Road Companies Act providing that tollgate keepers shall be bound to accept from travelers a statement of the number of miles they are going, and shall charge so much per mile in accordance with such statement, was also read. One-half mile is to be reckoned as a mile.

Mr. Howland's bill to amend the Act respecting executions provides that church pews may be sold under judgment for arrears of rent, and was read and referred to committee.

NOTES.

Hon. J. M. Gibson stated to an interviewer yesterday that the license bill would not be considered to-day.

Dr. Willoughby was in his seat for the first time since he recovered from an attack of grip.

The monthly report of the Provincial Board of Health gives the number of deaths from contagious diseases as 244. Of these 124 were in cities, 33 in towns and 77 in townships.

Mr. Ross gave notice of motion of a bill respecting certain lands forming part of the property of the University of Toronto.

TO OPEN UP NEW ONTARIO.

Petition of Wholesale Merchants of Toronto to the Provincial Government.

Following is a copy of a petition which was very extensively signed by wholesale firms yesterday, and which has been forwarded to the Premier:

Toronto, March 22, 1897.

To the Hon. A. S. Hardy, Premier:

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned wholesale merchants of the city of Toronto, are desirous of seeing New Ontario opened up at once, by the Ontario and Rainy River Railway, in order that it may be brought into closer touch with Old Ontario.

Unless your Government grants $5000 per mile for 150 miles, the railway will not be immediately constructed, as the Federal Government cannot reasonably be expected to give more than the Government of the province.

The sale of mineral lands contiguous to the road, at an advance of 50 cents per acre, would more than compensate your treasury for the aforementioned bonus.

It appears to us that the crying need of the province at the present time is the building of this road in order that our provincial trade may be preserved and increased.

This projected railway is in our province, is part of it, and the opening up of this part of the country will largely augment the volume of trade throughout the province.

The province owns the land, the timber and the minerals, and from this point of view we feel justified in asking your Government to give $5000 per mile towards this construction.

We believe that the public sentiment of the province will amply sustain you in this act.

And your petitioners will ever pray.

This petition was signed by the following: Perkins, Ince & Co., D. Gunn, Bros. & Co., The Steele Bros. Seed Co., Ltd., N. C. Steele, Pres.; Park, Blackwell & Co., Gowans, Kent & Co., McKellar & Dallas, The Davidson & Hay Co., Ltd., John I. Davidson, Pres.; Wyld, Grassett & Darling, Pugsley, Dingman & Co., J. Nerlich & Co., The Eby-Blain Co., Ltd., H. Blain, Vice-Pres.; John Macdonald & Co., William B. Hamilton, Son & Co., Elliot & Co., Flett, Lowndes & Co., Alexander & Anderson, W. R. Brock & Co., Gillespie, Ansley & Dixon, Warren Bros. & Co., Beardmore & Co.

THE LOST ST. NAZAIRE.

Captain Gager of the Creole Found One of Her Boats With Six Dead Bodies in It.

New York, March 22.—The Cromwell Line steamer Creole, Captain Gager, from New Orleans, arived here this morning, bringing additional news from the ill-fated steamer St. Nazaire. Captain Gager reports that on March 21, in lat. 36.17, long. 74.30, he passed a boat full of water. Shortly afterward he determined to ascertain if possible what it was, and turned about for an investigation. On reaching the boat he found it contained six dead bodies, one of them supposed to be that of a woman. A hook was made fast to the boat's bow, and when she was pulled up the bodies washed out into the sea. They had apparently been held fast by the seats of the boat, as they were crowded under them. It was noted by the Creole's mate that two of the small boat's passengers were colored. In the boat were found a woman's slipper, a child's sock, some clothing, a nursing bottle and several bottles of fresh water, which was found to be in good condition. There was also found a small quantity of bread.

The boat was an old wooden one, and bore the monogram of the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique, No. 2. It was about 40 feet in length, and could carry about 40 passengers.

HEART FAILURE.

Dr. G. C. Clark of Niagara Falls N. Y., Succumbed to It Yesterday.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 22.—(Special.)—Dr. G. C. Clarke of Niagara Falls, N.Y., died at his home, Jefferson-avenue, this morning, after a few days' illness. He was stricken with heart failure a few days ago, and on Saturday night a consultation was held between several local and Buffalo doctors. They gave very little hope of his recovery, and he expired just before noon to-day. Deceased was well known and popular on both sides of the river, and his death is mourned by many.

Beaver, March 22.—The east-bound Union Pacific overland flyer crashed into the rear end of a freight train at Green River, Wyo., shortly before 3 o'clock this morning, seriously injuring three men. Jim Wakeley, George Siler and a number of sports returning from Carson City were on board the passenger train, but all escaped injury.

Where are the Funds?

Chicago, March 22.—President Julius Brieske of the Christopher Columbus Building and Loan Association said last night that David J. Bachnell, treasurer of the concern, had left Chicago and that his accounts were being investigated by a committee of ten stockholders. President Brieske declared the missing official would be called on to explain why, from $40,000 to $60,000 of the association's funds were not in sight.

UNION WITH GREECE

Is the Only Solution Acceptable to the Cretans.

The King Conferred With His First Minister and Russia's Representative—Meeting of the Cabinet Followed—Concert of Powers Not Harmonious—Christians Prevent the Revictualling of Malaxa—Insurgents Will Not Accept Autonomy.

Athens, March 22.—King George today had a long interview with M. Onou, the Russian Minister, after which he summoned Prime Minister Delyannis, to whom he gave a prolonged audience. After his audience of the King M. Delyannis summoned a meeting of the Cabinet. The council is supposed to have discussed the naval preparations which Greece is making in the Gulf of Arta, which are reported to have produced uneasiness in St. Petersburg.

The Government has ordered the enrolment of all robust citizens not otherwise liable to military service to form a militia force to guard the towns in the absence of the troops.

Advices reached here to-day that a cannon exploded in the Turkish camp at Elassona, killing an officer and eight soldiers.

Two Currents of Opinion.

London March 22.—The Daily News will to-morrow print a despatch from Rome, the sender of which claims to have received reliable information that although the powers are anxious to maintain their concert, they are unable to agree upon their future action. There are two currents of opinion flowing, one in Russia and Germany, and another in Great Britain and Italy, and these are diametrically opposed to each other. The despatch adds that the Italian Government has instructed Admiral Canevaro, who is in command of the combined fleets in Cretan waters, to make an inquiry into the bombarding by Turkish warships in Suda Bay, and empowered him in his discretion to compel the Turkish warships to withdraw.

Outlook Not Reassuring.

Canea, March 22.—The outlook in this city and vicinity is not very reassuring. The situation of the Turkish garrison in the fort at Malaxa is very critical. The place is besieged by insurgents and the Turkish troops have not enough provisions to last them more than two days. Attempts have been made to revictual the fort, but the insurgents have rendered the efforts fruitless. If the Christians capture the forts at Malaxa and Keratidy, which it now appears highly probable they will do, Canea will be virtually blockaded landward.

Malaxa is within the limits of the Turkish cordon drawn by the admirals of the foreign fleets, but this fact does not prevent the operations of the insurgents within the line, they refusing to recognize the authority of the admirals to establish a cordon.

A body of Turkish troops who were trying to convey provisions to the fort at Malaxa were held in check throughout the day by the Christian insurgents. The troops finding that they could not reach the fort signalled to the gunboats in Suda Bay, requesting aid. The gunboats opened fire upon the insurgents, but could not drive them from the positions they occupied, which effectually commanded the approaches to the fort. So far as known the fire from the warships did no damage.

The insurgent leaders reiterate their refusal to accept autonomy from the powers, and declare that if the island is not annexed to Greece they desire war.

If it were not for the support afforded the Turks by the powers they would in a short time be driven from the island. It is believed here that success has so intoxicated the leaders of the insurgents that they would not hesitate to assume actual hostilities against the powers.

If they should join forces with the Greek army of occupation and resist the powers it would take a strong force and a large expenditure of money to conquer them.

Excitement in Jerusalem.

Athens, March 22.—The Akropolis reports that there is great excitement among the Greeks and Arabs in Jerusalem. Two thousand Christians in Palestine and Syria are preparing to oppose the Turks in the event of war. A number of Abyssinian pilgrims have also been affected by the war feeling against the Turks, and are joining the Christians.

The Greek warships Alpheos and Peneuns, which were recently recalled from Crete, have arrived at Salamis. The insurgent chief Manouli declares that the insurgents mistook the Austrian warship Sebinico, which lately fired upon and sank a Greek schooner off the Island of Crete, for a Turkish vessel, and, for that reason, fired upon her. He adds that the schooner had landed three cases of ammunition before she was sunk. One Christian was wounded by the fire from the warship.

Neutral Zone Proposed.

Vienna, March 22.—The Neue Freie Presse says that England, with a view of preventing a collision between the Turks and Greeks on the Thessalian and Turkish frontier, will propose to the powers that a temporary neutral zone be established, to extend a mile on either side of the border.

Russo Turkish Agreement.

Copenhagen, March 22.—The Berlingske Tidende asserts that an agreement has been entered into between Russia and Turkey by which the former guarantees the integrity of the Ottoman Empire in consideration of the cession by Turkey to Russia of an island in the Mediterranean and the Peninsula of Mount Athos, on the Aegean Sea.

Salisbury is Himself Again.

London, March 22.—Lord Salisbury, who has been suffering from influenza for the past few days, has almost entirely recovered. There appears to be an epidemic of influenza among the aristocracy, the Earl and Countess of Dudley, Lord Russell of Killowen, Lord Chief Justice of England, and Lord Halsbury, Lord High Chancellor, having been inflicted with the malady within the last week. All of them, however, are now convalescent.

Italian Government Sustained.

Rome, March 22.—As the result of yesterday's elections for members of the Chamber of Deputies, it is now known that 267 Ministerialists, 70 Constitutional Opposition candidates, 17 Radicals and 16 Socialists have been chosen. In 47 districts re-ballots will be necessary.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 83 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d671f

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"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
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"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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ALL THE LATEST
MUSIC Five Cents a Copy
VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.
Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.
IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.
Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

What Do You Lack?
Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand, or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.
The Peterborough Business College,
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BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

WANTED.
BOY TO TAKE CARE OF HORSE AND Cow and make himself generally useful about the house. Apply at 310 London-st. d69tf

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OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d69tf

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 560 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 86eod

A Word To the Wise
IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.
People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,
If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,
and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones,
Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce
not to mention *many* of lesser grade—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

We are showing one or two
New Styles Attractive Prices
We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.
PETERBOROUGH AGENCY
THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.
Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street, Toronto

Probabilities.
Strong winds or gales from easterly shifting to westerly, with occasional rain; followed by clear and higher temperature by night.

R. F.

An Extra Event.
Preparations are on foot at the Golden Lion for an Extra Event next week which will be of unusual interest to the ladies.
On Tuesday, March 23rd,
We will hold a magnificent Advance Exhibition of everything that's Fashionable and Stylish in
New Spring Dress Goods.
New Spring Blouse Silks.
New Spring Mantles and Capes.
New Spring Carpets.
It will be an all-day exhibition for the ladies, and from the most charming conception of the cream of Foreign Textiles and fashionable novelties for the spring of 1897.
Newness, Beauty and Elegance will reign, constituting a
RECEPTION DAY
highly instructive and interesting to the many patrons of this store who wish to become posted on the coming styles.
The goods will be marked off and effectively arranged for easy seeing so that the jury of ladies can decide on their superiority and value.
We can accomodate hundreds of people on the ground floor of this store and in the various departments up stairs without overcrowding, so that no apprehension of discomfort need be entertained
IT'S FAIR'S WAY.
ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

Lindsay & Might:
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
BARGAINS.
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$800 to $950
Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.
Telephone 89. - - - Rents Collected.
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FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
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STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
223 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
Telephones 189 or 215 Day or night.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.

O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CHATHAM, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

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Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
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Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT LICENSEE OF TORONTO)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Up-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

Good Stationery

Is a card of Introduction for the sender.

We have many Styles of Writing Papers, Stocks of Envelopes, and the Skill to Rule, Print and Pad these Materials in the best workman like manner.

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children." MRS. L. KLAUSFELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897

LIBERAL DUPLICITY

It is interesting in Ontario to know the bold double policy which is being practiced by the Liberals in Quebec. Duplicity is not new in Liberal campaign methods, but the boldness of the game worked so successfully in the recent Bonaventure bye-election is worthy of note in order to let the Ontario people know the way it was done. Quebec exchanges give two circulars which Mr. Guite, the Liberal candidate, issued. One was for the Protestant electors, who were about one-third of the electorate of the riding. The other was for his compatriots and co-religionists.

The first circular, the one sent out to the Protestant voters, was headed "Hurrah for Laurier and Independence of Clerical Influence." It eulogised Mr. Guite for his refusal to sign the declaration of Bishop Blais, and further said:—

"All honor to Mr. Guite! In our country independent men like Mr. Guite are rare and we ought to give him our confidence and our votes. If Mr. Guite had been willing to sign the ultimatum of the Bishop of Rimouski, he would have been elected by acclamation. He prefers to fight rather than become a slave and lose his independence All honor to him. By signing that declaration Mr. Guite would have ignored the fact that in Bonaventure more than one-third of the electors are Protestants who cling to the liberty of conscience and wish to put an end to the racial struggles which are ruining the province and the Dominion."

This was good reading for the Protestant electors, but the Liberal candidate had something different for his co-religionists. He therefore sent out a different circular to them from which the following are extracts:

"The Manitoba school question has reached its present phase through the criminal negligence of the Conservative party, which, by a word or a stroke of the pen, could have prevented the Greenway Government from putting into force the law of 1890, which abolished Separate schools, by disallowing the bill in accordance with the power conferred upon the Federal Government by the constitution. The Conservative party has shamefully deceived, insulted and humiliated our revered Episcopate by refusing their just demands for the disallowance of the bill so as to wipe the Greenway school legislation out of existence."

"This same Conservative party cause the death, through disappointment and chagrin, of the venerable bishop of St. Boniface, Mgr. Tache, to whom it had given a promise to re-establish separate schools."

"In its hatred of the French and the Catholics, this same Conservative party, in spite of the opposition of Messrs. Laurier and Blake, incorporated the Orange Order, that sect of fanatics which works for the destruction of our religion."

"The Liberal party, on the other hand, under the Hon. Mr. Mercier, was the first to install as the Deputy Minister of a Department a priest of our religion, Mgr. Labelle, with a salary of $3,000 a year."

"It was the Liberal party which, after years of vain promises on the part of the Conservatives, paid $400,000 to the Jesuits as indemnity for the property of which they had been unjustly robbed by the English Government."

"It was the Hon. Mr. Laurier, who on the floor of the House of Commons and in the presence of the Orangemen of Toronto protested with all his might and the energy of his superb eloquence against the miserable attempts to disallow the Jesuit Estates Act."

"It was again Mr. Laurier who on the floor of Parliament denounced the execution of Riel by the Tory party. In this instance, again, the voice of the Episcopate had asked for executive clemency to spare the life of the Metis leader. Once more the clergy and the Episcopate were treated as pariahs, with scorn and disdain, and Riel was hanged."

"The church has not pronounced against Mr. Laurier. The august voice of the Pope has not made itself heard, and when the illustrious father speaks, he will render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's and unto Mr. Laurier the things that are Mr. Laurier's."

Further comment is unnecessary, but in the face of such duplicity is it to be wondered that the Liberal majority was increased.

LIBERAL TACTICS.

There has been a bye-election in progress in Wright, the constituency adjoining Ottawa and in which Hull is situated. This bye-election ends to-day, which is polling day. Mr. Tarte is Minister of Public Works. He is the gentleman who for a week or two after he secured office was at his office at eight o'clock and made a great exhibition of official zeal. He did more. He sharpened his axe and began dismissing the employees under his control. This he justified by saying that there were two many employed, that men were in the department who had nothing to do. Since that time it has been reported that Mr Tarte was filling up his department with good Liberals. The Wright election campaign has made extra measures necessary, but Mr Tarte has been equal to the occasion, which was to be expected. The Ottawa Citizen has the following paragraph which lets the outside reader see the length to which Mr. Tarte will go to win an election:

"A gentleman having business yesterday in the west block happened to walk into a room in the tower and there stumbled upon a scene that further and still more forcibly illustrates the methods being employed to secure Mr. Champagne's election in Wright county next Tuesday. There were gathered, with nothing better to do than smoke their pipes, about forty persons, mostly electors from across the river, who have been taken on until election day. It appears that the preponderance of Hull 'workmen' upon the roof contract was becoming rather conspicuous and the means was resorted to of herding the supernumeraries in this tower room. Another apartment in the basement, bearing the newly-posted legend 'no admittance,' is believed to be tenanted temporarily by a similar class of 'employees.'"

There is no cause for surprise on the part of those who know Mr. Tarte and his method. On such tactics will the "strongest Government Canada ever saw" depend on winning the election in Wright county to-day.

PARLIAMENT opens on Thursday, and the session promises to be one of the most important in the history of the Canadian House of Commons. Every Canadian should watch the proceedings closely.

According to the report of the United States Commissioner of Labor the strikes in that country from 1881 to 1896, inclusive caused a loss of wages amounting to $51,814,000, while the losses to employers aggregated $30,710,000. The gains to all interests from these troubles amounted simply to 000. It is tables like these, officially declaring actual results, that show why the workingman is gradually coming to regard strikes as the mightiest engines ever devised for the oppression of labor and the wasting of its earnings.

ONE o the provincial officials is Mr. Southworth who had been for sixteen years a newspaper editor, and accordingly learnt so much about forestry as to be appointed clerk of that department under the Mowat-Hardy-Ross combination. Interrogated the other day by Mr. Kidd as to what he did for his salary, Mr. Southworth said he had been investigating existing conditions with a view to finding some scheme for the preservation of timber, not after cutting, of course, because that is a matter of paint, varnish, creosote and what not, but the standing pine forests, how to replace or replenish them after being denuded by the hand of the favored American. The worthy clerk said that white pine would grow on land that had been stripped bare at a rate to keep up the supply. Mr. Kidd denied this, but the clerk asseverated that he had seen it with his own eyes. In answer to farther questioning the Forestry Clerk said he had gained his knowledge by reading, observation and interviewing. The salary, remarks the London Free Press, is modest enough for any competent journalist willing to give up pressework to edit the wild woods

If your child is attacked by croup, a plaster made with "Quickcure" spread with a warm knife blade on canton flannel, linen or cotton, will give more prompt relief, from croup or any inflammation, than camphorated oil, or mustard. In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the chest and neck well.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

THE ALLANS DUMPED.

An English Syndicate to Get the Fast Atlantic Line.

Peterson & Co. of Newcastle-on-Tyne Are to Have the Business, According to Reports — They Promise to Furnish a Twenty-Knot Service, With Boats of the Very Best Fittings and Capacity — Civil Servants Brought to Time — Mr. Balderson Superannuated — General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Although the Ministers are reticent on the point, there is little doubt about the Government having entered into a provisional agreement with Mr. W. Peterson of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, by which an opportunity is given to the firm represented by this gentleman to organize a fast Atlantic steamship service. It is claimed the service will be quite equal to that for which the late Government were prepared to close with the Allans last year. The reason the Allans have been dumped was because Peterson & Co. are prepared to take a less subsidy than was agreed upon with the Canadian firm. The contract can be only a provisional one, as the assent of Parliament is necessary, and no doubt depends also on the exact nature of the arrangements which the British Government may be willing to make. The steamships, it is said, are stipulated to be highest class, capable of steaming at least twenty knots on an ocean voyage and twenty-two on the trial trip. The line will give, with the finest of passenger accommodation, very large cargo capacity for both refrigerated and ordinary freight. The idea of the promoters, who are understood to command both experience and capital, is to make the line equal to anything on the Atlantic.

Andrew A. Allan of the Allan Line was in the city to-day in connection with the above report. Mr. Peterson is not connected with the Allan Company in any way, and there will probably be keen disappointment felt by the Allans.

Mr. J. H. Balderson, secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, one of the brightest officials in the public service, has been superannuated. Mr. Balderson is only 38 years of age. He entered the service in 1884 at the instance of the Auditor-General, who has a marked fondness for Toronto University graduates. Mr. Balderson being an M. A. of the provincial institution and gold medallist in mathematics. No cause is assigned for this action on the Government's part except that possibly Mr. Balderson is non persona grata to somebody.

Current report has it that Mr. Sifton is contemplating further changes in the Interior Department, and that among the officers of that department slated for superannuation are Messrs. John Hall, secretary; L. Pereira, assistant secretary; J. M. Gordon, inspector of agencies, and J. A. Pinard, accountant.

It is stated that the report that E. D. Lafleur, assistant engineer of the Public Works Department, had been dismissed, is not correct. Mr. Tarte has been meeting with some difficulty in administering the affairs of his department for the lack of that sympathy and support which he expected to receive from some of his principal officers, and upon that account it is alleged proposes to make some changes in his staff. In carrying out these contemplated changes he has not dismissed Mr. Lafleur, but has appointed him to make a survey of the St. Lawrence River.

George Goodwin is hot after the contract for section 2 of the Soulanges Canal, although he threw up the contract for this very work last year.

At the Department of Railways and Canals it is said all the canals will be ready for operation as soon as the ice breaks up, and the Welland is likely to be one of the very first opened. Vessels will be passing through from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario by the middle of next month. On Lake Huron and Lake Superior the ice may take longer to break up. There is every indication that the year's business on the lakes will be profitable.

Thomas S. Higginson, Crown timber agent of British Columbia, has resigned. Some time ago a commission was appointed to enquire into the affairs of Mr. Higginson's office, but the commission has not yet reported. Mr. Higginson was appointed in 1884. His salary was $1800.

F. X. Lemieux, M. L. A. for Bonaventure, is in town. He says some of the Catholic clergymen, while in the pulpit, took an active and very violent part against Mr. Guite, but there were some very noticeable exceptions. Rev. Father Thivierge, curate of Bonaventure, who is one of the most prominent clergymen of the county, although a Liberal, never said a word about politics in church, and never tried to influence the members of his flock in favor of either party. Just on account of his being a Liberal, he has been subject to any amount of humiliation, and has been deprived of most of his privileges as a curate. His case will certainly be brought before the delegate of the Pope now on his way to Canada.

The new rule governing departmental hours went into effect to-day. Civil servants had to toe the mark at 9 this morning and held the fort until 6 o'clock.

The writ for Colchester, N. S., has been issued. Nomination takes place on the 12th and election on April 20.

Sir C. H. Tupper has left for Truro to take a hand in the fight.

The judge of the Exchequer Court to day gave judgment, dismissing the motion on behalf of the defendants in the case of the Queen v. Finlayson & Grant, to add Henry Corby of Belleville as the third party in an action.

In the Queen v. St. Louis, Mr. Emard moved for an order for distraction of defendant's solicitors' costs. The motion was opposed by J. T. Ritchie for St. Louis. The order was granted.

DEVLIN AND JURY

Now in Winnipeg and They Had a Consultation With Mr. Greenway—Winnipeg News Notes.

Winnipeg, March 22.—(Special.)—Charles R. Devlin and Alf Jury, the new Dominion Government Immigration Commissioners, who are now on a trip of inspection, to-day had a consultation with Premier Greenway.

Mrs. E. W. Snider, a prominent resident of Portage la Prairie, is dead in California, where she went in search of health. Deceased was a native of Toronto.

J. H. Dobson, Winnipeg agent of the Dominion Express Company, is dying.

The investigation into the charges against the Stony Mountain Penitentiary management has been opened. Col. Irvine, the warden, is charged with partisanship during the last Dominion election.

Crown Timber Agent Stephenson has just completed an investigation into alleged irregularities in connection with the sale of lands in Banff National Park, and will shortly report to the Government.

It was thought when the school settlement had been disposed of the Manitoba Legislature would quickly adjourn, but it may be in session a week longer. The delay is caused by the debate on the changes desired by Winnipeg aldermen in civic government. The aldermen are asking for power to give themselves salaries, and for the formation of a board of control, after the Toronto idea.

Beech and O'Brien, grain operators, of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, are now on trial, charged with conducting gambling operations. The prosecutor is Doctor Bergmann, who alleges he lost ten thousand dollars in speculation with the firm. Scores of witnesses are being examined as to the modus operandi of the firm, and great interest is taken in the case. Five Queen's counsel are engaged on the case.

ALIEN LABOR BILL.

The Clause Relating to Canadian Laborers Was Referred Back by the U. S. Senate Yesterday.

Washington, March 22.—The legislative session of the Senate to-day lasted forty minutes, the arrangement between the United States and Great Britain being taken up behind closed doors. In the short open session nearly 200 bills were introduced and many others were reported back from committees. Included in the latter was the immigration bill, with the provision as to Canadian laborers eliminated, which was under consideration in the last Congress and failed to become a law owing to President Cleveland's veto. The four great appropriation bills—the Agricultural, the Indian, the Sundry Civil and the General Deficiency, which also failed for lack of Mr. Cleveland's signature, and which were re-introduced and passed last week by the House, were referred to the Committee on Appropriations. A resolution was agreed to calling upon the President for the correspondence between this Government and Spain, and between the State Department and Consul-General Lee in regard to the arrest, imprisonment and death of Dr. Ruiz, and inquiring what steps have been taken in the matter. At 5.40 p.m. the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

MAN AND WIFE QUARRELLED.

Bee Rainwater Murdered Four Relatives and Blew His Own Brains Out.

Kansas City, Mo., March 22.—Bee Rainwater, a farmer living at Orrick, Ray County, on Saturday evening murdered his wife, his mother-in-law, Mrs. William Artman, Ethel Gentry, his step-daughter, and John Thurman, a step-brother, and then blew out his own brains. Jealousy and a belief that his mother-in-law was interfering with his domestic affairs is believed to have been the cause of Rainwater's crime. Rainwater and his wife had frequently quarreled, and they had not lived together for four months.

Washington, March 22.—The Senate, in Executive session, agreed to all the committee amendments to the arbitration treaty, but final action on the convention was not had.

When a man falls out of a ten-story window you'd naturally say he is a dead man. Well, perhaps he is and then again, perhaps not. Something may save him. There may be a friendly awning that will let him down easy, so he may be sound and well to-morrow. You never know what may save a man who seems to be as good as dead.

Many a man who seemed to be dying of consumption, and whom the doctors pronounced just as good as dead, has got well and strong and hearty again by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This wonderful medicine has shown the doctors that consumption isn't always a fatal disease. It can be cured if you get at the germs of it in the blood and clear them out thoroughly. That is what this "Discovery" does. It makes new blood,—healthy blood.

The germs of consumption can't exist in healthy blood. They simply let go their hold and are carried out of the system; then the new blood builds up new tissue, new flesh, new power, new life. It carries vitality to the lungs, the bronchial tubes and every other part of the body.

It cures people after cod liver oil has failed, because their digestive organs are too weak to digest fat-foods. The "Discovery" makes the digestion strong.

For thin and pale and emaciated people there is no flesh-builder in the world to compare with it. It doesn't make flabby fat, but hard, healthy flesh. It builds nerve-power and force and endurance. It is never safe to pronounce any one "dying of consumption," or any other wasting disease, until this marvelous "Discovery" has been given a fair trial.

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" will be sent free paper-bound for the cost of customs and mailing *only*, 31 one-cent stamps. Cloth-bound, 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoal

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897

A WARNING

For Young and Old.

Carelessness and Indifference Lead to Death.

Victims of Disease Find Spring a Critical Time.

Avoid All Dangers by Using Paine's Celery Compound.

We sound a note of warning for the benefit of young and old who are in a low condition of health, or who are bearing a heavy load of disease.

Carelessness on your part at this season means death.

The victims of disease should bear in mind that spring is a critical time for them. They must get better or worse. Which will it be?

If, for a short season, Paine's Celery Compound be wisely used, there is a guarantee of renewed health and strength. Every organ of the body will be invigorated and put in active condition, digestion will be easy and natural, and sweet, sound, refreshing sleep will take the place of insomnia, irritation and melancholia.

Paine's Celery Compound is earth's great spring cleansing agency for the blood. It is far, far ahead of all sarsaparillas, nervines and pills, and has done a work of life saving every spring that has attracted the attention of the best medical talent.

Mrs. A. Allen, of Ramsay, Ont., says:

"It gives me great pleasure to testify to the fact that Paine's Celery Compound has caused a remarkable change in my condition. For ten years I suffered from nervousness and neuralgia, and used medicines of all kinds without finding relief. Your Paine's Celery Compound was recommended to me; and after using seven bottles I find myself well and strong, and can rest and sleep with ease and comfort. I believe it to be the best medicine in the world, and I shall always recommend it with pleasure."

KILLING MOOSE.

Indians Selling the Flesh in Northern Towns—The Law in Doubtful.

There are numerous complaints pouring into the Game Warden's department regarding the slaughter of moose by the Indians, says the Toronto Star. It is stated that moose is being peddled about in the northern towns by the Indians on sleds. The law is very much in doubt on this subject, and, according to it, there is a strong probability that the Indians may be permitted to slaughter the animals at any time.

A notice of motion has been placed on the Legislature order paper, which asks for a return of copies of all correspondence between the Chief Game Warden and Alex. Dixon, of Toronto, touching the conduct of Deputy Game Warden Smith. This is in regard to a seizure of furs made last year.

Dr. S. J. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes, "On *several occasions* I have known 'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' to remove *pain* in the *back* within fifteen minutes. It is *especially* valuable where Belladonna or Aconite plasters would not be prescribed."

A LINK IN EVOLUTION.

THE BONES OF THE SLOTH AID IN AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

The Sloth Now Ascertained to Have First Existed in North America and Then to Have Emigrated to South America—A Prehistoric Monster.

One of the greatest mysteries of science, a perplexity that has harassed the minds of the foremost scientists, stands explained by a discovery recently made by Dr. S. L. Wortman, of the department of paleontology, American Museum of Natural History. By it geographers must change theories that have prevailed as unchangeable and alter their reckonings in one instance by 450,000 years. In another domain of science, that which deals with the monster animals of prehistoric times and their life, some interesting conjectures, accepted almost as a fixed

A PREHISTORIC MONSTER.

belief, must be dismissed when confronted by the clear facts set forth with indisputable evidence by Dr. Wortman.

It proves, so Dr. Wortman reasons, that there is an Isthmus of Panama half a million years ago; not the neck of the present day, but a predecessor, which in the lapse of time came and disappeared. Geographers have contended that the thin strip of land which connects North and South America is about fifty thousand years old, and that before that time there flowed a sheet of water, seventy miles wide, between th two continents.

It shows that those huge sluggards, the gigantic sloths, as large as an elephant, came from what are now the southwestern portions of the United States, and not from South America. But all traces of these animals were confined almost exclusively to South America. Now and then a skeleton has been found elsewhere—a few remains in this country and some fragments of sloth teeth at Egerkingen, Prussia.

How those great beasts were bred has been unknown. That lack of knowledge was a serious defect in the chain of evidence proving the doctrine of volution. As geologists resolutely held that during the whole of the Eocene period, which ended several hundred thousand yeas ago, there was absolutely no land connection between North and South America, how could animals emigrate from one continent to the other? Some geologists have entertainde the belief that they originated in North America, which then was tropical, and marched to Alaska, then over the ancient land bridge which connected that country with Asia, then strode into Europe, later visiting Africa and finally marched across a sunken antarctic continent to South America.

The true solution of this profound problem was discovered in the San Junan Basin, in the northwestern part of New Mexico, by Dr. Wortman recently. He gave a brief technical account in a memoir just published, and it has excited much interest among scientists all over the world, upsetting, as it does, many theories, and throwing a strong flashlight upon the origin of things. In another memoir, entitled "The Ganodonta and Their Relationship to the Edentata," soon to be issued by the American Museum of Natural History, Dr. Wortman will describe his find more fully.

In a canyon a thousand feet high in the San Juan Basin, which is part of the Bad Lands of New Mexico, he hit upon skulls and fragmentary remains which in an instant, as it were, revealed the tale f the sloth and armadillo tribe; how they gradually evoluted from smallness to monstrous proportions, and how they emigrated. This discovery clears the long obscured point of the origin and descent of the entire sloth group and brings them back into the closest relationship with other orders of mammals.

Deep down in that canyon he disinterred one skull and a foot, lying in the lowest eocene strata in North America. Now, as this particular layer of sediment, which later turned into stone, was deposited not less than five hundred thousand years ago, Dr. Wortman reckons the original sloth to whom that skull belonged lived that many years in the past. All the region thereabouts was covered by a great lake, which gradually, through the lapse of countless ages, became filled by mud, stone and other matter washed into it. The lowest eocene stratum is a mile and a half below the present surface of th earth.

The skull is not that of the gigantic sloth, but of his most primitive, clearly defined ancestor, whose girth was about that of a bulldog—certainly not larger. Here, then, was the sloth's original home, and here it first flourished. When this moderate sized fellow died its corpse became embedded in th muddy bottom of th lake. Tens of thousands of years after this another sloth passe daway, and its body tumbled into the lake and sank. This one was larger than the other, and, as the lake kept rising all the time, its bones are found hundreds of feet higher up in the canyon. But there came a time when the lake had risen so high that it overflowed and disappeared. The mud that had accumulated in its bottom, gradually turned into sandstone. In this water, through an almost endless procession of years, cut its way, and so formed the canyon in the depths of which Dr. Wortman was enabled to grasp the evidence scientists so long have sought.

Thus the first known ancestor of the sloth has been placed, and indisputably had his origin here and nowhere else. Through the whole of the vast eocene period which ended half a million years ago the sloth flourished and evoluted until it became, as other remains found by Dr. Wortman in higher ecene deposits show, as large as a yearling steer.

Then came a sudden and most startling change. At the close of the eocene period deposits all traces of the sloth in North America disappeared abruptly and reappear in South America. This fact is full of the deepest significance.

It means, says Dr. Wortman, that, notwithstanding the theories of geographers, there was an isthmus between North and South America, half a million years ago. Volcanic disturbances all of a sudden closed the watery gap between the continents, and over this land bridge, the animals from the United States and Mexico made gradually a grand emigration. The sloths went into South America in great hordes. They found things more congenial there, as the climate in this country was changing rapidly from the tropical to the temperate.

This isthmus, Dr. Wortman reasons, was temporary and doubtless existed for a few hundred years. Then, due to volcanic disturbances again, it disappeared and an oceanic stretch intervened until about fifty thousand years ago, when the isthmus of the present uprose from the water.

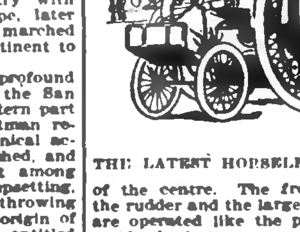
A NOVEL AUTOMOBILE.

An Odd-Looking Contrivance That Is Claimed to Be Practicable.

The motor carriage that has been built on the lines of patents secured by Gotthold Langer, of St. Louis, Mo., is an odd looging contrivance, but it is claimed for it that it is the only practicable automobile vehicle that has yet been invented, inasmuch as it is superior to irregular road conditions and is not limited to its usefulness to boulevards or perfected pavements. There are many novel points in the vehicle, none of which has been heretofore utilized in vehicle construction. It is the only motor carriage designed for pneumatic tires. These will be of special construction, much on the order of fire hose, rendered practically punctureless, probably with a wire gauge covering on the outer surface, and they will be made self-inflating by means of an automatic pump connection with the motor, a principle that has recently been utilized in the construction of an English bicycle. The entrances to the carriage are on either side, through the centre of the main wheels, which are of a maximum diameter of eight feet. The inner wheel or rim, which is a wheel within a wheel, furnishes the bearings for the body of the vehicle i na manner that is apparent in the accompanying illustration.

The motor, which may be of seam, gasoline or electric power, is stored beneath the driver's box and is geared to two drive wheels, which revolve in the inner rim of the large wheels in front of the centre.

The motor is double geared, so that the power can be applied by the driver or motorman to both wheels simultaneously, or to either wheel alternately, or insteering the carriage, the front supporting wheel bing pivoted to the under forepart of the wagon in front



THE LATEST HORSELESS CARRIAGE.

of the centre. The front wheels are the rudder and the large driving wheels are operated like the paddle whels of a sidewheel steamer.

As compared with other patterns of omtor carriages, the size of the main wheels gives greatly increased speed as relative to the amount of driving power required.

The Russian Fatigue Coat.

It is tight-fitting, with high, straight collar, buttons across the shoulder, and from there in a slanting line down to the bottom of the coat, about five inches below the waist. The buttonholes are under a fly, and the buttons, which are of lasting, do not show. Frogs of black braid, beginning with a long one, reach from shoulder to shoulder and gradually grow smaller. The collar has a single line of braid at the extreme top, which joins a loop on the top corners in front, and comes down the edge on each side of the opening, which is directly in front. The sleeves are modern coat sleeves, and have a single line of braid around the edge, which runs up about six inches on the side, forming a pattern to match front braiding. The seam on either side of the back seam is covered with braid which forms a trefoil pattern top and bottom. The bottom of the coat is plain and fits the figure smoothly over the hips. There is neither braid nor stitching on it. In the centre of the back is a double box plait lying flat. The skirt is absolutely plain, but perfect in every respect.

Easter Hats and Bonnets.

An article of special interest and value to women in the March Ladies' Home Journal is a description of "This Easter's New Hats and Bonnets," by Isabel A. Mallon, and illustrated from the most recent Paris models. In a general description of the newest headdress Mrs. Mallon writes: "The fashionable material for this Easter's hats and bonnets are chip, manilla, Leghorn, Neapolitan, Madagascar and English straw,and all the straw braids, especially those imitating satin. Black velvet is largely used for trimming, with moire and satin ribbons, deftly looped. Ostrich tips and long feathers are in vogue, though flowers are given preference over everything. The big Parma violets, as well as the enormous roses and poppies that were so generally used last season, continue to obtain, while camellias, tuberoses, white lilies, lilies of the valley, blue hortensias, ragged robins are counted as quite new."

A Subsitiue for Rubber.

A subsitute for rubber which can be produced in large quantities at less than a quarter of the cost of genuine rubber has been discovered in alifornia. The substitute is the product of a tree which grows abundantly in the central part of the State, and was discovered by accident. The tree is tapped near the base and the sap, which is quite dark colored, is caught in a vessel. After being exposed for a day or two a layer of tough, elastic material, closely resembling rubber, is formed. If this is taken off another layer will form. This substance will vulcanize like rubber and when properly treated is a perfect substitute for the genuine article. It has been tested by several scientifis men, who say it will take the place of rubbed for almost any purpose.

A Drastic Marriage Law.

The rgentine Republic will hereafter be a very unhealthy place of residence for persons who do not believe in marriage. There is a law in that country which contains these provisions: "Every male resident between the ages of 20 and 80 shall pay a tax till he marries and shall pay it every month. Young Celibates of either sex who shall without legitimate motive reject the addresses of him or her who may aspire to his or her hand and who continue unmarried shall pay the sum of 500 piasters for the benefit of the young person, man or woman, who has been so refused."

Not Susceptible.

The Boarder (pausing to rest)—This steak doesn't seem to like me, Mrs. Slimdiet.

The Landlady—How absurd! What do you mean?

The Boarder—Well, I can't make any impression on it, anyway.

Apple Time.

His Father—If you don't devote some time to study, I don't know what kind of a lawyer you expect to be.

The Law Student—There's plenty of time, father. I understand that you never get a case that requires any knowledge of law until about five years after you are admitted.—Puck.

An Ancient Idea

"The use of electricity," said Bilkins, "doesn't seem to be such a modern idea after all."

"How is that?" asked Wilkins.

"Well, you see Noah must have used the ark light."—Deroit Free Press.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

ARE

HOME REMEDIES.

With Them in the House there is no doctor to Hunt or Wait for When

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS

Munyon's Guide to Health will tell you what to use, how to

SAVE DOLLARS IN DOCTOR'S BILLS

Sickness Often Comes Suddenly and Every Mother Should be Prepared by Having

MUNYON'S MEDICINE CHEST,

Where She Can Get it Quickly in Case of Emergency—It Contains a

SEPARATE SPECIFIC FOR EACH DISEASE.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure -price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO, TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLAND shop 169 Charlotte-st.

"THE ENEMY IN CAMP"

is the "substitution fraud" styled "Just as good. Just as good as

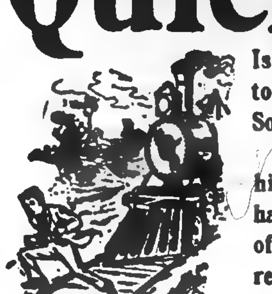
"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Doesn't Exist, and never did.

Sold in lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

Quickcure



Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Do You Seek

A Situation?

Have You Houses

or Land for Sale?

Have You Secured

All the Help You Want?

Have You Horses or

Have You a Really

High Class Stock of

Dry Goods or Clothing.

To Sell?

You Will Find It Pays

To Advertise To Advertise

In THE REVIEW.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

— ON —

Tuesday & Wednesday

MARCH 23 AND 24.

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

☞ The store will be open each evening until 9 o'clock.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing

(Read on.)

Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.

390 GEORGE-ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Y W C A Notes

Remember to come this evening and join the glee club.

That tired feeling is due to impoverished blood. Enrich the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be strong and vigorous.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

If You Intend

getting a piano, organ, sewing machine, violin, banjo, or guitar, let us surprise you in showing how easy they may be obtained on the monthly payment plan. Old stand. Peterborough Music Co. d66

Did Not Want to go to Gaol.

John Smith, of Lakefield, came into Police Court this morning on a pair of crutches. He wanted the Magistrate to send him to the hospital, but Mr. Dumble told him he had not the power, but said he could commit him to the gaol, where he could secure proper treatment and rest. He did not like this proposal, however, and told Mr. Dumble he would go to some friends in Cavan and this was agreed upon. Mr Smith stated he resided in Peterborough forty years ago, being employed as a carpenter. He met with the injuries from which he was now suffering by falling from a ladder.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

QUEEN'S DIAMOND JUBILEE.

The Citizens Committee to Meet To-night and Organize.

The citizens committee appointed at the public meeting a week ago to arrange for the celebration of the Queen's diamond jubilee, will meet this evening in the Town Council Chamber. The members of the committee are as follows:

His Worship the Mayor and members of the Town Council, Peter Hamilton, Dr Burnham, Dr Halliday, D W Dumble, E B Edwards, W H Moore, Lieut-Col H C Rogers, Lieut-Col Bell, Adjutant Mason, C W Sawers, T E Bradburn, H C Winch, Geo Stevens, John Carnegie, J J Lundy, H LeBrun, Dr McGrath, E Brown, W B Bamford, A J Gough, Fred Mitchell, Fred Foote, H Long, F H Dobbin, John Crane, W H Isaacs, W Menzies, A MacFarlane, J J Hartley, W H Law, Wm Hamilton, jr, T A S Hay, Hampden Burnham, R M Denniston, F J Jamieson, P Campbell, A McNeil, B Shortly, Thos Cahill, A P Peasette, Thos Kelly, Rev H Symonds, John Burnham, G M Roger, Capt J W Miller, M H Quinlan, Wm Taylor, Joseph Metheral, D S Harvey, E H D Hall, L M Hayes.

It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Coming.

Dr. Ryerson, of Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel on Saturday, March 27th, for consultation in eye, ear and throat diseases. Hours, 12 to 4 p. m. 3d69-1w

A Funy and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment of these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few. You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d68tf

Fortnightly Club.

The Fortnightly Club will meet this evening in the County Council chamber, when Mr. James Coyle Brown will read a paper on "Chinese Gordon." The meeting will commence at 7.45 o'clock in order to allow those who are members of the citizen's committee to prepare for the celebration of the Queen's jubilee to attend an organization meeting. The public are invited.

FOR THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Specimens of Minerals and a Number of Curios Received by Mr J B McWilliams From Mr J E Aunger, of Blairton

A big box full of curiosities and mineral specimens came to Mr. J B. McWilliams this morning from Mr. J. L. Aunger, ex-deputy reeve of Belmont. They will be presented by Mr. McWilliams to the Historical Society and placed in the Inverlea museum. Mr. McWilliams and Mr. J. M. Irwin have decided to supply a room with an extensive collection of minerals, and Mr. Aunger's collection will be amongst them. There were ninety-six specimens, nearly all of them being Canadian and a good many from Peterborough county. Mr. Aunger also sent several curios, a piece of the car in which P. P. Bliss, the famous singer was killed in a railroad accident at Asthabula, Ohio, where four hundred people lost their lives; piece of bayonet used in the battle of Waterloo, and recently in the possession of a family in Belmont; pieces of brass off the hand rail of the old "Pioneer" engine; the sign board of the same engine, bearing the words "Pioneer;" old Indian tools; the star bit of the old Burleigh steam drill at Blairton, and a rare globular shaped iron pyrides, from Belmont. Not long ago Mr. Aunger presented Mr. McWilliams with the headlight of the "Pioneer," the first engine used in Canada.

The Historical Society owe to Mr. McWilliams and Mr. Aunger, who was one of the pioneer residents of Belmont, a debt of gratitude, as they have furnished the Society with some excellent historical treasures.

A Foot as "Black as Your Hat."

"One of my children sprained her ankle, which became much swollen and discolored. Some 'Quickcure' was spread on linen, and applied; the pain ceased at once, the swelling was gone the next day, and on the fourth day she walked to school as usual."

Signed, HENRY IRVERS, L.D.S., Quebec.

Personal.

Miss Montgomery has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Roberts, Welcome.

Mr. Hershaw, of Napanee, is in town, adjusting the claims on the McComb stock.

Mr. F. D. Kerr has been unable to be around for a couple of days owing to illness.

Mrs. G. E. Whiten leaves to-morrow to spend a couple of weeks with her friends in Orillia.

Mr. John O'Donnel has gone to Lakefield, where he will be engaged for a few days on business.

Miss Lucelle McClelland, daughter of Mr. John McClelland, left to-day to enter as a nurse in a hospital in New York.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, Rectory, London.

Excursion to Ottawa

Under the auspices of the Peterborough Board of Trade, on Monday, April 5th, 1897. A good opportunity to see the Parliament in session and view the beautiful Parliament buildings and grounds and the other sights of the Capital. Tickets only $3. Good to go on special train at 2 p. m. or regular train at 11.35 p. m., on Monday, the 5th, and to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets only $3 from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood or Havelock, and $2.50 from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed. 4d 69

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

DEALT WITH LENIENTLY.

Goodwin, Who Acknowledged the Theft of Over $300 Worth of Jewellery, Sentenced to Six Months in the Central Prison.

Richard Goodwin, the young Englishman, who pleaded guilty a week ago to stealing a large quantity of jewellery from Mr. Henderson, hotelkeeper at Warren, Nipissing district, was sentenced to a term of six months in the Central Prison by Police Magistrate Dumble this morning.

The prisoner, on being asked if he had anything to say why the sentence of the court should not be passed upon him, stated that he was sorry he had committed the theft, and acknowledged it would serve as a lesson to him. However, if the Magistrate understood the circumstances which prompted him to rob the hotelkeeper the prisoner said he might be lenient.

Mr. F. W. Gladman, of Kerr, Gladman & Kerr, appealed strongly for clemency on the part of the Magistrate and related the circumstances of Goodwin's removal from Ingersoll to Warren, where he said his cousin, Mr. Henderson, had promised him work, but did not secure it for him, though he employed Goodwin and his wife in the hotel. At the time he took the jewellery he had been unable to secure any payment of wages from his employer, and Mr. Gladman asserted the act was done in a spirit of spite more than anything else. The prisoner had always borne an honorable character.

The Magistrate in sentencing the prisoner stated that he was acting in the capacity of a magistrate, and could not allow any personal feelings to be gratified. The prisoner had committed an offence, the gravity of which he was no doubt well aware. The law did not look upon the case as the prisoner's counsel had pointed out, stealing in order to secure a debt. The court was the proper place to have an order issued for the collection of a debt. Mr. Dumble then sentenced Godwin to six months in the Central.

The young wife, who had been sitting alongside the prisoner's dock, was almost distracted and wept piteously, but her sister, who was present, felt the sentence was a light one, and the two, with the prisoner's bright little child, proceeded down stairs and talked with Goodwin until he was removed to the gaol.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs dostoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Lacrosse Meeting

The Peterborough Junior Lacrosse Club will meet for organization this evening at 8 o'clock in the Oriental parlor. This team had a prosperous season last year and should strive to make it better this summer, if possible, but in order to do this they should put the right men at the head of the club, which can be done if the meeting is properly attended to-night.

Assault Case at Havelock.

County Police Magistrate Edmison held a session of County Police Court at Havelock yesterday, when A Peterson appeared before him on the charge of assaulting an old man named Switzer. He plead "not guilty," but was found guilty of the offence and fined $5 and costs, $14 in all. Switzer it appears was cutting wood on what he claimed was a road in Belmont, Peterson discovering him at work ordered him to leave, but the old man argued Peterson did not possess the power to eject him. Peterson then administered a whipping to his alleged trespasser.

ACQUIRING WATER POWER.

West Peterborough's Member Introduced a Bill in the Provincial Legislature.

Mr. J. R. Stratton has introduced the following bill as an amendment to the Municipal Act in the Ontario Legislature:

1. The Consolidated Municipal Act, 1892, is amended by adding thereto the following sections:

496a. It shall be lawful for the corporation of any city, town or village to acquire by lease or purchase any water privilege or water privileges situate within its limits, together with sufficient lands adjacent thereto, for the proper user of such water privilege or water privileges, and from time to time to expend thereon such sums of money as may be necessary for the development, repairs and user of such water privilege or water privileges; and for the purpose of such acquisition, development, repairs and user to borrow upon the debentures of the corporation such sums as shall be required for the same for such periods and at such rates of interest as the corporation shall by by-law determine.

496b. Before acquiring any such water privilege or water privileges and lands, a by-law shall be submitted to the ratepayers of the municipality setting forth the agreement for such acquisition which shall have been previously entered into, subject to ratification by the ratepayers, the amount required to be borrowed for the purpose of such acquisition and containing generally all such matters as are required by the provisions of this Act in relation to money by-laws.

496c. The vote of the ratepayers upon such by-law shall be taken in manner provided by sections 293 to 319, both inclusive, of this Act, and the persons entitled to vote thereon shall be the persons named in the said sections, and in case a majority of such persons shall vote in favor of said by-law the council shall pass the same.

496d. Upon the acquisition of such water privilege or water privileges it shall be lawful for the corporation to use the same for its own purposes, and to grant leases of the whole or any parts thereof upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon and to otherwise deal with the same as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as might be done by an individual, but no sale of any part of the said water privileges or lands so acquired shall be made until a by-law authorizing the same has been submitted to the ratepayers and passed by a vote of the same class of persons as voted upon the by-law authorizing the acquisition of said water privileges and lands, and no lease shall be granted for a longer period than thirty years with right of renewal and renewals.

Report From the Government Physician, Port of Quebec

"I have used 'Phenol Benum' or 'Quickcure' in a suppurating wound following a severe bite of a cat; after the usual remedies seemed ineffectual, this preparation cleaned up the wound and healed it after the second application; its effect was most satisfactory; it has also proved a valuable remedy for removing pain, and destroying the pocci that cause boils and carbuncles, healing in some cases more quickly than if the microbes had been cut out; as is now recognized to be proper treatment instead of poulticing, etc. This remedy has a grand future before it.

Signed,

J. H. HENCHEY, M.D., M. R. C.S., Eng.

The Ottawa Deputation.

The Board of Trade will run an excursion to Ottawa on the occasion of the Trent Valley canal deputation's visit to the capital. This was decided upon by the committee of the Board of Trade and Council last evening. The rate will be three dollars, and a special train will be run on the C. P. R.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary disease or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

BEYOND ALL DOUBT

We sell more Dress Goods than any other house in town. You can tell our Goods by that air of style that so distinguishes all Our Dress Goods. You are particular about the style of dress you wear, but you are not more particular than we are about what we sell.

R. H. KELLS & CO

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Fortnightly club.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Mount Hebron Encampment No 56, I O O F.

Organization meeting of the Junior Lacrosse Club at the Oriental.

Citizen's committee for Queen's diamond jubilee celebration.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d681

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

A GRAND DISPLAY

At the "Golden Lion"—The Great Event Attracting Big Crowds.

The Golden Lion is the scene of much activity to-day, the store being filled with customers on the opening of the great extra event announced by Mr Fair. A reporter stepped in to this busy dry goods palace this afternoon and forced himself through the crowd who were being attended to by the obliging staff, and found Mr. Fair, who accompanied the scribe around the store. Mr Fair is making this event a special exhibition of mantles, capes, dress goods, trimmings, dress silks, blouse silks, muslins, wash goods, laces, gloves and parasols. The fastidious agree that the display of mantles, capes and dress goods is elegant, greater and richer than ever, and marked at prices which struck the newspaper man to be within the reach of all. Everything was tastefully arranged on the first floor, and the windows looked gay, after having been dressed by Mr. Harry Adams. Mr. Fair reported a large business and said that he looked forward to the largest spring trade in the history of the Golden Lion. The dress goods, wash goods, silks and muslins are found on the first floor. Up stairs on the second floor jaunty jackets, elegant chiffon silk capes and cloth capes characterize the stock. The quality is higher than any ever before seen in their mantle department, which is in charge of Miss Raine. Miss Armstrong superintends the millinery department and Miss Neill looks after the dress making.

On taking the swift hydraulic passenger elevator the third flat was reached and there was found a magnificent display of carpets—English pile carpet, with Wilton back, marked at $1.25, the usual price having been $1.60, Brussels, tapestries, wools and squares.

Stepping on the elevator again Mr. Fair and the reporter went to the fourth floor where English linoleums, oilcloths, and mattings were viewed. The stock from the top to the bottom is composed of fine imported goods that are sure to catch the eyes of buyers. The display will last three or four days when arrangements will be made for the millinery opening next week.

Spring Days..

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

...OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS...

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in parest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO.

High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 385 George St., Established 185

MR. WM. HAYDEN TO BE TRANSFERRED

FROM PETERBOROUGH TO THE G T R AGENCY AT WAUBAUSHENE

The Grand Trunk Making Important Changes in Agencies Along the Line—No Agent for Peterborough Yet Named.

The Grand Trunk railway is about to make some important changes in the agents at several of their stations and Peterborough will be one of the towns affected. Mr. Wm. Hayden, who has been agent here for three years, it is understood, will be removed to Waubaushene, which has become one of the best distributing points on the Midland system. The lumber and other shipments have increased largely in recent years and the G T R has secured an active man, who will boom the company's interests. During Mr. Hayden's three years residence in town he has won the respect and trust of the travelling public through his many kindnesses and obliging disposition. Through his energy and tact, Mr. Hayden has brought to the company increased freight business, and his successor will step into a position that he may be proud of, and should he fill it with as much success as his predecessor he will need to be an exceptionally live man. Mr Hayden entered the service of the company in 1862 as operator at Queen's wharf, at Toronto. He applied himself to business earnestly, and was soon promoted to agent at Fort Erie, a very important station at that time, 1867. Then Mr. Hayden occupied positions as relieving agent, train despatcher, and then became regular agent at Glencoe, which he filled for five years; Exeter for three years and Woodstock sixteen years. In the latter place Mr. Hayden took a prominent part in many of the town's leading organizations and his departure was deeply regretted, and he came to Peterborough loaded with testimonies of the esteem in which he was held by the citizens of the western town. To Mr. Hayden can be attached one great compliment, that of being sent to towns to boom the business of the road. The business community of Peterborough will learn with sincere regret of Mr. Hayden's departure.

The changes do not stop at Peterborough and though the REVIEW is not able to announce the new Peterborough agent, still the transfers outlined below, which it is understood are to take place, may bear an indication of Mr. Hayden's successor.

The agent at Midland is removed to Hastings.

The agent at Waubaushene goes to Midland.

The agent at Hastings goes to Bethany.

The agent at Bethany goes to Madoc.

The agent at Peterborough goes to Waubaushene.

Mr. Hayden will likely be leaving town the first week of April.

PETERBOROUGH'S POSSIBILITY.

Two Representatives of a Manufacturing Concern Inspecting Peterborough's Sites.

The general manager and superintendent of a manufacturing concern that is considering Peterborough as a possible site are in town to-day and are inspecting the various sites that might be available. They were accompanied by Councillors Davis, Neill and Meldrum, chairman of the Manufacturers' committee. This afternoon they visited the electric works and went over the Dickson Co's power sites.

Our low prices and easy terms of payment have induced many to purchase instruments and sewing machines this month. See us for special prices and terms for balance of March, Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co. d69

The Opera Rob Roy.

Fred C. Whitney's splendid singing organization in Messrs. DeKoven & Smith's picturesque comic opera, "Rob Roy" will be one of the most enjoyable musical treats of the season. Mr. DeKoven's music is well conceived and sprightly, while the librette of Mr. Smith supplies every want. No opera of the present generation has ever met with such universal praise. From first to last the opera is sung and acted with a dash and spirit that are delightful. Mr. Whitney furnished the authors with artists who have fine vocal voices. The Scotch national dress is one of the most picturesque among nations, and as a stage dress it is simply charming. Sale of tickets begin to-morrow morning at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. d69

The Cantata Ruth

Will be given in St. Andrew's church on Tuesday evening, April 6th. This is a beautiful cantata and should be well patronized. The chorus has been at work for the past eight weeks and now have it well under control. Miss Hendren will represent Naomi, Mrs. H. Jones, Ruth, and Miss Clara Bellegham, Orpha and Mr. G. W. Mulligan Boaz The chorus numbers about sixty voices. Admission 25 cts. Tickets may be had from any member of the chorus or at Mulligan & Potter's music store. A full rehearsal to-night 3d69

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

BICYCLING BRIEFS

London and Belleville After Next Year's C W A Meet—Notes for Wheelmen.

Belleville and London are announced as bidders for next year's C. W. A. meet and Peterborough will be forced to hustle in order to secure the prize.

Wheelmen are eagerly awaiting dry roads. There is likely to be more wheeling than ever in town this season, and agents are pushing their wheels to the front. Walker Bros. will manufacture a new wheel—the Jubilee.

Several racers have already been disposed of to local riders, and Peterborough is sure to have some fast men on the track.

There are over a dozen agents in town and they all speak confidently of a big season's business.

Harley Davidson will ride for a Toronto firm this season.

The remarkable spread of cycling has done much to introduce reforms in dress, even to the sizes in women's boots. There has come a reaction against the Chinese deformity, and a sympathy with nature, for ladies cannot pedal with feet like the castors of a pianoforte year after year. Doctors have preached against the high heel and compressed toe of the French shoe; they have preached, but they were not listened to, and all kinds of little limps came into vogue, and women treated their feet as disrespectfully as they did their waists. But the bicycle has set things right, and the myth of the very small foot is almost exploded.

When asked why wheelmen generally were so dissatisfied with their saddles, a prominent manufacturer recently replied:

"You can find the same thing among horseback riders; few of them ever become satisfied with any one saddle. No two persons are built alike, so that few saddles can be found to serve two masters. The aim of most saddle manufacturers is to strike a general average. Saddles, like shoes, gloves and clothing, should be made especially for those who can use them. This naturally costs more. My experience has taught me that the most satisfaction is obtained by owning three or more saddles of different makes and using them alternately. The saddle question is one of the most perplexing to the average bicycle manufacturer and perfection has not as yet been reached, nor will it so long as the average rider is governed by whims."

The C.W.A. Racing Board has accepted the following amateur records made against time last year:

¼ mile, unpaced, s.s, Frank Moore, Island track, Toronto	30 1-5
½-mile, unpaced, s.s, A M McEachren, Island track, Toronto	1.06 1-5
½-mile, unpaced, f.s, Frank Moore, Island track, Toronto	1.07 1-5
1-mile, unpaced, s.s, A McEachren, Island track, Toronto	2.18¾
1-mile, unpaced, f.s, A McEachren, Island track, Toronto	2.10 2-5
1-mile, boys, paced, f.s, George Nicholson, Island track, Toronto	2.18
1-mile, paced, s.s, John Davidson, Island track, Toronto	2 01 2-5
1-mile, paced, f.s, Frank Moore, Island track, Toronto	1.55
3-mile, paced, s.s, A McEachren, Island track, Toronto	6.20 2-5
5-mile, paced, s.s, A McEachren, Island track, Toronto	10.50
1-hour, paced, f.s, John Davidson, Island track	26 miles 1,599 yards

TEACH YOUR CANARY HOW TO SING.

West's Mocking Bird, the Latest Novelty Out Sent Free to Any Address in Canada.

Perfectly imitates a canary song and teaches ordinary birds to produce that lovely, full note so delightful, as found in the German and Belgian birds. It affords amusement to children and pleasure to all. Any singing or whistling bird can be perfectly imitated and young birds taught by it. It will be sent, together with a sample of Dr. Chase's Ointment and Pills, by enclosing 5 cents in stamps and mentioning this paper. Address Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Brevities

—Mr. Wilbur F. Crafts, the well known American lecturer, will appear in Peterborough on Monday, April 12th.

—Mr Gabois, who has been stopping at the Phelan house, shipped a car load of fine horses to Montreal for the European markets on Saturday.

—The evangelistic services in the George-st. church will be commenced this evening by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

—Wm. Arthur Strain, aged 22 years, only son of Mr. John Strain, Waterford-st, died this morning. The funeral takes place Thursday afternoon from the family residence, 38 Waterford-st.

—The Chief of Police received a letter today addressed "The National Detective Association, Peterborough." He finds that the letter was not intended for him and whoever forms the Association can procure the letter at the Police station.

—Two tired men arrived in town this morning. They had walked from Lindsay with their "kits" on their back. They left Lindsay at twelve o'clock last night. They are in search of work and intend walking to Campbellford.

SPECIAL OFFERING

—ON—

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

1000 yds. Black Cashmeres

PART OF

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK.

Original Price, 50c. and 60c. per Yard, Bankrupt Price, 35c. per Yard.

This is an exceptional offering of first class goods at a very low price and they are sure to sell quickly. Ladies can get waited on better in the forenoon. Come when it suits you best.

Don't Miss the above Special Offering.

Every department is loaded with genuine bargains for you. It will repay you to come every day to this store and look about, as we have no alternative but to clear out this bankrupt stock without reserve.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

The Last Resort.

The Young Parson—I tell you I am discouraged, sir. I don't seem to stir up a bit of enthusiasm in my parish. They listen to me in a sort of perfunctory way, but I know I'm making little or no impression on them. What can I do?

The Old Parson—There is just one thing left for you, after you have tried everything else.

"And that is?"

"Pitch into Jonah's whale!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Misapprehension.

"What do you think of my poems?" inquired the young man.

"They betray an astonishing ignorance of anatomy," replied his medical friend.

"But they're not supposed to be scientific, you know."

"That may be the case, but it affords no excuse for your saying they 'spring from an aching heart,' when it is so apparent that they proceed from a deranged liver."—Washington Star.

The Main Point

Mabel—Yes, the conceited and presumptuous thing. I told him I had never been kissed by a man, and he promptly kissed me and said, "You can never make such a statement again."

Clara—The idea! He actually kissed you?

Mabel—Yes; but, think, he tried to convey the idea that he was a man.—Philadelphia North American.

Over the Bar.

"No, sir," said the half shot orator, "when I was young we had no microbes, we had no germs, we had no antitoxinaters."

"Well, there's one sort of insect I'll bet you've always had," said the smiling bartender.

"Wot inseck is that, my friend?" inquired the orator.

"Snakes!" said the bartender.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Ownership in Prospective.

"I am told," remarked the ordinary mortal "that you own the earth."

"Well," replied the plumber, with becoming humility, for humility is becoming to anybody, however great, "I have laid my pipes for it."

It will be recalled in this connection that pipes are laid in such a way that they will freeze up and burst eight or more times each winter.—Detroit Journal.

Considerate.

Helen—Oh, yes; he always thought the world of me. Before we were married he used to say that he was willing to die for me.

Nellie—But he didn't.

Helen—Of course not. He was so thoughtful, you know. He said that he did not dare to do it, lest I should be unable to replace the loss.—Household Words.

It All Depends.

"Do you think a man can be happy whose wife thinks she knows more than he does?"

"It all depends, Wallace; it all depends. If she thinks she is the only one in the house who knows how to get up in the morning and start the fires properly, I can't for the life of me see where he is any the worse off."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 18[illegible].

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

FINCH W. KELLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

AUCTION SALE.

BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL Assignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on

MONDAY, the 29th day of March.

1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
TOBACCOS	214 06
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	250.00
Total	$1824.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.

TERMS.—10 % down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.

JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer.

STRATTON & HALL, Vendor's Solicitors 6d62

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Infirmity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 29th.

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS ... WHITNEY OPERA CO...

Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN HOOD," etc.

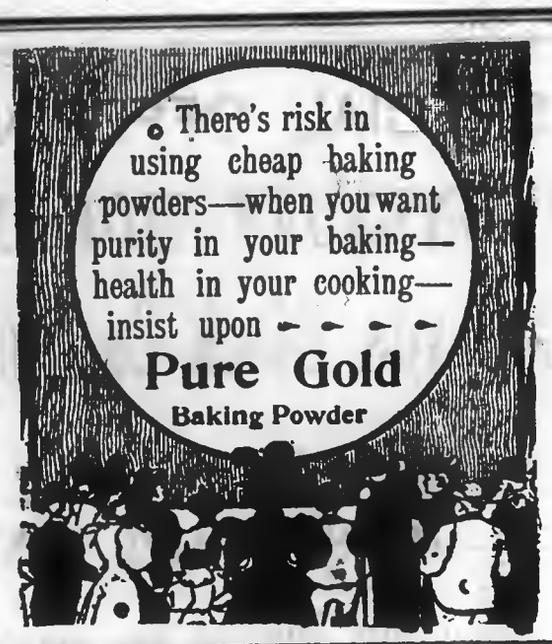
The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST

FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS

SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES,—[illegible] 6d0

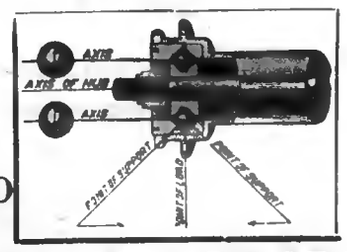


There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



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Manf'd by THE CANADIAN TYPOGRAPH CO., Ltd.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. WINDSOR, ONT.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

THE ACME HEATING DRUM

Is the best appliance to economize fuel. We are selling them rapidly. They pay for themselves in a short time. Read what our citizens say:

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving your Acme Heating Drum a fair trial in China Hall we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a perfect success. Our store is 20x100 feet with glass front and all of one side of glass facing the north; and the Drum with a small wood stove heats the store more perfectly than it has ever been heated before, even when we had two coal stoves, which we formerly used.

Yours truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 15, '97. McFARLANE WILSON.

Messrs. Micks & Cox:

GENTLEMEN,—After giving the Acme Heating Drum purchased from you a full trial in severe weather we have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete success.

Your Drum is an application of the correct principal in proper heating devices, it drawing the cold air from the floor, heating it and circulating it through the building. We heat three rooms by means of a moderate sized wood stove with your Drum attached, and find our offices very much more comfortable than formerly, at the same time using a third less fuel than without the Drum.

Yours very truly,

Peterborough, Jan'y 14, '97. HATTON & WOOD.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it is that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 232 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

PRINTING

Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

EDWIN ELOOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

RESIDENCE—HARVEY STREET PETERBOROUGH

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Felipes' Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, 1 (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.

Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WILL RUN

SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO

EVERY TUESDAY DURING MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.15 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE"

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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MUNN & CO.,

361 Broadway, New York.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

Jack Evans can never smile derisively when a woman's name is spoken in connection with weakness, for he has seen one woman rise above the level of her sex and grasp qualities that draw her closer to Deity. He holds his breath with awe when he whispers her name, for she has sacrificed herself in order to assist the man she loves and her successful rival. Noble Mercedes! such a woman honours Spain.

All this while Achmed, the faithful, has remained near by in an attitude that betokens him the watchful servant. He does not comprehend all he hears, but quite enough to have a broad view of the subject.

Jack now joins him, and together they make for the high wall of the garden. The Siberian hounds still howl at intervals, and Jack hopes nothing may occur to let them loose on the succeeding night.

He is more than ordinarily nervous over this affair—so much is concerned in it, and there so many chances of trouble, any one of which must upset their calculations. Never before has he experienced this feeling, but then the events of the last week have been very hard on even his iron constitution, and besides this is the first time Doctor Jack has been in love.

They reach the rope—the bent cypress tree proves a good guide, and the wall is soon left behind them, until the succeeding night shall once more find them at its rocky face.

Jack has little to say as they trudge back again to the busy haunts of Stamboul, but he does the biggest kind of thinking, arranging the many little details so necessary to his plans. Larry must, of course, be taken into his confidence. He believes the dude has been having a good time all day, and will be ready to stand by him on the night when Aleck's rescue is to be attempted.

So he separates from Achmed with a few parting instructions, delivered sotto voce, which that good man repeats, showing he has laid them to his heart. There is no danger of his failing Doctor Jack, even if the American asks him to lay down his life.

When Jack enters his room at the house, he finds Larry in bed, but the latter must either be a night hawk, or else has just retired, for he is wide awake. As Jack desires sleep, he refuses to tell anything about what he has done, saying the morning will be time enough—extinguishes Larry and the light at one and the same time—and has hardly rested his tired head on the pillow than he is asleep, thanks to a good habit picked up during his life in the wilderness.

Morning dawns, and a fairer one never opened over Constantinople. The sun glints the domes and minarets of many a mosque, and from a station near by an aged muezzin laboriously mounts his eminence,, and in a loud cracked voice arouses every sleeper by chanting the adan, or call to prayer—the faithful Mussulman has a dozen, more or less, periods during the day, for they are the most religious people in the yorld, so far as form goes, and the least sanctimonious when it comes to deeds.

Jack and Larry decend together—the ladies have not yet appeared, so at the open windows the two gentlemen sit and talk—it is too early for a smoke before breakfast.

By degrees Larry learns all that has happened since their arrival in Stamboul, and is loud in his praises of Jack's work. He declares the game to be so far advanced and so well managed that nothing short of accident can prevent their carrying it to a successful completion.

While they talk a Turkish messenger arrives at the door and inquires for Lawrence Kennedy. Larry goes out, and returning a minute later has a slip of paper in his hand.

"What's that?" asks Jack, suspiciously.

"A telegram—sent from the office to me. I left word to have it delivered this a.m. Listen while I read it: 'The train is late—will try to make up time to-day.' That is a good joke. It is due to-night at ten. The chances are it will reach here by to-morrow morning," and Larry laughs merrily, while Jack looks at him in wonder.

"What train is that?" he manages to ask.

"The one that bears the ferocious Turk," comes the startling reply.

"How the duse did you know he was on that train, Larry?" Jack demands.

At this the dude winks, strokes his diminutive mustache to his species, and drawls.

"'Pon 'onah! Jack, you've gwown quite careless of late. Upon my awival here yesterday I found this paper on the table in our room. Putting two and two together make foah, don't ye see, old fellah?" and he flourishes before the eyes of the doctor a slip of paper which the other recognises as the telegram handed over by the operator at the Hotel de Londres on the previous day, from the chief of police in Paris, telling when the Pasha left that city.

"Ah! I see, you figured it out as well as I. No harm done, Larry, and we are doubly shure, for it never entered my head to wire back along the line and find how the train was coming on."

Jack is well pleased. This incident goes to prove that his opinion of Larry has not been below the mark. The spruce little chap has the making of a diplomat in his way, if he could only be induced to droo the ludicrous habits he has assumed as a swell. Perhaps these are only used to conceal sentiments that he does not care for the whole world to read—a sort of handy cloak such as the chulos flaunt in the face of the bull to divert his attention from an imperiled picador.

While they are yet talking, breakfast is ready, and the ladies appear. Jack fastens his eyes on Avis eagerly and hungrily—he longs to tell her what Mercedes has said and done, but dares not without first revealing his love. It would be pleasant to do this, certain as he is that his affection is turned, but the time and place are hardly fitting. He can wait. If success crowns his efforts the reward will be all the more grateful, while if he fails—well, he cannot see how any mundane affair will interest a dead man.

So they sit down to the meal, served in a half Turkish fashion, and yet very enjoyable to the four who partake.

CHAPTER XXII.

Again Doctor Jack sees a busy day before him. Much has to be done in order that all arrangements shall work together and form one piece of mechanism, of which he himself must be the master key, but Jack finds time enough for an interview with Avis after breakfast is over.

He is guarded in what he says, as he does not want to commit himself just now, feeling that it would be a bid for his services, but try as he will he cannot keep Avis from guessing just how the land lies.

She is filled with wonder and delight at what he tells her concerning Aleck, and piles him with questions he is unable to answer. Then comes the balance of the story, still more remarkable, and now she is very quiet, watching Jack's face, as though it were a window in which she can see his very thoughts exposed.

That Mercedes should either hate or love her is a strange thing, and can only be accounted for upon one hypothesis—the Spanish girl looks upon her in the light of a rival, and a successful one, too, or she would not have committed social hari kari by becoming the wife of the Pasha, thus forever putting herself and Doctor Jack apart.

As this thought comes into her mind Avis realizes the truth. No word of love has as yet passed between this hero and herself, and she is even now in a dreadful state of suspense regarding his feelings, so it is only natural that, like a true woman, she should be terribly distressed regarding it all, and blush furiously, much to the secret delight of the cruel Jack, who feasts his eyes upon the scarlet cheeks and brow, and fights savagely within his breast to keep from folding her in his arms.

"Avis—Miss Morton—I am off now on business, but if this affair goes through all right I have something I want to tell you. Should it fail, it may as well remain unspoken," and he turns away quickly.

Avis gives one hurried glance around—they are alone in the quaint Turkish parlour, Larry smoking outside the door and watching the crowds swarm past, Aunt Sophie up in her room—so Avis draws a long breath and calls softly:

"Jack—Doctor Evans!"

He wheels immediately and comes to her side.

"What can I do for you?"

"You spoke of a secret; is it very important, then?" shyly.

"It concerns my future—my very life," he answers, looking into her downcast face.

"Well," naively, "you talk of danger—of possibly not wanting to tell it later on. If you are going to be killed, don't you think it would be better to free your mind of this affair beforehand? Besides, you know I would like to remember you had confided in me—it would be a consolation in after years. There—what more can I say—I who have condemned Mercedes—stupid man," and she breaks down in confusion, covering her rosy face with her hands.

Jack takes them gently but firmly down, and holds them prisoner. How they flutter, but there is no attempt at escape.

"Look me in the face, Avis. I have always said I wanted your eyes to be on mine when I told you my secret. I love you, Avis, God alone knows how dearly. This is no news to you. Your heart has told you so before now. I thought it might be best not to speak

To be Continued.

Statement of Two Ladies.

Regular users of Diamond Dyes are always happy and ready to recommend them.

Mrs. D. M. McGregor, of Amherly, Ont., says: "I have used Diamond Dyes for twenty years, and never failed with them in a single case. I would not use other makes of dyes if given to me for nothing as long as I can get the "Diamond."

Mrs. John Fletcher, of Greenfield, Ont., says: "I have used Diamond Dyes and have been very successful with them. I am much pleased with results from them; the colors are perfect."

Diamond Dyes are the world's best, and are used in every land. No failures or losses where they are used.

IT NEVER FAILS.

How to Find Out the Age of Any Person.

One day there came to the court of the king a gray-haired professor, who amused the king greatly. He told the monarch a number of things that he never knew before, and the king was delighted. But finally it came to the point when the king wanted to know the age of the professor, so he thought of a mathematical problem.

"Ahem!" said the king. "I have an interesting sum for you; it is a trial in mental arithmetic. Think of the number of the month of your birth."

Now, the professor was sixty years old and had been born two days before Christmas; so he thought of 12, December being the twelfth month.

"Yes," said the professor.

"Multiply it by 2," continued the king.

"Yes."

"Add 5."

"Yes," said the professor, doing so.

"Now, multiply that by 50."

"Yes."

"Add your age."

"Yes."

"Subtract 365."

"Yes."

"Add 115."

"Yes."

"And now," said the King, "might I ask what the result is?"

"Twelve hundred and sixty," replied the professor, wonderingly.

"Thank you," was the King's response. "So you were born in December, sixty years ago?"

"Why, how in the world do you know?" cried the professor.

"Why," retorted the King, "from your answer—1260. The month of your birth was the twelfth, and the last two figures give your age."

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the professor. "Capital idea! I'll try it on the next person. It's a polite way of finding out people's ages."

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

SLUGGERS ON TRIAL.

Kleinecker Stumbled and Struck on a Spike, But Not So With Gibbons.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Deputy Coroner Dugan to-day held inquests in the cases of Christian Kleinecker, who died on Saturday after engaging in a boxing bout with Frank Connolly, and of Ed. Gibbons, who died the same day from the effects of a heart blow delivered by Samuel S. Perry on Friday night during a bout at the Tenth Ward Democratic Club.

It was testified that Kleinecker stumbled and, in falling struck his head on a spike which projected from the floor. The autopsy showed that the fall broke an abscess which had formed on the man's brain and that death resulted therefrom. Connolly was discharged.

In the Gibbons case, Dr. Cattie, the coroner's physician, declared that death was caused by hemorrhage of the neck, base, pharynx and brain, due to traumatic injuries. The jury held Perry responsible and the deputy coroner committed him to the county prison without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

The Revd. S. Riopel, M.D., county Jacques Cartier, writes: "I have had considerable experience with Dr. Ievers' 'Quickcure' and have always found it *surprisingly effective, answering fully*, when directions were observed, *the several claims* of its author. It relieves pain in an incredibly short time."

For Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Sides or Chest, spread "Quickcure" on linen or cotton, as for Burns, and cover with cotton batting, or even paper, over which put a bandage to keep all in place and protect the clothing. Many physicians will not prescribe or allow use of ordinary plasters, as so many of them contain Belladonna and Aconite, and sometimes these drugs may be absorbed by the system and cause serious disturbances. Plasters made of "Quickcure" have been recommended, as being entirely free from anything which could possibly injure even a child, and no plaster removes pain so quickly.

In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the back, chest and neck well; flannel cloths wrung out of hot water will not injure "Quickcure," but aid its effect.

OAK HALL.

Brevities.

—The Quinte fair will be held at Belleville this year.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY MARCH 23, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee. Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
EAST		
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 3.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE CABOT CELEBRATION.

Letter From the Mayor of Bristol Accepting the Invitation to Send Delegates.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Dr. Bourinot, C.M.G., honorary secretary of the Royal Society of Canada, has received the following letter from the Mayor of Bristol, England, accepting the invitation to send a delegation to Halifax to take part in the Cabot celebration of June next:

"The Council House, Bristol,
"9th March, 1897.

"Sir,—Referring to my letter of Jan. 8, and in further answer to yours of the 15th December last, I have now the pleasure of informing you that the council of this city have, in accordance with the polite invitation of the council of the Royal Society of Canada, requested two members of the City Council to attend as guests of the society, and representatives of the municipal corporation and citizens of Bristol, the meeting to be held in the city of Halifax, N.S., under the auspices of the society in June next, for the purpose of commemorating the voyage of the Cabots to North America in 1497. I need hardly say that the gentlemen whom the City Council have nominated to represent the city of Bristol on such an important and interesting occasion are prominent citizens of the highest repute. They have been and are justices of the peace, and have both filled the high office I have now the honor to hold, Mr. Barker in 1892-3, Mr. Davies in 1895-6. They are members of the Executive Committee appointed to carry out the Cabot commemoration to be held in Bristol simultaneously with that to be held in the city of Halifax. May I ask you to be good enough to assure the Royal Society of the deep sympathy felt by the citizens of Bristol with the society's proceedings for commemorating an event son interesting to Englishmen and their descendants in all parts of the globe, but especially the people of Nova Scotia and the inhabitants of Bristol. I remain, etc., Robert Henry Symes, Mayor of Bristol."

His Excellency the Governor-General, in pursuance of an understanding made months ago with the Royal Society, and in view of the international and even Imperial character of the celebration, will place the brass tablet given by the society in honor of John Cabot, in the Legislative building at Halifax. This will be one of the most interesting events of the Diamond Jubilee week, and will be celebrated in the presence of representatives of the Imperial army and navy, and of many distinguished scholars from Canada and the United States, and not unlikely from Italy itself. The Marquis of Lorne and the Marquis of Dufferin, the latter being president of the Bristol Cabot Committee, have taken a deep interest in the Halifax meeting, as their letters to be read in June next will sufficiently show.

Among the distinguished Americans expected are Hon. J. Francis Adams, the historian, and Hon. J. Boyd Thacker, Mayor of Albany, who was chairman of one of the important committees on awards at the Chicago World's Fair, and is an author of merit. Harvard, Johns Hopkins and many leading Canadian and American Universities will be represented at this interesting meeting of students of literature and science.

JUDGE TASCHEREAU MARRIED.

Sixty Years of Age is the Groom, While the Handsome Bride Has Seen Only Eighteen Summers.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Today there was furnished to the gossips of the Capital one of the greatest social sensations which they have had for many a long day. The social status of the contracting parties was enough to cause a flutter in Ottawa's Belgravia, but additional interest is given to it on acount of the difference in their ages. The groom is no less prominent a citizen than Judge Taschereau of the Supreme Court of Canada. His bride is Miss Marie Louise Panet, the handsome 18-year-old daughter of Mrs. Charles Panet of Daly-avenue. Judge Taschereau has just turned 60 years, but is still vigorous. The marriage was celebrated by Rev. Father Valiquette, parish priest of the Sacred Heart Church. After the ceremony Judge and Mme. Taschereau left the city on their wedding tour. Judge Taschereau returned from India only last week, and has still six weeks' leave of absence unexpired before returning to his duties on the Supreme Court bench.

MR. DILLON KICKED.

The Anti-Parnellite Leader is "Agin" the Government" on the Santa Lucia Military Works Bill.

London, March 22.—During the debate on the Military Works Bill in the House of Commons to-day, John Dillon, the leader of the anti-Parnellites, protested against the proposed expenditure of £250,000 upon military works on the island of Santa Lucia, which, he said, was the hall door of the United States, with which nation there was no likelihood of war. At any rate, Mr. Dillon declared, the fact that Great Britain proposed spending such a sum of money on military preparations in Santa Lucia showed the lack of sincerity on the part of the Government respecting the Anglo-American arbitration treaty.

Sir Charles Dilke, one of the Radical leaders, defended the proposal of the Government. The work, he said, had been really delayed too long. It had no conceivable connection with the relations of Great Britain and the United States.

The bill, including the vote for the works in Santa Lucia, then passed the committee stage.

Her Propeller Broken.

London, March 22.—The British steamer Manhansett, Capt. Walker, from Hamburg, Feb. 2, and Sunderland, 24th, for Boston and Baltimore, arrived at Falmouth to-day in tow of the British steamer Ohio, Capt. Cox, from Hull, March 8, for New York. The Manhanset had lost all the blades of her propeller. The accident occurred on March 8 in lat. 34 N., long. 50 W., and the disabled steamer was picked up on the 14th in lat. 34 N., long. 47 W. The Ohio proceeded for her destination.

Heartless.

"Nell Wallingford is undoubtedly the meanest girl alive."

"How so?"

"Knowing that her sister and two gentlemen friends were in the next room, where they could hear every word, she led Charley Jossling on to propose to her, Sunday night, and then refused him."—Cleveland Dealer.

A TRAIL OF DEATH

Left by a Cyclone Down in Georgia—School Building Wrecked and Many Children Killed.

Atlanta, Ga., March 22.—A special to The Evening Constitution from Arlington, Ga., says: A cyclone struck this town to-day and has left behind it a trail of death and destruction. The high school building was blown to pieces and from the wreck nearly 100 dead, dying and injured people have already been taken. The following named pupils were instantly killed: Ollie Parramore, Claude Roberts, Alice Putnam, Albert Butler, Willie McMarra, Kenneth Boynton, Maud Johnson, Mary W. Ellona.

At least 10 others will die, according to the reports of the corps of emergency physicians now caring for the injured. Prof. Walker it is feared cannot live and Prof. Covington is badly injured. Not a single person in the big building escaped injury. About 1.30 o'clock there was a lull in the high winds which had prevailed, giving some promise of a clear day. Prof. Covington going out to look around beheld a dark cloud, well fringed with electricity, moving rapidly in the direction of the school. His trained eye at once told him there was danger. Hurrying the children into the building for safety, the roaring of the coming cyclone was upon them before they had time to think.

The storm increased in strength and velocity and the building began to shake and careen. The building was wrenched into fragments, so that the pieces fell inward, and among the first struck were Claude Roberts and Alice Putnam, who were killed at the first blow. Profs. Covington and Walker both worked to succor the children, notwithstanding both had received serious wounds.

The scene was soon surrounded by the parents of the children. The sight of eight little ones already dead and of ten others crushed and bruised and bleeding in all phases of torture was enough to wring the stoutest heart. Among those wounded quite a number are not expected to live, and it is more than likely that the list of dead will be doubled before morning.

Blakeley was struck by a severe storm this morning that did enormous damage and cost several lives.

School Building Wall Blown Down.

Washington, Ind., March 22.—A small cyclone struck this county at 4 o'clock this morning. The north wall of the Swan Pond school building was torn out and the stone cross on St. Simon's Church steeple was blown off and broken. Many trees were uprooted and fences broken.

Many Houses Unroofed.

Wheatland, Ind., March 22.—This morning a cyclone passed over this town doing much damage. Many houses were unroofed and trees and fences destroyed. No one was seriously injured.

STEAMERS IN TROUBLE.

Victims of the Late Tempestuous Weather Arriving on the Other Side.

London, March 22.—The British steamer Candall, Capt. Kidd, from West Hartlepool, March 3, for St. John, N.B., has put into Falmouth with loss of sails, after binnacle and other deck fittings.

The Belgian steamer Friesland, at Antwerp, from New York, reports that on March 17, in lat. 49 N., long. 29 W., she spoke the British steamer Velada, from New Orleans, Feb. 23, for Manchester, with crankshaft broken. The Velada wanted to be towed, and, it being impossible for the Friesland to tow her, asked to be reported all well.

Reinsurance has been obtained on the British steamer Lord Gough, Capt. Chomble, from Newcastle, Feb. 23, for St. John, N.B. The rate paid was 35 guineas premium.

The British steamer Astronomer, from New Orleans, March 8, for Liverpool, passed Kinsale to-day. She signalled that her cargo was on fire.

Literally True.

"She had the fatal gift of beauty."

It was the coroner who spoke, and his words were literally true.

It was shown at the inquest that an admirer had sent her as a present a new brand of cosmetic. The stuff proved to be poisonous, and she died.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

TORONTO MARKETS

LOCAL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Flour—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited; ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—There is a moderate trade, with prices heavy. Red winter sold at 73½c west and white is quoted at 74½c west. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 85c Midland, and it offers at 87c west, with 86c bid. No. 2 hard quoted at 81c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with car lots quoted at 25c to 26c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 sold at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 18c west, and of mixed at 17c to 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 39c, north and west.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, with holders asking 28c to 29c for new, but a sale of old is reported at 27c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—The market is dull; a car sold at 32c middle freight.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 22.—Spring wheat, 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 8d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 48s 9d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 27s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage nominally unchanged. English country markets partly dearer. Maize off coast quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet, futures quiet at 6s 3½d for May, 6s 3½d for July and 6s 2d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8½d for April, 2s 9d for May, 2s 10½d for July. Flour 23s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 60c for April. Flour 44f 95c for April.

London—Close—Wheat off coast unchanged and on passage dull. Maize on passage quiet.

Paris—Close—Wheat easy at 21f 40c for April. Flour 44f 90c for March and April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 3½d for May, 6s 3½d for July and 6s 2d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8d for April, 2s 9½d for May, 2s 10d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour 23s.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 23, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 34
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 18	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	3 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	3 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 30	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

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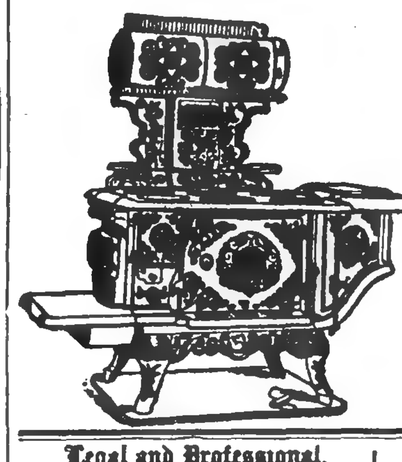

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214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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Our 75c Hats are as good as you think our $1.00 ones are but your "thinker's" wrong.

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The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1897

Extract of the "American System of Surgery."

"Boils *are caused* by Microbes, (or germs) "called Cocci, which penetrate the skin, "usually along a hair follicle, and unless de-"stroyed they cause Boils and Carbuncles, "being *favored* by constitutional disturb-"ances and certain atmospheric conditions. "Carbuncles are like Boils—at first *super-"ficial*, but are caused when the *microbe "penetrates deeper*, or into *denser* tissue. All "Boils appear at first as pimples, or pus-"tules." "Quickcure" removes all boils or pimples.

A Famous French Duel.

One day the famous duelist, Pierrot d'Isaac, went to see his friend, the Marquis Merle de Sainte-Marie. It should be explained that in French pierrot means "sparrow" and merle means "blackbird." "Marquis," said d'Isaac, "I am a Bonapartist, and you are a royalist. Moreover, I am the sparrow and you are the blackbird. Doesn't it strike you that there is one bird of us too many?" "It precisely does," said the Marquis. "My choice is pistols, and as is appropriate for birds of our species, let us fight in the trees." As if it were not a sufficiently ridiculous thing that one man should challenge another because his name was Sparrow and the other's Blackbird, the duel was actually fought from the trees, the seconds standing on the ground below. The pistols were fired at the signal. There was a rustling among the leaves of one of the chestnut trees. It was Pierrot d'Isaac, who, wounded severly in one leg, came tumbling to the ground. At this point the Marquis began to chirp triumphantly, imitating the song of a blackbird. This was a fresh insult to be atoned for in only one way, and d'Isaac waited for his wound to recover to challenge Sainte-Marie for the chirp. This time the duel was fought with swords, and Sainte-Marie was badly wounded; the sparrow had avenged himself on the blackbird.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Missed.

In the grey light of dawn the sorrowing wife swayed to and fro in the excess of her grief.

"Alas!" she murmured, as she held up her husband's trousers to view. "To think I came"——

She peered sadly through the window at the form of the retreating burglar.

——"too late!"

HIS NICKNAME.

Few people who have journeyed west
But have occasionally expressed
A wonder why so few are known
To bear the names they rightly own;
But when such names as Jones and Brown
Are found in every camp and town,
Nicknames and surnames take annexion
From figure, habitat, complexion;
Thus one becomes "Three-Fingered Jones,"
The other goes by "Skin and Bones,"
You'd think that Delamere would stick
The man who called him "Cat-Eyed Dick,"
And William Beresford would kill
Those who addressed him "Long-Haired Bill;"
But thus it is, and thus they came
For use or ornament ?) or shame.

* * * * *

A bride who had but lately come
To the far West to make her home
Was talking with a man one morn,
Who, from his voice, was named "Fog Horn."
Upon the custom practiced here
Of giving men a nom de guerre,
And said she was much pleased to know
Her husband was not treated so.
"Ha! ha!" laughed "Fog Horn," "what a joke
You're telling now to Western folk;
As I'm a gentleman and scholar
Your husband's known as "Paper Collar."
—JOHN D. HIGINBOTHAM.

Lethbridge, Alberta.

THE JESTERS' CHORUS.

Dora—Why, you actually have rings under your eyes. Do you think it pays to be up so late nights?

Cora—Pays! Why, just look at the rings on my fingers.—Detroit Free Press.

"Some men will go to almost any length for the sake of being eccentric."

"Yes, indeed, there's Browning, for instance."

"What's his freak?"

"Won't ride a wheel."—Chicago Journal.

"We drifted apart."

"Did she come between you?"

"What! that great, fat thing? Oh, no; we didn't drift so far apart as that."—Detroit Journal.

"This bicycle riding is all a nonsensical fad!" exclaimed the man who is wrapped up in political enthusiasm.

"Perhaps it is," replied his wife.

"You don't see me working like a day laborer pushing a wheel around the country."

"No. But give me time. Perhaps after a while I'll get sufficiently sensible to abandon the bicycle and walk eighteen or nineteen miles with a torch over my shoulder, regardless of the weather, every time there's an election or a ratification meeting." — Washington Star.

Torturer—What's the difference between twice twenty-five and twice five and twenty?

Interval of three months during which victim uses up nineteen pencils and seven quires of paper in "working it out."

Victim—There's no difference at all.

Torturer—Isn't there? Twice twenty-five's fifty. (Victim nods.) Twice five's ten, and twenty's thirty. Fine day, isn't it?—Tit-Bits.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

AN ALLITERATIVE AGONY.

"Oh, sing me the song that the siren sang
As she swirled in the surf in the swashing sea,
Where the roar of the reef round the rough rocks rang,
And the gay gull gurgled in gloomy glee!

"And tell me the tale that the traveler told
When his hard heart heeded and harked to her
Of the phantom form that he fain would fold
While his passion pulsed with a pleading purr!

"Oh paint me the picture the painter paints
When the love-light lurks 'neath his lingourous lust;
And pluck me a plume as the plover plaints
Where the clover clings and the crow's cries clash!

"And weave me the woof that the woman weaves
When her bosom beats with its burning breath;
And thoughtful and thriftful the thin thief thrieves
When he's drugged the dog, deed of dastard death!

"Oh, murmur the murderous madman's mass
While he cringes and crawls as he croons his creed,
And quoth me the quaim of the quaint cuirass,
As the blunt blade's blow makes the blue blood bleed!

"Drone me the dream of the doddering dance,
Who tottered and tripped in his tip-toe tread,
And woke with the wail of the wight who once
Shook, shivering, shorn, when his shroud he'd shed!

"Oh, cheerfuly chant what the chortler chorts
While patting and petting his pink, pug pup!
Oh"——and so he sang in his mad transport;
But the song stopped still; for they locked him up!

Which Was the Woman?

Judge severely)—What are these people charged with?

Officer O'Killigan—I charge both man and woman wid scorchin'.

Judge—Which is the woman?

Officer—She won't tell me, Yer Hener.

Judge—Discharged. I'm not taking any more chances.

Her Ambition.

"I understand that your new wife is considered a very economical woman, Deacon," insinuated the friend who was desirous of saying the right thing.

"Wal, yuss," replied old Deacon Flintrock, who had recently married his fifth wife. "She's pretty economical, for a fact—I may say jest a trifle too economical to be exactly flatterin' to a sensitive husband. I hear in a roundabout way from a remark that she let drop at the sewin' society the other evenin' that she is savin' her weddin' dress for a possible second marriage. I ain't sayin' that sech an ambition ain't praiseworthy, but in view of certain facts over which I don't spose she's pondered a great deal, I am kinder afraid her action is jest a trifle ill-advised, not to say prematoor.

"You see, in the past I have kinder buried me wives one after another an' lived on myself, instead of havin' my wives bury me an' goin' on livin', an' I rather guess it's got to be sech a fixed habit with me that as likely as not I won't be able to break it off soon enough to give her a chance to wear that dress agin at sech a function while it is still in fashion."

Fame.

Fame is a barber, that with servile hands
Doth place us in a gaudy tilting throne
And fold us with a consequential robe,
Whilst others wait in envious rows our doom.
It garrols all the while discourse most sweet
Unto our ears. It spreads with cunning hand
The soothing lather of ambition, then straightway
When the keen edge of unfulfilled desire
Removes the false ephemeral compound;
Likewise our capillary erstwhile hopes
Through which alluring winds from Arcady
With siren songs were wont to sibilate.
And then the rum distilled from vain regrets,
And full of stings of happier days applies,
And as we abdicate our brief used throne,
And pay the price, and stagger forth, deposed,
Into the obscure, lonesome, unknown night,
It pockets what we gave, and blithely calleth—
"Next!"

Degenerate Son.

"Notice that boy who passed us just now?"

"Yes. What of him?"

"His father is an eminent linguist. Converses fluently in eight languages."

"I notice the boy is smoking fluently in three syllables. Phew!"—Chicago Tribune.

Accomplishments.

"Will you ever learn better than to sharpen a lead pencil with a razor?" he fiercely demanded.

She smiled sadly.

"I dont know," she answered, with a sigh. "One hasn't much time to acquire accomplishments when one keeps house without a servant."

Wanted It Removed

Employer—Mr. Smith, I would like to take Tuesday off this week.

Mr. Smith (the clerk, surprised)—Why, Mr. Jones, you are my employer; you don't have to—

Employer—I know that. I've got a big bill to pay on Tuesday.

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Nothing makes more show for the money in brightening up a home than judicious use of paint. The paint habit is a good habit to have. You should know how easy it is to use a good paint. You should know the right paint to use in the right place. A bath tub, chair, table, cupboard, buggy, wagon, floor, plow, house or a barn will be worth more money if it is well painted. It will look 100 per cent. better.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO. makes special paint for all these—a different paint for each purpose—a paint exactly suited to each purpose.

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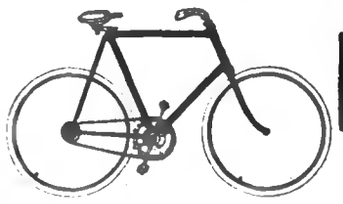

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No bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

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W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

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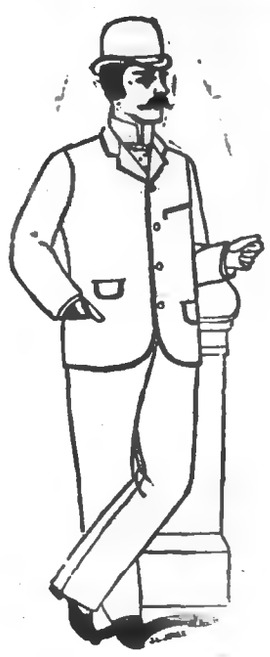

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Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

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Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

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The Daily Review.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 70. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

GRANTS TO HOSPITALS

And Child Immigration Talked of in the Legislature.

Including the One on Manning-Avenue, Toronto—Important Amendments in the Immigration Bill—Question of Vicious Tendencies—Mr. Gibson's Bill Respecting Loan Corporations Passed—Estimates Discussed at the Evening Session

Toronto, March 23.

Contrary to expectations, the measures discussed at the Legislature yesterday include neither the License Act nor the Engledue mining arrangement. The former will probably come up on Thursday, the next Government day. The Immigration bill and the Loan Companies Act passed the committee stage.

The Provincial Secretary moved that the House ratify the orders in Council conferring per capita grants on the following hospitals: The Huntsville Hospital; The General Hospital, Sarnia; the Western Hospital, Toronto; the Home for Incurables, London; the Home for the Aged and Infirm, Cobourg; the Home for the Aged, Lindsay; the Rescue Home, Hamilton; the County of Lambton House of Industry, and the County of Perth House of Refuge.

Mr. Baxter of Haldimand objected to the Western Hospital, as he did not see the necessity of having two large General Hospitals in Toronto. He had been informed that there were 50 empty beds in the Toronto General Hospital at the present time.

Hon. Mr. Davis stated that large and influential deputations of Toronto business men had asked for the grant. The other hospitals were in the eastern portion of the city, while the large number of workingmen in the West End made it desirable that a hospital should be established there as well.

Dr. Ryerson believed the Western Hospital a necessity. It gave the students extra opportunities to practice. The Government were doing entirely right in the matter of granting per capita aid.

Mr. Crawford had been one of the deputation who had waited upon the Government and certified to the good case they had made out. If the Government acted as wisely in everything as they had in this grant, the Opposition could have no serious objections to their actions.

Dr. Willoughby could not agree with the previous speaker. No sufficient reason had been given for the grant. The matter of distance from east to west in the city was nothing.

Mr. Stratton supported the grant and Mr. McKay of Victoria, a Government supporter, opposed it.

Mr. Martin concluded the debate in its favor and the motion carried.

Hon. Mr. Gibson's bill to regulate the immigration into Ontario of certain classes of children, was then considered in committee, Mr. Stratton presiding. The various sections with a number of amendments were carried.

The section, for example, prohibiting the importation of children, who inherited vicious tendencies was changed to read, "who had displayed vicious tendencies," the mover commenting that "most of us are born with some vicious tendencies."

The Attorney-General's bill to amend and consolidate the acts respecting the administration of justice in those portions of the province outside county organization, was next considered in detail, and passed with amendments.

Mr. Charlton then took the chair, while Hon. Mr. Gibson's bill respecting loan corporations was under consideration and finally passed. The measure provoked some opposition on the part of Messrs. Stratton, Howland and others, and amendments were passed declaring that no shareholder should be liable upon paid-up shares; that allowance should be made in future assessments when stock was issued at a premium and afterwards depreciated; and notwithstanding Mr. Stratton's opposition, a change was made permitting loans on stock of not more than 10 per cent. of capital. Mr. Stratton believed the practice of loaning on their own stock by companies should be totally abolished.

After recess a number of private bills were given second readings and passed through the committee stage.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and the item of agriculture was taken up.

Hon. Mr. Ross in reply to a criticism by the Opposition at a former sitting stated that there had been no change in the system of classifying the works of fiction and historical romance in the libraries, and that upon the same basis of classification the reading of works of fiction was materially decreasing.

Col. Matheson did not quarrel to any extent with the classification the Department now makes. The point he had desired to make, was that the former classification, with which comparison was made, was not exactly the same as the present one.

Major Hiscott expressed the opinion that the expenditure for the instructor of free spraying should be discontinued as there was no actual need for further instruction. Every purchaser of a spraying outfit might obtain full instructions from the party selling him the articles. He also objected to the item for experimental stations, and in doing so protested against the impression, too often conveyed by the large expenditures for agriculture that the farmer is a man who knows nothing at all and had to be taught everything. One would have thought that the men who had cleared up this province and made it what it is to-day would not have to be taught every branch of agriculture. He did not see that they were taught to plow and reap or anything like that, however.

Mr. McPherson had visited the model farm at Guelph within a few days and congratulated the Government upon the excellence of the institution in imparting agricultural science and art. But when he entered the bursar's office he was surprised to find that there were no accounts kept by which he was able to ascertain where the profit and where the loss on the farm occurred. Next in value to the art of producing crops was the ability to tell what branch was profitable or otherwise. An account should be opened for that purpose for every field. A proper system of bookkeeping is essential to success in business and the same principle applied to farming. The expenditure on the farm proper should be separated from the experimental portion and a professional accountant employed for that purpose. A business professor is also required. The model farm should be made to pay. It is a sad thing if the farm cannot be made to pay in this province of ours.

Hon. Mr. Dryden justified the continued expenditure for the instructor on fruit spraying, on the ground that the province had not yet been nearly covered by the instructor. He would also for the same reason ask the committee to pass the item for traveling dairies which are doing good work.

Mr. Whitney was surprised that the Minister of Agriculture had sat down without taking notice of the serious attack made by his strong supporter, the honorable member for Glengarry. The Opposition had been for years calling the attention of the Government to the same matter, but the Honorable Minister and his colleagues and supporters have always pooh-poohed the idea that the experimental farm should be made to pay.

Major Hiscott defended himself from the attack made upon him by the Minister of Agriculture as a specimen of bygone days.

Mr. Haycock justified the expenditure for prizes at the various poultry and pet stock associations. Speaking from personal experience he declared that the bantam fowl will produce as good weight of eggs from an equal quantity of food as any other class of fowls in the country. There is no portion of farm product to-day that is as profitable as the poor, much-abused hen. The report of the poultry manager of the Dominion Experimental Farm was quoted in support of the statement that $35,000,000 might be obtained from the hens of this country if properly attended to.

Mr. Carnegie urged that students at the college, who are not farmers' sons, should at least spend some time upon a farm before attending the college.

Mr. Little believed that the model farm at Guelph was the worst managed farm in the province. Four horses had been purchased last year and all at old-time prices, instead of raising the horses required upon the farm. The value of stock purchased was $1100, and the stock sold was only worth $1900.

Mr. Willoughby declared that the province is getting no adequate return for the money spent. The object should be to teach the boys "how to make farming pay." He challenged the Minister of Education to show a single acre on that farm that is paying.

Mr. Haycock agreed that the farm proper should be made to pay. He suggested that 100 acres should be set apart and the best students placed upon it as an object lesson to show whether the farm could be made to pay. The result would be a test of the efficiency of the methods practiced at the college. The experimental portions of the farm could not be expected to produce a revenue.

The discussion was in progress at 11.30, when the Attorney General at the suggestion of Mr. Whitney moved that the committee rise.

KRUGER'S DESIRES.

Mr. Schreiner Says the President of the Transvaal Wants a Sea Power for an Ally.

London, March 23.—The examination of Mr. W. Z. Schreiner, formerly Attorney-General of the Cape Colony in the Ministry of Cecil Rhodes, was continued by the Parliamentary South African Committee to-day.

Mr. Schriener said that President Kruger always work for republican principles, and wants the flag of the South African Republic to be that of a free nation. It is President Kruger's desire, Mr. Schreiner said, that there shall always be a close union between the Transvaal and some great sea power, and he would like no sea power to be allied with better than England. In the event of war between England and the Transvaal, the witness added, the Dutch in the Cape Colony, if they understood what was best for themselves, would be with England, but blood was thicker than water and they would doubtless take the side of the Transvaal.

The Alliance Treaty Made.

Pretoria, March 23.—The drafts of the treaties between the Transvaal Republic and the Orange Free State have been concluded at Bloemfontein, capital of the latter republic, and are published here. They give the burghers of each State the franchise in either republic, and the two republics agree to support each other in case of attack. The treaties must be ratified by the Volksraads of both republics.

RIGO CHARGED WITH ADULTERY.

The Legal Wife of the Gipsy Fiddler Takes Action for Heavy Damages.

Paris, March 22.—Madame Rigo, wife of the Hungarian fiddler, Janos Rigo, who eloped from this city last summer with the Princess of Chimay, formerly Clara Ward of Detroit, made her appearance in court to-day, accompanied by a Commissary of Police, and formulated a charge of adultery against her husband and the Princess, alleging that the acts complained of were committed at the Hotel Terminus and elsewhere.

FRENCH TROOPS LAND

The First Reinforcements on the Island of Crete.

Admiral Canevaro Issues Orders to Greek Troops and Insurgents Not to Attack Turkish Forts—A Warning Attached to the Proclamation—A Strong Remonstrance Sent by the British Ambassador to the Porte Regarding the Massacre in Anatolia—King George to Administer in Crete.

Canea, March 23.—Three hundred French troops, the first of the reinforcements ordered to Crete for service, landed at Suda to-day. Later they marched to this city. Three hundred other French troops will got to Sitia at the eastern end of the island.

Admiral Canevaro, the Italian officer, who is by reason of seniority in command of the combined fleets of the powers, has issued a proclamation enjoining the insurgents and Greek troops not to attack the Turkish forts at Kissamo, Suda, Malaxa, Retimo, Candia and Hierapetra, these forts being necessary for the maintenance of order at the ports where the foreign troops will be disembarked. The proclamation closes with a warning that measures will be taken to ensure respect for it.

It is doubted that the insurgents will pay any heed to the proclamation.

Slaughtered in a Church.

Constantinople, March 23.—In consequence of the troubles at Tokat, in the Sivas district of Anatolia, Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador, has sent to the Porte the strongest remonstrance that has yet been addressed to the Government in an official communication. The official report of the affair said that 15 Armenians and three Musselmans were killed, but the Embassies have received reliable information that fully 100 Armenians were massacred. The people were killed while in church. During and after the massacre the Armenian quarter of the city was given over to pillage.

The Turkish newspapers in their comments upon the blocakde of Crete remark upon the pacific attitude of the powers towards Turkey. Their attitude they say is conformable with the rights and political interests of the Porte, and furnishes fresh proof of the striking success that has been gained by the Sultan. It also testifies to the friendship of the powers for the Porte and their solicitude for the peace of the world.

King George is Administrator.

London, March 23.—The Morning Leader will to-morrow give prominence to a private telegram from Paris, declaring that the powers have accepted a proposal made by the Sultan that King George of Greece shall occupy and administer the Government of Crete, Turkey reserving her Imperial rights in the island. The proposal, the telegram adds, provides that King George shall nominate a high commissioner for the island.

The rumor to the above effect is not new. Its repetition from Paris is accepted with much reserve as The Morning Leader is not a first-class authority. The Chronicle will to-morrow make an announcement similar to the telegram published by The Morning Leader, but under reserve. Nevertheless it expresses some belief in the general correspondence of the report with the facts. It is stated that the King of Greece will nominate his son, Prince George as High Commissioner. It is understood that the matter was discussed at the Cabinet meeting to day.

Only Presented Letters.

London, March 23.—The Athens correspondent of The Chronicle telegraphs that M. Onou, the Russian Minister, at the audience given to him yesterday by King George, merely presented to His Majesty letters from the Czar and the Dowager Empress of Russia. The letter of the Czar contained 50,000 roubles for the benefit of the Cretan refugees in Athens. M. Onou has just returned from St. Petersburg.

TURKEY NOT IN IT.

Her Warships Will Have No Part in the Blockade of Crete.

London, March 23.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, in reply to a question by Sir Charles Dilke, Radical member for the Forest of Dean Division of Gloucestershire, said that the Government had not received any proposals from Greece looking to a compromise with the powers beyond what was contained in Greece's supplementary note, which had already been made known to the House. It seemed, however that the Greek Minister at Paris had made verbal communications to M. Hanotaux, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, but none such had been made to the Government of Great Britain.

In reply to a question by Mr. John G. S. McNeill anti-Parnellite, member for South Donegal, Mr. Curzon said that Turkey was not taking any part in the blockade of Cretan ports, and that Turkish merchant vessels in entering the ports of Crete would be subject to the same restrictions as were imposed upon vessels of other nations.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

Dental.,

DR. CHAS. NEILL, DENTIST.

Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey, DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street .....
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess poolsyards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED OJONBY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67tf

ASSIGNEES
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

You're "Sure" When You Ride
DUNLOP TIRES
They're no experiment, but a well-proved success.
Popular and Practical and Durable.

THE ONLY DUNLOP TIRE TOOLS!
Examine these famous Tires, think it over—then for your own comfort's sake you'll have them on your wheel.
American Dunlop Tire Co.
Lombard Street, Toronto.

TENDERS WANTED
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert D. Tully, late of the Village of Warsaw, Hotelkeeper, Deceased:
TENDERS will be received up to Saturday the 3rd day of April, 1897, for purchase or rental of the hotel and premises situate in the Village of Warsaw, known as "The Morgan House."
This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor, splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license
A reserve price and rental have been fixed and the accepted tender must equal or exceed them.
Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.
Dated this 17th day of March, 1897.
HALL & HAYES, 116 Hunter-st., Peterborough, Solicitors for the Administrator of R. D. Tully.
d64w12

NOTICE To Contractors.
SEALED TENDERS
Addressed to W. Giles, Esq., Reeve of Dysart, Haliburton P.O; marked "Tenders for Town Hall" will be received up to
FRIDAY, the 16th day of April, 1897
for the building of a Town Hall at the Village of Haliburton.
Plans and Specifications of the proposed Hall can be seen at the office of the undersigned
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WILLIAN PRUST, Clerk of Dysart.
Dated at Haliburton this 23rd day of March, 1897. 3d70

What Do You Lack?
Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.
The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE. . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d63f

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 160 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 3mod

A Word — To the Wise
IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.
People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,
If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,
and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones,
Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce
not to mention many of lesser grade—nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.

We are showing one or two
New Styles
Attractive Prices
We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you,
PETERBOROUGH AGENCY
THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.
Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street, Toronto

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

Probabilities.
Cool weather; gradually clearing, with very strong north-west and west winds.

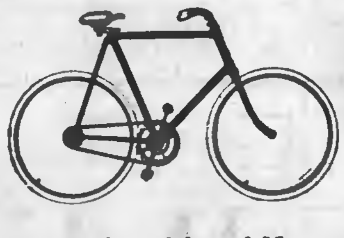
R. F.

An Extra Event.
Preparations are on foot at the Golden Lion for an Extra Event next week which will be of unusual interest to the ladies.
On Tuesday, March 23rd,
We will hold a magnificent Advance Exhibition of everything that's Fashionable and Stylish in
New Spring Dress Goods.
New Spring Blouse Silks.
New Spring Mantles AND Capes,
New Spring Carpets.
It will be an all day exhibition for the ladies, and from the most charming conception of the cream of Foreign Textiles and fashionable novelties for the spring of 1897.
Newness, Beauty and Elegance will reign; constituting a
RECEPTION DAY
highly instructive and interesting to the many patrons of this store who wish to become posted on the coming styles.
The goods will be marked off and effectively arranged for easy seeing so that the jury of ladies can decide on their superiority and value,
We can accomodate hundreds of people on the ground floor of this store and in the various departments up stairs without overcrowding, so that no apprehension of discomfort need be entertained
IT'S FAIR'S WAY.
ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
383 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 160 or 215 Day or night.

MASSY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheels.

No bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

The Welland Vale 3 BIKES Perfect, Garden City, Dominion.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the *Welland Vale Bikes*. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

PERFECT, - $85.00
GARDEN CITY, $75.00
DOMINION, - $60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN

Agents, Peterborough.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

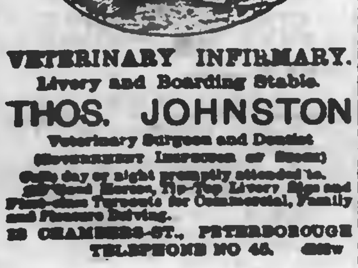
2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 29, - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 396 George-st.



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Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Stock)
Calls day or night promptly attended to. Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
23 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 46. d&w

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. [illegible], Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

Took Hood's in the Spring

It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

From Which He Had Suffered From Boyhood.

If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

Commenced to Take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897

THE NEW TARIFF

It has been as difficult since Mr. Laurier's rise to power to secure a definite idea of what the Liberal tariff would be as it was to define their policy before and during the election campaign. Now, a day before the opening of the session of Parliament that is to pass a tariff bill, and while the Ministers are engaged in the work of preparing that tariff, comes an utterance that is given so that readers in Peterborough—which is immeasurably interested—may be in possession of the latest announcement. The Ottawa correspondent of the Mail and Empire yesterday said:—

The Tariff Commission has received its final instructions from the Cabinet, and is now constructing a tariff at express speed. The three commissioners, Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Fielding, and Mr. Paterson, will have little or no time to dispute over the details, or to go very far into particulars, as they are required to rush the job through. They are instructed to artaddle the trade question. This is announced by Mr. Davies, in an advance notice he gave the Tariff Commissioners at Aylmer. That gentleman intimates that the Government proposes to be both free trade and protection, because it is to carry out all the Liberal pledges and yet deal fairly with the industries of Canada. Mr. Davies says:—"The budget will be introduced early in the session, and a tariff bill also that will redeem every pledge given by the Liberal party. They would deal honestly and loyally with the country that had placed them there. The Liberal party had always professed sympathy with, and promised relief to, the working classes. This promise would not be ignored in the framing of the tariff bill. At the same time they would not lose sight of the fact that there were great manufacturing industries whose rights must be respected, and they must be fairly dealt with. There was no proposition or intention to make one fell swoop upon the policy of protection. The Liberal party would proceed with caution and common sense and honesty. They would also proceed with courage, determination, and without fear. One of the surprises of the life of Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. George E. Foster and others would be to see politicians keeping their word and redeeming their promises. Some years ago he had moved in the House of Commons that the duties on goods coming from Great Britain to Canada should be reduced. He ventured to predict that this idea would be embodied in the new tariff bill."

THE TRENT CANAL DEPUTATION

The deputation that goes to Ottawa from the Trent Valley canal district should be large and representative. It cannot be too large, for nothing impresses a Government more than numbers. A large deputation is evidence at once that the people interested are in earnest. The numbers also show that a good many "votes and influence" are to be affected by the action of the Government, and, therefore, more serious consideration is given the case presented. The Peterborough delegation will be large and representative, and it is hoped that the other sections will be equally well represented. The people along the entire route of the canal are equally interested, and Trenton, Lindsay, Barrie, Orillia, Bobcaygeon, Fenelon Falls and the several counties should send imposing delegations. If they do this, the largest deputation that ever laid a case before the Dominion Government will be at Ottawa on April 6th.

THAT the Liberal was elected in Wright yesterday causes no surprise. A Liberal had been elected by a large majority at previous elections, and, therefore, with the Liberals in power, it was to be taken for granted that the constituency would continue in its Liberal allegiance. That the majority is increased is not surprising either, when one learns of the manner in which Mr. Tarte manipulated things in the riding to bribe the people by giving them temporary employment in Ottawa during the campaign. Mr. Devlin, who vacated the seat in order to take a Government appointment, was elected at the general election by a majority of 223. At the election of 1891 Mr Devlin had 414 of a majority when the constituency was in Ottawa county.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

The Successful Convention of the Dummer Township Association—Excellent Addresses.

The ninth annual Sabbath School convention of the township of Dummer Association was held in the village of Warsaw on Tuesday, the 19th of March. The first session was held in the afternoon in the Methodist church, President Dr. Couch presiding.

Reports from the schools of the township were received as also was the report of township secretary-treasurer. The reports were not as numerous as formerly. It was resolved that this convention wishes to impress on the various schools thoughout the township the necessity of forwarding to the township secretary on or before the first of January each year the statistics of their schools giving numbers of teachers and scholars, the average attendance, contributions, etc.

Dr. Harrison, of Keene, gave a Normal institute exercise on the book of Acts, illustrated by charts.

Rev. J. G. Potter, of Peterborough, very effectively addressed the convention giving some object lessons, which were illustrated with some simple devices.

The Nominating committee reported and recommended Mr. Jacob White as president, and Mr. Ottis Kidd for secretary. The report was confirmed by resolution of convention.

The session closed by singing and the benediction.

The evening session was held in the Presbyterian church. The devotional exercises conducted by Rev. R. Hyde. Mr. S. R. Payne, ex-president, occupied the chair.

"How can we improve the teaching power of the Sunday School," was a subject dealt with by Rev. A. C. Reeves, of Lakefield, when some good points were impressed on the convention.

Dr. Harrison then gave an address, with conference, on "Benefits of township organization." This address was timely and to the point. If there are any associations in the county that need awakening call the Docter in.

"The Laws of Teaching" where then handled in a masterly way, and not soon to be forgotten, by Rev. Mr. Potter, of Peterborough.

A vote of thanks was unanimously tendered the speakers. In doing so it was stated that "during the lifetime of our Association of nine years we have had the assistance of Dr. Harrison each year at our conventions." Your correspondent also wishes to thank each of the speakers of the convention for the very prompt and courteous replies received when making arrangements for the convention. Although not quite as well attended as some of our former conventions the sessions were fairly well attended. The addresses were excellent and Sunday school work received another thrust forward.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 437 George-st. d68t

A Military Deputation Coming.

The Hamilton Spectator says: The committee of officers of the Thirteenth appointed to consider and arrange for this year's outing, met this morning. It was decided to make visits to Belleville, Brockville, Peterborough, and possibly other places, from which propositions have been received. The deputation will leave on Saturday next.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY

The Government Will Consult Caucus Before Acting.

Merchants at the Capital Kicking Vigorously on the Scope of Patronage—Cattle Cars Must be Cleaned and Fumigated When a Cargo Has Been Unloaded—The Spoils System Being Gradually Extended—More Heads to Come Off—Customs Changes—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 23.—(Special.)—Little has been said within the past few days as to the Government's intentions respecting the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. When the Ministers were questioned on the subject the answer generally was that it had not been considered and some surprise has been expressed here at the apparent delay in reaching a conclusion. Your correspondent has learned the cause of this apparent indecision. Owing to great differences of opinion as to the method in which the road should be built, The Government has decided to take the views of its supporters on the subject in the caucus, and be guided in its conclusions by the views of a majority of the Liberal party.

There is great growling these days among city merchants who are on the Government patronage list. Three members of the local Liberal party conceived the happy idea of forming themselves into the Ottawa Supply Company, for the purpose of handling orders for supplies required in the public buildings. They have managed to pull the wires successfully and for some time have been securing a substantial "rake off" on nearly every order placed in town, and now there is a big kick and the Ottawa Supply Company's days seem to be numbered.

In the Order-in-Council recently passed relating to the quarantine and health of animals, provision is made that no animals are to be placed on board the cars until the litter from the previous load has been removed and the car whitewashed with lime and carbolic acid. Shippers may object to place their animals on unclean cars, and may complain to the nearest inspector of quarantine, who shall cause such cars to be cleansed at the expense of the railway company, or prohibit their use until this regulation has been complied with. Mr. M. Anger of the Department of Agriculture, has been charged with the duty of seeing that this regulation is properly carried out, and in the event of any inspector not being easily available, complaints may be forwarded to him, or inspectors may communicate with him for fuller information.

Messrs. J. Lorne MacDougall, Auditor-General, J. M. Courtney, Deputy Minister of Finance, and Joseph Pope, Under Secretary of State, have been deputed to make a thorough examination of the rooms in the public buildings where records of any value are kept, with a view to reporting upon the accommodation for keeping such records, and suggesting what further precautions are necessary in order to guard against their destruction by fire. The three deputies spent considerable time in the Mackenzie wing to-day, overlooking the records of the Department of Railways and Canals.

An Order-in-Council has been passed, changing the names of certain custom ports and making them uniform with the villages in their immediate vicinity. For instance, Sutton will hereafter be known as Abercorn, Potton as Mansonville, and New Carlisle as Paspebiac.

Hereafter a refund of 90 per cent. will be allowed off duty paid on guns, fishing rods and other equipments of parties visiting Canada for sporting purposes, on proof of exportation of same within three months from date of entry. Such refund will only be granted on condition that the claimant bears a Canadian customs officer's certificate of identification, and the usual evidence of exportation.

Chesley, Ont. has been added to the list of offices at which parcels passing through the mails on which customs duty is to be collected will be delivered.

Under the specious plea of economy the Government evidently contemplates a further extension of the spoils system. The Ottawa Journal publishes a report that the Government intend abolishing a number of offices of secretaries of departments In some cases it is said that these offices were created to make positions for private secretaries of ministers of the late Government. Those who are likely to be affected, The Journal says, are Mr. Benoit, of the Militia Department, who was private secretary to Sir Adolphe Caron; Mr. Jarvis of the Agricultural Department, who was private secretary to Sir John Carling, and Mr. Balderson of the Railways and Canals, who was private secretary to Mr. Haggart. The latter has already received his notice. This action on the part of the Government is creating much talk in the city, as it is felt to be a departure from the position which the Government laid down in the House last session. The Citizen has a very strong editorial this morning, and asks the Governor-General if he does not intend to put a stop to this pernicious practice.

Mr. Andrew A. Allan of the Allan Steamship Line, had an interview with Sir Richard Cartwright to-day in regard to the fast Atlantic service, and the reported arrangement with a Newcastle company. The Free Press (Liberal organ says: "So far as the Allans are concerned, there is a strong feeling in Government circles that they do not deserve much at the hands of the Liberal Administration here. There is no reason why Mr. Laurier should go out of his way to oblige them if he can secure better terms elsewhere."

The Cabinet was in session to-day when the draft of the speech from the throne was considered. Mr. Ethier, M. P., for Two Mountains, is to move the address in the Commons in reply to the speech. Mr. Ben Russell, M. P. for Halifax, will be the seconder.

Hon. J. D. Edgar, Speaker of the House of Commons, arrived in the city last evening and was besieged all day to-day with applicants for positions, although there are very few vacancies on the sessional staff.

Dr. Bourinot, C.M.G., has been elected an honorary member of the Royal Colonial Institute in London.

Mr. Brodeur, Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons, has arrived.

C. S. Hyman, ex-M.P., London, is in town.

Mr. Prefontaine, M.P., Senator Thibaudeau and Mr. F. X. Lemieux had an interview last evening with Mr. Laurier, Mr. Blair, Mr. Mulock and Mr. Tarte on the Baie des Chaleurs Railway.

An Influential Delegation Waited on the Government re the Harcourt Bill.

Toronto, March 23.

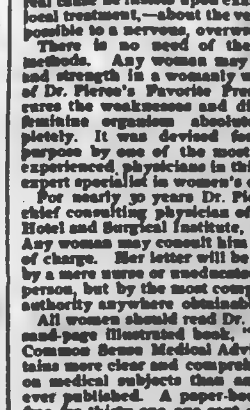
The wholesalers and the retailers in the liquor trade, as well as the consumers and also those who presumably are not consumers, having appeared in large numbers to represent their views on the Harcourt license bill before the Government, there remained yet one interest to be heard. That consisted of the worthy gentlemen who make the liquor; hence, the Brewers' Association gathered in force yesterday to do what they could in the way of argument before the Ministers to protect their business interests, in view of the fact that the bill will in all likelihood come up for its second reading to-morrow.

The delegation included: W. R. Bettles, William Thomas, E. O'Keefe, Widmer Hawke, J. Kormann, L. Reinhardt, L. J. Cosgrave, T. B. Taylor, Hume Blake, R. Davies, Toronto; G. T. Labatt, Prescott; W. R. House, Hamilton; J. Halliday, Guelph; T. F. White, Port Colborne; C. H. Griggs, John Bott, Walkerville; A. Woodhouse, Port Hope; F. D. Brooks, Strathroy; P. Helter, L. Bauer, Waterloo; H. Nell, Peterboro; W. Stevenson, Kingston; Henry Taylor, St. Catharines; James Roy, Belleville; J. McCarthy, Prescott; John Labatt, London; William Ross, J. J. Gibson, Toronto; T. H. Carling, London; William Lees of Weston, Grover & Lees, Manchester (representing debenture-holders on property); T. W. Simpson, Barrie; W. Parris, Ottawa, and E. Dickie, Toronto.

The spokesman was Mr. Z. A. Lash, Q.C., who stated that the arguments of the license-holders were approved of by the Brewers' Association and he therefore would not repeat them. He called attention to the interests which any change in the law would affect. The association was composed of 60 brewers, every brewer in Ontario being a member. These men and those dependent upon them, besides the 2500 license holders and their employes, were interested in the proposed measure. There were seven breweries in Toronto alone, employing on the whole 600 hands, which, of cource, represented a large interest. There was a large amount of capital, running away up into the millions, invested in the trade. Many of the license-holders were indebted to the association for the capital invested in their business. Therefore any change would involve tremendous interests. Any change should, therefore, be warranted on the highest grounds of public policy and he did not believe the proposed changes were thus warranted. The Government could not entirely wipe the trade out; therefore, the question was not one of prohibition, and not one of the morality of the case. It was one of restriction only, and the bill would destroy so much property without compensation that it was worth serious consideration.

Mr. Lash then read an official pamphlet giving the statistics of criminal convictions respectively during periods when the trade was under stringent restrictions and when its operation was not so greatly hampered, between the years 1881 and 1893.

The Attorney-General replied that he had nothing new to say on the subject. Other deputations dealing with the question at issue had heard his views. The points made by Mr. Lash would receive the same consideration as the arguments of the other deputations were already receiving at the hands of himself and colleagues.



"Tears, idle tears, I know not what they mean," wrote the poet Tennyson. But tears always mean something. There are tears of melancholy, tears of joy, and of despair, and those saddest most pathetic tears of the nervous overwrought woman who has been bearing up as bravely as she may under a daily burden of weakness and dragging, torturing pain.

No wonder women weep. The wonder is that they are not oftener in tears for all they have to bear and suffer; and the saddest thing about it is how little their sufferings are understood. Even the doctor, nine times in ten says: "Oh, a little nervousness, that's all" or "neuralgia," or "insomnia," or "dyspepsia." If he suspects the real cause he insists upon examinations and local treatment,—about the very worst thing possible to a nervous, overwrought woman.

There is no need of these repugnant methods. Any woman may insure health and strength in a womanly way by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures the weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism absolutely and completely. It was devised for this special purpose by one of the most eminent and experienced physicians in this country; an expert specialist in women's diseases.

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Any woman may consult him by letter, free of charge. Her letter will be answered not by a mere nurse or uneducated, unscientific person, but by the most competent medical authority anywhere obtainable.

All women should read Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It contains more clear and comprehensive advice on medical subjects than any other book ever published. A paper-bound copy sent free for thirty-one one-cent stamps to pay the *cost of customs and mailing only*. Or cloth-bound for fifty stamps.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

AYER'S • Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoal

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897

A TROOPER'S STORY.

THE UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE OF A BISLEY MAN.

Awoke One Night to Find Himself Speechless, and His Body Partially Paralyzed—Could Touch a Red Hot Stove without any Sensation of Pain.

From the Huntingdon, Que., News.

Mr. Donald McNaughton, of Hemmingford, Que., is not only known to all the residents of that town, but has also a reputation throughout the country as an expert marksman, having on one occasion been a member of the Canadian rifle team at Bisley, England. Mr. McNaughton is a member of the 6th Hussars, and takes part in all the leading shooting matches in Canada, having this year stood third in the grand aggregate at the Quebec provincial matches. Mr. McNaughton has passed through a very trying experience, the particulars of which he recently related to a correspondent of the Huntingdon News. He said:—About the end of December, 1893, I awoke one night having completely lost the power of speech, with a ringing sensation in my head and a feeling of extreme cold in every part of my body except in the immediate vicinity of my head. A physician was at once called in, but despite all he could do the power of speech did not return for two days, and my body remained partially paralyzed. In this condition I continued under the doctor's care until about the last week in March, 1894, sometimes having two doctors in attendance. During that time my appetite was very capricious, sometimes very good and at others loathing the sight of food. What food I took did not digest, causing me much discomfort. When resting on my right side the blood in my body all appeared to circulate in my left side causing great pain in my lungs, and when lying on my left side I appeared to have no blood in circulation on that side. My body was at times without sensation, and I have actually burned my hands on a red hot stove without feeling any sensation of pain. As I was not getting better under the treatment I was undergoing I got low spirited and despondent and saw nothing before me but a miserable life and perhaps early death. About the last week in March 1894, my brother brought me a box of Pink Pills given him by Mr. McFee, postmaster, and urged me to given them a trial. I began taking them, carefully following the direction and before I had finished the box I felt they were helping me. I continued taking the pills, and continued to gain in health and strength, my weight increasing some 19 pounds. Complete vigor and sensation returned to my body, my stomach ceased to trouble me, and I felt better than at any previous period in my life. I have not had the slightest recurrence of my trouble, and I feel that I owe my present health and strength to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and with feelings of gratitude recommend them as a medicine worthy of all confidence.

This great remedy enriches and purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, and in this way goes to the root of disease, driving it from the system, and curing when other remedies fail.

Every box of the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has the trade mark on the wrapper around the box, and the purchaser can protect himself from imposition by refusing all others. Sold by all dealers at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

TWO VIEWS OF LIFE.

A HERMIT AND A BOHEMIAN JUSTIFY THEIR RESPECTIVE COURSES.

Reasons "Why I Hate the World" Given by Hermit Scarrett, and Reasons "Why I Love the World" Furnished by Bohemian Bromley.

I am a hermit. Among the hills I live. I know no human companionship.

Twenty-five years I have lived out of the world.

When a man isolates himself you look with distrust upon him. "What crime can he have committed?" you say. "What horror lies upon his conscience that he fears the eye of man? Why does he live to himself, out of civilization?"

The answer is simple: He hates civilization.

Why should a man live in the world unless he is happy there? Does the world offer him any inducements in return for the life he throws away?

I am a hermit, and hate no man, because I know none; and no men hate me, because they do not know me. If I hate a thing I keep away from it. If there is a snake that will poison me and I am not strong enough to kill it I do not get within reach of its fangs.

That is why I live out of civilization.

There is water near my door, a spring that comes up out of the centre of the hills and right before me, always cool and fresh. What? Shall I then leave it and go down into the valley where there is a stagnant pool and drink of its poison because my fellow-beings are there?

I drink the clear spring water of the hills and it is free and good. No water company controls the supply and shuts it off when I cannot pay my bill. Nature supplies my wants. And I can watch the spring as farther down the hill it joins with other springs and dashes down over the rocks and beneath the trees and empties at last into Lake Temescal, which frets in the sunshine because the hills will hold it there.

The hills about me change from brown to green, and then are sere again. And living among them I have changed from youth to age.

But I have no enemies, and the children of nature are my friends. The birds sing for me. Their music has no depth of human passion in it, but I have ceased to care for that. When your musicians play for you, watch their faces. Is there any joy there, any peace, and contentment? You will see dissatisfaction and jealousy.

The musicians of the hills are glad, and as their music echoed and re-echoes from hill to hill I am glad, too, and my age sits lightly upon me.

Your millionaire who controls vast interests finds no happiness among you, the man who lives in a hut on the other side of the street, and who slaves to feed his many children, is filled with envy. The old man with gray head bent with thoughts of a wasted life and tottering to the grave with ambitions unfulfilled, is he content? The little child who sports on the narrow walks in front of its home and catches a glimpse now and then of the blue sky, or a note of a caged bird, is it satisfied? The fair young girl wants something she has not; the strong youth cannot reach an ideal.

The civilized world goes on and men sin and are sinned against, and there is misery and death among you. But for twenty-five years I have not seen it.

I do not know the laws; I do not break them.

I have no friends; I cannot lose them.

I have no comforts; no one envies me.

I have no wealth; none try to take it from me.

I have no reputation; none can hate me for it.

I am not ignorant; none can look with contempt upon me.

None can hate me because I am good, nor stand aloof from me because I am bad.

I know nothing of religion; and I care for no philanthropy.

My soul is not filled with sorrow at misery, nor is it hardened by too frequent contact with it. Who could live in the world for twenty-five years and say as much?

Could you live one year in the civilization of to day and not know what crimes were committed? Do not the men talk of it on the corners, and the women rush to the prisons? And even to the children crime is familiar.

Could I live among you without an enemy, always treated with justice, never envied nor maltreated, and without seeing want and degradation?

Once a year I journey to Oakland, and I walk all the way.

When I leave the free, pure air of these hills I feel young, strong; when I come back I am bowed and feel old. It is not the weight of the provisions that I carry; nor weariness from the long walks; but the sounds of the city will not leave me, and the pictures of despair that I see haunt my brain.

But the people and their fathers have brought it upon themselves. Sins against nature are punished, but nature alone can heal the wounds which civilization inflicts.

This, then, is why I am a hermit, and I ask for nothing from the world and I give it nothing. I care for no human sympathy, and I give none. I am a man of the hills. If one tread upon me I will turn and sting him. If he leave me alone I will not pursue him, but I will not live among men.

I will die a hermit!

JOHN SCARRETT.

Why I Love the World.

One reason why I love the world is because it is the best world I ever knew. Another is the fact that I love most of the people I know in it, and I think they love me. I have been exceedingly fortunate in making many lasting friendships which I cherish very highly, and which are to me one of the greatest sources of pleasure in my existence.

I love the society of my fellow-man and would not care to live were I deprived of it. It has been one of the pleasures of my life to have people tell me that I bring sunshine into their homes, and it always makes me a welcome visitor wherever I go. My friends appreciate the fact that I leave my cares and troubles behind me when I join their family circle, and that I shall endeavor to infuse some of my own good spirits into those who gather around me. I never allow anything to trouble me if I can possibly avoid it.

I always respect the feelings of others, keep out of controversies and try to think well of everybody.

I enjoy running with the boys, and have enjoyed it for a good many years.

I thought twenty-five years ago that I was getting old, but I have outgrown that. What was the younger generation then has caught up with me. I have joined their procession and will march along with them until they get too old for me; then I will drop out and wait for the next generation to come up. I think the Bohemian Club is the greatest organization in the world, and I am proud of being a member of it. I think the men composing it are the most companionable of any class of men I have ever known. This is my creed, if I may term it so. It presents in a general way my ideas of happiness—the reasons why I enjoy life and why I like to be in the world. I attribute the contented, happy life I lead to my association with my fellow-club members—in fact, society is to me one of the greatest joys of living.

If I must go into any detail in explanation of my love for the world, I must go back a good many years. I have always been Bohemian in my tastes and inclinations, and my whole life has fostered these tendencies. From boyhood to manhood I led a roving life, and, in keeping with my roving disposition, spent seventeen years from before the mast up to first mate. There is no life which teaches a man so much the lesson of contentment and makes him appreciate the society of his fellow-man as a life on the sea, and I think that is one of the reasons why sailors are such a sociable class of men.

My eighteenth birthday will be celebrated here on April the 14th next. I feel that I should like to live my whole life over again. All its privations, anxieties and troubles have been more than counterbalanced by the joy I have found in life.

I do think it is a good thing to be alive, and that this is a pretty good world to live in, and yet I have never known what it was to be really well off, let alone wealthy. The nearest I ever came to being a capitalist was in the directory. I remember well how that happened. I was sitting in my house wondering where I should get money enough to pay my rent when my wife told me that the directory man was at the door and wanted to know what he should set down opposite my name as my occupation. I told her to tell him I was a capitalist, and I have had lots of fun thinking over it, but that was all the fun I have had out of it, for I never got any nearer being a capitalist. I think the directory still describes me as a capitalist.

I am content to be a member of the Bohemian Club, to be with its members and its good fellows and to be around at the jinks.

I certainly must not forget to mention one of the greatest joys of life, and because I mention it last it is certainly not because I esteem it least. I love the ladies with the love that passeth understanding, and without them life would not be worth the living.

It is very hard to know just how to describe all the pleasures one experiences in being in the world and of the world. Some things I might mention which are a great pleasure to me which other persons might not consider pleasures in any sense. For instance, there is a pleasure in feeling that you are quite independent; that you may come and go as you please; that you have a latch-key to let yourself into your own huse, and that the latchstring of your friend's house is always out for you. There is a pleasure in being able to go home when you please or stay out all night if you please. Supposing you do go home and it happens to be early—early in the morning, I mean—it is a pleasant thing to know that nobody will object and nobody will feel that you are disturbing them; that none will find fault and none will complain; that when you come down next day or the same day, you are sure to be met with cheery faces.

Take it all in all, the life I have lived seems to have met with the approval of those with whom I have associated, and I can look back upon it feeling that I have had much pleasure out of it and hoping that the world is better for my having lived in it.

GEORGE BROMLEY.

Water From a Planted Reed.

"When people are suffering from thirst they will resort to all kinds of means to get water," remarked a gentleman who was at one time a member of the United States geological and surveying expedition in the Indian Territory. "For some time we had been without water and were suffering greatly. Among our number was an old trapper, who was as keen on the scent for water as is a hound on the trail of a deer. Finally, he paused at a place and stopped.

"'I think there's water here, if we could dig a well,' he observed.

"'But we can't,' I replied.

"'No, but we can do something else,' he said.

"With that he cut a reed, tying some moss on the end of it. Then he dug into the earth, placed his reed in the hole and packed the earth around the reed. He waited for a few moments.

"'Do you mean to say you can suck water out of that thing?' I asked.

"'Yes, there's water near the surface.

"He drew at it with much satisfaction.

"'Good,' he remarked; 'would you try it?'

"With little confidence in the result I sucked at the reed, with the surprising result of getting plenty of clear, pure water. To my parched tongue it seemed the very nectar of the gods.

"'It's as clear as the water of a spring,' I said.

"'Yes, the moss is our filter,' he replied.

"We pursued our journey much refreshed, and I never forgot the old trapper's device."

Plenty to Eat.

When at its zenith, the Roman Empire laid all the barbaric countries of the world under contribution to supply the tables of its nobles and wealthy citizens with the fine luxuries of life, Asia and Africa poured in the rich spices and fruits of the tropics; Germany and the great north countries raised the grains and wild berries; Italy and the fertile land of the Franks cultivated the vineyards to make or express the wines; every strip of sea coast from the Mediterranean to the Baltic contributed its quota of fish, and the forests of Brittany yielded the wild game of the woods—birds, beasts and fowls—for the banquets of the proud, dissolute rulers of the vast empire. With the choice products of a great world so easily obtained, there were wanton waste, foolish extravagances and a strange disregard of the value of expensive luxuries, and the historian dwelling upon these times delights in recapitulating the various articles of diet arranged in tempting manner upon the groaning tables at the great feasts and banquets.

But, excepting Nero's dish of peacock tongues and Cleopatra's cup of wine with the dissolved pearls in it, the menu of our modern banquets would compare favorably with those spread in the times when gluttony, licentiousness and greed for luxury were insidiously sapping the strength of Rome.—George E. Walsh in March Lippincott's.

Waterproof Varnish.

A waterproof varnish may be made as follows: Dissolve 8 parts of borax and 2 parts carbonate of soda in 160 parts of warm water, and then add 30 parts of white gum lac in small pieces. Stir the mixture and with the aid of heat dissolve it. When it is cool filter it and add 1 part of glycerine and water to make the total volume up to 220 parts.

Not Up on Literature.

A tall specimen from the rural districts was being entertained by his city cousins—two lovely girls—in a West End parlor recently. Thinking that he would probably be interested in current literature one of the girls asked:

"Have you seen 'Sister Jane,' by Joel Chandler Harris?"

The tall specimen mused a moment, then he said:

"No, I hain't. The last time I seen her she wus by Aunt Maria—a-standin' on the platform an' a-wavin' of her handkerchief ter her feller on the railgoad train!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. This is the only remedy known to the medical world that will relieve in a few moments, and cure absolutely. The ingredients of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure are essentially liquid, and hence neither it nor anything like it can be prepared in pill form. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable. If you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. [illegible] shop 122 Charlotte st.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, [illegible]

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

[illegible]

Agent and Ass't Sec

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

— ON —

Tuesday & Wednesday

MARCH 23 AND 24.

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

The store will be open each evening until 9 o'clock.

MISSES CAHILL,
403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store
(Read on.)

Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.
390 GEORGE-ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good *roast of beef*. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Coming.

Dr. Ryerson, of Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel on Saturday, March 27th, for consultation in eye, ear and throat diseases. Hours, 12 to 4 p. m. 3d69-1w

Veterans of '66 to Organize.

The veterans of '66 who assembled together for the first time on the occasion of the visit of the 15th Battalion, of Belleville, last May, will meet to effect permanent organization on Tuesday evening next, at the drill shed, by permission of Lieut.-Col. Bell, commanding the 57th. It is to be hoped the turnout will be large.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, Rectory, London.

Was it Defective?

On Monday Mayor Yelland and Dr. Clarke, town physician, visited Mrs. Geo. Moncrief, who has served notice upon the town, through her solicitor, Mr. E. B. Stone, that she met with an accident owing to a defective side walk. Mrs. Moncrief stated that she fell into an opening on Simcoe-st., near Fairweather & Co.'s store.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and to-day it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

A MIDNIGHT SCRAP

Ends in a Young Man Losing a Quantity of Blood.

Blood was freely shed on Charlotte-st last night, and those who were around early this morning had their suspicions aroused that a tragedy had been committed during the night when they saw upon the mantle of snow big clots of red blood.

The cause is attributed to a fracas that took place between some young men just as the day was opening or shortly after midnight. Friendly tiffs between a number of young men developed into angry accusations, and it was not long before one of the crowd had a blow landed on the back of the head, and in a scuffle with his assailant, he was again struck, having his wrist cut, and the blood poured forth freely. This was all, but the Police Court will be the rendezvous of the parties in a few days, and the trouble will be aired before the Magistrate.

A discovery was made this morning of an iron nut tied in a handkerchief near English's canoe factory where the trail of blood ceased. It was believed the injured young man was struck on head with the "slug shot."

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment o these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few. You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. 366tf

For the Y. M. C. A.

The class of Mrs. Spiers in the George-st. Methodist Sunday school have assigned to themselves the work of raising funds to furnish the reading room of the new Y. M. C. A. with oak furniture. Their action should be followed by other classes and societies and it would not belong before the new building would be ready for occupation.

The Cantata Rath.

Will be given in St. Andrew's church on Tuesday evening, April 6th. This is a beautiful cantata and should be well patronized. The chorus has been at work for the past eight weeks and now have it well under control. Miss Hendren will represent Naomi, Mrs. H. Jones, Ruth, and Miss Clara Belleghem, Orpha and Mr. G. W. Mulligan Boaz. The chorus numbers about sixty voices. Admission 25 cts. Tickets may be had from any member of the chorus or at Mulligan & Potter' music store. 3d69

QUEEN VICTORIA'S DIAMOND JUBILEE

THE CITIZENS WILL CELEBRATE THE EVENT IN PETERBOROUGH.

The Canadian Foresters Throw Aside Their Intention to Hold a Demonstration and Will Join With the Citizens—The Citizens Committee Organizes With Councillor Meldrum as Chairman.

The citizens committee which has in charge the arrangements for the celebration of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee met last evening in the Town Council chamber. Mayor Yelland presided and Town Clerk Armstrong acted as secretary. There were present on opening, Messrs. P Campbell, W H Moore, H Long, J J Hartley, R Thornton, W B Bamford, W Menzies, Councillor Robertson, T Drew, Dr. Burnham, Col H C Rogers, F H Dobbin, F J Jamieson, C W Sawers, E F Mason, R M Denniston and others.

The meeting waited for a fuller attendance and at 8.45 began business, Mr. Bamford suggesting that they consider the matter left over from the last meeting, as to reaching a decision with the Foresters society as to their withdrawing their proposed demonstration.

Mr. Isaacs, for Court Peterborough, said they were waiting to see the results from to-night's meeting.

Mr. J. J. Hartley, Dr. Burnham and others asked the meeting to define what shape the proposed demonstration would take, and it was pointed out that there were several objects which it was proposed to benefit. There seemed to be some uncertainty as to whether the Foresters would drop out, and it seemed as if the Foresters desired to know thoroughly the situation before dropping out and taking a hand as citizens.

There was a wait of a few minutes, during which members of

THE FORESTERS

were invited to state their plans. Mr. Sawers outlined what was required for a successful demonstration. If the citizens' committee could assure the Foresters that the day would be fully occupied, then they would drop out.

Mr. W. H. Moore urged that they should have a general celebration instead of a society demonstration. Surely the citizens as a whole could get up a larger day than any one society. The former meeting had been assured that the Foresters would come into line.

Mr. Isaacs, for the Foresters, said that the society was not bound by any suggestions made by any individual member. The Foresters thought that they should have the afternoon. Citizens could celebrate in the morning, and evening. Besides some programme should be laid out to afford an idea of the day's proceedings.

Mr. Bradburn asked if the citizens dropped out would the Foresters give a demonstration during the morning afternoon and evening, or only in the afternoon.

Mr. Isaacs said that invitations would be extended to the Society throughout the district, and give a general demonstration in the morning and in the afternoon in the driving park.

Mr. Bamford suggested a two days' entertainment. Let the citizens celebrate on the first and the Foresters on the second. It would require at least $1,200 or $1,500 to give a good entertainment, plenty of publicity, good advertising, good notices in the papers and big advertisements in the weeklies. The railway companies would give favorable rates.

Mr. Moore said the whole country would be celebrating.

Mr. W. Menzies outlined what the Foresters had done to further the interest of the day's doings.

Mr. J. H. Burnham said that the proposed celebration should be free. Peterborough should place itself on record as having given an opportunity of

SEEING THAT SUNSHINE

and not shadow had followed Her Majesty for 60 years. The morning might be devoted to a free, and as good as possible, demonstration. The afternoon might be otherwise occupied. It was to be expected that the town should celebrate itself.

Mr. Bradburn moved that the citizens thought the Council should put on a free demonstration in the morning and leave the afternoon for the Foresters, it being understood that all citizens should join in a hearty work to make the day a success.

In reply to an enquiry, it was stated by Col. Rogers, that the day to be celebrated had not been fixed. If the 24th of May was followed by a day in June we could have two celebrations. In England the 22nd of June had been selected. He went on to advocate the claims of the Historical Society on the consideration of our citizens to recognition and said a graceful thing to do would be to assist the Society to furnish the rooms in Inverlea House, so kindly donated to the Society for a museum.

Mr. Moore urged that the celebration should be a citizens' day, pure and simple. He deplored any clashing. The Council could properly make a grant for a civic demonstration, but not for any class or society. He moved that the demonstration be wholly a citizens' enterprise and that the committee assume any liability that, up to the present, the Foresters may have incurred.

Mr. Denniston seconded Mr. Bradburn's motion, and said he would oppose the expenditure of any

PUBLIC MONIES

that would result in a jollification with no permanent results to follow. If a grant were made it should go toward something that would commemorate the day. There were a number of good objects to be benefitted, and several had been specified. He would support any of several. A public demonstration could be held without expense, a further entertainment could be given by societies as a private venture. But above all, by grant from the Council, by subscription, form a fund that would lay the foundation for something that would be a good thing for the town in years to come.

Mr. Isaacs, for the Forester's committee, seconded Mr. Moore's motion.

Mr. Bradburn urged that his motion be voted on.

A general argument ensued as to what was before the meeting. Eight citizens spoke at once. Remarks were not clearly intelligible amidst the confusion. Finally the drift of the thing centered in Mr. Moore's motion to have a citizens' day wholly. The resolution was carried.

Lieut.-Col. Bell asked should they celebrate on 24th of May or on 22nd June. He might say that he had invited the Governor-General's Foot Guards to come here He would require to know in order to determine arrangements for the Battalion on the 24th May.

Organization was then effected, Mr. W. H. Meldrum being elected chairman of the committee and F Brownscombe secretary.

Rev. H. Symonds addressed the committee advocating the public library being established as a free library, and urging that the funds realized by the celebration should be utilized for that purpose.

The committee then adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

"CHINESE GORDON."

The Subject of an Interesting Paper by Mr. J. Coyle Brown Before the Fortnightly Club.

The Fortnightly Club met last evening and, considering the disagreeable state of the weather, the attendance was extremely good.

An interesting paper on "Chinese Gordon" was listened to from Mr. J. C. Brown.

A discussion followed in which several speakers participated.

For the Historical Society.

Mr. Chas. Gladman has presented to the Horticultural Society some valuable and interesting curiosities—an Esquimaux suit of clothing made of sealskin and a minature Esquimaux kayak and other curios from the Mackenzie river region. They were procured by Mr. Gladman while on a trip to the Great North with the Ogilvie surveying party.

Personal.

Mr. Chas. Gladman left this morning for Rat Portage.

Miss Trenwith has returned from a visit at the home of Mr. Geo. McHugh, M.P., Lindsay.

Hon Geo A Cox will move the address in reply to a speech from the throne in the Senate.

Mr J E Brown, of Toronto, is in town to attend the funeral of Mr Wm A Strain. He will be a guest at the family residence, Waterford-st.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cts.

For two years I was dosed, pilled, and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

Brevities

—The Junior lacrosse club did not meet last evening.

—The Monaghan fire investigation has been further postponed.

—The Street and Bridge committee will meet to-night.

—The case in which Wm. Hull is charged with stealing preserved fruit, will be heard by Judge Weller to-morrow.

—Jos. Curtin, was in Police Court this morning on the charge of vagrancy and was remanded until to-morrow morning. Jos. McGlynn appeared on the charge of using threatening language against Mr. J. Carew. He was discharged.

—The seats for the opera "Rob Roy" are now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store, and, as this will undoubtedly be the musical treat of the season, intending purchasers should have their seats marked at once as a full house is predicted. 1d70

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

BEYOND ALL DOUBT

We sell more Dress Goods than any other house in town. You can tell our Goods by that air of style that so distinguishes all Our Dress Goods. You are particular about the style of dress you wear, but you are not more particular than we are about what we sell.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Fortnightly club.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Street and Bridge Committee.
Lenten services at St. John's church.
Lenten services at St. Peter's cathedral.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Foresters and the Public.

In deference to the action of the Citizen's Committee, on Tuesday evening, in deciding to hold an all-day civic celebration on the Queen's Jubilee, the Foresters have withdrawn their joint demonstration on that day. A general meeting of the joint committee of Foresters will be held on Monday evening, 29th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the Forester's hall, Simcoe-st. By order. W. MENZIES, Sec'y. 2d70

What They Think of It.

March 23rd, 1897.

H. Calcutt, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.

Yours truly,
MRS. CORNECKE.

6d

Monday Night's Opera.

"Rob Roy," this charming opera, the product of the combined talents of Messrs. DeKoven and Smith, has struck the public chord and won for itself a reputation which will last it long. The company presenting "Rob Roy" is the finest organization of its kind at present in the country. Each of the principals has star singing part for the full vocal strength. Beautifully mounted. It pleases those who have an ear for light music and an eye for color. This will undoubtedly be the musical treat of the season. 1d90

Advertise in the REVIEW.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

Silver Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Oke celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on Monday evening at their residence. A number of friends and relatives from outside towns were present, and a most enjoyable evening was passed. Mr. and Mrs. Oke were remembered by the receipt of a number of beautiful presents, and they also received congratulations through an address.

Edison's Latest Talking Machine or Graphophone.

It talks, sings and gives instrumental music in a very distinct and pleasing manner. Mr H. S. Pendleton will give one of his popular entertainments with the graphophone in St. Andrew's Sabbath school room on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock. Admission 15 cts 3d70

COAL NEAR WINNIPEG.

Capitalists are Organizing to Develop Some Promising Seams in the Prairie Province.

Winnipeg, March 23.—(Special.)—Several seams of excellent hard coal have been discovered near Lake Winnipeg and Winnipeg capitalists are organizing a company to develop coal mines.

Two case of leprosy have been discovered in Manitoba, both patients being Icelanders, who contracted the dread disease in Iceland. Doctor Smith of the Tracadie Leper Hospital is now en route to Winnipeg, and will take the lepers back to Tracadie.

Rudolf Hering, engineer, of New York City, has arrived here to prepare plans for a complete water works system for Winnipeg, and decide on the best source of supply.

Thomas Duncan, a member of the Manitoba Legislature, has been chosen by Hon. Clifford Sifton as Immigration Commissioner to Scotland. Mr. Duncan left for Ottawa to-day to consult with Mr. Sifton before sailing for the old country.

Manitoba's fund in aid of the Indian famine sufferers now amounts to $17,000.

Lord Sholto Douglass, son of the Marquis of Queensberry, has taken out a free miner's license at New Westminster, B. C.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO.

High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 363 George St., Established 186

ILLICIT STILLS IN POLICE COURT

MESSRS. WM. FAINT, WM. COOK, J. M'CLENNAN AND W. TRIPP

Appear Before the Magistrate—Mr. Faint is Charged With Having a Still in His Possession Without a License—Mr. Tripp's Case—The Magistrate's Judgments.

This morning at Police Court a surprise was sprung upon the assembled crowd when several charges against well known citizens for having illicit stills in their possession were read. The first charge read was one alleging that Mr. Wm. Faint, of Ashburnham, had in his possession a still for the manufacture of spirits, without a license. The case was the outcome of the recent seizures of the Inland Revenue Department. Mr. W. L. Hamilton, inspector of Inland Revenue, and Mr. E. Floody, preventive officer, were in court.

Mr. Faint pleaded "not guilty" and the Magistrate proceeded to hear evidence. Mr. E. B. Edwards prosecuted on behalf of the Dominion Government.

The first witness called was Mr. Jas. McClennan. He recognized the tins which lay upon the table in Court as the ones that had been found in his possession. They were brought to his house by Mr. Wm. Faint, of Ashburnham, about the sixth of March. He had not seen them before. He had been ill with a stomach trouble and Mr. Faint had stopped him on the street one day and recommended him to use soft water evaporated and he had secured the tins for that purpose. He had used a pint evaporated once and then the cans were seized. He did not use them for any other purpose. Mr. McClennan stated he was a temperance man and did not not know the taste of liquor.

Mr. E. Floody, preventive officer of the Inland Revenue department, Toronto, was the next witness. The tins before him, he said, were used for distilling fluids. They were found at the residence of Mr. James McClennan on the eighth day of the present month. At Mr. Faint's they learned that the still had been loaned to Mr. McClennan. The still was used for distilling or making fluids. They were pretty well constructed for that purpose and he had never seen any so complete for its size. It was suitable for the manufacture of spirits.

Mr. W. L. Hamilton, Inspector of Inland Revenue for the Kingston district, sworn, said that one can was a still and the other an evaporating apparatus, the two usually being called a still. They were suitable for the manufacture of spirits. Mr. Hamilton explained the process of distilling and the Magistrate remarked, "If a simple thing like that makes liquor we would all have it."

Proceeding Mr. Hamilton said that in order to obtain a license application had to be made to the collector and then to himself for approval. He had not secured any application for a distilling license from Mr. Faint and none had been issued to him. The capacity of this still was under three gallons. No application had been received from Mr. Faint for a permit to have it in his possession. On being cross-examined by Mr. Faint, Mr. Hamilton stated it was unlawful to have the still in his possession for any purpose. Mr. Faint remarked that they were used in the dye works, to which Mr. Hamilton replied that that was no excuse, but he was thankful for the information.

Mr J J Hall, Collector of Inland Revenue at Peterborough, sworn, stated he received applications for licenses and issued them after they had been approved by the Inspector, Mr. Hamilton. He had not issued a license to Mr. Wm. Faint. He did not receive any notice from Mr. Wm. Faint that he had a still in his possession.

Mr. Wm. Faint gave evidence in his own behalf. He had not had these tins in his possession in Ashburnham inside of three months from the date of this information. The tins were made about three years ago for condensing water. He had not been using them for some time for the reason I had a tin roof made which caught soft water. He did not use river water because they wanted pure water for drinking purposes. He did not know it was unlawful to have these stills. He had not drank a glass of whiskey in thirty years, and never was the means of making it. He secured the still from Mr Micks. They had made it for him. Mr Tripp was the foreman at that time. He took it to Mr McClennan. He did not know when it was taken from his house. He supposed it was in his possession inside a year. He believed it was in his possession in that time. He delivered it within three months to Mr McClennan. He did not take out a license or give notice of having it in his possession. Mr Tripp, of Micks & Cox, told him he could make it. He paid Mr Micks for the tin. He thought he ordered it from Mr Tripp.

The Magistrate did not think the law was intended for a case of this kind, and he was satisfied there was no intention to break the law. He would report the proceedings to the Minister of Justice, and meanwhile reserved judgment.

CHARGE AGAINST MR. M'CLENNAN.

The charge against Mr. Jas. McClennan was next proceeded with, Mr. Edwards prosecuting and Mr. Stratton defending.

Dr. Caldwell was first called and said he

Continued on Page 8.

REV. A. H. RANTON THE EVANGELIST

COMMENCES A REVIVAL CAMPAIGN IN THE GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

The First Meeting Well Attended—An Address on "First Things First"—An Earnest Speaker in Mr. Ranton.

Rev. A. H. Ranton, who has been laboring recently in Port Hope and Toronto, began evangelistic services in the George-st. Methodist church last evening, a large audience, considering the disagreeable weather, being present. A choir of thirty voices led the music, which was stirring and effective. Rev. Messrs. W. R. Young, J. L. Rae and E. Cragg assisted in the exercises of the evening.

The service was not lengthy, concluding shortly after nine o'clock. Rev. Mr. Ranton addressed the audience briefly and his half hour was occupied in an earnest talk, delivered forcibly and illustrated at points with personal incidents. Mr. Ranton had the attention of his hearers from the beginning, interesting them from the start. His subject last evening was "First things first," founded upon the words:

"And this they did, not as we hoped, but first gave their own selves to the Lord, and unto us by the will of God."—II Corinthians, viii, 5.

Mr. Ranton introduced his topic as soon as he read his text. "Give yourself unto God" was a familiar phrase in all religious gatherings; in fact to some it might have been heard so often that it had lost its power and influence. A gift, Mr. Ranton declared, was a voluntary offering given unselfishly. They could not compel a person to give it to them. God's gift of Jesus Christ to the world, was voluntary and to give their souls to God they must do so voluntarily. God would not force them to give their souls to Him, and Mr. Ranton said he believed he was within the province of Scripture when he said God could not. A gift must also be unselfish. A saloon keeper would present a lot of boys with some cigars, two for five probably, but he expected double the return. That was not an unselfish gift. He believed it was right to ask people to give their hearts to God, become Christians and prepare themselves for heaven, but it was better to ask them to become Christians in order to be Christlike and enjoy Christ's companionship on earth. A gift must be irrevocable. In giving themselves to Christ they could not expect to be given back to-morrow. Mr. Ranton did not believe in being "wholly thine" during a revival meeting or three months or six months, but they must be Christ's all the time—a gift once and forever. The speaker emphasized that the giving of themselves to God came before knowledge of God. At this point an incident was related. A few years ago, Mr. Ranton stated he was laboring in the United States and participated in a political campaign in the interest of the third party—the prohibitionists. One day he was told by a gentleman that the Democrats and Republicans were after him and he was asked if he had become naturalized, and replied that he had not. His friends said that his work would become more effective if he did so. Mr. Ranton proceeded to an office and asked for naturalization papers and was shown them. In reading it over, he read that he must give up all allegiance to foreign powers and potentates, especially to Queen Victoria. When he came to that he said "No," and did not sign the papers. This declaration of Mr. Ranton's occasioned a little applause from some of the audience who were overflowing with loyalty. Mr. Ranton said that in order to become a citizen of the Republic he had to give himself up to the United States, and from this he drew his next point, that they in order to be christians must give themselves wholly up to God. The enlightened man who was not possessed with the Spirit of God could not understand spiritual things any more than a seat in the church.

Mr. Ranton compared a cathedral which was admired on the exterior for its architecture, but its great worth was not found until an entrance was made to the interior where one was almost dazed with the magnificent paintings on the windows and ceilings, to the man who admired christian men and the christian life but did not enter the door to enjoy its real worth. Mr. Ranton remarked he had been studying the verse, "How be it that was not first which is spiritual, but that which is natural, and afterward that which is spiritual" with a doctor in Toronto who was a thorough student of the Bible, and they had agreed that before man was converted he was possessed of soul and body, but had not eternal life. Man was born a soulish man, an immortal man, but was without spirit. Into the soul that was given to God the influence of God would be poured. Having given themselves to God voluntarily they became Christians and the work opened out before them. Mr. Ranton related incidents of the work of the Holy Spirit, showing its great effect upon men and women, giving them power to preach and save souls. They all had work to do, no matter where they were laboring, in the store or factory. Many people played with Christian experience, but if they gave themselves to Christ their soul and heart would be filled and then it would be a happy life to live. In concluding Mr. Ranton offered a prayer to God for a special blessing in this revival campaign.

After several in the audience had asked for prayer on their behalf the singing of a hymn and prayer by Rev. Mr. Cragg brought the meeting to a close.

Mr. Ranton's address to-night will be on "The Unpardonable Sin."

Our low prices and easy terms of payment have induced many to purchase instruments and sewing machines this month. See us for special prices and terms for balance of March. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co. d69

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

SPECIAL OFFERING —ON— WEDNESDAY MORNING.

1000 yds. Black Cashmeres

PART OF

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Original Price, 50c. and 60c. per Yard, Bankrupt Price, 35c. per Yard.

This is an exceptional offering of first class goods at a very low price and they are sure to sell quickly. Ladies can get waited on better in the forenoon. Come when it suits you best.

Don't Miss the above Special Offering.

Every department is loaded with genuine bargains for you. It will repay you to come every day to this store and look about, as we have no alternative but to clear out this bankrupt stock without reserve.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT.

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON,

340 George Street.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 29th.

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS . . . WHITNEY OPERA CO . . .

Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN HOOD," etc.

The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST
FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS
SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES,—25c. 75c. $1.00. $1.50. 1d90

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT! PAINT!

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The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

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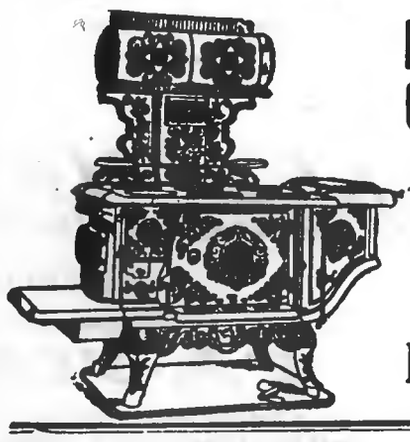

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THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our company.
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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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FOR . . . . CLUB, FAMILY AND MEDICINAL . . . . USE

SEVEN YEARS OLD

THE BEST WHISKY IN AMERICA

Aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

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An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

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The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

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CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhea, Gleet, Spermatorrhea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

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MARCH AND APRIL

AT 9.00 P. M.

(Should sufficient business offer)

To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.

Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE"

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
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1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
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1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
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1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 model	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Felipse" Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Brave Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

of this until we had won or lost, but the temptation was too strong. Tell me you love me, my dear girl, it will give me new strength to battle for your brother."

Of course she does. Who could resist such a lover as Doctor Jack? And, forgetful of all else, they sit and talk for half an hour, when Larry puts his head in at the door, and expresses intense surprise at the couple. Jack calls him in and gravely announces the new compact that has been formed, whereat the dude capers around the room on his toes with all the graces of a premier danseuse, and declares himself delighted.

"If I cawn't have Avis myself, 'pon 'onah, there's nobody else deserves her but you, old boy," he cries, slapping Jack on the back patronisingly, at which that Hercules smiles.

Then Jack suddenly remembers how tim is passing, and so much to be done. Making love is all very good in its place, but when the war is on, the lover must leave tender scenes for a more opportune period, and face the enemy. So he temporarily says good-by to Avis, and as Larry has good-naturedly trotted outside, of course this gives another opportunity for a kiss—it is really surprising how many such chances arise among lovers.

At last Jack is off. He realises how hard it is to part from Avis, now that she has given him the right to call her his own true love, but Jack is inclined to be somewhat philosophical, even in affairs of this kind, and grimly sets his mind upon the stern duty in hand.

Nevertheless, many times during the day he is seen to smile when there may be nothing visible to cause such action—his thoughts revert to the morning's scene, and bring him pleasant visions. He already begins to experience the joys of a new life—it seems to him that he could never have more than half lived before.

Nevertheless, he puts in a good solid day's work, and everything he does is carried out well. To follow him on his round would be the best way in which we might ascertain what he managed to perform.

Passing along the street, he enters a bazaar, and is halted by a cry of "Fezes, in the name of the Prophet, fezes." This is the man he desires to see, and soon a bargain is struck—Jack buys a dozen of the Turks' head-gear—a ridiculous thing it is, too, warm in summer and cold in winter, with nothing to shade the eyes—still, no one ever comes back from the Orient without a red fez, to be used as a smoking cap, perhaps.

Jack has no design upon the national headgear of the Turks, nor is he endeavouring to get up a corner in fezes, but he bears in mind that he will want a boat's crew from the yacht ashore that night, and if they wear this covering on their heads they may be mistaken for Turks, and thus a false clew given that will be of value later.

Jack now proceeds to the water's edge. The handsome little Thistledown is riding to her anchor not a hundred yards away, and a whistle attracts attention on her deck. A boat drops into the water and makes for the shore—not pulled by brawny sailors—that day is past among yacht owners, for every well established yacht now has as a tender a twenty-one or twenty-five foot naphtha launch hanging upon davits. If the captain desires to go ashore a match is applied to the generator, a few strokes of the pump given, and by the time the launch drops into the water the motive power is ready that will drive the little beauty at the rate of ten miles an hour through a respectable sea. It is a pleasure to know that these wonderful engines are a Yankee invention, and made right in New York city.

The launch puts for the shore with but one man in her—it is the captain, who has wisely imagined his new master may desire to have a private conversation with him, and where can a better place be found than while driving about upon the blue waters of the quiet Golden Horn?

Jack takes to the idea, and for an hour they glide hither and thither, while the American talks and impresses several facts distinctly upon the mind of the captain—that he is to have a boat rowed by four Jack Tars at a certain point at a particular time, to the minute—the yacht is to be anchored also at a place Jack points out, where a black buoy marks some limit—each of the men is to wear a fez, and look as much like a Turk as possible, and from the time leaving the yacht until on board again, the man who utters a word in English above a whisper will lose all share in the reward, which is to be a liberal one given to all the crew when they are safe beyond the clutches of the Turk.

Having arranged all these particulars with the English captain, Doctor Jack gives the order, and the little launch is headed for the yacht in order that he may see what had been done in carrying out his directions.

An examination causes Jack to feel easier. If Aleck can be gotten on board the yacht in time, he believes their safety is assured, for the hiding-place between the bulkheads has been so nicely arranged that even the most suspicious would not guess its nature. It has the appearance of a large reservoir for fresh water. The ingenious captain has even placed a faucet at one point, with a keg of water on the other side, in order to further the deception.

Jack is not slow to praise the work, and the captain glows with pleasure to find his labour appreciated by his chief. Having made further arrangements with regard to having a boat meet them at Seraglio Point just after dusk, to take the ladies aboard, he goes ashore.

Achmed is his next victim, and a short consultation between the two results in a further advance of the plot. The time wears on apace, and it will not be long ere they may know just how successful the plan is to be, and whether Aleck Morton will escape, or leave his bones to whiten on Turkish ground.

Having nothing more to do at present Jack heads toward the house—he has eaten a meal in the middle of the afternoon, and it now lacks but an hour or so of evening.

Avis is watching for him. There need be no more secrecy between them now, for they have confessed all their little shortcomings to each other, and are clean lovers. Jack's mind is full of business, however, and he cannot dally long, no matter how pleasant it may be in the company of this fair girl from over the sea. He asks Avis a question.

"Do you suppose you and Aunt Sophie could get what articles of clothing you may need until we reach Rome, in my portmanteau?"

What a terrible question to ask a young girl desirous of appearing well in the eyes of her lover, but Avis looks him straight in the eyes, and says bravely:—

"Yes, if you will promise not to tire of seeing me in the same dress day after day."

"You look charming in anything. We have no time to lose, dear Avis. Go to your room, and explain to aunty. In five minutes I will have the portmanteau at your door. In fifteen you must have your trunk packed so that I can take it to the railway station, and ship it to Rome, which, I guess, is a possible thing."

"Oh! Jack, what if it should be lost."

"Save your little keep-sakes. As for dresses and millinery, we can replace them at Rome—they may be your wedding trousseau. Now, make all the haste possible, dear girl. Every minute counts."

He goes to his own room, and collars Larry, who is set to work on his own small trunk. For a time great energy is displayed. At the end of the fifteen minutes the two trunks are carried off to the railway station by Jack, who has, through Achmed, engaged a vehicle by the hour. He finds they can be sent to Rome, and that is one load off his mind.

As he returns in the vehicle to the house it begins to grow dusk. The time is near when they must depart. Jack has been wise enough to have Achmed as a driver. Another man might have learned too much and betrayed them finally to the Pasha for a consideration.

Reaching the house, Jack joins in the meal then being served. The ladies have their hats on, and are all ready for travelling. Avis looks anxious but brave, and did Jack call upon her to aid him in his desperate plans she is in a spirit to meet him halfway.

At last they enter the old vehicle—the best Achmed could pick up in Stamboul, where porters carry loads instead of beasts of burden, and donkeys take the place of horses very generally, although many Turkish officers own Arabian steeds.

The ride is a quiet one—indeed, conversation could not be carried on in the lumbering old vehicle, that pitches and tosses terribly.

Avis is content to sit beside Jack. In the darkness he has an arm around her, and holds her hand in his. He does not know whether heaven will be kind enough to let him look on this love of his again, and the thoughts that flock in his mind are solemn ones.

At length the horrible lurching, so like a ship riding out a heavy sea at anchor, ceases, and Achmed comes to let them out. They have arrived, the lights on the water show where various ships are lying at anchor, and Jack eagerly points out one particularly bright gleam, saying:—

"That is our yacht, Avis. We shall take our wedding trip in her," at which she laughs a little, though too serious just now to think of much levity.

The boat is quickly found, the portmanteau and ladies put aboard, a few words exchanged, a low order of "let

To be Continued

THE LATE MAGGIE NURSE.

The Story of Her Death Told by Her Pastor, Rev Mr McKee.

Maggie Nurse, aged 19 years, was a member of the Methodist church, Bonnfort, having been received by Rev Joseph Kilgour, about three years ago. She was a member of our Epworth League from the time of its organization, and was always willing to do what she could in the work of the Lord. There seemed nothing remarkable in her religious experience more than is seen in the lives of other young christians. She was a cheerful, consistent christian, and her life brought sunshine into her home. Though there was nothing unusual in her life, there certainly was in her death. If her life was one peace, her death was one of triumph. It beautifully illustrated God's promise, "My grace is sufficient for thee," and left impressions upon our hearts that we shall ever be thankful for.

She had been nursing a neighbor's child while it was suffering from what was believed to be membraneous croup, from which the child died. Some days after this, Maggie complained of a sore throat, and on medical examination it was pronounced diphtheria. Under the most careful treatment she grew worse, and seen three doctors in consultation pronounced the case hopeless. She sent word to me, as her pastor, that she would like to see me, and thinking she was in trouble at the prospect of death, I hastened to her bedside, taking all necessary precautions that I might not spread the disease.

She was an only daughter, the pet of the home, and in the bloom of youthful vigor with hopes of a long, a happy and a useful life before her, and thus suddenly to be brought face to face with death was a sufficient excuse, I thought, for her to wish for her pastor's presence.

You may imagine my surprise and delight, therefore, when on entering her room she she extended to me her hand and said, "I am so glad you have come. I saw you when you were coming over the distant hill. I wanted to see you and tell you how happy I am." I said I am glad to see you so cheerful and strong Maggie, surely we may hope for your recovery and she replied "no, Mr. McKee I shall never be better in this world, but it is all right, I'm not afraid to die Jesus is so precious. "Thanks be to God which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. O death where is thy sting? O grave where is thy victory?"

With the silver tube in her throat she could not speak above a distinct whisper, but her face was radiant with joy, which no words could express. She said again "I am not going empty handed for God has given me my father and my two brothers which are at home and I have been praying for all the rest and I believe God will save them too."

Her S S teacher sent the following note. "My poor Maggie how I would like to come to see you, but I suppose I must not; but I am praying for you, and I am sure you are praying for yourself too, but remember it is not our weak prayers that can save you but Jesus Christ. I recommend you to God." To which Maggie responded. "Bless his name! Jesus saves! Jesus saves!"

She sent a message to a young lady companion telling her to live "All for Jesus" and requested me to tell the young people at the League that she wanted to meet them all in heaven.

She continued to rejoice in God for several days, praying for every one and consoling her parents until 2 o'clock on the morning of Feb 23rd, when she took her final farewell of her two brothers then of her father and mother, and turning away from those she loved so well she whispered "Into Thy hands I commend my spirit," and closing her eyes on earth to open them in heaven. Triumphant Maggie Nurse. T. S. McKEE.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

OAK HALL.

Tea Drinking.

The tea-drinking habit that only a few years ago was supposed to be an infallible sign of an old maid now numbers among its votaries many men who, for one reason or another, think tea better than more potent drinks. Nearly every big club in New York counts its tea-drinkers by the score. They order tea when others around them order whisky. Five o'clock is the tea-drinkers' time, and in support of their habit they say it does not interfere with their appetite for dinner, and is as pleasant an aid to a social chat as whisky or beer. One of the regulations of the navy says that nothing stronger than sherry shall be served in the wardroom, but this doesn't prevent any officer who chooses from keeping whisky in his room. As a matter of fact, however, there is comparatively little heavy drinking done by naval officers in the service. A visitor to one of the boats in the navy yard was talking with several officers in the wardroom one afternoon last week when the senior lieutenant, who had been on deck for four hours superintending the shipping of several small boats, came below, looking thoroughly chilled through. He ordered the Japanese boy who was on duty in the wardroom to bring him a pot of tea. The captain joined him in his drink, and when the visitor expressed his surprise at the mildness of the beverage on a cold day, both officers declared that it was better than whisky when a man was cold.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

No other oil and no other medicine has ever been discovered which can take the place of Cod-liver Oil in all conditions of wasting. New remedies come, live their little day and die, but Cod-liver Oil remains the rock on which all hope for recovery must rest. When it is scientifically prepared, as in Scott's Emulsion, it checks the progress of the disease, the congestion and inflammation subside and the process of healing begins. There is the whole truth. Book about it free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 24, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

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For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.58 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.58 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive......................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 3 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

LIVE STOCK BREEDERS

Met in Toronto and Transacted Business in the Interest of Cattle Raisers

Toronto, March 23.

The adjourned annual meeting of the Dominion Cattle Breeders' Association took place at the Palmer House yesterday. Representatives from all districts in the Province were present, and the president, Mr. J. I. Hobson of Mossboro', was in the chair. The main business of the meeting was the annual report of Mr. F. W. Hodson, the secretary-treasurer, which was finally adopted after a long discussion.

The report dealt with the Cattle-Breeders', Sheep-Breeders' and Swine-Breeders' Associations, and contained much of interest to the stock men.

The secretary says at the commencement of his report: "From correspondence and intercourse, I learn that the general public have a wrong idea concerning the aims and work of our associations. To put this matter right, I will quote a few clauses which form the basis of the constitution of each of the associations. The object of this association shall be:

'To encourage a general and constant improvement in the breeding and management of the cattle, sheep and swine, by the dissemination of reliable and practical information on the subject, by co-operating with the officers of the various fair associations in encouraging large, attractive and instructive displays of cattle, sheep and swine, by holding or assisting in holding a winter exhibition of cattle, sheep and swine, by encouraging the keeping of records of pure-bred animals.

"To improve the judging of live stock by presenting to the secretaries of the larger fair associations, and others who may apply for them, carefully prepared lists, giving the names and addresses of parties who are deemed competent to act as judges of the various breeds of cattle, sheep and swine.

"To instruct and interest the farmers of Canada in animal husbandry, and to forward the interest of the owners of live stock in every honorable way.

"Everyone familiar with the history of these associations knows that these laudable aims have been carried out, and that each of the associations has accomplished a good work, and that the scope of their influence and usefulness has increased each year."

A history of the associations and the progress that has been made follows.

Touching on the matter of transportation by freight and express, the report says: "It has long been felt that the rates charged by the great carrying companies have been in a measure oppressive, and that the trade in pure-bred live stock has been injured, and the progress of animal industry throughout the Dominion retarded thereby, which, in itself, has been a great national injury. The chief officers of the C.P.R. and the G.T.R. have been appealed to again and again, both by correspondence and deputations, and at last we have succeeded. On Jan. 19, 1897, I was authorized by the officials of the C.P.R. and the G.T.R. to issue the following circular:

"The Transportation Committee of the Dominion Cattle, Sheep and Swine-Breeders' Associations has met the representatives of the various Canadian railways, and has obtained the following reduction in shipping rates of pure-bred animals. The rates at which pure-bred animals will hereafter be taken by the Canadian railways are as follows. The charge per cwt. remains as heretofore:

"Bull calves, 6 months old and under, 500 lbs.; bulls and bull calves, over 6 months and under 1 year old, 1000 lbs.; bulls, 1 year and up to 2 years, 2000 lbs.; bulls, over two years old, 2500 lbs.; cows, one animal, 2000 lbs.; cows, two animals in same car, 3500 lbs.; cows, three animals in same car,500 lbs.; each additional animal in same car, 1000 lbs. (must be from one shipper to one consignee, in one shipment, to one destination); heifer calves, 6 months old and under, 500 lbs.; heifer calves, over 6 months and up to 1 year old, 1000 lbs.; heifers, over 1 year and up to 2 years old, 1500 lbs.; heifers, over 2 years old, same as cows.

"Certificates of registration must, in all cases, be produced by shipper. Agents will take note of particulars as to name of animal and age, and keep record of same. Also make note of billing accordingly.

"Pedigreed stock, as above, may be taken without men in charge, provided owners sign the usual contract releasing the company from liability in consequence thereof.

"The above special estimated weights will only apply when owners sign the usual valuation agreement for ordinary stock."

Continuing, the report says:

On Feb. 22, 1897, I was authorized by the Association of Freight Agents of Canada to issue the circular given below, regarding freight rates on pure-bred cattle, sheep and swine from any point in Ontario to any point in Manitoba and the Canadian Northwest.

"The joint Transportation Committee of the Dominion Cattle, Sheep and Swine Breeders' Association has arranged with the officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Grand Trunk Railway to carry pure-bred cattle, sheep and swine in car loads from any point in Ontario and Quebec west of Montreal, at the rate charged on settlers' effects. The charge for a car load of pure-bred stock from any point in Ontario to any point in Manitoba and westward, may be learned from any agent of the C.P.R. or G.T.R., and is published in the pamphlet known as 'F. T., No. 45, Canadian Pacific Railway Special Through West-bound Tariff on Settlers' Effects.' The rate for a car load of 20,000 pounds from any point in Ontario or Quebec, west of Montreal, to Winnipeg, is $72 per car load; to Regina, $90; to Calgary, $114; and corresponding rates to all other western points. (The rates hitherto in force for a similar car load have been—to Winnipeg, $130; to Regina, $164; to Calgary, $202; and these latter rates are now charged for animals not recorded.)

"Under the new arrangement it is not necessary to load all the animals composing a car load at any one point, i.e., part of a car may be loaded at London, part at Woodstock, part at Toronto, or at any other stations on the direct line between the starting point and the destination of the car. No additional charge will be made for a car so loaded except shunting charges, which are $3 for the first stop, and $2 for each subsequent stop.

"One man will be passed free with each car load, and he will be returned from the destination of the car to the original point of shipment at one cent per mile, second class. All animals sent at the above rates must be pure-bred, and shipped for breeding purposes only; and a certificate of registration for each animal must be presented to the agent at the shipping point. After being examined by the agent each certificate will be returned to the shipper.

"Parties who wish to ship single animals from any point in Ontario to Manitoba and the West may do so at car load rates by corresponding with the secretary of the Associations, and as soon as enough animals to fill a car are offered, the car will be forwarded in charge of a suitable attendant. The price charged for the transportation of such animals will be about $6.50 per head for cattle over two years old when sent to Winnipeg. If sent to Regina, the charges will be about $7.50 per head, and to Calgary $8.50. Young cattle and sheep and swine will be carried at proportionate rates. (From three to four sheep, and from two to six pigs usually occupy as much space as one bullock.) In addition, each shipper will be required to pay shunting charges necessitated by his shipment. In all cases the shipper must furnish enough feed to support the animal or animals from the starting point to their destination. Freight in all cases must be prepaid. Pure-bred animals shipped to Winnipeg, or other distributing points, in car load lots, may be distributed singly therefrom over the various railway lines at reduced freight rates."

The report goes in to give an able review of the present quarantine regulations, especially as between Canada and the United States, and deals with a number of important questions.

Delegates of the Canadian Breeders' Association on the Board of the Provincial Winter Fair were elected as follows: John I. Hobson, Mossboro; J. C. Snell, London, and George W. Clemens, St. George.

The Sheep Breeders will consider the report to-day.

In the Grip of the Grip.

London, March 23.—Lord Salisbury has recovered from his attack of influenza and took part in a Cabinet Council, which was held at his residence to-day. Among the distinguished persons who are suffering from influenza are: Sir William Harcourt, the Opposition leader in the House of Commons, Sir William H. Walrond, M.P., the Ministerial whip in the House of Commons, Sir Walter Besant, the author, and the Countess Cadogan.

A despatch from Dublin says Most Rev. William C. Lord Plunkitt, Protestant Archbishop of Dublin, is seriously ill with influenza.

Lost Overboard.

London, March 23.—The British ship Melanope, at Queenstown, from Portland, Oregon, reports that during the passage Officer Barrow was lost overboard. The British barque Albyn, Capt. Williams, from San Francisco, Nov. 13, arrived at Queenstown to-day. She reports having experienced terrific weather off Cape Horn.

EARTHQUAKE AT MONTREAL.

The Disturbance Made the City Tremble at its Centre—Outside Points Felt the Shock.

Montreal, March 23.—A few minutes after 6 o'clock this evening a terrific earthquake shock shook the centre of the city and caused great consternation. Large buildings shook like reeds, and there was a general rush of the inmates in many instances for the doors. At the big Great Northwestern Telegraph building the shock was so great that it was at first thought that there had been an explosion in the building, but on investigation it was found that the shock had been general. So far no damage has been heard of.

Coaticook, Que.—An earthquake shock was felt here at about 6 o'clock this evening, lasting six seconds. No damage was done.

Valleyfield, Que.—A heavy shock of earthquake was felt here and vicinity at about 6.10 o'clock.

St. Johns, Que.—Shortly after 6 o'clock this evening a very perceptible shock of earthquake was felt here, lasting a few seconds, from south to north. Clerks in a drug store say bottles shook so as to be heard plainly.

Pointe Claire, Que.—At 6.07 this evening a very distinct shock of earthquake was felt here. No damage reported.

St. Hilaire, Que.—At 6.08 this evening an earthquake shock of considerable force was felt here, lasting about five seconds.

Three Rivers, Que.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt here this evening a few minutes after 6 o'clock. Houses rocked so that the inmates imagined that they were going to collapse. No damage is reported other than a severe shaking up.

Hawkesbury, Ont.—A very heavy earthquake shock was felt here shortly after 6 o'clock this evening, causing buildings and windows to tremble perceptibly.

Clarence, Ont.—Quite a hard shock of earthquake was felt here at a few minutes past 6 o'clock this evening.

Jessop's Falls, Ont.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here a few minutes after 6 o'clock this evening.

Lancaster, Ont.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 6 10 o'clock this evening, lasting about 15 seconds. Vibrations seemed to be from east to west, with a low rumbling sound.

Vankleek Hill, Ont.—At 6 o'clock this evening there was a slight shock of earthquake felt here, lasting 10 seconds, accompanied by the usual low rumbling noise and undulations, causing doors and windows to tremble and quiver quite perceptibly.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3 65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited; ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—There is a moderate trade, with prices firmer. Red winter sold at 71c and white at 75c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 84c Midland, and it offers at 87c west, with 86c bid. No. 2 hard quoted at 83c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with sales at 25c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 21c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 sold at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 18c to 18½c west, and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, with holders asking 28c for new.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—The market is dull; a car sold at 32c middle freight.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 23.—Spring wheat, 6s 4½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 48s 9d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 27s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Opening—Wheat on passage easy. Maize on passage easy.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures lower at 6s 2¼d for May, 6s 2¼d for July and 6s 3½d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7⅝d for April, 2s 8⅛d for May, and 2s 9⅛d for July. Flour 22s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 60c for April. Flour 44f 60c for March and April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 6s 2d for May and July and 6s 0¼d for Sept. Maize 2s 7¼d for April, 2s 8¼d for May and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 22s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage dull. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat weak at 21f 30c for April. Flour 44f 60c for March and April.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 23, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 15	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt.	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz.	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz.	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

DR. CHASE'S CURES ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "*Dr. Chase's Ointment* will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR. CHASE'S I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jas. Carrol, Fergus. OINTMENT

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

DR. CHASE'S Edmanson, Bates & Co. PRICE 60c. 45 Lombard St., Toronto OINTMENT

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FLORIDA WATER
THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
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Mrs. Joseph Norwick, of 63 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. [illegible]"
H. O. Barbour, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:
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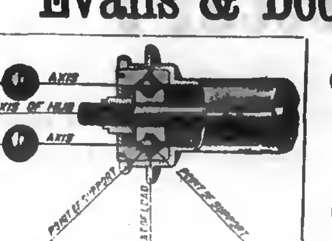

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SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,506,688	$541,628
North American	2,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	2,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

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E. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

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RICHARD B. ROGERS

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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The Daily Review.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1897

ILLICIT STILLS IN POLICE COURT.

Continued from page 5.

had attended Mr. McClennan who was suffering from ulcer of the stomach. He had recommended him to drink hot water an hour before his meals. Afterwards Mr. McClennan told him that he was going to use distilled water and witness was agreeable. He knew Mr. McClennan for years. He did not think Mr. McClennan used liquor. They did not order the use of distilled water as frequently as they might on account of the difficulty in getting it. He did not know that local druggists kept distilled water. He had ordered it from Montreal.

Mr. Stratton to shorten the case said the defendant admitted that he had this still in his possession from the 6th to the 8th of March and that he had no license, but that he had it for the purpose of distilling water. That, although the still was suitable for the manufacture of liquor, the defendant did not know it could be used for such.

Mr. McClennan was then called and said he had been suffering from stomach trouble, and parties had told him how beneficial the distilled water was for such trouble. He met Mr. Faint and he told him that the drinking of the hard water would do him more harm than good, as the lime should be out of the water. Mr. Faint said he had an evaporator that he would lend the witness. He thanked Mr. Faint, who said he would bring the evaporator over. He did this, and witness said he did not know until to-day that it could be used for the manufacture of spirits. He never used it for any purpose except the distilling of water once. He did not nor never did use liquor.

Rev. W. R. Young gave evidence as to the character of the defendant, who he said was a gentleman of unimpeachable character and a staunch temperance man.

Mayor Yelland being sworn, said he knew no better citizen than Mr. McClennan, who was a good temperance man.

License Inspector Cochrane, High County Constable, had known Mr. McClennan since he was a boy. Mr. McClennan's reputation could not be better, and he knew him as a temperance man.

Mr S R Armstrong, town clerk, was also called and said he had known Mr. McClennan for fourteen years. His reputation and that of his family was excellent. Mr. McClennan and his wife were strictly temperance people.

This case will also go before the Minister of Justice.

THE CHARGE AGAINST MR. COOK.

The case against Wm. Cook, of Ashburnham, was next proceeded with, Mr. Roger acting for the defendant. The charge was similar to the others. The still produced was different from the others, but was pronounced to be capable of doing very good work in spirit making.

Mr. Floody was first called and he said the apparatus produced was a still for the manufacture of spirits. He had seized it on the 8th of March at the residence of Mr. Cook. It was empty. He could not tell whether it had been used for making liquor or not. They had found the still upstairs in Mr. Cook's house wrapped up in a paper bag in a boiler. When he told Mr. Cook the object of his visit Mr. Cook told him there was no such thing on the premises to his knowledge. When they found the still Mr. Cook told him that it belonged to his son, who used it for silver plating. He had seen it before, but did not know it was a still.

Mr. Stratton said that they would admit that Mr. Cook had no license and had not notified the department.

Manley Smith was sworn. He said he had seen the still before. George Cook and he had brought the still down from Mr. Tripp's to Mr. Cook's house. They bought it from Mr. Tripp. Geo Cook had a receipe for silvering glass, and they went up to sell the receipe to Mr. Trippe. They told Mr. Tripp the receipe called for distilled water. Mr. Tripp bought the receipe and gave them the still in part payment. Witness said he had never seen it since they brought it down to Mr. Cook's. It was about a year ago that they purchased it. Witness had no interest in the still at all.

To Mr. Stratton—Witness recognized a receipe produced as the one George Cook had sold to Mr. Tripp. Cook got the apparatus to make distilled water. He never knew that it could be used for the making of spirits. The defendant, Wm. Cook, had nothing to do with the still or the transaction in which it was concerned.

Geo Cook was called and told of getting the still from Mr. Tripp as described by the last witness. He had never used the still since they brought it to the house. He told his father that he got the still to make distilled water.

Mr. Stratton submitted that the case had not been proved, as the defendant had not been shown to have known this to be a still, and, knowing that, allowed it to be kept on the premises.

Mr. Roger argued that a technical case at all events had been made out.

The Magistrate said the prosecution failed because the prosecution had not shown that the accused knew the still was on the premises inside the year. He found the case not proven, and was very glad it had not been technically proven, for he did not think there was any culpability in the case.

The hearing of the charge against Wm. Tripp was enlarged until two o'clock.

THE CHARGE AGAINST MR TRIPP.

When the Court resumed at two o'clock the charge against Wm. Tripp, of Ashburnham, of having sold within a year a still suitable for the manufacture of beer wash or spirits was proceeded with, Mr. Edwards prosecuting.

Ed Floody was the first witness and he identified the two stills produced as those he had seized at Mr. Cook's and Mr. McClennan's. He said after Mr. Cook had told him that he got the still from Mr. Tripp, witness went and saw Tripp and asked him if he had any of those water distillers. He said he had not, but that he had made one for Mr. Faint. This was the one found at Mr. McClennan's. Mr. Tripp told witness he had not made any others.

W. L. Hamilton, District Inspector of Inland Revenue, gave evidence that Mr. Tripp had no license or permit under the Act. The copper still produced could be used for the manufacture of spirits. Its capacity was possibly a quart.

J. J. Hall, Collector of Inland Revenue, also gave evidence to prove that Tripp had no license.

Geo. Cook was next called and he told of getting the copper still from Wm. Tripp, the story of which he had related on the previous case. He said Tripp told them where to put the water, but did not tell them that it could be used for any other purpose. Manley Smith and he had took it to witness' house and it had been there ever since.

Manley Smith, who was with Geo. Cook when he got the still from Tripp was next next called. He could not fix the time when they got the still, but thought it was in Feb. of last year.

Mr. Edwards asked for an enlargement so that he might call witnesses to prove, if possible, the time the still was got from Tripp, as if that time was not within one year the case failed.

The Magistrate refused the enlargement, saying that if there had been any systematic distilling he would give the prosecution every indulgence, but the evidence made it clear that if there had been a violation of the law it was done in ignorance. He dismissed the charge.

Another charge, that of having sold the tin still to Mr. Faint, was allowed to drop, as this sale took place three years ago.

The Wright Election.

Ottawa, March 23.—Mr. Champagne, the Liberal, was elected in the bye election in Wright yesterday, by over eight hundred majority.

Y. P. S. C. E. COLUMN.

Paragraphs of Local Interest to Endeavorers Supplied by the County Union

THE WORLD'S C. E. PRAYER CHAIN.

Subject of Prayer for March.—Pray that churches may be filled with the evangelizing spirit of Christ, that the members may dwell together in Christian unity and service; that they may loyally uphold the pastors' hands; and that the great mission of the church in winning men and training them into Christlikeness may be fulfilled.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The sixth annual county convention will be held on Easter Monday, April 19th, in the George-st. Methodist church, of town. The arrangements for the programme have been almost completed. The following is the plan of convention programme with topics and list of speakers :—

MORNING SESSION.

9.15 to 9.45—Business meeting of Executive committee.

9.45 to 10.15—Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. W. R. Young, B.A.

10.15 to 11.20—Two minute reports from all societies of county. The reports to show:
1st. Mission work being done by society.
2nd. The conduct and life of meeting.
3rd. What the Society purpose doing during the coming plebiscite campaign.
All these subjects to be reported inside the two minutes allotted.

11.20 to 11.30—Business — Appointment of Nominating committee.

11.30 to 12.00—Social half hour to exchange thoughts and become better acquainted.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2.00 to 2.15—Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. W. C. Beer.

2.15 to 2.35—Reports of officers and Nominating committee.

2.35 to 2.55—Address, "Can we support denominational Unions and also uphold county and local Unions?" by Rev. J. G. Potter.

2.55 to 3.10—Discussion on above topic. Collection.

3.15 to 3.45—Address, "The coming plebiscite campaign; how can we through this medium advance the cause of temperance? by Rev. A. T. Dykeman.

3.45 to 4.00—Discussion on above topic and appointment of committee to represent County Union at campaign meetings.

4.15 to 5.15—Denominational rallies. Each denomination will meet by themselves and discuss denominational features.

6 to 7—Social and refreshments, served by Local Union.

EVENING SESSION.

7.30 to 8.00—Song service and devotional exercises, conducted by George-st. Methodist choir and Mr. Stanley, president of the Local Union.

8.00—Presentation of president-elect.

8.15 to 9.00—The present needs of missions, by Rev. J. J. Rae.

9.00—Consecration service.

An invitation has been extended to Mr. A. E. Hardy, B. A., President of the Provincial Union, to be present with us. If he can see his way clear to come he will be asked to take charge of the consecration service and will be asked to take part in the discussions of the day. Each Society of the county will be allowed two representative delegates who will have voting privileges, but as many as can possibly do so from each Society should attend and will be made welcome. All those desiring billets should send names to T. H. Martin not later than April 12th, and for convenience of committee all who intend stopping with friends in town should notify us to that effect. These may seem small matters to each society, but they mean a great deal to the committee who have in hand the management of billeting. All that is needed to make this the brightest convention yet held is a little push on the part of the societies in the outlying districts.

We publish a letter this week from Rev Mr. Liddy, president of County Union, which should be read before each society :—

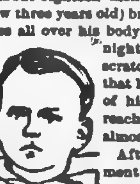
AN APPEAL TO ENDEAVORERS.

As the County convention of the Peterborough Union is fast approaching, we have thought that a few lines to the Young People's Societies of this county would be in place. I have before me a letter from Mr. T. H. Martin, convenor of the Programme committee. He assures me that everything promises to a bright and profitable convention on the 19th of April in the town of Peterborough. We hope that the officers of the different societies will see that the returns are in the hands of the secretary, Mr. E. G. Porter, immediately. Our attention has been called during the year to the Students' Missionary campaign and the Young Peoples' forward movement for missions. I am sure the young people of this county will not be indifferent to this work. As we draw near to the close of this year we are painfully conscious of our mistakes and failures. A new way lies before us, one over which no soul has passed, but we are the same travellers who journeyed through other years, and we drag into the new way many of the things which make the past so faulty and have brought to our hearts so many regrets. New opportunities beckon us on to increased usefulness, but we stand before these grand possibilities wringing our helpless hands. If we are to do better in the future we must get rid of our old weakness, we must lay hold of new strength. Without it we will stumble at the same duties, yield to the same foes. What inspiration and comfort in the assurance that there is sufficient strength for every need through vital and personal contact with Jesus Christ. He is the strong one, and the weakest who allies himself with Him can say, "I can do all things through Christ, which strengtheneth me." This is the secret of the Christian's ability, of his boundless hope and invincible courage. He can look at the responsibilities of life and its possibilities, knowing that the future holds nothing that can vanquish him or bring him dismay. Now, my dear young friends, I appeal to you in the name of the Master we serve if there is work to be done in the home, in the Society, the church or the world, shrink not. Go where duty calls and then you will find Christ and strength for the accomplishment of His will.

J. J. LIDDY,
President County C. E. Union.

TERRIBLE HUMOR

A Little Boy's Sufferings. Covered with Sores and Raw from Scratching. Cured by Cuticura.



About eighteen months ago my baby boy (now three years old) broke out with horrible sores all over his body, which tortured him night and day. He would scratch to such an extent, that his face and such parts of his body that he could reach with his hands were almost raw from scratching. After being under treatment by doctors for three months the child got worse, and there seemed nothing that would relieve him.

He had wasted away to a mere skeleton, from want of sleep. A Mr. J. G. Ahern, of the Gate City Loan Co., who happened to call at our residence, was attracted by the fearful screams of the child, and asked if he might see him. He was brought in, and upon seeing him, Mr. Ahern said, that "while it was the worst case he had ever seen, he felt satisfied that it could be speedily cured by the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES." I finally consented to try them, purchasing the CUTICURA SOAP, CUTICURA ointment, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and used them according to directions. Before we had been using them three weeks, we noticed a decided change for the better, the itching began to subside and a healing process had set in. *In seven weeks from the time we began with* CUTICURA REMEDIES, *my little one was completely cured*, and without a sign of the trouble left. It is over a year since he has been cured; there has been no return of the trouble, and the little man is now fat and hearty, with a beautiful, clear skin.

MRS. L. M. RENFRE, 126 Mills St., Atlanta, Ga.

Sworn to before Jos. F. Anthony, N. P., Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 25, 1896.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," free.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR With Clean Scalp produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

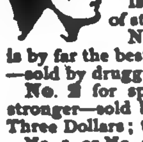
VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
Strengthens entire system
BODY, BRAIN and NERVES.
Lung, Throat, Heart and Stomach Troubles are benefited.
Effect Immediate and lasting.

"For Brain Workers and when expending nervous force Vin Mariani is invaluable.
JOHN PHILIP SOUSA

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA, ALSO FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky

Cook's Cotton Root Compound



Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known —sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

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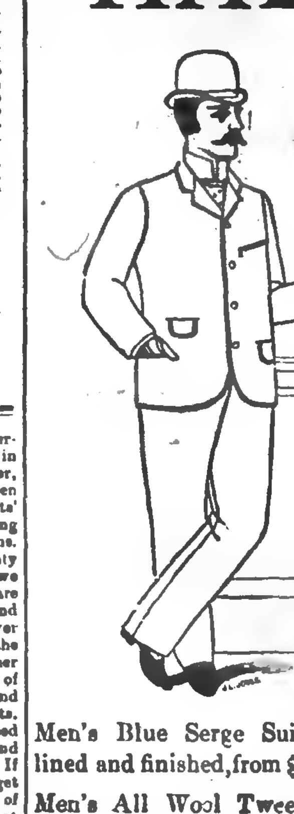
HOWDEN'S BRAND OF
Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

J. J. HOWDEN,
Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

Bicycle Frames Enameled.
REPAIRS, ETC.
See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.
BEST & METHERAL.
No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

SPRING
ANNOUNCEMENT
—OF—
OAK HALL



Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants in both Union and All Wool from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL
The Reliable One Price Clothiers.
W. J. Wattam, Manager

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 71. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

WRECKED THE TREATY

Smothered With Amendments by the U. S. Senate.

A Very Disappointing and Disconcerting Result of All the Endeavors of Lord Salisbury and Secretary Olney, Says The Westminster Gazette—Germany on the Watch Regarding the Transvaal Situation—British House of Commons Proceedings—Other Cable News.

London, March 24.—The St. James' Gazette, in a leading editorial article upon the action of the United States Senate in adopting the amendments to the arbitration treaty reported by the Foreign Relations Committee, says: "The unanimous vote of the Senate has wrecked the arbitration treaty, and this should be a warning to the premature philanthropists on this side. The Senators carried their point with a refinement of the pettifoggers' cunning which enables them to profess friendship for the principle of arbitration while they smother the treaty with amendments which make it ridiculous."

The Westminster Gazette remarks: "It is a very disappointing and disconcerting result of all the endeavors of Lord Salisbury and Secretary Olney. The unpleasant aspect of the matter is the anti-English feeling underlying the action of the Senate."

The Pall Mall Gazette expresses the opinion that "A promising plan has been wrecked merely to please sensational jingoism and self-importance," adding: "Americans generally, we firmly believe, will be thoroughly ashamed of their Senate, more so than they ordinarily are, which is saying a lot."

A high Government official expressed to a representative of the United Associated Presses to-day the opinion that the United States Senate had taken all of the meaning out of the arbitration treaty, and asserted his belief that the British Government would be extremely unlikely to accept it. "We have done without an arbitration treaty hitherto," he added, "and it will not make much difference if we continue to do so for the present."

It is learned at the Foreign Office that diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Venezuela have not yet been resumed, and that the question of their resumption is not likely to be discussed until the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal has finished its work. Dr. Juan Pietri, the present Venezuelan Minister to Germany and Spain, the Foreign Office officials say, has not been accredited to Great Britain, as asserted.

GERMANY IS ON THE WATCH.

The Sending of British Troops to South Africa Does Not Please the Kaiser.

Pretoria, March 24.—The Transvaal Government has suppressed the publication of The Johannesburg Star, the leading newspaper in the Rand, in consequence of that journal's criticisms of the administration.

Germany is Watching.

Berlin, March 24.—The National Zeitung, an inspired organ, publishes an article on the Transvaal situation, in which it says that, in view of the fact that Great Britain is sending reinforcements of troops to South Africa, Germany will watch develoments with the closest interest.

A New Plenipotentiary.

Pretoria, March 24.—Dr. J. W. Leyds, Secretary of State of the South African Republic, has been appointed to succeed the late Jonkheer Beelaerts-van Blokland as Plenipotentiary of the South African Republic to the European Governments. The new Minister will have his headquarters at the Hague, and it is understood he will institute a pro-German policy.

BRITISH COMMONS.

Mr. Pickersgill Wants a Criminal Court of Appeals Created.

London, March 24.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Edward H. Pickersgill, Liberal member for the Southwest Division of Bethnal Green, moved the second reading of the bill to create a criminal court of appeals. In support of the bill Mr. Pickersgill commented upon the present law, which was extremely unjust. In cases where innocent persons were condemned to imprisonment or other forms of punishment, a secret enquiry into their cases by the Home Office was their only remedy, as a new public trial was impossible. Under the present law also, he said, grossly divergent sentences were imposed by different judges for the same offence.

Sir M. W. Ridley, Home Secretary, speaking on behalf of the Government, admitted that the consensus of public opinion was in favor of some alteration of the law as it exists at present. He was not opposed to the second reading of the bill, but at the same time he thought that legislation in that direction ought to be initiated by the Government.

Mr. Pickersgill's motion for the second reading of the bill was carried by a vote of 129 to 86.

FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR.

The Queen Was Exiled Because of a Plot Against Gallioni.

Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, March 24.—According to advices received here from Madagascar, the exile of the Queen of Madagascar to the Island of Reunion was due to the discovery of a conspiracy against the life of Gen. Gallioni. An enquiry into the matter is in progress and many more arrests have been made. The missionaries are said to have been implicated in the split. The silver palace was searched and in it was found the sum of 700,000 francs. The French officials also seized in the palace a number of secret papers relative to the intervention of foreigners in the rebellion.

Mr. Bayard's Petition

London, March 24.—A petition presented by Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States Ambassador, on behalf of the President and citizens of the United States, will be heard at St. Paul's Cathedral to-morrow by the Chancellor of the Diocese of London, Thomas H. Tristram, Q. C. The petition asks for the custody of the manuscript deposited in the library of Fulham Palace, containing the records of the early history of the Pilgrim Fathers and their voyage to America in the Mayflower.

Sir William is Getting Better.

London, March 24.—Sir William Harcourt, leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, who has been suffering for several days from an attack of influenza, is still confined to his bed, though his condition is improved and he is making fair progress towards recovery.

An English Judge Resigns.

London, March 24.—The resignation is announced of the Hon. Sir Arthur Charles, one of the Justices of the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice.

Mr. Sherman Thanks Spain.

Madrid, March 24.—Secretary of State Sherman, it is semi-officially announced here, has thanked the Spanish Minister at Washington, Senor Depuy de Lome, for the conduct of Spain in releasing from imprisonment the American citizens recently set at liberty in Cuba.

INSURGENT SUCCESS IN CUBA.

Holguin, in Santiago de Cuba, Captured by Them—Gloom in Official Circles at Havana.

New York, March 24.—A special to The Herald from Havana March 21, via. Tampa, Fla., says: The insurgents have captured Holguin, in Santiago de Cuba. The town is a very important one, and the news of its loss has cast great gloom over official circles.

It is reported that the victorious insurgent forces were those under the command of Calixto Garcia, who has been operating with great vigor in Eastern Cuba.

A special to The Journal from Havana says: Despatches from Jucaro report that an insurgent force 1000 strong crossed the central or old trocha Wednesday night, moving westward. The garrison in a fort fired upon the invaders. The fort was attacked and blown up by dynamite. The twenty-seven men composing the garrison were killed or wounded.

General Arolas, commanding the central trocha, reached Havana late Monday night, and reported to General Weyler this morning. He has demanded 20,000 reinforcements for the line. If not furnished, he will resign.

General Garcia Aldave's Spanish column recently raided Cuban hospitals in the Siguanea mountains. Six hospitals were captured, the inmates butchered and the buildings burned down. At the Hospital Del Nicho, near Cuanayara, Captain Pujol, a son of a Spanish cavalry officer, who joined the rebels 18 months ago, was found. Like his Cuban companions, he was machetted. Two surgeons and four women attending the sick and wounded were shot. Not a single prisoner was brought back by Aldave's forces.

An important engagement took place near Jiguani, the Spanish force under General Rey being routed. It lost upwards of 100 men. The defeated Spanish column took refuge in the Government forts at Jiguani. General Rabi, commanding the insurgents, immediately besieged the place with 3000 men, supported by two rapid-firing field pieces and a dynamite gun. Spanish reinforcements are being hurried forward.

MONTREAL HAD TWO FIRES.

Ware & Son's Warehouse Completely Gutted and Reinhardt's Jewelry Factory Badly Damaged.

Montreal, March 24.—The Montreal firemen had two bad fires to fight tonight and they were kept busy up to a late hour. The first fire took place on the premises of W. T. Ware & Sons, produce merchants, on William-street. The fire started in the upper story of the building and spread to the other flats. The whole warehouse was badly gutted. It was a couple of hours before they got the fire under control. A portion of the Montreal Cold Storage Warehouse, situated in the same building, was also badly damaged. The total loss is estimated at about $10,000, fully covered by insurance.

About 10.30 the second alarm was struck for a fire which had started in the Reinhardt Manufacturing Company's premises on Craig-street. The premises which contained a valuable stock of jewelry and show cases, were badly damaged by fire and water. The loss is estimated at from $8000 to $10,000, partially covered by insurance.

British Tars Rescued at Sea

Boston, March 24.—The British ship Andrina, Captain Morgan, from San Francisco Oct. 28 for Liverpool, was abandoned at sea March 8, about 300 miles west of the Irish coast. Her crew of 27 were rescued and landed here to-day by the British steamer Ontario, Captain Wise, from London.

Will Put Miners to Work.

Catlettsburg, March 24.—The coal operators of Johnson County announce to-day that in April 1000 miners will be put to work in the New Cannel coal fields, on Greasy Creek, and that inside of 60 days this number will be greatly increased. The branch lines from the Ohio and Big Sandy Railroad to these fields are now completed.

EVE OF THE SESSION

A Big Snowstorm at the Capital Yesterday.

Outline of Speech From the Throne—Bills for Revision of the Tariff, for Changing the Franchise to the Provincial Lists and for a Prohibition Plebiscite Will Be Foreshadowed, as Well as a Number of Other Measures—Funny Break of a Compositor—Senator Cox Will Second the Address in the Senate—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, March 24.—(Special.)—Although this is the eve of the opening of what promises to be one of the most important sessions of the Canadian Parliament, there has been very little stir in town except in the vicinity of the principal hotels. In the halls of legislation to-day a stray Senator or member might be met with, a few having arrived from the far east and far west.

The worst snow storm of the winter raged all day and few people were out of doors. Trains were somewhat delayed in consequence, but if the storm abates by to-morrow there should be a good influx of members for the opening ceremonies.

The draft of the speech from the throne has been approved. The speech will refer appropriately to the fact that this is Her Majesty's Jubilee year, and Parliament will be asked to pass an address of congratulation to Her Majesty.

Bills for revision of the tariff, for the changing of the franchise to the provincial lists, providing for the taking of a plebiscite on prohibition, a civil service, as well as a superannuation bill, and a bill regarding the Northwest Territories, will be foreshadowed, as well as other legislation. There will also be a bill for elevating the controllers into Cabinet Ministers, and other measures providing for departmental changes. Neither the Fast Line nor Crow's Nest Pass Railway is alluded to.

The Free Press, which is quite an authority on Government matters, says that the address to the Queen will be presented to Her Majesty in person by the "Irish" Minister on his visit to London, next June. Everybody is wondering who the "Irish" Minister is, but it is evident that the intelligent compositor of Hibernian proclivities has been monkeying with the type, and has set the word "Irish" for "First."

Hon. Mr. King of New Brunswick will move the address in the Senate, and Hon. G. A. Cox of Toronto will second it.

Mr. W. Peterson, the Newcastle steamship man, is in town and saw several Ministers to-day in reference to the Fast Atlantic Steamship contract. It is said a draft of the provisional contract was under consideration in Council to-day. Mr. Peterson spent considerable time in the Privy Council Department, Mr. McCarthy, Q. C., his legal representative, being with him.

Hon. Peter White and Hon. J. D. Edgar, ex-Speaker and Speaker of the House of Commons, were to-day sworn in of the Privy Council. This is following out the practice adopted by the Conservative Government in Sir John Macdonald's time.

Mr. J. B. Papiante, advocate, of Valleyfield, has been appointed assistant clerk of the Commons to fill the vacancy caused by the superannuation of Mr. Rouleau. The salary is $2000 per year, and the new appointee enters upon his functions at the opening of the session.

Once more the ax takes a swing and another head is off.

Major Harrison, of the Department of the Secretary of State, has been notified of his superannuation. Mr. Harrison was appointed in 1882, and is getting $1400. He is 45 years of age.

J. C. MacDonald, of the Auditor-General's office is to be placed on the retired list. Mr. MacDonald has been ailing for some years past. He received a salary of $1000. He was appointed in 1879, and is 45 years of age.

The Government may be able to assign good reasons for its recent action regarding superannuation, but a peculiar thing is this, that some months ago it was announced there would be no superannuations until such a time as a bill amending the Superannuation Act had been amended. Now, there seems to be a considerable hurry to get some of these superannuations through.

Some of the Galician settlers who were sent from Winnipeg to the Edmonton district are reported to be starving.

It is reported that Brewder and McNaughton of this district are securing one of the contracts on the Soulanges Canal and Guy Campbell of Ottawa the other.

Judge Gill to-day decided against Mr. Lindsay of Aylmer, in the suit against Klock Bros. for $100,000 for loss of a lumber mill by fire which Klocks had leased from Lindsay.

To-night's late trains brought in a fairly good number of Senators and members. Many of them are accompanied by their ladies. Among the latter, who arrived to-day, are: Mr. and Mrs. Uriah Wilson, Mrs. Hendrie and the Misses Hendrie, Hamilton; Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Cargill, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Wood, Hamilton; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Maclean, Mr. and Mrs. Penny, Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Corby, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Frost, Mr. and Mrs. Ganong, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson.

Dental.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street.....
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY. 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67tf

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The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.
GEO. J. HORKINS

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET, St. John, P.Q.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

What Do You Lack?
Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.
The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d6tf

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d49-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 39eod

AUCTION SALE.
BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL Assignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on
MONDAY, the 29th day of March
1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legros, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
TOBACCOS	214.06
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	250.00
Total	$1824.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.
TERMS.—10 % down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.
JOHN HAGGART, Auctioneer. STRATTON & HALL Vendor's Solicitors 66d3

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 206 Stewart Street. Telephone.

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Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.
Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb, 4 lbs. for 25c.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

ALL THE LATEST
MUSIC Five Cents a Copy
VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.
Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.
IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
9½ ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.
Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d168w

Probabilities.

Strong westerly winds, fair; stationary or a little lower temperature; local snow flurries.

R. F.

'ITS FAIR'S WAY'
REMARKABLE ENTHUSIASM Among the Ladies.

DOING a thing counts more than a lot of talking or preaching. As Horace Greeley once said when discussing a financial question: "The way to resume is to resume."

In a similar sense, "Fair's way" is a most successful way of creating an important spring attraction—as was evidenced by the magnificent Opening Exhibition of fashionable Spring Goods which was attended with so much eclat at the Golden Lion on Tuesday.

It was a signal event—overshadowing all other local attractions of an allied character. So much that was of absorbing interest to the ladies centered around the occasion that we have been induced to prolong the exhibition for the remainder of this week.

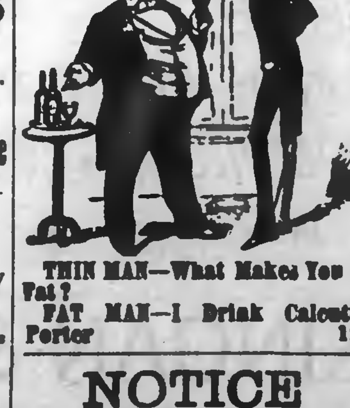
AN ALL-WEEK EXHIBITION

Will only be doing justice to the crowds who desire to become posted on all that is Newest and most Fashionable in woman's realm.

We will make the occasion one of widest interest throughout the house, in which the magnet of price will largely contribute.

An attraction that will be appreciated by visitors will be the setting SPECIAL PRICES for the balance of the week.

ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.



THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

NOTICE To Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to W. Giles, Esq., Reeve of Dysart, Haliburton P.O.; marked "Tenders for Town Hall" will be received up to

FRIDAY, the 16th day of April, 1897

for the building of a Town Hall at the Village of Haliburton.

Plans and Specifications of the proposed Hall can be seen at the office of the undersigned

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM PRUST,
Clerk of Dysart.

Dated at Haliburton this 23rd day of March, 1897. 3d70

A Gold Mine

of health and good cooking for every household where they use the purest and best Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

It makes the most delicious cakes and doughnuts, and makes light, delicious flaky pastry.

PURE GOLD Baking Powder.

CAA 129

MASSY-HARRIS

BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheels.

No bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S
LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

The Welland Vale 3 BIKES Perfect, Garden City, Dominion.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the *Welland Vale Bikes*. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

PERFECT, - $85.00
GARDEN CITY, $75.00
DOMINION, - $60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN

Agents, Peterborough.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives, Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. E. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 53. - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 360 George-st.

"How Did She Burn Her Face"

That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter

Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured

Smooth, Soft, White Skin Now.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:

"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes

Would Be Covered with Blood.

We had a great many doctors to see her, but they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and *her face is as*

Smooth and White and Soft

as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.

N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best — in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897

NOT SUCH A GREAT CHANGE REQUIRED.

It is said in all parts of Ontario that "it is time for a change" in the party in power at Toronto. This conviction will not have to cease a great many voters either to bring about the downfall of the Hardy Administration. The last election left the Government, counting its Patron supporters, strong in the Legislature, but an interesting fact has been pointed to by the Brantford Courier. Our contemporary finds that there were ten Liberals and four Patrons elected at the last election by majorities of one hundred or less, while there were only three Conservatives who had such small majorities. It would therefore require the change of only a comparatively few votes to give these seats to the Conservatives. Such a result would send Mr. Hardy across the House and place a Conservative Government at the head of Ontario affairs, a most desirable change at the present time. The members who were elected by the narrow majorities are given as follows:—

Liberals	Maj
W Charlton, S Norfolk	21
M G McLean, S Huron	22
C F Farwell, E Algoma	66
Hon R Harcourt, Monck	67
J J Fiatt, N Wentworth	70
T W Chapple, N Ontario	75
J T Garrow, W Huron	76
W H Biggar, W Hastings	81
W M German, Welland	91
J T Middleton, E Hamilton	100
Patrons and Inds.	**Maj**
J McNeil, S Perth	22
J Haggerty, N Hastings	30
A Currie, W Simcoe	87
A F Gurd, W Lambton	88
Conservatives	**Maj**
R T Preston, N Lanark	26
J W St John, W York	53
W H Reid, W Durham	61

This was the result in an election when Sir Oliver Mowat was at the head of the provincial Liberals and when every part of the great political engine or campaign machine with which the wily Sir Oliver had surrounded himself was exerted to the utmost. Mr. Hardy can hardly expect to hold the province as Sir Oliver Mowat did, especially in the face of his mistakes during his short term of office as Premier. His deal with the South African Company whereby he has handed over to this monopoly 64,000 acres of our mineral lands is sufficient to draw down on him the censure of every elector in the province. Our resources are too valuable, when we are so close to direct taxation, to be dealt out in 64,000 acre blocks to outsiders. No, no, it is time for a change. And not such a tremendous change in the light of the above figures is required either in order to bring Mr. Hardy from the Premiership.

THE session of the Dominion Parliament which opens to-day will be one of unusual interest, both from the fact that the Liberal tariff will be announced and made law, and from the many interesting questions which the Government will be called upon to answer. The parliamentary reports should be read closely by all Canadians.

WHEN a severe criticism, led by one of the Hardy Government's own supporters, on the management of the Guelph Agricultural College is allowed to pass without reply by the Minister of Agriculture, it is natural to conclude that the critics had hit a pretty straight blow in a weak spot. This is another indication that it is time for a change.

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS

Rev. Jas. Cattanach Resigns From the Centreville Charge — Sunday School Workers.

Correspondence of the Review.

RESIGNED.—Our highly esteemed pastor, Rev. Jas. Cattanach, informed his congregation here last Sunday of his intention of resigning his pastorate of the Centreville Presbyterian church. This was rather unexpected and sad news to many, if not all his large congregation, who have become strongly attached to their pastor and his estimable partner, Mrs. Cattanach, who will be greatly missed. Their place will not be easily filled.

S.S. ASSOCIATION.—The East Durham Sunday School Association held their annual convention in the Millbrook Presbyterian church last Tuesday afternoon and evening, and in spite of the bad roads and stormy weather they had very successful and profitable meetings. The Rev. Dr. Crothers, Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, Port Hope, Mr. Alfred Day, general secretary of the Provincial S.S. Association, and other good talent took part in the meetings.

Easily Satisfied.

A stage manager well-known in the small towns for his ambitious demands in regard to scenery and stage effects, yet who was equally satisfied with the most meagre provision, said one morning to the lessee of a wooden booth:

"In the first act I shall require a regiment of soldiers on my right, a posse of policemen on the left, and a crowd of peasants on the bridge in the centre. Now, how many supers have you?"

"Two, sir."

To which he composedly replied: "That will do beautifully."—New York Telegram.

Love at First Sight.

One of the most romantic stories of love at first sight comes from Ireland. The lady belongs to a wealthy Irish family, which has behind it a long line of distinguished ancestry. The man is, or was, a policeman, who in his bravery in stopping a runaway horse, won the lady's affections and a large part of her estate, which she has made over to him since he became her husband. If love at first was on the lady's side only, she took a practical and, from generally understood principles, a politic, way of winning a return of affection. In a hansom she was in the habit of following the brave policeman over his beat with a supply of provisions to refresh him. When she was not able to perform the labor of love, a servant took her place. All this much to the delight of the officer's brother workers.

They Are Kin in Trouble.

They are having the same trouble in England that is found in America, and that is frequently mentioned here in New York, says The New York Times. There are plenty of homes for the fallen and degraded, but when a woman who has been honest and respectable and hard-working all her life finds herself in want in her latter days, there is no place where she can go. There are homes for the very old, and a baby can find a place of refuge, but of the great class of people between there seems to be no provision.

Between the Lines.

"She says she is 25, but she is 35. I can read it between the lines."

"What lines?"

"Those on her face."—Harper's Bazar.

Extract of the "American System of Surgery."

"Boils are caused by Microbes, (or germs) "called Cocci, which penetrate the skin, "usually along a hair follicle, and unless destroyed they cause Boils and Carbuncles, "being *favored* by constitutional disturbances and certain atmospheric conditions. "Carbuncles are like *Boils*—at *first superficial*, but are caused when the *microbe* '*penetrates deeper*, or into *denser* tissue. All "Boils appear at first as pimples, or pustules." "Quickcure" removes all boils or pimples.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 437 George-st. d66

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A FIGHTING SESSION.

The Matter of Purchasing Supplies by Tender.

In An Animated and Protracted Debate Charges of Favoritism Were Made Against the Government—Political Influence Was Also Alleged to Operate—Mr. Davis Defends the Government and Says the Complete Application of the Tender System is Undesirable—At Night Government Had Only a Majority of 13 Respecting Offensive Partisans' Bill.

Toronto, March 25.

The Legislature once more passed its opinion on the tender system of purchasing Government supplies yesterday. Col. Matheson moved a resolution in favor of its adoption, which was defeated by a majority of 23, the vote standing: Ministerialists 53, Opposition 30.

At night the Government had a majority of only 13 on a motion of Mr. Stratton to withdraw the penal clauses of the offensive Partisans' bill.

Col. Matheson opened a protracted debate by moving: That this House is of the opinion that the tender system of purchasing supplies for the public institutions of the province, and for the stationery required for the public use should be adopted in lieu of the system at present carried on.

Discussing his motion, the member for South Lanark contended that the tender system was the best which could be adopted by the Government for purchasing purposes. He complained of the large orders given to Government favorites, among others $50,000 being supplied to Hamilton Asylum alone without tenders, and only $30,000 worth by tender.

Mr. Garrow of West Huron thought that the Government were now purchasing everything by tender which they practically could. If the previous speaker had gone into details he would find that out. The Government were at one with the Opposition in favoring the tender system, where it would be practicable. The Government did all their business economically.

Mr. St. John challenged the statement that everything was being bought by tender that could be bought in that way. Tea and soda were articles which could be purchased by tender, and, in fact, he would go far enough to say that everything could be safely bought in that way.

Hon. E. J. Davis defended at some length the conduct of his department, which, he said, was largely supplied by tender. There were many articles which could not be so purchased, as only small quantities were required. The first assertion of the resolution was unfair; it would give the impression to the country that nothing was purchased for the Government institutions by tender. He contended that the Government principle of purchasing what was possible by tender was a sound one. If it could be shown that any article not on the "tender" list should be there the Government would put it there.

Mr. Marter argued that the money belonged to the people, not to the Government, and should, therefore, be handled economically. He claimed that it should not be used in a way that would appear like favoritism. The supplies could all be purchased by tender. The grade and quality wanted could be published and then the department could also ask for samples. Good quality would be assured, therefore, if capable men were in charge of the institutions, but he did not believe that the men in charge were capable, being merely old party workers. The Warden of Kingston Penitentiary had stated under oath before the Public Accounts Committee that he believed the tender system to be a most advantageous one in buying goods. Wherever it was possible to learn by the invoice the quality of the goods the tender system should be adopted. The Government would also be allowed a discount if they paid cash for their goods and thus save a large sum of money. He had written to all the county clerks, and had learned that over three-fourths of the counties bought their supplies by tender. He objected to having the Government go to their own supporters and give them the preference when purchasing goods. *All things being equal*, it was but right to give Reformers the preference, but when Conservatives were willing to undersell them they should be given an opportunity. He refuted the previous speaker's argument that similar institutions under similar Governments did not use the tender system. He knew at least that the asylums of New York State were supplied in that way. The bursars, he concluded, were instructed to purchase *supplies from Liberals*.

Mr. J. T. Middleton of Hamilton concluded the debate. He resented Mr. Marter's remarks about the bursars and stated that Conservative dealers supplied as much to the Hamilton Asylum as did Liberals.

Mr. Kerns of Halton did not see why butter should be bought by tender when cheese was not, and flour and meal were respectively dealt with in the same inconsistent manner. Sugar was another article which could well be purchased by tender.

Messrs. Cleland, Reid and Little were followed by Mr. Crawford, who argued that it was only *owing to the persistent criticism* of the Opposition that the Government did any tendering at all. He thought if the members to the Speaker's left kept it up that the tender system would be adopted in *toto*.

Mr. Whitney condemned the compilation of figures presented by Mr. Davis as being unjust in their comparison to foreign institutions.

The Minister arose to say that the figures were carefully compiled.

Mr. Whitney concluded from that that there must be something crooked in the conduct.

It was exactly five minutes to 6 when the Speaker put the question, and the House divided. The result on a straight party division was a larger majority for the Government than they had had during the session, namely, 23 on a vote of 53 to 30.

The pairs were as follows: Craig with Reid of Durham, Bronson with Miscampbell, Magwood with McCallum, Conmee with Brown and Harty with Ryerson.

Of the Patrons, Messrs. Bennett, Caven, McNaughton, McNeil, McNichol and Robertson supported the Government.

After the passing of a number of bills in committee in the evening, Mr. McNichol moved a resolution in favor of a radical enlargement of the powers of the Division Courts of the province.

In support of his motion, the Patron member referred to the Division Court as the "poor man's court." It was often very inconvenient for poor people to pay the expense of attendance at the County Courts, and, therefore, he thought the jurisdiction of the Division Courts should be enlarged to render this unnecessary. Continuing, he quoted to show the amount of business done by each court, from which he deduced that there was six times as much business done in the Division Courts as in any other courts. The Division Courts were no expense to the province, being self-sustaining. The same judge presides at the County Courts as at the Division Courts, and, therefore, it would be more economical to try money cases in the latter courts.

The Attorney-General said he had introduced measures himself extending the jurisdiction of the Division Courts. The county judges had already business enough to take them away from the county towns a great part of the year. It would be a serious thing to have these judges tied up for three or four days presiding over a case involving only a few dollars. The County Court judges had not been selected to preside over such cases as the motion would require. The change involved would revolutionize the judicial system. The Division Courts might perhaps be extended to a certain degree, but not as far as the motion would propose. The demand for a change such as was proposed was chiefly made by those who would benefit by it by means of fees or emoluments. He thought it would be better to withdraw the motion.

Mr. Whitney agreed with the Attorney-General's views. If the mover had his way in the matter it would no longer be called "the poor man's court." If the change were brought about there would be hurried trials, jurors and paraphernalia would have to be adopted and the poor man's suit would be delayed to the end of the session of the court. Therefore the mover's intentions would not be met should his motion carry. The proper manner to carry out such a change would be to introduce a bill and not a simple resolution, such as the one under consideration.

Mr. Haycock could not discuss the matter from a legal standpoint, but he knew the country was agitating for the enlargement of the Division Court's jurisdiction. As far as a reorganization of the whole judicial system was concerned, it would be no great calamity if it were reorganized. The motion would not be pressed to a division.

Messrs. Garrow, Howland and Chapple concluded the debate and Mr. McNichol withdrew his motion.

Mr. German moved for an order of the House for a return of copies of the evidence taken by the arbitrators appointed under the Niagara Falls Park Act, relating to those properties taken for park purposes, known as the "Davis properties," and the judgment and findings of the arbitrators thereon. Also copies of all agreements entered into by the Government or the Park Commissioners, relating to the carrying on of business transactions within the limits of the park as originally constituted. The return will be brought down.

Dr. Willoughby moved for a return showing cost of or purchase money paid for the Ontario Agricultural College, acreage of the property, together with the amount of land now under cultivation; expenditure thereon, since its establishment, upon buildings, stock, fencing, drainage and all other accounts; together with receipts from students in fees, sale of stock, produce and other sources.

The motion was carried.

Mr. Kerns' motion was also carried for a return of the names of all persons or municipalities, who, during the years 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896 *made application* to the Gov-

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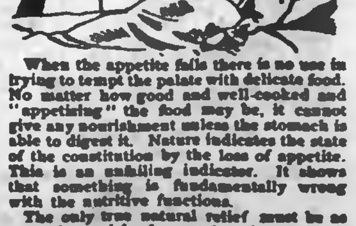


When the appetite fails there is no use in trying to tempt the palate with delicate food. No matter how good and well-cooked and "appetizing" the food may be, it cannot give any nourishment unless the stomach is able to digest it. Nature indicates the state of the constitution by the loss of appetite. This is an unfailing indicator. It shows that something is fundamentally wrong with the nutritive functions.

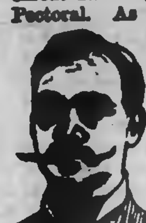
The only true natural relief must be as searching and fundamental as the trouble it aims to overcome. It is the thorough deep-searching character of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which causes the marvelous efficacy in all bilious and digestive difficulties. It creates that healthful vitality of the entire digestive and nutritive organism which produces both the natural desire for food and the organic capacity to assimilate and transform it into nourishing, revivifying blood and healthy tissue. It gives appetite, digestion and sound sleep, and builds up solid muscular strength and vital nerve-energy.

H. H. Thompson, Esq., of P. O. Box 4, Kipple, Blair Co., Penn'a, writes: "I had been troubled with extreme vomiting in summer season, always after eating; had to be very careful at times to get anything to stay on my stomach at all; had been taking other medicines, but without effect. I heard a friend speak of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and thought I would give it a trial. I used eight five bottles of it and think it is the only medicine that did me any good, as I have a splendid appetite now, and am not using any medicine at all and don't think I need any more."

A man who is suffering from the evil effects of constipation doesn't feel like work, and can't even enjoy his leisure hours. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a sure, swift, safe, and permanent cure for constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. Dishonest druggists try to get you to take a substitute for the sake of the added profit.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,



AYER'S Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D. Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoal
Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897

NORWOOD NEWS

A Budget of Interesting Personal Paragraphs—Death of Mrs. Caldwell.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Miss Nellie Stephenson has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Rutherford....Mr. A J Raddon, of Peterborough, was home over Sunday....Mr. and Mrs G B Cameron and their two daughters, of San Francisco, have returned from California and are spending a few days at Mr. W. E Roxburgh's....Mrs. R A Hamilton, of Peterborough, has been spending a few days with Mrs. Wm. Rutherford....Mr. David Hunter was home on Sunday....Miss G Thompson, of Peterborough, who attended the Model school here last fall, spent Sunday with Miss Becca Scott....Mr. and Mrs. Alex Robertson and daughters, of Toronto, are stopping at his father's home....Mrs. Wm Rutherforford is visiting in Toronto this week.. On Saturday Mr. Ashe entertained a number of our young people at Hastings.

THE FINIS.—On Thursday evening every one took advantage of the last skating. The ice was good and every one was trying to make the best of it.

DEATH.—On Saturday Isabella, wife of Thos Cardwell, passed away at he home in Asphodel. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock on Monday and the remains were interred in the Westwood cemetery.

The Revd. S. Riopel, M.D., county Jacques-Cartier, writes: "I have had considerable experience with Dr. Ievers' 'Quickcure' and have always found it *surprisingly effective, answering fully*, when directions were observed, *the several claims* of its author. It relieves pain in an incredibly short time."

For Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Sides or Chest, spread "Quickcure" on linen or cotton, as for Burns, and cover with cotton batting, or even paper, over which put a bandage to keep all in place and protect the clothing. Many physicians will not prescribe or allow use of ordinary plasters, as so many of them contain Belladonna and Aconite, and sometimes these drugs may be absorbed by the system and cause serious disturbances. Plasters made of "Quickcure" have been recommended, as being entirely free from anything which could possibly injure even a child, and no plaster removes pain so quickly.

In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the back, chest and neck well: flannel cloths wrung out of hot water will not injure "Quickcure," but aid its effect.

VANDALISM IN GREENWOOD.

A Portion of One of the Pillows of the Grant Sarcophagus Chipped Away.

New York, March 24.—The Herald says: Some vandal, actuated doubtless by a mania for curio collections, desecrated what will be the last resting place of General Grant on Monday night or early yesterday morning by chipping away a considerable quantity of stone from the upper surface of one of the granite pillow blocks, which support the head and foot of the great sarcopagus. From all appearances it was the work of an expert stone-cutter, and there is every indication that the person who handled the chisel was frightened away before having completed the task he had set himself to do. The pillow blocks are of a deep reddish brown granite, the same as the sarcophagus itself.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

OAK HALL.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

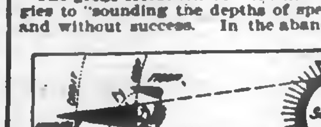
OUR INVISIBLE MOON.

HAS THE EARTH MORE THAN ONE MOON.

Wonderful Field of Speculation Opened Up by the Latest Discovery—The Wabble of the North Pole—Interesting Astronomical Diagrams.

The latest alleged startling discovery in the realm of astronomical science gives peculiar emphasis to the timeworn proverb that "people are blind to what is going on under their noses." Ever since astronomy has enchained the attention of men they have been assiduously seeking to learn more about the far distant orbs of the celestial universe than was known to their predecessors. From the time when the time when the first rude spyglass was constructed down to the present day of highly developed telescopes astronomers have swept the midnight skies in eager search after some fragment of knowledge to add to the meagre store of the scholar. Almost invariably the object of research was a far-distant star. The confines of the stellar galaxy attracted greater than did its nearer centre.

The great Herschell devoted his energies to "sounding the depths of space," and without success. In the abandonment of the peculiar fascination of attempting to solve the infinite the finite seems to have been forgotten. We know less about our nearest neighbor the moon, than we do about Mars; less about Mars than we do of the sun. We have placed in the balance and actually weighed every one of the members of the solar system, even to the giant planets Uranus and Neptune, which are so far away as to be invisible to the naked eye; and yet we do not know the shape of our own moon, and the best scientists are divided in opinion as to whether it possesses an atmosphere or not. We have constructed a perfect map of Mars and determined his continents and seas, but we are unable to say what causes the radiant streaks which emanate from the huge Tycho Brahe mountain upon the moon, not 300,000 miles away.

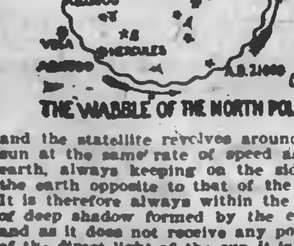


POSITION OF THE INVISIBLE MOON.

The discussion of the physical characteristics of the earth cannot properly be called astronomical, and yet it cannot be excluded from that branch of science. The movements of the earth, while purely within the domain of mathematical physics, can only offer a means of solution by a careful study of astronomy.. We are apt to speak of the "stable earth." As a matter of fact the earth reels like a drunken man. At no time does she pursue an undeviating, stead course, nor are her movements regular. Her erratic wanderings, if duplicated at all, can occur only at such long intervals of time as to appall the human conception in the attempt to comprehend the immense line of figures that are necessary to express the possible recurrence of a single movement. The north star is popularly supposed to be a fixed point. It is not. What is known as Polaris is the present north star, but 13,000 years ago the north pole of the earth pointed to the brilliant Vega, and will again in course of time.

The accompanying little diagram will show the path marked out by the north pole among the stars—a wavy circle, says The San Francisco Call. This condition is brought about by what is known as the "procession of the equinoxes." The sun is swiftly traveling through space, and carrying with him all the members of his system, of which our earth is one; so that, as the earth sweeps over the mighty orbit of the solar system, her pole describes a circle. But it is not a perfect circle. She is constantly nodding, and this movement, which is a real wabble, is termed the earth's nutation. Our scientific men have sought to account for this wabble by seeking its cause in the attractive forces of the sun and the moon—that is, when the sun and moon are on the same side of the earth their "pull" upon the earth would be greater than when the sun was on one side and the moon on the opposite; thus the earth would be swayed a little out of her true orbit as the relative position of the sun and moon changed. Granted that this is the true solution, then the "wabble" ought to exhibit some degree of uniformity. It does not. Next, it is attempted to further explain the "wabble" by supplying the law of perturbation—the eects of attraction exercised by other stellar bodies. Every particle of matter in tahe universe attracts every other particle of matter. But after all the known causes have been diligently exploited and applied, the fact remains that there are "wabbles" which are unaccounted for.

Recently a gentleman of established reputation as a mathematician, and an astronomer of no mean accomplishments, residing on the California coast, has announced to a few of his most intimate friends that he has found the cause of these mysterious perturbations of the earth in an invisible statellite. The lately discovered second moon of the earth has an orbit which is extraneous to that of the earth's,



THE WABBLE OF THE NORTH POLE.

and the statellite revolves around the sun at the same rate of speed as the earth, always keeping on the side of the earth opposite to that of the sun. It is therefore always within the cone of deep shadow formed by the earth, and as it does not receive any portion of the direct light of the sun it is consequently invisible to us, just as is the visible moon when it is eclipsed in the earth's shadow. The exact size or diameter of the invisible moon cannot now be definitely stated, inasmuch as its peculiar situation renders it always obscured from optical measurement. Its mass has, however, been calculated by computing the effect it produces in swaying the earth and the visible moon, and is placed at about one thousandth that of the earth, or 6,000,000,000,000,000,000 tons. Supposing its intensity to be equal to that of our visible moon, which is three and a half times that of water, it would be somewhere about fifteen hundred miles in diameter. Its axial revolution is yet unknown.

In one way only can ocular demonstration be had of the existence of our invisible statellite, and that is found in the occulation of stars caused by its passage between them and the earth. Such phenomena coul donly be momentary, and by reason of its extreme briefness may be well overlooked even by trained observers specially on watch for such occurrences. It is, however, no infrequent thing for for such phenomenon to receive notice.

A wonderful field of speculation is opened up by the latest discovery. Is the invisible statellite a portion of the original earth as is the visible moon now supposed to be? Why does it not revolve around the earth? Has magnetism or electricity any part in causing it to maintain its position? Is it receding from the earth? [Its distance is now about 1,000,000 miles from the earth.] Is it some wandering body like a comet which has fallen within the scope of the earth's attraction and held captive to our ball? These and many other questions of like character naturally present themselves. They will undoubtedly stimulate research into cosmical phenomena to a greater degree than ever before.

DRAWN BY A BIG MAGNET.

Metal Particles Now Extracted From the Eye by Its Aid.

There is in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary a marvellous magnet of sufficient power to lift sixteen pounds, but its lifting power is as nothing when compared to its gift for saving the sight of human eyes.

Every mental worker, every iron worker, every man who works where paticles of metal of any sort fly about is likely to get such a splinter in his eye. Time was when that meant blindness, for there is no operation that ever becomes necessary to perform on any human organ which is more delicate than an operation involving the retention or loss of the eyesight.

One would think that a magnet possessing sufficient electrical attraction to lift a substance weighing sixteen pounds, with a two-inch contact, would bring anything out of an eye. It so happens that when an eye which has become the unhappy possessor of a fragment of iron or steel is brought near this magnet the present and location of the metal is immediately made manifest by a bulging of the coats of the eyeball. This is the exact spot located, and with the attraction continued at full limit the matter of the extraction o fthe particle becomes simple.

The magnet rests on a swivel, and this swivel is placed on a stand. The magnet itself is twenty-four inches from pole to pole. It is formed of two cylindrical parts, each of which is wrapped with wire. Without the wrapping one section of the magnet is about a foot in diameter. The two poles are joined by a metal bar, circular in form, its diameter being three inches, and its length the same. There extends from the outer end of each cylinder a series of top-like extensions about four inches long, which terminate with pointed pegs.

The circular bar which joins the two wrapped cylinders rests upon another bar, also circular in form, of the same diameter, upon which it swings by means of a swivel. This bar rests upon a wooden platform eight inches square, at each corner of which is a peg, knobbed at the top. To each of these pegs an electric wire is fastened, and every wire extends up along the wall near which the magnet stands.

HUGE MAGNET AT WORK.

The eight-inch platform rests on a square block about three inches in height, and it in turn rests upon a table which is about two feet square.

When a patient comes to the doctor, under the old method, to be treated for an injury to the eye he is seated in a chair with a headrest, facing a good light. The doctor first steadies the eyeball with the thumb and forefinger of his left hand. Should he discover that the bit of metal is very minute and not to be readily seen, he calls an assistant, who focuses the light upon the eye by means of a large six-inch reading lens. When he finds that the particle can be seen nicely he takes the gourge of the bistoury, the two dainty and yet terrorizing instruments of the eye specialist, and with the point of either he makes an insertion beneath the particle, and in a moment, if the surgeon is skillful, the metal is out upon the surface.

It must not be understtod that the use of the magnet renders altogether unnecessary the instruments referred to. The attraction of the magnet causes the surface of the eyeball beneath which the bit of metal is lodged to bulge out, showing the exact position of the particle. This is where the surgeon finds it necessary to use the gouge or the bistoury, just as in an operation where the magnet was not used. The advantage in this case is found in the fact that there is no delay or doubt as to the location of the offending particle.

How is it when the particle merely adheres to the surface of the eyeball instead of penetrating the tissue in great degree? Eye an magnet are brought into juxtaposition. The eyeball is bared to the full extent of the electric current. In less time than an eye twinkles the particle as if endowed with life, fairly leaps from the eyeball to the magnet's surface.

Jackets for Spring.

Jackets have proved so popular this winter that it is very probable they will be carried over into the spring, although, of course, in thinner, lighter and handsomer cloths.

The prettiest jackets are those in French gray and other light but negative tones, which look well upon almost every complexion, and which set off the skirt beneath and the hat above.

Another pretty jacket for spring wear is a half coat and half jacket. It has a moderate storm collar, is tailor made and smoothly fitting. The upper sleeve is half covered with large puffs, but runs quite close to the arm all the rest of the way down to the wrist.

No particular color as yet holds the advantage, the different tints exhibited thus far being fawn, Havana brown, snuff brown, seal brown, French gray, olive, dark bottle green, sepia, laurel, burnt sienna, reseda, tan and russet.

Somebody Must Have Told Him.

"They dell me dot you can mein charactder by mein handt dell?"

"Certainly; it is the privilege of the occult. To begin with you are a German."

"Ach! lieber. It is wonderful"

MUNYON'S
GOOD WORK!

HE CHANGES SUFFERING AND SORROW TO HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

SICK PEOPLE CURED!

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies Place the Means of Self Cure within the Reach of All.

Rich and Poor Alike Provided With Home Remedies That May be Relied Upon as Sure Specifics for all Diseases—Get Munyon's Guide to Health From Your Nearest Druggist—Buy a 25-cent Munyon Remedy and Cure Yourself.

With Munyon's Remedies every one can become his own doctor. No experimenting, no guess-work, no purging, no nauseous doses. The cure is certain, quick and permanent. Munyon's system is to build up, not tear down; to strengthen, not to weaken. If you are sick, cast aside all other medicines, bury prejudice; step into the nearest drug store, and ask for a Munyon "Guide to Health." It will cost you nothing, and will tell you how to cure yourself and save doctor's bills. A twenty-five-cent vial of one of Munyon's Remedies may be all that you need to cure yourself, after everything else has failed. In any event, your cure will cost you but a trifle. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients in all parts of the country attest the wonderful efficacy of Munyon's Remedies in the cure of every curable disease.

Munyon's Remedies at all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S
BAKING
POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

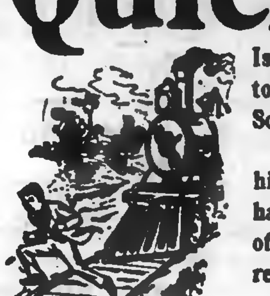
CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WILL RUN
SETTLERS'
TRAINS FROM TORONTO
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the
CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.20 p.m. (noon) on these dates.
Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE"

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

"THE ENEMY IN CAMP"
is the "substitution fraud" styled "Just as good.
Just as good as
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEA
Doesn't Exist, and never did.
Sold in lead packets only. Never in Bulk. All Grocers

Quickcure



Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

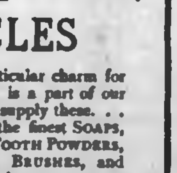
Bicycle Frames Enameled.
REPAIRS, ETC.
See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.
BEST & METHERAL.
No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.



NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
[illegible]
Agent and Ass't Sec

OUR MILLINERY SHOW ROOMS

Now Open, with

SPRING STYLES!

The Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Spring Stock of Millinery which will consist of the latest New York and Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets. The newest designs in Trimmings and all the Novelties to be found in the market, including

Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Ospreys, etc. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks, Blouses.

MISSES CAHILL,
403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store
Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.
396 GEORGE ST.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH
Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge succesent W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Coming.

Dr. Ryerson, of Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel on Saturday, March 27th, for consultation in eye, ear and throat diseases. Hours, 12 to 4 p. m. 3d69-1w

Personal

Mr. Jas. Stevenson was in Port Hope yesterday.

Mr. Harry Neill was a member of a brewers deputation that waited upon the Provincial Government on Tuesday.

Mr. Jas. Kendry, M. P., left for Ottawa last night to be present at the opening of Parliament to-day. Mrs. Kendry accompanied him.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, Rectory, London.

Fell on the Icy Sidewalk.

While walking up Water-st. this morning Mrs. Edward Green slipped on the icy sidewalk at the entrance at the rear of the Ontario Bank. She was picked up and driven to her home, when a doctor was summoned, and on examination it was found a hip bone had been broken. Mrs. Green, who is an elderly lady, is suffering much pain and it will likely be some time before she will be about again.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Miss Armstrong
Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her
SPRING
Millinery Opening
— ON —
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,
AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Pattern, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.
390 GEORGE-ST.

AN EVENING WEDDING.

Mr. Harry Milburn, of Smith, Weds Miss May Martin, Daughter of Mrs. Thos. Martin, Town.

The residence of Mrs. Thos. Martin, corner of Park and King-st., was the scene of a happy matrimonial event last evening when her daughter, Miss May Martin, was united in the holy bonds of wedlock with Mr. Harry Milburn, a prosperous young farmer of Smith. The bride, who was gowned in white cashmere, trimmed with white lace and satin, was attended by her sister, Miss Birdie Martin, who wore a becoming dress of cream cashmere, with lace trimmings. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Milton Milburn. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. W. L. Armitage, of St. John's South Ward Mission, the bridal supper was partaken of by the guests, and the young couple were driven to the G.T.R. station where they boarded the 9 o'clock train for a tour in the west. The bride was the recipient of numerous valuable and handsome gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Milburn will receive the congratulations of their many friends.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

St John's Lenten Services

The Lenten service at St. John's church last evening was well attended. Rev. F. H. Hartly, of Young's Point, was the preacher and his text was the words "Greater Love hath no man than this."—St. John xv, 13.

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment o these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d68tf

The Cantata Bath.

Will be given in St. Andrew's church on Tuesday evening, April 6th. This is a beautiful cantata and should be well patronized. The chorus has been at work for the past eight weeks and now have it well under control. Miss Hendren will represent Naomi, Mrs. H. Jones, Ruth, and Miss Clara Belleghem, Orpha and Mr. G. W. Mulligan Boaz. The chorus numbers about sixty voices. Admission 25 cts. Tickets may be had from any member of the chorus or at Mulligan & Potter' music store. 3d69

"CHINESE GORDON."

The Subject of an Interesting Paper by Mr. J. Coyle Brown Before the Fortnightly Club on Tuesday.

Mr. J. C. Brown's paper at the Fortnightly Club on Tuesday evening was an interesting one.

The paper was entirely historical and opened with a brief account of Gordon's ancestry, parents, and his education up to the time when he took a commission in the Royal Engineers. His first foreign service was in the Crimea where he was engaged in laying out rifle pits in advance of the trenches, the most dangerous work an officer could be called to perform. After the evacuation of Sebastapool he was retained for the purpose of demolishing the Russian fortresses and arsenals and after completing this task he was appointed a member of the boundary commission for determining the boundary between Turkey and Russia. After some time spent in India he was sent to China and before long was asked to assume command of the Imperialist forces in suppressing the rebellion of the Tai-Pings. He had previously been present at the burning of a summer palace at Pekin, the most wanton act of vandalism ever perpetrated by civilized nations, but under the circumstances necessary for the purpose of impressing the Chinese with the sacred character of treaty obligations. His first move against the Tai-Pings was to organize an army which soon acquired the title of the "Ever Victorious Army." At the head of this motley crew of mercenaries, officered by Armenians and Europeans of all nationalities, he made short work of the Tai-Pings and finally captured Soo-Chow and obtained the capitulation of the three Wangs, upon pledging his word of honor that their personal safety was assured. In violation of this pledge Li Hung Chang allowed the three Wangs to be beheaded, and Gordon, wild with indignation, pursued the Governor through the palace with loaded a revolver. He did not succeed in catching him and they afterwards became good friends. He left China as poor as he entered it, having declined all money grants, though he accepted the decorations of the Yellow Jacket, the Peacock's Feather and other similar orders. After some years spent in military life at home he was sent out to the Soudan by the Egyptian Government for the purpose of bringing the country under some sort of law and order, which he succeeded in doing in a comparatively short space of time after much hard fighting with the rebel tribes. His last expedition to the Soudan was on recommendation of the Gladstone Government, by whom he was sent out to meet the advance of the fanatic followers of the Mahdi. Upon his arrival at Khartoum he realized at once that things were past recovery. He never relinquished his post and was finally overcome by treachery. Lord Wolsely's gallant expedition to his rescue was successful in reaching Khartoum, but alas! too late. The character of General Gordon was much admired and his strong Christian fortitude was particularily emphasized in this interesting paper.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

BIRTH.

JONES—At Winnipeg, on Thursday, 25th March, the wife of Dr. J. R. Jones, of a son.

GOLF CLUB ORGANIZED.

The Links Will be on Burnham's Point—The Officers.

The Golf club has organized for the season and intend to enter into the game with activity as soon as the conditions are favorable.

The officers chosen to conduct the business of the club are:

Honorary President—Mr. John Burnham, Q.C.

President—Mr. R. M. Dennistoun.

Vice-President—Mr. W. D. Parker.

Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. W. J. Montgomery.

Captain—Mr. Peter Campbell.

Managing Committee.—The officers and Messrs. Hal Burnham, R. E. Wood and A. F. McNee.

The links will again be on Burnham's Point.

If your child is attacked by croup, a plaster made with "Quickcure" spread with a warm knife blade on canton flannel, linen or cotton, will give more prompt relief, from croup or any inflammation, than camphorated oil, or mustard. In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the chest and neck well.

INVITED TO AN AMERICAN CHURCH

Rev. Jas. Cattanach, of Centreville, Called to the Pastorate of the Tawnytown Presbyterian Church, Maryland.

The Rev. James Cattanach, B.A., of Centreville Presbyterian church, South Monaghan, has received a call from the Presbyterian church at Tawnytown, Md., U.S.A., in the Baltimore Presbytery. Mr. Cattanach has already signified his intention to go. The Presbytery of Peterborough is called for April 6th, in St. Andrew's church at 10 o'clock, a.m., to consider Mr. Cattanach's resignation.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

BATTALION'S ANNUAL TRIP

The Annual Trip Discussed—Will a Battalion be Here on May 24th

The officers of the 57th Battalion met last evening and decided to commence drill next Tuesday evening and the first order will be issued to-day.

The question of the annual trip was discussed and it is understood that if the 13th Battalion accepts an invitation to spend the 24th here, they will likely go to Hamilton on Dominion Day. The Governor Generals Foot Guards, of Ottawa, have also been invited but they cannot come on the 24th of May owing to an inspection at the Capital, but there is a possibility of the 57th going to Ottawa on that day and the Foot Guards coming here on the 1st of July.

Edison's Latest Talking Machine or Graphophone.

It talks, sings and gives instrumental music in a very distinct and pleasing manner. Mr. H. S. Pendleton will give one of his popular entertainments with the graphophone in St. Andrew's Sabbath school room on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock. Admission 15 cts 3d70

BANQUETTED BY THE CITIZENS.

Mr. Wm. Rutherford Tendered a Banquet on His Departure From Norwood

Mr. Wm. Rutherford, who has conducted a drug store in Norwood for several years, is leaving for British Columbia to assume the management of an extensive drug establishment at Nelson, one of the towns that is now enjoying a boom in the western province. Mr. Rutherford, who is a Peterborough boy, during his residence in Norwood connected himself with several of the village organizations and was for a period a member of the village Council and occupied the position of village treasurer at the time of his removal.

On Monday evening Mr. Rutherford was banquetted at the McGregor house by the citizens of the village. About thirty of the principal business men were present and during the evening many expressions of regret at the guest's departure were heard. Mr. John Finlay, ex-reeve of the village, and the head of Norwood's leading industry, the hub, wheel and spoke manufactory, presided and proposed the first toast, "The Queen." Mr. John Davidson, M.A., principal of the High school, introduced the next toast, "Our Guest," in which he dwelt upon the many fine qualities of Mr. Rutherford, who replied in feeling terms, referring to his connection with the village and expressing his regret at the severance of many fond ties. Mr. Anderson offered the toast "The mercantile interests of our village" and made quite a lengthy speech, reviewing the history of the village from back in the forties. Mr. Thos. Rork honored the manufacturers, Chas. O'Reilley, the professions, Dr. Moffatt, the banks, Thos. Drain, the ladies, and the chairman, Mr. Jno Finlay, the host and hostess. The company broke up by singing "Auld Lang Syne."

On Saturday morning, the 27th inst., we will place on sale in our cloak department 25 Ladies' Spring Jackets of high quality and 20 Children's Navy and Tweed Reefer Coats at the uniform price of 75c. each. ROBERT FAIR, sign of the Golden Lion. 2d7 1

Y W C A Notes

The Bible class, conducted by Miss Forsythe, will, as usual, be held in the Y W C A rooms this evening. Come and bring a friend.

Clergyman Married.

The newly inducted pastor of the Presbyterian church, Havelock, the Rev. D. A. Hamilton, was married last week to Miss Clark, a neice of the late Rev. Nathaniel Clark, formerly of Lakefield.

Rob Roy.

One of the most striking parts of "Rob Roy," which is to be given at the opera house on Monday evening next, both musically and spectacularly, is just before the finale of the first act when the gathering of the clans is celebrated. Each clan comes on singing some old characteristic Scotch song, the Campbells song, "The Campbells are Coming," the McPhersons; "Charlie is my Darling," the Stuarts; "The White Cockade," etc. Following this Mr. DeKoven, the composer, has deftly blended all of the melodies in a most striking ensemble. It is this work more than any of their other efforts that has made De. Koven and Smith the foremost infield of light opera building. Secure your seats early and avoid the rush. d71

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

BEYOND ALL DOUBT

We sell more Dress Goods than any other house in town. You can tell our Goods by that air of style that so distinguishes all Our Dress Goods. You are particular about the style of dress you wear, but you are not more particular than we are about what we sell.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Bible class at Y M C A

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

One Month for Wm. Hull.

Wm Hull, who was committed for trial by Police Magistrate Dumble, came before Judge Weller this morning with two charges agiust him, one of the theft of some fruit from Mr R H Leary and the other of receiving stolen property. After evidence had been taken he was found guilty of the latter offence and was sentenced to one month in the county gaol. The prosecution was conducted by Mr R E Wood, and Mr F W Gladman, of Kerr, Gladman & Kerr, defended Hull.

What They Think of It.

March 23rd, 1897.

H. Calcutt, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.

Yours truly,
MRS. CORMECKS.

6d

Return of the Moving Pictures.

Commencing on Wednesday night, March 31st, Wray's English kinoptoscope, the marvel of the age, and Edison's latest laughing and talking machine, the graphophone, will open a four nights' engagement in Bradburn's opera house. This is the wonderful machine that caused so much talk throughout the Dominion, being classed with the seven wonders of the world. The programme consists of living and moving pictures and selections by some of the finest bands in the United States. Don't miss attending the opera house and seeing this entertainment. Prices of admission to all parts of the house 25c, children 10c. Matinee Saturday afternoon, April 3rd.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

WEDDING BELL

A Happy Matrimonial Event Celebrated in Smith Township.

On Tuesday evening, March 16th, about eighty guests gathered at the residence of Mr. Ed. Mahood, of Smith, the occasion being the marriage of his second daughter, Sarah, to Mr. Chas. Morton, of Cavan. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Torrance, of St. Paul's church, Peterborough.

About 8 o'clock the wedding party entered the drawing room to the strains of the Wedding March. The bride looked charming, attired in white, and wore the veil and orange blossoms, and carried a beautiful bouquet of white roses. She was assisted by her sister, Miss Lizzie, who was also dressed in white and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Mr. Fred Erskine, of Peterborough, was best man. The bride was given away by her father. After the ceremony they all sat down to a sumptuous repast, after which they enjoyed themselves in different amusements till the wee sma' hours of the morning. The many useful and costly presents of which the bride was the recipient showed the high esteem in which she was held by her many friends and acquaintances. The young couple take up their residence in Otonabee. All join in wishing them a happy and prosperous life.

From the Lumber Camps.

Wednesday morning a shantyman named Maurice Hickey, belonging to Swamp Lake, in Galway township, arrived in town from Huntsville hospital, where he spent the past six weeks suffering from a broken leg Hickey was employed in one of the Gilmour Co. shanties about forty-five miles from Dorset, and while helping to unload logs the skid pole sprung and struck his left leg, breaking the bone in two places between the ankle and knee. As none of his companions knew how to put the limb in splints, he had to be taken in a sleigh 55 miles to the railwad and thence to Huntsville, and he suffered great pain owing to the splintered condition of the bone. His brother, John Hickey, took care of him on the trip home to-day.—Lindsay Post.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 325 George St., Established 1865

THE SIN THAT IS UNPARDONABLE

REV. A. H. RANTON'S ADDRESS AT THE GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

His Subject was the Unpardonable Sin—Rejecting and Resisting the Holy Spirit the Sin.

The George-st. church was packed last evening on the occasion of the second of the series of evangelistic services conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton. Great interest centred in the service and Mr. Ranton's earnest deliverance on "The unpardonable sin" held the close attention of the congregation. Mr. Ranton is a lucid speaker and his points are grasped without the least difficulty.

His text last evening were the words:

Wherefore I say unto you, all manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven unto men; but the blasphemy against the Holy Ghost shall not be forgiven unto men. And whosoever speaketh a word against the Son of Man, it shall be forgiven him; but whosoever speaketh against the Holy Ghost, it shall not be forgiven him, neither in this world, neither in the world to come.—St. Matthew, xii, 31-32.

Mr. Ranton asserted in beginning that he did not believe there was a person in Peterborough who had not light enough to be saved if he would only yield to the light, and though some of his hearers might consider his subject, "The unpardonable sin," was not fitted for the opening series, Mr. Ranton stated that he was going to hold up the red light of warning at the beginning and show that no one was safe who resisted the Holy Ghost. He had heard Mr. Moody declare he was going to pay more attention to the young people in his services for those who had grieved the Holy Ghost could not be saved. Dr. Talmage had said in a sermon recently that all true revivals were in answer to prayer and at the instance of the Holy Ghost, and he would not denounce revivals because he would be committing blasphemy against the Holy Ghost. What was the unpardonable sin? A drunken man could be taken from the gutter and raised to be a man filled with holiness. Then drunkenness was not the unpardonable sin. A man might be profane and use vile language yet he could be brought to God's realms. Then profanity was not the unpardonable sin. He had known the uncleanly man and woman to be purified. Every sinner could say "God is the Great Saviour, I am a great sinner." Mr. Ranton believed God could cast sins raised to an altitude as high as the Alps behind His back and never remember them again. What is this sin without forgiveness? he again queried. When Christ came upon earth he performed miracles, trying to convince the sceptical that He was what He claimed to be, but the Pharisees would not believe. Their sin was rejecting evidence and resisting light, and by continual progress they reached that condition, when they ascribed the power to satan that belonged to God. That was the unpardonable sin in the time of Christ. God was not doing these miracles physically to-day, but he was doing them spiritually to-day. By the very same process of rejection and denial men to-day could reach the very same state and condition as that of the Pharisees and reach the realms of darkness that the Holy Spirit would not penetrate. A young man would go down town, enter a bar room, take a cigar, next time a soft drink, then he would be tempted to take a glass of beer. His face became flushed and his breath tainted, and he would use a peppermint to prevent it being detected. He took another glass, became careless, did not care if his friends did know that he drank; stayed out late; lost situation; became reckless, and soon became a drunkard. By that first glass of beer he made the condition of a drunkard probable and increased the probability by taking more. So with those that rejected the Holy Spirit again and again; they came into impenetrable darkness. The office of the Holy Spirit was to apply the truth to a man's heart, and if he did not accept and if he was convicted and resisted, he would come into the condition of the Pharisee. Mr Ranton stated that he believed to-day there were men just as assuredly lost as though they were in their grave. Prayers and pleadings did no good; their consciences were stolid. Take two men, Mr Ranton said. Both are equals, intellectually and mentally, and agree on many questions. They hear a sermon. The one said that he believed all that had been said was true and was right, and acted according to his conscience. The other also agrees with the expressions of the clergyman, all that he said was perfectly right, he acknowledged, but he would not yield to his conscience. The first man became happier all the time. The other, knowing he is wrong but will not act, though his conscience disapproves. That man at the close of two weeks' revival will have so refused the voice of the Spirit and stabbed his conscience that it will be dead so far as moral susceptibility and impressibility were concerned. The first man was saved. There was a time, said Mr Ranton, when the conscience was sensitive and pained, but oftentimes it became callous like a young man's hands that were soft and white became callous by hard work. To the man that abhored the church Mr. Ranton advised that he read Romans the first chapter. It would show the condition to which they would be brought. Men whose consciences used to be moved now sat in church with their arms folded and said, "pitch in." Then, he said, he was intellectual. Now, said the speaker, his act was not intellectual, but an evidence that spiritual and moral paralysis were seizing him. "Do you congratulate yourself that you can resist the Holy Ghost?" asked Mr. Ranton. Was spiritual death, moral paralysis coming upon you? God never impressed them to pray for a man who had committed an unpardonable sin. If they could pray and feel that a man deserved their prayers, they had not committed the unpardonable sin. Why could the sin against the Holy Ghost not be forgiven? Because by committing a sin against the Holy Ghost they had gone past God's only agency. Mr. Ranton instanced the decision of a young lady who had decided to take a continental trip. Before departing her friends and pastor pleaded with her to accept the Saviour. No, she would not. She would wait until her return. She was taken ill. Her pastor came in and pleaded with her to repent. But she would not yield. She was firm. Then she told the clergyman to open a book that was lying in the room and turn to a certain page. There he found upon the fly leaff, "I take the risk," with her name and the date alongside. For that reason she would not yield to the pleadings. She had rejected the Holy Ghost and God had taken her at her word.

To-night Mr. Ranton's subject will be "How to Get There."

A Foot as "Black as Your Hat."

"One of my children sprained her ankle, which became much swollen and discolored Some 'Quickcure' was spread on linen, and applied; the pain ceased at once, the swelling was gone the next day, and on the fourth day she walked to school as usual."

Signed, HENRY IRVERS, L.D.S., Quebec.

Brevities

—The Finance committee will meet tomorrow evening.

—The Monaghan fire investigation has been postponed until April 6th.

—The Rev. Jas. G. Potter will conduct the Bible class in the Y.M.C.A. parlors to-night. All welcome.

—Mr. John Doyle, express messenger on the C. P. R. between Montreal and Toronto for a number of years, died in the Kingston General hospital on Tuesday.

—Joseph Curtin was sent to the county gaol this morning for one month by Police Magistrate Dumble. His offence was vagrancy.

—The Town Council will meet next Monday evening instead of Monday, April 5th, as the Trent Valley canal deputation goes to Ottawa on that day.

—According to the Intelligencer, the Belleville Bicycle Club is defunct. How was it the report became circulated that Belleville was after the '98 meet?

—A bill to permit the housing of grist mills in Haliburton, introduced into the Legislature by Mr. Carnegie, M.P.P., South Victoria, has passed the Private Bills committee.

—The Street and Bridge committee were to have met several members of the Street Railway company in regard to the extension of the line last evening, but an adjournment has been made until to-morrow at 5 o'clock.

—The evening train from Belleville has not gone farther than Peterborough since Saturday last, orders having been issued to cancel it until the damage done by the wash-out at the Missing Link and at other points has been thoroughly repaired.

—In connection with the Public Library there is a drawing class attended by apprentices in the manufactories of the town. Not long since it was decided to donate prizes to the class and Dr. Burnham offered $5 for the purpose and the Canadian General Electric Company has responded to a request and donated $40.

—Mr. John Moffat, formerly manager of Oak Hall here, who died in Ireland last December, left $5,000 life insurance in an Ontario company and yesterday application was made the Surrogate Court at Toronto for probate. The money by the will is divided among the deceased's relatives with the exception of $250, which is given to the Y. M. C. A. at Windsor.

Lindsay's Streets.

Peterborough has sixty or seventy men at work breaking stone for the streets; Orillia reports that every man in the corporation who wants work can get it, and earn good wages breaking stone at 40c per yard. In Lindsay no work has been provided for the poor man because a Councillor who thinks he knows how to build roads has somehow got the idea into his cranium that the proper way to establish a nice roadbed is to drop unbroken field stone into the ruts and pitch holes. In the meantime men out of employment polish the bricks at street corners, and the tax collector has been ordered to go slow and not sell them out. We do not think any citizen will lift up his voice in favor of our town roads. Last fall an old gentleman from Port Hope district drove into Mariposa to visit some friends. It was his second trip to Lindsay in 40 years, and in conversation with several of our old citizens he raised a hearty laugh by remarking: "Yes, the town has changed considerable, but the roads are pretty much the same. Forty years ago last week I drove through here, and durn me if my mare didn't lose her four shoes somewhere between the swing bridge and court house hill—jerked clean off while she was trying to lift her feet out of the mud. Last week I made the trip again, and found things a little better—only lost three shoes doing the same distance, but the fourth was just hanging on."—Post.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Select Your Sunbeams

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Our low prices and easy terms of payment have induced many to purchase instruments and sewing machines this month. See us for special prices and terms for balance of March. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co. d6

SPECIAL OFFERING
—ON—
WEDNESDAY MORNING.

1000 yds. Black Cashmeres

PART OF

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

Original Price, 50c. and 60c. per Yard, Bankrupt Price, 35c. per Yard.

This is an exceptional offering of first class goods at a very low price and they are sure to sell quickly. Ladies can get waited on better in the forenoon. Come when it suits you best.

Don't Miss the above Special Offering.

Every department is loaded with genuine bargains for you. It will repay you to come every day to this store and look about, as we have no alternative but to clear out this bankrupt stock without reserve.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT.

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON,
340 George Street.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 29th.

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS
. . . WHITNEY OPERA CO . . .
Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN MOORE," etc.

The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST
FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS
SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES,—50c. 75c. $1.00, $1.50. 1669

King of Scorchers

Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an Unapproached First Place.

W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.

SMOKED MEATS

HOWDEN'S BRAND OF

Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon

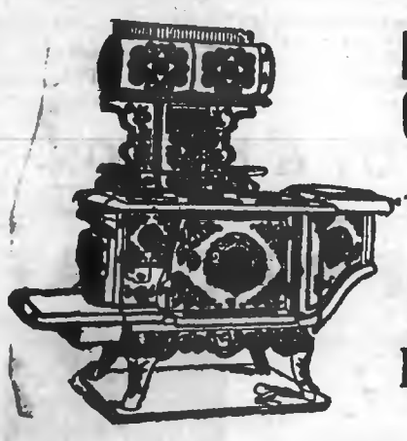
Are in high favor in the best families, including the Doctors, who approve of our curing. These Meats are cut from carefully selected Hogs, and for flavor and cut, are unexcelled by any in the Dominion. Prime Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, Etc.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER
392 George Street.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

PRINTING
Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for this company.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.

Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 426 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

A Word To the Wise

IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other warerooms where you can find three such good ones,

Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce

not to mention many of lesser grade—nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.

We are showing one or two

New Styles Attractive Prices

We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street, Toronto

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

fall, lads," given, and they separate. Jack draws a long breath of relief—at least Avis is safe from the clutches of the Pasha. He has had a strong idea all along that it is Abdallah's intention to put another nail in Aleck's coffin by scheming to get possession of his sister by fair means or foul, and this accounts for Jack's manifest delight at having cheated the Turkish ogre of his prey—yes, thank God, Avis is safe, no matter what happens to him.

So, with something of a light heart he takes Larry with him, and heads in the direction of the pasha's great wall. Achmed is given time to temporarily dispose of the vehicle. Some one is found who will see that the antiquated affair—half way between a Russian drosky and a Parisian cabriolet—is taken back to the owner, who has already been paid for its use.

When the old Turk rejoins them it is close on the time set for action. Larry has just remembered something that annoys him, and hearing the dude muttering, Jack asks the reason.

"I'm a *fool*," the other replies shortly.

Now, there are times when it does not do for a man to disagree with a friend's opinion of himself, and whatever Jack may think he wisely keeps to himself, only saying :—

"How's that, Larry ?"

"I left word for another telegram from up the road, regarding the train, and meant to call for it this evening, but, bless my soul, I forgot all about it," he laments, dismally, as though conscious of having lost prestige.

"Never mind—we'll guess at it. Say the old slow poke express will be four hours late—that means two a.m. What do you call it ?"

"I'd make it daybreak, judging from the experience we've had," replies Larry.

Both wrong, gentlemen. Since last heard from that delayed train has broken the record. The pasha has bought the officers in charge body and soul, and the rails have become actually hot under the flight of the express eastward. From this time on it will be known as the Flying Turk.

The whistle that our friends hear in the distance as they halt under the wall actually announces the arrival of the express within three miles of Stamboul. It will draw up to the station exactly on time. This gives a chance of complicating matters. There is a prospect of a lively time ahead.

Jack and the two with him mount the wall in the same way as on the preceding night, the rope serving them a good turn. Instead of going directly toward the palace, they turn in the quarter where Jack and Aleck wrestled with the Turk's janizaries on the occasion of their former visit, when Aleck was captured.

In a short time they reach the shore, where the little waves are chasing each other over the pebbly beach with a gentle lapping sound. Jack looks out over the darkened water, but can see no yacht. If she is anchored at the buoy still she has doused her riding lights, so that her position may not be known.

Is the boat's crew ashore ? He walks along a short distance, until a boat turned bottom up is sighted. This is the place agreed on as a rendezvous between them. Jack gives a signal, and a dark figure rises up from behind the overturned boat like a goblin.

"That you, captain," asks Jack, in low tones.

"Yes, sir," comes the guarded reply.

A few sentences pass between them, and Jack understands that all is in readiness, waiting for the signal. The men are dressed like Turks, so that should they be seen it will be believed they come from Stamboul, and are thither bound again.

Satisfied with this, Jack again seeks his two companions, and they turn toward the palace. Somehow he seems to feel a heavy weight upon his spirits—he cannot tell what causes it, but the uneasiness is there.

"Larry, are you armed ?" he asks, quietly.

"Yes, but you don't think we're going to have a wumpus, do you ? To my mind the coast seems clear as midday," returns the dude, wondering what has come over the usual philosophical Jack, and laying his nervousness at love's door.

"I don't know. I seem to feel it in my bones that we won't get out of this without some excitement, and I believe in being ready. Yonder loom up the palace walls. Forward all, to rescue Aleck—then we're off on the blue sea."

"Not so fast, Doctor Jack—some things are easier said than done, you know.

CHAPTER XXIII.

The bells have rung out the hour before Jack and his friends leave the beach, so it is a little after ten when they come in sight of the palace walls. At this very moment a vehicle is being driven from the railroad depot to the palace of the rich pasha as fast as a fee of a dozen gold medjidies can urge the driver to hasten. In this carriage three men are seated—we have seen them all before—Abdallah Pasha, Don Carlos, and the matador, Pedro Vasquez. The last has come a long way for revenge, but he has entered the service of the Turk, and bidden farewell forever to Madrid, whose fickle populace would never greet him save with jeers after that last unfortunate engagement with the black toro that Senor Jack slew.

Unless our friends are exceedingly active in their work, they will hear something drop. The furious Turk is rushing home as if some intuition has warned him of danger. When he arrives at his own a whirlwind will break loose.

Doctor Jack is the first to reach the palace wall. He has noticed particularly where the spot is, and marked it, so that a minute later he bends down to feel for the grating. There it is, sure enough, just as he believed. How quickly the athletic American secures a strong clutch of the bars—he braces himself for a grand effort—no man in Abdallah Pasha's employ could accomplish such a feat, but Jack's greatest power lies in his hips and back.

As Achmed and Larry come up, the former with a small iron bar he has brought for the purpose, they hear a crackling sound.

"What's that ?" demands the dude, suspiciously.

"I have torn the grating from its socket," replies Jack, breathing hard, and yet speaking as though it were nothing of much consequence.

"'Pon 'onah, now, that's hardly fair, old boy, wobbin' me of my laurels. You should have let me have a chawnce."

"Hark, man !"

"Jack !"

The voice comes from the depths, and thrills them. Aleck is still alive—their mission promises to be a success—at any rate, they have made a grand start, which means much. So Doctor Jack bends down and calls softly :—

"Aleck—I say, old man, we're here—all's well. Come up the stairs and see us."

They hear a chuckling laugh below. Aleck has lived the last twenty-four hours, Heaven alone knows how, but with alternate hope and fear—a mental fever and ague, as it were—hope sending a warm wave over him, and dread succeeding it with a raw chill.

They listen to him climbing the wall—he is in such haste that he overdoes the matter and slips back.

"Are you hurt ?" calls Jack, in alarm.

"No, no," bravely repressing a groan, "only a little bark off my shoulder. I'm with you in a minute, doctor. Have your hand ready—I'm dying to grasp it again—poor devil that I am, not fit to be seen by any woman save Avis—dear Avis. Ah ! where are you, old Jack, the bravest and best friend a man ever had. That's right—draw me out. Two of you, eh ? This is freedom. How good the air feels after months in that vile den. Shake hands, Doctor Jack, my preserver, my brother. Who is this ? It seems to me—no, it can't be, and yet—yes, by the powers, it's Cousin Larry. Glad to see you, my boy, but you're the last person I ever expected to have help me out of a Turkish dungeon."

"I'm on deck, Aleck," says Larry, smartly.

"Yes, and Larry has proved an honour to the family. As I soon expect to be a member of it, I must say I'm proud of him," declares Jack.

"Avis is not here ?"

"She is on the boat with Madame Sophie, and the sooner we get there the better it will be."

Jack has not lost his feeling of uneasiness, even though the affair seems to be going on so smoothly just now. Often the worst storms we have are heralded by peculiar symptoms in the air—a sultry feeling, dead silence, and a sort of unnatural calm—so with Jack—he detects some such signs in the horizon of their affairs, and although he cannot tell where the storm will come from, or when it will break, he feels uneasy.

"And this is liberty—oh, how sweet to breathe the pure air again—to see the blue vault above. A man never knows how grand a thing liberty may be until he is shut up in darkness for a month or two. Good-bye, old dungeon; sooner than return to your fetid arms I will meet death in any form."

Thus apostrophising his late chamber, Aleck, once so full of life and spirits, now a thin, weak lad, turns to his friends.

"We're ready to go. Take my arm, Aleck, and let me help you," says Jack.

"Wait !"

At the word Jack feels a chill—what he has expected is about to happen. He can jump at conclusions about as fast as any man, and already he guesses what Aleck would say.

To be Continued

A FEELING OF SPRING.

The sunshine's jes' a-steepin'
An' dreamin' ev'rywhere,
An' I can't help frum feelin'
That spring is nearly here.
I know it by the hummin'
Ov the little lazy bees,
An' de oder ov guanner
Thet floats upon the breeze.
I know it by the froggies
A croakin' 'long the stream,
And by the patent agent
Thet runs his tongue by steam.
This air is full of bleesin'
To a feller stiff an' ole—
Don't talk to me ov troubles—
Say, what's thet fishin' pole?

Miss Gingerly—Why do you smoke so much, Mr. Gulling?

Mr. Gulling—Because a good cigar helps me to think.

Miss Gingerly—Oh! it's too bad that you dealer carries such a poor stock.—Cleveland Leader.

A country minister, talking to an old lady about his son who has emigrated, was very pathetic over the dangers of the deep.

"Hoots, minister," quoth Janet, "ye needna haver sae muckle about it ; it'll nae be sae awfu' deep; it's been an unco' dry year."—Tit-Bits.

She—When you married me you said you were well off.

He—I was, but I didn't know it.—Tit-Bits.

Belle—I'm so glad Jack has got a bicycle; it has helped his disposition wonderfully.

Nan—His disposition? Why, how could it?

Belle—Oh, when he gets up to give baby a drink and steps on a tack, he is so glad that it is in his foot instead of his pneumatic tire that he doesn't say anything.—Pearson's Weekly.

He—Your hat wasn't on straight at the play last night.

She—How do you know?

He—I sat behind you and got a glimpse of one side of the stage.—Detroit Free Press.

"Don't let this occur again," said the photographer who prides himself on being enterprising.

"What do you mean?" asked the assistant.

"You've made the portrait more prominent than my signature."—Washington Star.

"Last year Mr. Giglamps used to be always smuggling home valuable books he has bought without his wife's knowledge."

"Doesn't he do so yet?"

"No; now he smuggles in expensive attachments for his wheel."—Chicago Record.

Where Growlers Were Made.

Weary Waggles—Yer took off yer hat when we passed that building back there! For why?

Tired Theodore—Gratitude! It's a tin can factory!

THE OLD MADE YOUNG.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS MAY STILL BE THE PORTION OF SUFFERERS ADVANCED IN YEARS. THE NEW INGREDIENT IS WORKING WONDERS.

People who get past middle life are apt to think that their days of usefulness are almost gone when they are seized with Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Sciatica or some other dread disease, they consider their days are numbered and pain and suffering will be their lot for the few remaining years of their sojourn on earth.

With the advent of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure, which contains the new ingredient, a new hope has been opened up for aged sufferers Its action in driving away the aches and pains which Rheumatism and Sciatica, two of the commonest diseases to which the old are subject, has made many an aged one rejoice.

As an example of what great things Kootenay is doing for old people we might mention the case of Mrs. Catherine Burgess, 165 Jackson St. E., Hamilton, who states under oath that she is seventy-three years of age, that for two years she was afflicted with Rheumatism and Sciatica, had severe pains in her back and kidneys and broke out with Erysipelas. Since taking "Kootenay" she has been free from pain, has no eruption, a splendid appetite, sleeps well and is a hearty woman in every respect.

Then we might mention the cases of Mr. Patrick Ryder, a retired farmer, 69 years of age, living at 940 Lorne Ave., London, Ont., who swears that he suffered 36 years from Rheumatism, tried hundreds of local applications, but got no relief till he took Ryckman's Kootenay Cure which banished his rheumatism and restored his health.

Mr. John Hyde, of 141½ McNab St., Hamilton, Ont., under oath testifies that he is 72 years of age, suffered from Dyspepsia and Constipation for 35 years and was cured by Kootenay Cure.

No need to multiply instances of how this wonderful remedy has befriended the aged and given them a new lease of life If you are anxious to know more of this marvellous Kootenay Cure, address the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont., and full information will be sent you free.

One bottle lasts over a month.

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"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY MARCH 25, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.23 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.25 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.23 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.25 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.23 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto.....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......6.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m.
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A FIGHTING SESSION.

Continued from page 2.

ernment, under the Municipal Act, for an investigation into the financial condition of the municipality and showing how many were granted and how many refused, with the cause for refusal in each case.

Mr. Stratton resumed the debate on Mr. Gamey's bill to make it a penal offence for civil servants to take active part in politics. He contended that the bill should be withdrawn in order that it might be made a matter of administration on the part of the Government. The bill, if carried, would be adding another to the too large list of crimes already on the books.

The House divided on the bill shortly before 11 o'clock with the result that the motion was lost and the Government sustained by a majority of 13, the vote standing yeas 37, nays 50. The result was received with applause from both sides of the House.

The pairs were as follows: Messrs. Harty and Crawford; Robillard and McCallum; Bronson and Miscampbell.

The vote was also a straight party one, the Patrons with the exception of Mr. Robertson and Mr. McPherson going with the Opposition.

Mr. Garrow, who introduced a motion endorsing the principle of the bill, voted against it.

The Attorney-General — Respecting joint stock companies for the erection of exhibition buildings. Repeals the provisions of the present Act respecting the incorporation of the company, the Board of Directors, increasing the capital stock, and the recovery of subscriptions of stock, and provides that these matters shall be as provided in the Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act and the Act substituted therefor this session. It declares that the company shall be capable of taking and holding not more than 100 acres of land for the purposes of exhibition buildings and holding exhibitions thereat.

The Attorney-General—To amend the Act respecting joint stock companies for the construction of piers, wharves, dry docks and harbors. Repeals the provisions of the present Act providing for the method of incorporation and substitutes the provisions of the Ontario Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act dealing with these matters. It provides that no company shall be incorporated until stock sufficient to complete the work contemplated has been subscribed. It repeals the provisions as to directors and officers and leaves those matters to the General Act.

The Attorney-General—To amend the Wills Act of Ontario. Modifies section 20 of the Wills Act, which provides that a will shall be revoked by the marriage of the testator by making the following exceptions. Where it is declared under the will that the will is made in contemplation of such marriage. When the wife or husband of the testator elects to take under the will. When the will is made in the exercise of a power of appointment in the real or personal estate thereby appointed, would not default of such appointment pass to the testator's heir, executor or administrator, or the person entitled as the testator's next of kin under the Statute of Distributions?

BOYD WILL RUN AGAIN,

But Hon. Hugh John Macdonald Will Probably Remain Out of Federal Politics.

Winnipeg, March 24.—(Special.)—The decisions of the Supreme Court to-day will result in two elections in Manitoba, the constituencies of Winnipeg and Macdonald having been declared vacant. In Winnipeg, an acclamation is not unlikely, now that Hugh John Macdonald, by accepting the leadership of the Provincial Opposition to Mr. Greenway, is out of Dominion politics. If the Liberals can induce Isaac Campbell to be their candidate, the chances are that the Conservatives would not oppose him, as he is, personally, very popular with both sides. However, should ex-Mayor Jameson be the Government candidate, as seems likely, the Conservatives may nominate J. H. Brock to oppose him. Mr. Brock would make a very strong run. Indeed, he is almost as strong a man as Hugh John. However, the Winnipeg Conservatives are just now bent on accomplishing the downfall of Mr. Greenway, and many of them do not favor wasting any ammunition on the Dominion seat. They cannot, many of them, see what advantage is to be gained by the Conservatives retaining the seat.

In the Macdonald constituency, it may be taken for granted that Mr. Boyd, the unseated member, will again be the Conservative candidate. He had a majority of nearly 500 at the last election in a three-cornered fight, and is confident of winning. Dr. Rutherford, his old opponent, will again be the Liberal candidate, and Kenneth McKenzie, another strong Liberal, declares he also will run. The Rutherford and McKenzie factions are fighting each other so bitterly, that they are making things easy for Boyd.

The final act in the school settlement, as far as Manitoba is concerned, was taken by the Legislature this afternoon, when the bill containing the amendments to the Manitoba School law, in accordance with the terms of the Laurier-Greenway settlement, was read the third time. The third reading was adopted without a word of discussion. The Manitoba Legislature to-day adopted the supplementary estimates, the chief item of which was $60,000 for a permanent building for Manitoba University.

Premier Greenway goes to Ottawa immediately on the close of the Manitoba Legislature to consult with Premier Laurier.

The Manitoba Legislature will seek the advice of skilled counsel as to whether, under the recent Privy Council decision, they can pass a prohibitory liquor law for Manitoba.

SHEEP BREEDERS IN SESSION.

Favorable Reports of the Oldest of Ontario's Stock Associations—Freight Rates Considered.

Toronto, March 25.

The Dominion Sheep Breeders' Association was in session at the Palmer House yesterday afternoon, the following gentlemen being present: J. Tolton, Walkerton; John Campbell, Woodville; D. G. Hanmer, Burford; J. C. Snell, Snelgrove; John Jackson, Abingdon; R. Gibson, Delaware; H. Arkell, Oxford; John Kelly, Shakespeare; J. Gibson, Denfield; R. H. Harding, Thorndale; W. M. Smith, Fairfield Plains; John I. Hobson, Mossboro; Prof. G. E. Day, Royal Agricultural College, Guelph.

Mr. Tolton presided and the main business was receiving the secretary's report, which was the same as that delivered on Tuesday at the cattle breeders' meeting, which also included an interesting history of the inception and prosperous growth of the Sheep Breeders' Association. It is the oldest of the stock associations, having been organized 20 years ago.

The financial statement showed a balance on hand of $197, against a deficit of $55 for 1895. The amount contributed for prizes at the Fat Stock Show in 1896 was $1147, as against $414 in 1895.

Messrs. R. Gibson, J. Russell and J. C. Snell reported regarding the winter show. Last year the Prince of Wales prize went to the Canadian Horse Show, but the sheep breeders are after it this year.

Mr. G. S. Macdonald addressed the meeting on the question of tariff and freight rates.

DIXON BEATS ERNE.

A Battle of 23 Rounds With the Buffalo Boy on the Defensive.

New York, March 24.—Frank Erne met George Dixon for the second time at the Broadway Athletic Club to-night, and Dixon got the decision without the shadow of cavil. Dixon was himself to-night, and he did all the leading up to the twenty-first round. Erne stayed away, and scarcely landed three good blows until the twenty-first round. Dixon fought differently from his usual style. He was more cautious, and tried hard to get Erne to lead. But the Buffalo boy appeared afraid and sluggish, and he kept strictly away until after the twentieth round. Then he made a desperate effort to knock his man out, but failed utterly.

The crowd was much dissatisfied with Erne's style. It was a clean battle, and no blood was shed throughout. The referee's decision was received with loud applause.

Dixon deserved a great deal of credit for his showing. He was giving away nine pounds, and only went on from sheer pluck and in order not to disappoint the public. The last meeting resulted in a decision in favor of Erne on points, but Dixon's admirers were by no means satisfied with the outcome. The preliminary was to have been a 12-round bout between two colored middleweights, Lon Beckwith of Cleveland and George Beyers of Boston, but Beyers had his man groggy after two minutes and eight seconds of the fifth round, and the referee stopped the bout.

There were 4000 spectators present when Erne and Dixon appeared. Dixon weighed 121¼ pounds and Erne scaled 130¼ pounds when they weighed in at noon to-day. Tom O'Rourke wanted to call the match off, but Dixon wished to fight, and Erne forfeited $500. The betting was about even money. Many of the colored boy's friends wanted to back him heavily before the weight question was made known, but when it transpired that Dixon was giving away so much weight there was a feeling of uneasiness, and much money was kept back. The Buffalo delegation applauded Erne to the echo when he appeared, and Dixon also came in for a warm reception.

TORN LIMB FROM LIMB.

A Chippewa Man Caught by a Large Fly Wheel at Niagara Falls, N. Y., and Instantly Killed.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 24.—(Special.)—A man named Bowers, living at Chippewa, Ont., was killed while at work in the big paper mills across the river this afternoon. Bowers was passing an immense wheel, which was traveling at the rate of 250 revolutions per minute, when his clothing became entangled in the belt and he was dragged into the wheel. Both legs were severed above the knee, and one of them was thrown through a window 150 feet away. He was otherwise crushed and mangled. Death was instantaneous.

THREE LIVES SACRIFICED.

Farm House Burned in Tennessee and Charred Remains Found in the Ruins.

Nashville, Tenn., March 24.—The house of Jacob Ade, a German farmer, was partly burned at Paradise Ridge last night, and in the ashes were found the charred remains of Ade, his wife, his daughter, Lizzie, aged 14, and the 10-year-old daughter of Henry Moirer, a neighbor, who was spending the night with the Ades. Henry Ade, a 10-year-old boy, is missing. The deed is supposed to have been the work of tramps, who have lately been numerous in the locality.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market is quiet with the demand restricted. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited; ton lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—Business remains inactive, and prices are unchanged. Red winter quoted at 74c and white at 75c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 89c, Midland, and it offered at 87c west. No. 2 hard quoted at 81c to 82c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is fair, with prices firm at 26c to 27c east.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of 10,000 bushels of white at 18c west. Mixed quoted at 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 39½c, north and west.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, with holders asking 28c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c to 33c east, 33c middle freight.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 24.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3½d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7¼d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 27s 0d; do., short cut, 26s 6d; tallow, 18s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather firmer. English country markets steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 2¼d for May and July, and 6s 0¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¼d for April, 2s 8¼d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 22s 6d.

Paris—Wheat 21f 30c for April; flour 44f 80c for March and April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 2¼d for May, 6s 2d for July and 6s 0¾d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7¼d for April 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 22s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage very little doing. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat firm at 21f 40c for April; flour firm at 44f 70c for April.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 25, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 69
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 60
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 34
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 18	to	0 18½
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$3 50	to	3 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt.	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 03½
Mutton per lb.	0 06	to	0 08
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 06
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz.	0 00	to	0 06
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 16	to	0 19
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz.	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

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DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall's Terrace.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinics and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 363 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

Spot Cash, One Price. Money back if you want it.

Who's Your Hatter?

In buying Hats it is not so important for some people to save money as to get exactly what they want. Here you can do both. We can give you the latest Spring Styles from the most renowned Hat manufacturers of England and America.

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Selling only at SPOT CASH, we can give you the Lowest Prices compatible with good goods. All we charge you for is HAT, not losses through waste in business methods.

We don't sell as many $3.00 Hats as we do $2.50 and $2.00 Hats. We sell such a good Hat for $2.00 and $2.50 that it really is not necessary to spend $3.00. We tell good Hats for $1.00, good styles, Derby and Fedora.

Our 75c Hats are as good as you think our $1.00 ones are but your "thinker's" wrong.

Remember we also sell Umbrellas, Silk, Alpaca, etc.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

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136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897

OTONABEE.

The Business Transacted at the Last Meeting of the Township Council

Correspondence of the Review.

All the members were present at the meeting of Otonabee Council. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed. A deputation, composed of the following gentlemen, was present:—J H Cruikshank, A Shearer, R J McCamus and J Eryce, asking for the privilege and aid to seat the public hall with comfortable seats at an estimated cost of $75 and to be allowed the privilege of raising the L part of the hall nearly three feet to the rear, using the lumber from the old seats to do so, and requesting as a grant for the seats the proceeds of the public hall for the last two years, the balance to be raised by concerts or other entertainments. On motion the above requests were granted giving the proceeds of the public hall for the years 1895 and 1896, after deducting the expenses. Mr Mitchell, representing the Sawyer, Massey Co., of Hamilton, was present trying to sell a grader or stone crusher. No action was taken. A resolution passed by the Hiawatha Indians was presented requesting that a just proportion of the taxes collected from the white tenants on the reserve be expended on the roads in the reserve.—Laid over till next meeting. The following accounts were passed:—Municipal World for 1897, $1; J M Drummond, registering births, deaths and marriages, $22; James Yourex, lumber for town hall platform, $3; timber and plank for culvert at the mill, $16 50. The following road overseers, pound keepers and fence viewers were appointed:—Road overseers—John Bathgate, John Dickson, Wm Wood, Richard Barns, Jas Collins, Jas Devlin, Henry Elmhirst, Wm Wood, D K Cameron, Walter Hope, Henry Reid, John Hoare, Frederick Nelson, Jas T Nelson, J R Borland, Thos Fitzgerald, Wm Anderson, Jas Armstrong, Jas Henderson, Geo Scollie, David Wallace, Benj Kindred, P J McFarlane, Thos Taylor, Wm Brealy, Thos Chamberlain, Jas O'Connor, John Cleghorn, Thos Lynch, Joshua Smithson, E W Wood, Wm Stewart, Creighton Matchett, David Hatchison, Samuel Deyell, Robt Hanbidge, Thomas Simon, D B Crowley, John Dixon, Robert Scollie, Jas Rose, Hamilton Moore, Wm Lee, Robt Evans, Uriah Wheeler, Jas L Hatherly, Thomas P Armstrong, Lewis McDonell, J A Drummond, James Robertson, Samuel Armstrong, James Hall, Richard Hope, Florence Driscoll, M Landregan, Patrick McMartin, John Armstrong, Thos Blezzard, W B Stewart, Chas Curtis, W J Miller, J R Bennett, J R Kindred, William Campbell, Michael Kennealy, J F Crowley, Thos Thorn, Andrew Cameron, Robt Miller, Wm Girvin, J H McIntyre, Christian Kruger, E C Howson, J O'Keefe, D J Henderson, Arthur Elmhurst, Gilbert Howson, J R Doris, Thomas Thurston, Wm Dowdell, Jno O'Leary, David McMahon, Jas Grey, John Conroy, John Dickson, Wm Fitzgerald. Pound-keepers—Alex Wood, jr, Geo Eason, Thos Thurston, Jas Ross, Johnston Cooney, R J H Short, Alex Patterson, Stuart Armstrong, Thomas Slattery, Dawson Kennedy, G B Cooney. Fence-viewers—Andrew Shearer, Robt Hanbidge, George Eason, D P McFarlane, Samuel Sargent, R A Deyell, Thos Blezzard, James Hanlon, Zac Barnham. Council adjourned to 19th April.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

(Mr. Stapleton can always be found at his house, Water-st., Peterborough. In case Mr. Stapleton should be out of town, attending sales, any orders or instructions may be left at the REVIEW Printing Office, where careful attention will be given.)

FRIDAY, March 26th.—Bona-fide Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Jeremiah Coughlin, on his premises, lot 6, in 7th Con. of Douro. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, March 27th.—General Sale of Horses, Harness, etc., on the Market Square, 10 a.m. No reserve.

MONDAY, March 29th.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements and Household Furniture of Mrs. H. Reynolds and son, on the premises, adjoining the village of Norwood. Sale at 10 a.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Auction Sale of Farm in the Township of Otonabee, Lot 11, in 17th Con., known as the John Hunter Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31.—Cash Sale of Household Furniture, in the village of Keene, of Mrs. J. Gall, widow of the late J. Gall, at the residence. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 1st.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements of Mr. Samuel Doupe, on the premises lot 5, in 12th Con. of Dummer. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

FRIDAY, April 2nd.—Sale of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, of Mr. Samuel Hamblie, on his premises, lot 11, in 2nd Con. of Dummer, about ¼ mile from the village of Warsaw. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, April 3rd.—Mortgage Sale of Farm, in the Township of Douro, being Lot 6, in 7th Con., known as the Jeremiah Coughlin Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, April 5th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Moffat, on lot 2, in 9th Con. of Douro, known as the old Adam King farm. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, April 6.—Stock, Implements and Furniture, of Mr. Michael O'Brien, on his premises lot 6, in 4th Con. of Douro. Sale 1.30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, April 7th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. G. W. Patrick, on the premises, lot 3 in 4th Con. of Smith. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 8th.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, of Mr. Philip Fitzpatrick on the premises, lot 14, in 5th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THE DEATH OF MR. W. BURGESS.

The East Peterborough Agricultural Society Passes a Resolution of Condolence—Mr J A Sexsmith Succeeds Mr Burgess on the Directorate.

The Directors of the East Peterborough Agricultural Society met in the town hall, Norwood, on Monday last. Mr. F. Birdsall, the president, was in the chair, and those present were Messrs. Hugh Nelson, George Elliott, Wm J Patterson, Chas O'Reilly, Jno Knox, Chas Nicholl, Jno Brackenridge, Jos Johnston, And. Cameron and J B Pearce. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed. Mr Birdsall verbally reported his attendance at the Association of Fairs and Exhibitions in Toronto with a brief resume of its proceedings, and also reported as to the completion of the purchase of the additional four acres for exhibition grounds.

It was moved by Mr O'Reilly and seconded by Mr Patterson, and unanimously adopted, that since our last meeting the hand of death has removed one of our members, the late Wm Burgess, of Belmont, who since the organization of the Society in 1868 has been continuously a member and director, be it therefore resolved, that the Society places on record its high estimate of his genial, active, useful and kindly character as a man, its appreciation of the long and valuable services he has rendered to the Society and at the loss sustained, which it so keenly feels, and hereby conveys to the sorrowing widow and family its sincere and heartfelt sympathy in this the hour of their sad bereavement, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to Mrs Burgess.

To fill the vacancy in the directorate caused by the death of Mr. Burgess, Mr. Nelson moved, seconded by Mr. O'Reilly, that Mr J A Sexsmith, of Belmont, be appointed director for the remainder of the current year. This was carried. It was moved by Mr. O'Reilly, seconded by Mr H Nelson, that the exhibition be kept open for two days. This was also carried. On motion of Mr Cameron, seconded by Mr Nelson, it was decided that the afternoon of the first day be devoted to sports, speeding in the ring, etc., and that the following be a committee to prepare and carry out a programme of the same, viz., the President, Messrs C O'Reilly and W G Patterson, with power to add to their numbers outside of the Board of Directors, and that the committee herein named be authorized to draw upon the funds of the society to the limit of $15 towards carrying out the programme.—Carried. The Board then went into committee of the whole for the revision of the prize list. A few additions and amendments were made, which on motion were agreed to and adopted.

The secretary was authorized to select a committee of ladies to revise the ladies' work class.

It was moved by Mr. Brackenridge, seconded by Mr. Nelson, and decided, that Messrs Chas O'Reilley, J B Pearce, John Knox, W G Patterson and the secretary be a committee to fence in the new addition to the grounds.

Mr Nelson moved, seconded by Mr Brackenridge, that the president, Messrs C O'Reilly, W G Patterson, Rev Father Conway, H G Buck, M McGregor, Wm Clancy, Jno Rork, F W Ashe, Wm Nichol and Adam Patterson be a committee to lay out and complete an extension of the present speeding track around the new addition made to exhibition grounds, and that said committee provide for any expenditure in connection therewith by canvassing for subscriptions in money or the equivalent in gratuitous labor.

The meeting then adjourned.

Report From the Government Physician Port of Quebec

"I have used 'Pheno Banum' or 'Quickcure' in a suppurating wound following a severe bite of a cat; after the usual remedies seemed ineffectual, this preparation cleaned up the wound and healed it after the second application; its effect was most satisfactory; it has also proved a valuable remedy for removing pain, and destroying the socci that cause boils and carbuncles, healing in some cases more quickly than if the microbes had been cut out; as is now recognized to be proper treatment instead of poulticing, etc This remedy has a grand future before it.

Signed,

J. H. HENCHEY, M.D., M. R. C.S., Eng.

THE DOCTOR'S ADVICE COLUMN.

Valuable Hints on the Care of the Health and Prescriptions for Invalids.

"Know M. Y. Self.—My symptoms—which alarm me—are as follows: Even though I rise from bed in the morning thoroughly refreshed, after a sound and dreamless night's sleep, I invariably pass a sleepless breakfast, and I do not feel inclined to sleep again until evening. Though previous to dining I may have had an immense appetite and healthy longing for food, I no sooner am through eating a hearty dinner than I find I have completely lost my appetite; nor do I care to eat again until supper time. If I am very thirsty and drink a quantity of water, I invariably lose all the natural and healthy thirst which I had, and I have no inclination to drink more until I am thirsty again.

"If I work more than usual, I grow tired in proportion, and this tired feeling continues with me until I rest myself. I grow just as tired again if I work as hard as before, after which I only feel rested again after resting myself once more."

The Doctor is suffering from the same alarming symptoms himself. You should consult a regular, high-priced physician.

"P. D. Q.—I believe that my left leg is broken. If not, it is at least financially embarrassed. It has nearly entirely failed to respond of late when pulled by my wife, my two daughters and my son at college. I have treated it at home by carrying my purse in my right hand pants pockets, but the relief has only been temporary, and my right leg has meanwhile threatened to go into a quick decline."

Yours is a case of very prevalent skin disease. Do not ever expect a permanent cure.

"Q.E.D.—Ever since having my right leg amputated at the thigh, some years ago, I have been unable to walk without limping, or to dance the two-step."

You have one foot in the grave, or, at least, it is in some dissecting room. If you wish to get about without limping take a street car, but do not dance the two-step. Some of the healthiest persons are unable to perform this extremely difficult dance without home treatment by an experienced dancing teacher.

"C. O. D.—Ever since I became perfectly bald my hair has ceased to grow. What would you advise?"

Yours is an aggravated case of in-growing hair, and it is extremely difficult to induce in-growing hair to come to a head. Try sitting further back from the stage at the theatre.

N. B.—The doctor has made a study of, and is a specialist upon, that rare and very painful affliction of the rich, commonly known as "coughing up the long greens." He sees to such cases personally. A card will summon him to your relief.

"And you have the impudence to say that the jimmy found on you was not intended to be used in breaking into houses?" said the judge.

"Of course it ain't," said the wanderer. "It's fer breakin' out o' freight cars."—Indianapolis Journal.

"Josephine has an interesting measure to put before the mothers' congress."

"What is it?"

"She wants a law compelling every woman who has a son to remember that he will probably be some other woman's husband."—Chicago Record.

The Test That Tells.

The Colonel—Yes, we had a woman in our regiment who enlisted as a man, and I guess nobody would ever have found her out if it had not been for a singular mishap that befell us.

The Major—I'm all attention. Tell me about it.

The Colonel.—Well, we suddenly ran out of ammunition when face to face with the enemy. It happened to be a very stony piece of ground and the order was given to shower our opponents with rocks. 'One throw served to expose all that our woman had been hiding for three years.—Cleveland Leader.

A Comic Affair.

"Did you get a valentine this year, Miss Elderly?"

"Yes. I did!" she snapped. "And now I'm just lying low to see if I can't find out who sent it." Then she gave her hair an extra twist that brought one ear nearly to the crown of her head.—Detroit Free Press.

Lily Lake Literary Society.

At the regular meeting of Lily Lake Literary Society on Thursday, March 18th, the following programme was rendered:

Address .... President
Report .... Critic
Report .... Secretary
Instrumental... Messrs. Marshall and Brown
Reading.................. Miss Lily Middleton
Instrumental duet.... Messrs W and V Paul
Reading.......................... John Mahood
Instrumental... Messrs Marshall and Brown
Speech.......................... Mr G A Reid

Impromptu debate, "Resolved that a diet of buttermilk and potatoes is better than corn and cucumbers." Affirmative, Miss L Middleton and Jno Mahood; negative, Miss S Young and Mr W Patten.

Paper .... Editor

God save the Queen.

Dr. S. J. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes, "On *several occasions* I have known 'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' to remove *pain in the back* within fifteen minutes. It is *especially* valuable where Belladonna of Aconite plasters would not be prescribed."

That tired feeling is due to impoverished blood. Enrich the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be strong and vigorous.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.

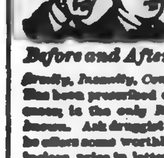
WHY?

Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.

J. J. TURNER & SONS

The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.



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Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Infirmity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
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Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

A Prosperous Farmer

will always have an air of success about himself and his farm. Nothing will give such an air of prosperity to your houses, barns, wagons, buggies, tools, etc., as the careful use of paint. There is economy in paint. A barn that is painted, and kept painted, will not wear out half as fast as one that is allowed to become weather beaten. That is true of everything paintable

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CREOSOTE PAINT

is exactly suited to the coarse-grained woods generally used in barns, fences, etc. It contains creosote. Creosote is a disinfectant and prevents decay.

Our booklet, "Paint Points," tells why it is economical to use paint. It tells what to paint, and how to paint. It is a handy book to have about the house. Send for it to-day—it is free. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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—OF—

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Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

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Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 72. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

A Scene of Grandeur in the Senate Chamber.

Ladies Were There in Large Numbers Dressed in Richest Costumes—The Governor-General's Suite Was Brilliant, and the Whole Proceedings Were Marked by a Display More Elaborate Than on Any Former Occasion—Exchange of Greetings—Short Session of the Senate.

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special.)—It is generally conceded that the opening ceremonies of Parliament to-day were the most brilliant seen in Ottawa for many a long year. The scene in the Senate Chamber when the Governor-General entered shortly after 3 was a striking one. There were more ladies in decolette costume than has ever been previously known, and there was not sufficient accommodation, many having to stand. Lord Aberdeen was accompanied by a brilliant suite, noticeable amongst whom were Col. Sir Casimir Gzowski, Mr. Laurier, Gen. Gascoigne and our own dear Sir Oliver. The latter, for the first time, donned his official uniform as a Canadian Privy Councillor and possibly felt that all eyes were centered upon him. It was a subject of universal comment how well Sir Oliver looked. His early military training in the militia of Canada stood him in good stead to-day, as he bore himself like an old soldier.

Inside the Parliament Buildings all was warmth and color and light, and matrons

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

and maids of high degree and low swept through the corridors like queens in gorgeous robes of rustling silk or shimmering satin on their way to the Senate chamber, with its marble arches and crimson furnishings. The galleries were taken possession of. The first one, set aside for the ladies of the official staff, was gay with bright frocks and flowers, while the others were filled with a motly crowd, some in evening dress, some in fustian; every profession or trade was represented, as is quite proper at such a time, when the people's representatives are assembled on a public occasion of this kind.

Below, the chairs were reserved and labelled with the fair occupants' name, and fortunate was she who had such a seat of honor, for the ground floor was the cynosure of all eyes. Well the ladies knew this, for never has there been seen such a display of silks and rare lace and jewels as on this afternoon, and so beautiful was the effect that these rows of ladies suggested at every glance beds of tulips in full bloom, or plots of hyacinths.

The room was pure with the fragrance of the myriad flowers which the ladies carried in their hands, or wore on the breast or shoulder, and diamonds scintillated in the light at every turn of head or pretty neck, but when the Countess of Aberdeen entered in a magnificent yellow gown and violets and flashing coronet, with attendant page and ladies and the Governor-General, in richly embroidered coat and ribbon and orders, took his place on the throne, surrounded by Ministers and officers in beautiful uniforms and glittering swords—among whom were Sir Oliver Mowat, Hon. R. W. Scott and Mr. Laurier in Windsor Court costume—nothing could have exceeded the brilliancy of the scene. The Judges of the Supreme Court were there in scarlet robes and ermine, among whom was Judge MacMahon, representing Ontario, and below these the usual officials of the House gathered about the Senate table, where lay the monster golden mace, the symbol of authority. Further down, on the floor, were keen-eyed church dignitaries in purple robes and gold chains, and representatives in uniform of the various foreign consulates, the French Consul-General in elaborately-braided jacket and many orders on his breast, the Japanese Consul with swarthy face and dark eyes, and men famous in their professions the country broad.

After a great deal of ceremony and periodic bowing on the part of Black Rod, the Commoners were called in, after precautions had been taken to keep them from the charmed circle of the Upper House by a brass railing. The Speaker, in robe and gown, took up a prominent position facing the throne, but outside the bar and behind him crowded all the members of the Commons to hear the Speech from the Throne. Capt. Sinclair, in official dress of green and gold, with scarlet sash and sword, with many bows, handed the beribboned speech to His Excellency, who read it clearly and distinctly in both tongues spoken in Canada. He outlined the policy of the Government for the present session, referring to familiar questions and taking a hopeful view of things in general. The document was then returned to the gallant captain, who, with the same periodic bows, which we thought peculiar to Black Rod, handed

HON. WILFRID LAURIER,
Premier and President of the Council.

it in turn to the Speaker of the House of Commons. He received it with uncovered head, and this was practically the end of the affair.

Presently the Governor-General retired, amid clanking swords and a kaleidoscope effect of moving color, which was simply bewildering. Her Excellency was attended by one of her boys as a little page in purple velvet and wig, which reminded one of a little Scotch terrier, who lifted the train of the Countess, and after her trooped the whole brilliant assemblage to the various other attractions going on in different parts of the building. There were receptions by Speaker Ross of the Senate and Mrs. Edgar on the Commons side. Mrs. Edgar is a genial, sociable woman, who promises to become quite a favorite. There was much jollity and handshaking and chaff, and after a cup of tea or an ice we fled to steal a nod or two in slumberland ere the next function, at 10 o'clock, the at home at Government House.

The Countess of Aberdeen wore a handsome yellow satin gown with large puffed sleeves of satin of violets. On her head she wore a diamond coronet and violets at the back.

Lady Gzowski was richly gowned in black and white.

Mme. Laurier wore a beautiful gown of mauve moire antique, with rich lace and large bouquet of white roses.

Miss Thompson wore a pretty cream lace frock with square corsage, trimmed with buttercups.

Mrs. Edgar wore a duchess satin gown, richly trimmed with real Irish point and mauve velvet diamond ornaments.

Lady Joly de Lotbiniere wore a handsome heliotrope brocade with low corsage.

Mrs. Dobell was in black, with diamonds.

Miss Dobell, white satin and steel passementerie and black aigrette in hair.

Mrs. Hendrie wore pearl grey, brocaded with old lace, and necklace of pearls and diamonds and sunburst of diamonds in her hair.

Miss Tiny Hendrie wore a beautiful white silk, richly brocaded in red roses and with stripes of cadet blue satin and gold. The corsage was trimmed with yellow spotted net frills edged with black. Her gloves were black and her bouquet of meteor roses. Her sister was in pale blue satin with white valenciennes lace and shoulder knot of pink roses, black gloves.

Mrs. Schreiber was magnificently gowned in orchid moire antique with lace and splendid diamonds.

Mrs. Rutter wore a sort of black brocade, bodice in white with jet, round short sleeves and round the low bodice handsome pearl ornaments.

Miss Malloch was in pretty pink gown.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

Mrs. Hetherington, formerly of Toronto, was in a handsome white satin gown with pearl trimming.

Mrs. Clemow was richly dressed in yellow silk with black and cream lace.

Mrs. (Dr.) Wilson of St. Thomas, who is the guest of Mme. Laurier, had a beautiful gown in sea green brocade, with pearl embroidery, Medici collar and sea green ostrich tips in her hair.

Mrs. Casgrain of Montreal wore a cadet blue brocade with cream lace on the bodice and huge rose bouquet.

Mrs. Strathy of Montreal was beautifully gowned in cream silk and purple flowers.

Continued on Page

HONOR TO SIR CHARLES

The Veteran Leader Congratulated by His Friends.

Members of the Senate and House of Commons Felicitate the Veteran War Horse in Words of Eulogy, and Tender Therewith the Beautiful Epergne, Which Was Fully Described on the Date of the Anniversary—Sir Charles Reviews the Years Since Confederation, and Returns Thanks in Eloquent Language.

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special.)—There was a pleasing function at the residence of Sir Charles Tupper this afternoon after the adjournment of both Houses. A deputation of Senators and members, headed by Sir Mackenzie Bowell, waited upon the Opposition leader and presented him with a magnificent gift to commemorate the recent golden wedding anniversary of Sir Charles and Lady Tupper. Those present included Senators Clemow, Dickey, Wood, Reid, McDonald (P.E.I.), McDonald (C.B.), Sir William Hingston, Bernier, Primrose, Baird, Owens, McDonald (B.C.), O'Brien, and the following M.P.'s: Hon John Costigan, Hon D Tisdale, Mr Corby, Mr Ganong, Mr Carscallen, Mr Bennett, Mr Taylor, Mr Reid, Mr H F McDougall, Mr Ingram, Mr McCleary, Mr Clancy, Mr Maclaren, Dr Bethune, Mr. Hale, Mr. Mills, Mr. Bergeron, Mr Quinn, Mr Cargill, Mr McDonald (P. E.I.)

Sir M. Bowell, in making the presentation, said:

On behalf of the Senators of Canada, I have very great pleasure in presenting to you and Lady Tupper, on the auspicious occasion of your golden wedding, this mark of their esteem for you, Lady Tupper and your family, not only personally, but in consideration of your long and faithful service, and the good that you have done, I will not say to the party alone, but to the country, and the various positions, responsible as they have been, that you have occupied. It would be useless for me to attempt to enlarge upon those services or to indulge in eulogy or flattery. This present is the best possible evidence that we can give to you that we appreciate your services. I regard it as a very great honor that I have been selected as the instrument to present this to you. The album, which is to accompany this, will be signed by all of the donors. When I say that I include nearly every Senator—certainly those of our party, and some of the others. I hope for myself, and I think I speak for every man in the Senate, that you may long be spared to look upon this as a memento presented by a class of men in whom I think you have full confidence.

Sir Charles Tupper replied as follows:

Sir Mackenzie Bowell and gentlemen: Any poor words that I can say will not adequately express my feelings and those of my wife, who, I regret to say, is not able to be down stairs yet, having been suffering from an attack of la grippe, but who very warmly sympathises with and appreciates the kindness that has been extended to her and myself by our friends in the Senate. I need not say to you, as one of the fathers of Confederation, I attached then, and have continued to attach, the very greatest and gravest importance to the Senate as one of the great institutions of Canada. I think I have said on former occasions that at the time of Confederation delegates representing both parties in the various Provinces met at Quebec and laid the foundation, broad and deep, of our great Confederation. One of the subjects that demanded the most careful consideration at our hands was the construction of the Senate, or the upper branch of the Legislature. It was a very curious and striking fact, and one of no small historical importance, that although both the Liberal party, represented by the late Hon. Geo. Brown, Mr. Macdonald and Sir Oliver Mowat, and the Conservative party, represented by Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir George Cartier and other leading members of the Conservative party in the various Provinces in Canada, came, after considering that question in the light of the fact that Canada had experienced an elective legislative council for many years, to the almost unanimous decision that the Senate should be nominative, and that each member should be chosen by the Government of the day, and for life. That decision was adopted with scarcely a dissenting voice. I can only say that I have watched the operation of the constitution of our country in the nomination of Senators for life with great care, and with great regard to the best interests of the country, from the time of its formation to the present, and I am more and more convinced of the wisdom that was exhibited by those who were charged with laying the foundation on that occasion in adopting the present system as the best in the interests of Canada.

I can say that, having watched closely the manner in which that body has discharged its duty to the country from its formation down to the present hour, I am convinced that they have established a record that will bear most close and careful scrutiny. They have vindicated the adoption of that step by the manner in which they have discharged their duties in Parliament and in the country. I take this opportunity of mentioning that, because it is a question of some importance, and while occasionally wild proposals are agitated for reformation of the Senate they have been promulgated by persons who were not responsible at that time. The closer we come to examine the question, the more general is the consensus of opinion that it would be an unhappy hour for Canada if we did not possess the Senate, or that the Senate was not constituted as it is at present. I believe there has not been a time in the history of our country when the Senate has failed to discharge its duty, and I believe also that the present is an occasion in which they will have an opportunity of proving from time to time their value as a deliberative assembly, one which is in a position to review more carefully than those who are more immediately connected with heated electoral contests can have.

Having thus expressed my high regard for the Senate of Canada as a body, I need not tell you how deeply I appreciate such a magnificent and magnanimous token of esteem. I can only say that, having devoted many years of my life to public affairs, it will be an additional incentive. If anything were required to stimulate one in his declining years, it would be found in this magnificent testimonial which the gentlemen connected with the Senate have given me as an appreciation of my public services. I feel also that I must take this opportunity of saying that there could have been no channel of communication between the Senators and myself that could render this present more valuable than to receive it from the hands of a gentleman who occupied the position of leader of the Conservative party in the Senate, and whose friendship it has always been my privilege and pleasure to enjoy from the first hour we met on the floor of the House of Commons. I wish to express again my infinite pleasure that this magnificent testimonial from the Senate should have been received from the hands of my old trusted, personal friend Sir Mackenzie Bowell.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: "I may add that this present is made from Nova Scotia gold. Everything about it is Canadian except the glass, which could not be obtained here. The gold, onyx and wood are all from Nova Scotia. Being strong National Policy men, we gave instructions that it be made from our native products as far as possible."

The present, as explained at the time of the golden wedding, is a very handsome golden epergne, with five cut glass dishes, on an ebony stand.

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1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
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1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
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1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
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ON FRIDAY morning between Post Office and George-st. school on George-st., A SQUARE BLACK PURSE, containing cheque, express order and small sum of money. Kindly return to REVIEW business office. 1d72

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SMALL HOUSE in Stony Lake, for the season. State particulars and lowest cash-in advance price. Address Box 4, REVIEW Office. 5d72

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. 489-w11 3m

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BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL Assignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on
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Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
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'ITS FAIR'S WAY'
REMARKABLE
ENTHUSIASM
Among the Ladies.

DOING a thing counts more than a lot of talking or preaching. As Horace Greeley once said when discussing a financial question: "The way to resume is to resume."

In a similar sense, "Fair's way" is a most successful way of creating an important spring attraction—as was evidenced by the magnificent Opening Exhibition of fashionable Spring Goods which was attended with so much eclat at the Golden Lion on Tuesday.

It was a signal event—overshadowing all other local attractions of an allied character. So much that was of absorbing interest to the ladies centered around the occasion that we have been induced to prolong the exhibition for the remainder of this week.

AN ALL-WEEK
EXHIBITION
Will only be doing justice to the crowds who desire to become posted on all that is Newest and most Fashionable in woman's realm.

We will make the occasion one of widest interest throughout the house, in which the magnet of price will largely contribute.

An attraction that will be appreciated by visitors will be the setting SPECIAL PRICES for the balance of the week.

ROBERT FAIR
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THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

NOTICE
To Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS
Addressed to W. Giles, Esq., Reeve of Dysart, Haliburton P.O.; marked "Tenders for Town Hall" will be received up to
FRIDAY, the 16th day of April, 1897
for the building of a Town Hall at the Village of Haliburton.

Plans and Specifications of the proposed Hall can be seen at the office of the undersigned

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM PRUST,
Clerk of Dysart.
Dated at Haliburton this 23rd day of March, 1897. 367

MASSY-HARRIS

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[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheels.

No bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

The Welland Vale 3 BIKES — Perfect, Garden City, Dominion.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the ***Welland Vale Bikes.*** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

PERFECT, - $85.00
GARDEN CITY, $75.00
DOMINION, - $60.00

For Ladies & Gentlemen

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

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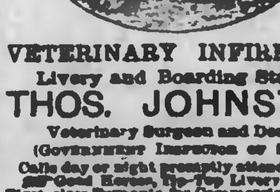

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Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children." MRS. L. KLAUSFELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897

THE second session of the present Dominion Parliament is now opened. Keep your eye on the proceedings.

THE faithful Liberal campaigners are receiving their reward. Slowly but surely the Dominion Government is making offices vacant in order to make room for their party men. But in many cases the vacancy is made at the expense of the people, as active young men, against whom no suspicion of "offensive partisanship" can be raised, are being placed on the superannuation list. Yesterday's Ottawa report showed two men, each only 45 years of age, who had been superannuated. The old Liberal record, made when they had their short-lived lease of power twenty years ago, will be repeated. It seems as though the men who "smelt the soup" are having it pretty well laddled out to them.

THE Rossland Record asks a very significant question when referring to the Ontario Government's action in handing over 64,000 acres of the people's mineral lands to a syndicate. The Record says:—"The Ontario Government has recently given an option on 64,000 acres of mineral lands in the Rainy river district to the South African General Development Syndicate, represented by Col. Engledue, for $20,000. The conditions of the option are that the company agrees to spend not less than $30,000 in exploration work the first year, $40,000 the second year, and $50,000 the third year. This is a remarkable cheap option. What would be said by mining men in Rossland if the whole of Red and Deer Park mountains were bonded to a syndicate on the same conditions?"

MR. HARDY and his majority in the Legislature refused to legislate against provincial officials engaging actively in election campaigns, although they were forced to endorse a resolution that condemned the practice. It will now remain to be seen whether the Government's contention that it was unnecessary to make electioneering an offence on the part of officials is correct or not. If the officials receive orders to respect the resolution passed by the Legislature condemning active participation in election campaigns it will only be a short time before the result becomes evident. If the old system of campaigning is continued, however, the Government's hypocritical stand in this matter should meet with the condemnation of every fair minded elector.

THERE are three important confessions of failure that the Liberal Government have to make to Parliament at this the first session for general business. First they had promised to send a commission to Washington that would secure reciprocity with the United States. The commission went, but instead of being met with open arms they received the cold shoulder. Then they promised to reduce the expenditure and institute a policy of economy. Those who believed this will be sorely disappointed. Then the Liberals were going to make no increase in the debt burden of the country, they would have no deficits. Now towards the end of the first year they have to confess a deficit of about four million dollars. *Failure* in three important respects, therefore, has been already stamped on the record of "the strongest Government Canada has ever seen."

THE Kingston News points out that the Attorney-General was more particular in addressing the temperance delegates the other day than he was the licensed victuallers. The latter he did not take the trouble to argue with, all his art of conciliation being tried on the former. The situation reminds our contemporary of the story of the Southern planter, who, after shooting some wild ducks, directed his negro slave to gather them in, and told him not to trouble himself about the dead ones, but first to catch the wounded ones that were trying to get away. "Ah, massa," said the pious darkey, in continuation of a previous discussion, "now I can tell you why de debbil neber troubles you. He's got you sure enough." Mr. Hardy knows that the temperance people can get away from him if they choose, and he knows that the licensed victuallers are bound to him hard and fast. He keeps the liquor men terrorized by the possibility of a refusal to renew their licenses, and thus not only secures their votes but their influence and their money.

Locating the Blame.

The Rev. Dr. Fourthly was making a pastoral call.

"You find us feeling rather blue today, Doctor," his parishioner said. "We have met with a loss we could ill afford."

"I am sorry to hear it, Mrs. Portwood. May I inquire the nature of your loss?"

"I was going to tell you. Yesterday afternoon, while I was doing some shopping down town, my purse was stolen from me by a pickpocket. He got away with it safely. There was no policeman in sight, of course, and I have not the slightest hope the thief will ever be found or the property recovered. It is a heavy loss, but I suppose I ought to look upon it as intended for my own good, and I ought not to repine."

"That is the right spirit. The scoundrel, I presume, took the purse out of your pocket?"

"Oh, no! I was carrying it in my hand."

"Then, madam, you must try not to throw the responsibility of the affair on Providence."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

(Mr. Stapleton can always be found at his house, Water-st., Peterborough. In case Mr. Stapleton should be out of town, attending sales, any orders or instructions may be left at the REVIEW Printing Office, where careful attention will be given.)

SATURDAY, March 27th.—General Sale of Horses, Harness, etc., on the Market Square, 10 a.m. No reserve.

MONDAY, March 29th.—Unreserved Sale of Farm Stock, Implements and Household Furniture of Mrs. H. Reynolds and son, on the premises, adjoining the village of Norwood. Sale at 10 a.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Auction Sale of Farm in the Township of Otonabee, Lot 11, in 17th Con., known as the John Hunter Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31.—Cash Sale of Household Furniture, in the village of Keene, of Mrs. J. Gall, widow of the late J. Gall, at the residence. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 1st.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements of Mr. Samuel Doupe, on the premises lot 5, in 12th Con. of Dummer. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

FRIDAY, April 2nd.—Sale of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, of Mr. Samuel Hamblin, on his premises, lot 11, in 2nd Con. of Dummer, about ½ mile from the village of Warsaw. Sale 1 p.m. No. reserve.

SATURDAY, April 3rd.—Mortgage Sale of Farm, in the Township of Douro, being Lot 6, in 7th Con., known as the Jeremiah Coughlin Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, April 5th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Moffat, on lot 2, in 9th Con. of Douro, known as the old Adam King farm. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, April 6.—Stock, Implements and Furniture, of Mr. Michael O Brien, on his premises lot 6, in 4th Con. of Douro. Sale 1.30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, April 7th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. G. W. Patrick, on the premises, lot 3 in 4th Con. of Smith. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 8th.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, of Mr. Philip Fitzpatrick on the premises, lot 14, in 5th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d6wt

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MR. HARCOURT'S BILL

Changes Made in Favor of the Temperance People.

Among Its New Features is One Empowering Municipal Councils to Further Regulate Hours of Closing—Druggists Restricted—They Cannot Put a Stick in Temperance Beverages—Minors Must Not Loiter in Barrooms Nor Drink in Clubs—Must Not Sell Within 300 Feet of a Church or School—Mr. Harcourt Cheered by His Followers.

Toronto, March 26.

Hon. Richard Harcourt, the Provincial Treasurer, lifted the veil by explaining at the Legislature last night changes in the revised liquor license bill. During the course of a two-hour speech, in moving the second reading of his bill, he dealt with the changes that had been made in it since its first reading.

In these can be noticed the effect of the clamor of the Dominion Alliance, for the bill is decidedly more advantageous to them than in its original state.

The hon. Minister further showed his deference to the prohibitionist friends of the Government by the tenor of the speech itself, which was characterized throughout by vigorous appeals for the support of the temperance element.

When the Speaker resumed his seat after supper the galleries were filled with an expectant crowd, curious to hear the speech.

In opening his address, Hon. Mr. Harcourt commented upon the interest which had been manifested in the measure. The bill had been discussed from every point of view. This discussion, however, revealed an ignorance of its contents. The bill he proposed now to adopt varied considerably from the one he first introduced. It contained many new provisions. There could be no scientific basis upon which to formulate such a bill. The only way it could be formed was to look at the experience of the province in the past.

The speaker then entered into a resume of the liquor legislation which had been introduced in the past. This legislation, he claimed, had been satisfactory. There had been nothing short of a revolution in the matter of temperance in the province, as any middle-aged man could *affirm.* There had been 12 temperance measures in the last twenty years, and each time the people had given their consent. The Government had always had the convictions of the people with them in the matter; that was the reason their measures had always been effective. Temperance legislation was especially difficult of enforcement, and, therefore, it was best to go slowly and deliberately in enacting it.

The bill, said he, was moderate and that was why it would commend itself to the people. At no time had the House turned a deaf ear to the restrictions proposed by any persons.

The hon. Treasurer continued by citing the different changes in the license laws in the past twenty years. He called attention to the variety of ways in which the traffic had been restricted. The changes in the law had been made in response to advanced public sentiment. The Minister of Education, he reminded the House, had made temperance a study in the Public schools in 1886, and had made it a compulsory study about four years ago.

One result of all this legislation, as proved by the blue books, both of the Dominion and of the province, was that the people of the province were a sober people. He quoted the Dominion statistics to show that the number of convictions for drunkenness in Ontario had decreased from one person in 423 people in 1883 to one person in 667 in 1894. In Quebec the figures were in 1884 1 in 863, and 1 in 369 of population in 1894. The same favorable comparison might be made between Ontario and the other provinces. In the prohibition State of Maine and in its largest city, Portland, the convictions for drunkenness during a certain period were 39 to the 1000 population, while the number in Toronto for the same period was but 18 to the thousand. Comparing Lewiston, Maine, and Hamilton, the respective figures were 11, and 6 convictions to the 1000. *Continuing,* he argued that the number of licenses in proportion to population had been cut down *one-half since 1874,* the number in that year being some 6000, while in 1896 it was a little over 3000. Since 1875 the number of *committments* for drunkenness had decreased from 3262 in that year, to 1907 in 1896, or by over one-half, notwithstanding the increase of population. This did not include the Scott Act years, when convictions were more frequent. From this he drew the conclusion that there had been a moral revolution in the drinking habit, and that it was largely due to the legislation of the House.

Passing on he dealth with the provisions of the bill. The first section dealt with the limit of licenses to population. This provision would cut off some 150 licenses. Surely, he claimed, that was going far enough in the right direction. He reminded the House that besides this reduction the License Commissioners and Municipal Councils had further power to refuse licenses. It was provided as well that when an application signed by 100 persons in a city or 50 in a town would be made to the Council for a reduction of licenses, that such Council might pass a bylaw to reduce the licenses before the following 1st of March. He had attempted some weeks ago to get information from 45 license boards and from 423 municipalities and had learned that only 106 of these latter municipalities had taken advantage of the opportunity to reduce the number of licenses. In 69 municipalities out of 105 the License Commissioners had been more anxious to reduce the number of licenses than had the people. When it was found that the Municipal Councils had power to cut off licenses and when it was possible for temperance men to make use of the Local Option Law to cut them off altogether, he did not see that the Legislature could be expected to do everything in that line. The Legislature was as anxious as any temperance man to reduce the number of licenses, but they were already reduced in the province to a lower rate than they were in the four supposedly most advanced provinces in the Dominion. It was not at any rate necessarily the last word which the Legislature would utter upon the subject and besides it was to be remembered that the plebiscite was to be voted upon in a few months.

Resuming, he pointed out that section 9 amended the law to fix an hour of closing throughout the province. At present there were 37 divisions out of 95 where there was no fixed hour of closing at all. The bill proposed to fix the hour at 10 o'clock in 706 out of 816 districts, while in the remaining districts it would be 11 o'clock. The revised bill empowered Municipal Councils to further reduce the hours, in which liquor could be sold, as they might see fit. That clause in itself, he claimed, justified the bill. By it the hour of opening might be made later and that of closing earlier if the Council after due application had been made for the change saw fit to make it.

Continuing, he claimed that the clause *forbidding the sale to minors,* was the most important feature of the bill. The age limit had been raised successively from 16, 18 and 21 years in the past 10 years. If the lads of the province were protected until they reached man's estate, the human mind could conceive as yet of nothing more valuable or more useful.

Coming to the question of the sale of liquor in clubs he remarked upon the fact that it was made illegal in the bil to sell liquor in clubs to minors. Clause 4 of section 10 made the keeper of a tavern as well as the minor himself liable to a fine if such minor were caught loitering in a bar room, which was a good measure.

According to the last census the raising of the age limit from 18 to 21 placed 135,000 additional people under a prohibition law, so that over half the population were now placed under such a law by the bill.

Section 13, he pointed out, prohibited the issuing of a license to a house within 300 feet of a church or educational institutions. The abolition of saloons would remove 24 more licenses. Continuing, he commended to Mr. Marter's attention the sub-section of section 8, which made druggists who mixed liquor with temperance beverages, liable to a fine. Under the new act any 10 electors might sign a requisition to have the License Commissioners declare a district to be a residential one and then upon the requisition of at least 75 residents of that district the commissioners could remove a license. He quoted from the remarks of several Nova Scotians to show that in that province where the legislation was in advance of popular sentiment, it was to a large extent a failure. Eloquently the Minister continued to appeal to those who had demanded more stringent measures to take this consideration into account when making their requests. He reiterated his assertion that the people of Ontario were a sober people. This consummation had been brought about by the pulpit, the schools, the press, the well regulated houses, and lastly the work of legislation. In the light of all that had been accomplished by moderate legislation he asked the House to agree with him that any measure could only be effective in which it carried with it the sympathy of the people.

On Mixed Marriages.

I am reminded of a most interesting conversation I had with Dr. Theall, the Tacitus of South Africa, upon this subject.

"It is a disastrous mistake," said he to me, "for people in England to act as though black and white people can ever mix. The two races cannot intermarry without harm to one or both. The half-breeds who marry half-breeds cease to be prolific and they become prolific only in the event of their marrying blacks or whites. There is no doubt that the negro has multiplied with great rapidity where he has been protected by whites. He cannot quarrel as he was wont to; he is not allowed to wage war; he is not allowed to kill witches; and when famines arise the Government feeds him at the expense of the white taxpayers. Even disease is not allowed to sweep him away as it once did; at least, the Government does all in its power to check smallpox and other infectious ills."—Poultney Bigelow, in Harper's Magazine.

Love is the sun of woman's life. Its dawning is the maiden's tender sentiment; it brightens into the steady affection of the contented wife, and reaches its glorious noontide in the happy mother. Happy motherhood is a true woman's loftiest ambition. Her highest pride is in her fitness to fulfill this grand and sacred destiny. Nothing so clouds and darkens her existence as to be incapacitated for this noblest of womanly functions by weakness or disease.

A woman who suffers from any ailment of the delicate special organism of her sex, feels something more than pain and physical wretchedness. She is mortified with a sense of womanly incompleteness.

But no woman need remain under this cloud of misery and dissatisfaction. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription positively cures all diseased conditions and weaknesses, and restores complete health and strength to the feminine organs.

It is the only medicine of its kind devised for this one purpose by an educated and experienced physician, and eminent specialist in this particular field of practice.

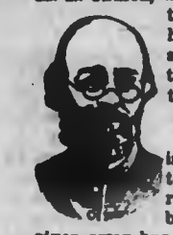
It is the only medicine which can be relied upon to make the ordeal of motherhood absolutely safe and almost painless.

"I cannot say too much for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Miss Clara Baird, of Bridgeport, Montgomery Co., Penn'a. "I feel it my duty to say to all women who may be suffering from any disease of the womb that it is the best medicine on earth for them to use. I cannot praise it too highly for the good it did me. If any one doubts this give them my name and address."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the stomach, liver and bowels. Of all medicine dealers.

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897

IN MEMORY

OF SARAH ANN MCHARRY, BELOVED WIFE OF JOHN RUSSELL, WHO DIED JAN. 15, 1897. AGED 60 YEARS.

Thou hast gone from us all,
To that beautiful shore,
Where meeting is bliss,
And parting no more!

Dear mother, on earth we'll
No more see your face,
God has called you to Heaven,
A more beautiful place.

Though parted from all
You held dear here on earth,
You have gone to your Jesus,
You so well served when in health.

Long years though you suffered
Before the end came,
"Thy will be done, oh, my Saviour,"
Was your motto ever the same.

We mourn, and while we weep we joy
To think of you that's gone;
Your sufferings through all these years
You meekly had borne.

The years are three score and ten,
For man's allotted span,
Within one year of that long race,
Our darling mother ran.

We miss the soft clasp of your hand,
We view your vacant chair,
We miss the kindly word and smile,
We miss you from our care.

The white, cold snows are drifting
O'er her grave, so cold and deep,
After her life's long warfare,
Dear mother, rest in sleep.

One son and two daughters left behind
To mourn for a mother so dear;
And your sorrowing husband alone
Must tread life's journey drear.

Two years all but six days had passed
Since God called her youngest son,
Dear brother Robert laid down his cross
To wear a crown he so faithfully won.

But we have a Friend, a Brother,
Who will be our guide and stay;
May He comfort and befriend us,
May He guide us all the way.

We'll dry our tears and weep not,
They have only gone before;
When our journey on earth here is ended
May we meet in heaven once more.

Mrs. R. J. LOCKIE.

Springville, March 11th, 1897.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

OAK HALL.

A Big Offer.

The Toronto World says:—If we are informed aright United States capital is to follow English money into the mid-east Ontario mining regions. It is stated that an American syndicate has offered Col. S. S. Lazier, of Belleville, $100,000 for a half interest in his silver-lead property in Barry township, Frontenac county. An expert who looked over the vein on this location spoke of it highly, stating that it resembled Australian deposits.

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

THE COST OF LIVING.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF WORK AND WAGES.

British Workmen Earn More and Pay Less Taxes Than Those of Any Other European Country—A Comparison Between Different Kinds of Workers.

The workmen of the world differ greatly from one another, not only in the amount of wages they earn, but also in the share they contribute to the maintenance of the Government of the country of their adoption or birth, says The London, Eng., Daily Mail. The taxes that chiefly affect the working classes in this country are the indirect taxes, customs, excise and stamps, while the direct taxes, land and house duty and income tax, scarcely touch them at all. The proportion in other countries between direct and indirect taxation must be borne in mind when considering the relative condition

Great Britain. France. Belgium. United States. Germany. Russia.
THE WORKINGMAN ACCORDING TO THE PURCHASING POWER OF HIS EARNINGS.

of the English worker and his continental rivals. The following table show at a glance the relation between the different sources of taxation

	Indirect.	Direct.	Other Sources.
England	72	15	13
France	46	16	38
Germany	11	25	64
Russia	49	26	25

Before considering the figures of different countries, it will be interesting to see what share of Imperial and municipal government the workman contributes. Out of every pound he pays:

	s.	d.
Interest on National Debt	6	0
Army and Navy	5	9
Poor Relief	3	3
Administration of Justice	1	9
Drainage	0	9
Lighting, etc.	0	9
Public Works	0	5
Education	0	5
Annuities	0	4
Miscellaneous	0	4
Civil List and Pensions	0	1½
Highways	0	1
The Queen	0	0¾
	£1	0 0

But there is no absolute equality of taxation even in our own country, for the taxation varies in inverse proportion to the amount of income. Dividing taxes into the following classes, Mr. T. E. C. Leslie gives the following percentages in taxes paid by a man earning respectively per year:

Tax.	£40	£85	£500
On necessaries	4 1	4 7	0 8
On luxuries	5 5	4 1	1 8
On direct taxes	.	. .	2 7
Legacy and probate	.	. .	0 8
Rates and tolls	3 5	2 4	2 8
Total taxation	12 1	12 2	8 9

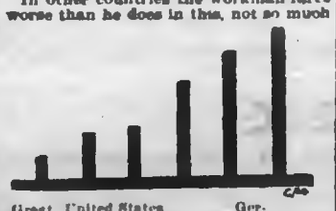
Again, the agricultural laborer will pay but 39s. a year in rates and taxes, while his fellow-worker in the town will contribute as much on the average as £7 4s. 3d. A diligent and thrifty laborer with an income under £150, who neither drinks nor smokes, pays little or nothing for taxation, while another indulging in these pretty freely contributes very largely to it. All these various statistics must be taken into consideration before a just average of the workers' taxes can be struck, but in all the countries of Europe, a workman's expediture is apportioned as follows:

Food and drink	60	per cent.
Rent	9	"
Fire and lighting	6	"
Clothing	13	"
Sundries	12	"

The average working-class income of the United Kingdom has been estimated at £400,000,000. If 40 per cent. of this is deducted, as representing the very minimum cost of living, the amount of taxable income will be reduced to £240,000,000, and the £30,000,000 taxes paid by the working classes will constitute a burden on such incomes to the extent of 12 1-2 per cent.

In the United States the average income may be taken as two and a half dollars a day—i.e., ten shillings a day, but the purchasing power of money is only half of what it is in England, while rent is higher, so that the average American workman's wages, though ostensibly equal to £3 per week, are only equal to 30s. in England. The total amount of State and National taxation amounts to 11 per cent.

In other countries the workman fares worse than he does in this, not so much



Great Britain. United States and Belgium. France. Germany. Russia.
COMPARATIVE SCALE OF TAXES PAID BY WORKINGMEN.

from the total burden as from the nature of the taxes. In France, on an average, we may calculate the wages of men at 2 1-2 francs a day, and 1 1-4 franc for women, for 300 days in the year, and if the number of earners be as one in every two, their earnings would be about £320,000,000, which with a reduction of 40 per cent., would give a taxable income of £192,000,000. Assuming this portion now to amount to 63 per cent., the amount falling on the workers is £42,000,000, the proportion being 8s. per head, or very nearly 22 per cent. on their taxable income.

In Germany the working classes number 55 per cent. of the population, though the wages are not high. Prussia alone in a return gives £5,700,000 as not falling on real property, and her local taxes amount to £4,200,000. Estimating that 55 per cent of these taxes fall on the workers, there will be a large margin left for the incidence of state monopolies, etc. Excluding the latter, the Prussian, and he may be taken as typical of the German workman, contributes 6 3-4 per cent. With the state taxation his burden may be calculated to reach 17 per cent.

The taxation of Russia amounts to £48,000,000. Taking the working or lower classes of Russia to represent nine-tenths of the population, £43,000,000 of taxation will fall upon them; in other words, 1s. 4d. per head, or 23 per cent. on the taxable income. A large portion of the revenue is derived from the liquor tax—almost a third, in fact—otherwise the customs produces only £5,000,000, and other taxes producing a similar amount are of a trifling character, when the enormous area and population of the empire are considered.

In Belgium the workers and their families form at least 75 per cent. of the population. Their total income amounts to £65,000,000, and with the deduction of 40 per cent., the taxable income is £27,000,000. Exclusive of taxes, mortgages, stamps, etc., the taxes in which the workers participat amount in all to £1400,000, and if 75 per cent. of these be taken as absolutely falling upon them, the burden will be £4,200,000, giving a proportion of 23s. per head and about 15 per cent. on the income of such classes.

The general result of this estimate of different countries would seem therefore to be as follows:

	Per head. s. d.	Per cent. on inc'es
Great Britain	23 7	12½
United States	38 4	17
France	31 0	22
Belgium	25 0	17
Germany	22 0	20
Russia	14 4	26

Though th above figures prove so unmistakably how good it is to be born an Englishman, it must not be forgotten that military service in all European countries is a very heavy tax that does not appear in the load the workers of these countries have to carry. The obligation to give some of the best years of life to a service from which the parties themselves derive the barest livelihood, and the families are neglected, is a demand not made upon any workingman in the United Kingdom. He payes taxes, 'tis true but the real cost of government is far less in amount than elsewhere, and apart from the interest on the National Debt and Army and Navy, the remaining taxation is devoted to such items as education, lighting, drainage, etc., in the advantages of which every individual participates, and which also are controlled by the taxpayers' own representatives in the House of Commons.

BAYARD'S SUCCESSOR.

Col. John Hay the United States Ambassador to Great Britain.

Col. John Hay is expected to assume the duties of United States Ambassador at the court of St. James about Easter. He has taken the Earl of Caledon's House, No. 5, Carlton House Terrace, from April 18. Col. Hay was private secretary of Lincoln, and is the author of "Little Breeches," and "Castilian Days." He is not a politi-

COL. JOHN HAY.

cian, but is a social favorite in Washington and Cleveland. His home, at Sixteenth and I streets, just across Lafayette square from the White House, is considered by connoisseurs one of the finest private residences in America. Col. Hay, who is fifty-nine years of age, first came to Washington as a young man from Illinois, where he had studied law, and he became one of the private secretaries for President Lincoln; 1865 to 1867 Mr. Hay was Secretary of Legation at Paris, and for a year thereafter held a similar post at Vienna. He was Secretary of Legation at Madrid in 1869 and 1870, and after that for eight or nine years lived chiefly at Cleveland engaged in literary work. He was appointed Assistant Secretary of State under Evarts in 1879, and held that position until May, 1881. Col. Hay's marriage to the daughter of Amasa Stone, the Ohio millionaire, was undoubtedly the spoiling of a rare literary career. His wealthy and eccentric father-in-law treated him with such generosity that the incentive to use his pen was removed. Mr. Stone on his death left his son-in-law a million or more. Col. Hay, however, has earned money with his pen, and for his "Life of Lincoln," written in collaboration with Nicolay, he received $50,000. Mrs. Hay and Mrs. Mark Hanna are close friends, a fact to which many attribute Mr. McKinley's selection of Col. Hay for the most important diplomatic posts.

Little Breeches.

I don't go much on religion,
I never ain't had no show;
But I've got a middlin' tight grip, sir
On the handful of things I know.
I don't pan out on the prophets
And free-will and that sort of thing,
But I b'lieve in God and the angels,
Ever sence one night last spring.

I come into town with some turnips,
And my little Game came along—
No four-year-old in the country
Could beat him for pretty and strong,
Peart and chipper and sassy,
Always ready to swear and fight—
And I'd fairns him to chew terbacker
Just to keep his milk teeth white.

The snow came down like a blanket,
As I passed by Taggart's store,
I went in for a jug of molasses,
And left the team at the door.
They scared at something and started,
I heard one little squall,
And hell-to-split over the prairie
Went team, Little Breeches, and all.

Hell-to-split over the prairie,
I was almost frose with sheer;
But we rousted up some torches
And searched for 'em far and near.
At last we struck hosses and wagon,
Snowed under a soft white mound,
Upset, dead beat, but of little Gabe
No hide nor hair was found.

And here all hope soured on me
Of my fellow-critters' aid—
I jest flopped down on my marrow bones,
Crotch-deep in the snow, and prayed,
By this the torches was played out,
And me and Isrul Parr
Went off for some wood to a sheep fold
That he said was somewhae thar.

We found it at last, and a little shed
Where they shut up the lambs at night,
We looked in and seen them huddled thar,
So warm, and sleepy, and white;
And thar set Little Breeches and chirped,
As peart as ever you see,
"I want a chaw of terbacker,
And that's what's the matter with me."

How did he get thar? Angels!
He could never have walked in that storm,
They just scooped down and toted him
To whar it was safe and warm.
And I think that saving a little child,
And bringing him to his own,
Is a derned sight better business
Than loafing round the Throne.

Cleaned.

First Wheelman—Is the road dusty?
Second Wheelman—No. I was over it yesterday.

Appreciated Rewards.

"Say, Mistuh Wilsing, what yoh' dun' 'spec' Mistuh President 'Kinley gwine ter gimme fer votin' fer 'm?"

"I 'spec' 'e gwine 'p'int yoh do'keeper er de Kapitul.'

"Nossuh, better'n dat."

"Den I thunk hit am inspectah gin'al er de White House."

"Nossuh."

"Ner minister flenipotentary ter Flurldy?"

"Nossuh."

"Ner 'bassahdah obstructionary ter Chickargo ner Chiny?"

"Oh, nossuh, Mistuh Wilsing, 'way yonner better'n dat. He dun gwinter sont me de sharpes' razer an' de best' 'possum houn' ter be foun' in de Stait, suh."—Atlanta Constitution.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye
1890
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

THE CANADIAN GENTLEMAN'S WHISKY.

FOR . . . .
CLUB, FAMILY AND MEDICINAL
. . . . USE

SEVEN YEARS OLD

THE BEST WHISKY IN AMERICA

Aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.
Endorsed by leading physicians when stimulant is prescribed.

Pure, Old, Mellow.
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
Quart Bottles and Empire Tourists' Flasks.
with Cork Lined Metal Caps, suitable for travelling.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL.
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne,
Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WILL RUN
SETTLERS' TRAINS FROM TORONTO
EVERY TUESDAY
DURING
MARCH AND APRIL
AT 9.00 P. M.
(Should sufficient business offer)
To MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to Pacific Express due to leave Toronto at 12.30 p.m. (noon) on these dates.
Ask or write for "SETTLERS' GUIDE"

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—— THE ——
REVIEW STATIONERY
166-168 Hunter Street.

FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES
Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .
JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Tuesday and Wednesday

MARCH 30th. and 31st.

On account of the unfavorable weather, by which many ladies were prevented from visiting our Spring MILLINERY OPENING, we will repeat the Opening on the above dates.

Many New Novelties, just in, will be on view, in addition to the very fine display prepared.

All are invited. Store open until 9 p. m. each evening.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store

Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE...... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Patterns, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.

390 GEORGE-ST.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 20 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

A Mock Parliament

Will be given in Bradburn's opera house under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Charlotte-st. Methodist church. Look for date and price next week. 2d

What They Think of It.

March 23rd, 1897.

H. Calcutt, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.

Yours truly,
MRS. CORMECKS.

6d

Hear the GRAPHOPHONE at St. Andrew's Sabbath School room to-night at 8 o'clock. You will be delighted. Admission 15 cts. 1d72

Chrysanthemum and Carnation Show.

It was decided at a committee meeting of the Horticultural Society held on Wednesday afternoon to hold a special show of chrysanthemums and carnations next November. When the date is fixed due notice will be given. In the meantime it is hoped that those of our citizens who have had very fine private collections may be stimulated to greater efforts to increase these in view of the exhibition, and many who hitherto have not attempted growing these may be induced to try their hand in the same direction and so help to make the exhibition a success. A special prize list will shortly be ready and printed.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the public. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

A NEW MARRIAGE ACT.

Hon E J Davis Brings in Some Amendments Clarifying the Law.

Two bills were introduced by the Hon. Mr. Davis this week affecting the registration and solemnization of marriage. It renders it necessary that persons solemnizing marriages shall be British subjects, and provides that only one of the parties is required to make an affidavit before the issuer of marriage licences, although the affidavit of the other party must be presented before a license is granted. One section allows a license to be issued for the marriage of persons under 14 years of age, to prevent the illegitimacy of children, upon the production of a medical certificate. The supplying of marriage registers is transferred from the county to the local municipalty in order that clergymen may be brought into direct relation with the division registrar or recorder of vital statistics.

The other bill is to amend the law respecting registration of vital statistics. By it a marriage solemnised in Ontario may be registered with the Registrar-General at any time before the expiration of ten years after the marriage. It also provides that a certificate of death can be got from the nearest registrar and for the registration of a death where a body is brought into the province to be buried.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment of these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d63tf

Battalion Orders.

HEADQUARTERS,
PETERBOROUGH, March 26th, 1897.

Orders by Lieut.-Col. R. W. Bell, Commanding the 57th Battalion of Infantry-Peterborough Rangers.

The Battalion will commence drill on Tuesday evening, March 30th, at 7.45 and will parade for drill each following Tuesday at the same hour until further orders.

By order,
E. F. MASON, Capt.
Adjt. 57th Batt.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

EVANGELIST RANTON

Addresses Another Large Congregation in the George-st. Church—An Interesting Subject.

Another big congregation assembled at the George-st. church last evening to hear Rev A. H. Ranton, the evangelist, talk on the subject "How to Get there." Revs. W. R. Young, J. J. Rae, E. Cragg and W. C. Beer occupied seats on the platform along with Mr Ranton, and a chorus of one hundred voices led the music.

The text upon which the address was based was the words :

"And when he saw them he said unto them, go shew yourselves unto the priests, and it came to pass that as they went they were cleansed.—St. Luke xvii, 14.

Before proceeding with his discourse Mr. Ranton referred in a few complimentary words to the press of the town and said the press and the pulpit were the great educators of the world to-day. Taking up his subject the evangelist said it was easy to get salvation and it was not. On the human side there were a great many difficulties, real and imaginery. On the divine side there were no difficulties. Mr. Ranton then proceeded to show some of the difficulties that came in the way on the human side. God had a right to expect an honest desire to forsake sin from those who sought Him. He expected them to forsake their own sin and not anybody else's. Some people not having the light did things that were wrong innocently, but God would not in such a case hold them responsible. Mr. Ranton instanced the man who might have in his possession a still, not knowing its nature, and the law in that case recognized the man was ignorant. God also expected an honest desire to know the truth, and that they might do as God expected, and also a willingness to confess Christ before the world. That line of action would bring them into the light. Mr. Rantom emphasized the importance of obedience. God commanded in His Word that every sinner should repent, and the speaker agreed with Sam Jones' definition of repentance "Quit your meanness." Repentance was turning and going another way. It was quitting doing wrong things. Like the little child that fell out of bed during night and remarked to its mother "I went to sleep too near where I got in," there were many who after they had confessed repentance but did not go any farther. Referring to the trifling with the Lord, the evangelist instanced the case of a man who desired to become a Christian but did not know whether he should give up a gambling apparatus that he possessed for if he happened to backslide he would require it again. True repentance did not look into the future. Genuine repentance was when a person gave up their guilt and sin. As an illustration of genuine repentance, Mr. Ranton alluded to the conversation of a woman in Tonawanda, New York. She had been leading a double life in society, but renounced it publicly. A person could no more be saved without faith in the Lord Jesus Christ than they could fly to heaven. God expected a willingness to confess Jesus before the world. To-day there was a great lack of earnestness. They did not want to make a demonstration of their espousal of Christ. It was necessary that they should publicly acknowledge their desire to be a Christian. Some were afraid to start because they felt they would not be able to hold out, but God was able to help and aid them. Great peace in the heart was a result of obedience to the Lord. If they were willing to forsake sin, know the truth and confess Christ they might enter the kingdom and be saved.

Mr. Ranton's subject this evening will be "How, If and But." On Sunday evening he will preach on "Bargain makers, a special sermon to business men.

THE SPRING STYLES THAT WILL BE WORN.

SOME OF THE STYLISH HATS FOR PETERBOROUGH LADIES IN 1897.

What is Being Seen and Will be Seen in the Local Millinery Parlors—Some of the Prettiest Creations of Artistic Fingers—Pretty and Novel are Some of the Designs.

The bright sunshine and balmy breezes that played havoc with the winter's snow and made every one feel that spring was here again had particular significance to the ladies. The warm breath and the soft touch of spring carried the thoughts of Peterborough's fair daughters towards hats and bonnets, ribbons and laces, feathers and flowers, for spring millinery is always an object of surpassing interest and much conjecture, and, incidentally, considerable expense. The little set-back which spring has received by reason of the snow fall, has not weakened the interest of the ladies in the spring styles, and the local millinery openings are either now on or well forward in preparation. The bright colors and dashing styles which will be seen in the creations of the artistic fingers of the modiste are brightening the show windows and transforming the show rooms into glimpses of fairyland. Recognizing the interest taken in the spring styles, a REVIEW reporter visited two or three of the millinery parlors and gathered some information regarding what was to be worn in the coming season.

The coming Easter will see some strikingly pretty headwear, and when the spring girl, that is the girl of the summer, fall and winter, beautified by spring fashions, makes her appearance she will be up-to-date as far as millinery is concerned, for the local milliners have taken advantage of the newest things and the latest styles. Misses and young, middle-aged and elderly ladies have all been looked after. It can be said that the spring styles of 1897 surpass any other year for beauty, brightness, chosing colors, in every way the hat has as many attractive features as numerous shapes.

Now, for instance, there are the picture hats, never failing to don the head of the ladies with beauty and jauntiness. All sizes and shapes will be worn this year, but it is predicted the medium size will be the most popular. Every imaginable flower is worn, geraniums, violets and roses evidently being in the lead. A catchy hat is that trimmed with purple, a favorite color. Tulles of all shades are the principal trimmings. There is a dash of color in every hat, and not one will be without at least a few colors. A hat that is going to draw the eyes at the opening is the Mignonette, a charming picture hat, made entirely of mignonettes—a picture in itself. Rolled up at the sides are cerise roses. The hat is trimmed high with loops of double faced cream and moss green ribbon and a high osprey of wheat and lilacs finished with Rhinestone buckles.

But the Mignonette is only one of many. Jubilee year brings forth a Jubilee hat, and owing to its pretty shape it is likely to have a big demand. This hat is rolled up in front and back. The crown is of violets, trimmed high at the side, with black ostrich plumes and lace, and Rhinestone buckles. The Victoria is another winsome picture hat, of large Nile green chip, trimmed with black ostrich tips on rim, wreath of handsome pink roses around the crown covered with black lace, large rosettes of crepe de chene turned up at the back filled in with crepe de chene black velvet ties and Rhinestone buckles.

The Villetta is a large straw hat, trimmed with moire ribbon, with foliage and pansies and cluster of lilies of the valley and Rhinestone buckles.

The Panama flower hat is one of the finest on display this season. It is French imported and is made of double violets, trimmed with pink crushed roses and pressed velvet.

In the small hats or toques there are some very pretty styles, leading among which being the Cavalier in two shades of green straw—light and dark—trimmed with Nile green chiffon and white clover and green wheat, finished with Rhinestone buckles. An exquisite hat is an evening bonnet made of cradescent trimmings, cream lace, two shades of roses—purple and Nile green—with bunches of geranium leaves on the back and some pretty knots of petunia red ribbon and Rhinestones. Another very charming design is the Yelp, made of heliotrope satin straw, with a dinted rim, trimmed with shaded pink-green ribbon and black tips.

There are many different trimmed sailor straws. The Panama sailor is popular. It is trimmed with Batavia points, roses and chiffon with fancy braid around the rim.

POINTS IN INSURANCE.

Companies Must be Notified When Additional Insurance is Put on a Stock or a Building.

In connection with a recent fire a George-st. business man called the REVIEW's attention to the fact that a man who had insurance on his stock or building and made an addition to that insurance without notifying the company or companies that held the previous policies that these first policies were practically cancelled if disputed by the company. This is an important point for business men to remember, and a talk with a leading insurance man showed that such was the case. The George-st merchant did not know this until the case arose in connection with a recent fire.

A recent decision in the Supreme Court sustained a company that refused to pay policies on a stock on which additional insurance had been placed without their consent. If a business man has his stock insured for $10,000 with Company B, and puts on an additional insurance of $5,000 and fails to notify Company B, his $10,000 insurance is cancelled or will not hold if Company B disputes a claim made under a fire. The same holds good in regard to a mortgage on a building. A man cannot put a mortgage on a building without notifying the insurance company, if he wants to keep his insurance good. The company holding insurance must consent to the additional insurance or to the mortgage.

It is well for everyone to know these little points in connection with fire insurance. Many do, but there are many who do not. These are all to be seen in "the statutory conditions" attached to the policy, but there are many men who never read these conditions. "It is strange," said the insurance man, "that good business men will not read the conditions under which they hold their insurance. It may mean a matter of ten or twenty thousand dollars to them yet they never seem to give it sufficient attention to make themselves acquainted with the conditions of their policy."

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

BEYOND ALL DOUBT

We sell more Dress Goods than any other house in town. You can tell our Goods by that air of style that so distinguishes all Our Dress Goods. You are particular about the style of dress you wear, but you are not more particular than we are about what we sell.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Board of Trade.
Lenten services at St. Peter's cathedral.
Lenten address at St. Luke's.
Finance committee.
Graphaphone entertainment at St Andrew's church.

Easy Payments.

You can buy anything in the music line from us on the weekly and monthly payment plan. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d72tf

Notice to Sons of England.

A special meeting of Lansdowne Lodge, No. 25, Sons of England, will held on Sunday next, March 28th, at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon at the lodge room, Hunter-st., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Stephen Roadhouse.

By order,
H. PIGEON, M. D.,
2172 Worthy President.

Personal

Mr. R. Neill went to Quebec last evening to make his purchase of fall goods.

Mrs. Ed. Green, who was injured by a fall on the slippery sidewalk on Water-st., is resting favorably to-day, her condition being slightly improved.

Mr J A Milburn, who has been attending McGill University, Montreal, has passed the final examination in medicine, and now will be known as Dr. Milburn.

Among those who were in attendance at the opening of Parliament yesterday were Mrs (Hon) Geo A Cox, Mrs Jas Kendry, Mrs H S Greenwood. The Globe describes Mrs Cox's dress as one of black silk with opaline of royal purple velvet and black, and that of Mrs Greenwood as black satin with yellow.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, Rectory, London.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

AN OTONABEE WEDDING.

The Marriage of Mr. Wm. T. Tully to Miss Susie Matchett.

On Wednesday evening, March 17th, the residence of Mr James Matchett, Otonabee, was the scene of an interesting matrimonial event, the occasion being the marriage of Miss Susie Matchett, one of the most popular young ladies of the neighborhood and for a number of years organist of Bethel church, to Mr. William. T. Tully, of town. About seventy-five guests were in attendance. The bride, who was beautifully attired, was attended by her cousin, Miss Winnie Morton, of town, while Mr. Robert J. Tully, brother of the groom, acted as best man. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev W. C. Bear, of Mark-st. church, Ashburnham, the company sat down to a sumptuous repast. The bride was the recipient of many valuable presents, and the happy couple received the hearty congratulations of their numerous friends. Mr and Mrs Tully will take up their residence in town.

On Saturday morning, the 27th inst., we will place on sale in our cloak department 25 Ladies' Spring Jackets of high quality and 20 Children's Navy and Tweed Reefer Coats at the uniform price of 75c. each. ROBERT FAIR, sign of the Golden Lion. 247

Excursion to Ottawa

Under the auspices of the Peterborough Board of Trade, on Monday, April 5th, 1897. A good opportunity to see the Parliament in session and view the beautiful Parliament buildings and grounds and the other sights of the Capital. Tickets only $3. Good to go on special train at 2 p. m. or regular train at 11.35 p. m., on Monday, the 5th, and on all trains on the 6th, good to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets only $3 from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood or Havelock, and $2.50 from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, the latter tickets, however, being good to return only on the 7th. 11w

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our upon Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new OBEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 305 George St., Established 1871

A BREAK IN MARRIED LIFE.

A Wife Leaves Her Young Husband—She Finds she Loves Another Better Than Her Chosen Companion.

This afternoon a young man walked into the Police station and related to the Chief a tale of domestic infelicity. According to the husband the wife is entirely to blame. She loves another and pays no attention to the man to whom she was joined in holy wedlock. He complains that she will leave her home in the afternoon and not return until a late hour and when he reprimands her a quarrel always ensues. Last evening they came to an agreement and decided to live happily together again. But it did not last. This morning she left home and promised to return and prepare dinner, but her husband is still waiting for her.

The wife claims she loves another who is paying her a great deal of attention. The forsaken husband was slightly intoxicated when he was telling his story and he said his wife's heartless treatment had driven him to drink.

DEATH OF STEPHEN ROADHOUSE.

The Foreman of the Painting Department of the P. Hamilton Works Dead.

The death took place at noon to-day of Mr. Stephen Roadhouse, Louis-st. He had been ill for four months, his ailment being lead poisoning. He had been a resident of Peterborough for many year and had occupied the position of foreman of the painting department at the Peter Hamilton implement works. He leaves a wife and children to survive him, Mr. W.J. Roadhouse, who is well known as a local entertainer, being a son. The deceased was a brother of Rev. J. Roadhouse, Methodist minister at Playfair. Mr. Roadhouse was about 45 years of age and was an industrious workman and esteemed citizen. He was a member of Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F., and Lansdowne Lodge, Sons of England.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

The Toronto Globe says:—Peter P. Gaudaur, next eldest brother of the champion oarsman, arrived in Toronto on Saturday on his way to visit his relatives in Orillia after an absence of sixteen years. Mr. Gaudaur is a gentleman of fine physique and weighs over two hundred pounds, and in appearance resembles his famous brother. Like Jake, he is at home on the water and has many incidents to tell. One of the first in his eventful experience, though not a racing event, is worthy of notice, it having occurred over twenty-five years ago, when he was a lad. A party of six in the old yacht Peerless were caught in a squall and upset in the lake off Orillia. Peter being an expert at the sail and oar put out for them and saved them all, for which bravery he received a donation of over $300 in cash, which he states was his first money and start in life. At Hamilton Mr. Gaudaur remained over a few hours, and at the Edmonstone Station Hotel he met some personal friends and took dinner with them. Mr. Gaudaur is proprietor of the Country Club in South Bend, Indiana.

The Granites Organize

The Granite Lacrosse club re-organized for the season last evening by selecting the following officers:—

Hon.-President—Mr. C. LeBrun.
President—Mr. C. J. Snyder.
First Vice-President—Mr. D. Davidson.
Second Vice-President—Mr. F. Lynch.
Secretary-Treasurer—Mr Thos. Lannin.
Captain—Mr. W. Moncrief.
Executive Committee—Geo. Cairns, W. Miller and M. Melville.

MANITOBA METHODISTS

Will Soon be Able to Control the Prairie Province.

The figures relating to the Manitoba census show that the population of the province has reached 183,425. This is an increase of 84,783, or 78.03 per cent. in ten years.

While the population of the province has increased only 78 per cent., the Methodist church has advanced in her various departments from 128 per cent to 454 per cent.

In 1886 there were in Manitoba only 40 charges in all, 11 of which were self-sustaining, and 29 of which received aid from the missionary fund to the extent of $6,383 In 1896 there were 92 fields, all told, 61 of which support their own ministers.

The population of the Northwest Territories in 1891 was 32,230; 1894, 73,506; increase, 21,276, or 40 part cent. During the three years the increase in the various departments of Methodist work is 60 per cent. With the exception of British Columbia, the Manitoba and Northwest Conference raised more per member than any other Conference in the connexion. Next comes Toronto, then, in order of amount contributed, Montreal, New Brunswick and P.E.I., Nova Scotia, Hamilton, London, Quinte, Newfoundland.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

AN EXPENSIVE ENCOUNTER.

Young Men Fined $10 and Costs for Disorderly Conduct.

Tales of encounters galore, the profuse flowing of blood, the forcible striking of clubs and slug shots filled up this morning at Police Court and a packed court room listened to the evidence given of the encounter between a number of young men on Charlotte-st on Tuesday evening last.

The stories told furnished not only amusement, but an illustration of what often times a wrangle will result in. Nearly all the participants in the melee were in Court and they wore scars, darkened spots around the eyes and bandaged hands, all telling of a contest for blood, as the evidence proved was the case.

The young men are all well known and the story of the fracas interested a great many people. According to the story of the witnesses the quarrel first began with a wrangle, three persons on one side and two on the other. Words not having the proper effect, force was used and soon the scrap became general and man after man received blows that brought forth blood or caused pain, stimulating the parties up to a fever heat. Those who viewed the contest declared it was the liveliest they had ever seen. Along with fists, poles from a wagon, a slug shot—a nut tied in a handkerchief—were utilized, and the engagement ceased when one young fellow received a cut on the wrist evidently from a knife, though no evidence could be given to that effect. The Magistrate found all the parties guilty of disorderly conduct and fined them $10 and costs each, bringing over half a hundred dollars into the exchequer of the town.

The slug shot was a formidable weapon and one young man was charged with using it but the charge was not substantiated and the case was dismissed.

LAST OF THE SEASON.

The Last Open Meeting of the Selwyn Literary Society.

The last open concert of the season to be held in connection with the Selwyn Literary Society was held in the hall at Selwyn on Friday evening, March 19, and although the roads were terrible the attendance was very good indeed, the hall being comfortably filled. The following is the programme rendered:—

Instrumental Music..."The Mocking Bird" Mr G H Adams
Dialogue....."The Rival Speakers"
Mandolin Solo.....Mr Ricketts
Reading.....Mr Tyndall
Character Song.....Mr G H Adams
Instrumental Duet (piano)..Mrs H Sanderson and Master Roger Manning
Instrumental music (banjo and mouth organ) Messrs. Rickett and Hickey
Farce....."Pat and the ghost"
Solo (piccolo banjo).....Mr. Ricketts
Dramatic selection.....Miss L. Kearney
Instrumental duet (guitar and organ).Messrs. Ricketts and Hickey
Song (banjo accomp't).....Mr. G H Adams
Mandolin Solo.....Mr Ricketts
Character song.....Mr Adams
Charade..Members of Young's Point Dramatic club
Instrumental music ... Messrs Hoolihan and Dwyer
Song.....G H Adams

Mr. G H Adams "brought down the house" in his character songs.

Mr. Ricketts proved himself a thorough musician. Albert Walton made a capital Irishman. The Young's Point Dramatic club did remarkably well, as they always do. Mr. Frank Dwyer, of Peterborough, played the accompaniment for Messrs. Adams and Ricketts to their entire satisfaction. The Society wishes to thank Mr. W C Manning for the loan of his piano for the evening.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Monday Night's Opera.

In DeKoven & Smith's picturesque opera entitled "Rob Roy" the company might be mentioned as one of the best known organizations in existence. It numbers over half a hundred of the most talented artists in the operatic profession. This well known attraction visits our city with the substantial endorsement of a two year's run at the Herald Square theatre, N. Y. The success unquestionably is due to Fred C Whitney, who has always proved himself a man of strict business integrity in the fulfilment of his obligations. Abler managerial tactics than those employed by Mr. Whitney have never been adopted. Secure your seats early and avoid the rush.

The Kinescopescope and Graphophone.

Commencing on Wednesday night, March 31st, Wray's English kinescopescope, the marvel of the age, and Edison's latest laughing and talking machine, the graphophone, will open a four night's engagement in Bradburn's opera house. This is the wonderful machine that caused so much talk throughout the Dominion, being classed with the seven wonders of the world. The programme consists of living and moving pictures and musical selections by some of the best singers and finest bands in the United States. Don't miss attending the opera house and see and hear them. Prices of admission to all parts of the house 25 cents, children 10c. Matinee Saturday afternoon, April 3rd. 1d72

Another Special Drive

PART OF

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

20 Pieces Black and Colored, Plain and Fancy DRESS GOODS, Original Price 75c to $1.00, Clearing Price,

50c.

Those who came early got extra bargains in our last offering. Others came too late, but this chance will make up for what you missed. We are bound to clear this stock at once.

WASHING SILKS.

300 yds. more to clear at 25c. Don't be coming in after the goods are sold. There are bargains in every department for you.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard.
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT.

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON,

340 George Street.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Brevities.

—The A. O. U. Workmen lodge of Havelock has increased its membership from 56 to 120.

—A meeting of the Board of Trade is called for this evening to consider the report of the committee on the deputation to Ottawa.

—It is said that the contract for carrying the mail across the lake from Cobourg to Rochester by the North King will not be given this summer.

—The last of the course of lectures on Christian unity will be given in St. Luke's school house this evening by Rev H Symonds. The public will be welcome.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Children's Wear.

Ladies wanting anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call at Mrs. Appleby's Fancy Goods store on Water-st. Nurses' aprons and caps, also print and silk waists made to order by a competent manager. MRS. APPLEBY. 6d67

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 29th.

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS . . . WHITNEY OPERA CO . . .

Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN HOOD," etc.

The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST
FULL AND EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA
SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES,—20c. 75c, $1.00, $1.50. 5d69

King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

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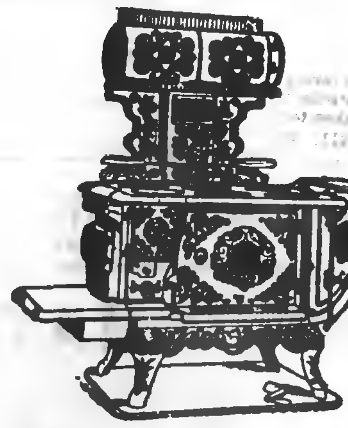

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THE KIND THAT SUITS.
THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.
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392 George Street.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
E. R. WOOD,
Secretary
Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

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Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
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Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
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BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

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Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

A Word
To the Wise
IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones, **Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce** not to mention many of lesser grade—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

We are showing one or two
New Styles
Attractive Prices

We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY
THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

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188 Yonge Street, Toronto

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

"I thank you from my heart, friends, for the trouble you have to save me. While I live you will ever be in my memory, dear to me above all other friends, but I have made a vow—a sacred vow that must be kept."

"What is it?" asks Larry.

Jack does not put a question, for he can guess. It is the old story over again—a woman led Aleck into this scrape, and now he is resolved to commit the same blunder again. Jack is in love himself, and can in a measure excuse Aleck, but he does not believe the latter can care for his Sady as he, the doctor does for Avis.

"I shall not leave the palace grounds without Sady," says Aleck, firmly.

Jack groans. Precious minutes are passing, and the pasha will soon be on hand, when the very duse must be to pay. Aleck is wonderfully stubborn, as every one knows, even his prison life has not cured him of that, for "what's bred in the bone can't be beat out of the flesh."

There is only one thing to do—carry out Aleck's wishes, and the sooner they get at the matter the better for all concerned. Jack comes to the front again ready for immediate action.

"Was she coming here, Aleck?" he demands.

"Yes."

"Tell me just when?"

"You heard the bells ring a little while back—she generally reaches here just after that time, and may arrive at any moment now. I am sure she is on the way."

"We can't wait here, but may meet her. The harem lies yonder—that extension at the end of the palace. Come, all follow me."

"Listen! what is that?"

At Larry's words all stop and endeavour to discover what he means. It is not at all difficult, for the night air is still, and the sounds are very distinct, indeed.

A vehicle of some sort is whirling along the gravelled drive leading to the palace gates. The loud voice of the driver can be heard as he urges his animals on. Then he stops, the gates, are reached, a voice roars out some ferocious order in the Turkish tongue. Our friends look at each other in the semi-gloom, consternation seizes Larry, while Jack shuts his teeth with a snap.

"The pasha has come!" he grinds out.

"Great Scott! that train made up the lost time!" hoarsely whispers Larry. This event seems to strike him in a more singular light than the actual presence of their enemy.

There is still time enough for them to fly. The shore line can be reached before their foes may overtake them, and the boat, manned by the arms of stalwart British tars, will quickly carry them to the yacht.

Jack makes the attempt, even while doubtful as regards the result.

"We must fly," he says, grasping one of Aleck's arms.

"Leave me, my friends," begs the other.

"Not much. We came here to save you, and, Aleck, old fellow, you must come with us."

"I cannot," groans the wretched lad—liberty seems so close, and yet he will not stretch out his hand to grasp it.

"Nonsense! Perhaps we may at some future time save the girl. Remember Avis, Aleck."

He takes a few steps, stops, and holds back.

"No, no, I have sworn. I cannot, must not, will not desert her. She has vowed to kill herself if I die or leave her—she loves me so. Go, I beg of you, leave me here to have one turn at that devil before they kill me."

His entreaties are useless.

"If there's any killing to be done I must take a hand in it myself," declares Doctor Jack, drawing out the revolver with which he can put six balls at twenty paces in a circle of two inches in diameter—the Bennetts being his only rivals in all America.

Here is a pretty kettle of fish. Aleck positively refuses to advance, and the pasha is raising Hail Columbia at the entrance. He must speedily get in, and then look out for squalls. What can be done? Jack has half a notion to pick Aleck up and carry him off like a rebellious child. He is quite capable of it, but refrains simply because he does not care to save a man against his will, and Aleck would be back here at the first opportunity, determined to get Sady or die.

For once in his life Doctor Jack is puzzled—he does not know what to do, and precious seconds are flying all the while. Even now it is probably too late. From the sounds that reach their ears they are informed that the pasha has gained an entrance, and is raging about, asking a dozen questions at once of his astonished and alarmed retainers, who probably imagine their master has gone crazy.

Even while they hearken a new sound adds to the clamour. Doctor Jack gives a start as the truth breaks upon him.

"Great Heaven! they have let loose the pack of Siberian wolf-hounds. The animals will clear the garden, and be upon us like a flash!" he cries.

"'Pon 'onah! I hear them coming now," says Larry, without any apparent alarm. He, too, has drawn a revolver, which he places in readiness to fire with a movement of his thumb. Achmed, shrinking back for an instant as the awful clamor of the gaunt brutes breaks on his ears, again braces up the line of battle, holding in his clenched hands the heavy iron bar which was intended to raise the dungeon's grating, but which can doubtless be made to do good service in the line of a peace persuader, if it ever comes in contact with the cranium of a hound.

There can be no mistaking the fact that the dogs are advancing directly upon them, for the rush of the animals through the shrubbery is plainly heard. In the darkness they may have trouble sighting their canine foes. Jack sees a light streaming from a narrow window, and guesses the friendly source from which it comes.

Quick to take advantage of an opportunity, he calls out in a low, strained tone:—

"Back a few paces. Get the lane of light in front, so we can see the brutes. Quick! for the love of Heaven, men."

They are none too soon. Like a tornado rushing through a Western forest the pasha's pack of fierce wolf-hounds dart toward the little group. They utter a few yelps, but their eager silence is terribly suggestive. The sound of their swift passage resembles the sweep of the wind.

A brief moment of suspense, and then the dread event is upon them. Jack sights the first brute. His weapon is aimed, and the hand that never yet failed its master presses the trigger. One—the brute drops like a weight of lead, but the others flash into view all at once—revolvers rattle, fierce howls arise, and for a brief time a tremendous melee ensues.

It is a slaughter-pen for the wolf-dogs, and yet by very numbers they make it hot work for the little party of brave men. Several manage to pass the line of light. One Achmed belabours with the iron bar, another endeavours to reach the throat of Doctor Jack. Poor fool, it meets that iron left arm on the way, the fingers close on its neck, he crunches the larynx as though it were made of paper, and tosses the quivering body of the wolf-dog from him in a moment.

The rush, the whirl, the disaster—all is over in an exceedingly brief space of time. Scarce forty seconds have elapsed since the first dog broke cover and attempted to cross that heaven-sent banner of light from the window, and now not a single member of that fierce pack is left. Achmed, aroused to fury, still hammers the shapeless head of his victim with the iron bludgeon, but the wretched hound never knew what ailed him after receiving the first blow.

Larry is flushed with victory, "Bring on your dogs!" he calls out aloud.

"Not so fast," cautious Doctor Jack, "the next impediment we run across will probably be a small army of janizaries, armed with more deadly weapons than dogs' teeth. If you have any tears to shed prepare to shed them now, and meanwhile it might be a good idea to slip in a few cartridges."

The suggestion is a good one, which Larry cannot afford to neglect. Jack casts a side glance at Aleck. What will that worthy do now? Is there any possibility that he has changed his mind and may accompany them? Useless—Aleck possesses the blood of his Scotch ancestors in his veins, and there never lived a more stubborn individual. If they want him to fly they must find Sady.

"Onto the harem!" grits Jack between his teeth. He is thoroughly aroused now, after the engagement with the wolf-hounds, and nothing daunts his spirit. Since Aleck will not go without Sady they must find the pasha's prize even if the whole palace, harem and seraglio, have to be searched, with the janizaries howling at their heels. That is the kind of man Jack Evans is when once he makes up his mind—mountains cannot stay his progress, and ordinary obstacles are brushed from his path as a man might dash a fly from his forehead.

Larry is ready to fall in behind, and as for Aleck, the cry enthuses him. He seems to regain his lost strength, forgets he is wounded from the fall he received in the dungeon, and presses on at the side of Achmed, who will go wherever his beloved master wills, be it into the grasp of death even, so long as Jack leads.

As they move hurriedly away the wildest kind of clamour arises, dozens of hoarse-tongued men shout unintelligible words in a fierce Turkish fashion. Abdallah Pasha has ordered his janizaries into the gardens—they have orders to cut and slay right and

To be Continued

THE FARM HAS TWO VALUES.

A TIMELY ARTICLE FROM THE VETERAN T. B. TERRY.

A Picture Which Should Attract Farm-Bred Boys Who Have Been Attracted By the Meretricious Arts of the City—Build a Home.

I had the good fortune to spend a week at institute work with Hon. Aaron Jones of Indiana. He is a farmer, but also a wealthy business man, of long experience and broad intelligence. I was deeply impressed with one remark he made at an institute. He said in substance: "The farm has two values. One is its commercial value—the money that can be made from working it. The other is its home value. On the farm we are away from much of the rush and strife and temptation of the city. We can have pure air and water and sunshine and healthful surroundings. It is the best place in the world to raise our families. We can have many luxuries fresh from mother earth. Many city people are tired of being hemmed in by brick walls and are getting houses out in the country. When the real, full value of a country home, such as it may be, is realized, I look for an advance in the price of farms. In the past we have looked too much at the commercial value of the farm, not fully realizing the home value."

Think of this, friends. The writer is in just the mood to-day to write on this subject. No matter if farms do not pay a large money return, where else in the world is there such a place for a model, perfect home? What is the "home value" of our own farm? Would $500 a year cover it? I say no! The dry land all around, that we have perfectly drained, making the situation very healthful; the pure water that we are sure of from having cement floors, covered yards, earth closets, etc.; the broad fields all around us, that are our own, so we have room to breathe, and shout, if we want to, and the beautiful buildings that have gradually grown up, as we could dig the money out of the earth, seem a part of ourselves. Could a home on a small lot in the town ever seem like this? And then, the fruit garden, and the cow to give milk and cream, and the horse and carriage kept for pleasure riding, the spacious lawn, the trees we set out ourselves when young.

Mr. Jones told us that in his city men would pay $5000 for a lot for a home, when three squares away they could buy one of the same size for $1000, or, perhaps, $500. Why is this? Because in the one place the surroundings are more desirable for a home. But where on earth can a more desirable home be built up than on our farms? Again, Mr. Jones said: "I believe the pendulum that for thirty years has been swinging most of our brightest boys and girls into the city is about to begin to swing the other way, as the world is coming to realize the real advantages of farm life." You know how many farmers of late have been moving into towns in some sections. To them Mr. Jones said, with all the earnestness and eloquence of a great man: "If instead of moving into town onto some little lot as soon as you can possibly afford to, you will fix up your homes in the country, improve your surroundings, there, make them beautiful country homes, it will be greatly better for you and help to bring forward the good time we all want." Don't you all know how perfectly in sympathy the writer is with this plan? Wife and I have worked to make money on the farm, of course, but the idea of a home, filled with comfort and convenience, and even luxury, and beautiful home surroundings, has never once left our minds. We would rather have that home right on the farm where we struggled with debt, and which we have gradually, year by year, changed into, as it seems to us, almost a little Garden of Eden, than anywhere else on earth. For many years we could do little towards making the home, as the land must be paid for first; but we were constantly doing something to keep our spirits up. Trees were set out. A general outline was prepared after much study, and year by year some move was made towards the longed for end. Now 'twas the getting rid forever of the old privy vault and slop drain, with the danger to air and water. Then it was a toolhouse, after a time a barn, then a covered yard and a small fruit garden, then lawn and walks, and so on, all pointing towards a completed home in the future. Last season we put on some of the finishing touches. We think this the true way to live, gradually beautifying our homes on earth, little by little along through life. What do you think, my good friends? Oh don't get discouraged. Don't say you can't have things as you want them. Work for it. You can succeed in time. Study to fix up systematically the home surroundings. Begin this spring, my dear friends, and do something. Fix a lawn about the home, that you can keep closely mowed through the season, with flowers and shrubs and trees and walks and drives. Set out a strawberry bed. Begin. Do what you can. Forget for awhile the hard time you are having with the commercial side, and first you know that will be paying better, and your home be more beautiful, too.—T. B. Terry, in Practical Farmer.

A Useful Woman.

"What a tiny woman that Mrs. Vandyke is."

"Isn't she?"

"It's their honeymoon, you know, and she sits on his desk all the time he's writing."

"What a bother she must be!"

"Oh, no, she isn't. He utilizes her for a paper-weight."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Puzzle in Horticulture.

Little Chris—Daddy, what makes onions?

Daddy—Seeds, of course.

Little Chris—Then what makes seeds?

Daddy—Onions.

Little Chris (triumphantly)—Then why don't we feed the canary on onions? (Discomfiture and retreat of Daddy.)—London Punch.

Quackery is always discovering remedies which will act upon the germs of disease directly and kill them. But no discovery has ever yet been approved by doctors which will cure consumption that way. Germs can only be killed by making the body strong enough to overcome them, and the early use of such a remedy as Scott's Emulsion is one of the helps. In the daily warfare man keeps up, he wins best, who is provided with the needed strength, such as Scott's Emulsion supplies.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY MARCH 26, 1897

My Neighbor Told Me
About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chinkmale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

Ward No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
Ward No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
Ward No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
Ward No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

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For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.23 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.25 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.23 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.25 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.23 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave ....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.......................8.15 a.m. and 3.30 p.m.

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

Continued from page 1.

Among the Toronto ladies on the floor were Lady Gzowski, Mrs Edgar and daughters, Mrs George A Cox, Mrs W F Maclean, Miss Hodgins, Miss Dayman, Mrs Judge MacMahon, Mrs A F Rutter, Mrs E H Herbert Mason, and Miss Mason, Miss Thompson (daughter of Lady Thompson), Mrs Hetherington, Mrs Clemow.

From Hamilton were noticed Mrs. William Hendrie and two daughters, Mrs. A. T. Wood and Miss Wood and Miss Malloch.

One of the features of the opening display was the number of young women in attendance. They were given the upper bank on each side and were all handsomely dressed, with fresh and pleasant faces.

The Liberals and their wives were everywhere and triumphant in that they were having their turn after a long wait.

The Governor having entered, the Commons were sent for and the speech from the throne was read.

The speech was of more than ordinary length, and as His Excellency had to wade through it twice, once in English and once in French, people got very tired of the French version. However, the more formal proceedings soon came to an end, and after the retirement of Their Excellencies there was a delightful and informal half hour, when the Senators and members mingled with the richly-dressed ladies and exchanged greetings.

The Senate met this afternoon at 2.30 for a few minutes, when the new Senators appointed since last session were introduced and sworn in.

Hon. David Mills was first presented on the carpet by Sir Oliver Mowat and Hon. R. W. Scott, and, after taking the oath, signed the roll. He was followed by Senator Cox, the new member from Toronto, and Senator King of New Brunswick, both of whom were also introduced by Sir Oliver and Hon. Mr. Scott.

The Senate then adjourned during pleasure, and resumed its session after the reading of the Speech from the Throne by His Excellency.

Senator Scott introduced a bill respecting railways, and proposed a motion, which was accepted, fixing Monday for the consideration of the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell asked whether the terms of the settlement of the school question would be laid before the Senate before Saturday or prior to the discussion on the address. It would be difficult to deal with this important question without having the exact terms of the settlement.

Senator Scott said that the terms of the settlement would be laid before the House prior to the discussion of the address, but he might say now that there was no correspondence on the subject.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: Neither before or after?

Senator Scott: No.

The Senate then adjourned until Monday at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Over on the Commons side the Liberals had their little jubilation, as five new members supporting Mr. Laurier were introduced to one on the Conservative side. Mr. Sifton came in between Mr. Laurier and Mr. Sutherland, as also did Mr. Snetsinger, the new member for Cornwall. Mr. Mulock and Patron Douglas introduced Duncan Graham of North Ontario. Mr. Heyd of Brant came in between Mr. Laurier and Hon. Billy Paterson, while Mr. Davis, the new member for Saskatchewan, was introduced by Mr. Laurier and Whip Sutherland.

Then the Commons asserted its right to legislate before considering the Speech from the Throne by introducing a formal bill.

Mr. Laurier's motion that the Speech be taken into consideration to-morrow was adopted and the House adjourned.

The debate on the address in the Commons will not be concluded to-morrow, and may last the whole of next week. There will, however, be an amendment from the Conservative side, although there is talk to-night of a Quebec Conservative introducing an amendment on the school question. A change may be made in the mover and seconder. Mr. Russell is to move and Mr. Ethier to second the address.

His Excellency the Governor-General has received the following telegram from Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies:

"The Central Famine Relief Committee wish to express their deep gratitude for the great energy and liberality displayed by Canada in giving effect to their sympathy with the Indian sufferers. Her Majesty's Government and the Government of India cordially associate themselves with these sentiments and highly appreciate the generosity of Canadians as proof of the solidarity of the Empire."

There is talk of an adjournment of Parliament for some weeks at the end of May in order to permit Mr. Laurier to go to England. It is said Sir Charles Tupper is also anxious to cross the Atlantic at that time. Nothing definite has been settled, however.

There was quite a flood of notices of motion to-day for public bills. Chief amongst these is Mr. Mulock's, which provides for the abolition of the Civil Service Superannuation Act and the retirement of members of the Civil Service. If the Government, in deciding to do away with the superannuation system, makes it apply to men already in the service it will be a serious blow to those who have been counting upon a neat little income from this fund when they cease active work.

Messrs. Casey and Maclean are to the fore again with their bills for the protection of railway employees, both of which run much on the same lines. Mr. Maclean has, however, another important bill to amend the Railway Act, the object of which is to impose a maximum 2-cent per mile rate for the carriage of passengers and compel the railway companies or other companies owning sleeping cars to put upper berths up when not actually engaged.

Mr. Charlton presented two old stand-bys in the Sabbath Observance Act, which he wants to make more effective, and the bill to amend the criminal code by increasing the age of consent to 18 years.

Mr. Reid will test the opinion of the House on the question of aid to farmers and will move for the granting of a bonus of one cent per lb. on creamery butter for export.

The present state of feeling in Canada in regard to existing relations with the United States is exemplified by the prompt action of two members to introduce restrictive legislation against the United States. Mr. Cowan, member for Essex, has three bills on the notice paper. One is a fac simile of the U.S. Alien Labor Law, another seeks to abolish the reciprocal wrecking arrangement whereby a Canadian wrecking plant may operate in United States waters and vice versa, and a third bill seeks to amend the immigration laws of Canada by imposing a number of restrictions similar to those which the United States now places on immigrants.

Mr. Taylor, member for South Leeds, is also to the fore with a bill to prohibit foreign labor entering Canada under contract, but Mr. Cowan's bill will take precedence, the notice being handed in earlier.

It is stated that the Government has about decided to fix June 22, the Tuesday following coronation day, as the date for public celebrations in connection with the Queen's Diamond Jubilee throughout Canada. The day will be proclaimed a public holiday, as previously stated, this being the day on which the jubilee is to be celebrated in the British Isles.

The annual report of the Department of Trade and Commerce was presented to the House to-day. Deputy Minister Parmelee calls attention to the fact that, notwithstanding the exceptionally low prices for articles of Canadian export during the year, the aggregate value was greater than in any previous year since Confederation, and that again the total exports have exceeded the imports, the excess being about the same as during the year 1895. As regards imports a substantial increase over the previous year is shown, though by reason of the low prices the aggregate value was not equal to that of several former years, when higher prices ruled, but a comparison of the tonnage entering during the year with that of the years of greater values of imports indicates clearly an important increase for the year in the volume of import trade, as well as of the total trade of the country. A number of new tables are included in the volume, giving comparative trade figures back to 1892.

The written argument on behalf of British and Canadian interests on the Behring Sea Commission for the adjustment of the sealers' claims to indemnity has been completed. The counsel who returned from Victoria, where evidence was adduced, have been hard at work ever since on the preparation of the written argument, which had to be ready before May 1. It will be filed inside the prescribed time and then the United States authorities have the right to reply, also in a written argument, after which oral presentation of the case before two commissioners will take place, concluding the proceedings till judgments are handed down.

Harold C. Bickford, late of the Governor-General's Body Guard of Toronto, has left Canada on very short notice to assume a commission in the Imperial army. He has been assigned to a crack cavalry corps, the 6th Carbineers, and is not the first Canadian who has filled a commission in this regiment. Kenneth B. Campbell of Quebec, a Royal Military College graduate, served in it some years before he was transferred to the Suffolk Regiment.

Mr. Tarte got a bad one in the eye the other morning. The Public Works Department is temporarily housed in the Slater Building on Sparks-street. On arriving at his office early the Minister noticed a man sitting in the corridor reading the morning paper. Mr. Tarte asked him what he was doing. "I'm reading the paper," was the reply. "Can't you find anything else to do around the building so early in the morning?" remarked the Minister.

"No, sir, I can't."

"Is that what we are paying you for?" demanded Mr. Tarte a little annoyed.

"That's a matter of opinion."

"Do you know who I am?" said Mr. Tarte.

"I don't and don't give a d—— any way."

"I am Mr. Tarte, Minister of Public Works. Go to the office and get your cheque, you are dismissed."

"I'll do nothing of the kind," replied the gentleman with the newspaper, calmly adding: "Do you know who I am?"

"No," said Mr. Tarte, "and I don't care to know either."

"Well, I'll tell you, all the same," said the other. "I am caretaker of the Capital Amateur Athletic Club upstairs. So long!"

Mr. Tarte disappeared up the elevator.

The day of the two-cent a mile railway rate is coming. To-day the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway Company brought in a great crowd of excursionists from points along the line. The rate from Parry Sound to Ottawa and return was only $3 for the actual distance traveled of 528 miles. Now figure out how much that is a mile.

He Didn't Want Much.

"Say, Kernel," he said as he walked into the editor's office and stamped about forty pounds of mud off his boots against the legs of the stove, "I sorter thought I'd take yer paper ef you'd do the square thing."

"Why, of course; we're always glad to accommodate our subscribers."

"Well, here's a little obituary of Aunt Kalline—hit's jes' ten pages of foolscap an' won't make much, I reckin."

"We'll print it."

"An' you'll send forty copies of the paper to this 'ere list o' relatives, won't you?"

"Yes."

"An' nex' week my daughter Serilly is goin' to git married. I reckin you'll print a hull lot about that?"

"Of course; that's news."

"An', say, I've got one of the finest young shotes you ever have saw. I want you to come out some day and write up hit."

"I shall be glad to do so."

"You ain't got a dozen or two ole magazines, whut you've dun read alayin' eround handy, hev you?"

"Yes, here's three or four."

"Thanky. Jes' put me down fer three months an' I'll hand you the quarter 'long this fall some time."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Awful Small Boy.

Mr. Sparkling—You say you're six years old now, Jimmy?

Jimmy—Yep.

Mr. Sparkling—And Sister Gracie is your oldest sister, isn't she?

Jimmy—Yep.

Mr. Sparkling—Who comes after her, Jimmy?

Jimmy—Well, nobody so far; but pop says that the first man that does will get her.—New York Tribune.

He Didn't Know.

Schoolmistress—Come here, Charlie, and let me hear you recite your lesson. Why, what is the matter? What are you crying for?

Charlie—Some of the big boys made me kiss a little girl out in the school yard. Boo-hoo!

"Why, that is outrageous. Why did you not come right to me?"

"I—I—didn't know that you would let me kiss you."

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 25, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71a	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 20	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 50	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 00	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 00

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO .... BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dowson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

IN

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THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

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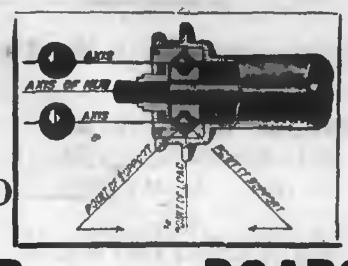

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O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress :

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,546,688	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,786
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,345
Ontario Mutual	2,856,250	773,008
Federal Life	2,065,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,421
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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We boast of quality, backed up by such names as Christy, Youmans, Stetson and other leading hat fashioners. And we'll sell them as low as spot cash buying and spot cash selling will let us. We are Men's Best Hatters—Let's be yours.

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897

COURTESY IN QUEBEC

Among the Children—It is Lacking in Ontario, Says a Writer.

"The Khan," the well known poet and writer, in a recent visit to Quebec, found food for the following article which was pub- in a Toronto journal under the heading "Going Backward":

"We have Scriptural authority that man shall not live on bread alone. That's sensible. Let us apply it indirectly to our schools. The Public schools of Ontario are frequently compared to the schools, religious or otherwise, of Quebec, and always to the disadvantage of the latter. We are all given to bragging in a loud tone of voice that our children learn more, study more, get loaded up with useful information more, are 'smarter,' etc., than the offspring of the seventeenth century Quebec.

"Let's see, now: There is one thing that the children of Quebec, especially those taught by the Sisters, are head and shoulders over our hopefuls, and that will be made plain as you read on, my Christian friend.

"I was down in Quebec not long ago, and was out in the country trying to find the residence of an old friend of mine. On the road I met a little lad on his way to school. As he passed me he lifted his cap and his face lit up with a winsome smile as he bade me, 'Bon jour, M'sieu!' I took heart of grace and hailed him:

"Can you tell me where Col. Boucher lives, my little man?"

"Pardonnez, moi!" he said, frankly, with another lift of the cap. "I spik not the Englis—how you call heep—with 'fluence. I go wis you. I show you w'ere he lif."

I protested that he would be late for school and might be punished.

"Ah, no!—non, no!" gesticulating eloquently with his little brown hand. "Non—no! Voila! Ze good Sisters they vill be charm—zay will be estenees von zay learn zat I haf bin of some service to an estranger!"

He then conducted me to the top of a hill, pointed out the house and left me with a bow that would have done justice to a duke of blood royal.

I week later I am in an Ontario village and meet a "smart" looking youth in the road.

"Could you kindly inform me where Mr. John Smith lives."

"Wha-a-a-t?"

"Where Mr. Smith lives?" I replied.

"Which Smith? Old Smith, or big Smith, or fatty Smith, or ganggrene Smith, or ole Sis Smith—she's the grey mare. What you want with him enayhow?"

I walked on in disgust.

Passing an Ontaria school house in the summer you are liable to be stoned, in the winter snowballed, and you will be guyed and yelled at at all seasons, and if you visit the school they will never take their eyes off you in a curious stare while you remain. The boys are never taught to show a chivalrous and high-bred respect for the girls, and the art of lifting the hat to a lady, a clergyman, or an old person is altogether lost; in fact, some of them have to be told to take their hats off in church.

Oh, yes, we teach the children a lot of stuff, and they get to be very smart, and it is not uncommon to have them take out certificates and diplomas before they have shed their milk teeth, but if we would throw some of the text books out of the window and teach the girls the old-fashioned courtesy and how to cross a room as if they were not going over plowed land, and teach our boys to lift their hats and treat their elders with respect, it would be better for us and them.—The Khan.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Lines by Yone Nogoochy Goochy.

Darkness encumbers me.
I feel myself toppling into endless space.
Down! Down a million fathoms giddily I whirl.
A myriad stars burst on my view.
Suns, moons, and planets of every magnitude revolve around me.
Time has ceased to be and distance is as naught.
The songs of buzzsaws innumerable fall on my hearing and I dance unto their dreamy cadences.
And ever on, and on, and on, through endless space I whirl.
Can this be death?
No! I have been hit on the head with a brick!—Cleveland Leader.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FOUGHT ALL DAY.

The Insurgents Drove Out the Turkish Troops and Captured Their Block House.

Canea, March 25.—The fighting in the vicinity of Malaxa continued throughout the day. It was especially desperate at 3 o'cock this afternoon in the village of Tsicalaria, where the insurgents set fire to a number of Turkish houses. The insurgents are now occupying Malaxa. The European warships shelled them this afternoon, the firing lasting about ten minutes. The insurgents, however, held their ground close to the ruins of the block house, from which they drove the Turkish garrison last night, and did not seem to greatly mind the bombardment.

When the Turkish troops evacuated the block house they set fire to it in order that it might not furnish a shelter to their enemies. It was, however, badly wrecked by the fire of the rebels.

It is vident that the Turkish troops here are no match for the insurgents. A body of troops made an attempt today to gain the height above Nerok-Ouru, where the Keratidi block house is situated. The troops had gone only a little distance when they were attacked by insurgents, who drove them back. Later another attempt was made to reach the heights, but this too proved unseccessful.

A body of insurgents made an attack upon the Turkish cordon at Halepa. The Turks had a number of mountain guns and the fire from them prevented the insurgents from coming to close quarters. It was this alone which saved the Moslems from defeat.

Montevardia and Halepa are both within range of the guns of the insurgents, who continue to shell both places. This evening part of Malaxa was blown up with dynamite, and the rest of the town is buhning.

A force of 500 Highlanders was landed at Candia to-day and their appearance in the city caused the most intense excitement. The populace were evidntly ignorant of their coming until thy were in the town. The Turkish troops were also at a loss to account for their presence and apparently thought that they were about to be attacked. The Turkish officers had much difficulty in preventing their men from firing on the British troops. The garrison troops rushed to the shore from all directions loading their rifles as they ran, and uttering threats against the British. The latter remained perfectly cool, and eventually the irritation was calmed. All danger, however, is not over. The Turkish troops do not appear to grasp the fact that the presence of the foreigners is practically the only thing that saves them from annihilation. Swarms of Turkish soldiers armed to the teeth are parading about the street giving voice to their fierce hatred of all infidels. The slightest spark may at any moment produce a fatal outbreak. It would be a queer commentary on the Turkish gratitude to find the Moslems and their Christian allies engaged in a bloody religious feud and it would further complicate the situation.

A number of Italian troops have also arrived at Candia.

THIS LOOKS WARLIKE.

Turkish Consuls Leaving Their Posts and Artillery Going Forward.

Salonica, March 25.—The Turkish consuls are leaving their posts in Thessaly, and the siege artillery is going to the front. This augurs an advance of the Turkish army.

Crown Prince Will Start.

Athens, March 25.—The Crown Prince will start at 4 o'clock to-morrow morning for Thessaly, where he will take command of the Greek troops. The early hour at which he will leave the city is due to a desire to avoid a demonstration.

Of Serious Import.

London, March 25.—The Athens correspondent of The Chronicle declares that the departure of Crown Prince Constantine for Thessaly is of the most serious import. It can only mean that Greece believes war is probable and declines longer to handicap herself by delaying the final step of preparation. The Prince's arrival on the frontier will mean a new disposal of the forces and will give immense impetus to all the arrangements for the transportation of troops, etc.

London, March 25.—Bike enthusiasts are greatly cheered by receipt of the news that Mr. Gladstone, notwithstanding his great age, has joined the ranks of the wheelmen. He has written to a friend in London that he has fairly mastered the machine.

NEWSPAPER PLEASANTRY.

Some of the Bright Things the Paragraphers Are Saying.

Brown—Jones doesn't forget his alma mater.

Robinson—He doesn't, eh?

Brow—No, indeed! He's trying to teach his baby the college yell.—Puck.

Judge—Guilty or not guilty?

Prisoner—Not guilty, boss.

Judge—Ever arrested before?

Prisoner—No, boss; an I nevah dono stole nuffin before, needer.—Harper's Weekly.

Aunt—What! Sitting up writing at this hour?

Niece—Yes, auntie. It's only a little note to Harry.

Aunt—Why, Harry left you only five minutes ago.

Niece—Yes; but there is something I forgot to ask him, and it's very important.

Aunt—Yes.

Niece—I asked him if he loved me, and he said "Yes," but I forgot to ask him if he would love me always.—Answers.

Visitor—I don't like the looks of this place. Your town is small and your cemetery is large. Besides, I have met three funerals already.

Native—Oh, that's nothing, sir. You see, this is a health resort.—Leslie's Weekly.

"I hear your minister resigned from his charge."

"Well, no, not edzac'ly."

"How was it, then?"

"Why, you see, we'd been resigned ter him as long as we could stand it, and we thought that it was time for him to recippercate. He didn't resign; we resigned him."—Washington Times.

How to Select the Cloth For a New Spring Suit.

When selecting the cloth for your new spring suit one of the first questions you will be likely to ask it, "Is it fast color?" You accept the assurance of the tailor that it is, although he may know actually nothing about it, but has taken his information from the wholesale house where he bought the goods. They may be guaranteed fast color and all wool, and it is not pleasant to find your coat growing rusty after a few mnths' wear, and there is no need of it if you will try the following easy tests yourself. They are practically the same as are tried by any dealer in woollen fabrics, and for all practical purposes will be enough.

The first thing to look at is the effect of exposure. Take the sample of the cloth given you by the tailor to examine or show to your wife and cover one-half of it with some heavy dark fabric to exclude the light, and then put on a second cover of oiled paper, silk or other substance that will protect it from the elements, and then hang it out in the open air, where the exposed piece of cloth will get the benefit of all the sun, wind and rain that is in the vicinity and let it stand there two weeks or longer. In summer a shorter time will be enough, but in two weeks the color should not show the slightest change when you have removed the coverings. The surface of the cloth may show some difference, but the color must be exceedingly poor not to stand two weeks. At this season of the year it would be better to give it a little longer time, to make sure.

When chemists are preparing their colors they send samples of the dyed cloth to Florida to be exposed for two months and in this way get the most severe test known.

Some dyes are fast if only exposed to light, but will not stand up under moisture, and so if the color is warranted to stand any amount of light exposure, it means nothing; the test must be such as the goods will receive in actual use, but in a concentrated form.

If you merely wish to test the comparative merits of two or more dyes, prepare samples of each as directed above and expose them until all but one show some change, and, of course, that one has the superior color.

The next test is also a very important one. You may have noticed that your collars and cuffs are suddenly becoming soiled very quickly, and have been puzzled to know the cause. The chances are that your new suit is to blame. The dye used, instead of being incorporated in and a part of the fibre of wool, has merely been deposited on the surface, or a part of it may have been left on the surface and not removed as should have been the case. The test is simple. Cover the end of your finger with your white linen handkerchief and rub the surface of the cloth in question, vigorously, and if there is any stain whatever on your handkerchief, there will be trouble with your clothes.

A third test which will apply particularly to dress goods for the fair sex, is to determine whether the color will be affected by perspiration, which is particularly annoying under the arms in warm weather. If the dye is fast in this respect it will refuse to move when you put a drop of diluted muriatic acid (20 per cent. solution) on the sample.

When looking over the various goods offered by the tailor, try the rubbing or smutting test, and if the cloths you like stand up under that, take samples home and try them in the other ways [illegible]

—Port Hope is negotiating with a glass factory to secure it for that town.

—Sixty four persons will be released from the Central Prison during April. One of these has served seven terms and the oldest prisoner is 72 years of age.

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THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

For Body, Brain and Nerves

Gives Appetite,

Produces Refreshing Sleep.

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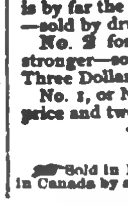

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VOL. XXXV, No. 73. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

A RIGHT HOT DEBATE

In Which Sir Charles Tupper Roasted the Government.

The Premier Followed With a Speech Full of Caustic Criticism, Especially on the School Question—Mr. Foster Followed, and in His Own Incisive Way Gave the Premier a Scorching—Sir Richard Moved the Adjournment of the Debate

Ottawa, March 26.—(Special.)—After routine in the Commons to-day Mr. Benjamin Russell of Halifax moved the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

The mover began by saying that many of the topics mentioned in the speech could not be regarded as controversial. He believed the people of this country were tired of political agitation. [Opposition laughter.] There was a desire for calmness and repose. He thought the time had come when the angry controversies which had agitated the country for years should be allowed to cease. He proceeded to eulogize the high statesmanship of Mr. Laurier, which had carried the country through a crisis of a startling and alarming nature. He believed that now the halcyon days of peace had come.

Dealing with the speech he said 25 years ago the people of this country were at one in regard to the tariff. They believed it was a necessary evil which should only be tolerated in so far as public revenue was required. Now, the Opposition did not regard a tariff as a necessary evil, they thought it was a good and excellent thing. In his judgment, however, the tariff of 1879 was a leap in the dark. Personally he believed that if all tariff restrictions were thrown down the fruits of freedom in that field would be just as beneficent as they had been in every way in which the boundaries of human freedom had been enlarged. If, therefore, we were building on virgin soil, if there were not industries which should not be ruthlessly struck down, or rudely shaken, it would be well to adopt the English system. Under existing circumstances, however, it would be well for us to get back to the right track by a gradual reduction. [Opposition cheers.]

Adverting to the United States tariff he believed that that country was legislating for itself alone and should legislate for itself alone. [Opposition cheers.] We should not act in any spirit of jingoism, but in a spirit of manly self-reliance, having regard to the great Empire to which we belong. [Loud Opposition cheers.]

The Government's proposals to extend the I.C.R. system to Montreal would be carefully scrutinized. Some measure was needed to secure to Halifax its fair share of the trade of this country.

The prohibition question was not a party question in this country and he hoped it would not be. Like Mr. Foster, in a moment of weakness, he (Russell) had swallowed the cause of prohibition. He had found himself drawn among the saints, but he wished he were dead sure of the thing, as he ought to be. If people by an overwhelming majority declared in favor of prohibition, the Government ought to give assent to their views, and he did not believe this Government would shrink from its duty in this respect.

He closed his speech with an eloquent reference to Her Majesty's Jubilee and the progress of Canada during the past 60 years, eulogising the French-Canadians for the manner in which they had assimilated themselves to British institutions.

Mr. Ethier, member for Two Mountains, seconded the address, speaking in French.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

The Opposition Leader Combines Compliment With Criticism.

Sir Charles Tupper, on rising, was received with loud Opposition cheers. He paid a graceful compliment to the mover and seconder for the manner in which they had discharged their duty. Mr. Russell's was a difficult task, as, being an ardent free trader, he had to prepare himself to support a protectionist tariff. [Opposition laughter.] At the outset he (Sir Charles) desired to congratulate the Premier on the great honor conferred upon him by being invited to represent Canada at the Queen's Jubilee. Personally he did not share in the views expressed in our newspapers that Canada has been penalized by having only one representative. He believed that Mr. Laurier would represent the Dominion worthily and well and would be accorded the precedence due to his exalted position and the country of his birth. [Cheers.]

Sir Charles proceeded to refer to the progress of Her Majesty's reign, mentioning that 56 years ago, when he first visited England, there was one horse railway running in Scotland, while in England there was only one steam railway, viz., that from Liverpool to Manchester. The Opposition would support any Government proposal that would fittingly mark Her Majesty's jubilee.

There was much in the Speech from the Throne he could not object to, but he must call attention to what he believed to be the unconstitutional attitude on the school question. Who authorized settlement with Manitoba? The only constitutional outcome of the proceedings up to this time was the introduction of a remedial bill, and it was certainly an invasion of law for the Government to act as it had done. Mr. Laurier had said in Wright the other day that the remedial bill would not give as much to the Catholics as they would secure under the settlement with Mr. Greenway. Sir Charles dissented from that view, and proceeded to compare the two propositions. He was not able to find in the new Manitoba school bill that a single privilege taken away from the Catholics had been restored to them. St. Boniface had demonstrated that the Catholics were not satisfied with the agreement. The bill, however, did grant rights that were not enjoyed previous legislation to that particular fact. He proceeded to twit Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Geoffrion and other Quebec members with having repudiated their ante-election pledges. While personally his (Sir Charles') views on the school question remained unchanged, he did not hesitate to say that the obligation which rested on Sir Mackenzie Bowell's shoulders and on his to deal with this question as became the Government of Canada now rested on Mr. Laurier. [Hear, hear.]

If that hon. gentleman could reconcile those most interested in this question to consent to the mode in which it had been disposed of then he (Sir Charles) had not a word to say. Under existing circumstances he would not feel it incumbent upon him in future to make these exertions for the rights of Catholics as he had in the past. [Ministerial cheers.]

Passing on to consider the tariff question, the ex-Premier said that in his judgment the National Policy never occupied a more triumphant position than it did to-day. The exports last year were the largest in the history of our country, and he believed Canada was on the eve of great prosperity, provided existing conditions were maintained.

He regretted to see the Government's proposal regarding the franchise. Such a measure as proposed would place the Parliament of Canada in the most humiliating position it could ever be in. He reminded the House that in Nova Scotia, when the provincial franchise applied in federal politics, a bill had been passed for the sole purpose of affecting Federal elections, and this bill had been repealed before the provincial elections took place. [Hear, hear.] A bill of the kind proposed, therefore, was lowering to the dignity of Parliament.

He paid a tribute to the Government's action in establishing cold storage, and highly eulogized Prof. Robertson's work in this connection. Then he referred to the Indian famine fund and expressed pleasure at the hearty response given by Canada to the appeal for aid.

Discussing civil service dismissals and superannuations, Sir Charles said the Government had delivered a serious blow to the civil service by superannuating, without justification, or degrading men of high position. [Cheers.] Not only that, but the Government had sent out emissaries in order to work up cases against reputable men.

Sir Charles Tupper, resuming his speech after recess, chaffed Mr. Davies for his recent declaration in Wright about the surprise the Government would give to the Conservatives.

Proceeding, he showed how the present Government had utterly repudiated all their promises of economy and every pledge they had made to their countrymen. He referred to the letting of public contracts without tender, dismissal of legal representatives in England, a firm which had acted for Canada for 40 years, and giving the business to a young Mr. Russell, who, as the representative to the Vatican, might perhaps better suit the purposes of the Dominion Government than the old firm. The Government had shirked a fair test of its policy in Quebec by springing the elections in Bonaventure and Wright. In South Brant, Mr. Henry, a very able man, had been deprived of his seat by methods which reflected the greatest discredit on the Liberal party.

Adverting to Liberal professions as contrasted with their practice, Sir Charles pointed out the contradiction between Mr. Fielding and Mr. Laurier in their recent declarations regarding the duty on coal. It was clearly evident Mr. Fielding's recent interview in Montreal was manufactured for the occasion, to influence public opinion in Nova Scotia, where the local election had been sprung. While Mr. Fielding talked protection to the coal industry, Mr. Laurier's views of free coal and free iron would undoubtedly prevail, and the coal interests of Nova Scotia would be sacrificed.

In conclusion, Sir Charles Tupper said the Government would not find factious opposition to measures which were calculated to benefit the Dominion. He resumed his seat at 9.20, after speaking two hours and a half.

THE PREMIER'S REPLY.

He Rebuked Sir Charles Tupper for Some of His Deliverances.

Mr. Laurier, on rising, was received with loud Ministerial cheers. He immediately trotted out his old saying, that Sir Charles Tupper was not in a very happy frame of mind, although he acknowledged his courteous and generous reference to him (Mr. Laurier's) prospective visit to England.

He rebuked the Opposition leader for styling the commissioners appointed to investigate charges of political partisanship as "Emissaries and spies." Last session the Government had promised that all charges of political partisanship should be investigated. This had been done.

After referring to the proposed repeal of the present Franchise Act, a measure of which the whole country was tired, he said this was not the proper time to speak of the tariff, but he might say this: The Government would endeavor to alleviate the burdens which now pressed on the people without at the same time impairing any of the interests which now exist.

Referring to Sir Charles Tupper's remarks on bye-elections and alleged unfair dealing in those elections, he asked what about the Conservative ballot-stuffing in Manitoba. [Liberal cheers.]

Sir Charles Tupper, interposing, said the point he raised was that the Government of this country had no authority outside of the constitution of this country to warrant them in making a settlement with Manitoba.

Mr. Laurier thanked Sir Charles for his explanation. He always thought the negotiations of the late Government were a shadow. Commissioners were not sent to Winnipeg to negotiate a settlement; why were they sent at all? [Liberal cheers.] Sir Charles Tupper's words to-night were nothing else than a sham. If the manner in which the present Government had approached the settlement of this question had been adopted by the late Government years of agitation would have been avoided. Manitoba had repaired existing grievances, and upon the issue he (Mr. Laurier) was prepared to take the verdict of the country. The small-

GREECE AGAIN KICKS.

Protest to the Powers and Thanks to Mr. Gladstone.

Lord Salisbury Calls on M. Hanotaux, the Foreign Minister of France, and the Latter Returns the Call—What They Talked About Was Not Given Out, But It is Pretty Certain it Was the Eastern Question—Malaxa Taken Charge of by the Powers—Austrian Troops for Crete—Prince Constantine at Athens Yet.

Athens, March 26.—The Government has handed to the representatives here of the several powers a note, protesting against the blockade of Crete. The note relates that, in view of the bonds uniting the Greeks and the Christians of Crete, the blockade which is depriving the island of the means of provisioning itself, is contrary to the sentiments of humanity inspiring the powers.

The President of the Boule, on behalf of that body, has sent to Mr. Gladstone a message of gratitude for the stand he has taken in behalf of Greece and the Cretan Christians. The message says in part: "All your glorious life has been full of combats for justice and liberty. Now that the Hellenic nation has risen to fight in favor of Creté, which is bedewed with blood, you come to uphold anew the rights of an oppressed race."

The Prince Didn't Go

Athens, March 26.—For some as yet unexplained reason, Crown Prince Constantine, who, it was announced last night, would leave Athens at 4 o'clock this morning to assume control of the Greek forces in Thessaly has not yet left this city. It is now reported that he will go to the Piraeus, whence he will sail for Volo, in Thessaly, to-morrow evening.

Will Blockade Greece.

London, March 26.—The Telegraph will to-morrow publish a despatch from Vienna stating that all the powers have now accepted the project to blockade the entire Greek coast, beginning with the ports of the Piraeus, Volo, Corinth, and Arta.

Partiality for Moslems.

London, March 26.—The Canea correspondent of The Times telegraphs that many complaints are heard of the partiality shown by the powers for the Turks. He adds that Mohammedans have burned parts of the village of Perivola. Animals belonging to Turks are feeding upon the vines of Christians. The Church of St. John has just been desecrated by a crowd of Moslems. All these things are being done under the eyes of the representatives of the powers, who make no effort to stay them. The Mohammedans think that now they have European backing they can do as they like. The despatch adds that the fleets at 2 o'clock this afternoon resumed their shelling of the Christian insurgents in the vicinity of Canea.

Caustic Criticism.

Canea, March 26.—The Christian sympathizers here caustically comment upon the action of the powers in taking possession of the town of Malaxa on the ground that the foreign admirals held that its occupation by either Christians or Turks is dangerous to the Europeans in this city.

Salisbury and Hanotaux.

Paris, March 26.—Lord Salisbury, who is here on his way to Cimiez, where he will act as Minister in attendance upon Queen Victoria, had a conference with M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, to-day. It is understood that the two ministers concurred in the view that the proposed blockade of the Piraeus, the port of Athens, and the port of Volo, Thessaly, should be enforced if Greece refused to assent to the establishment of a neutral zone extending one mile on either side of the Graeco-Turkish frontier.

RETURNED THE CALL.

M. Hanotaux later returned Lord Salisbury's visit, calling upon him at the British Embassy. Lord Salisbury left Paris at 3.30 o'clock to night and proceeded for Nice.

Efforts were made after the departure of Lord Salisbury to learn from M. Hanotaux the topics that had been discussed by the two statesmen. When questioned on the subject M. Hanotaux smilingly gave a diplomatic answer, saying that the British Prime Minister was a good French scholar and had expressed his views in the clearest manner. M. Hanotaux, however, declined to state what these views were. There is no doubt in the public mind that the question of action to be taken by France and Great Britain in the Cretan embroglio was thoroughly discussed and that some definite understanding was arrived at.

That Reply.

London, March 26.—A despatch from Athens says the reply of the Greek Government to the notification of blockade will be handed to the Foreign Ambassadors to-morrow. It will be a brief and dignified protest, emphasizing chiefly the fact that the result of the blockade of the island must be to starve innocent Cretans. A private meeting of members of the Boule was held to-day and as a result of it a deputation waited upon M. Delyannis to ask him for an explanation of the situation. The Premier replied that the Government would follow the line of policy already adopted, but would be glad to hear the opinion of deputies on the suggestion that Crete should be treated like Bosnia and Herzegovina, in the event that the powers continued to oppose its union with Crete.

London, March 26.—The Government announces that the international forces in the Island of Crete have occupied the town of Malaxa, which was the scene of fighting between the Turkish garrison and the Cretan insurgents yesterday, and subsequently taken by the latter, the garrison having found the place untenable. The grounds for this action, as stated, are that the ad-

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Turks or Greeks as menacing to the Europeans occupying Canea.

Must be a Change.

Constantinople, March 26.—The Ambassadors of the powers have held a meeting to consider a despatch from the foreign admirals in Cretan waters, stating that it is daily becoming more evident that a continuance of Turkish authority in Crete is impossible, and recommending that a European governor-general be appointed and that the Turkish troops be withdrawn.

Austrian Infantry for Crete.

Vienna, March 26.—A battalion of Austrian infantry left Trieste for Crete

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This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor. Splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license.
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Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.
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GEO. RAWLINGS, JOHN TAYLOR, } Executors.
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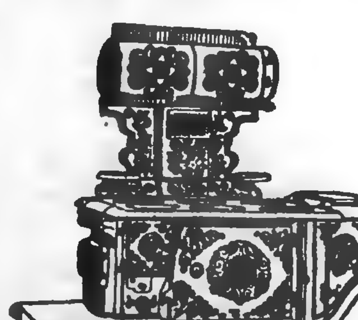

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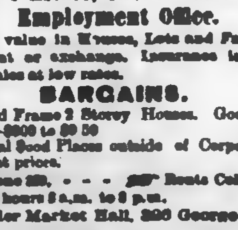

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OAK HALL

Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR!

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 205 Stewart Street. Telephone.

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strengthening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897

It is quite apparent now that one of the greatest exhibitions of performing political somersaults is to be given at the present session of Parliament. The Liberals in power are going to adopt what in Opposition they condemned. Their trade policy will make them the laughing stock of all who admire sincerity, or a semblance of it, even in an Opposition. Their ante-election tirades against protection, monopolies, robbers, etc., promise to make amusing reading in the light of their new position. However, we sincerely hope they will face the ridiculous and for the good of the country adopt the Conservative principles they so long and so fiercely attacked.

One good result of the Liberals obtaining power at Ottawa was seen yesterday, when the Toronto Globe headed its parliamentary report "Patriotism, Progress and Prosperity." This is so different from the sentiments that have characterized the Globe's parliamentary reports for many years, that one feels almost like being pleased at the change at Ottawa that has worked the change in the Toronto newspaper. Now the outside world will not be led to believe that Canada is going to the dogs entirely, for the Liberals may depend on it that the Conservative press and public men will never picture Canada as the Liberals did. Canada will now have a Government that will talk patriotism and prosperity, and an Opposition that will continue to be staunch and true in their patriotism and their faith in the country.

Mr. Hardy has had to give unmistakeable evidences of his weakness in making concessions to the temperance people in regard to the liquor license amendments. Mr. Hardy has made a few changes in his bill in the hope of pacifying the aroused temperance sentiment, knowing that he can hold the liquor vote by the license machine, which will have extra pressure to bring to bear, as some of the licenses are to be cut off. This was the state of affairs in Peterborough. The license holders were in a state of suspense, and the fact that a reduction was threatened made all more pronounced in their support of the Government, in the hope that their application would be favorably considered by the "machine." Mr. Hardy thinks he has the liquor men any way, and is making a show at concessions in order to appease the wrath of the temperance people. But even now will he keep the promise which the prohibitionists claim he made them? Has he succeeded in performing the Sir Oliver Mowat feat of making the temperance men believe he is their friend.

A Foot as "Black as Your Hat."

"One of my children sprained her ankle, which became much swollen and discolored. Some 'Quickcure' was spread on linen, and applied; the pain ceased at once, the swelling was gone the next day, and on the fourth day she walked to school as usual."

Signed, Henry Ievers, L.D.S., Quebec.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

OPPOSITION LEADERS

Complain of Unfairness on the Part of The Globe.

Mr. St. John Withdraws His Bill to Abolish Judgment Summons and Imprisonment for Debt.

Ontario's legislators yesterday devoted themselves largely to the passing of a number of more or less important bills. The interest, however, centred principally upon the onslaught of the Opposition leaders, Messrs. Whitney and Marter, upon The Globe for alleged unfairness in reporting and commenting upon the doings of the Legislature.

Before the orders of the day were called, Mr. Marter arose with a copy of The Globe in his hands and read therefrom the following paragraph, which had appeared in an editorial relating to the previous day's session of the House:

"After recess the Opposition kept hammering away at the Agricultural College estimates, and it was passed about that they were killing time so as to delay the taking up of the liquor license bill, the object being to let Mr. Marter have an opportunity of seeing his friends as to the amendments which had been made in the original bill. During recess a body of clergymen of the Methodist Church had waited on the Government with reference to the bill, and some of them who had seen the amended bill expressed themselves as highly pleased. There was some indignation expressed by Opposition members over this, and it was whispered about that Mr. Marter had gone abroad to correct this disposition to be pleased. At all events when he returned the discussion on the estimates ceased and the bill was taken up."

The paragraph, he maintained, contained three distinct charges, all of which were untrue. The first was that the Opposition had endeavored by concerted action to kill time in such a manner as to prevent the Provincial Treasurer from re-introducing his license bill during that evening. This charge was entirely incorrect. The second charge was that the Speaker had been out consulting his Methodist friends before the bill was debated. This the member for North Toronto also denied, stating that he had not left the chamber at all. As regards who was pleased with the changes in the bill he could not say, but he could at least assure the House that there was no indignation on the part of the Opposition and that he had not been sent out to make anybody displeased with the bill. As far as he was concerned, he was only too sorry that Hon. Mr. Harcourt had not got at his bill earlier in the evening, as he would much rather have had it discussed then than to have the debate postponed until Tuesday.

Mr. Whitney corroborated his lieutenant's remarks. The latter had expressed to him his dissatisfaction at the way the consideration of the license bill had been delayed. There could be nothing wider from the truth than the statement that there had been any concerted action on the part of the Opposition. For some three or four years back he had had no complaint to make with the editorials of The Globe, as they had been uniformly fair, but it would appear that that paper had made up its mind not to give fair play during this session. A report upon another occasion had stated that the leader of the Opposition had expressed a desire to adjourn the debate and that the Attorney-General had magnanimously agreed to not force a vote. The facts were that he had asked the Government earlier in the evening if it was their intention to bring on a division. The reply had been that a number of their supporters desired to leave for home. Acting upon that understanding, a number of the Opposition members had also left. There was, therefore, no magnanimity about it at all.

The Attorney-General concurred in Mr. Whitney's statement and disclaimed any magnanimity in the matter, but exonerated The Globe reporter.

Mr. Whitney retorted that the Premier was always magnanimous, and the matter was dropped.

In moving the second reading of his bill to abolish judgment summons procedure, Mr. St. John stated that its object was to abolish judgment summons and imprisonment for debt in connection with Division Court cases. He believed public sentiment was in favor of the bill. The bill at least deserved consideration by a committee, although he would not press it to a division.

The Attorney-General stated that the matter had been considered by the House before. He did not believe there was any great hardship in the present law, as judges very seldom exercised their power. He thought that where a man was guilty of fraud or blackmail the present way of reaching him was a very moderate one. He was willing to have the bill go before the Legal Committee.

Mr. Harcourt thought the law should extend to debts where security was given, but should not apply to debts where no security was given.

Mr. St. John withdrew his bill.

Col. Matheson asked, for Mr. Whitney, "To whom was the contract given for putting in a supply of ice at the Brockville Asylum during the present winter? Was such contract let by tender? If so, what are the names of the persons who tendered, and at what price per ton or otherwise, did each person tender? Is there a man named Welsh on the staff of, or connected with, the asylum in any capacity? If so, what are his duties, and has he any other occupation?

Hon. Mr. Harcourt stated in reply that the contract had been awarded to Mr. B. Cowan, the lowest tenderer, at 43c per ton.

The following bills were read a second time:

Mr. Garrow's bill to amend the Architects Act.

Mr. Auld's two bills amending the Municipal Act.

Mr. Magwood's bill to amend the Public Libraries Act.

Mr. Stratton's bill to amend the Act to Regulate Travelling on Public Highways and Bridges establishes a rule of the road compelling drivers to turn to the right in passing one another.

Mr. Stratton's bill to amend the Municipal Act empowers cities, towns and incorporated villages to set aside bicycle paths on public highways.

Mr. Garrow's bill to amend the Division Courts Act.

Vigorous speeches from both leaders to Mr. McDonald's bill to amend the Registry Act, providing that mortgagees should prepare and deliver the discharge upon the payment of a mortgage, resulted in its withdrawal by the mover.

Mr. Currie's bill to amend the Act Respecting Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths, providing that no burial should take place without a certificate having been first obtained, was also thrown out.

The following passed the second reading:

Bill respecting the Kingston, Smith's Falls & Ottawa Railway Company.—Mr. O'Keefe.

Bill to confer certain powers on the City of Kingston.—Mr. Harty.

Bill respecting the Finance Committee of the Church Missionary Society in Rupert's Land.—Mr. Dickenson.

Bill to amend the Act to Incorporate the Ontario Ship Railway Company.—Mr. Conmee.

Mr. Gibson, Huron.—To amend the Assessment Act. This bill amends the assessor's oath in the Assessment Act by varying it in case lawns, paddocks, etc., are to be assessed at their value for the purpose for which they are used, and as to the mode of assessing farm lands, as provided by section 27 of the act.

Mr. Davis.—To amend the General Road Companies Act. Provides that the incorporation of road companies shall be under the Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act, and amends the provisions of the act in certain other provisions.

Mr. Langford.—Enquiry of the Ministry: Has any charge been laid against the superintendent of the Algonquin Park for any irregularities or misconduct in connection therewith, and if so, is such charge being

THE DISCUSSION WAS RATHER WARM.

Continued from page 5.

notice of the legislation until Canada was specially mentioned.

Mr. Mulholland asked the ruling of the chair in regard to the resolution. The President said he thought the question was one that the Board should discuss as a trade question. They could discuss such questions on political lines or on board lines as trade questions. After the whole course of the Americans he felt a little "fighty" and therefore he felt like showing the Government that they were behind it.

Mr. Stratton said he was not opposed to the resolution but he thought it was not desirable to introduce such questions.

Mr. Mulholland regretted such a strong difference of opinion. He would like to see the resolution carried unanimously if possible. He approved of the intention of the resolution.

Mr. Hill thought that the question was quite within the province of the Board of Trade. He went on to point out that such action had had and would have an effect on Congress in framing their laws. He thought the Board had a right to approve or disapprove of actions of any Government.

Mr. Cahill proposed, in a short, practical speech, that the motion be left as a notice of motion.

On a vote the resolution was declared lost, the vote being 12 to 13.

Mr. Stratton said the vote was not against the resolution, but against the practice of introducing such questions.

Mr. Dumble said No, no. Mr. Dumble then moved, seconded by Mr. Burnham,—That it is in the province of this Board to discuss all or any matters of economic interest to our town locally or the country as a whole.

Mr. Stratton moved in amendment that the motion stand as a notice of motion.

This was agreed to, and a meeting will be called to deal with it.

ANOTHER RESOLUTION.

Mr. Mulholland moved that Messrs. Dumble, Burnham and Peter Hamilton be a committee to prepare and submit to the next meeting of the Board a resolution referring to the proposed Dingley tariff and the action the Government should take to protect the trade of Canada, so that if possible the Board may unanimously pass on the question.

Mr. Stratton said this motion was open to the same objection as the other.

Mr. Hill seconded Mr. Mulholland's resolution and said such questions were discussed by the Boards in the old country, and if they were not going to discuss general questions they might stay at home altogether.

Mr. Dumble—Or discuss butter and eggs.

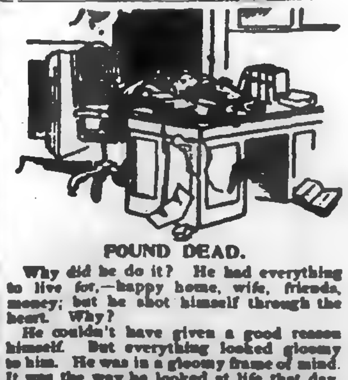
Mr. Carnegie asked Mr. Manson to take the chair, and spoke in support of the discussion of such general questions. He referred to the attitude of the United States, and the indications that the Dominion Government proposed to meet the Americans. If it did, bad a Tory as he was, he would commend it perhaps more than many would give him credit for. He thought from the discussion to-night that it would be well to have a resolution prepared or Mr. Burnham's resolution amended so that it could be accepted, as he thought an expression such as this should be given. Such a resolution could be discussed at a meeting to be called at an early date.

Mr. Cahill thought they had a right to discuss all trade questions, but he voted against Mr. Burnham's resolution because it referred to the intention of the Government, while they did not know what the intention or policy of the Government was.

There was much desultory discussion, and finally Mr. Mulholland's resolution was carried.

Messrs. R. M. Roy, J. W. Bennett and W L Allen were elected members.

The Board then adjourned to meet next Friday evening.



FOUND DEAD.

Why did he do it? He had everything to live for,—happy home, wife, friends, money; but he shot himself through the heart. Why?

He couldn't have given a good reason himself. But everything looked gloomy to him. He was in a gloomy frame of mind. It was the way he looked at life that day. He had been living in too much of a hurry, rushing and driving at business, hustling through his meals, cutting short his sleep. His nerves got on edge; his stomach and liver got out of order; he grew dyspeptic and melancholy.

When the digestion is out of order there is little use trying to look on the bright side of things, practically there isn't any bright side. This is a dangerous condition to get into. Yet it is easy to get into and mighty hard to get out of it, unless you go about it in the right way.

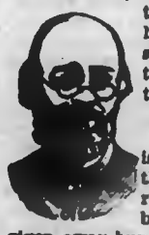
There is a remedy that has pulled thousands of people right out of this depth of despair. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It acts directly upon the stomach and liver. It restores their natural capacity to nourish and purify the system. It purges away bilious poisons, feeds the nerve-centres with healthy, highly vitalized blood, and drives out the "blue devils" of melancholy and nervousness.

J. L. Warner, No. 1920 O Street, Sacramento, Cal., writes: "During the last five years I have been doctoring with as many as six different doctors here and in San Francisco for diseased stomach; but none of the doctors gave me even temporary relief. Two years ago I completely collapsed, and had to give up all work. I have felt many times that I would like to leave this world.

In looking over the ads in the San Francisco Examiner I ran across yours, and I now owe my life and present good health to Dr. Pierce's medicines. I have taken fourteen bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four little vials of 'Pleasant Pellets,' and I am entirely well of all stomach trouble. Can sleep nine hours every night, and am now ready to go to work again."

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897

Report From the Government Physician Port of Quebec

"I have used 'Pheno Banum' or 'Quick cure' in a suppurating wound following a severe bite of a cat; after the usual remedies seemed ineffectual, this preparation cleaned up the wound and healed it after the second application; its effect was most satisfactory; it has also proved a valuable remedy for removing pain, and destroying the germ that cause boils and carbuncles, healing in some cases more quickly than if the microbes had been cut out; as is now recognized to be proper treatment instead of poulticing, etc This remedy has a grand future before it.

Signed,
J. H. HESCHEY, M.D., M. R. C S., Eng.

Thoroughly Cured.

"George, I hope our boy will never smoke."

"I don't think he ever will. I guess I've thoroughly cured him of all liking for cigars."

"How did you do it?"

"I kept him in the room while I smoked one of those cigars you gave me Christmas."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

How Isinglass Is Made.

Most people take isinglass to be a mineral production, but such is not the case. Isinglass is prepared from the air bladders of giant sturgeon, a species of fish which inhabit the Caspian Sea and its tributary rivers. These fish average twenty feet in length, and it is said to take the bladders of seventeen good-sized ones to make three pounds of the glass.—Hardware.

TORTURED AND HELPLESS.

Rheumatism has Hordes of Victims, and is no Respecter of Persons—South American Rheumatic Cure Resists his Cruel Grasp, and Heals the Wounds he Inflicts—Relief in Six Hours.

Geo. W. Platt, Manager "World's" Newspaper Agency, Toronto, says: "I am at a loss for words to express my feelings of sincere gratitude and thankfulness for what South American Rheumatic Cure has done for me. As a result of exposure I was taken with a severe attack of rheumatic fever which affected both my knees. I suffered pain almost beyond human endurance. Having heard of marvellous cures by South American Rheumatic Cure, I gave it a trial. After taking three doses the pain entirely left me, and in three days I left my bed. Now every trace of my rheumatism has disappeared." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.35 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.35 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.35 a.m.	4.35 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.35 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.35 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

OAK HALL.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

A RIGHT HOT DEBATE

Continued from page 1.

[Loud Ministerial cheers.] Sir Charles Tupper had argued that no concessions had been secured for the minority, and in the next breath he admitted that the Government had obtained new rights for the minority. [Liberal cheers.] He (Mr. Laurier) cared not whether the Government had obtained a restoration of old rights or a concession of new rights. The only thing he cared for was that, whereas, under the Act of 1890, the Catholics had not the privilege of teaching their own religion in the schools, by the concessions which had been made they would have the right hereafter of teaching their own religion in the Province of Manitoba. [Liberal cheers.] The position he (Mr. Laurier) had taken on this question he had taken everywhere, that it was far better to secure concessions by negotiation than by coercion. [Ministerial cheers.] Not a man in the country but must approve this settlement.

Continuing, the Premier said: "I know very well that the settlement we have effected is not acceptable to certain high dignitaries of the church I belong to, but I have every reason to believe, nay, as day after day passes it becomes more evident that as the facts are better understood, the conviction will take possession of every breast in the country that, if we are ever to have a nation in Canada, if we are ever to solve successfully any of these difficulties that may arise, we can only solve them in the way expressed in the Speech from the Throne, by mutual concessions and reciprocal good will. [Loud cheers.] I may say more; I may say that this settlement is not as advantageous as I desired myself, but I have no hesitation in saying that, although it is not as advantageous as I myself would have desired, still, after six long years of agitation, when the passions of men had been aroused to the highest pitch. It was not possible to obtain more, nor for the Government of Manitoba to concede more under present circumstances. [Hear, hear.] My hon. friend had the duty—yes, I will use that word—to mention the name of the new member for Bonaventure, Mr. Guite, with some opprobrium. Why, sir, if there is a man to-day who in my estimate occupies a proud position in this country, it is the new member for Bonaventure. —[Liberal cheers]—a man who maintains his civil rights against great odds, a man who, while maintaining his civil rights against great odds, did not hesitate to say "I am a Catholic, and I'll spare no effort to secure to my fellow-countrymen in Manitoba more rights than they now possess" And who has blamed the hon. member for so doing? It is open to every man in the Province of Manitoba to seek for an amendment to the law. Now, the only thing upon which I take issue with my hon. friend opposite is that, while it is open to Mr. Guite to persuade the people of Manitoba, it is not open to the hon. gentleman to coerce that people. [Cheers.] But, sirs, the hon. gentleman having made that speech, concluded. No. I beg the hon. gentleman's pardon, he did not conclude at all. He spoke for one hour, and after having spoken for one hour did not dare enunciate a policy. On the contrary, he told the House, so far as his language would go, that he washed his hands of the whole matter, that he had no more to do with it. [Laughter.] Last session he was to die—[loud Ministerial laughter]—to shed his blood, for he expected there would be votes for him in the Province of Quebec—[renewed laughter]—but, like many another hero, when there is nothing more to be gained, there is no more heroism either. [Laughter and cheers.] But the hon. gentleman uttered a word which he does not suppose I will allow to pass without having something to say in regard to it. In speaking of Mr. Russell, he referred to him as the embassy of the Canadian Government to the court of Rome. I do not understand what the hon. gentleman means. If he will make charges I will meet him, but I will have no cowardly insinuations in regard to that matter. [Liberal cheers.]

Sir Charles Tupper: I may say to the hon. gentleman that I based my statement that he was a messenger of the Government to Rome on a telegram that was published in the hon. gentleman's newspapers. It was stated that Mr. Russell had officialy communicated to the Government the result of his mission. [Opposition cheers.]

Mr. Laurier: The hon. gentleman wants to give circulation to a newspaper report. I am surprised that the hon. gentleman should stake his reputation in this way. If he will make a charge, nay, if he will put the question on this subject, I will be prepared to give him an answer, but I do not want, and I protest against, such inuendoes being thrown across the floor of Parliament. The hon. gentleman stated there was peace and amity among the different races and creeds in this country. Thank God there is, but if that is so there is too much reason to fear that if such statements as the hon. gentleman has made, if the school policy of the hon. gentleman were to prevail, we would not have peace and harmony, but civil war among us. [Liberal cheers.]

The hon. gentleman spoke this afternoon eloquently and well in regard to the jubilee of Her Majesty the Queen. I could not add a word to what he said at that time, except this, that there is not, perhaps, in the broad Dominion of Her Majesty any portion of the Empire where so much can be achieved in this jubilee year as in Canada. This is the sixtieth anniversary of the reign of Her Majesty. Throughout the broad Empire all the tribes, all the races and all the nations, which acknowledge her supreme authority, will vie with each other to do her honor. All the tribes, all the races, all the nations, divided though they may be in color, in religion, education, in blood, still will be unanimous in their endeavors, in their efforts, in emulation among themselves, to testify their devotion to her person. Monuments will be erected in commemoration of the event. The arts will be called on to give expression to this feeling in marble and in bronze, to the loyal devotion of many millions, to one who is so wise, and whose reign has been so beneficial. [Cheers.] But there are monuments which speak more loudly and more eloquently than even those of sculptured bronze or carved marble. There are monuments which will be more fitting for this occasion than sculptured bronze and carved marble. Let this be a jubilee year, indeed. Let this year be as of old, a jubilee of remission; let the past be forgotten; let old scores be put into oblivion; let strife and contention be forever buried, and, instead, let trust, confidence and good acts spring forth from the ground and rise towards heaven. This is the noblest monument, in my estimation, which the Canadian people could offer as their contribution to the glory of the jubilee year. [Prolonged cheering.]

Continued on Page 7.

CHERRY'S TROUBLES

Were of the Heart—Human Skill was Almost Defeated when Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Fell into the Breach, and in a Few Minutes After One Dose He Found Great Relief, and Five Bottles Made a Bad Heart a Good One.

Wm. Cherry, of Owen Sound, Ont., writes: "For the past two years I have been greatly troubled with weakness of the heart and fainting spells. I tried several remedies, and consulted best physicians without any apparent relief. I noticed testimonials of great cures made by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I procured a bottle, and the first dose gave me great relief. The first bottle did wonders for me. After using five bottles there are none of the symptoms remaining whatever. I think it a great boon to mankind." Sold by H S MacDonald.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

The Effect of the Change in Rates—Emigration to the West.

Eight delegates have been appointed from different sections of the Grand Trunk to represent the members of the Grand Trunk Insurance and Provident Society at the annual meeting to be held in Montreal on March 30. The society now has a total membership of 12,274, a decrease of 356 from last year, and besides there are 2,236 temporary employees insured against accident only. There were, according to the annual report, which will be presented at the meeting, 122 deaths last year, 116 of those deceased having been fully insured. Ninety-five members died from natural causes, nineteen as a result of accidents and two committed suicide. Special settlements were made with twenty-four policy-holders who had been discharged from the company's employ on account of physical unfitness. These were paid half their insurance money and their policies were cancelled. The total amount paid in this way was $4,125. The claims paid during the year amounted to $69,943, and the total expenditure for all purposes amounted to $87,864, which leaves a balance of $13,829. Since the society was formed in 1895, there has been an expenditure of $1,675,158.62, and the receipts to date are $6,801.62 less than that amount.

Reports have been received from various country towns that there has been a great decline in the number of the travellers on market days since the G.T.R. ceased issuing special tickets. In one western town, for instance, 57 people boarded the train for a neighboring city on the Saturday before the change, but this number had decreased to two on Saturday following the change. A district passenger agent of the company stated lately that this will probably be the case until a reaction sets in. He pointed out, however, that the recinding of the privilege, by virtue of which people travelling to market were enabled to occupy two or three seats with freight at no charge, has already begun to cause an increase in the amount of freight shipped. Moreover, although travel on market days decreased there is a noticeable increase on ordinary days, pointing to the fact that now that all days have been made alike country people visit the towns during the week. Storekeepers are also expressing satisfaction, as those who formerly went to the neighboring city with their goods and afterwards came home and bought on credit are now beginning to patronize local dealers, which causes the latter to ship more goods than formerly.

Every day of the special Northwest excursion sees more passengers leave Ontario than the last. One day last week a train carried about 300 passengers and contained two sections from Toronto. In addition 100 more were picked up at places between the city and North Bay, raising the total to 400. Mr. W. D. Scott, emigration agent of the Manitoba Government, accompanied the emigrants as far as North Bay, where they were met by an agent from Winnipeg. Forty or fifty car loads of effects will leave to-night.

The statement is denied that conductors were to be reduced to braking. Employment elsewhere would be found for baggagemen, who had been removed in consequence of the work being doing entirely by the express messengers. It is understood this plan is being adopted wherever possible on the G.T.R. system.

Some idea of the equipment necessary for carrying on the business of a great railway can be gleaned from the following statement of the outfit of the C P R's traffic on 7,251 miles of railway and marine connections:—

Locomotives	384
First and second class passenger cars, baggage cars and colonist sleeping cars	580
First class sleeping and dining cars	99
Parlor cars, official and paymasters' cars	30
Freight and cattle cars (all kinds)	15,162
Conductors' vans	297
Board, tool and auxiliary cars, and steam shovels	554

Lake steamers, Alberta, Athabasca, Manitoba, Aberdeen, Ferry steamers, Ontario, Michigan, Pacific steamers, Empress of China, Empress of India, Empress of Japan.

Extract of the "American System of Surgery."

"Boils *are caused* by Microbes, (or germs) "called Cocci, which penetrate the skin, "usually along a hair follicle, and unless de-"stroyed they cause Boils and Carbuncles, "being *favored* by constitutional disturb-"ances and certain atmospheric conditions. "Carbuncles are like Boils—at first *super-"ficial*, but are caused when the *microbe "penetrates deeper*, or into *denser* tissue. All "Boils appear at first as pimples, or pus-"tules." "Quickcure" removes all boils or pimples.

"Now, little boy," said the kindly old woman to the youth with a kite, "if you will run this errand for me I will buy you a new ball of twine."

The lad did not move, but stood as if of stone. The package was to be delivered seven blocks away, and, besides, he had a vague suspicion that she was stringing him.—Grand Rapids Press.

"I'm glad to know," remarked Miss Cayenne, "that Mr. and Mrs. Jinks are living far more happily than they were formerly."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. I am informed that they haven't spoken to each other for weeks."—Washington Star.

But She Meant Well.

Sporty Jaglots—Here, Mabel, I stopped in at de pup show and brought yer dis beyootiful pug fer a little surprise.

Mabel (rapturously)—Oh, you dear, generous old Jaggy. It's just like you!

"77"

relieves a

COLD

over night.

If you will start in

To-day

and take a dose of "Seventy-seven" every fifteen minutes until bedtime, your cold will be better by

To-morrow.

WILLIAMSON & CORNFELD, 4774 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., write: "As I went my rounds two weeks ago and giving evidence by my voice, coughing and other ways, that I was suffering from a very bad cold, and possibly La Grippe, three of my customers told me that they had been similarly affected and had been speedily relieved by '77,' I have, therefore, used two bottles and as a consequence, as I went my rounds to-day I told several families, whenever the above symptoms showed up, to at once

Fly to "77."

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

Cramps, Colic, Colds, — *Croup, Coughs, Toothache,*

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all *BOWEL COMPLAINTS.*

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

Is CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPUTTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

Z. E. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

ALL THE LATEST

MUSIC Five Cents a Copy

VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL.

Write for free catalogue of Sheet Music Folio Books, etc. Live Agents wanted.

IMPERIAL MUSIC CO.,
94 ADELAIDE STREET, EAST.

Including the latest song, "Don't Send Her Away John."

FRESH, JUICY, SUCCULENT LEAVES.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

PURE, DELICIOUS, ECONOMICAL.

Sold in lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers

Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., GRANBY, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.

Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

Tuesday and Wednesday

MARCH 30th. and 31st.

On account of the unfavorable weather, by which many ladies were prevented from visiting our Spring MILLINERY OPENING, we will repeat the Opening on the above dates.

Many New Novelties, just in, will be on view, in addition to the very fine display prepared.

All are invited. Store open until 9 p. m. each evening.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to O. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

Miss Armstrong

Cordially invites the Ladies of Peterborough to her

SPRING

Millinery Opening

— ON —

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

When she will have a full range of Ladies', Misses'. and Children's Patterns, Hats, Bonnets and the latest things in Millinery Novelties.

We feel confident that it will be worth your while to see our goods and get our prices.

Ladies will please accept this invitation.

LADIES' FURNISHING AND MILLINERY HOUSE.

290 GEORGE-ST.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, March 29th.

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS

. . . WHITNEY OPERA CO . . .

Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN MOON," etc.

The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST
FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS
SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES,—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1 50. 5569

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

A Mock Parliament

Will be given in Bradburn's opera house under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Charlotte-st. Methodist church. Look for date and price next week. 2d

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment o these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d68tf

Died at Penetanguishene

Mr. Thos. Rutherford received a telegram from Penetanguishene this morning announcing the death there of the youngest son of Mr. A. C. Osborne, a former resident of Peterborough and formerly publisher of the Penetanguishene Herald. The deceased, who was a nephew of Mr. Rutherford, was 22 years of age, and a promising young man. Mrs. Rutherford will likely go to Penetanguishene this evening.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

OAK HALL,

Monday Night's Attraction.

On Monday night Whitney's famous opera company, presenting the romantic and spectacular opera Rob Roy, will be the attraction at Bradburn's opera house. This is the best attraction that the local management have been able to secure this season and it is to be hoped that the theatre-going public will attend in large numbers. This company carry two car loads of scenery and sixty people with a complete orchestra, and the opera will be presented on the same gorgeous line as marked its run of 150 nights at the Herald Square Theatre, New York city. Secure your seats early and avoid the rush.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store

Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

THE EVANGELISTIC SERVICES.

Rev. Mr. Ranton's Address on "How, If and But" Heard by a Large Audience.

Rev. A. H. Ranton, the evangelist, is drawing large crowds to the George-st. Methodist church. Last evening he addressed a well filled church on the subject, "How, If and But," taking as his text the words:

"How long halt ye between two opinions?"—I Kings, xviii, 21.

With a brief historical review and a vivid picture of the familiar scene in Mount Carmel, Mr Ranton introduced his subject. The text, he said, was a call to decision. Indecision was something that was nauseating. "Because thou art neither cold nor hot I will spue thee out of my mouth." How long halt ye, how long hop ye from branch to branch like a bird, or how long will ye stagger at the knees like a drunken man, Mr. Ranton considered a better translation. The importance of decision was shown by the fact that the other side always claimed the man who was not positively known as decided. This idea was clearly illustrated by several apt references. The devil always claimed those who were not out and out for Christ. Indecision was weakening, men would not decide because they lacked the power of moral courage. Decision meant taking a stand for Christ. Indecision was dangerous; many young men were in trouble to-day because they had not taken a stand. One week too late, too late forever; one hour too late—too late for ever; one moment too late—too late forever. They should decide for the sake of others. Several affecting incidents were related at this point, showing the importance of immediate decision. The effect of the sermon was very marked. At times not a sound was heard in the vast audience but the speaker's voice.

At the close a large number manifested their desire to lead a new life. The public service was dismissed and an after service of great power continued for some time. Mr Ranton has won his way to the hearts of the people, and blessed results are likely to follow his work. On Sunday evening he will speak on "Bargain makers."

During last evening's service Mrs Seward sang very sweetly, "Nothing to Pay," and seldom has this lady been heard to better advantage.

Dr. S. J. Andrew, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes, "On *several occasions* I have known 'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' to remove *pain* in the *back* within fifteen minutes. It is *especially* valuable where Belladonna of Aconite plasters would not be prescribed."

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

A JUBILEE MEMORIAL.

A Suggestion That it Should be a House of Refuge.

Mrs. Geo. Paton, President of the W.C.T.U., writes to the REVIEW as follows:—"I see by the town papers some great meetings have been held to consider the celebration of the jubilee of our noble mother, the Queen. For my part I think like a great many others in town that it is a shame to have our aged men looked up as paupers. These men who hewed and cut our timber and cleared our land have to spend the last of their days in gaol. We as a Christian Temperance Union think it a disgrace to our town. They need not be afraid of others coming from other counties. If they look around we have plenty of our own to fill a very large House of Refuge. Make a House of *Refuge* a memorial of the jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty, and the aged will bless you in His name."

If your child is attacked by croup, a plaster made with "Quickcure" spread with a warm knife blade on canton flannel, linen or cotton, will give more prompt relief, from croup or any inflammation, than camphorated oil, or mustard. In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the chest and neck well.

Brevities.

—The Town Council will hold a special meeting on Monday evening.

—The Finance committee met last evening and passed the usual accounts.

—The fire alarm was sounded this afternoon, but it was only a false alarm.

—The Citizens' committee to arrange for the Queen's jubilee celebration will meet on Tuesday evening.

—The W C T U will meet at Mrs J Paton's, Brock-st., at 3 30 Monday afternoon. All are welcome.

—The Natural Science Association meets on Tuesday evening, March 30th, at 8 p.m., at the Collegiate Institute.

—The Street and Bridge committee had a conference with the Street railway directors. The proposed extension of the line was discussed.

—Rev W J Pady, a former pastor, will conduct the services at the Park-st. Baptist church to-morrow.

—Buckwheat pancakes and new maple syrup on bill of fare at McCallum's restaurant to-night, 10c. 1d

—Rev. H. Symonds gave the last of the series of addresses on "Christian Unity," at St. Luke's church last evening. Owing to the crowded state of our columns the report is left over until Monday.

—To-morrow morning at St. Luke's church Rev. H. Symonds will preach on "Confirmation," and in the evening the third of the course of addresses on "The Teaching of Christ," will be given; subject "The Gospel of Character."

—Commencing on Wednesday night, March 31st, Wray's English kineoptoscope, the marvel of the age, and Edison's latest laughing and talking machine, the graphophone, will open a four night's engagement in Bradburn's opera house. The programme consists of living and moving pictures and musical selections by some of the best singers and finest bands in the United States. Don't miss attending the opera house and see and hear them. Prices of admission to all parts of the house 25 cents, children 10c. d73

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Service to-night at 8 o'clock.

Meeting to-morrow afternoon at 4.30. Subject, "Decision."

Truthin a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

THE FORESTALLING BY-LAW

Should it Exclude the Buyers Who Are After the Dressed Hogs.

At Police Court this morning Mr. H. P. Kennedy, of Kennedy & Nelson, was charged with a breach of the forestalling by-law, it being charged that he, being a dealer or wholesale buyer, made an offer to purchase on the market on Saturday last before eleven o'clock. Mr. Kennedy admitted that he had made an offer for a load of dressed hogs, but in doing this he was only doing what had been his custom and the custom of other buyers for years, and he did not think he was committing any breach of the by-law. The Magistrate, however, could do nothing but follow the by-law and he imposed a fine of $5, at the same time telling Mr. Kennedy he might make application to the Council to have it refunded, if it was not the intention of the by-law to exclude the pork packers from buying hogs. The by-law says that no dealer shall buy "any meats," so that this covers dressed hogs, which are offered in loads for the packers. If the farmers who bring in their pork have to wait until eleven o'clock to deal with the buyers it is felt it would work an injury. An exception, it is thought, might be made in regard to pork, for there are hundreds of hogs offered on a Saturday that the ordinary demand does not require. The Council will be asked to interpret the by-law, and in the meantime the pork buyers will have to stop their practice of buying before eleven, which they have always done. Mr. Kennedy was therefore not doing any new thing when he committed the offence with which he was charged. He was simply doing what was the general custom, and did not know that he was transgressing the by-law, which he did not think applied to the case of the wholesale buyer or packer.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Foresters and the Public.

In deference to the action of the Citizen's Committee, on Tuesday evening, in deciding to hold an all-day civic celebration on the Queen's Jubilee, the Foresters have withdrawn their joint demonstration on that day. A general meeting of the joint committee of Foresters will be held on Monday evening, 29th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the Forester's hall, Simcoe-st. By order. W. MENZIES, Sec'y. 2d70

Personal

Dr. Ryerson, M.P.P., is in town to-day at the Oriental.

Rev W R Young went to Cobourg today, where he will preach to-morrow.

Mr. H. S. Kirby, of Ottawa, son-in-law of Mrs. Wm. Bradburn, town, has received the degree of M.D. from McGill University.

His Lordship Bishop O'Connor and Ven Archdeacon Casey attended the silver jubilee of the Mother Superior of St. Joseph's convent, Lindsay, on Thursday.

Mrs. (Hon.) Geo. A. Cox and Mrs. H. S. Greenwood, were guests at Her Excellency Lady Aberdeen's reception after the opening of Parliament on Thursday.

Dr. T. W. H. Young, a recent graduate of the leading medical colleges of Edinburgh and Glasgow, has decided to locate in Canada's premier town. Prior to taking the above course he practised for some years in Manitoba. Apart from his medical abilities the doctor will prove a valuable acquisition to the community in many respects. The cricketers of the town especially will rejoice as during his sojourn in the above-mentioned province he acquired a provincial reputation for his skill in the national game of England.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IMPORTANT BRANCH IN NEW QUARTERS.

The Gents' Furnishing and Tailoring Department of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. Located on George-st., Adjoining the Bank of Toronto.

Messrs. Hall, Gilchrist & Co., Peterborough's enterprising mercantile firm, opened a gents' furnishing and merchant tailoring establishment to-day in the store lately vacated by Wesley & Co. on George-st., and adjacent to the Bank of Toronto. The firm has always stood to the front with the best lines of gents' furnishing that the trade could supply, and the workmanship in the tailoring department was always satisfactory. Increased business warrants enlarged premises and the firm decided to establish their gents furnishing branch in separate quarters outside the mammoth store on Simcoe-st., and instructed the Bank of Montreal to proceed and renovate the store on George-st for their occupancy. The space vacated in the Simcoe-st store will be filled with the Robt. Hall stock, which Hall, Gilchrist & Co. purchased and are offering to the public.

To-day the new branch was opened, and the firm have located one of their principal departments in as bright, commodious and neat premises as can be found on Peterborough's Broadway. Exterior and interior attract the customer, for taste and cheerfulness reign. The store is finished in white. The window panelling and fittings and doors on the outside lend a contrast to the other business places around, being as white as the snow.

At once the average person is convinced, even by the exterior appearance, that the establishment is a model one, and a step inside stamps this opinion more forcibly upon his judgment. White and gold, relieved by a light blue wall and a handsomely decorated ceiling with floral borders, form the combination that lend the store a pronouncedly pleasing appearance. On the left of the entrance the light streams in through well proportioned plate glass windows upon a superb selection of tweeds arranged upon large tables. Directly against the wall are two large mirrors encased in oak. To the right is a long counter with show cases and a display of goods, at the back of which is a long row of shelving nicely finished at the top. Each shelf bears its load of men's wear. Upon all this stock and fixtures numerous Auer lights will throw their rays at night. Stepping to the rear the light is thrown upon the cutter's table by large windows from the rear, and behind the desk is the fitting room, a charming little apartment, furnished and carpeted, and of course colored with the same paint that adorns the rest. At the very back a staircase ascends to the workshop, where the tailors and tailoresses will sit and manufacture the clothing that will be donned by fashionable men. The workshop, like the store below, is large, airy and bright, with high ceilings and plenty of light. The branch of Hall, Gilchrist & Co's big business is well worth an inspection. The contract for the renovation of the premises was in the hands of Mr. G. F. Ward, and the result of his work is highly creditable.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

What They Think of It.

March 23rd, 1897.

H. Calcutt, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.

Yours truly,
MRS. CORNECKE.

6d

A Puny and Fretful Baby.

This is now quite unnecessary! Like many others, you may have your baby fat, laughing and happy, if you give it Scott's Emulsion. Babies take it like cream.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

BEYOND ALL DOUBT

We sell more Dress Goods than any other house in town. You can tell our Goods by that air of style that so distinguishes all Our Dress Goods. You are particular about the style of dress you wear, but you are not more particular than we are about what we sell.

R. H. KELLS & CO

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Easy Payments.

You can buy anything in the music line from us on the weekly and monthly payment plan. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d72tf

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

Y W C A Notes

Come and spend this evening at the rooms. Music till 8.30, followed by a short Gospel service.

A Card.

Mrs. Appleby has recovered from her late illness and will now be found at her place of business. She extends thanks to the ladies who have so kindly favored her with their patronage in the past and solicits a continuance of the same in the future. 426 Water-st. 1d73

Big Crowd Delighted.

St. Andrew's church Sunday school room was crowded last evening when Mr. H. S. Pendleton furnished a couple of hours delightful entertainment with the marvellous instrument the graphophone. The audience listened in wonderment to the solos, instrumental and vocal, band and orchestral selections and speeches, recorded as though the performers were upon the platform.

Notice to Sons of England.

A special meeting of Lansdowne Lodge, No. 25, Sons of England, will be held on Sunday next, March 28th, at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon at the lodge room, Hunter-st., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Stephen Roadhouse.

By order,
H. PIGEON, M. D.,
2d72 Worthy President.

The Board of Trade and its Province.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—In connection with the discussion of Mr. J. H. Burnham's motion to endorse the mooted action of the Dominion Government regarding the hostile attitude of the U. S. at last night's meeting of the Board of Trade, I send you the following quotation from the Preamble to its printed constitution and by-laws—"The objects of this Board of Trade shall be to promote just and equitable principles in trade, to correct abuses and generally to protect the rights and advance the interests of the mercantile classes. The Board shall from time to time make to Her Majesty's Ministers, the Legislature of Canada and to all other public bodies or individuals whom it may be necessary to address such communications and representations on subjects connected with the trade of Canada as may be deemed advisable."

Yours, etc.,
CANADIAN.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the Drug Store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nichells, Rectory, London.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

HAND-IN-HAND.

Health and Happiness go Hand-in-Hand—With Stomach and Nerves all out of Sorts, Health and Happiness are Unknown.

Frank A. Gadbois, Cornwall, Ont.: "I was for several years a great sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia and nervousness. I took many remedies without any relief. I saw South American Nervine advertised. I procured a bottle, and I can truthfully say it is the best medicine I ever used, and I strongly recommend it to anyone suffering as I did. A few doses wonderfully helped me, and two bottles have made a new man of me." It cures by direct action on the nerve centres. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, druggist.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Notice to Oddfellows.

A special meeting of Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be held this (Saturday) evening at 8 o'clock, in the Oddfellows' hall, to arrange for the funeral of our late brother, Stephen Roadhouse.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, and all members of Peterborough Lodge, No. 111, members of Otonabee Lodge and all Oddfellows are requested to meet at the Oddfellows' hall to-morrow afternoon at 1.30 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral in a body. By order,

G. W. BENNETT,
1td Noble Grand.

Excursion to Ottawa

Under the auspices of the Peterborough Board of Trade, on Monday, April 5th, 1897. A good opportunity to see the Parliament in session and view the beautiful Parliament buildings and grounds and the other sights of the Capital. Tickets only $3. Good to go on special train at 2 p. m. or regular train at 11.35 p. m., on Monday, the 5th, and on all trains on the 6th, good to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets only $3 from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood or Havelock, and $2.50 from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, the latter tickets, however, being good to return only on the 7th. 1tw

Spring Days..

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

... OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS ...

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 381 George st., Established 187

THE DISCUSSION WAS RATHER WARM

AT THE MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRADE

A Resolution Endorsing "Practical Remonstrance" Against the United States Causes the Discussion—What will the Board of Trade Discuss?—The Canal Deputation—The Council Elected.

The meeting of the Board of Trade held last evening developed a very interesting discussion, the question being raised by a resolution introduced by Mr. Hampden Burnham. The sentiment of the resolution was endorsed by all, but Mr. J. R. Stratton, M. P. P., objected to such questions being introduced, while others voted against it because they deemed it premature. Another interesting discussion is promised when the question comes up again at the meeting next week.

Mr. John Carnegie, President, was in the chair, and among the many present were: Messrs. H. S. Macdonald (secretary), R. Fair, W. H. Hill, J. J. McBain, R. Mulholland, J. S. Knapman, D. W. Dumble, J. H. Burnham, F. H. Dobbin, P. Hamilton G. E. Whiten, Wm. Manson, A. Mercer, T. F. Matthews, W. H. Law, Alex Gibson, F. J. Rogers, Thos. Cahill, Ed. Brown, H. LeBrun, J. Gilchrist, A. Elliott, W. B. Bamford, F. J. Jamieson, W.G. Morrow, Thos. E. Beddy, A. Parker, R. D. Hamilton, R. H. Kells, W. H. Robertson, J.R. Stratton, M.P.P., J. W. Bennett.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President, Mr. John Carnegie, congratulated the Board on the large attendance, and then he read the following message:—

"Before proceeding with the business of the evening permit me to say that while it was for several reasons against my better judgement that I allowed myself to be nominated for this honorable position, yet, having been unanimously elected thereto, I highly appreciate the honor which has been conferred upon me and that I shall endeavor to discharge my duty as your president "in all things and such things only as I shall truly and conscientiously believe to be adopted to promote the objects for which this Board was organized and is maintained."

An organization such as this is, if carried on in realization of the great fact that *the success of each business man is bound up in the good fortune of all*, cannot but prove most beneficial to the community of which this town is the business centre; but to secure even a portion of the beneficial results which should flow from our organization each and every member—and every business man in the community should be a member—must do his part by not only attending our meetings but by joining in our discussions, by making suggestions and by helping to evolve therefrom practical measures for the advancement of our common interests.

That the field before us affords not only ample scope for the best thought we can give it, but is one which at the present requires the most serious and thoughtful consideration of everyone must be apparent to all who will stop for a moment and think over, what has made our town what it is? What is our present position, and how are we to maintain and, if possible, improve it?

This is not the time to discuss these questions, but it does seem to me that an early evening might be alloted with advantage to the reading of say three papers prepared by three different gentlemen, covering at least a portion of the ground suggested by these questions and in a general discussion of the points and suggestions which would thus be elicited.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The report of the auditors was read.

THE COUNCIL FOR 1897.

Mr Mulholland reported for the committee appointed to strike the Council for 1897 as follows:

Your committee beg leave to report recommending the following names for election to the Council for the ensuing year:—D W Dumble, J H Burnham, Benj. Shortly, P Campbell, T F Matthews, R Mulholland, W Hamilton, jr., R Fair, A Mercer, Dr Rose, T A Hay, T E Bradburn and W H Hill.

We also recommend that the Board elect a Board of Arbitrators, and that the Council appoint the usual committees in accordance with the by-law of the Board.

The report was adopted.

The election of a Board of Arbitrators was proceeded with, resulting as follows:—Messrs J J McBain, Alex Gibson, W H Hill Thos Cahill, R D Hamilton, R Fair, W H Law, J Gilchrist, P Campbell, T A Hay, F J Jameson and D W Dumble.

THE CANAL DEPUTATION.

The President then reported on behalf of the committee appointed to consider the Trent Valley canal deputation what had been done in arranging for the excursion which is now advertised. Lakefield, Ashburnham, Bobcaygeon and Victoria had promised to send delegations. He thought this section might well press its claims at this time, when they saw by the address that the Government proposed to spend large sums of money which would directly benefit this section.

The action taken by the special committee was sanctioned by the Board and the committee authorized to go on and advertise and make other arrangements on motion of Messrs. R. Fair and W. Manson.

In discussing the question of whether the special train should be secured Mr. Cahill urged that the deputation be as large as possible, for numbers were what would impress the Government. All who could should be urged to go on the special train.

It was agreed that the special train would be held as already advertised.

THE TREASURER'S REPORT.

Mr. Knapman, ex-secretary-treasurer, presented the treasurer's report for last year, and it was received and referred to the Council.

CANADA AND THE STATES.

Mr. Burnham brought before the Board the attitude of the United States towards Canada in trade and social matters. He endorsed the sentiments of patriotism that was going abroad in Canada to-day, showing that this country would not tamely submit. One matter in this connection was the pulp industry, which, he thought, afforded an instance where a Canadian duty might be enacted. He therefore moved—

That, in view of the attitude of the United States towards Canada in matters of trade and social relations, the Dominion Government's proposed programme of practical remonstrance with that nation and its avowed intention of cultivating closer trade relations with Great Britain be heartily approved by this Board of Trade.

Mr. Dumble referred to the deep undercurrent of feeling against Canada which was to be found in the United States, and he said Canadians need not expect anything else but a hostile tariff from the United States. Their tariff, he went on to say, would be one framed to burn into us the feeling that we could not live except under their flag. He referred to the United States as our home market, and Canadian statesmen had tried every honorable way to get into it. But the Canadian would suffer in his pocket rather than be coerced, and Canada must look for other markets. As to the pulp industry, he said the United States would soon have to come to Canada for all their timber, and he did not believe in our timber being stripped off our country by the Americans. When the Americans would not meet us, he believed in meeting them in their own way, and protecting what has been given to us. Let the Americans pay for what they must have. Under the present treatment by the Americans he approved of the resolution which he seconded.

Mr. Peter Hamilton did not look upon the action of the American Government as hostile by any means. Canadians must remember that they were part of the British Empire, while the great mass of the United States were foreigners who had no love for the British Government. He thought it was below the dignity of Canadians to pay any attention to the special legislation of the Americans. The Canadian Government should legislate solely in the interests of Canada and not to retaliate on any other country. Canada was going to be peopled by a people that would be second to none in the world and who would not be foreigners.

MR. STRATTON OBJECTS.

Mr. Stratton thought it was a mistake to introduce such questions at the Board of Trade meetings. While he agreed with the sentiments of the resolution he thought it a bad precedent to establish to pass the resolution. He differed with Mr. Dumble when he said this country had been stripped of its timber with little return. He thought the province had received good return in having American capital come in and give employment to our workingmen. However, he thought such questions would lead to bad results.

Mr. Dumble asked what the Board was for. It was to advance the interests of the town and the country. They were not going to discuss politics, but they were going to discuss questions in the interests of the town and country. It was no crime to regret that our timber was gone, and no crime to say that they should conserve what is left and not let Americans come in and take our timber across the lakes in scows and manufacture it into lumber and employ American labor there. It was not a political question, but an economic one, and the Board had a right to discuss it in order to elicit views from the country and educate the Government. They could approve or disapprove of the acts of any Government. That was not politics. They should not limit their usefulness or tie their hands for fear they should hurt some one's feelings.

Mr. Stratton said he was not convinced by anything Mr. Dumble said that such economic questions should be introduced and discussed here. The Board, he held, was to discuss our local and domestic affairs only, and therefore he opposed the establishment of such a precedent. They did not find other Boards introducing such questions, and they were making a mistake in marring the harmony which had existed. Other resolutions might be brought up in the future.

Mr. Burnham said he did not intend to introduce any political question, for he had referred to the Globe's course in coming out in broad head lines for patriotism. He warmly urged that it was time the United States were told they could not kick us about as they liked.

AMERICAN PROCEDURE.

Mr. Law related a conversation he had heard in New York which showed him that the American lumbermen were cutting the Canadian lumber and reserving their Michigan lumber for higher prices. He felt that it was time that something was done to stop this, and have our lumber cut by Canadian workmen.

Mr. Stratton took exception to the insinuation that Canada did not get a return for the timber cut. He said these gentlemen seem to forget that in New Brunswick down by the sea, lumber was imported from Maine.

The President said he thought that Mr. Stratton was in error, or else he (the President) was, in regard to Maine, as he understood the Americans were allowed the use of the rivers in New Brunswick to float their lumber out of Maine back into the States again.

Mr. Hamilton had spoken as a Canadian, and not politically and again expressed the opinion that Canada should not take any

Continued on page 2.

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OUR OPENING DISPLAY:

You are all invited to our opening display of Pattern Hats and Bonnets Jackets, Capes and Blouse Waists, Dress Goods and Silks, Carpets and House Furnishings, Cotton Dress Goods and Gloves on **Tuesday and Wednesday March 30th and 31st.** Special Gas Light Display on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, 7.30 to 9.30 p.m.

Another Special Drive

PART OF

THE ROBERT HALL BANKRUPT STOCK

20 Pieces Black and Colored, Plain and Fancy DRESS GOODS, Original Price 75c to $1.00, Clearing Price,

50c.

Those who came early got extra bargains in our last offering. Others came too late, but this chance will make up for what you missed. We are bound to clear this stock at once.

WASHING SILKS.

300 yds. more to clear at 25c. Don't be coming in after the goods are sold. There are bargains in every department for you.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the ....

Evans & Dodge.

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E. & D. 80 Gear ROADSTER

Manf'd by THE CANADIAN TYPOGRAPH CO., Ltd. WINDSOR, ONT.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an Unapproached First Place.

W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,
413 George Street, Peterborough.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at its office in this Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

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Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants leased for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right
No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

A Big Offer.

The Toronto World says:—If we are informed aright United States capital is to follow English money into the mid-east Ontario mining regions. It is stated that an American syndicate has offered Col. S. S. Lazier, of Belleville, $100,000 for a half interest in his silver-lead property in Barry township, Frontenac county. An expert who looked over the vein on this location spoke of it highly, stating that it resembled Australian deposits.

Piles Cured in 3 to 6 Nights—Itching Burning Skin Diseases Relieved in one day.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all cases of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Barbers' Itch, and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. For sale by H S MacDonald, druggist.

PYNY-PECTORAL
Positively Cures
COUGHS and COLDS
in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBER & Son, Boucherville, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Gerveau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. C. McComber of a long-standing cold.

Ma. J. M. [illegible], Chemist, [illegible] Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a [illegible] and strong syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale will no doubt be wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lyd.
Sole Proprietors
MONTREAL

A Word To the Wise
IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other warerooms where you can find three such good ones,

Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce

not to mention many of lesser grade—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

We are showing one or two

New Styles
Attractive Prices

We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street Toronto

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

left, sparing no stranger whom they may find.

The case looks dark, indeed, for our friends, as it will be utterly impossible for them to reach the boat now, even should they be so fortunate as to discover Sady, the flower of the harem. All that remains is to fight to the last and die as brave men should. Only for Aleck's mad infatuation they would ere this have been upon the water, and presently safe on board the yacht that lay there at anchor, her white wings spread ready to fly away at short notice. Blind love, indeed, that weaves such a net in which one's dearest friends are ensnared.

They rush along. Jack has learned from Achmed and his own observation where the entrance to the harem is located, and he heads for that quarter. They are sure to find the door locked. What then? How can they burst it open, and storm through the luxurious quarters where Abdallah Pasha keeps his wives and slaves, terrifying the poor women and searching for the one creature in all the world whose presence will convince poor foolish Aleck that it is his duty to flee.

Well, anything that can stand up before Jack's impetuous rush must be sturdy, indeed, and he has yet to see the door that there is not some means of throwing open. Doctor Jack knows the power of a diminutive dynamite cartridge, of which he carries several, packed in cotton, in his tobacco pouch.

While they are in the midst of the rush, a figure suddenly confronts them. Doctor Jack's name is uttered, and he recognises Mercedes.

"You are lost—you cannot reach the boat. Enter here—there may be another way to save you," she exclaims.

The wild shouts of the janizaries tell that they have formed a cordon around the spot, and are closing in. Ere three minutes have passed the soldiers of the Pasha will be walled around them, fierce fellows, too, ready to fight like tigers.

"It is no use, Mercedes, we might have been safe, but Aleck would not save his own life and desert Sady," cries Jack.

"Caramba! what men you Americans are. Sady is in here with me. Enter quickly if you would not ruin all. It is a trap—a snare for Abdallah in his own house. Quick, in the name of the Virgin! they are coming!"

Doctor Jack resolves on the instant to trust all to Mercedes. He cannot guess what her plan is, or how visionary it may be, but the woman's wit may save them. They pass into a dimly lighted interior—Aleck utters a cry of joy, and folds Sady in his arms.

The shouts grow louder. Mercedes is at the door. She beckons wildly.

"This way, Don Carlos—Abdallah—they are here in a trap—this way!"

Has she betrayed them? Jack knows better, for she has hastily given him the outline of her plan. One, two, three figures glide through the opening, then the heavy door is closed, the bar falls, and the last tableau in this strange act forms.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Larry is amazed, for he does not exactly comprehend matters, but having made up his mind to follow Jack's actions, he keeps an eye on that worthy.

At the same time he has recognized the trio of forms that have glided into the room. They are, first of all, the Pasha, looking as black as a thunder cloud; Don Carlos, apparently only half-hearted in the business, and the matador, Pedro Vasquez, upon whose face is an expression that may be likened to a tiger's. He sees at last the man who robbed him of his laurels before the public of Madrid—sees and hates, if that can be, ten times more than before.

So far as numbers go, they are unequally matched; but taking the dapper dude, the weak Aleck, with the old Achmed, and they would prove but a mouthful for Pedro Vasquez.

Something besides numbers counts, and the revolvers in the hands of Jack and Larry carry the balance of power. They immediately cover their three enemies, who stand still, forming a peculiar group—a Turk and two Spaniards at bay, one of these latter a gentleman, the other possessing the brawny frame and bull-like neck of the professional fighter.

"Gentlemen," says Jack, in French, which he believes they all understand—his manner is cool, and the hand that holds the revolver as steady as the eternal hills, "I trust you take in the situation. Instead of making us prisoners you have fallen temporarily into our power. Now listen to reason. We desire to leave this place at once, and we shall take the Pasha to the end of his grounds as a prisoner of war in order to shield ourselves from his followers. He shall be released when we have the first chance at escape. After that it is the devil's own chase."

He watches to see the effect on his hearers. Don Carlos is the only one unmoved, for his stake in this game is not so large as that of the others.

The Pasha grinds his teeth, while Pedro scolds and sneers.

"Carajo!" he hisses, speaking Spanish because he can better express himself in his own language, which is well fitted for irony, "the valiant American does well to shield himself behind a small gun. He is safe there. I have come all the way from Madrid to give him the chance to treat me as the bull did. They called you a brave man, but only a coward hides behind a revolver when a rival dares him to fight. Here am I, Pedro Vasquez, your deadly foe, ready to lock arms with you and prove which is the better man. There are plenty of excuses, but only a coward will seek them. The man and the place—Senor Jack, will you accept?"

His manner cannot be described. It is insulting, taunting, and makes Jack's blood boil. At another time he would have been at the man like an avalanche, why not now? True, there is much at stake, but Jack seems to forget that. He only remembers that this man has insulted him before his friends, and his blood becomes heated.

"Aleck, take this revolver. Cover the Pasha, and at one treacherous move send a bullet into his brain," and the other grasps the weapon with a cry of satisfaction, fastening his blood-shot eyes on the Turk in an eager way that makes Abdallah tremble in his shoes.

Doctor Jack, having given way to the terrible impulse, does not hang fire, but deliberately takes off his coat, and advances in the direction of the Spanish matador. He has seen Pedro in the arena, and gauged his powers, so that he now has a pretty good idea of what resisting qualities he may meet.

"Come, I am impatient to depart. Let us get this little circus over as soon as possible. I warn you, Pedro Vasquez, you will find my fall worse than a toss from the short horns of a black toro. Are you ready—bravo?"

His words irritate and further enrage the bull-fighter, just as he intends. Jack has indeed no time to waste in this matter, and he hopes to expedite the affair. As he expects, the other rushes at him furiously. Jack has already selected his hold, and takes it—an old favourite of his.

They stand there like two grand oaks, with muscles knotted and strained. Jack is testing the other's strength. In a bull-like way Pedro may be the stronger, but he does not know how to manipulate his tremendous power.

All watch them eagerly, though Aleck and Larry do not forget to keep an eye on the men over whom they have been placed as guards.

Mercedes is intensely aroused—like all the women of Spain, she loves to see gladiators in the ring contesting for the supremacy, whether among themselves or with a fierce animal—a bull or a bear, perhaps a tiger. She adores Doctor Jack, and her sympathies are all excited in favour of him, but she has fears, seeing the more bulky frame of the bull-fighter, and not being posted with regard to the fine qualities of an athlete's figure.

Doctor Jack waits no longer. He has found out what he has to meet, and quickly foils several energetic whirls of the Spaniard, who has never yet met a man able to stand up before him in this way, and is decidedly amazed to find his fiercest efforts have no more effect on the American wrestler than had the other been a solid oak.

Now it is Jack's turn. He gathers all his surplus energy for the endeavour, since time is so very valuable to him. Pedro understands that he is to be tested, and braces himself to meet the tug of war, but had a whirlwind struck him it could not have created greater havoc. He is torn from his feet, lifted bodily from the floor in spite of his tremendous powers. Jack has spread his legs for the effort, and a magnificent one it is the bulky Pedro is actually lifted over him, and tossed to the ground, striking partly on his head and shoulder. He does not move, and whether the ex-bull-fighter is merely insensible or has had his neck broken, the future will alone tell. At least he has lost all interest in the game.

Mercedes claps her hands—even Don Carlos cannot but look with admiration and awe upon the wonderful man he once called friend. The Pasha's face appears more ugly than ever at this defeat of his bravo, but Larry is exultant, and crows like a rooster in a barn-yard.

"Victory! victory! well done, Doctor Jack. Three cheers for the Stars and Stripes. Hurrah—hur—." There he suddenly stops—he has a good reason for doing so, as the door of the apartment is burst in with a crash, and striking the dude, doubles him up in a corner. Men pour in through the opening. Doctor Jack realizes that

To be Continued

A man's health is the rope by which he climbs to success. If he can keep his health, he will go on to success. Yet his health is the very thing he neglects more than anything else. It is easier to keep health than it is to regain it. When a man feels himself running down, when he realizes a loss of vitality and energy, he must call a halt. The strands of his rope are parting rapidly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has helped thousands of men in just this condition. It makes health, it makes pure, rich blood, it forces out impurities and kills germs. It doesn't make any difference what name you call your trouble by—dyspepsia, kidney disease, rheumatism, consumption, skin disease, the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure it absolutely. None of these diseases can retain hold on the body when it is full of rich, pure blood.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

SAVED HER LIFE.

THE NARROW ESCAPE OF A FERGUS MERCHANT'S DAUGHTER.

Had Been Weak and Sickly from Infancy—Neither Doctor Nor Friends Thought She Would Survive—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Saved Her Life—Advice to Parents.

From the Fergus News-Record.

Mr. C. M. Post, fruit and confectionery dealer, St. Andrew-st., Fergus, last week related to a representative of the News-Record the sad story of the terrible suffering and sickness of his little daughter Ella, his only child, now a strong and healty little maiden of ten years of age. At the time of the child's illness Mr. Post was a resident of Hamilton. His story is substantially as follows:—"My daughter had been very delicate from childhood until about three years ago, and the money it cost me for doctor bills made me poor, as it was seldom she was without a doctor's care, and at times we have had as many as three doctors in attendance and hope of saving her despaired of. The doctors succeeded in keeping her alive, but she was gradually growing worse and we all thought she was going to die. Our regular physician had given up hope of saving her life and remarked that if it were only warm weather, (it was then winter) there might be a chance. But seven summers had passed since her birth and she had gradually become feebler, and my wife and I thought it was just a matter of time until the child would be called to a better home. About this time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were prominently brought to our notice through a cure they wrought in a neighbor's child. I thought I would give them a trial and so informed the doctor, but he only laughed at the idea of them helping her. However I bought a box of Pink Pills, and began giving them to her, half a pill at a time. After a short treatment there was such an improvement that neither her mother nor I could doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were helping her, and I decided to abandon the doctor's services altogether. The Pink Pill treatment was continued and although the progress towards health and strength was necessarily slow, it was none the less certain, and it was continued until she is as well and strong as you see her to day, and I am thankful to say she has had no occasion for medical treatment since. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for weak and delicate children, and I firmly believe it was this medicine that saved my child."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an all round year medicine and are quite as efficacious in the case of children as in adults. They restore to the blood its lacking constituents, and make it rich, red and pure. In this way they strengthen the system and drive out disease. There are many cases like the above in which this wonderful medicine has restored health and strength after the best medical advice had failed. The genuine Pink Pills are sold in boxes, the wrapper round which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People." There are other pills colored pink, but they are base imitations offered only because they give the dealer a greater profit. They should always be refused.

Does Your Dinner Add to Your Weight?

In Williamstown reside two young men of a scientific turn of mind. They have been discussing whether a man weighs more after eating than before, and have decided that eating adds nothing to the weight, while drinking makes itself known in avoirdupois. Monday they weighed themselves just before going to dinner. Mr. Porter weighed 191 pounds and Mr. Whelden 165. They also weighed what they ate for dinner, and the experiment showed that the smaller man was the better feeder, for, according to the scales, he got away with three and a half pounds of eatables, while his companion's capacity was only two pounds. The men weighed themselves again directly after dinner, and both declare that their weight was not increased at all.—Boston Record.

The Revd. S. Riopel, M.D., county Jacques-Cartier, writes: "I have had considerable experience with Dr. Ievers' 'Quickcure' and have always found it *surprisingly effective, answering fully,* when directions were observed, *the several claims of* its author. It relieves pain in an incredibly short time."

For Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Sides or Chest, spread "Quickcure" on linen or cotton, as for Burns, and cover with cotton batting, or even paper, over which put a bandage to keep all in place and protect the clothing. Many physicians will not prescribe or allow use of ordinary plasters, as so many of them contain Belladonna and Aconite, and sometimes these drugs may be absorbed by the system and cause serious disturbances. Plasters made of "Quickcure" have been recommended, as being entirely free from anything which could possibly injure even a child, and no plaster removes pain so quickly

In severe cases, doctors tell you to apply hot applications also, over the "Quickcure" plaster, covering the back, chest and neck well: flannel cloths wrung out of hot water will not injure "Quickcure," but aid its effect.

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary to enable you to buy a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine — wherever you can — and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY MARCH 27, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

A RIGHT HOT DEBATE

Continued from page 3.

MR. FOSTER.

The Ex-Minister of Finance Assumes the Position of a Close Critic.

Hon. Mr. Foster complained that the Premier's twenty minutes' speech was of the thinnest debating school order. He had made no answer to the serious charges made against his Government, and his party by Sir Charles Tupper. His speech would give no satisfaction to the business men of the country, who would read it in the newspapers next morning.

Turning to the tariff Mr. Foster complained of the way in which the Government had treated the pork packers in withholding information from them as to the changes which were to be made in the tariff. He contrasted this with the way they had treated the coal dealers of Montreal, and insisted that in the matter of information all interests concerned in the tariff should have been treated alike. He asked did the Prime Minister authorize the Minister of Finance to make the statements he did in Montreal, and demanded a responsible Government answer, not a debating school reply, such as had been made that evening by the Prime Minister. He further complained that the Government were delaying the tariff until after the elections were over, in the Province of Nova Scotia, and mentioned that this was being done to test the feeling of Nova Scotia concerning protection to the industry in which that province was interested. He denied the Prime Minister's statement that everybody in the Dominion knew what the tariff was to be, and characterised the Prime Minister's statement that the new tariff was to alleviate the burdens of the people and impair no present industries, as "airy, delightfully airy," a delightfully indefinite statement, which would give no satisfaction to the business men, and manufacturers, who were anxiously waiting to know what changes were to be made. He (Mr. Foster) had been asked by a banker for sure information about the ... he intended to send to the banker the Prime Minister's statement, as to alleviating the burdens of the people, and not impairing any existing interests which he (Mr. Foster), had just quoted.

Reviewing the policy of the Government with regard to the recent bye-elections in the County of Wright, in Bonaventure and elsewhere, Mr. Foster said he would soon be able to congratulate the Prime Minister on being one of the most artful dodgers in politics. As to the Prime Minister's statement about ballot-stuffing and corruption in Manitoba, Mr. Foster said these were exploded charges. They had been up in the courts, and, although 27 charges were preferred, the net result was that only in one case had the charges been proven, and the prosecuting counsel had stated that Mr. Hugh John Macdonald was free from any charge of corruption.

Dealing next with the civil service since the Government had come into power, Mr. Foster declared that every department was infested with spies and emissaries. No civil servant now felt the least sense of security, and the whole service was being demoralized. Political heelers, who were not the social equals of the men in the service, were being sent around to make investigations as to how civil servants were discharging their duties. There were investigations which self-respecting men could not be expected to stand and some of the civil servants might feel that they would rather go out of the service than submit to it.

Mr. Foster further insisted that the cutting off of the heads of small men in the civil service had so engaged the attention of the heads of the departments that they had not time to prepare the tariff and settle the other questions on which the country desired to know what was the policy of the Government. "Things are not what they used to be," said Mr. Foster, in winding up his criticism of the Government's treatment of the civil servants. The Premier had praised Mr. Guite for refusing to bow down to the bishops, but what, then, about Mr. Fitzpatrick, who had signed a written pledge to resign unless such a settlement were secured as his bishop approved? (Opposition cheers.) True, he now refused to keep his promise, but there it was. The Speech from the Throne spoke of the settlement as the best that could be obtained, yet Mr. Laurier stated in a recent speech in Montreal that it was only a first instalment and Mr. Fitzpatrick, his colleague, declared that he did not accept the settlement, and added that the Premier did not accept it. Was duplicity never to cease? For six years the Liberal party had championed the cause of Separate Schools. They had assured the minority that they would restore them, but had utterly failed to implement their promises. The Premier had the audacity to charge the Conservatives with inciting religious passion, but this question was caused by Liberal action and kept alive by the Liberals. The records showed it, and history would confirm it.

Mr. Foster ended with an eloquent reference to the jubilee year.

Sir Richard Cartwright moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Champagne, the new member for Wright, was introduced by Mr. Laurier and Whip Sutherland.

The House adjourned at 11 p.m.

FAMILY SQUABBLE.

A Bitter Faction Fight in Macdonald Constituency Which Will Make it Easy for Nat Boyd.

Winnipeg, March 26.—(Special.)—The Liberals of Macdonald constituency are split into bitter factions and engaged in knifing each other. One faction want Dr. Rutherford as the candidate, he having been Nat Boyd's opponent at the last election, and the other faction want Kenneth McKenzie, who is a relation of Hon. Mr. Sifton. President Patterson of the Macdonald Liberal Association has resigned as a result of the rumpus. R. C. Ennis of Neepawa suggests that both the rivals withdraw and give him their support, but they are not likely to do so. If the warring continues Mr. Boyd should easily regain his seat.

The Manitoba Legislature has passed a resolution favoring prohibition of the liquor traffic and instructing the Government to consult eminent counsel to ascertain whether the Legislature can pass a prohibitory law.

"What is a crank, papa ?"

"A crank, my son, is a fellow who goes around with his wheels."—Yonkers Statesman.

Lawyer—I must know the whole truth before I can successfully defend you. Have you told me everything ?

Prisoner—Except where I hid the money. I want that for myself.—Tid-Bits.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is nothing doing, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at \$3.65 to \$3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with offerings limited; ton lots quoted at \$11 to \$12 west, and short \$10 to \$11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market is steady, but the demand is limited. Red winter is quoted at 73c and white at 74c outside. No. 1 Manitoba hard quoted at 83c Midland, and No. 2 hard quoted at 81c to 82c Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 72c to 73c Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is fair, with prices firm at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 18½c west, and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 30½c to 38c north and west, and at 30½c middle freights.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, and prices rule at 27c to 28c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots \$2.80 to \$2.90.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings were fair at the Western yards to-day, aggregating 35 car loads. Included in this were 150 head of sheep and lambs and 600 hogs. The demand for export cattle is good, with sales of choice lots at 4¼c to 4½c per lb., and ordinary at 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold for the Buffalo market at 2¾c to 3¼c per lb. Bulls for export 3¼c to 3¾c per lb. Butchers' cattle in moderate demand and firm, best qualities selling at 3¾c to 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at \$20 to \$35 each, and calves at \$4 to \$7 each.

Spring lambs sold at \$4 to \$6 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 150 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c to 5½c per lb. Hogs are firmer on limited offerings. The best sold at 5¼c weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c to 4¾c, lightweights at 5c, sows at 3½c to 3¾c, and stags at 2¼c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 26.—Spring wheat, 6s 6d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3d to 6s 4½d; corn 2s 6d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 23s 0d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 27s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet and steady, on passage rather easier. English country markets quiet and steady. Maize on passage dull.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures ½d lower at 6s 1¼d for May, 6s 1¼d for July and 5s 11¾d for Sept. Maize, 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 7¾d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 22s 0d.

Paris—Wheat 21f 50c for April. Flour 44f 60c for March and April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat dull at 21f 50c for April. Flour easy at 44f 50c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat quiet at 6s 1d for May and July and 5s 11¾d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 9d for ...

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 26, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	\$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 30	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 06
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 00	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 3½	to	0 00

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

To Cure RHEUMATISM TAKE Bristol's SARSAPARILLA

IT IS PROMPT RELIABLE AND NEVER FAILS.

IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. Moore, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

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Sweet Caporal CIGARETTES

10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

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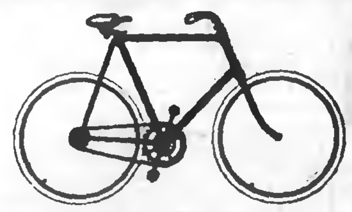

BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 68½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price \$85.00

THE WELLAND VALE (3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	\$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	\$75.00	
Dominion	\$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, March 27th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr. Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

Working Miracles in Canada.

Paine's Celery Compound Astonishes Professional Men As Well as Plain, Every-day People.

As a Spring Medicine it Stands Without a Rival.

No remedy ever brought before the civilized world has done so much for poor suffering humanity as Paine's Celery Compound. It has won the confidence of men of science, professional men, the most eminent legislators and the ordinary people.

Paine's Celery Compound was the crowning production of America's most eminent physician—Professor E. E. Phelps, M.D.

Such a physician could only give what was worthy of his great and elevated character to suffering men and women. His best hours were devoted to the production of what is now known in every household as Paine's Celery Compound, or nature's food for the brain, nerves and blood.

Every day happy and cured people bear witness to the miraculous virtues of Paine's Celery Compound. Physicians themselves have acknowledged its wondrous powers after all other agencies failed. It has snatched men and women from the grave and given them new lives.

Mrs. Geo. W. Carroll, of Lornevale, N.S., says:

"During the past year I have been using Paine's Celery Compound and have been greatly benefitted. I consider it an invaluable medicine for dyspepsia, nervousness, sleeplessness and general female debility. I recommend Paine's Celery Compound with all confidence, for it has done me a world of good, and I cannot speak too highly of its virtues."

Are you suffering in any way, dear reader, or have you a sick friend in whom you are interested? If so, we earnestly ask you to test the medicine that has won the favor of millions on earth.

At this season you need your blood purified, your nerves braced up, your strength renewed, and the whole system renovated. Paine's Celery Compound will do even more than we guarantee. Your friends who have used it will vouch for its curing powers.

See that you get "Paine's," no other ...

SCALY SKIN HUMOR

Body, Head, and Arms Covered With Spots Like Drops Of Mortar.

Skin Came Off in Layers: Doctors Useless. Suffered for a Year Without Relief.

Almost Given Up Hope. Cured in 8 Weeks by CUTICURA. Skin Nice and Clear as a Baby's.

I was afflicted with an obstinate skin disease, called by some doctors Eczema and others Psoriasis. My body, head, and arms were covered with spots like drops of mortar, and which came off in layers of dry scales. I suffered for over a year without relief, and consulted several doctors but without aid, and I had almost given up hope, as my case was a bad one. I happened to see an advertisement about CUTICURA REMEDIES and got them, took them according to directions, and in *eight weeks* I was as well as ever. I consider myself cured, for my skin is as nice and clear as a baby's. I cannot express in words the thanks to you for what the CUTICURA REMEDIES have done for me.

GEO. STABURN, Hanover, Ontario, Can.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are beyond all doubt the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times. They are no long-drawn-out expensive experiment. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, pimply, and crusted skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.

PIMPLY FACES Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1897

IT HOLDS THE KEY

Insignificant Beginnings—But They Steal on One as a Thief in the Night, and Before One has Time to Wonder What Ails Him he is in the Firm Grasp of Disease—South American Kidney Cure will Break the Bonds and Liberate, no Matter How Strong the Cords.

The thousands of cases that have been helped and cured by the great South American Kidney Cure is the best recommend of its curative qualities. The remedy is a specific for all kidney troubles. The formula is compounded on the very latest scientific discoveries in the medical world. There are thousands to-day who do truthfully say "I am living because I used South American Kidney Cure." It relieves in six hours. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Not So Crazy as He Seemed

At Bloomingdale Asylum they have among the assembled lunatics many who are not too violent or too mischievous to be allowed to roam about the grounds. Recently the superintendent has given occupation to some of these "trusties," by utilizing them in carrying on the improvements about the asylum grounds. Some of them have been set to trundling bricks in wheelbarrows.

A few days ago one of the attendants saw a gray-bearded wheelbarrow man promenading solemnly through a side path, pushing before him a wheelbarrow turned upside down.

"Here you," cried the attendant, "hold on."

The lunatic stopped with a weary sigh.

"Well," he said, "what is it?"

"What are you doing with that wheelbarrow?"

"Friend," replied the crazy man, with patient courtesy, "if you had watched me carefully you would have seen what I was doing with the wheelbarrow. I was pushing it, friend. I will now push it some more."

He started on.

"Hold up a minute," protested the attendant. "Don't you know that it is foolish to push a wheelbarrow that is wrong side up?"

"Foolish?" said the lunatic. "Not on your life is it foolish! I am not so crazy as I look, friend. Yesterday I kept my wheelbarrow right side up and a pie-faced Irishman came along and filled it full of bricks. I know better, now."

A Litt'e Money Enabled a Whole Family to Dress Stylishly.

A writer in the Ladies' Journal says: "With a few packages of Diamond Dyes wonders can be done in making old dresses look like new. In my own family we actually did not buy a new dress last season, yet we dressed comfortably and in style by dyeing over clothes that had been cast aside."

Diamond Dyes color from one to ten pounds of goods, come in convenient packages, and are sold for ten cents. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed with every package when directions are followed.

Beware of imitation dyes sold for the sake of big profits; they are worthless for coloring.

CASTORIA.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCVII.

THE ETHICS OF CITIZENSHIP.

Luxury.—No. 2.

The conclusion to which political economists have come about luxuries is that they do not add to the wealth of a country. Judged on commercial ground, then, luxuries stand condemned. But are there not other points of view from which they may be regarded and, at least to some extent, justified? To answer this question we must take a glance at the constitution of that wonderful and much quoted thing—human nature.

Man is made up not only of a physical nature, but of a mental and spiritual nature. He requires not merely bread and beef, and clothes, and the shelter of a house, but he requires mental and spiritual food. And the more highly cultivated his mental and spiritual tastes becomes, the rarer food do they demand. Two thousand volumes compose but a fairly stocked library for one man, who is a literary man, or a college professor. Many a man with double that number would suffer a sense of privation unless he had access to a library of 100,000 volumes. The demands of the artistic faculties, for paintings, for music, for sculpturary, who can deny that these are legitimate claims, because they are not so absolutely necessary for bare existence as are meat and drink and clothes. Yet we justly describe these things as the luxuries of life. Even in regard to our physical comforts, if we invite our friends to dine with us we like to give them something more luxurious than bread and water.

* * *

"It is," says our instructive friend, Mr. Macoun, "a bad and beggarly economy of life's resources, worthy only of Goths and Vandals, which would ruthlessly rifle human life of its natural satisfactions, its reasonable comforts, its needful recreations, its purifying tastes. These things are not obstacles, distractions, temptations. They are not concessions to human weakness. They are helps to living. They are the allies of morality, not its enemies. They are the very means put by civilization into the hands of men, for making something of themselves. Any one can put this to the test. Let him run over in his mind a dozen of the best men or women he knows. Does he find that they are indifferent to luxuries? Do they prize a good book, a good concert, a good play, or a cheerful party where friend meets friend, less or more than their neighbors?" Here then lies the justification of luxuries. "Luxuries well chosen and rightly used are instruments of moral development."

* * *

Luxuries well chosen and rightly used. But how are we to decide what luxuries are well chosen, and how are we to know when they are rightly or wrongly used? It is here that human taste requires education. We are living on a continent in which it is the commonest thing for a man born very poor to die very rich. It is a most grotesque thing to note the way in which many such men spend their money—and proves that it is certainly possible to instruct people in the art of so spending money as to make the most of it. A nouveau riche will build for himself a kind of palace, and then sit in the kitchen in his shirt sleeves and smoke a clay pipe.

Mr. Macoun suggests two general rules for our guidance. First that we should prefer durable luxuries. Books and pictures are durable, they may give pleasure to more than one generation. Secondly, and certainly more important, is the rule "that we ought to prefer unselfish to selfish luxuries." Here we touch the real evil of luxury in all ages. Preachers and moralists, and strong letters (as witness Mr Wilson Barrett's "Sign of the Cross") inveigh against the luxury of the age of Nero, or again of Louis XIV.; but were they really greater, more vulgar, more degrading, more heartless than those of our own day. "Luxury," says Mr. Ruskin, "at present can only be enjoyed by the ignorant; the cruelest man living could not sit at his feast, unless he sat blindfolded." Looked at in the bulk, it is awful to contrast the life of some, say half a million very rich and of say ten million of very poor during our hot summer months. It is a poor salve to our conscience to say that they are used to it, and do not feel the hot sun, and the heavy air, and the endless toil, and the ill health of the crowded factories and more crowded tenements. Imagine the life, we will not say of a frivolous, but an average young lady at Newport for some months. An endless round of bathing, riding, driving, shopping, and afternoon teas during the day; of concerts, balls and theatricals during the night. This young lady of course goes to church on Sunday morning, and is most likely interested in some new ornaments of fine needlework for the sanctuary. Yet what a hideous farce is such a life. The individual is not to bear all the blame. She too is ignorant. She has never seen a factory, or a tenement. The blame indeed is not to be cast solely at anyone's door. The preacher of the fashionable church must take some of it, the political economist with his eternal false gospel of money must be made to take some of it, the monopolist, the speculator, the engineer of rings and trusts. What is wanted above all things is not to scold anyone, but simply to convince society of its ills, appeal to its conscience, its manhood and womanhood, and, if possible, its Christianity, to make a united effort to put into practice the simplest, the most unmistakeable, and certain of the precepts of the Gospel. *Practically*, that is really, the great mass of well-to-do Christians deny what in theory they believe, viz., the brotherhood of man.

one moment that there should be an absolute equality in wealth or in luxury. We do not deny that the man of business capacity and industry should enjoy in his own home the comforts of a fine house, well furnished with books, pictures, music. We do not say that because John Blank or Mary Dash are tied to a factory bench, that therefore Sir Gaggain Midas, or Angelina Wealthy shall not go to the seaside. But we say to those who have brains, wealth or leisure, consider whether out of your abundance greater opportunity for the enjoyment of some comforts of life may not be given to others.

* * *

"If a man" says Mr. Macoun "loves in solitary hours to read Shakespeare, or Scott, or Thackeray, is he less or more fit thereby to be a champion of free public libraries?" Let us stop at that. He is a plain issue. Are the well-to-do people of Peterborough, willing to raise the rate of taxation sufficiently to produce another $500 or $1,000 per annum to give every citizen the opportunity of access to a library of 10,000 vols. Many have no objections. No, but will you work for it? Supposing for all your reading you were dependent upon a free library. Then you would because your own interests would provoke you to action. Well then here is a practical opportunity of loving your neighbor as yourself. It is a horrible thing in towns composed almost entirely of professedly christian people, to see how few people care about anything that does not touch their own interests. But it may still be said, the people do not want it. Well, my educated and cultured friends, they ought to want it, and you know it, and knowing this it is yours to work for their truest interests whether they are awake to them or whether they are dead to them.

RIGHT FROM THE MINES.

Family Ties May be Broken in the Grand Rush for Gold, But What's Wealth Without Health—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is a Wonderful Cure—It Never Fails to Relieve in Ten Minutes.

Fred Lawrie, of Trail Creek, B.C., writes: "I have used two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and have been wonderfully helped. I can recommend it very highly to all sufferers from Catarrh." And here is another:—Mr. S. L. Egan, Easton, Pa., says: "When I read that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder would relieve Catarrh in 10 minutes, I must say I was far from being convinced of the fact. I decided to try it. I purchased a bottle. A single puff of the powder through the blower afforded instantaneous relief." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. B. Young, B.A., pastor. Fellowship meeting at 10 a. m. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the Rev A H Ranton. Subject for the evening, "Bargain Makers." Sunday school and Bible class at 2 30 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, March 28th. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. conducted by pastor. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev O. C. Elliott, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. 4th Sunday in Lent. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer. Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m, Evensong with sermon. Ushers—McFarlane Wilson, Joe Mitchell, Jas E Johnston and W Donnell. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, March 28th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. 4th Sunday in Lent. 11 a. m. Morning Prayer. Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evening prayer and sermon. Baptisms in the chapel by appointment with the clergy. Ushers—Messrs. Pearson and Alexander.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

DIVINE GUIDANCE.—Rev. W. M. Eadie Parlor meetings are held daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., commencing at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m., consisting of singing, addresses and conversation, without the usual routine of prayer. Bible reading and collection. Friends are free to come late or leave early when they are not able to remain during the whole service which usually continues for two hours.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

MR. E A STANLEY LEAVING TOWN.

The Murray-st. Baptist Church Remembers an Earnest Worker—Mr. Stanley and Family Going to an American City to Reside.

Mr. E. A. Stanley is leaving for Wilmington, Delaware, U S A., to assume the management of an electrical institution in that city next week. For several years Mr. Stanley has occupied the position of superintendent of the Canadian General Electric Co.'s car shops. However, Mr. Stanley was better known in religious circles. In the Murray-st. Baptist church he has been an earnest and indefatigible worker in all the institutions of the church. He was a member of the Board of the Y M C A., president of the Town Sabbath School Association, a member of the Local Union of Christian Endeavor and of the Board of Directors of the Y M C A.

On Thursday evening an expression of the appreciation in which he was held by the congregation of the Murray-st. church, was given when Mr. Stanley was presented with the following address to which he briefly replied:

Mr. E. A. Stanley:

DEAR SIR,—Kindly accept these few words of farewell, and the accompanying emblems, as reminders to you of your three years' sojourn under the protecting care of the Union Jack, in this our fair Canadian home, and may the names attached hereto be pledges to you of the continuance of that bond of Christian friendship which has been so firmly established between you and those of us who have been so intimately associated with you in endeavoring to advance the Master's cause in the Murray-st. Baptist church.

We are assured that your faithful service here has been, and will continue to be, blessed. It has, we believe, been used by the Holy Spirit, and only He can tell how far-reaching its influence will be. "Cast thy bread upon the waters, for thou shalt find it after many days."

While for our own sakes we greatly regret that the past, pleasant, personal associations we have enjoyed must necessarily cease, we are glad for your own sake that your temporal interests are being improved, and we are sure, from past experience, that the gain in material means which your new conditions involve will only tend you on in the spirit of spending and being spent in service of our Lord and in the promotion of the interests of His church.

Mrs. Stanley, yourself and family, carry with you to your new home our best wishes and sincere prayers, that the Lord Jesus may ever deal kindly with you and guide you safely through life's ever-varying experience. (St. Jude i, 24-25.)

Miss Lottie Perrin,	Mr. Dudley,
Miss M L Stratton,	Miss Ada Macdonald,
Miss A Hutchinson,	Miss N Moore,
Miss E Perrin,	Miss A Aldridge,
Miss A Croly,	Miss L Plummer,
Mr. R E Harding,	Mr. L Croly,
Miss Ida Taylor,	W D Scott, M.D.,
Mr B Yelland,	Mrs (Dr) Scott,
Mrs Dykeman,	Mr Harry Webber,
Mrs Yelland,	Mr E A Kemp,
Miss E Aldridge,	Miss Edith Smith,
Mrs Harding,	Mr A Raddon,
Miss Maud Taylor,	Miss L H Hughes,
Miss M Harding,	Miss Ada Blewitt,
Rev A T Dykeman,	Mr T M D Croly,
Mr Robt Anderson,	Mrs Croly,
Miss N Harding,	Miss Dolly Langford,
Miss Nicholls,	Mr E B Edwards,
Miss M A Nicholls,	Mrs (Dr) Hunter,
Mrs T F Matthews,	Mr W Barrie.

The address was elegantly arranged, and was a model of penmanship, to which Messrs D A Shaw and W Pringle, of the Business College, are entitled to the credit.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Every Housekeeper

and every housewife should be interested in paint. There are little things about every house that ought to be painted, but you don't paint them, because you don't know just how to go about it. We know your difficulties, and have prepared a booklet to meet them. It is called "Paint Points." It will fit your case. It tells the best paint for indoor use, the best paint for outdoor use; for floors, for bath tubs, for barns, fences, roofs, for houses, for chairs, tables, settees, for anything that can be painted. It is free. Send for it.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS VARNISH STAIN

is made to imitate natural wood—Mahogany, Oak, Cherry, Rosewood, Walnut, Ebony. It gives a room a fine finish, and at little cost. It stains and varnishes at the same time. It is ready to use when you buy it. It is sold by over ten thousand dealers.

For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

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DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

AUCTION SALE.

BY DIRECTION OF R. R. HALL ASsignee, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, at 329 George street, Peterborough, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., on

MONDAY, the 29th day of March

1897, the Stock in trade, &c., of the estate of Charles Legree, as follows:—

CIGARS	$601.89
PIPES	587.09
TOBACCOS	214 95
CIGARETTES	171.00
FIXTURES	250.00
Total	$1824.04

Stock list can be inspected on premises.

TERMS.—10 % down, 40% in cash within four days and balance secured at 3 months to satisfaction of Vendor.

JOHN MAGGART, Auctioneer. STRATTON & HALL Vendor's Solicitor 6d

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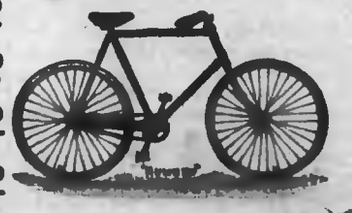
do	Leader	70.00
do	Duke	50.00



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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 74. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

HE SAW THE CAPTURE

Detailed Account of the Fighting at Malaxa.

Bomb After Bomb From the Sultan's Warships Passed With Terrible Thunder Over the Insurgents, but They Rallied Again and Again and Finally Captured the Fort and Secured the Stores—Then the Whole European Fleet Opened Fire and the Block House Was Demolished—The Cretans Feel Desperate.

New York, March 28.—Sidney Roberts Burleigh cables to The Journal from Canea, Crete, under Friday's date, the despatch having been delayed:

"I was an eye-witness of the assault and capture of the fort at Malaxa by the Cretans. The insurgents bravely faced the fire of the Turks, and showed no fear when bombarded by the foreign warships. I went through the Turkish line to Malaxa village Wednesday, and that night the Greek officers who are serving with the Cretans planted a battery of Krupp guns a little over a mile from the fort of Malaxa, which was occupied by the Turkish garrison. They began firing at 6 a.m. and at 3 p.m. I saw a white flag floating from the fort. The Turks from the warships in Suda Bay had, previous to the raising of the white flag, tried to relieve the fort, but were driven back by the Cretans.

When the white flag was raised a thousand Cretans swarmed about the walls of the fort. I went down from the hill, where I had been watching the combat, and reached the entrance of the fort. This position was packed with Cretans, shouting to be let in. On the threshold stood half a dozen Greek officers and volunteers, holding the door and trying to save the garrison from the mob, wild with the carnage of battle. The Turkish commander, Bimbashi, through the door, requested me to interfere. I advised Bimbashi to open the door, saying I would do the best I could to save him.

"Bomb after bomb from the Turkish gunboats passed with dreadful thunder over the Cretans around the fort. The crowd bent to the earth in hushed silence as the death-bearing missiles came by them. They were soon up again and rushed for the door of the fort. The door was opened and I entered with four officers. There were forty-five men still living in the fort. In spite of every effort to hold the door, the Cretans kept forcing their way in to take the rifles.

"Just then the whole European fleet at Suda opened fire on the Cretans crowded about Malaxa. The third shell knocked in one corner of the fort, the dust, stones and flames filling the air. Turkish officers clung to my arms and with difficulty I dragged them to the door. Just then an enormous shell burst open the door and the wall fell in. I escaped with the Turkish officers to the outside air and, yellow with dust and smoke, and with shells bursting in every direction, everyone took flight.

"The European bombardment lasted only 15 minutes and only four Cretan insurgents were killed and twenty wounded. The number of Turks killed is unknown, as they were buried under the debris of the fort. Thirty-nine Turkish prisoners were taken to Col. Vassos' camp.

"The Cretans fought recklessly and behaved humanely, considering the custom for ages of killing the vanquished. The Turkish garrison made a good defence at first, but got demoralized in the afternoon. There was in the fort plenty of ammunition, food and water. The Greek shells did no great damage, but frightened the garrison.

"After the frightful bombardment by the European ships, the Cretans feel desperate, and never will they accept the form of government proposed.

"An Ottoman transport has just landed troops and weapons here."

HELPING THE TURKS.

Moslems Armed by the Powers Armed by the Turks and Sent to Fight.

Canea, Crete, March 27.—The details of the affair at Malaxa place the powers in a decidedly unfavorable light. Instead of sending a soldier with the notification of the admirals forbidding the Cretans from attacking the fort, a native was sent, who, when questioned, became entangled in contradictions. The document was written on a dirty sheet of paper, and the Cretans thought it might be a trick of the Turks to prevent them from taking Malaxa.

There is also a disagreement as to the neutral zone. The Cretans declare that Malaxa was outside the neutral zone proclaimed by the admirals. I have seen two witnesses who declare that many Moslems rescued by the Europeans from Candamus have been armed by the Turks here and sent out to fight the Christians. This is a breach of the agreement made by the Consuls with the insurgents.

Letters from the chiefs at Mirabello, in the east of the island, declare that the admirals sent messages to them saying that it was useless to resist any longer, that the rest of Crete accepted autonomy, and that Colonel Vassos was about to give in. This was either a misrepresentation or a gross mistake, the chiefs answered that the rest of the island might accept autonomy, but they would prefer extermination.

Another Bombardment.

There was another bombardment of Malaxa yesterday by the European fleet. An officer on board one of the men-of-war described it to me, as follows:

"The Turkish authorities said they would send three thousand men to occupy Malaxa. The bombardment was to clear the place for them. I was looking at the insurgents through a glass. They were sitting around in large groups, smoking, expecting nothing, and looking calmly down on Suda. The first shell fell among them, and when the smoke cleared away not one was to be seen. All must have been killed. No Turkish troops went toward Malaxa.

"The admirals assure the Cretans that they are friendly, yet deliberately drop shells among them. This is nothing less than war by Europe against the Cretans. That the blockade is purely against the Christians is proved by the fact that a Turkish transport has been landing arms, ammunition and cannon in Canea all day.

"I know that the insurgents intend to attack Perivolia and drive the Turkish troops off the heights. All about Canea the insurgents remain firm, and should the powers persist war will sweep the island from end to end."

Protecting the Water Supply.

Canea, March 28.—Three hundred international troops have been despatched to the village of Outsonnaria, where are located the springs which furnish this city with its water supply. They will guard the springs to prevent their capture by the insurgents, which, were they to obtain possession of the water supply, would practically have Canea at their mercy. Since the capture of Malaxa by the insurgents they have massed themselves on the heights above the town of Suda, and commenced an attack upon the Izzedin fort. To-day the Italian warships in Suda Bay, supporting the Turkish garrison, fired upon the Christians.

The Prince Has Started.

London, March 27.—A despatch from Athens says that Crown Prince Constantine finally started for the frontier of Thessaly last evening.

Likely to Cause More Trouble.

Athens, March 28.—A band of Armenians, Cretans and Greeks have boarded an Egyptian steamer at the Piraeus and forcibly released an Armenian prisoner who was being conveyed from Syria to Constantinople. The incident is likely to cause complications.

Warfare, Rapine and Pillage.

Canea, March 28.—The conditions which prevail throughout the island beggar description. Warfare, rapine and pillage are going on in every direction, and thus far the forces of the powers have been absolutely powerless to preserve order even in the coast towns. The Cretan Christians and the Greeks are firmly resolved to bring about the annexation of the island to Greece, while the Moslems appear to be equally determined to prvent such consummation.

The Turks declare that if the island is handed over to Greece they will massacre not only every foreigner, but even their own women and children, and then fight the Christians to the bitter end.

SEEN BENT ON WAR.

The Controllers of Events in Crete Show No Signs of Conciliation.

London, March 28.—The Telegraph will to-morrow publish a despatch from Suda stating that insurgents to-day fired upon a Russian torpedo boat, which replied to the fire. The despatch adds that it is feared that a war without quarter will shortly begin with the Cretan Christians united against the Turks and Europeans.

The despatch confirms the reports concerning the desperate feeling that exists in the island.

Fired on a Russian.

London, March 28.—The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Athens saying that those exercising the greatest influence on public opinion seem bent on war.

The despatch adds that communication has been established between the Greek officials and Col. Vassos in Crete by means of flash signals.

She appeared to be somewhat excited when he came home that night, and he naturally asked the cause.

"The man in the top flat has fallen in love with our nursemaid," she said.

"What of it?" he asked.

"He's been trying to get her to elope with him."

"Do you mean the man that practises with the flute every night?"

She said she did, and he made a dive for his pocketbook.

"Tell the maid," he exclaimed, excitedly, "that I'm a poor man, but I'll give her $10 if she'll do it!"—Chicago Post.

THE SEAL CATCH IS SMALL.

Eleven Steamers Report Only 21,000 Seals—A Very Poor Record.

St. John's, Nfld., March 27.—News from the east coast sealing fleet was received to-day. Out of 16 steamers fishing in the North Atlantic, 11 have been heard from, whose combined catches are only 21,000 seals, less than a load for one steamer. This is the worst record for 100 years. There is little likelihood of the fishing being retrieved later from the total failure. Including three laden steamers fishing in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, only 75,000 seals are now reported, and it is not probable that this number will be doubled before the close of the season, whereas last year's total catch was 220,000, which was regarded as much below the average.

FOSTER'S HOT SPEECH

So Effective That a Reply Was Considered Necessary.

That Was the Reason Sir Richard Cartwright Moved the Adjournment of the Debate—Speculation as to the Length of the Session—Talk of Sir Charles Tupper Being Elevated to the Peerage—U. S. Fishermen Encroaching in British Columbia Waters—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 28.—(Special.)—It is generally conceded that Mr. Foster's speech on Friday evening was a most effective one, so effective, indeed, that the Government, which was anxious to close the debate on the address that evening, could not allow Mr. Foster's points to pass unanswered. Accordingly it was decided that Sir Richard Cartwright should reply. This accounts for his moving the adjournment of the debate.

Just how long the debate on the address will continue it is not possible to say. It may finish to-morrow; then again it may last for several days.

Sir A. P. Caron will follow Sir Richard, and report has it that Mr. Dupont, representing the ultramontane view, will also speak to morrow.

Members of Parliament are speculating as to the duration of Parliament. The report, to which allusion was made the other evening, as regards a possible adjournment from June until September, is discredited. Unquestionably, however, members on both sides are anxious to get to their homes before Dominion Day. Of course at so early a period in the session it is the merest speculation to attempt to predict what may happen, but, inasmuch as both Mr. Laurier and Sir Charles Tupper are anxious to get to England in June, this fact alone should aid the progress of public business. The Governor-General, also, it is said, would like to cross the Atlantic this year, and would not be averse to seeing Parliament wind up its work before his departure.

At the Opposition caucus next Wednesday it is not unlikely some discussion will take place regarding the position which the Conservative party will assume in reference to the sessional program.

In connection with Diamond Jubilee honors, an interesting rumor is in circulation here that Sir Charles Tupper may be raised to the peerage for his services in promoting unity of the Empire.

A. P. Low of the Geological Survey, who is to accompany Commander Wakeham on his trip to Hudson's Bay this spring, has left for Halifax, with the object of procuring suitable boats for making an exploratory survey along the shores of Hudson Straits.

There is a prospect of international complications arising out of the encroachment of American fishermen in Hecate Straits, which lie to the north of Queen Charlotte Island, B. C. Last fall the Dominion Government steamer Quadra was sent to these straits, where there is good halibut fishing, for the purpose of warning American fishing vessels away and preventing poaching. At the particular time the Quadra was at Bellacoola there were none of the American fishing vessels there, but notices of warning were left with missionaries to hand to captains of the vessels this spring, which was done. Now, it appears, the Americans have raised the contention that these straits are neutral waters, and unless a bold front is assumed upon it by our Government, there will be trouble thereabouts. Under the treaty for delimitation of the Alaska boundary, 20 miles square of territory was conceded by Canada to the United States, and, unless the Government acts vigilantly, further accessions of territorial jurisdiction will be secured by the States.

The report of the joint librarians of Parliament states that since last session they have procured journals of the Legislative Council of New Brunswick from 1786 to 1836 and of the Legislative Assembly from 1810 to 1816. The journals of the Legislature of British Columbia, not obtainable in print, are in process of being copied for the library. The librarians point out that the increase in the number of works required on account of a sudden or general demand is making inroads on space with embarrassing rapidity. Since last October several important works have been added to the Canadian section.

From present appearances the civil service of Canada has fallen on evil days. It is said that the bill to amend the Civil Service Act will make sweeping changes, even to the extent that no appointments hereafter will be of a permanent nature. The fact also that superannuation is to be abolished indicates that a position in the service hereafter will not be quite the soft snap which in the past it has generally been supposed to be.

A. W. Porte, S. H. Parsons, George Ritchie and others, of Toronto, are seeking incorporation as the Toronto Biscuit and Confectionery Co., with a capital of $100,000.

Hon. Peter White and J. D. Edgar are gazetted Privy Councillors.

This promises to be a big year for Ottawa in the building line, buildings being under way aggregating over a million dollars.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen will attend the convocation of Queen's University the last week in April.

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Wanted.

WANTED.
SMALL HOUSE in Stony Lake, for the season. State particulars and lowest cash-in-advance price. Address BOX 4, REVIEW Office. 6d72

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. 6d6.f

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary, $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 100 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BUNNHAM, Peterborough. 30ood

BARGAINS.
SECOND HAND REFRIGERATOR, large size, cost $40, for $16. WIRE MEAT OR MILK SAFE, cost $4, for $2. GEORGE STEPHEN & SON, 134 Hunter Street. 6d74

New Advertisements.

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethune Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

ASSIGNEES
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Captain Sinclair, M.P., leaves Ottawa for England via New York April 9.

Mr. J. A. Ritchie, barrister, of Ottawa, has received official notice of his appointment as County Crown Attorney and clerk of the peace for Carleton county.

BLEW OUT THE GAS.

Achille Charest of St. Jean Baptiste Died That and Died—Mgr. Langevin in Montreal.

Montreal, March 28.—(Special.)—On Saturday morning a man in the employ of Ture Auclair, St. Jean Baptiste, named Achille Charest, was found dead in his bed, having blown out the gas and gone to sleep.

Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface arrived in Montreal last night from Winnipeg, and was met at the Windsor Depot by Rev. Father Lecombe, the well-known missionary of the Northwest. It is His Grace's intention to meet Mgr. Mery Del Val, the Papal ablegate, here on his arrival from New York. His Grace stated that he was confident that the mission of the ablegate would be successful, and that all matters which he was instructed to investigate would be satisfactorily arranged.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Timber Limits

In the Townships of Cavendish, Anstruther and Harvey, known as

"The Scott Limits"

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Memorandum of Agreement, dated the 15th day of September, 1890, made between The Dickson Company of Peterborough (Limited) and J. W. Henry and Sons, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Oriental Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on

Thursday, the 15th day of April, 1897

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, those valuable Timber Berths or Limits, commonly known as "The Scott Limits," situate in the Townships of Anstruther, Cavendish and Harvey, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, particularly described as follows:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF ANSTRUTHER:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 4 inclusive, and 12 to 17 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 5 inclusive, and 14 to 17 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and 12, 13, 16, 17.
do 5, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, except 13 and 14
do 6, Lots 1 to 13 inclusive and 16.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
Containing in all 28,200 acres, equal to 44¼ square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF CAVENDISH:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive
do 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive, and Islands Nos. 2, 3, 4.
do 6, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, 18, Island Lot 19, Island No. 1, and Lots 22 to 29 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 16 to 29 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
Containing 39 900 acres, equal to 62 square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF HARVEY:

Concession 7, Lots 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28.
do 8, Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
do 9, Lots 25, 26, 28.
Containing 4,400 acres, equal to 6¾ square miles, more or less.

Also the following Patented Lands in the said Township of

HARVEY:

Lot 15, Concession 8 and Lot 15, Concession 9

All the foregoing Timber Berths are under License from the Department of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario and are subject to an annual ground rent of $3 00 per square mile and to the Crown Timber Regulations relating to timber dues, locations etc. They are well timbered, principally with White Pine, besides Cedar, Hemlock and other woods. They are well watered for the driving of logs, the streams which are well improved with dams, slides etc., being tributary to the Mississaga River. The extreme distance from these limits to the town of Peterborough is about 30 miles.

The whole property described will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to the right of the vendors to buy same in.

TERMS.—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Vendors at the time of sale, a further payment of twenty per cent. in one month thereafter and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum secured upon the property in manner appropriate to its peculiar nature.

The other terms and conditions will be such as are usual upon sales under the power contained in a mortgage and will be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendors' Solicitor.

For further information application may be made to

MESSRS. BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto Building, Toronto.
MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH & CASSELS, Solicitors, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto and to the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough March 3rd, 1897.

A. P. POUSSETTE,
379 Water Street Peterborough,
Solicitor for the Vendors, the Dickson Company, of Peterborough, (Limited.)

This advertisement is published by leave of His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Peterborough.

Probabilities.
Becomming decidedly milder; fair to-day; rain in many places to-night

R. F.
MILLINERY
OPENING DAY,

TUESDAY, MARCH 30
And Following Days,

We will raise the curtain on the grandest display of Rich and Fashionable Spring Millinery, Jackets and Capes ever shown by the Golden Lion.

The beauty of this exhibition will surpass the sanguine expectations of the ladies, as we feel confident in asserting that in point of attractiveness and superior values, no house in Peterborough excels our display.

In High-class Millinery, we will show the cream of the leading fashions in:

NEW HATS,
NEW BONNETS,
NEW SHAPES.
NEW FLOWERS,
NEW NOVELTIES,
NEW TRIMMINGS.

In WRAPS, we will show exclusive styles in:—

Ladies' Jackets, Ladies' Wraps
Ladies' Capes, Ladies' Cloak

The variety is far in advance of past efforts, and many of the styles are to be seen here only.

A full attendance of Ladies is respectfully requested.

ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
283 George Street, Peterborough.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.
Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.
Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. HILKER,
Agent and Asst Sec

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cow pens, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONBY, 68 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d676

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

Warwicks are Built on Honor.

At the first Canadian Cycle show at Montreal was seen the Wheel that is "Built on Honor."

The Exemplification of Perfection . . . .

THE WARWICK

. . . . The Vermilion Rimmer is a Winner.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE . . . . . .

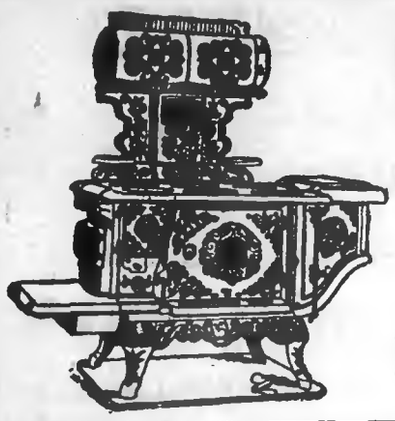
WARWICK PNEUMATIC CUSHION FRAME.

Takes up all the jar and vibration on Rough Roads. To TRY one is to BUY.

CATALOGUES FREE.

Agents Wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER
392 George Street.

Now is the Time To Have Your Bicycle Cleaned and Put in Shape For Another Season's Riding Bring It To Us If You Want it Done Right.

O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 89. - - - ☞ Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1896 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition. 1896 price	125, at	65
1 Comet, 1 (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EASTER RATES

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard form if school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third

Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th., '97.

GENERAL PUBLIC

Single First Class Fare

Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive, Return until April 20th, '97

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 380 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

☞Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 48. d88w

Horrors of Dyspepsia

Sour Stomach, Heart Palpitation, Nervous, Sleepless

Now Able to Do All the Housework —What Cured Her.

The excellent qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a stomach tonic and appetizer enable it to relieve and cure dyspepsia even when cure seems hopeless. Read Mrs. Willett's letters:

Letter No. 1

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very

Weak and Nervous.

About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Still Praising Hood's.

Letter No. 2

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897

BESIDES being loyal, the Opposition at Ottawa promises to be exceedingly active.

THE Hardy Government last year bought 300 corkscrews, valued at $92.17; playing cards, 52 packs, $23.70, 45c a pack, allowing for a stiff rake off to somebody, and four New Testaments at $1.70. More signs that it is time for a change.

Mr. Laurier continues to tell the country that it is in possession of definite information regarding the tariff policy of his Government. If the country has it in its possession it would be exceedingly obliged to Mr. Laurier if he would tell just exactly where that information is concealed.

THE new Franchise Act is to be the first important legislation on the Government's programme at Ottawa. Sir Oliver Mowat has been working on this. It will be well to scan it carefully when it appears. If Sir Oliver loses an opportunity to give the advantage to the Government party he has changed his ways since he went to Ottawa. It is difficult to see just exactly what "the adoption of the provincial franchise" means.

"LET this year as of old be a year of remission. Let the past be forgotten." This was one of the concluding sentences in Mr. Laurier's speech in the debate on the address, and, in view of the somersaults that Mr. Laurier and his Government are called upon to make, no one will be surprised that he would desire the past to be forgotten. If Mr. Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Tarte and the others, could have their past forgotten they might appear to be consistent, they might be entitled to some credit as statesmen who were sincere in what they advocated. But the past cannot be forgotten. That's the trouble.

THE ordinary business man, who takes no active part in politics, would probably at once say that it is within the province of a Board of Trade to discuss and express an opinion on the trade matters of the country, whether it be in connection with Government acts or policy already enacted or announced, or whether it is in some discussion as to what action should be requested of a Government to remedy such and such a state of things that may exist to the injury or detriment of trade. That such discussions would result in the introduction of politics and the marring of harmony by arousing political animus would be the fault of the gentlemen who compose the Board of Trade. Such questions should be—if the Board of Trade or any non-political society is to continue in existence—discussed on broader lines than politics. They must be looked upon and dealt with as trade matters, questions which affect the mercantile or industrial interests of the country. If such questions cannot be discussed without political bias being introduced there is something wrong. It is done in Boards of Trade the world over, and much of the usefulness of such bodies is found in the means they afford of gaining the opinion of the business community in regard to the management of the country's trade affairs. Politics should be kept strictly out of a Board of Trade, but it does not seem reasonable that trade matters should also be put outside the province of a body that calls itself a "Board of Trade." There is no doubt that such matters cannot be discussed without Government actions and policies being taken into consideration, but this does not mean that politics must be introduced and political feeling aroused.

COMING BACK FROM MAINE

Many French-Canadians Now in the United States Will Return and Settle in the Northwest.

Montreal, March 28.—(Special.)—Rev. Abbe Morin, the apostle of French-Canadian colonization in the vicinity of Edmonton, N. W.T., has just arrived from the State of Maine, where he has succeeded in working up a good deal of interest in emigration from that State to the Canadian Northwest. Rev. Mr. Morin will leave here for Morinville about the 8th of April, and he will be accompanied by three delegates representing a dozen or more families settled in Maine, who are desirous of bettering themselves in Western Canada, and if the delegates find the country to their liking the little colony will move westward, followed, no doubt, by many others who desire to return and settle down under the British flag.

Hon. Messrs. Flynn, Beaubien and Bergeron addressed a very large meeting yesterday at Valleyfield.

Mr Adolph Chapleau will leave the Province for a few weeks for the benefit of his health.

JUBILEE CELEBRATION.

Extensive Preparations for the Reception of Hon. Mr. Laurier as Premier of Canada.

London, March 27.—(Montreal Star Special.)—It is understood that the official organizers of the Jubilee celebrations will be instructed to give special distinction to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier as the Premier of England's only confederated colony.

Everywhere one hears of Canadian and colonial fetes being arranged in Mr. Laurier's honor.

It is believed Mr. Chamberlain would readily extend the invitation to the Provincial Premiers, if the Canadians expressed a strong wish, Mr. Laurier's pre-eminence being, of course, retained.

Canada's friends here say that eight Provincial Premiers, with a French-Canadian Federal leader, supported by Canadian troops, would be the most magnificent evidence yet given of Canada's unity and progress.

A London Printer Killed.

Cuba, N.Y., March 27.—A printer named John Brown of London, Ont., was struck and killed Thursday afternoon by an Erie train while in the act of crossing the high viaduct east of this village. Brown had unsuccessfully applied for work at the two printing offices in this village, and at the time that he met his fate was in the act of leaving town. The age of the deceased was about 50 years. His identification was made possible by papers found in his possession.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Items Culled From the Despatches and Rolled Down to Paragraphs to Save Space.

Victor Hudon, for many years a leading business man of Montreal, is dead, aged 53.

Mr. John Collison, proprietor of the Collison House, Harriston, Ont., died on Saturday evening.

The Pope on Saturday received the Right Rev. Henry Gabriels, D.D., Bishop of Ogdensburg, N.Y.

Mgr. Mery Del Val, Papal ablegate for Canada, reached New York last evening. He declined to speak of the object of his mission.

Two hundred persons are homeless at Norfolk, Va., as the result of a great fire yesterday, which caused a loss of between $150,000 and $200,000.

At Jackson, Miss., all able-bodied men have been called out to guard the levee against the flood. The position is critical but hopeful. All business is suspended.

William Pickard of Montreal died from apoplexy at the Hoffman House in New York yesterday afternoon. He was an insurance man, and leaves a widow and two children.

At St. Paul, Minn., the Missouri River is within a few inches of the overflow point, and it is expected that 7000 people on the west side will have to leave their homes. Some of the manufacturing establishments are flooded in the basements.

Count Metuschke, whose engagement to Miss Ella Walker, daughter of F. B. Walker, of Hiram Walker & Sons, was announced some months ago, is in Detroit. Count Metuschke met Miss Walker in Egypt two years ago.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TROUBLE IS BREWING.

English Language Boycotted in the Transvaal.

A Dutchman Baited in Committee—The Colonial Secretary More Openly Than Ever Sides With Mr. Rhodes—A Sensational Message Received and Read at a Sitting of the South African Committee.

London, March 27.—Everyone is asking to-day whether Mr. Chamberlain is bent on war in South Africa. He and the Imperial Government have certainly set themselves to coerce President Kruger. That cannot be doubted after yesterday's sitting of the South African Committee. Mr. Schreiner, ex-Attorney-General at the Cape and an Afrikander leader, justified President Kruger as best he could, and urged again and again a policy of "confidence and real friendship" towards the Transvaal, but Mr. Chamberlain simply overwhelmed him with a long, high-pitched tale of the Uitlanders' woes and the provocations of the Boer policy. He skilfully led Mr. Schreiner up to the admission of Mr. Cecil Rhodes' influence in South Africa, and then piled up the grievances against the Transvaal and each possible breach of the convention of 1884.

"Is there not also a crusade against the English language? Do you doubt that?" demanded Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr Schreiner did doubt. "Oh, do you?" scornfully replied Mr. Chamberlain. "Then listen to this." He then read from the proceedings of the Sanitary Board, in which orders are now read in Dutch, though a majority of the members are English or Irish. "Have we got to talk Dutch now?" asked an English member. "Ja," replied the Boer chairman of the Board, and when Mr. Chamberlain read out "Ja" with his best ironic effect the committee laughed heartily.

Then followed a dramatic bit of by-play. One of Mr. Chamberlain's many secretaries handed him a cablegram, "hot from the wires." It proved to be a violent protest from the president of the South African League against Mr. Schreiner's defence of President Kruger, and warned the Imperial Government against a continuance of their apparent apathy. Without a moment's reflection Mr. Chamberlain read out the menacing message with tremendous effect, leaving Mr. Schreiner little chance to explain that this League president is a mere pre-eater, who publicly declared after the raid: "Give me 2000 men and I'll walk over the Transvaal."

Finally Mr. Chamberlain startled the committee by blandly asking what ought to be done with Mr. Cecil Rhodes for his part in the raid. Mr. Schreiner hesitated, and then discreetly preferred not to give any advice, though he agreed that the charter had better not be cancelled. This is Mr. Chamberlain's new glass-house diplomacy with a vengeance. After it even Dr. Jameson's story, with the astounding boast, "If I had succeeded I should have been forgiven," fell flat.

The situation is exactly summed up by Frank Carruthers Gould in one of his inimitable cartoons, which represents President Kruger and Mr. Chamberlain as two fur-ruffled tom-cats on rival house tops, getting their backs up and preparing to spring at one another. "Wanted, some cold water," is Mr. Gould's comment. No one supposes that Mr. Chamberlain would push the case against President Kruger so far in public if it is to end there. Fiery Rhodesians will hardly refrain from taking his broad hints. Even Dr. Leyds' departure from Pretoria, which Mr. Schreiner regards as a hopeful sign, only transfers the stormy petrel to Europe, where, with German backstairs influence, he may do great mischief.

MR. FORD'S COMMENTS.

War in South Africa Cannot be Long Delayed, in His Opinion.

New York, March 28.—Mr. Isaac N. Ford cables from London to The Tribune:

The critical situation in the East in reality causes less solicitude in England than the South African situation. The Cretan question can be settled whenever the powers make up their minds on the precise means of conciliation, but in South Africa there is no evidence of any desire for peace. President Kruger, having presented an exorbitant bill of damages for the raid, is accused of a deliberate attempt to provoke England to war, and Mr. Chamberlain, by his amazing cross-examination of Mr. Schreiner, has apparently been anxious to make out a case for war. What seems like an irreconcilable conflict has opened. Whether Mr. Schreiner be right in supposing that President Kruger has never forgiven England for cutting off the Transvaal from an outlet to the sea, or whether the millionaires are shrewd in their calculation that it is a matter of money, to be settled on a strictly cash basis, it is still evident that the race feeling is becoming embittered, and the most cautious observers are already convinced that war in South Africa cannot be deferred many years. The suppression of the English press in Johannesburg and the reactionary policy adopted against Uitlanders, are less significant than the evidence supplied by the negotiations with the Orange Free State, and the resumption of diplomatic relations with Europe, than that the Transvaal is trying to wriggle out of its treaty obligations. More important still is the line taken by Mr. Chamberlain in the South African Committee in subjecting a man of conciliatory temper like Mr. Schreiner to a cross-examination hostile in spirit and deadly in effect, while courteous in form. Mr. Chamberlain seems to have hardened his heart and stiffened his back, and is no longer the advocate of peace in South Africa. Mr. Schreiner was examined as if he had been a witness for the Dutch, and a determined effort was made to prove through him breaches of the treaty by the Transvaal, and its relentless opposition to reform measures. This exhibition was so remarkable that Dr. Jameson's testimony passed yesterday almost without observation. The change of tone on the part of Mr. Chamberlain indicates that the new High Commissioner, Sir Alfred Milne, will go out to the Cape with uncompromising instructions from the Colonial Office.

CHAMBERLAIN SEES DANGER.

Significant Words at a Farewell Dinner to the New Governor.

London, March 27.—A farewell dinner was given to-night at the Cafe Monaco to Sir Alfred Milner, the newly-appointed Governor of Cape Colony. Among the guests were Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, Mr. Balfour, Lord Rosebery, the Marquis of Lansdowne, Viscount Peel and Mr. J. Morley. Mr. Asquith, an old college friend of Sir Alfred, presided.

Mr. Chamberlain made an address, in the course of which he said that although the South African situation was not free from anxiety and even danger, he believed the problem was not insoluble. The common interests of the two races in South Africa were immeasurably greater than any differences between them. The British were always willing to concede to their Dutch fellow-subjects all the privileges of law they themselves enjoyed, and had shown, time and again, that they did not desire and did not intend to interfere with the freedom of neighboring states. Surely it might be hoped that the Transvaal would realize its duty and fulfil the obligations it had voluntarily assumed in the London Convention and extend the hand of fellowship to the foreigners who had so largely contributed to the prosperity of the republic.

The British nation was determined to uphold its rights under the Convention and its dominance in South Africa, if, as had been suggested, certain eminent men in South Africa, aspiring to an independent federation of states, in which Dutch influence would be dominant, were seeking the support of continental Europe rather than Great Britain. He viewed such a course as incompatible with British interests, even with the possession of Cape Colony, which was the most important strategic point of the Empire, and which was absolutely necessary to Great Britain as a great eastern power. Until such aspiration was frankly abandoned there could not be a final and satisfactory settlement of the question.

THE DEAF MADE TO HEAR.

Prof. Dussaud of Geneva University Has Extended the Phonograph Principle.

New York, March 28.—A London special says: It is announced from Geneva that Prof. Dussaud of the University there has invented an apparatus to enable the deaf to hear. The microphonograph, he has just issued magnifies the human voice in the same way that a lens magnifies. It is simply a telephone connected electrically with a phonograph, but a far more sensitive phonograph than Edison's ordinary model. A battery of one cell to 60, according to the degree of deafness, is used. Of course, the apparatus is useless in the case of absolute deafness, but such an infirmity is far rarer than is suspected. Ninety-five per cent. of so-called stone deaf persons can be made to hear and understand by Dussaud's invention. You speak into the phonograph; you make it repeat the words which are transmitted by a sort of microphone and speaking tube into the deaf ear. Prof. Dussaud is preparing for the 1900 exhibition an apparatus which will enable 10,000 people who may all be deaf to follow a lecture.

SAVED FROM A WATERY GRAVE.

Sixteen of the Unfortunates Lost From the French Steamer St. Nazaire Picked Up at Sea.

Greenock, March 28.—The report that the steamer Yanariva, a British tramp steamer from Newport News for Glasgow, had picked up some of the survivors of the foundered French steamer St. Nazaire turns out to have been correct. The Yanariva arrived here to-day and at once reported that she had rescued 16 of those who had been on the ill-fated steamer and who had taken to a small boat just before the St. Nazaire went down off Cape Hatteras, during a heavy gale. The look-out on the Yanariva sighted a small boat some distance from her displaying a signal of distress. She bore down to the boat and soon had the survivors on board, where everything possible was done for their comfort.

The boat which the Yanariva had picked up had contained 29 persons, but when the steamer sighted it there were only 16 persons alive in it, the others having died from the effects of exposure and hunger.

The survivors were exhausted when they were rescued, and if the Yanariva had not seen their boat they would all have been dead in a short time. Their faces were wan and haggard, their eyes were bulging from their sockets, and their scant clothing hung about them in loose folds. All were in a condition of greatest exhaustion and were unable to stand when they reached the deck of the Yanariva. Two of the number had lost their reason from the terrible sufferings they had endured, and they had to be restrained by the men of the steamer.

Domestic Science.

"My wife took a nap yesterday afternoon, and I kept the baby still two hours."

"How did you manage it?"

"Nailed his clothes to the floor and gave him a paper lampshade to play with."—Chicago Record.

A Padlocked Heart.

How many women lock their troubles and sufferings in their own hearts and silently endure misery and pain which would cause strong men to cry out in agony.

The sufferings of women are more than half unknown and unappreciated. The refined sensitiveness of their organism lays them liable to a thousand exquisite tortures which a coarser nature can never experience or comprehend.

The least derangement or disorder of the delicate special organism of their sex overwhelms the whole physical and mental being with weakness and wretchedness.

But it is a mistake to suffer these troubles in silence. They may be cured in the perfect privacy of home, without the repugnant ordeal of examinations and "local treatment," which the family doctor is sure to insist upon.

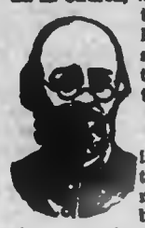
No physician in the world has had a wider or more successful experience in the treatment of woman's diseases than Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. His "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most obstinate and complicated feminine difficulties.

It is the only medicine of its kind prepared by an educated, skilled physician.

Mr. J. F. Saeed, of Omen, Texas, writes: "My wife was badly afflicted with female weakness. We tried three of the best physicians in the country without benefit, but at great expense. My wife grew worse, and we gave up in despair. She could not get in and out of doors without help; was not able to stand on her feet long at a time, complained of dragging down pains in abdomen. Nothing but an untimely death seemed awaiting her, when—happy thought!—the name of Dr. Pierce came to my mind. I wrote to Dr. Pierce received his advice, followed it, my wife improved perceptibly from the first two week's treatment, continued the treatment six months, and pronounced the *cure complete*, at a cost of less than one month's treatment by the last physician we employed before consulting Dr. Pierce. She used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and the lotions recommended by him. It has been two years since, and the good effect is permanent."

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.26 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.26 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12 05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5 25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 6 p.m.
Arrive.... .....8.15 a.m. and 3.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....6.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use andgotsted every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

(Mr. Stapleton can always be found at his house, Water-st., Peterborough. In case Mr. Stapleton should be out of town, attending sales, any orders or instructions may be left at the REVIEW Printing Office, where careful attention will be given.)

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Auction Sale of Farm in the Township of Otonabee, Lot 11, in 17th Con., known as the John Hunter Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p. m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31.—Cash Sale of Household Furniture, in the village of Keene, of Mrs. J. Gall, widow of the late J. Gall, at the residence. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 1st.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements of Mr. Samuel Doupe, on the premises lot 5, in 12th Con. of Dummer. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

FRIDAY, April 2nd.—Sale of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, of Mr. Samuel Hamblin, on his premises, lot 11, in 2nd Con. of Dummer, about ¼ mile from the village of Warsaw. Sale 1 p.m. No. reserve.

SATURDAY, April 3rd.—Mortgage Sale of Farm, in the Township of Douro, being Lot 6, in 7th Con., known as the Jeremiah Coughlin Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, April 5th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Moffat, on lot 2, in 2th Con. of Douro, known as the old Adam King farm. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, April 6.—Stock, Implements and Furniture, of Mr. Michael O Brien, on his premises lot 6, in 4th Con. of Douro. Sale 1.30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, April 7th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. G. W. Patrick, on the premises, lot 3 in 4th Con. of Smith. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 8th.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, of Mr. Philip Fitzpatrick on the premises, lot 14, in 5th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ON BLONDIN'S BACK.

THE MAN THE TIGHT-ROPE WALKER CARRIED ACROSS NIAGARA.

He Tells About the Difficult and Nerve-Trying Feat—The Intrepidity of the Famous High Wire Artist—A Horrible Moment.

Yesterday's papers announced the death in Ealing, a suburb of London, of the famous tight-rope walker, Emile Blondin, who was a native of France, born about 1830, and whose father was also a gymnast, says The Boston Herald. Blondin's notoriety in this country was achieved principally by his crossing Niagara Falls on a tight rope, which remarkable feat he first accomplished in 1859. The next year he performed the more astonishing deed of carrying a man across on his shoulders. This man was Mr. Harry Colcord, an artist, who is still living, and gives this account of the perilous affair:

"It was in the year 1858, and while I was still a mere boy, that I became tired of sailor life and came to Boston to look for something to do on shore. Shortly after my arrival in this city I made the acquaintance of Blondin, the tight-rope walker, who was a member of the Francona troupe, which included Martinetti and the famous Ravels. Having some natural artistic talent, I became, through the influence of Blondin, their scenic painter, and we traveled about the country with varying success until the beginning of February, 1860, when the troupe reached Cincinnati and disbanded.

"It was then that Blondin, who had seen and been greatly impressed with the beauties of Niagara, conceived the idea of crossing the great cataract on a tight-rope. He asked me what I thought of making the journey across the Falls on his back.

"At first I thought he was joking, but, on his assuring me that he was in earnest, I consented to accompany him, and together we started for Niagara to complete arrangements for the great feat.

"We experienced no little trouble in obtaining the necessary permits to extend the rope. But finally we succeeded in getting them from a man named Porter, on the American side, and went to work. Blondin wanted to carry the rope from Terrapin Tower and across to David's Hotel, which would have led us over the Horseshoe Falls, through the mist and spray of the great cataract.

"These arrangements were strongly condemned, because people said the spray would keep the rope damp and Blondin was sure to fall. So we stretched the rope from 'White's Pleasure Ground' across to Clifton House.

"The rope was 2800 feet long. It was of manilla, three inches in diameter, made in a New York ropewalk in two pieces. Blondin joined them with a long splice, which, when the rope was extended, was in the centre of the span. It took us nearly five months to stretch the rope and get the guy lines in place.

The rope was 250 feet above water at its lowest point. There were 75,000 feet of guy lines attached to the rope. Each guy was weighted with a 10-pound sandbag to drop them out of the way of Blondin's balance pole, and in putting them up the ropewalker crossed the span a score of times.

"At last we were ready to make the perilous journey, and, it having been advertised through the newspapers that I was to ride on Blondin's back, I became the subject of all kinds of adverse criticisms. Indeed, I was ready to back out of my agreement, when Blondin began to taunt me to such an extent that I finally decided that nothing could deter me from making the journey.

"Meanwhile Blondin had coached me as to what I should do. I was to put my weight on his shoulders only with my arms, and clasp his body about with my legs. But I could not put my weight on his legs, as that would encumber his movements. I had to keep all my weight on his shoulders.

"In July, 1860, everything being ready, I took my place on Blondin's back, and we started to cross the rope.

"We began the descent from the Canadian side of the rope, and by reason of the fact that I had to bear my weight on Blondin's shoulders and could only use my arms to support myself, frequent rests were necessary. I told Blondin when I wanted to rest and then dropped down on the rope with one foot and waited until my arms were relieved, when I would spring up again, using my arms to lift and hold myself in place.

"There was a great crowd present, but I did not see it at first. From my place on Blondin's back I could look out to the American side and see below the stunted pines, thrusting their sharp points up from the edge of the foaming, roaring waters, ready to split us in two if we fell. I remember that I was anxious to get over, and I recall, too, that the great rope before us swung alarmingly from side to side. We afterward ascertained that the rope had been swinging 40 feet at the centre.

"The swing was caused by there being a length of 40 feet between the guys on one side and those on the other. It was the middle span. Below us, 250 feet, roared the river, and over it we swung from side to side. Still moving on steadily, Blondin never trembled.

"When he had gone about ten feet on this middle span some one on the American side pulled the outer guy line. We afterward found out that it was done intentionally, and the rope was stopped in its swing.

"Blondin stopped, and his pole went from side to side in a vain effort to enable him to secure his balance. At one time his pole was up and down on the right side, at another up and down on the left, and I recall now with wonder that I was only curious to know whether he would succeed in gaining control of himself or not.

"Failing to get his balance, he started to run across the horrible span, and in safety reached the point where the guy rope came from the American shore. Then, to steady himself, Blondin put his foot on the guy rope and tried to stop, but the guy snapped, and with a dash of speed he ran swiftly twenty-five or thirty feet further, and said: 'Descendez vous!'

"The perspiration now stood out on his neck and shoulders in great beads and we balanced ourselves on the swaying rope. Presently he said, 'Allons,' and I raised myself to his shoulders, and we went on safely and without accident toward the shore.

"It was not, however, until we landed that I appreciated what had been done. Then it occurred to me that the man who had pulled the guy line was one of those who had bet that the feat could never be accomplished, and my indignation mastered any reactionary feeling of fear.

"You see, many thousands of dollars were bet upon the ability of Blondin to carry a man over, and human cupidity stops at no sacrifice.

"Then came the congratulations and praises of pluck and the rest of it, so that in my foolish, boyish elation, I soon forgot everything else.

"I shall never forget the wonderful tableau which the 100,000 people presented as they stood gazing up at us as we approached the shore. Thousands of them turned their faces away, or, half turning, cast anxious glances over their shoulders at us as we drew near the bank. Then the crowd became very much excited, and surged toward us, and Blondin stopped, fearing they would push each other over the bank.

"When the crowd was still again Blondin started once more, and with a quick run we soon came to the end of the rope and sprang to the ground. Cheer after cheer then went up, and I was seized in the arms of a man who lifted me high up in the air, saying, 'Thank God, this terrible feat is over!'"

"Would you have crossed again?"

"I crossed again, twice, the last time under the patronage of the Prince of Wales. He congratulated us, and gave us each a purse of $100. I would not make the same journey now for all the wealth in the world."

A LIFE STORY.

He is too young to know it now,
But some day he will know.
—Eugene Field.

Above the little sufferer's bed,
With all a mother's grace,
She stroked the curly, throbbing head,
And smoothed the fevered face.
"He does not know my love, my fears,
My toil of heart and hand;
But some day in the after years,
Some day he'll understand;
Some day he'll know
I loved him so,
Some day he'll understand."

A wild lad plays his thoughtless part
As fits his childhood's lot,
And tramples on his mother's heart
Oftimes and knows it not.
He plays among his noisy mates
Nor knows his truest friend;
His mother sighs, as still she waits,
"Some day he'll comprehend;
The day will be
When we will see,
Some day he'll comprehend."

The strong youth plays his strenuous part;
His mother waits alone,
And soon he finds another heart
The mate unto his own.
She gives him up in joy and woe,
He takes his young bride's hand,
His mother murmurs, "Will he know
And ever understand?
When will he know
I love him so;
When will he understand?"

The strong man fights his battling days,
The fight is hard and grim.
His mother's plain, old-fashioned ways
Have little charm for him.
The dimness falls around her years,
The shadows round her stand.
She mourns in loneliness and tears,
"He'll never understand,
He'll never know
I loved him so;
He'll never understand."

A bearded man of serious years
Bends down above the dead,
And rains his tribute of his tears
Over an old, grey head.
He stands the open grave above,
Amid the mourning bands;
And now he knows his mother's love,
And now he understands,
Now doth he know
She loved him so;
And now he understands.
—Sam Walter Foss.

AN ELEPHANT ON HIS HANDS.

What is the Case of the Lieut. Governor of Manitoba Conservatives Will Fight the Battle Out.

Winnipeg, March 26.—(Special.)—A year or so ago the Manitoba Government decided not to defray the expenses of the maintenance of Government House, with the result that it has been practically unoccupied, and has become a white elephant on the hands of the Governor. It is now proposed to convert it into a permanent home for Manitoba University, instead of erecting a new building.

The Manitoba Legislature will prorogue on Tuesday.

As Isaac Campbell, who would have been acceptable to the Conservatives as the Government candidate, declines to accept, the Conservatives have definitely decided to put forward a candidate of their own. Three well-known Conservatives are mentioned: George F. Galt, J. H. Brock and E. L. Drewry. They are all strong men.

There was a bitter personal encounter between Premier Greenway and Mr. Roblin, leader of the Opposition, at Saturday's session of the Manitoba Legislature. Mr. Roblin desired to challenge the statements of Mr. Laurier in the Dominion House regarding ballot box stuffing in Manitoba and sought to do so as a question of privilege. Mr. Greenway urged the Speaker to rule Mr. Roblin out of order, which the Speaker did, and then Mr. Roblin and Mr. Greenway indulged in personal abuse of each other, utterly disregarding Parliamentary etiquet of language. James Fisher, who declined to second Mr. Roblin's motion, also came in for a roast and for a while there was the liveliest kind of a time.

Sunday School Teacher—And what did David do to Goliath?

Newest Pupil—Aw, say! He didn't do a t'ing to him.—Truth.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye
1890
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

THE CANADIAN GENTLEMAN'S WHISKY.

FOR . . . .
CLUB, FAMILY AND MEDICINAL
. . . . USE

SEVEN YEARS OLD

THE BEST WHISKY IN AMERICA

Aged in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

Endorsed by leading physicians when stimulant is prescribed.

Pure, Old, Mellow.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

Quart Bottles and Empire Tourists' Flasks,

with Cork Lined Metal Caps, suitable for travelling.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne,
Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

FOR SALE
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RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—THE—
REVIEW STATIONERY
166-168 Hunter Street.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

EDWIN KLOOMS,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In THE REVIEW.

Tuesday and Wednesday

MARCH 30th. and 31st.

On account of the unfavorable weather, by which many ladies were prevented from visiting our *Spring MILLINERY OPENING, we will repeat the Opening on the* above dates.

Many New Novelties, just in, will be on view, in addition to the very fine display prepared.

All are invited. Store open until 9 p. m. each evening.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store

Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.
396 GEORGE ST.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE......
KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT

THE FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS
... WHITNEY OPERA CO ...
Presenting in an elaborate manner the highly successful dramatic opera

ROB ROY.

BY DEKOVEN AND SMITH, AUTHORS OF "ROBIN HOOD," etc.

The production given in the same perfect manner as during the run of six months at the Herald Square Theater, New York.

A SUPERIOR SINGING CAST
FULL AND EFFICIENT CHORUS
SPECIAL ORCHESTRA

PRICES.—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1 50. 5d69

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit

We have received a second consignment o these biscuits. They are popular and deservedly so, being made direct from the whole wheat without the use of flour or meal. Tasty, crisp and wholesome. They are a delicious relish for the tea table. Try a few You will like them. E. F. Mason & Co. d68tf

Y W C A Notes

To-morrow evening at 7 o'clock the reading circle is to meet and at 8.30 the glee club. On Friday evening the Board is anxious to meet with all the members of the Association, so keep yourselves disengaged for that evening. Reading room open every day and evening. Free to all women.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

OAK HALL.

New Books

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Forty-one Years in India, Roberts; Queen Victoria, Her Life and Reign, Hopkins; Re-incarnation (a Study of the Human Soul) Anderson; The Child, the Wise Man and the Devil, Kernahan; Clevely Sahib, Hayens; Long Odds, Hawley Smart; Master Ardick Buccaneer, Costello; The Case of Ailsa Gray, Fenn; The Forge in the Forest, Roberts; Medical Annual, 1897.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

THE STREET INSPECTORSHIP.

IT is understood that a by-law making an appointment to the street inspectorship will be presented at the meeting of the Town Council to-night. The by-law differs somewhat from the one that was introduced at the last meeting, inasmuch as the new one appoints Messrs. Ranney & Innes as street inspectors and leaves out any reference to the taking of street levels, which they proposed to do in connection with their other duties under the last by-law.

The new by-law, therefore, appoints Messrs. Ranney & Innes to be street inspectors at a salary of $550 a year, and provides that one of these gentlemen must give his whole time to the work of the street inspectorship.

We objected to the by-law as presented before, and we strongly object to the new by-law. Peterborough, it is admitted, has had trouble with its streets, the condition of which has not been what all would like it to be. Steps that would ensure a betterment or improvement would be welcomed by all citizens, but the discharging of one official, who gave fair services for the salary he received, and the employment of two men—engineers though they may be—for $550 is not going to improve matters. On the face of it, objection arises. Is an engineer going to give his whole time to supervising the town laborers and workmen for $550? If so, why? What Peterborough wants is a man, who, if he does cost a little more, will give the town proper streets. The town has one civil engineer and it does not require another engineer working under him to give good streets. Peterborough is not going into a system of street making, but it will be more in the way of street improving and mending that operations will have to be. Therefore the town wants an active man who can give a personal and practical supervision to the work. A practical man who understands street-making and the handling of men, a man who can be around and by personal inspection see what the streets require and by the exercise of good common sense have the necessary repairs made, is the man required. The town does not need a cheaper man than it has at present. If a change is to be made let it be beyond any doubt an improvement. As we objected before, two street inspectors should never be appointed. Who is to be responsible? Which one is accountable for this or that? Such questions will continually arise under any dual system. The Town Councillors need only go among the citizens to find out that there is a strong feeling against any such system, and in writing on this question the REVIEW does so solely in the interests of the town and of good streets. For the two gentlemen proposed for the office in the by-law we have nothing but words of commendation as far as their profession or citizenship is concerned. To appoint them as street inspectors, however, we believe in common with the majority of citizens, would be a mistake that would only have to be rectified in the near future, and if made workable at all would necessitate the employment of a foreman, which would mean expense and further division of the responsibility which should be centred in one man.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

We Invite

you to inspect our large and select stock of pianos, organs, sewing machines and small musical goods. Prices away down on easy terms of payment. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

SUNDAY SERVICES IN THE CHURCHES

THE EVANGELISTIC SERVICES AT THE GEORGE-ST. CHURCH ATTRACT GREAT CROWDS

Mr. Ranton Gives an Effective Address on "Bargain Markers"—Notes From the Other Churches and Congregations.

Mr. Ranton, the evangelist, addressed two immense congregations in the George-st. Methodist church yesterday, conducting services morning and evening. In the evening the church was crowded beyond its seating capacity, even after the draw seats had all been called into requisition. Much interest appeared to centre in the service, and the large assemblage was undivided in its attention.

A large choir conducted a song service from 6 45 to 7 o'clock, and the singing, not only in this opening service, but throughout was of a most hearty character. A duet was pleasingly rendered by Miss A Belleghem and Mr. Jas. Browne, and during the offertory the Misses Belleghem and Messrs. Mabee and Chambers sang a quartette.

Mr. Ranton had been announced to speak on the subject "Bargain-markers," and under this title made a strong evangelistic address which he based on the words:

For what shall it profit a man if he shall gain the whole world and lose his own soul? Or what shall a man give in exchange for his soul.—Mark viii, 36-37.

In the opening remarks the speaker referred to the life of Christ, who he pointed out, was wonderful as a physician, a teacher and a preacher. He went on to say that Christ was always practical and simple in his talk, and suited himself to his hearers, and if he was speaking to business men he thought he would talk as in the text "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" This was a practical question eighteen hundred years ago and was a practical question to-day. There was not a steamboat upon the waters, not a railroad that stretched across the country, not a syndicate or a co-operative system, not a merchant at his counter, not a banker at his desk, not a farmer on the farm, but the great question underlying their enterprise, underlying all enterprise, was "What shall it profit?" and God offered this most stupendous problem. "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul. The speaker then proceeded to deal with his text by taking the ideal worldling and picturing him with all that he valued most, whether it was money, education, honor or pleasures, in each of which he called up men who had been the ideal worldling in respect to these things, and yet none of them when possessed and the person came to die profited the man or woman. Put the world in the one balance and a human soul in the other, and for intrinsic value the soul far outweighed the world. He asked them to call up before them the particular thing that stood between them and Christ, and ask themselves if they satiated their desires here and at the end found themselves in hell what did it profit them? In this connection he referred to drinking, and said he had never been in any town in the last five years where he had seen so many evidences of drunkenness as he had here last night. "I don't know," he said, "whether your bars are closed on Saturday night or not, but if they are some of you got a hustle on for small bottles in the afternoon." He then dealt with the value of a human soul, speaking of its immortality and of the price—the blood of God's only Son—that had to be given to redeem a human soul. His address in this part was strongly dramatic and effective, and he concluded with an appeal to all who had not done so to close the bargain, and take advantage of the redemption that had been purchased for them.

The address to-night will be on "A Sinner on the Run," in which Mr. Ranton promises to speak to the young men.

IN OTHER CHURCHES.

Mayor Yelland addressed the George-st. Sunday school yesterday afternoon.

Rev. Mr. Young, of the George-st church, was preaching in Cobourg yesterday.

Rev. Dr. Torrance conducted a "review" at the St. Paul's church Sunday school yesday afternoon.

At St. Andrew's church yesterday Mr. Mulligan sang a solo at both services. At the evening service Miss Weddell also rendered a solo most effectively.

Rev Wm Peer, of Norwood, has been for past six months preaching at Havelock, and now the people there are considering the propriety of organizing a church.

A public meeting is being arranged under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Y P S C E for Monday, April 12th, when the Rev Wilbur F. Crafts, Ph. D., of Washington, D. C., will give an address on "The March of Christ down the Centuries." This will be in keeping with the Easter season, and as Dr. Crafts has already won for himself in Canada and United States commendation as "a speaker of great force and eloquence," an opportunity will in this way be given the people of Peterborough to hear this gifted divine. The Northwestern Presbyterian says of him:—"One of the most eloquen speakers heard in the Northwest—frequently interrupted with applause."

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

A Society Funeral.

The funeral of the late Stephen Roadhouse took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, Louis-st., under the auspices of the Oddfellows and Sons of England. The band of the Sons of England headed the funeral cortege, which was an exceedingly large one, the members of the two Orders represented being present in large numbers, while the employees of the Peter Hamilton works were in the procession in a body to pay a last tribute of respect to their deceased fellow-employee. Services were conducted at the house and at the grave by Rev. Mr. Dykeman, of the Murray-st. Baptist church. The impressive burial ceremony of the Oddfellows was performed in the chapel at the cemetery, and the casket was borne from the chapel to the vault between two lines of Oddfellows as the hymn "Nearer My God to Thee" was sung. At the vault the funeral service of the Sons of England was gone through with.

THE NORWOOD FIRE THE DAMAGE DONE

A FIRE STARTS IN A HAY LOFT AND BURNS THE M'WILLIAM'S BLOCK.

The Origin of the Fire is Unknown—Mr Jas. Mungraw's Hotel is Destroyed and His Furniture is Badly Wrecked.

About five o'clock Saturday afternoon fire broke out in the hay loft of Mr. O. Brennan's livery stable, Norwood. In almost an instant after the alarm was given the whole roof was ablaze. The flames spread rapidly to the neighboring buildings. In about fifteen minutes the livery stable fell in, and the McWilliams' block, just lately fitted up by Mr J B McWilliams, was one mass of flames. The contents of the building had been nearly all taken out.

The McWilliams block consisted of three shops and a hotel. The shops were occupied by Mr. Robt. Wilson, harness marker, who estimates his loss at about $45; Mr. Wm. Rogers, butcher, loss about $50; Mr. Chas. O'Reilly, implements. The hotel was occupied by Mr. Jas. Mungraw. All his furniture was taken out, but much of it was completely destroyed. He had $300 insurance. Mr. McWilliams' block was insured for $2,000.

Mr. O. Brennan's stable was insured, but the amount could not be obtained. The contents were nearly all saved, with the exception of two cutters, the harness and some other small things. The insurance was $600. Mr. Brennan estimates his loss on the contents at about $150. The stores on the opposite side of the street had a close call, but no damage was done aside from the windows.

The cause of the fire is not exactly known, but on Friday evening fire was discovered in the office which was soon put out. It is thought that probably some sparks from it had been smoldering away and broke out in the hay loft. Fortunately the wind was blowing from the northwest. Had it been blowing in any other direction the whole business centre of the town would have been swept away.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 234 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

At 36 Cents on the Dollar.

The stock of cigars, tobaccos, etc., of Mr. C. Legros, George-st., was sold this morning by auction by Mr. John Haggart. Mr. Legros bought the stock in at 36 cents on the dollar.

Lost a Finger

On Saturday the second son of Mr. Sandy Trotter got one of his fingers caught in a straw cutter, and it was so badly crushed that the doctor who forced to amputate it.

The Opera Rob Roy To-night.

At the opera house to-night Whitney's Opera Company will present the beautiful romantic opera Rob Roy. This company comes to us highly recommended, the press of Toronto speaking of it as one of the best attractions the local management has offered this season, and it is to be hoped that the opera house will be packed. The prices are 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50. Come early and avoid the rush. 1d74

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

The Town of Peterborough

While Making no Pretentious Boast

Is noted for the beauty and style of its women. This fact is reflected in the Millinery of Peterborough, which for refinement and style is second to no other town in Canada.

Our store stands pre-eminent in its ability to make the most satisfactory Millinery for our patrons. We cater to the best trade and we get it.

Our Opening is TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and following days. We ask the privilege of showing you our styles.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Young People's Society meetings.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Town Council special meeting.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. LAVLECHE.

The Kinetoscope and Graphophone.

Commencing Wednesday, March 31st, this attraction will open a four night's engagement at Bradburn's opera house. The pictures are all new and up-to-date and the music furnished by the graphophone is catchy and sure to please every one. Don't miss seeing the Empire State express as it is travelling 60 miles an hour. This one picture is worth the whole price of admission. Prices to all parts of the house 25 cents. Children 10c. Seats now on sale. 1d74

Personal

Mr. F. D. Kerr is at his home in Cobourg for a few days.

Mr. John Johnston has graduated from the Ontario Veterinary College.

Mr. E. L. Fish, private banker, Cobourg, is spending a few days in town.

Miss Nita Ladd, of Detroit, Mich, is a guest at the residence of Dr. King.

Friends in town of Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Nesbitt are in receipt of invitations to the silver wedding, 25th anniversary of their marriage. Mr. Nesbitt is an old Peterborough boy who some years went to Florida, where he is now residing. Congratulations are extended, and, though friends will be prevented by distance from joining in the festivities, wishes, none the less hearty, will be extended that the Canadian couple in their southern home may live to celebrate their golden wedding in 1922.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 GEORGE-ST.

THE BUGGY WAS DAMAGED

And the Occupant, Mr. J. J. Turner' Injured—A Horse's Lively Actions.

On his return from the funeral of the late Stephen Roadhouse yesterday afternoon, Mr. J. J. Turner met with an exciting experience. He was driving his horse, which is a frisky animal, and was accompanied by Mr. Wm. Hinchcliffe. At the Peter Hamilton works the equine became restive on the street, throwing its head high in the air and then lifting its feet with much force from the rear, striking the dash board and demolishing it and then smashing the shafts, ending by falling in the road. Mr. Turner in his endeavors to hold the animal was kicked in the leg inflicting a cut that occasions him to use a cane for support. Mr. Hinchcliffe escaped.

The Forestalling By-law

In connection with the forestalling case in the Police Court on Saturday the Chief of Police wants it understood that he has never enforced the forestalling by-law against packers who were buying dressed hogs, and the evidence on the charge in this case was regarding the selling of pork by the quarter. However, the Magistrate advised that hereafter the by-law be enforced as it stood, and if it was unfair or unwise then the Council would amend it. Accordingly the by-law will be enforced hereafter, and the Chief has so notified all the pork packers and wholesale dealers.

Excursion to Ottawa

Under the auspices of the Peterborough Board of Trade, on Monday, April 5th, 1897. A good opportunity to see the Parliament in session and view the beautiful Parliament buildings and grounds and the other sights of the Capital. Tickets only $3. Good to go on special train at 2 p. m. or regular train at 11.35 p. m., on Monday, the 5th, and on all trains on the 6th, good to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets only $2 from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood or Havelock, and $2.50 from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, the latter tickets, however, being good to return only on the 7th. 1tw

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 351 George St., Established 1871

REV. H. SYMONDS, M.A., ON CHRISTIAN UNITY

THE LAST OF THE SERIES OF ADDRESSES ON CHRISTIAN UNITY

At St. Luke's Church—Rev. H. Symonds' Excellent Address Before a Large Congregation.

The course of lectures in St. Luke's school house on the subject of Christian unity was brought to a successful termination Friday night when the Rector gave the last address in which he summed up and commented upon the previous lectures, and indicated some of the things tending to unity which might be reasonably hoped for in the future.

After the opening hymn and prayers Mr. Symonds said the course of lectures now brought to a close had illustrated the fact that there was a general and strong opinion that the present condition of Christendom is far from satisfactory. It seemed to him a hopeful thing that the speakers had spoken very briefly on the advantages of division and at great length upon its disadvantages. No doubt there were still many who could see no great need for unity, and still more who were not greatly interested in the matter, but on the whole the feeling in favor of unity has immensely grown and widely spread during the past twenty years.

Briefly stated these were:

(1.) The Holy Scriptures as the rule of faith.
(2.) The Apostles and the Nicene creeds.
(3.) The two sacraments ordained by Christ.
(4.) The historic episcopate locally adopted to various needs.

Of these the first three are generally acceptable. The fourth was not. The speaker here referred to the Roman, Anglican and Greek, Presbyterian and Congregational systems of church government, and pointed out the reason why the Church of England adhered to the historic Episcopate, which meant that the Episcopate can be historically carried back to the time of the Apostles and is the only form of church government which has existed uninterruptedly to the present day. At the same time the question was as yet unsettled, and he saw no prospect at present that the fourth term would be either relinquished by the Anglican or accepted by other reformed communions.

It was sometimes supposed that the Church of England made no concessions, but, under the guise of compromise, really asked the other churches to surrender to her. This was a great mistake. In order to make the matter clear he would suppose that the Presbyterians accepted all the Lambeth articles. Then what would take place? First the Episcopal ordination of all ministers, and of some of their number to be Bishops. But they would not be asked to accept any theory about the Episcopate. They might say "We do not believe Episcopacy to be taught in the New Testament, nor to be necessary to the constitution of the church; we accept it solely for the sake of peace, fraternity, and communion. Again, the Anglican Church neither asked the surrender of the Westminster Confession, nor the adoption of the 39 Articles as conditions of communion. She said nothing about the use of the Prayer Book, nor as to the forms of administration of the Sacraments, or the wearing of vestments. These were certainly real concessions, which bore witness to the sincerity of the proposals made. The Anglican Church never for an instant dreamed of asking surrender, nor does she by unity mean uniformity.

The next point which called for consideration was the attitude of the Church of England in regard to the acknowledgment of the ministerial status of ministers of other churches. Mr. Symonds reviewed the circumstances of the English people at the time when the preface of the ordinal was drawn up, which explained and justified its language. The question was: Did this rule imply that the Church of England denies the ministerial status of ministers of other communions. Procter, a standard authority on the Prayer Book, says: "The Church of England requires Episcopal ordination for the ministration of her officers; but it does not follow from this that in her judgment the ordinances of other churches are invalid because they have no Bishops." But though not expressed may not such a condemnation be inspired? What, in other words, was the mind of the men who were instrumental in the composition of the ordinal anent this matter. Archbishop Cranmer was throughout this period in friendly consultation and correspondence with the continental reformers who were Presbyterians. They gave him advice in the matter of the compilation of the Prayer Book and of the Thirty-nine Articles. Further, Cranmer not only corresponded with the Reformers of Germany but he invited some of their most learned scholars to lecture in the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, an invitation that was accepted by Bucer and Peter Martyr. Whilst then the ordinal decides strongly in favor of Episcopal ordination, it is impossible to suppose that Cranmer intended to declare the orders of those men invalid whom at the very time he was consulting and inviting to give instructions in English divinity schools.

After a reference to the number of societies that existed for the promotion of unity, such as the Home Re-union Society of England,

Continued on page 8.

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS

Interesting Items From the Railroads of the Grand Trunk

Two trains passed through Orillia last week carrying two hundred and fifty settlers and their effects for the Northwest.

During the coming season the Grand Trunk will make extensive renewals to their masonry between Toronto and Montreal, and on the Midland.

For some time past large quantities of elm blocks have been shipped from points along the Cobocouk line to Black Rock, N Y., where they are manufactured into hames by a company recently established.

Mr. Neil McDougall, brakeman on the Cobocouk train, is at present off duty, having had the misfortune to have the first two fingers of the right hand badly pinched the other evening while making a coupling. Mr. J. Greaves is relieving him at present.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles."

To Ride on the Streets.

At the meeting of the Town Council this evening a petition largely signed will be presented asking permission for bicycles to be ridden on the sidewalks of the town when the roads are in an unfit condition, George-st. from Brock to Charlotte, and Charlotte-st. from George to the G T R railroad to be excluded.

THE CANTATA "RUTH,"

The most beautiful of all cantatas, will be given in St. Andrew's School room, Tuesday, April 6th. Don't miss it. Keep the date open. Tickets at Mulligan and Potter's Music Store. 3d74

Brevities.

—This is real spring weather.

—The Town Council will meet this evening.

—Lindsay will support Brantford for the C W A meet.

—The Childrens' Aid Society has several children for adoption.

—The street railway resumed traffic Saturday afternoon, and is running to-day.

—Postmaster Guillet, of Cobourg, has received his notice of dismissal from the Government.

—Stationmaster Hayden, of the G. T. R., has been notified to assume his new duties at Wanbaushene on the 7th of April.

—It is understood that Stony lake island owners will appeal against the assessment imposed by the townships this year.

—The first Sunday drunk that has been in Police Court for some time was up this morning and fined $5 and costs. He paid the fine.

Mr. Thos. Dunn has been engaged to sing in St. John's church, Port Hope, on Easter Sunday.

—The Chatham Planet has issued a very creditable illustrated special, setting forth Chatham's advantages for the C. W. A. meet.

—The Citizens Committee to arrange for the celebration of the Queen's diamond jubilee will meet to-morrow evening in the Council Chamber, and it is hoped that every member will be in attendance.

—Two youths, thirteen or fourteen years of age, were in Police Court this morning, the one charging the other with assault. The accused lad was fined $2.

—Mr. J. Anderson & Co., stock brokers, have opened up again with J. R. Willard & Co.'s wire. Rooms in Bank of Commerce building, Hunter-st.

—On Saturday evening Mayor Yelland received a request for assistance from Norwood the fire there threatened to wipe out the business portion of the village. Before the Mayor had time to take the necessary action, however, word was received that the fire was under control.

—Mr. D. Breese, fishery overseer, was in Port Hope one day last week and with other overseers met the Inspector, Mr. O. B. Shepard, of Toronto, and considered the close season arrangements. It is said that next year the officials may recommend the close season to begin on the first of March.

—A case before Thomas Gillett, J. P., in which the school teacher, Mr. Stacey, of Mt. Pleasant, was convicted and fined for whipping a son of Mr John Boyd, created interest in Millbrook last week. "Without entering into the merits of the case," says the Reporter, "we think in the interests of the school children and the section, it should never have been ventilated in court, it being only a very trivial affair at the most."

—Owing to the inclemency of the weather Turnbull's millinery display will be continued this week and on Tuesday evening the store will be kept open when the whole shop will be specially decorated with all the new spring dress fabrics. To avoid confusion and enable all to see each department, visitors are requested to pass in by the north aisle and out by the south one. Clerks will be stationed at each department to show goods and quote prices, though nothing will be sold.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

YOU ARE ALL INVITED TO. . . . . .

Our Opening Display

— OF —

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,
Dress Goods and Silks, Jackets,
Capes and Blouse Waists,
Carpets and House Furnishings,
Cotton Dress Goods and Gloves,

— ON —

Tuesday and Wednesday,
MARCH 30th and 31st.

Special Gas Light Display on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, from 7.30 to 9.30. p.m.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.
340 George Street.

MASSEY-HARRIS BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	-	-	$85.00
Garden City	-	-	$75.00
Dominion	-	-	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH

King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an **Unapproached First Place.**

W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.

Business Wants Supplied.

Do You Need a New

LEDGER, DAY BOOK, JOURNAL, CASH BOOK,

Cash Blotter, Bill Book, Letter Book, or any article of Office Stationery.

SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,
164—166 HUNTER-ST.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD,
Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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361 Broadway, New York.

THE CITY . . .
Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right
☞No order too large or too small for our capacity.
REVIEW PRINTING CO.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

A Word To the Wise
IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones, **Gerard Heintzman, Karn** and **Whaley-Royce** not to mention many of lesser grade—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

We are showing one or two

New Styles
Attractive Prices

We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street Toronto

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DOCTOR JACK.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE,

Author of "Doctor Jack's Wife," "Captain Tom," "Baron Sam," "Miss Pauline of New York," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

the worst has come, and he without a weapon to meet it save those nature gave him. He is not the kind to give up easily, and although the janisaries heap themselves upon him, he struggles desperately against the heavy odds, and Mercedes, watching his magnificent efforts, can hardly restrain the admiration she feels for him.

Aleck, when the grand climax takes place, has been seized with a desire to make use of his chance. It looks as though their portion would be death now, and he has not forgotten what he declared to be his desire—"one chance at that devil before I give up." He endeavours to take aim, and as the Pasha knows not his danger, it looks as though doom were about to settle upon him; but Satan cares for his own, and just at this opportune moment one of the janisaries passing by receives in his shoulder the leaden messenger intended for the brain of the wily Turk. Ere Aleck can draw back the hammer of his weapon again, he is pounced upon by the emissaries of the Pasha and held in hands of iron.

All are secured but Jack. He has hurled his assailants from him thrice, like a mastiff shaking the water from his coat, but each time they return to the attack, and it is evident that by mere force of numbers they must eventually overcome him.

Some of them are for slaying the unbeliever, and steel flashes in the light of the lamp, but Abdallah Pasha dreams of even a more terrible revenge—speedy death is too good for a man who has braved him in his own palace—he would torture the American even as he has Aleck, and make him experience the horrors of a living death.

So he shouts out hoarse orders—the janisaries know the temper of their master full well, and there is not one dares disobey him. The flashing steel vanishes, and they devote themselves toward overcoming him with physical force.

No one is watching Mercedes, and her face is a study. Her sympathies are with the American. Once she even starts toward him holding the revolver Larry has dropped, but restrains herself, knowing how futile it would be, since such an act must only be the signal for general carnage. She has a better card to play than that.

All at once Doctor Jack ceases to struggle. The wonderful muscles become quiet, and he stands there breathing hard, yet looking around at his enemies undaunted. Three Turks hang upon each arm while half a dozen more await the least movement to hurl themselves upon his body.

Abdallah Pasha looks pleased. He sees all his foes captured, and it seems as though the victory is within his grasp. Like many another general, he jumps at conclusions without positive proof, and in making his calculations has left one person out.

Mercedes!

"Bring ropes," he shouts to his men, "we will bind them all. They shall see how sweet a place a Turkish dungeon is. Gangrene shall eat their flesh. Every breath they draw will be a curse upon the hour they ever traved the anger of a Pasha. Ropes, I say; tie them tight, until the blood stands in their veins like knotted vines. The dogs have come to test the hospitality of a Pasha—they shall discover how warm it is." He laughs like a fiend from Tophet, and rubs his hands together, then suddenly frowns, for in front of him Mercedes appears, and something in her face gives the Pasha a shuddering fit.

"What would you?" he asks, sullenly in Spanish.

"These men must go—you will not keep them here, pasha," returns the woman.

A sneer sweeps over his face. In common with all Turks he has a very poor idea of a woman's abilities, and thinks she is only fitted to be a man's slave, hence he imagines Mercedes means to try her power at pleading—that might have done before, but she has crossed the Rubicon, and become his wife, thus losing her power.

"Out of the way, woman. This is business fit only for men. He was your lover. You shall see how I punish him for crossing my path. Begone to your apartments!"

If he expects to see Mercedes obey, he makes the greatest mistake of his life. Those black eyes never leave his face, and he experiences a queer feeling—it is fear—something that never before came to him in connection with a woman—they have no part even in the Mohammedan worship, as they are not believed to have souls.

"Not yet, pasha. I shall not sleep to-night until every one of these—my friends—have reached a place of safety. And you yourself shall give the command that they be unharmed."

He stares at her in blank amazement, perhaps imagining that she has lost her senses. Then a grim smile comes upon his dark face. The electric midnight eyes do not once leave him, but they seem to have lost their power.

"I shall at once give the order for their execution," he cries, fiercely.

"And in so doing sign your own death warrant," she replies, with a contemptuous look.

"What do you mean, woman?"

"Abdul Hamid, your royal master, does not forgive a traitor. If his brother were found in communication with Russia his head must pay the penalty for his offense."

The stout pasha is seized with a species of vertigo. He trembles so that his lips twitch, and his knees seem to knock together. Into his eyes there comes a great fear, as though the woman's words have shot home to his heart. The Turkish Sultan has been known as a martinet in military affairs, and more than one of his subjects has suffered death because of being connected with some plot against the Abdul Hamid dynasty.

"You speak of a matter upon which you are ignorant. What reason have I to fear the Sultan's displeasure?" he demands, boldly, but his assurance is assumed, for secretly he is still trembling with that haunting fear.

"Ah! cast your eyes upon that paper, and tell me if you ever saw it before." She hands him a little slip, insignificant in itself, but containing several dozen Turkish names.

At sight of the magic paper the pasha has another desperate fit of trembling, and his teeth rattle in his head like Spanish castanets, while his bulging eyes, filled with terror, are glued upon the face of the woman who stands there—mistress of the field.

"Where did you get this?" he almost shrieks.

"I had a clew, and found the package of papers hidden under the arch in your private den. They were what I wanted to hold over you."

"Jesebel! you but seal your own death warrant. I shall have you share the fate of these fools, and thus prevent your lips ever betraying the secret you have discovered," but Mercedes smiles in his distorted face.

"That will not save you, pasha. The papers I have done up in a package, and placed in the hands of a friend. If I do not personally call for them when the bells of St. Sophia summon the faithful to prayer at sunrise, he is to lay them before the Sultan."

Abdallah Pasha feels his feet slipping beneath him. He has lost his hold. If what she says be true he will not be particular in a day or two with regard to the fit of his fez, as the chances are he will have no head upon which to wear it.

"You comprehend, pasha. Unless these—my friends—are allowed to depart in peace, your doom is sealed. There is no half way measure. Give the order for their release!"

Eye looks into eye. He knows she has won, and that he is beaten. Personal safety to a man of his calibre is of more value than any other consideration. He will even give up his most cherished revenge in order to save his life.

"They shall go, but I must have the papers at daybreak—you swear to get them?" he asks, huskily.

"Yes, I swear. Now, tell your men to release the prisoners, and not a man among the dogs must move from this spot for half an hour."

He obeys, and the janisaries fall back. His aspect is enough to terrify them. Beaten by a woman, he gnashes his teeth in impotent rage, and looks like a savage monster.

Mercedes sees Jack's face—it is filled with admiration and reverence. She chokes down a sob, and gives him her hand.

"Farewell, Senor Jack—we meet no more. I am glad that you owe me something. My fate is not to be envied here—perhaps some time you will think of Mercedes."

"God help me if I ever forget you. What do I not owe you? Is it impossible for you to go with us—must you remain?"

She hesitates, looks toward the pasha, shudders, and then remembers the face of Avis. That decides her. She must stay, since she cannot be more to this, her king of men, than a friend.

"It cannot be—farewell—forever!"

Doctor Jack turns away to hide the tears in his eyes. As he passes out of the door he takes one swift look backward, sees the pasha still grinding his teeth and shaking his fist after them. Mercedes' head has sunk in her hands, poor girl. Jack feels a lump in his throat that nearly chokes him as he hurries away.

The scene changes—they reach the shore where the boat awaits them. Entering, they pass over the dark water to the yacht. Six hours remain, then hot pursuit will be made, and they must depend upon artifice to save them. Mercedes has put a slip of paper in Jack's hand, and striking a match he reads:

"I have managed that the pasha's steam yacht shall be out of order. It will take them a day to get her ready for work. Beware of the forts at the straits."

"God bless her," says Doctor Jack, in his heart, then they reach the yacht, where Avis is waiting to greet them—Aleck first, as he is helped on deck, and then Jack, about whose neck her arms are folded as she whispers:

"Safe! Oh! Jack, what tortures I have endured."

"All is well now, love. See, already the anchor is up—we are off for Rome, where I mean to claim my reward."

No pursuit is made, but the pasha, after he has recovered his papers, sends a message to the forts to search every vessel. Our friends are in hiding, and the Thistledown is allowed to proceed.

At last they are upon the Mediterranean, and all around them is peace. Hand in hand Doctor Jack and Avis look back upon the troubled wake of the vessel—it is like their own past, while beyond lies the calm blue sea, promising a happy future.

THE END.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

WHERE LIFE IS CHEAP.

Horrors Revealed in Hungary, Where People Poison Relatives as a Matter of Business.

London, March 29.—The poisoning trial, which is still continuing at Hodmezoe, Hungary, has developed into the greatest criminal revelation of modern times. It is beginning to appear that murder by poison is a family custom in that part of Hungary. The victims are numbered almost by hundreds. Most of the accused persons denied everything at first, but when the woman Csordas, driven into a corner and seeing that she could not escape, began to reveal facts and to implicate the accused midwife, Jager, the latter not only made a full confession, but also referred to cases which had not even been suspected. She gave names and facts in such detail that the court was bound to order fresh arrests and the exhumation of 12 more bodies.

The number has increased still further, as all the accused are now vying with each other in making startling revelations. A pork butcher named Horvath, nick-named the Evangelist, because of his habit of quoting scripture, now stands accused of having poisoned his mother, father, parents-in-law, and finally his wife. The woman Csordas owns to having poisoned her sister and niece, in addition to the crimes of which she was originally accused. She also informed the court that the midwife Jager procured the poison from a chemist's assistant, whose arrest has been ordered. It was suspected that the cases under trial would prove only a small portion of the crimes actually committed in this one town, but the new disclosures are so far inconvenient that they will probably necessitate the adjournment of the trials.

A correspondent says there is not a house in Hodmezoe in which suspicion does not exist that deaths dating back several years are the result of foul play, and family ties in the town are being broken right and left.

Insurance for the amount of ordinary burial expenses furnished the motive in nearly all cases. In some cases it was an aged mother who was insured by her son and daughter, or an ailing sister by her brother. Sometimes it was a poor person who had nobody to care for him and was thankful to be received into a house on any terms. All these were insured for moderate sums. One man, who lived in extreme poverty, got $400 when his mother died, having insured her in five societies. Midwife Jager, it is said, always supplied arsenic, which was ready when the insured person became ill, and it could be given with the medicine without arousing suspicion. When death took place the doctor examined the body and declared that everything was in order, and the midwife was handsomely paid when the insurance money was received. In some cases persons previously insured were asked to dinner and received poisoned food.

Sorry for Si.

When I rode into Sparta Corners Si Jones was the cynosure of all eyes. That morning when hunting squirrels in Beazeley's woods he had discovered a hornet's nest that was forty inches in circumference and twenty inches long. It was hanging from several beech saplings, and Si cut the saplings with a jackknife and brought the nest home in triumph.

The trophy was the talk of the village and Editor Tunkey, of the Delphi County Era, after looking in the encyclopaedia under the head of "hornets," had declared in the hotel bar-room that the very largest hornet's nest on record in the books was only thirty-six inches in circumference and seventeen inches long.

Early that evening, while sitting in front of the hotel, I heard a commotion on the side verandah, and soon became aware of the fact that Si Jones had arrived. I could not see Si, but the conversation was perfectly intelligible.

"Hello, Si!" cried a voice.

"Well, well, well, Si!" drawled another voice.

There was no response from Si.

"Have a chew, Si?" ventured a third voice.

"No, try one o' my clear Havany cigars, Si," pleaded the voice of the landlord. "That was a bustin' big nest, Si."

"Think so?" expostulated a new voice—the voice of Si.

"A buster, Si!" cried the landlord. "Have a cheer, Si?"

"Don't care if I do," said Si, and then I heard the chair creek as he slowly seated himself.

At this point I turned the corner and joined the group.

I found no difficulty in identifying Si. His eyes were barely visible, his nose was a mere conjecture, his cheeks were red inflations, his lips were three times their natural size, his ears looked as if they had been blown up with a bicycle pump, and his hands resembled a pair of freckled boxing gloves.

Si submitted to being patronized a few moments, and then, feeling uneasy, moved down the street to the postoffice, accompanied by several attentive friends.

"That's Si Jones, the fellow that got the bustin' big hornet's nest," volunteered the landlord.

"He was terribly bitten, wasn't he?" I ventured. "I'm sorry for him."

"Sorry for him!" cried Sand, the grocer.

"Sorry fer him!" echoed the landlord, and all the assembled villagers gazed at me with mouths agape.

"Sorry fer him!" repeated the landlord. "Sorry fer a man that has busted the world's hornets' nest record higher'n a kite! Say, stranger, what lunytick asylum be you from, anyhaow?"

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

One reason why Scott's Emulsion cures weak throats, weak lungs, makes rich blood, and strengthens puny and delicate children is because all its parts are mixed in so scientific a manner that the feeblest digestion can deal with it. This experience has only come by doing *one thing* for nearly 25 years.

This means, purest ingredents, most evenly and delicately mixed, best adapted for those whose strength has failed or whose digestion would repel an uneven product.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY MARCH 29, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. E. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
B. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Climkenale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE — Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE —Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill

PRINTING COMMITTEE. — Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE —Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE —Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beak, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Wardle, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beak, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

PILL-ANTHROPY

Or philanthropy to give you good health for 20 cents—the cost of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills.

Sure, safe, quick and pleasant to act. No pain, no griping

For Sick Headache, for distress after eating, for Biliousness, for Coated Tongue, for Constipation, They work wonderful cures. All druggists have them. 40 in a vial, 25c. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

OAK HALL.

A FOOD AND A POISON.

DR. C. E. PELLEW ON THE USE AND ABUSE OF ALCOHOL.

Though Indispensable in Medicine, When Used to Excess It Is Worse Than Opium and Vitiates Character and Intellect.

Dr. C. E. Pellew, of Columbia University, in the last of a series of lectures discussed the other night, says The New York Times, "The General and Special Properties of Alcohol." He first talked about the theory that alcohol is a food, and admitted that it is such when taken in quantities below a certain limit, beyond which it becomes a poison.

According to Chittenden's experiments, alcohol has no effect on the gastric juice when taken in such quantities as to comprise 2 per cent. or less of it. From 2 per cent. to 10 per cent., it is usually helpful in the digestive process. Above this it is only harmful.

The notion that alcohol produces warmth is utterly wrong. This was discovered first in Arctic explorations. For fifty years the explorers have left the ingredient behind entirely, and have also left behind those addicted to its use. It drives the blood to the surface, and while it thus diffuses warmth through the skin and makes one comfortable for a short time, the blood has left the vitals, and pretty soon the temperature of the body is 2 degrees below the normal.

If you wish to endure the cold take something to keep the blood inside. Food will do this. So will coffee. But if you have got wet and come in cold and fearful of pneumonia, take some whisky, which will drive the sluggish blood about in your body, and then take food and go to bed, and you'll be benefited. But notice, take your whiskey after exposure, not before it.

But the use of alcohol, the blood is driven through the brain more rapidly and produces exhilaration. That's why men use it. If they would stop when the point of simple exhilaration is reached, it would not be so bad, but when too much is taken, it becomes a poison. The quantity which may be described as too much differs with individuals, and must be determined each one for himself. But the dividing line between alcohol safe and alcohol poisonous for every one is the point where exhilaration is succeeded by sluggishness. It differs in individuals, in races and in the same persons under different circumstances."

Alcohol becomes a poison very quickly. It is the most destructive of all poisons. It destroys one's life, intellect, character and the happiness of others. Coffee and tobacco destroy only those who use them. Alcohol emphasizes man's weaknesses. If he has a taint of the brutal in him, his brutal disposition is aggravated by its use. If he has passions of any kind, they are aroused by its overuse. Opium isn't as bad as rum for this reason: The Chinaman got it right when he said: "If me dlink lum, me go home and kick wife; if me eat opium, me go home and wife kick me." Men know there are certain things they are unable to do, but if they drink enough rum they will attempt to accomplish them, and thus will make fools of themselves, even if they don't go further and become beasts.

The alcoholic habit, or inebriety, which becomes a disease, is much less prevalent among the upper classes than the lower, because their superior intelligence and various business and social relations act as a restraint. It won't do now for a man to get drunk at dinner and be obliged to go to bed, as was once the case. The business and social world would not tolerate one who did it. This fact is having its effect on laborers. To hold their positions they must be strictly sober and the more responsible the position the severer is this rule, while the firms that will not tolerate an employe's indulging even in the social glass are becoming more and more numerous. This is working a great revolution.

The first requisite for curing the disease of inebriety was to strengthen the will. Take the Keeley cure. It's called the "gold cure," but there's nothing gold about it. Its success is due to the fact that two newspaper men took it and then printed in their newspapers that it had at last been discovered that drunkenness was a disease and Mr. Keeley had had sense enough to find it out. This flattered men, and they flocked to Mr. Keeley.

His method is this: He administers solutions of strychnine and two or three other drugs that brace up the nerves, and then gives his patient a bottle of whisky or brandy, and tells him to drink it, if he must. "But don't drink it if you can help it," he'll say. The patient of course drinks it. The next time the doctor sees him he gives a dose of apple morphine. This has the effect of producing the most frightful seasickness when one drinks rum. So that after the dose of apple morphine, if one takes a drink of whisky, he'll never want to take another. That's the Keeley cure, which, by the combination of drugs and enthusiasm works a temporary cure. But it is terribly exhausting to one's system, and if a patient backslides and takes the cure a second time his constitution is likely to be so shattered that it may kill him.

The true treatment is to build up the patient's nerves and system by slow and hygienic methods, such as physical and mental exercise, with a judicious use of drugs. But it should be remembered that when a man once has acquired the habit, no matter for how long he may leave it off, it is likely to return again with one glass of whisky. The use of alcohol produces the alcohol habit, but how and why it becomes a disease is not clear. It is ten times harder to reclaim a woman inebriate than a man, because of woman's inferiority in strength. Alcohol cannot be dispensed with as a medicine, because its substitutes are dangerous, and if taken, except in exactly the proper quantities, will kill, and they are likely to have a very destructive effect on the system.

The Dark Ages.

There are no fixed dates for the beginning and end of the Dark Ages and the Middle Ages. The Middle Ages, as a rule, are considered as ending with the Renaissance, which began about 1453; they began about 1000 years earlier, say 450 A.D. The Dark Ages were about the same as the Middle Ages. Learning was at a low ebb, or at all events the revival of learning in Europe after 1453 made the previous stage of learning seem low by comparison. Confessionals have not been introduced into Westminster Abbey. The Anglican Church does not treat confession as a sacrament.

Corrosive Sublimate for Potato Scab.

An Indiana farmer says he has tried corrosive sublimate for preventing scab on potatoes, with gratifying result. The sublimate is poison and should be handled by careful persons. It does not injure the hands, but is deadly when it enters the stomach.

Thoroughly Cured.

"George, I hope our boy will never smoke."

"I don't think he ever will. I guess I've thoroughly cured him of all liking for cigars."

"How did you do it?"

"I kept him in the room while I smoked one of those cigars you gave me Christmas."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

UNITED STATES TARIFF DEBATE.

Hides, Hens and Hay Were Among the Articles Talked of on Saturday.

Washington, March 27.—During the debate to-day on the new tariff, while Mr. Walker (Rep.) was upholding the merits of the agricultural schedule, Mr. Terry (Dem., Arkansas) asked if Mr. Walker claimed that the tariff made hens lay more eggs.

"Well," answered Mr. Walker, amid laughter, "if that isn't Democracy for all the world! The Democratic mind cannot comprehend the idea of more hens, but thinks that a tariff makes the hens lay more eggs. We claim the tariff makes more hens."

Mr. Simpson (Pop., Kansas), recurring to the matter of hides, which had been under discussion, said that if a duty was imposed on hides it would do the farmer more good than the duty on every article in the agricultural schedule. He discussed briefly also the proposition that the foreigner pays the tax, and suggested that the experience of the people would be that the foreigner would object and refuse to do so.

Mr. Payne (Rep., New York) replied to Mr. Simpson's remarks regarding hides, saying it greatly pleased him to hear the Democratic-Popocratic and trade leader from Kansas instructing the House as to the beauties and benefits of a duty on hides. The whole situation as to hides was this: Nearly all the hides imported into the United States came from hot countries, where nature has provided the animals adequate defence against insects by thick hides and thin hair. They are brought in for tanning into sole leather, and do not come into competition with the hides of the cattle in Kansas. In the cold climate of the United States nature protects the cattle with thick hair and thin hides, and they are used for the uppers of boots and shoes. A duty on imported hides would not profit the farmers of the United States a penny's worth. As to Mr. Simpson's contention, regarding the payment of the tariff, Mr. Payne said he knew no better answer than the experience of two farmers, one a resident of his district, and the other a resident of Canada, just across the river. "My constituent," continued Mr. Payne, "took 100 tons of hay to Buffalo and sold it for $1000, which he brought back and put in his home bank. The Canadian farmer also took 100 tons of hay to Buffalo and sold it for $1000, but he had to leave $400 with Uncle Sam as duty. It was under the McKinley law, and he took home with him but $600, and all the sophistry of Democratic and Populistic traders cannot convince him that he did not have to pay that tax." [Applause.]

Responding to this, Mr. Terry (Dem., Arkansas) said the fallacy of the gentleman's conclusion was that it failed to take into consideration the effect of that 40 per cent. duty on the market price. Had it not been for that duty, Mr. Terry said, the price would have been but $6 a ton, so that it came back to the Democratic position that the consumer pays the tax. [Applause.]

Fifty Springhill Miners Discharged.

Amherst, N.S., March 23.—Fifty men employed as coal cutters in the Springhill mines have received notice that their services will not be required at the end of 14 days. It is rumored that 50 more will be discharged in May. It is claimed there are more men employed than are needed.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—There is nothing doing, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade limited, with offerings small, ten lots quoted at $11 to $12 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market is steady, but the demand is limited. Red winter is quoted at 72 to 74c and white sold at 73c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard quoted at 83c Midland, and No. 2 hard quoted at 81c Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 72c to 73c, Port William.

Buckwheat—The demand is fair, with prices firm at 25c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 29c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 19c west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 55½c to 56c north and west, and at 58½c middle freights.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, and prices rule at 27c to 28c. Car lots sold on track here at 35c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 27.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3d to 6s 4½d; corn, 2s 0d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 28s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 23s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 1½d for May and July, and 5s 11¾d for September. Maize quiet at 2s 6½d for April, 2s 7½d for May, 2s 9½d for July, and 2s 11d for September. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet and steady. Maize off coast quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat firm at 21 f. 60c. for April; flour firm at 44f. 60c. for April.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 29, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 34
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag now	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 3½	to	0 03

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

Cures cold in the head in ten minutes.
Cures incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
Cures chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

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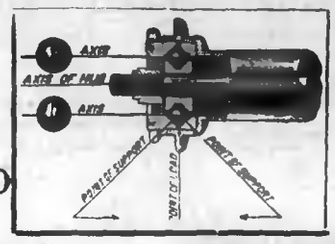

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Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 333 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1ydkw

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Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

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No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897

REV. H. SYMONDS, M.A. ON CHRISTIAN UNITY

Continued from page 5.

the League of Catholic Unity and the Brotherhood of Christian Unity in the United States, and a further reference to a Conference of Protestant Episcopalians, Lutherans, Methodists, Presbyterians and Congregationalists in Philadelphia, followed up by a united service in a Baptist church on Good Friday, the Rector enumerated six things that he thought might be reasonably hoped for during the next twenty or thirty years: (1) A steady growth of the conviction that our present divisions are not according to the mind of Christ; (2) a steady increase in the membership and influence of those societies which are devoted to the promotion of unity; (3) the more frequent holding of conferences in order to educate the people in the doctrine of unity; (4) the discovery of ways and means for the holding of united services of Christian people; (5) the more perfect discrimination between things essential and things non-essential and the better realization of the motto, "In essentials, unity; in non-essentials, liberty; in all things, charity"; (6) the formation of some kind of federated council for the purpose of discussing missionary work in the foreign mission field.

After the singing of another hymn, the Rector made a few closing remarks. He said that he had good authority for believing that much interest had been excited in Peterborough by these gatherings. He had also heard of some who thought divisions a very good thing as exciting the various churches to greater activity. That was an opinion which anyone had a right to hold, but he had not yet heard of anyone who said that after examination of the Scriptures he found that our Lord Jesus thought or taught that a division was a good thing on this and all other things. The supreme question is, what is the mind of Christ about it? Christians were not called to preach their own opinions, but the Gospel of Christ. Finally, he most warmly thanked the congregation of St. Luke's for their hearty support and the many members of other churches for their regular attendance.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Natural Science Association.

The Natural Science Association will meet on the evening of 30th inst., at 8 o'clock in the Collegiate Institute. President Fife will give a paper on "Respiration, and the Organs used in Respiration." All members are earnestly requestly to be present. An invitation is extended to all teachers, or any desirous of becoming members of the Association.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MR. RANTON IN TORONTO.

The Quarterly Board and the Officials Pass a Resolution Regarding His Services.

The Quarterly Board and officials of the Euclid avenue church, Toronto, at a special meeting held on the 23rd inst., passed unanimously a resolution of sincere thankfulness to the Rev. A. H. Ranton, evangelist, who, assisted by the pastor, Rev. S. T. Ockley, in a series of services. The resolution went on to say that Mr. Ranton, "by the aid of the Holy Spirit, has been the means of doing much good in our church and neighborhood during the three weeks of special services now ended besides the hundreds of those who have confessed Christ for the first time and now give themselves to His service, we believe not one of the members of the church have been without a special blessing; all have felt the influence of the Spirit of God in mighty power. While there were several wonderful conversions, we rejoice greatly at the large number of young people who have taken a stand for Christ and have handed in their names to become members of the church, the number is so large (and there are more to come as the work is still going on), that our pastor finds it necessary to re-organize our church and Young Peoples' work, and proposes to start an Intermediate Society and to increase the number of our church classes at once. Therefore in sincerest thankfulness to God our Father, with love and sympathy to our brother, whom we shall continue to remember in prayer, we wish him Godspeed, renewed health, increased power with God and a special blessing of the Holy Spirit in mighty power in his work; and may the word he speaks so mightly have free course to the hearts of sinners everywhere and may very many more turn to the Lord." It was signed on behalf of the officials by Messrs. H. B. Andrews, Jas Edwards and J. Dunlop.

It was also moved and carried, that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Guardian for publication.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

What They Think of It.

March 23rd, 1897.

H. Calcutt, Esq.

DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.

Yours truly,
MRS. CORMECKS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

Board of Trade Excursion to Ottawa.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—I notice by your paper that the Peterborough Board of Trade is going to run an excursion to Ottawa on Monday next by special train over the C.P.R. from Peterborough.

A good deal of uncertainity prevails sometimes in the public mind as to these excursions. What I mean is this, in fact what I want to known for my own information, as well as for others, is whether it is certain that a special train will be run on that date (April 5th); and what the fare will be, and what hour; whether there is any deviation in the fare, and if it is calculated that the train will reach Ottawa in time to take in the debate on the House of Commons on that date (April 5th); whether ladies can go as well as gentlemen, and if any arrangements are made or being made for the convenience and comfort of the ladies on the way to Ottawa; if any arrangements are made with the hotels for the accommodation of persons going on this excursion and if the train will reach Ottawa in time to get dinner at the hotels and afterwards listen to the interesting debate that I am informed is likely to occur on that evening, or the following day; how long will the tickets be good to return by any passenger train and if any arrangements have been made with the hotels for accommodation and at reduced rates. I expect the excursion will be a large one owing to the interests involved to this section of the country and the energy of the gentlemen who have the matter in hand. I suppose there will be a large gathering from the Midland district, and, therefore, I would like to have all possible information on the matter so that my friends and myself who intend to visit the Capital on that occasion may be posted in advance and be able to post others in the mode of procedure.

If some of the officers of the Board of Trade will give this information, and any other in their possession, they will confer a favor on yours truly,

INQUIRER.

March 29, 1897.

Made a False Reckoning.

"The most amusing and yet the most tantalizing experience I ever had," remarked one of a group of wheelmen at the clubhouse, "happened one day last summer when I was riding along the Canadian shore. While going at a pretty lively clip I came upon a man who was laying the dust on the road with a lawn hose. He was looking the other way and did not see me approaching. I yelled at him once or twice, but he did not seem to pay any attention. Nevertheless, I thought that he might turn suddenly around and seeing me divert the stream of water in the other direction. Feeling quite sure on this point, I rode on, but he neither heard nor saw me coming, and in passing him I was unfortunate enough to get right in the way of the stream of water, the full force of which I received in the side of the head. This was enough to set me mad, but when I thought of his stubbornness in not paying any attention to me I flew into a rage, dismounted and went back to give him a piece of my mind. After almost exhausting my vocabulary of epithets in expressing my indignation, you can imagine my feelings when one of a crowd of small boys who had been listening with quiet amusement, shouted:

"'There's no use chewin' de rag to him; he's deaf as a door nail.'"—Detroit Free Press.

The Jesters' Chorus.

"You seem worried," remarked Mr. Pennerton's wife.

"I am."

"About the letter the postman left?"

"Yes."

"Was it a rejected manuscript?"

"That's it."

"But you ought not to regard that as any great calamity."

"It depends on what kind of manuscript it is. This time it is one that the bank has marked 'n.g.'"—Washington Star.

The Child of the Times.

"Whatcher cryin' about?"
"Teacher whipped me!"
"Well, whatcher want to bawl about it for. Wy dontcher go to the public attorney?"—Die Fliegende Blaetter.

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(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR Body, Brain and Nerves

CREATES AND SUSTAINS

HEALTH and ENERGY

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day. Children half the quantity.

"I owe to Vin Mariani a constitution of iron, which resists all fatigues. This tonic wine is unequalled."

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Sold everywhere.

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Old Empire Rye Whisky

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT — OF — OAK HALL

Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

Spot Cash, One Price. Money back if you want it.

Who's Your Hatter?

In buying Hats it is not so important for some people to save money as to get exactly what they want. Here you can do both. We can give you the latest Spring Styles from the most renowned Hat manufacturers of England and America.

We can show you the latest assortment of Stiff and Soft Felt Hats in shapes and shades that more than satisfy.

Selling only at SPOT CASH, we can give you the Lowest Prices compatible with good goods. All we charge you for is HAT, not losses through waste in business methods.

We don't sell as many $3.00 Hats as we do $2.50 and $2.00 Hats. We sell such a good Hat for $2.00 and $2.50 that it really is not necessary to spend $3.00. We sell good Hats for $1.00, good styles, Derby and Fedora.

Our 75c Hats are as good as you think our $1.00 ones are but your "thinker's" wrong.

Remember we also sell Umbrellas, Silk, Alpaca, etc.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,638	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,044	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	727,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 75. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE CROWN PRINCE

Has Arrived on the Frontier at Thessaly.

Austrian Troops to Occupy Izzedin—International Forces on the Island of Crete to be Reinforced to Maintain Order—An Ultimatum Sent to the Cretans by the Foreign Admirals Ordering That Supplies be Allowed to the Turks.

Athens, March 29.—Crown Prince Constantine and his party have arrived at Larissa, where the Prince will make his headquarters. They traveled by rail from Volo, and were everywhere along the route received with much enthusiasm. The whole garrison at Larissa were under arms to receive their commander. Crowds had assembled in the flag-bedecked streets to welcome the Crown Prince, and he was given an ovation as he proceeded from the railway station to he headquarters that had already been prepared for his reception. The enthusiasm of the troops and the populace was unparalleled.

Disposition of Troops.

Canea, March 29.—It has been arranged that a force of Austrians shall occupy Izzedin, the fort at which place was attacked by insurgents yesterday from the heights above the town of Suda.

It has also been decided that an international force shall occupy the town of Akrotini, on the peninsula of that name. Each of the foreign admirals has asked his government to send 600 troops in order that the insurgents may be held in subjection.

There does not appear to be the slightest prospect in the near future of any improvement in the deplorable situation existing throughout the island.

Greek Warships in the Gulf.

London, March 29.—A despatch to The Times from Salonica, under yesterday's date, says that two Greek cruisers and a Greek gunboat were sighted in the Gulf of Salonica yesterday, and their appearance caused a great deal of excitement and provoked unwonted activity on the part of the garrison, in expediting the formation of earth redoubts around the bay, upon which were mounted a number of Krupp and Armstrong guns. In addition to these precautions against an attack, thirty torpedoes were laid in the bay, and the supply of munitions of war at Salonica has been largely increased by consignment from Germany. The despatch also says that the movement of Turkish troops to the front, on the Greek border, continues unrelaxed. Within the past month 65,000 troops have passed through Salonica on their way to the frontier and the total number of soldiers now under command of Edhem Pasha, the commander-in-chief of the Turkish forces near the Greek border, has reached 150,000. The discipline of these troops, the despatch says, is perfect and the men are eager to fight.

Barons Protecting the Turks.

London, March 29.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, read a number of telegrams from the admiral commanding the British warships in Cretan waters. The admiral wired that the Cretan insurgents having refused to permit supplies of food to be sent to the Turkish ce at Malaxa, an ultimatum was sent to them by the foreign admirals, informing the insurgents that the supplies must be allowed to go to the Turks. Otherwise the foreign warships and troops would resort to force to compel obedience to their demands. In the meantime, the admiral added, the insurgents captured the Turkish block house at Malaxa. [Cheers from the Irish benches.]

The foreign admirals, the telegram stated, then decided that it was necessary to drive the insurgents out of the block house, and, accordingly, the warships opened fire upon them. The firing lasted six minutes at the end of which time the insurgents evacuated the block house but not before they had looted and burned it. [Renewed Irish cheers.]

Mr. Curzon continued his reading after the cheers had subsided. The British admiral wired that, owing to repeated attacks on the part of the insurgents, the English admiral decided to treat them as enemies—(cries of "Shame!")—and to demand more troops from the powers in order to keep them in subjection.

Col. Vassos, commanding the Greek troops in Crete, received warning from the admirals to this effect, and replied to it by ordering the capture of the block house at Malaxa, and followed up his success by attacking and capturing the earthwork fort at Suda. Col. Vassos, the admiral wired, had practically declared war against the powers.

The House subsequently went into committee of supply, whereupon Philip Stanhope, Radical, moved to reduce the salary of Prime Minister Salisbury, his object being to call attention to Crete.

A warm debate resulted.

George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, warmly repelled the charge made by Mr. Stanhope that the Government was siding with Turkey. The charge, he declared, was grossly untrue. Crete, he added, had been taken from Turkey whose troops were confined to the towns on the coast, and she had been prevented from sending reinforcements to the island.

At this point one of the Irish members shouted, "Tommyrot." The Speaker warned him that he must not repeat that expression.

Mr. Curzon was frequently interrupted in the course of his speech, chiefly by members on the Irish benches.

Sir Charles Dilke, Radical said he believed that the Government's policy in the Cretan matter had caused profound dissatisfaction in Great Britain.

Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, Conservative, who was recently decorated by the Sultan, taunted John Dillon, leader of the anti-Parnellites, who had spoken against the course of the Government ,with advocating the maiming of cattle, and at the same time posing as a Christian philanthropist.

The Speaker rebuked Sir Ellis for his language.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Stanhope's motion, and it was rejected 163 to 66.

New Reichsrath Opened.

Vienna, March 29.—The new Reichsrath was opened to-day by Emperor Francis Joseph in person. The Emperor, in his address from the throne, said he believed the action of the powers in regard to Greece had a tendency toward peace, and he hoped that the policy of the powers would soon result in a satisfactory settlement of the Cretan difficulty. Though the powers condemned the attitude of Greece, they did not mean to encourage Turkey in resisting the reforms which the powers had demanded that the Porte should institute in Turkish domains. The Porte must remedy the existent abuses in the Turkish Empire and accept the recommendations of the powers.

Concerning the concert of the powers the Emperor said: "Thanks to the common action of the powers, the dangers arising from Greece's action in Crete have been minimized and we are now permitted to hope that the concert of the powers, despite differences of opinion on the part of some and hesitations on the part of others, will lead to a solution that will be eminently satisfactory. I say this above all in regard to the Cretan question, upon which my Government is in accord with the powers, who have taken measures to preserve the territorial status quo and suppress tendencies and aspirations menacing to peace."

Protecting the Water Supply.

Canea, March 29.—A detachment of French, Italian, Russian and Turkish troops, with three mountain guns, has occupied the village of Butsunaria, the source of Canea's water supply, in order to prevent its seizure by the insurgents.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

The Assembly Sat Only Forty Minutes Yesterday—Several Bills Were Considered and Advanced a Stage.

Toronto, March 30.

If the announced program of a prorogation before Easter is to be carried out the Legislature will require to hustle a little more than it did yesterday in the transaction of the large grist of business it still has confronting it. The House sat but 40 minutes.

By the passing in committee of Mr. Barr's bill, Messrs. Aage Drewson, New York city; George Urban, jr., banker; Tracy C. Becker, attorney; George Dakin, financial agent; all of Buffalo, N. Y., and Andrew T. Mohr, lumber dealer, of Niagara Falls, N.Y., together with others are incorporated as the Petewawa Lumber, Pulp and Paper Company and given powers to act in Ontario.

Mr. Burt's bill respecting the Township of York was also carried in committee, Mr. Macnish presiding.

Other private bills passed in committee were:

Respecting the Kingston, Smith's Falls and Ottawa Railway Company—Mr. O'Keefe.

Respecting the Finance Committee of the Church Missionary Society in Rupert's Land—Mr. Dickenson.

Mr. Macnish moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Assessment Act. The object, he explained, was to increase the exemption from taxation on incomes from $700 to $1000.

Mr. Baxter of Haldimand opposed the bill because it was in the wrong direction, and would not help the class it was intended to benefit.

The Attorney-General, too, was not in favor of the bill, but was willing to have it go to committee. The bill was read a second time.

The following bills were brought down:

Mr. Davis—To regulate maternity boarding houses and for the protection of infant children. Provides for the licensing and inspection of maternity boarding houses.

Mr. Carnegie—To amend the Game Act, 1896. Provides that the provisions of sub section 3 of section 8 of the Game Act, 1896, shall not apply to a settler in unorganized townships or territory, in respect of the killing of deer within 15 miles of his place of residence.

Mr. Chapple—To amend the Municipal Act. Provides that the councils of municipalities shall have power to pass by-laws for leasing and selling roads, bridges, etc.

Blaze at Port Hope

Port Hope, March 29.—A fire occurred here to-night in the Port Hope Carpet Manufacturing Company's establishment on Mill-street about 7 o'clock.

William Daynard and a number of the night force had just commenced work on the top flat when Daynard's lamp exploded, setting fire to the east end of the flat. Daynard was badly burned by flying oil. Damage to stock, machinery and building will amount to between $1200 and $2000; covered by insurance.

EIGHTEEN HEADS OFF.

Another Sweep of the Ax in Mr. Tarte's Department.

Government Caucus to be Held Thursday—Liberals Who Promised to Support Remedial Legislation—Judgment in the Exchequer Court—Mr. Dobell and the Fast Line—Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh Resigns—Government to Support Mr. Cowan's Bill—General Notes From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 29.—(Special.)—Whiz! how the ax of the headsman swung in the Public Works Department to-day. Mr. Tarte is bound to make a clean sweep, and to-day 18 employes of his department got their marching orders. Of this number five were on the permanent and the others on the temporary staff. A son of ex-Mayor Durocher of Ottawa is among them.

A caucus of Government supporters is called for Thursday, when it is understood Mr. Fielding will indicate the main lines of the tariff revision bill.

It is learned that the following members of Parliament sitting on the Liberal side gave ante-election pledges to the bishops of Quebec that they would suport nothing short of remedial legislation. They include Messrs. Godbout, Fitzpatrick, Turcotte, Geoffrion, Bruneau, Guay, Rinfret, Ethier, Savard and Talbot. These gentlemen will look exceedingly foolish during the present session, when they are confronted with their declarations.

Judge Burbidge of the Exchequer Court delivered judgment this morning in the case of Magee v. The Queen and the City of St. John, N.B. This was an action to recover damages sustained by the suppliants by reason of the depreciation in the value of their lands in St. John, N.B., caused by the extension of the I.C.R. along the water front. The city was added as a party defendant by reason of its agreement to indemnify the Crown for such damages. The suppliants have judgment against the Crown for $2875 and costs. The Crown has judgment for this amount against the city, and costs so allowed to the suppliants, and also for any cost to which the Crown has been put in this action as between itself and the city.

It is stated that the object of Mr. Dobell's visit to England is to further arrangements for the fast line between Canada and Great Britain. Mr. Peterson, the representative of the English company, whose offer has been so favorably considered by the Canadian Government, is in Boston, but will probably accompany Mr. Dobell to England. On good authority it is stated that the figures of the proposed subsidy which Peterson, Tait & Co. are said to be willing to accept, viz., $500,000 per annum, added to the Imperial subsidy, are not correct.

Lieut.-Gov. Mackintosh, who has been in the Capital for the last fortnight, has tendered his resignation from the office which he now occupies, as Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories. Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere has been offered the post and will likely accept. Choquette is anxious for Joly's portfolio.

A local deputation saw the Premier to-day to ask for the co-operation of the Government for erecting a permanent memorial to the Queen in Ottawa. The deputation informed Mr. Laurier of the proposition to erect a building which would provide a home for all the art, literary and scientific societies in the city, and asked if the Government would co-operate.

The Premier in replying said that it is the intention of the Government to erect a geological building, with also provision for the National Art Gallery, but as yet no definite plans have been made. He did not know the feelings of his colleagues, and could not say whether the Government would co-operate with the citizens and go in for a magnificent building which would be ample for all the services required. He requested the committee to put their request in writing in as brief a form as possible, and he would bring the matter before his colleagues.

Mr. Cowan has secured the support of the Government to his alien labor bill. Provision will be made that the bill shall not come into operation unless by proclamation. This is to give the United States a chance to back down.

The Speaker and Sergeant-at-Arms have inaugurated a new departure. They have quit wearing kid gloves except on high occasions. It seems Mr. Edgar wrote over to England concerning the practice there, and having found that the festive lavender kids had been abandoned he decided to follow suit in Canada. Heretofore a swell Speaker would use two dozen pairs in one session, and the sergeant and his deputy not less than three dozen pairs.

The Speaker of the House of Commons and Mrs. Edgar entertained the following ladies and gentlemen at dinner this evening: Senator Allan, Miss Van Horn of Montreal, Mr. Lavergne, M.P., Madame and Miss Lavergne, Mr. J. A. Ritchie and Miss Ritchie, Captain Wilberforce, Mr. Bostock, M.P., and Mrs. Bostock, Dr. G. M. Dawson, Mr. Martin J. Griffin and Miss Griffin, Mr. D'Arcy Scott and Miss Scott and Mr. Agar Adamson.

The writ for West Prince, P.E.I., the constituency vacated by the unseating of M. Hackett, Conservative, will be issued at once.

Messrs. J. C. Black, James Sargant and M. C. Ellis of Toronto, representing the Commercial Travelers' Association of Canada, are here to press for certain amendments to their insurance charter.

E. W. Ratmbun and R. C. Carter of Deseronto are here to urge upon the Government the favorable consideration of the cement duties in the new tariff.

Mr. Hobbs, M.L.A. of London, is here closing up his deal with the Justice Department for the purchase of binder twine from Kingston Penitentiary.

Mr. McGregor, M.P., denies that he is to be appointed collector of customs at Windsor. The present collector was only appointed about four years ago.

Mr. Maclean will ask if the Canadian Pacific Railway have deposited plans with the Department of Railways for construction of a branch through the Crow's Nest, and if so on what date.

Mr. Foster will query the Government as to the expense of operating the Baie des Chaleurs Railway. He will also move for all papers connected with the bank note tender. He will also ask for the names of all commissioners appointed to investigate charges against civil servants.

Mr. Foster will ask for correspondence relating to the dismissal of Bourpas, Birchoff & Co. as Canadian legal agents in England, and the appointment of Charles Russell to the position.

A deputation will urge the Government to-morrow to place an export duty on pulp wood.

Mr. McCleary to-day presented a petition from Welland county asking for the passage of an alien labor law.

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

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Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethuen Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

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The Standard Mercantile Agency
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TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
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FOR SALE
—AT THE—
RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.
COAL.
2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.
FINEST GRADES OF
Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.
WOOD.
4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.
Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.
200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.
IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.
Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.
DRY PINE LUMBER
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.
Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.
No. 248 Murray Street.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 120 Charlotte-st.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lost or Found.

LOST.
ON FRIDAY EVENING LAST, between George-st. Methodist church and Hunter-st., on George-st., A PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED GLASSES, with gold chain attached. Reward for return to REVIEW business office. 1d75

Wanted.

WANTED.
GOOD COAT, VEST AND PANT MAKERS. Apply at the George-st. store, HALL, GILCHRIST & CO. 1d75

WANTED.
SMALL HOUSE in Stony Lake, for the season. State particulars and lowest cash in advance price. Address Box 4, REVIEW Office. 6d72

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. 66d.f

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $46 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d39-w13 3m

TENDERS WANTED

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert D. Tully, late of the Village of Warsaw, Hotelkeeper, Deceased.

TENDERS will be received up to Saturday the 3rd day of April, 1897, for purchase or rental of the hotel and premises situate in the Village of Warsaw, known as "The Morgan House."

This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor. Splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license.

A reserve price and rental have been fixed and the accepted tender must equal or exceed them.

Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1897.

HALL & HAYES,
116 Hunter-st., Peterborough,
Solicitors for the Administrator of R. D. Tully.
d61w12

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 300 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 26cod

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SECOND HAND REFRIGERATOR, large size, cost $40, for $15. WIRE MEAT OR MILK SAFE, cost $6, for $3. GEORGE STETHEM & SON, 134 Hunter Street. 6d74

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"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

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FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FRED W. HELLER,
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Probabilities.

Decidedly mild and fair to cloudy weather, with some local showers.

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MILLINERY
OPENING DAY,

TUESDAY, MARCH 30
And Following Days,

We will raise the curtain on the grandest display of Rich and Fashionable Spring Millinery, Jackets and Capes ever shown by the Golden Lion.

The beauty of this exhibition will surpass the sanguine expectations of the ladies, as we feel confident in asserting that in point of attractiveness and superior values, no house in Peterborough excels our display.

In High-class Millinery, we will show the cream of the leading fashions in:

NEW HATS,
NEW BONNETS,
NEW SHAPES.
NEW FLOWERS,
NEW NOVELTIES,
NEW TRIMMINGS.

In WRAPS, we will show exclusive styles in:—

Ladies' Jackets, Ladies' Wraps
Ladies' Capes, Ladies' Cloaks.

The variety is far in advance of past efforts, and many of the styles are to be seen here only.

A full attendance of Ladies is respectfully requested.

ROBERT FAIR
DRY GOODS IMPORTER,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

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ENGLISH
BREAKFAST COCOA
Possesses the following Distinctive Merits
DELICACY OF FLAVOR
SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING
to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
In Quarter-Pound Tins only.
Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
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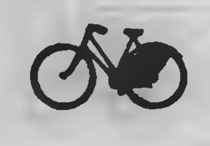
TELEPHONE 189 or 215 Day or night.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Cesspools, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COWEY 33 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d871



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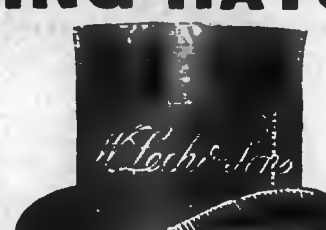
First Shipments Received and Opened Now.
All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.



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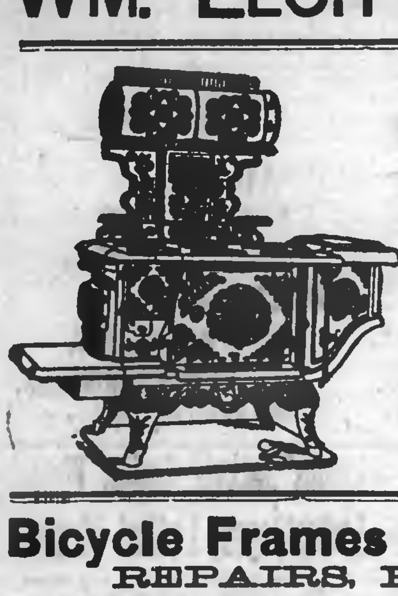

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BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	100, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Ballyse' Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.
GEO. J. HORKINS

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ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:
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Single First Class Fare and One-Third
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th., '97.
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To all stations in Canada. Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(Government Inspector of Stock)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How it Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children." Mrs. L. Klausfelder, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 30 1897

Following the precedent set by Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Thompson in making Speakers and ex-Speakers of the House of Commons members of the Privy Council, Hon Peter White and Hon J D Edgar have been sworn in as Privy Councillors.

The Review said that Mr. Hardy had to make concessions to the temperance people, and the fact that Dr. Potts has something favorable to say of these concessions does not alter the fact that Mr. Hardy had to come down. The Liberal papers will undoubtedly be able to quote any number of prohibitionists—Hon G. W. Ross, Hon. Mr. Davies, Mr. J. J. McLaren and other good Liberals—who will endorse the amendments. But Mr. Hardy was ready to do one thing and forced to do another, and even then does not reach the fulfilment of the promise the temperance people say he gave them. This was the ground of the temperance people's complaint, and it will remain. What the people will watch with interest will be the manner in which the amendments are carried out and enforced.

The India relief fund received by the Montreal Star has now passed the fifty thousand dollar mark. The subscriptions have come from all parts of the Dominion and from all classes of the community. The magnificent total which has now been reached represents the contributions of two hundred thousand subscribers, one hundred thousand of whom were school children [and nearly one hundred thousand members of church congregations of all creeds. Canada has responded nobly to the call that came from distant India, and never has more tangible evidence been given of the feeling of brotherhood that binds the dependencies of Great Britain in one great empire. The Montreal Star is entitled to much commendation for the enterprise and the energy it has shown in connection with this fund.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Montreal Gazette writes to his paper that the amendments to the Civic Service Act will, it is said, be very sweeping in their nature, and will practically abolish the present civil service and substitute for it the system which prevailed in the United States up to a few years ago. There will not be any permanent appointments made in the sense that they are now made; but all new appointments will be "during pleasure," instead of "during good behavior," as at present. This will leave the whole service at the mercy of the whim of the Ministry of the day. There will also be very ample provisions made for "retirements," under the pretext of "economy," and by abolition of office, so that if the present Government remains in power five years the service will be so changed in that time as to be unrecognizable. One method of "purging the service," as one of the Ministers calls it, will be to take advantage of the section in the present act, which provides for the retirement, with a gratuity, under certain circumstances, of persons who have not been ten years or more in the service, and by this means a very large number of good officers will be practically kicked out so that their places may be filled by friends of the Government. The present Superannuation Act is to be abolished and an insurance system substituted; but before this is done, the fund is being loaded down by the superannuation of a number of young men, like Mr. Balderson, who are as capable and as competent as they ever were to perform their duties and who are being put aside, in some instances at least, to gratify the personal spite of parties not even in the Ministry who have old grudges to satisfy. This is simply following the course adopted by the Mackenzie Government, twenty years ago, and which has enabled Mr. McMullen to weep gallons of crocodile tears over the terrible drain on the treasury, caused by the Superannuation Act.

APPEALED TO ROME.

Five Members of the Government Joined Senators and Members in Asking the Pope's Aid.

Ottawa, March 29.—(Special.)—Senator Landry, who has just returned from Rome, reached Ottawa to-day. He crossed the Atlantic with Mgr. Mery Del Val, and consequently knows something about the mission of the Papal delegate to Canada. To your correspondent to-night he said: "Forty-five Liberal Senators and members of Parliament, including five members of the Government, petitioned His Holiness to send a delegate to Canada to assist in the settlement of the school question, and it was in response to this request that Mgr. Mery Del Val had been sent out. The mission of the ablegate had nothing whatever to do with the conduct of the bishops in the elections. It was the opinion in Rome, and in Catholic circles in England, that Mr. Laurier and his Government desired to render justice to the minority in Manitoba, and Mgr. Mery Del Val's mission was to assist in this. It was the general impression in Europe that the petition from Canada contained a pledge to conform to the decision of Rome in this question."

"How is the proposed settlement regarded at Rome?" Senator Landry was asked.

"It is not regarded as acceptable," he replied, "as it is based on a system which is condemned by the Holy Father. It is for that reason that the Pope wishes to see the settlement conform more to Catholic views on education."

Continuing, the Senator said the action of the bishops was heartily approved of at Rome. The best proof of this was seen in the fact that the sacred congregation of the Propaganda had sent a letter to the bishops congratulating them on their action. The congregation had relegated the school question to the Papal Secretary of State, but was fully in accord with the Canadian bishops in refusing to accept the Laurier-Greenway settlement.

This was the position of affairs. The authorities at Rome disapproved of the settlement and approved of the conduct of the bishops. On the other hand, the Catholic Senators and members, who had nearly all given formal pledges before the general elections, had led the Papal authorities to believe that a delegate would assist in securing a settlement of this question, and that, in default of an agreement acceptable to the Manitoba Catholics, they would fulfil those ante-election pledges. Moreover, they expressed themselves as not opposed to the mandement.

Move to Annex Hawaii.

Washington, March 29.—Mr. Spalding (Rep., Mich.) introduced in the House to-day a joint resolution providing for the annexation of Hawaii to the United States.

An appropriation of $100,000 is authorized to defray the expenses of "Missions and negotiations to agree upon the terms and conditions of the admission and concessions."

The Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal" and Dean of the Dental College, Montreal.

Dr. W. George Beers writes: "Dr Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure,') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it without exception the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience, and the unanimous verdict of Dr. Ievers' confres in Québec city and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

—The "Rob Roy" Co. are at Belleville to-night.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. Laflechr.

It pays to advertise in the Review.

THE FRANCHISE LAW

Was Discussed for a Time by the Commoners.

Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster Wanted to Have the Tariff Pushed Ahead, but the Premier Would Not Give Way—Sir Richard Cartwright Resumed the Debate on the Address, Touching on the School Question and the Tariff—Mr. Foster's Embarrassing Questions.

Ottawa, March 29.—(Special.)—After routine to-day, amid rousing Liberal cheers, Mr. Guite, the man from Bonaventure, who had the temerity to give back chat to his bishop and then get elected, was introduced by Messrs. Laurier and Talbot, and took his seat.

Major Beatty also got a rousing cheer from his Conservative friends as a token of regard for the ordeal he had undergone in the courts for weeks in London.

Mr. Casey introduced his bill to secure the safety of railway employes and passengers, the object of which, he explained, is to provide for compulsory use of air brakes and of certain attachments to box cars. At a later stage he would ask that the bill be referred to a special committee. Another feature of the measure provides for compensation to railway employes injured in the performance of their duty through no fault of their own.

Mr. Maclean introduced a bill to promote the safety of railway employes, the object of which is to provide for the adoption of automatic air brakes. He said the different railway organizations in the country approved of the principle of the measure.

Mr. Maclean also introduced a bill to compel railway companies to keep upper berths in sleeping cars up when not occupied or engaged. The announcement of this provision elicited a chorus of cheers on both sides of the House. Another provision calls for a return to Parliament by each railway company of the number of passes of all kinds issued by railways, together with special rates quoted for passenger traveling. In his judgment there could be no solution of the transportation problem until this information were learned.

Mr. Cowan introduced his bill respecting employment of aliens in the Dominion. It provides that no alien shall enter Canada to work under contract, nor shall any person be employed in Canada who resides in a foreign country.

Mr. Maclean: "Does the bill contain any provision that no public contract shall be given by the Government to those who are not British subjects?"

Mr. Cowan: "No; but it provides that no alien labor may be employed on public works."

Mr. Mills (for Mr. Taylor) introduced a bill similar to the one just introduced by Mr. Cowan.

Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced a bill to repeal the Franchise Act and make provision in lieu thereof. He said the title accurately explained the scope of the bill. In substance the bill provided that the provincial franchise voters' lists and polling subdivisions should be substituted for the present Dominion franchise. He believed it would be more convenient to discuss the different features of the bill after the measure had been distributed. He explained that the bill was largely drawn on the lines of the measure introduced by Sir John Thompson in 1894, when he undertook to substitute the provincial electoral lists and franchise for the present franchise. The chief object in introducing this was to avoid the heavy expenditure which the present Act involved. Up to the present time the sum of $1,141,000 had been spent under the Act.

Sir Charles Tupper said the Opposition felt very strongly on this question. Many objections could be raised to the bill. The Government could not expect such a measure as this to pass the House without full and elaborate discussion. He did not mean to say the present Franchise Act could not be improved, and he thought especially so in regard to expense. Doubtless the House could devise means to mitigate that complaint. He questioned, however, the propriety of passing this bill at this moment. In England it was usual, after a change in the franchise, to appeal to the electors, but as it was evident the Government had no such design, what, then, was the necessity for pressing this measure now? The Government would have vindicated its position by bringing down a bill and letting it stand over until a future session. It was extremely important that the Prime Minister should visit England in connection with the Jubilee festival. That was an additional reason why a contentious measure of this kind should not be pressed now. The great measure which the country was looking forward to was the tariff, and he urged that a bill of this kind should not be interposed. Personally, he held the view that manhood suffrage might with safety be adopted as a basis of Dominion franchise. If this bill were left over until a more convenient time a general agreement might be reached in regard to the franchise that would be acceptable to the whole country.

Mr. Laurier said the Government was convinced they could do nothing which would be hailed with more delight by public opinion than the introduction of this bill. For ten years the Liberals have been asking for the repeal of the Franchise Act. The Opposition felt strongly in favor of the present Act. They honored it more in the breach than in the observance. The Government were pledged to the country to carry the measure and intended to carry out their pledges. Last session Sir Charles Tupper said the Liberals would be out in six months; now, however, he had changed his mind. (Ministerial cheers.) There would be no necessity to go to the country immediately after the passage of this bill, as the people had passed on this question and on many others on the 23rd June last. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Foster pointed out that the tariff was the chief measure of the session, and the people were anxious to know what that tariff was to be. Nothing was to be gained by passing a franchise bill this session. The great cry throughout the country was, What are you going to do with our business? and the Government ought to relieve public anxiety.

Mr. Campbell: "Oh, never mind that!"

Mr. Foster: "The hon. gentleman does not want to hear me. Well, he will hear many things he won't understand. [Laughter.] But other gentlemen are anxious to hear." Continuing, he said if the Government brought a tariff measure down the Opposition would help to put it through just as fast as they could with reasonable discussion on its merits, but nothing was to be gained by allowing a useless bill to intervene.

The bill was read a first time.

Mr. Gibson introduced his bill further to amend the Railway Act, which provides for a lien on behalf of workmen on railways constructed under Federal charter. He explained that the trouble on the T., H. and B. Railway had led him to introduce this bill.

Mr. Maclean asked the Government:

1. Whether it is the intention of the Government to enter into negotiations with the C. P. R. Company for the abrogation or modification of the following article in the contract and agreement made between Her Majesty and Mr. George Stephen and others, as set out in chapter 1, 44 Victoria:

"14. The company shall have the right, from time to time, to lay out construct, equip, maintain and work branch lines of railway from any point or points along the main line of railway to any point within the territory of the Dominion, provided always that before commencing any branch they shall first deposit a map and plan of such branch in the Department of Railways, and the Government shall grant to the company the lands required for the roadbed of such branches, and for the stations, station grounds, buildings, workshops, yards and other appurtenances requisite for the efficient construction and working of such branches, in so far as such lands are vested in the Government."

2. Whether it is the intention of the Government to enter into negotiations with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the modification or abrogation of the following clause of chapter 1, 44 Vic.:

"20. The limit to the reduction of tolls by the Parliament of Canada, provided for by the eleventh sub-section of the seventeenth section of the Consolidated Railway Act of 1879, respecting tolls, is hereby extended so that such reduction may be to such an extent that such tolls, when reduced, shall not produce less than 10 per cent. per annum profit in the capital actually expended in the construction of the railway, instead of not less than 15 per cent, per annum profit, as provided by said section, and so also that reduction shall not be made unless the net increase of the company ascertained as described in said sub-section shall have exceeded 10 per cent, per annum, as provided by said sub-section, and the exercise by the Governor-in-Council of the power of reducing the tolls of the company as provided by the tenth sub-section of said section 17, is hereby limited to the same extent with relation to the profit of the company and to its net revenue as that to which the power of Parliament to reduce tolls is limited by said sub section 11, as hereby amended."

3. What steps, if any, have been taken by the Government to ascertain the capital actually expended in the construction of the said Canadian Pacific Railway, as referred to in above quoted clause?

Mr. Blair said the subject was under consideration. As regards the first two questions, no conclusion had been arrived at. As to the third question, there was no intention of making an enquiry at present.

Mr. Davin was told by Mr. Laurier that the matter of sending a detachment of Mounted Police to the Queen's jubilee was under consideration by the Government.

Mr. Foster read from a recent newspaper despatch from Kingston that the cotton mill there was about to commence running full time. The report was current in Kingston that the company had got the tip from the Government that there woud be no interference with the cotton schedule. He hoped the Minister of Finance would be able to assure the House that nothing so unconstitutional with reference to the principle or details of the tariff bill had occurred as to give

Continued on Page 7.

When an innocent man is jailed by mistake he prefers to come out the same way he went in. He may break jail and be caught and put back again. He'd rather have the door unlocked and walk out and stay out.

A sick man is a prisoner in the jail of disease; he has gone in by some door of carelessness or neglect or irregular living, and he must unlock this same door by careful, sensible habits if he wants to be a free, well man again.

If dyspepsia and biliousness or constipation is the way he got into disease, he has got to overcome just those troubles before he can get out.

The majority of diseases begin with some trouble of the digestive organs or of the liver, which prevents the supply of proper nourishment to the system. The best remedy for these troubles is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, because it gives the digestive and blood-making organs power to assimilate food and transform it into pure, nourishing blood, vitalized with an abundance of red corpuscles.

It acts directly upon the liver and gives it capacity to filter all bilious impurities out of the circulation. It builds up solid, muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

In obstinate constipation the "Discovery" should be used in conjunction with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the most natural and thoroughly scientific laxative ever devised. The "Pellets" regulate and invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One is a gentle laxative; two act as a mild cathartic.

"My wife had suffered for seven years with dyspepsia, sick headache and costiveness," writes Mr. Alonzo D. Jameson, of Dunbarton, Merrimack Co., N. H., "we tried many doctors and many kinds of medicine, but all were of no avail. We purchased six bottles of your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which together with the 'Pleasant Pellets' has entirely restored my wife's health, and we cannot say enough in thanks to you for these valuable medicines."

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analysed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but

AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be used."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 186 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897

SLEEPER AWAKE!

Thou Art in Danger.

Time for Thee is Short if Thy Foes are Not Vanquished.

Paine's Celery Compound Thine Only Hope.

As spring appears, thousands are sleeping the sleep of the foolish and indifferent; they are in danger, but do not fully realize their awful position.

Kidney and liver troubles, heart failure, unstrung nerves, and blood diseases are fast dragging them near the grave.

Unless these foes are vanquished at once by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, there is positively no hope for the afflicted ones.

The testimonials of thousands of people in the past, and the evidence of medical men, prove that Paine's Celery Compound is the surest, safest and best for those whose lives are in jeopardy.

Let us kindly impress upon every sick person the necessity of this wonderful medicine in the spring season. A few doses will soon assure the most unbelieving that it is a true health and strength-giver.

Stapleton's Coming Sales.

(Mr. Stapleton can always be found at his house, Water-st., Peterborough. In case Mr. Stapleton should be out of town, attending sales, any orders or instructions may be left at the REVIEW Printing Office, where careful attention will be given.)

WEDNESDAY, March 31.—Clean Sale of Household Furniture, in the village of Keene, of Mrs. J. Gall, widow of the late J. Gall, at the residence. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 1st.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements of Mr. Samuel Doupe, on the premises lot 5, in 12th Con. of Dummer. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

FRIDAY, April 2nd.—Sale of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, of Mr. Samuel Hamblin, on his premises, lot 11, in 2nd Con. of Dummer, about ¼ mile from the village of Warsaw. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

SATURDAY, April 3rd.—Mortgage Sale of Farm, in the Township of Douro, being Lot 6, in 7th Con., known as the Jeremiah Coughlin Farm. Sale at the Morgan House at 2 p.m.

MONDAY, April 5th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. Wm. Moffat, on lot 2, in 9th Con. of Douro, known as the old Adam King farm. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

TUESDAY, April 6.—Stock, Implements and Furniture, of Mr. Michael O'Brien, on his premises lot 6, in 4th Con. of Douro. Sale 1.30. No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, April 7th.—Sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., of Mr. G. W. Patrick, on the premises, lot 3 in 4th Con. of Smith. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

THURSDAY, April 8th.—Sale of Farm Stock and Implements, of Mr. Philip Fitzpatrick on the premises, lot 14, in 8th Con. of Asphodel. Sale 1 p.m. No reserve.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IF THIS WERE FAITH.

God, if this were enough.
That I see things bare to the bleak,
And up to the buttocks in mire;
That I ask nor hope nor hire,
Nut in the husk.
Nor dawn beyond the dusk.
Nor life beyond death;
God, if this were faith?

Having felt thy wind in my face
Spit sorrow and disgrace.
Having seen thine evil doom
In Golgotha and Khartoum,
And the brutes the work of thine hands,
Fill with injustice lands,
And stain with blood the sea;
If still in my veins the glee
Of the black night and the sun
And the lost battle run;
If, an adept,
The iniquitous lists I still accept
With joy, and joy to endure, and be withstood,
And still to battle and perish for a dream of good!
God, if that were enough?

If to feel, in the ink of the slough,
And the sink of the mire,
Veins of glory and fire
Run through and transpierce and transpire,
And a secret purpose of glory in every part,
And the answering glory of battle fill my heart;
To fill with the joy of girded men,
To go on for ever, and fall, and go on again,
And be mauled to the earth and arise,
And contend for the shade of a word and a thing not seen with the eyes:
With the half of a broken hope for a pillow at night.
That somehow the right is right
And the smooth shall bloom from the rough;
Lord, if that were enough?

—ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

MARY MASON.

It was in a little house on a little street of a little Nebraska town—the town of Bubble.

The little woman was crouched upon the carpet sofa in a limp heap. She looked ill, but sanguine—exhausted, but relieved. The remains of the midday meal were on the table. There were traces of ashes about the stove. The baby's gown was begrimed. In spite of these facts the mistress of the modest home smiled sweetly.

"Well," exclaimed her visitor, one comprehensive glance embracing the unwonted neglect of the place, "I heard you were not feeling well, but I did not know you required assistance with your housework. I supposed, of course, your friend Mrs. Mason was with you."

The little woman looked up with a sparkle in her eye.

"O, I'm well enough. I was sick enough up to last Tuesday. I've been gettin' better ever since. I'll have the table red off an' things straightened before Tom gets home. If I feel like it now I can let things be. There ain't no one to notice. Mrs. Mason, she don't come over. Truth is, we've got shet of Mary Mason. We just," in emphatic repetition, "had to get shet of Mary Mason."

The visitor was sympathetic. The little woman was confidential.

"Me an' Tom," she exclaimed, "have lived on farms all our lives. So when we rented the farm and moved into town, I thought the change was fine. 'My!' I says to Tom, 'ain't it nice to live in a large place. I never before suspicioned how comfortable it was to live reel near the folks, an' have them folks neighborly. Out'n the half section we might be two weeks 'ithout seein' a body to speak to. An' here we've got 300 people in this town, an' two trains a day—not to mention the freights—an' houses all round us. It's awfu nice,' I says to Tom, 'but what's nicest is Mrs. Mason. Why she comes in that often I ain't got a bit of time to be lonesome for the stock. There's only herself an' her husband, so her work don't count. She can't read or write only Bohemy, an' she ain't got no use for that language since she married out'n her folks. Take it altogether, she's willin' to neighbor lots, an' that,' I says to Tom, 'will be mighty perkin' for me!"

"Yes," assented her visitor with a rising inflection on the monosyllable.

"Tom, he didn't say much. He's kind of slow-like. He jest said: 'What suits you, Eliza, suits me!' Well, Mrs. Mason she come. She kept comin'. Sometimes, if she got Samyel off early, she come in before our breakfast. She allus come in before I got the rishes done up. An' she stayed. She stayed all mornin'—even wash mornin's. Sometimes she talked. Right along she kept nibblin'. Sometimes 'twas a bit of cheese or a couple of crackers, or a hunk of spice gingerbread, or the top off a jar of jell. 'I can't hear you when I'm a-rubbin',' I'd say. That never mattered a bit to her. She'd wait till I got through rubbin' an' was a-bilin'. But whether she talked or whether she didn't allus come, sure as the daylight did, she allus come, sure as bein', an' she allus stayed."

The narrator treated herself to a teaspoonful of medicine out of a bottle on the windowsill before she proceeded.

"Our girls got home from school at 12," went on the prostrated chatelaine, "an' I allus have lunch for 'em then. Sometimes it's reel good. Sometimes it's only scraps. Anyhow, it's the best me an' Tom can afford. Don't you think she stayed for every one of them lunches? My, yes. She don't have to get dinner for Samyel till one, an' she 'lowed that she most generally got peckish about noon. So she'd set down with the children reg'lar, an' then go across home to get dinner.

Her visitor sighed softly.

"Then she would stay all afternoon. She was a allus here when Tom come home to supper. Her husband took his supper at the hotel, so she used to fine us. Samyel never got back from the store before 11, so she'd stay at our house to pass the time. Tom, he'd go for the mail an' come back, an' there she was. 'Read the news!' she'd say. Tom, who is natchilly pelite, 'ud read it. He'd read, an' read, an' read! 'Land's sakes!' Mary Mason 'ud put in, 'go on! I could jest set here all night an' listen.' An' she did—pretty near!"

There was a mournful silence.

"On the farm," continued Mrs. Robinson, "me an' Tom allus went to bed at eight. How was we to go to bed even at ten, with Mary Mason a-settin' there 'Land o' the livin'!' she'd say, seein' me a-patchin' 'I'm glad I ain't got enny children to keep a-slavin' fer—they do take such a slew of work!' But when I got through the mendin', an' Tom had read every word in the paper, even the advertisements—there she was! Tom 'd yawn an' yawn. I'd tell as how I was dead beat, not havin' got much sleep the night before with the baby that was croupy. She never pretended to hear. By'm by, Tom, he'd go into our bedroom that's off the sittin' room, an' he'd haul off his shoes, an' sling 'em on the floor real hard. That didn't stir her. It was awful provokin'."

"It must have been!" her visitor acquiesced.

"Then they was the borryin'. Not that Mary Mason called it borryin'. She said 'she hadn't a bit of use for folks that borryed. She said when she wanted anything from a person she neighbored with that she just went in an' took it, reel friendly like. That's how our groceries kept a-meltin'. 'Twin't worth while me buyin' a package of yeast that costs five cents,' she'd say, 'when half a cake will make a bakin' for me and Samyel. I'll take a bit of your'n.' The next time she come 'twould be flavorin'. 'No use of me gettin' a whole bottle of vanilier,' she'd say, 'when I only make a cake once a week. A teespoon 'ill do me.' Then there was tea. Samyel drank only coffee, an' 'twould be extravagance for me,' she says, 'to buy half a pound o ftea for mysself. I'll take a pinch of yours.' So she took a pinch—most every day. Pinches make pounds—enough of 'em. 'Pickles,' she often observed, 'I'm most especially fond of, but Samyel says they rust out the linin' of a body's stomach. So I've made up my mind I'll eat mine over here, an' then he won't know if the linin' o' my stomach is rusted out or not.' I wish," feebly concluded Mrs. Robinson, "that you'd look at that row of empty jars on top of the kitchen press!"

A depressing and significant silence followed.

"Me an' Tom," said the protesting voice, "wanted to talk it over, but twas only between 12 at night an' six in the mornin' we got a chance. 'Tom,' I says to him one night after she'd been in an' borryed our last half-dozen of eggs, sayin' she'd return 'em when they got cheaper, 'Tom, we got to get shet of Mary Mason!' Tom says, 'I don't know how we're goin' to do it unless we move back on the farm.'"

"Not real easy. So I begun to give her hints. I give her all kinds of hints. I said as how I'd never been used to sassiety, an' that much of it made my head ache. I aid as how Tom just loved solitood—that there wasn't anything he liked better than spending his evenings alone with me an' the children. I said late hours was fearful wearin' on our constitootions, an' that after this we was going to bed not later'n nine o'clock. I said I couldn't return her visits because Tom hadn't no use for women that was allus gaddin'—an' besides it wouldn't be no use for me to go over, seein' she was never home. Them, an' lots other gentle hints, I gave her. She only says: 'Oh, stuffin'! I ain't one to make a fuss because a body can't keep up with the rules of ttirquette! I don't mind if you never come over. I won't get mad. I ain't that proud sort. Guess I'll take a bit of that roly-poly over for Samyel's dinner—it'll save me makin' sass.' It was that may right along. When she got through eatin' she was sure to want somethin' to take home for Samyel. 'You jest put an extry tablespoon of coffee in the pot,' she'd say, 'an' I'll run over with Samyel's cup. That'll save me makin' some.' Well, when I told Tom that them mild sayin's of mine 'ud no more mix into her mind than you could make sulphur blend with water, Tom says: 'Tell her we're goin' to move back on the farm. Maybe then she'll begin to neighbor with the folks that has just got married across the alley.'

"That very day—'twas a quarter to 12, a week ago yesterday—she come a-walkin' into the kitchen (she never knocked), a big plate in her hand. Like usual, she had a whole big welcome for herself. 'I knowed,' she says, 'you was aimin' to have a biled dinner to day, an' I thought I'd jest run ov and get enough for Samyel an' me out'r the pot while it was hot.' So up she marches to the stove an' takes the lid off'n the kettle an' begins a-spearin' out the salt pork, the turnips, an' the cabbage. 'Sakes alive!' she says, prodding round, 'there ain't no carrots. Why ain't ye got some carrots? Me an' Samyel we're reel fond of carrots.'

"'Maybe,' says I, kind of sarcastic like, 'we'll have lots of 'em soon. That is, if we move back on the farm, like we're talkin' of doin'.'

"Tom thought that'd be a knockdown blow. So did I. But it 'twasn't. We didn't know Mary Mason. She smiled all over. 'Gracious me!' she says, 'if that ain't luck! I told Samyel this mornin' I was clean beat out housekeepin' and would like a chance to recooperate. Here it is! I'll go out to the farm with you an' stay for three months!'

"Then I knew that my last hint had fail'n flatter'n the breakfast puffs you make from a newspaper prime recipe. I had felt my family peace a-goin', I had suffered my own health a-goin'—I rix in my wrath.

"'No,' I says, 'you ain't comin'—for you ain't goin' to be asked.'

"She beat out a-laffin'.

"'Mercy me!' she says, 'what a one you are for jokin'! I never see the beat of you, Mis' Rob'son. I ain't so awful pertickler that I wait for folks to ask me.'

"Then my temper riseu. It come up like milk a-bilin'. You don't know it's near the top till it runs over. 'I ain't jokin,' I says. 'If we move back on the farm 'twill be to get shet of you!'

"'What's that?' she says, an' stands there a-gawpin'.

"'It'll be to get shet of you! I repeated reel deliberate. 'This: the last hint I'll give ye, Mary Mason!'"

"'Did she take it?' the visitor queried.

A faint smile of triumph illumined the face reposing on the patchwork pillow.

"O, yes, she took it—along with the biled dinner. She said, though, that her faith in human natur' was shook. She said she'd never again try to neighbor with a woman who didn't appreciate the friendliness of persons more accustomed to sassiety. She 'lowed she never had much use nohow for folks who couldn't tell findoosickle from sauerkraut."

"So your ordeal is at an end?"

"We believe so," the little woman said, hopefully. "It's a week since we had the biled dinner—most of which we didn't have. She ain't come over since. I'm getting my health back. Tom an' me is livin' happy an' peaceful again. We go to bed at half-past eight. The children gets al their share at meal times. I rod up when I feel willin'. Tom says it's too good to last. He says she'll come back one of these days. Do you think she will?"

"I hope not," returned the little woman, smiling brightly. But the next instant she cast towards the door a furtive glance that was dark with dread. "We've got shet of Mary Mason, I know, but—will we stay shet?"—Chicago Tribune.

Notice

"From this moment we part forever!" he hissed.

She turned upon him haughtily, regal even in the hour of her humiliation.

"No, Fitzmaurice Maurice-Maurice," she answered. "I am accustomed to exact a week's notice from all of my husbands."—Detroit Tribune.

A Great Need.

A great inward sob shook the stalwart form of the young lover as he bowed his head in submission.

"You refuse me your hand? Then give me at least"——

He gazed involuntarily in the direction of the sideboard of the next room.

——"three fingers."

A Social Leper.

Yabsley—There comes Mudge. Let's run.

Wickwire—What is the matter with Mudge that we should flee?

Yabsley—Haven't you heard? He has got so that every time he has eight or ten drinks he wants to give recitations in Scotch dialect.

MUNYON.

Canadians You Know Who Say They Have Been Cured by Munyon's Remedies.

SAMPLE TESTIMONIALS

Picked at Random from the Thousands Received.

Mr. H. B. Taylor, Toronto's well-known draper, in business at 119 King-st. west, Toronto, says: "I was troubled with a pain in my kidneys, superinduced by a sudden chill while in the water. I began using Munyon's Kidney Cure, and as I took the medicine the pain got less each day. It is certainly a great medicine."

Sergeant-Major James Kenney, an old soldier in Her Majesty's service, residing at 395 Queen-st., Toronto, says: "La grippe left me a complication of diseases. I was a very sick man. Two bottles of Munyon's Blood and Nerve Cures made a complete cure. Have not been in such good health for years."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR!

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

FRESH, JUICY, SUCCULENT LEAVES.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

PURE, DELICIOUS, ECONOMICAL.

Sold in lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bristling with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger that is a comfort to the dealer in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old state of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

—— THE ——

REVIEW STATIONERY

166-168 Hunter Street.

ADVERTISING IN THE REVIEW PAYS.

Tuesday and Wednesday

MARCH 30th. and 31st.

On account of the unfavorable weather, by which many ladies were prevented from visiting our Spring MILLINERY OPENING, we will repeat the Opening on the above dates.

Many New Novelties, just in, will be on view, in addition to the very fine display prepared.

All are invited. Store open until 9 p. m. each evening.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store

Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge successat W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

A One-Armed Prisoner.

John Robinson, a one-armed man, who has been around town for three or four days and who claimed to be a peddlar, was in Police Court this morning charged with being drunk. He was allowed to go as he said he was leaving town at noon, going to Port Hope.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 254 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

The Art Social.

An art social was held in the school room of the Charlotte-st Methodist church last evening under the auspices of the Epworth League. An art gallery was one of the important features of the evening, and afforded much amusement. Mr. Percy Hamilton presided while an excellent programme was delightfully rendered. Refreshments were served, and, with the social spirit which pervaded all, a most enjoyable evening was spent. The programme was as follows:—

Instrumental.....Miss M Gilbert
Club swinging..Miss H Goodwin and Miss A Sanders
Violin solo..... .... Mr W Barnard
Reading.....Rev. J J Rae
Duet.....By the Moore children
Scotch reading.....Mr Alex Elliott
Song.....Master W Morris
Instrumental duet..Misses M Elliott and B Kennedy
Reading.....Miss S Thomas
Duet.....By the Moore children
Solo.....Miss Florence Hall

ATTRACTS GREAT CROWDS

Mr. Ranton Speaks of "A Sinner on the Run"—A Study of Zaccheus.

The interest in the evangelistic services in George-st. church is on the increase, judging by the vast crowds that attend every evening. The church last evening was crowded to the doors and the closest attention was given to the earnest appeals of the speaker. Mr. Ranton had a most excellent record before coming here, and it is safe to say no evangelist ever visited Peterborough who so quickly won his way to the people's hearts. His praise is on every lip and none can hear him without being impressed with the fact that he understands human nature and can apply truth to the wants of every one.

The song service last night was very interesting and profitable. On the platform in addition to the pastor and Mr. Ranton, were Revs. E. Cragg, G. R. Clare and A. Terrill. The subject for the evening was "A Sinner on the Run." The text was Luke xix-5. The character of Zaccheus was described, and many useful lessons drawn therefrom. All men are equal, said the speaker, but some men have a greater value relatively than others. Zaccheus was singled out as a

MAN OF VALUE

because of the position he held. When at an evangelistic service at Ottawa Sir John Macdonald rose and expressed a desire to lead a new life every paper in the Dominion heralded the fact. Sir John's soul was of no greater value in the sight of God than the soul of any other man, yet men looked upon his profession as a remarkable fact. In dealing with Zaccheus, Christ appealed to the best in him. There were two sides to every man. Touch him on one and he is drawn to you, but touch him on the other and he is repelled. The way to win men for Christ is to turn their affections. Zaccheus was an illustration of a man turning apparent defeat into victory. He showed the advantages of disadvantages. He was short of statute. He could not make his way through the crowd, yet he overcame these difficulties. We are all short of statute in some part of our nature, but we may overcome it. There are always difficulties in our way, yet we may overcome these. Zaccheus ran. He was in earnest. Zaccheus was an illustration of instantaneous conversion. The speaker here dwelt upon the necessity for making restitution. No man was truly converted who did not make restitution. Our prayers would not go higher than the ceiling if we did not make restitution. This was not only in matters financial, but in matters social. There must be a breaking down of social barriers that have kept people apart. In closing Mr. Ranton referred to the closing verse of the narrative. The Son of Man came to save the lost. He gave an illustration of a lost woman in Chicago, pictured in his inimitable style. Many were moved to tears during his description. The sermon was one of the best of the series and abounded with telling incidents that at times caused the audience to laugh and again to weep. The after service was one of great power, some forty presenting themselves as seekers.

To-night Mr. Ranton will speak on "Playing the fool."

Sir Henry Joly De Lotbiniere's Son.

Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere's son, Edmond G. Joly de Lotbiniere, advocate, Quebec, has written to the author of the new preparation for toothache, healing wounds, and removing Pain, says, "'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' has always relieved the pain instantly and I will never be without it."

CHEAP STREET RAILWAY FARES.

The Company Gives Notice of the Reduction in Fares After Thursday.

The Peterborough and Ashburnham Street Railway Co. have reduced their fares, and tickets will be sold on and after Thursday next, April 1st, until further notice at the following rates:—8 tickets for 25c, good all day; 10 tickets for 25c, good from 6 to 8 a.m., 12 to 2 p.m., and 5 to 7 p.m.

To-morrow Night's Attraction

The kinoptoscope and graphophone, Edison's latest inventions for producing living pictures and sounds will open a four-nights engagement at Bradburn's opera house commencing Wednesday, March 31st. The pictures shown will be all new and the music furnished will be selections by some of the best bands in the United States. These are undoubtedly the best machines ever brought to Peterborough and the entertainment given with them will be sure to please everyone. Admission to all parts of the house 25 cents. Children 10c. Seats now on sale. 1d75

A Theft from an Emily Man.

On March 17th last a young man named McGuire, of Emily township, drove into town and put up his horse and rig at the Daly House. In the evening after attending Monsignor McEvay's lecture at St. Mary's church he discovered that some person had stolen the blinds off his harness, and before he left for home he sought Chief Bell and gave him a description of the missing property. Some days later the Chief located the missing blinds with one of our second-hand dealers, and found they had been pawned by a youth named George Ellsworth, of the east ward. He was arrested on Saturday and remanded to gaol and will appear for sentence to-morrow morning.—Lindsay Post.

Brevities.

—The spring yard cleaning will commence soon if this weather lasts.

—The Printing and Market committees are called for Thursday evening.

—The Historical Society will meet in the County Council Chamber on Thursday evening next.

—A full rehearsal of the cantata "Ruth" will be held to-night. Every member of the chorus should be present.

—The Whitney "Rob Roy" Opera Co. gave an excellent performance to a fair audience at the opera house last night.

—The Legal committee of the Town Council will meet at four o'clock to-morrow afternoon to consider the case of Mrs. Moncrief, who has made claim for damages for a fall she received on the street.

—The two local lodges of Oddfellows have appointed committees to arrange for the annual church service in commemoration of the anniversary of the Order, which falls on April 26th. The joint committee meets to-night.

—The Citizens' committee to arrange the Queen's Jubilee demonstration will meet to-night in the Council Chamber. The Mayor and all the Councillors are members of this committee with the other citizens named, and a large attendance is urged.

—The Lindsay Post says:—Victoria Robinson, apparently under 14 years of age, was this afternoon sent by the municipal authorities of Bobcaygeon before Col. Deacon, county Police Magistrate, charged with being a destitute orphan and without a guardian, her mother having died a few days since. His Worship, having fully considered the case, sent her for an indefinite period to the Industrial Refuge for girls at Toronto.

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS

Interesting Items From the Railroads of the Grand Trunk

The Supreme Court of the United States declares that the railway traffic associations are a peril to commerce and a violation of the anti-trust law. Railroad men everywhere are startled by its force, and an entire change in the methods of distributing freight traffic may be caused by it. The joint traffic association will fight for its life.

Mr. A. White, the district freight agent of the G. T. R., has been instructed by the general freight agent to spend a few days in Madoc and vicinity with a view to ascertaining what the prospects are in the freight line over the proposed route from Madoc to Eldorado and other points. Mr. White will visit Madoc in the near future.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Lacrosse Meeting

The Peterborough Junior Lacrosse Club will hold a meeting for the purpose of organizing on Thursday evening next, at 8 o'clock, in the Oriental parlor.

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

Board Trade of, Excursion to Ottawa.

To the Editor of the Review

DEAR SIR,—In reply to the letter of "Inquirer" in yesterday's EVENING REVIEW, I beg to say:—

1. That it is as certain as anything in the future can be that a special passenger train will leave Peterborough for Ottawa at 2 p. m. on Monday next, the 5th of April.

2. That the fare for the *round trip* has been placed at the small sum of $3.

3. That there can be no deviation from this rate, inasmuch as the price named leaves the smallest possible margin after paying the railway therefor to meet the expenses of advertising, etc., and, I may add, has been so placed as the object of the Board is not to make money but to secure a good attendance at Ottawa on Tuesday morning.

4. It is fully expected that the "special train" will arrive in Ottawa about 6.30 p. m., which will allow an hour and a half for dinner, etc., and still be in time to take in the proceedings in the House of Commons that evening as they do not begin until 8 o'clock p. m.

5 Most certainly, the members of the Board of Trade will be delighted to have as many ladies as possible join their excursion and to that end they have been promised that a Fourmier coach will be attached to the train for their particular accommodation.

6 As to hotel accommodation I can make no promises at present, but the matter has not been overlooked and communications are now being had with Ottawa for the purpose of securing special rates for the same.

7. Tickets from Peterborough and as far east as Havelock will be good to return by *any* regular passenger train on the C.P.R. leaving Ottawa on Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. Consequently any one leaving here on Monday, can spend Monday evening, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday up to p.m. (if they so desire) in Ottawa, for the very modest sum of $3 for railway fare. This I think covers all the points raised by "Inquirer", and I would simply add that it is highly desirable in the interests of themselves that those intending to join the excursion should secure their tickets at once so that there may be time to secure ample seating capacity on the train for all going.

Yours truly,
JOHN CARNEGIE,
President Board of Trade.

TO ALL WHO ARE NOT MERCHANTS

A Correspondent Deals With the Modern Mercantile Octopus—The Departmental Stores.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me space to draw the attention of our citizens to the great injustice many of them are doing (without meaning it) to our worthy merchants.

First, I wish to say that I have no interest whatever in any mercantile business, except the satisfaction I feel in the good business qualities, enterprise and honesty of our town merchants.

The great departmental stores of the cities are doing a selfish and monopolising business, and are daily getting more deadly to our merchants by sending out their long snake-like arms all over the country to grab up the business of the smaller merchants, sending out tempting catalogues to every household in the country offering their goods at prices below the cost of manufacture.

They have encroached upon every class of trade, even to patent medicines. Those who are helping to keep up these gigantic monopolies by sending their cash and order are just diverting so much money from town, which never returns, and yet people wonder where all the money goes to in hard times.

Our merchants are subjected to great trials in their efforts to keep up with the times. They have to maintain a large and expensive stock, pay out wages to clerks, high rents, insurance and taxes, whether they sell much or little.

They get no bonus for employing a large number of employees nor exemption from taxes. They are the first called on for subscriptions to charitable causes. When athletic tournaments are held the merchant is called on and expected to donate costly prizes, and in both cases they are most generous. Let our citizens consider well before they send their good money out of town. Put themselves in the place of the merchant for a moment and try to realize their position.

Let our professional men think how they would feel if the merchants were to send to the cities for their medical and legal advice.

Let the ladies, who do most of the household purchasing, make up their minds to be loyal to our own town, where there are stores and goods kept which cannot be surpassed in any town in Canada for quality, style and cheapness, instead of sending their money to other places for very doubtful bargains, and where they have no redress when they find they are humbugged. Consider what a large number of our young men and women are earning a good living as clerks, bookkeepers and seamstresses in the service of our merchants, while many of our townspeople are helping to keep up the departmental octopus in the large cities, instead of encouraging our worthy merchants at home.

Yours truly,
PETERBOROUGH.

Mrs. R. H. Smith, wife of President Quebec Bank, writes: "'Quickcure' stopped toothache and its use prevented any further trouble during a trip to Europe and back."

Personal.

Mr. John O'Donnell, has gone to Millbrook for a few days on business.

Mr. Geo. J. Herkins left for Point Edward to-day having been summoned by the death there of his brother-in-law.

Mr. A. Leaver, manager of the Carman opera house in Belleville, was in town last evening.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

We Invite

you to inspect our large and select stock of pianos, organs, sewing machines and small musical goods. Prices away down on easy terms of payment. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

The Town of Peterborough

While Making no Pretentious Boast

Is noted for the beauty and style of its women. This fact is reflected in the Millinery of Peterborough, which for refinement and style is second to no other town in Canada.

Our store stands pre-eminent in its ability to make the most satisfactory Millinery for our patrons. We cater to the best trade and we get it.

Our Opening is TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and following days. We ask the privilege of showing you our styles.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Y W C A Glee club.
Queen's Jubilee Citizen's committee.
Natural Science Association.
Oddfellow's Anniversary committee.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Natural Science Association.

The Natural Science Association will meet this evening, 30th inst., at 8 o'clock in the Collegiate Institute. President Fife will give a paper on "Respiration, and the Organs used in Respiration." All members are earnestly requestly to be present. An invitation is extended to all teachers, or any desirous of becoming members of the Association.

Mrs. E. B. Carneau, wife of President Quebec Board of Trade, writes: "'Quickcure' has always given instant relif to my children."

"There's Pleasure and Satisfaction,"

Said a lady friend to another, "in trading at Mason's. Its a place where quality is not sacrificed for cheapness. You get just such things, it seems to me, as you're wanting most in fancy and regular groceries." Our aim is to supply the best. The best is never dear at the prices we ask. Mason & Co., grocers., George-st. d75tf

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

DON'T BUY

YOUR BICYCLE before you see our

$50 HARTFORD,
$65 HARTFORD,
$85 COLUMBIA,
$100 COLUMBIA.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

A NEW SECRETARY

Called to Take Charge of the Work of the Local Y M C A.

The Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association met last night, when the general secretaryship was considered and it was decided to extend a call to Mr. J. Geo. Hunter to come here as secretary.

Mr. Hunter is a young man who is at present attending the Y M C A training school at Springfield, Mass. Before going to the school he was secretary at Petrolia. He is recommended as a first class man, and if he accepts will come here well equipped to conduct the work of the local Association. If he accepts the call he is to come at once.

The Commandant of Bisley Team in 1894

Dr. E. B. Ibbotson, Major Royal Scots, Montreal, writes: "'Quickcure' is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, who should keep it in the house for emergencies such as toothache, burns, cuts, etc.

THE CANTATA "RUTH,"

The most beautiful of all cantatas, will be given in St. Andrew's School room, Tuesday, April 6th. Don't miss it. Keep the date open. Tickets at Mulligan and Potter's Music Store. 3d74

Excursion to Ottawa

Under the auspices of the Peterborough Board of Trade, on Monday, April 5th, 1897. A good opportunity to see the Parliament in session and view the beautiful Parliament buildings and grounds and the other sights of the Capital. Tickets only $3. Good to go on special train at 2 p. m. or regular train at 11.35 p. m., on Monday, the 5th, and on all trains on the 6th, good to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets only $3 from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood or Havelock, and $2.50 from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, the latter tickets, however, being good to return only on the 7th. 1tw

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

OVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 384 George St., Established 1853

RANNEY & INNES STREET INSPECTORS

APPOINTED AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.

The Street Railway to Extend Their Lines—The Rates of Tariff to be Decreased—The Police Before the Council Again—Grants to the Fire Brigade Band and Children's Aid Society—Other Business.

Fully twenty minutes delay was occasioned at the special meeting of the Town Council last evening by the action of several councillors who remained downstairs in the clerk's office, preventing the business being proceeded with, though every member was on hand at eight o'clock. It was not until 8.20 that a quorum was on hand upstairs and the Mayor lectured the absent Councillors for the loss of time. The meeting was occupied in dealing with several important civic questions.

Mayor Yelland presided and there were present Councillors Best, Laplante, Robertson, Denne, Davis, Dawson, Cobb, McWilliams, Meldrum, Graham, and White.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From H. P. Kennedy protesting against the by-law which prevented packers purchasing meats on the market before 11 o'clock and requesting the Council to confer with the packers in regard to the matter.—Market committee.

From J. F. Allin and 31 others, asking that a hydrant be placed on the centre of Crescent-st.—Fire, Water and Light committee.

From W. H. Robertson, Times Printing Co., in regard to a map of the county of Peterborough.—Finance committee.

From S. Hall asking to have an overcharge on taxes refunded.—Court of Revision.

From Thos. J. Moore asking that the Council take action to have Park-st., south of Albert-st., drained.—Street and Bridge committee.

From R. Max Dennistoun and 259 others, petitioning that bicyclists be permitted to

RIDE ON THE SIDEWALKS

of the town when the streets are in a condition unfit for riding, George-st between Brock and Charlotte-st., and Charlotte-st between George and Bethune-sts. to be excluded.—Street and Bridge committee.

From F Smiley, of the Summer Resort Guide Publishing Co., re publishing a description with illustrations of Peterborough in the Guide.—Printing Committee.

From Mrs C H English and 11 others petitioning that the sidewalk on Water-st., south be extended to Sherbrooke-st., and from Water to George on Sherbrooke-st.—Street and Bridge committee.

From J R Strattos, M P P, stating that the bill to amend the Assessment Act enabling the Council to adopt by by-law the assessment made at the beginning of the year, would no doubt pass the Legislature.—Received.

From T G Harper requesting that the Council order the C P R to remove freight sheds in order that he might build on his lot.—Street and Bridge committee.

From the Chief of Police asking that the police force be supplied with water-proof and summer coats.—Committee on Supervision of Police with power to act.

From George Ball and 15 others petitioning that an electric light be placed at the corner of Dublin and Donegal-sts.—Fire Water and Light committee, who will consider placing a light on Division-st. Chairman White stated that the committee intended to inspect all lights and report.

From a petitioner asking that bicyclists be allowed to ride on the sidewalks after ten o'clock at night and before 8 o'clock in the morning.—Street and Bridge committee.

From the Central Labor Union re pulp wood duties.—Finance committee.

From Sir Donald A. Smith, Canadian High Commissioner to England, asking for a couple of good views of Peterborough to be exhibited in England.—Finance committee.

WANTS DAMAGES.

From Dennistoun, Peck & Stevenson on behalf of Mr. E. B. Stone, stating they proposed issuing a writ for $1,000 sustained by Mrs. Geo. Moncrieff through a defective sidewalk.—Legal Committee.

From City Clerk Blevins, of Toronto, requesting the Council to send delegates to a convention to discuss exemption from taxation.—Received.

From John Ball, A. Cox and T. Bradburn, property holders on Rutledge-st. between Rink and Brock-sts. petitioning against the construction of the sewer in that section.—Sewerage Committee.

From H. C. Stabler and 29 others, petitioning against the construction of the sewer on George st., between Macdonnel and Argyle sts.—Sewerage Committee.

From John McPherson and 29 others petitioning against the construction on Stewart-st. between Rink and Brock-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From W. H. Wrighton and 12 others petitioning against the

CONSTRUCTION OF THE SEWER

on Macdonnel-st. between Water and Dickson-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From John Britton and 9 others petitioning against the construction of the sewer on Harvey-st., between McDonnel and Dublin-sts.—Sewerage committee.

From John Kincaid withdrawing his name from the last petition and declaring himself in favor of the construction of sewerage on Harvey-st.—Received.

The notice of assessment of the powder magazine from North Monaghan was received.

From the W. C. T. U. asking for the enforcement of the curfew bell by-law.—Received.

From John Bell stating that he is assessed for the Park-st. drain, but had no property within the assessable limits of the drain.—Court of Revision.

ACCOUNTS SUBMITTED.

The following accounts were submitted:—

W H Hill	$ 10 00
Mrs Wainwright	1 00
C N Brown	1 40
A Allison	5 00
Adam Hall	8 45
Kingan & Allen	3 45
H Carveth	3 90
P Thompson	9 35
W J McCallum	4 75
J Nugent	3 00
Wm Hamilton Mfg Co	165 30
G N W Telegraph Co	77
Dominion Express Co	75
C P R Telegraph Co	51
Peterborough Light and Power Co	3 40
J Clancy	75
C E Gauselin	2 35
Peterborough Water Co	1,041 25
" "	91 94
Times Printing Co	8 60
Mason & Co	2 00

LITTLE LAKE CEMETERY CO.

A committee from the Little Lake Cemetery Co addressed the Council.

Mr. H. Denne, president of the Company, stated that the company intended laying a water main and hydrant to the cemetery, and they desired assistance from the Council. They needed fire protection for the chapel residence and grounds, and water was required for the grass and flower beds, more than the windmill at present used could supply.

Mr. James Stevenson also spoke, emphasizing the fact that the cemetery was utilized by the citizens, and was virtually a public park, and he felt they were entitled to assistance from the town.

Mr. C. W. Sawers pointed out that it would cost $500 to put the mains through the cemetery, and the citizens in general used it as a breathing spot. The town was only asked to pay $35 for a hydrant at this point.

The request was referred to the Fire, Water and Light committee with power to act.

Mr. Thos J Moore appeared before the Council urging the Council to have the lower portion of Park-st. drained. He stated that many cellars in that locality were covered with two and three feet of water. The residents, he remarked, were willing to pay a frontage tax.

SPECIAL GRANTS.

Councillor Denne submitted the following report of the Finance committee:—

GENTLEMEN,—Your Finance committee beg leave to report as follows:

1. That a special grant of $100 be made to the Peterborough Children's Aid Society.

2. That a grant of $250 be made to the Fire Brigade band on condition that the band shall play three times a month in the Court House park during the season that the park is open to the public and once a month during the said season in a park to be designated by the Council.

3. Owing to the unusual expenses this year and the expected loss in the assessment your committee cannot recommend a grant to the Sons of England band.

4. We recommend that the following accounts be paid:—

J Beatty	$ 18 00
Joseph Batten	53 55
Walter Stocker	1 00
Harper Printing Co. (when certified)	14 25
W S McCall	1 50
W Bradshaw	$ 17 00
Examiner Printing Co	36 75
Times Printing Co	4 80
T Williams	1 00
Jas Edgecumbe	4 00
Geo Clarton	9 00
REVIEW Printing & Pub. Co	39 68
Peterborough Protestant Home	12 00
Geo J Horkins	1 55
J W Moore & Co	3 00
E Brown & Co	6 00
Peterborough Water Co	9 00
W VanEvery	6 50
Hugh McIndoe	1 00
R J Lane	3 00
Waller & Co	8 50
Jacob Libister	7 85
John Giles	1 00
E F Mason & Co	13 25
Joseph H Yelland	2 85
J D Craig	2 00
Peterborough Light & Power Co	5 05
C N Brown	5 70
T Fitzgerald	6 03
Canadian Rubber Co	10 00
H Wills	40
W A Sanderson	1 60
Wm Hetherington	5 40
Hatton & Wood, account Brady estate	15 00

All of which is respectfully submited,

T H G DENNE,
Chairman.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS moved that a grant of $50 be given to the Sons of England Band, under the same conditions as last year. This was seconded by Councillor Robertson.

Councillor COBB raised a point of order expenditure of money.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS then moved that the report be referred back to the committee with a recommendation that a grant of $50 be given to the Sons of England Band. This was seconded by Councillor Robertson.

Councillors DAWSON and MELDRUM moved that a grant of $50 be given to the Salvation Army band.

Continued on page 8.

YOU ARE ALL INVITED TO. . . . . .

Our Opening Display

— OF —

Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Dress Goods and Silks, Jackets, Capes and Blouse Waists, Carpets and House Furnishings, Cotton Dress Goods and Gloves,

— ON —

Tuesday and Wednesday, MARCH 30th and 31st.

Special Gas Light Display on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, from 7.30 to 9.30. p.m.

Hall Gilchrist & Co,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

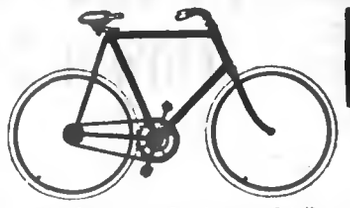
We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard.
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON,
340 George Street.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

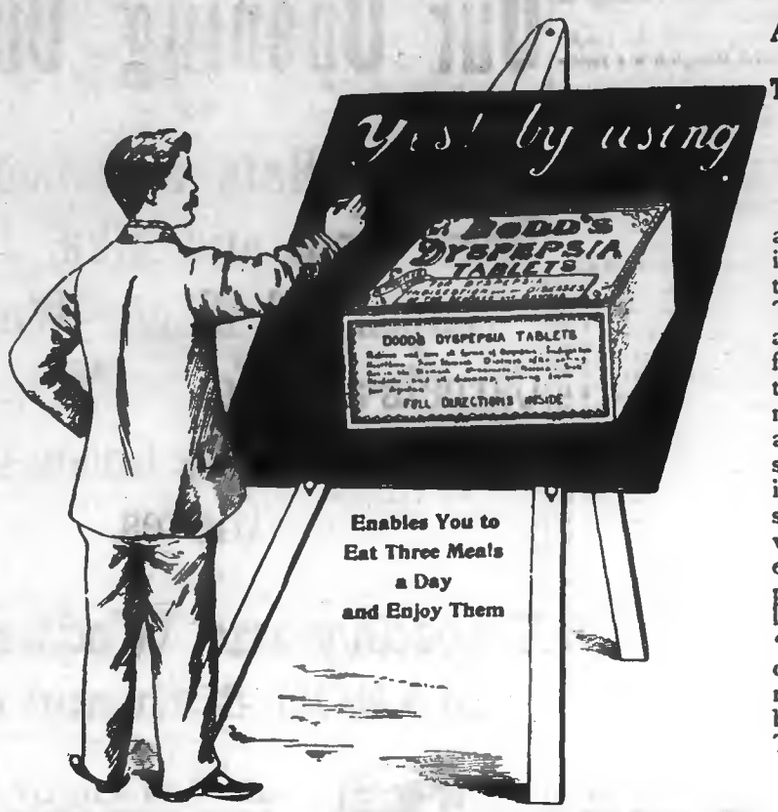
Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?



A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

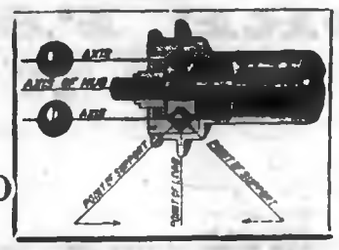
DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



ONLY IN THE

E. & D. 80 Gear ROADSTER

Manf'd by THE CANADIAN TYPOGRAPH CO., Ltd.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. WINDSOR, ONT.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammations, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

A Word To the Wise

IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other warerooms where you can find three such good ones, **Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce** not to mention *many of lesser grade*—*nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.*

We are showing one or two

New Styles Attractive Prices

We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,

188 Yonge Street Toronto

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO, TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

THE CITY . . . **Flower Store**

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants leased for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 439 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

We order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington Office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

A DREAMER.

He is a dreamer, let him pass.
He reads the writing in the grass;
His seeing soul in rapture goes
Beyond the beauty of the rose.
He is a dreamer, and doth know
To sound the furthest depth of woe;
His days are calm, majestic, free;
He is a dreamer, let him be.

He is a dreamer; all the day
Blest visions find him on his way,
Past the far sunset, and the light,
Beyond the darkness, and the night.
He is a dreamer; God! to be
Apostle of Infinity,
And mirror truth's transiscent gleam;
He is a dreamer, let him dream.

He is a dreamer; for all the time
His mind is married unto rhyme,
Light that ne'er was on land or sea
Hath blushed to him in poetry.
He is a dreamer, and hath caught
Close to his heart a hope, a thought,
A hope of immortality;
He is a dreamer, let him be.

He is a dreamer, lo! with thee
His soul doth weep in sympathy;
He is a dreamer, and doth long
To glad the world with happy song.
He is a dreamer; is a breath
He dreams of love, and life, and death.
Oh, man! Oh, woman! lad and lass,
He is a dreamer, let him pass.

—London Sun.

THE SURVIVAL.

Jim threw another log on the campfire, and the blazing circle of light grew to its old dimensions. We could see the stars dodging back and forth behind the tops of the pines, and the lone coyote who had a monopoly of noises down the gulch was indulging us with a temporary rest. The Patriarch occupied the seat of honor, a camp-stool, and the rest of us were ranged on a tree-trunk.

The Pariarch looked at me. "I'll do you the favor," he said, "of filling my pipe with your tobakky. Speakin' of sea-yarns, that story of Jim's about the icebergs that hunted in pairs, keepin' a keen lookout to squeese a ship caught without a breeze, while the polar bears sat by and laughed, was tol'bly good; and the one you told about the Thing that could stand on its head on the floor of the ocean and flap the face of heaven with its tail, was purty fair, yes purty fair. But they war just yarns, plain yarns, neatly unraveled. And that makes me think of what old Absalom Biggs used to say: 'Always tell the truth, my lad, if you're a master smart hand at it.'

"Absalom had a distant relative—he lived in Nantucket, and his brother was anchored in Jamaiky—who bought and sold everything, from queer shells to queer money. His brother was a smart man, nigh as smart as Absalom himself, and he might have lived to be a great one if they had given him plenty of rope. As it was, he war a leetle too high-strung to make a success of life. It's queer how the furriners acquire all of our improvements, even the art of lynchin'.

"Absalom was master and sole proprietor of the good old tradin' brig, Keep Mum. They war two of a kind. Absalom and the brig. Absalom wore a suit of homespun that hung on him like a sail wrapped around a windmill, and the brig was all right if she was only as black as she was painted, for she needed sprucin' up badly; but they war both hard to beat in their deceptive lines, I reckon. The Keep Mum was one of the best of her kind that ever faded out of sight of a revenue cutter, and Absalom was entitled to a patent right on lots of the tricks of his trade. He was a quiet kind of a man, though he had a good command of language, resultin' from hard study of circus-posters when he was a lad, and the Keep Mum sailed so stilly that the wind couldn't whistle through her riggin' even.

"Now, Absalom was a temperance man from principle and interest, though he wasn't particularly religious and worshipped nothin', so far as I know, except savin's banks. 'Never taste the intoxicatin' cup, young man,' he used to say; 'you might miss a chance to make a dollar.' But just the same, after his brother came aboard at the end of my first trip to Kingston, bringin' with him a mysterious air (kind of strongly scented), Absalom loaded the Keep Mum up with rum. And such rum! In barrels, with rusted hoops and cobwebs clingin' round 'em, they hoisted it on board. The pirates that hid it a century before stored nothin' weak, and every year added to its strength. Our second mate, who was a man of much liquor experience ashore as well as at sea, took a cargo of one cup. It was just three days before he could navigate, and—would you believe it!—for two weeks after that whenever he dreamed of that rum at night he'd wake up in the mornin' tipsy.

"Absalom was a man who glanced over newspapers from curiosity and read trade journals for profit. So I knew somethin' extremely uncommon was up when he spent a whole forenoon porin' over a newspaper, with his elbows on the table and his fingers clutched in his hair; and when I heard his chuckle I was interested. Absalom Biggs never wasted a chuckle. I heard him say, as he went out of the cabin: 'They're strong in the body, but weak in the head.'

"Of course, I picked up the paper. It told a story of an awful tribe of cannybals who resided on the west coast of Afriky. It seemed they war a tribe of reg'lar bunkosteerers, for all the missionaries who went there war invariably taken in. Then the Queen of England sent down a gunboat, and the captain of the gunboat sent a man with a white flag and a proclamation in violent language to these cannybals. But there was some misunderstandin' about the matter, for the cannybals ate both the gallant tar and the proclamation. It hurt the captain's feelin's very much, so he landed most of his force and went after the heathen. Alas! he didn't know 'em. I disremember all of the affectin' lines the poet larryate wrote about 'em, but the centerpiece of the work run somethin' like this:

"'They war an awful hungry lot
And havin' nothin' much to do,
Invaygled the tars—the sun was hot—
Into a nice, secloded spot,
Then ate that gallant crew.'

"Her Majesty missed a reception on account of that, and the foreign secretary missed two first-class races. Then a cruiser went down there on business, but the captain, not bein' onto his job, was shortly on the rocks, and when the men swam ashore the heathen met 'em with a hearty reception. And it was awful annoyin' after that to the people on the English boats that went sailin' by to see them savvidges asittin' on the rocks and sunnin' themselves, dressed in British naval uniforms and sarcastic smiles. And the foreign secretary had taken to his bed. So the papers said.

"'We sail for London to-morrow,' said Absalom Biggs, who was standin' in the doorway with his hands in his pockets. All the information you ever got out of Absalom about his business was volunteered, so I saved my breath by askin' no questions.

"We reached London, and Absalom put on his best store-suit to go up to see the foreign secretary. He put one leg of his trousers outside his boot and one inside, 'for I don't know,' says he, 'how the foreign secretary wears his'n.' You see, Absalom Biggs could carry water on both shoulders about as well as anybody. We had to pass about 20 secretaries and assistant secretaries, and every blessed one of 'em had an objection, but Absalom outmanoeuvred all of them. The foreign secretary was sittin' in a chair as if it had been built up around him. 'What do you want?' said he, lookin' at his watch. 'Permission,' says Absalom, 'to catch Wally Bo Logn and his cannybals.' 'You have it,' said the secretary, 'and if you are successful, Her Majesty will be pleased to extend to you her grateful thanks and gracious commendation.' 'And what might that combination be worth?' asked Absalom Biggs. 'Ten thousand pounds,' said the secretary, shortly. When we had a note to that effect, we left.

"So we sailed down the African coast with a cargo part of rum and part of water. We had no fire-arms. 'Ammynition,' said Absalom, 'costs money.' I didn't understand his plan. Once before a trader had tried to do business and Wally Bo Logn at the same time with rum, but that sly old chap ate the trader first and drank his rum afterwards. 'Business before pleasure,' remarked Wally Bo Logn.

"We went inshore at night by the dark of the moon, and while the heathen war sleepin', we lightered that rum to land. And then at daybreak we stood off. There along the beach stood barrel after barrel of rum. And every barrel had a spigot and a bright new tin cup, chained fast, 'for tin cups cost money,' was what Absalom said.

"The heathen came down to look at the brig and speculate about the chances for breakfast; the tin cups caught their eye, and then, pretty soon, the rum caught them. Absalom stood on the upper deck and watched them: 'They're strong in the body, but weak in the head.' Then he went down below, and read his 'Pilgrim's Progress' and 'Guide to Wealth.'

"In the afternoon, Absalom Biggs surveyed the scene again. He seemed kind of pleased. And finally, when Wally Bo Logn got his marine cap jammed down over his eyes and his lieutenant's sword tangled up with his legs and sat down to unmix himself, Absalom ordered out the boats. 'Take care of all of them that can't take care of themselves,' kindly said he. By night-fall we had all the heathen carefully stowed below.

"'These are your instructions: Keep the brig out of sight of land until further notice.' And then Absalom went back to his 'Guide to Wealth.'

"We sailed up and we sailed down. We tacked this way and that, and roamed around at our own free will. One more order we had from Absalom: 'All you need give the savvidges is plenty of water and room to play. No rum,' he added, absent-mindedly, 'for rum costs money.' And then I heard him chuckle again, and say: 'They're strong in body, though weak in the head.'

"Well, we went on a sailin'. And Absalom consulted me just once more. 'What do you know about 'rithmetical retrogression?' he asked me. I was young in those days—almost young enough to know everything—and, havin' the cannybals on my mind, I answered up smartly: 'The water is a leetle brackish, but the harbor is fair and there are plenty of palms. It hadn't any inhabitants the last time I was there.' 'Never mind,' he said; 'if you take 700 and divide it in two, and then every four days cut your figures down one-half, how long'll it be until you have only one?' Bein' a little weak on figgers, I said nothing. And then he fell to cipherin'.

"After that Absalom didn't seem to take any interest in our cargo. He usually stayed in the cabin and read. And the Keep Mum kept sailin' on, sometimes towards the tropics and sometimes towards the pole. It didn't seem to make any difference to Absalom whether her canvas from sky-sails to course was spread to a spankin' breeze or flapped idly in a dead ca'm.

"But, finally, one day, after he had held a deep consultation with the almanac, our course was laid for London. The mornin' we went up the Thames, Absalom's interest in our cargo came to life. He lifted up the hatch, careless like, and after a bit, Wolly Bo Logn's black head appeared. Now, through livin' with and on missionaries, Mr. Bo Logn could speak English. 'We're goin' ashore,' said Absalom. 'To eat?' asked Wally Bo Logn. 'Yes,' replied Absalom, and Wally nodded his head. So we disguised him with a linen duster that fitted him rather soon, and added some other old clothes by way of adornment; then up went we to the foreign secretary. Between you'n me, he's a better man to do business with than the lord high admiral, not havin' so many titles. The first assistant to somethin' stood in the doorway with his nose tilted skyward. 'We've business with the secretary,' said Absalom. 'And what might your business be?' said his highness, with considerable scorn. 'Eat,' said Wally Bo Logn, and he smiled at him with his meet-you-at-the-mess-room smile, and his highness just shrank into nothin'. Then we steered for the secretary's office, and found him at home with the same big chair around him.

"'What do you want?' he said, frownin'. And then Mr. Bo Logn and the secretary sized each other up, for they war two of a kind.

"'Allow me,' said Absalom Biggs, 'to introduce to you Mr. Wally B. Logn, king of the Guinny Cannibals.'

"'And where are the rest of the tribe?' asked the secretary, impatiently.

"Then Absalom drew himself up to his full height and made his best, best bow. 'They're strong in the body though weak in the head. They're in him,' said Absalom Biggs."

Just then the waiter at the cookhouse sounded his sheet-iron supper-call, and the Patriarch rose stiffly, scraping his pipe. "It's supper-time, boys," he said.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Extract From Editorial in "Dominion Dental Journal."

Since the article appeared by Dr. Ievers in the last issue, a large number of testimonial from outside and impartial sources, have been sent to us as to the value of "Quickcure." Eminent physicians express the same opinion from practical experience in its use in boils and wounds. We have had practical proof of its value in a burn, and repeated experience in its efficacy in exposed pulps, and various pathological conditions of the gums and the mouth. Dr. Ievers, of Quebec city has for over eleven years had such invariable success with his preparation, that he had little trouble to persuade many of his colleagues to experiment in the same direction, and the general consensus of professional opinion has been decidedly in its favor."

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.25 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use and tested every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now; We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles."

Baby's Own Soap

IS NOT, as most soaps, made from "soap fat," the refuse of the kitchen or the abattoir.

VEGETABLE OILS supply the necessary ingredients — one of the reasons why it should be used in nurseries and for delicate skins.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY MARCH 30, 1897

The Careless Woman.

The careless and indifferent woman, when she decides to dye a dress, jacket, cape or suit for her husband or son, goes to a store and simply asks for a package of dye of the color wanted.

This is the character of customer that some dealers are looking for—the careless customer who takes anything that is given to her.

The careless woman gets her package of dyes, goes home, and with same hope commences her work. The color she got makes her mad. The muddy, dingy shade produced by the poor dye would make an angel weep with vexation.

Wise women take the precaution to buy Diamond Dyes that are all fully warranted to give the best colors. One package of the Diamond Dyes has three times the dyeing power of ordinary package dyes. All colors are clean, bright, fast and fadeless. Ask for the "Diamond," and see that you get them at all times.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. S. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkumale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman. The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec-Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jas. MaKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr. Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

Seven million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health.

OAK HALL.

IRISH FINANCES.

Hon. Edward Blake Opens the Debate in the British Commons.

London, March 29.—In the House of Commons to-day Hon. Edward Blake, Nationalist member for the South Division of Longford, opened the debate on the question of the financial relations between Ireland and Great Britain my introducing a motion for the relief of Ireland, contending that the contribution of Ireland to the treasury of Great Britain was unjustly disproportionate to Ireland's population and resources.

Mr. Blake added that the report of the Committee on financial relations between Great Britain and Ireland had proved that the latter country was unduly taxed. It was the duty of the Government to take early steps for the adoption of remedial legislation.

John Redmond, Parnellite, seconded Mr. Blake's motion. He said that the appointment of the new commission was a dishonest evasion and was intended to shelve the question for an indefinite time, but it would result in a hastening of the day when Ireland would find in her own national government the best safeguard against further spoliation.

Thomas P. Whittaker, Liberal, moved that while the exchequers of Great Britain and Ireland remained consolidated all portions of the United Kingdom must be regarded as one country for fiscal purposes.

This motion was seconded by Thos. Waring, who is classed as a "Constitutionalist and Imperialist."

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking in behalf of the Government, said that the Opposition ascribed everything wrong in Ireland for the past century to Great Britain. In 1817 the Irish and English debts had been consolidated, and the exchequers of both countries amalgamated. The Act had been passed by Parliament by a unanimous vote because it was felt that it would be a great relief to Ireland. He denied the stories of the poverty and misery that were said to prevail in Ireland.

Continuing, Sir Michael declared that a system of taxation based upon the taxablecapacity was never successful owing to the constantly varying conditions in all parts of the kingdom.

Sir Michael further said that if the Government restored to Ireland the £2,750,000 she claimed as the excess of taxation she had paid she would contribute nothing to the common expenditure of the United Kingdom, but would receive tribute from England and Scotland. There would be a further enquiry into the matter of the financial relations between Great Britain and Ireland, the Government desiring to do full justice, but it would in no wise depart from the system established in 1817.

The debate was then adjourned.

NO FREE BREAKFAST TABLE

Montreal Importers Think the Liberals Will Alter the Present Conditions—Heavy Customs Receipts.

Montreal, March 29.—(Special.)—Although people say the Laurier Government will not bring about many changes in the tariff the merchants here are clearing sugars and liquors at a lively rate, while large purchases of tea are being made in the anticipation of a free breakfast table being made a thing of the past. Up to Saturday the customs receipts for the month of March had reached $785,464, or about $400,000 ahead of the receipts for the same period of last year. For the last four days the receipts were as follows: Wednesday, the 24th, $73,621; Thursday, $72,038; Friday, $40,524; and Saturday, $120,808. Of the last amount over $100,000 represented sugar and the amount of raw sugar cleared at the port of Montreal for the week ending March 27 reached no less than 41,207,105 pounds.

CRUELTY TO HIS HORSE.

H. H. Misner of North Colchester Very Properly Fined.

Windsor, Ont., March 29.—H. M. Misner, owner of a stave mill in North Colchester, was tried in the Police Court to-day. Humane Officer McEwan stated that Misner had tied his horse to a post, and after whipping it unmercifully left it tied till next day without food or water. Then, he asserts that Misner worked the horse till it was tottering from weakness. Misner denied most of these allegations, but pleaded guilty to a general charge of cruelty. He was fined $9.52.

An Effort to Explain.

"Phwat's the good av a threaty?" asked Mr. Rafferty, who had been devoting some reading to international topics.

"Wull," replied Mr. Dolan; "it's sometoimes harrud to kape the saitraight av a quarrel an' be sure who's in the roight an' who's in the wrong. A threaty makes it plain as day, an' fur thot it's a good t'ing."

"But how does it work?"

"Supposin' you an' meself wus two governmints an' we make a threaty thot we'll hov no foights; nothin' but arguminta. An' supposin' Oi gits riled at something you do an' athart in ty lick you."

"Yes couldn't do it, Dolan."

"Oi moight thry."

"An' phwat thin?"

"Then thot u'd be a breach av the threaty an' my part, an' yes could go ahead ahd lick me, if ye wor able, wid a clear conscience."—Washington Star.

Denim of a golden tan or old red shade makes a very effective and inexpensive portiere for a library or dining room. Make leaves, fleurs de lis or some conventional design, cut from black velveteen, and fasten them to the cloth by pasting them on with boiled starch; outline these figures with a heavy yellow silk floss and you will have a very handsome-looking material for hanging. The figures may be placed at regular distances over the denim or arranged as a border about eighteen inches from the top.

Thoroughly Cured.

"George, I hope our boy will never smoke."

"I don't think he ever will. I guess I've thoroughly cured him of all liking for cigars."

"How did you do it?"

"I kept him in the room while I smoked one of those cigars you gave me Christmas."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE FRANCHISE LAW

Continued from page 1.

an intimation to the cotton manufacturers.

Mr. Fielding said the hon. gentleman's hopes were exceedingly interesting. The present Government would do nothing that was unconstitutional.

Mr. Foster asked if the report were true.

Mr. Fielding replied that he had no desire to be held responsible for newspaper statements.

Sir Richard Cartwright renewed the debate on the address. He at once turned his attention to the Manitoba school question, and in particular to the remarks which Sir Charles Tupper made on that subject in the debate on Friday last. Sir Charles then told the House that he had now washed his hands of the school question. If, said Sir Richard, Sir Charles had asked the advice of his friends, they would have told him to hold his tongue about it as well. The present Government had successfully grappled with the school question. They had done in six weeks what the late Government had failed to do in six years, and the settlement the Laurier Government had effected had received the approval of men of all classes and creeds. What Mr. Laurier had promised in regard to the school question Mr. Laurier had done. The settlement was due to the courage and wisdom of his honorable friend, also to the wisdom and good sense of his supporters in the Province of Quebec, and also to the way in which the Dominion Government had been met by the Government of the Province of Manitoba. The country at large had endorsed the settlement. If he remembered aright there had been eight bye-elections since the settlement The former members for constituencies in which those elections had taken place were four supporters of the Government and four supporters of the hon. gentleman opposite. What was the net result? If his calculations were right, the bye-elections had returned seven supporters of the Government and one of Sir Charles Tupper's. He hoped that no one would stir up the Manitoba school question again. If they did, he trusted they would be buried eight hundred fathoms deep, as in Wright and Bonaventure. With regard to Sir Charles Tupper's charges of corruption by the Government in the recent bye-elections, Sir Richard made light of them, and declared that in the matter of electoral corruption Sir Charles Tupper had forgotten more than those who sat on the Liberal benches ever knew.

After maintaining that the increase in expenditure since the Laurier Government came into office was due to the late Conservative Government, Sir Richard Cartwright turned to the tariff. "I will not," he said, "now go into detail about the tariff or its conditions. It is the earnest desire, and it will be the endeavor of the Government, so far as lies in our power, to do justice to all classes, the consumers, the producers and the manufacturers alike. We hope to be able to produce the tariff at an early day, and it will show at least that the Government has made an honest attempt to discharge its duty towards the people who placed it in power.

Mr. Davin followed, devoting himself chiefly to the school question.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Monk and Cangrain, who spoke at some length on the school question. The latter, to the great enjoyment of the House, read the ante-election pledges of several Liberal members on the school question.

The House adjourned at 11.05 p.m.

A Filibuster Sent to Jail.

Baltimore, March 29.—Dr. Joseph J. Luis, who was on Friday last found guilty in the United States District Court of conspiracy, and of sending an armed military expedition against a friendly nation, was sentenced to-day to eighteen months in the Baltimore Jail and to pay a fine of $500.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, March 30.

Flour—There is nothing doing, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $2.65 to $2.70.

Bran—Trade limited, with offerings small, ton lots quoted at $10 to $11 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market is steady, with demand confined to small milling lots. Red winter is quoted at 73c to 74c and white sold at 73c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard quoted at 84c Midland, and No. 2 hard quoted at 81c to 82c Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 72c to 73c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is fair, with prices firm at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 29c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 19c west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 39c north and west.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, and prices rule at 26c to 29c west. Car lots sold on track here at 26c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.80 to $2.90.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 29.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; no. 1 Cal., 6s 3d to 6s 4½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage nominally unchanged. English country markets steady Russian shipments 1,656,000 bushels. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 6s 1¾d for May and July and 6s for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 6½d for April, 2s 6d for May and 2s 9½d for July. Flour 22s.

Paris—Wheat 21f 75c for April; Flour 44f 75c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures 6s 1½d for May and July, and 5s 11¾d for Sept. Maize firm at 2s 6½d for April, 2s 6d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage very little doing. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat week at 21f 60c for March and April; flour dull at 44f 75c for April.

An Honest Profession, When Convinced of Merit, Speaks:

Every dentist, without exception, who has thoroughly investigated "Phenol Sanum" ("Quickcure") endorses it, and prescribes its use in emergencies for all toothaches. Read Quickcure Book, sent free.

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 30, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 68	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mammoth	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	81
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 80	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 00

CATARRH

Mrs. Dobell, of London, Ont., Cured for 25 Cents

Doctors Could Help, but Couldn't Cure—Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Released the Prisoner, and To-day She is as Well as Ever—She Says it is a Great Remedy

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dobell," said a comely, pleasant-faced woman at her home on Horton street to a News reporter to-day, "and I will very gladly tell you what you want to know. About three years ago my husband was very ill, and I had frequently occasion to rise in the night and go for a doctor or to the druggist. In my hurry I often neglected to properly clothe myself, and contracted several heavy colds, which turned at last to chronic catarrh. I tried doctors, who helped me, but did not cure me, and several special catarrh medicines. I was relieved but not cured. I was suffering miserably when Mr. Shuff recommended me to try CHASE'S CATARRH CURE, and it began at once to help, and in about two months had entirely cured me. I cannot speak too highly of this remarkable medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh." The blower included is a great help to sufferers.

IN

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Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

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10c. Per Package

Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS.

NEW YORK.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., GALT, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collar excepted.)*

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Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, Will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 188 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr48w

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Is a Cream of Tartar Powder—It is absolutely pure and gives the best results—In tins only.

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Manufacturing Jewellers,
are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc.
Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.
136 HUNTER STREET,
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WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Premature Decrepitude, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases in the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, enclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.
Before and After.
The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.
Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

The Daily Review.
TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897

RANNEY & INNES STREET INSPECTORS.

Continued from page 5.

Councillor DAVIS explained that there was not a voice raised against the recommendation in committee. They had decided not to grant any money to other bands owing to the hard times and the desire to practice strict economy as the assessment had decreased this year.

The report of the committee with the exception of the clause referring to the Sons of England band grant, was finally adopted and the motions of Councillors Dawson and McWilliams, were referred to the committee for consideration.

THE MARKET TOLLS.

Councillor ROBERTSON presented the following report of the Market committee:

GENTLEMEN,—Your Market committee beg leave to report that they sold the market tolls and charges by auction on March 22nd last, and they were purchased by Mr. R. H. Green for $1,220. Mr. Green has executed the necessary papers.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
CHAS. ROBERTSON,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

THE DUMPING GROUND.

The following report of the Property and Health committee was read by Councillor Graham:

GENTLEMEN,—Your Property and Health committee beg leave to report and recommend that this committee be authorized to award the contract for a nuisance ground and the taking care of the same for the year beginning May 1st next, and that the Mayor and clerk be authorized to sign the necessary agreement with the person to whom the committee awards the contract.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
JAS. G. GRAHAM,
Chairman.

The report was adopted.

CARTER'S LICENSE.

Councillor LAPLANTE read the following report of the License committee:

GENTLEMEN,—Your License committee beg leave to recommend that the license fee for two horse trucks be changed to $7.50.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
N. T. LAPLANTE,
Chairman.

STREET RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS presented the following report of the Street and Bridge committee:—

GENTLEMEN,—Your Street and Bridge committee beg leave to report as follows:—

1. We recommend that the gravel from a cellar on Water-st be taken from Wm Montgomery, and that he be paid 12c per yard on the certificate of the street inspector, the gravel to be delivered where required by the inspector.

2. We recommend that no action be taken in reference to the communication of John Conroy to sell certain lumber and timber to the town.

3. Owing to the expense that the town will have to incur in connection with bridges this year, we recommend that no action be taken in regard to the communication from the County Council in reference to the Mud Lake bridge.

4. That this committee be authorized to ask for tenders for lumber and timber required for the season.

5. Your committee had a meeting with representatives of the Street Railway Co and recommend as follows:—

That permission be given to the Company to stop running their cars each year for five years between December 15th and April 1st, unless the earnings of the company shall be sufficient between these dates to pay the expenses of operating the lines and keeping the tracks open, any question as to the earnings or expenses to be submitted to an officer appointed by the Council, who is to have the right to examine the books of the company. This concession is to be on the following conditions:—That the company shall extend its line from Charlotte-st. along Park to McDonnel-st., and along McDonnel-st. from Park-st. to George-st. before the first of August next, and from the corner of McDonnel and Park-sts. to the Jackson park as soon as the right of way from McDonnel to the park along the creek is provided and also from the present terminus on Lock-st. to the river as soon as a franchise for that purpose is obtained from the township of North Monaghan; also that the company shall issue tickets at the following rates:—Ordinary tickets at the rate of eight tickets for 25 cents, and in books of 100 for $2.50, and childrens' tickets and students' tickets at 10 for 25c, and tickets good on any day between the hours of 6 and 8 a. m., 12 noon, and 2 p m., and 5 to 7 p m., at the rate of ten for 25 cents.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. R. MCWILLIAMS,
Chairman.

Councillor DAWSON was inclined to allow the report to stand over until the township of North Monaghan granted a franchise to extend the line to the river.

Mr. A. P. POWERITE, solicitor for the company, explained that it would only be a matter of form to secure the franchise from North Monaghan. The by-law would not be prepared until the franchise was secured.

After a few minor references to the last clause the report was adopted.

By-laws amending the License by-law in line with the report of the License committee, making grants to the Children's Aid Society and Fire Brigade band were passed.

STREET INSPECTORSHIP.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS introduced a by-law to appoint Messrs. Geo. Ranney & W. L. Innes, street inspectors, at $550 per annum. This by-law differs a great deal from the first one under which it was proposed to make the appointment. It received its first reading, but on the second reading Councillor Dawson introduced an amendment that the name of Mr. Robt. Clinkscale be substituted. This was seconded by Councillor Cobb.

In supporting the amendment Mr. Dawson declared it was ridiculous to discharge a man without provocation and engage a firm of engineers. Mr. Clinkscale in his first year in the position had to meet with the difficulty caused by the construction of the sewerage system, which was not the case every year. Mr. Dawson was surprised to see two men with C. E. to their names take a position at less than a workingman.

Councillor MCWILLIAMS contended that if the condition of the streets and the nature of the timber purchased was any indication of the present street inspector's efficiency he should be discharged. Messrs. Ranney & Innes had offered their services at $100 less than anybody else, and should be appointed for that reason. Mr. Ranney was the best qualified man in town, and as to his superannuation by the Government it was done because he would not give Moses Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, $50 for a certain true. In the county of Hastings to-day there were gravel roads that bore evidence of Mr. Ranney's skill.

Councillor DAWSON—Who are you going to hold responsible, Mr. Ranney or Mr. Innes?

Councillor MCWILLIAMS said the second clause of the by-law defined their duties, and this clause being read showed that one man had to be constantly employed on the streets.

Councillor DAVIS said the lowest tender had to be accepted, and Councillor Meldrum supported it, maintaining that economy demanded it.

The by-law received its second and third readings, the vote on the third reading being:

Yeas—Councillors Best, Laplante, Robertson, Davis, McWilliams, Meldrum, White—7.

Nays—Councillors Deane, Dawson, Cobb and Graham.

THE DEPUTATION TO OTTAWA.

The treasurer was authorized to issue a cheque to pay expenses of the deputation to Ottawa.

Councillor WHITE wanted the police to remove some rubbish on Homewood-ave.

It was moved by Councillor Best and seconded by Councillor Laplante, that the duties of the police shall be extended to the outlying portions of the town which is now practically without protection and that the matter be referred to the Committee on Appointments and Supervision of Police.

Councillor DAWSON said it seemed as though something was scraping on Mr. Best,s back about these police. Mr. Best had gone over the duties of the police with the committee. Only two policemen were on duty at once, and they always responded to calls and attended to their duties properly.

The resolution was adopted and the Council adjourned.

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

The New Steamer—Waiting for Navigation to Open—Stories Brevities.

Correspondence of the Review.

HOME FROM THE SHANTIES.—M M Boyd & Co's men arrived home here on last Tuesday morning from the woods. The men report that the past winter has been a good one for lumbering, as the fore part was a good time for cutting and the latter part was favorable for drawing.

SPRING BIRDS.—The snow storm on last Wednesday seemed to drive the robins and blackbirds to their retreats for a few days.

NEW BOAT.—The work on the new boat here is still being pushed ahead, but as yet the machinery has not been shipped, and it is very doubtful if everything in connection with her will be completed in time for the opening of navigation.

MAPLE LEAF.—The Maple Leaf left the dry dock and went down to her own wharf below the locks last week, where she will remain till navigation opens. The Maple Leaf had a new hull put on her last fall, and was thoroughly overhauled, so that she is now in fine condition for her season's work.

LA GRIPPE—La grippe has attacked a large number of our villagers during the past week, but it is hoped that when the warm, balmy spring weather comes the malady will disappear.

HORSES DROWNED.—A boy of Mr. Robert McFarlane's was driving his father's team up to Fenelon Falls last week by the ice, and as he was near Jordan's landing his horses broke into the lake, and before assistance could come both horses were drowned. The sleigh and load of oat hulls were saved.

KICKAPOO INDIANS. — A few Kickapoo Indians with other allies are in the town hall selling their "blood-making, blood-cleansing and life-sustaining" medicines. They are to remain here till Monday, April 4th.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE HYPNOTIC SLEEP.

Prof. Ferris Has Difficulty With the Long Sleeping Subject at London.

Prof. Ferris, the hypnotist who gave a week's performance here not long ago, being the man who had the Belleville youth sleeping in the opera house for ninety-six hours, is in trouble at London, Ont. A despatch from that city says:—"Prof. Ferris, a hypnotist, who has been giving a show here for some days past, failed at the performance in the music hall on Saturday night to restore to consciousness a subject who had been in a hypnotic sleep for 120 hours. The subject is James May, of Barrie, who was put to sleep at the close of the entertainment on Monday. The hypnotist worked over the young man nearly an hour. Twice Ferris became so weak that he had to be assisted off the stage. At last he fell in a faint on the stage floor and was removed to the Tecumseh house, while the audience dispersed, greatly excited. Young May has not yet awakened, and the professor was confined to his bed all day yesterday. Nine local physicians were on the stage at the time and closely watched the hypnotist at work. They were Drs. Eccles, Moore, Drake, Hodge, Ferguson, Williams, New, J B Campbell and Tendall. Dr. Ferguson thrust a needle through each of May's ears without awakening him, but it was quite evident he felt pain. None of the physicians would express a decided opinion about the matter, as they claimed they had not sufficient proof as to whether it was genuine or a fake."

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Entertainment in Deure

A vaudeville entertainment was held at the school, section No. 11, Deure, on Friday evening, March 26th. Mr. Wm. H. Frith took the chair at eight o'clock, and the following programme was rendered, before a crowded house:

Chairman's address.....
Musical selection.....Roberts Bros
Reading.....Mr. Vas. LeBar (encored)
Mysterious hypnotic exhibition.....Mr. Francis F. Long
Comic song.....Mr. Geo. Pratley (encored)
Reading.....Mr. Vas. LeBar
Musical selection.....Roberts Bros. (encore)
Sentimental song..Mr. Geo. Pratley (encore)
God Save the Queen.

William Lee, Esq., Mayor of Parish of Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for most painful rheumatism and got almost instant relief, and the pain has not returned since last spring; it also healed a wound caused by a rusty nail in a marvellous manner. I consider it the healing remedy of the age. We do not fear even toothache now, as we always keep 'Quickcure' on hand."

What They Think of It.
March 23rd, 1897.
H. Calcutt, Esq.
DEAR SIR,—Having heard of your porter being a good tonic for weakness, I tried one dozen and it has built me up, brought back my appetite and changed my health so that I am now able to do all my own housework. I can recommend it to all females suffering with weakness or recovering from malaria or grippe.
Yours truly,
MRS. CORNECKE.
6d

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Don't Scrub your Floors.
Paint 'em, and save your back. Paint will not allow the grease, water and dirt to settle into the grain of the wood. It keeps them on the surface, where you can get at them. Paint on a kitchen floor will save many a tired hour's work. You can clean it quickly, easily and clean.
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT
is made for floors, and no other purpose. It is made to walk on. It is easy to put on, and it "stays put." We make paints for every paintable thing. A special paint for cupboards, shelves, baseboards; another for tables, chairs, settees; another for barns, fences, roofs; another for houses, another for bath tubs.
Our booklet, "Paint Points," tells why each paint is the best for its purpose. It tells what is good paint and what is poor paint. It tells just what kind of brushes to use, and how to take care of them, and all the little things you would like to know about paint. It is free for the asking. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
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SPOT CASH!
ONE PRICE!
Money Back if You Want It!
Alterations in Store now being rushed through. Had to have more room.
But Customers will find their wants can still be looked after without inconvenience.
HAT STYLE.
You find fashion's latest in Men's Hats in this fashionable hat store. You find quality here that can be depended upon. You may know quality or not, but we do, and it is our place to study your interest. By doing this we secure trade.
We boast of quality, backed up by such names as Christy, Youmans, Stetson and other leading hat fashioners. And we'll sell them as low as spot cash buying and spot cash selling will let us. We are Men's Best Hatters—Let's be yours.
Fairweather & Co.
HATTERS AND FURRIERS.
TORONTO. . . . PETERBOROUGH.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of
PAINT!
Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.
The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.
Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.
MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Y W C A Notes

The Board wish to meet with all the members of the Association on Friday evening at 7.30 p.m., at 168 Brock-st.

Don't forget the reading circle and glee club this evening.

OAK HALL.

The Queen's Jubilee

Appropriate additional verse to the National Anthem, very popular just now in England:

Thou who for three score years,
In sunshine, cloud and tears,
Hast kept our Queen,
Still be her guide and stay
Through life's uncertain way,
Till dawns the perfect day.
God bless our Queen.

M. S. SKEFFINGTON.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES
Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .
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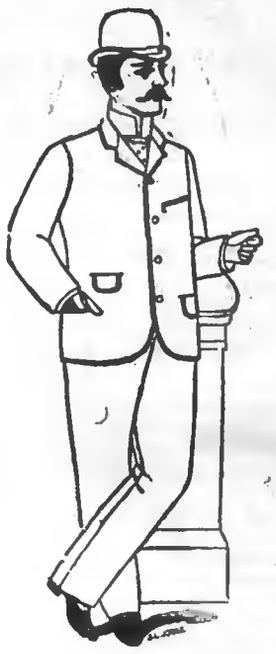
Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.
Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.
Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.
BOYS' CLOTHING.
Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.
Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.
Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.
We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.
A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!
OAK HALL
The Reliable One Price Clothiers.
W. J. Wattam, Manager.

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Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 76. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE SECOND READING

Of the Liquor License Bill Carried in the Local House.

Who Repudiated the Charge of Broken Pledges on the Part of the Government—Strong Arguments For and Against the Bill—It Was a Great Night for Oratory—Messrs. Whitney, Ross, Meacham, Crawford, Haycock and St. John Took Part in the Debate, Which Lasted Till Midnight.

Toronto, March 31.

The Harcourt license bill passed its second reading at the Legislature yesterday after a most animated debate. The speakers were evidently inspired by the presence of a galaxy of spectators in the galleries, and each accordingly was in his most dramatically eloquent mood.

Mr. Marter arose, amid loud acclaim from his colleagues, to resume the license bill debate. He desired, he stated, to speak in a non-partizan, non-political manner. He was prepared to favor legislation looking toward prohibition, from whatever party it emanated. The bill was called a moderate one, and was indeed a very moderate one. It was an apologetic one, and he was sorry that its introducer had to apologize for it. It was the opinion of the temperance people of the province that the Government was indeed moving very slowly in temperance legislation. Mr. Ross had once claimed that so long as the regulation of the traffic was in the hands of municipalities it would lead to an increase of licenses. What had made that Minister change his opinion now? There would be no uniformity in the hours of closing under the new law, while if the Government assumed the responsibility the hour of closing would be the same throughout. The Provincial Treasurer held out hope that there would be further license reductions; that it was not the last word the Legislature would utter on the subject. This was another apology on behalf of the measure. He believed then, and he still held the opinion, that at the time of its introduction his bill to prohibit the retail sale of liquor in the province was the only satisfactory settlement of the question.

When the provincial plebiscite had been voted upon the understanding had been that electors voting "Yes" would be favoring prohibition in so far as the Ontario Legislature could adopt it. How could the Ontario Government then contend that they had not promised as full a measure of prohibition as they were entitled to grant?

The Attorney-General interposed that he had stated they had not denied that this had been promised, but he had asserted that the present question was not one of prohibition, but of license.

Mr. Marter accepted the explanation, and proceeded to state that the Minister of Education had said that any Government which refused to bow to the will of the people was known more by their epitaphs than by their legislation, and that any Government which did not keep pace with temperance sentiment should be relegated to the past.

Mr. Marter believed that the people would declare that the Government had been found wanting in this regard and would decide at the polls to give some others a chance.

If the Government wanted anything to justify them in giving a strong measure of prohibition, it was found in the words of Sir Oliver Mowat, who had spoken of prohibiting the sale of liquor and had been received with loud cheering. Dr. Potts was eminently satisfied then; he is eminently satisfied now. [Opposition laughter and Ministerial applause.] Dr. Potts, continued the speaker, seemed to have a patent on the words "eminently satisfied" as regards the Government. In reply to Dr. Mackay, Sir Oliver had reiterated his promise that he would support a prohibitory measure. How could the present Government deny in the face of these facts that such a measure was expected of them? The chairman of the prohibition convention had gone so far as to urge the support of the temperance people to a Government which had promised so full a measure of prohibition. Hon. G. W. Ross had also stated at that time that he could not remain a member of a Government which would not go that far. To do himself justice, Mr. Ross should now shake his skirts clear of the Government. [Opposition applause.] It was clear that the Government had not fulfilled their promises and he only hoped that that great jury, the people, would rise in its might and hurl them from power for it.

The Attorney-General had stated to them that he was unable to give a complete temperance measure because they, his supporters, were not of one mind. Would any of these supporters rise in his seat and say that he had not pledged himself to his constituents to support the Government in any and every temperance measure they might introduce? The Attorney-General contended that Sir Oliver's promise had related only to total or partial prohibition. Where was then the necessity of submitting the question to the Privy Council if it was not their intention to give a full measure. Mr. Hardy had stated that he dared not go as far as he wished because his Government would be defeated. Was that a sufficient reason for an Attorney-General to give to the electors? If that was to be his guiding star he might better give way to some one else who was guided by principle.

The ex-leader of the Opposition deplored the fact that of the 23 reforms asked for by the temperance people, but two had been granted. Many of the Opposition members who had sat in the last House were not present today, because they had been ousted by the temperance people on the strength of the ante-election pledges of the Government.

Mr. Marter concluded with a vigorous appeal to the temperance people. If they wished to be respected by political parties they must do different to what they had done in the past. They must avenge themselves of the injury done to them in the great cause which they had at heart and hurl from power the Government which had so grossly betrayed them. The remedy was in their hands.

When the Opposition applause following Mr. Marter's concluding words had subsided, Hon. A. S. Hardy, who then took the floor, was applauded equally loud and long by his followers. The Attorney-General informed his hearers that he simply intended to criticise the previous speaker's remarks concerning himself. The latter had stated in opening his speech that he did not intend to make a political appeal, but had at the same time concluded every point he made by appealing for the overthrow of the Government. The speech of the Provincial Treasurer had not been refuted. Mr. Marter had quoted a number of speakers, but to what effect? Only to contradict himself. The Government did not intend to legislate to please a certain class. No Government had ever been able or had ever attempted to satisfy the wishes of every good and well-intentioned man. The object of the Government was to introduce a practicable measure, one which they could see carried out. The criticisms of the bill were not forcible. The bill was as strong as had ever been presented to the Legislature.

The Attorney-General said he had never heard a more futile attempt to discuss a measure before. Mr. Marter called the convention of 1893 a non-partizan one. The only persons at the convention who had displayed any partizanship, if there were any such displays, were Messrs. Marter and St. John.

There was no dispute, he continued, as to what Sir Oliver Mowat had said. The ex-Premier had stated that if it was decided that he had power to introduce a partial prohibitory law, he would introduce such a law. He had said nothing of a license law.

The speaker then reverted to the bill introduced by Mr. Marter in 1893, which was a partial prohibition bill. Sir Oliver had opposed the bill because he doubted if it was in the provincial jurisdiction. At the time his bill was being discussed, Mr. Marter had declared that prohibition was the only means of removing the unhappiness caused by the sale of liquor. Mr. Marter himself was, therefore, talking of prohibition and he did not understand how that gentleman could deny that he had intended to establish prohibition.

Continuing, the Government leader, referring to the interpretation of the Privy Council judgment, maintained that Sir Oliver Mowat had confined his remarks to a question of total or partial prohibition, when speaking of it.

Mr. St. John stated that it had been defeated because the motion which carried had been said to embody it.

The Attorney-General retorted that Mr. St. John did not know the minds of 1400 temperance men, when they defeated it, especially when only two hands had been raised to support the restricting motion. Rev. Mr. Kettlewell, the chairman of the convention, had declared that he wanted an issue made. He wanted the Government to stand for prohibition, and neither he nor any other of the speakers had dared to declare for restrictive measures.

The speaker repudiated the assertion that there had been any falsehood to pledges. If Sir Oliver Mowat were present he would say the same thing as himself. Mr. Hardy then read a letter from Sir Oliver Mowat to himself endorsing his contention that the late Premier's pledges had only pertained to prohibition, and not to license. If anything was wanted to close the mouths of those who were accusing the Government of going back on their pledges, the declaration he had just read should be sufficient.

It was 6 o'clock and the Premier sat down, to resume after supper.

When the Premier resumed at 8.25 the galleries were filled as they had never been before during the session, the familiar faces of a number of local clergymen being particularly conspicuous.

The Premier began by summing up his arguments in the afternoon, in which he claimed to have proved conclusively that Sir Oliver Mowat's pledges were distinctly prohibition pledges and did not refer to a license law. It was said by some that license was itself a partial prohibition. Such was not the case, for license made it legal to sell, while prohibition made it illegal to sell. The two words were as far as possible apart in meaning.

The plebiscite had, he said, been emphatically endorsed, but when mixed with other questions at the polls a very different view was often expressed by the people to what they had expressed then. He instanced the unfortunate fate of Mr. W. W. Buchanan in Hamilton and in South Wentworth at two different elections and in constituencies which, although they had defeated a well-known prohibitionist, had decided by large majorities in favor of prohibition at the plebiscite contest. This fact was also to be considered. The Attorney-General contended, in conclusion, that instead of making out a case, the previous speaker had but proved the case of the Government.

The Opposition leader then arose amid applause. Mr. Whitney opened by asserting that the Provincial Treasurer's speech had been an anti-prohibition one. The Premier had then also endeavored to show that his bill was not a prohibitory bill, and had not even been so intended. The two speeches were, therefore, consistent in that respect. Continuing, the speaker reminded the Premier that he had told the temperance delegation that his bill had been carefully prepared and that they would stand by it. It had then been changed, however, in a way that left the Government open to the charge of wobbling. Most eloquently he ridiculed the dabbling of the Government with the question of temperance in the past 20 years. They were now uttering the Macedonian cry to the Opposition, "Come over and help us." The Premier had spent his time interpreting the words of Sir Oliver Mowat, but then pulled out a right-bower in the shape of a letter from Sir Oliver Mowat, which was also intended to prove what he had meant by his pledge. Why then had all this argument been necessary?

Continuing, he read Mr. Hardy's statement to the temperance people, that he had a bare majority in the House of but 8 or 9. The majorities of the Government during the session did not bear out his remarks. He ventured to say that it would be a long time before the Premier would declare to the House that the decision of the Privy Council was that the Government had no power to prohibit at all. Why then had he not given as full a measure of prohibition as he was empowered to give? That was what the temperance people wanted to know. Both the temperance and the liquor men were complaining of having been ill-used. There was a distinct triangular disagreement between the Government and those two parties. The Opposition had been invited by friends not to interfere, and being such a small minority they did not propose to be badgered into being tainted with the trouble between the Government and its quondam friends. When the time came in which they were obliged to act upon the question, they would not shirk their duty. They would not shoulder all the responsibility upon the municipalities as the Government had done. They would stand or fall without equivocation by their position when they had once taken it, but they did not propose to say what that position was now.

Hon. G. W. Ross followed. He bantered Mr. Marter for refusing to help the Government to improve the bill, whether it was good or bad. This was a truly temperance stand for a prohibitionist to take. It had been stated that the Opposition apostles would not come over to Macedonia to help the Government. They were not like the Apostles of old, who did come at the call. He would not help the Government no matter how the cause of prohibition suffered. Was that a policy which would appeal to the people, which would place the Opposition on the Government benches? Take the late leader of the Opposition at Ottawa, Mr. Laurier, he resumed, would he have been in power now if he had said: "I will not take any stand on the school question?" [Voice: "He didn't take any."] He was glad, the Minister continued, that he knew now that the Opposition had no policy. It would not be surprising if they found themselves in Opposition as they were today for many years to come, if that was to be their course.

The bill had been charged with being a very meagre one. Was a reduction of from 153 to 127 licenses a small matter? It would please the Government, if consistent with public sentiment, they had been able to go further. There were four restrictions to the traffic embodied in the bill, the electors, the municipalities, the commissioners and the bill itself. Was not that a restrictive measure? He was sorry Mr. Marter had not seen fit to favor the bill. He was certain that, should the Opposition attain power, and bring in a temperance bill, it would meet with his support, if he were in Opposition. What was wanted was an act that could be well enforced, not a measure like the Scott Act. The territory gradually taken possession of by the Government, he maintained, had invariably been held, and they were generally enabled in a couple of years after gaining a step to advance still further. The Minister then defended the various clauses of the bill. It would prevent, he argued, the younger half of the people, which was the most tempted half, from obtaining liquor. The matter of the non-licensing of clubs was an embarrassing one. It involved to an extent the deprivation of private social rights of responsible men.

Mr. Marter again came in for a vigorous censure for not applauding the clause which proposed to abolish saloons. That was surely a radical move, which any honest prohibitionist could approve of. As to the charge of inconsistency in avoiding the bill after its first introduction, Mr. Ross claimed that such a course was a common one in dealing with other measures, and that at least the Government had had no suggestions from the Opposition in preparing it. He was proud of the bill and did not propose to resign because the Government had not passed a prohibitory law, for the simple reason that they had not power to pass such a law. When the plebiscite vote was brought on by the Dominion Government people would see that he stood for prohibition. Because Mr. Marter had not been able to get a whole loaf, would he refuse to take any bread at all? The Opposition, the speaker continued, was divided. Mr. Whitney had no policy at all, while his lieutenant, Mr. Marter, stood out for prohibition. Supposing the Government were defeated after giving a bill with 14 important clauses, what was the country to expect from the Opposition, who had announced no policy at all? Nobody knew what they would do if they assumed the reins.

Continued on Page 2.

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This hotel is in first-class order and enjoying a large patronage. There are twelve bedrooms and five rooms on the first floor. Splendid stable accommodation and ample yard room. The House is now under license.
A reserve price and rental have been fixed and the acceptor tender must equal or exceed them.
Tenders may be addressed to the undersigned and any further particulars required will be furnished by them.
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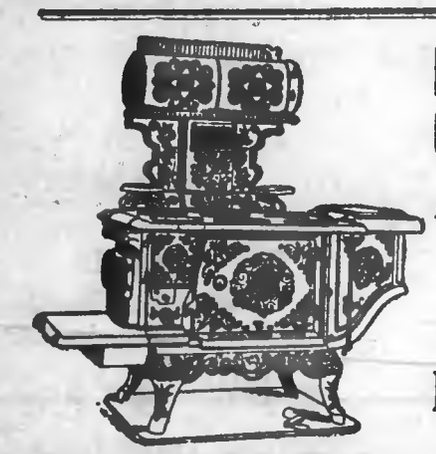

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Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

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It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

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If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

Commenced to Take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

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Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897

CROWN LANDS AND MINERALS

FROM the annual report of the Crown Lands Commission just issued, we learn that the area of Crown lands sold during the year was 49,471 acres, aggregating in value $45,077.27. The collections on account of these and sales of former years amounted to $44,303 26. There was also leased as mining lands under the leasing clauses of Mines Act 13,22½ acres, on which, and lands previously leased, rent amounting to $46,940.09 was collected. The total collections therefore on account of Crown lands were $91,243.35.

Regarding mining the report goes on to say that the industry is moving steadily forward, and there are signs that we are now on the eve of an era of great activity. During the past year 29 mining companies were incorporated under the Ontario Letters Patent Act, while during the previous four years only 24 such companies were chartered.

The chief interest is being taken in gold mining, and the gold bearing area of the province is now shown to be very large. Numerous properties are in course of being prospected, with, in most cases, very satisfactory showing, but necessarily the opening of mines and milling of ores do not show as rapid advance as in industries which require less skill and capital for their development.

Until the fall of 1895 only one mill of 10 stamps was treating gold ores in the province. Since then two mills of ten stamps have been working regularly, and four others with an aggregate of 45 stamps at intervals, on ores of mines in process of development. A mill of 20 stamps is just about completed on the Seine river, and another in Hastings County for treating the refractory gold ores of that district by a new process will have a capacity of 75 tons a day.

In 1893 the bullion production of the province was 1,695 ounces, valued at $32,960; in 1894 it was 2,022 ounces, valued at $50,281, and in the year just closed it was 7,154 ounces, valued at $121,848.

Considerable iron ore was raised in the County of Hastings during 1896 for smelting at the blast furnaces at Hamilton, which began to make pig iron at the beginning of the year. The Canadian Copper company continued to be the chief producer of nickel and copper from its mines at and near Copper Cliff, in the Sudbury region, and its operations were carried on upon their usually large scale.

The total revenue from woods and forests for the year 1896 amounted to $912,421.78. Of this $45,520 was on account of bonuses and $54,457.91 on account of ground rent, leaving the net revenue from timber dues, etc., to be $712,443.87.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LETS IN THE LIGHT.

THE Rat Portage Miner of March 20th has an article giving outsiders, those in other parts of the province, an insight into the way the Department manages things in the Ontario mining districts. The Miner is not a political journal but is devoted to the development of the mining country, but it does not fail to denounce in the strongest possible language the proposition of the Government to hand over 64,000 acres of the province's mineral lands to a syndicate. However, the Miner indicates the condition of affairs under Hardy rule as follows:—

The question has been asked in the east why Rat Portage has not publicly raised a big storm of indignation against the grant of 100 square miles of mineral lands to the Engledue syndicate? It is easily answered. It dare not. Why? Nearly everybody of public spirit in Rat Portage has some mining claim or interest for which he is trying to get a title. He knows too well that if he makes any move toward public opposition against the Ontario Government on any matter that he is spotted at once, and he stands a very poor show of getting justice. That is the general opinion, and it is a pity that such an opinion has obtained currency. The reason that opinion prevails is the delay which has occurred, and the disappointments occasioned by disputes. If the Crown Lands Department was prompt in keeping its business cleared up they would not leave themselves open to the suspicion of favoritism. It is claimed by some that they were done out of properties by political favoritism. It is a fact that some men in Rat Portage were behind in their payments, and their claims were canceled and given to others without the slightest notice, and under like conditions others were given 30 days' notice in which to pay up. It is the fear that applicants for lands will not receive justice which prevents them from being heard publicly, and that is why no indignation meeting has not been held here to condemn the Engledue deal. Intense indignation exists, however, and it is all the stronger because, perforce, it is suppressed. It is to be hoped that the Legislative Assembly will refuse to ratify the concession. Let them vindicate the honor of the province and veto any such deal whereby 100 square miles of the public domain is alienated without reason or justifiable cause, or anything like adequate return.

This from a non-political journal that may be said to be right on the ground gives a very good indication of the manner in which the vast mineral resources of the province are being handled. Will any one doubt that it is time for a change?

THE Liberals, from Mr. Laurier down, never tire of telling how well and how cleverly the school question was settled, and yet every day brings fresh evidence that the question is not settled, as far as Quebec Liberal Ministers, Senators and members are concerned.

SIR Richard Cartwright does not promise to be as successful in his own characteristic style in making speeches on Conservative lines—the Government having been forced to adopt the policy it formerly opposed—as he was when attacking protection and advocating free trade and reciprocity. Still Sir Richard's right-about-face is no more startling than that of the other Liberal leaders. The Toronto Globe has been forced to turn a political somersault. Still these others can do it more gracefully than Sir Richard, for he was so bitter and so fierce.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the public. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

A Toronto Episode.

They had been discussing that everlasting servant problem, which can always be depended upon to furnish a topic for conversation when three or four women are gathered together. Each had told of her experience with her "help," when one of them said:

"My new housemaid is the greenest girl you ever saw in your life. Her ignorance is a perpetual source of wonder to me. The day after I got her I went out shopping and told her if anyone called during my absence to tell them I was out and ask their names. These seemed very simple instructions, but I thought she would need them.

"When I returned I asked her if anyone had called."

"'Yes, mum, they did,' she replied.

"'Who were they?'

"'They wouldn't tell their names,' she answered.

"'Wouldn't tell their names,' I exclaimed in surprise.

"'Yes, mum; but I think one of them said "bananas," and the other "rags."'

"I demanded further particulars.

"'I tried to tell them you was out and ask their names. You hadn't been gone very long when one of them came. It was the man who called bananas. I remembered what you said, mum, and I went after him and told him you was out. He asked me if I wanted any bananas and I told him no, that you was out and asked what was his name. But he wouldn't tell me. It was the same with the other person who called. He called rags and only laughed at me when I ran after him.'"

Unexpected

The popular young druggist joyfully wended his way home and, bounding into the house, clasped his young and beautiful bride tenderly to his breast. "Madeline," he cried, as he smoothed away the waving tresses from her fair forehead, "I have glad news. You can have that new ball dress that you wanted."

With a glad little cry of joy she buried her face in his shoulder. Then, gazing wistfully up into his happy face, she said: "How good you are to me, dear! Tell me how it has happened. When you went away this morning you were downcast."

"I know I was, dearest," he replied, "but this afternoon I got an order for an extra prescription."—Philadelphia Press.

THE SECOND READING.

Continued from Page 1.

The Minister of Education concluded with one of his most fervent and eloquent perorations, appealing to the Opposition to assist in passing the bill which he said was sure to be commended by the people so long as there were pulpits, public schools and temperance lodges in which to voice their sentiments. Their present policyless course would lead the Opposition to defeat again at the polls, as it had done seven times before.

Following Hon. G. W. Ross came Mr. St. John, who defended Mr. Marter. That gentleman had been accused of refusing to support any advanced temperance legislation, although he had distinctly stated that he would support any such measure. The Minister of Education was himself the greatest of all wobblers in temperance matters. Any measure of temperance legislation which the Government had introduced had been forced upon them by the people. They had arrived at power at the last election by making pledges to the people which they were not now carrying out. The legislation of the Government was intended to please both parties, the liquor and the temperance men, but had succeeded in displeasing both. They were not called upon to make enactments to please every good and honest man, it was true, but they were at least called upon to fulfil their pledges to the people. The Attorney-General's statements in reference to those pledges were not straightforward—he ought to know they were not true. The speaker had anticipated the present attitude of the Government when at the temperance convention in 1893, and had introduced a motion calling upon the Government to prohibit or restrict the traffic. His amendment had been defeated on the understanding that the main motion asking for partial prohibition covered the whole ground. How, then, could the Government claim that the pledge of Sir Oliver Mowat in reply to the deputation did not refer to restriction?

Continuing, he asked the Hon. E. J. Davis if he had always understood that pledge to pertain to prohibition only.

The Provincial Secretary replied that he had taken that meaning out of it.

Mr. St. John concluded with a detailed criticism of the clauses of the bill. The Opposition would not help to put it through, because when they had made at a previous session a suggestion in the shape of the Marter bill they had been slapped in the face by the Government.

The benches had by this time been talked empty, and Mr. Meacham arose to move the adjournment of the debate. The Attorney-General, however, wished to have the second reading put through last night, and Mr. Meacham began his arraignment at 11 o'clock. He ridiculed the insertion of the word "apparently" in regard to the age limit. The licensees could not be expected, he argued, to aid in the enforcement of the law, as the clause would have them do. Reverting to the Minister of Education, he roasted that gentleman for his inconsistency in going to South Wentworth to oppose Mr. Buchanan in order to elect Mr. Dickenson. He had claimed to be a supporter of that gentleman because he was supporting a temperance Government. Why could he not with equal grace ask for the support of the whole Licensed Victuallers' Association? One thing, he concluded, was certain, that was that the Government had been asked to make a number of amendments; they had made but few of them, and must accordingly bear the consequences when they faced the people.

The Patron leader arose at 11.30 o'clock. He considered the bill a good one. The temperance people were trying to enforce legislation ahead of education. [Government "Hear, hears".] The Patrons had been accused of taking the plank of prohibition out of their platform, but they had never had it in. [Laughter.] Continuing, Mr. Haycock reiterated the statement that the bill shelved responsibility with regard to hours upon municipalities, which was an injustice.

Mr. Crawford concluded the protracted debate. His remarks were chiefly reiterations of what had been said before. The second reading was then passed and the House adjourned at 1 minute to midnight.

Out into the Darkness.

What mother would turn her young daughter out alone unprotected into the stormy night? Yet many loving mothers allow their daughters, who are just coming into the time of womanhood, to proceed without proper care and advice all unprotected and alone into the perils of this critical period.

Young women at this time often suffer from irregularity and weakness which may afterwards develop into dangerous disease and fill their whole lives with wretchedness.

It is a mother's duty not to pass over such matters in silence, but to promote her daughter's womanly health and regularity by every reasonable means.

These delicate ailments are easily overcome in their early stages by judicious self-treatment without any need of the obnoxious examinations which doctors uniformly insist upon. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive specific for all diseases of the feminine organism.

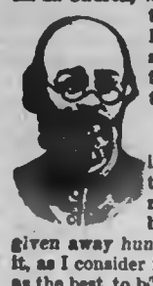
It restores perfect health and regularity to the special functions, and vital vigor to the nerve-centres. It is the only medicine of its kind devised for this one purpose by an educated, experienced physician.

During nearly 30 years as chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. Pierce has acquired an enviable reputation. His medicines are everywhere recognized as standard remedies. His "Golden Medical Discovery" alternated with the "Favorite Prescription" constitutes a thorough and scientific course of treatment for weak and impoverished conditions of the blood.

A headache is a symptom of constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, promptly and permanently. They do not gripe. Druggists sell them.

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR **Sarsaparilla**

When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897

THE ONLY ONE

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cure where all other Remedies Fail.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE NOT INCURABLE

But there's only One Cure in the World, and that we have Named.—Hundreds Testify to Cures.—Never a Failure Recorded.

It used to be said "If you have Bright's Disease it won't be long before people are walking slow behind you."

Bright's Disease affects brainy men particularly. The brainier and more active a man, the more liable he is to Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease is a disease of the Kidneys. It is the name given to the fatty degeneration of these organs. It is caused by excessive use of alcholic drinks. It is caused by excessive eating of rich food. It may be caused by exposure to cold and moisture. It may be caused by improper living.

But it's not with the *cause* we have to deal. It is with the *cure*.

It used to be thought that Bright's Disease was incurable. We know better now. Restore the Kidneys to health, and you may eat what you like, drink what you like, work as hard or be as active as you like, and bid defiance to death-dealing Bright's Disease.

But woe to the man who doesn't take care of his Kidneys! When they cease to filter the blood, the blood reeks with poison. Urine actually flows in the veins. You die a lingering death. The spine and extremities first; the brain last. Dying at the bottom while living at the top!

Bright's Disease may be cured by DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, which restore the Kidneys, making them filter the blood properly. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS are the *only specific for Bright's Disease*. They were compounded just for that purpose. They have cured hundred of cases. They will cure *your* Kidneys. Try them. Fifty cents a box. For sale at all druggists.

WM. G. WADE, 940 Queen East, Toronto, says:—"I have used thirty-six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and am cured of Bright's Disease after all else had failed."

T. E. CRAIG, 769 Queen East, Toronto, says:—"Never expecting a cure of Bright's Disease, I have been agreeably disappointed by a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MISS MAUDE COTTERELL, Belleville, Ont., says:—"I have used two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and have been cured of what the doctor said was Bright's Disease."

MR. JAMES WERT, Orillia, Ont., says:—"I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills about six weeks ago; have taken three boxes which have cured me perfectly of Bright's Disease.

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FITZPATRICK'S SPEECH

Was Eagerly Awaited by the Commoners.

He Defended the Appointment of Mr. Charles Russell, and Amid Much Cheering by the Opposition Acknowledged That He Went to Rome and Came Back Again—Mr. Tarte Also Made a Speech and Read the Petition Which Had Been Sent to Rome Asking for the Pope's Interference—A Lively Session.

Ottawa, March 30.—(Special.)—Great interest centres in the House proceedings, everybody being anxious to hear what the Solicitor-General would say.

Mr. Mulock, in introducing the bill to amend the Superannuation Act, said it dealt with the superannuation of officials who have contributed for ten years or more to the superannuation fund. In the event of such officers dying in the service they got nothing. If superannuated they receive an annuity for the rest of their lives. The percentage deducted from salaries is to be funded, and interest is allowed on it. When an officer retires or resigns that money is his. But while in the service he will have no call upon it. Should he die in the service it will pass to his heirs. Officers hereafter appointed will not come under the fund. Those who have contributed less than 10 years will have 5 per cent. interest on their contributions, and the sum will be carried to their credit. The reason for the difference regarding those who have ten years' labor to their credit and those who had worked that time was because the latter could retire at any time with a gratuity.

Sir Charles Tupper said the bill departed from the principle underlying the superannuation system, and would lead to the former condition of affairs where officials who were either suffering from ill-health or were inefficient through old age were kept on because dismissal would reduce their families to destitution.

Dr. Montague said the optional clauses would throw a great burden on the fund.

Mr. McMullen claimed credit for being the father of this bill, as it was framed on lines of his. Had the superannuation system not been abused by the Conservatives there would have been no necessity for this measure.

The bill was read a first time.

Mr. Fielding, on orders of the day being called, said the statement in The Ottawa Citizen that he gave any private tips regarding the coming tariff was absolutely false, and without a shadow of foundation.

Mr. Foster was glad to hear the straightforward denial of Mr. Fielding. It would be a shameful act for any member of the Government to give a private warning to any industry. If, however, Mr. Fielding yesterday had only given a direct answer to his (Mr. Foster's) question, he might not have left himself open to attack.

At this point the Speaker interfered and Mr. Foster resumed his seat.

Mr. Fitzpatrick then rose to continue the debate on the address.

Mr. McNeill raised the point of order that Mr. Fitzpatrick having spoken last night he could not speak again to-day. He quoted a number of English precedents in support of his contention. He did not want to shut the Solicitor-General out, but only wanted to have the rule defined.

Mr. Speaker's ruling was in favor of Mr. McNeill's contention. He thought a member in moving the adjournment should confine himself strictly to the formal motion, and in future he would ask that the rule be observed. Doubtless, however, the House would allow Mr. Fitzpatrick to make his speech. [Opposition "Hear, hear's."]

Mr. Fitzpatrick expressed his appreciation of the Opposition's courtesy. Then he plunged into the discussion of the school question, incidentally referring to Mr. Foster's attack upon him for non-fulfilment of his ante-election pledge to his bishop. He had one remark to make and that was when the inside history of the school agitation was written it would be seen who were the secret foes and false friends of the Manitoba minority. [Liberal cheers.] He referred to the mandement of last June, and expressed himself as not opposed to the interference of the Roman Catholic clergy in the elections, but he did object to their interference in party politics. The two parties should have been allowed to fight out the issue without clerical interference. But despite the pledges given by himself and his Liberal friends there has been the most active interference against those Liberal candidates. The pledge amounted to a contract between the two parties, but neither party seemingly had lived up to it. His (Mr. Fitzpatrick's) case was the most aggravated of the lot. He meant to stand by his pledge, no matter what the consequences might be. Having given his pledge to his bishop from that day to this he had been called upon for an explanation as to whether he had fulfilled its conditions, but the pledge had been delivered up to the Tory party to be made use of for political purposes. [Loud Liberal cheers. Not only that, instead of the clergy holding aloof from the election contest, they in his county actually worked against him, and yet he beat his opponent, Mr. Freemont, so badly that he came within six of losing his deposit. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Fitzpatrick said that personally he was in favor of the Manitoba minority securing everything to which they were entitled under the Privy Council judgment. He believed, moreover, that secular and religious teaching should go hand in hand. Under the present agreement the Manitoba minority would not get all they ought to get, but it was utterly out of the question under existing circumstances in the House to secure more for them at the present time. He would not ask the minority to take this as a final settlement—[Opposition cheers]—but he would ask them to take it in the spirit in which it was given to them. At the same time he would ask them to look in the Manitoba Legislature and in this House and see where they could get any more than was now offered to them. Why, even in the Manitoba Legislature, Mr. Roblin, Conservative leader, had moved the six months' hoist. Proceeding, he commented on the appointment of Mr. Charles Russell as the Canadian solicitor in England, and disagreed with the Conservative doctrine that no change should have been made. Then he spoke of his trip to Rome. He went there and came back. [Laughter.] After he came back some one else went there. [Laughter.] Speaking seriously, he went to Rome, not on behalf of the Government of Canada nor in the interest of the Government of Canada. He went to Rome to endeavor as a Roman Catholic to bring the grievances that in common with other Roman Catholics he felt he had before the head of his Church. It was a source of comfort and gratification to the Roman Catholics to feel that they belonged to a religious body in which there were over 240,000,000 subjects, and no matter how humble a man might be if he went to Rome with a grievance he could lay it before the head of his Church within two days. [Hear, hear.] Few people realized the extent of papal power and influence. They talked of the power of England, of Russia or Germany, but these were as nothing compared with the influence of he who presided at the Vatican. "Why did he go to Rome?"

Some hon. members: "Give it up."

The Solicitor General: "Here is the reason—not in my words, but in the words of Mgr. Satolli—because I cannot find words to convey my ideas to the world. The State has nothing to fear, but everything to hope in the existence of the Catholic Church in their midst. He has everything to hope and nothing to fear, not only as regards their independence and constitutional liberty, but as regards the liberty of political parties as well, to none of which does the Church nor the Pope desire that Catholics' interests should bind themselves. The Church holds herself on a higher plane, and looks only to the common good, to the reign of truth, of love and peace. That is why I went to Rome. [Loud Liberal cheers.]

The debate was continued by Messrs. Dupont, Larivière and Quinn.

Mr. Tarte said if it suited the Opposition to fight the school question he did not object. They had been fairly beaten in June last and since, and the Liberals were prepared to repeat the dose at any time. (Government cheers.) The Government had been specially assailed on incidental grounds. They had been accused of violating their duties as Ministers of the Crown by appealing to the Pope for his interference. He was glad this matter had been brought up, because it gave the Liberals an opportunity of stating their case before Parliament. There was nothing to conceal in this matter. The Government, as a Government, had nothing whatever to do with the appeal to Rome. He frankly admitted, however, that a group of Roman Catholic public men belonging to the Liberal party took steps to secure the sending out of a papal delegate. He took the full responsibility of his signature to the document he was about to read:

The Petition to the Pope.

To His Holiness Leo XIII.:

Most Holy Father—We, the undersigned, members of the Senate and members of the House of Commons of Canada and representing therein the Liberal party, present ourselves before Your Holiness as respectful and devoted children of the Holy Church to complain of the existence of a state of things which, if allowed to continue, might be extremely dangerous to the constitutional liberties of this country, as well as to the interests of the church itself.

Your Holiness has already been made aware of the conduct and attitude of certain prelates and of certain members of the secular clergy, who, during the general elections in this country, in the month of June last, intervened in a violent manner in restraint of electoral freedom, taking sides openly for the Conservative party against the Liberal party, and going so far as to declare guilty of grievous sin those of the electors who would vote for the candidates of the Liberal party.

Sincerely attached to the institutions of our country, which ensure to us Catholics the most complete liberty, we respectfully represent to Your Holiness that these democratic institutions under which we live and for which Your Holiness has many times expressed sentiments of admiration and confidence, can only exist under perfect electoral freedom.

Far be it from us to refuse to the clergy the plenitude of civil and political rights. The priest is a citizen and we would not for a single instant deprive him of the right of expressing his opinion on any matter submitted to the electorate; but when the exercise of that right develops into violence, and when that violence in the name of religion goes to the extent of making a grievous sin out of a purely political act, there is an abuse of authority of which the consequences cannot but be fatal, not only to constitutional liberty, but to religion itself.

If, in a country such as ours, with a population consisting of persons of various creeds, and wherein the Protestant denominations are in the majority, Catholics did not enjoy in all matters relating to legislation the same political freedom as their Protestant fellow countrymen, they would ipso facto be placed in a position of inferiority, which would prevent them taking the legitimate part which they are entitled to take in the government of the country, with the possibility, moreover, of conflicts between the various groups of the population, which history shows to be ever fraught with danger.

Then, again, an active and violent intervention of the clergy in the domain of political questions submitted to the people must of necessity produce amongst the great mass of the Catholic population a degree of irritation, manifestly prejudicial to that respect which religion and its ministers should ever inspire and command.

Some 20 years ago His Holiness, Pius IX., your illustrious and lamented predecessor on the pontifical throne, acting through the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda, made it his duty to put a stop to certain abuses of a similar character, and forbade the intervention of the clergy in politics. This prohibition was generally respected so long as His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau was able to guide the church in Canada, but since old age and infirmities have paralyzed his guiding hand, the abuses to which your illustrious predecessor had put a stop have begun again and threaten once more to create trouble among us and to compromise, not only Catholic interests in this country, but the peace and harmony which should exist between the various elements of our population. Again affirming our absolute devotion to the faith of our fathers, and to the church of which you are the supreme head; affirming our respect and attachment for the person of Your Holiness, our attachment to the interests of our country, and to the Crown of Great Britain, its aegis and protector, we beg that Your Holiness will renew in our behalf the most wise prescriptions and prohibitions of your predecessor, protect the consciences of the Catholic electors, and thus secure peace in our country by the union of religion and liberty, a union which Your Holiness has many times extolled in those immortal encyclicals whose precious teachings we desire in all things to follow; and lastly, grant to the children of the church, now addressing Your Holiness, the apostolic benediction.

Ottawa, October, 1896.

Mr. Cangrain asked if the hon. gentleman meant to accuse any of the Bishops who went to Rome of branding Mr. Laurier as a bad Catholic and a Free Mason.

"Yes," said Mr. Tarte, "The hon. gentleman who is at the head of affairs to-day (Mr. Laurier) was denounced to the papal authorities as a bad Catholic and a Free Mason."

Then Mr. Tarte went on to say that the Bishops, upon their return, issued a circular stating that the Pope had assured them no delegate would be sent. But a delegate had been sent, said Mr. Tarte. "My sons," he said, "publish a paper (Le Cultivateur), of which I am the political editor. That paper, without any explanation being asked, was placed under the ban. That means that in the diocese of Chicoutimi there is not a Roman Catholic who goes to confession but the first question he is asked is if he is a subscribed to my son's paper. I feel I can be a good Roman Catholic and a good British subject at the same time. I knew that if the Pope, who is one of the broadest-minded men of the age, knew the oppression that was being practiced he would put a stop to it. And we were not mistaken."

Mr. Tarte read the pledge which the Bishop of Rimouski asked Mr. Guite of Bonaventure to sign, and praised him for not signing. He added: "We, therefore, went to Rome for liberty. The allies of the hon. gentleman opposite went to Rome against liberty."

As to the charge that the minority had not been consulted, Mr. Tarte declared he had had four interviews with Mgr. Langevin himself. But His Grace would have nothing but Separate schools, and that was out of the question. The Holy See was not opposed to Public schools, for in Ontario the Public schools were attended by 50,000 Roman Catholic pupils, yet in those schools religious teaching was restricted to one hour a week."

In his naive way, Mr. Tarte dealt with the tariff. "Of course," said he, "Our

Continued on Page 7

Delay Means Death.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y. Sold by H. B. MACDONALD, Peterborough.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Back-Ache, Free-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc. Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAFORTE, Elmbrook-ave, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING **PYNY-PECTORAL**

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

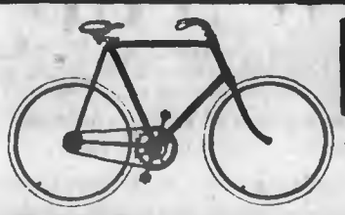
MRS. JOSEPH NORWICH, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the most reliable medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

A. CLEGG

FUNERAL DIRECTOR!

Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 205 Stewart Street. Telephone.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber. IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

BARGAIN DAYS IN

WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00. The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for	5c	25 cent Papers for	15c
10 cent Papers for	7c	Borders to match for	10c
15 cent Papers for	8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at	4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,

C. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand. No. 379 George Street.

Tuesday and Wednesday

MARCH 30th. and 31st.

On account of the unfavorable weather, by which many ladies were prevented from visiting our Spring MILLINERY OPENING, we will repeat the Opening on the above dates.

Many New Novelties, just in, will be on view, in addition to the very fine display prepared.

All are invited. Store open until 9 p. m. each evening.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store

Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.

P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 254 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

Asking For Mr. Brady's Release

A petition, signed by a large number of citizens, has been forwarded to Sir Oliver Mowat, Minister of Justice, urging the release of Mr. Thos. Brady, who was recently committed to a term in the county goal. The Minister is now considering the matter and will likely report in a short time.

VETERANS OF '66 WILL ORGANIZE.

The Meeting of Veterans was Well Attended —A Committee to Draft By-laws.

Veterans of '66 gathered in large numbers at the drill shed last evening and attended a meeting called for the purpose of forming a Veterans Association to be composed of Peterboroughians who went to the front in defence of Canada at the time of the Fenian raid in 1866.

Mr. John Irwin was called to the chair and Mr. J. D. Collins acted as secretary. The proceedings were marked by enthusiasm and a unanimous expression of opinion in favor of organization. The by-laws of the Associations at Toronto and Belleville were examined and Lieut-Col. Rogers, Capt. Miller, Messrs. A. P. Poussette, J. D. Collins and John Irwin were chosen as a committee to draft laws to govern the Association and they will meet on Friday evening and report at a general meeting for the election of officers on Monday, April 12th.

NEW G.T.R. STATION AGENT.

Mr. F. Sandys, of Stirling, Said to Have Been Appointed.

Mr. Frank Sandys, agent at Stirling, will likely succeed Mr. Wm. Hayden as G.T.R. agent here.

This statement is not authoritative, but a reporter learned that Mr. Sandys was the appointee from several, who stated that Mr Sandys' name was the only one mentioned in connection with the Peterborough station.

Mr. Sandys has been agent at Stirling for several years and about five years ago was operator at the Peterborough station.

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

On to Ottawa.

Parliament is open and the excursion to the Capital under the auspices of the Board of Trade will take place on April 5th and 6th. A good opportunity to see Parliament in session, and view the buildings and other sights of the Capital. Tickets from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood and Havelock only $3 and good to go on special at 2 p. m., and regular at 11.35 p. m. on Monday, the 5th, or any regular train on Tuesday, and to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, $2.50, to go on same trains, and to return up to Wednesday night. d76

THE JUBILLEE CELEBRATION

The Citizens' Committee Begin to Settle Down to Business—Suggested Plans for the Day's Doings.

On Tuesday evening the citizens' committee having in hand details of the proposed jubilee celebration met in the Council Chamber. Mr W. H. Meldrum, who had been elected chairman of the committee at a previous meeting, wrote asking to be relieved from office, urging that business interests would take up his time, much as he would like to discharge the duties of the position. Mr. Meldrum's resignation was received and on motion Mr. D.W. Dumble took the chair. He outlined what he suggested in the way of filling in the day, including a public demonstration by local institutions and an ovation during the morning, and that the Foresters, who had already made some progress in the direction indicated, should take charge, as citizens of the afternoon.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the secretary, Mr. F. Bronscombe.

Taking up Mr. Dumble's suggestion, Mr. E. H. D. Hall, said he thought that Foresters present should express their views as to agreeing to some such arrangements.

Mr. Bamford enquired if the Foresters did run the afternoon would they claim the proceeds, if any, for their own purposes.

Mr. Menzies, speaking as a Forester, said that the Society would be glad to assist the citizens, but would not care to assume the entire charge of the afternoon's amusement, especially as any proceeds would not go to the Society.

Mr. Dumble said the state of affairs looked like a lack of cohesion between the Society and citizens, which should not be there.

Some mutual explanations were made and after the meeting had decided to assume, as they did at a previous meeting, the liability of the Foresters incurred to date, the matter of how the day should be spent was taken up.

Mr. Dumble suggested a display by the military, societies, firemen, in the morning This should not be expensive. Games and sports could be held in the afternoon.

Mr. W. H. Moore outlined what he would propose as a programme, and the appointment of sub-committees.

Mr. Jameson suggested that a small committee draw up a programme and submit it at a future meeting for approval.

It was suggested that the Fire Brigade be asked to take charge of the afternoon's sports.

Rev. Mr. Symonds trusted that a hearty effort would be made to do the thing in good shape. Some hopeful feeling and a resolve to have a good day would help to carry the thing through. He suggested, in addition to the military display, that there might be a mass meeting of children and singing, also a lunch on the grounds and some speeches appropriate to the day. He had made a list of speeches which included subjects of patriotic and local interest. He said he felt that a good list of sports for local athletic men for the afternoon could be carried through and made a success.

Mr. Burnham urged that the sports should be put on purely amateur athletics. Let the prizes be jubilee gold medals, and the intrinsic value of the prizes would be enhanced by the circumstances under which they would be gained.

Further conversation was had with regard to the programme. Mr. Burnham finally moved that the first part of the day should be taken up by a demonstration of all public bodies, the afternoon to be an afternoon of sports, the evening to be filled in with a general illumination and an open air concert in the Horticultural Gardens. Mr. E. B. Edwards seconded the resolution, adding that the afternoon should be given free of charge.

Mr. Cahill suggested that a committee of the citizens should be appointed, that the town's local bodies and organizations should be invited to add members to the committee and mutually agree on a plan to furnish a programme.

Mr. Edwards, while glad to hear Mr. Cahill's suggestion, said he felt sure that all local bodies would heartily join in and co-operate.

The chairman put to a vote the matter of above resolution, clause by clause, and all were carried until the point was reached, "should there be an admission free to the grounds in the afternoon."

Mr. Edwards and Mr. Sawers moved that in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable to make no charge of admission to the sports, provided sufficient financial support can be secured from the municipality. This was carried and before adjourning Messrs. F J Jamieson, J Hampden Burnham, Wm Menzies, W B Bamford and W H Moore were appointed a committee to strike sub-committees.

THE DEPUTATION TO OTTAWA

It Will be a Big Crowd That Will Wait Upon the Dominion Government

Ottawa will be invaded by a big deputation next Tuesday. Along with the big contingent from Peterborough Town Council, County Council and Board of Trade, Mayor Yelland has received assurances that representatives will be on hand from Victoria County, Lindsay, Barrie, Orillia, Midland, Penetanguishene, Trenton, Ops, Bobcaygeon, Lakefield, Douro and Murray townships. Trenton will be represented by twenty delegates, Penetanguishene by the town Council, Lindsay by Mr. J. A., Barron, Q. C., ex-M. P., and Capt. Crandell, Ops, by Reeve Ellis. Other places will send members to swell the crowd. All deputations will go by the Board of Trade excursion.

Seven million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health.

From Rat Portage

Mr. F. W. Gladman, barrister, received a letter this morning from his brother, Mr. Chas. Gladman, who recently left for Rat Portage, where the mining boom is in full swing. He states that between North Bay and Port Arthur spring has not indicated its appearance, but at Rat Portage the weather is fine and the snow is disappearing and it is expected the Lake of the Woods will be open on April 15th. Mr. Gladman states that there are many idle men in the town, though business seems to be active, especially in the building line. The hotels do not drop the price of board below $1 a day.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

A Serious Charge

County Constable Cochrane has in his hands a warrant for the arrest of John Shanahan, of Ennismore, on the serious charge of attempting to commit rape on a young lady resident in Peterborough. The alleged offence took place on March 17th, after a St. Patrick's day entertainment. However, Shanahan cannot be found. The other evening County Constable Cochrance and two other constables proceeded to Ennismore and during the night visited two houses in search of Shanahan, but their efforts were unavailing and the man is still at large.

MOTHER AND FATHER QUARREL

Over the Possession of a Child at the G T R Station—The Father Leaves with Another.

All eyes at the Grand Trunk station last evening prior to the arrival of the 5.25 train from Port Hope were centered on a lively but pitiable quarrel between a man and wife over the possession of a little child.

This time it was an unfaithful husband that was at the bottom of the affair, but the wife to whom he had promised to be faithful until death parted them evidently cared not for the departure of her husband but her great desire was to secure the child that had been the only bright spot in her unhappy married life. Maddened by the thought that the little one was to be taken away by the cruel father and another woman with whom he was departing from town, the grief stricken mother endeavored to take the child away, but the husband fought hard and administered a few blows to his wife and P.C. McGinty, who was at the station, had to separate the couple, and the curtain was drawn over the scene for the present, the father leaving with the child in his possession.

BALDWIN VS. LUNDY

The Plaintiff Fails to Fulfill the Terms of Postponement and the Action is Dismissed.

Judgment was entered to-day in the action of Baldwin vs Lundy dismissing the same with costs and in favor of the defendant, Lundy, upon his counter claim for $1000.

The action was brought by plaintiff (Baldwin) against the defendant (Lundy) seeking to recover damages on the grounds that the defendant was harbouring the plaintiff's wife (sister of the defendant) and that the defendant had also slandered the plaintiff. Upon the action coming on for trial at the Assizes here on the 10th of March the plaintiff asked for a postponement which was granted upon the terms of his paying the defendant's costs of the postponement in twenty days and in default that the case be dismissed. Baldwin not having paid such costs judgment was accordingly entered against him to-day as above mentioned. This finally disposes of the action.

Mr. E. B. Stone was solicitor for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Denistoun, Peck & Stevenson represented the defendant.

Preparing for the Gathering.

The committee of Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F., who have in charge the arrangements for the gathering on Monday night next, when the Lindsay degree team come here to compete with the Otonabee Lodge team in the degree work, met last night. Grand Master White and Past Grand Master Hoyle will be here, and a most interesting gathering is expected. After the work in lodge, the visiting brethren will be entertained at a banquet at the Snowden house.

Reduced Rates for Money Orders.

On the first day of April, 1897, there will be a reduction in rates made by the Dominion Express Company, on money orders, as follows :—

RATES FOR ORDERS PAYABLE IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

$ 3.00	and under	3c
3.00 to	$5.00	4c
5.00 to	10.00	6c
10.00 to	20.00	10c
20.00 to	30.00	12c
30.00 to	40.00	15c
40.00 to	50.00	18c
50.00 to	60.00	20c
60.00 to	75.00	25c
75.00 to	100.00	30c

Over $100.00 at same rates. 1d76

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

The Town of Peterborough

While Making no Pretentious Boast

Is noted for the beauty and style of its women. This fact is reflected in the Millinery of Peterborough, which for refinement and style is second to no other town in Canada.

Our store stands pre-eminent in its ability to make the most satisfactory Millinery for our patrons. We cater to the best trade and we get it.

Our Opening is TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and following days. We ask the privilege of showing you our styles.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Lenten services at St. John's church.

Kinoptoscope at the opera house.

We Invite

you to inspect our large and select stock of pianos, organs, sewing machines and small musical goods. Prices away down on easy terms of payment. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

Opera House To-night

The kinoptoscope and graphophone, Edison's latest inventions for producing living pictures and sounds, will open a four-nights engagement at Bradburn's opera house commencing to-night. No one who saw the cinematograph when it was here will miss seeing these wonderful inventions for they know what to expect, although they will see new things in better shape. Those who did not see the cinematographe should not miss this exhibition. Admission to all parts of the house 25 cents. Children 10c. 1d76

Watkin Mills.

Mr. Bradburn takes this opportunity of informing his patrons that he has booked for he appearance in our town on Wednesday, 21st April, the celebrated singer, Mr. Watkin Mills, England's greatest baritone. Mr. Mills is by no means a stranger in Canada, His appearances everywhere are greeted with large audiences. Associated with Mr Mills in Peterborough, Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, Brockville and other Canadian towns, is Mr George Fox, the Canadian violinist. As this will be the Easter week attraction there will be a great demand for seats. A subscription list will shortly be opened and subscribers will have first choice of seats. Watch for full particulars to-morrow. 1d76

DON'T BUY

YOUR BICYCLE before you see our

$50 HARTFORD,
$65 HARTFORD,
$85 COLUMBIA,
$100 COLUMBIA.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

ODDFELLOWS ANNIVERSARY.

The Joint Committee Decide to Ask Rev. A. T. Dykeman to Preach the Sermon.

The joint committee of the two local lodges of Oddfellows met last night to consider arrangements for the annual church service which is held to mark the anniversary of the institution of Oddfellowship on this continent. The anniversary is on April 26th, and the Oddfellows will attend divine service on the afternoon of Sunday, April 25th.

It was decided to ask Rev. A. T. Dykeman, who is a member of the Order, to preach the sermon in the Murray-st. Baptist church. A committee will wait on the rev. gentleman.

"There's Pleasure and Satisfaction."

Said a lady friend to another, "in trading at Mason's. Its a place where quality is not sacrificed for cheapness. You get just such things, it seems to me, as you're wanting most in fancy and regular groceries." Our aim is to supply the best. The best is never dear at the prices we ask. Mason & Co., grocers., George-st. d75tf

THE CANTATA "RUTH."

The most beautiful of all cantatas, will be given in St. Andrew's School room, Tuesday, April 6th. Don't miss it. Keep the date open. Tickets at Mulligan and Potter's Music Store. 3d74

Inquire Within.

It seems that there are just as enterprising bicycle agents in the country as there are in the city, judging from the following that hangs on a sign outside the "Cleveland" agency at L——:

"BICYCLE SURGERY.

"Acute and chronic cases treated with success.

"Tires blown up without pain, wind free. No cure, no pay."

A sample testimonial:—

"My wheel had three ribs fractured and you cured it in one treatment."

Hundreds of testimonials like the above sent on application.

DR. WHYTE, B. S.
(Bicycle Surgeon).

Spring Days . .

Are making a demand for Light-weight Spring Overcoats. The selections we have made are from the very choicest products of foreign factories, and will enlist enthusiasm among wearers of High-Class Garments, especially when considered with our Spot Cash Reductions.

. . . OUR OVERCOATING OFFERINGS . . .

are always carefully chosen with the view of meeting the requirements of gentlemen who are particular dressers, and we confidently ask their inspection of our new CHEVIOTS and VICUNAS—every thread Pure Wool.

COVERT OVERCOATINGS in purest Fawn to Hazel Brown and Pearly Grey to Oxford, that make particularly stylish Overcoats for Spring.

A. MERCER & CO. High-Class Cash Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters, 31½ George St., Established 1871

A TAILORING DIFFICULTY.

The Question of Employing a Machine Hand is the Cause of It.

Difficulty has arisen between the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. and the employees in their George-st tailoring department. The trouble arose over the tailors wanting a machinist, that is an operative to run a machine to do the machine work on the work sent in to the tailors. A representative of the employees who are "out," saw the REVIEW to-day and argued that the tailors should not be called upon to do their own machine work. The employees who were out did not want other tailors to go in to work in their places.

A reporter saw Mr. Dickson Hall, of the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co., this afternoon and Mr. Hall said while the firm regretted the difficulty that had arisen it would not interfere with their tailoring business in the new premises, as new hands would take the place of the old ones. Regarding the difficulty Mr. Hall had nothing to say, further than that the firm were perfectly willing to employ their help in the new store on the same conditions as existed in the department when it was in the store on Simcoe-st.

"E" COMPANY AGAIN.

For the Fourth Consecutive Year it Stands at the Head of the 57th Battalion.

"E" Company for the fourth consecutive year stands to the front as the best Company in the 57th Battalion and third military district, and will again take another space on the Battalion trophy, now having four plates indicating by an inscription its excellent standing. The Company deserves the rank which has been given it by competent inspectors, as the officers, encouraged by a splendid body of men, have been indefatigable in their efforts to retain the proud position No. 5 has attained.

Last evening the official announcement of the standing in the Battalion was made at an officers meeting as follows:—

	Full Marks.	A	B	C	D	E	F
Attendance	75	40.6	43 7	44.7	41.3	50.5	41.5
Shooting	100	20.7	19.3	32.1	19	50.4	10.2
Manual & firing	50	33 3	35	38.3	35	38.3	36.6
Company drill	100	54	66	66	68	64	60
Clothing and Accoutrements	25	13.7	16.2	16.3	17.7	17 5	15
Total		162.3	180.2	197.4	181	220.7	163.3

First—E Company	220.7
Second—C Company	197.4
Third—D Company	181
Fourth—B Company	180.2
Fifth—F Company	163.3
Sixth—A Company	162.3

"E" Company is commanded by Capt. J. W. Miller, with Lieuts. G. S. Matthews and R. T. Hounsell. The other officers are Color Sergt. H. Hounsell, and Sergts. B. Roberts, M. Murphy and W. Roberts.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

Brevities

—This is the last day of March.

—To-morrow is All Fool's Day.

—A number of bicycles were in evidence on the streets to-day.

—Twenty-five persons left Lindsay yesterday for the Northwest.

—The Printing committee of the Town Council will meet to-morrow evening.

—At the service at St John's church this evening Rev H. Symonds, M.A., will preach.

—The streets are drying up rapidly, and the bicyclists are beginning to get numerous.

—Yesterday Wm. Cronk, a Toronto pedlar, was fined $5 and costs by County Magistrate Edmison yesterday for peddling without a license.

—The 57th Battalion held drill last evening. It has been decided to divide each company into four sections, with a non-commissioned officer in charge and responsible.

—The Natural Science Association met last evening in the Collegiate Institute, when Mr. J. A. Fife, B.A., read an excellent paper on "Respiration and the organs used in respiration."

—Mrs. Speer's class of the George-st. Methodist Sunday school intend holding a musical and literary entertainment on April 20th, the proceeds to be devoted to furnishing the library of the new Y.M.C.A.

—A change in the operators has been made at the C.P.R. station. Mr. C. Munnn, who has been night operator becomes day operator and his position is taken by Mr. J. Mackie, of Norwood. Day operator Kelly has been removed to Smith Falls.

—Cutting wood on the sidewalk of a main street does not reflect any credit upon the position of a town, especially one so much advanced as Peterborough. It does not appear favorably before the public, and from a pecuniary point of view will cause loss to the town by damage caused to the sidewalk.

—The non-commissioned officers of the 57th Battalion will meet to-morrow evening. Permission has been received from Major Kitson, commandant of the Royal Military College, Kingston, allowing Sergt-Major Morgans, the champion swordsman, to appear here at an entertainment and the non-coms will discuss the proposed entertainment at the meeting.

EVANGELIST RANTON

Another Immense Congregation Gathers at the George-st. Church.

As early as seven o'clock last evening the crowd began to gather at the George-st. church for the evangelistic service and at eight the edifice was filled to the doors. It would seem as if the town was thoroughly aroused, and without any excitement the good work goes on. About thirty presented themselves as seekers last night and a feeling of deep solemnity prevaded the whole service. Mr. Ranton is winning his way to every heart. His preaching is simple and earnest. His illustrations often provoke a laugh but are always given to fasten a deep thought and never fail to do so. The service of song last night was very enjoyable. The old and familiar hymns were sung, with earnestness and feeling. In addition to the choruses Mr. G. W. Mulligan, of St. Andrew's church, rendered a solo entitled "Eternity Where." Mr Mulligan was in excellent voice, and was listened to with great pleasure. Just before the sermon Miss Clara Belleghem, who is always a favorite with the congregation, sang "Home at Last," with good effect. Miss Belleghem has seldom been heard to better advantage.

Mr. Ranton's subject was "Men Who Play the Fool." The text selected was I Samuel 26,21., the words of Saul to David. After referring to the various instances in which the word fool is used in the Bible and the meaning of the term, the speaker proceeded to describe some of the men who act the part of fools in relation to religion.

(a) The man who did not seek first the Kingdom of God. The Kingdom of God was God ruling in the heart. Many refused this through fear of having to give up many things. The arithmetic of the command of Christ was found in the words first and added. Seek first. This is the part of the wise man. All things added. This is what God does. God does not say to a man you must give up dancing or card-playing or drinking or swearing. God says seek first the kingdom of God and everything needed shall be given. God's plan is addition not subtraction.

(b) The man plays the fool who allows the technical things of religion to prevent his becoming a Christian. Mr Ranton related an amusing incident of a young man who refused to be a Christian because no one could tell him exactly who Cain's wife was. It was only small men who allowed such technical questions to come between them and God.

(c) The man plays the fool who keeps away from God for fear he should backslide. The words of Paul were quoted: "He is able to keep that which I have committed," and the words: "An inheritance reserved in Heaven for you who are kept through faith." Very touching reference was made here to a little girl who went up to Jean Baptiste, the Lachine rapids pilot, and thanked him for bringing her and her friends safely through the rapids. It was faith in Christ that kept a man safe.

(d) The man plays the fool who treats the matter of deciding for God as a secondary matter. Mr Ranton told of a young man in New York, a cultured lawyer, who had put off salvation, and in his last moments cried "I have missed it. I have missed my salvation."

The whole service was one of great interest and much good was done. Mr. Ranton speaks to-night on "Lessons from a Heathen."

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

The Premier Expresses His Opinion Regarding the Resolution Before the Last Meeting of the Board.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—I send you the following answer of the Premier to my letter written to him in despair after the Board of Trade's meeting on Friday night. The resolution was not *adopted*, as he supposes, but that of course makes no difference:—

OTTAWA, 29th March, 1897.

Hampden Burnham, Esq., Peterborough, Ont:

DEAR SIR,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 27th instant, enclosing me copy of a resolution adopted by the Peterborough Board of Trade, which reads as follows:—"That in view of "the attitude of the United States towards "Canada in matters of trade and social re-"lations, the proposed programme of practi-"cal remonstrance of the Dominion Govern-"ment with that nation, and its avowed "intention of cultivating closer relations "with Great Britain be heartily approved by "this Board of Trade."

You ask me further to let you know if "such a resolution would not be acceptable, "and if similar expressions on trade matters "would not be acceptible to the Government "of Canada, and further if it would be ad-"visable for Boards of Trade to express their "sincere interest in the welfare of the coun-"try and the action of our national Govern-"ment."

In answer I have only to say that the Government will always consider it a favor to receive the sincere and honest expression of opinion of all those who take an interest in the welfare of our common country. It is not to be expected that all these expressions of opinion will be identical, but from their very divergences, the Government might find the means of arriving at a proper solution of all the problems which we have to solve.

I have the honor to be,
Dear sir,
Yours very sincerely,
WILFRED LAURIER.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

YOU ARE ALL INVITED TO.....

Our Opening Display

—OF—

Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Dress Goods and Silks, Jackets, Capes and Blouse Waists, Carpets and House Furnishings, Cotton Dress Goods and Gloves,

—ON—

Tuesday and Wednesday, MARCH 30th and 31st.

Special Gas Light Display on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, from 7.30 to 9.30. p.m.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.

TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.

THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.
340 George Street.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2000 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

Personal.

Mrs. R. Mulholland has returned from an extended visit to her daughter, Mrs. Curran, Toronto.

Mr. John Christie, of the C P R telegraph office, is out of town on a business trip. Mr. E. Morphet is handling the ticker in his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Milburn returned from their wedding tour in the west last evening.

Inspector G. Brock and Mr. C. Cambre, of Toronto, have completed their regular inspection of the Bank of Commerce.

Mr. J. W. Doran, Inspector of the Standard Life Insurance Company, who has been in town for several days, left this morning for Lindsay.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER

Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate, Miss Hough, No. 290, Hunter-st. 3m67

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 190 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

GRIFFITHS' CYCLES

Have an established reputation for excellence in all parts of the British Empire because of their durability, easy running qualities and neat appearance. We offer prices to suit everybody.

Griffiths' Skylark..... $100.00
do Nighthawk.. 85.00
do Leader.... 70.00
do Duke..... 50.00

.....HUMBERS and TRIUMPHS.....

Catalogues mailed free to any address.

THE GRIFFITHS CYCLE CORPORATION, Ltd.

235 and 235½ Yonge-st., Toronto.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX,

STOVES AND HARDWARE 127 HUNTER ST.

THE CENTRAL CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS CO., OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 31st March, 1897, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. (6%) PER ANNUM, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company in this city on and after

THURSDAY, the First Day of April, Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st March, 1897, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary

Toronto, 3rd March, 1897.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK on PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 426 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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Of Every Description, Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.30 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.23 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CANADA'S FAVORITE BRAND

Sold Everywhere, Used in Clubs, Hotels and Families.

Aged 7 Years in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

The best Whisky ever distilled in this country — PURE MELLOW OLD

Contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne, Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Cramp, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

JOURNEY IN A FLUME.

EXCITING RIDE FROM ICEBOUND SIERRAS TO SEMI-TROPICAL REGIONS.

In the San Joaquin Valley a Party of Three in a Small Boat Goes Down—Ice in the Upper Gorges—Oranges at the Vineyard Levels.

What would the tobogganists of the east say of a toboggan slide fifty long miles! Think of sliding down a chute that extends from arctic to semi-tropic regions—through snow-clad and ice-bound canons, around rocky fastnesses, over foaming cascades and rushing rivers, and then through vineyards and orange groves, and landing amid gardens of roses and lilies.

A half dozen localities on the Pacific coast—especially in California—afford opportunities for such slides. One of the flumes that several big lumber companies have constructed in different sections all the way from Sanger, in Fresno County, California, to Salem, Oregon, is an example. These flumes have been built for conveying lumber from the towering Sierras to sawmills in the valleys below. They are from fifty to sixty-five miles long, and are built upon trestles varying in height from 20 to 120 feet. The chute is V-shaped and usually about a yard deep. The lumber is floated through it on water supplied from mountain streams, and the time consumed in a journey through the flues is from two to three hours, depending on the force and quantity of the water.

An invitation to make one of a party of three gentlemen to ride down through a lumber flume located at the southern end of the great San Joaquin Valley was eagerly accepted by the correspondent of The New York Times. The hour of starting was fixed at 8 on a January morning, and the place was the mountain headquarters of a lumber company. The guests were told to make themselves at home at the log house.

Early on the evening previous to the flume ride three gentlemen arrived at the headquarters. It had taken eight hours of hard driving with a team of mules to get there. The altitude is 7800 feet. Winter was everywhere in evidence, and it was the first taste any one in the party had had of an old fashioned winter season in some years.

The snow was so deep and hard that the lumbermen had been unable to work for several days. Ice covered every watercourse in the mountains, and a cold, frosty wind that sent the mercury below zero descended from the peaks that reared themselves 1000 feet higher. The night was passed at the company's building, and with a big breakfast the three flume travelers were ready for the journey.

The flume boat in which the party was to be floated down the chute was brought forth. It was a crude affair, eight feet long, V-shaped to conform to the trough, made of boards easily nailed to gether, and the seats were short boards adjusted between the sides of the craft. Two lumbermen held the boat, while the travelers, bundled in heavy overcoats, and with grim resolution, stepped cautiously into it.

"Hold on tight, boys;" "Let her go;" "Good-bye," "Good-bye," were shouted from the group of lumbermen as the boat started down the flume. A thin coating of ice glazed the surface of the flume timbers for the first ten miles, so that the craft sped forward with unusual swiftness.

The boat gathered momentum every second. Pine trees bending with snow, boulders strewn along the canon, and immense projecting chunks of ice and granite approached and darted past in a twinkling. There was no time to look to the right or left. Not a word was spoken. It seemed as if not even a breath was drawn. All eyes were set dead ahead, and all hands clutched the board seats with a vise-like grip.

But there was ample time for startling ideas. What if a chunk of the ledges had torn away the flume just beyond that sharp bend? What if a plank were loose away down near that redwood tree? What a frightful fall if the boat would come against a dislodged rock or strike a loosened spike, or run over a stray piece of timber in the flume? Each remembered all the stories he had heard of mortal accidents in these flumes.

For seven miles the party traveled at the rate of a mile in eighty or ninety seconds. The wind howled about their ears and beat against their faces and chests. Heavy overcoats were none too heavy. The cold water spattered in their faces, and the frosty air darted down their backs. The picturesque scenery had scant attention.

The first twenty minutes of the trip were by far the most risky and exciting. By that time the party was about eight miles in the canon, where the grade of the trough ran easier, and was sailing at the rate of a mile in four minutes. The air came less bleak and penetrating. The altitude was about 4000 feet, and the last signs of the ice and snow were being left behind.

In a half hour more the mouth of the canon was almost reached. The flume ran higher, and the canon stream that had roared as it gurgled and bounded over rocks and among boulders could scarcely be heard.

Suddenly the flume turned to the left, and several gorges hundreds of feet deep were crossed. The timbers that support the flume looked slender and insecure, and the giant walls of granite that stood straight up added to the grandeur of the scene.

Another bend in the flume, and, skirting a spur of foothills, the party glided out of the canon. A vista of some thirty miles stretched before their eyes. This is a part of the San Joaquin Valley, from which the trestle may be seen, like a huge silvery serpent lying among the foothills. Here the trough runs at some 100 feet above the ground, and the feeling as the greater elevation from the earth is reached is similar to that of the aeronaut.

The sound of the plunging, turbulent mountain stream below came to our ears, and the fresh, clear air of morning was delightful. Undulating foothills, immense sweeps of grazing and ranch land, here and there hundreds of cattle could be seen.

The heavy overcoats were laid aside as the craft moved on. Several little villages were passed, then the orchards of the valley appeared ahead, and in a few minutes more the party was floated above the fruitgrowers' homes and over their orchards of pears, prunes, peaches and oranges. Men were busy among rows of trees, and the dark glossy foliage of the orchards added another element of beauty to the scene. Later, raisin grape vineyards that reach in every direction and cover an area of hundreds of acres were passed, and the travelers looked down from an elevation of eighty feet upon a score or more of Chinamen at work pruning the grape vines.

Then came a wide curve in the flume. The boat swept gracefully around it. Off to the west was a collection of large buildings and mammoth piles of lumber, the terminus of the flume. The trestle was lower and the boat floated within thirty feet of the ground.

The flume was almost level, and except for the impetus given further back, there would be very little motion to the water. Gradually the flow ceased and the craft and its passengers moved at a walking pace up to the docks of the lumber company's big mills. A workman seized one side of the boat and held it while the men disembarked.

AXES TO GRIND.

TO THE MAN.

When a siren comes up slyly
And proceeds to flatter you—
Tells you that your work is grander
Than your rival e'er can do—
Don't bow down to her in worship,
Though you may be so inclined,
For, perchance—there is no telling—
She may have an axe to grind.

TO THE MATRON.

When the charmer whispers to you
Words that set your brain awhirl—
Tells you that you look so youthful
And rosy as a girl,
Do not listen—do not suffer
Him to captivate your mind,
For the chances are, good woman,
That *there is an axe to grind!*

TO THE YOUTH.

When a world-worn woman tells you
That you are a "heartless man;"
That she wishes to forget you,
But, "ah, that she never can,"
Then, dear boy, get up and scamper—
Pray for wings to cleave the wind,
For 'tis certain that there's some one
With a gleaming axe to grind.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

A Prose Contribution About an Unusually Poetical Subject.

That spring is approaching is apparent in the alarming shrinkage that is noticed in the coal bin, and in the corresponding increase in the cinder accumulation in the cellar.

Suburbans about this time begin to consult the seedman's catalogue and imagine a vain thing when they hope to duplicate in their own gardens the gigantic vegetables and splendid efflorescence that is pictured forth in radiant colors upon its pages.

Bangs refuse to crinkle, petticoats are fringed with the rich soil of Mother Earth and the weather is generally favorable to the airing of umbrellas and goloshes.

Doctors drive about from house to house in brisk career and the face of the apothecary is one vast substantial smile.

Umbrellas are turned inside out and headgear is borne upon the wings of the wind.

In the cars the talk is made up of prognostications of the broken back of winter, alleged, and of fairy tales in which the early pea is the prominent figure.

Overcoats begin to show a threadbare appearance and troubled looks are directed toward flabby pocketbooks.

The house hunter makes ready to start out on his peregrinations and signs of "To let" blossom forth upon every hand.

In short, the gladsome springtime, the season of the real mildness, is upon us.

The one blessed thing about gentle spring consists in the fact that it does not last all the year round.

"How much do these scales weigh?" he asked of the new clerk.

"I—I don't know, sir," answered the clerk, "but if you'll wait one minute I'll weigh them and tell you."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

THE TALK OF A COUNTY.

IS THE REMARKABLE CURE OF MR. JOHN MAIERS, OF DELAWARE.

Crippled With Rheumatism and Had to be Wheeled About in a Chair—The Doctors Said he Was Incurable, But He Found a Medicine That Has Restored Him to Health.

From the Chatham, Ont., Banner.

A former member of the Evening Banner staff, while enjoying his holidays in Middlesex county, spent some time in the picturesque village of Delaware, and found the residents disposed to discuss considerably the almost miraculous cure of Mr. John Maiers, who conducts a market garden about half a mile north of the village. Knowing the old gentleman quite well, and knowing how he had suffered, the newspaper man wheeled up to his residence to make enquiries into the matter. He found that Mr. Maiers was visiting friends in Cleveland, but Mrs. Maiers was at home and cheerfully told the story of her husband's recovery. She said: "You know how Mr. Maiers used to suffer from rheumatism when you were here a few years ago. Well, he got worse and became so helpless that we had to feed him and wheel him around in an invalid's chair. He could not move his hands, and his cries at times were heartrending, so excruciating were the pains he suffered. For three years he was in terrible agony, and often longed for death. The doctors declared that his case was incurable. Many so-called rheumatic remedies were tried, but they gave no relief. One day a neighbor recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but it was with reluctance that Mr. Maiers could be induced to try them. He had taken six boxes before he found any relief, but then it was noticeable that he no longer had any hesitation in continuing the use of the pills. From that out he steadily progressed towards recovery. The pains disappeared and the stiffness left his joints, and by the time he had used thirty boxes he was a cured man, and mind you the doctors said he could not be cured. The fact that he is now well is due to the wonderful curative properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and we both have reason to bless the day he began their use."

At a later date the writer saw Mr. Maiers now strong and hearty, and he fully corroborated the statements made by his wife. The villagers who are acquainted with Mr. Maiers say his recovery is little short of a miracle.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic medicine, enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves, thus reaching the root of disease and driving it from the system. They are beyond doubt the greatest medicine of the 19th century, and have cured in hundreds of cases after all other medicines had failed. The great popularity of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has caused unscrupulous dealers to imitate them extensively, and intending buyers are urged to see that every box is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full registered trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink for Pale People." Pills colored pink but sold in loose form by the dozen, hundred or ounce, or taken from glass jars, are fraudulent imitations and should always be refused, no matter how plausible may be the story of the interested dealer offering them.

The Lumber Camps Breaking Up.

The shanties are now breaking up after having finished their winter's work and the men are returning to their homes to await the opening of the lakes and creeks, when the drives will commence. Mr. Giles Stones' shanty at Long lake, about four miles from Apsley, broke up last week, says the Lakefield News, after a successful season's cut and those of the men who live in the village are spending a few days at their homes. They will return about the 15th of next month and commence to drive. The logs are on Louck's lake.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. LAPLECHE.

OAK HALL.

—Mr. Chas. Absalom, aged eighty, is the oldest living cricketer. He made a score of one hundred and twenty-seven seventeen years before Dr. Grace was born. Last year at Finsbury Park he secured eight wickets for twenty runs. He neither smokes nor drinks.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

In advanced stages of Consumption, Scott's Emulsion soothes the cough, checks the night sweats and prevents extreme emaciation. In this way it prolongs life and makes more comfortable the last days. In every case of consumption—from its first appearance to its most advanced stages—no remedy promises a greater hope for recovery or brings comfort and relief equal to Scott's Emulsion. Book on the subject free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 31, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Browneomb e, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rousal, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Walts.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE — Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE —Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE. — Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE —Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE —Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE —Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighten, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION —Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS —Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Wardo, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use and tested every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

WITHOUT A WIFE.

It's very weel, throughout the day,
When ta'en up wi' wark or play,
To think a man can live alway
Wi'oot a wifey.

It's vera weel when cla'es are new,
To think they'll always last so,
And look as well as they do noo,
Wi'oot a wifey.

But when the holes begin to show,
The stitches rip, the buttons go,
What in the warl's a man to do
Wi'oot a wifey?

It's vera weel when skies are clear,
When fren's are true and lassies dear,
To think ye'll gang through life, nae fear,
Wi'oot a wifey.

But clouds will come the skies athwart,
Lassies will marry, frien's mann part;
What, then, can cheer your saddened heart?
A dear, wee wifey.

It's vera weel when young and hale,
But when you're auld, and crazed and frail,
And your blithe spirits 'gin to fail,
You'll want a wifey.

But mayhap then the lassie dear,
Will treat your offers wi' a sneer;
Because you're cranky, grey and sere,
Ye'll get nae wifey.

Then haste ye, haste, ye silly loon;
Rise up and seek about the toon,
And get the aven's greatest earthly boon,
A wee bit wifey.

The Growth of London.

London's population continues to increase rapidly, but recent census figures reveal a change in the character of this growth which has both surprised and puzzled the English statisticians. Up to times comparatively recent the city's increase was chiefly at the expense of the country districts and of other lands, the number of births within the metropolitan limits, when not less than the number of deaths, being not nearly enough in excess of it to account for the annual increment. Thus, in the period of 1871-80, the increase in population was more than 100,000 in excess of the births over the deaths. In the years 1881-90, however, the balance was the other way, the addition to the population being nearly 118,000 less than the natural increase. In the period of 1891-95, the excess of births over deaths was 230,000, but the actual increase in the population was slightly less than 200,000. From these figures it appears either that London-born children are the victims of an excessive death rate, or else that the opportunities to be found in the great capital are no longer attractive enough to satisfy its native inhabitants, large numbers of whom, therefore, have been led to seek their fortunes elsewhere. The problem is a rather obscure one, flowing long enough to make easy a determination of its direction, extent, and cause. —New York Times.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

Premonitary symptoms of matrimonial fever are gathering wild flowers. For everything in the housekeeping line goes to Cupid & Co.

A fever for gardening comes over her.

He is seized with the fishing fever.

A purely imaginary longing for work —a delusion caused by spring fever.—New York Herald.

FITZPATRICK'S SPEECH.

Continued from page 3.

friends opposite thought the Government was going to make a fool of itself, but the Government is not going to do it. I never sat among a body of such safe men as the members of this Government. The country will be all right."

Speaking of dismissals, he said that in the Department of Public Works he had dismissed about 100 because they were not wanted. "Nevertheless," said he, "we must protect ourselves; we are not going to put ourselves in the hands of our enemies. And when I find any one of my employes not loyal to me I shall dismiss him at once." He concluded by declaring that the sentiment of the people of the Province of Quebec was changing and they were no longer exclusive, but anxious to be at one with their Protestant neighbors. (Liberal applause.)

Mr. Craig followed. He said it was time this question were dropped, the country being tired of it. If any Conservative offered a resolution condemning the settlement he would vote for the Government.

Mr. McInerney criticised Mr. Foster's attitude when, by innuendo and open accusation, he cast a slur upon the Roman Catholic hierarchy, and realising that the papal ablegate could make but one report, had turned around and reviled his church. He would like to know if other documents and other charges were not sent to Rome.

Mr. Tarte: No.

He had learned that specific charges had been sent to Rome against certain of the clergy. Yet this same Mr. Tarte was not long since the violent champion of these same clergy in the House.

At midnight, upon a suggestion from the Government, Mr. McInerney moved the adjournment of the debate and the House adjourned immediately afterwards.

Amendment of the Criminal Code.

An important measure was introduced into the Senate by Sir Oliver Mowat this afternoon. It amends the Criminal Code of 1892 in several particulars. The clauses relating to publication or printing of immoral literature are made much more stringent. The seduction clause is made to conform to the Imperial Act, the words, "of previously chaste character," being struck out of the Canadian act. Section 183 governing seduction of a ward or servant, is made to apply to men in authority or employes in shops and stores, as well as in factories, mills and workshops. A new section is added prohibiting the holding of race meetings for a longer continuous period than 12 days. This will shut out Windsor and other frontier cities. The Art Union Lottery system is to be crippled by allowing only the giving of pictures as prizes. The combines clause is amended to exclude combinations of workingmen.

A Blind Woman's Talents

Mlle. Melaine de Salignac, a blind woman, mentioned at considerable length by Diderot, was able to tell, by the impression of the air, whether it was fine or cloudy, whether she was in an open place or a street, and whether the street was open at the end, says an exchange. Having once gone over a house, she became so well acquainted with the different parts as to be able to warn others of any danger they were exposed to by the existence of a step or the lowness of a door. She could thread the smallest needle with great dexterity and could execute every sort of needlework. She understood music, geography, geometry and wrote with a pin, by pricking a sheet of paper stretched on a frame, and read what she had written by feeling the pin marks on the other side of the paper.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, March 31.

Flour—There is nothing doing, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade limited, with offerings small. ton lots quoted at $10 to $11 west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market is heavy owing to decline in leading markets. Red winter is quoted at 73c and white at 74c West. No. 1 Manitoba hard quoted at 83c Midland, and No. 2 hard quoted at 81c Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 72c to 73c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is fair, with prices firm at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is fair, and prices firm. Sales of white at 19c west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 30c north and west.

Corn—There is a moderate demand, and prices rule at 28c to 29c west. Car lots sold on track here at 35c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.65 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts of live stock at the Western yards to-day were smaller than usual, being 40 car loads, including 150 head of sheep and lambs and 1100 hogs. Cattle for export continue firm, with sales of the best at 4¼c to 4½c per lb., and ordinary at 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3½c per lb. Bulls for export 3½c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle in moderate demand and firm, best qualities selling at 3¾c to 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

A cable from Liverpool reports the cattle market firmer; States cattle sell at 6d per pound, and Argentine at 5½d. Sheep a shade weaker at 5¾d to 6d.

Spring lambs sold at $4 to $5 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 150 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c to 5½c per lb.

Hogs are firm with receipts of 1100. The best sold at 5½c weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c to 4¾c, lightweights at 3c, sows at 3½c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 30.—Spring wheat, 6s 4d to 6s 6d; red, no stock; no. 1 Cal. 6s 2½d to 6s 4d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast buyers and sellers apart. Maize on passage firmer.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures quiet at 6s 1½d for May, 6s 1½d for July, and 5s 11¾d for September. Maize steady at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 8½d for May, and 2s 10d for July. Flour 22s.

London—Close—Wheat on passage very little doing. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Close Wheat futures dull at 6s 0½d for May and July, and 5s 10½d for September. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 8½d for May, 2s 10d for July, and 2s 11½d for September. Flour 21s 9d.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

Peterborough Markets.

MARCH 29, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 80
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll; per lb	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

That Red Blotchy Face

Skin Eruptions
Rough Skin
Black Heads
Pimples
Eczema
Salt Rheum
Tetter

And All Itchy Skin Diseases

CHASE'S OINTMENT
Is a Guaranteed Cure
PRICE 60 CENTS PER BOX

MURRAY & LANMAN'S
FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable. If you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

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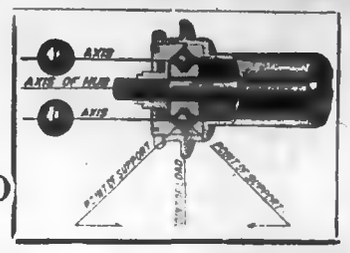

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O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,688	8541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	721,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

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JOHN BURNHAM
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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
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RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 343 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr d&w

ITCHING ECZEMA

An Editor's Little Son Suffers Terribly. Itching Intense, Face Raw and Bleeding from Constant Scratching. Cured by Cuticura.

My little boy was afflicted with Eczema in acute form for nearly a year, during which time we tried without success every known remedy. The disorder appeared on the right cheek and was of a blistery and bloody form. His pillow, mornings, would bear the bloody imprint of the side of his face, while it was impossible to prevent the little fellow from scratching his face, owing to the intensity of the itching. I was advised to try CUTICURA. The first application was made before putting the child to bed, and the appearance of the affected parts showed a noticeable improvement the next morning. As a result of the continued use of CUTICURA my child has as fair and smooth skin as can be found anywhere.

W. R. NEEDHAM,
Editor and Pub. *Standard*, Petoskain, O.

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are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897

Entertainment at Salem.

A very pleasant evening was spent at Salem E L of C E meeting on Tuesday, 23rd inst. The proceedings were varied by the presence of about twenty-five of the members of City Lodge, I. O. G. T., Peterborough, who drove out, despite the unfavorable weather, and presented the programme, all of the numbers being of a temperance character. The president of the League, Mr Will Sargent, occupied the chair during the rendering of the following programme :—

Hymn—Hark, the Temperance Bells.. ——
Prayer..... ——
Hymn—The Army of Temperance.... ——
Solo..... Mr D M Spence
Recitation..... Miss H Holmes
Scripture reading..... ——
Duet....Miss Howson and Mrs T E Sargent
Topic—How our bodies influence our souls..... Mr N Mason
Recitation..... Miss B Mark
Hymn..... ——

Refreshments were then served by the ladies of the League, and the meeting closed with the singing of "God be with you till we meet again" and the benediction.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Five Generations.

On the farm of R. H. Ricks, in Nash County, N.C., there lives a family that cannot, in all probability, be duplicated elsewhere in the United States, says The New York Journal. It is a colored family and consists of five generations of lineal descendants in unbroken couples.

The oldest couple are Ben and Harriet Speight, aged 90 and 92 years respectively.

The next couple are their daughter Jane, and her husband, Jeff Bell, who are 71 and 72 years old. Their daughter Della, and her husband, Jonas Harrison, 47 and 51 years old, form the third couple.

This couple have been blessed with 13 children, of whom 10 are now living. One of the 10—George Harrison—and his wife, Gabrella, 29 and 24 years old, constitute the fourth couple. One of the four children of George and Gabrella, Georgianna by name, 3 years old represents the fifth generation.

Currency in Corfu.

In Corfu sheets of paper pass for money. One sheet buys one quart of rice, or twenty sheets a piece of hemp cloth.

OAK HALL.

EARLY ELECTIONS IN THIS DISTRICT

AN ELECTION OF 1834 RECALLED BY A CORRESPONDENT.

Some Interesting History of the Early Elections in this District Related by a Correspondent to the Toronto Globe—Peterborough Readers will be Interested.

Peterborough readers will be interested in the following letter, recalling early elections in this district, which appeared in the Toronto Globe on Saturday last :—

Immediately before 1834 the county of Northumberland was represented in the Parliament of Upper Canada by Mr Lyons of the Carrying Place and Captain A Macdonald, father of the present Mr Macdonald, grain dealer in Cobourg. Neither of these gentlemen offering himself for re-election new candidates had to be chosen for the election of 1834. This election was held at Scully, about a mile west of the present village of Harwood. The county of Northumberland then extended from the river Trent on the east to the western boundary of the township of Hamilton in the west ; from Lake Ontario on the south as far north as any settlers were to be found, including what is now the county of Peterborough. The franchise was the old English "forty shilling freeholder," so that no one could vote for whose land the patent had not issued. Some curious tales were told of the great number of patents and deeds sent down from York just previous to an election, and also of more that could not be got down till after the election was over. Elections at that time lasted a week—the nomination and speeches were made and a show of hands taken on Monday, a poll was demanded and the polling began—lasting till the Saturday following.

The candidates were then in the habit of sending out long election addresses to "The Free and Independent Electors," making the accustomed number of fair promises and setting out in glowing terms what they intended to do for the good of the county if they were elected. Friends of the candidates who, although they were men of light, leading and influence, printed broadsides showing the magnificent qualities of their favorite and the faults and failings of the opponent. The blacksmith's shop and bar-room were papered with such addresses, not to mention barn-ends, trees, stones and fences.

The local newspapers were then The Cobourg Star, published by Mr. Chatterton, who did yeoman service for the Tory cause, and The Cobourg Reformer, published by Mr. Radcliffe, otherwise unknown to fame, who supported the principles of Reform. The returning officer was Mr. Boucher, father of the late Judge Boucher, of Peterborough, who then lived at Cobourg.

This being the first election that Peterborough, and what was then called "the back country," had taken much interest in, and as that part of the country was fast rising in importance each of the political parties selected one of their candidates from the section. Of the candidates, Col. Alexander McDonell was a Scotsman by birth, a Roman Catholic in religion ; he came to Canada as a boy with his uncle, the late Bishop of Kingston. About 1825 he was employed by the Hon. Peter Robinson to assist emigrants to locate upon these lands ; he lived in Peterborough, and subsequently occupied the position of Immigration Agent and Crown Lands Agent. He was elected in 1834 and again in 1836, but was defeated when he ran for the county of Peterborough in 1841. Next came Dr. John Gilchrist, of Keene. Dr. Canniff in his "Lives of Medical Men," says that Dr. Gilchrist was the first candidate to present himself to and the first to secure a certificate for a license to practice in Upper Canada from the newly organized "Medical Board," January 5 1819, and that in 1822 he was gazetted surgeon to the 1st Northumberland militia. Dr. Gilchrist, while practicing at Cobourg, erected a grist mill and saw mill at Keene in 1825, and in the winter of 1829-30 opened the first store at Keene. In the following season he removed there from Cobourg and practiced his profession as well as farming. He was elected upon this occasion, but was defeated in 1836. He became in 1841 the first member for Peterborough (the Colborne district) ; subsequently he was treasurer of that district and also Crown Lands agent.

The next candidate was James Gray Bethune, brother of the late Bishop of Toronto. He was postmaster at Cobourg and carried on the business of general storekeeper. He was among the first to open a store in Peterborough ; he did a large business in both towns ; his teams conveyed many of the emigrants from Cobourg to Peterborough, and his boats conveyed many still further towards their destination in "the back country." He was one of the commissioners for the improvement of the navigation of the Newcastle district. He was looked upon as a strong candidate whose election was all but certain, but suffered defeat.

The remaining candidate was W. S. Conger, originally a chair maker. He commenced business in 1820 as a merchant at Cobourg, and in 1834 his firm, Conger & Scott, was doing a large and successful business. While he had good support from the front part of county, he was not well known and so received few votes in the more northern part of the riding. Mr. Conger was afterwards appointed the first Sheriff of the Colborne district. Resigning that office, he was afterwards twice elected M. P. for the County of Peterborough. He was a very public-spirited, courteous and affable man, took a great interest in opening up the back country by roads, and he strongly advocated the making of a ship canal through the Trent and Otonabee rivers. It was chiefly through his influence that Little Lake cemetery, Peterborough, was formed. He also gave great attention to the formation and working of agricultural societies.

Many of the voters from Peterborough, the township of Quinte and other places were brought down the Otonabee river and then across Rice lake in boats and scows. Many amusing stories are told of the appearance, speeches and actions of some of these. Temporary booths and tents were erected in the vicinity of the polling place ; refreshments were served in these, while here and there at convenient intervals the "free and independent" found whole barrels of whiskey standing on end with the head knocked out and with a dipper handy. Every man dipped and helped himself at his pleasure. Occasional scenes of violence were witnessed, but these were not so common as might have been expected, and happily no lives were lost. More modern and refined times may cavil at the free distribution of liquor, but the times were "droughty," the exigency great and whiskey cheap and plentiful.

R.

Cobourg.

And He Put It There.

Bertie—Aw, Miss Ethel, theah is one thing I like about you.
Ethel—What is that, Mr. Softleigh?
Bertie—My awm, deah.

Quite Personal.

Codling—has Mr. Standoff much personal property?
Dimling—Yes, he has more than most people.
Codling—Indeed?
Dimling—To my knowledge he has a cork leg and arm, and a set of false teeth.

The Hardships of Labor.

Pat—Ye'll have to get a new night watchman, sorr. Oi'll be lavin' yez Saturday.
Bank President—Why, what's the matter, Patrick?
Pat—Shure, this place is on a strate where there's so many noises at night Oi can't get my siape.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

Picturesque Isle Royale.

Isle Royale, so named by an early French explorer in honor of Louis XIV. of France, is the largest island in American inland waters, being more than forty miles in length. It is the home of the siskowit, a gamy lake fish found only in Lake Superior, and which partakes of the characteristics of the speckled brook trout, the lake trout and the salmon. The island is practically uninhabited, and, although a number of years ago it was a full-fledged county, it has been disorganized, and for judicial purposes is attached to the county of Keweenaw. Nearly the entire area of the island is owned by an English mining company and it is known to mining men that every copper lode found on Keweenaw point, where all the producing Lake Superior mines are located, can also be found on the big island. Geologists and practical mining men for once agree in holding that the various copper-bearing lodes, which on the mainland dip at nearly uniform angles to the northwestward, pass under the lake at an enormous depth, reappearing on the island thirty miles or more from their outcrop on the eastern portion of the synclinal, or great fold, which holds all the formations carrying native copper.

The English owners of this rich island, a mediaeval kingdom in itself, have been paying taxes on an assessed valuation of only $100,000, but now Michigan people are agitating to attach it to Keweenaw County, and thus reach it for local taxes as well as State ones.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

No article that has ever been offered to the public has received so many voluntary testimonials from eminent people as this world famous tonic wine, **Vin Mariani.**

As a healthful invigorating and stimulating tonic it has no equal.

"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the Vin Mariani for many years. I consider it a valuable stimulant."

Morell MacKenzie, M.D. London.

Court Physician to Her Majesty the Queen.

At Druggists & Fancy Grocers. Avoid substitutions.

Album of Portraits of Celebrities testifying to the merits of Vin Mariani sent free on application.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we see the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constant sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

It's at these trying times that Credit Systems are strained to their utmost ; its in these trying times that the Cash Store reigns and rules triumphantly.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says : "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now : We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles."

Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

BARGAINS.

2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

Several Good Places outside of Corporation. Different prices.

Telephone 359. - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 326 George-st

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars ; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company,
Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

Ease of Propulsion,
Correct Proportion,
Symmetrical Beauty,

Are the Charactetistics of . . . .

The CLEVELAND

1897.

Models 27, 28 and 29 price..... **$100.00**

The choicest exemplar of mechanical skill in cycle construction. . . . . .

Models 22 and 23 price..... .... **$75.00**

The Highest Grade Wheels in the world listed or sold at less than $100. . . . . .

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H. A. LOZIER & Co.

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FACTORY, Toronto Junction.

Agents,—A. H. STRATTON & Co., Peterborough.

APRIL

1897

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 77. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

DIFFERENT IN OFFICE

Will the Three Ex-Premiers Carry Out Promises

And Bring In An Insolvency Bill?—The Government Must Take the Full Responsibility for Appealing to Rome—The Manitoba School Matter is Buried—Nailing Mr. J. Israel Tarte to His Former Annexation Talk—Speech Day in the Commons.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—Three bills of a public character were introduced at the opening of the House this afternoon. They were Mr. Charlton's, to secure a better observance of the Lord's day, Mr. McLennan's to compel railway companies to sell second-class return fare tickets on the same basis as first-class and Mr. Wood's (Hamilton) respecting building societies and loan companies carrying on business in Ontario.

There was a great batch of questions on the order paper, but none of special interest.

Mr. McInerney resumed the debate on the address. He took up the question of the tariff and read the past declarations of Liberal members to show how in swallowing the proposed new tariff they were doing the jumping jim crow act. When the history of this tariff provision came to be read, it would be known as the Laurier-Mowat somersault act. [Conservative cheers.] He proceeded to refer to the school question, and pointed out that in the petition to Rome the Liberals, Senators and members, spoke for the Liberal party, that being expressly stated. Moreover, the petition stated that previous communications had gone to the Pope. He (Mr. McInerney) was anxious to know now what those communications were. He charged Mr. Tarte with having made the declaration that, unless justice was granted to the minority and the guarantees under the constitution secured for the French minority, they would annex themselves to the United States.

Mr. Tarte: "You are altogether wrong. I never made any such statement in the House, nor out of it."

Mr. McInerney said: "Just wait until I have finished. In the House on the 6th March, 1893, Mr. Tarte referred at some length to the position of Catholics, and wound up with this sentence: 'There is a large space where we could get protection, and where our rights would not be assailed.'" [Conservative cheers.]

Mr. Tarte: "Is that all?"

Mr. McInerney: "That is enough. It is nothing more or less than a threat that the hon. gentleman is prepared either to unite to the States or else rebel against the constitutional authority of this country." He claimed that the school settlement was not a settlement, because it had not been accepted by the Roman Catholic minority. The bishops had certainly the same right to express their views as had Anglican Synods or Methodist Conferences.

Mr. W. F. Maclean followed: I desire after the speeches to take up the attention of the House for but a very few minutes. I wish merely to say that I repudiate any responsibility for what might be construed as an attempt to introduce again a measure coercive of Manitoba on the school question. I desire to repudiate responsibility for any such action or desire on my own behalf as a Conservative coming from Ontario, and further to repudiate any connection with anything which might be construed to imply that the Ontario Conservatives are not in sympathy with the people of Quebec in any attempt they may make to protect their civil liberties. I have every sympathy with what has been said concerning the attempt now being made by the Liberal representatives of the Province of Quebec to vindicate their civil liberties. These people have not only my sympathy in that attempt, but in my newspaper I have backed them as well as I could. This school question, in my opinion, and I believe in the opinion of all Conservatives in the Province of Ontario, is a question that has been settled forever. While the minority of Manitoba had a grievance, and I believe the highest court of this country decided that they had, and while that grievance was sought to be remedied under the constitution, the question was still an open one, but now that that has been settled by constitutional means, we have not the right to bring it up again.

With us, different from what is the case under the constitution of the United States, our Government must assume the political responsibility of every act done by this House; that, for the administration of the constitution, no matter what the courts have decided, the Government, the dominant party, is responsible. The courts may have declared that the minority had rights which had been taken away, but the restoration of those rights was a matter of policy, a matter of responsibility, and that responsibility I am glad to know from the approval of the hon. gentlemen opposite they are prepared to assume. I am glad to see that even the Prime Minister accepts that responsibility of the settlement which has been made. The Liberals as a party accept the responsibility of the settlement, and, speaking of parliamentary responsibility, I come to another point.

After what was said on this point yesterday in this House by the Solicitor-General (Mr. Fitzpatrick), after what was said by the Minister of Public Works (Mr. Tarte), after treating of that celebrated document last night I say that the Government and their party must take full responsibility for that mission to Rome. They cannot escape that responsibility. They have said that it is on behalf of their party that they went there, and, seeing that we are governed by the principle of Parliamentary responsibility, they must accept that responsibility before the people. They say that they went to Rome to vindicate the civil liberties of the people of Quebec. Mr. Speaker, while I sympathize with them in their efforts to conserve their political liberties, I do not agree with them in the authority to which they went to protect those liberties. It is not in St. Peter's, it is not in the Vatican, it is not in the Seven Hills of Rome that the political, the civil liberties of British citizens are conserved. If there is a temple sacred to British liberty, if there is a place where our rights are to be protected, that temple is within these walls of Parliament. The shrine of our liberties is on the floor of the House, and we, the members of the House, are the sacristans of that temple; we are the priests, the ministers at this shrine; we, worthy or unworthy as we may be, are the men who must protect the civil liberties of the people.

What will happen to gentlemen on the other side of the House if it turns out that the ablegate now in this country does not come to their relief and does not pronounce in their favor and guarantee their civil liberties, which they now profess they seek to protect? They will have to come down here to defend and protect these liberties if they are assailed. If they do come to Parliament, I will aid and support them in doing what they should, now, here, and not outside, to protect the liberties, not only of the people of Quebec but of the people of Canada.

I must take objection to the statement of the Solicitor-General (Mr. Fitzpatrick) last night in the comparison he made between His Holiness and Her Gracious Majesty. We who are Canadians say that there is no one but Her Majesty to appeal to in the protection of the civil liberties of British subjects the world over. She is the guardian of our civil liberties, not His Holiness of Rome, and as a Conservative I hope to have the support of all the Conservative party in at least making the statement. And there were names mentioned in that statement in regard to civil liberty. I have the greatest respect for the present Pope of Rome. He is known to be a liberal man, but the Liberals must invoke some other name in regard to liberty than that of Pio Nono. When we read the history of the unification of Italy, when we recall the names of Garibaldi and Mazzini, and the other heroes of that struggle, he is not the man whose name should be quoted by the Liberal party in the vindication of the liberties of the people of this country. Now, Mr. Speaker, this is all I have to say on the school question, but I think it is very important, and I think I speak the views of the great bulk of the Conservatives of Ontario in regard to that question.

From this I wish to pass to another point in the address, and just for the moment to look at the pledges of the hon. gentlemen on the other side. In 1887, there was a conference in the city of Quebec of representatives from the Local Governments in the Dominion of Canada. These gentlemen, after long, long consultation at the Ancient Capital reached certain conclusions in regard to the government of the country and they drew up a paper which was signed by them. The first name appended to this document appears as O. Mowat, Prime Minister of Ontario and Attorney-General. There is a great group of Prime Ministers' names appended to the document. I only recognize one Prime Minister in the countr yand that is my honorable friend of the opposite side (Mr. Laurier). But the first of the number of these petty Prime Ministers whose names appear here is O. Mowat. That gentleman has begun already to repudiate his former title of Prime Minister, for, in a letter to his successor, he addresses that gentleman as "My dear Premier." The next is Honore Mercier, Prime Minister of Quebec and Attorney-General, of whom nil nisi bonum. The next is W. S. Fielding, Prime Minister of Nova Scotia and Provincial Secretary, and the next is Andrew Blair, Prime Minister of New Brunswick and Attorney-General. We have now here a Government which includes these three Prime Ministers of the seven provinces of that time, being associated with the Prime Minister in the carrying on of the Government of the country. They are bound, if they are honest men, to stand by their records in that celebrated document. What does that document call for?

Among other things it declares that they pledge themselves to the conservation of provincial autonomy against Federal power. But the B.N.A. Act, according to them, is obscure and must be revised and amended. Since they have got into the Cabinet and this Parliament these three celebrated Prime Ministers have not brought forward a measure to either revise or amend the constitution.

That was the policy of these hon. gentlemen then. Have they any intention now of bringing forth any such policy? Now, Mr. Speaker, they have other planks in this meeting of the Provincial Premiers. They had one in regard to insolvency, and if the hon. gentlemen opposite have real intentions of benefiting the commercial interests of this country, if Sir Oliver Mowat wishes to make good his pledges which he then gave in that convention it is his duty to-day in another chamber to make good his pledges, to bring forward a measure dealing with insolvency in this country, rather than the measure which we have now before us, dealing with the franchise, which will be of no practical benefit at the present time. Sir, I submit that hon. gentlemen opposite have no intention of carrying out the pledges they gave at this inter-provincial conference.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I just wish to reiterate what I said before, namely, that we in Ontario consider the

Continued on Page 7.

DOES NOT SUIT ROME.

The School Settlement Condemned at the Vatican.

The Ablegate is Not Sent on the Report of the Propaganda, But on the Recommendation of the Pontifical Secretary of State, to Obtain a Settlement More Favorable to the Catholic Minority—Mr. Fitzpatrick Went to Rome as a Minister of the Canadian Government, to Point Out the Excesses of the Clergy—The Delegate Comes to Aid the Bishops in Obtain the Concessions Desired by the Holy See.

Montreal, March 31.—(Special.)—The Quebec Conservative papers publish this morning two important cables said to have passed between a prominent Roman Catholic of this city and an influential ecclesiastic in Rome, neither of whom, however, is named. The latter, nevertheless, is believed to be Archbishop Begin. They are as follows:

"Quebec, March 25, 1897.

"To X, Rome, Italy:

"News circulates here that the Papal delegate named by the Pope on the subject of Manitoba schools is important. Liberals affirm that he comes to force acceptance of the school settlement, and to blame the bishops. Will you obtain and send positive information? Our population desire exact information. (Signed) C."

The answer came yesterday, as follows:

"Rome, March 30.

"To C., Quebec:

"Monsignor Raphael Mery Del Val has been named apostolic delegate to Canada. His mission is not to secure the approval of the school settlement made by Mr. Laurier with Manitoba. That settlement is not acceptable. Rome condemns it, and the Congregation of the Propaganda is unable to approve this pretended settlement, which is contrary to Catholic doctrine. The Holy Father and the Cardinal Prefect have declared to several Canadian prelates, not only Mgr. Langevin and Mgr. Begin, that the pretended settlement cannot be accepted, and they have agreed to fight it. The Pope has not changed this decision, which is immutable, and the delegate has not been sent to undo what His Holiness has encouraged the bishops to do. Mgr. Mery Del Val does not, then, go to Canada to have the bylaw accepted, neither to blame your bishops, who are held here in high esteem. He is not sent on a report of the propaganda, but on the recommendation of the Pontifical Secretary of State, to obtain a settlement more favorable and more conformable to Catholic doctrine. The Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick came here as a Minister of the Canadian Government. He bore a petition signed by the Liberal Catholic members of Parliament. The clergy had fallen into regrettable excesses, which threatened to destroy religious peace in Canada. In consequence of these representations, the Holy Father named Mery Del Val to obtain by diplomacy and a mission of peace an acceptable settlement for the Manitoba Catholic minority. In other words, the delegate goes to Canada to aid the bishops to obtain the concessions desired by the Holy See. You may consider this information as certain. Mgr. Begin, who is here, had a long interview yesterday with His Holiness, and left him, saying that the Holy See acted with its usual goodness and solicitude in endeavoring to obtain by diplomacy the rights of the Catholics, that have been refused them up to the present, and that the position taken by the bishops will be supported, as they deserve to be."

The following announcement has been issued at the Archbishop's Palace to-day:

"His Excellency Mgr. Raphael Mery Del Val, apostolic delegate for Canada, will arrive at Montreal, Dalhousie-square, Thursday evening, at 7.55, by the Canadian Pacific train coming from Quebec.

"On this occasion, the priests of the city and neighboring parishes are requested to have the church bells rung from 8 to 8.30 o'clock, post meridiem. All the clergy and the faithful of the diocese are specially invited to the official reception which will take place at the Metropolitan Church immediately after the arrival of His Excellency.

"By order of the vicar capitular, Alfred Archambault, canon, chancellor."

Negotiations are being conducted between representatives of the C.P.R. and G.T.R. with a view of securing a uniform rate between points east and the Kootenay District. At present the C.P.R. rate is a trifle lower than that over the G.T.R. and Great Northern.

Mr. Davis, general passenger agent of the G.T.R., speaking of this matter, and alluding to a report that a rate war was being waged between the two Canadian companies, said: "There is nothing that looks like a rate war between the C.P.R. and G.T.R. There are negotiations under way with a view to securing a uniform rate on both lines between the East and West. There is no reason why there should not be uniform rates between these companies, and there will be at an early date. We both quote equal rates to Chicago, and very soon we will be able to quote equal rates to the Kootenay."

MR. TARTE AND THE ABLEGATE.

There is a Difference Which May Cause Some Trouble Hereafter.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—There is considerable speculation to-day over the accuracy of Mr. Tarte's inferences from the action of the Vatican on the Canadian petition sent to Rome last October.

Mr. Tarte said the ablegate had been sent out to report on the action of the bishops last year, but the public utterances of Mgr. Mery Del Val do not tally with this inference. The ablegate says his mission has to do with the school question. The discrepancy between Mr. Tarte's statements and the ablegate's mission is explained in this way: There are two bodies at the Vatican who might have been communicated with by Canadian Liberal Senators and members. There is the Congregation of the Propaganda, which has chiefly to do with internal or domestic affairs of the Catholic Church, and then there is the Foreign Department, of which Cardinal Rampolla is the head. The Canadian petition went to the Propaganda, but it is claimed by those in a position to know that no action has been taken upon it by that body, but that, on the other hand, the ablegate has really been sent out by Cardinal Rampolla, his instructions being to endeavor to effect a settlement of the school question, as he himself has stated.

In due time it will be seen how far Mr. Tarte's inferences are correct. He is coming in for great commendation to-day for his outspoken utterances, but there are Quebec Catholics who do not hesitate to affirm that there is trouble ahead for the Minister.

There are 49 Catholic Senators and members supporting the Liberal party. Of this number, all but four signed the petition to the Pope. The others were either out of the country or could not be reached.

Kansas City Got a Taste.

Kansas City, Mo., March 31.—The cyclone which destroyed Chandler, O. T., last night, also passed across the State of Kansas, though in less destructive form.

At Florence, Kansas, a portion of the Santa Fe round house was unroofed and several wooden buildings were blown down. Wichita, Haven and Great Bend report a heavy wind, accompanied by rain and hail. At Earlton a very heavy wind wrecked several small buildings, and blew cars from the tracks. Telegraph service in this vicinity is badly crippled.

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
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We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

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Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material, Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
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IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.
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If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,
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New Styles
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We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.
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We will place on sale the following:—
REMNANTS
In Brussels, Body Carpets and Brussels Borders.

The original prices were $1.10 to $1.25 per yard and we will give the choice for 50c. per yard and the following in Tapestry Remnants:

Body Tapestry, 1 length each, 17½, 17½, 11½, 10½, 8, 7½, 6, 4½, 4½, 3½, 1½ yards.

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These ends are adapted for enlarging other Carpets, for small rooms and for making Rugs.

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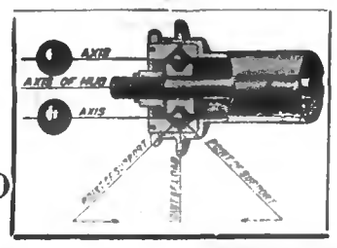

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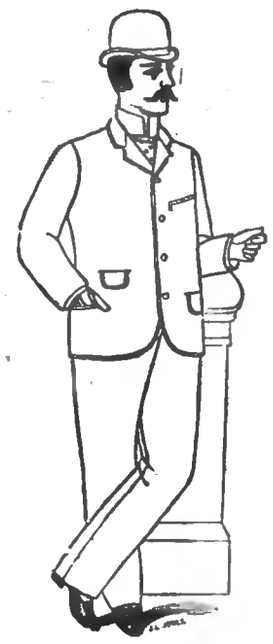

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Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

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It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

From Which He Had Suffered From Boyhood.

If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

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Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

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Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897

A despatch from Ottawa states that a Canadian regiment, composed of picked men from the different corps, is to go to London to represent the Canadian militia at the Queen's jubilee. Any applications from the 57th should receive consideration, for the 57th is the crack corps of its district and ranks well in the Province. Peterborough would be proud to have a few of her "boys in red" in this crack jubilee corps.

MR. Hardy, Mr. Ross, Mr. Harcourt and Government members of the House have been trying to explain what Sir Oliver Mowat really did mean when he made that promise of prohibitory legislation to the temperance people. But they failed to put the case strongly enough, so Sir Oliver himself was called upon and he sent a letter to Toronto which Mr. Hardy read in the Legislature. What Sir Oliver said and what they now would like to make out he meant are evidently two different things, and probably they were.

THE Auditor-General's report shows that forty-five candidates lost their deposits in the last general election. They forfeited altogether $9,000. The amount claimed by returning officers for election expenses was $214,786 of which $191,219 was allowed. The most costly election was in Alberta for which the returning officer presented bill of expenses for $13,800. Of this the Government allowed $7,495. These figures will give some idea of what the cost of the prohibition plebiscite will be.

AN Ottawa correspondent points out that when the proposed new Dominion franchise law becomes law no two provinces will be represented in the same way in Parliament. Ontario members will be returned on lists based on manhood suffrage less city and town postmasters who are disfranchised. Quebec members will represent owners or tenants of property of $300 in cities and $200 elsewhere. Nova Scotia members will represent owners or tenants of real property of $150 or owners of personal property of $150 and over, less all Government employees, who are disfranchised. New Brunswick members will represent owners or tenants of real property worth $100 or personal property worth $400 or persons assessed for $400 income. Prince Edward Island members will represent males who have to pay a rental of at least $6 a year, who have done statute labor or paid poll tax. British Columbia members will represent all the men there except Indians and Chinese. Manitoba members will be elected on the basis of manhood suffrage, except that all Government employees receiving $350 will be disqualified.

THE debate in the Legislature on the second reading of the liquor license bill was interesting, and the Opposition made good use of the time they occupied in showing plainly the manner in which the temperance question has been played with to advance Liberal interests in Ontario. Mr. Marter made a strong attack on the Government, and, after Mr. Hardy had spoken, Mr. Whitney, the Opposition leader, effectively dealt with the question. The Government had captured the temperance vote in the last election by Sir Oliver Mowat's promise that a prohibitory measure, if the courts said they had power to pass such legislation, or a partial prohibitory measure, going as far as the Courts decided they had the right to do, would be introduced at this session. This promise is claimed by Mr. Hardy and his Government now to apply only to prohibition and not to licenses, and therefore does not affect the case. Mr. Whitney, however, dealt with this point, and made the case against the Government very clear. Mr. Marter also warned the temperance people against the injury they would do the cause if they failed to do their duty and manifest in the most effective way possible, by their votes, their displeasure with such treatment at the hands of a Government that had traded in votes as a temperance Government. There is no doubt that there is much weight to be attached to this warning of Mr. Marter's, for the fact that the hopes of the temperance people were raised to Pisgah heights just before the last provincial election in the prospect of prohibitory legislation, and then their acceptance of such an amended license law must work harm to the cause that they are seeking to advance. The Government are in sore trouble at the present time in regard to this question, and Mr. Ross evidently expected Mr. Marter and Mr. Whitney to come to their assistance. But why should they? Their leader defined the position of the Opposition, and it is certainly not open to any fair attack. Mr. Whitney said the Opposition would treat the bill as seemed best to them. They would not advance to the assistance of their friends on the treasury benches. They had never given any uncertain sound in the past, nor would they in the future. When the time came that, in a proper and constitutional way, the responsibility to deal with the question was cast on the Opposition, they would deal with it like men. They would not dodge the question for twenty-five years, and keep it suspended between heaven and earth in order to carry out political ideas and practices. They would not put it on the shoulders of municipalities, they would bear it on their own, and stand or fall by the decision come to. If they did not succeed they would no doubt fall. If they succeeded to their credit it would be said of them, "they were manly enough to deal with this question; to take the responsibility, and abide by the consequences."

The Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal" and Dean of the Dental College, Montreal.

Dr. W. George Beers writes: "Dr. Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure,') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it without exception the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience, and the unanimous verdict of Dr Ievers' confres in Quebec city and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation, not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

Sir Albert Billiotti.

Albert Billiotti, the British consul at Canea, who finds himself in a very delicate position at present as between the fire of the combined powers of Europe, is an old servant of the diplomatic department of Great Britain. He is a descendant of an old Italian family that took refuge in England during the political storms at home. Most of his long life has been spent as a consular agent in the Grecian islands. He first entered the diplomatic service in 1849, and was made a clerk in the vice consulate of Macri. After that he went to Rhodes and was the vice-consul in that classic island with no pay for six years. In 1863 he was given the paid vice-consulship and held that position for ten years. Mr. Billiotti was promoted to be vice-consul at Trebizond in 1873, and in 1879 he became consul for the Pashalic of Trebizond. In 1885 he became consul to Crete. In 1886 Mr. Billiotti was created a knight, and in 1890 he was made K. C. B.

ALBERT BILLIOTTI.

LOST.

The Peculiar Way in Which Dashaway Lost One Good Dinner.

Dashaway—Condole with me, old man. I have just lost a very excellent dinner.

Cleverton—In what way?

Dashaway—Over a bet. The other day Van Winkle, Stuffer and myself were strolling down the avenue, and I happened to mention that a few nights before I had met a certain Miss Miller at a dinner for the first time, and the question came up as to whether, if she met me on the street, she would bow. Van Winkle and I got into a heated discussion over it. He maintained that she wouldn't bow; that it wasn't customary, and I said she would. Then I bet him the finest dinner that could be bought that the next time I met her she would bow, and he took me up. We got quite excited over it, when, by jove! what do you think happened?

Cleverton—You met the girl?

Dashaway—Precisely. I happened to look up, and there she was, bearing down on us.

Cleverton—And she of course didn't bow, and you lost your bet.

Dashaway—But she did bow and I won the bet. But (sadly) I lost the dinner, old fellow.

Cleverton ((puzzled)—I don't see how that could be.

Dashaway—You forget that Stuffer was there. While Van Winkle and I were betting and were so excited, he had made a remark that we agreed to. We didn't exactly grasp the meaning of it until afterward.

Cleverton—What on earth could it have been?

Dashaway (gloomily)—He said he would hold the stakes.—Philadelphia Press.

Married Woman Both Pickle.

"Of course there's romance in my life," [illegible] Fromer, when it was intimated that there was nothing of sentiment in his composition.

"I felt when I saw her, 'tis she or none on earth,' is what Schiller wrote in his 'Bride of Messina.' That is exactly what I felt when I met the woman of my romance. Nobody can describe a woman. You can rave about her classic features, her speaking eyes, her neck like a pillar of marble touched with life, the graceful psyche knot that she twists to a crown of beauty and all that kind of rant; but after it is done you can meet the woman and not know her. When I can picture a soul I'll go into the business.

"Of course I was young when I met her. Otherwise I would have shown some slight imitation of sense and surrendered by degrees. Love at first sight is not uncommon, but it is restrained by a sense of propriety, by pride or by some other modifying influence. Every force in my being was co-operative. All impelled me to fall in love. There was no check, and I fell to the very depths.

"She refused me very politely and very promptly. I asked her if I could cherish no hope, intimating that to deprive me of hope would be immediately fatal. She gave me a very scant allowance. Then I went away to win a fortune that I might lay it at her feet as an additional inducement. In four years I returned. The woman was there, just as I had left her, but not my ideal. While I was trying for moral strength enough to resell my vows, she was mustering courage sufficient to tell me she was engaged to another man. She spoke first. Then I was so mad at the other fellow, whom I should have blessed, that I insisted she had broken my heart."

"Talk about unreasonable people," said the real estate agent, "that man wants me to rent his farm to somebody who has had experience."

"What's unreasonable about that?"

"The idea of anybody who has had experience with a farm wanting to live on one."—Washington Star.

Millie—Dick Doolittle seems such an empty fellow.

Willie—You wouldn't have thought so if you had seen him last night.—Pick-Me-Up.

Nature's Detectives.

When a crime is committed, no matter in what corner of the earth the criminal tries to hide, he knows the police are probably somewhere or other on the look-out in a detective waiting to lay his hand on him.

When any disease attacks mankind and hides itself in the human system, no matter how obscure or complicated the disease may be, Nature among her great force of detective remedies has one that will eventually hunt down and arrest that particular disease.

Lung and bronchial diseases are among the most baffling complaints which doctors have to deal with; because it isn't the lungs or bronchial tubes alone which are affected, but every corner of the system furnishes a lurking place for these elusive maladies.

They change and reappear and dodge about the system under numberless disguises. They are almost always complicated with liver or stomach troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, or "general debility."

The best detective remedy which Nature has provided to search out and arrest these perplexing ailments is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It lays an arresting hand directly upon the poisonous, paralyzing elements hiding in the liver and digestive organs.

It gives the blood-making glands power to manufacture an abundant supply of pure, red, highly vitalized blood which reinforces the lungs with healthy tissue; feeds the nerve-centres with power, and builds up solid muscular flesh and active energy.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures the severest cough it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but

AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLDS FAIR
Sarsaparilla
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 p.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.35 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.35 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Extract From Editorial in "Dominion Dental Journal."

Since the article appeared by Dr. Ievers in the last issue, a large number of testimonials from outside and impartial sources, have been sent to us as to the value of "Quickcure." Eminent physicians express the same opinion from practical experience in its use in boils and wounds. We have had practical proof of its value in a burn, and repeated experience in its efficacy in exposed pulps, and various pathological conditions of the gums and the mouth. Dr. Ievers, of Quebec city, has for over eleven years had such invariable success with his preparation, that he had little trouble to persuade many of his colleagues to experiment in the same direction, and the general consensus of professional opinion has been decidedly in its favor."

—Through Mr. Gordon's (foreman of the Trent Valley canal,) recommendation, the wharf above the locks has been extended some 65 feet, which completes the work and makes a perfect job. It will be some time before work will begin on deepening the channel, being delayed through the rise of water.—Hastings Star.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. LAFLECHE.

OAK HALL.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Houden's and you will have satisfaction.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d38

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

RAISING SEA WRECKS

HOW THE SUNKEN OCEAN TREASURES ARE SOUGHT FOR.

Several Methods Vividly Illustrated, Including That of Inflating by Balloons and That With Scows—Fascination of the Work.

IT HAS BEEN A favorite theme of the nautical inventor for years to conceive some scheme whereby the sunken treasures of the sea could be located and brought to the surface. Not a few patents have been granted for contrivances designed to locate and raise sunken vessels, and some of these patents have had organised companies back of them, with capital, to send an expedition to some treasure island, with a view to obtaining the untold wealth of the quandam pirate.

"The fascinations of the sea" have led the inventor, as well as the novelist, into the domain of investigation. The inventor is always on the alert for something to please the popular fancy. If the people develop a taste or desire in any direction, the inventor is ready to pander to it, and to supply all the necessary accessories to keep the pot boiling.

The old skipper from the South Sea

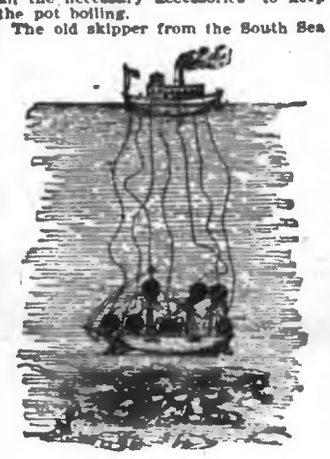

FIG. 1.—INFLATING THE BALLOONS.

Islands spins his yarns to the astonished "landlubbers," and then some ingenious inventor hears the story, contrives some device for raising the treasure from the deep, and plays for the coin of the multitude. "The fascinations of the sea," are his meat, and it's fat.

Some of the expeditions have failed, and the inventor is not slow in telling the reasons for it, and then the aims his improvement at the defects of the prior device. Great inventions are only produced by gradual step-by-step advances in the art. These expeditions are always carried on in secret, and hence it is that the public at large are not in position to know what has been and is being done by the treasure-seekers.

Patent office records show that nearly a hundred patents have been granted for various means for raising sunken vessels. Some of these devices are extremely ingenious, and well calculated to lead the capitalist to invest his cash. The true purpose or design of many of these inventions are disguised as much as possible in the specifications and drawings, for obvious reasons.

As shown in Figure 1, the invention consists of a number of balloons or floats, made of rubber or other waterproof material, and covered with a strong net-work of cord or rope. To the lower end of these ropes, grapple irons, made in the form of anchors with many flukes, are attached. To the upper end of each balloon a hose-pipe or tube is connected, which extends up through the water to the wrecking vessel. When the wreck is located, a number of these balloons are lowered in collapsed condition, and, by proper manipulation, the grapples are made to take hold of some part of the sunken vessel. When a good hold is secured for a sufficient number of the balloons, the powerful air pumps on the wrecker are worked to inflate the balloons, through the tubes or air-pipes, until the buoyancy is great enough to raise the sunken vessel. One after another of these balloons or floats is added until enough are attached to the wreck to float it to the surface, where its cargo is unloaded and the water is pumped from the hull. Each balloon has a self-closing or automatic valve at its upper end, where it is connected to the air supply tube. In some instances, where the exigencies of the case will permit of it, a bell-diver is sent down to attach the grappling irons securely to the wreck. This

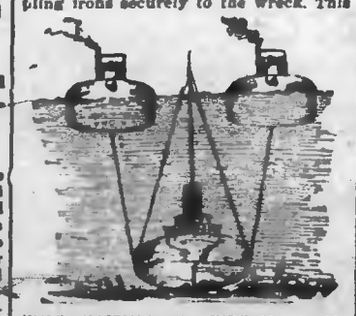

FIG. 2.—RAISING A WRECK WITH SCOWS.

device has been successfully operated in the upper lakes recently, and very valuable cargoes saved.

Another way of saving sunken cargoes is shown in Figure 2.

Two large scows or barges are provided with metal tubes which pass vertically from bottom to top of the hulls. Strong chains are paid out through these tubes, and bell-divers pass the chains under the hull of the wreck. The barges take their places, one upon each side of the sunken vessel. When the chains are passed under the wreck and pulled taut to form a sort of sling, water is pumped into the scows until they sink to some distance. The slack thus formed in the chains, is then taken up and the water is pumped out of the barges until they rise by increased buoyancy. This operation is repeated until the wreck is raised, when the propellor wheels are put in use and the wreck conveyed to more shallow water toward the land. Then the barges are again sunk until more slack is formed and thus indicate the location of the wreck. The buoy is of air-tight struc-

in the chains, when the water is again pumped out of the barges, and so on, until the wreck is in water sufficiently shallow to permit the cargo to be displaced.

In places where the water is not too deep this device is very useful and is capable of valuable service.

Another ingenious device is thus described:

Within the hull of a boat is placed a number of air-tight compartments, or air bags, so that when in collapsed or uninflated condition, they would occupy but little space. A hose of air pipe of flexible character is connected to the compartments and led to a buoy which is placed upon the upper deck of the vessel. A long coil of the hose is attached to the buoy, and if by an accident the boat should sink, the buy would float to the surface of the water, ture, and has a flag staff at its upper end. A compartment within the buoy is provided for the purpose of containing the ship's log and the passengers' valuables. A vessel provided with this improved device if submerged or sunk will indicate its location, by the buoy floating to the surface, and all the information relating to the passengers, crew and cargo may be found in the compartment in the buoy. When it is desired to raise the wreck, an air pump is attached to a plug in the buoy and air is forced down the air pipe to the air compartments in the wreck, until sufficient buoyancy is given to the hull to raise it to the surface.

Another device of a somewhat similar character is to have a number of flexible rubber air bags or compartments with connected tubes for inflating them. When the wreck is located, a bell-diver is required to go down to the sunken vessel and place the air bags securely within the hull, so that when it is forced down to the compartments the hull will be raised by the floative power given.

A good crew, men who fully understand the dangers and appreciate the rewards of success, is necessary to any expedition formed for the purpose of recovering the hidden treasures of the sea. Men of this character are to be found in all parts of the globe to-day. The love of adventure is with us always.

A CLERICAL INVENTOR.

The Stethophone and the Rural Clergyman Who Invented It

An important departure in the construction of medical appliances is made by the invention of the stethophone by Rev. D. B. Marsh, Blackheath, Ont. The medical uses of the stethophone are very important. By its means the sounds in the chest can be heard in a most accurate manner. The normal and abnormal sounds of the lungs are conveyed to the ear, and very full information can be obtained as to their condition. In the examination of the heart the clearest expression possible of what is taking place in that organ is conveyed to the listener's ears. By means of the flexible tubes the lungs and heart can be examined while the patient is in any position, and the instrument can be passed under the patient's clothing and a most accurate examination made. The whole instrument is small and light, and can be conveniently carried in an ordinary pocket. It is of the utmost value to physicians whose hearing has become impaired. By its use there are no hissing or metallic sounds; what is conveyed to the ear is the exact reproduction of what is taking place in the organ to which it is applied.

By means of a special arrangement two physicians may examine the same organ at the same time with the same instrument, thus lessening to a very considerable extent the possibility of a difference of opinion. There is

REV. D. B. MARSH.

also an adjustment by which the sound heard may be modified or intensified.

Rev. Daniel B. Marsh, the inventor of the stethophone, which bears his name, was born in the county of Grey, Ont., in 1859, and was educated at Knox College and Toronto University. After his ordination he took charge of the First Presbyterian Church at Eramosa, Ont., and after two years in that charge he was called to Blackheath, near Hamilton, Ont., where he is now in charge of the Presbyterian church. In the quiet life of his village home Mr. Marsh found time to pursue his favorite studies in the theories of light, heat and sound, and before his stethophone was invented he constructed a "talking machine," which is capable of repeating sounds with many times the force of the machines used at entertainments. The stethophone was suggested to Mr. Marsh one day by his calling to his little girl through a window; and conceiving of the window-pane as a diaphragm, he immediately set to work on experiments that resulted in the invention, which must completely supersede the stethoscope in medical examinations.

My Neighbor.

I sing of a man, God bless his name!
A man of honest labors;
Unknown to fortune or to fame,
But loved by all his neighbors.

No strange or philosophic creed,
No doctrines hard to cipher,
For which so many fight and bleed
And which so many die for,

Could fill his peaceful soul with strife;
They left him as they found him;
His sole philosophy of life
Was—love to all around him.

All hail this man unknown to fame,
This man of honest labors;
Oh! did the world but know his name
And love it as his neighbors!

No grass could grow beside his grave,
Though guards of iron bound it,
For loving feet would quickly pave
A beaten path around it.

The "Book of Advertisement."

The "Book of Advertisement," would at the present day, mislead most readers by its title. It was prepared at the command of Queen Elizabeth and printed in 1565. The purpose of the book was to define the doctrines, discipline and ritual of the English Church, so that uniformity should be secured in Great Britain. This book was the direct origin of a denominational title in England, for, after its publication, Sampson, dean of Christ Church, in Oxford, and Humphrey, professor of divinity at Oxford University, with others, dissented from some of the doctrines it contained, hence they were called Non-conformists.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to be absolutely harmless and a strong tonic in building up the weak and debilitated. It cures acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back and all pains in hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one or two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures *all forms of indigestion* and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease.

Munyon's Vitalizer, price $1.

A separate specific for each disease. At all *druggists*, mostly 25 cents a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

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Tooth Ache ... and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

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FINEST GRADES OF

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WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

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403 GEORGE STREET.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE . . . . . KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C.F. KUTZBACH
Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

The New High Class but Low Priced Tailoring and Men's Furnishing Store
Will open for business on Saturday, March 27.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.
396 GEORGE ST.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.
Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.
Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.
Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

An Interesting Event

Dr. Perry G. Goldsmith, son of Dr. Goldsmith, formerly of town, but now of Belleville, was married this afternoon in Toronto to Miss Alice Davis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Davis. The wedding was a very quiet affair. Dr. and Mrs. Goldsmith will reside in Tottenham, wher the groom has purchased a practice. Friends will extend congratulations.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 234 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

Burleigh-Watson Nuptials

Yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock Mr. Robt. Burley, a well known young citizen, was married to Miss Annie Watson, daughter of Mr. John Watson, of Norwood. The ceremony was performed at the Charlotte-st. Methodist parsonage by Rev. J. J. Rae. The bride was attired in a tweed dress, trimmed with green silk and chiffon, and was assisted by her sister, Miss Minnie Watson. Mr. Burleigh was attended by Mr. Arthur Hearn. After the ceremony the young couple proceeded to the C P R station and took the 4.48 express for Cincinnati, Ohio, where they purpose residing.

William Lee, Esq., Mayor of Parish of Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for most painful rheumatism and got almost instant relief, and the pain has not returned since last spring; it also healed a wound caused by a rusty nail in a marvellous manner. I consider it the healing remedy of the age. We do not fear even toothache now, as we always keep 'Quickcure' on hand."

THAT ACTION FOR DAMAGES

Mrs Moncrief Would Not Accept a Legal Committee's Offer

The legal committee met yesterday afternoon to consider the claim entered by Mrs. Geo. Moncrief for $1000 damages for injuries received by a fall on a sidewalk on Simcoe-st. It appears that a board had loosened from a hole that was used to gain access to the cellar under Fairweather & Co.'s store and it was owing to this Mrs. Moncrief fell. Mr. E. A. Peck was present representing Mrs. Moncrieff and refused an offer of $25 made by the committee in settlement. An action in the courts will likely follow.

Mrs. R. H. Smith, wife of President, Quebec Bank, writes: "'Quickcure' stopped toothache and its use prevented any further trouble during a trip to Europe and back."

We are head quarters for sewing machines and everything in musical merchandise at right prices on easy terms. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d177

Primary Teachers' Union.

The members of this union are asked to meet every Friday evening at 7.45 o'clock in the Murray-st. Baptist church.

A Peculiar Story.

Mr. Londry, who is in charge of the "diamond" at Ashburnham was a caller at the REVIEW office early this morning and he furnished a story which will lead readers to think daring men are prowling about. Last evening he states his wife retired and left the front door of the house unlocked to allow her son entrance when he returned. She heard two persons enter the house but thought one was her son and paid no further attention until the men entered her room and demanded her ring, stating that they had also taken a bundle of clothing. The ring could not be removed and the men departed, leaving the clothing behind. That is Mr. Londry's story. The police were not informed of the affair.

Personal

Chief Constable Doidge, of Lakefield, is in town to-day.

Mr. Larkins Craig, who has been attending military school in Toronto, returned home last evening.

Sergt Pratt, Sergt Gaskins and Pte Ringer returned last evening from a course at "C" school, Toronto.

Mr. E. A. Stanley left last evening for Wilmington, Deleware, to assume his new position. His family will follow later.

Mr. R. J. Conroy who is pursuing a course in medicine at McGill University, Montreal, is home for the Easter holidays.

Mr. R. H. Nesbitt, who has been in possession of the market for a year, gave up possession last evening and the new clerk, Mr. R. H. Green, is in charge to-day. The new regime should be inaugurated by the clearing of the market square by the proper persons. At present it is in a filthy condition.

Rev. S. J. Shorey, pastor of the Cambridge-st. Methodist church, has so far recovered from his recent severe attack of pneumonia as to be able to be about again, and expects to take his work by next Sabbath. Mr. Shorey was ill four weeks, and unable to take his work—the longest time since he entered the ministry.—Lindsay Post.

Mr. James D. Kelly has arrived in town to assume the position which Mr. Bert Giroux has vacated on the staff of the Bell Telephone Co. Mr. Giroux contemplates leaving town in the near future. He had been employed with the Bell Telephone Co. five years and was with the old Ontario Telephone Co. for two years.

HOW WE BREATHE THE ORGANS USED.

AN INTERESTING PAPER BEFORE THE NATURAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.

President Fife Deals With Respiration and the Organs By Which it is Accomplished —Higher and Lower Animals Talked About.

President Fife's paper at the meeting of the Natural Science Association on Tuesday evening on "Respiration and the Organs by which it is Accomplished," was very instructive. Mr. Fife had several colored drawings and preserved specimens which he used as illustrations during the lecture. The following is a synopsis of the paper:—The arterial blood, which is a bright red color, is found in the left chamber of the hearts of the higher animals, while the venous blood, of a reddish purple color, is in the right chambers and in the veins. The change from arterial to venous blood takes place as it passes through the tissues in the fine net work of capillaries, which traverse every part of them. The tissues are constantly using up oxygen for their sustenance, and the source from which they obtained it is the blood which comes from the heart laden with it loosely combined with the red coloring matter which it contains. Some of this oxygen passes through the thin walls of the capillaries by the principle of diffusion. These tissues form large quantities of carbonic acid with which they become saturated and diffuse it into the blood, causing the reddish purple color.

RESPIRATION CAN BE CARRIED ON

in either air or water and is necessary to supply oxygen and rid the system of the carbonic acid. In lower animals the skin performs this, as seen in the earth worm and leech; but as we rise in the scale of animal life specialised organs are provided, viz., lungs and gills, the former for use in the air, the latter in water. Hence animals which breathe in water are those in which the changes in the blood are slow, e g, oysters, clams and fishes. In the mud puppy or lake lizard the gills are developed on the outside of the body, and as these are very much branched they present a large surface to the water, obtaining their necessary supply of oxygen through them. In the fishes the gills are placed in the interior, but in communication with the mouth so that as the animal opens and closes its mouth a current of fresh water is constantly maintained over them, giving the most favorable conditions for the passing of the oxygen into the blood and the carbonic acid gas from it. It is interesting to note that every blood system besides conveying nutriment to the different organs of the body also conveys impure blood back from them to the heart, which propels it to the breathing organs, where it is converted into arterial blood, and in some cases passes directly to the body (as in fishes) and in others comes back to the heart to be propelled by it to the body. In fishes the heart propels venous blood only, while in animals higher than these the relation of the breathing system to the blood supply is different. In man the heart propels both venous and arterial blood. There is

A GREAT DIFFERENCE

between the gills and lungs. Gills are either external or are enclosed cavities connected with the mouth, and bear large numbers of very fine filaments of tender tissues which are abundantly supplied with minute thin walled blood capillaries, and over them is constantly playing a stream of fresh water which is taken in at the mouth and passed out at the hinder edge of the gill cover through the gill slit.

Lungs commence as simple outgrowths from the under side of the gullet; they then became two lobed and grow backward into the thoracic cavity where they gradually increase in size and complexity. The part attaching these lobes to the oesophagus becomes drawn out into a tube which becomes the trachea or windpipe. This bifurcates at its lower end to form the two bronchi, one of which passes to each lung. In their further growth the bronchi branch out into finer and finer tubes and finally end in small vesicles called infundebula, which are made up of a number of smaller compartments, called alveoli and which are surrounded by blood capillaries through the walls of which the interchange of the respiratory gases takes place. In the mollusca, to which the clam oyster and snails belong, respiration takes place through the general surface of the body assisted in most cases by gills and in a few of the snails by a lung.

The crustacea e. g. the lobster and crayfish, breathe entirely by gills, which in the case of the lobster and crayfish are attached to the bases of the limbs on the side of the thorax.

IN THE INSECTA

one general system of respiration prevails, namely, an intricate system of air tubes, these being kept open by means of a coiled spiral thread which seems to act like a spring. Birds all breathe by well developed lungs, respiration being necessarily active to keep the temperature sufficiently high during rapid motion through the atmosphere. They are also possessed with numerous air sacs, which serve to regulate the general buoyancy of the body to suit the rarer or denser atmospheres. The reptiles breathe by lungs, although many of them spend a considerable portion of their time in the water and are excellent divers. The mammalia—the class of animals to which we belong—all possess lungs which are highly developed. In many of them the division and sub-division of the primary lung sac has been so far carried on that the alveoli are so minute that they cannot be seen by the naked eye, yet each alveolus has its blood vessels bringing blood to it and others carrying it away from it again after aeration has taken place."

The paper was closed by the expressed wish that the few facts given might stimulate to greater effort to learn more of the wonderful adaptability of the organs of our bodies to the purposes for which they are intended.

Letter of Condolence.

The following letter of condolence has been forwarded on behalf of Lansdowne Lodge, S.O.E.:—

To the Wife and Family of our Deceased Brother, Stephen Roadhouse:

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove by death your husband, our respected brother, Stephen Roadhouse, the members of Lansdowne Lodge, Sons of England, desire to express their most sincere condolence and sympathy with you in the irreparable loss you have sustained. We can, feel with you for our late brother was one of our most valued members. Held in the highest respect and affection on his esteemed qualities as a member as well as for his sturdy qualities as a man, and, while our loss is as nothing compared to your own, we lovingly commend you to the great Source of Comfort which the widow and fatherless never appeal to in vain.

Signed on behalf of Lansdowne Lodge, Sons of England,

A. KINGSCOTE,
Recording Secretary.

Peterborough, April 1, 1897.

DEATH SEEMED NEAR.

A Young Girl Falls Between the Timbers on a Railroad Bridge and a Train is Stopped in the Nick of Time from Passing Over Her.

A young girl had a hair breadth escape from a terrible accident that would have certainly proved fatal on Tuesday evening. She was walking up the G. T. R. track towards the Wm. Hamilton works and was in the centre of the bridge across the creek near the Protestant Home, when an engine, moving backwards with a freight car, appeared. It was coming from the station and she endeavored to cross the bridge, and in her excitement she fell between two of the timbers with only her head above the track. On the train moved, but the girl could not release herself, and those who witnessed the affair felt certain death was at hand for the girl, but the engineer fortunately succeeded in bringing the engine to a standstill within twenty feet of the girl, who was immediately withdrawn from her dangerous position and the engine and car moved on. While the young lady succeeded by mere fortune in being saved from imminent danger, still the incident should serve as a warning to those who risk their lives in passing over any bridge when a train is so close at hand.

Health and vigor are essential for success. Therefore make yourself strong and healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE LATE MRS R W SHAW.

One of the Old Residents of Peterborough Passes away at Port Hope.

The many friends of Mrs. R. W. Shaw, of Port Hope, will regret to learn of her death, which occurred yesterday afternoon.

Susan Charlotte Fortune was one of the old residents of Peterborough; she was married to the late Robert William Shaw in 1856, and lived for a number of years on what is still called "Shaw's Hill" in Ashburnham. They afterwards removed to the west end of Peterborough and occupied "Erin Cottage" until Mr Shaw's death in 1873. Mrs Shaw then removed to Port Hope where she has resided ever since, though her warm affection for Peterborough never abated. For the past two years she has been in uncertain health, and passed away very quietly yesterday at the age of seventy-six years.

The funeral will take place from the Grand Trunk station on Saturday afternoon on the arrival of the 5.12 train from Port Hope.

Sir Henry Joly De Lotbiniere's Son.

Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere's son, Edmond G. Joly de Lotbiniere, advocate, Quebec, has written to the author of the new preparation for toothache, healing wounds, and removing pain, says, "'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' has always relieved the pain instantly and I will never be without it."

Scenes and Songs

The kinoptoscope and graphophone began a four night entertainment in the opera house last evening before a small audience, who, however, were delighted with the programme provided by two of the new wonders of the world. The kinoptoscope threw upon the canvas some wonderful effects, the toboggan shooting the slides and the fire scene being capital. From the graphophone came numerous songs distinctly rendered. A local man by request whistled a tune into the graphophone and it was reproduced in perfect detail.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

There, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

The Town of Peterborough

While Making no Pretentious Boast

Is noted for the beauty and style of its women. This fact is reflected in the Millinery of Peterborough, which for refinement and style is second to no other town in Canada.

Our store stands pre-eminent in its ability to make the most satisfactory Millinery for our patrons. We cater to the best trade and we get it.

Our Millinery Show Rooms are replete with New Goods. We ask the privilege of showing you our styles.

Watch for change of Ad to-morrow.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Kinoptoscope at the opera house.
Meeting of the Non-Commissioned officers.
Fortnightly meeting of Historical Society.
Ashburnham Council.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Printing committee.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and to-day it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

The Kinoptoscope and Graphophone

A grand school children's matinee will be given in the opera house on Saturday afternoon, April 3rd, at 2.30. This will be an excellent opportunity to show the little ones the very latest inventions of the age. All children under 14 will be admitted for 5c and adults 10c. 1d

Reduced Rates for Money Orders

On the first day of April, 1897, there will be a reduction in rates made by the Canadian Express Company, on money orders, as follows :—

RATES FOR ORDERS PAYABLE IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

$ 2.00 and under	3c
2.00 to $5.00	4c
5.00 to 10.00	6c
10.00 to 20.00	10c
20.00 to 30.00	12c
30.00 to 40.00	15c
40.00 to 50.00	18c
50.00 to 60.00	20c
60.00 to 75.00	25c
75.00 to 100.00	30c
Over $100.00 at same rates.	1477

DON'T BUY

YOUR BICYCLE before you see our

$50 HARTFORD,
$65 HARTFORD,
$85 COLUMBIA,
$100 COLUMBIA.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

Maple Syrup

Pure Maple Syrup of finest quality, being light in color and made on the latest improved evaporators, put up in 1, 2, and 5 gal. cans at $1.30 per gal., or a very choice local made syrup at $1.00 per gal, 24c per quart, at E. F. Mason & Co's. 2d77

The New Street Inspectors.

Messrs. G. W. Ranney and W. L. Innes, the newly appointed Street Inspectors, took the necessary declaration this morning and assumed the duties of their office.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

Ashburnham Briefs.

At the last regular meeting of Mark-st. E. L. of C.E. the following officers were elected for the next six months :

Honorary President—Rev. W C Beer.
President—Miss W Throop.
1st Vice-President—Mr. M W Matchett.
2nd Vice-President—Miss M Hamilton.
Secretary—Miss Emma F Smith.
Treasurer—Mr. Albert Fowler.
Conveners of Committees—Prayer Meeting—Mr J Herman Beer.
Lookout—Miss Nellie Wood.
Temperance and Good Citizenship—Miss Eva Weir.
Social Committee—Miss K Wand.
Music Committee—Miss Annie Smith.
Flower Committee—Miss Eloise Glover.
Visiting Committee—Miss L Beer.
Missionary Committee—Miss L Taylor.
Organist—Miss L Beer.
Editor—Mr. F. Beer.

Mrs. E. B, Carneau, wife of President Quebec Board of Trade, writes : "'Quick cure' has always given instant relif to my children."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A FASHIONABLE SPRING OVERCOAT

AT TRIFLING EXPENSE .....

Among the New Woolens purchased by us this spring are

FINE ENGLISH VENETIANS AND COVERT COATINGS,

In Fawns, Browns, Drabs, Greys and Blues. About twenty shades in all and our

Charge to make one of them—Fifteen to Eighteen Dollars.

A. MERCER & CO. High Class Cash Tailors. 356 George-st. Estd. 1867

"LESSONS FROM A HEATHEN."

Evangelist Ranton Addresses Another Big Congregation at the George-st Church.

The interest in the services conducted in the George st. church shows no sign of abating, judging by the attendance every evening. Last night the draw seats were required to accommodate the number present. Mr. Ranton's appeals are very powerful and many hearts are reached. Something over one hundred have already presented themselves as seekers and the work is only starting. The early part of the service last night was varied and interesting. In addition to the service of song there were many short testimonies given, Mr. Ranton requesting those who spoke to confine themselves to the place and time of their conversion. A large number gave testimony and one could not help but notice the different ways in which men were led to Christ. Before the sermon Mrs C B McAllister sang, with most excellent voice, "Where is my wandering boy to-night." Mrs McAllister has not often sang in Peterborough, and all who heard her last night would be delighted if she would sing more frequently. Her words could be distinctly heard in every part of the church.

Mr Ranton's subject was "Lessons from a Heathen," and text selected was Acts x-2. The introductory thought was God is no respector of persons and has no stereotyped method of conversion. Instances were cited to illustrate this. Such cases as Lydia, the seller of purple, the Philliplan jailor, and many others, proving that different surroundings and different temperments required [different methods. Cornelius, the speaker said, was a man living up to the light he had. The peculiar position rendered it difficult for him to be a good man, yet he triumphed over his difficulties. He was a devout man and one that feared God. He was a liberal man. He was willing to be led into greater light. On this point Mr. Ranton said if a man would do before his conversion what he should do after his conversion he would be led into light. Many beautiful and touching instances were given to illustrate this thought and many must have seen more clearly then ever before the method of salvation.

When Christ was preached to Cornelius he accepted Him. He was waiting for that and when the truth was presented it was gladly received. Cornelius with all his house accepted Christ. Very great emphasis was laid on family religion, and instances related that brought tears to many eyes. The service was one of very great interest.

To-night Mr. Ranton will preach on "Kadesh Barnea," and he intimated last night that he would give an account of the conversion of two of the leading infidels of the day as given by themselves. He expressed the hope that any who had skeptical tendencies would be present.

Brevities

—George-st. is ready for the street sprinkler.

—The Lenten service at St John's church last evening was conducted by Rev H. Symonds.

—Preparatory service will be held in St. Andrew's church to-morrow (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock.

—Wm York and Richard Goodwin were taken to the Central Prison yesterday to serve their terms.

—The Printing, Supervision of Police and Market committees meet to-night. The sewerage committee will meet to-morrow evening.

—The REVIEW acknowledges with thank the receipt of a Turkish newspaper from Rev J. C. Davidson.

—Mr. John Grimson, an old resident of Durham and father of the deputy reeve of Hope, died on Monday.

—The Hastings lacrosse team has organized with Mr. F. W. Ashe, president, and T. O'Reilley, secretary.

—The Historical Society will hold its regular monthly meeting in the County Council Chamber this evening.

—The Ashburnham Council will go in a body to Ottawa on Monday and the Council will meet to-night to transact business.

—Provided the weather continues throws as much heat upon earth and ice as it has been doing it will not be long before the river will be open for navigation.

—Mr. John Martin, proprietor of the steamer North Star, sold 1,500 cords of wood to Mr. John Allan the other day. Mr. Allan intends going into business as a wood dealer on a large scale.

—To-night the Peterborough Junior Lacrosse club will meet for organization in the Oriental parlor at 8 o'clock. There should be a large attendance at this meeting and every player should make it a point to be on hand at 8 o'clock.

—The Board of Trade will hold an interesting meeting to-morrow evening when the resolution brought up at the last meeting will be considered. The evening will also be taken up with an interesting subject, which will be illustrated by views. It is desired that punctuality will be practised by the members in gathering at the meeting in order that the business may be dealt with from 8 o'clock sharp.

—A good commencement for the new inspectors would be to see that the market square is cleaned at once. A gentleman employed in a store near the square complained to the REVIEW this morning of the stench arising from the filth that has accumulated during the winter. There should be no delay in giving the square its annual spring scraping.

A Letter From the Tailors' Union

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—There appeared in last evening's Examiner an article purporting to be a statement of our grievances with Messrs. Hall, Gilchrist & Co., and an "explanation" of the same, said to have been given a reporter by a member of the firm. While the Union has no personal antagonism towards the members of the firm we take occasion to say that the alleged explanation is neither a fair, nor yet a correct statement of the causes of the difficulty.

1. It is said that "a slight change was made at the first of the year and that no protest was made by the employees until the new store was entered." The facts are that there has been trouble over this matter for as much as a year, two committees having waited on the firm in regard to the matter, and there representations were successful in inducing them to continue the employment of a machinist. But as to any change being made at the first of the year, we have to say that no such thing was done so far as the Union was aware, and the men were therefore not in a position to make any protest. At the Christmas holidays the machinist took the usual vacation and was told that she would be sent for when they wanted her. Week after week passed away, and yet she was not sent for, nor were she or the tailors told that it was not intended that she was to come back until now when the busy season has set in. Now she and the tailors are told that the latter will have to do their own machining, which means a loss to them of fifty cents a coat. It will therefore be seen how disingenuous is the statement that we "made no protest." How could we when we knew nothing of the alleged charge?

2. The firm also states that "large Toronto firms do not furnish machinists, and other local firms have also dispensed with them." This is another unfair and incorrect statement, and we are forced to the conclusion that the firm has been misinformed as to the facts, and that they have acted from an altogether mistaken understanding of the position of affairs. The truth is that all union shops in Peterborough employ machinists. As to Toronto, an enquiry will satisfy the firm and all disinterested citizens that the conditions in Toronto are altogether different from those prevailing in Peterborough. In Toronto the men are paid about 50 per cent higher prices than we and this difference is based upon the fact that in Toronto the men are required to do their work by hand or hire any machining that may have to be done. They are therefore paid for the extra work which we have not had to do, and it is only fair that it should be so. But to ask us to take the smaller amount and do the same work as the Toronto men is altogether unreasonable, and should not be asked by a firm of the standing and reputation of Hall, Gilchrist & Co.

The public will from the above statement understand more thoroughly our position in the matter and will be able to appreciate the unfairness of the demand which has been made upon us.

Signed on behalf of the journeymen,
TAILOR'S UNION, No. 47.

An Honest Profession. When Convinced of Merit, Speaks:

Every dentist, without exception, who has thoroughly investigated "Pheno-Banum" ("Quickcure") endorses it, and prescribes its use in emergencies for all toothaches. Read Quickcure Book, sent free.

A Return to Paganism and the Dark Ages.

To the Editor of the Review

SIR,—During the 14th century Germany was celebrated for its carnival plays in which religious subjects were treated with unbounded license. In France the same thing was carried on in the name of religion. The persons of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, angels and apostles were dramatized. In In 1547 these plays or entertainments were suppressed in France. In England in the same century the friars encouraged this semi-sacred opera, dramatizing the fall of Lucifer, the Bible story of Abraham, Melchisedek, Lot, etc., as a means of stigmatizing the labors of Wycliff, branding his Bible as false and anathematizing spiritual inquiry as heresy. At some of these plays satan was caricatured and his satanic majesty belabored and degraded. The year of our Lord 1897 witnesses a rapid return to the dark ages in our good town of Peterborough. An advertisement reads as follows :—"Thursday, 1st April, at 8 p.m., the devil to burn, analysed, dissected and destroyed. An effigy of his satanic majesty will be placed in a coffin. The funeral procession will leave the barracks at 7 30 p. m. and march up Aylmer to McDonnel-st, down George to barracks, where the arch fiend will be tried, found guilty and annihilated." Surely this is paganism with a vengeance. On April 8th a semi-serious opera is to be played at the same place of worship (?) when the Marriage Supper of the Lamb is to be dramatized into a theatrical play exhibited in sixteen acts. "This is taken from the 14th chapter of St Luke's Gospel, and will be a very attractive service. Those who take part will be dressed in special costume." I quote from their "ad." On April 6th there is advertised to be held in one of our city churches a very attractive cantata (or musical drama) at which the whole book of Ruth is to be represented on the stage, Ruth, Boaz, Naomi and Orpah all being personated. Tickets 25c. If some societies are bound on turning their churches and places of worship into play houses, in the name of all that is sacred and holy, for the sake of holy Christianity, let them keep their hands off the sacred oracles of God. If they will have their sensational plays, their humorous and dramatic entertainments, their jolly jokers, their theatrical performances, etc., in order to raise money and entertain and keep the dear young people from losing their religion, let them take their plays and productions from other writings than those of holy men of old, who wrote as they were moved and inspired by the Holy Ghost. On the fly leaf of all our Bibles we read that the Scriptures were "appointed to be read in churches," not to be presented to the people in the shape of dramatic performances at so many cents a ticket. I hesitate not to brand this whole business as sacrilege of the first degree. I am persuaded I am voicing the sentiments of a great percentage of the right thinking people of this community. I would say in conclusion there is a pressing necessity that all who believe this to be wrong to cry it down. "Judgment should begin at the house of God." "Begin at My sanctuary," is God's order.

Yours, &c.,
JOHN CARLISLE.

YOU ARE ALL INVITED TO.....

Our Opening Display

—OF—

Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Dress Goods and Silks, Jackets, Capes and Blouse Waists, Carpets and House Furnishings, Cotton Dress Goods and Gloves,

—ON—

Tuesday and Wednesday, MARCH 30th and 31st.

Special Gas Light Display on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, from 7.30 to 9.30. p.m.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY :

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard.
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON,
340 George Street.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

DIED

SHAW—At Port Hope, on the 31st March, 1897, Susan Charlotte Fortune, widow of the late Robert William Shaw, Esq., of Peterborough, aged 76 years.

Funeral on Saturday from Grand Trunk station on arrival of 5.12 train from Port Hope.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Forgotten Turkish Proverbs.

Sit down crooked if you like, but talk straight.

If you come empty-handed they will tell you: "The effendi is asleep." If you come with a present they will say: "Effendi, pray step in."

It is not by saying "Honey, honey," the sweetness comes into the mouth.

The dogs bark, but the caravan passes.

If all our wishes could be gratified, every beggar would be a pasha.

Measure yourself by your own yardstick.

Waiting on a young prince and grooming a spirited horse are two very difficult things.

One hour of justice (righteousness) is worth more than seventy years of prayers.

A poor man without patience is like a lamp without oil.

A secret shared by more than two becomes common property.

A king without justice is a river without wine.—Il Calino.

A Cat Farm.

A company has just been organized at Lacon, Ill., for the breeding of black and maltese cats. A farm of 160 acres will be purchased and in one year's time it is expected that the number of cats thereon will reach 10,000, increasing to 100,000 in another twelve months. The skins of such cats sell for about fifteen cents apiece, and in raising them in large numbers there is money in the business.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

MASSEY-HARRIS

BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

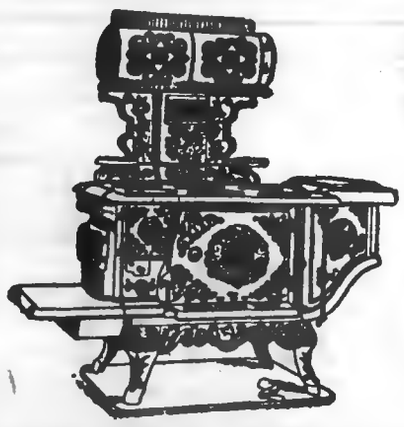
Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 426 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In THE REVIEW.

This Is Kellow,

the Australian rider, who won $2500 in two weeks on a Brantford Red Bird, his success as a rider dating from the day he adopted the staunch and speedy Canadian wheel for his mount. The same easy running qualities that helped Canadian Red Bird Riders win four out of five of the Class B Championships of 1895 and four out of five of the Canadian professional championships of 1896, assisted Kellow in scoring a marvelously brilliant succession of wins on the Australian race tracks.

Write to-day for our handsome '97 Catalogue; a post card brings it.

—THE—

GOOLD BICYCLE CO.,

—LTD.—

Brantford, Ont.

Branches Toronto, Montreal, St. John, N.B.; Winnipeg, Sydney, Australia; Capetown, South Africa.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Bill Introduced to Tax Departmental Stores.

Also a Government Measure to Encourage the Manufacture of Steel and Iron in the Province—Court of Appeal Bill Passed—Technical School for Adults—Bonuses and the National Policy Discussed—The Question of Gratuities and Applicants for Office.

Toronto, April 1.

The Legislature yesterday transacted an unusually large amount of business. A considerable number of public as well as private bills were advanced a stage. A number of important bills were also introduced. Hon. J. M. Gibson brought down his amendments to the mining laws yesterday. The introduction of the bill was merely a formal affair, and it will be passed upon in council to-day before its contents are made public. Hon. G. W. Ross' bill to set aside Crown lands for the use of Toronto University will be up to-day.

Mr Middleton—Respecting departmental stores. The bill provides that the council of any city having a population of 20,000 or over may pass bylaws for imposing a special tax upon stores carrying on more than three distinct kinds of business. The tax is to be in respect of each additional class of business, and in fixing the tax the same is to be regulated by bylaw, so as to provide for a uniform tax in respect of each additional class of business, or the same may be graded in such manner as may be proper. The bylaw requires a two-thirds vote of the members of the council and the Act is not to take effect until January 1, 1898.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—To encourage the manufacture of steel and iron in the province. The bill provides that where the Legislature has heretofore authorized or may hereafter authorize the payment of money to any railway company by way of a subsidy there may be delivered to the company at the discretion of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council as an equivalent for and in lieu of the bonus, wholly where so provided by the terms of the subsidy, or agreed to by the company, and in either case in part not exceeding 50 per cent. of such subsidy railway steel or iron manufactured in the province from ore of which at least two-thirds has been obtained from the mines of the province and the provincial scrip or certificates in payment of the steel or iron so delivered may be issued to the manufacturer by whom the same has been so delivered in lieu of the railway company. Tenders for supplies of steel and iron rails may be called for by the Government, and where the tenders are unsatisfactory or where there is but one tender and the price at which the steel or iron is to be delivered to the railway company is a matter of difference between the railway company and the manufacturer, the Lieutenant-Governor shall determine the same. Unless and until properly fixed and applied as part of the permanent way, such steel and iron shall remain the property of the province, and if not so applied within the period limited by the order-in-Council the province may at any time after the expiration of such period resume possession of such steel or iron and may make other disposition of the same.

Dr. Willoughby moved for a return showing a detailed statement of the surplus existing at the time the Sandfield Macdonald Government went out of power; a statement of receipts and expenditures from 1867 to the end of the last fiscal year; a statement of receipts from the sale of and bounties from Crown lands and timber limits from 1867 to the end of the fiscal year; a statement of receipts from mineral lands and bounties thereon from 1867 to the end of the last fiscal year; a detailed statement of surplus at the close of the last fiscal year, together with details of all assets and liabilities and all outstanding accounts at the close of the last fiscal year.

Mr. Harcourt suggested that the return be compiled to contain as well the expenditures for the various provincial departments during the Macdonald regime and also in the years since that time. He consented to have the return brought down in that shape.

On motion of Mr. German a return will be brought down showing the total amount of money at present deposited in the High Court of Justice for Ontario. The style of cause of each action or proceeding in which such money has been so paid in, together with the amount standing to the credit of each such action or proceeding. The names of all persons entitled to share in such money and the amounts to which each such person is entitled.

In moving for a return of copies of all correspondence between the Chief Game Warden and Alexander Dixon touching the conduct of Deputy Game Warden Smith, Dr. Ryerson stated that there had been allegation that Mr. Smith had approached Mr. Dixon with the purpose of being bribed to preserve silence. Mr. Dixon had been charged with having furs out of season.

Hon. Mr. Gibson stated that there was no truth in the allegation that Mr. Smith had approached Mr. Dixon with the purpose of being bought off. The correspondence would be brought down.

Mr. Haggerty moved for a return showing how many acres of land are contained in the farm proper at the Ontario Agricultural College, and how many horses, cattle, sheep and pigs were kept on the farm in the year 1896; showing as well, if the farm produced sufficient food or fodder to maintain the stock for the whole year; and showing how much it cost, over and above what was raised on the farm, to maintain the stock for the year.

This return will also be brought down.

In reply to Mr. Whitney, the Attorney-General stated that no appointment had yet been made to the office of Registrar of Deeds for the county of Ontario. He could not give the names of the applicants, but the Government had made as yet no selection.

Mr. Whitney moved for a return giving the names of all applicants for the position of Registrar of Deeds for the county of Ontario, together with copies of all applications received by the Government for such position. The Opposition leader hoped the Attorney-General would override any technical objections and bring down the return.

The Attorney-General thought Mr. Whitney was going too far, when he tried to get after those who were after office as well as those who were in office. The order was intended to throw light on the case of Dryden v. Smith. He would satisfy Mr. Whitney that the information would throw no light upon that case. To bring down the order would be to depart from his predecessor's precedents.

Mr. Whitney appealed to the Attorney-General and to Hon. John Dryden to waive all technical objections and establish a new precedent.

The Attorney-General could not grant the order because the information wanted was of a purely confidential nature.

The order was accordingly withdrawn.

Mr. Meacham moved for return showing: (1) Amounts paid for gratuities since January 1, 1880; (2) name of person to whom, or on whose account, such gratuities were granted; (3) position held by such persons; (4) number of years' service, and (5) salary received.

Upon suggestion of Mr. Harcourt he added another clause, as follows: (6) Special circumstances or reasons in each case.

The subject of gratuities, said Hon. Mr. Gibson, had been for some time considered by the Government, but he could as yet announce no definite matured policy.

Mr. Marter wanted to know if employes of the Government had any rights to gratuities, and if so, what were these rights?

Hon. Mr. Hardy explained that the matter was regulated to a certain degree according to the circumstances of the Government employe.

Mr. Marter considered it unwise to leave the matter to the discretion of the Government. He mentioned the case of Mr. N. Gaughan, who was discharged, and though a young and healthy man, had received a gratuity of $125. The discharge of the Central Prison Guard Hartley with a retiring allowance of $850 was worth explanation.

Hon. Mr. Gibson replied that Gaughan had been discharged with one or two others because of an effort to reduce the staff, not because he was incapable. Harfley, the other guard, had been tired of his service after being in it about 20 years, and had been granted a retiring allowance of $850 in recognition of his services.

Mr. German's private bill allowing the town of Thorold to grant a bonus to a manufacturing concern was opposed by Mr. Howland, who claimed that it would be doing injustice to a minority, and establishing a dangerous precedent.

Mr. German defended his bill on the ground that it was intended to prevent the exodus of Canadian workers and their families to the States from Thorold.

Mr. Gibson of Huron also opposed the bill.

Mr. Whitney charged that the motive in the agitation for the bill prohibiting the granting of bonuses consisted of a desire to render unpopular the National Policy of the Conservative Government at Ottawa. This remark was greeted with Ministerial "Oh! Oh's," but Mr. Whitney refused to withdraw it.

The Attorney-General felt called upon to answer this charge. He denied that the agitation had had any such motives. The late Hon. Mr. Balfour had introduced his bill in order to prevent large and wealthy municipalities from robbing smaller ones of manufacturing concerns by offering them financial inducements which the smaller municipality could not afford to offer.

Messrs. Garrow and Pattullo concluded the discussion and the second reading was carried.

A bill with a similar purpose, introduced by Mr. Moore and concerning the town of New Hamburg, caused a renewal of the same arguments on the part of Messrs. Howland, Garrow, Gibson (Huron), McLean and others, and the second reading passed.

Mr. Little's desire to fathom the methods alleged to be used by the Government will be gratified. His motion for a return showing the expenditure on colonization roads, bridges and other roads in the province, for the last five years, showing in each case the electoral district or districts in which each of said colonization roads, bridges and other roads was situated, was carrried.

The following private bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Village of Kemptville—Mr. Bush.

Respecting the Village of Drayton—Mr. Tucker.

To amend the Act incorporating the South Essex Electric Railway Company—Mr. Auld.

Respecting the Fort Erie Ferry Railway Company—Mr. German.

Respecting the City of Toronto—Mr. Marter.

Respecting the Metropolitan Street Railway Company—Mr. Richardson.

To incorporate the Lanark County Electric Railway Company—Mr. Preston.

Respecting the marriage settlement of Robert George Dickson and Mary Catharine Dickson—Mr. St. John.

Respecting the Village of Preston—Mr. Moore.

Mr. German's bill respecting cemetery companies also passed the second reading.

Mr. McDonald, the Patron member for Centre Bruce, made a somewhat lengthy but forcible speech in favor of his motion for the second reading of his bill to permit the garnishee of wages for debt of Government employes.

It was 6 o'clock, and as the Attorney-General intended to be absent during the evening, he moved the adjournment of the debate.

The consideration of various bills was the work of the evening session.

Mr. Carnegie's bill to amend the Municipal Act defined a deviation road on a boundary line. Mr. Stratton characterized it as a scheme to have a bridge at Kinmount in the county of Victoria transferred to the county of Peterborough. The latter county did not want the obligation thrown upon them, and Mr. Stratton accordingly moved the six months' hoist. Mr. Blezard also opposed the bill on the ground that it would necessitate the expense of having deputations coming down to oppose it in committee. Messrs. Matheson and McKay of West Victoria supported the bill, but it was lost on division.

Hon. J. M. Gibson's bill to consolidate the Acts respecting insurance was read a second time. The mover explained that it would consolidate the various laws relating to insurance. It would provide for burglary and bicycle insurance and for an extension of the benefits to grandchildren. Perhaps the most important clause was that which placed American companies doing business in Canada under Canadian law as regards the money in which benefits are to be paid. This provision would prevent the payment of policies in silver.

Hon. Mr. Gibson's bills to amend the Mechanics' and Wage-earners' Act and respecting land surveyors were also read a second time.

After the Provincial Secretary's bill to amend the General Road Companies' Act had been likewise dealt with, the House went into committee on the Attorney-General's bill respecting the Court of Appeal of Ontario. The bill passed.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting technical schools, Hon. Mr. Ross informed the House that it was intended to establish technical schools for adults, as well as to provide for the alteration of a High School building into a technical school if the municipality so desired. Col. Matheson objected that the change involved in the last mentioned clause should be left to a vote of the ratepayers. The bill passed.

A number of other bills were considered and the Speaker left the chair at a quarter to 11.

WITH THE PARAGRAPHERS.

Stuck on the girls.—Philadelphia Press.

"I hope Mr. Shyman managed to crack the ice in his conversation with you just now?"

"No; it was all slush."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"You refuse to marry me," he said bitterly, "because I am poor."

"Well, yes," she replied; "it would pain me too much to have people hurt your feelings by saying that you married me for my money."—Philadelphia North American.

Teacher—It is told of Demosthenes that in order to improve his enunciation he would go down to the shore and talk with his mouth filled with pebbles. Who was Demosthenes?

Willie Tell—Please, ma'am, he was the inventor of the gag. "These are not the only pebbles on the beach."—Plain Dealer.

"She is always giving you a piece of her mind in the rudest way."

"You can't wonder. She has no education except of the most fragmentary sort."—Detroit Journal.

Yeast—Do you believe there is such a thing as a hypnotist?

Crimsonbeak—What's that?

Yeast—A person who can make you do something which you don't want to do.

Crimsonbeak—Oh, yes; my wife's one. She makes me bring up the coal every night.—Yonkers Statesman.

The acme of politeness was reached by a mining superintendent who posted a placard reading: "Please do not tumble down the shaft."—Melbourne Times.

Critic—Where did you get the idea for that poster picture?

Painter—Out of my head.

Critic—You must be glad it's out.—Tid-Bits.

CATARRH CONQUERED.

IT IS A BLOOD DISEASE.

PROOF POSITIVE THAT RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE THOROUGHLY ERADICATES THIS WIDE-SPREAD DISEASE.

Of all the diseases that have been exploited by charlatans and quacks Catarrh is one that has received more than its share of attention.

Snuffs, sprays, douches, inhalations, etc., have all had their day, and after their use the Catarrh has remained as bad as before, so that now many sufferers have become convinced that they are possessed of an incurable affection that must remain with them to their dying day, sapping their strength and rendering them miserable and disgusting to their friends.

Let's tell you that Ryckman's Kootenay Cure gets at Catarrh through the blood. It destroys the germ that is the immediate cause of the trouble and sends rich pure blood to the part, so that all offensive discharges cease and a rapid cure is effected.

Here's a case in point, Mr. W. G. Cox, who conducts a flour and feed store at 374 King Street West, Hamilton, was troubled with Catarrh for ten years, tried nearly all the catarrh remedies advertised without success till he began taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. He says the results have exceeded his most sanguine expectations.

Mrs. Margaret Sovereign, living at 376 King Street, in the same city, under oath makes a declaration to the effect that her daughter Lulu, aged 14, was troubled with Catarrh for two years and had poor health. The doctor said she had inflammation of the lungs and Catarrh. She became so run down that until she commenced taking Kootenay her mother was alarmed about her. After she had taken a bottle and a half of this wonderful remedy and the "new ingredient" had a chance to get in its work, the Catarrh disappeared, her cheeks became rosy and she gained eleven pounds. These cases ought to be enough to convince the most sceptical, but if you are desirous of more proof, send to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton Ont., and sworn statements of cures will be sent you free.

One bottle lasts over a month.

WE BELIEVE
there is no better soap made than our
Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason.
THE PROOF—
Its immense sales.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.
THURSDAY APRIL 1, 1897

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. H. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkman, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford.

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Wards, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use and tested every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

OAK HALL.

DIFFERENT IN OFFICE.

Continued from page 5.

school question settled. We sympathize as far as we can with the people of Quebec in their efforts to maintain their civil rights, but if they wish to vindicate them we feel they ought to vindicate them in this chamber and not by a roundabout mission to Rome. [Applause.]

Mr. Macpherson, in a maiden speech, dealt with a number of topics referred to in the speech from the throne. He believed the Government would carefully work out the details of the tariff bill, and that it would be acceptable to the country. On the subject of prohibition, he expressed himself as entirely opposed to it, and hinted that a plebiscite would not show a majority in favor of prohibition. He believed in the view put forward by Lord Salisbury, who took the ground that tea dealers should pay their share of taxation, that in the same way liquor dealers should pay their fair share of taxation.

Clarke Wallace lost no time in tackling the school settlement, to several clauses of which, he said, he would have objected had it come up in Parliament, but he recognized the sovereignty of the Legislature of Manitoba in the matter. He protested against the appeal of the Canadian public men to Rome to settle this question. First Abbe Proulx, then Chevalier Drolet, then Mr. Charles Russell and lastly Mr. Fitzpatrick had gone to Rome to appeal to the Pope in a matter which should never be adjudicated upon but by a British subject. It was not a domestic religious matter the Papal ablegate was coming out to settle, because in an interview the ablegate found fault because, forsooth, the Legislature of Manitoba had not deferred its school legislation until his arrival. What right had these Liberal members and Senators to appeal to Rome as representatives of the Canadian people? What right had Mr. Tarte, as a member of the Government, to sign it?

Mr. Somerville: He did not. Read his speech again.

Mr. Wallace: "I will read it again for the honorable gentleman's benefit," and he read from Mr. Tarte's speech as follows: "I say that, as a member of the Government, I signed it (the petition) and I am proud to say so."

Continuing, Mr. Wallace said that, from the remarks of the Papal Ablegate, he was going to lay pipes to have the matter re-opened and amendments made to the bill next session of the Legislature. The Solicitor-General breathed the same sentiment when he said that the minority had not got all they were entitled to, or all they should agitate for. Mr. Wallace added that the people of Quebec who had refused to submit to the hierarchy would not be coerced by this delegate from the Pope of Rome. Referring to the suppression of L'Electeur by the bishops, Mr. Wallace declared that such interference with the liberty of the subject should not be tolerated in a free country, and if there was no law to punish the Government should lose no time in having such a law passed.

Mr. Casey accused Mr. Wallace of having thrown off his mantle of independence and come out in his true Tory colors. He defended the appeal to Rome as being the only means of settling a difference between the clergy and laity of the Roman Catholic Church.

Then John Ross Robertson took up the parable and made the fur fly for a few minutes. He expressed the opinion that the school question was dead and buried. The sooner the Conservative party recognized this the better it would be for them. He extended his congratulations to Mr. Tarte for his frank and fearless utterances. With reference to the appeal to Rome, as long as Catholics settled their civil troubles in Parliament he did not care where they settled their spiritual difficulties. It was time the hell and damnation arguments on behalf of certain Conservatives in Quebec were stopped. If the Pope had been a party to the school settlement, he (Mr. Robertson) would have opposed it, but, on the other hand, this Parliament had no right to interfere with any member or with a member of the Government in his spiritual affairs. In his judgment the settlement went too far and gave the Roman Catholics too much. For instance, it was not right to exclude Protestant teachers from certain schools. Again, he thought it a mistake to provide for the teaching of any language other than English. The people of Quebec were deceived if they thought Conservatives of Ontario sympathized with the attempt to keep this question open. It is time, John Ross said, Conservatives dropped the minority of Manitoba out of their affections. Sympathy with minorities was a weakening disease. The skeletonized condition of the Conservative party showed this. The school question was now buried, and not buried on the instalment plan either. The Conservative party could not afford to be kept wandering about the graveyard any longer. [Cheers.]

Mr. Talbot devoted considerable time to the discussion of the attitude of the bishops. He said the only pledge he had given was to favor legislation on the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council.

Mr. Clancy, in a spirited address, criticized the policy of the Liberal party on the school question. He said if the Conservatives had effected a settlement Mr. Laurier would have been the first man to carry the torch of discord through the country. Without doubt Mr. Laurier had signed the petition to Rome in his capacity as Prime Minister simply to get himself out of a hole. The Liberals were now asking for peace. Well, if there was to be peace, and he would welcome it, let it be peace in fact and not in name. [Applause.]

Mr. Maxwell moved the adjournment of the debate. The House adjourned at 11.25 p.m.

CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS.

The Franchise Bill Will Be Looked Into—School Question Will Not Be Brought Up in the House.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—A caucus of the Conservative party was held in the Railway Committee room this morning. Mr. Bennett presided, and there was a large attendance. Many speeches were made with regard to the work of the session, and it was held to be inimical to the interests of the country to allow the franchise bill to go until such time as the tariff is introduced. A committee was appointed to look into the franchise bill.

There was some discussion on the question of party organization.

It is understood the school question will not be raised by any member of the Opposition side in the form of a direct motion.

Clarke Wallace, John Ross Robertson and W. J. Poupore did not attend the caucus.

Berks to Leave for Fredericton.

Halifax, N.S., March 31.—A detachment of the Royal Berkshire Regiment, consisting of three officers and sixty-seven men, will leave Halifax for Fredericton to-morrow morning. The Dominion Atlantic Railway will transport them as far as Digby and the Canadian Pacific Railway will take them the remainder of the journey. The company of the Fredericton regular militia which are exchanging with the Berks will come to Halifax over the Intercolonial, arriving at Halifax to-morrow afternoon. They will be located in the quarters of the regular troops in this city. The transportation of the Berks is provided for by the Imperial authorities through Gen. Montgomery Moore, while the militia regulars are transported by the Canadian Government through General Gascoigne.

Rushing Whisky Out of Bond.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—There is a great rush on the part of liquor-dealers to close their goods out of bond, anticipatory of the new tariff. Mr. Harry Corby, M.P., is being deluged with orders, and since last Friday has paid duty to the amount of $100,000. Only legitimate orders of the trade for duty paid spirits are being filled.

TIMING THE EGGS.

How It Was Done to Perfection Without a Timepiece or Glass.

It is a common saying that every cook, if she is a cook, has a method of her own. Whether this rule could apply to so simple a matter as boiling an egg might have seemed doubtful, but a story related by The Baltimore Herald shows the doubt ill-founded. The story in question has to do with Bishop Paret of Maryland, who, of course, has often to go about the country, and to be entertained by hospitable families.

On a trip into West Virginia, not very long ago, he put up at a house, the lady of which is a devoted member of the church, one of those dainty women who go cheerfully about their housework singing hymns.

Anxious to please her distinguished guest, she had inquired as to the bishop's favorite dishes, and had been told that he was fond of eggs for breakfast, preferring them hard-boiled.

The next morning, therefore, she rose early and went down to the kitchen to supervise the cooking of this portion of the breakfast. The bishop also rose early, and coming downstairs, took a seat in the dining room, talking to his entertainer as she hurried to and from the kitchen.

Finally she went into the kitchen with two eggs, and a moment later began to sing that good old hymn "Rock of Ages." Finishing the first stanza she paused for a moment and then started on the second, the bishop joining in the singing.

When the stanza was finished there was silence, and the bishop remarked: "Why not sing the third verse?"

"The third verse?" replied the lady, as she came into the dining-room bringing the steaming eggs. "Oh, that's not necessary!"

"I don't understand," replied Bishop Paret.

"Why, you, see," she said, "when I am cooking eggs, I always sing one verse for soft-boiled and two for hard-boiled."

"Oh! I see," said the bishop, as he broke the shell of one of the eggs to find that the new method of timing had worked admirably.

A Remarkable Boy.

The French Academy of Sciences, in 1729, examined the case of a French lad, only 7 years old, who, in all respects, save that of intelligence, was the equal of a man of 20. His remarkable physical development began when he was 2 years old; at 4 he could do the farm work of a boy of 15 or 16, and at 7 he was a fully grown man. Although his physique was thus remarkably developed, his intelligence was no greater than that of children of the same age. He died before he was 20. As is usual in such cases of premature development, his strength faded away and he became prematurely old before other men would attain maturity.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Business very dull, with prices heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade limited, with offerings small, ton lots quoted at $9 to $10, west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues dull, with the feeling unsettled. Offerings are moderate, while millers are holding off. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, west, and white sold at 74c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices easier at 26c to 27c, west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is less active, and prices steady. Sales of white at 19c, west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with sales at 38c, west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 31.—Spring wheat, 6s 3½d to 6s 5½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 2d to 6s 3½d; corn, 3s 6½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 0d; do., short cut, 32s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather easier and partly 1d lower. English country markets dull. Maize on passage steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 11⅝d for May and July, and 5s 10d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 6⅝d for March and April, 2s 8d for May and 2s 10d for July. Flour 21s 0d.

Paris—Wheat 21f 85c for April. Flour 45f 30c for March and April.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat weak at 21f 75c for April. Flour 45f 10c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures lower at 5s 11½d for May and July, and 5s 10½d for September. Maize quiet at 2s 6⅝d for April, 2s 8½d for May, 2s 10d for July and 2s 11½d for September. Flour 21s 0d.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 1, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 68	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 30	to	0 34
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 19	to	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deacons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	5 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 20	to	0 22
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 04	to	0 03

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Invalids Raised from Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered. Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c.

Markdale—Geo. Cowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveller, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Lucan—Wm. Branton, gardener, pin worms; all gone. Chase's Pills.

L'Amable—Peter Von Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gower Point—Robson Bartard, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching piles; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with rheumatism and suffering from diabetes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills. 25c.

Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject of perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

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NEW YORK.

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,568,698	$541,028
North American	2,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,900,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	727,028
Federal Life	2,005,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,632
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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Manager Central Ontario

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DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. B. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
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RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivi Co'y, 308 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1ydkw

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897

WAKENED FROM HIS SLEEP.

Prof. Ferris' Long Sleep Subject in London Was Awakened on Monday.

Prof. Ferris succeeded in arousing his "long sleeper" on Monday night in London, after having failed in his first attempt on Saturday night. A London despach of March 30th says:—"James May, of Orillia, after being in a hypnotic slumber for 168 hours, was aroused soon after 10 o'clock last night. Dr. Hodgson, of the Collegiate Institute, was present when Prof. Ferris undertook to awaken the sleeper. He was placed between two chairs, his body being made rigid enough to bear the weight of the professor. This done he was placed on his feet and the muscles of his face relaxed, and a lady's hat pin thrust through the cheeks, protruding at each side. The subject evinced no sense of pain, and no blood issued from the perforated cheeks. A process of rubbing followed to arouse the slumberer. May showed signs of consciousness and yawned. "What do you want—getting a fellow up out of bed at this time in the morning?" and then resumed the sleep. The rubbing and slapping was continued. May was surrounded by a company of ten men, who clutched him by the arms and legs, and when the sleep was broken a cortortion of the muscles caused a struggle that taxed the combined strength of the ten men. The sleeper dozed off again, but was placed on the chair. A little rubbing of the head and a slap of the professor's hands opened the subject's eyes. They became riveted on the optics of the professor as the latter said emphatically, "You can't go to sleep again if you try. If you do the soles of your feet will burn and every tooth in your head will ache." One minute after this May shook hands with the professor amid applause from the audience. He changed his costume somewhat, and a table was pushed on to the stage bearing his first meal. It contained a plate of oysters, an egg, beefsteak and potatoes. He ate the oysters and egg and drank a cup of coffee. A series of questions were put to him by the professor regarding how he felt and what day he thought it was. May replied, "Saturday night, about 11.20," and said he felt better than when he went to sleep and better than if he had had only one night's sleep. He stated positively he had experienced no sense of pain.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

PRESBYTERIAN HOME MISSIONS.

Several Grants Made to the Peterborough Presbytery.

Rev. Dr. Torrance was in Toronto on Tuesday attending a meeting of the Home Mission committee of the Presbyterian church.

The convener, Rev. Dr. Cochrane, before the business was entered upon, addressed the committee with reference to the present condition and prospects of the fund. At present the receipts were some $9,000 short of the estimated expenditure for the year, and with but little prospect that such an amount would be forthcoming. It was absolutely necessary, therefore, that the committee should exercise the greatest care in paying anything in the way of special claims that might be asked above the grants promised for the last half-year. So far as he could see, instead of opening up new stations (and in British Columbia these were almost a necessity in the new mining districts) the committee would need to retrench. This was greatly to be deprecated. Many of the largest congregations in the church were giving less than formerly to home missions, and the amounts were exceedingly small compared with their contributions for other objects, certainly not more deserving. This the committee could not remedy, as congregations must be the judges as to the objects for which they contribute. But if the revenue from the church in Canada decreased the committee must act accordingly. He hoped that it would not go to the Assembly with a balance on the wrong side or be forced to reduce the exceedingly small and inadequate salaries paid to the missionaries. Dr Cochrane also referred to Dr. Robertson's mission to the British churches, the result of which was not yet known. He hoped that the valuable assistance given in past years by the Presbyterian churches in Britain would be continued, but unless the churches in Canada gave more liberally, even with this help, home mission work could not be prosecuted as it ought.

The following claims were ordered to be paid for mission work during the winter months:—Presbyteries—Quebec $902, Montreal $1,217.65, Ottawa $1,153, Brockville $40, Lanark and Renfrew $1,090.50, Kingston $1,354, Peterborough $141, Lindsay $261.46, Toronto $143, Barrie $1,769.61, Owen Sound $448, Guelph $52, Algoma $2,627.54, Paris $104, London $45.50, Chatham, $243, Sarnia $26, Bruce $25, Superior $394, Winnipeg $1,282, Rock Lake $471.50, Glenboro $234, Portage la Prairie, $712, Brandon $234, Minnedosa $1,550, Meditta $947, Regina $2,799, Calgary $1,461.50, Edmonton $2,084, Kamloops, $2,454.40, Westminster, $998.95, Victoria $622.45.

Grants were made to the following Presbyteries per Sabbath for mission work next year:—Ottawa $46.25, Brockville $20, Quebec $36, Peterborough $10, Toronto $10, Owen Sound $18.50, Saugeen $4, Algoma $100, Paris $2, London $2.50, Bruce $1, Montreal $46.50, Lanark and Renfrew $39, Kingston $76.60, Lindsay $12.77, Barrie $82.34, Guelph $4, Hamilton $1, Chatham $11.35, Sarnia $2.

In view of the fact that the amount asked by several of the larger missions Presbyteries were considerably in advance of last year's grants, and the almost certainty that the committee could not meet such demands, a committee consisting of Drs. Hamilton, McAuil, Torrance, Mr. Meodie, Mr. Findlay and Mr. Reanie was appointed to revise the amounts with a view to a reduction if at all possible and consistent with the efficiency of the work.

A committee was appointed consisting of Rev. Drs. Warden, McMullen and Somerville and Messrs. Gordon, Farquharson and McLaren to report on the amounts that should be placed at the disposal of the Synods of the Northwest and British Columbia for the year 1897-8. At a latter stage they reported, recommending that a sum not exceeding $16,500 be allowed to the Synod of Manitoba and the Northwest and $16,000 to the Synod of British Columbia.

A communication was received from the Presbytery of Lanark and Renfrew to the effect that that Presbytery contemplated asking the General Assembly to organize a new Presbytery embracing the northern portions of the Presbyteries of Lanark and Renfrew, Barrie and Algoma. After some discussion the committee adopted a motion expressing general disapproval of the proposal.

It was agreed to continue the publication (periodically) in the Record of information regarding home mission work, said information to be issued afterwards in leaflet form under the supervision of Rev. A. Henderson and the convener. After transacting other business the committee adjourned at 10 p. m. to meet again next morning when the missionaries and students were appointed for the ensuing summer months.

The Commandant of Bisley Team in 1894.

Dr. E. B. Ibbotson, Major Royal Scots, Montreal, writes: "'Quickcure' is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, who should keep it in the house for emergencies such as toothache, burns, cuts, etc.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

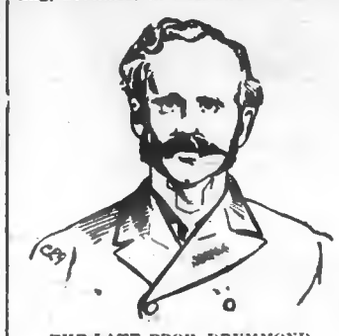
It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

PROF. H. DRUMMOND.

DEATH CLAIMS THE CELEBRATED THINKER AND WRITER.

The Author of "Natural Law in the Spiritual World"—Most Notable Books From His Pen — His Last Trip to Canada Recalled.

Prof. Henry Drummond, author of "Natural Law in the Spiritual World," died at the early age of 46 at Tunbridge Wells, England, on March 11, 1897. When he was in Canada a few years ago he was a guest at Rideau Hall, and also visited Montreal and Quebec, marked attention being paid him in this country and in the United States on the occasion of that visit. The deceased was born at Stirling, Scotland, in 1851, and educated at



THE LATE PROF. DRUMMOND.

the universities of Edinburgh and Tabigen in Germany. He subsequently passed through the Free Church Divinity Hall, and after his ordination was appointed to a mission station at Malta. On his return to Scotland he was appointed a lecturer in science at the Free Church College, Glasgow, 1877, and professor in 1884. He also took charge of a workingmen's mission in that city. Subsequently he traveled with Professor Geikie in the Rocky Mountains and South Africa. He was the author of "Natural Law in the Spiritual World," (1883), a work of original thought, which elicited much criticism and ran through about thirty editions, being translated into French, German, Dutch and Norwegian. He also wrote some interesting accounts of his travels, one of the most notable of which is "Tropical Africa." In 1890 he traveled in Australia. Other works from his pen are "The Greatest Thing in the World—Love;" a sermon based on the text "The Greatest of These is Charity;" and "Pax Vobiscum"—(Peace be with you.) In 1894 he published "The Ascent of Man," a work which insists on the existence of certain altruistic factors in the process of natural selection.

DR. THOMAS ARNOLD.

A Bust of Rugby's Famous Head Master Unveiled.

A bust of the famous Dr. Thomas Arnold, former head master of Rugby School, has just been unveiled in that

BUST OF RUGBY'S FAMOUS HEAD MASTER.

noted institution. The occasion of the unveiling was an important one for the students of the ancient school. The ceremonies were conducted by the Archbishop of Canterbury. A large number of distinguished persons who had been scholars at Rugby were present and the archbishop made a very graceful address. He reminded his hearers of the lasting benefits conferred on English education and on his country by Dr. Arnold. It was Arnold who was the first to see that real education consisted in building up character rather than storing the intellect with dry facts. In his scheme of education the development of character stood first and foremost. Dr. Temple also called attention to the influential part played in this scheme by confidence and trust between scholar and master, and said that much of the growth of the feeling in modern education is due to the efforts of the celebrated master of Rugby. Dr. Arnold was born at Cowes, in the Isle of Wight, in 1795, and died at Rugby in 1842. He was an Anglican priest, a graduate of Oxford, and one of the most learned men of his day. His personality is preserved in Thomas Hughes' book of "Tom Brown." In politics Dr. Arnold was a Liberal, and he amply fulfilled the prophecy that he would regenerate public education in England. Matthew Arnold, the poet and critic, is his son.

THE INDIAN POTLACH.

A Recognized Authority on Coast Indians on the Custom.

Dr. Frans Boas, of the New York American Museum of Natural History, and a recognized authority on Pacific Coast Indians, visits British Columbia once a year to study for the British Association for the advancement of science Indian traditions and customs. He recently wrote "The Province" as follows:

With much regret I have seen in recent newspapers that the enforcement of the provincial law forbidding potlaches has led to serious disturbances among certain Indian tribes.

It might have been expected that the attempt to enforce such a law among tribes who still adhere to the old custom would lead to disaffection and discontent. Unfortunately, the meaning of the potlach has been much misunderstood by the whites; else, I believe, the attempt would not have been made to abolish it by law without making provision for the gradual transition of the old system to a new one. Let me explain briefly what the potlach is.

The economic system of the Indians of British Columbia is largely based on credit, just as much as that of civilized communities. In all his undertakings the Indian relies on the help of his friends. He promises to pay them for this help at a later date. If the help furnished consisted in valuables—which are measured by the Indians by blankets as we measure them by money—he promises to repay the amount so loaned with interest. The Indian has no system of writing, and, therefore, in order to give security to the transaction it is performed publicly. The contracting of debts on the one hand and the paying of debts on the other is the potlach. This economic system has developed to such an extent that the capital possessed by all the individuals of the tribe combined exceeds many times the actual amount of cash that exists. That is to say the conditions are quite analogous to those prevailing in our community: If we want to call in all our outstanding debts, it is found that there is not, by any means, money enough in existence to pay them, and the result of an attempt of all the creditors to call in their loans results in disastrous panic from which it taxes the community a long time to recover.

It must be clearly understood that an Indian who invites all his friends and neighbors to a great potlach, and apparently squanders all the accumulated results of long years of labor, has two things in his mind, which we cannot but acknowledge as wise and worthy of praise. His first object is to pay his debts. This is done publicly and with much ceremony, as a matter of record. His second object is to invest the fruits of his labor so that the greatest benefit will accrue from them for his own benefit as well as for his children. The recipients of gifts at this festival receive these as loans, which they utilise in their present undertakings. But after the lapse of several years they must repay them with interest to the giver or to his heir. Thus the potlach comes to be considered by the Indian as his life insurance.

The sudden abolition of this system, which in all its intricacies is very difficult to understand, but the main points of which were set forth in the preceding remarks, destroys, therefore, all the accumulated capital of the Indians. It undoes the carefully planned life-work of the present generations, exposes them to need in their old age, and leaves the orphans unprovided. What wonder, when it is resisted with vigor by the best class of Indians, and when only the lazy ones support it because it relieves them of the duty to pay their debts.

And the cruelty of the ceremonial exists in the fancy of those who know of it only by the exaggerated descriptions of travellers. In olden times it was a war ceremony and captives were killed and even devoured. But with the encroachment of civilization the horrors of the old ceremonies have died out. I heard an old chief addressing his people thus: "How lovely is our time. No longer do we go in fear of each other. Peace is everywhere. No longer is there the strife of battle; we only try to out do each other in the potlach," meaning that each tries to invest his property in the most profitable manner, and particularly that they vie with each other in honorably repaying their debts.

The ceremony of the present day is no more and no less than a time of general amusement which is expected with much pleasure by young and old. But enough of its old sacredness remains to give the Indian during the time of its celebration an aspect of dignity which he lacks at other times. The lingering survivals of the old ceremonies will die out quickly, and the remainder in a harmless amusement that we should be slow to take away from the native who is struggling against the overpowerful influence of civilization.

Blown Up by Dynamite.

Gen. Dudley Avery is one man among a million; he has been blown up by dynamite and lives to tell the tale. How it happened and how he felt is seen from his own account of the matter as printed in The New Orleans Times-Democrat.

One of the most exciting episodes of my life took place on Avery's Island, when ten thousand pounds of dynamite exploded.

I was in the neighborhood of the building in which the dynamite was stored, and when the storm came on I took shelter under a shed which was some distance from the explosive and was used as a blacksmith shop by a man who had served with me during the war.

We were chatting together when I felt a shock, and, then, to my surprise, I saw the blacksmith going up in the air. I watched him pass through the roof of the shed, but the man, who, by the way, was an Irishman, did not seem to get any further from me.

Then I realized that I was going up, too. I suppose we must have ascended for thirty or forty feet, and then we came down with a rush, reaching the earth a little disfigured and with lungs in a state of collapse. When we caught our breath the Irishman remarked between his gasps that a little thing like that couldn't scare us, as we'd both been in explosions before.

He was wounded badly, however, while I escaped with a few scratches. We found that the lightning had exploded the ten thousand pounds of dynamite. Where the storehouse had stood there was a hole in the ground about thirty feet deep, and with a diameter of fully sixty feet, shaped like a funnel. Trees in the vicinity were burned black, and an oak tree two feet thick, that had stood twenty feet from the building, was blown into shreds so fine that not a vestige of it could be found. I have been afraid to go near dynamite ever since.

Consolation.

Solo—I shall certainly sue this paper for libel. It calls me a liar, a beat, and a horse thief.

Boles—You are sure to recover. You know that great principle in law, the greater the truth, the greater the libel

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is made for staining and varnishing at the same time. It imitates natural wood, Mahogany, Cherry, Oak, Rosewood, Walnut, Ebony. Over new wood this produces the finest effect.

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"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we see the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constant sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

It's at these trying times that Credit Systems are strained to their utmost; its in these trying times that the Cash Store reigns and rules triumphantly.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 78. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE DOMINION HOUSE.

Messrs. Clarke and Osler Declare for the Settlement.

The Business of the Country Being Neglected by Parliament Because of This Vexatious Question—A Week Has Passed and Still the Address Has Not Been Adopted—Major Hughes, Mr. Bennett and Other Conservatives Took Part in the Debate Yesterday.

Ottawa, April 1.—(Special.)—Mr. Charlton's bill to amend the criminal code by making the seduction law more drastic was introduced this afternoon.

Mr. Maclean asked whether it is the intention of the Government to disallow an act passed by the Legislature of British Columbia in the 59th year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled, "British Columbia Southern Railway Aid Amendment Act, 1896"?

Mr. Blair replied that, so far as the Government is concerned, this is a purely local act, and it is not the intention of the Government to disallow it. "I may say further, that the Government has received no complaint against that act."

Mr. Paterson told Mr. Broder the Government did not intend to install David Halliday, who was appointed by the late Government, to the position of Collector of Customs at Morrisburg.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Maclean that 17 tenders were received for sections 4 to 7 of the Soulanges Canal, and 13 for section 12. He did not consider it proper to say who the tenderers were or that it was in the public interest to give the aggregate amount of each tender until the work has been completed.

Mr. Laurier informed Mr. Casgrain that the Government did not know whether Mr. Dobell had promised a subsidy of $1,000,000 for a new bridge over the St. Lawrence. The policy of the Government was the same as last year, when it was announced that material assistance would be given to any responsible persons or company who were prepared to undertake the construction of the bridge.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. La Riviere that the negotiations between the Dominion and Manitoba Governments on the school question were verbal. There was no record of them. All the papers will be brought down.

Mr. Laurier declined to give Mr. Foster any information regarding the passing of an order-in-council granting $300,000 to the G. T. R. for reconstruction of Victoria Bridge, Montreal. He asked him to make a formal motion for papers.

Rev. Mr. Maxwell, the clerical representative of Burrard, B. C., resumed the debate on the address. His speech was in fine literary form and it evoked repeated applause from the Government side. He commended the conciliatory methods adopted by the present Government, and regarded the school settlement as fair, just and statesmanlike. He had every sympathy with the Quebec Liberals in their appeal to Rome for release from the clerical tyranny of three hundred years ago. He was a free trader, but in the meantime was prepared to accept the tariff of the Administration.

Major Hughes followed. He twitted the last speaker with his readiness to change his sentiments on the trade and other questions. He drew attention to the fact that, while the Premier was giving utterance to patriotic observations on the Diamond Jubilee, 's organ, Le Signal, was deploring the spread of British Imperialism and urging the people of Quebec to draw closer to France.

Dealing with the bye-election in North Ontario, he proceeded to tell of Liberal methods which contributed to their success. Liberal stumpers, he said, paraded Protestant sections, telling the people to stand to their guns, otherwise the bishops of Quebec would sweep Mr. Laurier from power. But in Roman Catholic townships the electors were told the settlement was a great thing, that Mr. Laurier had given the minority more than they would ever have received from the Tories. The people were told that the Postmaster-General had said he wanted a Protestant Liberal elected in North Ontario. They needed more in the House, because he was afraid of the Frenchmen who sat behind Mr. Laurier.

Mr. Mulock rose to deny that he had ever made such a statement.

Mr. Hughes said it was stated in the riding all the same. Another Grit report was that the Speaker of the House had closed the bar of the restaurant of the House in order to prevent Conservative members from getting drunk. [Loud laughter.] And where was the story told? asked the Major. "In a community of Methodists who were temperance people." [Renewed laughter.]

The debate was continued by Messrs. Richardson and Chauvin.

Mr. E. F. Clarke, who was received with Conservative cheers, said: I desire to emphasize the opinion that has been expressed by some hon. members on this side of the House, and to say that so far as I am concerned this Manitoba school question has been practically settled by the agreement which was reached between hon. gentlemen opposite and the Government of Manitoba, and by the crystallization of that agreement into an act of the Legislature which has received its third reading, and which has been assented to by the people of the Province of Manitoba. [Hear, hear.] I say that this question in my judgment is settled; not only for the reason I have given, but because, as I understand, there are only two legislative bodies in this Canada of ours which have the right or the authority to deal with that question. One of these bodies is the Parliament of Canada, and this Parliament at a recent session, a session held not more than 12 months ago, tried ineffectually by legislation to interfere with the school affairs of the Province of Manitoba. The failure which attended the efforts of the gentlemen who were then in power—efforts which were put forth, I am sure, with an idea of doing what they considered an act of justice to the minority in Manitoba—the failure which attended their efforts on that occasion will deter similar efforts from being made in the future in this House to coerce by legislation any of the provinces in regard to matters that have been relegated to them under the constitution. Since the Legislature of Manitoba enacted an amendment to the school law of 1890, I felt bound to consider the character of the amendments which have been made, and having done so, I am forced to the conclusion that it is my duty as a member of this House to support the agreement as reached, and to support the legislation which has been enacted by the province. The privileges which have been obtained through the settlement of this vexed question are not all that either side to the controversy desires, but when it is considered that this settlement is a compromise I think that most fair-minded men will agree that it is a fair compromise and a compromise that will meet with the support of the great majority of the people of this country. It has been pointed out by many hon. members who addressed the House that there are objections to this settlement. I am free to confess that there are many and grave objections, and I refer particularly to the clause which makes it compulsory for school trustees in certain districts and on certain conditions to employ a number of teachers of a particular faith. I think that is a grave objection, but as I understand the question, it was necessary in order to provide for religious instruction being given in the schools that such a condition as that should be embodied settlement. It is my opinion that in the employment of teachers the trustees should have the fullest liberty. In the appointment of a teacher his efficiency as an instructor of youth should, I believe, be the only qualification demanded from him. While I object to that clause of the agreement, still I think it is better, even with an objectionable clause of that kind, that it should be accepted and this school controversy settled. But, while there are objectionable points in the settlement, there are, no doubt, many points of advantage, and these ought not to be lost sight of. It is the consideration of these advantages that prompts me to give it my support. In the first place, this settlement secures and guarantees to the people of Manitoba for all time to come the existence of a national non-sectarian system of schools. [Hear, hear.] That is the aim and the prime reason why I support that settlement. The people of Manitoba had the experience for many years of a dual system of education, and they found that that system did not work as smoothly or as efficiently as a school system ought to work. In view of the present sparse settlement of the country, in view of the few inhabitants in the country, it was believed, and events have justified them in their action, that the wiping away of the old system and the establishment of a common national system would secure better results than had been obtained previously.

Other advantages of the settlement, in his judgment, were these: It secures qualified teachers for all the schools in the province, and provides for a rigid system of education, so that the schools shall be kept up to a standard, and provides for the election of school trustees by ballot; it places the same curriculum in all the schools; it brings under one roof the children of parents who hold diverse religious views; it meets the scruples of certain classes of people who desire to have religious instruction in the schools. Mr. Clarke asked if those who sought the support of that settlement would demand equal privileges for the children of a large number of people in the Province of Ontario, mentioning particularly the right to vote by ballot, and to employ qualified teachers.

Continuing, he said: "I support this settlement because I believe it is in the best interest, not only of the people of Manitoba, but the people of Canada generally, that this burning subject, that has received so much attention during the last five or six years, should be finally set at rest. I take the ground that, so far as this Parliament is concerned, the matter has passed out of our hands, and that any agitation for further amendments, if such are desired, should be confined to the Legislature of that Province."

Discussing the mission of the Papal Ablegate, Mr. Clarke said: "Within the last few weeks we have read and heard of delegations crossing the Atlantic and paying visits to the Eternal City, and for what purpose? We have been assured by the honorable gentlemen opposite and by their press throughout the country, that this Manitoba school business has been settled, but we ask why those delegations have been crossing the Atlantic in the middle of winter to Rome? We are told that they are being sent over to secure the aid and co-operation of His Holiness the Pope in settling domestic disputes in the church with regard to matters of faith and religion, with which, I take it, those who are not Catholics have nothing whatever to do. But, sir, when we examine what the distinguished gentleman and pre-

Continued on Page 7.

DON GETS HIS BERTH

Government Agent to South Africa or Somewhere.

Bisley Men All Want to Go—Sir Donald Smith Wants Views to Exhibit in Lanterns, to Show Old Country People That Canada Is Not a Wilderness—Ores on Exhibition—Orders Promulgated by the Militia Department—An Effort Will Be Made to Settle the Crofter Difficulties—General Notes from Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 1.—(Special.)—A few weeks ago it was announced in The World that "Don" Sheppard of Saturday Night would be sent to South Africa or some other country as a commercial agent for Canada. The news was denied by the Government organs then, but now they are privileged to announce it.

Out of the first 20 on the list for the Bisley team, 19 acceptances have been received. There is a great desire on the part of riflemen to go to Bisley this year. Possibly some of the men will be permitted to leave ahead of the regular sailing of the team. A militia general order contains a direction from General Gascoigne that when the ranges for the Morris practice are fitted up in drill halls, their use should be confined to militiamen.

Sir Donald Smith is again in the city conferring with the Ministers on matters of importance. Speaking to your correspondent to-day he said his request to the different cities to supply him with views was designed with the object of having lantern slides made of them in order that when exhibited in England they might prove to disabuse the minds of the people that this is but a backwoods country or a second Siberia.

The Capital seems to be the Mecca of mining promoters just now. Ald. Andrews of Winnipeg is here trying to dispose of valuable property in the Slocan, while George H. Campbell and D. F. Blackwood of Winnipeg have on exhibition at the Russell House a splendid collection of ores from Mine Centre, in the Rainy River District, which have attracted great attention. The specimens come from the Ferguson, Preston, Foley and other mines. The samples were brought here for the purpose of showing to the members of the Government the resources of that district, in connection with the deputation which waited on the Government with regard to the building of the Ontario & Rainy River Railway.

In the militia general orders issued to-day are contained regulations respecting examinations passed by the officers under the Queen's regulations for promotion; regulations respecting the character of a non-commissioned officer or soldier when discharged; regulations respecting uniform inspection of cavalry; amendments to the "Infantry Drill, 1896." "Musketry Instructions (Lee-Metford rifle and carbine), 1896," and "Rifle and Carbine Exercises (Lee-Metford), 1896."

The Department of the Interior has agreed to co-operate with the Manitoba Government in sending a couple of delegates to London to endeavor to settle with the British Government the difficulties arising out of the Crofter enlargements. It is likely J. Lawlor of Killarney and John Nicholson of the crofter settlement will be the delegates.

Mrs. Ed Gravelle of Cumberland-street threatens an action for damages against the city for the death of her husband, whom she alleges died from diphtheria owing to "the neglect of the Medical Health Officer to attend her husband when summoned, and to provide for his treatment in the hospital with the remedies usually employed in combatting this malady." Dr. Robillard states he had the patient removed to the hospital, as was his duty, and had nothing whatever to do with the man's treatment thereafter.

James A. Smart commenced his duties as Deputy Minister of Interior to-day.

When the papal ablegate, Monsignor Mery Del Val, visits Ottawa University he will meet with a grand reception from the faculty and students. Addresses in French and English will be delivered. It is not expected that the distinguished visitor will arrive here until Monday.

A writ was issued in the High Court to-day for Maclean, Roger & Co. against Lieut.-Governor C. H. Mackintosh. It is to recover $1430, claimed for printing office supplies and arrears in rent, and money paid for the benefit of the defendant.

Mr. Maclean will ask if the C.P.R. has yet commenced construction of a railway through the Crow's Nest Pass and if the Government intends to allow them to begin work without first completing negotiations now going on for modifications in the clauses of the company's charter in the matter of construction of branch lines and regulation of rates and tolls charged by the company.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. La Riviere, M.P., addressed a meeting of Le Club Conservateur here to-night on political questions.

Dr. Sproule made his first appearance for the session to-day, and was warmly greeted by friends on both sides of the House.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Mrs. Davies entertained the following ladies and gentlemen at dinner to-night: The Speaker and Mrs. Edgar, Hon. A. G. and Mrs. Blair, the Solicitor-General and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. (Justice) MacMahon, Mr. W. C. Edwards, M. P., and Mrs. Edwards, Mr. Bostock, M. P., and Mrs. Bostock, the Deputy Minister of Justice and Mrs. Newcombe, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. Dorbarton, M. L. A., and Mr. Rogers, M. L. A. (Charlottetown).

Mr. Edward Farrer is in town.

It is reported to-night that 19 employes of the Postoffice Department got their walking tickets to day.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR KIRKPATRICK.

His Honor Will Sail for Home on April 22—Is Now at Brighton and Feels Much Better.

Brighton, Eng., April 1.—(Telegram cable.)—I saw Hon. George A. Kirkpatrick, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, to-day and he looks remarkably well. He is able to walk with the aid of a stick, and states that he feels much better for his sojourn in Brighton. He hopes to be able to leave for London on Monday or Tuesday next, where he will remain for a fortnight and then sail for home. During his stay here he enjoyed a daily airing in a Bath chair. He will take the journey to London in an invalid carriage.

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SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 63 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d671f

AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY IS THE
STORMER BICYCLE.
WHY?
Because they are easy running, of proper weight, made of the very best material. Handsome in design, embracing all the up to date improvements.
J. J. TURNER & SONS
The Tent, Awning and Flag Makers,
ARE SOLE AGENTS,
263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 160 or 215 Day or night.

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WANTED.
A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL AT ONCE. Apply at the Oriental. 1d

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MR. G. E. WHITEN will take a boy on as student to learn the art of photography. Terms on application. Studio, 136 Hunter-st. 3d77

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AFTER EASTER HOLIDAYS, YOUNG LADIES to take up kindergarten course. Must hold primary certificate. Apply at Central kindergarten. 4d76

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SMALL HOUSE in Stony Lake, for the season. State particulars and lowest cash-in advance price. Address Box 4, REVIEW Office. 6d72

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d49-w11 3m

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SECOND HAND REFRIGERATOR, large size, cost $40, for $16. WIRE MEAT OR MILK SAFE, cost $6, for $3. GEORGE STEPHEN & SON, 134 Hunter Street. 6d74

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All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

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IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.
People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,
If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,
and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones,
Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce
not to mention many of lesser grade—nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.

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Attractive Prices
We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

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We will place on sale the following:—
REMNANTS
In Brussels, Body Carpets and Brussels Borders.
The original prices were $1.10 to $1.25 and we will give the choice
FOR 50 CENTS THE YARD.
Best Body Brussels, 1 length each, 14, 12½, 8½, 5½, 5, 2¾, 1½, 1 yards.
Brussels Borders, 1 length each, 11½, 7½, 5, 4½, 4½, 2½, 2½ yards,
And the following in Tapestry Remnants:
Body Tapestry, 1 length each, 17½, 17½, 11½, 10½, 8, 7½, 6, 4½, 4½, 3½, 1½ yards.
Tapestry Borders, 1 length, 8½, 3½, 3½.
FOR 35 CENTS THE YARD.
The original prices were from 60c to 90c. These ends are adapted for enlarging other Carpets, for small rooms and for making Rugs.

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ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
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CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
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"Perfect," (Patent) and
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and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
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QUEEN STREET,
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CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
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FINCH W. MELLER,
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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. G. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

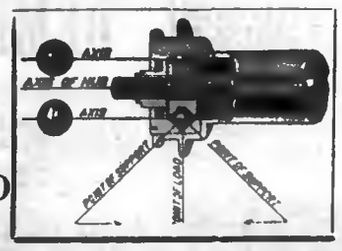
413 George Street, Peterborough.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



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Manf'd by THE CANADIAN TYPOGRAPH CO., Ltd.

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BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., SHERBROOKE, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

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Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at

Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Even, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
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1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
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1 Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition. list price	125, at	65
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Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

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ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard form if school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third

Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.

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Single First Class Fare

Good going April 16th to 19th, inclusive, Return until April 20th, '97

To all stations in Canada, Port William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.

Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

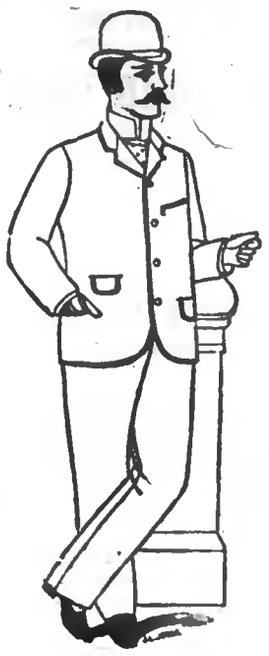
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. 4182w

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT

— OF —

OAK HALL



Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted Suits of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

All Women Should Read

This Interesting Letter—"I was Nervous and Weak."

Life Changed from Misery to Joy by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The terrible trials of the "gentler sex" are beyond description. How Hood's Sarsaparilla is adapted for them and how it restores health and helps over the hard places, is well illustrated by Mrs. Place's letter.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—In early life I suffered much from stomach troubles and spent a great deal of money in doctoring. I received temporary relief only to have a return of sickness, and for the past five years life has been made miserable by constant illness. During this period there have been six months that I was not off my bed, and for one year I suffered most severely. I was

Nervous and Weak

and life seemed a burden. It happened that my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it in small doses. In a short time it was evident that it was helping me. In two weeks I felt that I was being greatly benefited. About this time our youngest son, then 15 years of age, was taken down with typhoid fever. He passed on to his reward, and soon others of the family were taken ill, until I was the only one left to care for them. I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to the surprise of myself and all the neighbors, I not only kept up and took care of the sick, but my

Health Continued to Improve.

For nearly three months this siege of typhoid fever held the family down. All this time, as by a miracle, my health kept up and I grew strong. At present I am feeling well and know that the benefit derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla is permanent. Other members of the household have since taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills with good effect." MRS. REBECCA PLACE, N. Sixth St., Goshen, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Insist upon HOOD'S; take no substitute.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897

HUGH John Macdonald in accepting the leadership of the Manitoba Conservatives in the Legislature of that province places himself at the head of a small contingent who are arrayed against a far-seeing, crafty politician. He therefore undertakes the duties of leadership under unfavorable circumstances, but when Hugh John puts the energy into a provincial campaign that he put into his election against "Joe" Martin the result will be the same, and he will be Manitoba's next Premier.

THE most commendable feature in the speech made by Mr. Fitzpatrick, Solicitor-General, in reply to the case made against him by Mr. Foster, was the cool and unconcerned manner in which he told of the pledge he had given, and of his failure to keep that pledge, and this was certainly not commendable in a member of a Canadian Cabinet. His only excuse for not keeping his promise was the fact that no one had ever asked him to. Strange standard of conduct this for a Minister of the Crown to have.

THE Dominion Government and the Liberal press would make a picture of self-sacrifice and righteous spirit out of the action of the Government in abolishing the old Franchise Act and passing a new Act adopting the provincial franchises. They say that the old Act gave the party in power an advantage, but the Liberals cast this advantage to one side in their desire to be fair and just. To begin with, just imagine Mr. Tarte, for instance, or Sir Oliver Mowat, for another instance, casting aside any advantage that could be used to the benefit of the party in an election? It requires a supreme stretch of imagination to picture such a thing, doesn't it? This talk of self-sacrifice is all buncombe. As a matter of fact the Dominion Franchise Act was intended to deliver the Conservative electorate from the iniquities of Liberalism in the provinces. What methods are practised in the provinces is well known. In Ontario we have the numbered ballot, to make matters worse. An idea of what provincial Liberalism in regard to the franchise means in Manitoba is gained from a speech made by Mr Roblin, the leader of the Opposition during the late meeting of the Manitoba Legislature. Mr. Roblin read from a speech delivered by Mr. Laurier in the House of Commons a few days ago referring to the elections of last June as conducted in Manitoba. This speech should, he said, be taken in connection with the speech from the throne. With the knowledge which he, the speaker, possesses regarding the infamy that followed in the tracks of our Provincial election Act, he would only qualify this Act as infamy. By it not only are the people of this province deprived of their rights, but the very law shields men who are guilty. Mr. Laurier's intention is to replace the present Dominion election Act with the Act which is a standing disgrace to the province. By it at the last election more than one hundred thousand men had been robbed of their franchise, and now Mr. Laurier, seeing how much it helped his friends in this province, proposes to give it wider scope, and adopt it for the Dominion.

YOUNG'S POINT POINTERS.

The Dramatic Entertainment Given on St. Patrick's Day.

Correspondence of the Review.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment given in Head's hall on March 17th by the Young's Point Dramatic club, was marked by a degree of excellence rarely attained by amateurs. In assuming the characters in the different plays the members displayed so much histronic ability that although the club had already won many honors, and expectations were high, the audience was completely taken by surprise. Mr. C. Young acted as chairman, and made a prefactory speech.

The first number on the programme, a violin solo, was then rendered by Mr. Jas Houlihan. Following this a recitation by Mr. E Mollmoyle was thoroughly appreciated. Some vocal solos were given and then a farce in three acts, entitled "Plaintiff," was staged. Mrs Jones, a widow, represented by Miss E J Young, is distressed at the thought of being compelled to give up her old home to her creditors. Her son, Horatio, represented by Mr W E Scollard, comes to her relief with a plan by which her daughter, Hepzibah, represented by Miss Lottie Kearney, must restore their fortunes. This plan is to accept an offer of marriage from Mr Jas Statterleigh, a wealthy young man, make him break the engagement and sue for breach of promise. The plot works well; Statterleigh is sued. Mr W E Brooks as Mr Jas Statterleigh and Miss Lottie Kearney as Hepzibah Jones caused much laughter. The court room scene was very impressive. The learned judge (represented by Mr Will Young) the jury on the right, the defendant, plaintiff and witnesses, all looked the gravity of the situation. Horatio (represented by Mr Will Scollard), was counsel for plaintiff, and handled the case well. "Marriage," a bright, refined comedy, in three acts, was well played. Miss Louise Kearney, as Mrs Raby-Brown, was excellent. Her reception of the offers of marriage from Mr Snuffleton, a rich lawyer, and Mr Percival Hunter was simply delightful, and provoked much laughter. Miss Jennie Kearney, as Matilda, daughter of Mrs Raby-Brown, was charming. Adrian de Courcey, an actor, who is deeply in love with Matilda, was well represented by Mr Will Young. Mr Snuffleton was well represented by Mr Will Scollard, while Mr W E Brooks made a fascinating Percival Hunter.

"Postmark," a charade in three acts, was given with much dramatic ability. Mr Clayton, an elderly gentleman, learning that his daughter Clara is in love with Frank Cheekem, a young gentleman of no means, resolved to place her in a boarding-school. Miss Primlass, principal of Birchington Hall, a young ladies' academy, is communicated with, and arrives at Mr. Clayton's house to make the acquaintance of Clara, and complete the necessary arrangements to receive her as a pupil at Birchington Hall. Mr Clayton, represented by Mr W E Brooks, is very deaf and has mislaid his ear trumpet. Miss Primlass, represented by Miss Louise Kearney, arrives. Much amusement is caused by their efforts to converse. Miss Jennie Kearney, as Clara Clayton, does some very clever acting. Her heart broken manner in which she breaks to Frank the news of her immediate banishment, gives place to one of pleasure as Frank declares that no obstacle shall prevent his seeing her at Birchington hall. Mr Will Young, as Frank Cheekem, was excellent. In the school room scene Clara Clayton, (Miss Jennie Kearney), is charmingly provoking, and her manner and absurd answers elicit much laughter. Miss Ida Kearney as Jennie Snooks, Miss Lottie Kearney as Polly Green, and Miss Maggie Kearney as Kate Pickles, young ladies at Birchington hall, acted very naturally. Mr Will Scollard, as Prof Jigolotti, dancing master, teaches the young ladies the waltz and polka; Miss Maggie Kearney, as Miss Kate Pickles, presiding at the organ. The courtship scene between Mr. Clayton, represented by Mr. W. E. Brooks, and Miss Primlass, represented by Miss Louise Kearney, was exceedingly well acted and caused much laughter. A speech by Mr. E. Mollmoyle proved very amusing. A dramatic selection, "Asleep at the Switch," by Miss Louise Kearney was a treat. A hush fell on the audience as Miss Kearney proceeded in her dramatic portrayal of the subject, carrying with her the sympathies of all till the grand climax was reached. The entertainment concluded with the singing of the National Anthem.

HARVEY COUNCIL MEETING

The Harvey Council met on the 27th of March at the school, No. 5, Buckhorn. The members were all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Communications were read from Wm. Yelland, Mayor, re sending delegates to join the Trent Valley canal deputation. From E Pearse, county treasurer, re islands 1, 2 and 3 in Buckhorn lake, with a protest from John Thackeray, Indian agent, against selling said islands for taxes, as they are part of reserves. Accounts were read from D Cain and C E Stewart. A report was also read from chairman and secretary of school section No. 4, Harvey, protesting against forming a new school section at Deer Bay settlement. On motion the clerk was instructed to notify Stephen McIlmoyl that John Lancefield's board bill ceased with him on the 24th of March last, and that Mr McIlmoyl be paid at the rate of $40 per annum for balance overtime. On motion the clerk was instructed to examine the rolls to find out what taxes are against e½ of lot 14, con 7, and notify Harvey Pearson of the same. If the taxes have been paid the clerk is to notify Mr Pearse to remove the same from his books. On motion Mr Gillespie is to have the timber on John McGuire's road beat for the sum of $15 which sum he is to expend on said beat, the timber to be taken off in years 1897 8. A by-law was passed to form a new school section north of Deer bay, to be known as S.S. No. 7, Harvey. On motion, James Oliver was appointed to hire some person to move John Lancefield to J Stewart's, at Gilmour's depot. On motion, the reeve was appointed a delegate to join the Trent Valley deputation to Ottawa. The reeve was also appointed to attend the land sale for taxes in arrears. On motion, the Council adjourned to meet at town hall on Monday, May 31st, for court of revision.

PROVERBS FROM JERUSALEM . .

Wise Sayings That Are Common Among the People of That City.

No one knows better than the Bible students how valuable the proverbs, adages, sayings, etc., of the Arabs are for the understanding of the Semitic methods of expressing thought. In these sayings of the Arabs there are often side-lights on the proverbial literature of the Bible. Probably the most valuable new collection of proverbs of this kind that has appeared for years has been published in the Zeitschrift of the German Palestine Society (vol. xix.). The author is Mrs. Lydia Einsler, who all her life has lived in Jerusalem and gives this collection of 20[illegible] proverbs gathered in her intercourse with the people of the sacred city and its environs. We quote a number as samples:

"Is your friend made of honey, do not lick him away entirely," i.e., use a friend when in need, but do not abuse him.

"A wise enemy is better than a crazy friend," i.e., a crazy friend will do you more harm than a wise enemy.

"He who sees his relatives, forgets his friends," i.e., when in the circle of relatives friends are forgotten.

"If your neighbor casts hatred upon you, change your door to another side of the house," i.e., avoid quarrels.

"A house without a neighbor is worth a thousand gold florins."

"Search your own house through seven times before you charge your neighbor with theft."

"A neighbor who is helpful is better than a brother who is not."

"Praise nobody unless you have first tried him."

"The gossip of two people can destroy two houses."

"Sit rather between two women who are baking bread than between two who are washing," i.e., the first will give you fresh bread, the latter will bespatter you with water.

"By day she destroys her houses and at night she burns her oil," said of an impracticable woman.

"The thread of a diligent woman is as long as the arm; the thread of the lazy woman is as long as the body," i.e., a diligent woman takes shorter threads in order to be able to sew more quickly and more firmly, while a lazy woman takes long threads to avoid the trouble of threading the needle.

"She now has a house and a nail in the wall"—used of a person of lower social order who has attained to a higher, especially of a poor woman who has married a wealthy husband. "A nail in the wall" is representative of firmness and the possession of property. (Cf. Ezra ix., 8; Is. xxii., 23-25.)

"The family that has educated me has never deserted me nor withdrawn from me," i.e., home is the best.

"Do good and you will reap good results."

"Do good and cast it upon the ocean," i.e., do good without any hope of reward.

"After they have been bitten they take care of themselves," i.e., a burnt child fears the fire.

"We can get nothing without payment except blindness and deafness."

"Rather sit on the hand than kiss it," i.e., have self-respect and work.

"Take care that you may not with your tongue cut off your head," i.e., that by inconsiderate words you may bring evil upon yourself.

"The offal of your barnhouse is better than the wheat of strangers."

"Try to teach one advanced in years wisdom is just like whipping an ass," i.e., nothing is accomplished.

"A single borrowed seed can destroy a field," i.e. a farmer who begins to borrow corn will always get more deeply into debt.

"A borrowed dress does not keep warm."

"It is better to clothe one's self with straw matting than with a borrowed dress."

"He who has drunk out of a well should not throw a stone into it," i.e., be grateful and appreciate favors.

"Who is that young woman sitting there by the heater? I mean the one with the willowy figure, ashy complexion and chestnut hair?"

"That? Oh, that is Miss Wood."
—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Young Lochinvar who, according to the story, ran away with his bride, did not love her one particle more devotedly than a thousand honest husbands of the present day love their wives.

No novelist could invent a story of truer manly devotion than the "humble romance" revealed by the following letter from Mr. Harry Chant, of 211 Haskell Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

"About fourteen or fifteen months ago I was working with a gang of men and happened to say to one of them, 'I hope it will not rain as I have a big washing to do for the children.' The man said, 'What is the matter with your wife?'"

"For years my wife had been suffering from what the doctors called prolapsus of uterus. She was nervous, had cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, a disagreeable drain, with bearing down pains; no appetite. She got so weak she could not get around. I am only a laborer so was always in debt with the doctors, and all for no good, as none did her any good. We began to think that she was never going to get well."

"I told this man what the doctors said was the matter with her," and he said "'did you ever hear of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription?'" "I told him no, but I had tried so many patent medicines that I was tired of them all, and besides I did not have enough money to pay the doctor and the drug store. He said if I would get two or three bottles and try them, and if it did not do my wife any good that he would pay for the medicine. I went to the drug store (Mr. Clawber's on Elm Street), and bought a bottle. The first and second did not seem to have much effect but the third seemed to work like a charm. She has taken in all about thirteen bottles and she is today as stout and healthy as any woman in the United States. This is not the only case. Wherever I hear tell of any woman who is sick in the neighborhood I just send the book and paper that is wrapped around every bottle and that does the business. I am no longer bothered about doing my own washing and cooking, for my wife can do it all in one day and never seems tired or out of spirits now."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, promptly and permanently.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897

WHERE HE FAILED.

He's a man of vast achievements
In a dozen various fields;
There is grandeur, there is pathos
In the facile pen he wields;

He has written noble poems
And has produced successful plays,
And his fin de siecle novel
Has commanded public praise.

He has won respect in science,
Having made a chart of Mars;
He invented a contrivance
Once for ventilating cars;

By his own unaided efforts
He has earned a pile of pelf,
But he scored a dismal failure
When he tried to shave himself.

A SHORT TALK ON BEING TIRED.

Are you a working man, or a working woman? I don't mean one who lives by classification, or by having been born on the sinister side of certain lines of social cleavage, but solely because you daily do some sort of real, honest and useful work? Yes? I shake your hand. I hope you manage to live by it without overdoing, and that (being still hearty and healthy) you sometimes find yourself tired, dog tired, and hungry as a wolf, with plenty of good food for supper. Then hey! for bed and a genuine sleep of eight hours, to jump from bed in the morning, both feet on the floor at once. That's the right kind of "tired" and the heaven descended brand of rest. It is a blessing in itself, and bears others in its train.

But the variety of fatigue so many people are all the time writing us about is different. Listen to this one, for instance: "In September, 1893," he says, "I was overcome by a feeling of languor. I was easily tired and comparatively slight efforts served to exhaust me completely. Indeed I never seemed rested at all, and was as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. Both muscles and mind were insert and relaxed. At the same time my appetite seemed to be tired too. I had no relish for food, and after eating felt uneasiness and uneasiness in the stomach and pain in the chest. My skin was sallow also, and there was a dull aching at my right side in the region of the liver.

"I was constantly bleaching up a sour fluid, and my food would sometimes repeat or rise into my mouth. All I could do to rectify this miserable state of things I did, but failed to come across a remedy for my complaint, which meantime obtained a stronger hold upon me.

"On account of my inability to eat and digest food my flesh fell off until I became so thin you might have fancied me as having gone into a decline. And I was so weak I could scarcely get about. I remained in this condition month after month, unfit, of course, for work and virtually a man out of the world's fight.

"The doctor who prescribed for me probably understood my case, but he was not able, apparently to cure me. And I notice it is in illness as in business: unless one holds his own he is bound to be falling behind, which made me anxious to obtain relief soon, lest I might pass beyond the reach of it. And in answer to the hope finally came the help I needed.

"In July of last year (1894) I read about Mother Seigel's Syrup in a small pamphlet which was left at our house. The book described my symptoms perfectly, and stated the disease to be indigestion, with dullness and inactivity of the liver, the latter condition a result of the former. The weakness and loss of weight it explained, naturally enough, to be the effect of want of proper nourishment. Cure the stomach trouble in such cases, said an article in the pamphlet, and the consequences will vanish of themselves.

"On this I procured a bottled of the Syrup from Messrs. Robinson and Co., Chemists, Hanslet Carr, and after taking it for a few days, I found myself much better. My food now ceased to give me pain, and I gained some strength with every meal. No better proof of the power of this medicine could I ask. I continued the use of it; the bad symptoms abated and no longer troubled me, and in a few weeks I felt as vigorous and well as ever I did. I could work as before and experienced that kind of fatigue only which promotes rest and is relieved by it. I have since enjoyed good health and you are welcome to publish this short account of my case. (Signed) Percy Hardaker, 42, Woodhouse Hill Road, Hunslet Carr, Leeds, March 29 h, 1895."

Mr. Hardaker is agent for the Pearl Assurance Society, and is well and widely known. His own intelligent comments on his complaint render any words of ours quite needless. In private conversation he said he looked upon that unnatural "tired" feeling as a warning that none should neglect. It means, not the effect of work but of exhaustion through that subtile disease, indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup should be taken then, as he would have taken it then had he heard of it. We hope Mr. Hardaker's timely words, based as they are on an instructive experience, will be heeded by all to whom they apply.

THE HINDOO FARMER

HE FINDS NO USE FOR WESTERN AGRICULTURAL METHODS.

Why? Because He Lives Directly and Placidly From the Bountiful Hand of "Indra"—Sir Edwin Arnold on the Causes of Present Efforts.

To feed only the Northwest and Oudh takes fifteen and a half million acres; to feed Bengal, fifty-four and a half millions, and to feed Madras, thirty-two million acres of properly watered lands! The population of these—only a portion, remember, of the vast country, would mount up to at least one hundred and fifteen millions of souls, and, speaking generally, they all depend in less or greater degree upon those timely kharif and rabi rains. Americans, with huge areas of soil still happily left to conquer, may ask why the area of cultivated ground is not increased. The reply is that, enormous albeit Hindostan appears in extent upon the maps, there is not much good ground remaining to be taken up. There are rich regions where the climate is deadly, as in the Terai; there are poor tracts where population is scanty; but neither for the old-fashioned Hindoo peasant nor for modern men with new methods and machinery does there exist any considerable margin of unused soil.

Could, then, the native cultivator double his yield by manures? He certainly employs none which are artificial and imported, like the nitrates, but he knows what he is about with his own simple materials, and when high authorities mock him for using up all the cattle droppings for fuel cakes, he laughs silently because he knows that the ashes of gauri are just as precious to the soil as the natural commodity unburned. But practically the tilth is never seriously mended in India, except close to the villages and for sugar cane, opium or garden crops, unless it be by burning and scratching into the red or gray soil some jungle branches and dead leaves.

Neither have Western machinery nor scientific farming methods found any success. What can Sussex, or even Massachusetts, do with husbandman who will insist on carrying a plow or a wheelbarrow upon his head, and whose fathers for 3000 years past have stood upon a pointed stick drawn by a buffalo in order to make a two-inch furrow? The Hindoo lives directly and placidly from the bountiful hand of heaven, which he calls "Indra." Dwelling in his village he tills only so much of the culturable jungle as can be easily reached morning and evening by his slow-moving cattle. He has not the capital nor the mind for costly Western implements; and his winnowing machine is still and always the wind blowing from heaven. Jowarri and bajri are for the humble; wheat, flour and rice for Brahmans and the rich, with plenty of dal and pulses to make up for the meat which the strong Sahib and savare Mahometan devour. Such is his simple fare—millet cakes and boiled leaves of rape and gram, with Mhowa fruit, mango, plantain and cocoanut—by these the blameless existence of the Hindoo sustains its innocent span. Fowls and eggs are held by most in abhorrence; no cheese is so much as known; and about one hundred and eighty million of that wonderful people never take animal food at all, unless in the shape of milk, curds and ghi, which last is clarified butter.

Thus all hangs upon Indra and the rain. If the southwest monsoon is exceptionally late in setting in, or premature in its cessation, or scanty and irregular, or excessive during its period of duration, great mischief may be done, and any failure of the rain at this season is damaging not only to the crops then growing, but also to the winter crops, which are sewn after the monsoon stops, and to which a thoroughly moistened seed bed is essential. The early and late falls are looked for to soften the soil and admit of plowing preparatory to sowing the kharif in the one case and the rabi in the other, and the delay in putting in the seed beyond a certain period is prejudicial to the growth and maturing of the crop. The millets and pulses of the kharif crop are hardy plants, and can bear a great deal of irregularity; but any partial cessation of the rainfall exceeding a month in duration, or, as it is called, "a break," in the rains of the monsoon, will do them great injury, especially if, as is sometimes the case during such a break, a hot, dry wind also sets in. Rice is more delicate, and perishes if the plants are either too deeply submerged or their roots left dry for a few days, and for this reason the winter rice of Bengal and the sea coast is a precarious crop, dependent on the continuation of rainfall in September and October, after the monsoon has generally ceased in Upper India.

The self-respect of Hindoos is prodigious; and they "lose face" in applying to any save a kinsman for food, which, indeed, as many Americans will know, is, especially if thus obtained, uneatable for high-castes when not lawfully prepared. A Hindoo servant, whom I desired to cure surreptitiously of his deadly weakness, after fever, by beef tea, told me, quite sweetly, that he would have poisoned me upon recovery, if I had carried out the idea. Again, the purhahnashin, the "curtain-dwellers," those women who must not be seen in public—a foolish fashion adopted from the Mogul and never really Aryan—cannot announce their misery nor take an alms-bowl to the relief camp. There is a vast category of these—women and children—who begin slowly and certainly to perish as soon as the famine begins and who must and will succumb at last, unreached by the great hand of the Government, or only reached when despair has brought them—haggard, wasted and shameless—to snatched that last meal, which is desperately craved for, but the very eating of which is poison to the enfeebled and ulcerated stomach.—Sir Edwin Arnold, in The North American Review.

The Bay of Fundy's Tides.

Extraordinary stories are sometimes told of the immense tides in the Bay of Fundy. The scientific facts in regard to them have recently been published by the Dominion Geological Survey. The bay is about 145 miles long, and gradually narrows, and becomes shallower, as it divides into two main branches, and several small side bays exist. The highest tides at the mouth of the main bay reach eighteen feet. Going up the bay they increase in height. At Digby Neck they attain 22 feet, at Petitcodiac River 46 feet, and at Noel River in Cobequid Bay 53 feet, the maximum. Some branch bays are left empty at ebb tide.

The Eddystone Lighthouse.

The smallest inhabited island in the world is that on which the Eddystone Lighthouse stands. At low water it is 20 feet in diameter; at high water the lighthouse, whose diameter at the base is 28 3-4 feet, completely covers it. It is inhabited by three persons. It lies nine miles off the Cornish coast and fourteen miles southwest of Plymouth Breakwater.

"That is a queer story about a man in Minnesota being treed by wolves while on his way to be married," said the shoe clerk boarder.

"Most remarkable exhibition of animal intelligence I know of," said the cheerful idiot.

"Animal intelligence?"

"Yes; they must have realized how tender he would be at that time."—Indianapolis Journal.

Visitor—I'm grieved to learn of your mistress' illness. Nothing serious—no great cause for alarm, I trust?

The New French Maid—No, monsieur, nossing beeg, nossing grande. Something what you call leetle, petite. What sey call ze leetle—small—small—smallpox. Tid-Bits.

Very Particular.

Mrs. Sweet—What have you put that board down so carefully for, Dick?

Mr. Sweet—So I won't clean off any of the next door people's sidewalk.

An Ancient Precedent.

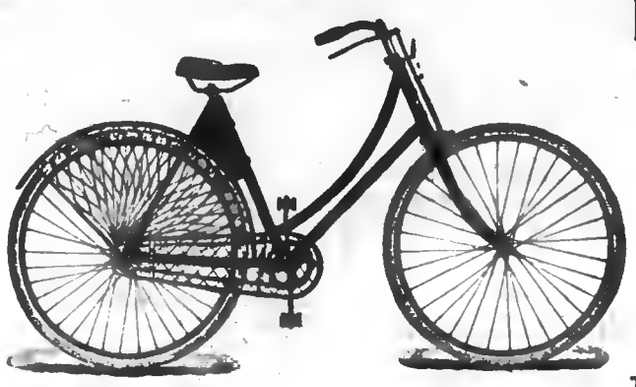
Gazzam—I'm going to have my neighbor's chickens arrested. The roosters waken me every morning at 3 or 4 o'clock and spoil my rest.

Maddox—There is no law which authorizes the arrest of chickens.

Gazzam—Well, there's a law which forbids the use of fowl language.—Detroit Free Press.

EASE OF PROPULSION, CORRECT PROPORTION, SYMMETRICAL BEAUTY

Are the Characteristics of . . . .



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The choicest exemplar of mechanical skill in cycle construction. . . . . .

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The Highest Grade Wheels in the world listed or sold at less than $100. . . . . .

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Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay .....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.... . .....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

—Through Mr. Gordon's (foreman of the Trent Valley canal,) recommendation, the wharf above the locks has been extended some 65 feet, which completes the work and makes a perfect job. It will be some time before work will begin on deepening the channel, being delayed through the rise of water.—Hastings Star.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. LAFLECHE.

OAK HALL.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st. d68

CASTORIA.

Bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

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Lindsay & Might

Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

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2 Good Frame 2 Storey Houses. Good Situation—$900 to $950

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COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up,

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

BARGAIN DAYS IN

WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00. The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for	5c	25 cent Papers for	15c
10 cent Papers for	7c	Borders to match for	10c
15 cent Papers for	8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at	4c

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C. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

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DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.

TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.

THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard.
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

King of Scorchers

Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too cost'y for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an Unapproached First Place.

W. A. SANDERSON

Agent, Peterborough.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

We are head quarters for sewing machines and everything in musical merchandise at right prices on easy terms. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d177

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

At the Opera House.

The kinoptoscope and graphophone exhibition at Bradburn's opera house last evening was a first-class performance of Edison's two wonders. The Lehigh Sisters in the acrobatic feta was excellent, and the blacksmith shop and the fire scene were very realistic. The graphophone's singing could be heard distinctly in all parts of the house. The song "There'll Come a Time," by G. J. Gaskin was beautifully rendered. Also "Slumber so Gently," by Mr. Faver, N. Y., and the music by the U. S. Marine Band was very fine.

Cantata Ruth

TUESDAY, April 6th.

At the Hospital

The following is the report of the lady superintendent of the Nicholls hospital for March:

No. of patients remaining in hospital	16
.. patients treated	45
.. pay patients	22
.. free patients	23
From Peterborough	32
Other places	13
Cured	22
Improved	4
Died	1

Dr. Pigeon attending physician for the month. Drs. Halliday, Boucher, King, Bell, Carmichael, Clark, Scott, Greer and Eastwood attending private patients.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Art Loan Exhibition—Collecting the Early History of the County—A Paper on the "Loss of the Speedy."

The attendance at the monthly meeting of the Historical Association last evening in the County Council Chamber was meagre.

Lieut.-Col. H. C. Rogers, the president, occupied the chair, and after the minutes had been read and confirmed, he stated that the committee on the Art Loan exhibition was not prepared to report at present. The president remarked that it was suggested that the exhibition should be held at the same time as the diamond jubilee celebration.

Mr. F. R. Yokome inquired whether a safe had been procured to preserve historical documents and other papers.

Mr. T. A. Hay, the secretary, replied that a safe, the first imported into town, had been donated to the Society. It was now lying in the Ontario Bank. The late Mr. Nicholls had received this safe when the Bank of Montreal was first opened here, and it alone was of historical value.

The committee to suggest a motto for the Society did not report, but promised to do so at the May meeting. The only motto yet suggested is one by Mr. Yokome, "The Past Preserve, the Present Prize," and it seemed to be greatly favored. Several names were proposed and accepted as members.

Mr. E. B. Edwards drew the attention of the Society to the necessity of collecting information from the old settlers, in order that an exact history of the country could be prepared. After a few suggestions had been made the president, secretary, Messrs Hampden Burnham, H. T. Strickland and F. R. Yokome, were chosen a committee to collect the early history of the county from old settlers and employ a stenographer for the interviews.

Mr. Hampden Burnham will be asked by the Society to attend and prepare a paper for the annual convention of the Ontario Historians at Niagara in June.

During the evening Mr. W. A. Buchanan read a paper on "The Loss of the Speedy," an incident in the early history of Upper Canada that is comparatively unknown. The "Speedy," one of the first vessels built for traffic on Lake Ontario, left Little York on the 7th of October, 1807, with court officials, amongst them Attorney General Gray and Justice Cochrane and other passengers to attend a court at Presque Isle Point, which is now a summer resort opposite the village of Brighton. At Whitby the vessel took on board an Indian of the Six Nations or Iroquois, who was charged with the murder of a white settler. The "Speedy" then departed, but never reached its destination. A great storm arose and the waves lashed the sides of the frail craft and the "Speedy" had to yield to the power of the sea, and with its crew, passengers, the alleged murderer and the avenging officers of justice sank beneath the turbulent waters, and a few pieces of the ship's cargo that were washed upon the shore bore evidence of the calamity. Presque Isle court house, where the court was to have been held, was erected in the early days of the present century by Capt. Tullock on the instructions of Lieutenant-Governor Simcoe, and was a log structure, which afterwards was used as a barn, and to-day only its foundation marks the historic spot, for this court house was the first constructed west of Kingston; but after the fatality on the lake court was never held in the building. Old settlers in that vicinity state that the building was first intended for the Parliament house in which Lieut. Governor Simcoe was to meet the electoral representatives on his arrival in upper Canada. The district surrounding this spot was the home of the first settlers in the province and is of much historical interest.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 234 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

No First of April Joke.

The Port Hope Times says.—"The approach of the 10.10 train from Peterborough last night was heralded by an odor that disturbed the peace of the neighborhood around the Midland depot. About a mile from town the engine ran over a polecat, and the odor that immediately prevaded the atmosphere almost derailed the train. As soon as the train stopped the passengers fairly rushed from the cars. Councillor Giddy was on board and he told Jack McMullen, who was on his way home from the Dominion Day committee meeting, that it was the worst experience he ever had in his life. A traveller on the train, representing a glue factory, was so overcome that he had to be carried to the Queen's and resuscitated with a bottle of Ambrose & Winslow's soda water. The members of a wedding party from Garden Hill were hanging half way out of the car windows, grasping for smelling salts, which were quickly supplied from Dayell's drug store. As the train pulled out it was noticed that the engineer and fireman took turns fanning each other. It is likely the engine will be sold for old iron as it can never be used again.

THE TEAM RAN ON THE PAVEMENT

A Dozen People Escape From Under the Feet of One of the Fire Teams on Their Way to a Fire.

Wonders never cease and the fact that somebody was not killed or badly injured while the team attached to the hose waggon was responding to a call to a small blaze at the Bridge works last evening is a miracle. The team, which is very spirited, was coming down George-st. at a fast rate of speed and at the corner of George and Charlotte-sts., Driver Montgomery says, they swerved from a street car and in order to prevent them running into a telegraph pole and causing a "spill" he ran them onto the custom house pavement, where a dozen or more people were watching. Some of these escaped within an ace of losing their lives, and many of those who watched the team and waggon as it bounded onto the hard walk felt death or injury was in hand for some one, but this was averted. Several of the firemen received a shaking up that they will not likely experience again for some time. At the custom house steps, the team took the road again and nothing eventful occurred. The other team kept the street all the way to the works.

The blaze for which the alarm was sounded was under control when the brigade arrived, a few pails of water having extinguished the flames that had started in a mysterious way in the coping on the eastern end of the works.

MARCH WEATHER NOTES.

March Came in Like a Lion and Went Out Like a Lamb.

In keeping with the former months of this winter, the month of March just passed proved to be a mild one and considerably above the average in temperature.

The first day of March was the coldest of the month, when 10 degrees below zero was reached. The only other day that the temperature went below zero was on the 16th, when 2 below was indicated. The warmest day was on the 30th, viz, 52 degrees.

The average temperature for the whole month was 27.18 degrees. The average temperature of March of former years was 20.90. It is thus seen that the month just gone by was over 6 degrees higher than usual.

The average daily range (the difference between the highest and lowest each day) was 15.67. The greatest daily range was on the 1st when there was a difference of 45 degrees in the 24 hours, or from 10 below zero to 35 above. The least daily range was on the 9th, when there was a difference of only 3 degrees.

Rain or snow fell on 20 days to the amount of 3½ inches. The rainfall was 1.68 inches. The snowfall was about 18 inches. The heaviest snowfalls were on the 14th and 24th. On the latter date more snow fell than on any one time this winter. The precipitation for the average March is 2.61 inches, so during the past month we had more moisture than we were entitled to.

The truth of the old saw that when March comes in like a lion it goes out like a lamb was verified in this particular instance.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

BROKE THROUGH THE ICE

A Farmer Gets His Team into the Water and Brings a Third One to the Rescue and it Goes in too.

Mr. Charles Harrington, of Ennismore, had a rather unpleasant experience on Monday last. While crossing the Narrows with a team attached to a sleigh, the horses broke through the ice. His two boys came to his assistance, but the ice at the place was usually bad at this time of the year and, although they succeeded in getting the team out several times, the ice would give away and let them down again. By this time the team were almost exhausted. Mr. Harrington ran to his stable, a short distance, and brought another horse to the spot intending to draw the drowning team out of the water and to shore. But as he reached the spot to his surprise the other animal also dropped through the ice, leaving all three in the one hole. A number of Indians from the village arrived and with much difficulty they succeeded in saving the three horses in an exhausted condition. This should be a warning to others, as the ice is becoming rotten and is entirely unsafe for public travel.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

OAK HALL.

Personal.

Mr. Alex. Pratt was installed as postmaster at Cobourg yesterday in succession to Mr. Chas. Guillet, who resigned.

ASHBURNHAM'S CHIEF OF POLICE.

The Village Council Has Procured Him a Revolver and Handcuffs—A Warning to Law Breakers.

Owing to the departure of the Trent Valley canal deputation to Ottawa on Monday the April meeting of the Ashburnham Council was held last evening, when Reeve Adams and Councillors Rutherford, Johnston, Morgan and Smith were present.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

The following communication were received:

From the Three Rivers iron works, in regard to water works plant.

From the city clerk, of Toronto, regarding tax exemption.

From Mayor Yelland, respecting the Trent Valley canal deputation.

A petition was received from D. W. Dumble, Geo. Ward and other property holders in the north end of the village, asking that the Council take some action in regard to changing the

COURSE OF THE CREEK,

so that spring freshets may be obviated. A committee was appointed to investigate as to cost and report at next meeting.

On motion of Councillors Johnston and Smith, the following accounts were ordered to be paid:—

J C Sullivan, charity orders	$ 2 50
John Kerr, charity order	1 00
George McWilliams, charity order	50
Scott & Hegg, charity order	1 50
J T Craig, wood	3 75
Pay sheet No. 2	30 00
.. .. 3	28 25
.. .. 4	95 95

The treasurer presented his monthly report of receipts and expenditures as follows:—

RECEIPTS.

Taxes	$1,702 09
Use of town hall	7 00
Rebate Micks & Cox's acct	1 78
Note No 1	1,500 00
.. 2	1,500 00
Rents	25 00
Total	$4,735 87

PAYMENTS.

Streets and bridges	$ 177 85
Stratton & Hall, re Craig	27 00
Paid 1896 note	3,400 00
Separate School Board	237 00
Charity	3 25
Discount and interest	96 65
Public School Board	250 00
Town of Peterborough	800 00
Debenture interest	30 00
W Stocker, acct	1 50
Total	$5,113 25

Mr A McCarthy wanted to know on what terms the hall could be rented to a society about to be organized in the village; meetings to be held once or twice a month. He was told $1 a night.

The Property committee was authorized to procure a revolver, hand-cuffs, etc., for the chief of police.

On motion of Councillors Rutherford and Smith, the treasurer was instructed to pay the street inspector monthly.

On motion of Councillors Rutherford and Johnston, by-law No. 215, relating to dog tax, was rescinded and the amounts were ordered to be placed on the collector's roll for collection.

The whole Council will probably go to Ottawa on the Trent Valley canal deputation.

A committee was appointed to consider the best plan of watering the streets during the summer season, and were instructed to report at the next meeting.

It was decided that the street committee will make its annual tour of inspection next Saturday.

Cantata Ruth

TUESDAY, April 6th.

CURFEW BELL TO BE RUNG.

The Police Must Enforce the Law and Spend a Couple of Hours in the Outskirts.

The curfew bell must be rung every evening in the future, and the Mayor and police must see that the by-law which was passed some time ago is strictly enforced.

The Supervision of Police committee met last evening and decided to enforce this law, and Engineer English will have to ring the bell again.

One policeman will have to be on the outskirts of the town from eight to ten o'clock every evening, and look after the law, and especially to watch that the small boy and girl is not on the streets after 9 o'clock.

The Market committee at their meeting instructed the police to enforce the by-law against market gardeners forestalling. It was argued that men residing in the country and not paying taxes to the town came on the market before 11 o'clock, purchased garden produce and then peddled it around town, much to the detriment of the men who paid a fee to sell on the market.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Kinoscopscope at the opera house.

Sewerage committee.

Board of Trade.

Special meeting of Otonabee Lodge, I.O. O.F., at 7.30.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Y W C A Notes

Don't forget the meeting of the Association this evening. All the members are particularly requested to be present.

The president also wishes to meet with the the Executive committee at 7.30.

Maple Syrup

Pure Maple Syrup of finest quality, being light in color and made on the latest improved evaporators, put up in 1, 2, and 5 gal. cans at $1.00 per gal., or a very choice local made syrup at $1.00 per gal, 25c per quart, at E. F. Mason & Co's. 2477

Called to a Fire at an Early Hour.

At 4.20 o'clock this morning the fire brigade was summoned to a fire on Cross-st in the rear of the West Ward school. It was located in a frame unoccupied cottage owned by Mrs. W. Burns. The house was in flames the fire fighters arrived, but after a little labor the fire was under control, though the dwelling, which is valued at a couple of hundred dollars, was destroyed and a house adjoining was slightly damaged.

Transfers Allowed

The Transfer committee of the Methodist church met yesterday in Toronto and allowed the transfer of Rev. W. C. Beer to London Conference and the Rev. J. E. Moore, to Bay of Quinte Conference. Mr. Beer has been been invited to Dalton and Mr. Moore to Ashburnham. Rev. G. H. Davis has been transferred from the Montreal Conference to the Bay of Quinte Conference and Rev. W. B. Tucker goes to the Montreal Conference.

DON'T BUY

YOUR BICYCLE before you see our

$50 HARTFORD,
$65 HARTFORD,
$85 COLUMBIA,
$100 COLUMBIA.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

PROVINCIAL HOSPITALS.

The Report for the Year 1896 Has Been Brought Down.

The report of the hospitals of the province for the year 1896 has been laid before the Legislature. The report shows that during the past year the General hospital, Huntsville, the Berlin-Waterloo hospital and the Maternity hospital, Ottawa, have been placed on the list of those receiving Government aid. Applications have been made for similar aid from the General hospital, Sarnia, Western hospital, Toronto, and the Huntsville hospital. It is made compulsory on the part of hospital receiving Government aid that they shall receive all classes for treatment. There are no sectarian hospitals; they all do a general work, and receive an assistance based on the work in each individual case. The total number of hospitals now receiving provincial aid is thirty-nine. The amount of the Legislative grant for this year will be $110,000, and this sum will be distributed in proportion to the work done. The total number of patients treated in the hospitals during the past year was 17,517, as compared with 16,161 in 1895. In addition to this thousands of patients known as waiting or out-door patients have been prescribed for and supplied with medicine and surgical assistance. The number of deaths in the past year in provincial hospitals receiving Government aid was 1,042. The death rate in the hospitals is reported to be steadily decreasing.

We will offer another lot of Ladies' High-class Jackets and Children's Reefer Coats at 75c each to-morrow (Saturday) morning, the 3rd. inst. ROBT. FAIR, sign of the Golden Lion. 1d

Spring Bottoms all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Stamping

Done cheaply and satisfactorily. We have been very successful with our stamping. Try us with a small piece and you will come to us in the future. MRS. APPLEBY, 426 Water-st. 6d73

KADESH BARNEA.

The Subject of an Address by Evangelist Ranton Before a Large Congregation.

"Kadesh Barnea" was the subject of Evangelist Ranton's admirable address last evening, the text selected being Deuteronomy 1, 19. After a brief historical and geographical review of the facts leading up to the statement of the text, Mr. Ranton proceeded to discuss the subject of prompt decision. His method of treating the subject was unique. Instances were cited of men who had decided and the cause which led them to decide described. The first case mentioned was that of Herod, who, under the pointed teaching of John the Baptist, was brought to a place of decision, but did not decide to lead a better life through love of adultery. With delicacy and tact did the speaker point out the fact that many are kept out of Christ today through love of this sin.

The next instance was Pilate, who did not decide because he lacked the courage of his convictions. He would wash his hands of the blood of Christ, but at the same time felt that he was not doing right. The application of this was very pointed. Mr. Ranton next proceeded to describe some instances where men decided to do right. He pictured very graphically the steps leading up to the conversion of a young man thoroughly imbued with skepticism, who under the power of a prayer offered by a young Presbyterian minister was led to think of Christ, and who when at a religious service held the same evening stopped the minister while pronouncing the benediction and came to the altar as a seeker. This man was none other than the now well known Rev. Dr. McIntyre, of Chicago, so widely known as a popular preacher and lecturer. Another case was that of the present editor of the paper called "The Ram's Horn." The relating of these instances was listened to with rapt attention. In the application of the truth last night Mr. Ranton was, if possible, more earnest and pointed than at any other of the services yet held. The vast audience was deeply stirred and at the close many came to the front as seekers. The service of song was as usual very interesting, and a solo by Mr. James Browne rendered with very great effect.

To-night Mr. Ranton will speak especially to young people, his subject being "Lame in Both Feet."

These services are producing a marked interest in religious matters and will be continued next week.

LET IT BE KNOWN

If You Are Going to Ottawa Let the Committee Know It

It is desirable that the committee having in charge the arrangements for the Board of Trade excursion to Ottawa should be in possession of some accurate estimate of the number who intend going to Ottawa on Monday. The number would like to be known so that all necessary arrangements for accommodation may be made in good time. It is therefore requested that all who intend going to the Capital on the excursion would make their intention known at once to Mr. H. S. Macdonald, secretary of the Board of Trade.

MR. STANLEY'S DEPARTURE.

Presented With an Address and Gold Pin by the Employees of the C.G.E. Car Department.

Prior to his departure for Wilmington, Delaware, Mr. E. A. Stanley, superintendent, was presented with an address and gold pen by the employees of the car department of the Canadian General Electric works. The address, which had been handsomely illuminated by Mr. D. A. Shaw, read as follows:

DEAR SIR,—We, the employees in the car department of the Canadian General Electric company, feeling that we have had the benefit of your large experience, and believing that you have proved true to the trust reposed in you by the company, wish to express our regard and esteem for you as an honorable man. We have recognized your superior ability and have always felt that we could rely upon your judgment, and while you have discharged your duty faithfully towards the company you have dealt with your men as followmen.

We who have come more especially under your charge know how anxious you have been for the business to prosper and that the men might prosper with it. We therefore feel that we cannot allow you to leave our town without expressing our regret at your departure. We wish you Godspeed and trust that your brightest hopes may be fully realized in your new home. We ask you to accept this pen as a slight token of the days of pleasure and worry spent with us, and our desire is that when life's labors are ended we shall meet with those who have done our Master's will.

Signed on behalf of the workmen,
R. E. HARDING,
JAS. HANNAH.

Mr. Stanley made a suitable reply.

On to Ottawa.

Parliament is open and the excursion to the Capital under the auspices of the Board of Trade will take place on April 5th and 6th. A good opportunity to see Parliament in session, and view the buildings and other sights of the Capital. Tickets from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood and Havelock only $3 and good to go on special at 2 p. m., and regular at 11.35 p. m. on Monday, the 5th, or any regular train on Tuesday, and to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, $2.50, to go on same trains, and to return up to Wednesday night. d76

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

Interesting Items From the Railroads of the Grand Trunk.

Car Distributor Price, of the G T R, has gone to Havelock to arrange for the supplies of wood for next season for the stations.

Several important changes have been announced in the locomotive department of the G T R. Mr. J W Harkom, master mechanic, with headquarters at Toronto, has been appointed master mechanic of the eastern division with headquarters at Montreal; Mr. W D Robb, master mechanic at London, has been appointed master mechanic of the middle division, with headquarters at Toronto; Mr. W D Ball, locomotive foreman at Belleville, who recently occupied a similar position at Toronto, has been appointed master mechanic of the northern division with headquarters at Allandale, and Mr. A A Scott, locomotive foreman at Allandale, will succeed Mr. Ball at Belleville. The northern division was formerly under the jurisdiction of Mr. Harkom, but will in future form a separate district for mechanical purposes.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

Brevities.

—The Sewerage committee meets to-night.

—The market square is being cleaned today.

—Norwood's population is 1,110, an increase of 50.

—A large class is preparing for confirmation at St. John's church.

—A special meeting of Otonabee Lodge, No 12, I O O F., will be held to-night.

—Mr. George Fowler is now carrying the mails between the G T R and C P R stations and the post office.

—The Board of Trade will hold an interesting meeting to-night. The attendance should be large.

—Mr. Robt. Stewart, of Springbrook, has purchased Mr W Rutherford's stock of drugs, patent medicines, &c., at Norwood.

—Messrs. John Mahony, Daniel Kennedy and P. C. Sullivan, of Ennismore, each lost a valuable horse last week with distemper.

—The service preparatory to the Sacrament of the Lord's supper will be held in St. Andrew's church to-night (Friday), at 8 p.m.

—Mr. George Robinson, G T R station agent at Bethany, goes to Madoc. Mr. A W Granger at Hastings has been transferred to Markham.

—Rev. E. Cragg, of town, will preach special educational sermons at both appointments on the Bethel circuit on Sunday next.

—Bicyclists may well advocate riding their wheels on the sidewalks. To-day a Councillor was wheeling along Hunter-st. on the walk contrary to the by-law.

—This week's issue of the Utica Globe contains an excellent portrait and a brief pen sketch of Mr. James Kendry, M.P. The reference to West Peterborough's popular member was sent from Ottawa.

—There will be a meeting held on Monday evening next at the Oriental hotel for the purpose of organizing the Park Nine B. B. C. for the coming season. All enthusiasts are requested to attend.

—The Messrs. Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, have nearly 30 million feet of lumber piled in their yards at Bobcaygeon. The $2 per 1,000 feet duty imposed by the United States therefore means a loss of almost $60,000.

—Mr. R. M. Roy has at last received a set of magnificent stereopticon slides covering the subject, "Kaffirs, Boers and Britons," dealing with the incidents of the Jameson raid in the Transvaal. He will exhibit these slides at an early date.

—The annual pedro tournament between the curlers and non-curlers will take place in the parlors at the rink to-night. All participants are requested to be at the rink at 7.45 o'clock sharp.

—Mr. Patrick Carroll, of the Pullman saloon, was charged in Police Court this morning with having communication between his licensed premises and unlicensed premises. The complaint was withdrawn, Mr. Carroll promising to close the door between the two places.

—The committee appointed by the Queen's diamond jubilee celebration committee to appoint sub-committees met last evening and drafted the committees, which will be presented to the general committee for endorsation.

—At to-night's meeting of the Board of Trade a paper will be read on "Transportation by Navigation" which will be illustrated by stereopticon views of the Trent canal from Trenton to Georgian Bay. There will also be shown the American and Canadian canals, making comparisons, etc., which will be not only intensely interesting but exceedingly instructive.

Cantata Ruth

TUESDAY, April 6th.

TEN DAYS' SPECIAL

EASTER SALE!

In order to make things lively around our store till Easter and give everyone bargains to make them especially joyous, we have decided on A SPECIAL TEN DAYS' SALE. The New Goods, as well as the Spring portion of the Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock must go at special prices. Sale commences

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 3rd.

We have prepared as never before for the enthusiasm of Easter. We want lookers as well as buyers and everybody is welcome to examine the new goods to their heart's content. There is no one here to pull faces at you if you don't buy.

THE BARGAIN LIST:

Staple and Cotton Wash Goods.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 25c to 30c., sale price 10c.
500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 35c to 45c., sale price 15c.
You will require to lose no time to get some of these.
300 yards Check Ginghams, original price 8c., sale price 5c
300 yards 32 inch Flannelettes, original price 8c., sale price 5c.
300 yards Prints, light and dark; original price 10c., sale price 6¼.
1,000 yards more of that special 8c. Grey Cotton, sale price 5c.
300 yards Circular Pillow Cotton, original price 18c, sale price 12½c.

Carpets and House-furnishings.

300 Window Shades, original price $1.00, sale price 39c.
200 yards Union Carpet, regular price 35c., sale price 25c.
300 yards Ingrain Carpets, good value at 60c., sale price 45c.
300 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 35c. sale price 25c.
400 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 60c, sale price 45c.
500 yards Brussels Carpet, regular price $1.25, sale price 90c.

Dress Goods and Silks.

500 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 7 different patterns, good value at 35c, sale price 60 cents.
200 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 3 different patterns, good value at 75c, sale price 50 cents.
100 yards new Blouse Silks, original price 35c., sale price 25c.
Special value in Black Lustres, in plain and fancy.

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

200 pair Ladies' Cashmere Hose in Plain and Ribbed 25c.
1000 yards Washing Laces, original price 10c., sale price 5c.
150 Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c., sale price 5c.
600 Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c., sale price 5c.

Millinery and Mantles.

100 Straw Sailors, special, at 25c.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.25.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.50.
We have the most stylish Millinery in town, so the ladies say.
10 Children's Capes, will clear at $1.00.
10 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $1.75.
5 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $2.00.
20 Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, will clear at $1.
New Dressing Jackets, will clear at $1.35.
Blouse Waists, special price 50c.

White Wear and Corsets

100 Pair White Corsets, Robert Hall's price $2.00, sale price $1.00.
This is a rare chance to get a beautiful White Corset, $2 quality, at half price.
Ladies' White Skirts and Underwear at clearing prices.
1,000 yards White Lawn, special price 10c.
300 pair Drab Corsets, 75c. quality, price 50c.

This is an opportunity that seldom occurs at this season of the year, but we must turn some of this into cash quickly.
EVERYONE WELCOME.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

Lily Lake Literary Society.

On account of the bad roads the regular meeting of Lily Lake Literary Society on Thursday, March 25th, was not as large as usual, but nevertheless a good programme was rendered as follows:

Address.....President
Report.....Secretary
Report.....Critic
Chorus.....Glee Club
Reports.....Hall committee
Song.....Miss E. Tully
Dialogue.....Messrs L. Fry, W. Patten and Lou Ferguson
Speech.....Mr. Robert Tully
Debate, "Resolved that a system of taxation is preferable to road work." Affirmative, Messrs. Jas. Middleton and J. Stinson. Negative, Messrs. G. A. Reid and W. Simpson. Decided in favor of negative.
Paper.....Editor

God Save the Queen.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

A Fashionable Spring Overcoat.

AT TRIFLING EXPENSE.....

Among the New Woolens purchased by us this spring are

FINE ENGLISH VENETIANS AND COVERT COATINGS,

In Fawns, Browns, Drabs, Greys and Blues. About twenty shades in all and our

Charge to make one of them—Fifteen to Eighteen Dollars.

A. MERCER & CO. High Class Cash Tailors, 355 George-st. Reid. 1867

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

MASSEY-HARRIS

BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skilful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 22 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

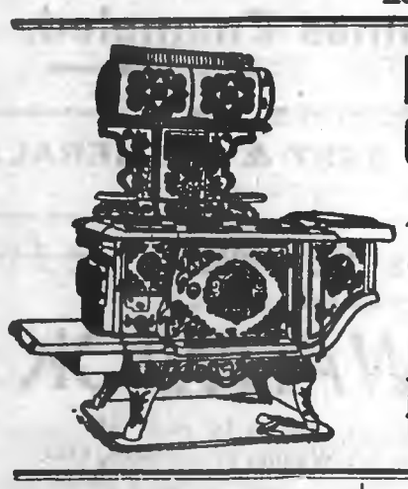
Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



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THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

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Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 120

Do You Seek
A Situation?
Have You Houses
or Land for Sale?
Have You Secured
All the Help You Want?
Have You Horses or
Have You a Really
High Class Stock of
Dry Goods or Clothing,
To Sell?
You Will Find It Pays
To Advertise To Advertise
In THE REVIEW.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CANADA'S FAVORITE BRAND

Sold Everywhere,

Used in Clubs, Hotels and Families.

Aged 7 Years in Oak Casks

under Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp on each Capsule.

The best Whisky ever distilled in this country — PURE OLD MELLOW

Contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

MONTREAL.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne,

Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED

SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

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S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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HEAD OFFICE:

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Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

VARSITY LAND GRANT

Discussed in the Ontario Assembly Yesterday.

Two Townships of Mining Lands Included in the Deal, Which Mr. Ross Says Is Recompense Due the University for Lands Utilized by Government—Appropriation for Technical Schools—High Schools May Become Technical by Municipal Bylaw—Insurance Bill Well Received.

The Government rushed through the second reading of Hon. Mr. Ross' bill to set aside six townships for the use of Toronto University at the Legislature last evening. The line of attack chosen by the Opposition was that the connection of the University with the Government was detrimental to the interests of that institution. The Minister of Education explained that the bill was a compromise, providing for a partial indemnification of the University for lands belonging to it which had been utilized at different times by the Government. The Attorney-General also informed the House that the lands included two townships of mining lands, and all would be sold in the same manner as other Crown lands, the proceeds going to the University.

In the afternoon the House went into committee to consider the Attorney-General's municipal audit bill, Mr. O'Keefe presiding. The mover explained that he had altered the bill at the request of different members of the House to make it apply to cities of 14,000 population and under. A provision was also made to recognise the Ontario Association of Chartered Accountants, but any expert accountant would be eligible for the position of auditor. The bill, as amended, was carried.

The House went into committee of the whole to consider Hon. Mr. Ross' resolution: "That towards the maintenance of technical schools there shall be paid annually, on the report of the Minister of Education, out of any moneys appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose, a sum not exceeding the amount payable for the maintenance of High school pupils under the regulations of the Education Department."

In reply to Col. Matheson, the Minister of Education stated that no additional appropriations to the High school grant would be asked for this session, although he believed that technical school appropriations should be additional to those for High schools. The motion passed.

The Provincial Secretary's bill respecting vital statistics also passed the committee stage.

Hon. G. W. Ross' bill empowering High School Boards to change their school into a technical school was then considered.

Col. Matheson thought a change such as the one involved in the bill should be left to the vote of the electors.

Mr. Ross pointed out that the change had to be ratified by municipal bylaw. He knew of no great remonstrance against the bill taking effect.

Col. Matheson explained that he had heard that the bill would seriously affect the city of Toronto, as he understood that it was proposed to use one of the buildings now used as a High school in the city to furnish accommodation for a technical school.

The bill passed.

It was the night of the Speaker's weekly dinner, so that it was wellnigh 9 o'clock when the Minister of Education arose to move the second reading of his bill setting apart certain wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto.

Mr. Ross stated that the object of the bill was to settle some outstanding claims of the University. It would prevent expensive litigation against the Government. For some years back the revenue of the institution had not met the expenditures, although for the past couple of years there had been a surplus. It was a splendid occasion to settle once and forever certain outstanding debts, as it was the centenary anniversary of the establishment of the University.

In 1797, said Mr. Ross, an address had been presented to King George for permission to establish a university. In the same year as well 500,000 acres had been granted the institution, but of that amount considerable had since been taken by the Government of Ontario to endow grammar schools. This land had never been totally returned, and this was one of the grounds upon which Toronto University now based its claim for indemnification. It was asking for the full grant originally bestowed and including the lands so held in abeyance. This claim was estimated to value some $196,000.

Another claim of $225,000 was put in for the occupation and rental, with interest, of the old stone building belonging to the University, but occupied without payment of rent between the years 1853 and 1868 by the Government.

A third claim against the Government on the part of the University was occasioned by the taking away of certain University lands to endow Upper Canada College. This claim, together with interest, amounted to some $196,465.

There were various other claims the Minister explained, such as that for $2000 worth of University land made use of in the construction of the Tay Canal. This was properly a Dominion Government obligation.

Mr. Ross went on to explain that the lack of funds was largely due to the $355,000 spent in the erection of the various wings, departments, libraries, etc. of the University. The attendance at the University had increased from a total of 34 students in 1854 to 961 in 1896. The staff of professors, lecturers and fellows had increased from 19 to 44. Taking into account the various affiliated colleges, the University examined 4747 pupils, besides the 961 attending the University itself. These affiliated students were taught by some 303 professors and teachers. The work of the institution, therefore, merited any assistance which could be given.

But, besides the material grounds for help, the University appealed on the broader grounds of the religious, literary, scientific and artistic benefits which it caused. It also appealed upon national grounds. In Germany there were no less than 20 national universities, and the eloquent member for Middlesex considered it highly beneficial to national life to have a national university in Ontario. It was not a new thing to aid universities, said the speaker, and he proceeded to substantiate this by giving the sums expended by such advanced nations as Germany, Great Britain, France and the United States in aid of universities in the past three decades.

Of all the events whose anniversaries would be celebrated this year, the Minister of Education held, in conclusion, that the centenary of the establishment of Toronto University should receive the highest consideration. He moved the second reading of the bill.

Mr. Howland hoped that with the main purport of the bill the House would be unanimously favorable. It was a case of tardy restitution and the financial statement of the University showed that the endowment was much needed. A report of a London expert had estimated the minimum annual cost of a well-equipped university to be £50,000, while Toronto University was managing with half that sum. But as to some particular phases of the bill he had to raise some objection. The bill would grant only a partial payment of the obligation, and, as this was not entirely satisfactory a deed of release was to be executed by officers of the University. If the effort to indemnify the University was to be successful, it should be an indemnity of the University, and not by the University, for the burdens which it was bearing as a protege of the Government. The best way to relieve the University was to cut it loose from cumbersome Government control. It could not be hoped that the funds of the province, now in such an unhappy condition, would meet its necessities. It was from the benefactions of private individuals that the aid must come. How could the University of Toronto hold out its hands for such benefactions when its history showed it to be a creature of the caprice of a Legislature deprived and endorsed at Government will? Concluding, the member for South Toronto held that, should the present bill become law, it should be immediately followed by a liberal measure which would cut the University loose from the winding sheet of control wound around it by the Government.

No reply was offered from the Government benches and Col. Matheson arose. He agreed that the obligation of the Government should be met. He believed, however, that it was a wrong policy to tie up any lands for a private corporation and not allow free claims, even though that corporation was a University. He was afraid that some of the claims of the University would not stand ventilation. As regards the Tay Canal property, he did not know of a single foot of land taken by the Government for that canal. There was, therefore, no claim against the Government on that ground, and if the other claims were on similar grounds they would be hard to substantiate. The $7000 annuity provided for by the bill meant a cash payment of at least $200,000, which meant a great deal. The Minister had taken the right stand when he had excused the grant on the ground that it was a national university. The speaker thought, like Mr. Howland if the present claims were paid off, that the Government should then shake the school loose and have no voice in its control. The minute it was free from that control, benefactions would pour in as they had done to McGill, Queen's and Trinity. Wealthy men would not endow the University so long as the funds were controlled, and they were not assured how economically either, by the Government.

Hon. Mr. Gibson boiled the objections of the Opposition down to mean a belief that the Government had not been liberal enough in indemnifying the University. The Opposition appeared to assume that further assistance would have to follow. This was not necessarily the case. A large increase in the revenue was looked for from the renewal of leases upon city and other lands, which, owing to real estate depression, could not be leased at present The present settlement was looked upon as a final one. The bill was criticized because it would lock up large areas of lands in the interests of a private corporation. This was not the case, for the bill provided for control and management of the lands set aside by the Crown Lands Department. The Biological Department was not a burden upon the University, for the fees of pupils fully paid the interest on the amount expended in the erection of the building as well as the rental. All that was wanted was to put the departments of mineralogy and geology on a satisfactory footing, and the equipment of the University would be complete.

The leader of the Opposition agreed that it was eminently proper that the House should not deal with the question in any narrow spirit. It would be the height of folly to adopt any other course than to indemnify the University. The bill, however, did not attempt to shut out the possibility of further application for grants on the part of the University. The bill distinctly permitted of this, and he wished to be distinctly understood not to sanction that feature of it. Mr. Whitney stated, in conclusion, his intention to take a vote on the question of the advisability of the connection of the University with the Government before the end of the session.

Mr. Beatty of Parry Sound believed the grant to be a needless interference with the free grant system of Ontario.

The Attorney-General explained that it was not intended to tie the land down. It was intended to sell it on the same terms as the ordinary Crown land around it, and all the exploration and bookkeeping was to be done by the Government. The University was to receive any moneys which the Government might derive from it. It would not interfere with free grant lands, because the land in the six townships was not in the free grant district at all. Two of the townships would be mining townships, so that there was no reason why, during the present mining fever, these lands might not be sold at a good figure in the interests of the University.

Dr. Willoughby concluded the debate. The question was then put, and the bill carried without division.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Haycock to disqualify members of the Legislature for using railway passes.

EX-MAYOR JAMESON

Is the Liberal Candidate Put Up in Winnipeg and He Will Probably Have a Walk Over.

Winnipeg, April 1.—(Special.)—The Winnipeg Liberals met to-night in the Bijou Opera House to ballot for a candidate for the seat rendered vacant by Hon. Hugh John Macdonald's disqualification. There was a large attendance. The balloting resulted in the choice of ex-Mayor Jameson. As the Conservatives have practically decided not to put up a candidate under the present circumstances his election by acclamation is not improbable.

Death of Lord Plunket.

Dublin, April 1.—The Most Reverend William C. Plunket, D.D. (Lord Plunket), Protestant Archbishop of Dublin, died here this morning after a brief illness.

William Conyngham Plunket was born in 1828, elected Bishop of Meath in 1876, and translated to the Archbishopric of Dublin in 1884. He was a member of the Senate of the Royal University of Ireland.

JUST "TELL THEM I'M DEAD."

And Jenkins Trounced the Office Boy for Doing So.

"Did you hear about Jenkins and his office boy?" asked De Smith of a friend as they were going to lunch the other day.

"No, I didn't hear," replied the friend. "What about 'em?"

"Oh, Jenkins just kicked him all over the office and has been in mortal fear ever since that the boy would carry out a threat to have him arrested," explained De Smith.

"Why, what was he kicking his office boy for?" asked the friend.

"Well, the boy was one of the stupid kind, you see, and he had no sense of humor," went on De Smith. "On the day Jenkins did the kicking he had been particularly busy and had been a good deal bothered by people who came in to ask questions of him and wanted to stop and talk. Jenkins was trying to get his correspondence cleared up and it made him kind of hot to be interrupted so many times. He stood it a long while and then gathered up his paper and sneaked away with a stenographer into a back room."

"'I'm going to get out of here, Johnnie,' he said to the office boy when the place was finally clear of callers. 'If any more people come, I don't want to see them.'"

"'What shall I tell 'em?' asked Johnnie.

"'Oh, tell them anything,' said Jenkins, impatiently. 'Tell them I'm dead,' he shouted, as he slammed the door.

"Well, Johnnie took him at his word," continued De Smith. "He wasn't a brilliant office boy at all. He was new in the office, and he thought Jenkins meant just what he said. Jenkins hadn't been out of the room three minutes, when in walked a lady whom Johnnie had never seen before, and asked if Mr. Jenkins was in.

"'Nope, he ain't here any more,' answered Johnnie.

"'Isn't here any more,' repeated the lady with surprise. 'Why, where is he?'

"'He's dead,' answered Johnnie carelessly.

"'Dead!' shrieked the lady piteously.

"'Yes ma'm, dead,' repeated Johnnie coolly. 'Died this morning.'

"'Oh, mercy,' sobbed the woman, as she grabbed the back of a chair, and Jenkins, who was coming back to the room to get a communication he had forgotten when he went out first, got in just in time to see his wife sink to the floor in a dead faint.

"They called in a doctor and restored her to consciousness, and then Jenkins started in on the kicking game which he fears will land him in court. He has paid the boy's mother $50, but the kid says Jenkins will have to pay him $50, too, or go to jail. He 'ain't goin' to be kicked for doin' what he was told,' he says."

Not so Bad as It Sounds.

"Let me take you down to supper."
"Can't. Promised him."
"Oh, all right; then go to the devil!"
—London Sketch.

The Minister's Mistake.

In a rural parish in the Mearns the other week, says an Edinburgh exchange, an Aberdeen divine, who had driven over in a hired vehicle, occupied the pulpit. Only one person attended service, and the minister apologized for the length of his discourse. His audience signified his approval of his preaching and the minister continued. Guess his consternation when he discovered his audience consisted of his driver, who had been engaged by the hour.

Trolley to the Pyramids.

One of the results of the British occupation of Egypt is the introduction of modern inventions and conveniences in that ancient land. The "tramways" in Cairo are run by electricity, and a concession has just been granted for a trolley line from Cairo to the Pyramids.

One loaf of bread may be light, sweet and digestible. You may use the same materials for another and have it heavy, sour and soggy. The knack is in putting the ingredients together just right. A substitute for Scott's Emulsion may have the same ingredients and yet not be a perfect substitute, for no one knows how to put the parts together as we do. The secret of "how" is our business—twenty-five years of experience has taught us the best way.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY APRIL 2, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePinnes.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Denne and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford.

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec-Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use and tested every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

—The farmers are engaged in the sugar bush these days. Its fine sugar weather.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

THE DOMINION HOUSE

Continued from Page 1.

late who has been sent from Rome to Canada says with regard to his mission, we must come to the conclusion, as reasonable and honest men, that he has been sent out here to aid these gentlemen in making some further settlement, or some further arrangement, in connection with this school business. Now, sir, I think, from the speeches that have been made in this House by gentlemen who signed that famous manifesto to the Pope, and who knew whereof they spoke, I think it must be clear to every person in this House that this delegate has come to Canada in response to the petition which they sent to the Holy Father, and if the papal delegate expresses his views correctly in the interviews which I have quoted, he certainly understands that he is coming here not to settle a domestic dispute between members of the same Church, but rather as the representative of the Holy Father in the settlement of a matter which certainly ought to be settled by those most interested, the people of Canada, and by them alone."

Continuing, he entered his solemn protest against the Government seeking aid outside of the Dominion of Canada or the British Empire in settling a matter of prime importance to the people of this country. He condemned the grave abuses of power on the part of the bishops of Quebec, which had been exposed by the Minister of Public Works. Such things should not be permitted, and if the Government did not enact legislation against such things it would be held responsible for their continuance.

In conclusion, he declared his readiness to vote for the settlement.

The discussion was continued by Mr. Prefontaine, who discussed the action of the bishops in Quebec, and claimed the right of religious freedom for his compatriots in Quebec. He quoted from a sermon by the cure of Batiscan, delivered last Sunday, in which he said the Liberals were followers of Satan; that the country was being overrun by emissaries of that infidel, Wilfrid Laurier, and urged them to chase them away from their doors with sticks and to set dogs on them.

Mr. Broder followed in a brief, but practical speech. After him came Mr. Lemieux.

Mr. Osler, West Toronto, said he thought the school question had been relegated to the past, settled, and so far as this House was concerned, settled for all time. He believed the members had been wasting the time of the country discussing everything except matters of vital interest to the country. The main point had, in his judgment been lost sight of. The Manitoba people themselves would have to decide as to what was to be done with the school question. Personally he felt that the settlement had gone further than he would have liked. He considered that more concessions had been made to one church than was proper. He did not think any church should be allowed to control the education of the children of this country. [Hear, hear.] Our children should be brought up together. In a settlement of this kind there must be concessions on both sides. The concessions of Manitoba, in his judgment, had gone to the utmost limit, gone further, indeed, than he cared to see. The matter could now be fairly left to Manitoba to settle. If the question came to a vote in the House, he would support the agreement, because he believed it to be a reasonable compromise.

Mr. McCleary reminded the Liberals of some of their former pledges, to show what he called the inconsistent position in which they now stood. He raised the point that no reference had been made in the speech from the throne to the alien labor law.

Mr. Bennett, in a half hour's speech, scored Mr. Sifton and other Ministers for the manner in which they had secured their portfolios. Then he dealt with bye-elections, and said that while Mr. Laurier used one sort of argument in one part of the country, men like Col. O'Brien were sent to another part to win Protestant votes by altogether different arguments. The member for North Ontario did not owe his seat to the votes of the people, but to a partisan judge.

Mr. Bennett condemned the delay in bringing down the tariff, expressed his opposition to the franchise bill, although anxious for a cheap and inexpensive method of revising. He concluded with an eloquent reference to the Queen's Jubilee.

Mr. Fraser moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 11.25.

Why William Hates the Greek.

Newspaper readers following the present European complications have doubtless wondered at the German Emperor's attitude toward Greece, of which country his sister Sophia hopes to be queen some day.

The former princess Sophia of Prussia now Crown Princess of the Hellenes and Duchess of Sparta, has not been on good terms with her imperial and imperious brother, from the day, three or four years ago, when she first declared her intention to join the Greek Church. The Emperor made strenuous opposition to this resolve, but the Duchess, after explaining that she had been in no way coerced, either by her husband or his family, to take the step, quietly put an end to the discussion by embracing the faith of her future subjects.

Since then the Princess Sophia has become a stranger in her native city, and her name is never even mentioned at the Berlin court.

The Cretan incident afforded the Kaiser the first opportunity to punish Princess Sophia and her husband. It was he who proposed that the Piraeus be blockaded at once. The crown Princess of the Hellenes has become one of the most popular women of Athens, where she leads all movements to benefit womankind and aid the poor. Of late she has become the patroness of a society for the introduction of a new national dress. She is also at the head of an organization for furnishing wholesome food to the poor at cost price, and poor school children receive free noonday meals at her expense every day in the year.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PINCHING THE CRETANS.

Foreign Admirals Will Not Allow Them to Trade at Canea Unless They Lay Down Arms.

Canea, April 1.—The admirals commanding the foreign fleets in Cretan waters have refused to allow the Christians at Akrotiri to sell sheep or produce in Canea, which is but a short distance from Akrotiri, unless they surrender their arms.

Asking for More Help.

London, April 1.—It is credibly stated here that the admirals commanding the fleets on duty at Canea and other Cretan ports have applied to their respective governments to each send 50 cavalry and half a battery of artillery, which they declare are required to be used for garrison purposes. It is stated that the admirals have announced that these forces will be used solely to defend the various forts.

Greek Vessels Captured.

Athens, April 1.—Some of the British warships employed in blockade duty in the waters of Crete have captured three small Greek sailing vessels. Much indignation is expressed here over the affair, as it is pretty clearly established that at the time the vessels were captured they were outside the limits of the blockade.

They are Ready.

Athens, April 1.—So far as essentials are concerned, the troops on the frontier are already prepared to take the field. There is no evidence of weakness on the part of the King or Government. M. Delyannis, the Prime Minister, conversing to-day with some members of the Boule, said: "Our efforts have been directed towards a friendly settlement of the trouble, but a pacific solution now appears improbable. Events however, will find us ready."

Blockade of Athens Agreed To.

London, April 1.—Any doubt that the powers have assented to a blockade of the Gulf of Athens has been finally removed, but the details of the scheme are nowise completed. The admirals of the international fleet in Cretan waters will decide whether and when the blockade will be effected. It is obvious that it cannot be established immediately, as the squadrons must be increased. This implies a delay of several days.

All the despatches received here from special correspondents concur that, if the step be taken, its inevitable result will be that the Greek troops in Thessaly will cross the frontier into Macedonia.

SPANIARDS WHIPPED.

They Suffered Disaster at the Very Spot Where General Maceo Was Entrapped and Killed.

New York, April 1.—The Herald's Havana correspondent sends the following, via Key West: I learn of a decided insurgent success in the very place where Maceo was killed and against the famous San Quintin Battalion, whose soldiers killed him. The engagement occurred on March 27, near Punta Brava, 12 miles from Havana. The insurgents, 1000 strong, under Major Acosta, who was with Maceo when killed, and Col. Delgado had combined and surrounded 150 men of the third company of the San Quintin Regiment, under Capt. Ruiz, at the Lacostes estate, where the Spanish had gone for fodder.

The insurgents poured a volley into the Spanish column, and they replied. There was sharp fighting for half an hour, when the Spanish column attempted to retreat, only to find that they were surrounded. Then the insurgents charged with the machete, cutting the San Quintin soldiers down right and left. Only 20 of the 150 escaped. Forty were killed and 20 wounded. The survivors, after a brave fight against heavy odds, fled, leaving their dead comrades, and reached Punta Brava, where they told their story.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Business very dull, with prices heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted here at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues dull, with the feeling unsettled. Offerings are moderate, while millers are holding off. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, west, and white sold at 74c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c, west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c to 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is less active, and prices steady. Sales of white at 18c, west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 39½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 28c, west, and 27c bid.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 31c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 1.—Spring wheat, 6s 3½d to 6s 5½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 3d to 6s 3½d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage rather worse. English country markets 6d cheaper.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 11½d for May and July and 5s 10d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 2s 10½d for August. Flour 21s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 22f for May. Flour 45f for April and May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 5s 11d for May and July and 5s 9¼d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s for Sept. Flour 21s 9d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat 21f 60c for April and May.

An Experience With Eggs.

A Venango County farmer started to go to town with a quantity of eggs. It was about all on the farm that he could spare to sell, and his wife needed a pair of shoes. The weather was so cold that there was fair chance of the eggs being frozen while in transit, and to avoid this disagreeable possibility the wife suggested a remedy. She got a half bushel measure, placed a lighted lantern in the centre, and around this she packed eggs and bran. The lamp was burning when the farmer started to sell his eggs, but, when the first dozen was taken from the bran, it was found that the heat from the lamp had not only kept away the frost, but had baked the hen fruit. It looked like a complete financial loss for a short time, but the farmer found the keeper of a boarding-house who was willing to take the cooked eggs at the price of raw ones, and the farmer's wife wore new shoes to church the next Sunday.—Franklin (Pa.) News.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 2, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71s	to	0 69
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 69
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb.	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz.	0 60	to	0 66
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb.	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz.	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb.	0 2½	to	0 03

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Invalids Raised from Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry B. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered. Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c.

Markdale—Geo. Crowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveller, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Lucan—Wm. Branton, gardener, pin worms; all gone. Chase's Pills.

L'Amable—Peter Von Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gower Point—Robuse Bartard, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching piles; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with rheumatism and suffering from diabetes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills. 25c.

Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 176 Crawford street, subject of perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers. Toronto.

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THE REVIEW

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SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Insurance of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,568,688	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,200,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	733,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,022
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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Graduate of Trinity and Queen's University New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 26.

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897

APPOINTED BY THREE POWERS

Mr. Wm. L. Chambers, New Chief Justice of the Samoan Islands.

William L. Chambers, the new chief justice of the Samoan Islands appointed to that place by the United States, England and Germany, is a native of Georgia and a former law partner of ex-Secretary of the Navy Herbert. Mr. Chambers left Georgia and settled in Alabama in the practice of law when a very young man.

CHIEF JUSTICE W. L. CHAMBERS.

He lived in Alabama until his appointment as Samoan commissioner four years ago by President Cleveland. His appointment is not a matter of political influence, but follows upon his worthy and efficient service as commissioner. When Mr. Chambers arrived in the islands four years ago he found affairs in an almost hopeless tangle. He promptly set to work to bring order out of chaos, and he accomplished his task so well that when he returned to the United States, England and Germany sent formal notices of their appreciation of his services to the State Department. Mr. Chambers was induced to return to the islands as commissioner. When a vacancy occurred in the post of chief justice President Cleveland promptly named the talented southern lawyer for the position, and this appointment was readily confirmed by England and Germany. While serving as commissioner in Samoa Mr. Chambers became intimately acquainted with Robert Louis Stevenson. The new chief justice will leave for the south seas probably next month.

How Needles Are Made.

Needles are all made by machinery. The piece of mechanism by which the needle is manufactured takes the rough steel wire, cuts it into proper lengths, files the point, flattens the head, pierces the eye, then sharpens the tiny instrument and gives it that polish familiar to the purchaser. There is also a machine by which needles are counted and placed in the papers in which they are sold, these being afterwards folded by the same contrivance.

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DRESSES OF SPRING.

WORN IN CAIRO'S SUNSHINE—HERE SHORTLY.

Light and Airy Frills Flourish in the East, Where There Is No Dampness to Interfere and the Tailor-Made Girl Is Very Rarely Seen.

(Special Correspondence.)

Cairo, Egypt (Special).—The natives are coming out in their summer clothes. The suits of smallish children are quite often coffee-colored and skin-fitting. These are thought to unite the merits of convenience and economy. More beautiful weather could not be imagined. The sun always shines, there is always a little breeze astir, and a drive or a bicycle spin to the Guizeh gardens or to the pyramids of Heliopolis is always charming. In the evening there may be a garden party, with a snake-charmer or a conjurer to give the necessary touch of "local color" to the entertainment. At a recent function of this sort hundreds of colored lanterns of fantastic shapes furnished the illumination. The scene of the fete was a rose garden shaded by lebbek trees, olives, feathery bamboos and palms. The dusky Arab, for whose tricks the dubious light was favorable, did none of the wonderful things attributed to eastern fakirs, but his rabbits and chickens, his little wooden "debbie man" and the rest of his "business," made his sleight of hand amusing enough to people already well entertained.

Gown of Sun Plaitings.

A young English girl, who had drawn her garden chair under a pink lantern was easiest to please, a state of mind not unconnected, probably, with a new gown, made with the "sun-plaitings" that promise to be so plenty this spring. Sun plaitings are nothing more than fine accordion plaitings, but they are very pretty under a pink lantern when laid in cobwebby white veiling about the figure of a pretty girl.

The white skirt they composed looked narrow, almost scant, although it was really very full. The bodice of the dress was a blouse of the same veiling laid in the same folds, but woven with interstices for the running in of rows of yellow ribbon. The sleeves had triangular caps of white silk edged with yellow, the draped belt was of yellow silk and the collar of silk with a flare of lace above. Her hat was one of the safest of the spring models, a small, almost turban-shaped straw, with a bunch of jonquils and narcissus in front and a white bird behind.

Another pretty costume, equally springlike and illustrating some of the same principles, was worn by an American woman who has just returned from a trip up the Nile. Her skirt, of pale, delicate-hued green silk, was gathered on about the hips with a tiny heading of green ribbon. It was laid in knife plaitings to the hem, with four other circles of ribbon ruching to hold the plaits in position. The waist was

A GROUP OF SPRING GOWNS.

a blouse of white silk with a green velvet souave and a broad folded belt of yellow silk, into which was thrust a bunch of roses. A large green straw hat, also a new model, was worn low in front and on one side, turned up on the other. Its trimmings were lace and roses.

One of the Prettiest.

When the cobra and the crocodile had done their last glide and crawled about the circle and the music was striking up again there appeared in the background the prettiest frock of the evening. It was a light silver-gray silk, made with a plain skirt and a blouse that opened under a wide frill of lace on the left side. Up and down the line of the opening and heading the lace ran arabesques in gold lace and embroidery. The upper part of the blouse was tucked perpendicularly, and the tuckings ran out into the gold embroidered epaulets that headed the sleeves. There was a good-colored silk belt, and yellow roses trimmed the small capote that crowned the blonde hair.

Tailor dresses are not common in this part of the world, where there is no dampness to interfere with the freest indulgence in furbelows, but I noticed a good one this morning worn by a lady who was buying flowers of a native woman crouched by the roadside in blue cotton gown and the inevitable black yashmak of the Egyptians. The color of the cloth I have no name for. It was a light fawn tint, with a dash of old rose. The full skirt was embroidered for some distance above the hem with gold thread and black braid. The close-fitting bodice scarcely showed through the opening of the white cloth waistcoat edged with gold thread and fitting about as tight as the tailor bodice, upon which each front made a pretense of buttoning down. A bolero of brown chine silk figured with old rose outside of the waistcoat and turned back in a flat collar and revers with brown silk facings. The belt was of brown silk and the hat of brown straw, trimmed with roses and leaves.

Dress for the Bicyclette.

There are few better places than Cairo in which to study dress for the "bicyclette," as it is necessary to say on this side of the Atlantic. The bloomer does not obtain, but white flannel or serge suits with scarlet sashes are rather more startling. They are practical enough, too, when the roads are not too dusty. A better model to copy is the dress of a Russian girl who holds the women's record from Cairo to the pyramids. She wears a divided skirt of light-brown serge, with a blouse of the same material, turned back in a sailor collar over a tie of scarlet silk to show a deep-pointed vest of white serge. She has a white belt and a standing collar of white serge. Her hat is a cross between a turban and a sailor; it is of brown straw and trimmed with roses.

The grand stand at the khedivial races is a fine show place for such summery frocks as this one: Skirt of dark-blue chine silk figured with pink. In front comes a panel of white net with half a dozen ruffles of white lace hung across it. The silk bodice has a bolero of falling lace handkerchiefs, with other handkerchiefs making epaulets above the sleeves. The big white hat covered with flowers is shaded with a huge white lace parasol.

For a young girl was a dress of white chiffon, with a thick garland of roses starting on the left shoulder, and then coming down over the front to the waist. This dress was low cut, and was sleeveless, except for half handkerchiefs of lace falling from the wreaths of roses. The prettiest evening wraps I have seen have been long fichus of chiffon or mousseline, trimmed with lace ruffles, and arranged not to cross in front, but to be caught under the sash and fall over the skirt draperies.

ELLEN OSBORN.

May Poison or Feed.

Tapioca is procured from a curious South American plant, which either poisons us or nourishes us, according to the way we use it.

The tapioca plant is a shrub which grows to the height of six or eight feet. The root, as well as the rest of the plant, contains an acrid, milky juice, which is so poisonous that it will cause death in a few minutes; but, as this poisonous acid may be destroyed by heat, the juice, thickened by boiling, forms an excellent sauce called cassa-reep.

The root, after it has been grated or pounded into pulp, is placed under a heavy pressure. The poisonous juice is thus squeezed out. It is then heated and stirred on metal plates, when it forms the well-known tapioca, which is sold in all our shops and served up in our hotels, restaurants and on our family tables as tapioca pudding.

The Picture Was Safe.

"And my photograph that I sent you," she whispered; "have you always kept it with you?"

"Always, darling," he said, "next to my heart, which beats for you alone. I have kept it there since the day I received it."

"Let me see it."

He pondered a moment and then said anxiously:

"You believe me, don't you, dearest?"

"Of course, I believe you. It is close against your heart, where you can feel it when it beats?"

"Yes."

"Show it to me just for a moment."

"Some other time, darling."

"Harold, you are deceiving me. You have thrown my picture away and are carrying some other girl's."

"No, no. I swear by—"

"Then show it to me."

"I cannot now. Won't you trust me, darling?"

"Mr. Sampson, all is over between us. Never speak to me again."

"But—"

"Good night, sir."

When Harold reached the sidewalk he reached under his coat tail, drew out a lot of old letters and a tintype and muttered:

"One thing is certain. I'll have to either quit carrying things in my hip pocket or post myself better on anatomy."

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

An INFALLIBLE REMEDY in all cases of OVERWORK or EXHAUSTION of

Body Brain and Nerves

Delicious in Taste, Immediate and lasting in Effect, no unpleasant reaction.

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

Sold at Druggists, Fancy Grocers and Wine Merchants.

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ASK FOR *Gold Lack See Champagne* *Old Empire Rye Whisky*

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Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

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No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

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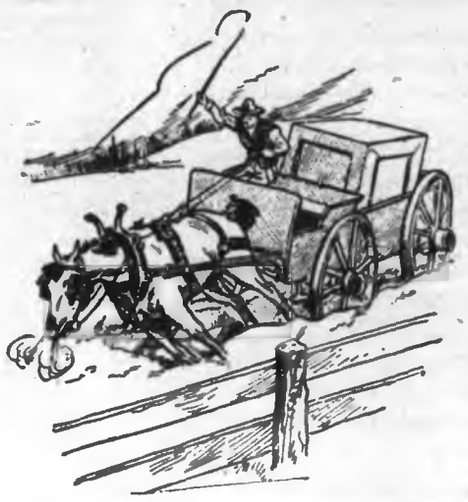

"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we see the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constant sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

It's at these trying times that Credit Systems are strained to their utmost; its in these trying times that the Cash Store reigns and rules triumphantly.

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O. B. SHORTLY.

Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

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Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 79. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE ADDRESS PASSED

And Now There Will be a Lull in the Oratory.

Mr. McNeill Followed Messrs. Maclean, Clarke and Osler in Support of the School Settlement—Hon. John Costigan Condemned the Settlement and Made an Eloquent Reference to the Queen's Jubilee—Mr. McMullen Also Had His Say Before the Address Passed.

Ottawa, April 2.—(Special.)—The election for Winnipeg may be expected very shortly, the Speaker having to-day issued his warrant for a writ for a new election.

The debate on the address was continued by Mr. Fraser of Guysboro.

After routine in the House yesterday, Mr. Speaker announced that he had issued his warrant for the writ for Winnipeg, the seat having been vacated by judgment of the courts, unseating Mr. Macdonald.

Mr. Fraser (Guysboro) accused the Opposition of having cooled in their ardor for the Manitoba minority, and of being divided in their allegiance to former principles. The Conservative party having put themselves on the shoulders of the bishops, who failed to bring them to power, are now on the other tack, howling because a delegate has been brought from Rome, said he. For himself he believed it made little difference who brought the message so long as it was a correct message. It might be as well charged against the Speaker as a fault that he should appeal to the Presbyterian Assembly, supposing that church court sat outside of Canada. The talk of Papal aggression was unworthy and unmanly. He ridiculed the suggestion of a Federal law to punish clerical terrorism in political matters. Then he turned his attention to the Conservative benches and chaffed different members for the discordant position which in his judgment they occupied. He said that nine or ten years ago when the Grand Old Man of Ontario returned from England, flushed with triumph, and there was a great demonstration in his honor, Major Hughes rode a white horse and carried a banner. "What was inscribed on that banner?"

Bennett: Business is business. [Loud laughter.]

No, it was Mowat and Victory. Continuing, he said it was unseemly to discuss the tariff before it was brought down. [Cheers.]

Mr. McNeill said he was heartily glad to know that the school question was settled. Some details he did not agree with, but, taken on the whole, it was a most admirable one. From first to last he held the proper course was, "Hands off Manitoba." Dealing with the position of the Solicitor-General, he said that it might appear as if Mr. Fitzpatrick had broken faith with his bishop. But in justice to the Solicitor-General, he desired to say that if he had given a pledge to a bishop in return for political support, and that support was not forthcoming, he would certainly not feel himself bound by the pledge he had given.

Proceeding, Mr. McNeill demanded an explicit statement of the reasons for substituting Mr. Charles Russell as Canadian Solicitor in London for Bompar, Bischoff, & Co. Had the trip to Rome anything to do with it? Continuing, Mr. McNeill read from the appeal to Rome, to show that the relief desired was not spiritual but political. It pointed out that the existing state of affairs constituted a grave danger to the constitution of the country. "Was that not political?"

Mr. Sutherland: "They asked for civil liberty."

Mr. McNeill: And must we appeal to Rome for civil liberty? So far as civil liberty went, he believed the Liberal party in Quebec did at the outset of the campaign enter upon a fight for civil and religious liberty against ecclesiastical domination. They were very brave to begin with, those Liberals, but at the very first shot from the enemy, the suppression of a Liberal paper, the whole Liberal party turned tail and ran for shelter. And where did they run to? To the very chief of their ecclesiastical forces, and before him they grovelled, praying him for God's sake to intervene between the land and the captains of his hosts. In this they betrayed the liberties of the people, by calling in to their assistance the very power they professed to defy. In conclusion, Mr. McNeill said that when this action of the Liberals came to be understood by the people of Canada, it would be held worthy of their complete condemnation.

Mr. McMullen defended the appeal to the Pope, because it was a protest against the imposition of spiritual pains and penalties upon Liberals. He would like to see Mr. Wallace introduce a bill to provide that no Roman Catholic elector should, by reason of having voted for Mr. Laurier, be denied the sacraments of the Roman Catholic Church; and that such deprivation on the part of bishop or priest should be a misdemeanor. Would he bring in such a bill?

Mr. Wallace: "My bill would have but one clause. It would declare it to be a criminal offence for anyone in Canada to intimidate or threaten in any way an elector in the exercise of the franchise."

Mr. McMullen said that we had such a law already, but would the honorable gentleman enforce it, that law to oblige a priest to accord to the body of a Roman Catholic burial in consecrated ground?

Mr. Wallace: "That has already been decided in the Guibord case."

Mr. McMullen, continuing, said it was absurd to characterise the petition as a political appeal.

Hon. John Costigan, resuming the debate after recess, held that on every question upon which the people had been appealed to last election, the country had endorsed the Conservative policy. While he would be glad to see the Manitoba School question [illegible] tion was not dead and buried, nor would it be while the constitutional guarantees to minorities remained part of our charter of national existence, and yet rights under them were withheld. From the day that Parliament was seized with jurisdiction for redress, this power and obligation remained with Parliament. It was not as an old Conservative, or as a Roman Catholic, that he opposed this settlement, for he would solemnly assert that, were he a Protestant, he would take exactly the same ground. [Applause.] It was with reluctance he touched upon the mission from Rome, and because the House was not apprised of the object of that mission he thought too much had been said about it already. In signing the memorial to His Holiness, Mr. Tarte and his friends were quite within their rights, but with the discussion of this matter in advance of the report upon the investigation of Mgr. Mery del Val he did find fault. This talk, therefore, about a delegate coming here to run this country was a tempest in a teapot, a cry that was too silly for Canadians to indulge in in this advanced age. He took a fling at Mr. McMullen, whose sympathy, rather than his sneers, he fully expected. "I'm out," said Mr. Costigan, "after having been in. He's out, never having been able to get in at all." [Laughter.]

Going back to his early career in Parliament, Mr. Costigan said he first became a Conservative because of the policy of toleration, patriotism and equal rights to all as upheld by Sir John Macdonald and Sir G. E. Cartier. That was the policy of the Conservative party to-day, else he would not be Conservative. If the policy of the Conservative party was to make a dead letter of the constitution he would forsake such a party.

Then, addressing himself to Mr. Clarke, for whose open avowal of opinion he expressed admiration, Mr. Costigan asked how much more noble it would be in that honorable gentleman, although disbelieving in separate schools, to say, as one of the Protestant majority: I shall see to it that faith shall be kept with the Roman Catholic minority. As to clerical interference he could tell the House that in his province the English-speaking clergy of the Roman Catholic Church were mostly Liberal. Now, all the circumstances of the mandement taken into consideration, could it be said that the return of Mr. Laurier was a triumph over the clergy of Quebec? The mandement left all free to vote for whomsoever they would, provided the candidate was one who would promise justice to the Manitoba minority, and nearly all the candidates on both sides gave that pledge. He did not cavil at the exercise of citizenship by the clergy of all denominations, for they were surely better fitted to advise the people than many who at election times were sent to persuade the electorate.

On the subject of the Queen's Jubilee reference in the speech, Mr. Costigan grew truly eloquent. He endorsed all that had been said in recognition of the beneficence of Her Majesty's reign and the splendid growth of the Empire, and when the great monument to her Jubilee is to be erected, how it would add to the enthusiasm with which it would be hailed were it to be rounded off with a tablet subscribed to Home Rule for Ireland! Yet, were it not to be, none the less would Irishmen join heartily in the acclaim which would arise throughout the Empire in congratulation upon the event, still hoping that before her glorious reign was ended Her Majesty would sign a bill, and he knew it would be a pleasure to her to do so, giving to Ireland a measure of home rule enjoyed in this Dominion of Canada.

After giving contradiction to the numerous reports as to his early retirement, Mr. Costigan closed amidst applause from both sides of the House by trusting that he would continue to enjoy the courteous regard of members on both sides.

Mr. Britton disagreed with the idea of sending Canadian military representatives to London, fearing that they would be eclipsed in the parade beside the trained troops of England, and perchance of the warlike nations of the earth. He thought the attendance of Mr. Laurier would be sufficiently representative of this Dominion. He spoke at some length on the school question, holding that Manitoba was well within its right in passing the School Act. He trusted the question was now dead forever, so far as Parliament was concerned.

On the franchise question he believed that anything would be better than the present act, although he had his doubts about a varied franchise for the Dominion.

The address then passed without a division.

A committee was appointed to strike the usual committees.

On motion of Mr. Laurier the Debates Committee was appointed as follows: Messrs. Beausoleil, Bergeron, Charlton, Choquette, Craig, Davin, Earle, Ellis, Haley, LaRiviere, Monet, Richardson, Scriver, Somerville and Taylor.

The House adjourned at 10.40 o'clock.

Young Married People Killed.

Ayer Junction, Mass., April 2.—Lyman Cutting and wife, while driving across Harris Crossing, in Shirley, to-day, were instantly killed and the wagon demolished. Mr. and Mrs. Cutting were married two months ago.

It Ceased Publication.

The editor of a petty newspaper in France was extremely sad. He sat in his office with bowed head and troubled brow. Long had he fought against adversity's strides, but at last they had overtaken him, and now, with no money to bring out the future issues, his only alternative was to cease publishing. The once paying circulation had dwindled to a mere nothing and the wielder of the blue pencil and scissors racked his brains for an honorable excuse for quitting. It took hours, and at last he jumped up.

"Jacques," he called to his printer, "we will get out one more issue, and that will be the last. I will devote every page of it to the festivities occasioned by the visit of the Czar of Russia, and on the head of the sheet put in large display type this line:

"In commemoration of his illustri- [illegible]

LATEST FROM CRETE.

Col. Vassos Tells of the Situation in the Island.

European Marines Said To Have Wrecked Houses by Hitching Chains About Them and Pulling Them from Their Foundations—Wanton Waste of Provisions in Order to Keep Them from the Insurgents—General News from the Disturbed Island.

London, April 2.—The Canea correspondent of The Chronicle sends a despatch to that paper in which he says that the following incidents have occurred during the current week.

A force of British marines with guns went to Tripeti in Sphakia and searched the houses there for provisions, which, whenever they were found, were destroyed, lest they should be used by the insurgents. A similar expedition went to a village near Sellino searching for flour and grain. Two warships, one of which was British, sent armed boats to Kolumbari to seize small mercantile craft that were lying at that place. The peasants refused to surrender the vessels, whereupon the marines threatened to destroy the village. Eventually the boats were yielded.

The most astounding incident reported, however, is the following: A British detachment which was sent to Kissamo Kastelli passed chains around the houses of certain Christians. Cables were then attached to the chains and these were passed to war ships, which pulled upon them until the houses fell.

The correspondent of The Standard makes mention of this affair, but adds that under cover of these houses the insurgents were attempting to undermine the fort.

Interview With Col. Vassos.

The Daily Telegraph will to-morrow print an interview had by the correspondent in Crete with Col. Vassos. The Greek commander declared that the protest recently sent by him to the foreign admirals would be the last document of the sort that would be sent. Col. Vassos does not regard the admirals as the true representatives of the European attitude. He claims that he has quieted the entire Christian population and repressed every form of crime, rendering life and property as secure as in England or France. He has established hospitals and prisons, built bridges and appointed judges and sanitary officers. Such a satisfactory state of things was never before known in Crete. Everything has been effected in seven weeks. Col. Vassos explains his success as being due to his knowledge of the people, who he declares recognize him and his troops as kin.

"If," said Col. Vassos, "the European forces had done in the towns what I have done in the country, perfect peace might reign until Greece completed the negotiations with Europe for a recognition of her claims to Crete and not a drop of blood need have been shed."

Proceeding, Col. Vassos indignantly related the incidents of the proceedings of the international forces here during the week. He added that the Bashi Basouks, who were formally forbidden to carry arms, issued from Canea Wednesday evening and marched towards Vigla. Their advance was covered by the guns of the Turkish warships, but the progress of the Bashi Basouks was slow. The international fleet came to their assistance, firing 32 rounds from their heavy guns.

The Christians retreated and the Turks entered the village and set fire to the houses, a church and a monastery. "This," Col. Vassos exclaimed, "is the work of Cristian Europe. The condition of affairs is now infinitely worse than ever before. The Admirals have made it so. I say deliberately and reluctantly that unless the European peoples listen to the voice of humanity before it is too late, this unhappy island will be deluged throughout with torrents of blood."

In conclusion Col. Vassos emphatically repudiated the absurd statement made in the British House of Commons that he made war on the powers.

Mountain Batteries for Crete.

London, April 2.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, replying to a question by Mr. J. G. S. MacNeil, anti-Parnellite member for South Donegal, stated that the admirals commanding the foreign squadrons in Cretan waters had asked their respective governments to send three mountain guns each to Crete. Mr. Curzon added that he was not aware of the character of the replies of the powers to the request, if indeed any answer had been made, except in the case of Russia, which Government, he said, was sending a mountain battery to Crete in accordance with the recommendation of the Russian admiral.

Turkey Tired of Delay.

Constantinople, April 2.—The reports of fighting in Crete which are being received here daily are having a very bad impression upon the Government and the people alike, and in consequence the Porte has informed the representatives of the Turkish Government abroad that the present position is no longer tenable. This information is accompanied by the declaration on the part of the Porte that, unless a settlement of the Cretan difficulty shall be speedily reached, the Porte will propose to the powers that Turkey take matters in their own hands. It is also feared here that a blockade of Greece by the warships of the powers will hasten a conflict between the Turks and the Greeks on the frontier of Thessaly.

A Big Fight Brewing.

New York, April 2.—A special to The Herald from St. Petersburg says: Troops are ready to start from Odessa in the same numbers as the arrangements with the other powers, and if these are not sufficient there will be more ready to go if the admirals think it necessary.

[illegible] is deemed here to be disciplinary measures towards the Cretans and their Greek instigators. Turbulence can only be replied to by firmness. Greece's protests are ignored, as she has defied and broken all international laws

Mr. Gladstone's Advice.

London, April 2.—Philip J. Stanhope, M.P. for Burnley, has received a letter from Mr. Gladstone, in which the ex-Prime Minister says he hopes that Parliament will firmly resist the claim of the powers to choose a ruler for the Cretans. The powers, Mr. Gladstone adds, are entitled to claim that whoever shall be selected as Prince of Crete shall be disposed and able to [illegible]

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
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Places for a good Housekeeper, with references.
A Young Lady from the country, as General Servant.
Telephone 20, - - - Rents Collected.
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WANTED.
A SECOND HAND OFFICE DESK. Apply at REVIEW business office. 3d79

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AFTER EASTER HOLIDAYS, YOUNG LADIES to take up kindergarten course. Must hold primary certificate. Apply at Central kindergarten. 6d76

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. 4d9-w11 3m

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SECOND HAND REFRIGERATOR, large size, cost $40, for $16. WIRE MEAT OR MILK SAFE, cost $8, for $3. GEORGE STEPHEN & SON, 134 Hunter Street. 6d74

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The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
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To the Wise
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People usually make up their minds about what they want to pay, and they usually find our prices fall right in with their views,

If there is any reason why you should buy a piano, there is every reason why you should buy a good one,

and among the good ones, can you think of any other wareroom where you can find three such good ones,
Gerard Heintzman, Karn and Whaley-Royce
not to mention many of lesser grade—nowhere else, as buyers admit freely.

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New Styles
Attractive Prices
We invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere. Terms to suit a modest income. We hope to see you.

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Continued fine and mild, with moderate winds.

R. F.

On Saturday Morning,
APRIL 3rd,
We will place on sale the following:—

REMNANTS
In Brussels, Body Carpets and Brussels Borders.

The original prices were $1.10 to $1.25 and we will give the choice
FOR 50 CENTS THE YARD.

Best Body Brussels, 1 length each, 14, 12¾, 8¼, 5¼, 5, 2½, 1¼, 1 yards.

Brussels Borders, 1 length each, 11¼, 7¾, 5, 4¾, 4¼, 2¾, 2¼ yards,

And the following in Tapestery Remnants:

Body Tapestry, 1 length each, 17¾, 17¼, 11¼, 10¼, 8, 7¼, 6, 4¼, 4¼, 3¼, 1¾ yards.

Tapestry Borders, 1 length, 8¼, 3¼, 2¼.

FOR 35 CENTS THE YARD.

The original prices were from 60c to 90c
These ends are adapted for enlarging other Carpets, for small rooms and for making Rugs.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
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DUNLOP TIRES
They always give perfect satisfaction.

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Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

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O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress :

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,563,098	$341,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	721,028
Federal Life	2,065,050	766,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,421
Great West	1,742,000	848,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,621
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

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and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	100, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st,

GEO. J. HORKINS

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Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th., '97.

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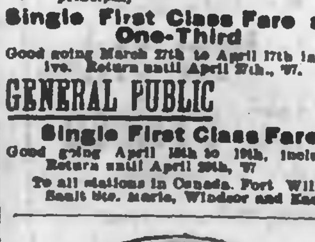
To all stations in Canada, Port William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.



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Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

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A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 25 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strenghening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. B. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897

The Government does not seem to be in any hurry to close the debate on the address, although it would naturally be supposed that they would be anxious to get down to business.

The Ontario Legislature does not seem to be very much in love with legislation that the city of Toronto desires to have put through the House. Toronto people must think it's time for a change all round in the membership.

The Franchise Act which the Government proposes to force upon the consideration of the House first will not, according to the Liberals' own statement, be used or called into service for two or three years. The whole country is waiting for the tariff bill, and the wheels of industry are standing still waiting for the announcement of the tariff. Still the Government, it appears, does not see the necessity of dealing with the tariff first. Surely it is not asking too much to urge that the tariff be declared as speedily as possible. The new Franchise Act will keep for a week or two without injury, but every day that the present uncertainty is allowed to continue does serious injury to the country's interests.

In a paragraph heaping praises on Mr. Tarte as the man who organized the Liberal "victory" in Quebec, etc., the Ottawa Free Press says in concluding :—

"He can say with personal application the noted words 'my strength is as the strength of ten because my heart is pure."

Is not this refreshing? Why even those who were entirely unacquainted with Mr. Tarte's previous record, but only read the evidence he gave in his examination in Court in connection with his libel action, will be affected with the "tired" feeling when they read the above lines. The "pure heart" of which the Free Press speaks so poetically is the one the Toronto Globe a short time ago said should be in gaol. The Free Press should let Mr. Tarte down easy.

Another Liberal has profited by the Greenway-Sifton manipulation of the school question. Mr. Smart, of Brandon, has been appointed Deputy Minister of the Interior. Thus Mr. Sifton demonstrates the power he has in the Government as a reward of his services to Mr. Laurier in Manitoba, first in keeping the school question alive and then in facilitating an agreement between the federal and provincial Governments. Mr. Sifton would never have been in a Liberal Government if there had not been a school question, but that question has not only made him Minister of the Interior, but it has given him such power at Ottawa that he can have his own way. He has secured what he said he would have, "a free hand." Mr. Smart succeeds one of the best and most efficient officials at the Capital, who, in order to make room for Mr. Sifton's favorite, was transferred to another position, but allowed the same salary. The Manitoba man had to be provided for no matter what it cost the people.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every

NORWOOD NEWS

An Interesting Budget of Personal News—Resignation and Presentation

Correspondence of the Review.

Personal.—Miss Jessie Rutherford, of Peterborough, has been spending a few days with her brother Mr. Wm. Rutherford.... Miss M. Butler, of Windsor, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. F. Somerville....Mr. J. B. McWilliams was in town on Tuesday.. Miss B. J. Roxburgh, of Keene, was home over Sunday....Mr. Alex. Robertson, of Toronto was in town on Sunday....Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, of the mica mine, Stony Lake, went to Toronto on Tuesday....Mr. Thomas Fraser has been appointed auctioneer in Mr. A. R. Anderson's place, who resigned. Mr Fraser made his first trial at the business on Saturday evening when he sold at auction part of Mr Wm Stephenson's stock....Mr D H Moore, of Peterborough, was in town on Saturday and Monday....Mr M A Harper, of Toronto, was in town on Tuesday....Mr A T Harshaw, insurance inspector of Napanee, was in town to-day settling up the fire business....Rev Father Connelly, of Hastings, and Rev Father Fitzpatrick, of Peterborough, are visiting Father Conway ....Mr J E Burnett, of Toronto, was looking after the interests of the insurance company on Tuesday....Messrs James O'Rielly, D W Walsh and G Walsh leave on Wednesday for British Columbia.... Mr F Reynolds has sold his farm stock by auction sale on Monday afternoon....Mr. P. Brennan and P. M. Howard, of Hastings, were in town on Monday and purchased a fine horse from Mr. O. Brennan....Mr. Wm. O'Grady, of Donegal, left on Monday for the Assiniboine district where he intends to herd the wild cattle of the west....Bishop O'Connor, of Peterborough, was in Hastings on Sunday....Mrs. Wm. Barry, of Hastings, was called on Monday to Douro, to wait on her mother who is ill. Mr Walter Fitzgerald, of Peterborough, was in town on Saturday....Mr Jas Cameron, of Peterborough, was home Sunday....Mr J R McKelvie leaves on Tuesday next for Rat Portage.

Presentation.—On Wednesday last Miss Campbell, science teacher in High school, took ill, and, being strongly advised by her doctor, she sent in her resignation to the school board and it was accepted. The scholars and teachers were very sorry to learn of her resignation, and expressed their high respect for her by presenting her with a set of Dickens', Scott's, and George Eliot's complete works consisting in all of 33 vols. The presentation was made on Monday, and the address, which was read by Miss H McLauchlin, was as follows :—

Dear Miss Campbell,—It is with feelings of deepest regret that we, the teachers and pupils of the school, learn that owing to illness you are compelled to sever your connection with us.

During the years you have spent among us your time and energy have been used to further our best interests. Therefore we desire to place on record a memento of our high regard and esteem for you as a friend and teacher.

We hope that the time is not far distant when you will be restored to perfect health, and ask you to accept these books that you may hold in pleasant recollection the teachers and pupils of the Norwood High school.

Signed on behalf of the school,
H M Lauchlin   Jno E Roxburgh
E Coughlin   Thos Walsh

Miss Campbell, although much taken by surprise, made a suitable reply and left for her home in Port Elgin on the 4 o'clock train.

WHERE RHEUMATISM IS UNKNOWN.

No Matter How Intense the Pain South American Rheumatic Cure will Remove it Quickly—A Lady of Highgate Tells What it Did for Her—Permanent Cure of a Case of Years Standing.

It has been declared by scientists that every disease has a remedy. The difficulty is to always find the remedy. In rheumatism South American Rheumatic Cure has been found a certain antidote for this painful disease. It is always effective. Mrs. N. Ferris, wife of a well known manufacturer, of Highgate, Ont., says : "I was seriously affected with rheumatic pains in my ankles, and at times was almost disabled. I tried everything, as I thought, and doctored for years, without much benefit. I was induced to use South American Rheumatic Cure. To my delight the first dose gave me more relief than I had for years, and two bottles have completely cured me." Sold by H S MacDonald.

He Got a Seat.

"Will you allow me to stand?" asked a gentleman, getting into an English railway carriage already containing the specified number.

"Certainly not," exclaimed a man occupying a corner seat.

"As you are the only person objecting to my presence," replied the gentleman, "I shall remain here."

"Then I shall call the guard and have you removed," said the aggrieved passenger, getting up and putting his head out of the window.

The newcomer saw his opportunity and slipped into the vacant seat.

"What's up?" said the guard, appearing at the door.

"One over the number," replied the new comer.

"You must come out; the train's going!" and, without waiting for further explanation, the guard pulled out the amazed passenger, who was left wildly gesticulating on the platform.—London Telegraph.

An Old Picture of the Queen.

A Captain in a regiment stationed in Natal, when paying his company one day, chanced to give a man a Transvaal half-crown, which, as one would naturally expect, bears "the image and superscription" of President Kruger.

The man brought it back to the pay table and said to the Captain: "Please, sir, you've given me a bad half-crown."

The officer took the coin, and, without looking at it, rung it on the table and then remarked, "It sounds all right, Bagster. What's wrong with it?"

"You luke at it, sir," was the reply.

The Captain glanced at the coin, saying: "It's all right, man; it will pass in the canteen."

This apparently satisfied Bagster, who walked off, making the remark: "If you say it's a' right, sir, it is a' right; but it's first time I've seed the Queen wi' whiskers on!"—London Answers.

Domestic Science.

"My wife took a nap yesterday afternoon, and I kept the baby still two hours."

"How did you manage it?"

"Nailed his clothes to the floor and gave him a paper lampshade to play

IT IS WAR TO THE KNIFE.

The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Liable to have a battle over rates to the Kootenay.

Montreal, April 2.—(Special.)—The rush of Easterners to the British Columbia gold fields seems likely to be considerably accelerated very soon by low rates, via both the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railway. It is practically a case of war to the knife between the two roads—at least that was the impression created by the remarks made this morning by Messrs. McNicoll and Reeve, the heads of the passenger departments of the two railways.

As announced yesterday the Grand Trunk issued a new tariff of passenger rates to the Kootenay district, which places their rates at exactly the same figure as the C. P. R. The C. P. R. claim the right to a differential on this business, on account of their part-water route. The Grand Trunk claim that they have no such right—that is that they should not be allowed to quote a lower rate than the Grand Trunk do via their United States connections. That is where the difficulty hinges.

Mr. D. McNicoll, passenger traffic manager of the C. P. R., was seen this morning and asked what action they would take regarding the latest move of the Grand Trunk. In reply he said: "The Grand Trunk has done a very improper thing in issuing their new tariff. They want to take all our Canadian business and hand it over to their American connections. Their action is a violation of the rules of the Joint Traffic Association, of which both roads are members, and I understand the chairman of the Association has requested the Grand Trunk to withdraw their new tariff. We are entitled to differentials on account of our long water route on the great lakes. In cases where the Grand Trunk have a water route they claim the same thing. Now, in this case they do not admit the principle. However, the C. P. R., will very soon meet the Grand Trunk's action. I cannot say just at present what that action will be, but whatever decision is arrived at will be known very soon."

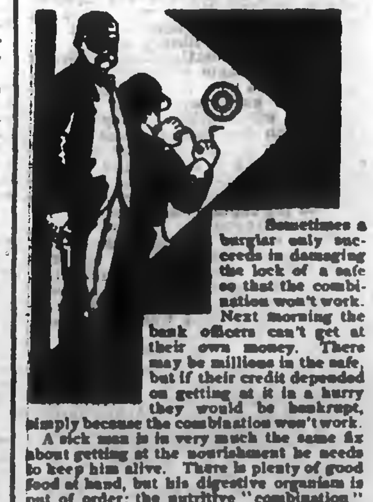
Mr. George B. Reeve, general traffic manager of the G. T. R., was next seen in reference to the question.

"So the Canadian Pacific people are annoyed at the Grand Trunk, are they?" he remarked, when informed that the C. P. R. was taking steps to meet their new tariff. He expressed himself as quite unworried as to the outcome, and said that the Grand Trunk was prepared to meet any action the C. P. R. might take. "To make matters clear," he said, "we might as well go to the bottom of the difficulty. The position of affairs is this: Eighty per cent. of the traffic for the Kootenay country originates on the line of the Grand Trunk. Our road runs through the most thickly populated parts of Eastern Canada, as you can see by the map. The blue lines are C. P. R. lines, and the red lines represent the Grand Trunk. Now, for the sake of peace and quietness, the Grand Trunk offered to divide business, giving each road 50 per cent. But the C. P. R. would not accept that offer, which I consider a very liberal one on the part of the Grand Trunk. They claimed 60 per cent. in addition to the differential, on account of their part water route. Now, when 80 per cent. of the traffic originates on our road, we do not consider that the C. P. R. should get the business, for that is practically what they want. The Grand Trunk is entitled to a share of it, and, what is more, we are going to get it."

Mr. E. P. Hannaford, late chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, whose dismissal from the company's service on the advent of Mr. C. M. Hay's, as general manager, was the first of a series, has taken an action against the company, through Messrs. Carter and Goldstein, for $6000 damages. He complains that he was wrongfully dismissed; that, as a permanent official of the company, his commission could not be revoked in the summary manner adopted by Mr. Hays, and that he has suffered damages by reason of loss of salary, etc., to the amount claimed by him in his present action.

Seven Canucks Sent Back.

Port Huron, April 2.—Since the transfer of Customs Officer Fred Buzzle from the city to the Tunnel Depot office, the aliens coming to this country to work have had a hard time. Buzzle yesterday sent back to Canada seven men who had made contracts to go to work in the States. He is especially busy, now that the marine season is opening up.



Sometimes a burglar only succeeds in damaging the lock of a safe so that the combination won't work. Next morning the bank officers can't get at their own money. There may be millions in the safe, but if their credit depended on getting at it in a hurry they would be bankrupt, simply because the combination won't work.

A sick man is in very much the same fix about getting at the nourishment he needs to keep him alive. There is plenty of good food at hand, but his digestive organism is out of order; the nutritive "combination" of his system won't work. He can't possibly get at the nourishment contained in the food. He takes it into his stomach, but it does him no good. It isn't made into good blood. He is just as badly off as if the food was locked up where he couldn't touch it. He gets no strength or health out of it.

All these mal-nutritive conditions have a perfect and scientific remedy in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It puts the nutritive "combination" of the system into perfect working order. It gives the digestive and blood-making organs power to make pure, red, healthy blood, and pour it into the circulation abundantly and rapidly.

It drives out all bilious poisons and scrofulous germs, cures indigestion, liver complaint, nervousness and neuralgia, and builds up solid flesh, active power and nerve force.

Mrs. Rebecca F. Gardner, of Grafton, York Co., Va., writes: "I was so sick with dyspepsia that I could not eat anything for over four months. I had to starve myself, as nothing would stay on my stomach. I was so badly off I could not eat even a cracker. I thought I was going to die. I weighed only 80 pounds. I tried almost everything, and nothing did me any good, until I took two bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I am

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897

Birds Strangely Concealed.

Mr. A. H. Thayer, an artist, believes that he has discovered that the light color of the under parts of birds and small mammals serves to conceal them from their enemies. At a recent meeting of the American Ornithologists' Union he proved by experiments that an object nearly of the color of the ground, like a potato, is very conspicuous when placed a few inches above the soil and viewed from a little distance. But when the underside is painted white, and gradually shaded into the color of the upper part, the object disappears by blending with the ground; the whiteness beneath counteracts the effect of the shadow of the body.

POISONED BLOOD

Dreadful Death-Draught Comes from Diseased Kidneys.

When Uric Acid Flows in the Veins. Life looks out of Darkened Windows, expecting soon the Close of Day.

The fashionable Italian poison of the XVI century was *Aqua Tofana*. It was used by the medicis and all the first families of Rome, Genoa, and Naples. In five years historians tell us, over 600 widows used it to make widows of themselves.

In these modern days a more terrible and more prevalent poison is decimating the human family, and men have asked in vain for an antidote. It is the uraemic poisoning of the blood, caused by diseased kidneys. The poison which these useful organs should filter from the blood, is allowed to remain in the circulation, and courses through the body, lik

"Accursed Hebenon....whose effect
Holds such an enmity with blood of man,
That with a sudden vigor it doth posset
and curd
Like eager droppings into milk,
The thin and wholesome blood."

To-day there is a remedy. Science has discovered a sure cure. All may have and apply it. It is sold under the name of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

It is a specific for all Kidney ailments. It cures by restoring the Kidneys, so that they properly perform their natural functions. It is the *only known cure* for Diabetes, and *Bright's Disease*. *For sale* by druggists everywhere, and the Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

MR. VERNON BROMLEY, Trenton, Ont., says:—"For a number of years have suffered severly from Rheumatism and Sciatica. Was induced to procure a half dozen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills which I have used, and from being a cripple I am a well man."

MR. THOS. HARRISON, St. Mary's, N.B. says:—In spite of all other treatment I suffered for nearly a year from Stone of the Bladder. I was relieved by passing the same, after using one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and completely cured by a few boxes."

MR. WM. MCEVELA, 275 Friel-st., Ottawa, says:—"Two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have worked a wonderful cure in my case. Had been laid up with kidney trouble for months."

G. B. CONES, Orillia, Ont., says:—"I most cheerfully testify that five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured me of Diabetes from which I suffered two years."

—A petition signed by a large number of the business men of Norwood, has been forwarded to the head office of the G N W Telegraph Co., asking that Mr D H Booth be appointed local agent for the Company, as Mr Rutherford is leaving for British Columbia.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.
Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard-st., Toronto, Canada.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. E. LAFLECHE.

THE NEW SPRING WRAPS.

Accordion Plaiting Is to Figure Largely in the Make-Up of the Capes.

The new spring wraps are not displayed in all their manifold varieties as yet, but there are enough in sight to establish the fact that accordion plaiting is to figure largely in their make-up. The most dressy little capes

THE NEW SPRING WRAPS.

or pelerines, which is a more suitable name, since they shape in at the waist, are a succession of accordion-plaited frills of chiffon, edged possibly with a row of black satin or velvet baby ribbon. These form the entire portion over the arms, and the main part of the garment is of accordion-plaited green and black changeable silk, or of volvet or moire silk. There are all sorts and shapes in this little wrap, so that every figure can be suited, and it would seem from one glance at the new models that any sort of material, and any combination of materials, is quite permissible here. One rather unique arrangement is a wrap of ecru linen in rather a coarse open and heavy quality, checked all over with jet embroidery and lined with black taffeta, and the sleeve portion is of black lace and pinked taffeta silk frills of petunia and black.

The length of spring wraps can be anything you desire, between the point of the shoulder and the waist line. Black and white lace combined form some of the dressiest capes, and there is usually a mixture of jet, and sometimes a touch of color. Two novel garments shown in the illustration are a combination of bolero and cape, and velvet moire, chiffon and jet are the materials employed. The jacket is a theatre wrap in brocaded gray silk, with cuffs and an odd collar of block with an edging of silver cord and rhinestone embroidery.

Spring jackets are as varied as the wraps and come in three different lengths, with both high and low collars, so it is impossible to decide yet which will be the leading style. They are made of ladies' cloth, serge and melton, in both dark and light shades, and the pale tint of yellow, ecru lined with some delicate shade of satin is considered very elegant. The Russian style of coat has a place on the list, and the French jackets display quite a little decoration besides buttons and stitching.

THE NEW SHIRT WAIST.

More Elaborate Than Ever—New and Pretty Material.

The filmy summer shirt waists are now receiving their perennial welcome. And it is a more enthusiastic welcome than ever before. The shirt waists to be worn by the summer girls of '97 are well deserving all the admiration they are receiving. They are better looking than in other years, and are made with more care. The materials used are more effective. Many odd little touches in the way of frills and groupings of tucks are introduced, and incidentally they are more expensive. The new shirt waists show the only large sleeves of the season.

Those which are demanding the highest prices are made of transparent fabrics. They are so sheer that the color beneath them shows through effectively. Linen is much in favor for these transparent shirt waists. It is always in the soft fawn color, but comes in a variety of different designs. Some of the newest patterns have much the appearance of grenadine. Others are exquisitely embroidered with flowers. It makes a shirt waist of great beauty made up over geranium pink silk or any brilliant color.

A new material which bears the French name of neigeuse is to be much

THE SHIRT WAIST GIRL.

used for shirt waists this season. It comes in a number of pale shades and is carelessly flecked with white.

The Swisses are prettier than ever and are showered with spring and summer blossoms. These flower-stamped Swisses can be bought for about 25 cents a yard.

Serpentine mull is a good new material for shirt waists. It is cool and sheer, yet strong enough to endure much hard wear. Foulard lawn is much cheaper, selling for 15 cents a yard, but it is a good material for shirt waists.

The shirt waists show two decidedly new collars. The petal collar is extremely pretty. It is of linen cut in the shape of petals. The petals fall away from the neck. They are white, lined with a colored linen, which generally corresponds with the prevailing tint of a shirt waist.

The backs of the new shirt waists are a trifle different than those of last season. The newest is the box-plaited back. This is made with a double box-plait in the middle and single box-plaits on either side. Others have merely a deep yoke. An odd design seen in many of the latest shirt waists is to have the yoke continue over the shoulders, so that it is seen from the front.

"Cheer up, old man; spring is on the way."

"That's what saddens me; the people next door who borrowed our snow shovel all winter have moved and tak-

APPARENTLY A HOPELESS CASE.

A Kincardine Banker who Suffered Distressingly From Indigestion—Apparently a Hopeless Case of Stomach Trouble Until South American Nervine was Used—His Words are: "It Cured Me Absolutely."

What this wonderful remedy for all forms of stomach trouble can do is best told in the words of John Boyer, banker, Kincardine, Ont. "About a year ago, as a result of heavy work no doubt, I became very much troubled with indigestion; associated with it were those terribly distressing feelings that can hardly be described in any language. I had tried various methods of ridding myself of the trouble, but without success, until I was influenced to use South American Nervine. The result, and I gladly say it for the benefit of others—this remedy cured me, and I never hesitate to recommend it to any person affected with any form of stomach trouble." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

A New Pastor.

The Lakefield and Warsaw Baptist churches extended an invitation to the Rev H S Erb, of McMaster University, to become their pastor. Mr Erb accepted the call and will remove to Lakefield with his wife and family to take charge on May 1st.

Extract From Editorial in "Dominion Dental Journal."

Since the article appeared by Dr. Ievers in the last issue, a large number of testimonials from outside and impartial sources, have been sent to us as to the value of "Quickcure." Eminent physicians express the same opinion from practical experience in its use in boils and wounds. We have had practical proof of its value in a burn, and repeated experience in its efficacy in exposed pulps, and various pathological conditions of the gums and the mouth. Dr. Ievers, of Quebec city, has for over eleven years had such invariable success with his preparation, that he had little trouble to persuade many of his colleagues to experiment in the same direction, and the general consensus of professional opinion has been decidedly in its favor."

The Latest Chatter

BUYS CANADIAN MONEY.

A Man in Northen Ohio Who Makes a Living by Purchasing It.

All through that part of the country (Northern Ohio) there is a discount of 20 cents on every Canadian dollar. Of course Canadian money is not as much in circulation as is the legal tender of the United States, but there is enough for his purpose, says The Buffalo Express. A man advertised in all surrounding country towns that he would redeem Canadian money for 90 cents on the dollar. It was some time before he had any results from this advertising. It was like the man who stood on London bridge at midnight and offered to give away sovereigns. People laughed at him. The farmers were shy. They thought it was a swindling game of some kind and left him severely alone. One day a man came in with $10 Canadian money. It was of all shapes and sizes from the 5-cent piece that looks like a dime to a dollar bill drawn on the Bank of Montreal. If he had spent it he could have secured $8 worth of goods for it. My man gave him nine big silver dollars in United States money for it. Before the week was out he had exchanged United States dollars for $250 worth of Canadian money. This would give him a profit of $25 wherever Canadian money is as good as our own.

From that time on the business gradually increased, until to-day he averages about $150 a week. Instead of having the farmers come to him, he goes to them and buys their accumulated savings of Canada coin. They are all his customers and know him well in the five years they have done business together.

Are We to Follow the London Style?

Follies repeat themselves, says The St. James' Gazette. It was Edward IV. who decreed that a shoemaker making peaked toes more than two inches long should be fined twenty shillings. Now, untrammelled by such laws, one of our most fashionable bootmakers has introduced long-pointed toes, which have to be filled in with cork at the tips, and are mostly carried out in the finest patent leather with small buckles on the instep, illustrating the utmost perfection of workmanship. Being so, it would be wiser to relegate them to our cabinets of curiosities. In the Tudor and Stuart time women desirous of rising in the world borrowed inordinately high heels from Italy, and these went by the name of "choppines"—Evelyn in his "Diary" calls them "scaffolds"—and the ladies who wore them to walk abroad had to have a servant on either side for support. This unpractical fashion is not likely to have any great following; but some beautifully made shoes, with heels varying from three to seven inches in height, are to be seen at a modern shoemaker's rendered in the most costly stuffs, such as floral brocaded velvet on cream satin, and gold and silver brocades introduced on the high heel as well as on the upper part of the shoes. It seems almost impossible that the wearers could walk in them, but they do. The preposterous heel gives height and considerably reduces the apparent size of the foot; but the wearer must be treading on the very points of the toes.

Etching on Leather.

A new thing in the line of fancy work is etching on leather.

Undressed leather is required, and the implements of the craft are very simple—a bottle containing benzoline, which looks at first like an atomiser; to a round tube or rubber is fastened at one end a bulb, which is held in the left hand, while the platinum pointed pencil at the other end of the tube is held in the right hand and does the work. All, you understand, are connected with the bottle, or the contents of the bottle, and by some mysterious process the platinum pencil is at a red heat all the time and thus etches the pattern upon the leather: the pattern is first drawn or traced upon the material. It is only necessary to trace the outlines of the design, because by keeping the pattern before one the shadings are easily added.

It is fascinating handiwork and requires no special skill with the pencil at the outset. Groups of cupids, garlands of flowers, dragons, heraldic designs are best suited for this work. And the purpose to which a leather etching is put? One's first attempt may result in nothing more elaborate than a roll of music or a belt to wear with one's new spring suit. As skill is acquired, possibly a dado for the dining room may be compassed, or new seats for the dining room chairs.

Dr. Humphreys Says !!!

as

"77"

is to

Grip & Colds

so is

Humphreys' No. 10

to

Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Weak Stomach,
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A single dose of No. 10 relieves an acute attack; its persistent use cures the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, or five for $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

TO PROTECT YOU

Against Spurious Imitations see that

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

IS ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Sold in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60 Cents

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ...and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

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—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

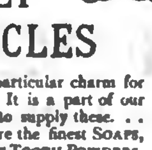
DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES



Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THE CITY . . . Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouse - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 436 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

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FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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FENCE W. MILLER, Agent and Ass't Sec

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Have an established reputation for excellence in all parts of the British Empire because of their durability, easy running qualities and neat appearance. We offer prices to suit everybody.

Griffiths'	Skylark....	$100.00
do	Nighthawk..	85.00
do	Leader....	70.00
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.....HUMBERS and TRIUMPHS.....

Catalogues mailed free to any address.

THE GRIFFITHS CYCLE CORPORATION, Ltd

235 and 235½ Yonge-st., Toronto.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

☞ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

Gold for Amateur Cyclists.

AS an inducement to amateur riders to ride RED BIRD BICYCLES, fitted with Electric Tires, and keep this name plate

to the front of the procession in all amateur races sanctioned by the C. W. A., we offer the following prizes:—

A $500 Gold Brick to the amateur who will win three out of five of the '97 Canadian amateur championships, on a Red Bird, fitted with Electric Tires.

A $500 Gold Brick to the rider of a Red Bird, fitted with Electric Tires, who wins the most amateur races sanctioned by the C. W. A.

A $250 Gold Brick to the rider of a Red Bird, fitted with Electric Tires, who wins the second largest number of amateur races sanctioned by the C. W. A.

This makes three gold bricks, the actual value of which is $1,250.

It is specially requested that all wins be promptly reported, so that a correct account may be kept.

..THE..

Gould Bicycle Co.,

..LTD..

BRANTFORD, ONT.

BRANCHES:
TORONTO, ONT.
MONTREAL, QUE.
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WINNIPEG, MAN.
SYDNEY, AUS.
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Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

370 GEORGE ST.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm-atorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Decaying, Consumption and an early grave.* Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only *Reliable and Honest Medicine Known.* Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. *Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

☞Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Rev. Father Fitzpatrick's Lecture.

Don't forget the entertainment in the Catholic Association rooms on Monday evening, April 5th. Rev. Father Fitzpatrick will give an address on "How Young Men Fail," and an excellent programme will also be presented. Admission 10 cents. 2479

Public Concern.

The representatives of the North American Tea Company, of Toronto, are on their first visit to Peterborough and are placing the merits of their goods before the public with the intention of opening up business here. These people are thoroughly reliable and their teas and coffees give wonderful satisfaction. 2479

On to Ottawa.

Parliament is open and the excursion to the Capital under the auspices of the Board of Trade will take place on April 5th and 6th. A good opportunity to see Parliament in session, and view the buildings and other sights of the Capital. Tickets from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood and Havelock only $3 and good to go on special at 2 p. m., and regular at 11.35 p. m. on Monday, the 5th, or any regular train on Tuesday, and to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, $2.50, to go on same trains, and to return up to Wednesday night. d76

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To place your orders now for

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OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Some unusual interest has been attracted to the Board of Trade meetings that have been held in the last two weeks, and the present seems an opportune time to point out, as has been done so often before, that the Board of Trade is an organization that should have the active support of all business men, of all our manufacturers, in fact of every citizen who has an interest and a stake in the town. Let the interest that has been attracted to the Board by reason of the recent discussion be permanent.

At no time in the history of Canada has the importance of maintaining of such an organization been more forcibly presented. Under present conditions the Board should be of value to the business interests of the men comprising the membership, and to the interests of the town as a whole. The country is passing through an era of development. Our mineral wealth is attracting the attention of the world, and with this attention is sure to come capital and people. The boom in mining districts must have its influence on manufacturing centres. Such a centre is Peterborough, and therefore it is of vital importance that the town, its advantages, its facilities and its institutions should be kept well to the front. To a large extent the town will have to look to the Board of Trade to do this, and the organization to be thoroughly representative and of the greatest influence for good should have the support of all good citizens, should have on its membership roll every man who is eligible.

The talk of the mining boom may seem to be out of the circle of direct local or district interest, and yet the town is adjacent to rich mining country which is being made the object of much prospecting and the scene of investment by capitalists. This scene is also being transformed into one of active mining operations on no unimportant scale. The retiring President's address referred to this matter, and the Board could not do better than give the matter some consideration with a view to ascertaining how far Peterborough might benefit by these mining operations, and, having ascertained the possibilities, to take steps to accomplish all that is possible.

Much business of interest can be dealt with at the Board meetings, and from the present outlook a strong effort will be made by the officers to introduce for consideration and action matters that must prove of general interest. The work which lies near at hand is certain to receive attention. The opportunities that are offered or the avenues that are open and promise to advance Peterborough as a town will be grappled with. In order to make this work of most value, the Board should have a large membership. There can be no doubt that there is a wide sphere of usefulness open to the Board, a sphere which is wider at the present moment than ever before, and one which is increasing as the development of the surrounding mining districts proceeds. Those who find fault because our best men are not in the Town Council have an opportunity to exercise their influence through the Board of Trade. There is work to be done. If it is done by a representative and influential body with an active membership it cannot but result to Peterborough's benefit and her advancement.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 234 Bathurst-st., Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

OAK HALL.

Maple Syrup

Pure Maple Syrup of finest quality, being light in color and made on the latest improved evaporators, put up in 1, 2, and 5 gal. cans at $1.30 per gal., or a very choice local made syrup at $1.00 per gal, 25c per quart, at E. F. Mason & Co's. 2477

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

THIRTY ON THE KING.

The Non-Curlers Win the Pedro Tournament for a Second Time.

The annual pedro tournament between the curlers and the non-curlers of the town took place at the rink last night when sixteen tables were in play. The result was a victory for the town by a score of 46 to 34, a majority of 12 games.

The curlers could not work any too high draws or in turns or out turns "on the king," and for a second time had to accept defeat at the "king thirty" game. At table No. 3 the town pair made a clean sweep, and at table No. 8 the curlers returned the compliment, and won five straight games. Five games were played at each table, and the result was determined by the total number of games. The score was as follows:

	CURLERS.	TOWN
Table No. 1	2	3
.. .. 2	1	4
.. .. 3	0	5
.. .. 4	4	1
.. .. 5	1	4
.. .. 6	4	1
.. .. 7	3	2
.. .. 8	5	0
.. .. 9	1	4
.. .. 10	1	4
.. .. 11	3	2
.. .. 12	1	4
.. .. 13	1	4
.. .. 14	1	4
.. .. 15	2	3
.. .. 16	4	1
Total	34	46

Hon. Mr. Blair Telegraphs.

MayorYlland received a telegram from Hon. Mr. Blair this afternoon stating that the Minister would meet the Trent Valley canal deputation at 10.30 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Personal.

Mrs. H. P. Kennedy has returned from a visit to her parents at Campbellford.

Mr. Robt. Henry, ex-M.P. for south Brant, and ex-Mayor of Brantford, is in town.

Mr. H. H. Smith, formerly of Peterborough, who has been Dominion Land Commissioner at Winnipeg, has been superannuated.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

The Tailors' Strike

An absurd rumor is afloat to the effect that we are helping the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. out of their present difficulty with their tailors by making up some of their ordered garments which they are unable to turn out. We wish to emphatically contardict this rumor. The firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. have not asked us to make up any of their ordered work; and, under the circumstances, it is as self evident as it is truthful that we would positively decline to do so if we were asked.

F. SIMONS & Co.
The Popular Tailors.

Bird in Dakota

The death took place on Tuesday at Inkster, North Dakota, of Mr. Thos. Casement, a former resident of Douro, and father of County Councillor Casement, of Lakefield. He was born 77 years ago in the county of Down, Ireland, and came to this country about 1840. His father and mother, and brothers, Robert and William, and sisters Mrs. Whitla and the Rev. Henry and Mrs. Wolsley, who have all passed away preceded him about two years. He was a resident of Douro till about twelve years ago when he moved to Inkster, North Dakota. In the year 1852 he married Sarah, second daughter of the late John Nelson, who mourns his loss. By this union eleven children were born, eight of whom are still alive, viz: Mrs. J Myers, and Mrs. Aisdorf, Inkster, North Dakota; and Mrs. Dilabough, Drayton, North Dakota; his sons William H., Lakefield; Robt. R., Madoc; Hugh, Walter and Alexander, Inkster, North Dakota.

DEATH'S COLD SWEAT

Stood out in Great Beads upon His Face—A Victim of Heart Disease Snatched from the Grave by the Prompt Use of Dr Agnew's Cure for the Heart—Relief in all Cases in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart positively gives relief within thirty minutes after the first dose is taken. James J. Whitney, of Williamsport, Pa., says:—"Cold sweat would stand out in great beads upon my face, and I indeed thought that my end had come. But relief was found in Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. After using it for a short time I feel now that the trouble is altogether removed." Its effects are magical. Sold by H S MacDonald, druggist.

THE VILLAGE SCHOOLS

Report of Ashburnham Public School for March, 1897.

Fifth Class—928 marks.—Oscar Matchett 823, Mollie Blois 717, Eliza Edwards 525.

Sr. Fourth Class—738 marks.—Florence Butcher 675, Edith Beattie 650, Terrot Glover 645, Sybil Stethem 598, Maggie Smith 592, Mabel Scott 587, Laura Craig 586, Harold Crane 569, George Smith 556, Jessie Crane 545, Ralph Quinn 536, Matthew Edwards 527, Daisy Distin 527, Willie Wood 522, Walter Tighe 512, Robert Maniece 507, Rose Craig 500, Florence Dormer 495, Alice Scott 493, Ethel Record 483, Sidney Tivey 483, Bruce Beattie 473, Frank Eden 455, Lannie Mowry 450, Harry Crocker 293, Eva Moore 270.

Junior Fourth Class—738 marks.—Ida Smith 640, Mamie Ingram 604, Carrie Noyes 573, Pearl Law 565, Bruce Pollock 537, Harry Cox 521, Maud Long 512, Claude Rogers 490, Annie Dawson 488, Bertha Symonds 460, Sidney Gibbs 438, Alex Gillespie 429, Grace Goldey 424, Donald Edwards 420, Mabel Crocker 401, Helen Stethem 383, Harry Rogers 356, Gordon Logan 263.

Senior Third Class—Howard Bennett, May Pollock, Evelyn Dormer.

Junior Third Class—Olive Smith, Willie Distin, Ella Distin.

Senior Second Class—Emma Williams, Florence Wood, Jennie Moore.

Junior Second Class—Tommy Edwards, Edna Dobbin, Flossey Watt.

Miss Erskine's Room—Senior Part II.—Mary Clarke, Stanley Eden, Nettie Castle.

Jr. Part II—Laura Smithson, Clara Adams, George Butcher.

Sr Part I—Ethel Pakenham, James Burgess, Philip Revoy.

Jr Part I—1 John Decker, 2 Jennie Revoy, 3 Lizzie Telford, Rollie Ferguson, Roy Eden.

Miss Dawson's Room.—Sr Part II.—Jessie Waddell, Hattie Williams, D'Eyncourt Stone.

Jr Part II—Janet Quinn, Gertie Hamilton, Minnie Revoy.

Sr Part I—Herbert Gaile, Lillie Crowe, Edith Scott.

Jr Part I—Tom Hamilton, Elsie Pollock, Willie Heathorn and Hazel Craig.

Parents are requested to insist on seeing the monthly reports, to sign them, and return them promptly to the teachers.

It is specially requested that all new pupils for the first classes be present on Monday, April 26th, immediately after the Easter holidays. This will save trouble and confusion in the organization of the first book classes.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

An Ennismore Young Lady Cuts Her Throat With a Knife—Death did not Result.

Elizabeth Davis, 28 years of age, daughter of Mr. Richard Davis, of Ennismore, attempted to commit suicide unsuccessfully at her home last evening.

Her disappearance from the house led to search being made and she was discovered with the blood flowing freely from a cut in the throat which had been administered by a knife of some kind and had penetrated the windpipe.

A doctor was immediately summoned and dressed the wounds which may be serious as the knife used is supposed to have been old and rusty.

Sir Henry Joly De Lotbiniere's Son.

Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere's son, Edmond G. Joly de Lotbiniere, advocate, Quebec, has written to the author of the new preparation for toothache, healing wounds, and removing Pain, says, "'Pheno-Benum' or 'Quickcure' has always relieved the pain instantly and I will never be without it."

Mr. Sandy's Removal.

The Stirling News Argus says:—Mr. F. Sandy, who has been G T R station agent at Stirling for some years, has been appointed by the management to the responsible position of station agent at Peterborough, and will leave here next week to assume his duties there. Stirling has been favored with good station agents in the past, but none have more thoroughly earned and enjoyed the goodwill of the community than Mr. Sandy, and his departure from amongst us is most heartily regretted. Always kind and obliging to all, he has also the credit of keeping the neatest and cleanest station on the line. His many friends here will wish him continued success and prosperity. We are informed that Mr. Brown, of Madoc, will be his successor here. The company are making numerous changes along the line.

Mrs. E. B. Carman, wife of President Quebec Board of Trade, writes: "'Quickcure' has always given instant relif to my children."

Considerate Treatment of the Drunk.

In Denmark, when a man is found too drunk to find his own house he is placed in a cab, taken to the police station, examined by the doctor, detained till sober, and then despatched to his home in another cab; and the bill for the doctor, the cab and the police attendance, has to be paid by the publican who served the bibulous delinquent with his last drink. But for a really original method of dealing with "drunk and incapables" we must turn to Turkey. There the punishment for the first outburst is the bastinado; the second and third offences are also followed by chastisement; but after the third offence the offender becomes "privileged," and is entitled to be carefully taken home by a policeman. The anxiety to get over the first three convictions must be considerable; but the thoughts of the after joy will doubtless heal the tenderest soles.

The Fork Is 900 Years Old.

By the way, it is just about 900 years since the fork made its appearance in Europe. In 995 A.D. a son of the Doge, Pietro Orrolo, had wedded in Venice the Brizzantine Princess Argila, who produced at the wedding breakfast a silver fork and gold spoon. Then the high Venetian families followed unit, and these martyrs to fashion pricked their lips with the new instrument. The fork prospered, however, and spread over Italy. In 1379 it had traveled as far as France, and in 1608 a traveler brought it direct to England.

LAME ON BOTH FEET.

Rev A H Ranton Talks to a Crowded Congregation at the George-st Church.

One of the biggest crowds that has yet greeted Rev. Mr. Ranton was present last evening when the George-st. church was crowded. It was a splendid meeting, and Mr. Ranton talked in earnest style on the subject "Lame on both feet," his text being the words "So Mephibosheth dwelt in Jerusalem, for he did eat continually at the king's table; and was lame on both feet."—II Samuel ix, 13.

After a brief historical introduction, Mr. Ranton referred to Mephibosheth as a sample character; he was the son of a king—a prince—but he lived in Lodevar, a place of poverty and suffering, and through the carelessness of his nurse he was deformed. All men were sons of God, but wandered away into the far country and then God called them home. Mephibosheth misunderstood the message, and thought he was punished and not to be benefitted, and so men to-day seemed afraid to come to Christ. They misinterpreted the message. Mephibosheth came humbly and stood in the presence of David and applied to himself the epethet that he was a dead dog, so the man that comes to Christ must do so in a humble spirit. Lastly, David rewarded Mephibosheth for Saul's sake; so to-day men were blessed for the sake of another and that one was Christ. All effectual prayers, from the prayer of a child to the prayer of Bishop Fowler at the opening of the World's Fair or of Bishop Simpson at the opening of the Centennial, must be offered for Christ's sake.

Mr. Ranton will address a meeting to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the opera house on "The Devil's Best Friend."

At last evening's service Miss Hendren contributed a solo in a most effective style.

10 YEARS A SUFFERER

From Kidney Disease—Gravel and Stricture—An Absolute Cure Found in South American Kidney Cure—A Remedy that Never Fails in the Most Diertressing Cases.

The solid evidence of experience is behind South American Kidney Cure. Mr. Wilbur Goff, of Chippewa, Ont., is simply one of hundreds who have spoken in equally strong terms. He says: "After taking six bottles of South American Kidney Cure I am completely cured of stricture and gravel, having suffered from these complaints for over ten years. I found great relief after taking one bottle but continued the remedy until I was perfectly cured and I am now enjoying the best of health." Sold by H S MacDonald.

Brevities.

—The non-commissioned officers will hold a meeting in the mess-room this evening.

—St. Paul's church choir purpose holding a grand sacred concert on May 11th. Harold Jarvis will be one of the attractions.

—The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated in St. Andrew's church to-morrow at 11 a. m.

—Lakefield and Warsaw Baptists have invited Rev. H. S. Erb, of McMaster University, to be their pastor.

—The Chief of Police and Medical Health officer ordered some young veal off the market this morning. It was being sold by a citizen.

—Gospel meeting at the Y M C A to-night at 8 o'clock. To-morrow afternoon's meeting will be dispensed with owing to Evangelist Ranton's service in the opera house.

—Mr. W. J. McCallum has on exhibition in his window an Irish blunderbuss manufactured 150 years ago. It is the property of Mr. S. W. English.

—Grace church Sunday school of the George-st. Methodist church will assemble in the George-st. church to-morrow afternoon instead of at Grace church.

—The secretary of the Board of Trade, Mr H S MacDonald, has been advised by letter with reference to hotel rates for those who go on the Board of Trade excursion to Ottawa. The Russell House quotes a rate of $3 per day, the Grand Union and Windsor a rate of $2 per day, but where two occupy the same bed $1.50 per day.

William Lee, Esq., Mayor of Parish of Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for most painful rheumatism and got almost instant relief, and the pain has not returned since last spring; it also healed a wound caused by a rusty nail in a marvellous manner. I consider it the healing remedy of the age. We do not fear even toothache now, as we always keep 'Quickcure' on hand."

MARRIED.

WHITNEY—PUFFER—At the Baptist parsonage, Norwood, on 24th March, by the Rev. W. Poer, Mr. Willard Whitney, of Belmont, to Miss Ella Puffer, of Norwood.

DIED.

DUNCAN.—In Peterborough, on Friday, April 2nd, Gertrude, youngest daughter of the late James Duncan, aged 19 years.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 68 Wescott-st., Sunday, April 4th at 2.30 p. m.

Skin Eruptions Cured for 25 Cents—Relief in a Day.

Eczema, tetter, salt rheum, barber's itch—all itching and burning skin diseases vanish where Dr. Agnew's Ointment is used. It relieves in a day and cures quickly. No case of piles which an application will not comfort in a few minutes. If you have used high priced ointments without benefit, try Dr. Agnew's Ointment at 25 cents and be cured. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

H. S. MacDonald.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Kineoptoscope at the opera house.

Non-coms meeting at mess room.

Mrs. R. H. Smith, wife of President Quebec Bank, writes: "'Quickcure' stopped toothache and its use prevented any further trouble during a trip to Europe and back."

Death of Muriel Joy Zimmerman.

At the home of Pastor Zimmerman, 546 Aylmer-st., Muriel Joy Zimmerman died on April 2nd, aged 14 years. The parents with some friends left on the noon train for Hamilton with the body to be interred in the family plot. The funeral will take place from the mother's residence, Blake-st., Hamilton, on Sabbath afternoon.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and today it is the blood purifier most in favor with the publi . Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Edison's Wonder.

THE REVIEW was to-day shown one of the Edison films by Mr. Retallack. This film, which is used in the kineoptoscope now showing at the opera house, is 50 feet long and had 600 pictures on it. The pictures are driven by the English machine, known as the "kineoptoscope." The machine is very steady. From twelve to fifteen pictures pass before the eye every second. It takes six hundred to make one motion picture or animated photograph. The machine was first invented in France, second in England, third in United States.

The Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal" and Dean of the Dental College, Montreal.

Dr. W. George Beers writes: "Dr. Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure,') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it without exception the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience, and the unanimous verdict of Dr. Ievers' confres in Quebec city and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation, not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

DON'T BUY

YOUR BICYCLE before you see our

$50 HARTFORD,
$65 HARTFORD,
$85 COLUMBIA,
$100 COLUMBIA.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

GOLD FOR CYCLISTS.

Amateur Riders are Offered Gold Bricks for Winning Races on Red Bird Bicycles Fitted With Electric Tires.

With their characteristic enterprise the Goold Bicycle Co., Ltd., of Brantford, are offering amateur riders exceptional inducements to win races during the coming season on Red Bird bicycles fitted with Electric Tires.

A $500 gold brick is offered to the amateur who will win three out of five of the Canadian championships.

To the rider who wins the most races sanctioned by the C.W.A. another $500 gold brick will be presented, while a $250 gold brick will fall to the lot of the rider who scores the second largest number of C.W.A. victories, the race in each instance to be won on a Red Bird fitted with Electric Tires.

Aside from the splendid prizes given, the fact that four out of five of the Class B championships of '95 and four out of five of the professional championships of '96 were won by Red Bird riders should tend to make this staunch and speedy Canadian wheel immensely popular with amateur riders.

In addition to this and of a more recent date, however, the Red Bird has met with wonderful success in Australia, Martin and Kellow virtually sweeping everything before them, the latter winning as high as $2,500 in two weeks, the actual time of racing being in the neighborhood of fifteen minutes. As an Australian cycling paper aptly put it, "This is good business."

The Commandant of Bisley Team in 1894.

Dr. E. B. Ibbotson, Major Royal Scots, Montreal, writes: "'Quickcure' is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, who should keep it in the house for emergencies such as toothache, barns, cuts, etc.

Ladies

The little store around the corner is a busy place these fine days. Where are you going to-day? "Over to Mrs. Appleby's," the ladies all say. Be sure to take your purse with you for if you don't you'll surely rue it. 6d

OAK HALL.

We are head quarters for sewing machines and everything in musical merchandise at right prices on easy terms. Old stand, Peterborough Music Co. d177

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00,

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1867. MERCER'S, ESTABLISHED 1867.

OUR WATERWAYS FOR TRANSPORTATION

MR. R. B. ROGERS READS A PAPER BEFORE THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Mr. Burnham's Resolution Which Gave Rise to the Interest at the Last Meeting is Passed Without Discussion—Mr. Rogers Deals With the Trent Valley Canal—Illustrated by Views.

One of the most interesting meeting of the Board of Trade that has been held for some time was that last evening, when about fifty members gathered to listen to a splendid paper by Mr. R. B. Rogers on "Transportation by Waterways," with special reference to the Trent canal. Mr. Rogers handled the subject ably and was assisted by Mr. Roy, who displayed upon the canvas with his stereopticon lantern views illustrating the route of the Trent and Erie canal, motor and trolley power, lift locks and steel barges, ending with a trip along the route of the canal.

Mr. John Carnegie, president, occupied the chair and the first question to come up was the resolution introduced by Mr. Hampden Burnham at the last meeting and which caused so general a discussion.

THAT INTERESTING RESOLUTION.

Mr. Dumble introduced the resolution again. He stated that a clause of the constitution as he had read it in the daily papers, set aside all other arguments. The constitution allowed them to discuss public questions and no attack had been made on that constitution. Mr. Burnham's resolution was simply a general resolution in regard to the proposed action of the Government against the United States, presenting a bold front to them. Mr. Laurier's reply to Mr. Burnham's letter stated that the Prime Minister was always prepared to receive expressions of public opinion. Those in high places should feel they were supported by public opinion. The Board could deal with local questions as well as those in regard to the affairs of the country, of which they were a part. It was as legitimate for them to deal with public questions as for the Toronto Board of Trade or New York Board of Trade to deal with the Dingley bill which affected the United States at large. They were within their sphere and he advocated Mr Burnham's resolution. He was a Liberal, a free trader, in principles, but it was a question of expediency and circumstances had to be considered. They had to suit the questions to the necessity of the times. Mackenzies' policy was incidental protection and the new regime inaugurated protection for the sake of protection. In the last twelve or thirteen years a vast change had taken place. Industries had increased and interference with them would be criminal. The statesmen at the head of affairs he felt were intelligent enough to realize that the action of their neighbors to the south could not be dealt with as a few years ago. He referred to several instances in which the United States had got the better of them. Britishers through magnaminous spirit continually surrendered to harmony, but the Americans hang on to get the better of the bargain. Their aim by this tariff was to bring them under the American flag. But that was not the way with Britishers and they would submit to hardships before they would be bulldozed or coerced. He thought conciliation was good and to use every effort to get trade relations was proper, but now if they intended to humiliate them they could tell them they would not be humiliated. If the Laurier cabinet carried out this action, they had a right to see it met with their approval and the resolution had been introduced to endorse the proposed action of that cabinet in respect thereto. Mr. Dumble then moved Mr Burnham's resolution, which Mr. Fair seconded, agreeing with Mr. Dumble's remarks, the resolution which was as follows, was adopted without any discussion:

That, in view of the attitude of the United States towards Canada in matters of trade and social relations, the Dominion Government's proposed programme of practical remonstrance with that nation and its avowed intention of cultivating closer trade relations with Great Britain be heartily approved by this Board of Trade.

In reply to a question of Mr. Cahill's, Mr. Dumble stated that the Government's intention had been foreshadowed by speeches of the Ministers.

TRANSPORTATION BY WATERWAYS.

Mr. R. B. Rogers was then called upon to read his paper on "Transportation by Waterways."

Mr Rogers began by discussing the benefits to be derived from the construction of the Trent canal. The great benefits were the cheapening and the regulation of freight, the great question of the day in the development of the country, especially the great country to the west. Every day they heard or read something affecting this question. In the country to the south it was principally with regard to legislation relating to railways, their inter-state laws, etc. In this country the question relates to both railways and canals, and especially at the present time to canals. This is because of the favorable geographical position and from the natural features of the country. Few, if any other country, had the same favorable and natural facilities for water transportation that Canada had. They saw from a glance at the map the short distance it was from the outlet of Lake Huron, which was the foot of the great lakes by which the great produce of the west is brought to tide water at Montreal, and he compared it with the country from Buffalo to New York, through which for the whole distance as far as Albany artificial navigation is necessary. The cheapest transportation was obtained by water, and the cheapest transportation by water where great levels have to be overcome was by means of tows of barges. Acknowledging these were facts, Mr. Rogers maintained the Trent Valley canal was superior to all others. Proceeding, Mr. Rogers dealt with the proposed ship canal from the great lakes to the seaboard, and contended, after producing figures, that it 'was an absurd proposition, and quoted several authorities to prove his statement. The interest on the capital required would carry all freight free. The Erie canal with the present crude system of barge navigation could hold its own against the outside world and was still the cheapest route for freight to New York. Very few improvements over the old system of travelling by horses have been attempted till very recently. Recently, however, towing by electricity had been tried, but up to the present had not been altogether satisfactory, especially in regard to cost. Both the towing by trolley and by a motor suspended by a calbe on the canal bank had been tried, and illustrations of these were thrown upon the canvas. The main objections to both was that they were not cheaper than steam and did not allow of such freedom of movement as steam did. These experiments had been made on the Erie canal, which, however, did not possess the same favorable facilities for steam as the Trent canal. On the Erie for 352 miles it was actual canal and along which it was necessary to go at the slow rate of from 3 to 3½ miles per hour, and the depth was so limited, about 6½ feet for the whole distance, that it was not possible to use powerful tugs owing to the wear on the bottom and sides of the canal. Mr. Rogers compared this with the Trent canal. The Trent route for its whole length, with the exception perhaps of about 20 or 25 miles, will be through lakes and rivers, along which powerful tugs drawing tons of barges could be operated. This was a most important point in favor of the Trent route. Of course a drawback to the Trent canal was the amount of lockage, but this was not an unmixed evil as against the drawback unlimited water power was developed. The lockage is altogether 850 feet, 250 feet from Georgian Bay to Balsam lake being up, and from Balsam lake to Trenton 600 feet was down. But this drawback was being satisfactorily overcome by hydraulic lift locks, which Mr. Rogers referred to at some length, and illustrated those in use in Belgium and France. By this lift lock vessels could be transferred from one level to another level for such great heights as from 40 to 75 feet in the same space of time that a vessel could pass through a lock of 4 to 7 feet lifts. By this means the time which would be required in overcoming this 850 feet of lockage by means of the ordinary lift locks, had been so greatly reduced as to be no longer a prominent feature. In the two divisions at present under construction there were to be two of these hydraulic lifts, the one at Ashburnham, having a lift of 65 feet, and the other at Kirkfield, a lift of 50 feet, being a total of 115 feet, which did away with about one-seventh of the total lockage. The great advantages of these locks were the saving of time in the cost of repairs, the saving of water and the saving in the cost of operating, all of which Mr. Rogers fully explained. The innovation of steel barges was alluded to and the speaker felt they would overcome any question of the practicability of such barges as would navigate the Trent canal, being able to navigate the great lakes and being able to go through from Duluth, Port Arthur and Chicago to Montreal or Quebec without breaking bulk. This had been one of the great considerations that militated against the Trent canal as a through route. Mr. Rogers proceeded to deal with the cost of transportation and showed that by the improvements on the Erie canal it would be possible to ship grain from elevators at Duluth and Chicago and place it in holds of ocean steamers at 4c per bushel. He argued that by the much superior route of the Trent canal the rate would be still less. By this route the largest vessels afloat on the upper lakes, vessels carrying 180,000 bushels of grain, could be brought to the head of the canal at Midland. These vessels could land grain from Chicago or Duluth at about one cent a bushel and even less, ½ cent, and if they could take it by the Erie canal from Buffalo to New York, a distance of 500 miles for 1 cents a bushels, then with our superior route, which is also 100 miles shorter, we could take it for one cent, with the cost of elevating at Midland and again at Montreal into ocean vessels of say 1½c per bushel; it would make a total rate from Duluth to Montreal of 2½c per bushel or say 3 cents, not adding the transhipping into ocean vessels at Montreal, a rate unheard of up to this date. Now if grain could be carried from Duluth to Montreal via the Trent canal for such a very small rate, the Government was not justified in expending such enormous sums as they were asked to do in deepening the St. Lawrence canals, before they have completed the Trent canal, at perhaps a quarter of the cost. They could not carry grain any cheaper than three cents from Duluth to Montreal, by the ship canal or any other canal. In the valley of the Trent there was a population equal to that of New Brunswick. There were raised in the valley of the Trent 16,000,000 bushels of grain, 300,000 tons of hay and very large quantities of other produce. The freight on grain from Peterborough to Montreal was 8½c. per bushel, from Kirkfield it was 9½c. When they could take grain from Duluth to Peterborough for 3 to 3½c. surely they could take it from Peterborough for the same rate. If so they saved 5 or 6 cents a bushel. In this district they used about 50,000 ton of coal and they could easily save $1 per tone in freight on coal which would make a saving of $50,000 per year. If they could cheapen, as it would be possible to do, the freight on the imports and exports of their merchants and manufacturers by at least 25 per cent. they could figure out the saving to each at the end of a year. It would also increase the value of forests and mineral deposits in the back country. Mr. Rogers believed also that the bridge works would treble in size as it would be enabled to manufacture the steel barges and he also surmised that Peterborough was the most favorable location for an immense ship yard. After a few references to the measurements of the canal, Mr. Roger gave some interesting historical facts in regard to the Trent canal. It was not altogether correct, Mr. Roger said, to speak of the Trent route as a canal. Take the stretch from Healy's Falls to Barrie or Orillia, a distance of about 180 miles and on only about 5 or 6 miles of that distance would a vessel be compelled to move at the ordinary canal speed of 3½ miles per hour; the balance being through lakes and rivers where vessels could move at any rate of speed. He hoped when the whole canal was finished only 20 or 25 miles would be actual canal. In consequence of this, the cost of maintenance would be reduced to a minimum, owing to there being so few locks to repair and the time of passage would be greatly reduced. Mr. Rogers concluded a most excellent and instructive paper by explaining the construction of concrete locks and on resuming his seat was loudly applauded. However, before the meeting dispersed Mr. Roy depicted upon the canvas scenes along the Trent canal from Chemolm's Rapids to Midland, which the gentlemen viewed with interest. Mr. Rogers and Mr. Roy were tendered a hearty vote of thanks at the close on motion of Mr. R. Mulholland, seconded by Mr. D. W. Dumble.

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It saves worry, too. Everything goes wrong with wrong Baking Powder. Make things go easy and right by using OF GROCERS EVERYWHERE

IN PURITY THERE'S HEALTH

strength—life. Some Baking Powders are bad health producers because of impurities in them. "Pure Gold" is absolutely pure—nothing harmful in it. And this is proved by the highest test known to science—chemical analysis.

Pure Gold Baking Powder

TEN DAYS' SPECIAL EASTER SALE!

In order to make things lively around our store till Easter and give everyone bargains to make them especially joyous, we have decided on A SPECIAL TEN DAYS' SALE. The New Goods, as well as the Spring portion of the Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock must go at special prices. Sale commences

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 3rd.

We have prepared as never before for the enthusiasm of Easter. We want lookers as well as buyers and everybody is welcome to examine the new goods to their heart's content. There is no one here to pull faces at you if you don't buy.

THE BARGAIN LIST:

Staple and Cotton Wash Goods.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 25c to 30c., sale price 10c.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 35c to 45c, sale price 15c.

You will require to lose no time to get some of these.

300 yards Check Ginghams, original price 8c., sale price 5c

300 yards 32 inch Flannelettes, original price 8c., sale price 5c.

200 yards Prints, light and dark, original price 10c., sale price 6½.

1,000 yards more of that special 8c. Grey Cotton, sale price 5c.

300 yards Circular Pillow Cotton, original price 18c, sale price 12½c.

Carpets and House-furnishings.

200 Window Shades, original price $1.00, sale price 38c.

200 yards Union Carpet, regular price 35c., sale price 25c.

200 yards Ingrain Carpets, good value at 60c., sale price 45c.

300 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 35c. sale price 25c.

400 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 60c, sale price 45c.

500 yards Brussels Carpet, regular price $1.25, sale price 90c.

Dress Goods and Silks.

500 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 7 different patterns, good value at 85c, sale price 60 cents.

200 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 3 different patterns, good value at 75c, sale price 50 cents.

100 yards new Blouse Silks, original price 35c., sale price 25c.

Special value in Black Lustres, in plain and fancy.

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

200 pair Ladies' Cashmere Hose in Plain and Ribbed 25c.

1000 yards Washing Laces, original price 10c., sale price 3c.

150 Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c., sale price 5c.

600 Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price 5c.

Millinery and Mantles.

100 Straw Sailors, special, at 25c.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.25.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.50.
We have the most stylish Millinery in town, so the ladies say.
10 Children's Capes, will clear at $1.00
10 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $1.75.
5 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $2.00.
20 Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, will clear at $1.
New Dressing Jackets, will clear at $1.35.
Blouse Waists, special price 50c.

White Wear and Corsets

100 Pair White Corsets, Robert Hall's price $2.00, sale price $1.00.
This is a rare chance to get a beautiful White Corset, $2 quality, at half price.
Ladies' White Skirts and Underwear at clearing prices.
1,000 yards White Lawn, special price 10c.
200 pair Drab Corsets, 75c. quality, price 50c.

This is an opportunity that seldom occurs at this season of the year, but we must turn some of this into cash quickly.
EVERYONE WELCOME.

Hall Gilchrist & Co,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.
No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage.
Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

LIFE'S A BURDEN

If the Stomach is Not Right.

Is there Nausea? Is there Constipation? Is the Tongue Coated? Are you Light Headed? Do you have Sick Headaches?

Any and all of these denote Stomach and Liver Disorder.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills act quickly and will cure most stubborn and chronic cases. No unpleasantness. No griping. These little pills are little wonder-workers and are far-famed. 50 in a vial for 20 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?

A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

MASSEY-HARRIS

BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66¼ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

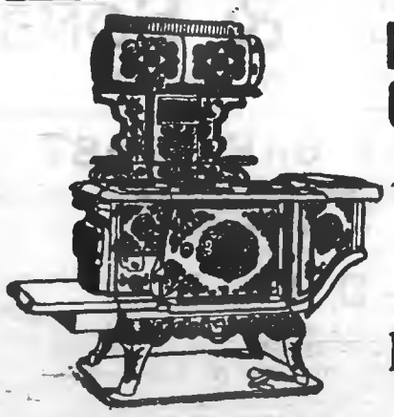
Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	$75.00	
Dominion	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



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THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER
392 George Street.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures
COUGHS and COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCormon & Son, Bouchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Gerome of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McCumber of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. Hutty, Chemist, 326 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. The sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lte.
Sole Proprietors
MONTREAL

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

BRISTOL'S
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Sarsaparilla
and
SUGAR COATED PILLS

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify th Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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361 Broadway, New York.

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat? FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

Proposal to Make May 24 a Permanent Holiday.

Petition from British Columbia to Restrict Japanese Immigration—Also to Put Up the Chinese Poll Tax from $50 to $500—The Wonderful Richness in Gold of the Yukon Country—Names of Those Who Signed the Petition to the Pope—P.O. Money Order Clerks on the Rack—General News from Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 2.—(Special.)—Senator W. J. McDonald of British Columbia has struck a popular note in his bill to make the 24th of May a permanent annual holiday in commemoration of the glorious reign of Her Majesty. Canadians would miss their great spring holiday, and when a successor is on the throne of Great Britain, which one may fairly hope may not be for many years hence, the 9th of November will not be a very suitable day for a public holiday.

The preamble recites that, whereas the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria is the longest and most distinguished in peace, civilization, art, commerce and the perfecting and adaptation of scientific discoveries to the interests of mankind in the history of the Empire, it is befitting that the same should be marked in every way that may do honor to Her Majesty and perpetuate her reign. Therefore it proposes to enact that the interpretation act be amended so as to constitute the 24th of May a holiday for all time in the Dominion.

The Papal delegate, it is said in Ottawa, will side with the Liberals and report to the Holy Father in favor of restraining the bishops of Quebec. Mr. Shaughnessy of the C.P.R. will do all he can to persuade Mgr. Mery Del Val in that direction. Mr. Shaughnessy and Sir William Van Horne are anxious to help the Government out of their troubles.

A numerously-signed petition from British Columbia on the subject of Japanese immigration was presented to Parliament to-day. It starts out with the statement that a large influx of Japanese is a serious menace to the prosperity and material development of this country; that the Japanese are accustomed to a low standard of living, and are therefore willing to accept a lower scale of wages; that they are seriously competing with white labor, and indeed in many cases leading to the exclusion of white laborers. The petition goes on to say that there is danger of the province becoming orientalized. It is urged that the term of residence in Canada for Japanese before they can become naturalized should be increased from three to five years; that the evidence of residence shall be given in open court and that it shall be verified by production of the passport which is issued by the Japanese Government to all its subjects on leaving for foreign countries. Consul-General Nosse's visit to Ottawa has anticipated this petition. Mr. Nosse says the statements of the influx of Japanese are grossly exaggerated, there being only 300 Japanese in the whole of Canada.

Another petition from British Columbia asks for an increase in the capitation tax on Chinese immigrants from $50 to $500.

There are many rumors in circulation with reference to the fast Atlantic steamship service, and it is said that immediately after Mr. Dobell's arrival in England, which will be to-morrow, an announcement will be forthcoming of a provisional arrangement for the establishment of the service.

The commissioners appointed to investigate the management of the Kingston Penitentiary have completed their labors. St. Vincent De Paul Penitentiary is next to be tackled. The Canada Gazette to-morrow will announce the appointment of J. B. Noxon, Toronto; O. K. Fraser of Brockville, and D. A. Lafontaine of Montreal as commissioners.

The commission was appointed as the outcome of protests of Mr. Fortin, M.P. for Laval. Mr. Fortin is anxious to work Warden Ouimet out of his job, and has a successor designated in the person of Capt. Chartrand, who is to be secretary of the commission.

The Canadian Yukon is a veritable eldorado. The Minister of the Interior has just received reports from William Ogilvie, the Dominion Land Surveyor, Ogilvie says that at Cloudy Ke, which is some 60 miles southeast of Fort Cudahy and further into British territory, some men are making from $1000 to $2000 per day. This is done by placer mining. The report is altogether a most remarkable one, showing gold to be found in abundance.

Col. Burland of the 6th Fusiliers has generously offered to contribute the sum of $10,000 towards the expenses of the proposed provisional regiment to represent Canada at the Queen's Jubilee celebration in London.

One can understand now how it is that Charley Devlin has got a Government berth. Before his appointment he made formal recantation of his kick against the school settlement by signing the famous petition to Rome. Here is a list of signatures: Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. J. I. Tarte, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Hon. R. W. Scott, Hon. C. A. Geoffrion, Hon. C. A. Pelletier, Hon. J. Thibaudeau, and the following M. P.'s: R. Prefontaine, O. E. Talbot, C. R. Devlin, L. P. Brodeur, L. C. A. Angers, P. M. Gray, F. Langelier, C. Beausoleil, R. Lemieux, A. A. Bruneau, J. A. C. Ethier, D. Monet, M. E. Bernier, J. A. C. Madore, P. V. Savard, H. G. Carroll, T. Fortin, P. A. Choquette, O. Desmarais, C. I. Rinfret, G. Turcotte, J. H. Legris, H. S. Harwood, Joseph Levecque, H. Dupuis, C. Bazinet, Joseph Gauthier, T. Proulx, N. A. Belcourt, J. B. R. Fiset, J. H. N. Bourassa, R. M. S. Mignault, A. Bourbonnais, C. E. Pouliot, Joseph Godbout and A. M. Dechene.

There were some very nervous clerks in the money order branches of the Postoffice Department a few days ago. Each clerk who opens the accounts had to undergo a private examination as to his knowledge of commissions on money orders. The examination was conducted by Mr. Fred Everitt and it is understood the clerks examined all passed with flying colors.

An order has been issued to public departments prohibiting the reading of newspapers during office hours. The order has been a difficult one to enforce, as during the past years a majority of the clerks devoured the daily news before beginning the duties of the day. A few mornings ago the Postmaster-General walked into one of the offices under his department and noticed a clerk sitting reading a paper. The clerk did not see Mr. Mulock and read on. "I thought that newspapers were not allowed to be read in here," remarked the Postmaster-General. The clerk looked up, dropped his paper and went to work in double quick time.

Mr. Foster will question the Government further respecting the proposed grant to the Grand Trunk Railway for the enlargement of Victoria Bridge. The promoters of the Montreal bridge scheme are not discouraged by the Government's contribution to the G.T.R. bridge.

Prefontaine, one of the chief promoters of the bridge to Longue Island, asserts that if the Government can bonus the G.T.R. undertaking, they can do as much for the other. It is understood that one of the stipulations of the Government in agreeing to aid the Victoria bridge widening, was to obtain the consent to other roads having running powers over the structure, which wish to enter Montreal.

An Order-in-Council has been passed renewing the modus vivendi license for this year. It contains the significant statement that negotiations on trade relations and other matters between Canada and the States are still pending, and therefore it is advisable to continue this arrangement for another year.

Lady Aberdeen leaves Chicago for Ottawa by to-night's train immediately after the holding of a large party, invited by the president and governing body of the University to meet Her Excellency.

Col. Prior, late Controller of Inland Revenue, arrived from British Columbia to-day.

Mr. Robert Birmingham is in town.

A report is in circulation that the bar in connection with the House of Commons' restaurant is to be re-opened this session. This is not true. The Internal Economy Committee of the House has come to an understanding with Mr. Barnett, the restaurateur, by which he will be indemnified for the loss to his business.

The Senate to-day had another crack at the address, Senators Power and Primrose doing the talking. Mr. Bernier, the Catholic champion of Manitoba, speaks on Monday.

Ald. W. T. R. Preston of Toronto, is in town. So is Mr. G. B. Smith.

Mr. Quinn gives notice of a bill to amend the Interest Act providing that no greater rate than 6 per cent can be recovered.

Mr. Harry P. Macdonell of the House of Commons staff has been promoted to a second-class clerkship.

The Papal ablegate will be here to-morrow at 1.40 p.m.

The Legislative Committee of the Trades and Labor Council is to interview the Government next Friday.

Deputy Collector Harty of the Inland Revenue service at Arnprior has been dismissed for political partisanship. W. E. Rowan is his successor.

A deputation from the Montreal Chambre de Commerce will be here on Monday to ask that the subsidy to the French Line be continued and granted to a new company, the Columba-Franco-Belge having ceased operations.

Irons may be made to last for years, and they may be treated in such fashion as to wear out in a few months. The first great secret in their preservation is to keep them from rusting. To this end, when not in use, they should be stowed away in a clean, dry place. If, in spite of this care, or, more likely, because of some neglect, they should still become rusty, rub them thoroughly with lard and beeswax and then with sandpaper.

AN ENGINEER'S STORY.

LIFE ON A RAILROAD CONDUCIVE TO DISEASE.

Mr. Wm. Taylor, of Kentville, Attacked With Kidney Trouble—So-Called Cures Proved Useless, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored His Health.

From the Kentville Advertiser.

There are very few employments more trying to the health than that of a railway engineer. The hours of labor are frequently long, meals irregular, and rest and sleep hurriedly snatched "between runs." One of the troubles which very frequently attack railway trainmen is kidney disease, which up to a late period has been looked upon as a disease difficult, if not impossible, to totally cure. Although there exist numerous remedies claimed to be cures, the truth is that nothing had been found to successfully cope with this terrible disease until the advent of the now world-famed Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Chancing to hear one day that Mr. Wm. Taylor, a resident of this town, had been cured of kidney trouble through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a reporter called upon him at his home to hear from him personally what he thought of his

cure. Mr. Taylor is an engineer on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, his run being between Halifax and Kentville, and is one of the most popular drivers on the road. When asked by the reporter concerning his illness he said: "It was in the spring of 1896 that I had a severe attack of kidney trouble, brought on by continuous running on the road, and I suppose it is caused by the oscillation of the locomotive. It affected me but slightly at first, but gradually grew worse. I consulted a doctor and then tried two or three varieties of so-called cures. Some helped me for a time, but after stopping the use of them I grew worse than ever. I had noticed numerous testimonials in the papers concerning Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and reading of one that was almost identical with my own I decided to give them a trial, and purchased four boxes at a cost of $2. But it was $2 well spent for I was completely cured by the use of the pills, and have not been troubled with my kidneys since. I can therefore recommend them to others similarly afflicted.

The experience of years has proved that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitiated condition of the blood or shattered nerves, that Dr Williams' Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and save money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time and do not be persuaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer, who for the sake of the extra profit to himself, may say is "just as good." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE	
For Lindsay and Toronto	Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope	Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay	Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East	Leave 9.05 p.m.
GRAND JUNCTION	
Leave	8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive	8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.
LAKEFIELD BRANCH	
Leave for Lakefield	8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield	10.30 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Stands for BLACKS, of this there's no doubt,—
The black on these faces will never wash out;
For wool, silk and cotton, Black Diamond Dyes
Are used without fear by the prudent and wise.

The above is taken from "Excelsior Rhyming A B C Book, Illustrated." Each letter of the Alphabet is 2½ inches long; no two letters of the same color.

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND..... GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY APRIL 3, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J. McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Trade remains very dull, and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues quiet and prices are unchanged. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, west, and white at 74c, on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c, west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c to 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 19c, west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 27c, west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c to 33c, outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts at the western markets today were large, with a slight weakness in the general tone. There were 60 car loads, including 1500 hogs and 100 sheep and lambs. The demand for export cattle was fair, with choice grades firm, selling at 4¼c to 4⅝c per lb. Ordinary shippers sold at 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold at 2⅝c to 3¼c per lb. Bulls for export, 3¼c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle were a trifle easier, owing to good supply; the best qualities sold at 3¼c to 3⅜c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Spring lambs sold at $4 to $5.50 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 100 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c to 5½c per lb.

Hogs are weaker, with receipts of 1500. The best sold at 5½c, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4½c to 4¾c; lightweights at 4½c, sows at 3½c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 2.—Spring wheat, 6s 3s to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2½d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage steadier. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 11d for May and July, and 5s 9½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 8½d for May and 2s 10½d for July. Flour 21s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 22f for May. Flour 44f 00c for April and May.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet and steady. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat 21f 90c for May. Flour 44f 00c for April and May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures steady at 5s 10½d for May and July, and 5s 8¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8½d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s 0¼d for Sept. Flour 21s 9d.

The man who stands idly by and sees the life fading out of his wife's face, sees her health going, sees her becoming old and faded and wrinkled when she should still be in the perfect enjoyment of vigorous, useful health, is either less than a man or else does not know of the one remedy which will bring her back to health and strength. Perhaps her husband cannot persuade her to go to her doctor, because she naturally dreads the inevitable "examinations" and "local treatments." He can persuade her, if she needs persuasion, to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This truly wonderful medicine has cured hundreds of women after the best physicians have failed. It has been in constant use and tested every day for thirty years. It isn't an experiment, there are no chances about it. It is a certain cure for all derangements, weaknesses, irregularities and displacements of internal organs peculiar to women.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

A Lot of Business Got Through With Yesterday—$5000 Voted to Mrs. Balfour.

The Legislature yesterday voted the sum of $5000 as a gratuity to the widow of late Hon. W. D. Balfour. The Attorney-General proposed the grant and Messrs. Whitney and Haycock cordially assented to it.

The business opened with the consideration in Committee of the Whole of Hon. Mr. Gibson's bill respecting land surveyors and the survey of lands. The various sections were carried with slight amendment.

The Attorney-General's bill with reference to the registration of instruments in respect of unpatented lands, and the valuation of mining lands for the purpose of assurance under the Land Titles Act passed in a similar manner.

Considerable criticism was offered by Messrs. Matheson and Meacham to the Attorney-General's bill to amend the Wills Act. The bill provided that every will should be revoked by the testator's marriage, except in two cases: 1. Where the will declared that it was made in contemplation of marriage; 2. Where the wife or husband of the testator elected to take under the will.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting the appointment of Queen's Counsel, the Attorney-General recalled that the Court of Appeal had decided that the Provincial Government had power to appoint Queen's Counsel. It was then thought advisable to limit the number of the appointments of that nature which might be made. The bill would permit of the appointment by the Government of only 20 in four years. Mr. Whitney considered it proper to limit the number of Government appointments, but objected to the clause which allowed exceptional appointments to be made by the Court of Appeal.

Attention was then diverted to the private bills and Mr. Farwell's bill, to incorporate the Fort Frances and Pacific Railway Company, was considered. The proposed company is composed of Horace Thorne, James Pearson, William Parsons, Robert Home, Joseph Delamere, Abner Nelson, Edward Anderson, Craig Pew and John Williamson Tait, all of the City of Toronto, and is empowered to construct a railway from Fort Frances to a point on the C. P. R., between Raleigh and Vermillion. The bill passed.

The House passed in supply, Mr. Stratton in the chair, the estimate of $87,340 for colonization purposes. Even the irreconcilable Col. Matheson allowed that the money was to be expended in most cases where it would do most good.

In moving for an appropriation of $125,275 for Crown lands, the Commissioner remarked upon the urgency of adequate expenditure for fire ranging. The usual amounts were asked for surveys of new lands. The item passed.

On motion the sum of $29,100 will be spent upon mining development, the vote of last year being but $16,030. There will be spent $36,600 on mining roads, distributed as follows: English River and Saw Bill Lake-road, to construct 33 miles as a waggon road, $12,000; Jackfish Bay and Long Lake Mining-road, to grade and extend northward, $800; mining trail from Shuniah Township via Shuniah mines camp to Empress mine at Jackfish with branch to Schreiber, about 2140 miles, $1600; Moss Township Mining Trail, about 40 miles, $600; Rat Portage and Rainy Lake Mining-road, through a swamp about seven miles from Rat Portage, $300; Rossland Mining-road, to change location and open about three miles, $600; Shoal Lake and Bad Vermillion Lake Mining-road, to improve and extend, $500; Turtle Lake Mining road, to open from Bad Vermillion-road to mines at Turtle Lake, $2000; Wabigoon, Manitou and Rainy Lake Mining roads, to open about 14 miles and construct dam, etc., $8000; and other mining roads, to construct where upon examination they are deemed necessary, $10,000.

The principal items of interest in the miscellaneous appropriations were the gratuities proposed to be given to the windows of deceased public servants. When the item "special grant to widow of Hon. W. D. Balfour, late Speaker and Provincial Secretary, $6000," was reached, every voice in the Chamber was hushed and all eyes were directed upon the seats occupied by the Ministers.

Slowly the Attorney-General arose, and, with a noticeable tremor in his voice, proceeded to move that the item should pass. He confidently asked the House to sanction the grant. At an ordinary rate of interest it would mean an annuity of $400 to the late Speaker's widow, in whose present circumstances the money would prove a boon. The circumstances surrounding the case made the grant particularly appropriate and he had no doubt that the House would display its usual generosity in such cases and accede to the appropriation.

Mr. Whitney believed there should be less objection if there was objection at all, to this item than to any other. The facts as he had learned them were as the Attorney-General had stated them. It did seem that the circumstances were such as would but very infrequently arise. Public opinion, however, had to be taken into account in such grants, and the House, he, therefore believed, would be justified in going to the extent of a grant of $5000. Any person acquainted with the facts would approve of the grant.

Mr. Haycock also concurred in the grant, although he opposed gratuities as a principle. The argued that $5000 would be a very adequate appropriation, but the circumstances were such that rendered the item above criticism.

To this the members of both sides added a fervent "hear, hear," and the item was changed to $5000 and passed.

These bill were also read a second time:

To amend the act respecting joint stock companies for the construction of piers, wharves, dry docks and harbors.—The Attorney-General.

To amend the act respecting joint stock companies for the erection of exhibition buildings.—The Attorney-General.

To confirm and legalise a bylaw of the corporation of the town of Collingwood.—Mr. Paton.

The following passed the committee stage:

Respecting the town of Thorold.—Mr. German.

To confirm bylaw No. 241 of the village of New Hamburg.—Mr. Moore.

Respecting the village of Kemptville. —Mr. Bush.

Respecting the village of Drayton.—Mr. Tucker.

To amend the act incorporating the South Essex Electric Railway Company.—Mr. Auld.

Respecting the Fort Erie Ferry Railway Company.—Mr. German.

Respecting the marriage settlement of Robert George Dickson and Mary Catherine Dickson.—Mr. St. John.

To incorporate the Fort Frances and Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. Farwell.

"I wonder why the tax levy is made in mills instead of cents," remarked Beechwood.

"That is in accordance with the eternal fitness of things," replied Homewood.

"Well."

"Because it grinds the taxpayers."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 2, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71½	to	0 80
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt.	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 60
Cabbage per doz.	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz.	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE'S Syrup of LINSEED and TURPENTINE cures All Throat and Lung Troubles Teaspoonful Doses. PRICE 25 CENTS

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE: 437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

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If You Want it Done Right.
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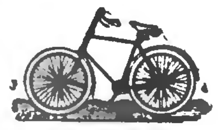

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No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

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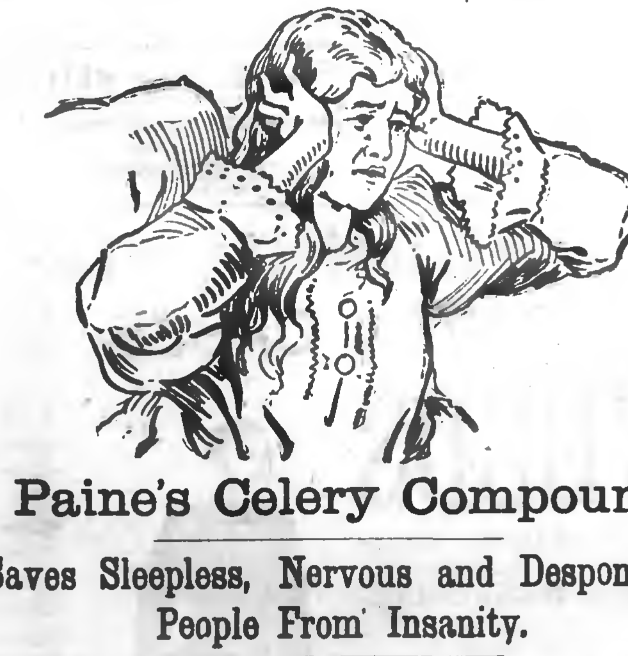

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Saves Sleepless, Nervous and Despondent People From Insanity.

THE GREAT MEDICINE HAS NO EQUAL.

Medical men of the highest standing, and a host of others competent to judge, declare that Paine's Celery Compound is the only effective medicine for the banishment of all the troubles that lead to sleeplessness or insomnia.

In the spring season thousands are restless, fretful, nervous, despondent and gloomy. They find it impossible to obtain restful and sweet sleep, and soon become physically exhausted; some already are mere wrecks of humanity.

Such sufferers cannot with safety trifle with sleeplessness and and continued unrest. All in such a condition demand immediate succor and aid before nature becomes too overtaxed. The weakened, exhausted and irritated system must be strengthened.

For every form of sleeplessness or insomnia Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that acts in a truly natural way to produce sleep and perfect rest.

This wondrous remedy of nature should be used at once if satisfactory and immediate results are desired. Do not allow your rundown nervous system to lead you to the very brink of the grave in spring time.

Putting off will only complicate your troubles, and deeper misery will be yours. Use Paine's Celery Compound and you are assured of perfect action of the heart, stomach, kidneys and liver, and sweet sleep will be your life blessing.

Get "Paine's" the kind that cures. Remember there are miserable imitations—celery preparations that are worthless and dangerous as well. Ask your dealer for "Paine's" and take no other, if you seek for life and

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ECZEMA ON HANDS

Completely Covered, and Between the Fingers Skin Perfectly Raw.

Husband Had to Dress and Undress Her Like a Baby.

Physicians' Medicines Drove Her Almost Crazy.

Hears of CUTICURA. Husband Goes Twenty Miles for It.

First Application Gives Perfect Ease in Five Minutes, and a Night's Sound Sleep.

My hands were completely covered with Eczema, and between my fingers the skin was perfectly raw. I had to sit with both hands held up, and away from the fire. My husband had to dress and undress me like a baby. I tried the best physicians, but their medicines gave me no relief, and drove me almost crazy. I was advised to try CUTICURA REMEDIES, and did so, although my husband had to go twenty miles to get them. As soon as he got back, I used the CUTICURA (ointment), and *five minutes after the first application I was perfectly easy*, and *slept soundly all that night*. Before I commenced using CUTICURA REMEDIES I could get no ease night or day. I could not bear to get warm, it would put me in a rage of itching. I always keep CUTICURA REMEDIES in my house now, and recommend them to everybody, because of their wonderful effect. Yours gratefully,
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SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR TORTURING, DISFIGURING HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

This treatment instantly allays itching, burning, and irritation, removes crusts and scales, softens, soothes, and heals, permits rest and sleep, and results in a speedy cure, when all else fails.

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The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897

VICTORY FOR EAST SIMCOE

Of One Thing Mr. W. H. Bennett, the Conservative Standard Bearer in East Simcoe, is Sure—He Suffered From Catarrhal Trouble and Found Speedy and Fixed Relief in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

In the coming bye-election it will not be settled until the votes are counted whether Mr. W. H. Bennett, who has represented the constituency with ability for years, will again be the successful candidate. One thing Mr Bennett is perfectly certain of whatever turn the election may take: When attending to his duties in Ottawa two sessions ago he was taken down with catarrhal trouble in the head. He used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and over his own signature says that it worked like a charm, and quickly removed the trouble and made him fitted for his parliamentary duties. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCVIII.
SHORT SKETCHES OF GREAT MEN—NO. 7

St. Francis Xavier.

A few years after Columbus had discovered America, Vasco da Gama rounded the Cape of Good Hope, crossed the Indian ocean and gave to Portugal commercial sovereignity in the East Indies. This nation of intrepid navigators was not long in conquering important cities and establishing trading posts along the whole coast from Mozambique to the farthest point of the Malay Peninsula. The opening of the east to commerce was also the opening of it to the Gospel of Christ. In the cities occupied by the Portuguese priests were stationed and churches built and Goa was made the see of a bishop. The time had arrived to extend the dominion of Jesus Christ among the natives, of whom some had been converted to Christianity, when John III of Portugal asked Pope Paul III to send missionaries to plant the faith among the various people of these vast regions.

About this time the Company of Jesus had been instituted by St. Ignatius, of Loyola. Among the famous men who joined the founder of the Jesuit Order, at the very inception of the society, was Francis Xavier. The members of this society had bound themselves, besides the usual vows of a religious order, to serve on any mission among the heathen to which the Pope would send them. Francis of Xavier was chosen to be the bearer of the Light to the nations of the far East.

This illustrious hero of the faith was born at the chateau of Xavier in Navarre, April 7th, 1505. His home education taught him piety, the fear of the Lord and purity of life. When eighteen years old he was sent to the University of Paris, where at twenty-four he took the degree of Master in Philosophy. He then entered the course of theology at the Surbbonne, at that time one of the most renowned schools of the world. There he showed himself a persevering student of extraordinary ability, and great energy. He was ambitious of worldly honor. It was in this institution that he first met Loyola and formed a friendship with him. Frequently did Loyola tell him that the only glory worthy of his ambition was heavenly glory, that it was against reason not to prefer that which lasts forever to that which vanishes like a dream. He would repeat to him again and again the words of the Saviour "What doth it profit a man to gain the whole world and lose his own soul." Reflecting on these words he recognized the vanity of earthly things and was soon led to join that band of sincere souls who had gathered around Ignatius Loyola, and followed his leadership. As soon as the institutes of the Company of Jesus was approved by the Pope and the Society established, Xavier received Holy Orders and began his work of preaching. He traversed Italy, and the good effect of his ministrations was seen in the improved morality of the cities he visited. In 1540 he was chosen to preach the faith to nations of the East. In promising to go whither the Pope might send him he realized in its fulness, what the life of a true missionary should be. Like the Apostles he was ready to go forth to meet every difficulty, every trial, persecution and even death. For what is the life of a missionary faithful to his calling but a living death? It was not a question with St. Francis of exposing his life for a time, as it were, to the chances of war, as does the soldier on the battlefield, but a question of always dying. He fully understood that the zealous missionary must learn and practice how to die to all things, every day and every where. He must enter on a war to which there is no truce and no end, and against an unrelenting and implacable enemy, who can be overcome only by the strength of God. To engage in this combat it is necessary for the missionary to strip himself of all human affections. When he enters the field of his labors, he dies to his family and friends. He must quit them. He belongs to them no longer, and in all likelihood will never see them again. He dies to the brethren of his community, with whom he has daily offered his prayer and adoration to the Almighty, and with whom he had shared his work in the ministry of the Lord. He must leave this second home, the home of piety and brotherly love, probably never to enter it again. He dies to his country. He must bid it farewell. He will possibly breathe his last in some far distant land, where neither the sky above, nor the earth beneath, nor the language nor the customs of the people will recall a single feature of his fatherland, where even the men about him have nothing in common with the men he had known, save misery, wretchedness and sin. And when this three-fold separation, this three-fold death shall be consummated, there is another death which will not be finished at one stroke, but which will continue every instant until his last day on earth shall come. He must die to himself, not only to all the needs of life, but to the very necessities of heart and soul. There will be for him no fixed abode on earth, not even a passing shelter, not a stone whereon to lay his head. He will have no friend, no confident, to console him in his sorrows or to encourage him in his weariness. He will travel through hostile countries and desert wastes to bring the Bread of Life to the scattered few who have submitted to the yoke of Christ and form his flock. All this was present to the mind of Francis Xavier when on his thirty-sixth birthday he bade his last farewell to home, friends and country.

Full of zeal and ambitious for the glory of God, he embarked at Lisbon on the ship St. James for the Indies, April 7, 1541. After a voyage of thirteen months he arrived at Goa, the capital of this Portuguese possessions, May 6th, 1542. During the voyage, as on all other occasions, he interested himself in the welfare, spiritual and temporal, of the poor sailors. When disease broke out among them he nursed them and gladly gave up to them his own room. No work of charity that could help them or alleviate their sufferings was left undone by him. In all his journeys wherever he stopped he took up his abode in the hospital, if possible. His time when not preaching was spent attending the sick, ministering to the dying, teaching the children and recalling sinners to repentance. At Goa, among the Portuguese, as among other conquering nations, avarice and ambition had done much evil. In their greed for wealth and honors many forgot God and neglected their duty to Him. While there Francis, we are told, spent the greater part of the night in prayer and penance, beseeching God to have mercy and spare His people, while during the day he gathered the children and slaves about him for instruction, and sought the souls of men to save them. His vigils and labors were not in vain. They brought forth good fruit in the changed lives of the people.

From Goa Francis came to Cape Comorin, where he began his missionary work among the natives, who were miserably poor and depended upon the pearl fisheries for a scanty subsistence. When he had labored among these people for a time and Christianized most of them he returned to Goa for assistant priests. The natives of the island of Manar, off the coast of Ceylon, asked for a missionary. One was sent to them whose labors were blessed with many converts. These people were subject to the King of Jafanapatan, who hated the name of of Christian, whom he persecuted most cruelly. During his reign over ten thousand who confessed the name of Jesus willingly gave up their lives in testimony of their faith in Him. Xavier left two priests at Cape Comorin and continued his missionary labors along the whole Coromandel coast, and arrived September, 1545, at Malacca, a stronghold of the Portuguese, where he met other Jesuits who had been sent from Europe. With them he embarked for the Molucca Islands. Among the people of these and other islands of the Indian Archipelago Xavier remained nearly two years. He then returned to Goa, visiting on his way the missions he had established at Ceylon, Cape Comorin, Cevetim, etc.

To be Continued

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RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., pastor. Fellowship meeting at 10 a. m. Services at 11 a.m. conducted by the pastor, subject, "Assurance," and 7 p.m. by the Rev A H Banton, subject, "God's Gold Cure." A mass meeting of the Sunday school and young people will be held in the body of the church at 2.45 p.m. Strangers heartily welcomed at all services. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, April 4th. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. conducted by pastor. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.— Rev O. C. Elliott, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. 5th Sunday in Lent. 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 10 a. m., Morning Prayer. 11 a. m. second celebration Holy Communion and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—McFarlane Wilson, Jos Mitchell, Jas E Johnston and W Donnell. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, April 4th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. The monthly collection for Missions will be taken up. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. Monday at 8 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. 5th Sunday in Lent. 8 a. m. celebration Holy Communion. 11 a. m. Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class 7 p. m., Evening prayer and sermon.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

DIVINE GUIDANCE.— Rev. W. M. Eadie. Parlor meetings are held daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., commencing at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m., consisting of singing, addresses and conversation, without the usual routine of prayer. Bible reading and collection. Friends are free to come late or leave early when they are not able to remain during the whole service which usually continues for two hours.

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Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

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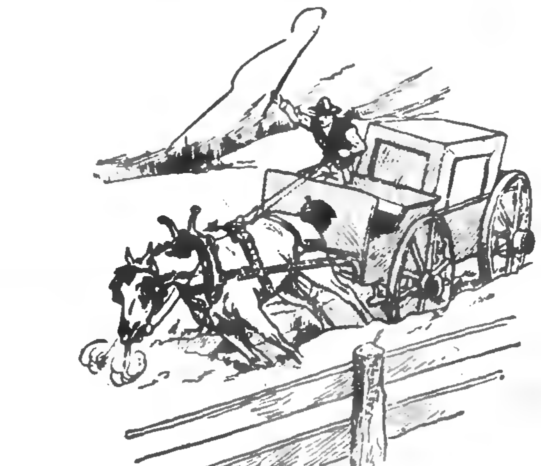

"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we see the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constant sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

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Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 80. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

WAR CLOUD GROWING

Mr. Curzon, Foreign Secretary, Addresses His Constituents.

He is Hopeful, However, That Prudent Statesmanship May Dispel the Cloud—Britain's Objects Are the Welfare of Crete and the Avoidance of War—Mr. Gladstone's Impracticable Scheme—Only a Knave Would Make the Suggestion That Britain Is Acting for the Turks—Vote of Confidence in the Government—Latest News.

London, April 4.—George T. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, addressed his constituents at Southport yesterday. He made an extended reference to the arbitration treaty, with which, he said, the name of the Marquis of Salisbury would be perpetually linked in history. If the motives and tactics, which were alien to the spirit of the proposals they apparently intended to wreck, succeeded in strangling that agreement in its cradle, they would not succeed in depriving its authors, either on this side or the other side of the Atlantic, of the credit of its parentage, and a later date would surely come when their treaty, if not completed now, would take its place as a part of the code of the Anglo-Saxon brotherhood, and perhaps a part of the international law of the world. The law givers who originated it would ever afterward be held in honored remembrance.

Speaking of the eastern question, Secretary Curzon said that a war cloud was daily growing on the horizon, but he was hopeful that prudent statesmanship and the unselfish aims of the powers might yet dispel the cloud before it breaks into a cyclone of universal destruction. He presumed that the British people had two objects in view, the welfare of Crete and the avoidance of European war. The speaker excepted the Radicals, who, he said, held, without regard for facts, that whatever Greece did was right.

Secretary Curzon then referred to the integrity of the Ottoman Empire, and said that part of the international law which had heretofore been modified by the powers would be modified again, but that the distribution of the empire as it gradually breaks up must be undertaken by Europe and not left to individual powers to grab what they thought was their share of the spoils. The only effect, he said, of Lord Kimberley's or Sir William Harcourt's proposals to tear up the treaties and repudiate the obligations of Great Britain would be to alienate our allies and leave vacant a place in the concert of Europe, which was a league of peace. At the present moment nothing could be worse for Crete and nothing so unfortunate for Greece as that the ancient liberties of the former should be imperilled, or that the financial difficulties of the latter should be aggravated by a strain which annexation would impose. A constitution for Crete would be ready soon, and peace would be restored. More important points than the forming of a constitution were the creation of a supreme governing authority and the pacification of the island. The new Governor should be a Christian, nominated by the powers.

In this connection the speaker said that he could not imagine a more impracticable suggestion than Mr. Gladstone's that the Cretans be allowed to select their own Governor. The withdrawal of the Turkish troops was a logical sequence after the withdrawal of Crete from the authority of the Sultan. England was taking all the steps possible to get rid of the Turkish troops on the island, but the responsibility for their remaining rests with the insurgents and the Greek troops who were encouraging them. Only a knave would make the suggestion that we are acting for the Turks in this matter, and only an idiot would believe, if Greece declared war, as we read with shame, she would do it in order to spite herself on the powers. She could not act from a pettier or meaner motive or commit a greater crime. Our duty lies with the concert of the powers, because it is in the cause of peace. It is a cabinet of nations, marking the greatest advances of international law and international ethics which the century has seen.

At the conclusion of Mr. Curzon's remarks he received an ovation, and a vote of confidence in the Government was taken and unanimously carried.

BOTH AGAINST BRITAIN.

Germany and Russia Agreed—The Latter to Make for Constantinople.

New York, April 4.—James Creelman cables from Berlin to The Journal:

Germany has now reached a full understanding with Russia, and the Czar is the leader in the policy of coercing the Greeks. I am informed by very high authority that if the powers find it impossible to preserve the status quo Germany will not object to a Russian advance on Constantinople. Bismarck has told friends that he was willing to let the Russians take Constantinople in 1876, but the Iron Chancellor was afterwards Russia's most determined opponent.

It is all changed now. Germany recognises England as her chief rival in commerce, and is resolved to make war on her everywhere, hence the sudden friendship which has sprung up between the Czar and Kaiser. English pretensions in Africa have alarmed Germany, and the whole adjustment of European power is rapidly changing. No details of the new Russo-German alliance further than those cabled recently are obtainable.

Having forced the powers to blockade Crete, the German Emperor has decided to temporarily retire from the leadership of the present international diplomacy and let the great struggle for supremacy between England and Russia go on. Germany has eagerly urged Austria to occupy Sand Jak at once under the terms of the Berlin treaty, so that if the Greeks declare war on Turkey the Austrian army can march across the heart of Macedonia, seize Salonica, and so control the situation, but the Emperor of Austria bluntly refused to act. Austria is already so overloaded with inharmonious population that she does not dare to add new elements to her confused domestic politics. This refusal has completely upset Emperor William's plans for enforcing peace in Central Europe.

SHAMEFULLY AMBUSHED.

Bashi-Bazouks Went Out From Canea and Attacked Fleeing Families

Canea, April 3.—The insurgents in the hills about the town of Akrotiri, on the peninsula of that name, recently asked the foreign admirals for permission to leave their positions, as they desired to leave the peninsula. The authorization was granted, and the insurgents with their families descended from the hills, driving their cattle before them, and not suspecting any danger. They had scarcely reached the lower ground, when 2000 Bashi-Bazouks suddenly fired upon them at a range of only 220 yards. The Bashi-Bazouks had emerged from Canea last evening and made their way to the insurgent position, having apparently received information that they were about to evacuate the peninsula.

The Turkish force consisted mainly of refugees who had been brought to Canea from Selino by Sir Alfred Biliotti, the British Consul here. After their arrival in Canea they had been armed by the Governor, in defiance of the promises that had been made to the admirals. Their arms had been taken from them when they were compelled to evacuate, but they experienced not the slightest difficulty in procuring other weapons by direction of the Governor.

The insurgents were armed, and they soon recovered from the surprise occasioned by the sudden attack of the Bashi-Bazouks. They then returned the fire, whereupon the latter returned to Canea. As they approached the town they quietly deposited their arms and ammunition in places where they would not be seen by the foreigners here. Part of the weapons were placed in ditches in the outskirts, while the remainder were deposited in the Medijes barracks.

The international forces ashore did not take any measures to prevent the collision, and the warships in Suda Bay did not fire a shot to check the Bashi-Bazouks.

The Mussulmans lost heavily in the engagements. Fifty dead and wounded were brought to Canea. Some of the Moslems, presumably refugees, attempted to bring their arms into the town, but they were stopped at the gates or fortified lines by Italian sailors and disarmed by the officers of the gendarmerie. The Mussulmans are very much incensed by this action, and are assembling in great numbers at Splazza. It is stated this evening that British sailors were landed on the peninsula ostensibly to restrain the Bashi-Bazouks, but only when it was too late to do anything.

Foreign Admirals to Blame.

London, April 3.—Several of the correspondents of London newspapers, telegraphing from Canea, represent that the foreign admirals were seriously blameable for the fighting that occurred to day between insurgents and Turkish irregular forces on the peninsula of Akrotiri. They state that Admiral Caneavero, the Italian officer who is in command of the combined fleets of the powers, had given his assent to the request of the insurgents that they be allowed to leave the peninsula and pass through Canea to the interior of the island. They evidently trusted that Admiral Caneavero would give them safe conduct, but it seems that no measures were taken to protect them.

When the admirals learned that the Bashi-Bazouks were barring the way of the Christians, they ordered that detachments of sailors and marines be sent to disarm them and compel them to return to Canea, but it was then too late for the detachments to carry out their orders. It does not appear why the foreign warships did not seize the Bashi-Bazouks.

GLADSTONE TO ZEIMIS.

The G. O. M. Says Discretion and Firmness Will Win the Day.

Athens, April 4.—M. Zeimis, President of the Boule, the single Greek legislative body, recently sent to Mr. Gladstone a message of gratitude for the stand he has taken in behalf of Greece and the Cretan Christians. In this message M. Zeimis said: "All your glorious life has been full of combats for justice and liberty. Now that the ellenic nation has risen to fight in favor of Crete, which is bedewed with blood, you come to uphold anew the rights of an oppressed race."

Mr. Gladstone's reply to this message was made public here to-day. He says: "My tract was not written to confer a favor on Greece, but to discharge a solemn duty, contributing to redeem my country from any risk of dishonor which would have been incurred by placing ourselves in antagonism to the high interests of justic and freedom. My opinion is that if the Greeks continue discreet and the Cretans firm their reasonable self-assertion will carry the day and the

Continued on Page 7.

WELCOME AT OTTAWA

To the Representative of His Holiness the Pope.

The Premier and Other Members of the Cabinet, as Well as Members of the House, Took Part in the Welcome—The Address Presented Promised Loyal Obedience to Whatever His Holiness Should Order—All the Archbishops Summoned to Meet in Montreal Next Thursday.

Ottawa, April 4.—(Special.)—According to arrangement, Mgr. Mery Del Val, the papal delegate, arrived here last evening and was welcomed by Archbishop Duhamel and the local clergy. The papal representative spent to-day quietly at his quarters in Waterstreet Hospital, and to-night was accorded a formal welcome by the Catholics of Ottawa. The event took place in the Basilica. There were thousands inside the church and thousands unable to get in. Among the notables present were the Premier, Messrs. Tarte, Scott, Fitzpatrick, Costigan, Landerkin and McMullen.

An address of welcome in Latin to His Excellency was read by the Archbishop, the one in French by Mr. Taillon, President of Institut Canadien, and one in English by Mayor Bingham, who was attired in his robes of office, and wore his gold chain. The English address, among other things, said: "We welcome you for your noble Spanish blood, with a dash of Irish in it, which renders your Excellency all the dearer to many Canadian children of St. Patrick." The address assured Mgr. Del Val of the loyal acceptance by the Canadian Catholics of any decision which might be given by His Holiness.

The delegate in his reply said he was glad to know that, while the Roman Catholics of Canada differed as to their language, they were one in faith and united in their loyal submission to the decrees of the Holy Father. He combatted the idea prevalent in some quarters that the Catholics were not loyal to their earthly sovereign. No one joined more heartily than the Pope in congratulating the Queen on her Diamond Jubilee.

The proceedings closed about 9 o'clock.

After the congregation had dispersed a flash-light photo was taken of the sanctuary with the ablegate in the centre, Archbishop Duhamel on one side and Archbishop Langevin on the other and surrounded by the local clergy.

Messrs. Laurier and Scott made a formal call on the ablegate this afternoon.

All the Archbishops Summoned.

Montreal, April 4.—Mgr. Mery Del Val is losing no time in getting to work. He has called a meeting of the Roman Catholic Archbishops of the Dominion, to be held in the Archbishops' Palace at Montreal at 10 o'clock next Thursday. Invitations or notifications of this meeting were sent out last night by Father Archambault, Chancellor of the Arch-Diocese of Montreal, to these prelates: Archbishop O'Brien, Halifax; Archbishop Cleary, Kingston; Archbishop Walsh, Toronto; Archbishop Duhamel, Ottawa, and Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, who is down here. Thursday's conference will be presided over by Mgr. Del Val.

LONG RIDE ON HORSEBACK.

New Yorkers Did the Trip From Gotham to Philadelphia in Less Than 7 Hours.

Philadelphia, April 3.—Harrison K. Caner and his brother-in-law, Tristram C. Colkett, both of Philadelphia, rode from New York to this city on horseback in six hours and fifty-two minutes, establishing what is considered a remarkable record for the trip. The feat was accomplished with relays of horses, each of the riders using four different steeds for the journey. The finish was made several hours ahead of the time expected, and, with the exception of a slight fall which Mr. Colkett experienced in the streets of New York, the trip was entirely without accident to either of the riders or their horses. The distance from start to finish was in round figures one hundred miles, and an average gait of over fifteen miles an hour was maintained.

GONE BACK TO WORK.

Emperor Francis Joseph Wouldn't Accept the Resignation of His Ministers.

Vienna, April 4.—The Cabinet crisis that was brought about by the resignation on Friday of Count Badeni, the Prime Minister, and the other members of the Ministry, has been ended by Emperor Francis Joseph, who refuses to accept the resignations of his Ministers. After conferring with the Emperor Count Badeni and his colleagues decided to attempt to carry on the Government despite the fact that they had found it impossible to maintain a Liberal majority in the new Reichsrath. The Emperor therefore again confirmed the whole Cabinet.

Pat—Ye'll have to get a new night watchman, sorr. Oi'll be lavin' yes Saturday.

Bank President—Why, what's the matter, Patrick?

Pat—Shure, this place is on a strate where there's so many noises at night I can't get my slape.

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SITUATION WANTED.
BY YOUNG MAN, AGE 24, used to farm work, cows and horses; good and careful driver. Apply—A. B. office of this paper. 3d80

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER
Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethune Street . . . . .
All work promply executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

ASSIGNEES
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
TRUSTEES
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. R. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67tf

Awnings, Tents, Flags.
Waterproof Goods of all kinds.
SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.
We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest,
J. J. TURNER & SONS
263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.
Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE. Best in the world.
Second Hand Wheels for sale.

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 356 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 56cod

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Timber Limits
In the Townships of Cavendish, Anstruther and Harvey, known as
"The Scott Limits"

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Memorandum of Agreement, dated the 15th day of September, 1893, made between The Dickson Company of Peterborough (Limited) and J. W. Henry and Sons, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Oriental Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on

Thursday, the 15th day of April, 1897

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, those valuable Timber Berths or Limits, commonly known as "The Scott Limits," situate in the Townships of Anstruther, Cavendish and Harvey, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, particularly described as follows:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF ANSTRUTHER:
Concession 1, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 4 inclusive, and 12 to 17 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 5 inclusive, and 14 to 17 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and 12, 13, 16 17.
do 5, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, except 13 and 14
do 6, Lots 1 to 13 inclusive and 16,
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive
do 8, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
Containing in all 28,300 acres, equal to 44½ square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF CAVENDISH:
Concession 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive
do 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive, and Islands Nos. 2, 3, 4.
do 6 Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, 18, Island Lot 19. Island No. 1, and Lots 22 to 29 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 16 to 29 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
Containing 39 900 acres, equal to 62 square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF HARVEY:
Concession 7, Lots 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28.
do 8, Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
do 9, Lots 25, 26, 28.
Containing 4,480 acres, equal to 6¾ square miles, more or less.

Also the following Patented Lands in the said Township of
HARVEY:
Lot 15, Concession 8 and Lot 15, Concession 9

All the foregoing Timber Berths are under License from the Department of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario and are subject to an annual ground rent of $3 00 per square mile and to the Crown Timber Regulations relating to timber dues, locations etc. They are well timbered, principally with White Pine, besides Cedar, Hemlock and other woods. They are well watered for the driving of logs, the streams which are well improved with dams, slides etc., being tributary to the Mississagi River. The extreme distance from these limits to the town of Peterborough is about 30 miles.

The whole property described will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to the right of the vendors to buy same in.

TERMS—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Vendors at the time of sale, a further payment of twenty per cent. in one month thereafter and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum secured upon the property in manner appropriate to its peculiar nature.

The other terms and conditions will be such as are usual upon sales under the power contained in a mortgage and will be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendors' Solicitor.

For further information application may be made to

MESSRS. BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto Building, Toronto.
MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH & CASSELS, Solicitors, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto and to the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough March 3rd, 1897.

A. P. POUSSETTE,
379 Water Street Peterborough,
Solicitor for the Vendors, the Dickson Company, of Peterborough, (Limited.)

This advertisement is published by leave of His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Peterborough.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

Probabilities.
Moderate to fresh winds; local rains, but partly fair and mild.

R. F.
1897 STYLES

OUR NEW SPRING STYLES.

CARPETS
Were never so handsome or so reasonable in price.
—:or:—
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR!
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . . 16 Benson Street.
B. CLEGG, Residence 206 Stewart Street. Telephone.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

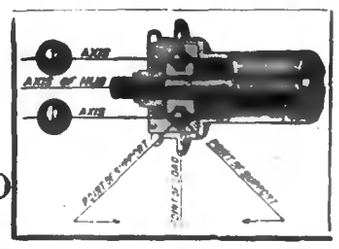
MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

There is Only One Bicycle Bearing

that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

AND IS FOUND



ONLY IN THE

E. & D. 80 Gear ROADSTER

Manf'd by THE CANADIAN TYPOGRAPH CO., Ltd.
WINDSOR, ONT.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

	1896 Price.	Prices Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	100, t	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Kelly as Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition. list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, 1 (Gents) 1896 Wheel	at	40
1 Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

GEO. J. HORKINS

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EASTER RATES

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard form if school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third

Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.

GENERAL PUBLIC

Single First Class Fare

Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive, Return until April 20th, '97

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.

THOS. JOHNSTON

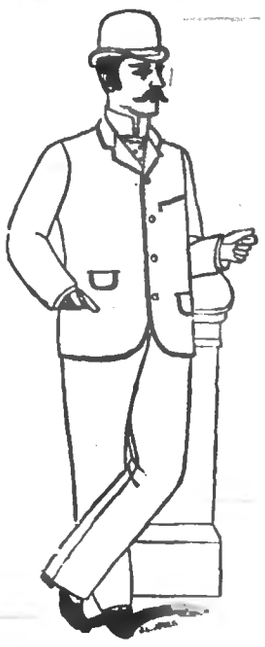
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. d1697w

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT —OF— OAK HALL



Men's Blue Serge Suits, well lined and finished, from $3.25 up.

Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, in Scotch, English and Canadian, Farmer Satin linings, and in both Sack and Frock, suitable for business, from $5 to $10.

Men's Black Worsted West of England Suits, in both the Clay and Satin finish, beautifully trimmed in sack and frock, from $8 to $13.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our Boys' Department has been replenished for the Spring trade with the latest styles and best fabrics that could be procured.

Boys' 2 piece Suits, 4 to 12 years. Serges and Tweeds, well made, re-inforced seams in Pants, in both Union and All Wool, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Boys' 3 piece Suits 10 to 16 years, in Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds, substantially lined and elegantly finished, from $3 to $6.50.

We have also a large variety of Youth's Suits.

A HANDSOME PREMIUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE!

OAK HALL

The Reliable One Price Clothiers.

W. J. Wattam, Manager.

Horrors of Dyspepsia

Sour Stomach, Heart Palpitation, Nervous, Sleepless

Now Able to Do All the Housework —What Cured Her.

The excellent qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a stomach tonic and appetizer enable it to relieve and cure dyspepsia even when cure seems hopeless. Read Mrs. Willett's letters:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

Letter No. 1

"Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very

Weak and Nervous.

About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Still Praising Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

Letter No. 2

"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897

THE Address has been passed, and now the Dominion Parliament may get down to business. The sooner the Government introduces its tariff bill the better for the country. There are signs of further delay, but it is to be hoped that signs are deceiving.

REFERRING to Sir Oliver Mowat's letter to Mr. Hardy explaining that he did not mean what he said when he made that prohibition promise before the last election, the Montreal Gazette says:—Sir Oliver Mowat has written to Mr. Hardy, the Ontario premier, declaring that the pledge given by him in the name of the Ontario Government had no reference to what could be done in the way of repressing the liquor traffic through the license law, and referred only to the possibility of the province being declared to have the power to pass a prohibitory law. For two years Sir Oliver has received the compliments and praise of the prohibitionists who supposed that his pledge meant what ordinary people would understand it to mean, but what he now says it did not mean. It looks as if the cautious chap, in trying to help his old time wicked partner out of a hole, had pulled himself in.

THE apple export trade is enlarging. At least 1,300,000 barrels of apples have been shipped this year in excess of any previous season from Canadian and United States ports. The total figures aggregate some 2,780,000 barrels, while the best previous year was 1891-92, when 1,450,000 barrels were shipped. The figures, however, for the present year are only up to March 20, and before the season is over will be increased to a considerable degree. During 1895-96 the total shipment from all North American ports amounted to only 751,255 barrels. In the list of ports of shipment Montreal stands second, with a record of 696,000 barrels, while Boston leads with 980,000 barrels. The Canadian shipments of the fruit have been very heavy. A goodly portion of apples which went from the United States ports of Boston and Portland were Canadian fruit, and when this is added to the shipments of Montreal, Halifax, and St. John, it will be found that the Dominion has secured at least its share.

THERE is a very active and strong agitation developing against the departmental stores. What effect such agitation will have is hard to say. Legislation does not promise to reach them, and appeals to the people to be loyal to local merchants and to refuse to go bargain seeking, that is to take advantage of the "less than cost" prices offered in some departments by these big stores, does not promise to result in making serious encroachments on the business done by these large stores. A correspondent in the REVIEW in a recent issue referred to these stores as the "mercantile octopus" which was reaching out its arms and gathering in the business and crushing the life out of the smaller merchant. This is the true description of these city stores that flood the country with their catalogues and gather in many thousand dollars through their mail order department. A feeling of loyalty to the local merchant should pervade the farmer, the mechanic, the doctor and the lawyer. The success of one depends to a large extent on the success of the other. If there are twenty merchants doing business in a town and each making a living in his own line, it is far better for the other classes in the community than it would be if one man was doing the whole business. This seems plain enough, but people read it and say it is correct but they do not heed it. If they persist in this the departmental store is here to stay and conditions of trade and mercantile business will have to adapt itself to the new order of things. Nevertheless the keenest sympathy cannot but be felt for the agitation against these big stores. The people have the remedy in their own hands.

THE SOUTHERN FLOODS.

Less Rain at St Louis Than Was Anticipated The Situation Shows Some Improvement.

Washington, April 4.—The following reports have been received to-day from the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau officials in Chicago of the river districts:

St. Louis, Mo.—Less rain has fallen than has been anticipated and the rise will be slower. More water will come out of the Missouri River by Tuesday.

Cairo, Ill.—The river has risen 1-10 of a foot since Saturday morning. It is now on a stand at a 50.4.

Memphis—The flood situation shows no improvement, and in the vicinity of Helena it is hourly becoming more critical. Owing to heavy rains in this section, the river at Memphis shows a slight rise, but no marked change is expected at present.

Helena, Ark.—River 51.85 feet, rainfall 89-100 of an inch. Levee broke four miles below town and will flood the city. Damage in the country will be great, but in the city slight.

Vicksburg, Miss.—Crevasse reported at Flower Lake, Miss., six miles below Austin, Tunica County.

New Orleans—River rising, 17.8. This is within 1-10 of a foot of the highest water ever previously reported. Heavy rains have occurred in the past 24 hours in the water sheds of the Arkansas, Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers, and along the Mississippi, heavy rains or snows in the Upper Missouri and light rains in the Upper and Lower Mississippi and the Ohio Rivers.

The Mississippi has risen from St. Paul to the south, except a fall of 1-10 of a foot a Keokuk, St. Louis and Vicksburg. It is above the danger line at St. Paul and Lacrosse.

Flying to Higher Ground.

Sioux City, Ia., April 4.—Residents of the Floyd River bottoms here are again flying to higher ground. At Merrill, James and Hinton, points above here, the stream is out of its banks and flooding the valley. Here the bank is higher and a three-foot rise will be necessary before the floods of a fortnight ago can be repeated. The rise still progresses, however, at the rate of two or three inches an hour.

While repairing flood damage on the Milwaukee Road, John A. Rushnell, a brakeman, was drowned last night. He is the fourth victim in this locality of this season's high water.

THE LATE CZAR'S BONDS.

He Had $250,000 Deposited in the Bank of England and Wires Were Pulled to Avoid the Death Duties.

New York, April 4.—Mr. Ballard Smith cables from London to The World:

When the present Czar's father died he left bonds valued at £170,000 ($850,000), deposited in the Bank of England, which, in the ordinary course, should have paid about £50,000 ($250,000) death duty to the British Treasury, but the Russian Minister applied officially to Lord Rosebery, then the Foreign Secretary, for exemption from duty to the Czar's personalty in this country. Sir William Harcourt, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, assented, after the matter had been discussed by the Cabinet, although he personally was averse to making this exception. The Cabinet really was induced to take that course by Lord Rosebery, on the representation that a refusal might jeopardize the initiation of better relations between the two nations.

Though this arrangement was effected two years ago, it was only discovered accidentally this week by Mr. Gibson Bowles, in the discharge of his duty as a member of the Public Accounts Committee of the House of Commons. Further investigations established the fact that the exemption made for the Russian Emperor is a new precedent, for when, on the death of the last King of Portugal, his Government applied for a similar concession on his English personalty, it was refused.

The Czar's case will be discussed in Parliament on motion of Mr. Labouchere, whose hostility to the exemption is not modified by the circumstance that it was made at the instigation of his bete noir, Lord Rosebery.

FOUGHT WITH ROBBERS.

A Railroad Man Attacked by Footpads in Rochester and Badly Beaten.

Rochester, April 3.—John McNeill of Portland, President of the Oregon Railway and Steamship Company, was taken to St. Mary's Hospital to-night, suffering from severe injuries sustained in a fight with robbers. McNeill was in a saloon when he was set upon by several men, one of whom struck him in the head and hand with an ax, rendering him unconscious. His valise, containing money and valuable papers, was stolen. He is in a dazed condition, and is unable to state where he was when assaulted.

DURRANT'S FIGHT FOR LIFE.

The Last Resort Fails as Far as the State of California Is Concerned.

San Francisco, April 3.—The application of Theodore Durrant for a rehearing of his application for a new trial, previously denied, was refused by the Supreme Court of the State, settling the murderer's fate so far as the courts are concerned. The intervention of the Federal Courts will now be asked, and, failing in that, the clemency of the Governor will be invoked.

"I wonder why the tax levy is made in mills instead of cents," remarked Beechwood.

"That is in accordance with the eternal fitness of things," replied Homewood.

"Well."

"Because it grinds the taxpayers."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

U.S. TARIFF AND CANADIAN CATTLE

All Animals Not Bought by Importers Before April 1 Will Have to Pay the Dingley Duty.

East Buffalo, April 3.—Mr. Charles H. Webster, publisher of The Mercantile Review, devoted to the live stock trade, sent the following message to Lyman Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, relative to the new tariff bill and its effect on Canadian cattle shipments: "What effect will the tariff bill passed by the House have upon shipments of Canadian cattle, before final disposition of bill?"

Mr. Gage promptly replied: "Cattle hereafter imported, unless purchased before April 1, may become subject to provisions of the new tariff."

This means that unless the Senate removes the date effective provision, the tariff schedule of the Dingley Bill will be in effect and will affect all receipts after April 1.

U. S. AID FOR INDIA.

Vessels Will be Chartered by the Government, But Anglophobes Had Their Fling in the Debate.

Washington, April 1.—A message was received from the Senate, transmitting the joint resolution, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to transport in American vessels, which he shall charter, contributions of the people of the United States for the famine stricken in India. At the request of Mr. Grout (Rep., Vt.), it was taken from the Speaker's table for immediate consideration.

The matter of the cost of the proposed transportation came up, but it could not be answered, because no estimate had been received.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ills.), stated that he believed the cost would not exceed $50,000, but if it should run up to $70,000 he thought the House would pass the resolution.

Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.), called attention to the spectacle that would be presented by the passage of the resolution. The United States contributing to the relief of the starving subjects of Great Britain in one part of the world, while she was bombarding suffering Christians in another part of the world. [Applause.] He asked that the resolution be allowed to go over until Wednesday.

Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.), said that, without regard to the cost $15,000, $50,000 or $75,000, he proposed to vote for the resolution and hoped it would pass. [Applause.]

To this Mr. McMillin responded that if he could he would add to the resolution a section condemning the policy of Great Britain in the Grecian question.

Mr. Cannon deprecated the throwing of stones in connection with the performance of a gracious act of charity. "If it ever comes to a question of policy," he continued, "between the United States and Great Britain, in which the honor and safety of this country is involved, I will join the gentleman from Tennessee or anyone else in throwing stones, when it means something."

Mr. Grout set before the House the statements of the Viceroy of India, the necessity for prompt relief to the people of that country, saying that unless conditions there were changed, deaths would be numbered by the hundreds of thousands, if not millions.

The contributions in this behalf, he stated, were large, already, one ship load having been despatched on private account.

Mr. Simpson made a suggestion that Mr. McMillin was right. "We ought," he continued, "to accompany our charity with a statement of the evil which had brought these people to starvation." It was, he said, the effects of absentee landlordism, which had reduced the people of Ireland and other parts of the British Kingdom to their conditions.

Mr. Walker (Rep., Mass.): Wasn't Ireland a prosperous country until Great Britain abolished the protective tariff system?

Mr. Simpson: It was a prosperous country until British landlords began eating out its substance.

The joint resolution was passed.

"Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune."

How much of woman's life happiness is lost for lack of harmony. A hundred sweet melodious tones ruined by one little note of discord. Women who ought to enjoy the perfect happiness of love and wifehood and motherhood are miserable from one year's end to the other, because of some weakness or disease of the delicate organism of their sex.

These delicate complaints, which make a jangling dissonance of so many lives, are not by any means a necessity of womanhood. They may be overcome and completely eradicated under judicious treatment.

There is no need of repugnant examinations. There is no need of resorting to any unauthorized medicament compounded by an unskilled, uneducated person. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the troubles of the feminine organism positively, completely and safely.

For nearly 30 years Dr. R. V. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N.Y. He is an eminent and expert specialist in this particular field of practice. Any woman may write to him with perfect confidence, and will receive, free of charge, sound, professional advice and suggestion for self-treatment by which 99 out of 100 cases of female complaint, even of the most obstinate kind, may be completely and permanently cured. Address him as above.

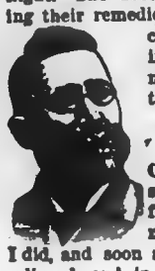
"While I was living at Eagle Rock, Botetourt Co., Va.," writes Mrs. G. A. Conner, of Alleghany Spring, Montgomery Co., Va., "a lady friend came to me and said: 'My daughter, aged 15 years, has repeated hemorrhages of the nose, and she has never had the necessary indispositions of womanhood.' I advised her to get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The lady purchased one bottle and it cured her daughter. She was well and happy when I left there."

Constipation is the all-embracing cause of ill-health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. They never gripe.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of



AYER'S Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Biliousness

The Daily Review

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicaped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Language of the Telegraph.

According to the results of a special study among telegraph operators, conducted by Mr. Noble Harter and Prof. W. L. Bryan of the Indiana University, each operator has a telegraphic language of his own, differing in various particulars from the typical form, although all can, of course, understand one another. The greatest number of words known to have been sent in one minute by the Morse code is forty-nine. The average sending rate per minute is from twenty to twenty-four words of four letters each. Skillful operators can usually receive faster than they can send, but with beginners the case is reversed.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A FRESH EGG IN LENT

THE ECONOMICAL AND CONVENIENT FRUIT OF THE HEN.

Many Ways of Preparing the Egg For Lenten Dishes That Shall Be Nourishing, Toothsome and Wholesome—A Chapter on Cooked Eggs.

In counting the cost and preparing for the coming Lenten menus one of the first places is given by the provident housekeeper to the economical and convenient egg, and certainly no food has a greater amount of nutriment according to its size. A fresh egg, weighing two ounces, contains about the same amount of nourishment as an ounce of meat and an ounce of bread. It is well supplied with phosphorus as well as sulphur, thus making the egg one of our best natural medicines.

From the earliest records we have in cookery eggs have always been a favorite food. The shepherds of Egypt cooked their eggs without the aid of fire by placing them in a sling and turning it so rapidly that the friction of the air heated them to the exact point required for use.

A boiled egg should be either soft boiled or hard enough for the yolk to crumble to be easily digested. An authority upon egg cooking says that boiled eggs to be at their best should not be boiled at all. If desired hard they should be kept in water just below the boiling point for twenty minutes; for soft eggs, put them in cold water, and when the water reaches the boiling point the egg should be taken out, and it will be found creamy and delicate.

When poaching eggs, to make them into a ball shape, but one egg should be cooked at a time. After the water begins to boil rapidly stir it around until a small circle is formed in the water, drop the egg into the middle, and the motion of the boiling water will form a circular covering of white around the unbroken yolk.

Many light, easily prepared and appetizing dishes may be made with boiled, baked and poached eggs, by the addition of cheese, mushrooms, parsley, tomatoes, fish, herbs, sauces, and catsups as flavorings, thus transforming them so that one is always receiving an agreeable surprise.

A few hints may be helpful to the housewife for the coming fasting season. Consomme or any clear soup is frequently served with a nicely poached egg for each plate, dropped into the soup after it is in the tureen.

Egg Soup.

To make a Lenten egg soup, put one quart of fresh milk, with a part of an onion, over the fire in a double boiler. Blend together one tablespoonful of butter with a scant spoonful of flour; moisten this with a little of the hot milk before stirring it into the boiling milk. Season with salt and cayenne pepper. Let the mixture boil up once and then stir into a heated tureen. Meanwhile furnish as many eggs as are needed, place them on the top of the soup, and scatter a little chopped parsley over the whole. When serving this soup use great care not to break the eggs.

A good dish for luncheon or Sunday tea is to take a quarter of a pound of grated dairy cheese and put it in a pan with a gill of wine, a piece of butter the size of a walnut, and teaspoonful of onion juice. Place the pan over a moderate fire and stir until the cheese is melted. Have broken in a dish half a dozen eggs, and turn them into the melted cheese. Season with a little paprika and cook until the eggs are just set. Turn the mixture over a hot dish on which has been placed squares of buttered toast. Sprinkle chopped parsley over the top.

Place a frying pan over the fire and partly fill it with vinegar. When the vinegar is boiling crack the eggs open and drop their contents into the pan, taking care not to break the yolks. With a fork lightly toss the boiling vinegar over the egg to cook the top. As soon as the white is set take out the eggs with a skimmer and place them upon a dish that can be put in a hot oven. Sprinkle them with salt and pepper and cover with a little grated cheese to melt, and serve as soon as they are taken from the oven.

Put a generous tablespoonful of butter in an earthen pie plate and place it over a moderate fire; add to the butter a teaspoonful of chopped onion, the same amount of chopped parsley, a tablespoonful of chopped green pepper and salt and pepper. When stirred well together break in four eggs, one at a time, keeping the yolk whole. When they are cooked upon one side turn them over carefully so that not to break the yolks, and by the time the last one is turned they should be done. Serve as soon as possible in the dish they are cooked in. Eggs cooked in this way will be found delicious.

To Make Convent Eggs.

Boil half a dozen eggs for ten minutes; then drop them into water to cool. Chop one onion fine and put in a frying pan with two ounces of butter. Place the pan over the fire and stir until the onion is cooked, but not colored; then add two teaspoonfuls of flour and mix well before adding gradually one pint of milk. Season with a saltspoonful of salt and one-quarter as much cayenne pepper. Meanwhile remove the shells from the eggs and cut them in half a dozen slices crosswise; put the eggs into the sauce and as soon as they are heated through turn the mixture upon a hot platter on which have been placed squares of buttered toast.

A very dainty and palatable way of serving eggs for a Lenten luncheon is thus: Butter the inside of pretty individual baking dishes, put in the bottom of them a layer of Bechamel sauce and sprinkle over the sauce a little grated cheese, drop on this an egg, taking care to have the yolk unbroken; cover the egg with a layer of the sauce and more grated cheese over the sauce; put a tiny bit of butter on the top, and place the dishes in a baking pan in a hot oven for a few minutes or long enough for the white of the egg to become set. Serve at once.

Egg Chops.

Another delicious luncheon dish to be served as a course is egg chops. To make them boil five eggs hard, remove the shells, rub the yolks through a sieve, and chop the whites, not making them too fine. Put in a double boiler over the fire one cup of milk. Rub together one tablespoonful of butter with two of flour, and a beaten egg, and mix a little of the warm milk with this mixture before stirring it into the boiling milk. Season with salt and pepper, and stir until it is a thick, smooth mixture. Take from the fire, and when the mixture is almost cool, stir in the prepared yolks and whites, and a very little onion juice if the flavor is liked. When cold enough to handle, mould in the shape of chops, using a tin mould, or they may be formed with the hands. Roll the chops in a beaten egg, and then in bread crumbs, and fry them a delicate brown. Stick a sprig of parsley in the small end of the chop, and arrange them in a row down the centre of the platter and turn Bechamel sauce around, but not over them; or French peas may be arranged upon the platter with the chops, and the sauce served with them for a separate dish.

For a quick, sweet omelet use the yolks of several eggs, and add to them three ounces of powdered sugar and whatever flavoring is liked. Beat these ingredients together at least fifteen minutes. Meanwhile add a pinch of salt to the whites of the eggs, and have them beaten to a dry, stiff froth. Gradually turn the yolk mixture over them, stirring it in lightly. Put in a frying pan one tablespoonful of butter, and place over the fire. When the butter is melted turn in the mixture. The pan will require to be shaken to prevent its "catching" at the bottom. The mixture should rise quickly, and as soon as it is lightly colored turn out on a dish. Sift a little powdered sugar over the top and serve at once.

A tonic as well as an appetizer is called "egg flip," and is made by beating the yolk of an egg with one teaspoonful of powdered sugar until it is very light and smooth; then add three teaspoonfuls of wine, and again beat before adding three teaspoonfuls of water or part lemon juice and water. Last, stir in the well-beaten white, turn into a delicate glass, and serve. All the ingredients should be very cold.

For Columbus Salad.

Boil one dozen eggs until hard; when cold remove the shells and cut them into halves crosswise, and cut a little piece from the large end to enable them to stand alone. Carefully take out the yolks and with a fork mash them fine; add two or three tablespoonfuls of finely minced sardines, tongue, or ham, and a little melted butter and season highly with salt, mustard and pepper, and moisten with a very little vinegar, or if one has mayonnaise dressing at hand it may be used in place of these seasonings. Fill the empty whites with this mixture, pressing it in carefully, so as not to break the cases; put the two halves together and stand them upon a platter to look like whole eggs; circle them with a thick wreath of watercresses and serve.

Hard-boiled eggs make a nice salad by cutting them into small pieces, adding half as many cold-boiled potatoes as there are eggs; cover them with a mayonnaise dressing, and scatter capers and chopped parsley over the top.

Frozen egg-nogg makes an excellent desert. To make it beat the yolks of four eggs with one tablespoonful of brandy until they are very light, then add powdered sugar to make it quite sweet and half a cup of Jamaica rum, beating these thoroughly together before adding three cups of milk and the beaten whites of the eggs. Whip one cup of cream very light, and add the last thing. Turn into a freezer, and freeze like ice-cream.—New York Sun.

Parasites in Tropic Forests.

Parasites of all kinds infest the tropic woods like the twisted cordage of wrecked vessels. There is a sort of silent fierceness about them that is appalling. Often you mistake them for the tree itself, which they are devouring, so close and intimate is their fatal embrace. Once I saw a tree dying thus, and a second parasite upon the back of the first, which it was slowly devouring. A common sight is the liana, a vegetable rope, some no thicker than whipcord, others inches in diameter. They hang straight down from unknown heights of tall trees, the same size from top to bottom, and of considerable strength. I was climbing down a perpendicular cliff, and had had got to a point where there seemed no possibility of descending farther, and still less of returning, and was wondering how it would feel to drop forty feet to the bottom of the cliff, when I saw a two inch rope hanging down at my left hand. It was a liana. I laid hold of it and gave it a tug; it was apparently anchored fast somewhere above, and it certainly reached, to the foot of the rock. It was so preternaturally convenient that I felt some suspicion of it, but there was no alternative, and I finally went down it hand under hand like a sailor, and got off safe.—Century.

The Bubonic Plague

It is noted as both remarkable and alarming that Bombay, where the ravages of the plague have been vastly greater than in any other part of India, is the cleanest city in the country, has an excellent system of sewers and sanitation, and in ordinary times boasts of a death rate so low as to compare fairly well with that of more than one European capital. Yet here the malady has assumed its most deadly form, while at Calcutta, a city where hygienic precautions are mostly of the true Oriental sort—that is, entirely lacking—cases of the disease have been few, and those attacked by it usually recover. The Chinese theory of the plague is that it originates in the ground and rises slowly from it, killing animals of different heights one after another as it mounts above the surface. The rats, they say, are the first victims everywhere, and then in order come pigeons, pigs, dogs, goats, sheep, cows, buffaloes and finally man. Observers have noted, too, that where there are no rats the malady does not go. It has never crossed the line in Southern India where the extensive family of the murinae ceases and that of the bandicoots begins.

"How on earth did you come to marry such a woman hater?"

"I suppose he was converted. I guess he was only consistent."—Detroit Journal.

"Now, when you ask papa for me be sure to face him like a man."

"You bet I will. He doesn't get any chance at my back if I can help it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

King of Scorchers

Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an Unapproached First Place.

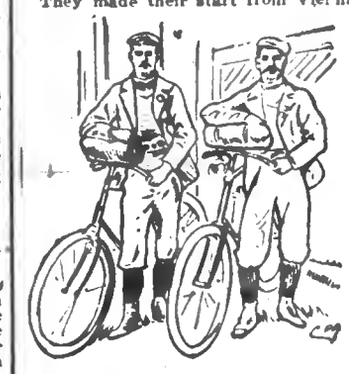
W. A. SANDERSON

Agent, Peterborough.

Wheeling Round the World.

Several long distance journeys have been made from time to time by men who have traveled without money. But the first long bicycle tour of importance, made under such conditions, is the one now being made by the two European wheelmen, J. Brandstoettner and S. Bachmann.

They made their start from Vienna,



and intend to circle the globe before they end their journey. The one condition of the trip is that it is self-sustaining—that is to say, they start without money.

Brandstoettner is an Austrian, 27 years old. He is a giant in stature, standing 6 feet 6 inches high. His weight is 171 pounds. His companion is a native of Hungary. While his height is 5 feet 11 inches, he weighs only 137 pounds. Both are athletic in build, and have won many bicycle contests at home.

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CANADA'S FAVORITE BRAND

Sold Everywhere,

Used in Clubs, Hotels and Families.

Aged 7 Years in Oak Casks

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Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

The best Whisky ever distilled in this country — PURE MELLOW OLD

Contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

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SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne,

Vin Mariani, (MARIANI WINE)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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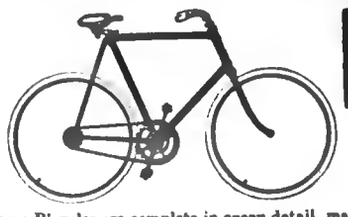
OFFICE - - 280 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

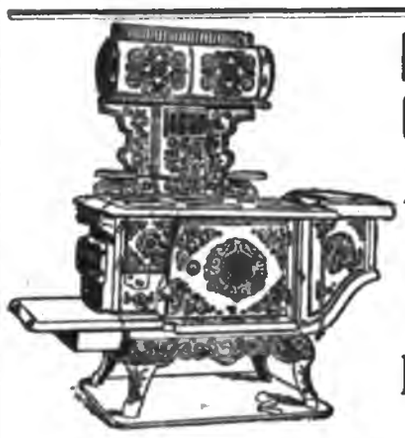
Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



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THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

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No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m.

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2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

BARGAIN DAYS IN WALL PAPER!
On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00. The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for 5c
10 cent Papers for 7c
15 cent Papers for 8c
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Borders to match for 10c
Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at 4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,
No. 379 George Street.
C. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

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The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings
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Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.
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REPAIRS, ETC.
See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.
BEST & METHERAL.
No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

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Why not enjoy your Piano
NOW
Instead of delaying for months.
The pleasure of having a Piano is in having it
Every Day and Always.

When you can get such instruments as the
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On terms that will ensure present satisfaction at reasonable prices, decide early.
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HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.
396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.
MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Maple Syrup

Pure Maple Syrup of finest quality, being light in color and made on the latest improved evaporators, put up in 1, 2, and 5 gal. cans at $1.30 per gal., or a very choice local made syrup at $1.00 per gal, 25c per quart, at E. F. Mason & Co's. 2d77

The Death of Mr. H. Rathbun.

Mr. Herb Rathbun, brother of Messrs. E. W. and F. S. Rathbun, the well known lumberman, Deseronto, died yesterday and his funeral will take place to-morrow. He had not been enjoying good health for some time Mr. Rathbun's wife was Miss Bell, daughter of Mr. John Bell, Q C., Belleville.

Public Concern.

The representatives of the North American Tea Company, of Toronto, are on their first visit to Peterborough and are placing the merits of their goods before the public with the intention of opening up business here These people are thoroughly reliable and their teas and coffees give wonderful satisfaction. 2d79

On to Ottawa.

Parliament is open an the ex[illegible]rsion to the Capital under the aus[illegible]es of the Board of Trade will [illegible] place on April 5th and 6th. A good opportunity [illegible] see Parliament in session, and view the buildings and sights of the Capital. Tickets from Peterborough, Indian River, Norwood and Havelock only $3 and good to go on special at 2 p. m., and regular at 11.35 p. m. on Monday, the 5th, or any regular train on Tuesday, and to return any time up to Thursday night. Tickets from Central Ontario Junction, Ivanhoe and Tweed, $2.50, to go on same trains, and to return up to Wednesday night. d76

OTTAWA THEIR DESTINATION.

Two Hundred People go to Ottawa—The Deputation.

Fully two hundred people, prominent men in public affairs, and a few others, left this afternoon by special train for Ottawa and will to-morrow wait upon the Dominion Government and urge the immediate completion of the Trent Valley canal. Representatives from Simcoe, Victoria, North Ontario and Peterborough composed the party and they will be joined by other deputations and when they gather to present their claims before the Cabinet to-morrow fully 300 persons will be on hand. A number of ladies also went down, the C.P.R. very kindly placing a special car for their accommodation. The deputation will meet at the Russell house to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock and arrange to meetthe Ministers.

Nearly all the members of the Town Council, County Council, Smith Council, Lakefield Council and North Monaghan Council went down on the special train.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

Sewing Machines.

We keep constantly on hand and sell on easy payments the new Raymond, new Williams, White and Standard machines. Peterborough Music Co. d80

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

Miss Armstrong's Ladies' Millinery and Furnishing House.

The exceedingly stylish and picturesque hats, rich and fashionable bonnets, and recherche collection of imported novelties at our spring millinery opening afforded much scope for criticism and comparisons very favorable to our goods. d72

Rev. Father Fitzpatrick's Lecture.

Don't forget the entertainment in the Catholic Association rooms on Monday evening, April 5th. Rev. Father Fitzpatrick will give an address on "How Young Men Fail," and an excellent programme will also be presented. Admission 10 cents. 2d79

OAK HALL.

Two Outgoing Missionaries Coming.

Mr. Buchanan, who is about leaving for South America, and Miss Quinn, who expects soon to leave for China, will hold meetings in Bethany Mission, Water-st.. Tuesday, 6th inst., Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sabbath next. They will speak on missions and the Christ life. There has been no intention or desire to conflict in any way with meetings now being held in town as the arrangements were made in Toronto to address meetings in different places before they left for their respective fields of labor.

Smelter for Bancroft.

The Times, of Bancroft, Hastings county, advocates the establishment of iron smelting works at that point. That paper says: "The operation of a blast furnace of 50 tons daily would necessitate the mining of about 40,000 tons of ore, create a market for 40,000 cords of wood and 10,000 tons of limestone each year. The present market price of green hard wood is $1.25 per cord and upward. If made into charcoal, which farmers can do and use limbs and wood which could not otherwise be sold, the weight is reduced from 4000 pounds to about 800 pounds, and the product, 40 bushels of charcoal, is worth $2 at any point on the railway, so that it can be drawn 10 or 12 miles quite profitably. The annual product would be 18,000 tons of iron at a cost of $12 per ton, every dollar of which represents labor in mining, cutting wood, burning charcoal and operating the furnace, and would go into circulation here, and would aggregate over $200,000 each year, four times our present revenue from the cheese industry. Employment would be given to over 300 men and a large number of teams every day in the year."

THE JUIBILEE BATTALION.

A Letter Regarding the Conditions Under Which the Corps Will be Organized.

What Canada's military representation will be this summer at the ceremonies attending the celebration of Her Majesty Diamond Jubilee has been a question, and still is a question, that all the Canadian militia are deeply interested in. If a jubilee battalion goes to England the 57th should certainly be represented as the crack corps of this military district. The following circular has been issued by Capt. MacDougall, who has the matter in hand at present, and will be addressed to the adjutants of all battalions in the Dominion :—

BRIGADE OFFICE,
MONTREAL, 2nd April, 1897.

SIR,—Several officers of the Militia, thinking it advisable that Canada should not be behind the other colonies in sending a military contingent to England, to take part in the jubilee ceremonies this year, have interviewed the Acting Minster of Militia and the General Officer Commanding, and have secured their approval and co operation in furthering this view of the matter.

It is probable, therefore, that a small battalion of picked men from the different corps of Active Militia of Canada will go to England about the first of June next, to take part in the ceremonies in connection with Her Majesty's Diamond jubilee.

The refusal of a troopship has been secured, and a careful estimate of the expenses prepared. These will amount to about $100 per man. Contributions, however, have been promised, which will reduce the average to $50 per man. The expenses of the expedition to be borne by the contingent have been estimated and divided as follows :—Captains, $400 ; lieutenants, $300; 2nd lieutenants, $300 ; N.C. officers, $60, and men, $50.

The rates are intended to cover transport and maintenance throughout trip, as provided for Imperial troops from Montreal to England and return.

It is expected that each battalion furnishing a complement will provide for the same at the rates above mentioned.

This contingent is to be distinctively representative of the country and force, and will, therefore, be composed of officers and men from various battalions throughout the Dominion.

By kind concurrence of the General Manager, Bank of Montreal cheques to cover the amounts above stated may be deposited to the credit of commanding officer and the second in command of the Canadian Jubilee battalion, at any branch of the Bank of Montreal in the Dominion, or with their agents, receipts for which deposit must accompany the applications to be taken on the strength of the contingent.

Applicants must be between the ages of 20 and 35 years, not less than 5 feet 8 inches in height, and 37 inches chest measurement at normal inspiration. The enclosed form must be filled in and signed by a recognized physician and accompany each application. A certificate of character must also be sent in at the same time. Applicants will again be examined by the medical officers of the continent previous to embarkation. Men who have never been drilled will under no circumstances be accepted. A certificate of length of service will be required from each applicant's commanding officer. The officers will be pleased to have your co-operation in this matter, in order that your battalion may be represented. You will be good enough to ascertain what complement you can furnish, and have the particulars communicated to me at once, when further details will be furnished. As time is very limited, it is necessary that your reply be sent on or before the 6th of April.

J. C. MACDOUGALL, Captain.
Adjutant.

It is too soon as yet to give any definite arrangements in regard to the proposed trip; they will take some time in preparation. It is said, however, that Colonel Aylmer, Adjutant-General, will accompany the corps to England and take command.

Personal

Mr. E. B. Stone is much improved to-day.

Mrs. Sherwood and Miss Sherwood have returned from Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Phelan went to Ottawa on the excursion to-day.

Ven. Archdeacon Casey went to Ottawa with the excursionists.

Mr. Lem Felcher, a well-known Toronto hotel man is in town to-day.

Mr. David M. Rogers is home from Trinity University for the Easter vacation.

Ex-Warden Stewart, Otonabee, accompanied the Trent Valley canal deputation to Ottawa.

Dr. Neelands, Mrs. Neelands, and Miss Neelands, of Port Hope, are spending a few days in town.

Mr. H. Pigeon, who is pursuing a course in medicine at McGill University, is home for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. O. E. Whiten returned on Saturday rom a two weeks' visit to her daughter and other friends at Orillia.

Mr. Myles Hamilton, formerly of town, has been removed from the Hamilton branch of the Bank of Montreal to Dresden.

Rev. W. J. Creighton and Mr. C. E. Stewart, editor of the Bobcaygeon Independent, took in the excursion to Ottawa.

Mr. J. D. Flavelle and Mr. J. A. Barron, Q. C., ex-M. P., Lindsay, were amongst those who went to Ottawa to-day.

Mr. Duncan Graham, of Gambridge, M. P. for North Ontario, accompanied a deputation of his constituents to Ottawa to-day. They will join the Trent Valley canal deputation.

The business fraternity of the town will learn with regret of the retirement of Mr. John Gilchrist from the firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. He contemplates leaving town in a short time. During his four years residence in town Mr. Gilchrist has won the respect and esteem of all classes of citizens and had identified himself with several of the institutions of the town to whom his removal will be a loss.

IMPORTANT BUSINESS CHANGE.

Hall, Gilchrist & Co. Dissolve Partnership, Mr. Gilchrist Retiring.

The firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. have today dissolved partnership by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Mr. Richard Hall and Mr S. Dickson Hall. In consequence of the above dissolution the whole stock will be offered for sale in a few days as a sacrifice. This firm have in stock some of the most superior goods that can be purchased in town and the public will no doubt take advantage of the coming sale. Both the gentlemen composing the firm under the change are widely known in mercantile and other circles. Mr. Richard Hall, the senior member, has large business and private interests in town, and his son, Mr. Dickson Hall, the junior member of the firm, has proved himself to be an energetic, wide awake young man, and is thoroughly familiar with all departments of the establishment.

As baldness makes one look prematurely old, so a full head of hair gives to mature life the appearance of youth. To secure this and prevent the former, Ayer's Hair Vigor is confidently recommended. Both ladies and gentlemen prefer it to any other dressing.

Brevities.

—The Park Nine Baseball Club will meet for organization this evening at the Oriental hotel. There should be a large attendance.

—The fire brigade was called out this morning to a small fire on the premises of Mr. A. Comstock, but their services were not required.

—The North Star, under the proprietorship of popular John Martin, expects a busy season. It is now being painted and overhauled.

—Ex-President Harrison, whose articles in the Ladies' Home Journal are creating such widespread interest, writes about "The Social Life of the President," in the April issue of that magazine.

—The last practic of "The Cantata Ruth" will be held to-night in the Y M C A hall. Every member is requested to be present. To-morrow night the cantata will be given in St. Andrews school room.

—Mrs. Wm. English, received word to-day announcing the death in Brooklyn of Mr. W. C. Debotham, who frequently spent his vacation in Peterborough and vicinity. He was an ardent sportsman

—The counties' grant to the townships of Cavan and Monaghan to help build a road on the boundary line, will not be paid, as Peterborough county has not made a similar grant. This was a condition of the grant.—Cobourg Sentinel Star.

—From Home to Throne in Belgium," by Clare de Graffenried in the April Harper's give an excellent study of social and political institutions and contains information which will be of use to Americans proposing to travel there. The article is illustrated with much force and delicacy by George Wharton Edwards. There are also the usual other features of intense interest.

—The complete novel in the April issue of Lippincott's is "Ray's Recruit," by Captain Charles King. It is in this favorite author's well-known manner, and recounts the experiences of a most superior and unusual private. Elsie A. Robinson, in "Joe Riggler's Romance," tells a curious story of a mining camp. Mary B. Goodwin explains the difficulties which certain charming sisters had in "Answering his Letter." There are many other excellent features.

—*Beginning* with the April number McClure's Magazine will hereafter be published on the first day of each month. On April 1st the April number was on sale on all news stands and delivered to all subscribers from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and thereafter exactly on the first day of each month a new number will be published. Heretofore publication has been made on the 28th of each month, but it is believed that the change to the 1st will be to the general convenience.

—The up-to-date character of the Methodist magazine is seen in the fresh and vigorous articles on the Cabot Celebration with descriptive text, pictures and poetry, and The Red Cross in Turkey, with fifteen fine engravings, in the April number. Alderman Spence, Secretary of the Dominion Alliance on Prohibition Plebiscite. An interesting account is given of Bach, the greatest of all musicians, and of Schubert, whose centenary has just been celebrated and other departments are up-to-date and well illustrated.

—Easter fashions, Easter blossoms, Easter stories and Easter poems all combine to make the Easter number of the Standard Designer an unusually attractive issue The fashions for ladies, misses and children are, as always, designed with good taste, and illustrated in a taking manner; the millinery columns show all the latest models in trimmed and untrimmed hats; and the other pages devoted to women's adornment and beautifying are all that could be desired by the most critical and exacting feminine reader. In fact it would be hard to suggest any improvement in the generous Easter programme prepared for the many readers of this most popular magazine.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

BICYCLING BRIEFS

London Fighting for the C W A Meet—Other Interesting Wheeling News

London is in the field for the C W A meet and its strength being an unknown quantity it is difficult to decide where the meet will go on Dominion Day, as Chatham and Brantford both seem to be positive of victory.

London presents the members of the C W A with a circular which contains among other things the following points:

C W A meet 1st July, 1897, London. Chatham and Brantford are good enough places in their way, but—well, "nuf sed." Comparisons are odious. London means business, the metropolis of the west is aroused! Absolutely essential for success, hotel accommodation, railway facilities, track and grounds. London possesses themall in a superlative degree. The best of everything is here. Give London the meet this year and it will be the greatest financial success in the history of the C W A.

As to entertainment it says:—We have already shown you that you will be comfortably housed. What will you eat and——? Water; well, we have the best spring water supply in the province. This will satisfy the great majority of the boys, but for the few—the very few of us—there are three large breweries, the proprietors of which have already extended an invitation to all wheelmen and their friends to visit. Boys, think of Carling's and Labatt's! Between these two extremes we have two firms that manufacture all kinds of soft drinks, besides numerous dairies. The master of the London Hunt and Country Club, the headquarters o which are about two miles out of town, has extended a cordial invitation to al visiting wheelmen to avail themselves o the privileges of the club, and will arrange to have a run with the hounds during the meet. In Springbank, we have an ideal rural retreat only four miles down the Thames, a double-tracked electric railway and steamboat connection, also a splendid road for wheeling. On the evening of July 1st we will arrange for an open air concert, at which special attractions will flow liberally. Waterloo's bush entertainment won't be in it. The Canoe and Rowing club have, through their President, intimated their desire to do everything in their power to entertain the visiting wheelmen. Their club house is adjacent to the track. There is also several up-to-date boat houses near by, and splendidly equipped white sulphur springs and bath near by for the benefit of the members of the C. W. A. An opportunity will be offered by the Golf club for visitors to see this interesting sport, and an invitation to participate in the game to those who know how to strike from the shoulder. Besides these there are bowling, fishing, tennis, etc., organizations, which will be only too glad to lend their assistance in the way of entertaining the wheelmen. The military camp of the western district will be in full swing on Carling's heights, and a grand display will take place likely on the morning of the first, and the volunteers will attend the races in the afternoon. Many of our public buildings are well worth visiting, especially the churches, Y.M.C.A. building, free library, Western University, military barracks, asylum, etc. For the benefit of wheelmen excursions will be run to Niagara, Detroit, Cleveland by boat from Port Stanley, and other places if they so desire. Come and see the Falls, the world's greatest wonder. In short our means of entertainment are vastly superior to those of our rivals, and should we be successful in getting the Meet no pains or expense will be spared to give the boys a good time.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

Military Entertainment.

The non-commissioned officers of the 57th battalion at a meeting on Saturday evening decided to hold a military entertainment in the opera house on the evening of Easter Monday. Among the attractions will be Sergt-Major Morgans, late of the Scots Guards, champion all-round fencer of America, Sergt-Instructor Boutellier, of the Royal Military College, Kingston, picked squad of men from the 57th in exhibitions to music of physical drill, bayonet and manual exercises, awkward squad drill by green soldiers, tableaux and musical selections.

BIRTH.

CHAMBERS.—On the 4th inst., the wife of A. G. Chambers, of a son.

DIED.

BORLAND.—On Monday, April 5th, 1897, Lewis Borland, aged 71 years.

The funeral will leave the family residence, No. 544 Donegal-st., on Wednesday afternoon, April 7, at 2.30 o'clock and proceed to the Little Lake cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this invitation.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Cantata practice in Y.M.C.A. hall.
Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Young People's Society meetings.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Park nine baseball club.
Cathelic Association entertainment.

At the Cathedral

St. Peter's Cathedral will soon be under the supervision of carpenters and painters as it has been decided to renovate the exterior of the church and ceilings, altar, floors, pews and lights will be included in the improvement.

Private Post Cards

The postmaster general has decided to relax the regulations on the subject of the permissible printing on the face or address side of private post postcards passing between one place and another in Canada. No objection will, therefore in future be made to printing designs, etc., provided ample space is left for the address and for the postage stamp, and that there be a perfectly clear space, free from border, left for the postage stamp. It is important that the postage stamp should be as conspicuous as possible on the card, in order to facilitate its rapid and accurate cancellation in the postoffice, and for this reason the space immediately surrounding it should be quite clear. Under arrangements agreed to by the U S postoffice authorities such private postcards will be allowed transmission through the United States mails; but no other countries having so agreed, cards bearing such designs, if forwarded to such other countries, would be liable to be returned to Canada.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood purifier.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE COLUMBIA

Is here. Come in and see it. It is a beauty.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

Yesterday was communion Sunday at St. Andrew's church.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland stated recently that a special manifesto outlining a new home mission policy for the Methodist church in Canada was in the hands of the printers and would be sent out to-day. The manifesto will be signed by the secretary of the Mission Board in the name of the executive. It will be addressed to the district meetings and conferences. The policy to be outlined is one to consolidate and make self-sustaining a large proportion of the home mission work in the older provinces and settlements. Dr. Sutherland considers it as deplorable that evangelical denominations should be in some instances sustaining rival home mission work, to the serious detriment of the work, financially and otherwise. He believes that the denominations would unite in many cases. The manifesto submits some data for the consideration of the district meetings and annual conferences, and asks for those bodies to formulate their opinions of what should be done for the guidance of the General Mission Board.

A Banker's Experience.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thos. Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as cheap, simple and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

OAK HALL.

Ladies

The little store around the corner is a busy place these fine days. Where are you going to-day? "Over to Mrs. Appleby's," the ladies all say. Be sure to take your purse with you for if you don't you'll surely rue it. 6d

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1867. **MERCER'S.** ESTABLISHED 1867.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC THREE SIDES OF IT.

THE QUESTION DISCUSSED FROM THE RELIGIOUS, SOCIAL AND LEGAL STANDPOINTS

By Evangelist Ranton Before an Immense Audience in the Opera House—Some Strong Talk Along Temperance Lines.

Evangelist Ranton addressed a monster mass meeting in the opera house yesterday afternoon. Hundreds could not gain admittance and every point was crowded to uncomfortableness. Mr. Ranton spoke to the great gathering upon the subject, "The Devil's Best Friend," which his remarks showed to be the liquor traffic, and this he condemned in unmeasured terms. He had the attention of his hearers until he concluded his forcible address.

His text, while not Scripture, was arranged along Biblical lines and was as follows:—

"And it came to pass as a certain man journed from the crade to the grave, he fell among saloon keepers, who robbed him of his money, ruined his good name, destroyed his reason, and then kicked him out worse than dead. A moderate drinker came that way, and when he saw him, he said, "He is but a dog; they served him right. Let him die; he is but a curse to his family." And also a license-voter came that way, and when he saw him he said, "The brute! Put a ball and chain on his leg and work him on the street." And a fanatic teetotaler came that way, and when he saw him he took compassion on him, and raised him up, assisted him to his home, and ministered to his wants and the wants of his family, got him to sign the pledge, and started him on his journey in comfort and happiness Whom, think you, was the greater friend to humanity—the saloon keepers, the moderate drinker, the license-voter, or the fanatic teetotaler?"

In opening Mr. Ranton emphasized the fact that the social and moral aspects of the temperance question were taking first place, and upon these he dwelt at length. They found people in and out of the church fighting against the traffic, while others in and out of the church called these people fanatical. He arranged the forces with the brewer, saloon keeper, bartender, cherry faced man, prostitutes, bummers in low down places on one side, and on the other side he placed the good men and women, ministers and a few politicians. "I like to pick my company," declared Mr. Ranton, "and I am going to stand on the side with the best people."

The question was a religious question. Some said it should not be brought into religion, but everything that aimed for good should be in the company of religion. In days gone by religion did not require temperance, and as an instance the evangelist stated that while teaching school at a little village he found a minister of the Gospel drunk alongside the road and his wife in the cutter and drunk as well. But that was not often the case to-day. Religion, while aiming to save the soul primarily, should also save the body. If all the churches would deal with this question as a moral question and not political it would not be long before they would blot out this traffic forever. The church had done wrong in the past. It should now turn around and do right. To prove that temperance was not always supported by grey headed Christian men and women, Mr. Ranton quoted a strong denunciation of the liquor traffic by a celebrated sceptical New York lawyer, a follower of Col. Robt. G. Ingersol. Proceeding the speaker dealt with the social side and alluded to the cheerfulness of the barroom, where young men found the social side of their nature gratified and it was hard to get something to take the place of that sociability outside. Drunkenness was looked upon by the law as criminal, and he wished those society people who take a little and leave it alone would learn to understand it was part of a man's crime when they offered liquor to guests. Mr. Ranton informed his hearers that it was the great aim of the saloon keeper to bring the young men into their places of business and get them to take the first glass. It was a nickle a treat now, but dollars in the future to them. The evangelist believed there was too much sympathy shown toward the drunkard. He believed the best way of dealing with a man who was reaching the criminal stage is drinking was to apply the horse whip or the boots, then they would be sober. When man had gone beyond the criminal he became a patient and should be treated at a gold cure. He had lost his will power and the appetite for drink had been created. Then they were to be pitied. Proceeding, Mr. Ranton told a pathetic incident connected with the marriage of this sister to a young man, a genial, popular young fellow, who allowed strong drink to grip him, and to-day instead of that man supporting his wife, Mr. Ranton had to support his sister and six small children.

In conclusion, the speaker alluded to the legal side of the question. He did not like the way hotelmen got their living, but they had permission to do so by the Government which one hotel keeper once told him was elected by a Christian people. They as temperance people should get at the traffic through the strong arm of the law. The number of deaths in the United States in one year from the liquor traffic was 75,000, and pro rata to population, Canada, he was sorry to say, led the United States. They should stop the traffic by abolishing it. During the meeting Messrs McEwen, Skeitch, Mein and Shelton contributed a quartette entitled "Rock of Ages."

During his address, Mr. Ranton made his points lucid by using some apt illustrations. In dealing with the effects of the liquor traffic he quoted the following words of a well-known New York atheist:—"Alcohol is the blood of the gambler, the inspiration of the burglar, the stimulus of the highwayman and the support of the midnight incendiary. It suggests the lie and countenance the liar; condones the thief and esteems the blasphemer. It violates obligation, reverences fraud, turns love to hate, scorns virtue and innocence. It incites the father to butcher its offspring, and the child to sharpen the fratricidal axe. Alcohol burns men, consumes women, destroys life, curses God and despises heaven. It suborns witnesses, nurses perfidy, defiles the jury box and stains the judicial ermine. It bribes voters, disqualifies votes, corrupts elections, pollutes our institutions, endangers the government, degrades the citizen, debases the legislator, dishonors the statesman and disarms the patriot. It brings shame, not honor; terror, not safety; despair, not hope; misery, not happiness; and with the malevolence of a fiend, calmly surveys its frightful desolation, and reveling in havoc; it poisons felicity, destroys peace, ruins morals, wipes out national honor, curses the world and laughs at the ruin it has wrought. It does that and more. It murders the soul. It is the sum of all villainies, the father of all crimes, the mother of all abominations, the devil's best friend. In this connection a Kentucky paper puts it this way: "Whiskey is the cause of nearly all crime, disorder and misery. Strike it out, and strikes will end; tramp it out, and tramps will be few; murder it, and murders will cease; stab it to the heart, and hearts will no longer be stabbed; put an everlasting end to the mean thing, and meanness will be the exception instead of the rule; set fire to it—turn the last bottle and barrel, and fewer souls will burn in hell!" He also quoted the remarks of the president of a liquor dealers' association to substantiate the statement that the saloon keeper was endeavoring to entice young men to the bar;

"It will appear from these facts, gentlemen, that the success of our business is dependent largely upon the creation for appetite for drink. Men who drink liquor, like others, will die, and if there is no new appetite created, our counters will be empty, as will be our coffers. Our children will go hungry, or we must change our business to that of some other remunerative. The open field for the creation of this appetite is among the boys. After men have grown and their habits are formed, they rarely ever change in this regard. It will be needful, therefore, that missionary work be done among the boys, and I make suggestion that nickles expended in treats, treats to the boys now, will return in dollars to your tills after the appetite has been formed. Above all things, create appetite!" The cold-blooded utterances of such advice as that horrifies us; but we ought long ago to have been horified by the facts to which the utterances merely give, voice. The old topers would soon die off, if their ranks were not recruited from the young; and that's an important part of the saloon-keeper's business—and a Christian nation tolerates.

In the evening Mr. Ranton addressed another immense gathering in the George-st. church, his subject being "God's Gold Cure," founded on the words:

Come now let us reason together, saith the Lord: though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool.—Isaiah I 18.

Clean Paris Kitchens.

What becomes of the ashes and garbage in Paris was a question raised and partially answered by Clarence Cook, says The New York Times. In the apartments which Mr. Cook occupied in Paris, and which he described as being delightfully situated, though "on the wrong side of the Seine," according to the ideas of a fashionable friend of his, there were no ashes that he could see. The stove consisted of an iron top, with six circular holes in it. Whenever anything was to cooked an iron basket of charcoal was put into one of these holes and the food placed over it. When the charcoal was burned what was left fell through the basket and disappeared.

In the way of food, everything came to the apartment fully prepared for cooking. In a mutton chop there was nothing but meat and bone, and when the meat had been eaten the bone was deposited on the charcoal fire. Potatoes were bought already peeled, carrots without their green tops, and all green vegetables without any of the superfluous outer leaves or husks or skins which would go to make up garbage. All of this cleaning and peeling was done at the markets, and the resulting material was saved in a clean condition. Even coffee grounds, Mr. Cook said, were used after leaving the flat.

No one in Paris ever bought enough of anything to be left over, and no one was ashamed to ask the dealer for a single mutton chop or a small portion of any article of food. If there were any garbage or ashes in Paris, Mr. Cook said, no one ever saw either of them.

About Your Disinfectant.

No good housewife is without her own special and favorite disinfectant. A simple and effective one may be made of charcoal, mixed with clear water. Speaking of charcoal, it is well to remark that a little of it sprinkled in water containing cut flowers will keep the water fresh for some time.

TEN DAYS' SPECIAL

EASTER SALE!

In order to make things lively around our store till Easter and give everyone bargains to make them especially joyous, we have decided on A SPECIAL TEN DAYS' SALE. The New Goods, as well as the Spring portion of the Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock must go at special prices. Sale commences

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 3rd.

We have prepared as never before for the enthusiasm of Easter. We want lookers as well as buyers and everybody is welcome to examine the new goods to their heart's content. There is no one here to pull faces at you if you don't buy.

THE BARGAIN LIST:

Staple and Cotton Wash Goods.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 25c to 30c., sale price 10c.
500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 35c to 45c, sale price 15c.
You will require to lose no time to get some of these.
300 yards Check Ginghams, original price 8c., sale price 5c
300 yards 32 inch Flannelettes, original price 8c., sale price 5c.
200 yards Prints, light and dark, original price 10c., sale price 6½.
1,000 yards more of that special 8c. Grey Cotton, sale price 5c.
300 yards Circular Pillow Cotton, original price 18c, sale price 12½c.

Carpets and House-furnishings.

200 Window Shades, original price $1 00, sale price 37c.
200 yards Union Carpet, regular price 35c., sale price 25c.
200 yards Ingrain Carpets, good value at 60c., sale price 45c.
300 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 35c. sale price 25c.
400 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 60c, sale price 45c.
500 yards Brussels Carpet, regular price $1.25, sale price 90c.

Dress Goods and Silks.

500 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 7 different patterns, good value at 85c, sale price 60 cents.
200 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 3 different patterns, good value at 75c, sale price 50 cents.
100 yards new Blouse Silks, original price 35c., sale price 25c.
Special value in Black Lustres, in plain and fancy.

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

200 pair Ladies' Cashmere Hose in Plain and Ribbed 25c.
1000 yards Washing Laces, original price 10c., sale price 3c.
150 Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c., sale price 5c.
600 Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price 5c.

Millinery and Mantles.

100 Straw Sailors, special, at 25c.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.25.
25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.50.
We have the most stylish Millinery in town, so the ladies say.
10 Children's Capes, will clear at $1.00.
10 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $1.75.
5 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $2.00.
20 Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, will clear at $1.
New Dressing Jackets, will clear at $1 35.
Blouse Waists, special price 50c.

White Wear and Corsets

100 Pair White Corsets, Robert Hall's price $2 00, sale price $1.00.
This is a rare chance to get a beautiful White Corset, $2 quality, at half price.
Ladies' White Skirts and Underwear at clearing prices.
1,000 yards White Lawn, special price 10c.
200 pair Drab Corsets, 75c. quality, price 50c.

This is an opportunity that seldom occurs at this season of the year, but we must turn some of this into cash quickly.
EVERYONE WELCOME.

Hall Gilchrist & Co,

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.
TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.
THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

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340 George Street.

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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

WANTED.

Places for a good Housekeeper, with references,
A Young Lady from the country, as General Servant.
Telephone 39. - - - Rents Collected.
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Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

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Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

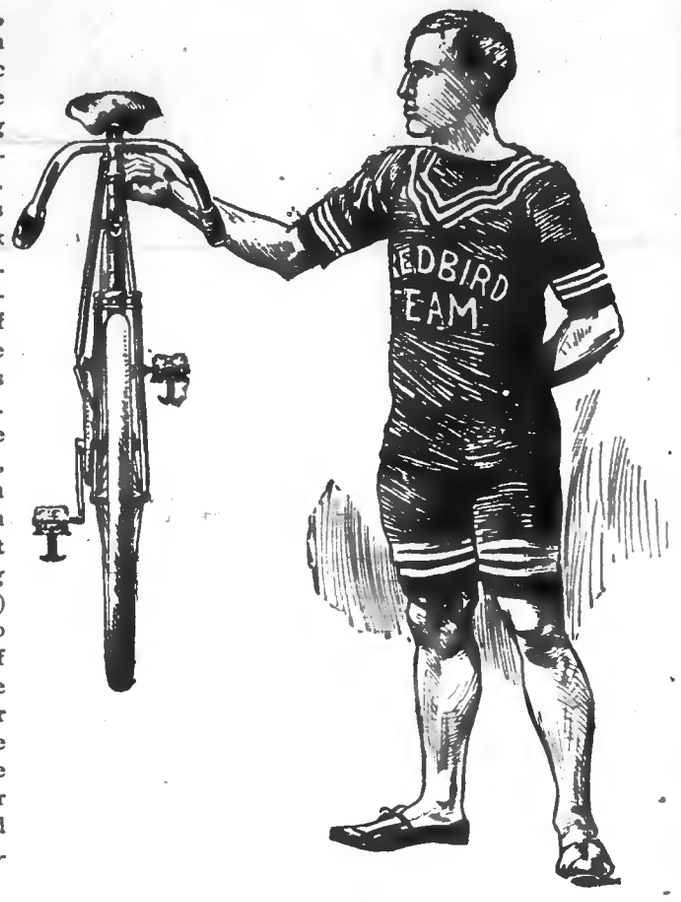
MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

This is MARTIN of Australia

and the RED BIRD that has made him famous as a Cyclist

CHAMPION BILL MARTIN, the king of Australian cyclists, is an enthusiastic Red Bird rider, and has done much towards establishing the Red Bird's splendid reputation in our sister colony. He has a long list of victories to his credit, besides the bulk of the Australian records. One of his most recent triumphs was the defeating of Parsons in a matched race for $1,000. The match was for one, five and ten miles. In the one mile event he defeated Parsons by a foot, romped away from him in the five mile, and the ten mile thus being off, he went out and lowered the existing Australian record (his own) by thirteen seconds. He also clipped several seconds off the time in the five mile event. He rode a higher gear on his Red Bird than he ever rode on any other make of wheel, but the superior running qualities of the Red Bird made this a comparatively easy feat.



The GOOLD BICYCLE CO., Ltd. BRANTFORD ONT.

BRANCHES:

TORONTO, Ont. ST. JOHN, N.B. SYDNEY, Australia
MONTREAL, Que. WINNIPEG, Man. CAPETOWN, S. Africa

SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress :

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	272,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR:
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.

S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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It Pays to Advertise in the Review

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

CHAPTER I.

On a certain Saturday in June, year of our Lord 1880, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, the town of W—, in a State which shall be nameless, received two shocks.

Small affairs,, concerning small people, could never have thrown W— into such a state of excitement, for she was a large and wealthy town, and understood what was due to herself.

She possessed many factories, and sometimes a man came to his death among the ponderous machinery. Not long since one "hand" had stabbed another, fatally; and, still later, a factory girl had committed suicide.

These things created a ripple, nothing more. It would ill become a town, boasting its aristocracy and "style" to grow frensied over the woes of such common people. But W— possessed a goodly number of wealthy families, and some blue blood. These were worthy of consideration, and upon these calamity had fallen. Let us read an extract or two from the W— Argus, a newspaper of much enterprise and exceeding veracity:—

"MONSTROUS DIAMOND ROBBERY —BOLD BURGLARY.

"This day we are startled by the news of a robbery in our midst, the like of which it has never been our fate to chronicle.

"When the servants at Wardour Place arose this morning, they found confusion reigning in the library, desks forced open, papers strewn about, and furniture disarranged. One of the long windows had been opened by forcing the shutters, and then cutting out a pane of glass, after which the bolts were easily drawn.

"Miss Wardour was at once aroused, and further examination disclosed the fact that her dressing room had been invaded, and every box, trunk and drawer searched. The beautiful little affair, which has the appearance of a miniature combined desk and bookcase, but which contains a small safe that Miss Wardour believed burglar proof, had been forced, and the jewels so widely known as the 'Wardour diamonds,' stolen. Quite a large sum of money, and some papers of value, were also taken.

"Most of our readers are familiar with the history of the Wardour diamonds, and know that they represented a fortune.

"The burglary was effected without noise, not a sound disturbing Miss Wardour, or any of her servants, some of whom are light sleepers, and they have not a single clue by which to trace the robbers.

"Miss Wardour bears the loss with great calmness. Of course every effort will be made to recover the jewels, and capture the thieves. It is rumored that Mr. Jasper Lamotte, in behalf of Miss Wardour, will visit the city at once, and set the detectives at work."

This was shock number one for the public of W—.

Miss Constance Wardour, of Wardour Place, was a lady of distinction. She possessed the oldest name, the bluest blood, the fairest face, and the longest purse, to be found in W—; and, the Argus had said truly, the Wardour diamonds represented a fortune, and not a small one.

Emmeline Wardour, the great grandmother of Miss Constance, was a belle and heiress. Her fondness for rare jewels amounted to a mania, and she spent enormous sums in collecting rare gems. At her death she bequeathed to her daughter a collection such as is owned by few ladies in private life. She also bequeathed to her daughter her mania. This daughter, after whom Constance was named, added to her mother's store of precious stones, from time to time, and when, one fine day, a bank, in which she had deposited some thousands of her dollars, failed, and she found herself a loser, she brought her craze to a climax, by converting all her money into diamonds, set and unset.

At her death, her granddaughter, Constance, inherited these treasures, in addition to a handsome fortune from her mother; and, although the original collection made by Emmeline Wardour contained a variety of rare stones, opals, amethysts, pearls, cameos, etc., besides the many fine diamonds, they all came to be classed under the head of the "Wardour diamonds."

It is small wonder that W— stood aghast at the thought of such robbery, and it is impossible to say when the talk, the wonderment, the conjectures, suggestions, theories, and general indignation would have ended, had not the second shock overborne the first. Once more let the Argus speak:—

"A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

"Yesterday afternoon, while the town was filled with the excitement caused by the Wardour robbery, Miss Sybil Lamotte, the beautiful daughter of our wealthy and highly respected citizen, Jasper Lamotte, Esq., eloped with John Burrill, who was, for a time, foreman in one of her father's mills. Burrill is known to be a divorced man, having a former wife and a child, living in W—; and his elopment with one of the aristocracy has filled the town with consternation.

"Mr. Lamotte, the father of the young lady, had not been from home two hours, in company with his wife, when his daughter fled. He was en route for the city, to procure the services of detectives, in the hope of recovering the Wardour diamonds; both his sons were absent from home as well. Mr. Lamotte has not yet returned, and is still ignorant of his daughter's flight."

Thus abruptly and reluctantly ends the second Argus bombshell, and this same last bombshell had been a very different thing to handle. It might have been made far more sensational, and the editor had sighed as he penned the cautiously worded lines: "It was a monstrous mesalliance, and a great deal could be said in disparagement of Mr. John Burrill;" but Mr. Lamotte was absent; the brothers Lamotte were absent, and until he was certain what steps they would take in this matter, it were wise to err on the safe side. Sybil was an only daughter. Parents are sometimes prone to forgive much; it might be best to "let Mr. Burrill off easy."

Thus to himself reasoned the editor, and, having bridled his pen, much against his will, he set free his tongue, and in the bosom of his family discoursed very freely of Mr. John Burrill.

"My dear, it's unendurable," he announced to the little woman opposite, with the nod of a Solomon. "It's perfectly incomprehensible, how such a girl could do it. Why, he's a braggart and a bully. He drinks in our public saloons, and handles a woman's name as he does his beer glass. The factory men say that he has boasted openly that he meant to marry Miss Lamotte, or Miss Wardour, he couldn't decide which. By the by, it's rather odd that those two young ladies should meet with such dissimilar misfortunes on the same day."

Mrs. Editor, a small woman, who, from constantly hearing, and absorbing into the vacuum of her own mind, the words of wisdom falling from the mouth of her husband, had acquired an expression of being always ready and willing to be convinced, looked up from her teapot and propounded the following:—

"W-what do you s'pose she eloped with him for?"

"Maria, I believe I have told you frequently that there is no such word as 's'pose.' I don't suppose anything about it. It's enough to make one believe in witchcraft. Miss Sybil Lamotte held her head above us; above plenty more, who were the peers of Mr. John Burrill. Last year, as everybody know, she refused Robert Crofton, who is handsome, rich, and upright in character. This spring, they say, she jilted Raymond Vandyck, and people who ought to know, say that they were engaged. Why, Ray Vandyck comes of the best old Dutch stock, and his fortune is something worth while. I wonder what young Vandyck will say to this, and how that high-stepping old lady, his mother, will fancy having her son thrown over for John Burrill. I wish I knew how Jasper Lamotte would take it.'

So, in many a household, tongues wagged fast and furious; misfortune had smitten the mighty ones of W—, and brought them within range of the gossiping tongues of their social inferiors; and, while the village oracles improve their opportunities, and old women hatch theories, the like of which was never heard on earth, let us make the acquaintance of some of the "mighty ones."

CHAPTER II.

Wardour Place, the home of Miss Constance Wardour, and the scene of the "great Diamond robbery," lies a little east from the town, away from the clamor of its mills, and the contamination of its canaille.

It is a beautiful old place, built upon a slight elevation, surrounded by stately old trees, with a wide sweep of well-kept lawn, bordered with rose thickets, and dotted here and there with great clumps of tall syringas, white lilacs, acacias, and a variety of ornamental trees and flowering shrubs.

The mansion stands some distance from the road, and is reached by a broad, sweeping drive and two footpaths that approach from opposite directions.

In the rear are orchard and gardens, and beyond this a grassy slope that curves down to meet the river, that is ever hurrying townward to seize the great mill wheels and set them sweeping round and round.

The mansion itself is a large, roomy edifice, built by a master architect. It at once impresses one with a sense of its true purpose: a home, stately, but not stiff, abounding in comfort and aristocratic ease; a place of serene repose and inborn refinement. Such, Wardour Place was intended to be; such, it has been and is.

Miss Constance Wardour, mistress of the domain and last of the race, is alone in her favorite morning room. It is two hours since the discovery of the robbery, and during those two hours confusion has reigned supreme. Everybody except Miss Wardour, has seemingly run wild. But Miss Wardour has kept her head, and has prevented the servants from giving the alarm upon the highway, and thus filling her house with a promiscuous mob. She has compelled them to comport themselves like rational beings; has ordered the library and dresing room to be closed, and left untouched until the proper officer shall have made proper investigations; and then she has ordered her maid to serve her with a cup of strong coffee in the morning room; and, considering the glittering wealth she has just been bereaved of, Miss Wardour

To be Continued

BIRTH OF A CYCLONE.

A VIVID DESCRIPTION OF WHERE STORMS COME FROM.

Whether Equinoctial or Not, All Big Weather Disturbances Are Said to Originate in the Selkirks—Seeing and Hearing a Blizzard Born.

It is a fact, however surprising it may seem, says Herbert Heywood, that there is a birthplace of storms in this country as well defined as the wheat belt, or corn region, or orange district. You can place your finger upon it on the map as easily as you can point out the head waters of the Mississippi.

Take any chart of North America and look at the Selkirk Mountain region of British Columbia. The barren, rocky summits of these mountains are the favorite playground of whirlwinds, of little storms just born, that leap from glacier to glacier gathering strength, and then go sliding down the eastern slopes of the mountains and across the vast plains of Canada, and of Montana and the Dakotas, growing

BIRTH OF A CYCLONE.

into mighty cyclonic tempests, as they advance. These are our cold waves.

But what gives rise to such a storm at first? Look at your map again. Upon the North Pacific Coast blow from the westward the warm winds of the Japan current. These make a mild climate in Western Oregon and Washington, where snow and ice are seldom seen, and the cold waves which visit the rest of the country are unknown.

Now such abnormally high temperatures so far north must produce some kind of meteorological disturbance. As the warm winds are forced up the slopes of the cascade range and across the lofty Selkirk Mountains they meet the icy air of those frigid heights. The warm air, being the lighter, rushes upward. This tends to form a vacuum, toward which rushes the cold air from the snow fields and glaciers.

The region where this occurs is the wildest in America; it has fit surroundings for the birthplace of storms. Down in the deep valleys of the Selkirks and where the Canadian Pacific Railway winds its sinuous course, all is calm; the thick mantle of snow falling upon tree trunks and rocks is rarely drifted by a breeze. Heavy clouds shut out of sight the hoary summits that tower one or two miles straight upward toward heaven. Yet above this quiet lower world, in a region rarely seen by human eyes, are enacted some of the grandest phenomena of nature.

Those barren peaks, rising from nine thousand to twelve thousand feet above sea level, mount so high into the region of eternal frost that in winter they are almost as cold as the North Pole itself. All around, over stretches of hundreds of miles, lie the glacial fields, gleaming with steely blue. Away to the north and northeast are the sub-Arctic plains of the Canadian Northwest Territories.

Down from these northlands sweep the polar winds, and here upon the Selkirks they meet the warm airs from the Pacific and the Chinook breezes that creep up from the mountain valleys of the south. Then a storm centre is formed.

The noise of one of these storms when forming is like the distant crash of avalanches or the roar of the ocean on a rocky beach as heard far inland. The sight of one of these cataclysms of the upper air is something appalling. I saw one of them four years ago while in British Columbia at Kaslo in the month of March. I was visiting a mine at a great elevation, when I heard a dull distant roar as if the furs of a whole mountain side were bending under a gale; there was also a cracking noise like split thunder. Then, as I looked over the snowfields toward the northeast, a mantle of white seemed lifted up into the sky. It spread out like a cloud; then a corner was caught up skyward, and curling round and round, drawing the lower part after it, until it moved swiftly off in a swaying spiral column, and soon tanished.

The wind, which had been blowing with mad energy on the exposed height where I knelt—for I could not stand against its force—became calm, and the roaring noise died away. Then I knew that I had seen the birth of a blizzard.

Color in Dress.

Hitherto one of the canons of good dressing has been the harmony of color in eyes and gown. We have always been taught to believe that no woman can make a false step as regards suitability of tone so long as she essays to match in some way the color of her eyes. But a French woman, whose exquisite dressing is the envy of all the belles of Paris, now declares this to be a complete mistake, and that nothing is more fatal for a brown-eyed woman to dress herself in brown, or a blue-eyed woman to dress herself in blue. The reason she gives for arriving at this conclusion is that an artificial dyed color placed in proximity to a natural color has the inevitable result of injuring the latter. Her theory is that there is one color or one shade of color, or one combination of color, which suits each individual woman, and it is this which must be sought for and diligently adhered to when found.—London Figaro.

You may get over that slight cold all right, but it has left its mark on the membranes lining your throat. You are liable to take another cold and the second one will hang on longer than the first. Scott's Emulsion is not an ordinary cough specific, but it is "the ounce of prevention." It builds up the system, checks inflammation and heals inflamed membranes. "Slight" colds never bring serious results when it is promptly taken.

Book on the subject free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY APRIL 5, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.
SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.
STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.
FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.
COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.
MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.
CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.
LICENSE COMMITTEE—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill
PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.
APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.
PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.
MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.
JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.
LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.
SUPERVISION—Mr. W. H Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.
PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Denne and Bamford.
COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS—Dr. Burnham, Chairman. The whole board.
VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford
SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.
THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.
W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

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"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

BIG FIRE IN HAMILTON.

Bertram's Hardware Store and Stock Damaged to the Extent of $50,000.

Hamilton, April 4.—(From Our Staff Correspondent.)—The costliest fire that has occurred in Hamilton for about 15 years took place this morning. It started about 2 o'clock in Peter Bertram's hardware store, 65 King-street east, and was practically confined to that building by the excellent work of the fire department. Cellars of adjoining stores were flooded, and it is roughly estimated that the total loss by fire and water is $50,000. It was 8 o'clock when the firemen returned to their stations.

The fire, it is thought, originated in the oil house in the rear of Bertram's four-storey store. It crept up the elevator shaft to the upper flats, and the building was in flames when the department arrived. Five hydrant streams of water were soon playing on the building, back and front, and two streams from the steam engine were used to keep the roofs of the adjoining buildings wet. There were four big explosions, but no person was hurt. When the fire reached the magazine there was a loud report, and in a few seconds thousands of cartridges went off. Bullets flew around the store, but, strange to say, no one was struck. There being so much inflammable material in the store the water had little effect, and the fire simply burned itself out. All that is left of the building are the walls. About 50 bicycles were destroyed. Mr. Bertram's stock was valued at about $22,000, and he had only $14,000 insurance. The building is owned by T. H. Platt and was insured for $7000. His loss is almost covered with insurance.

R. Wilson's shoe store, next door east, was completely flooded and the stock in his store and cellar is damaged to the extent of $5000. Hundreds of pairs of shoes in boxes floated in four feet of water in the cellar. The cellars of D. B. Pratt's shoe store and E. A. Powell's shoe store, on the east, were flooded, and about $700 damage done to goods.

The plate glass window of the Canada Glass House, Nos. 61 and 63, was broken, and the roof was burned in two places. The cellar was flooded and about $50 worth of goods damaged. The damage to the building, which is owned by the Stinson estate, amounts to about $300. The fire burned through the walls of this building, but two firemen, standing in four feet of water, kept it from spreading by playing a stream from the chemical engine on it ever and anon.

McKay Bros., drygoods dealers, Nos. 55 and 57, estimate their loss by water at $5000. Bales of cotton, rolls of carpets and other goods in the cellar were completely submerged. The cellar of Wood, Vallance & Co., hardware merchants, Nos. 51 and 53, was also flooded to the depth of three feet, and about $500 worth of goods damaged. Other merchants' cellars were flooded. At noon hand engines were secured to pump the water out of the cellars, but Chief Aitcheson learned that there was a large sewer in the cellar of the Wood-Vallance building. He set several firemen to work with iron bars to locate it. With much difficulty—they had to work in several feet of water—the men found the sewer, which was of iron pipe, and broke a hole in it. The water then began to run away, and by evening most of the water had soaked through the walls from the adjoining cellars.

Chief Aitcheson and his department deserve words of praise for the work done. There was a high wind blowing, and only their hard work saved the block of stores. The firemen had a difficult task to raise the ladders on account of the network of wires in front of the buildings. While cutting a live electric light wire, James Gallagher, an employe of the Electric Light Works, got his hands burned. He stepped on another live wire and got a severe shock.

WITH A RAZOR HE DID IT.

Dr. J. H. Walton of Dubuque Killed Himself in View of Many People in Lincoln Park, Chicago.

Chicago, April 4.—Dr. J. H. Walton, a well-known physician of Dubuque, Ia., committed suicide in a sensational manner in Lincoln Park this afternoon. He was walking along one of the driveways with a friend, when suddenly he drew a razor from his pocket and cut his throat, dying in a few minutes. Dr. Walton arrived in the city this morning in company with Dr. Lindsay, also of Dubuque, both men registering at the Palmer House. Shortly before noon they walked out together to view the points of interest in the city, and about 1 o'clock arrived at Lincoln Park. The driveways were thronged with vehicles and bicycle riders. Many persons were walking and the seats throughout the park were filled. Almost up to the very moment Dr. Walton took his life he had been talking pleasantly with his companion. Suddenly he walked rapidly ahead, and as the razor flashed in the sunlight a scream went up from many throats. The act was witnessed by a large number of persons who had gone to the park to enjoy the beautiful spring weather, but almost before Dr. Lindsay or any of the horrified spectators could reach him the physician expired. Dr. Lindsay knows no cause for Dr. Walton's act. He believes, however, that the man was seized with insanity.

Bullets Deflected by Electricity.

At a recent rifle meeting in Switzerland it was discovered, according to a Geneva journal's report, that the steel-jacketed bullets of the marksmen were swerved from their course by the influence of telegraph and telephone wires running alongside the range. Experiments were then made at Thun by placing four steel cables parallel with the range, and about 40 yards distant from it, and sending a current of 3000 volts through them. The effect, it is said, was to turn the bullets so far from their course that the deviation amounted to 24 yards on a range of 200 yards. The bullets on being taken from the targets were found to be magnetized. Next, on an artillery range of 3000 yards, the electro-magnetic influence was generated 200 yards in front of the targets and 40 yards to one side. The projectiles were swerved 14 degrees from a straight line.

WAR CLOUD GROWING.

Continued from Page 1.

powers, if they should be so unwise as to take a hostile part, be both discredited and defeated."

Ominous Threat of Russia.

St. Petersburg, April 4.—The semi-official Journal de St. Petersburg says that the aggressive, provocative attitude that Greece continues to maintain with such deplorable obstinacy, forces the powers, much against their wish, to have recourse to a blockade of the Gulf of Athens. The paper denounces the retention of Col. Vassos in Crete, and says it refuses to believe it possible that Greece will indulge in such an extraordinary act of folly as a declaration of war would be.

Continuing, The Journal says: "In the event of such a thing happening, Greece undoubtedly would be the aggressor. She would also be answerable for and would certainly have to endure the most serious consequences. She could count on nobody's support."

THE PORTE NOTIFIES GREECE.

King George Told to Get His Troops Out of Crete.

Constantinople, April 4.—The Porte has prepared a note to Greece, demanding the withdrawal of the Greek troops in Crete. The note declares that in the event of the demand being refused the Porte will hold Greece answerable. It is stated that the note has already been presented to the Government at Athens.

It is reported here that disorders have occured at Kurji, in the Villayet of Bitlis. It is stated that several Armenians were killed, but no further details are given.

The ambassadors have called the attention of the Porte to the fears that are entertained that there will be a massacre of Armenians at Hadjin, in Anatolia, which place escaped the fury of the Turks and Kurds during the previous massacres.

Will Hold a Demonstration.

Athens, April 4.—The guilds and other public bodies here and at the Piraeus have arranged to hold a big demonstration on Tuesday next, the Greek independence day. They have offered to turn over to the Government all their funds, amounting to nearly 1,000,000 drachmas. They have invited the other towns of Greece to make a similar display of patriotism and to give all the financial aid possible to the authorities in order to enable the latter to continue their preparations to maintain the rights of Greece.

The Balancing of Trees.

A very interesting suggestion concerning the utility to a tree of the irregular arrangement of its branches is made by a correspondent of Nature. Watching a large plane-tree during a gale, he observed that one great limb swayed in one direction, another swayed the opposite way, and although all the branches were plunging and bending before the blast, they did not move in unison, or all at once in the same direction. But for the peculiarity in the motion of the branches, he thinks, the tree could not have escaped uprooting; and he suggests that this kind of balancing serves in general to protect large trees, like oaks and beeches, which have their branches unsystematically placed, from being overturned by high winds.

Overhead Weather.

The experiments with kites carrying meteorological instruments, which have been sent to an elevation of more than a mile from Blue Hill, near Boston, have made known some interesting facts about the state of the weather at that height above the ground. Mr. H. H. Clayton of the Blue Hill Observatory says that a mile up in the air the temperature is usually from 15 to 25 degrees Fahrenheit colder than at the earth's surface, and "there is virtually no daily change in temperature, the nights being as warm as the days. The only changes are due to the passage of warm and cold waves. During fair weather at this height the days are very damp and the nights extremely dry. The average velocity of the wind is four times as great as at the ground, and hurricanes of 100 miles an hour are not uncommon." It also appears that a warm wave, as a rule, sets in first aloft.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues quiet and prices are inclined to be weaker. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c to 80c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c to 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 19c west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c to 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c to 33c, outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 3.—Spring wheat, 6s 2d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2½d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 25s 0d; do., light, 25s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat quiet; futures firm at 5s 11¼d for May and July and 5s 10½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s 0½d for Sept. Flour 21s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage steadier. Maize on passage firm.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 22f for May. Flour steady at 44f 90c for April and May.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy, No adulteration. Never cakes.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 5, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 00	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 08

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

IN HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and budding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

Now is the Time
To Have Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Put in Shape
For Another Season's Riding
Bring It To Us
If You Want it Done Right.
O. B. SHORTLY.
Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 184½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L.V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 120 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. R. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts., over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. S. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Cluxton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.

SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

ROGER & BENNET.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st., Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. M. ROG J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. D. HALL. LOUIS M. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT

ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER

ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 386 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yrd&w

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers;

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc.

Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897

SUE FOR PEW RENTS.

A Bill Introduced in the Legislature to Permit Churchwardens and Trustees to Sue Delinquents.

Mr. O. A. Howland, M.P.P., has introduced the following novel bill in the Provincial Legislature:—

The interest of any person lawfully derived by deed, lease or license in writing from the wardens or other authorities of any church in a pew or sitting in such church, if such interest is lawfully assignable by the holder thereof, may be sold under judgment and execution action at the suit of the said churchwardens or trustees of such church for arrears of any rent or other charge to which such sitting or pew is subject, or which the holder thereof may have agreed to pay or for which he may be lawfully liable, or at the suit of any creditor of such holder, and the churchwardens or other trustees of any such church may become purchasers at such sale on behalf of such church, and may re-let or sell the right so acquired.

The sheriff may execute a deed to the purchaser of the interest so sold under execution, and such deed shall be effectual to the purchaser and the churchwardens or trustees shall, on production of such deed, give effect to the same to the extent of the interest so sold, upon payment of any arrears of rent or charges then due: Provided that such sale shall be subject to any continuing rent or charge on such pew or sitting previously stipulated or imposed, and shall not prejudice the right of the vestry or churchwardens of congregation or trustees to impose increased rent or charges on such pew or sitting pursuant to the Church Temporalities Act, or any other law or custom.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MR. DOBELL'S MISSION

Is to Make Arrangements Concerning the Fast Line.

Parliament Has Been in Session Ten Days and No Business Has Been Done—Government Will Have to Get a Move On if Mr. Laurier Goes Over to the Jubilee Celebration—Hon. David Mills Talks on the Dingley Tariff—Close Season for Pickerel and Bass—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, April 4.—(Special.)—It now transpires that the object of Mr. Dobell's mission to England is to see the Colonial Secretary with the object of reaching a definite understanding with the Home Government respecting the Imperial contribution to the fast line, and a modification of certain of the conditions. It has all along been understood that the Imperial Government would contribute one-third of the subsidy, so that, if the deal with the Allans last year had gone through, the British contribution would have been £75,000 and Canada's £150,000. Report has it that Peterson, Tait & Co. are willing to undertake the service for a less figure, but make certain stipulations, which the Dominion Government will assent to if the consent of the home authorities can also be procured. A high authority informs me that it is as good as settled that Peterson & Co. will get the contract.

Parliament has been in session now for 10 days, with practically nothing accomplished. Even the committees are not yet organized. Within two months at the very outside, if Mr. Laurier is to represent Canada at the Queen's Jubilee, he must be on his way to England. In Conservative circles it is felt that the somewhat uncompromising spirit which the Liberals are manifesting regarding public business is not calculated to facilitate Mr. Laurier's getting away. Nearly all the Ministers are desirous that the Premier should go to England, and yet they want his guiding hand to complete the work of the session. They do not want to take any chances of an emeute such as occurred in the Conservative ranks over the French treaty after Sir John Thompson had left for England in 1893. Ministers have been talking of an adjournment for one month, from about June 3 or 4 until about July 5. A proposition of this kind on the part of the Government would not be very acceptable to members on either side. The British Columbia men would not feel disposed to travel to their homes during the hot weather and back again to Ottawa with such a short interval, and the objection would be all the greater on the part of every Senator or member when they would learn they would not receive any indemnity or mileage for the inconvenience to which they would be put. It is held that the wisest course the Government could pursue would be to drop the franchise bill after the second reading, and let it remain over until next session. As Sir Charles Tupper pointed out in the House on the opening day of the debate on the address, there is no immediate necessity for this bill, and the Liberal principles would not suffer if it were held over for another year.

Senator David Mills is well known throughout Canada as one of the ablest men in the ranks of the Liberal party. He reads the signs of the times in the United States, and has come to the conclusion that, in view of the adoption of the Dingley tariff by Congress, the chances are altogether against the successful negotiation of a treaty of reciprocity with that country. On being asked what he thought the Parliament of Canada should do in the event of a reciprocity treaty not being possible, he replied: "I notice that the Dingley bill now before Congress proposes many radical changes in the United States tariff, and that a great number of these changes are directly pointer against the trade of this country. In taking this course the United States legislators do not profess to be actuated by any ill-will towards us, but assert that they have wholly their own interests in view. Now, we may do the same thing. Let us carefully examine the proposed tariff; let us notice the special articles that Congress is legislating to exclude, and let us alter our tariff in respect to all these articles in such a way that Canada may become the field in which the purchases by individual consumers of the United States would be made. In my opinion, a very moderate Canadian duty on cutlery, West of England broadcloths, silks, gloves and a number of other articles, would give our Government a much larger revenue from these sources than they would derive from a very high tariff, because the wealthy classes of the Republic would purchase their goods in all our border towns and cities. During the American Civil War there was a very large trade in goods of these kinds in all our border towns and cities, and under the Dingley tariff precisely the same traffic would be again undertaken. I have no doubt whatever that the Canadian revenue would be much increased by this means."

Mr. Mills also believes that such action upon Canada's part would mean a good deal of smuggling of the low-priced goods from Canada into the United States. Considerable dissatisfaction would in consequence arise from prosecutions, and in that way public sentiment in the States would be influenced against the proposed tariff.

An order-in-council has been passed providing that the close season for pickerel in the waters of Lake Erie, Detroit River, Lake St. Clair and River St. Clair, extending from Point Pelee, Essex, to Point Edward, shall be from May 1 to May 15, and that the close season for bass in the waters of Lake Erie immediately surrounding Pelee Island shall be from May 15 to June 15, both days inclusive in each case.

Hon. R. W. Scott, Secretary of State has informed a committee of the Printing Bureau staff that the proposal to organize a permanent staff at the Bureau cannot be entertained, at any rate for the present.

Firebugs are at work in Ottawa. An attempt was made to burn the Ottawa Car Works yesterday.

The annual meeting of the Parliamentary Press gallery was held yesterday. George Simpson of The Globe was elected president, Alfred Oliver of La Minerve, vice-president; Gerald H. Brown, Ottawa Free Press, secretary.

Major J. J. Mason of Hamilton is in town.

Hon. Sydney Fisher has arranged to send an exhibit of the products of British Columbia to the Stockholm Exhibition.

Dr. Seward Webb, President of the Wagner Palace Car Company, was in the city yesterday, and called upon the Premier.

The return of Messrs. Champagne and Guite was gazetted yesterday.

New Shirt Waists.

The great success of the shirt waist last season warrants the belief that the demand will be equally large this year.

Challies and light-weight woolen goods make up prettily. Navy blue with white or red polka dots has a style that relieves the plain effect. Velveteen waists are now fashionable, although corduroy is a more economical material, as it is less apt to show wear.

Various bolero effects are shown in embroidery, lace, etc. Most of these are caught in the side seams, but always short and narrow, in order to show the wide belt or scarf about the waist.

The silk shirt waist or blouse, as it is sometimes called, is very practical—more so, indeed, than the waist made of wash materials. Silk sheds the dust and is less wrinkled with the putting on and off of the other garment.

Linen collars with stocks are very neat. The half-inch turnovers are most practical and easily laundered. They are made with buttonholes and fasten on to the stock. Straight cuffs of linen are worn with such collars, though turn-back cuffs of the waist material are less trouble and always in good taste. A new collar is a half-inch stock collar of linen.

For the Baby's Outfit.

When preparing and outfit for an infant provide the softest and finest materials your means will permit. One should stop to consider how soft the skin of the infant is in its early days.

Embroideries should never be selected for trimming the neck of dresses and nightgowns. Lace is much daintier, and while less expensive than embroideries, it gives a richer appearance to the little wardrobe.

For night wear flannels should have an admixture of cotton. This prevents shrinking. The day skirts may also be made of cotton and wool flannel, but silk and wool makes a much handsomer skirt and will last for years.

Do not provide rubber shields; those made of quilted cambric are much more cleanly and better for the child in every way.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO. MONTREAL, SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR *Gold Lack Sec Champagne* *Old Empire Rye Whisky*

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

Spot Cash, One Price. Money back if you want it.

"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we see the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constant sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

It's at these trying times that Credit Systems are strained to their utmost; its in these trying times that the Cash Store reigns and rules triumphantly.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jewele , 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 81. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY

Was the Topic in the Commons Yesterday.

Mr McInnes Scored the British Columbia Legislature in Connection With the B.C. Southern Railway, and Also Roasted The Toronto Globe for Its Surrender of Liberal Principles—Mr. Bostock Also Spoke Strongly Against the C.P.R. Being Given a Monopoly—Sir Charles Tupper Wants the Tariff Fixed at Once.

Ottawa, April 5.—(Special.)—The boy orator of the Pacific coast consumed the greater portion of the time of the House to-day by lambasting the British Columbia Southern Railway Company, the C.P.R. and the Government of his own province. Incidentally he delighted the Conservatives by admitting that the Liberal doctrine of non disallowance of provincial legislation was a comparatively insignificant matter. Mr. McInnes' speech raised the whole question of the railway through the Crow's Nest. After he had paid his compliments to everybody out west he turned his attention to The Toronto Globe and slated the Liberal organ for its surrender of Liberal principles.

Among the measures introduced was Mr. Casey's bill of last year, respecting drainage on and across lands of the railway companies.

Mr. Foster was told that Senator King had not received any salary as postmaster in Marsh Hill, Ont.

Mr. Maclean had the following questions on the order paper: Has the Canadian Pacific Railway yet begun the construction of their line through the Crow's Nest Pass?

Does the Government intend to allow that company to begin the work of construction without first completing the negotiations now going on for the modification in the clauses of the company's charter in the matter of the construction of branch lines and the regulation of the rates and tolls charged by the said company?

Mr. Speaker asked that the questions stand, as they contained an allegation of fact, respecting which he desired to speak to the hon. member.

Mr. Blair, answering Mr. Maclean, said he could not yet announce the name of the successful tenderer for sections 4 to 7 of the Soulanges Canal, as the matter had not yet been decided. The contract for section 12 had gone to M. J. Hogan of Montreal, who was the lowest tenderer.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. Foster that it would be premature to say anything about the granting of a sum of money to the G.T.R. for enlarging the Victoria Bridge at Montreal, as the negotiations were not yet concluded.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. Davin that Mr. F. L. Cartwright had been appointed inspector of Northwest Mounted Police on the 15th February last. He was a son of Sir Richard Cartwright. [Opposition cheers.] Inspector Cartwright is 23 years old, and had certificates of proficiency from infantry and cavalry schools.

A message from His Excellency announced that Sir Richard Cartwright, Messrs. Davies, Fielding and Tarte, together with Mr. Speaker, had been appointed an Internal Economy Commission of the House.

Mr. McInnes moved a resolution setting forth: (1) That an Act passed by the Legislature of British Columbia in the 59th year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "British Columbia Southern Railway Aid Amendment Act, 1896," extends the grant formerly made to the British Columbia Southern Railway Company of an enormous amount of public wealth and extraordinary privileges; (2) That in the opinion of this House (a) the grants and privileges so extended are unwarranted and grossly extravagant, they are made without the interests of the public being properly safeguarded, and include rights the alienation of which from the control of the people will retard the development of the country and prevent a general enjoyment of its advantages. (b) the said Act if continued in force would create such a monopoly in land, coal and transportation as would prove dangerous to the development and prosperity of the said province and to the interests of Canada generally; and praying therefore that His Excellency will be pleased to disallow the said Act.

He said that this motion, coming from a Liberal, might be regarded as somewhat peculiar, but circumstances were such as to warrant action which he suggested in his motion. Liberals in the past had defended the rights of the provinces, but the people of British Columbia were not appealing to Parliament to ask them to defend the rights of British Columbia.

Col. Prior: No.

Mr. McInnes: I am well aware that the hon. gentleman would say "No," because rumor says he has an egg in this nest which they will hatch out.

Continuing, he said that the British Columbia Government would probably cry out "Hands off British Columbia!" but he unhesitatingly said that the people of British Columbia were asking for disallowance of this Act.

Col. Prior: No.

He doubted whether the Legislature of British Columbia would re-enact this Act if it were disallowed by Federal authority. He was well aware that many Liberals believed in the principle of non-disallowance of provincial legislation, but there were many questions of more importance than the comparatively insignificant little principle of non-disallowance. [Derisive Conservative cheers.] He proceeded to give a history of the British Columbia Southern Railway from the time it was chartered in 1888 until last year. That company received a tremendous land subsidy (20,000 acres per mile), but by careless legislation 8,000,000 more acres was given to the company than was intended.

Sir Charles Tupper: Before the hon. gentleman leaves that point I would like to ask whether the Act has not been amended so as to correct that mistake?

Mr. McInnes admitted it had, although it was evident he had not intended to say so. Proceeding, he said the holders of the charter hawked it all over to sell it, but without success. The total land subsidy which the company held was about 6,500,000 acres, most of it being in a valuable mining region. Dr. Selwyn made a cursory examination of the Pass and estimated the coal area at 144 square miles, or 50,000,000 tons of coal. Mr. Ferney, the engineer of the Crow's Nest Coal Company, gave the coal area as covering 35 miles by 10 miles, which in his judgment contained the enormous quantity of 17,500,000,000 tons of coal, the thickness of the seam being 132 feet. The calculation made by the C.P.R. engineers was still greater. By the estimates of thickness of seam given by Mr. Ferney, the total quantity of coal was 39,370,000,000. At one cent a ton this would give $39,370,000,000, or a sum equal to the national debt of Canada, and sufficient to build a railway around the earth. At the more reasonable estimate of $1 per ton the value would amount to $39,370,000,000, which the company would get. [Laughter.] Well, the British Columbia Southern syndicate had at last been successful in the hawking of the charter, and had sold it to the C.P.R. There was no greater monopoly anywhere than the C.P.R., and he objected to the hands of that company being strengthened. In the matter of freight rates the C.P.R. had drawn the last cent from the struggling settlers and farmers of the Northwest. Their action in regard to the British Columbia Southern charter showed their inordinate greed. Notwithstanding their strong position, they were asking for more assistance from the Dominion Government. Could anyone imagine anything bespeaking more gall? British Columbia was demanding an independent line to the coast. He trusted the Government would see to it that the interests of British Columbia were properly safeguarded; and even if the C.P.R. built from Alberta into the Kootenay, the Government could build a line from the coast to the Kootenay district. The tremendous subsidy he had mentioned would be got by the C.P.R. building a narrow gauge road 75 miles long through from Lethbridge to the Kootenay.

Dealing with The Toronto Globe's attitude in favor of the construction of the line by the C.P.R., Mr. McInnes declared the course of the Liberal organ was characterized by cant and duplicity.

Mr. Mills: That's nothing to the somersault you'll see here in a few weeks.

The Globe, continued Mr. McInnes, in taking this course was simply doing the work of its masters, the C.P.R., whose regime, he added, had been "characterized by corruption, extortion, tyranny and greed."

In conclusion, he said that the Government could well afford to build the road for British Columbia, for in ten years that province had paid $5,000,000 to the Dominion Treasury in excess of what she had received from Federal sources.

Col. Prior agreed with the statement of British Columbia's strong claims upon the Dominion. But as to the provincial charter to the British Columbia Southern, neither the speaker nor any other member of the company had anything to be ashamed of. The charter had been regularly and fairly obtained. This House had nothing to do with the charter; it was incorrect to say that the charter had been hawked round. The company had done its best to get capital, but it was only since the opening of the mines that the C.P.R. had seen fit to take up the charter. Neither was it true that the company controlled all the coal lands in that section, there being abundance of coal in the Alberta section, while the reports of the Government Engineer were to the effect that there was room in the narrowest part of the pass for four lines of railway. There was therefore no possibility of a monopoly being created. British Columbia certainly expected the Government to assist in the construction of an independent line from the coast. The Premier having already stated it was not the Government's intention to disallow the Act, he would let the matter rest at that.

Mr. Bostock continued the debate in favor of the resolution, speaking up to 6 o'clock.

Continuing after recess, Mr. Bostock argued that it would be a serious matter for the C. P. R. to be placed in a position to dictate terms to the whole country in the matter of freight rates. Neither was it a purely provincial matter. The manufacturers of Ontario and Quebec were beginning to send in machinery and other mining supplies in larger quantities, and the only question to be solved in that connection was that of transportation.

Mr. Davin said the Territories were deeply interested in securing as low freight rates as possible. When it was announced that arrangements had been made with the C. P. R., by which the company was to make valuable concessions, the Northwest rejoiced; but, if that had fallen through, then the Government ought to build the road through the Crow's Nest Pass, and, if it were necessary to bring this about, that the charter in question should be disallowed. The Government should not hesitate to act.

Mr. Morrison pointed out that the B. N. A. Act guarantees the right to each province of the Dominion of local

Continued on Page 7.

GERMANY STANDS OUT

The Other Powers Have Landed Troops in Crete.

Sir William Harcourt Asked the Government to Explain Its Policy, but Mr. Curzon and Mr. A. J. Balfour Declined to Show Their Hand—Date Not Yet Fixed for Withdrawal of the Turkish Troops—Threats Held Out to Both Greeks and Turks.

London, April 5.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, stated, in answer to a question by the Right Hon. John Morley, that all of the European powers except Germany had landed troops in Crete. Germany, he added, had not explained why she had refrained from sending troops as the other powers had done.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, said that Great Britain would not hesitate to participate in a blockade of Greece if such action should become necessary in the interests of peace.

Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the Opposition, said it was his desire that the country should know the policy of the Government more definitely than it was known at present, and he, therefore, gave notice that he would move an address to the Queen, praying that the forces of the Crown shall not be employed against the kingdom of Greece or the people of Crete. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Balfour said that the Ministerial majority would give a day to be devoted to the debating of a motion, directing a vote of censure against the Government, but he would not promise whether they would grant a day for debating a motion put in the form indicated by the notice given by Sir William Harcourt.

Sir William Harcourt asked whether the Turkish troops would be withdrawn from Crete and whether the British forces would take part in a blockade of Greece. Upon these matters he desired the Government to make a definite statement, and also to announce the policy of the Government in regard to Greece and Crete.

Mr. Balfour said the date of the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete had not yet been fixed. In the meantime the powers were making a joint declaration to the Government at Athens and to the Government at Constantinople, as the result of which it was hoped that peace would be maintained. This declaration was that in the event of a conflict upon the Greek frontier the aggressor would be answerable for all the consequences of a disturbance of peace, to which the powers attached the greatest importance, and also that, whatever might be the result of a struggle between Greece and Turkey, the powers would not consent that the aggressor should derive the slightest advantage therefrom.

Greece's Strength.

New York, April 5.—The Herald's correspondent at Arta says: I have visited the frontier of Epirus from Coprena to Arta. The total strength of the Greek troops amounts to 22,000, as follows: Infantry, four regiments, 14,000 men; two battalions of light infantry, 2000 men; one regiment of artillery, 8 batteries and 48 guns, and one regiment of cavalry, 600 men; one battalion of pioneers, 1200 men.

The Greeks hold a strong position at Arta and Peta. There are a great many insurgents, commanded by former deputy Skatzontinos, concentrated at Agrinium, ready to invade Epirus at short notice.

The feeling among the troops and the insurgents is very warlike. All are impatiently waiting the signal for the struggle, and it is generally believed here that April 6, the anniversary of Greek independence, will see the beginning of hostilities.

The Turkish troops near Arta are calculated at 20,000. At Preyeza there are 3000 men, with 23 guns, and near Arta there are 10,000 men, with about 45 guns.

Clamoring for War

London, April 5.—The Times will to-morrow publish a despatch from Athens saying that the popular impatience with the present condition of affairs is increasing and that demands are made from various quarters for an immediate declaration of war by Greece against Turkey. The King's inaction is denounced by those who are anxious for the opening of actual hostilities.

ITALIAN PARLIAMENT OPENED.

King Humbert and Queen Margherita Were There at the Opening.

Rome, April 5.—The new Italian Parliament was formally opened this morning by the King in person. Queen Margherita was also present, and four hundred deputies and one hundred Senators were in attendance, but the Republican and Socialist deputies were absent. The speech from the throne announced the institution of a number of social and political reforms, and stated that the Government was in full accord with all of the other European powers in a determination to maintain the peace of Europe. The political program, as outlined by the speech, was received very coldly, but the reference to the efficiency of the army and navy was loudly applauded. The King and Queen were cheered by the Senators and deputies, but the populace viewed the royal procession to and from the Chambers with indifference.

THE PRIEST HONORED HIMSELF.

Filthy Lucre Could Not Tempt Him From a Morally Honest Course.

London, April 5.—The Westminster Gazette says that Father Smullen, the Roman Catholic priest, the friend and legatee of Isabel Murphy of California, who died from alcoholism on March 24, has refused to accept the fortune of £60,000 left to him by Miss Murphy's last will, and has requested that a former will dividing the money among Mis Murphy's relatives be acted upon. Miss Murphy was a daughter of the late Daniel Murphy of San Francisco and a sister of Lady Wolseley and of the wife of Don Florencio L. Dominguez, First Secretary of the Argentine Legation in London. She lived in the same house with Father Smullen, who seemed to be her only friend.

Two Men Cooked to Death

Kingston, N.Y., April 5.—A new engine in the Lawrence cement mill at Eddyville, broke while being tested this morning. The force of escaping steam pinned the doors shut, and Augustus Carter and Richard Law were literally cooked to death.

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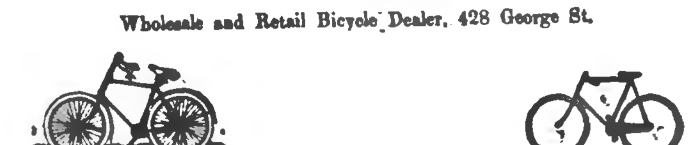

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Letter No. 1

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About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

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"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Letter No. 2

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The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897

GAME BIRDS IN ONTARIO

In the report just published of the Ontario Game and Fish Commissioners for 1896 it is admitted that some varieties of game birds and animals are gradually but surely growing scarcer, for instance, the woodcock which used to be so plentiful and the delight of the sportsman, is each year nearing its extermination, as is also the woodduck. It is no Canadian shooting which causes this, for they are protected until almost the time when they migrate south, so that our sportsmen shoot but few of them, but i the Southern States, where they go to winter, they are slaughtered by night and day for for the market during the whole time of their stay there. In the large cities is where the demand for such delicacies exist, and it is no unusual thing for $2.50 or $3 a brace to be paid or woodcock by those to whom money is no object. In a very few years at this rate the bird will become extinct. There are some other varieties of duck than the wood-duck which are becoming rarer, hence the Commissioners, with a view of preserving them as long as possible, suggest that the number which may be killed by any one during a season should be limited to 300, or at most 400, and in the near future, if not at present, their sale will have to be prohibited. In the more settled portions of Ontario, owing to the covers being cleared up, the partridge or uffed grouse is becoming scarcer, although this year where they had cover they were more plentiful than usual. This was owing to the favorable dry spring for nesting. Much good would be done in preserving this bird, as well as quail, if some means could be devised which would encourage the destruction of vermin as foxes, skunks, weasels, etc., for, roosting as they do on the ground, they fall an easy prey to these voracious night prowlers. The commissioners are strongly of opinion that certain valuable game birds should be introduced at least into the great parks of the province, and capercailzie, black cock and Mongolian pheasants are recommended to be placed in Algonquin park, where, from the experience in planting these birds in the forests of Maine, where the conditions are much the same as our own Northern Ontario, they would prosper, and in time not only stock the large park, but by the overflow eventually stock the surrounding country and become a permanency, much to the benefit of the public.

IT is not a new thing to have the date fixed on which the end of all things temporal is to be reached. This end is now prophesized for 1898. The prophet is Prof. J. B. Dimbledy, a London astronomer, chronologist of the British Chronological and Astronomical Association and its calculator of eclipses and transits. This gentleman says he finds from his calculations that Bible time is exact planetary time, therefore is more to be relied on than the calendar. The period referred to in Scripture prophecy as a "time" is 360 years. Calculating on the basis of Bible periods Prof. Dimbledy finds that immediately in the future we may expect the following events:—First, the utter downfall and ruin of the Turk in September of this year. After that we shall go on much the same till Easter day, 1898. That day will mark the second coming believed in by Christians and devoutly looked forward to in New Testament times. Then the judgment will take place, and the millennium will begin.

THE Grecian Consol-General at New York, Demetnus R. Botossi, writes in the North American that it is idle to talk about the dismemberment of Turkey as being a new proposition. It has been going on for over one hundred years. In 1783, Turkey lost the Crimea. In 1830 she lost Greece. In 1857 Moldavia and Wallachia, the two Danubian principalities, were united and finally became the present flourishing kingdom of Roumania, under King Charles, in 1881. In 1862 the Turkish garrison evacuated Belgrade, and in 1878 Servia became an independent kingdom. Bulgaria is virtually independent under Prince Ferdinand, and Turkey quietly acquiesced in the absorption of Eastern Roumelia in 1887. Kars and Batum were snatched by Russia in 1878. England seized Cyprus in the same year, and Austria was comfortably installed in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Where, asks Mr. Botassi, is the alleged integrity of the Turkish Empire in the face of the above historical facts?

THE people of British Columbia, says an Ottawa correspondent, seem to be determined to keep out immigrants from Eastern nations, and not content with asking that the capitation tax on Chinese be raised from $50 to $500, are now after the Japanese who are represented as coming into British Columbia in large numbers. Rev. Mr. Maxwell, M.P., has presented petition on the subject. It states that the large influx of Japanese is a serious menace to the prosperity and material development of this country, that the Japs are accustomed to a low standard of living, and are, therefore, willing to accept a lower scale of wages; that they are seriously competing with white labor, and, indeed, in many cases leading to the exclusion of white laborers. The petition goes on to say that there is danger of the province becoming Orientalized. It is, therefore, urged that the term of residence in Canada for Japanese before they can become naturalized should be increased from three to five years, that the evidence of residence in Canada shall be given in open court, and that it shall be verified by the production of the passport which is issued by the Japanese government to all its subjects on leaving Japan for foreign countries. Consul-General Nosse's visit to Ottawa has anticipated this petition. Mr. Nosse says the statements about the influx of Japanese are grossly exaggerated, there being only 800 Japs in the whole of Canada. Mr. Nosse, who is a highly educated and polished Japanese gentleman speaking English perfectly, also stated in conversation with your correspondent that more than one-half of the Japanese in Canada had become naturalized British subjects and proposed settling in this country.

Dressing Handsomely and Well at a Small Cost.

A lady friend, a user of Diamond Dyes, writes as follows:

"With Diamond Dyes I changed my husband's faded gray suit to a rich dark brown shade, and a blue one was made black, while the children never knew what had become of their old clothes, and wondered where all the new ones came from.

"My experience proves that any woman who can read the plain directions on the Diamond Dye envelope can not only save a large amount of money in clothing her family, but will wear just as handsome and fashionable clothes as before. Diamond Dyes are indeed the true preventives of hard times."

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

Letter from the Rector of the High School.

"Dear Doctor Ievers.—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of 'Quickcure.' I have been troubled a good deal lately with boils, and tried 'Quickcure.' I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application, I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly,

Signed T. AINSLIE YOUNG,
Rector, High School, Quebec.'

December, 1896.

PROROGUE IN A WEEK

That is the Intention of the Premier of Ontario.

Middleton's Departmental Store Bill Stands Over for the Present—The Attorney-General Tells How Such a Bill Might Lead to Injury—Further Information is Needed Before Such a Matter Could be Dealt With by the Legislature—Mr Whitney Wants Information About Blanket Propositions.

Toronto, April 6.

The Attorney-General stated yesterday that the prorogation of the Legislature will take place early next week, probably a week from to-day.

Mr. Middleton moved the second reading of his bill to regulate departmental stores, but in deference to the wish of the three leaders in the House he withdrew it until next session.

The members began to get busy yesterday again, and a number of bills were partially disposed of. The Opposition are apparently anxious to facilitate the transaction of business, for little objection was raised yesterday, except in cases of great importance.

The Attorney-General moved that after Wednesday next there shall be two sittings of the House on each day for the remainder of the session, the first to begin at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, Mr. Speaker to leave the chair at 1 of the clock, until 3, without the question being put.

Mr. Whitney asked for a definite statement as to when the session would probably close.

The Attorney-General stated that a great deal depended on the leader of the Opposition. He would like to finish up the business this week, but the printing would not be ready for prorogation until Tuesday or Wednesday next.

Mr. Whitney stated his willingness to sit night and day to finish up, and the motion carried.

The House, on motion of Hon. J. M. Gibson, went into committee, and passed an amendment to the Insurance Act, raising the fees of registry of extra-Provincial insurance corporations to $150.

Col. Gibson moved that a select committee be appointed to enquire into the facts and circumstances connected with the purchase by the late Alexander McArthur of the timber berth, consisting of the Township of Lumsden, in the District of Algoma, and the application of the estate of the deceased for a rescision of the purchase, with power to send for persons and papers and to report to this House, such committee to be composed as follows: Messrs. Gibson (Hamilton), Whitney, Charlton, Campbell, Stratton, Miscampbell and Haycock.

The mover explained that McArthur was incapable and irresponsible when the deal was made, and the committee was allowed.

The Minister of Education's Toronto University Bill was passed in committee without opposition.

Mr. Richardson's amendment to the Municipal Act, by permitting municipalities to take over and sell the property and effects of persons consigned to the House of Refuge, was opposed by the Attorney-General and by Mr. Whitney. The leaders did not see the necessity for the bill, and it was accordingly withdrawn after a vigorous objection from the mover.

Mr. Richardson's proposed amendment to the Assessment Act was likewise handled.

Mr. Howland's bill to empower the City of Toronto to include in the estimates a sum not exceeding $500 for the purpose of diffusing information regarding the advantages of the city as a manufacturing, business, educational and residential centre, and to define the power of Police Commissioners to license junk shops, livery stables, etc., passed a second reading.

Mr. Haggerty, the Government member from Hastings, bandied words with his leader over the second reading of his bill to allow County Councils to regulate the salaries of Police Magistrates, or, if necessary, to appoint them without salary.

This move was right in with the views of the Opposition, whose platform opposes centralization of power in Government control, and the leader of the benches to the left coincided with the views of the mover. He did not see why the Government should be willing to put the matter of the hours of hotel closing in the hands of municipal councils, while at the same time objecting to having the Police Magistrates subject to the same jurisdiction.

The bill was strenuously opposed by the Attorney-General, and was finally withdrawn.

Mr. Middleton, the anti-departmental store man, then took the floor, and moved the second reading of his bill to regulate these establishments. The bill reads as follows:

"The council of any city having a population of over 30,000 inhabitants may pass a bylaw or bylaws for the purpose of imposing upon any departmental store carrying on more than three distinct classes of business, a special tax in respect of each additional class of business, and in imposing such business tax, the same may be regulated in and by bylaw so as to provide either a uniform tax in respect of each additional distinct class of business, or the same may be graded in such a manner as may seem proper, provided that no such bylaw shall be passed or take effect under the authority of this act without having been carried by a two-thirds vote of the members of the council present and voting thereon.

"This act shall not take effect until the 1st day of January, 1898."

Mr. Middleton, in rising, complained of the fact that the establishments aimed at drew away trade from outlying sections, to the advantage of certain centres of population. He called attention to the precedent in taxing certain lines of goods, afforded by the licenses imposed already upon certain businesses. He was confident that the goods sold by these stores were not advantageous to purchasers for a cheap John system of conducting business was in vogue.

Mr. Haycock believed that it was too late an hour in the session to consider so radical a change. He would not, however, say he was opposed to the measure, but thought it should be left over for another session. The stores existed as well in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, and the bill would, therefore, be doing an injustice to those in Ontario by restricting their operations.

Mr. Howland agreed with the previous speaker's feeling that it was too late in the session to consider the bill. The question had received consideration elsewhere, but he was not prepared to discuss the measure as adequately as would be necessary to come to a definite conclusion upon the matter. The matter of abolishing such stores would be inadvisable, for it had to be recognized as an economic feature of the times. Mr. Howland concluded by advancing a number of the arguments used for and against the operation of the big stores.

Mr. Meacham advised the Government to father a measure of the importance of the one under consideration. The bill made no distinction as to what were different lines of business, and that, for one thing, was a necessity.

The Attorney-General considered the bill a very serious one. The law of supply and demand regulated such things, and it might be a little harsh to introduce legislation to interfere with the stores. One objection to them was the clock-work regularity of the employes, which was harmful, as it was calculated to destroy individuality. The bill would be calculated to injure the big stores by interfering with their credit. The Premier was also of the opinion that the measure would be a hasty one, as the House had no information, among other things, as to the wages of the employes, and as to whether they were or were not contented under present circumstances.

Mr. Whitney had very strong sympathy with the bill, more so from the fact that he came from a rural constituency, where the small retail stores were being ruined. He had heard that in Nova Scotia a Toronto departmental store had hired the exclusive use of a freight car to carry their goods in that Province. Such methods were enterprising, but they were questionable.

Dr. Willoughby largely agreed with his leader.

Mr. Cleland of Grey thought the matter resolved itself into where the people could buy things cheapest. Might not, asked he, the depression charged to the big stores be laid to the door of the National Policy? He thought the Dominion Government should impose a heavier postal rate on parcels and tax the stores in that way.

Mr. McNichol, the Patron member for Grey, believed that if the people were not getting the worth of their money they would not continue to patronize the mammoth stores.

Col. Matheson remarked that it was the same old story of the "Song of the Shirt." People were made to work for nothing in order to meet the demand for cheap goods. The member for Lanark could not see that the question could be settled at the present session.

Mr. Stratton was of the opinion that the stores should be taxed according to the amount of stock they carried.

Mr. St. John suggested that the bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Middleton spoke as a business man of experience when he said he was certain that the departmental stores sold an inferior class of goods, and employed cheap labor. He believed that it was not a matter of "the greatest good to the greatest number," but rather one of "live and let live." The departmental stores took away business from others; then, why should they not pay a special tax? Regarding the difficulty of levying the tax, the speaker would not be opposed and he did not think the retail dealers would be, either, to having a special tax levied on all dealers carrying more than one line of goods.

It was after 6 o'clock, Mr. Middleton withdrew his bill, and the House adjourned.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Whitney will ask: Is it the intention of the Government to grant a license of occupation to any persons, firm or syndicate covering mining locations, and similar in any respect to the license granted to Mr. J. K. Kerr, Q.C., and his associates? Has any application been made for a similar license of occupation covering mining locations, and, if so, who are the applicants? What locations were applied for, and on what terms?

European Degeneracy.

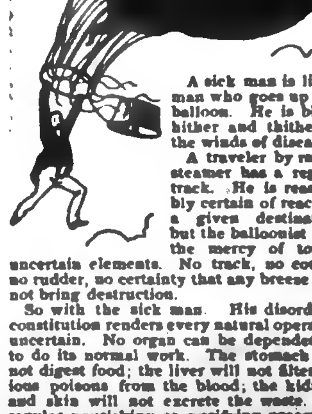
Statisticians of Europe view with increasing alarm the sociological fact of the steady decrease of the number of births in all the European nations. This fact, while little known, is very remarkable, because it is one of the symptoms of "degeneration," that boogaboo of modern physiologists, who declare that a constant decrease of the population of all the civilized nations may confidently be expected.

The figures given below are obtained from the most reliable authorities in each country, and compare the birth rates of 1876 with those of 1896, per thousand of the population:

	1876.	1896.	Decrease
Hungary	45.8	42.5	3.3
Germany..	40.9	36.7	4.2
Austria	40.0	34.2	2.8
Italy	39.2	36.6	2.6
Netherlands.... ...	37.1	33.8	3.3
England and Wales	36.3	30.8	5.5
Scotland	35.0	31.0	4.0
United Kingdom...	34.8	30.8	4.0
Belgium	32.2	29.5	3.7
Switzerland	32.8	28.5	4.3
Sweden	30.8	27.0	3.8
Ireland	26.4	23.0	3.4
France	26.2	22.1	4.1

Solo—I shall certainly sue this paper for libel. It calls me a liar, a beat, and a horse thief.

Bolus—You are sure to recover. You know that great principle in law, the greater the truth, the greater the libel.



A sick man is like a man who goes up in a balloon. He is blown hither and thither by the winds of disease.

A traveler by rail or steamer has a regular track. He is reasonably certain of reaching a given destination, but the balloonist is at the mercy of totally uncertain elements. No track, no course, no rudder, no certainty that any breeze may not bring destruction.

So with the sick man. His disordered constitution renders every natural operation uncertain. No organ can be depended on to do its normal work. The stomach will not digest food; the liver will not filter bilious poisons from the blood; the kidneys and skin will not excrete the waste. No regular nourishing or purifying process is going on. There is no certainty except the certainty of suffering.

In all dyspeptic, bilious, debilitated conditions, what is needed is to change the abnormal, erratic operations of the system into a natural, regular, straightforward progress in the right direction. Nothing in the world will do this so rapidly and certainly as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It directly regulates the vitalizing functions. It sets the stomach and liver into natural, healthy operation and gives the blood-making glands power to manufacture an abundance of pure, rich blood.

It creates appetite; builds up muscular strength, and banishes nervousness and neuralgia. As it can be assimilated by the weakest stomach, its nourishing properties are far superior to nauseating cod liver oil in severe coughs and all wasting diseases.

The druggist who recommends something else as "just as good" is thinking more of his extra profit on the "just as good" kind than of your welfare.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Biliousness

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.35 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.35 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Critical Condition

Of Thousands of Canadians.

BLOOD IS FOUL AND DISEASED.

Paines' Celery Compound the Great Spring Cleanser.

Is your blood impure and poisoned? It is if you have eruptions, blotches, pimples, sores, eczema, salt rheum or erysipelas. With such troubles the blood is fast carrying poison and disease to every part of your system.

To be clean, sound, vigorous and healthy you must use Paine's Celery Compound. Its vitalizing and healthgiving properties show at once upon the blood; it is unequalled as a health producer and cleanser.

No bitters, nervines, sarsaparillas or pills can possibly remove the dangers that lurk in your system at this time. For poor, red blood, rosy cheeks and good digestion you need Paine's Celery Compound that has done such a mighty and wonderful work in the past.

Beware of the substitutes that are frequently offered for Paine's Celery Compound—those worthless imitations that are pushed on the unsuspecting for the sake of larger profits they bring the retailer. Insist upon having "Paine's," the kind that makes people well.

CASTORIA.

Bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

QUEENS IN CONTRAST.

THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN A CIVILIZED AND AN UNCIVILIZED ONE.

The Queen of the Greeks the Most Popular Woman in Europe Who Wears a Crown—The Acts Which Have Made Her So.

Queen Olga is the most popular Queen in all Europe, and after her plucky act the other day in defying the Russian throne there is not a native of Hellas who would not die for

QUEEN OLGA OF GREECE.

her. Queen Olga is a Russian Princess and was an honorary admiral in the Russian fleet. She has just returned her insignia to St. Petersburg with the remark that she cannot hold rank in a fleet that has fired upon the Greeks. Olga is the eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia and a niece of the late Czar Alexander II. She is tall and stately and realizes the traditional idea of a Queen in her appearance and manner. She is a blonde, with brown hair, regular features, and a beautiful neck and shoulders. She goes about Athens unattended, even by a maid, and dresses in the most simple fashion. On state occasions she costumes herself royally. She is very fond of pearls and has a small fortune in these ornaments. She is most popular among the Athenian ladies and has a wide circle of acquaintances among them. Like all the rest of this singularly democratic royal family the Queen never deports herself in the manner assumed by royalty in general, and while dignified is gentle, affable and lovable. Olga is a great scholar. She loves science and the classics, and can speak fluently in Russian, Italian, Greek, French, German and English. Lately she has mastered Albanian also. She is interested in music and art, devotes much of her time to charity and public education, and has founded one of two prosperous schools in Athens. Her recent patriotic display will make her all the more loved by the Greeks.

QUEEN OF THE MAROTSE.

A Woman Who Has Killed Six Husbands and Is Now Living With the Seventh.

This is a picture of an African Queen, and she is a very important person in her way. Every explorer who has entered the large country of the Marotse in the Upper Zambesi Valley within the past few years has told of Queen Mokwai. This picture of her is taken from Dr. James Johnston's capital book, "Reality vs. Romance." He met the Queen during his visit in 1891-92; and Capt. A. S. H. Gibbons of the British army, who traveled in the Marotse country last year, has given further details about this remarkable but not particularly admirable woman. In Dr. Johnston's picture of her she appears with twenty-five slave girls sitting in a half circle around her.

Queen Mokwai derives her importance from an unwritten but time-honored law of her country. She is the eldest surviving sister of the ruling king, and, according to the unwritten constitution, without her advice and sanction her brother, King Lewanika, is debarred from giving effect to any important measure. She holds the veto power, and as she is a much more determined character than her vacillating and pusillanimous brother, she is the real power in the great Marotse country. She lives at Naloio on the Zambesi, about twenty miles below Lialui, where the King resides, and when she visits the capital of the kingdom she goes in state. When Dr. Johnston saw her she had come to Befula, near the capital, attended by 150 women, to be present at the marriage of the King's eldest son; and there was a great flourish of trumpets when she and her retinue of the gentler sex came into view.

QUEEN MOKWAI.

While nothing can be done in all important affairs of state without consulting Queen Mokwai, she rules supreme in the minor, local affairs of her own district. Capt. Gibbons says that she holds the power of life or death over her subjects. She is at liberty to wed or depose a husband whenever she pleases, and she lives quite up to her opportunities in these respects. The man she had honored by making him her husband last year was No. 7. She had killed all his predecessors, and it is therefore a very precarious undertaking to become the husband of Queen Mokwai. No. 6 had earned for himself the universal respect of the people by his kind and just treatment of all. The people loved him and the Queen could not stand that, for jealousy and envy are the woman's leading passions. So she had him come to her hut to drink beer, and two young men, armed with spears, were stationed there, with instructions to kill the poor fellow when she gave the signal. She gave the sign, but the two young men, less hard-hearted than their mistress, hesitated. With a curse on their cowardice, the woman seized a Portuguese sabre and ran her victim through. As he fell she remarked contemptuously: "Thus has a thorn been removed from my flesh."

This metaphor seems to be generally employed when the Queen desires to announce the violent death of another of her victims. Dr. Johnston says that on one occasion the Queen, after killing a man with her own hand, summoned her crier and ordered him to announce to the town that "the Queen has had a thorn removed from her foot this morning." He adds that Mokwai's reign has been stained by many a cool act of murder and bloodshed, and she avenges herself particularly on those who are the objects of her jealousy.

In his talk with the Queen, Capt. Gibbons, who had met her daughter, the ruling princess of Sesheke, and her husband, spoke in laudatory terms of them. A full translation of her reply is: "Oh, they are merely small fry. I and Lewanika are the big wigs in this part of the world."

Mokwai and her brother, the King, have signed a treaty, placing their country under the British flag, but as yet the British have not established any semblance of authority over the land, and this savage Queen is still at liberty to kill as many husbands and other persons as she pleases.

SEA FREAKS HER PETS.

A Young Woman Who Raises Marine Monsters in Jars.

A young woman living in Worcester, Mass., has discovered a new field for her sex. It is science—science in strange form and uncouth guise. Miss Dell Ten Eyck is the feminine pioneer. She is a member of the Natural History Society of Worcester. Ever since she can remember, she has had the curiosity of the woman and the scientist combined, trending in the direction of these strange creatures we see in glass jars in the Natural History museums, that fill us with horror, and stir within us the alarm which finds vent in nightmares besides which the creatures of a welsh rabbit are as nothing at all.

She preserved and is at the present time engaged in cultivating all sorts of curious monsters which are to be found traveling about the waters of the ocean and crawling along its bottom. These are growing in jars, and form one of the oddest collections that is to be seen anywhere.

At present the particular feature of Miss Ten Eyck's work is the cultivation of those little marine puzzles known as deep sea anemones. There is, however, in addition, a very interesting collection of various sorts of fish and corals, which commands much of the young scientist's attention. One of the most curious of the fish is the sea porcupine. It has the faculty of

SHE CULTIVATES ODD SEA FISH.

inflating itself with air until it looks like an animated balloch. An odd characteristic of the creature is that when inflated it is as helpless as a turtle that is turned on its back. It has no control over itself whatever, and, floating upon the surface of the water, is blown about at the mercy of the wind and waves until the air is exhausted.

Among the various specimens which Miss Ten Eyck is carefully watching are a number of young sharks. Just what she will do with these marine cannibals when they become too large for their present quarters she does not know, but she has hopes that ere that time arrives the society of which she is a member will provide an aquarium for the specimens.

In other jars Miss Ten Eyck has growing coral. These tiny polypi were after numerous failures successfully transplanted from their native home in the South Pacific Ocean to a comfortable if somewhat more restricted existence in glass jars in the rooms of the Worcester Natural History Society.

One of the rarest specimens which she has is what is commonly termed a sea horse—in appearance half animal, half fish. They are hatched from eggs, and when fully grown are about eight inches long.

Almost as interesting, but much uglier in appearance than the sea horses, are a number of young sea cats, which are a cross between sturgeons and sharks.

One of her particular pets is a goose fish, which is in appearance a sort of marine nightmare entirely unlike any other member of the fish family. It is a most voracious specimen, and will eat anything and pretty much everything which comes within its reach. The specimens at present are hardly larger than a silver dollar, being almost circular in shape, with a mouth nearly as big as the body. These fish grow eventually to be five and six feet across.

Madame Rigo is taking action at law against her husband and his mistress, and claims the sum of 150,000 francs damages for the benefit of herself and children.

Rigo and the former Princess, whose husband recently obtained an absolute divorce from her upon the grounds of her relations with the Hungarian, are announced to make their appearance on the stage at the Winter Gardens in Berlin on April 1.

ONTARIO'S GRAPHITE MINES.

Johann Faber Says It Is as Good as the Bohemian Article.

Archibald Blue, Director of the Ontario Bureau of Mines, has received from the Ontario Graphite Company two leadpencils, being the first samples, says The Mail and Empire, of Ontario graphite turned out. Accompanying the pencils was a letter from Mr. Hector McRae, secretary-treasurer of the company, in which the writer states that some time ago the company shipped samples of its graphite to Johann Faber, the famous manufacturer of leadpencils in Bavaria, and to M. O. Schneider of Nuremburg, another large manufacturer, and in return received a number of pencils made from the samples. The manufacturers admit that, after testing the Ontario graphite, they have found it equal to their own Bohemian graphite, and have given a trial order of forty tons of it for immediate shipment. The company is the owner of one of the largest deposits in the world, which is situated in Brougham Township, about 25 miles west of the town of Renfrew. It has already mined about 470 tons of the mineral, and intends to take out about 1000 tons more right away.

Whims of Fashion.

Moire velour is greatly favored for skirts.

Trained skirts are seen on the new costumes.

The violet toque gains favor as the season progresses.

Collarettes and jabots boasting frills of chiffon are considered very correct.

In strong contrast to the very small sleeves seen in gowns, those that are employed in opera jackets are so large that they resemble capes.

The more a fabric looks as though ink had been indiscriminately spilled on a light background, the more decidedly modish it will be regarded this spring.

MUNYON

WILL CURE YOU

CATARRH POSITIVELY CURE

Immediate Relief for Rheumatism, Coughs' Colds, Asthma, Lung Troubles, Healed—Sure Specific for Indigestion and Dyspepsia—Munyon's Kidney and Liver Cures Never Fail—All Nervous and Blood Diseases Successfully Treated, Druggists Sell Munyon's Homœopathic Remedies—"Guide to Health" Free, will Teach You How to Cure Yourself.

Mr. Andrew McKinlay, 144 Sydenham street, Toronto, Canada, says: "I had catarrh in its worst form for fifteen years or more. It had also developed into catarrh of the stomach. I doctored for years and paid out a great deal of money for treatment with the best physicians, but did not receive any benefit. I finally began using Munyon's Remedies, and twenty-four hours after taking the medicine I noticed an improvement. Before two weeks had passed I had been completely cured.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

TO PROTECT YOU

Against Spurious Imitations see that

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

IS ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Sold in lead packets only. 25, 40, 50 and 60 Cents

Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CHICAGO, U.S.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest draw, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, and are so guaranteed.

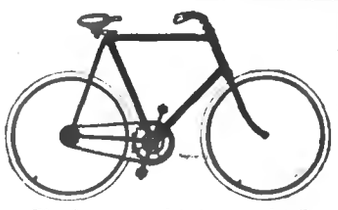
THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish (the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)

THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.

Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]

1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

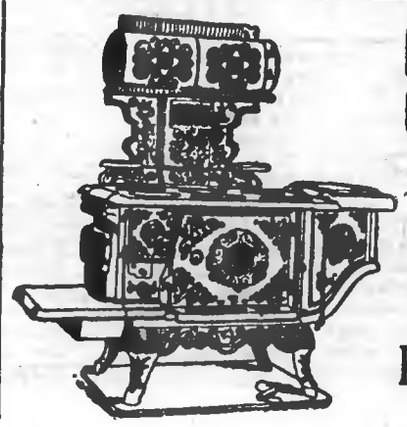
Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	- -	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

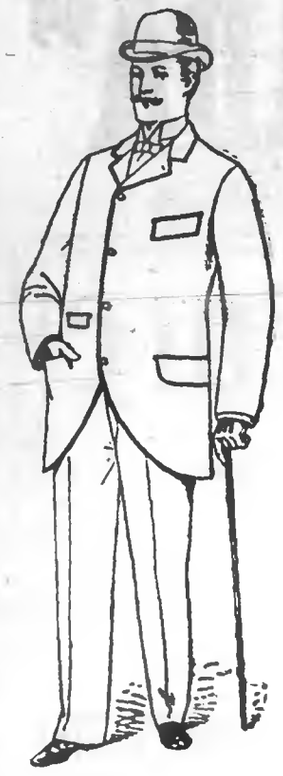
THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

392 George Street.

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE.....

KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,

The Great English Remedy.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess. Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Before and After. ...been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of ...g is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine ...m. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if ...them some worthless medicine in place of this, ...e price in letter, and we will send by return ...l. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will ...e, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

For sale in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

HALL, GILCHRIST & CO.

396 GEORGE ST.

T.V.C. DEPUTATION AT THE CAPITAL.

THE T.V.C. DEPUTATION A BIG GATHERING.

The Premier and Minister of Railways and Canals Address the Deputation—The Work to go on as Fast as the Money Can be Found to Push It.

Special to the Review.

OTTAWA, 6th April.

The largest deputation that Ottawa has ever seen had an audience with Hon. Mr. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, this morning and urged upon the Minister and the Premier, who with Hon. Mr. Mulock was also present, the importance of pushing to completion the Trent Valley canal.

The representative and influential men from all parts of the canal districts were among the three or four hundred that formed the deputation.

There was no room of sufficient size on Parliament Hill to accommodate the large delegation, the audience had to be held in the Commons Chamber.

Hon. Mr. Blair in reply to the case presented said, he could not give his verdict at the present time without conferring with his colleagues.

Hon. Mr. Laurier, who followed, however, said the question of completing the canal had passed the point of discussion and the work would be prosecuted as rapidly as the finances of the country would allow.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

THE ANNUAL OUTING.

A Delegation From the 13th, of Hamilton, Visit Peterborough.

Major Mason, Capts. R. H. Labatt and J. H. Herring, of the 13th Battalion, Hamilton, a deputation appointed to visit Brockville, Kingston, Ottawa and Peterborough, with a view of deciding upon a place to spend the 24th of May, reached town yesterday afternoon from Ottawa and were driven around town by Lieut.-Col. Bell. They visited Burnham's Point and the agricultural grounds, which were considered good camping spots with excellent detraining facilities. The delegation having visited the other towns proceeded to Hamilton this morning.

The advantages of each town will be laid before the officers of the 13th at a meeting to-morrow evening and a decision will then be reached.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Fresh spring mantles and box cloths for capes. Just opened at Turnbull's.

Sewing Machines.

We keep constantly on hand and sell on easy payments the new Raymond, new Williams, White and Standard machines. Peterborough Music Co. d80

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

Rev. Father Fitzpatrick's Lecture.

Don't forget the entertainment in the Catholic Association rooms on Monday evening, April 5th. Rev. Father Fitzpatrick will give an address on "How Young Men Fail," and an excellent programme will also be presented. Admission 10 cents. 2d79

Y W C A Notes

Remember the reading circle and glee club this evening.

The ladies desire to thank the kind donors for the following gifts to the boarding house: Mrs Balleghem, spring mattrass; Miss Nichol, pillow and sheets; Miss Edmison, magazines; Miss Chamberlain, pot of marmalade; Mrs Stewart, barrel of apples Lady True Blue Society, a quilt.

Treatment of Skin Diseases in Bellevue Hospital, New York.

Professor Joseph N Henry, M.D., lecturer on Dermatology, Bellevue Hospital, New York, writes:—"I have used 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in chronic skin disease, namely, Psoriasis, and obstinate ulceration of the leg, due to varicositas; and also in suppurative dermatitis. I have found it to be of marked service and consider it a very good preparation."

ELOQUENT ADDRESS TO YOUNG MEN

AT THE CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION BY REV. FATHER FITZPATRICK

Large Audience Listen to an Excellent Programme—Emphasis Laid on Certain Points in a Young Man's Life

Large and attentive was the audience that gathered in the Catholic Association rooms last evening to attend an entertainment under the auspices of the Association and listened to an eloquent and thoughtful address on the subject "Why Young Men Fail."

The programme opened with an instrumental duet "Irish Airs," by Misses McCabe and Doherty, followed by a flute solo by Mr. Hodgson and a violin trio by the Misses Maude and Fox.

Rev Father Fitzpatrick was then introduced and directed his remarks to young men.

In his address Rev. Father Fitzpartick laid down a few very important rules for the guidance of young men through life, the violation of which would invariably end in failure. Particular stress was laid on the following points (1) The necessity of an early choice of trade or profession; (2) a fixed purpose and steadfast determination to reach the desired goal; (3) a spirit of self-dependence; (4) good manners, courteous, polite, obliging; (5) a proper use of both time and money. On each of these the speaker dwelt at considerable length, illustrating each by many examples of men, who, though beginning at the bottom of the ladder, yet reached positions of opulence and honor through their perseverance and self-reliance, joined to civility and a proper use of time and money. He spoke of how young men should choose for themselves a calling in life, one for which nature and their attainments best fitted them. "Be what nature intended you and you will be happy; be anything else and you will be worse than nothing." The choice of parents may and often is correct, but in this very point, it is surprising how easily parents are deceived. They are the last to see the faults and imperfections of their own boys. A natural tendency and a love for any particular calling is the best and safest guide, the surest guarantee to success. Once a trade or profession is chosen there follows the determination to succeed in it, to reach the summit. Dare to leave many things unknown for the sake of knowing one thing well. The age of universal knowledge is past and gone for ever. Only specialists are going to succeed. The keenness of competition, and the vast amount to be learned in every calling, have made it necessary to be a man of one thing. Every young man should be able to say, "This one thing I know, and can do well."

Then came the necessity of self-reliance, a quality which many admired, but which few possessed. And yet nothing was more necessary to the young man just beginning life. He who began with crutches, generally ended with crutches, and children who begin life with fortunes left them by parents who began poor ended up where their parents began. Too much money to a young man like too much leisure, is the devil's blessing, and those who take too much of either generally take too much of something else.

The great advantage of good manners, kindness and politeness in making our way in the world was also well pointed out. The speaker would not have young men, "crook the pregnant hinges of the knee, where thrift might follow fawning," but between fawning and civility there is a great difference. No man can afford to be impolite, for we are all depending one upon another, for support and comfort, and the polite, obliging man, if he has only a thimbleful of brains, is going to succeed in life, when his ruder, but more talented and clever neighbor is sure to fail. Such is the force of kindness. Next the speaker exhorted the young men to learn early the advantage of both time and money. Both were a blessing if properly used, and both were a curse if squandered. He then pointed out how both might be used and abused, giving many examples from practical life, and concluded a very interesting and instructive lecture by a few kind words of advice which, no doubt, the young men will take to heart and profit by.

A hearty vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. L. M. Hayes and seconded by Mr. John Corkery.

The entertainment concluded with a duet by Messrs Guerin and Simons and a vocal solo by Mr. Thos. Begley.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Turnbull imports lace curtains direct from the maker. He says this year they are about twenty per cent cheaper than usual.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. R. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

What Turnbull does he does well. See his stock of roller window blinds from 20c up complete.

OAK HALL.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Public Concern.

The representatives of the North American Tea Company, of Toronto, are on their first visit to Peterborough and are placing the merits of their goods before the public with the intention of opening up business here These people are thoroughly reliable and their teas and coffees give wonderful satisfaction. 2d79

THE MECCA OF DEPUTATIONS

Numerous Deputations in Town on Their Way to Ottawa to Wait on the Dominion Government.

Ottawa will be besieged with deputations to-day and the Government will likely record it as one of the busiest days since their entrance to power.

Not only will a couple of hundred enthusiastic supporters of the Trent Valley Canal lay their claims before the Dominion Cabinet but there will be several other deputations.

Last evening at 5.12 o'clock over twenty gentlemen from Cobourg and Northumberland County, reached town on their way to the Capital to impress upon the Government, the necessity of renewing a subsidy to the Cobourg, Northumberland and Pacific railways A couple of years ago the Dominion Government granted a subsidy of $3,200 per mile for 49 miles of the proposed road and the townships through which the rails would be laid, and some that would not be affected at all, bonused the new railway—Cobourg town to the extent of $30,000, with certain rights of way along the streets; Haldimand township, $14,000; Campbellford, $15,000 and certain rights of way; Percy township $25,000, Seymour township $5,000, Cramahe township $3,000, Brighton township $2,000, Hamilton township $4,500, a total of $98,500. Mr. Bowen, a well known English capitalist received the contract, and has already spent a large amount of money The purpose of the deputation is to urge the Government to renew the subsidy which has expired, in order that work may be proceeded with. The road is supposed to run from Cobourg through Warkworth to Campbellford, across the Trent to a point north of Campbellford on the C.P.R. The latter road has entered into an agreement that when the new road was built they would stock and run it for 999 years and pay a rental of 45 per cent of the gross earnings of the road. Northumberland at present possesses railways running east and west at the extreme north and south, but the populous centre districts are not connected by railroad, and in order to reach the county town, Cobourg, they are forced to drive or go around by Belleville or Peterborough. Among those who composed the deputation were Mayor Hayden, Reeve E. C. S. Huycke, Deputy Reeves S Hobart and W R Whitelaw, Councillors Maher and Purser, County Councillor Geo Spence and Messrs Wm Kerr, Q.C., ex-M.P., J B McColl, the Liberal candidate in the last election, R Craig, W J Crossen, A R Hargraft, H B Cruso, H W Laird, Editor of the Sentinel Star, M W Williams, Editor of the World, ex-Mayor Sam Clarke, H F Holland, county solicitor, H Field, John Ball, all of Cobourg, County Councillor Chas Sargent, Haldimand, Reeve John Millar, and first deputy reeve Wm Mulholland and J P Brewster, Haldimand. The contractor in charge of the work, Mr C H Bowen, and Engineer Hazen accompanied the deputation, which was joined by representatives from Percy, Campbellford and Seymour at Havelock,

Ex-Mayor H H Burnham, Mr B P Ross, ex-M.P. and Lieut-Col McLean, of Port Hope, composed a deputation that left for Ottawa by last night's express. They will wait upon the Government and urge that improvements be made to the Port Hope harbor.

Over thirty gentleman from Orillia, Barrie and Midland arrived in town by the G T.R express last evening and proceeded by the C.P.R. midnight express to Ottawa where they will join the T.V.C. deputation this morning.

REV MR CATTANACH'S CALL

The Presbytery of Peterborough Accepts His Resignation—Going to Maryland

The Presbytery of Peterborough met in St. Andrew's church this morning at 10 o'clock to consider the resignation of the Rev James Cattanach, B.A., of Centreville. Representatives of the congregation expressed the regret with which the people parted with Mr Cattanach, who had not only proved himself a faithful pastor, an earnest preacher, but also a brother.

The Presbytery with great regret accepted the resignation and Rev. Mr. Johnston, of Millbrook, was appointed sterim Moderator, and Revs. Dr. Torrance, Johnston and Potter a committee of supply.

The pulpit will be declared vacant April 25th. The Rev. James Cattanach, B. A., who has labored so faithfully in the work at Centreville has been called to the Presbyterian church at Tawnytown, Md., U. S. A He will carry with him the best wishes of his numerous friends.

The Surgeon of "Queens Own Canadian Hussars."

Dr. Chas. E. Elliott, M. D., Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Pheno-Banum' (or 'Quickcure') with much success in many cases of foul and suppurating wounds; especially in one case following vaccination, which resisted all treatment for three months, that was quickly cured by four dressings of the above. I am now using it in many forms of skin diseases and ulcers with apparent benefit. For cuts and burns it makes a splendid dressing."

CANTATA RUTH To-night in St. Andrew's School room

Still they come. Fresh fancy dress robes cheaper than ever at Turnbull's.

THE ODDFELLOWS FIELD NIGHT

OTONABEE LODGE VISITED BY THE GRAND MASTER AND LINDSAY LODGE.

Grand Master White, Grand Representative Hoyle and Lindsay Lodge Visit Their Peterborough Brethren—Grand Master's Address—The Banquet at the Snowden.

Grand Master Henry White, Port Hope, Grand Representative W.H. Hoyle, P.G.M., Cannington, and Lindsay Lodge, No. 100, paid a visit to Otonabee Lodge, No. 13, Independent Order of Oddfellows, last evening and that fraternal feeling which exists between Oddfellows was evidenced on all hands and the night proved one of the most pleasant and profitable in local Oddfellowship. It was the first official visit of Grand Master White and he was tendered a royal reception. On his arrival from Port Hope in the afternoon he was met by a reception committee from Otonabee lodge and conducted to the Snowden house. Lindsay lodge returned a visit made by Otonabee lodge to Lindsay last November and they were also received at the G.T.R. on their arrival by special train. Grand Representative Hoyle did not reach town until 9 o'clock and owing to the interest taken in the Grand Master's address the reception committee did not reach the station in time to welcome the Past Grand Master, much to their regret.

THE GRAND MASTER'S ADDRESS.

At 8 o'clock the Oddfellows hall was filled with brethren and after opening proceedings Grand Master White addressed them at some length. He stated in beginning that it was his first official visit to Otonabee lodge or any other lodge in Peterborough. He was glad to have the opportunity of paying the visit and found it a pleasant duty and accepted Otonabee lodge's invitation with pleasure. He had wished to visit Peterborough before surrendering the Grand Master's chair in August next. Peterborough and Otonabee lodges were the strongest and best in Ontario. He was glad to meet brothers from all over this district as he had little chance to pay visits in the district, and he took the opportunity of placing several questions before the brothers for discussion in the various lodges. He found it a pleasant duty to report the satisfactory financial condition of the order and the addition to its membership for the past term. The Order had made good progress, not so much in membership as in finances, the proportion of increase in that respect being much greater in proportion to the increase in membership.

The depression in business, hard times and keen competition of other societies have tended to keep down the increase in membership. Several reasons may also be given for the fact that more members are not added. The Order employs no paid organizers who are dependent for their living upon the success of of their efforts to add new members and of necessity they must work hard. All members added to Order are from purely voluntary efforts by the members of the Order. They look for quality more than quantity.

Oddfellowship ought to go ahead when we know that the Order has a membership of over 24,000 in Ontario and over 1,000,000 in America. We can easily see that small efforts would add many new members. Probably the greatest difficulty is the fact of the hard times and certainly times are not such as 10, 15 or 20 years ago. However the increase is satisfactory and most pronounced among the younger members which is certainly most beneficial to the Order. The funds are showing very satisfactorily and no fraternal institution or society can produce so good a showing.

Certainly unless a solid financial basis prevails we must know that success cannot be won. Oddfellowship was more than holding its own and will never lose its proud position of being the foremost fraternal society of America. He referred to the death of Grand Treasurer Badeneck which had left a gap hard to fill. Brother McCormack, Chairman Toronto Relief Board, acting until permanent appointment will be made by Grand Lodge next meeting. The Grand Master followed with a long explanation regarding this year's business before the Grand Lodge. He called particular attention to the four by-laws lately sent out by the Grand Lodge, and though some have been adopted by ninety per cent of the lodges, he strongly urges immediate action by the balance. Oddfellows' Orphan Home was brought before the brethren in a strong and very pointed address, and various methods of establishing the same were explained, and altogether a splendid address was given on this point.

Grand Master White thought there would be no difficulty encountered in securing a site free of charge from almost any municipality, and asked "Why not Peterborough grant one?" Buildings, etc., to cost about $25,000 would have to be erected, and the maintenance of same would be a source of revenue to the neighborhood. The address concluded with general remarks regarding the Order.

THE DEGREE TEAM.

The competition between the teams of Lindsay and Otonabee lodges in conferring the first degree was then commenced, and great interest was displayed. Last year Otonabee's team won, and now Lindsay in conferring the initiation a spirit of friendly

Continued on Page. 8

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & CO

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

57th Battalion drill.

Cantata Ruth at St. Andrew's church.

Apply a little 'Quickcure' to a pimple or any blemish of the skin, and cover with thin paper, and it will disappear in twenty-four hours, leaving the skin natural and healthy, as it destroys the germs which enter the skin and cause pimples, boils, etc., especially if one is unwell, or even rundown from overwork."

CANTATA RUTH To-night in St. Andrew's School room

Personal

Mr. Frank Pullen who has been a student at the Canadian General Electric works for his home in Oakville, yesterday.

Among the list of successful candidates who have passed the primary or second year's examination in medicine at Trinity University appears the name of Andrew F. Anderson, of town, who succeeded in taking honors in every subject and in securing fifth place in a class of seventy-five.

Miss Quinn, formerly of the Barnardo Home, and well known as a Christian Endeavor worker in the town, this week addresses meetings at the Christian Alliance. Miss Quinn, who has been training for mission work, will likely leave for China in a short time. In company with Mr. Bucanan, an outgoing missionary, Miss Quinn attended a meeting of St. Paul's C. E. last evening.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

Turnbull is showing the choicest and cheapest stock he ever had in millinery.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE

COLUMBIA

Is here. Come in and see it. It is a beauty.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

THE PARK NINE ORGANIZE.

This Active Baseball Team Again in the Field—The Officers.

Under most favorable auspices and with an excellent staff of officers the Park Nine baseball club, an organization that has brought credit to the town within the past two years, organized for the season at the Oriental hotel last evening. Nearly every player and many others were in attendance, and the club start off successfully and will endeavor to hold the honors it won last year. The boys enter the season determined to win from all the teams with whom they enter into competition and matches will not be wanting.

The officers chosen were as follows :—

Honorary President—Mr R B McKee.

Honorary Vice-President—Mr W J Green.

President—Mr H R H Kenner.

First Vice-President—Mr R J Fife.

Second Vice-President—Mr C J Snyder.

Secretary—Mr W A Buchanan.

Treasurer—Mr Bert Dolan.

Manager—Mr George J Horkins.

Captain—Mr C Graham.

Executive Committee—The officers and Messrs R Glover, F Lynch, A Terrill, R Hay. W Thorne and Dr Pitcher.

The captain, manager and secretary will form a team committee.

A Banker's Experience.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thos. Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as cheap, simple and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

OAK HALL.

Ladies

The little store around the corner is a busy place these fine days. Where are you going to-day? "Over to Mrs. Appleby's," the ladies all say. Be sure to take your purse with you for if you don't you'll surely rue it. 6d

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15. to $18.00

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy ad would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash ay of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1857. **MERCER'S.** ESTABLISHED 1857.

EVANGELIST RANTON ON "WILD OATS."

LARGE CONGREGATIONS AGAIN GREET THIS EARNEST GENTLEMAN.

He Tells His Audience Some Plain Facts and Warns Young People of the Effects of Sin—Urges Them to Lead a Christian Life.

"Wild Oats" was the subject of a stirring address earnestly delivered by Rev. A. H. Ranton at the George-st. church last evening when another large audience greeted the evangelist, who is daily attracting increased numbers to the meeting and the interest shown is remarkably widespread and earnest.

Mr. Ranton founded his sermon upon the words :

"Thou wast a God that forgavest them, though Thou tookest vengeance of their inventions."—Psalm xcix, 8.

Mr. Ranton began his sermon by explaining the Scriptural meaning of two important words of his text, viz., vengeance and inventions. He said vengeance did not mean malice, but simply the infliction of a penalty. This penalty was not the result of vindictiveness, but of divine justice, made necessary in order to conserve the principles of moral government. God is not only a father, but a father-governor. The word inventions had reference to man's sins. God followed men's sins with justice.

We live in a world of law. There is the organic law of health. There is the natural law of gravitation. There is also the moral law of God.

Death is the result of broken law. Physical death, however, may not be the result of sin. Adam did not die when he sinned, not until years after. Moral death, however, is the result of sin. Adam died to happiness and communion with God as the result of his transgression of the law.

What is the chief end of man? "To glorify God and enjoy Him forever." In reply to the question, "What is the chief end of God?" it might properly be said, to glorify man and enjoy him forever. God has made an atonement for the violation of moral law, so that every man may have the privilege of having his sins forgiven. He has, however, made no atonement for the violation of physical or organic laws. God may forgive the sins of the drunkard, but he cannot forgive the results of his sins. This is an argument in favor of young people becoming christians early in life; life is a term of seed growing, many young people say "O I can repent of my sins and find pardon before I die." Those who talk in this way overlook the awful law of retribution. They ignore the fact that though sin may be forgiven the results still remain.

The fact of sins remain. A man who is a murderer here will be a murderer forever. He carries the fact of having committed murder with him into eternity. Professor Babbage says:—"The air is a great library upon whose pages every word and thought and whisper are recorded."

A woman came one day to her priest to confess; she was asked what sin she had been guilty of; she replied, the sin of spreading scandal. For penance, she was told to go and scatter thistle down, a task which she easily performed. She was afterwards asked to go and gather them up, which she was unable to do. It is not easy to gather up the effects of your words. A man may swear or lie and God may forgive him, but the effects of the sin keeps going on.

The fact of our actions remain. Pilate said, "What I have written I have written." Our actions cannot be undone. Jacob deceived his father by the help of his despotic mother.

Esau was supplanted by deception. Jacob thought he had made a good bargain. It turned out, however, in Jacob's subsequent history that he had to reap the same kind of seed he had sown. He deceived his father as a son and in turn he himself was deceived by his sons when they persuaded him that Joseph was dead, being slain by wild beasts. David was guilty of adultery and murder. His sin was forgiven. His repentance, however, did not bring back Uriah to life. His repentance did not prevent him reaping the results of his sin in his old age. He sowed murder and adultery and he reaped murder and adultery in his own family.

During the American civil war a Christian woman said to a wounded soldier, "Is there anything I can do for you?" "No," said the soldier, "But can you undo?" "My example has led a young companion from the path of righteousness. I taught him to swear, and yesterday I saw him shot down by my side." The consequences of sin remain in the body. Sin affects the whole man.

Hugh McMillan tells us there are certain trees which take on certain accretions which surround them. If we knew the laws which govern those accretions we could scrape off the varnish from our furniture and tell what influences surrounded the tree in its growth.

Our history is thus written on our bodies. Dr. Talmage once said to a minister whom he met after the service in his church, "I am sorry I did not see you in church, I would have had you up to lead in prayer." "No," said his friend, "I couldn't have done it. I am suffering from the sins of a mis-spent youth."

The consequences of sin remain in the character. Character is the result of thought. We sow habits and reap character. There is no promise in the Bible to redeem a man from the consequences of having sown wild oats.

God often has to make out of men different characters from what he would have made had it not been for their sowing their wild oats. Hezekiah Butterworth heard Dr. Lorrimer say in an address, "The bird with a broken pinion never soared so high again." He went home and composed the following lines :—

I walked in the woodland meadows,
When sweet the thrushes sang,
And found on a bed of mosses,
A bird with a broken wing.
I healed its wing, and each morning
It sang its old sweet strain.
But the bird with a broken pinion,
Never soared so high again.

I found a young life broken
By sin's seductive art,
And touched with a Christ like pity
I took him to my heart;
He lived with a noble purpose,
And struggled not in vain,
But the life that sin had stricken,
Never soared so high again.

But the bird with a broken pinion
Kept another from the snare,
And the life that sin had stricken
Raised another from despair.
Each loss has its own compensation;
There's healing for each pain,
But the bird with a broken pinion,
Never soared so high again.

Here Mr. Ranton referred to his own past life, telling how he had been left an orphan at eight years old, and had to earn his living either by the sweat of his brow or his jaw ever since. He had received little help from his friends. Refused to go to school when young; fell into various evils, and in consequence his life was not what God would otherwise have made it.

In closing the audience was kindly admonished to seek forgiveness for sin. Forgiveness would be granted on the condition of confession. Here the speaker referred to the harsh treatment he received at the hands of his uncle in whose home he was brought up and how he afterwards took revenge on that uncle. When he was converted one of the first things he did was to go and ask his uncle to forgive him. For a long time he refused to do so, but before he died he forgave him, to his great delight.

During the service Mrs. R. A. Hamilton contributed a solo with excellent effect.

As baldness makes one look prematurely old, so a full head of hair gives to mature life the appearance of youth. To secure this and prevent the former, Ayer's Hair Vigor is confidently recommended. Both ladies and gentlemen prefer it to any other dressing.

Maple Syrup

Pure Maple Syrup of finest quality, being light in color and made on the latest improved evaporators, put up in 1, 2, and 5 gal. cans at $1.30 per gal., or a very choice local made syrup at $1.00 per gal, 25c per quart, at E. F. Mason & Co's. 2d77

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

Fire at Grafton & Co.'s Dundas Clothing Establishment.

We take the following from a Dundas paper:—"We have again to note the excellent way in which fires are handled in Dundas. About eight o'clock Saturday night fire broke out in one of Grafton & Co's cutting and trimming rooms, the fire having considerable headway before it was noticed by some one on the outside of the building. Grafton & Co's well equipped and efficient fire apparatus was placed in order, and a heavy stream of water was playing direct on the fire in one minute after the alarm had been given, having the fire under control in a few minutes. The Dundas fire companies No. 1 and 2 and also the hook and ladder company were on the spot three minutes after the alarm was sent then ready to give additional aid if required. Too much praise cannot be given our brave firemen for the quick way they responded to the alarm. We may also say that Grafton & Co's fire apparatus is one of the most perfect we have seen in any factory, not only fifty pails filled with water being always at hand all over the building, but on every flat a heavy 2½ inch hose ready at any moment to turn directly on the fire. The damage in a short time might have been many thousands, but we are pleased to say that about $1,500 will cover all loss."

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicaped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

TEN DAYS' SPECIAL EASTER SALE!

In order to make things lively around our store till Easter and give everyone bargains to make them especially joyous, we have decided on A SPECIAL TEN DAYS' SALE. The New Goods, as well as the Spring portion of the Robert Hall Bankrupt Stock must go at special prices. Sale commences

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 3rd.

We have prepared as never before for the enthusiasm of Easter. We want lookers as well as buyers and everybody is welcome to examine the new goods to their heart's content. There is no one here to pull faces at you if you don't buy.

THE BARGAIN LIST:

Staple and Cotton Wash Goods.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 25c to 30c., sale price 10c.

500 yards Chambrays, Zephyrs and Piques, were 35c to 45c, sale price 15c.

You will require to lose no time to get some of these.

300 yards Check Ginghams, original price 8c., sale price 5c

300 yards 32 inch Flannelettes, original price 8c., sale price 5c.

200 yards Prints, light and dark, original price 10c., sale price 6½.

1,000 yards more of that special 8c. Grey Cotton, sale price 5c.

300 yards Circular Pillow Cotton, original price 18c, sale price 12½c.

Carpets and House-furnishings.

200 Window Shades, original price $1.00, sale price 39c.

200 yards Union Carpet, regular price 35c., sale price 25c.

200 yards Ingrain Carpets, good value at 60c., sale price 45c.

300 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 35c., sale price 25c.

400 yards Tapestry Carpet, regular price 60c, sale price 45c.

500 yards Brussels Carpet, regular price $1.25, sale price 90c.

Dress Goods and Silks.

500 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 7 different patterns, good value at 85c, sale price 60 cents.

200 yards New Fancy Dress Goods in 3 different patterns, good value at 75c, sale price 50 cents.

100 yards new Blouse Silks, original price 35c., sale price 25c.

Special value in Black Lustres, in plain and fancy.

Hosiery, Gloves and Laces

200 pair Ladies' Cashmere Hose in Plain and Ribbed 25c.

1000 yards Washing Laces, original price 10c., sale price 3c.

150 Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c., sale price 5c.

600 Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price 5c.

Millinery and Mantles.

100 Straw Sailors, special, at 25c.

25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.25.

25 Trimmed Hats, very special, at $1.50.

We have the most stylish Millinery in town, so the ladies say.

10 Children's Capes, will clear at $1.00.

10 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $1.75.

5 Ladies' New Capes, will clear at $2.00.

20 Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, will clear at $1.

New Dressing Jackets, will clear at $1.35.

Blouse Waists, special price 50c.

White Wear and Corsets

100 Pair White Corsets, Robert Hall's price $2.00, sale price $1.00.

This is a rare chance to get a beautiful White Corset, $2 quality, at half price.

Ladies' White Skirts and Underwear at clearing prices.

1,000 yards White Lawn, special price 10c.

200 pair Drab Corsets. 75c. quality, price 50c.

This is an opportunity that seldom occurs at this season of the year, but we must turn some of this into cash quickly.

EVERYONE WELCOME.

Hall Gilchrist & Co.

132-134 SIMCOE STREET, - - PETERBOROUGH

MORE FACTS

ONE.—Kennedy & Nelson have a first-class Meat Market.

TWO.—This Market is No. 340 George Street.

THREE.—Kennedy & Nelson have Determined to Give No Credit.

REASONS WHY:

We buy our stock for Cash.
Times are hard
Meat is required every day.
It is the chief article of food.
Care should be taken to have cash enough on hand to buy such

ON AND AFTER 5th APRIL WE WILL NOT GIVE CREDIT

Our cash system gives premiums on your purchases. It is to your advantage to buy for Cash.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Brevities.

—The Board of Education will not meet to night.

—A correspondent of the Port Hope Times thinks the Government should be urged to continue the Trent Valley Canal from Rice Lake to Port Hope, instead of Trenton.

—One of the finest and most attractive show windows in town can be seen at Oak Hall, where there is a neatly arranged display of military clothing for infantry, hussars, artillery and mounted police.

Dr. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: "For burns and sores it is really far better than any remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster. Where an Anodyne is required, and when Aconite or Belladonna might be dangerous, a 'Quickcure' plaster gives relief in fifteen minutes."

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Places for a good Housekeeper, with references.

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	1896 Price.	Price Now
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1 Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1 Eclipse Racer, weight 18 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1 Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
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A NEW PRINCIPLE

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Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

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FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 139

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Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
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HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

A New Lot of Doctors.

Toronto, April 6.

The results of the examinations for the degree of M. D., C. M., at Trinity University have been made public. The results of the final and primary examinations are as follows:

J. S. McEachern, gold medal and certificate of honor.

M. MacGregor, silver medal and certificate of honor.

Passed— F A Scott, R W Large, E S Worthington, C N Callander, C J Copp and A J Brown (equal), W N G Aspland and G Cairns and H Mew (equal), C A Campbell, J G Clarke, S Moore, W L Post, R W Percy, P H Morgan, T A McCormick, R T Rutherford, N E Farewell, C M Stewart, R B Chisholm, J A Butler, J Shuttes, G G Newberry, W Hackney, A F Oakley, P A Lewis, G H Wade, Miss A M McFee, W M Pirt, J M Pearson, R Mackenzie, W E Graham, J B Wilson, A G Ludwig, Miss K L Buck, A A Ross, R B J Stanbury, E P Kelly, H D Weaver, T M Hart, J A Jackson, W T Rush, W H Field, Miss H M Cockburn, P Bradley, R Spear, H O Boyd, Miss L E Armstrong, J J Langford, T A Young, W T Yeo, H Y McNaught, G R Clemes, J N Livingstone, H J Le Barre, J A Deyall, W Brent, H E Shaver, W C Poussette, W R Alway, J H McConnell, J C Richardson, C C Stanbury, J A Tanner.

Conditioned in gynaecology—I M Macdonald.

The following passed the primary examinations:

H G Johnston, first silver medal and certificate of honor.

W A Kerr, second silver medal and certificate of honor.

Certificates of honor—H C Wrinch, W H Marshall, A F Anderson, James Moore, B J Haylewood, A S Shadd and A E Stanton (equal), W A Collison, G C McGibbon, A W Hotham.

Class I.—M W Feeman, Miss Greenaway, Miss Macrae, Miss McConnell, Miss Fraser and R S Broad (equal), D E Langley and H R Smith (equal).

Class II.—William D Orr, Miss Hume, H O Simpson, D G MacRobbie, A P Scully, Miss S McCalla, P D Van Kleek, H J Hough, G A Schmidt, C W Doherty, R J Palmer, G H McLaren, Miss J Hall, E G Weir, N E L Wright, Miss C S Brown, Miss M A McDonald.

Class III.—W J Rauld and R J Carter (equal), E Purvis, Miss A C B Jackson, S Lavine, A A Drinnan, G B Gerner, G O Hutchinson, H P Martin, Miss M B Best, S A Foote, N R Bobyer, D C Wilson, J M Caldwell, Mrs E Matheson, H G Barrie, Miss A M Beale, A S Callery, Miss Cockburn, A E Dean, Miss F W Harrison, A A McKinnon, B Spear.

Conditioned in practical chemistry, materia medica and toxicology—E Aull, W S Curran. In materia medica, practical chemistry and practical anatomy—J A H Curts. In physiology—W A Campbell. In materia medica and practical anatomy—A A Jackson. Chemistry, practical chemistry and materia medica—J J McMahon. In physiology—C W Service. In practical anatomy—C E Watson.

The Surgeon of 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec, writes: "I have used, with much success, 'Pheno-Baum' (or 'Quickcure') in dressing wounds, which suppurated even under the dressing of Iodoform; the effect was remarkable, all discharge ceasing, and healing granulation setting up at once, after first application of 'Quickcure.' I consider its antiseptic action as valuable as its marvellous pain relieving properties."

Signed, GEO. H. PARKE, M.D.,
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BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

looks very calm and unruffled, and sips her coffee with a relish.

Presently the door opens and a lady enters: a very fat lady, with florid complexion, restless, inquisitive, but good-humored gray eyes, and plenty of dark crinkly hair, combed low about her ears.

This is Mrs. Honor Alliston, a distant relative of Miss Wardour's, who has found a most delightful home with that young lady, ever since the death of Grandmamma Wardour, for Constance Wardour has been an orphan since her childhood.

Mrs. Alliston comes forward, rather rolls forward, and sinking, with a grunt of satisfaction, into the largest chair at hand, fixes two gray eyes upon the heiress, which that young lady, perceiving, says: "Well?"

"Don't say 'well' to me. I've just come down from the mansard," gasped the widow Alliston.

"From the mansard?"

"Yes," fanning herself briskly with the pages of an uncut magazine.

Constance laughs musically. "Why, Aunt Honor, you didn't expect to see the robbers running across the country, did you?"

"Not I," disdainfully. "I wanted to see how long it took the news to get to —Mapleton."

"Oh!" indifferently.

"And—they're coming."

"So soon!"

"So soon! and the sheriff, or constable, or coroner—who is it that make these investigations? He's coming, at any rate, whoever he is, with a mob at his heels. Who did you send for, Con?"

"For Mr. 'O'Meara, of course, and—I would like to see Ray Vandyck."

"What for?"

Constance laughed. "Oh, I am fond of Ray, you know, and I think he would offer some unique suggestions; besides—dear me, auntie!" breaking off suddenly, "I wish this farce was at an end."

Mrs. Alliston's gray eyes twinkled. "Why, child, you may be thankful it's no worse. Suppose—"

"Hush, Aunt Honor. 'Walls have ears,' you know. I have half a mind to take Mr. Lamotte into my—"

"Constance Wardour, what are you thinking about? 'Take Mr. Lamotte!' that means Frank Lamotte and Madame Lamotte, and that means all the rest."

"I said 'half a mind,' auntie. I don't think the notion will ever get its growth. I think we will see the end of this affair through our own spectacles; but—hear that noise! Are they bringing a legion of people? Auntie, I don't believe you have had a cup of coffee yet."

"Don't you? Well, I have, my child. Let's go out and meet those people. They will bring all the dirt that lay loose on the highway on the soles of their boots. Con," turning suddenly, "you don't look solemn enough."

Without heeding this last remark, Constance Wardour throws open the door, and passes out and down the hall to meet the party just entering.

There is Mr. Soames, the mayor of W—, very bustling and important; Corliss, the constable, exceedingly shrewd in his own opinion, and looking on this occasion as wise as an owl; Thomas Craig, Esq., sub-editor of the Argus; and some lesser lights, who, on one pretext and another, hope to gain admittance and sate their curiosity.

"Really, Miss Wardour," begins the bustling mayor, "really, this is a sad affair! Must have given you a terrible fright, and then the loss!—but we will find them. Of course your jewels, such valuables, can't be kept hid from sharp detectives—a—Corliss, what had we better do first?" for Mayor Soames, like many another mayor, is about as capable of fulfilling his duties as an average ten-year-old.

Corliss, however, comes gallantly to the rescue. He is equal to any emergency; there is nothing, if you take his word as proof, that Corliss is not equal to.

"First," says Corliss' "I think we had better—ahem—investigate."

"To be sure—investigate, of course—Miss Wardour, you have—"

"Closed up the disturbed rooms," interrupts Constance, promptly. "Yes, sir; I fear you will find little there to assist you. Nelly, throw open the library."

The servant, thus commanded, took from her mistress' hand a key, unlocked the library door and threws it open; and then the farce began.

If there is anything in all our dispensations of law and order that is calculated to strike astonishment to the heart and mind of a foreigner; it is our off-hand way of conducting a police investigation. In other countries, to be a magistrate, a notary, means to be in some degree qualified for the position; to be a constable, means to possess a moderate allowance of mother wit, and a small measure of "muscular christianity;" and to discover a crime, means to follow it up with a thorough and systematic investigation. Such is not our mode. With us, to hold office, means to get a salary; and to conduct an investigation, means to maunder through some sort of farce, which gives the criminal time to make good his escape, and to permit the newspapers to seize upon and publish every item, to detail every clue, as fast as discovered; all this being in favor of the law-breakers, and detrimental to the conscientious officers of justice.

In France, they complain of too much red tape in the police department. Let them supply us out of their superabundance; we have too little.

While Corliss "investigates," the mayor delivers an impromptu oration; and Mr. Craig, of the Argus, takes notes, according to his own light.

Out of his inner consciousness, the Argus man evokes an idea, which Corliss is not slow to adopt and use as his own.

"I suppose they will have a detective down as soon as possible," says Mr. Craig, as Corliss lays one ruthless hand on an overturned chair. "If I were you, Corliss, I would leave everything exactly as I find it for the benefit of whoever works up the case."

Corliss slowly lowers the chair to its former position, and turns upon Craig a look of offended dignity.

"Why, what did you supposed I intended to do?"

"Umph!" retorted Craig, with a disrespectful sniff, "I rather thought you intended to sit down in that chair."

Turning his back upon the flippant young man, so sadly lacking in respect for the "powers that be," Corliss pursues his investigations. He has read, in many novels and sensational newspapers, vivid descriptions of similar examinations, and he goes to work after the most approved fashion. He scrutinizes the window, the open blind, the cut pane, the hangings within and the downtrodden shrubbery without; he darts out, and dives in; he peers under every thing, over every thing, into every thing; he inspects, over and again, the mutilated writing case, or safe, from which the treasure was actually taken; and raps and sounds it as if in search of some private receptacle that the thieves had overlooked, or Miss Wardour never found out. He goes down flat upon his stomach, and scrutinizes Miss Wardour's scrupulously clean carpets, in search of a footprint in the dust that is not there.

While he performs these feats, the mayor follows him about solemnly, and full of wondering admiration; and the man of the Argus scribbles, and chuckles and grins maliciously.

Meantime, there have been other arrivals at Wardour Place; and Constance, leaving the inpectors to their own devices, is standing in her drawing-room, talking earnestly with a broad-shouldered, handsome man, who looks much surprised at the tale she is telling.

"How unfortunate, and how fortunate," he says, depositing his hat upon the table beside him. "I came here to speak of our river excursion, and lo, I am in the midst of a sensation."

Constance laughed.

"And surrounded by forlorn females," she supplemented. "Aunt Honor won't recover from the fright in a week, although she looks so fierce at present."

Mrs. Alliston, who is seated at the farthest window, half buried by the lace draperies, and looking steadfastly down the road, pops out her head to retort:—

"It's time to look fierce; don't I know that those Vandals in the next room will make as big a muddle as if they were in sympathy with the burglars?"

Constance laughed easily.

"They can't do much harm, auntie; the burglars did not leave a trace; I am positive of that." Then turning to the new comer, "I am very glad you came just now, Doctor Heath; you may help me with your advice. I have sent for my lawyer, Mr. O'Meara; but, for some reason he does not come."

"Mr. O'Meara left for the city last night."

"Oh! I am sorry for that; he would be sure to know how to proceed, and who to employ. Doctor Heath you are of course acquainted in the city; tell me of a good man, a really good one. I intend to spare no expense in hunting these robbers."

"And these diamonds," from behind the curtain.

"Aunt Honor, you are like the ghost in the pantomine; come out and be one of us."

"I won't."

"Very well, then; but seriously, Doctor Heath, if I can't secure but the one, let it be the robbers. Do you know I have a fancy that if we caught them or him, it would put an end to some of our mysteries. You have not been among us very long; but, don't you think we have more than our average of crime?"

"I had not observed, Miss Wardour."

"Less than a year ago, Brant, the jeweler, was a heavy loser. Within the year, three banks in this vicinity have been robbed. Last summer, Mark Olson, a farmer, drew from the bank several thousand dollars, intending to purchase land. Half way between W— and his home he was waylaid, knocked from his horse, robbed, and left in the road senseless. I could name to you no less than seven private residences that have been burglarized within the past ten months, and if I related to you the circumstances attending each robbery, you would be satisfied, as I am, that, in every case, the robbers knew their ground, and did not work at random."

"And you have noted each of these events so accurately, Miss Wardour, and yet, were not—warned."

"I have noted all these events, Doctor Heath, and yet—have been robbed."

Doctor Heath bends his eyes upon the floor, and remains silent; there is no possibility of reading his thoughts in his face. It is a fine face, however, and Miss Wardour must be pardoned if she takes advantage of this temporary abstraction, to gaze full at him for one moment.

To be Continued

YOUR CHILD SMILES

when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. .....

His skin after the bath —soft, white, sweet smelling—will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY APRIL 6, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
B. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.
SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.
STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.
FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.
COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.
MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.
CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.
LICENSE COMMITTEE—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill
PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.
APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White
PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.
MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.
JOINT COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.
LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.
SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.
PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.
COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.
VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford
SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.
THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.
W. G. Morrow, Sec-Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

MAKING MONEY FLY.

The Liberals Appear to Have Been Liberal With the People's Money—Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 5.—(Special.)—The contention made by the Opposition in the debate on the addres that the tariff would not be brought down until after the Nova Scotia elections is likely to be verified. The Government press announce that the tariff bill will not be brought down this week, and it is probable that it will not be introduced until the end of next week. As a consequence the business interests of the country must wait patiently for some days to suit political exigencies The Nova Scotia members on both sides of the House will leave in a few days to take part in the provincial elections.

An interesting return of unforseen expenses was brought down to-day in response to a motion by Mr. Foster. Some three thousand dollars was drawn by Ministers for the expenses of the Tariff Commission. The details given include only $934. No report is furnished showing the manner in which the balance was expended. The stenographers got over $800, and $100 was paid for a special train from Petrolea to London—a pretty good figure. On Oct. 17 last Hon. Wilfrid Laurier personally drew from the Treasury for "investigations" three thousand dollars, and three days later another advance of one thousand was made to the Premier. The sum of $650 was paid to Captain Bloomfield Douglas, $250 to Captain Labelle, and H. J. Palmer of Prince Edward Island had at the time the return was made drawn $100. No information is given respecting the disposition of the remaining two thousand dollars.

Mr. Sandford Fleming and Hon. A. G. Jones have received four thousand dollars allowance for attendance and expenses on the Pacific Cable Conference in London.

Mr. Casey gives notice of a bill which is being promoted by the Canadian Wheelmen's Association, and is of interest to the bicycle fraternity throughout the Dominion. The bill is to compel railway companies to carry bicycles as personal baggage. Wheelmen regard it as a grievance that, while the ordinary traveler is entitled to the free transportation of 150 pouns of baggage and the commercial traveler to 300 pounds, the bicyclist is charged freight on his 25-pound wheel.

The writs for Winnipeg, Macdonald and West Prince, P.E. Island, were issued to-day. Nomination takes place on April 20 and polling on the 27th in each case.

Mr. C. J. Smith, special agent of the United States Treasury, has had an interview with the Minister of Trade and Commerce, the Controller of Customs and the Solicitor-General on behalf of Hon. Lyman Gage, Secretary of the Treasury at Washington. The result of the interview is that important international arrangements have been made so as to protect the revenue at the boundary line on behalf of both Governments. At the present time there are a large number of stores, partly in Canada, and partly in the United States, carrying heavy stocks, and the duty is said to be evaded in many cases, smuggling being carried on to a large extent. In future joint action will be taken by both Governments to prosecute offenders. The Canadian officers will assist American ocers and vice versa.

Mgr. Mery Del Val, papal ablegate, put in a busy day to-day. In the morning Mr. Tarte called upon him, and spent some time in close conversation with the papal representative. Subsequently, Mgr. Mery Del Val visited Gloucester-street Convent, where he received a hearty welcome from the pupils.

The faculty, professors and students of Ottawa University gave Mgr. Del Val an enthusiastic reception this afternoon. Convocation Hall was crowded, among those present being Archbishop Duhamel, Archbishop Langevin, Canon Deguire, Canon Michel, Father Beauscleil, Father Forget and Father Lecompte. The theological students from the university scholasticate and juniorate were also present. The faculty wore their academic robes.

When the delegate was seated he was presented with an address in Latin from the faculty. It was read by Rev. Father Lacoste, who was a fellow student of Mgr. Del Val in Rome, and who is regarded as one of the ablest theologians in Canada. An address was then read in English by Mr. E. Gleason and one in French by Mr. Leo Payment, both on behalf of the students; and also one in Latin by Rev. Father Bazinet on behalf of the theological students.

Mgr. Del Val replied briefly in English, French and Latin, exhorting the students to be loyal to the Church, and when going out in the world to put to effective use the knowledge they were acquiring in the university.

Many of the clergy and others were introduced to His Excellency, and he afterwards left, being accompanied to his carriage in walking by Archbishop Duhamel and the priests of the university.

Mr. George A. Donet, secretary of the Jamaica Agricultural Society, writes the Trade and Commerce Department regarding an opening for the shipment of Canadian live cattle. It appears that cattle from the United States and South America are prohibited from entry, and, probably learning of the excellent quality of the Canadian herds, he suggests that arrangements be made for sending them via Halifax, as their sale would be managed on very profitable terms. Particulars might be sent as to our herds and prices.

The oil men of Western Ontario are here to watch the tariff. J. S. Fairbank, ex-M. P., and Charles McKenzie, ex-M. L. A., both staunch Liberals, head the delegation. They are strong N. P. men.

Quite Personal.

Codling—has Mr. Standoff much personal property?

Dimling—Yes, he has more than most people.

Codling—Indeed?

Dimling—To my knowledge he has a cork leg and arm, and a set of false teeth.

"Cheer up, old man; spring is on the way."

"That's what saddens me; the people next door who borrowed our snow shovel all winter have moved and taken their lawn mower along."—Chicago

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY.

Continued from Page 1.

self-government, and the power of disallowance should be sparingly used. His constituency, while feeling strongly on this subject, was composed of broad and liberal-minded citizens, and would be satisfied with his course in opposing the resolution before the House, provided a good case were made out against disallowance. After a careful argument upon the constitutional aspect of the case, Mr. Morrison concluded by commending the case to the careful consideration of the Government.

Dr. Sproule reminded the House of trouble that arose in Manitoba some 10 years ago over the disallowance of the Railway Act of the Manitoba Legislature. He had no doubt there would be an outcry in British Columbia if the Government acted on the suggestion of the resolution. Still, the country was greatly worked up over this question and the charge was made that The Globe had been mesmerized in the interests of monopoly. He thought the Government could effect the object sought by preventing the amalgamation of the B. C. Southern and the C. P. R.

Mr. Oliver protested in the interests of Alberta against the monopoly by the C P. R. of the valuable franchises of the B. C. Southern.

Hon. Mr. Davies, who during the evening had been leading the House, said he did not seek to minimize the importance of the question Mr. McInnes had brought up when he confessed that he had not heard the latter part of his speech. All would agree that where there had been a clear invasion of Dominion jurisdiction by a Provincial Legislature, a fair case is made out for disallowance. It was established that, even in cases in which the subject matter is within the jurisdiction of provincial legislation it then was a clear interference with Dominion interests, interference ought to take place, but it was a matter which ought to be looked closely into. Improvident legislation was not necessarily to be interfered with. It must be shown that Federal interests were imperilled. This motion was the first request the Government had received for disallowance. He, therefore, asked that the matter be allowed to rest for the present, inasmuch as the Government would shortly bring down its policy in the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. He moved the adjournment of the debate and the motion carried.

On Hon. Mr. Davies' motion to adjourn, Sir Charles Tupper arose and asked what the Government proposed to do about his suggestion to drop the franchise bill. There was no pressing necessity for it. Moreover, a question awaited solution which is of the most vital importance to the country. "We have now," continued the Opposition leader, "reached that season of the year when it is of vital importance to the commercial classes of this country that they should have a basis of certainty for their transactions. They must make purchases for the season and they are losing valuable time and being greatly embarrassed. It is consequently of the first necessity to the country that the Government should at least take the House and the country into their confidence as to what was going to be the fiscal policy of this country. Sir Charles asked, therefore, that the franchise bill be postponed at least until after the tariff had been disposed of.

Mr. Davies denied that the Government had connived at dalliance and delay. The Government was simply proceeding with due caution, and he had no hesitation in promising that the Government would shortly bring down its tariff policy. The franchise bill would be moved to the second reading to-morrow, but he could certainly give no assurance that the leader had changed his mind about proceeding with the bill.

Mr. Speaker suggested that hon. gentlemen on both sides should hereafter refrain from discussing simple questions of policy upon a motion to adjourn.

The House adjourned at 10.50 p.m.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling weaker, although offerings are small. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c to 72c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 28c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 18½c to 19c west and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c to 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 5.—Spring wheat, 6s 3d to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 6d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 25s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather worse. Maize on passage dull.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures easy at 5s 10⅝d for May and July and 5s 9⅝d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8½d for May and 2s 10½d for July. Flour, 21s 9d.

Paris—Wheat, 22f 15c for May; flour, 44f 90c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat lower at 5s 9⅝d for May and July and 5s 3d for Sept. Maize dull at 2s 8d for May, 2s 10d for July and 3s for Sept. Flour, 21s 9d.

London—Close—Wheat off coast quiet and steady, on passage very little doing. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 22f 10c for May; flour, 44f 75c for May.

C. S. Parke, M. D., Quebec: "I certify that I have employed with marked success the 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in burns and certain wounds, and can thoroughly recommend its employment.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

Peterborough Markets.

April 5, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mammies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 60
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakins	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 08
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 05
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. Now I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

IN HANDLING BUSINESS

Your Equipment is less than complete when it lacks a supply of Neatly Printed

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes.

Prices so Low that it is the cheapest way to find Stationery

THE REVIEW

PETERBOROUGH.

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$1,508,698	$541,028
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,964	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	733,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,731
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,632
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. B. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next door north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. MOORE
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clurton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. 134½ Hunter-st, Peterborough, first door West of Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.
WM. KERR, Q.C., F. D. KERR, B.A., F. W. GLADMAN

A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.
SOLICITOR, Etc., 379 Water Street Peterborough.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC. Office 375 Water-st, Peterborough. Money to loan.
G. H. ROGER. J. W. BENNET.

HALL & HAYES
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hunter Street, Peterborough, next English Church, MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates of interest.
R. R. D. HALL. LOUIS H. HAYES.

Surveying.

F. BARTLETT
ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Metherall's Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 38.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Visvi Co'y, 368 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. lyr&w

A Bright New Coat

of paint will entirely change a dingy room into a pleasant place to live. The cost is a trifle compared to the results. Floors, baseboards, and a thousand and one things about a home can be made to shine; buggies, boats, farm tools, will last twice as long. Houses, barns, roofs, fences and everything about the place will look better, and be better if touched up now and then with paint.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS are easy to use.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS WAGON AND IMPLEMENT PAINT

is made for farm wagons and tools requiring rough usage. It gives a tough, glossy finish. It protects. It preserves.

Our booklet, "Paint Points," is a practical, interesting talk on paints. It tells the differences between good paint and bad paint. Tells when to paint, and what to paint. It is interesting to any one interested in a home. It is free, send for it to-day. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
CHICAGO
NEW YORK
MONTREAL.

26

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1897

THE ODDFELLOWS' FIELD NIGHT.

Continued from Page 4.

rivalry had sprang up between the two lodges, and it was anticipated Lindsay would put forth its greatest efforts to gain supremacy. The teams were:—

DEGREE TEAM OF OTONABEE LODGE

Wm. Quinn, P. G. ..... *Noble Grand*
M. Mowry, P. G. ..... *Vice Grand*
Jas. A. McGill, P. G. ..... *R. S. N. G.*
H. Morgan, V. G. ..... *Conductor*
D. G Armstrong, P. G. ..... *Warden*
R. M. Roy, jr. ..... *R. S. N. G.*
Fred Logan ..... *L. S. N. G.*
F. Cunningham ..... *R. S. V. G.*
R. Turner ..... *L. S. V. G.*
W. J. Paterson, P. G. ..... *O. Con.*
J. W. Miller, N. G. ..... *I. G.*
John Emmerson ..... *Chaplain*
D. Yarnold ..... *Past Grand*
Frank Wise ..... *L.*
Wm. Paterson, D. Jewett, Wm. S. Robinson, S. Sharpe, D. Hall, D. Rummings ..... *Guards*
W. F. Green, P. G. ..... *Pianist*
Ed. Wand ..... *Instructor*

DEGREE TEAM OF LINDSAY LODGE

W. Widdiss, P. G. ..... *Noble Grand*
T. A. Fisher, P. G. ..... *Vice Grand*
W. G. Chestnut ..... *R. S. N. G.*
J. S. Henderson ..... *Conductor*
F. A. McDiarmid ..... *Warden*
David Clarke ..... *R. S. N. G.*
Geo. H. Mathie, P. G. ..... *L. S. N. G.*
A. B. Terry ..... *R. S. V. G.*
S. Champion ..... *L. S. V. G.*
J. W. McGaw, V. G. ..... *O. Con.*
T. A. Walters ..... *I. G.*
A. S. Storer, L. H. Calvert ..... *Ls.*
H. A. Middleton, N. G., W. S. Chambers, A. F. Palen, T. W. Greer ..... *Guards*
R. G. Harris ..... *Pianist*
J. W. Anderson ..... *Instructor*

Judges:—
H. White, G. M.,
W. H. Hoyle, P. G. M., and
J. Thompson, D.D.G.M., G. R. to S. G. L., District No. 31.

THE AWARD MADE.

The judges were Grand Master White, Grand Representative Hoyle, and D.D.G.M. James Thompson, of district No. 3, and they decided in favor of Otonabee degree team, who showed their superiority over their Lindsay competitors for the second time.

Bro W H Hoyle, Grand Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, was then called upon for an address. He stated that he had frequently had the pleasure of saying a few words to the Peterborough brethren, and expressed great pleasure at being present again. He paid a graceful tribute to the Grand Master for his hard work and for the amount of time and valuable advice given to the Order. He spoke at some length regarding by-laws, etc., and also gave a lengthy account of recently enacted legislation by the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Order, and spoke regarding the aged Oddfellows fund and explained its details. He also went into the question of admittance of candidates of 18 years of age, and did not approve of it at all. In the matter of combined visiting card and receipt for dues, he admitted the injustice of the enormous cost of same. Bro Hoyle gave a brief description of Orphans Homes in Missouri, and closed his remarks with a description of an initiation in U S lodges.

District Deputy Grand Master Thompson being called upon made a few general remarks, expressing his pleasure at being present, and asked some questions re visiting cards and receipts for dues, which were answered by the Grand Master

THE BANQUET.

After adjournment the brethren proceeded in a body to the Snowden House where the grand officers and the visitors were banqueted. The dining room of the Snowden House was charmingly arranged with decorations and the tables presented a tempting supply of edibles. The table decorations were perfect, potted plants and flowers adding greatly to their beauty.

As soon as the guests had done justice to "menu" Bro. J. W. Millar, N. G., of Otonabee Lodge, who occupied the chair arose and amid cheers proposed the toast of the Queen which was loyally honored by the enthusiastic singing of "God Save the Queen." "The Sovereign Grand Lodge" met with a hearty reception and Bro. W. H. Hoyle, P. G. M. G. R. to S. G. L. responded in a bright speech that was much enjoyed. During his remarks he commented upon the loyalty of the Canadian Oddfellows to the Queen and he paid an eloquent tribute to Her Majesty. Speaking particularly of the Soverign Grand Lodge Mr. Hoyle said it was supposed to represent the wisdom of the Order. The first principle was to make the Order the best in the world.

Grand Master White when he arose to respond to the next toast, "The Grand Lodge of Ontario," was vigorously applauded, and like Mr. Hoyle, was agreeably witty in his prefatory remarks. He expressed in beautiful language the Order's loyalty to Queen Victoria, and he trusted the day would never come when Ontario or any Canadian jurisdiction would not be proud to hold up the British flag. After commenting upon the excellent calibre of the men composing the Grand Lodge the Grand Master concluded by lauding the principles of the Order, which were commending themselves to the world. Bro Dr Bell, P G M, and Bro R F Morrow also responded briefly to this toast.

Bro Dr Rose, vice-chairman, proposed the toast of "Our Competitors," to which Bros F A McDiarmid and Geo Lytle, of Lindsay, responded. They regretted their defeat, but could not bestow too much praise upon the victors.

"Sister Institutions" drew forth responses from Bros. Foote, P.G., Peterborough lodge, Fowlds, Hastings, Jas. Thompson, D.D.G.M., Sunderland.

Before the gathering dispersed Grand Master White introduced the toast of "Otonabee Lodge" and Bro. Miller, N.G., responded.

During the evening Messrs. Squires and Wesley contributed rousing solos and Messrs. Roper and Talbot banjo duets. At the lodge room at the conclusion of the Grand Master's address a stirring song was given by Bro. J. J. Turner.

Every druggist in the city of Quebec, without exception, testifies to the universal satisfaction expressed by their customers, as to the merits of "Quickcure" for all kinds of pain.

Language of the Telegraph.

According to the results of a special study among telegraph operators, conducted by Mr. Noble Harter and Prof. W. L. Bryan of the Indiana University, each operator has a telegraphic language of his own, differing in various particulars from the typical form, although all can, of course, understand one another. The greatest number of words known to have been sent in one minute by the Morse code is forty-nine. The average sending rate per minute is from twenty to twenty-four words of four letters each. Skillful operators can usually receive faster than they can send, but with beginners the case is reversed.

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Plasters that contain the powerful poisons Aconite or Belladonna should be used only when your physician permits, as your system might be poisoned by absorbtion of the drugs. Doctors, now use plasters made with "Quickcure" spread on canton flannel, linen or cotton, which give more prompt relief from pain than any known means; the effect is almost beyond relief.

And Still He Did It.

Station Master—You shouldn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—That is what my friends say.

Station Master—But you mustn't smoke, sir.

Traveler—So my doctor tells me.

Station Master—But you sha'n't smoke, sir.

Traveler—Ah' that is just what my wife tells me.—Tit-Bits.

A Sarcastic Papa.

Father (upstairs)—What time is it down there?

Mamie (down in the parlor)—Just 10 by the clock, papa.

Father—All right. Don't forget to start the clock again when the young man leaves.

Mr. Barnacle on Beans.

"Speaking about beans reminds me that all the chumps isn't moored in Boston, I take it," Bill Barnacle observed with a knowing air. "Leastwise, I've sighted some proper ones on the high seas."

"Beans or chumps?" queried the lubber in mild trepidation, after waiting for Bill to resume.

"Both, I reckon. In Boston beans is a proper tidbit, a regular out-and-out wot is it you calls it in Latin?"

"Delicacy?"

"To be sure," said Bill apologetically. "I allers sheers off at them foreign words. But, as I was saying, beans on the high seas is a solemn duty, next to standing lookout or taking a trick at the wheel."

"Why?" the lubber asked.

"W'y? Because there ain't much else to eat, but these here blooming beans. That's w'y. Blow me, if I ain't seen trading schooners out of New England wot carried no other vittles but beans, with no pork to speak of neither. Once when I was a young squab I makes a cruise to Brazil, where we falls in with a Yankee ship wot had been condemned and ordered sold, along with her cargo. Our skipper stands by the sale and bids in two tons of white beans. We didn't need no beans, but they was cheap, so the old man puts the lot aboard and says let these here mariners revel in beans.

"On the passage home beans flowed like water on this here hooker. It was beans morning, noon and night, and for prayers, too, till the sailors cussed frightfully and tells the cook to pipe down on the mess, as they didn't figger to ruin their constitutions with no bargain counter beans. If beans isn't belayed they don't work the vessel no more, these haughty mariners says. When the skipper hears of this here mutinous languidge he posts the cook to set among the crew one night after supper. Then the old man happens forward accidental, and says:

"'Cook, wot have you been feeding the men on this passage?"

"'Beans, sir.'

"'Wot? Them beans I buys in Brazil?'

"'Them's the identical beans, sir,' says the cook, beginning for to shiver.

"'W'y, you blubber-faced pirate,' yells the skipper, wiping his fist on the cook's nose, 'them beans is for the cabin special—for my table only—and much too good for common sailors. Let me hear of any more of 'em going forward and I'll skin you.'"

"What a mean brutal captain!" ejaculated the lubber.

"The skipper goes aft, hubbling with rage in his mind," continued Bill, "and in ten minutes a committee from the forecastle overhauls him. Blow me, if this blooming committee didn't demand beans, likewise the very same beans they kicked about, and says the crew will mutiny if they don't get no beans. The skipper yields reluctant to this demand, and, tells the cook to serve out beans again. When the schooner reaches home, boil me if you could find a bean in her with a man-o'-war searchlight. The crew actually sets up nights a-eating of them beans, such being the contrary nature of mariners."—Charles Dryden, in New York Journal.

A Clever Tippler.

Polly—Yes; I really believe he was just a little bit tipsy.

Madge—What did you do?

Polly—What could I, when he told me my eyes had intoxicated him?—Philadelphia North American.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 82. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE ENGLEDUE DEAL

Debated All Day in the Legislature at Toronto.

And Yet the Commissioner Says It Was a Novel Procedure and One He Would Not Make a Precedent—Avers Government is Against the Blanket System—Mr. Whitney's Onslaught—Let Others Have the Same Show—Criticism of the Deal—Majority for the Government 30.

After the longest and most exciting debate of the session, the mining deal negotiated between the Government and the alleged South African syndicate was endorsed by the Legislature yesterday by a vote of 56 to 26, or a majority of 30 for the Government. The Patrons supported the Premier almost to a man.

It had been whispered that the Government would take advantage of the fact that the session was far advanced and would spring the debate on the Engledue deal at the time of the Speaker's reception to ensure short discussion. The rumor proved to be justifiable for Hon. J. M. Gibson introduced the subject by moving as follows:

That this House doth *ratify and approve* of a certain agreement and license of occupation granted to Col. W. T. Engledue of Byfleet Surrey, England and others, of certain locations in the Rainy River District, bearing date of the seventeenth day of February last.

Speaking to the motion the Commissioner of Crown Lands stated that he would have made but few remarks had it not been charged by the Opposition and the Opposition press that the Government closed the deal as a means to make political capital. It was therefore his intention to ask the House to justify the arrangement. It was his intention to try to prove that the action of the Government had already met with success in the work it was intended to do. He would also try to show that there was no underhand dealing about the matter.

He admitted that the arrangement was a novel one and one which the Government would not dare to follow as a precedent. [Opposition Hear! Hear!] The blanketing system which had been so much criticised was one which the Government had from the beginning set their faces against. The records of the department would show that those who were merely trying to gain an advantage over the public and not spend money in developing, had been discouraged from the beginning. They had always given the preference to the discoverer and the developer. The Government, therefore, refused to be accused of favoring blanketing. The method which had to be carried out by those to whom the lands had been allotted was to spend money in developing.

This sort of work had not been so far much carried on in the Rainy River district. The syndicate were to make a thorough search for veins throughout the lands allotted to them. This would cause the engagement of large numbers of men and some mining engineers, and their work would enable the country to know how much mineral wealth existed in that country.

He had stated at first that the area of the locations in question amounted to 64,000 acres, but this was overstated. The acreage of block A was 31,000, not including the water; block B comprised 15,000 acres exclusive of the water, or 46,000 acres altogether.

Mr. St. John: "How much acreage of water?"

Mr. Gibson: "In one block about 13,000, and in the other 4500 acres. The 46,000 acres formed a tract of land about seven miles one way and from six to seven miles the other way."

The Commissioner commented on the inutility of water locations.

The amount of development which would be required in the two lots would be more than twice what would be required from ordinary small prospectors. So that the Government was actually doing better for the province than if development had taken place on the properties in the ordinary way.

Mr. Commee asked what the intention was in regard to those already located near Seul Lake.

Mr. Gibson resumed that interests would not be interfered with where applications had been duly made. In reply to another question from the member from West Algoma, the speaker stated that no applications made for properties precious to Feb. 17, the date of the consummation of the deal, would be interfered with.

The Commissioner then quoted a number of opinions given by prominent mining men in favor of the deal, among them Dr. Edmison, who prophesied that in six months the Ontario mining stocks would rate as high on the London markets as those of South Africa. Mr. Hammond of the Hammond-Folger Company, and Capt. W. S. Dent were also quoted.

In conclusion, the speaker informed the House that the company desired to incorporate under the name of the British-Canadian Mining Syndicate, and Col. Engledue and his associates constituted even now a Board of Enquiry, where information regarding Canadian mines was given out.

Deputy Speaker Baxter put the bill, and Mr. Whitney arose. Several weeks had elapsed since he had first condemned the deal in the House, and every day had served more and more to convince him that he had then taken a course which would commend itself to the people. On the day, and at the very hour, when he had opposed it, newspapers were going to press with editorials expressing precisely the same views as he himself had expressed. There was but one newspaper of importance in the Province which condoned it, and he doubted if anybody on either side of the House would condone it. The security of $20,000 held by the Government amounted to nothing. It would vanish away if the members of the syndicate chose to make purchases of any lands in the location to the value and extent of the sum of $20,000. The Government, therefore, had no claims to approbation on that ground. The Opposition had been charged with making political capital out of the question. He argued that political capital should be made out of it when the Government had acted wrongly.

The Commissioner had been right when he stated that political capital would be made out of it. It was being made out of it. Why had not the Commissioner of Crown Lands taken the people into his confidence last October, and published the details of the deal, instead of allowing it to filter through the columns of The Globe in a trembling manner away on in February?

Mr. Whitney candidly admitted, or, at least, could not deny, the standing of Col. Engledue in the financial world, but he would say this, that the policy of the Crown Lands Department had been opposed to Col. Engledue, until Mr. J. R. Kerr stepped upon the scene. [Hear, hear," and applause.] The Government were a little inconsistent in saying that they would not dream of entering into similar arrangements as a matter of policy. If the deal was to be such a bonanza to the Province, he thought it the Government's duty to enter into such deals whenever they had an opportunity. What possible harm could come from allowing other syndicates the same privileges as had been given that of Col. Engledue?

It had been stated that the Government favored a policy of Canada for Canadians, but he happened to have in his possession a letter from a Canadian firm, which had made application for a similar grant, but had been refused. Did this look like a pro-Canadian policy?

Hon. Mr. Gibson: What is the name of the firm?

Mr. Whitney then proceeded to read a letter which confirmed his remarks.

Col. Gibson said that he was in a position to state that the grant referred to had not been refused, but neither had it been granted, and that he also had a letter in his possession supporting his assertion.

Mr. Whitney acknowledged that he had been misinformed. He then proceeded to roast the Commissioner for pooh-poohing the value of mining lands under water. The Commissioner's arguments about British precedents didn't hold water. The cases were not parallel. He had no objection to have the Ontario Government make a grant of land in the Transvaal, if they wished, but the Government could not give a parallel instance of any Government granting land within their own borders. There was no objection to giving Cecil Rhodes the privilege of bringing in civilization and Christianizing influences into South Africa, among heathen people. But he did object to having such tactics adopted towards his fellow-citizens of Ontario.

It was 6 o'clock, and Deputy Speaker Baxter left the chair.

IN THE EVENING.

After supper, the galleries were well filled, and the leader of the Opposition resumed at 8.20 o'clock. He proceeded to read comments from different newspapers, all of which he characterized as representative of mining sentiment, and which condemned the deal; that it was a case of "to him that hath shall be given." The Opposition leader quoted The Globe, which he asserted attempted to belittle the grant of land concerned. The organ stated that the land had been chosen chiefly from the same with which it could be delineated on the map. This idea was ridiculous and unworthy of comment.

Continuing, Mr. Whitney dealt with the correspondence connected with the deal. Up to the time in which the Commissioner of Crown Lands had written Mr. Kerr, in October last, the Government had not entertained the idea of setting apart so much land for the exclusive use of a private syndicate. Shortly afterwards the opinion of the Government seemed to change, and the deal was then finally completed. He desired to draw the attention of the House to the course taken by the Department of Crown Lands originally, and also that finally decided upon. There would have been no objection to their first course, but the second, involving the assets of the Province, was one which could not be justified. To make assurance doubly sure, the possibility of any other firm being granted similar privileges to those of the Engledue Company was precluded by the new mining law, and he quoted the royalty section of the law to prove his contention.

It was his belief, he said, in conclusion, that the people of the Province would not endorse the action of the Government. He moved in amendment that all the words after "that" be struck out, and the following inserted in lieu thereof—"It is not in the interest of the mining industry, nor in the public interest, that large tracts of mining lands in the Province of Ontario should be locked up for a long period in the hands of individuals or syndicates."

This amendment, Mr. Whitney explained, embodied the exact words of the former Commissioner of Crown Lands, now the Premier, bearing upon the subject, in the earlier stage of the negotiations.

Mr. Whitney was loudly applauded as he concluded, and Mr. Pattullo arose to continue the debate. He moved in amendment to the amendment: "That all the words after 'that' where it first occurs in the amendment be struck out and the following substituted: 'There be added to the original motion the following words, "and while approving of the said agreement this House is of opinion that in view of the vast extent of Crown lands in the Province which are wholly or in part unexplored, and whose value, notwithstanding that large tracts lie within the boundaries of the mineral bearing formations is almost altogether unknown, and having regard to the desirability of interesting British capital, enterprise and skill in bringing to light and developing the latent mineral wealth of the Province and the substantial benefits which the discovery of new gold fields and the speedy establishment of a permanent gold mining industry would confer upon the agricultural and commercial interests of the Province, the arrangement entered into between the Government and Col. Engledue and his associates is one which, while furnishing adequate safeguards for the public interest, will bring about the thorough exploration of a considerable area of Crown lands at no expense to the public and lead to important and beneficial results to the mining industry and the Province at large.'"

Dr. Preston of North Lanark followed. It appeared to him that if the deal or experiment was such a good one it would not require an hour and a half speech from the mover and an hour's address from the last speaker to defend it. Proceeding, he quoted an editorial in The World of March 24, which had rigorously condemned the deal and also the treatment of Mr. Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell, he resumed, had gone on and developed his mine, spending about $250,000, but had received information that a certain Mr. Fraser of Ottawa, who was not at least an enemy of the Government was applying for a part of his property. The matter had been argued before the then Commissioner of Crown Lands, Hon. Mr. Hardy, and had been decided in favor of Mr. Fraser. The speaker then gave in detail the business leading up to and following the decision. After hearing the facts of this case he did not believe that the Government members themselves could attempt to condone them. It had probably been due to political pressure that the present Commissioner had taken away from Mr. Caldwell 15 40ert of the 300 at first granted him by the former Commissioner. Mr. Caldwell he maintained, was the first

Continued on Page 7.

BRITAIN AND GREECE.

Mr. Balfour Challenges a Vote of Want of Confidence.

Sir William Harcourt Denies That He Intended Any Such Construction to be Put Upon His Motion—The Opposition Leader's Resolution Was Too Ambiguous to be Entertained—Celebration at Athens of the Raising of the Standard of the Cross Against the Crescent—Other News From the East.

London, April 6.—In the House of Comons to-day the Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, replying to the question put yesterday by Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Opposition leader, as to whether the Government would give a day to discuss his (Sir William's) motion for an address to Her Majesty praying that the forces of the Crown be not employed against Greece or the people of Crete, said that, as there was no word in the motion expressly condemning anything the Government had done or announced its intention of doing, he was forced to the conclusion that Sir William Harcourt's object was not to raise a direct issue, and that under the circumstances it would not be in the interest of public business to give the day suggested. [Loud cheers from the Conservatives.]

Sir William Harcourt then said that Mr. Balfour appeared to have entirely misconstrued the intention of the motion. While he, the speaker, could not describe the motion as a vote of censure, he explained that there has been such a thing as a vote of want of confidence in what the Government anticipated as likely to be what it would do. The motion, he continued, asked the Crown not to allow its forces to be employed against the Cretans, and, if carried, it would be a restraint upon the Government's action if it proposes to so employ the forces of the Crown. Further, it was the duty of the Opposition to record its view of the present situation, so far as the information given by the Government is concerned. He added: "We hold there is no justification for the employment of the Crown forces against Greece and the Cretans, and we challenge the Government's policy on that point." [Loud Opposition cheers.]

Continuing, the Liberal leader said: "It is necessary to do this immediately because after the Easter recess we may find the country embarked in war with Greece without any declaration having been given to Parliament of the objects of the hostility. From this point of view, this is a motion of want of confidence." [Loud cheers.]

Mr. Balfour pointed out that the terms of the motion were studiously ambiguous. Continuing, he said: "We have stated explicitly to the House and by our action have shown that we are prepared to use the forces of the Crown to resist certain actions of the insurgents of Crete, and we announced the objects for which we are prepared to blockade Greece, as the hon. member (Sir William Harcourt) did upon a previous occasion. [Cheers.] The hon. member needs only to modify his resolution so as to condemn one or the other of the acts, the first of which we are actually doing at the present moment, or the second, which we have announced our intention of doing in certain contingencies, and a direct issue will be raised by the parties in the House. Unless the hon. member is prepared to thus modify his motion, there is no other course open than the one I have adopted." [Cheers.]

THE STANDARD OF THE CROSS.

An Important Anniversary Celebrated at Athens—No Outbreaks.

Athens, April 6.—The 76th anniversary of the raising of the standard of the Cross against the Crescent on April 6, 1821, beginning the war against the Turks, which resulted in the independence of Greece, was celebrated throughout the kingdom to-day with great enthusiasm. All business was suspended, and popular participation in the national fete was general. In the forenoon the King and Queen, the Ministers and the foreign diplomats attended religious services in the cathedral, where a Te Deum was sung, and the remainder of the day was devoted to holiday-making of every description. As the King drove to and from the cathedral he was constantly cheered by the great crowds of people lining the streets, and showers of papers bearing the inscription, "Hurrah for War," were thrown into his carriage. Despite the warlike temper of the people, there were no disturbances.

Another Effort to Settle.

Constantinople, April 6.—It is reported here that the British Minister at Athens, E. H. Egerton, has been instructed by his Government to make overtures to Greece on behalf of the powers, with a view of enabling the latter to honorably withdraw from her present position and put an end to the existing deadlock. If Greece should reject the proposition made to her, it is believed the foreign warships will at once establish a blockade of the Piraeus.

A protracted Cabinet conference was had at the Yildiz Palace last evening, at which it was decided to send 40 additional battalions of redifs (reserves) to the Greek frontier.

King Christian as Arbitrator.

Paris, April 6.—A rumor is in circulation here that the King of Denmark at the instance of the Czar has been asked to arbitrate the Cretan question.

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NOT PEACE AT ANY PRICE.

Sir James Sivewright Told the Transvaal Parliament Britain Wanted Peace, But Right Must Prevail.

Cape Town, April 6.—At to-day's session of the Legislature the question of Great Britain's ultimatum to the Transvaal Government against the closing of the Drifts was raised. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, Premier of Cape Colony, in replying, said: "The closing of the Drifts is a matter affecting the entire trade of the colony and is a breach of the London convention. The Government of the Colony felt compelled to appeal to the Imperial Government."

The Premier declined to comply with the request that all the papers bearing on the question should be laid before the Assembly. He said: "Some of them are secret in their subject matter, and the production of them might not be calculated to promote peace."

Mr. Sauer, the Afrikander, said he could scarcely conceive any circumstance that would justify Great Britain in using any force against any South African State.

Sir James Sivewright, replying, said the Government earnestly desired peace, but not peace at any price. "When the Transvaal is in the right," he said, "the Cape Colony Government will support the Transvaal, but not when it is in the wrong, and the Government of the Colony believes that the best way to maintain peace is to declare plainly and openly just what is wanted."

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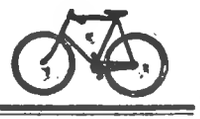

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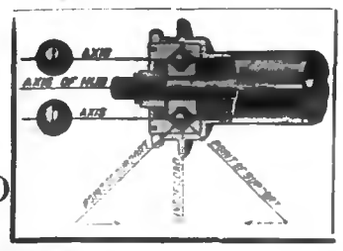

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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
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Took Hood's in the Spring

It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

From Which He Had Suffered From Boyhood.

If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended, to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

Commenced to Take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897

BUTCHERED OR BURNED?

We read with horror of the cruelty and butcheries of Gen. Weyler in the fair Isle of Cuba, but little reck we of the ravages of that more direful King of Grave-Fillers, KIDNEY DISEASE, here in our midst.

People of high and low degree drop into graves on all sides of us daily from Kidney Trouble. We incur it ourselves. We encourage it. We do everything but cure it.

Yet there is a cure, pleasant as a May morning. Sure as fate. Infallible as heredity. Before this wonderful remedy, the agonizing tortures of Kidney Ills vanish like a snowflake in a fiery furnace.

This cure, of which we sound the praise is DOOD'S KIDNEY PILLS. Yet not alone we, but everyone who have tried them. One hundred per cent. of cures we record. Here are examples:—

W. F. Smith, 16 Carroll St. Toronto, says:—"I have taken eight boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills which have cured me of Heart Trouble Pain in the Back and Dizziness, after other treatments had failed."

D. J. Kenney, Queen's Hotel, Mount Forest, says:—"Have suffered greatly from Nervousness, but information as to the effect of Dodd's Kidney Pills in such cases led me to use them, with the result that I am cured.'

Louis H. Bounsall, 573 King East, Toronto says:—Had been troubled for several months with pain in my Back and Kidneys which prevented my entering in bicycle events., but am in the ring once more after using three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mr. James Stokes, Deseronto, Ont., says—From the first box taken of Dodd's Kindey Pills I found relief, and hundreds here, knowing me for the last fifteen years, can vouch for my cure of long standing Kidney Trouble.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

HAD A BIT OF A SCRAP.

The Premier Got Vexed and Moved for an Adjournment

Before the Scrap Mr. Quinn Introduced a Bill Making Six Per Cent the Maximum Rate of Interest and it Was Read a First Time—During the Rumpus There Was Some Sharp Cross-Firing, in Which Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster Took a Hand—Finally the Motion to Adjourn Carried and the Day Was Wasted.

Ottawa, April 6.—(Special.)—The Liberals are ready to admit that honors were easy in the House this afternoon, but truth compels the remark that the Opposition had the Government fairly and squarely on the hip. Following up its policy to delay the tariff until after the Nova Scotia elections, an attempt was made by the Ministry to proceed with the superannuation and franchise bills. Mr. LaRiviere took the reasonable objection that neither bill was printed in French, and consequently could not be proceeded with. The Speaker sustained the point of order, whereupon the Premier got huffed and moved the adjournment of the House. Several members of the Opposition, including Sir Charles Tupper, Messrs. Foster and Davin, severely scored Mr. Laurier. It was pointed out that several public bills were in a position to be proceeded with, but the First Minister was inexorable, and consequently the country was treated to the spectacle of the Government forcing the House to adjourn, because the Opposition would not allow one of the rules of Parliament to be violated.

Mr. Quinn, introducing a bill entitled, "An act further to amend the act respecting interest," explained that it was to provide that whatever the rate of interest agreed upon, no higher rate than 6 per cent. shall be recoverable. At present, he said, the law allowed the recovery of any rate, no matter how exorbitant, which might be agreed upon. Only a few days ago in Montreal interest was collected in court at a rate of about 3000 per cent. per annum. The borrower gave a note for $150 on the agreement to pay $50 a week after maturity. The amount was sued for and the enormous sum of $5000 recovered by judgment. If the bill became law and a lender of $100 wanted to charge say 25 per cent. he would have to deduct it from the face of the note, making the latter $75, and then, after maturity, if the note were not paid, he would have to sue for 6 per cent. on his $100.

Hon. Mr. Laurier asked if it were proposed to restrict collections to 6 per cent?

Mr. Quinn: "Yes, after maturity."

Mr. McMullen rather disfavored the passage of a usury law in Canada. He said they had them in several of the States, and they were disgracefully disregarded. The motion then carried and the bill was read a first time.

And now began the "scrap" of the session. Like most others, it arose in quite a simple manner. It was Government day, and Government orders being reached, the Postmaster General moved the second reading of his bill to abolish the Civil Service Superannuation Act.

The rules of the House provide that before a bill can be proceeded with to its second reading, it shall be printed in both languages, and Mr. LaRiviere accordingly arose and objected that this bill, as well as the franchise bill, following it, was not printed in French.

Mr. Speaker thereupon ruled that the objection was well taken, and he would, therefore, have to declare the motion for a second reading out of order.

The Premier remonstrated, urging the member for Provencher not to persist in his objection. Mr. LaRiviere, not replying, the Premier, observed that the Opposition were of course technically within their rights if they wanted thus to be obstructive. "I did not raise this objection on behalf of the Opposition," replied Mr. LaRiviere, "but as a private member, standing on his rights and prerogative as such."

Mr. Foster took a hand in. He turned up the record of 1894, when the last revision of the tariff took place, and showed that the estimates had been laid on the table the very day after the address was disposed of, and the new tariff eight days after. The Government was, therefore, to blame for the backwardness of public business.

The Premier replied that but for the illness of Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, the estimates would have been down already. He had returned as far as Boston, but was too ill to travel farther. However, the estimates would be down to-day or to-morrow."

Mr. McMullen got back at the ex-Finance Minister by reading the record of budgets and estimates since 1889, giving the period on which they were brought down each session.

Mr. LaRiviere, persisting in his objection, Mr. Laurier arose and somewhat sharply said, "Then, Mr. Speaker, I move the adjournment of the House."

It was then 2.30, the House having been barely 15 minutes in session.

Mr. Taylor suggested that, instead of adjourning, the House proceed with the discussion of his alien labor bill, one of the first on the list printed in both languages.

Hon. Mr. Laurier replied that if the honorable member had shown the same zeal for that bill while his friends were in power there might be some cogency in his present suggestion. He had promised Mr. Taylor last session to help him through with his bill this year, but as there were several bills on the order paper of the same tenor the House had better be in possession of them all before proceeding to pass an alien labor law. Moreover, this was "Government Day," and the Government was being prevented from going on by a mere technical objection of the Opposition.

Sir Charles Tupper observed that Mr. Laurier had been so long in Opposition he seemed to forget now that he was leading the Government. His proposal to adjourn at this hour was an unprecedented act, and the House should know the reason for it. He had himself joined in urging Mr. Taylor last session to postpone his bill, in the hope that Mr. Laurier might in the meantime, through diplomatic intercourse with Washington, render such a law unnecessary. He concluded by asking the Premier to withdraw his motion and go on with the business of the House.

Mr. Davies followed. He got as far as to say that this was a deliberate attempt of Mr. LaRiviere and his leader, when Mr. Foster arose to a point of order. He wanted to know if the Minister of Marine could accuse honorable members of a deliberate attempt to obstruct.

"The honorable gentleman was too fast, retorted the Minister, he had not allowed him to finish his sentence. "I didn't say anything about obstruction, and I wasn't going to. I was going to say, a deliberate attempt to prevent the Government going on with the business it had in hand."

This nice distinction convulsed the House, the Opposition joining merrily in the appreciative applause that followed Mr. Davies' remark.

Mr. Davin gave the leader of the House the choice of either horn of the dilemma on which he had impaled himself. Either Mr. Laurier was of opinion that the rule requiring bills to be printed in French was useless and ought to be rescinded, or else he had moved the adjournment in a fit of irritation.

Mr. Foster said that he desired in the interests of the country to enter a strong protest against the action of the Government. The position assumed by the Premier was a most lamentable one for any Premier to be in. It was a position not creditable to the dignity of the House. He proceeded to read the rule of the House, which requires that before a bill can be considered it must be printed both in English and French, and he mentioned that during the time the late Government was in power the Opposition repeatedly invoked the rule, as Mr. LaRiviere had done to-day. Now, it appeared that Mr. Laurier, when he found that his desires could not be carried out, wanted the rule broken. Then, when the House rightly objected, he became angry and in effect declared, "Well, we won't do any business." Mr. Foster said Her Majesty's loyal Opposition were anxious to do business. The faces of the gentlemen around him were instinct with activity. [Cheers and laughter.] Adverting to Mr. Davies' remarks he said that gentleman had evidently cleared the hedge before he got to it. He seemed to imply that the delay in the translation was due to an officer appointed by the Conservative Government. The truth was, however, that the translator was Mr. Coursolles, an appointee of Mr. Mackenzie. [Opposition cheers.] There was an abandonment of truth about the honorable gentleman's statements which should not have been exhibited.

Mr. Speaker said he thought the honorable gentleman ought not to use such language.

Mr. Foster: I was picturing an honorable gentleman who was taking a leap in the air. I will take it back most certainly; it was not a disregard of the truth, it was a letting go of an unusually vivid imagination. [Opposition laughter.] He thought the Government had acted in a very foolish way.

After some observations from Mr. Casey, Mr. Taylor challenged the accuracy of Mr. Laurier's statement, in which he seemed to imply that he (Mr. Taylor) had not been in earnest in pressing his alien labor bill.

The motion for adjournment carried, and the House adjourned at 4.20 p.m.

Largest Spectroscope in the World Just Completed

The largest spectroscope in the world has just been completed by Prof. John A. Brashear, the famous instrument maker of Allegheny, Pa. It has been made specially for Dr. Hans Hauswaldt, a wealthy scientist of Magdeburg, Germany, where it will be used in physical research, and it is expected that many important discoveries will be made with its aid. The two most powerful spectroscopes now in use are at the Royal University of Dublin, and the University of Toronto, Canada. These instruments were also made by Prof. Brashear.

The powerful concave grating instrument is 21 feet long, and will require a room about 28 feet square in which to operate it. It is to be used for physical investigations of a very high character and the design and construction were settled upon by Prof. Brashear and Dr. H. Kayser of the University of Bonn.

It is also very probable that Dr. Hauswaldt will have other powerful instruments of research made by Prof. Brashear, as correspondence is now going on in regard to great physical and astronomical instruments that are to be placed in the new laboratory now being equipped by him in Magdeburg. Dr. Hauswaldt has gained considerable fame in Germany by his experiments, and he is sparing nothing in the equipment of his laboratory, which, when complete, will be one of the finest in Europe, and will far excel any in this country.

The grating to be used on the powerful spectroscope has a six-inch aperture, and is ruled with 110,000 lines. So accurately are these lines ruled that there is no difference any greater than three-millionths of an inch between any of them. This instrument is so powerful that where an ordinary spectroscope would show from 100 to 200 lines belonging to the spectrum of iron, it will reveal more than 2000. It used to be considered that a spectroscope that could show the sodium lines double was one of great power. The great instrument to be sent to Germany not only shows each of these lines double, but with the sun low in the meridian, as many as 15 lines may be seen between the sodium lines.

The new spectroscope has its greatest power, however, in the way of photography. The spectrum of the sun has been photographed to a length of over 60 feet, literally crowded with lines from one end to the other. It is so arranged that no matter what part of the spectrum it is desired to photograph the photographic plate is always in focus for every part of the spectrum.

"This large instrument is also valuable in making comparisons of anything that may be burning in the sun. We have light that is coming from the sun. We have only to turn the sunlight into the slit of this great spectroscope and photograph in the center of our plate the center of the sun.

"A bar is now placed over this part of the plate which has received the impression of the solar spectrum, and now we turn on an electric light, in which we have placed a small piece of pure calcium. In a very brief time the spectrum of the calcium is photographed above and below the spectrum that came from the sun. The plate is now developed, and here we have a picture of the solar spectrum, running as a narrow strip between the photograph of the metal we have taken. We can see at once the coincidence of the lines of the metal with any lines that may be in the sun. If the lines are in obsolute coincidence, we may infer from the law of probabilities, which increases as the lines increase, that the metal we have burned in our electric arc is burning in the great fire of the sun.

"Many hundreds of these photographs have been taken, and we are now almost as certain of the elements that are burning in our great luminary as those that we burn in the furnaces of the metallurgists. So it is with the gases and, indeed, all the chemical elements. Yet, strange to say, while we here on earth recognize oxygen as the great supporter of combustion, the most careful researches with the spectroscope have failed to show the existance of oxygen in the sun. I have in my library an elaborate little manual giving Prof. Draper's scientific reasons and proofs that oxygen is burning in the sun, but it has been strongly proved the opposite.

"Extraordinary care has been taken to make the instrument as absolutely perfect as is possible for human hands. The German physicists are the most exacting scientists in the world, and their tests of the great spectroscope will be most rigorous. Dr. Hauswaldt has established one of the finest laboratories of its kind in the world, and he has associated with him in his work the best German physicists of the day. He intends, I understand, to devote his fortune and the rest of his days in making advanced researches. His laboratory now far excels those in this country, and the instruments he is talking of adding to the equipment will make it even more admirable. I look for important discoveries in physical science from the famous little town. The circumstances and surroundings certainly favor it.

"It has been my great regret that I have been unable to photograph the instrument just made. I have tried, but it is so large that some part of it is always placed out of focus in an exaggerated fashion. A camera would have to be placed 50 feet away to get any results at all, and then they would be very unsatisfactory. I have always had to be satisfied with a mere recollection of the instruments made."—New York Herald.

Board Without Lodging.

Great and prominent people in all probability dislike to be ridiculed and lampooned as much at the present day as their ancestors ever did, but the penalty for the offender, provided he keep himself within bounds, can hardly be more than the disfavor of the object of his ridicule, instead of being really serious, as it too often was one or two centuries ago.

The severest wit of his time, Voltaire, was more than once imprisoned in the Bastille for having directed his satire against the powers that were. His first incarceration for such an offence was in 1717, when he levelled a biting set of verses, and later a satirical composition in Latin, against the regent, the Duke of Orleans.

The justly incensed regent ordered him to be taken to the Bastile, but forgetting his insulter almost immediately, he left the wretched Voltaire in prison for eleven months.

When the poet was remembered and released, the generous duke, unmindful of anything save the tedious imprisonment his lampooner had suffered, sent for him and granted him a pension of four hundred dollars a year, to soothe his wounded feelings.

Voltaire accepted the gift with as much witty grace as gratitude.

"Monseigneur," he said, "I must humbly thank your royal highness for continuing to charge yourself with the expense of my board, but I beg you never again to trouble yourself about my lodging."

Blind-fold.

A woman has no right to "go it blind" in matters of life and health. She has no right to shut her eyes to the plain facts of her physical being and the consequences of neglect. She has no right to be wretched and ill when she might be happy and free from pain.

Women who drag through life weighed down by some torturing, dragging weakness or disease of their sex are not doing their full duty to themselves. They are not taking the means which enlightened science affords them of being well and strong and capable.

These special complaints from which so many women suffer are not necessary. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription positively cures even the most severe and obstinate cases.

It is not a haphazard medicine. It is not a "cure-all." It is a scientific remedy devised by an educated and experienced specialist for the one purpose of curing the special diseases of women.

Tens of thousands of women have been restored to perfect health by this wonderful "Prescription." In many instances they were actually given up as hopeless by physicians and family doctors.

"I have taken both your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' for chronic inflammation of the uterus and bladder," writes Mrs. M. A. Scott, of Park Rapids, Hubbard Co., Minn. "I also had stomach trouble which was terribly distressing. I have been cured of all. I had suffered untold misery for four years previous to taking your treatment, but began to feel the good effect at once."

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" contains information of priceless value to women. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a cloth-bound copy send 50 stamps.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life." —W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897

SHATTERED NERVES.

THE MOST PREVALENT TROUBLE OF THE CENTURY.

It Attacks People of Both Sexes and All Ages—A Complete Breakdown Follows Unless Prompt Measures for Relief Are Taken.

From the Newmarket Era.

Probably the most prevalent trouble on this continent to-day is nervous prostration. How frequently we hear this term and yet how few appear to realize its fall deadly import. Nervous prostration is to be found among people of all walks in life, and among children as well as adults. Among young people it is often the result of our high pressure system of education. Among those of more mature years it may be due to the cares of business, or to overwork, or worries in the home. But whatever the cause, the inevitable result is a breaking down both mentally and physically unless prompt measures are taken to stay the ravages of the disease and restore the shattered nerve forces to their normal condition. One such sufferer who has regained health gives her experience for the benefit of those less fortunate. Miss Edith Draper, who resides with her parents at Belhaven, Ont., is a young lady who is very popular among her circle of acquaintances, and they all rejoice at her restoration to health. To a reporter who called upon her she gave the following particulars concerning her illness and cure. "You know," said the young lady, "how ill I was last winter when my friends feared that I was going into a decline. In the early part of the winter both father and mother were attacked with la grippe, and I had to look after them as well as attend to the household work. The strain was more than I could stand, and the result was I fell ill. The doctor who was called in said my trouble was nervous prostration and that it would take considerable time for me to recover. Under his care I was after a short while able to leave my room and go about the house, but my nerves did not seem to regain their strength. My limbs would twitch as though I had St. Vitus' dance, I was subject to headaches, had a very poor appetite and was so weak that I could scarcely go about. I had been advised to try Pink Pills and one day spoke to the doctor about them, and he said he believed they would do me good. I got three boxes, and by the time I had used them I felt they were helping me and I got a further supply. By the time I had taken six boxes I was feeling stronger and better than I had for years. All the twitching in my limbs had disappeared and my nerves seemed as strong as ever they had been. I still took the pills for a little while longer to make certain that the cure was complete, and since the day I discontinued them I have not felt that my present excellent health is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am gald to be able to recommend them to any one whose nerves are in a shattered condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic medicine. By their use the blood is renewed, and the nerves made strong and vigorous, and in this way disease is driven from the system. As a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unsurpassed. If feeling languid or "out of sorts" a box or two will restore you to vigorous activity. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and take nothing else.

Still they come. Fresh fancy dress robes cheaper than ever at Turnbull's.

CARSON CONFLICTS.

LATE PRIZE FIGHT NOT THE ONLY ONE AT BLOODY CARSON.

The Story of the Ages—Terrible Monsters of Prehistoric Times Often Met Their Deadly Combat—Dread Scenes of Thousands of Years Ago.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons, strangely enough, picked out the most curious battle ground known to American geologic history for their recent prize fight. In the beautiful valley of Carson, within recent geologic time, but ages ago as man's life is reckoned, there roamed huge aggressive monsters whose very tread shook the earth and whose hoarse and frightful voices would have raised the hair, in mortal terror, of such innocent little bruisers as the puny pugilists who battled for supremacy on the same scene so recently.

Think of Mr. Big Tailed Little Headed Megatherium Americanum, sixty feet in length and weighing a few odd tons, out on the warpath for Professor Heavy Voiced Curve Horned Mylodon, of equally terrific proportions when stripped, and the tiny baby prize fighter of the modern day sinks into utter, absolute insignificance.

It may be that the bones of some of these gigantic saurian creatures lie deep down in the sandstone beneath the very site of the prize ring, locked in the petrified embrace of a last terrible death struggle, and that their ghostly spirits, hovering near, may have been translated to the bodies of our pugilistic stars, urging them on to superhuman effort in gory combat.

The region in which Carson City lies has been and is a marvellous one. Its geologic story is quite in keeping with several other localities of wonderful America which boast of past earth upheavals and amazing natural phenomena. Carson City itself is situated near the southwest margin of a great ancient lake bed, whose broad and ruffled water covered an area, remote eons ago, of over eight thousand square miles.

This vast lake, without an outlet, lay nestled amid the giant crumpled mountain ranges of the Sierra Nevada, six thousand feet above the sea. At three distinct periods, so the scientists tell us, its waters rose and fell. Now dry and barren, its irregular precipitous amphitheatre was scorched and desiccated by the fierce and blinding rays of a torrid desert sun, and the concentrated alkaline salts of its briny bottom were driven in blinding, suffocating clouds over the surrounding country by the winds until the whole region was a lifeless, soulless, fearful waste. Then slowly came a meteorological change, in which the atmosphere took on a cooler, humid condition, was sufficient to gradually fill this dreaded pit of desolation.

With the return of the life giving waters came back the wonderful animals who populated our country during the late quarternary times. These animals were not all huge monsters, but the major portion of them certainly were built in giant mould. There were the horse, not as we know him to day; the elephant, with tusks yards long; a species of a giant sloth, almost as high as a small house and forty feet in length, and wading birds, all legs and sky scraping necks, and a host of little animals who have managed to live along into the present age.

At the last recession of the waters, at a period considerably antedating, it is believed, Noah's advent on this mundane sphere, this menagerie of grewsome, animate vertebrates wandered over the marginal muddy shoals in search of food, and they have left their footprints in the sands of time, indelible records for the benefit of inquisitive scientists.

What is far more valuable to paleontologists in connecting the broken chain of past geologic life, the animals themselves have laid their bones to rest in the slimy, preserving muds of this lake bed.

What a theatre of frightful carnage and bloodshed this region must have been at the close of an epoch which ended in deathlike sterile aridity! If primitive man existed at that time he probably witnessed battles to the death, near the Corbett-Fitzsimmons arena, between giant monsters, without having to fish a single red cent out of his pocket to view the spectacle.

The remark that primitive man may have gazed upon prehistoric bloody encounters is no joke, for some fifteen years ago quite a discussion was carried on among scientists as to whether or not certain fossil footprints of large size, found embedded in the sandstone shale about a mile and a half from Carson City were those of a giant primitive man, or troglodyte. The California Academy of Sciences found the subject sufficiently interesting to send a number of trained men to the spot, among them a no less noted geologist than Joseph Le Conte himself, and quite a monograph bearing on these foot-prints was prepared upon the auspices of the academy.

It seems that in uncovering a particular floor in a big sandstone quarry a series of huge footprints was discovered. These imprints, made in what was once a thin layer of fine mud, were remarkably similar in outline to moccasoned human feet of extraordinary proportions. Some of them were as much as twenty-two inches in length and quite six inches across the widest part. Altogether there were some 130 of these human-like impressions found, and one series had forty-two steps in a straight line. There was no evidence of any overlapping steps, and the equal spacing of the strides indicated that they were made by some being which walked on two legs.

No signs of claws or foot-pads were visible, and the only theory which seemed tenable in the opinion of a number of these scientists—though Professor Le Conte did not commit himself to a positive hypothesis—was that they were actually made by the strolling of a giant prehistoric man along the muddy lake. Prof. Marsh, a noted paleontologist several years later ruined what might have made a good story by repudiating the human track theory and producing the fossil remains of the extinct animal whose peculiar manner of walking fooled even some learned men into the belief that they had struck the clew of preglacial man. The animal which produced this startling bit of human realism ten thousand years ago—it might be fifty thousand just as well—Professor Marsh thinks was a species of the mylodon, or the giant sloth. We still have living in Central America and equatorial South America, some small highly modified types of the animal whose ancestors were huge hulks, thirty to fifty feet in length.

It is not at all surprising that the human foot theory was tenaciously clung to for some time, but there were certain peculiarities in the stride which differed materially from the walk of the present man. The feet were too much curved, and the straddle or the distance by which the feet were separated from side to side, would suggest an abnormal wobble in the gait of the individual.

The Latest Fashions

SPRING IN THE STORES.

The Flowery Fabrics Which Bloom on the Counters.

Charming indeed are the spring fabrics now to be seen in the stores. It goes without saying that all the new stuffs intended for festive occasions are open work, which gives one no end of an opportunity to display stunning lining silks. And in many instances this will give the much-liked changeable effect. Of course, the stuff itself is called etamine, and there's beautiful economy in boiling it all down to that one euphonious tri-syllable instead of being obliged to clutter one's memory with a hundred and one meaningless names.

And some of those alluring stuffs are no more or less than two fabrics tacked together invisibly at intervals of three inches. One example is in a soft, silky material with sprangly green and black design, over which is a fine open black silk grenadine, and no end of shady, even shadowy effect. It is also lovely in red and black. But it is to be had in nearly every tint with black. This is a real novelty, as what may be called double stuffs have heretofore been thrown up on the surface alternately.

Then there's a lovely black, silky, sheer stuff which has fine crosswise stripes, and up-and-down hair stripes in old rose, the stripes less than half an inch apart, and the old rose ones resembling a tightly twisted thread. But quite the most delightful of all, as well as the most utterly useless as to wear, is the printed chiffon. One dreamy-looking piece is in ecru, with cream embroidered polka dots and a large, leafy, leisurely design in soft brown. Even sounds pretty, doesn't it? And there are all the other colorings, the mauve with a purplish design being exquisite.

To cross over to the so-called wash goods, one finds the chastest of pineapple grenadines, looking quite Quakery in the silk gray shades. The prettiest are in this cool-looking gray, with a hard-twisted white hair stripe every half inch.

And such a love of an organdie. The black stripes are an eighth of an inch wide, the white ones a sixteenth, and all over it meander uneven white stripes nearly half an inch wide in eccentric curves. They give it a changeable effect. For second mourning it is pretty over black, white or violet. Old rose and blue are effective under it, too, or even a figured stuff.

And lappet lawns, with their queer zig-zag embroidery-like figure, which serves as a background for unevenly shaped little flocks of figures which are fine as to color, but in shape and arrangement quite too suggestive of mineral specimens arranged to have their pictures.

A red Irish dimity has a fine white stripe every three-fourths of an inch.

About Summer Frocks.

The wise woman is already at work on the gowns she is to wear next summer. The seamstress at $2 a day and herself are actively planning and making a wardrobe that will be a model of daintiness next July.

The accepted dress pattern for gowns of sheer materials is twelve yards of thirty-inch goods, unless several lace-edged ruffles are required for skirt, sleeves and front of bodice, in which case about fifteen yards are necessary. If changeable taffeta be not used as a lining a silky, cotton imitation or a fine lawn is required, the prominent shades this year being brilliant pinks and greens, reds and turquoise, navy and yellow, clear white and violet.

Ribbons from four to six inches in width are undoubtedly claiming first favor as trimming, Valenciennes lace ranking next, then small "lingerie" tucks. Three ruffles of the goods or of lace arranged separately or in overlapping style are popular as garniture on skirts.

The ribbons in plain colors, floral designs and stripes are chiefly in taffeta weaves, and will be worn in large shoulder bows, belts, sashes having long ends, collars and bows across the bust. An entire piece of ribbon lavished upon a dimity gown or dainty organdie is not unusual—a style for which ribbon manufacturers should be duly thankful.

Fronts of bodices and tops of sleeves are quaintly decorated with tucking. The close-fitting parts of some sleeves are trimmed with lengthwise tucks, developing near the shoulder into a short puff.

Besides plenty of lace and ribbon large buttons matching the keynote of color will be used on the pretty cotton frocks.

BABY'S EYES BURNED OUT.

Little Russell Freer With a Red Hot Poker Blinded His Infant Brother, and the Latter May Die.

Chicago, April 6.—Edwin Freer, the 10 months old child of Richard Freer, had both its eyes burned out last night by a 2 1-2 year-old brother named Russell. The children were playing together in the basement. Russell procured a poker, and holding it in the stove until it was red hot poked it into the infant's eyes. The baby cried aloud in pain. The mother, hearing the cries of the infant, ran into the basement, where she found Russell standing over the baby with the red hot poker in his hands laughing. On the floor lay the infant with both eyes burned out. The little one will probably die from the injuries.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave....................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive....................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Heart Disease Kil'r.

Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

Break Up a Cold in Time

d have been nearer one million than 00. This deputation was the spontaneous rising of the whole people and was not result of effort on the part of any one individual. He then spoke as a member of the City Council of Peterborough, which had ys been prominently interested in this , not as a local work only but as one would benefit the whole Dominion.

arden Anderson was also introduced and briefly.

Jas Kendry, M P., then introduced the Peterborough representatives, and in so he spoke briefly of the importance of anal, and said he hoped the Government bring down a substantial sum to further the work. He then introduced Mayor nd and Councillor Meldrum, both of endorsed what had been said. The r thanked the past Government for they had done and the present for what doing. The latter gentleman referred freight rates, and the advantages that come to the shipper if the water route given to them.

Corby, M P., for West Hastings, introduced the Trenton representatives, and, at the other Conservative members, promised Minister his support on this question, Play brought down a grant. He introduced Mayor Morrison and Messrs. W.H. Austin as Bigelow, of Trenton, who each spoke

Cochrane M P for East Northumberland

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

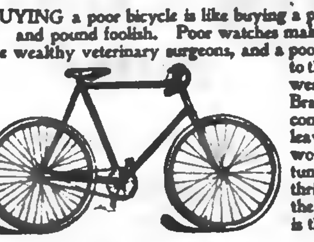
A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

"PENNY WISE, POUND FOOLISH."

BUYING a poor bicycle is like buying a poor watch or a poor horse, penny wise and pound foolish. Poor watches make rich watchmakers, poor horses produce wealthy veterinary surgeons, and a poor bicycle is a constant source of revenue to the bicycle repair man. If all bicycles were made of as good material as the Brantford **RED BIRD**, as carefully constructed, as thoroughly tested before leaving the factory, the bicycle repair man would soon become extinct, but, unfortunately, they are not and he continues to thrive and multiply in numbers. To ride the entire season without a cent for repairs is the rule with **RED BIRD** riders.



The Goold Bicycle Co., Ltd., - Brantford, Ont.

BRANCHES:— Toronto, Ont. Montreal, Que. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man. Sydney, Australia. Capetown, S. Africa.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

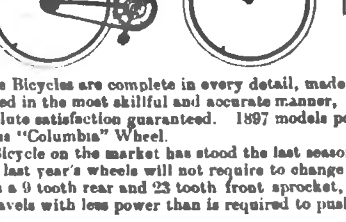
Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

Are

HICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

It

MASSEY-HARRIS BICYCLES



[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. rs of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 80½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	**$85.00**	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	**$75.00**	
Dominion	**$60.00**	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

Duchess of Oxford Ranges

THE KIND THAT SUITS.

THEY BAKE and DO IT WELL.

GUARANTEED.

FORTYE & HARPER

393 George Street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP SALE!

Commencing SATURDAY, April 10th, 1897.

The well-known firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. having dissolved partnership, the business will in future be carried on by Richard Hall & Son. Owing to certain conditions

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT LEAST ONE-HALF

in the next Three Months, and in order that this may be done we have decided to offer the whole stock, consisting of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES, WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES,
in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON,

340 George Street.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE...... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

New..... Millinery Store

FIRST GRAND OPENING

THE MISSES CASSIDY cordially invite the Ladies to attend their first Opening, which will take place THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, April 8th, 9th, and 10th, when we will show a magnificent assortment of all the leading styles in Pattern Hats and Bonnets.

All are invited to call and examine our lovely display of first-class Millinery.

MISSES CASSIDY
...423 GEORGE STREET

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives, Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. [illegible] shop [illegible] Charlotte-st.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

....AT....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,
396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Raston.

Lenten services at St. John's church.

Special meeting of Hiawatha Encampment, I.O.O.F.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 6d

OAK HALL.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 380 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d31y

THE

COLUMBIA

Is here. Come in and see it. It is a beauty.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills"

Ladies Call and See

The lovely and artistic display of millinery which will be shown to-morrow, Thursday, April 8th, and following days, at the Misses Cassidy's new store 423 George-st. 1d

The Mock Parliament

Don't forget the presentation of the Mock Parliament to be given in the opera house during the middle of May, by Charlotte-st. Ladies' Aid. Rehearsal on Saturday night at 7.30 in Charlotte-st. school room. All taking part are urged to be present. 2d

Personal.

Mr. Ernie Goldsmith, formerly of town, is taking a course at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Rev. Mr. Fisher, an Anglican clergyman lately of England, is a guest at the home o Mr. H. J. Daubus.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Ladies

The little store around the corner is a busy place these fine days. Where are you going to-day? "Over to Mrs. Appleby's," the ladies all say. Be sure to take your purse with you for if you don't you'll surely rue it. 6d

THE CANTATA "RUTH."

An Appreciative Audience Hears the Cantata at St. Andrew's Church.

St. Andrew's church school room contained an appreciative audience of fully two hundred people last evening when the beautiful cantata "Ruth" was contributed. It was a delightful success, the soloists especially acquitting themselves admirably. The choruses was not composed of long experienced musicians, some of those composing it being under training only a few months. Nevertheless they proved themselves to be possessed of voices that will win them credit as they improve through training. Mr. G. W. Mulligan, who had the cantata in charge, showed his appreciation of the talent by bringing them forward for this musical affair and the success attained entitles that gentleman to a liberal amount of praise. The soloists certainly assumed their parts in a manner that was highly creditable.

Rev. J. G. Potter, the popular pastor of St. Andrew's church, acted in the capacity of chairman and introduced the cantata by an explanation of the Book of Ruth, which placed the audience in touch with the evening's entertainment.

The soloists were Mrs H Jones, as Ruth; Miss Hendren, as Naomi; Miss Clara Belleghem as Orpha and Mr G W Mulligan as Boaz, and each one appeared in excellent voice and won liberal applause.

Those who participated in the cantata were:—

Sopranos—Mrs Jones, Mrs Ball, Mrs McCrea, Misses Clara Belleghem, Hendren, Stevens, Davidson, Thexton, Mahoney, Judge, Elliott, Petrie, Sarah Garrow, Lizzie Garrow, J Kennedy, Batton, Butcher, Lumsden and Robertson.

Altos—Mrs Mulligan, Miss Fowler, Miss Coe, Miss Mahoney, Miss Robertson, Miss Belleghem.

Tenors—Messrs Geo Ball, J Miller, Godwin, Tovey, Elliott, Wright.

Bassos—Messrs Weir, Beaton, Turner, Petrie, Squires, Pease, Rose, Parsons, Robertson, Gilespie, Wesley.

Miss Vida Gladman presided at the piano acceptably.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed o in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

Brevities.

—The Childrens' Aid Society have some children for adoption.

—Rev. Geo. Warren, of Lakefield, will address the Lenten service at St. John's this evening.

—A general rehearsal for the mock parliament will be held in the Charlotte-st. church Sunday school room on Saturday evening. All interested are requested to be present.

—Secretary Terrill, of the lacrosse club, while in Ottawa interviewed President Jas Davidson, of the Capitals, who stated that the Capitals would endeavor to come here for May 24th.

—Mr. O. B. Shortly reports the wheel business booming. To-day he received a shipment of eight "E and D's." for which he has purchasers.

—Commencing Monday night, April 12th the Wilson Dramatic Co., headed by the popular comedian, Frederick H. Wilson, will open a week's engagement at Bradburn's opera house. This company return to Peterborough stronger and better than ever. Watch for large bills for particulars. Prices 10, 20 and 30c.

A COMING VISIT

A Celebrated Divine is to Visit Peterborough on Monday

The Rev. Wilbert F. Crafts, who has been secured by the Young People's Society of St. Andrew's church for an address next Monday night, is at present superintendent of the Reform Bureau of the United States and into this work he has thrown his whole life and his wife is well know through the world as an able writer and forcible speaker on Sabbath school work.

Dr. Crafts is a man of excellent appearance, active, eloquent and blessed with a good deal of humor, so that addresses on any and every subject abound with pleasing illustrations.

He is comparatively a young man and, besides being an eminent lecturer, is a preacher of great power, an author of wide reputation in reform circles, and a journalist whose work as senior editor of "The Christian Statesman," has won for him eulogies all over the American continent.

His subject in St. Andrew's church on Monday night will be "The march of Christ down the centuries," which will be a powerful address for Easter season.

A programme of music is arranged and the public cordially invited.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

R Watkin Mills

R Watkin Mills, whose coming appearance in Peterborough, on Wednesday, April 21st, is awaited with pleasure, is without doubt the leading baritone in England. He is the principal basso at the Crystal Palace, Albert Hall, St. James' Hall concerts, and at all of the English festivals. His stay in Canada this season will not be long. The Toronto Globe of Dec. 14, 1894, says:—"The great English basso, Mr. R. Watkin Mills, appeared for the first time in Toronto, and more than satisfied every expectation. It is impossible to speak too highly of his superb voice, of its breadth, sonority and quality. His singing throughout was intensely appreciated and his magnificent singing aroused a furore of applause, which would not be satisfied until Mr. Mills had replied with an encore." The subscription list is now open at Ormond & Walsh's and subscribers will have first choice.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Sewing Machines.

We keep constantly on hand and sell on easy payments the new Raymond, new Williams, White and Standard machines. Peterborough Music Co. d80

THE NEW RIFLES IN TOWN

The Lee-Enfields Arrive—The Queen's Birthday

Squad drill was held at the drill shed last evening, and the officers of the 57th met afterwards.

The supply of Lee-Enfield rifles arrived yesterday.

Sergt. Major Peters will lecture on the new rifle in the buglers' room on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Durham Field Battery, the 3rd Dragoons and the Veterans will be invited to co-operate with the battalion in arranging sports for the Queen's birthday.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

Their Mission Successful

The deputation from Cobourg and Northumberland County succeeded in getting a promise from the Government to revote the subsidy of $3,200 per mile to the Cobourg, Northumberland and Pacific Railway.

New Millinery Store

Mrs Cassidy, who has been engaged in the millinery business in Peterborough during the past six years has retired and given up the business to her daughters, the Misses M. and L. Cassidy. Both young ladies are well qualified by their experience and skill to continue a successful business, and they start out under the most favorable circumstances. The ladies will notice they have fixed the date for their first millinery opening for Thursday, April 8th, and following days of this week, and give a cordial invitation to the ladies to call and inspect their rich display. Thier millinery show rooms will be in the same premises as formerly occupied by Mrs. Cassiday, No. 423 George-st., but great improvements have recently been made in the interior of the store, which the ladies will be pleased to note. The premises have been completely remodelled and brightened, the walls and ceilings beautifully papered, the show cases and counters grained in light oak, and a handsome gilt-lettered sign adorns the show window. The Misses Cassidy will show a large and attractive stock of everything new in millinery novelties. All old stock has been removed and nothing but the latest styles will be displayed. Miss Lillian Cassidy, who will be in charge of the trimming department, has attended the wholesale openings in several of the leading cities, including Detroit, where she has gained a personal knowledge of the leading styles of the season.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1857. **MERCER'S.** ESTABLISHED 1857.

A QUESTION OF MONEY !

Says Mr. Laurier to the Trent Canal Deputation.

THE LARGEST DEPUTATION

That Was Ever Seen at Canada's Capital.

RECEIVED IN THE COMMONS CHAMBER.

The Representative Character of the Gathering—A Large Number of Speakers from Different Parts of the District—Mr John Carnegie the Leading Speaker—Hon Mr Blair's Reply—Mr Laurier's Statement—A Well Organized Deputation.

The Trent Valley canal district was represented at the Canadian capital yesterday as it never was before. In fact the deputation which waited on the Government to urge the completion of the canal with all possible speed, outnumbered anything that has ever been seen at Ottawa. From Midland to Trenton, from the Georgian Bay to the Bay of Quinte, each county and municipality had its delegation, the whole forming a demonstration that could not fail to impress the Premier and the members of the Cabinet who were present. Ten ridings were represented. As Mr Burnham remarked, it was a spontaneous arising that evidenced the earnestness of the people of this district in seeking the completion of this national waterway

The reply of the Minister of Railways and Canals and of the Premier to the petition so strongly presented was probably as definite and as satisfactory as could be looked for. Mr. Blair was cautious, but Mr. Laurier endorsed the project when he said that the question of completing the canal was past discussion, that the only question now was one of finances, and that the work would be prosecuted as the finances of the country would permit.

Viewed from the standpoint of the supporters of the canal the deputation was a huge success. Peterborough men can claim the credit of organizing the delegation, although Hon. Mr. Blair seemed to be under the impression that the member for South Victoria had been the leading spirit in arranging it. The object was to impress the present Government with the local and national importance of the canal and of the earnestness of the people along the route in seeking its completion. This was done in a manner which left nothing to be desired. The members of the late Administration had had the claims of the canal fully laid before them, but with the advent of the new Government it was most important that the members of that Government should be placed in possession of the material and the facts that would assist them in reaching a proper decision when dealing with the undertaking. Hon Mr Blair's visit to this district and his trip over a good portion of the route did a great deal towards making him a warm friend of the project, and this deputation will increase that favorable impression that he had already formed. Therefore, from the standpoint of the canal district the money and energy exerted in organizing the delegation was well spent.

THE DEPUTATION.

The special train which left Peterborough at two o'clock Monday afternoon carried about three hundred persons to the Capital. Fifty of these were ladies. The Tuesday morning trains brought a large deputation from Trenton and delegations from other points. There were nearly four hundred delegates in attendance, therefore, when, according to arrangement, they assembled at the Russell House at nine o'clock Tuesday morning. Messrs. Kendry (West Peterborough) Bennett (East Simcoe) Corby (West Hastings) Hughes (North Victoria) Laing (East Peterborough) McHugh (South Victoria) who had been active interesting themselves in the welfare of the delegates, were on hand, with Hon. Geo. A. Cox, and a programme was arranged. Shortly after ten o'clock the deputation filed out of the Russell House and proceeded to the Parliament buildings. The procession was an imposing one and a glance sufficed to show its representative character. The professional man and the farmer, the merchant and the mechanic, all classes united in the petition to the Government. To give a complete list of even the Peterborough gentlemen in the deputation is impossible, but a fair idea of

THE REPRESENTATIVE CHARACTER

of the gathering may be gained from the following list of gentlemen who were on the special train that went to Ottawa. This list is as follows:

Peterborough.—Mayor Yelland, Councillors Meldrum, White, Best, Robertson, Laplante, Dense, Davis, Dawson, Cobb, McWilliams and Graham. Rev. Archdeacon Casey, Messrs Jas Stevenson, ex-M P., E B Edwards, John Carnegie, T A S Hay, W L Innes, R Mulholland, E G Laverdure, R S Davidson, C McGill, H LeBrun, H M Allen, Benj Shortly, Robt Fair, John Brown, Robt Weir Thos Cahill, Wm Langford, F Bell, Alex. Elliott, W H Bradburn, Aaron Cox, W L Allen, C N Brown, W J Green, W J English, E H D Hall, R E. Wood, Edge Pearse, Ed Wade, Fred Reid, Wm Quinn, J A Cory, D M Rogers, H S Greenwood, S Belcher, Col H C Rogers, H Phelan, Bert Giroux, Jas McNabb, A J Gough.

Ashburnham.—Reeve Adams, Councillors Smith, Rutherford, Morgan and Messrs John Burnham, ex-M P., H. T. Strickland, D Conroy, R Tivey, H Bennett, D Law and W Scott.

Smith—Reeve Armstrong, Councillors Elliott, Garbutt, McIlmoyl and Stinson and Messrs Middleton, Fitzgerald, Jas Davidson and F Bennett.

North Monaghan.—Reeve McIntosh, Councillors Madill, Wm Yelland and Messrs Joe Forster and G W Bennett.

Lakefield—Reeve Lillicrap, Councillors Fraser, Burgess, Moore, Braden and Messrs W H Casement, S Nelson, Levi Payne, H C Garbett, R J Munroe, John Hull, H R Patterson, F J Lefevre and J H McWilliams.

Ennismore—Reeve Costello, Councillors Flood, Killen, Scollard and Doran and Mr W Collins.

Belmont—John Vansickle.

Douro—John Moloney.

Otonabee—Warden Anderson and Mr Geo Stewart.

Norwood—Rev Father Conway, ex-Warden J B Pearce and Messrs J W Rorke and E J McCarthy.

Kinmount—Mr John Austin.

Bobcaygeon—Rev W J Creighton, A E Bottom, C E Stewart, J T Robinson and R Pearson.

Harvey—Messrs Robt Shaw, A G Shearer, Wm Irwin, Jas Weir.

Anstruther—T G Eastland.

Campbellford—Ex-Warden C L Owens, ex-Warden F W Wood, Messrs W W Armstrong, C S Gillespie, D J Lynch. J H Kent, W H Haines, C S Platt, G M Campbell, W Runnels, Dr Macoun, Rev R B Denike and T S Tait.

Warkworth—Messrs John H Douglas, T B Connell, Dr Richards and R Houston.

Seymour—Messrs A T Donald and R D Rutherford.

Hastings—Messrs John Coughlin, Thos O'Reilly and F Goulah.

Simcoe County Council—Warden Sneath, Councillors C E Hewson, Jas Ross, D Quinlan, Jas Martin, John Ross, J Throop, J Whitesides, T Davitt, C Wright, John Nettleton, M Ronan, Donald Harvey, R Jupp, A J Sandford, Col R T Banting, G A Radenhurst, W Wilkinson, J A Barlow.

Orillia—Mayor Sanderson, Reeve Vennor, Geo Thompson, Ald. Wilson, Ald Kean and A. L. Vick.

Lindsay—Messrs. Robt Baldwin, E P Gilloghy, J W Timms, F Knowlson, Jas Killaby, E D Mallon, Wm Robson, S D Fox, Alex Horne, Thos Sadler, Geo Matthews, R Bryans, Geo Ingle, W L Herriman, Geo Crandel, John A Barron, Q.C., Rev. J W McMillan, J D Flavelle, J R McNeillie, J Ellis, Jas Graham and Dr Burrows.

Victoria County—Warden Wood and Messrs W C Switzer, Jos Baillie, Wm Cameron.

Kirkfield—Messrs Henry Waterson, John Ray, H Campbell.

Rosseneath—Reeve Walter Greigg.

Caldwater—Mr H L Levering.

Brighton—Mr John Armstrong.

Springville—Mr W J Laing.

Tweed—Messrs Frank Goulash and T Richardson.

Fenelon Falls—Mr J A Ellis.

Cannington—Mr R M Noble and Dr Bingham.

Madoc—Rev Father Davis.

North Ontario—Mr Duncan Graham, M P.

AT THE BUILDINGS.

When the deputation reached the Parliament buildings they were conducted to the railway committee room, where the last canal deputation interviewed the late Sir John Thompson, then Premier; but this room would not accommodate much over half the crowd, and an adjournment was made to the Commons chamber. It was a new spectacle for the galleries of Canada's House of Representatives to look down upon. Every chair on the floor of the House was occupied and even the loft-like gallery which is consecrated to the energetic representatives of the fourth estate was invaded by the delegates. It was a full House, but it is safe to my never was the chamber filled with a gathering so united in their support of the question under consideration. Hon. Mr. Blair occupied the clerk's chair, and with him was Hon. Mr. Mulock, Postmaster-General. A short time after the proceedings opened Mr. Laurier entered and was received with applause. Hon. Mr. Cox and the members who represent the constituencies of the canal district were ranged around the Ministers.

Hon. Mr. Blair called the gathering to order and asked Mr. McHugh, who he said was to be congratulated on the proportions of the deputation which he (Mr. McHugh) had been instrumental in organizing, to introduce the deputation.

Mr. McHugh was brief in introducing the deputation, referring to the deep earnestness which moved the people of the canal district in seeking the completion of the work.

HON. SENATOR COX.

Hon. Mr. Cox then followed, and in a short speech said that while the canal had engaged the attention of the district through which it passed for a great many years, it was only in recent years that it had attracted the attention of the country as a work of national importance. He spoke of the large stretch of natural waterway included in the canal, which was required by the men of the west seeking the markets of the east. It had been said that the present Government would not construct this canal, but he felt quite sure this would not be the case. The men at the head of the ship of state were not the kind of men who would not see the importance of the work.

Hon. Mr. Mullock—Will it provide the way for floating the ship of state? (Laughter).

MR. CARNEGIE SPEAKS.

Mr. John Carnegie, who was introduced by Hon. Mr. Cox in concluding, was the next speaker, and he made an excellent speech. All the speakers were handicapped by the fact that they had to be brief, as the Ministers are busy men these days and there were so many municipalities to be represented by speakers. Mr. Carnegie, however, covered a good deal of ground. He said in opening—and he was occupying the place usually occupied by one of the Ministers—that he felt like saying Mr. Speaker, and moving an address to the Crown appropriating a sum sufficient to complete this canal, and he knew that he would have the support of both sides of the House. (Laugster). And as the Minister had had an opportunity of seeing a portion of the canal route he felt pretty confident that they would have him (Mr. Blair) heart and soul with them. Mr. Carnegie then went on to point out that the question naturally presented itself to the Government in several aspects—what had the Dominion to do with a work of this kind, what was its local benefit, and, as politicians, how many votes were affected by it? He reminded them that the "Trent Valley route" was a better term than "canal," for it was not a canal as the Erie was. Of the 200 miles of its route only 30 miles was canal, the remainder being open navigation. They could look at the map and they would see that the direct line from the wheat fields of the west was by the Trent Valley route. Before the white man had settled there at all the Indians had recognized this as the most direct route. He pointed out that with the completion of the work under construction there would be 180 miles of an uninterrupted chain of navigation from Healey's Falls to Lake Simcoe. What the Government had to deal with was the work as it stood to-day, and what would they do under existing circumstances. Men in the beginning had their doubts, but these doubts were now removed when so much had been done. Here were 180 miles of internal navigation with only twenty miles of canal to be constructed in order to give connection with Montreal and the seaboard by barge navigation. It was an indisputable fact that the Erie canal controlled the freight rates between the great lakes and the seaboard, and Mr. Carnegie went on to show the advantages the Trent canal would bring. He drew attention to the country through which the canal passed, its 300,000 of population, which he compared to New Brunswick, British Columbia and the Territories, or to Prince Edward Island, in the latter case being three times greater. They said this was a large deputation, but they were quite a considerable people, and he would tell the Ministers that there were no better men in the world and every mother's son was native born. (Applause). Mr. Carnegie then gave figures regarding freight rates, making good use of the Erie canal as he went along. In closing he told the Government they could not get back the money spent. That was gone, and were they going to allow the work to stop and not go on and complete it?

THE DIFFERENT RIDINGS.

It was understood that Mr. Carnegie was to occupy more time than the others, who were to speak briefly more to show the representative character of the delegation than anything else.

Mr. W. H. Bennett, M.P, of East Simcoe, who is an enthusiastic supporter of the canal, was called on to introduce the speakers from his constituency. In doing so Mr. Bennett remarked that he would reserve his remarks for the time when the matter came before the House. But he added that while he did not follow the Premier always he would on the occasion of a grant being proposed.

Warden Sneath, of Simcoe county, Mayor Sanderson, of Orillia, Mayor Horrel, of Midland, Mayor Radenhurst, of Barrie, Reeve Newton, of Tay township, and Geo. Thompson, of Orillia, were then introduced in turn by Mr. Bennett, and each spoke briefly urging the rapid completion of the canal. Mayor Sanderson made a speech to the point, by dealing with the freight charges.

Major Sam Hughes, M.P., was next asked to introduce the representatives from North Victoria, and introduced Warden Wood, of Victoria, who supported the petition for the rapid completion of the work, and urged that at the present time when so many men were out of work it would give employment to the laboring men.

Major Hughes said on account of the time being occupied, he would not call on Messrs. Ellis and Austin, who were to have spoken.

Mr. McHugh, M P., with a few words then introduced the South Victoria representatives. They were Messrs M M Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, J D Flavelle, of Lindsay, and Mr Jas Graham, who said he represented the the south part of South Victoria. Each of these gentlemen addressed the Ministers endorsing what had been said.

Mr. Lang, M. P., of East Peterborough, was requested to introduce the speakers from his riding. Mr. Lang said he believed that the deputation was unnecessary for the Hon. Minister must have seen on his recent trip that this was a work of necessity. It had been used for election purposes to keep the late Government in power, and he believed it had helped them, but latterly, he also believed, it had helped to turn them out and it would turn out the present Government if it was not proceeded with. He then introduced Mr. John Burnham, ex-M.P.

Mr. Burnham said after what Mr. Lang had said regarding the effect of this work upon the late Government, he supposed he was an example. (Laughter). In his short speech Mr. Burnham said it had been pointed out that the population of this canal district was 300,000, people but he believed if the scheme had been carried out early the population would have been nearer one million than 300,000. This deputation was the spontaneous arising of the whole people and was not the result of effort on the part of any one individual. He then spoke as a member of the County Council of Peterborough, which had always been prominently interested in this work, not as a local work only but as one that would benefit the whole Dominion.

Warden Anderson was also introduced and spoke briefly.

Mr. Jas Kendry, M P., then introduced the West Peterborough representatives, and in doing so he spoke briefly of the importance of the canal, and said he hoped the Government would bring down a substantial sum to further the work. He then introduced Mayor Yelland and Councillor Meldrum, both of whom endorsed what had been said. The former thanked the past Government for what they had done and the present for what it was doing. The latter gentleman referred to the freight rates, and the advantages that would come to the shipper if the water route was given to them.

Mr. Corby, M P., for West Hastings, introduced the Trenton representatives, and, like the other Conservative members, promised the Minister his support on this question, if they brought down a grant. He introduced Mayor Morrison and Messrs. W.H. Austin and Jas Bigelow, of Trenton, who each spoke briefly.

Mr. Cochrane, M P., for East Northumberland, would also support the Government if they proceeded with the work. He introduced Reeve Powers who was brief.

Mr. Gullett, M P., then spoke for West Northumberland.

THE EX-PREMIER.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, who was in the Chamber, was called on by Hon. Mr. Cox. The ex-Premier said the Premier and his colleagues knew the policy of the late Government in regard to this work, and if it had not been carried out as rapidly as he and others might have desired it was on account of the financial difficulty presented to the late Government as it might be to the present. He hoped it would be completed as rapidly as possible. The eastern portion was of importance as then there would be connection with the seaboard up to Lake Simcoe. Hon. Mr. Blair, after seeing the route and considering the large sums already expended, must recognize that it would be folly not to go on and complete the work.

This concluded the speaking, and Hon Mr Cox said they now awaited the verdict.

HON. MR. BLAIR SPEAKS.

Hon. Mr. Blair was received with applause as he rose to reply. He said he did not think they would anticipate a verdict at that moment without giving the jury an opportunity of conferring together. He would like it had there been a larger representation of the Cabinet present, not to hear particularly, but to see the large and influential deputation that was assembled, evidencing that the people were greatly interested in the prosecution of this work. The Minister referring to the attractions of Ottawa during a session said it might be these that had drawn a frac-

Continued on Page 8.

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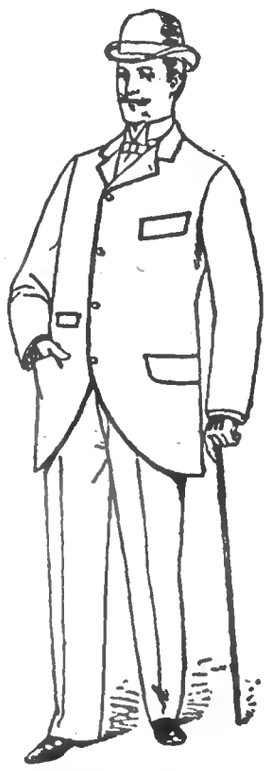

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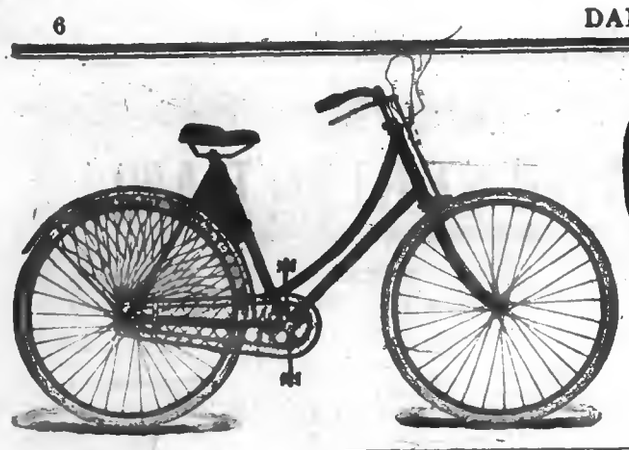

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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

Gastronomic Fancies - The Latest in Table Decorations.

Parsley is used in many dishes for seasoning as well as garnishing. An easy way of chopping parsley is to dip the sprigs into boiling water in which a piece of soda of the size of a pea has been dissolved, and let them stay there a moment, when they will turn a bright green; place them upon a board, and with a sharp knife cut the leaves quickly into particles; when powdered parsley is desired place the sprigs, after taking them from the boiling water, on a plate in a hot oven for a few moments; when the parsley is dry it can readily be made into powder by rubbing it through a sieve.

The French manner of combining pink and yellow is in great favor for table decorations. Yellow daffodils placed among long wired loops of broad pink satin ribbon are very handsome and effective, and ices served in pink paper cups encircled by a wreath of stemless daffodils upon a pink plate help to carry out the color scheme.

When a fire has to be kept up all night in the room of an invalid, an old loose glove should be kept handy with a long wooden stick. With the glove on, a piece of coal can be picked up with the fingers and put on the fire without making a sound, while when the fire requires poking this can be done with the stick with far less noise than with an ordinary poker.

Among the latest uses to which fresh bread has been put is to furnish decorations in the way of artificial flowers. It is said that these bread blossoms are excellent imitations when first made and artistically colored. As the bread becomes old the flowers take on a faded look, which makes them still more true to nature.

Save your egg shells and use them to clean bottles, vinegar cruets and carafes. Put the shells away in a convenient box, and, when ready to wash the bottles, crush the shells up fine, partly fill the bottles with them, pour over them hot soapsuds, shake well, and rinse.

Wind-burned faces are the result of bicycling against the strong March winds. A mixture of equal parts of olive oil and vaseline proves a healing remedy for the skin when burned in this way. Soft linen cloths dipped in water in which baking soda has been dissolved and laid upon cheeks and foreheads will give prompt relief.

To prevent a bruise from becoming discolored, apply immediately water as hot as can be borne comfortably, changing the cloth as soon as it loses its heat. If hot water is not to be had at once, moisten some dry starch with cold water and cover the bruised part with it.

A very convenient article to have in a house is a smooth, strong stick about forty inches long, with a deep notch in one end. With this pictures may be lifted by the wires from their hooks, brushed and replaced, thus saving the climbing up and down on a stepladder, which is so tiresome to a woman.

Fresh stains upon wall paper where people have rested their heads can be removed by covering the spot with a mixture of pipeclay and water made into a soft paste and letting it remain over night. Then brush it off with a stiff whisk broom.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

The close cropped thick brown hair, displays a well shaped head, the forehead is broad and full, the eyes large, dark gray, and capable of almost any expression; usually they look out from his handsome face with a half-contemptuous indifference to all things, that leads one to fancy those eyes may have a history; this may or may not be the case. Doctor Heath came to W— less than a year ago, armed with a personal certificate of merit from the first of the great New York physicians, bought out the practice of a broken down old resident doctor, fitted up a handsome office and settled down to his business. He hired a small cottage as a place of residence, installed a deaf old woman as housekeeper and maid of all work, and lived a quiet bachelor life, riding a good horse, smoking a good cigar, and growing in favor with polite W— society.

And this is absolutely all that W— can tell concerning Dr. Clifford Heath. What was his past, whence he came, what the length of his purse or pedigree, no one knows. People have tried to find out something—of course—but Doctor Heath has a wonderful way of setting aside the hints of the curious, and he ignores the right of W— to know his private history, with a cool impertinence that is as exasperating as it is effectual.

As he thinks, Miss Wardour watches; but no change comes over the calm, smooth shaven face, every feature expresses firmness and strength, and nothing more.

"And so you want an able officer to take this business in hand, Miss Wardour," says Clifford Heath, at length. "If it is as you suspect, it will need a shrewd man, and you have no clue, save those that are now being inspected," with a light laugh, "by our worthy constable and his supporters."

Constance Wardour arose and came close to the table, speaking in a low voice.

"Yes, Doctor Heath, I will trust you, although I intended saying nothing of this until an officer arrived. I have a clue, slight, although it may be, it is—"

She drew from her pocket a small white roll, and unfolding it, held up for his inspection half of a fine cambric handkerchief, and a tiny stoppered vial of finest cut glass.

Doctor Heath glanced at the vial and uttered one word.

"Chloroform."

"Chloroform," repeated Miss Wardour; "when I was awakened, by the knocking at my door, I found this," shaking the fragment of cambric, "lying lightly across my face; and the vial, on the little night stand beside my bed. Aunt Honor was rapping for admittance, and when she had made me comprehend the situation, we decided that it was best to say nothing of this. What seems most strange is, that it was administered with so much care; I am affected by the smallest quantity of the drug, and an ordinary dose would have put me under medical treatment. I could not have left my bed for a week, had they given me as much as would serve only to stupify Aunt Honor there."

"No," interrupted Mrs. Alliston, once more half emerging from her window. "It would have been worse than that; I think an overdose of chloroform would kill Constance. It seems as if they knew just how much to give."

Was it fancy, or did a troubled look rest for a moment in the eyes of Doctor Heath, and on his countenance a shade of pallor?

"This is, to my mind, the most serious aspect of the affair," he said gravely. "Mrs. Alliston is right; an overdose of that drug would be fatal to you. Your life has been jeopardized. I agree with Mrs. Alliston, your investigation is in the hands of bunglers; let us hunt these fellows down."

"I will see that an officer is telegraphed for at once; but—shall I send to the regular bureau, or—how?"

"There is one man in the city, if he is in the city now, who is qualified for the position he holds. He has withdrawn himself from the regular force, and acts solely on his own responsibility. He is much sought after, and possesses wonderful abilities; some of his exploits have been truly astounding."

"And this man is"

"Mr. Lamotte; Mr. Francis Lamotte," announced a servant.

"Show them in," said Constance, at the same time gathering up the piece of cambric and the little vial and putting them in her pocket.

Doctor Heath arose, and taking up his hat, murmured an apology.

"I have a patient at this hour, Miss Wardour, and will call again during the day. You will not stand in need of my counsel now," smilingly. "Mr. Lamotte can give you all needful advice, and he is sure to be right," and Dr. Heath bowed himself out.

"The Wardour diamonds," he muttered, as he mounted his horse. "And to think that they almost cost her her life; a skilled hand was it? Well, when the detective comes, I too, may have a clue for him."

CHAPTER III.

Mr. Jasper Lamotte is a tall man, a dark man, and a stately man. He is grave of speech, yet very suave and pleasing. He is open handed and charitable, and a very popular man among the people of W—. He will rein in his blooded horses to ask after the health of his factory hands, and doff his hat to the wife of his humblest tenant. He has been for many years a resident of W—. Years ago he was a great traveler, coming and going almost incessantly, but, after a time, he built the largest and newest of the W— mills, and settled himself down to rear his family, and attend in person to his "bales and shekels."

Francis Lamotte is, what his father has been, a tall, dark eyed, sallow skinned young man, with a Greek profile, a profusion of curling dusky hair, a soft slow voice, a sweet and most pleasing smile; aristocratic hands and feet, a most affable manner; a very agreeable companion, and a dutiful son and brother. So saith W—. Such is Francis Lamotte, and being such, he is voted, with one consent, the handsomest young man in W—. Francis Lamotte, too, is popular with the people of W—; handsome and fascinating, the son of a father whose fortune is said to be enormous; he is welcomed in every household circle, and he brings pleasure and courtesy wherever he enters.

"Constance, my child, what is this that I hear?" exclaims Jasper Lamotte, taking the hand of Miss Wardour as she advances to meet him. "Have they not exaggerated the truth? The village is full of rumors."

"Constance, good morning," breaks in Francis Lamotte.

"Father's head is a little turned by all this. Have you had a burglar? Have they stolen the Wardour diamonds? And are you frightened to death? And," with a malicious glance toward Mrs. Alliston, who had forsaken her window and was rolling slowly towards them, serene, and dignified, "did they bind and gag dear Mrs. A—?" "Yes, yes! and no, no!" says Constance, cutting off the retort that was rising to the lips of her aunt. "Be seated, Mr. Lamotte; sit down Frank. I have 'had a burglar,' they did steal my diamonds. But—well, they did not frighten me for I was not aware of their presence, and they did not bind Aunt Honor for they—"

"Hadn't rope enough," interrupts that lady, at which they all laugh.

"But seriously, Constance," resumes Lamotte pere, "this is a bad business; a very bad business; good gracious! are we all to be robbed at the pleasure of these rascals? plundered whenever their pockets run dry? It's abominable! What has been done? There should be an officer on the spot now."

"So there is," breaks in Aunt Honor, with suspicious sweetness. "Constable Corliss and Mayor Soames are examining the library and dressing room."

Mr. Lamotte retains his gravity, but after exchanging demure glances, and in spite of themselves, Constance and Francis Lamotte laugh outright.

"Then, my friends, let us await a revelation," Francis drawls in the most approved 'camp meeting" fashion.

"Poor Corliss!" Mr. Lamotte smiles slightly; "at any rate he will try to do his duty But, Constance, you should have an officer here as soon as possible; I should not have come here venturing my suggestions but I learned, accidentally, that your lawyer, O'Meara, is absent; that is another misfortune. O'Meara has a long clear head; would not make a bad detective himself. As he is away, and you need some one to act for you, why, I place myself at your disposal; if you have not already appointed an agent," with another smile.

"I have made no move in the matter, Mr. Lamotte; indeed, I have hardly had time to think, as yet. I suppose, too, that we have lost valuable time, and yet we can't get a detective down here in a moment. Pray take what measure you deem best, and let us have the best officer that we can get. I am especially anxious to capture the thieves if possible—and the diamonds—of course."

"England expects every man to do his duty," quoted Francis. "Constance give me an appointment, too."

"So I will," retorted Constance, wickedly. "I think you are eminently fitted to assist—Mr. Corliss."

"Frank, be serious," says Mr. Lamotte, with a touch of severity. "Now Constance, let us do what we can to make up for this unavoidable loss of time; first tell me, as minutely as you can, just how this robbery was discovered."

"It's a very brief story," says Constance, smiling slightly, and then she narrates, in a somewhat hurried manner, as if she were weary of the subject, and wanted to have done with it, the events of the morning, omitting, however, to mention the finding of the chloroform vial, and the half square of cambric.

"Mr. Soames and the constable—and several more, were on the spot with great promptness," finished she, with a comical glance toward Mrs. Alliston.

"We overlooked their proceedings until we discovered that they would do no actual damage, but would leave everything exactly as they found it, and then—"

"Yes," interrupted Francis, with a queer smile upon his lips, "and then you found a more agreeable occupation."

"And then," continued Constance, as if she had not heard him, but returning his half-malicious look with interest, "Dr. Heath called, and I told him all about it. He is very clear headed and sensible, and I was sorry his time was so limited; he might have been of some assistance, and—"

"Too bad," again broke in young Lamotte, with something very like a sneer

To be Continued

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FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY APRIL 7, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman. Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE OF APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman. The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Ianes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

Mrs. Beck, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. G. F. Warde, Mrs. A. L. Davis, Mrs. Jno. McKee, Mrs. Gilchrist, Miss Martha Dickson, Miss Beck, Rev. E. F Torrance, D.D.; Rev. Father Scanlan, Rev. H. Symonds, Rev. J. J. Rae, Mayor Yelland, Mr Peter Campbell, Mr. J. J McBain, Mr. J. L. Hughes, Mr. W. B. Bamford

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RIGHTS OF MINORITIES

No Longer Guaranteed by the Constitution of This Country, Argues Senator Scott.

Ottawa, April 6.—(Special.)—Hon. R. W. Scott made an interesting speech in the Senate to-day on the school question.

Previous to resumption of the debate Sir Oliver Mowat introduced a bill to provide for trials before jury in certain cases in the Territories. The object of the measure, he explained, was to remove any doubt which might exist as to the jurisdiction of the Territorial Assembly in passing a bill of the same title, which was passed at its last session.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: Will it give a larger jurisdiction in the matter of such legislation?

Sir Oliver Mowat: The bill only provides for the special act referred to, and does not go into the larger field of general jurisdiction.

The debate on the address was continued by Senator Scott. Coming to the Manitoba school question, he expressed the conviction that the minority had been guaranteed Separate schools under the Act of the Union. It might sound paradoxical, but he now believed that that right had been swept away by the judgment of the Privy Council, and was no longer a part of the constitution. He had all along believed the Schools Acts of 1890 should immediately have been disallowed by the Federal Government. That was the kind of legislation Mr. Blake's resolution exempted from the operation of the principle enunciated in his resolution. Had the Dominion Government, acting on the principle affirmed in that resolution, immediately submitted the question to disallow any of the Acts of 1890 to the Supreme Court, we now know that it would have been declared that that legislation was ultra vires of the Local Legislature, which opinion would have vindicated the action of the Government in disallowing the Acts. And there would have been no appeal from that decision or opinion to the Privy Council, for it was only in the following year that the law was passed allowing an appeal from the judgment of the Supreme Court in cases referred to that court by the executive for a reasoned opinion. The delay in submitting the question to the courts, however, resulted in the overruling of the unanimous judgment of the Supreme Court declaring the Acts of 1890 ultra vires of the Provincial Legislature. That judgment of the Privy Council was clear cut and definite, and resulted in a terrible failure of justice.

He then went on to show that the judgment of the Privy Council in declaring the School Acts of 1890 unconstitutional was tantamount to a declaration that the rights of the minority had been taken away. The Supreme Court in giving judgment in the subsequent appeal recognized this, and Mr. Justice Taschereau's utterances on this point declared most explicitly that since the Acts of 1890 had been declared constitutional by the Privy Council the constitution was changed so far as the rights of minorities were concerned, and the Federal Government had no power to interfere or hear an appeal from the minority. This judgment was of course overruled by the subsequent appeal to the Privy Council, but the second judgment of the Privy Council, he maintained, was merely permissive—an expression of opinion. This was proven, inasmuch as it could not be executed or enforced. It was merely a declaration, and not a judgment.

PART OF THE SHOW.

Why Chappie Kicked Himself For His Boorishness.

She tripped lightly down the aisle, and an usher gave her a seat in the first row. To be sure, her hair looked as if peroxide had lent a helping hand in giving it color, but from under the huge hat appeared a pretty face. Now, a pretty face covers a multitude of sins, and the chappie who was seated directly behind her tried his best to let her know he was there.

Her appalling hat was adorned with plumes, and people behind her wondered if she would take it off. Chappie was sure of it.

"There's a girl who is up to date," said he; "she reads the papers, and I'll bet she takes it off when the curtain goes up."

"I hope she does," replied the man next to him, "for if she leaves it on I'm afraid I shall not see much, and I am sure you won't, because you are directly behind her."

"Don't worry," Chappie said consolingly.

The maiden heard part of the conversation and smiled under the hat.

The orchestra came in and played the overture, but she still kept the hat on.

The bell rang, the curtain rose, and she sat there wholly unconcerned.

Chappie's expressions of admiration changed to remarks of disgust, but the damsel noticed him not.

The play was well under way, and Chappie was about to utter a good, round protest, when his revenge came in a different way.

The two comedians came down to the footlights and sang a topical song. They sang of various things of interest, and gradually drifted around to the theatre hat. Right in the midst of the song they stopped and looked down at the pretty blonde in the first row. The audience began to titter and chappie laughed aloud. The damsel hesitated a moment, then raised her hands to her head, pulled out two long hat pins, and lifted off her hat.

The house roared, and Chappie yelled "Good," at the top of his voice. The comedians finished their song, and then the pretty blonde got up and went out. As she passed Chappie she smiled at him, but he had hardened his heart against her and took no notice of her.

"That's a good thing," said a young man to Chappie as they strolled out.

"What's a good thing?"

"That big hat," explained the young man. "It goes with the show."

Chappie smiled a sickly smile, but kept his peace.—Detroit Free Press.

Domestic Science.

"My wife took a nap yesterday afternoon, and I kept the baby still two hours."

"How did you manage it?"

"Nailed his clothes to the floor and gave him a paper lampshade to play with."—Chicago Record.

THAT ENGLEDUE DEAL.

Continued from Page 1.

prospector in New Ontario, and though he was a Canadian, had not received such handsome treatment from the Government as that accorded Col. Engledue. One member of the alleged South African Company was Mr. Kerr, a citizen of Toronto, and the man who had neglected to send on the resignation of a member of the House. There was a chain of evidence to show that the deal had been the result of the cracking of the party whip over the heads of the Government by men who had often been subjected to similar treatment themselves. The 150 feet taken away from Mr. Caldwell would yield from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000. In all fairness, that gentleman, having spent all his money in building up the country, deserved better treatment at the hands of the Government. The Commissioner of Crown Lands had, however, submitted to the strong party pressure brought to bear upon him and had not given him fair play.

Mr. Haycock was of the opinion that the question was, Was the contract in the interests of the people of Ontario, or was it not as the ordinary purchaser? The $20,000 guarantee would be permitted by the bill to be used to purchase 13,300 acres of the location. Even, therefore, if the company did not spend another cent in purchasing property, they would have that much at the end of the three years. The only suggestion he would make to the Government would be that they only give in future agreements every alternate mile and reserve the other alternate mile to themselves. He regretted that there was not in the new Mining Act a clause which offered every man the same advantages as were offered Col. Engledue's syndicate, with the alternate mile reservation embodied, as he proposed. If 500 men were to get the same conditions, the Government would be given a guarantee of $40,000,000, and $80,000,000 would be expended in development. He would support the Government in the deal, but regretted that the provision he suggested was not included.

Mr. McPherson, the Patron-Liberal member for Glengarry, supported Mr. Pattullo's amendment to the amendment.

Mr. Beatty of Leeds and Mr. St. John continued the debate.

The Attorney-General arose at eight minutes to midnight. He accused Mr. St. John of making assertions about matters which could not be proved.

An acrimonious discussion followed between Messrs. Hardy and St. John, much to the amusement of the House.

The Premier concluded with a few sarcastic references to Mr. St. John's alleged lack of knowledge of the subject and a defence of his treatment of Mr. Caldwell.

Dr. Willoughby and Mr. Howland concluded the debate, and the House divided at 1 o'clock.

THE DIVISION.

The result was a vote of 56 to 26 in favor of Mr. Pattullo's amendment to the amendment.

Mr. Whitney's amendment was then lost without division.

Of the Patrons all but Mr. Gamey voted with the Government, while six Government members, including Mr. Conmee and two Opposition members, were absent.

"Now, when you ask papa for me be sure to face him like a man."

"You bet I will. He doesn't get any chance at my back if I can help it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.00 to $3.05.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling unsettled. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c to 72c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 28c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 18½c to 19c west and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The market to-day was quiet, with receipts of 55 carloads. Demand for cattle was restricted. There is an unsettled feeling among exporters of stockers to Buffalo, owing to the uncertainty in connection with the regulations on cattle entering American markets. Buffalo buyers say that nothing has been decided upon yet, but there was very little trading in this line of cattle.

The demand for choice shipping cattle was rather slow, but prices ruled steady at 4c to 4¼c for the best, and 3¾c per lb. for ordinary. Stockers sold at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls for export, 3¼c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle were rather dull, owing to good supply; the best qualities sold at 3¼c to 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $30 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Spring lambs sold at $3.50 to $5 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 150 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2½c. Lambs firm, there being sales at 5½c to 5¾c per lb.

Hogs are weaker, with receipts of 1700. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c. Light weights at 4¾c to 4¾c, sows at 3½c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 6.—Spring wheat, 6s 2½d to 6s 4d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 0½d to 6s 2d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 56s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 29s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage weak. English country markets dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures steady at 5s 9¼d for May, 5s 9½d for July and 5s 9d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8d for May, 2s 10d for July and 3s for Sept.

Paris—Wheat, 22f for May; flour, 44f 65c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 5s 9½d for May and July and 5s 8¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¼d for May, 2s 10d for July and 3s for Sept. Flour, 21s 3d.

London—Close—Wheat off coast rather easier. Maize on passage quiet for American and easy for Danubian.

Paris—Close—Wheat steady at 22f for May; flour, 44f 45c for May.

Windsor Salt

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Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 5, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins 1	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

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From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

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SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,566,688	$541,678
North American	3,556,960	1,714,756
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	717,039
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, fifth door east from George Street, Methuen's Terrace.

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ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, will be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 56.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Vivri Co'y, 168 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1yr&w

Baby Mass of Sores

Face Like a Slice of Raw Beef. Cried Night and Day. Would Rub Scratch and Scream.

Moisture from Sores so Great Changed Cloths 12 Times a Day. Hands Tied for Five Months.

After One Application of CUTICURA Child Slept. Cured Without a Scar.

My baby, when one year old (photograph herewith), broke out all over with a rash. He was a mass of sores. You could not put your finger on him anywhere there was not a sore. His face looked like a slice of fresh beef, and he cried night and day. He would rub, scratch, and scream. The doctor called and left some powder to put on him, but it did no good. It would take two to hold him, and one to put medicine on him. We had to hold him sometimes an hour or two before we could get him quieted down. All said that they never saw such a face or body on any baby as on him. I had to cut the sleeves out of his clothes, and put gauze underwear on him to keep him cool. I had to keep pieces of soft cloth around his neck, it was so wet with moisture from the sores, and had to change the cloths sometimes ten or twelve times a day. I had to tie his hands tight in a cloth, night and day, for five months. My sister had used CUTICURA, and I began to use it and was surprised at the result. *After only one application, he lay down and slept* as he had not for a month, poor little fellow. After I had used CUTICURA REMEDIES a day he was glad to have me wash and dress him. He has not a scar on him now, and is as fair and his flesh is as soft as any baby just born. He was absolutely cured in three months by one cake CUTICURA SOAP, two boxes CUTICURA (ointment), and one-half bottle CUTICURA RESOLVENT.

MRS. AB HAYNES, Lisbon, N. D.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin Disease," free.

COMPLEXION Hands and Hair purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,

2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897

The Protestant Home.

The committee of management of the Peterborough Protestant Home gratefully acknowledge the following donations for the months of February and March:—Mrs. Chas McGill, Toronto daily papers; Mrs. Jos Armstrong, reading matter; Mr. J B Oke, apples; Mrs Needanham, (Deere), wool quilt; Mrs. George Barnham, man's overcoat; Mr. R. Philp, barrel of apples; Charlotte-st. junior Epworth League, cakes.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

A QUESTION OF MONEY.

Continued from Page 5.

tion of them there. (Cries of "No no.")

Mr. Blair—I am telling just what ran through my mind.

A voice—"You're wrong."

Mr. Blair again spoke of the representative character of the deputation and of his pleasant trip over the route. He was bound to say that from the standpoint of the local advantages it would be to the people living along its banks he was impressed by his trip. He had not been able to study the question so as to decide whether it would realize the large things the people said of it. As a Government they were bombarded by deputations with undertakings of supreme importance, and he instanced the deepening of the canals, and the Ottawa canal. The Government had to steer a course in prudent discrimination, and if he was not able to give any convincing proof to them as regarded their approval of the Trent Valley canal they must not feel that the Government was prejudiced against the work or unwilling to take it up. He hoped they would not draw any unfair conclusions.

HON. MR. LAURIER.

Mr. Laurier was given a warm reception when he rose. He said he had not heard all, but he had heard enough to be convinced that the people of the country through which the canal went were deeply interested in the work and its early completion. The question of completing it or not was one past discussion, and the only question was how soon. He made a happy reference to the promised support of Messrs. Bennet, Cochrane and the others, and continuing said the question was one of *finances* and *money*. If they had the money they would do it at once, but if they had not the money they would have to wait. Some people thought the Government niggardly in spending money, but he said this Government liked to spend money, but if they took up all the demands to build a railroad here and a canal there the present taxes of the people would not be sufficient. If they put on extra taxes he supposed they could rely on the support of Mr. Bennett, Mr. Cochrane and the other hon. members who had spoken. (Laughter). Sir Mackenzie Bowell had put the case as it should be. "We all agree," said Mr. Laurier, "that the work should be prosecuted as rapidly as the finances of the country will allow."

Hon. Mr. Mullock spoke briefly as a man from Ontario and promised to be an advocate with his colleagues

Hon. Mr. Cox thanked the Premier and the Ministers for their audience, and said if it was only a question of money he would lend the Government the money necessary. (Laughter).

This concluded the interview, and after many had met Mr. Laurier and the Ministers the delegates dispersed to view the sights of the capital.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

About half the number that went down on the special returned on the early morning train to-day.

The deputation was photographed in a group on the steps in front of the Parliament buildings.

Mr. James Kendry, Peterborough's popular member, was ever on the alert looking after the wants of the delegation from Peterborough county. Mr. Kendry is a new member at Ottawa, but it was evident that he had already won a warm place in the estimation his fellow members on both sides of the House.

The canal deputation crowded the hotels and sleeping room at the three leading hotels was at a premium.

A Peterborough "sleeper" was attached to the "up" train last night and left on the siding here for the accommodation of the Peterborough contingent.

The special arrived in Ottawa about 7.45 o'clock on Monday evening.

The Peterborough gentlemen who organised the deputation are to be congratulated on its success. It was of the greatest importance that the crowd should be large and representative, and it was all that.

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicaped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

POINT BLANK QUESTION.

Evangelist Ranton's Earnest Appeal Listened to by a Large Audience.

The interest in the evangelistic services at the George-st. church is increasing every night and many are giving serious attention to Rev. Mr. Ranton's appeals. Previous to the sermon the evangelist answered some questions that had been handed to him. "Point Blank Question" was the subject of Mr. Ranton's address, the text being the words: "Is thine heart right."—II Kings x, 15.

After a historical introduction he proceeded to deal with the heart that was not right. It was a heart that was impenitent, unforgiving and worldly. The heart that was right was a contrite, *trustful*, loving heart.

During the service Miss Pascoe sang a solo very sweetly.

To-night Mr. Ranton will speak on the subject "Judas Iscariot."

"Jimmie" Blaine Wins a Pool Match.

The Belleville Intelligencer says:—A pool match was played last evening in the billiard room of the Victoria hotel between "Jimmie" Blaine, of Peterborough, and a man named Hudson, from Ottawa. The game was 100 points continuous pool, and Blaine finished his string when his opponent was at 67. George J Johnson refereed the game, which was witnessed by a large number of young men.

—Mr. W. Sandy, who is to be the new G.T.R. station agent here, was banquetted by the citizens of Stirling on Monday evening.

A Banker's Experience.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thos. Dawson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as cheap, simple and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Just at This Season of the Year

when so many intending purchasers are looking around and comparing the different grades and makes of wheels a word of advice would not be out of place. There are many who imagine a wheel is all right because it happens to look pretty, but varnish and charity are synonomous, both cover a multitude of sins, so it is a good idea to enquire and if possible inspect the facilities that the maker has at his command for the manufacture of the wheel which he sells. Recognizing this fact H. A. Lozier & Co., manufacturers of the Cleveland bicycle, have thrown open their factory at Toronto Junction to all who care to inspect for themselves the manner and care which enters into the construction of the Cleveland bicycle and a hearty invitation is extended to all intending visitors to Toronto to call on H. A. Lozier & Co., Yonge-st, where they will be given the privilege of inspecting the factory. The visitors and delegates at the annual meeting of the C.W.A. are specially invited.

At Police Court.

Alex. Ross appeared in Police Court this morning charged with robbing a hen house on Bonaccord-st. belonging to Gordo Wright. He elected to be tried by the Magistrate and was remanded until Monday. Jos. Brooks, a vagrant, was ordered to leave town. A case in which Wm. Smith charged John O'Donnell with non-payment of wages was dismissed, neither parties appearing.

Good appetite, Restful Sleep Perfect Health and Strength

PRODUCED BY...

VIN MARIANI

"MARIANI WINE"

The Ideal Tonic Stimulant for

BODY, BRAIN AND NERVES

THOUSANDS OF

Physicians, Composers, Authors, Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyers, Artists and others of both sexes testify to this.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Once tried, always relied upon.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.

MONTREAL,

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR

Gold Lack Sec Champagne

Old Empire Rye Whisky

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company, Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

MEN'S HATS FOR SPRING

NEW AND TASTEFUL STYLES.

Men who wish to be well dressed and who are particularly careful as to the style of hats they wear, find much to commend this season in the hats made by Christy, Lincoln, Bennett, Wilkinson, Youmans and Stetson.

THE DERBY HATS for this Spring differ from the Fall hats in the matter of brim, which is rather more flat with the full crown,

We show three different shades of brown together with a beautiful black, they are very Dressy Hats.

The true worth of our $2.50 DERBYS are greatly appreciated by a large class of patrons. "YOUMAN'S" sell at the standard price, $5.00.

THE SILK HAT is a little more bell as to crown than last season, while the brim is flat and similar in curve to the brim of the Derby.

FEDORAS are medium wide in brim with flat set curl, crown not too high.

We have hats to sell this season that are not only pleasing to the eye but also very durable.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

TORONTO. . . . PETERBOROUGH.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 220 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario,

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
891 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 891 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 83. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

RAILWAYS AND BIKES.

Mr. Casey as the Champion of the Wheelmen.

Mr. Blair Doesn't Know Whether the C.P.R. Has Begun Construction or Not—Mr. Cowan Gets in His Alien Labor Bill and Perpetrates a Pun Fall of "Tax"—Mr. Foster Again Asking Questions A Fairly Lively Day in the House.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The grievances of the Canadian wheelmen were aired by Mr. Casey, M. P., this afternoon in introducing a bill to amend the Railway Act, which is designed to compel the railway companies to carry bicycles as personal baggage. He severely scored the railways for imposing a tax on wheels. The bill was read a first time and questions were then taken up.

Mr. Maclean asked: Has the Canadian Pacific Railway yet begun the construction of their line through the Crow's Nest Pass? Does the Government intend to allow that company to begin the work of constructing without first completing the negotiations now going on for modifications in the clauses in the company's charter in the matter of the construction of branch lines and the regulation of the rates and tolls charged by the said company?

Mr. Blair: As to the first clause of the question, I may say the Government is without information as to whether the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has yet begun the construction of a railway through the Crow's Nest Pass, except that it was understood that some grading had been done a couple of years ago in or adjacent to the Pass. As to the second clause of the question, I am afraid I shall be obliged to ask the honorable gentleman to modify or amend the question so as not to contain a statement which I should have to either accept or challenge in answering. If the honorable gentleman will put the question again without the objectionable clause I shall be pleased to answer it.

The Minister of Railways and Canals: In any case, I would ask the hon. member to allow his question, even if he were to modify it, to stand until to-morrow.

Mr. Maclean: I consent to that.

Dr. Sproule was informed by Mr. Sifton that the services of John Dyke, agent in Liverpool, and Thomas Graham, agent at Glasgow, had not been dispensed with. John W. Down was no longer agent at Bristol, but no successor had been appointed. The following gentlemen had been appointed for emigration work: A. F. Jury, to work in England, salary $150 a month; W. L. Griffith, Wales, $100 a month; H. M. Murray, Scotland, $2000 a year; Thomas Duncan, Scotland, $100 a month; C. R. Devlin, Ireland, $2000 a year; Edward O'Kelly, Ireland, $150 a month; John Webster, Ireland, $75 a month.

Mr. Foster moved the adjournment of the House to call attention to the statement of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson at the G. T. R. shareholders' meeting in London yesterday that the Dominion Government had consented to defray the cost of enlarging the Victoria Bridge at Montreal. It appeared that Parliament was to be dependent for the first intimation as to the arrangement when completed by seeing the announcement in the newspaper press. He thought such a course was not treating the House properly.

Mr. Blair said the arrangements with the G. T. R. had not been concluded. It was a matter within the discretion of the President of the G. T. R. to tell shareholders how far the negotiations had proceeded, but if Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson felt warranted in assuming that negotiations would reach the final results it did not at all follow that they had gone so far as to warrant the Government in so advising the House. It might be that the arrangements would come to nothing, but certainly he did not feel justified in making a partial statement on the subject. Nothing would be done which would not be absolutely subject to the sanction of Parliament.

Dr. Montague: Much obliged for that. [Laughter.]

Sir Charles Tupper said this was a very grave point which had been raised. The Government had no right to give information to private individuals or representatives of companies which was withheld from Parlament. Probably £100,000 had changed hands on G. T. R. stocks as a result of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson's statement. Supposing these negotiations came to naught, in what position would Canada be placed? A statement of that kind could not be made without involving the credit and good standing of the Government of Canada, and what affected the Government affected the whole of Canada. If the Government was in a position to recede, then the statement of the G. T. R. president was unwarranted. If they were not in a position to recede then Parliament should have knowledge of the negotiations. Evidently it was becoming the rule with the Government to give to private individuals and corporations information which they refused to the House. It was treating Parliament with contempt. Proceeding, Sir Charles referred to Mr. Fielding's action in calling a private meeting of certain coal owners and acquainting them with his views on the tariff. The meeting at the Windsor Hotel on March 13 was a deliberate attempt to take an unfair and dishonorable advantage of the position which the Government occupied in the interests of the party. Mr. Fielding's declarations should not have been made in a private parlor of a hotel, but on the floors of Parliament. Then his statement would have been given to the press, but why was it that when changing the tariff the Government took possession of the telegraph wires from the moment the tariff resolutions were tabled until they were passed? It was to prevent any one obtaining undue advantage from the knowledge which they might acquire here. Gigantic fortunes could be made within an hour if the information were known. He charged that the meetng of Parliament had been postponed from the 11th to the 25th for the purpose of delaying the bringing down of the tariff and hastening on the Nova Scotia elections. This action on the part of both Governments was a disgraceful conspiracy. They were playing with loaded dice and marked cards. [Loud Opposition cheers.]

Mr. Fielding said it was evident news must have come to Sir Charles Tupper that his friends in Nova Scotia were again realizing the cause of Toryism and Tupperism in that province was dead or dying. [Liberal cheers.] If the hon. gentleman had any idea of carrying the provincial elections he would not have made his ill natured speech to day. Adverting to the G. T. R. matter, he repeated that the negotiations were not yet completed. If the statement of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson had affected the stock markets the Government had nothing whatever to do with it.

Mr. Foster: Well, how about Mr. Dobell?

Mr. Fielding: Mr. Dobell took care of himself and he is well able to do it. [Laughter.] Continuing, he said the statement he had made in Montreal would be the statement when the budget speech was made. The Opposition had it before them and could make use of it if they pleased. The hon. gentleman (Sir Charles Tupper) was one of those represented at the meeting, because he was a director of the General Mining Association.

Sir Charles Tupper: The day I accepted a position under the Government I resigned that office.

Mr. Fielding: Well, the point is of no importance. [Opposition laughter.]

Sir Charles Tupper: May I ask was more than one company represented?

Mr. Fielding: I believe there were.

Sir Charles Tupper: Mr. Button of the International Coal Company said not.

Mr. Fielding, continuing, said there were good and sufficient reasons for the course he had taken, reasons which would commend themselves to the country when they were made known. Proceeding, he pointed out that Sir Charles Tupper was responsible for abolishing the coal duties in 1871 and strangling the National Policy.

Mr. Foster: Eight years before it was born. [Much laughter.]

Mr. Fielding then charged the Opposition with having when in power condemned the Liberals for advocating reciprocity in coal and yet the Government of which Sir Charles Tupper was a member had authorized the writing of a letter to Mr. S. J. Ritchie of Akron, Ohio, to take to Washington, promising reciprocity in coal.

Sir Charles Tupper: Will the hon. gentleman allow me to correct him again? I was not a member of the Government at that time. [Opposition cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Fielding: Well, the hon. gentleman has been slipping in and out so often that it is difficult to follow him. [Laughter.] However, he is out now, and is going to stay out. [Liberal cheers.] In conclusion, he said that it was a scandalous exhibition of duplicity and double dealing on the part of the Conservatives in their policy regarding coal. With regard to the Nova Scotia elections, he had had no communication with the members of that Government in reference to the elections, but he had no doubt that on 20th April Nova Scotia would again show her adhesion to Liberal principles. [Ministerial cheers.]

Dr. Reid moved a resolution in favor of bonusing the export of creamery made butter trade to the extent of one cent a pound, the bonus to be paid only to those farmers sending in regular supplies. In support of his resolution, he urged the necesity of thus encouraging the butter industry in view of the probability of the cheese production of the Northwest being largely stimulated. He congratulated the Government upon carrying out the late Administration's cold storage scheme. If the Government could find millions for the Crow's Nest Pass Railway and for canals, it could surely find the twenty or thirty thousand dollars it would take to give this small bonus to the farmers.

The Minister of Agriculture replied at length. He said the experience in Canada and abroad was against the principles of a butter export bonus. During the six years it was given in Victoria, Australia, the export throve, but so soon as the bonus was stopped the export ceased. For years Quebec gave a similar bonus, but it did not increase the output as largely in proportion as it increased in Ontario without a bonus, although Quebec was better adapted for dairying than Ontario. Moreover, the bonus went to the buyer and not to the farmer. Mr. Fisher also believed that Canada had passed the bonus stage in her dairying industry. For the past three years, successively our export of butter to England had doubled each year, and he believed next season would double the last. During the winter butter had gone to England weekly from Canada. He announced that the cold storage scheme had now been perfected and completed. [Applause.] He concluded by requesting Dr. Reid to withdraw his resolution.

Mr. Davin, however, moved the adjournment of the debate, and so the discussion went over, it being 6 o'clock.

Mr. Casey, after recess, moved the

Continued on Page 7.

THE SENATE AND ITS BAR

Members of the Commons Use the Senate Restaurant.

Senator Perley Raised the Matter in the Red Chamber and Thought the Dignity of the Upper House Was Being Compromised by the Wicked Commoners—Senator Ogilvie Also Was a Bit Fearful in That Line—Senator McDonald Reassured Them—The Riches of the Yukon—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The refreshment question got an airing in the Senate this afternoon. Mr. Perley called attention to the fact that last session the House of Commons had passed an order prohibiting the sale of liquor within the precincts of the Lower House. He understood that a door of communication between the basement of the Commons and the Senate, which had in previous sessions been closed, was now open, and members of the Lower House could come into the Senate restaurant. He thought that it was scarcely fair to the House of Commons that its desire to prohibit the use of liquors should be frustrated by allowing the members to have access to the Senate refreshment rooms. It was derogatory to the dignity of the Senate and in contravention of orders passed by the Upper House last session.

Senator Ogilvie said he had been informed and believed that the order passed by the House of Commons was not enforced, and that the members of the House could obtain what they wanted on their own side without coming near the Senate.

Senator McDonald, British Columbia, said that the reason why the door of communication between the basements of the Senate and the House of Commons was open was because the same caterer served both dining rooms. He presumed that as soon as the Restaurant Committee was appointed the whole matter would be enquired into. The matter then dropped.

Mr. McInnes, M. P., on being asked to-day what he intended to do about The Toronto Globe's attack upon him, says the matter will be dealt with when it comes up in the Commons again in a few days, according to the promise of Mr. Davies. Mr. McInnes says he fully understands the motive which prompted the personal attack on himself. It was the same object that The Globe had in view when it made its former break. "There will be a good many other things of interest come out," concluded Mr. McInnes, "when the proper time comes."

Mgr. Mery Del Val left for Montreal this afternoon. This morning he celebrated mass in the Water-street Hospital, and before leaving the city visited the patients in that institution in company with the chaplain, Rev. Canon Deguire. Yesterday His Excellency Lord Aberdeen called on the Ablegate and took him for a drive about the city in the vice-regal carriage. Mgr. Mery Del Val expressed himself delighted with the Capital, and in parting warmly thanked Lord Aberdeen for his kindness and hospitality.

Mgr. Mery Del Val will go from Montreal to Quebec, where he will spend Easter week. After Easter he will leave for Manitoba, where he will remain for an indefinite length of time before returning to Ottawa.

Mr. Lister, M. P., is to be chairman of a Parliamentary committee to enquire into the best methods of developing the Yukon country. The idea is to establish some system of territorial government for the country and to make it more readily accessible, so as to promote development. Mr. William Ogilvie, the Dominion Land Surveyor, who has been there for the past year or so, and who has been sending reports to Ottawa of extraordinary discoveries of gold, will be home next month (May) and will be examined by the committee. The testimony of other parties will also be taken. In a day or two the British Yukon Chartered Company, the syndicate which proposes seeking the administration of the Yukon country, will lay its scheme fully before the Government. The promoter, C. H. Wilkinson of London, has just returned from Washington, after securing the charter there, necessitated by the fact that a part of the district to be operated in lies in United States territory.

A return brought down to-day shows that the bounties for iron and steel manufactured from Canadian ore since February of last year are as follows: On pig iron, 42,404 tons, bounty $81,809; on iron, puddled bars, 4353 tons, bounty $8707; on steel billets, 35,757 tons, bounty $71,514. The Hamilton Iron and Steel Company produced 3545 tons of pig, bounty $7090; Hamilton Blast Furnace Company, 1497 tons, bounty $2,995; Hamilton Rolling Mills Company, 91 tons of puddled bars, $183.

Brother Andrew Broder, M. P. for Dundas, has, with the assistance of The Montreal Star, unconsciously got Deputy Speaker Brodeur, M. P. for Rouville, into trouble with his constituents. Deputy Speaker Brodeur has received numerous letters from constituents asking him why he denounced the school settlement and opposed the visit of Mr. Fitzpatrick to Rome, as reported by The Montreal Star. Mr. Brodeur did not make any speech this session, but the remarks of Mr. Broder were attributed to him, Mr. Broder's name being mis-spelled Brodeur in the report. The incident, after all, shows there's something in a name.

The Canada Atlantic Railway are sending from three to five special lumber trains a day with lumber for the American market. Last Sunday five special trains were sent out. The officials of the road state that never before in the history of the line have so many trains of lumber passed over their road. During the past week 1162 cars of lumber have been shipped from Ottawa and points east on the line of the C. A. R. The explanation of this great rush is undoubtedly the proposed new tariff on lumber.

Yesterday the roadmasters of the different divisions of the C. P. R. system notified trackmen that their wages in future would be $1.10 a day, and those of section foremen $1.70 a day, an advance of 10 cents all round. The trackmen asked for a raise of 25 cents a day, but have decided to accept the offer of the company. The advance in wages will date from April 1. It affects more than 2000 men.

King Christian is Getting Old.

New York, April 7.—King Christian of Denmark is 79 years old to-day, and a number of prominent Scandinavians in this city and Brooklyn have sent to him their congratulations.

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
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1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
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1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse" Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

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Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
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3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
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Telephone 259. - - - Rents Collected.
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A GOOD PLAIN COOK. APPLY AT ONCE to MRS. R. NEILL, 350 Hunter-st. 3138

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OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X. REVIEW office. d66tf

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 8m

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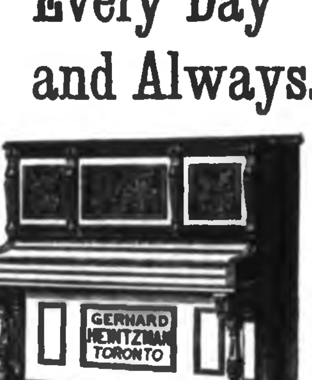
DRESSMAKER
Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

Misses. Ross & Tracey,
DRESSMAKERS
507 Bethune Street . . . . .
All work promptly executed. Give us a trial—satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate. 3md56

"Oh, Why Should We Wait Till To-morrow?"
Why not enjoy your Piano
NOW
Instead of delaying for months.
The pleasure of having a Piano is in having it
Every Day and Always.



When you can get such instruments as the
Gerhard Heintzman and Karn
On terms that will ensure present satisfaction at reasonable prices, decide early.

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THOS. DUNN
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Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street Toronto

Probabilities.
Increasing easterly winds; fair to-day, followed by rain.

R. F.
1897 STYLES

OUR
NEW SPRING STYLES.

CARPETS
Were never so handsome or so reasonable in price.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
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"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
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"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
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QUEEN STREET,
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SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67tf

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Is a Cream of Tartar Powder—It is absolutely pure and gives the best results—In tins only.

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To Have Your Bicycle
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If You Want it Done Right.
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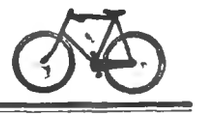

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that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .
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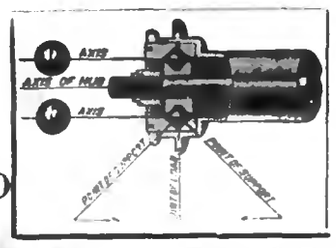

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O. B. SHORTLY, Agent.

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!
KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

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Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars
MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CHAMBLY, P.Q.
No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*
THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS
are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*
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Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at
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BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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EASTER RATES
ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:
TEACHERS AND STUDENTS
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.
GENERAL PUBLIC
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive, Return until April 26th, '97
To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
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THE CITY . . .
Flower Store
Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.
Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.
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Give the Baby a Chance
The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is
Martin's Cardinal Food
a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.
KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .
JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

"How Did She Burn Her Face"
That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter
Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured
Smooth, Soft, White Skin Now.
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:
"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes
Would Be Covered with Blood.
We had a great many doctors to see her, but they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and her face is as
Smooth and White and Soft
as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.
N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get
Hood's Sarsaparilla
The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.
Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.
THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897

THE LICENSE BILL.

Continued from page 3.

in clubs. He held that most men who became drunkards began when they were over 21. He thought that was the experience of most members of the House. [Laughter.] Continuing, he claimed that the clause did not prevent young men from being made drunk by treats from others and then sent home

Sub-section 1, section 10, was amended so that young ladies and gentlemen who are not 21 may now get their drinks at the clubs if they only produce a written order from their parent, guardian or master. The section passed as amended.

Mr German proposed an amendment to sub-section 4 of section 12, which exempts eating houses at railway stations from the application of the clause abolishing saloons. The amendment was intended to exclude the station licenses from the list of those included in the population limit clause.

The amendment was thrown out. The section was then carried and saloons will be in two years a thing of the past.

On motion, section 13 was amended to prevent the issue of a license to a place within 300 feet of the main doorway of a church or school.

When the section relating to the destruction of a license in a residential quarter upon application of 75 residents came up, Mr. Marter wanted to know why the particular number 75 was mentioned instead of a majority.

The Attorney-General explained that the number had been reduced from 100 to 75 at the instance of the temperance deputation. A majority, he claimed, might mean but a dozen voters, which would not be a sufficient number to have a license removed.

The section relating to residential sections was then carled without further discussion.

The various clauses unmentioned were all passed without amendment.

THIRD READINGS.

Among the bills passing a third reading were the following:

Respecting shops and places other than factories—Mr. Dryden.

Respecting land surveyors—Mr. Garrow.

Setting apart certain wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto—Mr. Ross.

Respecting Technical schools—Mr. Ross.

The Surgeon of "Queens Own Canadian Hussars."
Dr. Chas. E. Elliott, M. D., Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Pheno-Baume' (or 'Quickcure') with much success in many cases of foul and suppurating wounds; especially in one case following vaccination, which resisted all treatment for three months, that was quickly cured by four dressings of the above. I am now using it in many forms of skin diseases and ulcers with apparent benefit. For cuts and burns it makes a splendid dressing."

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FROM THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[By special arrangement with Mr. John A. Phillips, the correspondent at Ottawa of the Montreal Gazette, the REVIEW will publish once or twice a week a letter from the capital. The letters will deal with matters before the House and will prove interesting.]

It is now pretty well settled that the Tariff bill will not be introduced until after the Easter recess, and also after the provincial election in Nova Scotia has taken place. There is still a good deal of speculation as to what the tariff amendments will be like, but the conviction grows stronger every day that while there will be a considerable lowering of the tariff it will be as far as possible done with a view to encouraging trade with the Mother Country as opposed to the United States. Thus the Liberal party in office will be able to give another exhibition of how little the Liberal party in Opposition knew about the needs of the best interests of the country. For long years Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Charlton and other shining lights in the Liberal ranks have been howling for "Commercial Union," "Continental Free Trade," "Unrestricted Reciprocity," and half a dozen other fads, all having in view the development of trade with the United States as opposed to the development of trade with the Mother Country—which Conservative Governments always strove to encourage. It was claimed that nothing could be more ridiculous than the idea that the Government of Great Britain would consent to tax breadstuffs and food products for the sake of developing trade with the colonies; but now it is stated on excellent authority that the leading feature in the new tariff bill will be the adoption of differential duties in favor of Great Britain as against the United States. It is also said that another feature of the measure will be that the reductions in the duties on manufacturing goods are to be made on a graduated scale to extend over a period of three or four years, so that the Canadian manufacturer may not be slaughtered outright but only slowly and surely squeezed to death.

⁂

It now looks very much as if Parliament was camped out in Ottawa for the whole summer and a good part of the fall. When the House met two weeks ago there was reasonable ground for supposing that with anything like promptitude on the part of the Government in bringing down its tariff policy the business of the session could be practically concluded by the tenth of June so that Mr. Laurier may go to England to represent Canada at the jubilee ceremonies. But, all that has been changed by the prolongation of the debate on the address. There is no doubt now that Mr. Tarte made his attack on the bishop a week ago to-night for the express purpose of provoking a discussion on the school question which would prolong the debate until Friday night. Then the Franchise and superannuation bills have been given precedence over the tariff for the purpose of having an excuse for postponing the introduction of the tariff measure until after Easter. There are now only three Government days before the Easter recesses—to-day, next Friday and the following Tuesday. These can easily be talked out on the franchise Bill, so that there is really no possibility of Mr. Fielding making his budget speech before Friday, 23rd April, four weeks and one day from the meeting of the House. The programme, it is said, is to try to get the tariff bill through by the first week in June and then ask for an adjournment of the House until 15th July, by which time Mr. Laurier can be back from England. This adjournment will, if agreed to, cost the country about $100,000, but what is $100,000 to an "economic" Grit Government? Should there be no adjournment Mr. Laurier will probably not go to England, and Britain's greatest colony will be unrepresented by her First Minister on the occasion of Britain's greatest celebration. If the House adjourns until 15th July and then starts in on a new session it will be September or October before prorogation.

⁂

Shortly after the new Government came into office a weeding out of the Conservative printers was commenced in the Printing Bureau and a number of old hands were dismissed to make places later on for good Grits. The Ottawa Typographical Union took the matter up and a deputation waited on the Honorable R. W. Scott, Secretary of State, and urged that as there was a very large amount of steady work in the Bureau a permanent staff should be employed. Mr. Scott promised to take the matter into consideration and on Saturday last informed the Union that he had decided that there were to be no permanent employees in the Printing Bureau. This means that the Government proposes to employ or dismiss men at its own sweet will.

⁂

The annual report of the Department of Railways and Canals which was brought down by the Honorable Mr. Blair, on Monday, shows that the mileage of railways in operation in Canada, on the 30th of June, 1896, was 16,270, an increase of 1,707 miles during the year. Although there was this increase in the mileage in operation, only 260 miles of new road were built during the year, the balance being double tracking and siding. Chief Engineer Schreiber, in his report, attributes this to the stringency in the money market. There were 161 persons killed during the year, of whom 11 were passengers, 36 were employees, and 104 were neither. No less than 75 persons lost their lives by walking on the track; 23 were killed by falling from cars; 19 by getting off trains in motion; 14 while coupling cars; 2 by collisions and derailments; one by putting his head out of a window, and 27 from other causes.

⁂

Our old friend Ned Farrer has been very much in evidence here lately, and has spent a good deal of his time in the Department of Finance and also in the Department of Railways and Canals. He is said to have a double mission and that while giving Mr. Fielding a little fatherly advice as to the best way to frame the tariff so as to squeeze his quandam friends in the United States, he is also impressing upon Mr. Blair the importance of having the Crow's Nest Pass railway built as part of the Canadian Pacific railway. A little bird whispers to me that after Mr. Farrer's labors are over here he will be invited to accept a roving commission in the interests of immigration similar to the one lately accepted by Mr. Devlin. This reminds me of a good story which is told of Farrer's previous experience as an immigration agent in Ireland where he was stationed by the Dominion Government for two or three years in the early seventies. It is said that on his return to Canada he claimed the credit of being the only immigration agent who could account for all the emigrants he had sent over. The total number sent over by him, he said, was two and he knew that the man he had sent over was in the Central Prison in Toronto, while the woman was in the Long Point Lunatic Asylum near Montreal. Farrer, who is one of the best companions imaginable when in a sociable mood, used to tell some delightfully funny stories about his experiences in the early days of the land league in Dublin, and the curious ways in which the funds which had just then commenced to flow in from Canada and Australia were disposed of. I wish Farrer would write a book, not that I might criticize it, but that I might laugh at and enjoy all the good things he could put in it if he only would. I sincerely hope that Mr. Farrer will get his appointment, even if it only tends to increase the residential population in our gaols and asylums.

JOHN A. PHILLIPS.

Ottawa, April 6th.

MARRIED AT LINDSAY

Mr J A Roddy, of Fraserville, Weds a Lindsay Young Lady.

On Wednesday, March 31st, the home of Mrs. White, of Lindsay, was the scene of a very pleasant event, the occasion being the marriage of her daughter Jennie to Mr. J. A. Roddy, of Fraserville. The bride was beautifully attired in cream silk crepon, trimmed with lace and ribbon, and wore the usual veil and lilly of the valley, with bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Briane, of Lindsay, assisted the bride and was dressed in pale blue crepon and cream lace; Miss Maggie Gray, niece of the bride, was maid of honor, and each carried bouquets of lily of the valley. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. J. H. Roddy.

The ceremony took place at four o'clock and was performed by Rev. Mr. McMillan, of Lindsay, after which the dining room was the most interesting scene, the table being a marvel of beauty and as good as beautiful as the guests gave evidence when the courses were partaken of.

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and valuable presents from the many guests and others. The young couple are taking up their residence in the township of Fenelon and are going to settle in their new home shortly. Their many friends wish them happiness and prosperity.

CONDEMNED.

When an innocent man is condemned for any crime he doesn't lose hope. His lawyers appeal from one court to another. They are bound to save him, if he can be saved. It is the same way with a good doctor when his patient seems condemned to death by disease.

But doctors make mistakes sometimes; they lose heart too soon. After they have tried everything they know and the patient is no better, they think there is nothing more to be done. They don't always get at the root of the disease. They frequently give a patient up to die of consumption, and are afterwards surprised to see him get strong and well again.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Phelps Co., Mo., writes: "My husband took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when he was (as he thought) almost into consumption, and we were very thankful that such a medicine could be found. I wish all persons troubled with cough would take it. Long may the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' be made. I shall always recommend and praise these medicines."

All lung and bronchial diseases are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, because it supplies the system with healthy blood. It puts the vital forces into action and fills the circulation with the life-giving red corpuscles which builds up solid, muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

As a medical author, Dr. Pierce holds an eminent place in his profession. His great thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" is one of the standard medical works of the English language. Nearly 700,000 copies were sold at $1.50 each. A paper-bound copy will be sent for the cost of customs and mailing *only*, 31 one-cent stamps; or, cloth-bound for 50 stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral

6 Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897

Every druggist in the city of Quebec, without exception, testifies to the universal satisfaction expressed by their customers, as to the merits of "Quickcure" for all kinds of pain.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.43 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m

Letter from the Rector of the High School.

"Dear Doctor Ievers.—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of 'Quickcure.' I have been troubled a good deal lately with boils, and tried 'Quickcure.' I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application, I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly,

Signed T. AINSLIE YOUNG,
Rector, High School, Quebec.

December, 1896.

Evangelist Crossley in Trouble.

The Moncton Transcript says:—It is stated that Judge DeWolfe, of Windsor, has commenced legal proceedings against Rev. Mr. Crossley, the evangelist for some remarks made by him explanatory of the supposed spiritualistic manifestations at the meetings in the judge's house. Two eminent legal firms in Halifax have been asked to take Mr. Crossley in hand. The Presbyterian Witness hears that the evangelist is not at all reluctant to appear before "Cæsar" and give an account of himself and his exposition of spiritualistic phenomena; in fact he is glad of the occasion to ensure a thorough clearing up of the spiritualistic manifestations that have been for some time perplexing the wise men and women of Windsor.

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicapped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE LICENSE BILL

Advanced Another Stage in the Legislature.

The Section Relating to Municipal Control of Hours of Opening and Closing Will Be Re-Considered — How the Doctors Differed on Some Points — Some Smart Arguments — Marked Absence of Party Feeling — Minors Must Have Written Orders for Drink in Clubs—Many Third Readings.

Toronto, April 8.

The Government met with tolerable success in putting through their license bill in committee yesterday. One section, and one section only, stands over, and that is the one which throws upon the municipalities the responsibility of regulating the number of licenses and the hours of sale. The parties were divided on the subject, scarcely any trace of party lines being maintained. The Attorney-General told Mr. Whitney that he expected to wind up the sessional business by Saturday.

The House went into committee on the liquor license amendments. Mr. Sub-section d, section 1, was objected to by Mr. German. It reads: "But the preceding parts of this section shall not apply to county towns having a population of 2500 or less." The member for Welland took exception to it because it would permit a county town of 2500 population to have more licenses than one of 2800. The sub-section was accordingly amended by the addition of the words, "as to which there shall be one license for every 250 of a population under 1000 population, and one to every 400 of population over 1000 population.

Section 2, fixing the limit of licenses to be issued after a new census to be one for each full 250 of the population under 1000 and one for each 500 over 1000 of population, was adopted without amendment.

Mr. German objected to section 3, which gave municipalities control of the number of licenses and of the hours of sale. It would lead to endless trouble between the liquor men and the temperance people in the municipalities. He moved in amendment to the effect that the licenses and hours of sale should be regulated by the Government. He doubted personally if it was advisable to legislate to make people good.

Mr. Meacham explained that, although the municipalities could shorten the hours, yet they could not lengthen them beyond the limit fixed by the Government.

Mr. Haycock agreed with Mr. German that investing the power in the municipalities was a retrograde step. He read a resolution of the Methodist Conference of 1892, supporting his view. He did not care how early or how late the Government fixed the hour of closing, but they should not shirk the responsibility and place it on the shoulders of the municipalities.

Mr. Cleland argued that the bill would throw the question of licenses into municipal politics with the effect that questions of more vital importance would be relegated to the background and the issue be clouded.

Mr. Marter thought the Government should take the responsibility of regulating both the number of hotels and of the hours of sale. He admitted, however, that the temperance people were by no means united on the subject. He suggested that the Government fix the hour of closing at 10 o'clock.

Mr. McLean did not agree with the previous speaker. He held that the nearer to the people the authority rested the better for the law. The public sentiment of the province was not sufficiently uniform to make it feasible to place the power in Government hands.

Mr. Crawford had taken exception to the clause in the second reading. The particular objection was in the sub-section providing that formal notice should be given on or before Nov. 15. This would cause a possibility of having the annual municipal elections run on temperance lines. This might not be in the best interests of electors. He favored striking out the subsection referred to and replacing it with a clause providing that notice might be given any time in the year.

Mr. German held that there should be some notice of the application to the councils for license. He would support Mr. Crawford if he would move to give effect to his suggestion.

Mr. Auld considered it to be a local option question. He would support the section.

Dr. Meacham thought the section should pass.

Mr. Gibson of Huron was not one of the intemperate temperance people. He knew that of the people who supported the plebiscite at least one-half would take their drink. He had been a total abstainer for 57 years, but was entirely opposed to the section.

The Attorney-General stated that the Government would stand by the section. It was their solution of the difficulty. It was said that the Government were shirking responsibility. He would not entirely assent to that, but believed there was something in it. They had to take either one ground or the other.

Mr. Marter was not in favor of the present divided authority as between the municipal councils and the License Commissioners.

Dr. McKay of Oxford would strongly oppose any change in the section.

Mr. Miscampbell would wipe out the section altogether, for the reason that an election fight between temperance and liquor people was the most bitter which ever takes place. The licenses were in the hands of the Government and they should, therefore, regulate the traffic. Reducing the licenses meant the creation of little dives around the corner and the establishment of monopolies. The bill in its present shape would make the liquor question an annual bone of contention.

Mr. Howland recalled the experience Toronto had had of cliques who controlled municipal contests. Nothing could be more fallacious than the idea of leaving the matter in the hands of municipalities, for in every contest the moneyed interest controlled by the liquor men would invariably win. The tendency of the moral movements was that a class of people strive to put themselves at the head of them and get their hands on the reins of a very strong political horse. The section would be unfair to the liquor men, as it would necessitate their going down into their pockets at every contest with the temperance agitators. Continuing, he accepted the challenge of the Attorney-General and charged that the Government had misinterpreted the decision of the Privy Council, which the speaker held enabled the Provincial Government to enact a prohibition law

The Attorney-General, in reply to Mr. Howland's challenge, contended that he had not been reading from the authorized report of the Privy Council decision. The decision hedged from the point and submitted questions which the Government did not feel called upon to answer. The only way that a direct answer as to jurisdiction could be obtained would be by submitting a test case.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt, in deference to the opposition to the section so generally expressed, moved that it be allowed to stand. The matter will, therefore, be re-considered.

Section 4, permitting shop licensees to sell cigars, tobaccos and cigarets, was then adopted.

Section 5, defining "shop license," was under discussion at 6 o'clock.

After supper the section under discussion previous to the Speaker's leaving the chair was carried.

Dr. Willoughby protested against the clause relating to druggists. He considered that the druggists had a perfect right to fill any prescription which a doctor might write. Druggists were supposed besides to keep the best kinds of liquor.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt held that primarily the business of druggists was not to deal with liquors. He asked what limit the previous speaker would put on the sale by druggists.

Dr. Willoughby suggested that the restriction of the section be made to apply only to cities and not throughout the country.

Mr. Harcourt stated that it could not be disputed that some Toronto druggists sold very bad liquor.

Dr. Willoughby instanced the case of persons who lived in the country, and who might be sent by their physician twenty miles to get liquor. It would be very unfair to prevent the druggist from selling more than six ounces.

The Attorney-General did not think that druggists in these days sold liquor by the quart, gallon or by the barrel.

Dr. Willoughby appealed to have the doctors trusted in the matter. They were not going to prescribe liquor by the gallon, even if they had the power to do so.

Mr. Hardy: "Do not druggists buy all their liquor from the shops?"

Dr. Willoughby: "No. They get their drugs from good wholesale stores."

Mr. Hardy accused the doctor of making an unfair appeal to the medical men in the House.

Dr. McKay of Oxford did not agree with his co-professionist. He suggested an amendment to the section to make doctors who sold drugs come under the law.

Dr. Willoughby was willing to support that amendment.

Mr. Baxter was followed by Hon. Mr Ross, who stated that the idea of the clause was to prevent tippling in drug stores. They wanted to bring the traffic out of the disrepute into which it had fallen.

Mr. Garrow agreed with Dr. Willoughby that the matter should be left to the honor of the doctors themselves. Mr. McKay of Victoria was of like opinion.

A little good-natured wrangle between the two medical whips over the proposed amendment of Dr. McKay followed, which was adopted along with the section.

Mr. Howland arose when section 8 was reached. He considered this provision preventing druggists from putting sticks in drinks an unnecessary one. He then criticised all of the restrictions imposed on the profession.

The clause was then carried.

Section 10, dealing with the sale to minors, was taken up, and Mr. Howland suggested that it be amended to prevent any person buying liquor for a minor.

Mr. German objected to the clause preventing the sale of liquor to minors

Continued on Page 2.

The Isle of Wight Memorial.

Princess Beatrice, as Governor of the Isle of Wight, will unveil the local memorial to Lord Tennyson next summer. It is a monument of Aberdeen granite, which will be erected on the verge of the cliffs near Farringford, so that it will be a landmark for all ships passing up or down the channel.

BRISK FIGHTING IN CRETE

Insurgents Advanced on the Turkish Outposts at Candia, but Were Repulsed.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 7.—Brisk fighting took place to-day outside of Candia. The insurgents, in considerable strength, advanced from four points, and attacked the Turkish outposts. The latter maintained their position, with the loss of two men killed and eleven wounded.

Threatening Kissamo.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 7.—The insurgents of the vicinity of Kissamo, at the western end of the island, have written to the foreign admirals, notifying the latter that they are projecting an attack upon the fort at Kissamo. The Turkish garrison there has asked for assistance.

Two thousand insurgents have gathered around Sitka, at the eastern end of the island, and a French warship has landed five guns in anticipation of an attack upon that place.

Fire at Candia.

Canea, April 7.—A fire has broken out at Candia, near the cathedral, and a number of houses are now in flames. The British and Italian troops are demolishing the adjacent buildings in order to check the spread of the conflagration.

Rear-Admiral R. H. Harris of the British fleet was shot at by a Moslem irregular, while crossing a field near Suda. The bullet plowed the grass at his feet. This is his second escape.

FOR SALE

—AT THE—

RATHBUN CO. AGENCY.

COAL.

2,000 Tons Nut, Stove, Egg and Grate.

FINEST GRADES OF

Scranton and Lehigh Valley Coal.

WOOD.

4-foot Hardwood, dry. 2-foot Hardwood, Dry.

Mixed Dry Wood. Dry Hemlock Slabs.

200,000 ft. Dry Hemlock Lumber.

IN THE ROUGH AND DRESSED.

Shingles at prices from 80 cents up.

DRY PINE LUMBER

A FINE ASSORTED STOCK.

Doors, Sash and all kinds of House Finish.

No. 248 Murray Street.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

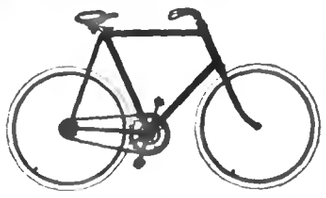
Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]

1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S
LADIES' . . . **Price $85.00**

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
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For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

GRIFFITHS' CYCLES

Have an established reputation for excellence in all parts of the British Empire because of their durability, easy running qualities and neat appearance. We offer prices to suit everybody.

Griffiths'	Skylark	$100.00
do	Nighthawk	85.00
do	Leader	70.00
do	Duke	50.00

.....HUMBERS and TRIUMPHS.....

Catalogues mailed free to any address.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y,

Local Agents, . . . Corner George and Simcoe-sts.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP SALE!

Commencing SATURDAY, April 10th, 1897.

The well-known firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. having dissolved partnership, the business will in future be carried on by Richard Hall & Son. Owing to certain conditions

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT LEAST ONE-HALF

in the next Three Months, and in order that this may be done we have decided to offer the whole stock, consisting of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES, WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES, in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

THIN MAN—What Makes You so fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

SAWS filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. E. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

OAK HALL.

The Mock Parliament

Don't forget the presentation of the Mock Parliament to be given in the opera house during the middle of May, by Charlotte-st. Ladies' Aid. Rehearsal on Saturday night at 7.30 in Charlotte-st. school room. All taking part are urged to be present. 2d

BAY OF QUINTE CONFERENCE.

The Programme Committee Meets and Perfect Arrangements for the Conference at Bowmanville.

The Programme committee of Bay of Quinte Conference met in Bowmanville yesterday to arrange for the services of the Conference sessions which open in June next. This will be the 14th session of this Conference and will be held in Bowmanville for the first time.

The Ministerial sessions open on Wednesday, June 2nd, at 10 a. m., and the General sessions on Thursday, June 3rd, at the same hour.

The Stationing committee meets on Monday, May 31st, at 3 p m., and the Statistical committee on June 1st, at 10 a.m.

The public services are as follows:—

Sunday, June 6th—Conference church—9 a.m.—Conference Love Feast led by Rev Dr Lambly; 10 30, Ordination sermon by Rev T M Campbell; 3 p.m., Sunday school addresses by Rev D O Crossley and E C S Huycke, Esq, of Cobourg; 7 p.m., Rev C E McIntyre; 8.30, Sacramental service by Rev W J Young.

Queen-st. church—10.30, Rev F B Stratton; 3 p.m., Sunday school meeting, Rev F J Anderson and S R Armstrong, Esq., of Peterborough; 7 p m., Rev S J Shorey; 8.30, Sacramental service by Rev J Kilgour.

St. Paul's (Presbyterian)—11 a.m., Rev R Duke, 7 p.m., Rev Dr Crothers.

Trinity (Congregational)—11 a.m., Rev W Lambert; 7 p.m, Rev C W Watch.

Disciples' church—11 a.m., Rev Seccombe; 7 p.m., Rev J S I Wilson, B.A.

ANNIVERSARIES.

Educational—Thursday, June 3—8 p.m., Revs Dr Dyer and W R Young, and S P Ford, Esq., M.D.

Reception service—Friday, June 4th—8 p.m., Rev T S Edmison, B.D. and R M Pope.

Temperance—Monday, June 7th—8 p. m., Rev D N McAmus and R J McLaughlin, Esq.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills"

Select Your Sarkbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

BUSINESS OF A MONTH

Transacted at the Separate School Board—Accounts and Other Matters.

The regular monthly meeting of the Separate School Board was held last evening, there being present Messrs. Quinlan (chairman), Doris, McGrath, Gosselin, Lynch and Kylie.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The report of attendance during the month of March was presented as follows:—

School.	No. on Roll.	Average Attendance.
Lake-st. school.....	161	140
Central school	226	192
Convent school.....	217	197
Total.....	604	529

A list of supplies required was sent in by the teachers of the Lake-st. and Central schools, and it was referred to the Property committee, with power to act.

An account for supplies amounting to $11.78 was received from A H Stratton & Co and referred to the Finance committee.

F. Francisco's account of $15.80 for removing blackboards in accordance with his contract, was ordered to be paid on motion of Mr. McGrath, seconded by Mr. Gosselin.

Communications were received from:—

Sisters in charge of Lake-st. school asking for seating accommodation. On motion of Mr. Lynch, seconded by Mr Doris, it was received and referred to the Property and School committees with power to act.

From J. Halpin and W. Callaghan, making complaints re wood tenders. Received on motion of Mr. McGrath and seconded by Mr. Lynch.

Mr. Lynch, chairman of the Finance committee reported recommending payment of the following accounts:

A H Stratton & Co.....	$19 52
Review Printing Co.....	2 50
Jas Murty, when certified.....	10 35

On motion of Mr. Lynch, seconded by Mr. McGrath, the report was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Lynch, seconded by Mr. Gosselin, the chairman and secretary were authorized to borrow from the Bank of Toronto when required a sum not exceeding $4,000.—Carried.

On motion of Mr. Doris, seconded by Mr. Gosselin,—The chairman, Mr. Lynch, and Mr. McGrath, were appointed to confer with the local superintendent regarding the overcrowding of certain of the rooms and report at future meeting.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed o in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

New Books

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Farthest North, (2 vols), Nansen; Dr. Jamieson's Raiders, Davis; History of Mathematics, Ball; Comrades in Arms, Amyand; Fellow Travellers, Travers; Facing the Flag, Jules Verne; Country of the Pointed Firs, Jewett; Christian Vellacott, Merriman; The Spirit of the Storm, Ross; Dr. Ramsey's Patient, Mead.

Poisonous Plasters

Plasters that contain the powerful poisons Aconite or Belladonna should be used only when your physician permits, as your system might be poisoned by absorbtion of the drugs. Doctors, now use plasters made with "Quickcure" spread on canton flannel, linen or cotton, which give more prompt relief from pain than any known means; the effect is almost beyond relief.

CAN SAVE ITS MONEY

Port Hope Sending a Deputation to Ottawa to Have the Trent Canal Route Changed

Port Hope evidently is seriously considering the proposition to change the proposed course of the Trent Valley canal. The town Council on Monday night appointed a deputation to wait on the Dominion Government and urge the advantages that would result from the canal being cut through from Bewdley on Rice lake to Port Hope. Yesterday the Port Hope Times editorially remarked:

In another column will be found a report of the interview of the canal deputations with the Ministers at Ottawa. Mr. Laurier told the deputations that the building of the canal was beyond discussion; it was only a question of finances now.

This question of finances is just the obstacle in the way of the completion of the canal. The late Government pushed the work with every possible show of a desire to complete it, and the progress of the word on the Balsam lake division and more recently on the Lakefield division, is proof of the late Government's sincerity. The present Government may be just as eager and equally sincere, but it is safe to predict that the present generation will never see the completion of the canal at its present estimated cost.

But the people of Port Hope can go before the Government with a proposition that must at once engage serious consideration in the very fact that it removes the difficulty the Government has experienced. This is the Bewdley route. It has been claimed that the route from Bewdley to Port Hope can be built for one-tenth the cost of the same number of miles on the Trenton route and that the total cost of the canal would be reduced thereby from one-third to one-half.

It now remains for Port Hope to lay these facts before the Government, but it is useless to send a deputation to Ottawa with a batch of assertions that cannot or have not been verified. An engineer should be engaged, or better still the Government should be asked to send an engineer to go over the route and estimate the cost, then, with facts and figures, measurements and data to back up the claims made for this route, a representative body of citizens should be sent to Ottawa. It is an important matter and the Council and Board of Trade cannot take it up too soon.

Port Hope might just as well save its money, and not send any deputation to Ottawa. The Bewdley route has been discussed before, but it is surrounded by so many objections that it is simply out of the question. The engineering difficulties alone were enough to condemn the route on sight.

Let the Port Hope Times send a representative over the proposed route and then inform its readers how in the range of possibility a canal can be constructed from Bewdley to Port Hope. The water would either have to be lifted up on to the high ridge of land in the centre of this route or an enormous cutting made. Engineers would laugh at the idea. The canal can only run its natural course, down the Trent into the Bay of Quinte, and the Government will not seriously consider any such proposition as that to be made by Port Hope.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

The Deputation Photographed

Mr. R. M. Roy has received the negative of the photograph taken of the canal deputation on Parliament hill at Ottawa on Tuesday last, and will proceed to print copies of the picture, which will be on view in a day or two. The picture is an unusually good one and no doubt many of those in the group will be desirous of obtaining a copy from Mr Roy.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Addresses at Bethany Mission

The special services at the Bethany Mission are drawing fair audiences. A course of addresses on the subject "The Indwelling of the Holy Spirit," are being delivered, the speakers being Mr D Buchanan, who leaves in May to take up missionary work in the Argentine Republic, South America, under the auspices of the International Missionary Alliance and Miss Quinn, formerly of town, who is going to China.

Kind Words for the Nicholls Hospital Staff.

The following letter, which speaks for itself, has been received from Lakeview Lodge, I. O. O. F., Toronto Junction, of which the unfortunate brakesman, Sidney Adams, who died in the Nicholls hospital here from injuries received on a C. P. R. train, was a member:—

TORONTO JUNCTION, March 27th, 1897.

To the Nurses and attendants of the Nicholls Hospital, Peterborough:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Through information received from Bro. George Barnes and on behalf of Lakeview Lodge, No. 272, I. O. O. F., of Toronto Junction, I desire to express the sincere thanks of Lakeview Lodge to you for the great kindness and sympathy shown to our late brother Sidney Adams during the period of his disability and confinement in the hospital, and for the hospitality and courtesy extended to the widow and family of our departed brother. May God grant all of you long life and health to forward you in the great work which you have taken upon yourselves to perform in ministering to the sick and relieving the sufferings of humanity. I do assure you, ladies, we cannot insert sufficient words of commendation for the great kindness shown, and again we humbly thank you for the token of respect and sympathy you sent with the remains of the departed.

Signed on behalf of the lodge.

Yours sincerely,
BRO. HAY.

Personal.

Rev John Coburn, well known as the blind preacher, is in town.

Mr. D. M. Rogers has passed the Easter supplementary examinations at Trinity.

Mr. C. H. Bradburn's home from Trinity University.

While in Ottawa, Ven Archdeacon Casey met Monsigneur Merry Del Val, the Papal Ablegate.

Mr. Wm. Kerr, Q. C., on his way from Ottawa to Cobourg, spent this morning in town with his son, Mr. F. D. Kerr.

Rev. T. M. Campbell, of Campbellford, President of the Bay of Quinte Conference, was in town last evening.

Councillor Graham while with the Trent Valley canal deputation in the House of Commons found himself sitting at a desk labelled Graham. It was the seat of Duncan Graham, M. P., North Ontario, and not Peterborough's popular Councillor.

Dr. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: 'For burns and scores it is really far better than any remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster. Where an Anodyne is required, and when Aconite or Belladonna might be dangerous, a 'Quickcure' plaster gives relief in fifteen minutes."

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

BARGAIN DAYS IN

WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00. The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for 5c	25 cent Papers for 15c
10 cent Papers for 7c	Borders to match for 10c
15 cent Papers for 8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at 4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,

No. 379 George Street.

A. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

City Lodge, I. O. G. T.

Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

A Libel Suit May Follow.

The Ottawa Free Press says:—Ex-Ald. Cahill, of Peterborough, brought his bicycle with him on his trip to Ottawa yesterday. The genial alderman's friends claim he is quite a scorcher and expressed regret that the streets were not in condition for Ald. Cahill to have a spin." It is not known whether Mr Cahil informed the Free Press that it had wheels, and it misunderstood his statement. Time may tell.

Apply a little 'Quickcure' to a pimple or any blemish of the skin, and cover with thin paper, and it will disappear in twenty-four hours, leaving the skin natural and healthy, as it destroys the germs which enter the skin and cause pimples, boils, etc. especially if one is unwell, or even rundown from overwork."

THE

COLUMBIA

Is here. Come in and see it. It is a beauty.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

Sewing Machines.

We keep constantly on hand and sell on easy payments the new Raymond, new Williams, White and Standard machines. Peterborough Music Co. d80

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

Ladies

The little store around the corner is a busy place these fine days. Where are you going to-day? "Over to Mrs. Appleby's," the ladies all say. Be sure to take your purse with you for if you don't you'll surely rue it. 6d

The Watkin Mills Recital.

The subscription list for the joint recital to be given by Mr. Watkin Mills and Mr. George Fox in Bradburn's opera house on Wednesday, April 21st, is rapidly filling. Those desiring first choice of seats should at once have their names put on the list, as the plan will *positively not be open* to the public until after all subscribers have marked their seats. A list has been opened at Ormond & Walsh's drug store, the public being cordially invited to subscribe.

OAK HALL.

Monday Night's Opening.

Monday night, April 12th, the Wilson Dramatic Co. will open a week's engagement at Bradburn's opera house with a special matinee on Good Friday, and usual Saturday matinee. This company comes to us better and stronger than ever, having been greatly improved by the addition of several first class artists. The press of Ottawa, London and Kingston, where this company have lately appeared, speak in glowing terms of the entertainment, rating it as the best repertoire attraction that has played Canada in years. The prices are 10, 15 and 25c. Seats are now on sale at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1857. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1857.

NO LESS THAN FORTY DIFFERENT WHEELS

IS THE CHOICE LOCAL DEALERS OFFER BICYCLE BUYERS.

The Riding Season in Full Swing—The Wheels That are Sold and Who are Selling Them—A Brisk Trade Promised—What Local Agents Say.

"That class of criminal ought to be transported," remarked an elderly citizen as he narrowly dodged a rider who was coming around Water-st. corner. "This place," he added, "is fairly infested with bicycles."

As to the transportation idea, it seems a little harsh, but the view of the number of wheels in use is reasonably correct, and what puzzles the observing citizen is to reason out where the money is coming from to pay for the mounts. It is safe to say that there is no bicycle that has been brought to town within the last six years but what is in use to-day. As long as the wheels will go around some one bestrides it. Walking will presently be the exception, and every day sees some scoffer who has reviled the bicycle drawn into the ranks of the riders. Several elderly and leading citizens are nightly practicing in secluded places learning the art.

Enquiry by the REVIEW among the local dealers showed that many sales are being made. As a means of taking money out of town the bicycle business is fast leaving that great drainer of the public purse—life insurance—behind. The departmental store of the city simply is not in it. It means that a good many people are going to get a little more pleasure out of life and a few more bruises.

Forty distinct builds or makes of bicycles are offered for sale. Twenty local agents are anxious to supply customers—and are doing it. Nearly 200 new wheels have been sold, and here it is only the first week in April. The cheap bicycle that we were all waiting for has not as yet arrived. Good wheels are offered at a price lower than last season, but there is generally a string on that explains the reduction in price. The standard makes are selling at about last season's figures. The best way to get your wheel for a low figures is to fill your pockets with money and go and shake the wad under the nose of the agent whose wheel you prefer. He nearly always capitulates. Its human to do so.

Below we mention the local dealers and the wheels they are handling:—

Adam Hall has for sale the Viking and Norseman, both manufactured by Bertram & Co., of Toronto.

Fairweather & Co. have taken the agency for the Griffith's corporation wheels—the Beeston Humber, manufactured at Beeston, Notts, England; Skylark, Leader and Duke, English wheels, and the Night Hawk, an American wheel. They also sell the Royal Endfield, a high grade wheel manufactured by the Enfield Arms Co., Reddich, England, and the Monarch and Defience, manufactured by the Monarch Cycle Co.

O. B. Shortly has a wheelman's emporium and offers to the public as his leaders the Evans & Doidge, Gendron, White, Barnes, all manufactured in Canada and the Dayton, an American wheel. He also has the agency for the Tempest, Reliance and Lily wheels selling at a cheaper price. His stock of second hand wheels is large.

The Columbia is being boomed by Mulligan & Potter and though they only received the wheel on Saturday morning last three orders were sent to the Canadian agency the same evening. They also sell the Hartford, a wheel somewhat similar to the Columbia.

Micks & Cox have the agency for the Hyslop this year as well as the Crescent, made in Chicago, the Phœnix, made in Philadelphia and the Bison, a Buffalo wheel.

At the Peterborough Hardware several neat wheels are on sale. The Yale, Wolff, America and Cavalier.

Talbot Bros. are retailing the Stearns again this season.

An array of wheels are on exhibition at Mr W A Sanderson's jewellry store. The King and Queen of scorchers are his leaders. He also exhibits the Crawford, Speed King and Queen, the Geneva, the Capital and The Alert.

Kingan & Allen are finding that the Massey Harris, for which they are the agents is much admired. The Garden City is in their stock as well.

Andrew Mercer offers for sale the Sun, a Canadian wheel of fine appearance.

J. J. Turner & Son are selling the Stormer a very pretty wheel.

Geo. J. Hopkins has a quantity of second hand wheels for sale as well as some of '97 manufacture.

Best & Metheral, the repair men of Hunter-st., have brought out a bicycle of their own manufacture and have samples on view. They are strong, shapely, well finished and handsome wheels. The builders have imported the crank hangers, hubs, spokes, chains and others parts from one of the best manufacturers in the States. The tubing is seamless and of high grade. These bicycles are sold at $55 each and are what the rider with a moderate income is looking for. Besides there is the very great advantage of being able to go to the builder in case anything goes wrong. The wheels, both for gentlemen and ladies, are named the "Boon" and will presently make the builders famous. The color is a maroon, one of the most popular colors. The high reputation of Best & Metheral as skilful mechanics is a guarantee that the buyer is safe in their hands.

A. H. Stratton & Co, has a stock of Cleveland's and Eclipse on sale.

At the Brantford Bicycle Co's agency on Simcoe-st. the "Red Bird" and "Black Bird" are on view, and the agent, Mr. H. A. Walker, is having as satisfactory a run with buyers as in any previous year. Mr. Walker and Mr. W. G. Walker form the Peterborough Cycle Co., and will to-morrow place on the market the "Jubilee" wheel, manufactured by themselves. This wheel possesses all the modern improvements in oilers and dust protectors and has 5-16 balls in crank axle, 3-16 balls in rear and ¼ balls in front, the large balls doing away, it is claimed, with friction. Purchasers may have the wheel enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. The regular options will be allowed. This cycle company has a large repair shop, with Mr. Bobeaubine, a bicycle machinist of 12 years experience, in charge. The firm stand to the front with an enamelling oven, and already 75 wheels have gone through the process.

Mr. Geo. Hutchinson, the Hunter-st. tinsmith, is selling the "Cannonball," a wooden frame wheel.

The Surgeon of 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec, writes: "I have used, with much success, 'Pheno-Baum' (or 'Quickcure') in dressing wounds, which suppurated even under the dressing of Iodoform; the effect was remarkable, all discharge ceasing, and healing granulation setting up at once, after first application of 'Quickcure.' I consider its antiseptic action as valuable as its marvellous pain relieving properties."

Signed, GEO. H. PARKE, M.D.,
10 Palace-st., Quebec

EVANGELIST RANTON

Talks to a Packed Congregation at the George-st. Church on "Judas Iscariot."

Seldom has a congregation in Peterborough listened to a more earnest and heart-searching appeal than that which was made by Mr. Ranton at the service in the George-st. church last night. The building was crowded, but every eye rested on the speaker and a spirit of deep inquiry pervaded the whole service. The service of song was short but interesting, a feature being a duet by Mr. James Browne and Miss Lumsden.

The evangelist's subject, "Judas Iscariot," was founded on the words:

"That he may take part of this ministry and apostleship, from which Judas by transgression fell, that he might go to his own place."—Acts I, 25.

In his introduction, Mr. Ranton described several characters of the Bible, showing that the Bible painted not only men's virtues but described their weaknesses as well. It was commonly said that satan tempts men on their weak points, but a close examination would show that men were tempted on their strong points. The leading feature of the character of Judas was avaricousness. This was clearly illustrated by several references to the life and actions of Judas. Judas fell in face of all the teaching of Christ. He was one of those who listened to Christ's teaching. He was no stranger to truth, but in the face of truth he fell. Travellers sometimes met with accidents because of unforeseen danger, but men to-day have so many warnings of the results of sinful life that they could not plead ignorance. This was illustrated by references to the evil of intemperance, to the sin of uncleanness, and to the terrible danger of wrong-doing. Each was clearly and forcibly illustrated. The second thought was that Judas illustrated the evolution of sin in the formation of character. The seed of evil had in itself a potential possibility of all evil. It was stated in medical science that there was to-day the convertibility of disease. For instance the seed of consumption did not necessarily develop the disease of consumption; it might develop in some other form. Hereditary paralysis did not always develop into paralysis but it might assume some other form. This might not be accepted by all but the seed of evil had in it the possibility of developing all evil. As there is in evil possibility of all evil so there was in the seed of salvation a possibility of full salvation. Judas was an illustration of the evolution of sin in relation to destiny. He went to his own place—a tendency in the direction of permanency of character. The good man naturally gravitated heavenward, the sinful man hellward. Each went to his own place.

"A good thing, pass it on," will be Mr. Ranton's subject to-night.

Brevities.

—Rev. J. G. Potter's Y.M.C.A. Bible class meets at 8 o'clock this evening.

—Many of those who were in Ottawa on the canal deputation returned last evening and this morning.

—The City of Peterborough is being renovated for navigation. Mr. Clare Calcutt will be in charge this season.

—Four men were fined $2 and costs each for being drunk and disorderly by Police Magistrate Dumble this morning.

—The collectors for the Bible Society who have not yet reported are requested to hand in their books as early as possible as returns must be sent to the Society at once. Anyone desiring to contribute to this work may send their contribution to the treasurer, Mr John Crane, Ontario Bank.

—The Belleville Sun says the Government intimated to the Trent Canal deputation that the demands on its treasury give it a pain. Then the fact that this project has been sleeping comfortably for a long time in the bed of the Trent river, with millions of the country's dollars as a pillow, might be considered a counterpane.

THERE IS no trouble in life which cannot be alleviated by a cup of delicious

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

It makes friends and converts wherever introduced.

Sold in lead packets. By Grocers everywhere.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

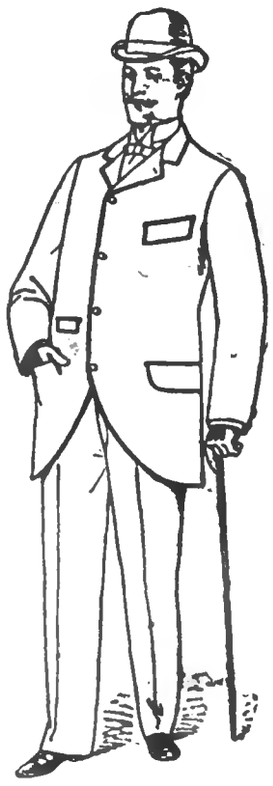
Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

418 George Street, Peterborough.

Treatment of Skin Diseases in Bellevue Hospital, New York.

Professor Joseph N Henry, M.D., lecturer on Dermatology, Bellevue Hospital, New York, writes:—"I have used 'Pheno-Baum' ('Quickcure') in chronic skin disease, namely, Psoriasis, and obstinate ulceration of the leg, due to varicositas; and also in suppurative dermatitis. I have found it to be of marked service and consider it a very good preparation."

DR. CHASE Cures Chronic Catarrh.

EDEN, Ont., Feb. 1st, 1897.

EDMANSON, BATES & CO.:

GENTLEMEN,—I can cheerfully testify to the merits of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I suffered from this disease for the past ten years. During that time I was treated by some of the best physicians, and have also used a number of remedies advertised to cure catarrh, but have always been disappointed in the result—generally the medicine would cause sneezing and distress in my head, only aggravating the disease instead of curing it. Last fall I suffered intense pain in my head for some time, and my throat was lined with ulcers. The doctors called it catarrhal sore throat, but did not cure it. I saw that Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure was being highly recommended, so I procured a bottle from C. Thomson, druggist, Tilsonburg, and commenced its use. The ulcers in my throat soon cleared away and the pain in my head ceased. I am sure that no other cure will clear the head so nicely. It does not cause distress or sneezing when being used as some other medicines have done. Yours respectfully,

ANNA ALBERTA HOWEY, Eden, Ont.

This is to certify that I have known the writer of the above statement for years, and can vouch for its truthfulness. Yours respectfully, J. D. PHILLIPS, J.P.

PROF. HAYS, OF THE ONTARIO SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY AND PHARMACY, SAYS:

"I have made an examination of Dr. A. W. Chase's Catarrh Cure, for cocaine and any of its compounds, from samples purchased in the open market, and find none present." We offer $1,000 reward, to be devoted to any charitable institution in Toronto, if any chemist or doctor can find the least trace of that drug cocaine in Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

mplete, with blower, at all Druggists, or sent to any address on receipt of **25c.**

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

For the Baby's Outfit.

When preparing and outfit for an infant provide the softest and finest materials your means will permit. One should stop to consider how soft the skin of the infant is in its early days.

Embroideries should never be selected for trimming the neck of dresses and nightgowns. Lace is much daintier, and while less expensive than embroideries, it gives a richer appearance to the little wardrobe.

For night wear flannels should have an admixture of cotton. This prevents shrinking. The day skirts may also be made of cotton and wool flannel, but silk and wool makes a much handsomer skirt and will last for years.

Do not provide rubber shields; those made of quilted cambric are much more cleanly and better for the child in every way.

The dresses should be one yard long when finished. A deep hem is the most popular finish at the present time, and is far more sensible than a ruffle of embroidery. The little dresses are far more easily laundered and the extra expense may be added to the quality of the material.

French nainsook should be first choice for the dresses; sheer dimity is also desirable. Soft finished cambric comes next on the list.

Lady Arran is managing a hand-knitting industry in County Mayo, Ireland. Although designed to give work to such of her husband's tenants as needed employment, the venture has proved profitable financially, 7000 pairs of stockings having been knitted last year and $2000 spent in wages.

BRITAIN'S FOOD SUPPLY.

Mr. Seton-Karr Wants State Granaries Built in Order to be Prepared for Contingencies.

London, April 6.—Attention was called in the House of Commons to-day by Mr. Henry Seton-Karr, Conservative member for St. Helens, to the wholly inadequate production of food supplies in the United Kingdom in relation to its large and increasing population. Mr. Seton-Karr then moved that the dependence of the United Kingdom upon foreign imports for the necessities of life, and the sequences which might rise therefrom in the event of war, demanded the serious attention of the Government. Continuing, Mr. Seton-Karr expressed the belief that the reserve of breadstuffs never exceeded three weeks' supply and frequently sunk below a week's supply. France, he pointed out, was self-supporting, and Russia and the United States were not only self-supporting, but were able to make large exports. The Dreibund, he continued, was practically self-supporting, and Great Britain alone lived from hand to mouth, and drew her principal supplies of wheat from Russia and the United States, which might possibly, at some time, be hostile to Great Britain. Mr. Seton-Karr further remarked that should the harvest in America fail and Russia refuse to supply Great Britain, the latter's position would be most serious. The speaker called attention to the damage done to the commerce of the United States by the Alabama, and remarked that many such vessels might be set to prey upon British commerce in time of war. He did not desire action which would raise the price to consumers, but he hoped the Government would consider the subject seriously and proposed that state granaries be erected for keeping supplies.

Sir Charles Dilke, Radical member for the Forest of Dean Division of Gloucestershire, contended that Russian exports of wheat to Great Britain were decreasing in average years, and he asserted that half of Great Britain's food came from the United States. Continuing, he said: "If the United States, Canada and Australia can feed us, we are independent of Russia, as the interests and advantages of those countries would be so strong that we could rely upon them to supply us."

Sir Charles Dilke, continuing, said he thought the other states were not likely to take any steps in regard to the contraband of war which would be likely to bring the United States down upon them.

After Mr. James Lowther, Conservative member for the Isle of Thanet Division of Kent, had advocated a duty on foreign grain, the Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, said that the peculiarity of the motion was that it had given a suitable text both to protectionists and free traders. The adoption of the proposal to establish state granaries would mean turning the Chancellor of the Exchequer into a gigantic corn dealer.

As to the commercial zollverein, Mr. Balfour continued, he looked with considerable longing for a closer union with the British colonies, both in regard to commercial and military affairs. But he scarcely thought a zollverein was necessary, and he did not think there was danger of foreign countries refusing to supply Great Britain with food. The United States, he insisted, would not allow food to be declared contraband of war, as it would affect her interests, apart from her inherent sympathy for Great Britain, and, combined with the United States, Great Britain could stand against any conceivable combination of the powers. The real thing upon which Great Britain was dependent, Mr. Balfour asserted, was her navy, for which the Government accepted the responsibility.

The discussion was then dropped.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

upon his handsome face. "Let me repair the damage. I'll tell him to call—"

"Oh, not at all, Frank; pardon my interruption," said the girl, turning her eyes full upon him with artful artlessness. "You are very good, but it's quite unnecessary. Dr. Heath promised to call again during the day or evening."

Frank Lamotte bit his lip, but kept silent; and the elder man came to the rescue.

He had been thinking, and without seeming to have noticed the little passage at arms, he arose and said: "Well, Constance, I don't see that talking will do much good just now; what the occasion demands is action. My first impulse was to telegraph at once for an officer from the city force, but, on reflection, I think it better not to use the telegraph. Our every movement may be closely noted, and to send a message would be to set some one watching for the arrival of a detective, and once his identity becomes known, farewell to his prospects of success. It will take a few hours longer to get him here, but I think I had better visit the city in person, lay the case before our man, and so enable him to enter the town prepared for his work, and able to maintain his incognito. I have business of my own in the city, and Mrs. Lamotte is anxious to do some shopping. Women are always anxious to shop, I believe. I will return home at once, and give her warning; it will look less like a business trip if she accompanies me. Howdoes this plan suit you?"

"Any plan that brings us a competent officer as early as possible, will suit me," replied Constance. "It's very good of you to take all this trouble, Mr. Lamotte."

"Nothing of the sort," expostulated Mr. Lamotte, heartily. "I am always at the service of my daughter's dearest friend. By the by, Sybil is not yet aware of your loss. I did not enlighten her, for I knew she would insist upon coming with me, and that," smiling a little, "would have necessitated waiting for toilette."

"And apropos of toilettes," cried his son, springing up. "There is Mere, she will want due warning, for nothing short of a full hour will she take. So, sir, let's take a look at Soames and Corliss, and hasten our departure."

"Right; quite right, Frank, I will appoint you as my representative in my absence. You are to execute any and all of Miss Wardour's commands."

"I am ready to do that at all times," replied the young man, with sudden gravity, and letting his dark eyes rest for a moment upon the face of the lady in question. And then, without waiting for an answering remark, he turned from the room, followed by his father and the two ladies.

They found Corliss making his final sprawl, and the entire committee of investigation ready with any quantity of newly hatched theories, probable and improbable. Cutting short their eloquence, however, Mr. Lamotte recommended them to talk as little as possible among the townspeople, and to pursue the investigation quietly, after their own light. Then, after a few more words with the fair heiress, father and son took their leave.

Left alone, Constance sprang lightly out from the open library window, and began pacing the graveled walk, with a brow wrinkled in thought. Hearing a step behind her, she turned to ecounter once more the gaze of Francis Lamotte.

"I beg your pardon," he said, quite humbly. "I was commissioned by Sybil to give you this," extending a dainty white note. "In the excitement of the morning I quite forgot it. Sybil gave me it last evening, asking me to deliver it this morning," and lowering his voice, "knowing it would be for me an exceedingly delightful mission."

Constance took the missive, and twisting it carelessly in her fingers, said:—

"Of course, Frank; many thanks. And now, as you are under my commands, I forbid any more flattery and nonsense, sir. I am not in the mood to retort."

"So much the better for me," muttered the young man, moodily. "Constance, I—"

"Silence, sir! Have you not received your orders? My mind is on my losses. If you can think of no way to further our search, I shall dismiss you."

"I have thought of a way, then," he replied, with a touch of dignity. "I think one point has been overlooked. Those robbers have undoubtedly fled the town with their treasure, but it is hardly likely that they went by any very public thoroughfare. Now one, two or more strangers, traveling across the country, may have been seen by some cottager, farmer, or wood cutter; and I think it would be a mistake to neglect what might give us a clue. Probably the rascals took to their heels during the hours of darkness, making for some small railroad station. Now, I propose to go straightway, mount my horse, and scour the country in search of information. If I find a clue I shall follow it up; and so, if you don't see me by to-morrow morning, Constance, you may know that I have struck the trail."

"Why, Frank," cried Constance, in a burst of outspoken admiration. "I didn't think it was in you! Really, I admire you immensely; and you will really abandon your ease and comfort for—"

"You."

"No, don't put it in that way; say for justice."

"I don't care a fig for justice!" impatiently. "My motive is purely selfish. If I can be instrumental in recovering your diamonds, may I not hope for some very small reward?"

"To be—sure, Frank. I had overlooked that; a reward of course. I mean to have posters out right away, and—you may as well earn it as any one."

Francis Lamotte turned swiftly and stood for a moment with bent, averted head; then turning once more toward her a set, white face, he said:—

"Even your cruelty shall not prevent me from serving you to the fullest extent of my power. And while I am gone you will receive—" he broke off abruptly, then went on, speaking huskily. "Constance, a girl like you can know little of the life led by a man who is an enigma even to his fellow men. I wish I could teach you to distrust—"

She lifted one hand, warningly. "You can teach me to distrust no one but yourself, Frank; and please don't perpetually talk of me as some unsophisticated school girl. I am twenty-one, nearly as old as you, my child—old enough, certainly, to form my own judgment of people and things. Don't let's quarrel, Frank; you know I have been taught self-reliance, and never submit to dictation."

"As the queen pleases;" he lifted his hat with a graceful gesture. "Good morning, Constance," and he turned and strode rapidly away.

"Frank."

He stopped and turned toward her, but did not retrace his steps.

"Are you really going, a la Don Quixote?"

"I really am," gravely.

He lifted his hat once more, and without uttering a word, resumed his rapid walk down the graveled footpath. Reaching the entrance to the grounds he paused, leaning for a moment against a stone pillar of the gateway; his hands were clenched until the nails left deep indentations in the flesh; his face was ghastly and covered with great drops of perspiration, and, whether the look that shone from his glittering dark eyes betokened rage, or despair, or both, an observer could not have guessed.

Meanwhile Constance stood as he had left her, gazing after him with a mingled expression of annoyance and regret.

"It was very ungracious of me," she thought, half penitently, "but there's no other way with Frank, and his love-making annoys me exceedingly, especially since Aunt Honor's discovery. How she detests him, and Aunt Honor is too easy to lavish her hate upon many."

As if conjured up by her words, Mrs. Alliston appeared at the window.

"Handsome fellow, isn't he?" that is what her lips said, but the tone and look said quite as plainly, "detestable, abominable, odious." For Mrs. Alliston believed that she had discovered a good reason for disliking Frank Lamotte.

"Don't be exasperating, Aunt Honor," retorted Constance, re-entering the window with a slow, languid movement, as if the events of the morning had wearied her vastly. "Everybody has outdone themselves in the disagreeable line, myself included. I wish the burglars had carried me off along with my jewels. I am going up-stairs and try another dose of burglarious chloroform. But, first," dropping into the nearest chair, and assuming a tragic tone, "Let me peruse the letter of my beloved Sybil."

She broke the seal of the dainty envelope, to find that it enclosed another and still smaller one; and on this she read:—

"Constance, if I did not trust you so fully, I would not dare risk this: Do not open this envelope until sunset of to-morrow (Saturday); the contents will enlighten you as to my reasons for this strangeness then."

There was no signature, but the handwriting of Sybil Lamotte was too familiar to be mistaken. And, Constance Wardour sat silent and motionless, gazing at the little envelope with such a look of intense gravity upon her face as had not rested there during the entire morning.

Mrs. Alliston, who was a woman of tact, and understood her niece thoroughly, seemed not to have noticed the unopened envelope, and asked for no news from Sybil.

Presently, Constance arose and, still wearing that weary air and solemn face, crossed the room; with her hand upon the door, she turned her face toward Mrs. Alliston, saying:—

"Auntie, you hear about all that's going; did you ever hear that there was a streak of insanity in the Lamotte blood" And then, without waiting for the astonished lady to reply, she quietly passed out and up the broad stairs.

CAPTER IV.

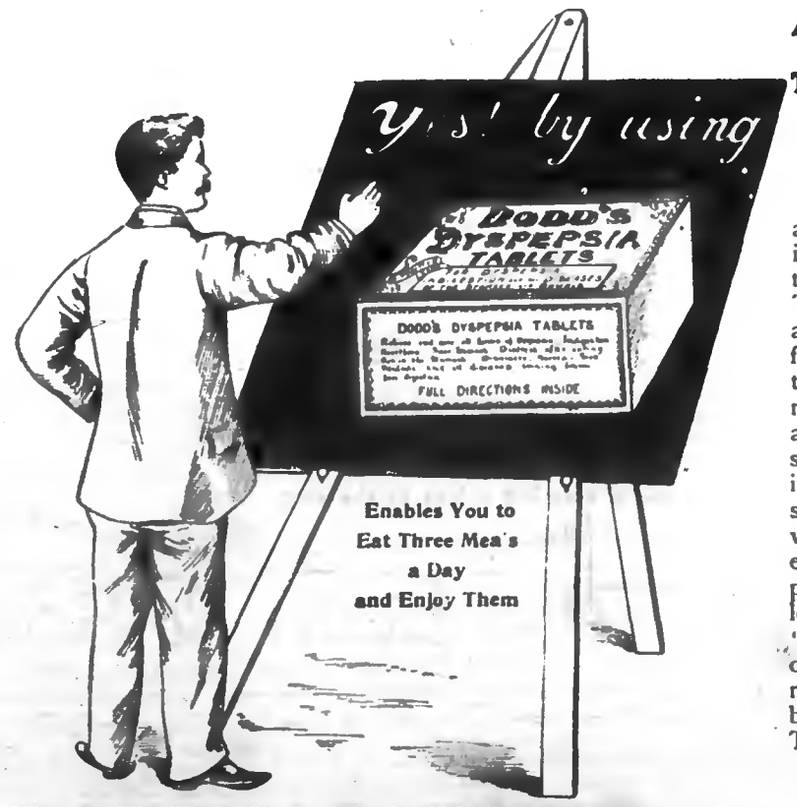
It is almost sunset, and Constance Wardour is standing alone at her dressing-room window, which faces the west. It is still in confusion, but she cares little for that. Her thoughts are far away from the "Wardour diamonds" at this moment. Several things have occurred to vex and annoy her to-day, and Constance Wardour, heiress and autocrat, is not accustomed to being annoyed.

In fact, so peculiar is her nature, that very few things have power to annoy her; but, just now, she is annoyed because she is annoyed.

"As the queen pleases," Frank Lamotte had said; and all her fair twenty-one years of life events had been ordered "as the queen pleased." She had been

To be Continued

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?



A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

USE

Baby's Own Soap

and you'll know why we recommend it

BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY APRIL 8, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The handsome signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. S. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
S. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Dunne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H. Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton, Denne and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM.—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Janes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

RAILWAYS AND BIKES.

Continued from Page 1.

second reading of the bill for the better protection of railway employes. He said it provided for compulsory use of automatic air brakes, continuous running boards, outside ladders on freight cars and iron rails on top of each car. He said railway employes all over the country endorsed the bill. The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Casey then moved that it be referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Maclean, McGregor, Ingram, Choquette, Stubbs, Belcourt, Powell, Ellis and Casey.

Col. Tisdale though no good could come of referring the bill to a special committee. The Railway Committee was the proper body to handle it.

Mr. Maclean said in the past no headway could be made with a bill of this kind before the Railway Committee. He wanted the measure to be considered by a special committee as well as his own.

Mr. Ives and Sir Charles Tupper favored a reference to the Railway Committee, but Mr. Ingram, as an old railway man, supported the special committe idea. With the addition of Mr. Blair's name, Mr. Casey's motion carried.

Mr. Maclean then moved the second reading of his bill, the purport of which is somewhat similar to Mr. Casey's. The motion was carried, and the bill was referred to a special committee.

Mr. Cowan moved the second reading of his alien labor bill. He said the time had arrived when an honest effort should be put forth to protect the Canadian laborer and artisan at home. To his personal knowledge Canadians entering the United States had their personal effects ransacked and their letters read by the myrmidons of the United States Government. The national honor of Canada demanded that the ends of justice should be met by the adoption of similar legislation. The Canadian artisan needed no protection in the open field of competition, but if any country was going to debar Canadians from enjoying the fruits of honest toil, then the Canadian laborer should be protected at home. [Cheers.] His bill might smack of retaliation, but he could not help that. If he could prevent it no American was going to slide down the cellar door of Canada unscathed while they put "tax" in theirs. [Laughter.] "No coercion" was his motto, and he trusted there would be unanimous suport to his bill.

Mr. Taylor said it was refreshing to hear the speech of the hon. gentleman. In 1890, he (Taylor) had first introduced this bill into Parliament, but it had then met with a vastly different reception from the Liberals. Mr. Cowan's bill, eight clauses of it at any rate, was copied from his (Taylor's). He was glad to know that through his effort the country had been educated upto adoption of a measure of this kind. He objected, however, to the clause added by Mr. Cowan, that the bill should only become law on proclamation of the Governor-in-Council. He would also move to insert a clause that all public contractors must be residents of Canada. In conclusion, Mr Taylor explained that although he was on deck a day before the House opened and gave notice of his bill the first day of the session, Mr. Cowan got ahead by sending down his bill by mail two weeks in advance. However, whether it was called the Taylor bill or the Cowan bill, he cared not, as long as it passed and the workingmen of Canada were protected.

Dr. Sproule congratulated Mr. Cowan upon having become a protectionist, and promised him a cordial suport.

E. F. Clarke held that while such legislation was in a measure degrading yet if Parliament failed to pass it Parliament would lose the respect of the workingmen of Canada.

Mr. Wood (Brockville) said that whatever might be his doubts as to the jurisdiction of this Parliament to put such a bill into operation, he certainly approved of the principle of the bill and its being enacted into legislation.

Messrs. McGregor and Ganong supported the principle of the proposed measure.

Mr. Wallace, in the course of a practical speech, showed the inconsistency of allowing American contractors to compete for Canadian public works, while Canadians could not get any sort of contract in the United States, and the Government, he said, were allowing a foreign company to come here and do the bank note and stamp printing for the Government.

Mr. Davies: "And committing the further crime of erecting a $60,000 building here."

Mr. Wallace: "And of having work done by foreigners that should go to Canadians."

Mr. Davies: "Oh, no."

Mr. Wallace: "Oh, yes. But I am not going to discuss that now as the bank note contract will come up before the end of the session. In Toronto, when many men were out of work the contract for re-building a large store had been given to a Buffalo architect, and he had brought his Buffalo artisans with him. Such a thing would not be tolerated in the United States and should not be allowed in Canada.

Mr. Henderson also favored an alien labor law.

Mr. Laurier, in closing the debate, explained that he had not spoken at an earlier stage, because there could be no doubt of the position of the Government in regard to this measure. The Unanimous feeling of the House appeared to be that no alternative was left to the people of Canada but to enact similar labor laws to those in force in the United States. [Cheers.] The Government was reluctant to come to the conclusion that no option was left but apply to our neighbors the same measure of justice, or injustice, that they apply to us.

But he was not in favor of going a step farther than was necessary to uphold the dignity of the country, and do what was necessary to have the obnoxious United States law removed. The prospect, therefore, was for us to adopt the framing of the present American legislation, word for word, and that had been done in the bill before the House. The Corliss bill having been vetoed by the late President, was not now the United States law, and he was therefore of opinion that it should not be made the law of Canada, but rather that we should limit our law to a copy of the United States law as it is today. He would suggest, therefore, that the bill be referred to the Senate Committe, and that would be conducive to the carrying out of the general sentiment, if that committee were clothed with the power of investigation. In effect the operation of the United States law was confined to Windsor, Niagara Falls and the 1000 Islands, and not in Maine or Vermont, so the committe might ascertain to what extent the Canadian law might be made applicable to certain districts.

The bill of Mr. Cowan having been read a second time the Premier moved that it be referred to a committee composed of Hon. Messrs. Davies, Sifton, Langelier, Wood and Messrs. Casgrain, Taylor and Cowan, with power to send for persons and papers and report from time to time.

The motion carried and Mr. Taylor's bill, having been read a second time, was duly referred to the same committee.

Mr. Clancey asked if in this way the bill was likely to become law this session, to which the Premier replied with the asurance that the Government had no intention in referring it to the committee to have it killed by that committee.

This concluded the business of the sitting and the House adjourned at midnight.

IN OPEN REVOLT.

Twenty Five Thousand Natives of Gazaland, Africa, Have Risen Against the Portuguese Government.

London, April 7.—Despatches from Pretoria and Delagoa Bay say that the whole of Gazaland is in open revolt. Twenty-five thousand natives have rebelled against the Portuguese Government. The principal rising is only about 40 miles from the Transvaal border. The Portuguese troops are mobilizing rapidly and the situation is regarded as most serious.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50 to $3.60.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling unsettled. When the big decline in Chicago and Liverpool is considered, our market holds well, presumably because prices are relatively lower here than in the States. Red winter is quoted at 71c to 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 80c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 78c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with but little enquiry. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is limited, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 18½c to 19c west and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 7.—Spring wheat, 6s 2½d to 6s 4d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 0d to 6s 1d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather easier. English country markets weak. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Wheat futures steady at 5s 9½d for May, 5s 9d for July and 5s 8½d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7½d for May and 2s 8½d for July. Flour, 21s 3d.

Paris—Wheat, 21f 95c for May; flour, 44f 30c for May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull. Maize on passage dull.

Paris—Close—Wheat quiet at 21f 90c for May; flour, 44f 60c for April.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat easy; futures quiet at 5s 8d for May and July and 5s 7½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for May, 2s 8½d for June, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour, 21s 3d.

Bituminous Coal Largely Used.

The changes which have taken place in the operative economy of manufacturing plants are notably conspicuous in the matter of fuel. Formerly anthracite coal was used universally for steam purposes, but now the bituminous is used in all large mills, with very few exceptions. Then, again, the improved methods of handling coal present quite as marked a change, and particularly in the reduction of cost, some of the latter having been at the mine, but most of it in freights and handling. Some fifteen years ago vessels ranged from 400 to 800 tons burden, 1000 tons being an extreme size, and loading was uncertain; at the present time craft average fully 2000 tons, schooners run as high as 3000 tons and barges between 4000 and 5000.—New York Sun.

A SHORT CUT TO RELIEF

FROM THE ITCHING AND BURNING OF ECZEMA.

What is Eczema, anyway? Let him who has been afflicted answer.

It is an itching and burning of the skin almost beyond endurance.

It is thousands of little vesicles filled with an irritant fluid, which burst and flow over the raw surface of the denuded skin, causing more torture than all other skin diseases combined.

It comes on almost any part of the body and is no respecter of age, as old people as well as tender infants are the subjects of its attack.

What about the cure? Physicians seem prone to regard it as almost beyond their reach.

What about Kootenay Cure? Why, it's the very remedy wherever there is any deterioration of the blood.

In the case of Mr. G. W. Dawson, Fulton P. O., Ont., stated under oath, it simply worked marvels. He had Eczema for five years, was treated by many physicians in Canada and the United States, but got so bad at last with the frightful itching and burning that he thought he would go insane. Six bottles of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure cured him.

Mr. William Marcham, an Engineer, living at 243 Catherine Street North, Hamilton, makes a sworn statement that he suffered intensely with Eczema which covered his whole body. He was in the City Hospital for six weeks and was discharged at the end of that time as incurable. Four bottles of Kootenay entirely cured his Eczema.

Other proofs of the remarkable efficacy of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure may be had by addressing the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

Hundreds of people testify *under oath.*

The New Ingredient used in Kootenay Cure will revolutionize medical science.

One bottle lasts over a month.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 8, 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 71c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 66	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 20	to	0 24
Peas, small	0 42	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 42
Oats,	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	31
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	0 90	to	1 00
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 07
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	4 50	to	5 50
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	3 00	to	3 75
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 50
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 09	to	0 10
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	10 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	4 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

HAD INDIGESTION!

For a Matter of Some Forty Years or More.

Joseph Gardner, stove dealer, of Bath, Ontario, is a great believer in Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and kidney, liver and stomach troubles generally.

"I was troubled for over forty years with indigestion and constipation," he writes. "At intervals I suffered from severe headache. I spent dollars and dollars without result until Mr. Balmour druggist, advised me to try Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and must say that they are the only remedy that gave me relief. I would not be without them for anything."

Many people suffer from rheumatism. Bad blood and diseased kidneys bring it on. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will remedy all this and cure rheumatism, sciatica and all kindred complaints. Here is a sample case:

"My boy was all crippled up and suffered awfully with rheumatism," writes Mrs. H. Wills, of Chesley, Ont. "He also had a touch of diabetes. The doctors could do him no good, but Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills completely cured him."

Sold by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 25c.

When all other remedies fail Dr Chase's Linseed and Turpentine will cure the worst chronic cold. 25 cents.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

Awnings, Tents, Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

J. J. TURNER & SONS

263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough. TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Hand Wheels for sale.

SIGNS OF SPRING.

The gentlemen will be specially interested to know that spring stocks are now complete at H. LeBrun & Co's City Clothing Store, and that from this highly tasteful and personally selected stock the public will have the privilege of obtaining the newest goods of the season. Every day new lines of the latest patterns of Canadian, Scotch and English Tweeds, English and French Worsteds, Trouserings and Light Spring Overcoatings have been coming in. These will command the attention of well-dressed men. The Ready-made Clothing is stocked ready for a big trade in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, richer in high grade qualities of material and workmanship than ever. There are also many grades of light Spring Overcoats that feel and look better than they are priced. The stock was personally selected by Mr. LeBrun in Montreal and bought right from the makers. Among the new gentlemen's furnishings are men's French cambric shirts, regatta shirts, white shirts, light spring underwear, collars, cuffs, ties, socks, gloves, etc., in fact everything in gentlemen's furnishings of the latest design. The whole stock is bright with new spring novelties, and bedding with bargains in every department.

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 80 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, April 10th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kennedy

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Vivri Co'y, 193 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening. 1ydkw

Paint Up!

Have things looking bright and shining around the farm. Paint improves everything—the house, the barn, the wagon, the buggy, the implements, etc. It don't cost much either. You'll get more than the cost back in the value added to what is painted.

Its important—very important, that you use the right paints, there's a brand you can be sure of, its

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

They're ready to use. They're easy to apply. They're good—better than you can mix yourself or have mixed for you. Better because they cover more, wear longer, look better and are more economical. There's nothing else just as good. We've printed a booklet about them called, "Paint Points." Send for it, its free. Its full of useful information about paints.

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136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1897

C. S. Parks, M. D., Quebec: "I certify that I have employed with marked success the 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in burns and certain wounds, and can thoroughly recommend its employment.

THE CONSERVATIVE WON.

The Government Fails to Elect a Supporter in Champlain.

Quebec, April 7.—The bye-election held in Champlain County to-day resulted in a victory for the Conservative candidate, Dr. Marcotte, who was returned last June by a majority of 376, but was unseated. His majority to-day is 117, with three polls to hear from in St. Maurie territory, which cannot be heard from to-night. The election was won in the face of the strongest fight of men and means that the Government could put up. In fact the Liberals were so confident that they were celebrating their victory before the results were known. They were naturally much disappointed.

A Banker's Experience.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thos. Dawson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as cheap, simple and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Legend of the Valley Lilies.

The following bright and clever lines are published in the last issue of the Canadian Home Journal, being from the pen of Miss Alma Frances McCollum, of town:—

Pearly bells, pearly bells tinkle a melody,
Tell to the moon-beams as pure as yourselves,
Murmur it merrily, tell of the revelry,
Sing of the days of the fairies and elves.

Someone has told me that this is the song you sing
Whispered so softly that wind sighs seem loud,—
There is a valley all quiet and beautiful,
Hidden from earth cares where fairy folks crowd.

There, when the moon is round, all the gay dancers are,
Each tripping fairy has bells wrought in pearl,
Golden the tiny tongues making soft melody,
Tossed by the dainty hands' swift twist and twirl.

After the merriment all these gay revellers
Sit to a feast of white honey and dew;
One time they stayed so long that the gray dawn appeared,
Scaring the dancers who fast homeward flew.

Bells of pearl, bells of pearl, all were forgotten quite,
Scattered they lay where they fell from each hand;
Then the sun, kissing them, changed them to flowers bells,
Strung them on grass blades, and told them to stand.

Silent the golden tongues, no more the music rang,
But a soft perfume as sweet as the sound
Stole forth at evening-tide, just when the moon appeared;
Just as the fairies come tripping around.

Quick as a twinkling wink all the wee merry folks
Drew off their mantles of shimmering green,
Folded them closely around the sweet pearly bells,
Hid them so snugly they scarce could be seen.

Still you can find them tucked safe in the sheeny folds,
Sheltered and hidden from sunbeam's strong light;
Often the same tinkling fairy tunes ring again,
Just when the south wind fans softly at night.

Listen in silence long,—if the long day has passed,
Leaving your heart without sin-stain of wrong;
Chiming distinctly in low tinkling melody,
You will hear clearly the pearly bells' song.

Alma Frances McCollum.

NORWOOD NEWS.

Personal News Notes—Death of W. H. Cope—Council Meeting.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Mr P C Pearce, of Havelock, was in town on Sunday....Mr James Fraser was visiting friends in town on Sunday....Mr Wm Wasson left on Monday for British Columbia....Mr George Duffillas' house was brightened on Sunday by another boy....Mr G B Cameron left for Toronto on Friday, where he has secured a situation....Mr Jas Crowley, of Norwood, and W M Boyle, of Hastings, left on Wednesday morning for Rochester, where they have secured employment.

DEATH.—On Tuesday Mr. William H. Cope passed away at his home on Queen-st. Mr. Cope, who was in his 66th year, had been a resident of Norwood for many years and was much respected by everyone. The funeral will take place on Thursday, the 8th, at 2 o'clock p. m. and the remains will be interred in the Norwood cemetery.

COUNCIL.—The village Council met on the above date. Present Mr H G Buck, reeve; and Messrs Harper, Nicol and Ellis. The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion ordered to be signed. Mr. John Davidson appeared before the Council and asked that a sidewalk be built on the north side of Queen-st. from his place east to Cedar-st. The Council will consider this when making their sidewalk estimates for the year. The reeve and clerk were appointed to see that the awning in front of the shops are raised. Mr. James Mungraw asked for a rebate on taxes on account of fire. Mr. Chas. O'Reilly appeared and asked for the position of assessor. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Nicol, that Mr. Jas Mungraw get a rebate on half his taxes.—Carried. It was moved, seconded and carried, that the following accounts be paid:—D Fraser, seven galvanized pails, $1.75; R Scriver, half day's work repairing culverts and sewers, $1; R Scriver and two assistants, watching fire over night, $2; J G Keefer, printing 1,000 envelopes for Indian famine fund, $2.50. W Rutherford's resignation was laid before the Council. An application was received from D H Booth for position as treasurer. Mr P W Reynolds addressed the Council in regard to fire protection. J L Squires thought that the Council should be taught a lesson by the late fire, and that they should get an estimate of cost of an efficient system of fire protection. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Harper, that the reeve and clerk be a committee to make enquiries as to the cost of an efficient system of fire protection.—Carried. A communication was received from F W Wilkins asking that attention be given to the matter of drainage on Pine and Oak-sts. Moved by Councillor Harper, seconded by Councillor Nicol, that Mr Wilkins communication be received and duly considered when making estimates.—Carried. The auditors report was presented. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Harper, that the auditors' report be received and adopted and that the clerk get the necessary copies printed. Mr I N Ackerman called attention to the necessity of building a sidewalk from Ridge to Peterborough-st on Pine-st. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Harper, that the resignation of W Rutherford as treasurer be accepted.—Carried. By-law No 202 to repeal by-law No. 188 appointing W Rutherford as treasurer, and appointing Donald H Booth as his successor was passed. By-law No. 203 appointing Chas. O'Reilly as assessor and P. W. Stevenson as pound-keeper and repealing by-law No. 196 was passed. The reeve brought up the matter of livery license. Moved by Councillor Ebbs, seconded by Councillor Nicol, that the request of the livery men be granted and that the Council make a license for all liverymen keeping horses for hire or gain, and that the license be $15.

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL.—Rev. Jas. Cattanach, Messrs. Jos Porter, of Bailieboro, R Deyell and D Armstrong were at Peterborough last Tuesday at a meeting of the Presbytery....Mr Geo L Fair took in the excursion to Ottawa last Monday from Peterborough....Mr David Baxter and family have returned to their home in South Monaghan after being in the Northwest for five years.

FAREWALL.—The Rev. Jas Cattanach, the esteemed Presbyterian pastor here for the past few years, will preach his farewell sermon on Easter Sunday before his departure for his new sphere of labor at Tawneytown, Maryland, U.S.

DEATH.—Mrs Henry Campbell, of Millbrook, sister of Mr. Isaac Larmer, west of here, died last Wednesday after a short illness.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homœopathic

REMEDIES CURE

Catarrh and All Throat and Lung Diseases.

Catarrh Leads to Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Disorders, Consumption and Many Other Diseases—Munyon Positively Cures by His New Method.

Are you a sufferer with catarrh? Have you taken all sorts of drugs and patent nostrums? Are you tired of paying big doctor bills without being cured? Are you willing to spend 50 cents for a cure that permanently cures catarrh by removing the cause of the disease? If so, ask your druggist for a 25-cent bottle of Munyon's Catarrh Tablets. The Catarrh Cure will eradicate the disease from the system, and the Tablets will cleanse and heal the afflicted parts and restore them to a natural and healthful condition.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

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A Separate Cure for Each Disease.
At All Druggists, 25c a Bottle.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

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The Wood Company,
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Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

MEN'S HATS FOR SPRING

NEW AND TASTEFUL STYLES.

Men who wish to be well-dressed and who are particularly careful as to the style of hats they wear, find much to commend this season in the hats made by Christy, Lincoln, Bennett, Wilkinson, Youmans and Stetson.

THE DERBY HATS for this Spring differ from the Fall hats in the matter of brim, which is rather more flat with the full crown.

We show three different shades of brown together with a beautiful black, they are very Dressy Hats.

The true worth of our $2.50 DERBYS are greatly appreciated by a large class of patrons. "YOUMAN'S" sell at the standard price, $5.00.

THE SILK HAT is a little more bell as to crown than last season, while the brim is flat and similar in curve to the brim of the Derby.

FEDORAS are medium wide in brim with flat set curl, crown not too high.

We have hats to sell this season that are not only pleasing to the eye but also very durable.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

TORONTO. . . . PETERBOROUGH.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.
No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage.
Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

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W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

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DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.
Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 84. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

BOOT ON T'OTHER FOOT

Liberals in Office Show a Decided Difference

From Liberals in Opposition — Forty Officials Have Been Superannuated Since July 13 Last at an Annual Cost to the Country of Over $18,000—Mr. Kelly is a British Subject—Mr. Fielding Out of Office and in Office Holds Different Views — The Liquor Question — Mr. Charlton's Sunday Observance Bill Again—Railway Rates—House of Commons Proceedings.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—In the House to-day a question of Dr. Sproule in regard to superannuations elicited a long list of names from Mr. Fielding, showing that once the Liberals are in power there is a complete disregard of past professions on this particular question. Since July 13 last forty officers have been superannuated at an annual cost to the country of $18,220. Fourteen were retired with gratuities at a cost of $3179.

Mr. Sifton informed Mr. Taylor that Mr. Edward Kelly, late of Pembroke, had been appointed Immigration Agent in the North of Ireland. Mr. Kelly was a British subject and had not been a hotelkeeper in the United States. He was recommended for the position by Mr. Murray, ex-M.P. of Pembroke, but was not his half-brother. Mr. Kelly was formerly an officer of the Imperial Government in Ireland, charged with the carrying out of the Land Act.

Mr. Gillies asked if the despatch in The Halifax Morning Chronicle of 11th December, 1894, represented correctly the utterance of Mr. W. S. Fielding, then Premier of Nova Scotia, and now Minister of Finance, who is reported in said despatch as having stated as follows: "Referring to the coal trade, he said the Liberal party would not preach one doctrine in Cape Breton and another in the rest of the Dominion. If the coal business could not be carried on without protection, then it is better not to carry it on at all."

Does the report in The Montreal Herald of March 13, 1897, represent the Minister of Finance correctly, when waited upon by representatives of the coal interest who urged upon him the necessity of maintaining, if not increasing, the present duty on coal? The Minister is reported as having stated as follows: "If, however, your view is correct, and it turns out that the United States duty is raised to a high figure, then we shall claim and exercise the right to revise our views respecting the Canadian duty, and we shall feel bound to impose a duty not only on bituminous, but also on anthracite coal, which at present comes into our markets from the States free of duty." If reported correctly in both cases, how does the Minister of Finance reconcile these two conflicting statements?

Mr. Fielding replied: I am not in a position to make any statement respecting the accuracy of a report which I have not seen for several years. I have advocated the free exchange of coal in Canada and the United States, but otherwise I have not advocated free coal. Whether speaking to the coal miners of Nova Scotia or to the people of other sections of the country I have always held that the article of coal could not be considered alone, but must be dealt with in connection with others, with regard to the interests of the Dominion as a whole. The words quoted from The Montreal Herald are a correct report of a single sentence in my Montreal address.

Mr. Foster: You don't reconcile them.

Mr. Speaker stated that he had seen a report in newspapers that liquor was being sold within the precincts of the House of Commons. This was not the case. Every precaution in his power was taken to see that the rule laid down by the House last year was carried out. He had a report of the sergeant-at-arms stating that no beer, wine or spirits was kept within the precincts of the House by the caterer.

Mr. Gibson moved the second reading of his bill to render dues for materials, wages, etc., a first lien on the railway on which they were used, and explained that the Grand Trunk and C.P.R., as well as all other companies of standing in Canada, were not opposed to the measure. The bill was referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill "To secure the better observance of the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, as a day of rest." He contended that it was merely creating a civil right in Sunday rest to the laborer in Canada. Mr. Charlton observed that it could not be said the bill was promoted and sustained by the Christian sentiment of the country, so far as the laity is concerned. They seem, he said, to be quite indifferent whether or not a law is passed to secure to the laborer a day of rest. In fact there appeared to be no extent of popular feeling in the matter whatsoever. If it were a case of some interest endeavoring to bleed one section of the country at the expense of another. Mr. Charlton thought there would be deputations down to Ottawa to push it along. But so far as he was aware there had been no deputation of Christians to Ottawa to promote the passage of his Sunday bill. Mr. Charlton spoke at length upon the benefits that would accrue to the population from the operation of such a law. The managers of the C.P.R. and Grand Trunk were not opposed to the bill, as it did not interfere with through traf- ... Sir William Van Horne wanted the Soo Canal to be closed also if the railways were to be obliged to cease traffic on Sunday.

Mr. Craig accounted for the apathy of the House on the ground that most of the members thought the bill unnecessary. It was a strong argument in favor of the view that the Sabbath was better observed in Canada than in any other country on earth, Scotland not excepted. Again, it was urged that the bill is impracticable; and the experience of the House certainly was that no headway had ever been made in committee towards framing a workable measure. Moreover, high legal authority held that this was a matter for provincial legislation. Mr. Craig, while giving the mover all credit for his perseverance, desired to correct the impression in the country that Mr. Charlton was the only man in the House who favored Sunday observance. There was no need of a law against Sunday newspapers and the like, for the best safeguard was the high moral sense of the community.

Mr. Casey was inclined to doubt seriously whether this House would be within its rights in passing a bill of this character. The clause respecting the closing of the canals was the only exception.

Mr. Laurier referred to former opinions of Sir John Thompson, that the matter was beyond the jurisdiction of Parliament, and he paid deference to that opinion. Clause 1, relating to hours in newspaper offices, would certainly have to be reconsidered in committee. While he believed the sale of newspapers should be prohibited on Sunday, as other articles, preparations had to be made on Sunday for issuing a paper on Monday. The clause relating to railways would also have to be looked into, since the damage resulting from such restriction would be great. Neither could Mr. Laurier see how Sunday excursions could be prevented, any more than a cabman could be prevented from carrying passengers on Sunday. While Sunday was not as rigidly observed in Quebec as in the other provinces, he did not know that the people were less religious.

The motion carried, and the bill was then given its second reading.

Mr. McLennan moved the second reading of his bill to compel railways to give second-class return trip tickets at the same reduction as allowed on first-class return tickets. He pointed out that his bill was in the interests of the farmers and others who traveled second class.

Mr. Lister, in opposing the bill, hinted that the mover was simply hunting for popularity. At least he was proceeding without due consideration and information. Parliament, he contended, would be acting unjustly in interfering with the earning powers of railways in which large sums of foreign capital were invested.

Mr. Bennett pointed out that in a score of ways Parliament, by legislation, restricted, regulated or interfered with the rights and privileges of railway companies.

Mr. Campbell (Kent) thought it rather small for Parliament to be attempting to regulate rates on railways. As it was, second-class tickets were sold at a very low rate.

The Premier appreciated Col. McLennan's object, but the bill would scarcely commend itself to the House. There was no complaint, there was no law to compel railway companies to issue return tickets at all. They were only issued as regards first class, because it induced travel. Evidently the same business reason does not apply in the matter of second-class travel, else second-class return tickets would also be issued. He was opposed to the principle of dictating to railway companies as to the manner in which they should conduct their business. However, he would allow the bill to go to a second reading and be referred to the Railway Committee.

The bill was accordingly read and referred.

This is an economical Government, and the country will soon realize it. From July 1 next, interest on deposits in the Postoffice Savings and Government Banks is to be reduced from 3 1-2 to 3 per cent. Banks have been urging this step for some time, on the ground that the present state of the money market did not justify the Government rate, and evidently their representations have had weight with Mr. Fielding, who thereby will save $170,500 annually.

Capt. Whitely has arrived in Ottawa to confer with the Minister of Marine and Capt. Wakeham in regard to the exploration expedition to Hudson Bay. He has been engaged as ice captain of the Diana. Of late years he has been engaged in the Behring Sea fishery, but one of the most experienced ice navigators of the Newfoundland sealing fleet, Mr. Hugh Sutherland, President of the Hudson Bay Railway Company, is also in Ottawa in connection with the expedition.

After recess Mr. Wood (Hamilton) moved the second reading of his bill, which provides that stockholders in Ontario building and loan societies shall not obtain security to a greater extent than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the company. The bill, which was read a second time, also provides that the person pledging the stock shall be responsible, and not the person lending money thereon. The bill goes to the Banking and Commerce Committee.

The House adjourned at 9 o'clock.

EATEN BY CANNIBALS.

Mr. Duncan, a Trader, Captured by Natives of New Hebrides, Fed Up, Killed and Eaten.

Victoria, B.C., April 8.—Australian advices state that Mr. Duncan, a white trader who reached Sydney from South Africa, met his death in a very painful way while trading with natives of New Hebrides. He was tied up to a tree for three days, being kept alive and forcibly stuffed with food. He was then cut down, killed and eaten, women, even, joining joyfully in the cannibalistic feast. There was a great assemblage from the various groups of islands. Duncan, it appears, was a single man, about 33 years old.

THE ESTIMATES DOWN

A Nominal Decrease From Last Year's Figures.

Supplementaries to Come Which Will Wipe Out the Apparent Decrease and a Good Deal More—Less Pay for Senators and Commoners—More for Agriculture—Reduction on Account of Militia, Also for Marine and Fisheries Collingwood, Kincardine and Other Harbors Have Appropriations—Toronto Gets a Paltry Share.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The estimates for the fiscal year commencing the 1st July next, presented to Parliament to-day, show that there is a nominal decrease in the total from this year of $223,788. But it must be borne in mind that there are supplementary estimates to come down, which will not only wipe out this decrease, but swell the annual expenditure by probably two million dollars more.

On consolidated revenue account there are decreases to the amount of $1,722,642, while the increases amount to $125,380. Decrease on consolidated fund is therefore nearly $1,600,000. On capital account, however, there is a substantial increase, due to the determination of Mr. Blair to push the St. Lawrence canals rapidly to completion. The estimate of expenditure on account of railways and canals chargeable to capital is $5,723,696, an increase of $2,378,412.

There are decreases on account of redemption of debt and militia expenditure chargeable to capital, amounting in round figures to $1,000,000. The net increase on capital account, therefore amounts to $1,363,473.

Under the head of Civil Government there is a noticeable decrease. In other words, the statutory increases are not there this year. The penitentiary vote is cut down by $67,000, $44,000 of this being struck off the vote for Kingston.

Senators and Commoners will have to worry along with $83,000 less than last year.

There is an increase of $64,000 in the agricultural vote, owing to the proposed advances for butter making and for cold storage.

The quarantine service escaped to the extent of $17,000, and the immigration appropriation is increased by $44,000. There is a substantial reduction of $330,000 on account of militia, $147,000 of this being on account of the annual drill and $142,207 on account of clothing and other stores.

It is to be hoped that the Government does not intend to pinch the force.

Regarding the canal votes the following are the principal items chargeable to capital:

Soulanges, construction, $1,250,000; Cornwall, enlargement, $185,000; Cornwall, converting basin into dry dock, $15,000; Farran's Point, enlargement, $375,000; Rapide Plat, enlargement, $115,000; Galops, enlargement, $1,635,000; North Channel, straightening and deepening, $375,000; Galops Channel, straightening and deepening, $50,000; River Reaches, $50,000; Lake St. Francis, removal of boulders, etc., $75,000; Trent, construction, $650,000; Sault Ste. Marie, construction and equipment, $75,000; Lachine, enlargement, $216,000; Lachine, deepening river at St. Pierre, $40,000; Lake St. Louis Channel, straightening and deepening, $86,000; Grenville, enlargement, $90,000; to pay George Godwin final estimate and award of Mr. Walter Shanley, $45,696.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries makes a cut of $171,000, applicable to ocean and river service, lighthouse and coast service and to fishery work.

As previously announced, the Mounted Police force is to be reduced, an annual saving of $145,000.

The Geological Survey Department is to get along with $10,000 less, while under the heading of miscellaneous there is a reduction of $125,000.

The amounts for public buildings and public works in Ontario are only small:

Collingwood Harbor, improvement, $80,000; Rainy River, improvement of navigable channel, $20,000; general repairs and improvements to harbor, river and bridge works, $10,000; Kingston Harbor, Lake Ontario, $6500; Owen Sound Harbor, dredging, etc., $25,000; Toronto Harbor, works at eastern entrance, etc., $20,000; Burlington Channel, repairs to piers, $8000; Cobourg, repairs to piers, $3000; Goderich, reconstruction of breakwater and repairs to piers, $53,000; Kincardine, repairs to piers, $12,000; L'Orignal, reconstruction of wharf, $16,500; Port Burwell, improvement of harbor, provided interested parties expend a sum of $50,000, $25,000; Thornbury, repairs to wharf, $10,000; Port Stanley, repairs to piers and dredging, $16,000.

Dominion Public Buildings, Ontario, renewals, improvements, repairs, etc., $10,000; Toronto, Dominion Public Buildings, improvements, renewals, repairs, etc., $5000; Arnprior Postoffice, Custom House, etc., under contract, $15,000.

Following are Ontario Canal appropriations: To dredge channel at upper entrance of Bobcaygeon, $2500; to build guard pier, entrance at Bobcaygeon, $600; to remove rock in channel above Burleigh lock and Stoney Lake, $2000; to dredge in Katchamarine Lake, $2500; to complete dam at Chisholm's Rapids, $2000; to renew superstructure west of Port Dalhousie, $20,000; to renew fender works of bridges in new canal, $13,500.

Five thousand dollars is to be voted ... statue of Her Majesty, in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee, and $5000 for a statue of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.

Mail subsidies and steamship subventions are practically unchanged.

The vote for the Meteorological Observatory at Toronto is reduced by one-half, and $15,000 is lopped off the fishery protection service.

A steam launch, to cost $5000, is to be placed on the Upper Yukon River.

Toronto gets $5000 towards the meeting of the British Association.

Mr. Sifton procures for Winnipeg half the cost of suppressing the smallpox outbreak in 1893.

Ten thousand dollars additional is to be spent in maintaining cutters for protection of the customs revenue.

Toronto custom house appropriation is cut down by $2187 and postoffice expenses are cut down by $151,000.

The sum of $35,000 is to be voted for the purchase of a site for a rifle range at Ottawa.

Glass Workers' Strike Off

Marion, Ind., April 8.—The strike at the factory of the United States Glass Company at Gas City has been declared off after a struggle lasting over three years. This is a victory for the glass company. It is estimated that the maintenance of the idle workmen has cost the National Flint Glass Workers' Union not less than $50,000.

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
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1 Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
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1 Comet (Gents) good as new	110, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1 Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1 Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
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A GOOD PLAIN COOK. APPLY AT ONCE to MRS. M. NEILL, 350 Hunter-st. 3d83

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OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d85tf

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RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. 459-w11 3m

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DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

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New Spring Suits and Overcoats
All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES
For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS
See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

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READY TO WEAR.
This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

Probabilities.
Strong north-east, shifting to north-west winds; cloudy and cold, with rain.

R. F.
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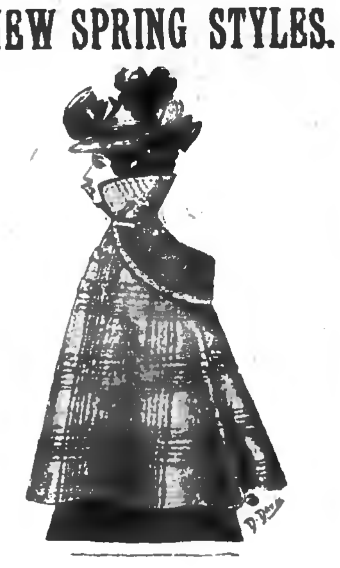
OUR NEW SPRING STYLES.



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Were never so handsome or so reasonable in price.

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"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
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All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY 83 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Oversmith Hotel.

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THE beautiful rich color, the superior finish, the ease with which they run, their strength, the perfect construction of every part combine in making this wheel most popular with lady cyclists. Ladies' **RED BIRDS** are made in two models and fitted with very light and handsome aluminum chain guards.

The Countess of Aberdeen

selected a Red Bird in preference to all other makes of wheels offered, thus showing her appreciation of an article of Canadian manufacture that is high-grade in every particular. A post card will bring you our handsome '97 catalogue.

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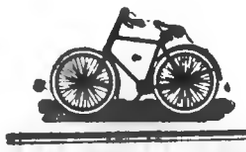
Wholesale and Retail Bicycle Dealer, 428 George St.



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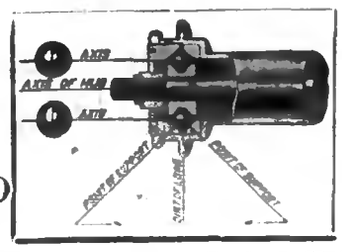

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and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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(On surrender of standard form if school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

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Single First Class Fare

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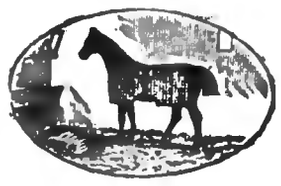
To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.



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Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

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NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

"How Did She Burn Her Face"

That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter

Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured

Smooth, Soft, White Skin Now.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:

"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes

Would Be Covered with Blood.

We had a great many doctors to see her, out they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and her face is as

Smooth and White and Soft

as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.

N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897

"THE tariff can wait, but the franchise law, which will not be used for two or three years, must be dealt with at once," is practically what the Government says by its programme in Parliament.

A perusal of the parliamentary reports lead one to the conclusion that the Liberal Ministers are making many statements these days which cannot be substantiated by fact. In yesterday's report the Finance Minister, Mr. Fielding, was corrected three or four times for making mistaken statements. It looks very much as if the Opposition was making it rather too warm for the members of the Government who are new to federal affairs as members of the Commons.

THE talk about the Opposition obstructing the Government in proceeding with business in the Commons is rather ridiculous in the face of the fact that the Government does not show the slightest anxiety or inclination to bring down the important business of greatest moment to the country. Because the Opposition desire the rules of the House to be observed Mr. Laurier flies into a "huff" and moves the adjournment. No, no, it looks as if adjournments and political debates are just what the Government are looking for until they can unravel their very badly snarled tariff.

THE Liberal press are getting consolation for the defeat of the Government candidate in Champlain out of the fact that the majority was reduced. This is poor consolation for a party that the day before announced the election of the Liberal candidate as a certainity, being sure of success because of the results in Wright and Bonaventure and knowing the great exertions that had been put forth by the army of workers that flooded the riding. That a good majority was held by the Conservative candidate against tremendous odds is satisfactory to the Opposition, and is anything but a sweet morsel for Mr. Tarte, who was giving a dinner party at Ottawa, it is said, to celebrate the victory. The defeat that came instead of the victory rather dampened the proceedings. Mr. Tarte is undoubtedly the man who won the treasury benches for Mr. Laurier and his party, but, as has been said before in these columns, he will as surely be the chief cause of their downfall.

WHEN a Government organ undertakes to defend "the spoils system" as introduced by the Liberals it has on hand a pretty heavy task, especially if it depends solely on the few cases that can be cited where neglect or wilful wrong-doing can be alleged. These cases are not the cause of complaint. It is the hypocrisy of the Liberals in sending out commissioners, who were themselves partizans, to investigate charges of "partizanship" against Conservatives who held offices, had given good service and against whose dismissal Liberals and Conservatives of the particular locality made protest. This was an expensive farce to the people, for these commissioners were well paid, whether they found that they had been sent on a wild goose chase or not. In place of the man who was dismissed for attending a Conservative meeting or some such serious offence, an old time campaign worker and Liberal partizan would be appointed. Mr. Blair instituted the system on the Intercolonial railway among the workmen, who he said were not entitled to the consideration extended to the better paid officials, until the labor unions took hold of the matter and put a stop to the Ministers' headlong disregard of the rights of the workingmen on that railway. The printing bureau was treated to a taste of the same system in order to allow friends of the Government supporters to be given offices. Dismissals by the score to make room for the party's friends have been made, and there is nothing to be gained by an attempt at a defence of the whole system because one or two officials who deserved dismissals have been decapitated.

THE Mail and Empire recalls a protest made by Sir Richard Cartwright in the House of Commons when an official of the Department of Finance, then under Sir Leonard Tilley, was being promoted, not appointed. Sir Richard's words, which are interesting now when his son, a young man of 23 years, has been appointed as an inspector of the Mounted Police, were as follows:—

"We have all heard in the good old days about a hundred years ago, according to the renowned Sheridan,

"'It's a mighty fine thing to be a father-in-law
To a mighty, magnificent, three-tailed bashaw.'

But in Canada, at any rate, it is a much finer thing to be brother-in-law to a Minister of Finance. I would like to know how many pensioners this hon. gentleman is going to put on the country."

This son of Sir Richard's was appointed to the Mounted Police on Feb. 15, 1897, taking rank over officers who had experience and long service to recommend them for advancement. Sir Richard's words quoted above are therefore peculiarly applicable. In answering a question put by Mr Davin regarding this appointment, Mr. Laurier in the House the other day gave the following information:—

"He is 23 years of age. He has been hitherto qualifying for a military or semi-military profession. He held a commission in the Fourteenth Battalion of the Ontario militia, and has taken a course of instruction at the infantry school, London, and a cavalry school, Toronto."

Remarking on this the Hamilton Spectator says "It was rather odd that the Premier should have missed Mr. Cartwright's greatest qualification from the inventory — the fact that he was his father's son. If the young man has inherited some brains from his daddy, he will be able, after he has learned several Indian lingoes and a French dialect that would paralyze a Prussian; after he has learned the ways of the detective, and can smell illicit whiskey ten miles; after he has earned to find himself on an open prairie or in a dense wood; after he has learned how to get through a blizzard; after he has become inured to mosquitoes; and after he has learned the profession he has taken up, he will probably be as good a man as many of the officers over whose heads he has been boosted."

War Fleets of Greece and Turkey.

Greece has five vessels classed as armor clads, as follows: The Georgios, 1770 tons, launched in 1868; two 8 1-2-inch guns and four 3-inch breech-loaders; the Olga, 2030 tons, launched in 1869, six 6 1-2-inch guns and four rapid-fire guns; the Spezia, 4580 tons, launched in 1869, three 10 1-2-inch and five 6-inch guns; the Hydra, 4880 tons, launched in 1869, three 10 1-2 and five 6-inch guns; the Prara, 4880 tons, launched in 1890, three 10 1-2 and four 6-inch guns. There are twenty-one unprotected vessels, some of them 38 years old and none of them built since 1885. The largest, the Boobulina, is 1950 tons burden; some are as small as 100 tons and most of them are under 500 tons. The batteries of these vessels are mostly small breech-loading and machine guns. In addition to these there is a considerable number of steel hull torpedo boats.

To oppose this fleet Turkey has one several times as large, but antiquated. There are eighteen armor-clads, the oldest launched in 1864, and the newest in 1885, and ranging in tonnage from 330 to 8990. The batteries are principally old-fashioned muzzle loading guns, and in this respect Greece has the advantage. Turkey, however, has just completed, or is about to complete at Constantinople, a powerful barbette ship of 9000 tons, 14-inch steel armor. It has an armament of four 11 inch, six 6 inch and ten rapid-fire guns. Turkey also has a fleet of five deck-protected cruisers, ranging in tonnage from 1600 to 4050, just completed or nearing completion. There is also a flotilla of torpedo boats rather larger and more modern than those of Greece. Of unprotected vessels, seven are small ones of from 200 to 600 tons, just completed or nearing completion. The rest of them are nearly all antiquated, some going back to the 50's and not one among them of tolerable speed, and some of them as small as 25 tons displacement and only four of them over 1000 tons. They include gunboats, transports, dispatch boats, etc., and none of them would be of any great value in war, as they are too slow to overtake an unarmed vessel or to escape from an armed one.—Baltimore Sun.

OUR BUSY LEGISLATORS.

Large Amount of Business Transacted at the Sessions of the Provincial Legislature Yesterday.

In moving yesterday morning the second reading of his bill to encourage the manufacture of railway steel and iron in the province, Hon. J. M. Gibson expressed the hope that steel manufactures would reach the proportions already attained by the iron industry in Ontario. He deplored the fact that ores had to be imported to this province. He was certain that, with proper railway facilities, the ore could be obtained in Northern Ontario. He expected that the Dominion Government would take a leaf from his book in the matter and also give the industry some encouragement.

Mr. Whitney was glad to hear the warm protection speech of Hon. Mr. Gibson. It was a sign that his party was swinging into line.

Mr. Stratton asked if the Government intended to allow the Osgoode Athletic Association the western part of the old Parliament grounds during the season to play lacrosse and football. He understood the Government was considering the matter, and he hoped they would see their way clear to grant the request.

Mr. Whitney could see no objection to granting the application.

The Attorney-General replied that the Government had had a number of applications and they did not know that they would be able to give the preference to any of them.

The afternoon was taken up with the consideration in committee of the Attorney-General's bill to make certain amendments to the Statute Law.

Among the clauses which called for special protest from the Opposition was that referring to the appointment of junior County Court judges, a power vested in the Dominion Government. When the County Courts Act was passed a Conservative Government was dispensing the judicial patronage at Ottawa. The appointment of junior County Court judges is under Federal jurisdiction, and the Ontario Government enacted, accordingly, that there should be no appointments of junior judges in counties or in unions of counties where the population did not exceed 80,000. Now, however, Sir Oliver Mowat, in office himself at Ottawa, is suffering from the law he himself enacted, and his successor in the Local House is helping him out by adding an amending section to provide that the original law should not apply to any county in which is situate a city, and for which county a junior judge has been heretofore appointed, nor to the Counties of Grey, Renfrew, Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, Ontario, Bruce Simcoe, Huron, and Victoria and Haliburton.

The other sections of the bill were not finished with until 6 o'clock and the Speaker left the chair.

The bill passed and also a very large number of public and private bills.

FIREBUGS AT STOUFFVILLE.

Disastrous Loss to Mr. Abraham Stouffer Due to Basually Incendiaries.

Stouffville, April 8,—(Special.)—This morning about 2 o'clock fire was discovered bursting through the roof of the large dairy buildings of the well-known dairyman, Abraham Stouffer, on lot 2, concession 10, Township of Whitchurch, on the north border of this town. A large number of dairy cows, horses, sheep and other cattle, together with an extensive stock of farming implements and over 1000 bushels of grain, were, with the buildings, totally destroyed. Loss $3000; insurance $600, in Waterloo Mutual. The fire was clearly the work of an incendiary.

The Seven Bibles.

The most extensively read books in the world are the "Seven Bibles." They are the Scriptures of the Christians, the Zend-Avesta of the Persians, the four Vedas of the Hindoos, the Tripitaka of the Buddhists, the five Kings of the Chinese, the two Eddas of the Scandinavians, and the Koran of the Mohammedans. Of these the Scriptures are the oldest and the Koran the most recent.

The mystery of womanhood is full of deep unanswerable enigmas. Why should women be compelled to suffer simply because they are women? Why is it that the source of their highest joys is at the same time the cause of their greatest wretchedness? The very attributes which make it possible for women to be happy wives and mothers also render them liable to the utmost physical misery and pain.

The sufferings of body and mind caused by some weakness of the distinctly feminine organs are so almost universal among women that the question might well be asked: "Is this Nature's punishment for the crime of being a woman?"

The true answer is No! These sufferings are neither natural nor necessary. They would not exist if the organism was healthy. No woman ought to endure such troubles. There is no need of it. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a perfect and positive cure for feminine weakness and disease.

It gives health and strength to the special organs and nerve-centres; heals inflammation; stops weakening drains; promotes functional regularity, and restores the normal, vigorous and painless condition which Nature intended.

It is the only medicine of its kind invented by an educated and experienced physician. It is the only medicine which makes baby's coming safe and comparatively painless.

Any woman who would like to know more about this medicine and about her own physical make-up should send 31 one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only* on an absolutely free copy of his thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser;" or, 50 stamps for cloth covered.

A sure and permanent cure for constipation is Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—O. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

Barreled Elixir of Life.

The Deacon does not say that he has discovered the fountain of perpetual youth. That would be superlative, and the Deacon does not indulge in superlatives unless he happens to be talking of his daughters, granddaughters or gread-granddaughters, who are lurking in the future for him. Anybody who knows the Deacon will not hesitate to say that even great-great-granddaughters are not beyond the probabilities, for the Deacon looks almost as young as his youngest son. There is nothing medicinal about the Deacon's recipe for preserving life and promoting happiness. It is within the reach of all, and may be bought by the barrel. This declaration might give rise to the suspicion that it is liquid. It isn't, although some New Jersey distillers have succeeded in converting it into the beverage best known as applejack. It may be inferred that the Deacon's recipe is apples.

"I bought two barrels last fall," said the Deacon. "At first my daughters did not eat them very much; in fact, I thought that I would have to get away with them unassisted. Apples are the best things in the world for the stomach, in my opinion, and also fine for the nerves. I thought, not long ago, that I would try and see how the girls liked the apples baked, so we had them baked for a week or so. But even then I had to eat most of them, and, until a few weeks ago, when I read a piece in The Sun saying that apples were good for the complexion. I told my girls about it, and the next day we couldn't bake enough apples for them. I guess we will have to get a couple more barrels. It's feminine nature to care less for longevity than for the complexion. I have no doubt that apples are good for the complexion, but that's because they are good for the stomach and the nerves."—New York Sun.

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicapped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

NEW-FANGLED FIREMAKERS.

FROM FLINT AND STEEL TO THE PORTABLE ELECTRIC SPARK.

The Modern Prometheus Is Wrestling With the Problem of a Perennial and Unconsumable Match—The Lucifer's Story.

The electric match is the next important invention promised. Before very long the phosphorus-tipped wooden splints now in use will be replaced by a handy little tool that may be carried in the pocket or hung up conveniently for striking a light when wanted. Twentieth century people will doubtless speak of the "hell-sticks" of the present day as primitive and absurd, just as we are disposed to look with scorn upon the flint and steel of our forefathers, says a writer in The Washington Post. Already there is on the market a gas-lighter which affords more than a suggestion of the electric match of the future, a twist of the handle generating sufficient electricity to accomplish the purpose. Also there are several styles of cigar-lighters which depend for their supply of electricity upon storage batteries. For some years past the gas jets in theatres and public buildings have been lighted by the electric spark. Indeed, most persons have seen the curious experiment of lighting the gas with the finger after a shuffle across the carpet to generate the electricity needed.

The portable electric lighter is bound to come. Meanwhile inventors, as shown by the records of the Patent Office, exercise much ingenuity in trying to improve on the common, everyday match. There are matches of bone and matches of pasteboard; also matches made of glass and matches of paper, while one enterprising genius proposes to manufacture matches out of a mixture of oyster shells and clinkers ground up. Not least interesting is a spherical match—a little ball of wood pulp, covered with phosphorus composition. In using it a holder is required, inasmuch as there is no stick, the ignited wood pulp burning slowly until wholly consumed. Thus there is no residue of stick and char to be disposed of, and matches of this kind have the further advantage that they are cheap, and can be packed in very small compass, like pills.

There are several devices for combining match and cigar. One of these is a sort of peg made of niter, sulphur, charcoal, flour and gum-arabic, which is stuck on the end of the cigar. When you want a light it is necessary merely to rub the tip of the cigar upon a rough surface. A perfumed match has been patented, the stick being dipped in oil of cassia. Of course there are ever so many odd sorts of matches actually in use to-day—as, for example, the wax matches which are employed in Europe to an extent vastly greater than in this country. Most of the wax matches are manufactured in Italy and Great Britain. They are made by drawing strands of the cotton thread, 20 or 30 at a time, through melted stearine. This hardens quickly, and the tapers are rounded by pulling them through perforated iron plates. It then remains only to cut them into proper lengths and dip them into the igniting composition.

It is an odd fact that even at the present day patents are sought for pipe-lighting contrivances, in which flint and steel are utilized with mechanical modifications. It is probable that citizens of the United States use more matches than any other people in the world. Every man, woman and child in this country, taking the average, consumes eight matches every day in the year. The tobacco smoking habit adds enormously to the consumption of matches. In France it costs more to strike a light than in any other civilized land, because the manufacture of matches is a Government monopoly. Sweden is the great match-maker of the world, though the industry is conducted on an enormous scale in the United States and elsewhere.

Pine and aspen are the woods which furnish most of the material for match-sticks. The logs are cut into blocks 15 inches long, representing the length of seven matches. Freed from bark the log is put into a lathe with a cutting tool, by which a continuous strip of veneer is turned off, just the thickness of a match. Thus, the whole block is converted into a sheet 15 inches wide, which is cut incidentally by the same process, into seven ribbons, the width of each being just the length of a match. The ribbons are fed, 100 at a time, into a machine which chops them into sticks. Then the sticks are dried in heated drums, sifted to get rid of splinters, bundled by machinery and dipped in the combustible mixture. From the felled tree to the finished match, everything is done by machinery. Women fill the match boxes at the rate of 36 gross in ten hours.

The best wood for match sticks is the aspen, and in Europe some anxiety has been caused by a threatened exhaustion of the available supply of that material. There are plenty of aspen trees in the United States, and it has been suggested that this country might furnish all the match factories of Europe with the requisite logs for an indefinite period. Aspen wood is free from knots and very combustible, surpassing in those respects pine, poplar, linden and birch, all of which are utilized for match sticks. The rings representing the annual growth of the aspen are very uniform, giving homogeneous ribbons and first-rate shavings for the match-boxes, one machine producing both ribbons and boxes from the same stuff. A cubic meter of aspen wood for matches is worth from $4 to $6.19.

Truly, it would seem out of the question to get along without matches; yet they were unknown sixty-five years ago. There must have been a time when early man knew not how to make fire, and some very primitive tribes to-day have not that knowledge. Savages quite generally believe that fire actually dwells in wood and stone, because from those substances it can be obtained by friction or striking. Some savages are able to make fire with two sticks in a fraction of a minute, whereas the Ainos of Japan require two hours to accomplish the same feat. One of the queerest ways of making fire is practiced by the Malays, who cut a V-shaped slit in a branch of the oil tree, and saw at it with a knife-edged stick of ironwood. In three minutes the sawdust thus produced becomes incandescent, and tinder is applied. The ignited tinder is wrapped in dry grass and whirled around the head of the operator until it is in a flame.

Another process of making fire by sawing involves the use of sticks of bamboo, one convex, and the other with a knife edge. The former is placed with the convex side up, and sawed with the latter, the dust becoming incandescent and falling upon tinder that has been placed beneath. Bamboo is a first-rate friction material, its hard coat being favorable to the development of great heat, while the soft substance inside is highly inflammable. The Polynesians are the only people who make fire by the plowing process, rubbing a groove in a piece of soft wood with the end of a stick of hard wood. The stick of hard wood pushes the particles of soft wood into a little heap in the end of the groove, which is finally brought to the point of ignition and gives flames without tinder. Most remarkable of all appliances for producing fire is the "fire syringe" of Borneo and Burmah, which is a small cylinder of buffalo horn with a plunger. A smart blow struck upon the plunger compresses the air in the cylinder so suddenly that it gives up enough of its heat to ignite the tinder inside.

The early Spanish conquerors brought with them to America the first improvement that was made on the primitive flint and steel. It was a metal tube, through which run a hemp cord. The first chemical match was made by a French scientist in 1805, who prepared a bottle of asbestos saturated with sulphuric acid, into which sticks of wood coated with sulphur and tipped with chlorate of sugar and potash were introduced. When the stick came into contact with the acid ignition followed. In the same year matches were tipped with lumps of phosphorus, but they were not available for ordinary use because of the disposition of the phosphorus to ignite itself spontaneously. In 1833 an inventor hit on the plan of melting ejual parts of sulphur and phosphorus and putting them in a glass tube, which was tightly corked. When a light was wanted a stick was poked in, withdrawing a particle of the mixture, which, on exposure, took fire.

The first practical friction matches were made in 1827 by an English apothecary named Walker, who coated splints of cardboard with sulphur and tipped them with a mixture of sulphate of antimony, chlorate of potash and gum. A box of 84 matches sold for one cent, a piece of glass paper being furnished with it for obtaining ignition. In 1830 a London man named Jones devised a species of match which was a little roll of paper soaked in chlorate of potash and sugar, while a thin glass globule filled with sulphuric acid attached to one end. The globule being broken, the acid entered upon the potash and sugar, producing the fire. Phosphorus matches were first introduced on a commercial scale in 1833, and after that improvements were rapid.

The modern lucifer match combines in one instrument arrangements for creating a spark, catching it on tinder, and starting a blaze—steps requiring separate operation in primitive contrivances. It was in 1836 that the first United States patent for friction matches was issued. Splints were made for them by splitting blocks of wood into slivers slightly attached at the base. These were known as "slab" or "block" matches, and they are in use in parts of the country to-day. The latest important invention in matches secures the separation of the chemicals, which in combination are always more or less dangerous. Thus is obtained the "safety" match, which was invented by a Swede named Lundstrom in 1855. The head of the "safety" match contains chlorate of potash and sulphur, while the friction paper on the box is spread with a paste of amorphous phosphorus and antimony.

Among the odd varieties of matches now in vogue are the "vestas," of which the splint is a waxed cord; "fusees," for lighting in a wind, with a short, thick stick tipped with a large mass of chlorate of potash composition; and "natural gas" matches, with a very long splint for lighting natural gas fires. In former days the manufacture of phosphorous matches was attended with great danger to the workmen from the fumes, which caused a decay of the bones of the jaw. Many persons were poisoned from carelessness in handling them, and numerous conflagrations occurred on account of the care with which they were ignited. The "parlor match" had its origin with the manufacture, in 1848, of Schrotter's amorphous phosphorus. This product has neither odor or taste, is not poisonous and does not take fire at ordinary temperatures. Mr. Walter Howe of the National Museum, to whom the writer is indebted for a good deal of his information, says that before long electricity will greatly reduce the consumption of matches. The electric match will represent the final culmination of the evolution of fire-making apparatus.

About Postage Stamps.

The first postage stamp seems to have been used in Paris in 1653; but the service in which the stamp was used was only local, and soon failed. On May 6, 1840, the first regular postage stamps were issued in England. Various local forwarders of letters and postmasters in this country issued stamps as early as 1841; the first to do so was A. M. Greig's City Despatch Post, which was sold to the Government in August, 1842. Blood & Co., of Philadelphia, sold stamps in 1841, and the postmasters of Baltimore, 1845; New Haven, 1845, and New York, 1845, etc., also sold stamps. In 1847 the Government took up the business. But Brazil, in 1843, was ahead of the United States in taking up the stamp end of the postal business. The other principal countries followed in this order: Hanover, British Guinea, Prussia, Spain and Switzerland, in 1850; Italy, Denmark, Baden, Wurtemberg, Saxony and the provinces of Canada, in 1851; Chili, the Princess of Thurn and Taxis (who had the postal monopoly in Germany), in 1852; Portugal, 1853; India and Norway, 1854; Uruguay and Mexico, 1856; Russia and Newfoundland, 1857; Sweden, 1858; the Australian colonies, early in the fifties; Greece, 1861; Turkey, 1863; Ecuador, 1865; Egypt, 1866; Bolivia, 1867; Paraguay, 1870. The International Postal Union was formed in October, 1874, and went into operation on July 1, 1875. Within a few years all the countries of the world joined it, and now letters may be sent to any part of the world for 5 cents the half ounce.

Compensation for Slaves.

Upon the suggestion of President Lincoln, Roscoe Conkling, on the 10th of March, 1862, offered the following resolution in the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That the United States ought to co-operate with any state which may aid to gradual abolishment of slavery; giving to such state pecuniary aid to be used by such state in its discretion to compensate for the inconvenience, public and private, produced by such change of system.

After opposition by the Democrats it passed in the House on the 11th of March by a vote of 89 to 31. It was introduced in the Upper House by Senator Trumbull on the 20th of March and it passed on the 2nd of April by a vote of 32 to 10. No state, subsequent to this resolution, which was approved by the President on the 10th April, and prior to the emancipation proclamation, January 1, 1863, adopted any plan of gradual abolition of slavery, consequently no state was entitled to ask for compensation under the proposal. The only slaves that the Government paid for were those that were owned in the district of Columbia.—San Francisco Call.

The Tallest Animal.

Giraffes are from 15 to 16 feet from the ground to the tip of their horns. Specimens from 18 to 23 feet have been known.

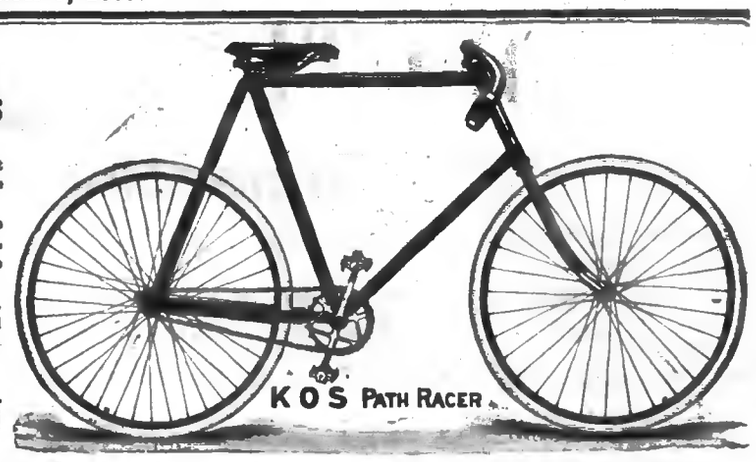
The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are no costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between the SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an Unapproached First Place.



W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.
REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.
No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

THAT PETTY LEDGER!

Chauncey Depew says:—"If a merchant keep his petty accounts in a mean book, in a mean way, he will grow to despise both the book and the accounts."

This is true. Petty accounts kept carelessly are left uncollected

The first requisite is the accounts. Most merchants have such. The second requisite is the book.

We are offering and many have bought a style of Petty Ledger ha is a comfort to the de ler in its neatness, opportunity for accuracy and compactness.

Those who are using it would not go back to an old sta'e of affairs.

If you have use for such a book telephone the REVIEW and it will be sent for your inspection.

Prices vary as to size of book and binding. They are not cheap—but they are far from dear.

THE
REVIEW STATIONERY
166-168 Hunter Street.

"Oh, Why Should We Wait Till To-morrow?"

Why not enjoy your Piano

NOW

Instead of delaying for months.

The pleasure of having a Piano is in having it

Every Day and Always.

When you can get such instruments as the

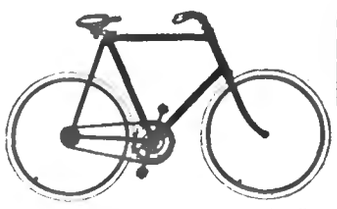
Gerhard Heintzman and Karn

On terms that will ensure present satisfaction at reasonable prices, decide early.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY
THOS. DUNN
416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
188 Yonge Street Toronto

MASSEY-HARRIS BICYCLES



[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE
(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP SALE!

Commencing SATURDAY, April 10th, 1897.

The well-known firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. having dissolved partnership, the business will in future be carried on by Richard Hall & Son. Owing to certain conditions

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT LEAST ONE-HALF

in the next Three Months, and in order that this may be done we have decided to offer the whole stock, consisting of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES, WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES, in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Awnings, Tents, Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

J. J. TURNER & SONS

203 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Hand Wheels for sale.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

OAK HALL.

The Mock Parliament

Don't forget the presentation of the Mock Parliament to be given in the opera house during the middle of May, by Charlotte-st. Ladies' Aid. Rehearsal on Saturday night at 7.30 in Charlotte-st. school room. All taking part are urged to be present. 2d

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

THE information regarding the estimates which have been brought down at Ottawa which appears in another column conveys the good news that the Government has made an appropriation of $650,000 for the Trent Valley canal. This is a generous grant, and, although nothing can be stated as a certainty from the information yet to hand, the appropriation must mean the continuation of the work so well commenced by the late Government. The sum is sufficiently large to fully warrant the belief that the Government intends to place new sections under construction. That such is the case is a matter of much satisfaction, and the gentlemen who organized the large deputation which was in Ottawa on Monday and Tuesday will be justified in feeling that their work was not in vain, for it can be taken for granted that the demonstration made at the Capital on Tuesday did much towards influencing a favorable consideration of the canal and a decision to make a substantial grant. That such a decision has been reached is particularly gratifying to Conservatives, for it is well known that many leading Liberals in different parts of Canada have been outspoken in their opposition to the canal and its construction. That the Government has been led to see the importance of this waterway will therefore be hailed with pleasure.

It will also be noticed that there are two or three smaller items in the estimates for dredging at Bobcaygeon, clearing the channel at Burleigh, etc., all of which are improvements of the Trent canal.

They Appreciated Kindness.

In speaking of the Trent Valley canal deputution the Orillia Packet says:—"The Orillia depatation arrived in Peterborough in good time and were met at the station by their late townsman, Mr. G. E. Whiten, who was delighted to see so many old friends again. He was exceedingly attentive and conducted them through a good portion of the town and winding up at his own photographing establishment. He has an excellent suite of rooms, well fitted up for his particular profession, and says he is fully satisfied so far with the success attending his venture. He is looking remarkably well and extended to his visitors an earnest invitation to remain over with him for a day or so upon our return journey. The ride to Ottawa was rather rough, the road being very lumpy, as is usual in the spring of the year." In a personal no'e the Packet also said:—"From Peterborough we hear that Mr. G. E. Whiten continues to do an excellent business."

THE STONY LAKE COTTAGERS MEET.

QUESTIONS INTERESTING THEM DEALT WITH

Protest Against Licensing Hotel at McCracken's—A Pavilion—Transportation—Other Matters.

The Stony Lake Cottagers' Association met last evening in the rink parlors and discussed matters of interest to Stony lake cottagers.

Mr. D. W. Dumble occupied the chair and among those present were Messrs A L Davis, J J McBain, F Brownscombe, A C McCallum, J R Donnell, A F Hoover, D Breeze, W G Ferguson, J D Collins, J Best, Sheriff Hall, T W Robinson, R McWhinnie, T Barrie, G M Roger, E B Edwards, K G Lech and J W Butcher.

The first question discussed was that of the erection of a pavilion for religious services and entertainments, a proposal being made by Mr. T W. Robinson that he would erect a building adjacent to his store at Juniper Island suitable for services provided the cottagers would give him a remuneration, Mr. Robinson to use the building for picnic parties, ice cream parlor and anything connected with his business. The proposition was accepted. The Association will likely place chairs and an organ in the building.

The chairman, Mr. Dumble, and Mr. Brownscombe, who was elected secretary-treasurer, were appointed to wait upon the License commissioners of East Peterborough and protest against granting a license to a hotel at McCracken's Landing, which is being asked for by Mr. John Morgan. The members considered the licensing of a hotel here detrimental and did not think it was advisable to have liquor sold at this point.

A committee was appointed to make better transportation arrangements with the railroads and steamers. An endeavor will be made to secure commutation tickets for those going to Stony lake, as it was pointed out a change in this direction would not interfere with the intention of the G.T.R. in withdrawing these tickets. The boats will also be urged to leave Lakefield immediately upon the arrival of the train from Peterborough. The delays in other years had caused much inconvenience to persons going to the lake.

Mr. Clarence Bell, son of Dr. Bell, of Lakefield, addressed the Association in regard to a project to erect a summer hotel at the lake, but this scheme was not favored.

A strong resolution was passed and will be presented to the Burleigh township Council protesting against the exorbitant taxation on the land owned by cottagers, and stating that in case the injustice was not remedied an appeal would be made against the assessment.

A draft of a by-law with clauses forbidding the use of firearms, shooting coons, regulating the sanitary condition of the resort and other minor matters was read, and Messrs. E. B. Edwards and D. W. Dumble were appointed to draft a proper by-law and submit the same to the townships affected for action.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

The Peterborough Music Co. have just received a fine line of accordians that they are offering at $1.75 and $2.00. d84

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year's make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

Get Your Tickets at Once.

The local management in charge of the Watkin Mills recital, which takes place in Bradburn's opera house Wednesday, April 21st, again beg to call the attention of the public to the fact that subscribers have first choice of seats, and, as the list is filling rapidly, those who intend hearing England's greatest baritone would do well to have their names put on the list at once and secure a good seat. The list is open at Ormond & Walsh's drug store.

Wilson Dramatic Company.

On Monday evening next the Wilson Dramatic Co., headed by the prince of comedians, Fred H Wilson, will open a week's engagement at Bradburn's opera house. This company returns to us stronger and better than ever. The specialties are all new and up-to-date, being introduced between the acts, making a continuous performance. This is one of the best popular price attractions travelling, being greeted everywhere with packed houses. Don't fail to get one of the best free tickets which are good for Monday night. Prices of admission, 10c, 15c, and 25c. Seats now on sale.

Personal.

Rev S J Shorey, of Lindsay, was in town yesterday.

Mr. L. V. O'Connor, B. A., of Lindsay, paid a visit to town to-day.

Mr. Jos. Applebee, of the firm of Crompton, Applebee & Co., Brantford, is in town on business.

Mr. Bert Brooks, son of Mr. Thos. Brooks leaves to-night for Montreal, where he has accepted a position with the Royal Electric Company.

Miss McCrimmon, who has been visiting her friend Miss Laura Davidson for the past few weeks, returned to her home in St. Thomas yesterday.

Miss Lillie Simons returned from Ottawa last evening after taking a very successful course at the College of Elocution in that city. Miss Simons, when leaving for Ottawa six months ago, assured her parents that she would return with the gold medal. Most nobly did she fulfill her promise, and today Miss Simons is receiving the congratulations of both parents and friends.

Mr Court Poussette has returned from Trinity University. He graduated on Wednesday with the degree of M.D., C.M. The many friends of Dr. Poussette, who passed most creditable final examinations, will extend congratulations.

Mr. John Christie, of the C.P.R. telegraph office, is now occupying a position on the operating staff at the C.P.R. telegraph's head office, Toronto. He has been succeeded here by Mr. Jas. Skinner, formerly night operator at the C.P.R. station.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

Turnbull imports lace curtains direct from the maker. He says this year they are about twenty per cent cheaper than usual.

PACKED TO THE DOORS.

One of the Largest of the Series of Meetings at the George-st. Church—Mr. Ranton's Address.

Earnestly and convincingly did Rev. A. H. Ranton address another packed congregation at the George-st. church last evening. The draw seats had to be utilized and nearly every seat in the large edifice was occupied. On the platform was a chorus of almost one hundred voices. Revs. W. R. Young, J. J. Rae, W. C. Beer, E. Cragg and H. T. Lewis, B.A., occupied seats alongside Mr. Ranton. The meeting was one of the best of the series, and Mr. Ranton's appeals were made with much force. At the opening of the service Miss Florence Hall sang in an exceptionally sweet voice a solo, and Misses Clara and Annie Belleghem held the attention of the vast audience during the rendition of a duet.

The evangelist's address was upon the subject, "A Good Thing, Pass it On," the words forming the text being as follows:—

"And the Spirit and the Bride say come. And let him that careth say come; and let *him* that *is* athirst come. And whosoever will let him take of the water of life freely." —Revelations xxii, 17.

Mr. Ranton in introducing his subject alluded to the text as an invitation, and pointed out that the word "come" was much used in the Bible. The text was God's last message to come God, in order to explain the Gospel, had taken hold of the good things of earth to illustrate what was meant by the Gospel, and in the text of Mr. Ranton's discourse he was bringing down the Gospel to their understanding.

The Spirit said "come" to all people. It invited every man. If they felt the influence of the Holy Spirit they should cherish that influence and invite the Spirit into their heart.

The Bride, which was the church of the Lord Jesus Christ, said "Come." That was the church's distinctive work. There was not a church worth powder to blow it up that did not believe in revivals. The Church of England, Presbyterian, Baptist, Methodist and every church doing anything for God were born in a revival and were inviting sinners to God. In this connection he mentioned that in the Church of England they had as evangelists such well known persons as Rev. Mr. Grabbe, Mr. Miller and Mrs. Campbell, and amongst those who labored as evangelists from the Presbyterian church, Mr. Ranton named W. F. Chapman, B. Fay Mills and F. Schiveres. He liked a church that said "Come" to rich and poor. There were some of the best people in the world rich people, but Mr. Ranton stated he did not believe in a church aiming at reaching the rich alone. He thanked God for a church that reached out for the rich and poor alike. The church was a friend to everybody. Some of them had cursed the church and called those who were members hypocrites, yet the church was their best friend and it gave them hundreds of friends.

"Let him that heareth say come." Those who had accepted Christ should tell others to come. "Whosoever will let him take the water of life freely." Mr. Ranton said he believed God had his elect people. He believed in election. The "whosoever will" he claimed were the elect and the "whosoever will not" were the non-elect. As soon as they became a candidate they would be elected. "Let him come," meant to not stop anybody. God meant that whosoever wanted to could partake of the water of life freely.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

BARGAIN DAYS IN WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00 The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for	5c	25 cent Papers for	15c
10 cent Papers for	7c	Borders to match for	10c
15 cent Papers for	8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at	4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,

No. 379 George Street.

C. P. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

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To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

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OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members on'y.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Still they come. Fresh fancy dress robes cheaper than ever at Turnbull's.

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

High Grade Bicycles for Boys and Girls.

Parents who propose buying bicycles for boys or girls should see the "Defiance," a high grade wheel made by the Monarch Cycle Co., of Chicago. Also the "Duke," a high grade English wheel, very strong. Fairweather & Co., sole agents. 1d

The Steamer City of Peterborough

Is being thoroughly overhauled and put in first class condition. After the first of the month she will be all ready for business and will commence to run her regular trips to Jubilee Point, Harwood, Gores Landing and Hastings, which will be announced by "ads" in all the papers. At present she is towing wood to the different points to have convenient for excursions, etc. H. Calcutt, President and Manager Peterborough Navigation Co., Ltd. 2d

THE

COLUMBIA

Is here. Come in and see it. It is a beauty.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

MAKING FAST TIME

The Canadian Pacific's Quick Run to Detroit—A New Water-Wheel for the Grand Trunk

It is a matter of considerable rivalry between the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk railways as to which road shall make the quickest run between Toronto and Windsor. The Canadian Pacific claims a very fast run for Sunday, when that road took the members of the Geisha Opera Company to Detroit. A special Canadian Pacific train, with the troupe, left the Union depot at 12 02 p m, and reached Windsor at 5.08 p m. Deducting 21 minutes for stoppages, the run of 228 miles was made in four hours, forty-five minutes or 285 minutes in all. This would mean average running of four-fifths of a mile a minute.

A peculiar water wheel has just been turned out of the Grand Trunk shops. It is intended to be placed at Sherbrooke, Quebec, to supply the water tank there. It is a big wheel with thirty-two spokes, and attached to each spoke is a bucket. The wheel is to be placed in a stream at Sherbrooke, and, working automatically, will supply water for six pumps, which, in turn, will feed the tank. This wheel will be experimented with at Sherbrooke, and, if successful, others will be used at watering places at other points. It is said the cost of filling tanks will be materially cheapened by the new wheel. Formerly it required at Sherbrooke a steam engine and two men to pump the water out of the stream. All that is needed with the waterwheel is to keep it well oiled.

Grand Trunk earnings last week show a substantial increase, both in the passenger and freight departments. The comparative figures are as follows for the week ending March 31st:—

	1897.	1896.
Passenger earnings	$152,714	$134,255
Freight earnings	329,458	309,189
Totals	$482,172	$443,444

Increase for 1897, $38,728.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

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Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1857. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1857.

THE TWO HOSPITALS.

INSPECTOR'S REPORT

INTERESTING FACTS AND FIGURES OF ST. JOSEPH'S AND THE NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.

The Number of Patients, Receipts and Expenditure—The Inspector's Remarks—Other Hospitals.

An interesting report to those interested in hospitals, is the annual statement of Inspector Chamberlain. Each hospital in the province is fully reported upon.

THE NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.

The report of the Nicholls hospital is given as follows:

MOVEMENTS OF PATIENTS.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1895	26
Admitted	283
Total number under treatment	309
Discharged	254
Died	23
Under treatment, 30th September, 1896	32
	309

PLACES RECEIVED FROM.

From the town of Peterborough	226
From the county of Peterborough	32
From other counties of the province	46
From the United States	5
	309

SEX.

Male	169
Female	140
	309

RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS.

Protestant	306
Roman Catholic	3
	309

NATIONALITIES

Canadian	240
English	43
Irish	12
Scotch	6
United States	5
Other countries	3
	309

The following table gives a summary of certain cases treated in the Nicholls hospital, Peterborough, during the year:

	No. of cases treated.
Typhoid fever	45
Diphtheria	16

REVENUE.

From the Province	$2,555 63
From patients themselves, for maintenance and treatment	2,072 41
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	40 75
From other sources	4,072 00
Total	$8,740 79

EXPENDITURE.

Butchers' meat	$ 473 64
Butter	302 65
Flour, bread and meal	349 69
Milk	116 95
Tea and coffee	51 30
Potatoes and other vegetables	197 64
Groceries and provisions, not enumerated	471 56
Drugs and medicines	924 62
Surgical instruments and appliances	246 00
Beer, wine and spirits	242 10
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	396 34
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	37 00
Fuel	523 32
Light—gas, oil and candles	369 51
Water supply	162 19
Clothing for patients	18 64
Salaries and wages	2,652 88
Taxes and insurance	136 00
Hay and straw	117 21
Contingencies	204 36
Repairs, ordinary	397 37
Advertising, printing, stationery, postage, etc	19 60
Total	$ 8,410 66
Government grant for 1896	$ 2,335 77

I made an inspection of this hospital on the 20th of May. On that date there were 17 patients under treatment—8 men, 6 women and 3 children. The admissions since the 1st of October were 164 and deaths 10.

Since my last visit a new operating table, operating instruments and clothes press have been provided; also a new green house has been built.

The basement, dining rooms, sitting room, office, dispensary, operating room, bath room, water closets, private and public wards, were all cleaned and in good order. The institution is well supplied with nurses and medical attendants. The books were properly kept.

I instructed Mr. Mann to make a second inspection of this hospital. A copy of his report is annexed:

I visited the Nicholls hospital on September 24th, 1896. There were 32 patients undergoing treatment, viz., 15 males and 17 females. There has been no less than 30 cases of typhoid since May, 1896, but only two deaths occurred therefrom. There has also been an increase in the number of patients over the previous year of 60. The building was in its usual good condition. The books were examined and found to be correctly kept.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL.

For St. Joseph's hospital the report is as follows:

MOVEMENTS OF PATIENTS.

No under treatment 1st October, 1895	10
Admitted	150
Total number under treatment	160
Discharged	136
Died	6
Under treatment 30th September, 1896	18
	160

PLACES RECEIVED FROM.

From the town of Peterborough	103
" county of Peterborough	42
" other counties of the province	15
	160

SEX.

Male	84
Female	76
	160

RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS.

Protestant	14
Roman Catholic	146
	160

NATIONALITIES.

Canadian	103
English	12
Irish	36
Scotch	2
United States	3
Other countries	4
	160

The following gives a summary of certain cases treated in the St. Joseph's hospital, Peterborough, during the year:

	No. of cases treated
Typhoid fever	16

REVENUE.

From the province	$ 749 98
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	564 80
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	813 84
From all other sources	1,000 00
Total	$3,128 62

EXPENDITURE.

Butchers' meat	$ 193 74
Butter	94 23
Flour, bread and meal	139 70
Milk	21 40
Tea and coffee	55 10
Potatoes and other vegetables	60 25
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	55 10
Drugs and medicines	249 79
Surgical instruments and appliances	136 60
Beer, wine and spirits	51 50
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	48 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning aplliances	20 96
Fuel	407 75
Light—gas, oil and candles	55 75
Hay and straw	21 20
Ice	15 00
Salaries and wages	360 00
Taxes and insurance	115 00
Contingencies	27 55
Total	$2,128 62
Government grant for 1896	846 00

INSPECTIONS.

I made an inspection of the St. Joseph's Hospital, Peterborough, on the 19th of May. There were then eight patients under treatment, viz., one man, six women and one child. Since the 1st of October 70 patients had been admitted, and 3 had died. The private and public wards were clean and in neat order; also the dispensary, operating room, dining rooms, bath rooms, water closets, etc. The books were correctly kept.

I instructed Mr. Mann to make a second inspection of this hospital. A copy of his report is annexed: Agreeable with your instructions I inspected the St. Joseph's Hospital on the 17th September, 1896, on which occasion there were 11 patients undergoing treatment, and all appeared to be approaching recovery. There have been several cases of diphtheria and typhoid during the summer. The premises were in good repair and the books entered up to date.

WITH OTHER HOSPITALS.

Glancing over the report the following figures connected with some other hospitals were secured:

Hospital.	Patients Treated.	Receipts.	Expenditure.
Kingston General	[illegible]	$9,455 22	$13,611 42
Kingston (Hotel Dieu)	819	9,824 09	14,569 14
St. Catharines	298	3,303 05	6,315 41
Galt	215	4,404 25	4,920 90
Guelph (General)	535	6,502 25	10,641 53
Guelph (St Joseph's)	350	4,858 98	4,902 35
Pembroke	302	2,569 69	4,212 84
Brantford	325	4,635 08	7,518 92
Belleville	235	3,502 80	5,276 12
Brockville (St Vincent de Paul	173	6,622 75	5,355 89
Brockville (General)	399	11,141 53	6,651 74
Windsor	267	4,534 42	3,123 36
Chatham	220	2,309 76	2,728 29

The receipts do not include the Government grants.

Brevities.

—The Queen's Jubilee celebration committee will meet on Monday evening.

—Mr. C. T. Fisher, of Midland, is the new Grand Trunk agent at Hastings.

—A movement is on foot to connect Lindsay and Sturgeon Point by telephone.

—At Police Court this morning A. L. Maddock was fined $10 for peddling without a license.

—The Messrs Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, have nearly 30,000,000 feet of lumber piled in their yards at Bobcaygeon.

—Sergt.-Major Peters will lecture on the new Lee-Enfield rifle in the beginers' room at the drill shed to-night.

—Oshawa proposes to celebrate the Queen's jubilee by building a hospital. Lindsay, the Watchman thinks, should do likewise.

—The local manager of the Bank of Montreal has been instructed to receive subscriptions for Canadian Jubilee regiment and remit them to Montreal free of charge.

—At a meeting of the Directors of Smith, Ennismore and Village of Lakefield Agricultural society, held on March 30th, it was decided to hold an annual exhibition on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 14th and 15th, 1897.

—The Lakefield Football club has organized for the coming season. The following officers were elected:—Patron and Patroness, Mr and Mrs Tate; President, Mr Lempriere; Vice-President, Mr S Ridpath; Sec-Treas., Mr J McDonald; Captain, Mr T Ridpath.

—Mr. Stratton's bicycle bill has passed the Ontario Legislature in such form that on a road a waggon must give a cycle room to pass, and on the devil's strip cyclists going east and south will have the right of way. A cyclist coming from behind must pass to the left and give audible warning to any one ahead.

—A meeting of the High Standing Committee of the Independent Order of Foresters was held yesterday, when it was decided to admit women as members of the Order, allowing them all insurance privileges. It is expected that lodges for ladies will be organized, providing the Supreme Court does not veto the decision.

Death of Miss Griffin.

Miss Sarah E. Griffin, third daughter of Mr. Jonathan Griffin, of Lakefield, died at the family residence in that village last night after a lingering illness. The deceased young lady, who has relatives in town, was universally respected by a large circle of friends, who will sympathize with the sorrowing relatives at this time. The funeral, which is private, will take place from the family residence to-morrow afternoon and come to Peterborough for interment at the Little Lake cemetery.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It's Different Now!

Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

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The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

An Emily Death.

It becomes our sad duty this week to chronicle the death, from la grippe, of one of the oldest and most respected pioneers of the township of Emily in the person of Mr. John Guiry, who died at the residence of his son, Maurice, on Wednesday last. The deceased, who was in his eighty-second year, was born in the county Cork, Ireland, and came to this country when quite a young man, settling in Emily township, where he has since resided. The funeral, which took place on Friday morning to the Roman Catholic cemetery, Downeyville, was largely attended. Rev Father Bretherton celebrated solemn requiem mass and performed the last rites of the church. He leaves two sons and three daughters to mourn his loss.—Lindsay Post.

What Turnbull does he does well. See his stock of roller window blinds from 20c up complete.

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Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 290, Rubidge-st. 3md7

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Models 27, 28 and 29 price $100.00

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FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

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The One Great Standard Authority,
So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer, Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

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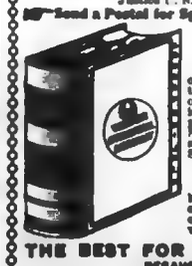

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THE BEST FOR EVERYBODY
BECAUSE
It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.

WEBSTER THE STANDARD.

The Toronto Globe says:—
"The International is regularly recognized as the most reliable standard dictionary published. In addition to fulfilling the primary function of a dictionary, the International contains a vast amount of general information of great value.—Jan. 11, 1897.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

Icicle-breaking Icicle

So far as we have been able to discover, the celebrated Broxburn icicle fully deserves the name of the "biggest." It was formed during the severe frost of February, 1896, at the Almond aqueduct, over which the Union canal runs, near Clifton hall, Broxburn. The overflow of the canal drops from the aqueduct, a distance of about 120 feet, into the Almond water. During the heavy cold the dropping liquid, freezing at the spot where it fell, soon became a gradually lengthening icicle, until the connection between the river and bridge was established. When the sun shone upon the giant mass the iridescence was beautiful, and people came from miles around to look at it. The icicle was formed in three nights.—The Strand.

Cheese Sticks.

Cream thoroughly without heating two ounces of butter and a quarter of a pound of flour. When perfectly smooth add two ounces of finely grated cheese, the yolks of two eggs and the lightly beaten white of one egg. Season with cayenne pepper and a pinch of salt. Stir all well together and put into the ice chest for an hour. Then roll out until an eighth of an inch in thickness. Cut into narrow strips, using a ruler, so that they will be perfectly even. Lay on a well-buttered tin. Bake in a moderate oven for five or six minutes. Use great care in removing from the tin, or they will break, as they should be very brittle. Serve on a small plate, covered with a fringed doily. Serve with salad.

The Jew as a Soldier.

A new book published in Germany contends that the Jew is more of a soldier than he gets credit for. In the Franco-German war 4492 Jews were in the German army and 327 earned the Iron Cross, a decoration bestowed only for bravery in the field. Fifteen Jewish officers served under Wellington at Waterloo, and the Duke paid them a special compliment when Jewish emancipation was proposed in Parliament. The book states that 7257 Jews enlisted in the United States army during the civil war, while among its higher commanders were nine generals and eighteen colonels who were Jews.

Useful Feet.

William Kingston, an English farmer, was born without arms, but nevertheless made such good use of his feet that he could do with them almost anything that was done by a person with hands. He could feed himself, using the knife and fork, and carrying his cup to his mouth; could shave himself and could perform all the ordinary work of the farm except mowing. He was even able to milk cows with his feet, and wrote a beautiful hand, holding the pen between the first and second toes.

Butter in Canada.

The people of Canada eat more butter and cheese per capita than those of any other country. The annual consumption in the United States per inhabitant is twenty pounds, and in the United Kingdom nineteen pounds per capita.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

taught self-reliance, so she told him; she had inherited self-reliance, she might have said, inherited it along with the rich, strong, fearless blood, the haughtiness, the independence, and the intolerance of the Wardours.

The haughtiness was only for those who presumed; the intolerance for those she despised; and Miss Wardour was quite capable of that strong sentiment, or feeling. The independence was an ever present element of nature.

Of medium height, she was neither slender nor plump, graceful curves, perfect outlines, faultless gait and gesture; she, "slew her tens of thousands," and bore herself like a princess royal toward all.

Without being regularly beautiful, her face is very fair to see. Being, in spite of her haughtiness most kind and considerate toward inferiors and dependents, and withal exceedingly lovable, she is disqualified for a novel heroine by her excessive humanness; and, by that same humanness, eminently qualified to be loved by all who know her, gentle and simple.

Just now her firm little mouth is pursed up, and her brow is wrinkled into a frown, such as never is seen on the face of any orthodox heroine; but, her thoughts are very orthodox, as heroines go. She is wondering why Doctor Heath has not made his second appearance at Wardour Place, when she so plainly signified her desire to see him there again, and soon.

Not that she had bidden him come in so many words; but, had she not looked? had she not smiled? Nor that she felt any special interest in Dr. Heath; oh, not at all, only she was bored, and worried, and wanted to be amused, and entertained; and Clifford Heath could be entertaining.

Sybil Lamotte's unopened note lies on the dressing table. She has pondered over that half the afternoon, and has wondered, and guessed, at its meaning; turning over in her mind every explanation probable, and possible, but satisfied with none. She is wonderfully lacking in curiosity, for a woman, but for this she might not have withstood the temptation to anticipate the sunset; for she never has felt so curious about a mystery in her life.

She turns abruptly from the window, and her eyes fall upon Sybil's note, her thoughts return to it again. But it is not quite sunset.

Picking it up, she re-reads for the twentieth time the puzzling lines, then she throws it down impatiently.

"Bah!" she exclaims; "You wretched little white enigma! you are tempting me to forget myself. I shall flee from the fascination of your mysterious face, for I am quite certain that Joshuas' chariot is abroad, and the sun is standing still in the skies."

So saying, she goes out, closing and locking the dressing-room door, and descends the stately stairs; at their foot she pauses in full view of the entrance, for there, hat in hand, appears the subject of her recent discomfiture, Doctor Heath. Surely there must be something depressing in the atmosphere. Constance thinks, as she goes forward to meet him; for his face wears a grave, troubled look not usually seen there.

"Oh, Doctor Heath," she says, half reproachfully, and fabricating after the manner of her sex, "here I have been trying to evoke from my 'inner consciousness' what manner of man your great detective might be. You barely introduced him, and then you flitted; and I do so much dislike the 'To be continued' style."

"So do I," he replies, soberly, as he follows her into the drawing room. "So much that I shall make the story I have come to tell, as brief as may be. Miss Wardour, have you heard any news from the town—since noon?"

"Not a word," moving across the room, and drawing back the curtain so that the last rays of sunlight fall across the floor. "Is there any news? Have they found a trace of my robbers?"

"For the time being, your robbers are forgotten," smilingly slightly. "W— has had a fresh sensation this afternoon."

"So! and I have become a lesser light? Well, so goes the world! Of course it won't be as interesting as the story of my own woes; but, who is the newest candidate for sensational honors?"

"Your friend, Miss Sybil Lamotte."

Instantly her careless tone changes to one of gravity. For a moment she has forgotten Sybil, and her note; now she remembers both, and involuntarily glances out toward the west. The sun is almost gone, but still darts red gleams across the sky. Moving nearer she seats herself, and scans his face a moment, and then, while she motions him to a seat opposite her, says, in that low even tone that is usual to her in all serious moods.

"And what of Sybil Lamotte?" Her eye search his face; instinctively she knows that something serious has happened; she dreads, yet, with her natural bravery, resolves to hear the worst at once.

"She has—eloped."

"Eloped! But why? Sybil eloped—then it must be with Ray Vandyck," drawing a breath of relief.

"No," gloomily. "It is not Raymond Vandyck. That would have been simply a piece of romantic folly, since no one would long oppose Ray, but this—this thing that she has done, is worse than folly, it is crime, madness."

"Not Ray! and yet Sybil lo—Doctor Heath tell the whole truth, the very worst, quickly."

"Sybil loved Raymond Vandyck, that is what you were about to say, Miss Wardour. You would have betrayed no secret; poor young Vandyck honors me with his confidence. I left him, not half an hour ago, prostrate, half maddened with grief and rage; grief, when he thinks of Sybil lost to him, and fury when he thinks of the man she has chosen. I never saw him; but if the public speaks truth, John Burrill is all that is vulgar and corrupt."

"John Burrill!" Constance springs to her feet with eyes flashing. "John Burrill! Why, he is a brute; mentally, morally, physically, a brute. And you couple his name with that of Sybil Lamotte? Doctor Heath, this is an infamous trick. Some one has lied to you. You have never seen him, you say; if you had could not have been duped. I know him, as one grows to know any notorious character in a town like this, from seeing him reeling intoxicated through our streets, from hearing of his most startling escapades; a common lounger, a drunkard, a man with a divorced wife in our very midst. Doctor Heath, I know you are incapable of such a jest, but tell me who has caused you to believe a thing so shameful?"

"I thank you for your [illegible] in me," he says, with the shadow of a smile upon his face. "The story is shameful indeed, but it is true. Sybil Lamotte has eloped, and with John Burrill. Listen, before you remonstrate. This afternoon at two o'clock, John Burrill, with a swift horse and shining new carriage, drove boldly up to the side entrance of Mapleton Park. There, Sybil Lamotte was awaiting him, he handed her to his carriage and then drove ostentatiously through the town taking the west road. It appears, that for several days, Burrill had been dropping hints in his sober moments, and boasting openly in his cups, of his coming marriage with one of the belles of W—, and, last evening, he openly avowed that to-day, he should 'carry off Miss Sybil Lamotte, in spite of her high and mighty family, and in the face of all the town.' Of course, no one who heard regarded these things, save as the bombast of a half drunken braggart and liar. To-day, young Evarts and his still wilder chum, encountered him just setting forth with his fine turnout and wonderfully gotten up. They jested on his fine appearance, and for once he evaded their questions, and seemed anxious to be rid of them. This piqued their curiosity, and, ripe for mischief, as usual, they resolved to follow him.

"They were mounted when they met him, having just ridden into town. They saw him stop at Mapleton and take up Miss Sybil, from there they followed them westward. Burrill drove at the height of his horse's speed, and the boys, who followed at a distance, arrived at Milton (you will see their policy in avoiding the railroad towns,) ten miles distance, to find that Burrill had changed horses there, and driven away, still westward, at the same breakneck speed. Burrill's horse was badly used up, short as the drive had been, and the man who took it in charge said that the fresh horse was bought there by him, Burrill, yesterday, and that he had heard the lady complain that they 'could not go fast enough.'"

He ceases, and his eyes rest anxiously on her face. She does not seem to have observed that he is not shaking. She has heard every word, and, somehow, the conviction has been growing even in advance of his story, that it is all true. This will explain Sybil's strange letter, and—that letter! what does it contain? She turns and gazes, as if fascinated, towards the west. There are no more golden gleams athwart the window, only a dull red flush upon the horizon. The sun, at last, has set.

At last! She turns, rises slowly and without once glancing toward him begins to pace the length of the room, and he sees that the queenly Miss Wardour is for once unnerved, is struggling for composure.

Finally she speaks, still keeping up her slow promenade.

"Dr. Heath, I am bewildered. I am terrified! I—" She breaks off suddenly, as if to modify her speech. "This can be no common—elopement," she winces at the word. "Sybil is refined, honest and true-hearted, and she loves—another. There must be something yet to be understood, and," with a sudden startled look in her eyes, "perhaps this might have been prevented; perhaps I might have prevented it if—" another break; then, "Doctor, it is just possible that I may find a clue to this strangeness. Will you pardon my absence for a short time, and await me here? This is a strange request, but—"

"It's a day of strange things," he interrupts, kindly, seeing her agitation. "Go, Miss Wardour; I am at your service this evening."

He crosses the room, seats himself at a table, and takes up a book; and Constance stands irresolute for a moment, then, without a word, hurries from the room.

Up the stairs she flies, hastily unlocks her dressing-room door, enters, and, in a moment, with a courage born of a nervous determination to know the worst at once, seizes the mysterious note and breaks the seal. A moment's hesitation, and then the page is opened, and the lines, only a few, dance [illegible] her eyes.

To be Continued

Of all the nerve-tonics—bromos, celeries or nervines—your doctor will tell you that the Hypophosphites are best understood. So thoroughly related is the nervous system to disease that some physicians prescribe Hypophosphites alone in the early stages of Consumption. Scott's Emulsion is Cod-liver Oil, emulsified, with the Hypophosphites, happily blended. The result of its use is greater strength and activity of the brain, the spinal cord and the nerves.

Let us send you a book all about it. Sent free. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY APRIL 9, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rogers, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. R. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Deane, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton Deane and Bamford

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Janes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

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If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Loyal and Patriotic Address From the Legislature.

Voice of the Province Heard in the Terms of the Address Which Will Be Presented to Her Majesty on the Occasion of Her Diamond Jubilee—Eloquent Review of Sixty Years of National Prosperity—All Parties Vie in Loyalty, Cheer and Sing "God Save the Queen."

Toronto, April 9.

Yesterday's session of the Legislature will be one long to be remembered. It will be known in history as the day upon which the gentlemen representing the voice of the people of Ontario, took occasion to express their loyalty to their beloved sovereign in an appropriate address. It was indeed a happy hour in which the leaders of the two old parties in the House proposed the resolution to submit the address to Her Majesty and supplemented it by warm, patriotic speeches. This occurred directly after recess, the morning and afternoon and the latter part of the evening session being taken up in passing through different stages a goodly number of bills, and in throwing out a few others.

The leaders of both sides of the House performed the leading roles in, perhaps, the *prettiest* and most affecting scene which the chamber has witnessed in this or in any other session for many long years.

The Attorney-General arose and moved that an humble and loyal address be presented to Her Majesty Queen Victoria on the occasion of the sixtieth year of her reign. In speaking to his motion, Mr. Hardy paid an eloquent tribute, amid outbursts of applause, to our Gracious Sovereign, and also took occasion to remind the House of the tremendous national and intellectual progress the world in general and the British Empire in particular had experienced during her unprecedented reign. While it was the longest reign in the annals of British history, it was also the best, and the happiest. It seemed as if a beneficent Providence had especially spun out the length of her reign to bring out the nobility of the life she illustrated, as well as the reforms she had brought about.

Continuing, the Attorney-General commented on the virtues Her Majesty exhibited at different stages of her career, from a young woman to an aged Queen, who had added wisdom with her riper years. Her whole life had been one of simplicity, a simplicity which the ordinary citizen could not only admire but also could carry into his personal and private life. Her life had been the possession of the nation for upwards of 50 years, and her private and domestic life, as well as her life as a sovereign, had been crowned by actions more kingly than those of any monarch in the past. But it was as a constitutional ruler that Her Majesty deserved, above all other reasons, the tributes which Britons from all quarters of the globe would shortly pay her. [Applause.] There had been other constitutional sovereigns before her, and other nations had already begun to copy the constitution of Great Britain when she ascended the throne, but it had only been since she had ascended the throne that other nations had seen the beauty of a constitutional reign under a limited monarchy, as exemplified by Victoria.

Britons, he continued, loved self-government. They believed that the representatives of the whole nation were wiser than the wisest single man, and that an assembled Parliament could enact better laws than any one person who might be a ruler. There had been, during the last 60 years, reforms in every manner of institution and in the life of the people themselves, and the long life God had granted Her Majesty had been largely conducive to that end. Her reign had been productive of colonial freedom—[hear, hear]—and Christian civilization had followed the flag of England into every part of the world. [Applause.]

The speaker then read a computation by Sir Julius Bogel of the tremendous growth in population and wealth of Great Britain and the colonies between the years 1840 and 1895. Sixty years ago, said he, the Empire was composed of the British Isles and a few disconnected, disorganized colonies in different parts of the globe. To-day Great Britain's vast possessions were no longer scattered. They were connected by railway and telegraph.

According to the table of Sir Julius, the population of Canada and Newfoundland had increased in these years from 1,600,000 to 5,225,000; their commerce in the same years from $31,000,000 to $243,000,000; and their revenue from $2,500,000 to $36,535,000. Similar data as to all the colonies, inclusive of India, were as follows: Population, 1840, 112,100,000, and in 1895, 395,312,000; commerce value in 1840, $283,250,000, and in 1895, $2,419,725,000; revenue in 1840, $123,500,000, and in 1895, over $767,765,000. The yearly contribution to the revenue, Sir Julius pointed out, had risen from 95c per head in 1840 to $2.32 in 1895.

Sixty years ago the Empire had an area of 4,000,000 square miles and a population of 40,000,000; to-day its area is 12,000,000 square miles and the population over 400,000,000, somewhere between one-quarter and one-third of the entire population of the globe.

As to the United Kingdom itself, the population had increased since 1837 from 27,000,000 to 40,000,000 in 1897. The imports in 1837 were $335,000,000 and in 1896 were $2,080,000,000; the exports in 1837 were $250,000,000, and $1,425,000,000 in 1896. British manufactures amounted, in 1837, to $750,000,000, and in 1896 to $4,750,000,000. The British shipping, in 1837, totalled a tonnage of 3,000,000, while in 1875 it was 13,000,000, or over half the total tonnage of the world. In 1896, Britain built a greater number of tons than her entire tonnage in 1837. In 1837 there were scarcely 50 miles of steam railway in the world; to-day in Great Britain and Ireland alone there were 20,000 miles, which carry 1000 million passengers per annum and are worth 5000 million dollars. The Premier then quoted, to show the advances made in various directions, and also referred to the phenomenal progress of the United States.

The Premier also enumerated many of the inventions and advantages now possessed by the people, but which were unknown at the opening of Her Majesty's reign. We were but one, he then resumed, with some fervor, of the many colonies which, within two months, would send addresses to the foot of the throne. In the mighty British Empire there were 50 Parliaments or Legislative bodies and of these 20 had responsible Government as a foundation principle. "We march in this vast procession," he said, amid applause, "and we march near the front." There was, outside of the Imperial Parliament, but one Parliament, and possibly two, which could be classed as a rival of the House he had the honor of addressing. To the Empire itself, so much territory had been added during the reign that no other Empire in any epoch could compare in magnitude with that of Great Britain, as it was to-day. He then made passing references to the responsible government bequeathed us as a legacy by the Old Land. But England, he went on, gave us, besides, her intrepid spirit and her invincible courage, and we shared with her Englishmen the world over enjoyed every attribute of self-government.

"May she long reign over us, happy and glorious, God save the Queen," were the concluding words of a happy speech. He then read the following address, which he was proposing to submit to Her Majesty the Queen:

Resolved, that an humble address be presented to Her Most Gracious Majesty, expressing the heartfelt congratulations of this House on the occasion of Her Majesty's attainment and approaching completion of the sixtieth year of her reign.

Most Gracious Sovereign,—We Your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, in Parliament assembled, humbly beg *leave* to approach Your Majesty with congratulations upon the attainment and approaching completion of the sixtieth year of Your Majesty's reign as Queen of Great Britain and Ireland.

It is not alone that Your Majesty's reign has been the longest in the annals of the Empire; other considerations combine with that notable event to render your reign the most memorable recorded in history. The wide diffusion of education and intelligence, the enhanced comfort in the daily life of the people, the growth of commerce, the improvement in the methods of manufacture, the discoveries in science and progress in the arts, with a wider extension of Christianity and Christian civilization, are some of the prominent features which render Your Majesty's reign conspicuous and illustrious.

Since Your Majesty ascended the throne constitutional government within the Empire has been more firmly established, principles and precedents tending to solidify British institutions have been repeatedly affirmed, and the respect of your loyal subjects for the constitution and laws under which they live, stimulated by Your Majesty's personal example, has been constantly strengthened.

Most notable and far-reaching in its consequences among the events of Your Majesty's fruitful reign has been the unparalleled growth and development of the British colonial system. Confiding unreservedly in the loyalty of your colonial subjects, the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland conferred upon them the right of self-government. They in return have shown their appreciation of that confidence by their devoted loyalty to the Crown and Your Majesty's person, and the happy result of such mutual confidence has been that British ideas and British institutions, based upon freedom, law and order, have been fostered and are flourishing in every quarter of the globe.

During your long and beneficent reign, your subjects in the Province of Ontario on whose behalf we have the honor to present these our congratulations, have shared very liberally in the general prosperity of the Empire; and while we are deeply sensible that many occurrences in your Canadian Colonies have caused anxiety, we are happy to know that owing to the generous forbearance which Your Majesty has exercised, and the forethought with which all legislation affecting us has been devised, peace and concord now prevail in every Province of Your Majesty's possessions in Canada.

We rejoice to believe that since Your Majesty ascended the throne, the British Empire has greatly extended, not only its territorial, but its moral and political influence. The ascendency of the Empire in the councils of the great powers of the world attests the soundness of Your Majesty's judgment in the choice of your advisers, and the prudence and sagacity with which Your Majesty has directed their deliberations.

Not only has the social and material condition of Your Majesty's subjects in all parts of the Empire greatly advanced, but much of the civil and religious liberty now enjoyed by them is owing to the generous encouragement given by Your Majesty at all times to every movement tending to the advancement of their moral and physical well being.

With sincerest gratitude, therefore, we desire to express the hope that Your Majesty may be spared for many years to adorn your exalted station, and to command as you do now the devotion of your subjects in all parts of your imperial dominions and the admiration and respect of the civilized world.

On rising to second the resolution, the leader of the Opposition was received with uproarious applause from both benches. He esteemed it a very high honor to have the privilege of seconding the motion.

Mr. Whitney regretted exceedingly the fact that his physical condition rendered it impossible for him to do anything like justice to the occasion. He had one thought, however, to offer for the consideration of the House. It was that the blessing of Divine Providence had rested upon the British Empire to an unparalleled degree during all the years of Her Majesty's reign. Its influences could be seen in every corner of this vast empire, and he had reason to believe that this beneficence of Providence was in no small degree the result of the virtuous influence of the Royal Lady whom they were discussing that night. He had reason to believe that if her people followed out the principles which had governed her career they would be blessed as she had been. The Opposition leader concluded with the earnest supplication, "God bless our noble Queen."

The members wildly applauded the sentiment which had concluded the brief but patriotic remarks of Mr. Whitney, and then all rose and sang warmly the National Anthem.

The missal sent by Leo X. to Henry VIII., together with the parchment conferring upon him the title "Defender of the Faith," was bought a number of years ago for $50,000 by the German Government. The missal and parchment had been given by Charles II. to the ancestor of the famous Duke of Hamilton, and the library of this nobleman was sold at auction in London, where the Government of Germany bid up the book beyond the reach of all other would be purchasers.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is lower to-day. Sales of red winter were made outside, north and west, at 70c, and of white at 71c. Several cars were delivered on track here at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland and No. 2 hard at 77c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with but little enquiry. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 29c.

Oats—The market is dull and weaker. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 8.—Spring wheat, 6s 1½d to 6s 2½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 11c to 6s 0d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage weak and 2d to 6d lower. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet, futures dull at 5s 6½d for May, 5s 6¾d for July and 5s 6d for Sept. Maize dull at 2s 6½d for May, and 2s 0d for July. Flour 21s 3d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage weak. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 5s 7¼d for May and July and 5s 6¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour 21s 3d.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 8th 1897.

A fine herd of fat cattle (20 head), was weighed over the market scales yesterday, the property of Mr. Geo. Webber, North Monaghan, fatted and shipped to the European market for Easter. They averaged about fourteen hundred pounds each, 1 cow weighing 1580 lbs; on the whole of which a good price was realized. Hogs are coming in plentifully. Prices declined to-day 25c per 100 lbs live weight. Calves and young lambs are in good demand for the Easter market.

The market clerk is arranging for better accommodation for farmers, drovers and others wishing to weigh live stock, etc., on the market scales, by supplying another cattle or sheep pen, and expects to have it in operation in a few days. Below will be found market quotations for this week:

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 68c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 63	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Ca'f skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter pe wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

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FRICK W. HILLER, Agent and Asst.-Sec

SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied with the year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	713,038
Federal Life	2,605,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,131
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL, Manager Central Ontario

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd, 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2400 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY, 54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

Legal and Professional.

O'Connell & O'Connor.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office 134½ Hunter-st, one door west of Post Office. Money to loan.
L. V. O'CONNOR, B.A. DANIEL O'CONNELL, B.A

C. W. SAWERS
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY CONVEYANCER, ETC. Office, No. 139 Simcoe Street, Peterborough. MONEY TO LOAN.

DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Money to Loan. Office, No. 417 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
E. A. PECK. B. M. DENNISTOUN. A. STEVENSON.

JOHN BURNHAM
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC., Office No. 415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont., next doo north of new Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, IN THE SUPREME COURT, ETC. Office, Corner of George and Hunter Streets, over Bank of Toronto.

STRATTON & HALL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Peterborough, Ont. Office corner Hunter and Water sts, over new Bank of Commerce.
W. A. STRATTON, L.L.B. R. R. HALL.

EDMISON & DIXON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office in Clarton's Block, Corner of Hunter and George Streets, over Dixon's Store.
GEO. EDMISON. A. E. DIXON.

KERR, GLADMAN & KERR.
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A. P. POUSSETTE, Q.C.
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ARCHITECT AND SANITARY ENGINEER. Plans and Specifications of all classes of Buildings furnished and work superintended. Heating and Sanitary arrangements superintended. Office, No. 141 Murray Street, 6th door, east from George Street, Matherall' Terrace.

J. E. BELCHER
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Town and County Engineer. Office over Bank of Commerce, George Street.

RICHARD B. ROGERS
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, May 8th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universiti New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 368 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening 1yrd&w

CLARKE & GIBSON

Manufacturing Jewellers,

are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc.
Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1897

April Wedding Bells.

On Tuesday morning an interesting event took place in the Methodist church when Miss Julia M., eldest daughter of Mr. R. Q. Dench, Douro, was united in marriage to Mr. Robert J. Jory, also of Douro, says the Lakefield News. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. J. Edmison, B.A., B.D., in the presence of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties. The bride was assisted by Miss Nina Sherin, of that place while Mr. Frank Jory, brother of the groom, was groomsman. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple drove to Peterborough and took the train for Brighton, where they will spend their honeymoon, followed by the best wishes of a large number of friends.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

OAK HALL.

Mr. Sandy's Departure

The Stirling News Argus contains the following item in reference to Mr. F. Sandy who succeeds Mr. Wm. Hayden, as G T R agent here:—For some years past Mr. F. Sandy has been one of the officials of the Methodist Sabbath school, and on Tuesday evening last a number of the officers and teachers, the members of the Epworth League, and others, gave him a surprise at his residence. The ladies furnished coffee and sandwiches, and a most pleasant evening was spent by all. Before the party broke up Rev. C. L. Thompson gave a short address expressing the regret of all at his departure, and wishing him success in his new sphere of labor. Mr. Sandy made a suitable reply thanking all for the many kindnesses received.

A Banker's Experience.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thos. Dawson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as cheap, simple and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Proceedings in the British Parliament—News From the East.

London, April 8.—Replying in the House of Commons to-day to a question relative to the arrest and deportation from Honolulu, Hawaii, of a man named W. J. Cranstoun, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, said the Government proposed to address the Hawaiian Government on the subject so soon as it is definitely ascertained that Cranstoun is a British subject.

Answering a question relative to the date of the evacuation of the Island of Crete by the Turkish troops, the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office said France had asked the powers for their views on the early evacuation of the island by the Turks, but, he added, it was impossible to announce the exact date of the withdrawal of the Turkish forces. Several of the powers, he continued, were of the opinion that the Greek troops must first be withdrawn.

The Financial Secretary to the Treasury, Mr. R. W. Hanbury, replying to a question as to whether care would be taken, at the Washington Postal Congress, to reserve for the Imperial and Colonial Governments complete freedom of action with respect to postal arrangements, including charges within the limits of the British Empire, said that in 1890 the Postoffice Department was advised that it did not have the power to establish rates differing from those prescribed by the postal union between Great Britain and her colonies. Continuing, Mr. Hanbury explained that the Congress of Vienna held that Great Britain mulght establish with her colonies rates below the union rates, but above her inland rates. Mr. Hanbury further said he did not know whether this would be confirmed by the Washington Congress. As a matter of fact, the secretary said, in conclusion, the United States and Canada had already established rates below the union rates, as have Austria and Germany, and the union has not interfered.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney-General, moved the second reading of the Law of Evidence Bill, enabling prisoners in criminal cases to testify in their own behalf. He said that the United States, Canada and Australia had laws similar to the bill in operation, and that it had been found to work well in all those countries. He regretted that for the present the Government was obliged to exclude Ireland from the benefits of the Act, owing to the desire that the measure should be as little contentious as possible. But he hoped, and the Government hoped, that the law would be eventually extended to Ireland.

The bill then passed its second reading by a vote of 210 to 41.

Earl Kimberley on Crete.

London, April 8.—The Earl of Kimberley, leader of the Liberal party in the House of Lords, speaking at a Liberal banquet this evening in London, urged the withdrawal of the Turkish troops as the first step in the pacification of Crete. He said that the only true and sound policy was to come to a prompt understanding as to the form of government for the island. Personally, he would like to see Crete under the Government of Greece, and he believed, if the powers concluded to adopt that course, they would not meet with any serious objection from Turkey. The Opposition, he said, had done its best to ascertain the policy of the Government, but had been invariably disappointed and now felt relieved of all further responsibility.

An Extraordinary Council.

Constantinople, April 8.—An extraordinary council of Ministers of the Empire was held at the Palace to-day. It is understood that as a result of it the Turkish Government will reinforce the troops at Salonika with 32 battalions of Redifs from Anatolia, making a total of 33,000.

France Strengthening Her Navy.

Paris, April 8.—M. Lockroy, the former Minister of Marine, notified the Naval Committee of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday of his intention to transform into a substitute bill his amendment asking for a naval grant of 200,000,000 francs. He said the Chamber ought to vote the whole sum, although the expenditure might be spread over a period of four years. The bill proposes to establish naval docks at Saigon, capital of French Cochin China; Diego Suarlex, near the northern extremity of the Island of Madgascar; Ajaccio, the capital of Corsica; Porto Vecchio, Corsica, and at the French Pacific ports.

Bank of England Statement.

London, April 8.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued to-day, shows the following changes as compared with the previous account:

Total reserve, decreased £1,305,000; circulation, increased 359,000; Bullion, decreased £945,923; other securities, decreased £964,000; other deposits, increased £2,815,000; public deposits, decreased £5,030,000; notes reserved, decreased £1,433,000; Government securities, increased £530,000. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability which last week was 52.65 per cent., is now 58.31 per cent.

War in Bechuanaland.

Cape Town, April 8.—A despatch from Vryburg says that in an encounter with the Bechuanaland insurgents on Tuesday, near Kuruman, the Cape volunteers lost five men killed and had six men wounded.

Further advices regarding the encounter with the Bechuanaland insurgents on Tuesday state that the British troops captured and burned the native town of Camane?, at the foot of the Langeberg range of hills. The rebel leader, Galliskwe, who was in command of the natives, made a desperate resistance. The losses of the natives were heavy. One British lieutenant was killed.

Radicals are Aggressive.

London, April 8.—The Radicals in the House of Commons have decided to bring about a debate before the Easter recess upon the question of the policy of the Government in the East.

PORTO RICO IN ARMS.

Another Spanish Colony in a State of Rebellion—The Situation Becoming More Serious Daily.

New York, April 8.—Dr. J. Julio Henna, President of the Porto Rican Revolutionary Committee in this city, yesterday received private information from the committee in the Island of Porto Rico to the effect that the country had taken up arms against the Spanish Government, the uprising haven taken place in Yaucayo and Adjuntas.

The news of the uprising, it was reported by a member at the meeting of the committee, had been also received in this city yesterday by a well-known banking firm in Wall-street, which has close business connection with one of the leading banking houses in Porto Rico.

When seen late last night, Dr. Henna said: "The news, though startling, did not surprise me, as the latest mail advices from Porto Rico brought us the information that the situation there was becoming every day more serious."

BIG FIRE IN CORNWALL.

The Globe Flour Mills Reduced to Ashes—Loss Nearly $30,000

Cornwall, Ont., April 8.—(Special.)—About 9 o'clock to-night it was discovered that the Globe flour mills were on fire, and notwithstanding the best efforts of the local fire department the place was reduced to ashes. The loss is estimated at $20,000, with insurance of about $8000. The stock, valued at from $3000, was insured for $1000. It was with great difficulty that the adjoining property was saved.

Russia Wants the Earth.

In his paper, The Sviet, the Russian General Komaroff publishes an article which contains the following remarkable passage:

"The East, with all its countries, as China, Persia, Beluchistan, and even India, is by the will of Providence destined for the Russian people. Sooner or later the East will be ours. In order, however, to attain this object we must guard our position in the West, and must be strong there, too. All our efforts must be directed there, all our thoughts and talents. There we must show ourselves genuine Russians. We must there thwart German intrigues and German tricks emanating from Berlin, and have a sharp eye on our real foes. If we retreat in the West we lose everything in the East. Now in the West a matter comes to decision which is for us of vital importance, namely, the question of the Bosporous and the Dardanelles. The Straits must by all means come into our possession for the sake of securing peace in the South, and for the sake of our whole development—nay, even existence. In the Straits we must be as strong as on the Vistula and the Baltic. In preserving for ourselves the West we must above all be Slavs, and we must keep alive the consciousness of relationship in all the peoples of Slavonic nationality up to the Adriatic, those people being our real prop and support in the struggle against the greatest foe of our nation, namely, Germanism."—London Daily News.

—Shelton, the English "pro," has been re-engaged to coach the Trinity College School cricket club at Port Hope and will arrive there about May 1st. The captain for 1897 is C. E. Duggan, who was a member of the successful team of 1895. The new president is Rev. C. J. S. Bethune, and E. M. Watson is secretary.

DIED.

GRIFFIN—At Lakefield, on Thursday, April 8th, 1897, Sarah Emma, third daughter of Mr J Griffin.

Funeral from Lakefield on Saturday at 2.30 p.m., to Little Lake cemetery, Peterborough.

MARRIED.

MURDUFF—SHADGETT—In Lakefield, on Tuesday, April 6th, at the residence of the groom's sister, by the Rev. G. Warren, Mr. Robt Murduff to Miss Louise Shadgett, all of Lakefield.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

Strengthens entire system

BODY, BRAIN and NERVES.
Lung, Throat, Heart and Stomach Troubles are benefited.

Effect Immediate and lasting.

"For Brain Workers and when expending nervous force Vin Mariani is invaluable.

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA, ALSO FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

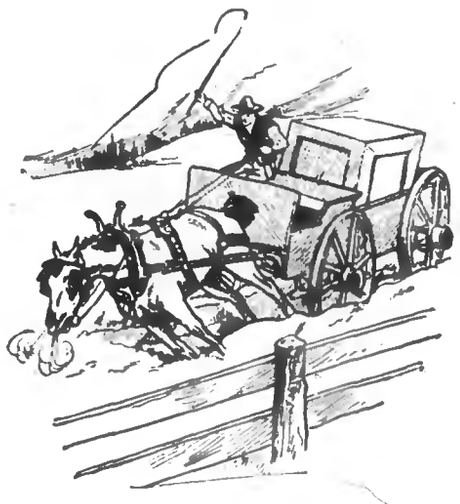
No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company,
Windsor, Ontario.

☞Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.



"HAS TAKEN THE BAD ROAD."

GIVEN a Good Horse, Good Waggon in a Bad Road, we se the consequences in a waste of energy, a continual strain, a constan sticking in the ruts.

GIVEN the same Horse, same Waggon and a Good Road, the load moves smoothly, no loss of energy, no extra friction, no mud to stick in.

GIVEN a good Business, in a Good Town, run on a Cash and Credit System and it may pull through, but at a consequent enormous amount of energy lost, capital tied up, and an all around waste. These must be all evened up some way, *and that way is* to make all Cash Customers pay for losses sustained through giving credit.

Spot Cash has always ruled the business world and its influence was never so potent in the history of mercantiling as it is right now.

It's at these trying times that Credit Systems are strained to their utmost; its in these trying times that the Cash Store reigns and rules triumphantly.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.
No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage.
Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 258 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

PER STEAMSHIP "ALCIDES" FROM GLASGOW, SEVEN CASES

SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS

These, with our Canadian purchases, amount in the aggregate to several £100 St'g. Having gathered together for the Spring of 1897 the most correct patterns in Fashionable Cloths for this season's wear, don't you think that, with such a stock of the leading Novelties, backed up by the best garment cutter in town, that we are well prepared to turn out EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM-FINISHED.

ORDERED CLOTHING

Unequalled by any other Tailoring establishment. We have the latest British and American Fashion Plates on exhibition, and our tailors are competent to make-up, trim and finish the most stylish and dressy Tailor-made Garments that well-dressed men can desire.

Our Custom Tailoring Department is still in charge of MR. DUNCAN CAMERON, the experienced Cutter, who keeps posted on the very latest fashions. Customers can depend on getting just exactly what they want in fit, finish and every other detail. Whatever may be the character of the garment—FULL DRESS SUIT, BUSINESS SUIT, CYCLE SUIT, LIGHT OVERCOATS, TROUSERS OR VEST—we are confident of satisfying every man who dresses with nice taste.

FOLLOWERS FALLING INTO LINE.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery." We are glad to see some of the old timers falling into line with our terms. We buy for Cash and sell for Cash. The foundation stone of our business was laid years ago on these terms, and we've been first and foremost in liberal dealing and low prices, and will continue to set the pace for the trade generally. If prices go down anywhere, you can rest assured it will be at GOUGH'S first. We wonder if it will take as many years to educate our followers to the LOW-PRICED system, as it did to convince them that the CASH SYSTEM is the only way of doing business.

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with Every $25 Worth of Clothing.

GOUGH BROTHERS.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
Jeweler and Optician.
I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
391 George-st., Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

F. S. SCHNEIDER
The Jeweler, 391 George-st.
Fine stock of Gold and Silver Watches and special line of Jewelery.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 85. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

REVENUE INCREASED.

So Also Did Expenditure Under the New Government.

Mr. McMullen Proposes to Make the Civil Service Independent of Political Control—Pretty Good Prospects for the Provisional Regiment Going to England in June—Rumor That Arrangements Have Been Made for the C. P. R. to Build the Crow's Nest Road—Personal and General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—The statement of The Official Gazette will show to-morrow an increase of $676,000 in the customs for the month of March and of $308,000 in the excise, or a total of $1,842,000 for the nine months of the fiscal year. The total revenue was $27,451,000, compared with $26,843,000 in 1896, an increase of over $600,000. The consolidated expenditure was $23,553,000, against $22,719,000 in 1896, and the capital expenditure about the same. The net debt decreased during the month of March by $2,300,000.

Mr. McMullen gives notice of a bill further to amend the Civil Service Act by which he hopes to remove the service from political control. He will try to attain this object by the appointment of a Board of Inspection, to which he would give full powers to manage the service independent entirely of the Government of the day. This board would have the right to investigate the workings of the whole service, both inside and out, to regulate and equalize the salaries paid, to dismiss, reduce or promote any man, in a word, to have complete control of the service, with the one exception of the power of appointment, which will remain with the Government. In this way Mr. McMullen seeks to put the management of the country's business upon the same footing as that of a business corporation, and at the same time relieve the Government of the day from any suspicion of being influenced by party bias in the dismissal of any civil servants.

Col. Burland and Major McLean of Montreal; Col. Mason and Major Pellatt of Toronto, were here to-day and saw Sir Richard Cartwright, Acting Minister of Militia, regarding the sending of a provisional jubilee regiment to England in June. They assured the Minister that 600 men would be forthcoming and asked that he cable the Home Government to secure consent for the regiment to take part in the jubilee ceremonies. This he promised to do.

Representatives of the forwarding interests interviewed Messrs. Blair and Tarte to-day to protest against reduction of the staffs on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Canals as likely to seriously handicap the forwarding trade, and give unfair advantage to Americans. D. G. Thomson of Montreal incidentally brought up the question of Sunday closing of the canals, and asked Mr. Blair seriously to consider whether the canals should be open on Sundays. If they were absolutely closed it would give American forwarders 30 days more navigation than was possible by the St. Lawrence route.

Mr. Blair has about made up his mind as to the policy of the Government in regard to building the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. The report is current among parliamentarians that an arrangement will be closed with the C.P.R. for building the road. It is said that the Government subsidy will be $6400 per mile. For this, however, the company will have to make concessions in the way of freight and passenger rates.

Now it is Mr. Laurier who is going to make changes in the staff of his Department. Four officers are to be dropped from July 1. They are Captain Horace Lee, an old employe and son of a former Deputy Minister; Messrs. Bliss, Lefebvre and Delanudiere.

Labor representatives saw Mr. Davies to-day and urged more stringent enforcement of the law regarding the inspection of gear and tackle on vessels. The Minister promised to have the inspectors communicated with in order to meet the views of the deputation.

The Minister of Militia is expected back in the Capital this week, but the shock to his nervous system in the recent railway accident will cause his absence to be continued for a short time, as his medical attendants counsel further rest.

Hon. Mr. Tarte telegraphed his paper, La Patrie, that the Liberals lost the bye-election in Champlain because of the vacillation of their candidate on the school question.

It is reported to-night that the Premier and Mme. Laurier will leave for England on June 10.

Mr. Dupont will raise the school question in the House on motion to go into supply.

The report of the Public Works Department was presented to The House to-night

Representatives of the Ontario and Pacific Railway, which is to run from Ottawa to Cornwall, and thence to New York, are here working the city for a bonus of $150,000.

Mr. Choquette was to-day elected chairman of the Debates Committee.

After Mr. McInnes sat down this afternoon, Mr. Laurier went up to him and gave him an approving pat on the back. Mr. McInnes senior sat in the Senator's gallery and heard his youngster's clever speech.

In society circles it is said Miss Bate, daughter of Mr. H. N. Bate of Ottawa, will accompany Mme. Laurier on her coming visit to England.

STANDS BY HIS GUNS.

Mr. McInnes Vigorously Replies to The Globe—Hot Shot for Honopolists.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—In the House this afternoon Mr. McInnes of Vancouver, replied in a lengthy speech to the editorial comments of The Globe. young member announced himself as prepared to stand by the position he had taken in his former speech. He said he had nothing to retract, and in British Columbia.

Previous to the McInnes incident several private bills were introduced, among them the following:

Presbyterian Temporalities — Mr. Charlton.

To incorporate the Methodist Trust Fire Insurance Company—Mr. Britton.

Respecting the Grand Trunk Railway—Mr. Gibson.

Respecting the Ontario Pacific Railway Company—Mr. Snetsinger.

A question by Mr. Ellis regarding Easter holidays led to a determination to adjourn on Wednesday night next until the Tuesday following.

Mr. Laurier informed Mr. Foster that an announcement would be made on Monday as to when the tariff might be expected.

Mr. Fitzpatrick moved the second reading of his bill to repeal the Electoral Franchise Act, and supported the motion in a short speech.

Mr. Foster, who was loudly cheered, rose to protest against the introduction of the least important part of the Government program, while the one measure for which the country was waiting is postponed. Mr. Fitzpatrick had declared that the franchise bill would do no service for three years, while the Ministers themselves conceded that the whole country was anxiously waiting for the tariff. Three months ago their organ, The Toronto Globe, thinking that Parliament would then be called, pointed out the grave urgency of immediately taking up this measure, and only last week The Globe's financial editor stated that the wholesale trade was stagnant and would be till the tariff was known.

Three years ago Mr. Laurier denounced the Government for not bringing down the tariff measure as soon as the House met, yet here was the Ministry, which declared its intention of revolutionizing the trade policy, withholding the tariff nine months. There were good reasons why the franchise bill should not now be taken up. Business demanded the tariff. This was the jubilee year and the leader of the Government seemed to be anxious for a short session. The session was already late, and there were besides the tariff bill, matters of greater immediate importance than the franchise. There was a measure proposed a year or two ago by Mr. Mulock, prohibiting the appointment to office of members of the House of Commons. Recent developments showed great need of this law, to keep Ministers out of temptation. Then there was the measure promised for reduction of the Governor-General's salary. There was the superannuation bill, extension of the Intercolonial, the Crow's Nest Railway and the plebiscite, all of which might become immediately operative.

"The tariff won't affect gold mines," interrupted Mr. Lister.

"But it will affect oil," quickly retorted Mr. Foster, "and the honorable gentleman knows it. Moreover, he knows that I know it."

This reference to Mr. Lister's anxiety when Mr. Foster was Minister for maintenance of protection to his own local industry was effective and brought down the House.

Mr. Foster, continuing his speech after recess, strongly condemned the Government for announcing proposed tariff changes while delaying the introduction of measures. It was a suspicious circumstance that the Nova Scotia Legislature had been dissolved prematurely, not, as Premier Murray announced, on the provincial issue, but on the Federal tariff issue. As soon as this had been done the Minister of Finance met the coal men and gave them a statement, which was intended to satisfy them. But did the Nova Scotia Government accept that statement? Clearly not. It seemed there remained some things which it was deemed desirable to conceal until after the Nova Scotia elections. It was impossible to believe that after nine months in office the Federal Government was not ready with its tariff. The delay was evidently due to some political necessity. Ministers knew that if the coal and iron duties were continued the duty on farm implements must stand. This would violate the pledges made to Manitoba and affect the pending bye-elections there. There were political necessities of the Government, but they did not seem to him to justify delay. He promised that in passing any requisite measures the Government would receive the hearty co-operation of the Opposition. But, as regards this particular bill, for which there was no necessity, he could assure the Government that it would be fought line by line. He concluded by moving that the further consideration of the bill be deferred until the tariff bill, promised by the Government for this session, had been disposed of by the House.

Mr. Cameron made a violent attack on the present law and on the officers appointed to administer it. He hoped the Government would adopt the "one-man-one-vote" principle, and that they would re-adjust the boundaries of constituencies.

Mr. Clancy, in an effective reply, said that the law had been honestly administered. He reminded the Government benches that the Ministry contained in Sir Oliver Mowat a past master in the art of gerrymandering. No good reason had been assigned for pressing this bill now, and he quite concurred that it should be resisted until the tariff had been brought down.

Mr. McMullen moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 10.10.

Fire Started by Tramps.

Kingston, April 9.—Joseph Wilder, York-road, suffered great loss by fire last night. All his barns and outbuildings, with the exception of the granary, were completely destroyed. The flames were discovered in the hay mow about 11 o'clock. Mr. Wilder was fortunate enough to get his live stock out in time, but all his farm implements were destroyed, together with a quantity of hay and straw. The fire was undoubt-

Superintendent Ellis Retired.

St. Catharines, April 9.—Mr. William Ellis, superintendent of the Welland Canal, has received notice from the department at Ottawa that he has been placed on the retired list.

Fisheries Inspector Kerr and Guardian Beattie drove out to the "Twenty" last night, and caught five young farmers illegally using gill and seine nets for fishing. They confiscated two boats, 100 yards of seine and 100 yards of gill nets, and brought Robert Tinkler, John Culp, Clayton Culp, Jacob Rittenhouse and Frank Gayner to the magistrate this morning. Each was

CANADIAN FAST LINE.

A Contract Has Been Signed With the Peterson Co.

But the Contract Will Require the Sanction of the Imperial Government Before Being Effective—Sir Richard Webster Stated for the Government That the Intentions of the Powers Regarding a Blockade of Crete Could Not be Announced Until Definite Action Had Been Taken.

London, April 9.—In the House of Commons to-day the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, answering a question on the subject, announced that a contract had been signed between Canada and the Petersons of Newcastle for a fast steamship service between Canada and Great Britain. But, Mr. Chamberlain added, the contract still requires the sanction of the Imperial Government, which is considering the matter. In conclusion, Mr. Chamberlain said it would be premature to make any further statement on the subject.

The Attorney-General, Sir Richard Webster, replying for the Government to-day relative to the blockade of Greece, said the intentions of the powers could not be announced until a definite decision had been taken. He could not say whether the blockade would be pacific or belligerent.

THIS MAY MEAN WAR.

Bands of Greek Brigands Have Entered Turkish Territory and an All-Day Fight Ensued.

Elassona, Macedonia, April 9.—Noon.—Bands of Greek brigands have entered Turkey at Krania, in the vicinity of Grebina. The Turkish troops have been engaged with them and the fight has been proceeding since 5 o'clock this morning.

At the Turkish headquarters this news is looked upon as being of the gravest description, in view of the excitement here. Edhem Pasha has sent orders to have everything in readiness for an advance of the Turkish army in force. It is not known yet whether Greek troops were among the brigands who have entered Turkish territory.

BRITAIN'S LATEST ACQUISITION.

Inyack Island, at the Entrance to Delagoa Bay, Said to Have Been Proclaimed British Territory.

Cape Town, April 9.—The Argus of this city announced to-day that it had received trustworthy information from the capital of the Transvaal that the British have secured Inyack Island, at the entrance of Delagoa Bay, and that a squadron of warships from this port will proceed there to take possession of the island and proclaim it British territory.

MAYOR OF PICTON DEAD.

A Much Respected and Valued Business Man of Prince Edward County Has Passed Away.

Picton, April 9.—(Special.)—James North Carter, Mayor of Picton, died suddenly this morning. The deceased had been in his usual health and his sudden demise is a great shock to the community. Mr. Carter was one of the most respected and prominent residents of Prince Edward County, and has filled nearly every office in the gift of the people in this section, and his loss will be deeply felt. Mr. Carter for many years carried on a large and successful hardware business in Picton, from which he retired several years ago. From time to time he has been threatened with heart disease and a wear or two ago consulted a Montreal physician, who then warned him that any severe shock would be certain to cause death.

He leaves a widow, three daughters and two sons. They are Mrs. H. S. Wilcox, Mrs. Etta Evans, Mrs. W. N. Irwin (Toronto), Mr. H. B. Carter, Lindsay, and Mr. James N. Carter, jr., Picton. Mrs. W. H. Orchard, Willcocks-street, Toronto, is a sister of deceased. Mr. Carter belonged to the A.F. & A.M.

WHAT THE SENATORS DID.

Extended the Time for Private Bills—The Lawry Divorce Application Reported—Regarding Offensive Partisans.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—The Senate to-day extended, on motion of Hon. R. W. Scott, the time for receiving petitions for private bills from the 15th inst. until the 6th of May, and the time for introducing private bills from the 22nd inst. until May 15.

The Committee on Divorce is the same as last session, except that Senator Mills replaces Sir Oliver Mowat, and Senator Cowan succeeds Sir Oliver as chairman. By special leave of the House, the Divorce Committee held a special session, and reported that the application of Adeline Myrtle Tuckett Lawry of Hamilton, from her husband, Thomas Henry Lawry, of the same place, had been made in the prescribed form. Senator Clemow presented the bill for divorce in the Lawry case, which was read a first time.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell moved for a return showing the number of commissions issued and commissioners appointed by order in Council or otherwise since July last to enquire into charges of offensive partisanship made against any employe of the Government. Sir Mackenzie said that his reason for moving for this return was because of the unprecedented number of commissions issued and commissioners appointed to investigate in many cases the most trivial charges against public servants. The result was that accused officers were in many cases put to great expense in employing counsel and summoning witnesses to refute the charges made against them, and in some cases he understood the reports made bore out the facts as stated. He trusted, in cases where an investigation had been ordered into charges that had not been proved, that the accused officers would be indemnified for the costs they had been put to in proving their innocence.

Sir Oliver Mowat had no objection to bringing down the return. He thought that the suggestion that in all cases of unproven charges officers so charged should be indemnified by the Government, was a fair one, and he saw no reason why it should not be acted upon.

The Senate then adjourned until Tues-

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

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PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
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SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT LOW PRICES

		1896 Price.	Price Now
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	$100, at	$60
1	Geneva (Ladies) good as new	100, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) good as new	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Falcon (Ladies) two months in use	85, at	55
1	Comet (Gents) good as new	110, t	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Falcon (Gents) good as new	85, at	65
1	Falcon (Gents) one month in use	85, at	60
1	Brantford (Gents) new tires, 1895 wheel	at	50
1	Griffith's Model, 1896, (Gents)	85, at	65
1	Eclipse Racer, weight 15 pounds, good condition, list price	125, at	65
1	Comet, (Gents) 1895 Wheel	at	40
1	Jewel, Dunlop tires	at	15

Inspection Invited. Wheels Guaranteed.
Gemmel's Old Stand, George-st.

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No Matter What Happens
You can repair the "Common Sense"
DUNLOP TIRES
With no other tools than Your Hands.

You'll like them thoroughly—they wear the best, are the easiest to manage, and are fully guaranteed.
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3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
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ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES,

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SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Cramps, Colic, Colds. Crcoup, Coughs, Toothache.
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

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LOST.
ON SATURDAY, on the Market Stairs, A LADY'S SEALSKIN GAUNTLET. Finder will confer a favour by leaving same at Review Business Office. 1d

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WANTED.
A GOOD PLAIN COOK. APPLY AT ONCE to MRS. M. NEILL, 350 Hunter-st. 3d8

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d66tf

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 8food

For Sale OR RENT.
The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to
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DR. CHAS. NEILL, DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

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New Spring
Suits and Overcoats
All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES
For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS
See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:
Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.
Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.
Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.
This department is in full swing.
Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.
Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

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Probabilities.
Northerly winds and fair; not much change in temperature.

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1897 STYLES

OUR
NEW SPRING STYLES.

CARPETS
Were never so handsome so reasonable in price.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
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CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Fern, Artificial Leaves and Floatings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONNEY, 68 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d69

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

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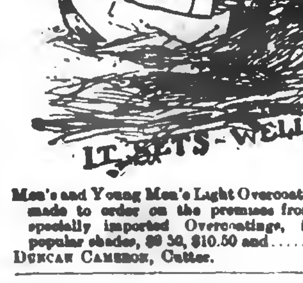
There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12 50, $14.. $15 00



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Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90

Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings........... 5 00

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Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles.......... 7 50

Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style................ 10 00

Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the nattiest all wool togs to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00

Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for............ 8 50

Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings.................. $3 95

Men's Fawn and Grey Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..................... 5 00

Men's Oxford Grey, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish............... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50

Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings...... 3 40

Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 .... $1 50

Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes......... 1 75

Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50

All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to.............. 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50

Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50

Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match.................. 2 50

Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats. 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50

Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades....... 1 50

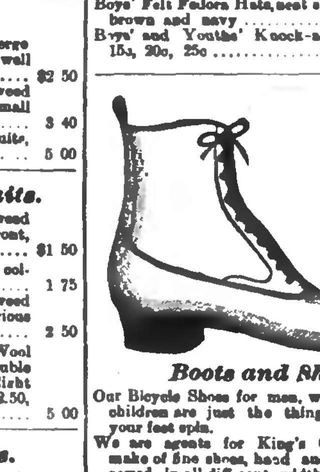
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats. American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75

Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy..................... 50

Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c 35



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Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.

We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00

Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00

Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00

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Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50

Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40

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Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25

Dongola Kid Buttoned 85

Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery. Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50

Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75

Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85

Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH.

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!
KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

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Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. [illegible]

T. B. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strenghening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897

THE Liberals evidently find it more difficult to keep down the expenditure when in power than they did to talk about doing it when in Opposition, This is judging them by the main estimates they have brought down, and the supplementaries are yet to come.

WHEN in comes down to a question of loyalty to Britain and Britain's Queen, Canadians forget politics and are united to a man under the old flag. The scene in the Legislature on Thursday night when the jubilee address to Her Majesty Queen Victoria was adopted was an example of this.

THE success of the Trent Valley canal deputation proves the wisdom of hitting a hard blow when you hit at all, and hitting it, too, while the iron is hot. The dimensions of the deputation and the opportune time it reached Ottawa were the two important factors in its power to impress the Government.

MR. Ed. Farrar is reported to be putting in his time around the Parliament buildings with the Finance Minister and the Minister of Railways and Canals, throwing out hints regarding the Canadian tariff. This Mr. Farrer is a clever fellow, but his record and his hob-nobbing with the United States should be sufficient to keep him out of the conferences of a Canadian Ministry.

THE Montreal Gazette is right when it says that Mr. Laurier interpreted the feelings of most Canadians in regard to the proposed alien labor legislation when he said that he came to the conclusion to support its principle with very great reluctance. Very few in Canada, or any British country, would of their own motion press for legislation to prevent any man from obtaining work, or to punish another man for giving him work, just because he was poor or born in a foreign land. The principle is un-Christian and un-British. It is only excusable as a means of self-defence against a neighbor whose unneighborliness is its reproach.

THE Liberal Government has decided, reading from the estimates, to reduce the interest paid by the Post Office and Government savings banks from 3½ per cent., the rate paid now, to 3 per cent. This move on the part of the Finance Minister gives him credit in the details of the expenditure on account of public debt for a decrease of $170,500 in interest on deposits in the Savings banks. It means that the Government has taken one-half per cent out of the pockets of the depositors in the Government savings banks, and, as the estimated amount on deposit for the year is $49,500,000, this one-half per cent amounts to the $170,500, and the Government is relieved of the liability to pay that amount. This is one feature of Liberal economy.

THE Canadian Manufacturer is a publication that at any time is of special interest to the business and financial world. The publishers are fully awake to the needs of the field they occupy, and their latest enterprise will be especially commended by all manufacturers and business men. They propose to issue a special edition of the Manufacturer as soon as the new American and Canadian tariffs become law, and in this edition they will publish in full the new tariffs of the two countries. To know that they will be given these two tariff laws, complete and accurate, in one number and in compact form for reference is sufficient for any who are engaged in the industrial or commercial world. The edition will also give the British tariff and the British Merchandise Act. It will therefore be an important publication, and the publishers of the Manufacturer are to be congratulated for their enterprise.

COULD BE TRUSTED.

The Experience Which Had Taught Him to Remember.

"Can I trust you to mail this?" asked Miss Jawkins of the new boarder, "or are you the kind of man who carries letters around in his pocket for a week before mailing them?"

"You may trust me," said the new boarder, taking the letter. "I was cured of that disease at my first attack. I was boarding in the same house with a very good friend, a married man. He lost his wife suddenly and was inconsolable. Loads of letters came to him from sympathetic friends, and one of them was handed to me to give to him by the postman. I carried it upstairs to my room and inadvertently put it into my desk with a lot of rubbish from my breast pocket, and then forgot all about it.

"Just a year after my friend had so far forgotten his loss that he became engaged to a very pretty girl. The morning of the wedding, to which I had been invited, I was putting my desk in order—a habit I have about once in six years—and I came across the letter for him. Forgetting the time at which it had come I hurried downstairs with it, and with many words of apology handed it to him. He had a habit of reading out loud, and he began: 'My Dear Jack: You have received a blow in the loss of your wife from which you will never recover, but don't forget, my dear fellow, that—' Then he dropped it and glared at me.

"I didn't go to the wedding; and he's never spoken to me from that day to this. Yes, indeed, you may trust me to mail your letter without fail."

Not on Time.

"My tailor has promised to have my clothes done to-morrow."

"Do you think he will give them to you on time?"

"Oh, no; I'll have to pay cash."—Yonkers Statesman.

HEALTHY STOMACH!

Happy Man!—Nothing Experimental About Using the Great South American Nervine—What it has Done for Thousands it can do For You.

Here are Strong Words From a Reliable Business Man—Read Them.

I have been a great sufferer from indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried many remedies, but obtained very little relief. I saw South American Nervine advertised, and concluded to give it a trial, and I must say I consider it the very best medicine I have ever used. I obtained great relief from the first few doses. I have only used two bottles, and am happy to say it has made a new man of me. I strongly recommend it to fellow-sufferers. C. PEARCE, Dry Goods Merchant, Forest, Ont. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

GUILTY OF COUNTERFEITING.

John Sears is in Serious Trouble at Brantford—Sentence Will be Early Next Week

Brantford, April 9.—The counterfeiter's case was continued at the Police Court this morning. Edith Sears, daughter of Prisoner John Sears, was in the court. She testified that Sickles visited their house frequently and was there last Tuesday. Identified the cup with plaster paris and other articles.

James Burns, grocer, gave evidence that Sickles tried to pass bad money at his store.

E. Davidson, drug clerk, gave evidence that Sickles bought plaster of paris from them.

Mike Judge gave evidence that he was at Sickles' residence last Saturday and saw a mould for 10 cents and pieces of cruet. At this point Sickles' lawyer asked for an adjournment of this case till Monday.

Sears' case was then taken up. Policemen Donnelly and Chapman gave evidence of search of prisoner's house and his arrest. Chief Vaughan gave Sears' confession, in which Sears states that he and Sickles were at the Harley shanty Sunday and remained there over night, that they brought in the outfit that John Brown (colored) had used last winter; that he and Sickles had made the mould at his house, and that the mould for 10 cents was broken.

At this point Lawyer Harley, acting for Sears, pleaded guilty, and asked for leniency for the prisoner. Sentence will be given the beginning of the week. John Brown (colored) was released on his recognizance to appear when required. Government Detective O'Leary was in court.

Sensational Case at Buffalo.

Buffalo, April 9.—A somewhat extraordinary case cropped up in the special term of the Supreme Court to-day before Judge Lambert. Nathan Botsford, formerly sheriff of Niagara County, sues Thomas T. Flagler for $31,000 on three counts, as follows: Alienating his wife's affections, $20,000; defacing a monument belonging to Botsford and removing the same, $1000; removing the body of Botsford's child from family burial plot without due authority, $10,000. Attorneys for Mr. Flagler moved for the separation and numbering of the causes of complaint. Justice Lambert listened to the arguments in the case, and granted the motion of the defendant. Both parties to the suit are residents of Lockport, and are well-known and influential citizens. The suit has caused a great sensation.

HORRORS OF THE ORIENT.

Spain and the Philippines—An Eloping Girl Had Every Bone in Her Body Broken

Vancouver, B.C., April 9.—The steamer Empress of Japan arrived yesterday from the Orient, after an uneventful trip. She had an unusually large number of Chinese, 790, aboard, and was consequently detained some time at quarantine.

Among the Chinese is a theatrical company, which will play at Nashville, Tenn., during the exposition there.

The Empress brings the following advices:

Reliable information in regard to the operations of the Spanish troops in the Philippines is still difficult to obtain. There is a superabundance of highly-colored reports appearing in the censorized Spanish press, but information furnished by correspondents of Hong Kong is of an entirely different character. Spanish forces are meeting with stubborn resistance in Cavite, and it will be yet many months before this province is cleared of rebels. The rebels continue to attack all convoys with ammunition and stores for the front, and the movements of Royalist troops are in consequence greatly hampered.

The Captain-General has applied to the Spanish Government for 8000 additional troops. Troops operating in the Province of Cavite are suffering severely from disease. Executions are of frequent occurrence in Manila, and there are still 80 untried prisoners in jail awaiting punishment. Large numbers of native troops are still going over to the rebels and it is evident that rebels have received large supplies of fire arms.

At the Battle of Salitran, fought on March 8, the Spanish General Zabola was killed.

The steamer Glamorganshire, which was wrecked on Rosslyn Reef, about 30 miles from Cape St. James, while on a voyage from Hong Kong to Saigon, will prove a total loss.

The Chinese Government has appointed H. E. Chang Yin Huan, vice-president to England, as special ambassador to represent the Emperor of China at Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee.

The Chinese Government has decided to order four more armored cruisers, two fast cruisers and several torpedo destroyers, English type.

There are indications of Li Hung Chang coming into fuller power soon, but there are still a great many attempts made to undermine his newly-acquired influence over the Emperor. The Empress Dowager and Prince Kung are still his companions.

The Emperor has sanctioned the institution of an Imperial Bank of China, with a capital of 500,000 taels.

A story of a horrible murder comes from Bangkok. A young girl was caught in the act of eloping with her lover, and was confined in a house by her relatives, who broke every bone in her body as punishment. The woman lingered in fearful agony for 14 days.

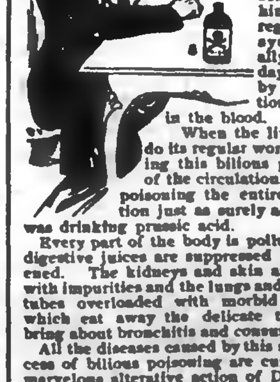
Two men and a woman were sentenced to death for murder, and beheaded. The execution was a most barbarous affair, the headsman being drunk, and the convicted wretches were slashed in the most fearful manner before death relieved their sufferings.

BITTEN BY BEARS.

Montreal Grain Speculators Lost Three-Quarters of a Million in the Wheat Pit at Chicago.

Montreal, April 9.—(Special.)—It was roughly figured in a broker's office this morning that Montreal operators only very recently have dropped about $750,000 in Chicago speculations. The main cause of this enormous loss is the big decline in wheat. On Wednesday the Chicago wheat market was waterlogged and it dropped very nearly 4c a bushel. This had the effect of shaking out a great many holders who were tired of putting up margins. One speculator admitted that he lost as much as 15c a bushel on the wheat he was carrying, and it is safe to say that there have been a number of other losses quite as large. These purchases were made some time ago and the wheat has been carried all through the decline. There has been a good deal of talk recently about an effort among Montreal speculators to work a corner in Chicago, and they were credited with holding as much as 6,000,000 bushels. The decline, however, has pretty effectively knocked this scheme on the head, as the amount of wheat held here now is said to be comparatively small. It is believed also, that quite a lot of money has been lost in provisions.

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day a resolution was passed calling upon the Government, in view of the fact that public money is being voted to rebuild the Victoria bridge, to force the Grand Trunk to grant privileges to telephone, telegraph and tramway companies desiring to cross the bridge in question.



Many a man who would be startled at the bare thought of sitting down and deliberately drinking a dose of poison, allows himself to be regularly and systematically poisoned day after day by accumulations of bile in the blood.

When the liver fails to do its regular work of filtering this bilious poison out of the circulation, it goes on poisoning the entire constitution just as surely as if a man was drinking prussic acid.

Every part of the body is polluted. The digestive juices are suppressed and weakened. The kidneys and skin are clogged with impurities and the lungs and bronchial tubes overloaded with morbid secretion which eat away the delicate tissue, and bring about bronchitis and consumption.

All the diseases caused by this subtle process of bilious poisoning are cured by the marvelous alterative action of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It directly increases the liver's natural excretive and purifying powers; gives the digestive and blood-making organs power to manufacture an abundance of red, rich, healthy blood.

It drives out all impurities, and vitalizes the circulation with the life-giving elements which restore perfect nutrition, solid muscular power, and healthy nerve-force.

"In August 1895, I was taken down in bed with a burning and severe pains in my stomach and under my shoulders, and dizziness in my head," writes Ira D. Merring, Esq., of Needmore, Levy Co., Fla. "My home physician was called and he said my symptoms were more like consumption than anything else. I lingered in this way seven months trying different kinds of medicine. Nothing that I ate would digest, and I had great distress in my stomach. I was persuaded to try some of Dr. Pierce's remedies or to see what he thought of my case. I wrote him and received an answer stating that my suffering was from indigestion and torpid liver, and advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first bottle gave pleasing results. I have taken four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three small vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I am able to do my work and eat what I could not before I took these medicines."

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897

A FARMER'S WIFE

TELLS A STORY OF YEARS OF PAIN AND SUFFERING.

Doctors Utterly Failed to Help Her and Morphine Was Continually Resorted to—Became so Weak She Could Scarcely Perform Her Household Duties.

From the Beaver, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stone have been residents of the township of Ernestown, about ten miles east of Napanee, for a period of about three years, and in that time have gained the esteem of all their neighbors. For six years previous to this time they had lived in Glenwood Springs, Colorado, and it was during their residence there that Mrs Stone was attacked with an illness that made her life miserable for years. To a reporter who recently interviewed her she told the following story: "During the early part of our residence in Colorado, my illness first came on. At the outset every two or three weeks I would be attacked with a pain in my stomach. Later on it greatly increased in severity, and at times was so bad that I would scream aloud with the pain. A doctor was called in, but the only benefit I ever received from his treatment was

through the injection of morphine into my arm, as a result of which the pain would gradually pass away. The medicine which was given me, however, had not the slightest effect, and the doctor appeared to be greatly perplexed, and thereafter continually resorted to injections of morphine whenever the attacks came on. These attacks continued at intervals until our return to Canada, when they increased in frequency and intensness. The result was that I grew very weak, and my whole system appeared to be giving out. My complexion turned a yellowish hue, and I had little or no appetite. Latterly I would be attacked with fainting spells, preceded by attacks of dizziness. I became utterly unable to stand fatigue, and could with the greatest difficulty perform my household duties. A doctor was called in who treated me for some time without benefitting me any. Then he gave me what I now know to be Dr Williams' Pink Pills, and after I had used two boxes I felt somewhat better. I then purchased the pills myself and continued the treatment. I found that the pain was gradually decreasing. I could get rest and sleep at night which had hitherto been almost impossible. I continued using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for several months, and the result is that they have effected a complete cure, and I am now enjoying the best of health. I can assure you it is a great relief to be free from from the trouble that made my life miserable for so many years and I have to thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for succeeding when doctors had failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood and nerves, building them anew and thus driving disease from the system. There is no trouble due to either of these causes which Pink Pills will not cure, and in hundreds of cases they have restored patients to health after all other remedies had failed. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and take nothing else. The genuine are always enclosed in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark "Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or 6 boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE UNIVERSITY GRANT

Was Discussed With Some Asperity in the Legislature.

Hot Discussion Respecting the Maintenance of Government House—Alleged Extravagance at the Guelph Agricultural College—Three Sessions of the House Yesterday—Finishing Touches to the Liquor License Amendment Bill—A Great Day for Business—Defeat for the Government.

At the Local House yesterday morning, when the concurrence of the estimates for the maintenance of Government House was moved, Mr. Haycock objected to the $1500 for incidentals and $800 for private secretary. He considered the $6,000 grant to be sufficient.

This roused the Premier's ire and he charged the Patron leader with taking advantage of the present Lieutenant-Governor's absence on sick leave. The latter was at the point of death and it was a poor time to be raising such an objection.

Mr. Haycock hurled back the insinuation of the Attorney-General. He had supported the same policy before the Lieutenant-Governor's illness. The Premier's arguments were childish.

Mr. Whitney charged that Mr. Haycock kept a private secretary of his own, and added that it would not do to be niggardly. This brought forth the explanation that the gentleman so employed was a sessional clerk and so the country was under no extra expense.

The item passed.

An amendment to strike off the salary of Prison Inspector Noxon was lost on a vote of 54 to 35.

The supplementary estimates brought down contained, among others, the following items: Home for Incurables, Toronto, $6874; Roman Catholic Orphanage $57.06; public buildings—Osgoode Hall (fire apparatus) $650, Toronto Normal School Museum $1800, Mimico Asylum $2500, electric supplies and improvements to Parliament buildings $850, public works $3628, Crown lands charges $8900, as follows: Furnace and assayer, Belleville, $2000; Kingston School of Mines $2540, fire rangers $3000, pulp wood survey $1000. Among the miscellaneous votes are: $1000 to the Gov. Simcoe statue, $10,000 to fisheries, $7500 to entertain the British Association, $5000 to refit old Victoria College building, Cobourg; $5000 to the telegraph line from the C. P. R. to Fort Frances, to Ash Rapids $4000, to international conference of Charities $1000, to purchase Sir Oliver Mowat's new library $3800, Canadian quarters at Bisley $500, Her Majesty's Jubilee celebration at Toronto $2000, purchase of site for London Normal School $7500, University of Toronto $7000, and colonization roads $11,250.

The items were passed.

In the afternoon Col. Matheson, speaking to the minority report of the Public Accounts Committee, criticized the extravagance of the Government in contracting for the publication of the statutes, which were badly bound and poorly printed.

The royalties on algebra text books also came in for remark. The teachers, he said, made a royalty of 11 1-4 cents on a 75 cent book. When a departmental store down town was selling the same book for 60 cents, he thought the country should also get the benefit of that low rate.

Mr. Auld, who is a printer, held that the statutes were printed all right. They only cost 57 1-2 cents per book.

"A new broom invariably sweeps clean," said Mr. Whitney, laughing at Mr. Auld's hardihood of assertion.

Mr. Harcourt reminded the House that the tender accepted for the work was by far the owest.

On motion of the Attorney-General, the House went into committee and recommended that the resolutions regarding the present Government House be embodied in a bill.

Mr Haycock wished to move an amendment, but was told that he could not do so until the bill was introduced, so the resolution passed.

At a later stage Mr. Haycock moved the omission of the grant, and the motion was defeated.

The House again went into committee and passed the following railway appropriations:

1. To the Ontario and Rainy River Railway from a point at the westerly end of the 80 miles heretofore aided, running west and south to Swell Bay, a distance not exceeding 70 miles, a cash subsidy of $3000 a mile, $210,000.

2. To the Montreal and Ottawa Railway, to aid in the construction of 90 miles, $34,000, and that the portion of the unearned subsidy of $100,000 which was granted to the Vaudreuil and Ottawa Railway Company in 1892, and which was in the year 1893 transferred to the Central Counties' Railway Company, and which unearned portion amounts to $66,000, be transferred to the Montreal and Ottawa Railway Company to assist in the construction of the above railway.

3. To the Manitoulin and North Shore Railway, a distance not exceeding 13 miles additional, owing to change of route occasioned by insurmountable engineering difficulties, a cash subsidy of $3000 a mile, $39,000.

4. To the Tilsonburg, Lake Erie and Pacific Railway, from a point at the southerly terminus of that road to Tilsonburg, a distance not exceeding 3 263-1000 miles, a cash subsidy of $2000 a mile, $6524.

5. To the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway from Eganville southwesterly towards Renfrew, a distance not exceeding 10 miles, a cash subsidy of $2000 a mile, $20,000.

The Provincial Treasurer then moved that the sessional indemnity of members who were forced, through illness, to absent themselves during the session, be paid in full and the Speaker declared the resolution carried.

The estimates then came up again for concurrence and Hon. G. W. Ross moved that $455,075.98 be granted to defray the expenses of Public and Separate schools.

Messrs. Meacham and Magwood moved in amendment that the grant be referred back to the committee with instructions to reduce it by striking off $5000 of salaries of departmental examiners; also $1850 of salary of director of teachers' institutes, and $4750 from that of the registrars of education.

The amendment was lost on division and the appropriation passed.

Mr. Harcourt moved that a sum not exceeding $114,450 be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Collegiate Institutes and High schools for the year ending Dec. 31, 1897.

Mr. St. John moved in amendment that the sum be reduced by $5300 be-

Continued on Page 7.

LET'S LIVE LONGER!

Why Die a Lingering Death of Direful Diabetes?

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE IT

Other Medicines never touch it—But Dodd's Pills Infallibly Cure—Expelling Poison and Pain—Preserving Sugar and Strength—Don't Die; Get Well.

Who would not live longer if he could?

More men shorten their lives by over-indulgence in food and drink than ever die from starvation. Health can be maintained by eating and drinking just what is good for us—no more, no less.

But most of us don't do that.

In health the body expels what it doesn't require, and retains what it needs. In disease either the body doesn't expel the poison or it does not retain what is needed to nourish it. In the disease called DIABETES the kidneys expel sugar. Its presence can be detected in the urine. The body needs sugar. In DIABETES the sufferer dies a lingering death.

Until recently DIABETES was supposed to be incurable. The science of to-day says that DIABETES may be cured. The kidneys may be restored to healthy action. Sugar may be retained in the system. Instead of filtering out the good that is in the food the kidneys may be made to filter out the poison.

With Poison goes Pain. With Sugar stays Strength.

DIABETES disappears like magic before DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. Other medicines never touch it. That's the difference. If you have DIABETES get cured quickly. Don't bother with medicines that do not cure. Many will stand up to be counted among those who have been cured of DIABETES by taking DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mr. Fed Stokes, Barrie, Ont., says:—"I have been promptly restored to health by a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Diabetes had reduced my weight forty-five pounds, which I have regained."

Mr. D. Roblin, Bandmaster, Allandale, Ont., says:—"Could for years get no relief for Diabetes which it seemed would end my days. Six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured me."

Mr. Chas. Gilchrist, Port Hope, Ont., says:—"For ten years a victim of Diabetes. Suffered fearfully, especially in passing water. My cure has resulted from taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mr. James K. Nesbitt, county constable, Stayner, Ont., says:—"Becoming aware of the fact that I was a victim of Diabetes, I resorted to Dodd's Kidney Pills I commenced to get well with the first box and am perfectly cured."

County Model School

The report of the Minister of Education recently issued shows that the total number of Model schools in Ontario is 60. In 1896 there were 1,637 students attending, giving an average of 27 students at each school. Of the 60 teachers engaged in Model school work 3 have degrees, 2 M A and 1 B A.; 54 have 1st class certificates, and 3 have 2nd class. The highest salary was paid to W.H. Elliott, B A., Hamilton, being $1,300. The average salary of 1896 was $858. The attendance at Norwood Model school was 50, being nearly twice the average. Only four places had a greater attendance viz., Toronto 61, Kingston 60, London 53, Chatham 51.

C. S. Parke, M. D., Quebec: "I certify that I have employed with marked success the 'Pheno-Balsam' ('Quickcure') in burns and certain wounds, and can thoroughly recommend its employment.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

"Oh, Why Should We Wait Till To-morrow?"

Why not enjoy your Piano

NOW

Instead of delaying for months.

The pleasure of having a Piano is in having it

Every Day and Always.

When you can get such instruments as the

Gerhard Heintzman and Karn

On terms that will ensure present satisfaction at reasonable prices, decide early.

PETERBOROUGH AGENCY

THOS. DUNN

416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,

188 Yonge Street Toronto

To Cure RHEUMATISM TAKE Bristol's SARSAPARILLA

IT IS PROMPT RELIABLE AND NEVER FAILS.

IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Absolutely Pure Always Uniform and Reliable

You find all the good qualities and none of the bad baking powder qualities in ....

PURE GOLD

"KURMA"

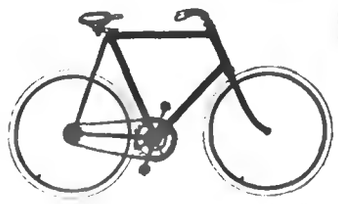
CEYLON TEA

REFRESHING, STIMULATING AND HEALTHFUL.

Lead packages only, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c per lb. Sold by all Grocers.

The Davidson & Hay, Ltd., Wholesale Agents, Toronto.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect - -	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City -	$75.00	
Dominion - -	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

GRIFFITHS' CYCLES

Have an established reputation for excellence in all parts of the British Empire because of their durability, easy running qualities and neat appearance. We offer prices to suit everybody.

Griffiths'	Skylark.....	$100.00
do	Nighthawk..	85.00
do	Leader....	70.00
do	Duke.....	50.00

.....HUMBERS and TRIUMPHS.....

Catalogues mailed free to any address.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y,

Local Agents, . . . Corner George and Simcoe-sts.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP SALE!

Commencing SATURDAY, April 10th, 1897.

The well-known firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. having dissolved partnership, the business will in future be carried on by Richard Hall & Son. Owing to certain conditions

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT LEAST ONE-HALF

in the next Three Months, and in order that this may be done we have decided to offer the whole stock, consisting of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES, WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES, in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

O. B. SHORTLY

Gendron Bicycle

AGENT, George-st., Peterborough.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

Awnings, Tents, Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

J. J. TURNER & SONS

263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Hand Wheels for sale.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER

Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3w67

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Personal.

Rev. J. J. Rae will be in Belleville tomorrow.

Mr. Sandy, of Stirling, who is to be the new G.T.R. agent here, was in town to-day.

Mr. Myles Hamilton on leaving Hamilton for Deseronto, was presented with a gold locket and watch chain by his friends.

Mr. F. D. Roxburgh, B.A., son of Mr. W. E. Roxburgh, of Norwood, secured the R. H. Thornton memorial scholarship valued at $60 at Knox College. It was offered to the third year class in theology.

Every druggist in the city of Quebec, without exception, testifies to the universal satisfaction expressed by their customers, as to the merits of "Quickcure" for all kinds of pain.

Call and Get the Latest!

THE..... KINESCOPE.

They Are Nicely Assorted at

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
379 GEORGE ST.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year's make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

Peterborough Bicycle Club.

A meeting of the Peterborough Bicycle club will be held at the REVIEW business office on Monday evening, April 12th, at eight o'clock, to arrange for delegates to the C.W.A. meeting in Toronto on Good Friday; also other important business. 2d85

Meeting of the Veterans.

The veterans of '66 and '70 will meet on Monday evening to complete organization and deal with the by-laws. A petition to the Imperial Government praying that medals be granted to veterans of '66, and one to the Dominion Government asking that the services of the veterans be recognized, will be on hand for signatures. The meeting will be held in the drill shed.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

It Has Arrived. See Them!!

And selling for less than $50.00. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-st. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for 12 solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100.00 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain. O. B. Shortly, 428 George-st. 1d85

Mr George Fox, Violinist

Mr. Fox, who plays with the renowned English basso, Mr. Wetkin Mills, in Peterborough, on 21st April, played recently in Detroit. The Tribune says of his playing:—Mr. Fox has played before Detroit audiences and been recognised as a young man of extraordinary talent, but since his last appearance a year ago he has improved greatly. In my judgment his performance Friday was superior to that of any violinist who has visited Detroit this season. He is apparently one of the few artists who can bring himself into complete sympathy with the composition in hand whether it be gay, sorrowful or dramatic. 1td

NEARLY FOUR HUNDRED

Persons Have Professed a Desire to Become Christians at Evangelist Ranton's Meetings.

Notwithstanding the raging elements without an immense congregation filled the George-st. church last evening, when Rev. A. H. Ranton preached on the subject, "Lies and Liars," founding his remarks on the words:

"Judgment also will I lay to the line, and righteousness to the plummet; and the hail shall sweep away the refuge of lies, and the waters shall overflow the hiding place."—Isaiah xxviii, 17.

In dealing with the subject Mr. Ranton termed an excuse in not accepting the Lord a lie; a reason was a fact. Among the excuses were want of feeling, the hypocrite in the church and time enough to decide.

After the service a very powerful meeting was held when over one hundred expressed a desire to become Christians. Already about 400 persons have announced their determination to lead a better life.

At the opening of the service an excellent quartette was rendered by Misses Vina and Annie Belleghem and Messrs. Jas. Browne and Walter Wesley.

To-morrow afternoon Mr. Ranton will preach at 4 o'clock in the George-st. church on "The Modern Dance." On Monday evening a reception service will be held. On Tuesday evening Mr. Ranton intends to commence services in the Charlotte-st. church.

The Surgeon of "Queens Own Canadian Hussars."

Dr. Chas. E. Elliott, M. D., Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Pheno-Banum' (or 'Quickcure') with much success in many cases of foul and suppurating wounds; especially in one case following vaccination, which resisted all treatment for three months, that was quickly cured by four dressings of the above. I am now using it in many forms of skin diseases and ulcers with apparent benefit. For cuts and burns it makes a splendid dressing."

OAK HALL.

Death of Mr. Charles Butler.

Mr. Chas. Butler, who has been a resident of the town for a number of years, died this morning at his residence, Queen-st. The deceased at one time kept a grocery store on Hunter-st., but in later years had been engaged as a painter. His wife died a little over a year ago. A family of sons and daughters survive him. Mr. Butler was 51 years of age, and had been ill for nearly four months. The funeral takes place on Monday to the Roman Catholic cemetery.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

A Week's Engagement.

Don't forget that the Wilson Dramatic Company open a week's engagement at Bradburn's opera house on Monday night April 12th. This company is headed by the eminent comedian, Fred. H. Wilson, supported by a company of clever artist, who give an entertainment equal to and even better than some of the higher priced attractions. Come Monday night and see the opening, the play is strong and the specialties good, and the entertainment will be sure to place everyone. Prices 10, 15 and 25c. Seats now on sale.

The Peterborough Music Co. have just received a fine line of accordians that they are offering at $1.75 and $2.00. d84

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CRUEL SCIATICA.

Incessant Pain-Tormented-Racked-Life Despaired Of.

John Marshall, Varney P. O., Co. of Grey, writes these strong words:—"For two years I was completely laid up with sciatica. I doctored without any permanent relief. I had given up hope. A friend saw the notice of a cure of what seemed a parallel case to mine by South American Rheumatic Cure, and, knowing my little faith in the efficacy of any remedy, he procured a bottle himself and brought it to me. I took it, and, to make a long story short, it saved my life. In a day or so I was out of bed, and in three days I was able to walk to Durham, a distance of four miles, to purchase another bottle. I am now entirely cured." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

That Bewdley Canal Route

The Port Hope Times man still thinks that the Bewdley route is the proper route for the Trent canal out of Rice lake, and thinks the REVIEW is talking through its hat when it speaks of engineering difficulties. He says there is no height of land and the canal would only be 11 miles long. Peterborough is not necessarily opposed to route via Port Hope because what is wanted here is a waterway to the front, but, at the same time it is safe betting that the route of the canal will never be changed so as to pass through Port Hope Still the Times man is very sure about it and concludes his reference by saying:—'No, Mr. REVIEW, everything is in favor of the Bewdley route and Port Hope people are in dead earnest. This scheme will be pushed whether Peterborough likes it or not. Already a survey of this route has been made and in a short time we will put such facts before the Government that they will be compelled to adopt thiso rute, if only on the score of economy." Well, let the Times man wait and he will see what he will see.

Dr. Andree, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: 'For burns and scores it is really far better than any remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster. Where an Anodyne is required, and when Aconite or Belladonna might be dangerous, a 'Quickcure' plaster gives relief in fifteen minutes."

Law Governing Newspapers.

The following are points in the law governing newspapers that are frequently enquired about and that are worth remembering:—

1—Subscribers who do not give express orders to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2—If subscribers order a discontinuance of their periodicals from the office to which they are directed they are responsible until they have settled their bill and ordered them discontinued.

3—If subscribers neglect to take the periodicals from the office to which they are directed they are responsible until they have settled their bill and ordered them discontinued.

4—If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.

5—The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office or removing and leaving them uncalled for is evidence of intention to defraud.

6—If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of their time if they do not wish to continue taking it, otherwise the publisher is obliged to send it, and the subscriber will be responsible until a notice with payment of all arrearages is due to the publisher.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

PRESBYTERIAN AUGMENTATION

Meeting of the General Assembly Committee—Appropriations to the Various Presbyteries—Good Progress Reported.

The semi-annual meeting of the General Assembly Augmentation Fund Committee of the Presbyterian Church was held on Tuesday at Toronto.

The claims received during the past six months were considered and appropriations made to the various Presbyteries, as follows: Quebec $587 50, Montreal $975, Glengarry $259.50, Ottawa $617, Brockville $450, Lanark and Renfrew $249, Kingston $785, Peterborough $426, Lindsay $175, Toronto $978, Orangeville $350, Barrie $492, Owen Sound $278, Saugeen $100, Algoma $370, Hamilton $725, Paris $103.85, London $450, Chatham $200, Sarnia $150, Huron $300, Maitland $162.50, Bruce $125, Winnipeg $232 40, Rock Lake $127, Glenboro $100, Militia $52, Brandon $125, Minnedosa $114.50, Regina $25, Victoria $187.50.

The state of the fund was reported to be as follows:—Balance in hand last May, $1,000; receipts, $18,757.28; total receipts, $19,848.01. The expenditure to date has been $11,017.95, leaving a balance in hand of $8,830.06. The claims ordered to be paid together with working expenses, total $11,570, making a shortage of $2,750. Notwithstanding this shortage it was decided to pay all claims in full, in the confident expectation that before the end of the church year, April 30th, sufficient will have been received to meet the entire indebtedness. A number of congregations have yet to make their returns, and these are expected to send in within the next few days.

The committee also considered a large number of applications for new grants for the ensuing half year, among them requests from fourteen congregations in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia, together with about a score from Ontario and Quebec. This is regarded as an indication of excellent progress in the church work, but it will require increased revenue to the amount of at least $4,000.

In addition to the regular church contributions a number of Sabbath schools and Christian Endeavor societies are showing interest in the work, their contributions amounting to $1,000, with the prospect of considerable increase in the future.

It was decided to commission the convener and secretary to attend meetings of Synods in the interests of the work.

Treatment of Skin Diseases in Bellevue Hospital, New York.

Professor Joseph N Henry, M.D., lecturer on Dermatology, Bellevue Hospital, New York, writes:—"I have used 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in chronic skin disease, namely, Psoriasis, and obstinate ulceration of the leg, due to varicositas; and also in suppurative dermatitis. I have found it to be of marked service and consider it a very good preparation."

Fresh spring mantles and box cloths for capes. Just opened at Turnbull's.

The Mock Parliament

Don't forget the presentation of the Mock Parliament to be given in the opera house during the middle of May, by Charlotte-st. Ladies' Aid. Rehearsal on Saturday night at 7.30 in Charlotte-st. school room. All taking part are urged to be present. 2d

Turnbull is showing the choicest and cheapest stock he ever had in millinery.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

What Turnbull does he does well. See his stock of roller window blinds from 20c up complete.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats' where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

IF YOU WANT ....

A BICYCLE!

..... CALL AT

MULLIGAN & POTTERS

And get a famous COLUMBIA. If you want half a bicycle you can go almost anywhere. MULLIGAN & POTTER'S up-to-date Music Store, 416 George Street.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Paymaster Howard Resigns.

John Allan Howard, of Hastings, paymaster and honorary major of the 57th battalion, has been permitted to resign his commission and will retain the honorary rank of Major.

Still they come. Fresh fancy dress robes cheaper than ever at Turnball's.

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

Deepening Lindsay River.

Mr. R. B. Rogers, superintendent of the Trent Valley canal, and Mr. W. L. Innes, C. E., have been in Lindsay estimating the cost of deepening the river for the width of 100 feet from the Wellington bridge down the river 1,400 feet. A Lindsay deputation waited upon the Minister of Railways and Canals in regard to the matter this week, and Mr. Rogers' visit followed,

Poisonous Plasters

Plasters that contain the powerful poisons Aconite or Belladonna should be used only when your physician permits, as your system might be poisoned by absorbtion of the drugs. Doctors, now use plasters made with "Quickcure" spread on canton flannel, linen or cotton, which give more prompt relief from pain than any known means; the effect is almost beyond relief.

The Steamer City of Peterborough

Is being thoroughly overhauled and put in first class condition. After the first of the month she will be all ready for business and will commence to run her regular trips to Jubilee Point, Harwood, Gores Landing and Hastings, which will be announced by "ads" in all the papers. At present she is towing wood to the different points to have convenient for excursions, etc. H. Calcutt, President and Manager Peterborough Navigation Co., Ltd. 2d

KIDNEY WAR.

How Insidiously it Wages, but How Quick the Surrender, and How the Flag of Truce is Hurriedly Hoisted When That Great General, South American Kidney Cure, Turns his Guns on the Disease.

This is what James Sullivan, of Chatham, Ont., writes: "For years I was a great sufferer from Kidney trouble. The disease became so acute that I was confined to the house, and was greatly afflicted with insomnia. I was persuaded after using many other remedies without relief to procure a bottle of South American Kidney Cure. I had relief almost from the first dose. I have persisted in its use, and after using six bottles I am well and strong again. I can work fourteen hours out of twenty-four and feel very little, if any, fatigue. It is the best medicine I have ever used." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

The Market

The attendance of farmers at the market to-day was not large but the demand for the produce offered was ready and few left town with anything in their wagons. Easter beef was plentiful and retailed at 5 and 6c. Pork sold at 7c to 8c. The price of maple syrup come down to 25c. a quart, and butter was also selling lower, 14c. being paid by some but before noon 19c. was the prevailing price. Apples offered at 30 to 60c. and potatoes at 40c. a bag.

Departmental Stores

The Toronto Saturday Night, as well as the Evening Star, continue to fight the great departmental stores vigorously. As to the way in which these stores affect the towns adjacent to Toronto the Star says:—"Take the towns within a radius of a hundred miles of Toronto. The people came here to get their 'bargain.' By doing this they ruined the merchants in their own towns. Stores cannot be rented at any price; they remain vacant; and while the big institutions thrive the little ones in rural communities are ruined. They do not pay taxes, and every municipality so affected hates Toronto, and their representatives in the Legislature and in the Dominion parliament can always be relied upon to give the city the worst of it. Ruin has strewed the path of the bargain hunters, whether he or she lives in Toronto or in the towns adjacent to Toronto. Where a trifle has been saved on goods the most serious results have come to the property owners, particularly to the owners of business places."

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1897. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1897.

NORTH MONAGHAN COUNCIL.

The Franchise Granted to the Street Railway Co.—Road Improvement.

Correspondence of the Review.

The Council met in the town hall at 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon, April 9th. All the members were present, the reeve, Mr. J. McIntosh, presiding. The minutes of the meetings of March 16th and April 3rd were read and confirmed. An account was received from Geo Raper for $2 for plow broken when performing statute labor on boundary between Monaghan and Cavan, with certificate of the clerk of Cavan that that township had paid half the amount Moved by Messrs. Yelland and Hunter, that the account of G. Raper be paid when certified by the pathmaster on the division on which the plow was broken.—Carried. The committee appointed at the last meeting to investigate the correctness of the location of the road allowance between park lots 5 and 6, lot 13, con 11, reported as follows:

Gentlemen,—We your committee re road allowance between Pks 8 and 6 have interviewed Mr. Hatton and Mr. Cameron. Also examined the original field notes of Birdsall's survey of the park lots and registered plans and other documentary evidence appertaining thereto and now beg to report that your committee after their investigation are of the opinion that the fence along the southern side of the said road allowance is established and correct, and that this township therefore is entitled to a road allowance of 66 feet northerly therefrom; and therefore recommend that this Council endorse the action of the Council of 1896 in removing the fence thereon and obstructing the public highway

All of which is respectfully submitted,

J. McINTOSH,
Chairman.

Moved by Messrs. Madill and Hunter that the report of the committee of investigation into location of road allowance be received and adopted.—Carried. The committee appointed re road construction and repairing made a verval report suggesting ways and means of improving the roads in the township and also producing correspondence with suggestions from Mr H W Campbell, Provincial Road Commissioner, regarding the same. After the members had expressed a decided interest in the work of improving the roads, and with a view to permanency, it was moved by Messrs. Yelland and Hunter, that this municipality with the view of economy and efficiency hereby call for tenders for one man as a competent operator and also two heavy teams with drivers to work on the grader at a rate per day. The said tenders to be sealed and addressed to the clerk up to noon of the 24th day of April, 1897, and the clerk is hereby instructed to publish a notice of the same in the Peterborough papers.—Carried. On motion of Messrs Yelland and Hunter, by-law No. 439, granting the franchise to the Peterborough and Ashburnham Street Railway Co. to construct and operate the street railway from its present terminus to the river on Lock-st., was introduced and given the necessary readings passed, signed and sealed according to law. Council then adjourned to be called by the reeve to open and consider tenders that may be received re working of road grader.

Apply a little 'Quickcure' to a pimple, or any blemish of the skin, and cover with thin paper, and it will disappear in twenty-four hours, leaving the skin natural and healthy, as it destroys the germs which enter the skin and cause pimples, boils, etc. especially if one is unwell, or even rundown from overwork."

From Coldsprings—Otonabee.

It is regretted that there has been a great deal of sickness in this locality recently, but those who have been ill are better, or improving.

The genial teacher, Mr. Charles Munro, is getting along well at school. School closes on Thursday evening, April 15th, for the Easter vaction and re-opens on Monday, April 26.

Brick making around here is not so flourishing as it once was. Limited building operations, low prices, lack of clay, etc., are some of the causes.

Mr. John R. Goodfellow intends removing from our midst early in May. We hope soon to see some one moving in to take his place in our community.

Several from here attend Mr. Ranton's meetings regularly. He is quite popular here.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

The Canal Deputation.

This is what the Bobcaygeon Independent says:—The Ottawa deputationists have returned, and if reports are correct, Bobcaygeon kept up its end on every occasion. It was said around the hotel corridors of Ottawa that there was a sort of kind of a rumor that the Government were not altogether sure about continuing the project, but when Mr. Laurier was assured that Bobcaygeon earnestly desired its completion that settled it. The project was a go. The Premier addressed himself to Bobcaygeon; it was on Bobcaygeon's deputation that he had his eye, when he announced that the work should be completed. Mr. McHugh did all in his power to add to the comfort and pleasure of those from Victoria, and Mr. Hughes also gave every attention to his constituents. The deputation were well satisfied with the result of the interview with the Government.

The Surgeon of 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec, writes: "I have used, with much success, 'Pheno-Benum' (or 'Quickcure') in dressing wounds, which suppurated even under the dressing of Iodoform; the effect was remarkable, all discharge ceasing, and healing granulation setting up at once, after first application of 'Quickcure.' I consider its antiseptic action as valuable as its marvellous pain relieving properties."

Signed, GEO. H. PARKE, M.D.,
10 Palace-st., Quebec

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NEW FREIGHT RATES.

The Canadian Pacific Issues its Summer Tariff on Fruit.

Two new rate tariffs were announced yesterday by the Canadian Pacific railway, to take effect at once. The first refers to rates on green apples and pears, from points on the Ontario division and connections to Montreal and Ottawa, stations on the Brockville and Point Fortune branches, and on main line stations east of Perth to Mile End. The new tariff is practically the same as that which was in effect last summer. The rates from Toronto and Peterborough will be 27 cents per 100 pounds for less than carloads and 18 cents in carload lots. Rates from some other principal points are St. Thomas and London, 42 cents and 28 cents; Owen Sound, 45 cents and 36 cents; Kingston, 20 cents and 13 cents; St. Catharines, 33 cents and 22 cents; Hamilton, 30 cents and 20 cents, and Brantford, 38 cents and 25 cents. A new tariff has also been made to the Maritime Provinces on the wheat in carloads from Manitoba and the Canadian Northwest, consigned to or on account of millers, at Canadian Pacific Ontario division stations for the purpose of being milled and the manufactured products re-shipped to points in the Maritime Provinces. Under the new tariff the rate to St. John and Halifax will be 27 1-2 cents per 100 pounds, with 2 1-2 cents additional "stop-off" charges.

Brevities.

—To-morrow is Palm Sunday.

—Next week is Easter week.

—Mr. James N. Carter, Mayor of Picton, is dead.

—The charge in the agent at the G T R station takes place next week.

—At Police Court this morning Frank Tully was fined $2 for being drunk.

—The Queen's diamond jubilee celebration committee will meet on Monday evening.

—The Park Nine Baseball club has an offer to go to Campbellford to participate in a tournament on the Queen's birthday.

—To-morrow being Palm Sunday His Lordship Bishop O'Connor will bless the palms at 10 o'clock mass at St. Peter's cathedral.

—Mr. John Ross Robertson, M P. for East Toronto, will present the Historical Society with a drawing of Peterborough in 1838.

—Sergt.-Major Peters lectured to a large number of members of the 57th battalion on the Lee-Enfield rifle at the drill shed last evening.

—St. Peter's Court Catholic Order of Foresters will attend communion at St. Peter's cathedral to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock.

—The W.C.T.U. will meet at Mrs. George Paton's at 3.30 o'clock on Monday, 12th. All mothers who wish to help in this labour of love are made welcome.

—Mr. R. J. Colville, of Toronto, late secretary of the local Y.M.C.A., will conduct the consecration service at the county C.E. convention on Easter Monday.

—Notice is given that application will be made to Parliament this session for an act to extend the time limiting for the commencement and completion of the Lindsay, Haliburton and Mattawa railway.

—During the last fiscal year there were 161 persons killed on Canadian railways, of whom 11 were passengers, 46 were employees, and 104 were neither. No passengers were killed on the Grand Trunk.

—The 57th Battalion officers have decided to invite the cavalry, artillery and veterans to participate in the sports on the Queen's Birthday and a meeting to arrange matters will be held on Monday.

—At the last meeting of the W.C.T.U. it was moved by Mrs. Bacon seconded by Mrs. Morton, and carried, that the Union give $10 in prizes for the county of Peterborough for highest marks in entrance class on temperance and hygiene: 1st prize $5; 2nd prize $3; 3rd prize $2.

—Mr. H. P. Kennedy shipped two car loads of young fat cattle to the English market to-day per G. T. R. They were weighed on the market scales, some steers running as high as 1,700 lbs., and one animal tipped the scales at over a ton. It is Mr. Kennedy's intention to continue these shipments every month.

—Mr. M. J. Galvin has invented a neat parcel carrier for ladies who will soon be sounding the praises of Galvin's ladies bicycle luggage carrier. It is small, but will contain without difficulty a supply of ladies' wearing apparel. It is placed on the guard of the rear wheel, and is firmly attached to the guard.

—Remember the interesting public meeting in St. Andrew's church on Monday night at 8 o'clock. The Rev. Williard F. Crafts, Ph.D., of Philadelphia—one of America's first orators—will give an address on "The March of Christ down the Centuries." This will be the beginning of Easter week, and in view of this the lecture has been secured. There will be no admission fee. A free-will offering will be taken for reform and charitable work.

—The Toronto News says that Mrs. Mary Tucker is suing the Canadian General Electric Company, of Peterborough, for damages for the death of her husband, Samuel Tucker, who was killed in the suburban railway accident. To-day an order was made by Referee Cartwright permitting Mrs Tucker to increase her claim from $2,000 to $15,000.

—The sermon on dancing which Rev. Mr. Ranton delivers in the George-st. church tomorrow afternoon evidently attracts attention. The Port Hope Guide says:—"We have daily applications for our paper containing the report of Rev. Mr. Ranton's sermon on 'The Modern Dance.' They come from all parts of the country and from the United States. One was received this morning from Meadville, Pen."

THERE IS no trouble in life which cannot be alleviated by a cup of delicious

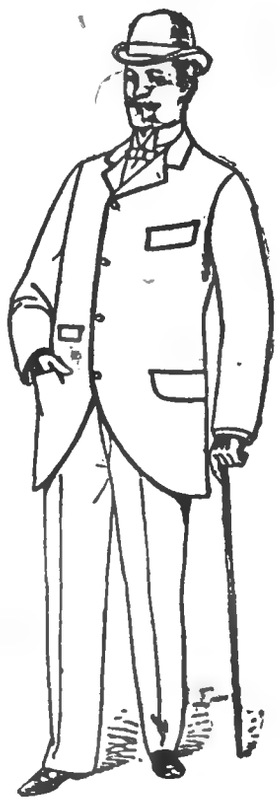
"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

It makes friends and converts wherever introduced.

Sold in lead packets. By Grocers everywhere.

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

—With commendable promptness Mr. R. B. Rogers, superintending engineer of the Trent works, complied with the suggestion of the Board of Health regarding the covering of the piers in the dam so as to prevent the accumulation of suckers that are thrown there during the sucker season and become so offensive. It will be an improvement that will be appreciated by the whole neighborhood.—Bobcaygeon Independent.

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,

Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.

Surgery in Bank of Commerce Block, opposite Post Office. Residence, Huffman House d81

NORTH MONAGHAN.

Men and Teams Wanted to Work Road Grader.

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, Peterborough P. O., will be received up to noon of

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21st, 1897.

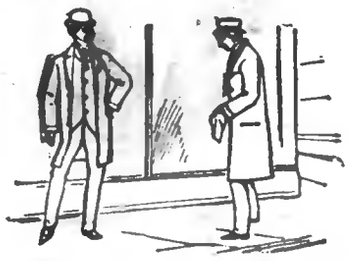
for one man to operate road grader, and two teams with drivers to work on same. Tenders to state rate per day for the whole or any part of the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order,

GEO. W. BENNETT.
Township Clerk.

North Monaghan, April 10, 1897.

DR. CHASE'S BOOK OF LESSONS



LESSON III.

Doctor Chase's Syrup Linseed — **Turpentine Mighty Soon Cures** — **Coughs Asthma Bronchitis La Grippe**

Do you see these two Men? They meet on the Street. One is a fine Jolly Man. The other Man seems to be all Broke Up and don't look fit to be Out. The Jolly Man is a Good Friend and gives the Sick Man the Very Best Advice. He tells him to go home and straight to Bed; but also tells him that he must take a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine to Bed with Him, and Keep Taking it until the aches and fever is all out of Him. The Result of this Advice turns out that He or Any Other Man can be Cured of La Grippe in Three days.

MR. THOMAS DEWSON, late manager of the Standard Bank, 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, says: "Have been troubled for years with asthma and occasional attacks of La Grippe. Have never found Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine to fail to bring me around from La Grippe inside of three days."

MR. R. T. MOORE, of Hamilton, Ont., says: "I have suffered from asthma for over twenty-five years. If I venture from home, change of air is sure to bring it on. I have found however, that by taking a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine with me that it relieves me in a few doses."

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CHAMBLY, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collar excepted.)*

THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.

Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

ROSSLAND'S FIRST FIRE.

The Lancaster Hotel and Other Buildings in the Heart of the Town Burned Down.

Rossland, B.C., April 9.—(Special to The World, via Spokane, Wash.)—The first fire of importance in the camp occurred to-night, when the Lancaster Hotel and several other buildings were burned to the ground. The section was not closely built or the result might have been serious.

TEMPERED.

When stern occasion calls for war,
And the trumpets shrill and peal,
Forges and armories ring all day
With the fierce clash of steel.
The blades are heated in the flame,
And cooled in icy flood,
And beaten hard, and beaten well,
To make them firm and pliable,
Their edge and temper good;
Then tough and sharp with discipline.
They win the fight for fighting men.

When God's occasion call for men,
His chosen soul He takes,
In life's hot fire He tempers them,
With tears He cools and slakes;
With many a heavy, grievous stroke
He beats them to an edge,
And tests and tries, again, again,
Till the hard will is fused, and pain
Becomes high privilege;
Then strong and quickened through and through,
They ready are His work to do.

Like an on-rushing, furious host
The tide of need and sin,
Unless the blades shall tempered be,
They have no chance to win;
God trusts to no untested sword
When He goes forth to war;
Only the souls that, beaten long,
On pain's great anvil, have grown strong,
His chosen weapons are.
Ah, souls, on pain's great anvil laid,
Remember this, nor be afraid!

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

She tries to steady her hand; she can not read them fast enough.

"Constance, Dear Constance:—

"When you read this, you may have become already aware of the fate I have chosen for myself. I have no explanation to offer. Think of Beauty and the Beast; think of Titania's strange choice; think me mad. But oh, Constance, never censure me; never think that all the happy days, when you have been my friend, I was not worthy that friendship. And, Con, don't let others say things too bitter about me. Am I not dead to myself, and to you all? and for the dead; have we not charity only? Constance, I wish I were buried, too. SYBIL.

"P.S.—Con., never let my relatives see this note. They will have enough to bear."

So runs the note.

Half an hour later, Constance Wardour comes quietly into the drawing-room. So quietly, that her approach is not observed by Dr. Heath, until her voice breaks the silence, and he starts from the reverie in which he has been indulging, to see her standing before him, with pale cheeks, and troubled, anxious eyes.

"Has my rudeness been quite unpardonable?" she says, appealingly. "Truly, I have had no idea of the flight of time. I have been sitting up there," motioning toward the upper floor, "stunned, and yet trying to think. I have gained a little self-possession," smiling slightly, as she sinks into a seat, "but not my senses. I thought myself equal to most emergencies, but this is more than an emergency—it is a mystery, a terror! For the first time in my life, I can't think, I can't reason. I don't know what to do!"

It is her turn to speak in riddles; his, not to comprehend. But, being a man, he closes his lips and waits.

"Something terrible has befallen Sybil Lamotte," she goes on, gradually regaining a measure of her natural tone and manner. "I need an adviser, or I had better say, a confidante, for it amounts to that. You know Sybil, and you know poor Ray. You are, I believe, a capital judge of human nature. This morning, just after you left, as you know, Mr. Lamotte and his son called here, and Frank put in my hand this note from Sybil." For the first time he observes the letter which she holds between her two hands. "For reasons stated on the outside of the envelope, which was enclosed in another, I did not break the seal until—now. It may seem like violating Sybil's confidence, but I feel justified in doing what I do. I have no one to advise me, Aunt Honor being worse than myself in a crisis like this; and I believe that both Sybil and I can trust you. Dr. Heath, please read that letter."

He looks at it doubtfully, but does not take it from her extended hand.

"You are sure it is best?" hesitatingly. "You wish it?"

"I wish it," with a touch of her natural imperiousness; "I believe it is best."

Silently he take the letter from her hand, silently reads the lines upon the envelope, while she thinks how sensible he is not to have uttered some stereotyped phrase, expressive of his sense of the high honor she does him by giving him so much of her confidence.

Still in silence, he opens and reads the letter, then lays it down and thinks.

At last she grows impatient. "Well," she exclaims, "are you, too, stricken with something nameless?"

He leans toward her, his arm resting upon the table between them, his eyes fixed gravely upon her face.

"Miss Wardour, does your faith in your friend justify you in complying with her wishes?"

"Most assuredly," with a look of surprise.

"In spite of to-day's events?"

"In spite of any thing!"

He draws a long, sighing breath. "Oh," he says, softly, "it would be worth something to possess your friendship. Now—do you really wish for my advice?"

"Have I not asked for it, or, rather, demanded it, like a true highwayman?"

"Then here is your case: You have a friend; you trust her fully; nothing can shake your faith in her. Suddenly, she does a thing, shocking, incomprehensible, and, in doing it, ask you not to question, for she can not explain; asks you to think of her kindly; to trust her still. Here is a test for your friendship. Others may pry, drag her name about, torture her with their curiosity; she has appealed to you. Respect her secret. Let her bury it if she will, and can; you can not help her. If she has become that bad man's wife, she is past human help. Undoubtedly there is a mystery here; undoubtedly she has acted under the control of some power outside herself; but she has taken the step, and—it is done!"

She draws a long, sighing breath. "You are right," she says, wearily, "your wisdom is simple, but it is wisdom, and I thank you for it; but, oh! if they could been intercepted. If I could have known—have guessed."

He smiles oddly. "You do not consider," he says, "how cunningly their plans were laid; doubtless they have been waiting some such opportunity. At twelve o'clock, Mr. Lamotte and wife started for the city."

"In my service, alas!"

"At one, Frank Lamotte mounted his horse andd rode eastward."

"Alas! also to serve me."

"At two o'clock, the coast was clear, and the flight commenced. When it became known, search was made for Evan, as the only member of the family within reach of a warning voice. They found him in a beer saloon, in a state of beastly intoxication."

"Oh!"

"Of course he was surrounded by a crowd, eager to see and to hear how he would receive the news; and the work of sobering him up was at once commenced. It took a long time to make him comprehend their meaning, but after a while the name of his sister, coupled with that of John Burrill, brought him staggering to his feet, and a few moments later, a plain statement of the facts, hurled bluntly at him by one of the loungers, sobered him completely. In an instant he had laid his informant sprawling in the saloon sawdust. He declared it a calumny, as you did, and declared war upon the lot of them. Soon kinder hands rescued him from these tormentors, and men he could not doubt convinced him of the truth of the unhappy affair. And then, any who saw would have pitied him. The boy is wild and bad, but he has a heart, and he loves his sister. Poor fellow! he is not all bad."

"Poor Evan!"

"He telegraphed at once to his father, and then set out for Mapleton, looking like the ghost of himself, but carrying a fresh filled flask."

"Of course," mournfully.

"He would have started in pursuit, had they not convinced him of the folly of such an undertaking."

"Folly, indeed, for him."

"And now, Miss Wardour, we have arrived at the end of a certainty, and to enter the field of conjecture is useless. The time may come when some of us may be of actual service to this most unhappy friend of yours. I confess that I wait with some curiosity the movements of her parents in the matter."

"They will take her from him, at once. They will buy him off; compel him—anything to get her back."

"Perhaps; but—she may resist them. Think of that letter."

"True. Ah me! I can't think. Doctor Heath, I have kept you here starving. I had forgotten that dinner ever was, or could be. You shall dine with Aunt Honor and myself; and, for the present, we will not speak of poor Sybil's flight to her. She would run the entire gamut of speculation, for she is very much given to 'seeing through things,' and I can't bear to talk too much on this subject. I should get angry, and nervous, and altogether unpleasant. I say, 'you will stay;' will you stay?"

He has never before been invited to dine at Wardour Place, except when the dinner has been a formal one, and the guests numerous; but he accepts this invitation to dine en famille, quite nonchalantly, and as a thing of course.

So he dines at Wardour Place, and talks with Aunt Honor about the robbery, and listens to her description of the splendid Wardour diamonds, and looks at Constance, and thinks his own thoughts.

After dinner Aunt Honor occupies herself with the evening paper; and, after awhile, Constance and Doctor Heath pass out through the low, broad French window, and stand on the balcony. The light from within falls upon them and that portion of the balcony where they stand. There is a young moon, too; and just beyond is a master oak, that spreads its great branches out, and out, until they rustle, and sway above the lower half of the long balcony, and rap and datter against the stone walls.

"Have you thought," asks Constance, as she leans lightly against the iron railing, "that to-morrow is Sunday, and that Mr. Lamotte, unless he has already returned, can not reach home until Monday?"

"It has occurred to me."

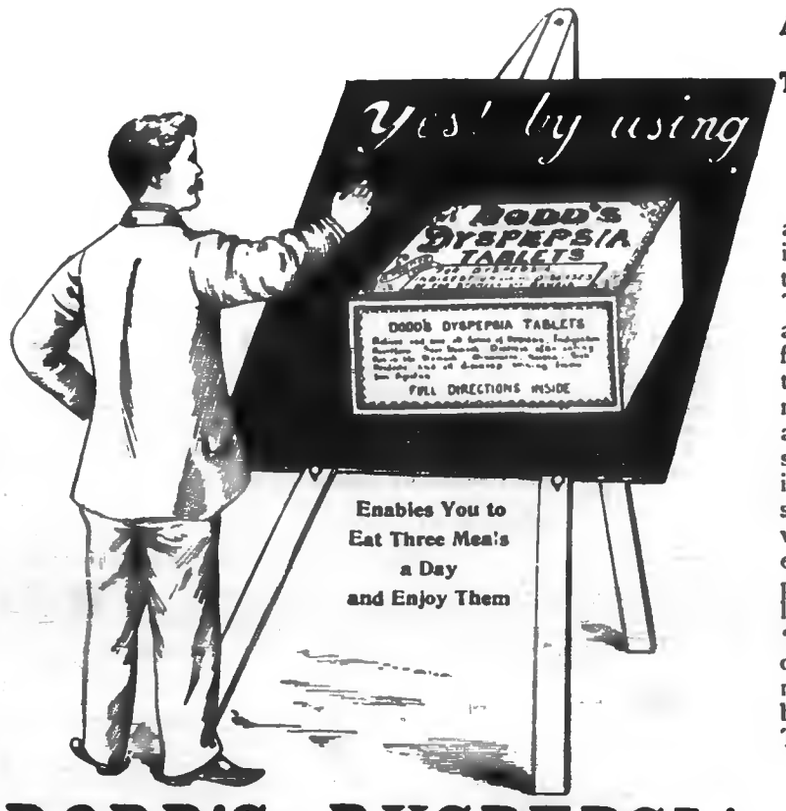
"And poor Sybil! Where will she be by then?"

"Miss Wardour! What disinterestedness! I thought you were thinking of your detective."

"My detective! Why, what a lot of stupid people! He might as well not come at all. Why didn't you tell me to telegraph at once?"

To be Continued

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?



A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten Is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

The Kind That Cures.

The Great Spring Health Renewer.

Paine's Celery Compound for Men, Women and Children.

Read the following testimony that comes from Miss Blake, of 303 Hughson street, Hamilton:

"For years I suffered greatly, and was under the care of doctors who finally told me I was going into consumption. I was becoming worse through the use of medicines, and I gave up my doctors. While in a very critical condition, not able to sleep or rest, always faint and weak, appetite and digestion bad, and my system run down and little life left in me, I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. After taking one bottle I felt much relieved. I have used in all seven or eight bottles, and am now a new woman, can enjoy life, and am as well as I wish to be. Many thanks for your great medicine."

—The Port Hope Guide says:—"H. H. Burnham, Esq., and Col. McLean returned from Ottawa last evening. As we stated yesterday, money for the repairs of the harbor will be granted, although it does not appear in the estimates submitted to Parliament last night. Col. McLean is also hopeful that the Durham Field Battery will go into camp at Port Hope in June next."

"FELL DEAD."

What More Every-day Heading do You Read in This Paper Than That?—They Are Legion.

Don't dally with heart disorders. There is but one cure. "I had been for a number of years sorely afflicted with heart disease. At times my life was despaired of. Doctors had prescribed, and I had taken every known heart remedy made, I had supposed, and did not get any benefit. I read of the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I procured a bottle, and in less time almost than it takes to tell it, the distress was relieved. I followed the directions closely and to-day I am a well woman again, and I shall do all in my power to make known to every one suffering as I did the wonderful cure it worked for me. Mrs. Wm. Burton, Dartmow, Ont." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

—It is the opinion of the Belleville Ontario that the habit of boys playing marbles for keeps tends to develop in them the spirit of gambling, and that efforts should be made to stop the practice. The seeds sown will bear bad fruit in time.

The man with a weight on his leg can't hope to win in the race. A man with a weight on his health can't expect to compete in life and business with those who are not handicaped. If his brain is heavy, and his blood sluggish, because of constipation, he will not succeed in doing anything very well. Constipation is the cause of nine-tenths of all sickness. Symptoms of it are sallowness, listlessness, poor appetite, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, biliousness and lassitude. Constipation can be cured easily and certainly by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They are not at all violent in their action, and yet they are more certain than many medicines which are so strong that they put the system all out of order. The great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" is that they cure permanently.

Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, absolutely FREE. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Turnbull imports lace curtains direct from the maker. He says this year they are about twenty per cent cheaper than usual.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY APRIL 10, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. E. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

A GRAND TRUNK BRAKEMAN

Tells the Story of His Exposure—The Fate That Badel Him, and How He was Relieved of His Sufferings.

W. Lavelle, G. T. R. brakeman, Allandale, Ont., says: "Through exposure I contracted that dread disease—catarrh. My case became chronic. I was recommended to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. In ten minutes after the first application I had relief, and in an almost incredibly short time all symptoms had disappeared. I feel I cannot speak too strongly in recommending this remedy. It is a pleasant, safe and quick cure." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

The following is from the Canadian Engineer:—It is impossible to keep track of the companies obtaining incorporation in British Columbia. One week forty-two companies, with a total capital of about $44,000,000, gave notice of incorporation in the British Columbia Gazette, and the next 57 companies, representing capital of over $51,000,000 gave notice of incorporation.

Letter from the Rector of the High School.

"Dear Doctor Ievers.—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of 'Quickcure.' I have been troubled a good deal lately with boils, and tried 'Quickcure.' I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application, I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly,

Signed T. Ainslie Young,
Rector, High School, Quebec.

December, 1896.

—The ice on Pigeon and Sturgeon lakes yet affords firm footing for pedestrians, although broken away from the shores in places. Yesterday Capt. Winter, who had command of the Crandella last season, crossed Pigeon lake from Fenelon Bay to Bobcaygeon without a mishap. The genial captain put in a very busy winter at his home in Harvey township getting out forest staff. —Post.

40 RED-COATS

Put to Route an Army of Formidable Trespassers.

Constipation, Dizziness, Pain Under the Shoulder Blades, Sick Headache, Depressed Feeling, Bloating After Eating, Debility and Insomnia, Result from an Inactive Liver.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 little Red Coats at a cost of 20 cents, will set you right in short order. Piles of testimony to prove it. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

THE UNIVERSITY GRANT.

Continued from Page 3.

ing the amount of salaries of the principal and vice-principal of the Ontario Normal College. The House divided and the amendment was lost by a vote of 54 to 32, Mr. Haggerty of Hastings voting with the Opposition and Mr. Kerns of Halton with the Government.

Mr. Harcourt moved an appropriation of $10,325 for immigration expenses.

Mr. Reid of Addington moved in amendment that the sum be reduced by $4,625, the amount paid to the European immigration agents. Mr. Reid considered these officials unnecessary, as the Dominion officers were sufficient to do the work.

The House again divided, the vote standing 51 to 36 in favor of the appropriation.

When the appropriation of $193,022 was moved to defray the expenses of agriculture, Mr. Carnegie moved an amendment that the sum of $2000 be struck off the grant to the Model Farm and $1400 from that to the poultry associations. Mr. Carnegie thought the farm should pay for itself and that the sums devoted to poultry associations were not endorsed by the farmers.

Hon. Mr. Dryden warmly defended the grant, as did Mr. McPherson.

Mr. Haycock objected to the proposed reduction of the poultry grant and Mr. Kidd defended it.

The grant carried by a vote of 59 to 27.

The other votes were concurred in without objection or amendment.

The Attorney General's bill to amend the statute law was again considered in committee and passed.

In the evening Hon. Mr. Harcourt moved that the House go into committee of supply.

Mr. Whitney rose to move in amendment a resolution to the effect that the connection of Toronto University with the Government was detrimental to the interests of the University.

This motion was in keeping with the Opposition leader's promise that he would bring on the vote in regard to the principle of Government control of the University of Toronto before the end of the session. He commended to the attention of the House the success which other universities unhampered by the Government were meeting with throughout the Dominion. He especially instanced Queen's and McGill Universities. The latter had on five or six different occasions been the recipient of large donations, while the former, under the fostering care of Principal Grant, was equally prosperous. The fact that it was attended by some 1200 students did not signify that the University of Toronto was prosperous. They went there because it was the most convenient school in the province. The speaker had positive information to the effect that the great majority of the gentlemen connected with the University in various ways were decidedly opposed to Government interference. He was not trying to create a feeling between the Government and the University. The feeling was already created.

Continuing, the speaker quoted Prof. Goldwin Smith in support of his contention. That eminent authority had expressed himself in favor of giving the University a government of its own. Although this opinion involved no disparagement of the present Ontario Government, and the fact that Governments were continually changing rendered it possible that at some time a Minister would preside over the destinies of the University who would not be capable of managing it aright.

Hon. Mr. Ross took the ground that the University was prosperous, and mentioned the many affiliations with the school as evidence of the fact. He challenged the previous speaker to point out a university on this continent which could show a greater increase in the size of its faculty in the past few years than that of Toronto. Continuing, he pointed out that the University of Chicago, endowed by Rockefeller for $12,000,000, had chosen seven Toronto University graduates out of fifteen as fellows of the University. The same could be said to a degree of many of the other universities. In Chicago University it was well known that the opinions on economic subjects of its capitalist patron always governed the teaching of the professors. Cases of prosperity of state-aided universities were not rare, and he mentioned the cases of several Government universities in the States. Harvard and Yale did not receive any contribution until they were 200 years old. Toronto University was young yet, so benefactions should not be despaired of. The policy of the Opposition would disrupt the whole education system, and would remove the goal towards which every educational institution tended. Who was the person from whom Mr. Whitney had obtained his information? Could he mention the names? It would probably turn out to be some applicant for a position.

Mr. Whitney explained that his information had come from parties who had told the same thing in the ears of the Minister of Education not longer ago than last 1st of January.

Mr. Ross had heard some complaint, but had paid no attention to it, as he knew there were some persons who would kick if the walls of heaven were not plumbed to suit them.

Col. Matheson had yet to learn of a graduate who was satisfied with the present connection of the University. The Government had added to the grant lands with which they proposed to pay the claims of the University an entirely new grant of an uncalled-for amount of $7000, or equal to a grant of $200,000. The speaker also condemned the system of having the University non-residential. When the boys boarded at the school together and rubbed up against one another it rounded off the corners and taught them that they did not know it all.

The House divided on the amendment at 11.20 o'clock, and it was lost by a vote of 56 to 28.

The Attorney-General moved that the House concur in a supplementary appropriation of $1500 for nine months' salary and $40, books and traveling expenses, for the new municipal auditor.

A division was taken at 12.15 o'clock and the appropriation passed, the vote standing: yeas 57, nays 25.

At 12.30 this morning the House took up the License Bill and discussed section 3, which placed upon the municipalities the power of controlling the opening and closing of bars. Those members opposed the section: Messrs. German, Willoughby, Richardson, Platt, Mutrie, Magwood, Connee, St. John, Garrow, Meacham, Hiscott, Chapple and Kerns, while those who spoke in support of it were Messrs. Davis, Merter, Crawford, Gamey and the Attorney-General. A division was taken at 2 p.m., and the clause was thrown out on a vote of 30 to 29, which means a defeat for the Hardy Government.

The House adjourned at 2.15 o'clock this morning and will resume business at 11 [illegible]

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is dull and featureless. Red winter is quoted outside at 70c and white at 71c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is dull, witht but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 29c.

Oats—The market is dull and weaker. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars offering at 23c west.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the Western yards today were large, and prices generally steady. There were 90 carloads, including 170 head of sheep and lambs and 1800 hogs. The cattle market is somewhat weaker, especially the poorer grades. Choice shippers bring 4¼c to 4½c, and ordinary 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls for export, 3½c to 3¾c per lb. Butchers' cattle were rather dull, owing to good supply; the best qualities sold at 3¼c to 3⅜c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2¼c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Spring lambs are weaker, with sales at $3 to $4.50 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 170 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5¼c to 5⅜c per pound.

Hogs unchanged, with receipts of 1809. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c, light weights at 4⅝c to 4¾c, sows at 3½c to 3¼c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 9.—Spring wheat, 6s 1d to 6s 2d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 10½d to 5s 11½d; corn, 2s 9d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 29s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 13s 0d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat off coast steady, on passage slightly better. English country markets dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures dull at 5s 7¼d for May and July and 5s 6½d for Sept. Maize firm at 2s 7½d for May, 2s 8½d for June and 2s 9½d for July. Flour, 21s 3d.

Paris—Wheat quiet at 21f 85c for May; flour, 44f 15c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat dull; futures steady at 5s 7d for May and July and 5s 6½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour, 20s 9d.

London—Wheat on passage weak. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Wheat easy at 21f 75c for May. Flour dull at 44f for May.

The Father of "Single Tax."

Vauban, the great French engineer, seems, according to his biographers, to have been the father or perhaps the grandfather of "single tax." He published, in the year of his death, a volume in which he contended that one tax on land should be made to cover all the expenses of the State. The book was promptly suppressed by the Royal Council.

A Monster Cheese.

One biography of President Jefferson of the United States tells of an enormous cheese made weighing 1400 pounds, 13 feet in circumferance and 18 inches thick, and made from the milk of 700 cows, collected at a single milking. It bore the motto, "Rebellion to tyrants is obedience to God."

Dr. Humphreys Says!!!

That Homeopaths don't go in for Spring medicine because they don't need it; the use of Humphreys' No. 10 keeps the stomach right all the time, and when your stomach is right, your head is clear, you feel good, no blues, no low spirits, no tired feeling.

As

"77" is to Grip

so

"10" is to Dyspepsia.

A single dose of No. 10 relieves an acute attack; its persistent use cures the worst case of Dyspepsia.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, 50 cents and $1 Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John sts, New York.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS

in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCombe & Son, Bouchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Gareau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. R. McCombe of a long-standing cold.

Mr. J. H. Hutty, Chemist, 528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Lyn. Sole Proprietors

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 8th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 68c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 63	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$3 50	to	3 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter pe wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

DYSPEPSIA CURED BY DR. CHASE.

. . FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS W. W. HODGES SUFFERED —DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS EFFECTED AN ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURE. . . . . .

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dear Sirs,—I take the liberty of writing to you regarding my experience with Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and the wonderful cure of dyspepsia of 18 years' standing effected by them with three boxes. I am as well as I ever was, and am a man of 64 years of age. I have recommended Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to a great number of people and they all say they are worth their weight in gold. If you desire any further statement or certificate of my case, I will be pleased to furnish one.

Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

Webster's International Dictionary

The One Great Standard Authority, So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer, Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

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It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.

WEBSTER THE STANDARD.

The Toronto Globe says:—The International is rapidly becoming recognized as the most reliable standard dictionary published. In addition to fulfilling the primary function of a dictionary, the International contains a vast amount of general information of great value.—Jan. 11, 1897.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

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Neglected and Ill-treated Children. Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.

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Children for adoption.

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that is mechanically correct in construction. It is the . . . .

Evans & Dodge.

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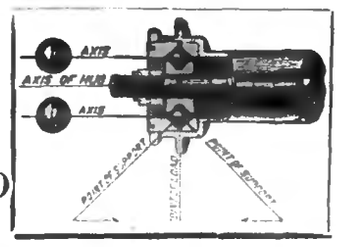

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, May 8th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 36.
OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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A TERRIBLE ECZEMA

Her Face Covered with Scales. Could Not Leave Home. Had to Sacrifice Hair.

Tried CUTICURA REMEDIES. Improvement in Three Weeks. Six Weeks Complete Cure.

Four years ago Eczema made its appearance on my head in its worst form. I was attended by two physicians, but notwithstanding their treatment it continued spreading, until my face was covered with scales and became a horrid, loathsome sight. For three months I did not leave the house. I had a fine head of hair, seven years' growth, and had to sacrifice it. I was in despair. The physicians had failed even to relieve me, when one of them recommended CUTICURA SOAP. I used three boxes of CUTICURA (ointment), one half dozen cakes of CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and in three weeks from the time I began, the scales had left my face and the skin lost its florid hue. *In six weeks I was entirely cured.* My face was smooth and my complexion clearer than it had ever been before. MARION A. SMITH, Sunbury, Pa.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths, with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

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WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Insanity, Decay, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

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136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897

Itching, Burning Skin Diseases

Relieved in a day. Eczema, salt rheum, barbers' itch, and all eruptions of the skin relieved and speedily cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment It will give instant comfort in cases of itching, bleeding or blind piles, and will cure in from three to six nights. 35 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

OAK HALL.

Y W C A Notes

Come to-night and enjoy the music from 8 to 8.30 and wait for the Gospel service from 8.30 to 9 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board will be held (D V) on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is urgently requested.

Mrs. Geo. Burnham's name was omitted among those who kindly donated literature to our reading room.

ROYALTY AND DIAMOND DYES.

The proprietors of Diamond Dyes have, in past weeks, filled thousands of Canadian homes with pleasure and satisfaction by their wonderful ten cent "Combination."

The demand is astonishing and ever on the increase, but all may be assured that their orders will be promptly filled as they come in. The "Combination" is made up as follows:—

One "Excelsior Rhyming A B C Book, Illustrated," a gem of lithographic art.

One full size cabinet photo of the "Three Future Kings of England." Every loyal Canadian should have one.

One package of "Diamond Dye Ink Powder" for making sixteen ounces of best black writing ink.

This novel and valuable combination, worth 65 cents, to any address for ten cents.

Send small silver coins, or the proper amount in one, two or three cent stamps. Stamps of larger denomination will not be received.

Seal your letter securely, and before mailing be sure you put on full postage, *three cents* in stamps. If full postage is not prepaid letters will not be accepted.

Address Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q.

CASTORIA.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B. A. pastor. Service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the Rev A H Ranton, Subject for the morning "The Divine Alchemy." For the evening "Foundations, True and False." Sunday school 2.30. At 4 p.m. Mr Ranton will preach on "The Modern Dance." Doors open at 3.30. At the afternoon and evening services a free-will offering will be taken up for Mr. Ranton. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p.m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, April 11th. Services at 11 a.m. conducted by the Rev W R Young, and 7 p.m. conducted by Rev H T Lewis. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev O. C. Elliott, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. Palm Sunday, 8.30 a.m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer. Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. At the conclusion the story of the cross will be sung; also during the week, every evening, when service will commence at 8 o'clock. Ushers—W Hinchcliff, R H Kells, J Mulholland and A Roberts. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, April 11th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F. Torrance, D.D., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. after evening service—Subject, "Our Foreign Work." Monday night at 8 p.m. public meeting—Address by Rev Wilber F Crafts, Ph D. on "The March of Christ down the Centuries." Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. Palm Sunday. 11 a. m. Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7, p. m., Evening prayer and sermon.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

DIVINE GUIDANCE.—Rev. W. M. Eadie. Parlor meetings are held daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., commencing at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m., consisting of singing, addresses and conversation, without the usual routine of prayer. Bible reading and collection. Friends are free to come late or leave early when they are not able to remain during the whole service which usually continues for two hours.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

Spring Requires

That the impurities which have accumulated in your blood during the winter shall be promptly and thoroughly expelled if good health is expected. When the warm weather comes these impurities are liable to manifest themselves in various ways and often lead to serious illness. Unless the blood is rich and pure that tired feeling will afflict you, your appetite will fail and you will find yourself "all run down." Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the system, drives out all impurities and makes pure, rich, healthy blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and the best spring medicine. Be sure to get only Hood's.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

The history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Cleveland's that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland wheel during the past season. The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country on the globe, being, for instance, in Australia, the typical and easily leading American wheel. To eulogize on the Cleveland would be to consume a day, suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward and the Cleveland bicycle well

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. XCVIX.

SHORT SKETCHES OF GREAT MEN—NO. 8

St. Francis Xavier.—(Continued.)

When returning to Goa Francis met a Japanese nobleman, who had fled his country and taken up his residence at Moluccas. He had heard of the wonderful work of the holy missionary among the people of the islands and was desirous of seeing him. He eagerly sought Francis, who soon convinced him that the religion of Christ alone was devine, and induced him to accompany him to Goa for further instructions. Soon after his arrival Francis solemnly baptised him giving him the name of Paul of the holy faith. In the meantime Xavier was acquiring knowledge of the customs, religion and language of the Japanese. It was then he formed the project of evangelizing that people. He lost no time in preparing for the mission and obtaining co-laborers to assist him in his arduous undertaking. He set sail during the month of April, 1549, for Malacca and without unnecessary delay proceeded thence to Japan where he arrived 15th August, the Feast of the Assumption. The Christian Japanese, Paul, on his return to his native land, found favor with his sovereign, the King of Saxuma, who was anxious to learn what he could about the Portuguese, whose ships were found on every sea. Paul answered his enquiries and described their customs, commercial enterprise and religion. The king listened with great attention to an explanation of the principal Christian doctrines and was thus prepared to welcome the arrival of a missionary. On the 29th September Francis Xavier was received by the king, who was full of admiration for the man who had come from the other side of the world and braved the dangers of the seas to bring to a strange people the religion of charity and goodwill, promising everlasting happiness to its followers. The king authorized him to preach and permitted the people to embrace the new faith. Nevertheless the apostle met with many difficulties here and elsewhere from the bonzes or priests of the country. His mission began peacefully, Paul had instructed his family and friends in the doctrines of the church and brought them to be baptised. These were the first fruits of a glorious harvest in Japan. Xavier found people of that part of the empire industrious, respectful to authority, and practising many natural virtues.

Polygamy had no existence among them and theft was unknown. Many of them could read. They were well disposed and desirous of learning. They listened to Francis with avidity and many were converted to the true faith. He had soon mastered the language sufficiently to publish the principal prayers and a short explanation of the Creed in Japanese, which was of great assistance to him in teaching the neophytes these prayers and the chief Christian doctrines. After evangelizing the Kingdom of Saxuma and leaving others to continue the work, Xavier visited other parts of the Empire and even sought an audience with the Emperor, but without success. However, he preached in public places of the Capital. The inhabitants were about that time preoccupied with war, and apparently paid but little attention to his words. Nevertheless he had planted seed which was afterwards to germinate. The few neophytes he baptised then became in time the nucleus of a numerous and prosperous church. It is not necessary to follow the zealous Apostle in all his journeys. Suffice it to say the princes and most of the people of three Kingdoms became Christians within a few years. In the labors of his Apostleship St. Francis Xavier had much to endure, and often times the new converts had to suffer even persecution. In the midst of his work for the conversion of the Japanese, he received news of his appointment as Provincial of the Jesuits of the Province of the Indies, and was thus obliged to return to Goa. On September 8th, 1551, he started on his return voyage taking with him two Japanese Christians, who had sacrificed their fortunes to preserve their faith. On his way he again visited the missions he had previously established, preaching to the people and encouraging the priests in their good work. While at Cochin he undertook and affected the conversion of the King of the Maldive Islands, and opened another mission there. It was also at Cochin that he met the merchant Pereyen and entered into negotiations with him for a voyage to China, the conversion of which nation he had long at heart.

As soon as possible after his arrival at Goa, Xavier selected the several superiors for the various missions and completed all necessary arrangements for the good order of the Society during his absence. He sailed from Goa 14th April, 1552, taking with him three Jesuits for the mission to China. At Malacca he met with great opposition. The Governor Alvarez refused to allow any ship to carry him to China. After wearisome waiting, seeing no probability of gaining the assistance of the Governor, who had ordered all the ships from the harbor, Francis took passage in the only ship which remained and was carried to the island of San Chan, a short distance from the Chinese shore. The Portuguese there sought by every means to dissuade him from entering China. They represented to him the rigor of the laws, the vigilance of the officers who guarded the coast, the mercantile interests of the Portuguese which were all opposed to his mission. Nothing, however, could shake his resolution of going to China to preach the Faith of Jesus Christ. At last he gained over a master of a vessel who promised to land him on the Chinese shore, and an interpreter to go with him. Xavier at this juncture fell sick of a fever. When he recovered sufficiently to undertake the journey both the master of the vessel and the interpreter refused to fulfil their promises. As a last resource he sought to obtain a place in the suite of an ambassador from the King of

again overtook him, and he felt that his death was near. The fever had returned. He was taken to the hospital ship, but the rolling of the sea so disturbed him that he asked to be put ashore. It was done, and he was left in bleak December to the pitiless mercy of the north wind. A poor man moved by compassion gave him the shelter of his hut which was open to every breeze and little better than the open shore. On Friday, Dec. 2nd, 1552, St. Francis Xavier, with his crucifix clasped to his heart and his eyes bathed in tears, died with the words of the psalmist on his lips, "In Thee, O Lord, have I hope; let me not be confounded forever."

Thus did the great Apostle of the Indies die, almost alone and in sight of the land he had hoped to gain for Christ His ten years of labor for the conversion of the infidel were ended. The faithful servant had done his work well and was called to receive the crown of justice from the hands of his Master. All the dreariness, difficulties and dangers that his imagination had pictured to him as he started out on his mission were his in reality. Well might he have said with St. Paul that he had been "in journeyings often, in perils of water, in perils of robbers, in perils from my own nation, in perils from the Gentiles, in perils in the city, in perils in the wilderness, in perils in the sea, in perils from false brethren, in labor and peacefulness, in much watchings, in hunger and thirst, in fastings often, in cold and nakedness." The missionary labors of St. Francis Xavier are acknowledged to have been the most arduous and the most fruitful of modern times. It has been computed that he travelled in his work of conversion a distance nearly equal to three times around the globe, that he preached the Gospel through a territory over 9,000 miles long, that he planted the faith of Jesus Christ in 32 different kingdoms and that he baptized more than one million persons. It is not wonderful, therefore, that his praise is in the mouths of all. His zeal, charity, humility and patience have been the admiration of all who have followed the story of his life or interested themselves in the study of missionary labors. This admiration is not confined to those of his own country or creed. Speaking of his work a Protestant historian says: "If the religion of Xavier accorded with ours we would esteem and honor him as another St. Paul. Notwithstanding this difference of religion, his zeal, his vigilance and the holiness of his life must ever encourage good men in laboring for the Lord not to do His work negligently; for the gifts which Xavier received for the discharge or his office of minister and ambassador of Jesus Christ were so eminent that my mind is incapable of fully appreciating or expressing them. If I consider the patience and the meekness with which he presented to the little and the great the life-giving waters of the Gospel, if I regard the courage with which he bore injuries and affronts, I am constrained to cry out with the Apostle, "No man can do the wonders thou has done unless God be with him."

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Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

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is just the thing for furniture, and decorative work. It gives a fine, glossy, enamel-like surface. The tints are delicate for indoor use. "Enamel Paint" is prepared ready for the brush. Any one can use it. We make paints for every purpose—each is a special kind suited to a special use.

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Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

MEN'S HATS FOR SPRING

NEW AND TASTEFUL STYLES.

Men who wish to be well dressed and who are particularly careful as to the style of hats they wear, find much to commend this season in the hats made by Christy, Lincoln, Bennett, Wilkinson, Youmans and Stetson.

THE DERBY HATS for this Spring differ from the Fall hats in the matter of brim, which is rather more flat with the full crown,

We show three different shades of brown together with a beautiful black, they are very Dressy Hats.

The true worth of our $2.50 DERBYS are greatly appreciated by a large class of patrons. "YOUMAN'S" sell at the standard price. $5.00.

THE SILK HAT is a little more bell as to crown than last season, while the brim is flat and similar in curve to the brim of the Derby.

FEDORAS are medium wide in brim with flat set curl, crown not too high.

We have hats to sell this season that are not only pleasing to the eye but also very durable.

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FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.
No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage.
Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly-fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

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I keep a full stock of Spectacles and Eye-glasses. Gold and Silver, Nickel and Steel Frames in excellent variety.
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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 86. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

JUST SCAN THIS LIST

And Pick Out Your Favorites for Royal Honors.

This Country Will Surely Have an Aristocracy of Its Own if the Program Goes Through—There Will be Peers and Knights and C. B.'s in All the Leading Cities—Money Spent on Public Works—Lumbermen Pass Resolutions on the Tariff—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 11.—(Special.)—The minds of men are just now reverting to the coming distribution of honors in connection with Her Majesty's jubilee. A gentleman who is well qualified to know says that Canadian recipients will be found included in the following list: Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Donald Smith, Hon. R. W. Scott, William Mulock, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon. C. A. Pelletier, Hon. J. D. Edgar, Hon. A. S. Hardy, Hon. J. M. Gibson, Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, Hon. William Macdougall, Major-General Gascoigne, Hon. Mr. Flynn, Lieut.-Gen. Montgomery Moore, Premier Turner of British Columbia, Senator Miller, Hon. Mr. Murray, Hon. F. Peters, Senator Masson, Chancellor Boyd, Hon. A. R. Angers, Hon. Thomas Greenway, Sandford Fleming, Dr. Bourinot, Principal Grant, Col. Smythe (late 100th Regiment), Lieut.-Col. Denison, Toronto; Dr. Craik, Montreal; Lieut. Marchand, St. Johns, Que.; Hon. James Mitchell, John S. Willison, Toronto Globe; Hugh Graham, Montreal Star; W. C. McDonald, Montreal; J. Lorne McDougall, Auditor-General; Mr. Justice Routhier, Quebec; Chief Justice Taylor, Winnipeg; Dr. William Kingsford, the distinguished historian; Mayor Samuel Bingham, Ottawa; Mayor Wilson-Smith, Montreal; Mayor R. J. Fleming, Toronto.

It is stated that the Premier has already had the offer of a knighthood, but has so far declined to accept it. A direct command from Her Majesty, however, next June, to kneel, and the simple tap on the shoulder with the magic words, "Rise, Sir Wilfrid," will be an effective way of overcoming any scruples he may have.

The general impression here is that Mr. Laurier, with other distinguished colonial statesmen, will be sworn of Her Majesty's Privy Council. Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Donald Smith will, in all probability, be elevater to the peerage. In such an event Sir Charles would necessarily retire from public life in Canada and the Opposition would have to select a new leader.

Only one Toronto corps is affected by this week's militia general orders. Second Lieutenant H. C. Bickford, having been appointed to Her Majesty's Imperial service, is stricken off the strength of the Governor General's Bodyguard. Second Lieutenants D'Alton Lally McCarthy and Frederick Cunningham Denison are promoted to be lieutenants; to be second lieutenants, provisionally: Herbert Hale Williams, James Harold Elmsley, Matthew Crooks Cameron and Ernest Alanson Button.

Hon. Mr. Davies received a telegram yesterday, stating that the 1000 ton English steamship Assaye, which was wrecked on Blonde Rock, near the entrance to the Bay of Fundy, last Monday, was being robbed and dismantled by pirates. The Minister has ordered the Government cutter Kingfisher to proceed to the scene at once and render whatever assistance is necessary.

The total amounts expended in public works last year, covered by the report, have been as follows: Harbors, rivers, bridges, etc., $656,000; public buildings, $735,757; telegraphs, $66,437; miscellaneous, including salaries, etc., $125,204; total $1,583,400. A falling off in revenue has been noticeable, especially in two branches, viz., the graving docks and the telegraphs, the docks in 1892-93 having given the high income of $43,007, while from the same source the department only received in 1895-96 the sum of $23,011. The income from the telegraphs has gradually decreased from $10,229 in 1892 to $7430 in 1896.

The works of construction and repairs under the heading of harbors and rivers have extended over one hundred points in the Dominion, operations having been carried on at 24 places in Nova Scotia, 7 in New Brunswick, 16 in Prince Edward Island, 31 in Quebec, 15 in Ontario, 1 in Manitoba and 6 in British Columbia. One hundred and twenty surveys were made throughout the year.

In Ontario dredging was performed at 19 points by five departmental dredges and two hired dredges. The five vessels owned by the department were the Challenge, Ontario, Nipissing, Queen and No. 9. The latter, working on the Kaministiquia River, at Fort William, performed its work at the cheapest rate known for some years in the department, the average cost per cubic yard having only amounted to 3 1-3 cents. The averages of the others are: Challenge, 14 1-3 cents; Ontario, 28 1-3 cents; Nipissing, 17 cents, and Queen, 14 cents. The total number of yards removed by the whole fleet during the year was 1,079,754 cubic yards.

Additions to the National Art Gallery during the last fiscal year consisted of two oil paintings, viz., Death of Nelson, by George Philip Reinagle, R. A., and The Photographer, by F. Brownell, R. C. A. The former was purchased by the Government. The latter was a diploma picture, the gift of the Royal Canadian Academy.

After a long discussion on Friday a representative meeting of Ottawa lumbermen adopted the following resolutions, on motion of Mr. J. R. Booth, and seconded by Mr. L. Crannell: "At a meeting of the lumber and timber trade of the Ottawa Valley it was unanimously agreed that the Government should take power from the House to protect the sawn lumber and pulp interests of Canada against the serious discrimination threatening it, as contemplated under the Dingley bill."

An informal meeting of the Executive Committees of the two local Conservative Associations has been held, and satisfactory progress made towards healing the differences that have existed in the past. Another meeting is to take place at an early day, when the probabilities are all in favor of only one annual meeting for the election of officers being held. David McLaren, the well-known lumberman, is spoken of for the presidency.

A dull week in Parliamentary circles is in prospect. To-morrow is private members' day; on Tuesday the discussion on the franchise bill will be continued; on Wednesday private members will have another fling, and then comes the Easter adjournment. Nearly every Nova Scotia member on both sides has gone home to take a hand in the local fight. Polling takes place on the 20th, the day the Commons resumes work.

The Government's call for tenders for dredging Stewart River, a tributary of the Yukon, for gold, is the outcome of an application just made to the Interior Department for a lease for a term of years of 100 continuous miles of that waterway. The applicant has a patent dredge, which it is said does wonderful work in lifting gold, and he proposes, if he secures a lease, to place one on this stream for placer mining purposes.

Mayor Bentley of Lethbridge is here to seek the co-operation of the Government to compel the Canadian Pacific to build their Crow's Nest line through Lethbridge. It appears the company, to avoid construction of certain expensive bridges over rivers, propose to strike west from a point on the Dunmore branch, thirty miles from Lethbridge. Mr. Bentley says that rather than that the town should be thrown down the municipal council would be willing to make a liberal contribution. The Mayor is also protesting to the Government against a decrease in the Mounted Police force.

Hugh Sutherland, President of the Winnipeg Great Northern Railway, is greatly disappointed that only a 90-ton vessel has been chosen for the Hudson Bay expedition. He would like to see a test made of ice navigation in the Straits with a steel vessel of about 2000 tons, which would likely be put on the route. The Diana, the vessel chosen by Mr. Davies, was spoken last week off the coast of Newfoundland homeward bound with 2000 seals on board.

Sir Richard Cartwright was asked yesterday if any definite announcement could be made regarding the fast Atlantic service, but gave a negative reply.

A number of Ottawa capitalists are seeking incorporation as the Canadian Yukon Prospecting and Mining Company, with a capital of $20,000.

The Indian famine fund contributions are still coming in to the Department of Finance and now total $155,000. The fund is to be closed next Thursday, and Treasurer Courtney is anxious for prompt remittances.

The French Committee of the Separate School Board have received a letter from the superior of the Christian Brothers' community stating that it would be impossible to send a staff of Christian Brothers to Ottawa, as requested by the board.

Archbishop Duhamel has returned from Montreal, where he attended the meeting of the archbishops with regard to the settlement of the Manitoba schools question. His Grace states that the meeting was a strictly private one, and the business will not be made known to the clergy, much less to the public.

MONUMENT TO ALEX. MACKENZIE.

Mr. Laurier Has Promised to Put a Sum in the Estimates for That Object.

Montreal, April 11.—(Special.)—A monument to perpetuate the memory of Hon. Alex Mackenzie will soon be erected on Parliament Hill in the capital city of the Dominion, and to Mr. Robert Bickerdike is due the credit of securing the present Prime Minister's assurance that a sum will be placed in the estimates during the present session to enable Parliament to do honor to Canada's second Premier.

A monument to Alex Mackenzie similar to those already erected to Cartier and Macdonald has been for a number of years Mr. Bickerdike's fondest dream, and the present Government had scarcely taken the oath of office when the matter was brought seriously to their attention.

As usual delays occurred, but Mr. Bickerdike did not allow the patriotic scheme to rest, and day before yesterday Premier Laurier informed Alexander Mackenzie's Montreal admirer that all the difficulties had been overcome and that a sufficient sum of money would be voted before the end of the present session to provide for the cost of the memorial pile in question. It is also understood that leading members of the Opposition have assured Mr. Bickerdike that a vote for a monument to Mackenzie would receive the Conservative party's hearty support.

In Skeleton.

"Here's an account of the discovery of the skeleton of an immense serpent, supposed to be prehistoric. Marvelous, isn't it?"

"Oh, I don't know. There's lots of whisky these days that hasn't much body to it."—Detroit Journal.

THE WAR EXCITEMENT

The Latest News From Greece Is Very Serious.

Mr. Balfour Has Rather Bested Sir Wm. Harcourt in the House of Commons in Regard to Britain's Position on the Eastern Question—Employers' Liability Bill—South African Shares at a Standstill—Cable Gossip.

New York, April 11.—Mr. Ford wires The Tribune from London:

The news from Greece at midnight is more serious than appeared this morning. The force of irregulars engaged in the frontier raid was much larger than was at first represented, and its advance has lighted up the war excitement in Athens, and it may be most difficult to prevent an outbreak of hostilities. It is not unlikely that the raid has been connived at or secretly encouraged by the regular troops, and that a military campaign may be fought after all the diplomacy and vacillation. Mr. Balfour has succeeded in placing Sir William Harcourt on the defensive and in forcing him to decline to raise a debate on the motion of censure. The Liberals were not united, and Sir William Harcourt was too wary to risk a division on any question of foreign policy. A motion may be made on Monday to adjourn the House in order to force a discussion of the Greek question prematurely, but probably the members will leave London for the Easter holidays without any final struggle in the party welfare. Mr. Balfour's prestige has been increased by the shrewdness and ability with which he kept the House in hand during the session. As a tactician he has shown himself Sir William Harcourt's equal; as a disciplinarian for an unmanageable majority, he has been alike firm and flexible.

HAS WAR BROKEN OUT?

The Decisions and Indecisions of the Powers in Regard to Greece.

New York, April 11.—Harold Frederic in his weekly cable letter to The Times comments as follows:

During the week much has been written and telegraphed to the newspapers about the decisions and indecisions of the powers as regards that famous blockade of the Gulf of Athens, but really the subject was hardly worth talking about. Even the admirals of the fleet in Cretan waters no longer preserve the pretence of acting in concert, but the vessels of the various nations shell the insurgents or send their officers ashore to lunch with them as the whim of the hour dictates.

As for the larger concert of the powers, that ceased to exist for any but stage purposes some weeks ago, as explained in these despatches at the time, and it now possesses not even a histrionic value. It would serve no useful purpose to try to summarise the gossip as to the responsibility for this deadlock, if only because at best it is nothing better than gossip. It certainly seems for the moment as if the Russo-German connection had been broken off, or at least was no longer effective, and that Europe was reverting again to its earlier and normal division of forces, with the triple alliance on one side and the dual compact on the other, and England sailing about on the outside in that position of splendid isolation which was the pride of Mr. Goschen's heart a year ago.

Fighting All Day.

Retimo, April 10, 6 p.m.—Desultory fighting occurred all day to-day in the environs of Candia.

Turks Were the Aggressors.

Athens, April 10, 8 p.m.—Anent the firing going on between the Greeks and Turkish on the frontier posts, it is explained here that the Greek posts were obliged to reply to the fire of the Turks, who, when the insurgents crossed the frontier, attacked both the insurgents and the posts.

The Greek Government is still preparing its reply to the note of the powers delivered April 4, announcing that in case of an armed conflict on the Greco-Turkish frontier all responsibility will rest with the aggressors, and adding that the latter will not be allowed to reap the slightest benefit from their action.

Insurgents Captured Baltino.

Athens, April 10, midnight.—A report has been received from Larissa to the effect that the insurgents have occupied Baltino, besieging 800 Turks in the barracks. They have already sent nine Turkish prisoners to Kalambaka. The Government has despatched stringent orders to the frontier with a view to preventing further conflict between the regular troops. It is said that the Grecian Government had no knowledge of the projected invasion, the responsibility for the firing resting with the Turks. The situation is extremely critical. Fighting between the insurgents and the Turks continues. The Minister of War is constantly exchanging communications with the Crown Prince.

8000 Troops on the Way.

London, April 11.—A despatch to The Observer from Athens says that eight thousand troops have just started for the frontier. Official news has been received of outrages committed on the Greeks of Smyrna by sailors connected with the French warships. No blockade has been declared as yet, according

Continued on Page 7.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Timber Limits

In the Townships of Cavendish, Anstruther and Harvey, known as

"The Scott Limits"

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Memorandum of Agreement, dated the 15th day of September, 1893, made between The Dickson Company of Peterborough (Limited) and J. W. Howry and Sons, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Oriental Hotel, in the Town of Peterborough, on

Thursday, the 15th day of April, 1897

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, those valuable Timber Berths or Limits, commonly known as "The Scott Limits," situate in the Townships of Anstruther, Cavendish and Harvey, in the County of Peterborough, and Province of Ontario, particularly described as follows:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF ANSTRUTHER:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 4 inclusive, and 12 to 17 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 6 inclusive, and 14 to 17 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 9 inclusive and 12, 13, 16, 17.
do 5, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, except 13 and 14
do 6, Lots 1 to 13 inclusive and 16.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive.

Containing in all 28,300 acres, equal to 44¼ square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF CAVENDISH:

Concession 1, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 2, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 3, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive.
do 4, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive
do 5, Lots 1 to 30 inclusive, and Islands Nos. 2, 3 4.
do 6 Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 7, Lots 1 to 17 inclusive, 18, Island Lot 19. I land No. 1, and Lots 22 to 29 inclusive.
do 8, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 9, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 10, Lots 1 to 29 inclusive.
do 11, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 12, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 13, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 14, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 15, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 16, Lots 16 to 29 inclusive.
do 17, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.
do 18, Lots 15 to 29 inclusive.

Containing 39,900 acres, equal to 62 square miles, more or less.

TOWNSHIP OF HARVEY:

Concession 7, Lots 15, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28.
do 8, Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
do 9, Lots 25, 26, 28.

Containing 4,160 acres, equal to 6½ square miles, more or less.

Also the following Patented lands in the said Township of

HARVEY:

Lot 15, Concession 8 and Lot 15, Concession

All the foregoing Timber Berths are under License from the Department of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario and are subject to an annual ground rent of $3.00 per square mile and to the Crown Timber Regulations relating to timber dues, locations etc. They are well timbered, principally with White Pine, besides Cedar, Hemlock and other woods. They are well watered for the driving of logs, the streams which are well improved with dams, slides etc., being tributary to the Mississaga River. The extreme distance from these limits to the town of Peterborough is about 30 miles.

The whole property described will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to the right of the vendors to buy same in.

TERMS.—Five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Vendors at the time of sale, a further payment of twenty per cent. in one month thereafter and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum secured upon the property in manner appropriate to its peculiar nature.

The other terms and conditions will be such as are usual upon sales under the power contained in a mortgage and will be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendors' Solicitor.

For further information application may be made to

MESSRS. BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto Building, Toronto, MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH & CASSELS, Solicitors, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto and to the undersigned.

Dated at Peterborough March 3rd, 1897.

A. P. POUSSETTE,
379 Water Street Peterborough,
Solicitor for the Vendors, the Dickson Company, of Peterborough, (Limited.)

This advertisement is published by leave of His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Peterborough.

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER

Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Lost or Found.

FOUND.

A LADY'S FUR BOA. Owner can obtain it by applying at Review Office. 3d86

LOST.

ON SATURDAY, on the Market Stairs, A LADY'S SEALETTE GAUNTLET. Finder will confer a favour by leaving same at Review Business Office. 1d

Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT.

OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X. REVIEW office. d66tf

Wanted, Help.

RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d50-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.

TWO STOREY BRICK HOUSE NO. 494 Water St., Peterborough, Apply on the premises. 6d86

FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 80eod

WOOD FOR SALE.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity. Long or Short.

HARDWOOD Long or Short. from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.

TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.

Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone ERNEST MANN,
Telephone 893. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.

Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lindsay & Might

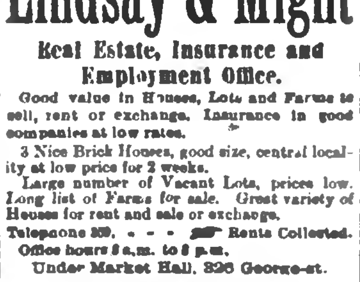
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.

Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.

Telephone 359. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.



VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
12 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. 31m w

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 125 Charlotte-st.

Probabilities.

Fresh to strong easterly winds; fair; stationary or a little higher temperature.

R. F.

1897 STYLES

OUR
NEW SPRING STYLES

CARPETS

Were never so handsome so reasonable in price.

ROBERT FAIR

IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION.
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

"Gem," "Unitas," "Richelieu," "Perfect," (Patent) and "Sun" Closets

and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.

All work of this class promptly executed. Closets yards etc. cleaned and good order. ALFRED one-st. Orders may be Hotel.

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12 50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50

DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90

Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00

Men's Fawn and Gray Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00

Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50

Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00

Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tags to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard wear, and the pants are double seated 6 00

Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacque and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, guaranteed for..... 8 50

Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favorite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95

Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00

Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50

Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40

Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50

Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75

Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50

All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50

Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50

Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50

Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and Lemington shades $2 00

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50

Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl, brown, slate and mouse shades..... 1 50

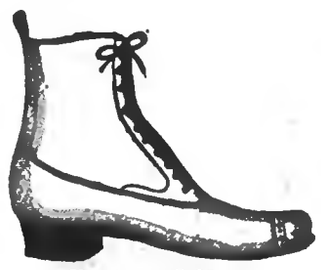
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75

Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50

Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.

We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00

Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00

Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00

Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly ties..... 1 60

Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50

Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40

Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25

Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25

Dongola Kid Buttoned 85

Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50

Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75

Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85

Boys' Sweaters 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH.

EDWIN ELCOME,

TAXIDERMIST

and Dealer in Deer, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.

Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.

BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY

FOR THE CARE OF

Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.

Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.

Children for adoption.

Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

OFFICE . . . . . Town Building

FRICE W. HELLIER,
Agent and Asst.-Sec

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED

SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Horrors of Dyspepsia

Sour Stomach, Heart Palpitation, Nervous, Sleepless

Now Able to Do All the Housework —What Cured Her.

The excellent qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a stomach tonic and appetizer enable it to relieve and cure dyspepsia even when cure seems hopeless. Read Mrs. Willett's letters:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

Letter No. 1

"Gentlemen:—I have been sick for about six years with dyspepsia with all its horrible nightmares, such as sour stomach, flatulency, palpitation of the heart, insomnia, etc., and all that time I have tried almost every known remedy and the best doctors in the state, but nothing did me any good. I was very

Weak and Nervous.

About five months ago I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using five bottles I am able to do all my housework and feel better than I have in several years. Also, my husband had pneumonia last winter and his blood got very bad; he had rheumatism and could scarcely walk. He commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time he was better in every way, his rheumatism has left him and is in better health than for a long time." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Still Praising Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

Letter No. 2

"Dear Sirs:—I am still praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for the great benefit both myself and husband derived from its use and I do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine we have ever used in our family." MRS. W. J. WILLETT, Mt. Holly, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25c.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897

THE author of "The Evidences of Christianity" and "The Wicked Partner" are not the same men as Premier of Ontario. Sir Oliver would not be defeated on a Government bill in committee.

IT is reported that owing to the lack of harmony on the question of tariff Sir Richard Cartwright will resign. That a protective tariff is obnoxious to Sir Richard is proven beyond a shadow of a doubt by the evidence presented by his speeches on record in Hansard, but Sir Richard has not been working for office for eighteen years to resign after being in a Liberal Cabinet for only nine months. He will swallow the pill, bitter though it may be, before he will drop the prize for which he ran such a long race.

MR. HARDY and his Government were defeated in committee on a clause of the liquor license bill, the division being 59 to 26. Mr. Hardy did not resign, but preferred waiting for his defeat at the hands of the people when he goes to the country probably early next year. This defeat is the forerunner of the defeat at the polls. The Opposition under Mr. Whitney have made a strong and effective fight during the session of the Legislature, while Mr. Hardy has shown very conclusively that he is not the master-hand in controlling his supporters that Sir Oliver Mowat was. Mr. Hardy is not Sir Oliver by any means. His supporters know this and they fear the approach of a provincial election. The people realize that it is time for a change.

IT is said that the delay in bringing down the tariff bill is largely caused by the difficulty that is being experienced in harmonizing the different views represented in the Cabinet. The Ministers in such a case are suffering as badly as the country. The Government is being deservedly criticised for the delay that keeps an anxious business public in suspense to the stagnation of industrial interests. Nine months in office and not ready to give the public their tariff, notwithstanding that the leading manufacturers and business men of the country were consulted in an effort to find a policy for them. Surely this Ministry of business men, as Mr. Laurier called it, should be able to make a better record than this.

MR. Foster is proving himself a giant in debate in Parliament. Always a strong man in the House, he is making things exceedingly interesting for the Government. Attempts on the part of the Ministers to disturb the ex-Minister of Finance are met by him with a readiness that discomforts the interrupter and makes Mr. Foster appear to even better advantage. Mr. Foster is a keen-witted business man, a powerful speaker, thoroughly conversant with the requirements of the country and the records of the parties in Parliament, and he stands out in strong relief in a comparison with the Ministers who, though they may be able men, are in the majority of cases new men in federal affairs and are constantly making random statements which they are forced to correct in the next breath.

THE young Mr. McInnes, of British Columbia, and the Globe, both Liberal in politics, are having an interesting time. The one charges the other with being a political weather-cock, a nickle-in-the-slot organ which is being influenced in its advocacy of Crow's Nest Pass railway by the C P R and interested members of its directorate; while the Globe calls Mr. McInnes a slanderer, a liar and a coward. Here's work for Mr. Laurier's sunny smiles. The Toronto News thinks that Mr. McInnes should now make his charges the subject of investigation, either by making them outside and giving the Globe the opportunity it says it wants to prove him a slanderer, or by a parliamentary investigation. Let the investigation be held by all means. It will settle this question which was raised and pretty strongly presented by the Toronto World. If the Globe is looking for an opportunity to vindicate its reputation, let it deal with the charges which were publicly made along the same lines before Parliament opened.

"IF WE WOULD."

If we would but check the speaker,
When he spoils his neighbor's fame;
If we would but help the erring,
Ere we utter words of blame;
If we could, how many might we
Turn from paths of sin and shame.

Ah, the wrongs that might be righted,
If we would but see the way!
Ah, the pain that might be lightened,
Every hour and every day.
If we would but hear the pleadings
Of the hearts that go astray!

Let us step outside the stronghold
Of our selfishness and pride;
Let us lift our fainting brothers;
Let us strengthen ere we chide;
Let us, ere we blame the fallen,
Hold a light to cheer and guide.

Ah, how blessed—ah, how blessed
Earth would be, if we'd but try
Thus to aid and right the weaker
Thus to check each brother's sigh;
Thus to talk of duty's pathway
To our better life on high.

In each life, however lowly,
There are seeds of mighty good;
Still, we shrink from soul's appealing,
With a shield. "If we could!"
But the God who judgeth all things
Knows the truth is—"If we would."

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills"

HOTBEDS.

Concerning Their Care, Preparation and Evident Advantages.

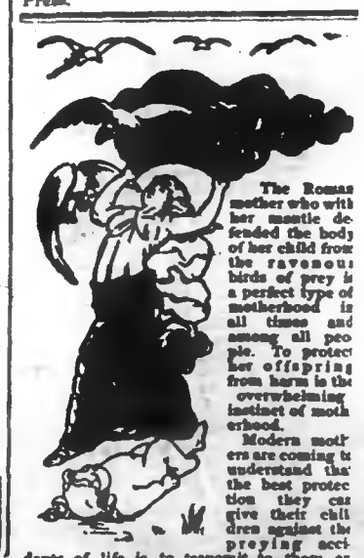
This is the season when everybody who delights in vegetable growing for the sake of supplying one's own table with early lettuce and radishes should give attention to the preparation and care of a hotbed. The market gardeners need no instruction on this point. They have learned the value of beginning early in the season, and spare no pains to be in advance of their competitors in the markets. There are many farmers and owners of city and village lots, however, who find the care and attention given to a small hotbed a real pleasure, while it contributes in due season a daily supply of palatable and healthful luxuries. Then, too, with a little instruction it may be a healthful object lesson to the younger members of the family, enforcing the need of promptness in care to avoid the extremes of temperature, and in many ways helping to develop a taste for gardening and kindred pursuits. I recall my own boyhood experiences in this connection. In the little village in central New York, where my early years were spent, the Presbyterian minister had the only hotbed in the vicinity. He was, for those days, an enthusiastic gardener, and it was one of my red-letter days when "Priest Tracy," as he was called, used to invite me to look at the frames full of vegetable growth while the snow lingered and explain to me the various steps of procedure that brought such wonderful results. The influence of those early lessons had much to do with developing my love for gardening, and I remember the benignent teacher with profound gratitude. Children must have something to do. Interest them in some of the finer details of gardening and horticulture as a most helful means of keeping from the vices of the street.

I fancy there are a good many people who are deterred from making a hotbed by an erroneous impression as to its cost. This need be but a trifle aside from the sash and glass, and they are cheap in these days if bought new. Often they can be picked up when in repairing windows have been changed for a trifle. First determine the size of the frame. Three by five feet is a convenient size. If one is going to order new sash this is the size usually made. With old sash the frame must be made of corresponding size. The frame may be made of plank or inch boards. The back board about twenty inches high, one-half greater elevation that the front, which should be twelve or fourteen inches. This will give the proper slope to carry of the rains. The frame should be well fitted to the sash, so as to make it as close as is possible and still permit the sash to slide up and down whenever it is necessary to move them. If new sash are ordered they should be made like skylight sash with glass not less than 10x14 laid with not more than one quarter inch lap.

Fresh horse manure is the best heating material that is easily secured. It is all the better for having a good mixture of leaves or straw. It should be forked up in a compact pile, and if dry watered. After a few days fork it over again, and allow it to heat a second time. The object of this frequent turning is to secure a uniform degree of fermentation. In a few days after the second turning it will be ready to use.

The making of the bed requires careful attention. A dry location should be selected, and one never flooded by rain. Excavate a pit one or two feet deep and one foot longer and broader than the frame. Sometimes straw, coarse manure or corn stalks are put in the bottom for drainage and on this place the fermenting manure and tramp it down to a depth of twenty or more inches. It is then ready for the box and sash. The box should be banked up with warm manure on the outside all around. Place on top of the manure three or four inches of the richest and most finely pulverized soil that can be secured. Cover the sash with mats or blankets. In a day or two the temperature should rise to 120 degrees. When the temperature has fallen to 90 degrees stir the soil thoroughly to kill the weeds that have sprouted and sow the seed. We usually sow Grand Rapids lettuce, early scarlet erfurt and early deep scarlet olive radishes. These we have found good varieties for forcing. Cover the sash every night to prevent freezing and air in the middle of the day, if needed, for a few minutes, never allowing the temperature to fall below 70 degrees, or rise above 90 degrees, air and moisture are all required to produce strong, healthy plants. Water every evening as a rule. A thermometer is indispensible in the care of a hotbed, especially to a beginner. It will not do to guess at temperatures and expect to succeed. A very good one can be bought for from 25 to 40 cents. It is not well to remove the mats before 9 o'clock in the morning unless the weather is quite moderate and they should be replaced before sundown. Give the plants all the sunlight possible. No strong, stocky plants without plenty of sunshine. The mats are to keep out the cold not the sunlight, and it requires watchfulness to see that one is not neglected at the expense of the other. We depend on the manure for bottom heat—the sun warms the top, and we must see that the proper amount of water and air are given when needed. Seeds are usually sown in rows three inches apart. It is not well to crowd the plants so closely that they grow weak and spindling. One strong, well developed plant will be worth a dozen spindling ones. While not absolutely necessary it is a material aid in securing good results, to have the hotbed prottected from the wind by a building or a high, tight board fence to the north and west of it. Straw mats make the cheapest and warmest covering and are almost indispensible in properly caring for the hotbed. They can easily be made by the boys of the family, and will last for a number of years with good care.

They are made of rye straw most easily, because of its length; but when we have not had it we have used wheat straw and marsh hay for the same purpose. They should be made long enough to lap over top and bottom of frame some six or eight inches, to protect from wind. Take five strands of strong twine (tarred is the best), stretch these on nails driven into a floor. These nails should be placed in two parallel rows, five feet apart and ten inches apart in the row. After stretching strands, begin at the bottom and lay in small handfuls of straw and secure these to the strands fastened to the nails, by passing a strand over the straw and under a strand on the floor, and so continue until the mat is complete. Care should be taken to place the same amount of straw in each roll as the weaving proceeds, that it may be of uniform thickness. Early Jersey Wakefield cabbage, early snowball cauliflower, improved large purple egg plant, and ruby king pepper we have found very satisfactory. Stir the soil frequently between the rows. Transplanting will make the plants stocky. Study to keep a uniform degree of heat and moisture in the bed. Start a hotbed and see how much good will come from it at a very slight cost. —Samuel Johnson, in Detroit Free Press.



The Roman mother who with her mantle defended the body of her child from the ravenous birds of prey is a perfect type of motherhood in all times and among all people. To protect her offspring from harm is the overwhelming instinct of motherhood.

Modern mothers are coming to understand that the best protection they can give their children against the preying accidents of life is to transmit to them an abundance of natural health and hardihood. But a mother cannot confer health and strength upon her offspring unless she has it in some measure herself.

Prospective mothers should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, which gives perfect health and strength to the special organs concerned in motherhood.

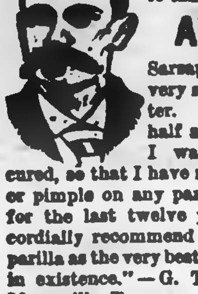
Taken early during the expectant time, it makes the coming of baby entirely safe and nearly painless. It insures cheerfulness and recuperative energy to the mother and constitutional vigor to the child.

It is the only perfect and positive specific for all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. E. Forgey, of Cairns, Keyapaha Co., Neb., writes: "I write to you again concerning my daughter, Mrs. D. Malaga. She has taken two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' She thinks the medicine did her a world of good. She was confined the 19th of February. Was sick but a short time and has a healthy daughter. Got along nicely afterward. Looks good, complexion looks clear, and she says she never felt so well.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

CAPITAL STOCK	$[illegible]000
SUBSCRIBED	$44,000
PAID STOCK	$12,900

ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES.

The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.

Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to

R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

The Daily Review

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope......Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay..........Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East........Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave........................8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive........................8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.......8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

OAK HALL.

House Cleaning Time

is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg' furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

—The Bobcaygeon Independent states that Mr. Varcoe is busy preparing the steamer Maple Leaf and is giving it an overhauling that is practically re-building. The model has been slightly changed in replacing the ribs, and the entire hull has been re-planked. The engine frame has been strengthened and enlarged so as to lessen the vibration, and the deck has been lowered. Mr. Varcoe is sparing no pains to put the boat in thorough repair and meet the comfort of his passengers.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LAST DAY'S BUSINESS

The Ontario House Will Prorogue on Tuesday.

The Question of Sunday Cars Under Discussion—Rushing Through the Mining Bill—Mister Conmee Raises Many Objections and is Called Down by the Premier—Cheers for Speaker Evanturel—Mr. Hardy is No Singer—He Can't Sing Even "He's a Daisy."

Toronto, April 12.

The business of the Legislature was finished on Saturday, and the formal prorogation will take place on Tuesday at 2 p.m. The all-important business of the final day was the discussion of the mining bill. The most significant feature of this discussion was the determined opposition of the two Government members who represent the mining districts, Messrs. Conmee and Farwell, both of whom went so far as to twice record their votes against their leaders.

Mr. Whitney took advantage of the opportunity before the orders of the day were called to remind the Attorney-General of his defeat on the license clause in the early hours of the morning. He thought Mr. Hardy should take some action because of his defeat. It was due to the people of the province that something should be done.

The Attorney-General could, he said, cite fifty cases where a Government did not resign to one similar case which could be given in which they had resigned. He then accused the Conservative members who had supported the Government on the clause with being stool-pigeons and with being used in a "draw the badger game."

Mr. Marter warmly resented the Premier's insinuations. He was so far from being actuated by political motives that he could point out twenty members of the House whom he had personally canvassed to support the Government.

Mr. Crawford was another of the unfortunate Conservatives who came under the category of those accused by the leader of the Government of being "used." He was not used, but had taken the course he did because he was pledged to support anything he believed to be in the interest of temperance.

The matter then dropped.

The Attorney-General moved the statute amendments bill back into committee to have the House add a section in reference to the Sunday observance of street railways. He told how the Lord's Day deputation had asked that the Lord's Day Act be made to apply to corporations as well as to persons, and had also wanted a fixed definition of the word "traveler." Under the present Act street railway companies might institute a system of Sunday street cars which, said he, was not desired by our people. It was not proposed to interfere with the charter of the Toronto Street Railway, nor was it intended to hinder the Sunday service of Hamilton and Windsor. The bill proposed, however, to prevent the running of Sunday cars in any other cities excepting Toronto, where cars were not now running on Sunday.

A standing vote was taken and the clause carried, the leaders of both parties supporting it.

Then the House grew generous to itself. The Attorney-General proposed the addition of another section to the statutes to permit members to absent themselves six days during the session without forfeiting any part of their indemnity.

When the bill involving the resolutions regarding Government House had passed the committee and come up for a third reading, Mr. Haycock moved that all words after "that" in the bill be struck out and replaced by words to the effect that the maintenance of Government House was detrimental to the interests of the province.

Frontenac's astute member was a little dismayed when the Speaker pointed out that the word, "that" did not appear in the bill, and, therefore, ruled his amendment out of order.

The junior Opposition leader then wished to add the amending words after the preamble, but the Speaker ruled this motion out of order because the seconder was not present in the House when it was moved.

The bill passed.

In the afternoon the principal and all-important business was the discussion of the mining amendments bill.

The measure was first taken up in committee of the House and no objections were made until section 3 was reached. This section allowed prospectors to take up any claim which was not less than 15 miles from the nearest known mine, lode, vein or mineral deposit.

Mr. Conmee considered that 15 miles was too great a margin, and suggested that five miles be the limit. The Commissioner of Crown Lands compromised on 10 miles and the clause passed in that shape.

Section 5, which empowered the Commissioner of Crown Lands to withhold timber lands from exploration, also met with Mr. Conmee's opposition. He wanted all unclaimed property to be open for exploration.

Col. Gibson was inexorable and the clause passed.

Section 7 was the next one which met with an objection from the member for West Algoma. Sub-section 3 limited the size of a claim for which application could be made by one person to 320 acres, and by a corporation to 640 acres, within a radius of 25 miles. Here Mr. Conmee protested against the size of the radius. He held that five miles was again a large enough margin. He moved to make it read five miles, but it finally read 15 miles.

Coming to sub-section 4 of the same section, Mr. Conmee again protested. The sub-section provided that, in case of application for mining lands made previous to the commencement of the Act, and not disposed of by the Commissioner, the provisions of the section should apply. Mr. Conmee moved an amendment to add to the clause a rider, which would make it not apply to timber lands.

Hon. Mr. Gibson insinuated that Mr. Conmee was trying to blanket a little mining territory under the guise of buying timber lands.

The object of the clause was to destroy the value of applications which had been on file in the Crown Lands Department for years, but which were never heard of until the claim applied for had been discovered by some poor prospector to be rich.

Mr. Conmee resented the imputation cast upon him and explained that his opposition to the bill was caused from the fact that it centred too much power in the Commissioner of Crown Lands, who might not always be worthy of the confidence.

Section 7, however, passed.

When section 8 came up for consideration Mr. Conmee was about to object again, when the Attorney-General arose and proceeded to call him down for delaying the passing of the bill in the closing hours of the session.

Mr. Conmee was driven to bay. He reminded the Attorney-General that it was not his fault that the bill had been brought down so late in the session. He appeared to be alone in his opposition—[Mr. Whitney: No, no, you're not]—but he had a right to speak his opinion and was not bound to accept the bill.

The member for Algoma West sat down, however, and did not offer a protest to the passing of the remaining 19 sections of the measure in committee. The remaining sections carried.

Hon. Mr. Gibson then moved the third reading of the bill.

Mr. Whitney, who had up till now been silent, arose and moved in amendment that the House go back into committee, with instructions to amend sub-section 2, section 7, to allow applicants for locations 60 days to pay one-quarter of the purchase price instead of 30 days to pay one-half the price, and also to allow him three months to pay the remaining three-quarters of the price instead of 60 days to pay the remaining half; also to make the time 30 days instead of 20 for completing all requirements in the purchase of locations in surveyed townships.

Hon. Mr. Gibson promised to consider the matter in committee if Mr. Whitney would withdraw his amendment. The latter complied, the matter was taken up in committee and the proposed amendments adopted.

Before the bill was read a third time, however, Mr. Whitney again moved an amendment to go back into committee, with instructions to strike out section 8. This section provided for the withdrawal from sale of such parts or sections as were shown or reported to be rich in ores or minerals, and for the setting apart of such lands in order that a higher price might be asked for them by the department.

This motion gave Mr. Conmee the opportunity to say a few words, which he said he should perhaps in justice to himself have given utterance to earlier in the session. It was this: It had been insinuated in certain newspapers that he was connected with the Col. Engledue syndicate. He desired to say in his place in the House that he was not connected directly or indirectly in any way with the Engledue syndicate, and that he knew nothing at all about the syndicate or its dealings with the Government until the matter had appeared in the newspapers. Then he made an effort to square himself with the Government by referring in flattering terms to the manner in which they had contributed to mining development. He commended the idea of the mining school and also of helping the prospectors by means of the diamond drill. He desired the Government to purchase another drill and put it into operation.

His chief objection to the Government bill was that it withdrew so much land from exploration and left it in the control of the department.

Mr. Whitney's amendment was put, after a proposed amendment to the amendment by Mr. Conmee had been ruled out of order, and was lost on a vote of 40 to 15. Messrs. Conmee, Farwell and Loughrin opposed the Government, and a voice from the Opposition was heard to exclaim, "That settles three of them."

Mr. Conmee, twice squelched, was up again. He also moved in amendment to the motion for a third reading that section 3 be struck out, as well as the part of sub-section 3, section 7, which left it in the discretion of the Commissioner of Crown Lands to further limit the amount of such territory as was known to be rich in minerals and for which application could be made to 40 acres.

This amendment was lost on the same division as the last.

The bill got its third reading.

A long and heated debate followed on the bill to enable Edward Spencer Jenison to develop and improve a water privilege on the Kaministiquia River. Mr. Farwell of East Algoma opposed the bill and Mr. Conmee, in an equally spirited address, supported it. Mr. Whitney backed Mr. Conmee and the Attorney-General supported Mr. Farwell's view. The bill was finally compromised by amendments and carried.

The City of Toronto bill was then passed with an amendment empowering the city to extend the street railway tracks to the water's edge.

A very pretty scene, which finally bordered on the ridiculous, preceded the closing of the House. Mr. Whitney arose, and in an exceedingly graceful little speech, moved a vote of commendation to the Speaker for the dignity and impartiality which had characterized his first session's rule in the throne. The motion was seconded and endorsed in neat little addresses by the Attorney-General and Mr. Haycock respectively.

In reply, Mr. Speaker thanked the House for overlooking in such a generous manner the little deficiencies in his English accent, and in conclusion he made a statement which brought forth applause. He said that judging by the congratulatory letters he had received from his friends, he believed his election as Speaker would do more to harmonize the two races in Canada than anything which Parliaments yet had done.

Somebody started up "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and when the members had lustily sung the old familiar air, Mr. St. John, in his usual stentorian tones, proposed "three cheers for the Speaker." But yet there was more to come, for the echoes of the final shout had scarcely died away, when the not unmelodious tones of the Attorney-General were heard in "He's a Daisy, He's a Daisy, He's a Daisy Just Now." The members had often heard the Premier's voice in oratory, but they were evidently anxious to hear him warble, and accordingly nobody took up the strain. This apparent lack of enthusiasm disconcerted the honorable leader of the House, and he "broke down," amid loud laughter. The National Anthem was sung and the members departed at 7.15 p.m.

The following bills passed the finishing stages and are now law

To incorporate the Ingersoll Radial Electric Railway Company—Mr. McKay (Oxford).

To make certain amendments to the statute law—The Attorney-General

To make further provision respecting certain matters of municipal law—The Attorney-General.

The Municipal Amendment Act, 1897—The Attorney-General.

The Assessment Amendment Act, 1897—The Attorney-General.

Respecting the incorporation of Mining Companies—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)

Respectin gaid to certain railways—Mr. Harcourt.

Respecting trust companies—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

To incorporate the Lanark County Electric Railway Company—Mr. Preston.

To confirm and legalize a bylaw of the corporation of the town of Collingwood—Mr. Paton.

To amend the Act to regulate traveling on public highways and bridges—Mr. Stratton.

To amend the General Road Companies' Act—Mr. Haycock.

Relating to the election of members of the Legislative Assembly—Mr. Mc-[illegible] (Oxford).

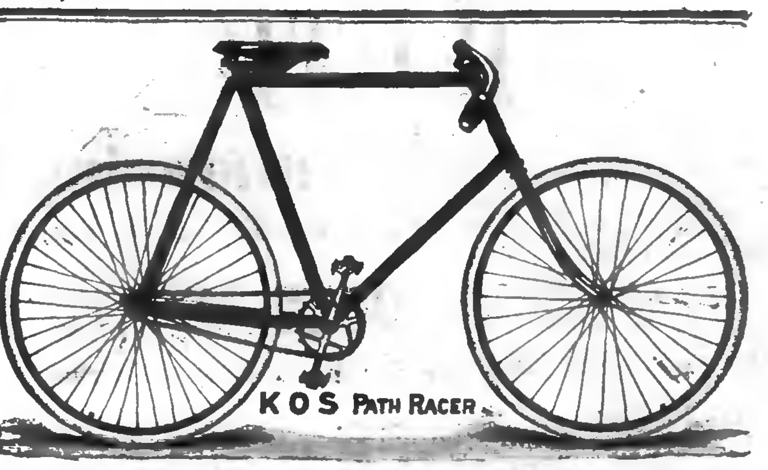
King of Scorchers
Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are so costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an **Unapproached First Place.**

W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.



PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!
KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

MASSEY-HARRIS

BICYCLES
[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE
(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	$75.00	
Dominion	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

LEBRUN'S
New Spring Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

H. LEBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE: 437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH.

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP SALE!

Commencing SATURDAY, April 10th, 1897.

The well-known firm of Hall, Gilchrist & Co. having dissolved partnership, the business will in future be carried on by Richard Hall & Son. Owing to certain conditions

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT LEAST ONE-HALF

in the next Three Months, and in order that this may be done we have decided to offer the whole stock, consisting of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES, in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

Awnings, Tents, Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

J. J. TURNER & SONS

263 GEORGE ST South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Head Wheels for sale.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 383 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

PALM SUNDAY.

Large Congregations at St. Peter's Cathedral—The Palms Blessed.

Yesterday was Palm Sunday and the commencement of holy week. Large congregations assembled at St. Peter's cathedral at the morning and evening services.

His Lordship Bishop O'Connor celebrated mass at 8 o'clock and blessed the palms at 10.30 o'clock mass, after which Ven Archdeacon Casey read the passion of Our Lord from St. Matthew. This mass was sung by Rev. Father Scanlan. In the evening Rev. Father O'Sullivan preached.

The announcements for Holy week were made yesterday. On Holy Thursday there will be solemn High Mass at 8 o'clock by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, during which the Holy oil used in Holy Sacrament and other solemn ceremonies will be blessed. The sacrament will be carried in procession to the depository.

On Good Friday ceremonies commence with the adoration of the cross at 9 o'clock, followed by mass of the Resanctified. In the afternoon and evening there will be Stations of the Cross. In the evening also there will be a sermon on the Passion, after which a portion of the true cross obtained at Rome by his lordship will be offered for the veneration of the faithful. On Saturday at 7 o'clock the pastoral and baptismal water will be blessed and at 8 o'clock there will be mass. After Holy Thursday all the priests of the diocese are expected to be present.

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year's make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

Natural Science Association.

The Natural Science Association will meet on Tuesday evening, 13th inst., at 8 o'clock, in the assembly room of the Collegiate Institute. Two excellent papers will be presented, one by Mr. Hampden Burnham on "The Dawn of Life," and the other by Mr. Soroc'ei on "Snake mounds." All members are urged to be present to arrange some matters pertaining to the organization at the close of the open meeting, to which all sympathizers are invited.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.

Holy Week and Easter Notes—Some of the Announcements.

There will be a short service in St. Luke's church every morning at 9.30 a. m., and on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday the regular 5.00 p. m. service will be held.

On Good Friday morning prayer with sermon will be held at 10.30, and in the evening the usual preparatory service to the Easter communion will be held at 8.00 p. m.

Confirmation classes are being held on Monday and Tuesday evenings of each week, in preparation for the service on May 11th.

The Decoration Chapter of the Guild are preparing for the Easter decorations, and will be glad to receive contributions of pot or cut flowers next Saturday.

Bright and hearty services are looked for on Easter Sunday, when there will be two celebrations of the Holy Communion, the first at 8 00 a. m., and the second at the 11.00 o'clock service. The special Easter sermon will be given at the evening service, on "The Gospel of the Resurrection."

The Easter Vestry meeting will be held on April 19th, and on Tuesday, the 20th, the second annual congregational re-union will be held in the school-house, to which all members and attendants at the church are cordially invited. The Women's Auxiliary and the Young Women's Chapter of the Guild will provide refreshments, and a very pleasant evening is anticipated.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few household are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

Services at St John's.

Services will be held at St. John's every night this week at 8 o'clock, except Friday evening, when the service will be at 7 o'clock. There will be a short address at each service. The address to-night will be "Our Lord's Passion in Gethsemene." "The Story of the Cross" will be sung at the conclusion of each service. All are welcome.

OAK HALL.

At Stony Lake.

Talking with a prominent citizen who is a property owner at Stony lake, a reporter brought up the question of a summer hotel at the lake, and the citizen claimed that there should be a hotel, for the reason that many people desired to be free and exempt from any restrictions which would necessarily be placed upon them at a boarding house. Stony lake in order to become an attractive resort must have modern accommodation.

Brevities.

—Mr D Belleghem is fitting his stables throughout with incandescent lights. Mr E Rutherford is doing the work.

—A letter from "Charles S," supporting the sermon on "Modern Dancing" has been received, but is crowded out of this issue.

—Bicyclists will be waited upon with a petition in support of the Casey baggage bill, which proposes that the Railway Act be amended to allow bicycles to be carried as baggage and under the same conditions.

—A meeting of the Jubilee Celebration committee will be held in the Council Chamber to-night, and a full attendance is requested as the special committee will report and arrangements for getting to work in earnest will be made.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HE WAS BORN IN SLAVERY

Rev R Hatchett, of the British M E Church, in Town—Fourteen Years a Slave.

Rev. R. Hatchett, general agent, and assistant superintendent of the British Methodist Episcopal church, of Canada, is in town in the interest of his church whose membership is composed of the colored population of Canada. Mr. Hatchett, who is a genial gentleman, well versed in public, as well as religious affairs, is visiting the leading towns and cities endeavoring to raise funds to defray the debt on several churches in his Conference, and, though the year was not the most favorable, still Mr. Hatchett has been gratified. Among the contributors have been Hon W E Sanford, Hon Senator Lovit, Sir Chas Tupper, Hon R R Dobell, T Eaton & Co., Toronto, the Massy family, Toronto and other prominent people.

Mr. Hatchett is black enough to be real proud of his color for he is pure black, no imitation. But Mr. Hatchett does not consider he should be termed "colored." "I was born on Christmas day years ago and I am as nature made me and have not been colored" he said. He was born in the days of slavery and was a slave for fourteen years, being emancipated during Lincoln's regime. His parents and the remainder of his family died in slavery. Mr. Hatchett is the successor of the well known Bishop Hawkins.

Personal.

Mr. O. A. Brennan, of Norwood, is in town to-day.

Mr. C. S. Ames is home from Queen's University.

Mrs. Wm. Rutherford, of Norwood, is the guest of Mrs. R. A. Hamilton.

Miss Lottie Martin has returned to her home in Canton after a visit with friends in town.

Mr. P. Letellier, of town, was successful in the final examinations in medicine at Queen's University and is now an M. D.

Mrs. H. H. Bradburn and child left last week for Vancouver, B.C., to join Mr. Bradburn and they will likely spend the summer at the coast.

Miss Stella Foy, of Campbellford, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs Baptie, London-st, for the past month, returned home this morning.

Mr. Frank Sandy begins his duties as agent at the G.T.R. station to-morrow. Mr. Hayden leaves for Waubaushene on Wednesday or Thursday.

The death took place very suddenly in Montreal last week of Mrs James Lang, wife of Mr. James Lang, of the Lang Manufacturing Co. The deceased was a cousin of Mr. John Crane, of the Ontario Bank.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Peterborough Bicycle Club.

A meeting of the Peterborough Bicycle club will be held at the REVIEW business office on Monday evening, April 12th, at eight o'clock, to arrange for delegates to the C.W.A. meeting in Toronto on Good Friday also other important business. 2d85

Hen Stealing Case.

At Police Court this morning Alex. Ross was found guilty of stealing three hens from the premises of Gordon Wright on Bonacord-st. He was remanded for sentence until to-morrow. A similar charge against Thos. Halpin was withdrawn and Halpin gave evidence instead. County Crown Attorney Wood prosecuted.

HORSE AND BUGGY GONE.

Mr. Dawson Kennedy Loses an Outfit—Was it Stolen?

Mr. Dawson Kennedy, of Otonabee, lost a valuable horse and buggy on Saturday evening.

His son drove to town and left the horse in the rear of Kennedy & Nelson's butcher shop, but when he returned to secure it the outfit had disappeared. It is believed some culprit took the horse and buggy and left town, as the animal was tied and could not gain liberty unless some one until.

The police have been informed and are making inquiries.

Word was received from Port Hope to-day stating that the horse and buggy had been found tied to a tree about three miles out of that town. Some one had evidently "borrowed" the horse to make the trip to Port Hope. The horse was found yesterday morning.

THEY HAVE WARM FRIENDS

Mr and Mrs Ruth Are Given a Farewell Testimonial by Otonabee Friends

On Thursday evening last some seventy or eighty friends and neighbors of Mr. James Ruth, in Otonabee, gathered at Mr. Ruth's residence, in order to bear testimony to the esteem and respect in which they held Mr. and Mrs. Ruth, who were leaving Otonabee to take up their residence in North Monaghan on the western border of the town. Mr. Ruth had been a resident in Otonabee for nineteen years, a peculiar coincidence being that the nineteenth anniversary fell on the night that his friends gathered to express their goodwill and say good-bye. Mr. Geo. Stewart read the address and Messrs. A. A. and W. B. Stewart made the presentation, which consisted of an extension dining table, a sideboard and two easy chairs. The address read as follows:—

Mr. and Mrs. James Ruth:

DEAR FRIENDS,—Having learned that you have decided to remove to another part of the county, we, a portion of a large circle of friends and well wishers in this neighborhood, have taken the present opportunity of meeting you to say good-bye, and manifest in some degree the high esteem in which you are held by us. While we regret that you could not see your way clear to remain here, we can assure you that you have our best wishes for your future happiness and prosperity in your new home. While in your removal from our midst we lose most estimable neighbors and members of society, we hope that our loss may be your gain. In this world of changes and partings how comforting it is to believe that there is a "happy land" perhaps not far away, where the inhabitants never say good-bye. May we all meet there.

Please accept these presents, not from any value which they may have in themselves, but as mementos of the many years you have spent amongst us, and of the happy relations which have existed between us.

Signed on behalf of your many friends in Otonabee.

GEORGE STEWART, W. B. STEWART,
A. A. STEWART, R. A. DEVELL,
W. J. HANBIDGE.

The gathering and the presentation was an entire surprise to Mr. and Mrs. Ruth, but the latter made an appropriate acknowledgement of the kind words and the handsome gifts.

A social evening was then enjoyed by the gathering, and a bountiful repast was served from the well filled baskets that had been brought.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruth take up their residence in North Monaghan this week.

Calcutt's Ale and Porter.

A special Easter brewing is now ready. Kept by all the leading grocers. $1 per dozen. 6d89

BARGAIN DAYS IN

WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00 The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for	5c	25 cent Papers for	15c
10 cent Papers for	7c	Borders to match for	10c
15 cent Papers for	8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at	4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,

No. 379 George Street.

C. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

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To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the George-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Young People's Society meetings.

Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.

Wilson's Dramatic Co. in the opera house.

Services at St. John's church.

Meeting 57th battalion officers.

Bicycle Club meeting in REVIEW business office.

Meeting of the Peterborough Lacrosse Club in the Oriental.

Meeting of the Jubilee Celebration committee in the Council Chamber.

Rev. Dr. Craft's lecture at St. Andrew's church on "The March of Christ Down the Centuries."

Meeting of the Veterans.

Fortnightly Club.

There will be no meeting of the Fortnightly club to-morrow evening.

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

The Peterborough Music Co. have just received a fine line of accordians that they are offering at $1.75 and $2.00. d84

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A BICYCLE!

..... CALL AT

MULLIGAN & POTTERS

And get a famous COLUMBIA. If you want half a bicycle you can go almost anywhere. MULLIGAN & POTTER'S up-to-date Music Store, 416 George Street.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Paragraphs Gathered From the Different Congregations and Churches.

St. Paul's church anniversary chorus wil practice on Tuesday instead of Thursday.

Next Sunday will be communion Sabbath at St. Paul's church. The preparatory service will take place on Friday.

Rev. J. J. Rae was absent in Belleville yesterday. In the morning the Charlotte-st. church pulpit was occupied by Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., and in the evening by Rev. H. T. Lewis, B.A.

At St. John's church last evening a quintette, "The Palms," was contributed by Messrs. F. A. Lount, H. Morphet, A. Kingscote, W. Harold Claxton and H. S. Macgachen, the two former gentlemen taking the solos. During the service the "Story of the Cross" was sung, Mr. Lount taking the solo.

Parents Must Have Rest.

A President of one of our Colleges says: "We spent many sleepless nights in consequence of our children suffering from colds, but this never occurs now: We use Scott's Emulsion and it quickly relieves pulmonary troubles.

To-night's Opening.

The *Wilson Dramatic Company*, headed by the now famous comedian, Fred H Wilson, and an equally strong cast, open a week's engagement at Bradburn's opera house to-night. This company has been pleasing immense audiences in Ottawa, Kingston, Hamilton and London, and comes to us after a successful tour of the large cities of Canada. The repertoric attraction surpasses any ever before offered to the people of Peterborough, and is hoped that the public will turn out and pack the opera house to-night. Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsparilla.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1867. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1867.

MR. RANTON'S OPINION THE MODERN DANCE

AN IMMENSE CROWD LISTEN TO THE EVANGELIST'S DENUNCIATION

Of the Modern Dance in the George-st. Church—It is Unscriptural, Opposed by the Churches and Leads to Immorality in Many Cases—Christians, he Says, Should not Dance.

Hundreds found it impossible to gain entrance to the George-st. Methodist church yesterday afternoon when Rev. A. H. Ranton, preached on the subject "The Modern Dance," attracting to the church an immense crowd, the largest that has probably ever assembled in this edifice. Every available seat had its occupant and hundreds stood throughout the service. The evangelist held the attention of the vast gathering from the commencement to end. The musical portion of the service was excellent.

In opening his address Mr. Ranton stated that he wished to disabuse the minds of his hearers of there being any thought of narrow ness or bigotry on his part. He said:—Being naturally fond of pleasurers, and believing that there is a "time to laugh" as well as a "time to weep," I am in thorough sympathy with any amusement or recreation that can make the heart lighter, our hopes brighter, and add to the sum total of our enjoyment in the world. It is freely conceded, then, that there is a sphere and place for amusements in the life of old as well as young. The demand for it is simply natural. There is an appetite of eye, of ear, and of every sense, for the gratification of which—within bounds—God has abundantly provided the material, and made it accessible to us. Amusement in some form is essential to the harmless development of life's scenes and the right performance of life's duties. Dr. Hayden says: "There is a time to play, and there is a playside to our nature which fits into it. The instincts of the race are not all wrong at this point; and it does not help to a solution of the questions here involved for those who can get on without play to insist that everybody else shall do the same." More than this, the

DEMAND FOR AMUSEMENT

is reinforced by the character of the age. The age is one of strain and tension to an extent never before known; all human activities are set to a high pressure scale; this makes relaxation and diversion both fitting and necessary.

Mr. Ranton proceeding said the question he proposed to discuss concerned a socia institution, with its approaches and belongings, and as it existed to-day. That institution was the modern dance. It was an institution in the social life of the people and could not be judged by the parlor, or the "charity ball," or the assembly, but must be judged by its effects on the individual, the home and the spiritual life of those who participated in it.

Let me speak of some of the excuses assigned by dancers, continued Mr. Ranton. The first excuse was, people must have amusement and recreation. Certainly, but look at the dancers next morning, and you will conclude dancing is no recreation, but dissipation. Dancing is a physical, mental, moral and spiritual dissipation. There are many unobjectionable amusements that give true recreation. The second excuse was, people might better dance than do worse. They might better dance than slander others, or have "*kissing* plays." Yes, but if you stop dancing you do not have to do worse. Can you not keep from slandering your neighbor in some other way? Kissing plays among adults are things of the past, and are only found among the most illiterate and uncultured. Let us also taboo the dance. The third excuse was, dancing is an accomplishment. Indeed! Webster says, "An accomplishment is an elegance of mind or manner." Does dancing develop mind? Nay, it prevents many from seeing how little mind they have, and the necessity of acquiring true accomplishments. Stop your ears so that you cannot hear the music and people

DANCING LOOK LIKE LUNATICS.

By the way, lunatics in asylums, and out of them, too, are especially fond of dancing. Cicero declared, "No man in his senses will dance." Dancing is a sort of subterfuge for those who lack mind. Another excuse was if I don't dance I cannot pass in society. What society? There is society and there is *society*. The best society does not dance. Instead of demeaning yourself by running after a certain worldly "upper ten" society, that is at the top for a similar reason that froth is, show yourself to be of such intellectual, social and moral worth, that even the so-called upper ten will rise in their ideal of life and aspire to pass in your society. Over against these excuses Mr. Ranton placed these propositions: (a) No amusement is innocent if not productive of good fruit. (b) No amusement is innocent if its tendency is evil. (c) No amusement is innocent if it is not compatible with a Christian profession.

The fact that you would condemn me for patronising the modern dance simply condemns yourself, because there are not two standards, one for the pew and another for the pulpit. Of course, we judge this from our standpoint as a Christian, and in so doing we say that an active Christian will not have time to dance; a sensible Christian will find something better to do than to dance; a loving Christian will feel that he cannot (a moral cannot) dance; a spiritually-minded Christian will not have any desire to dance.

THE SQUARE DANCE.

The question is often asked, "Do you include the square dance when you speak of the dance of modern society?" I find it is but a short distance from the square to the round; sow the square, reap the round. There was a day when the stately cotillion satisfied and the plain country dances were all-sufficient. But that day has passed and gone. The blood of young America is too hot for the square dance. It does not satisfy; it simply opens the way and leads out to the fancy dances of the present time. To one who learns to waltz the square dance is coarse and insipid. The devotee of the waltz finds no other joy quite so great, no other amusement quite so fascinating, and, though the young lady may sometimes scarcely understand what it is that causes her pulse to beat so quickly and the blood to flow with such exhilaration, the young man does know, her partner understands it and she will know some day; while in the more common walks of life, which some of you call vulgar, the square dance *is* almost as pernicious as the round.

Mr. Ranton then considered the modern dance from a Biblical and ecclesiastical standpoint, speaking of the

RELIGIOUS DANCES

of the Bible he quoted the following:

Exodus, xv: 20-21—"And Miriam, the prophetess, and all the women went out with the timbrels and dances."

Judges, xi: 34—"And Jephthah came to *Mizpah*, and *his* daughter came out to meet him with timbrels and with dances."

I. Samuel, xviii: 6—"The women came out singing and dancing to meet King Saul."

II. Samuel, vi: 14—"And David danced before the Lord." Who do modern dancers dance before? The evangelist inquire.

Psalms, cxix; 3—"*Praise his name in* the dance."

Referring to the irreligious dances, mentioned by the Bible, he quoted as follows:—(1) Idolatrous Israel: Exodus xxxii: 19—"And it came to pass, as soon as he came nigh unto the camp, that he saw the calf and the dancing." These were church members that either never had been godly or had backslidden. (2) Degenerate Amalekites; I. Samuel, xxx, 16—"Behold, they were spread abroad upon all the earth, eating and drinking and dancing." These were adults that were wicked and reprobate, and who were opposed to the Church and enemies of God. (3) Short-lived worldings: Job xxi: 11-14—"They send forth their little ones like a flock, and their children dance. * * * They spend their days in wealth. Therefore they say unto God, Depart from us, for we desire not the knowledge of Thy ways." These were careless young people of worldly parents who turned away from God, desiring neither to know Him nor His ways. 4. Herodias, the lewd daughter of an adulterous mother: Matthew xiv, 6-11—"The daughter of Herodias danced before them and pleased Herod," etc. This is a sample of the ballet dance by low girls to please base and depraved men.

It is evident that the characters referred to in these four passages strikingly represent the several classes of persons who dance in our day. This consideration should certainly turn every Christian moralist and respectable person from even the thought of dancing. But I think I hear one ask, "Does not the Bible speak about 'A time to dance?'" This phrase simply means a time when people dance; but gives no sanction to dancing any more then *to hate or to* kill, *for Solomon* adds, "A time to kill, a time to hate," as found in Ecclestiastes. From the preceding quotations it will sufficiently appear, he said, that dancing was a religious act, both of the true and also of idol worship; that it was practised exclusively on joyful occasions, such as national festivals or great victories; that it was performed by maidens only; that it was performed usually in the daytime, in the open air, in highways, fields, groves; that men who perverted dancing from a sacred use to purposes of amusement were deemed infamous; that no instances of dancing are found upon record in the Bible in which the two sexes united in the exercise, either as an act of worship or amusement; that there is no instance upon record of social dancing for amusement, except that of the "vain fellows," devoid of shame, of the irreligious families described by Job, which produced increased impiety and ended in destruction, and of Herodias, which terminated in the rash vow of Herod and the murder of John the Baptist. Again, the great

CHURCHES OF CHRISTENDOM

have taken a very decided stand upon the modern dance. There are people who say, "Our church allows its members to dance." Then such people try to influence others to become members of their church, which, in many instances, is nothing more than a social club. Every evangelical church had proclaimed against the dance again and again, and from her pulpits sermons, both argumentative and denunciatory, have been listened to by large and interested congregations, until it is a generally accepted truism among all Christ-loving, God-fearing, soul-winning Christians, that the pastor who will not preach against it, or sees no harm in it, must be either too ignorant for a spiritual leader, or too cowardly to pose as a soldier of God; and while it is true that many churches do tolerate it and tolerate members in their communions who indulge in it, the fact still remains that if it is a spiritual church or one that tries to be such, it tolerates it for the sake of the poor weak members who persist in indulging in it, hoping that as they grow in years they may grow in sense, if not in grace, until they shall see both the sin and the folly of the indulgence, and even yet be saved for Christ. But the church that encourages it and patronizes it is simply too unspiritual to do any aggressive work for souls, and like a sauce pan is only waiting to catch the unspiritual drippings from revival churches who will not receive dancing members. Mr. Ranton then cited the utterances of several ecclesiastics and began with the oldest of all churches, the Roman Catholic, and read from the pastoral letter of the Archbishop and bishops when assembled in Plenary Council in Baltimore:

In this connection we consider it to be our duty to warn our people against those amusements which may easily become to them an occasion of sin, and especially against the fashionable dances, which as at present carried on are revolting to every feeling of delicacy and propriety, and are fraught with the greatest danger to morals.

Then he quoted the following utterance of the Presbyterian church:—

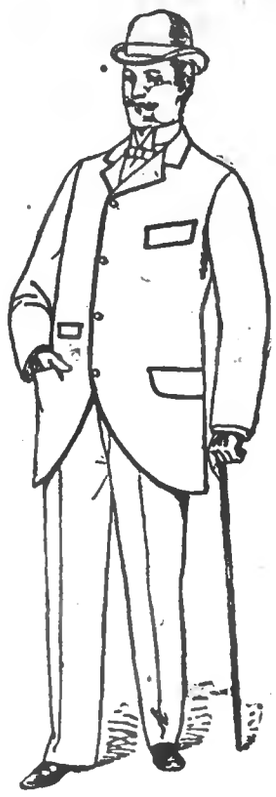
"That, whilst the pleasures of the ballroom and the theatre are primarily intended by the 'dancing and stage plays' forbidden in the answer to the 130th Question in the Larger Catechism, the spirit of the prohibition extends to all kindred amusements which are calculated to awaken thoughts and feelings inconsistent with the Seventh Commandment, as explained by the Saviour in Matthew v, 27-29.

"That whilst we regard the practice of promiscuous social dancing by members of the church as a mournful inconsistency, and the giving of parties for such dancing on the part of the heads of families as tending to compromise their religious profession, and the sending of children by Christian parents to the dancing school as a sad error in family discipline, yet we think that the Session of each church is fully competent to decide when discipline is necessary, and the extent to which it should be administered."

Would to God, said Mr. Ranton, this last

Continued on page 8

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

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Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . .

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Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

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The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

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Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.

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The gigantic strides made by

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in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2400 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

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FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly,fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tid-bits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

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PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shades, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

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"Oh, Why Should We Wait Till To-morrow?"

Why not enjoy your Piano

NOW

Instead of delaying for months.

The pleasure of having a Piano is in having it

Every Day and Always.

When you can get such instruments as the

Gerhard Heintzman and Karn

On terms that will ensure present satisfaction at reasonable prices, decide early.

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HIS FAVORITE BOOK.

Speakin' of books—they's some that looks
 Invitin' as that strawstack yunder.
Whur the cattle air in the bairn yard there,
 A-pull'n and chaw'n like thunder,
And in my day I've chawed that way
 Hull hours at books, when thur wasn't very
Much work to do; but I tell you
 I like the old big dictionary!

It's in that chair, a settin' where
 My youngest boy was usin' of it
At diner time—you seen him climb
 Upon it then? That's the way I love it,
Its leaves are torn; the hide is worn
 Clean through in spots, upon it covers;
But when I set, with both eyes shet,
 It gives me dreams just like some lovers!

And I go back clear back forty year,
 And, jest a little hungry feller,
Set perched again on that same plain
 Old book—then fresh and young and yeller—
At dinner, and my mother's hand
 Is toyin' with my curls contrary:
And that is why, I guess, that I
 Like best the old big dictionary!

NEW USE FOR A WATCH.

The Way to Ascertain the Points of the Compass From a Pocket Timepiece.

Few of the many persons who carry watches are aware of the fact that they are always provided with a compass, with which, when the sun is shining, they can determine a north and south line, says a writer in The Baltimore American. All one has to do is to point the hour hand to the sun, and the south is exactly half way between the hour and the figure "12," on the watch. For example, suppose it is 9 o'clock in the morning. Follow the rule given above, and we find the south, as is indicated below. Prolong this line along the face of the watch, and you have a north and south line, and from this any point of the compass may be determined. This may seem strange, but the reason is plain. While the sun is passing over 180 degrees (from east to west) the hour hand of the watch passes over 360 degrees (from 6 o'clock to 6 o'clock). Consequently, the angular movement of the sun in one hour corresponds to the angular movement of the hour hand in half an hour; hence, if holding the watch horizontal, we point the hour hand toward the sun, the line from the pivot of the hands to the point midway between the hour hand and 12 o'clock will point to the south.

This is one of the ways of determining the points of the compass if one is not provided with a compass. Many other means of orientation are taught to soldiers, so that in case they become separated from their commands they may know which way to travel to reach their camps. Orientation by means of the moon is a little more difficult, and not as reliable as that by means of the watch and sun. It depends upon the quarter in which the moon happens to be. The full moon is in the east at 6 o'clock in the evening, in the south at midnight and in the west in the morning. The moon the first quarter is in the south at 6 o'clock in the evening and in the west at midnight. In the last quarter the moon is in the east at midnight and in the south at 6 o'clock in the morning. These indications, except the first, may vary an hour or so earlier or later. In the first quarter the moon has the concavity to the left. In the last toward the right.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

The Diamond Coterie

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Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

"Because Mr. Lamotte was coming. I depended upon him."

"And he has made a blunder."

"Not necessarily."

"Why?"

"He may have seen an officer immediately, and the man may be now on the way,by the night train. He will be sure to be here before Monday, or he is no detective. They depend very little on the regular trains."

"Oh; I am enlightened! All the same, I shall never see my diamonds more."

"You don't seem much troubled."

"Pride, all pride! I'm heart broken."

"You are a most nonchalant young lady."

"Yes—it's contagious."

Then they both laugh, and relapse into silence. Presently she says:—

"We are sure to have the wrong man. Why did you not tell me the name of your great detective, so that I might have commissioned Mr. Lamotte to bring him? That man has been in my mind all day. You have made me enamored of him."

"Why?" laughing indulgently; "I barely mentioned him."

"No matter; you say he is a splendid officer?"

"There is no better. I know of none as good."

"And his name?"

"A very romantic one: Nell J. Bathurst."

"Why!" stepping suddenly to the window. "Aunt Honor!"

"Well," replies Mrs. Alliston, from behind her newspaper.

"What is the name of your wonderful detective, who brought those two murderers from Europe, and had them properly hung?"

"Mr. Nell Bathurst. Why, my dear?"

"Oh, nothing special, auntie;" then returning to the window, "Auntie never loses trace of a crime or a trial in high life. I have heard her talk of this man's splendid exploits, by the hour. She is a walking catalogue in all aristocratic sensations. So this is your great man? Well, if he is in the city, we must have him. Mr. Lamotte shall bring his man,or send him; there should be work for two. As for me, I intend to secure the service of Mr. Nell J. Bathurst."

"He may not be within reach; he is constantly moving, and always busy."

"No matter. I tell you I want to see this man."

"That being the case, I may as well present myself."

They start at the rustling of leaves, and from one of the great oak's extended branches, a form swings downward, and drops lightly upon the grass, just before the place where they stand.

"Who are you?" demands Doctor Heath, sternly, as the eavesdropper approaches. "And what does this impertinence mean?"

Before they can think, the man approaches the balcony, puts his hands up on the railing, and springs lightly over; standing in the full light that falls from within, he doffs his hat like a courtier, and bending before Constance, says, in a voice that is, for a man, singularly rich and mellow:—

"Madame, I am here at your service. I am Nell J. Bathurst."

CHAPTER V.

Both Constance and Dr. Heath fancy that they comprehend the situation almost instantaneously. The stranger's movements have been so catlike, his voice so carefully modulated, that Aunt Honor reads on, never dreaming that an addition has been made to the party. Dr. Heath is the first to speak.

"Upon my word," he says, with a touch of coldness in his tone; "this is quite dramatic."

"It's a very good tableaux," admits the new comer, "but dramatic as the present day drama goes? No, it's too naturally brought about, as you will admit, when I explain my presence here. Your mention of my name, while I lay sprawled across the great branch, within easy hearing, was rather sensational, to me, but, of course you can explain that."

By this time Constance has recovered herself, and rises to the occasion; in fact, she rather enjoys the situation; this is one of the emergencies wherein she is quite at home. Without stopping for commonplace remarks, or expressions of surprise, she goes straight to the point.

"How we came to be discussing you, you must understand. If you are really Mr. Bathurst, and—have been very long in that tree."

"I have been 'very long' in that tree, I feel it," ruefully. "And I am Nell Bathurst, detective; never was anybody else, and by the by, here is this doctor; I heard him giving me a capital 'recommend;' now bid him step up and identify me," and he laughs as if he had uttered a capital joke.

Doctor Heath laughs now, as he comes closer and scrutinizes him by the light from the drawing room.

"Oh, I recognize you by your voice, which you have not attempted to disguise, and by your —a—assurance."

"I thought so!" rubbing his hands with a satisfied air.

"But that physiognomy, I never saw before."

The detective laughs.

"No, this is one of my business faces, and you, sir, are one of the few who have known me simply as a man, without reference to my occupation; a man like me may be expected to turn up anywhere, but you, sir, are the last man I expected to see in this place."

"Nevertheless, I have been an inhabitant of W— for a year; but enough of me for the present. Mr. Bathurst, this lady is Miss Wardour, in whose service you have been retained."

Miss Wardour extends a gracious, welcoming hand.

"Mr. Bathurst has heard me express my desire to know him," she says, with a little ripple of laughter, "so no more need be said on the subject. Mr. Bathurst you came as opportunely as a fairy godmother; and now let us go in and take my aunt into our counsels."

She lifts the lace curtains and passes in; as she goes, Dr. Heath lays a detaining hand on the detective's arm.

"Mr. Bathurst," he whispers; "in W—I am Dr. Heath, from nowhere."

"I comprehend," significantly.

"Thank you;" then they too pass through the window, and the detective goes through the ordeal of presentation to Aunt Honor.

Mrs. Alliston, being a thorough woman, who knows her perquisites, gets through with the necessary amount of astonishment, ejaculations, questionings, and expressions of delight; all things are overcome by time, even a woman's volubility. And during the flow of her discourse the detective is communing thus with his "inner consciousness:—"

"So we have been retained by this handsome young lady? Well, that's intelligence! and what does the old lady mean by supposing that Mr. Lamotte has told me this and that? Who the deuce is Lamotte? Why the deuce don't somebody ask me how I came to be perched in that tree? Do they think it's the proper thing for detectives to tumble in among them out of the trees and the skies? After all, it is like a drama, for I'll be blessed if I see any sense in it at all."

"I see you are all more or less attracted by my personal appearance," he says, after Aunt Honor has given up the floor. "Now that I think of it, it's not just the thing for a drawing-room."

Mr. Nell Bathhurst, or his present presentment, is a medium sized man, attired in garments that have once been elegant, but are now frayed, threadbare, travel worn; his feet are encased in boots that have once been jaunty; his hat is as rakish as it is battered; his face wears that dull reddish hue, common to fair complexions that have been long exposed to sun and wind; his hair and beard, somewhat matted, somewhat disordered, may have borne some tinge of auburn or yellow once, but they too, have, unmistakably, battled with the sun, and have come out a light hay color. As Constance looks at him, she, mentally, confesses that he is certainly the oddest figure she has ever entertained in her drawing-room.

"I have been wondering just what grade of humanity you are supposing yourself to represent just now," says Doctor Heath, eyeing him quizzically.

"What!" with mock humility. "am I thus a failure? Miss Wardour, look at me well; do you not recognize my social rank?"

Constance surveys him a fresh, with critical eye.

"I think," she says, "I recognize the gentleman tramp; one of the sort who asks to wash his face before eating, and to chop your wood after."

"Right!" says the detective. "My self-respect returns; I am not a bungler. In the morning I shall be on the ground, to wash my face, and chop your wood; which reminds me, your servants, they must not see me here. I must depart as I came, and soon."

"And your search," asks Constance, "when will that begin?"

"My search?" hesitating oddly. "Oh, that has already commenced."

"What a curious thing it is that Mr. Lamotte should have secured you of all men," breaks in Aunt Honor. "I did not think it possible Mr. Lamotte—"

"Pardon me, all of you," breaks in the gentleman tramp. "Something must be set right; I will come to the point at once. Who is Mr. Lamotte? What is Mr. Lamotte? I have never seen him; never heard of him."

"What!" from Constance.

"Oh!" from Mrs. Alliston.

"But—" from Doctor Heath.

"Let me finish," he interpolates. "Let me tell you just how I happened to drop down among you to-night. Recently we have had in the city several robberies similar to this of yours, Miss Wardour, as I understand it. Several times we have had a trace or clue, and have hoped to find the robbers, but so far have been baffled. We must necessarily have many ways of gathering up information, and I have some methods of my own. This is one of them. I have access to the offices of our daily papers. I have a friend or tool in each. When a special telegram, in the line of criminal intelligence, comes to one of these papers, I am in possession of its contents before it has reached the compositor's hands. This morning a 'special' arrived at the office of the Evening Bulletin. I have not with me a copy. It ran:—

"MONSTER DIAMOND ROBBERY.

"(Special dispatch to the Evening Bulletin.)

"Intelligence has this moment been received, that Wardour Place has been burglarized; and the splendid Wardour diamonds, valued at more than one hun-

To be Continued

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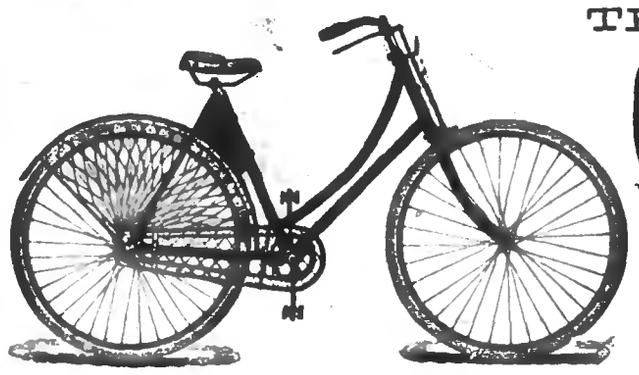

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY APRIL 12, 1897

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—The Orillia Times says Mr. G. T. Madden has on exhibition at his jewellery store probably the smallest watch in Canada. It is so small that the complete movement can be covered by a five cent piece. It is of Swiss make, and is perfect in every respect, and is full ruby jewelled.

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For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

THE WAR EXCITEMENT.

Continued from Page 1.

to the latest advices received by The Observer.

The Commencement of War.

Constantinople, April 11.—In a communication to the Ambassadors, dated April 10, the Porte speaks of the invaders of the previous day as "regular" troops, and the incursion is regarded here as the *commencement* of war.

A panic occurred at Valona yesterday on a rumor that the Greek warships were about to attack the town. Two thousand Bashi-Bazouks assembled in an adjoining valley and placed themselves in readiness to advance in case of an attack by marines on land.

ACCOUNTS ARE CONFLICTING.

But Athenians Accept the Invasion as Inaugurating War.

Athens, April 11, noon.—Accounts are very conflicting as to what really happened last Friday, when the frontier was crossed by the insurgents, whose carefully planned invasion is accepted by the Athenians as inaugurating war. The Turks evidently share the view entertained at Athens that the movement was one of great importance. Advices from Elassona indicate a universal belief there that the invasion was simply a precursor to action by the Greek army.

A special correspondent of the Associated Presses went to Larissa last evening (Saturday) and ascertains that the invaders numbered upward of 3000. Among them were Signor Cipriani and his Italian volunteers. The entire force was under the command of three ex-officers of the Greek army and four Macedonian chiefs. The rendezvous was at Koniskos, a village near Kalabaka. The men were all fully armed and wore the national costume, their black fur caps bearing the badge and initials of Ethnike Hetairia embroidered in blue and white, with the words "En toute nika" crossing the initials in black.

On Friday a monk from Mount Athos assisted his abbot and two deacons at a religious service at Koniskos, at which all members of the invading body partook of the sacrament and registered the oath of the order, "Liberty or death." In addition to large quantities of ammunition, and provisions, the force had 3000 pounds of gold.

During Friday night following the service the frontier was crossed, the force moving in the direction of Schutik.

While the movement was in progress a second band, the number of whom is as yet unknown, had a rendezvous at Neseros, on the frontier, about 35 kilometers north of Larissa, and near the coast. This band was similarly equipped, had a similar mission and took the same oath. It was commanded by the Macedonian chief Sinsinikos. It crossed the frontier on Thursday night, marching on Karya. As everywhere in the Vale of Temp, this portion of the frontier, the roads and bridges are in a condition of thorough repair.

This (Sunday) morning the roar of artillery can be plainly heard at Larissa from the direction of Karya, where Sinsinikos is evidently forcing matters.

Gen. Makris and his staff, with some knowledge of the movement afoot which they were unwilling to impart, left yesterday for Tyrnavos, the most important Greek position, near Elassona. Four batteries of reinforcements followed to-day for the same point. At headquarters they declare that nothing is known as to the raid, and will say nothing as to the probabe character of the raiders. However, some additional light has been thrown on the subject to-day by an interview betweeen the representative of the Associated Presses and a prominent Greek, who is evidently in close touch with the league and its plans. The Greek said:

"The movement of these bands is all in accordance with a very clearly defined program. For years thousands of Greeks, even little children, on receiving a shilling, have been in the habit of putting half of it into a national box in the cause of pan-Hellenism. For many months it has been the plan of the league to stir up all the pan-Hellenic peoples by means of armed bands. Now that a great moment has come in Greek history we have seized upon it. Our aim at present is to get behind the Turkish lines and to stir up all our brethren.

"Whether or not Europe insists on the integrity of Turkey, Greece is not animated by selfish views or with any desire for annexing territory to the kingdom. She demands not only a true and complete independence for heroic Crete, but the same independence for Epirus, Macedonia and Thrace, and she demands this also for all the subjugated population of Asia Minor.

"Therefore Greece will face any danger in order to reach that end. Years of frightful suffering and unnumbered crimes and tyrannies have been forced upon those who are our kinsmen by faith and blood in those countries; and we are pledged in the most solemn way and inspired by the most sacred and ennobling principles of liberty to do all in our power to lift from them the curse which burdens them."

When the attack began strict orders were sent to all the Greek outposts on the frontier to preserve neutrality, and not to open fire until actually attacked by the Turks. The only casualties reported here are the deaths of two leaders and of three Italians.

The Die is Cast.

London, April 11.—The *Times'* correspondent at Athens says: "The news of the incursion into Turkish territory has been received here with great jubilation. The general belief is that nothing can now restrain the army, which is bound to follow across the frontier in a few days.

"The Athens newspapers reflect the popular enthusiasm, and contain highly optimistic forecasts of the progress of the band in Macedonia, where its presence is expected to exert a magical influence on the Christian population and to be a signal for a general uprising.

"One newspaper says that the die is now cast; that a successful beginning has been made; that it is all over with diplomacy, negotiations and identical notes or blockade, and that the eloquent voice of the rifle has spoken at last. A telegram from Arta to-night (Sunday) says that Greek bands are crossing the frontier at various points, and that war seems inevitable."

LOOKING FOR IMPORTANT NEWS.

Greek Outposts Being Greatly Strengthened—Troops Going Forward.

London, April 11.—The Times will print to-morrow the following despatch from its correspondent at Larissa: "Gouloulo, the accredited representative of The Ethnike Hetairia, tells me that he looks for important news to-day (Sunday). He has been in conference with Greek Deputies and with leading supporters of the patriotic movement who have recently arrived here, and there seems to have been a deliberate plan to leave the initiative in the hands of the Ethnike Hetairia.

"The Greek outposts are being quietly strengthened, and small detachments are proceeding to their positions under cover of the darkness. The latest information received here on the subject of the raid shows that the invading insurgents first advanced toward Chassanga. It is reported that Turks opposed the attack with artillery. The Greek losses were 28 wounded. The Turkish losses are said to have been much greater. It is rumored that yet another attack was made on the Turks at the rear of Mt. Olympus, where the Greeks succeeded in planting a flag.

"Stringent orders have been issued against irregular fighting, and the penalty of death will be imposed for any infraction. The general impression here is that war will be proclaimed to-morrow (Monday) or Tuesday. The position of affairs is now extremely critical. Although the Turkish army has not yet assumed the offensive, orders to that effect from the Sultan are expected at any moment. All classes of troops are full of war enthusiasm.

Some Important Details.

"Some details are at hand at last as to the skirmish near Gravena. On Thursday morning 1500 Euzonoi, uniformed and commanded by Greek officers, crossed the frontier near Beltimon, and advanced to a point near Gravena. Here they met a detachment of the 15th Chasseurs on picket duty in the woods and hemmed them in. After two hours of sharp fighting, the 6th Battalion of Chasseurs came to the rescue, under the command of Ismail Pasha, and drove the Euzonoi back to the frontier. The insurgents lost 150 killed.

"At the same time the Greek artillery was firing upon a Turkish block house, and the firing continued until midnight yesterday, the combatants retaining their respective positions. It is not known how many Turks were killed, but it is said the number was small."

One Woman's Bereavement.

"I suppose I'm going to die," said the sick husband, taking his wife's hand tenderly in his own.

"I'm afraid so, dear," she replied. "The doctor said a week ago that there was no hope, and when he left to-day he took my hand and told me I must be brave."

"In that case, my dear," continued the dying man, "I suppose I'd better think of settling up my worldly affairs. You're still young, so I won't ask you never to marry again. But I hope you will not forget me very soon."

"Don't think of such horrible things," she said, turning her head away. "You need all the fortitude you can command."

"I know it, my dear," he answered, "but as a last request I want you to promise to visit my grave once in a while."

"Don't ask me that," she returned. "You know how I hate churchyards. Why don't you consent to be cremated? Then you will always be near me. Besides they get up such artistic urns nowadays that I wouldn't mind having one on the mantelpiece to take the place of the Satsuma vase you broke some time ago."

MR. GOSCHEN'S HOP WORDS.

Great Britain Proposes to Maintain Her Supremacy in South Africa—Boers Getting Ready.

London, April 11.—At a farewell banquet on Saturday tendered Sir Alfred Milner by the members of the Board of Inland Revenue, George J. Goschen, first Lord of the Admiralty, referring to the presence of the British marines and blue jackets now in South Africa, said: "They are there to represent to Sir Alfred Milner the British power in South Africa. They are the guarantees to him and our colonists—the loyal men who support British rule in that country—that this country is determined to maintain its supremacy in those quarters and back its high commission with the power of the Empre.

Sir Evelyn Wood expressed his satisfaction with the statements which he had heard, and declared that "England means to be firm in the suppression of troubles in South Africa."

He's Still on Earth

Berlin, April 11.—Prince Bismarck is completely recovered. He said to an interviewer yesterday:

"My enemies will have to rest patiently for a time; I am still on earth."

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues very dull, with no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is quiet, although the feeling is better, with small offerings. Red winter is quoted outside at 70c and white at 71c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 28c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 39c, No. 2 at 37c, No. 3 extra at 34c and No. 3 sold at 32c.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c. A lot of 8000 bushels of white sold at 18½c, May delivery.

Peas—The market is steady, a round lot selling at a fraction under 38c north and west points.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars offering at 25c west.

Rye—The market is quiet, and quotations are 31c to 32c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 10.—Spring wheat, 6s 1d to 6s 2d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 10½d to 5s 11½d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 58s 0d; lard, 27s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 28s 6d; do., light, 28s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull and partly 3d lower. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat quiet; futures firm at 5s 7½d for May and July and 5s 6¾d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 5d for May, 2s 5¼d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 23s 6d.

Paris—Wheat weak at 21f 50c for May, and flour weak at 43f 60c for May.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 9th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel, standard	0 68c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 63	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 42	to	0 42
Peas, mammoth	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 06
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

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W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

THIN MAN—What Makes You So Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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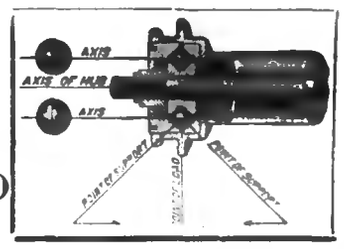

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1897

MR. RANTON'S OPINION THE MODERN DANCE

Continued from page 5.

thought was as true as those that precede it But when we sometimes find even members of Sessions, ruling elders in these churches, who, in spite of all these solemn utterances by the General Assembly, persist in disgracing the church of God by not only tolerating, but encouraging these very things—to the disruption of spiritual unity, to the propagation of

THE WORLDLY SPIRIT

here so mourned, how can such a Session deal with a recreant member? "Let him that is without sin among you cast the first stone." And many a Session, incompetent by the failures, laxities and sins of its own members, upon whose hands holy hands have been supposedly laid, finds itself helpless and supine in the midst of a growing tendency to worldliness; which, of course, unfits the church for spiritual work. Then, if our Sessions, boards of deacons, and official boards generally, are guilty of these things, how can they cope with the evil and administer discipline, as the General Assembly seemed so fondly to imagine.

The following statement of Bishop Cox, of the Anglican church in western New York, was also read:

"The enormities of theatrical exhibitions and the lasciviousness of dances, too commonly tolerated in our times, are so disgraceful to the age and so irreconcilable with the gospel of Christ, that I feel it my duty to the souls of my flock to warn those who run with the world to 'the same excess of riot' in these things, that they presume not to come to the holy table. Classes preparing for confirmation are informed that I will not lay hands, knowingly, on any one who is not prepared to renounce such things, with other abominations of 'the world, the flesh and the devil.' Let all such choose deliberately whom they will serve; and if salvation be worth striving for, let them be persuaded to a sober *life*, to self-denial, and to the pure and innocent enjoyments, which the gospel not only permits, but which it only can create. It is high time that the lines should be drawn between worldly and godly living; and I see no use in a Lent that is not sanctified to such ends."

Bishop Baldwin, of London, in a letter to Rev. W. H. Cooper, says: "The nearer we live to Christ the more we will resemble Christ, the branch will also be like the vine. n such a view of life as this, namely, taking Christ as our example and being led of the Holy Ghost in all things, cards and dancing have no place." The views of the Baptist, Methodist and other Christian churches were well known, and they all knew they were very strongly opposed to dancing, as it is commonly observed. The evangelist then quoted the statements of Rev Dr A T Pierson, Rev Dr Talmage, Rev Dr Howard Crosby, all denouncing the dance, and such noted evangelists as D L Moody, E P Hammond, S P Jones, J E Hunter, Geo F Pentecost and B Fay Mills who all spoke out against the dance.

Mr. Ranton then dealt with the modern dance from

AN ETHICAL STANDPOINT,

speaking as follows:—As I said in the beginning of this address we are not discussing an ideal dance, but the dance as we find it today. A very good way to test any institution that makes claims upon time, health and money is to observe the character of those who are its strongest advocates. Look at them carefully, for they are a motely crew. They come from the clubs of infidels, they come from the circles of the spiritualists and free-lovers; they come from the "dance houses" of our cities; they come from the chambers of the "strange woman" whose "feet go down to death"; they come from midnight revelries in dens of infamy; they come from the darkness of heathenism. These all agree in defending the dance as proper and essential to their enjoyment of life while they almost universally unite in condemning it if practiced by a Christian. Do not suppose for one moment that I design to degrade all who uphold dancing to a common level, for I could not be so unkind and ungenerous to thousands of respectable people who dance, but who also shrink with horror from any approach of impurity and from any association with the vile. My design is to show you, that those in the church who stand up as witnesses for the innocency of dancing, must have their testimony corroborated, not by the earnest disciples of Jesus, but by a crowd with whom they would not be willing to appear in the advocacy of any other cause. But I fancy I hear some one say, "Many Christians support the modern dance except during a few weeks in Lent when they deny themselves that pleasure." This, instead of being an argument in favor of the dance, is against it. Let a prominent pastor of a fashionable church reply: "The restrictions imposed upon the social life during the Lenten season by some branches of the church proclaims the intrinsic antagonism of the dance and other social festivities to special religious devotion and to the highest spiritual concerns. Will you give any Biblical or rational grounds for believing that what is held to be incongruous to devout piety through Lent is any less incongruous to devout piety an any and all other times of the year? Is righteousness, purity of heart, love of God, fidelity to truth, and regard for conduct a matter of special times and seasons? In other words, do not the admissions and concessions proclaimed by the Lenten restrictions carry this indictment against the modern dance, that it assails the Christian character and hinders the greatest efficiency of Christian effort? Now, let us be more practical and look at this institution a little more closely. After five years' experience as a dancer, from the country husking bee dance to the fancy "full dress ball," and after 13 years' observation and study of the question I unhesitatingly affirm that the modern dance stands guilty of the following indictments:—1 It licenses immodesty. The dresses worn at the ball are rather short of material. In the so-called

FULL DRESS BALL

of the city (which should be more properly named an undress ball) you find the harvest of the town and country dances. Like the parlor dance, which never satisfies, but only opens the way to the "swagger" party, so the country dance only makes the girls hungry for a stylish ball dress and a chance to show it in some city swell affair. But the dress that you wear at the country dance would be laughed at in the fashionable society of the city; there they must be short-waisted at the top, while sleeves are a superfluity. If you have been carefully brought up, the first sight of a fashionable city ball room would undoubtedly shock you. The fact that ladies attend the theatre and high-class concerts in some cities in like costumes does not argue anything in its favor. The positions, the circumstances, the music, all are different. 2 It licenses liberties with womankind. Do you tritely say, "To the pure all things are pure." Let me say, this passage is often quoted by satan, and also by the impure and ignorant to seek to defend sinful practices; but, I assure you, it is not applicable to the question of dancing. Moreover, I shall not speak or even think of purity or impurity, but only of propriety and impropriety. Suppose I am at a parlor dance with the most elite, and, while others are waltzing—allow the supposition—I in a promenade or standing at the window, put my arm around a fair lady's waist, just as other gentlemen in the dance have their arms encircling other ladies; you know that any lady would indignantly resent such an ungentlemanly liberty as an insult, and her big brother, husband or father, if present, would feel like firing me out of the window. How is this? If it is in accordance with propriety to take such a liberty in the dance, it is equally so in a promenade or standing at the window, under the gaslight, and before the same company; but, if it is an impropriety in a promenade or standing at the window, it is much more so in the dance, when you consider the fascination of the music, the motion of the body, the clasp of hands, and the more intimate and prolonged embrace. Is not that putting the matter fairly? In the very nature of the dance, as it is now conducted it permits and provides for, and could not exist without permiting and providing for, liberties and familiarities which nowhere else would be

TOLERATED BY RESPECTABLE SOCIETY.

Under a false law of "liberty" the poor wife or mother or daughter receives touches and contact with persons which, under any other condition, would be regarded as pollution. Is it a married couple dancing? and can that man look on and see another's arm around the waist of his wife, enfolding her in that long embrace, then say, "It is all right; there is no harm in it?" Can a father or a brother see one after another put his arms about that daughter or sister as the hours of the night pass, press her form against his own—perhaps against the form of a roue or a lecher,—and say, "It is all right" If so, I could hardly expect to appeal to him by anything that I might say or write. Can that pure girl feel the arms of those men, one after another, about her waist, feel herself pressed against his form, and still say, "I see no harm in it?" Can that fond, doting mamma, who has no better business then chaperoning her daughter to such a place, look calmly on and see it all and still say, "It is all right; I see no harm in it?" My only other question is, if so, what kind of stuff can you be made of? And then scores of young women who find themselves at the dance in the embrace of men with whom they would not be seen walking the streets or driving for any consideration whatever. And that institution is born in hell that will make justifiable under certain conditions that which would be positively insulting at other times. 3. It is a feeder to the brothel. Allow me to state a few more authenticated facts. The Chief of Police of New York states that "three-fourths of the abandoned girls in that city say they were led to ruin by dancing." Prof. Faulkner, a converted dancing master, in writing on this phase of the subject raises the question: "Where did the majority of drunkards take their first drink? Let me answer: the first drink of the drunkard was just a social glass; the first game of the gambler was just a social game; and three-fourths of the outcasts had a man's arm about them for the first time when they were young girls at a social dance. There is in San Francisco 2,500 abandoned women. Prof. DaFloris says: 'I can safely say that three-fourths of these women were led to their downfall through the influence of dancing.'"

Think of it young lady, or young man, you who love and respect womankind, you who, perhaps, have sisters of your own, three-fourths of all these poor abandoned creatures started on their downward course by dancing! Yet these are are no new facts, nor are they fresh statistics; similar ones have been in use—changed only by fresh adjustments, verified again and again—for many years. The latest figures as to the number of fallen women in America were gleaned last year by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. They say about 500,000 of these poor creatures in America merchandise their bodies and thrive on the sins of lust. Did you know that these unfortunates, whose average life in America is said to be from three to seven years, this land where none of the restrictions and safeguards that surround prostitution in the Old Country are provided, go from one stage to another, ever sinking downwards, victims of their dissipation and disease,

LIKE MOTHS OVER THE CANDLE,

fluttering for a few brief years only to fall at last in the eternal burnings; did you know, I say, that the figures given by Prof. Faulkner and Prof LaFloris have been given again and again by Salvation Army workers, police captains and lieutenants, superintendents of metropolitan police forces, and all others who have carefully investigated the matter? Ponder now carefully what that means; 375,000 out of the half million have been led to their evil courses through the dance. Is there any one so degraded that they can see no harm in that? 4. Consciousness of the sexes is the charm of the modern dance. The old fashioned square dances are gone.

Oh, young ladies and women, if you could hear the remarks made about your person, by those with whom you have danced, I can assure you, you would say, "I've danced my last dance."

Our accusation is that the dance, instead of affording an opportunity for mutually ennobling companionship between man and woman, inspired with a chaste and sweet interfused remembrance of their contrasted relationship to each other,—that the dance, instead of this, consists substantially of a system of means contrived with more than human ingenuity to incite the instincts of sex to action, however subtle and disguised at the moment, in its sequel the most bestial and degrading. We charge that here and not elsewhere, in the anatomy of that elusive fascination which belongs so peculiarly to the dance, we lay our scalpel upon the quivering secret of life. Passion—passion transformed, if you please, never so much, subsisting in no matter how many finely contrasted degrees of sensuality,—passion, and nothing else, is the true basis of the popularity of the dance. There are honourable exceptions to this rule, but I tell you they are mighty few. Let me give you the history of the waltz. The waltz was born December 20th, 1787—first seen in a Vienna theatre, the progeny of a licentious stage and its consort, the ballet. This amorous, gyratory hugging was, for a time, thought to be too shockingly indecent to be tolerated anywhere else. It found its way into houses of doubtful repute, and more slowly into German society. Even Paris, for a time, resisted its licentious libertinism, and not till the present century did it get sanction in Paris; then of course it became the fashion everywhere, for Paris sets fashion's clock in all lands. Will you be a blind slave to such a gross fashion or custom?

Mr. Ranten closed his address by saying: "All Christians take a decided stand against this pernicious institution. Your presence gives it respectability, otherwise it would find its place in the place it was born. You lose your influence with the unconverted when they know you engage in this evil pastime. A young lady, is refusing to attend a fancy ball because of her religious convictions, met with this reply, "Miss B——, if there were more Christian young women like you, more young men like myself would become Christians." To the unconverted, I would say, think not of dancing on your way to hell, but come to Christ and let him save you, for through dancing many have lost time, health and heaven. A young lady held up her beautiful ball dress, and said to her mother, "That dress is the price of my soul." "What shall it profit a man if he gain the world (of pleasure) and lose his own soul."

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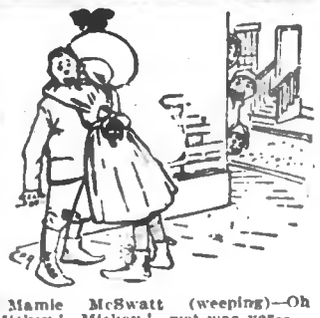

Mamie McSwatt (weeping)—Oh! Mickey! Mickey! wot was yer—
Mickey Dugan—Aw! break away—if de gang was ter see me now I'd have to lick every kid in de ward to keep from gittin' de life guyed out o' me.

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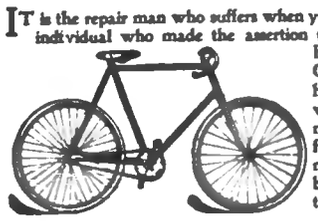

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VOL. XXXV, No. 87. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

THE CRETAN QUESTION

Again Under Discussion in the British Commons.

The Imbecility of the Powers Shown Up—Mr. Curzon Replies for the Government and Pours Hot Shot Into the Liberal Ranks—The Government Had Strained Every Nerve to Avert War—Mr. Curzon Pays Attention to Sir William Harcourt—The Liberal Leader Replies in Forcible Language.

London, April 12.—Mr. Patrick O'Brien, Parnellite, member for the city of Kilkenny, asked the Government for information in the House of Commons to-day as to whether it had received any claim for compensation in behalf of Edward J. Ivory, the saloon keeper of New York, who was arrested in Glasgow on Sept. 12 last and who was discharged from custody on Jan. 20. The First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. A. J. Balfour, in reply said the Government had not received notice of any such claim as the one referred to by the honorable member for Kilkenny city.

Discussing the Cretan question, Sir Charles Dilke said he believed the majority of the nation supported the Liberals in the eastern question. A blockade of the Piraeus, he contended, though it might upset the King and the Kingdom of Greece, could not restore order in Crete. While the Government's policy of granting autonomy to Crete was honest, it was not clear whether the other powers were equally honest in this matter. Both the Sultan of Turkey and the King of Greece had stated they were negotiating in regard to the future of Crete, when they were brought to the verge of war by the action of the powers.

The speaker pointed out that the concert of the powers did not come in to existence for the purpose of dealing with Crete, but to deal with the Armenian question, with which the powers had been fruitlessly struggling for two years past, when they were stirred out of sluggish action by the despatch of Prince George of Greece with the Greek torpedo flotilla to the Island of Crete, and by the landing of Greek troops there. He concluded with commenting upon the imbecility and helplessness of the concert until the King of Greece forced their hand.

The Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, replied for the Government. He said no one could rightly complain at lack of opportunity to discuss the conduct of the Government. There had been many discussions on the subject and on the speeches of the Marquis of Salisbury, although it was true there had not been a vote of censure, the Government having failed to persuade the Liberal leader, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, to repeat in the House the martial oration so much admired at Norwich, while in the six debates on Crete in the House of Commons the matter had only been raised twice and in the French Chamber of Deputies only once. Continuing, Mr. Curzon said that in Austria, Italy and Germany the statement of their Government's policy had been reiterated so frequently as to become tedious.

Sir Charles Dilke complained that autonomy, as proposed for Crete, was not clearly defined, but Mr. Curzon pointed out the proclamation stated it implied freedom from all control of the Turkish Government in the internal affairs of the island. He therefore could truthfully say there was no ground whatever for the suspicion of Sir Charles Dilke that this autonomy, which the Government desired to make ample and clear, was regarded from any other point of view by the other powers.

Referring to the negotiations which are said to have taken place between Greece and Turkey direct for the settlement of the Cretan question, Mr. Curzon remarked that negotiations might have occurred on the subject between the Sultan and Greece, but Her Majesty's Government knew nothing about them.

Touching upon the question of the withdrawal of the Greek troops from the Island of Crete, Mr. Curzon asserted this would open the door leading to an almost immediate and pacific settlement of the question. Since the blockade, Mr. Curzon pointed out, many thousands of helpless and defenceless people have been protected by the forces of the powers and their admirals have done inestimable work in the relief of the beleaguered and the saving of life. But, in the face of explicit warnings, the insurgents had persisted in their endeavors to starve out the Turkish garrisons at outlying points and obtained command of the outposts commanding the towns occupied by the forces of the powers.

They had also tried to cut off the water supply and had even engaged in fighting with the European troops. But, Mr. Curzon was glad to say, during the last few days the situation had become calmer. In the meanwhile active discussions were proceeding among the powers relative to the question of appointing a Government for the Island of Crete and instituting a militia on the basis of the autonomist constitution promised.

Mr. Curzon then turned to the question of the possibility of war between Greece and Turkey. He insisted the Government had strained every nerve to prevent an outbreak of hostilities, which, he claimed, the Government could only regard as calamitous to Greece and as constituting a grave menace to the peace of Europe. The Government of Her Majesty, he continued, had shown the utmost forbearance and regard for the susceptibilities of all concerned and had taken part in the joint declaration at Constantinople and at Athens to the effect that the aggressor would not be allowed to profit by such action.

As to the Greek raids into Macedonia, Mr. Curzon assured the House that, from information which the Government had received, the raid was entirely unauthorized by the Greek Government and was not participated in by the Greek regular troops. Further, it had been disavowed by the Greek Government, and the Government of Turkey had announced that if the raid was not repeated Turkey would not treat it as casus belli, as she might have done.

After making these statements, Mr. Curzon again paid attention to the Liberal leader. He said that in his speech at Monmouth, in October last, Sir William Harcourt advocated friendship with the other powers, but now he attacked the Government for adopting his suggestion. Mr. Curzon denied the concert of the powers had been helpless. During the past few months, he insisted, the concert had saved Europe from a general war, had prevented greater bloodshed in Crete and had localised the disturbance on the Greco-Turkish frontier. He thought no one would deny that the policy of the Government, peace in Europe and the liberation of Crete, was a good one, but, if the Opposition had an alternative, let the House hear it.

Mr. Curzon was frequently cheered during the course of his speech.

In reply, Sir William Harcourt said that, although the Government declined his challenge, he would not decline its challenge, now made, although he was of the opinion the matter was of so great importance that it ought to have been discussed on a definite issue.

Mr. Balfour, the Liberal leader continued, complained that his motion was not sufficiently censorious, but, if the motion had been carried, it would have turned out the Government. What more did Her Majesty's Government want? Why did not the Government substitute for it a vote of confidence? The reason was, Sir William Harcourt said, that the Government would not face the question of the forces of the Crown being employed against Greece. Never before he asserted, had a Government declined to meet such a motion or shrank from such an issue, and it was now the duty of the Opposition to record the views of the united Liberals.

The Government, continued Sir William, said its principles were liberty for Crete and peace for Europe. But, he asked, what sort of liberty for Crete? Was it the kind the Cretans desired? The explanations given, the speaker insisted, were not given in the House of Commons, but at smoking concerts, and it seemed to him this showed a desire to disparage the House of Commons. Therefore, he regretted the Government had undertaken to stifle discussion in the House as no Government had ever done before.

THE BOERS WILL FIGHT.

Transvaal Officials Talk of Nothing But War, Which They Say is Inevitable.

London, April 12.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Cape Town says the Het Dagblad, the Dutch newspaper, declares that leading officials of the Transvaal speak openly of war with England as inevitable, and aver that it will be carried right up to Table Bay.

The Fight at Brazzeville.

New York, April 12.—The Associated Press has received the following special correspondence, dated Brazzeville, Africa, Jan. 31: "Upon arriving at Brazzeville we found Merchand making preparations to go to the relief of the men at the Quello River crossing. The details of the battles were received from one of his soldiers who returned here. The first real skirmishing was with a chief named Mobyalla, who, or some of his tribe, killed a French soldier about a year ago. Merchand's men marched on the village. Mobyalla showed resistance, but his flint-locks were not equal to modern rifles. Mobyalla was wounded and his head cut off and brought to Brazzeville. The natives say over 100 were killed in this village, but Merchand's soldiers assert that the number was not more than 25 or 50. After the battle the village was burned. Continuing their march the villages along the Manyanga road were surrounded at night. As daylight approached the natives were awakened by the blast of a trumpet, and as they came out of their huts were shot down on all sides. Village after village was destroyed in this manner, no quarter being given.

"The natives used clay balls in their old muskets, having burned them dry to about the consistency of brick. In shooting they do not pull the gun to the shoulder or look at the sight, but point at the object as one would with a stick and then fire. Several of Merchand's men were struck by these clay balls, but were not wounded seriously.

"The expedition consists of 145 white officers and 143 black soldiers from Western Soudan, called Senegalese, but they are by rights Soudanese.

"On arrival at Loango, on the coast, July 24, Merchand and some of the white officers came direct to Brazzeville, but the main body did not reach here until Jan. 12."

Caused a sensation.

London, April 12.—The speech of the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Geo. J. Goschen, at the farewell banquet tendered on Saturday to Sir Alfred Milner, the newly-appointed High Com-

Continued on Page 7.

COLOR OF THE COAT

Appears to Make a Difference Just Now.

The Riflemen are Kicking Because it is Proposed to Send Infantry to England—Green Coats Claim to be Ahead of Red Coats in Efficiency and Should Get the Preference—Rumors of Superannuations to Come—Bisley Team Complete—Another Fast Steamship Offer—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 12.—(Special.)—A rumor has been current in military circles here that it is the intention to send to the Old Country a regiment of infantry at the expense of the Government. This report has stirred up a rather bitter feeling among the rifles. They assert that there is not an infantry regiment in Canada that can possibly approach the standard of efficiency gained by the rifle corps, and they claim that the men who have labored hard and won distinction should have the preference. The element of truth, however, as far as can be learned, is lacking in this rumor. Some discussion had arisen over the question of uniform to be worn by the contingent of Canadians which is to go to England. The original intention was to take over three companies of redcoats, two rifles and one of garrison artillery from Ontario. The suggestion has been made that as by far the large majority of the Canadian militia are redcoats, the whole regiment should be supplied with the regulation infantry uniform with white helmets, before embarking. From this suggestion probably arose the report of an intention to send over an infantry regiment. Uniformity in the dress of the men would certainly make a much smarter looking battalion than a patchwork one, such as that originally suggested.

The Liberal Free Press has another crack at The Globe to-night. It says: "The hon. member for Vancouver, Mr. McInnes, is still not on rapport with The Toronto Globe. It devotes several columns to the consideration of his speech in Parliament. The lad certainly protests a great deal."

Dr. Saunders, director of Experimental Farms, is at present being visited by his nephew, Mr. Albert E. Reed, a large paper manufacturer of Maidstone, Kent, Eng. Mr. Reed is interested in the paper pulp mill of Canada, and since his arrival in this country has visited the pulp manufactories at Chatham, N.B., and purchased the Masterman sulphite pulp mill, located on the Miramichi River. He proposes to enlarge the capacity of this mill, so as to bring its product up to 30 tons per day. The greater part of the pulp will be required in England to supply the needs of the paper mills operated by Mr. Reed. The pulp required for these mills has hitherto been obtained mainly from Norway and Sweden.

Rumors of coming superannuations of Deputy Ministers were rife to-day. Indeed it was stated positively this afternoon that orders-in-Council superannuating J. J. McGee, clerk of the Privy Council, and Col. White, Deputy Postmaster-General, had been passed, but your correspondent had it from the Premier himself that there was not a shadow of foundation for these reports.

The Bisley team for this year is complete, the first twenty having accepted with the exception of Surgeon-Major Ross of the 77th Battalion, Dundas, who finds it impossible to get away. His place is therefore taken by Lieut. Carter of the 93rd "Cumberland" Battalion. Private J. H. Simpson of the Royal Grenadiers, Toronto, is waiting man, and is prepared to go to England if an opportunity is offered.

While it is true that the Government has received a second offer for a fast Atlantic service, backed up by an intimation that $200,000 will be deposited as an evidence of bona fides, it appears that the Petersons hold the winning hand. The latest proposal is for a 20-knot service from Milford Haven in Wales, to Middle Milford, in the Straits of Canso, N.S. The ocean trip, it is said, will be made in four days, and the subsidy asked for is said to be $350,000.

A somewhat unusual application is now before Parliament. The Mycenian Marble Company of Canada, of which John I. Davidson is president, and Fred F. Manley of Toronto is secretary, finds that, through inadvertence on the part of one of its officers, the patent of the process under which the company makes artificial marble has been allowed to lapse. The patent was originally issued in January, 1891, but the fee paid only covered a period of five years, and to keep the patent alive the remainder of the fee should have been forwarded to the Department of Agriculture before Jan. 3, 1896. Some time after this date it was discovered that the renewal fee had not been forwarded to Ottawa in proper time, and when the money was sent the Commissioner of Patents, under the law, could not receive it. Hence it is necessary to come to Parliament to secure permission to authorise the Commissioner of Patents to accept the fee in order that the patent may be renewed. Only twice within the past 10 years has an application of this kind been made to Parliament, the last one being with regard to the Alder light.

Mr. Earle, M. P., received the following telegram to night from Mr. Ellsworthy, secretary of the Victoria Board of Trade: "Sailing ship Alice A. Leigh arrived in the Royal Road from Yokohama in tow of the American tug Tacoma on Saturday, with smallpox on board. The quarantine officer insists upon her being towed to the quarantine station. The American sailed without going through quarantine, consequently a local tug must be engaged to tow the ship. The quarantine officer demands that the tug shall stay at quarantine for 14 days. This is considered unnecessary. Please have the quarantine officer instructed to discharge the tug after proper fumigation."

The Minister of Agriculture was out of the city, but Mr. Earle saw Mr. Mulock, who said he would look into the matter and if necessary permission can be given without endangering the lives of the community it will be done.

Senator George A. Cox and Messrs. F. Nicholls and William McKenzie signed the petition of the James' Bay Railway Company, which last year secured authority to build a railway from Parry Sound to James' Bay. They now ask for an extension of powers to enable the company to build an independent line from Toronto to Parry Sound.

Mr. Belcourt proposes to urge the Government to do something in the way of establishing a national museum here.

Mr. F. C. Lightfoot of the Public Works Department is to be superannuated.

LEBRUN'S
New Spring
Suits and Overcoats
All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.
READY TO TAKE MEASURES
For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.
SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS
See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:
Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.
Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.
Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.
READY TO WEAR.
This department is in full swing.
Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.
Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.
H. LeBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER
Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate, Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

What Do You Lack?
Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.
The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA,
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Lost or Found.

FOUND.
A LADY'S FUR BOA. Owner can obtain it by applying at Review Office. 3d86

Wanted.

WANTED.
SMART YOUNG GIRL from the country, as general servant. Apply for address at Review Business Office. 1dw16

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d68f

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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FOR SALE.
TWO STOREY BRICK HOUSE, NO. 694 Water St., Peterborough. Apply on the premises. 6d86

FOR SALE.
THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 80od

WOOD FOR SALE.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity. Long or Short.
HARDWOOD, Long or Short, from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.
TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.
Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone. ERNEST MANN, Telephone 393. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.
Telephone 239, - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

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SUBSCRIBED $48,000
PAID STOCK $12,900
ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES,
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
Surgery in Bank of Commerce Block, opposite Post Office. Residence, Huffman House. d81

Probabilities.
Fresh to strong south-easterly to southerly winds; mostly fair and mild, with showers at some places.

R. F.
1897 STYLES

OUR
NEW SPRING STYLES

CARPETS
Were never so handsome so reasonable in price.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
283 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 68 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d57

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

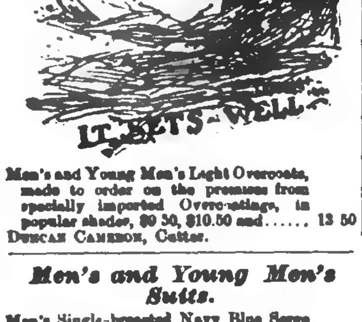
WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00



Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and...... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings.......... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Grey Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns.......... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles.......... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style.......... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the nattiest all wool togs to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for.......... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Grey, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings.......... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes.......... 5 00
Men's Oxford Grey, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish.......... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

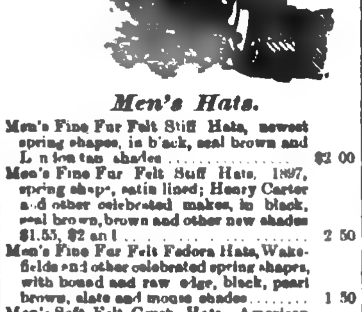
Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined.......... $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings...... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings...... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 .... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes.......... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to.......... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match.......... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

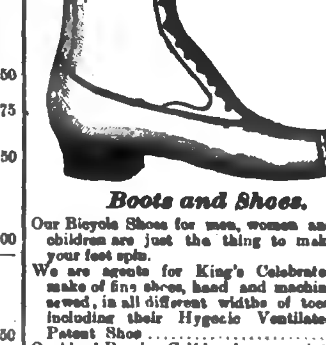


Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades.......... 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats. American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c.......... 35



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Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Piccadilly toe........ 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip.......... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery. Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH.

Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a reaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children." MRS. L. KLAUSFELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897

"PAINE'S"

The Name and Reputation Imply Much.

Paine's Celery Compound Establishes Safety, Health and Strength.

Never Allow Any Dealer to Persuade You to Take Something Else.

"Paine's!" Glorious talismanic name that speaks a wealth of hope and health to the thousands of disease-burdened men and woman!

"Paine's!" Marvellous healer that cures when all other medicines fail!

"Paine's!" Thou bright loadstar of the despondent that bringest a world of joy and new life after the doctors have declared the case to be incurable!

Now is the time use Paine's Celery Compound if you would be well, happy and hearty.

The heart, kidneys, liver, stomach—all these great organs with the majority of people are out of order in the spring time, and call for aid and repairing so that their work may be properly done.

If you have any of these organs out of repair your whole nervous system is out of gear and your life is in peril.

Paine's Celery Compound gives perfect action to the heart and other important organs; it makes pure blood, gives perfect digestion, sweet sleep, and puts you in a condition of vigor and strength that enables you to battle against the heat of summer and all the epidemics that may arise.

Remember that "Paine's" is the kind that cures. Refuse the something *just as good* that some dealers would offer you. Ask for Paine's Celery Compound and see that you are supplied with it.

Personal

The Belleville Sun says:—"The pulpit of the Holloway-st. church was filled yesterday at both services by Rev. Mr. Rae, of Peterborough. Both his sermons were eloquent and were attentively listened to by large congregations."

Henry Ward Beecher once informed a man who came to him complaining of gloomy and despondent feelings, that what be most needed was a good cathartic, meaning, of course, such a medicine as Ayer's Cathartic Pills, every dose being effective.

FROM THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[By special arrangement with Mr. John A. Phillips, the correspondent at Ottawa of the Montreal Gazette, the REVIEW will publish once or twice a week a letter from the capital. The letters will deal with matters before the House and will prove interesting.]

OTTAWA, April 10.

The feature of the week has been the bringing down of the estimates on Thursday by Mr. Fielding. A perusal of this small, but expensive blue book reveals the fact that the Government is not at all likely to practice in power that economy which they preached so persistently while in Opposition. The total amount required by the Government is $44,607,239, of which $38,111,663 is on account of Consolidated Fund, and $6,495,576 on capital account. These, it must be remembered, are only the main estimates, there will probably be supplementaries amounting to a couple of millions or so. As the estimates stands they show a decrease on account of Consolidated Fund of $114,125 from the main estimates for 1896-97 as submitted to the House, and an increase of $3,073,433 in capital account. As there is every probability that the supplementary estimates for 1897-98 will be as large as, or larger than the supplementary estimates for 1896-97, which amounted to $2,576,954, the present indication is that the total amount asked for 1897-98 will exceed the amount for 1896-97 by about $5,000,000, of which $1,500,000 will be on account of consolidated fund and $3,500,000 on capital account.

* * *

Perhaps the worst feature in the estimates is that they disclose the fact that the Government has decided to reduce the rate of interest paid on deposits in Post office and Government Savings Banks from 3½ to 3 per cent per annum, thus affecting a so-called "saving" to the Government of $170,000, but at the expense of the provident who are trying to save up a few dollars and to whom the confiscation of one-seventh of this income is a much more serious matter than it would be to Mr. Fielding if his salary as Minister of Finance was reduced from $7,000 a year to $6,000. This reduction of the rate of interest is probably made at the instance of banks, as a deputation of bankers waits on Mr. Foster about a year ago and urged that the reduction be made, but, to Mr. Foster's credit be it said, he refused, and the rates were continued at 3½ per cent. What Mr. Foster would have done had he remained in office, your correspondent, of course, cannot say; but it is not at all probable that he would ever have consented to rob the comparatively poor but provident class which deposits its savings in the Government banks on account of their security, in order that the chartered banks may add to their already enormous profits and increase the big dividends of 8 to 12 per cent which they are now paying. It must be remembered that the chartered banks allow, as a rule, 4 per cent on deposits in their savings banks, and their object in asking the Government to reduce the rate of interest in the Post office saving bank to 3 per cent is that the chartered banks may reduce their rate to 3½ per cent. It would have been wiser on the part of Mr. Fielding to replace the interest rate for deposits in Government banks to 4 per cent., what it was until 1881, than to have reduced it to 3 per cent.

* * *

Wednesday's proceedings in the House were interesting and the debate which sprung up in connection with the statements made at the annual meeting of the Grand Trunk that the Government had agreed to assist the company in enlarging the Victoria bridge at Montreal so that it would practically cost the company nothing, was one of the most animated of the session. Mr. Foster made an excellent speech and was exceeding emphatic in his condemnation of the Government in withholding from Parliament information which it imparted to private parties, so that the first intimation the House got of what the Government had done was from the newspapers. This was treating the House with great disrespect. Mr. Blair's defence was weak and left the impression that he was not quite frank in his bargain with Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, and that in the event of the Nova Scotia election going against the Government and Mr. Fielding revenging himself on the province by removing or reducing the duty on coal the agreement with the Grand Trunk may be revised. Sir Chas. Tupper was never in better form and he gave Mr. Fielding an exceedingly uncomfortable half hour while he exposed and denounced the conduct of the Minister in using information as to what the action of the Government would be with respect to coal, under certain circumstances, in order to influence the Nova Scotia elections.

* * *

A variety of topics engaged the attention of the House on Thursday. Speaker Edgar gave an authoritative denial to the statement made in the Senate that liquor is being supplied within the precincts of the House of Commons. The morals of the House having been vindicated it proceeded to the consideration of Mr. Charlton's Sabbath observance bill. From the criticism offered by Mr. Laurier on the measure it is evident that Mr. Charlton has not yet fully convinced his leader as to the necessity of such legislation. The bill proposes to stop Sunday newspapers, Sunday traffic on canals and railways, and Sunday excursions. The Premier was inclined to think that all of these matters except the management of the canals, would come more properly within the jurisdiction of the provinces. He questioned whether the Sunday excursions as practised in Quebec detracted from the religious character of the day. In spite of this rebuff Mr. Charlton pressed his measure and it was given a second reading. The Government will no doubt see that it is amended in committee so as to expunge everything but the canal clause. Following this came Mr. McLennan's bill to compel railway companies to issue second-class return tickets at the same percentage of reduction as first-class return tickets. The proposition was opposed by Mr. Laurier, who questioned whether it was wise by means of legislation to attempt to curtail the methods by which railway companies carry on their business. The bill was read a second time to be strangled in committee. A bill to exclude American railway contractors from operation in Canada was given a second reading.

* * *

There was a full discussion in the House Wednesday evening on the principal of alien labor legislation. Two bills were before the House, one promoted by Mr. Cowan and the other by Mr. George Taylor. The opinion of the House as to the necessity of such legislation at this stage was unanimous. Some members took the position that Parliament should go further and prohibit United States contractors from operating in Canada. The consensus of opinion, however, was that the legislation being of a retaliatory nature should be word for word and line for line with the United States law. Both the bills were referred to a special committee, which is clothed with power to enquire into the matter and report to Parliament. The Premier gave the positive assurance that the reference was not for the purpose of killing the bill, but that he proposed it shall become law this session. Mr. Cowan, who made a short stump speech on his bill, voiced the opinion of the House fairly well by the slightly slangy expression that citizens of the United States should not be allowed to slide down the Canadian cellar door unscratched if they persisted in putting tacks on their's.

* * *

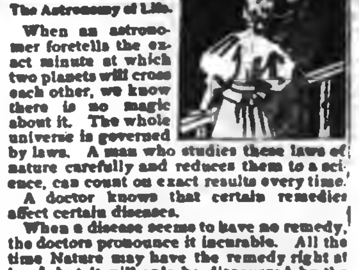
Mr. Blair appears determined to vigorously prosecute the Conservative policy of enlarging the canals and asks for no less a sum than $3,000,000 on capital amount for this purpose. This is a vote which Conservatives can endorse as well as Liberals, and, perhaps, more heartily, for the deepening of the St. Lawrence canals to 14 feet was decided on by the Conservative party as long ago as 1872, and the work has been proceeded with gradually ever since. If Mr. Laurier thinks the country is able to stand the strain of rushing the work to completion in two or three years, there is no just cause of complaint.

JOHN A. PHILLIPS.

Sat Up in His Coffin.

Edward Geddings, a farmer living near Sumter, has been ill for six weeks with grip. A few days ago he became much worse, and yesterday morning was pronounced dead by doctors, nurse and relatives. The coffin was ordered and the body was prepared for burial. In the afternoon it was placed in the coffin, and the interment was to take place this morning.

During the evening, when the room was full of the dead man's friends, who were talking in low tones, a voice was heard issuing from the coffin. One of the men opened the lid and Geddings rose to a sitting posture and spoke to them. He was quickly undressed and put to bed. To-day he is reported improved, and there are hopes of his recovery, but hereafter there will be one more family among the advocates of cremation in this vicinity.—Atlanta Constitution.



The Astronomy of Life.

When an astronomer foretells the exact minute at which two planets will cross each other, we know there is no magic about it. The whole universe is governed by laws. A man who studies these laws of nature carefully and reduces them to a science, can count on exact results every time.

A doctor knows that certain remedies affect certain diseases.

When a disease seems to have no remedy, the doctors pronounce it incurable. All the time Nature may have the remedy right at hand, but it will only be discovered by the doctor who has studied longer and deeper than others into this particular disease.

Consumption seemed for a long time without a remedy, until Dr. Pierce made his wonderful "Golden Medical Discovery" years ago. It has proved to be a marvelous and almost unfailing specific for consumption and all forms of lung, bronchial and throat difficulties.

Its effects seem almost magical but its operation is based upon simple natural laws. It has the peculiar property of enabling the blood-making glands to manufacture healthy, red blood and pour it abundantly into the circulation. This nourishing, vitalizing effect is rapidly manifested in the lungs and bronchial tubes where it stops the wasting process and builds up healthy tissue.

It is readily assimilated by stomachs which are too weak to digest cod liver oil, and it is far superior to malt-extracts as a permanent and scientific flesh-builder in all wasting diseases.

"Twenty-five years ago eight different doctors told me that I would live but a short time, that I had consumption and must die," writes Geo. B. Coope, Esq., of Myers Valley, Pottawatomie Co., Kans. "I finally commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and am still on the land and among the living. I have faith to believe that it has lengthened my life for the last twenty-five years, and I have so much faith in all of your medicines that I want one of your 'Common Sense Medical Advisers.'"

Dr. Pierce's medicines are recognized as standard remedies throughout the world. His "Pleasant Pellets" cure constipation.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

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FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1895.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER.
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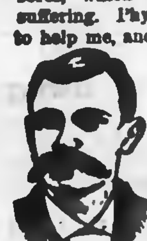
FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

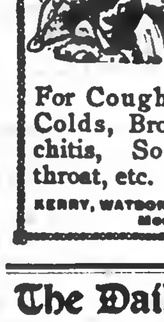


AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence." — G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds



Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

The Daily Review

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897

RENEWED HEALTH

EASILY OBTAINED BY THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Grateful Letters From all Parts of the Dominion Testify to Their Wonderful Power—As a Spring Medicine They Surpass all Others.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done more to alleviate suffering than any other medicine yet discovered. They have effected cures in hundreds of cases pronounced incurable by physicians, and they have brought rejoicing into the homes of thousands throughout the Dominion. Among those who speak of this wonderful medicine in terms of gratitude is Mr. Lemuel McCready, of Shannon, N.B. He says:—"A year ago I was taken with a pain in my hip, which gradually worked down to the knee where it settled. At first I thought it an attack of rheumatism and treated it with the medicine ordinarily used for that trouble, but with no benefit. The knee began to swell and the pain became excruciating. I wasted away to a mere shadow, and was no better than a cripple. I then consulted a physician, but still got no relief. Then I went to an hospital at St. John. The physician who examined me there said my trouble was consumption of the blood, and that it might be necessary to amputate my leg. Thoroughly discouraged, I returned home. Then my mother urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using two or three boxes I found the pain greatly diminishing, and by the time I had taken seven boxes, the limb had regained its normal condition, the pain had all disappeared, I had gained greatly in flesh and was as well as ever I had been in my life. I feel very grateful for I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved me from a life of helplessness.

It is such wonderful cures as Mr. McCready's that has given Dr. Williams' Pink Pills their great reputation and made them the favorite medicine in thousands of families throughout the land. They are especially intended for purifying the blood and strengthening the nerves, and at this season of the year, when most people are feeling languid as the result of close confinement during the winter months, a couple of boxes of Pink Pills will give renewed life and energy. Do not be persuaded to take any of the numerous pink coloured imitations, which some dealers, whose only thought is their own profit, try to impose upon the public. If your dealer will not give you the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they will be sent post paid at 50c per box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. As a spring medicine a half dozen boxes will serve a whole family.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

THE TARIFF APRIL 22

Announcement at Last Made in the House of Commons.

Mr. McMullen's Civil Service Bill—Sir Charles Tupper Indulges in Some Badinage in Regard to the Measure—Mr. Laurier Disclaims Government Responsibility—The Fast Steamship Line and the Franchise Bill—A Lot of Questions Answered—Cattle Quarantine at the Boundary and the British Embargo—House of Commons Proceedings.

Ottawa, April 12.—(Special.)—One important statement was made by the Minister of Finance this afternoon—a statement for which the country has been anxiously waiting for weeks.

It is in brief that the new tariff will be submitted to Parliament on Thursday of next week, the 22nd inst.

Previous to this Mr. McMullen introduced his bill to amend the Civil Service Act. He explained that his object was to create a supervisory board to manage the civil service. There was no possibility of the present Government being able to economize, as every attempt at dismissal from the civil service in cases where officers civil service in cases where officers were unnecessary or inefficient, and how little they had to do, pressure would be brought to bear in order to retain them in office, and the cry would be raised that dismissals were taking place for political partisanship. He believed that the Government of to-day was paying salaries for 1000 more civil servants than were necessary. The board which he proposed to create should be placed in the same position as the Auditor-General, and removable only on the vote of both Houses for cause.

Mr. Wood (Hamilton) said he would be glad if the hon. member would go further with this bill, and take all responsibility for appointments in the service off the shoulders of the members of Parliament.

Sir Charles Tupper said that he was glad to know that Mr. McMullen had come to the conclusion that it was unsafe to leave the civil service in the hands of the present Government. [Laughter.] He quite agreed with him. Everyone remembered the pitiful wail of Mr. Mackenzie when in office that he had to stand guard over the public treasury to prevent it being pillaged by his Liberal supporters. Any measure that would take it out of the hands of the present Ministry to act in the tyrannical way they had been doing would meet with approval. The Government had already demoralized the civil service and it would take years to restore it to its former position. No greater outrage could have been perpetrated by the present Government than the disgraceful manner in which they had acted in the Interior Department. The new Deputy Minister had discredited himself by the manner in which he mismanaged matters as Manitoba Commissioner at the World's Fair. Now he had to be brought here, replacing a gentleman of great ability, appointed by a former Liberal Government, and who enjoyed the confidence of both parties, in order that the Minister of the Interior might secure his election by acclamation in Brandon. Mr. McMullen had not introduced his bill a moment too soon. [Cheers.]

Mr. Laurier said that Mr. McMullen had acted entirely on his own responsibility. Any measure that would remove the temptations that beset public men would have his support. Sir Charles had referred to Mr. Mackenzie's standing guard over the treasury. It was a pity for Canada that there were not more men of that kind. [Cheers.] Who stood guard for Canada when the section B contract was under construction? Who stood guard when the Quebec graving dock was being constructed? With regard to the civil service, he desired to say that it must be non-partisan. No more should they be henchmen of the men in power. They did not trust the civil servants to do their bidding, as some of them did the bidding of the hon. gentlemen opposite when they calculated that the Government would receive $50,000,000 from the sale of public lands alone. The moment a man became a political partisan he had no favor to expect or to receive at the hands of the Government.

After some observations from Mr Casey, Mr. McMullen said he did not propose to go as far as Mr. Wood, as he thought members should be entitled to a little patronage.

The bill was read a first time.

Mr. Fielding informed Sir Charles that his expectation was to bring down the budget and tariff Tuesday the 22nd.

Sir Charles Tupper: I suppose there is no hope of expecting it before the 20th? [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding said that even if it did come down before the 20th the tariff proposals would be such as to assist the Liberal party, wherever they might be, in Canada.

Mr. Foster asked what Government business they would take up in the meantime.

Mr. Laurier: The franchise bill.

Sir Charles Tupper said that Mr. Foster would withdraw his amendment with a view of expediting the bringing down of the budget.

Mr. Foster added that he would withdraw his amendment if the Government would not proceed with the bill.

Mr. Laurier: That is a subject for conference between Sir Charles Tupper and myself.

Eleven private bills were read the second time and sent to their several committees.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Gillies that Mr. McDonald, station master at Point Tupper, had been dismissed from his position because he could not attend to the duties of his office and study law at Halifax at the same time. [Laughter.]

Mr. Tarte told Mr. Lemieux that Mr. Charlevois' outstanding claims on account of the Langevin block contract amounted to $296,222.

Sir Richard Cartwright told Major Hughes that no changes had been made in the general administration of the Royal Military College except the retirement of the late commandant.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. Davin that a representative of Manitoba and the Territories would be invited to accompany the Hudson Bay expedition.

Mr. Haggart asked if the Government intended to rescind the remedial order of March 21, 1895.

Mr. Laurier replied: "The policy of the Government upon this subject has already been announced. They do not think it advisable to take any further action in this matter."

Mr. Fielding informed Mr. Monk that it was not proposed to print evidence taken before the Tariff Enquiry Commission, as the newspapers had given pretty full reports of the proceedings.

Mr. Paterson told Mr. Davies that his department had been informed that smuggling was carried on by crews of American whalers from Herschel Island into the Mackenzie River basin.

Mr. Bennett was informed by Mr. Tarte that the aggregate amount expended by the Public Works Department in Collingwood harbor was $227,286, and in Owen Sound $236,755.

Mr. Davin then took up the question of the removal of cattle quarantine at the international boundary, and pointed out how grievously it would affect the stock raisers of Alberta. Canadian ranchmen, he said, were apprehensive of serious loss by the movement of cattle northwards from the Idaho-Montana regions for the purpose of being fattened on the Canadian side, thus destroying the ranges adjacent to the border, and giving ranchmen of our own country no advantage whatever in return. He concluded by moving for an order of the House for all documents bearing on the changes in the quarantine regulations between the United States and the western country; also for particulars of changes made in the personnel of officials in charge of quarantine.

Mr. Lister replied that the apprehension was not well founded, as the duty would afford ample protection. Moreover, the new regulation admitting healthy American or Canadian cattle from one country to the other without quarantine, had wrought a revival in our cattle exports to the States. If hon. gentlemen, he said, would take up The London Free Press, The Brockville and the Buffalo papers, they would find that the promulgation of the new regulations was immediately followed by considerable export. He charged that the late Government had administered the quarantine with notable laxity.

Dr. Montague assumed from the abolition of quarantine against the United States that the Government gave up all hope of securing the removal of the British embargo on the Canadian live stock. For himself he did not think they were giving up much, because after his personal communication with the British Board of Agriculture, he was convinced that there was no hope of our getting it removed, the embargo being simply a measure of protection to the British agriculturist. There was no great credit due the Government for the new order. The late Government could have secured it in five minutes, but refrained from abolishing quarantine so long as there was a shadow of hope of securing the greater advantage of an untrammeled British market. True, a rush of exports had followed the new regulation, but the result to the Canadian cattle shippers was unsatisfactory. It was interesting to hear Mr. Lister talk reassuringly of the protection of the duty after Mr. Laurier's boast in South Brant that the new Government had secured to the people of Canada free trade in cattle with the United States. [Laughter.]

Messrs. McMillan and McMullen argued that the embargo was the result of the lax administration of quarantine regulations by the late Government.

Dr. Montague offered to produce a letter from the President of the British Board of Agriculture stating that there was no doubt whatever in England as to the manner in which the cattle quarantine had been carried out. Mr. McMullen quoted Mr. Mulock in support of his contention.

Sir Charles Tupper replied that the clear and incontrovertible fact was made out in favor of the removal of the embargo, that the Colonial Minister dissociated himself from his colleagues in the matter, declaring over his own signature in a letter to the Department of Agriculture, that he was perfectly satisfied no pleuro-pneumonia existed in Canada. Besides, the admission was made boldly in the British House of Commons that the embargo was simply a means of protection against competition. Did the Postmaster-General assume to know more about British affairs than the British Government itself? Sir Charles asked.

Dr. Sproule, after recess, spoke for some time in contravention of the new Liberal position that there was no necessity for rigid quarantine upon the border.

Mr. Oliver supported Mr. Davies' contention, showing that some restriction was necessary to prevent the introduction of sheep scab and glanders. The risk was not, he thought, so great in the case of cattle.

After Mr. Davies had spoken Mr. Laurier remarked upon the interesting character of the discussion, and in the absence of Mr. Fisher, moved the adjournment of the debate.

The motion carried.

Mr. LaRiviere moved for copies of all orders-in-Council, reports to Council, petitions, memorials or other documents relating to the Manitoba school question, not already submitted to this House. He expressed astonishment at the Premier's announcement recently that no documents existed in connection with the question, the settlement negotiations having been oral. In a matter of such vital importance as the school question, he thought all proposals and counter proposals and replies should have been committed to writing. The House was now in no position to form any estimate of what might have been accomplished by the Federal Government through these negotiations. The country had been told that the settlement was not final, said Mr. LaRiviere, and in proof he proceeded to quote from Mr. Laurier's remarks, when he was called to order under the rule that prevents reference to a previous debate.

Mr. Laurier said he had no objection whatever to the return being brought down. The Government were just as anxious as the Opposition to have the full light of day upon the negotiations. Indeed, the papers were now in course of preparation and would be produced shortly.

Mr. Moore moved "That in the opinion of this House it is in the best interests of the farming and laboring classes and the country generally that the duty on imported refined petroleum for illuminating purposes be reduced to 3 cents per imperial gallon." He said the question should be considered from three different standpoints, that is, from the point of enabling the poorer classes to get cheap and good coal oil, while the Canadian producer enjoyed a fair amount of protection and the Government got a reasonable revenue. There was no question but that the tillers of the soil should be thoroughly considered, and this was an opportunity for the Government to adopt a measure for their benefit. He asserted that the quality of the Canadian oil was rather inferior to that of the American, which he held to be one reason why the duty should be lowered, and in this connection compared the prices in Canada and the United States, contending that no satisfactory reason had been advanced for the discrepancy. The consumption of coal oil from 1887 to 1896, he said, amounted to over $13,300,000 more than it would have cost but for the duty. The excessive duty he held to be responsible for extensive smuggling.

Mr. Lister, after briefly setting forth the inadvisability of discussing a matter of this kind in advance of the early production of the tariff, and questioning the accuracy of the hon. member's figures, moved the adjournment of the debate.

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Mrs. William O. Roberts, 25 Lippincott street, Toronto, says: "I suffered for nearly 30 years with a severe form of eczema in one limb. A few weeks ago it was so bad that the limb had swollen twice its natural size. I was treated in a general hospital and have used a number of different preparations, but could not get rid of the impure blood or get the sores healed. They were constantly running and discharging matter. A few weeks ago I began treatment with Munyon's doctors and have been using their remedies with the most satisfactory results. The different sores have greatly healed up and the discharge of matter has completely ceased. I am indeed thankful, as I had almost given up ever being cured."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

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Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

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Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

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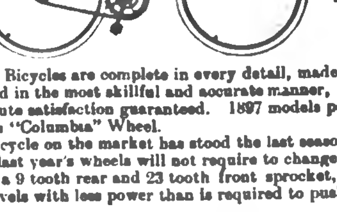

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Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

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(3 BIKES)
PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.
Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	-	$75.00	
Dominion	- -	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

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Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

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MILLINERY, MANTLES, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, STAPLES WASH DRESS GOODS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, CARPETS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SMALL WARES, in fact everything in the Store will be Marked at a GENUINE REDUCTION.

Our space will not permit us quoting prices; all we ask is that any person requiring first-class goods at genuine reduced prices should not fail to call, as we are determined to clear this stock.

As a firm assuming the business of the old established place, which has always done the leading trade, we ask your confidence and guarantee it shall not be betrayed.

P. S.—All people holding Coupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the first of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

130-134 Simcoe Street, Peterborough.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

30 BOXES OF

CURTAIN POLES AND TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived!

All nicely Assorted from 20 cents up the Set.

Also watch for our Cheap Wall Paper rates, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

It Pays to Advertise n the Review

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Suspended Sentence.

At Police Court this morning Alex. Ross, who was found guilty yesterday of stealing hens from Mr. Gordon Wright, came up for sentence and was allowed to go on suspended sentence.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

THE VETERANS ORGANIZE

And Decide to Co-operate With the 57th Battalion in a Queen's Birthday Celebration—Petitions Signed.

The meeting of the veterans held last evening in the officers quarters at the drill shed was largely attended; about forty who had served in '66 were present, together with some who had served in '64, '65 and '70.

Col. H. C. Rogers was elected to the chair, and Mr. J. D. Collins was chosen secretary.

Mr. A. P. Poussette, Q C., secretary of the special committee appointed to draft a constitution presented a report, the name given the organization by the constitution being "The Veterans of 1866 Association." The constitution also provided that the veterans shall turn out on every national holiday, and at the funeral of any member of the Association. It also provides that all who have served in the Imperial service, army or navy, shall be honorary members of the Association, This report was adopted.

Two petitions, which have been referred to in the REVIEW before, were signed by those present. One was to the Minister of Militia recounting the services of the volunteers and suggesting recognition of their services by medal or otherwise. The second petition was to the Queen regarding the adoption of a general service medal for the Canadian Militia, especially for those who had seen service, with clasps for those who might see service in the future.

Lieut.-Col. Bell addressed the meeting, stating that the 57th Battalion had decided to celebrate Queen's birthday, and he asked he veterans to co-operate. He outlined the general programme of parade of the artillery, the cavalry, the 57th and the veterans.

On resolution the veterans appointed Messrs. A. P. Poussette, Q.C., T. A. S. Hay, J. D. Collins, John Irwin and R. M. Roy as a committee to co-operate with the Battalion in the 24th of May celebration.

The meeting concluded with the National anthem, sang with a vigorous enthusiasm by the forty or more veterans present.

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines, was their nauseousness. In our day, this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood-purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year' make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

Service at St John's.

There will be service at St. John's church this evening at 8 o'clock. A short address will be given, and the "Story of the Cross" will be sung.

OAK HALL.

The Queen's Jubilee.

The Queen's Jubilee Celebration committee was called to meet last evening to make definite arrangements for the celebration and to receive the report of the committee appointed to strike the sub-committees. But there was no quorum and an adjournment was made until Tuesday, 20th. It is to be hoped the matter will not be allowed to drop out of the minds of the gentlemen appointed to arrange the celebration. There should be no difficulty in having a quorum at any time.

TO BECOME CHURCH MEMBERS.

Fully 200 Decide to Affiliate With Town Churches—Close of the Meetings at George-st. Church.

Evangelist Ranton concluded his three weeks evangelistic services in the George-st. church last evening with a reception service, which was attended by a congregation that packed the edifice.

The meeting was conducted somewhat out of the usual, addresses being delivered by Revs. W. R. Young and W. O. Beer, as well as Mr. Ranton.

During the service Miss Clara Belleghem contributed a solo with decided effect.

The after service was attended by nearly all of the large congregation and 200 persons were received into church membership, and nearly all the congregations in town will be increased in membership. Another reception service will be held in the course of a week or so. Fully 450 persons have announced their intention to become Christians.

Mr. Ranton commences services in the Charlotte-st. church this evening.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath, caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh, and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give one blow through the blower and you get relief immediately. Price, including blower, 25 cents.

Calcutt's Ale and Porter.

A special Easter brewing is now ready. Kept by all the leading grocers. $1 per dozen. 6d89

Paper Hanging in Best Style

If you require paper hanging done we will send you an artist in the line and guarantee the work. Prices moderate, C. F. Kutzbach, 379 George-st., Routley's old stand. 2d

At the Opera House.

The Wilson Comedy Co. opened an engagement at the opera house last evening when they presented the play, "The Workingmen's Strike," before a fair audience. It was an excellent inaugural, and the repertoire of the company, taking last night's play as a criterion, should ensure good houses.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

They Go to Toronto

The Bicycle Club met last night and finished up business connected with the appointment of delegates to the C W A meet in Toronto on Good Friday next. Messrs. P. Campbell, J. R. Stratton, M. P. P., A. H. Stratton, A. L. Davis, R. Fair, W. K. Hall, and J. W. Fairweather were selected, and received instructions. The delegation will be accompanied by many members of the club and will make the fact plain that Peterborough is out for the meet of 1898.

A Gang of Safe Burglars.

An important communication has been sent out by W. B. Pinkerton, of the widely known New York detective agency, notifying the police of the believed presence of a "gang of notorious safe burglars in this vicinity. These men are described as a gang of slippery customers, the ring-leader of whom is Robert Derkne, who has twice broken jail and is badly wanted in this country." The gang crossed the border near Brockville about a week ago and are supposed to be hanging about in that neighborhood.

A SUMMER RACE MEET

Local Horsemen Are Discussing a Two Days Meeting Here in June

Local horsemen and others interested in seeing a first class race meeting here this summer have been discussing the question and have about decided to hold a two days meet at the driving park on June 22nd and 23rd. It is proposed to offer $1,000 in purses, so that the five events which are now talked of as the programme will give plenty of inducement for good horses to come here and compete.

The date mentioned is a favorable one, as the horses will be on the move then, as some of the best meets are on about that date and the first of July. Peterborough's track will be in the very best condition, so that there will be every inducement for the outside horsemen to come here. The horsemen think Peterborough should be able to support a successful meet and they are inclined to give the people an opportunity to see some first class races, properly managed and by some of the best horses.

Lacrosse.

The lacrosse club at a meeting last evening decided to compete for the trophy at Campbellford on May 24th. Messrs A J Terrill, R Glover and Geo Lipsett were chosen a committee to supervise the repairing of the fence and grand stand of the P.A.A.A. grounds.

Personal.

Mr. A. J. Baxter (Sandy), of the Ottawa Free Press, will spend his holidays amongst old friends in Peterborough and vicinity.

Rev. James S. Potter, of Toronto, well known in Peterborough, is in town on business, stopping with his son, Rev. J. G. Potter, at St. Andrew's manse.

Dr. Kempt, who has been undergoing treatment for eye trouble at New York, returned home last evening, and his friends will learn with regret that there is little improvement in his condition.

Mr J M Irwin left last evening for Rat Portege, whither he has been attracted by the mining boom, and where he will reside. Among several interests he will represent at Rat Portege will be the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co.

Mr. A. Parker has opened a branch of his dye works at Kingston and Mr. Joseph Kidd has been placed in the position of manager Mr. Kidd has held a good position with Mr B. F. Ackerman for several years, and during his residence in town he actively identified himself with the Independent Order of Oddfellows and has held important positions in the Encampment as well as in Peterborough Lodge.

Dr. E. F. Hatton, brother of Mr. G. W. Hatton, is expected in town on a visit this evening. He has been for a number of years surgeon of the Colony hospital at Granada, in the West Indies, and is returning on a leave of absence of six months. He is a native of Peterborough and will be warmly welcomed by many old friends.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills"

Advertise in the REVIEW.

RESULT OF A RUNAWAY.

Mr. Wm. O'Brien, of the Dickson Co., Run Over by a Lumber Waggon—An Arm Broken.

This morning Wm. O'Brien, an employee of the Dickson Co., met with a severe accident which will incapacitate him from work for some weeks.

Mr. O'Brien was delivering a load of lumber in the west end of the town and had almost finished unloading when the horses became frightened and bolted. Mr. O'Brien jumped from the waggon and caught the animals by the head but he could not hold them, and was thrown down upon the road, the heavy waggon running over him.

A doctor was immediately summoned, and on examination it was found Mr. O'Brien had one of his arms broken and his hands and head badly bruised. He was removed to his residence in Ashburnham.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

Military Organizations and the Veterans to Celebrate the 24th of May.

The Queen's birthday will be celebrated by the military organizations and the veterans. Representatives of the 57th battalion artillery, and cavalry, and veterans met last evening with Mr. T. A. Hay, C. E., in the chair, and proceeded to make arrangements.

Major E. B. Edwards was appointed chairman of the Celebration committee and Mr. J. D. Collins, secretary treasurer. A committee composed of Capt. R. M. Dennistoun, (chairman), Major Edwards, Capt. Mason, Sergt. Sharpe, of the 57th, Capt. Snyder, of the artillery, Lieut Cockburn, of the cavalry, and Messrs John Irwin, R. M. Roy and J. D. Collins, of the veterans, was appointed to draft a programme and arrange a prize list. They will report at a meeting to be held on Thursday, April 22nd.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

The Modern Dance.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—Having listened to Rev Mr Ranton's address on "Dancing," I feel bound to say that the embrace of the modern round dance, especially the waltz, is productive of no good. The attitude of some is altogether too close and suggestive to admit of an entirely innocent explanation. Of course this only applies to a few, but a little leaven of this kind has a bad influence. Here is where "conventalism" comes in. Instead of sneering at conventionality and formalism, two names for propriety, it should be cultivated. They are opposites of familiarity, which of all things is the most dangerous. I should have no hesitation in allowing my daughter to go to a house where the appearance of familiarity is viewed with suspicion. But where there are dark corners and luring music, are the stage properties of an all-embracing familiarity, anybody who knows anything knows that passion takes the place of entertainment. To prove the justice of my remarks. I ask you to recall the peculiar conduct of people who have escaped without even a reprimand. We are living very near the brink. I say dance and amuse yourselves young people if you want to, but avoid temptation by a rigid adherence to the strict rules of a preventive conventionality.

CHARLES S.

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE SPRING HAT!

The little hat with scarcely anything on it is not going to be a very popular article.

It takes a great deal of everything nice to make a satisfactory showing. Plenty of Hat, plenty of Flowers, lots of long Egrettes and lots of Ribbon, or some equal assortment, all of unquestionable grade, will be required this spring to make the Hats.

One box of Flowers will trim about two Hats, where in former years it sufficed for nearly a dozen. Six to eight yards of Ribbon disappear—or, rather appear in the new bows, and other articles in proportionabte qualites.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Wilson's Dramatic Co. in the opera house

Services at St. John's church.

Natural Science Association.

Lansdowne Lodge, S. O. E.

57th Battalion drill.

Mount Hebron Encampment No 56, I O O F.

Mr D Buchanan and Miss Quinn at Bethany Mission.

Music Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

It Has Arrived. See Them!

And selling for less than $30.00. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-st. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all its bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for 12 solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100.00 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain. O. B. Shortly, 428 George-st. 1d87

IF YOU WANT ....

A BICYCLE!

..... CALL AT

MULLIGAN & POTTERS

And get a famous COLUMBIA. If you want half a bicycle you can go almost anywhere. MULLIGAN & POTTER'S up-to-date Music Store, 416 George Street.

Jumped Into Popularity.

H. A. Lozier & Co., have reason to feel well satisfied with the way the season is opening. The Cleveland, not only in Toronto, but all over Canada, has jumped into popularity over all other makes, but it is one thing to sell wheels and another to have them turn out satisfactorily, and, judging from the numerous unsolicited testimonials that are received daily by his firm, they now reign supreme as the manufacturers of Canada's leading bicycles. A. H. Stratton & Co., agents, Peterborough. 1d

Brevities.

—On Good Friday a service will be held in the George-st. church at 11 o'clock in the morning.

—While in Kingston Rev. Dr. Crafts, who lectured at St. Andrew's last evening, had his pockets relieved of a large sum of money.

—The directors of the West Peterborough Farmers' Institute met last evening and decided to hold their annual picnic at Jubilee Point on June 17th, provided the necessary arrangements could be made.

—Rev. R. Hatchett, of the British Methodist Episcopal church, will give an address at the prayer meeting at the George-st. church to-morrow evening. A collection will be taken up in the interests of the work of his church.

—The North Star will be in the hands of Mr John Martin this year and under his control should enjoy a successful season, as Mr. Martin's energy will no doubt result in bringing increased trade to this popular steamer. The North Star is being thoroughly renovated and will be more attractive than ever.

—The Port Hope Guide states:—Mrs. Kenrick, of Toronto, and Rev. C. B. Kenrick have jointly offered the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars for the Restoration Fund of St. Mark's church, on condition that the congregation contribute a similar sum next Sunday.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1887. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1887.

NINETEEN CENTURIES WERE REVIEWED

IN A LECTURE ON "THE MARCH OF CHRIST DOWN THE CENTURIES"

At St. Andrew's Church—The World's Reformation—Great Movements of the Present Century—The New Era.

Peterborough was visited last evening by a celebrated speaker, Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, D. D. Mr. Crafts has gained a continental reputation as an orator and as an advocate of moral reform. He has utilized his ability to further that cause, to which he has devoted a great deal of time and energy.

The audience that greeted Dr. Crafts at St. Andrew's church was not as large as the excellence of the lecture deserved. The attendance was no doubt greatly decreased by the plentitude of meetings throughout the town. Those who heard Dr. Crafts, however, will long remember his address on "The March of Christ Down the Centuries" as one of the brightest, ablest and most eloquent that it has been their pleasure to listen to.

Rev. Jas. G. Potter, the pastor of St. Andrew's, occupied the chair and introduced the lecturer in a few graceful words, in which he declared he was anti to everything that was evil. He alluded to the fact that if Dr. Crafts had not gained fame, his wife at least would bring it to him as she was known far and wide as a writer in the Sunday school.

Rev. Dr. Crafts in opening suggested a celebration of the opening of the twentieth century by reform conventions. He believed that the church had improved in many in-

REV. WILBUR F. CRAFTS, PH. D.

stances down through the century but he did think the love for Christ was as marked; there was not as much Christian feeling. Dr. Crafts then proceeded to review the centuries—the nineteen centuries—since the time of Christ. He not only reviewed the events but opinated on current affairs as he passed along. The first and second centuries were the periods of theology. The church was persecuted but remained pure and firm. The fourth and fifth centuries brought about the union of Church and State at Rome, which had the result of Christianizing the Government and introducing religion into other nations. It brought before the people the *individuality of the soul*. This was a totally new idea; giving an individual the divine right to rule, to be

LOVED AND HELPED

and not to be hated and harmed. Dr. Crafts at this point maintained the ballot was just as much a Christian symbol as the bread and wine. Every development of self government came out of the individuality of the human soul. The fourth and fifth centuries were noted for the outgoing of Christian ideas. The development of papacy, not popery, was found in the sixth and seventh centuries. In the eighth and ninth centuries they found the consolidation of popery. Socialogically they had the consolidation of petty empires—the beginning of modern Europe. The tenth and eleventh centuries had been called the twilight ages. All through the dark ages there had been oppression, but Christ on the white horse passed along saying "Onward Christian Soldiers," and "No retreat." Dr. Crafts then dealt at length with the reformations from the twelfth and thirteenth centuries to the nineteenth. In the twelfth and thirteenth centuries there was theological reformation. Socialogically came the Germanic awakening. Then the crusade to rescue the empty tomb of Christ. To-day the Christian people should enter a crusade to rescue Christ's children in Armenia from the cruel Turk. In the next two centuries came the period of daylight. They had Raphael in art and Luther in religion, and then came the Reformation. The Reformation was intellectual rather than social, individual rather than sectional, doctrinal rather than ethical. The mission was to get the system of thinking right, to put the Son of Righteousness in to the centre of thinking. The Elizabethian period, though not all it was claimed, was better than any before it. The Puritan age, Dr. Crafts contended, was the mightiest force in the world from that time to this. Those who had at one time condemned it had recognized its worth. The lecturer remarked that under a religious spirit America and Great Britain were progressing, but France, with its persecutions of Christians, was a dying nation. In Puritan times there was too much will and not so much intellect, but to-day it had gone to the other extreme. More will was required in the world. The persistent man with

MORE WILL AND LESS INTELLECT

outruns the man with intellect and less will. They could also receive a lesson from the Puritans in politics. The Puritans were thinkers. To-day, they needed more thinking in politics and not so much "hurrahing." In reviewing the last two centuries—18 and 19—Dr. Crafts alluded to it as the era of steam engines, ballot boxes and reform. This era did not really begin until 1776, and he referred to the inventions at this time, the reform movements of John Howard, Wilberforce, Raikes, then the temperance and missionary movements. But the new era did not really dawn until 1832, when the Reform Bill was passed in England, when the people had self-government. Then followed manhood suffrage, the emancipation of the slaves, the development of charity, the Christian union movement, the Y.M.C.A., Evangelical Alliance and the development of two articles of temperance—total abstinence and prohibition,—which the lecturer emphasized. In speaking of total abstinence, Dr. Crafts argued that if they could stop the drinking of beer they could stop the traffic. After dwelling upon the evil effects of alcohol and lauding the Canadian Sabbath and hoping for a better observance of the day throughout the world Dr. Crafts concluded his lecture.

During the evening Mr. Geo. W. Mulligan contributed a solo.

A SKETCH OF DR. CRAFTS.

Dr. Crafts in 1884, while a pastor in New York, became a specialist in Sabbath reform and published "The Sabbath for Man," which the press of Canada, Great Britain and the United States have recognized as the standard work on this subject. In 1889 he resigned his pastorate to gave his whole time to the defence of the Sabbath, in behalf of which and other reforms since added to his work, he has travelled in the last seven years more than one hundred thousand miles, speaking in leading churches, colleges, Conferences and conventions, both in the United States and Canada. In 1895 he gave a course of lectures on "Practical Christian Sociology," since published at Princeton Theological Seminary, in which he treated all current reforms as parts of the one great reform, the christianizing of society, and received the unqualified approval of the faculty in a published letter. To carry forward the same broad reform he had organized the year previous at Washington, D. C., the reform bureau, an international organization of which two ex-Canadians, President B. L. Whitman of Columbian University, and Rev. Dr. Hugh Johnston are trustees, and other Canadians private members. One of its trustees is Col. T. H. Anderson, ex-Minister of Bolivia, through whom it is hoped that Spanish literature on the Sabbath and temperance can be sent into the Spanish republic of South America to lift them at least to the North American standard, a work in which all Anglo-Saxon North America is asked to join. The reform bureau has a pen presented by President Cleveland, with which a bill was signed in the last Congress to break up the ninety day divorce colonies in the territories of the west. The bureau also defeated a dangerous race gambling bill, and raised the age of protection for girls to eighteen in Utah, besides inaugurating the plan of Sabbath closing of post offices by local option petitions. The bureau has half a dozen kindred bills in the new Congress.

The most taking recent move of the bureau is a "topic-a-month plan of reform study," requiring but ten minutes a day, condensed leaflets being provided, by which in this way, by four hours' reading on each, the following topics can be fairly well understood in a year:—Education, municipal government, immigration, Sabbath reform, labor, the family, national government, amusements, with special reference to purity, gambling, prison reform, the liquor reform, new and and true charity. The bureau has taken a stand against the Corliss amendment, vetoed by President Cleveland, which Dr. Crafts reports will be opposed in the new Congress by all the leaders of the immigration movement, and so cannot again be enacted.

Dr. Crafts books abound in appreciative reference to the place which the Canadas occupy in temperance and the Sabbath, as the front rank of the nations, although his present lecture tour shows that he recognizes room for improvement and danger of decline. At Toronto he interviewed one of the Government Ministers in regard to excluding kinetoscope exhibitions of the Nevada prize fight from Canada, a movement he is leading in the States, and it is expected that steps will be taken to quarantine this brutality, as Police Gazettes are quarantined on the border.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

NOW IT'S "RUSSIA"

That is giving China and Japan Teas the cold shoulder and taking kindly to delicious and nutricious Ceylon Teas.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Is PURE, DELICIOUS and ECONOMICAL.

Sold in lead packets. By Grocers everywhere

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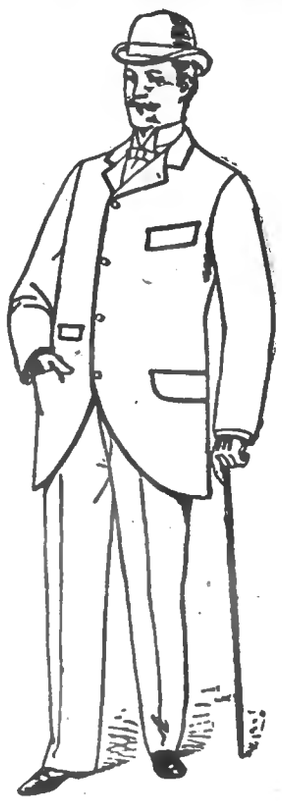


Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

PIANO AND HOME

The Piano is no longer classed as one of the luxuries of the home to be enjoyed only by the rich. It has become a necessity and the part it plays as a source of pleasure and inspiration in the home has made it one of the essentials in modern home life. Buying a piano for the home is a lifetime investment. Great care should be exercised in its selection. A poor Piano is a never ending source of trouble.

A good Piano costs but little more to buy and costs less to keep, and also improves in tone and action with use. The best is the best investment. The reputation of the maker is its best guarantee.

THE GERHARD-HEINTZMAN AND THE KARN PIANOS enjoy the enviable and world-wide distinction of being the highest of high-grade instruments, and their real merit has been established by years of experience and down-right honesty in the minutest detail of construction, whilst all that stands for purity, power and mellowness in tone, perfection in touch, sweet singing quality, delicacy and durability, are to be found in these two famous pianos, famous the world over to the honor of Canada. Write us for Piano Catalogues.

Peterborough Agency — THOS. DUNN, 416 George Street.

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming.

A number of Used Pianos taken in exchange for the above makes and about 50 Second-hand Organs to sell at a sacrifice.

188 YONGE ST., TORONTO

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods .....

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

1. ONLY A COUGH.

OBJECT LESSON IN 4 VIEWS

THE NEGLECTED COUGH

2. SLEEPLESS NIGHTS.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

To that most lovable person in every family on whom rests the duty of watchfulness against all danger to its members, we have this to say:

That a neglected cough is the insidious beginning of an end—the human throat in the clutch of a deadly enemy.

Whenever a cough is to be dealt with, there is urgency for prompt action; a single bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will never fail you at such a moment.

It is worse than false economy to spare the price of timely treatment and afterwards spend your time, money and waning strength in fighting the serious stages of lung disease, whether these be asthma, bronchitis or consumption.

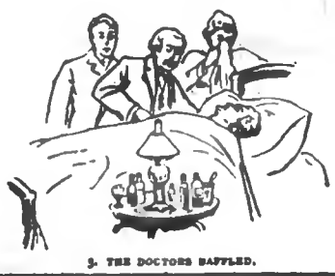
Acting, as this preparation does, upon the irritated, inflamed and diseased surfaces of the throat, larynx, bronchia and lungs, it instantly soothes, heals and promptly cures conditions which, if permitted to develop, are sure to result in lasting misery and death.

And so pleasant to take is Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, that, instead of dreading it as a dose, children delight in it as a treat.

It is put up in the largest 25c. bottle ever offered—quality and quantity for once being happily combined.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

Prevents Misery, Waste and Death



3. THE DOCTORS BAFFLED.

TESTIMONIAL.

A Kingstonian who was saved from a long and expensive illness.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C. Bright, clerk of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

4. THE END

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

FOR SUNDAY BREAKFAST

HOWDEN'S SUGAR CURED HAMS, Delicious Spiced Rolls and Breakfast Bacon, with New Laid Eggs—a real treat.

No such Sausage made as HOWDEN'S Pure Pork Sausage. Hundreds of the best families buy them regularly.

FOR WEEK DAYS

Prime Porter House, Sirloin or Roast Beef, from highly fed cattle, Spring Lamb and Veal, Fresh Young Pork and other toothsome tidbits. New Onions and Parsley, early Lettuce and Radishes—spring delicacies already.

J. J. HOWDEN,

Telephone 39. The People's Meat Mart. 461 George Street.

EARTHQUAKES IN ENGLAND.

An Account of the Seismic Disturbances in the British Isles.

There are upon record as having occurred in these islands between 200 and 300 earthquakes, and some have been attended with damage and loss of life. This was the case as recently as April 22, 1884, when an alarming earthquake occurred in Essex, Suffolk and Middlesex. The center of the disturbance was at Colchester, where the Congregational Church spire was hurled to the ground, and chimney stacks fell in all directions, doing great damage to the houses, from which the people fled in horror. Much injury was also caused in the neighboring towns and villages, some of which looked as if they had been bombarded. The parish church of Langenhoe was completely wrecked. The shocks, which were experienced about 9.20 a.m., appear to have been preceded by a noise like a rushing wind, similar to that which is stated to have been heard yesterday. The seismic wave passed from northeast to southwest, and its influence was sensibly felt in the metropolis, and at Ipswich, Cambridge, Bishop's Stortford, Northampton, Leicester, Woolwich and Sheerness. The extent of the damage done in the County of Essex was so great that it led the lord mayor to open an eastern counties' earthquake fund at the Mansion house. This benefited the sufferers to the extent of more than £10,000, though it by no means compensated for the vast loss of property which this—probably the worst earthquake recorded in England—brought in its train. This is the first and only time that the charitable assistance of the city has had to be invoked in consequence of an earthquake occurring in our own islands.

Looking back further into history, it is found that the first severe earthquake recorded in England occurred at Lincoln, in 1142. In 1274 one was experienced, with more or less force, throughout the country, and Glastonbury abbey was destroyed, while the earthquake which was then described as the "greatest known" happened in 1318. In 1580 London was visited with a severe shock, which brought down a part of St. Paul's, while the Temple churches fell. In 1690 there was an earthquake in Dublin, and sixty years after London had another of these physical disturbances, but on this occasion it was only slight.

For a hundred years following 1750 there was a remarkable freedom, but in 1843 came another serious earthquake, felt more particularly in Staffordshire and Worcestershire. In 1868 a slight shock was reported from South Wales and the west of England, presumably the center of yesterday's disturbance. This district, it would appear, is not altogether unaccustomed to these occurrences, for in August, 1892, and again in November, 1893, shocks were reported from South Wales and Cornwall, affecting also the east of Ireland. Yorkshire has from time to time been visited by slight earthquakes, while in the years 1888 and 1889 there were no fewer than four in Scotland. One of them affected the whole country, while the others occurred at Annandale, at Edinburgh, and at Inverness, respectively. At the latter place and at Forrest buildings were damaged. It has been observed that—at all events, so far as our own islands are concerned—earthquakes occur more often during the winter than in the summer half of the year.

Though we still have weather prophets with us, the comparative infrequence of severe earthquakes has robbed the profession of a seismic seer of its charm. After a slight shock experienced in London in February, 1750, an individual who was apparently of some influence, prophesied that there would be a serious earthquake on April 8 of the same year. He was so successful in working upon the fears of the people that thousands of persons—especially those of rank and fortune—passed the night of the 7th in their carriages and tents in Hyde Park. No earthquake came, however, and the prophet was denounced as a madman. Horace Walpole, writing on the eve of the predicted calamity, speaks of "earthquake gowns" as being specially made for the purpose of sitting up on this particular night. "But what will you think," he adds, "of Lady Catherine Pelham, Lady Frances Arundel and Lord and Lady Galway, who go this evening ten miles out of town, where they are to play at brag till 5 o'clock in the morning, and then come back—I suppose to look for the bones of their husbands and families under the rubbish?"—London Advertiser.

Carbide of Calcium.

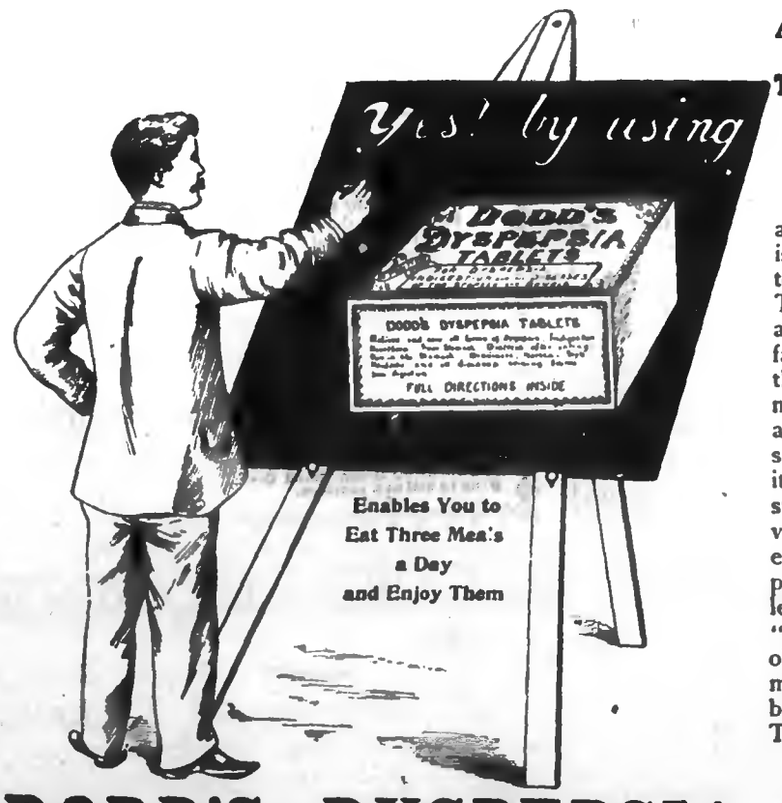
It was reported in a German technical journal a few weeks ago that carbide of calcium, the new compound used in producing cheap acetylene gas, might be made into filaments for incandescent electric lights. The illumination thus secured would be very brilliant, it was declared, its brightness being between that of the ordinary incandescent lamp and the electric arc. Mr. Edison's attention having been called to the statement, the great inventor says: "I do not think there is much in the subject mentioned."

No one in ordinary health need become bald or gray, if he will follow sensible treatment. We advise cleanliness of the scalp and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?



A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

dred thousand dollars, stolen, besides money and papers of value. No particulars as yet."

"This is what brought me here. I came to see if this burglary was the handiwork of the thieves I have been trying to catch. I came solely on my own responsibility, not intending to make myself known to the inmates of this house, but to ferret out things quiet and go my way. While lurking in that tree I was surprised to hear myself made the subject of conversation; and then, impulse led me to respond to this lady's expressed desire to see me, and—I presented myself."

All sit silent, all are astonished, and inclined to think this odd complication out quietly.

Constance is the first to see the absurdity of the situation, and she breaks into a peal of laughter, in which she is presently joined by the others. Finally, she regains her composure and says:—

"And so after all you are not our detective. Well, that shall not prevent us from appropriating your services. And you want to identify these robbers if possible? We are all at your disposal—tell us how we can help you most."

"You came with scant information," says Doctor Heath, "and you can't have been here long, but I'll wager you have picked up something."

"As to that," replies the detective, smiling slightly, "I left the city by the early afternoon express, before your Mr. Lamotte had arrived, you see. Twelve miles from W— I left the train and boarded a freight; about three miles out I abandoned the freight, quite unceremoniously, while she was pulling up a heavy grade, and tramped into town. I lounged about, confining myself to the more obscure streets until I had got the story of the robbery, with full particulars, as far as the gossips knew it. Toward sundown I started in this direction. Stopping on the way, I begged a drink of water and a slice of bread, of an old woman, in a little brown house. She thought me a very well behaved tramp, and inquired after my private history and the condition of my soul."

Constance laughs.

"That is old Mrs. Malloy," she says, "She's very pious and very full of gossip."

"Precisely!" replies the detective, wickedly; "she told me how many lovers you had, Miss Wardour; and how many dresses; and just the color of your eyes, and hair; she told me all about the robbery, and a great many more things that were not quite to the point."

"Of course, assents Miss Wardour, not at all abashed. "Mrs. Malloy is an oracle."

"As soon as I could make my escape from her I came nearer Wardour Place, and made circuitous survey. Still later, I came upon your gardener, sitting, ruminating, upon a stone fence, in the rear of the premises. I found him inclined to be communicative, in fact, he seemed rather desirous to air his notions, and he has some peculiar ones, concerning the robbery. I gave him a drink out of my black bottle, and he grew quite eloquent."

"Oh, dear," interrupts Constance once more. "Then, no doubt, he has pruned away half the garden shrubs. Old Jerry always is seized with a desire to prune things, the moment he has taken a drink."

"It was getting too dark for pruning, Miss Wardour, and he went to his supper. Then I approached the kitchen cautiously, found a comfortable lurking place, close to an open window, and listened to the table talk of the servants. From them I learned the bearings of the library, and so, while you were at dinner, I entered, without difficulty, and have explored that room to my entire satisfaction."

Amazement sits on the face of all three listeners.

"Well!" ejaculates Dr. Heath, "You are a modest tramp! What did you do next?"

"Next I prowled 'round and round the house,' examining all the windows, and drawing some conclusions; and then, having seen you, Doctor Heath, through the drawing-room windows, I established myself in yonder tree to wait until you should go home, and to waylay you."

"Much obliged, I'm sure," says the Doctor, gratefully. "What demoniac design had you on my defenseless self?"

"Several; to appeal to your hospitality; to renew an acquaintance, which in the beginning did me honor; and to quiz you unmercifully."

"Then I forgive you," grandiloquently. "And my doors are open to you, and my hand is extended, and the secrets of my bosom are laid bare. But Miss Wardour has something to say; I see it trembling on her lips."

"Right," smiles Constance. "I was about to ask if Mr. Bathurst, having effected his object thus far independently, will be satisfied to inspect my dressing room, the real scene of action, in the ordinary manner and without any obstacles in the way."

"Perfectly," says the detective, dropping his tone of badinage and becoming alert and businesslike at once. "And the sooner the better. I am anxious to complete my deductions, for my time is limited, and I must wait for daylight to overlook the grounds more closely than I could venture to do to-day."

"We are all anxious for your opinion, and so, will you take one of those lamps and my keys, or will you have an escort?"

"I wish you to point out to me the exact position of everything this morning, Miss Wardour. I think we may all go up."

So they all ascended to the disordered dressing room, and the detective seats himself, deliberately, upon the first unoccupied chair, and begins to look slowly about him. It is not a long survey, and then the safe is examined. Here he looks at Constance.

"This has not been done without noise; not loud enough to be heard across the hall, perhaps, but enough to be heard by a light sleeper, or, indeed, any one who did not sleep too soundly and with muffled ears, say, in that room," pointing through the curtained arch which divided the dressing from the sleeping room.

"Did you sleep there, Miss Wardour?"

Constance nods, then goes through the arch and returns with a little phial of chloroform, and a fragment of cambric in her hand.

She places them before him, telling him quietly how they were found before her that morning.

The detective takes them, turns them over in his hand, and examines them closely.

"Ah!" he exclaims, drawing out the fancifully carved stopper, "this phial is one of a set."

Doctor Heath nods. "So I thought," he says, glancing at Constance.

Once more, and in silence, the detective examines the safe, then he goes quietly about the room, not overturning or handling, simply observing closely; then he says:—

"Now, I think I am done here. We will go down, if you please, and I will give you the benefit of my conjectures." He put the bottle and the piece of linen in his pocket, and turns from the room. Instinctively he takes the lead, instinctively they follow, naturally according him the leadership.

When they are once more seated, he turns to Constance.

"They gave you a very light dose of chloroform, Miss Wardour."

"Very light," she replies; "and that was most fortunate for me."

"How fortunate?"

"Allow me to explain," interrupts Doctor Heath. "Miss Wardour possesses one of those peculiar constitutions upon which all opiates act with disastrous effect. It is forunate that a cautious hand—I was about to say a skilled hand—administered the drug. I could swear that not the half of an ordinary dose was given her, for a full dose would have prostrated her for days; and the quantity it would require to make you or me sleep soundly for half the night, would kill her outright."

"Ah!" says the detective, softly, to himself. "Ah-h-h!"

"Now, I wonder;" it is Mrs. Allston who speaks. "I wonder how in the world you knew that they had given my niece only a small dose."

"Very easily, madame. The phial is very small, and it is now near two-thirds full."

"That, indeed!" murmurs Mrs. Allston, feeling somehow extinguised, while the others smile at his simple explanation.

"And now," says the detective, "for my deductions. First, then, the robbers did not enter these grounds last night for the first time. They did not enter the library at random, or because that window could be easily forced. They, whoever they were, knew their grounds, not only from without, but from within. The disturbance in the library is only a ruse—the robbers wanted nothing, knew they should find nothing, there. They were not amateurs; yet, somehow, in this case, they bungled somewhat in their work. Before they approached this house, everything was planned, and all was done as planned. They were systematic, therefore successful; and yet—they bungled. They came by the river—came in a boat, with oars muffled; they came by the footpath over the river slope, and entered your garden by leaping the fence just below the gate, which was locked. Then they followed the footpaths through the shrubbery, and straight to that library window. They came there because they knew it to be the library window, and they wished to cross the library because they knew that from the door of that room they stepped at once upon the stairs, thus having the nearest, easiest and safest route to Miss Wardour's rooms. Either they found her door unlocked, or they were prepared with skeleton keys. Was the door locked, Miss Wardour?"

"It was locked."

"It was locked. They then used a skeleton key, entered, and knowing just the proportion of chloroform Miss Wardour could bear, they administered it carefully, secured the booty without further trouble, and made their escape without detection."

No remarks from his listeners. They sit amazed, incredulous, admiring, yet speechless.

"Now, I see I had better prove my statements," goes on Mr. Bathurst, looking from one to another with a smile of easy superiority. "Miss Wardour is beginning to think that I do belong to the godmother species, and yet, it's all very simple."

"No doubt," retorts Doctor Heath, drily; "yet we are willing to endure your simple explanation."

To be Continued

4 FOUR GENERATIONS

HAVE USED

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY APRIL 13, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chisholm, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE.—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The old man who looks out at the world with clear and healthy eyes cannot help feeling great gratification at the thought that his children have inherited from him no weakness nor tendency to disease. The healthy old man is the man who has throughout his life kept his digestion good and his blood pure. Not one in a thousand does do it. Germs go through the healthy body without effect. Let them once find lodgment or let them find a weak spot, they will develop by the million and the blood will be full of them. Instead of giving strength to the tissues, it will force upon them innutritious matter, and the man will lose flesh and the more susceptible he is to disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only medicine that absolutely and infallibly cures all blood diseases, and almost all diseases are blood diseases. It isn't a medicine for some one particular so-called disease. It is a medicine for the *whole body*. It forces out all the germs of disease, and replaces impurities with rich, red blood.

OAK HALL.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE BOERS WILL FIGHT.

Continued from Page 1.

missioner of Great Britain in South Africa, has produced a great sensation and the imminence of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal is the common talk of the street.

Referring to the presence of British blue jackets and marines in South Africa, Mr. Goschen said: "They are there to represent to Sir Alfred Milner British power in South Africa. They are the guarantee to him and to our colonists, to the loyal men who support British rule, that this country is determined to maintain its supremacy in those quarters, and that it will back its High Commissioner with the power of the British Empire."

A despatch from Cape Town to-day confirms the report, apparently, of the despatch of a British war vessel to Delagoa Bay. The British warship Racoon sailed to-day from Cape Town under sealed orders. The officials there refuse to divulge her destination; but it is rumored she is bound for Delagoa Bay, and the report is generally believed.

It was semi-officially announced this afternoon that the British troops going to South Africa are merely intended to relieve the regiments already there, which are bound for home at the expiration of their terms of foreign service.

TWO LIBERALS IN THE FIGHT.

Conservatives Will Support the Patron in Macdonald—No Definite Choice Yet in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 12.—(Special.)—The Conservatives of Macdonald constituency met this morning and definitely decided to throw their support to Kenneth McKenzie, the Patron candidate, and not put up a Conservative candidate. McKenzie will fight out the battle with Dr. Rutherford, the Government nominee.

In Winnipeg two gentlemen have signified their willingness to accept nomination at the hands of the combined prohibition and labor people. These are E. L. Taylor, barrister, and William Small, a well-known labor leader. A mass meeting has been called for Tuesday night, when a choice between the two will be made. Mr. Taylor is the most likely man, and can get the Conservative support. Friends of ex-Mayor Jameson, the Government nominee, profess the utmost confidence, but it is noticed that they are taking no chances, and working very hard.

Capitalist William McKenzie of Toronto, who owns the biggest part of the Winnipeg Gas Company, is here to ask the City Council for an extension of the gas franchise for twenty-five years.

The ice is moving out of Red River here, and it is now believed there is scarcely any danger of a flood.

MUST FIGHT AT ONCE IF AT ALL.

Greece is Not in a Position to Wait and Will Have to Take Decisive Steps Very Shortly.

London, April 12.—The Times will print to-morrow the following despatch from its Athens correspondent:

"Sober persons here doubt whether the raiders have done the cause of Hellenism any real service. It is inexplicable how the Ethnike Hetairia's forces continue their operations without any base. Their numbers alone require that they receive constant supplies of provisions and munitions of war. Should they succeed in the advance into Macedonia, the army will insist upon following. Should they fail, then their defeat must be avenged.

"M. Delyannis, however, clearly explained to me to-day that if the Hetairia had not undertaken to cut the Gordian knot, the Government would have been obliged to take decisive steps within a few days. Greece, he added, in the present state of her finances, could not maintain an army of 80,000 men under arms any length of time without enormous sacrifices; so that if there is to be any fighting, it must come immediately."

Arta Full of Soldiers.

London, April 12.—The Times correspondent at Arta says: The town is full of soldiers. Many of the residents have left their houses and gone to safer places. Three lines of defence are now ready with elaborate trenches and plenty of engineers and artillery. Col. Manos, father of Constantine Manos, leader of the Cretan sacred band, is in command.

The Siege Continues.

Athens, April 12.—The latest advices here report that a portion of the invading force continues to besiege the barracks at Baltino. The remainder has continued the advance, but to a destination as yet unknown in Athens. It is reported that communications between Metsovo and Grevona are cut off.

The Cretan refugees here have addressed a petition to the embassies, in which, after reciting the whole history of the Cretan question, they declare that the only solution is annexation, and continue: "We hope that the Christian is moved by our sufferings, martyrdom and struggles for centuries to support our claims for union with Greece."

The petition is signed by several thousand.

Could Not be Worse

London, April 12.—The Daily Chronicle's special correspondent at Athens, Mr. Henry Norman, says: "As the result of interviews which I have had to-day with King George, M. Delyannis and M. Skouses, it seems to me that the situation could not be much worse short of actual war. The last words of the Premier to me last night were: 'I have but little hope.'

"The Servian Government has summoned all the officers of the reserve, militia and national guards. The Servian insurgents are now on the Macedonian frontier and the Servian Government is sending ammunition there constantly."

Another Fire at Canea.

London, April 12.—A despatch to The Times from Canea says that another fire broke out in the vicinity of the Italian barracks, but was extinguished before it had made much progress. A quantity of dynamite bombs was found in a house adjoining the barracks and promptly seized. Since the arrival of the foreign troops the town has been somewhat more orderly and the Mohammedans have ceased to carry arms openly.

The British Vice-Consul met a number of insurgent leaders near the town yesterday, who informed him that communications to them must hereafter be forwarded through Col. Vassos. Last evening (Saturday) the insurgents approached the source of the water supply, upon which the European troops depend, but retreated after five shots from the field guns. The Greek troops were observed yesterday through field glasses placing their tents about two miles away from the town in the direction of the Ayah plain. Two shots were fired at them.

Circulars to Make Strife.

London, April 12.—The correspondent of The Times at Constantinople says that the foreign ambassadors there consider three circulars addressed in the early part of last week by the Porte to its representatives abroad, protesting against the suggestions made by some or all of the powers for the solution of the Cretan difficulty, as meddlesome, offensive, and intended as a tu quoque argument in reply to the recent remonstrance against the Tokat massacres. The Porte has issued two additional circulars to its representatives. The first, which went on Friday last, declares that the Greek regulars and the Greek artillery, commanded by bugle call, have invaded Turkey, and asserts the right of Turkey to repel. The second circular, which was despatched yesterday, announced the retreat of the aggressors over the frontier and the restoration of the status quo. The ambassadors consider the Turkish procedure in this respect correct.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market for flour is quiet and prices steady, with no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The tone of the local market is stronger to-day owing to advances of 1¼d in Liverpool and 2c to 3c in Western States markets. Red winter is held at 72c with 71½c bid, and white is quoted at 72½c to 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 78c to 79c Midland, and 72c Fort William May delivery. No. 2 hard 76c to 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley sold at 19c to 20c west.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 18½c and 19c, and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is steady, the quotation being 38c north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 24c west.

Rye—Sales are reported at 30c west and at 31c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 12.—Spring wheat, 6s 2d to 6s 3d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 10½d to 5s 11½d; corn, 2s 6½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 25s 6d; do. short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage firm, but little doing. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures firm at 5s 7⅝d for May and July, and 5s 7¼d for September. Maize 2s 7¼d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 20s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 21f. 40c for May; flour 43f. 40c for May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm, but little doing. Maize dull.

Paris—Close—Wheat steady at 21f. 40c for May; flour 43f. 45c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures firm at 5s 8½d for May and July, and 5s 8d for September. Maize firm at 2s 7½d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 11¼d for September. Flour 20s 9d.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 8th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 68c	to	0 60
" spring standard	0 68	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 22	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 25	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02¼
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 06
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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DR CHASE'S OINTMENT

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that is properly prepared and use it in the right place. The difficulty is that most people do not know the difference between good paint and poor paint, nor the proper place to use even a good paint. All paints are not alike. One may be good for outdoor use, and not for indoor use, one may give a bright, glossy finish, another an oil finish that can be washed. It is knowing what to use, and where to use it, that makes painting a success.

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is made for touching up the little things about the house. It gives an oil finish. It can be washed—so it is suited for shelves, cupboards, etc.

Our booklet **"Paint Points,"** covers the ground. It tells what you need to know about good or bad paint. It tells what to use for a buggy, what for a bath tub, for iron bedstead, for a house, for a floor, for a bench. It is a practical book for the home. It is free to any address. Send for it to-day. For booklet address, 19 St. Antoine St., Montreal.

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The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897

A Difficult Problem Satisfaction Solved.

In the past the ladies have had thousands of dollars worth of valuable goods ruined through the use of inferior and adulterated dyes prepared for home dyeing. The greatest loss that we can point to is in the coloring of mixed goods—fabrics composed of cotton and wool, cotton and silk, and silk and wool.

The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes put up special dyes for the coloring of all mixed goods, giving colors that are fast to soap and sunlight. Diamond Dyes for mixed goods are the only reliable dyes in the world, and are guaranteed to do perfect work.

Every druggist and dealer of any standing in Canada can supply you with Diamond Dyes for mixed goods. Do not accept imitations or substitutes; compel your dealer to give you the "Diamond."

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

The New Steamer Launched—Miss Junkin Appointed to Succeed Her Father.

Correspondence of the Review.

NEW BOAT LAUNCHED.—The new boat was launched on Saturday, the 3rd inst., about 3 p.m. When the planks were sawed off at the upper end to let her move off into the water she did not move an inch. Then a number of the men who were standing by took a push on her timbers, and with a tremendous "yeo heave," she was moved about a foot, and then she stuck as if she were glued to the slide. Then the "Beauboeage" that was lying at the wharf was hitched on to the boat that was so reluctant to take to the water and with her old hoarse puff off she started towards the west till the tow line was taut, but, with all her puffing and pulling she could not move the new hull into the water. Then about a hundred of the onlookers put their shoulders to her timbers and with the Beauboeage towing with might and main, she was started down the incline and moved gracefully stern first into the water at the upper side of the Esturion's wharf. Her launch was accompanied by a great cheer that was sent up by the spectators who were present. The new machinery is here and it is being placed in the new hull with all possible despatch this week so that before long the new boat will be ready for her work, and will no doubt be the strongest and most commodious boat ever built on these waters.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.—Mr W C Moore, of this place, has been appointed issuer of marriage licenses for this town and district. The late Irvine Junkin held the above appointment till his death.

POST OFFICE.—Miss Edith Junkin, daughter of the late I. Junkin, has been appointed to take charge of the post office her. This is in accordance with the wishes of the people of this town and vicinity, as Miss Junkin was assistant for some years during the time her father kept the office. She was always kind, obliging and courteous in discharging her duties in her official capacity.

CANTATA.—The Sunday school children of Knox church here are preparing a cantata which is to be given on Good Friday evening in the church. It promises to be a pleasant affair.

Piles Cured by Dr Chase

I. M. Iral, 186 Drolet-st., Montreal. 15 years suffered. Cured of Blind Itching Piles.

William Butler, Pozawan, Ont. Suffered many months. Cured of Protruding Piles by one box.

Pabano Bastard, Gower Point, Ont. Suffered for 30 years. Cured of Itching Piles by three boxes.

Nelson Simmons, Myersburg, Ont., cured of Itching Piles.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will positively cure all forms of Piles. Write any of the above if in doubt.

A TERRIBLE RESULT.

THE WONDERFUL EFFECTS OF DIALECT PRESCRIPTIONS.

An Editor's Experience With a Spring Poet—How One Day's Mentality Along Scotch Lines Affected the Physical Expression of His Mind.

The editor was in the midst of his article on "Beet Culture from an Ethical Standpoint," when a long-haired man rushed excitedly into the sanctum and exclaimed hurriedly: "I sent you a Scotch dialect poem yesterday by mail. I want it quick as you can get it."

The editor looked up calmly.

"Compose yourself, sir," he said. "We have our rules. Your poem will be carefully read by experienced and competent persons, and if found suitable to the columns of our publication, check will be sent you by mail. If not available, it will be returned to you, provided you enclosed——"

"Stamps," said the long-haired man. "I'm on to all that. Let me have the poem quick, will you?"

"You are going to try to find another publisher?"

"No, I'm going to try to find a stomach pump if I don't get that poem right away. Where is it?"

The editor adjusted his glasses, and began to look over the pile of letters and manuscripts on his desk.

"It is very unusual," he said, "and quite contrary to our rules." Something extraordinary must have happened to throw you into such haste."

"There has," said the long-haired man. "I'll explain while you are pawing around through that food for the waste-basket. I got a prescription from a doctor for my cold yesterday, and had it on my writing table alongside of the poem. I'm afraid I mailed you the prescription by mistake."

"Can't you find the other paper?" asked the editor.

"Look a little faster, will you? I took the paper that was left to a drug store and had it filled—cost me 85 cents. I've taken five doses of it, and I'm awfully afraid it's the wrong thing."

"Doesn't it help your cold?"

"No, it doesn't help my cold. Furthermore, I believe that druggist put up that Scotch dialect poem, and I've been taking a teaspoonful of it every three hours since. First dose I took my wife asked me if it eased my cough, and I said: Hoot awa' wid ye. I'm no spearin' to sleep a wee bit the nacht!' What kind of a way for a man to talk? Last night I felt funny about the head, and first thing I knew I had drank about a quart of Scotch whisky, bought a barrel of oatmeal and a bagpipe, and when my wife came home from shopping I was prancing up and down trying to dance a reel and singing 'Maxwellton's Braes Are Bonnie' to beat the band. Did you ever hear of plain, ordinary cough syrup affecting a man in that kind of style?"

"It certainly does seem a little strange," said the editor.

"That's it!" said the long-haired man excitedly, "the one in your hand. I feel another spell coming on, and I'll be jabbering in a minute like a lot of golf players in a row."

The editor took out the inclosure and read:

"'Syrup of quills, one ounce; fluid extract of tolu, half an ounce; compound syrup of wild cherry and horehound, two ounces; elixir of—something'—does this sound like your poem, sir, or——"

"Thanks," said the long-haired man. "I'm going now to call on that druggist and kick him till he looks like a second-hand Scotch plaid terrier on a Christmas tree if he doesn't tell me what he put in that 85-cent dialect prescription. The clan won't recognize him when I get through with him."

The long-haired man went out whistling 'The Campbells Are Coming,' and the editor looked carefully in the envelope for a stamp, and then went back to his beets.

Mr. A. Nickerson, farmer, Dutton, writes: "Last winter I had la grippe and it left me with a severe pain in the small of my back and hip that used to catch me whenever I tried to climb a fence. This lasted for about two months when I bought a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil and used it both internally and externally, morning and evening, for three days, at the expiration of which I was completely cured."

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg' furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

A LOST RIVER.

Evidence of It Found at the Confluence of Two Streams.

The recent discovery of an oak tree, 8 or 3 feet in diameter, 50 feet below the surface, while sinking a well with a drill at the confluence of the Oneida and Seneca Rivers, is an important discovery. It indicates that the Oneida River was at one time the outlet of an immense volume of water, and opens up to our readers interesting geological conjectures, says The Popular Science News.

The theory would seem to be plausible that the Oneida River was once the outlet of the great chain of lakes. One is reminded that Lake Ontario is 234 feet lower than Lake Erie. Three Rivers is 115 feet higher than Lake Ontario at Oswego. A great depression has taken place, unquestionably, in conditions immediately connected with Lake Ontario. It has apparently subsided several hundred feet, while the Oneida River has been raised up so that to-day it is 115 feet higher than the surface of the waters of Lake Ontario.

The waters from the great chain of lakes must have passed from Lake Ontario south through the valley where the Oswego River now runs, a reversal of the present course of that river. At the confluence of the Oneida with the Oswego this great volume of water made its way eastward through the Oneida River to the Mohawk and Hudson Rivers. The Mohawk Valley shows plainly that it was a great water course at one period, and the discovery of the buried timber at Three Rivers proves conclusively that the water bed of the Oneida was at one period at least 50 feet lower than it now is, and perhaps 100 to 150 feet lower.

It is even asserted that the shores of Lake Ontario were once located as far south as Baldwinsville; thence the course of the shore has been traced through Cayuga, Wayne, Monroe and adjacent counties. This condition shows, if correct, that the whole region, including Schroeppel, Clay, Cicero and portions of Madison County, was at one period a vast lake, but that in subsequent years a subsidence of the waters took place by the depression, causing Lake Ontario. Silt was washed down from the west through the Oswego and Oneida Rivers and valleys. The drift of alluvium was eastward, and, as now proved, covered up trees and filled in deep channels. It is conjectured that the St. Lawrence River did not exist at that time.

DIED

EGAN.—In Millbrook, on Monday, April 12th, 1897, Ellen Egan, aged 70 years.

The funeral will leave the G. T. R. station Peterborough, on arrival of the 8.20 train on morning of Wednesday, April 14th, and proceed to St. Peter's cathedral, thence to the Roman Catholic cemetery.

CASTORIA.

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in buying bicycles for their private use, selected the superb Red Bird in preference to all other makes of Canadian or American wheels offered. The Red Bird's beautiful rich color; its excellent finish; its wonderfully easy running qualities and its being of purely Canadian manufacture were all points in its favor. The Red Bird is high grade even to the smallest details, and is the wheel that runs easiest and lasts longest with the smallest outlay for repairs. A post card, giving your address, will bring our handsome '97 Catalogue.

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SEASON 1897.

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Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:31 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

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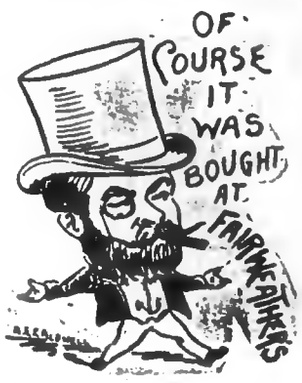

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OUR stock of New Styles in Soft and Stiff Felt Hats of English and American makes is most complete. You know felt is either wool or fur. It's made by applying heat, moisture, and pressure to the mass of fibres which "felt" together by interlocking of the microscopic serrations which cover the fibre. The fineness of the fibre and the character of the serrations determine the quality of the felt. The quality ranges from the finest to the coarse sort used for covering steam boilers. The boiler cover sort sometimes does duty as a hat at 25 odd cents. We make a specialty of one grade—it's the high grade—usually sold for $3 to $3.50. Our price is $2.50. We might say how much it is worth, but we know it is worth $2.50. It's by buying for cash and selling for cash we can offer such values.

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HATTERS

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are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collar excepted.)*

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 88. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

SEVERAL DEPUTATIONS

Waited on Ministers at the Capital Yesterday.

The House Committee Organized—Mr. Davin Proposes to Bring in a Bill to Reduce the Time of Service Which Will Secure a Pension—Some Heads Off—An Alleged Forger Arrested—Mr. Kelso Looking into the Subject of English Waifs—Leather Men and the Tariff—Other Notes From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 13.—(Special)—Mr Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat to-day received a deputation consisting of Messrs. Flint, J Charlton and T D Craig, M P's; Rev C W Watch, Brighton; Mr Wilson, M P; Rev Dr Saunders, Ottawa; Rev Mr Winters, Toronto; Mr Russell, Deseronto; J J Kelso, Toronto, and Mrs Alexander, Ottawa, who asked certain amendments to the Criminal Code. They asked that the age of consent should be increased from 16 to 18 years, and that the exemption age of the seducer should be reduced from 21 to 18 years. They also requested that the law of seduction should be so amended as to give the same protection to the poor girl as to the heiress.

The committees of the House were organized this morning. The following chairmen were elected:—Private Bills, Julius Scriver; Public Accounts, James McMullen; Standing Orders, Dr Landerkin; Banking and Commerce, James Lister, Railways and Canals, James Sutherland; Privileges and Elections, Francois Langelier; Agriculture, Thomas Blain; Expiring Law, C Beausoleil.

Mr. Davis, of Saskatchewan, gives notice of the introduction of a bill to amend the Act authorizing the granting of pensions to the Northwest Mounted Police force. He proposes to reduce the time a man has to serve to get a pension to twenty years. The English system is twenty-one years, and he claims that twenty years in the territories will use up a man worse than twenty-one years in England.

William Simpson, Indian Lands Agent at Wiarton, and three bailiffs employed under him have been dismissed for irregularities in the discharge of their duties.

George Webster, chief clerk of the Customs Department, will be without office after June 30, as the position is to be abolished. Mr. Webster was law partner of Hon John F Wood, Brockville, and was appointed to the Customs Department during the last general election.

R. E. Scheel, of O'Connor-st., was placed under arrest last night on receipt of a telegram from Winchester, asking for his arrest for forgery. Constable Sharpe, from Windsor, reached this city this morning and removed Scheel at 1 o'clock. He is charged with taking notes in payment for pianos and sewing machines, and making copies of them. The copies he is said to have returned to his employer, while the originals were discounted. Scheel has been living in Ottawa some weeks.

J J Kelso, Superintendent of neglected children for Ontario, saw Deputy Minister Smart to-day to discuss arrangements with him whereby English waifs sent to Canada under Dominion auspices may be properly inspected before their departure.

J D Harnill, Mayor of Meaford, and James Cleland, M L A, are here as a deputation representing the town of Meaford, to ask the Government for a grant to improve the harbor in that town. They had an interview with Mr. Tarte to-day and were cordially received. They have hopes that their request will be granted.

Messrs W D Beardmore, of Toronto, Isaac Bowman and Carl Breithaupt, of Waterloo, were here to-day and had an interview with the Minister of Trade and Commerce regarding the leather duties. If any change is made they would prefer an increase rather than a decrease.

Dr. Bryce, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, was here to-day in company with a Dannville deputation, which saw Mr. Blair and asked for an extra outlet for the drainage of the town under the feeder of the Welland canal.

Mr. Cochrane, the corporation contractor for scavenging, was to-day fined $20 and costs for dumping nightsoil within the limits of the city of Ottawa.

Captain Sinclair, M. P., was entertained at a farewell gathering at Government House to-night.

Mr. Wood will ask if the Government proposes to introduce the metrical system of weights and measures.

Mr. Davin will move to insert in the Franchise bill a clause to enfranchise women under certain limitations.

A delegation representing the Montford Colonization Railway saw Messrs. Laurier and Blair to day, and asked for an additional subsidy for thirty-three miles of road. Mr. Laurier, in reply, said the Government's policy on railway aid was not yet defined, but no doubt the Ministry would continue to aid the development of railway enterprises.

Lock the Door
Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

Items Culled from the Despatches and Rolled down to Paragraphs to save Space

Navigation is open at Mackinaw and Manistique, Mich.

Albert Piper, G. T. R. checker at the freight sheds in Kington, has been retired after 23 years' service.

Abraham L. Sanford, aged 100 years 11 months and 8 days, died in Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday.

Thomas Robinson & Son of Kingston have received orders for thirteen Orange banners. Some of the orders came from Toronto.

Kingston City Council has fixed the rate of taxation at 17½ mills on the dollar. The year's expenditure (estimated) is $163,675.48

W. J. Reid & Co.'s Crystal Hall, in London, the largest crockery establishment in Western Ontario, was damaged about $75.000 worth by fire yesterday.

Harvey D. Hadlock, a well known lawyer of Boston and New York, died at the Revere House, where he resided, at 6 o'clock this morning, from the effects of a stroke paralysis sustained about two weeks ago.

Shipping circles in San Francisco fear that the American ship Samaria has met with a calamity. She left Seattle with coal for San Francisco 23 days ago. Capt McRae had with him on board his wife and two children.

Senator Morgan, the Alabama fire-eater, has now been been talking at his long-suffering colleagues in the Upper Chamber at Washington for four days on the Cuban question. He wants the Cuban insurgents recognized as belligerents.

The Presidents of the Board of Control of the Joint Traffic Association at New York yesterday resolved to continue business on the old lines, pending the final decision of the Supreme Court as to the legality of their association.

London Truth says: "It is doubtful if Lord Salisbury's health will permit him to retain the post of Premier and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Under these circumstances, many Unionists are suggesting Lord Rosebury for Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs."

Burglars entered the store of George Hume of Milton, Ont., on Monday night. The safe was drilled and blown open, but Watchman Downey heard the explosion and foiled the plans of the scoundrels, exchanging shots with them as they skedaddled.

AT THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE

Canada's Military Display Should be Creditable.

The Government Will, Sir Richard Cartwright Promises, Bear the Expense of a Suitable Detachment to Take Part in the Parade—The Franchise Bill Got a Searching From Hon. John F. Wood.

Ottawa, April 13—(Special).—There was a brief but friendly talk in the House this afternoon regarding the proposed representation of Canadian volunteers at the Queen's Jubilee, and the gratifying announcement was made by Sir Richard Cartwright that the Government was arranging for an adequate representation in London in June.

Then the Franchise bill was taken up and John F Wood pulverized the measure in a way that the Government will not be able to counteract. The point that Quebec men will be entitled to six or seven votes if duly qualified, as against only one in Ontario cannot be made. Mr. Bennett also made a capital speech.

The motion to adjourn for Easter holidays from Wednesday evening to Tuesday afternoon was concurred in.

Col. Domville brought up the matter of Canada's participating in the military demonstration in England in honor of the Queen's jubilee, and Col. Prior, Major Hughes, Dr. Sproule and Mr. Davin followed favoring the proposition.

Sir Richard Cartwright said it was very gratifying to the Government to find that apparently there is such substantial unanimity on both sides of the House as to the desirability of being represented by a contingent of our various military forces on the occasion of the Diamond jubilee. He agreed with what had been said, and promised full details regarding the matter on re-assembling tomorrow.

Mr McMullen resumed the discussion on the franchise bill, but first devoted some time to a consideration of the superannuation question and the tariff. The debate thus started was participated in by Mr Wood, Mr Charlton, Mr Bennett, Mr Calvert, Mr Craig, Mr Frost, Mr Robertson.

Messrs Wood and Bennett dealt effectively with the Government's bill.

Mr Robertson, while not defending the old Act, saw no reason for falling in love with the new one. In framing it the Government seemed to have been imbued with the notion of attaining what was good for the party rather than for the country.

Sir Charles Tupper moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 10.55 p.m.

THE DEADLY GAS.

Husband and Wife Asphyxiated While Visiting Friends in Toronto.

Toronto, April 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Livois of Cornwall arrived in this city on Monday to visit friends at 229 Parliament-st. They are both nearing the three score years and ten. Yesterday morning a strong smell of gas was noticed all over the house. When the room of the aged couple was opened, they were both unconscious and nearly dead. Drs. Wallace and Dwyer were called in and did everything possible for them, but there is little hope of their recovery on account of their age.

DECLARATION OF WAR

Will Stop the Policy of Coercion of Greece.

Reports From Turkish Sources Say that the Greeks Were the Aggressors and That They are Fighting in Guerilla Fashion—Italy Thinks There Will be War—To Enter Macedonia.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—The Novoe Vremya declares that all coercion of Greece upon the part of the powers will cease so soon as war is declared, because otherwise it would bear the character of pro-Turkish intervention.

What Greece's Plan Was.

London, April 13.—A special despatch from Constantinople alleges that the Greek plan was to stir up a rebellion in Macedonia, to blockade Salonica and to attack Prevesa, (the town on the Turkish side of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta) and Smyrna by sea, as well as to endeavor to force the passage of the Dardanelles with the torpedo division of the Greek fleet.

Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief in Macedonia, the despatch adds, has reported to his government that the Greek insurgents attacked the Turks simultaneously at nine different points. He further says they were speedily surrounded, that several prisoners were taken and that the latter have been sent to Salonica. He concludes with stating that the loss of the insurgents was heavy and that of the Turks trifling.

Greeks Fighting Guerilla Fashion

Elassona, April 13.—The Turkish staff officer who was sent to Krania by Edhem Pasha to ascertain definitely with respect to the invasion reports that the presence of Greek regulars among the invaders has been positively proved and that there is also good reasons to believe that Greek officers of the regular army are in command. He states further that the bands lie hidden during the day time and sally forth at night to fire upon the Turkish troops. Edhem Pasha's staff are greatly puzzled by these attacks. His officers say:—"Let the Greeks make war or keep still." It is reported that the Greeks had 52 killed and the Turks 2, with 12 wounded. The latter belonged to the patrol posted on the edge of the forests, where the Greeks were hiding. They were picked off by sharpshooters. The report of the staff officer in question has been wired to Constantinople and a reply is anxiously awaited. The Turkish forces here continue in excellent condition. The soldiers are obedient and willing, while the officers are actively engaged from sunrise until late at night. Many of them are in the saddle 20 hours out of the 24.

Fighting Still Going On

London, April 13.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Kalambaka says that at 2 p.m. yesterday fighting was still on a few miles west of Baltino. Many of the irregulars were returning to the frontier for food. A Turkish captain and his men, after much resistance, escaped from Baltino. Sunday evening there was a heavy fall of snow and the irregulars were much exhausted with the cold, which was intense on Monday.

Italy Thinks there will be War

Rome, April 13.—In the Italian Senate to-day the Marquis Visconti Venosta, Foreign Minister, made a statement similar to that made by him in the Chamber of Deputies last Friday, in reply to the interpellation of Signor Imbriani, the Socialist leader. He said that if a Turko Greek war was inevitable, he felt confident that the powers would remain united, thus localizing the conflict and maintaining the general peace of Europe.

The Senate then approved by a rising vote the statement of the Foreign Minister on behalf of the Government.

THE LEGISLATURE PROROGUED.

The Eighth Session is Concluded with Due Ceremony.

Toronto, April 14.—The third session of the eighth Legislative Assembly of Ontario is now a matter of history. The deliberations of the House were brought to an end yesterday by His Honor, Sir Casimir Stanislaus Gzowski, K C M G, Administrator of the Government.

The chamber had been filled with chairs in anticipation of the presence of spectators, but these latter did not materialize to any great extent.

At about 3 o'clock the acting representative of the Queen entered, Sir Casimir Gzowski, preceded by his aides-de-camp, and advanced in state to the Speaker's throne.

At his request everyone was seated and Assistant Clerk Sydere read the titles of the bills that had passed during the session. Of these there were 102, or about 18 less than were passed at the last session. The royal assent was then given to these bills in the following words:—

"In Her Majesty's Name, His Honor the Administrator of the Government doth assent to these bills."

The Administrator delivered the closing speech from the throne, referring to the business that had been before the House, and the Legislature was prorogued.

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines, was their nauseousness. In our day, this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood-purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

LeBRUN'S
New Spring
Suits and Overcoats
All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.
READY TO TAKE MEASURES
For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.
SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS
See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:
Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.
Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.
Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.
READY TO WEAR.
This department is in full swing.
Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.
Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.
H. LeBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

All About Pneumatic Tires
Send for our Catalogue. You'll find it full of splendid tire wisdom, which will give you good pointers.
SEND NOW.
It is sure to interest you.
American Dunlop Tire Co.
TORONTO.
Mention this paper.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario,
Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

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OFFICE - - 33 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

What Do You Lack?
Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.
The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Lost or Found.

FOUND.
A LADY'S FUR BOA. Owner can obtain it by applying at Review Office. 3d86

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ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d66tf

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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FOR SALE.
TWO STOREY BRICK HOUSE, NO. 694 Water St., Peterborough. Apply on the premises. 6d86

WOOD FOR SALE.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity. Long or Short.
HARDWOOD Long or Short, from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.
TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.
Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone. ERNEST MANN,
Telephone 893. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER
Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.
Telepnone 339, - - - Rents Collected.
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CAPITAL STOCK $60.000
SUBSCRIBED $48.000
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ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES,
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
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Probabilities.
Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fair and continued mild.

R. F.

THE STARTING AND ENDING
Of Our Business is Selling
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS
We simply surprise those unacquainted with our business with the size, variety and high character of our stock.
The following prices are very special for Easter and the balance of April.
The choicest productions of the best makers are only shown in our Dress Goods Department.
ON SATURDAY MORNING
We place on sale the following lines, specially for Easter Saturday.
1 lot Ladies Capes $1.00 and $1.25, former price $2.50 to $3 50.
1 lot Ladies Golf Capes $3.75, formerly sold at $7.75.
1 lot Ladies Spring Jackets $3.00, formerly sold at $6.00 to $7,00
6 pairs Chenile Portieres at $3.50. former price $6 50.
17 pieces Embroidered Sash Curtain, net at 25c., formerly as high as 85c. the yard.
1 lot Imported Chambreys in the Fancy Stripes at 10, 12½, and 15c., formerly sold at 20c. to 30c.
20 pieces Wide Flannelettes at 5c.
25 pieces English and American Prints at 8c., formerly sold at 10 and 12½c.
10 pairs Frilled Muslin Curtains at $1.50 formerly $2 50.
8 pairs Embroidered and Frilled Curtains at $1.75, formerly sold at $3.25.
Handsome Swiss Net Curtains $3.25 and $5 00, formerly sold at $5 50 to $7.50.
Ladies Corset Covers 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.
Night Dresses, 50, 75, 85c, and $1.00.
CARPETS . . . . . .
We never showed as large a stock in Carpets as we are offering this spring. We are in magnificient shape for selling Spring Carpets and Oilcloths.
MILLINERY . . . . .
We are introducing the Newest Novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and the Latest Ideas in Millinery Trimmings.
We received this week new additions in Kid Gloves and Veilings. We exhibit Taste, Judgement and Experience in every branch of our store.
☞ Umbrellas re-covered while you wait.
—:o:—
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
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SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONBY 83 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS, and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12 50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 00
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Gray Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tops to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideas, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine new patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

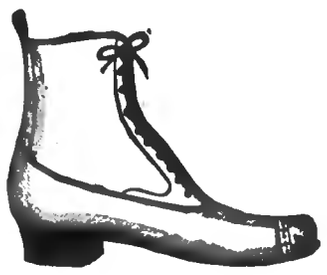
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3 50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades..... 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Pleadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweaters 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
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Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children."
MRS. L. KLAUSFELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897

THE SESSION IS OVER

THE Ontario Legislature has prorogued, and in looking over the work of the session it must be evident, even to its supporters, that the Hardy Government has lost ground. The skilful hand of the wily Sir Oliver was not there, and Mr. Hardy, whose temper is easily ruffled, could not manage things smoothly. On nearly every question of importance he had his own followers deserting him in order to condemn the proposed action of the Government which they knew would not commend itself to the right-thinking people of their constituencies. Mr. Hardy, always known as "the wicked partner" to "the Christian Statesman," attempted to follow in Sir Oliver's footsteps and by a system of promises and a policy of "give nothing" to work along the old lines and control the conflicting interests represented in the electorate of the Province. What he was capable of doing in this direction was well exemplified by the Liquor License Bill. The first bill he brought down was to pacify the temperance people and not antagonize the liquor men. But the temperance sentiment made itself felt to such an extent that the Premier, who was so firm in his stand on the bill he presented, was forced to alter it. But then after being forced to do what he said he would not do, he has not succeeded in gaining the confidence of the temperance people, who have had a peep behind the scenes that will do them good service. They must realize the kind of friend they have in Mr. Hardy. The liquor men are not pleased with the manner in which their interests have been treated. Mr. Hardy in this respect has succeeded in making a rather bad job of this whole license business. His case may be made still worse too, by the action which "the license machines" take in dealing with the licenses under the new Act. Then Mr. Hardy has not added to the credit of his Government in giving thousands of acres of Ontario mining lands to a syndicate, which is manipulated by Grit organizers. True Mr. Whitney forced amendments upon the Government which improved it, but still it is a sacrifice of the people's wealth that should receive the most effective condemnation when the Government asks for a renewal of the confidence of the people. The fact that the men from the mining section, where the deal was known at its full value voted against the deal is full of significence. These men, though Liberals, dare not vote for the deal, but voted with Mr. Whitney in condemnation of it.

With the record of the session, with the extravagance which has brought Ontario in sight of direct taxation, with the iniquitous ballot, the "machine" system and Tammany methods, with Mr. Hardy at its head the Liberal Government should be, and we believe will be, defeated when opportunity offers. It is undoubtedly time for a change.

On the other side of the House Mr. Whitney, who led the Opposition for the first time during a session, has given evidence of being more than a match for Mr. Hardy. Mr. Whitney is a strong man. He has exhibited an astuteness and an ability which is most gratifying to the Conservative party in Ontario. He is an able speaker and debater, and his talent in this regard has been one of the important factors in the exposure that Mr. Hardy's weakness has received. With Mr. Whitney are other able men, and the provincial interests would be safe in their hands. Ontario requires a more economical Government. It requires to be freed of some of the systems of officialism and Tammanyism that now characterize it. Its natural wealth should be maintained for the people and not bartered off to political friends in blanket deals or sacrificed to Americans to furnish funds to cover up a deficit. Ontario requires a change, and the first session of the Legislature under the two new leaders has done a great deal towards convincing the people that this change must be made at once.

HERE'S A GOOD SAMPLE.

MR. Hardy forced an addition to the statutes through the Legislature in its last hours allowing Ottawa, Hamilton and Toronto to have Sunday cars if the people so decided, but in all other places Sunday cars are to be prohibited. Without discussing the merits of the Sunday car question, is not this a magnificent specimen of class legislation. Peterborough, for instance, has no right to any such convenience. Toronto people, Mr. Hardy says, may have the Sunday cars if they desire, but Peterborough, Belleville, Stratford, Brockville or any of these other places must not be allowed to have them even though the majority ask for them. What way is this for a Government to deal with a question? If Sunday cars are wrong in Peterborough, if they should be prohibited in Peterborough they are wrong and should be prohibited in Toronto. Treat us all alike, or in the name of justice allow the law-making to be done by others. Mr. Hardy passed the bill to try and gain favor with the Sabbath Observance Association that petitioned for an anti Sunday car law. But such an unjust, lop-sided piece of legislation should be condemned by the very gentlemen who sought the anti-Sunday car legislation. They are, it is presumed, fair-minded men. If they are they must recognize that this law exempts the places where the Sunday car question is a live one, and makes a bid for their support by making the law apply to places where Sunday cars are not being considered even as a probability. Its unfairness and lop-sidedness should condemn it and add another shining example to the class of legislation Mr. Hardy has had to frame in his efforts to be all things to all men, in his desire to play Sir Oliver Mowat.

Here is the clause which has been added to the statutes:—

No street car company, or tramway company, or any electric railway company, except where it shall be necessary for the purpose of keeping the track clear of snow or ice, or for otherer acts of necessity or charity, shall run cars or trams upon the Lord's day. The foregoing shall not apply to companies which have before April 1, 1897, regularly run cars on Sunday, nor shall it confer any rights so to run cars on the Lord's day not now possessed by them, nor shall it affect the right (if any) of the Toronto Railway company to run cars upon the Lord's day if, or when, sanctioned by the vote of the electors under 55 Vic., chap. 99, and 57 Vic., chap. 93. But this proviso shall not confer upon the Toronto Railway company any right to run cars upon the Lord's day which it does not now possess (if any) if sanctioned by such vote. Nor shall this section apply to or affect any of the provisions of the electric railway act, 1895.

Can such one-sided legislation be defended. It is time for a change.

THIS Hardy plant does not promise to thrive.

THE Toronto Globe pictures Mr. Hardy as a circus rider. Not bad, is it?

MR. Hardy had a chance to resign but would not take it. It therefore devolves on the Ontario people to dismiss him. They are ready to do it. They say to him, "Bring on your elections if you dare?"

MR. Laurier has announced that the tariff changes will be made known on the 22nd of April. The Nova Scotia elections take place on the 20th of April. Mr. Murray, the Liberal premier of the province, who brought on the elections a year before they were due, the Montreal Gazette points out, will have all the benefit that uncertainty as to his party's course at Ottawa can be to him. That he expects this uncertainty to be of some benefit is plain from the fact that he is appealing for votes as a friend of a protective duty on coal. He hopes thus to gain the support of those who feel that protection has been a benefit to Nova Scotia's important industry, without sacrificing the friendship of any of the theorists who think that protection is a wickedness. To aid him in playing his double role to the end, the Liberal Government at Ottawa disregards the interests of the whole country, keeps Parliament busy discussing such second and third-rate questions as the franchise and superannuation, and lets commerce and those concerned in it look to themselves. This business is business Administration that the last election loaded on Canada, is strongest where the business it is in is smallest.

WHERE CULTURE FAILED.

After years of application,
With a master's touch acquired,
She resumed her humble station,
Music-mad, ambition-fired.
Something simple, she reflected,
Would most tickle her relations;
Consequently she selected
"Home, Sweet Home"—with variations.
When they came to hear her play,
Ere its last run died away
Spake her father, coaxing-slow:
"That is fine, we will allow, dear,
And well done, we're sure; but now, dear,
Play us something that we know."

GRAND DUKE MICHAEL.

The Great Russian and His Visit to the German Emperor.

Grand Duke Michael of Russia, who has suddenly become one of the most important personages in Europe by reason of his being an ambassador from the Czar to Emperor William, is a grandunele of the ruler of Russia. It

EMPEROR WILLIAM II. OF GERMANY.
(From His Latest Photograph.)

is said that Duke Michael is the bearer of a letter to the German monarch, in which the Czar proposes a division of the Turkish Empire, parcelling out the Sultan's domains among the great powers and leaving Greece in control of Constantinople. The Grand Duke is the most respectable of old Emperor Nicholas' four sons. He is all powerful with the Czar, and it is said that he and the Czarina have much their own way at court. He was married to a Princess of the House of Baden, and his wife was a pretty and talented woman. She died suddenly, while traveling, of apoplexy, after a severe interview with her son Michael, who married against his parents' wishes. One other son of the Grand Duke married Princess Xenia, a sister of the present Czar. He paid a visit to the United States three years ago as an

RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE MICHAEL.

officer in the Russian Navy. A third son is engaged to Princess Marie of Greece. Michael was a great favorite of the late Czar, who honored him with many important trusts. Among them was that of the presidency of the council, the most exalted position in the empire. That position is still held by the Duke. If the letter is such as rumor makes it Grand Duke Michael is the one man in all the Czardom to be its bearer.

The Boundary Line.

When a young girl steps from girlhood into womanhood, she enters a new and strange country. A land of promise and hope, yet full of hidden dangers. Whether she will find happiness or misery depends largely upon the health and condition of the delicate, special organism which is the source and centre of her womanhood.

The lives of young women are often wrecked because of a mistaken sense of modesty, which leads them to neglect the earlier symptoms of feminine weakness.

These troubles unless corrected, develop into serious chronic difficulties which become a dragging burden, ruining life's best opportunities and blighting all possibility of happy wifehood and motherhood.

Any woman suffering from these delicate complaints needs the health-giving power of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals and strengthens the womanly organs, stops weakening drains; gives vitality to the nerve-centres, and restores perfect organic soundness and constitutional energy. It is the only medicine devised for this purpose by a skilled and experienced specialist in diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Mo., writes, "I have used your 'Favorite Prescription' and am never tired of sounding its praise. When my lady friends complain, I say 'Why don't you take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription?' I told an anxious mother, whose daughter (18 years old) had not been right for five months, about the medicine, and after the young lady had taken two-thirds of a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' she was all right. She had been treated by two of our best doctors."

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" sent, paper-bound, on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. Or, a handsome cloth-bound copy for 50 stamps. Address, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897

THE KING OF MAN-KILLERS

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys Baffled the World's Most Eminent Medical Authorities Until

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Came to the Rescue and Delivery of Mankind, Stopping Forever the Deadly Assaults of Life's Most Insidious Foe.

Men are dropping from the ranks everywhere. Cut down in the flower of youth or the fruitage of manhood by that ruthless destroyer—Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.

Only a few days ago Sir Hercules Robinson, the Doughty Governor of Cape Colony, was forced to resign that post because of encroaching Bright's Disease.

Hardly had his successor been appointed when the wires brought tidings of the death of William P. St. John, a New York banker, and remembered by everyone as the treasurer of the National Democratic party during the latest national campaign. Bright's Disease carried him off.

It has killed many better men than most of us. So has Diabetes, its twin curse. Yet there is *one cure* (and only one) that never fails in cases of Diabetes and Bright's Disease. Let their testimonials bear witness:

MR. FRED CARTERS, Palmerston, Ont., says:—"After many years suffering with Bright's Disease, I am a new man, cured by using three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MR. P. X. GROCLE, Ottawa, Ont., says:—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have been a godsend to me, as they have cured me of Bright's Disease of the Kidneys."

S. G. MOORE, King St., London, Ont., says: "After taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I am as well as ever in my life, despairing of recovery from Bright's Disease."

MR. CHAS. T. BYE, Garryowen P. O., Ont., says:—"For the past three years have suffered of Diabetes, but noticing cures published I have used Dodd's Kidney Pills which have perfectly cured me."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS are for sale by druggists everywhere, and by the Dodd's Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. Price 50 cents a box.

"No Oats, No Marriage."

A story of legal lore is told of 'Squire Robinson, the father of the late Gen. Robinson, of Allegheny City. The 'Squire kept the ferry across the river in the latter years of the last century and did all the marrying for the loving couples far and near. One day a couple presented themselves before the judicial Charon, and the swain honestly confessed that he had not the necessary wedding fee in cash, but that he would deliver 'Squire Robinson a bushel of oats the coming fall in payment.

The good-natured Squire consented and tied the nuptial knot, but as the groom rode off with the blushing bride behind him on a pillion, the 'Squire gave him the quaint parting shot: 'Mind, John, no oats, no marriage."

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines, was their nauseousness. In our day, this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood-purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ON CARVING IN CLAY.

ART WORK THAT MAY BECOME A DELIGHT TO LADIES.

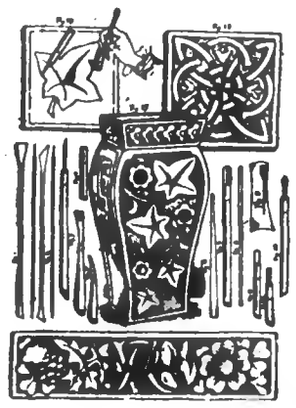
How to Proceed to Make Elegant Vases, Decorated Tiles, Etc.—All About the Clay and Its Condition—The Tools Required.

The London Queen informs its readers as to an interesting art, carving in clay. The following is reprinted. Reference is made to the illustration reproduced herewith:

The thickness of the clay forming the sides of a vase might be a trifle stouter than that desirable for perforating. A quarter-inch limit should, however, be ample for all ordinary purposes. Suggesting, as it does, a comparison with carving in wood, I cannot do better than point out the cardinal points in which clay carving differs from that of his fellow in wood.

Granting our clay in suitable condition, the beginner might with profit attack the simple subject of the title at head of page (figure 13), an ivy leaf. To get an impression of this upon the clay the following simple method is available: Obtain a piece of thin tissue or tracing paper, and trace with a B or BB pencil the outline firmly on the tissue, then, reversing it, go over the outline again with the same soft black pencil. Apply this to the damp clay with a little pressure round the outline; by this means we shall obtain a tolerably distinct image of the outline ready for cutting.

In wood carving it is usual to go round such an outline with chisels of a suitable shape, and, striking downward, cutting the fibers to the extreme of an eighth or quarter of an inch. Such, now, will be our proceeding, but in place of the chisel or chisels—for the wood carver needs several even for the simple outline we have before us—we shall use a cutter, a thin blade, pointed out necessarily sharp, but thin. Holding this vertically, and its point buried in the clay to a depth of what we instinctively guess to be an eighth of an inch, we propel it along the outline, leaving a trench. Thus a limit is established of which our next proceeding takes advantage. This time not cutting, but what I cannot better describe than as paring, is required. The tool with which we accomplish this is a chisel, made of steel or iron wire, about six or seven inches long, an eighth of an inch thic, the ends of which are beaten out flat (see illustration figures 1, 2), and tempered. Wire of a square section is preferable to the round. Sometimes the ribs of an umbrella, if an old one be handy, can be utilized by the beginner with a little ingenuity, these having the advantages of toughness and straightness. Some, also, are V-shaped, and make up into capital veining or parting tools (figure 12), if rubbed down on a stone and finished with emery. But this is a digression. Having our chisel ready for use, we take it as we should a pen, but with the point directly toward us, and inserting one front of the blade a quarter of an inch from the outline, gently force the blade point foremost to the bottom of the trench we have previously cut till we think the chisel has reached the line, when we firmly draw or press the chisel forward, keeping the same angle



CARVING IN CLAY.

as we started with. At the end of the stroke (which would be limited by an opposing line) we gently lift, by means of the blade, the severed clay. Should our guess as to the depth of the trench have been correct it will require but little humoring; most probably it will fall out of its own accord.

This is the principle for the carving of a clay surface. The facility of cutting the outline has a great advantage over the same process in wood, and likewise the removal of a depth of clay from around the outline is of a far simpler and quicker nature in the clay than in wood. The more subtle varieties of surface so characteristic of fine woodwork are all possible in the clay.

The tile (figure 14) will give the opportunity of acquiring more skill. Proceed to set out the outline, which, in this case, had better be done with a pair of compasses; then cut it to a depth of an eighth of an inch; follow by paring or beveling all round, and remove the bulk of clay where dotted; to accomplish which cross cut, mosaic-fashion, the surface to be removed, lifting each piece as cut with the point of the cutting tool. The broken surface left is often worth retaining, though it can be smoothed by the rakes (figure 5), and tools, slightly bent over, afterward stamped or dotted by the tracer (figure 6). The intersection of the various features will be emphasized by the carving, adding greatly to the attractiveness of the design.

The simple vase (figure 15) furnishes us with another type of design, the carving being executed in the same manner as the preceding forms. The background in this is quite removed, then stamped with the end of the tracer. This tool can be capitally made from the slate pencils usually furnished to children at schools, one end being sharpened to a point and rounded, the other, with the assistance of a file, made into a star, etc. The flowers are simple in outline, to show the use that can be made of the barrels of pens; these taking the place of gouges in the clay carver's outfit. A file and three or four barrels of pens—i.e., the part that holds the nib—will make good substitutes for gouges, and are used much in the same manner (see figures 4, 7, 8). Figure 9, a large size, must be cut from a piece of tin or zinc, and bent. Many fanciful combinations are to be made in this manner, much like pastry trimmers. The remaining tools are a tool known as the loop, for hollowing flowers—hairpins ground at the end make capital ones—and two smaller forms of loops, which are used for lines, borders, etc. These are made from large-eyed needles, ground laterally to a cutting edge. When used the clay passes like a thread through the eye of the needle, leaving a clear-cut channel. Double lines are done with two needles set side by side, as in illustration. Figure 16 is a suggestion for one side of a memento of the coming event, the celebration of the long reign of our gracious Queen. This, with the addition of end panels, containing the dates 1837-1897, will make an interesting souvenir of an occasion not likely to be repeated again for a long time to come.

MRS. KATHERINE A. TINGLEY.

The Woman Head of Theosophists Known as "The Crusaders."

"Truth, light and liberation for discouraged humanity," is the inscription in letters of gold on a purple banner which has nearly completed a circuit of the globe. It is borne by a small group of people calling themselves "Theosophical Crusaders." This party reached Toronto, on its way to New York, from which city it started around the world on June 13, 1896, on March 31. It held meetings in the Queen City on April 1 and 2, and then passed on. The leader of "The Crusaders" is Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, and it is to her earnest efforts that the successful conduct of the crusade is chiefly due. The expedition first visited England, and has since been in France, Holland, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Italy, Greece, Egypt, India, Australia, New Zealand, Samoa and the Hawaiian Islands. They again touched American soil at San Francisco Feb. 11, a little over a month ago. The object of the crusade being the conversion of the people of the world to theosophy, the crusaders, of course, held public and private meetings in all the countries they visited. They also gave "brotherhood suppers," to which the poor were invited, that the principles of theosophy might be explained to them and in order also to give them an opportunity to ask whatever question occurred to them concerning the faith they were asked to embrace. They claim that their mission has been to carry the gospel to all nations, proclaim to all men that new commandment "love one another." This they

MRS. KATHERINE A. TINGLEY.

claim to have done and at their own expense. As no member of the society receives any pay whatever for services, there certainly can be no question of the sincerity of the motives, whatever may be the success of their efforts.

By all odds the most interesting figure in this crusade is Mrs. Tingley. The interest that attaches to her is due to the fact that the late William Q. Judge, who, at the time of his death a year ago, was president of the Theosophical Society in America, left a will in which he named Mrs. Tingley as his successor. Although but little known to members of the society before this time, she was easily identified by the executors of Mr. Judge's will by the photograph of her which he had placed among his papers.

In appearance Mrs. Tingley is rather tall and quite stout. She has a gracious manner and charming appearance.

HIS QUIET DAY AT HOME.

No Rest for the Business Man Any More Than the Wicked.

Digway stepped out of his Winder street home the other morning, with the collar of his coat about his ears, his trousers rolled up and his feet in goloshes. But the snow was coming steadily down in wet chunks, and the walks in view had not been cleaned. He turned back, muttering something against the powers over which man has no control, came out of his storm uniform and sought his wife, says The Detroit Free Press.

"I'll not go down to-day," he said, rather fretfully. "It's too beastly nasty. But I have some important writing, Martha, and don't wish to be disturbed. Keep the house as quiet as you can. Let the maid look after the children, and I'll attend to anyone who may be fool enough to trouble the door such a day as this."

Digway was comfortably settled and knitting his brows over a letter that dealt with a small fortune, when there was a peal at the bell that lifted him right out of his chair.

At the door he met a 50-pound boy with a six-foot snow shovel, ready to clean the front walk for ten cents. "Not while it's snowing," blurted Digway, and he slammed the door.

He had reached a point where a long row of figures had to be added, and was in the middle of them when there was another ring, that sounded like a fire alarm. It must be something important. He hastily responded, and met a dilapidated colored man, who was abusing a rheumatic back by making the most profound bow. He got as far as "Mo'nin', sah; kin I clean de——" when he was alone. Then came a trio of youngsters who were working on the co-operative plan. They were not around the adjacent corner before there appeared the man who had an instrument for ruining the flagstones while pecking the ice from the pavement, and who gave Digway a stiff argument before leaving. The man of business was mad and nervous. He blamed the whole thing on his wife, tore up his letters and figures, got into his tough-weather outfit again, and departed with an avowal that he didn't care whether he got pneumonia or not.

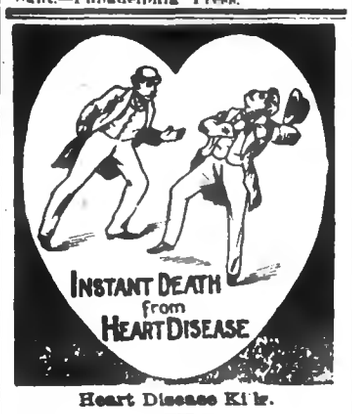
Irate Father—Didn't I tell you not to go skating?

Quick-witted Boy—Stay where you be, Pop. The ice is awful thin!

The Two-Spot.

Van Arndt—Why did you call me a deuce of a fellow the other night, old man?

Chaschem—I was seeing doube that night.—Philadelphia Press.



Heart Disease Killed.

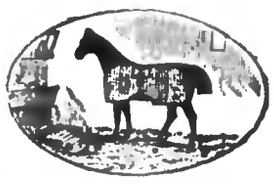
Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, Peterborough.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.



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(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)

Calls day or night promptly attended to.

Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.

13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH

TELEPHONE NO 45. 246f w

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc., sharpened. H. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd, 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,

54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

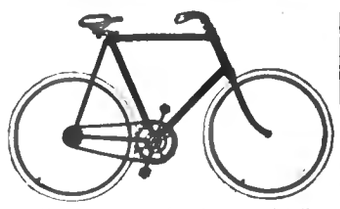
Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.

P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOL'S AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	100,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

It's Different Now!

Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON,
340 George Street.

NEW SPRING HATS

First Shipments Received and Opened Now.

All Furs in stock to be sold at very low prices to the end of the season.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,
396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge successat W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year' make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

OAK HALL.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $2. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Of Military Interest

It is understood that the Deputy Adjutant-General's office in Kingston will be closed, and that Lieut.-Col. Cotton will be transfered to another city. The Kingston district will managed from D. A. G.'s office at Ottawa. There will be general changes of these offices throughout the Dominion, and at least three offices will be closed.

Personal.

Rev. H. S. Spence, B. A., of Apsley, is in town.

Rev C E Cragg, of Oakwood, is in town on his way to Brighton, to write on the Conference examinations.

Dr. E F Hatton arrived in town last evening. He has been in Granada in the West-Indies for 16 years and holds one of the important positions of the island.

Mr. Wm Hayden and family departed today for Waubashene, where Mr Hayden becomes G.T.R. station agent. He is accompanied to his new home by the best regards of his numerous Peterborough friends.

Rev. J. J. Rae has made himself a favorite with the Belleville people. He lectured in that city on Monday evening on "Mind your own business." The Belleville Sun says:—"Judging by the great attention with which the large number of citizens heard the lecture on "Mind your own business," by Rev J J Rae, in Halloway-st. church last night, that gentleman is eminently a success as a public speaker. Although his subject was a rather difficult one, he showed himself to have fully mastered it, and presented his views with rare eloquence." The Intelligencer remarks: "The Peterborough divine has all the attributes necessary for a successful platform orator, being gifted with magnetism and a pleasing address. He has an apparently inexhaustible fund of anecdote, and moves his audience almost at will."

PETERBOROUGH PEOPLE IN FLORIDA.

The Silver Wedding Celebration of Capt. and Mrs. W. J. Nesbitt Described by a Florida Paper.

Mr. Walter J. Nesbitt, an old Peterborough boy, with Mrs. Nesbitt, celebrated their silver wedding recently. In regard to the celebration, the Florida Star of April 9th says:

At the residence of Capt. and Mrs. Walter J. Nesbitt, Eau Gallie, Fla., on April 2nd, were gathered about fifty persons to celebrate their silver wedding. Their steam launch Spartan brought about twenty from Melbourne. The whole party adjourned next door to the spacious parlors of Mrs. Gilbert for a book title hunt, which was participated in by most of the party with much interest, while the remainder chatted for an hour so. There were sixty illustrations of different books by English, French and American authors. The highest correct number was fifty-one, on Miss Gilbert's paper, which won the prize—a copy of Paul and Virginia. The booby prize—an A B C book—was awarded to a gentleman from Boston. We were honored by having one author, Mr. E. P Branch, present. Supper was announced and all repaired to the bower built under the trees between the two houses. It presented a fairy-like scene with its numerous colored lanterns and beautiful flowers. The decorations were truly Floridan, being of gray moss, palmetto fans, bamboo vines, date leaves, etc., not to say anything of the 8 pound pineapple decking the supper table amid a profusion of roses. As the pineapple was the first fruit of the season from the captain's plantation, it was donated to the Eau Gallie Episcopal church fund and sold to the highest bidder for $1.05. It is of the Porto Rico variety and goes to Boston in a few days. The viands were relished by all, especially the strawberry ice cream. Then came the event of the evening, a reading by Mrs. Lockwood, viz., "Lochinvar's Ride," when some eight characters acted out the scene described in Scott's poem. When it came to Lochinvar's entrance with the home-made horse the laughter drowned the speaker's voice, and when he and the fair Ellen ran away on horseback the encores were so numerous the pair had to return and go through that part again, while the rest of the characters gave chase as written in the poem. After Mr. and Mrs. Nesbitt went through an old-fashioned Scotch wedding (jumping over the broom-stick), congratulations were in order, then the inspection of the numerous and beautiful silver presents given, good-byes and good wishes were heard with expressions of pleasure for a unique and joyful evening and then the Melbourne party embarked for home.

Capt. Nesbitt's father died a few days before. The Titusville Advocate referring to it as follows:—"The father of Capt. W. J. Nesbitt, who has only been ill since Sunday last, having been taken down with dysentery on his return from church, died Thursday morning. Mr. Nesbitt was in his 77th year and was a veteran of the late war, having seen severe service in the Confederate ranks, receiving a wound from which he never fully recovered. He had also seen service in the English army.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath, caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh, and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give, one blow through the blower and you get relief immediately. Price, including blower 25 cents.

Before ordering your Spring Suit see the range of Scotch Tweeds Turnbull is showing at $15.00 a Suit. This takes the lead.

Calcutt's Ale and Porter.

A special Easter brewing is now ready. Kept by all the leading grocers. $1 per dozen. 6d89

Paper Hanging in Best Style

If you require paper hanging done we will send you an artist in the line and guarantee the work. Prices moderate, C. F. Kutzbach, 379 George-st., Routley's old stand. 2d

Hull in Earnest.

The Hull Despatch remarks:—The zeal shown by the men of the Trent Valley in their canal scheme ought to bring the blush of shame to the cheek of every Central Canadian between Montreal and Georgian Bay. These people take Ottawa by storm every session, and they are now in sight of the promised land. There is a spice of meanness in allowing McLeod Stewart to bear the brunt of the Georgian Bay canal work, which is not merely a local but a national enterprise. Wake up gentlemen; remove the obstacles from Nature's highway.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

You should see the new Zanzibar Dress Lawns just opened at Turnbull's, at 15 cents a yard.

FOR THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A Substantial Donation to the Inverlea Museum from Mr J M Irwin.

Mr. J. M. Irwin, C. E., the well known lumberman, who left town yesterday to take up his residence at Rat Portage, has left a substantial remembrance of his long residence among us, at the museum of the Historical Society at Inverlea, in the shape of a handsome cabinet containing a large collection of specimens from the mineral world which he has taken years to accumulate, together with pieces of Indian pottery, beads, etc., a collection of curious wood growths, a Japanese pipe, a stuffed eagle and deer's head, and a large ship's barometer and thermometer. This gives a good start to the museum and furnishes an example which we trust will be followed in a more or less degree by those having articles of curio or historic interest.

ARRESTED AT THE FALLS.

A Young Man From Whitby Arrested Charged With Larceny—Will be Brought to Peterborough.

Nearly a year ago Mr. James A. McGill had a quantity of clothing stolen from him at the Huffman House, and after a period the law laid its hand upon a young man who was arrested at Niagara Falls on the Canadian side yesterday charged with the larceny of the clothes.

His name is Fred Cresswell and he was at one time employed at the Huffman House. His home is at Whitby, but it is understood he has been working on the American side of the Niagara lately, and yesterday he came across to the Canadian side and was placed under arrest.

AT THE CHARLOTTE-ST. CHURCH

Rev Mr Ranton Opens the Services in That Church—The Judgment Discussed

Evangelist Ranton began a series of services in the Charlotte-st. Methodist church last evening and the church was well filled, though the weather was not of the nature to entice people to leave their homes.

Mr. Ranton's subject was "The Judgment" his text being the words:

"What then shall I do when God riseth up? and when he visiteth, what shall I answer him?"—Job xxxi, 14th.

Mr. Ranton discussed a number of theories upon the judgment and made clear that the judgment was yet to come, when Christ would leave the throne of meditation and sit upon the throne of judgment. In closing he pressed the points home in view of what God was and what he had done. "What shall we answer him? What shall we do when he riseth up?" enquired the evangelist in concluding.

There was a brief after meeting and it was prevaded by a feeling of great earnestness. To-night Mr. Ranton will speak on "The Straight Gate and How to Get Through."

NATURAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Burnham on "The Dawn of Life"—The Otonabee Serpent and Egg Mound.

The Natural Science Association met last night. The attendance was rather small, but the two papers that were read and the discussion which followed were thoroughly enjoyed.

Mr. Hampden Burnham read a short paper on the "Dawn of Life." He dealt exclusively with the *Eozoon Canadense*, the earliest fossil of the Laurentian strata. Upon the proof of its position in the organic world by Mr. W. Dawson and others the dawn of life upon the earth was removed back to Eozoic time There is no more interesting episode in the history of the natural sciences then the history of this fossil, and the scientists of Canada have won universal applause not only for the find itself, but for proving its nature in the face of much prejudice and opposition.

Mr. Sorsoleil read a paper on "The Otonabee Snake Mound." This interesting paper had been prepared from the archæological report by Mr. Boyle issued by the Minister of Education. The paper dealt with Mr. Boyle's discovery of the mound, with his report regarding it and the primitive people who built it, and introduced many points of interest in connection therewith.

Discussion followed the reading of the papers and an exceedingly profitable evening was the result.

No one in ordinary health need become bald or gray, if he will follow sensible treatment. We advise cleanliness of the scalp and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer.

Those requiring Spring Carpets should see the Japanese Rugs Turnbull is offering. Suitable for dining rooms. Cheap.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Charged With Stealing a Horse.

Wm. Dooughas lost a horse on Saturday, April 10, and this morning Frank Tully occupied a seat in the prisoner's pen at Police Court. He was charged with stealing Douglas' horse and elected to be tried by the Magistrate. The case was enlarged until tomorrow.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Advertising in the Review pays.

DEPARTURE OF MR. PATERSON.

The Chief Inspector of the Canadian General Electric Works Leaving Town Owing to Ill-Health.

Mr. A. W. Paterson, who has filled the position of Chief Inspector at the Canadian General Electric works, is retiring from the company's employ owing to ill-health, and will leave in a short time on a trip in an effort to regain his accustomed vigor. He has not yet decided where he will locate permanently.

Mr. Paterson has been a most faithful official and held the respect and esteem of the large body of workmen with whom he came in contact. That his departure is much regretted was evidenced last evening, when the employees gathered at Mr. Paterson's residence on Rubidge-st. and presented a flattering address and beautiful gold headed, ebony cane, which was neatly engraved, to their retiring inspector. The address in itself is a testimony to Mr. Paterson' popularity. It was embossed, and was read as follows by Mr James Kennedy, assistant inspector;—

Mr. A. W. Paterson.

Dear Sir and Fellow Employee,—It is with regret that we have learned of your intended departure from among us. We feel that we sustain a very great loss because of the peculiar position you occupied in relation to each employee, from the least to the greatest.

We understand in some small degree the difficult and trying position of inspector-in-chief, and, while you had the company's interest at heart, we have always felt that you were actuated by every true man's rule of life "do unto others as ye would that they should do unto you."

We have entertained no anxious fears as to your future welfare but feel confident that your gentlemanly manner and rare mechanical capabilities insure you a brilliant future. We ask you to accept this cane as a token of our very best wishes and our heartfelt appreciation of your genial disposition and manly dealing.

Signed on behalf of the employees:

D N Munroe	E Good
C B Robertson	Geo Tovey
R E Layfield	W S Robinson
W H Smith	J Reed
A J Hamilton	J W Kennedy

W A Brandrett.

The gift was handed Mr Paterson by Mr E Good, foreman of the commutator department.

FROM THE FORESTERS

A deputation from Court Langton, Canadian Order of Foresters, was also present and Mr C B Robertson on their behalf read the following address:—

A. W. Paterson, P. C. R.:

Dear Sir and Brother,—On the occasion of your leaving Peterborough to seek your future amongst strangers, whom we hope you will find friends, we deem it a great pleasure to have an opportunity to show our appreciation of your efforts and help to us in the past years that you have been connected with Court Langton, No. 344, C. O. F.

It is no doubt needless to remind you that you are one of our charter members, and moreover have been elected to every office from Junior Beadle to Chief Ranger, and also have been our representative to the High Court, and in all offices or positions of trust you have held you have acted in a manly, straightforward manner and have been to us a brother in the fullest possible sense of the word.

Brother, it is with great sorrow and pain that we say farewell to you, but we all feel we shall meet again, if not in our court, in the Court above.

In conclusion, dear brother, we beg that you will accept this Past Chief Ranger's jewel. May you live long to wear this emblem of our noble Order, and when you are many miles away on two Tuesdays of the month it will remind you of your brethren assembled together in Liberty, Benevolence and Concord in Court Langton.

Signed on behalf of the members of Court Langton, No. 344.

John Sawers, P C R
R E Layfield, P C R, R S
E S Lebourveau, P C R
H Evans, P C R, Treas
W H Imass, P C R, J S
R R Hall, P C R
A H Stratton, P C R
C B Robertson, P C R, R S
Jas Kennedy, C R
David Patterson, V C R
W Hopkins, S W
Jas Hopkins, J W
W M Smith, S B
Dr Greer, Physician
A J Mather, P C
A T Dugan, J P C R
E A Kemp, D D H C R

Accompanying the address was a handsome P C R's gold jewel, Mr. Paterson having formerly been Chief Ranger of the Court.

Mr. Paterson replied to both addresses briefly but suitably, and afterwards entertained his guests and a pleasant evening was passed.

The cane was procured from Mr. F S Schneider. Mr Paterson came to Peterborough from Sherbrooke several years ago and has been an obliging official, popular with the men and also an active Forester.

That Dancing Sermon.

To the Editor of the Review.

Dear Sir,—Allow me, with all due respect to the gentleman who preached the sermon on "Dancing" last Sunday, to say that he has created more of that "intense feeling" in the minds of the young people of this town than did all the dances they attended during last winter. He said that a young man who denied ever having had that "feeling" while dancing, was either made of putty or he was a liar. The man that said that was either a rake at heart, or didn't know what he was talking about.

Reader.

Peterborough, April 14, 1897.

CASTORIA

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BARGAIN DAYS IN

WALL PAPER!

On Wednesdays and Fridays only.

We have secured a Bankrupt Stock of Wall Papers which we will offer at 35c on the $1.00 The patterns are nicely assorted. The variety is large. The quality good.

We will sell these papers at cost price, and trust to make our profit out of quick sales.

7 cent Papers for	5c	25 cent Papers for	15c
10 cent Papers for	7c	Borders to match for	10c
15 cent Papers for	8c	Bedroom and Kitchen Papers at	4c

C. F. KUTZBACH,

No. 379 George Street.

C. B. ROUTLEY'S Old Stand.

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Wilson's Dramatic Co. in the opera house.
Services at St. John's church.
Street and Bridge Committee.
Hiawatha Encampment, I O O F.

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

Still they come. More Dress Goods for Turnbull's, the Popular Dress Goods House.

Hunter and Crossley

The Toronto Star says:—Messrs Hunter and Crossley, the well known evangelists, are in the city to-day, after being absent on a tour through the Maritime Provinces for 19 months. They speak in very high terms of the cordiality of the people down east, and give glowing reports of work done there. At Lunenburg, N.S., the chief fishing station for the cod fisheries, they were particularly successful in their evangelistic efforts. Fully a quarter of the population of the town was converted, to the number of 800 or 900, including 15 sea captains, two editors, the mayor and town council. As a result of the religious wave, all saloons were closed and liquor was driven out of the town. In Sackville, N B., the Methodist University town for the east, all the students of the men's and ladies' colleges who were not converted were brought into the fold. During these 19 months over 10,000 persons have been converted under the evangelists' preaching. After a short stay here, Messrs. Hunter and Crossley will return to the east again. They are registered at the Palmer House.

They are looking for your Spring Millinery Order at Turnbull's. They have all the latest shapes, abundance of trimmings, and their Hats are put together in the most artistic style.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IF YOU WANT ....

A BICYCLE!

..... CALL AT

MULLIGAN & POTTERS

And get a famous COLUMBIA. If you want half a bicycle you can go almost anywhere. MULLIGAN & POTTER'S up-to-date Music Store, 416 George Street.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

In speaking of the Ontario lacrosse club the Port Hope Guide says:—The Athletic grounds are in a very poor condition for the playing of fast lacrosse, but we understand the Association intends putting it in good shape at once, and the boys will soon be able to get down to practice. The club will have plenty of good material this year, what with a number of new men having struck town and plenty of very promising juniors, such as "Lang" Crowhurst, Stott, Friar, Outram, Campion and many others who should develop into first class players before the season is far advanced. "Ernie" Fliga, who, in the days of the old Y M C A team was one of the most brilliant "stars," is in town and will be on the war path again. He is fast and also a good stick handler and should make things hum on the home division this season. An effort is being made to form a district composed of Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Cobourg and Port Hope, and if the scheme is successful some very hot games may be expected and we have no doubt the Ontarios would get a large slice of the best of them.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

Coming.

Jebb, (formerly of New York), Doctor of Refraction in Optics, and inventor of the famous Recherche Optometer, the latest and most improved instrument known to modern science for pointing out every defect and disease of the eye and sight. Cures granulation and inflammation of the lids, headache, and straightening cross-eye, etc., without medicine or operation. A cure guaranteed in every case or money refunded. Consultation and examination free. Will be at Messrs. Clarke & Gibson's jewelry store, 23rd and 24th. 1d

It pays to advertise in the REVIEW.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1887. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1887.

Y. P. S. C. E. COLUMN.

Paragraphs of Local Interest to Endeavorers Supplied by the County Union

THE WORLD'S C. E. PRAYER CHAIN.

Subject for April—For unsaved relatives and friends.—Pray that the members of our own families may be won for Christ, and that Christians may be faithful in witnessing to them for the Master. Pray for the unsaved friends and relatives of others.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

The arrangements are now fully completed. Nothing but poor weather and lack of interest will prevent this being a bright convention. Three new features on the programme should prove interesting. The first is the social half hour at the close of the morning session. This will enable the county Endeavorers to get better acquainted. The second is the denominational gatherings at the close of the afternoon session. This takes the place of the junior rally held at junior conventions. These rallies should give help to the denominational unions. The third is the social hour to be held at the Y. M. C. A. hall between six and seven o'clock. Music and refreshments will be the order of the hour. This social is for all delegates and visiting Endeavorers. The local union could not attempt to entertain all town Endeavorers, but desire all delegates representing the town societies to be present. Every Endeavorer will be glad to hear that Mr. Colville, secretary of Toronto West End Y. M. C. A., will conduct the consecration service. Mr. Colville is so well known throughout the county that no further introduction is necessary. Then we have all our social members taking part. Rev. J. J. Rae takes the evening topic, while we have two names on our programme for the first time, those of Mr Potter and Mr Dykeman. Both these gentlemen are popular among the young people. By the returns of delegates who are appointed by the different societies throughout the county we feel that this will be the best convention yet held. Delegates will come direct to church and register, when those who desire billets will be given address of their Peterborough home. No delegate should start out without the report from their society as presented on programme previously supplied.

THE LOCAL UNION

Held their regular monthly meeting Wednesday evening, April 7th, at close of prayer meeting, at the Y.M.C.A. hall. The attendance was large and a lot of business was transacted. The arrangements to entertain county delegates on Easter Monday were completed and committees appointed for every conceivable duty.

The following officers were nominated to represent the union for the ensuing year:

Hon President—Rev. Mr Dykeman.
President—Mr T H Martin.
Vice-President—Mr A L Grover.
Treasurer—Mr B Anderson.
Secretary—Miss M Sherlock.

The election will take place at the next regular rally to be held on the first Monday in May at the Charlotte-st church.

The matter of furnishing the Y M C A hall was left over until next meeting of Executive.

MARK-ST. SOCIETY.

Though not largely attended yet the last meeting of the Mark-st. Society was a very profitable one. It being a missionary topic the papers and addresses were all on that theme. They were given by the Misses Taylor and Hooper and Messrs. Jas Reid and W M Matchett. The delegates chosen to represent the Society at the county convention were Miss M Hamilton and Miss L Beer, who are to report the convention at the last meeting this month.

ST. PAUL'S SOCIETY.

The Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society sent a representative to the meeting of this Society on Monday night and it certainly was a successful meeting. The subject being "Foreign Missions." Excellent papers filled with interesting thoughts were read by Mrs. A E Lech, Mrs Sheriff Hall, Mrs J A Fife and Miss Dickson, the subject being "Zenana Work," "Work of Medical Missions," "Educational Work" and "Work Still to be Done." Miss McNabb rendered a solo in a very pleasing manner. Taken altogether the meeting was most interesting and profitable. Another very notable feature was the artistic blackboard sketch by Mr. A. McCallum, which called forth the vigorous praise of all who were present. Rev Dr Torrance presided, and at the close of the meeting tendered the hearty vote of thanks of the Endeavor society to the ladies who had so well filled the programme, and to Mr. McCallum for his blackboard work.

BETHEL (KEENE CIRCUIT).

The meeting this evening (March 31st) was opened by the president. The attendance was good. We were pleased to have with us Mr. R. N. Weir who conducted the topic in an able manner, telling us "What Christian heroism is and does." Master Albert Nelson led the prayer meeting. We also held our monthly business meeting. Satisfactory reports were read from convenors of different committees showing that good work indeed had been accomplished during the month. Miss Nettie Shearer and Mr Morley Nelson were appointed as delegates to attend the county convention to be held in Peterborough on Easter Monday. It was moved and seconded that we hold our meetings at eight o'clock instead of half-past seven.

KEENE SOCIETY.

On Tuesday, April 6th, we held our monthly business meeting, Mrs. Harrison in the chair. David Edwards read a paper on the topic, and it was with pleasure and profit that we listened to the remarks of Rev W C Clarke, who was present with us. Wilson Avison conducted a short prayer-meeting. Encouraging reports were given by the different committees, but we would especially mention the work of the Missionary committee. They have nearly completed a missionary quilt; it is very pretty and although not quite finished they have realized $8.

The following officers were then elected for the next six months:

President—Mr Porter.
Rec-Secretary—Emma C McCamus.
Cor- .. —Mrs Harrison.
Treasurer—John Kirby.
Organists—Miss Maud Esson, Miss Martha Edwards.

CONVENORS OF COMMITTEES.

Prayer Meeting—Mrs Harrison.
Lookout—Miss A Esson.
Missionary—Miss Emma Porter.
Social—Wilson Avison.
Flower and Visit—Thos McIntyre.
Temperance—William Chapman.
Music—Miss Esson.

We had a very good attendance and a number of very bright and cherry little reports from the juniors on last Thursday evening, and the Sunshine committee had on exhibition two scrap books that they have just finished and made ready to send away. The following officers were also installed:—

President—Mabel Harrison.
Vice-President—Roy Liddy.
Secretary—Jannie McGregor.
Treasurer—Nellie McGregor.

CONVENORS OF COMMITTEES.

Prayer Meeting—Roy Liddy.
Lookout—Irene Shaw.
Sunshine—Etta Edwards.
Literature—Charlie Stewart.
Book—Glen Liddy.
Birthday—Mary Wedlock.

THE DIXON PARK

The Town Will Likel Retain the Park in Its Possession.

The Property and Fire, Water and Light committees met last evening and discussed several matters referred to them at the last meeting of the Town Council.

The Fire, Water and Light committee examined some tenders for fire appliances but did not make any award. They also decided to inspect the lights of the town in the near future.

The Property committee, it is understood, decided to recommend to the Council that the Dixon park be retained in the town's possession and that seats be procured and placed in the park at once.

SEVEN LICENSES TO BE CUT OFF

Under the New License Act—Commissioners Meet Next Week.

The License Commissioners for West Peterborough meet next Wednesday, when the licenses for the year will be granted. License Inspector Cochrane was seen to-day, and said that under the new license act there will be a reduction of seven licenses in town and there is at present much anxiety amongst hotelkeepers as to the hotels that will be cut off. At least this was what Mr Cochrane understood on the second reading of the bill, and he did not think it had been amended on the third reading.

Henry Ward Beecher once informed a man who came to him complaining of gloomy and despondent feelings, that what he most needed was a good cathartic, meaning, of course, such a medicine as Ayer's Cathartic Pills, every dose being effective.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

Brevities.

—Mr. John O'Keefe, of Lindsay, is now bridge tender at the G T R swing bridge over the Otonabee.

—"Twixt Love and Duty" was the play presented at the opera house last evening by the Wilson Dramatic company.

—The Street and Bridge committee will meet to-night and the Committee on Appointments to-morrow evening.

—A committee meeting of the Historical Society to arrange the Art Loan Exhibition for opening the Museum will be held at the Huffman House to-night.

—Mr. D. Buchanan and Miss Quinn addressed another meeting at the Bethany Mission last evening. They will speak to-morrow and Good Friday evening also.

—Rev. R. Hatchett, of the British M.E church, will address the prayer meeting at the George-st church this evening. A collection will be taken up in aid of the work of his church.

—To-morrow is Holy Thursday and solemn high mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's Cathedral at 8 o'clock by his Lordship Bishop O'Connor.

Piles Cured by Dr Chase

I. M. Iral, 186 Drolet-st., Montreal. 15 years suffered. Cured of Blind Itching Piles.

William Butler, Possawan, Ont. Suffered many months. Cured of Protruding Piles by one box.

Pabano Bastard, Gower Point, Ont. Suffered for 30 years. Cured of Itching Piles by three boxes.

Nelson Simmons, Myersburg, Ont., cured of Itching Piles.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will positively cure all forms of Piles. Write any of the above if in doubt.

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Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Now going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st. by RICHARD HALL & SON . . . .

Is beyond doubt the greatest opportunity to buy High Class Goods at genuine reduced prices that the buying people of Peterborough have ever had. Our entire stock of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer Goods being offered at a genuine reduction at this season of the year, when people are usually paying the highest figure, is an opportunity that should be highly appreciated. Come and be convinced.

P.S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

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The Bearings of our SKYLARK Wheels are not only Dust Proof, but Oil Retaining, so that the balls revolve in oil. You do not need a diagram to convince you that SKYLARKS run easily. Just try one and satisfy yourself.

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MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

Mark Your Seat

The military entertainment under the auspices of the officers of the 57th Battalion in the opera house on the evening of Easter Monday, April 19th, will furnish a variety of programme that should receive liberal patronage. Besides the exhibitions by Sergt. Major Morgans and Sergt. Instructor Boutillier and the squad of picked men from the battalion, there will be an excellent musical programme of vocal and instrumental selections. Plan open at Ormond & Walsh's on Thursday. 1td

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

R. Watkin-Mills

The Toledo Bee of April 2nd, says of Mr. Mills, singing there on 1st inst. "R. Watkin-Mills, the famous English basso, appeared last night at Westminister church. The large auditorium was well filled, and a more delighted audience has not been brought together this season. His solos aroused the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch." When Mr. Mills sings in Peterborough, on the 21st inst., he will have a bumper house such as the great artist deserves. The subscription list is filling rapidly. Those desiring good seats should have their name put on at once. The plan will be opened to subscribers only on Monday morning, April 20, at 10 o'clock at Ormond & Walsh's Drug Store and to the public on Tuesday morning. Prices 50 and 75c.

Turnbull's show windows display a magnificent range of Lace Curtains this week, from 25 cents to $6.00 a pair.

CASTORIA.

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Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

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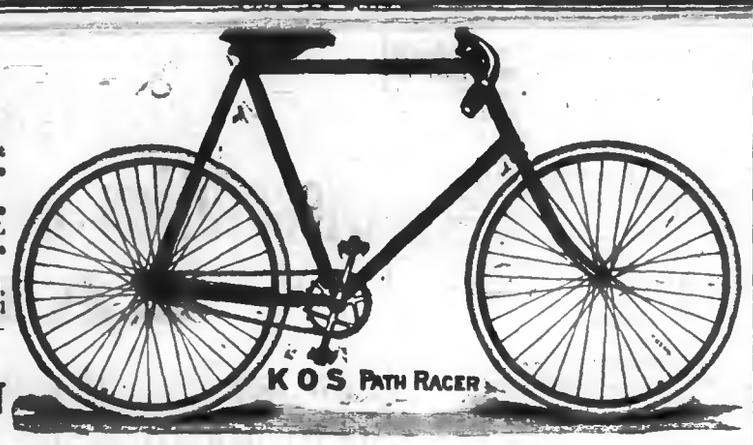

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Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

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Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

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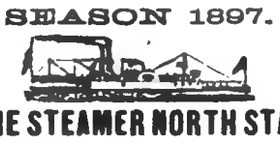

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Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 5:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Hastings Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

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The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

"I say the robbers came by the river," continues the detective. "Before sundown I sauntered along the river bank; to-morrow I can show you traces, indistinct but sufficient, to prove that a boat has been drawn out of the water, and overturned upon the grass; keel, prow and oar-locks have left their traces. There is also the print of a clubbed and muffled oar, above the water mark, where an impatient hand has pushed off the boat. Here is blunder number one. All these traces might have been avoided or obliterated."

He pauses a moment, but his listeners sit, a very respectful audience, and are inclined neither to question or argue. So he continues:—

"I said that the robbers entered purposely at that particular window, and because they were familiar with the interior of the house. Now I have examined all of the windows of this floor, and I find that a person unfamiliar with the inside of the building, and not aware which of the upper rooms were occupied, would have chosen differently.

The dining-room windows, from without, would seem much more inviting; still more, the drawing-room windows. Naturally, our burglars would select a window which was tolerably easy of access, and where they knew there was the least chance of being overheard and observed from above. Now, the dining-room windows are close to the ground, and the awnings cut off all chance for observation from above; but—they knew that Miss Wardour's coachman sleeps in a small room just in the rear of the dining-room."

This was too much for Mrs. Alliston.

"Now, how did you find that out?" she asks, with staring eyes.

"From my friend, the gardener," he replies. "Oh, I am quite familiar with things about here. The very best place for a burglar to operate would be these windows," motioning toward the front of the drawing room; "he could stand in romfort on the lower balcony, screened by the upper, and cut away at shutters and panes; but, our burglars knew that Miss Wardour's rooms were directly above, and that Miss Wardour is a light sleeper. Now, the very place that would be shunned by an unfamiliar robber, is this very library window; it is higher than the others, has a little thicket of shrubs just beneath it, and is overlooked from above, being near an angle, by six windows. But our burglars knew that not one of these rooms to which the six windows belong, are occupied; and that the servants all sleep on the opposite side of the house. Now, then, I say that the robbers knew Miss Wardour's sensitiveness to the effects of chloroform; how else can we account for the fact of their giving just enough to cause her to sleep, and not enough to cause any unpleasant after effects. We can call it a coincidence, but it is one not likely to happen; Doctor Heath knows that."

"True," responds Doctor Heath; "in a matter of this sort one would hardly be likely to make so fortunate a blunder, or guess."

The detective pauses a moment, and then concludes: "My reasons for saying that the robbers entered the garden by leaping the low fence just below the gate, are, first, that gate creaks loudly when opened or shut, and they knew this, and therefore avoided it; and, second, one of them, the heavier of the two, came over with sufficient force to leave the imprint of his right boot heel in the ground. It was the right heel, because the deepest side of the indentation is to the right, and he would naturally strike the ground with the weight resting on the outside of the foot; and here, my friends, as the lawyers have it, I rest my case."

"And a very clear case it looks," says Doctor Heath.

"How easily and naturally you come at these things," exclaims Constance, in admiration. "It is a, b, c, to you, but it's awful Greek to the rest of us. I begin to think detectives are born, not made."

"You think right, Miss Wardour," replies Bathurst. "It is the made detectives who spoil and disgrace our profession."

"But," says Constance, with a look of anxiety upon her face; "I am sorry to have it proved that this thing was done by some of our people. I am reluctant to institute a search that may implicate some poor man whose wife and children may live in our very town."

The detective laughs softly.

"There it is," he exclaims. "An amateur must always judge by what appears uppermost. We detectives, as a rule, always distrust the most plausible theory. Now look, a skilled burglar is a man of many resources; a burglar studies his business as I study mine. You have no idea how much misapplied talent goes roaming about of nights with a jimmy and a dark lantern. Now let us suppose this case. A professional burglar in the course of his wanderings, hears, as would be quite natural, of the immense value of the Wardour diamonds, and he desires to possess them. Now it's a great prize, and he goes to work with his utmost care. He has confederates; they come, one or all, and manage to gain the necessary information; they may come as tramps, peddlars, what not; a talkative servant, a gossiping neighbor, like Mrs. Malloy, or fragments of information picked up here and there may help them to get the 'lay of the land;' they may even have entered the house, probably have, and it may have been last month, or last year; our burglar nourishes his job and studies it carefully. Finally he is ready; he strikes; he succeeds. I do not say this is the case, understand; I simply put it as a thing possible; and quite as probable as that the thieves are here in W—."

Constace muses; she is thinking of various other depredations committed in and about W—; and, as once before she recounted them to Doctor Heath, she enumerates them now, and closes by saying:—

"Your burglars keep a sharp eye on us, at all events, Mr. Bathurst."

"Naturally," assents the detective; "W— is a capital field for that sort of chap. It's a mine of itself, and I will always receive due attention from the law breakers. By the by, Miss Wardour, these facts you mention are worth noting; after considering, I think I will remain in W— during to-morrow. I want to explore about the river, and about this place, a little more. If I may see you to-morrow I would like your version of these other older robberies. I keep a record of every crime reported, and, no doubt, have each of these upon my register, but not as I would receive them from you. I do not wish to be seen or known, as acting in this matter; your friend will be here to-morrow, or Monday, and the officer he has chosen should be on the ground before to-morrow morning. No doubt he will be all that you wish for, and my duties will call me elsewhere very soon."

Then they all rise, and standing in a group begin talking. They so much regret that they can not retain his services, and they are very grateful to him for so much light as he has thrown upon the subject of the robbery.

"But wait," he says, "you are to bear in mind that you have no light; you are in total darkness and ignorance; to-morrow you will have a new officer, he may evolve a totally different theory. Then discard mine, or not, as you think fit; in any case, let it be kept exclusively to your three selves, for I am very likely to make a second appearance here. I think that these burglars of yours are the chaps I am wanting. And, Miss Wardour, this reminds me," drawing from his pocket the chloroform vial wrapped in its accompanying linen bit, "may I keep this until morning? I will return it to you by Doctor Heath, and, if your officer is not too much in the way, will try and see you in person, if you will kindly give me what facts you can recall concerning those robberies."

Constance expresses a hope that the officer will not be in the way, and after they have talked a little more, the detective repeating his cautions, Constance repeating her regret that he is not to take the case, as her case; and Mrs. Alliston repeating everything that comes into her head, they separate, and the two men, looking so oddly unlike, go out into the night.

Mrs. Alliston is ready to talk, but Constance is in no mood to listen. She cuts her aunt's elocution, and goes with listless weariness to her own apartments.

Since the appearance of the detective, a shade of perplexity rested on her face, and over and over again her thoughts have repeated the question which now falls from her lips.

"What does it mean? I am not mistaken; he said, 'here, I am Doctor Heath from nowhere.' I begin to think that life is a mystery." For Miss Wardour, hesitating a moment as she passed in from the balcony, had caught the words uttered for the ears of the detective only.

CHAPTER VI.

Doctor Heath and the detective went in silence down the wide shrub-bordered walk, to the spot where the doctor's horse awaited him. Here the detective paused suddenly and listened a moment.

"We should not be seen together," he said in a low tone. "Do you mount your horse and ride on slowly. I will follow."

"But—"

"No buts; I can follow you, never fear; that's my business; do you go straight home and prepare to admit me on the quiet. Stay—have you any gelatine?"

"No."

"Any plaster of Paris?"

"No."

"Any wax?"

"Ony a small quantity."

"Too bad; I must have some. There will be a drug store open?"

"At this hour? oh, yes."

"Then get me some, half a pound at least. Now move on, I hear a horse coming down the road."

"Some farmer going home. Well, I'm off, then."

"And so am I."

Half an hour later Doctor Heath was standing in his open doorway, wondering what had become of the detective, when a light touch upon his shoulder caused him to start suddenly, and turning, he saw the man for whom he watched, standing behind him, and within the dimly-lighted hall.

"Are we alone?" whispered the detective; "is the coast clear?"

"Quite clear; but how the mischief did you get in there, man?"

"Through the door," replied Bathurst, as he followed his host into a cosy parlor, where a shaded lamp burned. "You are not a good sentinel; why, I all but brushed you; have you no sense of feeling, then; why, man, I can recognize a near presence in the darkest room."

"Now that I think of it," retorts the

To be Continued

ALAS, NO BYRON NOW.

SCANDINAVIA SEEMS TO BE AT THE HEAD THESE DAYS.

Dr. Nansen's Happily Ended Arctic Drama in Contrast With King George's Brave Stand For the Oppressed Cretans.

In Scandinavia to be our purveyor of sensations? It would seem so. At the present moment two sons of the Vikings are the most prominent figures in the European play—Dr. Nansen, with his happily ended Arctic drama, and King George of Greece, with his "Liberty of Crete," which may be tragedy or—as likely as not—unsatisfactory farce.

The first fine detonation of the Nansen boom has died down; the hero is gone a-lecturing. But George of Greece occupies the center of the stage, the lime light is full on him, and one hopes for a good old-fashioned drama before the curtain falls—Vice deposed and Virtue triumphant, in the "Grecian" manner. Looking at King George one recalls Byron's line:

These Greeks, indeed, were proper men
(The Curse of Minerva),

and alters the tense to the present. He is a "proper man," and all he wants is a worthy poet. There are no Byrons nowadays (Byron, by-the-bye, was, if not a Scandinavian, at least a Northman, for he was a half Scot), to write the record of a nation's struggles in a ringing line and celebrate its ancient glories in a couplet. But is there any need? Did not Byron himself leave enough to make Greece something more than a mere aesthetic memory? Why, what could be more applicable at this moment than his translation of "Sons of the Greeks, arise!"?

Then, manfully despising
The Turkish tyrant's yoke,
Let your country see you rising,
And all your chains are broke.

His poems ring from end to end with "drum-taps" for the present struggle:

The sword, the banner and the field,
Glory and Greece around me see!
The Spartan, borne upon his shield,
Was not more free.

Awake! (not Greece—she is awake!)
Awake, etc.

("On this day I complete my 36th birthday." Missolonghi, Jan. 22, 1824, not three months before his death.)

Or take these words of wisdom:

Trust not for freedom to the Franks—
They have a King that buys and sells;
In native swords and native ranks,
The only hope of courage dwells;
But Turkish force, and Latin fraud,
Would break your shield, however broad.
—Don Juan, Canto III.

It is to be hoped the last couplet is not sad prophecy. That famous interpolated poem in "Don Juan" is full of quotable and splendid things. What school boy does not know:

The isles of Greece! the isles of Greece!
Where burning Sappho loved and sung,
Where grew the arts of war and peace,
Where Delos rose and Phoebus sprung:
Eternal summer gilds them yet,
But all, except their sun, is set . . .

The mountains look on Marathon,
And Marathon looks on the sea;
And musing there an hour alone,
I dreamed that Greece might yet be free.

The poet's dream came true. Greece is free, and would have her neighbor of Crete free too. She sends men and ships to that end:

A king sate on the rocky brow,
Which looks on sea-born Salamis;
And men in nations—all were his!
And ships, by thousands, lay below,
He counted them at break of day;

It will be sad if we have to ask—

And when the sun set, where were they?

May we not have to answer—

'Tis Greece, but living Greece no more!

Nor this—

Clime of the unforgotten brave!
Whose land from plain to mountain cave
Was Freedom's home or Glory's grave!
Shrine of the mighty! can it be
That this is all remains of thee?
—The Giaour.

Before such an untoward pass Byron would like to hear the sould of battle:

. . . . an echo dread and new;
You might have heard it on that day,
O'er Salamis and Megara;
(We have heard the hearers say)
Even unto Piraeus' Bay.
—The Siege of Corinth.

And in that hour of battle he would have the Greeks display the spirit of Myrrha in "Sardanapalus":

Fear? I am a Greek, and how should I fear death?

Myrrha, who was—

a Greek, and born a foe to monarchs—
A slave, and hating fetters.

Byron had that true patriotism which is of no country, the patriotism that allies itself with a "distressful" country. He loved Greece more for its existing sorrows than for its past glories. Not but he respected her olden splendor, for you may remember how he flayed Lord Elgin when that shrewd man raped Athens of her magnificent marbles—

Daughter of Jove! in Britain's injured name,
A true-born Briton may the deed disclaim.
Frown not on England; England owns him not;
Athena, no! thy plunderer was a Scot.
—Minerva's Curse.

And again—

What, shall it e'er be said by Briton's tongue
Albion was happy in Athena's tears?
Though in thy name the slaves her bosom wrung,
Tell not the deed to blushing Europe's ears.
—Childe Harold, Canto II.

But, surely, enough has been written to show how this Northman loved warlike Greece. And it may as surely go without saying that public sympathy at the present day is of the same hearty character as was Byron's love for the Greece of 70 years ago.

Profitable Book Speculation.

One copy of Caxton's "De Confessione Amantis," or the "Confession of a Lover," was the most profitable speculation ever made in books. A Dublin bookseller of the last century bought a number of volumes at second hand, as he supposed of a great value, paying for them one and sixpence, and found in the package this rare work of Caxton's, which he afterward sold for over $1500.

We hear a great deal about purifying the blood. The way to purify it is to enrich it. Blood is not a simple fluid like water. It is made up of minute bodies and when these are deficient, the blood lacks the life-giving principle. Scott's Emulsion is not a mere blood purifier. It actually increases the number of the red corpuscles in the blood and changes unhealthy action into health.

If you want to learn more of it we have a book, which tells the story in simple words.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY APRIL 14, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscomb, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roszel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE.—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

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Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

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The old man who looks out at the world with clear and healthy eyes cannot help feeling great gratification at the thought that his children have inherited from him no weakness nor tendency to disease. The healthy old man is the man who has throughout his life kept his digestion good and his blood pure. Not one in a thousand does do it. Germs go through the healthy body without effect. Let them once find lodgment or let them find a weak spot, they will develop by the million and the blood will be full of them. Instead of giving strength to the tissues, it will force upon them innutritious matter, and the man will lose flesh and the more susceptible he is to disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only medicine that absolutely and infallibly cures all blood diseases, and almost all diseases are blood diseases. It isn't a medicine for some one particular so-called disease. It is a medicine for the *whole body*. It forces out all the germs of disease, and replaces impurities with rich, red blood.

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House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg's furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

A BICYCLE BY MAGIC.

A PUNJAUB FAKIR PRODUCES ONE FROM HIS CLOAK.

He Has Amazed Paris, But After All the Trick Is Very Simple, Though Requiring Great Dexterity—Carried in Small Pieces.

Arrayed in a gown of spotless white, his coal black hair covered by a snowy turban, with many folds, an Indian juggler, who calls himself Nawab of Jellabad, has been startling the people of Paris nightly with a marvellous trick and then poking fun at them with his explanation of how simple it is to do. It is not so simple a trick, perhaps, to the unskillful, for it is nothing less than the production of a bicycle from beneath that flowing cloak, where the greatest doubters in all the audience would have sworn no bicycle could have been concealed.

Inasmuch as it is manifestly impossible to carry a bicycle in one's pocket or under the arm without being seen the onlookers puzzle their brains in vain to discover how on earth this seemingly remarkable man is going to carry out the promise he has made. They are not long in discovering that he means to perform exactly what he has promised. Suddenly there is thrown to him by his assitant a large sheet of ordinary muslin, folded. He unfolds this sheet in full view, and then, bowing politely to those who are watching him, flings it over himself and disappears beneath the muslin cloud.

Beneath the muslin he remains, but the muslin is in plain sight of every one, and too far from anything to permit even the suggestion of aid from an outside source. The cloth undulates like the tall grass on a rolling prairie, when the wind is blowing in stiffish fashion. There are regular billows. Then, here and there, appears a suggestion of some object. All at once the muslin shows the distinct outline of

AN INDIAN CONJUROR WHO PRODUCES A BICYCLE.

a wheel. Then the excitement becomes intense.

"Why, the man is really going to do it!" is heard on all sides.

The cloth moves more violently. A click, click, sounds clear and distinct from under the muslin. Then the cloth shakes vigorously. Suddenly it rises as if impelled by a dozen hands, and almost simultaneously with that rising there darts from beneath it the figure of the juggler, riding a silver mounted wheel, upon which he makes the circuit of the stage several times. Then he alights as deftly as the greatest of trick riders, and, bowing to the audience, says: "Mesdames et Messieurs, sil vous plait."

The Explanation.

It is done. The juggler has kept his word to the letter.

And now for the explanation. The Nawab smiles in his most charming Indian fashion as he tells those who are about him that what he has done is the simplest thing in the world if only it is understood.

"Any one of you could do it, I am sure," he says.

Could they? Let us see. This is the explanation, condensed from the elaborate fabric of language which the Indian juggler rears for the enlightenment of those who have watched him. In a word, the secret is that the bicycle, all in pieces, is hung about his body beneath the cloak. It seems as if it would be a difficult task to do that, so that there would be no knobby projections, but the Indian is a clever man.

To begin with, the rubber tires are allowed to empty themselves of air and are then coiled about the man's waist. Each of the spokes folds in three places, and thus condensed about the hub of the wheel, the whole hangs down toward the man's heels like the big pendulum of a clock.

The handle bars are fastened about the waist. The frame of the machine is in five pieces, but fits together with snap and locks that make it as firm as if it were all cast in one piece. The chain is wound around his legs. The saddle is carried over his breast.

With all this, weighing perhaps altogether eighteen pounds upon him, the juggler has appeared before those who have come to see the wonder he has promised. The folds of his cloak so thoroughly conceal the dismantled bike that there is not the slightest evidence of its presence. The usual explanation is made and then comes the enveloping with the sheet. Instantly the sheet covers him the juggler loosens from about him the sections of the bicycle that make a complete whole. First of all he arranges the frame. Then the two wheels are quickly turned into proper shape. Following this he blows air into the rubber tires and adjusts them. Then comes the gearing, the adjustment of saddle and handle bars, and lo, the wheel is complete and ready for use. Then the juggler dexterously flings the sheet from him and at the same moment mounts the wheel. The rest has been told.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

An Infant Terrible.

"Literal children—or, more properly, children who take your chiding literally—are holy terrors," relates a young man noted for his politeness to ladies, says The Washington Star. "I was in a herdic the other day, which was much crowded, though no one was standing at the time. Presently a lady and gentleman got in, and I gave my seat to the lady leaving the old gentleman standing. Immediately a young lady sitting in one end of the herdic called to her little sister, a child of six, perhaps, who was sitting near the door at the other end, to come to her and give her seat to the elderly gentleman. The child came willingly enough, and while the sister was reading her a lesson in manners, a passenger got out and I took a seat. 'Never let me see you remain seated again when people older than you are standing,' closed the lecture, and the child was crowded, half sitting, half standing between the older sister and the lady next to her. Two minutes later, a pretty girl got in, and, of course, as the only gentleman in the herdic, I gave her my seat. No sooner had I done so than that small terror was on her feet.

"'Oh, mister,' she said, in sweet, shrill accents, 'you take my seat; you's older than me.' And everybody laughed, of course—trust a lot of giggling girls for that—for the only place on earth that I could have 'taken a seat' was on the sister's lap, from which the child had slid. I didn't take the seat, but I did take to the street, and walked five blocks in a drizzling rain to get away from the giggle of those girls."

Mixed Metaphors.

A German writer has been collecting mixed metaphors, some of which are new:

"We will," cried an inspired Democrat, "burn all our ships, and, with every sail unfurled, steer boldly into the ocean of freedom!" Even that flight is surpassed by and effort of Justice Minister Hye, who, in 1848, in a speech to the Vienna students, impressively declared: "The chariot of the revolution is rolling along and gnashing its teeth as it rolls." A pan-Germanist mayor of a Rhineland corporation rose still higher in his address to the Emperor. He said: "No Austria, no Prussia, one only Germany—such were the words the mouth of your Imperial Majesty has always had in its eye." Professor Johannes Scherr, in a criticism on Lenau's lyrics, writes, "Out of the dark regions of philosophical problems the poet suddenly lets swarms of songs dive up, carrying far-flashing pearls of thought in their beaks." The German Parliamentary oratory of the present day affords many examples of metaphor mixture; but one may suffice. Count Frankenburg is the author of it. A few years ago he pointed out to his countrymen the necessity of "seizing the stream of time by the forelock." But none of these pearls of thought and expression surpasses the speech of the immortal Joseph Prudhomme on being presented with a sword of honor by the company he commanded in the National Guard of France. "Gentlemen," said he, "this sword is the brightest day of my life!"

Before the days of iron, horses were frequently shod with straw, as they are in many parts of China at the present day. In some of the country districts of the Celestial Empire many persons make their living by gathering the cast-off straw horseshoes scattered along the highways.

Bathed in Asses' Milk.

Poppae, the favorite wife of Nero, whom he afterward kicked to death, became famous by having a daily bath of asses' milk. She had a beautiful complexion and believed that this fact was due to some peculiar virtue of the fluid in which she bathed.

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Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 14th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 68c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 63	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 03½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

DR. CHASE'S CURES ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT — I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jas. Currie, Pogue.

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

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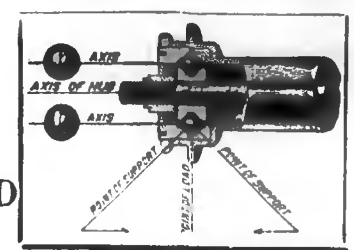

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SOME FIGURES OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,638	$341,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,125,993	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,004	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

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AN AWFUL SORE

A Babe's Untold Suffering And Mother's Many Sleepless Nights.

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I herewith write out in full the beginning and end of that terrible disease, Eczema, which caused my babe untold suffering, and myself many sleepless nights.

My baby was born seemingly a fair, healthy child, but when she was three weeks old a swelling appeared on the back of her head, and in course of time broke. Every one called it a boil, and, now it had broken, would soon heal, but that was only the beginning of the trouble. It did not heal but grew worse, and the sore spread from the size of a dime to that of a dollar. I used all kinds of remedies that I could think of but nothing seemed to help, in fact it grew worse, her hair fell out where the sore was and I feared it would never grow again. It continued until my aged father came on a visit, and when he saw the baby he told me "to get CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA ointment right away." To please him I did so, and to my surprise, by their use the sore began to heal over, the hair grew over it, and to-day she has a nice head of hair, her skin is as fair as a lily, and she has no scar left to recall that awful sore.

CUTICURA soothes and allays all itching and burning that cause a child to fret and the mother to worry, and gives rest and comfort both to parent and child.

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SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES and REST FOR TIRED MOTHERS in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), greatest of emollients and skin cures.

This treatment will give instant relief, permit rest for parent and sleep for child, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, pimply, and crusted skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, when all else fails.

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The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1897

SIR WILLIAM DAWSON

GOLDEN WEDDING OF THE SCIENTIST AND HIS HELPMATE.

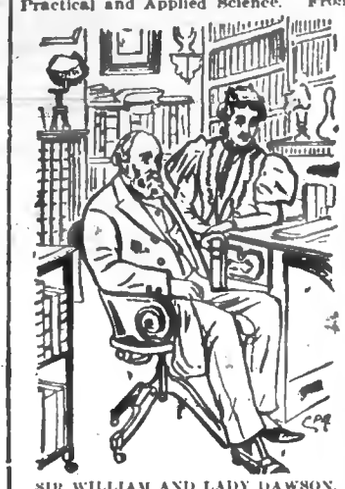
Sketch of the Work Accomplished by Sir William During His Long Life—Anniversary Which Drew Forth Kindly Wishes From All.

Sir William and Lady Dawson celebrated their golden wedding on the 19th March, 1897. A pleasant feature of the semi-private nature of the observation of the event was the reception of a congratulatory address from the Montreal McGill Graduates' Society and from graduates of the college from all parts of Canada.

Sir William Dawson was born at Pictou, N.S., on Oct. 13, 1820. His parents had come to Canada from Scotland only a few years previously. He attended the Pictou school and college, and while at the latter the instinct for science, inherited from his father, led him to commence a collection of the fossil plants of the Nova Scotia coal formation, which was the dawn of that brilliant scientific career which has placed Sir William in the front rank of the scientists of the day. Leaving Pictou he went to Edinburgh University, where he remained a winter and took the degree of M.A. at the age of twenty-two. He returned to Canada in 1842, and accompanied Sir Charles Lyall in his geological exploration of Nova Scotia. He entered into the work with enthusiasm, and Sir Charles paid many tributes to his young companion's ability as a geologist. He was then appointed to the

SIR WM. DAWSON. March 19, 1847. LADY DAWSON. March 10, 1847.

direction of a geological survey of the coal fields of Nova Scotia and his report proved of great value. In 1846 he returned to Edinburgh University to study practical chemistry and other subjects bearing upon the prosecution of geological research, and four years later he was appointed Superintendent of Education for Nova Scotia, and entrusted with the work of putting a new school Act in operation. The organization of the Normal School of the province was chiefly due to him, and Sir Edmund Head appointed him a member of a commission to regulate the affairs of King's College, now the University of New Brunswick. In 1855 he was appointed principal of McGill University, the financial condition of which at that time made it necessary for him to undertake with the duties of administration several laborious professorships. The revenue then only amounted to a few hundreds of dollars; there were only eight instructing officers, and the arts and law courses were most unsatisfactory. Under him, however, the institution steadily advanced, and has long since overgrown the effects of the depressing influences under which it labored when he was appointed. At that time one of the great drawbacks to the success of the university was the lack of efficient schools to prepare pupils for matriculation. With the assistance of Sir Edmund Head, then Governor-General of Canada, and the co-operation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to the Province of Quebec he secured the establishment, in 1857, of the McGill Normal School for the training of Protestant school teachers, assuming the principalship, which he retained for 13 years, in addition to his university duties. He succeeded in 1858 in establishing a school of civil engineering, which, after a severe struggle, succumbed at the end of five years to unfriendly legislation. In 1871 this was resuscitated and placed on a more comprehensive basis as the Department of Practical and Applied Science. From



SIR WILLIAM AND LADY DAWSON.

being a matter of anxiety to Montrealers, McGill has now become an object of pride, a result largely due to the vast energy and administrative abilities of Sir William Dawson.

Sir William's reputation in the scientific world rests mainly on his geological investigations and discoveries, more especially in relation to the carboniferous and post-pliocene formations, to fossil plants and the fossils of the Laurentian rocks, on which subjects, notwithstanding his labors in connection with the university and other educational work, he found leisure to write many pamphlets and text-books. During a trip to the Joggins section in 1852 he found the remains of Dendrerpeton Acadianum and of Pupa Vetusta, the former being the first reptile found in the coal formation of America, and the latter the first known palaeozoic land snail. He discovered the Eozoon Canadense, prior to the finding of which the Laurentians had been regarded as devoid of animal remains. He was elected a fellow of the Geological Society of London in 1854, and of the Royal Society of London in 1862. In 1881 he was awarded the Lyell medal of the Geological Society of London for his eminent discoveries in geology, and in the same year Her Majesty recognized his brilliant career in science by conferring upon him the title of C.M.G., and in 1884 she created him a knight, Lord Landsdowne announcing the honor at the opening meeting of the British Association in the Queen's Hall. Two years later he was elected President of that association, and in June, 1895, the Royal Society of London conferred on him its honorary fellowship, a rare distinction. Sir William has ever endeavored to use his scientific knowledge for the benefit of religion, and he is recognized as the most formidable opponent of the doctrine of evolution as propounded by Darwin and Herbert Spencer. His life has been marked by wonderful diligence and mental activity, and he is revered and loved by thousands, both for what he has done and what he is.

Sir William married on March 19, 1847, Miss M. A. Y. Mercer of Edinburgh, and their family number three sons and two daughters. The sons are Dr. G. M. Dawson, C.M.G., F.R.S., director of the Geological Survey, Ottawa; Mr. W. Bell Dawson, M.A., Ma.E., Department of Marine, Ottawa, and Dr. Rankine Dawson, M.A., L.R.C.P. and S., London, England. One of the daughters is the wife of Dr. B. J. Harrington, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of Chemistry at McGill University, and the other is married to Mr. Hope T. Atkin of Liverpool, England. The grandchildren number thirteen.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

Personalities Who Just Now Interest the Canadian People.

London Truth says that the Duke of Leeds will succeed the Earl of Aber-

THE DUKE OF LEEDS.

deen as Governor-General of Canada in 1898.

George Godolphin Osborne, 10th Duke of Leeds, and a Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, was born in 1868, and succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1895. He was educated at Eton and at Trinity College, Cambridge, and was a lieutenant in the Yorkshire Hussars.

He unsuccessfully contested Eart, or Newmarket, division of Cambridgeshire (C) in 1886, but the following year was more successful and sat as M.P. for Lambeth, Brixton divisionn, (C) from 1887 to 1895. He was an assistant Private Secretary to the Secretary of State for the Colonies from 1886 to 1888, and was appointed treasurer of the Queen's Household in 1896. In 1884 he married Lady Katherine Frances Lambton, daughter of the second Earl of Durham, and has four daughters living.

The C.W.A. President.

Mr. George H. Orr of Toronto, who has just been elected President of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association, is an old-timer, having been one of the first to take up the bicycle as a means of locomotion, as well as racing. It is

GEORGE H. ORR,
President of the C. W. A. for 1897-98.

ancient history now how he won the championship of Canada, and he has medals galore as the results of his past prowess. The selection of Mr. Orr for his present position was hailed with satisfaction, because he will, from his long accummulation of bicycle and road lore, be something more than a figurehead of the premier athletic association of the Dominion. For the first time in the history of the association was the president elected by acclamation. He will be heard from for good roads in his new position.

Rev. D. J. Macdonell's Successor.

The new pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, in succession to the late lamented Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, is Rev. W. J. McCaughan (pronounced McCachan, making all the c's hard and aspirating the h), a man in the prime of life, being only 38 years of age, and looking even younger, of florid complexion and sandy hair, sharp-cut and rather prominent features, strong mouth and bright, all-observing eye. In figure he is of slight build and medium height, and in speech deliberate, but with great command of language and a slight though noticeable Irish accent. That he is a man of great energy and force of character is apparent to even the casual observer, and even a brief chat enables one to understand to some extent the reasons of his strong influence and the powerful hold he had upon the large congregation and even larger circle of the

REV. W. J. McCAUGHAN,
Late of Belfast, Pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Toronto.

general community which he has left behind in Belfast.

Rev. Mr. McCaughan and wife, who arrived in Toronto on the 24th of March, and whose induction took place the next day, was born in Moycraig, Ballycastle, Ireland, on December 4th, 1859. When he was ten years of age his father died. He was educated at the Coleraine Institution, and matriculated before he was sixteen years of age at Magee College, near Birmingham, and while here he decided to enter the ministry. He went to Edinburgh and took theological classes at the Free Church College. He was licensed by the Presbytery of Route, and ordained by the ministry in Ballymena. For nearly two years he was pastor of the Wellington street congregation, Ballymena, and in 1885 accepted the call to the Mountpottingen Church, Belfast, Ireland, where he continued to labor with zeal and increasing successfulness until he decided to accede to the offer of the pastorate of St. Andrew's, Toronto.

Not Yet an Agnostic.

A colored gentleman who occupies the proud position of janitor in a public building has as his guest an uncle who is a Baptist minister in a Georgia town.

"Uncle Mose," said the nephew, "de reason why I hab done got to de top of de wurl is, dat I don't talk no stock in dem foolishness dat I used to hab down in Georgy. Now all dem signs an' superstitionistic notions am done gone."

"I dunno, Dave," said the reverend uncle. "I hope yo' ain' done gone lost none ob you' 'ligion while disquistioning wid de white folks. Ob co'se I don' belebe in no signs dat ain' 'cordin' ter scriptur', but dey is sumfin about dem. Now, dar am de lef' hin' foot of de grabeya'd rabbit."

"I didn't mean no sich t'ing as dat, Uncle Mose," interrupted the nephew. "I mean dem signs an' superstitions. Ob co'se, de lef' hin' foot of de grabey'd rabbit brings luck. Everybody knows dat; but dat ain' no sign, jes' a fac, lak a dawg crosses yo' path some one gwine do yo' wrong, or anything that every man knows is so."

"Glad ter heah yo' say dat, Dave. I was sure 'fraid yo' got ter be one of dem agnostics," replied the uncle.—Washington Star.

Quite Personal.

Codling—has Mr. Standoff much personal property?

Dimling—Yes, he has more than most people.

Codling—Indeed?

Dimling—To my knowledge he has a cork leg and arm, and a set of false teeth.

"Cheer up, old man; spring is on the way."

"That's what maddens me; the people next door who borrowed our snow shovel all winter have moved and taken their lawn mower along."—Chicago

—Charles Boulton had to pay $5 into the town exchequer this morning. He was fined that amount by the Police Magistrate for assaulting Percy Bell at the Little Windsor hotel.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR **Body, Brain and Nerves**

CREATES AND SUSTAINS

HEALTH and ENERGY

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day. Children half the quantity.

"I owe to Vin Mariani a constitution of iron, which resists all fatigues. This tonic wine is unequalled."

RHEA.

Sold everywhere.

Lawrence A. Wilson & Co.

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"AS WHITE AS SNOW, AS GOOD AS GOLD."

Cycle Riders Say the "NEW BARNES" is the Most Thoroughbred Looking Wheel Offered.

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Agent,

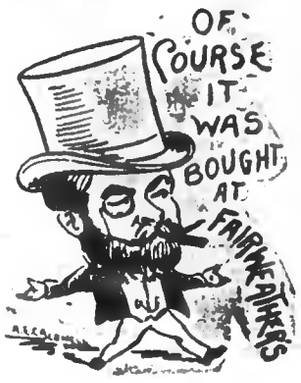
PETERBOROUGH.

Spot Cash, One Price. Money back if you want it.

EASTER SHOW OF

NEW SPRING HATS.

Special Purchases for Easter Customers Just Arrived.



LATEST NEW YORK FLAT BRIM.

OUR stock of New Styles in Soft and Stiff Felt Hats of English and American makes is most complete. You know felt is either wool or fur. It's made by applying heat, moisture, and pressure to the mess of fibres which "felt" together by interlocking of the microscopic serrations which cover the fibre. The fineness of the fibre and the character of the serrations determine the quality of the felt. The quality ranges from the finest to the coarse sort used for covering steam boilers. The boiler cover sort sometimes does duty as a hat at 25 odd cents. We make a specialty of one grade—it's the high grade—usually sold for $3 to $3.50. Our price is $2.50. We might say how much it is worth, but we know it is worth $2.50. It's by buying for cash and selling for cash we can offer such values.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

HATTERS

PETERBOROUGH - - - - - TORONTO

Eyes to See and See Not.

That is the case with many people. They need spectacles, and the strange part of it that some folks never know how bad their eyes are until they have them tested. Have been going through life without seeing as much as they ought to see—perhaps suffering from headache and tired eyes.

If you will call at Sanderson's Jewelry Store, George-st., your eyes will be examined free of charge. If you need Glasses they will be supplied at a reasonable price. Do not neglect this matter and so be like those who have EARS TO HEAR AND HEAR NOT.

W. A. SANDERSON

The Jeweller and Optician.

Electric Tires Cost More than others, but First Cost is Last Cost.

The Pebbled Tread Electric.

THE accompanying illustration shows the new Pebbled Tread introduced in our '97 Electric Tires. It is a decided innovation in a detachable tire, but it is as good as it is new, for it not only prevents the tire from slipping but adds to its wearing qualities.

THIS IS THE TREAD WE ARE TALKING ABOUT.

Neither work nor expense has been spared in bringing Electric Tires to their present high standard. They are made of the best Sea Island Cotton and absolutely pure Para Gum, and are fitted with improved valves that work perfectly. These tires are easily adjusted, strong, resilient and will stand wear without end. Write for our '97 Tire Book.

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TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

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Second Hand Wheels for sale.

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Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.—We devote special attention to repairing and cleaning Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

VOL. XXXV, No. 89. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

FAST ATLANTIC LINE.

Sir Charles Tupper Again Raises the Question.

Obstacles Placed in the Way by Liberal Members to Prevent the Carrying Out of the Contract With the Allans—Sir Richard Cartwright's Explanation Supplemented by One From Mr Davies—Questions and Answers—Other Proceedings of the House.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Sir Charles Tupper elicited some important information from Sir Richard Cartwright to-day respecting the fast Atlantic service. There has been a good deal of curiosity to know what terms the Government had made with Peterson, Tait & Company, and if it should prove that Canada can get a 20-knot service for an annual Dominion contribution of half a million dollars, the Canadian taxpayer will not grumble at the Government having effected a saving of $250,000. But, as our Quebec friends say, nous verrons.

Sir Charles said he desired to bring before the House the present position of the fast Atlantic steamship question. He complained of repeated discourtesy of the Government in withholding important information regarding public affairs of which Parliament should be cognizant. He thought that it was not proper for members of Parliament to have to go to The London Times or other newspapers for information which should be in possession of the House. Sir Charles then at some length recited the circumstances which led up to the contemplated action of the late Government to close a contract with the Allans for a 20-knot service for a subsidy of $750,000, to which the Imperial Government would add $225,000. He said that upon leaving office he wrote his successor, pointing out that by promptly closing the contract a year would be saved in the establishment of the service. Messrs. Allan were the pioneers of the Canadian steamship service, and were amply capable of carrying out the new contract. The only reason Mr. Laurier could give for delay was that he wished to look further into the matter and ascertain what could be done in the way of securing larger freight accommodation, but evidently his followers placed obstacles in the way which prevented this contract being closed. To show what could be done when the Canadian service was on a par with that to and from New York, he mentioned that some years ago the Allans booked transatlantic passengers from the Western States via Montreal to the amount of $27,000 per month. As to the provisional contract with Messrs. Peterson, Tait & Company, it was disappointing to learn that the final negotiations were entrusted to Mr. Dobell, who had been so hostile to the project. Again, the company did not appear to be one of much standing, and it was to be feared that the Dominion Government was making a mistake in dealing with these people. He thought the House should be made acquainted with the terms of the contract.

Sir Richard Cartwright said the Government had been accused of discourtesy in not giving information regarding uncompleted negotiations, but he thought the hon. gentleman had been equally discourteous in not apprising the Government that he had intended springing this matter on the House. The pith of the hon. gentleman's remarks seemed to be summed up in his contention against the people of Canada getting a contract for less than a million and a quarter, which he was prepared to pay for it. Personally he (Sir Richard) did not consider the tenders put in by Mr. Huddart or the Allans as proper tenders. One wanted four months and the other six months in which to say whether they would go on. In the case of the Allans also there were a number of other stipulations by which it was not known whether Canada was to get a 20, 18 or 15-knot service. The conditions and qualifications which the Allans sought to impose made their tender a wholly one-sided affair. The Opposition evidently were not in a desperate hurry now. Seven or eight years ago the ex-Finance Minister declared his Government to be a 20-knot Government, and that that was to be their future policy. In calling for tenders, they only allowed five weeks for them to be prepared and all arrangements made.

Sir Charles Tupper: That was represented to be absolutely necessary if the service was to be ready within two years from May.

Sir Richard said that plans must be prepared and financial arrangements made, and this would require a longer time than five or six weeks. Tenders submitted under these conditions were not at all likely to afford to the people of Canada adequate protection or assurance that they would get a fair tender for the service. This was a matter in which the British Government had a great deal to say, and as the Parliament of Canada would have to approve any agreement, there was no discourtesy to the House in waiting to see what the Imperial Government were going to do. The Government found that an advantageous proposition to the people of Canada had been submitted, a proposition which would give better service, better rates and better accommodations, and for two-thirds of the money. Was it not proper, under these circumstances, to communicate with the Imperial Government to see whether they would co-operate? Last year the Imperial Government suggested that tenders should be called for, but circumstances were different to-day. The object of tendering was to get a fair price, and this offer was evidently a fair one. Messrs. Peterson, Tait & Company did not propose to construct the ships in their own yards. As far as the Government could learn they were a firm to be relied upon; they were willing to make any reasonable deposit, and assurances had been received of their solvency and high financial standing from the best sources. Sir Charles' action in bringing the matter up would only serve to block the negotiations, but he trusted such would not be the case. In conclusion, he stated that the Government did not feel disposed to depart from the arrangement that Quebec should be the terminus of the line in summer and Halifax in winter. He hoped that he would be in a position to give full particulars to the House shortly.

Mr. Haggart pointed out that Sir Richard had wholly failed to meet the complaint of Sir Charles Tupper, to the effect that information as to the Government's policy on this, as on all other subjects, invariably came to the House indirectly through newspaper or other channels. The House was to-day without the slightest knowledge as to the character of the proposed service, no tenders being called for, and the contract being let to a firm that nobody ever heard of before. What the people of Canada wanted, and what the late Government had secured through bona fide tender and contract, was a service equal to the best in the world. Who knew the day that pressure might not be exercised to induce the Imperial Government to modify the requirements of the service?

Mr. Davies explained that the contract was a provisional one, and that Messrs. Peterson and Tait were of the highest financial standing.

The motion of Sir Charles Tupper to adjourn was negatived by consent.

The remaining private bills on order paper, four in number, were given their second reading and referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Laurier, answering Mr. LaRivière regarding the Manitoba school negotiations, said they were conducted by the Government themselves. No authority was delegated to anyone.

Mr. Tarte informed Mr. Choquette that in the recent fire of the Western Block the Department of Public Works lost correspondence received from 1880 to 1892 with the exception of the correspondence relating to matters still pending. No books of reference were lost. All contracts, deeds, etc., as well as plans in the Chief Engineer's and Architect's offices were saved. Vouchers in the Accountant's office up to 1890 were destroyed. In the Marine Department files containing letters and reports from 1867 to 1879, and also register books from 1867 to 1882, were destroyed. Most of the letters received by the Fisheries Department from 1867 to 1888 were lost. The Mounted Police branch lost nearly everything. The Customs Department lost nothing. The Mounted Police Department lost its correspondence from 1877 to 1887, and registers from 1892 to 1895; a large number of letter books, ledgers, returns, etc., prior to 1894, and all vouchers prior to 1893. The Trade and Commerce Department lost nothing, neither did the Militia Department, except that a few documents were damaged by water.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. McMullen that the Government had under consideration the request of the Canadian Underwriters to have all barges known as pinplates not to be classed as standard barges.

Hon. Mr. Sifton laid on the table the report of Hon. T. M. Daly on immigration from Europe.

Mr. Charlton called attention to a despatch which appeared in The Toronto World of Feb. 12, alleging that he had delivered a lecture in Tonawanda, New York, a few evenings before, at which he had advocated the annexation of Canada to the United States. This despatch was on a par with many which had appeared in Conservative newspapers about him.

Mr. Davin: Where is Tonawanda? [Laughter.]

Mr. Charlton: It is the second lumber centre in the United States. Continuing, he read a letter from the pastor of the church in which he lectured, in which that gentleman denied that Mr. Charlton had advocated annexation. On the contrary, the clergyman said, the lecture was distinctly Canadian in tone and sentiment.

Then, on the motion to adjourn, Mr. McNeill arose and drew attention to a cable despatch in the morning papers stating that the War and Colonial Offices were considering the offer of General Gascoigne to send a Canadian regiment of 600 men to take part in Jubilee demonstration, and that, while the offer was appreciated, it was unacceptable, because it would disturb the proportion of representation allotted to the several colonies. Mr. McNeill availed himself of the occasion to impress upon the Government the necessity of disabusing the Imperial official mind of the impression that Canada was to be rated with the several Australasian colonies, simply because she had so far progressed as to be a confederation.

Sir Richard Cartwright made the characteristic reply that, while he had noted the disposition referred to by the hon. member, he could assure the House there were certain occasions upon which the Australasian colonies themselves were rather prone to admit Canada's priority, and that was when it came to a question of contribution, say for a Pacific cable project. In that case the Australians were quite ready to admit that Canada, by reason of population and commerce, should contribute four times the amount levied upon themselves.

Sir Charles Tupper asked if the report that Gen. Gascoigne had offered to send a regiment of 600 men to represent Canada were true.

To this Sir Richard, as acting Minister of Militia, replied in the negative, adding that, being guests of the Imperial Government in a measure, Can-

Continued on Page 7.

A WAR CREDIT ASKED

Greece Shows as Yet No Sign of Backing Down.

Premier Delyannis Still Hopes the Powers Will Consider the Position of Greece and Agree to a Peaceful Settlement—The Trouble on the Frontier Was Not Due to Greece, the Premier Said—Turks Centered in Strong Force at Grevena—At Vienna War is Believed to be Inevitable—Turkey Will Declare War If There Are Any More Raids.

Athens, April 14.—On the re-assembling of the Boule to-day, M. Delyannis, the Premier, introduced, in the presence of a crowded chamber, a bill granting the Government a credit of 23,000,000 drachmas for the Ministers of War and Marine.

The Premier, dealing with the development of the foreign situation, declared that the powers had taken their stand on the principle of the integrity of Turkey, but up to the present had not expressed an opinion with regard to the proposals Greece had made for a pacific solution of the difficulty. After dwelling upon the right of the Cretans to settle their own destinies, he declared that, despite all which had happened, Greece still hoped the powers would agree to a peaceful settlement. The situation on the frontier was not, he said, created by Greece, but by the strange policy of a state which, by precipitate armament, had compelled Greece to assemble an army capable of coping with all eventualities and of defending the interests and honor of the country. [Sensation.]

In concluding, M. Delyannis said the Greek Government was doing its utmost to repair the imperfections inseparable from an army so hastily collected, and he hoped that in the course of a few days an army would be concentrated abundantly capable of doing its full duty to the country. [Loud cheers.]

Turks Strong at Grevena.

Elassona, April 14.—The Turkish troops are now centered in very strong force at Grevena, and the insurgents have little chance of advancing further. Seyfoullah Bey, the officer who was sent by Edhem Pasha to Krania with instructions to ascertain the exact situation in that locality, is an ex-attache of the Turkish embassy at Athens. He declares that he recognized among the insurgents near Krania and between that town and the border several Greek officers, whom he had met personally at Athens. He also asserts that the Greek troops on the frontier made no attempt whatever to prevent incursions upon Turkish territory.

The Turks complain that the Greek troops are trying to provoke an attack. Yesterday a detachment crossed the frontier and for a brief period occupied the monastery near Damasti, subsequently retiring. A communication has been sent by Edhem Pasha to the Greek commander, informing him that these tactics will be stopped by force, if necessary.

Greeks Repulsed.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 14.—While 50 Turkish soldiers were landing to reinforce the forts at Kissamo, the Greek fired on the boat. Several shots struck an Austrian boat, which was assisting, whereupon two Austrian gunboats and one Turkish bombarded the Greeks and repulsed them. It is said that the Cretans recently impaled outside the fort a Turkish non-commissioned officer whom they had captured.

A Reign of Terror.

London, April 14.—The London correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that advices from Epirus represent the situation there as a reign of terror. The Turks are laying the country waste with fire and sword. The Vali of Janina has ordered every Christian to give the Turkish army 10 sheep and a bullock.

Uncle Sam Declines.

London, April 14.—The Daily Telegraph has a despatch from Vienna, saying that the Austrian Government has been informed that the United States declines to recognise the blockade of Crete.

Greeks Going Abroad.

London, April 14.—A special despatch from Salonica, the Turkish base of operations, say that the Greek irregulars have succeeded in advancing so far as Grevena, rallying the population to their cause, and threatening communications between the Turkish armies at Elassona and Janina.

Turkish "Magnanimity."

London, April 14.—A despatch to The Daily News from Constantinople says that the Turkish version of the fighting at Baltino has been published in the newspaper Ikdam, which states that 5000 Greek troops were allured to attack the place. Their retreat was then cut off and the Greeks were finally worsted, leaving 2000 dead and dying upon the field. The Ikdam adds: "Out of pure magnanimity the Turks took no prisoners."

Clever Woman.

"What in the world is that contraption you have on each side of your pockets, Spendly?"

"O, that's a little invention of my wife. I can put money in my pockets but I can't get it out again."

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New Spring

Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

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See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

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What Do You Lack?

Is it a practical training to fit you for the position of book-keeper?
Is it a sound knowledge of the use of figures?
Is it a want of familiarity with forms of business correspondence and the ordinary use of grammar?
Is it Shorthand or Typewriting you desire to be proficient in?
All these lacks are impediments to your success in the business world.
We, by our own teaching, correct these wants. We teach THOROUGHLY.

The Peterborough Business College,
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d684f

AGENTS, BOYS.
IF you want to see or order your Jubilee Badges, Buttons, Medallions, Souvenirs, call and see our salesman, Oriental Hotel, Saturday, 1 to 3 p.m. Quickest selling goods ever offered in Peterborough. JUBILEE GOODS CO.

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
TWO STOREY BRICK HOUSE, NO. 694 Water St., Peterborough. Apply on the premises. 6d86

WOOD FOR SALE.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity, Long or Short.
HARDWOOD, Long or Short, from $4 to $4 50 per Cord.
TAMARAC, from $3 to $3 25 per Cord.
Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone ERNEST MANN.
Telephone 393. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER
Dresses and Costumes made in latest styles and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 29, Rubidge-st. 3wd7

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.
Telephone 39. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

CAPITAL STOCK $60,000
SUBSCRIBED $43,000
PAID STOCK $12,900
ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES.

The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
Surgery in Bank of Commerce Block, opposite Post Office. Residence, Huffman House d81

Probabilities.

Moderate, southerly to westerly winds, fine weather and higher temperatures.

R. F.

THE STARTING AND ENDING
Of Our Business is Selling
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS

We simply surprise those unacquainted with our business with the size, variety and high character of our stock.

The following prices are very special for Easter and the balance of April.

The choicest productions of the best makers are only shown in our Dress Goods Department.

ON SATURDAY MORNING

We place on sale the following lines, specially for Easter Saturday.

1 lot Ladies Capes $1.00 and $1.25, former price $2.50 to $3 50.
1 lot Ladies Golf Capes $3.75, formerly sold at $7.75.
1 lot Ladies Spring Jackets $3.00, formerly sold at $6.00 to $7.00
6 pairs Chenile Portieres at $3 50, former price $6 50.
17 pieces Embroidered Sash Curtain, net at 25c., formerly as high as 85c. the yard.
1 lot Imported Chambreys in the Fancy Stripes at 10, 12½, and 15c., formerly sold at 20c. to 30c.
20 pieces Wide Flannelettes at 5c.
25 pieces English and American Prints at 8c., formerly sold at 10 and 12½c.
10 pairs Frilled Muslin Curtains at $1.50 formerly $2 50.
8 pairs Embroidered and Frilled Curtains at $1.75, formerly sold at $3.25.
Handsome Swiss Net Curtains $3.25 and $5 00, formerly sold at $5.50 to $7.50.
Ladies Corset Covers 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.
Night Dresses, 50, 75, 85c, and $1.00.

CARPETS . . . . . .
We never showed as large a stock in Carpets as we are offering this spring. We are in magnificient shape for selling Spring Carpets and Oilcloths.

MILLINERY . . . . .
We are introducing the Newest Novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and the Latest Ideas in Millinery Trimmings.
We received this week new additions in Kid Gloves and Veilings. We exhibit Taste, Judgement and Experience in every branch of our store.
Umbrellas re-covered while you wait.

—:o:—

ROBERT FAIR.
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS

"CALEDONIA POTTERY"

MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address.

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.

All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONEY 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12 50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Grey Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tags to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

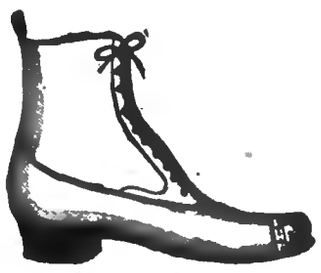
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3 50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and Lemon tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades..... 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, sat'n lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygeeie Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. HILLER,
Agent and Asst.-Sec

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

"How Did She Burn Her Face"

That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter

Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured

Smooth, Soft, White Skin Now.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:

"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes

Would Be Covered with Blood.

We had a great many doctors to see her, out they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and her face is as

Smooth and White and Soft

as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.

N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897

The Game Law.

The following amendment to the Game Law has been adopted by the Ontario Legislature:—The provisions of this Act shall not apply to Indians or to settlers in unorganized townships or territory or organized townships of this province with regard to any deer killed, provided that such killing by settlers is limited to a distance of fifteen miles from their usual permanent residence.

WHEN PHYSICIANS FAIL

TO EFFECT A CURE IN CASES OF ECZEMA TRY RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE. IT HAS A RECORD OF CURES UNEQUALLED IN THE HISTORY OF ANY REMEDY.

There is no escaping the fact that Eczema is one of the most intractable of diseases. Its symptoms are so severe and the irritation it causes so great that a sufferer would gladly give anything, do anything, to get relief.

Physicians are often at their wit's end to know what to do with cases of this nature, and in all kindness we would advise them to prescribe for their patients Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. So far we know of ten medical men who have either used it or recommended it.

In the city of London, Ont., at 440 Park Ave., there lives Mrs. Burdick, who is today a grateful woman for having been cured by Kootenay of an Eczema of *five years' standing*. The disease had spread all over her body and was a constant source of irritation, so much so that she was unable to obtain more than one hour's sleep at a time. She had three physicians in attendance and took many patent medicines, but none of them cured her.

After taking eight bottles of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure her blood became pure and she has not the slightest sign of Eczema or any other eruption on her body.

Another lady, Mrs. Richards, living at 28 Aikman Ave., Hamilton, had a somewhat similar experience. For two months she was unable to rest night or day with the awful itching and pain. Medical men failed to cure her, but four bottles of Kootenay did, and she now says the Eczema has entirely disappeared and she feels like another person.

We could multiply instances like the above, and if you are desirous of further indisputable proof of Kootenay's Kingship over disease, send your name to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. Phrenological chart book sent free to any address.

One bottle lasts over a month.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg' furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

FROM THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[By special arrangement with Mr. John A. Phillips, the correspondent at Ottawa of the Montreal Gazette, the REVIEW will publish once or twice a week a letter from the capital. The letters will deal with matters before the House and will prove interesting.]

OTTAWA, April 13.

To-morrow closes the third week of the session, and for all practical purposes the House might just as well not have met, for beyond passing the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, answering a few questions, and adopting about a dozen motions for papers, really nothing has been done. The Government has shown that it was not ready to meet Parliament, and it will not be until after the close of the first month that the tariff will be introduced, Mr. Fielding having stated yesterday that he proposed making his Budget speech on Thursday, the 22nd. This is carrying out the programme, already referred to in this correspondence, of delaying the tariff until after the Nova Scotia elections, and also until after the Government has consulted with its followers in the House. It is noticeable that there has been no Government caucus this session, and rumor has it that there are such very serious differences in the party that it is considered dangerous to hold a caucus until it can be arranged that there shall not be a free fight. So far as can be learned the tariff will have very little free trade in it and the principle of protection will be well maintained. This has caused quite a split in the Cabinet, and it is very openly stated that Sir Richard Cartwright will not remain in the Cabinet very much longer. As to where he will go there are two stories. One is that he will go to Australia on a visit with the possibility of remaining there as High Commissioner for Canada. The other story is that he will succeed Sir Donald Smith as High Commissioner in London immediately after the jubilee ceremonies, in which it is desired that Sir Donald should participate. Sir Richard's position in the House this session has been very humiliating. He has not even been allowed to play second fiddle. In fact he is almost entirely out of the orchestra and it is not at all likely that he will take his seat in the House again after this session.

* *

Mr. Laurier's "Sunny Ways of Peace" appear to be getting more and more cloudy every day, and rumors of serious dissentions in the Cabinet are rife. While there is a pretence of unity on the school question there is still a feeling of unrest and disquiet. Mr. Sifton is said to have twice left Council in a pet because he is not allowed to have as free a hand as he thinks he is entitled to with regard to Northwest patronage. Not long ago he reaked his vengeance on a son of the late Hon. John Norquay, who held a petty position under the Department of the Interior by dismissing him, and was very much put out when forced by his colleagues in Council to reinstate him. Mr. Sifton is very dogmatic and dictatorial and is not proving a happy factor in the Liberal menagerie. A more immediate or more troublesome cause of dissention, however, than the school question is that of the Crow's Nest Pass railway, and so serious has the split on this question become that it is now said the Government will not bring the matter up in Parliament at all this session, but allow matters to drift along until next year. Meanwhile, the Canadian Pacific Railway is quietly going on building the road. Mr. Taite is said to be the most troublesome factor in the Crow's Nest Pass embroglio. That versatile little gentleman after abusing the Canadian Pacific Railway in Opposition has become its most pronounced champion now that he is in office, and is not only favoring the building of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway by the Canadian Pacific Railway but insists upon the granting of a very very big subsidy to that company. Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Mulock are said to be strong opponents of the Canadian Pacific Railway, while Mr. Laurier is unable to decide between the two factions and simply lets matters drift in the hope that something will turn up to get him out of his difficulties. The kick of Mr. McInnes last week was more serious than appeared on the surface, for he not only represents four of the British Columbia members, but it is understood there are twelve Ontario Liberals behind him who are prepared to vote against the Government if the proposal is made to subsidize the Canadian Pacific Railway for building the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that the rumor that the Government will take no action this session is generally believed.

* *

There has been a rumor afloat for some time past that there will be an entire reconstruction of the Cabinet before the year runs out. Sir Oliver Mowat has introduced in the Senate the bill which was introduced in the Commons in 1894 by Sir John Thompson, but not passed, providing for the forced superannuation of judges of the Supreme Court who are over 70 years of age. While this is undoubtedly aimed at Mr. Justice Gwynne, it is also said that it will affect Sir Henry Strong, and that Judge Taschereau's resignation, which has been talked of any time the last two years on account of his health, either has been or shortly will be offered to the Government. The rumor goes that Judge Taschereau's resignation will make a vacancy for a French Judge, and that vacancy will be filled by the appointment of Mr. Laurier, who will take the Chief Justiceship to be vacated by Sir Henry Strong. Sir Henry, it is said, will go to England about June to be sworn of the Privy Council and take his seat on the Judicial Committee. It is believed that he will not return, but will reside permanently in England and will be paid by the Dominion Government a salary equivalent to what he is now receiving as Chief Justice. I may say that this idea of Canada paying the salary of a representative on the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council was entertained by both Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Thompson some seven years ago, when it was first proposed that Canada, Australia and South Africa should be represented on the Judicial Committee. As to Mr. Laurier's retirement it is said that he is sick and tired of the squabbling and dissension going on in the Cabinet and will be glad to wash his hands of the whole business and retire to an honorable and dignified position where he will feel less hesitancy about accepting the honors which will undoubtedly be conferred on him in connection with the jubilee celebration than he would if he remained as leader of a political party which has always affected to sneer at titles and distinctions. Should Mr. Laurier resign the rumor has it that his successor will be the Honorable Mr. Blair, who is rapidly proving the strongest man in the Cabinet, and who, it is said, would endeavor to introduce into Federal politics the line of conduct he has observed during his tenure of the Premiership of New Brunswick, and whenever he gets in a tight place endeavor to strengthen his Government by coaxing over one or two leading members of the Opposition. All these rumors may prove to be somewhat premature, but there is good reason for believing that there is considerable foundation for them and that before Parliament meets again a great many changes will have taken place in the Cabinet.

COL. HAY SAILS.

The New U. S. Ambassador to the Court of St. James Starts for His Post in London.

New York, April 14.—Col John Hay, United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James, sailed for England to day on the American Line steamship St. Paul. Col. Hay was accompanied by his wife and eldest daughter. His other three children will remain in this country, for the present at least.

Col. Hay said that he would go to London at once and assume the duties of his new post as soon as possible. He refused to discuss diplomatic matters on the ground that it would be indelicate. A large number of his friends went to the pier to see him off. The departing diplomat was the recipient of many floral pieces, which completely filled his suite of rooms.

Ex Representative Perry Belmont was also among the passengers. He is going abroad for a stay of several months. Almost his last words were that under no circumstances would he be a candidate for Mayor of Greater New York.

The Mother's Pay Day.

What pay does a hard-working mother of a family receive for her labor at the end of a week? The husband may bring home his regular wages. Some of the children may be old enough to earn theirs. But the mother, what is her pay for her days of toil and often nights of anxiety? Well, she is either paid in love or she isn't paid at all.

The majority of mothers are perfectly satisfied with the simple recompense of loving appreciation. If any mother doesn't receive that much, it's an awful pity.

It's a sad thing when the mother comes down sick with overwork or worry, or because some little weakness or disease has been neglected until it gets to be alarming.

It should never be allowed to get to this point. She ought to be looked after right away. She needs the help of common sense medical treatment. Of course no one medicine will cure everything. A medicine must be specially adapted to its particular purpose.

If the digestive organs or the liver are out of order Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a perfect and scientific remedy. His "Favorite Prescription" is specially devised for weaknesses and diseases of the womanly organs; and it is the most potent remedy for these troubles which has ever been invented.

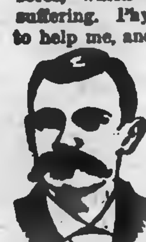
Where both these conditions exist these two medicines taken alternately constitute a thoroughly scientific course of treatment, which has been marvelously successful with thousands of dyspeptic, debilitated and nervous women.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets,'" writes Mrs. Jed Lawrence, South Hero, Grand Isle Co., Vt. "My trouble was female weakness, kidney disease, neuralgia, change of life and bad flowing spells. I took eight bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, seven bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery, and seven small vials of 'Pellets.' The doctors did not help me any. I could not sleep night nor day. I suffered everything before I began to take Dr. Pierce's medicines. When I began to use them I weighed 100 pounds. Now I weigh 145 pounds. I can now do all my work."

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.
Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...
Vegetable and Flower Seeds
In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.
Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb, 4 lbs. for 25c.
MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence." — G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

The Daily Review

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897

A DECIDED CHANGE

FOR THE BETTER FOLLOWS THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Health and Strength the Certain Outcome—They are Unrivalled as a Spring Medicine and Give Feeling of Renewed Freshness and Vigor.

Among the remarkable cures which have followed the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is that of Mrs. Geo. N. Godsoe, a well known resident of Anagance Station, N. B. Mrs. Godsoe says :—"For five years I was a sufferer from a most peculiar trouble, which seemed to baffle the skill of several physicians. The first symptoms of my trouble I cannot characterize better than by calling them blind spells, as my head would get so bad that I could not see and a blindness would come over me. Then I would grow faint and dizzy and could not walk about. My hands and arms would become perfectly numb and would sometimes remain in this condition for days. Latterly the attacks grew more frequent and more severe. I became so nervous and run down that life was indeed a burden to me. My appetite was very poor and I was pale and emaciated. As regular medical treatment made no improvement in my condition, some of my friends strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and at last I consented to do so. I had only been taking them for a short time when there was a decided change for the better in my condition. I continued their use and every day my nerves seemed to grow stronger. I gained in flesh and felt a new woman. I know the load of misery from which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have relieved me and I am more than grateful and will never lose an opportunity of saying a good word for this grand medicine.

Any who are suffering from diseases of the blood and nerves may, like Mrs. Godsoe, find a cure if they will give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. As a spring medicine there is nothing else can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They drive the seeds of disease from the system and give those who use them a feeling of freshness and vigor. Do not be persuaded to take any pink colored preparation, or something else alleged to be "just as good." Insist upon getting the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and if your dealer does not have them in stock, they will be sent post-paid at 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Sat Up in His Coffin.

Edward Geddings, a farmer living near Sumter, has been ill for six weeks with grip. A few days ago he became much worse, and yesterday morning was pronounced dead by doctors, nurse and relatives. The coffin was ordered and the body was prepared for burial. In the afternoon it was placed in the coffin, and the interment was to take place this morning.

During the evening, when the room was full of the dead man's friends, who were talking in low tones, a voice was heard issuing from the coffin. One of the men opened the lid and Geddings rose to a sitting posture and spoke to them. He was quickly undressed and put to bed. To-day he is reported improved, and there are hopes of his recovery, but hereafter there will be one more family among the advocates of cremation in this vicinity.—Atlanta Constitution.

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines, was their nauseousness. In our day, this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood-purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

MAJOR JOHNNIE MASON

Will be Commandant of the Bisley Team This Year.

Major Dunbar of Quebec Will be Second in Command—The Team Will Sail a Week Earlier Than Usual—Col. Bacon Retires From the Presidency—The Governor-General and General Gascoigne Were Present at the Annual Meeting Hon Col. J. M. Gibson Elected President for a Third Term — Lieut.-Col. Massey Succeeds Lieut.-Col. Henshaw as Vice-President.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Major "Johnnie" Mason of the 13th was to-day confirmed in his appointment as commandant of this year's Bisley team. There was some little doubt among the Executive of the D.R.A. to-day as to the identity of the gentleman who came from Hamilton claiming to be Major Mason. It was simply a temporary misapprehension, however, due to the disappearance of Major Mason's beautiful mutton-chop whiskers, which have been the delight of military meetings and Masonic gatherings for years past.

Major Dunbar of the Royal Rifles, Quebec, was to-night notified of his appointment as adjutant of the team.

It has been settled that the team shall sail for England by the Parisian on June 19th, one week earlier than usual. This will be a beneficial change, as it will enable the men to get more practice with the Lee-Enfield rifle. These matters were settled at the meeting of the council of the D.R.A. this afternoon, at which Col. Massey was elected chairman and Col. Tilton chairman of the Executive.

Col. Bacon, who has long and worthily acted as secretary, retired from the position. Lieut.-Col. W. E. Hodgins of the Ottawa Guards succeeding him. Col. MacPherson was re-elected President.

The annual matches at Ottawa will commence this year on Monday, Aug. 30.

The meeting of the association held during the morning was well attended and very successful.

It was hoped that by holding the meeting during the session a big attendance would be ensured, and this proved to be the case. Lieut.-Col. J. M. Gibson presided. Among the visiting officers were Lieut.-Col. J. M. Gibson, Capt. Kirkpatrick, Capt. A. D. Cartwright, Major Bruce, Lieut.-Col. Massey, Major J. J. Mason, Lieut.-Col. Otter and Lieut.-Col. Stark.

Col. J. M. Gibson congratulated the D.R.A. on the increased interest being taken in the association and heartily thanked the Governor-General for consenting to attend the meeting. Amid great applause Col. Gibson told of the credit brought to Canada by the carrying off of the Kolapore Cup at Bisley, and the fine showing of Canada's team on that occasion. The Colonel, while regretting the illness of Dr. Borden, gracefully alluded to the presence of Sir Richard Cartwright at this meeting.

The use of the new rifle, declared the Colonel, made it necessary that more caution should be taken on the ranges. The great distance which the new rifle carried made it imperative that this should be done. All would rejoice, said he, at the removal of ranges and the voting of supplies for those ranges. As to quarters for the Canadian team at Bisley he would say that quarters creditable to Canada were in course of erection, and would be occupied by the team next July. The site was unusually good and in a short time the highest flag pole in England would be planted there. The Ontario Government had contributed $500 for those new quarters, and he hoped other provinces would do the same.

Lieut.-Col. Burland seconded the motion for the adoption of the report, and spoke hopefully of the results expected from the use of the new rifle. A motion of thanks was moved by Lieut.-Col. Henshaw to the Governor-General for the active interest he had taken in the association, and for his subscription of $500. This Major Sam Hughes supported, and the motion carried amidst applause.

His Excellency the Earl of Aberdeer jocularly made reference to the vote of thanks. He was glad, he said, to be able to further the interests of the Canadian militia. He told of the qualities which went to make up a good rifle shot, and paid a fitting compliment to Canada's last year's Bisley team, and hoped that again in 1897 they would return with flying colors.

Major-General Gascoigne expressed regret at Dr. Borden's illness, which he said, accounted for the inability of the department to say exactly where the shooting should be done in August, and he thought that the Rideau ranges must be again used this year but in 1898 he predicted new and better ranges.

The interests of the militia, said he, were furthered by this association. He himself had been much pleased with the work of officers and men. Discipline was an absolute necessity, and without it good results could not be obtained. Some remarks the Major-General made about the uniform of certain corps, which, he said, in no way reflected credit on Canada's militia. All this he said as commander of the Dominion's forces.

Lieut.-Col. Massey thanked the Government for its assistance to the association, which had materially helped the militia.

The present Government was especially entitled to thanks for aiding in the erection of suitable quarters at Bisley.

Sir Richard Cartwright spoke of Dr Borden as not only officially, but personally interested in our militia. He himself could not speak with authority of the Minister of Militia. The good old times of shoulder to shoulder and "charge bayonets," said Sir Richard had gone forever. The infantry of the present time should be schooled in the art of skirmishing and sharpshooting. A large regular force could not be maintained in Canada, but a force made up of good rifle shots, with some outside contributions, could be kept up. Though it was not probable Canada's militia would be called on to fight on their own soil, they might find it necessary to show their loyalty to the Empire by taking up arms to fight abroad. Instruction in shooting was far more than pastime. Bodies of skilled riflemen had on many occasions put to rout well-disciplined troops which, but for this skill in rifle shooting, would be far superior in force. Partisanship, he declared, had never been allowed to affect the militia, and such would still be the case.

Col. Prior had much to say in praise of Dr. Borden, for whom he moved a motion of sympathy.

Major Mason moved a vote of thanks to the Government for issuing free ammunition for Dominion rifle matches, and this Capt. Cartwright seconded.

Sir Donald Smith briefly responded. A new impetus, said he, would be given to the association and the militia as a whole to go on doing creditable work. He thought it right that a cup should be offered by Canada's representatives in England, for which reason he had decided to follow such a course.

Motions of thanks were made to those contributing funds to the association, to the Canada Club in England for offering a cup to the person making the highest aggregate score at Bisley, and the Metropolitan Rifle Club of England.

On motion of Sir Donald Smith, Hon. J. M. Gibson was unanimously re-elected president of the association.

For the Province of Ontario Major Sam Hughes was re-elected vice-president; for Quebec, Robert Hamilton; New Brunswick, Lieut.-Col. Edwin B. Beer; Nova Scotia, Lieut.-Col. C. J. McDonald; Manitoba, Hon. Hugh J. Macdonald; British Columbia, Lieut.-Col. E. G. Prior; Prince Edward Island, Hon. A. A. McDonald

There was notice of motion given that at next meeting all ex-presidents and Ministers of Militia shall be made ex-officio members of council. Few changes were made in the council.

At a meeting of the council, held immediately after, Lieut.-Col. Massey was elected chairman, in place of Lieut.-Col. Henshaw.

More Than They Can Accommodate.

Canada's request to be represented at the Queen's Jubilee by a regiment 600 strong cannot be entertained. The Colonial Secretary sent the following message to-day to the Governor-General:

Referring to your telegram of 11th April, I fear there would be serious if not insuperable difficulties in the way of providing accommodation for more than 200 troops from Canada. While most anxious that the Dominion should be fully represented as a federation, I feel that this has been accomplished by raising her contingent to 200, as against from 20 to 100, which will be sent from other colonies. At the same time Her Majesty's Government most cordially recognize and appreciate the loyal and generous feeling which has prompted the offer of a large additional contingent, and only regret that circumstances do not admit of its being accepted. They are confident, moreover, that these sentiments will be shared by the entire British nation.

The report of Hon. T. M. Daly on immigration from Europe, presented to the House to-day, goes thoroughly into the subject. He recommends especial assistance to immigrants to reach this country and the loan to suitable settlers of a sufficient sum to give them a start in farming in the West. Mr. Daly thinks no loss could come from this plan, as the advance could be made a first lien on the land and belongings of the settler.

The Department of Justice has refused to cancel the Canadian license of the Massachusetts Benefit Assurance Association, against which a number of Canadian members protested.

From present appearances there is ample justification for Sir Oliver Mowat's measure authorizing compulsory retirement of judges. A correspondent, referring to the proposed age limit of 70, says: What about those who are below the 60's, and who are infirm and completely blind? Will they be left to adorn the sacred precincts of justice and administer the law to an enlightened community because they have not attained the number of years required by the projected act? I am told of a petition, influentially signed, forwarded lately to the Minister of Justice, complaining of an honorable gentleman, completely blind, who, notwithstanding such affliction, persists in presiding over courts of law in two important districts in the vicinity of the Capital. His pretext for holding the fort is that there is no provision in the law which can force him to resign. A few weeks since this learned luminary was holding court in some remote part of the country, when, to the melancholy diversion of those present, there sat on the bench a blind judge, and below the bench a deaf clerk, so that when the blind was speaking to the deaf the deaf could not hear him, and when the deaf showed the docket to the blind the blind could not see it. Only one thing was wanted to complete the farce—a dumb lawyer. Complaints have been repeatedly made, but apparently in vain.

The Government is pressing the County of Ottawa for the sum of $1683 the amount of the costs in connection with the calling out of the militia in aid of the civil power when the disturbance took place in the Township of Lowe in November, 1895. Mr. Power, for the Deputy Minister of Justice, has written the County Council, stating: "I am to add that unless this matter is arranged at once legal proceedings will be taken to enforce the claim, though the Crown would be unwilling to put the municipality to any unnecessary expense for costs. (Signed) A. Power."

Twelve members of the Council of the D. R. A. visited the suggested site of the new rifle range at Hull for Dominion matches, and unanimously condemned it, owing to its bad approaches, unattractive surroundings and unsuitable character for properly carrying on the work of the association. A communication embodying this view will be sent to the Minister of Militia.

A number of Liberals from Quebec, who got a rather severe overhauling in the Baie des Chaleurs investigation some sessions ago, are pressing the Government to further investigate the exploitation of the subsidy to the Temiscouata Railway.

Mr. Tarte has, without calling for tenders, given the contract for re-carpeting all the offices in the Western Block to his uncle, Joseph Robillard, ex-M. P. for Berthier-en-haut. The contract will amount to several thousand dollars. Current rumor has it that Uncle Robillard lent Nephew Tarte $10,000 recently to purchase La Patrie.

SATOLLI FOR LEO'S SEAT.

The Cardinal Planning to be the Next Occupant of the Vatican—Pope Growing Weak.

Rome, April 14.—A meeting of Cardinals, convened by Mgr. Satolli, has just been held here. Its object is unknown, but it is common knowledge that Satolli wishes to be a candidate for the Papal chair when it is vacant. Leo's health is seriously weakening.

DROPPED DEAD.

Dougall McGillivray Fell Down and Expired in a Collingwood Hotel.

Collingwood, April 14.—Dougall McGillivray of the 10th concession of Nottawasaga, a pioneer farmer, came to town to-day, and shortly after his arrival droped dead in the Arlington Hotel. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of death. He was 81 years of age and was well known throughout this district.

MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Munyon's Stomach and Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble, such as rising of food, distress after eating, shortness of breath, palpitation and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, headache from indigestion, soreness of the stomach, coated tongue, heartburn, shooting pains of the stomach, constipation, dizziness, faintness and lack of energy. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate specific for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
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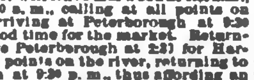
SEASON 1897.



THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a. m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p. m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

A. CLEGG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 295 Stewart Street. Telephone.

HIGHEST IN LEAVENING QUALITIES
PURE • GOLD BAKING POWDER
For dainty and wholesome cookery it has no equal. . .
—In Tins Only—

"KURMA"
CEYLON TEA
ONCE YOU TRY IT YOU'LL ALWAYS BUY IT.
Lead packages only, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c. per lb. Sold by all grocers.
The Davidson & Hay, Ltd., Wholesale Agents, Toronto.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

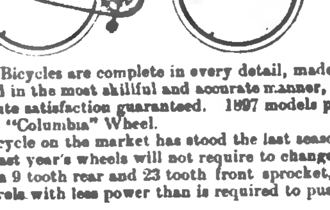
Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES
[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66¼ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

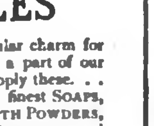
THE WELLAND VALE
(3 BIKES)
PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.
Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect - -	$85.00		For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City -	$75.00		
Dominion - -	$60.00		

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.



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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality —the best . . . .

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No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company
HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
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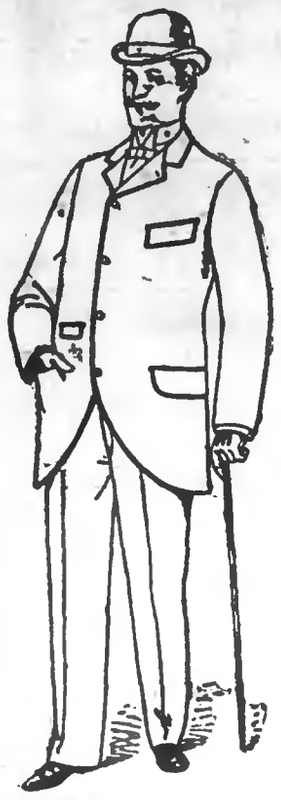
FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!

And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.

Bicycle Frames Enameled.

REPAIRS, ETC.

See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

THE SUN

Is a Bicycle that combines the highest mechanical construction with elegant appearance and only costs $72.50

In Gentlemen's or Ladies' patterns. No higher grade wheel is one whit better in any particular. Any color enamel desired. Any Tire or Saddle.

$62.50 THE LAKESIDE

An ideal wheel at a moderately low price. It fills the demand for a good durable, graceful, handsome bicycle. Take our guarantee that these are no cheap wheels. We stand behind them. If they were not what we say they are we would not handle them.

A. MERCER & CO.

George-st., Peterborough.

30 BOXES OF

CURTAIN POLES AND TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived!

All nicely Assorted from 20 cents up the Set.

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Also watch for our Cheap Wall Paper rates, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

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DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Brick for Sale

Large quantity of red and white brick on hand at Fox's brick yard, Lindsay, will be sold at low prices to make room for year' make. Address proprietor, S. J. Fox, Lindsay. 6d84-4w16

For the Historical Society.

Mr. Wm Sailsbury, the well known George-st. book dealer and stationer, has contributed to the Historical Society museum at Inverlea a couple of medals from the International Exhibition of 1862 and a South Sea Islander's knife, edged with shark's teeth.

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Aiding the Colored Brethren.

Rev. R. Hatchett, assistant superintendent of the British M. E. church, addressed a large meeting in the school room of the George-st. church last evening. He explained the needs of the church, which carried on work with the negro population of Canada. A collection in aid of the church was taken up during the evening.

Services at St. John's.

He was wounded for our transgression, He was bruised for our iniquities; the chastisement of our peace was upon Him and with His stripes we are healed.—Isaiah 53, v.

Services will be held at St. John's church to-morrow as follows:—11 a.m., morning prayer, litany, communion service and sermon; 3 p.m., special children's service; 7 p.m. evensong and sermon.

The usual evening service will be held at St. John's to-night at 8 o'clock, when all are cordially invited to be present.

Miss Ramsay's Talent.

On Tuesday evening next Miss Alexandrina Ramsay, one of the leading and most talented readers and entertainers, will appear in a costume recital in St. Andrew's church school room under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. Referring to Miss Ramsay's appearance in that city the Hamilton Times says:—"The star of the evening was Miss Alexandrina Ramsay, who both recited and sang. This was her first appearance in a concert programme here, and she made a very favorable impression. She has a clear, sympathetic voice, and much sweetness and power, and her style of reading shows marked elocutionary ability. 'Squaring the Circle,' and 'The Sermon Taster' (Ian McLaren), two readings, and the Gaelic song, 'Fhir a Bhata,' were her programme numbers. All were encored, and one of her selections in response was Rudyard Kipling's 'A Ballad of East and West.'" Tickets 25c; children under 15 years of age 10c. 1d89

You should see the new Zanzibar Dress Lawns just opened at Turnbull's, at 15 cents a yard.

THE EASTER EXAMINATIONS.

Result of the Lower First Form Examinations at the Collegiate.

The following is the classification of the pupils of the lower First Form of the Collegiate Institute, based on the Easter examinations. The names are in order of merit:—

Form I. A.—M Mahoney, M McGill; H Boucher and W Rosboro, (equal); B Turner, N Thompson, N Sawers, C Kemp, O Throop, R Nimmo, M Bradburn, A Hall, J Dixon, J Hay, F Bell, E Gillespie, E Maybee, E Thornton, A May, E Ackerman, C Mathias, E Brumwell, F Weir; A Westlake and C Manson, (equal); L Rush, R Gibbs, G Meade, A Dormer, I Morris, E Torpey, G Bailey, M Fisher, A Armstrong, B Huston, B Sanderson; W Pousette and L Hall, (equal); E Hill, A Hawkins, W Bell, R Moker.

Form I B—A Gilchrist, R Stone, W McDonnell, F Burnham, B Best, N Fitzgerald; P Faint and H Hunter and T Irwin, (equal); H Walkey, A Collins, F Roy; J Erskine and L Scott and I Faint, (equal); L Best, R Rye, F Bradburn, M Foote, J Laing, M Speer, L Moore, E Moore, G Kendry, H Gillespie, W Robinson, A Mark, W Staples, B Tovey, B Hughes, R Donnell, F McGrath, B Boomer, E Miller, A McBain, R Cameron, W Peace and M Guerin. The latter three missed part of the examinations.

THE SCOTT LIMITS SOLD.

They are Purchased at Auction by the Dickson Company.

The Scott limits were sold at the Oriental hotel this afternoon at public auction, Mr. C. Stapleton being the auctioneer. These limits were just as they were when sold by the Dickson Co. to the Howry Co. less some ten million feet of lumber that the latter firm had taken off. There were five bidders to-day. The bidding started at $200,000 and then went on with $5,000 jumps to $295,000. Then the bids fell to $1,000 and finally the limits were knocked down to the Dickson Co, for $298,200.

TAX ON BICYCLISTS.

Proposal to Tax Wheelmen and Then Construct Bicycle Paths on the Streets.

The Street and Bridge committee met last evening and decided to call a meeting of bicyclists when matters affecting local wheelmen will be discussed. A proposal will likely be submitted to the bicyclists suggesting that a tax of $1 be levied on bicyclists which will be utilized in constructing bicycle paths on several streets, the town to give $2 for every $1 from the bicyclists for the purpose.

The committee also arranged the divisions for street watering. The centre district as usual will be watered by the town employees. Tenders will be asked for the south, north and west districts.

No one in ordinary health need become bald or gray, if he will follow sensible treatment. We advise cleanliness of the scalp and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer.

Calcutt's Ale and Porter.

A special Easter brewing is now ready. Kept by all the leading grocers. $1 per dozen. 6d89

Paper Hanging in Best Style

If you require paper hanging done we will send you an artist in the line and guarantee the work. Prices moderate, C. F. Kutzbach, 379 George-st., Routley's old stand. 2d

The Tailors' Strike Settled.

The strike of the tailors with Hall, Gilchrist & Co, was satisfactorily settled yesterday and the employees, who had been out for several weeks, went to work this morning.

Preparatory Service at St. Paul's

Services preparatory to the Communion will be held at St. Paul's church to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. In the morning Rev. J. Tanner, of Omemee, will preach. In the evening Rev. A. T. Dykeman will be the preacher.

The George-St. Missionary Society.

Instead of the usual thank offering services on Good Friday afternoon, the Women's Missionary Society, of the George St. Methodist church, will hold a special song and prayer service. A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of the George st. and other congregations, also to the young ladies of the Sunday school, to be present at this meeting. The thank offering envelopes will not be taken up on Good Friday, as other arrangements have been made, of which due notice will be given. The meeting will commence at half-past three in the the lecture room of the church.

Come, let us stand beneath the cross;
So may the blood from out His side
Fall gently on us, drop by drop;
Jesus, our Lord, is crucified.

Personal

County Councillor Pearce, of Norwood, was in town to day.

Mr. E B. Stone's condition shows but little improvement.

Mr. Geo. Lewis left to-day to spend Easter at his home in Fort Erie.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Mulholland will spend the Easter vaction in Toronto.

Mrs. (Dr.) Eastwood has returned from a visit with friends at Whitby and Toronto.

Miss Spence, of the Collegiate Institute staff, has gone to Port Perry for the Easter vacation.

Mr. J. Hilliard Carnegie, M.P.P., for East Victoria, and son of Mr. John Carnegie, was married in Toronto yesterday afternoon at old St. Andrew's church to Miss Bessie Laurie, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Laurie, Ontario st. The friends of the groom and those who met the bride during a recent visit to town will extend hearty congratulations.

WOLSTENHOLME–SABIN.

The Charlotte-st. Liveryman Weds Miss Rose Sabin, Daughter of Mr. T. J. Sabin.

Mr. R. J. Wolstenholme, the Charlotte-st liveryman, was married last evening to Miss Rose Sabin, daughter of Thos. J. Sabin, 36 Chamberlain-st.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of a few relatives and friends by Rev. W. L. Armitage, of St. John's South Ward Mission. The bride, who was gowned in navy blue, with becoming trimmings, was attended by her sister, Miss Julia Sabin, as bridesmaid. Mr. Jas. Wolstenholme supported the groom.

After the ceremony, which took place at 8 o'clock, a bridal supper was served, and at 9 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Wolstenholme proceeded to the G.T.R. station and left by the express for points west. The bride was the recipient of some beautiful and expensive presents.

EVANGELIST RANTON.

The "Straight Gate and How to Get Through," His Subject.

The Charlotte-st. church was packed to the doors last evening when Evangelist Ranton delivered an earnest address on the subject "The Straight Gate and How to get Through," founding his discourse upon the words:—

"Strive to enter in at the straight gate."

Mr. Ranton emphasized the fact that in order to gain a higher condition of life, entrance had to be made at the straight gate. The student to secure his degree, the musician to gain ability to perform creditably, the painter to produce the finished picture, the artisan a perfect work, must enter through the straight gate. The word "strive" meant to agonize, and perhaps refers literally to the effort of the camel to pass through the straight gate into the eastern cities. Some of the reasons why the entrance to the Christian life is considered difficult were then dealt with and the necessity of immediate action were impressed upon the audience.

During the service Mr. A. L. Davis contributed a solo.

To-night Mr Ranton will preach on "Some views of Heaven." There will be service to-morrow evening and Mr Ranton will preach.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath, caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh, and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give, one blow through the blower and you get relief immediately. Price, including blower 25 cents.

AT ST PETER'S CATHEDRAL

Holy Thursday Services—Clergy of the Diocese Present

A large congregation attended the Pontifical High Mass at St. Peter's Cathedral this morning, Holy Thursday, at 8 o'clock. His Lordship Bishop O'Connor was the celebrant and Monsignor Laurent, V. G., Lindsay, acted as assistant priest, Rev Father Conway, of Norwood, was deacon and Rev Father Fitzpatrick sub deacon. His Lordship blessed the oils used in the administration of the sacrament and other ordinances of the church. The sacrament was carried in procession to the depositary, where it will remain until the mass of the pre-sanctified to-morrow.

Among the clergy in attendance to day were:—Rev Fathers O'Brien, Kingston; Connelly, Hastings; McCloskey, Campbellford; Sweeney, Victoria Road; Phelan, Douro, and the cathedral clergy.

To-morrow—Good Friday—services will commence at 9 o'clock with the adoration of the cross, followed by the mass of the pre-sanctified. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there will be stations of the cross. In the evening at 7 o'clock there will be stations of the cross; Ven Archdeacon Casey will preach and a portion of the true cross will be offered for the veneration of the faithful.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Watkin Mills.

The Toledo Sunday Morning Courier of April 4th last says of Mr. Mills' singing at Westminster chuach:—"In oratorio, and a wonderful field it is, Watkin Mills is at his best, and is par excellence an exponent of that peculiar school. The programme was by no means too long with Watkin Mills as singer. He is a great singer, thoroughly at home with his audience—the English baritone is a delightful entertainer, and the evening was all too short." Mr. Mills sings in Peterborough on the 21st inst. The subscription list is rapidly filling. The plan will be open to subscribers only at Ormond & Walsh's drug store on Monday, April 19th, at 10 o'clock, and on Tuesday to the public. Get your name now on the list and claim a good seat. Prices, 50c and 75c. 1d

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

Football.

A meeting of the Warsaw football club was held in the Morgan House on Saturday evening, April 10th, for the purpose of organizing for the season of '97. The following officers were elected:—

Hon President.—A. F. Choate.
President—Thos. Wilson.
Vice-President—C P Conway.
Sec.-Treasurer—Fred Morgan.
Captain—Herb Kidd.
Executive Committee—Officers of club.
Ground Committee—Thos. Wilson, D. Choate, C. P. Conway, F. Morgan and Jas. Kidd.

The secretary-treasurer read the report of last year's business, which was very satisfactory, as a substantial balance is on hand to commence the season.

Bicycling.

The bicycle bill which Mr. J. R. Stratton, M.P.P., looked after in the Ontario Legislature, is now the law of the land, which is ample excuse for reprinting its provisions in full:—

(a) In case a person travelling or being upon a highway in charge of a vehicle meets a person travelling upon a bicycle or tricycle, he shall, where practicable, allow the person travelling on a bicycle or tricycle sufficient room on the travelled portion of the highway to pass to the right.

(b) In case a person travelling upon a highway on a bicycle or tricycle overtakes any vehicle or horseman travelling at less speed or a person travelling on foot, the person travelling on a bicycle or tricycle shall give to the other person audible warning of his approach before attempting to pass.

(c) In case a person travelling or being upon a street or highway on a bicycle or tricycle is overtaken by any vehicle or horseman travelling at greater speed, the person so overtaken shall quietly turn out to the right and allow the said vehicle or horseman to pass, and the person so overtaking the bicycle or tricycle shall turn out to the left so far as may be necessary to avoid a collision.

(d) In case a person travelling upon a bicycle or tricycle in cities of 100,000 inhabitants in a northerly or westerly direction upon the central strip between the double tracks of a surface railway meets another person on a bicycle or tricycle travelling in an opposite direction, he shall turn out to the right, allowing to the bicycle or tricycle so met travelling south or east the whole of such central strip.

Clause D affecting only cities in this Province which have over 100,000 inhabitants applies, of course, only to Toronto, and makes legal what has been the custom there for some years.

LINDSAY CRICKETERS.

The Lindsay Cricket club has organized with the following officers:

Hon-President—Col Jas Deacon.
President—T Brodie.
Vice-President—Rev C H Marsh.
Sec.-Treasurer—W R Widdis.
Captain—G A Little.
Official Scorer—Chas Sutherland.
Managing Committee—Messrs Sisslon, Short, Kennedy, Porter, F. C. Taylor.

THE C W A MEET.

The contest for the C W A meet will take place in Toronto to-morrow at the annual meeting of the Wheelmen's Association. Chatham and Brantford have been using all their energies in the direction of securing votes for the meet and at present it is difficult to decide to winner.

Kingston Bicycle club has decided to support Chatham for the meet.

The Peterborough delegates will go to Toronto in the morning and will boom Peterborough for 1898.

There is a contest on just at present for the Chief Consul of the Quinte District of the C W A. Hoag, of Kingston, and Campbell, of Lindsay, are the contestants. The Lindsay man is being supported by R J Wilson, of Kingston, and the latter thinks he can elect his man. The fact that he is supporting the Lindsay man caused Wilson to get dropped by his own club as representative, Dr Herald being elected. Hoag's friends are working hard to elect their man.

CASEY BAGGAGE BILL.

For the benefit of cyclists, at the Montreal Star's request, Mr. Casey, M. P., for West Elgin, has written the following explanation of his bill:—

"It amends section 253 of the Railway Act, which is the section concerning the checking of baggage, so as to provide that bicycles shall be carried as baggage subject to the same charges and liabilities as other baggage. Bicycles need not be protected by boxes, crates or otherwise to obtain this privilege. This puts bicycles on exactly the same footing as trunks. It will follow apparently that a passenger could carry a bicycle in addition to other impediments so long as the total weight did not exceed 150 lbs., the present limit of free baggage. The railways would also be responsible for damage. The C. W. A. have prepared a plan, which will be submitted to the House, showing how bicycles can be carried on hooks in the roof the baggage car above the trunks, etc. The fittings for this purpose would be cheap, and the cost would be incurred once for all."

OAK HALL.

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st, church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Wilson's Dramatic Co. in the opera house.
Services at St. John's church.
Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.
City Lodge, I. O. G. T.
Bible class at Y M C A
Committee on Appointments.

G. E. Whiten's Photo Studio

will be open for business to-morrow, Friday. Don't forget the place, 158 Hunter-st., opposite Oak Hall. 1d

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

Still they come. More Dress Goods for Turnbull's, the Popular Dress Goods House.

Waggon Loads of Hot X Buns.

Bates' 2 waggons will be out early to-morrow morning to supply Hot X Buns, wholesale and retail, larger and better than ever. At all live grocers. Insist on having Bates'. Walter Bates, Manufacturer of Bates' celebrated Bread, dtf

Killing Deer in the Water.

The Toronto Evening News says:—The genuine sportsmen among the local deer hunters are jubilant over the fact that the proposal to re-establish the killing of deer in water has been strangled. The game commission recommended this course, and Hon. J. M. Gibson is said to have had the bill drawn to effect the change. The strong opposition to the scheme which has been evinced by experienced sportsmen, however, induced him to change his mind, and the bill was thrown in the waste paper basket.

They are looking for your Spring Millinery Order at Turnbull's. They have all the latest shapes, abundance of trimmings, and their Hats are put together in the most artistic style.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.
416 George Street

ALBERT CRESSWELL'S ARREST

Pleads Guilty to Larceny of James McGill's Clothes—Will be Sentenced Next Thursday.

Chief Roszel returned last evening from Niagara Falls with Albert Cresswell, whose arrest was announced in yesterday's REVIEW. The Chief left town yesterday morning at 6.45 o'clock, went to the Falls and returned with his prisoner at 7.45 last evening, an exceptionally fast trip.

Cresswell, who is a Whitby young man, was arrested charged with stealing a quantity of clothing from Mr Jas A McGill at the Huffman House. He has been employed at Niagara Falls, N Y., lately and Chief Roszel on learning this informed Chief Young, of Niagara Falls, N Y., and that officer, with his accustomed vigilance and shrewdness which has made his name famous in Ontario, his activity at the time of the renowned Birchall case especially being a credit to Chief Young, at once put his men on the track and Detective Meins, one of the staff, arrested Cresswell on the Canadian side on Tuesday and immediately notified the Chief. The Niagara Falls police are an obliging genial body of men and earn the admiration of all who have dealings with them, minus criminals of course.

Cresswell appeared in Court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was remanded for a week for judgment. The larceny took place at the Huffman House. Cresswell was employed as a "bell boy" and during Mr McGill's absense a large quantity of his clothing was removed from his room. One man was arrested and given a term but Cresswell managed to evade the law until his arrest on Tuesday.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

Those requiring Spring Carpets should see the Japanese Rugs Turnbull is offering. Suitable for dining rooms. Cheap.

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1867. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1867.

THAT EXPORT DUTY ON OUR PULP WOOD

THE LABOR ORGANIZER FOR THE DOMINION IN TOWN.

He Will Address a Public Meeting Regarding the Protecting of Our Forest and Mineral Wealth to the Benefit of the Country and its Labor Interests—An Interview Dealing With the Pulp Wood Industry and its Possibilities.

Mr. P. J. Loughrin, of Sault Ste. Marie, General Labor Organizer for the Dominion, is in town to-day and will remain until Saturday. Mr. Loughrin is, of course, interested in organized labor in all forms, but just at present he is especially interested in one question of moment to labor—the pulp wood industry and the imposition of an export duty on Canadian pulp wood that is taken across the border to furnish employment to American pulp and paper mills with their thousands of employees. Mr. Loughrin believes, and many believe with him, that a policy that will give to Canadians the profit and benefits which they should have as the possessor of rich forests and mines is required, instead of allowing the American manufacturer, mechanic and farmer to make the profit.

Mr. Loughrin has been visiting many places throughout Ontario addressing public meetings, and he has received the support of many municipal Councils and Boards of Trade and thousands of workingmen in his advocating of a policy that may be called "Canadian wealth for Canadians."

Mr. Loughrin will address a meeting here to-morrow evening, the Mayor having decided to call a public meeting to be held in the Council Chamber. His mission and objects can best be understood by reading the following manifesto he has issued to Municipal Councils, Boards of Trade and the laboring men of Canada. He says:—"I would ask your co-operation and any assistance that you may be able to give the labor cause of our common country. It is unnecessary for me to call your attention to the state of trade and labor during the past two years. The scarcity of work has placed the general trade of the country in a state of depression. We extended the hand of good-fellowship to the United States, looking for better terms as to the trade relations for the benefit of all, but they have so flatly refused any attempt to approach them on that subject that there is no other course left for us but to protect a few of our industries and raw materials—of which latter we have practically an inexhaustible supply (especially of pulpwood and nickel)—from the inroads made by the United States upon our forests and mines, and for which the Government of the country and the laboring classes receive no revenue or benefit. There are six hundred thousand cords of pulpwood exported annually to the United States free of duty, for which our people receive $2 to $3 per cord, delivered at a railway track. This leaves only about $1.25 for labor, as surely the wood is worth $1.75. This raw material is taken out of our country by American capitalists, who put from $7 to $11 worth of labor on each cord when manufactured into pulp or paper, making an average of about $9 per cord on the aforesaid 600,000 cords—thereby depriving our Canadian laborers of about $5,600,000 worth of labor annually on pulpwood alone, which should certainly be manufactured in Canada out of the raw material, of which we have such an abundance from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the waters of the Hudson Bay. I might say that if a scheme were proposed for building a railway 300 miles long it would be looked upon in the nature of a boom, and people would rush in that direction for employment. But such a railway would not expend in labor any more than would be expended in one year if the raw material were kept at home and manufactured into pulp and paper here. The pulp industry, once established, would be a permanent one, and the $5,600,000 expended in labor in our Dominion would add materially to the income and prosperity of the laboring classes of all grades throughout Canada. What I ask, and justly petition, the Boards of Trade, municipal councils and my fellow citizens generally through Canada, is that they urge upon our legislators the necessity of protecting our interests and harboring what justly belongs to us, by putting an export duty on pulpwood and giving us an alien labor law corresponding in all respects with that in force in the United States, and, with this end in view, I will endeavor, during my four weeks' tour through the Dominion, to meet and explain the matter personally to as many of the representatives of the labor unions as is possible for me to do."

Mr Loughrin is, to use a common expression, full of his subject, and his address to-morrow night will give much information regarding the pulp industry and our mines. He had a talk with the REVIEW to-day when he said:—"There is no reason why the Dominion of Canada should not, in the near future, be the paper-producing country of the world, she is so naturally adapted to the production of the raw material, and has so many thousands of waterfalls for the turning of mills. She has a belt of spruce and poplar wood stretching 2,000 miles in length by 500 in breadth, and she had likewise an inexhaustible supply of mineral containing sulphur for the manufacture of sulphite fibre used in connection with our pulp mills.

"Now" said Mr Loughin "there are 232 idle pulp mills in the United States to-day. These mills were not built in the middle of wheat fields, but in the districts where there was spruce wood. Their idleness to-day indicates that their spruce is exhausted, and as a result the Niagara Falls company located where they could reach the Canadian raw material. Again the Sault Ste Marie company saw the same thing and they came to the Sault and spent $1,100,000 in erecting a pulp mill and in two years increased the population of the town by 1800 people The Americans, however, send American men into the Canadian forests and take our wood across to their country; then draw up an alien labor law and prohibit the Canadian from participating in any way in the profit of his own raw material. When our mills attempt to manufacture our own raw material they are met by an import duty when they attempt to send the manufactured material into the country where our raw material is taken. If we had two or three more mills like the Sault Ste. Marie mills, which employ between 900 and 1,000 hands and whose pay roll is $30,000 a month, there would be no complaint from the farmer. The farmer to-day in the district cannot supply the demand for hay, oats, etc., of the employees of the pulp and paper company.

"Again," said Mr. Loughrin, "in the United States to-day there are 914 pulp paper mills in operation, which are averaging, and this is a low average, twenty tons per day. This is 18,280 tons of pulp per day used, or 5,484,000 tons a year. At $20 per ton this is an outlay of $109,680,000 a year for pulp alone. Calculating the labor employed at 109 hands in each mill, this is 91,400 in all, and at $35 a month for each man employed wages amounting to $3,199,000 a month are paid, or $38,388,000 a year. Now it will be seen at once by any common sense man who will take the trouble to look into this question, and who is not biased by selfish motives, that there is no room here for a political issue, in any sense of the term. It is a matter which claims the attention of any man who has the interests of the country at heart and the well-being of our fellow-citizens and laboring classes generally. I can see no valid reason why we should not reach out and grasp some of this valuable trade, and that, too, without any aim at retaliation in view.

"Again, our nickel ore contains the most important element in the manufacture of the sulphite fibre, which is the sulphur, and this valuable element is now being absolutely wasted—passing from the nickel works in the smoke and making the atmosphere in the neighborhood of the mines disagreeable.

"It can be readily seen that the pulpwood resources of the United States must, at an early date, succumb to the enormous consumption, at the present rate at which they are depleting their own forests, and it is just a matter of a few years till we are able to dictate terms to the world for pulp and paper as well as nickel. Let there be no mistake about this; the export duty will not deter the United States from buying our pulpwood. They must have it.

"I have no other object in view," Mr. Loughrin continued, "than to do my utmost to secure labour for the idle men of Canada, with whom every town and city in the country is overcrowded. With this end in view, as well as the framing of an alien labor law that will give the same protection to the Canadian as the American enjoys in the labour markets of the world, I have communicated with Mr. Samuel Gompers the president of the American Federation of Labor, whom I represent in Canada, to use his influence with the United States Congress to have the following clause inserted in the bill now before Congress:—'Any member of an International or Federal Labor Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, holding a travelling card of the said International or Federal Labor Union, shall be exempt from the provisions of this bill.' I am satisfied that if Mr. Gompers succeeds in securing the insertion of that clause I shall have no trouble in getting an identical clause in the bill now before the House of Commons of Canada. As nearly all unions in Canada are now affiliated with the A. F. of L., this would be glad news to all union laborers."

Mr. Loughrin is registered at the Oriental hotel.

Brevities.

—To-morrow being a public holiday there will be no issue of the REVIEW.

—The Public schools and Collegiate Institute closed to-day for the Easter vacation. They will re-open on Monday, the 26th.

—The Lenten service at St. John's church last evening was well attended. Rev. W. L. Armitage preached the sermon.

—Frank Tully was honorably acquitted to-day of the charge of stealing a horse from Mr. John C. Douglas.

—A charge of being drunk and disorderly against David Fleming and Geo Taylor was enlarged at police court this morning until to-morrow.

—Councillor Cobb began his duties as caretaker of the Court House park this morning. He has men employed making new cinder paths.

—The committee of the Historical Society to arrange for an Art Loan exhibition met last evening, but a definite decision was not reached and a meeting will be held in the course of a week.

—A rehearsal of the Mock Parliament will be held on Saturday evening at 7.30 sharp at the Charlotte-st. Sunday school room. All ladies taking part are requested to meet sharp on time.

The Hastings Star says:—Foreman Gordon, of the Trent Valley canal, has everything ready now for active work. The boiler and engine and two steam drills are on the scow and all will be set in motion as soon as soundings are made and the channel laid out. An engineer arrived on Monday and the survey began yesterday.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Now going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st. by RICHARD HALL & SON . . . .

Is beyond doubt the greatest opportunity to buy High Class Goods at genuine reduced prices that the buying people of Peterborough have ever had. Our entire stock of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer Goods being offered at a genuine reduction at this season of the year, when people are usually paying the highest figure, is an opportunity that should be highly appreciated. Come and be convinced.

P.S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

THE USE

Of Automatic Machinery lessens the cost of bicycles, but does not improve the quality. In our Hand-made SKYLARK every process of the manufacture is closely watched by expert workmen, preventing any possibility of defective material being used.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

The Griffith's Cycle Corp'n.

[LTD.]

235 and 235½ Yonge Street Toronto.

Peterborough Agent—FAIRWEATHER & CO

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERIGAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

Turnbull's show windows display a magnificent range of Lace Curtains this week, from 25 cents to $5.00 a pair.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?

A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A $75 CLEVELAND

Is intrinsically worth three times the value of any $50 wheel and the peer of any other bicycle sold or listed at $100, being the famous winner of the Australian Gold Medal for its beauty, durability and easy running qualities.

Models 27 and 28 price $100.00

The pride of their makers, the favorites of the dealers and the joy of their riders—their success already demonstrating itself in tripled orders, which we are filling rapidly.

Model 29 price $100.00

The Bicycle sensation of the year. Built for fast work on the road or a winning rush on the track---the most desirable of all mounts for the speedy rider.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

H. A. LOZIER & Co.

TORONTO.

SALESROOM, 169 Yonge Street. FACTORY, Toronto Junction,

Agents.—A. H. STRATTON & CO., George St. Peterborough.

GEN. NEAL DOW.

The Great Temperance Advocate Rounds Out His 93rd Year.

Gen. Neal Dow, the famous and still energetic temperance reformer, on the 20th March, 1897, attained his 93rd year. He was born in Portland, Me., March 20, 1804. His longevity is hereditary, two of his ancestors having lived more than 100 years. His family on both sides were Friends. He attended good schools until 15 years of age, when he found employment in his father's business of tanning. His taste for reading was intense, and he early began

GEN. NEAL DOW.

to gather a library which now compares favorably with the best collections. Through his long life books have been his closest companions and choicest treasures.

An earnest anti-slavery man, he became accustomed to the advocacy of an unpopular cause, and later served his country in war, was twice wounded in battle, and was for many months a prisoner.

To Neal Dow world-wide, enduring fame has come through his long and self-sacrificing services for temperance. The present generation has little conception of the task he undertook more than sixty years ago. A man with less nerve and without unconquerable will would have faltered before the task of reversing public opinion founded in the custom of centuries, and the determination to change the policy of liquor legislation. Single-handed he undertook the mighty task. He traveled all over his state, addressing meetings, circulating petitions for a prohibitory law, scattered literature, endeavored to force officers to convict violaters of the statutes, and in every way possible he proclaimed war against the liquor traffic.

In 1851 Mr. Dow was elected Mayor of Portland, and in two months succeeded in getting passed through the legislature the celebrated "Maine law." No law ever attracted more attention. It changed the character of temperance agitation, and everywhere stimulated a demand for legal protection from the liquor traffic. The ablest lawyers attacked the law, but it successfully ran the gauntlet of the courts and to-day most of the legislation of Christendom touching the liquor trade has borrowed features from it.

During his long life he has never faltered from the work to which he set his hand, nor from his life motto, "This One Thing I Do," and with the wealth of his ninety-three years' experience he still has a hope and enthusiasm for this reform worthy of youth.

Piles Cured by Dr Chase

I. M. Iral, 186 Drolet-st., Montreal. 15 years suffered. Cured of Blind Itching Piles.

William Butler, Pembawan, Ont. Suffered many months. Cured of Protruding Piles by one box.

Pabano Bastard, Gower Point, Ont. Suffered for 30 years. Cured of Itching Piles by three boxes.

Nelson Simmons, Myersburg, Ont., cured of Itching Piles.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will positively cure all forms of Piles. Write any of the above if in doubt.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

doctor, maliciously, "I did feel a queer sensation in the ends of my thumbs. Make yourself at home now; take that chair," rolling a comfortable-looking monster close to the round table; "there are segars and—why—I say man, have you eaten any thing since you started on this chase?"

"Now you mention it, I distinctly recollect, that I have not."

"Of course not; I will wake up Mrs. Gray."

"Pray don't; I couldn't think of eating Mrs. Gray."

"Nonsense!" laughs his host; "Mrs. Gray is my housekeeper, and she is deaf as a post."

"Well, that's a comfort, the deafness. Is she dumb, too?"

"Unfortunately, no; but as I have not been home to dine, she will think she is preparing my supper, and I will tell her you are a patient come to be treated, and that I am going to give you a bed; here," tossing something which he finds upon a bookcase, across to his guest, "tie you face up in that rag, before she comes in. She will not give you a second glance; she never troubles her head about my patients."

So saying, he goes out, and the detective proceeds to spread out the "rag" to prepare his bandage. Suddenly he starts, scrutinizes closer, turns it about, and looks again, then—

"Ah!" says Mr. Bathurst; "Oh! really!"

And he folds up his bandage, and puts it in one pocket, whips a clean pocket handkerchief from another, and substituting it for the "rag," awaits the coming of his host.

"Very comfortable quarters," he muttered, looking about him. "Luxurious too; quite so. Our doctor has not forgotten how people ought to live."

The doctor's "quarters" were all that he described them. Luxurious, comfortable; and luxury and comfort do not always go hand in hand; tateful, too. Nothing too much; nothing lacking—just the beau-ideal of a bachelor's parlor. Warm browns rightening here and there into bronze. Books, a great many and of the best. Pictures, a very few, and all rare and beautiful. Bronzes and statuettes in plenty. Bric-a-brac, not any, for no fair and foolish woman has trailed her skirts through these apartments, leaving traces of her presence in the shape of those small and costly abominations, yclept "ceramics."

Presently Doctor Heath reappears, and not long after, Mrs. Gray bears in a heaped-up tray of edibles. Then Doctor Heath sets forth brandy and wine, and informs Mrs. Gray, through the medium of his ten fingers, that she is dismissed for the-night.

When she has retired the detective unties his face, and falls upon the food spread before him, as a hungry man will. While he eats he talks a little, just a random remark now and then, and his host sits opposite him, answering his frequent questions and observations, and thinking.

In past days, and under very different circumstances, these men have met and known each other, and Doctor Clifford Heath is wondering how much of his story it will be necessary to tell, in order to explain his present position, which, he knows, must seem a most strange one to his former acquaintance; for Doctor Clifford Heath, like most of us who have not passed a vegetable existence, has a history, and a past.

Of that fact, however, Mr. Bathurst seems quite oblivious, as he washes down his repast with a glass of brandy and water, and pushes back his chair from the table.

"Now, then," he begins, with his usual brisk business manner, "I'm rested and refreshed, and all ready for that white wax, if you please, Doctor Heath."

"I'm quite curious about that wax," says the doctor, rising. "Just let me draw away this table and bring up another, it's the easiest way of disposing of the dinner things, and will furnish Mrs. Gray with food for comfortable comment; she takes all such opportunities to disparage 'men's ways,' and as she seems to enjoy them, I make it a point to afford her as many as possible," making the proposed change as he talks. "Now, then, there's a table and there's your wax."

"Now something to melt it in and over; I'm going to take an impression."

There is a little difficulty about getting the necessary articles together, but after a while they are all there, and the wax is simmering in the melting cup. Then the detective takes from his pocket the borrowed bottle of chloroform, and asks for an empty vial. This being given him he pours out the chloroform carefully, and wipes the emptied bottle.

"It's a pity I can't keep this bottle just as it is," he says, eyeing the cut-glass stopper regretfully, "but it must be returned, of course; and I must do the next best. What's your notion of the original use of that little gimcrack?"

He reaches out the bottle and the doctor takes it in his hand saying: "Why, it's from one of those dainty toilet cases used by ladies principally there will be a set, uniform in size, that are filled with perfumes of various sorts, and larger bottles, of the same pattern, for goodness knows what use. I have seen the kind, but not the pattern."

"Well," says the detective, slowly, "I think that I have seen the pattern; but where? However," dipping a stick into the melting wax. "I shall find out, and before very log."

"I wonder," says Doctor Heath, stretching out his hand for a fresh segar, "at the fellows leaving such a testimonial as that behind them. What's your theory?"

"I have expected that question from both yourself and Miss Wardour. I am glad she did not ask me."

"Why?"

The detective takes a spoon and dips up his wax, letting it drip from the spoon, drop by drop. It is ready for use, and, without seeming aware of the doctor's presence, he busies himself with his impression taking—seeing which, Doctor Heath smokes on, and is silent.

Finally, his mould is set to cool, and the detective resumes his seat; and, quite ignoring that long neglected monosyllable of inquiry, uttered by his host, begins:—

"When the burglars, for, no doubt, there were two of them, entered Miss Wardour's dressing room, they carried one dark lantern. This, one of them took, and crept with it into the sleepingroom; here, he was, for a moment, troubled. He had prepared himself with the chloroform, but must use his own handkerchief, and that is marked."

"Oh! a burglar with marked linen!"

"Even so. It's nothing unusual. You reason like a reader of too many novels. Burglars are not all escaped convicts, blear-eyed and hideous; nor do they all go about in fustian. It's the burglar in broad-cloth that makes us the trouble. Fustian starves, and steals, and is soon found out; runs away with its booty, as a dog runs away with its bone. Broadcloth is wiser, just as a skilled workman is wiser than a hod carrier. It brings to its service tact, study—who knows what, of scientific skill? It looks before it leaps it plans before it executes and it covers up all traces of its progress, or else leaves a network of false clues and misleading evidences. Bah! if we had only fustian to deal with, it would not be worth while to be a detective."

"Granted," says the doctor, drumming impatiently upon the table, with the fingers of his strong, white right hand. "We have to deal with a broadcloth burlgar, who marks his linen, and, perhaps, perfumes it. Was it perfumed? I forgot."

"It was not perfumed. I wish it had been. Yes, ours is a broadcloth burglar. When he approached Miss Wardour's bedside, he produced from a convenient pocket, his stupefying drug and then he looked about for something with which to apply it, and at the same time, no doubt, he berates himself for omitting to provide himself with a plain, small napkin, or piece of linen. There was nothing at hand that was not too large for his purpose, and too coarse, for he understood the delicacy of his undertaking So, he produced his pocket handkerchief, which, as I said before, was marked he tears off the half bearing the name, but, in his haste, does not observe that he has left evidence that the name was there. He then saturated the linen, and set the bottle upon the night stand, leaving his two hands free to apply his drug with utmost care. Then he pauses for a moment, to note the effect of his application, or to gaze upon the fair sleeper. And then comes a sound from the outer room, an impatient call, the click of steel implements, no matter what—he snatches up the dark lantern and, forgetting the bottle, goes out to his comrade."

"You believe there were two?"

"Yes; there were two. These affairs are seldom operated by one man."

"You said this evening that they had blundered. It seems to me that they made a very neat job of the affair."

"They did blunder. It does look like a neat job to a non-professional, but they have left several flaws in their work. They felt very confident of future safety, I am sure, for they were shrewd fellows; that's established in my mind. There's a something about this case that puzzles me, and some queer ideas are drifting through my head, but for the present I shall keep them there. About those blunders now. That boat business was the first. There's plain proof; then look at the manner in which they stirred up the library. Why, man, didn't you reflect that those heavy chairs never could have been overturned by hasty careless hands, without coming down with a loud bang? and there are three of them, all thrown down in different positions; every one of them was lowered slowly, carefully. Why, look at that pile of books upon the floor! do you imagine they were ever tossed down from their shelves, as they appear to have been, without striking upon the floor or each other, with a thud? I can see the whole operation one man held the lantern while the other disarranged the room. But they did not do it well. That much of the business looks like the work of an amateur. Perhaps you wonder why I did not speak of this to Miss Wardour. I said enough to convince her that I had studied the matter. I did not wish to exhaust the subject, that is the business of the man who is to come. And now I think I will remove my cast, and then, my dear fellow, I am quite ready to retire, for I feel the need of all the sleep I can get between now and sunrise."

"Shocking confession," laughs the doctor, lazily. "Let me tell you it's highly improper for a detective to get sleepy, or hungry, or tired; they never do it in print."

"Which should convince you that they always do out of it. Detectives, my dear

To be Continued

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary
to enable you to buy
a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine — wherever you can — and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY APRIL 15, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor.
J. R. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.

WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No. 3.—J. R. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE — Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE — Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Council es Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE — Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE. — Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE —Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE —Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE —Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The old man who looks out at the world with clear and healthy eyes cannot help feeling great gratification at the thought that his children have inherited from him no weakness nor tendency to disease. The healthy old man is the man who has throughout his life kept his digestion good and his blood pure. Not one in a thousand does do it. Germs go through the healthy body without effect. Let them once find lodgment or let them find a weak spot, they will develop by the million and the blood will be full of them. Instead of giving strength to the tissues, it will force upon them innutritious matter, and the man will lose flesh and the more susceptible he is to disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only medicine that absolutely and infallibly cures all blood diseases, and almost all diseases are blood diseases. It isn't a medicine for some one particular so-called disease. It is a medicine for the *whole body*. It forces out all the germs of disease, and replaces impurities with rich, red blood.

OAK HALL.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

FAST ATLANTIC LINE.

Continued from page 1.

ada could not very well dictate to the Mother Country how many guests she should invite.

Mr. Foster renewed his enquiry for information concerning temporary loans. He was informed that there were temporary loans outstanding to the amount of £1,000,000. Of this £400,000 had been borrowed to meet liabilities of the late Government, maturing Jan. 1, 1897, borrowed from the National Provincial Bank of England at 3 per cent. Then there was £600,000 borrowed from the Bank of Montreal by the present Government at 3 1-2 per cent. and maturing July 1 1897.

The House shortly before 6 o'clock adjourned until next Tuesday.

THE CROW'S NEST ROAD.

President Van Horne Says the C. P. R. Will Build, Subsidy or No Subsidy —Other Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Western Liberal members, who are a unit in favor of Government construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, had a meeting with the Government yesterday to press their views. Mr. Blair announced that he had offered the C. P.R. a subsidy of $10,000 a mile for 315 miles between Macleod and Kootenay, to construct the road, but that Sir William Van Horne had refused the offer, accompanied as it was with a stipulation that the company should forego certain clauses of the charter, viz., one which exempts the company's rates from Government supervision until the earnings reach ten per cent. of the capital; the other which allows the company to claim the right to branch lines by merely filing location plans.

Mr. Blair did not tell the members that the C.P.R. President flatly informed him that unless the company got what they considered a fair show they would build the line on their own account, and this they are arranging to do.

The statement credited to Mr. Blair to the effect that the late Government offered the C.P.R. $25,000 a mile as subsidy is incorrect, because it is distorted. Sir Charles Tupper's Ministry offered a bonus of $5000 a mile and a loan equivalent to $20,000 per mile, repayable in twenty years at 3 per cent. interest.

THIRTY-FOUR MINERS KILLED.

Eight English and Twenty-Six Natives Killed in South Africa.

Johannesburg, April 14.—A terrible dynamite explosion has taken place in a deep mine at Danglaarte. Eight English and 26 native miners were killed.

PROBABLY A WALK-OVER.

Indications are That the Winnipeg Seat Will Go to Mr. Jameson—Still Danger of Floods in the Prairie City.

Winnipeg, April 14.—(Special.)—Jameson, the Government candidate, will cation s are now that ex-Mayor Jameson have practically a walk-over in Winnipeg. His opponent is E. L. Taylor, a lawyer, unknown in politics, who was selected at a gathering said to represent the labor and temperance organizations. However, he was not the man wanted by the laborers, and they declare they will not support a lawyer. As far as the temperance organizations are concerned their chief officers happen to be Hon. J. W. Sifton, father of the Minister of Interior; Dr. M. Arthur and other prominent Liberal politicians, and they have quickly come forward to deny officially that Taylor is their candidate. Conservatives are taking no part in the contest. As Jameson has promised fair treatment for Conservative civil servants, he will get many Conservative votes.

Winnipeg may yet be flooded, for the water in Red River is now rapidly rising, and is from 18 to 20 feet above the ordinary low water mark. Merchants are moving goods out of basements and taking all precautions for an overflow, which, however, is unlikely.

Emerson is reported to be badly flooded, and people there are compelled to live in the upper storeys of their residences. All the stores have been flooded out

INSULTING THE WOMEN.

Cuban Ladies Subjected to Indignity and Thrown Into Prison by the Spaniards.

New York, April 14.—Specials from Havana say that 16 Cuban women from the town of San Francisco de Paul, in Havana Province, have been thrust into the house of detention for disreputable women in Havana. They all belong to families of the highest respectability. On their way to the prison they were insulted by the soldiers, and one of them, Aurora Velos, who attempted to protest, was knocked down by a blow with a knife.

In Guanabacoa, women of prominent Cuban families have also been arrested on the charge of being abettors of the insurgents.

The police enter houses after midnight and arrest the women without giving them time even to dress. The town is terrorised again, as in the days when Col. Fondeviela was its mayor.

MURDERED AND BURNED.

Edward Reynolds and His Family Perished in the Ruins of Their Home.

Pascoag, R. I., April 14.—The community about this place was greatly startled early this morning when news was received of what is believed to be a tragedy at Oakland, a small farming village a few miles from here, where, at about 3 o'clock this morning, the farm buildings occupied by Edward Reynolds and family were burned, and in the ruins of which at least two bodies are thought to be buried. Evidences which lead to the supposition that the fire was the result of arson after murder had been committed were also discovered, and Mrs. Reynolds' body, mutilated and blood-stained, was taken from her bed by those who discovered the fire and were the first to enter the house. They found copious blood stains, and what is believed to be traces of kerosene about the bedroom. They were prevented from making a thorough search of the premises by the heat and smoke. A 20-year-old daughter of Reynolds, Reynolds himself and Martin Morey, who boarded with the family, are missing. The buildings were totally destroyed, entailing a loss of about $3000. At an early hour this morning the ruins had not cooled sufficiently to permit a search among them for the missing persons, but this will be begun as soon as possible.

Later.—Martin Mowry, the boarder who was missing from the scene of the Reynolds tragedy, was found hiding in a barn near Harrisville this forenoon, and was at once placed under arrest on suspicion of having been involved in the affair.

It was several hours before those who were at the scene could continue their search. At daylight a body was seen lying near the centre of the ruins, and as soon as possible it was removed. It was that of Sylvina Reynolds, the 20-year-old daughter of the family. A short time later Reynolds' body was also recovered.

APPROACHING A CRISIS.

British Marine and Shipbuilding Engineers Cannot Get Things Settled.

London, April 14.—The dispute between the British marine and shipbuilding engineers and their employers is rapidly approaching a crisis. A conference was held at the Westminster Palace Hotel to-day at which an attempt was made to reconcile the disputes relating to working machines, payment for trial trips and the appointment of a local committee for the settlement of disputes.

The employers rejected the proposals of the engineers in regard to working machines, and a great strike, which will affect the Glasgow, Belfast, Manchester and Newcastle districts, now seems inevitable.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices steady. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market was quiet to-day, but the tone is better. Red winter sold west at 71½c, and white is held at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 78c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 76c to 77c Midland. No. 1 Manitoba hard is 71c, Fort William, May shipment.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley sold at 20c west.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 19c and at 21c on Midland.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 39c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with sales at 32c, middle freights.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 14.—Spring wheat, 6s 2d to 6s 3d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 11d to 6s 1d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage nominally unchanged. English country markets 6d higher. Maize on passage steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 9¼d for May and July, and 5s 8¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¾d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 2s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 21f 00c for May; flour 43f 65c for May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage steady. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat dull at 21f 50c for May; flour 43f 00c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures dull at 5s 9¼d for May and July and 5s 8¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¾d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 20s 9d.

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

THE CITY . . . Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS. City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EASTER RATES

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third

Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.

GENERAL PUBLIC

Single First Class Fare

Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive Return until April 20th, '97

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 14th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 68c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 63	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats	0 20	to	0 21
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 28	to	30
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 75
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 75
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 18	to	0 20
Butter, crock	0 14	to	0 15
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

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FAT MAN—I Drink 'Calcutt's Porter 129

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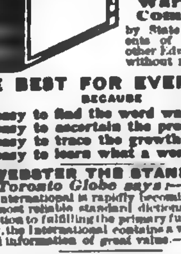

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1897

MR. WHITNEY TALKS OF THE SESSION

AN INTERESTING INTERVIEW WITH THE OPPOSITION LEADER.

The Wobbling of the Government—The Government's Action in the Big Mining Deal Discussed—Mr. Mathieson's Criticism of the Finances Went Unanswered.

On Tuesday, before Mr. Whitney, the leader of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, left Toronto for home after the House had prorogued, a Mail and Empire reporter had a chat with him regarding the session. In answer to a question of the Mail and Empire the leader said:—

"Great regret has been felt by all the members of the Legislature at the absence of the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. Mr. Kirkpatrick, and warm sympathy has been expressed by all at the circumstances which kept him away. His place has been admirably filled by the venerable Sir Casimir Gzowski, the administrator."

"What is your opinion of the legislative and other results of the session?"

"The Opposition have good reason to be satisfied, both with the results and with the expression of popular feeling. It is quite evident that Sir Oliver Mowat's absence is a serious loss to his party. Mr. Hardy's demeanour in his new position, which has necessarily brought him more than the usual amount of anxiety, has been all that could be desired. The new Speaker, Mr. Evanturel, is a distinct success. He is not only perfectly familiar with public questions, but also with the practice and procedure of the House, and his courtesy to all was equalled by his attention to the duties of the office. The Speaker and Madame Evanturel have discharged the social duties of the occasion with marked acceptance.

"As to political issues, it was remarkable that no real earnest attempt was made on the financial question to do away with the force of Col. Matheson's criticism of the situation. Col. Matheson showed that deficits had occurred for several years, and the deficit for this year will be about $600,000. On the education policy the Opposition speeches have reflected the strong feeling existing in the rural portions of the province over the endless examinations and the large sums of money which candidates for examination have to pay. Mr. Ross' defence entirely failed as a successful criticism of the facts as stated."

"What about the University of Toronto?"

"The policy of the Government is to hold on to the control of the institution, in the face of the well known desire of the large majority of those connected with and interested in it for separation. It is now well known what the desire of the University people is, and that they have informed the Government of their wishes, and it is now merely a question of how long Mr. Ross will be able to resist."

"Then the temperance question?"

"It is quite clear that had the Government desired to meet the wishes of the temperance people they were in a position to do so, instead of pursuing a policy of wobble. And, for obvious reasons, they should have adopted a distinct line of policy, and carried it out. Instead, they seemed to be afraid to take a straightforward stand on the question. They introduced a skeleton bill, and afterwards added provisions that satisfied nobody. Far more difficult questions have been settled by Governments without keeping the people in turmoil year after year."

"There has been a settlement of the question of passes for members?"

"Well, the matter is now in this shape:—Hitherto the members got passes which were good until the month of June. The Patron members, or, rather, the majority of them, would not accept theirs, and Mr. Haycock introduced his bill last year to abolish passes but on the Government announcing that arrangements were being made with the railways, the bill was allowed to drop. A few days ago the two railway companies sent the members passes good for the whole year, and declined to accept, in return, the mileage voted by the Legislature. The Patrons have taken the passes; some of them have also taken their mileage; others have taken part of it."

"Will the Government's mining policy prove successful?"

"It is difficult to understand the reasons which prompted the Ministers in dealing with the Eagledue-Kerr syndicate and their mining policy generally. As to the former, the correspondence brought down shows clearly that Mr. Hardy took the right view of the public interest at the outset. But, instead of carrying out this view, an opposite course was pursued, and the syndicate were given the right to explore, and, if they choose, buy up all the valuable mining properties in the one hundred square miles of territory granted them. Incidentally, the Government's treatment of Mr. Caldwell, as shown by the documents in the Crown Lands offices, was most unfair. Then, by the provisions of the mining bill, the conditions under which prospectors could take up claims were very onerous. Under pressure of my motion against the third reading the time allowed for payment was considerably enlarged, thus relieving the prospector or applicant from much of the burden put upon him by the terms of the bill. That provision in the measure giving the Government power to withdraw from sale large areas of mining land 'shown or reputed to be rich in minerals,' was very objectionable, giving opportunity, as it does, for combinations and syndicates to bring influence to bear which would practically annihilate the chances of prospectors. The fact that the three members representing the mining constituencies, and all of whom are supporters of the Government, voted for my amendment striking out this provision, is very suggestive, and must be taken to express the views of those most interested in the mining industry."

"The true policy for the Government is to limit the area sold to one person, firm, or company, and insist on certain work of development being done, but, above all, see that the poor man or the prospector be put in a position to reap the full benefit of his work, which is impossible when large areas are withdrawn from sale or lease. It is the development and peopling of the new districts that enrich the country rather than a few sales, especially when the latter are likely to bring in monopolies. It is difficult to believe that the Government desire to injure the prospector or miner, yet their legislation has distinctly that appearance."

Mr. Whitney, in conclusion, said that he was more than satisfied with the showing made by the Opposition during the session.

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CASTORIA.

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THE VILLAGE SCHOOLS

Report of the Regular Meeting of the Ashburnham School Board

A regular monthly meeting of the Ashburnham School Board was held on Tuesday evening. The trustees, Messrs Adams, Agnew, Manice, Pollock, Sheridan and Rev Mr Symonds were all present. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

The headmaster's report for the month of March was read and received.

The attendance for March was as follows:

	On Roll	Ave	Per Ct.
Miss Dawson's room	45	35	78
.. Erskine's ..	45	35	77
.. Fitzgerald's room	34	28	83
.. Stevenson's ..	42	37	87
Mr Matchett's ..	48	44	91
Totals	214	179	83

The headmaster in his report referred to several cases of truancy and as the Board was in doubt as to whether the Council had appointed a truant officer or not it was moved by Mr Symonds, seconded by Mr Agnew, that the Municipal Council of the village be requested to appoint the village constable a truant officer and that the secretary forward the clerk of the village a copy of this resolution.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sheridan, seconded by Mr. Pollock, that the secretary be instructed to procure the necessary supplies asked for by the headmaster, and the Property committee during the Easter holidays have the windows frosted where needed, 10 shade trees planted, 2 drinking cups attached to the pump with suitable chains and the grounds, rooms and outbuildings thoroughly cleaned, etc.—Carried.

The following accounts were presented:

E Courtney, picture frames	$ 3 50
Peterborough Hardware Co., supplies etc	1 87
A H Stratton & Co., supplies, etc	14 27
C W Francisco, repairing blackboards	18 00
I Elliott, wood	39 23
F P Armstrong, wood	18 75
J Moloney, wood	19 25
Mrs Boyler, ink	1 00
	$115 87

Moved by Mr Sheridan, seconded by Mr. Manice, that the accounts as read be paid.—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

Passing of Mrs. Beecher

A lovely life ended on March 8, 1897, when Mrs. Beecher died on the 10th anniversary of her famous husband's death. Mrs. Beecher was born in 1812, in West Sutton, Mass. She was the daughter of Dr. Bullard. She met Mr. Beecher first in 1830, when the latter was a student of Amherst College. They were married in 1837, and began housekeeping at Lawrenceville, Ind., moving afterward to Indianapolis. It was at their home in the latter city, it is said, that Harriet Beecher Stowe, the preacher's sister, got the inspiration which resulted in the production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." In August of 1895 Mrs. Beecher went to Port Townsend, Wash., unattended, to celebrate her eighty-third birthday, and visit her youngest son, Herbert Beecher. She stood the journey well, and returned in good health and spirits after remaining on the Pacific coast for several weeks.

After her husband's death, Mrs. Beecher resided in a comfortable brick house at Hicks and Orange streets, Brooklyn. The widow of the noted pastor met with some severe financial disasters in 1894, and found herself unable to pay the $800 a year demanded. It was a great trial to her to leave this house, for its rooms were filled with reminiscences of the prominent life of her husband. Her table was situated in a sunny bay window, and so placed that, when at work, she could get a good view of Plymouth Church, near by.

The walls were covered with photographs of the Beecher family for generations back, and the kindly features of her husband looked down upon her from dozens of pictures taken at every period of his life. Everything about the rooms indicated the cheery nature of the venerable occupant. The children of the neighborhood were deeply devoted to her. The little ones played about the house and grounds with a freedom which is born only of love. But she cheerfully moved into a small flat in a Plymouth apartment house, on Orange street, near the church where so many years her late husband conducted services. And here she busied herself throughout the day in reading, writing and sewing. Her articles in The Ladies' Home Journal, entitled "Mr. Beecher as I Knew Him," were widely read in this country and England, as were her sketches in other periodicals.

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THE BLOCK SYSTEM

Will Prevent the Re-occurrence of Accidents Similar to that at the Lock's Bridge Over a Year Ago.

The new management of the Grand Trunk evidently are attentive to small details as well as to those affecting the revenue. Station agents all along the line have received instructions to leave nothing undone to improve the appearance of the surroundings, and Supt. Tiffin, of Allandale, has notified agents to put an end to the distribution of advertising matter on the company's property here. Hereafter merchants employing boys for this purpose should instruct them to the above effect, as the rule will be strictly enforced.

Such an accident as happened a year or two ago at the locks bridge cannot happen again as the block system of signalling has been adopted at that bridge as well as at all other swings on the line. Under this system it is impossible to open the bridge until the semaphores are set against a train, and it is also impossible to drop the semaphores while the bridge is open. Therefore it is impossible for an accident to happen unless the driver of an engine wantonly "runs under" a semaphore set against his train.

Henry Ward Beecher once informed a man who came to him complaining of gloomy and despondent feelings, that what he most needed was a good cathartic, meaning, of course, such a medicine as Ayer's Cathartic Pills, every dose being effective.

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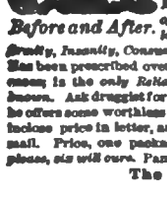

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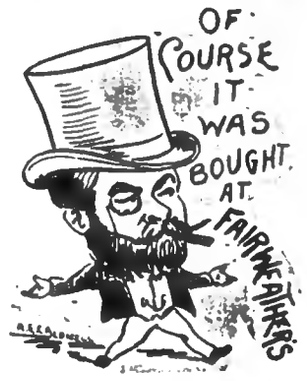

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VOL. XXXV, No. 90. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

SOME BIG FIGHTING

Between Greek Irregulars and Turkish Forces.

The National League of Greece Ordered to Retreat Into Greek Territory Unless the Regular Army Supports the Irregulars—The Latest News From Elassona, Headquarters of the Turkish Army in Macedonia—Have the Greeks Broken Faith?

Larissa (headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly), April 16.—Severe fighting has occurred in Macedonia between the Greek irregulars and the Turkish forces. The column of irregulars sent to the right from Pigavitza, after having invested and captured Sitevon, continued its advance towards Kritudes. Plisia and Kourdusi, with orders to hold Kourdusi at all costs, as it commands the right approach to Grevena, the objective point. This column, commanded by chiefs Zermos and Luzzo, attacked Kritudes on Tuesday. The place was defended by two companies of Turks. After a severe fight, during which 80 Turks were killed and 25 were taken prisoners, the position was captured by the Greeks, who also obtained possession of 150 rifles and a quantity of cartridges.

The insurgents, however, have suffered a severe check in another direction. A strong force of Turkish troops, from Mecovon, with a number of mountain guns, advanced on Krania, which had previously been captured by the Greeks, and attacked the 400 irregulars of Greece, who occupied an entrenched position. It is reported that the fighting was ferocious on both sides. The insurgents, eventually, were compelled to retreat north to the mountains. Some of them, however, succeeded in breaking through the Turkish lines and escaped to Baltino, the town just across the frontier, in Macedonia, first captured by the Greek irregulars, and used by them as a depot for provisions and ammunition.

The accounts given by the refugees of the Turkish losses are believed to be exaggerated. They say that 265 Turks were killed, while the irregulars only had eight men killed and 17 wounded. The leader of the Greeks operating in that direction, Chief Milionas, was among the wounded and returned later into Greek territory with a number of the refugees. One of the latter says that a portion of the Turkish force was composed of irregulars, whose dress resembles that of the Greek insurgents. This, it appears, enabled the Turkish force to execute a flank movement unheeded by the leaders of the Greeks. The refugee referred to blames the Greek leaders for badly handling their men.

All the refugees bore traces of having experienced great fatigue and it is reported that the Ethnike Hetairia, or National League, has ordered the Greek irregulars to retreat into Greek territory, regarding further bloodshed as useless, unless the regular army of Greece supports the irregulars.

The Crown Princess has arrived here to take part in the work of the ambulance corps.

It is thought probable that Prince Constantine, the Crown Prince, and commander in chief of the Greek forces, will shortly move his headquarters to a more central position near Zarkos.

There is a feeling of great satisfaction here at the declarations made by Premier Delyannis in the Greek Chamber of Deputies.

Three hundred Hungarian horses, intended for cavalry remounts, were landed at Volo yesterday and are being forwarded to Trikhala.

FROM TURKISH HEADQUARTERS.

The Belief is That the Greek Irregulars are in League With the Government.

Elassona, (headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia), Thursday evening, April 15 (delayed in transmission.)—The representative of the Associated Press at the Turkish headquarters has just seen a prisoner who was captured by the Turks during the fighting which has taken place with the Greek irregulars. The man was dirty, wore tattered clothes, and had on his head a helmet upon which was the badge of the Ethnike Hetairia, the national league of Greece. He declared he belonged to a band of irregulars which left Trikhala after receiving an ovation from the inhabitants of that place, under the command of a captain and two lieutenants, of the Greek regular army, and was accompanied by a medical officer, who was wounded. This expedition, the prisoner added, was organized by officers of the Greek regular army, and was openly ordered to invade Turkey, not to harm the villagers, and to fight the Turkish troops only.

After these statements it is difficult to deny that the Greek irregulars were organized with the knowledge of the Greek authorities. This confirms the enquiries made on this subject by Seyfoulah Bey, an officer on the staff of Edham Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, formerly an attache of the Turkish Legation at Athens, and consequently familiar with the personal appearance of many Greek officers, some of whom he recognized among the insurgents.

The whole matter appears to form the basis for a grave accusation against Greek good faith.

The representative of the Associated Press has visited the greater part of the frontier line in this district, and after inspecting all the passes is convinced the Turks hold such strong positions that the Greeks will never be able to enter Turkish territory in force. In fact, the correspondent cannot even imagine the Greeks will make an attempt to do so, while, on the other hand, the Turkish commander-in-chief could send a mass of troops into Greece by several routes and easily capture Larissa.

The Turkish War Party.

that there is any effective Turkish war party. He says that the Sultan, the Seraskierret (Ministry of War) and some of the other ministers are strongly opposed to active hostilities with Greece.

Mr. Gladstone's Letter.

London, April 16.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to the Macedonian leader, Captain Dampres, in which he says: "Under the present deplorable scheme all the British Government has the right to do, seemingly, is to plead its opinions before a tribunal of two youthful despots, the Emperors of Germany and Russia, and to abide by their help to execute their final determination.

"Our disgraceful office seems to be to place ships, guns, soldiers and sailors at their disposal for the purpose of keeping down the movement for the liberty of Crete and of securing to these young despots, who have in no wise earned the confidence of Europe, the power of deciding questions which rightfully belong to the Cretans."

War in Three Days.

London, April 16.—The Larissa correspondent of The Times will say tomorrow: Everyone here continues to declare that an outbreak of war is inevitable within the next two or three days, especially as it is now known that in high quarters at Athens a peaceful solution of the difficulty is regarded as almost hopeless. The authorities here are seriously counting the cost of embarking in such a struggle, but other influences are urging them on. Meanwhile it is perfectly certain that the irregulars, unless restrained, will again invade Macedonia in order to compel the Porte to declare war.

Dangers of the Situation.

The Athens correspondent of The Times says: There is little doubt that the Athenians are fully awake to the great dangers of the situation. There is a pessimistic feeling in the air. If Greece now goes to war, it will not be with a light heart. The desire for war is not abated; on the contrary, immediate hostilities are wished for, but it is now realized that the impending conflict will entail enormous sacrifices and possibly a crushing disaster. The Greek nation may be compared to a man who feels bound to fight a duel in order to save his reputation.

A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Kutsufliani says that the Turks have re-occupied Baltino and other stations. Their sentinels fire on everyone trying to cross the frontier.

The Rome correspondent of The Standard says it is stated there that Admiral Canevaro, commanding the international fleets in Cretan waters, has received notice from the American Government that the United States does not recognize the existence of a blockade of Crete.

Another Engagement.

Athens, April 16.—A despatch from Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly, received at 11.30 p.m., says that an engagement has taken place near Nomoros, on the frontier, in which artillery participated. The despatch gives no details of the fighting.

THE TROUBLE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Grievances of the Uitlanders in the South African Republic Discussed in the Cape Colony H. of A.

Cape Town, April 16.—In the House of Assembly to-day a motion was introduced, dilating upon the disastrous and lasting effects which hostilities among the Europeans in Africa would produce, and inviting the House to adopt a policy of moderation and conciliation in the settlement of differences in the interpretation of treaties and conventions. Mr. J. Rose Innes Under Secretary for Native Affairs, moved an amendment to the effect that the ends desired would be best attained by a strict observance of the convention and the redress of the genuine grievances of the Uitlanders. During the course of his remarks in support of this amendment, Mr. Rose Innes said the situation was too acute to be remedied by pious aspirations, and adding that he did not believe President Kruger, who himself urged a maintenance of the convention, would resent Cape Colony expressing its opinion. In conclusion, Mr. Rose Innes remarked that Great Britain could not interfere in the Transvaal unless she had some locus standi and could justify her conduct before all the world.

WHAT IS BRITAIN'S AIM?

Seven Warships Turn Up Unexpectedly at Durban, Natal—All are Under Sealed Orders.

Durban, Natal, April 16.—The British cruiser Racoon, which left Cape Town on Feb. 12, under sealed orders, arrived here unexpectedly during the night with six other British warships. Two more war vessels of the British fleet are expected here to-night. The object of this naval demonstration is not known here.

HAMMOND IN LONDON.

The Ex-Transvaal Prisoner Arrives There and Expresses His Views.

London, April 16.—Mr. John Hays Hammond, the American engineer and former member of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, arrived here from South Africa to-day. He says that affairs at Johannesburg are very unsettled, which precluded discussing Transvaal politics. But Mr. Hammond did not think an outbreak of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal was likely to occur in the immediate future.

Bullet Proof Cloth.

Chicago, April 16.—Casimir Zeigler, a brother of the Order of Resurrectionists, at a cloister connected with the St. Stanislaus Polish Church in Noble-street, has invented a cloth of silk and wool treated chemically which is declared to be bullet proof. In a test made yesterday the piece of cloth which he had woven stopped steel bullets fired into it by a regulation U. S. rifle at a distance of 150 yards. The cloth is half an inch thick. A breastplate made of it would [illegible] four

TO MEET AT CHATHAM

Brantford and London Were Beaten by 4000.

Wells of Waterloo Gets the Vice-Presidency—H. Wilson Makes an Eloquent and Successful Plea for Chatham—Bruce Walker of Brantford Tells Anecdotes—Dr. Davis of London Talks of Typewriters—Peterboro and Winnipeg Want the Races in '98.

Toronto, April 17.

The C.W.A. meet controversy is over for the year, and Chatham gets the plum in the easiest sort of fashion. The Maple City surprised themselves and rolled up a plurality of nearly 4000 votes. Brantford's orator created a laugh when he declared that London was not seriously in it, and later on the ballots proved that Brantford was hardly in the running..

The contest was conducted in a most fair manner, and the true sporting spirit of the wheelmen was displayed when Brantford and London made the vote unanimous. The winners are truly grateful for the prize, as the following note from Meet Secretary J. F. Cairns to the Sporting Editor shows:

"Permit me through your columns to thank publicly on behalf of the Chatham Cycle Club all our friends who stood by us so nobly in the recent contest. Coming as comparative strangers, we made many most pleasing acquaintances among the members of the C.W.A., and formed many friendships, which we will be sure in time to come to renew with the greatest pleasure. As regards the outcome of the contest, I may say that, while we never figured ourselves out of the running, we scarcely had the assurance to look for such an overwhelming victory. We were agreeably surprised as to the size of the majority, and can only thank most heartily the kind friends who helped us, and assure them that, on the occasion of their visit next July, we will do our level best to prove ourselves worthy of the confidence thus placed in us."

GEORGE H. ORR, THE NEW HEAD.

T. A. Beamont of Ottawa was chosen chairman of the Racing Board. A. E. Walton ran a good second, and was afterwards elected as a member of that committee.

The vice-presidency resulted in favor of Mr. Wells of Waterloo, who justly earned the position.

Provincial race championships were instituted, but they would have none of the gold brick scheme.

The meeting of delegates was called for 9 a.m., in the Toronto Athletic Club gymnasium, but it was after 10 before the Credential Committee made their report. Then President Robertson called the meeting to order.

Mr. Donley explained that owing to some club oversight the Wanderers' vote was tabled as 53 members, when their correct representation should be 97, and it was accordingly placed at that figure.

The Executive Committee's report was amended on motion of Messrs. A. P. Webster and G H Orr to the effect that hereafter the C.W.A. take 10 per cent. of the gross receipts as its share of the annual race meet.

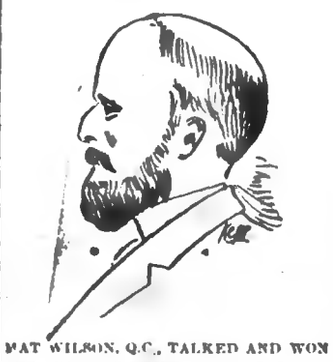
Mr. Ryckman supplemented his splendid rights and privileges report with an eloquent plea for the active support of cyclists everywhere for the furtherance of their rights.

President Robertson referred to his own report as a gem, and it was well taken. The Hamilton man made a model chairman, and kept good order throughout.

On being declared president for the next year, George H. Orr returned modest thanks. He did not want to say much now, but hoped they would hear from him during the current twelve months. He promised to serve the wheelmen to the best of his ability.

The different C.W.A. district consuls and representatives were declared selected, as follows:

Huron District: Chief Consul, H G Rothwell, Walkerville; B P Corr, Petrolea; A E Horn, Chatham; H C McBride, London; J D Lamont, Chatham; G S Heward, Chatham; D Mackenzie, Sarnia; R H McConnell, St. Thomas; W M McVicar, Goderich; G H Hinch, Aylmer; F Rosser, Alisa Craig; W J Perkins, Ridgetown; R W Evans, London Meteors; C W Ellis, Forest City; W Climie Listowel.



MAT WILSON, Q.C., TALKED AND WON

Niagara District: Chief Consul, J J Timmon, St. Catharines; Representatives, J W Board, Hamilton Ramblers; W S McBrayne, Hamilton Corinthians; G R Lloyd, Hamilton; C S Allen, Simcoe; H Johns, Hamilton; R D Ripley, Hamilton Crescents; J H Ross, Waterloo; C W Wells, Waterloo; H S Stephens, Niagara Falls; J G Lea, Woodstock; Paul Fouquegnot, Berlin; R Broomsle'd,

LeBRUN'S
New Spring
Suits and Overcoats
All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.
READY TO TAKE MEASURES
For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.
SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS
See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:
Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.
Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.
Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.
READY TO WEAR.
This department is in full swing.
Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.
Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.
H. LeBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

CAPITAL STOCK $60.000
SUBSCRIBED $48.000
PAID STOCK $12.900
ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES.
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

Awnings, Tents Flags.
Waterproof Goods of all kinds.
SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.
We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest
J. J. TURNER & SONS
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 140 or 215 Day or night.
Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.
Second Hand Wheels for sale.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.
Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

RE-OPENING ..... TUESDAY, APRIL 20
A good time to commence a course in either Book-keeping or Shorthand will be after the Easter vacation.
We have ample accommodation, perfect system, thorough tuition.
PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE ..... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Wanted.

WANTED.
BY EXPERIENCED PERSON, POSITION as HOUSE KEEPER. Competent in all domestic duties. Good Cook. P.O. box 85, Peterborough, Ont. 1d99

TO LET.
TWO FRAME DWELLING HOUSES—10 and 6 rooms. Also 18 acres of land, rented separately if desired. These properties belong to Mr J M Irwin and are on Lock-st. Ashburnham, at the entrance to lock bridge—Suitable for butcher or market gardener. Possession immediately. Apply to KERR, GLADMAN & KERR, solicitors, 134½ Hunter-st. 6d93

ACCOUNTANT.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d661f

Wanted, Help.
RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.
TWO STOREY BRICK HOUSE, NO. 694 Water St., Peterborough. Apply on the premises. 6d86

WOOD FOR SALE.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity, Long or Short.
HARDWOOD, Long or Short, from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.
TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.
Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone. ERNEST MANN,
Telephone 393. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL, DENTIST.
Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.
Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.
Telepsone 339, - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

TIRE TOOLS are a miserable burden, and even if you have them all with you, you're working in the dark if you can't detach your tire.
DUNLOP TIRES
are detachable and need no tools but your hands.

Send for our Catalogue—it will interest you to understand just why Dunlop's are the popular favorites.
AMERICAN DUNLOP TIRE CO., Toronto.

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
Surgery in Bank of Commerce Block, opposite Post Office. Residence, Huffman House d41

Probabilities.

Northerly to westerly winds, partly cloudy and cool to-day; fine with higher temperatures to-morrow.

R. F.

THE STARTING AND ENDING
Of Our Business is Selling
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS
We simply surprise those unacquainted with our business with the size, variety and high character of our stock.
The following prices are very special for Easter and the balance of April.
The choicest productions of the best makers are only shown in our Dress Goods Department.
ON SATURDAY MORNING
We place on sale the following lines, specially for Easter Saturday.
1 lot Ladies Capes $1.00 and $1.25, former price $2.50 to $3.50.
1 lot Ladies Golf Capes $3.75, formerly sold at $7.75.
1 lot Ladies Spring Jackets $3.00, formerly sold at $6.00 to $7.00
6 pairs Chenile Portieres at $3.50, former price $6.50.
17 pieces Embroidered Sash Curtain, net at 25c., formerly as high as 85c. the yard.
1 lot Imported Chambreys in the Fancy Stripes at 10, 12½, and 15c., formerly sold at 20c. to 30c.
20 pieces Wide Flannelettes at 5c.
25 pieces English and American Prints at 8c., formerly sold at 10 and 12½c.
10 pairs Frilled Muslin Curtains at $1.50 formerly $2.50.
8 pairs Embroidered and Frilled Curtains at $1.75, formerly sold at $3.25.
Handsome Swiss Net Curtains $3.25 and $5.00, formerly sold at $5.50 to $7.50.
Ladies Corset Covers 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.
Night Dresses, 50, 75, 85c, and $1.00.
CARPETS .....
We never showed as large a stock in Carpets as we are offering this spring. We are in magnificient shape for selling Spring Carpets and Oilcloths.
MILLINERY .....
We are introducing the Newest Novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and the Latest Ideas in Millinery Trimmings.
We received this week new additions in Kid Gloves and Veilings. We exhibit Taste, Judgement and Experience in every branch of our store.
Umbrellas re-covered while you wait.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONEY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Warerooms . . . . 427 George Street.
Residence . . . 16 Benson Street.
S. CLEGG, Residence 296 Stewart Street. Telephone.

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $3 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Grey Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool togs to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 8 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Grey Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

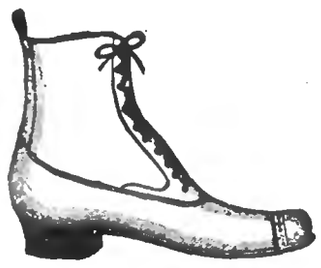
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.75, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Viel Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Viel Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery. Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House
Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Asst.-Sec.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 221 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every day.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strengthening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897

By the way, speaking of that bicycle meet, Peterborough can sympathize with Brantford and London. Peterborough has been there but while defeated was not fatally wounded.

THE new tariff is to be brought down on April 22nd. On that day, if we are not much mistaken, Sir Richard Cartwright and one or two other leading Liberals will be compelled to perform the unusual feat of swallowing themselves.

"DON" in Toronto Saturday Night writes: "The Liberal Premier, French-Canadian and "Roman Catholic as he is, has done more in a "year and a half to emancipate this country "from clerical domination and papal influ-"ence than the Conservative party did in a "generation and a half." "Don," who, it has been given out, has received a commissionership to South America from the Laurier Government, is evidently doing his best to earn his reward.

THERE is no Act in regard to which there is as much uncertainty as the License Act as amended. Now it is said that Act provides that the cancellations of licenses will not take place until May 1st, 1898. If Mr. Hardy does not have his elections on before that date and, by having the axe hanging over all the hotel men during the campaign, there by make active election workers of them, we have missed a guess that would be considered a sure thing in the light of past experience. The license men will be held, and the question now is whether the temperance people will be blinded again.

THE Liberals would have every one believe that the old Franchise Act was one of the greatest samples of iniquity in existence in this country, and that the new Act proposed by the Government is the embodiment of all that is fair, generous and just. But the discussion of the measure in Parliament has already let considerable light in on the true character of the Act. The Hamilton Herald is an independent newspaper with strong Grit leanings, yet is found to say:—

Mr. Wood, of Brockville, made a good point against the new Franchise Act when he drew attention to the fact that by adopting the provincial system, a voter in Ontario could have only one vote while a voter in Quebec might have six or seven. No Dominion Franchise law can be just which is not uniform.

The old Franchise Act had its defects and faults, but no one should accept the view that this Act which is proposed to take its place is all that the Liberals say it is. What fair-minded Canadians want is an Act that will allow the representation of each province to be chosen on the same basis. The old Act did this. The new one will not, and it is, therefore, not the measure that a non-partisan will endorse.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath, caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh, and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give, one blow through the blower and you get relief immediately. Price, including blower 25 cents.

A TRIPLE MURDER.

Tragedy at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., Creates a Sensation—Two Women Dead in a Carriage.

Sackett's Harbor, N.Y., April 16.—A horrible crime was committed in the vicinity of Madison Barracks, where the 9th U.S. Infantry is stationed, some time last night. During the afternoon or evening, George Allen, a steward at the barracks, hired a horse and carriage and took two women out driving. One of his companions was a young lady, Miss Bailey, and the other a divorced woman, Mrs. Crouch. At 2.30 this morning, the horse came back to the livery stable, drawing the carriage, which first the liveryman believed was empty, but on going up to the rig he found the corpses of the two women in the bottom of it. He at once notified the authorities. About this time Allen came staggering into the barracks in a weakened condition and he, too, is expected to die. He has made an ante-mortem statement to the effect that Crouch, husband of the divorced woman, assaulted the whole party, murdered the two women and threw him (Allen) into a creek. Crouch is under arrest. Crouch formerly lived in Canada.

Allen Says Crouch Did It.

Watertown, N. Y., April 16.—As the day wore on suspicion pointed more and more toward Wilbur Crouch, as the murderer. Allen, the man who was with the two women, came back to the mess hall about 4.40, when he fainted, but not before saying: "Get the women out of the creek." He was wet from head to foot and showed signs of having been in the water. For some time it was impossible to get any statement from him, so low was his condition. Stimulants were given and, as soon as he was aroused, the following statement was given, but only in answer to questions, he saying that it hurt his throat to talk: "Crouch did it. It was done by the creek. Crouch grasped the reins of the right horse and I leaped out of the rig. I was struck by a lash and then shot. I tried to get out my revolver, but before I could do so was shot again. In getting out my revolver I accidentally shot myself in the throat. The women were shot and fell on top of me."

Allen was asked how many times he shot and would hold up his hand with fingers outstretched, meaning that five bullets had pierced his body. After the shooting occurred Allen says he was driven a long distance by Crouch, and afterwards fell out of the buggy. He has now partly recovered, but grave fears are entertained for his recovery. Allen has been keeping company with Miss Daly, and it is said they were to be married tomorrow.

A coroner's jury was empanelled and rendered a verdict to the effect that the two women came to their death by bullet wounds believed to have been administered by Wilbur Crouch. Crouch has been arrested, and is in the county jail in Watertown.

YOU ARE A VICTIM!

Medical Statistics Prove that Eighty Out of Every Hundred are Tainted with Catarrh.

Are you one of the eighty? Foul breath, pains over the eyes, dropping in the throat and headaches denote it. Have you these symptoms? Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder never disappoints in a cure.

"For years I was a victim of chronic catarrh. I had tried all kinds of cures, and had been treated by numbers of physicians, but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave me almost instant relief, and in an incredibly short time I was absolutely cured from this distressing and disgusting malady.' James Headley, Dundee, N.Y. Sold by H. S. Macdonald.

Canadian Lacrosse Association.

Toronto, April 17.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Lacrosse Association, called to be held in the Rossin House yesterday afternoon, was so largely attended that they had to adjourn to the Confederation Life Building.

The meeting proved to be the largest in the history of the C.L.A., there being 38 clubs represented. President H. O'Loughlin was in the chair, and after welcoming the delegates, old and new, the various reports were read and adopted. There was a hot discussion between Messrs. Lennox, Rose, Nesbitt and Secretary Vance over the adoption of the auditors' report, which showed a balance on hand of $104 in the Merchants' Bank. This report was finally adopted.

The following officers were elected after a hot fight: Hon. president, H O'Loughlin; president, J J Craig, Fergus (Jackson retired in favor of Lennox); vice-president, J D Bailey, Toronto; second vice president, J Glanville, Mount Forest; sec.-treas., W J Vance (re-elected); council, R Jackson, J Macdonald, F Nelson, Howard, Clemes, W J Stark, F J Moore, B McMillan, D J Slater, J A Ross, W H Hall.

After the election of officers, the several amendments were adopted.

There are five clubs entering the senior League—Tecumseh, Seaforth, Fergus, Toronto, St. Catharines. Any other clubs wishing to enter can do so within one week. It was moved by D. A. Rose and carried that the association donate a banner to the Toronto Junior Lacrosse League and to any other suitable districts.

Mr. Jackson asked for the next meeting for Seaforth, but it was decided to hold it in Toronto, as the most central place.

An Inventor's Genius.

Schneider—What for you feed dose hogs salt at?

Schwinger—I vant to make some salt pork mit.

NORWOOD NEWS.

Personal Paragraphs—A Meeting of the Board of Education.

Correspondence of the Review.

PERSONAL—Mr John Robertson, of Tweed, spent Sunday in town with his mother, Mrs. John Calder....Deputy Sheriff Hall, of Peterborough, was in town on Tuesday....Mr T McPherson, of Warkworth, has moved to town, and is going to build cutters for Jno Finlay & Son....Mr F D Roxburgh, who has completed his course at Knox College, Toronto, came home on Monday evening. He expects to be around for a few days....Mr W H Brethern has put up a new driving house ....Mrs Anderson, of Keene, has been spending a few days with her parents, Mr and Mrs A Davidson....Mr W E Roxburgh was at Toronto on Wednesday and Thursday attending a meeting of the missionary committee.

FIRE.—On Monday evening Mr. Rolland Scriver's house was burned to the ground. About 4 o'clock the children who were playing in the yard noticed smoke coming from one of the upstair windows. They at once told their father who rushed in and found two of the rooms all ablaze. An alarm was at once given and soon a crowd gathered, but with our disgraceful want of fire protection the building had to go. The furniture was all saved but that in the rooms where the fire was discovered. Mr. Scriver had in all $400 insurance, $100 on furniture and $300. Our Council should soon be aroused to see the necessity of an efficient fire protection.

BOARD OF EDUCATION—The Board of Education met in the High school room on April 12th, 1897. Members present were Mr W E Roxburgh, chairman, and Messrs. Dr Ford, Rork, Brackenridge, Fraser, Stevenson, Webster, Anderson, McNaughton, Reynolds, Squire, Robson and W H Stephenson, secretary. The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion confirmed. Messrs McGregor, Clancy, O'Reilky and Rev. P Conway, who were appointed by the Agricultural Society to make arrangements about a new race course, appeared before the Board and asked that a portion of the park be fenced off for a play ground for the scholars so that the rest might be left free. They stated that when horses were in training there was always danger of the children being run over. They proposed that a strip 60 feet wide be taken off the north side. The Board stated that 2 acres belonged to the school and asked who would pay the expenses of building a fence and moving the outhouses. The committee said that they would pay half the cost of the fence but the rest of the expenses should be borne by the Board. Moved by John Brackenridge, seconded by Thos Robson, that the Property committee confer with the Council and committee appointed by the Agricultural Society in regard to the matter and report at the next regular meeting of the Board.—Carried. The chairman reported that since the last meeting of the Board Miss Campbell, Science teacher, had resigned. The Executive committee had accepted her resignation, advertised for another teacher and had accepted the application of Mr Kerfoot, of Smithville, at a salary of $600. Moved by John Brackenridge, seconded by Jno McNaughton, that the action of the Board be approved of.—Carried. The following accounts were presented:—R Stewart, G N W Tel. Co., 86c; Dr Moffatt, C P R Tel. Co., $1.21. The chairman reported that the damage done the High School recently by fire had been estimated at $17 and that he had asked the insurance Co. for that amount. Mr D Gilmurray appeared before the Board and asked that his fee be $2 instead of $5, as he was a resident of the village. After a little discussion his request was granted.

Dr Ford then brought in his resolution of which notice was given at last meeting. He asked permission to amend the resolution by adding the words "if possible" after the clause specifying the qualifications of the teacher and by dropping the word "initial" after the clause relating to salaries, which was granted. As the hour was late and he thought many on the Board wished to express their opinions of the questions he moved (seconded by J L Squires) that the discussion of the resolution be deferred until Monday evening, 26th, at 7.30 o'clock, and that it be the only business taken up.—Carried. The Board adjourned.

THE NEW MASTER—Since the meeting of the Board word was received that Mr Kerfoot would not come as his salary had been increased where he was. The Executive committee at once telegraphed to Mr Hall, of Kingston, and accepted his application. He at once accepted and will be ready to commence work after Easter.

In New York a short while ago a baby was born in jail. Its mother was being tried for murder. Every womanly heart gives a throb of sympathy at thought of the blight upon the poor little baby's life. But a baby need not be born in jail to be unfortunate. Any baby which is not welcomed into this world with loving hearts and ready hands is unfortunate. Any mother who is physically weak and incapable of bestowing a healthy constitution upon her baby may darken its future with weakness and disease.

A prospective mother ought to insure her baby's welfare by every means that Nature and science afford to keep her physical powers up to the very highest point.

Every expectant mother ought to know and avail herself of the strengthening and re-enforcing properties of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives health and endurance to the delicate organs concerned in motherhood. Taken early during the period of expectancy, it makes the coming of baby perfectly safe and comparatively easy. It makes the mother strong and cheerful, and gives health and natural vigor to the child.

It is the only medicine of its kind devised for weak and delicate women by an educated, experienced physician.

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. His thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" contains advice which every woman ought to read. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth-bound for 50 stamps.

A sure and permanent cure for constipation is Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic.

OAK HALL.

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897

WAS SLOWLY DYING

THE RESULT OF AN ATTACK OF LA GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

The Strange Case of Mr. James Owen, of Johnville—Doctors Told Him His Lungs Were Affected and He Could Not Recover—Now in Good Health.

From the Sherbrooke Gazette.

When a man faces what medical authorities tell him is certain death, and regains health and strength, he is naturally grateful to the medicine that has restored him. Such a man is Mr. James Owen, one of the best known farmers in the vicinity of Johnville, Que. Mr. Owen tells his story of shattered health and renewed strength as follows:—"On the 17th of December, 1894, I was attacked with la grippe. A week later the trouble developed pneumonia in its worst form, and I did not leave my bed until the first of March, 1895, and then I was so weak that I was unable to walk alone. All winter my life hung in the balance. Summer came, and I was still weak and feeble, though with the warm weather I gained a little strength. I had, however, but very little power in my legs, and I could not

ride a mile in a buggy owing to the pain they caused me. My lungs also troubled me and I raised a great deal of matter. I then consulted the best doctor we have in this section of the province. He told me candidly that I was past medical help. He said that my left lung was in a state of collapse, and that my right lung was also affected. This was in July, 1895. For the next three months, every day seemed to draw me nearer and nearer the end. I was so pressed for breath at times that I could not walk any distance without stopping to regain it. In the month of November I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was certainly a forlorn hope and I admit I did not expect much benefit from them, but took them rather to please a friend who urged me to do so. I believe I was surprised when I found they were helping me, for I thought I was beyond the aid of medicine, but help me they did, and I gladly continued their use. The result is they have made a well man of me. I have not a pain about me, my breath comes as freely as it ever did, and I am strong and vigorous. My case can be briefly summed up in a few words. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have given me a new lease of life and I am glad to let everybody know it.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TO MEET AT CHATHAM.

Continued from Page 1.

Rowson, British America; A F Webster, Toronto; A T Johnston, Athenaeum; S P Sharkey, Wanderers; J A Copland, Globe; A R Walton, R.C.B.O.; W F Wright, Q.O.R.; W J Darby, Mail; G A Howell, Concordia; W B Campbell, Tourists; D J Kelly, Ramblers.

Central District: Chief Consul, J J Manning, Brampton; W D McLaren, Barrie; J H Jackson, Georgetown; Richard Darling, Harriston; W S Davis, Oakville.

Quinte District: Chief Consul, A J Campbell, Lindsay; G J Hoskins, Peterboro; R J Wilson, Kingston; F J Scott, Campbellford; G M Farmington, Picton; C M Mundy, Oshawa; W A Runnels, Port Hope.

Pacific District: Chief Consul, J A Fullerton, Vancouver; J M Rowell, Vancouver; J W Prescott, Vancouver; G H Gibbons, Victoria; G M Wintermute, New Westminster.

New Brunswick District: Chief Consul, J M Barnes, St. John; Charles Coster, St. John; F B Black, Sackville; E A Harris, Moncton.

Northwest Territories: Chief Consul, B B McNamara, Calgary. Representative, W Crawford, Medicine Hat.

Nova Scotia District: Chief Consul, W A Fitch, Truro, N.S.; J G Dimock, Windsor; W C Acker, Lunenberg; A O Casey, Amherst; A B Copeland, Antigonish; A Halliburton, Halifax.

Manitoba District: Chief Consul, J. Pitblado; W A Crisp, Portage La Prairie; A E Scott, Winnipeg; W H Sparling, Minnedosa.

Ottawa District: Chief Consul, W H Gorling, Brockville; F C Chittede, Ottawa; T A Beamant, Ottawa; W Whilliins, Ottawa; W Consover, Cornwall; J A Laidlaw, Brockville.

Prince Edward Island: Chief Consul, A Ernest Ings; A C Saunders, Summerside.

Montreal District: Chief Consul, L Rubenstein; D J Watson, G S Low, M M Duff, Wanderers; C Mauline, Y.M.C.A.; L Charlebois, Voltigeurs.

HAL DONLY KNOWS THE GAME.

Quebec District: Chief Consul, F Macnaughton, Quebec; O Gouner, Levis; L A Blagdon, Fraserville; J A Frigon, Three Rivers; J U Roy, Quebec; A D Scott, Quebec; G Van Felson, Quebec; F S Stocking, Quebec.

Sherbroke District: Chief Consul, T L Baldwin, Coatbrook; T T Cattwright.

On motion of Messrs. E. B. Ryckman and H. B. Donly, it was adopted that, having regard to the long and glorious reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and the desirability of preserving as a holiday May 24, the Canadian Wheelmen's Association desire to place on record their hearty approval of the measure now before the Dominion Parliament, proposing to make May 24 a perpetual holiday in honor of Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee, and that copies of this be sent to Hon. Senator Macdonald, the promoter of the bill and to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. Ryckman's motion supporting Mr. Casey's bicycle baggage bill, was also unanimously adopted.

President Robertson decided to allow only one speaker from each place, each to have a 10 minutes' talk. The three gentlemen entrusted to the task all acquitted themselves creditably, and it is not the fault of Messrs. Walker and Davis that they lost the races. They all promised pretty girls and good beer for the boys, and each was cheered to the echo by his partisans.

Matthew Wilson, Q.C., made an eloquent appeal on behalf of Chatham. Brantford reminded him of the Indians and Premier Hardy, London of elections, while the Maple City was synonymous with cricket, cycling and all sorts of good athletes. In Brantford they produced wheels, and in Chatham wheelmen. They had good roads, and a good track, and he pledged the meeting that a suitable stand would be built without expense to the C.W.A.

Mr. Bruce Walker presented Brantford's claim with a Scotch accent. He was anecdotal in his narrative. Brantford came

RYCKMAN, LEARNED IN BIKE LAW.

to the C.W.A.'s aid 10 years ago. They were glad to meet the young girl then, and why should anyone try to stop them from embracing the buxom maid now. If it was their desire? He roasted Chatham for advertising a trip to Detroit as a side attraction.

Dr. George C. Davis, ex-Mayor of London, presented his city's claim in oratorical style. He had spoken often before in Toronto, and never was beaten in his desire. The brewery would be thrown open and a novel attraction was a field of typewriters, who would be at the disposal of the cyclists—whatever he meant by that.

Delegates were required to deposit their meet ballots with the president, so there would be no mistakes. It took 30 minutes to count them, and when Chairman Irwin announced the result there was a deafening cheer, and Cairns was carried to the front. No one expected such a poll for the Maple City. Out of a vote of 7596, Chatham scored a majority over her rivals of 3788 votes.

Chatham	5687
Brantford	1436
London	460

On motion of Messrs. Walker of Brantford and Davis of London, the vote was made unanimous.

J. R. Stratton, M.L.A., pressed Peterboro's claims for the meet of '98. They were runner up for two years, and were also run down as many times. They retired this year because the meet belonged to the West, but they would again bob up serenely, and he felt that Peterboro' would follow with the championship races a year from July.

A. W. Beeton made an extensive claim for the '98 races for Winnipeg. He extolled the merits of the Prairie City and her athletes. They were the best in the world, and were royal entertainers. The feeling seemed to favor Winnipeg for '98.

A. W. Campbell, M.P., of Chatham, Provincial Good Roads Inspector, spoke a few

MAYOR ELLIOTT OF BRANTFORD.

good-natured words on his favorite topic. He was well received, and congratulated everyone on the fair feeling displayed.

The Credential Committee consisted of Messrs. J. N. Irwin, chairman, Athenaeum; G. R. Lloyd, Hamilton, and James A. Laidlaw of Brockville. The committee reported the following clubs duly represented and entitled to votes, as follows:

Alisa Craig: F T Rosser, 18.
Aylmer: W W White, 84.
Brantford: Gould, T. Elliott, 100; St. Basils, F McNamara, 8; Brantford, Joseph Ruddy, 100; Massey-Harris, F Bishop, 40.
Berlin, H Telling, 18.
Brampton: J J Manning, 83.
Belleville: Ramblers, A Armstead, 7; Road Club, E W Holton, 30.
Brighton: M B Dean, 31.
Brockville: J A Laidlaw, 28.
Barrie: R A Dutton, 18.

DAVIS OF LONDON LOST AT LAST.

Chatham: J F Cairns, 501.
Collingwood: E H Telfer, 36.
Campbellford: F Smith, 53.
Cobourg: F M Haverly, 31.
Dresden: F H Wells, 26.
Goderich: Hurons, D McGillicuddy, 71.
Galt: Y.M.C.A., W S McKay, 24.
Grimsby: W D Forbes, 37.
Georgetown: J H Jackson, 34.
Hamilton: Crescents, R C Ripley, 36; Hamilton, J W Nelson, 46; Ramblers, J W Beard, 86; Y.M.C.A., H Jones, 61.
Harriston: W A Woolner, 17.
Hastings: W M Forbes, 34.
Inglewood: J H Graham, 19.
Kingston: E Lyons, 116.
Rockwood: Dr. T Forster, 22.
Listowel: R Hacking, 41.
London: Conservatives, J L O'Brien, 47; Forest City, G E Coleman, 41; London, J R Miller, 101; Meteors, W H Abbott, 50; Wheelmen, A Reasor, 33.
Lindsay: A L Campbell, 61.
Milton: A Armstrong, 28.
Montreal: L Rubenstein, 220; Wanderers, M McDoff, 105.
Toronto: Q.O.R., W E Right, 43; Queen

Continued on page 7.

Dr. Humphreys' Says!

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds

Now try "10" for Dyspepsia.

My '77' for Grip and Colds carried you safely through the winter; now try my specific '10' for your stomach and escape the dangers of spring. You will realize a freedom from Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and experience a joy that can only be derived from a sweet stomach.

A single dose of "10" relieves "smoker's" heartburn; "10" cures Dyspepsia and Weak Stomach.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, 50 cents or $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John Sts, New York.

BRISTOL'S
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Sarsaparilla
and
SUGAR COATED PILLS

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers

SPRING IN THE CITY.

'Twixt the snow and apple blossoms,
When the winter's on the wane,
When the buds are waxing pinky
In the orchard and the lane,
Alack-a-day!
Would I were where the blossoms blow,
The willows wave, the rillets flow;
Would I were where the rushes grow,
Far—far away.

I hate the fevered city,
Where the blue birds never come,
Where the winds are sad and weary,
And the wild bees never hum,
Alack-a-day!
Take me to a mossy nook,
With lilies gleaming in the brook,
'Neath willow branches zephyr-shook,
Far—far away.

'Twixt the bleakness and the Maytime,
In the crowded marts of gain,
Do you pine for songs celestial,
Where the saints immortal reign?
Alack-a-day!
Not I. Take you the pearly street,
Where golden-harping angels greet,
My heaven be a woodland sweet,
Far—far away.

—SAMUEL MINTURN PECK.

The Sole Exception.

"How sorely you must miss your wife!" said the sympathetic friend in tones suitable for expressing condolence. "Her familiar step, the touch of her hand, the sound of her voice—"

"Er—h'm! Especially the sound of her voice," replied Deacon Peck, whose helpmate of more than a quarter of a century had been taken from him by death. "Especially the sound of her voice. For nearly thirty years we dwelt together, and as far as I know the only man who ever talked to her to whom she didn't talk back was the minister who performed our marriage ceremony."

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

DOCTOR YOURSELF

Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure cures rheumatism in a few days. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure cures all forms of stomach troubles. Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new vigor to weak men. Price, $1.

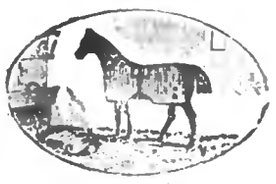
Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert St., Toronto, answered with free Medical advice for any disease. 23

A Separate Cure for Each Disease AT ALL DRUGGISTS—25c. A BOTTLE.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., Proprietors, MONTREAL.



VETERINARY INFIRMARY.
Livery and Boarding Stable.
THOS. JOHNSTON
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
(GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF STOCK)
Calls day or night promptly attended to.
Good Horses, Tip-Top Livery Rigs and First-class Turnouts for Commercial, Family and Pleasure Driving.
13 CHAMBERS-ST., PETERBOROUGH
TELEPHONE NO 45. 1641w

SEASON 1897.

THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HOPKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 139

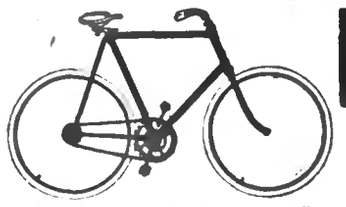
"KURMA"

CEYLON TEA

THE TEA OF TEAS, ABSOLUTELY PURE, MACHINE MADE.

Lead packages only, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c. per lb. Sold by all grocers.
The Davidson & Hay, Ltd., Wholesale Agents, Toronto.

MASSEY-HARRIS



BICYCLES

[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner.

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	$75.00	
Dominion	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!

And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .
We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .
You can rely on the quality—the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

It's Different Now!

Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERIGAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

☞Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

418 George Street, Peterborough.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

THE SUN

Is a Bicycle that combines the highest mechanical construction with elegant appearance and only costs **$72.50**

In Gentlemen's or Ladies' patterns. No higher grade wheel is one whit better in any particular. Any color enamel desired. Any Tire or Saddle.

$62.50 THE LAKESIDE

An ideal wheel at a moderately low price. It fills the demand for a good durable, graceful, handsome bicycle. Take our guarantee that these are no cheap wheels. We stand behind them. If they were not what we say they are we would not handle them.

A. MERCER & CO.

George-st., Peterborough.

30 BOXES OF

CURTAIN POLES

AND TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived!

All nicely Assorted from 20 cents up the Set.

—:+:—

Also watch for our Cheap Wall Paper rates, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Calcutt's Ale and Porter.

A special Easter brewing is now ready. Kept by all the leading grocers. $1 per dozen. 6d89

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

Police Clothing.

The Supervision of Police committee at a meeting yesterday afternoon awarded the contract for supplying clothing to the police to A. Mercer & Co., the price being $19 a suit. There were two other tenders.

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Maron & Co., George-st.

House Cleaning Time

Is fast approaching. Old furniture will be discarded and replaced by new. Here and there new pieces will be added. Where will you buy your new furniture? The judicious and money-saving buyer will go straight to Clegg's. Every line from the kitchen chair to the parlor suite is being sold at reduced prices, and every article is of the best manufacture, guaranteed. Carpet laying and repairing promptly attended to. Clegg' furniture warerooms, 425 and 427 George-st

Court Langton, No. 244, C.O.F.

A regular meeting of this Court will be held on Tuesday evening next, April 20th. Every member is requested to be present. Business: two initiations, revision of by-law and exemplification of work by Peterborough Court.

JAS. W. KENNEDY, Chief Ranger.

2d90

St. Luke's Church, Ashburnham—Easter Services.

To-morrow being Easter Day, St. Luke's will be appropriately decorated with flowers, and special music will be given at both services. In the evening the "Magnificat" and "Nunc Dimittis" will be by Sir John Goss, and the anthem, Barnby's "Awake Up My Glory." The hymns will be familiar Easter tunes, and the congregation is asked to join heartily in the singing and responses. The Rector will preach at both services. Evening subject, "The Gospel of the Resurrection." All seats free and unappropriated. Sidesmen on duty, H. Adams and C. MacFadden.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

EVANGELIST RANTON.

Large Crowds at the Charlotte-st. Church—Addresses.

Evangelist Ranton addressed big crowds at the Charlotte-st. church on Thursday and Good Friday evenings.

His subject on Thursday evening was "Bible views of Heaven." During the service Miss Clara Belleghem and Miss Hendren contributed solos.

Last evening Mr. Ranton's topic was "Out of the mire into the choir," the text being the words:

He brought me up also out of an horrible pit, out of the miry clay, and set my feet upon a rock, and established my going.

And he hath put a new song in my mouth, even praise unto our God; many shall see it and fear and shall trust in the Lord.—Psalm xl, 2 3.

The figure of the text referred to the old eastern method of guarding prisoners, in which an excavation was made in the ground and clay thrown out on all sides, and prisoners let down and were thus easily guarded. Many references in the old Testament as to this fearful pit and its miry clay were given. So sin is a fearful pit and may be easily typified by the miry clay. The sin of unbelief, drunkenness and worldliness were the three sins dealt with. Victor Hugo's word picture of the man sinking in the quicksand was vividly presented and all were urged to find deliverance from the mire and to be lifted into the choir for God who is able to deliver.

Misses Hall and Stephens contributed a duet and Miss Hendren a solo during the service.

Mr. Ranton will speak to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the opera house on card playing.

PETERBOROUGH FOR 1898.

In the Field for the C.W.A. Meet Again—Hopeful Reports.

The Peterborough delegates have returned from the annual meeting of the C.W.A. and speak hopefully of Peterborough's chances to secure the C.W.A. meet in 1898. They were encouraged by many offers of support and the contest for "1898" will commence at once. Winnipeg is at present Peterborough's only opponent.

IN BED FOR WEEKS.

And Every Breath She Drew Was an Excruciating Pain—Rheumatism had Fastened his Talons on His Prey—South American Rheumatic Cure Snatched her From His Grasp.

"For fifteen years I had been troubled with rheumatism. It had settled in my back. At times the pain was so severe as to entirely lay me up for weeks at a time. I was just about discouraged and had given up hope when I was recommended to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I did so. The first bottle enabled me to leave my bed, and in one week from the time I commenced its use I was completely cured. It is undoubtedly the best remedy in the world for rheumatism." Mrs. John Beaumont, Elora, Ont. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Y W C A Notes

Remember to come and enjoy the music from 8 to 8.30 and remain for the Gospel service from 8.30 to 8 o'clock this evening.

Awarded the Contract.

Mr. James Bogue has been awarded the contract for the building of the pivot pier and the abutments for the railway bridge which will carry the C. P. R. over the Trent Valley canal near Little Lake in Ashburnham. Mr. Bogue has received notification from the Department that his tender was the lowest and was accepted. Mr. Bogue is experienced in such work, and the Government will get a first-class job.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Plan for the Mills Recital.

The plan for the grand recital to be given by Mr. Watkin Mills and Mr. Geo. Fox in Bradburn's opera house on Wednesday evening, April 21st, will be open to subscribers on Monday morning, April 19th, at 10 o'clock at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. All persons who have subscribed for seats will kindly have them marked on Monday, as the plan will be opened to the public Tuesday. The tickets can be had at the same place. Be first and secure a good seat.

The Boys in Red.

The military entertainment to be given in the opera house on Monday night, under the auspices of the 57th Battalion, will not be all drill, guns and bayonets by any means. Some first-class vocal and instrumental musical talent has been engaged, and the programme will be one of the strongest and most varied that has been seen here. The drill exhibitions will be worth the price of admission alone, while Sgt.-Major MORGANS and Sergt. BOUTILLIER are two leaders in sword contests, etc. The plan is now open at Ormond & Walsh's drug store. Mark your seats, see a first-class entertainment and support the boys in red. 1td

A Feature of the Evening.

Miss Ramsay, who appears at the concert in St. Andrew's school room on Tuesday evening, April 20th, is receiving very flattering notices in the press. The Montreal Gazette says:—"One of the features of the evening was the first appearance in Montreal of Miss Alexandrina Ramsay, who won the applause of the audience by the manner in which she sang 'Cam ye by Athol,' and made her popularity assured by subsequently giving in Gaelic 'Fhir a Bhata,' and the amusing Lowland Scotch reading, 'Lassie Neo-a-Days.'" Of the songs mentioned above Miss Ramsay will sing the first two. Tickets 25c, children under 15 years, 10c. 1d

EASTER ENTERTAINMENT

A Successful Mission Band Entertainment at the Murray-st. Church

On Thursday evening, 15th inst., the Mission Band of the Murray-st. Baptist church, gave a sprightly and successful Easter entertainment.

After the opening exercises conducted by the pastor, Rev A T Dykeman, who occupied the chair in a very happy manner, the following programme was rendered:—

Chorus (motion song).....Welcome, Welcome, Lovely Spring.
Recitation.....Maxwell Yelland
Chorus.....Six Little Lads
Address on La Grande Leigne.....Rev Mr Dykeman
Mouthorgan solo.....Harry McKee
Recitation.....Alex Chalmers
Offering drill.....Twelve members of the band
Recitation.....Pansy Kemp
Paper on Northwest Missions....Mrs Dykeman
Exhibition and explanation of a collection of Indian curios.....Mr Louis Croly
Chorus (motion song).....There's a little Robin
Mouthorgan solo (encored)....Harry McKee
Roll call
Chorus.....Carols for Easter

Each member of the Band responded to his name during roll call by placing on the table his mite-box for the quarter. Then as a sequel to the "Story of Two Butterflies," told by Mr T F Matthews, he was given a brightly colored paper butterfly.

Surprised His Doctor.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills"

Personal.

Rev A S Hamond Graeme, of Toronto, is in town.

Mr. Geo. Frost, of Cobourg, is in town for a few days.

Mr. Court King is home from McGill University.

Miss Bella Menzies is in Campbellford on a brief visit.

Miss Clo Perrin, of Baillieboro, was in town on Thursday.

Miss Murdock, of Richard Hall & Son's, is in Toronto for Easter.

Miss Stella Ackerman, of Whitby Ladies' College, is home for Easter.

Miss Aggie Hall is in Hamilton on a visit to her friend, Miss Jean Blackley.

Mr. A A Hollingshead, of the Ontario Bank, spent Good Friday at Newmarket.

Mr Fellowes was in town this week. He returned to Balsam lake on Thursday.

Mr T B Tytler, of the Ontario Bank, Lindsay, spent Good Friday in town.

Mr J H Hudson, of the Bank of Montreal, Wallaceburg, is in town.

Miss Charlotte Stout, of Toronto, is the guest of her friend, Miss Madge Davidson.

Mr Geo Guilett, M P. for West Northumberland, went to Stony lake on Thursday.

Miss Bertha Sherin has left for a short visit at her home in Bowmanville.

Miss Beatrice Browne, of Lindsay, is the guest of Miss Mellville.

Miss Annie Ferguson had returned to her home in Port Hope after a visit with friends in town.

Miss Alice Fife, who is attending school in Toronto, is spending the vacation in town at the home of her father, Dr. Fife.

Misses Maud Allen and Annie Wood, who are attending the Toronto Normal School, are home for the holidays.

Mr. J. E. Kavanagh, formerly of the Collegiate Institute staff, is in town for a few days.

Mr. Jas. McCaig, of the Collegiate Institute staff, has gone to Collingwood to spend the Easter vacation at home.

Mr Wm Hayden, of Waubaushene, was in town to-day interring the remains of the infant child of his daughter, Mrs McRae.

Mr. W. Henderson, Mrs. Henderson and Miss Bessie Henderson are in Oshawa. Mrs Henderson and Miss Henderson will remain for several weeks.

Mr. Walter S. Davidson, came down on Thursday evening from Osgoode Hall, Toronto, to spend a few days with friends.

Mr Jas R McCrea, druggist, Campbellford, and formerly with Mr John McKee, town, was married on Wednesday in Lucan, to Miss Sprout. Dr. Carlow, of Campbellford, was the groomsman.

Ex-Reeve Finlay, Norwood, County Councillor Brown, Belmont, and Ex-Reeve Robb, Dummer, were in town on Thursday attending the timber sale.

Mr John E Belcher, C E., arrived home last evening after a very enjoyable visit to his home in Ireland and to Great Britain. Mr Belcher, returned in first class health.

Master J Lundy, son of Mr D J Lundy, and Master Harry Rush, son of Mr H Rush, are home from Mr W J Drope's school at Grimsby. Master Lundy is accompanied by Master Vivian Patterson, of Rochester.

The Toronto Globe says:—Taking advantage of the adjournment Senator Cox and Mrs. Cox returned to Toronto on Monday, and intend taking a little trip down to New York and to Atlantic City before they come back to Ottawa on the 26th. Both Senator Cox and Mrs. Cox have become general favorites among the sessional people since their arrival here for the session, and consequently their pretty, flower-decked parlor is seldom without visitors.

No one in ordinary health need become bald or gray, if he will follow sensible treatment. We advise cleanliness of the scalp and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer.

LICENSES IN EAST PETERBOROUGH

Fourteen Hotel Licenses Granted—A Hotel at McCracken's Landing.

The East Peterborough License Commissioners, Messrs. J. M. Drummond, Keene, chairman; Wm. Moher, Douro, and Robert Wilson, Norwood, met this morning and dealt with the applications for licenses.

There were fourteen applications, and all were granted. Last year there were also fourteen granted. There is one license less at Norwood, but a new license is granted to the summer hotel of Mr. John Morgan at McCracken's Landing.

Those who have been awarded licenses are as follows:—

Apsley—C H Webster.

Burleigh Falls—Annie Holmes.

Havelock—Wm Dineen, Dan Flynn and James Graham.

Julian's Landing—Charles Armstrong (six months).

Keene—Peter Fletcher and Michael Kennedy.

McCracken's Landing, Dummer — John Morgan (six months).

Norwood — Margaret Clancy, Margaret McGregor and M. P. Doherty.

Warsaw—Fred Morgan.

Westwood—John Doherty.

TEN YEARS IN THE TOILS.

South American Kidney Cure Loosed the Bonds and Freed the Prisoner—It Relieves in Six Hours.

"This is to certify that after taking six bottles of South American Kidney Cure I am completely cured of stricture and gravel, having suffered from these complaints for over ten years. I felt relief almost immediately, and after taking three bottles felt greatly improved. I continued its use until I was satisfied I was perfectly cured." Willis Goff, Chippewa, Ont. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

AN ASHBURNHAM EVENT

The Nuptial of Mr Jas Thompson, of the Street Railway, and Miss Lizzie Crowe.

On Wednesday evening Mr James W Thompson, of the street railway staff, and Miss Lizzie Crowe, daughter of Mr. Jos. Crowe, Monroe-ave., Ashburnham, were married at the residence of the bride's father by Rev H Symonds, Rector of St. Luke's church.

The bride, who was prettily gowned in cream brilliantine with trimmings of pearl and silk watered ribbons, was attended by Miss Susie Padget, of Emily, who was dressed in cream crepon, with ribbon trimmings. The bride wore the conventional bridal veil and orange blossoms. Mr. Thompson was assisted by Mr J J Graham, of Bobcaygeon.

A sumptuous repast was partaken of by a large number of guests, after which the evening was delightfully passed.

The street railway employees presented Mr Thompson with a beautiful parlor lamp and chair.

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines, was their nauseousness. In our day, this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood-purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

Grand Recital.

Mr. R. Watkin Mills and Mr. George Fox will render the following programme at Bradburn's opera house Wednesday evening, April 21st:—

Violin Concerto .....Mendelssohn
Andante—Allegro Molto Vivace.
Mr. Fox.
Ballad—"O that we two were Maying" (Gounod
Song—"A Bedouin Love Song" .....Pinsuti
Mr. Watkin Mills.
Violin Solos { (a) Valse Capricoo, (Wieniawski (b) Adagio Pathetique..Godard
Mr. Fox.
Ballal—"Maid of Athens ere we Part." (Gounod
Song—"Crabbed Age and Youth,"..Maud V. (White
Mr. Mills.
Violin Solo—"Walther's Preisied"..Wagner-(Wilhelmj)
Mr. Fox.
Songs— { (a) "I Would I were a King," (b) "The Wedding of Shan McLean" (c) "Learning Yet Loving," (Sullivan, Hatton, Marzials
Mr. Watkin Mills.
Violin Solo — "Zigeunerweisen" (Gipsy Dances) .....Sarasate
Mr. Fox.
Air—"She alone charmeth my sadness." (La Reine de Saba)." .....Gounod
Air—"Droop Not Young Lover,"..Handel (Exio)
Song—"Patria".....Tito Mattei
Air—"When Valiant Ammon"..... Battishill (Almena) composed in 1764.
Mr. Watkin Mills.
Violin Solo—"Legende".....Wieniawski
Mr. Fox.
Aria—"Ave Maria" .....Luigi Lazzi
Recit and Air — "O Ruddier than the Cherry" .....Handel
Song—Sire your Toast (Carmen) .....Bizet
Mr. Watkin Mills.
God Save the Queen.

The plan will be open to subscribers at Ormond & Walsh's drug store on Monday, April 19th, at 10 o'clock, and to the public Tuesday, the 20th. Tickets 50 and 75c. 1d

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 350 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d3ly

OAK HALL.

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Wilson's Dramatic Co. in the opera house.

Waggon Loads of Hot X Buns.

Bates' 2 waggons will be out early to-morrow morning to supply Hot X Buns, wholesale and retail, larger and better than ever. At all live grocers. Insist on having Bates'. Walter Bates, Manufacturer of Bates' celebrated Bread. dtf

Easter Sunday at St Peter's

To-morrow at St. Peter's Cathedral masses will be held at 6.30, 8, and 10 30 o'clock. At 10.30 o'clock His Lordship Bishop O'Connor will celebrate Solemn Pontifical mass followed by the Papal Benediction and sermon. At 7 o'clock there will be Solemn Vespers by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor and sermon by Rev Father Fitzpatrick.

Easter at St John's

Special music will be rendered at St. John's church to-morrow as follows:—

At morning prayer, Te Deum, Woodward, in E.; anthem, "Break Forth into Joy," Barnby; Communion office, Tours in F.

Evensong, Tour's evening service in F. Anthem, "As it Began to Dawn, Towards the First Day of the Week," Chas Vincent.

At the conclusion of evening service the choir will render two bright Easter carols.

For Cleaning Bicycle Chains.

Some good advice on how to clean a chain is as follows:—Procure a can about an inch wider than the diameter of the chain when coiled up. Get a piece of galvanized wire-cloth, with ⅛ or ¼ inch mesh, and have it cut into circular form about one inch wider than the diameter of the can. Make a number of cuts half an inch deep around the edge and bend the wire down, making a continuous shoulder, and set in the can, thus making a raised false bottom. Coil up the chain on it and pour in benzine till it is covered to the depth of half an inch. In a couple of minutes agitate the chain by pushing it from side to side of the can. Then let it stand quietly for several minutes till the loosened grit and grease have settled to the bottom, when you can lift your chain perfectly clean out of the clear benzine above the wire. Pinch the edge of the can to form a spout, so you may, if economically minded, pour off the clear benzine to be used again.

Henry Ward Beecher once informed a man who came to him complaining of gloomy and despondent feelings, that what he most needed was a good cathartic, meaning, of course, such a medicine as Ayer's Cathartic Pills, every dose being effective.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 George Street

GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES

In Most of the Town Churches — Large Congregations.

Services were held in the majority of the town churches yesterday, and in nearly every instance were largely attended.

Immense congregations attended the three services at St. Peter's cathedral. At 9 o'clock Rev. Father Fitzpatrick celebrated the mass of the Presanctified with Rev. Father McColl, of Ennismore, as deacon, and Rev. Father Scanlan sub-deacon. This mass was preceded by the adoration of the cross. In the afternoon there were stations of the cross. At the evening service there were also stations of the cross, and Ven. Archdeacon Casey preached, and a portion of the true cross was offered for the veneration of the faithful.

At the George-st. Methodist church Rev. W. R. Young preached to a fair congregation in the morning at 11 o'clock, Rev. A. H. Ranton assisted in the service.

At St. John's there was a large congregation in the morning. The service consisted of morning prayer, litany, anti-communion and sermon. Rev. W. L. Armitage was the preacher, his text being "What say ye of Christ?" In the afternoon a children's service was addressed by Rev E V Stevenson, and appropriate hymns were sung. At the evening service Rev E V Stevenson preached from the words "And they crucified Him."

Yesterday preparatory services were held morning and evening at St. Paul's church Rev. J U Tanner, of Omemee, preaching in the morning, and Rev A T Dykeman in the evening.

NEURALGIA TORMENTS.

Thousands Could Tell the Same Story of Misery that William Davidson Tells—And Thousands Have To-day the Same Song of Rejoicing—Cured by South American Nervine

"I suffered untold misery for over three months from neuralgia of the stomach. Physicians did their best to help me, but all attempts were baffled. I saw South American Nervine advertised and resolved to try it. The first bottle gave me great relief and after I had used six bottles I was completely cured of this dreadful disease." William Davidson, Thedford, Ont. Sold by H. MacDonald.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

CANADA'S EXPORT OF PULP WOOD

A PUBLIC MEETING ADDRESSED BY LABOR ORGANIZER LOUGHRIN.

A Resolution Favoring an Export Duty Adopted—Address by Mr. Loughrin—Mr. J. B. McWilliams Supports the Resolution.

Good Friday being a holiday was not an advantageous time for a public meeting and as a result the meeting called to discuss the advisability of fostering the raw materials of Canada by placing upon them an export duty was not largely attended. Mr. P. J. Loughrin, labor organizer for the Dominion, addressed the meeting and emphasized the importance to the interests of Canadians and especially workingmen that an export duty should be placed upon pulp wood and all the material utilized in the manufacture of pulp, in order to prevent the Americans from using Canadian resources from which Canadians were receiving but slight benefit. The meeting unanimously concurred in a petition to the Dominion Governmen to that effect.

Mayor Yelland occupied the chair and explained the object of the meeting and called upon Mr. P J Loughrin, who addressed the gathering briefly, dealing with the pulp wood and paper industry of the Dominion and the necessity of an export duty being placed upon pulp wood by the Dominion Government along the lines of his interview in Thursday's REVIEW. In opening

MR. LOUGHRIN

acquainted the audience with the fact that he was familiar with a great portion of the forest country of Ontario and Quebec, and spruce in these parts was plentiful and could be manufactured into paper. From the nickel mines near Sudbury there was also a supply of sulphur, which with lime and spruce, were the ingredients in the manufacture of pulp. Canada had this industry in its own hands. In the United States there were 914 pulp paper mills, and they had exhausted their resources and had to come to Canada for their wood. 600,000 cords were now imported from this country and Canadians received little benefit from it. The settler was not benefitted. The pulp wood men came into Canada and ordered so much pulp wood at a certain amount per cord. The jobber for these firms secured a patent of free land from the Ontario Government and as a result the farmer was not benefitted. It was worth $7 or $8 a cord to these manufacturers in the States, while Canadians only received $2 or $3 a cord. They had to come to Canada for this wood. Then why should not Canada have the benefit of this industry. Let the workingmen get some of this money from this industry. Let these mills be built in Canada. The Americans at present come over and secure our wood, take them across to the States free of duty and employ American workingmen and bar, by an alien labor law, Canadians from participating in the manufacture of their own resources. Then they put 25 per cent duty on the manufactured material. Then the Americans took the nickel from our country and Canadians only had the benefit of the mining. Americans must have our pulp wood and nickel. Canada controlled the nickel market of the world and soon would control the pulp market. The Americans built their mills in the United States and had the trade of their own country and Canada. But if Canada would put an export duty on this material they would have these mills in Canada. The Sault Ste Marie pulp mills employ nearly 900 people around the Soo, and was booming that town and keeping up the district. The town of Peterborough had the waterpower and should grasp the opportunity and erect a mill. The laboring man could not secure employment and when he did it was at low wages. The United States had refused an offer of freer trade relations and now they would have to oppose the United States and build up our own country and not allow the Americans to clean out our resources. By an export duty they could foster this pulp industry in Canada. Canadian farmers would not then have to deal with the middlemen—the jobbers—but would deal direct with the manufacturers. They now had an opportunity to establish a thriving industry. The Americans would move their mills into the country as soon as an export duty of $2 per cord was placed on pulp wood. He had a petition in favor of this proposal and the Boards of Trades and Councils of many towns had favored the proposal. Mr. Loughrin also referred to the alien labor and remarked that he was making an effort to have the following clause included and inserted in the bill now before the American Congress, as well as the bill before the House of Commons:—"Any member of an International or Federal Labor Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, holding a travelling card of the said International or Federal Labor Union, shall be exempt from the provisions of this bill."

Mr. Loughrin, on resuming his seat was loudly applauded.

THE RESOLUTION.

The following petition was then adopted:

To the Honorable the Minister of Trade and Commerce, House of Commerce:

HON. SIR.—At a mass meeting held in the Council Chamber of the City of Peterborough, the citizens of the city assembled: Resolved—That it would be to the best interest of our common country, the Dominion of Canada, that an export duty of not less than two dollars per cord be placed on all pulp wood going out of Canada, and resolved, that an export duty of not less than ten per cent be placed on all nickel or copper ore, "one or both," or in matter containing less than ninety per cent of pure merchantable manufactured nickel or copper.

Resolved, that an alien labor law identical with that in force in the United States be passed at the present session of Parliament and to take effect not later than July, 1897, and for which your petitioners will ever pray.

COUNCILLOR M'WILLIAMS.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams stated he could bear out Mr. Loughrin's remarks, and said he had visited the mill at Sault Ste. Marie, and the operations in the forest. He believed it would be a great industry in Canada and this country would soon be supplying, not only the spruce but the pine, for the United States was being rapidly depleted, and they would have to come to Canada. He would even go farther than the resolution and advocate the prohibition of the export of pine and spruce and they would soon have control of the lumber market of the world. In the western part of the province American firms were taking our logs across to the States and employing Americans only. American firms themselves would be benefitted, because some of them had lost owing to the inexperience of the men they employed in the Canadian woods. He could see that a pulp mill would be a great benefit to Peterborough and though they had not much spruce near them still poplar and hemlock could be used in the manufacture of pulp. Mr. McWilliams supported the resolution.

Mr. Spence, of the Trent Valley Canal, also supported the resolution.

MR. LOUGHRIN THANKED.

On motion of Mr. McWilliams, seconded by Mr. Scott, a vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Loughrin, the seconder expressing his approval of the petition.

Mr. Laughrin, in replying said they were asking for workingmen's legislation. They had no fight with capitalists, but they wanted the capital invested and they, as workingmen, were willing to wall an alien labor law against the United States as it was necessary under the circumstances. Promote these industries and let "Canada be for the Canadians," as "America for the Americans." The workingmen were entitled to legislation that protected them.

THE NEW LICENSE ACT.

The Amendments Come Into Force on July First and the Cancellations on May 1st, 1898.

The Toronto News says:—"The License Department is busy figuring on the many amendments respecting the application of the new License Act, with a view to instructing magistrates as to its enforcement. One amendment which has not been made public is that providing that the law shall not come into operation until July 1st instead of May 1st, as was at first intended. Minors, therefore, who are in the habit of drinking have just two months and two weeks in which to enjoy themselves. Druggists also have the same length of time to get rid of surplus stock. The cancellation of licenses under the new act will take place on May 1st, 1898.

"The authorities anticipate a great deal of difficulty in enforcing the clause which prevents druggists from selling any quantity of liquor without a doctor's certificate. It is expected that the druggist will secure the assistance of a doctor who will provide him with a number of blank certificates. Then when he desires to serve a friend he will call up the physician and tell him so to give a further legal aspect to the scheme and the law will be evaded.

"All parties in such a case are compellable witnesses and stand guilty until proved innocent, according to the present procedure. The authorities, therefore, feel that they will be able to enforce the act."

Brevities.

—Monday is a Bank holiday.

—Easter hats will be the attraction to-morrow.

—St. Andrew's church choir will practice this evening.

—Mr O B Shortly will fit the Oriental with bicycle racks.

—The George-st church is being specially decorated for Easter.

—The Board of Health will meet on Tuesday afternoon next.

—An assembly will be held in Campbellford on Wednesday evening.

—The Gun club will hold a shoot at the Riverside Park on Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

—"Tom" Kirk, of Madoc, has been engaged as coach of the Lehigh, (Pa.,) University lacrosse team.

—The Local C. E. Union will hold an Easter Prayer meeting in the Y. M. C. A hall to-morrow morning at 7 o'clock.

—Mr Geo H Brown, on leaving to take the agency of the G T R at Stirling, was banquetted by the citizens of Madoc.

—The County Christian Endeavor convention will be held in the George-st. church on Monday, commencing at 9 o'clock in the morning.

—The 13th Battalion, of Hamilton, representatives of which recently visited Peterborough, will spend the Queen's Birthday in Kingston.

—Wm. Walliday and David Turner, two vagrants, were ordered to leave town by the Magistrate this morning. David Fleming was fined $5 and $6 costs for disorderly conduct.

—An exceedingly attractive window was that put in the boot and shoe department of Gough Bros'. big store on Thursday. Many beautiful plants and flowers, prominent among them being the beautiful Easter lilly, had been used in the tasteful arrangement of the boots and shoes. Mr W Hinchliffe is to be congratulated on the window.

Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Cured for 35 Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day and cures tetter, salt rheum, piles, scald head, eczema, barbers' itch, ulcers, blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors; 35 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

YOUR DOCTOR

Is using it himself, because he knows a good thing, once tried.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Sealed lead packets only. By Grocers only

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Now going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st. by RICHARD HALL & SON . . . .

Is beyond doubt the greatest opportunity to buy High Class Goods at genuine reduced prices that the buying people of Peterborough have ever had. Our entire stock of all the latest importations of Spring and Summer Goods being offered at a genuine reduction at this season of the year, when people are usually paying the highest figure, is an opportunity that should be highly appreciated. Come and be convinced.

P.S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

See the Choice IN BICYCLES You Have Here.

"Beeston Humber" Made in Beeston, Notts, England. Winner of 29 Gold Medals—never competed unsuccessfully — admittedly the best product of Cycle construction which inventive genius, precise methods, skilled mechanics and unlimited facilties have produced. Not cheap, but good.

"Royal Enfield" Made by the Royal Enfield Arms Co., Redditch, England. Wherever thoroughness of construction, finish and graceful lines are the first considerations — independent of price—The Royal Enfield takes the lead.

"Monarch" Made by the Monarch Cycling M'fg Co. of Chicago, Ill. This has become a world famous wheel. 500 Cycles turned out every day at this factory.

"Sky Lark" Is a splendid type of the High-Grade English Wheels — Handmade throughout. If any part of this wheel CAN be broken within a year it will be replaced without charge.

"Night Hawk" A strictly High-Grade American Wheel. Dust proof, self lubricating and ball retaining patent hub, with a three-point contact bearing.

"Leader" Warranted English Wheel, made after the Humber patterns, all the latest improvements.

"Duke" A splendid English Wheel—without exception the strongest wheel in the market for $50.

"Defiance" A High-Grade American Wheel for $60.

"Fay" A Child's Wheel. All modern improvements— large tubing, etc., adjustable bars, etc. Price $40 and $45.

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CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

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Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

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Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

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THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

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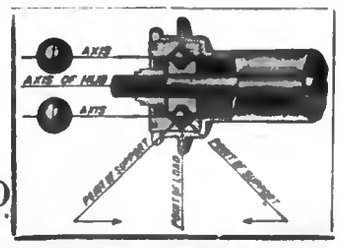

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MR. CHAS. H. C. GREENTREE, of the Bank of Montreal, Regina, N.W.T., testifies to the merits of Electric Tires, as follows:

"I notice in a recent copy of the *Wheelman* a letter from a Kingston gentleman, stating he rode a pair of last year Electric Tires 2,000 miles. I rode the Electric Tires on my wheel 5,800 miles last year and at the end of the season they showed scarcely any signs of wear."

Hundreds of pleased riders from all parts of the Dominion have forwarded us letters similiar to the above. From every quarter the same tale of perfect satisfaction is received.

Write for 1897 Tire Book.

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I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

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It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

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Troubled with Weaknesses Peculiar to Their Sex.

HOW THEY MAY BE CURED

Dodd's Kidney Pills Act Upon the Female Organs as Well as Upon the Kidneys—Many a Woman Suffers Needlessly.

Women suffer more than men. From the time a girl-child turns the corner into womanhood, she has more trouble than men ever dream of. We look upon women as weak and fragile, but considering what they endure they are stronger by far.

Women suffer many times more than they need to. Partly because they don't know what ails them at first; then because they are ashamed to tell a doctor; latterly because they hate to be a continual source of expense to their husbands.

"Female Weaknesses" are what we term the diseases peculiar to the female sex. They are often confounded with female Kidney troubles, and Kidney troubles are often mistaken for other troubles. All those delicate organs are closely connected. What affects one affects the other.

What cures one, cures the other, too. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, which are a sovereign cure for all Kidney ills, act to regulate and control the female organs and to relieve their difficulties. This is worth while for every woman to remember.

Mrs. Lucy Crabbe, Chambers P. O., says:—"For years I was a sufferer from weakness peculiar to my sex, combined with kidney trouble from all of which I was completely cured by two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills.'

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EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.30 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5 25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2 00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

A God Sent Blessing.

Mr. B. F. Wood, of Easton, Pa., was a great sufferer from organic heart disease. He never expected to be well again, but Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart was his good angel, and he lives to-day to tell it to others, hear him:—"I was for fifteen years a great sufferer from heart disease, had smothering spells, palpitation, pain in the left side and swelled ankles. Twenty physicians treated me, but I got no relief. I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose relieved me inside of thirty minutes. Several bottles cured me." Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE EL LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

air, are like doctors, their success depends upon the people's faith in them, not on their own merits. Now I know that you can't see through the anatomy of old Mrs. Grundy, and tell what she had for dinner, unless, to be sure, she had been eating onions; but if Mrs. Grundy doubted for a moment your ability to don your professional spectacles and peer into the innermost depths of her disordered old being, she would write another name than yours on her books, as favorite physician."

"Guide, philosopher and friend," quotes the doctor, composedly. "Let Mrs. Grundy alone, will you, she is one of my best customers."

"She is not one of my worst, but the world is not quite filled up with Mrs. Grundy's, else our fortunes were soon made; for instance, up at Wardour Place to-night, that seraphic old lady was prepared to receive all my statements, as Mrs. G— takes your pills, on faith. But the young lady; oh, no! she has too much head for a woman."

"Why, for a woman?"

"Not got scope enough. 'Woman's kingdom's too small for her; too much top to her head; brow too broad; eyes too full; won't believe a thing is true, because you say it is true; got to convince her reason. Such people make chaps like you and me lots of bother; won't take us for granted."

"Granted we wish them to."

"Bah! Of course we wish them to! everybody wants to be taken on trust; but there, we can waive this discussion; Miss Wardour will find occupation for that head of hers for a time at least. My head must rest."

"I should think so; you are as full of whimsies as ever, when off duty, and since to-night I accept you as a detective, a la 'Mrs. Grundy,' just follow me now, Sir Tramp. By the way, how will you get out of here in the morning?"

"Leave that to me. By the way, don't disturb my waxwork. I will leave the bottle and linen; do you restore them to Miss Wardour to-morrow at the earliest hour possible to a caller. I shall present myself in my own time and way, governed, of course, by circumstances, and it is probable that you will not see me again for some time. Therefore let me say, thanks for your hospitality. Call on me when you want a service, and good night."

So saying he vanished into an inner room, the door of which the doctor has just now thrown invitingly open. As the door closes quickly, and in his very face, Clifford Heath stares blankly at it, and for a moment stands so, looking half bewildered.

Finally a look of amusement crosses his face, and he returns slowly to his seat beside the table, slowly selects a segar, and slowly lights it.

"There's a queer customer," muses he, as he settles himself for a comfortable meditation. "He can go to sleep in the very teeth of mystery, and wake up, clear headed, in a fog. Now I can't sleep, and I've been awake longer than my alloted time, too.

Shades of my ancestors! What a day! And, oh, my prophetic soul, what will it bring forth? Well, Doctor Clifford Heath, as Doctor Clifford Heath, what is it to you? You have been honored by the confidence of Constance Wardour, what then? There was no one else in whom she could confide; may she not honor your judgment without coveting your adoration. Bah! the very fact that she confides in you proves that she cares nothing for you. However, she has a heart for somebody; that is proved by her agitation upon hearing the story, and reading the letter telling of poor Sybil Lamotte's misery. For undoubtedly in some manner she has been made a victim; can it be that wretched Evan? His agitation to-day bore the look of remorse, and God knows where dissipation will not lead a man. I know something of that, too." Here he frowns darkly, and sits for a long time looking the incarnation of resentment and defiance.

"Bah!" he mutters presently, "what a blot upon the record of a proud family! A father who is a philanthropist and public benefactor; a mother who is 'une dame sans reproche' a brother against whom I can bring no charge save that he is my rival a sister, beautiful and good and accomplished, but that beauty, goodness, culture, are all shipwrecked; how could either live in the same atmosphere with John Burrill, as I have heard him described. Evan Lamotte is a black sheep; I should take it Burrill must be a black dog, or worse, and sheep and dog are owned by the same family After all, what is race? a fig for pedigree. It's the deed that tells. Here in the next room I have a man who claims to be nobody. Nothing is said or known about; his blood; a great deal is said and known about his brain, favorably said, too, and honorably known. He is a detective, and as such, dead to the blue book; it's his business to hunt men down, to pry into secret places, to unmask villainies, and drag to light shameful family secrets; and, for the second time, he has stumbled upon a secret of mine, and treated it most generously.

"To-night I say to him, 'know me only as Doctor Heath, from Nowhere.' Another man would have asked for an explanation, when the opportunity came but not he. He sits with me, sups with me, sleeps under my roof, and makes no sign that he ever knew me save as I now am. He treats me as a man worthy his confidence, yet asks none of mine. That's what I call splendid behavior that's a man worthy to be called a gentleman. I wonder" here his countenance darkens, and his eyes look gloomy. "I wonder what this honorable officer would say if he knew what I did to-night? If he knew, say I! does he not know? how can I tell? he is sharp as a lynx; and heaven only knows what mad impulse prompted me to do a mean thing. Bah!" rising and stretching himself; "we are all fools or knaves, or both; when a beautiful woman has dethroned reason and common sense, and sways us body and soul. I wonder what Constance Wardour would say if she knew? A keen witted detective takes me on trust; will she do the same?"

There is little of the look of a despairing swain on his face, as he concludes his soliloquy, and goes out to see that the outer door is secure, before retiring. A trifle pale, a trifle bored, a trifle cynical, and a trifle sleepy he looks. He also looks, for a man who has just been indulging in a fit of severe self-depreciation, exceedingly confident and full of faith in himself. And why not? Let that man despair who has lost confidence in his own ability to wrest favors from the fingers of Fate or Fortune. Despair is not for the brave.

CHAPTER VII.

Constance Wardour arose early on Sunday morning. In spite of youth, health, and her splendid self-poise, she had slept but little; and such slumber as had visited her eyelids, had been haunted by hideous dreams, in which detectives and burglars mixed their identity in the most remarkable manner; and through all, more vivid than all, shone the face of Sybil Lamotte, always agonized, always appealing, always surrounded by dark shadows, and always seeming menaced, terrified, helpless. Such nights of tormented slumber, and uneasy wakefulness, were new to the mistress of Wardour; and now, while the dew was yet on the grass and flowers, she was promenading her pretty rose garden, where the sun shone full, looking a trifle paler than was usual to her, and somewhat dissatisfied.

Mrs. Alliston was still snugly ensconced in her bed, for she never rose early, and always retired late, her motto being, "Mrs. Alliston first, the world afterward." That lady of portly dimensions had her peculiar theory of life. To eat the best food obtainable, and a great deal of it; to wear the heaviest silks, and the softest cashmeres; and to sleep in the downiest of beds; these were to her the necessities of life. That the food was provided from the larder of her niece; that the silks and cashmere were gracious gifts, and that the downy couch cost her nothing, mattered little; her niece needed her, she needed her niece, ergo, her niece sought in every way possible to render her happy and comfortable; and she, in return for her comfort and happiness, was a model duenna; never questioning, never criticising, humoring all that young lady's whims, yet retaining that free, hearty out-spokenness, that made her seem not in the least a dependent, and which was, as Mrs. Alliston well knew, most pleasing to the heiress.

Altogether, they were a pair of very sensible women. Mrs. Alliston ate when she liked, and slept when she liked; Miss Wardour did what she liked, and both were satisfied.

While Miss Wardour was promenading her garden, and Mrs. Alliston was comfortably sleeping, two men were approaching each other on the sandy road that ran from the town past Wardour Place.

The one coming from townward was our detective tramp, looking all that a tramp should be.

The other, approaching from the opposite direction, was a sleek, respectable looking, middle-aged man, who might have been some small farmer dressed in his Sunday clothes, which fitted him none too well.

Almost opposite the gates of Wardour Place they met and passed each other, the tramp saluting respectfully, the other responding with a stolid stare.

A little further on the tramp turned slowly and looked back. The farmer-looking individual had entered the grounds of Wardour Place, and was hurrying straight on toward the entrance, looking neither to the right nor left.

"Go!" muttered the tramp, with the air of a man who would have been astonished then, but for the fact that he never allowed anything to astonish him. "So he is mixing himself up in this affair' I wonder in what capacity? Can it be that by some means he has been selected to work up this case? Oh! oh! Bless my soul! What a coincidence that would be!"

Evidently he had grasped at a new idea, and one that was somewhat startling. He quickened his pace until, unconsciously, it became almost a trot. The mask of studied vacancy dropped from his face, leaving it alert, keen, analytical. His mind had grasped at a problem, and he was studying it with knitted brow and compressed mouth, as he hurried on countryward, not heeding anything save the thought which possessed him.

It was Sunday morning, too early for church goers, and too late for cow boys. So he met no one on his hurried march, and when at last he began to moderate his pace, he was a full mile from Wardour Place. As his walk grew slower his face relaxed, and gradually resumed its mask of careless stupidity.

Finally he paused, looked about him, laughed a short half laugh, and crossing the road, vaulted a high-wired fence, with the ease of a harlequin, and took his way across a meadow toward the river.

"Tra-la, tra-la-la-la-la," chirped he, softly and contentedly. "What a pretty bottle of fish. How I should love to sit down right beside it and see it boil, stir it occasionally; instead, I must go far away, and meantime, who knows, the bottle may boil over. But I hope not—I trust not. I will try and prevent it; and, to do that, I must drop a little shell before I go. I must bind Miss Wardour over to my aid. I must show her that it is wise to trust me. I must have a confidante here, and there are only two to

To be Continued

Baby's Own Soap

IS NOT, as most soaps, made from "soap fat," the refuse of the kitchen or the abattoir.

VEGETABLE OILS supply the necessary ingredients — one of the reasons why it should be used in nurseries and for delicate skins.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY APRIL 17, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

TO MEET AT CHATHAM.

Continued from Page 3.

City, H S Salt, 34; Ramblers, F H Daley, 46; R.C.B.C., J P Willows, 68; St. Alphonsus, S P Grant, 20; T.B.C., A F Webster, 16; Tourists, D Densmore, 87; West Association, W J McLean, 10; Wanderers, H P Wilson, 97; Argonauts, G H Munts, 20.

Niagara Falls: H E Simpson, 62.

Orillia: J Boyle, 33.

Owen Sound: A J Frost, 54.

Orangeville: D B Brown, 33.

Oshawa: C M Mundy, 41.

Ottawa: T A Beamant, 50; A.A.C., F Chittick, 28.

Petrolea: Imperial, B P Corey, 133.

Paris: C W Lawton, 18.

Peterboro: P Campbell, 53.

Port Hope: G D Clarke, 29.

Perth: A C Shaw, 47.

Picton: H E C Melrose, 37.

Quebec: F M McNaughton, 641.

Ridgetown: Dr. Marr, 33.

St. Thomas: E E Weldon, 52.

Sarnia: D McKenzie, 140.

Simcoe: C S Allen, 63.

St. Catharines: Owls, G P Mittleberger, 100.

St. George: F K Bell, 14.

Sunderland: J H Clendenning, 8.

Stouffville: C R Fitch, 14.

Sherbrooke, Que.: T T Cartwright, 59.

Trenton: R H Spencer, 18.

Toronto: Athenaeum, G Schofield, 183; Association Wheelmen, 12; British America, H B Housan, 35; Calumet, H L Doble, 38; Camera, G R Baker, 13; Cyclists' Association, G A Kingston, 7; Civil Service, M E Birds, 41; Canoeists, G A Howell, 38; Epworth League, R H McBride, 9; Globe, H Good, 48; Garrison, Sergt. Beattie, 6; Hall, W J Darby, 32; Parkdale, C C Henderson, 40.

Vancouver, B.C.: W L Collins, 200.

Walkerville: H O Kerr, 100.

Woodstock: F Hyde, 49.

Waterloo: C W Wells, 49.

Walkerton: F J Macoum, 75.

Winnipeg: Rovers, W W Beaton, 115.

Levis, Que.: O H Carrier, 91.

S Marys: M Dewey, 18.

The amendment of Messrs. A. F. Webster and George H. Orr that the C.W.A. take 10 per cent. of the gross gate receipts of the July races carried unanimously, and hereafter the association will know their financial connection with the meet holders.

Hereafter all past presidents of the association in good standing shall be members of the Dominion Board.

The board meeting convened after luncheon, with President-elect Orr in the chair. They lost little time in electing the different committees.

The chairmanship of the Racing Board resulted in a surprise to some members of the board. Mr. Beamant, the Ottawa candidate, had a good majority over Messrs. Watson and Hurst, who finished in the order named. Mr. Beamant made a manly address in reply to the demand for a speech. He had canvassed for no votes and had only those to thank who helped him in. He would use every effort for the furtherance of bicycle racing in the Dominion. According to the constitution the two chief offices are filled by the representatives. Mr.

MACNAUGHTON FROM QUEBEC.

Orr, being elected by acclamation, left only a contest for the vice-presidency, Mr. Wells of Waterloo securing the place after a contest. Of course, Hal B. Daly has a permanency of the secretary-treasurership, and thus the list of officers for the coming year will be as follows:

President—George H Orr, Toronto Wanderers.

Vice-President—Clayton Wells, Waterloo.

Racing Board—J A Beamant, Ottawa, chairman; Bliss F Corey, Petrolea; J G Gauld, Hamilton; W G McClelland, Toronto; A E Walton, R.C.B.C.

Transportation Committee—A F Webster, chairman; D J Watson, Montreal; R J Wilson, Kingston.

Rules and Regulations—W A Irwin, chairman; membership of two left to the president.

Rights and Privileges—E B Ryckman, chairman; membership left to the president.

Several amendments to the association bylaws had been handed in. Some were important and others not.

Vice-President Wells' amendment, asking for Provincial championship meets, created a lengthy discussion. Messrs. Beaton, Dr. Balfour, Hill, Beamant, Cartwright and Secretary Doaly favored the innovation, while ex-President Robertson, Ryckman, McNaughton and Rubenstein opposed the amendment, which was finally carried, and next year each of the Provinces is entitled to championship races.

The appointment of chairmen and members of district racing boards shall be left to the Dominion Racing Board chairman, and none of these shall be connected with the bicycle trade.

The gold brick proposition was bowled over. After appointing Dr. Doolittle, the C.W.A. delegate to the National Cyclists'

WINNIPEG WANTS IT IN '98.

Union races at Glasgow, and exchanging reciprocal greetings with the Canadian Lacrosse Association and Western Football Association, the meeting adjourned.

The old man who looks out at the world with clear and healthy eyes cannot help feeling great gratification at the thought that his children have inherited from him no weakness nor tendency to disease. The healthy old man is the man who has throughout his life kept his digestion good and his blood pure. Not one in a thousand does do it. Germs go through the healthy body without effect. Let them once find lodgment or let them find a weak spot, they will develop by the million and the blood will be full of them. Instead of giving strength to the tissues, it will force upon them innutritious matter, and the man will lose flesh and the more susceptible he is to disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only medicine that absolutely and infallibly cures all blood diseases, and almost all diseases are blood diseases. It isn't a medicine for some one particular so-called disease. It is a medicine for the *whole body*. It forces out all the germs of disease, and replaces impurities with rich, red blood.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

RUIN, LOSS AND TROUBLE

When Common Dyes Are Used.

Of all the preparations sold by druggists and general dealers in Canada for domestic use, certain package dyes for home dyeing give more trouble and cause more loss of time and money than all other articles sold.

The reason, and the only reason that can be given, is that there are so many imitations of the celebrated Diamond Dyes now on the market, some of these worthless dyes being home-made and some foreign. These common dyes are sold by some retailers for the sake of the large profits they bring.

If perfect dyeing work is looked for in the home, the ladies are always protected when they buy the Diamond Dyes. No other dyes have such a record for good work ; no other dyes are so pure, strong, fast and brilliant.

Avoid imitation and worthless dyes if you would keep trouble and loss from your door. See that the name "Diamond" is on every package of dye that your dealer supplies you with.

WARNED BY THE QUADRA.

The Complaint Made Against the Canadian Government by the Owner of the U.S. Fishing Steamer Edith.

Tacoma, Wash., April 16.—W. N. Lasier, one of the owners of the American steamer Edith, which fished off the North Pacific halibut banks during the winter, says the officers of the Canadian revenue cutter Quadra warned the vessel not to fish off the coast of British Columbia, under penalty of seizure, although she was several miles beyond the three mile limit. Lasier says that another American fishing vessel has also been warned. He claims to have reported the matter to the United States authorities, and is waiting advices He hesitates, under the conditions, to send the vessel to the banks. The greater part of the Edith's catch was shipped from Tacoma to New York and Boston. The vessel might be sent out from British Columbia ports under the British flag, but the duty charged by the United States on halibut caught by British vessels would make the business of catering to the American trade unprofitable.

UNITED PRESBYTERIANISM.

The Object of the Gathering of Ministers Now Being Held in Chicago.

Chicago, April 16.—Many distinguished Presbyterian ministers are in session in Chicago to-day to consider methods of bringing the various Presbyterian church organizations of the world into closer harmony. These men are members of the western section of the executive commission of the Alliance of Reformed Churches throughout the world holding the Presbyterian system. They come from many sections of the United States and canada and represent a variety of Presbyterian churches. Their sessions will not be open to the public. The western section of the commission has 56 members. Rev. William Caven, principal of Knox College, Toronto is the chairman. Rev. W. H. Roberts, clerk of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, is the American secretary.

They Murdered Armenians.

Constantinople, April 16.—It is reported here that 200 arrests have been made at Tokat, in the Sivas District of Armenia, in connection with the recent massacre there, including the Mutessarif and the Chief of Police and Gendarmerie.

When You Are Crippled and Disabled by Rheumatism Use Paine's Celery Compound.

It Cures Perfectly and Permanently.

"Save me from my sufferings and excruciating agonies!" Thousands of helpless and suffering ones utter this cry daily.

A kind Providence has permitted the afflicted ones to see the glorious spring time with its joyous singing birds and budding flowers, but they cannot enjoy the beauties of nature ; they are martyrs to rheumatism and sciatica, and can think of nothing but their own pitiful condition.

Sufferers, you are completely hedged in by dangers, and the sooner you escape from them the better. A little longer putting off—another week's procrastination, and death may receive you in its cold embrace.

Do not longer remain inactive or go on experimenting with medicines that cannot cure you. Paine's Celery Compound, that banisher of rheumatism, in a scientific way removes the cause, and permanently cures.

Your muscles, joints and limbs that have become stiffened and contracted will become limber after Paine's Celery Compound has been used for a time, and soon—very soon—you will walk as spry as any youth.

Thousands have forever banished their rheumatism by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, and have given the most decided and convincing testimony. Try its virtues, poor sufferer, this very day! No one ever failed to find health and strength who faithfully used nature's true remedy—Paine's Celery Compound.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 14th 1897.

The market this week has been well attended, especially in live stock for shipment, and also for our own market butchers. Messrs. Kennedy & Nelson have weighed and purchased a fine lot of cattle, sheep, calves, hogs, &c., for their local Easter maket, as well as for shipment some fine heifers weighing 300 pounds.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65s	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 60	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$3 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 08
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 20
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 17
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave. How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of **Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine** will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

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It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.

WEBSTER THE STANDARD.

The Toronto Globe says:—

The International is rapidly becoming recognized as the most reliable standard dictionary published. In addition to fulfilling the primary function of a dictionary, the International contains a vast amount of general information of great value.—Jan. 11, 1896.

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Use Big G for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

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Of Automatic Machinery lessens the cost of bicycles, but does not improve the quality. In our Handmade SKYLARK every process of the manufacture is closely watched by expert workmen, preventing any possibility of defective material being used.

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The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

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SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER OF TRENT NAVIGATION WORKS, Office, Post Office Block, Peterborough.

Medical.

DR. RYERSON

EYE, EAR, THROAT. 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM

214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, May 8th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH

Graduate of Trinity and Queen's Universities New York Polyclinic and Post Graduate. Late Assistant Surgeon to New York Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose Hospital. Telephone 26.

OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

MISS BRADEN

MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 383 Water-st., at home Saturdays and Monday and

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of the right kind will make a big difference around the home. The old Shabby Rocker can be made positively handsome—The dull Iron Bedstead can be made to shine, and the bath made to look like porcelain if painted with

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all ready to use. Any one can apply them.

For floors we make floor paints—for buildings, house paint; for barns, barn paint, etc., etc. Each paint is the best there is for its purpose. Just tell your dealer what you want to paint, and that you want THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS and you'll be right.

Get our Sample Cards—from your dealer or ourselves. Our booklet, "Paint Points," is free for the asking. Address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

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are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B. A., pastor. Easter praise service 10 a. m.; regular service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Special Easter music. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p. m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, April 18th. Service at 11 a. m., conducted by the pastor. Special Easter music at the morning service. Subject, "Easter Rejoicings." Service at 7 p. m., by Evangelist Ranton. Subject, "Tragedies and Triumphs." Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Strangers welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev O. C. Elliott, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. Easter Day. 7 a. m., celebration of the Holy Communion. 8 a. m., second celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a. m., Morning prayer and sermon, and at the conclusion of morning prayer a third celebration of the Holy Communion. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p. m., Evensong with sermon. Ushers—W Hinchcliff, R H Kells, J Mulholland and A Roberts. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, April 18th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school 2.30 p.m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p.m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p.m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F Torrance, D. D., pastor. Communion service at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7 p. m. Special collection for colleges at both services. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. after evening service—Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. Easter Day. 8 a. m., Holy Communion. 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m, evening prayer and sermon.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

DIVINE GUIDANCE.—Rev. W. M. Eadie. Parlor meetings are held daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., commencing at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m, consisting of singing, addresses and conversation, without the usual routine of prayer. Bible reading and collection. Friends are free to come late or leave early when they are not able to remain during the whole service which usually continues for two hours.

PILL-OSOPHY

There are pills and pills—but Dr Agnew's Liver Pills at 20 cents a vial lead in demand. The sale borders on the phenomenal.

Sluggish liver, constipation or irregular bowels are the precursors of many physical disorders.

These little wonders remove the cause.

They are entirely vegetable. They act on the liver and bowels without disturbance to the system, diet or occupation. They never gripe. They act pleasantly. 40 in a vial for 20 cents. Sold by H. B. MacDonald.

THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. C.

"A CHRISTIAN SOCIALIST'S CREED."

A little book bearing the above title was sent to me last week from England by a friend, and although the Christian Socialist's Creed is something too lengthy to be published in extenso in the Fortnightly Club column, I think some extracts from it will not be uninteresting to our readers, nor unsuited to this holy season.

The word "socialism" is still by many regarded as indicative of either a dangerous and malignant theory, the offspring of discontent and covetousness, or as a harmless fad of cobweb-spinning theorists The creed of the Christian socialist, however, is not to be identified with that of Karl Marx, or of Ferdinand Lassalle, and it is in some respects unfortunate that some other term than Christian socialism could not be employed. For it is almost impossible not to suppose that just as socialism is an economic theory which a man may embrace as tending to "the greatest good of the greatest number," or reject as subversive of law, order and progress, so Christian socialism is a theory which Christian men and women may likewise accept or reject at will.

But as a matter of fact Christian socialism simply means the Christian doctrine of society. Christianity is not only "the plan of salvation" for any number of individuals, it is the progressive realization of the kingdom of God upon earth.

Thy kingdom come
Thy will be done on EARTH,

is the Christian's prayer. To say these words on Sunday and daring the balance of the week to seek solely the accomplishment of our own will, is, if we only thought about it, as hideous a mockery of God as we can well imagine.

∴

"A Christian Socialist's Creed" is written by a Dean, and the Dean of one of the stateliest of English cathedrals, situated not in the heart of a great city, but in the quiet little English town of Ely, in the Fen country. The ordinary idea of a Dean is one who having laboriously compiled a Greek dictionary, or edited some ancient classics, or in some other way conferred the distinction of scholarship upon his church, is rewarded with the headship of a cathedral chapter, a comfortable house and income to match, surrounded by the most conservative and aristocratic society

"Far from the madding crowd's ignoble throng."

∴

But the present Dean of Ely—Dr. Stubbs—is profoundly interested in the not ignoble social strife of to-day, nor has he allowed the responsibilities of his high position to quench his ardor for the cause of the kingdom of Christ. Rather has he nobly used it, as all privileges should be used, to augment his influence, and to support more obscure laborers in the same field with the prestige of his home and title. When an English clergyman, a scholar and a gentleman, who has written books bearing such titles as "Christ and Democracy," "Village Politics," "The Land and the Laborers," "Christ and Economics," is raised by the Prime Minister to one of the foremost positions in the Church, and from that position utters no uncertain sound, but boldly proclaims the creed of Christian socialists, many blind eyes are opened, and many deaf ears are unstopped, to see and to hear the new-old Gospel.

∴

The prime article in the creed of Christian socialism, is the *supremacy of Christ* in every sphere and every interest of life. "We believe that Jesus Christ by His incarnation exalted human nature, consecrated all human relations, claimed supremacy over all realms of human thought and action."

Flowing naturally out of this article comes the expression of faith in the Church, not as to-day it is too generally regarded, as merely an organization for Christian worship, but as the Divinely ordained Society for the realization of Christ's supremacy. "We believe that Jesus Christ founded not merely a world wide Philosophy, or even an universal religion, but a Church, a Society, and ideal Kingdom, with ordinances, rules and administration, to be a store house of redemption forever. We believe, therefore, that the Christian Church in the idea of its founder, had for its object the re-organization and restitution of society, no less than the salvation and deliverance of the individual. We believe, therefore, that there is an order of society which is the best; that towards this order the world is gradually moving according to a definite divine plan."

∴

The Christian socialist recognises the hand of God in the events of history, in the honest setting forth of truth everywhere. "We believe in the Bible of God's continuous revelation, whose chapters are history, politics and science, as well as in that other revelation of spiritual truth which we rightly reverence as the very Word of God."

The Christian socialist places the following interpretation upon the old "battle cry of revolution, liberty, equality and fraternity." "We believe in liberty freedom, not to do what one likes, but freedom to do what one ought, and that, therefore, respect for individual rights must never blind us to the higher reverence we owe to Social Duty." "We believe in fraternity—that we are all one man in Christ Jesus,' but that no man can say sincerely 'our brothers who are on earth,' who has not previously learned to say 'Our Father which art in heaven." "We believe in equality—equality, that is to say, not of condition, but of consideration, and we express it in the maxim that everybody is to count for one and nobody for more than one."

∴

The Christian socialist has of course something to say about trade. "We believe that in Christ's Kingdom the law of life is service, not competion, and that no money therefore is legitimately earned which is not an exchange value for actual services rendered—services which minister to life and help on the common good, and that consequently no wealth is honest wealth which is accumulated by taking advantage of the weakness or the ignorance of our neighbors, and rendering them no equivalent is reciprocal service.

In regard to the difficult subject of speculation, the Christian Socialist says that the investor "is bound not only to ask whether the business is *safe* to pay, but whether the business *deserves* to pay. The principle of the 'living wage' is asserted to mean that "the worker is not only to be able to maintain his own working powers in the highest state of efficiency, but also to enable himself and family to live a decent, a joyous and a reasonable life, according to the standard of life of his class." "The living wage must be the bed-rock of price, the first charge on the product of work, and that, therefore, some way must be found in a Christian system of trade for prices to follow wages, not wages to follow prices."

Our space forbids further quotation this week, but we propose to continue the subject next week. In the meantime we beg to remind our readers that the subject matter of the F. C. C. is always open to discussion.

To be Continued.

ED. F. C. C.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

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My baby had Eczema in its worst form. The top of her head was as raw as a piece of beef, the hair eaten down to the scalp by applying tar poultices, and I thought if she ever got well she would be bald. The best physician in the city attended her, but she continued to get worse all the time, and he finally admitted "it was the most obstinate case he had ever seen," and that he was "at his wits' end." Some one suggested CUTICURA REMEDIES, which I purchased and tried. *In a few days I noticed a great change.* She continued to improve, and *to-day is entirely cured*, has a nice head of hair, is lively and hearty, and the disease shows no signs of returning. I send you her photograph to show her as she is to-day.

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A $500 Gold Brick to the Amateur who will win three out of five of the '97 Canadian Amateur Championships on a Red Bird fitted with Electric Tires.

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This makes three gold bricks, the actual value of which is $1,250.

Proof of the Red Bird's Superiority is found.....

in the notable successes of Red Bird riders in every Province of the Dominion last season; in Martin's and Kellow's recent phenomenal successions of brilliant wins in Australia, and in the fact that four out of five of the Class B. Championships of '95, and four out of five of the Professional Championships of '96 were won by Red Bird riders. All of which goes to prove our contention that when anything worth winning is won, the trick is generally accomplished on a Red Bird.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 91. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

HAVE DECLARED WAR

Turkey and Greece are Now Locked Arms.

The Preliminaries Soon Over, and When the Envoys Got Their Passports From the Respective Countries Fierce Fighting Took Place—Fifty Thousand Men in Several Battles Yesterday—The Whole of the Frontier of Thessaly Ablaze.

BULLETIN.

Constantinople, April 17.—War with Greece has been declared.

Constantinople, April 17.—Following the news of the incursion by the Greeks on Turkish territory the Council of Ministers at the palace to day recalled the general assembly, gave passports to Prince Maurocordato, the Greek Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and ordered Edhem Pasha, the Turkish military commander, to take the offensive. No actual declaration of war has been made.

A detailed circular sent this evening to the Turkish representatives abroad recalls the week's invasions and states that the newest incursion was participated in by the Greek troops, which, therefore, establishes war, which has broken out.

The circular expresses the hope that the powers, in a spirit of justice, will agree that the entire responsibility for the war falls on Greece. Turkey has no idea of conquest, and, as a fresh proof of pacific sentiments, offers to retire the Turkish troops on the frontier if Greece will retire here from the frontier and from Crete.

The Situation Explained.

London, April 18.—The Greco-Turkish situation is understood here to be substantially as follows: War has not officially been declared between Turkey and Greece, but it has been declared officially to have "broken out." The Turkish Cabinet has decided to sever diplomatic relations with Greece, and has ordered Edhem Pasha, the commander of the Turkish forces, to take the offensive. It is considered in London that war between Turkey and Greece has actually begun, the Turkish declaration that war has "broken out" being merely for the purpose of diplomatically putting the onus of the war upon the Kingdom of Greece.

Firing on Saturday.

Athens, April 17, midnight.—In spite of the fact that the official reports indicate that firing on the frontier ceased at midday a telegram from Larissa at 7 o'clock in the evening says that firing continued past 4 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon. The line of fire extended from Mount Analipsis post to Klephtika Gentokia, a distance equal to 90 minutes' march. The Turks, falling back, abandoned several stations, which the Greeks promptly occupied. The Greeks cannonaded the Turks from the Greek position at Tsamtoja, in the rear. The cannonading caused much excitement at other points. Since noon strong bodies of Turks have concentrated in the direction of Mount Analipsis. At 5 o'clock the firing slackened. It is expected the Turks will attempt a night attack upon Analipsis, which was the central point of the battle. Greek reinforcements have arrived and there is a general movement of troops towards the frontier. Reinforcements are being hurried towards the frontier from all directions.

A Night Attack.

Athens, April 18, 1 a.m.—An official despatch from Larissa, dated at 9 o'clock last (Saturday) night, says that the Turks, under cover of darkness, are assaulting the Greek forces at Mount Analipsis with great fierceness. The Greeks' resistance, so far, has been magnificent. The Greeks maintain their positions. The firing begun at Gritsovali. The fighting at Gritsovali commenced in an attempt of the Turks to occupy a strategic portion of the neutral zone. The Turks continue to abandon their advance posts, a general movement apparently taking place. Firing is reported from Moluna. From Larissa the flashing of guns can be seen. In yesterday's fight at Mount Analipsis the Greeks lost 40 wounded and 3 killed.

Greece Enters a Protest.

Athens, April 18, 1.30 a.m.—The Cabinet has decided to protest to the powers against the aggressive action of Turkey. An invasion by Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander, is expected and the Greek army has taken up positions for the purpose of being in readiness to repel the advance.

All Along the Frontier.

Athens, April 18, 2.40 a.m.—Firing is reported along the whole line of the frontier in Thessaly.

THE FEELING AT ATHENS.

Sinking of a Greek Steamer Brings on Prevesa's Bombardment.

Athens, April 18, 11 a.m.—The Turkish batteries at Prevesa, on the north shore of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, where, according to the treaty of Berlin, the Turks had no right to erect fortifications, fired on and sank a Greek steamer, the Macedonia, this morning while she was attempting to leave the Gulf of Ambracia. The crew of the steamer were saved by boats from the shore, but the captain of the Macedonia was severely wounded.

Upon receipt of this news, the Greek Government sent orders to the Greek fleet in the Gulf of Ambracia to bombard Prevesa. Consequently the bombardment of Prevesa commenced at 6 o'clock this morning and continues as this despatch is sent. Prevesa, which is in Epirus, and 18 miles from Arta, is strongly fortified.

The Turkish Minister here, Assim Bey, has asked for his passports. They have been handed to him and he has left Athens for Constantinople. The German Minister at Athens, Baron Von Pierson, has undertaken to protect Turkish interests in Greece during the severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries. The Greek Minister at Constantinople, Prince Mavrocordato, has been recalled.

Throughout the day there were scenes of extraordinary excitement here. The streets were crowded with people discussing the outbreak of war and its probable outcome. The general feeling was one of satisfaction at the relief from the irritating tension of the past few weeks, which had gradually become almost unendurable, and which is ended at last by overt acts, it is claimed here, upon the part of Turkey. The Greeks hold that it was an attempt upon the part of the Turkish forces to occupy a strategic position near Mount Analipsis, not far from Nezeros, in the neutral zone, which led to the encounter on Friday between the Greeks and the Turks. This, it is added, was used at Constantinople as a reason for ordering Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, to assume the offensive, and led to the rupture of diplomatic relations between the countries.

The so-called outrage off Prevesa this morning, when the Turkish batteries there sank the Greek steamer Macedonia, further justified Greece, in the minds of the Athenians, in waging war to the death against Turkey. The Greek Government, therefore, is warmly commended for recalling the Greek Minister at Constantinople, and not waiting, according to the Turkish version, until Prince Mavrocordato was handed his passports.

It is stated in some quarters that Assim Bey, the Turkish Minister to Greece, did not wait for his passports to be handed to him, but so soon as he received the sum of 5000 francs telegraphed to him from Constantinople through the Athenian Bank, for traveling expenses, etc., he hastily quitted this city.

Little news of a reliable nature has been received here or allowed to leak out, regarding what has really transpired on the frontier. It is known, however, that the whole frontier of Thessaly has been blazing with murderous firing since early this morning, and that the Greeks have captured a fortified position at Menexa in Macedonia.

According to the general understanding here, the Turkish plan of campaign is a concentration of the Turks near the important Greek frontier town of Tyrnavos, with a view of forcing the mountain passes leading towards Larissa. One report, which is generally credited, has it that Edhem Pasha, at the head of 12,000 men, has already begun this movement, and rumors in this respect are flying, the substance of them being that the battle which is expected to be fought at or near Tyrnavos has already commenced.

The Greek plan of campaign, so far as it is understood by the Athenians, is founded on the defence of Larissa in the first instance, an attack upon that place having been anticipated and prepared for by occupying and taking every possible advantage of all strategic points. The country there is admirably suited for defence, and while this defence is undertaken, the Greek fleet is relied on to destroy the coast ports of Epirus and Macedonia. The Greek belief in ultimate success is based on the expectation of a universal rising of the Macedonians and Epirotes, so soon as the Greeks succeed in winning a brilliant victory anywhere over the Turks.

FIGHTING ON THE FRONTIER.

Fierce Work at Karaya All Day Saturday—Turks Were Steady.

Headquarters of the Turkish Army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 17, 10 p.m. (delayed in transmission).—The correspondent of the Associated Press, at this hour, has just returned from Karaya, on the Greek frontier, north of Tyrnavos and three hours' ride from here. A fierce battle between the Turks and Greeks is now raging at Karaya. The fighting has been in progress all day. The correspondent left the Turkish headquarters here on horseback this morning and arrived at Karaya three hours later. The battle was then proceeding and the correspondent was enabled to watch the fighting from a point near the tent of Hamid Pasha, who is in command of the sixth army corps, the Turkish force there engaged. Hamid Pasha, surrounded by his staff, was watching the movements of the opposing forces. The combatants were posted on the faces of two hills overlooking a small valley at a distance of about a mile. It appeared that the Greek force, which was evidently composed of the regular troops of Greece, crossed the frontier

Continued on page 3

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

How the Two Hundred Militiamen Have Been Picked.

General Gascoigne Decides to Reorganize Canadian Militia and Reduce the 35,000 on Paper to 25,000 Men Who Would be of Service if Needed—The Annual Summer Camps Will be Held This Year in June—Ottawa Gossip.

Ottawa, April 18.—(Special.)—The authorities of the Militia Department have been busily engaged since the receipt of the Colonial Secretary's message, making arrangements for sending the troops to England to take part in the Sons of Empire parade on the occasion of Her Majesty's Jubilee, and on Saturday the Cabinet approved of the scheme of selection. The list of regiments has been carefully gone over, the desire being to make the detachment as representative as possible. It is settled that all arms of the service are to be inspected in battalion, and, in order that the contingent may be an essentially strong one, representatives are to be drawn from every Province. With very few exceptions, the infantry and rifles are to be chosen from the city battalions. The proportion will be about four men from each corps. The three Toronto regiments will each contribute their quota, also the 13th Hamilton, 7th London, the Guards and 43rd Ottawa, 14th Kingston and 38th Brantford. In addition to these, Guelph, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston and London Field Batteries will, it is expected, send a small contingent, while the Governor-General's Body Guard and the P.L.D. Guards will assist to form a cavalry representation. Although from two to four men may seem a small portion to be called, yet, as the number for the whole Dominion is fixed at 200, it will be seen that the department has had no easy task before it. However, the red coats and green coats from Ontario, when grouped with their comrades in arms from the other Provinces, will make a respectable showing. As there are only two kilted regiments in the Dominion—the Highlanders and Royal Scots—it is probable these corps will be asked to furnish a few more than other regiments, in order that the "bowlegs" may not be lost sight of altogether. The regimental force of all arms are not to be forgotten on this trip; neither are the Mounted Police. All these different bodies are to be asked to furnish men. Out of compliment to the Minister of Militia, the 68th King's County Battalion, of which Dr. Borden is surgeon-lieutenant-colonel, is to send a contingent. Col. Domville, M.P., has also secured an invitation for his crack cavalry regiment—8th Princess Louise New Brunswick Hussars—to be present.

The annual summer camps will be held this year in June, commencing about the 7th and running along until the end of the month. All those battalions that did not drill last autumn must complete their training before the 30th June. It is not unlikely that autumn camps will be dispensed with hereafter, except for Nova Scotia. The different battalions which go to camp this year will have to be on their best behavior, as it is understood to be the policy of the Government to reduce the force somewhat by wiping out those corps which are not efficient. The existence of some regiments will therefore altogether depend upon the manner in which they acquit themselves during the coming June. It is thought the force of 35,000 on paper can, without detriment to the country's interest, be reduced to 25,000 efficient men. Col. Gascoigne intends to visit as many of the camps as possible, and those that he cannot inspect, the duty will be performed by Col. Lake, quarter-master general, Col. Aylmer, adjutant-general, going to England in command of the Jubilee battalions.

Gen. Gascoigne's desire is that only men who are physically fit for active service should perform annual training, and a general order has been issued providing a standard and physical requirements of non-commissioned officers and men. The age limit is placed between 18 and 45 years. Exceptions may be made in the case of senior non-commissioned officers, whose ages must, however, be not more than 50 years. A minimum chest measurement of 33 inches is required, and the height not less than 5 feet 4 inches for mounted corps and 5 feet 3 inches for dismounted corps. They must have a physical development suitable for their age and be free from symptoms of rheumatic affections and other physical defects, calculated to render them unfit for service, or predisposing them to become non-effective under exposure. They must be free from lameness and be in full possession of senses of speech and hearing. They are not to be flat-footed. When practicable, medical inspection will be made before leaving headquarters for camp; but, if not examined, the inspection must be made immediately on arrival at camp. Those found unfit will be at once returned to their homes, their homes, and the cost of transportation at the rate of 2 cents per mile from local headquarters to camp and return, will be a charge against the pay of the squadron, battery or company officer bringing to camp such as have been found medically unfit for service.

Trade returns for March show a continuance of the rush that is being made to get goods in and duties paid before the changes in the tariff are announced next Thursday. The March exports were $6,453,000 and the imports $11,810,000, making a total trade of $18,263,000. The comparison with the previous year is as follows:

	Total trade.	Duty paid.
March, 1896	$14,253,000	$1,900,000
March, 1897	18,263,000	2,458,000

There was an increase of nearly $2,000,000 in the trade import of raw sugar alone, showing that refiners are anticipating an increase.

For the nine months ending March 31, the comparison with the corresponding nine months of the previous fiscal year was as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Duty paid.
1896	$92,009,000	$83,834,000	$15,463,000
1897	99,192,000	85,089,000	15,789,000

The report published in a Toronto paper that Admiral Markham has declined the command of the Hudson's Bay expedition is entirely without foundation. Capt. Walkham was appointed to the command weeks ago, and is making all arrangements for the trip. Admiral Markham, who went to Hudson's Bay with Lieut. Gordon in 1885, promised to go this year, but finds now that he cannot leave his duties in England.

A report was current in the city yesterday that the Canadian Pacific Railway has accepted the proposition of the Government to build the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. The proposition is said to be that the Government give the company $10,000 per mile, and in return for this subsidy the railway will give up certain of its special privileges which it has in its charter, such as control of rates by the Government. Whatever decision the Government may have reached, your correspondent is in a position to state that it has not been formally communicated to the Canadian Pacific authorities.

Mr. Gorrel of Brockville, a well known mail clerk in this division, and who ran between this city and Brockville, dropped dead in the office of his son, Dr. Gorrel, on Bank-street, on Friday evening. Mr. Gorrel arrived in the city on the Brockville train yesterday at 5 o'clock. During the trip down he complained of feeling unwell, and upon arriving here was driven to his son's residence. He coughed up considerable blood, and a few minutes before 6 o'clock passed away. He leaves a widow and eleven children who reside in Brockville. The remains were taken home yesterday, and the funeral will take place at Brockville tomorrow.

Four officers of Royal Scots waited on Major General Gascoigne a few days ago, in reference to the Board of Enquiry asked for by the officers for the final settlement of misunderstanding between them and their colonel. As a result of their interview the various papers bearing upon the case were forwarded to Hon. Dr. Borden, and it is expected that the Minister of Militia will at once cause a court of enquiry to be convened to adjudicate upon the dispute.

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Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.
3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.
Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.
Telephone 239. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 128 Charlotte-st.

Awnings, Tents Flags.
Waterproof Goods of all kinds.
SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.
We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest
J. J. TURNER & SONS
283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.
Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.
Second Hand Wheels for sale.

Probabilities.

Strong winds and gales from west and north, with a change to decidedly colder weather; showers at some places, followed by snow flurries.

R. F.

THE STARTING AND ENDING
Of Our Business is Selling
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.
We simply surprise those unacquainted with our business with the size, variety and high character of our stock.
The following prices are very special for Easter and the balance of April.
The choicest productions of the best makers are only shown in our Dress Goods Department.
ON SATURDAY MORNING
We place on sale the following lines, specially for Easter Saturday:
1 lot Ladies Capes $1.00 and $1.25, former price $2.50 to $3.50.
1 lot Ladies Golf Capes $3.75, formerly sold at $7.75.
1 lot Ladies Spring Jackets $3.00, formerly sold at $6.00 to $7.00
6 pairs Chenile Portieres at $3.50, former price $6.50.
17 pieces Embroidered Sash Curtain, net at 25c., formerly as high as 85c. the yard.
1 lot Imported Chambreys in the Fancy Stripes at 10, 12½, and 15c., formerly sold at 20c. to 30c.
20 pieces Wide Flannelettes at 5c.
25 pieces English and American Prints at 8c., formerly sold at 10 and 12½c.
10 pairs Frilled Muslin Curtains at $1.50 formerly $2.50.
8 pairs Embroidered and Frilled Curtains at $1.75, formerly so'd at $3.25.
Handsome Swiss Net Curtains $3.25 and $5.00, formerly sold at $5.50 to $7.50.
Ladies Corset Covers 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.
Night Dresses, 50, 75, 85c, and $1.00.
CARPETS.....
We never showed as large a stock in Carpets as we are offering this spring. We are in magnificent shape for selling Spring Carpets and Oilcloths.
MILLINERY.....
We are introducing the Newest Novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and the Latest Ideas in Millinery Trimmings.
We received this week new additions in Kid Gloves and Veilings. We exhibit Taste, Judgement and Experience in every branch of our store.
Umbrellas re-covered while you wait.
ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
283 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.
Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.
Send for full particulars to our address
QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.
All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONEY, 83 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67

"GLOOMY WINTER'S NOO AWA'"

NOW GIVE A THOUGHT TO

EASTER!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Easter decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks for Easter are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Gray Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tops to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideas, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Grey Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Grey, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

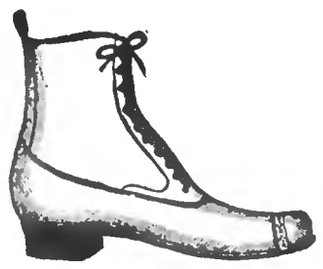
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery. Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Asst.-Sec.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strengthening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897

HAVE DECLARED WAR.

Continued from Page 1.

at 8 o'clock yesterday evening and advanced upon the valley referred to at an early hour this morning. The Greeks later were engaged by four battalions of Turkish infantry, and after some sharp fighting were driven back towards the frontier.

The Greek forces, however, then took up a position on the crest of several hills, and the combatants resumed at 10 o'clock.

Among the invaders were considerable numbers of Sicilian volunteers. At intervals of about two hours the Greeks renewed their attacks upon the Turkish position. The Turks remained calm and stood on the defensive, though suffering considerable loss.

The number of killed and wounded among the Turks could not be ascertained at that time, but the correspondent saw 43 Turkish wounded brought to the rear with the five bodies of Turkish officers. Only two wounded Turks and the bodies of the officers were being brought from the front to the field hospitals, hence the number of men killed could not be gathered. The dead were left where they fell.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the correspondent left Karaya, more Turkish wounded were being carried in to camp. The Greeks appeared to be contenting themselves with occupying the position which they had taken upon the crest of the hills and maintaining a heavy fire from it without advancing, but at the same time preventing the Turkish troops from crossing the frontier. The Turks returned the fire of the Greeks with persistent spirit.

While the correspondent of the Associated Press was at Karaya, Hamdi Pasha, the Turkish commander, received a despatch from Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, saying that a general advance of the Turkish forces had been ordered for to-morrow, war between Turkey and Greece having been declared. This news was received by the Turks with enthusiastic shouts, meaning "Long live war." At the same time that Hamdi Pasha received the news of the declaration of war he received news of a fresh attack by a Greek force, in the direction of Eleuthochori, to the north and left of Zarkos.

During the correspondent's return journey here he heard further firing, both rifles and artillery. This was after nightfall, though a full moon was shining.

Edhem Pasha at this hour is holding a council of war and it is expected that a great battle will be fought to-morrow. The Turkish troops are most eager for a general engagement.

The weather continues very cold.

The Powers Notified.

Brussels, April 18.—The Independance Belge to-day announces that Turkey has officially declared war against Greece, and that a notification to this effect was sent to the powers this morning.

FORT AT ACTIUM DESTROYED

By the Turkish Fire Which Opened Hot at 5 30 a.m. Yesterday.

Athens, April 18, 7 p.m.—The Greek commander at Actium, opposite Prevosa, telegraphs that the Greek steamer Macedonia, which was fired upon this morning by the Turkish batteries, did not sink in deep water, but was able to run ashore near the entrance of the gulf.

It appears that the bombardment of Prevosa only began at 11.30 a.m., whereas the Turkish forts there opened a hot fire upon Actium at 5.30 a.m. Actium was formerly a telegraph station, but the building was converted into a fort and was garrisoned by 500 men. The Turkish fire completely destroyed it. Several of the garrison were killed and wounded, although the Turkish aim was often wide.

The Greek commander requested instructions by telegraph, and the Minister of War ordered him to bombard Prevosa immediately. At 10 a.m. the Safidaki fort fired a few shots on a Greek gunboat, which replied, effectually silencing the Turkish battery.

At 11 o'clock the Greeks began to attack the Turkish forts outside the entrance of the Gulf, partly to divert the enemy's attention and partly in order to prevent the massacre of the Greeks at Prevosa. The Greek ironclad Spetzai has arrived to assist in bombarding Prevosa and the gunboats continue to bombard from inside the Gulf.

According to the last telegrams from Actium, 2000 Greeks crossed the Gulf of Arta from Vonitza to Salagora and are now marching on Prevosa. Various reports are current as to the landing of the insurgent bands on the Chalkis Peninsula. Bugles are sounding in various quarters of the city, soldiers are hastening to their barracks, and bodies of troops, hurriedly equipped, are being despatched to the front amid enthusiastic ovations from the crowds that fill the streets. Numerous conferences have taken place to-day between the King and the Cabinet and, as a result of them, the two last classes of 1886 reserves have been called out.

GREEKS STAND TOGETHER.

Opposition Leader Backs Up the Premier's Patriotic Declarations.

Athens, April 18, 8 p.m.—A late special sitting of the Legislative Assembly was held to-day. The public galleries were crowded. Amid intense excitement M. Delyannis, the Premier, announced that the Turkish Government had to-day notified Greece of the rupture of diplomatic relations on the ground of the aggressive attitude of the Greek Government. In a cool but most deliberate speech he reviewed the recent events to show, on the contrary, that Turkey had been the aggressor, that her troops had attacked the Greeks and attempted to occupy the neutral positions and that her batteries at Prevosa, had sunk the Greek ship Macedonia. "Turkey," said M. Delyannis, "declares war against us. We accept it."

This statement was received with prolonged cheers from the galleries and the floor of the Chamber.

The Premier then read despatches reciting the events which had happened on the frontier, and with reference to the reported capture of Menexa he said that the batteries at that important position had been brought into action, but he knew nothing as to its alleged capture. He added that the Turks, after repeated attempts to force a passage at Reveni, which commands the road to Larissa, had been driven back. The leader of the Opposition, amid renewed cheers from all parts of the chamber and from the galleries, eloquently endorsed the patriotic declarations of the Premier.

Turkish Batteries Destroyed.

Athens, April 18, 9 p.m.—A despatch just received here says that the Skafidiki batteries, which were attacked by Greek warships shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon, have been completely destroyed. The Greek battery at Kesipanaghia co-operated effectively with the flotilla in the bombardment.

Turks in Full Retreat.

Larissa, April 18 (headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly).—The Greeks have captured the Turkish positions from Nezerostokoutra, and the Turks are in full retreat toward the interior, where their forces are massing.

The batteries at Menexa ceased firing at 11 p.m. Sunday.

THROWS IT ALL ON GREECE.

Turkish Government is Now Squaring Itself Before the World.

Constantinople, April 18.—An official communication to the newspapers states that the Imperial Government has spared no pains to preserve the peace, but that Greece, having sent troops to Crete in defiance of the wish of the powers, and having begun hostilities on the frontier, has compelled Turkey to defend her integrity and to retaliate by an act of war.

The Minister of War has given explicit orders to Edhem Pasha, in accordance with an Imperial irade, approving the decision of the council and adopting the plan of operations formulated by the military commission. The irade throws the entire responsibility for the war upon Greece.

Edhem Pasha is authorized to take immediate action, defensive or offensive, in accordance with this plan, and in the exercise of his best judgment.

The Porte has handed his passports to Prince Mavrocordato, the Greek Minister to Turkey, together with a note announcing the breaking of diplomatic relations between the two governments and the recall of Assim Bey, the Turkish Minister, and the Turkish consuls. It invites Prince Mavrocordato and all Greek consuls in Turkish territory to quit the confines of the empire, giving the Greek subjects 15 days' notice. Prince Mavrocordato will leave on Tuesday by the Austrian mail boat.

Greeks Driven Back.

Foot of Milouna Pass, April 18, 10 a.m.—A fierce battle raged in the pass all night long. The Greeks, who entered and descended toward the valley, encountered four battalions of Turks, who drove them back, and, at the point of the bayonet, rescued the force garrisoning the Turkish block house, which the Greeks had encircled before entering the pass.

Neshad Pasha, commanding the fifth division, is occupying Mount Parna with a great force, while Hairi Pasha, commanding the sixth division, is engaged to enter the Tchaishan Pass and Haidar Pasha, with the fourth division, occupied the Milouna Pass.

Before dawn Edhem Pasha rode out to direct the disposition of these divisions.

A general engagement ensued. The battle still continues along the entire pass, over 20,000 men being engaged. The combat turns on the possession of the Greek blockhouse, which was most obstinately defended. Several vigorous attacks were made by the Turks without success, but finally about 9 o'clock, by a magnificent dash, they took the blockhouse at the point of the bayonet.

The Greeks are still defending their positions on the summit of the hill. At the present moment four battalions of Mendukh Pasha's division are advancing to the frontier positions already taken. The Turks are fighting like lions, the Turkish artillery doing splendid execution under the command of Riza Pasha.

The correspondent of the Associated Press says: "I regret to have to announce the death of Hafiz Pasha at Milouna. The battle is still undecided, but the Turks, without calling up the reserves, have taken almost the whole pass. It is impossible to give details as to the losses. I saw many groups of wounded men, but they were mostly on the heights. Ambulances have been sent to bring them in. I cannot say whether the Turks intend to advance on Larissa."

Fierce Work.

Athens, April 18, 9 p.m.—In the fighting on the frontier the Turks have occupied Ana and Milouna, but they have not succeeded in taking Kata.

The engagement at Milouna Pass was of the fiercest character, and the losses were heavy on both sides. The Turks destroyed two pieces of Greek artillery. The Greeks captured an entire battery from the Turks.

Three Greek officers of high rank were killed. A large body of Greeks is now marching against Menexe and brisk firing is going on along the whole line as far west as Arta.

At Turkish Headquarters.

Elassona, April 18, headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia.—The first division of the troops are at Domik, the second at Elassona, the fifth at Skompa and the sixth at Karaya (or Koskuy). The last two are engaged in defensive operations. The Greeks who have invaded the district of Mount Godoman have been repulsed. Battalions from the divisions at Apium and Karahissar are arriving at Ismidi en route for Rodosto and Muratli, in order to reinforce the troops in that district.

To Cut Off a Railway Line.

Salonica, April 18.—Greek bands have landed at Elevetheropoli, west of Kavala, and are marching on Goyarn, distant about one kilometre from Dedeagatch. Their design is evidently to cut the railway line to Salonica. Turkish troops have been sent in pursuit and there has been fighting, but the result is not known here.

Will the Powers Interfere?

Paris, April 18.—The Temps calls upon the powers to intervene by force of arms to stop Turkey and Greece from further fighting.

Fifty Thousand Men Engaged.

Elassona, April 18.—The Greeks from all their positions in the Karaya district began the advance toward the frontier at 7 o'clock on Friday evening. The fighting lasted all that night and extended on Saturday to within ten miles of the frontier. It is estimated that 15,000 Greeks were engaged. The battle continued with great vigor throughout Saturday, when altogether 50,000 were engaged.

On Sunday morning the fire was concentrated toward the southeast of Milouna. About noon to-day (Sunday) the Greeks began to give way after the hottest fighting of the engagement. The Turks advanced only a little beyond the frontier into Greek territory. Considering the rapidity of the firing and the expenditure of ammunition, the number of killed is comparatively small, probably under 200. Altogether the behavior of the Turkish troops

Continued on Page 7.

"The enemy is coming: To the fort for your lives!" When a wise man receives a plain warning of danger, he does not wait to let it overtake him; he seeks every reasonable means to fight it off.

Disease would almost never get the best of the average man if he was prepared to resist it, and took the natural precautions dictated by common sense.

When a man's stomach and liver get upset and fail to do their regular work, he can be certain that something worse is bound to follow, if he doesn't look out for himself. Headaches, indigestion, biliousness and constipation are simply Nature's warnings that the enemy of serious disease is coming to attack him.

The sensible thing to do is to immediately fortify the system with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It vitalizes and invigorates the entire constitution. It helps the liver to filter out all bilious impurities.

It gives the digestive and nutritive organs power to extract nourishment from the food and turn it into rich, red, healthy blood. It creates appetite, good digestion, and solid, muscular strength.

It is far superior to the mere temporary stimulus of malt-extracts. It is better than cod liver oil emulsions because it is assimilated by the weakest stomach.

"About fifteen years ago" writes Mr. John McMichael, editor of the Plattsburg, (Mo.) Leader, "I was in very poor health, had no appetite, was sluggish, and so lifeless it seemed impossible for me to do anything that required effort. Every fall and spring this ill-health seemed to affect me particularly. A friend advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery asserting that it would restore me to perfect health, and make 'a new man' of me. Finally he induced me to try the medicine. I weighed at the time about 125 lbs. I used several bottles, and upon quitting it weighed 175 lbs. Since that time my weight has varied from this to 195 pounds.

A cure and permanent cure for constipation is Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic.

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review

MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897

A NEW WHEEL IN '96.

WHY CYCLISTS SHOULD TAKE TIME BY THE SPRINGLOCK.

A Tale of a Suburbanite That Will Point a Moral — If You must Ride Last Year's Model Don't Look in Bicycle Windows.

RIDGELY BEGAN TO RIDE a wheel late in the summer of 1896. He had learned in a riding school, and had waited so late that he might get a bargain.

"It's owing to what you want," said the salesman when Ridgely inquired regarding a wheel; "now, I have one here of 1896 pattern which you——"

"No, no," interrupted Ridgely, "I want the very latest thing you've got."

Of course the very latest thing, even that late in the season was a good round price. Ridgely paid $85 for the wheel, and rode it home that evening.

"Of course," he explained, "I paid a good price for it, but then I'll save car fare all summer and still have a good wheel for 1897."

Ridgely had forgotten that his pronounced objections to a '95 wheel in 1896 might extend to a '96 wheel in 1897.

But Ridgely didn't save car fare, as he expected.

Ridgely lives six miles from his office

IT WAS A NEW WHEEL IN 1896.

and to get down in time necessitates his early rising. He pays board based on two meals a day, and buys his luncheons downtown.

The first time that he rode down was on Aug. 7, 1896. He was steaming hot, and at the corner he stopped for an ice-cold drink. His mouth had been so dry coming in that he bought 5 cents' worth of chewing gum to use on the home trip.

At luncheon he surprised himself.

"Gosh," he exclaimed to a friend, "I haven't had such an appetite this summer."

As a result, his usual 15-cent luncheon stretched to 30 cents, and he was still hungry.

Long before the first frost Ridgely discovered that he had ceased to help out dividends of the city railway company, only that he might contribute more heavily still to a down-town catering company.

"Oh, well," he mused, "what's the odds?"

Altogether Ridgely was an enthusiast. When the first snow came, and when his wheel had been hung on the wall for the winter, he still looked at it admiringly.

"It's light, easy running and it costs nothing to keep it in repair," he said to a friend who questioned him regarding it.

That was in December. Yesterday the two friends met again and began to discuss wheels.

"It won't be long before we'll be riding," said Bolton, looking up toward the warm March sun.

Ridgely smiled in a sickly way.

"You don't seem to be very enthusiastic?" commented Bolton.

"Do you know why?" asked Ridgely. "No."

"I'll tell you; I've been looking into those infernal bicycle windows, with those new models for '97, until I can't think of riding my old wheel."

"But it's just as good as it was when you put it away," suggested his friend.

"Exactly; the trouble, though, is that there are some other wheels a thundering sight better. A woman's old hat which she hangs up at the end of the season is as pretty as it ever was, perhaps, but at the same time it is out of date the next spring; no matter what it cost, she couldn't bring herself to wear it.

"That's just the way I feel about my wheel; I might as well have bought the '95 model last year as to ride a '96 model this summer."

"Exactly," returned Bolton.

And this is why one of the most enthusiastic wheelmen of 1896 promises to be "out of the scorching" in this year of 1897.

But there are hundreds more just like him.

The Amateur Gardener.

"Did I ever tell you about my wife's visit in Texas?" asked Bolton, winking slyly at his visitor.

"No," replied his friend.

"Now, John," began Mrs. Bolton, but Bolton broke in with the story.

"You know she's very fond of flow-

IT WAS SOMETHING HE COULDN'T UNDERSTAND.

ers. Last fall she was in southwest Texas, and part of the time she was visiting a friend on a big ranch.

"In that country the rolling prairie land is fairly dotted with white snail shells. My wife noticed that, and one afternoon she went out and gathered more than a quart of them—big, white fellows, the size of your thumb.

"In the dining-room of this friend's house was a Medeira vine clambering up on a cross which some one had made from white pine. That evening my wife took some of the small shells and planted them in circles around the base of this cross, making a very pretty effect.

"'Isn't it pretty?' she asked of her friend.

"'Oh, yes,' the friend admitted, and Mrs. Bolton wondered what made her friend's eyes dance so.

"She knew next morning when she came down to breakfast.

"Nearly all the shells had crawled up the cross and were stuck there, tight and fast.

"You see, the snails were in 'em!"

"But it isn't anything to Mr. Bolton's garden when we were first married," began Mrs. Bolton, when the laugh had subsided.

It was Bolton's turn to look sheepish.

"We had prepared an onion bed," she continued, "and I bought some onion sets to plant in it. We put a board across the bed, marked rows on each side of it with a stick, and from each end of the board we were setting the little bulbs until the rows met in the middle.

"I didn't notice how he was placing the things, and he was covering them up with his fingers as fast as he set them in the trench.

"Well, we set out the whole bed in that way, and, of course, we watched it for the first sprouts. One nice spring morning we went out and on my side of the onion-bed were half-rows of delicate green tips, just peeping through. There wasn't a sign of an onion on his side.

"On the following morning my onions were an inch high, and his had not broken the dirt.

"I told him that it was owing to some psychological or mesmeric influence which I had; that plants always grew better for me than for any one. And don't you know, he believed it?

"I didn't know what was the matter until finally, after four days, I scratched into his side of the patch. And what do you think was the matter?"

"I give it up," replied the visitor.

"Well, you know an onion set has a root end and a sprout end. John had set every last one of them upside down, and when I scratched into the dirt, the sprouts had grown downward about four inches, and then curled up toward the light until they looked exactly like figure sixes.

"Yet he tells you about those snails!" —Chicago Record.

Protracted.

Stutterson—C-c-come up for t-t-two or three hours to-night."

Butterson—Why?

Stutterson—I want to have a t-t-ten minutes' t-t-talk with y-y-you.

Quite Personal.

Codling—has Mr. Standoff much personal property?

Dimling—Yes, he has more than most people.

Codling—Indeed?

Dimling—To my knowledge he has a cork leg and arm, and a set of false teeth.

Proprietor—You go by here with your nose in the air, as if you didn't owe me a dollar!"

Young Bings—Well, great Scott! do you want me to have it amputated and trail it behind me 'cause I do?

THE ISLE OF CRETE.

Cradle of Classic Civilization—Falconer's "Shipwreck" Poem.

In a political view the addition of Crete to the small kingdom of Greece would not be very considerable, though that island is three-fourths as large as Connecticut, and is capable of supporting 1,500,000 people, as it may once have done. It now has perhaps 300,000, or about one-tenth of the present population of King George's domain—which, by the late census, reached nearly 3,000,000. It is a mountainous land, and its highest peak, Ida, is nearly 7700 feet high—but 400 feet lower than Parnassus.

In the later period of ancient Greece, and when first controlled by the Romans, Crete was a species of maritime Switzerland, furnishing archers and sailors and other mercenaries to the powerful sovereigns around it. The right of insurrection was recognized there by law, if the rulers were unjust—and usually they were. From mercenary soldiery to piracy was but one step, and the Cretans took it. They were the worst pirates in Pompey's day with whom the Romans had to deal. Even earlier, in the time of Polybius, they had a bad name, for he says: "Crete is the only country in the world where money-making, no matter how, passes for honest and legitimate. If you look at the individual Cretans, few men are more knavish. If you examine the Government, there is none which cherishes more unjust designs." This is what most nations have to hear about themselves from their enemies; but there is a singular agreement concerning the Cretans. To lie was to "play the Cretan."

And yet the cradle of classic civilization was in that mountain land; and its fertility has always been famous. Aristotle said that no position (in the narrow Mediterranean world) was ever more favorable for the establishment of a great empire; and Plato drew from Cretan sources his ideal laws, as Lycurgus was said to have done when he reformed Sparta. Minos, the mythical law-giver, and Daedalus, the mythical artist, were both Cretans, and Zeus himself is fabled to have been born upon Mount Ida, named for the Phrygian Mountain that overlooks Troy. The worship of several of the Grecian deities came from Crete—the Eleusinian Ceres for instance; Epimenides was a Cretan, and the Delphic Apollo got his Pythian priests from the same holy isle. St. Paul established a church in Crete, and it was for centuries an orthodox island. Venice did what she could to make it Roman Catholic, and when the Turks finally held it, but little over two centuries ago, they did their best to make it Mohammedan. The fierce orthodoxy of the island resisted it; and now but a fifth party of the residents follow the crescent, and most of those are of Greek descent—renegades for the sake of gain and power.

For the interests of learning and archeological research, the control of Crete by the Greek Government would be all-important. The Turks have latterly allowed excavations there, and many discoveries have been made; but the difficulties of such work in a Turkish dependency are always great. Twelve years ago Halbherr and Fabricius discovered the antique laws of Gortyna, carved in marble, and lying in the bed of a mill-stream; and for the past four years Arthur Evans, the English archeologist, has been finding wondrous Mycenean remains, which add much to our theoretical knowledge of that prehistoric period which Professor Manatt of Brown has described so clearly in his new work. But all this research would go forward faster if Kavadias and Tsountas and the other learned Greeks who have done so much on the mainland would extend their enquiries over Crete and open its treasures to the American, the British, the German and the French schools, now so busy digging in Greece.

It may not be remembered that Falconer's "Shipwreck," that once so famous poem that Byron recalled from forgetfulness, begins in Crete. The ill-fated vessel which carried him was on its way from Egypt to Venice about 1755, and put in at the port of Candia, to which Canea has now succeeded in importance. While waiting for a wind, Falconer and his shipmate went on shore, and saw—

Olive and cedar form a grateful shade,
Where light, with gay romantic error, strayed;
The myrtles here with fond caresses twine;
There, rich with nectar, mints the pregnant vine.
And lo! the stream renowned in classic song,
Sad Lethe, glides the silent vale along.
On mossy banks, beneath the citron grove,
The youthful wanderers found a wild alcove.

That is, they sat down in the midst of a lemon orchard, under a rock with a grotto in it, such as abound in Crete:

The golden lime and orange there were seen
On fragrant branches of perpetual green;
Blithe, skipping o'er yon hill, the frisky train
Join the deep chorus of the lowing plain;
The crystal streams, that velvet meadows lave,
To the green ocean roll with chiding wave;
The glassy ocean, hushed, forgets to roar,
But, trembling, murmurs on the sandy shore.

These were only fallacious signs of the happiness that ought to prevail in Crete, for—

Though still her fields, with golden harvests crowned,
Supply the barren shores of Greece around;
Sharp penury afflicts those wretched isles—
There hope ne'er dawns and pleasure never smiles;
The vassal wretch, contented, drags his chain,
And hears his famished babes lament in vain.
Here sullen beauty sheds a twilight ray,
While sorrow bids her vernal bloom decay.

Falconer's vessel was about two days sailing, much of the time in a storm, from Candia to Cape Colonna (Sunium) in Attica, where she was wrecked among the rocks; but the Greek steamers of war made the voyage in half the time, the distance being less than 200 miles. From the southern point of the Peloponnesus the distance to Canea is less than 100 miles.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

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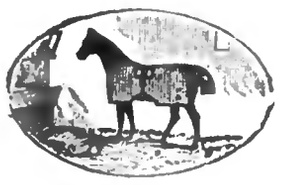

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Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Juddes at 7:10 a. m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p. m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 40 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

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FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

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PAINT!

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The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

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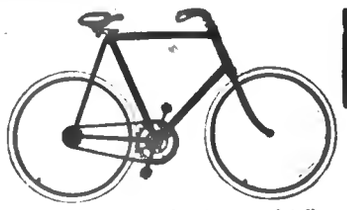

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Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

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THE WELLAND VALE
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PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.
Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

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And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

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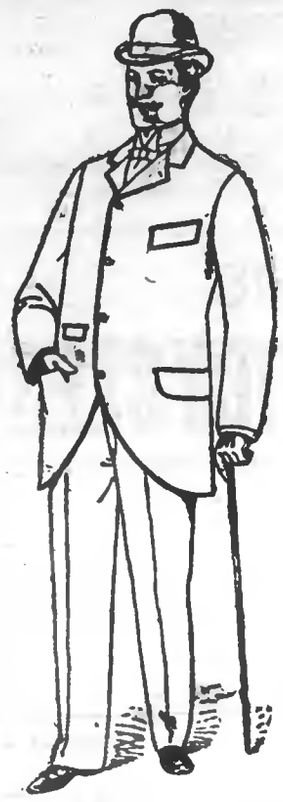

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In Gentlemen's or Ladies' patterns. No higher grade wheel is one whit better in any particular. Any color enamel desired. Any Tire or Saddle.

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An ideal wheel at a moderately low price. It fills the demand for a good durable, graceful, handsome bicycle. Take our guarantee that these are no cheap wheels. We stand behind them. If they were not what we say they are we would not handle them.

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The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897.

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The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge successat W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

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Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour. Bates Bros., bakers. d91

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All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Court Langton, No. 344, C.O.F.

A regular meeting of this Court will be held on Tuesday evening next, April 20th. Every member is requested to be present. Business: two initiations, revision of by-law and exemplification of work by Peterborough Court.

JAS. W. KENNEDY, Chief Ranger.

2d90

Wednesday Evening's Concert

"Mr. Watkin Mills knows that he faces friends and admirers when he comes before a Cincinnati audience. The knowledge creates a confidence in the singer and a feeling of sympathetic understanding between himself and his audience that gives a delightfully informal flavor to his appearance here. The audience which filled every seat in the Odeon last night was a tribute to Mr. Mills' artistic standing here. All the conditions were unfavorable to a large audience, whatever the worth of the entertainment offered this week, and yet the Odeon was filled. Mr. Mills was in fine voice and continued so throughout the programme. After a double season of opera without a word of English sung, it was good to hear our mother tongue in song too. Mr. Mills' programme was varied, and embodied a number of the good old songs we never tire of. "The Bandolero" was magnificently given and brought out a vociferous call for more."—Cincinnati Enquirer. Don't miss hearing Mr. Mills. It will be a treat Prices, 75c and 50c. Plan now open at Ormond & Walsh's.

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ST. PETER'S SCHOOL.

The Standing of the Pupils for the Winter Term.

The following is the standing of the pupils in the various forms of the Murray-st. Separate School as indicated by the results of the weekly examinations held during the term.

Some few are low on account of absence from examinations, no credit being given in such cases as regularity in attendance is essential to progress.

In the case of Form IV. senior pupils, the recommendations for entrance to High Schools will be largely based on the work done during the term, as shown by the following results.

Parents who are intending to send little ones for the first time are requested to do so directly after the Easter vacation, so as to avoid inconvenience.

FORM I.

Total number of marks 460.—L Giroux 443, Otto Stortz 434, M Brennan 423, Omer Giroux 422, Donat Lalonde 405, H Quinlan 401, W Cahill 397, S Sullivan 390, J Miniccola 387, H Barrie 385, T Riley 380, H Hickey 363, Roy Galvin 350, Fred Conroy 339, G McFadden 338, E Coughlin 337, Alex Morency 333, Tom Collins 331, A Sharpe 327, Willie Clancy 322, Fred Kearns 319, George Heffernan 311, S O'Toole 302, J Fiblan 300, Rollie Halpin 293, O Kane 288, Bertie Conroy 284, Fred Spratt 277, T Meade 270, V Clancy 265, T Mercier 245, Earle Downey 168.

FORM II.

2nd Class—Total marks, 860.—Lionel Brennan 689, A Quinlan 678, Oscar Hallihan 625, Tommy Kelly 618, Herbie Conroy 611, Charlie Delaney 610, Raymond Welsh 585, Louis O'Riley 582, Joe White 579, Charlie Sullivan 568, Herbie Delaney 558, Frank Huppie 531, Juluis Woelke 516, Harry Kane 534, Leo Fountaine 517, Kenny Overend 490, Fred Clancy 489, Herbie Hickey 485, Frank Hickey 475, Tommy Jeffers 468, Charlie Primeau 426.

Part II—Total marks, 360—George Kearns 284, Ovila Lalonde 280, Harry Hayes 268, Leo Sullivan 262, Michael O'Brien 259, Vincent Sullivan 250, Hector Clancy 249, Berne Sullivan 248, Leo Vinette 247, Emmet Kane 246, Willie Heffernan 243, Francis Sharpe 240, John Brady 239, Eddie Redmond 234, James Kelly, 231, Bertie Cadigan 229, Leo Dineen 228, Fred Delaire 224, Frank Frazer 223, Bertie Hayes 208, George Beauvais 207, Joseph Ferguson 206, John Costello 204, Harry Frazer 202, James Fitzgerald 198, Davy Conroy 198, John Hoban 196, John Burns 188, Joe Lazer 187, Terrence McIntee 180, Louis Denny 178, Tom Connors 174, Joe Devlin, 170, Fergus Crough, 148, Michael O'Donnel 138, Dora Vinette 136, Leo Primeau 130.

FORM III

No of marks obtainable 700—Sr III—Stanley Giroux 620, Fred Flaherty 617, Edward Fitzpatrick 602, Herbert Galvin 602, Godfrey Coughlin 595, John Clancy 590, Bettine Vinette 576, David Hoban 569, John Kearns 563, Willie O'Toole 498, Fred Pope 490, Joseph O'Brien 464, Willie Kelly 406, Joseph Laronde 396, John Primeau 224.

Junior III—No of marks obtainable 500.—James Callaghan, 479, Thomas McManus 476, Leo D'Russia 468, Willie O'Brien 468, Joseph Heffernan 459, John Heffernan 459, Victor Sullivan 456, Mattie J Kearns 456, Powel Woelke 454, Joseph Rineard 448, John Delaney 421, Joseph Gilman 412, Frank Fountain 406, Frank O'Connor 400, Frank Hourigan 384, Willie Jayes 380, Joseph Sullivan 377, Boniface Anglesyc 368, Albert Levasseur 243, Patrick Flaherty 300, Herbert Fitzgerald 298, Willie Judge 298, Raymond Mahoney 289, Michael Jeffers 287, Thomas Fitzgerald 287, Thoms Raymond 185.

FORM IV.

No of marks obtainable 1100. Sr Class—John O'Brien 922, H Sullivan 893, C McDonnell 892, J O'Connell 816, G McFadden 797, R O'Brien 754, M Kennedy 736, F Conroy 710, D Kane 697, P O'Toole 613, I. Clancy 612, R Spratt 599, A Delaire 596, W Moher 566, H McFadden 523.

Jr Class—J Dolan 893, G Brennan 824, F McDonald 819, T O'Donnell 785, T McGrath 774, F Hurley 767, John Mulligan 759, H Overend 744, A Dunn 701, H Gilman 663, John Clancy 640, W McCormick 621, G Pope 619, J Kylie 615, E Ferguson 604.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Personal.

Mr. J. Owens, of the Western Bank, Oshawa, is spending a few days in town.

Mr Jno E Roxburgh and his sister, Miss Beatrice, of Norwood, are in town to-day.

Mr. Bruce Fowler of the Bank of Toronto, Barrie, is in town for the holidays.

Sergt.-Major Mogans and Sergt.-Instructor Boutellier, of Kingston, who participate in to-night's military entertainment, are in town staying at the Snowden House.

Mr. Henry Green, traveller for J. J. Turner & Sons, arrived home on Saturday after an absence of over two months, travelling in the interests of the firm. He left again this morning for another extended trip.

Mrs. D. Kirkland, of Orono, who has been visiting her daughters, Mr W J Foster, Port Hope, Mrs W C Mockridge, Cobourg, and friends in Peterborough, returned home on Monday last, and found that her house had been burglarized. Her bedding and cutlery were taken.—Port Hope Guide.

EASTER SUNDAY IN THE CHURCHES

Large Congregations Attend the Services and Listen to Excellent Music and Appropriate Sermons.

Easter Sunday was observed by all the churches in town with services befitting the day. The music was cheerful and appropriate, while the sermons in every case alluded to the death and resurrection of Christ. Nearly all the churches were beautifully decorated.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

St. John's church as usual bore a cheerful appearance. The decorations at the altar were most exquisite and beautiful and the music was admirable, the large choir acquitting itself in a manner that won many encomiums. At morning prayer Woodward's "Te Deum" in E flat major was sung. The anthem, which was rendered with excellent unison, was Barnby's "Break forth into joy." The service closed with Tour's communion office in F. The church was crowded to its utmost seating capacity in the evening. Tour's evening service in F major was sung. Chas. Vincent's beautiful anthem "As it began to dawn towards the first day of the week," was also contributed and the solo part was taken by Miss Annie Sherwood, whose sweet, clear voice added much to the beauty of the selection. Before the recessional hymn two carols, "God has sent us angels" and "Let the merry church bells ring," were sung with fine effect.

EASTER DAY AT ST. LUKE'S

St. Luke's church presented a very beautiful appearance yesterday, when through the efforts of the decoration chapter of the Guild the chancel, sanctuary and pulpit were beautifully adorned with cut and pot flowers, lilies and palms. The congregations, specially the morning congregation, were large and the singing was bright, hearty and congregational. Goss' Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, and Barnby's anthem "Awake up My Glory" were well rendered, and the day's music was brought to a fitting termination by the "Hallelujah Chorus" as the concluding voluntary. The number of communicants and the offertory were both in excess of any previous Easter.

In the morning the Rector preached from the texts "I am the Life," and "I am come that they might have life and that they might have it more abundantly." In the afternoon he spoke to a well attended children's service on "The Journey to Emmaus," and in the evening from Rev. vi, 2. "And he went forth conquering and to conquer."

The annual Easter meeting will be held this evening and to-morrow evening the second annual congregational re-union will be held in the school house.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST.

Owing to the evangelistic services being held in the church during the past three weeks, the choir had only last week in which to work up Easter music. The programme presented Sunday reflects the greatest credit on the members. The anthem in the morning was "Joyful Eastertide." The clear, limpid quality of Mr. Jas. Browne's tenor was heard to particularly good advantage in the solo of this anthem. During the offertory the solo "Day of Days," a beautiful selection by Van du Wiche, to which Mrs. Seward did full justice, both in sentiment and execution, was rendered.

At the evening service the opening anthem was "Why Seek Ye the Living Among the Dead," by Edwyn A. Clare. Mr. J. Miller took the opening solo with good effect. Miss Clara Belleghem appeared to particular advantage in her two solos as the music exactly suited the clear quality of her voice. The chorus parts of the anthem were well sung. As a sacred anthem "The Open Tomb" (Bierly) was sung. This is a little chorus gem and was well taken. The third anthem was "I am He That Liveth," by Caleb Simper. The anthem was well sung throughout, the attack of the chorus being good, while the magnificent bass of the choir sounded forth grandly on the unison parts in the anthem.

The altar was profusely decorated with magnificent potted plants, arranged handsomely by Councillor Cobb.

ST. PAUL'S.

A large congregation took communion at St. Paul's yesterday morning, the Rev. Dr. Torrance conducting the service, assisted by Rev. Mr. Roger.

The anthems rendered by a large choir, were "Calvary," by Rodney, in the morning, the solo being taken by Miss Vair. In the evening "Awake Thou That Sleepest," Maker, was given by full choir.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

St. Andrew's choir provided splendid music at both services yesterday. In the morning they sang as an anthem (a) "Oh, death where is thy sting," (b) "Christ the Lord is risen." During collection a quartette, "Hosanna," was contributed by Messrs. Jones and Mulligan and Mrs. Jones and Miss Fowler, Mrs. Jones taking the solo. In the evening the anthem was "Sing and rejoice O daughter of Zion." During the offertory "The Palms" was sung by Messrs. Mulligan and Jones, and Mrs. Jones and Miss Fowler, Mr. Mulligan taking the solo part.

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.

St. Peter's cathedral contained large congregations at all the services yesterday. At 10.30 o'clock Pontifical high mass was celebrated by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, and Ven Archdeacon Casey preached. The

Continued on Page 8.

DEATH OF DR. KEMPT.

Sudden Demise of a Well-known Practitioner—Heart Failure the Cause.

The citizens of the town were shocked this morning when they were apprised of the death of Dr Kempt, and on all hands deep regret was expressed for the grief stricken family, the husband and father having passed away without a moment's warning.

Dr. Kempt had spent yesterday afternoon as the guest of his sister, Mrs Robt Fife, a short distance from town, and returned this morning. He had only entered his residence on Murray-st. when he was taken suddenly ill and fell upon a sofa in the office. Dr. McCullough, whose office was in Dr. Kempt's residence, was called, and he at once declared the doctor's condition serious, and several other physicians were summoned, but all efforts to revive the patient did not succeed, and in five minutes after his arrival at his home death had claimed the doctor. Heart failure was declared to be the cause of death.

Dr. Kempt has not been enjoying good health for some months. He settled in Peterborough nearly a year ago and shortly afterward he began to suffer severely from a trouble with his eyes, and for some time his eyesight had been gone. He consulted with some of the best known specialists in Canada and the United States and only returned last week from New York, where he had been undergoing treatment, but improvement was not noticeable. Owing to his eye trouble, the doctor had not been able to conduct his practice for some months.

The deceased was born in the township of Belmont, near Norwood, over 60 yerrs ago and after receiving a common and High school education he entered McGill University, Montreal, and graduated in medicine. He settled in Lindsay and practiced there until his removal to Peterborough. In Lindsay the doctor was a much esteemed citizen, respected by all classes. Dr. Kempt married Miss Macauley, of Trenton, who with six children survive. The sons are Walter, who resides near New York, and George, who is at home, Mrs (Dr) Kerrigan, New York, Misses Helena, in the Infirmary hospital, New York, and Grace and Genevieve, at home, are the daughters. Mrs Robt Fife, Smith; Mrs Burgess, Belmont; Mrs Pettigrew, Norwood, and Miss Kemp, Norwood, are sisters of the deceased. The late Sheriff Kempt, of Lindsay, was a brother of Dr. Kempt.

Dr. Kempt was a man who gained the esteem and confidence of all with whom he came into contact. In professional life he was acknowledged to be a clever practitioner, diligent student, and kind with his patients. The doctor was a most genial, affable gentleman, and though popular with everyone never took an active part in public affairs.

THINKS HIM A GOOD ONE.

Sert.-Major Morgans and Sergt.-Instructor Boutillier in Town.

Sergt.-Major Morgans, late of the Scots Guards, the champion all-round fencer of America, and Sergt.-Instructor Boutillier, of the Royal Military College, who give exhibitions at the military entertainment in the opera house to-night, are in town to-day, registered at the Snowden house. Sergt.-Major Morgans is a well-known man, his prowess as a fencer and swordsman having been a matter of note for years. Sergt.-Instructor Boutillier is also an expert man with sword or bayonet, so much so, that Sergt-Major Morgans thinks he can defeat any man in America in a contest of sword vs sword, bayonet vs bayonet, or sword vs bayonet. The exhibition which these two experts will give in the opera house to-night is bound to be interesting.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

Brevities.

—The County Council will not meet until June.

—The mills at Fenelon Falls are to be re-built.

—The offertory at St. John's church yesterday amounted to $330.

—The Board of Health is called to meet to-morrow afternoon.

—The Charity Board will not meet to-night. It will meet next Monday evening.

—The Queen's diamond jubilee celebration committee will meet to-morrow evening.

—The commanding officer of the 57th Battalion wishes the officers attending the N. C. O. entertainment to-night to appear in undress uniform.

—About noon to-day the Fire Brigade was summoned to a small blaze at the residence of Mr J J McBain, corner of King and Rubidge-sts. It was under control when the brigade arrived and but slight damage was done.

—The Belleville Intelligencer says:—"Inspector G. S. Johnson for the Ontario Dental Association has had two cases against parties for infringement of the Dental Act. One case was in Peterborough county and the other in Prince Edward. Both cases will likely be settled out of court."

—Mr. C W. Vochall, of Rochester, President of the Idyl Wild Association, Rice Lake, was in town this week, and has again sublet the island to Mr. A. B. Spellman, says a Hastings paper. Mr. Vochall is contemplating building a large hotel on the island this summer.

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
Otonabee Lodge, I.O.O.F.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st. church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Endeavor Convention at the George-st church.
Eastern vestry meetings at St. John's and St. Luke's.
Military entertainment in the opera house.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other inclubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! Attend the Military Entertainment in the Opera House to-night. Fencing contests, drill exhibitions and excellent vocal and instrumental music.

Costume Recital

Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's church, to be given in the Sunday school room on Tuesday evening, April 20th, by Miss Alexandrina Ramsey, assisted by local talent.

PROGRAMME.

1. ....."Will ye no Let me Aff?"....Barrie
2. Song......"Cam' ye by Athol"....Hogg
3. ....."Vashti" (in costume)....Julia Dorr
Miss Alexandrina Ramsey.
4. Piano solo..Selected....Miss Alice Roger
5. Gaelic song...."Thir a Bhata".....
6. ...."The Sermon Taster"....Ian Maclaren
7. ..(a) "Lady Gay Spanker" (in costume)..Boucicault
(b) "Widow Malone".....Lever
Miss Alexandrina Ramsey.
8 Vocal duet.....Selected.....
Mrs. R. Mein and Miss E. Montgomery.
9. ....."Squaring the circle".Robert Ford
10. ..(a) "Nottingham Fair" (in costume)..
(b) "Maid Marian".....F Pratt

Admission 25c., children under 15 years 10c. To commence at 8 o'clock p m. 1d

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.
416 George Street

COUNTY ENDEAVORERS

The Annual Convention Opens at Georgeest Church—Reports From Societies

The County Christian Endeavor Union opened its annual convention in the George-st, Methodist church this morning, delegates being in attendance from all parts of the county.

Rev Dr Liddy, of Keene, the president, occupied the chair and the convention was opened with devotional exercises. This was followed by the presentation of the reports, 15 out of 30 societies reporting:—George-st. E L of C E., Charlotte-st. E L of C E., St. Paul's C E., St. Andrew's C E., Mark-st. E L of C E., Park-st. B Y P U., Peterborough; Norwood Y P S C E., Norwood E L of C E., Lakefield B Y P U., Lakefield E L of C E., Lakefield C E., Keene E L of C E., Keene Y P S C E., Springville C E., Westwood Y P S C E., North Smith C E., Selwyn E L of C E., Salem E L of C E., Villiers Y P S C E., North Monaghan Union, Wesley Church E L of C E., Havelock E L of C E., Gilmour Memorial B Y P U., Bethel E L of C E., Zion E L of C E., Lakefield Junior E L of C E., Lakefield Junior C E.

After devotional exercises the morning session concluded.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PARLOR CARD PLAYING LEADS TO GAMBLING

REV A H RANTON'S CONTENTION IN A SERMON ON CARD PLAYING

Before an Immense Gathering in the Opera House—Card Playing in the Home, the Commencement of Gambling in Many Instances—The Remedy Suggested.

Every particle of standing or sitting room in the opera house was occupied yesterday afternoon, when Rev A H Ranton addressed the immense audience on card playing. Hundreds could not gain admittance and the crowd that was present found the building uncomfortably packed.

After singing several familiar hymns Mr. Ranton dealt with and resented an attack made upon his character in a local paper by an anonymous writer and declared the attack was ungentlemanly and uncalled for. No one, he asserted, could place their finger against his character and he was prepared to place his connections against those of the writer. Mr Ranton challenged the writer who called himself "Moderator," to divulge his name and meet him in a discussion of dancing before men only in the opera house next Sunday afternoon. The declarations of the evangelist were frequently applauded.

Mr A L Davis and Miss Hendren at this point sang with much effect a duet "Forever with the Lord."

Mr. Ranton then began his discourse by reading in St. Mathew 7 chapter, 13 to 20 verses, the words: "Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know them." being his text. The evangelist began by saying they would all agree his text was true. It was not because the words were found in the Bible, for they would be true wherever found. While many who were present would not agree with all he might say still they would acknowledge that the text was true. He said that people had different ideas concerning amusement, and it was not his intention to enter on a wholesale condemnation of people because they turned a card or drank a glass of beer. He believed in condemning

CARDS AND DANCING

and the liquor traffic as institutions, and not by the individual effects on those who indulged in these vices. The tree is antecedent to the fruit, just as the heart is antecedent to a man's life. It is the result a thing brings forth that should commend or condemn it. A person who never gambled is better able to judge of its effect upon other people than one fascinated with the game. People outside can form a better idea of its effects upon society. In social life there are so many different substitutes for card games that it is difficult to draw the line. Suppose we have here a wild mustard and a turnip seed, it would be impossible to tell which is the mustard and which the turnip. They are exactly alike in appearance. But plant them, and when they have matured, "By their fruits ye shall know them."

People might ask why they select the simple pack of cards and let the other games go? There is no more harm per se in the game of cards than in the game of authors: both are practically games of chance, and so far as they are concerned they are identically the same game. The only way to answer the question is by the text, "By their fruits ye shall know them." Those parlor games have not the history that card playing has. When they produce the same kind of fruit that card playing does then it is time to bring forth the axe and cut them down, "For every tree that bringeth not forth good fruit shall be cut down and cast into the fire." The subject for this discussion concerns an institution of the social life, which has come to be regarded as almost essential to polite and cultured society.

Mr. Ranton first dealt with the card table as the institution of

MODERN SOCIETY.

and stated that a talented writer on such themes has said that "admission into society is a term almost synonymous with gaining entrance into some card club whose favor is thought to be the supreme attraction of social life."

The term "society" has almost come to designate the card playing portion of mankind; all others are regarded as not being "in it." Society, properly defined, means the "concentrated embodiment of selfishness," for it matters not how much talent in other directions, how many other accomplishments, what range and versatility of powers, how much character one possesses, if you cannot play cards and waste your time as the butterflies of society do you must be left to the tender mercies of those who are not society people.

It is only fair that the reasons given for card playing should be stated, and it is summed up briefly as follows:—"The need of recreation is universal, a demand of our nature; we are not conversationalists; the engrossing cares and duties of life do not permit us to keep abreast of the literary movements of the times, and we are not Socratic nor Shakespearian; we have had a surfeit of religious meetings, sermons, and the like; and concerts, lectures, and church sociables are dry and dull. Cards, on the other hand, furnish an easy, and an easily accessible and entertaining means of passing a social hour or two, or an evening—indeed, what else can we engage in that will be of so little trouble, so universally acceptable, and so available for amusement as in games of cards? A game of cards is not so high as to bar off any one of even modern attainments, and it is not so low as to be objectionable to any whose opinions we care for. It provides a sufficient intellectual stimulus as not to appeal to a low motive of principle or recreation, and it is of such an interest as not to oy to the taste, and, at the same time, it relieves from the engrossing cares and anxieties of life."

Over against the plea for

THE CARD TABLE

Mr. Ranton placed several propositions:

First. Card playing is condemned by the spirit of the Gospel. "Love not the world." "Keep himself unspotted from the world." "Keep them from the evils that are in the world," with many other Scriptures, teach us that Christian people are to live above anything that has a tendency to evil. The word "world" in the Bible has three meanings. First it means the firmament; then it means society en masse; then it means things that have an ungodly bias or tendency. The Christian loves the world of beauty. The Christian loves the world of humanity, but the world that has an ungodly bias or tendency the Christian is to keep himself unspotted from that. Now, we do not need to argue that card playing has an evil tendency. No sane person will contradict the statement.

Dr. J. G. Holland says: "I have all my days had a card playing community open to my observation, and I am yet to be made to believe that that which is the universal resort of the starved in soul and intellect, which has never in any way linked to itself tender, elevating, or beautiful associations—the tendency of that which is to unduly absorb the attention from more weighty matters—can recommend itself to the favor of Christ's disciples. The presence of culture and genius may embellish, but they can never dignify it. I have at this moment ringing in my ears the dying injunction of my father's early friend, 'Keep your son from cards, over them I have murdered time and lost heaven.'" Bishop Vincent says: "The fact is that the path to the innermost hell of gambling is through the clover-bloom of fashionable card playing. The victims in the gambling dens to-day were once votaries in the parlors of fashion where no (or only nominal) stakes were set up and where people were bent on nothing but 'fun,' or 'to pass the time,' or 'to be in style.'"

We are told that "Whatsoever we do we are to do in the name of the Lord Jesus," and if we can play cards to His glory I would suggest to the ladies of the club and to the gentlemen of the various clubs in town, also, to all the hosts and hostesses of card parties, the following prayer:—"Lord Jesus, many of us here present are Thy disciples; we have acknowledged Thy Lordship over us in all things; we have no other object in living, as supreme, than to glorify Thee! We are now about to enter upon this game, which we believe to be lawful and right, for Thy glory and to advance Thy kingdom through the help we hope to obtain by this recreation, from the burden of our daily cares and arduous duties. Bless, Thou, this game of cards to our growth in grace, and hasten, through it, the universal dominion of the truth! Amen!" The Christian can pray this prayer, with fitting modifications, before entering upon any entertainment, amusement, literary or intellectual feast, appropriate for his participation. If he cannot pray this prayer before entering upon a game of cards, the game itself is incongruous to piety and spirituality.

Secondly, card playing has the appearance of evil. There is no harm in the game per se, because it has no moral character, but it has the appearance of evil, and we are told to "abstain from all appearance of evil." But some fond parent says, "Mr. Ranton, would it not be far better to allow card playing in the home than to drive the children to its clandestine enjoyment away from the home?" This would be deemed a "heroic" method if applied to any other form of evil. Let Rev. P. W. Senks, of Ohio, (to whom I am especially indebted for much valuable help,) answer.

He says: "As a matter of fact, such a method has more frequently resulted in feeding a growing taste, than imparting a nausea for this sort of amusement. Such a theory of education would have us to expect results contrary to those which the means employed are adapted to produce. The legitimate and natural results of the "temperate" use of wine is to develop and foster the love for strong drink, exceptional cases notwithstanding. All amusements are to be considered in the light of their common and legitimate tendencies and results, not in the light of fine drawn theories and exceptional results. Dr. Haydn expresses the true estimate of such a theory of education when he says that he finds it impossible to have more respect for it than he could have for 'the practice which once prevailed among Scythian mothers of throwing infant children into a running stream of cold water, that only the sturdy—those able to survive the test—might remain on their hands to be reared and educated.'" Mr. Ranton referred to a new Brunswick Senator whom he had visited, who on being asked about his sons said, "We do not mention their names. These two women in my house are their wives. These are their children. When boys they were allowed to

Continued on page 8.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuine Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

See the Choice IN BICYCLES You Have Here.

"Beeston Humber" Made in Beeston, Notts, England. Winner of 29 Gold Medals—never competed unsuccessfully—admittedly the best product of Cycle construction which inventive genius, precise methods, skilled mechanics and unlimited facilties have produced. Not cheap, but good.

"Royal Enfield" Made by the Royal Enfield Arms Co., Redditch, England. Wherever thoroughness of construction, finish and graceful lines are the first considerations — independent of price—The Royal Enfield takes the lead.

"Monarch" Made by the Monarch Cycling M'f'g Co. of Chicago, Ill. This has become a world famous wheel. 500 Cycles turned out every day at this factory.

'Sky Lark" Is a splendid type of the High-Grade English Wheels — Handmade throughout. If any part of this wheel CAN be broken within a year it will be replaced without charge.

"Night Hawk" A strictly High-Grade American Wheel. Dust proof, self lubricating and ball retaining patent hub, with a three point contact bearing.

"Leader" Warranted English Wheel, made after the Humber patterns, all the latest improvements.

"Duke" A splendid English Wheel—without exception the strongest wheel in the market for $50.

"Defiance" A High-Grade American Wheel for $60.

"Fay" A Child's Wheel. All modern improvements— large tubing, etc., adjustable bars, etc. Price $40 and $45.

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HATTERS

CASH IS KING!

That is why we can sell such Handsome Tweeds for Spring Suits and Overcoats, at

$15.00 to $18.00.

Your choice of twenty shades. They combine Quality, Style and Economy and would cost at least $4 to $5 more were it not for our Small-profit, For-Cash way of doing business.

ESTABLISHED 1867. MERCER'S. ESTABLISHED 1867.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

OAK HALL.

Ideas Given Away.

Instruction in all kinds of work free, provided the material is bought from us. A large assortment of the latest stamped goods constantly on hand. MRS. APPLEBY, Water-st. 6d84

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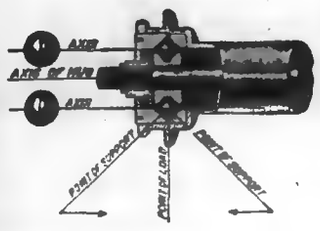
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Select Your Backbone.

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

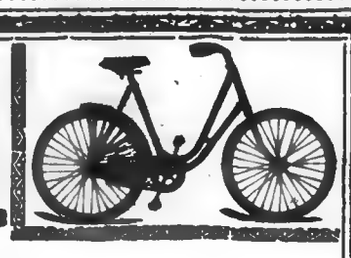
Advertise in the REVIEW.

THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE E.&D.



is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.
Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,
H. E. BURGESS.
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We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

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SOME FIGURES
OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insur ince and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1896.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,688	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,856,250	721,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,254
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

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at extraordinary low prices. There seems t be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

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THE Red Bird is Canadian, not because there happens to be dollars in it, but because it was born that way, being originated in Canada and having grown to years of maturity in the land of its nativity. Red Birds are built in a Canadian factory erected by Canadian capital. Employers and employees, alike, are Canadians, and every dollar paid for Red Bird bicycles remains in the country. The Red Bird stands high in the estimation of the cycling public both at home and abroad, a fitting example of Canadian skill and enterprise. You can have our handsome '97 catalogue, pronounced by *Cycling* to be a work of art, mailed to you by sending your address.

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EASTER RATES

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third

Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.

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Single First Class Fare

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To all stations in Canada, Fort William Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

A LOVERS' QUARREL.

All's Well, However, That Ends as Well as This.

A suspicious noise behind the portieres attracted the attention of the impetuous young lover. He fancied he had heard it once before, but the cuddlesome young girl who was snuggled up closely in his arms made him almost oblivious of what was going on around him. But now he was sure, and it was only the work of an instant to deposit his lovely burden on the sofa and rush to the other end of the room. His worst fears were realized, for as he tore the curtains apart he caught sight of a man's coattails disappearing into another room.

"What does this mean, Agnes?" he demanded, facing the girl who stood pale and trembling.

"I can't tell you an untruth, George," she answered bravely. "It was papa."

"You knew he was there and you didn't tell me?" again he demanded.

"Yes, George," she said firmly, but without any anger in her voice. "I knew it. We arranged it all beforehand."

"Do you mean to say you went through all those performances of sitting on my lap, snuggling up in my arms and kissing and hugging me when you knew your father was watching us?"

"It is all quite true, George," she confessed. "In fact, before you came papa had me rehearse some of the positions with my brother so that I could do them nicely—put some soul into them, as he expressed it.

"Blackmail!" cried the young man. "I was foolish enough to think you really cared for me. Just because my father is a rich man you think you can bleed us by threatening to bring a breach of promise suit. But I tell you your father wouldn't be worth a cent against our family influence."

"I guess the evidence would be conclusive enough," replied the girl with a laugh, rendered bitter by his insulting tone.

"Foiled!" hissed the young man, as the terrible reality dawned upon him.

"Oh, George!" cried the girl, as she threw her arms around his neck, "this thing has gone far enough. There is not going to be any breach of promise suit. You know papa is in the kinetoscope business. He wanted to get up a new series of pictures and I promised to help him out on condition that he would give his consent when you went and asked him if you could marry me."

THE CORRECT THING.

Lessons Taught by Dudely's Overpowering Sense of Etiquette.

When Dudley dons his soft crush hat,
His fav'rite briar-wood goes with that.

When this upon his head is set,
He always smokes a cigarette.

But when he sports his faultless tile,
He puffs a ten-cent straight in style.

Women and Change.

As an omnibus wended its tortuous way down Fifth avenue the other day it had among its passengers a solitary but eminently civil old gentleman, whose obvious duty was to pass up fares for ladies. Each lady came in armed with a smile and a dollar bill or a large piece of silver, which chivalry demanded that he should pass to the driver for change and restore again to its owner's hands.

On the last occasion on which he proffered this service the suppressed feeling which had been arising in inward crescendo burst forth in stern rebuke to the latest offender.

"Ladies should never leave the house without small change," he exclaimed with acerbity.

The lady responded: "It isn't always possible to obtain it. Our money is given us in large bills."

"Madam," replied the gentleman, with conviction in his tones, as one having experience, "I have been a church warden for twenty years, and I have observed that no lady is without small change for the contribution box on Sunday mornings."—Judge.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

choose from. Doctor Heath, 'from nowhere,' and this clear-eyed lady. I choose her; for, with all due regard for my friend, the doctor, and all due faith in the propriety of his motives, I must know why he throws that bit of circumstantial evidence in my way, before I show him any part of my hand. Why Doctor Heath is here, is none of my business, strange as his presence and present occupation seem to me. Why he is mixing himself up in the affair of Miss Wardour's diamonds, however, is my business, just now. But, first of all, to know how much or little Jerry Belknap knows of this affair, and of these people, and whether he is at his old crookedness once more. Now, here is the river; here the footpath. I must see the mistress of Wardour Place, and at once; so, en avant."

And he struck into the river footpath, and strode rapidly along toward Wardour Place, whistling softly as he went. Meantime, Constance Wardour, pacing the walks of her garden, with her brows wrinkled into a frown, was interrupted by her housemaid.

"If you please, miss, there's a man in the front hall, that's wanting to see you, and says I am to tell you it's important that his business is."

Constance made a slight gesture of impatience; she had been thinking of Sybil Lamotte, to the exclusion of all other subjects, and this message brought her suddenly back to her own affairs.

"Important!" she muttered to herself. "Then it must be—the other one. Nelly," raising her voice, "what is this man like?"

"Like, miss?" inquiringly.

"Yes. How does he look?"

"Oh! Well, it's very ugly he looks, to my notion."

"Does he look like a gentleman, Nelly?"

"Oh, murther! no."

"Like a tramp, then?"

"No; his clothes is too new."

"Well, Nelly, I will go and see him," said Constance, beginning to despair of finding out whether this visitor were the tramp of the night previous, or the new actor expected on the scene. "You know I never allow you to turn a tramp away hungry, and if one comes who seems worthy of help, I wish you always to let me know it."

This she said, thinking of the manner in which it was probable the detective tramp would seek access to her presence.

"By the way, Nelly," pausing with one foot on the steps of the dining-room terrace. "You may wake Mrs. Alliston and tell her that if I wish her to join me in the little parlor I will send you to her," then sotto voce, as she entered the house and went carelessly toward the drawing-room: "If this visitor proves a bore I will turn him over to Aunt Honor; I can't have two days of constant boredom."

Coming forward from the lower entrance, Constance encountered the gaze of the strange man, whom, arriving at the front door, Nelly had not ventured to set down as a tramp, and whose clothes made her doubt the propriety of showing him the drawing-room. Being of Hibernian extraction, and not to be nonplussed, Nelly had adapted a happy medium, and seated the visitor in the largest hall chair, where he now awaited the approach of Constance.

"I think you wished to see me," said Constance, in the unaffected kindly tone usual to her when addressing strangers or inferiors, "I am Miss Wardour."

The stranger arose, making a stiff salute, and saying in a low, guarded tone:—

"Yes, Miss Wardour, I have a message for you;" at the same moment he presented her a card, and glanced in a suggestive manner toward Nelly, who was traveling up the stairs in very leisurely manner, en route for Mrs. Alliston's rooms.

Constance glanced at the card which bore the inscription,

"JERRY BELKNAP,
Private Detective."

"Come this way," she said, throwing open the drawing-room door and preceding him into that apartment.

Jerry Belknap, private detective, followed close behind her, and himself closed the door carefully. Constance crossed the room, drew back the curtains, and pushed open the shutters of the terrace windows, thus letting in a flood of light. Then turning, she seated herself upon a fauteuil, and, motioning the detective to a chair opposite, said:—

"Now, sir, I am ready to receive your message."

"It's a verbal one," returned the detective, in a voice soft and smooth, not at all in keeping with his disguise, "and from Mr. Lamotte. I am the officer chosen by him to investigate for you, Miss Wardour, and as much time has been lost, I only wait your sanction and acceptance to begin the work."

The soft voice and polished accent were in very marked contrast to his dress and facial appearance. His manner of boorish discomfort had been dropped when the door closed upon outside observation.

Mentally contrasting the ease and suavity of this new comer with the catlike movements and brusqueness of his predecessor, Constance, who began to realize the ludicrousness of the situation, in fact seemed to have some special private reason for finding it exceedingly absurd, replied that Mr. Lamotte's chosen officer must of course be acceptable to her, and that she only awaited his commands, if she could be of any service to him.

"Then," said Detective Belknap, "I may as well look over the premises, unless," turning upon her a searching look, "there are particulars concerning the robbery which Mr. Lamotte was not in possession of."

Constance lowered her eyes, in seeming effort to remember if Mr. Lamotte knew absolutely all; she thought of the chloroform, but the bottle had not yet been returned to her. What should she do? Before telling this part of the story she must have the bottle. Suddenly her woman's wit came to her aid. Looking up with sweetest candor into the detective's face, she said:—

"I am the only one who possesses any information that was known to Mr. Lamotte. It is a mere trifle, but as it will take some time in the telling, I will, if you please, order breakfast. You can scarcely have breakfasted at this hour. I will show you the library now. Will you look over that and the other rooms, and kindly excuse me for a short time. Then join me at breakfast, and I will give you my version of the story."

She arose as if considering the matter decided beyond question, and moved toward the door, and with a bow and murmur of assent, Mr. Jerry Belknap fell into his assumed shamble, and followed her to the library. Leaving him there, Constance went out to order breakfast served in half an hour, and to send Nelly with the key to her dressing room.

"Nelly must be taken into my confidence," mused she, as she went in search of that damsel. "I can trust Nelly in spite of her Irishries, and if Doctor Heath does not appear soon she must help me out in some way."

Nelly was not at her post, having been dispatched kitchenward by Mrs. Alliston, and Constance went up to her own rooms, thinking, as she went, how best to defer a further interview with Mr. Belknap.

"I must take him the key myself," she muttered, as she moved about the dressing room, and then a sudden thought came, and she moved quickly to an open wardrobe, pulled down the dress she had worn on the previous afternoon, and searched hurriedly in the pockets.

All at once a look of dismay overspread her features, again and again she shook out the silken folds, again thrust her hands in the dainty pockets, and fluttered her fingers among the intricacies of the trimming. The thing she searched for was gone. Sybil Lamotte's strange letter, the letter that was a trust not to be violated, was not to be found..

Thoroughly distressed now, Constance renewed her search—about the room—everywhere — in the most impossible places; but no letter.

Down stairs she went; and hopeless as was the chance of finding it there, hunted in the drawing room and on the terrace.

She distinctly remembered placing it in her pocket, after receiving it back from the hands of Doctor Heath; of bestowing it very carefully, too.

Who had been in the drawing room since Doctor Heath? Mrs. Alliston; the two detectives; herself. Who had seen her put the letter in her pocket? Only Doctor Heath. Could it have dropped from her pocket? That seemed impossible. Could he have removed it? That seemed impossible, too, and very absurd. But what could she think, else? Then, she remembered what he had said to the detective the night before, and all the mystery surrounding his past. Hitherto, she had scoffed at the prying ones, and advocated his perfect right to his own past and future, too. Now, she felt her ignorance of aught concerning the life of Doctor Clifford Heath, to be a deep personal injury. Hitherto, she had reasoned that his past was something very simple, a commonplace of study, perhaps, and self-building for she, being an admirer of self-made men, had chosen to believe him one of them. Now, she bounded straight to the conclusion that Doctor Heath had a past—to conceal and then she found herself growing very angry, with him first, and herself afterward.

Why had he not presented his passports before seeking her favor? How had he dared to make himself so much at home in her drawing room, with his impertinent insouciance and his Sultan airs? How had he gone about, indifferent, independent, ignoring when he pleased, courting no one's favor, and yet, be—nobody knew who.

And what a fool she had been, trusting him with her personal secrets; putting her private letters into his hands. How he must be laughing at her in his sleeve! Exasperating thought. Worse than all else, to be laughed at. What worse calamity can befall poor, arrogant human nature?

Constance was now thoroughly angry and "by the same token," thoroughly unreasonable. It is highly objectionable in a heroine; but Constance, as we have said before, is a very human heroine. And, dear reader, however sensible you be, if you have ever been in just the state of mind in which Constance Wardour found herself that morning, and most of us have, I promise you, you were not one whit more reasonable; not one whit less capable of being aggressive, unreasonable, and generally disagreeable.

And now, the perverse imp who goes about, concocting horrible practical jokes, and stirring up contretemps, seemed to

To be Continued.

Your cough, like a dog's bark, is a sign that there is something foreign around which shouldn't be there. You can quiet the noise, but the danger may be there just the same. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil is not a cough specific; it does not merely allay the symptoms but it does give such strength to the body that it is able to throw off the disease.

You know the old proverb of "the ounce of prevention?" Don't neglect your cough.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. Put up in 50c. and $1.00 sizes.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY APRIL 19, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Chisholm, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

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WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.

WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.

WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE—Councillors Deane, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Deane, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Deane, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.—Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE—Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill

PRINTING COMMITTEE.—Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE.—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Deane.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Deane, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

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STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton, Deane and Bamford.

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman, The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Deane, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec-Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Deane, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

The Life of Dr. Chase.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

HAVE DECLARED WAR.

Continued from Page 2.

was better than that of the Greeks. Their officers remained cool and collected. The firing still continues, but it is expected to cease at nightfall, as the troops have been engaged for 36 hours without food or sleep.

May Break the Deadlock.

London, April 18.—A despatch to The Times from Constantinople says that the Greek subjects there will probably remain under the protection of Mr. Terrel, the American Minister. It is believed that the hostilities will break the deadlock and lead up to an arrangement between Greece and Turkey.

THE HOSPITAL AT ELASSONA

Visited by The Times Correspondent—A Distressing Scene of Agony.

London, April 18.—The Times' correspondent at Elassona says: "I visited the hospital to-day (Sunday) and found all admirably conducted. But the scene was most distressing, the wounded screaming in their agony and the feverish tearing the bedding in babbling delirium. On Saturday's hill fighting the Turks had the advantage. They were judiciously ambushed behind the rocks, and from their sheltered positions maintained an incessant fire.

"To-day's (Sunday) fighting at Milouna Pass took place around three outlying blockhouses, which were captured, then retaken, captured again and again retaken. The Greek positions suffered severely from the splendid shrapnel practice of the Turkish batteries at a range of 3800 metres. Columns of smoke could be seen rising in every direction from the Greek positions caused by the Turkish shell fire. The Greeks defended with the greatest courage, but were not able to stand against the slow but steady advance of the Turks.

"As evening came on three of the Greek outworks surrendered and asked the Turks to cease the shell fire. The latter now hold the advanced line except at one spot.

"The principal fighting done by the Turks' infantry was at Skumba and Dumenie, to the right of the Pass.

"The position of affairs seems to be that the Turkish move on Nezeros is a feint to draw attention from Milouna, where, it is evident, Edhem Pasha intends to advance in force on Larissa. This attempt will lead to severe fighting. The results of yesterday's fighting are indecisive. Accounts of it are biased according as they come from Greek or Turkish sources. It appears, however, pretty certain that the Turks had the advantage.

"The Greeks were partially successful in their movement at Karaya, which was aimed at cutting off the Turkish communications with Salonica, where the Greek fleet is expected almost immediately."

Machine Guns for the Sultan.

London, April 18.—A despatch to The Standard from Constantinople says that a battery of American machine guns of the latest pattern arrived here recently and was secretly conveyed to the Yildis Kiosk, where it has been placed in position.

Clara—Mr. and Mrs. Brown-Smith enjoy life immensely.

May—Indeed! Why?

Clara—Both married for money, neither of them had any, and now they have lots of fun laughing at each other.

RED RIVER STILL RISING.

If Things Get Worse the People of Winnipeg Will Have to Use Candles and Coal Oil Lamps.

Winnipeg, Man., April 18.—(Special.)—The water in the Red River at Winnipeg continues to rise gradually, and there can be no doubt that within a few days there will be exceptionally high water. Merchants have moved all goods out of basements, and all precautions are being taken. The town of Emerson is under several feet of water, and there is a tremendous volume of water to come down from there as well as from the Assiniboine.

Later.—Despatches from Emerson to-night state that the people there are in bad shape, the high winds prevailing to-day approaching the proportions of a hurricane. The water has undermined the foundations of many houses and the wind has played havoc with buildings, wrecking several residences and warehouses. The Massey-Harris and McCaul warehouses were among the wrecked buildings.

All the churches of the town are under water and no services could be held to-day.

The Northern Pacific Railway bridge at St. Norbert, a few miles from Winnipeg, has been washed away, and the Northern Pacific track is under several feet of water. A rise of a few more feet at Winnipeg will reach the power house and cut off the city lighting. With this prospect everybody is buying coal oil lamps. The highest water at Winnipeg may not be reached for several days yet.

ENGLAND TO MAKE A SHOW

That Will Bring Old Grandpa Kruger to His Senses—Nine Warships at Durban—Cecil Rhodes' Popularity.

Cape Town, South Africa, April 17.—Cecil Rhodes is expected to arrive here next Tuesday. Great preparations are making for demonstrations in his honor and for public rejoicing over his return. He will take a seat in the Colonial Parliament again.

The British squadron, which is assembling at Durban, the chief town of the Colony of Natal, on the southeast coast, is under sealed orders, and nobody knows why it is called together or what it is to do. It is supposed to be going to Delagoa Bay to make a demonstration of British paramountcy in South Africa. Nine war vessels have arrived at Durban already, the first-class cruiser St. George, Admiral Ransom's flagship; the third-class battleship Monarch, the cruisers Fox, Racoon, Astraea, Scylla, Brisk and Philomel and the gunboat Magpie. Three more men-of-war are expected, making a fleet of 12 formidable fighting ships.

EXCITEMENT OVER WHEAT.

Foreign Orders are Simply "Buy Wheat" and the Deals in New York Run Up Into Millions on Saturday.

New York, April 17.—There was tremendous excitement in the wheat market to-day. Prices advanced 4 cents a bushel in little over two hours. Dealings ran up into the millions. Shorts were completely stampeded and their orders to buy flooded the market from start to finish. War news and foreign buying were the factors which occasioned the tumult. The latter was by far the heaviest seen here in a long time. No limit was set on the execution of the foreign orders. They simply said: "Buy wheat," and it was bought at any figure. During the regular market session, May advanced from 75⅝ to 78, and on the latter curb to 79½. To the other influences was added export demand at the close. Europe took about 35 loads. The market was at fever heat all day and left off at its wildest point. Total sales were between six and seven million bushels.

JAPS AFTER HAWAII.

It Turns Out That the "Students" Landed at Honolulu are Simply Trained Soldiers in Disguise.

Honolulu, H. I., April 5.—The suspicious and somewhat alarming fact has come to light that the Japanese immigrants, who have been pouring into the Islands, and under the guise of "students" are, in reality, trained soldiers. Suspicion of this fact was first aroused by their soldierly bearing and their military gait and movements, especially when passing through the streets in groups. Yokohama having been declared by the Board of Health to be an infected port, the fumigating station at quarantine disclosed unquestioned confirmation of this suspicion. In almost every case their baggage contained the whole or a portion of a Japanese military uniform. It is the belief that these men have seen service in the recent Japan-China war, and are now sent to Hawaii for a purpose.

TORTURED AND ROBBED.

The Blakesley Family of Findlay, O., Visited by Masked Men, Who Steal $3000 in Money.

Findlay, Ohio, April 17.—The famous Blakesley family, living three miles from this city, were robbed and tortured last night by 12 masked robbers. The family consists of Mrs. Rebecca Blakesley, Elizabeth Blakesley, a daughter, and John and Smith Blakesley, sons. They are the possessors of valuable oil fields and are known as misers. By common report for years they have hoarded money in the house. The burglars broke into the bedroom, where all four people were sleeping, and a desperate fight ensued. John and Smith were beaten into insensibility, and Mrs. Blakesley and the daughter were bound hand and foot. Torches were applied to their feet to make them reveal the hiding place of the treasures without avail. One of the robbers meanwhile was ransacking the house and found in a bureau drawer $3000 in bills and three gold watches. Elizabeth was the first to release herself from bondage and summoned help from the city. John Blakesley is in a critical condition and it is feared he will die. Smith's head was cut open and the feet of both women are badly burned.

Spain Will Hold On.

Washington, April 17.—The Spanish Minister has received a telegram from the President of the Council of Ministers, Senor Canovas, saying that the report of the recall of 30,000 men from Cuba has no more foundation than the fact of its publication in an Opposition paper of Madrid. Minister De Lome says no soldiers will be withdrawn from Cuba. Captain-General Weyler has telegraphed that he does not need a single soldier more to terminate the war.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb, 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., (Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 14th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 00	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt	$2 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 06	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 17
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 24	to	0 03

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave. How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

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(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

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2 Doors from Post Office.

The Daily Review.

MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1897

PARLOR CARD PLAYING LEADS TO GAMBLING

Continued from page 5.

take a glass of wine at the family table. To-day they are drunkards. I would give all my money to start their lives over again." Cards are the recognized

IMPLEMENTS OF GAMBLERS,

and when parents and friends play in the home they simply teach these present the art of gambling. To imagine men gambling over authors or parcheesi, or any other of the many similar games, would require, indeed, a vast stretch of imagination. But the deck of cards, from the day it was invented to amuse an idiotic king down to the present time, has been constantly used as the gambler's tool. In a gambling den the card deck can be seen on every stand and table, piles of chips and glittering coins on every side, mingling with the oaths and the clicking of glasses and the harsh laugh,—that snapping of the rastaboards, that incessant snapping and rat-tat of the cards. With the exception of pool selling and the roulette wheel, nine-tenths of all the gambling done, (if we except the stock exchange,) is done with a deck of cards. The boy inveigled into a gambler's hell sees there first of all that harmless deck of cards that he has learned to handle in the home, and in spite of the rough oath, the flashing eye, the tobacco fumes, the beer glasses and the piles of chips, in that card pack he is reminded of home; and we are told on good authority by those who have spent their lives searching this matter out that nine-tenths of all the professional gamblers in this country learned to play cards at home, with mother, father, brother, sister, or friend. I have watched it now for fifteen years, I may almost say twenty, and have rarely, if ever, found an exception to this rule.

John Philp Quin, the Chicago gambler, said in a recent address in Tremont Temple, Boston, that the parlor card table is the kindergarten for the gambling saloon. Rev. Dr Talmage says, When I consider that cards have led to the eternal ruin of thousands of young men and others, I would as soon say Let us go out into the grave yard and have a game of skulls.

Thirdly. Card playing produces bad fruit. No individual, no home, no community has ever been benefitted by card playing. We are not discussing the ideal card party, but card playing as we find it to-day. On the branches of this social tree there may be found fruit of the following kinds:—(a) Waste of time. (b) Selfish ambition. (c) Hereditary infirmities and latent propensities to gambling upon posterity. (d) Religious leanness. (e) Dishonesty. (f) Neglect of duties, personal and general, private and public. (g) Jealousies, contentions, envy, strife and bickerings.

In cultured society these last five are seldom brought out where the public can gaze on them, but they exist nevertheless. But the most unpalatable fruit found on this social tree is incitement to gambling.

Mr. Ranton here described a visit to a London chamber of horrors, in which he studied the fall of a young man. He began in a beautiful home and ended on the gallows. His last words were, "Card playing has led to my ruin." He also referred to the death of George Roberts in the Orillia House, Orillia, and quoted from a letter written to Mr. Haw, the proprietor, in which he said, "I began at the lowest round of the ladder and few men stood the chances for success that I did, but the friendly game of cards has accomplished my ruin at last."

A Christian gentleman came from England to this country. He brought with him $70,000 in money. He proposed to invest the money. Part of it was his own; part of it was his mother's. He went into a Christian church; was coldly received, and said to himself, "Well, if that is the kind of Christian people they have in America, I don't want to associate with them much." So he joined a card-playing party. He went with them from time to time. He went a little further on, and after a while, he was in a game of chance, and lost all of the $70,000. Worse than that, he lost all his good morals; and on the night that he blew his brains out, he wrote to the lady to whom he was affianced an apology for the crime he was about to commit, and saying in so many words: "My first step to ruin was the joining of that card party."

Mr Ranton suggested in closing a remedy for this social fad. Come to Him and you will be fully satisfied. Religion is not restraint, it is life. Dr Chalmers spoke of "The expulsive power of the new affection." That means everything. Fill your heart with a good thing and you get rid of a bad one. When Christ comes into the life He will settle the question of amusements. Ulysses filled his ears with wax and chained his crew to the mast as he passed the alluring haunts of the sorceresses. But Orpheus did something better. He provided such entrancing music that his attendants forgot all other fascinations. "That is just what Christ will do for us if we heed His commands. Give us such an absorbing intense love for Him that we will forget all the allurements of sin."

You may get all your difficulties settled, as Garibaldi, the magnetic Italian, got his gardens made. When the war between Austria and Sardinia broke out, he was living at Caprera, a very rough and uncultured island home. But he went forth with his sword to achieve the liberation of Naples and Sicily, and gave nine million people free government under Victor Emanuel. Garibaldi, after being absent two years from Caprera, returned and when he approached it, he found that his home had, by Victor Emanuel, as a surprise, been Edenized. Trimmed shrubbery had taken the place of thorny thickets, gardens the place of bareness, and the old rookery in which he had once lived had given way to a picturesque mansion, where he lived in comfort the rest of his days. And I tell you if you come and enlist under the banner of our Victor Emanuel, and follow him through thick and thin, and fight his battles, and endure His sacrifices, you will find after a while that he has changed your heart from a jungle of thorny skepticisms into a garden all bloom with luxuriant joy that you have never dreamed of; from a tangled Caprera of sadness into a paradise of God!

After a few incidents Mr Ranton closed his address and the gathering dispersed with the singing of "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

An Unsafe Street.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—Will you kindly allow me space in your valuable paper for a few questions as to the by-law controlling the street railway. I understood that the railway company was to keep the street in good repair between the rails and for 20 inches outside and to make them level with the rest of the road bed. Now, sir, to make this short and plain, I find the streets in a very unsafe condition to drive on. I think that if any one should meet with an accident the town would be liable for the damages. I know if it should happen with me as it did with a man the other day at the corner of George and Kingsts., I would make some one pay for it, for no man would consider that place safe for a public highway. It has been long in this condition—since last summer. I hope we will not have any more Mason cases, but if anything should happen in this way, I think the town would have to foot the bill. Hoping our authorities will look at this more carefully.

Yours truly,

CAREFUL DRIVER

That Dancing Sermon.

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—A society that winks at doubtful reputations to say nothing of the conduct upon which they are founded has fallen foul of Rev Mr Ranton's sermon on dancing. Now that gentleman did not condemn all dancing. He expressly excepted dances in private houses, saying that he did not condemn the principle of dancing, and that young people must have entertainment. If brothers and sisters wished to dance with each other there was no harm in it, or if the party was a selected party of friends, well and good. What he did object to was the promiscuous public ball, and so do I. We are too careless in Canada altogether "of whom we know." There is a freedom that amounts to recklessness about the average public ball where young girls not knowing the ways of the world are apt to learn them all too speedily. Have I never seen men of doubtful—shall I say doubtful? Had I better not say well-known reputations for licentiousness of the worst type, allowed to walk freely amongst "the lilies of the field?" If my memory and my eyesight are not both gone I think I have. Under proper conditions Mr. Ranton thought the dance unobjectionable. Much of his violent language was used later to condemn the modern dance or public ball and it was highly improper to say the least of it, but as a lecture "to parents only" the address was not much too strong.

Yours,

NO CANT.

EASTER SUNDAY IN THE CHURCHES

Continued from Page 4.

musical portion of the service was fine and reflected unlimited credit upon Mr. F. W. Miller, who had the training of the choir in hand. The mass was Farmers' in B. The solos in Kyrie were taken by Miss Mary Dunn, soprano, Mrs. Lynch, alto, Mr. Geo. Ball, tenor, and Mr. Thos. Begley, basso In the Tuitollis, the tenor solo by Mr. Geo. Ball was well executed. Miss Annie Simons took the soprano solo. Miss Lillie Hurley's soprano voice was heard to advantage in Et Incarnatis. In the Benedictus there was a soprano solo by Mrs. Geo. Ball. Miss Mary Dunn and Miss Annie Dunn were heard in solos in Agnus Dei. In Regina Coeli Mrs. Ball and Mrs. Lynch sang a duet with chorus. At the evening service there were pontifical vespers by His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, and a sermon by Father Fitzpatrick. In the choir loft an orchestra composed of Miss Maude, violin, Mr. Hudson, flute, and Mr. F. W. Miller cornet, assisted in the music. Ecce Deus was rendered, Miss Mary Dunn taking the solo. Mrs. Ball and Miss Lillie Hurley sang O' Salutaris.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST.

The choir of the Charlotte-st. church acquitted itself admirably at the morning service. Special Easter music had been prepared but only a portion could be given, as the evangelistic services prevented the full programme being contributed. In the anthem "Christ the Lord is Risen," solos were taken by Mr. A. L. Davis and Miss Hendron. During collection Miss Hendron sang the solo "The Resurrection Morn."

MURRAY-ST. BAPTIST.

Yesterday morning the congregation at the Murray-st. Baptist church listened with much pleasure to Mrs. Scott, who sang "The Resurrection Morn."

A GENEROUS PROMISE TO ST. JOHN'S MISSION.

At the close of the evening service at St. John's Mission yesterday, Rev. V. Clementi, B.A., addressed a few words to the congregation after the offertory had been taken up. Rev Mr Clementi said if they would steadily go on with the work they had at heart, the extension of the chancel, and complete it within a year, he would at the completion of the work be prepared to hand them a cheque for a substantial sum. This promise on the part of the venerable and much respected clergyman was received with the warmest feelings of gratitude by the people of the Mission.

CASES AT COURT

Heavy Fines Imposed on Young Men for Disorderly Conduct

At Police Court this morning Wm Stewart of Cavan, charged Ed Hayes with assault. The case was dismissed and Stewart was ordered to pay $3.05 costs.

Michael Flaherty, Chas Pogue and Wm Chapman were charged with disorderly conduct near the Huffman House last Friday evening. The case lasted until nearly noon and resulted in Flaherty being discharged, but Pogue was fined $20 and costs $24.40 in all, Chapman had to pay a fine of $10 and costs amounting to $2.60.

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Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

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VOL. XXXV, No. 92. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

HOW THE WAR GOES.

Greeks Defeat the Turks at Reveni.

Hot Fighting Now in Progress at Gritzovali—Greeks are Trying to Retake the Place—The London Times Says Turkey is Right in Resenting the Attacks of Greece, But That the Latter Country Can Lose Nothing—The Pass of Death.

Larissa, April 19, 5 p.m.—The Greeks have defeated the Turks at Reveni, and two Greek brigades have entered Turkish territory in different directions and penetrated to Damasi, north-east of Zarkos. Another division is trying to flank the Turks, who are retreating in disorder.

Heavy fighting is in progress at Gritzovali. It has been going on since noon. The Greeks are trying to recapture the place.

The Crown Prince Constantine has gone to Tyrnavo.

Greek Steamer Athens Sunk.

Salonica, April 19.—A Turkish torpedo boat has sunk the Greek steamer Athens in the Gulf of Salonica. On board were insurgents and members of various secret societies.

A general panic prevails here. All vessels are prohibited from leaving the gulf. The Turks have seized the Greek steamer Kephaleion.

In Suspense at Athens.

London, April 19.—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Athens, dated midnight, says that General Smolenitz, in command of the Greeks at Reveni, has pushed Edhem Pasha toward Damasi. The suspense here is extreme. Everybody is waiting for the list of killed and wounded. Patriotic bankers and others have offered the Government over £1,000,000.

Has a Massacre Taken Place?

Athens, April 20, 1 a.m.—The Greeks have occupied several strategic positions around Damasi, including Vigila, and 3000 armed peasants have joined the troops. It is alleged that 22,000 Turks attacked Reveni. It is feared that a massacre has taken place at Prevesa during the bombardment.

FOREIGN OFFICE AT WORK.

The Powers May Intervene to Stop Hostilities at This Juncture.

London, April 19.—In spite of the fact that the hostilities on the Greek frontier have caused but little excitement here, communications have been in progress all day between the Foreign Office and Rome, France and Athens.

It is reported to-night that among the matters considered is the expediency of ordering the international fleets to leave Cretan waters and to go in the direction of Salonica and the Dardanelles to watch the fighting, with a view of localizing it if necessary by naval intervention. Should this suggestion, which is understood to emanate from the Italian Foreign Office, be acted upon, it is probable that only half the fleet of foreign warships would be withdrawn for such a purpose, the other half remaining to continue the Cretan blockade.

There is said to be a sharp difference of opinion between the military powers, Russia, Austria and Germany, and the maritime powers, Great Britain, France and Italy, as to the most expeditious and least violent methods of compelling a cessation of hostilities should this result not be reached by the exercise of diplomatic pressure at Athens and Constantinople.

It is reported at the Foreign Office that the communications received here to-day from the Marquis of Salisbury, after his interview with Queen Victoria at Nice, support the theory that the British Government is using its utmost energy to persuade both the combatants to make a cessation of the conflict at the stage which it has now reached.

THE STAND GREECE TAKES.

Claims That the Turkish Government Broke Faith on April 9.

Athens, April 19.—The Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs has sent a reply to the note which Assim Bey, the retiring Turkish Minister, handed M. Skouzes. The Turkish note was as follows:

"In consequence of the aggressive attitude of Greece, diplomatic relations between the King of the Hellenes and his Imperial Majesty the Sultan of Turkey and their respective Governments are hereby broken off.

"The Greek Minister at Constantinople and the Greek Consuls have been ordered to quit Turkish territory. For the same reason the Turkish Consuls in Greece have been recalled to Constantinople. Within a fortnight from the date of this announcement all Greek subjects must leave Turkish territory. Ottoman subjects now in Greek territory have been invited to leave within the same period."

M. Skouzes in his answer says: "In wishing to make Greece responsible for the rupture of diplomatic relations the Imperial Government appears to lose sight of the fact that Greece, far from proceeding to acts of hostility against Turkey, has had to suffer during the last few days from repeated acts of aggression upon the part of the Turkish army at several points on the frontier. Owing to the conflict at the Prophet Elias on March 28, the Royal Government drew the attention of the Imperial Government to the attitude of the Turkish troops, but instead of yielding to the spirit of moderation dictating this step, the Imperial Government appeared disposed to precipitate events. Thus on Friday, the Turkish army, without provocation, attempted to obtain possession of Analipsis, which was mutually agreed to be neutral territory. It was only on the resistance of the Greeks that this attempt to violate neutral territory failed.

"The Royal Government cannot let pass in silence the fact that before it was officially notified of the rupture of diplomatic relations, and while the King's Minister at Constantinople was only notified at an advanced hour of the night, the forts at Prevesa opened fire at 5 o'clock in the morning on the Hellenic position at Actium and sunk the Greek steamer Macedonia.

"In face of these facts, showing there is little foundation for the assertion of the sublime Porte to the effect that Greece committed acts of hostility, the responsibility for the consequences can in no way rest with the King's Government."

Where France Stands.

Paris, April 19.—At a Cabinet meeting held this morning it was decided not to modify the policy of non-intervention in Graeco-Turkish affairs previously adopted by France. At the request of the Greek Minister at Constantinople, Prince Mavrocordato, the French Embassy there has been authorized to take under its protection the Greek Catholics in Turkey.

At the close of the Cabinet meeting, M. Hanotaux, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, received the Greek Minister to France, M. Delyannis.

Where the Greeks are Short.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—Referring to the formation of an alliance between Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro, it is semi-officially pointed out to-day that the league being formed is not only for their protection against Turkey and Austria but against Pan-Hellenic aspirations in the Balkan Peninsula. Therefore, it is added, Greece is unable to count upon any support from them in the present conflict, and, moreover, the respective Ministers have positively assured Russia that their Governments will maintain strict neutrality.

Powers Against Greece.

London, April 19.—In spite of the fact of its being a holiday here to-day, there was great activity at the Foreign Office, where the full staff was at work the whole day long. The Italian, German, Austrian, Swedish, French and Turkish Ministers had a lengthy conference with Sir Thomas H. Sanderson, the Permanent Secretary of the Foreign Office. The latter said to a representative of the Associated Press that the powers had not yet decided to interfere in the war between Greece and Turkey, which, he added, should be sharp and decisive, as the Greeks have little chance of ultimately winning.

Greeks Get Together Again.

Athens, April 19.—In the second engagement at Gritzovali, the Greek brigade commanded by General Mastropas was able to re-form after giving way before the Turkish assault. Another Greek brigade, under the command of General Minepoulos, is hurrying to reinforce General Mastropas.

A despatch from Arta, filed at 11.30 this morning, announced that fighting continues between the Greeks and Turks at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta and elsewhere in that vicinity. The Turkish batteries at Hamidieh and Pantoeratoros are replying feebly.

The crossing of the River Arakphos by the Greek army under Col. Manos, numbering about 25,000 men, was attended by severe fighting, during which the Greek artillery batteries distinguished themselves. This Greek force is now in Epirus.

Despatches from the frontier received here this evening say that the Turks in considerable force have been attacking Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa, which would indicate that the Greeks have not advanced far into the Damasi plain. It is added that the Turks were repulsed at Reveni.

A still later despatch from Gritzovali admits that the Turks have recaptured that place.

VIEWED IN THE UNITED STATES.

Progress of Hostilities Watched With Keen Interest—Germany's "Loan" Discussed.

Washington, D.C., April 19.—The President and Secretary Sherman were in consultation several times during the afternoon. It is gathered unofficially that they had under consideration a telegram from Minister Terrell at Constantinople regarding the protection of American interests and the protection of Greek subjects which have been intrusted to the United States Minister to the Porte. Secretary of the Navy Long was also with the President.

The progress of hostilities is being watched with the keenest interest in military circles here. It may be said that, while the sympathies of the army officers lie largely with the Greeks, they fully expect that the Turks will prevail in the end if allowed to wage war untrammeled by the interference of the other powers, and there are signs to indicate that such an arrangement has been reached by the principal military and naval powers of Europe as will make this possible. The War Department experts say that Turkey, on paper at least, has one of the most

Continued on page 2

CAUGHT AT MONTREAL

Kelly, Murderer of Cashier Stickney.

Admits That He Planned the Robbery, But Claims That Another Man Killed the Cashier of the Somersworth, N. H., Bank—Had Put Up a Scheme to Play Off That He Had Committed Suicide—Had the Money With Him When Arrested.

Montreal, April 19.—(Special.)—Joseph B. Kelly, the murderer of Cashier Stickney of the Somersworth, N.H., Bank, is in the hands of the law, being arrested this evening by Chief Detective Carpenter in a house of ill-repute kept by Aggie Ashton of St. Justin-street. Kelly must have been a fool when he committed the foul deed and he has kept up his reputation ever since. It appears that he arrived at St. Justin, up the C.P.R. main line, on Saturday and put up at Berard's Hotel till this afternoon, when he dressed in woman's clothes and took a train for the city.

Arriving at Windsor Depot he employed a carter, who drove the murderer to the residence of the Ashton woman, who had already been notified by the police, and when Kelly arrived she at once recognized him and telephoned to the Central Station.

In less time than it takes to write it Mr. Stickney's assassin was at headquarters smoking his pipe and evidently the least concerned man in the whole party. He admitted that he planned the robbery of the bank, but states that there was a second man in it who killed the ill-fated cashier; yet, of course, this is not believed.

Kelly had $2400 in his possession when arrested, and is evidently the red-handed murderer. He appears, however, to have conceived the idea of giving it out that he had committed suicide, for a letter to a woman named "Olive," and signed "Joe," was found in his possession. Kelly tells her that when she receives the letter he will be cold in death, that he had tried to live right but had failed. He also states in the letter that he did not touch Stickney, but that another man did the deed. "However," he adds, "I planned it all, and you will never see me again."

Another letter was also found addressed to his father, speaking of the bank robbery, but always referring to the second man.

While talking with the chief detective, Kelly admitted all about the robbery, but said he stood outside the bank while the other man did the deed. It goes without saying that this second man is a myth. Kelly will be brought before the Police Magistrate to-morrow.

A BOY'S CONFESSION.

He Put Paris Green in Tea to be Partaken of by His Stepmother, Who Gave Him Fits.

Exeter, N. H., April 19.—Frank Wentworth, the 16-year-old boy who was arrested Saturday and lodged in Exeter jail on the charge of having attempted to poison his father and step-mother, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Wentworth of Newton, N. H., has made a confession, stating that he put paris green in the tea while getting breakfast. He gives as his excuse for the act that he despised his step-mother on account of her continually "giving him fits," but says that he had no ill-feeling toward his father.

THE ARBITRATION TREATY

Will be Voted Upon by the U. S. Senate on May 5.

Washington, D.C., April 19.—The Senate in executive session to-day decided to vote on the arbitration treaty May 5 at 4 p.m. There was no particular opposition to fixing the time for the vote, although Senator Davis urged an earlier date. His first suggestion was for May 3, and when objection was made, proposed the 4th and then the 5th, which met with no opposition. It is understood that the opponents expect to have all their strength in the Senate on that date.

FIERCE GALES ON LAKE ONTARIO.

A Large Fleet Now Lying in Shelter at Charlotte, N. Y.

Charlotte, N.Y., April 19.—A furious gale arrived early this morning. It is still raging and there are no indications of an abatement. A large fleet of steam and sailing craft en route between American and Canadian ports were driven to shelter, a number arriving during the night and early this morning. This forenoon it was with great difficulty that some of the schooners made port. To-night it is snowing and blowing a gale.

Sunk in the St. Lawrence River.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., April 19.—The steamer Massena, Captain Frank Dana, plying between this place and Alexandria Bay, sank to-day near the mainland, about seven miles up the St. Lawrence River from Ogdensburg. She was bound for the Thousand Islands with an all deck load—15 tons of plaster and 8000 feet of lumber—for the New York Casino. A 50-mile an hour northwest gale was blowing and the steamer was obliged to run broadside to the wind for some distance. The windows in the bulwarks were crushed in by the swells, and her cargo shifted.

Sackett's Harbor Tragedy.

Sackett's Harbor, N.Y., April 19.—The double tragedy is still shrouded in mystery. Private Allen lies in a precarious condition and hopes for his recovery are nearly despaired of. The funeral of Mrs. Crouch was held yesterday and the church was packed and the streets were crowded. Thousands visited the scene of the murder yesterday.

Canning's Big Bluff.

Paterson, N.J., April 19.—Elisha Canning was arrested last night for drinking rum in church. He walked down the main aisle of Cross-st. Methodist Church during the Easter services, faced the assembled congregation, and, producing a bottle from his pocket, drank its health. The sermon of the pastor, Rev. Mr. Wiggs, came to a sudden stop. The deacons protested, and several stifled feminine screams were heard. Someone summoned a patrolman named O'Brien, who arrested Canning.

Four New Cardinals.

Rome, April 19.—The secret consistory to-day was largely attended. The Pope elevated the Archbishops of Lyons, Rennes, Rouen and Santiago de Compostela to the cardinalate and formally proclaimed the previously-named Bishops of Buffalo, Cheyenne, Wilmington and Mobile.

LeBRUN'S
New Spring
Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

H. LeBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

MISS HOUGH
DRESSMAKER

Dresses and Costumes made in latest style and perfect fitting. Prices moderate. Miss Hough, No. 289, Rubidge-st. 3md7

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.
Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

RE-OPENING......
TUESDAY, APRIL 20

A good time to commence a course in either Book-keeping or Shorthand will be after the Easter vacation.

We have ample accommodation, perfect system, thorough tuition.

PRINGLE & McCREA.
BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

WANTED.

GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 203 Dublin street, town. 3d91

WANTED.

BY EXPERIENCED PERSON, POSITION as HOUSE KEEPER. Competent in all domestic duties. Good Cook, P.O. box 85, Peterborough, Ont. 1d90

TO LET.

TWO FRAME DWELLING HOUSES—10 and 6 rooms. Also 18 acres of land, rented separately if desired. These properties belong to Mr J M Irwin and are on Lock-st, Ashburnham, at the entrance to lock bridge—Suitable for butcher or market gardener. Possession immediately. Apply to KERR, GLADMAN & KERR, solicitors, 134 Hunter-st. 6d93

ACCOUNTANT.

OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. BOOKS Posted and Balanced. Address X, REVIEW office. d86tf

Wanted, Help.

RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Peterborough. 80eod

WOOD FOR SALE.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity, Long or Short.

HARDWOOD Long or Short, from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.

TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.

Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone ERNEST MANN. Telephone 393. No. 10 Inverlea.

New Advertisements.

DR. CHAS. NEILL,
DENTIST.

Office—Corner George and Hunter-sts. (over McDonald's Drug Store.)

Lindsay & Might
Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.

Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.

Telephone 289. - - - Rents Collected.

Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Under Market Hall, 396 George-st.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives, Scissors, Tools, etc. sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

Awnings, Tents Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

J. J. TURNER & SONS

283 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Hand Wheels for sale.

Probabilities.

Moderate winds; fine weather, turning milder again.

R. F.

THE STARTING AND ENDING
Of Our Business is Selling
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS

We simply surprise those unacquainted with our business with the size, variety and high character of our stock.

The following prices are very special for Easter and the balance of April.

The choicest productions of the best makers are only shown in our Dress Goods Department.

ON SATURDAY MORNING

We place on sale the following lines, specially for Easter Saturday.

1 lot Ladies Capes $1.00 and $1.25, former price $2.50 to $3.50.

1 lot Ladies Golf Capes $3.75, formerly sold at $7.75.

1 lot Ladies Spring Jackets $3.00, formerly sold at $6.00 to $7.00

6 pairs Chenile Portieres at $3.50, former price $6.50.

17 pieces Embroidered Sash Curtain, net at 25c., formerly as high as 85c. the yard.

1 lot Imported Chambreys in the Fancy Stripes at 10, 12½, and 15c., formerly sold at 20c. to 30c.

20 pieces Wide Flannelettes at 5c.

25 pieces English and American Prints at 8c., formerly sold at 10 and 12½c.

10 pairs Frilled Muslin Curtains at $1.50 formerly $2.50.

8 pairs Embroidered and Frilled Curtains at $1.75, formerly sold at $3.25.

Handsome Swiss Net Curtains $3.25 and $5.00, formerly sold at $5.50 to $7.50.

Ladies Corset Covers 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.

Night Dresses, 50, 75, 85c, and $1.00.

CARPETS......

We never showed as large a stock in Carpets as we are offering this spring. We are in magnificient shape for selling Spring Carpets and Oilcloths.

MILLINERY.....

We are introducing the Newest Novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and the Latest Ideas in Millinery Trimmings.

We received this week new additions in Kid Gloves and Veilings. We exhibit Taste, Judgement and Experience in every branch of our store.

Umbrellas re-covered while you wait.

ROBERT FAIR
IMPORTER OF CARPETS,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION,
383 George Street, Peterborough.

CAMPBELL & PURVIS
"CALEDONIA POTTERY"
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
"Gem," "Unitas,"
"Richelieu,"
"Perfect," (Patent) and
"Sun" Closets
and all other branches of Sanitary Earthenware.

Goods are manufactured from best imported English material.

Send for full particulars to our address

QUEEN STREET,
St. John, P.Q.

SCAVENGING.

All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. 487

SPRING STYLES!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Spring decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks this year are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Gray Cassock All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tags to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50
Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

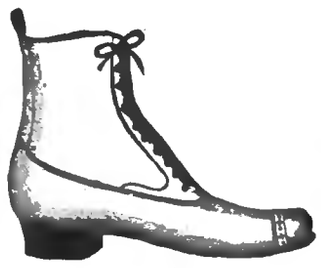
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and Lon don tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.85, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 3 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweaters 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

EDWIN BLOOMS,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE - - - - - Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER,
Agent and Asst. Sec

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Healthy Baby When Born

In Three Months Humor Spread Over His Forehead

Into His Eyes and All Over His Hands

Such Itching, Burning Torture—How It Ended.

When a child is cured of the itching torture and burning inflammation of eczema or salt rheum, it is no wonder that words fail to express the joy of the grateful parents, and that they gladly tell in as strong terms as possible the plain story of suffering relieved and health restored. Many testimonials relate the wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such cases, even after all other prescriptions and medicines fail. Here is one:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—Our boy Harvey will remember the good Hood's Sarsaparilla did him as long as he lives. He was a healthy baby when he was born, but before he was three months old a breaking out appeared on both sides of his face. Physicians did him little good and said but for his strong constitution he could not have lived through his dreadful suffering. The humor spread over his forehead, into his eyes, and came out on his hands. It was indeed pitiful to witness the poor child's sufferings. It was very painful for him to open or shut his eyes, and we had to tie his little hands to prevent him from scratching the itching, burning skin. My mother urged us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. We did so, and a short time after he began to take this medicine we saw a change for the better. We continued until we had given him five bottles, and then the eczema had entirely disappeared, and he has ever since been perfectly cured of this dreadful disease. His sufferings extended over two and a half years. People for miles around knew his dreadful condition and know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him. He is now a bright, boy, perfectly healthy and has the finest skin of any of my five children."
MRS. L. KLAUSPELDER, Collegeville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Be sure to get Hood's.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897

THE DECLARATION OF WAR.

THE declaration of war and the commencement of hostilities between Turkey and Greece means bloodshed, means loss of life and expenditure of money. Whether this loss of life and property will be great or comparatively small depends upon developments which will be awaited with keenest interest throughout the civilized world. Will the European powers be drawn into the struggle or will they continue to hold a neutral position is the question. A great deal is involved in the answer which the future may give to this question. That a strong effort to maintain the neutrality of other powers and prevent a general European war will be made is a certainity. Some think that these efforts must prove unsuccessful and that the other powers must be drawn into the fight to a greater or less extent. If such is the case very grave results will follow, and war as it has never been seen before in the history of the world will be chronicled. But there seems to be good reason to believe that the powers will continue to hold aloof from the hostilities, and leave the plucky Greeks and the more numerous Turks to "fight it out," as the saying is. Between these two, there is no doubt that Canadian sympathy will run towards the Greeks, and Canadians will hope that the Turks may be given a sound thrashing. The Armenian massacres have much to do with this strong feeling, while the stand Greece took in the Crete matter from the commencement of the trouble has appealed to the popular sentiment. However, the wishes of the peace-loving Canadian will be that hostilities may soon be ended, that the powers will avert a general European war and that Greece and Turkey will be given their rights, with a word of admonition to the Turk.

AN European war will not enable Mr. Hardy to escape the condemnation the people are ready to give him when he decides to hold an election.

THE Montreal Gazette utters this note of warning to Ontario Conservatives:—"Mr. Thomas Gibson, the Liberal member for East Huron in the Ontario Legislature, has announced his early retirement from public life, and advised the Liberals of his constituency to select a candidate for the general elections. They will do so next month. Liberals in other constituencies are also selecting candidates. Premier Hardy has intimated that it is not his intention to dissolve the Legislature at an early date. All the signs, therefore, point to an early dissolution. The Conservatives had better prepare, too."

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

GOSSIP FROM OTTAWA

Mr. Dobell Talks About His Mission to England.

He Says That Mr. Peterson Can Take Care of Himself—The Ax Falls in the Indian Office at Regina—Ottawa Conservatives Unite—The Cabot Celebration—Minister Davies Gives Judgment in the Warwick Enquiry—General Ottawa Gossip.

Ottawa, April 19.—(Special.)—Mr. Dobell, who returned from England to-day, declined to talk about his trip for a day or two, except to say that he had found the little island just where he left it in January, and that he was confident his mission would result in benefit to Canada. Being shown a copy of Hansard containing Wednesday's debate, and being told that he had come in for some criticism at Sir Charles Tupper's hands, Mr. Dobell replied: "I'm used to that." But when he was informed that Sir Charles had also read an extract from an English paper, the member for Quebec West said: "Mr. Peterson can take care of himself, but I'm confident he can carry out his promises and that they will redound to the advantage of the Dominion and the Empire."

Mr. Costigan was spoken to to-day concerning the statement in a Montreal despatch that he was about to throw in his lot with the Liberal party. "I have nothing to say," was his answer. "My position was clearly set forth in the speech I made recently in the House of Commons, and I have nothing to add or detract from what I then said."

Hon. Clifford Sifton goes to Winnipeg to-morrow. He will be away for about two weeks. If there is any contest in Winnipeg he will no doubt take a hand in the fight before he comes back. There will in all likelihood be a contest in Macdonald.

Further changes will be announced shortly in connection with the Indian Department. The office at Regina is to be abolished as most of the officials there are to be retired. Of nineteen officials only three will be kept. The office in the West will in future be at Winnipeg, where Mr. Forget, the Indian Commissioner, will be located.

In addition to the delegation from the historic city of Bristol, there will be probably a representative sent by the Royal Geographical Society of London to the Cabot celebration of the Royal Society of Canada at Halifax on June 24. The distinguished President of the Geographical Society, Sir Clements R. Markham, writes to Dr. Bourinot: "I would certainly come to Halifax myself, if it was possible; but I am obliged to be in London in those days of June. I think the Royal Society of Canada has adopted a very wise course in avoiding debatable ground and adopting a mode of commemoration which will unite all who take an interest in the subject. I feel sure that the gathering will be worthy of the occasion, and I wish the Royal Society of Canada all success in the laudable and patriotic course it has adopted."

All the indications go to show that Sir Clement Markham's hopes will be verified. The Governor-General will unveil the tablet on the 24th of June, the day of Cabot's landing on the coast of northeastern America.

The Minister of Marine has gone over the report of Captain Smith, R.N., in the matter of the Warwick inquiry and opinions given by the assessors. Mr. Davies has prepared a somewhat elaborate judgment, in which he discusses all the points involved, closing with a decision completely reversing that of Commissioner Smith and finding Capt. Kemp and the second officer guilty of culpable negligence. The Minister suspends Captain Kemp's certificate for six months and the second officer's for three months.

Captain the Hon. E. G. Bourke of the Royal Navy will accompany the Government expedition to Hudson Bay. He was nominated by Admiral Markham for the post.

The Government has decided to put an amount in the estimates to pay the outstanding debts in connection with the Regina Industrial Exhibition. They amount in all to about $14,000. Messrs. Haultain and Ross, members of the Northwest Executive, are here looking after the matter.

The local Conservatives had a very successful meeting to-night, when old-time differences were settled and a happy re-union consummated. Both associations were prepared to give and take, the result being a fair division of offices between the two associations. The oldtimers conceded the presidency to the secessionists, while other offices were equally distributed. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, T. W. Currier; Vice-Presidents, Chevalier John Heney and Dr. Routhier; Secretary, L. L. Brophy; Treasurer, J. P. Fisher. Enthusiastic speeches were delivered by a number of leading gentlemen, among them Hon. Peter White, Senator Clemow, Major Hughes, M.P., Mr. Bush, M.L.A., and others. The meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

The Government papers are now privileged to announce the promotion of Judge Burton to the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Appeal in the place of Justice Hagarty, who has retired, and the prospective appointment of Mr. C. Moss, Q.C., to the vacant judgeship.

This being Easter Monday and a public holiday, all the departments are closed, but the Ministers are hard at work. They went into council at 10 o'clock and continued in session all day.

The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen leave for Montreal on Wednesday morning in order that Her Excellency may be present at the meeting called for 4 o'clock in the afternoon to explain the scheme for the establishment of the Victorian Order of Nurses.

To-morrow is a Government day in the Commons. The franchise bill will again be under consideration.

The Cabinet to-day passed an order-in-Council making the 22nd of June the date for the Diamond Jubilee celebration all over the Dominion.

Mr. Blair, Minister of Railways, left for Montreal to-day.

H. M. S. Talbot at New York.

New York, April 19.—The British cruiser Talbot arrived this morning from Jamaica and anchored in the North River. The Talbot will represent the British Government in the naval display at the Grant monument celebration. The Royal Sugar Commission are on board the Talbot.

They All Loved Beaconsfield.

London, April 19.—Primrose Day, the anniversary of the death of Benjamin Disraeli (Lord Beaconsfield), was observed to-day with the usual display of his favorite flower. The decoration of the Beaconsfield statue surpassed all records.

THE FUTURE OF AUSTRALIA.

The U. S. Consul General at Melbourne Thinks Confederation Will Come in the Near Future.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—A report upon the political future of Australia has just been sent to the State Department by Consul-General Mansfield, stationed at Melbourne, in which he says that the colonies are on the eve of federation. An election is to be held at once to elect delegates to the convention to bring about the union of the colonies. It is proposed to have a Governor-General of the confederation, to be appointed by the Queen, with Lieutenant-Governors for the different colonies, to be chosen by the people of the states.

There is also to be a Senate and House of Representatives, all chosen by the people. There will be intercolonial free trade, and the Congress is to adjust the duties on all foreign imports. Many differences of opinion, the consul reports, exist between the leading Premiers on minor points, but the convention is expected to adjust these. He predicts that in a short time Australia will be under one Government and known to the world as the Australian nation.

JOHN J. FOOTE DEAD.

Proprietor of The Quebec Chronicle Passes Away—Mgr. Del Val's Visit to Toronto—Woman Breaks Her Neck.

Quebec, April 19.—John J. Foote, proprietor of The Morning Chronicle, died here to-day after a short illness. Mr. Foote was born in Tavistock, Devon, England, in 1832. The paper will be continued as usual under the management of Mr. Allison Jackson, business manager, until Mr. Trevor Foote, deceased's youngest son, comes of age, in three years.

Mgr. Mery Del Val attended mass in the Seminary chapel this afternoon. He was tendered a reception at Laval University, when the honorary degree of Doctor of Theology was conferred upon His Excellency and an address was also presented to him. The delegate will leave here Wednesday morning for Valleyfield, where he will spend a few days with Mgr. Emard, proceeding thence to Toronto, where he will be the guest of Archbishop Walsh till Friday of next week.

At Bergerville, a suburban municipality, to-day as Mrs. Auguste Lamontagne was going home across the fields she attempted to cross over a fence, but her dress caught and she fell over on her head. Her neck was broken and death was instantaneous.

The Suicide Identified.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 19.—The man who jumped from the Suspension Bridge last Saturday has been identified as Ernest F. Markham of Boston, a member of The Boston Journal staff. Photographs of Markham received here to-day were at once identified. No reason is known for the fatal jump on Markham's part.

Robbery in Unionville.

Unionville, April 19.—The postoffice and store of John Davison was broken into Sunday night. The thief got $8 or $10 in money, less than $4 in postage stamps and a lot of silk handkerchiefs, kid gloves, cutlery and plated-ware to the value of $100. Entrance was made by the back door. One door was forced and a panel cut out of another.

No matter how much of a business woman a woman may be, when the little love-god makes up his mind to shoot, there is no protection against his arrow. Yet many a young woman whose affections are already engaged, hesitates to assume the obligations of wifehood and motherhood, because she feels unfitted for them by some physical weakness or disease.

The special ailments to which the feminine organism is liable, not only unfit a woman for happy wifehood and motherhood, but incapacitate her for any sphere of action. No woman can discharge the daily duties of any position with comfort or satisfaction who is constantly weighed down by headaches, backaches and dragging, weakening drains.

Troubles of this nature are not by any means a necessity of womanhood. They are positively and completely cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It imparts genuine health and strength to the womanly organs. It was devised for this one purpose by an eminent specialist in this particular field of practice.

"For several years I suffered with prolapsus of the uterus," writes Miss A. Lee Schuster, of Box 12, Rodney, Jefferson Co., Miss. "Our family physician treated me for kidney trouble, and everything else but the right thing. I grew worse and worse. My body was emaciated, hands and feet clammy and cold, stomach weak, with great palpitation of the heart. I dreaded for night to come for I would suffer with nausea all night and so I continued until some kind unknown friend sent me your book with a marked page. I began taking your 'Favorite Prescription,' contrary to my family's wishes, and I began to improve right away. I have taken three bottles and now I am very nearly well and am very happy, and thankful to say."

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S

Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897

THE ONLY ONE

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cure where all other Remedies Fail.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE NOT INCURABLE

But there is only One Cure in the World, and That We Have Named—Hundreds Testify to Cures—Never a Failure Recorded.

It used to be said, "If you have Bright's Disease, it won't be long before people are walking slow behind you."

Bright's disease affects brainy men particularly. The brainier and more active a man, the more liable he is to Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease is a disease of the Kidneys. It is the name given to the fatty degeneration of those organs. It is caused by excessive use of alcoholic drinks. It is caused by excessive eating of rich food. It may be caused by exposure to cold and moisture. It may be caused by improper living.

But it's not with the *cause* we have to deal. It is with the *cure*.

It used to be thought that Bright's Disease was incurable. We know better now. Restore the kidneys to health, and you may eat what you like, drink what you like, work as hard or be as active as you like, and bid defiance to death-dealing Bright's Disease.

But woe to the man who doesn't take care of his Kidneys! When they cease to filter the blood, the blood reeks with poison. Urine actually flows in the veins. You die a lingering death. The spine and extremities first; the brain last. Dying at the bottom while living at the top!

Bright's Disease may be cured by DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, which restore the Kidneys, making them filter the blood properly. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS are the *only specific for Bright's Disease*. They were compounded just for that purpose. They have cured hundreds of cases. They will cure *your* Kidneys. Try them. Fifty cents a box. For sale at all druggists.

WM. G. WADE, 940 Queen East, Toronto, says:—"I have used thirty-six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and am cured of Bright's Disease after all else had failed."

T. E. CRAIG, 769 Queen East, Toronto, says:—"Never expecting a cure of Bright's Disease, I have been agreeably disappointed by a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MISS MAUDE COTTERELL, Belleville, Ont., says:—"I have used two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and have been cured of what the doctor said was Bright's Disease."

MR. JAMES WENT, Orillia, Ont., says:—"I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills about six weeks ago, have taken three boxes which have cured me perfectly of Bright's Disease.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 290 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

OAK HALL.

A GREAT SHIP CANAL.

RUSSIA TO CONNECT THE BALTIC AND BLACK SEAS.

The Projected Canal to Be One Thousand Miles Long—The Advantages to the Empire From a Military Point of View.

Now that the trans-Siberian Railway is far advanced toward completion, the Russian Government is planning another great scheme, which will outrival in political importance the Kiel canal. It has always been considered by the Russian strategists as a source of great weakness that the naval forces of the empire should remain divided in such a way that one-half only of either the Baltic or the Black Sea fleet could be available at one time. Between the north and the south there is no way for a naval concentration, communications being blocaded in the north by climatic and in the south by political obstructions. In his dealings with his grandmother's Government his Majesty the Czar is never so warm and conciliatory as when the Baltic is frozen. To this actual thermometric condition may be ascribed his present desire for peace in the east.

There is a motto in maritime affairs that nothing can be improvised; everything has to be foreseen. It was with a clear understanding of this truth that the late Czar, Alexander III., gave instruction to his engineers to study the possibility of a maritime canal to connect the Baltic with the Black Sea; this canal to be constructed with dimensions sufficient for the transit of the largest war vessels. After a thorough study of the various possible roads, one has been selected as the most practical, running, as it does, entirely through Russian territory. On the plan selected there are no great difficulties of level to be overcome, although the European watershed summit has to be crossed, but this last takes place at one of its lowest points.

The proposed canal's entrance will be on the Gulf of Riga, at the mouth of the river Duna. It will follow the course of this river up to a point above Dunabourg. Then, leaving this valley,

RUSSIA'S GREAT SHIP CANAL.

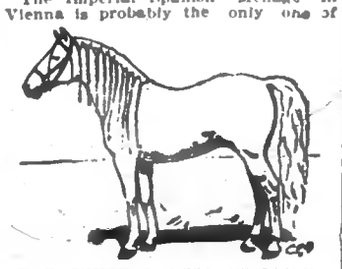
it reaches the Beresina River by a straight cut and passes through Babruisk. This brings it into the Dnieper, and, following this natural declivity, it reaches the Black Sea, opening into a magnificent roadstead below Kherson. The total length of this colossal waterway will be something like 1600 kilometres (about 1000 miles), and it will be excavated to a depth of 8 1-2 metres (about 27 feet). This will allow the largest ironclads to navigate it freely from one end to the other. The estimated cost is put down at £100,000,000.

Its strategic importance does not need demonstration. By the selection of a course running at a safe distance from the frontier it places back of the Russian forces stationed in Poland an unassailable base of operation. Fully protected already by a whole network of fortifications and railways, this canal is intended to act as a feeder for all the war material. As to the concentration of the whole Russian fleet in the Black Sea, this means an absolute control of Constantinople and the Straits.

But if this enterprise is of utmost importance in a military point of view, it will also prove unquestionably very beneficial to the agricultural and industrial interests of the country. It places vast grain producing regions in cheap communication with Odessa, the chief point of export, while the immense coal fields of southern Russia will come into easier connection with the industrial districts of Poland. There are reasons, too, to believe that new factories will develop along the canal on account of the cheapness of this new mode of transport. If this scheme has been adopted, there is no doubt that the Russian tenacity will bring it to success.

The White Lipizza Stallion.

The Imperial Spanish Menage in Vienna is probably the only one of



THE WHITE LIPIZZA STALLION.

numerous mediaeval riding schools which have lasted to this day, and probably this one would no more exist were it not for the munificence of Emperor Charles VI., who provided for the continuance of this favorite pastime by a large bequest, which provides for the annual spending of the interest only, insuring the permanence of the institution. The conditions of horseback riding, as handed down here, are probably the most correct example of how riding was taught centuries ago at a time when the art of riding was constituted the most important as well as necessary quality of a nobleman. Chivalry then meant expert knowledge of horseback riding. Emperor Charles VI. also provided that only horses from the Lipizza stud, in Carinthia, where then the finest horses of Austria were bred, should be ridden in the Spanish Menage, and thirty-three of these most beautiful animals are constantly kept in the model stables attached to the Menage. Only stallions are sent to Vienna, and they are snow-white, with a flesh-color nose. Horses for the Spanish Menage are shod with silver horseshoes.

THE POPE'S DELEGATE.

Sketch of the Personal Representative of His Holiness in Canada.

An interesting personality at present in Canada is Mgr. Raffaele Merry del Val, the personal representative of the Pope of Rome. He is clothed with powers second only to those possessed by His Holiness himself; but notwithstanding this the great dailies publish conflicting reports as to his mission and his status. The mother of the new delegate is a daughter of Count Torri Diaz, a Spanish Senator, who, however, married while in England, and lived there for a number of years. His father, Senor Merry del Val, was in the Court of St. James, London, and is now Spanish Ambassador to the Vatican. Mgr. Merry del Val was born in 1862, when his father was in London, and received his early education in England. Later he studied in Belgium and Rome. For the past seven years he has been attached to the household of His Holiness Pope Leo XIII., being one of those in immediate attendance on the Holy Father. It is not customary that anyone in that position should be detched from their attendance, and the sending of Mgr. Merry del Val to Canada in an unusual act, indicative, it is said, of the solicitude of his Holiness for his flock in Canada.

Mgr. Merry Del Val.

It has been reported from London that it is expected that Mgr. Merry del Val's mission to Canada will be completed in time for him to be present at the jubilee celebration in London in June, where he is to be the official representative of the Pope. Mgr. Merry del Val himself, however, has heard nothing of any such intention on the part of His Holiness, and is inclined to think that the report emanated from the fact of his having attended the last jubilee celebration in 1887, where he went as the secretary of Cardinal Ruffo, the official representative of the Vatican on that occasion. In the following year, 1888, Mgr. Merry del Val went to Berlin as secretary of Cardinal Galimberti on the occasion of the funeral services attendant on the death of Emperor Frederick. Mgr. Merry del Val is secretary of the commission appointed of recent years for the reunion of the dissentient churches, of which commission Cardinal Vaughan is a member. This commission is now permanently organized, and is extending its work in all parts of the globe. He is in Canada concerning the Manitoba school question.

ENGLAND IN AFRICA.

Savage Districts Recently Subdued by British Officers.

The British Empire steadily grows bigger in Africa.

Bida, capital city of Nupe, one of the smaller Mohammedan states of the Middle Niger, has been captured by the forces of the British Royal Niger Company. The company has appealed to arms, not on its own account, but in aid of the Nupes against the tyrannous Emir.

The company has a treaty with the Emir which for an annual subsidy of $10,000 gives them unusual commercial advantages and the freest access to the country. The Emir has kept his agreement, but has treated his own subjects cruelly.

Nupe pays annual tribute in thousands of slaves to the Sultan of Sokoto, head of the Fulah power. The many slave raids upon his subjects by the Emir, and his wholesale confiscation of their lands, have reduced the country to a pitiable condition.

In vain the Royal Niger Company protested, and at last decided to use force against the Emir. Five hundred Haussa, armed and drilled in methods of modern warfare, advanced into the interior under the leadership of British officers. They met and defeated 20,000 Fulah of the Emir at Bida, and the city, of 90,000 population, surrendered. The oppressed people are rallying to the support of the company, and a marked change will result.

If the Sultan of Sokoto takes up the quarrel the power of the British nation alone can cope with him. With his territory of 200,000 square miles, and his well-trained soldiery, drawn from a population of 20,000,000, no European nation has heretofore shown an eagerness to quarrel with him.

British expansion of trade and of political power moves along parallel lines. What the British South Africa Company failed to do in the Transvaal the Royal Niger Company may accomplish in Western Soudan. Still, there may be other Paul Krugers and Meneleks in the dark continent.

In Better Business.

"Why do I cease to be an agitator, a socialist and an advocate of Utopian ideas?" echoed the man of affairs to a former friend who is still working on the problem of making this an ideal world.

"I'll tell you just as frankly as I can. While I was sentimentalizing about the masses and grinding out humanitarian cant wherever I could get an audience, I made the startling discovery that I was not making my own home as much of a heaven on earth as it might be. I had to run away from the smaller duties to which a man should first be faithful and tackle the great undertakings that are to be accomplished, if accomplished at all, through the uncertain progress of evolution. I was neglecting my household in an effort to reclaim the world.

"But such sacrifices must be made in the great cause."

"Not a bit of it. Our first duty is to those akin to us. When their happiness and comfort is assured then it is time enough to join the crusade in behalf of the vague multitude. What awakened me was a wife working night and day to get along on scanty means, one little one staying at home from school because he had no shoes, another wearing clothes that excited the ridicule of other children, the coal bin empty and a very short allowance in the larder. I concluded then and there that the rest of the world would have to get along the best it could until I had created some sunshine in my own home. I've been kept very busy in this new line of work, finding some time, however, to afford relief where immediate relief was needed."

The visiting agitator looked much paler than when he had entered and went out chewing his mustache.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES

With Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies You Can Doctor and

CURE YOURSELF

No Guess Work—No Experimenting—No Big Doctors' Bills—Each Remedy Has Plain Directions, So There Can Be No Mistake.

A SEPARATE CURE FOR EACH DISEASE

They Relieve Almost Immediately — Are Absolutely Harmless and Should be in Every Home.

Your Druggist Will Give You the Names of Hundreds of His Customers Who Have Been Cured by These Wonderful Little Pellets

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days. Price 50c each.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25c.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

SEASON 1897.

THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HOBKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

YOUR DOCTOR

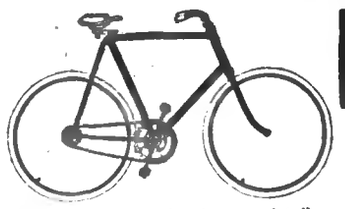
Is using it himself, because he knows a good thing, once tried.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Sealed lead packets only. By Grocers only

MASSEY-HARRIS



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[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE] 1897.

Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71½, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 66½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S Price $85.00
LADIES' . . .

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

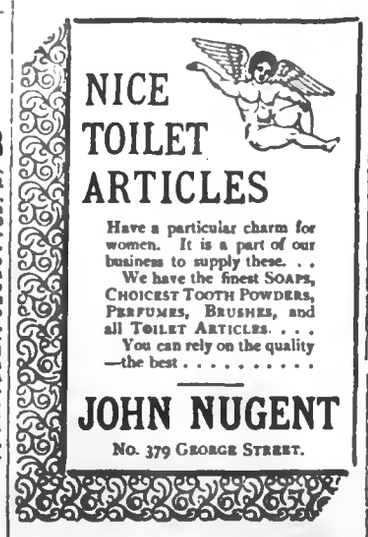
KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!

And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.



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Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT

No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.

P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

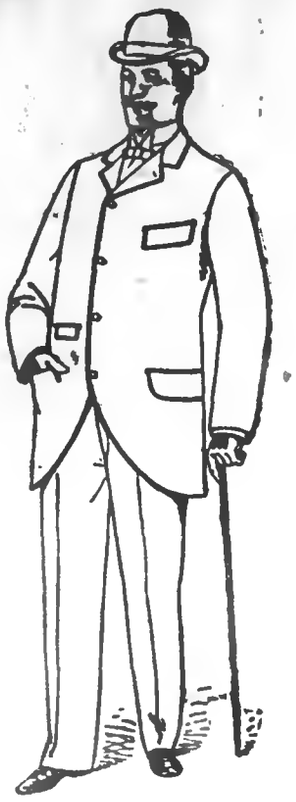
FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

It's Different Now!



Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

THE SUN

Is a Bicycle that combines the highest mechanical construction with elegant appearance and only costs **$72.50**

In Gentlemen's or Ladies' patterns. No higher grade wheel is one whit better in any particular. Any color enamel desired. Any Tire or Saddle.

$62.50 THE LAKESIDE

An ideal wheel at a moderately low price. It fills the demand for a good durable, graceful, handsome bicycle. Take our guarantee that these are no cheap wheels. We stand behind them. If they were not what we say they are we would not handle them.

A. MERCER & CO.

George-st., Peterborough.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERIGAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

30 BOXES OF

CURTAIN POLES

AND TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived!

All nicely Assorted from 20 cents up the Set.

Also watch for our Cheap Wall Paper rates, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

Pianoforte, Organ and Theory

ALFRED DAVIS

Organist and Choirmaster of St. Luke's Church

LESSONS IN PETERBOROUGH & ASHBURNHAM

FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Address for terms, etc, Norwood, Ont.

d92 eod

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge successat W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Good Bread at Best Prices.

Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour Bates Bros., bakers. d97

Spring Notions all New.

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Costume Recital
St. Andrew's Church Sunday School Room,
This, Tuesday Eve., April 20.
Miss Alexandrina Ramsey.
Prices 25c and 10c.

Ladies

Go to Mrs. Appleby's for the new shaded Dresden Floss. Shading easily and quickly done. d92f

To-Night! To-Night!!

The concert in aid of the furnishing fund of the Y. M. C. A., will be given in George st School Room by the scholars of Mrs. Spair's Bible class. Good programme. Tickets 15c. and 25c. Children of intermediate classes 10c. 1d

WATKIN-MILLS.

To-morrow night. Don't miss the grand musical festival in the Opera House. Watkin-Mills, the renowned baritone, and Mr. Geo. Fox, violinist. The event of the season.

Personal.

Mrs. Wm. Russell, of Millbrook, is in town visiting her friends.

Mr Dan Simons is home for a couple of months' holidays.

Mr Arthur White, district freight agent of the G T R, and Mr W R Tiffin, district superintendent of the G T R, are in town.

Misses Sims and Carry, of Toronto, are in town. They will visit Chemong and Stony lake in search of a cottage for the summer.

Rev. W C Beer, who is a member of the Examining Board of the Bay of Quinte Conference of the Methodist church, has left today for Brighton to attend the examination, which will be held in that place.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

DISASTROUS FIRE SWEEPS NORWOOD

AND DESTROYS HALF THE BUSINESS PORTION OF THE VILLAGE

The Roxburgh Block, Pearce's Block, with the Post Office, the Tucker Block and Other Buildings Destroyed—Norwood's Third Serious Fire This Month.

Special to the Review.

Norwood, April 20.—About four o'clock this morning, a fire was discovered in a shed in rear of Dr Moffat's drug store in the Roxburgh block on Colborne-st. and proved to be the beginning of the most disastrous conflagration that has ever visited this place. This afternoon one-half of the business portion of the village is in ashes, but with the assistance of the Peterborough firemen and steamer that arrived this morning the fire is under control.

The fire went into the Roxburgh block and spread with great rapidity in two directions, north and south. The poor fire apparatus of the village was inadequate to cope with such a blaze, although the villagers made a great exertion to stay the progress of the flames. All the goods of the stores in danger were removed and piled in the Methodist church yard and on the hill at the head of Colborne-st. To get at losses and insurance in each individual case is impossible to-day. In the case of the Roxburgh block, where the fire started,

THE WHOLE BLOCK WAS BURNED

from the Methodist church to the town hall, including the following shops:—R W Waters & Sons, dry goods; Robt Stewart, druggist; R J Stewart, tinsmith; one vacant store, lately finished; Miss O Stephenson, millinery; Geo Duffield, jeweller; W Eaton, tailor, Richardson & Co., dry goods; W E Roxburg, office; D H Booth, photograph gallery; Public library; F Wasson, grocery; C O'Rielly, implements; Thos Headren, carriage shop. These buildings belonged to Mr. W. E. Roxburgh and were insured for $6,500, which is far below their value.

Mr. J. B. Pearce's block, consisting of post office and dry goods store, W J Tucker's block, consisting of grocery and E H Scott's stationery store, were also burned up. The insurance could not be obtained on these last buildings.

Messrs. J. B. Pearce and Geo. Duffield and W. Eaton saved most of their property but their loss is not yet known as much has been damaged.

The heat was so intense that the Fancy House and Foster's grocery across the street were on fire several times, but the citizens succeeded in extinguishing these blazes. Over most of the stores were private rooms and offices, and Mr. Geo. F. Sherry, barrister, Mr. H. G. Buck, reeve of the village and County Councillor Pearce, will be among the losers in this respect.

Peterborough has been in a state of enquiring anxiety all day in regard to the Norwood fire. A message was received this morning calling for assistance, and the Mayor gave permission for the steamer to go to the burning village. A special arrived from Havelock and about seven o'clock left with Chief Rutherford, five or six men and the steamer. Since then there had been no direct telegraph or telephone connection with the unfortunate village, the telegraph and telephone offices being burned or the wires down. The REVIEW man got his despatch through the C P R station operator at Norwood via Toronto.

Knevitles.

—The regular meeting of Court Forest Queen C.O.F., has been withdrawn to-morrow night, and a special meeting will be held at some future date of which members will receive notice.

—The alarm of fire yesterday was for a chimney blaze near the corner of Rubidge and King-sts., but was not at the residence of Mr. J. J. McBain as erroneously noted yesterday.

Where is Juvenis?

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—What is the matter with Juvenis that he is not showing up again?

The Cottagers have been sitting around with their guns loaded and cocked anxiously waiting for him to come out of his hole, but now their attention has been drawn to larger game and some pretty good scores are being made. Come out "Juvenis" and blow your horn until we make the hair fly, if there is any left on you since the last fusilade.

Yours truly,

VIGILANCE.

Peterborough, 20th April.

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

THE MILITARY CONCERT.

Sergt-Major Peters and the Non-Coms Give a Very Successful Programme in the Opera House.

The military concert given in the opera house last evening by the non-coms. of the 57th Battalion under the auspices of the officers of the corps was a very successful event. The opera house had been decorated for the evening, the old Union Jack being in evidence everywhere, and with the scarlet uniforms of the men and the dark undress uniforms of the officers gave the affair a decided military aspect before the programme started. There was a good attendance, among the officers present being Lieut-Col Bell, Lieut-Col Rogers, Maj Edwards, Surgeon Halliday, Capt Mason, Capt Hill, Capt Hayes, Capt Miller, Capt Stevenson, Capt Clegg, Capt Lech, Lieut Ames, Lieut Matthews, Lieut Eastwood, Lieut Cluxton, and Lieut Hounsell.

The features of the programme for which the non coms. are to be most commended were the exhibitions of physical drill, of an awkward squad, of the bayonet exercise, and of the manual exercise. Sergt-Major Peters, who drilled the squad, is to be congratulated upon his work, while the men are to be given great credit for the clean work they did. The squad was composed of Col-Sergt Raby, Sergt Edwards, Sergt J A Smith, Sergt Murphy, Sergt Hounsell, Sergt Wand, Sergt Roberts, Corp Irwin and Corp Langford. Corp Pratt was also in the physical drill squad. The movements in the physical drill and manual exercise were done to music, without word of command, and it was like clock work. Sergt Green furnished the music. They were given enthusiastic applause and were recalled to repeat the bayonet exercise. The awkward squad was very funny and Sergt.-Major Peters had his own troubles as drill instructor. Another feature of the programme that the non-coms. presented was a "recruiting" scene, which represented a typical occurrence when the recruiting sergeant is getting men to "take the shilling."

Exhibitions of interest were given by Sergt Major Morgans, the champion all-round-fencer of America, and Sergt Instructor Boutillier, who appeared with foil vs foil, sword vs sword, bayonet vs bayonet, sword vs bayonet, and in a quarter staff contest. These exhibitions were interesting, and evidenced that Sergt-Major Morgans is still the leader of them all in these contests. Sergt Major Morgans in his sword feats gave a remarkable exhibition. He cut sheets of paper, several loose ribbons thrown on the blade, cut through a solid bar of lead, and severed in twain at one blow the carcass of a sheep that was hung on the stage. These feats showed what precision he had in the stroke of his sword. The complete control he has of the weapon was further evidenced by his feat in cutting the potatoe lying on Band-Sergt. Grange's hand and neck. The potatoe was cut in two but the hand or neck were not scratched. These exhibitions were watched with close interest.

The remainder of the programme was the musical numbers. These consisted of two excellent selections by the Battalion band at the opening of each part, and two musical numbers by Messrs Adams and Mercer. These latter two in their banjo and mouth-organ duets, and in their comic song and dance brought down the house and had to respond to several recalls.

The programme closed with a military tableau "True to the Last," which was exceedingly pretty. Capt Miller was seen in command of a squad of men who were defending the forms of two prostrate comrades. It was a good tableau well presented.

Before the band played God Save the Queen, Capt Miller returned the thanks of the non-coms for the attendance and assistance they had received.

The artistic decorating was done by the well known firm, J J Turner & Sons.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

TO ENGLAND FOR THE JUBILEE

Lieut.-Col. H. C. Rogers Instructed to select Four Men from the 3rd Dragoons.

Lieut-Col. H. C. Rogers, of the Third Dragoons, recieved communication to-day from Col. Aylmer, Adjudant General, in regard to the force which the Government has decided to send to England to represent Canada at Her Majesty's diamond jubilee. Col. Aylmer notified Lieut. Col. Rogers that the 3rd Dragoons have been selected to furnish four non-commissioned officers or men for this force, and the communication explains the requirements of the men and states that their transportation will be paid as well as an indemnity each day. Lieut-Col. Rogers will at once communicate with the Captains at Millbrook, Picton, Colborne and Peterborough and arrange for the selection of the men to meet the requirements.

Diamond Jubilee Committee Meeting.

The Diamond Jubilee committee will meet this evening in the Council Chamber at 8 o'clock.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

THE ENDEAVORERS IN CONVENTION

REV. J. G. POTTER ELECTED TO THE POSITION OF PRESIDENT OF THE COUNTY UNION.

The Convention was Largely Attended—The Officers Chosen—Addresses by Revs. Bykeman, Potter and Rae—Consecration Service Led by Mr. R. J. Colville.

The County Christian Endeavor convention yesterday was one of the most successful since the inauguration of the County Union. The attendance was large and represented all portions of the county. The speakers dealt with their topics in interesting style, clearly and forcibly, and the convention concluded in the evening with a consecration service, led by Mr. R. J. Colville, the former secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., but now of Toronto. All the sessions were held in the George-st. Methodist church. The new president chosen to preside over the Union during the coming year was Rev. J. G. Potter, the energetic pastor of St. Andrew's church. The delegates in attendance were:—

May Andrews, Helen Lang, Keene Presbyterian C E; K Isabel Duff, Zion; Annie Wilson, May Pengelley, J E Roxburgh and B Roxburgh, Norwood Presbyterian C E; Bella M Howson, Keene E L of C E; Mrs Wright, Westwood E L of C E; Mina Roxborough, Selwyn; Lottie Beer, Minnie Hamilton, Mark-st. church, Ashburnham; Kate Fowler, North Monaghan Union; Morley Nelson, Bethel; Harold E Kindred, Havelock; W F Stubbs, Lakefield E L of C E; P G Might, Salem E L of C E; J A McDonald, Lakefield B Y P U; J H Connal, St. Paul's church; C F Kivell, Gilmour Memorial, Smith; E M Nelson, A Bathgate, Villiers; A Simpson, Lakefield E L of C E; Alice Squire, Norwood E L of C E; Jessie Smith, Lakefield C E; M Quinn, Listowel; J Duff, Lakefield; F E Wilson, Springville; Libbie Wilson, Springville; Laura Bennet, Zion; Katie Sharp, Westwood E L of C E; Bella Lillico, Geo Hamlin, Wm C Spencer, North Monaghan.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session opened with devotional exercises by Rev. W C Beer.

Mr. H. Beer presented the report of the Nominating Committee, which after a few amendments was adopted as follows:—

Honorary President—Rev Dr Liddy, Keene.

President—Rev J G Potter, Peterborough.

Secretary—Miss Duff, Lakefield.

Treasurer—Mr R Burgess, Lakefield.

Editors—Miss A Cromie, Mr B Gerrans.

Vice-Presidents—Town of Peterborough—The president of the local union; Lakefield district, Mr F Jory; Smith district, Mr C F Kivell; Monaghan district, Mr R Simpson; Keene and Otonabee district, Miss Reid; Norwood district, Mr Thos Finlay.

Superintendent of Junior Work—Miss Roxburgh, Norwood.

The committee abolished the central district and formed the new district of Monaghan and united Otonabee with Keene district.

THE JUNIOR ENDEAVORERS.

Miss Roxburgh, read the following report of the junior superintendent, Mrs Dr Harrison, Keene:

Again we beg leave to submit to you our annual report of the Junior Christian Endeavorers of the County of Peterborough.

During the past year we regret to say that there seems to have been a falling off of the interest in the Junior work of the county and the report is not as encouraging as we would like to have it. This report, however, is not a full one, as all but four of our junior superintendents neglected to fill out the circulars that were sent to them and this hindered the making out of a full and complete report. I may say that this report was just made up at the last moment from such information as could be gathered from the delegates present. We hope that the junior work has not fallen off as much as this report would show and we would urge the members of the different Societies to try and stimulate a deeper interest in junior work. We are sorry that there is no junior rally in connection with this convention, as this would awaken a new interest in our work, but owing to different reasons it was impossible to have one.

We regret not having come in personal contact with more of the societies, but absence from the county hindered this. The reports, however, from most of the societies are, on the whole, encouraging, and the juniors in the societies which have reported seemed to be active in their work. Almost all the societies report excellent work among the missionary committees, although only two societies have reported, the amount of their contributions being $34. Most societies have adopted a systematic plan of giving, and we think our juniors are doing their part in missionary work. Other gifts such as dolls, books, cards, papers, toys, etc., have been given by the juniors to those without them, and these we are sure are as acceptable as money.

Not knowing exactly the members of societies in the county we cannot report the increase in this line, but we know that two new societies have been organized, while we are sorry to say that some societies have fallen off owing to lack of worker's material—both members and teachers having been lacking.

We have as far as reported 392 active members and 120 associate, in all 392 members. Twenty-nine have graduated into the Y.P.S.C.E., and 14 have united with the church.

Before closing we would beg of our senior societies to try and stir up greater interest in junior work. We believe that lack of interest in the juniors among the senior societies, is the cause of the falling off of interest in the junior cause. The juniors need encourage-

Continued on page 8

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.
Y.W.C.A. reading room.
57th Battalion drill.
Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.
Public Library reading room, for members only.
Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.
Miss Ramsey at St. Andrew's church.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

Gun Club Shoot.

The Gun club held the first shoot of the season yesterday afternoon. The scores in a 24 bird match were:

Ray	17	James	16
Jewett	19	Tivey	17
Ferguson	10	Neil	12

The Life of Dr. Chase.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

Costume Recital
St. Andrew's Church Sunday School Room,
This, Tuesday Eve., April 20.
Miss Alexandrina Ramsey.
Prices 25c and 15c.

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

OAK HALL.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.
416 George Street

EASTER WEDDING.

The Nuptials of Mr. R. L. Hamilton, Welland, and Miss Annie Dawson, Town.

A very interesting event took place this afternoon, it being the occasion of the marriage of Mr, Robert Hamilton, M.E., of Welland, to Miss Annie Dawson, daughter of Mr. Thos. Dawson, 72 Bonacoord-st. The house was elaborately decorated with plants and looked very pretty in its floral beauty.

At two o'clock the bride entered the parlor on the arm of her father, where the groom was in waiting, and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. E. Vicars Stevenson, of St. John's Anglican church. The bride was attired in a becoming dress of Swiss muslin, with chiffon and ribbon trimmings, and carried a beautiful shower bouquet of white roses. The bride was attended by Miss Ethyl Dawson, who was prettily gowned in an organdie muslin, with lace and ribbon trimmings, and also carried a pretty shower bouquet of cream roses. The groom was ably supported by Mr. Thos. G. Anderson, of town. After the ceremony the guests repaired to the dining-room where a sumptuous dejeuner was partaken of. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents from England and many other distant points.

The happy couple left by the C. P. R. 4.48 express for Toronto, en route for Welland, accompanied by the well wishes of a host of friends.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

IT'S A MISTAKE

TO THINK THAT ONLY THE RICH MAN CAN WEAR HIGH-CLASS GARMENTS.

We partly adopted the Cash System of Tailoring in Peterborough in order that men of moderate means might be as well dressed as the millionaire, without any strain upon the finances. Suppose you need

A Genuine Scotch Tweed Suit

Our cash price for which is $17.50. Isn't it easier to pay down the cash and be done with it than to face a debt of $22.50 which any good tailor would have to charge for it, if he had to wait an indefinite time for his money?

A. MERCER & CO. 355 George Street, High-class Cash Tailors

ANGLICAN CHURCHES VESTRY MEETINGS

ST JOHN'S, ST LUKE'S, AND ST JOHN'S SOUTH WARD MISSION

Elect Wardens, Sidesmen, Auditors and Delegates—Financial Reports Presented and Matters Affecting the Congregations Discussed.

The three anglican congregations, St John's, St John's South Ward Mission and St Luke's church, held their annual Easter Vestry meetings last evening.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The attendance reached almost fifty at St. John's Vestry meeting. Rev E V Stevenson, M A., curate, was chosen to preside and Mr W H Walkey was called upon to act as secretary. The minutes of several previous meetings were read and confirmed.

Mr R M Dennistoun, Rector's warden, presented the financial statement. The receipts were shown to be as follows:

OFFERTORY.		
General	$ 566 21	
Envelope	1140 10	
		$1,706 31
Pew rents		756 32
SYNOD COLLECTIONS.		
Good Friday	$ 9 45	
Divinity students	10 48	
Domestic Missions	16 00	
General purposes	6 80	
Widow and orphans	117 24	
Thanksgiving	6 16	
Foreign Missions	19 70	
Diocesan Missions	10 50	
Superanuation	14 52	
South Ward Mission	31 27	
		$ 242 12
EASTER OFFERTORY.		
Sunday School Building Fund and accrued interest	$ 701 76	
Christmas Offertory	56 37	
Harvest Home	16 98	
Other Revenue	40 18	
Balance Overdraft	165 73	
Balance from last year	67 56	
		$3,753 33

The payments were apportioned as follows:

GENERAL EXPENSE:	
Rev. E V Stevenson to 31st March, 1897	$ 770 00
Curate South Ward	92 00
Miss Vink	65 00
P H Owens, to 31st March, 1897	172 98
John Butcher, to 31st March, 1887	400 00
Interest	265 60
Water Co to 31st March, 1897	100 00
Electric light	60 45
Gas	11 00
Printing	59 50
Wood	104 10
Washing	10 45
Insurance	102 15
Wine	14 50
Sundries	26 85
Hose	8 64
Water mains	35 19
Repairs	58 40
Decorations, etc.	10 20
Balance widows' and orphans' assessment	14 89
Double windows	70 22
Piano repairs	7 00
	$2,459 12
Freehold pews, Mrs. Hoskes and Mr. Clurton	150 00
Synod collections	241 17
Synod assessment	62 97
Christmas offertory to Rector and curates	56 36
Cash in savings bank	756 76
Rev. J C Davidson, missionary journey	26 95
	$3,753 33

The total receipts, Mr Dennistoun explained, exceeded the previous year by a couple of hundred dollars. In the general and envelope contributions there had been a slight decrease. The increase was principally received in the Easter offering which was over three hundred dollars more than the last year. During the year repairs had been made, free hold pews procured and three years insurance paid which added to the payments. The report with a clause directing that in future allowances to curates should be passed upon by the vestry was adopted.

Mr A N Clarke was appointed vestry clerk at a salary of $25 per annum on motion of Messrs P Campbell and Geo A Smith.

The selections of church wardens was then proceeded with, Mr R M Dennistoun announced that he intended retiring as he desired to see the position pass into new hands each year. He purposed occupying himself with the work of the Sabbath school. He looked upon his occupancy of church warden of St. John's with pride and would always be found willing to assist in the work of the vestry.

Mr. J. E. Belcher, C. E., was appointed Rector's churchwarden, and Mr H Long was re-appointed peoples' churchwarden. Messrs Jos Mills, McF Wilson, W Hinchcliffe, F Foot, R H Kells and J Mulholland were again chosen as sidesmen. Messrs E Pearse and P Campbell will again occupy the positions of auditors.

A motion was passed empowering the churchwardens to purchase freehold pews when offered for sale on satisfactory terms.

A most cordial motion of appreciation of the efficient services of Revs E V Stevenson and W L Armitage in the parish during the absence of the Rector was adopted, and Rev E V Stevenson made a fitting reply, and declared it had been a pleasure to him to work with the people of St John's church, and it was an equal pleasure to be associated with a man of Mr. Armitage's stamp.

Very hearty thanks were extended to Mr R M Dennistoun, retiring churchwarden, Mr H Rush, organist, and choir and the boys of the Brotherhood. The vestry then adjourned to meet in two weeks, and the congregation proceeded to elect lay delegates to the Synod, and Dr Burnham and Messrs P Campbell and F R Yokome were chosen.

Meeting at St. Luke's

The annual Easter vestry meeting of St. Luke's church was held last night in the school house, the Rector, Rev H Symonds, presiding.

The church wardens' report set forth that "the collections for the year amounted to $1,364.69, an average per Sunday of $25.27, compared with $23 20 for the previous year. The balance due churchwardens is $104.56.

"During the year the electric light has been installed in the school house at a cost of $34.50 and the insurance premiums for three years amounting to $107.30 have been paid. These are the only extraordinary expenditures that have been made during the year, which will account to a certain extent for the adverse balance. Contributions were asked for the purpose of placing a tablet, and renovating the interior of the church as a memorial to the first Rector, Rev W C Bradshaw, and as a result $127 were obtained. A tablet has been placed in the church at a cost of $75 and the balance of $52 is on hand for the purpose of renovation.

"The churchwardens cannot let this occasion pass without referring to the untimely death of the first Rector, the Rev W C Bradshaw. They have held office since the foundation of the parish, and they can say that the success the church attained and the progress made were, under God, due to the energy and great ability of Mr Bradshaw, during the fourteen years he was Rector. The churchwardens well know the early difficulties which beset the parish, and are satisfied that the energy and determination of the deceased Rector carried us successfully through those difficulties, and established the parish as it now is, with church, school room and parsonage."

During the past year $141.95 has been contributed towards the Rectory enlargement fund, and $35 to the mortgage debt, making a total of $135 in hand. The mortgagees will not accept a smaller instalment than $200. The total amount of income from all sources exclusive of the poor fund and the missionary collections of the W. A. is $2,466.57.

Messrs. F. Adams and E. A. Peck audited the accounts and reported them correct.

Mr. H. T. Strickland was re-elected people's warden and the Rector nominated Mr. John Burnham. Messrs. F. Adams and E. A. Peck were elected assistant wardens. The following were elected sidesmen:—Messrs H Adams, W Maniece, R Turner, S Adams, Geoff Prattley, C McFadden, A Sedgwick, H Everett and David Curtis.

The following Finance Committee was elected:—Mrs John Heap, Mrs Nimmo, Mrs Eden, Mrs H Adams, Mrs Sedgwick, Miss Mills, Miss Denne, and Messrs Jamieson, F Adams, R B Rogers, H Nesbitt, E A Peck, D Spence, H J Grassett, J J Howden and A Dawson.

Hearty votes of thanks were passed to the organist and choir, the sidesmen, the sexton' the Ladies' Aid, W. A., and the several chapters of the Guild, the Churchwardens and the officers and teachers of the Sunday School.

On motion of Mr. John Burnham, seconded by Mr. Strickland, a special vote of thanks was tendered the REVIEW and Examiner for their courtesy in publishing full reports of the parochial proceedings, which were read with great interest by members of the congregation.

The following resolution speaks for itself:

Moved by Mr. E. A. Peck, seconded by Mr. F. Adams, and unanimously carried.

"That whereas Messrs. John Burnham and H. T. Strickland have completed twenty-one years as churchwardens of St. Luke's church, the members of the congregation at this annual vestry meeting, do hereby tender them their hearty congratulations. The handsome and complete church buildings, including church, school house and rectory, almost entirely free of debt, bear the strongest testimony to the zeal and ability with which they have conducted the business of the congregation, and as a very slight memento of so many years of unremunerated work we request them to accept the accompanying prayer books."

The Rector then presented a handsomely bound prayer book to each of the wardens, who reserved their addresses until this evening's congregational meeting.

The Rector's report was also deferred until to-night.

Upon the adjournment of the vestry meeting, a second meeting was held when Messrs. John Burnham, F. J. Jameson and H. C. Rogers were elected lay representatives to the Synod.

The second annual congregational re-union will be held in St. Luke's school house to-night. It is hoped that all members of the church will be present.

The South Ward Mission.

St. John's South Ward Mission held its annual meeting last evening, Rev W L Armitage presiding, and Mr. F. J. Bell acting as secretary. The financial report as pre-

Continued on page 8.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuine Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

Spot Cash. One Price. Money back if you want it.

MEN'S HATS FOR SPRING

NEW AND TASTEFUL STYLES.

Men who wish to be well dressed and who are particularly careful as to the style of hats they wear, find much to commend this season in the hats made by Christy, Lincoln, Bennett, Wilkinson, Youmans and Stetson.

THE DERBY HATS for this Spring differ from the Fall hats in the matter of brim, which is rather more flat with the full crown.

We show three different shades of brown together with a beautiful black, they are very Dressy Hats.

The true worth of our $2.50 DERBYS are greatly appreciated by a large class of patrons. "YOUMAN'S" sell at the standard price, $5.00.

THE SILK HAT is a little more bell as to crown than last season, while the brim is flat and similar in curve to the brim of the Derby.

FEDORAS are medium wide in brim with flat set curl, crown not too high.

We have hats to sell this season that are not only pleasing to the eye but also very durable.

Fairweather & Co.

HATTERS AND FURRIERS.

TORONTO. . . . PETERBOROUGH

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

B

Stands for BLACKS, of this there's no doubt,—
The black on these faces will never wash out;
For wool, silk and cotton, Black Diamond Dyes
Are used without fear by the prudent and wise.

The above is taken from "Excelsior Rhyming A B C Book, Illustrated." Each letter of the Alphabet is 2¾ inches long; no two letters of the same color. Just the Book for the little ones. Sent for 3-cent stamp to any address.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., Montreal.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CAMDEN, N.J.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.

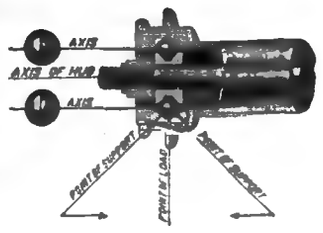
Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE E.&D.

is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.

Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,
H. E. BURGESS.
Apple Buyer.

O. B. SHORTLY,
Agent, Peterborough

LIVE MANITOBAN TOPICS.

The Successor of Charlie Mackintosh—Bye-Election Gossip—Floods—Farmers are Happy Over Wheat Prices.

Winnipeg, April 19.—(Special.)—John A. Christie of Brandon is now talked of as the successor to Governor Mackintosh in the Northwest Territories. Mr. Christie has gone to Ottawa. Mr. J. W Sifton, father of the Minister of the Interior, is also mentioned.

The water of Red River at Emerson is now receding and the worst stage has been passed. The water did not reach the mark of 1882 and that being so there is now no danger of any flood at Winnipeg. The traffic bridge over the Red River at Morris has been swept away and not a vestige of it remains. The Northern Pacific bridge there has been damaged and no Northern Pacific trains will be able to run for several days.

All Winnipeg society was interested to-day in the wedding of H. Stobart of England to Miss Bridges of Winnipeg. It took place at All Saints' Church and gave society the opportunity for its first Easter display. Mr. and Mrs. Stobart have left for England.

The rise in the price of wheat owing to war news brings joy to the hearts of the farmers who held last season's crop for higher prices. With the decrease of 25 cents a bushel since last fall they have been very sorrowful, but this unexpected rise has given them hope again.

Dollar Wheat at St Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 19.—For the first time since 1891, cash wheat passed the dollar mark. One car load extra high grade sold for $1.01, and two car loads No. 2 red winter wheat at $1.02½.

In the U. S. Senate.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—The Senate passed the Indian appropriation bill to-day.

Resolutions of enquiry were agreed to, asking the Secretary of State as to the operation of the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley Act.

Mr. Vest introduced his resolution declaring illegal the recent order of the Secretary of the Treasury relative to imports arriving after April 1. The Senator gave notice of pressing the resolution to-morrow and it may afford another test on the tariff.

After an executive session, the Senate adjourned as a mark of respect to Representative Milliken, deceased.

A Reprieve for Gentry.

Philadelphia, April 19.—A special despatch to The Evening Telegraph from Harrisburg, Pa., says that James B. Gentry, the murderer of Madge Yorke, has been granted a reprieve by the Board of Pardons.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

take possession of the field for, just at the moment when he should have been at least five miles away, Doctor Heath, unannounced, appeared at the drawing room door—smiling, too, looking provokingly sure of a welcome, and handsomer than usual.

Miss Wardour's self-possession was as instant as her indignation.

"Good morning, Doctor Heath," frigidly. "I am sorry you found it necessary to admit yourself in this manner. I suppose my servants are neglectful."

"Not at all," replied he, discovering that she was out of humor, but not divining the cause. "Your housemaid admitted me, and thinking you in your own room, was about to usher me in here, and go to announce me, when I saved her the trouble, telling her that my time was limited, and admitting myself; had I known you were here, I should not have intruded without permission;" then perceiving that her face retained its frigidity, his voice took on a shade of haughtiness as he laid a packet upon the table, saying: "I have brought back your 'proofs;' Mr. Bathurst wished me to say, if I chanced to see you first, that is," hesitating.

"I have not seen Mr. Bathurst."

"No!" Doctor Heath seemed to be somewhat affected by the chill of the atmosphere. "Then I am to say that he has something for your private ear, and that when he comes, he begs that you will contrive in some way to see him, whether your officer is here or no."

A grave bow from Lapland. Then,

"Officer Belknap is here, and in the library. I presume," consulting her watch, "he is waiting for me at this moment."

Doctor Heath had been standing a few feet from her, hat in hand; now, and in spite of this implied dismissal, he coolly deposited his hat upon the table beside Miss Wardour's package, and advanced nearer to that young lady, speaking calmly, gently even, but without the slightest touch of entreaty, penitence, or humility of any sort in his manner or voice.

"Miss Wardour, pardon me for alluding to it, but I would be blind indeed not to see that something has annoyed you exceedingly. Indeed, I could almost fancy that, in some way, I have become the cause of your displeasure; if this is so, tell me how I have been so unfortunate as to offend?"

Now this was a very pacific and proper speech, and uttered in the right spirit. But had its effect been salutary, then Doctor Heath would stand alone, the first, last, and only man who ever yet attempted to argue with, reason with, or pacify an angry woman without blundering egregiously in the beginning, and coming out worsted at the end. There are a few things in this world that mortal man can't compass, and to attempt to pour oil on the waves of a woman's wrath when they are just at the boiling point, and ready to overflow their confines, is like sitting down on a bunch of fire-crackers to prevent their going off. Let the water boil over, and there will still be enough left to brew you a cup of tea. Let the crackers explode, and you may sit down on them with impunity.

Dear brethren, the moral is homely.

How had he offended? That he should ask the question, was the acme of his offense. As if she could tell how he had offended. Was there ever so impertinent a question and questioner? "How had he been so unfortunate as to offend?" Any other man would have said "unhappy," whether he meant it or not, but this man, oh! he would not even look a culprit.

She raised her haughty head a trifle higher, as high as it could be; she drew back as many steps as he had advanced; the room had become a refrigerator.

"Doctor Heath flatters himself; in what manner could he offend me?"

Still he retains his composure, not guessing at the truth.

"I have never presumed Miss Wardour, therefore can not have flattered myself. I may have offended by coming one moment too late with this packet. Miss Wardour is accustomed to unqualified obedience. If I fail in that it is not from lack of inclination, but—because I am just learning submission." He uttered the last words in a lower, softer tone, and fell back as he uttered them, laying his hand upon his hat.

Anger, self-shame, and a strange thrilling emotion, she could not, or would not recognize or define, urged her out of herself, beyond herself, and beyond the bounds of propriety or courtesy. Sweeping toward him with one swift movement, she extended one hand with downward turned palm, in a quick, meaning gesture, and said,

"Doctor Heath, I have lost Sybil Lamotte's letter."

"'Lost it! How?'"

"That I should be glad to know since I showed it to you last night and replaced it in my pocket, I have not seen it, and, Doctor Heath, as I do not wish without your knowledge, to be in possession of any secret of yours, I may as well tell you now that I overheard your warning to the detective last night."

"My warning!" he repeated, parrot-like.

"Your reminder that you must be to him, Doctor Heath from nowhere!"

Doctor Heath from nowhere, gazed at her for a moment as if petrified, his mind seeming reluctant or unable to grasp at once her full meaning; then he came close to her, straight and tall, and paler than her own pale robe; the blood of all the Howards flashing from his eye, and speaking in his bearing. Thus, for a moment, they faced each other, pale, passionate, mute then a voice, soft and suave, broke the spell.

"I trust you will pardon me."

They turned swiftly, neither had faced the door; both had been too preoccupied to observe or hear. How long he had been a listener he alone could tell; but there stood Mr. Jerry Belknap, private detective, one hand resting on the handle of the closed door, the other holding an open note book.

Doctor Heath vouchsafed him one dark glance, then bending above the uplifted hand of Constance Wardour, he looked straight down into her eyes, and said in a low, tense voice,

"Miss Wardour, your words have been not an accusation, but an insult; as such, I can only accept them—in silence; good morning."

Then he turned, waved the private detective haughtily from before the door, and strode out, his heels ringing firm upon the hall marble as he went.

"I fear I intruded," said Mr. Belknap, innocently. "I have just finished making some notes in the library, and am ready to proceed to the upper floor."

"Breakfast." It was Nelly who appeared with this announcement, which was welcome, at least to Mr. Belknap, and pale, silent, subdued, Constance motioned him to precede her to the dining room.

"'I'm sure to be in a situation," mused the girl with a rueful grimace. "If it's only a tete-a-tete breakfast with a detective."

CHAPTER VIII.

"'Aint Honor," said Miss Wardour, sweeping unceremoniously into her aunt's dressing room, "you really must come to my relief."

Mrs. Alliston seated in a big dressing chair, with a tempting breakfast tray drawn close beside her, looked up serene and comfortable, and said, after settling down her porcelain chocolate cup with great care.

"Yes!" with the rising inflection.

"I'm exhausted, bothered, bored," continued the young lady, flinging herself down upon the nearest ottoman. "I wish my old diamonds had never had an existence. I wish Grandmama Wardour had had better sense."

"Have a cup of chocolate," suggested Mrs. Alliston.

"'I won't," snapped Constance, belligerently. "I have breakfasted if you please, auntie," lowering her voice to a tone of mock mystery, "we have got another detective in the house."

"So Nelly tells me," reaching out for another roll.

"And, he has breakfasted with me."

Mrs. Alliston laid down the roll, turned for a moment to gaze at her niece; and, reading in that fair upturned face, the fact that its owner was in a state of mutiny against the properties and all things else that might come in opposition to her will, she took up her roll and buttered it carefully as she said:—

"Well! that's quite like you. What sort of a man is he'"

"Splendid," with a shrug of the shoulders, "smooth as oil, polished as ivory; a Chesterfield in ill fitting clothes."

"And, a detective?"

"Well, why not? Somehow he has picked up all the arts and graces of a gentleman."

"Really! Not much like the other one then."

"Not in the least. The other is eccentric, explosive, amusing. This one is like a lawyer; very non-committal, not at all inclined to tell all he knows."

"Oh! have you told him about the chloroform?"

"Yes; he has the bottle."

"Well, what did he say?"

"Nothing."

"Nothing!"

"Not a word."

"Goodness gracious! and you breakfasted with him?"

"Yes; and he has spent half an hour or more in the drawing room. I have told him all I had to tell, and he is now prowling about my dressing room."

"But what does he think about this affair?"

"I don't know;" indifferently.

"Why, it didn't take you all breakfast time to tell your story?"

"Oh, no; I told my story and Mr. Belknap listened very attentively; made some entries in his note book, remarked that he would have a report ready for me in the course of the day, and then turned his back upon the subject."

"Mercy!"

"He discussed the new opera, asked me if I had seen Neilson in Twelfth Night, gave a brilliant description of a young French drama by a young French author, gave me his opinion of Dickens, and looked his opinion of myself."

"What a remarkable person."

"Exceedingly so. His remarks have quite exhausted me."

"Now, Con.;" reproachfully.

"Now, auntie, don't plead, my heart is adamant. If you don't go and interview that man for the remainder of his stay I shall order William to throw him out of my dressing-room window; not that I have a rooted antipathy for him, he is certainly a clever man, and no doubt a good officer. But I am worn out, unfit for duty, and—I have another matter to attend to."

To be Continued

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?

A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

WE BELIEVE
there is no better soap made than our
Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason.
THE PROOF—
Its immense sales.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

CAPITAL STOCK $80,000
SUBSCRIBED $48,000
PAID STOCK $12,900
ASSIGNEES and TRUSTEES,
The Standard Mercantile Agency of Toronto, Ltd.
Collections of Accounts a Specialty. Write for Particulars to
R. W. ERRETT
Local Agent, Peterborough.

The Daily Review.
TUESDAY APRIL 20, 1897

When You Are Sick

Promptness in Using Paine's Celery Compound Means Quick Restoration to Health.

Get the Genuine "Paine's" At All Times.

Refuse Substitutes and Imitations

If sick people acted with more promptness and decision, suffering and misery would be vastly reduced.

To put off the work of regulating and strengthening the nerves and purifying the blood at this time of the year is a very serious mistake.

Run-down, weak, nervous and diseased men and women cannot with safety refuse to use Paine's Celery Compound, that great vitalizer and health renewer. The onward and triumphant march of the great medicine all over this Canada of ours should be positive proof that it is the right medicine for every man, woman and child who lacks strength, robustness and healthful energy.

It is of the greatest importance that every sick person should get just what they ask for from their dealer. Paine's Celery Compound, so celebrated for its curative qualities, has many imitations. No mistake can be made when you see the name "Paine's" and the stalk of celery on each bottle and wrapper.

THE WORLD.

The world is well lost when the world is wrong,
No matter how men deride you,
For if you are patient and firm and strong
You will find it in time (though the time be long)
That the world wheels round beside you.

If you dare to sail first o'er a new thought track,
For a while it will scourge and score you,
Then, coming abreast with a skillful tack,
It will clasp your hand and slap your back
And vow it was there before you.

The world means well, though it wander and stray
From the straight, short cut to duty;
So go ahead in that path, I say,
For after a while it will come your way
Bringing its pleasures and beauty.
—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

HOW THE WAR GOES.

Continued from Page 1.

formidable armies in the world, and although it is generally admitted that its strength may not be anywhere near as large as thus set out, still there actually exists a military force beside which that of Greece is absolutely insignificant in number. In addition to this numerical superiority, the War Department experts say that the Turkish forces for some time past have had the benefit of thorough training by a number of German army officers, the best drill masters in the world. At present the Turkish commander-in-chief, Edhem Pasha, has at his back one of the ablest strategists in all Europe in the person of Lieut.-General Baron Comar von der Goltz, a German officer "loaned" to Turkey by Emperor William. This officer is said to unite in himself all the qualities of a most gifted scholar and an experienced soldier. He participated in the war with Denmark, in the Franco-Prussian war and in the Austro-Prussian war, and in addition, he is the author of three military books that are regarded almost as text-books in the service. It is reported here that Baron von der Goltz is really the author of the plan of campaign under which the Turkish army is now fighting.

THE BRAVERY OF TURKS.

They Walk Calmly Into the Jaws of Death —Blood-Stained Reports.

Headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 18, 9 p.m. (delayed in transmission).—After the most fatiguing day with the headquarters staff in the Milouna Pass, the correspondent of the Associated Press has returned here. The battle, resulting in giving the Turks possession of Milouna Pass, was waged with the most admirable courage and determination on both sides. The whole pass rang with the roar of artillery and the rattle of musketry. It was, however, around the two Greek blockhouses that the most furious conflict occurred. They were defended with the utmost valor and tenacity. The correspondent was greatly struck with the coolness and discipline of the Turks. In the midst of the hottest fighting, for instance, four Turkish soldiers, advancing in skirmishing order under a deadly fire, became detached from the main body. Nevertheless they continued to advance with perfect self-possession amid a hail of bullets. One of the men was hit and fell, then the second man was shot and the third received a bullet wound, but the fourth man calmly continued firing without regard for his personal safety until the Greeks retired.

The most important Greek blockhouse named Kritchova, was strongly fortified and defended by earthworks. The Turks mostly attacked in skirmishing order, firing independently. They very seldom fired volleys. The scene while the engagement was at its height was exceedingly picturesque. Edhem Pasha, surrounded by a brilliant staff, was the centre of a striking group, with the constantly going and coming of orderlies carrying reports, instructions, etc.

The ambulance corps was busy in every direction, bringing in the wounded, whose faces were black with powder and covered with blood.

Edhem Pasha gravely followed every phase of the fighting through a field glass, giving orders and receiving reports with imperturbable deliberateness. It was noticed that many of the reports were scribbled on scraps of paper stained with blood.

The officers and men alike were black with the dust of battle and had not slept, shaved or washed for two days and nights.

Riza Pasha, commanding the Turkish artillery, is a man of magnificent presence. He exhibited most masterly skill in placing his batteries and in directing their fire.

It is believed to-morrow's fighting must be decisive. Several additional batteries of artillery and battalions of infantry have arrived to take part in the great combat of to-morrow (Monday).

The hill slopes on the northern side of the pass are strewn with Greek dead, mostly Evzones, splendid men. The faces of many of the dead are as calm as though asleep.

GREEKS IN THE STATES

Will Send Reinforcements to Athens to Aid Their Fellow-Countrymen.

New York, April 19.—The Greek restaurants and meeting places in this city were crowded to-day with excited little groups of patriots. Daily labor seemed to be forgotten in the all-absorbing interest of listening to despatches from the seat of war.

"Elsta Sunora!" (To the front!) was shouted at frequent intervals during the reading of Grecian triumphs. Not a single Greek seemed to have the least doubt that the Turkish forces would be speedily routed by land and sea.

The enthusiasm among the Greeks has been brought to a head by definite commencement of hostilities, and active preparations are on foot to send reinforcements from the United States to aid the cause of Greece. It is expected that a large contingent of patriots will leave this week for Athens.

WHAT THE THUNDERER SAYS.

Greece Gave Turkey Provocation, But Turkey Will Never Reap Any Benefit.

London, April 19.—The Times in an editorial on the war between Turkey and Greece dwells upon the provocation Turkey has received by Greece invading Crete and remaining there, and then invading Macedonia. The paper asks: "What other power in Europe commanding a fine army would have carried its patience so far as Turkey has done?" It adds: "Of course there are special reasons why she has been slow to respond to the provocation. Turkey is well aware that in no case will she be allowed to gather the fruit of victory over a Christian people.

"The statement in her circular to the powers declaring that she has no idea of conquest and expressing her willingness to withdraw her troops if Greece withdraws hers from the frontier and from Crete was wise, but it was also a somewhat superfluous display of moderation. She prudently renounces what she knows she will not be permitted to have."

Discussing the reports of the fighting The Times says that if the Turks get undisputed possession of Milouna, the plains of Thessaly will be open to them. It concludes:

"Whatever the fortunes of the campaign it must be the general wish that it will be short and decisive.

"It would be idle to deny that a continued struggle would not be a menace to European peace. It is impossible to credit the rumor from Athens that Russia and Germany incited the Porte to hostility."

FLOODS IN NEW ZEALAND.

Napier Almost Inundated—Twelve Persons Drowned While Trying to Rescue Others Hemmed In.

Wellington, New Zealand, April 19.—The Napier district of Hawkes' Bay, on the east coast of North Island, is suffering from severe floods. Napier itself is almost inundated.

It is estimated that the damage will reach $100,000.

Twelve persons have been drowned while trying to effect the rescue of others hemmed in by the waters.

THE DINGLEY BILL.

It is Said That the Retroactive Clause Will Not be in It When it Goes to the Senate.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 19.—A Washington despatch to The Enquirer to-day says:

"It can be said on good authority that when the tariff bill is reported to the Senate, the retroactive clause will not be in it. That idea, which originated in the brain of a prominent House Republican, who framed it, has never impressed Senators Aldrich and Allison, and it is understood that they quickly determined to eliminate the clause, on the ground that the courts would not sustain legislation of a retroactive nature.

"It is now said the sub-committee will be ready by Wednesday to report the tariff bill to the full committee, and the calculation is to get it before the Senate by May 1, if possible.

"It is also learned that the bill has been cut to pieces so generally, and such heavy reductions made in the rates of duty that it is problematical whether the bill can pass the Senate in the shape it is expected to assume when reported.

"The chances are the Republican Senators will hold numerous caucuses after the committee finally agree on the schedule. While the members of the sub-committee are extremely secretive, and decline to discuss in detail the results of their labors, enough has leaked out to warrant the statement that the bill has been so hacked to pieces and duties so heavily reduced that certain interests clamoring for high protection will use their influence to prevent the House accepting the Senate bill.

"Senator Aldrich, even, has admitted privately within the past few days that the outlook is not pleasant to contemplate. He, however, is prepared for a long tussle and contends that the bill will eventually pass."

EXCITEMENT IN WHEAT.

New York Brokers Talk Over the War Situation and Then Create a Tumult —Changes at Chicago.

New York, April 19.—The breaking of the war cloud in Southern Europe put the wheat market in a state of fevered excitement this morning. Long before the opening crowds of brokers were on hand discussing the situation. The curb price for May wheat was 83⅝c, or an advance of ⅜c over Saturday's 1 o'clock figures. As the market opened, the scene in the exchange became one of wild excitement. Amidst the tremendous tumult, May wheat started off at 82⅞c, jumped to 83⅜c, reacted a little and then whirled up to 83⅞c, all within the first five minutes, and after that the market pursued an irregular and erratic course under continued great excitement.

At Chicago.

Chicago, April 19.—The war news sent the wheat market skyward to-day. May wheat sold as high as 78c a bushel at the opening of trading on 'Change, an advance of 4⅝c over the closing figures of Saturday and 8⅝c over the lowest prices touched that day. Fluctuations were violent, trading at the start being all the way from 77c to 78c at the same time in different parts of the pit. Most of the initial sales were at 77c to 77⅛c, but for nearly 10 minutes purchases were being recorded at top figures named. Then the market steadied for a moment or two at 77⅞c. At this point there was a fearfully rapid reaction. The market plunged suddenly downward 2c a bushel, to 75⅝c, with scarcely a single stop. An equally quick rally followed, prices dashing up to 77⅞c, nearly 2c advance in two minutes. In five minutes afterwards the market was down again almost a cent, and at 10 a.m., half an hour after the opening, was selling at 76⅛c May. By 10.15 a.m. the price was shooting the chutes again and had touched 75⅝c, but by 10.30 was comparatively steady around 76⅝c.

Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 21 cents in one cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?
FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 20th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 00	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 06	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 08	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 17
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	3 00	to	8 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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WEBSTER THE STANDARD.
The Toronto Globe says:—
The International is rapidly becoming recognized as the most reliable standard dictionary published. In addition to fulfilling the primary function of a dictionary, the International contains a vast amount of general information of great value.—Jan. 11, 1897.
G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

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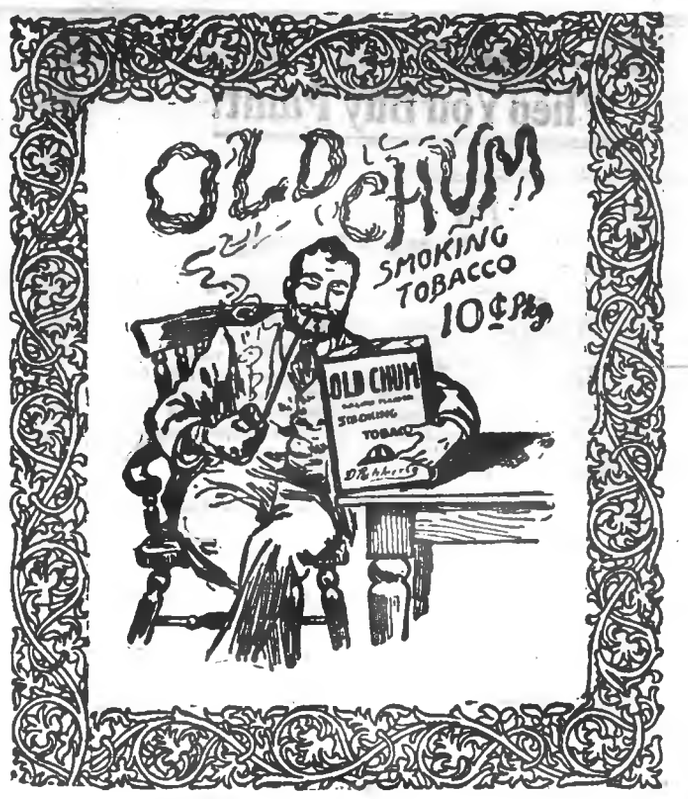

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Medical.

DR. RYERSON
EYE, EAR, THROAT, 60 College Street Toronto, will be at the Oriental Hotel, Peterborough, on Saturday, April 24th. Hours, 12 to 4.

DR. G. HERBERT BURNHAM
214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, May 8th, and on the second Saturday of every month

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
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MISS BRADEN
MANAGER of the Viavi Co'y, 588 Water st., at home Saturdays and Monday and Thursday evening lyr&w

DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
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The Daily Review.

TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1897

ANGLICAN CHURCHES VESTEY MEETINGS.

Continued from page 5.

ented was highly satisfactory, and showed the Mission to be enjoying prosperity. Since Mr Armitage has assumed charge of the Mission advancement has been noticeable in all lines, and at the opening of the present church year increased progress seems to be ahead for the congregation. The report showed the receipts to have been as follows:

SUNDAY COLLECTIONS.

Ordinary envelopes, etc	$ 426 31
Rector's Mission	2 82
SYNOD.	
Good Friday	1 94
Divinity students	3 95
Domestic missions	2 36
Church extension	2 34
Widows and orphans	11 12
Foreign missions	2 30
Diocesan missions	3 42
Superannuation fund	95
Total collections	$ 457 51
SUNDAY SCHOOL.	
Collections	$ 37 23
Entertainment	6 82
	$ 44 05
POOR FUND.	
Holy Communion offertory	$ 3 05
BUILDING FUND.	
Special envelopes and collections	$ 92 75
Rev V Clementi	50 00
Girls' Guild	25 00
Sunday school boxes and cards	30 06
Collected by Mr Danbuy	21 00
.. .. Mr Layfield	18 25
.. .. Mr Cranfield	7 00
Small sums contributed	3 00
Interest on bank account	1 16
	$ 248 22
OTHER REVENUE.	
For Curate's stipend, from St. John's	$ 92 00
From Rector	49 99
	$ 141 99
Bank interest, $8.40; excursion $9.05	17 45
From W A and girls, $33; from S S for elect L't, $2.72	35 72
Christmas offertory, $4.23; from St John's, $5	9 23
	$ 204 39
Total receipts	$ 957 52
Balance from last year	179 39
	$1136 61

The expenditure was as follows:

ST. JOHN'S SPECIAL COLLECTION.

Synod	$ 28 38
Rector's mission	2 82
	$ 31 20
GENERAL EXPENSES.	
Rev. Carl Smith, curate to	$ 370 00
Rev. W L Armitage, curate to	125 00
Caretaker, 12 months to 31st March	60 00
Wood	23 35
Coal oil	13 80
Electric light account to Jan 1st	9 15
Hymn books, &c	8 67
Printing and stationery	5 70
Communion wine	2 50
Repairs	1 80
Electric light fixtures	7 50
.. .. wiring, &c	26 91
Benches and choir seats	11 75
Insurance premium, 3 years, to	18 00
	$ 684 23
SUNDAY SCHOOL.	
Hymn books, manuals, &c	$ 14 71
Bibles	7 50
Printing and stationery	5 54
Building fund boxes	6 80
Christmas treat and picnic expenses	9 55
	$ 44 10
Christmas offertory to curate	9 23
POOR FUND.	
Relief	9 50
BUILDING FUND.	
Collection cards	1 50
Total payments	$ 779 76
BALANCE IN BANK.	
Sunday school	$ 14 94
Poor fund	6 05
Building fund	246 72
Revenue and expenditure	89 14
	$ 356 85
	$1,136 61

Messrs. W B Bamford and R W Macfadden were appointed people's and Rector's wardens respectively, Mr. Bamford will also represent the mission on the Central Charity Board.

Miss Rubidge, the treasurer, and Mr. Lacheur, the caretaker were thanked. A resolution expressing thanks to Rev. V. Clementi for his kind offer to the congregation, was also adopted.

THE ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL.

An Explanation Regarding the Financial Statement Recently Printed.

In publishing the annual report of public institutions the Department does not add to the current expenses the amount expended in extraordinary repairs. Though giving full credit for improvements and encouraging the same, it gives a report so as to show ordinary running of institution, and the cost per day of each inmate. Hence the omission of the item for extraordinary repairs in the printed report of St. Joseph's hospital for year ending Sept. 30th, 1896, issued by the Government inspector, and which was re-printed by the local papers recently.

Report of St. Joseph's Hospital from October 1st, 1895, to September 30th, 1896:

REVENUE.

Received from the Gov of Ontario	$ 749 98
Received from patients themselves	564 80
Received subscriptions, donations	813 84
Received from other sources not enumerated	1,000 00
	$3,128 62

EXPENDITURE.

Butchers' meat	$ 193 74
Butter $94.23, milk $21.40	115 63
Flour, bread and meal	139 70
Tea and coffee	55 10
Potatoes and other vegetables	60 25
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	85 10
Drugs and medicines	249 75
Medical and Surgical appliances	$ 63 29
Surgical instruments	73 35
Beer, wine and spirits	51 50
Bedding	48 00
Brooms, brushes, etc	20 96
Fuel, $407.75; Light, $55.75	463 50
Hay and straw, $21.20; ice, $15.00	36 20
Salaries, $360.00; insurance $115.00	475 00
Contingencies	27 55
Extraordinary repairs	1,000 00
Total	$3,128 62

Extraordinary repairs were following: New operating room and furnishings of same, $269; wards for contagious diseases and balcony in connection, $185; additional heating, (radiators), $215; Laundry enlarged and new apparatus, $110; Fire escapes, $221. . 1,000 00

The House of Providence expenses are not included in the above. They are made out separately and sent to the Department.

MARRIED.

HAMILTON—DAWSON—At the residence of the bride's father, 72 Bon Accord street, by the Rev. E. Vicar Stevenson, on Tuesday, April 20th, Annie, second daughter of Mr. Thomas Dawson, to Mr. Robert Le Hamilton, M. E., of Welland, Ont.

CARNEGIE—LAURIE—At Old St. Andrew's church, Toronto, on the 14th April, by Rev. Dr. Milligan, J. H. Carnegie, Esq., M. L. A., of Indian Point, Coboconk, to Bessie, youngest daughter of Alexander Laurie, Esq., Toronto.

JACKSON—SIMMONS—At St. John's Church, on Monday, April 19 h, by the Rev. Stevenson, M.A., Mr Andrew Jackson to Miss Maud Simmons, daughter of Mr. Chas. Simmons both of Peterborough.

DIED

KEMPT—Suddenly, at Peterborough, on Monday, April 19th, William Kempt, M. D.

Funeral from the family residence, corner George and Murray streets, on Friday, April 23rd, at 10.30 a. m., and will proceed to the C. P. R. Station. Interment at Norwood cemetery.

Friends will please accept this invitation.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE ENDEAVORERS IN CONVENTION

Continued from Page 4.

ment and they naturally turn to the seniors, and when they find there a lack of interest they become discouraged themselves and the result is the society dwindles and disappears. We beg for new workers in the junior field and we feel confident that our request will not be disregarded.

Our earnest desire and prayer is that our work among the children will grow and increase and that God may abundantly bless the junior societies of the county of Peterborough.

EDITOR'S REPORT.

The report of the editor's was presented by Mr. A. J. Johnston as follows:—

PETERBOROUGH, April 19th, 1897.

We desire to thank the Holy Spirit who has given to us the privilege of taking charge in this work. We feel that it is indeed a blessed work and full of many advantages to the cause of Christian Endeavor in this county. By the medium of our weekly Endeavor column each society can feel it has an interest in and fellowship with every other society in the Union.

We have to say, once more, that the column is not loyally supported in some sections of the county. We never hear from the eastern section and very, very rarely from the north. This should not be; the column is for all, and if it is to be continued please let who ever has charge of it hear from your society at least once a month. There is not a live society in this county that can say, "We have no items of interest that the others would care about." Think over this, change your ways. Let us hear from your editor or your corresponding secretary. Write on one side of the paper and please send two copies.

We wish to convey our sincere thanks to the publishers of the REVIEW and Examiner for the space so kindly given to us, and we ask that our successors in office be given your hearty support and the loving sympathy of your earnest prayers.

A. J. JOHNSTON,
T. H. MARTIN.

THE EXECUTIVE STATEMENT.

Mr G E Porter presented the report of the Executive of the Union:

We beg leave to submit our report of the work done during the present year as follows:

The Executive was called together twice for the transaction of business in connection with the Union. At our meeting in May plans of work were discussed and Mr T H Martin was chosen as the delegate to the International Convention at Washington. That convention was very ably reported by Mr Martin at eight places, viz., Peterborough, Lakefield, Norwood, Keene, Springville, Park-st., Gilmour Memorial and Salem. In our second meeting of February committees were appointed and arrangements were made for the present convention.

We did not send any delegates to represent the Union at the Inter provincial convention at Ottawa, firstly, because our funds were low, and secondly because we thought the tendency was towards too much machinery in our work.

Early in the year we sent to each Society in the Union circulars for statistics and an appeal for financial aid. The result was most discouraging. For some months reports came in one by one and before half the societies had responded they ceased coming in altogether. A second appeal was made when sending out announcements with regard to this convention and we can report more success. The circulars were followed by a letter and a card, or in some cases, two cards, and we have now full returns from nearly all the societies. We think the answers were carelessly rather than wilfully delayed, and we find that a great many new corresponding secretaries have been appointed during the year.

A word of advice may not be out of place:

1. Keep your corresponding secretary as long as possible. Appoint a new one when you have to.

2. Let the secretaries answer promptly or they will be sure to forget, needlessly causing much trouble and labor.

At present there are 20 societies in the Union, an increase of two since last year. One, Westwood E.L. of C.E., entered our Union during the year, and the young people of Bethel, in the Keene district, organized a strong society of 32 members at Zion. The membership shows no marked difference, there being about 1,250 members of senior societies.

We are glad to be able to report better work in the missionary cause. Contributions to that fund amounted to $365 30, an increase of $150 over last year. This is encouraging, but there are still some societies who do not report in this line.

The receipts from all sources have been $54.06, the expenditure $41.11, leaving a balance on hand of $12.97. We believe that this Union is doing a good work. It keeps the societies in touch with one another, and gives us greater interest in the whole cause. We also think that while there is no great increase in numbers, there is spiritual growth. Though Endeavorers are working quietly, yet they are working; characters are being moulded, and the strong men and women a few years hence are in their training school, and much good is being done.

Then cannot we take fresh courage, and rallying under the banner of this mighty young people's movement, join the march of the millions of youth to the music of "We'll win for Christ."

All the reports were adopted.

REV. J. G. POTTER'S ADDRESS.

The first speaker introduced was Rev. J. G. Potter, of St. Andrew's church, who spoke upon the subject, "Can we support denominational Unions and also uphold county and local Unions." Mr. Potter first alluded to the extent of the societies. They had local, township, county, provincial, national, international Unions. It was world-wide. A union was an assembly of persons who had been united with a definite object. These young people's meetings were representative gatherings but not legislative unions. They always submitted to the authority, counsel and instruction of their superiors in the Christian service. The necessity of unions Mr. Potter pointed out to be, to fraternize, compare notes, deal with vital issues. Christian Endeavor local, township and county Unions were required to meet with those who belonged to other societies, to stimulate Christian Endeavor spirit and to help break down prejudice, not denominational lines. They could also discuss temperance, literature and consecration to God. No conventions had greater force in this way than Christian Endeavor conventions. In dealing with denominational unions Mr. Potter contended they brought the young people into the life of the church. A deep interest was created in the development of a Christ-like character, in the line of their own particular church. Denominational unions had a wider scope. They should submit to the church courts. The Christian Endeavor was never intended to engender a spirit of anomisity against the the churches. Mr. Potter advised giving denominational and interdenominational Unions a share of their support.

Rev. A. T. Dykeman followed with a stirring address on

"THE COMING PLEBISCITE

campaign; how can we through this medium advance the cause of temperance." Mr. Dykeman stated they would never be satisfied as a Christian and moral people until they secured prohibition. They did not want high licenses, for after investigation he had decided it was diametrically opposed to the teachings of God. The prohibition question was the most important before the people of Canada. By reading the papers the greatest questions seemed to be the tariff, a bridge over the St. Lawrence, the Crow's Nest Pass railway, Manitoba school question. A question infinitely more important was the rum question. It was worse than war, plague and famine. It caused more death and misery than any of these. It poisoned the springs of virtue in the heart, dethrones reason. It created victims of premature and hopeless deaths. The rum traffic was the mother of all abominations. It was the pivot of all our industries. It was desolating many homes, wrecking bright purposes. The motto of Canada should be "A school and a church on every hilltop, with no rum shops anywhere." A law prohibiting the manufacture or sale of beverages, except for scientific purposes, should be adopted. Mr. Dykeman declared very strongly against the use of wine that intoxicated for sacramental purposes. He believed prohibition was a true part of political economy. It would, he claimed, build up the country. Prohibition was in harmony with the opinion of great medical men. Prohibition was in harmony with the purest philanthrophy of the century. They were called upon as Christians to fight this enemy of humanity. Rum was the implacable foe of philanthrophy and righteousness. They wanted a prohibitory law incorporated in the Dominion statutes. He believed the Dominion was strongly in favor of prohibition. Ontario, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Manitoba had declared themselves against the liquor triffic by a majority of over 130,000. Now, how were they to get this law? The temperance tide had been rising in spite of powerful opposition for the last half century. The tide of public sentiment had been rising until its force was felt by the politicians. They had come to a period that was a crisis. To falter would be to sin. The Laurier Government had promised to give the people of Canada an opportunity of declaring themselves on the question, through a plebiscite. It was ours to hold them to their promise. The plebiscite if successful, would mean a mighty advance to the cause of temperance. In case it was not successful, it would be a mighty set back. They had in opposition to them the Licensed Victuallers Association, with a membership of nearly 50,000, composed of brewers, hotel keepers and all connected with the liquor traffic. They were closely formed together and were actively engaged in preparing for the campaign. A day or two ago this Association met in Montreal and decided to form a whiskey guild, and invite merchants to become members by paying a membership fee of $5 and in case they refused they would boycott them. Mr. Dykeman instanced the case of a grocer who might be asked to become a member and would refuse, then the Association would declare he would get no more trade from the hotels. That was a mean, despicable trick, but he was glad to say temperance people would not resort to any such method as that. The liquor men would practice the same methods in Peterborough and would have a big fund for the campaign. It would have to be a case of Greek against Greek. They would need money to carry on a campaign. The liquor men would not do any stumping, but had decided to flood the country with anti-temperance literature. The temperance people would also have to circulate literature to educate the people. They would need literature arguing that a plebiscite was not anti-British, that Maine was a prohibition state, with beneficial results; that prohibition would prohibit, that the revenue would not be decreased, that prohibition did not interfere with a man's freedom for the liquor men would put up these contentions. They need'd organization at least three months before the plebiscite and the young people should participate in the campaign. The people must be convinced and educated.

After the afternoon meeting the Baptist, Presbyterian and Methodist delegates held rallies, which proved interesting.

After the session a social was tendered the delegates at the Y.M.C.A. hall.

A large gathering attended the evening meeting in the George St church, Rev. J. G. Potter presided and Rev. J. J. Rae gave an address on "The Present Needs of Missions," and he handled it an able and clear manner.

The Convention closed with a splendid consecration service led and addressed by Mr. R. J. Colville, of Toronto

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VOL. XXXV, No. 93. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

FIGHTING FURIOUSLY.

Greeks Appear to be Getting the Worst of It.

Both Armies Took a Rest After the Awful Work of Saturday and Sunday—Greek Success at Reveni Caused Jubilation at Athens—Turks Said to Have Lost 7000 Men—Battle in Progress at Tyrnavo—Turks Fight Like Fiends and Greeks Show the Stubbornness of Their Ancestors

Athens, April 20.—(6 p.m.)—All the members of the gendarmerie and other police forces, military organized, are now going to the frontier. The citizens have volunteered to guard the town and the same state of affairs prevails in the other towns of Greece. On all sides, there is a firm determination to meet the Turkish invasion, and every man who can be spared and who can bear arms is going to the front. The Athenian ladies, under the patronage of the Queen, have converted the steamer Thessaly into a floating hospital. Three hundred beds for the wounded have been fitted up on board of her and she is now proceeding to Volo.

All Greek Citizens Must Fight.

Headquarters of the Greek Army in Thessaly, Larissa, April 20.—The Mayor of Larissa has issued a proclamation, calling upon all citizens to arm themselves in defence of the country.

VIEWS OF THE BRITISH PRESS.

All Seem to Side With Turkey—What Will the Powers Do?

London, April 20.—The Globe, a consistent Philo-Turkish organ, says that Turkey practised exemplary patience under persistent provocation and affront, and the joint interest of the powers now lies in localising the war.

The Birmingham Post, the organ of the Progressive Unionists, urges Lord Salisbury to depart from the concert of Europe, and declares that the resolution of Turkey to settle her quarrel with Greece by the sword should compel the British Government to reconsider their position of adhesion to the concert of the powers, which was only justified as preserving European peace, wherein it has failed.

The Times, discussing editorially the Greek invitation to the powers to withdraw their forces from Crete, says that if Greece meditates the recall of Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete, so that he may co-operate in the defence of his country, the powers might doubtless strain a point and let him out, but if this is the object the Greek Government should say so. Until they do the powers are not in the least likely to modify their action in Crete.

The Greeks report that the Turks lost 7000 killed and wounded at Reveni, but this estimate is probably excessive. The Greek engineers constructed a bridge at Pachyskalos to enable their troops to cross the river. It is stated that the Turkish forces attacking Reveni numbered more than 10,000 men.

LOOKS BAD FOR GREECE.

Greeks Lacked Artillery in the Milouna Pass and Turks Were Victors.

Summit of the Milouna Pass, Monday morning, April 19.—The Turkish victory of yesterday in the Milouna Pass was complete. The enemy retired to the Plain of Thessaly, leaving only a rear guard on a hill, from which it was driven later by four battalions of Turkish infantry. The Turks pulled up to the top of the hill three mountain batteries, singing, laughing and weeping with joy like children.

One battery opened fire upon the Greeks, who were retreating on the Plain of Traves, and did terrible execution. The correspondent of the Associated Press saw some of the Turkish shells burst in the middle of a battalion of Greeks, with the result that whole groups were killed or wounded.

Yesterday evening seven new Turkish battalions and several mounted batteries of artillery left for the front and at dawn the latter were trained on the Greek blockhouse on the plain below.

Junes Effendi, the Turkish commander, and his men had been 36 hours without food or drink. When they were preparing to capture the Greek blockhouse, Junes made a speech to his soldiers, saying: "All those who love God must advance to the assault."

This was enough. Every man, with loud exultant shouts, dashed forward in the direction of the blockhouse. Even the muleteers, who were bringing up the reserve ammunition, joined in the assault on the blockhouse, which was held by the Greeks with magnificent courage. The Turks, with splendid dash, charged with the bayonet and eventually leaped over the ramparts with shouts of triumph. The Greeks waited their approach until the Turks were within 30 yards before withdrawing.

In this assault, the Turks had only 16 men killed and 17 wounded. Everywhere was to be seen the effect of the Turkish artillery, their terrible shells bursting just at the calculated moment. The Greeks, on the other hand, appeared to be lacking in artillery.

As the correspondent was writing this despatch, the Greeks attempted to reply to the Turkish artillery, but they were eventually forced to retire.

The correspondent saw numberless Greek bodies stripped of their uniforms by the Greeks, leaving only their shirts and drawers on. Most of the dead however, were carried off by the Turks, who raised the corpses of the Greeks reverently and placed them beneath the shade of trees. The Turkish losses in the fighting of yesterday were only 50 killed and 150 wounded.

On reaching the summit of the hills above Tyrnavo, the Greek frontier town, situated about ten miles from Larissa, the Turks observed that the Greeks were occupying a small hill, from which they fired but feebly at the Turks. Finally two Turkish mountain batteries were brought up to the summit of the hill occupied by the Turks and from there the Turkish guns began bombarding Tyrnavo. Under cover of this fire, the Turkish infantry advanced and, after capturing a spur opposite the Greek blockhouse, orders were given to the Turks, at 5 o'clock, to take the blockhouse by assault. This movement was brilliantly effected 20 minutes later. The Greek prisoners say that the Greek army has already lost heart.

The situation at present is that the Turks have possession of all the commanding heights between headquarters and the Greek headquarters at Larissa, with the exception of Tyrnavo, which is now commanded by the Turkish batteries. The Turks to-night are camping in the Greek tents, left on the Plain of Thessaly, near the Milouna Pass by the retreating Greek army. The Turks to-day only had six men killed and ten wounded.

The death of Rafik Pacha, the Turkish commander, who was killed in the fighting, which took place in the Milouna Pass on Saturday, is greatly lamented. He was 80 years old and while advancing at the head of his troops, was urged to dismount and rest. The old pasha replied: "During the Russian War I never dismounted, and why should I do so now?" Soon afterwards he was wounded in the arm, but he still remained in the saddle. Later a second bullet struck him on the hand. Yet the old warrior refused to retire. Finally a third bullet broke the gallant pasha's spine and he reeled from his saddle, dead.

Greek Position Near Arta.

Athens, April 20.—An official despatch from Arta says that after crossing the Arachthos at Bani, the Greeks occupied the villages of Niokhori and Sakhikalama, where they strongly entrenched themselves. Col. Manos is now advancing northward in the direction of Paraskevi. The Greeks repulsed an attempt of the Turks to cross the bridge at 5 this morning. A number of Greeks, among them several officers, were killed and others wounded.

GREEKS VICTORIOUS.

Captured and Burned Damasi after a Desperate Struggle

Athens, April 20, midnight.—News has just reached here that the Greeks, after a desperate battle have captured and burned Damasi. Viglia is still resisting. But another division of the Greek trops, it is reported, has traversed the Reveni Pass and captured three blockhouses. This division has almost reached Damasi, where it will effect a union with the force that captured the town. The 20,000 trops under Col Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery.

Reveni lies 12 miles northwest of Larissa. Edhem Pasha with a force variousl yestimated at from 10,000 to 14,000 troops led seven assaults against it yesterday, but all were repelled by the Greeks.

The Crown Prince Constantine has telegraphed here that the Turks at that point were repulsed.

In Athens greater attention has been paid to the operations in the neighborhood of Reveni than to those at Milouna Pass. The theory all along has been that if the Greeks could establish themselves at Damasi, their road would lie open to Elassona.

The exact situation Tyrnavo is somewhat in doubt. The news from that point is conflicting. But there is no confirmation of the rumor that the place has been captured by the Turks. What seems to have happened is that Tyrnavo was evacuated in order to send troops forward.

An Artillery Duel.

A despatch from Arta says that 3000 Greeks have crossed the frontier at Bani and a severe artillery duel has been in progres since Monday. The Greek artillery have silenced the Turkish Imauret fort, commanding the town. Two attempts by the Turks to cross the river were repulsed. There has been brisk firing at Placa, and a heavy infantry along the line for about five miles. Two Greek officers and many Turks have been killed.

Shelling the Town.

Milouna Pass, April 20, evening.—The Turks have just commenced to shell the town of Tyrnavo. All the roads leading to Larissa are crowded with fugitives, shouting "Reserves, don't try conclusions with the Turks." The Greek villages in the plain are completely deserted.

A MISTAKEN ORDER

Gave the Turks a Chance to Advance—1000 Greeks Killed and Wounded.

Athens, April 20.—There was renewed fighting between the Turks and Greeks in the Milouna Pass yesterday. It was of the most severe description, but full details are not obtainable here. The firing ceased at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The total Greek loss in the various engagements in the Milouna Pass is estimated here at 1000 killed and wounded.

Over 200 wounded soldiers and offi-

Continued on page 2

OUR JUBILEE CORPS

Will Represent Every Branch of the Military Service.

Toronto, Hamilton, London, Guelph and Other Cities Will Have a Share in the Honors — Construction of the Crow's Nest Road Talked Over by Mr. Shaughnessy With the Ministers — Mr. E. B. Eddy Writes a Pointed Letter Favoring the Imposition of Duty on Pulp Wood —General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 20.—(Special.)—The official list of corps invited to send men to England as members of the Jubilee battalion varies somewhat from that published on Monday. It has been finally approved by the Government, and is as follows; the figures after the name of each corps indicating the number of representatives they will send:

Cavalry—N.W. Mounted Police, 24 men, Governor-General's Body Guard, Toronto, P.L.D.G., Ottawa; King's, (N. S.), Canadian Hussars; Queen's Own Canadian Hussars; 1st Hussars, London; 4th Hussars, Kingston; 3rd Dragoons, Peterboro; Manitoba Dragoons, Portage la Prairie; 6th Hussars, Montreal, 8th Hussars, Kings, N.B.—four men each.

Field Artillery—1st Brigade, Guelph; 1st Regiment, Quebec; 2nd, Ottawa; 4th, Hamilton; 9th, Toronto; 12th, King's, N.B.; 13th, Winnipeg; 15th, Stafford—1 man each.

Garrison Artillery—1st Regiment, Halifax; 3rd, St. John, N.B.; 4th, Charlottetown; 5th, British Columbia—3 men each.

Infantry—Governor-General's Foot Guards; 2nd, Q.O.R., Toronto; 3rd, Victorias, Montreal; 5th, Royal Scots; 9th, Voltigeurs, Quebec; 10th, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; 13th, Hamilton; 14th, Kingston; 48th Highlanders, Toronto; 62nd, St John Fusiliers; 63rd, Halifax Rifles; 65th Battalion, Montreal; 68th, King's, N.S.; 82nd, Queen's County, P. E.I.—4 men each.

The permanent corps will send eight men each for the cavalry, artillery and infantry.

The instructions to commanding officers are that men to be selected must be either non-commissioned officers or privates who possess certificates of qualification from one of the schools. Commissioned officers will not be allowed to go in the ranks. Col. Aylmer, Adjutant-General, will command the contingent, but his staff has yet to be chosen.

T. G. Shaughnessy, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was in town all day, and together with Messrs F. L. Beique, Q.C., and Joseph Brunet of Montreal had an important conference to-night with several Ministers respecting the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. It is expected a formal anouncement will be made in a few days as to the conditions upon which the company will build the road.

Further papers regarding the Manitoba school settlement were brought down to-day. They include protests from the Catholics of six municipalities in Manitoba against the school settlement, and from two places, Deleau and Saskatchewan, in favor of it. The Deleau communication says: "We are of opinion that all men not influenced by party spirit will accept this agreement as being the best obtainable under the circumstances if carried out honestly by the local authorities." Mr. Tarte is thanked for his efforts to secure education for the French Catholic children on an equal footing with English children. The communication concludes with the expression of a fervent hope that Mr. Laurier will long be spared to hold the Premiership. It is signed by 42 electors.

The Saskatchewan document is signed by 101 Roman Cathalic electors, and congratulates the Government on the successful issue of the negotiations in settling the vexed question which at one time threatened to destroy the harmony and good fellowship in Canada.

The result of the Nova Scotia provincial elections was a great disappointment to the Conservatives, although everything was against them. The House was prematurely dissolved and the Opposition were caught unawares, while Premier Murray had the advantage of a strong organization and the aid of the Federal Government. Mr. Fielding's declaration on the coal question greatly aided the provincial Liberals, and gave them a clean sweep in Cape Breton county, where they only had three out of the eight seats. Nova Scotia has a habit of being all or nothing. Out of 38 seats the Conservatives had only 10 seats in the last House and 8 in the previous one. When the Holmes-Thompson Government was in power there were only 4 Liberals in the Assembly.

Mr. E. B. Eddy, the well-known manufacturer, has a strong letter in the papers regarding an export duty on pulp wood, of which he is a strong advocate. He points out that the consumption of the United States is about 4,000,000 tons of mechanical ground wood pulp annually, and of this quantity not less than 25 per cent. of this pulp comes from wood, the growth of this country. In the past year about 600,000 cords of pulp wood have been exported to the United States, besides which a quantity of the pulp has been ground here, principally in Nova Scotia. The cost of conversion of these 600,000 cords of wood into pulp, with the freight from the mills to the border, will amount to about $5 per cord, thus depriving us of the circulation of money in labor and freights of some $3,000,000 in the past year.

An export duty on pulp wood of at least $4 per cord, if not $5, would compel the manufacture of pulp in our own country.

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MACDONALD AND WINNIPEG.

Rutherford and McKenzie in the Former and Jameson and Taylor in the Latter Will Fight It Out.

Winnipeg April, 20.—(Special.)—Nominations for the vacancies in the Dominion Parliament for Macdonald and Winnipeg took place to-day. In Macdonald, Dr. Rutherford, Government, and Kenneth McKenzie, Patron, were placed in the field.

In Winnipeg the nominations were ex-Mayor R. W. Jameson, Government, and Edwin Taylor, Independent. Taylor's friends hope to poll a good vote, but Jameson's election is conceded. Leading Conservatives decline to take any part in the contest, and most of them will not vote at all.

The water in Red River at Winnipeg is still high, but it is believed all danger of a flood has passed. Several Northern Pacific bridges have been washed away and traffic on the Northern Pacific between Winnipeg and Dakota is suspended.

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TUESDAY, APRIL 20
A good time to commence a course in either Book-keeping or Shorthand will be after the Easter vacation.
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Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Grey Czeck All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the nattiest all wool tags to be seen, fashioned to the late-t cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacque and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for..... 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings..... 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined..... $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to..... 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

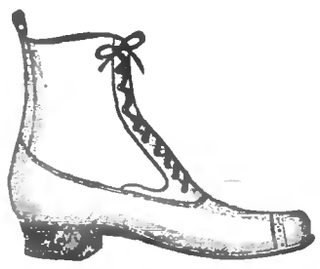
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and..... $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3 50 to..... 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades..... $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.75, $2 and..... 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and moose shades..... 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Czech Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and..... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown..... $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy..... 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe..... $3 00
Ox blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes..... 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots..... 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips..... 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips..... 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned..... 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to..... $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and..... 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at..... 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and..... 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FINCH W. MILLER, Agent and Asst

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Took Hood's in the Spring

It Completely Cured a Dreadful Scrofula Humor

From Which He Had Suffered From Boyhood.

If you want a good medicine for your blood, you should take one which absolutely cures blood diseases. The following testimonial and thousands more like it prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. Read it and take Hood's Sarsaparilla this Spring:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have had a scrofulous humor since I was a boy. Four years ago it culminated in an abscess as large as an apple on the left side of my neck, and extended the whole length of my jaw from the chin to the ear. Being on the cords of the neck, it gave me sharp pains in the left shoulder and breast. About three years ago I had the abscess lanced and this tended to decrease the size of the bunch somewhat. Last spring I

Commenced to Take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. Up to that time I had not had any appetite, and in particular ate very little breakfast. Soon after commencing with Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better in every way and my appetite improved. I did not, however, notice any change in the abscess until I had taken several bottles, when it gradually grew smaller and wholly disappeared. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have gained from 142 to 158 pounds and have a good appetite. I know it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that effected the cure, as I had tried about everything else, but nothing did me any good, not even doctors' medicines. I shall always have a good word for Hood's Sarsaparilla." GEO. D. STIMPSON, Islington Road, Portsmouth, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the best Spring Medicine. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, benefical. 25c

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897

ONTARIO PEDAGOGUES

Met in Toronto and Read and Discussed Papers.

Arguments in Favor of Manual Training in the Schools—Plea for Definite Religious Instruction—Teaching by Phonetics—The Jew in Literature—Public and High School Curriculum—Brilliant Reception at the Education Department Last Evening.

Toronto, April 20.

The representatives of the profession whose duty it is to teach the young idea how to shoot came to this city in unprecedented force yesterday. It was the occasion of the thirty-sixth annual meeting of the Ontario Educational Association, and all manner of pedagogues, from the University professor to the teacher in the side-line little red school house, assembled together at the Normal School to explain to one another what methods of imparting knowledge had met with the best results in their own experience. The day was taken up with the reading of admirably-written papers on various literary, historical and general educational topics, and in the evening a grand reception in the school theatre was addressed by the Minister of Education and others. The session continues to-day and to-morrow.

Messrs. J. D. Livingston, Forest; W. B. Lobos, Markham; M. J. Carson, London; W. J. Henry, Toronto; R. W. Doan, Toronto; Z. A. Hall, Preston; C. W. Chadwick, Toronto; John A. Anderson, Rosemore; W. H. Brown, Gravenhurst; J. S. Pringle, Ridgetown; G. A. Miller, Dresden; David Mills, Bay View; D. C. McGregor, Johnson; P. W. Currie, Niagara Falls; A. A. Jordan, Meaford; W. MacMurchy, Ilora; J. A. Jackson, Iroquois; F. S. Michell, Perth; A. McKee, Midland; R. Kenney, Brockville; S. J. Stubbs, St. Mary's; G. A. McKee, Ridgetown; C. McPherson, Prescott; J. Scott, Toronto; H. O. Asman, Hamilton; L. T. Lockheed, Caledonia; J. J. Hare, Whitby; W. J. Greenwood, Whitby; Henry Cohn, Watford; C. H. McGee, Brockville; J. M. Field, Walkerton; W. E. Martin, Shelburne; David Din, Woodbridge; J. F. Thompson, Seaforth; A. E. Jewett, Chatham; J. W. Hogarth, Allan Craig; W. W. Tamlyn, Whitby; J. Ryerson, Orillia; D. A. McCrimmon, York Mills; John A. Cooke, Dunnville; Henry Ward, Toronto; W. H. Shrapnell, Walford; William Elliott, Mitchell; James Norris, Kinvardine; George R. Anderson, Windsor; William Irwin, Durham; Nicholas Wilson, London; J. J. Morgan, Omemee; Miss J. Carmichan, Niagara; Miss G. M. Parmenter, Gananoque; Miss M. A. Mark, Peterboro; Mrs. D. Mills, Bayview; Miss M. Porter, Milford; Miss Helen Blakely, Picton; Miss H. Revel, Paris; Miss Isabel Sutherland, Mildmay; Miss M. Livingstone, Forest; Miss M. E. Reid, Walford; Miss D. J. Hall, Peterboro; Mrs. A. E. Jewett, Chatham; Miss A. C. Kerr, Ottawa; Miss Day, Cobourg; Miss A. G. H. White, Toronto; Miss M. Covernale, Canfield; Miss Nina Conger, Picton.

Miss E. J. Preston of Ottawa read the first paper entitled, "The Criminal and His Recruiting Grounds." Crime, she held, was coeval with man, but expanded and developed as he advanced in civilization. In the past it had been studied from the points of sentiment or revenge. Criminology, seeking the source on purely scientific grounds, claims that it is due in a great measure to heredity, atavism, a perverted moral nature or some physical cause. A certain relation existed between alcoholism, epilepsy, insanity and crime, and all showed signs of a degenerating organism. The children of elderly fathers are frequently criminals. Every age and every society breeds its own classes of crime. Some crime-producing causes being pronatal are not preventible, but amongst those which are preventible we find alcoholism, the uncertainty of punishment caused by the complication of our laws, the growing laxity of parental responsibility and control, the restlessness of the age and desire for wealth being so great that, "The end justifies the means." While crimes *against the person are decreasing*, crimes against property and other dishonest acts are increasing in Canada. The demoralizing influence of a vast number of papers and magazines brought into Canada is another preventible crime.

The artisan and manual labor class show the smallest criminal percentage. Are our people being trained to manual labor? she asks. Then again, she observes that a belief in and reverence for a Supreme Being lies at the root of good citizenship. Are we in danger of gradually losing this belief and reverence? Is our educational system at fault? Has not the "head been educated at the expense of the hands and the heart"?

Mr. F. F. Manley presided over the Mathematical and Physical Association and read an address in which he recommended that fees in secondary education be graduated *according to the ability of the pupils*. Promising students, he held, should be charged a small fee, while pupils whose progress was slow, and who consequently retarded the work of the teacher, should pay an additional fee for the trouble so caused.

This proposition met with strong opposition and was followed by a paper on "Elementary Geometry as a Preparation for Honor Mathematical Work."

A discussion on this paper led to the appointment of a committee, composed of Messrs. McDougall, McKenzie, De Lury and Glasham, to recommend any changes in the present system of teaching of geometry, if such were deemed necessary.

In the commercial section, the morning session was taken up with a discussion on "Commercial Work and Drawing in Our High Schools and Collegiate Institutes." *Resolutions were passed recommending that* the name "Public School leaving examination" be changed to "High School first form and Public School leaving examination," and also that candidates should not be allowed to bring ruled paper with them to the bookkeeping examinations. A committee was appointed to make out a list of drawing models, the present list being deemed too expensive.

The president, Mr. Fletcher's, *paper on* "Practical Penmanship" provoked lively discussion on account of its many radical statements. It said that practical penmanship was not being taught to any great extent in our Public Schools, for the reason that teachers were not trained to practical teaching of writing, finger movement was almost exclusively used, teachers dislike to spoil the display of pupils' writing by introducing practical movement, and copy-books were used in senior classes. These were condemned as not training and as uniting for business.

At the Inspector's section, Mr. James L. Hughes' paper on "Manual Training" came up first. He advocated manual training for educational, not economic, reasons, and showed that manual training does not mean teaching trades, or even improving the child's chances of making a living by industrial work but the development of the physical, mental and moral nature.

To the lot of Inspector D. Fotheringham of South York it fell to handle at this meeting the time-worn but none the less vital subject of "Moral Training in Public Schools." He took occasion to observe that there was no religious instruction given with any regularity at the Public Schools, and that the provisions for such instruction were either impracticable or out of touch with public opinion. The reasons assigned for this state of affairs are the great difficulties surrounding the question from a practical standpoint. These difficulties had been solved in England and Germany, and why not in Canada? Public opinion in favor of one Public School system is growing stronger every year, and if our legislators could lay aside all desire for party advantage, and unite on the subject, as the English parties did in 1870, a non-sectarian but thoroughly Christian system of religious instruction could be inaugurated to meet the wishes of all denominations.

Continuing, the author suggested the appointment of a representative commission to investigate the bearings of the question and prepare an outline of Christian principles, to which all churches *could assent*. Such a text book was now in use in Pittsburg, Pa., and elsewhere in mixed schools only 50 per cent. of our school population were now receiving religious instruction in Sunday Schools and churches, so that at most 300,000 of our youth were growing up without deriving any moral advantages in education.

At the meeting of the Historical Association, President William Houston, M.A., in dealing with "History As a Culture Subject," made a strong plea for the study of original documents, such as copies of Magna Charta, etc., which should be on the walls of every school room. The biographical side of history was the one which should be mainly presented to children. Historical documents should be taken up backwards, the later ones coming first, or from that which to some extent is best known to that which is unknown. Thus, in Canadian history, the order would be: B.N.A. Act, 1867; Union Act, 1841; Constitutional Act, 1791; Quebec Act, 1774; *Governor Murray's Convention, 1764, and* so on, back to the first known records. Certain United States documents should also be taken up, and, if possible, documents pertaining to other countries.

President Wright was in the chair at the Modern Language Association meeting, and presented an able paper on "The Jew in English Literature."

Owing to his reputation for rapacity and exclusiveness, said the author, to the vindictiveness of Christians for his share in the crucifixion, and to other causes, the Jew has long been treated with contumely and oppression. The opinion of the populace has been reflected in literature. In the early ballad literature of England we find stories of the Wandering Jew, and of the avaricious, cruel Jew. Marlowe's "Jew of Malta" is a monster. Shakespeare's Shylock is really a most complex character but in popular regard he is looked on with disfavor. Scott's Isaac in "Ivanhoe" is the product of a sympathetic hand, but is in several respects a caricature. Dickens' Fagin is altogether detestable. These are examples of the unfair treatment which has been meted out to the Jews in English literature. It is only within the last century that we have had the other side. Cumberland's Sheva, Scott's Rebecca, Disraeli's Sidonia, Eva and David Alroy, Dickens' Mr. Riah and George Eliot's Daniel Deronda, Mirah and Mordecai, show the Jews in a brighter light, and indicate the great advance which has been made as to the toleration of the Peculiar People.

Mr. A. W. Burt, B.A., of Brantford, in his remarks on "Phonetics," urged the need of more careful attention to the subject of sight pronunciation in our schools. Most of our High School graduates, he claimed, could not utter a sentence without proclaiming their lack of refinement in this respect. He laid the blame of this defect to the all-engrossing claims of "examination" subjects. A knowledge of the mechanism of sound production, i.e., of a knowledge of phonetics, was essential to their correction. He recommended the adoption of the principles of instruction laid down in "Le Maitre Phonetique," the organ of the International Phonetic Association.

As to the teaching of foreign languages, Mr. Burt recommended entirely oral instruction for the first few months. After that time he suggested the study of texts written in phonetic characters, and, after the first year, he would permit the introduction of the conventional spelling, the study of word forms, the inductive study of grammar and the translation of English into the foreign tongue. Such a course, he believed, would cause our pupils to enter into the spirit of the foreign language, and thus imbibe culture.

A large gathering of friends of education assembled at the reception in the theatre of the Normal School. Mr. John Dearness, the association president, was in the chair, and had with him on the platform: Hon. G. W. Ross, President London, Chancellor Burwash, Rev. Dr. Dewart and Ald. John Hallam, the latter of whom represented the Mayor.

Hon. Dr. Ross delivered an admirable address, in which he spoke of the evolution of the old log schools to the present magnificent, commodious structures. He welcomed the assembled pedagogues as the men and women who formed the groundwork of the nation. He hoped they would derive benefit from this visit. He desired to make the Normal School, refitted, as it now was, on its fiftieth anniversary, the Mecca of the teachers of the Province.

Mr. John Dearness, president of the Association, replied to the welcome of the civic and Government authorities.

A letter was read from Mr. J. H. Yewdall, *secretary of the English Teachers'* Union, now in session in Wales, conveying fraternal greetings.

The meeting concluded with the singing of the National and New Jubilee Anthems, and, upon invitation of the Minister of Education, another hour was spent by the visitors in inspecting the art and educational exhibits of the Educational building.

NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.

Liberals Carried the Province by an Overwhelming Majority Opposition Almost Wiped Out.

Halifax, April 20.—General Provincial elections took place in Nova Scotia to-day, and a *contest in Colchester County for the* Dominion Commons. The result of the Provincial contests was an overwhelming triumph for the Liberal party. The Conservatives number not more than four men, and perhaps only three, to the Assembly, which consists of 38 members. Every member of the Provincial Government who offered for re-election was returned. Premier Murray in Victoria, Attorney-General Longley in Annapolis and Commissioner of Works Church in Lunenburg all have handsome majorities. For first time in seven years Halifax elected a full Liberal ticket. The returns in this county are: Liberals—Macpherson 4903, Mitchell 4397, Wallace 4623. Conservatives—Stairs 4181, Foster 4313, Walsh 3991. The Dominion election is claimed by the Conservatives, and returns, which are reported complete, give Candidate Muir a majority of two votes over McClure (Lib.). The Liberals, however, claim a majority for McClure of 10.

The Result.

The names of the successful candidates in the Provincial elections are:

Annapolis—Longley and Bancroft (Lib.).
Antigonish—McGillivray and Chisholm (L.)
Cape Breton—Kendall and Johnston (L.).
Colchester—Laurence (L.), McMullin (C.).
Cumberland—Black and Fraser (Lib.).
Digby—Comeau and Gibney (Lib.).
Guysboro'—Sinclair and Ferguson (Lib.).
Halifax—Mitchell, McPherson and Wallace (Lib.).
Hants—Drysdale (Lib.), Wilcox (Con.).
Inverness—McDonald and Doucett (Lib.).
King's—Wickwire and Dodge (Lib.).
Lunenburg—Church and Sperry (Lib.).
Pictou—McDonald and McGregor (Lib), and Tanner (Con.).
Queen's—Farrel (Lib.); second seat in doubt between Kell (Lib.) and Millard (C.).
Richmond—Joice and Finlayson (Lib.).
Shelburne—Johnston and Robertson (Lib.). By acclamation.
Victoria—Premier Murray and Morrison (Lib.).
Yarmouth—Law and Leblanc (Lib.).

Much Better For the Purpose.

Drummer (to woman traveler)—Pardon me, madam, but would you mind lending me a handkerchief to wipe the dust off my face?

Woman—I have a pumice stone for my nails which you might use instead. Contact with brass might injure my handkerchief.

The Wretch

Mrs. Freshley—Is this all you are going to give me for my birthday? Why, Mr. Popley gave his wife a diamond necklace.

Mr. Freshley (henpecked)—So would I if she were my wife.

Life is a battle field. Every day brings its fierce, unceasing conflict, every night leaves its multitudes of dead and dying. The horrors of war are no greater than the horrors of disease. If all the nations of the earth were at war against each other there would be no such carnage wrought within the year as that which is accomplished annually by one dread disease—consumption.

And yet this most fatal of all diseases is not without its remedy. It is no longer the irresistible destroyer that it was considered thirty years ago. An entirely new aspect is put upon the possibilities of this dreadful malady by the astounding remedial action of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures consumption by nourishing the lungs with an abundant supply of pure, highly-vitalized blood.

This stops the formation of tuberculous matter, and builds up fresh tissue, muscular flesh and vital energy. It gives digestive power to the stomach which is too weak to assimilate oily emulsions.

Miss Lucy Kloeffler, of Armada, Mich., writes: "When I was about eight years of age I had inflammation of the lungs, and from that time up I was sick nearly all the time and had a doctor nearly all the time. I would take cold so easily it would go right to my lungs. At the age of nineteen I was very bad; there was pain in my lungs, tickling in my throat and my throat was studded with ulcers; there was hoarseness and partial suppression of voice and difficulty of breathing. I doctored with one of our best physicians and he said he could not help me and just prescribed cod liver oil and told my mother I could not live longer than three months. I kept getting weaker every day, when at last a friend asked me why I did not try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I thought there was no use, no more help for me as consumption was in our family. My father and also my sister died with it; but after taking the first bottle I seemed to feel better. My appetite was better and I kept right on taking it, with a bottle of the 'Pellets' once in a while, until I felt real well. Before taking it, I weighed one hundred and ten pounds; after taking it, one hundred and thirty. I have not had a cough this winter."

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking

AYER'S Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897

A DANGEROUS SEASON

NATURE REQUIRES AID IN THROWING OFF THE POISON OF WINTER

Close Confinement Leaves Old and Young Weak, Nervous and Often Despondent—Dr Williams' Pills the Only Reliable Tonic.

At this season of the year young and old feel the need of some assistance from the medical world to help nature in *her work* of renewing and rebuilding the system after the trying months of winter. Teachers and students especially feel the effects of long months of mental toil that have been rendered more dangerous to health by hours of study in close, ill-ventilated rooms, and exposure to cold and storm, and chills from wet and bedraggled skirts. The following letter from a well known lady teacher in the west tells how she made use of one of the most wonderful medical discoveries of the age, with happy results.

"Every spring for the last eight years I have suffered from attacks of what the doctors called nervous prostration. The attacks were generally heralded by nervous headaches which lasted for three or four days, causing untold agony, palpitation and pain at the heart, loss of appetite and a general feeling that life was not worth living. Only those who have suffered in this way can imagine what I endured or how great has been my joy to find that I have learned of a means of escape from all those horrors. This wonderous medicine, which doctors acknowledge to be a good tonic and of great benefit to weak people, was brought to my attention by a niece who had herself been cured of a dangerous malady by this remedy. She had become weak and unable to continue her studies, her blood turned to water and her face lost every trace of its once fresh healthy color, and a general "breaking up" of her system caused her friends to fear that she was in the first stages of consumption. She became tired of hearing thoughtless people tell her how pale she looked, and seeing an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People she bought some in the hope that they might restore a little color to her cheeks. She was surprised and delighted to find that after using them for a few weeks her face regained its bright healthy color and her strength and vitality also returned, and to-day she is perfectly strong and healthy. Knowing how I had suffered she strongly advised me to try them. I did so and instead of feeling "worn out" as usual at this season I feel stronger and better in every way than I have done for years. Those dreadful headaches and other distressing symptoms have entirely disappeared and I feel years younger than I did a year ago, and my friends say I look ten years younger. I feel so happy that I can perform my duties with zeal and pleasure that I wish to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all teachers and students who wish to escape what I have suffered.

Gratefully yours,
H. S. KER."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

EXPOSITION OF 1900.

PLAN OF THE PARIS FAIR TO USHER IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

The Work Already Begun — The First Stroke of the Pick Made - Transplanting Trees on the Exhibition Grounds —The Champs Elysees.

As far as money, energy and art will avail, Paris proposes to usher in the twentieth century with an exposition that will far eclipse everything of the sort in the past and discount the undertakings of the future for many years to come.

No expense is to be spared, and ample provision has been made for all the money that may be needed; the grounds have been selected and laid off, and the work of preparing and beautifying them begun, and the designs for the various buildings have been chosen, the sites selected, and the preliminary work is now under way.

Three million one hundred and twenty-five thousand construction bonds of twenty francs each ($13,000,000) have been issued, each of which gives the right of twenty admissions to the exposition, reduced rates to all the specials shows and exhibits, and on the railways of the city, and to the great lotteries, with prizes ranging as high as 500,000 francs, that are the usual accompaniment of every public undertaking in France.

When the funds from this source are exhausted a treasury loan is to be

FIRST STROKE OF THE PICK ON THE 1900 EXPOSITION.

made guaranteed by the entrance fees.

The site selected lies on both sides of the Seine from the Pont de la Concorde down to some distance below the Pont d'Jena.

In the northeastern part of the Champs Elysees are the gates of entrance and the Palaces of Fine Arts. The ground chosen for these latter was occupied in part by the Palace of Industry erected some years ago. This has been erazed and palaces 2 and 3 are to be erected in its place. The entrance to No. 2 will be the grand entrance to the exposition, by which all public and official visitations will be made.

The grounds have been enclosed by a high palisade fence, and there is to be no marring the beauty of the adjoining grounds or disturbing the convenience of the public by the cartage of old and new material up and down the avenues. This will be done entirely by underground railways. The accompanying cuts show the first stroke of work in the construction of the railroad from the grand palaces 2, 3 and 4 to the Seine, by means of which everything is to be handled by boats on the river.

One of the most interesting and instructive features of the work now underway is that of forest-making. Huge trees of large girth, and great spread of limb, are being transplanted in great numbers in the exposition grounds. Trees of mature growth and great size are selected. Excavation is made about the roots so as to leave them intact in the inclosing earth, which is to be bound and swaddled as to hold it firmly in place while in transit on a specially contrived vehicle from the forests to the place of transplanting.

The selections were all made some time ago, and as soon as the winter was well set in large forces of men were set to work and the transplanting pushed rapidly so as to get the roots well settled in the ground before the sap begins to run.

By the time of leafing the formerly empty spaces of the Champs Elysees and other parts of the grounds will have the appearance of a forest of 50 years' growth.

From the Champs Elysees section passage is had to the next, lying on the south side of the Seine by the new Pont Alexandre III., a splendid structure, designed by the celebrated MM. Cassien-Bernard, the cornerstone of which was laid by the Czar during his visit to Paris last year. The second or Industrial and Manufacturing section lies along the Esplanade des Invalides and comprises four extensive and splendid palaces.

The plans have recently been amended to make the river banks one of the greatest attractions of the exposition. Between the Pont de la Concorde and the Pont des Invalides they will be lined with gayly decorated terraces and gardens, and on the south side, along the Quay d'Orsay will stretch hothouses for the horticultural exhibits, the pavilions of foreign nations and the buildings for various special exhibits, while from the Pont de l'Alma on down on both banks will be exhibits of forest, field and seas.

To the south of these, extending across the Champs de Mars from the river to the Ecole Militaire, is the most extensive section of the whole exposition. Seven huge structures, whose

TRANSPLANTING THE TREES.

uses are shown by the index to the ground plan, occupy the space and afford ample accommodation for a most lavish display in their several lines.

The display of architectural taste and skill in the designs of the various buildings will be at once unique and magnificent. The foremost talent of the world, it may be said, entered into the competition and the selections made from the designs submitted are said to be marvels of beauty and appropriateness.

Outside the grounds Paris is making extensive additions to its already large facilities for handling the multitudes who will flock to the show. Large new hotels are being erected and others added to and renovated, and the transportation facilities are being enlarged and extended on a grand scale.

The work of allotting space to the exhibitors from the various countries will soon begin, and it will be in a large measure "first come, first served." All the European nations, besides Canada, Australia, Japan and several of the South American countries, have made appropriations and provision for exhibits, but the United States Government has as yet made no move towards giving his people an opportunity of making a display.

PALACES OF FINE ARTS—ARCHITECT-IN-CHIEF M. GIRAULT.

1—Small Palace, M. Girault architect.
2—Grand Palace, exterior part, M. DeGlane architect.
3—Grand Palace, intermediate part, M. Albert Louvet architect.
4—Grand Palace, posterior part, M. Alber Momus architect.
5—Entrance Gates, M. R. Binet architect.

BARGES AND QUAYS.

6—Bridge Quays and Barges, as far as Pont des Invalides, MM. Cassien-Bernard architects.

ESPLANADE DES INVALIDES.

7—Palace of Information and National Manufactures, MM. Tourdoir & Pradelle architects.
8—Palace of Decoration and Furniture, M. Esquit architect.
9—Palace of Various Industries, MM. Lauche & Maclous architects.

10—Palace of Ceramics and Glasses, M. Tropez Bailly architect.
11—Palace of Horticulture and the Barges and Quays on both banks between the Pont des Invalides and the Pont de l'Alma, M. Ch. A. Gaudin architect.
12—Palaces of Marine Merchandise of Forest, Chase, Fisheries and Harvest, MM. Guillaume Trouvert and Abrien Rey architects.

CHAMPS DE MARS.

14—Palace of Instruments and General Proceedings of Literature, Science and Arts, M. Louis Sortais architect.
15—Palace of Foods, M. L. Varcollier architect.
16—Palace of Threads, Tissues and Cloths, M. Blavette architect.
17—Palace of Civil Engineering and Means of Transportation, M. Jacques Humont architect.
18—Palace of Mines, Matallurgy, Mechanics and Fountains, M. Paulin architect.
19—Palace of Electricity and Chemical Industries, M. Eugene Henard architect.
20—Banquecting Hall and Palace of Agriculture, M. Raulin architect.

TROCADERO.

21—Palace of Colonization, MM. Deputtus & Son architects.

CHESS HISTORY.

The Game Said to Have Been Played More Than 5000 Years Ago

Chess players with a turn of the history of their strategic amusement will be interested to learn that all the hypotheses as to the origin of the game have suddenly been "mated" by a recent extraordinary discovery in Egypt. The Chinese—who invented many things in times long gone by, which had to be reinvented in Europe—assert that they can trace chess in their own country to about 200 years before our era. Now there can certainly be no doubt in the character of the figures at present used, and in some of the words connected with the game—such as "schah" (shah) and matt for "mate")—and Indian, Persian and Arabic influence is traceable. But here comes news of the latest excavations on the pyramid fields of Sakkara which have brought to a light a wall painting on which a high official is represented as playing chess with a partner at the time of the government of King Teta, who belonged to the ninth dynasty. Prof. Lepsius formerly assigned the reign of that monarch to about the year 2700 B.C. Prof Bragsch, correcting this chronology, puts it back to 3300 B.C., so that chess would have been known in the once mysterious land of Mizraim, something like 5200 years ago.

Taking a Good Look at One Another.

Tryon took his long glass on shore with him, and found it useful for reconnoitring the position and proceedings of the enemy. He made the acquaintance of a Russian officer who also rejoiced in a long glass (a species of acquaintance which was not at all common during the siege of Sebastopol). In the early morning, as soon as it was light enough, they reconnoitred each other with their long glasses, to see if anything new had been done during the long night; then, as soon as they were satisfied, they mounted their respective parapets, waved each other a friendly recognition, jumped down, and blazed away. War is a curious business.—From "The Life of Vice-Admiral Sir George Tryon."

Amphibious Man.

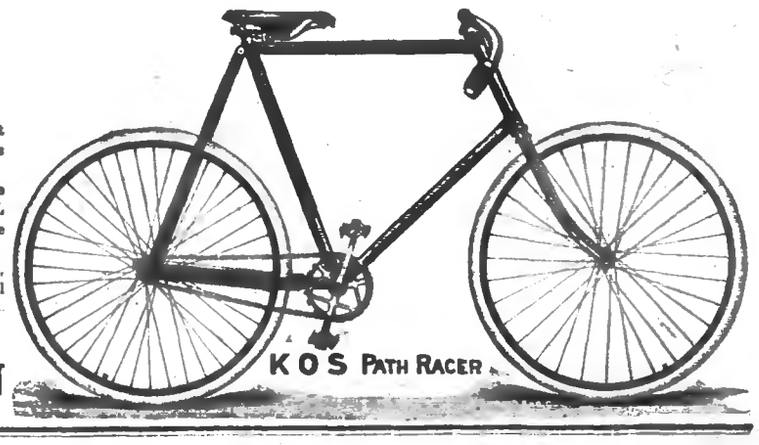
Man becomes almost amphibious in certain regions. Temperature permitting, he swims as well, dives better than many animals—better, for instance, than dogs. The Greek sponge-fishers and the Arabic divers must have sight almost as keen below water as that of the sea otter. They have even learned by practice, to control the consumption of the air supply in their lungs. The usual time for a hippopotamus to remain below water is five minutes. The pearl-fisher can remain below two and a half minutes. In a tank a diver has remained under water for four minutes. But temperature marks the limits of man's amphibious habits.—The Spectator.

King of Scorchers Queen of Scorchers

Being SPECIAL GRADE and Built Specially for High-class Trade, they are too costly for the majority of riders.

Those who can afford them appreciate the great difference between this SPECIAL GRADE and the ordinary high-grade Cycle.

At the NATIONAL SHOW, England, this machine was again conceded on all sides the proud position of an **Unapproached First Place.**



W. A. SANDERSON
Agent, Peterborough.

Murray & Lanman's
FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
AND ENDURING OF ALL
PERFUMES FOR THE
HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

LeBRUN'S
New Spring
Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

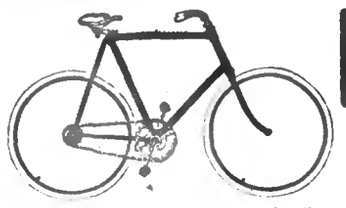
Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

H. LeBRUN & CO.
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

SAWS Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc, sharpened. R. W. ENGLISH shop 129 Charlotte-st.

MASSEY-HARRIS BICYCLES



[SILVER RIBBON BICYCLE]
1897.
Are built by the Celebrated Massey-Harris Co.

These Bicycles are complete in every detail, made from the highest grade materials and constructed in the most skillful and accurate manner,

Absolute satisfaction guaranteed. 1897 models positively perfect. Built on the lines of the famous "Columbia" Wheel.

No Bicycle on the market has stood the last season's wear as well as the Massey-Harris. Riders of last year's wheels will not require to change their mounts in 1897.

With a 9 tooth rear and 23 tooth front sprocket, giving a gear of 71¼, the Massey-Harris travels with less power than is required to push a 68½ gear of other makes.

GENTLEMAN'S LADIES' . . . Price $85.00

THE WELLAND VALE
(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	**$85.00**
Garden City	-	**$75.00**
Dominion	- -	**$60.00**

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!

And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . . We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . . You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

JOHN NUGENT
No. 379 GEORGE STREET.

THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.
P.N. CORSETS
Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:
437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW,
MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

It's Different Now!

Before Oak Hall established itself in your midst you had to pay from $14 upwards for suits to order, or else wear the common hand-me-down clothing that lacked fit, finish and quality. Now you can call on us and be fitted with clothing that cannot be excelled for style, finish and durability, in fact, equal to tailor made, for about one half the price. See our fine range of English and Canadian Tweeds and Serges at prices ranging from $3.25 to $12. Don't you need a Spring Overcoat? Call and see our assortment. We can suit you in both style and price. We press and alter when required free of charge.

Handsome Premium Picture given away free.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERIGAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

☞Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

PRINTING

Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right

☞No order too large or too small for our capacity.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

30 BOXES OF

CURTAIN POLES AND TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived!

All nicely Assorted from 20 cents up the Set.

Also watch for our Cheap Wall Paper rates, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,

379 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Good Bread at Best Prices.

Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour. Bates Bros., bakers. d91

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Ladies.

Go to Mrs. Appleby's for the new shaded Dresden Floss. Shading easily and quickly done. Just received a new and attractive line of Infant's Silk Bonnets. These Bonnets are very neat and pretty, and we are sure the materials cannot be had and made up for anything like the prices they are selling at. d92tf

The Wages of Sin

The Charlotte-st. church was crowded to doors last evening when Evangelist Ranton delivered a powerful sermon on the subject "The Wages of sin is death," taking as his text Romans vi, 23. During the service Mrs C B McAllister contributed a solo. The meeting was one of the best of these services.

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

Mr. Johnston's Division Enlarged.

The Kingston and Belleville divisions of the weights and measures department have been amalgamated and Mr. Wm. Johnston, of Belleville, has been appointed chief inspector. His district covers the whole of Eastern Ontario from Bowmanville, with the exception of the Ottawa valley. The Kingston inspector has been transferred to Ottawa to replace a man who has been superannuated.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Steel and Brass Beds

Are among the newest and nicest things in furniture. You can see in Clegg's show window two beds of very neat design finished in white. Other tinted colors can be had to order. Having secured the agency for this class of beds from the only firm manufacturing them in Canada. You can encourage home industry and at the same time save yourself money by buying at Clegg's. We quote the lowest prices for steel and brass, and all brass bedsteads. Clegg's furniture ware rooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NORWOOD'S BIG BLAZE!

Twenty Business Places Destroyed.

LOSS ABOUT $50,000

Full Particulars of the Fire and the Losses.

SEVERAL HEAVY LOSERS!

Mr W E Roxburgh's Loss over $30,000 and Insurance $6,300—Pearce's and Tucker's Blocks Consumed—East Side of the Main Street a Mass of Ruins.

Norwood's conflagration yesterday was most disastrous in every respect—to the village by the loss of half of its business establishments, to the property owners by the destruction of valuable blocks of buildings, and to the merchants who suffered by the ruination of their stocks. To-day some of leading merchants cannot secure for even a day accommodation for the stock that was saved. Every vacant store in the village is occupied, and seven or eight more could find tenants without the least difficulty, but they are not to be found. The total loss, buildings and stock, will be fully $50,000, and to the regret of many the insurance is very light. Mr W E Roxburgh is the heaviest loser, nearly all the buildings that were destroyed being his property.

The fire cut a wide swath, taking in its course every building, substantial and insignificant, from R W Waters & Son's store at the corner of Colborne and Peterborough-sts. directly opposite the Methodist church, to Edward H Scott's stationery store, near the town hall. In this space were nearly twenty businesses establishments, but none of them stand to-day, and the smoking foundations bear positive evidence of the great loss the village has sustained. It was a clean sweep. This morning from Water's corner to the town hall is an open space, not even a wall standing. The main street is desolate in appearance. The east side is a mass of ruins, while on the west side and from Clancy's hotel to Kirkpatrick & Buck's store opposite the McGregor house, the flames left their mark on the buildings, for every board bears big blisters, and all the plate glass windows will have to be replaced. Below Clancy's hotel to Spring-st., opposite the town hall, lies the remains of the fire which visited the village only three weeks ago. This blaze took up in smoke and flames the McWilliams block and Brennan's livery stable and shed, so to-day only one corner of the village road way exists and the citizens have become so disconsolate that they will be surprised if that portion which remains does not disappear, but still they hope the other way.

THE FIRE AND ITS DISCOVERY.

The blaze which created such a loss to the thriving eastern village, was discovered by the conductor on the early express from Montreal yesterday morning. As the train was turning the curve near the C.P.R. station, he noticed flames issuing above the centre of the village. On board the train was Mr. F. G. Code, of the Union Bank, Norwood, and his attention was called to the blaze, and as soon as he alighted from the express he ran to the village and was the first person on the scene. Without any delay Mr. Code sounded the fire alarm—the bell in the Methodist church—and then proceeded to arouse all the people near the scene of what was eventually to result in the village's greatest conflagration. The flames spread rapidly. They passed at lightning speed and the Roxburgh block seemed to be a mass of smoke and flames five minutes after the discovery.

WHERE THE BLAZE BEGAN.

The fire had its commencement in a small wooden shed in the rear of Eaton's tailor store in the centre of the Roxburgh block, and an ash barrel is supposed to be the cause. This was in a lane running along the back of the building and was reached with some difficulty. A pump was near at hand, but those who arrived at the spot first could not secure pails. The hose possessed by the town would not reach to the village creek and as the flames crept along the thought that the village would be destroyed was uppermost in the minds of the onlookers. The Peterborough fire brigade was immediately telegraphed for and a special train was ordered from Havelock to proceed to Peterborough to convey the steam engine and men to the village. Several of the citizens expressed to a Review reporter their condemnation of the Peterborough authorities for the delay. They claim is was fully two hours after their notification that the firemen arrived in the village and they feel that the greater part of

ROXBURGH'S BLOCK

could have been saved if the brigade had hustled for they state the special waited fully half an hour at the Peterborough station.

Anyway when the brigade arrived it was impossible to prevent the complete destruction of the Roxburgh block, as the fire was making its way along the roof and sides. Hose had to be laid to the creek and soon a stream was poured upon the burning buildings and the safety of the other buildings across the street ensured.

When the fire began a strong north-west wind was blowing, and the flames were carried from the shed to the carriage shop of Mr. Thos. Hendren, between the post office and the south end of the Roxburgh block occupied by Fred. Wasson, grocer. Then this end of the block became ignited and with marvellous rapidity the flames ran along the buildings until the whole block was in a blaze. Proceeding south from Hendren's carriage shop another arm of buildings Pearce's block and Tucker's block, fell victims to the blaze and at six o'clock the entire east side of the main street was a body of smoke and lurid flames that rose heavenward and threw a reflection over the country for miles around. The whole population congregated around the burning buildings and watched with pain the consumption of the village's finest block. By 8 o'clock the

FIRE WAS UNDER CONTROL

and last evening nothing remained but the smoking ruins here and there to indicate the course of the fire.

While all the buildings were destroyed many merchants succeeded in saving large portions of their stocks, and the loss in that particular was not so large as it might have been. At one time the destruction of the Reynold's block across the street was feared and that the Clancy house, a frame building, withstood the efforts of the heat and flames to claim is a miracle. The house stands, scorched and blistered, but still in the ring, ready for business. Up the street broken plate glass windows, charred wood work and signs make the block look dismal, and Mr. P. W. Reynolds places his loss at $500 or $600, covered almost completely by insurance, Mr. Reynold desires to convey to the citizens who applied pails of water to his buildings his grateful thanks for their heroic exertions.

At 7 o'clock in the morning the Methodist church lawn and vacant squares in the village presented the appearance of an auction market. Goods were piled in heaps all over the village and wagons loaded with boxes were seen on all the streets, merchants sending their goods to their barns and other buildings. Nearly every store in the Reynold's block was vacated for a time, as it was feared it was to be picked up and carried away by the flames, but owing to the exertions of the firemen and citizens it was saved.

It was with difficulty that the losses were secured and it was impossible in some cases to ascertain the insurance, especially the companies interested, as the losers were too greatly agitated to furnish figures. It was impossible to find the insurance agents, Mr A R Anderson and Mr T J Drain, as one resided out of the village and the other was ill. But an estimate of the total loss can be furnished.

THE LOSERS AND LOSSES

W. E Roxburgh.—The brick block of twelve stores, all occupied except one; frame building on Peterborough-st, formerly the post office, occupied by Wm Rogers, butcher; frame carriage shop, occupied by Thos Hendren and Chas O'Reilly, implements. A portion of the block was only erected two years ago. The corner building occupied by Waters & Son, was probably the most substantial business place in the village. Total loss $20,000, insurance small. Alliance $2,450, Phœnix $3,100, Guardian $800. Total $6,350.

R. W. Waters & Son—This firm occupied the largest store in the block and carried a stock valued at fully $10,000 Greater portion saved. Loss probably $5,000, insurance $6,100.

Robt Stewart, druggist and agent of the G.N.W. Telegraph Co., good quantity of stock saved. Insurance $2,000. This store was formerly occupied by Wm. Rutherford, druggist.

R. J. Stewart, tinsmith.—Nearly all the stock saved. No insurance.

G. J. Sherry, barrister, office upstairs slight loss.

The Independent Order of Oddfellows had their hall in Roxburgh's block. They saved table, secretary and organ. Loss nearly $300. Insured for $300 in company represented by T. J. Drain. Court Norwood, C.O.F., also occupied this hall, but suffer no loss.

Miss Olive Stephenson, millinery—Stock saved.

W. Eaton, tailor—Most of stock and furnishings saved. Loss about $50, insured for $200 in Norwich Union, A R Anderson, agent.

Geo Duffield, jeweller—Most of stock saved. Insurance covers loss sustained.

A B Richardson, dry goods. Stock valued at $1,500; small quantity saved. Some insurance.

W E Roxburgh, office—Books and documents nearly all saved.

D H Breth, photographer and public library. Most of the fixtures were saved. Part of the books in the library also removed. Loss altogether $200 or $300. No insurance.

Fred Wasson, stock of groceries and furniture in residence above destroyed. Very little saved. Total loss $1,650. Insurance

Continued on page 8

A MORNING PARADE AN OPEN AFTERNOON

THIS IS THE PROGRAMME PROPOSED BY THE JUBILEE CELEBRATION COMMITTEE

A Discussion of the Matter at the Committee Meeting—A Procession in the Morning—The Town Council to be Interviewed.

A number of the Citizens Committee appointed to arrange the details of the proposed Queen's Jubilee celebration met at the Council Chamber last evening.

Mr D W Dumble who had been appointed chairman pro tem, occupied the chair, and later was elected permanent chairman.

Secretary Browns combe read the minute of the last meeting held.

The minutes having been confirmed, the report of the committee appointed to strike the sub-committees was read, and following committees appointed:—

Official demonstration—Lieut-Col Bell, Major E B Edwards, Capt R M Dennistoun, Mayor Yelland, Reeve F Adams (Ashburnham), Warden Anderson (for the county) with power to add one representative from each society taking part in the procession.

Finance—W H Moore, T Cahill, J Carnegie, J Burnham, J R Stratton, M P P, and Councillor Meldrum.

Sports—H LeBrun, A Gibson, H R H Kenner, S Ray, R B Rogers, W A Sanderson and J D Craig.

Decoration and Illumination—Major E B Edwards, H Long, R Fair, P Campbell, L M Hayes, A J Gough, Councillors A Dawson and R Neill, Capt J W Miller, R M Roy, D W Dumble, Wm Isaac and Hampden Burnham

It incidently came out that the driving park had been engaged to hold a series of horse races, under private enterprise, and would not be available for use for games during the afternoon.

Mr. Dumble suggested that the day be pleasantly and well spent without expenses; say a procession, etc., in the morning, and some fireworks in the evening. The military would no doubt assist. If the Council would formally ask the local societies, the militia and others to take part all would, no doubt assist and a very good day could be arranged.

Mr E B Edwards said he was sorry to learn that any private enterprise was on foot to make money out of the attractions of the day. It should be a day of enjoyment free to all.

Some other conversation followed relative to abandoning the celebration and carrying it on in the interests of the citizens. It was pointed out that arrangements might be made to hold the citizens sports in the driving park during the afternoon of the races. It was also suggested that the sports might be held in east Nicholls park.

Mr Dumble pressed his suggestion to have the Council invite the public bodies to join in making the morning a success. Let them at least have an official recognition of the day.

Mr Cahill spoke in favor of the suggestions as above. The school children might join in the procession, and adults generally might also unite in the demonstration as well. He said they should fill the forenoon with a good programme. Let the afternoon be spent as each desired.

Further discussion followed and the drift of the decision reached was that a celebration should be held in the morning and that the afternoon be left in the hands of the citizens generally to spend in any way they should see fit, and a resolution to that effect was prepared and afterwards pulled to pieces.

On a formal vote being taken the demonstration in the morning was decided on, and the members nominated on the particular sub-committees were instructed to take up the details, to request the Town Council to formally invite all public bodies to take part. The committee dealing with finances were empowered to go ahead and find all the money they could. The sports committee were encouraged to do their best to make up, if possible, a programme for the afternoon. The decoration and illumination committee were placed in office and told that great things were expected from their efforts.

The Town Council are to be waited on by a special committee and will be requested to invite the public bodies to join in the demonstration during the morning. The committee, it was suggested, should also ask the Council of Ashburnham and the County Council to join in the observances.

To make this matter plain Mr. W. H. Moore moved, seconded by Mr. W. Meazies, that Messrs. Dumble, Cahill and the mover be a committee to wait upon the Town Council and report the proceedings of the citizens meeting, and respectfully ask the Council to assume the duty of giving effect to the suggestions of the citizens so far as inviting the citizens, societies and civic bodies of the county to join in the celebration, to call for a decoration of the town and an illumination of the town at night.

Later a resolution was put through that the secretary advise the members of the different committees to get together, draft preliminary reports to be presented at the next meeting of the general committee to be held on the evening of May 4th.

The meeting then adjourned.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

Why So Many People Are Miserable.

IT'S OFTEN BECAUSE OF THEIR CORSETS. The trouble with many dealers is that they don't understand the subject of corsets. Our Corset Stock is run by a woman, and we do things differently.

We have an entirely New Corset to show you. It is the NE PLUS ULTRA CORSET. It is glove fitting and comfort bringing. It is a corset that we are proud of.

In all styles to fit all figures.

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Watkin-Mills entertainment at the opera house.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

Personal.

Messrs. F. H. Pope, and V. C. McGill, of the Ontario Bank wheeled to Port Hope on Monday and found the roads splendid most of the way, but they had to combat with a strong wind. These two bicyclists hold the position of the first riders to wheel to Port Hope this season.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Encouraged to Continue Good Work.

The following is a copy of the resolution referred to as having passed at the annual vestry meeting of St. John's South Ward Mission on Monday evening:—

Resolved,—That, having heard with much pleasure Rev. Mr. Clementi's address to the congregation on Sunday evening, offering a further subscription to the building fund, this meeting pledges itself to continue their efforts of pushing forward the work of the Chancel extension, and wish to put on record their appreciation of his kind and liberal offer.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 George Street

KEOGH—MAHONEY NUPTIALS.

Pretty Early Morning Wedding at St Peter's Cathedral—Two Popular Young People.

An interesting nuptial event was celebrated at St. Peter's cathedral this morning at 8 o'clock, when Mr L R Keogh, B A, principal of the Murray-st. Separate school, was united in marriage with Miss Lizzie Mahoney, daughter of Mr Thos Mahoney, Downie-st. The ceremony was solemnized by Ven. Archdeacon Casey in the presence of numerous friends of the estimable young couple.

As the bridal party entered the cathedral the strains of the wedding march pealed forth from the organ, at which Miss Kittie Hurley presided. The choir sang Concone's Mass, and Mr. and Mrs Geo Ball rendered a duet.

The winsome bride presented a most charming appearance as she stood at the altar. She was gowned in a dress of fawn tweed with cream silk, white chiffon and irradescent trimmings. Her hat was a white leghorn trimmed with white tips and pink roses. Miss Mahoney was attended by her cousin, Miss Minnie Ryan, of Elmira, N.Y., who was dressed in brown figured cloth, with a bodice of white embroidered chiffon. Miss Ryan wore a white French turban, with trimmings of violets and chiffon ribbon. The bride carried a bouquet of cream roses and the bridesmaid a bouquet of pink roses. Mr. Jas. Lynch, druggist, supported the groom.

After the service at the cathedral the bridal party with about twenty-five guests repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where an elaborate bridal breakfast was served. The bride was the recipient of a beautiful array of gifts from friends in Belleville, Toronto, Elmira, N.Y., Peterborough and other places. Among the presents was a handsome chair from St. Peter's choir. Mr and Mrs. Keogh left by the C. P. R. noon express for Montreal, Quebec and Ottawa on a bridal tour of two weeks' duration. Mr. and Mrs. Keogh will receive the congratulations of their many friends.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Expectorating on the Streets Condemned—Cleaning Yards—Condition of Bake Shops.

The Board of Health met yesterday afternoon in the town clerk's office, with Mr. B. Shortly, chairman, presiding. Mayor Yelland, Drs Clarke and Burnham, Chief Ross, and Mr Henry Denne were in attendance.

The expectoration nuisance upon the streets and street cars was brought up, and several of the members condemned the practice as injurious to health and a cause of consumption and other infectious diseases. The Board will likely recommend the Town Council to adopt a by-law regulating this habit.

Dr Clarke read a letter from Dr Bryce, secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, in which he said "It would be of interest to your own and to other Boards if you would have your secretary go back over the returns for ten years of the deaths in Peterborough and take out the names and residence of all the persons who have died of consumption. If this is done, I have no doubt you will so readily connect successive cases in a house of a family with previous cases, that you will conclude that the infection has been communicated in a very large proportion of cases by direct contagion in sickness or through breathing in the air in infected houses. Of course you will find a certain number of hospital cases and isolated cases, but if you will study the tables published in the annual report of 1892, you will see how over a large area the personal element plays so large a part."

The Board agreed with the idea expressed in this letter.

Dr Clarke reported that since January 1st there had been 7 cases of diphtheria, 14 cases of scarlet fever and 3 cases of typhoid. Two cases of diphtheria had been reported to him before the meeting. They were removed to St. Joseph's hospital.

The Medical Health officer stated that the condition of the fire hall had been complained of to him, and the Mayor remarked that the men had been instructed to keep the premises in better condition.

A motion was adopted asking the Town Council to have notices posted authorizing citizens to have their yards cleaned before May 15th.

Another resolution was also passed instructing the inspectors to inspect bake shops and see that they were in proper sanitary condition.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

LICENSES GRANTED

The Old Places All Granted Licenses, But the Hub and Pullman Are Only for Three Months.

The License Commissioners for West Peterborough met this morning in the Inspector's office for the purpose of considering the applications for licenses for 1897-8. The commissioners, Messrs Graham, Walton and Halpin, were present. There was 24 applications for tavern licenses and four for shop licenses in town. A twenty-fifth application for a beer and wine license signed by Messrs W Croft, S J Campbell, Geo Schnieder and John Elliott was sent in but it was "out of date" and was not considered.

The commissioners granted all the licenses applied for in town, the same as last year, except that Martin Connors of the Hub, and Jas Dolan for the Pullman were only granted three months permits.

Inspector Cochrane had received a communication from the department stating that there was a clause in the new Act which provided that it did not take effect until July 1st, and did not affect the number of tavern licenses to be granted this year.

The following are the licenses granted:—

Peterborough—Tavern—Geo Gobiel, Grand Central hotel; A P Morgan, Morgan house; Margaret Graham, Oriental hotel; Wm Snowden, Snowden house; A Huffman, Huffman house; J Carew, Carew house; J B Larocque, Montreal hotel; Ed Phelan, Phelan house; R White, White house; J Dolan, City hotel; Wm Croft, Croft house; W J Overend, C P R hotel; John Clancy, Peterborough house; P Crough, American hotel; S Holland, Southern hotel; Margaret Bowman, Oxford hotel; M A Jamieson, Little Windsor; LeBrun & Brown, Palace restaurant; J P Clunan, Queen's hotel; Mrs M O'Shea, Commercial house; A Rountree, Royal Oak hotel; Jos Armstrong, Bodega hotel; Jas Dolan, Pullman (three months); Martin Connors, Hub hotel (three months).

Shop—F J R Mitchell, Alex Elliott, M L Henry, E Brown & Co.

Ashburnham—Tavern—P Hogan, Albion hotel; Geo Lipsett, Maple Leaf hotel. Wine and beer, Ann Swanson. Brewers—H Calcutt Shop—J C Sullivan and Wm Collins.

Lakefield—Tavern—R J Munro, John Craig and Wm Leahy.

Smith—L G Fobert, Bridgenorth; T Eastwood, Buckhorn; J E Kearney and Wm McFarlane, Young's Point.

The application of P J Galvin for a license at Jacob's island, was refused.

A CONGREGATIONAL RE-UNION AT ST. LUKE'S

CELEBRATION OF THE TWENTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNITED CHURCH-WARDENSHIP

Of Messrs. John Burnham and H. T. Strickland—A Pleasant Congregational Gathering—The Rector's Annual Report.

St. Luke's school room last evening was the scene of one of the pleasantest of many pleasant congregational gatherings, which fittingly rounded off the festival of Easter. The bright services of Easter day are followed by the business of Easter Monday, and it is the intention to have on Easter Tuesday an annual gathering of the parishioners to enjoy friendly intercourse and to hear of the work of the parish during the past year.

The school house was prettily decorated at one end with pot flowers, and at the other the Women's Auxiliary had a well arranged table for refreshments. The evening was opened with a well-executed duet by Mrs. Peck and Miss Hetty Burnham, after which the Rector read his annual report, in which he referred to the statistics for the year, the excellent work of the numerous parochial organizations, of which the latest is the new country branch of the Women's Auxiliary, which, adding its quota of members to the village branch, brings the total membership of the parish up to 48. The changes by removal from or arrival to the parish were enumerated. Reference was made to the Lenten lectures on unity, and the Rector earnestly solicited the co-operation of his parishioners in all good works. He had been greatly encouraged by the large number of communicants, and the offertory of $221 on Easter day represented real self-denial on the part of the congregation. He trusted that all their work would be to the greater glory of God.

Miss Burnham and Miss Phillips then sang the duet "Oh hush thee my baby," in good voice.

A feature of these annual re-union is to be the discussion of questions of interest to the congregation. Last night the first subject was, "How can we increase the sociableness of members of the congregation." Excellent papers were read on this question by Mrs. Warde and Mr. E. A. Peck, which we regret the space at our disposal will not allow us to fully report. They will be published in full in the Parish Magazine. Mrs. Warde pointed out that by nature we are social individuals, and quoted Lord Bacon's saying "Religion is the chief band of human society." The necessity of all members of the congregation taking an interest in strangers was emphasized. The work should not be left to the few. "What should we think of the home to which we were welcomed by only one member of that household, while we were treated by the others if not with actual coldness and neglect at least with indifference." The practical suggestion was made that those who can do so should resolve to make two church visits during each month.

Mr Peck said all agreed upon the importance of the problem suggested. Sociableness is a very comprehensive word. In its full sense it is the old fashioned word "love" writ long. It includes kind words and thoughts for each other, kind acts, material sympathy and assistance, all most important in the work of the congregation. In friendly societies, the doctrine of fraternity is always impressed, how much more should it exist amongst those united for infinitely more important aims than merely material ones. Some of the difficulties in the way of the growth of sociableness were touched upon, and the good results achieved by the congregational societies were mentioned. Both of these papers elicited loud applause.

At this juncture refreshments were served by the W A and the Y W C, after which Mr J J Turner, jr, enlivened and amused the gathering with two comic songs sung in character which brought down the house. Then followed two other papers on the work of the W A by Mrs Peck and Mrs Phillips, in which the objects, methods, and results of the formation of the W A were plainly set forth, both in relation to the parish and to the mission field.

The Rector then referred to the long term of united churchwardenship of Messrs Burnham and Strickland, and called upon them to reply to the congratulatory resolution passed at the vestry meeting on the previous evening.

Mr. Strickland referred to the harmonious relations that had ever existed between himself and his co-wardens. He was deeply affected by the expressions of congratulation which had been passed at the vestry meeting. (Applause)

Mr Burnham reviewed at some length the history of the foundation of the parish and the work of its first Rector, Rev W C Bradshaw. He said that his father, Rev Mark Burnham, had a great desire towards the close of his life to do something for the extension of the work of the church in this neighborhood. His first idea was to found a church at Keene, but ultimately it was decided after the necessary steps had been taken to build a church in Ashburnham.

The original school house was built i 1876, and when the bishop sent Mr Bradshaw to them, the congregation soon grew too large for it. In 1877 the present church was erected, and afterwards enlarged. Then the present complete and commodious school house was erected, the rectory was built and it too had been recently enlarged. Altogether some $17,000 had been expended, and he paid a high tribute to the liberality of the parishioners. The church was free to all, and the seats unappropriated. In fact the land had been conveyed to the church on these conditions. Mr. Burnham said the church needed renovation, and he thought that this would be a suitable way of marking the Queen's Diamond Jubilee. He thanked them all very heartily for the resolution. (Loud applause).

The whole congregation then lined round the school house in a double circle, and very heartily sung "Should Auld Acquaintance be forgot," after which three cheers were given for the Rector and the churchwardens.

The National Anthem terminated a very enjoyable and sociable evening.

The Late Geo. Fitzgerald.

The remains of the late George Fitzgerald, son of Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald, C.E., reached here at noon to-day from Hamilton, Montana, where the death of this estimable young man took place a few days ago. The deceased was 23 years of age and held an excellent position in Hamilton. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock to St. Peter's cathedral.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuine Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

KENNEDY & NELSON

Have on hand the Best of Fresh and Cured Meats.

REMEMBER OUR

Premium giving Cash Register. Many people have had a 5 lb Roast given in return for $10 worth of tickets.

We always look out for your interest in selecting our stock.

KENNEDY & NELSON.

340 George Street.

The Watkin Mills Concert.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR—I am afraid that our music-loving people have not wakened up to the idea that a treat far beyond the ordinary is promised for this evening. A friend, who is now on a visit here from an eastern city and who has heard Mr Watkin Mills' voice before, speaks of him as superior to Plunket Green, who has recently been creating such a stir in the cities, and is delighted to have the chance of hearing him again. At the close of a programme, given wholly by himself, the audience could hardly let Mr. Mills go, and were eager to have him continue his delightful music.

When the managers of the Opera House give us the chance of an extra treat, surely we should take advantage of it. I may add that I have no personal interest in the concert.

Yours, A LOVER OF MUSIC.

OAK HALL.

Brevities.

—The Town Council will meet on Tuesday night next.

—The prices for the Watkin Mills concert to-night are 75 and 50c.

—Mr. R. H. Leary has several new carriages and a phaeton in his sheds.

—It is regretted that a letter referring to Evangelist Ranton has been crowded out of this issue. It will appear to-morrow.

—Navigation opened last week. The City of Peterborough went down the river and the steamer Beaver was up on Saturday with passengers and freight.

—The Lakefield News says that section of the Trent Valley canal resumed work on Monday with a small gang of men. It is expected that a large gang of men will be at work in a week or so.

—The Joint Committee of the 57th battalion and the veterans will meet with the committee appointed to draft programme of sports for the Queen's birthday in the drill shed on Thursday evening, the 22nd inst, at 8 o'clock sharp. All members of above committees are requested to be present.

—Monday's Port Hope Guide says:—"The business of Gough Bros. has to-day passed over to new hands, and in future, will be conducted by the Day, Gough Co. The company is a particularly strong one, and was formed for the purpose of operating departmental branch stores, throughout Ontario and the North West. The eight affiliated stores of Gough Bros., will unite with the new company in manufacturing and importing their own goods, and will make the syndicate easily, the strongest business concern of the kind in the country."

—The following is given by the Lakefield News:—In a litter of pigs which were ushered into the world a few days ago on the farm of Mr. Harry Elliott, 12 con. of Dummer, a peculiar freak of nature was observed in the shape of a perfectly formed head on two distinct bodies. Had the life of this unnatural production been spared it would have been quite a curosity and would probably have brought its owner a good figure. Unfortunately it was bitten by a rat or other animal shortly after it was born, and died.

IT'S A MISTAKE

TO THINK THAT ONLY THE RICH MAN CAN WEAR HIGH-CLASS GARMENTS.

We partly adopted the Cash System of Tailoring in Peterborough in order that men of moderate means might be as well dressed as the millionaire, without any strain upon the finances. Suppose you need

A Genuine Scotch Tweed Suit

Our cash price for which is $17.50. Isn't it easier to pay down the cash and be done with it than to face a debt of $22.50 which any good tailor would have to charge for it, if he had to wait an indefinite time for his money?

A. MERCER & CO. 355 George Street, High-class Cash Tailors

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction: as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,

54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

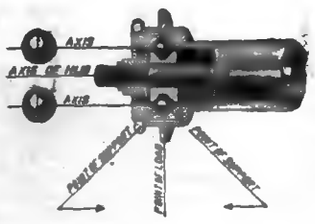
	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1895.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,508,658	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	727,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	768,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,031
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,

Manager Central Ontario

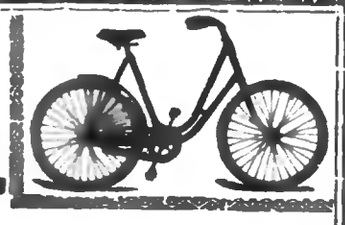
THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE

E.&D.



is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.

Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,

H. E. BURGESS.
Apple Buyer.

O. B. SHORTLY,

Agent, Peterborough.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Delay Means Death.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you." —Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y. Sold by R. S. MACDONALD, Peterborough.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED

SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Hunterstown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

A MODERN BOMBARDMENT.

The Effect of Ten Minutes' Shelling of Canea.

You have no idea what an insignificant thing a modern bombardment is for people who witness it at a short distance, but who take no part in it, of course, except as spectators. It is probable that I would argue from a different standpoint if the entire city of Canea had been bombarded; but from the place where I stood, in the midst of a crowd that was massed along the quays, it seemed to me that I was looking at a 14th of July celebration in the harbor of Toulon or Cherbourg.

The people suspected that something was going to happen on account of the numerous signals that were exchanged between the warships.

The insurgents are Greeks, armed by Greeks, and led by Greek officers. Of course they are not commanded by Colonel Vassos himself, for he is too prudent to draw his sword against all Europe; but, as I said, they are led by Greek officers, who enroll all the Cretans that come to them, and take good care to put them among regular troops, who care little about being treated as insurgents, provided they are able to prepare the road for the army in the rear.

For a moment everybody believed that these fellows, whatever they may

A STREET IN CANEA, AFTER THE BOMBARDMENT.

be called, were going to capture Canea.

In the skirmishing of the outposts, although it was not very serious, the Turks, it must be admitted, did not show to advantage. We expected an assault the next day or the day after at the furthest, but the fleets thought that it was time for them to take a hand in the game. It was not very long. The fire lasted about ten minutes, but for the spectators it appeared very much shorter. The spectacle during those minutes was so exciting that nobody noticed the time. The entire crowd, massed on the seashore, watched with avidity and even admiration this splendid scene. There were hardly any more Christians in the town, but all the Mussulmans were there in their most picturesque gatherings, the women in the front rank more excited than the men, whose impassibility never lends itself to noisy manifestations, and who, with their children on their shoulders, witnessed the spectacle with an air of gravity that contrasted strangely with the overflowing tumult and excitement of the women and children, who screamed at each flash and each detonation.

The warships, strung out in a long line of battle, having cleared the bay of all sailing vessels and fishing vessels, fired methodically, one after the other, just as in a parade; and I would not like to swear that there was not a sort of competition among the fleets of the different nations in this artillery practice, because it seems likely that they were really more anxious to observe each other than to watch the common enemy. Moreover, they had a chance, without too much barbarity, to carry on the exercise, for it is certain that the insurgents, who had already taken all the necessary precautions, retired rapidly into the defiles and ravines, leaving nothing in sight but their abandoned camps. The fleet fired upon positions rather than upon masses of men, and if any casualties occurred they must have occurred in the first two or three cannon shots, when the insurgents, like the people of Canea, did not suspect that the bombardment was serious, and believed that it was simply a platonic manifestation.

They were soon undeceived, however, for from the shore one could perceive at the sunlit horizon the dust that the shot threw up; and on that beautiful day of eastern sunshine, which put away every idea of mourning and of warfare, all that smoke and all that dust in the pure air of the blue sky presented something unexpected and absolutely astounding. The image of war appeared there more striking and more sad on account of the contrast, and also, we must admit, on account of the brutal spectacle of the strength of that machinery of destruction set in motion to wipe out a handful of men.

No doubt Europe was compelled to do what it did because that handful of men might compromise the peace of the world and cause horrible carnage. But the tableau sketched on the spot was, for all that, grand and terrible, and the few Europeans who were there felt relief when the last gun was fired.

That was not precisely the sentiment of the crowd which for a long time afterward remained on the shore. It evidently considered that the festivity was altogether too short; and among these men, riveted for centuries to this land of a constantly uncertain fate, there was a sort of pride in the thought that their little island, lost in the sea, was the theatre of such events.

I send also a photograph which describes the situation in a brief and tragic fashion. It is a street in the Christian quarter of Canea after the bombardment. Nothing remains but the charred walls and a heap of ruins; and in front of it, on guard in the name of Europe, stands a sailor with the gray jacket and little cap that represent peace and civilization.—From The Figaro.

The Elephant's Dimensions

The elephant is from 10 to 12 feet in length, and from 6 to 7 in height, although elephants of 10 feet in height have been numerous.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

"Oh!" ejaculates Mrs. Alliston arising, "then, my child, I am ready, or almost ready, to go and inspect your new detective."

Accordingly Mrs. Alliston goes to her mirror, touches up her dressing-cap, gives a pat here, a shake there, and then ruffling her plumage like some huge old bird, follows her niece.

Across the hall they find the detective inspecting the little safe, and hurriedly introducing Mrs. Alliston, and making her own excuses, Constance hastens away and down stairs.

Down the stairs and out of the house, first because she felt oppressed and needed the soothing effects of fresh air and exercise, and, second, because she expected the tramp detective to be somewhere in the vicinity, and, for some reason, she wanted to see him. In spite of the fact that she had just declared herself bored, and desperate, and anxious to be alone in spite of the fact that she had fled from detective number two, she wanted to see number one for a woman's reason. Having quarrelled desperately with Clifford Heath, she was immediately possessed by an insane desire to hear some one speak of him, and speak well of him. This man had treated Doctor Heath from the first with the utmost respect. He was undoubtedly pleased at their chance meeting after all might not this secret which lay between the two be a perfectly honorable one?

In fact, Miss Wardour wanted to see Detective Bathurst, not as Detective Bathurst, but as the man who knew Doctor Clifford Heath better than she herself knew him. Of her diamonds, she never thought at all.

She felt depressed, dissatisfied, yet not quite prepared to blame herself in any way. She was possessed by more uncomfortable feelings than she could have analyzed or described, yet was too consistent a woman to be so soon ready to admit, even to herself, that she had wronged Doctor Heath. Indeed, she was more angry than ever with that unfortunate man. Had he not capped the climax of his iniquities by flying off at a tangent, and leaving her in a most uncomfortable position?

The grounds about Wardour Place were large, well shaded, and laid out with a net-work of walks. With a view to the avoiding of those paths overlooked by the windows of her dressing room, or other rooms where her aunt and the detective were likely to be, Constance kept to the north and east walks, thus coming near the river, which ran north and south, and toward which the eastern, or near, portion of the grounds sloped down.

Walking thus, and gazing riverward, Constance saw a form approaching, which she soon recognized as that of the detective tramp.

Glancing quickly about to see if any of the servants were in the grounds, and assuring herself that the way was clear, she went forward to where he could see her, before approaching too near.

Gazing fixedly at him, a slight movement of his hand told her that he had seen, and was alert; and then she made a gesture northward, and, turning that way herself, disappeared from his sight among the shrubbery.

On the north, the grounds were bounded by the orchard wall, over which drooped the branches of huge old apple trees, and down close to the eastern boundary of this same orchard, a small iron gate opened into it. Toward this gate Constance walked, avoiding any appearance of unseemly haste, and toward the eastern wall, hard by, went the tramp detective, looking innocent of any thought or purpose, save to intercept the lady, and beg for a dinner, a dollar, or a dime.

Reaching the gate, Constance passed through it into the orchard, and, almost at the same moment, the tramp bounded over the wall, and stood bowing beside her.

"Come into the grounds," said Constance, waiving all ceremony. "If we are seen talking there, it will look less suspicious. My servants are quite accustomed to see me interviewing tramps."

She led the way back into the grounds, closed the wicket, and walked along the orchard wall to a rustic bench close under the bending boughs of a great tree. Here she seated herself, and the tramp, leaning against a tree a few paces from her, turned upon her a look of proper supplication, and said:—

"Now I think we are ready for observers."

"Quite. None of my servants saw you last night, and they are not likely to come here in any case. We shall hardly be disturbed."

"You think so? May I ask how long you have been absent from the house"

"About fifteen minutes, I should think."

"Well, in fifteen minutes more Mr. Belknap will be out looking at the grounds, and for you."

Constance uttered a low exclamation of surprise.

"Ah!" said she, "you know that already. Pray tell me how you are more puzzling than a Chinese juggler."

"No jugglery about this, however," he replied, looking somewhat amused. "I met Mr. Belknap face to face at your very gate; I have seen him wear that farmer disguise before, hence I recognized him."

"And he?"

"Did not recognize me."

"Yet you know each other."

"Slightly, yes;" with a droll look in his eyes, of which Constance took note.

"Now tell me, Mr. Bathurst, is Mr. Belknap a good detective?"

"Mr. Belknap is a smart man, Miss Wardour; he understands his business thoroughly."

"He equivocates," thought Constance; aloud she said,

"And I need not fear to trust my business in his hands?"

"You need not fear," he replied, with odd emphasis. "And now," he continued, "time presses; you received your package, Miss Wardour?"

Constance felt uneasy, this man seemed to find out everything; did he know of what she had accused Doctor Heath?

"I received it an hour ago," she replied.

"Miss Wardour," asked he, fixing his eyes upon her face, "have you any suspicion as to who these robbers were?"

For a moment Constance seemed half paralyzed with fright; then she answered firmly,

"No, sir; not the shadow of a suspicion; but—you have."

"If I have, it is not more than a shadow—at present. Now, may I ask you some questions, not just to the point but which, for my own reasons, I wish answered."

She nodded assent.

"Can you tell me how many medical men you have in W—?"

Constance reflected finally she said,

"I think there are seven, in all."

"Ah! all in practice?"

"Not all; two are retired, one is an invalid, doing but little."

"Thank you; and how many of them have assistants or students?"

"Only two, to my knowledge. Doctor Benoit and—Doctor Heath."

"And who are these young men—I suppose they are young men? Can you give me any information concerning them?"

"The young man with Doctor Benoit is a stranger to me, he comes, I believe, from one of the neighboring towns; the one with Doctor Heath," here, in spite of herself, Constance colored slightly, "is the son of one of our wealthiest citizens. He had, I believe, been reading a little in the city during the winter before Doctor Heath established himself here; since when he has remained in W—, and read in Doctor Heath's office, when it has suited him to do so; he is like many young men of great expectations."

"And his name?"

"His name," hesitating a little, "is Francis Lamotte.

"Thank you; and now, Miss Wardour, I want to ask at least three favors of you, in return for which you may command me to any extent.

"Ask them," replied Constance, feeling inwardly that she was outgrowing surprise.

"First, will you promise me—I know that you keep your promises— not to repeat one word of this conversation to Doctor Heath."

"Doctor Heath is not my father confessor," she said coldly; and then remembering the sort of man she was addressing, she added as best she could. "Although from what you saw last night, you might almost have fancied him such. I promise in any case to keep secret this interview."

"Will you promise, above all, to keep it from Mr. Belknap; to keep everything concerning me from his knowledge?"

Constance laughed.

"So far as I can," she replied. "Mr. Belknap is a detective; let him find out things as you seem to do."

"I don't find out everything, more's the pity," he replied; then hesitating slightly over the question. "May I rely on your aunt?"

"I promise for my aunt," replied Constance, laughing again; "she is very loyal."

"Thank you. Now there is one thing more I very much wish, for reasons which no doubt you will know in good time, to see or hear the report of Mr. Jerry Belknap, private detective. This I know, is asking much, but you will have no cause to regret it if you enable me to obtain this knowledge."

Constance looked perplexed, and hesitated in her answer.

"You distrust Mr. Belknap," she said finally. "I thought—"

He throws up his hand somewhat impatiently.

"You jump at conclusions," he interrupted; "a detective's motives must be taken for granted. It is not distrust that causes me to ask this favor; I could not tell you my reason without unraveling a long web, and it is not time to begin the process; I am still in the realm of conjecture. So you won't help me to the result of Mr. Belknap's investigation, Miss Wardour? I am sorry; it would save time for me, for I fully intend to find it out in some way."

Constance smiled in spite of herself; she admired this man's cool way of mastering the situation; she felt that it would be policy to let him have his way, since he would take it whether she would or no. But the imp of caprice had not quite deserted her, and now he goaded her on to her own downfall. Looking up, suddenly, she asked:—

"Mr. Bathurst, why did you ask me if I suspected who stole my diamonds?"

"I didn't," smiling oddly.

Constance stared.

"I asked if you guessed who the robbers were."

"But—," she began; but the detective

To be Continued

We know that Cod-liver Oil is a fat-forming food because takers of it gain rapidly in weight under its use and the whole body receives vital force. When prepared as in Scott's Emulsion, it is quickly and easily changed into the tissues of the body. As your doctor would say, "it is easily assimilated." Perhaps you are suffering from fat starvation. You take fat enough with your food, but it either isn't the right kind, or it isn't digested. You need fat prepared for you, as in Scott's Emulsion.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY APRIL 21, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS
1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Dunn, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum. Jas. Graham and J. White.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 31 cents in one cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Motives.

With God, the deed has just that value which the intention gives it. A man's character is the sum total of his motives. No thoughtful student of the Sermon on the Mount can arrive at any other conclusion. There, dispositions, motives, intentions are all in all. Lent comes once a year to waken men that they need to revise their motives. We would fain coin a new proverb: Take care of your motives, and your deeds will take care of themselves.—The Churchman.

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

FIGHTING FURIOUSLY.

Continued from Page 1.

ers of the Greek army have arrived at Larissa, Tyrnavo and Volo.

The losses of the Turks are declared to be much greater than those of the Greeks.

Prince Constantine has returned to Larissa from Gritzovali, where he witnessed some severe fighting. The Greek reverse at that place was due to the fact that General Mastropas, who is in command of the Greek artillery, misunderstood Prince Constantine's orders and ordered a retreat of the Greek forces.

The Turks thereupon advanced and soon occupied Gritzovali, pursuing the retreating Greeks, killing a few and wounding two hundred of them.

General Mastropas' brigade later rallied and made a stand. In the meantime Prince Constantine hurried reinforcements forward to the assistance of General Mastropas and General Smolenitz, formerly Greek Minister for War, succeeded in forcing the enemy back.

Prince Constantine has severely censured General Mastropas for his blunder.

A despatch received here from Cairo, Egypt, says that at the request of the Turkish Government the Egyptian Government has handed the Greek diplomatic agent, M. J. Gryparis, his passports, and has ordered all Greeks to leave Egypt within a fortnight.

THE TURKS ADVANCING.

They Were Only About Ten Miles From Greek Headquarters Yesterday.

Headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 19, night.—The Turkish artillery this afternoon began cannonading Tyrnavo, the Greek town to the northwest of Larissa, and only about ten miles from the Greek headquarters, the Greeks having fallen back upon Tyrnavo.

The whole chain of mountains from Tchalissa to the Milouna Pass is now in possession of the Turks.

The last brush on the hills was very brief, the Greeks making but little resistance.

The Turks have captured several prisoners, including an Italian volunteer.

The dash of the Turks is irresistible, and it is expected that a general advance of the Turkish army will take place to-morrow (Tuesday) morning.

A Big Battle in Progress.

Athens, April 20.—Fighting between the Greeks and Turks was resumed this morning at Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa. A big battle is in progress. The Turks are attacking in still greater force than yesterday, but the Greeks are making a stubborn resistance.

MR. DAVIN'S HOT SHOT.

Liberal Corruption in the Saskatchewan Election shown Up Franchise Bill Talked Out.

Ottawa, April 20.—(Special.)—Mr. Davin was instrumental this afternoon in exploiting what he characterized as the alarming and disgraceful state of things in Northwest constituencies, especially mentioning that of Saskatchewan, in which more than one Minister of the Crown was implicated. In June last Mr. Laurier was elected by a small majority there. There was evidence enough to upset the election, but the Conservatives decided not to disturb him in his seat. When Mr. Laurier decided not to sit for the constituency a fierce fight arose. Mr. Sifton, brother of the Minister of Interior, was sent to act as peacemaker, and did it so well as to make the strife worse than ever. A leading official of the Indian Department was sent up by Mr. Laurier (talk of political partizanship) to induce the Liberals to accept Mr. Newland, but this official so mixed matters up as to make them worse. Then came the split, and the contest between the two Liberals, resulting in the return of Mr. Davis. A petition was filed against his return with sufficient evidence to unseat him, but Mr. McPhail received a telegram from the Finance Minister to come to Ottawa. He did so and the outcome was a corrupt arrangement with the Ministers, as a result of which McPhail goes back, and with lightning-like rapidity withdraws his petition.

Sir Charles Tupper, speaking to the point of order, ventured to express the hope that Mr. Speaker would not formally rule in accordance with his observation. The invariable practice, he said, was that an hon. member should be allowed from his place in the House to draw attention to any matter affecting the Government or any member of the House. This would allow the Government or the member to make such an explanation perhaps as would settle the whole subject.

Mr. Laurier said that charges were never made against any hon. member of the House except upon the personal responsibility of the member making them who was bound to pledge his honor that he believed them to be true, and ask to have them referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. When Mr. Davin was prepared to take that course the Government would act, but it would not act upon references to the mere gossip of scurrilous newspapers.

The motion to adjourn the House was lost.

Sir Charles Tupper, resuming the discussion on the franchise bill, said, in view of the announcement made by the Finance Minister that the tariff would be brought down on Thursday, he would not advance any arguments in support of the amendment now before the House. As regards the bill itself, he had still hopes that the Government would not press it this session, but that during recess a serious attempt would be made to devise a more practical measure.

Sir Charles Tupper, continuing, after recess, characterized as extraordinary and undesirable the provision which called upon a judge to decide a question of moral culpability, or whether a certain act affected the result of an election. The whole tendency of the bill was to open the door to irregularity and corruption. The best The Globe itself could say for the new Act was that it would be no more objectionable than the present system. The trend of public opinion was towards manhood suffrage and one-man-one-vote. That was the law in Nova Scotia in 1859. The electorate of Canada was sufficiently intelligent to be entrusted with manhood suffrage. He would recommend some such simple and uniform system. It was base ingratitude of the Liberals to quarrel with the present law. Under the provincial franchise they had been beaten seven times, while out of three elections held under the Dominion franchise they had won one without a policy, without principles, with nothing but the prestige of their leader, although he admitted that was a good deal. [Mr. Laurier bowed.] The Liberals went to the country and came back to place and power. [Laughter and cheers.]

Mr. Davies rose in high spirits to reply. He congratulated Sir Charles upon the progressive mildness of his speech, and accounted for it upon the hypothesis that the Opposition leader had been receiving discouraging news from Nova Scotia. And then Mr. Davies announced that Nova Scotia had gone Liberal by 32 out of 38 seats, and that Colchester had gone Government—[Liberal cheers]—and that, despite the fact that the Conservative leader opposite had sent to help the Tory cause the brightest of his lieutenants, [Sir Charles smiled.] Mr. Davies claimed that Parliament was not parting with its control of the Federal franchise.

Dr. Roche spoke on the workings of the Manitoba franchise, which was administered to the advantage of the Liberal party. Until such time as the Conservatives of the province got fair play under the local Franchise Act they should be exempted from the provisions of the measure before the House. Amid Conservative cheers he revised Mr. Davies' figures of the result of the Colchester election.

Mr. Richardson of Selkirk followed in a brief defence of the Manitoba Franchise Act.

At 10 minutes to 11 the debate was adjourned on Mr. McMillan's motion, and the House has heard the last of this bill for some weeks, and probably for this year.

LINDSAY GIRL GONE CRAZY.

Annie May Roberts Became Demented in Buffalo and Was Taken Care Of.

Buffalo, April 20.—Annie May Roberts, a domestic, aged 23, who came here from Lindsay, Ont., about a year ago, has been arrested on a charge of insanity. Her father is dead, and it is said that her mother is in an insane asylum in Toronto. She has been acting strangely for some time. She became infatuated with a young man at sight, and has several times said that she had dreamed that she was married to him. Last Tuesday she waited on the breakfast table wearing a white gown, white shoes and white gloves. It was soon seen that the unfortunate girl was demented. She was examined by Police Surgeon Fowler, who pronounced her insane, and she was sent to the Buffalo State Hospital to-day.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firmer. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $9 in car lots, and shorts $9.50 to $10.50.

Wheat—The tone of the market is very strong. Red winter wheat is quoted at 75c, and white sold at 76c on Northern, No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c, Midland, and 75c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley sold at 20c west.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 19c to 20c, and at 21½c on Midland. Mixed are quoted at 18½c west.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c north and west, and at 41c middle freights.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

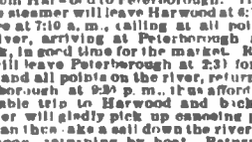
Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with sales at 33c, middle freights.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 20—Spring wheat, 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7¾d; peas, 4s 2½d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, c., heavy, 27s 0d, do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage strong and 2s higher. English country markets 6d to 1s higher. Maize on passage strong and 6d higher.

SEASON 1897.



THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:10 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can then take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

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MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Peterborough Markets.
APRIL 20th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 60	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 42	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 05	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 17
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

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So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer, Justice U. S. Supreme Court.
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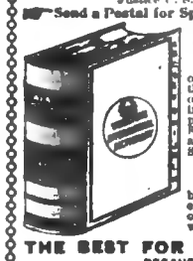

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BECAUSE
It is easy to find the word wanted.
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It is easy to learn what a word means.
WEBSTER THE STANDARD.
The Toronto Globe says:—The International is rapidly becoming recognized as the most reliable standard dictionary published. In addition to fulfilling the primary function of a dictionary, the International contains a vast amount of general information of great value.—Jan. 11, 1896.
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REPAIRS, ETC.
See Our Own Make of Wheel Before You Buy.
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PAINT!
Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.
The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.
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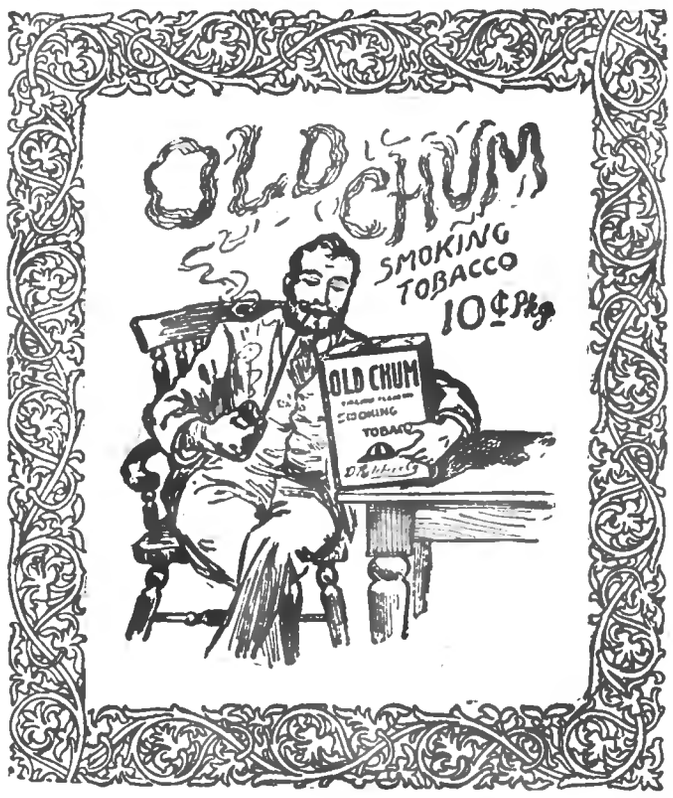

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214 JOHN STREET, TORONTO, WILL be at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday, May 8th, and on the second Saturday of every month

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OFFICE—Removed to the late Dr Yelland's residence, corner of George and Murray Sts., lately occupied by Dr. Kempt

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DR. T. W. H. YOUNG,
Graduate of Trinity University, Toronto; Fellow of Trinity Medical College Toronto; Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh; Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Licentiate in Midwifery of Edinburgh.
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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

BLOOD AND SKIN HUMORS

Afflicting a Whole Family. Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Statements Sworn to Before the Clerk of the Supreme Court.

My wife had appear on her limbs, just above the ankles, five small pimples that began to enlarge, and soon developed into eating ulcers of the indolent type, which, despite all remedies and our efforts to cure them, grew worse and worse, and at the end of three months had become very bad, two of them having eaten to the bone. At that time we began to use CUTICURA remedies, and with two bottles of RESOLVENT, one box of CUTICURA, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, they were cured sound and well in about two months. The scars are there to-day as living witnesses of the severity and extent of the ulcers.

I also was afflicted the same winter with papular rash, from which I could not rest day or night. My skin became in a very bad fix when I began using CUTICURA remedies. I used them for about one month and was cured.

My little baby girl, when about ten months old, was afflicted with Eczema, her limbs from her knees down were one solid sore from which she suffered greatly. We tried several remedies which only aggravated them, before we began the use of the CUTICURA remedies, in which case there was a complete cure with no return of the disease.

A. A. McLARTY, J.P., Winn, Ga.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-sixth day of November, 1896.
[L. S.] R. E. JAMES, *Clerk Supr. Court.*

SUREST CURE TREATMENT for Every Kind of Blood and Skin Humor.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, cure when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," free.

BABY'S SKIN Scalp and Hair Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

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are prepared to execute all styles of Medals, Premiums, Special Engraving, Monograms, etc. Old gold and silver made over into new designs with best taste and skill.

136 HUNTER STREET,
2 Doors from Post Office

The Daily Review.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897

NORWOOD'S BIG BLAZE.

Continued from Page 4.

$1,150. This was the last store in the Roxburgh block.

Wm Rogers, butcher—No loss. Mr Rogers was also burned out in the fire three weeks ago.

Thos Hendren, carriage maker. Loss heavy. Insurance could not be secured.

Chas O'Reilly, implement agent. Loss $100. No insurance.

PEARCE'S BUILDING.

The next building was the Pearce block, occupied by the postoffice and J B Pearce & Sons, general merchants. This was a frame sturucture, two storeys high and was owned by Mr J B Pearce. The building was valued at $2,000 and was fully insured. Most of the contents of the post office were rescued and the office was removed to the Metcalfe block, where the mails were delivered with little delay. Whatever loss was incurred is covered by an insurance of $150. Mr Pearce carried a heavy stock in his store. It was valued at $12,000 and the loss will reach $6,000 at the least. The insurance on stock and building is as follows: $2,000 in London, Liverpool & Globe, $2,000 in Phoenix of Hartford, $2,000 in Royal. Mr Pearce lost some personal papers in his private office over the store.

THE TUCKER BLOCK.

A vacant space lies between the Pearce and Tucker blocks, but the fire jumped across in an instant. The Tucker block was a frame building valued at $1,000. W H Tucker & Bros. occupied one half as a bakery and grocery, and their stock was insured for $1,000. They also had $800 on the building. E H Scott, stationer, in the other half, carried a stock valued at $500. A quantity was saved and the loss is covered by $380 insurance in the Guardian.

SPARKS FROM THE BLAZE.

The Council will now consider fire protection. Sufficient hose and a small engine would have saved nearly all the buildings.

Charles O Reilly was also in the fire in the McWilliams block.

Sparks flying across the village set fire to the mammoth rink and Wm Ebb's house, but no damage was incurred.

Messrs. Pearce and Tucker will likely rebuild large blocks.

As far as can be learned the insurance companies are affected to the following amounts: Phoenix of Hartford, $2,850; London and Liverpool and Globe, $3,500; Commercial Union, $600; Royal, $3,400; Lancashire, $1,000; Norwich Union, $1,700; Guardian, $4,200; Gore, $2,800; Western, $350.

Telegraph and telephone communication with Norwood was re-established to-day.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TO GO TO ENGLAND.

Col. Aylmer's Letter to Lieut.-Col. H. C. Rogers—Requirements of the Men Who go to England.

The following is the letter received from Adjutant-General Aylmer by Lieut-Col. H. C. Rogers, of the 3rd Dragoons.

SIR,—I have to inform you that the corps under your command has been selected to furnish four N.C. officers or men to join the force which the Government have decided to despatch to England to represent Canada at Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee. The Major-General proposes to leave in your hands the choice of fit and proper individuals to represent your corps and you will be held responsible for the selections you make.

The persons selected must fulfil the following qualifications:

(a) Must be in possession of a certificate from a Royal School or Military Instructor.

(b) Must be not less than 5 ft. 7 in. in height, of good physique, smart and soldier-like in looks and bearing, and must have good eyesight. It will be borne in mind in this connection that beards are not worn in the British army.

(c) Must be of good moral character and thoroughly to be depended upon in the performance of their duties.

(a) In the case of a cavalryman, he should be a good rider.

The pay will be that of their respective ranks, except that in no case will a higher rate of pay than that of a sergeant be given, viz: 75 cents per diem. It must be distinctly understood that no promotions are to be made for this purpose.

Pay will commence from two days before the date of embarkation in Canada and will conclude one day after the date of disembarkation on return; an allowance at the rate of 25 cents per diem for the days spent in England, including the days of disembarkation and re-embarkation will also be allowed.

No other pay or allowances will be given.

Transport at the Government expense from the headquarters of the corps under your command to the port of embarkation will be supplied, passage across the Atlantic and transport while in England will also be supplied at the Government expense.

The N C officers and men selected will be required to sign a certificate (a copy herewith for the purpose) that they accept these conditions and are willing to proceed to England. You will be good enough to submit the names of those selected accompanied by the certificate signed, as soon as possible, using the enclosed envelope.

Such further detailed orders as are necessary will be sent you at a later date.

I have the honor to be sir,
Your obedient servant,
M. AYLMER, Col.,
Adjt General.

OAK HALL.

AN ABLE LECTURE

And An Enjoyable Programme at the Catholic Literary Association Room

A most enjoyable evening was spent on Monday evening at the Catholic Literary Association rooms when Mr D O'Connell, B A., presided while a musical and literary programme was rendered. The musical numbers were a piano solo by Miss Minnie Begley, a vocal solo by Mrs Geo Ball, two clever solos by Master Rupert Phelan, a violin solo by Miss Guerin and humorous features by the Lakeview octette. The treat of the evening was an able and well delivered address by Rev Father McColl on "Religion in Society." This lecture was listened to with close attention, and at its close the rev lecturer was tendered a hearty vote of thanks. Ven Archdeacon Casey added a few words to the resolution of thanks, and the successful evening closed with "God Save Queen."

The Life of Dr. Chase.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

AT ST JOHN'S MISSION

A Successful Entertainment Arranged by the Ladies in Aid of the Building Fund.

A highly successful entertainment was held at the St. John's Mission last evening, at which Rev. W. L. Armitage presided. The event was arranged by the ladies of the Mission, and the proceeds (about $25) were in aid of the building fund. The programme included a piano duet by Miss Hurley and Miss Landy, vocal solos by Miss Sherwood, Mrs. Stapleton and Mr. George K. Martin, a piano duet by Miss Florence and Mr. F. E. Bell, and clever recitations by Holden Blackwell and Lola Ostrom.

The second part of the programme was an excellent presentation of the story "Beauty and the Beast." It included an exceedingly pretty fancy drill by eight little girls suitably attired.

The event was a decided success.

A fine new Karn piano was used, kindly loaned by Mr. T. Dunn, the local agent.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

FOR THE Y. M. C. A. READING ROOM.

A Successful Entertainment in the George-st. Church—Proceeds for the New Y M C A Reading Room.

The entertainment given in the George-st. Methodist Sunday school room last evening under the auspices of Mrs Spear's Bible class of young men was attended by a large audience, the room being crowded to the doors. The proceeds of this entertainment will be devoted to the furnishing of the reading room in the new Y M C A.

Mr S R Armstrong, superintendent of the Sunday school, occupied the chair, and after singing the hymn "Standing on the Promises," the excellent programme was proceeded with and consisted of: Recitation, Miss Lillie Pascoe; vocal duet, Misses Mabel and Olive Maguire; recitation, Miss Wynn; musical selections, chin solos, Mr A G Chambers; recitations, Misses Edna Armstrong, Sadie Rutherford, Ethel Bradburn; violin duet, Misses Maude and Fox; solo, Mr. Walter Wesley. After a short intermission the programme concluded with a quartette by Misses Vina and Annie Belleghem and Messrs. Wesley and J Miller; recitation, Mrs Christie; solo, Mrs. Seward; vocal duet, with autoharp accompaniment, by Misses Edna and Lillian Hill.

Before the entertainment was dismissed Mr. Sid Johnston stepped on the platform and thanked on behalf of the class those who had so kindly contributed to the programme and those who had taken advantage of the occasion and filled the large room of the Sunday school. The entertainment was a financial success.

AT ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Miss Ramsey, the Elocutionist, Appears at an Entertainment

The entertainment at St Andrew's church last evening was a decided success. The programme being meritorious and the attendance large. The principal attraction was Miss Alexander Ramsey, elocutionist, and this talented young lady delighted the audience. Miss Ramsey is an accomplished artiste and as a soloist also showed that she possessed a beautiful contralto voice.

Miss Grant, the organist of the church, contributed a couple of finely executed piano solos. Miss Alice Roger rendered several piano selections in excellent style, and Mrs. Mein and Miss Montgomery were heard to advantage in a duet.

In Police Circles

Charles Pogue charged James Flaherty with using obscene language towards him on Sunday night last. The accused was fined $1 and costs.

A man from Port Hope was charged with peddling fish without a license. The case was enlarged for a week.

Thos Griffin, a cripple vagrant, was given a chance to leave town.

Jas Burris, Hamilton, and Arthur Williams, alias Beaumont, were charged with vagrancy and remanded until Monday.

Promoted for Taking a Bath.

In the Crimea, during the winter, Gen. Canrobert was in the habit of going about among the men of his command, incognito, to see what they were about, and to learn their wants and encourage the soldiers if they needed encouragement. One morning, on one of these tours, he came upon a young conscript who had stripped himself to the waist and was bathing his body with handfuls of snow.

"That's an odd sort of soap you're using," exclaimed the General.

"Oh, it's good enough," said the soldier. "You see I'm young, and more than that I'm a Lorrainer from Nancy, and a fellow-provincial of Gen. Drouot who shaved himself with snow on the march from Moscow, you know, with the mercury thirty degrees below freezing. The old fellows in my company, you see, bother me and make fun of me because I have no beard, and since I can't shave out of doors like Drouot, I have to do this to show those old fellows that I'm no more afraid of the cold than I am of the enemy."

"Well," said the Canrobert, "what if I should give you another way of getting even with those old fellows?"

"Why, I shouldn't mind," answered the young soldier.

"I'll make you a corporal," said the General.

The soldier laughed. "I guess that won't go," said he. "My Colonel wouldn't have it."

"I'm higher up than your Colonel; I am Gen. Canrobert."

The young soldier was in transports—especially as the same day he was made a corporal in the presence of the regiment.

Education in Russia.

A few figures, taken from official sources, and referring to the first years of the present decade, will throw considerable light on the matter of popular education in Russia. About 200,000 recruits are yearly enlisted in the army and of these only about 50,000 can read. Among the peasants proper, the percentage of illiterates rises to 95 per cent. In some parts * * * there is only one school to each 200 villages. If Russia had the same proportion as her neighbor, Sweden, for example, she would have about 250,000 schools, while she actually has only 18,000. Again, take Russia's enormous budget of 1,000,000,000 roubles. Of this only 500,000 are devoted to popular education—that is, one-eleventh part of what is devoted to the maintenance of the Imperial Court, one six-hundredth part of the cost of the army, and one two-thousandth part of the whole. At about the same time Great Britain was spending about £9,000,000 for elementary education, etc., with a population little more than a third of that of Russia. Moreover, about two-thirds of this paltry sum of 500,000 roubles goes in salaries of inspectors.—From "In the Land of Tolstoi."

At the Picture Dealer's

Picture Frame Dealer—Do you want a mat on it?

Mrs. O'Toole—Sure, Oi do not; th' place for a mat is an th' floore, where Oi live.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR *Gold Lack See Champagne* *Old Empire Rye Whisky*

A PIANO OUT OF TUNE

is not a pleasant thing to have around.

CHEAP PIANOS

are always out of tune. They are an expensive *luxury.* Poor material and poor workmanship make a cheap piano. The beginner with such a piano to learn upon will never become accustomed to the right touch, or her ear to the right tone.

GOOD PIANOS

do not necessarily mean high prices. We sell *Good Pianos* at a moderate price. We consolidate factory interests and minimize expenses. We are able to sell you *High-Class* instruments like the

KARN

piano, and instruments as popular as the

WHALEY-ROYCE

pianos, at prices that will convince you that

the place to buy good pianos is at 416 George-st., Peterboro.

THOS. DUNN, Agent.

We have some rare bargains in second-hand, slightly-used Pianos and Organs. We would appreciate a visit from you

Gourlay, Winter & Leeming,
TORONTO.

A WHEEL BARGAIN

MADE TO BE SOLD FOR $100, OUR OFFER..... **$58 Cash**

THE "**COLUMBUS,**" LADIES & GENTS

A STRICTLY HIGH GRADE WHEEL—Frames, Bearings, Cones, Etc., made in England. Large tubing with reinforced flush joints throughout. Patent barrel hubs, and all the most modern improvements. Your choice of saddle, your choice of tire, your choice of handle bars. Listed at $100: but owing to their late delivery in this country the Canadian agents would not accept wheels until they received a very considerable discount from the manufacturers. We buy these wheels for cash—offer them at a special low price, for cash only—at $58, net.

It will pay you to see them before purchasing elsewhere. We have made arrangements to have all our repair work done here in Peterborough, saving customers any inconvenience through waiting.

FAIRWEATHER & CO'Y

AGENTS FOR THE

"MONARCH," "BEESTON HUMBER," "ROYAL ENFIELD," AND "WARWICK" BICYCLES.

DR. M. A. MORRISON
DENTIST
Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.
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Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.
City Florists.
Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
Retail Branch - 438 George Street
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

FULLY EQUIPPED
TOURIST CAR
Leaves NORTH BAY
Every THURSDAY
And TORONTO
Every FRIDAY
FOR THE
GOLD FIELDS
KOOTENAY AND CARIBOO, BRITISH COLUMBIA
AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Lowest Rates Quickest Time — Best Accommodation Most Scenic Route

Application for berths should be made to any Canadian Pacific R.'y Agent, or C. E. McPherson, Toronto.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is the only safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in the *hour and time of need.*

Is prepared in two degrees of strength.

No. 1 for ordinary cases is by far the best dollar medicine known—sold by druggists, one Dollar per box.

No. 2 for special cases—10 degrees stronger—sold by druggists. One box, Three Dollars; two boxes, Five Dollars.

No. 1, or No. 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps.

The Cook Company,
Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Peterborough and everywhere in Canada by all responsible druggists.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

"The New Barnes White Flyer Bicycle bears the same relation in appearance to the bicycles as the Thorough-bred Racer does to the roadster in horses."

Ride A NEW WHITE BARNES CYCLE And own a Stylish Mount. You get the Acme Of Perfection in Cycle Construction with Handsome Appearance. THE NEW BARNES Stands at the Head for Quality. See It!

O. B. SHORTLY

Agent,
PETERBOROUGH.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

VOL. XXXV, No. 94. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

Turkish Headquarters are Now at Milouna.

The First Seriously Planned Battle - Edhem Pasha Suppressing the News of the Progress of His Army, Fearing That the Greeks May Cut Off His Supplies - Russia Asks the Sultan's Permission to Send the Black Sea Fleet Through the Dardanelles - Brutal Treatment of Wounded Greeks.

Larissa, April 21.—The first seriously-planned battle commenced to-day. Early this morning Edhem Pasha's advance guard, under Generals Mavlomichali and Macris advanced against the Greeks in force from Revent, Boughazi and Stelias. The fighting was greatly extended and the battle raged till late this afternoon with varying fortune. The Greeks were assisted by thousands of irregulars, who harassed the Turkish outposts and wings, as well as participated in the general engagement. The Turks had an overwhelming superiority in numbers. They had constructed earthworks and trenches everywhere, and in and behind these awaited the attacks of the Greeks.

On the whole they clung tenaciously to their defences, while the Greeks attacked these again and again with the most desperate bravery. In spite of the furious attacks still made upon them, the Greeks continue to hold the Revent and Nezeros Passes. At 3 o'clock this afternoon it is practically a drawn battle

The Crown Prince Constantine is hurrying reinforcements to the front.

LAST HEIGHT CAPTURED.

And the Turks Will Descend Into the Thessalian Plain.

Foot of Milouna Pass, April 20 (afternoon).—The last height commanding Tyrnavo has just been captured by the Turks. The infantry advance was supported by cavalry, the soldiers cheering lustily as they began the attack.

Mendous Pasha has prepared to descend at 9 a.m. to-morrow into the Thessalian plain. Taking the road to the left, which skirts along the base of the foothills, large bodies of cavalry will push forward to the front, while the infantry takes possession of the buildings which the Greeks have left in their hurried retreat.

It was the task of Neschat Pasha to attack the Losphaki heights, the last Greek stronghold commanding Tyrnavo. The Turkish batteries, each gun dragged by fifty men, pushed forward and bombarded the Greek position. A deep ravine lay between the infantry forces and the two armies. It was strewn with heavy rocks and loose boulders.

After sharp fighting the Greek batteries withdrew, but the Greek infantry continued to defend the position until compelled to retire.

Heavy firing has been heard from the direction of Zarkos throughout the afternoon and the struggle at Karya still continues, each side in turn advancing and retreating across the frontier.

Reinforcements were sent from this point last night (Monday) to Hamdi Pasha at Karya. When they arrive there it is expected the Greeks will be finally repulsed.

The Greeks are now strongly entrenched on the plain north and west of Larissa. Edhem Pasha is acting with the greatest caution and deliberation.

The Turks Advance.

Night.—The Greek posts at Milouna and Tyrnavo were captured at noon to-day. The Turkish headquarters have been removed from Elassona to Milouna.

It is estimated that the Greek forces now in the Thessalian plain in front of Edhem Pasha and between this point and Larissa number at least 60,000, but the Greek prisoners say that their reserves are exhausted.

A military telegraphic line has been extended to Milouna, but as yet there is no postal service. From the heights can be seen huge clouds of dust in the distance, which indicate that large bodies of Greek infantry are en route from Larissa to defend the heights not yet captured at Tyrnavo, but they will probably be too late. The coolness and courage of the Turks in attack are beyond praise.

GREEKS HAVE PREVESA.

But Cannot Spare the Forces to Occupy the Town.

Athens, April 21.—The Crown Prince has sent several regiments to relieve those who have been fighting at Revent, but the latter refuse to leave the scene, although they have been actively engaged almost without cessation for nearly 50 hours.

Telegrams from Prevosa say that the town would have been occupied by the Greeks, but it was impossible to spare the men.

Major Ansolinos, who gave the order for the abandonment of Gritsovali, has been replaced by Col. Papastavre. Col. Manos is meeting with but little opposition. The Turks are collecting at Pentepigavia, 20 miles south of Janina, where a decisive battle is expected which will settle the fate of Janina.

Midnight.—An official despatch from Larissa says that the Greeks continue to defend the Mati Pass. Tyrnavo has been completely abandoned by its inhabitants.

M. Delyannis has received telegrams from Greek deputies at Larissa, who declare that according to the opinion of the officers, the situation is not yet compromised, as the positions occupied by the Turks are of secondary importance.

A despatch from Arta says that the Greeks have captured the villages of Aghia, Tsaprasli, Paraskevi, Kirnikala, Alimbei and Jenicari, all of which have been abandoned by the Turks.

A despatch received from Commodore Kriezis, in command of the Greek squadron which bombarded Platomona, says that 500 Turks were wounded during the bombardment, but the Greeks sustained no losses. The squadron has started for Katerina.

The Government has received a despatch from Larissa which says the exact situation at Damasi is not known there, but that the rumor of its capture by the Turks is inaccurate.

IS RUSSIA IN IT NOW?

Czar Asks Permission for Black Sea Fleet to Pass the Dardanelles.

Berlin, April 21.—It is reported here to-night in well-informed circles that the Russian Government has asked permission of the Sultan for the Russian Black Sea fleet to pass through the Dardanelles. The Baltic fleet is also ready to start under sealed orders.

All Greeks Called Out.

Athens, April 21, 6 p.m.—The Turks to day tried to capture the post of the Prophet Eli on the road to Tyrnavo, but they were repulsed.

The last series of the Greek reserves has now been called out, and fresh troops have been sent to the frontier.

The bombardment of Prevosa, at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, has been very heavy since early to-day. The Turkish garrison there has been completely isolated by the advance of the Greek troops.

The report that the Greek fleet to-day bombarded Platomona on the west shore of the Gulf of Salonica, is confirmed. The Greek fleet also bombarded the town of Lepthekarya, adjoining Platomona. The powder magazine of the Turks at Platomona was exploded by a Greek shell, causing much damage and loss of life to the enemy.

Fighting has been renewed at Damasi, which is being cannonaded by a Greek brigade advancing from Boughazi. The Turks have occupied the posts of Ligaria and Karatzo, which are strategically unimportant, while the Greeks have advanced and occupied the Slati hill.

A despatch from Arta says that the Turks have abandoned Strevina, beyond Filippiada, after burning it. The bombardment of Prevosa continues with increasing damage to the forts.

After bombarding Platomona, the squadron will proceed to Katerina.

Troops for Crete.

Naples, April 21.—The steamers Independence and Arno and the cruiser Ligurdia have started with troops for Crete.

Hoists the Greek Flag.

Athens, April 21, 5 p.m.—Col. Manos, in command of the Greek army operating against the Turks in Epirus, telegraphs that he had destroyed Imaret fort and has advanced without opposition to Filippiada, which place the Turks abandoned after burning it. Colonel Manos has hoisted the Greek flag over Filippiada.

Assuring News for King George.

Athens, April 21, midnight.—The Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs from Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek forces in Thessaly: "We have kept all our positions and the situation to-day is excellent. Every road by which the Turks can descend into the Thessalian plain has been secured by the concentration of our troops. I canot wire at greater length now. I am fighting myself. So is Prince Nicholas."

SUPPRESSION BY THE TURKS.

Edhem Pasha Won't Permit News to be Sent From Elassona.

London, April 21.—Commenting on the absence of definite news to-day from Elassona, the headquarters of the Turkish troops in Macedonia, The Daily Mail says it has received a private telegram from one of its correspondents on the scene of hostilities indicating that Edhem Pasha is suppressing all despatches.

This correspondent adds: "The whole situation appears changed by the tenacity with which the Greeks are holding Revent Pass, whereby they may possibly turn Edhem Pasha's position and cut off his communications with Elassona."

SUSPENSE AT ATHENS.

Nerves are Strained Owing to the Lack of Definite News.

Athens, April 21.—The public suspense here to night is terrible owing to the lack of definite news. The Government has received telegrams from Larissa throughout the day, urging the prompt despatch of reinforcements to that point, as the Greek troops are being exhausted by the incessant Turkish attacks.

All the shops were closed to-day while prayers were being offered in the churches for the success of the Greek troops. Every nerve is being strained to send all available men to the front. The palace guard and the gendarmerie will go to-morrow. Volunteer bands are organizing everywhere throughout the country. In Thessaly the whole population is being armed and made ready. Next

Continued on page 6

NOW FOR THE BUDGET

Everybody is Waiting to Learn About the Tariff.

Will the Government Put a Duty on Pennsylvania Coal and Thus Keep Faith With the Nova Scotia Barons Who Helped Them Win the Local Elections? —Patrons and Agricultural Implement Men Are in Evidence at the Capital General Notes From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—Everyone is agog as to what tariff changes the Budget will unfold to-morrow. It is believed that the Minister of Finance, who was supposed to be an out and out Free Trader, has developed into a Protectionist, and crowded Sir Richard aside; and that on the strength of the Nova Scotia local elections, and in return for the assistance given the Liberals by the coal barons of that province, the Minister of Finance will put a duty of 40 or 50 cents a ton on Pennsylvania anthracite coal. This will be out-Heroding Herod.

Agricultural implements are likely to come under a uniform rate of 25 per cent. Mr. Lyman Jones of the Massey Company has been here all day.

Mr. George Gooderham and Mr. Blackstock were also here to-day, and it is said it is in connection with a proposal of the Government to increase the excise on spirits. At present the excise tax on whiskey is 55 cents a gallon less than the customs duty on whiskey. Several unimportant articles used by farmers are to be put on the free list, to let the Patrons out. The general incidence of the tariff, it is predicted, will not be lightened, but rather increased. But to-morrow afternoon will tell the tale.

Joseph Haycock, M. L. A., Patron leader, and Lockie Wilson, grand secretary, arrived here to-night for the purpose of stiffening the backbone of Patron members of the House to make a big fight for free admission of binder twine, agricultural implements and coal oil. Patron members, however, do not seem to be very anxious to commit themselves.

As apparently there is no immediate prospect for a seat in the Commons being procured for Hon. Peter White, it is suggested that the honorable gentleman should be induced to enter the Provincial contest with Hr. Whitney, and strong efforts will be made to carry out this proposition.

There is an awful lot of kicking over one of the conditions governing the selection of men to form Jubilee regiments, viz.: That which says the individual chosen must be in possession of a certificate from a royal school of military instruction. It is claimed that if this provision be enforced it will shut out some of the best men, although probably not 2 per cent. of those in the city corps have qualified from one of the schools.

There was a regular flood of petitions to-day in favor of Mr. Casey's bill to compel railway companies to carry bicycles free as travelers' luggage. Mr. Lount had one signed by 2500, Mr. Clarke's was headed by Mayor Fleming and signed by 1184, Mr. Ross Robertson's had 1018 signatures, and there were other petitions to like effect from Athens, Brampton and Morrisburg.

Mayor Bingham has received a request to call a public meeting on Saturday, April 24, in the Normal School in order to give Their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen an opportunity of conferring with the public respecting the Victorian Order of Home Nurses.

Negotiations have been in progress for some time to establish a large Danish settlement on the Upper Gatineau. Advertisements have been inserted in all the country papers asking for farms that were for sale up the Gatineau Valley. Many replies have been received and offers made. Nearly 600 farms have been placed upon the market at prices varying from $300 up to $1000, and in size from 150 to 200 acres. The residents of these districts have been paying much attention to lumbering and have neglected their farms. As a consequence they have become good lumbermen, but poor farmers, and are now willing to dispose of their partially cleared farms at very low prices.

Mr. Reesman of the Gatineau Valley Railway, in conjunction with the Danish and Swedish consuls in Ottawa and Montreal, has been investigating the various farms that are offered with a view to bringing in a large number of Danish and Swedish immigrants to form a settlement in this district, and steps will be taken to get settlers out from Scandinavia to locate there.

Dr. H. Walton Jones of Montreal has been appointed Commissioner for Canada to the exhibition in Stockholm, which opens next month. Dr. Jones lived in Sweden for some years and speaks the language perfectly. He will afterwards act as emigration agent for Canada in Scandinavian countries.

DULL DAY IN THE HOUSE.

The Only Fun Was a Spat Between Messrs Davin and Oliver.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—Inexpressibly dull were the proceedings in the House to-day. The only relief to the monotony of the afternoon was a spat between Messrs. Davin and Oliver, which led to the interference of Mr Speaker.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Claney that the departmental rule governing deposits with tenders for public works was 10 per cent. when the work did not exceed a quarter of a million dollars, and 5 per cent. when it was over that amount.

Mr. Lautier told Mr. Wood that it was not the intention to sell any islands in the Upper St. Lawrence this year, nor was it the intention to introduce the metrical system of weights and measures.

Mr. Davin moved for papers received by the Government with reference to enlarging the powers of the executive of the Northwest Territories and to increase the subsidy to the Territories. Mr. Davin made an able speech in advocacy of an extension of the powers of the Northwest executive. In place of the present annual subsidy, about half a million dollars ought to be voted. He claimed the present Government should deal generously with the Northwest.

Mr. Oliver agreed with the contention put forth by Mr. Davin, but spoke in somewhat bitter terms with regard to some of the observations of Mr. Davin. He resented what he considered a mean insinuation by that gentleman against representatives of the Northwest Government now in town.

Mr. Davin proceeded to score Mr. Oliver for the peculiar tone in which

Continued on page 7

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Lowest Rates — Best Accommodation
Quickest Time — Most Scenic Route

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CAPITAL STOCK $80.000
SUBSCRIBED $43.000
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RE-OPENING ..... TUESDAY, APRIL 20

A good time to commence a course in either Book-keeping or Shorthand will be after the Easter vacation.

We have ample accommodation, perfect system, thorough tuition.

PRINGLE & McCREA,

BUSINESS COLLEGE . . . . . PETERBOROUGH
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Wanted.

Wanted, Help.

RELIABLE MAN in every locality, local or travelling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, commission or salary. $65 per month and expenses and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRICAL CO.," London, Ont., Canada. d59-w11 3m

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FOR SALE.

THAT ONE AND A HALF STOREY dwelling house, being No. 500 Aylmer St., Peterborough. Apply to JOHN BUCHANAN, Peterborough. 80eod

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TWO FRAME DWELLING HOUSES—10 and 6 rooms. Also 18 acres of land, rented separately if desired. These properties belong to Mr J M Irwin and are on Lock-st, Ashburnham, at the entrance to lock bridge—Suitable for butcher or market gardener. Possession immediately. Apply to KERR, GLADMAN & KERR, solicitors, 131½ Hunter-st. 6d93

WOOD FOR SALE.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD in any quantity. Long or Short.

HARDWOOD Long or Short, from $4 to $4.50 per Cord.

TAMARAC, from $3 to $3.25 per Cord.

Orders may be left at Mr. Wrighton's Store, or by Telephone 393. ERNEST MANN, No. 10 Inverlea.

HANDSOME

BRICK RESIDENCE TO RENT

No. 423 Downie Street with all modern improvements and driving sheds and stables attached. Possession at once. Apply at No. 381 George st or address Post Office box No 112 12 193

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Real Estate, Insurance and Employment Office.

Good value in Houses, Lots and Farms to sell, rent or exchange. Insurance in good companies at low rates.

3 Nice Brick Houses, good size, central locality at low price for 2 weeks.

Large number of Vacant Lots, prices low. Long list of Farms for sale. Great variety of Houses for rent and sale or exchange.

Telepone 89. - - - Rents Collected.
Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

Awnings, Tents Flags.

Waterproof Goods of all kinds.

SAILS AND CAMPING GOODS.

We Manufacture the Best and Cheapest

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263 GEORGE ST. South, Peterborough.
TELEPHONE 180 or 215 Day or night.

Sole Agents for the STORMER BICYCLE Best in the world.

Second Hand Wheel for sale.

Probabilities.

Fresh to strong south-east, shifting to south-west, winds; a few local showers, mostly fair and warmer.

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Though Sometimes it is Profitable.

This week we offer three lots of Gentlemen's Ties in Bows, Four in Hands and Knots.

LOT 1 . . . .

Regular 50c Ties at *25c.*

LOTS 2 and 3.

Regular 25c and 35c Ties for *15c.*

One lot of Spring and Summer Underwear.

Regular 50c and 75c Garments for *25c* and *35c.*

LADIES WHITE COTTON UNDERWEAR.

If you guessed the price from the way the Garments are made and the quality of Cotton, you'd say a third more. We want you to try to find flaws in those Nightgowns, Skirts and Chemises,

Every line this season's style.

UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

—:o:—

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DIRECT IMPORTER,
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SCAVENGING.

All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, aprons etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED CONDY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. 667

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

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LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up! Spring decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks this year are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure ot getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Gray Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the neatest all wool tings to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacques and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Gray, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light gray, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.50, $2 and 2 50
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Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35

Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Picadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Viel Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Viel Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery. Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

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THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Furs, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

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FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1891.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
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FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS
DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND
LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

"How Did She Burn Her Face"

That Was What People Asked About Our Daughter

Dreadful Itching, Burning Eruptions Cured

Smooth, Soft, White Skin New.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass:
"Gentlemen: Our little daughter is now four years old. When she was about three months old, she had eruptions on her face which were very disagreeable, and itched so much, especially at night, that it made her trouble a great deal worse. I was obliged to keep her hands tied at night and it was necessary to watch her during the day. She would scratch herself whenever she had the chance, until her clothes

Would Be Covered with Blood.

We had a great many doctors to see her, but they did not help her in the least. It was a terrible task to care for her. When we took her away from home, people would ask, 'How did that child burn her face?' She was completely covered with scabs for a long time. She suffered everything. At last we concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I had great faith in it, and after awhile we could see that she was getting better. People said she would certainly be left with scars on her face, but she was not. It is now a year since she was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and her face is as

Smooth and White and Soft

as that of any child. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best family medicine that can be obtained. I take it myself for headache and that tired feeling, and I have found nothing to equal it. One peculiarity about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that it is pleasant to take and it is no trouble to induce children to take it. The doctors pronounced my little girl's disease to be eczema, or salt rheum." MRS. WILBUR WELLS, Warren, Connecticut.

N. B. Do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists.
Circular sent on request.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

Continued from page 5.

week thousands will start for the frontier from the provinces long famous for the fine quality of their fighting men.

REINFORCEMENTS CALLED FOR.

Edhem Pasha Has Asked for 40,000 More Men at Once.

Constantinople, April 21.—The sitting of the military commission has been continuous since yesterday at the Yildiz Kiosk. It is reported that Edhem Pasha has asked for 40,000 reinforcements, and that orders have been sent to Salonica to hasten the despatch of the reserves to the frontier. The mobilization of 40 additional battalions has been decided upon, and the enrollment of volunteers is being considered.

The sturdy resistance offered by the Greeks was wholly unexpected and the idea that the forces of Edhem Pasha would have a military promenade to Larissa has already been abandoned.

Telegrams received by the Porte from the far western provinces show that the Albanian irregulars are devastating the country in many localities, and especially along the line of route between Prevosa and Janina. The local authorities are powerless to restrain them.

An Imperial Irade has been issued ordering the Turkish fleet to avoid a battle at sea and to remain under the protection of the fortifications.

THE DEVILISH TURKS

Built Fires Around the Wounded Greeks and Roasted Them Alive.

London, April 21.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle telegraphs that he has had an interview with Crown Princess Sophia, who returned to-night from Larissa. She says she found that there had been much improvement in the hospitals there since her previous visit to the place. She also says that while she was in the hospital she heard wounded Greeks tell how the Turks treated the wounded who fell into their hands. They built fires around some of them and roasted them to death, and inflicted horrible tortures upon others of their prisoners before despatching them.

A Revolution in Athens.

London, April 21.—The Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette telegraphed to his paper this afternoon saying a despatch had been received there from Athens expressing fear that if the Greeks suffer further reverses and the Turks occupy Larissa, a revolution will break out at Athens.

Advertise in the REVIEW.

FROM THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[By special arrangement with Mr. John A. Phillips, the correspondent at Ottawa of the Montreal Gazette, the REVIEW will publish once or twice a week a letter from the capital. The letters will deal with matters before the House and will prove interesting.]

OTTAWA, April 20.

There has been, and still is, a good deal of trouble in the Government about the building of the Crow's Nest Pass railway. On Wednesday last all the Liberal members from Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia had a conference with the Premier and Messrs. Blair, Sifton and Tarte and very strongly urged that the road should be built by Government and kept under Government control. The deputation was strongly opposed to the road being built by the Canadian Pacific railway. The Ministers are understood to have endeavored to throw the blame of the road being constructed by the C P R on the late Government and to have told the deputation, as reported in the Liberal organ here, that "when the new Government took office they found that the Tupper Government had nearly pledged the country to giving the building of the road to the C P R. The amount which the company was to get for the road would have been about $25,000 per mile. This was made up of a subsidy and a guarantee as well. The cost of construction the Government puts at about $25,000 per mile, so that the C P R was to get the road built for them and then handed over to them by the Government as a present."

* * *

With reference to the above, it may be said that if any members of the Government really told their followers as stated that "the C.P.R was to get the road built for them and then handed over to them by the Government as a present," they were guilty of a very grave misrepresentation of the facts of the case as it stood when the Tupper Administration went out of office. There is no truth in the statement that the late Government had pledged the country to give the building of the road to the C.P.R. The late Government had entered into negotiations with the company, and had gone so far as to submit a proposition to Parliament in the shape of a notice of motion, but the organized obstruction of the Opposition during the last session of the last Parliament prevented any business being done, and Parliament was not asked to vote on the proposal submitted. That proposal far from involving a "present" of the road to the company only involved a subsidy of five thousand dollars per mile and a loan at three and a half per cent. for twenty years of an amount equal to twenty thousand dollars per mile. This money the Government could borrow at three per cent., and loan to the C.P.R. at three and a half, so that the net result at the end of the twenty years, when the loan was returned, would have been that the actual subsidy paid by the Government would have been about $925,000. The offer made to the C.P.R. by the present Government, and rejected was ten thousand dollars per mile, or a total subsidy of over three million dollars; but, of course, there was no guarantee, so that the C.P.R. would probably have had to pay four of five per cent. for the money required to build the road instead of three and a half, as proposed in the offer made to the late Government.

* * *

The report of Mr. E. M. Daly, the ex-Minister of the Interior, who was sent to Great Britain by the late Government to report on immigration, has been laid before the House. He covers the subject very fully. He says that from the way some people discuss the question of immigration one would conclude that the people of Great Britain, Ireland and continental Europe, were simply awaiting with their trunks packed ready to sail for Canada. This is all moonshine. The people who have got to come will come anyway, and the question arises, are those persons always desirable settlers, and are they the class we want to fill up our great west or not. Again, he says: "We have splendid examples in old Canada to-day, and also in Manitoba and the territories, of what the sturdy sons of England, Scotland and Ireland can do in Canada with nothing to rely upon for their success but their pluck, their sobriety, their industry and determination to succeed. There are not only hundreds and thousands, but millions of just such men whom we could bring out to follow in the footsteps of their countrymen, if we could only make up our minds to extend a little assistance to them." He suggests that the Government make allowance to intending settlers upon their holdings of sufficient to pay passage money and railway fare, and a further sum to enable the settler to purchase oxen and necessary implements and material for house and stable. He adds that it is an indispensable absolute first principle that the person who is to be assisted shall be found to be worthy in every respect of such assistance. All who have been assisted so far, and have proved failures, were failures before they left their own homes. The advances made should be repaid in instalments, beginning three years after settlement. If the thing were done on business principles, Mr. Daly has no doubt of its success, and is convinced that it would cultivate feelings of self-reliance and independence.

* * *

Captain Sinclair, M.P., who has for the last two years filled the position of Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor-General, left for New New York, on Friday en route for England to assume his Parliamentary duties, and will not, it is understood, return to Canada. Captain Sinclair has made an ideal secretary, and has filled a difficult, and at times, not very agreeable office, in a manner which has shown him to possess an amount of diplomatic tact which augers well of his success as a Parliamentarian. Captain Sinclair is one of the "coming" men in the Imperial House of Commons, and his host of friends in Canada confidentally expect to see him attain high distinction in his new sphere of usefulness.

* * *

Mr. Tarte is likely to have a very interesting question asked in the House, although notice of it has not yet been given. It will be, "To whom has the contract for the new carpets required in refurnishing the western block been given? What is the amount of the contract, and were tenders asked for?" It is understood that the contract, which is for a large amount, has been given to Mr. Joseph Robillard, of Montreal, ex-Conservative M.P., for Berthier, and uncle of no less distinguished a gentleman than the Hon. Joseph Israel Tarte, Minister of Public Works. There is said to be quite an unpleasantness amongst Mr. Tarte's colleagues over the affair on account of Mr. Robillard being a Conservative, and there will be some fun in the House over the fact that Mr. Robillard is Mr. Tarte's uncle.

JNO. A. PHILLIPS.

THOUGHTS ON DUTY.

The gods are just, and of our pleasant vices
Make instruments to scourge us.
—Selected.

There are few questions in this world so frequently agitated, of which the solution is more important to each puzzled mortal, than that upon which starts every sage's discovery, every novelist's plot—that which applies to man's life, from the first sleep in the cradle—"What will be done with it?"
—Bulwer.

Be what nature intended you for, and you will succeed; be anything else, and you will be ten times worse than nothing.—Sydney Smith.

Many a man pays for his success with a slice of his constitution.—Selected.

No man struggles perpetually and victoriously against his own character; and one of the first principals of success in life is so to regulate our career as rather to turn our physical constitution and natural inclinations to good account than to endeavor to counteract the one or oppose the other.—Bulwer.

He that hath a trade hath an estate.
—Franklin.

Nature fits all her children with something to do.—Lowell.

The measure of man's learning will be the amount of his voluntary ignorance.—Thoreau.

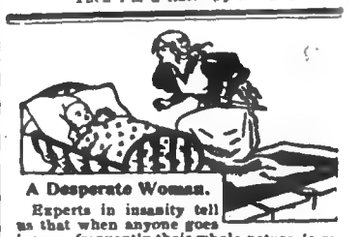
There is only one real failure in life possible, and that is to be true to the best one known.—Canon Farrar.

Let men of all rank, whether they are successful or unsuccessful, whether possible, and that is not to be true to the best one knows.—Canon Farrar.

Who does the best his circumstance allows,
Does well, acts nobly; angels could do no more.
—Young.

To a Critic.

When I my lyre
Unsling
And sing,
With zeal afire,
A thing
Of spring,
Say it's a time,
E'en love
Above—
When this I rhyme
'Tis true
I do
Arouse your ire;
You say
Straighway
Then I'm a liar.—Up-to-Date.



A Desperate Woman.

Experts in insanity tell us that when anyone goes insane, frequently their whole nature is reversed. They do and say exactly the opposite things to what they would do in their sane minds. A mother whose mind breaks down under extreme nervous tension may turn upon the one object in all the world most precious to her—her baby.

The terrible nervous tension under which many women live and suffer because of some weakness or disease of their sex keeps them on the very verge of insanity. The constant drag and drain upon the complicated and delicate organism affects the whole nervous system and works upon the brain with an almost irresistible madness.

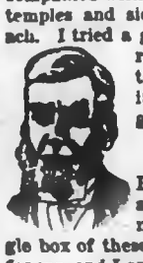
Thousands of suffering women have been literally saved from the insane asylum by the timely influence of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the one perfect and positive specific for every derangement of woman's special organism. It is a scientific and permanent cure for those severe, chronic, complicated cases which doctors usually consider hopeless. It is the only medicine of its kind devised by an educated and skilled physician.

Mrs. Sarah E. Raine, of Dayton, Cass Co., Mo., in a letter to Dr. Pierce, writes: "It was in the winter of 1890 that my sufferings commenced. It was close to my time of confinement. I took the grip, and that with the labor pains all went to my head. I suffered dreadfully, and when I gave birth to my little boy I kept getting worse. I doctored but nothing did me any good. I had nervous spasms and was delirious—Oh, no tongue can express my sufferings. I was advised by a lady to try your medicine and I did. I got one bottle of the 'Favorite Prescription' and one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I had taken two-thirds of the medicine when it commenced its work. I began to feel better, and still continued getting better. In a short time I felt like another woman. I gained strength and flesh. I am now forty-one years of age. This is true, and it was your medicine that saved my life."

Dr. Pierce's 1000-page book, "The People's Medical Adviser" sent, paper-bound, free for the cost of customs and mailing *only*, 31 one-cent stamps; or, cloth-bound 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking



AYER'S Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897

GENTLE SPRING.

Now feeds the gaunt, bewhiskered goat
From posters on the wall,
The moth ball's fragrance fills the coat
Of sealskin in the hall,
The sparrow hops upon the sill,
The wheelman's gong sounds loud and shrill,
And Willy takes the quinine pill,
The quinine pill.

The green grass on the baldish lawn
Is growing merrily
The bullfrog sees the link-ed spawn,
And gargles in his glee.
The ring-tailed monkey on a rope
Begs peanuts, full of simian hope,
The housemaid stews the soft-shelled soap,
The soft-shelled soap.

The gay galosh sticks in the mud,
And leaves all bare the shoon,
And now and then some greeny bud
Bursts forth from its cocoon
The pussy-willow, fair to see,
Makes silvery freckles on the tree,
And Rover hunts the sharp-toothed flea,
The sharp-toothed flea.

The orphaned, soiled, unlaundered tramp
Begs food his form to fill.
The plumber sticks the two-cent stamp
Upon his winter's bill.
The "To Let" sign is far and near
The froth is on the brown bock beer
The air is fresh for the spring is here,
The spring is here.

A TROCHA FOR THE MICE.

Said old Aunt Jane: "I live alone;
Not even a tabby cat I own.
To guard me from the awful mice,
And so I've fashioned this device,
It never fails its work to do,
I guess I'll patent it—wouldn't you?"

ALL OF A KIND.

A Mental Problem.

Young Callowe—Miss Prunella, I—the fact is, I weally love you, don't you know?

She—How in the world did you find that out?

Not His Fault.

"Dere ain't no justice in law," said Roaming Robin, as the policeman led him away. "His honor gimmie 30 days fer bein' too fresh wid 'im when he knowed I was just pulled this morn'in'."

Settled It.

May—I sometimes believe Chappie isn't over half-witted.

Belle—Why?

May—I have often heard him talking to himself.

Belle—That ought to be conclusive.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Advertising in the REVIEW pays.

WITH THE TEACHERS.

Nothing Either Too Small or Too Great for Their Notice.

The Minister of Education Will be Memorialized by the School Trustees' Section Not to Alter the Law Regarding Religious Instruction in Schools—Normal School Alumni Wish to Fittingly Celebrate the Jubilee of That Institution—Three Instructive Sessions Were Held Yesterday.

Toronto, April 22.

The session of the Ontario Educational Association continued in the Normal School yesterday. According to the report of the general secretary, the attendance this year is larger than ever before. The papers are increasing in public interest and a large number were read yesterday. The address of the retiring president, delivered at the evening session, was of unusual importance. The proceedings conclude this evening.

Mr. W. E. Groves, Toronto, in the Public school department, gave an address on "The Influence of the Public School Department: How to Extend It." The lack of interest, he charged, among other things, to the lack of permanency in the personnel of the corps of Public school teachers, the lack of security in the tenure of the teacher's office, the non-representative character of the department, lack of permanency in the membership of the department and the further fact that the department was not in close touch with the training department and the inspectors' department.

Among the remedies suggested were an increase in the age limit, for a license to teach, a lengthening of the Model school term, the formation of a provincial protective association which would provide sick benefits and a small retiring pension, the necessity of county institutes sending a duly accredited representative, with the extension of his term of representation to two or three years, and, finally, a close unity of interest between the various departments interested in Public school work.

Mr. C. Ferrier, Mimico, read a paper on "The Aims and Methods of an Industrial School." The purpose of such an institution, he said, was to prevent crime by drying up its source. He refuted the idea that the school was in any way a prison. He explained at length the methods in vogue in the Mimico school. They had 50 acres of land, an orchard, six cottages, school house, workshops, etc. After eight months of general work, a boy was allowed a choice of employment.

Mr. William Scott, Guelph, in a paper on "The Public School Leaving Examination," advocated more advanced education in the Public schools, because 65 per cent. of the population never went any further. He thought that the entrance examination should be dropped and the Public school leaving take its place. He advocated also the adoption of agriculture and elementary physics as compulsory subjects in the Public schools.

Mr. H. I. Strang, Goderich defended the High school system from recent attatcks. He said these complainers sought to make it appear that there was widespread discontent among the farming and laboring classes with the system, that they wanted the Public schools made more efficient, and higher education left to those who were able to pay for it. In his experience he had never found a farmer who did not commend the High schools. He had found that the schools were condemned mostly by those who had no children and professional men, while they were supported by the industrial classes. Who was to say in this democratic country what was the proper sphere for any boy? He had no objection to scholarships, but the scholarship system, proposing to enable the bright boys to get ahead, would be limiting the possibilities of the great majority, instead of letting all have a fair chance.

Mr. J. H. Burritt, Pembroke, recommended with regard to religion in the schools that the laws remain as they are now. He claimed that the state exists for one thing, religion for another; that religion pertains to the hereafter; the state's functions are confined to this planet; that their aims are diverse and contradictory; that morality can be taught apart from religious dogma, and is fully provided for in our school law; that the school curriculum is now more than full of the absolute essentials, and if religious instruction is to be forced in something essential will be forced out, the result being that the children are imperfectly equipped for the battle here and very questionably prepared for their journey in the other world.

On motion, the Minister of Education will be memorialized by the Trustee Department to leave the law regarding religious instruction in schools as it is.

Inspector Morgan, in an address on "What Method of Inspection Would Secure the Best Results," advised the inspectors to show themselves the true friends of teachers and pupils.

Mr. Locheed, M. A., principal of Caledonia High School, sang the praises of a system involving phonetic vertical script, with a complete consistent phonetic alphabet, with every vowel sound and consonant function represented. His paper was entitled "Phonetic Script as an Aid to the Teaching of Reading, Writing and Spelling." He argued from the standpoint, not of a spelling reformer, but of a teacher who finds that much time and energy are wasted in the way of a child first grappling with reading and spelling under the present traditional and much-involved syrtem. His idea is to supplement the present phonic system by making the elements of English words visible as well as audible.

"The Ideal Teacher," according to Mr. R. W. Murray, Toronto Provincial Model School, should be in the prime of life, in good health and should have natural governing powers. Among his acquired qualifications should be the very best literary training and a knowledge of psychology.

"The Women in Canadian Literature" was the title of an essay by Miss Janet Carnochan, Niagara. The subject matter was not Canadian authors, but female characters in Canadian literature. The writer deplored the tendency lately shown to decry Canadian poetry. She quoted such writers as Kirby, Miss Curzon, Robert Margery, Wilfrid Campbell, Isabella V. Crawford, Charles Mair, Miss Machar, Dr. O'Hagan, "Seranus," P. McArthur, Jean Blewett and others to show that the women depicted in their works were noble, unselfish, patriotic, tender and true, willing and daring.

"Cabot and His Times," a paper of special interest on this, the 400th anniversary of the explorer's great discovery, was read by Mrs. S. A. Curzon, Toronto. She dealt with the impulsiveness which characterized the literature, religion and traveling activity, and which originated with the renaissance period. This accounted for the utopian dreams of More, the religious ideals of Colet, the intellectual vigor of Erasmus and the daring of such seamen as Columbus and Cabot.

At the training department Mr. T. R. Stewart, Stratford, quoted several instances of incompetency on the part of members of county boards of examiners who examine Model school students. He advocated the appointment of a central board of examiners, his paper being on "Examinations of Model school students."

The Trustees' Department was much interested in the paper on the vital subject of "Manual Training in the Public Schools," read by Mr. George C. Chown, Kingston. He dealt principally with the physiological side of the subject, maintaining that the development of the brain cells, which generate nerve energy, could only take place in compatibility with the corresponding development of the right and left sides of the body, with which the right and left sides of the brain were inversely connected. Consequently brain development depended to a great extent on physical exercise.

Dr. Loudon delivered an address on "The Interference of Sound" before the Mathematical and Physical Association. He illustrated his remarks with the acoustical apparatus of the University and the condensations and rarefactions due to sound waves were made visible to the eye by Koenig's manometric flame apparatus.

A meeting of the Normal School Alumni was held in the prinipal's lecture room, Hon. Dr. Ross presiding. The object of the meeting was to formulate some plan of celebrating the jubilee of the Normal School on Nov. 1 next. Addresses were delivered by the chairman, Inspectors Kelly, Fotheringham, Brown, Glashan and others. The following committee was appointed to make the arrangements: Hon. Dr. Ross, the principal, vice-principal and teachers of the Normal School, Dr. McLellan and Inspectors Kelly, Fotheringham, Hughes, Chapman, Deacon, Smith, Glashan, Principals Doan, Baxter and Elliott.

In his valedictory address President Iverness regretted that the Technical schools and School of Practical Science were not represented in the association. All things considered, Ontario had the finest system of education today.

The Minister of Education smiled and blushed.

"But we are here," the president went on, "to find out the evils and remedy them." Lessons could be learned in school sanitation from Great Britain, the teaching of elementary sciences from Nova Scotia, technical school instruction from France, and various other improvements in different countries. He advised that sanitation should be enforced upon peril of the refusal of Government grant. He was confident that the study of the science of agriculture would soon find a place in the Public school curriculum. It was not the secondary education that took the boys off the farm, but it was the years of town boarding that was most responsible for this tendency. He ridiculed the over-attention paid to spelling in the schools, to the neglect of writing. He had never seen a letter in which the spelling was so bad that he lost much time in reading it, but there were few persons who had not met with letters in which the writing forbade deciphering."

The president concluded with a reference to the teaching of religion in schools. Occasionally from certain clergymen there arose a clamor for formal religious instruction in schools by the regular teachers. This agitation would be dangerous to the harmony and success of the schools only that nobody else than the agitators seemed to be excited by it. Some of these good people would lay burdens on the teachers that they didn't seem willing to touch, although the school law offered them every reasonable opportunity. One reverend member of a deputation to the Government, who came from his own county, was reported as bewailing the disuse of the Bible in the schools and deploring their growing godlessness. At that very time the Scriptures were daily read in the school of his own district, which he was never known to visit in school hours while he resided there.

"In view of these recurring criticisms," said the speaker, "and such an utterance as that by a judge at the Wentworth Assizes last year, it behooves us who know the truth to proclaim from time to time that our schools are religious and Christian. This association stands not only against those who would make catechists of the teachers, but also against those secularists who would not permit us to invoke the Divine blessing on our daily labors. Our free schools are the staunchest bulwark of our national morality and permanence. May they never suffer an invasion of either a sectarianism or a secularism which would disturb their harmony and destroy their usefulness."

The officers of the General Association were elected for the coming year as follows: President, Mr. John Munro, Ottawa; secretary, Mr. R. W. Doan, Toronto; treasurer, Mr. W. J. Hendry, Toronto.

Origin of April Fool.

Very curious things may be discovered by people who love to mouse among old books. Here is a very free translation from a Parsee record not accessible to many: "It happened in a remote year, when the inhabitants of a land were engaged in sun worship early on the first day of April, that a shining man stepped forth from the earth, proclaiming the purifying uses of fire. He called and counseled all who had damaged household stuff, such as broken kneading-troughs, tattered curtains, coffee pots with holes in them, lame furniture, worthless books and all such things that might be considered the dry refuse of life to make a pyre on the plain outside of the city and to celebrate this burning the first day of every April. After which the ashes might be used to fertilise the ground. So the householders began to carry forth. But their wives did seize on each miserable article, saying: "Do not so. Behold, let us hide it in the attic seven years more. It may come handy." Then the angel or messenger was wroth with humanity that would not purify itself by fire. And he said: "From this day you shall call one another and be called April fools."—Chicago Post.

The Woods Are Full of Them.

Weary Waggles—Please give a square meal to a man who has lost a job through lack of material to work with.

Farmer—What was the nature of your job?

Weary Waggles—I'm a thinker, and I ran out of thoughts.

Going One Better.

Nannie—If my gradfather were living now he would be a centenarian.

Ethel—Oh, dear; that's nothing. If my great-great-grandfather's great-grandfather were living he would be over 500.—Harlem Life.

MUNYON'S NERVE CURE

Cures all forms of nervousness, nervous prostration and all the symptoms of nervous exhaustion, such as depressed spirits, peevishness, irritability, general sensitiveness of the whole nervous system, failure of memory, inability to concentrate the thoughts, morbid fears, restless and sleepless nights, pains in the head, noises in the ears and dizziness. It stimulates and strengthens the nerves and acts as a strong tonic. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in 1 to 3 hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles. Price 25c.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies positively cure. Price 25c each.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25c a vial.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 11 and 13 Albert street, Toronto, answered with free medical advice for any disease.

LEBRUN'S

New Spring Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, such as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

H. LEBRUN & CO.

CITY CLOTHING STORE.

GOOD HEALTH

It saves worry, too. Everything goes wrong with wrong Baking Powder. Make things go easy and right by using

OF GROCERS EVERYWHERE

IN PURITY THERE'S HEALTH

strength—life. Some Baking Powders are bad health producers because of impurities in them. "Pure Gold" is absolutely pure—nothing harmful in it. And this is proved by the highest test known to science—chemical analysis.

Pure Gold Baking Powder

"KURMA"

CEYLON TEA

Those who know a good Tea choose it for purity, flavor and excellence.

Lead packages only, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c. per lb. Sold by all grocers.

The Davidson & Hay, Ltd., Wholesale Agents, Toronto.

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the **Welland Vale Bikes.** All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	- -	$85.00
Garden City	-	$75.00
Dominion	- -	$60.00

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX,

STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!

And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.

O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.

NICE TOILET ARTICLES

Have a particular charm for women. It is a part of our business to supply these. . .

We have the finest SOAPS, CHOICEST TOOTH POWDERS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, and all TOILET ARTICLES. . . .

You can rely on the quality —the best . . . . . .

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Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	100,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

IN THE DEAR SCHOOL OF EXPERIENCE YOU LEARN THAT

Money is Doubled..

In Usefulness by Being Well Spent.

We encourage such spending, knowing that the constant customer is the root of prosperity.

Once a Customer, Always a Customer.

Such is the reason of our success as Clothiers.

Our stock of Spring Goods is large and complete. Never before were we enabled to give such value as we offer this season.

See our $7.50 and $8.00 Tweed Suits, equalled only by the $13 and $14 ordered goods offered elsewhere.

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Is filled with a range of goods that is bound to please not only the boy, but also the mother, as they are well made and guaranteed to wear.

We also have a full range of Sailor Suits for small boys.

Buy of the exclusive manufacturer and save the middle man's profit.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

HANDSOME PREMIEUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,
403 GEORGE STREET.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERIGAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fes.

Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

PRINTING

Of Every Description. Style A-1. Prices Right

No order too large or too small to receive our attention.

REVIEW PRINTING CO.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

For Sale OR RENT.

The property situated on Robinson-st., Ashburnham, lately occupied by Mrs. Bertram Orde. Apply to

JOHN BURNHAM

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

SPECIAL SATURDAY SALE OF CURTAIN POLES and TRIMMINGS

New stock of Wood Trimmings and Poles complete for 25c.

New Spring Stock of Brass Goods Trimmings, with Poles complete for 25c.

Our Wall Paper is going fast. See the patterns from 4c upwards per roll.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley,
370 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,
396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Good Bread at Best Prices.

Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour. Bates Bros., bakers. d91

Ladies.

Go to Mrs. Appleby's for the new shaded Dresden Floss. Shading easily and quickly done. Just received a new and attractive line of Infant's Silk Bonnets. These Bonnets are very neat and pretty, and we are sure the materials cannot be had and made up for anything like the prices they are selling at. d92tf

The Late Geo Fitzgerald

The funeral of the late George Fitzgerald took place from the residence of his father, Mr J W Fitzgerald, this morning to St. Peter's cathedral and thence to the Roman Catholic cemetery. The service at the church was conducted by Rev Father Fitzpatrick and Rev Father Scanlan officiated at the grave. The pall bearers were Dr McGrath and Messrs J McGrath, who accompanied the remains from Hamilton, Montana, Jos Cahill, Thos Henry, Fred Morrow and Walter Phelan. Many friends and acquaintances attended the obsequies.

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

Steel and Brass Beds

Are among the newest and nicest things in furniture. You can see in Clegg's show window two beds of very neat design finished in white. Other tinted colors can be had to order. Having secured the agency for this class of beds from the only firm manufacturing them in Canada. You can encourage home industry and at the same time save yourself money by buying at Clegg's. We quote the lowest prices for steel and brass, and all brass bedsteads. Clegg's furniture ware rooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

Ashburnham Briefs

Some fine trees have been planted around the school grounds. Together with those previously planted they will add very much to the good appearance of the grounds in a few years. This is but one of the many ways in which the members of the Ashburnham School Board manifest their interest in the school.

School re-opens on Monday, April 26th, when it is earnestly hoped that all pupils, especially for the First book classes, will be sent by their parents or guardians on April 26th, to prevent unnecessary inconvenience in the classes. Pupils who do not attend regularly or who are careless in their work need not expect promotion at the June examinations, which will begin about June 23—in less than two months from the re-opening of school.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SONG AND VIOLIN.

The Watkin Mills and George Fox Concert at the Opera House—A Fine Programme and an Appreciative Audience.

Last night at the opera house an audience fairly large in numbers and comprising those of our town most interested in musical matters, gathered to hear the celebrated baritone-basso, Mr. Watkin Mills, and Mr. Geo. Fox, the violinist, with Mr. W. Spencer Jones as accompanist. The event was a musical treat. It is seldom that artists of the calibre of the first two performers visit Peterborough, and the excellence of their programme, with the faultless manner in which the several numbers were given, made the evening one of the greatest possible enjoyment.

Mr. Watkin Mills is pushing through his American engagements pending his return to London, Eng., where he is down for the leading basso parts in oratorio. Few singers have the ability and resource to attempt a programme of fourteen songs consecutively, but that is the work the artist has set out to accomplish. His opening selection, "She alone Charmeth my Sadness," was a revelation to the audience. A voice so powerful, resonant and sweet is only heard at intervals of a score of years. His intonation is perfect, the tones mellow and deep and the air flows from his lips in a perfect stream of melody. Few men may sing as Mr. Watkin Mills can sing. His versatility was shown in the wide range of selections from oratorio, opera, classical and ballad. Where all were so good it is hard to particularize, but "A Bedouin Love Song" carried the audience by storm. Hearty and long-continued applause was given and an encore kindly responded to.

Few masters of the violin play so gracefully, draw so sweet a tone and execute so perfectly as Mr. George Fox. His thorough devotion to his art, his unobtrusive manner and marvellously beautiful tone all stamp him as an artist who is excelling and who will presently rank very nicely alongside the masters of this end of the century. He plays with equal facility, and perfectly, selections which try the capacity of the best performers, while his sympathetic and delicate playing of an old and familiar air, "Annie Laurie," was a touch of feeling that gained a very hearty encore.

In the field of the accompanists Mr Jones is at home Mr. Jones is filling an engagement as choirmaster and organist at Brockville and strays away during the week to assist his principals. Mr. Jones is a support to the performers. His accompaniments were well played and his not unimportant part of the programme is given with great excellence.

THE SPRING STALLION SHOW.

Next Saturday, April 24th, is the Date of This Event.

On Saturday next, April 24th, the spring stallion show under the auspices of the directors of the Peterborough Central Exhibition will be held at the Oriental hotel yards. The promoters of this show are offering valuable prizes in five classes as follows:—

1—Thoroughbred blood.
2—Coach or carriage.
3—Hackney.
4—Heavy draught (pedigreed).
5—Agricultural.

The only restriction placed upon exhibitors is that they shall be members of the West Peterborough Agricultural Society. The enterprise and energy of the directors of this society in arranging this show should be recognized by a large number of entries showing what horse stock Peterborough district has. Any information may be secured from Mr. W. J. Green, secretary.

THE MARY ELLEN'S SUCCESSOR.

The Practically New Steamer that Will Succeed the Mary Ellen on Stony Lake.

Mr P P Young, of Young's Point, will have his new screw steamer which will succeed the Mary Ellen on the Stony lake route ready to launch about the beginning of May. Mr Young at first only intended to have the Mary Ellen undergo extensive repairs, but on examination he came to the conclusion to take her to pieces and build a new boat, and, as a result, part of the keel, engine and wheel-house is all that remains of the old boat. She will be 80ft in length and 16ft in breadth, and will be allowed to carry one hundred more passengers than did the Mary Ellen. The new boiler, which is made of steel, was purchased from the Wm Hamilton Mfg. Co., of Peterborough, and tested to steam 129 pounds when in working order. She is a fine model of a boat, and will be the fastest and steadiest steamer on the lakes. Rumor says she is to be christened "The Empress." The old friends, Capt Scollard and Ed Young, the mate, will be to the fore. Mr. Young should have every success, as he is fitting the steamer up in modern style, both for comfort and convenience of the travelling public.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

A STIRLING WEDDING.

Mr. Jas. Baker, Formerly of Peterborough, Wedded to Miss S. E. Chard.

A very pretty wedding took place last night at St. John's church, Stirling, when Miss S. E. Chard, one of the most popular young ladies of that place, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr Jas R Baker, C.P.R. agent, Caledonia Springs, formerly of Peterborough. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F Newham.

The bride was charmingly attired in a costume of brocaded cream lustre, with silk lace trimming, and carried a magnificent bouquet of cream (Marshal Neil) roses. She was supported by Miss Louisa Chard and Miss Letitia Baldric, who were prettily gowned in cream cashmere and carried bouquets of pink and white roses. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr T J Baker and Mr. John Bygott, G.T.R. operator, Peterborough.

When the ceremony was concluded the party repaired to the residence of the bride where, with the aid of refreshments, toasts and music, a most enjoyable evening was spent.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker left this morning for the west on the early C.P.R. express followed by the congratulations and best wishes of their numerous friends, whose feelings were shown in no slight degree by the number of costly presents which were received.

EVANGELIST RANTON

Addresses Another Large Congregation—"Ups and Downs" the Subject

Evangelist Ranton addressed another large congregation last evening at the Charlotte-st church on the subject "Ups and Downs," taking as his text the words:

And Peter—Matt xvi, 7.

Mr Ranton introduced his subject with a short analysis of Peter's character and his early history as recorded in the Gospel. He dwelt upon Christ's dealing with individuals "Go tell my people and Peter." His next point was that Christ was interested in the wanderer. Peter had sinned by deceiving his Lord, but Christ sent the message "Tell Peter." Thirdly, Mr Ranton stated that Christ used those forgiven to help others. Peter became a preacher of righteousness. He who had denied the Lord became his message bearer.

Mr Ranton closed with an earnest appeal to all to seek the help of this Christ who sent the message to the individual and would welcome the wanderer.

During the service Messrs Steers and Stephens rendered a duet and Miss Florence Hall a solo. To-night Mr Ranton will preach another sermon on "Ups and Downs."

Two Deaths.

Mrs. Briou, wife of Mr. Thos. Briou, residing at the southern end of Park-st., is dead. She leaves beside her husband 11 children, the youngest being only seven weeks.

Francis Koster, stepson of Mr. Lewis Major, painter, is dead. He was a young man 17 years of age. The funeral takes place to Brechin to-morrow.

Court at Millbrook.

The preliminary hearing of a charge of theft against John T. Wilson and John Wilson, father and son, of Cavan, was held at Millbrook Tuesday and yesterday before Mr. Thos. Gillot, J.P. The Wilsons were accused of stealing 50 bushels of grain from Mr. Clare Winslow, also of Cavan. They pleaded not guilty but were committed for trial. Mr. F. D. Kerr represented County Crown Attorney J. W. Kerr, of Cobourg, as prosecutor, and the defence was conducted by Mr. R. M. Ruddy, of Millbrook. The Wilsons were allowed out on $500 bail.

Personal.

Miss Amy Pope, of Hamilton, is the guest of Mrs Edward Cookson, 508 Aylmer-st.

Judge Dartnell, of Whitby, is in town to attend the funeral of the late Dr Kempt.

Mrs F C Wurtle, of Quebec, is in town on a visit to her son, Mr Eustache Wurtelle, of the Bank of Montreal.

Mr Frank Turner, of the Peter Hamilton Mfg Co, left to-day on a visit to his parents in England.

Rev W R Young has been attending the Bay of Quinte Conference examinations at Brighton.

Rev John Garbutt, of Omemee, has accepted an invitation to become pastor of the Smithfield Methodist church.

Mr. Walter Kempt, Danbury, Conn, Mrs (Dr.) Kerrigan and Miss Helena Kempt, New York, have arrived in town to attend the funeral of their father, Dr. Kempt.

Mr J M Sorley, of Toronto, has taken up the agency of the York County Loan and Savings Co, and will reside in town. He will reside at the Huffman House until arrangements are made to move his family here. Mr Sorley has the reputation of being an active and enterprising business man, and the company's affairs should prosper in his hands.

The friends of Dr T H Bell, son of Mr F J Bell, who is at present in London, Eng., studying for the degree of L. R. C. P. and M. R. C. S., will be pleased to learn that Dr. Bell has been successful in passing on the two subjects upon which he has written so far. There yet remains one subject to be successfully written on before the degrees are secured. Peterborough is always interested in the success of Peterborough boys.

ON SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

Albert Cresswell, of Whitby, who Pleaded Guilty to Stealing Clothing.

At Police Court this morning Albert Cresswell, of Whitby, who pleaded guilty last week to stealing a quantity of clothing from James A. McGill at the Huffman house, came up for sentence.

The prisoner was represented by Mr. L. M Hayes, who pleaded strongly for leniency. Judge Dartnell, of Whitby, bore testimony to the previous good character of Cresswell and the Magistrate decided to allow the prisoner to go, Cresswell agreeing to pay the costs in connection with the case, about $30

NORWOOD NEWS.

Personal Paragraphs—A Theft—Other News Notes.

Correspondence of the Review.

Personal.—Miss Lily Scott, who is teaching in Toronto, and Miss K Lewis, of Peterborough, are spending their holidays at Mr R Scott's....Mr A R Anderson and Mr W A F Campbell were in Toronto on Saturday on business....Miss Mary and Jennie Rork, of Toronto Junction, are spending their holidays at home.. Miss E Waters has been spending a few days in Peterborough....Miss B J Roxburgh is home again....Mr D Eason, of Keene, is visiting friends in town....Mr E Macfarlane, who has been teaching at Burn Brae, is the guest of Mrs Butterfield....The Misses Farrel have been visiting in Peterborough.

Theft—Some time between Sunday night and Monday morning some contemptible villans forced in the door of Mr J Hughe's store and carried off about $40 worth of clothing and fancy goods. As Mr Hughes is a young man just starting in business it is rather discouraging. Every effort should be made to find the thieves and have them severely punished.

Sunrise Service.—A union sunrise service was held in the Methodist church on Sunday morning. Mr Edwin Squires conducted the meeting and although there were only a very few present the hour was a very profitable one.

Shocked.—When Mr Booth heard about the fire he collapsed and was not able to be out of bed all day, but in the evening he was around again.

The Church.—On Sunday the pulpit of the Presbyterian church was occupied by the Rev Mr Bennett, of Peterborough. In the morning he took as his text: Heb 3, 13, and in the evening he gave a splendid address on Cor. 3, 11: For other foundation can no man lay than that which is laid, which is Jesus Christ.

A Tale of Crossing Australia.

In St. John's school house on Monday evening, April 26th, Mr. J. Langley Taylor will relate his experiences of "A Deep Sea Voyage" and "Across Australia." Mr. Taylor has been there and knows whereof he speaks. The Mail and Empire in printing a report of his lecture and recital says:—"In St. John's church schoolroom last evening, Mr. Langley Taylor gave a graphic description of his personal experiences and a thrilling account of a journey across the unknown regions of the Australian continent. The narrative was delivered in a unique style and was most highly entertaining." 1d94

Brevities.

—The Finance Committee will meet to-night.

—The Y. M. C. A. Bible Class will not meet to-night.

—Work on renovations at St Peter' cathedral has begun.

—John Smith, a vagrant, was given a ticket to Cobourg this morning.

—Messrs James and Milne Hamilton are home from McGill University.

—It is said that the G T R station will be repainted in a short time.

—An adventurous young man rode over the C P R bridge on his bicycle yesterday. His wheel was not damaged.

—Oak Hall is advertised on the streets to-day with a large umbrella, of gaudy colors, which is parading the town on a wagon.

—There is some talk of a Roman Catholic church being built at Coe Hill, the nearest church in that section being the one at Bancroft.

—There will be a meeting of the Park Nine baseball club to-morrow evening (Friday) at the Oriental hotel. A full attendance is requested as important business matters have to be dealt with."

—The people of Haliburton have decided to erect a new town hall, and have let the contract to a Fenelon Falls man. The village lockup will be in the basement. The cost of the building will be about $2,500.

—The Campbellford bicycle club has elected the following officers:—President, C L Owen; 1st Vice-president, E W Gaudrie; 2nd Vice-president, D H Douglas; Secretary-Treasurer, J P Archer; Captain, T E Bell; 1st Lieutenant, Geo Benor; 2nd Lieutenant, W C Nancarrow; Bugler, E. Frederick; Committee, Irvine Frederick, W C Nancarrow and J P Archer.

—The Oddfellows of the two local lodge and visiting brethren, will attend divine service at the Murray-st Baptist church on Sunday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock, when Rev A T Dykeman will preach the sermon. The brethren will assemble at the Oddfellows hall at 3 o'clock. This service commemorates the anniversary of Oddfellowship on this continent.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

THESE BE FACTS!

We Supply Just What is Needed.

Notwithstanding the fact that we doubled our staff of saleswomen and workroom hands, at noon on Saturday, we had to refuse orders for Millinery to be ready that day

We're sorry for this, as some of our old customers were among those whose orders we were compelled to refuse. We will be just as busy at the close of this week, and urgently request all intending headgear buyers to leave their **orders early in the week.** In this way the best results are attained, and we keep up our reputation for turning out the most Stylish Millinery in Canada.

Eight large cases of novelties passing into stock to-day, ready for sale to-morrow. A glance at these will repay the time spent in inspecting. New things bring out new ideas. Is it worth buying until you have seen these?

R. H. KELLS & Co

369 George-st.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

City Lodge, I. O. G. T.

Peterborough Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Finance Committee.

Meeting of the Queen's birthday celebration committee.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d81y

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends Try a line and know good tea E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Licenses Granted in East Durham.

At a meeting of the East Durham License Commissioners held on Thursday in Port Hope, a license was granted to each of the following: D McKinnon, of Bethany; Mr Webber, of Garden Hill: Mr J Coulter, of Pontypool; R Hutchinson, of Cavanville. None were granted in Port Hope and Millbrook, the matter being laid over until the 29th to allow the new by-law to come in force.

The Greatest Snap of the Season

Genuine Scotch and Irish Tweed Suits made to order for $17 and $18, were sold from $22 to $24, all new imported goods and a perfect fit at Ball & Co.'s, Water-st. They always give what they advertise. Try them. They are the only tailors in town who have had experience in the west end of London, England, so you are sure to get a west end cut and finish from Ball & Co, the only English and New York practical tailors in Peterborough, 385 Water-st. 3d94

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 George Street

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

Football.

The members of the Selwyn football club held a meeting on Saturday evening, 17th inst., when the following officers were elected:—

Hon.-President—R Pearson.

President—M Bell.

Captain—Ernie McIlmoyle.

Vice-Captain—H Bell.

Sec.-Treasurer—J J Hoolahan.

The boys will begin to pratice at once and would like to hear from some of the other country clubs and arrange for a match in the near future.

CENTREVILLE COMMENTS

Death of Mrs Thos Pritchard—Departure of Rev Mr Cattanach.

Correspondence of the Review.

DEATH.—Mrs Pritchard, wife of Mr Thos Pritchard, died last Sunday after a few weeks' illness, aged 66 years.

FAREWELL.—Rev. Jas. Cattanach, Presbyterian pastor here, preached his farewell sermon last Sunday, and on Monday, Mr and Mrs Cattanach left for their new home in Maryland, U.S., Mr. R. Deyell accompanied them as far as Peterborough. Rev. Mr. Celand, Port Hope, will occupy the Presbyterian pulpit here (now vacant) next Sabbath.

CROPS.—The heavy frost this week has materially injured the fall wheat and clover, and it is reported a man had his ears frozen while driving last Monday.

Death of Fred Ridley

Fred Ridley, who has been suffering from consumption for some time, died at St. Joseph's hospital this morning. He was a son of the late Chas Ridley, of the Examiner, and for seveal years was employed as driver for Mr E F Mason.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

IT'S A MISTAKE

TO THINK THAT ONLY THE RICH MAN CAN WEAR HIGH-CLASS GARMENTS.

We partly adopted the Cash System of Tailoring in Peterborough in order that men of moderate means might be as well dressed as the millionaire, without any strain upon the finances. Suppose you need

A Genuine Scotch Tweed Suit

Our cash price for which is $17.50. Isn't it easier to pay down the cash and be done with it than to face a debt of $22.50 which any good tailor would have to charge for it, if he had to wait an indefinite time for his money?

A. MERCER & CO.

355 George Street, High-class Cash Tailor

JUBILEE DECORATIONS.

Some Suggestions for Jubilee Day and the Local Decorations.

To the Editor of the Review

SIR,—I assume that we are all agreed that Peterborough is to be the prettiest and best decorated town in the Dominion on Jubilee day. To help towards this end I suggest:

1. The decorations should be general. Not George-st alone, but every street in the town should have its share of brightness and gaiety. No home should be so humble that it cannot have a bit of color or some evergreens to help in the general effect.

2. Large numbers of small flags are more effective than a few large flags. These small flags may be made by any one at very little cost and without much trouble, by getting some bunting of different colors, red, white, blue and yellow, and cutting it, say, twelve by eighteen inches, and varying the shape by making some of the flags triangular and some swallow-tailed. These may be fastened at intervals on a cord or rope, and strung from pole to pole along or across the street. It would be well if our merchants would have on hand in good time a plentiful supply of bunting and sell it for the purpose at a price as near cost as possible.

3. There might be in the evening a general illumination of the town, and this too may be made more general by getting a cheap means of illumination. Home-made Chinese lanterns, made out of the various colors of "crinkle" paper, are very effective. There might be bonfires on the hills to the north, east and west of the town, and special effects might be arranged for such points of vantage as the Court House park and the grounds of St. John's church.

What is wanted in any case is the general interest and effort of all citizens to make the day a success.

Yours truly,
E. B. EDWARDS.

Mr. Ranton and His Work.

To the Editor of the Review.

DEAR SIR,—After considering some letters which appeared in the evening papers of Monday regarding Mr Ranton's sermon on dancing, I beg leave to say a few words on the subject through the columns of your valuable paper.

I do not desire to enter into any discussion with people who have not courage enough to sign their names to what they call their convictions in the matter. I simply wish to state what I believe to be true regarding Mr Ranton as a preacher and a man.

During the summer of '93 I was a student with Mr Moody in Chicago, and while there first met Mr Ranton. We all, as students, regarded him as a Christian gentleman, and as a preacher he took his place with such men as McNeil Mills, Gordon, Wharton, Dixon, and others, who labored with Mr Moody that summer. Since then God has wonderfully blessed his work. In conversation yesterday with a gentleman from Toronto he told me that Mr Ranton's work in that city was genuine and proved a glorious success.

Now, I wish to say that Mr Ranton has come to our town at our invitation, and we should treat him as we would treat a guest in our home. He has but one motive and that is to do us good. I have had the pleasure of being present at every meeting conducted by Mr Ranton since he came and must say that I never heard the Gospel preached more faithfully and lovingly by any man. It is true that he has given us what we term "straight preaching," but that is why I like him. Have not the true preachers of God been "straight preachers?" Did not Nathan reprove David? Did not Daniel denounce the King?" Did not John the Baptist strike right at Herod's sin. Did not rulers tremble before Paul and Peter? Did not Luther strike terror into Germany and Knox make Scotland tremble because he was true to the Truth?

Why condemn a watchman for doing his duty. Is not the people's blood required at his hand if he fails in doing so? Why not hurl our condemnation against evil doers in our town rather than oppose one who is only trying to do good?

Why hide in darkness? Why not come to the light? "Why halt ye between two opinions?" If Mr Ranton be right honor him. If those who oppose him be right be men enough to come to the opera house next Sunday and on the public platform prove it. Will you come? If not either sign your names or forever after hold your peace.

Yours most truly,
H. D. KENNEDY.

Y M C A., April 21st.

OAK HALL.

Lily Lake Literary Society.

The regular meeting of the Lily Lake Literary society, on Thursday, April 15th, was unusually largely attended and the following programme was rendered:—

Address.....President
Report.....Secretary
Report.....Critic
Opening Chorus.....Glee Club
Recitation.....Miss Medda Swinton
Reading.....Miss Lily Middleton
Dialogue—Wine wanted—Misses Mabel Elliott, Edith Elliott and Jessie Swinton
Instrumental.....Messrs V and W Paul
Recitation.....Miss Edna Middleton
Recitation.....Jessie Swinton
Trio.....Mrs Simpson, Messrs A Fulton and Joe Middleton
Speech.....Mr W H Carrans
Debate—Resolved, that a woman is as capable of doing business as a man—Affirmative: Mrs G A Reid and Miss Lottie Middleton. Negative: Messrs J A Storey and H Middleton. Decided in favor of affirmative.
Paper.....Editor

God Save the Queen.

BOBCAYGEON BUDGET.

The Report of the Easter Examination:—Other News Notes

Correspondence of the Review.

EASTER EXAMS.—The following is an account of the written examinations held in the schools last week, showing the number of marks obtainable by each pupil in the differ ent classes.

Mr. Hickson's room, Sr IV Class—Maximum 1185—Martha Martin 778, James Conway 772; Nellie Justus 681, Bessie Robinson 629, Fred Minns 607, Edna Hunter 604, Elma Kelly 602, Mary Patterson 553, Wilbert Nicholls 521.

Jr V Class—Maximum 1215—Harry Garlick 859, James Welsh 852, Charlie Jenkins 813, Mary Ingram 785, Bert Minns 770, Arthur McIntyre 737, Sara Garden 726, Roy Flewell 674, Mary Hurst 669, George Middleton 604, Willie Wright 0.

Sr. IV Class—Maximum 790—Percy Reid 589, Winnie Purdy 585, George Moore 554, Harry Reid 539, Harry Moffat 475, Perlina Arnberg 469, Blanche Wright 452, Sara Edgar 436, Ephriam Hurst 418, John Garden 412, Robert Swartman 410, Garner Hunter 406, Sophia Van 406, Dan Cain 404, Florence Platt 399, Lucinda Purdy 0, Mary Reid 0, Caddie Hurchmer 0, Clara Thompson (unavoidably absent) 0.

Jr. IV Class—Maximum 488—Foss Lacombe 274, Pearl Davidson 272, Olive Kelly 269, Lizzie Hunter 261, Mosrom Reid 248, Ethel Fairbairn 247, George Johnston 247, Willie Moore 239, Minnie Arnberg 236, Wallace VanNorman 216, Elmer Grant 215, Blanche Gidley 210, Annie Byng 200, Alex. Ingram 189, Colman Blewett 0.

Miss McClelland's room, Sr III Class—maximum 612—McDonald Robinson 389; Miriam Gage 378, Chas Moffatt 355, Pearl Reid 354, Ethel Smith 349, Ella Dartnell 346, Elsie Britton 342, Bert Wright 332, Thomas Davey 312, Jesse Gidley 304, Kate Hamilton 304, Bruce Given 0, Edgar Switzer 0.

Jr III Class—Maximum 446—Mabel McIlmoyle 301, Willie Gage 298, Joe Shaw 277, Mamie Fletcher 269, Bruce Hamilton 267, George Atthill 262, Cora Thompson 261, Alma Elder 237, Bertha Hamilton 235, Bert Trotter 222, Ruby Davidson 213, Hattie Hurst 207, Maggie Hurst 183, Fred Hamilton 165, Cornelius Crimmon 164, Willie Hunter 154, Joe Read 141, Myrtle Tyndall 0, Myrtle Meader 0, Roy English 0.

Sr II class—Maximum, 500—Kate Lancaster 383, Daisy Robinson 374, Willie Ingram 360, Zetta Bottum 257, Myrtle Ventress 337, Frank Shean 352, Flossie Edgar 337, Daisy Gage 335, Weller Reed 332, Harry Lacombe 331, George Hamilton 318, Sidney Britton 317, Bertha Junkin 291, Sara McInnes 277, Fred Hurchmer 254, Pearl Lewis 239, Daisy Hamilton 236, Newman Given 235, Emerson Elder 208, Ethel Hill 0, Hugh O'Donnel 0, Lizzie McNutt 0, Dimples McNutt 0.

Miss McGuire's room, Jr Second Class—Maximum 279—Bertie Hamilton 240, Harry Reid 239, Wesley Hill 234, John Hamilton 227, Thomas Given 222, John Hill 209, Maude Brooks 207, Alice Murphy 202, Duncan McPhee 197, Russel Thurston 183, Alfred Nicholls 181, Ernest Edgar 162, James Bell 160, Thos Campbell 131, John O'Donnel 129, Percy Nicholls 126, Lydian Lancaster 101.

Sr Pt II—Maximum 194, Edward Thibador 172, Effie Read 126, Lila Telford 149, Lilly Hill 127, Fay Garlick 125.

Jr Pt II—Maximum 194—George Walker 151, Wesley Dartnell 148, Lettie Elder 141, Bernie Hamilton 135, Ida Swartman 133, Fred Quinn 125, Cliff Moffat 117, Hazel Edgar 116, Lilly Thurston 110, Willie Hill 90, Geo Byng 87, Meta Read 72, Stanley O'Donnel 71.

Miss Garden's Room—Jr II class—Maximum, 279—Fred Walker 205, Charlie Kennedy 179, Percy Creswell 169, May Johnston 156, Charlie Wright 155, Gordon Dunn 154, Gertie VanNorman 152, Clara Britton 146, Stella Mitchell 140, Blanche Smith 117, Ola Wilson 116, Willie Fletcher 111, Maggie Falls 107.

Sr Pt II—Maximum, 194—Bruce Walker 135, Triffie Heten 125, Fred Kennedy 113, Alex King 99, Flora Smith 96.

Jr Pt II—Maximum, 194—Harry Arnberg 146, Willie Hunter, 136, Mina Hurst 112, Cora Hamilton 111, Myrtle Hurst 105, Frank Johnston 95, Ethel Gage 94, Harry Grant, 93, Malcolm McIntyre 91, Pearl Hamilton 62, Willie Kelly 49, Maggie Fletcher 44, Ada Minns 34, Ina King 0

OUR BRASS BAND—Friday afternoon our band was out and enlivened the village with a few of their popular airs. A very fine bass horn has been added to their already good supply of instruments. The band has now fifteen members, and under the instructions of Mr. L W Ross it will no doubt become skilled in its performances.

SEEDING—The farmers of this locality have begun their seeding.

LITTLE BOB MILL—M M Boyd & Co.'s mill at "Little Bob," commenced work on Monday, the 19th inst., for this season. This will give work to fifty or fifty-five men, so that it will be a good thing for those of the village who are looking for work.

The Jamieson Raid.

Mr. R. M. Roy takes pleasure in announcing to his many friends and the public that on Tuesday evening, April 27 at Bradburn opera house he will give his series of 75 stereopticon views of the Jamieson raid in South Africa. These views have just arrived from London, England, and are the only set in Canada. As the subject is new and one which every person is familiar with, and as the views are the best that money can buy a very instructive and pleasing entertainment will be given. For the benefit of the children a complete new set of funny pictures will be presented. The prices have been made low so that no one need miss seeing these interesting views. Tickets 25 and 35 cents, children 15 cents.

Thanks to the Hospital Staff

To the Editor of the Review.

SIR,—I, the undersigned, do hereby return my sincere thanks to the officers of Nicholls hospital for their kindness in taking me in and caring for me when hurted and in time of need. Also in gratitudy I thank the doctors for their kind treatment in restoring me back to health and vigor. With due respect I remain their ever well wisher and humble servant,

JOHN SMITH.

"THE INFUSION"

Is bright, clear, and of extreme delicacy of flavor. It can be drunk with impunity, even by the confirmed dyspeptic, it is so pure.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuine Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

THAT '97 WHEEL is Waiting for You.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YET? NO!

THE MASSEY-HARRIS CAN BE SOLD TO you for less than you are asked by most agents for any high grade wheel in town. There is a rock bottom price for the Massey-Harris. Suppose you take the trouble to ask us what it is?

The Massey-Harris Co. build the finest bicycle, put on the the best tires (Dunlop), furnish the finest, easiest, most comfortable saddle (the Christy): give you almost any choice you want in handles, pedals, etc., and then absolute guarantee to back it all.

You can't get better value. Don't think of buying until you see us.

KINCAN & ALLEN, AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

We have a fine line of high grade violins at very close prices on easy weekly or monthly payments. Old Stand, Peterborough Music Co.

A Deep Sea Voyage

—AND—

Across Australia.

The above interesting entertainment will be given by Mr. C. T. Longley Taylor in

St. John's Church School House

—ON—

MONDAY, APRIL 26

Mr. Taylor will be assisted by local talent.

ADMISSION 25c.

Toronto Globe:

"* * * * *With such a subject, handled by an able speaker such as Mr. Taylor, there was not a dull moment from the commencement to the close."

d94

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.

Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses - - - Argyle Street.
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Pianoforte, Organ and Theory

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LESSONS IN PETERBOROUGH & ASHBURNHAM

FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

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PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."
The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2400 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1896.
SUN LIFE	**$7,468,282**	**$4,060,521**
Canada Life	$4,308,638	8541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,858,250	723,038
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,[illegible]31
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

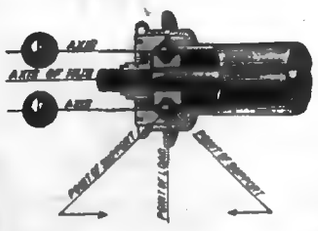
KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

"The New Barnes White Flyer Bicycle bears the same relation in appearance to the bicycles as the Thorough-bred Racer does to the roadster in horses."

Ride A NEW WHITE BARNES CYCLE And own a Stylish Mount. You get the Acme Of Perfection in Cycle Construction with Handsome Appearance. THE NEW BARNES Stands at the Head for Quality. See It!

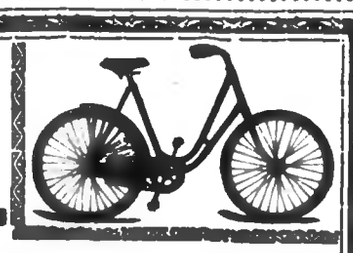
O. B. SHORTLY
Agent,
PETERBOROUGH.

THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE **E.&D.**



is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.

Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,
H. E. BURGESS.
Apple Buyer.

O. B. SHORTLY,
Agent, Peterborough.

THE LAUDATION OF GLUTTONY.

Many Lives Shortened by the Pleasures of the Table.

In spite of the warnings and commands of family physicians, in spite of the many examples of shortened lives and lives of suffering, men will yield to the seductiveness of the pleasures of the table. The spectacle of the man who overeats, or who deliberately eats improper food, is common enough, but rarely do we see as plain evidence of the admiration for the glutton which certain people possess as that which the daily papeers lately afforded. A well-known boniface died at an age when he ought to have been enjoying robust and vigorous health. Some slight mention was made of his business ventures, of his daily life, of his reason for living. But all this part of his existence was immaterial and uninteresting. The great and praiseworthy features of his life seem to have been gastronomic feats and a general ability to eat and drink enormously. He was lauded as the prince of bon vivants, the man who could eat a huge dinner and shortly thereafter swallow a brace of broiled lobsters and a couple of Welsh rarebits, washed down with copious libations of vintages or distillages or fermentages. During his last illness, when his physicians enjoined rest in bed and a scrupulously careful diet, we read that he was game enough to dress and go out on the hotel porch to sit, winding up his imprudence (and incidentally his life) with a hearty meal, in defiance of the medical directions. This last piece of bravado was apparently considered by certain newspaper reporters as an achievement fit to rank with a victory on a battlefield, and the glutton was admiringly mentioned as though he were a brilliant and fearless hero, risking his life in a worthy cause. He was allowed more space than the Cuban patriots. He was eclipsed only by the Chinese viceroy in importance as a timely topic.

The newspapers were not creating a sentiment, but merely catering to one already formed in thus aiding gluttony. The only conclusion we can draw is that the epicurean philosophy still has its cult, and that many a man's motto is "Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die." The case is left to the moralist.—American Medical-Surgical Bulletin.

Seed Propagation.

The necessary requisites for successful plant raising from seed are, first of all, to buy fresh seed from a reliable dealer—then to sow the seeds properly, and to care for them properly until they germinate—to transplant at the right stage of growth, and to take the right care of them until they are ready to be set where they are expected to grow and flower. From ignorance of these general principles much good seed doubtlessly goes to waste every year. True, seeds fail sometimes, because they are so old they have lost their vitality, or possibly they have never been perfectly developed, but the practical reason of failure is in the individual not comprehending the needs of the seed before he starts out to deal with it.

In every perfect seed will be found an embryo, or germ, that upon examination will show to be a rudimentary plantlet, with a perfectly formed stem, leaves and bud. Now, before this minute plant is forced into development certain conditions have to be fulfilled, such as the giving of moisture, air and water in proper amounts. First of all the seed has to absorb enough water to completely saturate and soften it, so it can swell. This is why we sometimes soak certain seeds before planting, which expedites this first step toward germination—especially when the seeds are large with thick and strong outer coats. With this softening and swelling keep in a temperature of from fifty to ninety degrees, with a free circulation of air, and it will not be long before the tiny embryo will burst its bounds and become visible on the surface. Seeds will germinate in pure water, or between dampened brown paper or cotton, but for growth there must be soil.—Eugenia Pruden, in Home Magazine.

Feminine Premonitions.

"I may be over-careful," she said, as she hid the plated spoons and her curling irons in the bottom of her trunk before she went out shopping, "but I just can't bear to run any risks."

Then she pinned her gold watch to the outside of her dress by a blue ribbon and went down town.

"HE HATH THE FALLING SICKNESS."

—*Shakespeare.*

Epilepsy or the "Falling Sickness" has been known for many centuries, and for as long a period of time no cure has been discovered, till Ryckman's Kootenay Cure came upon the scene and revolutionized the healing art. Julius Cæsar, one of the greatest men of ancient times, was a victim to it, and no physician of his day could effect a cure. Napoleon, the greatest warrior of modern times, fell a prey to it, and among all his conquering hosts there was not one that could conquer this insidious disease.

But here is Samuel Duffin, residing in the Township of West Nissouri, eight miles from the City of London, who makes a sworn statement before a Notary Public, that about eight years ago he had a paralytic stroke, and has ever since been subject to Epileptic Fits, which came upon him so often that it was unsafe for him to be left alone. He was treated by five of the best physicians in the province, and spent hundreds of dollars, to no avail, in endeavoring to get relief. Then he tried Kootenay Cure, which contains the new ingredient. Note the change.

"I have taken between three and four bottles." "I have now a good appetite, sleep well every night, and best of all, the fits have almost entirely left me." "My friends see a change in my appearance, and ask me what I have been doing, I gladly tell them I have been taking Kootenay. My general health is wonderfully improved, and I certainly feel, after twelve years of terrible suffering, I have been given a new lease of life by Kootenay Cure, the Greatest Medicine of the Age."

The price of Kootenay Cure is $1 50 per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it, send to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. Chart book free on application. One bottle lasts over a month.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

drawing a step nearer, and speaking in a guarded tone, interrupts her.

"I am satisfied that you were robbed on Saturday night, Miss Wardour; I am sure that you have no clue to the burglars; no suspicion as to their identity; but, I am not so sure that you do not know precisely where to look for the Wardour diamonds at this moment?"

Constance flushed, and then turned pale. She had found her match; she was cornered, mastered, but she must give one last scratch.

"Having divined so much," she said bitterly. "I suppose you intend to find them too?"

He drew himself up haughtily. "I am a detective, madam, not a spy; so long as your diamonds give you no uneasiness they have no interest for me. When you need my services they are yours. I do not investigate mysteries from mere curiosity."

Constance felt a twinge of self-reproach. "I am behaving like a fool," she thought, in severe condemnation. "I am losing my own identity; this man is a friend to rely on, an enemy to fear. He will not bow to my whims and caprices. What has come over me? Let me try and redeem myself."

She had been musing with downcast eyes; now she looked up, straight into her companion's face. It had undergone a sudden change; the eyes, a moment since so full of fire and subtlety, were dull and expressionless. The face was vague to apathy, the mouth looked the incarnation of meekness or imbecility; even his hands had taken on a helpless feebleness in the clutch in which he held his worn-out hat. Before she could withdraw her gaze or open her lips in speech, he said in a low guarded tone:—

"Some one is approaching. Look behind me, Miss Wardour, and carefully, not to excite suspicion."

She turned her gaze cautiously in the direction indicated, and saw coming slowly toward them, Mr. Belknap and Mrs. Aliston.

"It is Mr. Belknap," she said, nodding easily at the new comers as she spoke, "and my aunt. Have no fears, sir tramp, everything shall be as you wish. I will engage you, I think."

Constance was herself again.

"Aunt Honor," she said, as the two came within hearing distance, "you find me at my old tricks."

"Old tricks indeed!" replied her aunt, with more subtlety of meaning than she often employed.

Constance arose and swept past the supposed tramp, without bestowing a glance upon him.

"What would you do aunt?" she said, with an air of honest anxiety that would have done credit to an actress, "here is this man again. You know I promised to try and help him when he was here before. Simon needs an assistant, he tells me; would you try him as under gardener?"

Throughly drilled in the art of aiding and abetting her niece, Mrs. Aliston proved equal to the emergency.

"It couldn't do any harm," she said surveying the gentleman tramp somewhat superciliously. "He looks quite respectable, for that sort of a person."

Constance stifled an inclination to laugh as she said, briskly:—

"Then we will try him, and I'll just take him to the kitchen, and tell cook what to do with him until Simon comes."

"Now just let me do that Con.," remonstrated Mrs. Aliston, "Mr. Belknap wishes to talk with you about the servants; remain here, and I will attend to this person."

"Very well," responded Constance, indifferently, at the same time realizing the expediency of allowing the detective an instant opportunity for dropping a word of warning in the ear of her relative. "Tell the cook to give him something to eat, and now Mr. Belknap, you and I may walk on."

"Just follow me, my man," called Mrs. Aliston, in a tone of loftiest patronage, and the newly appointed undergardener, beaming with gratitude, passed by Miss Wardour and Mr. Belknap, and followed the portly figure kitchenward with eager alacrity.

Meantime, Constance, eager to engross Mr. Belknap's attention, turned toward him a smiling face, and said:—

"Now, Mr. Belknap, I am at your disposal for a short time; fate seems against my obtaining the rest I came out here to seek, but your business is in my interest, and I am not ungrateful; you wished to say something about my servants."

"I wish to question your servants separately, Miss Wardour."

Constance opened her eyes in quick surprise, then she answered quietly:—

"To question my servants! Oh, certainly, Mr. Belknap; when, and where?"

"This evening would suit me; I am going to look about the surrounding country during the day."

"This evening then, after dinner; will that suit you?"

"Admirably, say at half past eight;" and having completed his arrangements in this business-like manner, Mr. Belknap asked permission to pass through the orchard, received it, and, bowing gravely, went through the wicket, and walked swiftly between the rows of apple trees straight northward.

At six o'clock that evening, Miss Wardour sent for the gardener.

"Simon," she said sweetly to the cross looking old man, "I engaged a new man to-day, perhaps you have seen him. I don't expect he can be very useful to you just at first, and I want you to give him very light tasks, and treat him kindly; he is a very unfortunate man. If we find that we can't make him useful after a few days' trial, we will pay him a month's wages and let him go. That will help him a little."

Then she sent for the new man.

"I thought you might wish to hear the latest report from Mr. Belknap," she said graciously. "If I am to be your ally, I intend to keep nothing back; but I can't help fearing that he may suspect your identity."

"You need not," he replied with confident ease. "He has every reason for supposing me in California at this moment; besides, he does not know me well enough to be able to recognize me under a good disguise; our acquaintance," he added dryly, "has been somewhat one sided, with the advantage so far on my side. When I told you that I knew Mr. Belknap well, I did not intend to imply that he knew me equally well."

"Then I will trouble myself no more about the matter," said she lightly. "Mr. Belknap wishes to examine the servants, that is what I wished to tell you."

"Very proper in Mr. Belknap."

"Oh! is it? I thought it very absurd. My servants are honesty itself."

"So much the better; Mr. Belknap knows how to go to work, Miss Wardour, pray feel no prejudice."

"Oh, not at all," ironically. "Now about the report. Be within easy call tomorrow morning, please, I think we will have it then."

"Thanks."

"I suppose it will be best to have you present, that is, within hearing. I will arrange that the interview will take place in the dining room, and can easily get you into the butler's room adjoining, where William sleeps; this room was arranged with a view to the overlooking of the dining room, and plate closet, as you discovered for yourself; from there you can both hear and see."

"So much the better." Then admiringly, he added, "Miss Wardour, you are a splendid ally; you have thought of every thing."

She laughed; then answered with artful frankness: "I am trying to get back into my normal condition. I have been out of balance somehow, ever since this business commenced; have been as testy as an old woman of eighty. It is time I began to redeem myself. But I must not detain you. I see you begin to look uneasy. Until to-morrow, I commend you to the tender mercies of Simon and the cook."

"I wonder how that man looks, devoid of all disguise," mused she, after he had withdrawn. "I don't believe he is tow-haired and freckled by nature. I wonder what has become of poor Sybil's letter, and if I had better ask his aid in finding it. But he is going away so soon. Now that I reflect, soberly, what motive could Doctor Heath possibly have for taking that letter? I think I must have been mad, or in hysteria. The man may be an imposter, a man of mystery, and all that; but why must I accuse him of taking a letter that could be of no possible use to him. I had worked myself into a rage. Well, it's done; I can't recall it. Doctor Heath will think me a vixen, and why not? What is Doctor Heath's opinion of me?"

What indeed!

CHAPTER IX.

The fates seemed propitious on Monday morning. The day dawned fair and balmy, and Constance arose, feeling refreshed and like her own serene self once more.

The events of the two previous days no longer seemed to her imagination a chaotic disturbing mass of tribulations; they had arranged themselves in their proper order, been reviewed sensibly, and assigned their rightful places, as things to be overcome, or overlooked, as the case might be.

Mrs. Aliston, too, at once discreet and talkative, was in fine spirits, and the two, having ascertained the precise time when Private Detective Belknap might be expected to make his report, had breakfasted comfortably, stowed away Mr. Bathurst, according to previous arrangement, and were now calmly awaiting the coming man.

They had not long to wait. Mr. Belknap, ushered in by Nelly, found the ladies seated near the breakfast tray, as if just about completing a repast, which had in reality, been finished some time before.

"Good morning, ladies," said he, laying down his hat, and at once drawing a chair to the table, with the air of a man whose time is money. "Having completed my investigations here—that is, in this immediate neighborhood—I am prepared with my written report, which I submit to you, Miss Wardour. Will you please read it, and then give me further instructions?" and he proffered her a neatly folded paper, of goodly proportions.

Constance glanced at it dubiously, but did not take it from his hand.

"Please read it, Mr. Belknap," she said, appealingly. "I am sure I shall comprehend it better, and my aunt shares my anxiety to hear and understand its contents."

"As you please," assented he, opening the manuscript. "I have made it as brief as possible; of course, it was necessary to be statistical."

To be Continued

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND..... GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

THURSDAY APRIL 22, 1897

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Feliz Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Deane, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Roazel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Deane, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Maldrum, Jas. Graham and J. Waite.

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Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

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Canadian Pacific Railway.

	EAST ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.53 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.53 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9 05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave .....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

NOW FOR THE BUDGET.

Continued from Page 1.

he had spoken. That gentleman evidently very reluctantly agreed with the stand he (Mr. Davin) had taken.

A reference to the "miserable insect spirit" shown by Mr. Oliver brought Mr. Speaker to his feet with the statement that he thought both gentlemen had gone far enough. Both had used language which he hardly thought proper in the House.

Mr. Davin wanted to know if the expression "miserable insect spirit" was unparliamentary. Was that to be the understanding hereafter?

Mr. Speaker said the language which one gentleman would not use to another in private should not be uttered in the House.

Mr. Davin: Shades of Disraeli! Shades of Gladstone! What would these great statesmen have thought if they had sat under a Speaker who would set up such a high standard? The rule just laid down would certainly have astonished those gentlemen.

Mr. Speaker said it was not proper for any member to discuss his ruling. There was only one alternative if a member disagreed with him, namely, to appeal to the House.

Mr. Davin said he would loyally bow to the Speaker's ruling and passed on to discuss the question again, urging the importance of an independent audit, such as Sir John Macdonald considered to be an assistance to the Government.

Mr. Davies, replying, gave credit to Mr. Oliver for having brought the matter up before, supported by Mr. Davin. Besides, there was a memorial from the Northwest Legislature to the same effect. As to the audit of Northwest expenditures, it was exhaustively done by Dominion and Territorial audit. He promised on the part of the Government the most favorable consideration of the matter.

Mr. Davin moved that the services of Wood Mountain scouts during the Rebellion should be settled by an issue of scrip.

After observations by Mr. Oliver and Mr. Sproule, the debate was adjourned on Mr. Davies' motion.

Mr. Martin, on a motion for correspondence, drew attention to the wholesale dismissals of P. E. I. officials, especially of postmasters and others receiving small salaries. The present Government, he said, professed to be Liberals of the English school, but they were proving themselves Democrats of the Yankee school by introducing the spoils system.

Mr. Mulock replied, denying that any dismissals have taken place in the Postoffice Department without sufficient cause.

On the House resuming after dinner W. F. Maclean moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Railway Act. He explained that the bill sought to compel all railway companies to keep the upper berths in all sleeping cars closed when not in use. He said this would prove a great boon to the traveling community, and he had received many letters approving of the proposal. It had been tried with great success in several States of the Union. The second clause seeks to compel railway companies to furnish to the Government annually a return showing the names of the parties to whom free trips had been given during the year, as well as preferential rates given to certain classes in the country. Mr. Maclean considered that the three cents a mile rate now levied was too high, and believed that its continuance is due to the excessive number of free passes issued by the railway companies. With this information the Government would be better able to deal with the transportation problem.

The bill was read a second time and referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Criminal Code for the better protection of young girls, to increase the age of consent from 16 to 18, to make a male responsible for seduction under promise of marriage of any girl when he is 18 years of age, instead of 21. Mr. Charlton dwelt upon the urgency for protection to the young women of the country.

Mr. Craig supported the proposed raising of the age of consent, but could not accept the proposition to reduce the age of responsibility in the case of young men from 21 to 18. Young men needed protection as much as young women.

Mr. Laurier concurred in the observations of Mr. Craig. He thought it would be unwise to reduce the age of responsibility in males. Under the civil law of Quebec no man under 21 could contract a marriage without the consent of his parents. The enactment of such a clause would not be conducive to morality, but the very reverse. It would lead to blackmail in many cases and to boys being entrapped. If a girl wanted to accept a promise of marriage, she should accept the promise of a man, and not that of a boy.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Casey's bill to compel railway companies to provide proper means of drainage of farm lands which they cross was read a second time after several members had spoken approvingly of its provisions.

The House adjourned at 9.20.

YUKON CHARTERED COMPANY.

Petition to Parliament for Incorporation—Some Very Important Britishers Are in the Scheme.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—An important petition was presented to Parliament to-day for incorporation of what is to be known as the British Yukon Chartered Company. It is important on account of the influential character of the signatures. Chief among them is his Serene Highness the Duke of Teck, son-in-law to Her Majesty. The petitioners also include 31 members of the British House of Commons, among whom are: A. Dincher, R. B. Martin, H. S. Samuel, Major Dalbiac, Hon. H. V. Duncombe, H. H. Marks, E. Flower, Major Jones, W. J. Howell, Thomas Richardson, H. C. Richards and others, and many leading bankers and merchants in London. The company is asking the Canadian Government for a guarantee of 3 per cent. interest on a bond issue of a million and a quarter dollars, to enable them to build a railway from the head of the Lynn Canal over the White Mountain Pass to the head waters of navigation on the Yukon River, thereby tapping 2000 miles of navigable water and enabling the company's proposed fleet of steamers to serve the great gold-bearing districts. The company offer to administer the territory subject to conditions to be prescribed by the Government.

A War of Rates Imminent.

Chicago, April 21.—More demoralization has been discovered in connection with the excessive commissions now being paid by the Western roads. The report circulated that the Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific were paying commissions to ticket brokers in Denver, has led the other roads to pay them not only in Denver, but throughout the Western territory. Threats have been renewed that unless the present practice is stopped immediately, open reductions in the tariff will be made to meet the cuts put into effect by the brokers.

Never Fails

"Doctor," the caller asked of the distinguished surgeon, "when ordinary methods fail to bring a man from under the influence of chloroform, how do you proceed?"

"I show him his bill."

A Poet's Explanation.

Question.—Why do women always write love poems in the masculine gender?

Answer.—Because we know women too well to write in the feminine gender.

G.O.M. Wheel.

The Right Hon. W. Ewart Gladstone has taken to riding a bike, and writes that he has now fairly mastered the fickle machine. The above illustration is from a snapshot as he passed along a Hawarden by-path.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $9 in car lots, and shorts $9.50 to $10.50.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very strong. Red winter wheat is quoted at 75c to 76c, and white sold at 77c, west. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c, Midland, and 74c to 75c, afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 29c to 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c, west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with sales at 33c, middle freights.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 21.—Spring wheat 6s 5½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7¾d; peas, 4s 2½d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather firmer. English country markets 2s dearer. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures steady at 6s 1½d for May and July and 6s 1d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8d for May and 2s 6½d for July. Flour 21s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 22f 25c for May. Flour 44f 85c for April and May

Liverpool—Close—Wheat firm at 6s 3¼d for May, 6s 3d for July and 6s 2¼d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8d for May, 2s 10d for July and 3s 0½d for Sept. Flour 21s 9d.

London—Wheat on passage firm and 6d higher. Maize on passage firm.

Paris—Wheat quiet at 22f 05c for May. Flour 44f 65c for May.

SEASON 1897.

THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 105, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

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MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 20th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 60	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 42
Peas, mummies	0 42	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per wt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 01½	to	0 02½
Mutton per lb	0 05	to	0 06
Spring Lamb per lb	0 06	to	0 07
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs	0.00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 35	to	0 45
GENERAL			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 50	to	0 60
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 15	to	0 17
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

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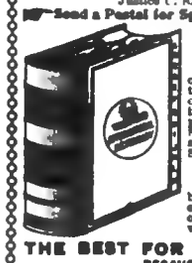

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ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

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The Daily Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1897

A Vision of the Future.

One day in October, 1883, Lady A—, living in Rue de Bel Respiro, Paris, found that she had been robbed of a sum of 3500 francs. She notified the Commissary of Police on Rue Berryer, who instituted a search and questioned the servants but discovered nothing. Lady A—, when enumerating her servants, begged the Commissary to exclude from his suspicions her second valet de chambre, a youth of 19, very good-looking, very respectful, and very well qualified for his duties, who had been nicknamed "le Petit," not on account of his stature, for he was rather tall, but from a feeling of delicate, protecting familiarity which his good qualities had won for him. Meanwhile, among the friends of Lady A— there had been a good deal of talk about a certain Demoiselle E—, who, they said, could see the most surprising things in a bowl of coffee grounds. M. L. d'Ervieux had the curiosity to accompany his governess to the house of this person, and was quite surprised to hear her describe exactly each piece of furniture in Lady A—'s apartment, pass in review her seven servants, and say that, though she could not name the chief, he would be guillotined within two years. Some weeks later "le Petit" left the service of his mistress without giving any reason, and two years later he mounted the scaffold. This servant, so highly esteemed, was no other than Marchandon, the assassin.—The Arena.

The Life of Dr. Chase.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

OAK HALL.

YOUNG'S POINT POINTERS.

Some Notes From the Point—Preparing for the Summer.

Correspondence of the Review.

PLANING MILL.—Mr C Young has purchased for his new planing mill all the necessary machinery to carry on all kinds of work that is required, which is a great boon to this part of the country. He is also getting his saw mill put in order for cutting his logs and will be kept busy all summer.

SOUTH BEACH PRIVATE HOTEL.—This fine summer resort will be ready to receive guests about the end of May. It is situated in such a retired picturesque spot at the foot of Clear lake, and kept strictly private. Mrs. A Allan will again take the management for the season.

THE LAKES.—The ice is not altogether out of Clear and Stony lakes yet, but soon will be.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 413 George-st. 64

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ADVICE FOR MOTHERS.

What to Do When Children Make Undesirable Acquaintances.

Quite the most important branch of etiquette for a woman to study is that which has to do with the pleasure, comfort and protection of her children. It is a species of nursery and backyard diplomacy that the young ones themselves don't understand and that the average woman is painfully ignorant of, but it has everything to do with maintaining her own station and good name in her neighborhood, or town, or street.

Its very first mission is to regulate and control the children's list of visiting and playing acquaintances, for small boys and girls are scarcely expected to show sage discretion in their choice of friends. They are not capable of observing that though Johnny Jones is a capital boy in himself his family and surroundings may not be in the least desirable, nor can they see that while Johnny Jones comes of a first family and is a charming playmate he is in reality and by reputation a bad boy and one to be avoided.

The fact is that often enough vulgar, vicious or ill raised youngsters have a perfect fascination for well-bred and gentle little ones and to effectually break up such contaminating influences as these poorly assorted frinedships bring about is a most delicate duty of a mother. Her single aid is the arts of etiquette, for the only other means is almost surely fatal—that is, to offer the children explanations, or denials and punishment where the obectionable Johnny Jones is concerned.

To explain to your small daughter Jennie that the drawback to little Flora Brown is her vulgar, berouged mother and drunken father is to have this, your private opinion, made known to poor Flora, and so on to the entire town—for childish tongues know no law. To stonily forbid Jacky an afternoon at ball with naughty Dicky White and punish him for transgressing the rule is to incite Jacky to secret enjoyment of Dicky's society.

The safe and only method is to be constantly and carefully questioning the nursery inhabitants as to their youthful friends, and always insist that any child whose games they take part in, and whose house they are asked to visit, shall be invited to their own nursery and to meet their own mother. If a child refuses or avoids coming, one can quickly and rightly conclude that either there is something quite wrong with the young friend, or the child's parents object to anything like intimacy with one's own children. Then it is very easy to make Jennie and Jacky understand that the boy or girl who is too shy, ashamed, indifferent or proud to meet their mother is not a friend to be cultivated. Children are loyal little souls, will act promptly on this suggestion, and so a snobbish or undesirable acquaintance is easily dropped.

In an instance where nice children are taken on Jennie's and Jacky's visiting lists, and the parents are unacquainted, some mutual understanding should invariably exist between them. If a party is on foot and invitations are extended to the little Browns, it is the duty of Jennie's mother to write a courteous note to Mrs. Brown, explaining what the entertainment is to be and expressing the hope that the young ones will be present. If Mrs. Brown responds cordially, nothing more is needed to assure the mother that all the young guests come with the hearty consent of their parents.

But let us suppose Mrs. Brown to be what Jennie's mamma might characteristically call a "very horrid person," with whom she would shudder to claim even a bowing acquaintance, while Mrs. Brown's little daughter is a sweet and charming child. Can the pretty, inoffensive Flora have Jennie at her parties? Can she remain as one of Jennie's best friends?

Certainly not, because consistency is a jewel which a mother should, so far as possible, carry bright before her children's eyes, and therefore, she must make it clear to them that Mrs. Brown is not one of her friends, nor ever likely to be. That is why she writes no notes to Mrs. Brown, and though Flora may come to her house, Jennie cannot go to play or be feasted in the house of a lady her mother holds no communications with.

The same reply can be made to little Flora, who will probably carry it on to her mother, who will not in the turn be slow to interpret its meaning, though no cruel or snobbish interpretation can be truthfully made from it. Such common cases as this behoove a mother always to make the acquaintance of the families of her children's friends.

The case just as often arises, however, where Mrs. Brown is really a good friend of Mrs. Jones, and yet Mrs. Brown's children are spoiled, even vicious, and, therefore, impossible chums for the well-raised Jennie and Jacky. Then the heroism of a good mother comes to the front. She cannot exclude the bad little Browns unless Mrs. Brown goes, too, and better lose a dozen Mrs. Browns than expose her boy and girl to a single evil influence. As Jennie was asked to sacrifice Flora because of an ineligible mother, so her mother can let a friend go because of the friend's naughty children. Mrs. Brown can easily see how the land lies, if Mrs. Jones gently refuses all invitations for her youngsters to the Brown house and excludes the bad little Browns from Jennie's parties.

What is good for Jennie is quite as wholesome from the manoeuvering of Jacky's friendships; and where either of the children is asked to a house the heads of which show no inclination to notice by note or kind message Jacky's mamma, consent to their continued visiting must be withheld. All these rules of etiquette apply as much to such informal entertainments as snowballing and doll playing as to little dancing parties and the like. The necessity of association and mutual agreement among parents must be impressed upon children at the earliest age; but where Johnny Brown, who is an acceptable playmate, becomes too frequent a visitor at the Jones mansion a poser is offered to poor Mrs. Jones.

Must she tell Johnny it is late and suggest his returning home, or must she meet him at the door and deny her children to him? If she is a wise mother, no. The proper thing, when the boy comes too often, is to send her Jack out with the perfectly polite request that Johnny excuse him, as he has tasks or errands to fulfill for his mother. If Johnny lingers late or is hagging about at meal times, or Mrs. Jones devolves the duty of saying she fears he has forgotten that his mother may be anxious, and for that reason she will not allow Jacky to ask him to stop to dinner.

Where in her own yard or nursery a quarrel arises between her children and their guests she must never fail to make her own boys and girls offer the first and instant apology—this no matter if the guest was chiefly at fault, and deaf she should remain to any explanations. Her children must learn to respect their roof, in the face of all insults, though the young guests may not, and any Mrs. Jones is right who takes mortal offense at a complaint offered against her children. If Mrs. Jones' boy is a nuisance, let Mrs. Brown cut him off her children's visiting list and refuse him admittance to her house, but it is a cruel, unforgivable and useless intrusion to carry the tale of his iniquities to his mother.

If the Jones child is, however, guilty of some great fault at Mrs. Brown's house, the proper course for Mrs. Jones to pursue is to take her son instantly to Mrs. Brown, make him apologize, and herself offer every reparation and regret. This she must do in person, and not by note, nor send her boy alone. Where a child commits some piece of mischief in a house it is not the mistress' mission to tattle on him, even though the child may never tell his parents, nor is it ever Mrs. Jones' mission to correct the Brown child in the smallest particular. If his manners and mischiefmaking are troublesome, let her explain this to her children and refuse to entertain them; but never, even if Mrs. Brown comes to learn what is the matter, reveal her son's iniquities to her.

Say, very frankly: "Mrs. Brown, if anything has gone wrong, you must learn it from your child; it is not my business to remember it." Where a mother writes or comes to complain of Mrs. Jones' son, the only proper answer for Mrs. Jones is to assure her she will never be troubled again, and quite break off all friendly connection between the families, for children are tender, foolish, indiscreet things, and to accuse or hold them responsible is very wrong, most especially when reparation and regrets are offered.

In the British Museum.

Leaving the cases containing special letters of great men for those in which are preserved miscellaneous manuscripts, the visitor is simply dazed by the extent and value of the collection. The department contains more than 9000 volumes of manuscripts written in oriental languages, and each one is either of rare work in itself or a representative of a particular type. There are more than a hundred ancient Greek, Coptic and Latin papyri, and 40,000 other volumes of various kinds. While most of these are interesting only to the scholar, many of the oriental exhibits have a peculiar interest for the merely curious visitor. One Pali manuscript is engraved in beautiful characters on twenty-five leaves of silver. Another is written on lacquered palm leaves, with inlaid letters of mother-of-pearl. Another is on a sheet of gold, and others on ivory. The favorite material for this class of manuscripts is palm leaves, and some of the volumes consist of several hundred such leaves bound in covers of ivory.—Lippincott's.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

VOL. XXXV, No. 95. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

A GREAT BIG MUDDLE

Mr. Fielding's Budget is Fearful and Wonderful.

He Denounces the National Policy and Produces a Schedule That Will Tangle Business Men All Up—Duty on Spirits Advanced, Also on Tobacco—The Iron Duties Reduced and a Bounty to be Paid to Manufacturers as an Offset—Barbed Wire to be Free Next Year—Preferential Treatment for British Goods.

Ottawa, April 22.—(Special.)—The clock in the Commons Chamber registered half-past 3 o'clock before Mr. Speaker called the members to prayer. When the doors were opened the galleries filled up quickly, although it was the subject of remark that there have been occasional "Budget Days" in the past when a bigger crowd was present. Among those observable in the galleries were well-known manufacturers and importers from all parts of the country, anxious to know their fate. There were also old-time Liberals keen to learn how the great Liberal party proposed to live up to the Ottawa platform of 1893, when tariff for revenue became the party watchword. Lady Aberdeen occupied a seat to the right of Mr. Speaker. Routine business took over an hour to dispose of, but nobody seemed to pay much attention to it.

Mr. Fielding entered at 4.25, and was greeted with Liberal cheers. By arrangement, he took Sir Richard Cartwright's chair in order to give him the use of both desks for his papers. The fateful tariff reposed in a basket until the proper time to unfold it. The Minister looked pale and somewhat nervous. No doubt he has been working under high pressure for some weeks. He sported in his button hole some Nova Scotia Mayflowers.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

Mr. Fielding Figures on a Deficit This Year of a Million

Mr. Fielding arose amid loud Ministerial cheers. He asked the generous indulgence of the House in his task. He paid a tribute to the long line of able men who had preceded him in this particular duty. First of all he devoted himself to the financial returns of last year, explaining the increases in customs, excise and miscellaneous. The total revenue was $36,618,590, as against $33,978,129 the previous year, an increase of $2,640,431. The expenditure amounted to $36,949,142, or within $50,000 of Mr. Foster's estimate. The deficit for the year amounted to $330,551, due to revenue not coming up to Mr. Foster's expectations. Moving to this year's figures, the revenue up to April 20th (last Tuesday) amounted to $30,284,403. Add to this for the purpose of the year's estimate the actual receipts between April 20 and June 30 last year of $7,892,252, the probable receipts this year might be considered as $38,146,655. But this, he considered, was beyond the mark, for the reason that the excise income this year was unduly swollen by reason of duties paid last month, and that would necessarily affect the revenue for the balance of the year. The customs also had been unduly increased in anticipation of tariff changes. A safe and reasonable estimated deduction from income mentioned was $350,000, leaving the probable income for the year $37,300,000. The expenditure to April 20 was $25,463,830, and from that date to the end of June last year $12,393,949, or an estimated total of $37,857,779. The estimated deficit this year might be $600,000, but probably that was too sanguine. He thought the Government would come through the year with a deficit well within a million dollars, but it might not exceed $600,00. This deficit was the result of legacies left by the late Government.

He held that not until the obligations left by the last Government had been wiped out could the financial policy of the present Government be fairly criticised. In place of the present Government having had to borrow $10,000,000 as a temporary loan predicted by Mr. Foster last session they had only borrowed £600,000 sterling to meet all services. [Liberal cheers.] After referring to the capital expenditure of last year he said the result would be a net increase in the debt of $1,750,000. The expenditure for next year he estimated at $38,250,000. The revenue on the basis of the present tariff would amount to $37,500,000, leaving a deficit of three-quarters of a million. The increase in the net debt of the year would amount to about $2,750,000.

Then, preliminary to announcing the new tariff, the Minister proceeded to criticise the National Policy. He contended that the adoption of that policy was not on account of a principle with Conservatives. They adopted it in a time of depression, when people were looking for relief. This policy was the growth of political difficulties, in which the leaders of the Conservative party erroneously permitted themselves to be led away from the old faith.

Mr. Foster: No cheers for that sentiment.

Mr. Lister: The cheers will come later.

Mr. Foster: Yes, when we get to the oil duties. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding, continuing, said the contention put forth in favor of the National Policy was that with two or three years of protection the infant industries could stand alone. But what was the contention to-day? Take the nursing bottle away from them and they would immediately perish off the face of the earth. Then it was contended that a high tariff would secure reciprocity with our neighbors in two years. But how had that prediction been fulfilled? The country was no nearer reciprocity to-day than in 1878. He read a string of census figures to show how, in his judgment, the National Policy had failed to come up to the expectations of its progenitors. In the past decade the increase in population was only 509,000 souls, whereas, acording to the natural rate of increase, plus the immigrants among it, should have been 1,241,000 people more. The National Policy, instead of keeping our people at home, had driven them away. He recited a conversation he had had with a prominent Conservative manufacturer, who said if the next census returns did not make a better showing he would lose all faith in the future of his country.

The present Government hoped by a change in policy and after ten years of rule to show far better results, so as not to induce Conservative manufacturers to lose faith in their country. Then he read the tariff platform adopted by the Liberal Convention in Ottawa in 1893. On that policy the country gave its verdict last June, and, subject to such changes as varying circumstances might require and on which he would have something to say later, the Government accepted that platform as a delaration of principles which they were bound to follow in their tariff. [Liberal cheers.]

At a quarter to 6 the Speaker left the chair, and the House rose for dinner.

Mr. Fielding, after recess, continued his denunciation of the National Policy. He contrasted the present era of bonus hunting and tariff protection with the good old policy of industries running along on their own merits. He argued that the National Policy had injured rather than helped the manufacturer. Then came the stage of the combine, the wealthy capitalist stepping in and buying up all the small establishments. Far more benefit accrued to the country by a moderate tariff than by a protective one. He urged that manufacturers should not be led away by the cry that their successes were identified with the protective policy. He referred to the statements made to the Tariff Commission that the people would not buy Canadian made goods, but preferred foreign ones. He was loth to believe that, but doubtless it was correct. Certainly it was a startling result of the National Policy. Coercion had evidently failed where conciliation would succeed.

Now the time had arrived to let in the free air of competition, and so he would say to the manufacturers of Canada that they had much to hope from the new tariff. The Government had been importuned to bring free trade principles into operation at once. But no reasonable man could expect that. A writer in The London Times, after the Liberal triumph of last June, had pointed out that the change in Canada would have to be gradual. Lord Farrer, a great free trade writer, was even more pronounced in his declaration on that point.

Continuing, he demurred to the contention that the manufacturer had vested rights in the National Policy. There was a good deal of the speculative element in that policy. Men who played the game and gathered in the winnings when the turn of trade came should pay the losses. [Liberal cheers.] If we struck out of the tariff every vestige of protection they should take the risk and abide by the consequences. While it would be but stern justice there was no such disposition on the part of this Government. [Loud Conservative applause.]

Mr. Foster: Scoundrels great and scoundrels small. [Conservative cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Fielding: There is no disposition on the part of this Government to deal with the protected classes in that spirit, although he submitted if it suited the will of the people of Canada to establish free trade, while it would be a dangerous thing to do, so far as the protected classes are concerned they would have no reason to complain. But they were dealing with more than the protected interests. The evil of protection was widespread; it had become so interwoven with the business of Canada that if we attempted to strike it down it would do harm to other interests which are not directly connected with the protected interests. The interests of labor had to be considered, and the banking interests were closely bound up with this question. Some gentlemen said they ought to make a clean sweep now, but intelligent men would not say so. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Foster: Come to the point, you make us tired.

Mr. Fielding said the hon. gentleman would be more tired before he had done. Referring to the circumstances under which the Ottawa platform was adopted he said there was every indication then in the United States of a more liberal tariff policy. But to-day everything was changed, a protective policy had been adopted by that country, and if the Dingley bill became law it would undoubtedly affect the trade relations between the two countries. The Government was justified in stopping to think what would be the effect of its policy if, on the eve of negotiations for reciprocity, it should in advance revise the tariff down to the lowest figures. [Conservative cheers.] While some would urge that Canada should mete out an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth it was not the policy of the Government to adopt that course. But if events

Continued on page 7

THE WAR IN THE EAST

Greece Sends a Mission to the Czar of Russia.

War News is Conflicting and Meagre, but it Would Seem That the Greeks Have Been on the Winning Side—Turks Suffer Many Losses—They Are Returning to Elassona by the Milouna Pass—Latest News From the Battlefield.

Headquarters of the Greek Army, Larissa, April 22.—The latest advices as to the situation at Damasi show that on Sunday the Turks made a sortie from the town and attacked the Greek position at Boughasi Pass and Sideropoluki. After severe fighting, the Greeks drove the Turks back across the frontier, with a loss of five guns.

The Turks have rescended from Milouna Pass on Kurtrivali. The result is not yet known here.

Four hundred members of the Foreign Legion, including 26 Englishmen, under Captain Birch, arrived here on Tuesday. They were received with a great demonstration, which was repeated on their departure for the front in the evening. Intense enthusiasm was caused among the Greeks when the Englishmen sang the Greek National war song.

The reek Evzones and a mountain battery, having ascended the mountains east of the St. George Monastery, were taken by the Turks on the flank. After a severe fight, lasting many hours, the Turks, who on Monday had driven the Greeks from Mati and Ligaria brought 250 Circassian cavalry from Elassona. This was on Tuesday. The Circassians began to extend into the plain, but being raked by the Greek Colonel Mastropas battery and by the Evzones, they were compelled to turn back to Ligaria with great loss.

A portion of the fleeing Turks have recrossed the Milouna Pass towards Elassona. The Greek infantry, extending in a semi-circle fromTyrnavo to Karavali, was supported by artillery, all well handled, after a hard day's fighting, drove back the Turks upon Ligaria. It is understood that the latter are retreating in force towards Elassona.

The estimation in which the Turks are held is shown by the stampede of the whole population on the frontier. The villages and roads to Larissa are literally blocked with fugitives, herds of cattle, horses and donkeys, women and children on foot, old women carrying chairs, beds and household gear on their backs, on donkeys, in oxwagons and in every conceivable sort of vehicle. The scene is heart-rending and reminds one of Pliny's description of the flight from Pompeii after the eruption of Mount Vesuvius.

Larissa is overcrowded. Food is scarce; the hospitals are full and there is an urgent appeal for nurses and surgical operations. The wounded are arriving hourly and all the surgical operations must be performed without chloroform, as there is none to be had.

The Raiders Returned.

Larissa, April 22, 6 p.m.—Chief Davellis and the survivors of his band of irregulars have returned here from their raid into Macedonia.

Athens, April 22, 5.30 p.m.—Prince Constantine, the Greek commander in chief, a despatch from Larissa announces, has been present at the scene of the military operations against the Turks since early this morning.

Prayers were offered up in the churches of every town of Greece today for the success of the Greek army.

A Capture Denied.

Constantinople, April 22.—The Turkish Government denies that the Greeks have captured the Islands of Mitylene and Scio, off the west coast of Asia Minor.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Greece Sends a Mission to St. Petersburg to Interview the Czar.

Odessa, April 22.—A special mission from the Greek Government passed through this city yesterda yen route to St. Petersburg.

Greece Holds Its Own.

London, April 22.—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Athens says that the Greeks have held their own positions and destroyed the Turkish cavalry at Mati. German officers were seen fighting with the Turks in German uniforms.

Civil War at Prevesa.

London, April 22.—A despatch to The Morning Post, from Karvasara, says it is reported that civil war has broken out among the Turks in Prevesa and that the surrender of the town is expected hourly.

Great Loss to Turks.

London, April 22.—The Standard's Athens' correspondent says that the Greeks at Mati repulsed a charge of 3000 Turkish cavalry with great loss to the Turks. The Crown Prince Constantine was present.

Grillovali Recaptured.

Larissa, April 22.—The latest news from the district of Kurtiscovali (probably identical with Grazovali), is that the place has been recaptured by the Greeks.

The News is Meagre.

London, April 22.—The war news received from the special correspondent of the London morning papers for publication to-morrow is meagre and somewhat conflicting. The only certainty seems to be that Tyrnavo has not yet fallen, but Nezerus is in the hands of the Turks.

Looks Bad for the Greeks.

Paris, April 22.—The situation on the Thessalian frontier, according to a despatch from Athens to-day, is considered to be highly critical. It is feared the Greek troops, exhausted by three days' hard fighting, will be unable to resist much longer the furious attacks of the Turks.

Greek Citizens Massacred.

London, April 22.—According to a special despatch from Athens massacres of Greek citizens have occurred near Prevesa, the Turkish town at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta. The Greek troops, it is added, have stormed five villages occupied by the Turks.

Russia to Interfere.

Paris, April 22.—Le Journal's correspondent at Odessa telegraphs that all the necessary measures have been taken at Sebastopol for the eventual intervention of Russia in the war between Turkey and Greece.

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All work of this class promptly and cleanly executed. Closets, cess pools, yards etc. cleaned and premises left in good order. ALFRED COONEY, 88 Simcoe-st. Orders may be left at Overend's Hotel. d67

It Pays to Advertise in the Review.

SPRING STYLES!

LET FASHION BE YOUR FRIEND—not your Ruler. Fashon freshens folks up. Spring decides the need of new things to wear, and people will buy whether or no. Our New Spring Stocks this year are Modern, Up-to-Date and attractive, and, as usual, you will find us at the top of the poll for Bargains.

A man can step into GOUGH BROS. and order his entire outfit. He can get each article exactly as he wants it—as plain or as fine as he likes—and leave fully dressed from head to foot, with more money remaining in his pockets than if, by mistake or accident he bought at three or four different stores. We are Men's Clothiers and Furnishers in the complete sense, and for Goodness of Quality and Extraordinary Good Values,

WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON WITH ANY FIRM UNDER THE SUN!

There's nothing half-hearted about this business. We might talk till doomsday about our New Spring Stock at Special Low Prices, but unless you visit our two stores you'll never know how cheap they really are.

MEN MAKE MONEY when they make sure of getting as good value as the royal good value they get at GOUGH'S, in ***Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas.***

Ordered Clothing.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, made to order on the premises, from a large selection of Scotch, English and Canadian Cloths, $11.75, $12.50, $14..$15 00

Men's and Young Men's Light Overcoats, made to order on the premises from specially imported Overcoatings, in popular shades, $9 50, $10.50 and..... 13 50
DUNCAN CAMERON, Cutter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits.

Men's Single-breasted Navy Blue Serge Suits, sacque style, coat and vest lined. $2 90
Men's English Serge Suits, single or double breasted, indigo dye, fast colours, with good trimmings..... 5 00
Men's Fawn and Gray Check All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in neat patterns..... 5 00
Men's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, fine all wool, indigo dye, single, double breasted and cutaway styles..... 7 50
Men's Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, neatly bound in morning and sacque shape, also black and Oxford gray clay Worsted Suits, unbound, with stitched edges in sacque and morning coat style..... 10 00
Newest English Cycling Suits for men. They are the nattiest all wool tags to be seen, fashioned to the latest cycling ideals, stayed with Irish linen for hard usage, and the pants are double seated 6 00
Young Men's Suits in Serges, Scotch, Niggerheads and Worsteds, made in sacque and cutaways, single and double breasted, fine neat patterns, superior trimmings, your choice for..... 8 50
Our own make of Suits, all wool, in favourite patterns of Tweeds, with serviceable linings, in 4-button or double breasted sacques, for 10 00

Men's Light Overcoats.

Men's Black, Gray, Brown and Blue Tweed Overcoats, summer weight, farmer satin linings..... $3 95
Men's Fawn and Gray Lightweight Overcoats, medium length, Italian trimmings, all sizes..... 5 00
Men's Oxford Grey, Light Gray and Fawn Lightweight Overcoats, in fine West of England Worsted and Covert Cloth, Venetian finish..... 7 50

Men's Extra Fine West of England Worsted Lightweight Overcoats, in light fawn, dark gray, Oxford and light grey, best trimmings 10 00

Youths's Suits.

Youths' Three-piece Tweed and Serge Suits, short pants, coat and vest well lined $2 50
Youths' Fine All Wool Canadian Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, small neat patterns, extra good linings..... 3 40
Youths' Black Worsted Bound Suits, extra good trimmings and linings..... 5 00

Boys' Two-piece Suits.

Navy Blue Serge and Canadian Tweed Suits, neatly pleated back and front, sizes 23 to 28 ..... $1 50
Halifax Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, neatly pleated, all sizes..... 1 75
Navy Blue Serge and All Wool Tweed Suits, light and dark colours, in various patterns, $2 to 2 50
All Wool Navy Serge and Fine All Wool Tweed Suits, neatly pleated, also double breasted and perfectly plain Suits, light and dark colours, all sizes, from $2.50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00 to..... 5 00

Boys' Sailor Suits.

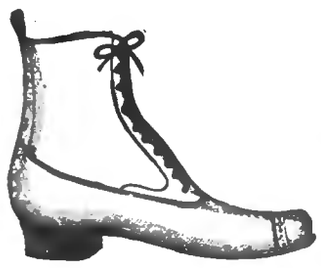
Neat Galatea Blouse Suits, fast colors, in various patterns, all sizes, 50c, 75c, $1, and $1 50
Navy Blue Serge Sailor Suits, neatly trimmed with gold braid, pants lined.. 1 50
Tweed and Navy Blue Serge Suits, neatly bound to match..... 2 50
Regulation Man o'War Suits, long trousers in navy blue serges, double collar, all sizes, $3.50 to 5 00

Men's Hats.

Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, newest spring shapes, in black, seal brown and London tan shades $2 00
Men's Fine Fur Felt Stiff Hats, 1897, spring shape, satin lined; Henry Carter and other celebrated makes, in black, seal brown, brown and other new shades $1.55, $2 and 2 50
Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedora Hats, Wakefields and other celebrated spring shapes, with bound and raw edge, black, pearl brown, slate and mouse shades..... 1 50
Men's Soft Felt Crush Hats, American shapes, medium brim, raw edge, in black, blue and brown, 60c, 75c and ... 85

Youths' and Boys' Hats.

Youths' and Boys' Fine Felt Hats, Fedora shape, satin lined, in black, navy blue and brown $0 75
Boys' Felt Fedora Hats, neat shape, black brown and navy 50
Boys' and Youths' Knock-abouts 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c..... 35



Boots and Shoes.

Our Bicycle Shoes for men, women and children are just the thing to make your feet spin.
We are agents for King's Celebrated make of fine shoes, hand and machine sewed, in all different widths of toes, including their Hygenic Ventilated Patent Shoe $3 00
Ox-blood Russian Calf, hand sewn, pointed toes 2 00
Men's Sample Boots, including French calf, steel cordovan and kangaroo, from 2 00
Men's Tan, lace or Pleadilly toe..... 1 60
Cordovan Lace Boots 1 50
Ladies' Stylish Vici Kid, buttoned, patent tips 2 40
Seamless Oxford Ties, fancy Vici Kid, patent leather tip..... 2 25
Black Dongola Oxford Ties, patent leather tips 2 25
Dongola Kid Buttoned 85
Rubber goods direct from the makers. Prices this year lower than ever.

Cycling Hosiery.
Cycling Headwear.

Ribbed Scotch Fancy mixtures, ribbed black cashmere and Scotch All wool Cycling Hose 49c, to $1 50
Men's Cycling Caps, 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75
Men's All-wool Sweaters, navy blue, white and red, high collars, spliced seams, full-fashioned, usually sold for 1.25, selling at 85
Boys' Sweater 25c, 50c, 60c and 65

We Give a Handsome Plush Premium Clock with every $25 Worth of Clothing.

Gough Bro's.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, 375 AND 377 GEORGE-ST., PETERBOROUGH

EDWIN ELCOME,
TAXIDERMIST
and Dealer in Eyes, Artificial Leaves and Frostings.
Also Importer of Foreign Birds, Skins from all Countries.
BIRDS, ANIMALS, FISH and SNAKES stuffed and mounted in and out of cases in the best life like style at the lowest prices. Deer's Heads a specialty. A stock of native and foreign birds always on hand for sale.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
FOR THE CARE OF
Neglected and Ill-treated Children.
Incorporated by Act of Legislature, 1893.
Information requested. Informants' names kept strictly private.
Children for adoption.
Office hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.
OFFICE . . . . . Town Building
FRECH W. MILLER, Agent and

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard
Dunn's Mustard
MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED
SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.
Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

All Women Should Read

This Interesting Letter—"I was Nervous and Weak."

Life Changed from Misery to Joy by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The terrible trials of the "gentler sex" are beyond description. How Hood's Sarsaparilla is adapted for them and how it restores health and helps over the hard places, is well illustrated by Mrs. Place's letter.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—In early life I suffered much from stomach troubles and spent a great deal of money in doctoring. I received temporary relief only to have a return of sickness, and for the past five years life has been made miserable by constant illness. During this period there have been six months that I was not off my bed, and for one year I suffered most severely. I was

Nervous and Weak

and life seemed a burden. It happened that my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it in small doses. In a short time it was evident that it was helping me. In two weeks I felt that I was being greatly benefited. About this time our youngest son, then 15 years of age, was taken down with typhoid fever. He passed on to his reward, and soon others of the family were taken ill, until I was the only one left to care for them. I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to the surprise of myself and all the neighbors, I not only kept up and took care of the sick, but my

Health Continued to Improve.

For nearly three months this siege of typhoid fever held the family down. All this time, as by a miracle, my health kept up and I grew strong. At present I am feeling well and know that the benefit derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla is permanent. Other members of the household have since taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills with good effect." MRS. REBECCA PLACE, N. Sixth St., Goshen, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Insist upon HOOD'S; take no substitute.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897

How does a Liberal tariff correspond with what the Liberals preached for so long. How does it tally with what they said was required to make Canada prosperous?

THERE is more fiction being printed nowadays than for many a day. The war reports are published daily.

THE Dominion Government will not be able to save Mr. Hardy in an election campaign by promises of coal duties. He has to go. It is time for a change.

MR. COSTIGAN denies the report received with such joy in Liberal quarters that he was contemplating a step into ranks. Mr. Costigan says he is still a Conservative. The Liberals seem anxious to secure material from Conservative ranks, and this was probably the cause that gave rise to the report.

THE days of heroism are not gone from us, and deeds of valor on the battle field have not ceased with the introduction of modern war methods and war machinery. The stories told of the fighting between the Greeks and the Turks indicate a courage in the face of death that equals anything recorded. Where is there a picture that surpasses in its fearless courage that of the eighty-year-old Turkish commander whose fused to dismount but sat in his saddle and at his post until he had been made the target of three bullets, the last one wounding him fatally and he fell dead. It was a courage worthy of a better cause.

THE Hamilton Spectator has a point against Mr. Hardy and Mr. Ross and their expensive school system. The Spectator says:

Hon. George Washington Ross should send a copy of that education speech to his wicked partner Hardy. George Washington maintains that the Ontario system of education is the best on earth; but it is quite evident that Wicked Partner Hardy doesn't think so. A Brantford paper says:

"Dr. P. Hardy, youngest son of Hon. A. S Hardy, spent Good Friday in town. Brantford friends congratulate him upon securing his M.D. degree in Chicago recently with very high honors. Dr Hardy was second in the graduating class. He intends returning to Chicago to take a post graduate course for a year or so."

Here are Hardy and Ross spending the people's money, and throwing away the people's land, by the township, to keep up that most wonderful climax of the most wonderful system of education in the world—Toronto University, and Hardy shows his poor opinion of the result by sending his son to a second rate doctor factory in Chicago! If Toronto University is not as good as anything Chicago can show it would be well to allow it to be self-sustaining; if it is not good enough for young Hardy it is not good enough for the people of Ontario to waste money and townships on. It won't do for the Trickster to say that Toronto University is good enough for the boys of common people; but not good enough for his son.

AN OSSIANIC KAISER.

WILLIAM II. OF GERMANY AND HIS BELIEF IN HIMSELF.

A Monarch Whose Self-Confidence Is Criticised by Almost Every Country. Even to His Own—His Overpowering Personality.

Europe is suffering just now from the individuality, perhaps rather than from the policy, of the German Emperor, says The Spectator. He is displaying a character with which it is most difficult for diplomatists to deal, and which is not entirely consistent with his earlier career. The habit of ruling and the success, or rather the absence of resistence, which in internal affairs has so far distinguished his reign, have developed the Emperor's peculiarities in a most marked degree. He had always a sufficient belief in himself, as he showed in his dismissal of Prince Bismarck, but of late his belief has become exaggerated into a confidence scarcely to be distinguished from presumption. He seems capable of thanking God for a great harvest and sending Him the Order of the Red Eagle in acknowledgement. Even his own subjects, who were at first disposed by tradition and habit of mind to welcome another "strong" Hohenzollern, now shake their heads and lament that their Kaiser, who is also their commander-in-chief, acts so completely under the influence of his own will. They never know what he will do to-morrow. No ruling statesman is now visible in Germany, for the Chancellor is old and deferential, the Minister of War accepts instead of advises orders. The Finance Minister (Dr. Miquel) is a highly intelligent, exceptionally intelligent, instrument of his Majesty, and Baron von Marschall, as recent trials proved, though able and fairly trusted, has to contend against many adverse influences. The Emperor is all in all, he is more determined than ever to play the first role in the political drama, and as his own dominions, where to speak lightly of His Majesty now involves a sort of civil death, he extends it to all Europe and indeed to all the world. It is to be "lord" of a "world-wide empire," that the Emperor demands, or threatens to demand, from his Parliament such vast additions to the navy.

Naturally, holding such a position, his jealousy of Great Britain, the only world-wide power, has grown excessive, overmastering a personal liking for England and the English court; and, naturally also, revolutionary ideas, which are floating about in a half-developed way all through Germany, appear to him almost impieties. "The Revolution" is to William II. what "clericalism" is to many French Radicals—the enemy. It is his business, he thinks, as the first of Kings, to protect the rights of sovereigns, though he is an Emperor because his grandfather crushed dynasties, some of them older than his own, by the half dozen, and he cannot bear to see the "sovereign rights" even of a Sultan interfered with. Suppose Abdul Hamid has massacred Armenians, they were his own subjects, and were almost in rebellion. Is that any reason why he should lose without a war the right of garrisoning his own dominions? His dignity must, at all events, be preserved, and those who have affronted it by invading Crete must be humiliated, even if they are not punished. They are close relatives of the Emperor, but that is an additional reason for giving an example to the world, for have they not been false to their order in invading, from motives which at bottom are democratic, sacred sovereign rights? The King of Greece is not a king in William II.'s eyes, but a mere Garibaldian, who is dallying with the revolution, and even advancing its favorite ideas, the right of nationalities, as an excuse for democratic action. Let him abdicate if he will, but let Germany maintain the principle that kings must govern untroubled from without. In no case must the revolution triumph. It is, as he told his Brandenburgers a few days ago, in a speech which reads as if it had been uttered by a crowned Ossian of Tory convictions, "the disease which all Germans must combat by all means in their power, the disease which not only infects the nation, but also seeks to undermine the life of the family—yes, and to undermine the holiest thing we Germans know—the position of woman."

A monarch who is imbued with ideas like these, so imbued with them that he ceases to argue, and expresses himself in dithyrambs, and who also commands an army supposed to be the strongest in Europe, is of necessity a most uncomfortable factor in European diplomacy. You cannot discuss politics with a man who is singing, and the speech we have quoted is really a song of battle—not without a Tyrtaean note in it, too—against the revolution, and the royal family of Greece as footerers of the same. It would not have been difficult, if the Emperor had been a man like his grandfather, who subordinated himself to his policy, to arrange the Cretan difficulty by a few reasonable concessions to Greek pride. The Greeks would have accepted the autonomy of Crete with cordiality if only the Prince had been left to popular election, and the suzerainty modified by a special flag, and the Turkish troops withdrawn at the same moment as the Greek; but these were precisely the concessions which William II. could not bring himself to make. The Sultan was a sovereign, and sovereigns are entitled to garrison their dominions, so do not talk of withdrawing Turkish troops. Greece must go first, that is flat, because Greece has broken rules. She shall have no concern with Crete, whatever happens, even as an autonomous province, for else she would profit by mutiny, while as to an election of a Prince, that is the favorite device of every revolutionist: Elect a Prince, indeed! Not while I am an Emperor. As Austria could not break away from Germany it seemed for a moment as if nothing could be done, and even at the last the powers were compelled to yield these dangerous points, dangerous because they rouse the pride of Greeks, rather than dispute any longer with a sovereign who would listen to nothing but his own ideas, and who, under stress of those ideas, was drawing rapidly toward Russia, the ultimate and inexorable foe of revolutions. They are not the ideas of the rest of Europe; they are contrary to the ideas of England and France; and to find a great monarch professing them when they are inconvenient reduces diplomatists to sad perplexity. They feel like the seniors of a household when a junior member, perhaps the heir, takes the bit in his teeth, declares that he would rather die than take interest for money, or maintains that to own land is to plunder the community. Reasoning is out of the question, and they can only fall back and mutter hopes that ideas so wild, so incoherent, and so disastrously opposed to "advice" may not indicate some local disturbance of the brain.

The self-confidence, jealousy and Ossianic ways of the Emperor are not the less difficult to manage because there may be below them or behind them solid arguments from self-interest. There was such an argument also when the celebrated telegram was dispatched to President Kruger. It is the specialty of his Majesty that while the method of his action is constantly dictated by qualities which he has allowed to grow too strong for him, the action itself is usually based on what he conceives to be his interest and that of his country. He not only wishes for peace, but is, we conceive, especially disgusted with the idea of war breaking out upon the eastern question, which, however it may be solved, can, as Prince Bismarck once observed, offer no temptation to Germany. It is one of the many serious perplexities of the partition of Turkey that no one has ever yet ventured to point out the share in the spoil and in the labor which would be acceptable to the German empire. The share of every other power, even Italy, could be described almost to a square mile; but there is nothing which would suit the German empire, either as colony or dependency or province. If the Ottoman ceases to reign there is nothing for Berlin, and therefore, says the master of Berlin, let the Ottoman go on reigning. What does it matter, except to his subjects, how he reigns? Germany, if Turkey went to pieces and were quietly distributed, must seek her "compensation" on her own frontiers—that is, either in Denmark, which is a Russian protectorate, or in Austria, which reigns nothing except under stress of defeat, or in Holland, which had rather be anything in the world than a state of the German empire. The war, if it came, would be a great one, yet at its end there would be nothing to be gained supposing the war successful; wherefore let there be no war, even if it is necessary to sink the Greek fleet and occupy the Piraeus.

That is sound policy from the German point of view, even if it is cynically selfish, and it is this union of sound and selfish policy with excessive self-consciousness and arbitrary whil, all displayed with a certain force and felicity of expression, which makes William II. so much more interesting than the majority of sovereigns. We dare say there are many men like him; indeed, we think we could indicate one or two, especially in the literary class; but there is no other sitting on a lofty throne with millions below who at a signal will hurl themselves upon the enemy he points out. A monarch who, being a Christian and a European can like the Sultan, because he also is a monarch, who will set the world on fire rather than not humiliate a relative because he has transgressed international etiquettes, and who, being himself the product of a national uprising, can say in the face of Europe that his one work is to combat the revolution is—well, is at all events, a figure strange enough and separate enough to draw the eyes of mankind. There is no one in Europe except the King of Prussia in the least like the German Emperor.

A Glittering Inducement.

Mr. Hojack—I see that Mrs. Cawker is riding a wheel.

Mr. Tomdik—Yes. Did you hear how she came to get it?

"No."

"She told her husband that she would rather ride than talk. He bought the wheel the very next day."

A woman's attractiveness in the eyes of man depends largely on her physical appearance. Nature, in order to preserve the race, guides mankind by the instinctive preference for a mate who is physically sound and wholesome.

If intellect alone were chiefly sought, the offspring might be a generation of Solomons for wisdom, but they would perish in infancy for want of physical stamina.

A weak or unhealthy woman is unfitted to fulfil her part in perpetuating the race; she is unequal to the demands of motherhood and wifehood, she is robbed of her natural womanly attractiveness.

Many a woman is cheated of life's choicest gifts by a dyspeptic, bile-poisoned condition of the system, which shows itself in a pimply skin, sallow complexion, tainted breath, or thin, ungraceful form.

The most perfect remedy for all the mortifying symptoms of mal-nutrition and impure blood is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Through its remarkable effect upon the liver and digestive organs it sweeps all impurities out of the circulation and creates a fresh supply of new, rich, life-giving blood.

It gives clearness and bloom to the complexion; sweetens the breath; rounds out the face and form, and invigorates the entire constitution with vital energy.

It restores the invincible beauty of wholesomeness and womanly capacity.

"I was a complete wreck; appetite gone, nervous system impaired; could not sleep, and was so weak that I could not stand on my feet ten minutes," writes Miss Ella Bartley, of No. 215½ South Grant Avenue, Columbus, Ohio; "I only weighed 95½ pounds when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After I had taken a half bottle I began to improve; I could sleep soundly the whole night, and would awaken with an appetite for breakfast, which was a rare thing as I never had for two years back eaten a hearty breakfast. I now have an excellent appetite, and my friends say they never saw me looking better or in better spirits since they knew me. I tell them it is all due to Dr. Pierce's 'Discovery.'"

In all cases of obstinate constipation, the "Discovery" should be supplemented with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897

HUMAN NATURE.

An Incident That Proves It to Be a Fickle Jade.

Near one of the gates at the Union Station, as the long train from Chicago rolled in last night, stood an old colored man. He was bent under Time's burden, and it was easy to imagine that he was one of those relics of the South—one of those picturesque characters of old plantation life that now live only in the memory.

The great engine was panting after its long run, and amid the bustle and confusion of the station the old man seemed bewildered. Then, as the passengers came through the gate, they saw a little act of kindness that touched a tender chord of sympathy in more than one heart.

Another colored man who looked as though he might be a porter, stepped up and slipped a quarter in the old man's hand. Then he quickly made his way off again, looking half ashamed at his action.

The old man stood looking at the quarter with a smile on his wrinkled old face, and the next man placed another silver piece in his hand. The other passengers followed suit and the old hat had to come off to hold the shower of coin.

Just then the policeman on duty at the station saw the old fellow and started toward him, but, with more agility than one would have given him credit for, the old man ran in among the crowd and was lost.

Five minutes later two men were sitting in a saloon in Seventeenth-street. They were counting over a pile of small coins.

"Foah seventy-five, he! he! Golly, gran'dad, didn't I tell yer it'd fetch 'em? 'Pears lak all yer had ter do wux ter kinder mek der white folks 'shamed lak, and dey jes' scramel ovah demselves ter gev a pore ole man money. He! he! No moah wor' fer us, not if dey comes lak dat."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Binkley's Enigma.

Binkley usually reads a book after supper, but one night he was feeling rather talkative and he thought he would entertain his wife for a time while she was sewing.

"Elvira," he said, "I've got an enigma for you. Try if you can guess it."

"Why, certainly, dear," said Mrs. Binkley. "I just used to dote on enigmas when I was a girl. Do tell it to me."

"All right," said Binkley. "I made it up myself. I am found in town, but not in books; in street, but not in office; in night, but not in work; in dance, but not in business, and in racket, but not in early. What am I?"

"You are a miserable, deceiving, vile, abandoned villain," said Mrs. Binkley, laying down her sewing. "I have suspected for a long time that your going downtown to post up your books was only a pretence, but I never thought you would have the brutal assurrance to come out and acknowledge it, you brazen profligate."

"Why, Elvira, what's the matter with you? I'm just giving you a word."

"Yes, you're always giving me your word and breaking it. I can see through your enigmas and insinuations, you base monster, you! Then you come and laugh at me to my face about it."

"Can't you understand anything?" said Binkley. "The letter 't' is in 'town, but not in 'book;' and 'r' is in 'street,' but not in 'office;' and 'l' is in 'night,' but not in 'work,' and so on till the word is finished. The whole thing is 'trick,' you know."

"Yes, I know it's a trick, Samuel Binkley, and I've been watching it a long time. Out at night to your dances and rackets and me here at home slaving and sitting up till 2 o'clock in the morning for you to come home! I know your trick, sir! You thought I wasn't smart enough to catch on to your disgraceful enigma. I should think a man as low down and contemptible as you are would be ashamed to boast to his wife of his disreputable deceptions under cover of a pusillanimous, silly, childish engima. You let me hear you say a word about going downtown at night again, Samuel Binkley, and I'll give you an enigma that will take half the hair off your head."

Binkley now reads a book again of evenings after supper.

PASSING IT ON.

He needed a lickin', I always said
I'd love to see any kind of man
Rise up and knock the boastful head
Right off the shoulders of Sullivan;
When Corbett had done the thing up brown
I was one of the tickledest chen in town.

But out at Carson, you knew, I hoped
That Fitz would get down to work and dust;
I hoped that in all the ring they roped,
There wouldn't be any of Corbett's crust
To grease the floor when Fitz was through
Poundin' the pieces black and blue.

I was tickled to death at the way it went;
But I know, in a year or two from now,
If Fitz just follows the fighter's bent,
I'll ache to see him in such a row
That *somebody's* fist will drive a hole,
Just under the point of his active jowl.

CANADA FLATHEADS.

CONCERNING THE CONTENTED INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

They Are Industrious, Independent and Happy—Some Portraits showing Characteristic Faces of the Interesting Tribe.

The Flathead Indians of British Columbia afford an extensive field for character study, and the writer having lived among them a number of years, has had unlimited opportunity for noting their peculiarities. Friendly contact with this people shows them to be of an entirely different disposition from their northwestern brothers, and distinct as a tribe. They receive no help from the Government, for the reason that they are well able to sustain themselves by securing employment at numerous occupations open to them.

Independence is stamped upon their countenances and their talent consists in carving, canoe building and kindred employments. Fishing and hop picking

FLATHEAD INDIAN—"JIM."

are the principal industries in which they are employed during the summer, while in winter, felling timber and hunting gives ample compensation for a comfortable living. Canoes are their means of transportation and their skill in manipulating the paddle is often made manifest during town exhibitions, in which this sport is a prominent feature. Great numbers of these ingenious Indians live along the trend of the Fraser river, which winds through dark canyons, amid towering mountains where in proximity to the waters turbulently falling over rocks they live in a state of felicity, fishing and hunting.

The ritual of the Roman Catholic Church attracts many of them, and schools of this denomination are scattered about the province. Industrial schools are also opened for their especial benefit, and many of the youthful Indians avail themselves of this invaluable instruction. Indian brass bands have been organized at different stations, and it is amusing to note their rapid acquisition of skill in the management of the different musical instruments, considering that they were comparative strangers to anything in

WOMAN OF THE FLATHEAD INDIAN TRIBE.

this line such a short time ago, and now it is quite a common sight to observe these bands playing on occasions of festivity in the cities.

They are great fish eaters, and their mild tempereament is attributed to the effect of this diet, which is the chief food of every meal and cooked by means of smoking, giving it an appearance that detracts much from its delicious taste. At the end of the fishing season those who receive their entire summers earnings in bulk leave at once for the city, there to transform the money into merchandise, for they are far from being money accumulators, and have a decided liking for receiving its worth in actual goods.

The subjects chosen to illustrate this sketch are "old-timers" of British Columbia, and the biography is of great ing interest. The figure whose head is adorned in a decidedly original hat is a detective of superior ability, formerly occupying the post of chief in his own tribe, and is noted for his keen perceptions in tracing fugitives. He is employed by the authorities to maintain peace among his people, and has given entire satisfaction. His stern countenance has been nown to relax only on occasions of great interest among his people when a faint smile is distinguishable. The clothes he wears are of his own selection, for the people imitate the whites in regard to dress, in so far that some wear derby hats, causing an amusing spectacle to a visiting stranger, for the reason that their peculiar, flat-shaped heads compel them to wear these hats with the peaks overlapping the ears.

The picture representing a "smiling

FLATHEAD INDIAN—THE DETECTIVE.

character" will probably receive criticism as to its beauty; the ugliness of the face, however, is somewhat relieved by the vigorous growth of hair. He is a jovial companion, ever ready to chat with one who understands the Indian jargon. He is known by the abbreviated name of "Jim," and has kla-how-ya (how are you) ever ready for his acquaintances. Being too old to work, for he is about 80 years of age, he is permitted to wander about according to his own inclination, and is surprisingly agile for his age.

The women are hard workers, and are frequently seen walking through the cities burdened with a "pack" sufficiently heavy for a strong man to carry; but fastened as it is to their backs, they evince no sign of weariness while in winter they are seen walking along with characteristic gait in their bare feet, over ice and snow, showing no apparent discomfort for the exposure. The third illustration is a fine type of the older women, and like the male characters previously described, they are not remarkable for their beauty. This one is over seventy years old, and is in good health, sickness being infrequent among them.

THEY SPEAK IN SIGNS.

The Secret Written Language in Use Among the Tramps.

The tramp who is a properly initiated member of his vast and ancient fraternity has a secret written language in which he can communicate with any of his brethren who may come along after him.

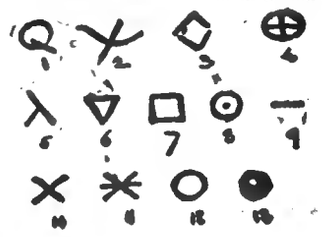
This language belongs properly to the gypsies. It is of an unfashionable antiquity. It is modified to suit the exigencies of various countries, and in America has undergone great developments. In England and America it is to a considerable extent identical, but this country may affirm with pride that its tramp can express a greater variety of meaning in hieroglyphics.

Some very important selections from the sign language are reproduced here from The New York Journal. Their publication is a very curious and surprising event. The tramps and all their kind guard their language very jealously. The man who would implore you in the most abject fashion for five cents would not for five dollars give up the secret of his sign language. You will find it an interesting experiment to try this.

These examples are taken from a book entitled "A Parish on Wheels," by Rev. J. Howard Swinstead, an English clergyman, who, after many years and much diplomacy, has ingratiated himself with a few members of the tramp race.

No. 1 in this selection means "This road is better than the other." This sign written on a house, a fence or a milestone, may be the means of encouraging a tramp for many a weary mile.

No. 2 means "Good for food." There is no enthusiasm about this. The subject of it cannot be worked to any great extent. He or she merely says that there can be no harm in giving a



LANGUAGE OF THE TRAMPS.

tramp a modicum of inferior food and there is an end of it.

No. 4 means "Religious, but good on the whole." There is in this sentence an implied belief that religious people are not, as a rule, "good on the whole." It shows admirable candor in Mr. Swinstead to reprint such a sign. The people to whom No. 4 applies gives the tramp many words of religious guidance, a tract, some food, and, perhaps, a little money. They are very kind hearted.

No. 5 means "No good." Here a dog, a boot or a stick is liable to be encountered.

No. 6 means "Spoilt by too many calling." This is very bad.

No. 7 means "Likely to have you taken up." Of course this is particularly pointed in England, where policemen are abundant all over the country.

No. 8 means "Dangerous, sure of being handed to police." This has saved many a tramp from insult and incarceration.

No. 9 means "Doubtful." The tramp should not apply here unless he has diplomatic qualities of a high order.

No. 10 means "Good." There is no imbiguity(about this. The average tramp may call with a certainty of getting food and a ind reception. Perhaps it is not generally known that many tramps value a little intelligent conversation with a respectable citizen almost as highly as a gift of food or money.

No. 11 means "Very good." Call here often and stay long.

No. 12 means "Has given, and will again; soft, lay it on thick." Nothing can be added to this encomium.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, Circular sent on request.

SEASON 1897.

THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HOPKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

LEBRUN'S

New Spring

Suits and Overcoats

All the New Spring Styles in Tweeds and Cloths, suitable for this season's wear. Hundreds of patterns to choose from.

READY TO TAKE MEASURES

For GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS and BOYS requiring a New Suit or Overcoat for Spring. Made to order with care and a good fit assured.

SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

See our window and look at the nobby samples of very SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Cloths bought at a big bargain, which we offer for Easter and Early Spring Orders, uch as the following:

Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

Spring Suitings, made to order for $13 and $15, well worth $16 and $18.

Black Worsted Suitings, made to order for $18 and $20, well worth $21 and $24.

READY TO WEAR.

This department is in full swing.

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits for $4, $5, $6, $7 and $10.

Just think of it, we have a $2.00 Suit to fit Boys of from 12 to 16 years of age.

H. LeBRUN & CO.

CITY CLOTHING STORE.

THE WELLAND VALE

(3 BIKES)

PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.

Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.

Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect - -	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City -	$75.00	
Dominion - -	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,

AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of

PAINT!

Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.

The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.

Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.

MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 157 HUNTER ST.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E-ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

☞Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

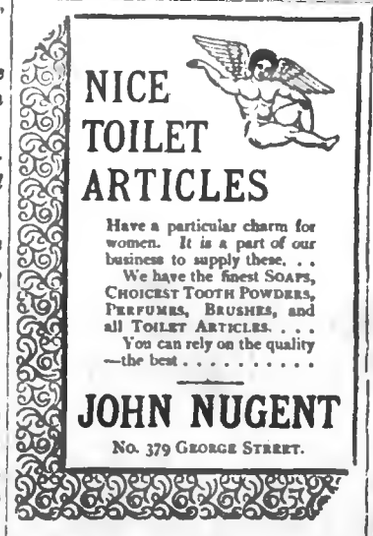
SPECIAL LINES OF

Account and Business ENVELOPES

at extraordinary low prices. There seems to be no limit to the cheapening power of machinery in Envelope making. We can give you the benefit of this.

The "REVIEW" Stationery,

164—166 HUNTER-ST.



THEY EMBRACE HALF A WORLD.

P.N. CORSETS

Robt. Fair, GOLDEN LION SOLE AGENT

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed	$1,000,000
Capital Paid Up	600,000
Reserve Fund	105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

IN THE DEAR SCHOOL OF EXPERIENCE YOU LEARN THAT

Money is Doubled..

In Usefulness by Being Well Spent.

We encourage such spending, knowing that the constant customer is the root of prosperity.

Once a Customer, Always a Customer.

Such is the reason of our success as Clothiers.

Our stock of Spring Goods is large and complete. Never before were we enabled to give such value as we offer this season.

See our $7.50 and $8.00 Tweed Suits, equalled only by the $13 and $14 ordered goods offered elsewhere.

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Is filled with a range of goods that is bound to please not only the boy, but also the mother, as they are well made and guaranteed to wear.

We also have a full range of Sailor Suits for small boys.

Buy of the exclusive manufacturer and save the middle man's profit.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

HANDSOME PREMIEUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE.

"BIKES OF ROSES"

Every Lady entering O. B. Shortly's Bicycle Emporium, No. 428 George-st., on Saturday will be presented with a Bicycle of Roses.

O. B. SHORTLY,

George Street, Peterborough.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed, 7c. per lb. 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brock Sts., Peterborough

It Pays to Advertise in the Review

SPECIAL SATURDAY SALE OF CURTAIN POLES and TRIMMINGS

New stock of Wood Trimmings and Poles complete for 25c.

New Spring Stock of Brass Goods Trimmings, with Poles complete for 25c.

Our Wall Paper is going fast. See the patterns from 4c upwards per roll.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley, 379 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

.... AT ....

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a specialty.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Good Bread at Best Prices.

Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour. Bates Bros., bakers. d91

Good Tea Tells its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea. E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

OAK HALL.

Ladies.

Go to Mrs. Appleby's for the new shaded Dresden Floss. Shading easily and quickly done. Just received a new and attractive line of Infant's Silk Bonnets. These Bonnets are very neat and pretty, and we are sure the materials cannot be had and made up for anything like the prices they are selling at. d92tf

Public Library.

The following new books have been received at the Public Library:—Alaska, Bruce; Social England, (vol. 5) Traill; Ziska, Covelli Lad's Love, Crockett; Hilda Strafford, Harraden; The Pomp of the Lavolettes, Parker; The Heart of Life, Mallock; The Sign of the Spider, Bertram-Mitford; The Limb, K. L; The Pinchbeck Goddess, Flemming.

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

Death of a Warsaw Young Man.

Mr Archie Bied, a well known and popular Warsaw young man, is dead. He was a graduate of the Norwood High school and Toronto Normal school, and he was 23 years of age. For several years he was a school teacher, and was at one time principal of the Hastings High school.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

The Greatest Snap of the Season

Genuine Scotch and Irish Tweed Suits made to order for $17 and $18, were sold from $22 to $24, all new imported goods and a perfect fit at Ball & Co.'s., Water-st. They always give what they advertise Try them. They are the only tailors in town who have had experience in the west end of London, England, so you are sure to get a west end cut and finish from Ball & Co., the only English and New York practical tailors in Peterborough, 286 Water-st. 3d94

ON THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

The Military Demonstration and the Events of the Afternoon—New Colors for the 57th.

The General committee of the 57th Battalion, cavalry, artillery and veterans met at the drill shed last evening and drew up a programme of sports for the Queen's Birthday. There were in attendance:—Lieut-Col. Bell, Capts Dennistoun, Mason, Lech and Snyder, Sergts Sharpe and Shivler, and Messrs T A Hay, A P Poussette and J D Collins.

The celebration is to be almost wholly military and will afford an excellent afternoon's sport for the citizens. The proceeds are to be devoted to a most commendable object—the purchase of a new stand of colors for the 57th. The battalion certainly requires and deserves new colors, as the present ones presented in 1868, are tattered and torn, and cannot be unfolded without presenting a poor appearance. The battalion should be able to commemorate the Queen's jubilee year by having placed in their possession new colors. In former years the matter of procuring new colors was introduced by the ladies, but nothing definite has ever resulted. The ladies have now an opportunity to assist the battalion in the purchase of a handsome stand of colors, that can be looked back upon the as one of the events connected with anniversary of the Queen's long reign. The colors will cost several hundred dollars, but will last for many years. At any rate the proceeds from the coming celebration will be devoted to this object and the citizens should patronize the demonstration liberally.

The events of the afternoon will consist of cavalry exhibitions of head and posts, tilting in the ring, wrestling and race, men to run to horses picketed, harness them and return on horses; 100 yard foot race, tug of war, 10 men a side, open to Veterans, battery, troop of company; menagerie race for non-commissioned officers; bayonet exercise and physical drill exhibition; pick a back race, wheel barrow race, sack race, machinery competition in sections, 8 men with section commander; ambulance and bandaging race, three-legged race, boot race, open to Boys' Brigade, best company limited to 20 members of the Boys' Brigade, to be tested in marching in line, four file and front formation. Company competition not less than 20 men, 100 yard race, 200 yard race for the Boys' Brigade, bicycle races and veterans race, three miles and a turn.

The 57th battalion veterans, Boys' Brigade and others will parade to the agricultural grounds in the afternoon where the sports will be held.

Capts Dennistoun and Mason and Mr T A Hay were chosen as a committee to purchase prizes.

A WOMAN'S FAMINE FUND.

An Appeal to be Made to Peterborough Women to Aid This Fund.

The women in a number of places have taken up this most charitable work—the furthering of a woman's famine fund—and it is hoped that the women of Peterborough will not be behind in doing their share towards relieving the great suffering of their fellow beings in the plague infested districts of India. Miss Caroline Macklem writes to the women of Toronto as follows:—"May I once more, my dear fellow-readers, call your attention to our 'woman's fund for the India famine,' which now, through its seven branches, reaches the sum of over $100. At the same time the names are but few on the list, and I feel sure there are many in Toronto and elsewhere who, if they have not already given, but feel they can, would be glad in spite of our many very pressing home needs, to help our good missionaries of India to feed and succour these poor starving people, who come to them for shelter, and in fact for life. Such heart-breaking accounts have reached us of children hidden above the verandahs of these home because they could not be taken in; children ready to perish for want of food. Can we not and shall we not do our very best to help our good Samaritans, the Christian missionaries, to put food into these hungry mouths and perhaps light and love into these sad and darkened hearts. Help through our missionaries goes out with double blessing, and we may be very sure they are most careful and wise in dispensing what funds are at their disposal. Alas, we little realize what it must be to see the condition of these half-starved people, and not be able to feed them. Will you not all do what you can? Shall we not count every cent we can spare for them a joy and a privilege to give? There are many months yet in which to care for and feed our sick "Lazarus," and we want to be able to say to our missionaries, what thou spendest more—we will repay thee." How gladly would these good men and women who have gone forth in Christ's name to heal both the bodies and souls of men bear all expenses themselves if they could.

May God give many hearts a strong desire and loving will to help this work.

Contributions will be acknowledged from time to time through the daily papers and will be sent to Toronto to be forwarded with the Toronto Woman's offering. The following have kindly consented to receive subscriptions:—Robt Fair, J C Turnbull, W Hamilton, Metropolitan grocery; E Brown & Co., Peter Connal & Co.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

OTONABEE'S FIRST VICTIM OF THE YEAR

LITTLE LIZZIE MURRAY JUMPS FROM A CANOE AND IS DROWNED.

Pushed From the Shore in a Canoe, the Child Becomes Alarmed and Jumps Into the River and Loses her Life—A Distressing Affair.

Scarcely had the ice disappeared from the river before a life was lost in the waters of the Otonabee. Little Lizzie Murray, the six-year-old child of Mr Michael Murray, Reid-st, township clerk of Enniamore, but who has been residing in town for over a year, today lies cold in death, the result of the foolish playfulness of children.

About five o'clock yesterday afternoon the news spread about the streets that a child had been drowned in the river near the bridge works. The child had wandered away from her home on Reid-st. with some companions to the river bank at the C.P.R. bridge. They played along the shore and soon discovered a canoe face downwards, some few feet from the water. They turned it over and succeeded in bringing it to the river's edge. Little Lizzie Murray stepped into the canoe and with childish glee called upon the other children to get on board, for the moment filling, to her intense delight, the captaincy of the frail craft. While Lizzie was in the canoe, Annie Gordon, adopted daughter of Night-watchman Gordon, never dreaming of the results, shoved the boat out into the river and it was not long before it was gliding down the river, being carried along rapidly by the swift current. The little occupant became nervous and then terribly excited, and no doubt, realizing she would be carried out into the lake, jumped from the boat, a few feet north of the C. P. R. bridge. The children on the shore were frightened and their screams drew the attention of others. The child floated down the river, the swift current carrying her almost opposite the Matthew's Pork Packing factory, when she disappeared and never rose again.

As the little girl was being carried down the river a young lad, Eddie Cassidy, made a bold attempt to rescue the child but the cold water benumbed him. He swam bravely on when he was seized with cramps and had to return to the shore. Bert Guy also endeavored to rescue the child but the cold water overcame him and he also was reluctantly driven back to the wharf. By this time the child had disappeared but Guy and Cassidy, with Johnnie Burns started out in a punt, in a brave effort to rescue her if she arose but they never saw her again. The punt began to fill with water and the boys had difficulty in making land.

The child's parents were immediately notified of the fatality and the distressed father with some friends at once began a search for his daughter. The child-play which resulted so sadly gives a peculiarly sad and pathetic aspect to the accident.

Up to the present the body has not been recovered.

ROAD CLUB EXCURSION

Hold a Big Handicap Road Race in August and C R C Would Come to Peterborough

The Canadian Road Club executive are likely to run a club excursion to Peterborough on Toronto's civic holiday in August, Mr. W Kelsey Hall, who has been appointed local centurian at Peterborough, has received a letter from Mr S John Schutte, secretery treasurer, C R C., who, among other things says:

"The matter of running a club excursion from Toronto on our next civic holiday was discussed. It was the general opinion of the members that Peterborough would be a good town to migrate to. Our idea is to leave Toronto on Saturday afternoon and remain over in Peterborough until Monday night. It has been suggested that it would be a good move for you to get up a twenty mile handicap road race for Monday afternoon. I am quite satisfied that if you take the subject up and get your people interested and offer a suitable prize list we could bring from 100 to 150 competitors and there with entries that you could secure from the towns in your neighborhood, would run the list away up. The fact of the C R R holding such an excursion to Peterborough would give you a boom for the '98 meet.

I will consider it a favor if you would bring this matter to the notice of your wheelmen and let me hear as to what you think of it.

MUD LAKE BRIDGE GONE.

It is Floating Around the Lake in Several Pieces.

The Mud lake bridge is floating in five or six pieces about Chemong lake to-day.

The gale of the past few days with the high water, has played havoc with the bridge, and connection with Enniamore has been completely cut off.

A deputation from the County Council will go to the lake to-day to investigate.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

AN UNIQUE PROPOSAL.

Grand President Cumberland's, of the Sons of England, Proposal for the Celebration of the Queen's Jubilee.

Proposals for the celebration of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee are as numerous as the years Her Majesty has reigned. The latest has originated from Mr. Barlow Cumberland, the Supreme Grand President of the Sons of England.

Taking advantage of the happy coincidence which brings the actual anniversary date on a Sunday, the Supreme lodge decreed that a church parade be held by the lodges throughout Canada on that day. The Supreme President has since elaborated the idea, with the object of making the occasion a continuous service of prayer and thanksgiving around the world. In a circular just issued to the brethren Mr. Cumberland says:

"The services of the day will commence in the Fiji Islands. In due course they will be taken up by the lodges in South Africa, and so follow the sun westward. Upon the sun having crossed the ocean and reached the continent of America, the brothers in St John's, Newfoundland, will commence the anthem, which will then be taken up in succession, lodge after lodge, across the continent through Canada, as the precise time reaches each, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The brothers at Victoria, British Columbia, will send it across the Pacific back to the place of beginning, having kept company with the hours, and traversed the world in one unbroken line through the colonies of the empire of the Union Jack.

"The members shall meet at their lodge rooms, or some convenient place, and clad in their regalia, shall march in possession to the church selected. Where there are two or more lodges in a locality they shall attend one combined service, which shall be held in a church selected by the joint committee.

"The service will commence at 3.30 p m. The opening hymn shall be the 'Old Hundred,' 'All People that on Earth do Dwell.' At 4 p m precisely, according to astronomical or sun time, being the time at which the sun passes over each locality, the congregation shall stand and sing three verses of the national anthem, 'God Save the Queen,' to be immediately followed by (a) the collect of thanksgiving for her Majesty's accession to the throne, as formerly used in the thanksgiving service for June 20, and (b) the prayer for the Queen and royal family. The rest of the service is to be the regular Sunday afternoon service, with an interval to permit of the national anthem being sung as above at the proper time.

"This continuous anthem and prayer will be the loyal and affectionate tribute of the Sons of England to their gracious Queen, upon the diamond jubilee of her accession to the throne.

"The collection shall be given, as has been desired by her Majesty, to some charitable purpose.

"The closing hymn shall be 'The Day Thou Gavest, Lord, is Ended,' No 477, Ancient and Modern

"The lodges shall invite the municipal authorities and sister societies to attend the service.

"An astronomical time-table prepared by the Meteorological department of Canada will be furnished, so that the precise hour may be followed. In localities where there are no lodges of the Sons of England, arrangements will be made for similar services and time-tables cordially furnished, so that the celebration may be general."

As indicated in the closing sentence of the above extract, the scheme is capable of considerable development, and it is understood that, while the idea originated with the Sons of England, they desire to claim no proprietary rights therein, but will most gladly welcome the co-operation of any and all loyal subjects of the noble lady in whose honor the service will be held. Already correspondence is in progress with the secretaries of the Colonial Institute in the several colonies that they may help on the project in their localities and the Bishop of Toronto, who is a member of the Sons of England, is taking great interest in the project, and has written personal letters to the Primate and Bishops of Australia and of the other colonies, inviting their co operation and active interest. Copies of the time-tables with order of service and other details will be sent to the captain of every passenger steamship that will be on the ocean on Sunday, June 20, so that, if carried out faithfully, as planned by its projectors, the service will literally be a continuous and unbroken one, encircling the entire globe.

The idea is a striking and appropriate one, and will in its development and application afford a most striking lesson of the magnitude of the colonial empire of Greater Britain, whose expansion during the past sixty years has been one of the greatest glories of the Victorian era.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

ON SALE

To-morrow Morning

AT 10 A.M.

25 Dozen Blouses

In All Sizes and Colorings,

Worth 75c., for

50c.

R. H. KELLS & CO.

369 GEORGE-ST.

The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Where to Go To-night.

Y. M. C. A. reading room.

Y.W.C.A. reading room.

Catholic Literary Association reading rooms.

Public Library reading room, for members only.

Evangelistic services in the Charlotte-st church conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton.

Boys' Brigade at St Andrew's church.

Meeting of Park Nine B.B.C. at Oriental.

Bicycle Bargains.

The Peterborough Music Co.'y have two almost new ladies' wheels, which they are offering at a bargain on easy payments.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 390 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

Personal.

Rev. L. Phelps, of Millbrook, is in town to-day.

Mr Fred Edwards, of Warsaw, is in town for a few days.

Mrs. Barnett, of Renfrew, is in town on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. C. B. McAllister.

Mr H F Ketcheson, of Sault Ste. Marie, formerly mail clerk on the Grand Junction, was in town to-day on his way to Belleville.

Mr D A Booth, photographer, of Norwood, was married on Wednesday at Warkworth, to Miss Hunt. Mr Booth is treasurer of Norwood.

Mr. D Walker, Public School Inspector, has returned from Chatham and the west, where he has been spending the Easter vacation. He is making preparations for the opening of school on Monday.

Rev A H Ranton has been tendered an invitation to speak at the International Epworth League convention at Toronto in June. This convention will be attended by thousands from all over the continent. Mr Ranton has accepted the invitation.

Mr Howard S McGachen, who has been a member of the local staff of the Bank of Montreal for several years, has been removed to the branch at Chatham, New Brunswick. He will be succeeded here by Mr Charles Halliday, son of Dr Halliday, who previous to his illness, was on the head office staff at Montreal.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 George Street

CHILDREN BE WARNED.

Keep Away From the River When Playing —Jumping on Trains.

The drowning accident yesterday afternoon, through which six-year-old Lizzie Murray lost her life, should serve as a forcible warning to parents and children. Here was a child who left her home at the west end of the town and came to the river bank to play and owing to the action of a companion lost her life in a sad manner. Children should remain from the shores of the river to play. It is not a safe place for them to enjoy themselves. Parents should profit by this sad warning and remind their children the place to play is near home and away from water.

Near the spot where this fatality occurred boys also jump on the side of trains moving across the bridge, a most dangerous practice, that will result in some one's death if continued.

SEASONABLE SPORTS

Items That will Interest Those who Participate in Athletics.

The Park Nine baseball club will meet at the Oriental hotel this evening.

The Montreal lacrosse club has dropped out of the five club league. This will leave an opening for the Toronto Tecumsehs.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

Funeral of Dr. Kempt.

The funeral of the late Dr. Kempt took place to-day from his late residence to the C.P.R. station and thence to Norwood, where the remains were interred. Rev. Dr. Torrance conducted a short service at the house. The pall bearers were eight physicians, Drs. Burnham, Boucher, Halliday, King, Bryson, McGrath, Fife and Caldwell. A number from Lindsay were in attendance at the funeral.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IT'S A MISTAKE

TO THINK THAT ONLY THE RICH MAN CAN WEAR HIGH-CLASS GARMENTS.

We partly adopted the Cash System of Tailoring in Peterborough in order that men of moderate means might be as well dressed as the millionaire, without any strain upon the finances. Suppose you need

A Genuine Scotch Tweed Suit

Our cash price for which is $17.50. Isn't it easier to pay down the cash and be done with it than to face a debt of $22.50 which any good tailor would have to charge for it, if he had to wait an indefinite time for his money?

A. MERCER & CO.

355 George Street, High-class Cash Tailor

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

The Canadian Lines Show Better Business in Freight—New Tariff.

The two big Canadian railroads have been doing better business of late, as is shown by the earnings, which increased last week both with the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk. For the week ending April 7 the increase for the Canadian Pacific was $43,000 and for the Grand Trunk $9,396. The gain in Grand Trunk was in freight earnings, passenger earnings showing a falling off of $1,293. The Canadian Pacific bulks the total of earnings and does not show passenger and freight business separately. The Grand Trunk returns of traffic for the week ending April 7 were:—

	1897	1896
Passenger earnings	$110,801	$112,094
Freight	239,607	228,918
Total	$350,408	$341,012

Increase 1897, $9,396.

The returns of the Canadian Pacific for the week ending April 7 were:

1897	$379,000
1896	$336,000

Increase 1897, $43,000.

Two new freight circulars have been issued by the Grand Trunk railway. The first states that grain, flour, meal, millfeed, peas, beans, hay and straw in carloads may be consigned to Toronto or Montreal for inspection or change of destination, or for orders, and may be re-shipped without breaking bulk at the through rate from the original shipping point to destination, plus one cent per hundred pounds, provided the stop-over stations are on the direct route between the original point of shipment and the final destination in Ontario, Quebec, or the Maritime Provinces. Forty-eight hours will be allowed at the stop-over point for the placing of orders, after which one dollar per car per day will be charged for car storage. Grain for milling purposes, carried at the special milling tarjff rates, will not be entitled to the stop-over privileges. Grain though way billed for export or consigned through to United States points, which may be stopped at Toronto or Montreal for the purpose of inspection only, will not be subject to the stop-over charge. Commencing last week, freight agents of the Grand Trunk were authorized to accept freight, except perishable, for Muskoka Lakes, Georgian Bay, and Lakes Huron and Superior. The first boat is expected to leave Montreal about the 24th inst. Last year's rates will apply this year.

Railway men, no less than insurance men, are interested in the placing of the Grand Trunk railway property under the general insurance schedule. Heretofore this business has been carried by the Home Company of New York, but it is understood the risk has been taken out of the hands of this company and transferred to the Alliance of London. Sir Charles Rivers Wilson is a director of the latter company. The property insured includes offices stations, workshops, round houses, etc., and the total amount of the risk is $4,750,000. The business was carried by the Home company at an average rate of 57 cents, but the Alliance stepped in and made a cut of 10 cents under the former rate and so secured the business.

The Grand Trunk railway has secured the business of transferring the men employed by the Gilmour Lumber Company from Trenton to Canoe lake, up in the Parry Sound district. The Gilmours have erected a new mill up there and are taking all their old hands from Trenton. Two hundred men have already gone forward, and 100 more are to follow.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Ups and Downs.

Rev. A. H. Ranton spoke again last evening at the Charlotte-st. church on "Ups and Downs." During the service Miss Hendron contributed a solo. The audience was large.

Brevities.

—Mrs. Smyth, wife of Mayor Smyth, of Lindsay, is dead.

—The lacrosse club will commence practice on Monday night.

—Election of officers at City Lodge I O G T, next Thursday evening.

—The City of Peterborough came to town this morning with a cargo of wood.

—St. Andrew's Boy's Brigade will meet in the school room of the church to-night at 7 30 o'clock.

—City Lodge will hold a basket social in Unity Hall on May 6th. A choice musical and literary progamme will also be presented.

—Evangelist Ranton's services will conclude with a meeting in the George-st church next Monday evening. Mr Ranton goes to Lakefield on Tuesday.

—A horse belonging to Mr. T. G. Hazlitt caused a little scene at the corner of George and King-sts. yesterday afternoon. The animal became frightened at a street car and attempted to run away, but was well controlled by the driver. The horse succeeded in getting out of the shafts but no damage was incurred.

CHEQUE FOR THE TIME-KEEPER

Not to be Signed by Chairman of the Finance Committee—The Fire Engine.

The Finance Committee met last evening and passed the usual accounts.

The Town Council will be recommended to fix a rate to be charged when the fire engine is taken from town.

It is understood the chairman was authorized by the committee to not sign any cheques in favor of a time-keeper on the streets.

During the meeting several Councillors paid their respects to the condition of the streets and did not speak very highly of the progress of the work in comparison with the money expended.

More than one citizen has commented to the Review in regard to the men being employed on the streets, the serious charge made being that men who were not residents of the town were employed, while others who lived in town were out of work. One citizen remarked that he saw nineteen men at work this morning loading two waggons. Apother citizen said he saw three waggons stand for twenty minutes waiting their turn to be loaded.

If this be true it promises to be expensive management of our streets.

The Life of Dr. Chase.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

THE NEW TARIFF

There Was Great Interest Manifested in Local Circles

The new tariff was the subject of much active interest in town last night and the new schedule was eagerly devoured when it arrived. No word could be secured last night. It is too early yet to give or secure opinions of the new duties, but the general opinion was that the Liberals had been wise in throwing their oft-repeated principles to the wind and accepting to such a large extent the Foster tariff. However, there appears to be a pretty general opinion that the Government has made trouble for some of the industries.

Some local dealers were anticipating the new tariff and expecting increased duty on sugar one dealer had laid in an extra stock. The schedule shows that his calculation was on the wrong side and he has his extra stock on hand in the face of a lower duty. An Ashburnham liquor and grocery dealer also anticipated the new measure to the extent of a carload of whiskey, and he is a gainer to the extent of the increase in the duty.

The custom office is doing business under instructions to deal on the basis of the old tariff subject to the change.

The Jamieson Raid.

On Tuesday evening, April 27, Mr. R. M. Roy will present in the opera house his series of seventy-five stereoptican views of the Jamieson raid into the Transvaal. As every one knows this raid has caused the greatest interest all over the country, and as these pictures were obtained from drawings secured by the correspondent of the London Illustrated News, who was on the ground during this trouble, they are sure to be correct in detail, and as they are the only set brought to this country the people of Peterborough will have an opportunity of seeing the country and the pictures of the inhabitants where all the trouble took place. It is to be hoped the opera house will be packed on Tuesday evening next. Prices are 25 and 35 cents, children 15 cents. Seats now on sale. 1td

Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

DIED

McAULIFFE—In Douro, on Thursday, April 22nd, 1897, John McAuliffe, aged 58 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, Lot No. 30, in 12th concession, Douro, (near the Brickyard), on Sunday afternoon, April 25th, at 2 30 o'clock, and proceed to St. Peter's cathedral, thence to Roman Catholic cemetery, Peterborough.

OAK HALL.

Advertise in the Review.

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuine Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

THE **B. & M.** IS A BICYCLE of Our Own Build. Why bother buying second grade wheels about the merits of which you can learn little when we can sell you a High Grade Wheel, built by ourselves, fully warranted and up-to date for **$55.00**

Here's value for your money.

BEST & METHERAL.

No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

CAPT. CROSBY.

William E. Curtiss Tells of the Correspondent's Life.

Capt. Crosby, the soldier of fortune and the Cuban correspondent of The Chicago Record, who was killed the other day in a skirmish between the insurgents and the Spaniards, says William E. Curtis, was an Englishman by birth, but educated in France. He graduated at the national military school at St. Cyr, which corresponds to the Academy at West Point. He then served for several years in the French army in Algiers, Tonquin and elsewhere, and finally drifted into the profession of civil engineer. He lived in Mexico for several years, building railroads and similar works of construction and followed his profession in other of the Latin-American countries. It is supposed that he participated in two or three revolutions in South America, and he was well known to the principal men of the Cuban junta in New York, as well as to Gen. Gomes and other active leaders of the revolution in Cuba. While Capt. Crosby was not in the habit of discussing his own history or relating his achievements, it is believed he took a prominent part in a filibustering expedition which failed to reach Cuba, and it was shortly after that he made an engagement with The Record, upon the recommendation of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, to represent the paper with the insurgent army.

He arrived in Havana on Jan. 30, worked his way cautiously out through the lines of the Spanish army, and finally found an asylum at a ranch on neutral ground, where he remained until he joined a party of insurgent scouts and went with them to the headquarters of Gen. Gomez. Since that time very little has been known of his personal experience, for he was too discreet to intrust any information concerning himself and his movements to the uncertain and suspicious postal authorities of Cuba.

Mr. Crosby was aged about 40 years and possessed a most attractive personality. His wife, Mrs. Mary E. Crosby, and their two children reside at North Salom, a Westchester county suburb of New York city.

Hopeful.

The dry goods merchant was explaining the situation to the new drummer he had just employed.

"Your predecessor," he said, "has got his business all tangled up, and if you take his place you will have a difficult task getting order out of chaos."

"I don't know who Chaos is," cheerfully replied the drummer, "but I bet I'll sell him a bill of goods if I have to hang on to him a week."—Dry Goods Chronicle.

Arnold and His Circus.

Matthew Arnold used to travel accompanied by his wife, two daughters and the agent, whom he elegantly called his "impresario." They usually had railway passes given to them, and on several occasions when presenting these to the conductor, he remarked, in a condescending tone: "Oh, the Arnold troupe, I suppose!"—"just as if we were a traveling circus," said Mr. Arnold, with a hearty laugh.—The Bookman.

DR. M. A. MORRISON

DENTIST

Honor graduate of the Dental Department of Trinity University and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario. Office Bank of Commerce Building, opposite Post Office, Hunter-st., Peterborough

FOR SALE

112 McDonnel Street, at a bargain, if sold in Ten days.

Lindsay & Might.

Under Market Hall, 323 George-st.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO

OFFICE - - 33 HUNTER-ST.

W. HENDERSON, Superintendent

SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.

All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every

SAWS

Filed and Gummed in First-class style. Knives Scissors, Tools, etc, sharpened. S. W. ENGLISH shop 139 Charlotte-st.

A Deep Sea Voyage

—AND—

Across Australia.

The above interesting entertainment will be given by Mr. C. T. Longley Taylor in

St. John's Church School House

—ON—

MONDAY, APRIL 26

Mr. Taylor will be assisted by local talent.

ADMISSION 25c.

Toronto Globe:

" * * * * With such a subject, handled by an able speaker such as Mr. Taylor, there was not a dull moment from the commencement to the close."

4494

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

PAINT YOUR OWN HOUSE!

KALSOMINE AT YOUR OWN TIME.

We sell READY MIXED PAINTS in all shades and colors warranted to make smooth and lasting work and to dry quickly.

ALABASTINE—to mix with cold water, easily applied, beautiful finish. All shades and tints.

Pure WHITE LEAD, OILS, VARNISHES and BRUSHES. We also have on hand a stock of PORTLAND CEMENT, quality guaranteed, at lowest prices.

FORTYE & HARPER 392 George Street, Peterborough.

"Improvement is the order of the Age."

The gigantic strides made by

THE WARWICK

in its easy riding qualities are shown by such letters as the following from Doctor A. D. Wagner of Cornwall, Ont.

CORNWALL, ONT., March 3rd., 1897.

To the Manager Warwick Cycle Mfg. Co., Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—It is with pleasure that I recommend your Hygienic Framed Bicycle, one of which I purchased last year from your firm, and on which I done a great portion of country work (some 2100 miles) over anything but smooth roads, with entire satisfaction; as regards durability I am well satisfied. It rides almost as smoothly over ordinary macadam as pavement, concussion being almost nil, which, by the way, makes it THE WHEEL PAR EXCELLENCE for ladies.

From a professional point of view, I consider it the only fit form of bicycle for a lady to ride. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) A. D. WAGNER, M.D.

CANADIAN AGENCY,
54 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

SOME FIGURES

OF INTEREST.

It may safely be said that the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada should be well satisfied withthe year's progress:

The following figures, taken from the Insurance and Finance Chronicle, indicate the standing of the various Life Companies for the year 1896.

	New Insurance issued and taken in 1896.	Increase of Insurance in force over 1896.
SUN LIFE	$7,468,282	$4,060,521
Canada Life	$4,508,638	$541,628
North American	3,556,960	1,714,785
Confederation Life	3,135,995	1,132,947
Manufacturers' Life	2,994,064	1,260,245
Ontario Mutual	2,838,250	723,039
Federal Life	2,005,050	708,755
Temperance and General	1,750,000	766,431
Great West	1,742,000	846,354
London Life	1,284,992	187,622
Dominion Life	575,500	372,463

THE SUN LIFE IS AT THE TOP.

W. H. HILL,
Manager Central Ontario

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

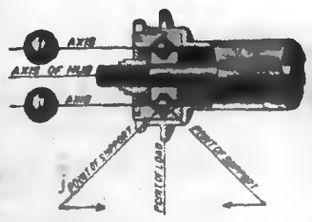
KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

"The New Barnes White Flyer Bicycle bears the same relation in appearance to the bicycles as the Thorough-bred Racer does to the roadster in horses."

Ride A NEW WHITE BARNES CYCLE And own a Stylish Mount. You get the Acme Of Perfection in Cycle Construction with Handsome Appearance. THE NEW BARNES Stands at the Head for Quality. See It!

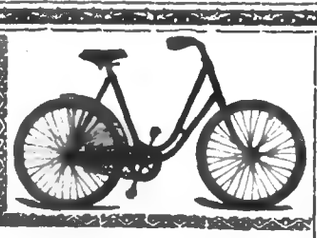
O. B. SHORTLY
Agent,
PETERBOROUGH.

THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE E.&D.



is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.

Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,
H. E. BURGESS.
Apple Buyer.

O. B. SHORTLY,
Agent, Peterborough.

LONG TRIP IN THE AIR

"TOURING CLUB" HAS TRAVELED 375 MILES IN ONE JOURNEY.

This Air Ship Was Afloat Longer Than Any Previous Balloon—Two Balloons Only Have Gone Further, and They Only by a Few Kilometres.

The amount of attention devoted to navigation of the air is constantly on the increase both in America and Europe. The remarkable experiments in which kites have been an important factor which were carried on in the vicinity of New York during last summer and fall are fresh in the minds of most persons. They demonstrated the feasibility of lifting weights by the force of the wind exercised on kites, and will, no doubt, prove of immense advantage to future aeronauts in the way of enabling them to direct their balloons.

Those who are interested in following up such matters await with extreme hopefulness the result of the proposed voyage to the Polar regions by Swedish scientists, which was postponed last summer at the critical moment owing to unfavorable winds and weather; but that the subject is receiving close attention is shown by the remarkable voyage recently made by a balloon named Touring Club, which accomplished the journey of 608 kilometres (375 miles) from Paris to Agen.

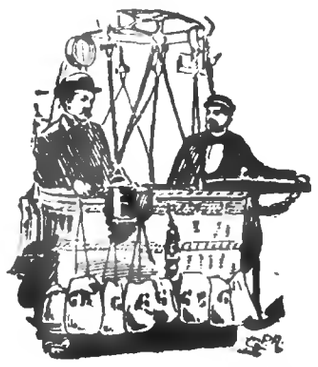
This record has never been surpassed in length, except by two ascents during the seige of Paris by the balloon Ville d'Orleans, which landed in Norway, and the General Chanzy, which landed at Ausbach, in Bavaria. Both of these distances exceed the record of the Touring Club by a few kilometres only.

Only one of the forty-four ascents made under the auspices of the Society for Aerial Navigation of Berlin, and only the two mentioned of the sixty-four balloons sent up during the seige of Paris have equalled the distance record of the Touring Club.

Incidentally the record for length of sojourn above the earth was also exceeded, and many new instruments were tested and will have a wide bearing on the proposed international study of atmospheric conditions by means of stationary balloons.

The balloon itself was made of China silk and had a cubic content of 1700 metres. Five hundred kilograms of ballast were taken, making the total weight, including instruments and balloonists, 735 kilograms; altogether something over a ton. The two aeronauts were Messrs. George Besacon and Maurice Farman. The anchor carried was of an original design, a grapnel with two stocks.

The valve was studied with particular care, permitting the gas to escape rapidly when the balloon was to make a landing, without requiring a continued strain on the cord to bring into play special mechanism. The latitude reached was never very high, and it required an hour to attain two thousand



BALLOONISTS WHO MADE A JOURNEY 375 MILES.

feet, the theory of Mr. Besacon being, that when one undertakes an extended voyage in point of time, it is necessary to remain in a low altitude, so as to husband the supply of gas. The greater portion of the voyage was made at a height of about seven hundred feet.

The balloon ascended at Paris early in the morning, and followed the direction of the railroad line to Orleans. The descent was made at a quarter past three on the afternoon of the next day, in the neighborhood of Agen, after having been in the air more than thirty hours. The rate of travel of the balloon varied from fifteen to fifty miles an hour.

One of the features of this voyage was the distribution of printed blanks, asking certain questions, which were to be filled up and returned by whoever found them. Nine thousand of these were sent out during the voyage, and about one hundred and fifty have been returned, furnishing important data.

He Arrives at Last.

About half a dozen men were engaged in removing a safe out of a jewelry store.

Every few moments some of them would anxiously look up from their work and around at the crowd.

Evidently they were expecting the appearance of some person upon the scene, but as yet he had failed to appear.

One of the men spoke finally and said: "It must be that he isn't coming." Then he glanced at the other men to hear the remarks they might make.

"If he doesn't come it will be the first time in many years," remarked another, and then once more he looked around at the crowd.

A third man contented himself with saying: "Well, it's the first time in all my experience—"

He stopped short, for just at that instant an excited individual broke through the crowd that was still standing around and in an authoritative voice shouted to the men: "Steady there, steady. Now, this way a little—Pull that way. Steady there—Now!"

The man, though it is none of his business, who insists upon giving directions for the removal of anything from a parlor stove to a railroad bridge had at last arrived.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

The report began with the usual form, day and date, circumstances under which his services were retained, etc., a statement of the case as it was made to him, then came the following:—

"Arrived in W— early on Sunday morning, walking from the first station northward. Found Wardour Place easily from Mr. Lamotte's description. Gained admittance, and was at once permitted to inspect the room where the robbers found an entrance; found that it had been previously examined, and could not feel quite sure that some clue had not been effaced or something disturbed that might have evolved a clue. Miss Wardour assures me that nothing of value was taken from this room, and I am inclined to think tht the robbers had hoped to find themselves in the dining room, and gain access to the plate closet.

"Finding themselves instead in the library, a room where, there being no man of the house, it could hardly be supposed valuables were kept, or money or papers of worth locked away; they, after a vigorous search, opened the door of the hall; here they found themselves at once at the foot of the stairs and, naturally, one ascends to explore. The first door that he tries is the door of Miss Wardour's dressing room; and, having examined that door, I am compelled to think that Miss Wardour, for once, forgot to lock it. Had it been locked the explorer would naturally have passed on, trying the other doors and some of these doors were certainly not locked.

"The burlgary was effected with the utmost quiet, and there are no indications that any thing was disturbed on the second floor, save in Miss Wardour's rooms, therefore (I cite this presumptive evidence,) that Miss Wardour's door was not locked as she supposed it to be; finding this to be the case the man signaled to his confederate to come up, and then, having a dark lantern, they entered, and surveyed the room. The rest is evidence; one of them, skilled in his profession, and in the exigencies that must arise in the practice of it, administered to Miss Wardour the chloroform. Now the operation must have been a delicate one, and the length of time necessary to open the safe and get possession of its contents covered some minutes; having heard Miss Wardour's statement in regard to the effect a powerful dose of chloroform has on her hysterical system, I incline to the opinion that the drug was administered to her in minute doses, not once, but two or three times at least; this accounts for the bottle and the linen being left in the sleeping room. Probably, just at the moment when they had stowed away the last of their booty, some slight sound alarmed them and they made a hurried escape, forgetting the bottle entirely.

"The robbers left behind them no clues beyond the established fact that they were professional burglars. This is proved by the manner in which they did their work, and by the tools they must have carried.

"I see plainly here the work of city-bred burglars, and the remainder of the work of finding them is to be done in the city, where they will eventually try to dispose of some of the jewels, no doubt.'

"In order to satisfy myself that there has been no accomplice here, who may have been acquainted with the premises, I have searched most thoroughly. I have examined the servants closely, and I find nothing to indicate that there has been any one concerned in this affair, who is an inhabitant, or habitual visitor in the town.

"In a field to the northward, I have found what may be, I think is, a trace of the robbers. Two or more men have leaped a ditch, running across the field from east to west; and the footmarks in the first instance are coming southward, or toward Wardour. These footmarks are within a few rods of the road, as if the parties had suddenly abandoned that highway, fearing observation from travelers. My supposition is, that they approached Wardour Place, keeping to the field, after having leaped the ditch, until the northern boundary of the orchard was reached; here they must have kept close under the wall, until they came to the roadside fence, which they climbed. The fence bears freshly scraped marks, as if made by boot heels in climbing over, and some tall weeds, growing by the roadside, give evidence of having been hastily and heavily trampled. The thieves probably returned after the robbery, in the same way; for, one crossing of the fence would not have left so many marks visible, either on the boards or among the weeds; and in the darkness they fell a little eastward of their first course; for I find, at the ditch again, but nearer to he river, the same footprints where the ditch has been leaped, this time the footsteps going northward.

"It is probable that the thieves tramped northward under cover of the darkness, until they struck the railroad at some previously selected point, and from thence took the first train cityward."

The reading came thus abruptly to an end, and the reader looked up to note the effect upon his hearers. They both sat in most attentive attitudes, and each face wore an expression of puzzled astonishment. Not being able to reach their "inner consciousness," and read the mental comparisons there being drawn between this report and the very dissimilar summing up of the tramp detective, Mr. Belknap drew his inferences, as do we all, poor mortals that we are, seeing only the outside of the cup and platter. He saw the surprise, the puzzled look, that might denote a partial inability to grasp his thoughts and theories at once, and a feeling of satisfaction took possession of the breast of the astute detective.

Pausing for a comment, and receiving none, he said, with dignified gravity:—

"I trust that I have made my report sufficiently plain to you, ladies, and that you find no flaw in it."

Constance, who with her keen sense of the ridiculous, had been fancying the effect this report would have upon the detective in ambush, and struggling hard with her own risibilities, mastered herself finally, and preserving her gravity of expression, replied with a wicked under current of meaning:—

"It is quite plain to me, sir; I am a poor critic of such matters, but I should think it a masterpiece for directness and comprehensiveness."

"And you see nothing in the theory to object to? You think that working from these findings, there will be a hope of success?" he queried.

Constance hesitated once more to consider her answer and collect herself generally.

"Why, you know, Mr. Belknap," she said at last, and with charming ingenuousness, "this is not a matter for my judgment; I rely upon you entirely; pray do not hesitate, but continue your investigations in whatever direction your judgment leads you. I wish Mr. Lamotte was here to confer with you; but, if he were here," and her face became sad as she thought of his home coming; "he would hardly be in spirits for such a consultation. Mr. Lamotte has bad news awaiting him. We must venture this matter without his aid for the present."

The detective's face showed grave concern.

"Bad news for Mr. Lamotte," he murmurs; "I deeply deplore that. He seems such a genial, kindly gentleman, so much above the average business man. It is not too serious, I hope."

"It is something you would have heard from the first gossip, if you had mingled with the town people at all,' replied Constance sadly. "I may as well tell you what every one knows. Mr. Lamotte's only daughter has eloped during his absence, with a very worthless man."

"His only daughter!" repeated the detective in a hushed sympathetic voice; "what a blow! what a bitter blow to a father's heart. Ah, madam," turning to Mrs. Allston, "these things are common, especially so to men in my profession, but we can never adjust ourselves to them for all that; each one comes to some one with the shock of a never before experienced horror. Death is common, the commonest thing of all but, it is the 'king of terrors' still."

His voice, low, splendidly modulated sadly cadenced, seemed thrilling with sympathy, and he sighed as he lowered his eyes to the floor, and relapsed into meditation, seemingly forgetful of the business in hand.

Sudddenly he started, seeming to recover himself with an effort.

"Pardon my abstraction," he said, a shade of pensiveness still lingering in his voice. "In contemplating another's sorrow, I am forgetting your business. I can only hope that this matter is not so bad as it might be, as such things sometimes are."

"It's as bad as it can be," responded Constance, gloomily. "It won't bear discussion; I mentioned it to you, Mr. Belknap, in order to show you how entirely absorbed Mr. Lamotte will of necessity be in his own affairs when he reaches home, and that we will be obliged to move in this matter without him."

"Perhaps there is some one else you may desire to consult in Mr. Lamotte's absence?" hazarded the private detective.

"No," replied Constance; "my lawyer is out of town, and there is no one else upon whom I can rely. You must act alone, Mr. Belknap."

"Authorized by you I shall not hesitate to do so," he replied, bowing courteously. "The case looks very clear to me. It will be a matter of time of course, these old birds are sly; but eventually they will try to market their wares, and then we shall have them. You can give me an accurate description of all the stolen jewels, Miss Wardour?"

"Oh, certainly."

"Then the sooner that is done the better."

At this moment a soft rap sounded on the door. Constance crossed the room and admitted Nelly, who said in a low tone:—

"Mr. Francis Lamotte wishes to see you, Miss. I told him you were particular engaged, just as you told me; but he said to tell you he had just come from his search, and would only detain you for a moment."

Constance paled slightly, and after a moment's thought, said:—

"Wait a moment, Nelly." Then she went back and addressed the detective and her aunt.

"It is Francis Lamotte," she said, adding, by way of explanation to the detective, "the eldest son of Mr. Lamotte, and brother of the young lady who has brought trouble to herself and family. He, Francis, went on Saturday, on a self-imposed search through the surrounding country, in the hopes of finding some trace of these robbers. If he is but now returned he cannot yet have heard of his sister's flight. We cannot let him go away in ignorance, and yet," turning a look of swift appeal upon her aunt, "Aunt Honor, will you lay aside old pre-

To be Continued

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY APRIL 23, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

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S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

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TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE COMMITTEE — Councillors Denne, Best, Neill, White and Meldrum.

SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.— Councillors Best, McWilliams, Meldrum, Denne, Graham and Dawson.

STREET AND BRIDGE COMMITTEE.—Councillors McWilliams, Meldrum, Best, Denne, Dawson and Graham.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE.—Councillors White, Davis, Best, Graham and Dawson.

COURT OF REVISION.— Councillors Neill, LePlante, Graham, Robertson and Cobb.

MANUFACTURERS' AND RAILWAY COMMITTEE.—Councillors Meldrum, Davis, Neill, McWilliams and Best.

CHARITY COMMITTEE — Councillors Davis, LePlante, Dawson and Meldrum.

LICENSE COMMITTEE.—Councillors LePlante, Cobb, Robertson, Graham and Neill.

PRINTING COMMITTEE. — Councillors Cobb, Meldrum, Robertson, Dawson and White.

APPOINTMENTS AND SUPERVISION OF POLICE.—Councillors Dawson, Davis, Best, McWilliams and White.

PROPERTY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE.—Councillors Graham, Robertson, LePlante, Dawson and Denne.

MARKET COMMITTEE.—Councillors Robertson, LePlante, Denne, Meldrum and Dawson.

JOINT COMMITTEE.—Councillors Davis, McWilliams, Best, Meldrum, Dawson and Neill.

LEGAL.—Councillors McWilliams, Davis, Meldrum and Best.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Peter Hamilton, chairman, Messrs. Caldwell, Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton, J. J. McBain, Fair, Ferguson, Hartley, Denne, Hill, Burnham, McKee and Hayes.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1897.

FINANCE.—Dr Burnham, Chairman, Messrs. Ferguson, McBain, Hayes, Caldwell, Stevenson and Hill.

SUPERVISION.—Mr. W. H Hill, Chairman; Messrs. Wrighton, Edgcumbe, Hartley and McKee.

PROPERTY.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Chairman; Messrs. Fair, Wrighton, Denne and Bamford

COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. Burnham, Chairman. The whole board.

VISITING COMMITTEES.—FIRST TERM—Dr. Caldwell, Convenor; and Messrs. Stevenson, Edgcumbe, Wrighton and Bamford

SECOND TERM.—Mr. J. J. McBain, Convenor, and Messrs. Fair, Ferguson and Hartley.

THIRD TERM.—Mr. Henry Denne, Convenor; and Messrs. Hill, Burnham McKee and Hayes.

W. G. Morrow, Sec Treas.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Benj. Shortly, chairman, Mayor Yelland Henry Denne, Robert Innes, Dr. McGrath Adam Hall, Dr. Burnham.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

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A GREAT BIG MUDDLE.

Continued from Page 1.

justified the Government in withholding action with regard to the States that was no reason why it should not proceed to deal with tariff reform in relation to those countries which are prepared to deal with us. [Liberal cheers.] We are prepared, he said, to declare to the world that we are willing to trade with those countries which are prepared to deal with us. If the United States frames its policy for itself, we have a right to frame our policy with a single eye to Canadian interests. [Cheers.] While we will not yield to the spirit of retaliation which is in the air, and for which there is perhaps considerable justification, while the fence would not be put up three or four strands higher, there was no particular reason for taking it down to-day.

This led to the conclusion that there must be one tariff for countries willing to trade with us, and a different tariff for countries that are not prepared to deal with us. So far as regards the countries not willing to trade with us there are articles which we want, and therefore in regard to these articles the tariff could not be reduced. It was not the intention, speaking generally, to propose any great reduction in the tariff as applied to those countries which are not disposed to trade with us. We propose, therefore, to have a general tariff, and that to a large extent will be the tariff of to-day. [Prolonged Conservative cheers and counter cheers.] It would be the tariff of to-day freed from some of its enormities—[Liberal cheers]—freed from the injustices of which the people complained; free from specific duties—[Liberal cheers]—free from the annoyance and irritation which have created friction between importers and the Department—the tariff of to-day, with those changes. [Hear, hear.] The preferential tariff which would be submitted would give preference above all others to products of Great Britain. [Liberal cheers.]

Were they beginning de novo, the Government could have made an entirely new tariff arrangement, but they had to take matters as they found them, or, as a new chapter trenchantly put it, to build upon an old foundation. So the best the Government could do, seeing they couldn't reduce the number of items, was to make the rate of duty more uniform.

Mr. Fielding then went on to detail the changes in the tariff. The chief of these was, he said, that in the duty on spirits, which had been raised 15c per gallon; the duty on flour reduced from 75c to 60c per barrel; the duty on coal oil, refined, from 6c per gallon to 5c, and on crude petroleum from 3c per gallon to 2 1-2c. The Finance Minister added that it was proposed to change the regulations so as to admit coal oil in tanks.

An Opposition Member: So they have been bought with 1c per gallon. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding went on to deal with the question of coal. There is to be no reduction, he said, in the duty upon coal. [Cries of "Oh, oh."] The Finance Minister repudiated, amidst renewed merriment on Mr. Speaker's left, the assertion that the retention of the coal duty had anything to do with the Nova Scotia elections. The Congress of the United States, he said, was reconsidering the question of the duty on coal, and he hoped that the Dingley bill proposal of 75 cents would be reduced to 40 cents per ton, as it was now. When that had been done Canada would reduce her coal duty to 40c a ton also. But as the Government could not act on supposition now it was thought better to wait and see what the Congress of the United States would really do.

Major Hughes: Why did you not hold the corn duties as an offset against the American duty?

Mr. Fielding replied that that matter would doubtless be explained in due time.

Sir Charles Tupper decided not to allow the statement as to the coal duties to go as an indefinite announcement. In case the United States tariff should remain at 75c per ton, he asked, will the hon. gentleman say that he intends to carry out his declaration at Montreal. not only to retain the present duty of 60c on bituminous, but to impose a duty on anthracite coal as well?

Mr. Fielding: Yes, and impose a duty on anthracite coal as well.

At this point, Mr. Fielding, whose endurance had evidently been overtaxed, begged the House to excuse him from further effort and allow the Controller of Customs to proceed with the tariff explanations.

Mr. Paterson accordingly continued. He went on to explain that on the whole class of agricultural and dairy products which we largely import from the United States the Government have decided not to change, in view of negotiations with that country. Indian corn, now rateable at 7 1-2c per bushel, the Government proposed to make free except to distillers, who shall pay the present duty. Flour was reduced from 75c to 60c per barrel, and the duty on cornmeal retained at 40c a barrel, but the provision was abolished in regard to the granting of corn in bond for human food. Uncleaned rice it was proposed to increase frim 3-10c per lb. to 3-4c per lb., while the duty on cleaned rice would remain at 1 1-4c.

Books were changed from 6c per lb. to 20 per cent. ad valorem, and advertising pamphlets, show cards, etc., now 6c per lb. and 20 per cent., would be 35 per cent. ad valorem. Wall paper and paper sacks, now dutiable at 25c and 25 per cent. respectively, were both to be 25 per cent. Muriatic and all mixed acids, sulphuric ether, etc., were grouped under a uniform duty of 25 per cent., while medical and medicinal preparations of all sorts were reduced from 50 to 35 per cent.

The duty on earthenware jugs, etc., was made uniform at 35 per cent. ad valorem, and in the matter of cement, now 40c per barrel, it was decided, because of difference in the weights of barrels, to make it uniform at 12 1-2c per cwt., including the weight of packing.

Rough blocks, or slabs of marble, now 10 per cent., are increased to 20 per cent. to be uniform with the duty on flagstones, granite, etc., while finished marble goods are increased from 30 to 35 per cent.

Leather board was increased from 20 to 25 per cent., and ordinary leather, now 15 per cent., and patent leather, now 22 1-2 per cent., were made uniform at the increased duty of 25 per cent.

Belting of all kinds, leather and rubber, was made dutiable at 20 per cent., and the duty on india rubber boots, etc., was reduced from 30 to 25 per cent.

Mr. Paterson, in coming to the iron duties, the schedule of metal and metal manufactures, regretted that the Finance Minister had not been able to make the explanation himself. He went on to say, however, that the policy of the Government to-day is that pig, wrought and scrap iron and steel, being the basis of so many industries, the duty upon them should be reduced, notwithstanding the admitted fact that most of this material came to us from across the line. Yet the Government had taken steps to provide that the present iron industry should not thereby be crushed, but should be compensated for the loss of this protection by an increase of bounties. [Conservative cheers and laughter.] The duty on scrap iron and steel it is proposed to reduce from $4 to $1.50 per ton, and the duty on pig iron, kentledge, etc., from $4 to $2.50 per ton, while iron and steel blooms, slabs and billets, and puddled bars are to be reduced from $5 to $4 per ton.

The announcement that barbed fencing would be free after Jan. 1 next was received with loud applause from the Liberals.

Several increases to 35 per cent. provoked great cheering from the Opposition.

Mr. Fielding announced that the binder twine duty would be immediately reduced from 12 1-2 to 10 per cent., and that after Jan. 1 next it would be free, and all articles entering into the manufactures of binder twine would get on the free list.

It was not proposed to make any change in the duty on tea. In place of increasing the duty on sugar, as anticipated, it was proposed practically to reduce it. The duty on raw sugar would remain as it is, 1-2c a pound, but the duty on refined sugar, which governed the price of the article to the consumer, would be reduced 14-1000c per pound.

The free list remains practically the same.

Then, taking up the proposed preferential schedule, he explained that where countries gave favorable treatment to Canada it was proposed to accord favorable treatment to it. From now until June 30 on importations from Great Britain and countries which favored Canada, the reduction would be one-eighth on the general tariff, while after that date the reductions of duty would be one-fourth, but this would not apply to ales, beer, wines or liquors, sugar, molasses or syrups, tobaccos, cigars and cigarets. The Minister explained that it was proposed to strike out the combines by authorizing the placing of articles on the free list where a combine was formed to increase the price.

With regard to revenue gains and losses from these changes on iron the Government might lose $215,000; on woolens, $275,000; on cottons, $66,000; corn, $147,000, or a gross amount of probably $700,000.

It was proposed to increase the excise duty on spirits from $1.70 per proof gallon to $1.90, to reduce duty on vinegars and increase it on acetic acid. It was proposed also to charge a duty on raw leaf tobacco of 10c a pound This would give nearly $1,000,000; spirits, $5,000,000; cigarets, $100,000; customs duties on spirits, etc., $173,000. In this way he hoped to haul out about square at the end of the year.

He proceeded to explain the bounty on iron, but said this would be on iron for home consumption only. The Government reserved to itself the right to impose a duty on iron for export.

Sir Charles Tupper asked how the Government proposed to get over the Belgian and German treaties, which prohibited discrimination by colonies of Great Britain against these countries.

Mr. Fielding said while these treaties forbade any concession of a preferential character being made with Great Britain, the proposal before the House would apply to every country which was willing to establish fair and reasonable trade relations with Canada.

Sir Charles Tupper: The hon. gentleman's proposal is entirely delusive, and will have no effect whatever.

Major Hughes asked if it was proposed to impose an export duty on logs or pulpwood.

Mr. Fielding said the Government had no proposal at this time, but reserved its judgment until a later stage of the session.

In conclusion, Mr. Fielding said: We present to this House a tariff which has the advantage of being simpler than the one that now exists, and I feel assured that it will to a considerable extent put an end to that friction that has so long existed between the merchants of the country and the Custom Houses. We submit a tariff which largely abandons the specific duties, which have been so unjust to the poorer classes. We submit a tariff in which the larger free list is not practically disturbed, but has large additions made to it. We give to the country the great boon of free corn, which

Continued on page 8

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

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Peterborough Markets.

APRIL 23th 1897.

WHEAT.			
Wheat, fall per bushel standard	0 65c	to	0 00
" spring standard	0 60	to	0 00
COARSE GRAIN.			
Barley, per bushel	0 23	to	0 25
Peas, small	0 40	to	0 41
Peas, mummies	0 43	to	0 43
Oats,	0 20	to	0 20
Buckwheat	0 25	to	0 00
Rye	0 30	to	00
FLOUR AND MEAL.			
Flour, Patent Process per cwt.	$2 50	to	2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 50	to	2 50
WOOL AND HIDES.			
Sheep skins	1 00	to	1 25
Fleece wool	0 20	to	0 22
Southdown wool	0 00	to	0 22
Veal Calf skins	06	to	0 08
Deakons	0 35	to	0 40
Beef Hides per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
MEAT, POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Beef by the quarter per cwt	3 00	to	5 00
Cattle, live weight,	0 03	to	0 04
Mutton per lb.	0 06	to	0 07
Spring Lamb per lb.	0 08	to	0 10
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	0 00	to	0 00
Hogs, light fat	4 50	to	0 00
Hogs, heavy fat	4 25	to	0 00
Hogs, live weight (150 to 200)	4 75	to	0 00
Hogs, (over 200)	3 00	to	3 25
Sows	2 50	to	3 00
Pork, by the quarter (per lb)	0 05	to	0 07
Lard	0 10	to	0 10
Ducks, per pair	0 50	to	0 70
Geese, each	0 60	to	0 70
Turkeys, each	0 50	to	1 00
Chickens per pair	0 40	to	0 50
GENERAL.			
Onions per bag	0 60	to	0 75
Common Apples	0 40	to	0 50
Choice Apples	0 60	to	0 75
Carrots	0 00	to	0 00
Cabbage per doz	0 00	to	0 00
Turnips, per bag	0 20	to	0 30
Parsnips, per bag	0 00	to	0 00
Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 14	to	0 16
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
Butter, Firkin	0 11	to	0 13
Eggs, per doz	0 08	to	0 09
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	9 00
Maple Syrup per gal	0 80	to	1 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00
Tallow, rendered per lb	0 2½	to	0 03

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75, Manitoba patents at $4.75 and strong bakers $4.40.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $9 to $8.50, west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues strong. Red winter wheat sold at 76c, and white at 77c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and 74c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c. No. 2 at 25c to 26c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west. White on the Midland quoted at 22c.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c, west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices firm, with quotations 33c to 34c, outside.

Webster's International Dictionary

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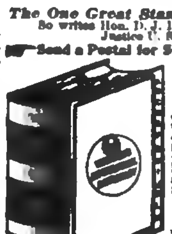

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It is easy to learn what a word means.

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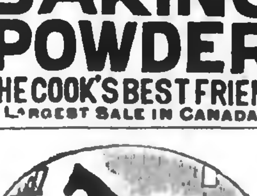

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The Daily Review.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897

A GREAT BIG MUDDLE.

Continued from Page 8.

will have an important effect on the development of our farming interests and particularly the dairying interest, to which we must look in a very large degree for the prosperity of our farmers and the increase of our exports. We give to the country a reduction of the duty on coal oil and the removal of the burdensome restrictions respecting the sale of coal oil. We give to the country a reduction of the duty on coal oil and the removal of the burdensome restrictions respecting the sale of coal oil. We give to the farmer his fence wire at a low rate of duty for the present year, and place it on the free list from the 1st Jan. next. We give him his binder twine on the same terms, a lower rate of duty for the present, and make it free from the 1st day of January next.

We give the medical and dental professions a boon which the younger and less wealthy members of the profession will appreciate, when we put all surgical and dental instruments on the free list.

We recognise the great mining industry of the country by placing on the free list all machinery exclusively used in mining enterprises. [Ministerial cheers.] We do not confine it to mining machinery made in Canada, but we say it is more important to develop the mining interests of Canada than even to make a few machines in Canada, and so we put mining machinery exclusively used for the purposes of mining enterprises on the free list. We give the people the benefit of reductions on breadstuffs, flour, wheat and cornmeal. We give the manufacturers the benefit of cheaper iron, and much complaint has been made in the past of the burdens imposed upon them by the iron duthy. We revise the duties on rice in such a maner that they will not add a cent to the cost to the consumer and will add materially to the public revenue. We give the people a reduction almost all along the line. We provide the necessary revenue to meet the great needs of the country by increased taxes on articles of luxury, such as spirits, tobacco and cigars, without any increased taxation on the necessaries of life. [Liberal cheers.] Hon. gentlemen opposite have ever had the free breakfast they talk about; we make it freer to-day by reducing the duty on sugar from $1.14 per 100 lbs. to $1, which is a material reduction; and last, but not least, we give to the people the benefits of preferential trade with the Mother Country. [Great Ministerial cheering.] This question of preferential trade has been mentioned in the House in times past. Leading public men have advocated preferential trade, but always annexing to their suggestions demands for England's action, with which it was well known England could not comply. The advocates of preferential trade, at all events all who have taken an active part in that movement, have assumed that as the first step England must consent to put a duty on corn. We know that England does not view that project with favor. We know that no more unpopular project can be offered the English people than to ask them to put a duty on breadstuffs. It may be that as time rolls along at an early day they may change their views. It may be that they may see it in their interests to make this distinction, and they may offer some preferential rate to the grain of Canada. If they can be induced to do that by fair argument, I have no doubt it will be a good thing for Canada. But why should we wait for England to take action? England has dealt generously with us in the past. [Cheers.] England has given us a larger degree of liberty perhaps than is possessed by any other country on the face of the earth. She has given us liberty to tax her wares even when she admits our goods free, and we have taxed them to an enormous degree. Why should we wait for England to do more? Somebody must make a move in this matter, and we propose that Canada shall lead the way. The leader of the Opposition says that our project of freer trade with England is a delusive one.

Mr. Fielding concluded his speech at midnight after speaking five hours, with some assistance from Mr. Paterson.

Mr. Foster moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House rose forthwith, both sides rising and joining in singing the National Anthem.

THEY CAUSED A SENSATION.

Eight British War Vessels Turned Up at Lorenzo Marquez and the Inhabitants Got Excited About It.

Lorenzo Marquez, Delagoa Bay, April 22.—A squadron of eight British warships arrived here yesterday evening. The advent of the squadron caused much excitement here. Six of the warships have entered the river and two others remain in the bay. A French warship has also arrived here.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MEN, ALSO, HAVE VANITIES.

How It Happened That Mr. Jeremiah Obtained a Good Photograph.

When Mr. Jeremiah went down town to have his pictures taken his wife said she knew there would be trouble before he got through with it. And there was.

Jeremiah hadn't sat for photographs since he was three years old. He hadn't sat very well then. Indeed, that youthful experience was chiefly memorable because of much frenzied resentment on his part and numerous bribes and threats on the part of his natural protectors. Consequently when he made up his mind to hand himself down to posterity on a piece of cardboard he had but a vague conception of what was really expected of him. But on two points his mind was singularly clear. He knew that he intended to refrain from his infantile tantrum, and he was also equally well aware that he intended to compel the photographer to make a picture that would be recognizable as the likeness of Homer Jeremiah, whether it be shown in Kamtschatka or Zululand.

He expressed the latter sentiment forcibly to his wife before undergoing the ordeal.

"I want my picture to be good," he said, "in the sense that they look like me. I know you women call a picture good when it is so doctored up that there isn't a defect to be detected in the face, no matter how ugly the subject may be in reality. Now, take yourself, for instance. I don't mean that you're not good-looking, Katherine—heavens, no—but you are not as young as you once were, and have wrinkles and gray hairs, just as every woman of your age ought to have. Yet when you sat for your pictures you had them done over three times before they could be made to suit you. You said it was all the retoucher's fault; that that young woman didn't know her business, and you were not satisfied till you had a photograph that I should never have known was yours if it hadn't been so labeled. Now, I don't want anything like that. I won't have it. If I've got wrinkles, they are wrinkles that have been earned by good, honest thought and labor, and I won't have 'em erased. I'm proud of 'em. If I've got a few freckles I want them left in, too. If I have gray hairs and it is possible to show them up I want it done. In short, I want to be taken just as I am or I won't be taken at all."

He soon found an artist who expressed himself thoroughly competent to produce a picture that would be true enough to life to actually talk, and the work of photographing Mr. Jeremiah went rapidly on.

Mr. Jeremiah scorned the idea of proofs, so a week later his pictures were completed and sent around to the Jeremiah household. Mr. Jeremiah refused to look at them when he came home from the office and found them lying on the table.

"I don't want to spoil my first view by the glare of an electric light," he said, decisively. "I'll wait till morning."

As soon as the next day had dawned Mr. Jeremiah tenderly took one of his pictures from the envelope and hurried over to the window to inspect the immortal image of his august self. Mrs. Jeremiah sat a short distance away and furtively watched him. He communed with himself in silence for several minutes, and when he turned toward his wife something like a word that is generally proscribed in polite society was heard to pass from his lips.

"Katherine," he said, "this photographer is a fraud."

"What's the matter, dear? Aren't they good?" asked Mrs. Jeremiah, sweetly.

"Good!" he retorted. "Do I look like a brigand, a cutthroat, a footpad, a villain? Just look at this and tell me if it is a speaking likeness."

Mrs. Jeremiah did as requested. The lines on her lord's face stood out like a small system of hills and valleys; the freckles showed up as big as black measles, and the wart on his chin bore a striking resemblance to an inverted Eiffel tower.

"It is a little too rugged, perhaps, but the retoucher can fix that," said Mrs. Jeremiah, sympathetically.

"I'll have no retoucher," he snapped viciously. "But I won't be monkeyed with in this way. Let them make me look just as I am and I shall be satisfied."

A few days later Mr. Jeremiah got his photograph back again. His face was as fine and firm as a boy's, his hair was black, and his mustache curled briskly upward.

"Ah," said Mr. Jeremiah, with great satisfaction. "This is something like it. This looks like me. You don't mean to say, do you, Katherine, that the retoucher had anything to do with this?"

"Oh, no," said Mrs. Jeremiah.—Chicago Tribune.

Then He Fled.

The man with the vapid smile chuckled.

"Such a good joke," he said.

"Yes?" returned the man with the heavy walking stick interrogatively, at the same time taking a firmer hold of the stick.

"Oh, yes," said the man with the vapid smile confidently; "best joke you ever heard. I'm going to sell it to a comic paper for $5."

"It'll be a whale of a joke if you do," answered the man with the heavy walking stick.

"Well it is," asserted the man with the heavy smile. "It's absolutely new and original, too. You see, it occurs to me that, in view of the fact that members of congress get mileage and also an allowance for their letter paper and envelopes, they receive"——

"Yes."

There was a menacing swing to the heavy walking stick that the man with the vapid smile did not fail to notice.

"They receive," he repeated, moving a little further away, "both traveling and stationery expenses."

Then he fled, and wisely, too.—Chicago Post.

Audacity.

The pert wind kissed Priscilla's cheek,
And made it red;
Then, fearing lest rebuke she'd speak,
Away he fled.

But tasted sweets do sharper taste
To crave for more;
And one can do again, at least,
What's done before.

So, in anticipated bliss,
Straight back he goes—
Oh, most impertinent! This kiss
Makes red her nose!

THE FRESHET IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg is Not Threatened, But Emerson People Have to Live in the Upper Storeys of Their Houses.

Winnipeg, April 22.—(Special.)—The Red River at Winnipeg continues to rise slowly, but thus far no inconvenience has been caused here and there is believed to be no danger of a flood. At Emerson, Morris and other points down the river, where the land lies much lower and the river is much narrower, a serious state of affairs exists, the country being inundated and most people being compelled to live in the upper storeys of their houses. It is reported that along the Red River between Winnipeg and Emerson many settlers are suffering distress and want as a result of the flood. The Government is taking steps to find out if such reports are true, and will dispatch a steamer down the river to relieve any distress that may be found to exist. Despatches from Emerson tonight say the water is slowly receding, and it is now believed the worst stage has been passed.

The high water has caused more inconvenience than loss at Winnipeg. The water now stands 21 feet 10 inches above the ordinary low water mark. It is only two feet below the power house of the Electric Light Companies, but is not expected to reach them.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION CLOSED

The Pedagogues Have Had a Good Time—Some Criticism of the Education Department.

Toronto, April 23.

The annual convention of the Ontario Educational Association, which closed last night, proved highly successful and instructive. There was a wide range of topics discussed and some severe criticisms of details in the educational system of the Province. On all hands it was conceded that good will result from the discussions and that the educators themselves will profit greatly from this their thirty-sixth annual conference.

In the Trustees' Section, Dr. McGillivray, Whitby, read a paper on examinations, and announced that there were too many and they cost too much. In addition to this, it was the practice of the Minister of Education to saddle High Schools with the cost of maintaining a lot of useless officials, who received their positions as party rewards. Whenever a teacher raised his voice in protest, said Dr. McGillivray, the Minister of Education closed his mouth by giving him a text-book to write, or some other job.

Hon. G. W. Ross quoted figures to show that the cost was less than in any other country where a like efficiency was maintained.

As to the charge of jobbery, the Minister said it was a base insinuation against the members of the Province, which would not be heeded by any right thinking man.

Dr. B. A. Hinsdale of Ann Arbor, Mich., lectured on the psychological aspects of education and pointed out that moral teaching must be done *incidentally*. Intellectual training could be given by a direct appeal to the intelligence, but moral teaching was successful only so far as it appealed to the sympathies of the pupil. Direct teaching of this character only aroused the combative and argumentative spirit.

The Committee on High School Entrance Examinations presented, through Dr. Burwash, the following report: 1. The division of the High Schools into two distinct courses, the one literary and classical, preparing for university and higher professional courses; the other, English and scientific, preparing for agriculture and other industrial pursuits.

2. The entrance to the first division should be such as to enable pupils to enter not later than 12 years of age, so that they can advantageously begin their language studies, while the entrance to the second division might be placed at a more advanced stage of the Public School program and thus tend to raise the character of the Public Schools.

3. In the selection of examiners for entrance to the schools of the first division, representatives of High Schools of this class or of the universities should have a controlling place. For entrance to those of the second division, representatives of the Public Schools and of the second division of the High Schools should have prominence.

The jubilee resolution, as drafted by the sub-committee, was read to the association and contained the usual congratulatory expressions of loyalty to Her Majesty. The resolution will be engrossed, signed by the president, president-elect and secretary and sent to the Queen.

The Minister of Education, who has been in great demand throughout the meeting, gave an able address on "Citizenship and Higher Education." One of the main points which Dr. Ross strove to make was that whatever the state might spend in aid of university education would be amply repaid by the indirect benefits she would derive from the useful experimental works and remarkable inventions the scientific and otherwise learned men turned out by the university would carry out. Political economists should step into politics and throw some light on such topics as the tariff. Up to this time each man held just such views as, if carried out, would most benefit himself. Turning to the question of the neglect of art and literature and the failure to patronize learning and learned men in proportion to their merit, he stated that there could be found no more of the artistic in Toronto to-day than could be found in the Indian villages discovered by La Salle 300 years ago. Though constitutionally Canadians are empowered to govern half the continent, yet the country is dominated by provincial ideas. Thus, in choosing the Government, the Premier of the Dominion had to choose representatives from each of the Provinces. The same might be said in regard to creeds. A Government should have represented so many Catholics, so many Protestants, so many lawyers and so many farmers. We allowed local interests to dominate our actions and larger conceptions of citizenship were unknown. It was the duty of higher education to remove this drawback. Religious intolerance, though largely wiped away in the past four hundred years, still existed. People still sneered at other mortals because they chose to prostrate themselves before their Maker in some different way to what they took themselves. The churches were human. They loved power and sought the protection of the throne, and not the left, but the right side of the throne at that. [Laughter.] The Minister concluded with an appeal to the members to repay to their country the services they had received from it in the shape of an almost entirely free education.

This closed the convention.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

Large Increase in the Reserve and a Decrease in Circulation

London, April 22.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued to-day, shows the following changes as compared with the previous account:

Total reserve increased £443,000, circulations decreased £549,000, bullion decreased £105,765, other securities increased £250,000, other deposits increased £38,000, public deposits increased £712,000, notes reserved increased £561,000, Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability, which last week was 50.75 per cent., is now 50.93 per cent. The bank rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 1-2 per cent.

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NEW AND TASTEFUL STYLES.

Men who wish to be well dressed and who are particularly careful as to the style of hats they wear, find much to commend this season in the hats made by Christy, Lincoln, Bennett, Wilkinson, Youmans and Stetson.

THE DERBY HATS for this Spring differ from the Fall hats in the matter of brim, which is rather more flat with the full crown.

We show three different shades of brown together with a beautiful black, they are very Dressy Hats.

The true worth of our $2.50 DERBYS are greatly appreciated by a large class of patrons. "YOUMAN'S" sell at the standard price, $5.00.

THE SILK HAT is a little more bell as to crown than last season, while the brim is flat and similar in curve to the brim of the Derby.

FEDORAS are medium wide in brim with flat set curl, crown not too high.

We have hats to sell this season that are not only pleasing to the eye but also very durable.

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THE REVIEW

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Agent, Peterborough.

THE DAILY REVIEW.

VOL. XXXV, No. 96. PETERBOROUGH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897. TEN CENTS A WEEK

OSMAN TAKES CHARGE

Edhem Pasha Superseded by the Hero of Plevna.

Floods Have Stopped the Turkish Advance Towards Larissa—Events at the Front Have Caused Depression at Constantinople—Greeks Attacking Fort Issedin, in Crete—The Situation Highly Critical—Prince Constantine Playing the Defensive Game—Communication Interrupted.

London, April 23.—The Times' correspondent at Canea says that to-day the insurgents are attacking Fort Issedin, which is occupied by the international troops in addition to the Turkish garrison. Three war ships have left Suda and anchored opposite the fort. The admirals have gone to reconnoitre in a torpedo boat. Col. Vassos has written to the admirals to ask whether the powers are in alliance with Turkey. The object of this inquiry is obvious.

The Athens correspondent of The Times says: Those in authority here regard the situation as highly critical, despite the favorable news from Epirus. Fighting continues at Mati. The Crown Prince Constantine has ordered his troops to maintain a strictly defensive attitude. A portion of the western squadron has been detached to bombard the fortress Parga, opposite Pax Island. The Turks have suffered unexpectedly severe reverses.

A despatch to The Standard from Constantinople says: The Russian Government has sharply ordered Bulgaria to keep quiet, yet Bulgaria has given the Porte notice that she will mobilize her troops to-morrow (Saturday) unless the Berats (the warrants for five more Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia) and the appointments of Bulgarian commercial agents at Uskub and Monastir are granted.

The correspondent of The Daily News at Constantinople says: It is reported that all telegraphic communication with Constantinople is now cut off, except by way of Odessa. I am assured that Izzet Bey has been received again into the favor of the Sultan.

A despatch to The Daily News from Canea says that Col. Vassos has notified the admirals that he has been ordered to attack the Turks.

The Times correspondent at Canea says it is reported there that Col. Vassos has received this order.

A despatch to The Daily News from Larissa, dated Wednesday, says that the Greeks are about to assume the offensive against Vigla and Salonica and that the Greeks have occupied Karya.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the Crown Prince Constantine has wired to King George as follows:

"The Turks are quiet to-day, owing to our success yesterday (Thursday). We have destroyed the Turkish battery at Ligaria. The Turks have retired from Neseros and Rapsani. The action of our fleet at Katerina was excellent."

The Chronicle's correspondent at Athens says:

"The Turks are greatly dismayed by the destruction of their stores at Katerina and at Litochorion. Commodore Sachtouris destroyed the stores from the coast to the foot of Mount Olympus. Nothing remains, therefore, for Edhem Pasha to carry away but hunger. The coast road being barred, the only remaining road from Salonica is the Verria road, eight days from Elassona. The reports of the injury to the railway line by the blowing up of bridges and a tunnel are confirmed. It is reported here (Athens) that the Turkish troops will be withdrawn from Crete.

More Wounded Greeks Roasted.

Athens, April 23.—Among the wounded who arrived here are several who state that a number of the Greek wounded at Gritsovali, unable to follow the Greek retreat, were shut up in a small church by the Turks, who set fire to the buildings and burned them to death."

General Militia Called Out.

Athens, April 23.—It has been decided to call out several classes of the Landwehr, or militia. In Greece, all able-bodied males from 21 years of age and upwards are liable to be called upon for military service. The total service is for 19 years, of which two years with considerable terms of leave of absence, must be passed with the color. Eight and seven years are then passed in the reserve and the remainder of the total term of 19 years is passed in the militia, or Landwehr.

Montenegrins Ready to Fight.

Cettinje, Montenegro, April 23.—The Crown Prince Danilo, in an address to the Montenegrin troops to-day, said:

"We sincerely hope this conflict (the war between Turkey and Greece), will cost as little human life as possible. Our interests thus far, have not been affected; but, should the force of circumstances or, which God forbid, some unhappy event in any way prejudice our interests, we will instantly prove ourselves brave and worthy sons of our beloved fatherland."

Greek Fleet Bombarding.

Corfu, April 23.—The western Greek squadron is bombarding Santi Quaranta and doing great damage to the town. All the Government and private buildings have been destroyed, with the exception of the Austrian agency. All the stores and merchandise on the quays have been burned.

Want to Shake Off the Yoke

Paris, April 22.—The Politique Coloniale publishes telegrams from the Sporades and the Island of Samos, off the coast of Asia Minor, declaring that the inhabitants are impatiently awaiting the arrival of the Greek fleet as a signal to shake off the Turkish yoke.

A Greek Victory.

Salonica, April 23.—The news is received here that on Tuesday, after a fierce battle the Greeks occupied Karya. Fighting continues all along the line.

OSMAN TAKES COMMAND.

Edhem Pasha Supplanted by the Old Hero of Plevna.

Constantinople, April 23, afternoon.—An additional force of Redifs or army reserves has been called out to reinforce the Turkish troops operating against the Greeks. They consist of the Koniah Brigade, from Cesaere, a division from Smyrna belonging to the third army corps; three brigades from the fourth army corps and a division of the fifth army corps. These men will total up 72 additional battalions of troops, numbering 50,400 men.

It is now definitely announced that Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna, has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Turkish army, having its headquarters at Elassona. Edhem Pasha has been recalled. In addition, Said Edin Pasha has been appointed to command the Turkish army, having its headquarters at Janina, replacing Ahmed Hafiz Pasha, who is recalled.

The new Turkish commanders start for their posts this evening.

STOPPED BY FLOODS.

Turkish Troops Halted and Pontoons Sent for—Greeks Blew Up the Bridge.

Constantinople, April 22 (delayed in transmission.)—It is stated here that one of the Turkish brigades which was pushed forward on the plain of Larissa has been unable to advance further owing to floods caused by rains and the consequent rise of the River Salambria.

Edhem Pasha has telegraphed, asking for the immediate despatch of pontoons to enable the troops to cross the river, the Greeks having blown up the bridge.

These reports have had a very depressing effect here when taken in conjunction with the formidable resistance which the Turks have met with around Tyrnavo, and it is stated tat Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna, is to be sent to the seat of war in order to direct the military operations against the Greeks. This report has since been confirmed, apparently, by the statement that Osman Pasha, who, for some time past has had the honor of being selected to taste all the dishes served to the Sultan, and to see that they are safely conveyed untouched from the kitchen to His Majesty, has actually been ordered to the front.

In addition, the Turkish military authorities are considering the despatch of considerable reinforcements to the frontier, but, in spite of the difficulties encountered, no doubt is felt among the Turkish military men here that the Turks will ultimately occupy Larissa, though it is admitted the task will be harder than was imagined, the Government having confidently expected to capture the Greek headquarters by Tuesday morning last. A despatch from Salonica admits that the Greek forces have been successful in their operations against a Turkish division near Louros, Epirus, and another message from the same place announces that a squadron of Greek warships is bombarding Fort Karabaran, on the Gulf of Salonica.

THE POWERS WILL INTERVENE.

That is Provided the Participants in the Struggle Ask Them to.

Brussels, April 23.—Le Nord to-day announces that all the powers have given their assent to the note of the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Mouravieff, assuring the Greeks and Turks of the friendly interference of the powers in the present struggle as soon as asked for by either side.

Turks Fled Hastily.

Arta, April 22 (delayed in transmission), 6 p.m.—The Turks have abandoned Kiafa and Komitsadesm, on the left bank of the Acachphon. The inhabitants fled precipitately, leaving their belongings. All along the route to Fort Imaret (captured by the Greeks), there were evidences of the hasty flight of the Turkish households. The belongings of the Turks were everywhere scattered about.

The prefect of Arta has reached Filipiada. He was received with acclamation by the population. A number of Greek wounded have been brought to Filipiada. The dead were left unburied all along the route. The headquarters of Col. Manos, the commander of the Greek forces in Epirus, are at Stina.

A lively fusilade continues between the Greek and Turkish outposts around Arta. In the villages abandoned by the Turks the Greeks found a considerable quantity of ammunition.

Even Women are Arming

Athens, April 23.—The excitement here continues to be most intense. Advices received here to-day from Volo say that even the women are arming themselves to do battle with the Turks.

Prevesa Citadel still Held.

Berlin, April 23.—A telegram received here from Constantinople says that while it is true that the town of Prevesa has been partly destroyed by the guns of the Greek warship and those of a battery which the Greeks erected, the Citadel of Prevesa is not damaged and is still held by the Turks.

A system of public work that has much to commend it is that of "Co-operative Contract," in vogue in New Zealand. Under that system a public work is divided into small sections by the engineer in charge, and an estimate is made of its cost. Each section is then let out to a group of workmen, who do the work under a foreman of their own choosing, but who receives no more than his fellows. They obtain the full profit which would otherwise go to professional contractors, and they share the payment equally.

Each worker is interested in seeing that his companions do their full amount of work, and the sooner the job is performed the greater the return for a day's work. If any tools are needed which the men do not own, the Government supplies them at a moderate rental. The adoption of this system should provide a method whereby direct employment by the Government would be consistent with a full return for the money expended, giving to the community an advantage in the economical execution of public enterprise equal to that enjoyed by private employers.—Review of Reviews.

FOSTER ON THE TARIFF

The Ex-Minister of Finance Makes Some Strong Points.

A Series of Kaleidoscopic Changes—Nobody Could Tell One Moment What Was Coming Next—Liberal Pledges Ignored—Nine-Tenths of the Conservative Tariff Adopted—Mr. McMullen Talked About Thieves and Perpetrated a Pun—The Liberals Have Broken Faith With the Patrons—Government Claimed to Have Acted Illegally.

Ottawa, April 23.—(Special.)—Hon. G. E. Foster this afternoon took up the budget. He began by regretting the temporary absence of the Finance Minister and Controller of Customs, observing that it was at least a satisfaction to have present the Finance Minister in esse. [Sir Richard smiled.]

As to the Budget Speech, which lasted from 4.30 until midnight, nobody could tell one moment what was coming next; it was a series of kaleidoscopic changes and varieties. Nor had anyone yet been able to ascertain just what is this new tariff, or what the real effect of the tariff is intended to be. And in this connection Mr. Foster complained that, contrary to all practice, the Opposition had not been furnished with a copy of the resolutions, and, contrary to all procedure, the tariff items were not even read over by the Minister of Finance. His own criticism would, therefore, have to be general upon the Budget Speech.

As there was no room for speculation, all the financial figures relating to 1895-6 having been brought down, he had no fault to find with Mr. Fielding's presentation of the facts under that head. But as if to pick himself up before knocking himself down, the Finance Minister entered upon a long abuse of the National Policy, in advance of his statement of the last year of Conservative rule, which turned out to be the most satisfactory tribute to its policy. Mr. Fielding had shown that in 1895-6 the expenditure was $900,000 less than his (Mr. Foster's) estimate, and less by $1,200,000 than the expenditure of the previous year. But the record was excellent, as regards the trade, which last year had reached a gain of thirteen millions—high-water mark. The taxation of 1895-6 was 18 per cent. on an average, and the customs tax per capita was $3.94, against a per capita tax of $3.95 in 1875.

The fact that the agricultural schedule has been left without change was a splendid vindication of the Conservative policy in protecting that industry against the abuse of the honorable gentlemen opposite, and, further, under that policy the exports of agricultural produce, as of manufactured goods, had largely increased. [Cheers.]

Then Mr. Fielding had estimated for the year 1896 a revenue of $37,296,665, but he forgot that if he made his Budget Speech in March he would have had to report a decline of $700,000, and still, yesterday he was ahead of last year in receipts; because in six weeks his revenue had jumped up $2,228,000. To that extent he had borrowed from the future, so that instead of $37,296,665, he would have a revenue, according to Mr. Foster's estimate, of but $30,000,000; and an expenditure of not $37,800,000, but of $38,600,000; therefore, Mr. Fielding's estimated deficit of half a million, which he was good enough to say might be doubled, would really amount at the end of the year to $2,000,000. And instead of adding but $1,750,000, Mr. Fielding would add $4,000,000 to the debt.

Then Mr. Foster went on to ask what pledges of the Liberal party during the last six years, aye, of 18 years, had been carried out in the financial or tariff policy just laid down. The safety of all free institutions was in the honorable principle of keeping faith with the people. If the trickery of catchy and insincere professions were to be imported into the public affairs of this country, good bye to public confidence and political morality. [Cheers.]

Mr. Foster proceeded to quote from Opposition speeches, those of Messrs. Laurier and Mills, wherein they promised to cut down the expenditure by $4,000,000. They had made a contract with the people and broken it.

Mr. McMullen: We do not have thieves, anyway.

Mr. Foster: The honorable member for North Wellington, as I understand him, and he will correct me if I did not, said: "We do not have thieves, anyway." [No response.] He does not deny it, Mr. Speaker. He means that we had thieves on our side of the House. Sir, his leader herded with thieves, took thieves' money, and with it placed deposits to keep his men from being turned out at the elections; took thieves' money, knowing afterwards that it was thieves' money, allowing this party to prove it; sitting there to-day and not making any proposition to restore it to the impoverished Quebec treasury. He slept with Pacaud, and Pacaud told upon him. Does my honorable friend want to know anything more about thieves? The honorable gentleman had better not appeal to time. Time passes, and time will make some revelations yet. [Loud Opposition cheers.]

As to their tariff pledges, had they kept them? asked Mr. Foster.

"We promised to turn you out," said Mr. Somerville, amidst laughter.

"That's just it," was Mr. Foster's keen retort. "My hon. friend has struck the key. That was their pledge, indeed; that was all they cared. Their leader sounded it earlier in the session. When confronted with broken pledges, all he could reply was to shrug his shoulders and exclaim, 'Oh, well, we're here and you're there.'" [Laughter.]

Mr. Foster went on to say that he proposed to read just what were these tariff pledges, publicly made throughout the country.

Dr. Landerkin: Oh, read us the prohibition pledge!

That appeal, replied Mr. Foster, touched him deeply. If the hon. gentleman, who doubtless felt his own needs so keenly, would come to him

Continued on page 7

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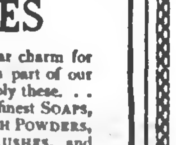

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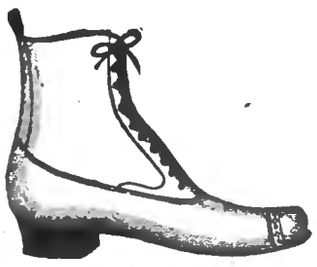

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A Physical Wreck

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A Power of Good

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The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897

THE NEW TARIFF

THE discussion of the new tariff, the opinions of those interested in the several industries and therefore best able to judge of its affect, the results which time will show it is accountable for are all required before the tariff can be properly passed upon. Of course, the Liberal press hail it as the embodiment of Liberal principles which cried death to protection and called for the wiping out of its last vestige. They tell us that it is the new law which marks the end of a tariff system that was ruining this country and is the commencement of an era of unprecedented prosperity. Of course, this latter result is what the Liberals hope for, but they will have to wait, and if they realize their hopes well and good for them. If they do not they will have to abide by the result. As far as being the embodiment of Liberal principles is concerned, a glance shows that such is not the fact, if Liberal leaders are to be credited with having enunciated Liberal principles when advocating commercial union, unrestricted reciprocity, free trade and death to protection. In fact there is no more striking feature presented by the new law than the lines on which the "reforming" of the tariff has been conducted. It bears evidence of the widely different views on trade policy held by the several members of the Government. It is evident that the diversity of opinion in the Cabinet has left its imprint on the tariff. There has been a cutting off here, and an adding to there, one evidently set against the other. The protectionist principle has shown itself in some cases, but is unfortunately absent in others, and one cannot but feel that the Government will not be proud of its tariff law when it has been subjected to the test. Peterborough will show evidences of the results of the new tariff probably as readily as any city or town in the country, for the industries represented here are varied and therefore the changes directly affect the local industries more or less. The agricultural implement manufacturer cannot grumble, but the manufacturer of mining machinery has not been given any protection. The woollen duties have been lowered, and so it goes, and time will have to be allowed to show the effects that are to follow. The injury to our industries might have been worse, and it can be trusted that if serious results follow that the evils will be remedied.

The farmer was led to expect much, but he has received little, if what the Liberal represented should be done for him meant anything. To be sure corn has been made free but this will not be an unmixed blessing, for it promises to affect other coarse grains to a considerable extent. The duty on refined sugar has been reduced but the reduction of a small fraction of a cent per pound is not worthy of the name of reduction, as far as the consumer is concerned.

The step towards preferential trade contained in the tariff announcement is an adoption of Conservative policy, but the favored nation clause, while pointed to with such jubilation by the Liberals as an evidence of their loyalty, may work many difficulties and complications for the Government that inaugurated it in this form. It is claimed that it not only includes Great Britain, but Germany, Norway, Sweden, Austria and Russia. If it does it can be seen that complications must arise.

THIS new tariff was to be a poor man's tariff. In what respect does it merit such a name?

MR. Fielding and the Toronto Globe still continue to condemn protection in one sentence, and then proceed to justify the introduction of a protective tariff in the next.

SIR Richard Cartwright will be satisfied with the manner in which he has put his "heel on the neck of protection," but he will be satisfied only because he must be, if he is to remain in office.

THE Liberals seem unable to keep within bounds in their anxiety to produce what they call the new evidence of their loyalty—the favored nation clause. They seem to think such evidence was required.

ALL this uproar about coal oil and the manner in which protection forced the Canadian consumer to pay ten and twelve cents more for his coal oil than he would under Liberal rule must now be silenced. The new tariff reduces the duty on American oil one cent a gallon. This will work the change and make a reduction of twelve cents in coal oil in Canada. Will it? Wait and see.

THE Globe apologizes for the tariff policy of "the strongest Government Canada has ever seen" in the following paragraph:—

The new tariff is not what would have been established by the Liberal Ministry confronted by healthy conditions growing up under a natural system. It would be unpardonable recklessness for a physician, treating the results by long subjection to unhealthy restraints, to ignore the conditions which abnormal restrictions have produced.

WE agree with our evening contemporary that the 57th Battalion is entitled to representation in the Canadian battalion which will be sent to England to participate in the celebration of the Queen's Jubilee. When the proposition was first given to the public we urged the claims of the 57th, as the battalion with the highest standing in this military district and as one of the first city corps in the Dominion. Then was the time that the friends of the Government should have entered their protest. Or at all events when the list was published and it was seen that the Rangers had been passed over and the 14th of Kingston included was surely the time that the local Government organ should have entered its protest for it would then have been more likely to have received a sympathetic reception. Peterborough will probably be told that it is represented by the four men who will go from the 3rd Dragoons, which have their headquarters here, and therefore are considered representative of this district. It is a poor satisfaction, however, for Peterborough as a town, for as is well known the Dragoons are drawn from a very wide district. It is to be hoped that the claims of the 57th, although taken up by the local Government organ at a late hour will receive attention from the Department. There is no reason, whatever, why the Peterborough Rangers should be ignored for other battalions which do not compare with it as an efficient, well-drilled, well-officered volunteer corps.

Without a Peer—Works Miracles.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is without a peer. This great remedy relieves instantly the most aggravated and distressing forms of heart disease. It is the surest and quickest acting formula for heart trouble known to medical science, and thousands of times has the hand of the grim destroyer been stayed by its use. If there is palpitation, shortness of breath, pain in left side, smothering sensations—don't delay, or you may be counted in the long list of those who have gone over to the great majority, because the best remedy in the world to-day was not promptly used. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

TIME IS NEEDED

To Figure Out Just What the Effect of the New Tariff Will be—How About the Reciprocity?

Ottawa, April 23.—(Special.)—Members on both sides of the House have not yet recovered from the astonishment with which the new tariff affected them. It is admitted that it will take some time to properly realize the effect which the new rate of duties, especially under the reciprocal clause, will have upon the business interests of the country. Leading manufacturers who are here to-day do not object to the reciprocal idea as it affects the Mother Country, but they are kicking, and kicking most vigorously, that under most favored nation treatment Germany, especially with her goods, which are the product of cheap labor, should be able to get them into Canada without any corresponding return to us. It is felt that the action of the Government in adopting this preferential basis will undoubtedly elicit a declaration from the Imperial Government that Germany and Belgium must share with England in this one-eighth reduction. The effect must be to stimulate the movement for the abrogation of treaties between Great Britain and these countries, a desideratum which Canada has been advocating for years past.

About the crossest men in Canada to-day are the oil refiners. They consider they have suffered the worst blow through the new tariff that the Government has administered to any industry. The abolition of regulations forbidding the importation of oil in tanks, by which the Standard Oil Company will now be able to bring its oil to Canada in tank vessels, throws the door open entirely to the giant monopoly of the United States. The Ontario oil men concede that the Maritime Provinces are lost to them altogether as a market, the American oil under the new tariff being placed in those provinces far cheaper than the Ontario product. The change made by the Government in these duties is equivalent to a cut of 3 cents a gallon. The World the other day foreshadowed a reduction of 1 cent a gallon on refined oil. This was what refiners anticipated, but they never counted upon any change in the regulations, and this is what makes them very sore. Both Mr. Lister and Mr. Fraser, the representatives of Lambton in the House of Commons, are very gloomy to-day as a result of the manner in which the Government has given them the double-cross.

Mr. Wood, M.P. for Hamilton, it is said, is long on iron, and in view of the reduction in duties stands to lose from $40,000 to $60,000. Mr. MacPherson, too, the other Hamilton representative it is said, is stocked up with sugar. Had duties gone up much he would have been several thousand dollars ahead.

A militia general order was issued to-day, but the changes are unimportant. Among them are the following: 5th Kingston Field Battery, Major William Melleville Drennan is granted the brevet rank of Lieut.-Colonel.

30th Wellington Battalion—Surgeon Captain John George Mennie, having left the limits, his name is removed from the list of officers; to be surgeon: Lieutenant Gerald O'Reilly, M. D., vice Mennie, retired.

31st Grey Battalion—No. 4 company, Capt. Samuel J. McGirr resigns his commission, and to retain the rank of captain on retirement; to be captain, 2nd Lieut. Harry Alexander Hunter, vice McGirr, retired.

33rd Huron Battalion—No. 7 company, to be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Andrew Wells Forrester, vice Beacon, retired.

34th Ontario Battalion—No. 5 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. Ed Baird retired.

36th Peel Battalion—No. 2 company, to be lieutenant, 2nd Lieut. Frederick John Hallton, vice Chadwick, transferred.

40th Northumberland Battalion—No. 9 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. Nelson William Massey.

49th Hastings Battalion—No. 2 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. John W. Kingston.

The crusade in favor of compelling the railways to carry bicycles free as baggage continues. Mr. Lount to-day presented a petition in favor of the reform from 117 Torontonians, Mr. Gibson one from St. Catharines with over 400 signatures, Mr. Wood one from Brockville with 63 names, and Mr. Kendry one from Peterboro with 65 signatures.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8 to $8.50, west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is quiet and firm. Red winter wheat is quoted at 77c, and white at 78c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c, Midland, and 75c to 76c, afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 22c to 23c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west. White on the Midland quoted at 22c.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c, west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices firm, with quotations 33c to 34c, outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts of live stock at the Western markets to-day were 42 car loads, including 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1600 hogs. The quality of the cattle was better, and the demand fairly good. Exporters sold at 3¾c to 4½c per lb., the latter for a fancy lot. Bulls rule at 3c to 3½c, and stockers at 2½c to 3c. Butchers' cattle firmer, with good demand; the best sold at 3¾c to 3½c, good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, inferior at 2c to 2½c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $10 each.

Spring lambs are unchanged, with sales at $2.50 to $5 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3½c to 3¾c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c to 3c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5½c to 5¾c per lb.

Hogs unchanged, with receipts of 1600. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4¾c to 4⅞c, light weights at 4¾c, sows at 3½c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 23.—Spring wheat 6s 6½d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 5d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 58s 0d, lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 28s 0d; do. short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d, cheese, white and colored, 38s 0d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet and steady; on passage nominally unchanged. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures irregular at 6s 1½d for May, 6s 2½d for July and 6s 1d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7½d for May and 2s 8½d for July.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Toronto Savings AND Loan Company

HEAD OFFICE:

437 GEORGE ST., PETERBOROUGH

Capital Subscribed $1,000,000
Capital Paid Up 600,000
Reserve Fund 105,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

FOUR per cent. interest allowed on Deposits from day of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Money advanced upon Real Estate Security, repayable in monthly instalments if so desired.

W. G. MORROW, MANAGER

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

The Daily Review

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897

LIMP PINS.

Contract Rheumatism and You will Suffer Untold Agonies—Use South American Rheumatic Cure and You will Have Relief in a Few Minutes, and a Cure in Three Days—Testimony Proves It.

"I was for three years a great sufferer from rheumatism—pains in my limbs were particularly distressing. I had tried almost every known remedy, but received no benefit. I was advised to give South American Rheumatic Cure a trial. I purchased two bottles. When I had used one and a half bottles I was perfectly cured. I consider it a wonderful remedy, and take pleasure in recommending it." F. Nugent, Niagara Falls, Ont. Sold by H S MacDonald, druggist.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, noblest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 290 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty laces. d8ly

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

BRITAIN WANTS PEACE

But Will Maintain Her Supremacy in South Africa.

The Debate in the Cape Parliament Resumed—A Policy of Moderation and Conciliation Urged—Sir Gordon Sprigg, the Premier, Says the Way to Secure Peace is to Redress the Grievances of the Uitlanders—Mr. Sauer Says if Britain Uses Force it Will Mean Civil War—Mr. Schreiner Talks of Ominous Clouds.

Cape Town, April 23.—In the Cape Parliament to-day the debate on the so-called "peace motion," adjourned on April 16, was resumed. The motion referred to urged the adoption of a policy of moderation and conciliation in the settlement of differences in the interpretation of treaties and conventions. An amendment was introduced to the effect that the ends desired would be best attained by a strict observance of the London Convention, and by the redress of the genuine grievances of the Uitlanders. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the Premier, to-day said the way for the Transvaal Republic to subdue the excitement was to redress the grievances of the Uitlanders. He did not believe there would be war, because he could not see how it was going to arise, though he explained that building of forts and the importing of ammunition and guns was no way to secure peace. Continuing, the premier asserted that the last thing the Imperial Government desired was war, and if war occurred it would be the fault of the Transvaal. Great Britain was determined to maintain the London Convention and her position as the paramount power in Africa. The Transvaal autonomy, he asserted, was not worth a year's purchase without the protection of Great Britain.

Mr. Sauer condemned the attitude of the Premier, and suggested that if Great Britain used force it would mean civil war.

Mr. M. P. Schreiner, the former Premier of Cape Colony, said he did not agree with the martial utterance of the Premier. Continuing, Mr. Schreiner remarked that the situation was full of ominous clouds, and he expressed the hope that the lightning would not strike.

And the Spirits Moved.

Visitor—Just see that man galloping around on his hands and knees.

Keeper—Yes, sir. He imagines he is a horse.

Visitor—Now he's hugging that post and growling.

Keeper—Yes, sir. He thinks he is a bear.

Visitor—Are you sure he's crazy?

Keeper (sarcastically)—Oh, dear me, no, sir! He's just full of animal spirits.

Buttoned.

Andy—Why did you get married so suddenly?

Harry—I put on one of those blamed buttons—that kind which reads "If you love me grin," and the first girl I met she grinned, and that resulted in our marriage. Now I'm not happy.

Andy—Why not?

Harry—Chagrined—that's why!—Up-to-Date.

DANGER! DANGER!

Women Should Exercise Great Care

The women, who buy eighty-five per cent. of all goods that are used in the home, should be very careful when they purchase dyes for home dyeing.

Some dealers, for the sake of large profits, are selling adulterated foreign and home made dyes, and frequently tell their customers that they are as good as the Diamond Dyes.

Such statements are false and misleading. No dyes in the world equal the Diamond Dyes in strength, purity and fastness of color. Every package is warranted to do the best work, and they are sold as low as the worthless dyes.

Do not be persuaded to use dyes that will ruin your goods. Insist upon getting Diamond Dyes; all reliable dealers keep them in stock.

THE SCIENTIFIC SLUGGARD.

'Tis the voice of the scientist, hear him explain,
"Don't get up too soon, it is bad for the brain;
The mind it unhinges," he ruthlessly said,
"If you rise in the morning too soon from your bed."

"Go early to bed and early to rise,
And so you'll be healthy and wealthy and wise,"
But how about those agricultural hands,
Who do all the year round what the proverb commands?

I passed by his garden quite early one morn,
And saw him uprooting the thistle and thorn;
His limbs are rheumatic, his energy flags,
And as for his trousers and shirt, they were rags.

I spoke to the jokes, still hoping to find
That rising so early was good for his mind,
He doddered and drivelled, alas, it was plain
The worthy bucolic was three parts insane.

Said I in my heart—Here's a lesson for me,
That man is a picture of what I might be;
Then thanks be to science, for teaching so clearly,
It's quite a delusion to get up too early.
—Pall Mall Gazette.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

EAST	ARRIVE	DEPART
Norwood, Havelock, Ottawa Montreal	4.25 p.m.	11.22 a.m
Indian River, Norwood, Havelock	7.20 a.m.	7.55 p.m
Norwood, Havelock, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Portland, Boston	4.42 a.m.	11.35 p.m
WEST		
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.22 a.m.	4.42 a.m
Toronto and intermediate	7.55 p.m.	7.20 a.m
Toronto, London, Detroit, Chicago	11.35 p.m.	4.25 p.m
Toronto, North Bay, Port Arthur, Northwest	11.22 a.m.	4.25 p.m

Grand Trunk Railway.

MAIN LINE

For Lindsay and Toronto....Leave 8.25 a.m.
Toronto via Port Hope.....Leave 12.05 p.m.
Toronto via Lindsay.....Leave 5.25 p.m.
From Toronto for East.....Leave 9.05 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION

Leave.....8.40 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive.....8.15 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

LAKEFIELD BRANCH

Leave for Lakefield.....8.55 a.m., 2.00 p.m
Arrive from Lakefield...10.35 a.m., 5.00 p.m.

—The different insurance companies holding risks in Hastings, have decided to raise the insurance rates from E to F, after the 1st of May, owing to the fire appliances not being up the standard required.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds Now try "10" for Dyspepsia.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, 50 cents or $1. Humphreys' Med Co, Cor. William and John Sts, New York.

PETERBOROUGH WATER CO
OFFICE - - 238 HUNTER-ST.
W. HENDERSON, Superintendent
SAMUEL ADAMS, Collector.
All water rates and accounts must be paid at the office. Mr. Adams will be in the office from 2 to 5 p.m. every ...

SEASON 1897.

THE STEAMER NORTH STAR

Capacity 165, will run every Saturday morning from Harwood to Peterborough. This fast palace steamer will leave Harwood at 6:30 a.m., Jubilee at 7:10 a.m., calling at all points on the river, arriving at Peterborough at 9:30 o'clock, in good time for the market. Returning, will leave Peterborough at 2:30 for Harwood and all points on the river, returning to Peterborough at 9:30 p.m., thus affording an enjoyable trip to Harwood and back. The steamer will gladly pick up canoeing parties who can thus take a sail down the river in the afternoon, returning by boat. Return trip, either way, 50 cents. On other days this comfortable and fast steamer may be chartered for excursion parties from any point between Healey Falls, Hastings and Peterborough; a palace scow attached for dancing when required. The steamer is furnished and fitted in first-class style, and is under control of a careful and courteous and obliging crew. For further particulars apply to JOHN MARTIN, Proprietor, and GEORGE J. HORKINS, Ticket Agent G. T. R., Agent, Peterborough. dw

FIGHEST IN LEAVENING QUALITIES
PURE • GOLD BAKING POWDER
For dainty and wholesome cookery it has no equal...
—In Tins Only—

"KURMA"
CEYLON TEA
YOUR GROCER SELLS IT OR WILL GET IT FOR YOU.
Lead packages only, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c. per lb. Sold by all grocers.
The Davidson & Hay, Ltd., Wholesale Agents, Toronto.

THE WELLAND VALE
(3 BIKES)
PERFECT. GARDEN CITY. DOMINION.
Three Grades to Suit all Buyers.
Built by makers whose ambition is to excel in every particular. If you want Best Value for the Least Money, look at the Welland Vale Bikes. All 1897 improvements are found on these Wheels.

Perfect	$85.00	For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Garden City	$75.00	
Dominion	$60.00	

All the above Wheels are fitted with "Dominion" Wood Rims and "Dunlop Tires." The best is the cheapest.

KINGAN & ALLEN,
AGENTS, PETERBOROUGH.

We Have on Hand a Fine Quality of
PAINT!
Just for the convenience and satisfaction of painters and others who may want to do a little brushing up early in the Spring.
The better the Paint, the longer it will last, and the longer it lasts the cheaper it is, no matter what you pay for it. Our prices, though, are never inflated. We keep figures down to the right point for buyers.
Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnish, Japan Dryer, Shellac, Tinting, Colors, Ready-mixed Paints, Carriage Paints, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Kalsomining Brushes, etc.
MICKS & COX, STOVES AND HARDWARE 137 HUNTER ST.

Merit Hath It's Reward!

Cleveland Sale Statistics

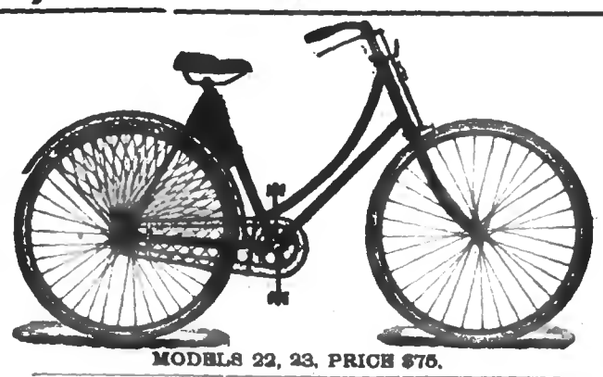
1892	5,000 Wheels
1893	7,000 "
1894	12,000 "
1895	18,000 "
1996	30,000 "
ESTIMATED 1897	40,000 "

This phenomenal Success has been attained without the aid of paid professionals or of slyly-paid amateurs. . . . . .

MODELS 27-28. PRICE $100.

The Favourites of Fashion.

A grander bicycle than ever before. Science and skill are combined in these famous models, and with the easy running qualities and handsome outline they permit the rider to assume both an easy and graceful position.



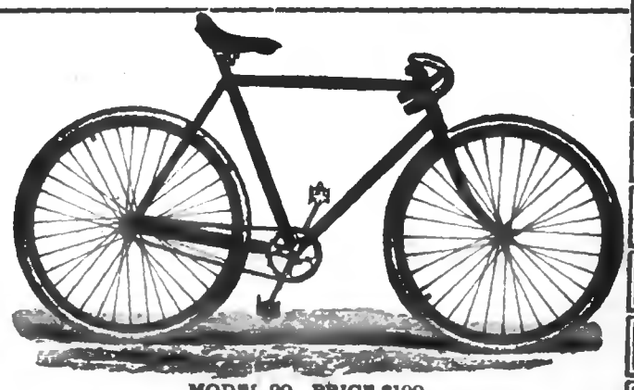
MODELS 22, 23, PRICE $75.

These Famous Models

Whose dust-proof bearings, unstretchable chain, improved tires, and other important features

Won the only Gold Medal

At the Austrian Exhibition offered in competition Against 86 of the World's Best Manufacturers.



MODEL 29. PRICE $100

The Royal Road to Victory.

Is on the famous model, which is built for road or track on entirely new lines. This Ideal Machine has captured already this season the principal American records, as well as the majority of road races.

SEND FOR ..... ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

H. A. LOZIER & CO., TORONTO.

New York, Boston, Westfield, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Thomsonville, Toledo, San Francisco, London, Paris, Hamburg, and all the principal cities of the world.

Peterborough Agents—A. H. STRATTON & CO., No. 417 George Street.

IN THE DEAR SCHOOL OF EXPERIFNCE YOU LEARN THAT

Money is Doubled..

In Usefulness by Being Well Spent.

We encourage such spending, knowing that the constant customer is the root of prosperity.

Once a Customer, Always a Customer.

Such is the reason of our success as Clothiers.

Our stock of Spring Goods is large and complete. Never before were we enabled to give such value as we offer his season.

See our $7.50 and $8.00 Tweed Suits, equalled only by the $13 and $14 ordered goods offered elsewhere.

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Is filled with a range of goods that is bound to please not only the boy, but also the mother, as they are well made and guaranteed to wear.

We also have a full range of Sailor Suits for small boys

Buy of the exclusive manufacturer and save the middle man's profit.

OAK HALL

The Only Reliable One Price Clothiers,

W. J. WATTAM, Manager. PETERBOROUGH.

HANDSOME PREMIEUM PICTURE GIVEN AWAY FREE.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The Newest, Brightest, most Stylish Shapes and Trimmings

Are included in our Large Stock of New Goods . . . . .

Our Samples of Spring Styles are still on view.

MISSES CAHILL,

403 GEORGE STREET.

THIN MAN—What Makes You so Fat?

FAT MAN—I Drink Calcutt's Porter 129

FORSALE

112 McDonnel Street, at a bargain, if sold in Ten days.

Lindsay & Might.

Under Market Hall, 326 George-st.

THE CITY . . .

Flower Store

Where you can always buy Fresh Cut Flowers at any time. Bouquets made up while you wait.

Floral Designs made up in the latest styles. Plants loaned for Wedding and Table Decorations. A large stock of Palms and Ferns at all prices.

JORDAN BROS.

City Florists.

Greenhouses . . . Argyle Street.
Retail Branch . 423 George Street.
Telephone No. 5. Open all hours.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Select Your Backbone

The backbone of a good dinner is a good roast of beef. Select this at Morris & Howden's and you will have satisfaction.

Good Bread at Best Prices.

Bates Bros. make and deliver the best bread baked in town—sweet, wholesome and full weight. We use only the finest flour. Bates Bros., bakers. d91

OAK HALL.

The Park Nine Club

A meeting of the Park Nine Baseball Club was held at the Oriental hotel last evening. It was reported that arrangements had been made to lease the P A A A grounds from the lacrosse club. The team will likely go to Campbellford on May 24th. The membership fee of the club has been placed at $1 and citizens will be called upon during the week and requested to join the club. The membership ticket allows the holder admittance to all games. The ticket should sell readily.

"Half a span of angry steel!" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

The Greatest Snaps of the Season

Genuine Scotch and Irish Tweed Suits made to order for $17 and $18, were sold from $22 to $24, all new imported goods and a perfect fit at Ball & Co.'s., Water-st. They always give what they advertise Try them. They are the only tailors in town who have had experience in the west end of London, England, so you are sure to get a west end cut and finish from Ball & Co., the only English and New York practical tailors in Peterborough, 395 Water-st. 3d94

SPECIAL SATURDAY SALE OF CURTAIN POLES and TRIMMINGS

New stock of Wood Trimmings and Poles complete for 25c.

New Spring Stock of Brass Goods Trimmings, with Poles complete for 25c.

Our Wall Paper is going fast. See the patterns from 4c upwards per roll.

C. F. KUTZBACH

Successor to C. B. Routley, 379 GEORGE ST.

DON'T HESITATE

To place your orders now for

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

. . . . AT . . . .

OUR NEW STORE.

Prices are all in your favor. Ties, Shirts, Socks and Furnishings a speciality.

RICHARD HALL & SON,

396 GEORGE ST.

TRANSFORMATION AND ASSIMILATION.

Rev. A. H Ranton's Earnest Address at the Charlotte-st. Church.

Notwithstanding the rainy evening every seat was occupied at the Charlotte-st. church last night. Rev. A. H. Ranton spoke earnestly from the words, "But we all with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the image from glory to glory, even as by the spirit of the Lord.—II. Corinthians iii, 18.

Mr. Ranton first dealt with the transformation of the individual man who was out of harmony with God and was violating commandments of the Lord. The Ten Commandments did not form all the commanments of the Lord; the Bible contained many. Through the work of the Holy Spirit the invidual could be transformed and brought back to where God intended. Secondly, the evangelist alluded to assimilation in the Christian life and adduced arguments and incidents showing the growth of people into the likeness and manners of others. They were changed to the same image from glory to glory. Assimilation was the work of a lifetime, a growth and a development.

During the evening Miss Jewett and Mr. Steers contributed a duet and Miss Hendren a solo.

The series of services will conclude with a union meeting in the George-st. church on Monday evening.

Good Tea Tells Its Story

All the talk about the quality of tea does not equal the proof of its worth in the cup. There's a vast difference in tea. We sell prime quality, fresh and fragrant, from 20c. to 75c per pound. You will like the flavor of our blends. Try a line and know good tea E. F. Mason & Co., George-st.

Ladies

Go to Mrs. Appleby's for the new shaded Dresden Floss. Shading easily and quickly done. Just received a new and attractive line of Infant's Silk Bonnets. These Bonnets are very neat and pretty, and we are sure the materials cannot be had and made up for anything like the prices they are selling at. d92tf

Dr. Chase Cures Backache.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

In the North Country.

The Campbellford Gazette says:—Mr Frank Golden returned on Saturday from the Rathbun Co's limits in the back country of North Hastings and Peterborough where, with a party of eight or ten, he has been engaged settling up the winter's jobbing. It will take another week or two to complete the settlement. From the limits on the Belleville and Trent waters the above company will deliver large drives of logs for Gilmour & Co. in Trenton this year in addition to their own drives. Present prospects show that the Rathbun Co. will have a busy season. The drives are expected to reach Campbellford about the first of July. Speaking of the mining boom in North Hastings and Peterborough, Mr Golden says it is surprising the hold that this boom has upon the people. Everyone is talking, gold and pieces of quartz may be seen in every house, shop or office you may enter. He claims there is no humbug about these mines but that they are actual facts. On Tuesday last a palace car of capitalists from Toronto visited the Craig mine in Tudor, five miles from Bannockburn, and on Wednesday a party of seventeen from the same city came down to inspect the Bannockburn mine where rich ore was struck lately and returned highly pleased with their visit.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

PRESENTATION.

The Family of Mr Isaac Garbutt Presents Him With a Handsome Easy Chair on the Occasion of His 90th Birthday.

On Monday evening last the residence of Mr Isaac Garbutt, sr., was the scene of a gathering which is of unusual occurrence, says the Lakefield News. The gathering was composed of Mr. Garbutt's sons, daughters, and sons-in-law, who assembled to celebrate his 90th birthday. It falls to the lot of very few to reach this advanced age, and Mr. Garbutt is still possessed of all his faculties, and able to be around, and is more lively than many a man younger than he is. During the evening many pleasant memories of olden times were recalled, and a very pleasant time was spent. Among those present were:—Mr John Garbutt, of Smith; Mr and Mrs Isaac Garbutt, of Douro; Mr and Mrs H C Garbutt, of Smith; Mr and Mrs Robt Garbutt, of Smith; Mr and Mrs S McKibbon, of Lakefield; Mr and Mrs J H Mann, of Smith, and Mr G J Galvin, of Douro. The following address was read:

LAKEFIELD, April 19th, 1897.

DEAR FATHER,—It is with much pleasure that we meet you once more on this the evening of your 90th birthday. It affords us real pleasure to know that you are still enjoying life well for your great age, and in possession of all your faculties. The time is surely opportune, and we now present you with this easy chair, not however, as the measure of our affection to you, but in the hope that the knowledge of having received it from your devoted family will give you some pleasing reflections. It is also with real pleasure, that we present Aunt with this rocker. We are not forgetful of the fact, that she has contributed for many years to your comfort. Hoping that you may continue to enjoy life in the future as you have done in the past.

We remain, yours affectionately,

JOHN GARBUTT, ISAAC GARBUTT, JR.
H. C. GARBUTT, ROBERT GARBUTT,
WM. GARBUTT, MRS. J. H. MANN,
MRS. S. MCKIBBIN, G. J. GALVIN,
S. MCKIBBIN. J. H. MANN.

When the hair has fallen out, leaving the head bald, if the scalp is not shiny, there is a chance of regaining the hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Churches and Missions Where Services Will be Held To-morrow

ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL.—At St. Peter's Cathedral, Roman Catholic, there will be two masses celebrated, the first at 8 and the second at 10.30. Vespers at 7 p.m.

GEORGE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Young, B. A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Collections in aid of the Superannuation Fund. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Grace church Sunday school 2.30 p. m.

CHARLOTTE-ST. METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. J. Rae, pastor. Sunday, April 25th. Fellowship meeting at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. A. H. Ranton. Service at 11 a. m., conducted by the pastor. Service at 7 p. m., by Evangelist Ranton. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Strangers welcome.

PARK-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev O. C. Elliott, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m. Young People's meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Weekly prayer meeting Friday evening at 8. You will be cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Davidson, Rector. Rev. E. V. Stevenson, first assistant curate. Rev. W. L. Armitage, second assistant curate. First Sunday after Easter. 8.30 a.m. celebration of the Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p.m., Children's service. 7 p.m., Evensong with sermon by the Rev. W. L. Armitage. Easter music repeated in evening. Ushers—G. A. Smith, F. Perry, W. E Conway, H. S. Greenwood. A hearty welcome to strangers and others at all services.

METHODIST CHURCH, Mark-st., (Ashburnham).—Rev. W. C. Beer pastor. Sunday, April 25th. Class meetings at 10 a. m. and 12.15. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the Rev. T. S. McKee. Sunday school 2.30 p. m. Epworth League, Monday, 8 p. m. Wednesday evening weekly prayer meeting at 8 o'clock p. m.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Rev. E. F Torrance, D. D., pastor. Service at 11 a m. Evening service at 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. on Monday at 8 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 o'clock p. m. Strangers cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian), corner Rubidge and Brock-sts.—Rev. Jas. G. Potter, B. A., pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. after evening service—Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p.m. Junior C. E. every Sunday at 4 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Murray-st—Rev A T Dykman, pastor. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m. Monday evening, B. Y. P. U. meeting. Weekly Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats free. You are cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION CHAPEL, cor. Rubidge and Sherbrooke-sts. First Sunday after Easter. 11 a. m., Morning Prayer, Litany and sermon. 3 p. m., Sunday school and Bible class. 7 p. m., Evening Prayer and sermon.

NICHOLLS HOSPITAL.—A Church of England service is held at 9.30 a.m. every Sunday morning. Everybody welcome and all those able are invited to come and bring old periodicals, etc., etc., with them to distribute to the patients. Mr. W. Archbold, lay reader in charge.

DIVINE GUIDANCE.—Rev. W. M. Eadie. Parlor meetings are held daily, Sunday included, at 576 Aylmer-st., commencing at 10 a.m., 3 p.m. and 8 p.m., consisting of singing, addresses and conversation, without the usual routine of prayer, Bible reading and collection. Friends are free to come late or leave early when they are not able to remain during the whole service which usually continues for two hours.

Y. M. C. A.—Song service Saturday evenings from 8 o'clock to 8.45. Gospel meeting for men Sunday afternoon at 4.15.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature, and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

Mothers Take Note of This.

Miss Armstrong has thirty different styles in Children's hats and bonnets, ranging from 15c to $3. Also the neatest, nobbiest, most stylish and cheapest millinery to be found at 360 George-st. P. S.—We have made a specialty of pretty hats. d81y

LOCAL INDUSTRIES AND THE NEW TARIFF

HOW THE TARIFF CHANGES WILL AFFECT PETERBOROUGH.

Some of Our Local Manufacturers Seen in Regard to the New Tariff—The Changes Threaten to Affect Some Interests.

The new tariff has been the uppermost subject of discussion since yesterday, and, although the changes are of such a character as to make it difficult to arrive at a definite conclusion as to their general effect, the views of particular industries, represented by the men engaged therein, lead to the belief that, while the changes appear to have been light, they may seriously affect some of Peterborough's industries. The views of those manufacturers seen are given below and will be read with interest. It might be remarked that some of the industries, such as the pork packing industry, have not had the duties affecting them changed and therefore their position is unchanged.

Mr. W. H. Law, manager of the Central Bridge and Engineering Company, on being interviewed stated: "As far as we can see up to the present time, we have no protection. We have to pay higher duties on our raw materials, and are not benefitted by protection. On the majority of the material we use we have to pay a duty of 35 p c, and the same goods can be brought in manufactured for 30 p c. Here are two cases: We have just now a contract for a roof for the Toronto Electric Light Co.; all the material that goes into that has a duty of from 30 p c to 35 p c, and the roof could be brought in by anybody for 30 p c. We have a bridge to build in Essex county near Windsor. Our freight for material to Peterborough is 25c a hundred, duty 35c a hundred, our freight for manufactured material to Windsor is 36c a hundred, a total of 96c. The Detroit Bridge Co., across the river from Windsor, have to pay 60c duty and 10c freight, a total of 70c, leaving a balance of 26c a hundred in their favor. That means we have to manufacture 26c a hundred cheaper to compete with Americans. We have a contract with the C.P.R., and if possible will cancel it, as by carrying it on we will lose money. There is an increase of 2½ p c on all we use, and half what we use in railroad work increased 22½ p c. The chances for bridge building in Canada are mighty slim. If there are not modifications in tariff I do not intend to take another order." Mr Law predicted Canada would soon be overflooded with American drummers.

THE SADDLERY MANUFACTURER.

Mr R J Kidd, manager of B F Ackerman's saddlery and harness factory, was also seen and as far as he could see the tariff, from their standpoint, was as good as ever. The only part that could hurt their business was a reduction of the duty on the manufactured article.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Mr Peter Hamilton, of the Peter Hamilton Manufacturing Co., said: We would have liked to have had 25 p c on implements, but got 20 p c. They have given us, however, a reduction on iron and steel and we don't feel disappointed. At the same time we think we should have had 25 p c., but the Government had to contend with the heavy influence of the farmers in the Northwest. I have not figured on the benefits from reduction in duty on raw materials sufficiently to give a correct view of how the tariff will affect us, but feel we are under more favorable circumstances than before.

THE WOOLLEN DUTIES.

Mr. James Kendry, M. P., returned from Ottawa this morning, and being seen to-day he was asked how the change in duties would affect the Auburn Woollen mills, of which he is manager. Mr. Kendry will probably express himself regarding the tariff as a whole from his place in the House of Commons, but being questioned as to how the change in duty on woollens would affect the local mills, he said:—"It will affect us seriously. Owing to the reduction on the lower class of goods we will be forced and intend to close one of our mills. The result of the change, in woollens especially, will be a tendency to lower the wages of the mill operators from one end of the country to the other, something which all will regret."

"How about the higher class of goods?" was asked.

"Even in the higher class of goods" said Mr Kendry, "the favored nation clause will seriously affect us at Auburn. The one-eighth which would go off this year may not force us to close down this year, but the additional eighth after July, 1898, will undoubtedly close us. The change, you will notice, will encourage the influx of the low shoddy goods which will be brought into this country ready made, and seriously affect the ready made clothing manufacturers. The change on woollens," said Mr Kendry, "does not appear to be much, but our margin has been so small that it does not take much to seriously hamper us. The number of mills that have failed during the last few months is evidence of this."

THE FLOUR DUTIES.

A local miller being asked in regard to the tariff as it affected his business said:—"Oh, the fifteen cents a barrel off flour will not seriously affect us at present, and as far as reforming the tariff goes the Government might as well have left the duty as it was. But the trouble of the matter is, that Mr. Fielding has made this change in a desire to please his own people in the Maritime Provinces. When the millers interviewed him he indicated a desire to do this. About the only effect the change will have," said the miller," will be to give millers an excuse for paying less for wheat." Another miller seen said about the same thing. Under present conditions, he said, the changes would have no affect on business.

THE LOCK MANUFACTURERS.

Mr. Thos. Brooks, manager of the Lock Manufacturing Co., said: "Our protection has been lowered 2½ per cent., but we have not considered it sufficiently yet to make a fair statement. The reduction in the duty on iron will only benefit us by a small fraction.

THE WM. HAMILTON MANUFACTURING CO.

Mr. A. E. Lech, of the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co., was seen, and he said:—The new tariff, as you know, allows mining machinery in free, which is a serious thing for us. We have been manufacturing nearly all classes of mining machinery, but have not taken up drills or compressors, which are distinct parts. We manufacture the milling portion, and have gone to a big expense already, and have a staff of men for this particular line. The present tariff means that we are going to be very seriously affected unless some change is made in the tariff. We had made arrangements with the E. P. Allice Company, of Milwaukee, as you know one, of the largest manufacturing machinery works and by a good deal the most progressive, to manufacture their machinery. We did that last year with the idea that the Government would place mining machinery at least in the same category as ordinary machinery and we did not suppose anything else would be done. Since we started with the Allice Co. we have had a staff of pattern makers and draughtsmen making patterns up to the present time to cater thoroughly and efficiently to the trade, and, as we sell our goods at practically the same prices as in the United States, not withstanding the agreement with the Allice company, but we are blocked by the freight rates. Raw materials cost us more money than in the United States. We buy our material in Canada, the stock used in machinery is pig iron, bar iron and bar steel all made in this country. Look at it in this light, that a miner is in a legitimate business and he put his money into the mining business and expects to reap a large profit, we think the least they can do is to pay a legitimate duty on the machinery coming into this country as other men. Miners should not reap any more benefits than any other business.

In answer to a query Mr. Lech said;—"In the other parts of business we are no better off than before. The 2½ per cent. reduction on raw material does not help us. We have been placed in such a position now that the American manufacturers have a better advantage than before by the lower duty on the finished article and raw material. Machinery was sold at as close prices in this country as in the United States."

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

The New Tariff

To the Editor of the Review

DEAR SIR,—It seemeth to your humble servant that the Examiner can extract sunbeams from cucumbers more easily than any journal in Canada. Its celerity in making quick turns is no better than any other Grit sheet. Surely it is not foolish enough to imagine that its readers will not remember the numberless articles on the iniquities of the tariff—on the marvellous profits of the "sugar barons"—on the grasping fingers of the "cotton king," etc., etc. Well, well, well! "The mountain has labored and brought forth a mouse." This free trade Government, who were going to destroy the "iniquitous tariff" of the Tories as soon as they got into power, have raised the duty on a great many things—actually raised the duty on more articles than they have lowered it! They have lowered some of the iron duties—and they have taken a little more than one-tenth of one cent a pound off the duty on refined sugar—perhaps 10 or 15 cents less to every family in a year. Oh those sugar barons! And still the Examiner seems to be satisfied! Was it for this that it howled itself hoarse during the last two elections?

As far as the outburst of loyalty is concerned, we Conservatives join in the song, but unfortunately the international law of the world will not allow the British Government to avail itself of the preferential clauses, so that the net result of a free trade Government is to raise the duties all along the lines, with here and there an exception.

Yours,

READER.

LA GRIPPE SCOURGE.

Who Has not Been a Victim?—Who has not had Just the Experience of Mr. Curtis?—Who May not Have the Relief South American Nervine Afforded Him?

"As a result of a severe attack of la grippe, I suffered greatly from weakness and loss of appetite. I saw testimonials of the curative powers of South American Nervine and determined to give it a trial for my case. Purchased it, and almost immediately began to improve. My strength returned to me very rapidly. When I had taken three bottles I had developed a verocious appetite. I am as well to-day as ever I was, and am safe in saying that I can attribute it to South American Nervine, and no words of mine in recommending it could be too strong." C. J. Curtis, Windsor, Ont. Witnessed by F. H. Laing, druggist. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ON SALE

To-morrow Morning

AT 10 A.M.

25 Dozen Blouses

In All Sizes and Colorings, Worth 75c., for

50c.

R. H. KELLS & CO.

3 69 GEORGE-ST.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897.

THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

Bicycle Bargains.

The Peterborough Music Co.'y have two almost new ladies' wheels, which they are offering at a bargain on easy payments.

Y W C A Notes

Remember the music andGospel service this evening from 8 to 9 o'clock. The ladies wish to thank the kind donors for the following gifts:—Mrs Beck, one door mat ; Mrs Walsh, screen and table.

Spring Notions all New

We are showing all the novelties for fancy work in large varieties. Many of these are very handsome, and made up with excellent effect. Miss Melville's, George-st.

These Worrying Piles.

One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of blind, bleeding or itching piles. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures eczema and all itching and burning diseases. It acts like magic. 35 cents. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

Personal.

Mr W Davidson is home from McGill University, Montreal.

Mr Thos J Wigmore, principal of the Hastings Public school, was in town to-day.

Mr H A Moore, of Trenton, formerly of the Canadian General Electric works, is in town.

Miss Aggie Lang, daughter of Mr John Lang, M.P. for East Peterborough, was married last week to Mr. Edgar Wood, of Cavanville, Rev. F. Andrews, of Keene, performed the ceremony.

Attractive Women.

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

JUBILEE SOUVENIRS.

Just in. A choice line of Jubilee Souvenirs, in Pins, Buckles and other designs, very handsome and natty.

MISS E. MELVILLE, 424 George-st.

"THE COLUMBIA"

Is the world renowned bicycle. Call at our store and see the latest parlor game, "Curling without ice." We have just received a new shipment of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music.

MULLIGAN & POTTER.

416 George Street

SPRING STALLION SHOW.

The Show a Success—Some Fine Animals Exhibited.

The spring stallion show under the auspices of the directors of the West Peterborough Agricultural society was held at the Oriental yards to-day and was a gratifying success, when viewed as the commencement of these spring shows. Great interest was manifested in the event, and a large crowd gathered to see the animals that were entered in the several classes. The quality of entries was excellent, and the number, too, was gratifying.

The entries were as follows :—

Heavy draught—Messrs Shearer & Elmhirst, Geo Cockburn, A Wood, Levi Bowles and Dundas & Grandy.

Agricultural—M O'Brien.

Hackneys—H Nesbitt.

Coach—Dr. Poole, Messrs Geo Cockburn and J Patterson.

Thoroughbreds—Messrs R Shaw, J L Patterson and J Elmhirst.

Roadsters—Messrs. Nattrass (Wilkes) ; T Johnston (Tom Rogers) ; T Johnston, (colt) ; T Johnston (colt) ; A Patterson and Jas Elmhirst (Elm City.)

The judges were Mr. John Douglas, of Warkworth, in heavy, and Mr. Geo, Gray, Newtonville, in the light class.

The following are the prize winners:—

Coach—1 Geo Cockburn's "Ludwick," 2 J L Patterson's "Cheneau," 2 Dr Poole's "Warley Toff."

Thoroughbred—1 R Shaw's "Tyron," 2 J L Patterson's "Rampart II," 3 Jas Elmhirst's "Terror."

Roadsters—1 Ira Natrass' "BostonWilkes," 2 Dr Johnson's "Tom Rogers," 3 Jas Elmhirst's "Elm City."

Heavy draught—1 Levi Bowles' "Erskine McGregor," 2 R Wood's "Lewis Gordon," 3 Shearer & Elmhirst's "Craikmore Darnley."

Agricultural—M O'Brien's "Goodenough"

Hackney—Bowles & Nesbitt's "Holderness II."

Charged With Shoplifting.

The wife of a well-to-do farmer was arrested last evening on the charge of stealing a pound of tea, a pair of kid gloves and a pair of stockings from Mr. J. C. Turnbull's store. She appeared before the Magistrate last evening and the case was enlarged. The lady was allowed out on $200 bail with two sureties.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IT'S A MISTAKE

TO THINK THAT ONLY THE RICH MAN CAN WEAR HIGH-CLASS GARMENTS.

We partly adopted the Cash System of Tailoring in Peterborough in order that men of moderate means might be as well dressed as the millionaire, without any strain upon the finances. Suppose you need

A Genuine Scotch Tweed Suit

Our cash price for which is $17.50. Isn't it easier to pay down the cash and be done with it than to face a debt of $22.50 which any good tailor would have to charge for it, if he had to wait an indefinite time for his money?

A. MERCER & CO. 355 George Street, High-class Cash Tailor

RE INEFFICIENT TEACHERS.

A Speaker at the Provincial Teachers' Convention Expressing His Opinion Plainly and Strongly

In a paper before the Provincial Teachers' Association at Toronto Prof Mills, of Guelph, condemned the inefficiency of many teachers in the province and talked pretty straight.

The most important part of the schools, he said, are the teachers. They make the schools. Good teachers are scarce, very scarce, and no amount of learning will make many of those who throng our Normal schools good teachers.

No country or province has gone so far into the work of examining and preparing teachers as Ontario, and this good system should have good results.

From the inspectors' reports there is an improvement, but there is still considerable room for improvement.

The course of study is undoubtedly a good one. It clearly embraces all the elementary requirements of education if properly taught. The work in the Public schools is generally good, but admits of improvement. The work in arithmetic and geography is good, in reading, history and literature every fair, in writing, drawing, grammar and composition, not what it should be.

In comparing the education of Canadian boys with those of the old country, I find that the latter spell better, write better, draw better, speak and write better *English*, and are more polite and pleasing in their manners.

The social circle may have something to do with the *politeness*, but the teachers have something to do with it also. Neither our *Model, Normal, High schools or colleges*, ever make an honest effort of emphasizing the *importance of politeness* and *pleasing manners*. We blame the Public schools for the *roughness of our* boys and lack of grace of our girls, but I think we should go higher—to the authorities who regulate the teaching.

For the defects in spelling, drawing, composition and grammar, the Public schools are largely responsible, and for bad writing I think there is absolutely no excuse.

It is much to be regretted that the results in our Public schools, especially in graded schools where there are no writing masters, are bad. The majority of the Public school pupils write badly. The changing of the teachers is largely responsible for this. Boys and girls are being taught vertical writing, which results in a back hand penmanship. It is a great mistake to make our girls write this so-called business hand.

The results of the Public school work in drawing are very meagre. The teachers know little of the subject.

In composition there have been better results lately, but there is still room for improvement. The English used by the teachers in the schools is often very crude. The teachers do not bring the pupils to account for such defects.

The grammar taught is too much a matter of theory. A boy studies grammar from year to year and speaks all the time as if he had never learned it. Surely this must be the result of loose teaching.

Then, as to the moral character. After many years experience with students from all parts of the world, I say that the pupils from our Public schools compare favorably with all others, and this is the reason for the success of the Canadian boy.

As to the optional subjects under the present system nothing is being done, and nothing ever will be done. The teachers have not enough time, and if they take an hour or two extra to teach a subject they get no money or credit for it. Why not make our systems more elastic? Why not make specific grants, as in England?

It is better for girls in both town and country to learn something of domestic economy. We have to some extent been the slaves of uniformity. We ought to make a forward movement.

The one thing needed in many of our Public schools is better *teachers*.

At present we have too many teachers, and they are *under-bidding one another* shamefully. I would suggest that there be no more *extensions or permits of third-class* certificates, and that the age limit be not under 21, and that the standard of experience be raised. There are too many boys and girls in our Normal schools.

Steel and Brass Beds

Are among the newest and nicest things in furniture. You can see in Clegg's show window two beds of very neat design finished in white. Other tinted colors can be had to order. Having secured the agency for this class of beds from the only firm manufacturing them in Canada. You can encourage *home industry* and at the *same time save yourself* money by buying at Clegg's. We quote the lowest prices for steel and brass, and all brass bedsteads. CLEGG's furniture ware rooms, 425 and 427 George-st.

April Wedding.

On Wednesday evening of last week, the residence of Mr. James Jory, of Douro, was the scene of an interesting event, his daughter, Miss Minnie, being united in marriage to Mr. Jas Miller, of the township of Smith. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. L Edmison, B.A., of Lakefield, in the presence of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties. The bride, who was very becomingly attired in a costume of cream henrietta, with lace and ribbon trimmings, was assisted by Miss Aggie Miller, sister of the groom, who was attired in a becoming dress of cream cashmere, with lace and satin trimmings. The groomsman was assisted by Mr. S. Jory, brother of the bride. After the ceremony the guests assembled sat down to a sumptuous wedding supper. The bride was the recipient of many handsome presents, testifying to the esteem in which she was held by her many friends. Mr. and Mrs. Miller will reside in Smith.—News.

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.

No Case of Catarrh Too Acute, or of Too Long Standing but Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Can Allay and Cure—When All Else Fail it Cures—Try it First and Save Experimenting.

"Five years ago my little daughter was attacked with catarrh of a very severe type. We used all known Catarrh cures, and treated with most skilful physicians for over three years, and her case was pronounced chronic and incurable. Last winter we heard of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. A bottle was procured, and I here state for the benefit and encouragement of all sufferers from this dreadful malady that after using two bottles my child was completely cured, and I consider it my duty to give my testimony for the benefit of like suffererers." Mrs George Graves, Ingersoll, Ont. Sold by H. S. MacDonald, druggist, Peterborough.

A Success.

The Cabinet Cigar is proving a huge success at W. B. Rickey's, 415 George-st. 64

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use, health and vigor could be fully restored.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c

OAK HALL.

Brevities.

—The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U., will be held on Monday, April 26th, at 3.30 p.m. at Mrs. Paton's 292 Brock-st. All are welcome

—The 57th Battalion will likely attend divine service at St. John's church on Jubilee Sunday when the chaplain, Rev. J. C. Davidson, will preach.

—The local Oddfellows will attend divine service to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock at the Murray-st. Baptist church when Rev. A T Dykeman will preach. The brethren will gather at the Oddfellows' hall at 3 o'clock.

—On Monday of last week, Mrs. Whetherhilt, of Selwyn, met with a serious accident, the Lakefield News states. It appears she was walking across the floor, when she tripped on the carpet and fell on her hip causing partial dislocation and fracture of the head of the thigh bone. The injured lady, who is 86 years of age, is doing as well as can be expected, but owing to her advanced age, her recovery is doubtful.

For Over Fifty Years

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Great Men Who Smoked.

Napoleon once said that tobacco smoking was a habit only fit to amuse sluggards. This remark was somewhat in the nature of "sour grapes," the great man being unable to forget the effect of his first cigar. John Milton smoked a pipe of tobacco every night before retiring. Among other famous men who are mentioned as universal users of tobacco are Bismarck, Lord Brougham, Mr. Spurgeon, Emerson, Carlyle, Huxley, Victor Hugo, Bulwer Lytton, Tennyson, Gibbon, Charles Kingsley, Dickens and Thackeray. On the other hand, many great men have been opposed to the use of the weed. Some of these were Voltaire, Rosseau, Mirabeau and Swinburne, who is quoted as saying: "James I. was a knave, a tyrant, a fool, a liar and a coward ; but I love him, I worship him, because he slit the throat of that blackguard Raleigh, who invented filthy smoking." This tirade is qualified by another writer, who says that tobacco has made more good husbands, good men, kind masters and indulgent fathers than any other blessed thing on this universal earth.

Curious.

A pearl that was afterward sold to a jeweler for $75 was found in the gizzard of a turkey in London recently.

Bangkok, the capital of Siam, is a floating city, containing 70,000 houses, each of which floats on a raft of bamboo.

Two London Italians recently had a bicycle wedding in a Leicester square church. The bride and groom rode on a "sociable" to the church followed by the guests on 12 sociables and 16 single bicycles.

PILL-DOSED

With nauseous, big purgers prejudices people against Pills generally.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are Revolutionizing the Pill Demand—They're so Pleasant and Easy to Take—The Doses are Small and so is the Price —20 Cents for 40 Doses.

Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation dispelled. No bad after effects and no griping. Work like a charm. Are mere granules in size. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

ADVERTISE IN THE REVIEW

THE GREAT

Dissolution of Partnership

SALE

Still going on at 130-134 Simcoe-st.

Although this sale has been a grand success, we have still a stock of over $80,000 worth of new Imported High-Class Goods to offer at Genuiue Reduced Prices. The reduced prices have not been confined to any particular lines, but we have offered our whole stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Staples, Underwear, Hosiery and small wares, and above all we offer our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and House Furnishings at prices that will pay every person buying goods to come and see, and save the profit of the merchant. This stock must be cleared, and if prices are any object we ask your inspection.

P. S.—All people holding Cupon Tickets for Furniture from the late firm must have them filled before the First of May, as they will be discontinued after that date.

RICHARD HALL & SON

130-134 Simcoe-st.

HATS TO SUIT ALL!

FROM THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKERS.

Silk Hats—very latest ; Stiff and Tourists' Hats in all the different colors. Our special is the famous "DELEON" Tourist in light colors. The spring novelty for cycling—The "SEE-E ZEE" Cap. Also full lines in Children's Tams and Fez.

Prices the lowest.

WM. LECH & SONS,

413 George Street, Peterborough.

SPRING. 1897. SPRING.

Low Prices this season for FRESH, CHOICE...

Vegetable and Flower Seeds

In Packets at 3c., two for 5c.

Choice mixed Bird Seed. 7c. per lb, 4 lbs. for 25c.

MASON'S Seed and Plant House

Water and Brook Sts., Peterborough

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Mustard - THAT'S - Mustard

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED

SOLD IN 5c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

Pianoforte, Organ and Theory

ALFRED DAVIS

Organist and Choirmaster of St. Luke's Church

LESSONS IN PETERBOROUGH & ASHBURNHAM

FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Address for terms, etc , Norwood, Ont.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH

BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits

DELICACY OF FLAVOR

SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY

GRATEFUL and COMFORTING

to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED

In Quarter-Pound Tins only.

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

A Deep Sea Voyage

—AND—

Across Australia.

The above interesting entertainment will be given by Mr. C. T. Longley Taylor in

St. John's Church School House

—ON—

MONDAY, APRIL 26

Mr Taylor will be assisted by local talent.

ADMISSION 25c.

Toronto Globe:

" * * * * With such a subject, handled by an able speaker such as Mr. Taylor, there was not a dull moment from the commencement to the close."

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pains in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAROCHE, Shannonbridge, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Proprietors, MONTREAL.

"THE INFUSION"
Is bright, clear, and of extreme delicacy of flavor. It can be drunk with impunity, even by the confirmed dyspeptic, it is so pure.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA
Lead packets only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers.

THE B. & M. IS A BICYCLE of Our Own Build. Why bother buying second grade wheels about the merits of which you can learn little when we can sell you a High Grade Wheel, built by ourselves, fully warranted and up-to date for $55.00
Here's value for your money.

BEST & METHERAL.
No. 223 Hunter-st., Peterborough.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED. SEE THEM!
And selling for less than $50. That high grade, low-priced bicycle that we have been looking for has arrived at O. B. Shortly's, George-St. It is standard build, perfectly fitted, beautifully enamelled in black, maroon and bottle green. It has large hubs, ball retainers in all bearings, absolutely dust proof and guaranteed for twelve solid months. You have the usual options as to saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and gear, same as on the $100 wheel, and it has the hardened block, Indianapolis chain.
O. B. SHORTLY, 428 GEORGE-ST.

Something to Work On.

Chief of Police—Have you made any discovery in regard to the great robbery?

Star Detective—There is a slight clew.

Chief—Will it lead to the apprehension of the robber?

Detective—Well you may depend on me to do my best.

Chief—What is the clew?

Detective—The robber left his photograph with his name and address written on the back.

Defending His Monopoly.

"Treddle is jealous of his prerogatives, ain't he?"

"What makes you say so?"

"He got angry the other night and told me not to be a fool."

Humphreys' No. 10
promotes
DIGESTION
By curing Dyspepsia; strengthening the Weak Stomach; stimulating the Liver; invigorating the Kidneys; renewing the Gastric Juices; toning up the System; making new Blood; quieting the Nerves; inducing sleep and thus raising the spirits; dispelling despondency and allowing the Dyspeptic to enjoy the pleasures of the table.
It is one of Dr. Humphreys' favorite prescriptions and is just as reliable as his famous
"77" FOR COLDS
Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, 50 cents or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists.
Circular sent on request.

The Diamond Coterie

By LAWRENCE M. LYNCH

(E. M. Van Deventer)

Author of "A Woman's Crime," "John Arthur's Ward," "The Lost Witness," "A Slender Clue," "Dangerous Ground," "Against Odds," Etc., Etc.

judices and tell him of this sad misfortune?"

Mrs. Aliston looked doubtful for a moment, then a look of satisfied commiseration came into her face as she thought:—

"She can't be very much infatuated with him or she would herself undertake this delicate task, and I can afford to pity the poor fellow, since she does not pity him overmuch," hence the strange mingling of pleasure and pity in her face as she said aloud:—

"Certainly I will break the news to him, my dear, and as gently as is in my power."

Constance was turning to give her answer to Nelly when the voice of the detective interposed.

"Pardon me," he said, "you tell me this young man has been scouring the country in search of information. Would it not be well to hear what report he brings? To allow me to see him here in your presence, and then let Mrs. Aliston tell him her story. Ill news you know," smiling slightly, "comes soon enough at latest."

"Your suggestion is good," replied Constance, whose face continued to look anxious and troubled. "We will receive him here, then, and after hearing his story, you and I can withdraw."

In the hurry and embarrassment of the moment, and the situation, Constance had entirely forgotten the proximity of the concealed detective, as also had Mrs Aliston; and that invisible gentleman began to scent the prospect of a long imprisonment.

Obedient to a nod from Constance, Nelly vanished, and soon re-appeared, ushering in Francis Lamotte, looking somewhat jaded and travel-worn, but quite confident and smiling.

In a few words Constance made him acquainted with the detective, and gave him an outline of the doings at Wardour, including Mr. Belknap's discoveries, since he was last there; and the subdued kindness of her manner, caused him to wonder not a little and rejoice greatly, within himself.

"And so you have been bringing things down to a fine point," said Francis, after the greetings were over, and he had listened to Constance's explanation of the present state of affairs.

"It appears then that I come just in time; and perhaps you sir," bowing to Mr. Belknap, "may conclude that my amateur work has not been quite thrown away, or misapplied."

"Pray give me details," said the detective, consulting his watch, which was a huge silver affair, quite in keeping with the disguise he still wore. "I must economise my time, as much as may be, and shall be glad to hear all you have to tell—at once. Miss Wardour instructs me to act in this matter, according to my best judgment, and that tells me to shorten my stay here, and commence a search in the city."

"All I know is soon told," said young Lamotte, with a light laugh. "I rode a great many miles, and asked a great many useless questions. Yesterday, however, I learned that two men had boarded a freight train bound cityward, at day break, Sunday morning, at Blair, a little watering station, some fifteen miles from here. I could not get a very accurate description of them. They were below the medium size, I should judge, wearing loose-fitting dark gray garments, and soft hats, pulled well down over their faces. The man at the tank tells me, he noticed distinctly that one of them wore very large heavy boots, and that they were daubed here and there with red clay. Acting upon this hint, I rode some four miles southeast from Blair, knowing that there is a piece of marsh field, which the highway crosses, that has a reddish, clayey soil. Here, after asking a good many wrong persons, I found at last the right one, in the person of a farmer who, hearing some unusual noise among his cattle, arose before daybreak, and, going toward his barn, noticed two shadowy forms crossing the field just beyond. They were coming from the south, he said, and he watched them until they climbed the fence and struck into the road leading toward Blair. It was too dark for him to see them distinctly, but as they were then crossing a red loam field, we are safe to conclude that they were the two who a little later, took to the freight cars at the water station."

Mr. Belknap had been for some moments writing rapidly in a small memorandum book, and as Francis ceased speaking, Constance, after a moment's silence, said, more to relieve the stillness than with a desire for any further intelligence:—

"And is that all, Frank?"

"That is enough," interposed the detective, before the young man could reply. "Mr. Lamotte, let me congratulate you; you have done well. This confirms my theory, and gives me something to start from when I reach the city. I shall go now with a light heart, and a more than moderate hope of success."

"Then your business here is about accomplished?" asked Francis.

"It is accomplished, thanks to you. I would like," glancing as he spoke, into his note book, "to talk this matter over with you further. It is possible I might see you again before leaving for the city. At present," he broke off abruptly, and glanced at Constance.

"I understand," laughed she nervously; "at present you require my assistance about that list of jewels. Frank, you will remain here with Aunt Honor for a short time; she has, I think, something to say to you. We will go to the library, Mr. Belknap," and she turned toward the door.

"Don't hurry matters so, please," expostulated Francis. "Let me say a little word to Mr. Belknap before you carry him off. His business here being so nearly done, the necessity for extra caution ceases, does it not? At least, it would not injure the cause if I carry him over to Mapleton to luncheon; will it, think you? You won't leave for the city before night, Mr. Belknap, I hope?"

"You are very good," said the detective, with some hesitation. "But, if you please, we will renew this subject a little later; now, just excuse me," and before the bewildered young man could raise his voice to intercept them, Constance and Mr. Belknap had passed from the room, and he found himself alone with Mrs. Aliston. Turning toward that lady, he was surprised at the look of intent pity she was bending on him, and, remembering the words of Constance, he came close beside her, saying:—

"You had something to say to me, madam?"

"Yes, Frank," he almost started upon hearing his name falling so gently from her lips. She was not used to familiarity in addressing him. "Prepare yourself to receive a shock, a terrible shock." A look of uneasiness, but not of alarm, came over his countenance.

"What is it?" he asked hastily. "Has Evan—done something worse than usual?"

"Not to my knowledge. It is not Evan."

"Not Evan, what then; tell me Mrs. Aliston," his face becoming paler and paler.

"Frank, your sister has eloped!"

He fell into the nearest chair, white and limp.

"Go on," he whispered hoarsely, lifting a haggard face toward her; "tell me—the worst, Mrs. Aliston."

"She has eloped with John Burrill," went on Mrs. Aliston, a shade of coldness in her voice. "They ran away on Saturday afternoon."

His head dropped forward and fell upon the table before him. Thus for a moment he remained motionless, then his voice broke the stillness, sounding faint and hollow.

"Is that—all—you can tell me?"

"All! Yes!" exclaimed Mrs. Aliston in a burst of nervousness. "I wish I had not told you so much. Frank don't take it so hard."

He lifted his head, showing her a ghastly face and pale trembling lips.

"Did Constance see Sybil? Does she know—" he broke off abruptly and half rising from his chair, stretched out to her an imploring hand.

"Mrs. Aliston," he said hoarsely. "I must see Constance. I must. For God's sake send her to me, just for one moment."

"But—" began Mrs. Aliston.

"I tell you I must see her," he cried, with sudden fierceness. "I shall go to her if there is no other way."

Great drops of sweat stood out on his forehead; once more he looked as he had two days before, when he stood alone under the trees of Wardour Place, after his parting with Constance.

Seeing that look upon his face, Mrs. Aliston went slowly towards the door.

"I will send Constance to you," she said gently and went out, closing the door softly.

When he was alone the look upon Francis Lamotte's face became fierce and set. Springing to his feet he paced the floor like a mad man.

"That letter," he hissed, "that accursed letter, what has it told? I must know! I must know the worst! blind fool that I was to let my own hand bring this about. Oh! this is horrible! Am I lost or—"

Suddenly he seemed to recollect himself and dropping into a chair he buried his passion-distorted face in his arms and so awaited the coming of Constance.

To be Continued.

A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE.

SO DOCTORS SAID CONCERNING RICHARD B. COLLINS.

He Spent Months in the Toronto Hospital Without any Benefit—Pink Pills Cure Him After all Other Treatment Failed.

From the Echo, Wiarton, Ont.

The Echo presents to its readers the following plain statement of fact, with the simple comment that a medicine that can perform so remarkable a cure is simply invaluable, and it is no wonder that the aggregate of its sales throughout the country is enormous.

I, Richard B. Collins, hereby make the following statement, which can be confirmed by any number of witnesses in this section of the country. I first began to complain about five years ago. I had then been working in a fish shanty, and was wet almost the whole time, summer and winter. I was then confined to the house for three months. This was my first attack and on getting better I commenced work again the first of the following February and continued at it until the next January when I took a much worse attack. The doctors pronounced it rheumatism and after treating me for that disease until about the first of

May, they discovered that my trouble was disease of the hip joint, and advised me to go to an hospital. I went to Toronto and stayed in the hospital five weeks and then returned home. I, however, did not recover, and was compelled during the following summer to go back to the hospital where I remained three months, getting worse all the time. I was told I could not be cured, and when I left was only able to walk by the aid of my crutches. I then came home and was not there long before I was taken to my bed. I continued in this state until January following, when I was advised by several friends to try Dr Williams' Pink Pills. I took their advice and before I had finished the fifth box I began to improve, and by the time I had completed a dozen boxes I was able to walk without crutches, and have never used them since. I was able to do light work in a short time, and in January last (1897) I commenced working in the woods and have no trouble from the hip unless over-exerted. During the last three years I have spent $300.00 in doctors bills and medicines, trying everything recommended, but without any good results until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, to which I owe my restored condition, as the doctors gave up all hopes of ever seeing me out of bed alive and well. I may say that before I began taking Pink Pills during my last attack, I put in many a night so bad that I never expected to be alive in the morning."

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervous prostration and diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and build up and renew the entire system. Sold by all dealers and post paid at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

Easily Remembered.

School Mistress—The truth is, sir, for music, your daughter has no capacity.

Father—Money's no object, mum: you just buy her one, then.—Fun Almanac.

Human Nature the Same Everywhere.

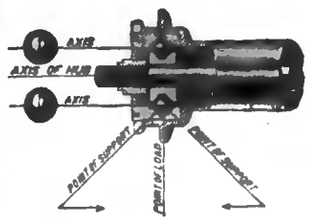
Mr. Carlots—Those arctic nights are sometimes six months long.

Little Clyde—Yes, and I'll bet the old folks sit up three or four weeks after they send the boys to bed.

The Life of Dr. Chase.

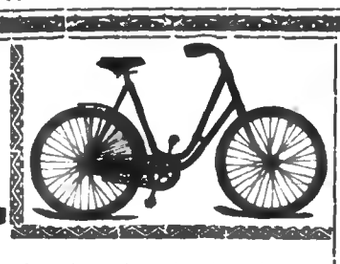
As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed of Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all Bronchial and Asthmatic troubles.

THE EVANS & DODGE BEARING



DUST PROOF
OIL PROOF
RAIN PROOF.

THE E.&D.



is bristling with good points, but its bearings seem to come in for the largest amount of praise. Listen to what Mr. H. E. Burgess, of Woodstock, says:—

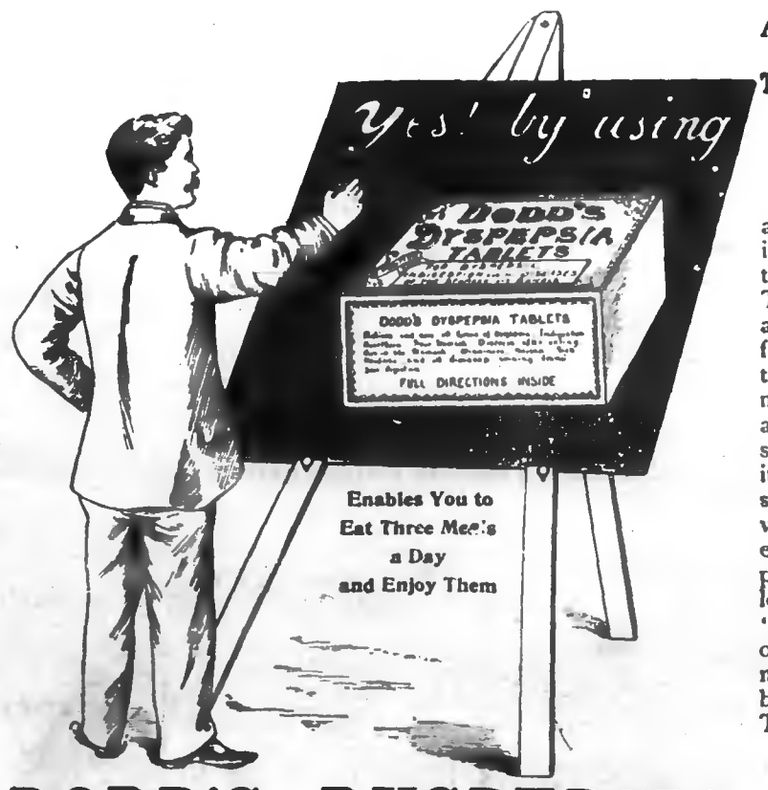
Woodstock, April 9th., 1897.
Canadian Typograph Co., Windsor, Ont.

GENTLEMEN,—Have taken my wheel apart and find bearings in first-class order and must say the oil was not even discolored. I have ridden my wheel 4000 miles, without oiling or attention of any kind. Your wheel is absolutely dust, oil and rain proof.

Respectfully Yours,
H. E. BURGESS.
Apple Buyer.

O. B. SHORTLY,
Agent, Peterborough

CAN DYSPEPSIA BE CURED?



A NEW PRINCIPLE

The Food Eaten is Acted Upon, Digested, and Made the Means of Cure.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a finished result of modern chemistry formulated with an eye single to the cure of stomach troubles. They have been tried and proven an absolute cure without a single failure. They are making cures that make people talk, that make men and women recognize them as a cure for all conditions of a sick stomach, from its lightest to its gravest form. That king of all stomach troubles, DYSPEPSIA, vanishes under their influence and exists only as a memory of the past. "Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets" were brought into existence "for the stomach's sake." If not obtainable at your druggists, by mail on receipt of price (50c. per box or 6 for $2.50) by addressing THE DODDS MEDICINE CO., LTD., TORONTO, CAN.

DODD'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

OAK HALL.

YOUR CHILD SMILES

when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. ....

His skin after the bath —soft, white, sweet smelling — will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Daily Review.

SATURDAY APRIL 24, 1897

THE CORPORATION OFFICERS 1897.

William Yelland, Esq., Mayor.
S. R. Armstrong, Clerk.
Felix Brownscombe, Treasurer.
D. W. Dumble, Police Magistrate
E. B. Edwards, Town Solicitor
J. E. Belcher, Town Engineer.
Henry Denne, Tax Collector.
Geo. I. Rossel, Chief of Police.
Robt. Clinkscale, Street and Bridge Inspector.
Dr. Clark, Medical Health Officer.
Thos. Rutherford, Chief of the Fire Brigade

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TOWN COUNCIL—1897.

WARD No. 1.—H. Best, Chas. B. Robertson, N. T. LePlante.
WARD No. 2.—T. H. G. Denne, R. Neill, A. L. Davis.
WARD No. 3.—J. B. McWilliams, A. Dawson, J. Cobb.
WARD No. 4.—W. H. Meldrum, Jas. Graham and J. White.

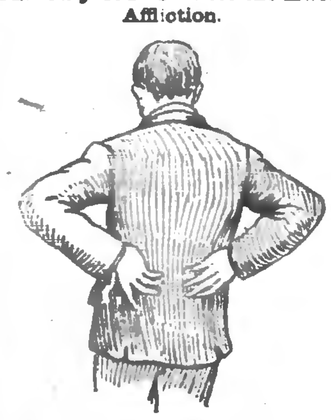
ARE YOU A VICTIM

Of Terrible Kidney Troubles?

Or Have You Any Symptoms of the Disease?

Paine's Celery Compound Will Quickly Banish Them.

The Only True Cure for the Awful Affliction.



This most insidious and deceptive of all diseases is on the increase, and is cutting down its thousands every year. It works for many months on its victims before they are aware of their true condition. Then there is fear and dread alarm, and some physician is hurriedly consulted. Experimenting on the suffering one is then proceeded with, but soon —too soon—the verdict of "incurable" is rendered, and the victim is left to die.

Medical science, up to the present, can boast of but one positive cure for kidney ailments such as Bright's Disease and Diabetes; it is Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that goes right to the seat of the awful and dreaded malady.

After a short trial of Paine's Celery Compound the sufferer from kidney troubles gets rid of backache, headache, constipation, bloating, and that constant call to urinate. The wonderful Compound acts gently on the kidneys, the liver, the stomach, and all the organs of digestion, and brings them into perfect and harmonious relationship with each other.

Paine's Celery Compound will surely cure you, as it has cured others; no case is too difficult for its life-giving virtues. If you desire a cure and freedom from all fatal results put your trust at once in Paine's Celery Compound, the only reliable kidney cure in the world. Avoid all substitutes.

FOSTER ON THE TARIFF.

Continued from Page 1.

in private he would be happy to administer the pledge to him. [Roars of laughter.]

The Government, Mr. Foster continued, had, despite their denunciations of protection as "legalized robbery," adopted nine-tenths of the protective tariff of their predecessors. True, the Finance Minister last night declared that it was never the intention of the Liberals to destroy protection at once. Not at once. Why there was Mr. Laurier's public declaration that, having obtained power, the Liberals would "cut the head off protection at once and trample upon its body."

He then took up some of the declarations of Mr. Davies. In St. John he had said that by free trade the Liberals would "unlock the golden doors of prosperity." Mr. Fielding at the same meeting said the Conservative tariff corrupted thousands, and yet this same tariff was being kept on. Where was the conscience of Mr. Davies, that he could permit the continuance of "the legalized robbery" which he had repeatedly denounced? And yet, under the tariff which he now supported, rice was protected, sugar was protected, and 35 per cent. was imposed on hundreds of tariff items. In many cases increases as high as 15 per cent. had been imposed. Coal oil duties had been denounced as "the oil outrage," and, after wrestling with it, all they could take off was 1 cent a gallon. [Laughter.]

Continuing, Mr. Foster cited the convention speech of the Premier, who denounced protection as a fraud, delusion and robbery. These embodied the Liberal polity up to the general elections of last year, when the Government began to look around. Evidences of shakiness became apparent. The Government refused to defend the principle upon which they would ultimately base their tariff. Then came the Tariff Commission. For 17 years they knew all about it, but suddenly the change came.

Another evidence of the Government's change was the delay in calling the session, and still further from the hints of betrayal which appeared in Liberal papers, as, for instance, The Montreal Witness and The Farmers' Sun. The latter said those Liberals who were advocating surrender of party tariff policy were apostates from the faith. The Witness for days past had been condemning the prospective surrender of Liberal principles. Yesterday saw a spectacle in Parliament the like of which had never been previously seen, nor would be again. Mr. Fielding's comments on the causes which led to the adoption of the National Policy gave him (Mr. Foster) an excellent opportunity to point out that the underlying, impelling influences for the adoption of that policy were the arguments of stalwart Liberals like Mr. Joly, Mr. Laurier and Mr. Charlton.

To the delight of the Opposition, Mr. Foster read the utterances of these gentlemen, delivered away back in the 70's, advocating protection to Canadian industries.

Adverting to the Finance Minister's contention that the indisposition of the United States to a reciprocal tariff was one of the reasons which led to the present tariff, he (Mr. Foster) declared that at no time during the past 15 years had there been any positive prospect of reciprocity. Three points had been mentioned by Mr. Fielding as helpful to the trade of the country: they were convenience, transport and patriotism. That reference to protection was an unfortunate one, for had not Mr. Laurier at Boston declared it was a fatal mistake to suppose that British allegiance was the basis of trade? Had he not said that he would prefer an American quarter as readily as an English sixpence? [Laughter.]

When, after recess, the House met again, some time was taken up with private bills, so it was 8.30 when Mr. Foster resumed. He did so by stating that the tariff showed, first, that the Liberal party had adopted the principle of protection, in some cases lightening the duties, in others adding to the protective duties. Therefore there could now be no difference as to the acceptance of protection as the guiding principle of this country. More, the only novel feature of the new tariff is one that is only possible because of the adoption of the protective principle, namely, their second or reciprocal schedule. The very essential element of protection was the retention of something to give in exchange for concessions from other countries. Thus, after 18 years of virulent denunciation of the abuses of protection, the Liberals had embalmed protection in the statute book.

As to where the Liberal excuse for this turnover, the Liberal platform of 1893 was based on a speculation that things were looking more like reciprocity in the United States, so the tariff walls were to be lowered; but now Mr. Fielding says they are still looking for reciprocity, therefore they are keeping up the tariff. Where is the consistency in this? Is it that a principle with the hon. gentlemen opposite is not a principle, once it has had a few days to cool? [Laughter.] The argument of the Liberals had been for years that we should not hurt ourselves by raising the tariff because the United States did so. In 1893 the McKinley tariff was in operation, today the Dingley tariff was about to be enforced, and the difference was but 1 or 2, or at most 3 per cent., between the two. "I'm a Liberal of the old English school," is a meaningless boast in Mr. Laurier's mouth to-day, for where is the sturdy and steady principle of honor therein implied to be found in the present change of face?

As to the breaking of the pledges, there was a compact made between Sir Richard Cartwright and the Patrons, assisted by the Postmaster-General, to obtain their support. Mr. Mulock for that reason had railed against the Governor-General's salary and introduced a bill to abolish it. If it was a good thing then it is better now that he has the power to do it. Will he do it? [Cries of "No, no!"] Then Mr. Mulock was going to abolish passes. Will he do it, now that he is in power? No, he is where he is, the Patrons are where they are. Will they abolish the Senate? No, they are diligently appointing their friends and praying that Senators will die so they can appoint more. [Laughter.] Sir Richard, too, was fond once of talking of Sir Leonard Tilley as the pasha of three tails, because he had appointed a son-in-law to office. What now about the Minister, who had just appointed a son to office?

Sir Richard Cartwright: You appointed your cousins to office.

Mr. Foster: Oh, but then I never sang the song of the Pasha—[laughter]—and I do not believe that the hon. Minister finds his seat very comfortable to-day, sitting there as he does an English gentleman and a knight, who has given his word and gone back upon it! [Cheers.]

Then Mr. Foster went on to say that in Opposition Mr. Mulock had introduced a bill to prevent a member taking an office within several months after resigning from the House. Yet the first act of the Government was to appoint a member (Mr. Devlin) to office, to buy off his bounden opposition to the Government on the Manitoba school question. Both the Postmaster-General and Sir Richard subscribed to the Patrons' platform, which, among other things, denounced railway passes to members, and asked that cottons should be made free, but the passes remain and the duty on cottons is increased.

Sir Richard denied it.

Mr. Foster replied that the duty on cottons, white and grey, such as went into general use, had been increased from 22 1 2 per cent. to 25 per cent. He knew his hon. friend was sore.

Mr. McMullen: So're you.

The House passed from the momentary enjoyment of Mr. McMullen's pun to the ex-Finance Minister's speech.

Mr. Foster went on to read from the Patron platform the demands for free tweeds and woolens. These, said Mr. Foster, had been reduced, but still Mr. Fielding kept upon them what he called the highest figure of his tariff, namely, 35 per cent. Then the duty on cement had been increased by 30 per cent. True, barbed wire had been made free.

A Conservative Member: Not till the Grit speculators have unloaded.

"Exactly," said Mr. Foster, "and the same with binder twine, which is only to become free next January.

The Government had reduced the duty on iron, but contrary to proclaimed Liberal principles had made it up to the manufacturers by bounties. [Hear, hear.] Corn had been made free, which would please some farmers and disappoint others who relied on the consumption of our coarse grains. The Patrons asked for free coal oil and Mr. Davies had stumped the country on a free coal oil can. The new tariff reduced the duty 1 cent per gallon. [Laughter.] The Patrons asked for a tariff for revenue only; the answer of the Government was a protective tariff as high as and higher than the tariff of the Conservative party.

Have the Patrons, Mr. Foster asked, cause for complaint against the honorable gentlemen opposite? He insisted that they had; for the Government had not fulfilled a single one of the demands made in the Patron program. They had not made a single statement in the tariff demanded by the Patrons. All they had done was to drop three low revenue duties. He maintained also that by the present tariff the duties on luxuries were decreased by the reciprocal provisions, and not increased, as demanded by the Patrons. He instanced silverware and jewelry as proof of this, and showed that the duties had been reduced to about 22 per cent. The Government had also adopted the classifications of the National Policy tariff, and they had not got rid of specific duties, as they promised to do in opposition. It was, in short, a tariff without any fixed principle—a tariff of expediency.

Turning to the increase of duties on liquors, tobacco and cigarets, he maintained that these would not lead to more revenue. On the contrary they would lead to smuggling and to a larger expenditure in watching the border than when more reasonable and really revenue-producing duties were imposed by the tariff.

Turning to the woolen duties, he predicted that the changes made in connection with them would ruin the woolen mills now in operation all over Canada. The tariff would also ruin the business of building buggies and

Continued on page 8.

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Potatoes, by bag new	0 40	to	0 45
Celery, bunch	0 05	to	0 10
Beets	0 00	to	0 00
Butter, fresh roll, per lb	0 14	to	0 16
Butter, crock	0 13	to	0 14
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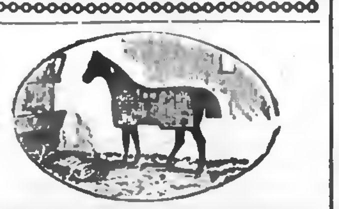

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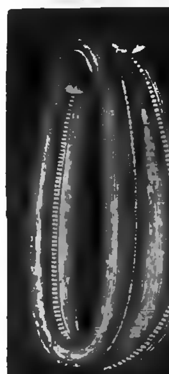

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The Daily Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897

FOSTER ON THE TARIFF.

Continued from Page 7.

pleasure vehicles, and lead to the mere assembling. in the factories of this country, of parts imported from abroad. It would be the same with the shirt and collar making industry. With the ad valorem duties of the new tariff, all that business would go to Troy or to Germany or England, and the means of livelihood would be taken from 4000 homes in the neighborhood of the large cities of this country.

Why, Mr. Foster next asked, had the 60 cents duty on coal not been taken off, as had been promised by the Premier in a speech he had made at Montreal, and which had been condemned in the House by the present Minister of Trade and Commerce? It had not only not been taken off, but a duty was threatened on anthracite coal, which was paid almost entirely by the people of Ontario. Mr. Foster also complained that there had been no reduction in the duty on cleaned rice, in accordance with the promises of the Liberals when in Opposition, to cheapen the food of the people.

As to the provision in the tariff bill for breaking down trusts by placing articles monopolized by trusts on the free list, Mr. Foster declared that was a power which no Government ought to ask. In its own interest, in the interest of clean and pure government, in the interest of satisfactory justice in this country, no government ought to possess *such powers*. Who was to be the judge in such cases, he asked? The Cabinet, which was a partisan body of men. If there was a disposition towards corruption that clause was the most powerful engine for corruption which could possibly be devised.

Coming to the reciprocal clauses of the bill Mr. Foster said he would leave the discussion of them in detail to Sir Charles Tupper, who was acquainted with the subject. He would, however, like to call attention to their indefiniteness, and to make his objection to the power of tariff making and treaty making being left in the hands of the Controller of Customs.

Mr. Foster complained that the Government was keeping the House in the dark as to the workings of the new tariff, except upon spirits and tobaccos. He called upon the Premier to tell Parliament and the country whether the Government was willing to extend the trade advantages proposed to Great Britain to Belgium and the German zollverein.

Mr. Laurier: If the honorable gentleman wants my answer, I say no, decidedly no, to Belgium and Germany.

Mr. Foster, in reply, read from a return submitted to the Imperial Parliament, showing that it was absolutely impossible for any British colony to give preferential treatment to British goods which was not accorded to Belgium and Germany. The whole question was well understood in England. Therefore, the preferential tariff will have to include all countries having favored nation treaties with Britain, and besides, our own treaty with France obliged us to give that country as low a tariff as Great Britain or any other country, so that French, as well as German and Belgium goods, will have to be admitted at the preferential rate. So that either Mr. Laurier was holding out false promises, or he was prepared to signalize this Jubilee year by flouting Great Britain as to the most important of her Imperial treaties. (Hear, hear.) Did he say that when the Customs Houses opened next day they would be authorized to accept British goods at one-eighth less than the general tariff?

Mr. Laurier: Yes.

Mr. Foster replied that in that event the Government was acting illegally. Had an Order-in-Council to that effect been passed upon recommendation of the Controller of Customs?

Mr. Laurier replied that the usual course was followed, that which Mr. Foster had often adopted, of laying the tariff resolutions upon the table, when it was understood they went immediately into effect.

Mr. Foster added that the preferential clauses were no part of the tariff proper. To that extent the Government had certainly acted illegally. He concluded by announcing that, having to catch the train for Toronto, he would be deprived of hearing Sir Richard Cartwright's speech in reply.

Sir Richard said that, rather than deprive his honorable friend of that pleasure, he himself would defer his remarks until the next sitting of the House, and, accordingly moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 16.10 p.m.

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THE FORTNIGHTLY CLUB COLUMN.

LETTER NO. CI.

"A CREED FOR CHRISTIAN SOCIALISTS," NO. 2

"The Christian church is bound following the teaching of the Master, to aid every wise endeavor which has for its object the material and moral welfare of the poor. Her Master taught her that all men are brethren, not because they share the same blood, but because they have a common Heavenly Father. He further taught her that if any member of His spiritual family were greater, richer or better than the rest they were bound to use their special means or ability in the service of the whole. It will contribute no little to draw together the various classes of society, if the clergy endeavor in sermons and lectures to set forth the true principle of society, showing how property *is* a trust to be administered for the good of humanity, and how much of what is good and true in socialism is found in the precepts of Christ." (The encyclical of the Anglican Bishops at the Lambeth Conference 1887).

We hope that some of our readers carefully examined that part of the Christian Socialist's creed which we published last week. Fortified with the above words emanating from such an august source as the Pan-Anglican Synod of bishops, who probably represent a greater bulk of Capital and its interests than any other Christian body, we proceed to enumerate some more articles of this creed, which we venture to hope will commend themselves to the sanctified commonsense of all serious minded, and benevolent people.

***

"We believe that high civilization is not the destined lot of the few, while the destined lot of the many is to support the few by unremitting, joyless toil." This is a good article of belief. But perchance some man will say, after all the poor are as happy as the rich. Probably in many cases they are but not the very poor. The unhappiness of the rich often springs from ignorance of the true source of happiness. Simplicity, work, labor for others, with moderation in luxuries, holidays, recreation, these are the true secrets of happiness.

If some imagine that the Christian socialist creed, is unjust and unfair to one side in the struggle between Labor and Capital, we ask their careful attention to the following:—

"We believe that justice is not always on the weaker side, and that never does organized oppression wear so ugly a look as when it is practiced by those who inscribe 'Liberty' and 'Fraternity,' upon their banner, and that never does the contemptible cry 'Every man for himself,' sound so forbiddingly as when it is uttered by those who have not hesitated to infringe personal liberty and to imperil social order."

***

The next article, brief as it is, is a whole creed in itself. "We believe that society exists not for the sake of private property, but private property for the sake of society." "We believe that the right use of property must be insisted upon as a religious duty, that as capital arises from common labor, so in justice it should be made to minister to common wants."

Here is another gem. "We believe it is not the equalization of capital that is needed but its moralization."

"We believe that life, laborious life, self-denying life, must be graced with beauty and filled with many pleasures, but that the highest pleasure is the pleasure of the helpful life itself, the joy of love, of fellowship in comradeship, and that, therefore, no luxury, in fact, is culpable, no wealth is wasted, which serves to make its consumer a more useful, a more loving, a more helpful member of the community.

***

The Dean of Ely applies the foregoing principle to civic life. He is not afraid to claim as Christian all municipal efforts for the people. "We believe he cries that as all life is of the Kingdom of God and the church of Christ is concerned in the ways of His disciples, however secular they may seem to be, it is the duty of the Christian citizen to build up, as far as his influence extends the life of the great civic brotherhood to which he belongs, and of every sphere of action which it contains, in justice, righteousness and the fear of God."

Finally, "we believe that Christ's whole earthly life is a direct command to His Church to spend a large part of her time and energy in fighting against all circumstances and conditions of living which foster disease and hinder health, in delivering people from evil environment and fatal heredity; that, in fact, the whole secular history of the church should be an endeavor to realize in act the daily petition of her Dominical prayer:

"Father! Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done on EARTH!"

"When the great Pacific railroad was completed across America, the event was made memorable by driving a spike of gold where the last rail joined the track which had approached from either side of the continent. The evolution of humanity has been marked at well-defined points of progress by similar golden spikes."

Strike the golden spike, Master Workman, on the way,
Humanity is travelling with the travelling of the day.
Strike the spike of gold! as struck primeval man,
When a highway Godward to travel he began;
When with celt of unhewn stone he scored the birth of mind,
And the first milestone was set that left the brute behind.
Strike! strike! Master Workman, on the road to kinglier men,
Scarce the spike is driven ere thou must strike again;
For the road thou buildest is a road without an end,
Leading where with human effort hope and reason blend.
Through the heart of elder evil, the love of brutish strife,
Drive the spike of human progress, and a loftier, truer life.
Give the world—the nations blend—Peace and Love proclaim:
To evolve a nobler man is the world's predestined aim."

ED. F. C. C.

BIRTH.

GILMOUR—At 124 Duke-st., Hamilton, the wife of Rev. J. L. Gilmour, of a daughter.

THE KING OF MAN-KILLERS

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys Baffled the World's Most Eminent Medical Authorities Until

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Came to the Rescue and Delivery of Mankind, Stopping Forever the Deadly Assaults of Life's Most Insidious Foe.

Men are dropping from the ranks everywhere. Cut down in the flower of youth or the fruitage of manhood by that ruthless destroyer—Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.

Only a few days ago Sir Hercules Robinson, the Doughty Governor of Cape Colony, was forced to resign that post because of encroaching Bright's Disease.

Hardly had his successor been appointed when the wires brought tidings of the death of William P. St. John, a New York banker, and remembered by everyone as the treasurer of the National Democratic party during the latest national campaign. Bright's Disease carried him off.

It has killed many better men than most of us. So has Diabetes, its twin curse. Yet there *is one cure* (and only one) that never fails in cases of Diabetes and Bright's Disease. Let their testimonials bear witness:

MR. FRED CARATHERS, *Palmerston*, Ont., says:—"After many years suffering with Bright's Disease, I am a new man, cured by using three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MR. F. X. GROULX, Ottawa, Ont., says:—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have been a godsend to me, as they have cured me of Bright's Disease of the Kidneys."

S. G. MOORE, King St., London, Ont., says: "After taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I am as well as ever in my life, despairing of recovery from Bright's Disease."

MR. CHAS. T. BYE, Garryowen P. O., Ont., says:—"For the past three years have suffered of Diabetes, but noticing cures published I have used Dodd's Kidney Pills which have perfectly cured me."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS are for sale by druggists everywhere, and by the Dodds Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. Price 50 cents a box.

Peterborough and the Meet

The Globe says to-day:—Mr Winnipeg Worker Beaton was the last delegate to the C W A convention to leave the city. He left yesterday afternoon by way of Chicago for the far western city, where champions come from. The indications are that Winnipeg will have no trouble in securing the Labor Day meet next year, thanks to the efforts of Mr Beaton. Peterborough would have been a most dangerous opponent, but that city will no doubt be satisfied with the Provincial plum.

KIDNEY GRIND.

South American Kidney Cure the Only Specific for Kidney Disease—A Liquid and Solvent—Never Fails.

Medical Science has proved beyond a doubt that the solid particles which pass through the kidneys in the ordinary course of circulation—and which in time so grind and wear these organs that they become diseased and will not perform the functions for which they were created—require a solvent to dissolve and eradicate from the system these foreign substances, and the great South American Kidney Cure has proven to be the best and most scientific specific remedy for such, and the testimony of thousands who have been cured by it when pill doses have failed is the best demonstration of the fact that a solvent must be administered. If in despair use this remedy. Sold by H. S. MacDonald.

ECZEMA TEN YEARS

Suffered Untold Agonies. Limbs Swollen so Could Not Get About.

Ablest Physicians Signally Failed. Was Absolutely Disheartened. Had Lost All Hope.

Gave CUTICURA a Trial Which Resulted in Absolute and Perfect Cure.

For ten years I suffered untold agonies from that dread disease Eczema, my lower limbs most of the time being so swollen and broken out that I could hardly go about. I had to wear slippers so that I could move about at all. My brother, a physician of thirty years' practice and extensive experience, had tried in vain to effect a cure and signally failed. I tried other physicians of splendid ability with like results, and had reached that point where I became absolutely disheartened, and in fact had lost all hope, when a friend (after long and continued persuasion) succeeded in inducing me to at least give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. I shall never regret that I did so, and until my dying day I shall sing the praises of them. I used two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP and two boxes of CUTICURA (ointment), and it resulted in an absolute and permanent cure. I feel that I owe suffering humanity the debt of at least, in my feeble way, calling their attention to my case and absolute cure. I am now, I feel, perfectly cured, sound as a dollar, and the sweets of life are still mine, thank God, and to CUTICURA REMEDIES I attribute my almost miraculous cure. I refer all interested to the Postmaster of this place, any of the ministers, the prominent business men, and all of the citizens of our vicinity indiscriminately, and especially to my friend, John A. B. Shippey, attorney at law, who succeeded in persuading me to give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. With profound gratitude, I remain your most enthusiastic admirer, DAVID M. SAPP, Plymouth, Ill.

Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, etc.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Eczema," free.

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WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants*, which soon lead to *Insanity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave.* Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the *only Reliable and Honest Medicine known.* Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

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Windsor, Ont., Canada.

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Neglected and Ill-treated Children.

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Children for adoption.

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A PIANO OUT OF TUNE

is not a pleasant thing to have around.

CHEAP PIANOS

are always out of tune. They are an expensive *luxury.* Poor material and poor workmanship make a cheap piano. The beginner with such a piano to learn upon will never become accustomed to the right touch, or her ear to the right tone.

GOOD PIANOS

do not necessarily mean high prices. We sell *Good Pianos* at a moderate price. We consolidate factory interests and minimize expenses. We are able to sell you *High-Class* instruments like the

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piano, and instruments as popular as the

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pianos, at prices that will convince you that

the place to buy good pianos is at 416 George-st., Peterboro.

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We have some rare bargains in second-hand, slightly-used Pianos and Organs. We would appreciate a visit from you

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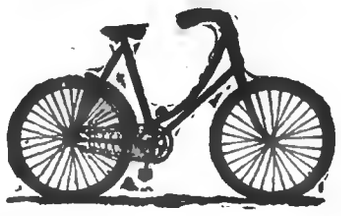

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A STRICTLY HIGH GRADE WHEEL—Frames, Bearings, Cones, Etc., made in England. Large tubing with reinforced flush joints throughout. Patent barrel hubs, and all the most modern improvements. Your choice of saddle, your choice of tire, your choice of handle bars. Listed at $100: but owing to their late delivery in this country the Canadian agents would not accept wheels until they received a very considerable discount from the manufacturers. We buy these wheels for cash—offer them at a special low price, for cash only—at $58, net.

It will pay you to see them before purchasing elsewhere. We have made arrangements to have all our repair work done here in Peterborough, saving customers any inconvenience through waiting.

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Spring Overcoatings, made to order for $13, well worth $18.

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Ride A NEW WHITE BARNES CYCLE And own a Stylish Mount. You get the Acme Of Perfection in Cycle Construction with Handsome Appearance. THE NEW BARNES Stands at the Head for Quality. See It!

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